as introduced

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA SPECIAL SESSION

S.F. No. 7

(SENATE AUTHORS: INGEBRIGTSEN, Tomassoni, Ruud, Eichorn and Johnson)

DATE 05/24/2019

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Introduction and first reading

- 12 Laid on table
- 13 Taken from table
- Urgency declared rules suspended
- Second reading 14
- 16 Laid on table
- Taken from table Third reading Passed
- Reconsidered
- Third reading Passed
- Returned from House Presentment date 05/28/2019
- Governor's action Approval 05/30/2019 Secretary of State Chapter 4 05/30/2019

Effective date Various Dates

A bill for an act 1.1

> relating to state government; appropriating money for environment and natural resources and tourism; modifying fees, surcharges, and programs; creating accounts and providing for disposition of certain receipts; authorizing sales and conveyances of certain state land; modifying forestry provisions; modifying game and fish laws; modifying Water Law; modifying natural resource and environment provisions; requiring reports; making technical corrections; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 17.035, subdivision 1; 35.155, subdivisions 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, by adding a subdivision; 84.026, by adding a subdivision; 84.027, subdivision 18; 84.0273; 84.0895, subdivision 2; 84.775, subdivision 1; 84.788, subdivision 2; 84.794, subdivision 2; 84.83, subdivision 3; 84.86, subdivision 1; 84.925, subdivision 1; 84.9256, subdivision 1; 84.928, subdivision 2; 84D.03, subdivisions 3, 4; 84D.108, subdivisions 2b, 2c; 84D.15, subdivision 2; 85.054, subdivision 1; 85.32, subdivision 1; 85.42; 85.44; 85.47; 86B.415, subdivision 7; 88.10, by adding a subdivision; 88.642, subdivisions 1, 3; 88.6435; 90.01, by adding a subdivision; 90.195; 92.115, subdivision 1; 92.50, subdivision 1; 94.09, subdivision 3; 94.10; 97A.015, subdivisions 25, 43; 97A.051, subdivision 2; 97A.055, subdivision 4b; 97A.075, subdivision 1; 97A.321, subdivision 1; 97A.405, by adding a subdivision; 97A.433, subdivisions 4, 5; 97A.505, subdivision 8; 97B.011; 97B.015, subdivision 6; 97B.081, subdivision 3; 97B.086; 97B.1055; 97B.106, subdivision 2; 97B.1115; 97B.205; 97B.426; 97B.655; 97B.665, by adding a subdivision; 97B.667, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, by adding a subdivision; 97B.722; 97C.345, by adding a subdivision; 97C.391, subdivision 1; 97C.395, subdivision 2; 97C.815, subdivision 2; 103B.3369, subdivisions 5, 9; 103B.611, subdivision 3; 103B.801, subdivisions 2, 4, 5; 103D.315, subdivision 8; 103F.361, subdivision 2; 103F.363, subdivision 1; 103F.365, by adding a subdivision; 103F.371; 103F.373, subdivisions 1, 3, 4; 103G.2242, subdivision 14; 103G.241, subdivisions 1, 3; 103G.287, subdivision 1; 103G.301, subdivision 2; 103G.311, subdivisions 2, 5; 103G.315, subdivision 8; 103G.408; 103G.615, subdivision 3a; 114D.15, subdivisions 7, 11, 13, by adding subdivisions; 114D.20, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 7, by adding subdivisions; 114D.26; 114D.35, subdivisions 1, 3; 115.03, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 115.035; 115A.51; 116.155, subdivisions 1, 3, by adding a subdivision; 116.993, subdivisions 2, 6; 116D.04, subdivision 2a; 116U.55; 127A.353, subdivision 1; 282.01, subdivision 4; Laws 2012, chapter 236, section 28, subdivisions 2, as amended, 9, as amended; Laws 2013, chapter 114, article 4, section 105, as amended; Laws 2015, chapter 76, section 2, subdivision 9, as amended; Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 3, section 6, as amended; Laws 2017, chapter 93, article 1, section 9; Laws 2017, chapter 96, section 2, subdivision 9; proposing coding

for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 1; 35; 84; 92; 93; 97B; 103C; 114D; 2.1 115B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 92.121. 2.2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA: 2.3 **ARTICLE 1** 2.4 ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES APPROPRIATIONS 2.5 Section 1. ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES APPROPRIATIONS. 2.6 The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies 2.7 and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, 2.8 or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. 2.9 The figures "2020" and "2021" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under 2.10 them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, or June 30, 2021, respectively. 2.11 "The first year" is fiscal year 2020. "The second year" is fiscal year 2021. "The biennium" 2.12 is fiscal years 2020 and 2021. Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, are 2.13 effective the day following final enactment. 2.14 **APPROPRIATIONS** 2.15 2.16 Available for the Year 2.17 **Ending June 30** 2020 2021 2.18 Sec. 2. POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY 2.19 Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation \$ 106,908,000 \$ 104,363,000 2.20 Appropriations by Fund 2.21 2020 2021 2.22 General 6,815,000 6,524,000 2.23 State Government 2.24 Special Revenue 75,000 75,000 2.25 Environmental 83,986,000 83,654,000 2.26 Remediation 14,410,000 14,110,000 2.27 Closed Landfill 2.28 Investment 1,622,000 -0-2.29 2.30 The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following 2.31 subdivisions. 2.32 The commissioner must present the agency's 2.33 biennial budget for fiscal years 2022 and 2023 2.34 2.35 to the legislature in a transparent way by

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	(3/23/1) KE VIO			17 3217	us introduced
3.1	agency division, including the proposed				
3.2	budget bill and presentations of the budget to				
3.3	committees and division	ons with jurisdict	<u>ion</u>		
3.4	over the agency's budg	get.			
3.5	Subd. 2. Environment	tal Analysis and	Outcomes	13,277,000	13,308,000
3.6	Appropr	riations by Fund			
3.7		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>		
3.8	General	205,000	205,000		
3.9	Environmental	12,871,000	12,902,000		
3.10	Remediation	201,000	201,000		
3.11	(a) \$89,000 the first ye	ear and \$89,000 t	<u>he</u>		
3.12	second year are for:				
3.13	(1) a municipal liaison	to assist municipa	alities_		
3.14	in implementing and p	articipating in the	<u>e</u>		
3.15	rulemaking process for	water quality star	<u>ıdards</u>		
3.16	and navigating the NP	DES/SDS permit	ting		
3.17	process;				
3.18	(2) enhanced economic analysis in the				
3.19	rulemaking process for water quality				
3.20	standards, including more-specific analysis				
3.21	and identification of cost-effective permitting;				
3.22	(3) developing statewide economic analyses				
3.23	and templates to reduce the amount of				
3.24	information and time required for				
3.25	municipalities to apply for variances from				
3.26	water quality standard	water quality standards; and			
3.27	(4) coordinating with t	he Public Faciliti	ies		
3.28	Authority to identify and advocate for the				
3.29	resources needed for municipalities to achieve				
3.30	permit requirements.				
3.31	(b) \$205,000 the first y	year and \$205,00	0 the		
3.32	second year are from t	he environmenta	l fund		
3.33	for a monitoring progr	am under Minnes	sota		
3.34	Statutes, section 116.4	<u>54.</u>			

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4.1	(c) \$115,000 the first year and \$115,000 the
4.2	second year are for monitoring water quality
4.3	and operating assistance programs.
4.4	(d) \$347,000 the first year and \$347,000 the
4.5	second year are from the environmental fund
4.6	for monitoring ambient air for hazardous
4.7	pollutants.
4.8	(e) \$90,000 the first year and \$90,000 the
4.9	second year are from the environmental fund
4.10	for duties related to harmful chemicals in
4.11	children's products under Minnesota Statutes,
4.12	sections 116.9401 to 116.9407. Of this
4.13	amount, \$57,000 each year is transferred to
4.14	the commissioner of health.
4.15	(f) \$109,000 the first year and \$109,000 the
4.16	second year are from the environmental fund
4.17	for registering wastewater laboratories.
4.18	(g) \$926,000 the first year and \$926,000 the
4.19	second year are from the environmental fund
4.20	to continue perfluorochemical biomonitoring
4.21	in eastern metropolitan communities, as
4.22	recommended by the Environmental Health
4.23	Tracking and Biomonitoring Advisory Panel,
4.24	and to address other environmental health
4.25	risks, including air quality. The communities
4.26	must include Hmong and other immigrant
4.27	farming communities. Of this amount, up to
4.28	\$689,000 the first year and \$689,000 the
4.29	second year are for transfer to the Department
4.30	of Health.
4.31	(h) \$51,000 the first year and \$51,000 the
4.32	second year are from the environmental fund
4.33	for the listing procedures for impaired waters
4.34	required under this act.

5.1	(i) \$141,000 the second year is to impleme	<u>ent</u>		
5.2	and enforce Minnesota Statutes, section			
5.3	325F.071. Of this amount, up to \$65,000 each			
5.4	year may be transferred to the commission	<u>ner</u>		
5.5	of health.			
5.6	(j) \$200,000 the first year is from the			
5.7	environmental fund for transfer to the			
5.8	commissioner of health for enhanced bloo	<u>d</u>		
5.9	lead testing, lead poisoning prevention effor	rts,		
5.10	and asthma education as recommended by	<u>the</u>		
5.11	Northern Metals Consent Decree Advisory	<u>y</u>		
5.12	Committee. This is a onetime appropriation	on.		
5.13	(k) The base for the general fund in fiscal y	ear		
5.14	2022 and later is \$204,000.			
5.15	Subd. 3. Industrial		15,473,000	15,606,000
5.16	Appropriations by Fund			
5.17		2021		
5.18		14,605,000		
5.19	<u>Remediation</u> <u>1,001,000</u>	1,001,000		
5.20	(a) \$1,001,000 the first year and \$1,001,00	00		
5.21	the second year are from the remediation fund			
5.22	for the leaking underground storage tank			
5.23	program to investigate, clean up, and prev	ent		
5.24	future releases from underground petroleum			
5.25	storage tanks and for the petroleum			
5.26	remediation program for vapor assessment			
5.27	and remediation. These same annual amounts			
5.28	are transferred from the petroleum tank fund			
5.29	to the remediation fund.			
5.30	(b) \$393,000 the first year and \$393,000 th	<u>he</u>		
5.31	second year are from the environmental fu	ınd		
5.32	to further evaluate the use and reduction o	<u>f</u>		
5.33	trichloroethylene around Minnesota and			
5.34	identify its potential health effects on			

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6.1 communities. Of this amount, up to \$121,000 6.2 each year may be transferred to the 6.3 commissioner of health. 6.4 Subd. 4. Municipal 8,232,000 7,859,00 6.5 Appropriations by Fund 6.6 2020 2021 6.7 General 164,000 164,000 6.8 Environmental 8,068,000 7,695,000 6.9 (a) \$164,000 the first year and \$164,000 the 6.10 second year are for: 6.11 (1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities 6.12 in implementing and participating in the	ed					
6.2 each year may be transferred to the 6.3 commissioner of health. 6.4 Subd. 4. Municipal 8,232,000 7,859,00 6.5 Appropriations by Fund 6.6 2020 2021 6.7 General 164,000 164,000 6.8 Environmental 8,068,000 7,695,000 6.9 (a) \$164,000 the first year and \$164,000 the 6.10 second year are for: 6.11 (1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities 6.12 in implementing and participating in the						
6.3 commissioner of health. 6.4 Subd. 4. Municipal 8,232,000 7,859,00 6.5 Appropriations by Fund 6.6 2020 2021 6.7 General 164,000 164,000 6.8 Environmental 8,068,000 7,695,000 6.9 (a) \$164,000 the first year and \$164,000 the 6.10 second year are for: 6.11 (1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities 6.12 in implementing and participating in the						
6.4 Subd. 4. Municipal 8,232,000 7,859,00 6.5 Appropriations by Fund 6.6 2020 2021 6.7 General 164,000 164,000 6.8 Environmental 8,068,000 7,695,000 6.9 (a) \$164,000 the first year and \$164,000 the 6.10 second year are for: 6.11 (1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities 6.12 in implementing and participating in the						
6.5 Appropriations by Fund 6.6 2020 2021 6.7 General 164,000 164,000 6.8 Environmental 8,068,000 7,695,000 6.9 (a) \$164,000 the first year and \$164,000 the 6.10 second year are for: 6.11 (1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities 6.12 in implementing and participating in the						
6.6 6.7 General 6.8 Environmental 6.9 (a) \$164,000 the first year and \$164,000 the 6.10 second year are for: 6.11 (1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities 6.12 in implementing and participating in the	<u>U</u>					
6.7 General 164,000 164,000 6.8 Environmental 8,068,000 7,695,000 6.9 (a) \$164,000 the first year and \$164,000 the 6.10 second year are for: 6.11 (1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities 6.12 in implementing and participating in the						
6.8 Environmental 8,068,000 7,695,000 6.9 (a) \$164,000 the first year and \$164,000 the 6.10 second year are for: 6.11 (1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities 6.12 in implementing and participating in the						
6.9 (a) \$164,000 the first year and \$164,000 the 6.10 second year are for: 6.11 (1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities 6.12 in implementing and participating in the						
6.10 second year are for: 6.11 (1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities 6.12 in implementing and participating in the						
6.11 (1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities 6.12 in implementing and participating in the						
in implementing and participating in the						
(1) ml-m-1-in-m-n-n-n-f						
6.13 <u>rulemaking process for water quality standards</u>						
and navigating the NPDES/SDS permitting						
6.15 process;						
6.16 (2) enhanced economic analysis in the	(2) enhanced economic analysis in the					
rulemaking process for water quality						
standards, including more-specific analysis						
and identification of cost-effective permitting;						
6.20 (3) developing statewide economic analyses	(3) developing statewide economic analyses					
and templates to reduce the amount of	and templates to reduce the amount of					
6.22 <u>information and time required for</u>	information and time required for					
6.23 <u>municipalities to apply for variances from</u>						
6.24 water quality standards; and	water quality standards; and					
6.25 (4) coordinating with the Public Facilities	(4) coordinating with the Public Facilities					
6.26 Authority to identify and advocate for the						
6.27 resources needed for municipalities to achieve						
6.28 permit requirements.						
6.29 (b) \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the						
second year are from the environmental fund						
for transfer to the Office of Administrative						
Hearings to establish sanitary districts.						

7.1	(c) \$671,000 the first year and \$671,000 the
7.2	second year are from the environmental fund
7.3	for subsurface sewage treatment system
7.4	(SSTS) program administration and
7.5	community technical assistance and education,
7.6	including grants and technical assistance to
7.7	communities for water-quality protection. Of
7.8	this amount, \$129,000 each year is for
7.9	assistance to counties through grants for SSTS
7.10	program administration. A county receiving
7.11	a grant from this appropriation must submit
7.12	the results achieved with the grant to the
7.13	commissioner as part of its annual SSTS
7.14	report. Any unexpended balance in the first
7.15	year does not cancel but is available in the
7.16	second year.
7.17	(d) \$784,000 the first year and \$784,000 the
7.18	second year are from the environmental fund
7.19	to address the need for continued increased
7.20	activity in new technology review, technical
7.21	assistance for local governments, and
7.22	enforcement under Minnesota Statutes,
7.23	sections 115.55 to 115.58, and to complete the
7.24	requirements of Laws 2003, chapter 128,
7.25	article 1, section 165.
7.26	(e) \$373,000 the first year is from the
7.27	environmental fund to meet the increased
7.28	demand for technical assistance and review
7.29	of municipal water infrastructure projects that
7.30	will be generated by increased grant funding
7.31	through the Public Facilities Authority. This
7.32	is a onetime appropriation and is available
7.33	<u>until June 30, 2021.</u>
7.34	(f) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
7.35	section 16A.28, the appropriations

8.1	encumbered on or before Ju	ine 30, 2021,	<u>as</u>		
8.2	grants or contracts for subsurface sewage				
8.3	treatment systems, surface v	water and			
8.4	groundwater assessments, s	torm water, a	<u>nd</u>		
8.5	water-quality protection in	this subdivision	<u>on</u>		
8.6	are available until June 30,	2024.			
8.7	Subd. 5. Operations			8,326,000	8,337,000
8.8	Appropriation	ns by Fund			
8.9	<u>2</u>	020	<u>2021</u>		
8.10	General 2	2,490,000	2,490,000		
8.11	Environmental 5	5,008,000	5,019,000		
8.12	Remediation	828,000	828,000		
8.13	(a) \$180,000 the first year a	and \$180,000	<u>the</u>		
8.14	second year are from the ren	nediation fund	l for		
8.15	the leaking underground stor	rage tank prog	ram		
8.16	to investigate, clean up, and prevent future				
8.17	releases from underground petroleum storage				
8.18	tanks and for the petroleum remediation				
8.19	program for vapor assessment and				
8.20	remediation. These same an	nual amounts	are		
8.21	transferred from the petroleum tank fund to				
8.22	the remediation fund.				
8.23	(b) \$2,490,000 the first year	r and \$2,490,0	000		
8.24	the second year are to support	ort agency			
8.25	information technology services provided at				
8.26	the enterprise and agency le	evel.			
8.27	(c) \$800,000 the first year and \$800,000 the				
8.28	second year are from the environmental fund				
8.29	to develop and maintain systems to support				
8.30	permitting and regulatory b	usiness proces	sses		
8.31	and agency data.				
8.32	Subd. 6. Remediation			14,516,000	12,945,000
8.33	Appropriation	ns by Fund			
8.34	<u></u>	020	<u>2021</u>		

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9.1	General	21	6,000	_	0-		
9.2	Environmental		2,000	1,099,00			
9.3	Remediation		6,000	11,846,00			
9.4	Closed Landfill	<u></u> <u>I</u>					
9.5	Investment	1,62	2,000	Ξ	<u>0-</u>		
9.6	(a) All money f	for environment	al respon	se,			
9.7	compensation,	and compliance	in the				
9.8	remediation fur	nd not otherwise	appropri	iated			
9.9	is appropriated	to the commiss	ioners of	<u>the</u>			
9.10	Pollution Contr	rol Agency and	agricultur	re for			
9.11	purposes of Mi	nnesota Statutes	s, section				
9.12	115B.20, subdi	vision 2, clause	s (1), (2),	(3),			
9.13	(6), and (7). At	the beginning o	of each fis	scal			
9.14	year, the two co	ommissioners m	ust jointly	<u>y</u>			
9.15	submit to the co	ommissioner of	managen	<u>nent</u>			
9.16	and budget an a	annual spending	plan that	<u> </u>			
9.17	maximizes reso	ource use and ap	propriate	<u>ly</u>			
9.18	allocates the money between the two						
9.19	departments. This appropriation is available						
9.20	until June 30, 2021.						
9.21	(b) \$216,000 the first year from the general						
9.22	fund is a onetime appropriation and \$217,000						
9.23	the first year and \$484,000 the second year						
9.24	are from the environmental fund to manage						
9.25	contaminated s	ediment project	s at multi	<u>ple</u>			
9.26	sites identified	in the St. Louis 1	River rem	edial			
9.27	action plan to r	estore water qua	ality in the	e St.			
9.28	Louis River Ar	ea of Concern.	The base	<u>for</u>			
9.29	the environmen	tal fund in fiscal	year 2022	2 and			
9.30	later is \$363,00	<u>00.</u>					
9.31	(c) \$3,961,000	the first year an	d \$3,961,	000,			
9.32	the second year	are from the ren	nediation	fund			
9.33	for the leaking	underground sto	orage tank	<u>\(\) \(\) \(\) \(\)</u>			
9.34	program to inve	estigate, clean u	p, and pre	event			
9.35	future releases	from undergrou	nd petrole	eum			
9.36	storage tanks an	nd for the petrol	<u>eum</u>				

10.1	remediation program for vapor assessment				
10.1	and remediation. These same annual amounts				
10.2	are transferred from the petroleum tank fund				
10.3	to the remediation fund.				
10.4	to the remediation rand.				
10.5	(d) \$257,000 the first year and \$257,000 the				
10.6	second year are from the remediation fund for				
10.7	transfer to the commissioner of health for				
10.8	private water-supply monitoring and health				
10.9	assessment costs in areas contaminated by				
10.10	unpermitted mixed municipal solid waste				
10.11	disposal facilities and drinking water				
10.12	advisories and public information activities				
10.13	for areas contaminated by hazardous releases.				
10.14	(e) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,				
10.15	section 115B.421, \$1,622,000 the first year is				
10.16	from the closed landfill investment fund for				
10.17	settling obligations with the federal				
10.18	government, remedial investigations,				
10.19	feasibility studies, engineering, and				
10.20	cleanup-related activities for purposes of				
10.21	environmental response actions at a priority				
10.22	qualified facility under Minnesota Statutes,				
10.23	sections 115B.406 and 115B.407. This is a				
10.24	onetime appropriation and is available until				
10.25	June 30, 2021.				
10.26	Subd. 7. Resource Management and Assistance 35,675,000 35,699,000				
10.27	Appropriations by Fund				
10.28	<u>2020</u> <u>2021</u>				
10.29	<u>General</u> <u>700,000</u> <u>625,000</u>				
10.30 10.31	State Government Special Revenue 75,000 75,000				
10.32	Environmental 34,900,000 34,999,000				
10.33	(a) Up to \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000				
10.34	the second year may be transferred from the				
10.35	environmental fund to the small business				

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11.1	environmental improvement loan account
11.2	under Minnesota Statutes, section 116.993.
11.3	(b) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
11.4	the second year are for competitive recycling
11.5	grants under Minnesota Statutes, section
11.6	115A.565. Of this amount, \$700,000 the first
11.7	year and \$625,000 the second year are from
11.8	the general fund, and \$300,000 the first year
11.9	and \$375,000 the second year are from the
11.10	environmental fund. This appropriation is
11.11	available until June 30, 2023. Any
11.12	unencumbered grant balances in the first year
11.13	do not cancel but are available for grants in
11.14	the second year. The base distribution for this
11.15	appropriation in fiscal year 2022 and later is
11.16	\$300,000 each year from the general fund and
11.17	\$700,000 each year from the environmental
11.18	<u>fund.</u>
11.19	(c) \$694,000 the first year and \$694,000 the
11.20	second year are from the environmental fund
11.21	for emission-reduction activities and grants to
11.22	small businesses and other
11.23	nonpoint-emission-reduction efforts. Of this
11.24	amount, \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000
11.25	the second year are to continue work with
11.26	Clean Air Minnesota, and the commissioner
11.27	may enter into an agreement with
11.28	Environmental Initiative to support this effort.
11.29	Any unencumbered grant balances in the first
11.30	year do not cancel but are available for grants
11.31	in the second year.
11.32	(d) \$17,750,000 the first year and \$17,750,000
11.33	the second year are from the environmental
11.34	fund for SCORE block grants to counties. Any
11.35	unencumbered grant balances in the first year

12.1	do not cancel but are available for grants in
12.2	the second year.
12.3	(e) \$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 the
12.4	second year are from the environmental fund
12.5	for environmental assistance grants or loans
12.6	under Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.0716.
12.7	Any unencumbered grant and loan balances
12.8	in the first year do not cancel but are available
12.9	for grants and loans in the second year.
12.10	(f) \$112,000 the first year and \$112,000 the
12.11	second year are from the environmental fund
12.12	for subsurface sewage treatment system
12.13	(SSTS) program administration and
12.14	community technical assistance and education,
12.15	including grants and technical assistance to
12.16	communities for water-quality protection.
12.17	(g) \$169,000 the first year and \$169,000 the
12.18	second year are from the environmental fund
12.19	to address the need for continued increased
12.20	activity in new technology review, technical
12.21	assistance for local governments, and
12.22	enforcement under Minnesota Statutes,
12.23	sections 115.55 to 115.58, and to complete the
12.24	requirements of Laws 2003, chapter 128,
12.25	article 1, section 165.
12.26	(h) \$400,000 the first year and \$400,000 the
12.27	second year are from the environmental fund
12.28	for grants to develop and expand recycling
12.29	markets for Minnesota businesses.
12.30	(i) \$750,000 the first year and \$750,000 the
12.31	second year are from the environmental fund
12.32	for reducing and diverting food waste,
12.33	redirecting edible food for consumption, and
12.34	removing barriers to collecting and recovering

13.1	organic waste. Of this amo	ount, \$500,000 e	each each		
13.2	year is for grants to increase food rescue and				
13.3	waste prevention. This ap	propriation is			
13.4	available until June 30, 20	023. Any			
13.5	unencumbered grant balan	nces in the first y	<u>year</u>		
13.6	do not cancel but are avai	lable for grants	<u>in</u>		
13.7	the second year.				
13.8	(j) All money deposited in	n the environme	<u>ntal</u>		
13.9	fund for the metropolitan	solid waste land	<u>lfill</u>		
13.10	fee in accordance with M	innesota Statute	<u>s,</u>		
13.11	section 473.843, and not	otherwise			
13.12	appropriated, is appropria	ted for the purpo	oses		
13.13	of Minnesota Statutes, see	ction 473.844.			
13.14	(k) Notwithstanding Mini	nesota Statutes,			
13.15	section 16A.28, the appro	priations			
13.16	encumbered on or before	June 30, 2021, a	<u>as</u>		
13.17	contracts or grants for env	vironmental			
13.18	assistance awarded under	Minnesota Statu	ites,		
13.19	section 115A.0716; technical and research				
13.20	assistance under Minnesota Statutes, section				
13.21	115A.152; technical assistance under				
13.22	Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.52; and				
13.23	pollution prevention assis	stance under			
13.24	Minnesota Statutes, section	on 115D.04, are			
13.25	available until June 30, 20	023.			
13.26	Subd. 8. Watershed			9,635,000	9,335,000
13.27	Appropriat	ions by Fund			
13.28		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>		
13.29	General	1,959,000	1,959,000		
13.30	Environmental	7,442,000	7,142,000		
13.31	Remediation	234,000	234,000		
13.32	(a) \$1,959,000 the first ye	ear and \$1,959,0	000		
13.33	the second year are for gr	ants to delegated	<u>d</u>		
13.34	counties to administer the	county feedlot			
13.35	program under Minnesota	Statutes, section	<u>on</u>		

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14.1	116.0711, subdivisions 2 and 3. Money
14.2	remaining after the first year is available for
14.3	the second year.
14.4	(b) \$208,000 the first year and \$208,000 the
14.5	second year are from the environmental fund
14.6	for the costs of implementing general
14.7	operating permits for feedlots over 1,000
14.8	animal units.
14.9	(c) \$122,000 the first year and \$122,000 the
14.10	second year are from the remediation fund for
14.11	the leaking underground storage tank program
14.12	to investigate, clean up, and prevent future
14.13	releases from underground petroleum storage
14.14	tanks and for the petroleum remediation
14.15	program for vapor assessment and
14.16	remediation. These same annual amounts are
14.17	transferred from the petroleum tank fund to
14.18	the remediation fund.
14.19	(d) \$300,000 the first year is from the
14.20	environmental fund for a grant to the
14.21	Minnesota Association of County Feedlot
14.22	Officers to develop, in coordination with the
14.23	Pollution Control Agency and the University
14.24	of Minnesota Extension program, an online
14.25	training curriculum related to animal feedlot
14.26	requirements under Minnesota Rules, chapter
14.27	7020. This is a onetime appropriation. The
14.28	curriculum must be developed to:
14.29	(1) provide base-level knowledge to new and
14.30	existing county feedlot pollution control
14.31	officers on feedlot registration, permitting,
14.32	compliance, enforcement, and program
14.33	administration;

15.1	(2) provide assistance to new and existing	<u>g</u>					
15.2	county feedlot pollution control officers for						
15.3	working efficiently and effectively with						
15.4	producers; and						
15.5	(3) reduce the incidence of manure or nutr	ients					
15.6	entering surface water or groundwater.						
15.7	Subd. 9. Environmental Quality Board	<u>l</u>	1,774,000	1,274,000			
15.8	Appropriations by Fund						
15.9	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>					
15.10	<u>General</u> <u>1,081,000</u>	1,081,000					
15.11	Environmental 393,000	193,000					
15.12	Remediation 300,000	<u>-0-</u>					
15.13	(a) \$200,000 the first year is from the						
15.14	environmental fund to begin to develop	and					
15.15	assemble the material required under Coo	de of					
15.16	Federal Regulations, title 40, section 233	3.10 <u>,</u>					
15.17	to have the state of Minnesota assume th	<u>e</u>					
15.18	section 404 permitting program of the Fed	deral					
15.19	Clean Water Act. The Board may execut	<u>e</u>					
15.20	contracts or interagency agreements to						
15.21	facilitate developing the required agreem	<u>nents</u>					
15.22	and materials. By February 1, 2021, the b	oard					
15.23	must submit a report on the additional fun	ding					
15.24	necessary to secure section 404 assumption	ion					
15.25	and the additional funding needed to full	<u>y</u>					
15.26	implement the state-assumed program to	the					
15.27	chairs and ranking minority members of	the					
15.28	legislative committees and divisions with	<u>1</u>					
15.29	jurisdiction over the environment and na	tural_					
15.30	resources. This is a onetime appropriation	<u>n.</u>					
15.31	(b) \$300,000 the first year is from the						
15.32	remediation fund to conduct a study of the	<u>ne</u>					
15.33	potential to deploy solar photovoltaic dev	vices					
15.34	on closed landfill program sites. This is a	<u>a</u>					
15.35	onetime appropriation. By December 1, 2	<u>020,</u>					

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	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
16.1	the board, in consultation with the Pollution
16.2	Control Agency and the commissioners of
16.3	administration, commerce, and management
16.4	and budget, must provide to the chairs and
16.5	ranking minority members of the legislative
16.6	committees and divisions with jurisdiction
16.7	over environment and natural resources policy
16.8	and finance and energy policy and finance a
16.9	report on the use of properties in the state's
16.10	closed landfill program for solar energy
16.11	production. The report must include:
16.12	(1) identification and assessment of properties
16.13	in the closed landfill program with the highest
16.14	potential for solar energy production;
16.15	(2) identification of potential barriers to solar
16.16	energy production and potential ways to
16.17	address those barriers; and
16.18	(3) policy recommendations that would
16.19	facilitate solar energy production on closed
16.20	landfill program sites in a manner that would
16.21	contribute to state and local government
16.22	sustainability goals.
16.23	Subd. 10. Transfers
16.24	(a) The commissioner must transfer up to
16.25	\$44,000,000 from the environmental fund to
16.26	the remediation fund for purposes of the
16.27	remediation fund under Minnesota Statutes,
16.28	section 116.155, subdivision 2.
16.29	(b) \$600,000 the first year is transferred from
16.30	the remediation fund to the dry cleaner
16.31	environmental response and reimbursement
16.32	account for purposes of Minnesota Statutes,
16.33	section 115B.49, with reimbursement
16.34	prioritized to persons who meet the definition

17.1	in Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.48,
17.2	subdivision 10, clause (2), and who have made
17.3	a request to the commissioner, as required
17.4	under Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.50,
17.5	subdivision 2.
17.6	(c) \$600,000 the first year is from the
17.7	remediation fund to the commissioner for
17.8	preparing a report to the chairs and ranking
17.9	minority members of the legislative
17.10	committees and divisions with jurisdiction
17.11	over environment and natural resources
17.12	finance that includes an assessment of the
17.13	possibility of recovering environmental
17.14	response costs from insurance held by dry
17.15	cleaning facilities. The report must be
17.16	submitted by January 15, 2021.
17.17	(d) \$600,000 the second year is transferred
17.18	from the remediation fund to the dry cleaner
17.19	environmental response and reimbursement
17.20	account for purposes of Minnesota Statutes,
17.21	section 115B.49, if legislation is enacted in
17.22	the 2020 legislative session to address the
17.23	insolvency of the dry cleaner environmental
17.24	response and reimbursement account.
17.25	Subd. 11. Cancellations
17.26	(a) The unencumbered amount of the
17.27	environmental fund appropriation in Laws
17.28	2016, chapter 189, article 3, section 2,
17.29	subdivision 2, for technical assistance and
17.30	review of municipal wastewater infrastructure
17.31	projects, estimated to be \$373,000, is canceled
17.32	on June 29, 2019.
17.33	(b) The unencumbered amount of the closed
17.34	landfill investment fund appropriation in Laws

	03/23/19			17 3217	us introduced			
18.1	2017, chapter 93, article 1, section 2,							
18.2	subdivision 6, for settling obligations, remedial							
18.3	investigations, feasibility studies, engineering,							
18.4	and cleanup-related activities for purposes of							
18.5	environmental respon	se actions at a pr	<u>iority</u>					
18.6	qualified facility, esting	mated to be \$1,62	2,000,					
18.7	is canceled on June 2	9, 2019.						
18.8	EFFECTIVE DA	TE. Subdivision	11 is effective t	he day following fin	al enactment.			
18.9	Sec. 3. NATURAL R	RESOURCES						
18.10	Subdivision 1. Total	Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	312,128,000 \$	307,840,000			
18.11	Approp	oriations by Fund						
18.12		2020	2021					
18.13	General	93,208,000	89,235,000					
18.14	Natural Resources	106,792,000	104,619,000					
18.15	Game and Fish	111,507,000	113,359,000					
18.16	Remediation	106,000	109,000					
18.17	Permanent School	<u>515,000</u>	518,000					
18.18	The amounts that may	y be spent for eac	<u>h</u>					
18.19	purpose are specified	in the following						
18.20	subdivisions.							
18.21	Subd. 2. Land and M	Iineral Resource	es					
18.22	Management		_	6,324,000	6,406,000			
18.23	Approp	oriations by Fund						
18.24		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>					
18.25	General	1,825,000	1,846,000					
18.26	Natural Resources	3,940,000	3,998,000					
18.27	Game and Fish	344,000	344,000					
18.28	Permanent School	<u>215,000</u>	<u>218,000</u>					
18.29	(a) \$319,000 the first	year and \$319,00	00 the					
18.30	second year are for en	nvironmental rese	earch					
18.31	relating to mine permi	tting, of which \$2	00,000					
18.32	each year is from the	minerals manage	ment					
18.33	account and \$119,000	each year is fron	n the					
18.34	general fund.							

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19.1	(b) \$3,032,000 the first y	year and \$3,083	,000			
19.2	the second year are from	the minerals				
19.3	management account in the natural resources					
19.4	fund for use as provided under Minnesota					
19.5	Statutes, section 93.2236	6, paragraph (c)	, for			
19.6	mineral resource manage	ement, projects	to			
19.7	enhance future mineral i	ncome, and pro	<u>jects</u>			
19.8	to promote new mineral-	resource				
19.9	opportunities.					
19.10	(c) \$215,000 the first year	ar and \$218,000) the			
19.11	second year are from the	state forest susp	pense			
19.12	account in the permanent	school fund to s	ecure			
19.13	maximum long-term eco	nomic return fr	<u>rom</u>			
19.14	the school trust lands con	sistent with fidu	ıciary			
19.15	responsibilities and soun	d natural resou	rces			
19.16	conservation and manage	ement principle	<u>es.</u>			
19.17	(d) \$331,000 the first yes	ar and \$338,000) the			
19.18	second year are from the	water manager	ment			
19.19	account in the natural res	sources fund for	<u>r</u>			
19.20	mining hydrology.					
19.21	Subd. 3. Ecological and	Water Resour	<u>ces</u>	36,423,000	36,812,000	
19.22	Appropria	tions by Fund				
19.23		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>			
19.24	General	18,818,000	18,922,000			
19.25	Natural Resources	12,094,000	12,266,000			
19.26	Game and Fish	<u>5,511,000</u>	5,624,000			
19.27	(a) \$4,173,000 the first y	rear and \$4,222	,000			
19.28	the second year are from the invasive species					
19.29	account in the natural resources fund and					
19.30	\$3,206,000 the first year and \$3,206,000 the					
19.31	second year are from the	general fund for	<u>or</u>			
19.32	management, public awa	areness, assessn	<u>nent</u>			
19.33	and monitoring research	, and water acce	ess			
19.34	inspection to prevent the	spread of inva	sive			
19.35	species; management of	invasive plants	<u>in</u>			

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20.1	public waters; and management of terrestrial
20.2	invasive species on state-administered lands.
20.3	The general fund base for fiscal year 2022 and
20.4	beyond is \$2,831,000 each year.
20.5	(b) \$5,476,000 the first year and \$5,556,000
20.6	the second year are from the water
20.7	management account in the natural resources
20.8	fund for only the purposes specified in
20.9	Minnesota Statutes, section 103G.27,
20.10	subdivision 2.
20.11	(c) \$124,000 the first year and \$124,000 the
20.12	second year are for a grant to the Mississippi
20.13	Headwaters Board for up to 50 percent of the
20.14	cost of implementing the comprehensive plan
20.15	for the upper Mississippi within areas under
20.16	the board's jurisdiction.
20.17	(d) \$10,000 the first year and \$10,000 the
20.18	second year are for payment to the Leech Lake
20.19	Band of Chippewa Indians to implement the
20.20	band's portion of the comprehensive plan for
20.21	the upper Mississippi River.
20.22	(e) \$264,000 the first year and \$264,000 the
20.23	second year are for grants for up to 50 percent
20.24	of the cost of implementing the Red River
20.25	mediation agreement.
20.26	(f) \$2,259,000 the first year and \$2,298,000
20.27	the second year are from the heritage
20.28	enhancement account in the game and fish
20.29	fund for only the purposes specified in
20.30	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
20.31	paragraph (h), clause (1).
20.32	(g) \$971,000 the first year and \$985,000 the
20.33	second year are from the nongame wildlife
20.34	management account in the natural resources

21.1	fund for nongame wildlife management.
21.2	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
21.3	290.431, \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000
21.4	the second year may be used for nongame
21.5	wildlife information, education, and
21.6	promotion.
21.7	(h) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
21.8	section 84.943, \$13,000 the first year and
21.9	\$13,000 the second year from the critical
21.10	habitat private sector matching account may
21.11	be used to publicize the critical habitat license
21.12	plate match program.
21.13	(i) \$6,000,000 the first year and \$6,000,000
21.14	the second year are for the following activities:
21.15	(1) financial reimbursement and technical
21.16	support to soil and water conservation districts
21.17	or other local units of government for
21.18	groundwater-level monitoring;
21.19	(2) surface water monitoring and analysis,
21.20	including installing monitoring gauges;
21.21	(3) groundwater analysis to assist with
21.22	water-appropriation permitting decisions;
21.23	(4) permit application review incorporating
21.24	surface water and groundwater technical
21.25	analysis;
21.26	(5) precipitation data and analysis to improve
21.27	<u>irrigation use;</u>
21.28	(6) information technology, including
21.29	electronic permitting and integrated data
21.30	systems; and
21.31	(7) compliance and monitoring.
21.32	(j) \$510,000 the first year and \$510,000 the
21.33	second year are from the heritage enhancement

22.1	account in the game and fish fund for grants
22.2	to the Minnesota Aquatic Invasive Species
22.3	Research Center at the University of
22.4	Minnesota to prioritize, support, and develop
22.5	research-based solutions that can reduce the
22.6	effects of aquatic invasive species in
22.7	Minnesota by preventing spread, controlling
22.8	populations, and managing ecosystems and to
22.9	advance knowledge to inspire action by others.
22.10	Of the first year amount, \$100,000 is to
22.11	develop, in conjunction with the commissioner
22.12	of natural resources, the commissioner of the
22.13	Pollution Control Agency, counties, and other
22.14	stakeholders, recommendations for
22.15	establishing a statewide surveillance and early
22.16	detection system for aquatic invasive species.
22.17	By March 1, 2020, the Minnesota Aquatic
22.18	Invasive Species Research Center must submit
22.19	a report and recommendations to the chairs
22.20	and ranking minority members of the
22.21	legislative committees and divisions with
22.22	jurisdiction over environment and natural
22.23	resources policy and finance. The report must
22.24	include recommendations on all of the
22.25	following:
22.26	(1) the most effective structure for a statewide
22.27	surveillance and early detection system for
22.28	aquatic invasive species;
22.29	(2) whether to employ eco-epidemiological
22.30	models, optimized decision models, or related
22.31	tools as a mechanism for determining how
22.32	best to deploy limited resources;
22.33	(3) how the statewide system should be funded
22.34	and at what levels; and

23.1	(4) regulatory, policy, and statutory changes					
23.2	that would be needed to fully implement the					
23.3	statewide system.					
23.4	The base amount for thi	s appropriation	<u>in</u>			
23.5	fiscal year 2022 and late	er is \$410,000.				
23.6	(k) \$100,000 the first year	ar is for a grant to	Rice			
23.7	County to reimburse lake	ce associations f	or			
23.8	removing storm debris	from Roberds La	ake.			
23.9	This is a onetime appropriate the control of the co	priation and is				
23.10	available until June 30,	2021.				
23.11	(1) \$50,000 the first year	r is from the ger	neral			
23.12	fund for a grant to Wase	eca County for t	<u>ne</u>			
23.13	removal of debris and tre	ees from land adj	acent			
23.14	to Lake Elysian and Ios	co Creek. This i	s a			
23.15	onetime appropriation a	nd is available ι	<u>ıntil</u>			
23.16	June 30, 2021.					
	Subd. 4. Forest Management 50,668,000 50,603,000					
23.17	Subd. 4. Forest Manag	<u>ement</u>		50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.1723.18		ement ations by Fund		50,668,000	50,603,000	
			<u>2021</u>	50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.18		ations by Fund	2021 33,300,000	50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.18 23.19	Appropri	ations by Fund 2020		50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.18 23.19 23.20	<u>Appropria</u>	2020 33,651,000	33,300,000	50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.18 23.19 23.20 23.21	Appropris General Natural Resources	2020 33,651,000 15,619,000 1,398,000	33,300,000 15,886,000 1,417,000	50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.18 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22	Appropris General Natural Resources Game and Fish	2020 33,651,000 15,619,000 1,398,000 year and \$7,521	33,300,000 15,886,000 1,417,000	50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.18 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23	Appropris General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$7,521,000 the first	2020 33,651,000 15,619,000 1,398,000 year and \$7,521 prevention,	33,300,000 15,886,000 1,417,000 ,000	50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.18 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24	Appropris General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$7,521,000 the first the second year are for particular to the second year are for particular to the second year.	2020 33,651,000 15,619,000 1,398,000 year and \$7,521 prevention,	33,300,000 15,886,000 1,417,000 ,000	50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.18 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 23.25	Appropris General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$7,521,000 the first the second year are for presuppression, and sup	2020 33,651,000 15,619,000 1,398,000 year and \$7,521 prevention, pression costs of and other costs	33,300,000 15,886,000 1,417,000 ,000	50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.18 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 23.25 23.26	Appropris General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$7,521,000 the first the second year are for presuppression, and suppression, and suppression is a suppression in the second year are for presuppression.	2020 33,651,000 15,619,000 1,398,000 year and \$7,521 prevention, pression costs of and other costs of a Statutes, sect	33,300,000 15,886,000 1,417,000 ,000	50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.18 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 23.25 23.26 23.27	Appropris General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$7,521,000 the first the second year are for presuppression, and suppression, and suppression incurred under Minneson	2020 33,651,000 15,619,000 1,398,000 year and \$7,521 prevention, pression costs of and other costs of a Statutes, sect	33,300,000 15,886,000 1,417,000 ,000 f	50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.18 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 23.25 23.26 23.27 23.28	Approprise General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$7,521,000 the first the second year are for presuppression, and suppression, and suppresuppression incurred under Minneso 88.12. The amount necession is a second year are for presuppression, and suppression incurred under Minneso 88.12.	2020 33,651,000 15,619,000 1,398,000 year and \$7,521 prevention, pression costs of and other costs and other costs ta Statutes, sect essary to pay for pression costs described to the costs of the costs of the costs	33,300,000 15,886,000 1,417,000 ,000 final	50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.18 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 23.25 23.26 23.27 23.28 23.29	Appropris General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$7,521,000 the first the second year are for presuppression, and suppression, and suppression and su	2020 233,651,000 15,619,000 1,398,000 29ear and \$7,521 20erevention, 20e	33,300,000 15,886,000 1,417,000 ,000 final	50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.18 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 23.25 23.26 23.27 23.28 23.29 23.30	Appropris General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$7,521,000 the first the second year are for presuppression, and suppression, and suppression incurred under Minneson 88.12. The amount necession and suppresuppression and suppresuppression and suppresuppression and suppresuppression and suppresuppression and suppression and	2020 33,651,000 15,619,000 1,398,000 year and \$7,521 prevention, pression costs of and other costs of a Statutes, sect ressary to pay for pression costs distanced from the general part of the sect ressary to pay for pression costs distanced from the general part of the sect ressary to pay for pression costs distanced from the general part of the sect ressary to pay for pression costs distanced from the general part of the sect ressary to pay for pression costs distanced from the general part of the sect research pay for the sect res	33,300,000 15,886,000 1,417,000 ,000 ff ion aring eneral	50,668,000	50,603,000	
23.18 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 23.25 23.26 23.27 23.28 23.29 23.30 23.31	Approprise General Natural Resources Game and Fish (a) \$7,521,000 the first the second year are for presuppression, and suppression, and suppression incurred under Minneson 88.12. The amount necession and suppresuppression and suppression and sup	2020 33,651,000 15,619,000 1,398,000 year and \$7,521 prevention, pression costs of and other costs and other costs ta Statutes, sect essary to pay for pression costs desired from the general sectors of the costs and other costs the statutes of the costs of the costs of the costs essary to pay for the costs of the co	33,300,000 15,886,000 1,417,000 ,000 off ion uring eneral	50,668,000	50,603,000	

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24.1	and divisions having jurisdiction over
24.2	environment and natural resources finance that
24.3	identifies all firefighting costs incurred and
24.4	reimbursements received in the prior fiscal
24.5	year. These appropriations may not be
24.6	transferred. Any reimbursement of firefighting
24.7	expenditures made to the commissioner from
24.8	any source other than federal mobilizations
24.9	must be deposited into the general fund.
24.10	(b) \$13,869,000 the first year and \$14,136,000
24.11	the second year are from the forest
24.12	management investment account in the natural
24.13	resources fund for only the purposes specified
24.14	in Minnesota Statutes, section 89.039,
24.15	subdivision 2.
24.16	(c) \$1,398,000 the first year and \$1,417,000
24.17	the second year are from the heritage
24.18	enhancement account in the game and fish
24.19	fund to advance ecological classification
24.20	systems (ECS) scientific management tools
24.21	for forest and invasive species management.
24.22	(d) \$836,000 the first year and \$847,000 the
24.23	second year are for the Forest Resources
24.24	Council to implement the Sustainable Forest
24.25	Resources Act.
24.26	(e) \$1,131,000 the first year and \$1,131,000
24.27	the second year are for the Next Generation
24.28	Core Forestry data system. For fiscal year
24.29	2022 and later, the distribution for this
24.30	appropriation is \$868,000 from the general
24.31	fund and \$275,000 from the forest
24.32	management investment account in the natural
24.33	resources fund.

25.1	(f) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
25.2	second year are from the forest management
25.3	investment account in the natural resources
25.4	fund for forest road maintenance on state
25.5	forest roads.
25.6	(g) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
25.7	second year are for forest road maintenance
25.8	on county forest roads.
25.9	(h) \$700,000 the first year is for grants to local
25.10	units of government to develop community
25.11	ash management plans; to identify and convert
25.12	ash stands to more diverse, climate-adapted
25.13	species; and to replace removed ash trees. This
25.14	is a onetime appropriation.
25.15	(i) Grants awarded under paragraph (h) may
25.16	cover up to 75 percent of eligible costs and
25.17	may not exceed \$500,000. Matching grants
25.18	provided through the appropriation are
25.19	available to cities, counties, regional
25.20	authorities, joint powers boards, towns, and
25.21	parks and recreation boards in cities of the
25.22	first class. The commissioner, in consultation
25.23	with the commissioner of agriculture, must
25.24	establish appropriate criteria for determining
25.25	funding priorities between submitted requests
25.26	and to determine activities and expenses that
25.27	qualify to meet local match requirements.
25.28	Money appropriated for grants under
25.29	paragraph (h) may be used to pay reasonable
25.30	costs incurred by the commissioner of natural
25.31	resources to administer paragraph (h).
25.32	<u>Subd. 5.</u> <u>Parks and Trails Management</u> <u>90,858,000</u> <u>88,194,000</u>
25.33	Appropriations by Fund
25.34	<u>2020</u> <u>2021</u>
25.35	General <u>26,968,000</u> <u>27,230,000</u>

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26.1	Natural Resou	rces 61,59	8.000 58.	664,000		
26.2	Game and Fish			300,000		
26.3		the first year and				
26.4		ar are from the wa		1		
26.5		natural resources		-		
26.6	-	nd enhancing pub				
26.7	water-access fa		<u> </u>			
26.8	(b) \$6,344,000) the first year an	d \$6,435,000			
26.9		r are from the nat		;		
26.10		trail, park, and re		-		
26.11		is appropriation is)		
26.12	deposited in th	ne natural resourc	es fund under	•		
26.13	Minnesota Sta	tutes, section 297	'A.94 <u>,</u>			
26.14	paragraph (h),	clause (2).				
26.15	(c) \$18,552,00	0 the first year and	d \$18,828,000	<u>)</u>		
26.16	the second year	ar are from the sta	ite parks			
26.17	account in the	natural resources	fund to			
26.18	operate and ma	aintain state park	s and state			
26.19	recreation area	ıs.				
26.20	(d) \$890,000 th	he first year and	\$890,000 the			
26.21	second year ar	e from the natura	l resources			
26.22	fund for park a	and trail grants to	local units of	<u>f</u>		
26.23	government or	n land to be main	tained for at			
26.24	least 20 years	for parks or trails	. This			
26.25	appropriation i	s from revenue de	eposited in the	2		
26.26	natural resource	ces fund under M	innesota			
26.27	Statutes, section	on 297A.94, para	graph (h),			
26.28	clause (4). Any	y unencumbered	balance does			
26.29	not cancel at the	he end of the first	year and is			
26.30	available for th	ne second year.				
26.31	(e) \$9,624,000	the first year and	d \$9,624,000			
26.32	the second year	r are from the sno	wmobile trails	3		
26.33	and enforceme	ent account in the	natural			
26.34	resources fund	for the snowmol	<u>oile</u>			

27.1	grants-in-aid program. Any unencumbered
27.2	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
27.3	year and is available for the second year.
27.4	(f) \$1,835,000 the first year and \$2,135,000
27.5	the second year are from the natural resources
27.6	fund for the off-highway vehicle grants-in-aid
27.7	program. Of this amount, \$1,360,000 the first
27.8	year and \$1,660,000 the second year are from
27.9	the all-terrain vehicle account; \$150,000 each
27.10	year is from the off-highway motorcycle
27.11	account; and \$325,000 each year is from the
27.12	off-road vehicle account. Any unencumbered
27.13	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
27.14	year and is available for the second year.
27.15	(g) \$116,000 the first year and \$117,000 the
27.16	second year are from the cross-country-ski
27.17	account in the natural resources fund for
27.18	grooming and maintaining cross-country-ski
27.19	trails in state parks, trails, and recreation areas.
27.20	(h) \$266,000 the first year and \$269,000 the
27.21	second year are from the state land and water
27.22	conservation account in the natural resources
27.23	fund for priorities established by the
27.24	commissioner for eligible state projects and
27.25	administrative and planning activities
27.26	consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section
27.27	84.0264, and the federal Land and Water
27.28	Conservation Fund Act. Any unencumbered
27.29	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
27.30	year and is available for the second year.
27.31	(i) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
27.32	second year are for matching grants for local
27.33	parks and outdoor recreation areas under
27.34	Minnesota Statutes, section 85.019,
27.35	subdivision 2.

28.1	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
28.2	second year are for matching grants for local
28.3	trail connections under Minnesota Statutes,
28.4	section 85.019, subdivision 4c.
28.5	(k) \$600,000 the first year is from the off-road
28.6	vehicle account for off-road vehicle touring
28.7	routes and trails. Of this amount:
28.8	(1) \$200,000 is for a contract with a project
28.9	administrator to assist the commissioner in
28.10	planning, designing, and providing a system
28.11	of state touring routes and trails for off-road
28.12	vehicles by identifying sustainable, legal
28.13	routes suitable for licensed four-wheel drive
28.14	vehicles and a system of recreational trails for
28.15	registered off-road vehicles. Any portion of
28.16	this appropriation not used for the project
28.17	administrator is available for signage or
28.18	promotion and implementation of the system.
28.19	This is a onetime appropriation.
28.20	(2) \$200,000 is for a contract and related work
28.21	to prepare a comprehensive, statewide,
28.22	strategic master plan for off-road vehicle
28.23	touring routes and trails. This is a onetime
28.24	appropriation and is available until June 30,
28.25	2022. Any portion of this appropriation not
28.26	used for the master plan is returned to the
28.27	off-road vehicle account. At a minimum, the
28.28	plan must: identify opportunities to develop
28.29	or enhance new, high-quality, comprehensive
28.30	touring routes and trails for off-road vehicles
28.31	in a system that serves regional and tourist
28.32	destinations; enhance connectivity with
28.33	touring routes and trails for off-road vehicles;
28.34	provide opportunities for promoting economic
28.35	development in greater Minnesota; help people

28.1

29.1	connect with the outdoors in a safe and
29.2	environmentally sustainable manner; create
29.3	new and support existing opportunities for
29.4	social, economic, and cultural benefits and
29.5	meaningful and mutually beneficial
29.6	relationships for users of off-road vehicles and
29.7	the communities that host trails for off-road
29.8	vehicles; and promote cooperation with local,
29.9	state, tribal, and federal governments;
29.10	organizations; and other interested partners.
29.11	(3) \$200,000 is to share the cost by
29.12	reimbursing federal, tribal, state, county, and
29.13	township entities for additional needs on roads
29.14	under their jurisdiction when the needs are a
29.15	result of increased use by off-road vehicles
29.16	and are attributable to a border-to-border
29.17	touring route established by the commissioner.
29.18	This paragraph applies to roads that are
29.19	operated by a public road authority as defined
29.20	in Minnesota Statutes, section 160.02,
29.21	subdivision 25. This is a onetime appropriation
29.22	and is available until June 30, 2023. To be
29.23	eligible for reimbursement under this
29.24	paragraph, the claimant must demonstrate that:
29.25	the needs result from additional traffic
29.26	generated by the border-to-border touring
29.27	route; and increased use attributable to a
29.28	border-to-border touring route has caused at
29.29	least a 50 percent increase in maintenance
29.30	costs for roads under the claimant's
29.31	jurisdiction, based on a ten-year maintenance
29.32	average. The commissioner may accept an
29.33	alternative to the ten-year maintenance average
29.34	if a jurisdiction does not have sufficient
29.35	maintenance records. The commissioner has
29.36	discretion to accept an alternative based on a

30.1	good-faith effort by the jurisdiction. Any
30.2	alternative should include baseline
30.3	maintenance costs for at least two years before
30.4	the year the route begins operating. The
30.5	ten-year maintenance average or any
30.6	alternative must be calculated from the years
30.7	immediately preceding the year the route
30.8	begins operating. Before reimbursing a claim
30.9	under this paragraph, the commissioner must
30.10	consider whether the claim is consistent with
30.11	claims made by other entities that administer
30.12	roads on the touring route, in terms of the
30.13	amount requested for reimbursement and the
30.14	frequency of claims made.
30.15	(1) \$600,000 the first year is from the
30.16	all-terrain vehicle account in the natural
30.17	resources fund for grants to St. Louis County.
30.18	Of this amount, \$100,000 is for a grant to St.
30.19	Louis County for an environmental assessment
30.20	worksheet for the overall construction of the
30.21	Voyageur Country ATV Trail system and
30.22	connections, and \$500,000 is for a grant to St.
30.23	Louis County to design, plan, permit, acquire
30.24	right-of-way for, and construct Voyageur
30.25	Country ATV Trail from Buyck to Holmes
30.26	Logging Road and to Shuster Road toward
30.27	Cook. This is a onetime appropriation.
30.28	(m) \$2,400,000 the first year is from the
30.29	all-terrain vehicle account in the natural
30.30	resources fund. Of this amount, \$1,300,000 is
30.31	for a grant to Lake County to match other
30.32	funding sources to develop the Prospector
30.33	Loop Trail system and \$1,100,000 is for
30.34	acquisition, design, environmental review,
30.35	permitting, and construction for all-terrain

31.1	vehicle use on the Taconite State Trail
31.2	between Ely and Purvis Forest Management
31.3	Road.
31.4	(n) \$950,000 the first year and \$950,000 the
31.5	second year are from the all-terrain vehicle
31.6	account in the natural resources fund for grants
31.7	to St. Louis County for the Quad Cities ATV
31.8	Club trail construction program for planning,
31.9	design, environmental permitting, right-of-way
31.10	acquisition, and construction of up to 24 miles
31.11	of trail connecting the cities of Mountain Iron,
31.12	Virginia, Eveleth, Gilbert, Hibbing, and
31.13	Chisholm to the Laurentian Divide, County
31.14	Road 303, the Taconite State Trail, and
31.15	Biwabik and from Pfeiffer Lake Forest Road
31.16	to County Road 361. This is a onetime
31.17	appropriation.
31.18	(o) \$75,000 the first year is from the general
31.19	fund for signage and interpretative resources
31.20	necessary for naming state park assets and a
31.21	segment of the St. Croix River State Water
31.22	Trail after Walter F. Mondale as provided in
31.23	this act.
31.24	(p) \$150,000 the first year is from the
31.25	all-terrain vehicle account in the natural
31.26	resources fund for a grant to Crow Wing
31.27	County to plan and design a multipurpose
31.28	bridge on the Mississippi River Northwoods
31.29	Trail across Sand Creek located five miles
31.30	northeast of Brainerd along the Mississippi
31.31	River.
31.32	(q) \$75,000 the first year is from the
31.33	off-highway motorcycle account in the natural
31.34	resources fund to complete a master plan for

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32.1	off-highway motorcycle trail planning and					
32.2	development.	•				
32.3	Subd. 6. Fish a	and Wildlife M	78,978,000	78,402,000		
32.4		Appropriations 1				
32.5	<u>-</u>	2020		2021		
32.6	General	1,77	77,000	275,000		
32.7	Natural Resour	rces 1,95	54,000	1,982,000		
32.8	Game and Fish	75,24	17,000	76,145,000		
32.9	(a) \$8,539,000	the first year ar	nd \$8,658	,000		
32.10	the second year	r are from the h	eritage			
32.11	enhancement ac	ccount in the ga	me and f	<u>ĭsh</u>		
32.12	fund only for a	ctivities specifi	ed under			
32.13	Minnesota Stat	utes, section 29	7A.94 <u>,</u>			
32.14	paragraph (h),	clause (1). Noty	vithstand	ing		
32.15	Minnesota Stat	utes, section 29	7A.94, fi	<u>ve</u>		
32.16	percent of this	appropriation m	ay be us	ed for		
32.17	expanding hunt	ter and angler re	ecruitmer	nt and		
32.18	retention.					
32.19	(b) \$1,595,000	the first year an	d \$275,00	00 the		
32.20	second year are	e from the gener	al fund,	and		
32.21	\$1,125,000 the	first year and \$	1,675,00	0 the		
32.22	second year are	e from the game	and fish	fund		
32.23	for planning for	r and emergenc	y respons	se to		
32.24	disease outbrea	ks in wildlife.	<u>The</u>			
32.25	commissioner a	and board must	each sub	<u>mit</u>		
32.26	quarterly report	s on the activitie	s funded	<u>under</u>		
32.27	this paragraph t	to the chairs and	d ranking	L		
32.28	minority memb	pers of the legis	ative			
32.29	committees and	d divisions with	jurisdict	ion		
32.30	over environme	ent and natural	resources	and		
32.31	agriculture.					
32.32	(c) \$50,000 in t	the first year is	from the	wild_		
32.33	cervidae health	management a	ccount in	the		
32.34	game and fish f	fund to establish	n a chron	<u>ic</u>		
32.35	wasting disease	e adopt-a-dumps	ster progr	ram to		

33.1	provide dumpsters dedicated to disposing of
33.2	deer carcasses in areas where chronic wasting
33.3	disease has been detected. The commissioner
33.4	must work with solid waste haulers and other
33.5	interested parties and encourage volunteer
33.6	support to ensure the dumpsters are located at
33.7	convenient locations with appropriate signage,
33.8	lined, and maintained. The commissioner must
33.9	ensure the carcasses collected are properly
33.10	disposed of to minimize the spread of chronic
33.11	wasting disease. The commissioner, in
33.12	consultation with the commissioners of health
33.13	and the Pollution Control Agency, must
33.14	develop guidelines to prevent the spread of
33.15	chronic wasting disease and protect public
33.16	health that take into consideration infectious
33.17	waste as defined under Minnesota Statutes,
33.18	section 116.76, subdivision 12, for:
33.19	(1) hunters for handling deer in the field and
33.20	transporting and disposing of carcasses;
33.21	(2) solid waste facilities and solid waste
33.22	haulers for proper handling, transportation,
33.23	and disposal of deer carcasses; and
33.24	(3) taxidermists and meat processors for
33.25	proper handling, processing, and disposal of
33.26	deer carcasses.
33.27	By January 15, 2020, the commissioner of
33.28	natural resources must submit a report to the
33.29	chairs and ranking minority members of the
33.30	house of representatives and senate
33.31	committees and divisions with jurisdiction
33.32	over environment and natural resources with
33.33	the results of the program and guidelines
33.34	developed under this paragraph.

34.1	(d) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
34.2	section 297A.94, \$182,000 the first year from
34.3	the general fund and \$318,000 the first year
34.4	from the heritage enhancement account in the
34.5	game and fish fund are for grants for
34.6	natural-resource-based education and
34.7	recreation programs under Minnesota Statutes,
34.8	section 84.976. This is a onetime
34.9	appropriation.
34.10	(e) \$500,000 the first year is from the game
34.11	and fish fund for grants to school districts and
34.12	American Indian-controlled tribal contract or
34.13	grant schools to increase firearms safety, trap
34.14	shooting, archery, hunting, and angling
34.15	activities in courses that are consistent with
34.16	required state standards for physical education.
34.17	In developing the grant program, the
34.18	commissioner must consult with stakeholders,
34.19	including representatives from the tribal
34.20	governments. The grants must be administered
34.21	through the no child left inside grant program
34.22	established under Minnesota Statutes, section
34.23	84.976. Grants must be awarded on a
34.24	geographically balanced, statewide basis. This
34.25	is a onetime appropriation.
34.26	(f) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
34.27	section 297A.94, \$200,000 the first year is
34.28	from the heritage enhancement account in the
34.29	game and fish fund for grants to nonprofit
34.30	organizations operating high school fishing
34.31	leagues and providing basic angling
34.32	curriculum. The grants must be administered
34.33	through the no child left inside grant program
34.34	established under Minnesota Statutes, section
34.35	84.976. This is a onetime appropriation.

35.1	(g) \$8,546,000 the first year and \$8,546,000				
35.2	the second year are fro	m the deer manage	ement		
35.3	account for the purposes identified in				
35.4	Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.075,				
35.5	subdivision 1.				
35.6	(h) Notwithstanding M	Minnesota Statutes	<u>s,</u>		
35.7	section 297A.94, \$100	0,000 the first yea	r and		
35.8	\$100,000 the second ye	ear are from the he	eritage		
35.9	enhancement account	in the game and f	<u>fish</u>		
35.10	fund for shooting spor	ts facility grants	<u>under</u>		
35.11	Minnesota Statutes, se	ction 87A.10, incl	uding		
35.12	grants for archery faci	lities. Grants mus	st be		
35.13	matched with a nonsta	nte match, which	may		
35.14	include in-kind contri	butions. This is a			
35.15	onetime appropriation	<u>.</u>			
35.16	Subd. 7. Enforcemen	<u>t</u>		45,310,000	46,556,000
35.17	Approp	riations by Fund			
35.18		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>		
35.19	General	7,282,000	7,475,000		
35.20	Natural Resources	11 207 000	11,443,000		
		11,207,000	11,115,000		
35.21	Game and Fish	<u>26,715,000</u>	27,529,000		
35.21 35.22	Game and Fish Remediation				
		<u>26,715,000</u> <u>106,000</u>	<u>27,529,000</u> <u>109,000</u>		
35.22	Remediation	26,715,000 106,000 st year and \$1,718	27,529,000 109,000 3,000		
35.22 35.23	<u>Remediation</u> (a) \$1,718,000 the first	26,715,000 106,000 st year and \$1,718 om the general fundamental	27,529,000 109,000 3,000 and for		
35.22 35.23 35.24	Remediation (a) \$1,718,000 the first the second year are from the second year are from the second year.	26,715,000 106,000 st year and \$1,718 om the general function prevent the spread	27,529,000 109,000 3,000 and for		
35.22 35.23 35.24 35.25	Remediation (a) \$1,718,000 the first the second year are from the year are from the second year are from the year are from	26,715,000 106,000 st year and \$1,718 om the general function prevent the spreades.	27,529,000 109,000 3,000 and for and of		
35.22 35.23 35.24 35.25 35.26	Remediation (a) \$1,718,000 the first the second year are from the year are from the second year are from the year are from	26,715,000 106,000 st year and \$1,718 om the general function the spreades. st year and \$1,580	27,529,000 109,000 3,000 and for and of		
35.22 35.23 35.24 35.25 35.26 35.27	Remediation (a) \$1,718,000 the first the second year are from the enforcement efforts to aquatic invasive special (b) \$1,580,000 the first terms are from the enforcement efforts to aquatic invasive special (b) \$1,580,000 the first terms are from the enforcement efforts to aquatic invasive special (b) \$1,580,000 the first terms are from the enforcement efforts to a quantic invasive special (c) \$1,580,000 the first terms are from the enforcement efforts to a quantic invasive special (c) \$1,580,000 the first terms are from the enforcement efforts to a quantic invasive special (c) \$1,580,000 the first terms are from the enforcement efforts to a quantic invasive special (c) \$1,580,000 the first terms are from the enforcement efforts to a quantic invasive special (c) \$1,580,000 the first terms are from the enforcement efforts to a quantic invasive special (c) \$1,580,000 the first terms are from the enforcement efforts to a quantic invasive special (c) \$1,580,000 the first terms are from the enforcement efforts to a quantic invasive special (c) \$1,580,000 the first terms are from the enforcement efforts to a quantic invasive special (c) \$1,580,000 the first terms are from the enforcement efforts the enforcement effor	26,715,000 106,000 st year and \$1,718 om the general function prevent the spreades. st year and \$1,580 om the heritage	27,529,000 109,000 3,000 and for and of		
35.22 35.23 35.24 35.25 35.26 35.27 35.28	Remediation (a) \$1,718,000 the first the second year are from the y	26,715,000 106,000 st year and \$1,718 om the general function prevent the spreades. st year and \$1,580 om the heritage in the game and for	27,529,000 109,000 3,000 and for and of		
35.22 35.23 35.24 35.25 35.26 35.27 35.28 35.29	Remediation (a) \$1,718,000 the first the second year are from the year are from the second year are from the year are from	26,715,000 106,000 St year and \$1,718 om the general function of the spread ses. St year and \$1,580 om the heritage in the game and for the game and for the game and for the spread ses.	27,529,000 109,000 3,000 and for and of		
35.22 35.23 35.24 35.25 35.26 35.27 35.28 35.29 35.30	Remediation (a) \$1,718,000 the first the second year are from the second year.	26,715,000 106,000 st year and \$1,718 om the general function prevent the spreades. st year and \$1,580 om the heritage in the game and for the game and game and game and game are game and game and game and game and game are game and game and game are game and game and game are game are game and game are game a	27,529,000 109,000 3,000 and for and of		
35.22 35.23 35.24 35.25 35.26 35.27 35.28 35.29 35.30 35.31	Remediation (a) \$1,718,000 the first the second year are from the second year.	26,715,000 106,000 st year and \$1,718 om the general function prevent the spreades. st year and \$1,580 om the heritage in the game and for section 297A.94, (1).	27,529,000 109,000 3,000 and for and of 0,000 Sish der		

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36.1	$\underline{account\ in\ the\ natural\ resources\ fund\ for\ grants}$
36.2	to counties for boat and water safety. Any
36.3	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
36.4	end of the first year and is available for the
36.5	second year.
36.6	(d) \$315,000 the first year and \$315,000 the
36.7	second year are from the snowmobile trails
36.8	and enforcement account in the natural
36.9	resources fund for grants to local law
36.10	enforcement agencies for snowmobile
36.11	enforcement activities. Any unencumbered
36.12	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
36.13	year and is available for the second year.
36.14	(e) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
36.15	second year are from the all-terrain vehicle
36.16	account in the natural resources fund for grants
36.17	to qualifying organizations to assist in safety
36.18	and environmental education and monitoring
36.19	trails on public lands under Minnesota
36.20	Statutes, section 84.9011. Grants issued under
36.21	this paragraph must be issued through a formal
36.22	agreement with the organization. By
36.23	December 15 each year, an organization
36.24	receiving a grant under this paragraph must
36.25	report to the commissioner with details on
36.26	expenditures and outcomes from the grant. Of
36.27	this appropriation, \$25,000 each year is for
36.28	administering these grants. Any unencumbered
36.29	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
36.30	year and is available for the second year.
36.31	(f) \$510,000 the first year and \$510,000 the
36.32	second year are from the natural resources
36.33	fund for grants to county law enforcement
36.34	agencies for off-highway vehicle enforcement
36.35	and public education activities based on

37.1	off-highway vehicle use in the county. Of this
37.2	amount, \$498,000 each year is from the
37.3	all-terrain vehicle account, \$11,000 each year
37.4	is from the off-highway motorcycle account,
37.5	and \$1,000 each year is from the off-road
37.6	vehicle account. The county enforcement
37.7	agencies may use money received under this
37.8	appropriation to make grants to other local
37.9	enforcement agencies within the county that
37.10	have a high concentration of off-highway
37.11	vehicle use. Of this appropriation, \$25,000
37.12	each year is for administering these grants.
37.13	Any unencumbered balance does not cancel
37.14	at the end of the first year and is available for
37.15	the second year.
37.16	(g) \$176,000 the first year and \$176,000 the
37.17	second year are from the game and fish fund
37.18	for an ice safety program.
37.19	(h) \$60,000 the first year is from the game and
37.20	fish fund to provide outreach and education,
37.21	in coordination with interested organizations,
37.22	to communities concerned about cultural
37.23	artifacts regarding the new requirements
37.24	established under Minnesota Statutes, section
37.25	84.0896. This is a onetime appropriation.
37.26	(i) The base for fiscal year 2022 is \$7,361,000
37.27	from the general fund, \$28,143,000 from the
37.28	game and fish fund, \$11,530,000 from the
37.29	natural resources fund, and \$111,000 from the
37.30	remediation fund. The base for fiscal year
37.31	2023 and thereafter is \$7,362,000 from the
37.32	general fund, \$11,530,000 from the natural
37.33	resources fund, \$28,142,000 from the game
37.34	and fish fund, and \$111,000 from the
37.35	remediation fund. These base level

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38.1	adjustments i	nclude pension o	costs as provid	ded		
38.2	in Laws 2018, chapter 211, article 21, section					
38.3	1, paragraph	<u>(a).</u>				
38.4	Subd. 8. Ope	erations Suppor	<u>rt</u>		2,700,000	<u>-0-</u>
38.5	\$2,700,000 th	ne first year is fo	or legal costs.	Of		
38.6	this amount, u	up to \$700,000 t	he first year n	nay		
38.7	be transferred	d to the Minneso	ota Pollution			
38.8	Control Ager	ncy. This is a on	etime			
38.9	appropriation	and is available	e until June 3	<u>0,</u>		
38.10	<u>2023.</u>					
38.11	Subd. 9. Pass	s Through Fun	<u>ds</u>		867,000	867,000
38.12		Appropriations	s by Fund			
38.13			<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>		
38.14	General		187,000	187,000		
38.15	Natural Reso	urces	380,000	380,000		
38.16	Permanent So	chool	300,000	300,000		
38.17	(a) \$380,000	the first year an	id \$380,000 tl	<u>he</u>		
38.18	second year a	are from the nati	ural resources	<u>S</u>		
38.19	fund for gran	ts to be divided	equally betwo	<u>een</u>		
38.20	the city of St.	Paul for the Cor	no Park Zoo a	and		
38.21	Conservatory	and the city of	Duluth for th	<u>ie</u>		
38.22	Lake Superio	r Zoo. This appr	opriation is fr	<u>rom</u>		
38.23	revenue depos	sited to the natur	al resources fi	<u>und</u>		
38.24	under Minnes	sota Statutes, se	ction 297A.9	<u>4,</u>		
38.25	paragraph (h)), clause (5).				
38.26	(b) \$187,000	the first year ar	nd \$187,000 ti	<u>he</u>		
38.27	second year a	are for the Office	e of School Tr	<u>ust</u>		
38.28	<u>Lands.</u>					
38.29	(c) \$300,000	the first year an	ad \$300,000 tl	<u>he</u>		
38.30	second year a	are from the fore	estry suspense	<u>e</u>		
38.31	account in the	e permanent sch	nool fund for	<u>the</u>		
38.32	Office of Sch	ool Trust Lands	<u>s.</u>			
38.33	Subd. 10. <u>Ca</u>	ncellation_				

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40.1	that publishes, at a minimum, its annual report,
40.2	annual audit, annual budget, and meeting
40.3	notices.
40.4	(c) \$761,000 the first year and \$761,000 the
40.5	second year are to implement, enforce, and
40.6	provide oversight for the Wetland
40.7	Conservation Act, including administering the
40.8	wetland banking program and in-lieu fee
40.9	mechanism.
40.10	(d) \$1,560,000 the first year and \$1,560,000
40.11	the second year are for the following
40.12	cost-share programs:
40.13	(1) \$260,000 each year is for the feedlot water
40.14	quality cost-sharing program for feedlots under
40.15	500 animal units and nutrient and manure
40.16	management projects in watersheds where
40.17	there are impaired waters;
40.18	(2) \$1,200,000 each year is for cost-sharing
40.19	programs of soil and water conservation
40.20	districts for perennially vegetated riparian
40.21	buffers, erosion control, water retention and
40.22	treatment, and other high-priority conservation
40.23	practices; and
40.24	(3) \$100,000 each year is for county
40.25	cooperative weed management programs and
40.26	to restore native plants in selected invasive
40.27	species management sites.
40.28	(e) \$166,000 the first year and \$166,000 the
40.29	second year are to provide technical assistance
40.30	to local drainage management officials and
40.31	for the costs of the Drainage Work Group. The
40.32	board must coordinate with the Drainage Work
40.33	
	Group according to Minnesota Statutes,

41.1	(f) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
41.2	second year are for a grant to the Red River
41.3	Basin Commission for water quality and
41.4	floodplain management, including
41.5	administration of programs. This appropriation
41.6	must be matched by nonstate funds.
41.7	(g) \$140,000 the first year and \$140,000 the
41.8	second year are for grants to Area II
41.9	Minnesota River Basin Projects for floodplain
41.10	management.
41.11	(h) \$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the
41.12	second year are for conservation easement
41.13	stewardship.
41.14	(i) \$150,000 the first year is for critical
41.15	information technology upgrades,
41.16	development, and security improvements. This
41.17	is a onetime appropriation.
41.18	(j) \$240,000 the first year and \$240,000 the
41.19	second year are for a grant to the Lower
41.20	Minnesota River Watershed District to defray
41.21	the annual cost of operating and maintaining
41.22	sites for dredge spoil to sustain the state,
41.23	national, and international commercial and
41.24	recreational navigation on the lower Minnesota
41.25	River.
41.26	(k) \$5,426,000 the first year and \$5,241,000
41.27	the second year are for agency administration
41.28	and operation of the Board of Water and Soil
41.29	Resources.
41.30	(l) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
41.31	section 103C.501, the board may shift money
41.32	in this section and may adjust the technical
41.33	and administrative assistance portion of the
41.34	funds to leverage federal or other nonstate

42.1	funds or to address accountability	y, oversight,			
42.2	local government performance,	<u>or</u>			
42.3	high-priority needs identified in	local water			
42.4	management plans or comprehe	nsive water			
42.5	management plans.				
42.6	(m) The appropriations for grant	s in this			
42.7	section are available until June 3				
42.8	Returned grant funds must be re				
42.9	consistent with the purposes of the	<u></u>	?		
42.10			-		
42.11			•		
42.12			-		
42.12		Thatanha a			
42.13		<u></u>			
42.14					
42.15			<u>.</u>		
42.16					
42.17	Management Policy 08-10 Gran	Monitoring.	<u>.</u>		
42.18	Sec. 5. METROPOLITAN CO	<u>UNCIL</u>	<u>\$</u>	9,140,000 \$	9,140,000
42.19	Appropriations by	Fund			
42.20	2020	202	21		
42.21	<u>General</u> <u>2,540</u>	000 2,5	540,000		
42.22	Natural Resources 6,600	000 6,6	600,000		
42.23	(a) \$2,540,000 the first year and	\$2,540,000			
42.24	the second year are for metropol	itan-area			
42.25	regional parks operation and ma	intenance			
42.26	according to Minnesota Statutes	section			
42.27	473.351.				
42.28	(b) \$6,600,000 the first year and	\$6,600,000			
42.29	the second year are from the natu	ral resources	<u>.</u>		
42.30	fund for matropoliton area region				
42.31	fund for metropolitan-area region	nal parks and	<u>[</u>		
72.51			<u> </u>		
42.32	trails maintenance and operation	s. This	-		

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43.1	Statutes, section 297A	.94, paragraph (h	<u>),</u>		
43.2	clause (3).				
43.3 43.4	Sec. 6. CONSERVAT MINNESOTA	ION CORPS	<u>\$</u>	<u>945,000</u> <u>\$</u>	945,000
43.5	Appropr	iations by Fund			
43.6		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>		
43.7	General	455,000	455,000		
43.8	Natural Resources	490,000	490,000		
43.9	Conservation Corps M	innesota may rec	<u>eeive</u>		
43.10	money appropriated fro	m the natural reso	ources		
43.11	fund under this section	only as provided	in an		
43.12	agreement with the con	nmissioner of na	<u>tural</u>		
43.13	resources.				
43.14	Sec. 7. ZOOLOGICA	L BOARD	<u>\$</u>	9,855,000 \$	9,999,000
43.15	Appropr	riations by Fund			
43.16		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>		
43.17	General	9,665,000	9,809,000		
43.18	Natural Resources	190,000	190,000		
43.19	\$190,000 the first year	and \$190,000 th	<u>e</u>		
43.20	second year are from t	he natural resour	ces		
43.21	fund from revenue depo	osited under Minr	nesota_		
43.22	Statutes, section 297A	.94, paragraph (h	<u>),</u>		
43.23	clause (5).				
43.24	Sec. 8. SCIENCE MU	JSEUM	<u>\$</u>	1,079,000 \$	1,079,000
43.25	Sec. 9. EXPLORE M	INNESOTA TO	URISM §	14,404,000 \$	14,344,000
43.26	(a) \$500,000 the first y	ear and \$500,000	0 the		
43.27	second year must be m	atched from non	state_		
43.28	sources to develop max	ximum private se	ector		
43.29	involvement in tourism	n. Each \$1 of stat	<u>e</u>		
43.30	incentive must be mate	ched with \$6 of p	<u>rivate</u>		
43.31	sector money. "Matche	ed" means revenu	ie to		
43.32	the state or documente	d cash expenditu	res		
43.33	directly expended to su	apport Explore			
43.34	Minnesota Tourism pro	ograms. Up to one	e-half		

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Service and a nonprofit partner. The school 45.24

trust lands director may use these funds for 45.25

45.26 project costs, including but not limited to

environmental assessments, valuation 45.27

transactional staff costs. This is a onetime 45.29

appropriation and is available until June 30, 45.30

expenses, legal fees, closing costs, and

2019 2021. 45.31

45.28

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 45.32

ARTICLE 2 46.1 46.2 ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST FUND 46.3 Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS. The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies 46.4 and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the environment 46.5 and natural resources trust fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal 46.6 years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2020" and "2021" used in this article mean 46.7 that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 46.8 2020, or June 30, 2021, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2020. "The second year" 46.9 is fiscal year 2021. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2020 and 2021. 46.10 **APPROPRIATIONS** 46.11 Available for the Year 46.12 **Ending June 30** 46.13 46.14 2019 **2020** 2021 46.15 Sec. 2. MINNESOTA RESOURCES Subdivision 1. Total 46.16 \$ 2,940,000 \$ 61,387,000 \$ **Appropriation** -0-46.17 46.18 The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following 46.19 46.20 subdivisions. Appropriations for fiscal year 46.21 2019 are available the day following final enactment and are available until June 30, 46.22 2022, unless otherwise stated in the 46.23 appropriation. Appropriations in the first year 46.24 are available for three years beginning July 1, 46.25 46.26 2019, unless otherwise stated in the appropriation. Any unencumbered balance 46.27 remaining in the first year does not cancel and 46.28 is available for the second year or until the 46.29 46.30 end of the appropriation. Subd. 2. **Definition** 46.31 "Trust fund" means the Minnesota 46.32 46.33 environment and natural resources trust fund established under the Minnesota Constitution, 46.34 46.35 article XI, section 14.

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48.1	an agreement with the Hawk Ridge Bird
48.2	Observatory to quantify the exposure and
48.3	health risk of two environmental neurotoxins
48.4	to Minnesota raptors.
48.5 48.6	(d) Minnesota Trumpeter Swan Migration Ecology and Conservation
48.7	\$300,000 the first year is from the trust fund
48.8	to the Board of Regents of the University of
48.9	Minnesota to document the movement and
48.10	habitat use of Minnesota trumpeter swans to
48.11	provide foundational information necessary
48.12	for trumpeter swan management and
48.13	conservation. This appropriation is available
48.14	until June 30, 2023, by which time the project
48.15	must be completed and final products
48.16	delivered.
48.17 48.18	(e) Spruce Grouse as Indicators for Boreal Forest Connectivity
10.10	00500001 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
48.19	\$350,000 the first year is from the trust fund
48.19	to the Board of Regents of the University of
	<u> </u>
48.20	to the Board of Regents of the University of
48.20 48.21	to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for the Raptor Center to evaluate
48.20 48.21 48.22	to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for the Raptor Center to evaluate how to best harvest timber in the boreal forest
48.20 48.21 48.22 48.23	to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for the Raptor Center to evaluate how to best harvest timber in the boreal forest to enable wildlife with small home ranges,
48.20 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24	to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for the Raptor Center to evaluate how to best harvest timber in the boreal forest to enable wildlife with small home ranges, such as spruce grouse, to thrive in a changing
48.20 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 48.25	to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for the Raptor Center to evaluate how to best harvest timber in the boreal forest to enable wildlife with small home ranges, such as spruce grouse, to thrive in a changing landscape. This appropriation is available until
48.20 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 48.25 48.26	to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for the Raptor Center to evaluate how to best harvest timber in the boreal forest to enable wildlife with small home ranges, such as spruce grouse, to thrive in a changing landscape. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2023, by which time the project must
48.20 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 48.25 48.26 48.27	to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for the Raptor Center to evaluate how to best harvest timber in the boreal forest to enable wildlife with small home ranges, such as spruce grouse, to thrive in a changing landscape. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2023, by which time the project must be completed and final products delivered. (f) Understanding Brainworm Transmission to
48.20 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 48.25 48.26 48.27 48.28 48.29	Minnesota for the Raptor Center to evaluate how to best harvest timber in the boreal forest to enable wildlife with small home ranges, such as spruce grouse, to thrive in a changing landscape. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2023, by which time the project must be completed and final products delivered. (f) Understanding Brainworm Transmission to Find Solutions for Minnesota Moose Decline
48.20 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 48.25 48.26 48.27 48.28 48.29 48.30	to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for the Raptor Center to evaluate how to best harvest timber in the boreal forest to enable wildlife with small home ranges, such as spruce grouse, to thrive in a changing landscape. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2023, by which time the project must be completed and final products delivered. (f) Understanding Brainworm Transmission to Find Solutions for Minnesota Moose Decline \$400,000 the first year is from the trust fund
48.20 48.21 48.22 48.23 48.24 48.25 48.26 48.27 48.28 48.29 48.30 48.31	to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for the Raptor Center to evaluate how to best harvest timber in the boreal forest to enable wildlife with small home ranges, such as spruce grouse, to thrive in a changing landscape. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2023, by which time the project must be completed and final products delivered. (f) Understanding Brainworm Transmission to Find Solutions for Minnesota Moose Decline \$400,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the Board of Regents of the University of

49.1	management to mitigate moose exposure to
49.2	this deadly condition.
49.3 49.4	(g) Mapping Habitat Use and Disease of Urban Carnivores
49.5	\$500,000 the first year is from the trust fund
49.6	to the Board of Regents of the University of
49.7	Minnesota to map habitat use and diseases of
49.8	urban foxes and coyotes, evaluate risks these
49.9	animals may pose to people and pets, and
49.10	generate information needed to reduce
49.11	human-wildlife conflicts.
49.12	(h) Accelerated Aggregate Resource Mapping
49.13	\$700,000 the first year is from the trust fund
49.14	to the commissioner of natural resources to
49.15	map the aggregate resource potential for four
49.16	counties and make this information available
49.17	in print and electronic format to local units of
49.18	government for use in planning and zoning.
49.19 49.20	(i) Den Boxes for Fishers and Other Nesting Wildlife
49.21	\$190,000 the first year is from the trust fund
49.22	to the Board of Regents of the University of
49.23	Minnesota for the Natural Resources Research
49.24	Institute in Duluth to build, install, and
49.25	evaluate den boxes as habitat enhancement
49.26	for fishers and other cavity-nesting wildlife in
49.27	managed forests where a lack of large trees
49.28	may be threatening population survival. The
49.29	final outcome for the project must include
49.30	guidelines and best practices for use of den
49.31	boxes for fisher habitat.
49.32 49.33	(j) Red-Headed Woodpeckers as Indicators of Oak Savanna Health
49.34	\$171,000 the first year is from the trust fund
49.35	to the Board of Regents of the University of

50.1	Minnesota to evaluate red-headed woodpecker
50.2	survival and habitat needs and to use this data
50.3	to develop and disseminate a long-term oak
50.4	savanna management plan that supports
50.5	red-headed woodpeckers and other oak
50.6	savanna habitat-dependent species.
50.7 50.8	(k) Implementing Conservation Plans for Avian Species of Concern
50.9	\$124,000 the first year is from the trust fund
50.10	to the commissioner of natural resources for
50.11	an agreement with the National Audubon
50.12	Society, Minnesota office, to establish
50.13	benchmark survey sites for implementing and
50.14	tracking outcomes of collaborative restoration
50.15	and enhancement activities within Important
50.16	Bird Areas for three bird species of
50.17	conservation concern.
50.18	(1) Mapping Aquatic Habitats for Moose
50.19	\$199,000 the first year is from the trust fund
50.20	to the Board of Regents of the University of
50.21	Minnesota to determine key water habitats
50.22	used by moose in northern forested regions of
50.23	Minnesota, measure the effects of moose
50.24	foraging on aquatic plant and fish diversity,
50.25	and provide educational programming
50.26	materials for the public.
50.27 50.28	(m) Improving Statewide GIS Data by Restoring the Public Land Survey
50.29	\$135,000 the first year is from the trust fund
50.30	to the commissioner of natural resources for
50.31	an agreement with the Minnesota Association
50.32	of County Surveyors to conduct a pilot project
50.33	with Grant County to remonument and certify
50.34	the public land survey corners in Lawrence
50.35	Township. This appropriation is available until

51.1	June 30, 2021, by which time the project must
51.2	be completed and final products delivered.
51.3 51.4	(n) County Geologic Atlases - Part A, Mapping Geology
51.5	\$2,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
51.6	to the Board of Regents of the University of
51.7	Minnesota, Minnesota Geological Survey, to
51.8	continue producing county geologic atlases to
51.9	inform management of surface water and
51.10	groundwater resources. This appropriation is
51.11	to complete Part A, which focuses on the
51.12	properties and distribution of earth materials
51.13	to define aquifer boundaries and the
51.14	connection of aquifers to the land surface and
51.15	surface water resources.
51.16 51.17	(o) County Geologic Atlases - Part B, Mapping Aquifer Hydrology
51.18	\$2,400,000 the first year is from the trust fund
51.19	to the commissioner of natural resources to
51.20	continue producing county geologic atlases to
51.21	inform management of surface water and
51.22	groundwater resources for drinking water and
51.23	other purposes. This appropriation is for Part
51.24	B, which uses the geologic formations mapped
51.25	in Part A of the county geologic atlases to
51.26	characterize the potential water yields of
51.27	aquifers and the aquifers' sensitivity to
51.28	contamination.
51.29 51.30	(p) Unlocking Science of Minnesota's Moose Decline
51.31	\$199,000 the first year is from the trust fund
51.32	to the Minnesota Zoological Garden to
51.33	develop educational displays, interactive
51.34	exhibits, and engaging online programs that
51.35	summarize and share scientific findings about

52.1	moose decline in Minnesota. This
52.2	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021,
52.3	by which time the project must be completed
52.4	and final products delivered.
52.5	(q) Forest and Bioeconomy Research
52.6	\$2,200,000 the first year is to the Board of
52.7	Regents of the University of Minnesota for
52.8	academic and applied research through
52.9	MnDRIVE at the Natural Resources Research
52.10	Institute to develop and demonstrate
52.11	technologies that enhance the long-term health
52.12	of Minnesota's forests, extend the viability of
52.13	current forest-based industries, and accelerate
52.14	emerging industry opportunities. Of this
52.15	amount, \$500,000 is to support development
52.16	of a forest optimization tool for Minnesota
52.17	forest resources, \$800,000 is for maintenance
52.18	and expansion of the Natural Resource Atlas
52.19	to statewide coverage, \$400,000 is to the
52.20	Minnesota Forest Resource Council for
52.21	continued advancement of biochar
52.22	development and application to forest health,
52.23	and \$500,000 is to advance emerging
52.24	Minnesota technologies to produce clean
52.25	syngas to drive high-value markets for forest
52.26	biomass feedstocks.
52.27	(r) Minerals and Water Research
52.28	\$883,000 the first year is to the Board of
52.29	Regents of the University of Minnesota for
52.30	academic and applied research through
52.31	MnDRIVE at the Natural Resources Research
52.32	Institute to develop and demonstrate
52.33	technologies that enhance long-term
52.34	Minnesota mineral opportunities. Of this
52.35	amount:

53.1	(1) \$300,000 is to support continued applied
53.2	research to advance new technologies to
53.3	improve water quality;
53.4	(2) \$275,000 is to initiate the characterization
53.5	of western Mesabi iron resources and
53.6	development of next-generation Minnesota
53.7	iron products;
53.8	(3) \$158,000 is to develop emerging
53.9	hydrometallurgy technology to support
53.10	high-value mineral product development in
53.11	Minnesota; and
53.12	(4) \$150,000 is to support efforts of the
53.13	Natural Resources Research Institute to
53.14	accelerate demonstration of high-capacity,
53.15	cost-effective energy storage using
53.16	Minnesota's historical auxiliary mine lands.
53.17	This research must be conducted in
53.18	consultation with the Minerals Coordinating
53.19	Committee established under Minnesota
53.20	Statutes, section 93.0015.
53.21	(s) Native Bee Survey
53.22	\$600,000 the first year is from the trust fund
53.23	to the commissioner of natural resources to
53.24	continue to assess the current status and
53.25	distribution of native bee pollinators in
53.26	Minnesota by expanding surveys into the
53.27	coniferous-deciduous forest region of
53.28	Minnesota and facilitating interagency
53.29	collaboration and public outreach on
53.30	pollinators.
53.31	(t) Diagnostic Test for Chronic Wasting Disease
53.32	\$1,804,000 in fiscal year 2019 is from the trust
53.33	fund to the Board of Regents of the University

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55.1	improvements achieved through this work
55.2	must be documented.
55.3 55.4	(d) Quantifying Microplastics in Minnesota's Inland Lakes
55.5	\$200,000 the first year is from the trust fund
55.6	to the Board of Regents of the University of
55.7	Minnesota for the Natural Resources Research
55.8	Institute in Duluth to quantify the amount,
55.9	type, and source of microplastics in the water,
55.10	sediment, and fishes of a range of Minnesota
55.11	lakes.
55.12 55.13	(e) Improving Nitrogen Removal in Greater Minnesota Wastewater Treatment Ponds
55.14	\$325,000 the first year is from the trust fund
55.15	to the Board of Regents of the University of
55.16	Minnesota to assess cold weather nitrogen
55.17	cycling and different aeration methods to
55.18	improve the efficacy of Minnesota's
55.19	underperforming wastewater treatment ponds.
55.20 55.21	(f) Improving Drinking Water for Minnesotans through Pollution Prevention
55.22	\$345,000 the first year is from the trust fund
55.23	to the Board of Regents of the University of
55.24	Minnesota to reduce exposure of Minnesotans
55.25	to a toxic, cancer-causing chemical by
55.26	identifying key pollutant precursor sources in
55.27	the upper Mississippi River watershed and
55.28	assessing options to reduce the formation of
55.29	this chemical during drinking water treatment.
55.30 55.31	(g) Protecting Minnesota Waters by Removing Contaminants from Wastewater
55.32	\$250,000 the first year is from the trust fund
55.33	to the Board of Regents of the University of
55.34	Minnesota to develop methods for treatment
55.35	plants to remove harmful polyfluoroalkyl

environment. This appropriation is subject to

Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.10.

56.33

56.34

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57.1 57.2	(k) Accelerating Perennial Crop Production to Prevent Nitrate Leaching
57.3	\$440,000 the first year is from the trust fund
57.4	to the commissioner of natural resources for
57.5	an agreement with the Stearns County Soil
57.6	and Water Conservation District to reduce
57.7	nitrate leaching on sandy soils of central
57.8	Minnesota by developing water-efficient
57.9	production methods, supply chains, and
57.10	end-use markets for three perennial crops:
57.11	Kernza, prairie species, and alfalfa. Net
57.12	income from the sale of products or assets
57.13	developed or acquired through this project
57.14	may be reinvested as described in the work
57.15	plan approved by the Legislative-Citizen
57.16	Commission on Minnesota Resources
57.17	according to Minnesota Statutes, section
57.18	116P.10.
57.19 57.20	(l) Farm-Ready Cover Crops for Protecting Water Quality
57.21	\$741,000 the first year is from the trust fund
57.22	to the Minnesota State Colleges and
57.23	Universities System for Central Lakes College
57.24	to demonstrate conservation benefits of using
57.25	camelina and kura clover as continuous living
57.26	cover with corn-soybean rotations and to
57.27	develop secondary markets to increase farmer
57.28	adoption of this practice for protecting water
57.29	quality in vulnerable wellhead protection
57.30	areas. This appropriation is subject to
57.31	Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.10.
57.32 57.33	(m) Setting Realistic Nitrate Reduction Goals in Southeast Minnesota
57.34	\$350,000 the first year is from the trust fund
57.35	to the Board of Regents of the University of
57.36	Minnesota to develop advanced water-flow

58.1	and age-dating tools to improve the ability of
58.2	state agencies to assess how well nitrate
58.3	reduction best management practices are
58.4	working in southeastern Minnesota.
58.5 58.6	(n) Mapping Unprofitable Cropland for Water and Wildlife
58.7	\$100,000 the first year is from the trust fund
58.8	to the Science Museum of Minnesota for the
58.9	St. Croix Watershed Research Station to
58.10	conduct the first statewide analysis that maps
58.11	the extent of Minnesota's unprofitable
58.12	cropland and estimates both the water-quality
58.13	and habitat benefits of converting these lands
58.14	to perennial crops and vegetation. This
58.15	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021,
58.16	by which time the project must be completed
58.17	and final products delivered.
58.18 58.19	(o) Evaluating Locally Sourced Materials for Road Salt Reduction
58.20	\$162,000 the first year is from the trust fund
58.21	to the Board of Regents of the University of
58.22	Minnesota for the Natural Resources Research
58.23	Institute in Duluth to evaluate the effectiveness
58.24	and benefits of using locally sourced wood
58.25	chips, corncobs, and iron-bearing minerals as
58.26	alternative abrasive materials to lower salt use
58.27	for protecting Minnesota's water resources.
58.28	This appropriation is subject to Minnesota
58.29	Statutes, section 116P.10. This appropriation
58.30	is available until June 30, 2021, by which time
58.31	the project must be completed and final
58.32	products delivered.
58.33	(p) Minnesota Spring Inventory Final Phase
58.34	\$71,000 the first year is from the trust fund to
58.35	the commissioner of natural resources to

59.1	complete the Minnesota Spring Inventory that
59.2	identifies, catalogs, and assists resource
59.3	managers in monitoring, assessing, and
59.4	protecting important and threatened statewide
59.5	water springs. This appropriation is available
59.6	until June 30, 2021, by which time the project
59.7	must be completed and final products
59.8	delivered.
59.9 59.10	(q) Restoring Impaired Lakes through Citizen-Aided Carp Management
59.11	\$106,000 the first year is from the trust fund
59.12	to the commissioner of natural resources for
59.13	an agreement with the Carver County Water
59.14	Management Organization to quantify water
59.15	quality improvements and the
59.16	cost-effectiveness of a new citizen-aided carp
59.17	management method for restoring impaired
59.18	lakes in Minnesota.
59.19 59.20	(r) Spring Biological Nitrate Removal to Protect Drinking Water
59.21	\$175,000 the first year is from the trust fund
59.22	to the commissioner of natural resources for
59.23	an agreement with the city of Fairmont to
59.24	build and demonstrate the effectiveness of an
59.25	experimental passive biological treatment
59.26	system to reduce nitrates that enter the city's
59.27	springtime water supply source.
59.28 59.29	(s) Degrading Chlorinated Industrial Contaminants with Bacteria
59.30	\$1,000 the first year is from the trust fund to
59.31	the Board of Regents of the University of
	the board of Regents of the Oniversity of
59.32	Minnesota to determine the best way to
59.3259.3359.34	Minnesota to determine the best way to

60.1	following final enactment, the following
60.2	amounts from unobligated appropriations to
60.3	the Board of Regents of the University of
60.4	Minnesota are transferred and added to this
60.5	appropriation: \$75,000 in Laws 2016, chapter
60.6	186, section 2, subdivision 4, paragraph (l),
60.7	and \$74,000 in Laws 2016, chapter 186,
60.8	section 2, subdivision 6, paragraph (b).
60.9	(t) Managed Aquifer Recharge
60.10	\$350,000 the first year is to the Board of
60.11	Regents of the University of Minnesota, Water
60.12	Resources Center, for a comprehensive study
60.13	of the economic benefits of managed aquifer
60.14	recharge and to make recommendations to
60.15	enhance and replenish Minnesota's
60.16	groundwater resources. The study must
60.17	include, but is not limited to:
60.18	(1) examining the potential benefits of
60.19	enhancing groundwater recharge in
60.20	water-stressed areas;
60.21	(2) assessing the relationship to changing
60.22	seasonality and intensity of precipitation on
60.23	groundwater recharge rates;
60.24	(3) reviewing the approaches to manage
60.25	recharge in geologically appropriate areas;
60.26	(4) identifying policy options, costs, and
60.27	barriers to recharging groundwater; and
60.28	(5) assessing the economic returns of options
60.29	for groundwater recharge.
60.30	In conducting the study, the Water Resources
60.31	Center must convene a stakeholder group and
60.32	provide for public participation.

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as introduced

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Economic Resilience	<u> </u>		
\$500,000 the first year is from the trust	fund		
to the commissioner of natural resource	s for		
an agreement with Rural Renewable En	ergy		
Alliance to install a 200-kW White Eart	<u>:h</u>		
community-owned solar garden to redu	<u>ce</u>		
greenhouse gas emissions, increase econ	nomic		
development through environmental educ	cation		
and solar workforce training, and impro	ve		
energy resilience.			
(c) Sustainable Solar Energy from Ag Plant By-Products	ricultural		
\$185,000 the first year is from the trust	fund		
to the Board of Regents of the Universit	ty of		
Minnesota, Morris, to use regional plant-	based		
agricultural by-products to fabricate solar	r cells		
for creating renewable and affordable en	nergy.		
(d) Morris Energy and Environment Co Resilience Plan	ommunity		
\$150,000 the first year is from the trust	fund		
to the commissioner of natural resource	s for		
an agreement with the city of Morris to			
develop and begin implementing comm	<u>unity</u>		
resilience plans for energy and the			
environment and to create a model guid	e for		
other Minnesota communities to create	<u>and</u>		
implement their own plans.			
Subd. 8. Methods to Protect or Restore Land, Water, and Habitat	806,000	5,960,000	-0-
(a) Saving Endangered Pollinators the Data-Driven Prairie Restoration	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	<u> </u>
\$800,000 the first year is from the trust	fund.		
Of this amount, \$630,000 is to the Minn	esota		
Zoological Garden and \$170,000 is to the	ne		

65.1	commissioner of natural resources to
65.2	reestablish populations of Minnesota's
65.3	imperiled butterflies through reintroductions
65.4	and prairie restorations and by developing
65.5	foundational habitat recommendations for
65.6	preventing future extinctions. This
65.7	appropriation is available until June 30, 2023,
65.8	by which time the project must be completed
65.9	and final products delivered.
65.10 65.11	(b) Promoting and Restoring Oak Savanna Using Silvopasture
65.12	\$750,000 the first year is from the trust fund
65.13	to the Board of Regents of the University of
65.14	Minnesota to demonstrate, evaluate, and
65.15	increase adoption of the combined use of
65.16	intensive tree, forage, and livestock
65.17	management as a method to restore threatened
65.18	oak savanna habitats.
65.19 65.20	(c) Sauk River Dam Removal and Rock Rapids Replacement
65.21	\$2,768,000 the first year is from the trust fund
65.22	to the commissioner of natural resources for
65.23	an agreement with the city of Melrose to
65.24	remove an existing fixed-elevation dam,
65.25	construct a rock arch rapids, and conduct
65.26	in-stream and shoreline habitat restoration to
65.27	improve water quality and native fish passage
65.28	in the Sauk River. This project requires a
65.29	match of at least \$1,400,000 that must be
65.30	secured before trust fund money is spent. At
65.31	least \$700,000 of this match must come from
65.32	the city of Melrose. City of Melrose expenses
65.33	for the Sauk River dam removal and rock
65.34	'1 1 . ' 11 C T 1 1
	rapids replacement incurred before July 1,

66.1 66.2	(d) Conserving and Monitoring Minnesota's Rare Arctic Plants
66.3	\$135,000 the first year is from the trust fund
66.4	to the Board of Regents of the University of
66.5	Minnesota to provide monitoring and invasive
66.6	species removal to conserve rare and
66.7	endangered arctic plants on Minnesota's North
66.8	Shore. This appropriation is available until
66.9	June 30, 2023, by which time the project must
66.10	be completed and final products delivered.
66.11	(e) Nongame Wildlife Program Acceleration
66.12	\$513,000 the first year is from the trust fund
66.13	to the commissioner of natural resources to
66.14	accelerate the nongame wildlife program,
66.15	including rare wildlife data collection, habitat
66.16	management, collaborative land protection,
66.17	conservation education, and a new emphasis
66.18	on promoting nature tourism to benefit
66.19	wildlife, visitors, and rural communities.
66.20	(f) Lawns to Legumes
66.21	\$806,000 in fiscal year 2019 and \$94,000 the
66.22	first year are from the trust fund to the Board
66.23	of Water and Soil Resources for demonstration
66.24	projects that provide grants or payments to
66.25	plant residential lawns with native vegetation
66.26	and pollinator-friendly forbs and legumes to
66.27	protect a diversity of pollinators. The board
66.28	must establish criteria for grants or payments
66.29	awarded under this section. Grants or
66.30	payments awarded under this section may be
66.31	made for up to 75 percent of the costs of the
66.32	project, except that in areas identified by the
66.33	United States Fish and Wildlife Service as
66.34	areas where there is a high potential for rusty
66.35	patched bumble bees to be present, grants may

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68.1	for local nature-based recreation, connections
68.2	to regional and state natural areas, and
68.3	recreation facilities and not for athletic
68.4	facilities such as sport fields, courts, and
68.5	playgrounds.
68.6 68.7	(c) Minnesota State Parks and State Trails <u>In-Holdings</u>
68.8	\$2,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
68.9	to the commissioner of natural resources to
68.10	acquire high-priority in-holdings from willing
68.11	sellers within the legislatively authorized
68.12	boundaries of state parks and trails to protect
68.13	Minnesota's natural heritage, enhance outdoor
68.14	recreational opportunities, and improve the
68.15	efficiency of public land management.
68.16	Priorities include but are not limited to
68.17	Minneopa, St. Croix, Frontenac, and Crow
68.18	Wing State Parks. A list of proposed
68.19	acquisitions is required in the work plan.
68.20	(d) Minnesota State Trails Development
68.21	\$5,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
68.22	to the commissioner of natural resources to
68.23	expand high-priority recreational opportunities
68.24	on Minnesota's state trails by developing new
68.25	trail segments and rehabilitating, improving,
68.26	and enhancing existing state trails.
68.27	High-priority trail bridges to rehabilitate or
68.28	replace include, but are not limited to, those
68.29	on the Arrowhead, Central Lakes,
68.30	Harmony-Preston Valley, Matthew Lourey,
68.31	and North Shore State Trails. High-priority
68.32	trail segments to develop and enhance include,
68.33	but are not limited to, the Paul Bunyan,
68.34	Gateway, Heartland, Gitchi Gami, and
68.35	Minnesota Valley State Trails. A proposed list

69.1	of trail projects on legislatively authorized
69.2	state trails is required in the work plan. This
69.3	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021,
69.4	by which time the project must be completed
69.5	and final products delivered.
69.6	(e) National Loon Center
69.7	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
69.8	to the commissioner of natural resources for
69.9	an agreement with the National Loon Center
69.10	Foundation, in partnership with a fiscal agent
69.11	to be approved by the Legislative-Citizen
69.12	Commission on Minnesota Resources, to
69.13	construct an approximately 15,000-square-foot
69.14	National Loon Center in Cross Lake dedicated
69.15	to loon survival, loon habitat protection and
69.16	research, and recreation. Of this amount, up
69.17	to \$1,449,000 is for planning, design, and
69.18	construction of approximately six outdoor
69.19	demonstration learning kiosks, interpretive
69.20	trails, boardwalks and boat docks, a fishing
69.21	dock, and native landscaping along
69.22	approximately 3,100 feet of shoreline. Any
69.23	remaining funds are for planning, engineering,
69.24	and constructing the building and indoor
69.25	exhibits. A land lease commitment of at least
69.26	25 years and fiscal sponsorship must be
69.27	secured before any trust fund money is spent.
69.28	This project requires a match of at least
69.29	\$6,000,000. At least \$2,000,000 of this match
69.30	must come from nonstate sources. If naming
69.31	rights will be conveyed, the National Loon
69.32	Center Foundation must include a plan for this
69.33	in the work plan. All matching funds must be
69.34	legally committed before any trust fund money
69.35	may be spent on planning activities for or

70.1	construction of the building and indoor
70.2	exhibits. Net income generated from
70.3	admissions, naming rights, and memberships
70.4	to the National Loon Center as a result of trust
70.5	fund contributions may be reinvested in the
70.6	center's long-term loon conservation efforts
70.7	as described in the work plan approved by the
70.8	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
70.9	Resources according to Minnesota Statutes,
70.10	section 116P.10.
70.11	(f) Accessible Fishing Piers
70.12	\$320,000 the first year is from the trust fund
70.13	to the commissioner of natural resources to
70.14	provide accessible fishing piers in locations
70.15	that have a high potential to serve new angling
70.16	communities, underserved populations, and
70.17	anglers with physical disabilities. This
70.18	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021,
70.19	by which time the project must be completed
70.20	and final products delivered.
70.21	(g) Mesabi Trail Extensions
70.22	\$3,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
70.23	to the commissioner of natural resources for
70.24	an agreement with the St. Louis and Lake
70.25	Counties Regional Railroad Authority for
70.26	environmental assessment, permitting,
70.27	right-of-way easements or other acquisition
70.28	as needed, and engineering for and
70.29	construction of four trail segments beginning
70.30	and ending at the following approximate
70.31	locations: Darwin Meyers Wildlife
70.32	Management Area to County Road 21,
70.33	Embarrass to Kugler, County Road 128 to the
70.34	Eagles Nest Town Hall, and Wolf Creek to
70.35	the Highway 169 underpass.

71.1	(h) Birch Lake Recreation Area Campground
71.2	\$350,000 the first year is from the trust fund
71.3	to the commissioner of natural resources for
71.4	an agreement with the city of Babbitt to
71.5	expand Birch Lake Recreation Area by adding
71.6	a new campground for recreational vehicles
71.7	and tent campers. This project requires a
71.8	match of at least \$2,800,000 that must be
71.9	secured before trust fund money is spent. At
71.10	least \$800,000 of this match must come from
71.11	the city of Babbitt. Net income generated from
71.12	admissions to the campground created as a
71.13	result of trust fund contributions may be
71.14	reinvested into the campground's long-term
71.15	operations as described in the work plan
71.16	approved by the Legislative-Citizen
71.17	Commission on Minnesota Resources
71.18	according to Minnesota Statutes, section
71.19	<u>116P.10.</u>
71.20	(i) Britton Peak to Lutsen Mountain Bike Trail
71.21	\$350,000 the first year are from the trust fund
71.22	to the commissioner of natural resources for
71.23	an agreement with the Superior Cycling
71.24	Association to create a sustainably designed
71.25	single-track mountain bike trail connecting
71.26	trail clusters and trailheads between Britton
71.27	Peak in Tofte and Lutsen Mountains as part
71.28	of northeast Minnesota's effort to become a
71.29	national recreation destination. This
71.30	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021,
71.31	by which time the project must be completed
71.32	and final products delivered.
71.33 71.34	(j) Preserving Avon Hills with Reverse-Bidding

72.1	\$1,600,000 the first year is from the trust fund
72.2	to the commissioner of natural resources for
72.3	an agreement with Saint John's University in
72.4	cooperation with Minnesota Land Trust to
72.5	restore and enhance protected lands, provide
72.6	public outreach, and prepare management
72.7	plans for and use a reverse-bid ranking system
72.8	to secure permanent conservation easements
72.9	on high-quality natural habitat in the Avon
72.10	Hills area of Stearns County. Of this amount,
72.11	up to \$168,000 is for use by Minnesota Land
72.12	Trust in a monitoring fund as approved in the
72.13	work plan and subject to Minnesota Statutes,
72.14	section 116P.20. An annual financial report is
72.15	required for any monitoring, management, and
72.16	enforcement fund, including expenditures from
72.17	the fund. A proposed list of acquisitions and
72.18	restorations must be provided in the work plan.
72.19	This appropriation is available until June 30,
72.20	2024, by which time the project must be
72.21	completed and final products delivered.
72.22	(k) Bailey Lake Trail and Fishing Pier
72.23	\$550,000 the first year is from the trust fund
72.24	to the commissioner of natural resources for
72.25	an agreement with the city of Virginia to
72.26	reconstruct the existing Bailey Lake Trail and
72.27	construct a new fishing pier on Bailey Lake
72.28	that is accessible from the trail.
72.29	(1) Vergas Long Lake Trail
72.30	\$290,000 the first year is from the trust fund
72.31	to the commissioner of natural resources for
72.32	an agreement with the city of Vergas to
72.33	construct a bicycle and pedestrian bridge, trail,
72.34	and floating boardwalk along Long Lake
72.35	including shoreline restoration and

73.1	stabilization with native plants. This
73.2	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021,
73.3	by which time the project must be completed
73.4	and final products delivered.
73.5 73.6	(m) Glacial Edge Trail and Downtown Pedestrian Bridge
73.7	\$600,000 the first year is from the trust fund
73.8	to the commissioner of natural resources for
73.9	an agreement with the city of Fergus Falls to
73.10	acquire easements for and construct a trail
73.11	along the Otter Tail River in downtown Fergus
73.12	Falls and a bicycle and pedestrian bridge
73.13	crossing the river. This appropriation is
73.14	available until June 30, 2021, by which time
73.15	the project must be completed and final
73.16	products delivered.
73.17	(n) Crane Lake to Vermilion Falls Trail
73.18	\$400,000 the first year is from the trust fund
73.19	to the commissioner of natural resources for
73.20	an agreement with St. Louis County in
73.21	cooperation with Voyageur Country ATV
73.22	Club to designate and improve a wooded trail
73.23	from Crane Lake to Vermilion Falls to
73.24	accommodate all-terrain vehicle and
73.25	snowmobile users. This appropriation is
73.26	available until June 30, 2021, by which time
73.27	the project must be completed and final
73.28	products delivered.
73.29 73.30	(o) Restoring Five Sections of Superior Hiking Trail
73.31	\$191,000 the first year is from the trust fund
73.32	to the commissioner of natural resources for
73.33	an agreement with the Superior Hiking Trail
73.34	Association to restore and repair the most
73.35	damaged parts of five sections of the Superior

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as introduced

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75.1	specified in this section. The commissioner		
75.2	must provide documentation to the		
75.3	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota		
75.4	Resources on the expenditure of these funds.		
75.5	This appropriation is available until June 30,		
75.6	2021, by which time the project must be		
75.7	completed and final products delivered.		
75.8 75.9	(b) Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota Resources (LCCMR) Administration		
75.10	\$1,400,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
75.11	to the Legislative-Citizen Commission on		
75.12	Minnesota Resources for administration in		
75.13	fiscal years 2020 and 2021 as provided in		
75.14	Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.09,		
75.15	subdivision 5.		
75.16 75.17	(c) Legislative Coordinating Commission (LCC) Administration		
75.18	\$3,000 the first year is from the trust fund to		
75.19	the Legislative Coordinating Commission for		
75.20	the website required in Minnesota Statutes,		
75.21	section 3.303, subdivision 10.		
75.22	(d) Grants Management System		
75.23	\$330,000 in fiscal year 2019 is from the trust		
75.24	fund to the Legislative-Citizen Commission		
75.25	on Minnesota Resources to develop, enhance,		
75.26	and maintain a management system for project		
75.27	records.		
75.28	Subd. 11. Wastewater Treatment		
75.29	Recommendations	500,000	<u>-0-</u>
75.30	(a) Water Infrastructure Loans		
75.31	Up to \$5,000,000 of the money in the trust		
75.32	fund is available to the State Board of		
75.33	Investment to invest in loans through the		
75.34	Public Facilities Authority's clean water		

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as introduced

76.1	revolving fund under Minnesota Statutes,
76.2	section 446A.07. Notwithstanding Minnesota
76.3	Statutes, section 446A.07, repayments of
76.4	principal and interest and any investment
76.5	income must be credited to the trust fund and
76.6	are available for reinvestment in the clean
76.7	water revolving fund.
76.8 76.9	(b) Optimizing Local Mechanical and Pond Wastewater-Treatment Plants
76.10	\$500,000 the first year is from the trust fund
76.11	to the commissioner of the Pollution Control
76.12	Agency for the pilot program created under
76.13	Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 4, section 2,
76.14	subdivision 4, paragraph (a). This
76.15	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021,
76.16	by which time projects must be completed and
76.17	final products delivered.
76.18	Subd. 12. Availability of Appropriations
76.19	Money appropriated in this section may not
76.20	be spent on activities unless they are directly
76.21	related to and necessary for a specific
76.22	appropriation and are specified in the work
76.23	plan approved by the Legislative-Citizen
76.24	Commission on Minnesota Resources. Money
76.25	appropriated in this section must not be spent
76.26	on indirect costs or other institutional overhead
76.27	charges that are not directly related to and
76.28	necessary for a specific appropriation. Costs
76.29	that are directly related to and necessary for
76.30	an appropriation, including financial services,
76.31	human resources, information services, rent,
76.32	and utilities, are eligible only if the costs can
76.33	be clearly justified and individually
76.34	documented specific to the appropriation's
76.35	purpose and would not be generated by the

77.1	recipient but for receipt of the appropriation.
77.2	No broad allocations for costs in either dollars
77.3	or percentages are allowed. Unless otherwise
77.4	provided, the amounts in this section are
77.5	available until June 30, 2022, when projects
77.6	must be completed and final products
77.7	delivered. For acquisition of real property, the
77.8	appropriations in this section are available for
77.9	an additional fiscal year if a binding contract
77.10	for acquisition of the real property is entered
77.11	into before the expiration date of the
77.12	appropriation. If a project receives a federal
77.13	grant, the time period of the appropriation is
77.14	extended to equal the federal grant period.
77.15	Subd. 13. Data Availability Requirements
77.16	Data collected by the projects funded under
77.17	this section must conform to guidelines and
77.18	standards adopted by MN.IT Services. Spatial
77.19	data must also conform to additional
77.20	guidelines and standards designed to support
77.21	data coordination and distribution that have
77.22	been published by the Minnesota Geospatial
77.23	Information Office. Descriptions of spatial
77.24	data must be prepared as specified in the state's
77.25	geographic metadata guideline and must be
77.26	submitted to the Minnesota Geospatial
77.27	Information Office. All data must be
77.28	accessible and free to the public unless made
77.29	private under the Data Practices Act,
77.30	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13. To the extent
77.31	practicable, summary data and results of
77.32	projects funded under this section should be
77.33	readily accessible on the Internet and
77.34	identified as having received funding from the
77.35	environment and natural resources trust fund.

Subd. 14. Project Requirements

78.2	(a) As a condition of accepting an
78.3	appropriation under this section, an agency or
78.4	entity receiving an appropriation or a party to
78.5	an agreement from an appropriation must
78.6	comply with paragraphs (b) to (l) and
78.7	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116P, and must
78.8	submit a work plan and annual or semiannual
78.9	progress reports in the form determined by the
78.10	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
78.11	Resources for any project funded in whole or
78.12	in part with funds from the appropriation.
78.13	Modifications to the approved work plan and
78.14	budget expenditures must be made through
78.15	the amendment process established by the
78.16	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
78.17	Resources.
78.18	(b) A recipient of money appropriated in this
78.19	section that conducts a restoration using funds
78.20	appropriated in this section must use native
78.21	plant species according to the Board of Water
78.22	and Soil Resources' native vegetation
78.23	establishment and enhancement guidelines
78.24	and include an appropriate diversity of native
78.25	species selected to provide habitat for
78.26	pollinators throughout the growing season as
78.27	required under Minnesota Statutes, section
78.28	<u>84.973.</u>
78.29	(c) For all restorations conducted with money
78.30	appropriated under this section, a recipient
78.31	must prepare an ecological restoration and
78.32	management plan that, to the degree
78.33	practicable, is consistent with the
78.34	highest-quality conservation and ecological
78.35	goals for the restoration site. Consideration

79.1	should be given to soil, geology, topography,
79.2	and other relevant factors that would provide
79.3	the best chance for long-term success and
79.4	durability of the restoration project. The plan
79.5	must include the proposed timetable for
79.6	implementing the restoration, including site
79.7	preparation, establishment of diverse plant
79.8	species, maintenance, and additional
79.9	enhancement to establish the restoration;
79.10	identify long-term maintenance and
79.11	management needs of the restoration and how
79.12	the maintenance, management, and
79.13	enhancement will be financed; and take
79.14	advantage of the best-available science and
79.15	include innovative techniques to achieve the
79.16	best restoration.
79.17	(d) An entity receiving an appropriation in this
79.18	section for restoration activities must provide
79.19	an initial restoration evaluation at the
79.20	completion of the appropriation and an
79.21	evaluation three years after the completion of
79.22	the expenditure. Restorations must be
79.23	evaluated relative to the stated goals and
79.24	standards in the restoration plan, current
79.25	science, and, when applicable, the Board of
79.26	Water and Soil Resources' native vegetation
79.27	establishment and enhancement guidelines.
79.28	The evaluation must determine whether the
79.29	restorations are meeting planned goals,
79.30	identify any problems with implementing the
79.31	restorations, and, if necessary, give
79.32	recommendations on improving restorations.
79.33	The evaluation must be focused on improving
79.34	future restorations.

80.1	(e) All restoration and enhancement projects
80.2	<u>funded</u> with money appropriated in this section
80.3	must be on land permanently protected by a
80.4	conservation easement or public ownership.
80.5	(f) A recipient of money from an appropriation
80.6	under this section must give consideration to
80.7	contracting with Conservation Corps
80.8	Minnesota for contract restoration and
80.9	enhancement services.
80.10	(g) All conservation easements acquired with
80.11	money appropriated under this section must:
80.12	(1) be permanent;
80.13	(2) specify the parties to an easement in the
80.14	easement;
80.15	(3) specify all of the provisions of an
80.16	agreement that are permanent;
80.17	(4) be sent to the Legislative-Citizen
80.18	Commission on Minnesota Resources in an
80.19	electronic format at least ten business days
80.20	before closing;
80.20 80.21	before closing;(5) include a long-term monitoring and
80.21	(5) include a long-term monitoring and
80.21 80.22	(5) include a long-term monitoring and enforcement plan and funding for monitoring
80.21 80.22 80.23	(5) include a long-term monitoring and enforcement plan and funding for monitoring and enforcing the easement agreement; and
80.21 80.22 80.23 80.24	(5) include a long-term monitoring and enforcement plan and funding for monitoring and enforcing the easement agreement; and (6) include requirements in the easement
80.21 80.22 80.23 80.24 80.25	 (5) include a long-term monitoring and enforcement plan and funding for monitoring and enforcing the easement agreement; and (6) include requirements in the easement document to protect the quantity and quality
80.21 80.22 80.23 80.24 80.25 80.26	 (5) include a long-term monitoring and enforcement plan and funding for monitoring and enforcing the easement agreement; and (6) include requirements in the easement document to protect the quantity and quality of groundwater and surface water through
80.21 80.22 80.23 80.24 80.25 80.26 80.27	(5) include a long-term monitoring and enforcement plan and funding for monitoring and enforcing the easement agreement; and (6) include requirements in the easement document to protect the quantity and quality of groundwater and surface water through specific activities such as keeping water on
80.21 80.22 80.23 80.24 80.25 80.26 80.27 80.28	(5) include a long-term monitoring and enforcement plan and funding for monitoring and enforcing the easement agreement; and (6) include requirements in the easement document to protect the quantity and quality of groundwater and surface water through specific activities such as keeping water on the landscape, reducing nutrient and
80.21 80.22 80.23 80.24 80.25 80.26 80.27 80.28 80.29	(5) include a long-term monitoring and enforcement plan and funding for monitoring and enforcing the easement agreement; and (6) include requirements in the easement document to protect the quantity and quality of groundwater and surface water through specific activities such as keeping water on the landscape, reducing nutrient and contaminant loading, and not permitting
80.21 80.22 80.23 80.24 80.25 80.26 80.27 80.28 80.29 80.30	(5) include a long-term monitoring and enforcement plan and funding for monitoring and enforcing the easement agreement; and (6) include requirements in the easement document to protect the quantity and quality of groundwater and surface water through specific activities such as keeping water on the landscape, reducing nutrient and contaminant loading, and not permitting artificial hydrological modifications.

31.1	100 percent of the appraised value for a parcel
31.2	of land using this money to complete the
31.3	purchase, in part or in whole, except that up
31.4	to ten percent above the appraised value may
31.5	be allowed to complete the purchase, in part
31.6	or in whole, using this money if permission is
31.7	received in advance of the purchase from the
31.8	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
31.9	Resources.
31.10	(i) For any acquisition of land or interest in
31.11	land, a recipient of money appropriated under
31.12	this section must give priority to high-quality
31.13	natural resources or conservation lands that
31.14	provide natural buffers to water resources.
31.15	(j) For new lands acquired with money
31.16	appropriated under this section, a recipient
31.17	must prepare an ecological restoration and
31.18	management plan in compliance with
31.19	paragraph (c), including sufficient funding for
31.20	implementation unless the work plan addresses
31.21	why a portion of the money is not necessary
31.22	to achieve a high-quality restoration.
31.23	(k) To ensure public accountability for using
31.24	public funds, a recipient of money
31.25	appropriated under this section must, within
31.26	60 days of the transaction, provide to the
31.27	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
31.28	Resources documentation of the selection
31.29	process used to identify parcels acquired and
31.30	provide documentation of all related
31.31	transaction costs, including but not limited to
31.32	appraisals, legal fees, recording fees,
31.33	commissions, other similar costs, and
31.34	donations. This information must be provided
31.35	for all parties involved in the transaction. The

82.1	recipient must also report to the
82.2	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
82.3	Resources any difference between the
82.4	acquisition amount paid to the seller and the
82.5	state-certified or state-reviewed appraisal, if
82.6	a state-certified or state-reviewed appraisal
82.7	was conducted.
82.8	(l) A recipient of an appropriation from the
82.9	trust fund under this section must acknowledge
82.10	financial support from the environment and
82.11	natural resources trust fund in project
82.12	publications, signage, and other public
82.13	communications and outreach related to work
82.14	completed using the appropriation.
82.15	Acknowledgment may occur, as appropriate,
82.16	through use of the trust fund logo or inclusion
82.17	of language attributing support from the trust
82.18	fund. Each direct recipient of money
82.19	appropriated in this section, as well as each
82.20	recipient of a grant awarded pursuant to this
82.21	section, must satisfy all reporting and other
82.22	requirements incumbent upon constitutionally
82.23	dedicated funding recipients as provided in
82.24	Minnesota Statutes, section 3.303, subdivision
82.25	10, and chapter 116P.
82.26	Subd. 15. Payment Conditions and
82.27	Capital-Equipment Expenditures
82.28	(a) All agreements, grants, or contracts
82.29	referred to in this section must be administered
82.30	on a reimbursement basis unless otherwise
82.31	provided in this section. Notwithstanding
82.32	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.41,
82.33	expenditures made on or after July 1, 2019,
82.34	or the date the work plan is approved,
82.35	whichever is later, are eligible for

83.1	reimbursement unless otherwise provided in
83.2	this section. Periodic payments must be made
83.3	upon receiving documentation that the
83.4	deliverable items articulated in the approved
83.5	work plan have been achieved, including
83.6	partial achievements as evidenced by approved
83.7	progress reports. Reasonable amounts may be
83.8	advanced to projects to accommodate
83.9	cash-flow needs or match federal money. The
83.10	advances must be approved as part of the work
83.11	plan. No expenditures for capital equipment
83.12	are allowed unless expressly authorized in the
83.13	project work plan.
83.14	(b) Single-source contracts as specified in the
83.15	approved work plan are allowed.
83.16 83.17	Subd. 16. Purchase of Recycled and Recyclable Materials
83.18	A political subdivision, public or private
83.19	corporation, or other entity that receives an
83.20	appropriation under this section must use the
83.21	appropriation in compliance with Minnesota
83.22	Statutes, section 16C.0725, regarding
83.23	purchasing recycled, repairable, and durable
83.24	materials and Minnesota Statutes, section
83.25	16C.073, regarding purchasing and using
83.26	paper stock and printing.
83.27	Subd. 17. Energy Conservation and Sustainable
83.28	Building Guidelines
83.29	A recipient to whom an appropriation is made
83.30	under this section for a capital improvement
83.31	project must ensure that the project complies
83.32	with the applicable energy conservation and
83.33	sustainable building guidelines and standards
83.34	contained in law, including Minnesota
83.35	Statutes, sections 16B.325, 216C.19, and

84.1	216C.20, and rules adopted under those
84.2	sections. The recipient may use the energy
84.3	planning, advocacy, and State Energy Office
84.4	units of the Department of Commerce to
84.5	obtain information and technical assistance
84.6	on energy conservation and alternative-energy
84.7	development relating to planning and
84.8	constructing the capital improvement project.
84.9	Subd. 18. Accessibility
84.10	Structural and nonstructural facilities must
84.11	meet the design standards in the Americans
84.12	with Disabilities Act (ADA) accessibility
84.13	guidelines.
84.14	Subd. 19. Carryforward; Extension
84.15	(a) The availability of the appropriations for
84.16	the following projects is extended to June 30,
84.17	<u>2020:</u>
84.18	(1) Laws 2014, chapter 226, section 2,
84.19	subdivision 10, paragraph (c),
84.20	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
84.21	Resources (LCCMR);
84.22	(2) Laws 2015, chapter 76, section 2,
84.23	subdivision 3, paragraph (g), Minnesota
84.24	Native Bee Atlas;
84.25	(3) Laws 2015, chapter 76, section 2,
84.26	subdivision 4, paragraph (f), Southeast
84.27	Minnesota Subsurface Drainage Impacts on
84.28	Groundwater Recharge;
84.29	(4) Laws 2015, chapter 76, section 2,
84.30	subdivision 10, Emerging Issues Account;
84.31	(5) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
84.32	subdivision 3, paragraph (a), Data-Driven
84.33	Pollinator Conservation Strategies;

- 85.1 (6) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
- subdivision 3, paragraph (c), Prairie Butterfly
- 85.3 Conservation, Research, and Breeding Phase
- 85.4 II;
- 85.5 (7) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
- subdivision 4, paragraph (h), Protection of
- 85.7 State's Confined Drinking Water Aquifers -
- 85.8 Phase II;
- 85.9 (8) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
- 85.10 subdivision 4, paragraph (r), Morrison County
- 85.11 Performance Drainage and Hydrology
- 85.12 Management;
- 85.13 (9) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
- 85.14 subdivision 6, paragraph (c), Advancing
- 85.15 Microbial Invasive Species Monitoring from
- 85.16 Ballast Discharge;
- 85.17 (10) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
- 85.18 subdivision 6, paragraph (e), Elimination of
- 85.19 Target Invasive Plant Species Phase II;
- 85.20 (11) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
- subdivision 8, paragraph (a), Bee Pollinator
- 85.22 Habitat Enhancement Phase II;
- 85.23 (12) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
- 85.24 subdivision 8, paragraph (b), Measuring Pollen
- 85.25 and Seed Dispersal for Prairie Fragment
- 85.26 Connectivity;
- 85.27 (13) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
- 85.28 subdivision 8, paragraph (f), Forest
- 85.29 Management for Mississippi River Drinking
- 85.30 Water Protection;
- 85.31 (14) Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2,
- subdivision 9, paragraph (b), Minnesota Point

86.1	Pine Forest Scientific and Natural Area
86.2	Acquisition; and
86.3	(15) Laws 2017, chapter 96, section 2,
86.4	subdivision 4, paragraph (a), Assessment of
86.5	Household Chemicals and Herbicides in
86.6	Rivers and Lakes.
86.7	(b) The availability of the appropriation under
86.8	Laws 2017, chapter 96, section 2, subdivision
86.9	7, paragraph (b), Assessment of Urban Air
86.10	Quality, is extended to June 30, 2021.
86.11	Sec. 3. Laws 2015, chapter 76, section 2, subdivision 9, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter
86.12	214, article 4, section 5, is amended to read:
86.13 86.14	Subd. 9. Land Acquisition for Habitat and Recreation 14,190,000 -0-
86.15	(a) State Parks and Trails Land
86.16	Acquisitions
86.17	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund
86.18	to the commissioner of natural resources to
86.19	acquire at least 335 acres for authorized state
86.20	trails and critical parcels within the statutory
86.21	boundaries of state parks. State park land
86.22	acquired with this appropriation must be
86.23	sufficiently improved to meet at least
86.24	minimum management standards, as
86.25	determined by the commissioner of natural
86.26	resources. A list of proposed acquisitions must
86.27	be provided as part of the required work plan.
86.28	This appropriation is available until June 30,
86.29	2018, by which time the project must be
86.30	completed and final products delivered.
86.31	(b) Metropolitan Regional Park System
86.32	Land Acquisition - Phase IV

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87.1	\$1,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
87.2	to the Metropolitan Council for grants to
87.3	acquire at least 133 approximately 90 acres of
87.4	lands within the approved park unit boundaries
87.5	of the metropolitan regional park system. This
87.6	appropriation may not be used to purchase
87.7	habitable residential structures. A list of
87.8	proposed fee title and easement acquisitions
87.9	must be provided as part of the required work
87.10	plan. This appropriation must be matched by
87.11	at least 40 percent of nonstate money that must
87.12	be committed by December 31, 2015, or the
87.13	appropriation cancels. This appropriation is
87.14	available until June 30, 2018, by which time
87.15	the project must be completed and final
87.16	products delivered.
87.17	(c) SNA Acquisition, Restoration,
87.18	Enhancement, and Public Engagement
87.18 87.19	Enhancement, and Public Engagement \$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
87.19	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
87.19 87.20	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to
87.19 87.20 87.21	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire at least 350 acres of lands with
87.19 87.20 87.21 87.22	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire at least 350 acres of lands with high-quality native plant communities and rare
87.19 87.20 87.21 87.22 87.23	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire at least 350 acres of lands with high-quality native plant communities and rare features to be established as scientific and
87.19 87.20 87.21 87.22 87.23 87.24	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire at least 350 acres of lands with high-quality native plant communities and rare features to be established as scientific and natural areas as provided in Minnesota
87.19 87.20 87.21 87.22 87.23 87.24 87.25	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire at least 350 acres of lands with high-quality native plant communities and rare features to be established as scientific and natural areas as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.05, subdivision 5, restore
87.19 87.20 87.21 87.22 87.23 87.24 87.25 87.26	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire at least 350 acres of lands with high-quality native plant communities and rare features to be established as scientific and natural areas as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.05, subdivision 5, restore and improve at least 550 acres of scientific
87.19 87.20 87.21 87.22 87.23 87.24 87.25 87.26	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire at least 350 acres of lands with high-quality native plant communities and rare features to be established as scientific and natural areas as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.05, subdivision 5, restore and improve at least 550 acres of scientific and natural areas, and provide technical
87.19 87.20 87.21 87.22 87.23 87.24 87.25 87.26 87.27	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire at least 350 acres of lands with high-quality native plant communities and rare features to be established as scientific and natural areas as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.05, subdivision 5, restore and improve at least 550 acres of scientific and natural areas, and provide technical assistance and outreach. A list of proposed
87.19 87.20 87.21 87.22 87.23 87.24 87.25 87.26 87.27 87.28	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire at least 350 acres of lands with high-quality native plant communities and rare features to be established as scientific and natural areas as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.05, subdivision 5, restore and improve at least 550 acres of scientific and natural areas, and provide technical assistance and outreach. A list of proposed acquisitions must be provided as part of the
87.19 87.20 87.21 87.22 87.23 87.24 87.25 87.26 87.27 87.28 87.29	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire at least 350 acres of lands with high-quality native plant communities and rare features to be established as scientific and natural areas as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.05, subdivision 5, restore and improve at least 550 acres of scientific and natural areas, and provide technical assistance and outreach. A list of proposed acquisitions must be provided as part of the required work plan. Land acquired with this
87.19 87.20 87.21 87.22 87.23 87.24 87.25 87.26 87.27 87.28 87.29 87.30 87.31	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire at least 350 acres of lands with high-quality native plant communities and rare features to be established as scientific and natural areas as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.05, subdivision 5, restore and improve at least 550 acres of scientific and natural areas, and provide technical assistance and outreach. A list of proposed acquisitions must be provided as part of the required work plan. Land acquired with this appropriation must be sufficiently improved
87.19 87.20 87.21 87.22 87.23 87.24 87.25 87.26 87.27 87.28 87.29 87.30 87.31	\$4,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire at least 350 acres of lands with high-quality native plant communities and rare features to be established as scientific and natural areas as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.05, subdivision 5, restore and improve at least 550 acres of scientific and natural areas, and provide technical assistance and outreach. A list of proposed acquisitions must be provided as part of the required work plan. Land acquired with this appropriation must be sufficiently improved to meet at least minimum management

as introduced

products delivered. 88.2 88.3 (d) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie **Bank Easement Acquisition** 88.4 88.5 \$3,325,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to 88.6 acquire native prairie bank easements on at 88.7 least 675 acres, prepare baseline property 88.8 assessments, restore and enhance at least 1,000 88.9 88.10 acres of native prairie sites, and provide technical assistance to landowners. Of this 88.11 amount, up to \$195,000 must be deposited in 88.12 a conservation easement stewardship account. 88.13 Deposits into the conservation easement 88.14 stewardship account must be made upon 88.15 closing on conservation easements or at a time 88.16 otherwise approved in the work plan. A list of 88.17 proposed easement acquisitions must be 88.18 provided as part of the required work plan. 88.19 This appropriation is available until June 30, 88.20 2018, by which time the project must be 88.21 completed and final products delivered. 88.22 (e) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase 88.23 VIII Coordination, Mapping, and 88.24 **Conservation Easements** 88.25 88.26 \$515,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for 88.27 an agreement with the Minnesota Land Trust 88.28 for Phase VIII of the Metro Conservation 88.29 Corridors partnership to provide coordination 88.30 88.31 and mapping for the partnership and to acquire permanent conservation easements on at least 88.32 120 acres of strategic ecological landscapes 88.33 to protect priority natural areas in the 88.34 metropolitan area, as defined under Minnesota 88.35

the project must be completed and final

89.1	Statutes, section 473.121, subdivision 2, and
89.2	portions of the surrounding counties. A list of
89.3	proposed easement acquisitions must be
89.4	provided as part of the required work plan.
89.5	Land acquired with this appropriation must
89.6	be sufficiently improved to meet at least
89.7	minimum management standards, as
89.8	determined by the commissioner of natural
89.9	resources. Expenditures are limited to the
89.10	identified project corridor areas as defined in
89.11	the work plan. Up to \$40,000 may be used for
89.12	coordination and mapping for the Metro
89.13	Conservation Corridors. All conservation
89.14	easements must be perpetual and have a
89.15	natural resource management plan. A list of
89.16	proposed easement acquisitions must be
89.17	provided as part of the required work plan.
89.18	This appropriation is available June 30, 2018,
89.19	by which time the project must be completed
89.20	and final products delivered.
89.21	(f) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase
89.22	VIII Strategic Lands Protection
89.23	\$750,000 the first year is from the trust fund
89.24	to the commissioner of natural resources for
89.25	an agreement with The Trust for Public Land
89.26	for Phase VIII of the Metro Conservation
89.27	Corridors partnership to acquire in fee at least
89.28	35 acres of high-quality priority state and local
89.29	natural areas in the metropolitan area, as
89.30	defined under Minnesota Statutes, section
89.31	473.121, subdivision 2, and portions of the
89.32	surrounding counties. A list of proposed
89.33	acquisitions must be provided as part of the
89.34	required work plan. Land acquired with this
	1 1
89.35	appropriation must be sufficiently improved

90.1	to meet at least minimum management
90.2	standards, as determined by the commissioner
90.3	of natural resources. Expenditures are limited
90.4	to the identified project corridor areas as
90.5	defined in the work plan. This appropriation
90.6	may not be used to purchase habitable
90.7	residential structures, unless expressly
90.8	approved in the work plan. A list of fee title
90.9	acquisitions must be provided as part of the
90.10	required work plan. This appropriation is
90.11	available until June 30, 2018, by which time
90.12	the project must be completed and final
90.13	products delivered.
90.14	(g) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase
90.15	VIII Priority Expansion of Minnesota
90.16	Valley National Wildlife Refuge
90.17	\$500,000 the first year is from the trust fund
90.18	to the commissioner of natural resources for
90.19	an agreement with the Minnesota Valley
90.20	National Wildlife Refuge Trust, Inc. for Phase
90.21	VIII of the Metro Conservation Corridors
90.22	partnership to acquire in fee at least 100 acres
90.23	of priority habitat for the Minnesota Valley
90.24	National Wildlife Refuge in the metropolitan
90.25	area, as defined under Minnesota Statutes,
90.26	section 473.121, subdivision 2, and portions
90.27	of the surrounding counties. A list of proposed
90.28	acquisitions must be provided as part of the
90.29	required work plan. Land acquired with this
90.30	appropriation must be sufficiently improved
90.31	to meet at least minimum management
90.32	standards. Expenditures are limited to the
90.33	identified project corridor areas as defined in
90.34	the work plan. This appropriation may not be
90.35	used to purchase habitable residential

91.1	structures, unless expressly approved in the
91.2	work plan. This appropriation is available until
91.3	June 30, 2018, by which time the project must
91.4	be completed and final products delivered.
91.5	(h) Metro Conservation Corridors - Phase
91.6	VIII Wildlife Management Area
91.7	Acquisition
91.8	\$400,000 the first year is from the trust fund
91.9	to the commissioner of natural resources for
91.10	Phase VIII of the Metro Conservation
91.11	Corridors partnership to acquire in fee at least
91.12	82 acres along the lower reaches of the
91.13	Vermillion River in Dakota County within the
91.14	Gores Pool Wildlife Management Area. Land
91.15	acquired with this appropriation must be
91.16	sufficiently improved to meet at least
91.17	minimum management standards. This
91.18	appropriation may not be used to purchase
91.19	habitable residential structures, unless
91.20	expressly approved in the work plan. This
91.21	appropriation is available until June 30, 2018,
91.22	by which time the project must be completed
91.23	and final products delivered.
91.24	(i) Mesabi Trail Development Soudan to
91.25	Ely - Phase II
91.26	\$1,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
91.27	to the commissioner of natural resources for
91.28	an agreement with the St. Louis and Lake
91.29	Counties Regional Railroad Authority for the
91.30	right-of-way acquisition, design, and
91.31	construction of segments of the Mesabi Trail,
91.32	totaling approximately seven miles between
91.33	Soudan and Ely. This appropriation is
91.34	available until June 30, 2018, by which time

products delivered. 92.2 92.3 (j) Multi-benefit Watershed Scale **Conservation on North Central Lakes** 92.4 92.5 \$950,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the Board of Water and Soil Resources to 92.6 secure permanent conservation easements on 92.7 at least 480 acres of high-quality habitat in 92.8 Crow Wing and Cass Counties. Of this 92.9 92.10 amount, up to \$65,000 must be deposited in a conservation easement stewardship account; 92.11 and \$54,000 is for an agreement with the 92.12 Leech Lake Area Watershed Foundation in 92.13 cooperation with Crow Wing County Soil and 92.14 Water Conservation District and Cass County 92.15 Soil and Water Conservation District. Deposits 92.16 into the conservation easement stewardship 92.17 account must be made upon closing on 92.18 conservation easements or at a time otherwise 92.19 approved in the work plan. A list of proposed 92.20 easement acquisitions must be provided as 92.21 part of the required work plan. This 92.22 appropriation is available until June 30, 2018, 92.23 by which time the project must be completed 92.24 and final products delivered. 92.25 (k) Conservation Easement Assessment and 92.26 **Valuation System Development** 92.27 \$250,000 the first year is from the trust fund 92.28 to the Board of Regents of the University of 92.29 Minnesota to assess the effectiveness of 92.30 92.31 existing conservation easements acquired through state expenditures at achieving their 92.32 intended outcomes of public value and 92.33 ecological benefits and to develop a 92.34 standardized, objective conservation easement 92.35

the project must be completed and final

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as introduced

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94.1	Statutes, section 86A.05, subdivision 5, restore
94.2	and improve at least 1,000 acres of scientific
94.3	and natural areas, and provide technical
94.4	assistance and outreach, including site steward
94.5	events. At least one-third of the appropriation
94.6	must be spent on restoration activities. A list
94.7	of proposed acquisitions and restorations must
94.8	be provided as part of the required work plan.
94.9	Land acquired with this appropriation must
94.10	be sufficiently improved to meet at least
94.11	minimum management standards, as
94.12	determined by the commissioner of natural
94.13	resources. When feasible, consideration must
94.14	be given to accommodate trails on lands
94.15	acquired. This appropriation is available until
94.16	June 30, 2020, by which time the project must
94.17	be completed and final products delivered.
94.18 94.19	(c) Minnesota State Parks and State Trails Land Acquisition
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94.19	Acquisition
94.19 94.20	Acquisition \$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund
94.19 94.20 94.21	Acquisition \$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to
94.19 94.20 94.21 94.22	Acquisition \$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire approximately 373 acres from willing
94.19 94.20 94.21 94.22 94.23	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire approximately 373 acres from willing sellers for authorized state trails and critical
94.19 94.20 94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire approximately 373 acres from willing sellers for authorized state trails and critical parcels within the statutory boundaries of state
94.19 94.20 94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire approximately 373 acres from willing sellers for authorized state trails and critical parcels within the statutory boundaries of state parks. State park land acquired with this
94.19 94.20 94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25 94.26	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire approximately 373 acres from willing sellers for authorized state trails and critical parcels within the statutory boundaries of state parks. State park land acquired with this appropriation must be sufficiently improved
94.19 94.20 94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25 94.26 94.27	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire approximately 373 acres from willing sellers for authorized state trails and critical parcels within the statutory boundaries of state parks. State park land acquired with this appropriation must be sufficiently improved to meet at least minimum management
94.19 94.20 94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25 94.26 94.27	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire approximately 373 acres from willing sellers for authorized state trails and critical parcels within the statutory boundaries of state parks. State park land acquired with this appropriation must be sufficiently improved to meet at least minimum management standards, as determined by the commissioner
94.19 94.20 94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25 94.26 94.27 94.28	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire approximately 373 acres from willing sellers for authorized state trails and critical parcels within the statutory boundaries of state parks. State park land acquired with this appropriation must be sufficiently improved to meet at least minimum management standards, as determined by the commissioner of natural resources. A list of proposed
94.19 94.20 94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25 94.26 94.27 94.28 94.29	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire approximately 373 acres from willing sellers for authorized state trails and critical parcels within the statutory boundaries of state parks. State park land acquired with this appropriation must be sufficiently improved to meet at least minimum management standards, as determined by the commissioner of natural resources. A list of proposed acquisitions must be provided as part of the
94.19 94.20 94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25 94.26 94.27 94.28 94.29 94.30 94.31	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire approximately 373 acres from willing sellers for authorized state trails and critical parcels within the statutory boundaries of state parks. State park land acquired with this appropriation must be sufficiently improved to meet at least minimum management standards, as determined by the commissioner of natural resources. A list of proposed acquisitions must be provided as part of the required work plan. This appropriation is
94.19 94.20 94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25 94.26 94.27 94.28 94.29 94.30 94.31 94.32	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire approximately 373 acres from willing sellers for authorized state trails and critical parcels within the statutory boundaries of state parks. State park land acquired with this appropriation must be sufficiently improved to meet at least minimum management standards, as determined by the commissioner of natural resources. A list of proposed acquisitions must be provided as part of the required work plan. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2020, by which time

\$999,000 in fiscal year 2017 and \$39,000 the
first year are from the trust fund to the
commissioner of natural resources for state
trail acquisition, development, and
enhancement in southern Minnesota. A
proposed list of trail projects on authorized
state trails must be provided as part of the
required work plan. This appropriation is
available until June 30, 2020, by which time
the project must be completed and final
products delivered.
(e) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition
\$2,675,000 the first year is from the trust fund
to the commissioner of natural resources to
acquire native prairie bank easements in
accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section
84.96, on approximately <u>335_250</u> acres,
prepare baseline property assessments, restore
and enhance at least 570 acres of native prairie
sites, and provide technical assistance to
landowners. Of this amount, up to \$132,000
may be deposited in a conservation easement
stewardship account. Deposits into the
conservation easement stewardship account
must be made upon closing on conservation
easements or at a time otherwise approved in
the work plan. A list of proposed easement
acquisitions must be provided as part of the
required work plan. This appropriation is
available until June 30, 2020, by which time
available until June 30, 2020, by which time the project must be completed and final

(f) Leech Lake Acquisition

96.1	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund
96.2	to the commissioner of natural resources for
96.3	an agreement with the Leech Lake Band of
96.4	Ojibwe to acquire approximately 45 acres,
96.5	including 0.67 miles of shoreline of
96.6	high-quality aquatic and wildlife habitat at the
96.7	historic meeting place between Henry
96.8	Schoolcraft and the Anishinabe people. The
96.9	land must be open to public use including
96.10	hunting and fishing. The band must provide a
96.11	commitment that land will not be put in a
96.12	federal trust through the Bureau of Indian
96.13	Affairs.
96.14	(g) Mesabi Trail Development
96.15	\$2,269,000 the first year is from the trust fund
96.16	to the commissioner of natural resources for
96.17	an agreement with the St. Louis and Lake
96.18	Counties Regional Railroad Authority for
96.19	engineering and constructing segments of the
96.20	Mesabi Trail. This appropriation is available
96.21	until June 30, 2020, by which time the project
96.22	must be completed and final products
96.23	delivered.
96.24 96.25	(h) Tower Trailhead Boat Landing and Habitat Improvement - Phase II
96.26	\$600,000 the first year is from the trust fund
96.27	to the commissioner of natural resources for
96.28	an agreement with the city of Tower to
96.29	construct a trailhead and boat landing and
96.30	restore vegetative habitat on city-owned
96.31	property. Plant and seed materials must follow
96.32	the Board of Water and Soil Resources' native
96.33	vegetation establishment and enhancement
96.34	guidelines. This appropriation is available until

97.1	June 30, 2020, by which time the project must
97.2	be completed and final products delivered.
97.3 97.4	(i) Land Acquisition for Voyageurs National Park Crane Lake Visitors Center
97.5	\$950,000 the first year is from the trust fund
97.6	to the commissioner of natural resources for
97.7	an agreement with the town of Crane Lake, in
97.8	partnership with Voyageurs National Park and
97.9	the Department of Natural Resources, to
97.10	acquire approximately 30 acres to be used for
97.11	a visitor center and campground. Income
97.12	generated by the campground may be used to
97.13	support the facility.
97.14	Sec. 5. TRANSFER.
97.15	On June 30, 2019, any unencumbered money from Laws 2017, chapter 96, section 2,
97.16	subdivision 10, paragraph (b), is transferred to the grants management system under Laws
97.17	2016, chapter 186, section 2, subdivision 10, paragraph (b).
97.18 97.19	Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. Sections 1 to 5 are effective the day following final enactment.
97.19	sections 1 to 3 are effective the day following final effactificity.
97.20	ARTICLE 3
97.21	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES
97.22	Section 1. [1.1465] STATE BEE.
97.23	Subdivision 1. Rusty patched bumble bee. The rusty patched bumble bee, Bombus
97.24	affinis, is the official bee of the state of Minnesota.
97.25	Subd. 2. Photograph. A photograph of the rusty patched bumble bee must be preserved
97.26	in the Office of the Secretary of State.
97.27	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 17.035, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
97.28	Subdivision 1. Reimbursement. A meat processor holding a license under chapter 28A
97.29	may apply to the commissioner of agriculture for reimbursement of \$70 \$150 towards the
97.30	processor's reasonable and documented cost of processing donated deer, as determined by
97.31	the commissioner within the limits of available funding. The meat processor shall deliver

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the deer, processed into cuts or ground meat, to a charitable organization that is registered under chapter 309 and with the commissioner of agriculture and that operates a food assistance program. To request reimbursement, the processor shall submit an application, on a form prescribed by the commissioner of agriculture, the tag number under which the deer was taken, and a receipt for the deer from the charitable organization.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.155, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Fencing. Farmed Cervidae must be confined in a manner designed to prevent escape. All perimeter fences for farmed Cervidae must be at least 96 inches in height and be constructed and maintained in a way that prevents the escape of farmed Cervidae or entry into the premises by free-roaming Cervidae. After the effective date of this section, all new fencing installed and all fencing used to repair deficiencies must be high tensile. By December 1, 2019, all entry areas for farmed Cervidae enclosure areas must have two redundant gates, which must be maintained to prevent the escape of animals through an open gate. If a fence deficiency allows entry or exit by farmed or wild Cervidae, the owner must repair the deficiency within a reasonable time, as determined by the Board of Animal Health, not to exceed 45 days. If a fence deficiency is detected during an inspection, the facility must be reinspected at least once in the subsequent three months. The farmed Cervidae owner must pay a reinspection fee equal to one-half the applicable annual inspection fee under subdivision 7a for each reinspection related to a fence violation. If the facility experiences more than one escape incident in any six-month period or fails to correct a deficiency found during an inspection, the board may revoke the facility's registration and order the owner to remove or destroy the animals as directed by the board. If the board revokes a facility's registration, the commissioner of natural resources may seize and destroy animals at the facility.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.155, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Identification.** (a) Farmed Cervidae must be identified by means approved by the Board of Animal Health. The identification must <u>include a distinct number that has not been used during the previous three years and must be visible to the naked eye during daylight under normal conditions at a distance of 50 yards. <u>Newborn animals White-tailed deer must be identified before December October</u> 31 of the year in which the animal is born, <u>at the time of weaning</u>, or before movement from the premises, whichever occurs first. <u>Elk and other cervids must be identified by December 31 of the year in which the animal is born</u> or before movement from the premises, whichever occurs first. As coordinated by the board,</u>

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the commissioner of natural resources may destroy any animal that is not identified as required under this subdivision.

- (b) The Board of Animal Health shall register farmed Cervidae. The owner must submit the registration request on forms provided by the board. The forms must include sales receipts or other documentation of the origin of the Cervidae. The board shall must provide copies of the registration information to the commissioner of natural resources upon request. The owner must keep written records of the acquisition and disposition of registered farmed Cervidae.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.155, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Inspection.** The commissioner of agriculture and (a) The Board of Animal Health may must annually inspect farmed Cervidae, farmed Cervidae facilities, and farmed Cervidae records. For each herd, the owner or owners must, on or before January 1, pay an annual inspection fee equal to \$10 for each cervid in the herd as reflected in the most recent inventory submitted to the Board of Animal Health, up to a maximum fee of \$100. As coordinated by the board, the commissioner of agriculture and an enforcement officer as defined under section 97A.015, subdivision 18, may participate in the inspection.
- (b) The annual inspection must include a physical inspection of all perimeter fencing around the facility and a viewing to verify that all animals are tagged. The owner of a farmed Cervidae facility must present to the inspectors an accurate inventory of the owner's farmed Cervidae and other records for review. During an annual inspection, the owner must present individual animals in a herd for a physical inventory, if required by the board.
- (c) The commissioner of natural resources may inspect farmed Cervidae, farmed Cervidae facilities, and farmed Cervidae records with reasonable suspicion that laws protecting native wild animals have been violated and must notify the owner in writing at the time of the inspection of the reason for the inspection and must inform the owner in writing after the inspection of whether (1) the cause of the inspection was unfounded; or (2) there will be an ongoing investigation or continuing evaluation.
- 99.28 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.155, is amended by adding a subdivision to 99.29 read:
- 99.30 Subd. 7a. Inspection fees. For each herd, the owner must, on or before January 1, pay
 99.31 to the board an annual inspection fee of:

100.1	(1) \$500 if the owner manages the herd for profit or monetary gain and engages in
100.2	transactions or exchanges for consideration, including sale, barter, the offer to sell, or
100.3	possession with the intent to sell;
100.4	(2) \$500 if the owner sells the ability to shoot animals in the herd;
100.5	(3) \$500 if the herd consists of more than one species; or
100.6	(4) \$250 for all other herds.
100.7	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.155, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
100.8	Subd. 9. Contested case hearing. (a) A person raising farmed Cervidae that is aggrieved
100.9	with any decision regarding the farmed Cervidae may request a contested case hearing under
100.10	chapter 14.
100.11	(b) A person requesting a contested case hearing regarding a registration revocation
100.12	under this section must make the request within 30 days of the revocation notice.
100.13	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.155, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
100.14	Subd. 10. Mandatory registration. (a) A person may not possess live Cervidae in
100.15	Minnesota unless the person is registered with the Board of Animal Health and meets all
100.16	the requirements for farmed Cervidae under this section. Cervidae possessed in violation
100.17	of this subdivision may be seized and destroyed by the commissioner of natural resources.
100.18	(b) A person whose registration is revoked by the board is ineligible for future registration
100.19	<u>under this section unless the board determines that the person has undertaken measures that</u>
100.20	make future escapes extremely unlikely.
100.21	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 35.155, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
100.22	Subd. 11. Mandatory surveillance for chronic wasting disease; depopulation. (a)
100.23	An inventory for each farmed Cervidae herd must be verified by an accredited veterinarian
100.24	and filed with the Board of Animal Health every 12 months.
100.25	(b) Movement of farmed Cervidae from any premises to another location must be reported
100.26	to the Board of Animal Health within 14 days of the movement on forms approved by the
100.27	Board of Animal Health.
100.28	(c) All animals from farmed Cervidae herds that are over 16 12 months of age that die
100.29	or are slaughtered must be tested for chronic wasting disease.
100.30	(d) The owner of a premises where chronic wasting disease is detected must:

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101.1	(1) depopulate the premises of Cervidae after the appraisal process for federal
101.2	indemnification has been completed or, if an indemnification application is not submitted.
101.3	within a reasonable time determined by the board in consultation with the commissioner of
101.4	natural resources;
101.5	(2) maintain the fencing required under subdivision 4 on the premises for five years after
101.6	the date of detection; and
101.7	(3) post the fencing on the premises with biohazard signs as directed by the board.
101.8	Sec. 10. [35.156] CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE.
101.9	Subdivision 1. Oversight. The legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction
101.10	over agriculture policy and finance and environment and natural resources policy and finance
101.11	may meet quarterly to receive updates from the commissioners of agriculture, health, and
101.12	natural resources, the Board of Animal Health, and the University of Minnesota on chronic
101.13	wasting disease activities undertaken by the reporting agency in the previous quarter.
101.14	Subd. 2. Federal fund account. Money granted to the state by the federal government
101.15	for purposes of chronic wasting disease must be credited to a separate account in the federal
101.16	fund and is annually appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture for the purposes for
101.17	which the federal grant was made according to section 17.03.
101.18	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.026, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
101.20	Subd. 4. Paying grant-eligible expenditures. Notwithstanding section 16A.41, the
101.21	commissioner may make payments for otherwise eligible grant-program expenditures that
101.22	are made on or after the effective date of the appropriation that funds the payments for:
101.23	(1) grants-in-aid under sections 84.794, 84.803, 84.83, 84.927, and 85.44;
101.24	(2) local recreation grants under section 85.019; and
101.25	(3) enforcement and public education grants under sections 84.794, 84.803, 84.83,
101.26	84.927, 86B.701, 86B.705, and 87A.10.
101.27	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.027, subdivision 18, is amended to read:
101.28	Subd. 18. Permanent school fund authority; reporting. (a) The commissioner of
101.29	natural resources has the authority and responsibility for the administration of to administer
101.30	school trust lands under sections 92.121 92.122 and 127A.31. The commissioner shall
101.31	biannually report to the Legislative Permanent School Fund Commission and the legislature

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on the management of the school trust lands that shows how the commissioner has and will continue to achieve the following goals:

- (1) manage the school trust lands efficiently and in a manner that reflects the undivided loyalty to the beneficiaries consistent with the commissioner's fiduciary duties;
- (2) reduce the management expenditures of school trust lands and maximize the revenues deposited in the permanent school trust fund;
- (3) manage the sale, exchange, and commercial leasing of school trust lands, requiring returns of not less than fair market value, to maximize the revenues deposited in the permanent school trust fund and retain the value from the long-term appreciation of the school trust lands; 102.10
- (4) manage the school trust lands to maximize the long-term economic return for the permanent school trust fund while maintaining sound natural resource conservation and 102.12 management principles; 102.13
 - (5) optimize school trust land revenues and maximize the value of the trust consistent with the balancing of short-term and long-term interests, so that long-term benefits are not lost in an effort to maximize short-term gains; and
- (6) maintain the integrity of the trust and prevent the misapplication of its lands and its 102.17 revenues. 102.18
 - (b) When the commissioner finds an irresolvable conflict between maximizing the long-term economic return and protecting natural resources and recreational values on school trust lands, the commissioner shall give precedence to the long-term economic return in managing school trust lands. By July 1, 2018, the permanent school fund shall must be compensated for all school trust lands included under a designation or policy provision that prohibits long-term economic return. The commissioner shall submit recommendations to the appropriate legislative committees and divisions on methods of funding for the compensation required under this paragraph, including recommendations for appropriations from the general fund, nongeneral funds, and the state bond fund. Any uncompensated designation or policy provision restrictions on the long-term economic return on school trust lands remaining after July 1, 2018, shall must be compiled and submitted to the Legislative Permanent School Fund Commission for review.
 - (c) By December 31, 2013, the report required under paragraph (a) shall must provide an inventory and identification of all school trust lands that are included under a designation or policy provision that prohibits long-term economic return. The report shall must include

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a plan to compensate the permanent school fund through the purchase or exchange of the
lands or a plan to manage the school trust land to generate long-term economic return to
the permanent school fund. Subsequent reports under paragraph (a) shall <u>must</u> include a
status report of the commissioner's progress in maximizing the long-term economic return
on lands identified in the 2013 report.

- (d) When future management practices, policies, or designations or policies by the commissioner diminish or prohibit the long-term economic return on school trust land, the conflict shall must be resolved by compensating the permanent school fund through an exchange or purchase of the lands before designation or application of the policy as provided in section 92.122.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.0895, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 103.11
- Subd. 2. **Application.** (a) Subdivision 1 does not apply to: 103.12
- 103.13 (1) plants on land classified for property tax purposes as class 2a or 2c agricultural land under section 273.13, or on ditches and roadways a ditch, or on an existing public road right-of-way as defined in section 84.92, subdivision 6a, except for ground not previously 103.15 103.16 disturbed by construction or maintenance; and
- (2) noxious weeds designated pursuant to sections 18.76 to 18.88 or to weeds otherwise 103.17 designated as troublesome by the Department of Agriculture.
- (b) If control of noxious weeds is necessary, it takes priority over the protection of 103.19 103.20 endangered plant species, as long as a reasonable effort is taken to preserve the endangered plant species first. 103.21
- (c) The taking or killing of an endangered plant species on land adjacent to class 3 or 103.22 3b agricultural land as a result of the application of pesticides or other agricultural chemical 103.23 on the class 3 or 3b land is not a violation of subdivision 1, if reasonable care is taken in 103.24 the application of the pesticide or other chemical to avoid impact on adjacent lands. For the 103.25 purpose of this paragraph, class 3 or 3b agricultural land does not include timber land, waste 103.27 land, or other land for which the owner receives a state paid wetlands or native prairie tax credit. 103.28
- 103.29 (d) The accidental taking of an endangered plant, where the existence of the plant is not known at the time of the taking, is not a violation of subdivision 1. 103.30

Sec. 14. [84.0896] TRADE IN PROHIBITED ANIMAL PARTS PROHIBITED.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.

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104.1	(b) "Antique" means an item that:
104.2	(1) contains no more than 200 grams of prohibited animal part as a fixed component of
104.3	an item that is not made wholly or partially from a prohibited animal part; and
104.4	(2) is documented to be at least 100 years old.
104.5	(c) "Prohibited animal part" means any of the following:
104.6	(1) a tooth or tusk from any species of elephant, hippopotamus, mammoth, mastodon,
104.7	walrus, whale, or narwhal, or any piece thereof, whether raw or worked;
104.8	(2) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (1);
104.9	(3) a horn; piece of horn; or derivative of a horn, such as a powder, of any species of
104.10	rhinoceros; and
104.11	(4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3).
104.12	(d) "Sell" or "sale" means an exchange for consideration and includes barter and
104.13	possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,
104.14	donation, or bequest.
104.15	Subd. 2. Prohibition. A person shall not purchase or sell any item that the person knows
104.16	or should know is a prohibited animal part.
104.17	Subd. 3. Exceptions. (a) Subdivision 2 does not prohibit the sale or purchase of a
104.18	prohibited animal part if the sale or purchase is:
104.19	(1) undertaken as part of law enforcement activities;
104.20	(2) expressly authorized by federal law;
104.21	(3) of an antique;
104.22	(4) of a musical instrument containing a lawfully acquired fixed component made of no
104.23	more than 200 grams of prohibited animal part; or
104.24	(5) of a prohibited animal part by a bona fide educational or scientific institution that is
104.25	a nonprofit corporation, as defined in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
104.26	(b) Subdivision 2 does not prohibit possession of a cultural artifact containing a prohibited
104.27	animal part.
104.28	Subd. 4. Disposition of seized prohibited animal parts. Notwithstanding any other
104.29	provision of law, a prohibited animal part seized under this section must, upon a conviction,

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- be forfeited to the state and either destroyed or given to a nonprofit corporation, as defined 105.1 in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, for an educational or scientific purpose. 105.2
- 105.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 105.4
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.775, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 105.5
- Subdivision 1. Civil citation; authority to issue. (a) A conservation officer or other 105.6 licensed peace officer may issue a civil citation to a person who operates: 105.7
- (1) an off-highway motorcycle in violation of sections 84.773, subdivision 1 or 2, clause 105.8 (1); 84.777; 84.788 to 84.795; or 84.90; 105.9
- (2) an off-road vehicle in violation of sections 84.773, subdivision 1 or 2, clause (1); 105.10 84.777; 84.798 to 84.804; or 84.90; or 105.11
- (3) an all-terrain vehicle in violation of sections 84.773, subdivision 1 or 2, clause (1); 105.12 105.13 84.777; 84.90; or 84.922 to 84.928.
- 105.14 (b) A civil citation under paragraph (a) shall require restitution for public and private property damage and impose a penalty of: 105.15
- (1) \$100 for the first offense; 105.16
- 105.17 (2) \$200 for the second offense; and
- (3) \$500 for third and subsequent offenses. 105.18
- (c) A conservation officer or other licensed peace officer may issue a civil citation to a 105 19 person who operates an off-highway motorcycle, off-road vehicle, or all-terrain vehicle in 105.20 violation of section 84.773, subdivision 2, clause (2) or (3). A civil citation under this 105.21 paragraph shall require restitution for damage to wetlands and impose a penalty of: 105.22
- (1) \$100 for the first offense; 105.23
- (2) \$500 for the second offense; and 105.24
- (3) \$1,000 for third and subsequent offenses. 105.25
- (d) If the peace officer determines that there is damage to property requiring restitution, 105.26 the commissioner must send a written explanation of the extent of the damage and the cost of the repair by first class mail to the address provided by the person receiving the citation 105.28 within 15 days of the date of the citation. 105.29

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106.1 106.2	(e) An off-road vehicle or all-terrain vehicle that is equipped with a snorkel device and receives a civil citation under this section is subject to twice the penalty amounts in
106.3	paragraphs (b) and (c).
106.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
106.5	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.788, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
106.6	Subd. 2. Exemptions. Registration is not required for off-highway motorcycles:
106.7 106.8	(1) owned and used by the United States, an Indian tribal government, the state, another state, or a political subdivision;
106.9 106.10	(2) registered in another state or country that have not been within this state for more than 30 consecutive days;
106.11	(3) registered under chapter 168, when operated on forest roads to gain access to a state
106.12	forest campground; (4) used exclusively in organized track-racing events;
106.14	(5) (4) operated on state or grant-in-aid trails by a nonresident possessing a nonresident
106.15	off-highway motorcycle state trail pass;
106.16 106.17	(6) (5) operated by a person participating in an event for which the commissioner has issued a special use permit; or
106.18 106.19	(7) (6) operated on boundary trails and registered in another state or country providing equal reciprocal registration or licensing exemptions for registrants of this state.
106.20	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.794, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
106.21	Subd. 2. Purposes. (a) Subject to appropriation by the legislature, money in the
106.22	off-highway motorcycle account may only be spent for:
106.23	(1) administration, enforcement, and implementation of sections 84.787 to 84.795;
106.24	(2) acquisition, maintenance, and development of off-highway motorcycle trails and use
106.25	areas; and
106.26	(3) grants-in-aid to counties and municipalities to construct and maintain off-highway
106.27	motorcycle trails and use areas; and
106.28	(4) grants for enforcement and public education to local law enforcement agencies.

- 05/23/19 REVISOR CKM/RC 19-5219 as introduced (b) The distribution of funds made available for grants-in-aid must be guided by the 107.1 statewide comprehensive outdoor recreation plan. 107.2 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.83, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 107.3 Subd. 3. Purposes for the account; allocation. (a) The money deposited in the account 107.4 and interest earned on that money may be expended only as appropriated by law for the 107.5 following purposes: 107.6 107.7 (1) for a grant-in-aid program to counties and municipalities for construction and 107.8 the state's grant-in-aid system, including maintenance of trails on lands and waters of 107.9
- maintenance of snowmobile trails that are determined by the commissioner to be part of Voyageurs National Park; on Lake of the Woods; on Rainy Lake; on the following lakes in 107.11 St. Louis County: Burntside, Crane, Little Long, Mud, Pelican, Shagawa, and Vermilion; and on the following lakes in Cook County: Devil Track and Hungry Jack. The commissioner 107.12 may establish a performance-based funding formula for annual grants-in-aid. The procedures 107.13 and criteria for grants-in-aid are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and 107.14 section 14.386 does not apply. In administering the performance-based grants-in-aid, the 107.15 107.16 commissioner must:
- (i) determine annual grant amounts based on a funding formula that includes consideration 107.17 of historical costs, snowfall, use, and tourism; 107.18
- 107.19 (ii) make grant payments based on:
- (A) successful completion of performance benchmarks; 107.20
- (B) reimbursement of eligible expenditures; or 107.21
- (C) a combination of subitems (A) and (B); and 107.22
- (iii) assess penalties to nonperforming grant-in-aid recipients, which may include 107.23 withholding grant payments or making the grantee or trail system ineligible for future 107.24 grant-in-aid funding. 107.25
- (2) for acquisition, development, and maintenance of to acquire, develop, and maintain 107.26 state recreational snowmobile trails; 107.27
- 107.28 (3) for snowmobile safety programs; and
- (4) for the administration and enforcement of to administer and enforce sections 84.81 107.29 to 84.91 and appropriated grants to local law enforcement agencies. 107.30

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- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.86, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Required rules.** With a view of achieving maximum use of snowmobiles consistent with protection of the environment the commissioner of natural resources shall adopt rules in the manner provided by chapter 14, for the following purposes:
 - (1) Registration of snowmobiles and display of registration numbers.
- 108.9 (2) Use of snowmobiles insofar as game and fish resources are affected.
 - (3) Use of snowmobiles on public lands and waters, or on grant-in-aid trails.
- 108.11 (4) Uniform signs to be used by the state, counties, and cities, which are necessary or desirable to control, direct, or regulate the operation and use of snowmobiles.
- 108.13 (5) Specifications relating to snowmobile mufflers.
- (6) A comprehensive snowmobile information and safety education and training program, 108.14 including but not limited to the preparation and dissemination of snowmobile information 108.15 and safety advice to the public, the training of snowmobile operators, and the issuance of 108.16 snowmobile safety certificates to snowmobile operators who successfully complete the 108.17 snowmobile safety education and training course. For the purpose of administering such 108.18 program and to defray expenses of training and certifying snowmobile operators, the 108.19 commissioner shall collect a fee from each person who receives the youth or adult training. 108.20 The commissioner shall collect a fee, to include a \$1 issuing fee for licensing agents, for 108.21 issuing a duplicate snowmobile safety certificate. The commissioner shall establish both 108.22 fees in a manner that neither significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers costs, including overhead costs, involved in providing the services. The fees are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply. The fees may be established 108.25 by the commissioner notwithstanding section 16A.1283. The fees, except for the issuing 108.26 fee for licensing agents under this subdivision, shall be deposited in the snowmobile trails 108.27 and enforcement account in the natural resources fund and the amount thereof, except for 108.28 the electronic licensing system commission established by the commissioner under section 108.29 84.027, subdivision 15, and issuing fees collected by the commissioner, is appropriated annually to the Enforcement Division of the Department of Natural Resources for the 108.31 administration of such programs. In addition to the fee established by the commissioner, 108.32 instructors may charge each person any fee paid by the instructor for the person's online 108.33

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training course and up to the established fee amount for class materials and expenses. The commissioner shall cooperate with private organizations and associations, private and public corporations, and local governmental units in furtherance of the program established under this clause. School districts may cooperate with the commissioner and volunteer instructors to provide space for the classroom portion of the training. The commissioner shall consult with the commissioner of public safety in regard to training program subject matter and performance testing that leads to the certification of snowmobile operators.

- (7) The operator of any snowmobile involved in an accident resulting in injury requiring medical attention or hospitalization to or death of any person or total damage to an extent of \$500 or more, shall forward a written report of the accident to the commissioner on such form as the commissioner shall prescribe. If the operator is killed or is unable to file a report due to incapacitation, any peace officer investigating the accident shall file the accident report within ten business days.
- 109.14 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.925, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Program Training and certification programs established. (a) The 109.15 109.16 commissioner shall establish:
 - (1) a comprehensive all-terrain vehicle environmental and safety education and training certification program, including the preparation and dissemination of vehicle information and safety advice to the public, the training of all-terrain vehicle operators, and the issuance of all-terrain vehicle safety certificates to vehicle operators over the age of 12 years who successfully complete the all-terrain vehicle environmental and safety education and training course.; and
- 109.23 (2) a voluntary all-terrain vehicle online training program for youth and a parent or guardian, offered at no charge for operators at least six years of age but younger than ten 109.24 109.25 years of age.
- (b) A parent or guardian must be present at the hands-on a training portion of the program 109.26 for when the youth who are six through is under ten years of age. 109.27
- (b) (c) For the purpose of administering the program and to defray the expenses of training and certifying vehicle operators, the commissioner shall collect a fee from each person who receives the training for certification under paragraph (a), clause (1). The 109.30 commissioner shall collect a fee, to include a \$1 issuing fee for licensing agents, for issuing a duplicate all-terrain vehicle safety certificate. The commissioner shall establish both fees in a manner that neither significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers costs, including

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overhead costs, involved in providing the services. The fees are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply. The fees may be established by the commissioner notwithstanding section 16A.1283. Fee proceeds, except for the issuing fee for licensing agents under this subdivision, shall be deposited in the all-terrain vehicle account in the natural resources fund and the amount thereof, except for the electronic licensing system commission established by the commissioner under section 84.027, subdivision 15, and issuing fees collected by the commissioner, is appropriated annually to the Enforcement Division of the Department of Natural Resources for the administration of the programs. In addition to the fee established by the commissioner, instructors may charge each person up to the established fee amount for class materials and expenses.

- (e) (d) The commissioner shall cooperate with private organizations and associations, private and public corporations, and local governmental units in furtherance of the program programs established under this section. School districts may cooperate with the commissioner and volunteer instructors to provide space for the classroom portion of the training. The commissioner shall consult with the commissioner of public safety in regard to training program the subject matter of the training programs and performance testing that 110.16 leads to the certification of vehicle operators. The commissioner shall incorporate a riding component in the safety education and training program. certification programs established under this section and may incorporate a riding component in the training program established in paragraph (a), clause (2).
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.9256, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 110.21
- Subdivision 1. Prohibitions on youthful operators. (a) Except for operation on public 110.22 road rights-of-way that is permitted under section 84.928 and as provided under paragraph (j), a driver's license issued by the state or another state is required to operate an all-terrain 110.24 vehicle along or on a public road right-of-way. 110.25
- (b) A person under 12 years of age shall not: 110.26
- (1) make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way; 110.27
- (2) operate an all-terrain vehicle on a public road right-of-way in the state; or 110.28
- (3) operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands or waters, except as provided in 110.29 paragraph (f). 110.30
- (c) Except for public road rights-of-way of interstate highways, a person 12 years of age 110.31 but less than 16 years may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, 110.32 county state-aid, or county highway or operate on public lands and waters or state or 110.33

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- grant-in-aid trails, only if that person possesses a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate issued by the commissioner and is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or older who holds a valid driver's license.
- (d) To be issued an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate, a person at least 12 years old, 111.4 111.5 but less than 16 years old, must:
- (1) successfully complete the safety education and training program under section 84.925, 111.6 subdivision 1, including a riding component; and 111.7
- 111.8 (2) be able to properly reach and control the handle bars and reach the foot pegs while sitting upright on the seat of the all-terrain vehicle. 111.9
- (e) A person at least six ten years of age may take the safety education and training 111.10 program and may receive an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate under paragraph (d), but the certificate is not valid until the person reaches age 12. 111.12
- 111.13 (f) A person at least ten years of age but under 12 years of age may operate an all-terrain vehicle with an engine capacity up to 110cc if the vehicle is a class 1 all-terrain vehicle with 111.14 straddle-style seating or up to 170cc if the vehicle is a class 1 all-terrain vehicle with side-by-side-style seating on public lands or waters if accompanied by a parent or legal 111.16 111.17 guardian.
- (g) A person under 15 years of age shall not operate a class 2 all-terrain vehicle. 111.18
- (h) A person under the age of 16 may not operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands 111.19 or waters or on state or grant-in-aid trails if the person cannot properly reach and control: 111.20
- (1) the handle bars and reach the foot pegs while sitting upright on the seat of the 111.21 all-terrain vehicle with straddle-style seating; or
- (2) the steering wheel and foot controls of a class 1 all-terrain vehicle with 111.23 side-by-side-style seating while sitting upright in the seat with the seat belt fully engaged. 111.24
- (i) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a nonresident at least 12 years old, but less than 16 111.25 years old, may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county 111.26 state-aid, or county highway or operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands and waters or 111.27 state or grant-in-aid trails if: 111.28
- 111.29 (1) the nonresident youth has in possession evidence of completing an all-terrain safety course offered by the ATV Safety Institute or another state as provided in section 84.925, 111.30 subdivision 3; and 111.31

112.1	(2) the nonresident youth is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or older who holds
112.2	a valid driver's license.
112.3	(j) A person 12 years of age but less than 16 years of age may operate an all-terrain
112.4	vehicle on the roadway, bank, slope, or ditch of a public road right-of-way as permitted
112.5	under section 84.928 if the person:
112.6	(1) possesses a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate issued by the commissioner;
112.7	and
112.8	(2) is accompanied by a parent or legal guardian on a separate all-terrain vehicle.
112.9	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.928, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
112.10	Subd. 2. Operation generally. A person may not drive or operate an all-terrain vehicle
112.11	(1) at a rate of speed greater than reasonable or proper under the surrounding
112.12	circumstances;
112.13	(2) in a careless, reckless, or negligent manner so as to endanger or to cause injury or
112.14	damage to the person or property of another;
112.15	(3) without headlight and taillight lighted at all times if the vehicle is equipped with
112.16	headlight and taillight;
112.17	(4) without a functioning stoplight if so equipped;
112.18	(5) in a tree nursery or planting in a manner that damages or destroys growing stock;
112.19	(6) without a brake operational by either hand or foot;
112.20	(7) with more than one person on the vehicle, except as allowed under section 84.9257
112.21	(8) at a speed exceeding ten miles per hour on the frozen surface of public waters within
112.22	100 feet of a person not on an all-terrain vehicle or within 100 feet of a fishing shelter; or
112.23	(9) with a snorkel device that has a raised air intake six inches or more above the vehicle
112.24	manufacturer's original air intake, except within the Iron Range Off-Highway Vehicle
112.25	Recreation Area as described in section 85.013, subdivision 12a, or other public off-highway
112.26	vehicle recreation areas; or
112.27	(10) (9) in a manner that violates operation rules adopted by the commissioner.
112.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec. 23. [84.976] NO CHILD LEFT INSIDE GRANT PROGR
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- Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The commissioner of natural resources must establish and administer a program to provide grants for outdoor environmental, ecological, and other natural-resource-based education and recreation programs serving youth.
- Subd. 2. Eligibility. The commissioner may award grants under this section to public entities or private nonprofit organizations.
- Subd. 3. Priorities. In awarding grants under this section, the commissioner must give priority to programs that:
- (1) provide students with opportunities to directly experience and understand nature and the natural world;
- 113.11 (2) use a research-based, effective environmental, ecological, agricultural, or other 113.12 natural-resource-based educational curriculum;
- 113.13 (3) maximize the number of participants that can be served;
- 113.14 (4) serve children with limited opportunities to participate in natural-resource-based outdoor activities;
- (5) use public park and other natural resource venues and personnel as a resource; and
- 113.17 (6) commit matching funds or in-kind resources.
- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84D.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Bait harvest from infested waters.** (a) Taking wild animals from infested waters for bait or aquatic farm purposes is prohibited except as provided in paragraph (b) or (c) and section 97C.341.
- (b) In waters that are listed as infested waters, except those listed as infested with prohibited invasive species of fish or certifiable diseases of fish, as defined under section 113.24 17.4982, subdivision 6, taking wild animals may be permitted for:
- (1) commercial taking of wild animals for bait and aquatic farm purposes as provided in a permit issued under section 84D.11, subject to rules adopted by the commissioner; and
- (2) bait purposes for noncommercial personal use in waters that contain Eurasian watermilfoil, when the infested waters are listed solely because they contain Eurasian watermilfoil and if the equipment for taking is limited to cylindrical minnow traps not exceeding 16 inches in diameter and 32 inches in length.

114.1	(c) In streams or rivers that are listed as infested waters, except those listed as infested
114.2	with certifiable diseases of fish, as defined under section 17.4982, subdivision 6, the harvest
114.3	of bullheads, goldeyes, mooneyes, sheepshead (freshwater drum), and suckers for bait by
114.4	hook and line for noncommercial personal use is allowed as follows:
114.5	(1) fish taken under this paragraph must be used on the same body of water where caught
114.6	and while still on that water body. Where the river or stream is divided by barriers such as
114.7	dams, the fish must be caught and used on the same section of the river or stream;
114.8	(2) fish taken under this paragraph may not be transported live from or off the water
114.9	body;
114.10	(3) fish harvested under this paragraph may only be used in accordance with this section;
114.11	(4) any other use of wild animals used for bait from infested waters is prohibited;
114.12	(5) fish taken under this paragraph must meet all other size restrictions and requirements
114.13	as established in rules; and
114.14	(6) all species listed under this paragraph shall be included in the person's daily limit as
114.15	established in rules, if applicable.
114.16	(d) Equipment authorized for minnow harvest in a listed infested water by permit issued
114.17	under paragraph (b) may not be transported to, or used in, any waters other than waters
114.18	specified in the permit.
114.19	(e) Bait intended for sale may not be held in infested water after taking and before sale
114.20	unless authorized under a license or permit according to Minnesota Rules, part 6216.0500.
114.21	(f) In the Minnesota River downstream of Granite Falls, the Mississippi River downstream
114.22	of St. Anthony Falls, and the St. Croix River downstream of the dam at Taylors Falls,
114.23	including portions described as Minnesota-Wisconsin boundary waters in Minnesota Rules,
114.24	part 6266.0500, subpart 1, items A and B, harvesting gizzard shad by cast net for
114.25	noncommercial personal use as bait for angling, as provided in a permit issued under section
114.26	84D.11, is allowed as follows:
114.27	(1) nontarget species must immediately be returned to the water;
114.28	(2) gizzard shad taken under this paragraph must be used on the same body of water
114.29	where caught and while still on that water body. Where the river is divided by barriers such
114.30	as dams, the gizzard shad must be caught and used on the same section of the river;
114.31	(3) gizzard shad taken under this paragraph may not be transported off the water body;

114.32 <u>and</u>

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(4) gizzard shad harvested under this paragraph may only be used in accordance with 115.1 this section. 115.2

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84D.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

- Subd. 4. Restrictions in infested and noninfested waters; commercial fishing and turtle, frog, and crayfish harvesting. (a) All nets, traps, buoys, anchors, stakes, and lines used for commercial fishing or turtle, frog, or crayfish harvesting in an infested water that is listed because it contains invasive fish, invertebrates, aquatic plants or aquatic macrophytes other than Eurasian watermilfoil, or certifiable diseases, as defined in section 17.4982, must be tagged with tags provided by the commissioner, as specified in the commercial licensee's license or permit. Tagged gear must not be used in water bodies other than those specified in the license or permit. The license or permit may authorize department staff to remove tags after the from gear is that has been decontaminated according to a protocol specified by the commissioner if use of the decontaminated gear in other water bodies does not pose an unreasonable risk of harm to natural resources or the use of natural resources in the state. This tagging requirement does not apply to commercial fishing equipment used in Lake Superior.
- (b) All nets, traps, buoys, anchors, stakes, and lines used for commercial fishing or turtle, frog, or crayfish harvesting in an infested water that is listed solely because it contains Eurasian watermilfoil must be dried for a minimum of ten days or frozen for a minimum of two days before they are used in any other waters, except as provided in this paragraph. Commercial licensees must notify the department's regional or area fisheries office or a 115.21 conservation officer before removing nets or equipment from an infested water listed solely 115.22 because it contains Eurasian watermilfoil and before resetting those nets or equipment in any other waters. Upon notification, the commissioner may authorize a commercial licensee to move nets or equipment to another water without freezing or drying, if that water is listed 115.25 as infested solely because it contains Eurasian watermilfoil.
- 115.27 (c) A commercial licensee must remove all aquatic macrophytes from nets and other 115.28 equipment before placing the equipment into waters of the state.
- (d) The commissioner shall provide a commercial licensee with a current listing of listed 115.29 infested waters at the time that a license or permit is issued. 115.30
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84D.108, subdivision 2b, is amended to read: 115.31
- Subd. 2b. Gull Lake pilot study. (a) The commissioner may include an additional 115.32 targeted pilot study to include water-related equipment with zebra mussels attached for the 115.33

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- Gull Narrows State Water Access Site, Government Point State Water Access Site, and Gull East State Water Access Site water access sites on Gull Lake (DNR Division of Waters number 11-0305) in Cass and Crow Wing Counties using the same authorities, general procedures, and requirements provided for the Lake Minnetonka pilot project in subdivision 2a. Lake service providers participating in the Gull Lake targeted pilot study place of business must be located in Cass or Crow Wing County.
- (b) If an additional targeted pilot project for Gull Lake is implemented under this section, the report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees having jurisdiction over natural resources required under Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 3, section 48, must also include the Gull Lake targeted pilot study recommendations and assessments.
- (c) This subdivision expires December 1, 2019. 116.12

- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84D.108, subdivision 2c, is amended to read: 116.13
- Subd. 2c. Cross Lake pilot study. (a) The commissioner may include an additional 116.14 targeted pilot study to include water-related equipment with zebra mussels attached for the 116.16 Cross Lake #1 State Water Access Site water access sites on Cross Lake (DNR Division of Waters number 18-0312) in Crow Wing County using the same authorities, general 116.17 procedures, and requirements provided for the Lake Minnetonka pilot project in subdivision 116.18 2a. The place of business of lake service providers participating in the Cross Lake targeted 116.19 pilot study must be located in Cass or Crow Wing County. 116.20
- (b) If an additional targeted pilot project for Cross Lake is implemented under this section, the report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of 116.22 representatives committees having jurisdiction over natural resources required under Laws 116.23 2016, chapter 189, article 3, section 48, must also include the Cross Lake targeted pilot 116.24 116.25 study recommendations and assessments.
- (c) This subdivision expires December 1, 2019. 116.26
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84D.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 116.27
- Subd. 2. Receipts. Money received from surcharges on watercraft licenses under section 116.28 86B.415, subdivision 7, civil penalties under section 84D.13, and service provider permits 116.29 under section 84D.108, shall must be deposited in the invasive species account. Each year, 116.30 the commissioner of management and budget shall must transfer from the game and fish 116.31 fund to the invasive species account, the annual surcharge collected on nonresident fishing

- licenses under section 97A.475, subdivision 7, paragraph (b). Each fiscal year, the 117.1 commissioner of management and budget shall transfer \$750,000 \$375,000 from the water 117.2 recreation account under section 86B.706 to the invasive species account. 117.3
- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 85.054, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 117.4
- Subdivision 1. State Park Open House Day Days. (a) A state park permit is not required 117.5 for a motor vehicle to enter a state park, state monument, state recreation area, or state 117.6 wayside, on one day four days each calendar year at each park, which the commissioner 117.7 may shall designate as State Park Open House Day Days. The commissioner may designate 117.8 two consecutive days as State Park Open House Day Days, if the open house is held in 117.9 conjunction with a special pageant described in section 85.052, subdivision 2. 117.10
- 117.11 (b) The commissioner shall announce the date of each State Park Open House Day at least 30 days in advance of the date it occurs.
- (c) The purpose of State Park Open House Day Days is to acquaint the public with state 117.13 parks, recreation areas, and waysides.
- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 85.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 117.15
- Subdivision 1. **Designation.** (a) The commissioner of natural resources is authorized in 117.16 cooperation with local units of government and private individuals and groups when feasible 117.17 to manage state water trails on the Lake Superior water trail under section 85.0155 and on the following rivers, which have historic, recreational, and scenic values: Little Fork, Big Fork, Minnesota, St. Croix, Snake, Mississippi, Red Lake, Cannon, Straight, Des Moines, 117.20 Crow Wing, St. Louis, Pine, Rum, Kettle, Cloquet, Root, Zumbro, Pomme de Terre within 117.21 Swift County, Watonwan, Cottonwood, Whitewater, Chippewa from Benson in Swift County 117.22 to Montevideo in Chippewa County, Long Prairie, Red River of the North, Sauk, Otter Tail, 117.23 Redwood, Blue Earth, Cedar, Shell Rock, Vermilion in St. Louis County, north fork of the 117.24 Crow, and south fork of the Crow. The commissioner may map and sign points of interest, public water access sites, portages, camp sites, and dams, rapids, waterfalls, and other serious 117.26 hazards that are dangerous to canoe, kayak, and watercraft travelers. The commissioner 117.27 may maintain passageway for watercraft on state water trails. 117.28
- 117.29 (b) Notwithstanding section 10.49, the segment of the St. Croix River Water Trail between Wild River State Park and William O'Brien State Park is designated and named 117.30 the Walter F. Mondale Scenic Riverway. 117.31

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Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 85.42, is amended to read:

85.42 USER FEE; VALIDITY.

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- (a) The fee for an annual cross-country-ski pass is \$19 \$24 for an individual age 16 and over. The fee for a three-year pass is \$54 \$69 for an individual age 16 and over. This fee shall must be collected at the time the pass is purchased. Three-year passes are valid for three years beginning the previous July 1. Annual passes are valid for one year beginning the previous July 1.
- (b) The cost for a daily cross-country skier pass is \$5 \$9 for an individual age 16 and 118.8 over. This fee shall must be collected at the time the pass is purchased. The daily pass is 118.9 valid only for the date designated on the pass form. 118.10
- (c) A pass must be signed by the skier across the front of the pass to be valid and becomes 118.11 is nontransferable on signing when signed. 118.12
- (d) The commissioner and agents shall must issue a duplicate pass to a person whose 118.13 pass is lost or destroyed, using the process established under section 97A.405, subdivision 118.14 3, and rules adopted thereunder. The fee for a duplicate cross-country-ski pass is \$2. 118.15
- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 85.44, is amended to read: 118.16

85.44 CROSS-COUNTRY-SKI TRAIL GRANT-IN-AID PROGRAM.

The commissioner shall establish a grant-in-aid program for local units of government 118.18 and special park districts for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of to acquire, 118.19 develop, and maintain cross-country-ski trails that are determined by the commissioner to 118.20 be part of the state's grant-in-aid system. Grants shall be are available for acquisition of to 118.21 acquire trail easements but may not be used to acquire any lands in fee title. Local units of 118.22 government and special park districts applying for and receiving grants under this section 118.23 shall be are considered to have cross-country-ski trails for one year following the expiration 118.24 of their last grant. The department shall reimburse all public sponsors of grants-in-aid cross-country-ski trails based upon criteria established by the department. Prior to the use 118.26 of Before using any reimbursement criteria, a certain proportion of the revenues shall must 118.27 be allocated on the basis of user fee sales location. The commissioner may establish a 118.28 performance-based funding formula for annual grants-in-aid. The procedures and criteria 118.29 for grants-in-aid are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and section 118.30 14.386 does not apply. In administering the performance-based grants-in-aid, the 118.31 commissioner must: 118.32

119.1	(1) determine annual grant amounts based on a funding formula that includes
119.2	consideration of historical costs, snowfall, use, and tourism;
119.3	(2) make grant payments based on:
119.4	(i) successful completion of performance benchmarks;
119.5	(ii) reimbursement of eligible expenditures; or
119.6	(iii) a combination of items (i) and (ii); and
119.7	(3) assess penalties to nonperforming grant-in-aid recipients, which may include
119.8	withholding grant payments or making the grantee or trail system ineligible for future
119.9	grant-in-aid funding.
119.10	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 85.47, is amended to read:
119.11	85.47 SPECIAL USE PERMITS; FEES.
119.12	Fees collected for special use permits to use state trails not on state forest, state park, or
119.13	state recreation area lands and for use of state water access sites must be deposited in the
119.14	natural resources fund and are appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for
119.15	operating and maintaining state trails and water access sites.
119.16	Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 86B.415, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
119.17	Subd. 7. Watercraft surcharge. A \$5 \(\frac{\$10.60}{} \) surcharge is placed on each watercraft
119.18	licensed under subdivisions 1 to 5 for control, public awareness, law enforcement, monitoring,
119.19	and research of aquatic invasive species such as zebra mussel, purple loosestrife, and Eurasian
119.20	watermilfoil in public waters and public wetlands.
119.21	Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 88.10, is amended by adding a subdivision to
119.22	read:
119.23	Subd. 3. Wildland firefighters; training and licensing. Forest officers and all
119.24	individuals employed as firefighters under this chapter are not subject to the licensing,
119.25	training, and certification requirements of chapter 299N.
119.26	Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 88.642, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
119.27	Subdivision 1. Written consent. No person shall cut, harvest, remove, transport, or
119.28	possess for decorative purposes or for sale more than three decorative trees, more than 100
119.29	pounds of decorative boughs, more than 50 spruce stems or branches greater than six inches

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in length, more than 50 birch stems or branches greater than one-inch large-end diameter, or more than 100 pounds of any other decorative materials without the written consent of the owner or authorized agent of the private or public land on which the decorative materials were cut or harvested. The written consent shall be on a form furnished or otherwise approved by the commissioner of natural resources and shall must contain the legal description of the land where the decorative materials were cut or harvested, as well as the name of the legal owner of the land or the owner's authorized agent. The written consent must be carried by every person cutting, harvesting, removing, possessing, or transporting any decorative materials, or in any way aiding therein, and must be exhibited to any officer at the officer's request at any time.

- Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 88.642, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 120.11
- Subd. 3. Transportation requirements. No person, common carrier, bough decorative 120.12 materials buyer, or authorized agent shall purchase or otherwise receive for shipment or 120.13 120.14 transportation any decorative materials without recording the seller's or consignor's name and address and the written consent on a form furnished or otherwise approved by the 120.15 commissioner of natural resources. 120.16
- Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 88.6435, is amended to read: 120.17
 - 88.6435 BOUGH DECORATIVE MATERIALS BUYERS.
- 120.19 Subdivision 1. Permits. A person may not buy more than 100 pounds of decorative boughs in any calendar year without a bough buyer's permit issued by the commissioner of 120.20 120.21 natural resources. The annual fee for a permit for a resident or nonresident to buy decorative boughs is \$25. 120.22
- 120.23 Subd. 1a. License. (a) A person must have a buyer's license for decorative materials to:
- (1) buy more than 100 pounds of decorative boughs in any calendar year; 120.24
- 120.25 (2) buy more than 50 spruce stems or branches greater than six inches in length in any calendar year; or 120.26
- 120.27 (3) buy more than 50 birch stems or branches greater than one-inch large-end diameter in any calendar year. 120.28
- (b) The annual fee for a buyer's license for decorative materials for a resident or 120.29 nonresident is \$25. 120.30

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121.1	Subd. 2. I	Record requirem	ents. (a) When b	uying or otherwise receivi	ng decorative
121.2	boughs mater	rials, a person per	mitted licensed u	nder this section must reco	ord:
121.3	(1) the sel	ler's name and ad	dress;		
121.4	(2) the for	m of written cons	sent; and		
121.5	(3) the go	vernment permit	number or legal o	lescription or property tax	identification
121.6	number of the	e land from which	n the boughs deco	orative materials were obta	ined.
121.7	<u>(b)</u> The in	formation <u>under p</u>	oaragraph (a) mus	t be provided recorded on	a form furnished
121.8	or otherwise	approved by the c	commissioner of	natural resources in consul	tation with the
121.9	balsam bougl	n industry groups	and must be exh	bited to an officer upon re	quest.
121.10	(b) Bough	s may not be pure	chased (c) A lice	nsed buyer may not purcha	ase decorative
121.11	materials if the	ne seller fails to ex	xhibit the written	consent required under se	ction 88.642,
121.12	subdivision 1	, or if the boughs	do not conform t	to the standards specified o	on the consent.
121.13	Decorative be	oughs cut from pu	ı blic lands materi	als must conform to stand	ards specified in
121.14	the written co	onsent.			
121.15	<u>(e) (d)</u> Re	cords shall must t	oe maintained fro	m July 1 until June 30 of t	he following
121.16	calendar year	and shall must be	e open to inspect	on to an officer during rea	sonable hours.
121.17	(d) <u>(e)</u> Cus	stomer name and a	ddress records cro	eated and maintained by per	mittees licensees
121.18	under this sec	ction are classified	d as private or no	npublic government data.	
121.19	Subd. 3. I	Revocation of per	rmits Penalties.	(a) The commissioner may	deny, modify,
121.20	suspend, or re	voke a permit lice	ense issued under	this section for cause, inclu	ding falsification
121.21	of for falsifyi	ng records require	ed under this sect	ion or violation of any oth	er provision of
121.22	for violating	sections 88.641 to	88.648.		
121.23	(b) A pers	son convicted of t	wo or more viola	tions of sections 88.641 to	88.648 within
121.24	three years m	ay not obtain a bo	ough buyer's pern	nit license for decorative m	aterials for three
121.25	years from af	ter the date of the	e last conviction.		
121.26	Subd. 4. I	Forest bough Spe	ecial forest produ	ucts account; disposition	of fees. (a) The
121.27	forest bough	special forest prod	ducts account is e	stablished in the state treas	ury within in the
121.28	natural resour	rces fund.			
121.29	(b) Fees for	or permits license	es issued under th	is section must be deposite	ed in the state

121.30 treasury and credited to the forest bough special forest products account and, except for the

121.32 84.027, subdivision 15, are annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources

electronic licensing system commission established by the commissioner under section

- for costs associated with special forest product information and education programs for harvesters and buyers.
- Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 90.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 13. Special forest products. "Special forest products" means woody and herbaceous plants, plant parts, seeds, fungus, soil, gravel, and forest substrate for consumption, decoration, or medicine or for any other specialty use.
- Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 90.195, is amended to read:

90.195 SPECIAL USE AND PRODUCT PERMIT.

- 122.10 (a) The commissioner may issue a <u>fuelwood</u> permit to salvage or cut not to exceed 12 122.11 cords of fuelwood per year for personal use from either or both of the following sources:
- 122.12 (1) dead, down, and damaged trees; or

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- (2) other trees that are of negative value under good forest management practices.
- (b) The <u>fuelwood</u> permits <u>under paragraph</u> (a) may be issued for a period not to exceed one year. The commissioner <u>shall must</u> charge a fee for the permit as provided under section 90.041, subdivision 10. The fee <u>shall must</u> not exceed the current market value of fuelwood of similar species, grade, and volume that is being sold in the area where the salvage or cutting is authorized under the permit.
- (b) (c) The commissioner may issue a special product permit under section 89.42 for
 eommercial use, which may include permit for harvesting or collecting incidental volumes
 of boughs, gravel, hay, biomass, and other products derived from forest management activities
 special forest products. The value of the products is the current market value of the products
 that are being sold in the area. The permit may be issued for a period not to exceed one year,
 and the commissioner shall must charge a fee for the permit as provided under section
 90.041, subdivision 10.
- (e) (d) The commissioner may issue a special use permit for incidental volumes of timber from approved right-of-way road clearing across state land for the purpose of accessing to access a state timber permit. The permit shall must include the volume and value of timber to be cleared and may be issued for a period not to exceed one year. A presale conference as required under section 90.151, subdivision 6, must be completed before the start of any activities under the permit.

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123.1	Sec. 41. [92.122]	COMPENSATING PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND.	

- Subdivision 1. Compensation requirements. (a) When the revenue generated from school trust land and associated resources is diminished by management practices applied to the land and resources as determined by the commissioner of natural resources, the commissioner must compensate the permanent school fund.
- (b) When generating revenue from school trust land and associated resources will be prohibited by a policy or designation applied to the land and resources as determined by the commissioner, the commissioner must compensate the permanent school fund before the policy or designation is applied.
- Subd. 2. Compensation methods. To compensate the permanent school fund under subdivision 1, the commissioner may use compensation methods that include:
- (1) exchanging other land that is compatible with the goal of the permanent school fund under section 127A.31, as allowed under sections 94.343, subdivision 1, and 94.3495, and the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 10;
- (2) leasing under section 92.50 and according to subdivision 3, with rental payments as compensation; and
- 123.17 (3) condemning the land under section 92.83, with payment of the amount of the award and judgment as compensation.
- Subd. 3. Lease terms for compensating fund. With advice from the school trust lands
 director according to section 127A.353, subdivision 4, the commissioner may lease school
 trust land to compensate the permanent school fund. Rental payments received under this
 subdivision:
- (1) must be credited to the forest suspense account as nonqualifying revenue and not subject to cost certification under section 16A.125;
- 123.25 (2) must be paid in full upon executing the lease; and
- 123.26 (3) are determined by the commissioner and subject to review by a licensed appraiser.
- Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 92.50, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Lease terms.** (a) The commissioner of natural resources may lease land under the commissioner's jurisdiction and control:
- (1) to remove sand, gravel, clay, rock, marl, peat, and black dirt;
- (2) to store ore, waste materials from mines, or rock and tailings from ore milling plants;

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- (4) to compensate the permanent school fund according to section 92.122; or
- (4) (5) for other uses consistent with the interests of the state.
- 124.4 (b) The commissioner shall offer the lease at public or private sale for an amount and under terms and conditions prescribed by the commissioner. Commercial leases for more than ten years and leases for removal of peat that cover 320 or more acres must be approved by the Executive Council.
- (c) The lease term may not exceed 21 years except:
- 124.9 (1) leases of lands for storage sites for ore, waste materials from mines, or rock and
 124.10 tailings from ore milling plants, or for the removal of peat for nonagricultural purposes may
 124.11 not exceed a term of 25 years; and
- 124.12 (2) leases for commercial purposes, including major resort, convention center, or 124.13 recreational area purposes, may not exceed a term of 40 years.
- (d) Leases must be subject to sale and leasing of the land for mineral purposes and contain a provision for cancellation for just cause at any time by the commissioner upon six months' written notice. A longer notice period, not exceeding three years, may be provided in leases for storing ore, waste materials from mines, or rock or tailings from ore milling plants. The commissioner may determine the terms and conditions, including the notice period, for cancellation of a lease for the removal of peat and commercial leases.
- (e) Money received from leases under this section must be credited to the fund to which the land belongs.

124.22 Sec. 43. [93.171] ELIGIBILITY AND PERFORMANCE.

- Subdivision 1. Eligibility. Applicants for leases and lease holders under this chapter
 must meet the definition of responsible vendor as provided in rules adopted under chapter
 124.25 16C.
- Subd. 2. Performance. A current lease holder is subject to suspension and debarment under chapter 16C and rules adopted under chapter 16C.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to leases or lease amendments entered into on or after that date.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.015, subdivision 25, is amended to read: 125.1 Subd. 25. Game fish. "Game fish" means walleye, sauger, yellow perch, channel catfish, 125.2 flathead catfish; members of the pike family, Esocidae, including muskellunge and northern 125.3 pike; members of the sunfish family, Centrarchidae, including largemouth bass, smallmouth 125.4 bass, sunfish, rock bass, white crappie, black crappie, members of the temperate bass family, 125.5 Percichthyidae, including white bass and yellow bass; members of the salmon and trout 125.6 subfamily, Salmoninae, including Atlantic salmon, chinook salmon, coho salmon, pink 125.7 125.8 salmon, kokanee salmon, lake trout, brook trout, brown trout, rainbow (steelhead) trout, and splake; members of the paddlefish family, Polyodontidae; members of the sturgeon 125.9 family, Acipenseridae, including lake sturgeon, and shovelnose sturgeon. fish from the 125.10 following families and species: Acipenseridae (lake sturgeon and shovelnose sturgeon), 125.11 Anguillidae (American eel), Centrarchidae (black crappie; largemouth bass; rock bass; 125.12 smallmouth bass; white crappie; and sunfishes, including bluegill, green sunfish, longear 125.13 sunfish, orangespotted sunfish, pumpkinseed, and warmouth), Esocidae (muskellunge and 125.14 northern pike), Gadidae (burbot), Ictaluridae (blue catfish, channel catfish, and flathead 125.15 catfish), Moronidae (white bass and yellow bass), Percidae (sauger, walleye, and yellow 125.16 perch), Polyodontidae (paddlefish), and Salmonidae (Atlantic salmon, brook trout, brown 125.17 trout, chinook salmon, cisco (tullibee), coho salmon, kokanee salmon, lake trout, lake 125.18 whitefish, pink salmon, and rainbow trout). "Game fish" includes hybrids of game fish. 125.19 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.015, subdivision 43, is amended to read: 125.20 Subd. 43. Rough fish. "Rough fish" means carp, buffalo, sucker, sheepshead, bowfin, 125.21 burbot, eiseo, gar, goldeye, and bullhead, except for any fish species listed as endangered, 125.22 threatened, or of special concern in Minnesota Rules, chapter 6134. 125.23 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.051, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 125.24 Subd. 2. Summary of fish and game laws. (a) The commissioner shall prepare a 125.25 summary of the hunting and fishing laws and rules and deliver a sufficient supply to license 125.26 125.27 vendors to furnish one copy to each person obtaining a hunting, fishing, or trapping license. (b) At the beginning of the summary, under the heading "Trespass," the commissioner 125.28 shall summarize the trespass provisions under sections 97B.001 to 97B.945, state that 125.29 conservation officers and peace officers must enforce the trespass laws, and state the penalties 125.30 125.31 for trespassing.

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- (c) In the summary, the commissioner shall, under the heading "Duty to Render Aid," summarize the requirements under section 609.662 and state the penalties for failure to render aid to a person injured by gunshot.
- Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.055, subdivision 4b, is amended to read: 126.4
- Subd. 4b. Citizen oversight committees. (a) The commissioner shall appoint committees 126.5 of affected persons to review the reports prepared under subdivision 4; review the proposed 126.6 work plans and budgets for the coming year; propose changes in policies, activities, and 126.7 revenue enhancements or reductions; review other relevant information; and make 126.8 recommendations to the legislature and the commissioner for improvements in the 126.9 management and use of money in the game and fish fund. 126.10
- 126.11 (b) The commissioner shall appoint the following committees, each comprised of at least ten affected persons: 126.12
 - (1) a Fisheries Oversight Committee to review fisheries funding and expenditures, including activities related to trout-and-salmon stamps and walleye stamps; and
 - (2) a Wildlife Oversight Committee to review wildlife funding and expenditures, including activities related to migratory waterfowl, pheasant, and wild turkey management and deer and big game management.
 - (c) The chairs of the Fisheries Oversight Committee and the Wildlife Oversight Committee, and four additional members from each committee, shall form a Budgetary Oversight Committee to coordinate the integration of the fisheries and wildlife oversight committee reports into an annual report to the legislature; recommend changes on a broad level in policies, activities, and revenue enhancements or reductions; and provide a forum to address issues that transcend the fisheries and wildlife oversight committees.
 - (d) The Budgetary Oversight Committee shall develop recommendations for a biennial budget plan and report for expenditures on game and fish activities. By August 15 of each even-numbered year, the committee shall submit the budget plan recommendations to the commissioner and to the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over natural resources finance.
- (e) The chairs of the Fisheries Oversight Committee and the Wildlife Oversight 126.29 Committee shall be chosen by their respective committees. The chair of the Budgetary 126.30 Oversight Committee shall be appointed by the commissioner and may not be the chair of 126.31 either of the other oversight committees. 126.32

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- (f) The Budgetary Oversight Committee may make recommendations to the commissioner and to the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over natural resources finance for outcome goals from expenditures.
- (g) The committees authorized under this subdivision are not advisory councils or 127.4 committees governed by section 15.059 and are not subject to section 15.059. Committee 127.5 members appointed by the commissioner may request reimbursement for mileage expenses 127.6 in the same manner and amount as authorized by the commissioner's plan adopted under 127.7 section 43A.18, subdivision 2. Committee members must not receive daily compensation 127.8 for oversight activities. The Fisheries Oversight Committee, the Wildlife Oversight 127.9 Committee, and the Budgetary Oversight Committee expire June 30, 2020 2025. 127.10
- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.075, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 127.11
- Subdivision 1. Deer, bear, and lifetime licenses. (a) For purposes of this subdivision, 127.12
- "deer license" means a license issued under section 97A.475, subdivisions 2, clauses (5), 127.13
- (6), (7), (13), (14), and (15); 3, paragraph (a), clauses (2), (3), (4), (10), (11), and (12); and 127.14
- 8, paragraph (b), and licenses issued under section 97B.301, subdivision 4. 127.15
- 127.16 (b) \$2 from each annual deer license and \$2 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund, established in section 97A.4742, for each license issued under section 97A.473, 127.17
- subdivision 4, shall The deer management account is established as an account in the game 127.18
- and fish fund and may be used only for deer habitat improvement or deer management 127.19
- programs, including a computerized licensing system. The following amounts must be 127.20
- credited to the deer management account and is appropriated to the commissioner for deer 127.21
- habitat improvement or deer management programs.: 127.22
- (1) \$16 from each annual deer license issued under section 97A.475, subdivisions 2, 127.23
- clauses (5), (6), and (7); 3, paragraph (a), clauses (2), (3), and (4); and 8, paragraph (b); 127.24
- 127.25 (2) \$2 from each annual deer license issued under sections 97A.475, subdivisions 2,
- clauses (13), (14), and (15); and 3, paragraph (a), clauses (10), (11), and (12); and 97B.301, 127.26
- 127.27 subdivision 4; and
- (3) \$16 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund, established under section 127.28
- 97A.4742, for each license issued to a person 18 years of age or older under section 97A.473, 127.29
- subdivision 4, and \$2 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund for each license 127.30
- issued to a person under 18 years of age. 127.31
- (c) \$1 from each annual deer license and each bear license and \$1 annually from the 127.32
- lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund, established in section 97A.4742, for each license issued 127.33

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under section 97A.473, subdivision 4, shall must be credited to the deer and bear management account and is appropriated to the commissioner for deer- and bear-management programs, including a computerized licensing system.

- (d) Fifty cents from each deer license is credited to the emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health-management account and is appropriated for emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health management. Money appropriated for emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health management is available until expended.
- (e) When the unencumbered balance in the appropriation for emergency deer feeding 128.8 and wild Cervidae health management exceeds \$2,500,000 at the end of a fiscal year, the 128.9 unencumbered balance in excess of over \$2,500,000 is canceled and is available for deer-128.10 and bear-management programs and computerized licensing. 128.11
- Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.321, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 128.12
- Subdivision 1. Owner responsibility; penalty amount. (a) The owner of a dog that 128.13 pursues but does not kill or mortally wound a big game animal is subject to a civil penalty of \$100 for each violation. The owner of a dog that kills or mortally wounds a big game 128.15 128.16 animal is subject to a civil penalty of \$500 for each violation.
- (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a person using a dog in compliance with section 128.17 97B.207. 128.18
- Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.405, is amended by adding a subdivision 128.19 to read: 128.20
- Subd. 6. Application deadline. When an application deadline is specified, including an 128.21 application deadline for determining the fee based on age for a lifetime license, an application 128.22 must be received no later than 4:30 p.m. on the day of the deadline or, if mailed, an 128.23 application must be postmarked on or before the deadline date. 128.24
- Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.433, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 128.25
- Subd. 4. Discretionary separate selection; eligibility. (a) The commissioner may 128.26 conduct a separate selection for up to 20 percent of the elk licenses to be issued for an area. 128.28 Only owners of, and tenants living on, at least 160 acres of agricultural or grazing land in the area, and their family members, are eligible for the separate selection. Persons that are 128.29 unsuccessful in a separate selection must be included in the selection for the remaining 128.30 licenses. Persons who obtain an elk license in a separate selection must allow public elk 128.31 hunting on their land during the elk season for which the license is valid. may sell their

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129.1	license to any Minnesota resident eligible to hunt big game for no more than the original
129.2	cost of the license.
129.3	(b) The commissioner may by rule establish criteria for determining eligible family
129.4	members under this subdivision.

- Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.433, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Mandatory separate selection. The commissioner must conduct a separate 129.6 selection for 20 percent of the elk licenses to be issued each year. Only individuals who 129.7 have applied at least ten times for an elk license and who have never received a license are 129.8 eligible for this separate selection. A person who is unsuccessful in a separate selection 129.9 under this subdivision must be included in the selection for the remaining licenses. 129.10
- Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.505, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 129.11
- 129.12 Subd. 8. Importing hunter-harvested Cervidae. Importation into Minnesota of Importing hunter-harvested Cervidae carcasses from known chronic wasting disease endemic 129.13 areas, as determined by the Board of Animal Health, into Minnesota is prohibited except for cut and wrapped meat, quarters or other portions of meat with no part of the spinal column or head attached, antlers, hides, teeth, finished taxidermy mounts, and antlers attached 129.16 to skull caps that are cleaned of all brain tissue. Hunter-harvested Cervidae carcasses taken 129.17 from chronic wasting disease endemic areas outside of Minnesota may be transported on a 129.18 direct route through the state by nonresidents. 129.19
- Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.011, is amended to read: 129.20
- 97B.011 DOGS PURSUING BIG GAME. 129.21
- (a) A person who observes a dog wounding, killing, or pursuing in a manner that 129.22 endangers big game may kill the dog: 129.23
- (1) at any time, if the person is a peace officer or conservation officer; or 129.24
- (2) between January 1 and July 14, if the person is not a peace officer or conservation 129.25 officer and the discharge of firearms is allowed. 129.26
- The officer or person is not liable for damages for killing the dog. 129.27
- (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a dog used in compliance with section 97B.207. 129.28

130.1	Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.015, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
130.2	Subd. 6. Provisional certificate for persons with permanent physical or
130.3	developmental disability. Upon the recommendation of a course instructor, the
130.4	commissioner may issue a provisional firearms safety certificate to a person who satisfactorily
130.5	completes the classroom portion of the firearms safety course but is unable to pass the
130.6	written or an alternate format exam portion of the course because of a permanent physical
130.7	disability or developmental disability as defined in section 97B.1055, subdivision 1. The
130.8	certificate is valid only when used according to section 97B.1055.
130.9	Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.081, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
130.10	Subd. 3. Exceptions. (a) It is not a violation of this section for a person to:
130.11	(1) cast the rays of a spotlight, headlight, or other artificial light to take raccoons
130.12	according to section 97B.621, subdivision 3, or tend traps according to section 97B.931;
130.13	(2) hunt fox or coyote from January 1 to March 15 while using a handheld artificial
130.14	light, provided that the person is:
130.15	(i) on foot;
130.16	(ii) using a shotgun;
130.17	(iii) not within a public road right-of-way;
130.18	(iv) using a handheld or electronic calling device; and
130.19	(v) not within 200 feet of a motor vehicle; or
130.20	(3) cast the rays of a handheld artificial light to retrieve wounded or dead big game
130.21	animals, provided that the person is:
130.22	(i) on foot; and
130.23	(ii) not in possession of a firearm or bow.
130.24	(b) It is not a violation of subdivision 2 for a person to cast the rays of a spotlight,
130.25	headlight, or other artificial light to:
130.26	(1) carry out any agricultural, safety, emergency response, normal vehicle operation, or
130.27	occupation-related activities that do not involve taking wild animals; or

130.29 spotting, locating, or taking a wild animal.

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(2) carry out outdoor recreation as defined in section 97B.001 that is not related to

(c) Except as otherwise provided by the game and fish laws, it is not a violation of this 131.1 section for a person to use an electronic range finder device from one-half hour before 131.2 sunrise until one-half hour after sunset while lawfully hunting wild animals. 131.3 (d) It is not a violation of this section for a licensed bear hunter to cast the rays of a 131.4 131.5 handheld artificial light to track or retrieve a wounded or dead bear while possessing a firearm, provided that: 131.6 (1) if the person: 131.7 131.8 (1) (i) has the person's valid bear-hunting license in possession; (2) (ii) is on foot; and 131.9 (3) (iii) is following the blood trail of a bear that was shot during legal shooting hours; 131.10 131.11 or (2) as provided in section 97B.207. 131.12 (e) It is not a violation of this section for a licensed deer hunter to cast the rays of a 131.13 handheld artificial light to track or retrieve a wounded deer as provided in section 97B.207. 131.14 (f) For purposes of this subdivision, "handheld artificial light" means an artificial light 131.15 that is carried in the hand or attached to the person. 131.16 131.17 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.086, is amended to read: 131.18 97B.086 POSSESSING NIGHT VISION OR THERMAL IMAGING EQUIPMENT. (a) A person may not possess night vision or thermal imaging equipment while taking 131.19 wild animals or while having in possession, either individually or as one of a group of 131.20 persons, a firearm, bow, or other implement that could be used to take wild animals. 131.21 (b) This section does not apply to a firearm that is: 131.22 (1) unloaded; 131.23 (2) in a gun case expressly made to contain a firearm that fully encloses the firearm by 131.24 being zipped, snapped, buckled, tied, or otherwise fastened without any portion of the firearm exposed; and 131.26 (3) in the closed trunk of a motor vehicle. 131.27 (c) This section does not apply to a bow that is: 131.28 (1) completely encased or unstrung; and 131.29 (2) in the closed trunk of a motor vehicle. 131.30

132.1	(d) If the motor vehicle under paragraph (b) or (c) does not have a trunk, the firearm or
132.2	bow must be placed in the rearmost location of the vehicle.
132.3	(e) This section does not apply to night vision or thermal imaging equipment possessed
132.4	by <u>:</u>
132.5	(1) peace officers or military personnel while exercising their duties; or
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132.6	(2) a person taking coyote or fox as provided under section 97B.075 and rules adopted
132.7	under section 97B.605.
132.8	Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.1055, is amended to read:
132.9	97B.1055 HUNTING BY PERSONS WITH <u>A PERMANENT PHYSICAL OR</u>
132.10	DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY.
132.11	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section and section 97B.015, subdivision
132.12	6 <u>-;:</u>
132.13	(1) "person with developmental disability" means a person who has been diagnosed as
132.14	diagnosis of having substantial limitations in present functioning, manifested as significantly
132.15	subaverage intellectual functioning, existing concurrently with demonstrated deficits in
132.16	adaptive behavior, and who manifests when these conditions manifest before the person's
132.17	22nd birthday. A person with a related condition means a person who meets the diagnostic
132.18	definition under section 252.27, subdivision 1a.; and
132.19	(2) "permanent physical disability" means a physical disability that prevents a person
132.20	from being able to navigate natural terrain or hold a firearm for a required field component
132.21	for the firearms safety training program under section 97B.020.
132.22	Subd. 2. Obtaining license. (a) Notwithstanding section 97B.020, a person with <u>a</u>
132.23	permanent physical disability or developmental disability may obtain a firearms hunting
132.24	license with a provisional firearms safety certificate issued under section 97B.015,
132.25	subdivision 6.
132.26	(b) Any person accompanying or assisting a person with a permanent physical disability
132.27	or developmental disability under this section must possess a valid firearms safety certificate
132.28	issued by the commissioner.
132.29	Subd. 3. Assistance required. A person who obtains a firearms hunting license under
132.30	subdivision 2 must be accompanied and assisted by a parent, guardian, or other adult person
132.31	designated by a parent or guardian when hunting. A person who is not hunting but is solely

133.1	accompanying and assisting a person with a permanent physical disability or developmental
133.2	disability need not obtain a hunting license.
133.3	Subd. 4. Prohibited activities. (a) This section does not entitle a person to possess a
133.4	firearm if the person is otherwise prohibited from possessing a firearm under state or federal
133.5	law or a court order.
133.6	(b) No person shall knowingly authorize or permit a person, who by reason of a permanent
133.7	physical disability or developmental disability is incapable of safely possessing a firearm,
133.8	to possess a firearm to hunt in the state or on any boundary water of the state.
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133.9	Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.106, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
133.10	Subd. 2. Equipment requirements. (a) A crossbow used for hunting under the provisions
133.11	of this section must:
133.12	(1) be fired from the shoulder;
133.13	(2) deliver at least 42 foot-pounds of energy at a distance of ten feet;
133.14	(3) have a stock at least 30 inches long;
133.15	(4) have a working safety; and
133.16	(5) (4) be used with arrows or bolts at least ten inches long.
133.17	(b) An arrow or bolt used to take big game or turkey under the provisions of this section
133.18	must meet the legal arrowhead requirements in section 97B.211, subdivision 2.
133.19	(c) An arrow or bolt used to take rough fish with a crossbow under the provisions of this
133.20	section must be tethered or controlled by an attached line.
133.21	Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.1115, is amended to read:
	97B.1115 USE OF MECHANICAL OR ELECTRONIC ASSISTANCE TO HOLD
133.22133.23	AND DISCHARGE FIREARMS OR BOWS BY PHYSICALLY DISABLED A
	PERSON WITH A PHYSICAL DISABILITY.
133.24	I ERSON WITH A THI SICAL DISABILITI.
133.25	(a) Notwithstanding sections 97B.035, subdivision 1, 97B.321, and 97B.701, subdivision
133.26	2, the commissioner may authorize a physically disabled hunter issue a special permit to
133.27	take big game and small game, without a fee, to a person with a physical disability who has

133.28 a verified statement of the disability from a licensed physician or a certified nurse practitioner

or certified physician assistant acting under the direction of a licensed physician to use a

swivel or otherwise mounted firearm or bow or any electronic or mechanical device to 134.1 discharge a firearm or bow as long as the participant is physically present at the site. 134.2 134.3 (b) A person using mechanical or electronic assistance under this section may be assisted by another person. The person assisting may take a wounded animal shot by the person 134.4 134.5 using mechanical or electronic assistance under this section if the person with the disability 134.6 is physically incapable of doing so. The person assisting must be licensed to take the animal. Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.205, is amended to read: 134.7 134.8 97B.205 USE OF USING DOGS AND HORSES TO TAKE BIG GAME PROHIBITED. 134.9 134.10 A person may not use a dog or horse to take big game, except as provided under section 97B.207. 134.11 Sec. 62. [97B.207] USING DOGS TO LOCATE WOUNDED DEER OR BEAR. 134.12 Subdivision 1. Using dogs allowed. A person may use a dog to locate and retrieve a 134.13 wounded deer or bear only as provided in this section. 134.14 Subd. 2. Requirements for hunters and handlers. (a) A person attempting to locate 134.15 and retrieve a wounded deer or bear using a dog must have a valid license to take the deer 134.16 or bear and have the license in possession. If the person is a dog handler that does not have 134.17 a valid hunting license, the person must be accompanied by a licensed hunter with the license 134.18 in possession. 134.19 134.20 (b) The licensed hunter, and any accompanying dog handler, must be on foot and must wear blaze orange or blaze pink as provided in section 97B.071, paragraph (a). 134.21 134.22 (c) Any light used must be a handheld artificial light, as defined under section 97B.081, subdivision 3, paragraph (f). 134.23 Subd. 3. Requirements for dogs. (a) A dog used to locate a wounded deer or bear must 134.24 be accompanied by a licensed hunter and any dog handler until the wounded deer or bear 134.25 is located. The dog must be leashed and the licensed hunter or dog handler must be in 134.26 physical control of the leash at all times. The leash must not exceed 30 feet in length. 134.27 (b) The dog owner's information, including the owner's name and telephone number, 134.28 must be on the dog while the dog is used to locate a wounded deer or bear under this section.

135.1	(c) The licensed hunter and any accompanying dog handler are jointly and severally
135.2	responsible for a dog under this section. A violation of this subdivision is a misdemeanor
135.3	under section 97A.301, subdivision 1, and section 97A.421 applies.
135.4	Subd. 4. Additional requirements. (a) The trespass provisions in section 97B.001 apply
135.5	to activities under this section, including all requirements to gain permission to enter private
135.6	or public property.
135.7	(b) Activities under this section may occur during legal shooting hours or outside legal
135.8	shooting hours of the open season for the location and species. Any activity occurring under
135.9	this section outside the open season for the location and species must be reported to the
135.10	local conservation officer before locating or retrieving the wounded deer or bear.
135.11	Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.426, is amended to read:
135.12	97B.426 BAITING BEAR; USE OF DRUM.
135.13	(a) Notwithstanding section 97B.425, clauses (4) and (5):
135.14	(1) a private landowner or person authorized by the private landowner may use a drum
135.15	to bait bear on the person's private land-; and
135.16	(2) a resident may use a drum to bait bear on public land after paying a \$5 drum surcharge.
135.17	(b) The drum must be securely chained or cabled to a tree so that it cannot be moved
135.18	from the site by a bear and the drum may not include a mechanical device for dispensing
135.19	feed. The drum must be part of a registered bait station and marked as provided in section
135.20	97B.425. For a drum placed on public land under paragraph (a), clause (2), the drum also
135.21	<u>must:</u>
135.22	(1) be permanently marked with the information required in this paragraph;
135.23	(2) include the global positioning system information on the location of the drum as part
135.24	of the registration of the bait station under section 97B.425;
135.25	(3) not be placed on public land before the date allowed for placing bait under rules
135.26	prescribed by the commissioner; and
135.27	(4) be removed within seven days after the end of each bear hunting season.
135.28	(c) For purposes of this section, "drum" means a 30 gallon or larger drum.
135.29	(d) A person who violates paragraph (b) is guilty of a petty misdemeanor.

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Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.655, is amended to read:

97B.655 TAKING ANIMALS CAUSING DAMAGE.

- Subdivision 1. Owners and occupants may take certain animals. (a) A person or the person's agent may take bats, snakes, salamanders, lizards, weasel, mink, squirrel, rabbit, hare, raccoon, bobcat, fox, opossum, muskrat, or beaver on land owned or occupied by the person where the animal is causing damage. The person or the person's agent may take the animal without a license and in any manner except by artificial lights in the closed season or by poison. Raccoons may be taken under this subdivision with artificial lights during open season.
- (b) Any traps used under this subdivision must be tagged as required under section 136.10 136.11 97B.928 if placed by an agent of the landowner or occupant.
- (c) A person or the person's agent who kills mink, raccoon, bobcat, fox, opossum, 136.12 muskrat, or beaver under this subdivision must notify a conservation officer or employee 136.13 of the Fish and Wildlife Division within 24 hours after the animal is killed. 136.14
- 136.15 Subd. 2. Special permit for taking protected wild animals. (a) The commissioner may issue special permits under section 97A.401, subdivision 5, to take protected wild animals 136.16 that are damaging property or to remove or destroy their dens, nests, or houses, or dams. 136.17
- (b) Removing or destroying a beaver dam associated with beavers causing damage must 136.18 136.19 be according to section 97B.665.
- Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.665, is amended by adding a subdivision 136.20 to read: 136.21
- Subd. 1a. Removing beaver dams; agreement by landowner. (a) Except as provided 136.22 in paragraph (b), a beaver dam that is causing damage to property may be removed or 136.23 destroyed by a person or the person's agent from property that is owned, occupied, or 136.24 otherwise managed by the person. 136.25
- (b) A person or a person's agent may not remove or destroy a beaver dam under this 136.26 subdivision when a permit is required under section 103G.245 if removing or destroying 136.27 the dam would change or diminish the historical water levels, course, current, or cross 136.28 section of public waters. 136.29
- (c) A person or a person's agent may not remove or destroy a beaver dam under this 136.30 subdivision if the dam is on public property or another person's private property unless the 136.31

person obtains the approval or permission of the landowner of the property where the beaver 137.1 137.2 dam is located. (d) If unable to obtain the approval or permission of the landowner under paragraph (c), 137.3 a person may petition to district court for relief as provided in subdivision 2. 137.4 137.5 (e) For purposes of this subdivision: (1) "landowner" means: 137.6 (i) the owner, lessee, or occupant of private property; or 137.7 (ii) an authorized manager of public property; and 137.8 (2) "person" includes a governmental entity in addition to the entities described under 137.9 section 97A.015, subdivision 35. 137.10 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.667, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 137.11 137.12 Subd. 2. Local Government units. (a) Local Government units may, as provided in this section, kill or arrange to have killed beaver that are causing damage, including damage to 137 13 silvicultural projects and drainage ditches, on property owned or managed by the local 137.14 government unit. Removal or destruction of Removing or destroying any associated beaver 137.15 lodge is subject to section 97A.401, subdivision 5-, and removing or destroying any associated 137.16 beaver dam is subject to section 97B.665. (b) The local government unit may kill beaver associated with the lodge or damage in 137.18 any manner, except by poison or artificial lights. 137.19 (c) The local government unit may arrange to have killed any beaver associated with 137.20 137.21 the lodge or damage by trapping through a third-party contract or under subdivision 4. Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.667, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 137.22 Subd. 3. Permits and notice; requirements. (a) Before killing or arranging to kill a 137.23 beaver under this section, the road authority or local government unit must contact a 137.24 conservation officer for a special beaver permit- if the beaver will be killed within two weeks 137.25 before or after the trapping season for beaver, and the conservation officer must issue the 137.26 permit for any beaver subject to this section. A permit is not required: 137.27 (1) for a licensed trapper during the open trapping season for beaver; or 137.28 (2) when the trapping season for beaver is closed and it is not within two weeks before 137.29 or after the trapping season for beaver.

138.1	(b) A road authority or local government unit that kills or arranges to have killed a beaver
138.2	under this section must notify a conservation officer or employee of the Fish and Wildlife
138.3	Division within ten days after the animal is killed.
138.4	(c) Unless otherwise directed by a conservation officer, the road authority, local
138.5	government unit, or their agent may dispose of or retain beaver killed under this section.
138.6	Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.667, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
138.7	Subd. 4. Local Beaver control programs. A road authority or local government unit
138.8	may, after consultation with the Fish and Wildlife Division, implement a local beaver control
138.9	program designed to reduce the number of incidents of beaver:
138.10	(1) interfering with or damaging a public road; or
138.11	(2) causing damage, including damage to silvicultural projects and drainage ditches, on
138.12	property owned or managed by the local government unit.
138.13	The local control program may include the offering of a bounty for the lawful taking of
138.14	to lawfully take beaver.
138.15	Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.667, is amended by adding a subdivision
138.16	to read:
138.17	Subd. 5. Tagging requirements for traps. Traps used under subdivision 1 or 2 must
138.18	be identified with tags provided by the local unit of government that include the name and
138.19	telephone number of the government unit. Traps used for trapping under a third-party
138.20	contract must be tagged with the contractor's information as provided in section 97B.928.
138.21	Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97B.722, is amended to read:
138.22	97B.722 POSSESSING FIREARMS; HUNTING TURKEY.
138.23	(a) While afield hunting turkeys, licensees may not have in possession or control:
138.24	(1) any firearm that is not a legal firearm as defined in paragraph (c); or
138.25	(2) any bow and arrow except those defined as legal for taking turkeys in rules adopted
138.26	by the commissioner.
138.27	(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a person carrying a handgun in compliance with
138.28	section 624.714.
138.29	(c) For hunting turkeys, "legal firearm" means a shotgun or muzzleloading shotgun 10
138.30	gauge or smaller using fine shot size No. 4 or smaller diameter shot.

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139.1	Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.345, is amended by adding a subdivision
139.2	to read:
139.3	Subd. 3b. Cast nets for gizzard shad. (a) Cast nets may be used only to take gizzard

- shad for use as bait for angling from July 1 to November 30 as allowed under section 84D.03, subdivision 3.
- (b) Cast nets used under this subdivision must be monofilament and may not exceed 139.6 five feet in radius. Mesh size must be from three-eighths-inch to five-eighths-inch bar 139.7 measure. A person may use up to two cast nets at one time. 139.8
- Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.391, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 139.9
- Subdivision 1. General restrictions. A person may not buy or sell fish taken from the 139.10 139.11 waters of this state, except:
- (1) minnows; 139.12
- (2) rough fish excluding ciscoes; 139.13
- (3) smelt taken from Lake Superior and rivers and streams that flow into Lake Superior; 139.14
- (4) fish taken under licensed commercial fishing operations; 139.15
- (5) fish that are private aquatic life; and 139.16
- (6) fish lawfully taken and subject to sale from other states and countries. 139.17
- Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.395, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 139.18
- Subd. 2. Continuous season for certain species. For sunfish, white crappie, black 139.19 crappie, yellow perch, catfish, rock bass, white bass, yellow bass, burbot, cisco (tullibee), 139.20 lake whitefish, and rough fish, the open season is continuous. 139.21
- Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.815, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 139.22
- Subd. 2. Assignment. (a) The commissioner shall assign licensed inland commercial 139.23 fishing operators to commercial fishing areas and each operator shall be is obligated to fish 139.24 in the area that the commissioner has assigned to them. The commissioner's assignment 139.25 shall be is valid as long as the assigned operator continues to purchase a license, continues to provide an adequate removal effort in a good and professional manner, and is not convicted of two or more violations of laws or rules governing inland commercial fishing operations 139.28 during any one license period. In the operator assignment, the commissioner shall consider 139.29

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the proximity of the operator to the area, the type and quantity of fish gear and equipment possessed, knowledge of the affected waters, and general ability to perform the work well.

- (b) Area assignments must not restrict permits and contracts that the commissioner issues to governmental subdivisions and their subcontractors for invasive species control.
- Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103B.611, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Powers.** Subject to the provisions of chapters 97A, 103D, 103E, 103G, and 140.7 115, and the rules and regulations of the respective agencies and governing bodies vested with jurisdiction and authority under those chapters, the district has the following powers on Lake Minnetonka, excluding the area of public drainage ditches or watercourses connected to the lake:
 - (1) to regulate the types of boats permitted to use the lake and set service fees;
- (2) to regulate, maintain, and police public beaches, public docks, and other public facilities for access to the lake within the territory of the municipalities, provided that a municipality may supersede the district's action under this clause by adopting an ordinance specifically referring to the district's action by one year after the district's action;
- 140.16 (3) to limit by rule the use of the lake at various times and the use of various parts of the lake;
- 140.18 (4) to regulate the speed of boats on the lake and the conduct of other activities on the lake to secure the safety of the public and the most general public use;
- 140.20 (5) to contract with other law enforcement agencies to police the lake and its shore;
- 140.21 (6) to regulate the construction, installation, and maintenance of permanent and temporary docks and moorings consistent with federal and state law;
- (7) to regulate the construction and use of mechanical and chemical means of deicing the lake and to regulate mechanical and chemical means of removal of weeds and algae from the lake;
 - (8) to regulate the construction, configuration, size, location, and maintenance of commercial marinas and their related facilities including parking areas and sanitary facilities that affect activity below the ordinary high-water mark. The regulation shall authority under this clause does not apply to land-based marina activities, including storage facilities, and must be consistent with the applicable state statutes, municipal building codes, and zoning ordinances where the marinas are located;

141.1	(9) to contract with other governmental bodies to perform any of the functions of the
141.2	district;
141.3	(10) to undertake research to determine the condition and development of the lake and
141.4	the water entering it and to transmit their studies to the Pollution Control Agency and other
141.5	interested authorities, and to develop a comprehensive program to eliminate pollution;
141.6	(11) to receive financial assistance from and join in projects or enter into contracts with
141.7	federal and state agencies for the study and treatment of pollution problems and
141.8	demonstration programs related to them; and
141.9	(12) to petition the board of managers of a watershed district in which the lake
141.10	conservation district is located for improvements under section 103D.705; a bond is not
141.11	required of the lake conservation district.
141.12	For purposes of this subdivision "watercourses connected to the lake" does not include
141.13	channels connecting portions of the lake to one another.
	G 76 1402 C 222 COM AND WATER CONCERNATION DISTRICTS DUTING
141.14	Sec. 76. [103C.332] SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICTS; DUTIES
141.15	AND SERVICES.
141.16	Subdivision 1. Duties. In addition to any other duty prescribed by law, soil and water
141.17	conservation districts must:
141.18	(1) respond to and provide technical and financial assistance to landowners to maintain
141.19	and improve the quality, quantity, distribution, and sustainability of natural resources,
141.20	including surface water, groundwater, soil, and ecological resources;
141.21	(2) provide technical assistance in implementing the soil erosion law under sections
141.22	103F.401 to 103F.48;
141.23	(3) arrange for employees to serve on technical evaluation panels to implement the
141.24	wetland laws as required under section 103G.2242;
141.25	(4) locally administer the reinvest in Minnesota reserve program under section 103F.515
141.26	and rules adopted thereunder, using knowledge of local resources to manage each easemen
141.27	to maximize environmental benefits;
141.28	(5) participate in administering the Wetland Conservation Act as provided under sections
141.29	103G.221 to 103G.2375, either in an advisory capacity or as the designated local government
141.30	unit administering the program;
141.31	(6) participate in the local water management program under chapter 103B, either in ar
141.32	advisory capacity or as the designated local government unit administering the program:

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142.1	(7) participate, as appropriate, in the comprehensive watershed management planning
142.2	program under section 103B.801;
142.3	(8) participate in disaster response efforts as provided in chapter 12A;
142.4	(9) provide technical recommendations to the Department of Natural Resources on
142.5	general permit applications under section 103G.301;
142.6	(10) provide technical assistance and local administration of the agricultural water quality
142.7	certification program under sections 17.9891 to 17.993;
142.8	(11) provide technical assistance for the agricultural land preservation program under
142.9	chapter 40A, where applicable;
142.10	(12) maintain compliance with section 15.99 for deadlines for agency action;
142.11	(13) coordinate with appropriate county officials on matters related to electing soil and
142.12	water conservation district supervisors; and
142.13	(14) cooperate to the extent possible with federal, state, and local agencies and with
142.14	private organizations to avoid duplicating and to enhance implementing public and private
142.15	conservation initiatives within the jurisdiction of the district.
142.16	Subd. 2. Services provided. To carry out the duties under subdivision 1 and implement
142.17	the soil and water conservation policy of the state as stated in section 103A.206, soil and
142.18	water conservation districts provide a range of services, including but not limited to:
142.19	(1) performing administrative services, including comprehensive and annual work
142.20	planning, administering grants, leveraging outside funding, establishing fiscal accountability
142.21	measures, reporting accomplishments, human resources management, and staff and supervisor
142.22	development;
142.23	(2) enter into cooperative agreements with the United States Department of Agriculture,
142.24	Natural Resources Conservation Service, and other United States Department of Agriculture
142.25	agencies to leverage federal technical and financial assistance;
142.26	(3) providing technical expertise, including knowledge of local resources, performing
142.27	technical evaluations and certifications, assessing concerns, and providing oversight in
142.28	surveying, designing, and constructing conservation practices;
142.29	(4) providing information and education outreach, including increasing landowner
142.30	awareness and knowledge of soil and water conservation program opportunities to protect
142.31	soil and water resources and publicizing the benefits of soil and water conservation to the
142.32	general public;

143.1	(5) facilitating regulatory processes for impacted landowners and providing technical
143.2	review and comment on regulatory permits and development plans for regulations relating
143.3	to soil and water conservation;
143.4	(6) administering projects and programs, including but not limited to the nonpoint source
143.5	pollution abatement program; reinvest in Minnesota reserve conservation easements program;
143.6	disaster response; local water management and comprehensive watershed management
143.7	planning programs; and projects related to floodplains, lakes, streams and ditches, wetlands,
143.8	upland resources, and groundwater resources, to maintain and improve the quality, quantity,
143.9	distribution, and sustainability of natural resources, including surface water, groundwater,
143.10	soil, and ecological resources;
143.11	(7) monitoring and inventorying to collect data that provide a baseline understanding of
143.12	resource conditions and changes to the resources over time and analyzing and interpreting
143.13	the data to support program implementation; and
143.14	(8) maintaining a modern technology infrastructure that facilitates planning and projects,
143.15	including geographic information systems, modeling software, mobile workstations, survey
143.16	and design equipment and software, and other technology for linking landowners with
143.17	conservation plans.
143.18	Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103D.315, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
143.19	Subd. 8. Compensation. The compensation of managers for meetings and for
143.20	performance of other necessary duties may not exceed \$75 \sum 125 a day. Managers are entitled
143.21	to reimbursement for traveling and other necessary expenses incurred in the performance
143.22	of official duties.
143.23	Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103F.361, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
143.24	Subd. 2. Legislative intent. It is the intent of sections 103F.361 to 103F.377 to authorize
143.25	and direct the board and the counties zoning authorities to implement the plan for the
143.26	Mississippi headwaters area.
143.27	Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103F.363, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
143.28	Subdivision 1. Generally. Sections 103F.361 to 103F.377 apply to the counties of
143.29	Clearwater, Hubbard, Beltrami, Cass, Itasca, Aitkin, Crow Wing, and Morrison and all other
143.30	zoning authorities.

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- Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103F.365, is amended by adding a subdivision 144.1 144.2 to read:
- 144.3 Subd. 5. Zoning authority. "Zoning authority" means counties, organized townships, local and special governmental units, joint powers boards, councils, commissions, boards, 144.4 144.5 districts, and all state agencies and departments wholly or partially within the corridor
- defined by the plan, excluding statutory or home rule charter cities. 144.6
- Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103F.371, is amended to read: 144.7

103F.371 RESPONSIBILITIES OF OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS.

- (a) All local and special governmental units, councils, commissions, boards and districts 144.9 and all state agencies and departments must exercise their powers so as to further the purposes 144.10 of sections 103F.361 to 103F.377 and the plan. Land owned by the state, its agencies, and 144.11 political subdivisions shall be administered in accordance with the plan. The certification 144.12 procedure under section 103F.373 applies to all zoning authorities in the corridor defined 144.13 144.14 by the plan.
- (b) Actions that comply with the land use ordinance are consistent with the plan. Actions 144.15 that do not comply with the ordinance may not be started until the board has been notified 144.17 and given an opportunity to review and comment on the consistency of the action with this section. 144.18
- Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103F.373, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 144.19
- Subdivision 1. Purpose. To assure ensure that the plan is not nullified by unjustified 144.20 exceptions in particular cases and to promote uniformity in the treatment of applications 144.21 for exceptions, a review and certification procedure is established for the following categories 144.22 of land use actions taken by the counties and zoning authorities directly or indirectly affecting 144.23 land use within the area covered by the plan: 144.24
- 144.25 (1) the adoption or amendment of an ordinance regulating the use of land, including rezoning of particular tracts of land; 144.26
- 144.27 (2) the granting of a variance from provisions of the land use ordinance; and
- (3) the approval of a plat which is inconsistent with the land use ordinance. 144.28
- Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103F.373, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 144.29
- Subd. 3. **Procedure for certification.** A copy of the notices of public hearings or, when 144.30 a hearing is not required, a copy of the application to consider an action of a type specified 144.31

- in subdivision 1, clauses (1) to (3), must be forwarded to the board by the county zoning 145.1 authority at least 15 days before the hearing or meetings to consider the actions. The county 145.2 zoning authority shall notify the board of its final decision on the proposed action within 145.3 ten days of the decision. By 30 days after the board receives the notice, the board shall 145.4 notify the county zoning authority and the applicant of its the board's approval or disapproval 145.5 of the proposed action. 145.6
- Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103F.373, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 145.7
- Subd. 4. **Disapproval of actions.** (a) If a notice of disapproval is issued by the board, 145.8 the eounty zoning authority or the applicant may, within 30 days of the notice, file with the 145.9 board a demand for a hearing. If a demand is not filed within the 30-day period, the 145.10 disapproval becomes final. 145.11
- (b) If a demand is filed within the 30-day period, a hearing must be held within 60 days 145.12 of demand. The hearing must be preceded by two weeks' published notice. Within 30 days 145.13 after the hearing, the board must: 145.14
- (1) affirm its disapproval of the proposed action; or 145.15
- (2) certify approval of the proposed action. 145.16
- Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.2242, subdivision 14, is amended to read: 145.17
- Subd. 14. Fees established. (a) Fees must be assessed for managing wetland bank 145.18 accounts and transactions as follows: 145.19
- (1) account maintenance annual fee: one percent of the value of credits not to exceed 145.20 \$500; 145.21
- (2) account establishment, deposit, or transfer: 6.5 percent of the value of credits not to 145.22 exceed \$1,000 per establishment, deposit, or transfer; and 145.23
- (3) withdrawal fee: 6.5 percent of the value of credits withdrawn. 145.24
- 145.25 (b) The board may must establish fees at or based on costs to the agency below the amounts in paragraph (a) for single-user or other dedicated wetland banking accounts. 145.26
- (c) Fees for single-user or other dedicated wetland banking accounts established pursuant 145.27 to section 103G.005, subdivision 10i, clause (4), are limited to establishment of a wetland 145.28 banking account and are assessed at the rate of 6.5 percent of the value of the credits not to exceed \$1,000. 145.30

- (d) The board may assess a fee to pay the costs associated with establishing conservation 146.1 easements, or other long-term protection mechanisms prescribed in the rules adopted under 146.2 146.3 subdivision 1, on property used for wetland replacement. Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.241, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 146.4 Subdivision 1. Conditions to affect public waters. An agent or employee of another 146.5 may not construct, reconstruct, remove, or make a change in a reservoir, dam, or waterway 146.6 146.7 obstruction on a public water or in any manner change or diminish the course, current, or cross section of public waters unless the agent or employee has: 146.8 (1) obtained a signed statement from the property owner stating that the permits required 146.9 for the work have been obtained or a permit is not required; and (2) mailed or electronically transmitted a copy of the statement to the regional office of 146.11 the Department of Natural Resources where the proposed work is located. 146.12 Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.241, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 146.13 Subd. 3. Form for compliance. The commissioner shall develop a form to be distributed 146.14 to contractors' associations and county auditors to comply with this section. The form must 146.15 include: 146.16 (1) a listing of the activities for which a permit is required; 146.17 (2) a description of the penalties for violating this chapter; 146.18 (3) the mailing addresses, electronic mail addresses, and telephone numbers of the 146.19 regional offices of the Department of Natural Resources; 146.20 (4) a statement that water inventory maps completed according to section 103G.201 are 146.21 on file with the auditors of the counties; and 146.22 (5) spaces for a description of the work and the names, mailing addresses, electronic 146.23 mail addresses, and telephone numbers of the person authorizing the work and the agent or 146.24 employee proposing to undertake it. 146.25 Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.287, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 146.26 Subdivision 1. Applications for groundwater appropriations; preliminary 146.27

until the applicant has supplied:

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well-construction approval. (a) Groundwater use permit applications are not complete

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- (1) a water well record as required by section 103I.205, subdivision 9, information on the subsurface geologic formations penetrated by the well and the formation or aquifer that will serve as the water source, and geologic information from test holes drilled to locate the site of the production well;
 - (2) the maximum daily, seasonal, and annual pumpage rates and volumes being requested;
- (3) information on groundwater quality in terms of the measures of quality commonly specified for the proposed water use and details on water treatment necessary for the proposed use;
- (4) the results of an aquifer test completed according to specifications approved by the commissioner. The test must be conducted at the maximum pumping rate requested in the application and for a length of time adequate to assess or predict impacts to other wells and surface water and groundwater resources. The permit applicant is responsible for all costs related to the aquifer test, including the construction of groundwater and surface water monitoring installations, and water level readings before, during, and after the aquifer test; and
 - (5) the results of any assessments conducted by the commissioner under paragraph (c).
- (b) The commissioner may waive an application requirement in this subdivision if the information provided with the application is adequate to determine whether the proposed appropriation and use of water is sustainable and will protect ecosystems, water quality, and the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.
- (c) The commissioner shall provide an assessment of a proposed well needing a groundwater appropriation permit. The commissioner shall evaluate the information submitted as required under section 103I.205, subdivision 1, paragraph (e), and determine whether the anticipated appropriation request is likely to meet the applicable requirements of this chapter. If the appropriation request is likely to meet applicable requirements, the commissioner shall provide the person submitting the information with a letter or electronically transmitted notice providing preliminary approval to construct the well and the requirements, including test-well information, that will be needed to obtain the permit.
- (d) The commissioner must provide an applicant denied a groundwater use permit or issued a groundwater use permit that is reduced or restricted from the original request with all information the commissioner used in making the determination, including hydrographs, flow tests, aquifer tests, topographic maps, field reports, photographs, and proof of equipment calibration.

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Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.301, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Permit application and notification fees.** (a) A fee to defray the costs of receiving, recording, and processing must be paid for a permit application authorized under this chapter, except for a general permit application, for each request to amend or transfer an existing permit, and for a notification to request authorization to conduct a project under a general permit. Fees established under this subdivision, unless specified in paragraph (c), shall be compliant must comply with section 16A.1285.

- (b) Proposed projects that require water in excess of 100 million gallons per year must be assessed fees to recover the costs incurred to evaluate the project and the costs incurred for environmental review. Fees collected under this paragraph must be credited to an account in the natural resources fund and are appropriated to the commissioner.
- 148.12 (c) The fee to apply for a permit to appropriate water, in addition to any fee under paragraph (b), and for a permit to construct or repair a dam that is subject to dam safety 148.13 inspection is \$150. The application fee for a permit to construct or repair a dam that is subject to a dam safety inspection, to work in public waters, or to divert waters for mining 148.15 must be at least \$150 \$300, but not more than \$1,000 \$3,000. The fee for a notification to 148.16 request authorization to conduct a project under a general permit is \$100. 148.17
- Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.311, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 148.18
- Subd. 2. **Hearing notice.** (a) The hearing notice on an application must include: 148.19
- (1) the date, place, and time fixed by the commissioner for the hearing; 148.20
- (2) the waters affected, the water levels sought to be established, or control structures 148.21 proposed; and 148.22
- (3) the matters prescribed by sections 14.57 to 14.59 and rules adopted thereunder. 148.23
- 148.24 (b) A summary of the hearing notice must be published by the commissioner at the expense of the applicant or, if the proceeding is initiated by the commissioner in the absence 148.25 of an applicant, at the expense of the commissioner. 148.26
 - (c) The summary of the hearing notice must be:
- (1) published once a week for two successive weeks before the day of hearing in a legal 148.28 newspaper published in the county where any part of the affected waters is located; and 148.29
- (2) mailed or electronically transmitted by the commissioner to the county auditor, the 148.30 mayor of a municipality, the watershed district, and the soil and water conservation district 148.31 affected by the application. 148.32

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Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.311, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

- Subd. 5. **Demand for hearing.** (a) If a hearing is waived and an order is made issuing or denying the permit, the applicant, the managers of the watershed district, the board of supervisors of the soil and water conservation district, or the governing body of the municipality may file a demand for hearing on the application. The demand for a hearing must be filed within 30 days after mailed or electronically transmitted notice of the order with the bond required by subdivision 6.
- (b) The commissioner must give notice as provided in subdivision 2, hold a hearing on the application, and make a determination on issuing or denying the permit as though the previous order had not been made.
- (c) The order issuing or denying the permit becomes final at the end of 30 days after mailed or electronically transmitted notice of the order to the applicant, the managers of the watershed district, the board of supervisors of the soil and water conservation district, or the governing body of the municipality, and an appeal of the order may not be taken if:
- (1) the commissioner waives a hearing and a demand for a hearing is not made; or
- (2) a hearing is demanded but a bond is not filed as required by subdivision 6. 149.16
- Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.315, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 149.17
- Subd. 8. Notice of permit order. Notice of orders made after hearing must be given by 149.18 publication of the order once a week for two successive weeks in a legal newspaper in the 149.19 county where the hearing was held and by mailing or electronically transmitting copies of 149.20 the order to parties who entered an appearance at the hearing. 149.21
- Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.408, is amended to read: 149.22

103G.408 TEMPORARY DRAWDOWN OF PUBLIC WATERS. 149.23

- (a) The commissioner, upon consideration of recommendations and objections as provided 149.24 in clause (2), item (iii), and paragraph (c), may issue a public-waters-work permit for the temporary drawdown of a public water when: 149.26
- (1) the public water is a shallow lake to be managed for fish, wildlife, or ecological 149.27 purposes by the commissioner and the commissioner has conducted a public hearing 149.28 presenting a comprehensive management plan outlining how and when temporary drawdowns 149.29 under this section will be conducted; or 149.30
- (2) the permit applicant is a public entity and: 149.31

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- (i) the commissioner deems the project to be beneficial and makes findings of fact that 150.1 the drawdown is in the public interest; 150.2
 - (ii) the permit applicant has obtained permission from at least 75 percent of the riparian landowners; and
 - (iii) the permit applicant has conducted a public hearing according to paragraph (d).
 - (b) In addition to the requirements in section 103G.301, subdivision 6, the permit applicant shall serve a copy of the application on each county, municipality, and watershed management organization, if one exists, within which any portion of the public water is located and on the lake improvement district, if one exists.
- (c) A county, municipality, watershed district, watershed management organization, or 150.10 lake improvement district required to be served under paragraph (b) or section 103G.301, 150.11 subdivision 6, may file a written recommendation for the issuance of a permit or an objection 150.12 to the issuance of a permit with the commissioner within 30 days after receiving a copy of 150.13 the application. 150.14
- (d) The hearing notice for a public hearing under paragraph (a), clause (2), item (iii), 150.15 must: 150.16
- (1) include the date, place, and time for the hearing; 150.17
- (2) include the waters affected and a description of the proposed project; 150.18
- (3) be mailed or electronically transmitted to the director, the county auditor, the clerk 150.19 or mayor of a municipality, the lake improvement district if one exists, the watershed district 150.20 or water management organization, the soil and water conservation district, and all riparian 150.21 owners of record affected by the application; and 150.22
- (4) be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the affected area. 150.23
- 150.24 (e) Periodic temporary drawdowns conducted under paragraph (a) shall are not be considered takings from riparian landowners. 150.25
- 150.26 (f) This section does not apply to public waters that have been designated for wildlife management under section 97A.101. 150.27
- 150.28 Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.615, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. Invasive aquatic plant management permit. (a) "Invasive aquatic plant 150.29 management permit" means an aquatic plant management permit as defined in rules of the

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Department of Natural Resources that authorizes the selective control of invasive aquatic plants to cause a significant reduction in the abundance of the invasive aquatic plant.

- (b) The commissioner may waive the dated signature of approval requirement in rules of the Department of Natural Resources for invasive aquatic plant management permits if obtaining signatures would create an undue burden on the permittee or if the commissioner determines that aquatic plant control is necessary to protect natural resources.
- (c) If the signature requirement is waived under paragraph (b) because obtaining signatures would create an undue burden on the permittee, the commissioner shall require an alternate form of landowner notification, including news releases or public notices in a local newspaper, a public meeting, or a mailing or electronic transmission to the most recent permanent physical or electronic mailing address of affected landowners. The notification must be given annually and must include: the proposed date of treatment, the target species, the method of control or product being used, and instructions on how the landowner may request that control not occur adjacent to the landowner's property.
- (d) The commissioner may allow dated signatures of approval obtained for an invasive aquatic plant management permit to satisfy rules of the Department of Natural Resources to remain valid for three years if property ownership remains unchanged.
- 151.18 Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Agency authority; national pollutant discharge elimination system. (a) 151.19 Notwithstanding any other provisions prescribed in or pursuant to this chapter and, with 151.20 respect to the pollution of waters of the state, in chapter 116, or otherwise, the agency shall 151.21 have the authority to perform any and all acts minimally necessary including, but not limited 151.22 to, the establishment and application of standards, procedures, rules, orders, variances, 151.23 stipulation agreements, schedules of compliance, and permit conditions, consistent with 151.24 and, therefore not less stringent than the provisions of the Federal Water Pollution Control 151.25 Act, as amended, applicable to the participation by the state of Minnesota in the national 151.26 pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES); provided that this provision shall not be 151.27 construed as a limitation on any powers or duties otherwise residing with the agency pursuant 151.28 to any provision of law. 151.29
 - (b) An activity that conveys or connects waters of the state without subjecting the transferred water to intervening industrial, municipal, or commercial use does not require a national pollutant discharge elimination system permit. This exemption does not apply to pollutants introduced by the activity itself to the water being transferred.

Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5e. Sugar beet storage. The commissioner must not require a sugar beet company that has a current national pollutant discharge elimination system permit or state disposal system permit to install an engineered liner for a storm water runoff pond at a remote storage site for sugar beets unless a risk assessment confirms that there is significant impact on groundwater and that an engineered liner is necessary to prevent, control, or abate water pollution. For purposes of this subdivision, "remote storage site for sugar beets" means an area where sugar beets are temporarily stored before delivery to a sugar beet processing facility and that is not located on land adjacent to the processing facility.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115.035, is amended to read:

115.035 EXTERNAL PEER REVIEW OF WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.

(a) When the commissioner convenes an external peer review panel during the promulgation or amendment of water quality standards, the commissioner must provide notice and take public comment on the charge questions for the external peer review panel and must allow written and oral public comment as part of the external peer review panel process. Every new or revised numeric water quality standard must be supported by a technical support document that provides the scientific basis for the proposed standard and that has undergone external, scientific peer review. Numeric water quality standards in which the agency is adopting, without change, a United States Environmental Protection Agency criterion that has been through peer review are not subject to this paragraph.

Documentation of the external peer review panel, including the name or names of the peer reviewer or reviewers, must be included in the statement of need and reasonableness for the water quality standard. If the commissioner does not convene an external peer review panel during the promulgation or amendment of water quality standards, the commissioner must state the reason an external peer review panel will not be convened in the statement of need and reasonableness.

(b) Every technical support document developed by the agency must be released in draft
 form for public comment before peer review and before finalizing the technical support
 document.

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153.1	(c) The commissioner must provide public notice and information about the external
153.2	peer review through the request for comments published at the beginning of the rulemaking
153.3	process for the numeric water quality standard, and:
153.4	(1) the request for comments must identify the draft technical support document and
153.5	where the document can be found;
153.6	(2) the request for comments must include a proposed charge for the external peer review
153.7	and request comments on the charge;
153.8	(3) all comments received during the public comment period must be made available to
153.9	the external peer reviewers; and
153.10	(4) if the agency is not soliciting external peer review because the agency is adopting a
153.11	United States Environmental Protection Agency criterion without change, that must be
153.12	noted in the request for comments.
153.13	(d) The purpose of the external peer review is to evaluate whether the technical support
153.14	document and proposed standard are based on sound scientific knowledge, methods, and
153.15	practices. The external peer review must be conducted according to the guidance in the
153.16	most recent edition of the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Peer Review
153.17	Handbook. Peer reviewers must not have participated in developing the scientific basis of
153.18	the standard. Peer reviewers must disclose any activities or circumstances that could pose
153.19	a conflict of interest or create an appearance of a loss of impartiality that could interfere
153.20	with an objective review.
153.21	(e) The type of review and the number of peer reviewers depends on the nature of the
153.22	science underlying the standard. A panel review must be used when the agency is developing
153.23	significant new science or science that expands significantly beyond current documented
153.24	scientific practices or principles.
153.25	(f) In response to the findings of the external peer review, the agency must revise the
153.26	draft technical support document as appropriate. The findings of the external peer review
153.27	must be documented and attached to the final technical support document, which must be
153.28	an exhibit as part of the statement of need and reasonableness in the rulemaking to adopt
153.29	the new or revised water quality standard. The agency must note changes in the final technical
153.30	support document made in response to the external peer review.
153.31	(b) (g) By December 15 each year, the commissioner shall must post on the agency's
153.32	website a report identifying the water quality standards development work in progress or

154.1	completed in the past year, the lead agency scientist for each development effort, and
154.2	opportunities for public input.
154.3	Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115A.51, is amended to read:
154.4	115A.51 APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.
154.5	(a) Applications for assistance under the program shall must demonstrate:
154.6	$\frac{a}{1}$ that the project is conceptually and technically feasible;
154.7	(b) (2) that affected political subdivisions are committed to implement the project, to
154.8	provide necessary local financing, and to accept and exercise the government powers
154.9	necessary to the project;
154.10	(e) (3) that operating revenues from the project, considering the availability and security
154.11	of sources of solid waste and of markets for recovered resources, together with any proposed
154.12	federal, state, or local financial assistance, will be sufficient to pay all costs over the projected
154.13	life of the project;
154.14	(d) (4) that the applicant has evaluated the feasible and prudent alternatives to disposal,
154.15	including using existing solid waste management facilities with reasonably available capacity
154.16	sufficient to accomplish the goals of the proposed project, and has compared and evaluated
154.17	the costs of the alternatives, including capital and operating costs, and the effects of the
154.18	alternatives on the cost to generators-;
154.19	(5) that the applicant has identified:
154.20	(i) waste management objectives in applicable county and regional solid waste
154.21	management plans consistent with section 115A.46, subdivision 2, paragraphs (e) and (f),
154.22	or 473.149, subdivision 1; and
154.23	(ii) other solid waste facilities identified in the county and regional plans; and
154.24	(6) that the applicant has conducted a comparative analysis of the project against existing
154.25	public and private solid waste facilities, including an analysis of potential displacement of
154.26	those facilities, to determine whether the project is the most appropriate alternative to achieve
154.27	the identified waste management objectives that considers:
154.28	(i) conformity with approved county or regional solid waste management plans;
154.29	(ii) consistency with the state's solid waste hierarchy and section 115A.46, subdivision
154.30	2, paragraphs (e) and (f), or 473.149, subdivision 1; and
154.31	(iii) environmental standards related to public health, air, surface water, and groundwater.

155.1	(b) The commissioner may require completion of a comprehensive solid waste
155.2	management plan conforming to the requirements of section 115A.46, before accepting an
155.3	application. Within five days of filing an application with the agency, the applicant must
155.4	submit a copy of the application to each solid waste management facility mentioned in the
155.5	portion of the application addressing the requirements of paragraph (a), clauses (5) and (6).
155.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
155.7	Sec. 99. [115B.172] NATURAL RESOURCES DAMAGES ACCOUNT.
155.8	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The natural resources damages account is established as
155.9	an account in the remediation fund.
155.10	Subd. 2. Revenues. The account consists of money from the following sources:
155.11	(1) revenue from actions taken to recover natural resources damages under section
155.12	115B.17, subdivision 7, or any other law, unless otherwise specified in the settlement
155.13	agreement;
155.14	(2) appropriations and transfers to the account as provided by law;
155.15	(3) interest earned on the account; and
155.16	(4) money received by the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency or the
155.17	commissioner of natural resources for deposit in the account in the form of a gift or grant.
155.18	Subd. 3. Expenditures. (a) Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner
155.19	of natural resources for the purposes authorized in section 115B.20, subdivision 2, clause
155.20	<u>(4).</u>
155.21	(b) The commissioner of management and budget must allocate the amounts available
155.22	in any biennium to the commissioner of natural resources for the purposes of this section
155.23	based upon work plans submitted by the commissioner of natural resources and may adjust
155.24	those allocations if revised work plans are submitted. Copies of the work plans must be
155.25	submitted to the chairs of the house of representatives and senate committees and divisions
155.26	having jurisdiction over environment and natural resources finance.
155.27	Subd. 4. Report. By November 1 each year, the commissioner of natural resources must
155.28	submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives
155.29	and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources
155.30	policy and finance on expenditures from the natural resources damages account during the
155.31	previous fiscal year.
155.32	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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- Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.155, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 156.1
- Subdivision 1. Creation. The remediation fund is created as a special revenue fund in 156.2 the state treasury to provide a reliable source of public money for response and corrective 156.3 actions to address releases of hazardous substances, pollutants or contaminants, agricultural 156.4 156.5 chemicals, and petroleum, and for environmental response actions at qualified landfill facilities for which the agency has assumed such responsibility, including perpetual care of 156.6 such facilities. The specific purposes for which the general portion of the fund may be spent 156.7

are provided in subdivision 2. In addition to the general portion of the fund, the fund contains

- three four accounts described in subdivisions 4 to 5a 5b. 156.9
- Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.155, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 156.10
- 156.11 Subd. 3. **Revenues.** The following revenues shall be deposited in the general portion of the remediation fund: 156.12
- 156.13 (1) response costs and natural resource damages related to releases of hazardous substances, or pollutants or contaminants, recovered under sections 115B.17, subdivisions 156.14 subdivision 6 and 7; 115B.443; 115B.444, or any other law; 156.15
- (2) money paid to the agency or the Agriculture Department by voluntary parties who 156.16 have received technical or other assistance under sections 115B.17, subdivision 14, 115B.175 to 115B.179, and 115C.03, subdivision 9; 156.18
- (3) money received in the form of gifts, grants, reimbursement, or appropriation from 156.19 any source for any of the purposes provided in subdivision 2, except federal grants; and 156.20
- (4) interest accrued on the fund. 156.21
- Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.155, is amended by adding a subdivision 156.22 to read: 156.23
- Subd. 5b. Natural resources damages account. The natural resources damages account 156.24 is as described in section 115B.172. 156.25
- Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.993, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 156.26
- Subd. 2. Eligible borrower. To be eligible for a loan under this section, a borrower 156.27 must: 156.28
- (1) be a small business corporation, sole proprietorship, partnership, or association; 156.29
- (2) be a potential emitter of pollutants to the air, ground, or water; 156.30

- 157.1 (3) need capital for equipment purchases that will meet or exceed environmental 157.2 regulations or need capital for site investigation and cleanup;
 - (4) have less than 50 100 full-time equivalent employees; and
- 157.4 (5) have an after tax profit of less than \$500,000; and.
- 157.5 (6) have a net worth of less than \$1,000,000.
- 157.6 Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.993, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Loan conditions.** A loan made under this section must include:
- 157.8 (1) an interest rate that is four percent or at or below one-half the prime rate, whichever
 157.9 is greater not to exceed five percent;
- 157.10 (2) a term of payment of not more than seven years; and
- 157.11 (3) an amount not less than \$1,000 or exceeding \$50,000 \$75,000.
- 157.12 Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116D.04, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2a. When prepared. (a) Where there is potential for significant environmental 157.13 effects resulting from any major governmental action, the action shall must be preceded by 157.14 a detailed environmental impact statement prepared by the responsible governmental unit. The environmental impact statement shall must be an analytical rather than an encyclopedic 157.16 document which that describes the proposed action in detail, analyzes its significant 157.17 environmental impacts, discusses appropriate alternatives to the proposed action and their 157.18 impacts, and explores methods by which adverse environmental impacts of an action could 157.19 be mitigated. The environmental impact statement shall must also analyze those economic, 157.20 employment, and sociological effects that cannot be avoided should the action be 157.21 implemented. To ensure its use in the decision-making process, the environmental impact 157.22 statement shall must be prepared as early as practical in the formulation of an action. 157.23
- (b) The board shall by rule establish categories of actions for which environmental impact statements and for which environmental assessment worksheets shall must be prepared as well as categories of actions for which no environmental review is required under this section. A mandatory environmental assessment worksheet is not required for the expansion of an ethanol plant, as defined in section 41A.09, subdivision 2a, paragraph (b), or the conversion of an ethanol plant to a biobutanol facility or the expansion of a biobutanol facility as defined in section 41A.15, subdivision 2d, based on the capacity of the expanded or converted facility to produce alcohol fuel, but must be required if the ethanol plant or

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biobutanol facility meets or exceeds thresholds of other categories of actions for which environmental assessment worksheets must be prepared. The responsible governmental unit for an ethanol plant or biobutanol facility project for which an environmental assessment worksheet is prepared is the state agency with the greatest responsibility for supervising or approving the project as a whole.

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- (c) A mandatory environmental impact statement is not required for a facility or plant located outside the seven-county metropolitan area that produces less than 125,000,000 gallons of ethanol, biobutanol, or cellulosic biofuel annually, or produces less than 400,000 tons of chemicals annually, if the facility or plant is: an ethanol plant, as defined in section 41A.09, subdivision 2a, paragraph (b); a biobutanol facility, as defined in section 41A.15, subdivision 2d; or a cellulosic biofuel facility. A facility or plant that only uses a cellulosic feedstock to produce chemical products for use by another facility as a feedstock is not considered a fuel conversion facility as used in rules adopted under this chapter.
- (d) The responsible governmental unit shall promptly publish notice of the completion of an environmental assessment worksheet by publishing the notice in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the geographic area where the project is proposed, by posting the notice on a website that has been designated as the official publication site for publication of proceedings, public notices, and summaries of a political subdivision in which the project is proposed, or in any other manner determined by the board and shall provide copies of the environmental assessment worksheet to the board and its member agencies. Comments on the need for an environmental impact statement may be submitted to the responsible governmental unit during a 30-day period following publication of the notice that an environmental assessment worksheet has been completed. The responsible governmental unit may extend the 30-day comment period for an additional 30 days one time. Further extensions of the comment period may not be made unless approved by the project's proposer. The responsible governmental unit's decision on the need for an environmental impact statement shall must be based on the environmental assessment worksheet and the comments received during the comment period, and shall must be made within 15 days after the close of the comment period. The board's chair may extend the 15-day period by not more than 15 additional days upon the request of the responsible governmental unit.
- (e) An environmental assessment worksheet shall must also be prepared for a proposed action whenever material evidence accompanying a petition by not less than 100 individuals who reside or own property in the state, submitted before the proposed project has received final approval by the appropriate governmental units, demonstrates that, because of the nature or location of a proposed action, there may be potential for significant environmental

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must be submitted to the board. The chair of the board shall determine the appropriate responsible governmental unit and forward the petition to it. A decision on the need for an environmental assessment worksheet shall must be made by the responsible governmental unit within 15 days after the petition is received by the responsible governmental unit. The board's chair may extend the 15-day period by not more than 15 additional days upon request of the responsible governmental unit.

- (f) Except in an environmentally sensitive location where Minnesota Rules, part 4410.4300, subpart 29, item B, applies, the proposed action is exempt from environmental review under this chapter and rules of the board, if:
- 159.11 (1) the proposed action is:
- (i) an animal feedlot facility with a capacity of less than 1,000 animal units; or
- (ii) an expansion of an existing animal feedlot facility with a total cumulative capacity of less than 1,000 animal units;
- 159.15 (2) the application for the animal feedlot facility includes a written commitment by the 159.16 proposer to design, construct, and operate the facility in full compliance with Pollution 159.17 Control Agency feedlot rules; and
 - (3) the county board holds a public meeting for citizen input at least ten business days before the Pollution Control Agency or county issuing a feedlot permit for the animal feedlot facility unless another public meeting for citizen input has been held with regard to the feedlot facility to be permitted. The exemption in this paragraph is in addition to other exemptions provided under other law and rules of the board.
 - (g) The board may, before final approval of a proposed project, require preparation of an environmental assessment worksheet by a responsible governmental unit selected by the board for any action where environmental review under this section has not been specifically provided for by rule or otherwise initiated.
- (h) An early and open process shall must be utilized used to limit the scope of the environmental impact statement to a discussion of those impacts that, because of the nature or location of the project, have the potential for significant environmental effects. The same process shall must be utilized used to determine the form, content, and level of detail of the statement as well as the alternatives that are appropriate for consideration in the statement. In addition, the permits that will be required for the proposed action shall must be identified during the scoping process. Further, the process shall must identify those permits for which

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information will be developed concurrently with the environmental impact statement. The board shall provide in its rules for the expeditious completion of the scoping process. The determinations reached in the process shall must be incorporated into the order requiring the preparation of an environmental impact statement.

- (i) The responsible governmental unit shall, to the extent practicable, avoid duplication and ensure coordination between state and federal environmental review and between environmental review and environmental permitting. Whenever practical, information needed by a governmental unit for making final decisions on permits or other actions required for a proposed project shall must be developed in conjunction with the preparation of an environmental impact statement. When an environmental impact statement is prepared for a project requiring multiple permits for which two or more agencies' decision processes include either mandatory or discretionary hearings before a hearing officer before the agencies' decision on the permit, the agencies may, notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, conduct the hearings in a single consolidated hearing process if requested by the proposer. All agencies having jurisdiction over a permit that is included in the consolidated hearing shall participate. The responsible governmental unit shall establish appropriate procedures for the consolidated hearing process, including procedures to ensure that the consolidated hearing process is consistent with the applicable requirements for each permit regarding the rights and duties of parties to the hearing, and shall utilize use the earliest applicable hearing procedure to initiate the hearing. All agencies having jurisdiction over a permit identified in the draft environmental assessment worksheet scoping document must begin reviewing any permit application upon publication of the notice of preparation of the environmental impact statement.
- (j) An environmental impact statement shall must be prepared and its adequacy determined within 280 days after notice of its preparation unless the time is extended by consent of the parties or by the governor for good cause. The responsible governmental unit shall determine the adequacy of an environmental impact statement, unless within 60 days after notice is published that an environmental impact statement will be prepared, the board chooses to determine the adequacy of an environmental impact statement. If an environmental impact statement is found to be inadequate, the responsible governmental unit shall have has 60 days to prepare an adequate environmental impact statement.
- (k) The proposer of a specific action may include in the information submitted to the responsible governmental unit a preliminary draft environmental impact statement under this section on that action for review, modification, and determination of completeness and adequacy by the responsible governmental unit. A preliminary draft environmental impact

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statement prepared by the project proposer and submitted to the responsible governmental unit shall must identify or include as an appendix all studies and other sources of information used to substantiate the analysis contained in the preliminary draft environmental impact statement. The responsible governmental unit shall require additional studies, if needed, and obtain from the project proposer all additional studies and information necessary for the responsible governmental unit to perform its responsibility to review, modify, and determine the completeness and adequacy of the environmental impact statement.

Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116U.55, is amended to read:

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116U.55 GIFTS, GRANTS, AND ENDOWMENTS; ACCOUNT.

Subdivision 1. Acceptance of gifts and grants. The office may accept gifts of money, property, or services, may apply for and accept grants from the United States, the state, a subdivision of the state, or a person for any of its purposes; may enter into an agreement required in connection with it; and may hold, use, and dispose of the money, property, or services in accordance with the terms of the gift, grant, or agreement relating to it. The office may also make grants, gifts, and bequests of money, property, or services and enter into contracts to carry out the same. The gift acceptance procedures of sections 16A.013 to 16A.016 do not apply to this section.

Subd. 2. Outdoor recreation promotion account. Gifts and grants received by the office for promoting outdoor recreation must be deposited in an outdoor recreation promotion account in the special revenue fund. Money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the director for the purposes specified in the gift or grant.

Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 127A.353, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 161.22

Subdivision 1. Appointment. The school trust lands director shall be appointed by the governor. The commissioner of natural resources shall provide human resources, payroll, accounting, procurement, and other similar administrative services to the school trust lands 161.25 director. The director's appointment is subject to the advice and consent of the senate. 161.26

- Sec. 108. Laws 2013, chapter 114, article 4, section 105, as amended by Laws 2017, 162.1
- chapter 93, article 2, section 148, is amended to read: 162.2

- Sec. 105. RULES; SILICA SAND. 162.3
- (a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency may adopt rules pertaining to 162.4 the control of particulate emissions from silica sand projects. The rulemaking is exempt 162.5
- from Minnesota Statutes, section 14.125. 162.6
- (b) The commissioner of natural resources shall adopt rules develop a model ordinance 162.7 pertaining to the reclamation of silica sand mines. The rulemaking is exempt from Minnesota 162.8 Statutes, section 14.125 commissioner shall publish the model ordinance in the State Register. 162.9
- (c) By January 1, 2014, the Department of Health shall adopt an air quality health-based 162.10
- value for silica sand. 162.11 (d) The Environmental Quality Board may amend its rules for environmental review, 162.12
- take into account the increased activity in the state and concerns over the size of specific 162 14

adopted under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116D, for silica sand mining and processing to

- operations. The Environmental Quality Board shall consider whether the requirements of 162.15
- Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.991, should remain part of the environmental review 162.16
- requirements for silica sand and whether the requirements should be different for different 162.17
- geographic areas of the state. The rulemaking is exempt from Minnesota Statutes, section
- 162.19 14.125.

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- Sec. 109. APPLYING STORM WATER RULES TO TOWNSHIPS. 162.20
- Until the Pollution Control Agency amends rules for storm water, Minnesota Rules, part 162.21
- 7090.1010, subpart 1, item B, subitem (1), applies only to the portions of a city, a town, 162.22
- and unorganized areas of counties that are designated as urbanized under Code of Federal 162.23
- 162.24 Regulations, title 40, section 122.26(2)(9)(i)(A), and other platted areas within that
- jurisdiction. 162.25
- Sec. 110. WETLAND REPLACEMENT; FRAMEWORKS FOR IN-LIEU FEE 162.26
- PROGRAM. 162.27
- 162.28 The Board of Water and Soil Resources, in cooperation with the United States Army
- Corps of Engineers, may complete the planning frameworks and other program application 162.29
- requirements necessary for federal approval of an in-lieu fee program, as authorized under 162.30
- Minnesota Statutes, section 103G.2242, in the Red River basin and the greater than 80 162.31
- percent area. The planning frameworks must contain a prioritization strategy for selecting 162.32

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and implementing mitigation activities based on a watershed approach that includes consideration of historic resource loss within watersheds and the extent to which mitigation can address priority watershed needs. The board must consider the recommendations of the report "Siting of Wetland Mitigation in Northeast Minnesota," dated March 7, 2014, and implementation of Minnesota Statutes, section 103B.3355, paragraphs (e) and (f), in developing proposed planning frameworks for applicable watersheds. When completing the work and pursuing approval of an in-lieu fee program, the board must do so consistent with the applicable requirements, stakeholder and agency review processes, and approval time frames in Code of Federal Regulations, title 33, part 332. Upon receiving federal approval, the board must submit any completed planning frameworks to the chairs and 163.10 ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees and 163.11 divisions with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources. 163.12

Sec. 111. HILL-ANNEX MINE STATE PARK; MANAGEMENT AND OPERATION.

(a) The commissioner of natural resources must operate the Hill-Annex Mine State Park for the purposes it was established through June 30, 2021, and must during that time maintain at fiscal year 2016 levels, the level of service and hours of operation at the park. The commissioner must work with the group established under Laws 2017, chapter 93, article 2, section 156, to review park activities and the alternate operating model developed and identify options for sustainable and viable operation of the park site. The commissioner must submit recommendations to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the environment and natural resources by January 15, 2021.

(b) The commissioner of natural resources must work with the city of Calumet, other neighboring cities and townships, and other local units of government to identify and coordinate volunteers to supplement the Department of Natural Resources' park operations to the extent allowable under state law and rules.

Sec. 112. AGGREGATE RECLAMATION GUIDANCE.

The commissioner of natural resources shall update the Department of Natural Resources 163.28 aggregate reclamation handbook as recommended by the Aggregate Resources Task Force 163.29 Final Report dated January 15, 2018. 163.30

164.1	Sec. 113.	BASIC	ANGLING	CURRICULUM.
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The commissioner of natural resources must develop a basic angling curriculum that includes basic fishing techniques and information about aquatic invasive species, tournament etiquette, conservation, water safety, and related matters. The commissioner must make the basic angling curriculum available without cost to nonprofit organizations operating fishing leagues for high schools.

Sec. 114. METROPOLITAN LANDFILL CONTINGENCY ACTION TRUST

164.8 **ACCOUNT; REPORT.**

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By February 1, 2020, the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must submit a
report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate
committees and divisions with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources finance
regarding the long-term health and availability of the metropolitan landfill contingency
action trust account, including its ability to meet future obligations. The commissioner must
consult affected local governments in preparing the report.

164.15 Sec. 115. STAMP DESIGN; RULE AMENDMENT.

- 164.16 (a) The commissioner of natural resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, part 6290.0400, subpart 3, to:
- 164.18 (1) allow a contest entry to be created using nonphotographic digital media; and
- (2) require a person submitting a contest entry to list all media used in the creation of the entry.
- 164.21 (b) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes,
 164.22 section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this section, and Minnesota
 164.23 Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply except as provided under Minnesota Statutes, section
 164.24 14.388.
- 164.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

164.26 Sec. 116. FINANCIAL ASSURANCE ANALYSIS FOR WASTE TIRE FACILITIES.

By February 1, 2020, the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall conduct
an analysis of the forms and levels of financial assurance required of owners and operators
of permitted waste tire facilities and submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority
members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over environment policy and finance
that includes the following:

165.1	(1) an analysis of the adequacy of existing financial assurance mechanisms for waste
165.2	tires stored at waste tire facilities;
165.3	(2) waste tire processing capacity statewide; and
165.4	(3) a review of additional options for financial assurance mechanisms.
165.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
165.6	Sec. 117. NAMING STATE PARK FACILITIES AFTER WALTER F. MONDALE.
165.7	Subdivision 1. Naming. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 10.49, the buildings
165.8	and other facilities listed in subdivisions 2 to 5 may be designated and named after Walter
165.9	F. Mondale.
165.10	Subd. 2. Interstate State Park; scenic overlook and trail. The scenic overlook and
165.11	trail at Interstate State Park is named and designated as the Walter F. Mondale Scenic
165.12	Overlook and Trail.
165.13	Subd. 3. St. Croix State Park; visitor center. The visitor center at St. Croix State Park
165.14	is named and designated as the Walter F. Mondale Visitor Center.
165.15	Subd. 4. Wild River State Park; River Trail. The River Trail at Wild River State Park
165.16	is named and designated as the Walter F. Mondale River Trail.
165.17	Subd. 5. William O'Brien State Park; day use area. The day use area at William
165.18	O'Brien State Park, currently referred to as the Lake Alice Day Use Area, is named and
165.19	designated as the Walter F. Mondale Day Use Area.
165.20	Sec. 118. <u>REVISOR INSTRUCTION.</u>
165.21	The revisor of statutes must change the reference in Minnesota Statutes, sections 127A.30,
165.22	subdivision 2, and 287.22, from "section 92.121" to "section 92.122."
165.23	Sec. 119. REPEALER.
165.24	Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 92.121, is repealed.

STATE LANDS

166.1 **ARTICLE 4**

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.0273, is amended to read:

84.0273 ESTABLISHING BOUNDARY LINES RELATING TO CERTAIN STATE

LANDHOLDINGS.

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- (a) In order To resolve boundary line issues affecting the ownership interests of the state and adjacent landowners, the commissioner of natural resources may, in the name of the state upon terms the commissioner deems appropriate, convey, by a boundary line agreement, quitclaim deed, or management agreement in such form as the attorney general approves, such rights, titles, and interests of the state in state lands for such rights, titles, and interests in adjacent lands as are necessary for the purpose of establishing to establish boundaries.

 The commissioner must publish a notice of the proposed conveyance and a brief statement of the reason therefor shall be published for the conveyance once in the State Register by the commissioner between 15 and at least 30 days prior to before the conveyance. The provisions of This paragraph are is not intended to replace or supersede laws relating to land exchange or disposal of surplus state property.
- (b) In order To resolve trespass issues affecting the ownership interests of the state and adjacent landowners, the commissioner of natural resources, in the name of the state, may sell surplus lands not needed for natural resource purposes at private sale to adjoining property owners and leaseholders. The conveyance must be by quitclaim in a form approved by the attorney general for a consideration not less than the value determined according to section 94.10, subdivision 1.
- (c) Paragraph (b) applies to all state-owned lands managed by the commissioner of natural resources, except school trust land as defined in section 92.025. For acquired lands, the commissioner may sell the surplus lands as provided in paragraph (b) notwithstanding the offering to public entities, public sale, and related notice and publication requirements of sections 94.09 to 94.165. For consolidated conservation lands, the commissioner may sell the surplus lands as provided in paragraph (b) notwithstanding the classification and public sale provisions of chapters 84A and 282.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 92.115, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Land valuation required.** Before offering any state land for sale under this chapter, the commissioner must establish the value of the land. The commissioner shall have the land appraised if the estimated market value is in excess of \$50,000 \$100,000.

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Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 94.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Notice to agencies; determination of surplus. The commissioner of natural resources shall send written notice to all state departments, agencies and the University of Minnesota the Departments of Administration and Transportation, the Board of Water and Soil Resources, the Office of School Trust Lands, the legal or land departments of the University of Minnesota and Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, the Minnesota Indian Affairs Council, and any other state department or agency that requests to receive notices describing any lands or tracts which that may be declared surplus. If a department or agency or the University of Minnesota recipient of the notice desires custody of the lands or tracts, it shall the recipient must submit a written request to the commissioner, no later than four calendar weeks after mailing of the notice, setting forth in detail its the reasons for desiring to acquire, and its the intended use of, the land or tract. The commissioner shall then determine whether any of the lands described in the certifications of the heads of the departments or agencies so requested should be declared surplus and offered for sale or otherwise disposed of by transferring custodial control to other requesting state departments 167.15 or agencies or to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for educational purposes, provided however that transfer to the Board of Regents shall is not be determinative of tax exemption or immunity. If the commissioner determines that any of the lands are no longer needed for state purposes, the commissioner shall make findings of fact, describe the lands, declare the lands to be surplus state land, and state the reasons for the sale or disposition of the lands.

167.22 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 94.10, is amended to read:

94.10 SURVEYS, APPRAISALS, AND SALE.

- Subdivision 1. Appraisal; notice and offer to public bodies. (a) Before offering any 167.24 surplus state-owned lands for sale, the commissioner of natural resources must establish 167.25 the value of the lands. The commissioner shall have the lands appraised if the estimated 167.26 value is in excess of \$50,000 \$100,000. No parcel of state-owned land shall be sold for less 167.27 than \$1,000. 167.28
- 167.29 (b) The appraisals must be made by regularly appointed and qualified state appraisers. To be qualified, an appraiser must hold a state appraiser license issued by the Department 167.30 of Commerce. The appraisal must be in conformity with the Uniform Standards of 167.31 Professional Appraisal Practice of the Appraisal Foundation. 167.32
- (c) Before offering surplus state-owned lands for public sale, the lands shall must first 167.33 be offered to the city, county, town, school district, or other public body corporate or politic 167.34

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in which the lands are situated for public purposes and the lands may be sold for public purposes for not less than the appraised value of the lands. To determine whether a public body desires to purchase the surplus land, the commissioner of natural resources shall give a written notice to the governing body of each political subdivision whose jurisdictional boundaries include or are adjacent to the surplus land. If a public body desires to purchase the surplus land, it shall the public body must submit a written offer to the commissioner no later than two weeks after receipt of notice setting forth in detail its the reasons for desiring to acquire and its the intended use of the land. In the event that If more than one public body tenders an offer, the commissioner shall determine which party shall receive the property and shall submit written findings regarding the decision. If lands are offered for sale for public purposes and if a public body notifies the commissioner of its desire to acquire the lands, the public body may have up to two years from the date of the accepted offer to eommence payment begin paying for the lands in the manner provided by law.

(d) Before offering surplus state-owned lands that are located within the reservation boundary of a federally recognized Indian tribe for public sale or before offering the lands to an entity specified in paragraph (c), the lands must first be offered to the federally recognized Indian tribe with governing authority over the reservation where the lands are located. If the lands are located within the reservation boundary of a federally recognized tribe that is one of the six constituent tribes of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, then the lands must be offered to both the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe and the constituent tribe where the lands are located. The lands may be sold for not less than the appraised value of the lands. To determine whether an Indian tribe desires to purchase the lands, the commissioner of natural resources must give a written notice to the governing body of the Indian tribe and, when applicable, to the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe if the tribe is a member of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe. If the Indian tribe desires to purchase the lands, the Indian tribe must notify the commissioner in writing of the intent to purchase the lands no later than two weeks after receiving the notice. If the Indian tribe notifies the commissioner of its intent to acquire the lands, the Indian tribe has up to two years from the date that the notice of intent to purchase the lands was submitted to begin paying for the lands in the manner provided by law.

Subd. 2. **Public sale requirements.** (a) After complying with subdivision 1 and before any public sale of surplus state-owned land is made and at least 30 days before the sale, the commissioner of natural resources shall publish a notice of the sale in a newspaper of general distribution in the county in which the real property to be sold is situated. The notice shall specify the time and place at which the sale will commence, a general description of the

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lots or tracts to be offered, and a general statement of the terms of sale. The commissioner shall also provide electronic notice of the sale.

- (b) The minimum bid for a parcel of land must include the estimated value or appraised value of the land and any improvements and, if any of the land is valuable for merchantable timber, the value of the merchantable timber. The minimum bid may include expenses incurred by the commissioner in rendering the property salable, including survey, appraisal, legal, advertising, and other expenses.
 - (c) The purchaser of state land must pay recording fees and the state deed tax.
- (d) Except as provided under paragraph (e), parcels remaining unsold after the offering may be sold to anyone agreeing to pay at least 75 percent of the appraised value. The sale shall must continue until all parcels are sold or until the commissioner orders a reappraisal or withdraws the remaining parcels from sale.
- (e) The commissioner may retain the services of a licensed real estate broker to find a buyer for parcels remaining unsold after the offering. The sale price may be negotiated by the broker, but must not be less than 90 percent of the appraised value as determined by the commissioner. The broker's fee must be established by prior agreement between the commissioner and the broker and must not exceed ten percent of the sale price for sales of \$10,000 or more. The broker's fee must be paid to the broker from the proceeds of the sale.
- (f) Public sales of surplus state-owned land may be conducted through online auctions.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 282.01, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 169.20
- Subd. 4. Sale; method; requirements; effects. (a) The sale authorized under subdivision 169.21 3 must be conducted by the county auditor at the county seat of the county in which the 169.22 parcels lie, except that in St. Louis and Koochiching Counties, the sale may be conducted 169.23 in any eounty designated facility within the county. The sale must not be for less than the 169.24 appraised value except as provided in subdivision 7a. The parcels must be sold for cash 169.25 only, unless the county board of the county has adopted a resolution providing for their sale 169.26 on terms, in which event the resolution controls with respect to the sale. When the sale is 169.27 made on terms other than for cash only (1) a payment of at least ten percent of the purchase 169.28 price must be made at the time of purchase, and the balance must be paid in no more than 169.29 ten equal annual installments, or (2) the payments must be made in accordance with county 169.30 board policy, but in no event may the board require more than 12 installments annually, 169.31 and the contract term must not be for more than ten years. Standing timber or timber products must not be removed from these lands until an amount equal to the appraised value of all

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standing timber or timber products on the lands at the time of purchase has been paid by the purchaser. If a parcel of land bearing standing timber or timber products is sold at public auction for more than the appraised value, the amount bid in excess of the appraised value must be allocated between the land and the timber in proportion to their respective appraised values. In that case, standing timber or timber products must not be removed from the land until the amount of the excess bid allocated to timber or timber products has been paid in addition to the appraised value of the land. The purchaser is entitled to immediate possession, subject to the provisions of any existing valid lease made in behalf of the state.

- (b) For sales occurring on or after July 1, 1982, the unpaid balance of the purchase price is subject to interest at the rate determined pursuant to section 549.09. The unpaid balance of the purchase price for sales occurring after December 31, 1990, is subject to interest at the rate determined in section 279.03, subdivision 1a. The interest rate is subject to change each year on the unpaid balance in the manner provided for rate changes in section 549.09 or 279.03, subdivision 1a, whichever, is applicable. Interest on the unpaid contract balance on sales occurring before July 1, 1982, is payable at the rate applicable to the sale at the time that the sale occurred.
- 170.17 (c) Notwithstanding subdivision 7, a county board may by resolution provide for the listing and sale of individual parcels by other means, including through a real estate broker. 170.18 However, if the buyer under this paragraph could have repurchased a parcel of property 170.19 under section 282.012 or 282.241, that buyer may not purchase that same parcel of property 170.20 at the sale under this subdivision for a purchase price less than the sum of all taxes, 170.21 assessments, penalties, interest, and costs due at the time of forfeiture computed under 170.22 section 282.251, and any special assessments for improvements certified as of the date of sale. This subdivision shall be liberally construed to encourage the sale and utilization of 170.24 tax-forfeited land in order to eliminate nuisances and dangerous conditions and to increase 170.25 compliance with land use ordinances. 170.26
- Sec. 6. Laws 2012, chapter 236, section 28, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws 2016, chapter 154, section 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Method of sale.** (a) The leaseholder of a leased parcel may purchase at private sale the leased parcel and any other lands allocated to the parcel by the county under subdivision 6 that is offered for sale under this section. The purchase price is the appraised value of the land under subdivision 3 exclusive of improvements on it. To purchase a parcel, a leaseholder must pay in cash to the county an amount equal to the appraised value of the land within 180 days from the date of mailing to or service of notice of appraised value to

- the leaseholder by the county. The 180-day period runs from the date of mailing of a copy of the appraisal to the leaseholder at the address shown upon the most recent lease agreement between the parties, exclusive of the date of mailing or service. The county may use any alternative method of notice under the Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure for the service of a summons and complaint.
- (b) If the leaseholder does not purchase the parcel so offered, the county may offer the lands for sale under the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 282.01, subdivision 7. If a person other than the leaseholder purchases the parcel, the purchaser must make payment in full to the leaseholder in the manner provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 92.06, subdivision 4, for the value of any improvements as determined under subdivision 3 or for the value of any improvements as determined through negotiations.
- 171.12 (c) Failure of a purchaser to comply with the terms of payment voids the sale and the 171.13 property may be reoffered for sale.
- Sec. 7. Laws 2012, chapter 236, section 28, subdivision 9, as amended by Laws 2016, chapter 154, section 11, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Sunset.** This section expires seven ten years after the effective date.
- 171.17 Sec. 8. ADDITION TO STATE PARK.
- 171.18 [85.012] [Subd. 23a.] Glendalough State Park, Otter Tail County.
- The following areas are added to Glendalough State Park, Otter Tail County:
- 171.20 (1) Government Lot 2, Section 12, Township 133 North, Range 40 West, Otter Tail
- 171.21 County, Minnesota, subject to an existing conservation easement; and
- (2) the West Half of the Southeast Quarter and Government Lots 2 and 3, Section 11,
- 171.23 Township 133 North, Range 40 West, Otter Tail County, Minnesota, except that part of
- said Government Lot 2 platted as Walvatne Addition. Subject to an existing conservation
- 171.25 easement.
- 171.26 Sec. 9. **DELETION FROM STATE PARK.**
- 171.27 **[85.012] [Subd. 49.] St. Croix State Park, Pine County.** The following area is deleted
- 171.28 from St. Croix State Park, Pine County: that part of the North Half of the Northwest Quarter
- of Section 29 and that part of the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of Section 30,
- 171.30 Township 41 North, Range 17 West, Pine County, Minnesota, lying north of County Road
- 171.31 48.

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172.1	Sec. 10. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
172.2	WATER; CARLTON COUNTY.
172.3	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45, 94.09, and 94.10, the
172.4	commissioner of natural resources may sell by private sale the surplus land bordering public
172.5	water that is described in paragraph (c).
172.6	(b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct
172.7	errors and ensure accuracy.
172.8	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Carlton County and is described as:
172.9	Government Lot 6, Section 1, Township 48 North, Range 19 West.
172.10	(d) The land borders Perch Lake and is not contiguous to other state lands. The
172.11	Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed for natural
172.12	resource purposes and that the state's land management interests would be best served if
172.13	the land were sold to a federally recognized Indian tribe for land consolidation purposes.
172.14	Sec. 11. PUBLIC SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
172.14	WATER; CASS COUNTY.
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172.16	resources may sell by public sale the surplus land bordering public water that is described
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172.18	in paragraph (c).
172.19	(b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct
172.20	errors and ensure accuracy.
172.21	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Cass County and is described as: Lot 7, Block
172.22	1, Dell's Sleepy Hollow, located in Section 22, Township 140 North, Range 29 West.
172.23	(d) The land borders Woman Lake and is not contiguous to other state lands. The
172.24	Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed for natural
172.25	resource purposes and that the state's land management interests would best be served if
172.26	the land was returned to private ownership.
172.27	Sec. 12. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS LAND BORDERING PUBLIC WATER;
172.28	HUBBARD COUNTY.
1/2.20	HODDIND COUNTY
172.29	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45, 94.09, and 94.10, the
172.30	commissioner of natural resources may sell by private sale the surplus lands bordering

public water that is described in paragraph (c) to Hubbard County for no consideration.

173.1	(b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal descriptions to correct
173.2	errors and ensure accuracy.
173.3	(c) The lands that may be conveyed are located in Hubbard County and are described
173.4	<u>as:</u>
173.5	(1) the East 285.00 feet of the West 660.00 feet of Government Lot 4 of Section 27,
173.6	Township 141 North, Range 34 West. Including all riparian rights to the contained 2.3 acres,
173.7	more or less; and
173.8	(2) that part of Government Lot 2 of Section 34, Township 141 North, Range 34 West,
173.9	described as follows:
173.10	Commencing at the northwest corner of said Government Lot 2; thence South 89 degrees
173.11	27 minutes 15 seconds East, bearing assumed, along the north line of said Section 34 a
173.12	distance of 375.18 feet to the point of beginning; thence continuing South 89 degrees
173.13	27 minutes 15 seconds East along said north line a distance of 285.13 feet; thence South
173.14	02 degrees 01 minutes 46 seconds East along a line parallel with and 660.00 feet from
173.15	the west line of said Government Lot 2 a distance of 77.98 feet; thence North 88 degrees
173.16	14 minutes 48 seconds East a distance of 65.77 feet along a line which if continued
173.17	550.00 feet would intersect an angle iron previously used as the northeast corner of said
173.18	Government Lot 2; thence South 01 degrees 45 minutes 12 seconds East along a line
173.19	parallel with and 550.00 feet west of a previously established survey line a distance of
173.20	650.18 feet to the boundary line as established by that certain agreement between Richard
173.21	Dusbabek and Jean Dusbabek, husband and wife, and Donald S. Olson and Betty Jane
173.22	Olson, husband and wife, and filed for record on May 10, 1982, in the office of the
173.23	county recorder in Book 146 of Deeds, page 806; thence South 88 degrees 12 minutes
173.24	12 seconds West along said boundary line a distance of 179.39 feet; thence North 12
173.25	degrees 07 minutes 46 seconds West a distance of 663.07 feet; thence North 32 degrees
173.26	35 minutes 05 seconds West a distance of 101.91 feet to the point of beginning; containing
173.27	4.1 acres.
173.28	(d) The lands border Big Sand Lake. The Department of Natural Resources has
173.29	determined that the lands are not needed for natural resource purposes and that the state's
173.30	land management interests would best be served if the lands were conveyed to Hubbard
173.31	County.

174.1	Sec. 13	. PRIVATE SALE OF	TAX-FORFEITED	LAND	ITASCA	COUNTY.
1/7.1	500. 15					

- (a) Notwithstanding the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, or other law to the contrary, Itasca County may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited land described in paragraph (c).
- 174.5 (b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney general may make changes to the land description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
- 174.7 (c) The land to be sold is located in Itasca County and is described as: the East 660 feet
 174.8 of the West 990 feet of the South 660 feet of the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter,
 174.9 Section 7, Township 55 North, Range 24 West.
- 174.10 (d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would best
 174.11 be served if the lands were used for a new broadcast tower, transmitter, and transmission
 174.12 building.

174.13 Sec. 14. PUBLIC SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC

174.14 **WATER; KANABEC COUNTY.**

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 92.45, the commissioner of natural resources may sell by public sale the surplus land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c).
- 174.18 (b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct 174.19 errors and ensure accuracy.
- (c) The land that may be sold is located in Kanabec County and is described as: that part
 of the West 200 feet of the Northwest Quarter of Section 13, Township 42 North, Range
 23 West, Kanabec County, Minnesota, lying northerly of the centerline of the Snake River.
- 174.23 (d) The land borders the Snake River and is not contiguous to other state lands. The
 174.24 Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed for natural
 174.25 resource purposes and that the state's land management interests would best be served if
 174.26 the land was returned to private ownership.

174.27 Sec. 15. <u>PUBLIC SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC</u> 174.28 WATER; OTTER TAIL COUNTY.

(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 92.45, the commissioner of natural resources may sell by public sale the surplus land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c).

175.1	(b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct
175.2	errors and ensure accuracy.
175.3	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Otter Tail County and is described as:
175.4	Lots 25, 26, and 27 in Block 2 of Jackson and Mckee's Addition, according to the plat
175.5	thereof, on file and of record in the Office of the Recorder, Otter Tail County, Minnesota,
175.6	less and except that part of said Lot 27 in Block 2 of Jackson and Mckee's Addition, Otter
175.7	Tail County, Minnesota, South of the line between Government Lots 2 and 3, Section 14,
175.8	Township 136, Range 38.
175.9	(d) The land borders Big Pine Lake and is not contiguous to other state lands. The
175.10	Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed for natural
175.11	resource purposes and that the state's land management interests would best be served if
175.12	the land was returned to private ownership.
175.13	Sec. 16. <u>LEASE; TAX-FORFEITED LAND; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.</u>
175.14	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 282.04, or other law to the contrary,
175.15	St. Louis County may enter into a lease for the tax-forfeited lands described in paragraph
175.16	(b) for consideration of more than \$12,000 per year.
175.17	(b) The lands to be leased are located in St. Louis County and are described as:
175.18	(1) a 10.0-acre site in the Southeast Quarter, Section 15, Township 56 North, Range 17
175.19	West, to be used for a telecommunications tower and a 33-foot-wide strip of land, 16.5 feet
175.20	on either side of the centerline in the Southeast Quarter, Section 15, and in the Southwest
175.21	Quarter, Section 14, Township 56 North, Range 17 West, to be used for an access road to
175.22	the tower site; and
175.23	(2) a 10.0-acre site in the West Half, Section 32, Township 60 North, Range 21 West,
175.24	to be used for a telecommunications tower and a 33-foot-wide strip of land, 16.5 feet on
175.25	either side of the centerline in the West Half, Section 32, Township 60 North, Range 21
175.26	West, to be used for an access road to the tower site.
175.27	Sec. 17. ACCESS TO TIMBER ON TAX-FORFEITED LAND; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
175.28	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 160.83, or other law to the contrary,
175.29	St. Louis County or its agents or assigns may operate vehicles used for timber harvesting
175.30	and hauling or for transporting equipment and appurtenances incidental to timber harvesting,
175.31	gravel, and other road-building materials for timber haul roads on designated rustic roads
175.32	to access tax-forfeited lands for sustainable forest management.

176.1	(b) The tax-forfeited lands to be accessed are located in St. Louis County in Sections
176.2	26, 27, and 35, Township 53 North, Range 12 West.
176.3	(c) The rustic roads used for forest management must be immediately repaired if damaged
176.4	and must be maintained in their preharvest condition.
176.5	(d) The county has determined that the county's sustainable forest management
176.6	responsibilities would best be served by using existing public roads to access tax-forfeited
176.7	land rather than building new roads.
176.8	Sec. 18. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
176.9	(a) Notwithstanding the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, or
176.10	other law to the contrary, St. Louis County may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited lands
176.11	described in paragraph (c).
176.12	(b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney
176.13	general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
176.14	(c) The lands to be sold are located in St. Louis County and are described as:
176.15	(1) that part of the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter lying North of Norton
176.16	Road and West of Howard Gnesen Road, except the easterly 95 feet of the westerly 890
176.17	feet and except the westerly 300 feet, Section 3, Township 50, Range 14 (parcel identification
176.18	number 010-2710-00549);
176.19	(2) Lot 5, except the northerly three feet and except the southerly ten feet, West Duluth
176.20	Fifth Division, Section 7, Township 49, Range 14 (parcel identification number
176.21	<u>010-4510-06740);</u>
176.22	(3) the Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, except 4.24 acres for the highway
176.23	and except the part platted as Clayton Acres and except the highway right-of-way and except
176.24	6.44 acres of the adjacent plat and except the part North of Highway 169, Section 28,
176.25	Township 57, Range 21 (parcel identification number 141-0050-05470);
176.26	(4) that part of the West 420 feet of the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter lying
176.27	South of the northerly line of Government Lot 6, except that part beginning at the southwest
176.28	corner; thence easterly along the southerly boundary 420 feet to a point; thence northerly
176.29	and parallel with the westerly boundary of said Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter
176.30	177.95 feet to a point; thence North 67 degrees 38 minutes 35 seconds West to a point on
176.31	the westerly boundary of said Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter; thence southerly

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177.1	along said we	sterly boundary a	pproximately 364	4.12 feet to the point of be	eginning, Section
177.2	26, Township	57, Range 18 (pa	arcel identification	n number 295-0017-0032	<u>6);</u>
177.3	(5) the Sou	ıth Half of the No	orthwest Quarter, S	Section 15, Township 56,	Range 18 (parcel
177.4	identification	number 435-001	0-02590);		
177.5	(6) part of	the East 400 feet	of the Southeast	Quarter, Section 14, Tow	nship 63, Range
177.6	12 (part of pa	rcel identification	number 465-002	<u>20-01965);</u>	
177.7	(7) part of	the Northeast Qu	narter of the South	nwest Quarter, Lots 2 and	3, Section 20,
177.8	Township 54,	Range 13 (part o	f parcel identifica	ation number 620-0010-03	3130); and
177.9	(8) Lots 2,	3, 4, and 5, inclu	ısive, auditor's pla	nt of Chandler Addition to	Ely, Section 28,
177.10	Township 63,	Range 12 (parce	l identification nu	umber 030-0030-03530).	
177.11	(d) The co	unty has determine	ned that the coun	ty's land management inte	erests would best
177.12	be served if the	ne lands were retu	irned to private o	wnership.	
177.13	Sec. 19. <u>CC</u>	NVEYANCE O	F STATE LAND	; STEARNS COUNTY.	
177.14	(a) Notwit	hstanding Minnes	sota Statutes, secti	on 222.63, or any other la	w to the contrary,
177.15	the commission	oner of transporta	tion may convey	and quitclaim to a private	e party all right,
177.16	title, and inter	rest of the state of	Minnesota in the	e land described in paragra	aph (e).
177.17	(b) The con	nveyance may tak	e place only upon	conditions determined by	the commissioner
177.18	of transportat	ion and is not sub	ject to restriction	s on disposition, sale, leas	se, or otherwise
177.19	contained in M	Minnesota Statute	es, section 222.63	<u>.</u>	
177.20	(c) The co	nsideration for a	conveyance made	under this section must b	e the fair market
177.21	value of the la	and conveyed. Pro	oceeds from the s	ale of real estate or buildi	ngs under this
177.22	section must 1	pe deposited in th	e rail bank maint	enance account establishe	ed in Minnesota
177.23	Statutes, secti	on 222.63, subdiv	vision 8.		
177.24	(d) The co	nveyance may re	duce the width of	the rail bank corridor to le	ess than 100 feet,
177.25	provided the o	conveyance does	not reduce the wid	dth of the rail bank corrido	or to less than ten
177.26	feet.				
177.27	(e) The lan	nd to be conveyed	l is located in Ste	arns County and is descri	bed as:
177.28	That part of	of Tract A describ	ped below:		

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Tract A. Outlot "A," Railroad Ridge, according to the plat thereof on file and of record

in the Office of the County Recorder in and for Stearns County, Minnesota; which lies

northerly of a line run parallel with and distant 33 feet southerly of the northerly line of

178.1	said Outlot "A" and westerly of the southerly extension of westerly right-of-way line of
178.2	5th Street as shown on said Railroad Ridge; together with that part of Tract A, herein
178.3	before described, adjoining and southerly of the above described strip which lies northerly
178.4	of a line run parallel with and distant 40 feet southerly of the northerly line of said Outlot
178.5	"A" and westerly of the following described line: beginning at a point on the southerly
178.6	line of said Outlot "A," distant 436.36 feet easterly of the southwest corner thereof;
178.7	thence northerly at right angles from said southerly line for 50 feet and there terminating;
178.8	containing 29,925 square feet, more or less.
178.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
178.10	Sec. 20. PUBLIC SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC
178.11	WATER; WABASHA COUNTY.
178.12	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 92.45, the commissioner of natural
178.13	resources may sell by public sale the surplus land bordering public water that is described
178.14	in paragraph (c).
178.15	(b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct
178.16	errors and ensure accuracy.
178.17	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Wabasha County and is described as: Lot 4,
178.18	Section 8, Township 109, Range 12, lying and being in the county of Wabasha, State of
178.19	Minnesota.
178.20	(d) The land borders the Zumbro River and is not contiguous to other state lands. The
178.21	Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed for natural
178.22	resource purposes and that the state's land management interests would best be served if
178.23	the land was returned to private ownership.
170.24	Cas 21 DDIWATE CALE OF CUDDING STATE LAND DODDEDING DUDING
178.24	Sec. 21. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND BORDERING PUBLIC WATER, VELLOW MEDICINE COUNTY
178.25	WATER; YELLOW MEDICINE COUNTY.
178.26	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45, 94.09, and 94.10, the
178.27	commissioner of natural resources may sell by private sale the surplus land bordering public
178.28	water that is described in paragraph (c) to the United States for no consideration.
178.29	(b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct
178.30	errors and ensure accuracy.
178.31	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Yellow Medicine County and is described
178.32	as: the South 33.00 feet of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter and that part of

Government Lot 1, Section 22, Township 114 North, Range 41 West, Yellow Medicine County, Minnesota, described as follows:

Beginning at the southwest corner of said Government Lot 1; thence on an assumed bearing of North 01 degrees 09 minutes 07 seconds West along the west line of said Government Lot 1 a distance of 33.00 feet; thence North 89 degrees 42 minutes 02 seconds East parallel with the south line of said Government Lot 1 a distance of 150.00 feet; thence North 00 degrees 17 minutes 58 seconds West 267.00 feet; thence North 89 degrees 42 minutes 02 seconds East 754 feet more or less, to the water's edge of Spellman Lake; thence southwesterly along said water's edge 760 feet, more or less, to the south line of said Government Lot 1; thence South 89 degrees 42 minutes 02 seconds West along the south line of said Government Lot 1 a distance of 288 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning; including all riparian rights to the contained 4.1 acres, more or less.

(d) The land borders Spellman Lake and is not contiguous to other state lands but is adjacent to a waterfowl production area. The Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land would best be managed by the United States Fish and Wildlife Services as part of a waterfowl production area.

179.18 **ARTICLE 5**179.19 **CLEAN WATER MODIFICATIONS**

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Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103B.3369, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Financial assistance. A base grant may be awarded to a county that provides a match utilizing a water implementation tax or other local source. A water implementation tax that a county intends to use as a match to the base grant must be levied at a rate sufficient to generate a minimum amount determined by the board. The board may award performance-based, watershed-based, or program-based grants or other financial assistance to local units of government that are responsible for implementing elements of applicable portions of watershed management plans, comprehensive plans, local water management plans, or comprehensive watershed management plans, developed or amended, adopted and approved, according to chapter 103B, 103C, or 103D. Upon request by a local government unit, the board may also award performance-based grants to local units of government to carry out TMDL implementation plans as provided in chapter 114D, if the TMDL implementation plan has been incorporated into the local water management plan according to the procedures for approving comprehensive plans, watershed management plans, local water management plans, or comprehensive watershed management plans under chapter

180.1	103B, 103C, or 103D, or if the TMDL implementation plan has undergone a public review
180.2	process. Notwithstanding section 16A.41, the board may award performance-based,
180.3	watershed-based, or program-based grants or other financial assistance on an advanced
180.4	basis and may prescribe the amount of local match required. The fee authorized in section
180.5	40A.152 may be used as a local match or as a supplement to state funding to accomplish
180.6	implementation of comprehensive plans, watershed management plans, local water
180.7	management plans, or comprehensive watershed management plans under this chapter and
180.8	ehapter 103C or 103D The board may enter into intergovernmental agreements to provide
180.9	funding for water management to local governments.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103B.3369, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 180.10
- Subd. 9. **Performance-based criteria.** (a) The board shall must develop and utilize use 180.11 performance-based criteria for local water resources restoration, protection, and management 180.12 programs and projects. The criteria may include but are not limited to science-based 180.13 180.14 assessments, organizational capacity, priority resource issues, community outreach and support, partnership potential, potential for multiple benefits, and program and project 180.15 delivery efficiency and effectiveness. 180.16
- 180.17 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the board may develop and use eligibility criteria for state grants or other financial assistance provided to local governments. 180.18
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103B.801, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 180.19
- Subd. 2. **Program purposes.** The purposes of the comprehensive watershed management 180.20 plan program under section 103B.101, subdivision 14, paragraph (a), are to:
- 180.22 (1) align local water planning purposes and procedures under this chapter and chapters 103C and 103D on watershed boundaries to create a systematic, watershed-wide, 180.23 science-based approach to watershed management; 180.24
- 180.25 (2) acknowledge and build off existing local government structure, water plan services, and local capacity; 180.26
- 180.27 (3) incorporate and make use of data and information, including watershed restoration and protection strategies under section 114D.26, which may serve to fulfill all or some of 180.28 the requirements under chapter 114D; 180.29
- 180.30 (4) solicit input and engage experts from agencies, citizens, and stakeholder groups;
- (5) focus on implementation of prioritized and targeted actions capable of achieving 180.31 measurable progress; and 180.32

181.1	(6) serve as a substitute for a comprehensive plan, local water management plan, or
181.2	watershed management plan developed or amended, approved, and adopted, according to
181.3	this chapter or chapter 103C or 103D.
181.4	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103B.801, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
181.5	Subd. 4. Plan content. The board shall develop policies for required comprehensive
181.6	watershed management plan content consistent with comprehensive local water management
181.7	planning. To ensure effectiveness and accountability in meeting the purposes of subdivision
181.8	2, plan content must include, at a minimum:
181.9	(1) an analysis and prioritization of issues and resource concerns;
181.10	(2) measurable goals to address the issues and concerns, including but not limited to:
181.11	(i) restoration, protection, and preservation of <u>drinking water sources and</u> natural surface
181.12	water and groundwater storage and retention systems;
181.13	(ii) minimization of public capital expenditures needed to correct flooding and water
181.14	quality problems;
181.15	(iii) restoration, protection, and improvement of surface water and groundwater quality;
181.16	(iv) establishment of more uniform local policies and official controls for surface water
181.17	and groundwater management;
181.18	(v) identification of priority areas for wetland enhancement, restoration, and
181.19	establishment;
181.20	(vi) identification of priority areas for riparian zone management and buffers;
181.21	(vii) prevention of erosion and soil transport into surface water systems;
181.22	(viii) promotion of groundwater recharge;
181.23	(ix) protection and enhancement of fish and wildlife habitat and water recreational
181.24	facilities; and
181.25	(x) securing other benefits associated with the proper management of surface water and

government units;

181.26 groundwater;

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(3) a targeted implementation schedule describing at a minimum the actions, locations,

timeline, estimated costs, method of measurement, and identification of roles and responsible

(4) a description of implementation programs, including how the implementation schedule
will be achieved and how the plan will be administered and coordinated between local water
management responsibilities; and
(5) a land and water resource inventory.
Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103B.801, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
Subd. 5. Timelines; administration. (a) The board shall develop and adopt, by June
30, 2016, a transition plan for development, approval, adoption, and coordination of plans
consistent with section 103A.212. The transition plan must include a goal of completing
statewide transition to comprehensive watershed management plans by 2025. The
metropolitan area may be considered for inclusion in the transition plan. The board may
amend the transition plan no more than once every two years.
(b) The board may use the authority under section 103B.3369, subdivision 9, to support
development or implementation of a comprehensive watershed management plan under this
section.
Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
Subd. 3a. Comprehensive local water management plan. "Comprehensive local water
management plan" has the meaning given under section 103B.3363, subdivision 3.
Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to
read:
Subd. 3b. Comprehensive watershed management plan. "Comprehensive watershed
management plan" has the meaning given under section 103B.3363, subdivision 3a.
Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.15, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Restoration. "Restoration" means actions, including effectiveness monitoring,
that are taken to pursue, achieve, and maintain water quality standards for impaired waters
in accordance with a TMDL that has been approved by the United States Environmental
Protection Agency under federal TMDL requirements.
Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.15, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
Subd. 11. TMDL implementation plan. "TMDL implementation plan" means a

document detailing restoration <u>strategies or</u> activities needed to meet the approved TMDL's

183.1	TMDL pollutant load allocations for point and nonpoint sources. This could include a
183.2	WRAPS, a comprehensive watershed management plan, a comprehensive local water
183.3	management plan, or another document or strategy that the commissioner of the Pollution
183.4	Control Agency determines to be, in whole or in part, sufficient to provide reasonable
183.5	assurance of achieving applicable water quality standards.
183.6	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.15, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
183.7	Subd. 13. Watershed restoration and protection strategy or WRAPS. "Watershed
183.8	restoration and protection strategy" or "WRAPS" means a document summarizing scientific
183.9	studies of a major watershed no larger than at approximately a hydrologic unit code 8
183.10	including the physical, chemical, and biological assessment of the water quality of the
183.11	watershed; identification of impairments and water bodies in need of protection; identification
183.12	of biotic stressors and sources of pollution, both point and nonpoint; TMDLs for the
183.13	impairments; and an implementation table containing scale with strategies and actions
183.14	designed to achieve and maintain water quality standards and goals.
183.15	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
183.16	Subd. 2. Goals for implementation. The following goals must guide the implementation
183.17	of this chapter:
183.18	(1) to identify impaired waters in accordance with federal TMDL requirements within
183.19	ten years after May 23, 2006, and thereafter to ensure continuing evaluation of surface
183.20	waters for impairments;
183.21	(2) to submit TMDLs to the United States Environmental Protection Agency for all
183.22	impaired waters in a timely manner in accordance with federal TMDL requirements;
183.23	(3) to set a reasonable time inform and support strategies for implementing restoration
183.24	of each identified impaired water and protection activities in a reasonable time period;
183.25	(4) to systematically evaluate waters, to provide assistance and incentives to prevent
183.26	waters from becoming impaired, and to improve the quality of waters that are listed as
183.27	impaired but do not have an approved TMDL addressing the impairment;
183.28	(5) to promptly seek the delisting of waters from the impaired waters list when those
183.29	waters are shown to achieve the designated uses applicable to the waters;
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183.30	(6) to achieve compliance with federal Clean Water Act requirements in Minnesota;

184.1	(7) to support effective measures to prevent the degradation of groundwater according
184.2	to the groundwater degradation prevention goal under section 103H.001; and
184.3	(8) to support effective measures to restore degraded groundwater.
184.4	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.20, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
184.5	Subd. 3. Implementation policies. The following policies must guide the implementation
184.6	of this chapter:
184.7	(1) develop regional and, multiple pollutant, or watershed TMDLs and TMDL
184.8	implementation plans, and TMDLs and TMDL implementation plans for multiple pollutants
184.9	or WRAPSs, where reasonable and feasible;
184.10	(2) maximize use of available organizational, technical, and financial resources to perform
184.11	sampling, monitoring, and other activities to identify degraded groundwater and impaired
184.12	waters, including use of citizen monitoring and citizen monitoring data used by the Pollution
184.13	Control Agency in assessing water quality that meets the requirements in Appendix D of
184.14	the Volunteer Surface Water Monitoring Guide, Minnesota established by the commissioner
184.15	of the Pollution Control Agency (2003);
184.16	(3) maximize opportunities for restoration of degraded groundwater and impaired waters,
184.17	by prioritizing and targeting of available programmatic, financial, and technical resources
184.18	and by providing additional state resources to complement and leverage available resources;
184.19	(4) use existing regulatory authorities to achieve restoration for point and nonpoint
184.20	sources of pollution where applicable, and promote the development and use of effective
184.21	nonregulatory measures to address pollution sources for which regulations are not applicable;
184.22	(5) use restoration methods that have a demonstrated effectiveness in reducing
184.23	impairments and provide the greatest long-term positive impact on water quality protection
184.24	and improvement and related conservation benefits while incorporating innovative approaches
184.25	on a case-by-case basis;
184.26	(6) identify for the legislature any innovative approaches that may strengthen or
184.27	complement existing programs;
184.28	(7) identify and encourage implementation of measures to prevent surface waters from

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becoming impaired and to improve the quality of waters that are listed as impaired but have

no approved TMDL addressing the impairment using the best available data and technology,

and establish and report outcome-based performance measures that monitor the progress

and effectiveness of protection and restoration measures;

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(8) monitor and enforce cost-sharing contracts and impose monetary damages in	an
amount up to 150 percent of the financial assistance received for failure to comply; a	ınd

(9) identify and encourage implementation of measures to prevent groundwater from

becoming degraded and measures that restore groundwater resources.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.20, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

- Subd. 5. Priorities for scheduling and preparing WRAPSs and TMDLs. The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must seek recommendations from the Clean Water Council shall recommend; the commissioners of natural resources, health, and agriculture; and the Board of Water and Soil Resources regarding priorities for scheduling and preparing WRAPSs and TMDLs and TMDL implementation plans, taking into account the severity. Recommendations must consider the causes of the impairment impairments, the designated uses of those the waters, and other applicable federal TMDL requirements. In recommending priorities, the council shall also give consideration to, surface water and groundwater interactions, protection of high-quality waters, waters and watersheds with declining water quality trends, and waters used as drinking water sources. Furthermore, consideration must be given to waters and watersheds:
- (1) with impairments that pose have the greatest potential risk to human health;
- 185.18 (2) with impairments that pose have the greatest potential risk to threatened or endangered species; 185.19
- 185.20 (3) with impairments that pose have the greatest potential risk to aquatic health;
 - (4) where other public agencies and participating organizations and individuals, especially local, basinwide basin-wide, watershed, or regional agencies or organizations, have demonstrated readiness to assist in carrying out the responsibilities, including availability and organization of human, technical, and financial resources necessary to undertake the work; and
 - (5) where there is demonstrated coordination and cooperation among cities, counties, watershed districts, and soil and water conservation districts in planning and implementation of activities that will assist in carrying out the responsibilities.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.20, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 185.29
- Subd. 7. Priorities for funding prevention actions. The Clean Water Council shall 185.30 apply the priorities applicable under subdivision 6, as far as practicable, when recommending 185.31 priorities for funding actions to prevent groundwater and surface waters from becoming 185.32

degraded or impaired and to improve the quality of surface waters that are listed as impaired 186.1 186.2 but do not have an approved TMDL. 186.3 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.20, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 186.4 Subd. 8. Alternatives; TMDL, TMDL implementation plan, or WRAPS. (a) If the 186.5 commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency determines that a comprehensive watershed 186.6 management plan or comprehensive local water management plan contains information that 186.7 is sufficient and consistent with guidance from the United States Environmental Protection 186.8 186.9 Agency under section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act, the commissioner may submit the plan to the Environmental Protection Agency according to federal TMDL requirements 186.10 as an alternative to developing a TMDL after consultation with affected national pollutant 186.11 discharge elimination system (NPDES) permit holders. 186.12 186.13 (b) A TMDL implementation plan or a WRAPS, or portions thereof, are not needed for waters or watersheds when the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency determines 186.14 that a comprehensive watershed management plan, a comprehensive local water management 186.15 plan, or a statewide or regional strategy published by the Pollution Control Agency meets the definition in section 114D.15, subdivision 11 or 13. 186.17 (c) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency may request that the Board of 186.18 Water and Soil Resources conduct an evaluation of the implementation efforts under a 186.19 186.20 comprehensive watershed management plan or comprehensive local water management plan when the commissioner makes a determination under paragraph (b). The board must 186.21 conduct the evaluation in accordance with section 103B.102. 186.22 186.23 (d) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency may amend or revoke a

determination made under paragraph (a) or (b) after considering the evaluation conducted 186.24 186.25 under paragraph (c).

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.20, is amended by adding a subdivision 186.26 to read: 186.27

Subd. 9. Coordinating municipal and local water quality activities. A project, practice, or program for water quality improvement or protection that is conducted by a watershed management organization or a local government unit with a comprehensive watershed management plan or other water management plan approved according to chapter 103B, 103C, or 103D may be considered by the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency as contributing to the requirements of a storm water pollution prevention program (SWPPP)

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for a municipal separate storm sewer systems (MS4) permit unless the project, practice, or 187.1 program was previously documented as contributing to a different SWPPP for an MS4 187.2 permit. The commissioner of health may determine that a comprehensive watershed 187.3 management plan or a comprehensive local water management plan, in whole or in part, is 187.4 sufficient to fulfill the requirements of wellhead protection plans. 187.5 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.26, is amended to read: 187.6 114D.26 WATERSHED RESTORATION AND PROTECTION STRATEGIES. 187.7 187.8 Subdivision 1. Contents. (a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall develop watershed restoration and protection strategies. To ensure effectiveness and 187.9 187.10 accountability in meeting the goals of this chapter, for the purposes of: (1) summarizing the physical, chemical, and biological assessment of the water quality 187.11 of the watershed; 187.12 (2) quantifying impairments and risks to water quality; 187.13 (3) describing the causes of impairments and pollution sources; 187.14 (4) consolidating TMDLs in a major watershed; and 187.15 187.16 (5) informing comprehensive local water management plans and comprehensive watershed management plans. 187.17 187.18 (b) Each WRAPS shall must: (1) identify impaired waters and waters in need of protection; 187.19 (2) identify biotic stressors causing impairments or threats to water quality; 187.20 (3) summarize TMDLs, watershed modeling outputs, and resulting pollution load 187.21 allocations, wasteload allocations, and priority areas for targeting actions to improve water 187.22 quality identify areas with high pollutant-loading rates; 187.23 (4) identify point sources of pollution for which a national pollutant discharge elimination 187.24 system permit is required under section 115.03; 187.25 (5) identify nonpoint sources of pollution for which a national pollutant discharge 187.26 elimination system permit is not required under section 115.03, with sufficient specificity 187.27 to prioritize and geographically locate watershed restoration and protection actions; 187.28 (6) describe the current pollution loading and load reduction needed for each source or 187.29 source category to meet water quality standards and goals, including wasteload and load 187.30 allocations from TMDLs; 187.31

188.1	(7) contain a plan for ongoing (4) in consultation with local governments and other state
188.2	agencies, identify water quality monitoring needed to fill data gaps, determine changing
188.3	conditions, and or gauge implementation effectiveness; and
188.4	(8) (5) contain an implementation table of strategies and actions that are capable of
188.5	cumulatively achieving needed pollution load reductions for point and nonpoint sources,
188.6	including identifying:
188.7	(i) water quality parameters of concern;
188.8	(ii) current water quality conditions;
188.9	(iii) water quality goals, strategies, and targets by parameter of concern; and
188.10	(iv) strategies and actions by parameter of concern and an example of the scale of
188.11	adoptions needed for each; with a timeline to meet the water quality restoration or protection
188.12	goals of this chapter.
188.13	(v) a timeline for achievement of water quality targets;
188.14	(vi) the governmental units with primary responsibility for implementing each watershed
188.15	restoration or protection strategy; and
188.16	(vii) a timeline and interim milestones for achievement of watershed restoration or
188.17	protection implementation actions within ten years of strategy adoption.
188.18	Subd. 1a. Coordination. To ensure effectiveness, efficiency, and accountability in
188.19	meeting the goals of this chapter, the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency, in
188.20	consultation with the Board of Water and Soil Resources and local government units, must
188.21	coordinate the schedule, budget, scope, and use of a WRAPS and related documents and
188.22	processes.
188.23	Subd. 2. Reporting. Beginning July 1, 2016, and every other year thereafter, the
188.24	commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must report on its the agency's website the
188.25	progress toward implementation milestones and water quality goals for all adopted TMDLs
188.26	and, where available, WRAPSs.
188.27	Subd. 3. Timelines; administration. Each year, (a) The commissioner of the Pollution
188.28	Control Agency must complete WRAPSs for at least ten percent of watershed restoration
188.29	and protection strategies for the state's major watersheds. WRAPS shall be by June 30,
188.30	2023, unless the commissioner determines that a comprehensive watershed management
188.31	plan or comprehensive local water management plan, in whole or in part, meets the definition
188.32	in section 114D.15, subdivision 11 or 13. As needed, the commissioner must update the

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strategies, in whole or in part, after consulting with the Board of Water and Soil Resources and local government units.

- (b) Watershed restoration and protection strategies are governed by the procedures for approval and notice in section 114D.25, subdivisions 2 and 4, except that WRAPS the strategies need not be submitted to the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.35, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Public and stakeholder participation. (a) Public agencies and private entities involved in the implementation of implementing this chapter shall must encourage participation by the public and stakeholders, including local citizens, landowners and, land managers, and public and private organizations, in identifying impaired waters, in developing TMDLs, in planning, priority setting, and implementing restoration of impaired waters, in identifying degraded groundwater, and in protecting and restoring groundwater resources.
- (b) In particular, the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall must make reasonable efforts to provide timely information to the public and to stakeholders about impaired waters that have been identified by the agency. The agency shall seek broad and early public and stakeholder participation in scoping the activities necessary to develop a TMDL, including the scientific models, methods, and approaches to be used in TMDL development, and to implement restoration pursuant to section 114D.15, subdivision 7 and to inform and consult with the public and stakeholders in developing a WRAPS or TMDL.
- (c) Public agencies and private entities using public funds that are involved in implementing restoration and protection identified in a comprehensive watershed management plan or comprehensive local water management plan must make efforts to inform, consult, and involve the public and stakeholders.
- (d) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency and the Board of Water and Soil 189.24 Resources must coordinate public and stakeholder participation in consultation with local 189.25 government units. To the extent practicable, implementation of this chapter must be 189.26 accomplished in cooperation with local, state, federal, and tribal governments and 189.27 private-sector organizations. 189.28
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 114D.35, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 189.29
- Subd. 3. Education. The Clean Water Council shall must develop strategies for 189.30 informing, educating, and encouraging the participation of citizens, stakeholders, and others 189.31 regarding the identification of impaired waters, development of TMDLs, development of

TMDL implementation plans, implementation of restoration for impaired waters, identification of degraded groundwater, and protection and restoration of groundwater resources this chapter. Public agencies shall be are responsible for implementing the strategies.

Sec. 20. [114D.47] NONPOINT FUNDING ALTERNATIVE.

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Notwithstanding section 114D.50, subdivision 3a, the Board of Water and Soil Resources may, by board order, establish alternative timelines or content for the priority funding plan for nonpoint sources under section 114D.50, subdivision 3a, and may use information from comprehensive watershed management plans or comprehensive local water management plans to estimate or summarize costs. 190.10

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: 19-5219

92.121 PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND LANDS.

The commissioner of natural resources shall exchange permanent school fund land as defined in the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 8, located in state parks, state recreation areas, wildlife management areas, scientific and natural areas, or state waysides or on lands managed by the commissioner as old growth stands, for other lands as allowed by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 10, and section 94.343, subdivision 1, that are compatible with the goal of the permanent school fund lands in section 127A.31 when, as a result of management practices applied to the permanent school fund lands and associated resources, revenue generation has been diminished or is prohibited and no alternative has been put into effect to compensate the permanent school fund for the income losses.