SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-SECOND SESSION

H.F. No. 991

| (SENATE AUTH | IORS: MAR | QUART and Youakim) |
|--------------|-----------|---|
| DATE | D-PG | OFFICIAL STATUS |
| 04/26/2021 | 3087 | Received from House |
| | 3087 | Introduction and first reading |
| | | Referred to for comparison with SF961 |
| 04/27/2021 | 3967a | Comm report: Rule 45-amend, subst. General Orders SF961 |
| | 3968 | Second reading |
| 04/28/2021 | 3984a | Special Order: Amended |
| | 4010 | Third reading Passed |
| 04/29/2021 | 4063 | House not concur, conference committee of 5 requested |
| | | House conferees Marquart; Youakim; Her; Lislegard; Davids |
| | | Senate accedes, CC of 5 be appointed |
| | 4065 | Senate conferees Nelson; Weber; Miller; Bakk; Rest |
| | | See First Special Session 2021, HF9 |

1.1 A bill for an act

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relating to financing and operation of state and local government; providing conformity to certain federal tax law changes; modifying individual income and corporate franchise taxes, sales and use taxes, partnership taxes, excise taxes, property taxes and tax increment financing; providing provisions related to local taxes and other miscellaneous taxes and tax provisions; providing for various individual and corporate subtractions to income; modifying certain income tax credits and authorizing new credits; providing for a pass-through entity tax; modifying existing and providing new sales tax exemptions; modifying existing local taxes and authorizing new local taxes; modifying classification provisions related to relative homesteads and class 4d; authorizing fire protection and emergency medical services special taxing districts; modifying the state general tax; establishing a property tax credit; allowing for certain special assessments; modifying property tax and renters' refunds; providing for supplemental aid; requiring a report; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 16A.152, subdivision 2; 116J.8737, subdivisions 5, 12; 144F.01; 270A.04, by adding a subdivision; 270B.13, by adding a subdivision; 270C.445, subdivision 6; 273.124, subdivisions 1, 9, 13; 273.128, subdivision 2, by adding subdivisions; 273.13, subdivisions 25, 34; 273.1392; 273.1393; 275.025, subdivisions 1, 2; 275.065, subdivision 3; 275.066; 276.04, subdivision 2; 289A.08, by adding a subdivision; 289A.20, subdivision 4; 289A.31, subdivision 1; 289A.37, subdivision 2; 289A.38, subdivisions 7, 8, 9, 10; 289A.42; 289A.60, subdivision 24; 290.0132, subdivision 4, by adding subdivisions; 290.06, subdivision 22, by adding a subdivision; 290.0674, subdivision 2; 290.0681, subdivisions 3, 4, 10, by adding a subdivision; 290.31, subdivision 1; 290.92, subdivisions 4b, 4c; 290A.03, subdivision 3; 297A.70, subdivision 13; 297A.71, by adding a subdivision; 297A.75, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 297A.77, subdivision 3; 297A.993, subdivision 2; 297F.10, subdivision 1; 297F.17, subdivision 6; 297G.16, subdivision 7; 297I.20, by adding a subdivision; 298.28, subdivisions 5, 9b; 429.021, subdivision 1; 429.031, subdivision 3; 453A.04, subdivision 21, by adding a subdivision; 465.71; 469.319, subdivision 4; 475.56; 475.58, subdivision 3b; 475.60, subdivision 1; 475.67, subdivision 8; 477A.016; Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 6, article 6, section 27; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 270C; 273; 289A; 290; 297A; 299C; 462A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.055, subdivision 7.

HF991 REVISOR EAP UEH0991-1 1st Engrossment

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

| 2.2 | ARTICLE 1 |
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| 2.3 | FEDERAL UPDATE |
| 2.4 | Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision |
| 2.5 | to read: |
| 2.6 | Subd. 7a. Pass-through entity tax. (a) For the purposes of this subdivision, the following |
| 2.7 | terms have the meanings given: |
| 2.8 | (1) "income" has the meaning given in subdivision 7, paragraph (j), except that the |
| 2.9 | provisions that apply to a partnership apply to a qualifying entity and the provisions that |
| 2.10 | apply to a partner apply to a qualifying owner. The income of both a resident and nonresident |
| 2.11 | qualifying owner is allocated and assigned to this state as provided for nonresident partners |
| 2.12 | and shareholders under section 290.17; |
| 2.13 | (2) "qualifying owner" means a resident or nonresident individual, estate, or trust that |
| 2.14 | is a partner, member, or shareholder of a qualifying entity; and |
| 2.15 | (3) "qualifying entity" means a partnership, limited liability company, or corporation |
| 2.16 | organized under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes. |
| 2.17 | including a qualified subsidiary also organized under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue |
| 2.18 | Code. Qualifying entity does not include a partnership, limited liability company, or |
| 2.19 | corporation that has a partnership, limited liability company, or corporation as a partner, |
| 2.20 | member, or shareholder. |
| 2.21 | (b) A qualifying entity may elect to file a return and pay the pass-through entity tax |
| 2.22 | imposed under paragraph (c). The election: |
| 2.23 | (1) must be made on or before the due date or extended due date of the qualifying entity's |
| 2.24 | pass-through entity tax return; |
| 2.25 | (2) may only be made by qualifying owners who hold more than a 50 percent ownership |
| 2.26 | interest in a qualifying entity; and |
| 2.27 | (3) is binding on all qualifying owners who have an ownership interest in the qualifying |
| 2.28 | entity. |
| 2.29 | (c) Subject to the election in paragraph (b), a pass-through entity tax is imposed on a |
| 2.30 | qualifying entity in an amount equal to the sum of the tax liability of each qualifying owner |

| 3.1 | (d) The amount of a qualifying owner's tax liability under paragraph (c) is the amount |
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| 3.2 | of the qualifying owner's income multiplied by the tax rates and brackets used to determine |
| 3.3 | the tax liability for married individuals filing separate returns, estates, and trusts under |
| 3.4 | section 290.06, subdivision 2c. When making this determination: |
| 3.5 | (1) nonbusiness deductions, standard deductions, or personal exemptions are not allowed; |
| 3.6 | <u>and</u> |
| 3.7 | (2) a credit or deduction is allowed only to the extent allowed to the qualifying owner. |
| 3.8 | (e) The amount of each credit and deduction used to determine a qualifying owner's tax |
| 3.9 | liability under paragraph (d) must also be used to determine that qualifying owner's individual |
| 3.10 | income tax liability under chapter 290. |
| 3.11 | (f) This subdivision does not negate the requirement that a qualifying owner pay estimated |
| 3.12 | tax if the qualifying owner's tax liability would exceed the requirements set forth in section |
| 3.13 | 289A.25. The qualifying owner's liability to pay estimated tax on the qualifying owner's |
| 3.14 | tax liability as determined under paragraph (d) is satisfied when the qualifying entity pays |
| 3.15 | estimated tax in the manner prescribed in section 289A.25 for composite estimated tax. |
| 3.16 | (g) A qualifying owner's adjusted basis in the interest in the qualifying entity, and the |
| 3.17 | treatment of distributions, is determined as if the election to pay the pass-through entity tax |
| 3.18 | under paragraph (b) is not made. |
| 3.19 | (h) To the extent not inconsistent with this subdivision, for purposes of this chapter, a |
| 3.20 | pass-through entity tax return must be treated as a composite return and a qualifying entity |
| 3.21 | filing a pass-through entity tax return must be treated as a partnership filing a composite |
| 3.22 | return. |
| 3.23 | (i) The provisions of subdivision 17 apply to the election to pay the pass-through entity |
| 3.24 | tax under this subdivision. |
| 3.25 | (j) If a nonresident qualifying owner of a qualifying entity making the election to file |
| 3.26 | and pay the tax under this subdivision has no other Minnesota source income, filing of the |

3.32 to satisfy the requirements of subdivision 1. The tax paid for the individual as part of the

pass-through entity tax return is a return for purposes of subdivision 1, provided that the

nonresident qualifying owner must not have any Minnesota source income other than the

income from the qualifying entity and other electing qualifying entities. If it is determined

that the nonresident qualifying owner has other Minnesota source income, the inclusion of

the income and tax liability for that owner under this provision will not constitute a return

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pass-through entity tax return is allowed as a payment of the tax by the individual on the 4.1 date on which the pass-through entity tax return payment was made. 4.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 4.3 31, 2020. 4.4 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, is amended by adding a subdivision 4.5 to read: 4.6 Subd. 31. Certain unemployment insurance compensation payments. For taxable 4.7 years beginning after December 31, 2019, and before January 1, 2021, 18 percent of the 4.8 amount of unemployment compensation received by an individual under section 2104 of 4.9 the CARES Act, Public Law 116-136, is a subtraction. The subtraction is reduced by \$1 for 4.10 4.11 every \$4 of adjusted gross income over: (1) \$150,000 for married couples filing a joint return or surviving spouses; 4.12 4.13 (2) \$112,500 for head of household filers; and (3) \$75,000 for all other filers. 4.14 4.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and before January 1, 2021. 4.16 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.06, subdivision 22, is amended to read: 4.17 Subd. 22. Credit for taxes paid to another state. (a) A taxpayer who is liable for taxes 4.18 based on net income to another state, as provided in paragraphs (b) through (f), upon income 4.19 allocated or apportioned to Minnesota, is entitled to a credit for the tax paid to another state 4.20 if the tax is actually paid in the taxable year or a subsequent taxable year. A taxpayer who 4.21 is a resident of this state pursuant to section 290.01, subdivision 7, paragraph (b), and who 4.22 is subject to income tax as a resident in the state of the individual's domicile is not allowed 4.23 this credit unless the state of domicile does not allow a similar credit. 4.24 (b) For an individual, estate, or trust, the credit is determined by multiplying the tax 4.25 payable under this chapter by the ratio derived by dividing the income subject to tax in the 4.26 other state that is also subject to tax in Minnesota while a resident of Minnesota by the 4.27 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income, as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue 4.28 Code, modified by the addition required by section 290.0131, subdivision 2, and the 4.29 subtraction allowed by section 290.0132, subdivision 2, to the extent the income is allocated 4.30

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or assigned to Minnesota under sections 290.081 and 290.17.

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- (c) If the taxpayer is an athletic team that apportions all of its income under section 290.17, subdivision 5, the credit is determined by multiplying the tax payable under this chapter by the ratio derived from dividing the total net income subject to tax in the other state by the taxpayer's Minnesota taxable income.
- (d)(1) The credit determined under paragraph (b) or (c) shall not exceed the amount of tax so paid to the other state on the gross income earned within the other state subject to tax under this chapter; and
- (2) the allowance of the credit does not reduce the taxes paid under this chapter to an amount less than what would be assessed if the gross income earned within the other state were excluded from taxable net income.
- (e) In the case of the tax assessed on a lump-sum distribution under section 290.032, the credit allowed under paragraph (a) is the tax assessed by the other state on the lump-sum distribution that is also subject to tax under section 290.032, and shall not exceed the tax assessed under section 290.032. To the extent the total lump-sum distribution defined in section 290.032, subdivision 1, includes lump-sum distributions received in prior years or is all or in part an annuity contract, the reduction to the tax on the lump-sum distribution allowed under section 290.032, subdivision 2, includes tax paid to another state that is properly apportioned to that distribution.
- (f) If a Minnesota resident reported an item of income to Minnesota and is assessed tax in such other state on that same income after the Minnesota statute of limitations has expired, the taxpayer shall receive a credit for that year under paragraph (a), notwithstanding any statute of limitations to the contrary. The claim for the credit must be submitted within one year from the date the taxes were paid to the other state. The taxpayer must submit sufficient proof to show entitlement to a credit.
- (g) For the purposes of this subdivision, a resident shareholder of a corporation treated as an "S" corporation under section 290.9725, must be considered to have paid a tax imposed on the shareholder in an amount equal to the shareholder's pro rata share of any net income tax paid by the S corporation to another state. For the purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "net income tax" means any tax imposed on or measured by a corporation's net income.
- (h) For the purposes of this subdivision, a resident partner of an entity taxed as a partnership under the Internal Revenue Code must be considered to have paid a tax imposed on the partner in an amount equal to the partner's pro rata share of any net income tax paid by the partnership to another state. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "net

- income" tax means any tax imposed on or measured by a partnership's net income. <u>For</u>
 purposes of this paragraph, "partnership" includes a limited liability company and "partner"
 includes a member of a limited liability company.
 - (i) For the purposes of this subdivision, "another state":
- 6.5 (1) includes:

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- 6.6 (i) the District of Columbia; and
- 6.7 (ii) a province or territory of Canada; but
- 6.8 (2) excludes Puerto Rico and the several territories organized by Congress.
- 6.9 (j) The limitations on the credit in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d), are imposed on a state 6.10 by state basis.
 - (k) For a tax imposed by a province or territory of Canada, the tax for purposes of this subdivision is the excess of the tax over the amount of the foreign tax credit allowed under section 27 of the Internal Revenue Code. In determining the amount of the foreign tax credit allowed, the net income taxes imposed by Canada on the income are deducted first. Any remaining amount of the allowable foreign tax credit reduces the provincial or territorial tax that qualifies for the credit under this subdivision.
 - (l)(1) The credit allowed to a qualifying individual under this section for tax paid to a qualifying state equals the credit calculated under paragraphs (b) and (d), plus the amount calculated by multiplying:
 - (i) the difference between the preliminary credit and the credit calculated under paragraphs (b) and (d), by
 - (ii) the ratio derived by dividing the income subject to tax in the qualifying state that consists of compensation for performance of personal or professional services by the total amount of income subject to tax in the qualifying state.
 - (2) If the amount of the credit that a qualifying individual is eligible to receive under clause (1) for tax paid to a qualifying state exceeds the tax due under this chapter before the application of the credit calculated under clause (1), the commissioner shall refund the excess to the qualifying individual. An amount sufficient to pay the refunds required by this subdivision is appropriated to the commissioner from the general fund.
 - (3) For purposes of this paragraph, "preliminary credit" means the credit that a qualifying individual is eligible to receive under paragraphs (b) and (d) for tax paid to a qualifying state without regard to the limitation in paragraph (d), clause (2); "qualifying individual"

means a Minnesota resident under section 290.01, subdivision 7, paragraph (a), who received compensation during the taxable year for the performance of personal or professional services within a qualifying state; and "qualifying state" means a state with which an agreement under section 290.081 is not in effect for the taxable year but was in effect for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2010.

- 7.6 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
 7.7 31, 2020.
- 7.8 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 40. Pass-through entity tax credit. (a) A qualifying owner of a qualifying entity
 that elects to pay the pass-through entity tax under section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, may
 claim a credit against the tax due under this chapter equal to the amount of the owner's tax
 liability as calculated under section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, paragraph (d).
 - (b) If the amount of the credit the taxpayer may claim under this subdivision exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter, the commissioner of revenue shall refund the excess to the taxpayer. The amount necessary to pay the claim for the refund provided in this subdivision is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
- 7.18 (c) For purposes of this subdivision, "qualifying entity," "qualifying owner," and "tax

 7.19 liability" have the meanings given in section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, paragraphs (a) and

 7.20 (d).
- 7.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
 7.22 31, 2020.
- 7.23 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.92, subdivision 4b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4b. **Withholding by partnerships.** (a) A partnership shall deduct and withhold a tax as provided in paragraph (b) for nonresident individual partners based on their distributive shares of partnership income for a taxable year of the partnership.
 - (b) The amount of tax withheld is determined by multiplying the partner's distributive share allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17, paid or credited during the taxable year by the highest rate used to determine the income tax liability for an individual under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, except that the amount of tax withheld may be determined by the commissioner if the partner submits a withholding exemption certificate under subdivision 5.

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(c) The commissioner may reduce or abate the tax withheld under this subdivision if the partnership had reasonable cause to believe that no tax was due under this section.

- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a partnership is not required to deduct and withhold tax for a nonresident partner if:
- (1) the partner elects to have the tax due paid as part of the partnership's composite return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7;
 - (2) the partner has Minnesota assignable federal adjusted gross income from the partnership of less than \$1,000; or
 - (3) the partnership is liquidated or terminated, the income was generated by a transaction related to the termination or liquidation, and no cash or other property was distributed in the current or prior taxable year;
 - (4) the distributive shares of partnership income are attributable to:
 - (i) income required to be recognized because of discharge of indebtedness;
- (ii) income recognized because of a sale, exchange, or other disposition of real estate, depreciable property, or property described in section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code; or
 - (iii) income recognized on the sale, exchange, or other disposition of any property that has been the subject of a basis reduction pursuant to section 108, 734, 743, 754, or 1017 of the Internal Revenue Code
 - to the extent that the income does not include cash received or receivable or, if there is cash received or receivable, to the extent that the cash is required to be used to pay indebtedness by the partnership or a secured debt on partnership property; or
- 8.23 (5) the partnership is a publicly traded partnership, as defined in section 7704(b) of the
 8.24 Internal Revenue Code-; or
- 8.25 (6) the partnership has elected to pay the pass-through entity tax under section 289A.08,
 8.26 subdivision 7a.
- (e) For purposes of sections 270C.60, 289A.09, subdivision 2, 289A.20, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), 289A.50, 289A.56, 289A.60, and 289A.63, a partnership is considered an employer.
- (f) To the extent that income is exempt from withholding under paragraph (d), clause
 (4), the commissioner has a lien in an amount up to the amount that would be required to
 be withheld with respect to the income of the partner attributable to the partnership interest,

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but for the application of paragraph (d), clause (4). The lien arises under section 270C.63 from the date of assessment of the tax against the partner, and attaches to that partner's share of the profits and any other money due or to become due to that partner in respect of the partnership. Notice of the lien may be sent by mail to the partnership, without the necessity for recording the lien. The notice has the force and effect of a levy under section 270C.67, and is enforceable against the partnership in the manner provided by that section. Upon payment in full of the liability subsequent to the notice of lien, the partnership must be notified that the lien has been satisfied.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 9.9 31, 2020. 9.10

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.92, subdivision 4c, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4c. Withholding by S corporations. (a) A corporation having a valid election in effect under section 290.9725 shall deduct and withhold a tax as provided in paragraph (b) for nonresident individual shareholders their share of the corporation's income for the taxable year.
 - (b) The amount of tax withheld is determined by multiplying the amount of income allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17 by the highest rate used to determine the income tax liability of an individual under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, except that the amount of tax withheld may be determined by the commissioner if the shareholder submits a withholding exemption certificate under subdivision 5.
 - (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a corporation is not required to deduct and withhold tax for a nonresident shareholder, if:
 - (1) the shareholder elects to have the tax due paid as part of the corporation's composite return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7;
 - (2) the shareholder has Minnesota assignable federal adjusted gross income from the corporation of less than \$1,000; or
- (3) the corporation is liquidated or terminated, the income was generated by a transaction related to the termination or liquidation, and no cash or other property was distributed in the current or prior taxable year-; or
- (4) the S corporation has elected to pay the pass-through entity tax under section 289A.08, 9.30 subdivision 7a. 9.31

(d) For purposes of sections 270C.60, 289A.09, subdivision 2, 289A.20, subdivision 2, 10.1 paragraph (c), 289A.50, 289A.56, 289A.60, and 289A.63, a corporation is considered an 10.2 10.3 employer. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 10.4 10.5 31, 2020. Sec. 7. CLARIFICATION OF SECTION 179 EXPENSING CONFORMITY. 10.6 For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, no addition is required under 10.7 Minnesota Statutes, sections 290.0131, subdivision 10, and 290.0133, subdivision 12, for 10.8 property placed in service in taxable years beginning before January 1, 2020, including the 10.9 following: 10.10 (1) the addition for carryover amounts pursuant to section 179(b)(3) of the Internal 10.11 Revenue Code for property placed in service in taxable years beginning before January 1, 10.12 10.13 2020; and (2) the addition for property placed in service in taxable years beginning before January 10.14 1, 2020, resulting from being a shareholder or partner in an S-corporation or partnership 10.15 with a taxable year that began before January 1, 2020. 10.16 10.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 10.18 after December 31, 2019. Sec. 8. CLARIFICATION OF NET OPERATING LOSS TREATMENT. 10.19 The reference to the Internal Revenue Code in section 9, subdivision 2, clauses (1) to 10.20 (3): 10.21 (1) applies only to: 10.22 10.23 (i) the exclusion from gross income under section 1106 of Public Law 116-136; (ii) modifications to Paycheck Protection Program loan requirements under Public Laws 10.24 10.25 116-142, 116-139, and 116-147; and (iii) deductions allowed under section 276 of Public Law 116-260; and 10.26 10.27 (2) does not apply to the modifications to treatment of net operating losses under section

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2303 of Public Law 116-136, as modified by section 281 of Public Law 116-260.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except 11.1 that changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same time 11.2 11.3 the changes were effective for federal purposes. Sec. 9. EXCLUSION FROM GROSS INCOME FOR CERTAIN FORGIVEN PPP 11.4 LOANS AND EDUCATOR EXPENSES. 11.5 Subdivision 1. **Scope.** This section applies for the purpose of calculating: 11.6 (1) net income, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.01, subdivision 19; 11.7 (2) income, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0674, subdivision 2a; 11.8 (3) alternative minimum taxable income, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 11.9 290.091, subdivision 2; 11.10 (4) alternative minimum taxable income, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 11.11 290.0921, subdivision 3; and 11.12 11.13 (5) income, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 290A.03, subdivision 3. Subd. 2. Adopting federal changes related to the paycheck protection program and 11.14 certain educator expenses. "Internal Revenue Code" has the meaning given in Minnesota 11.15 Statutes, section 290.01, subdivision 31, as amended through the date specified in that 11.16 11.17 subdivision, but including the following amendments: (1) the exclusion from gross income under section 1106 of Public Law 116-136; 11.18 11.19 (2) section 276 of Public Law 116-260; (3) all modifications to the Internal Revenue Code in Public Laws 116-142 and 116-147; 11.20 and 11.21 (4) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and before January 1, 2022, 11.22 11.23 the exclusion from gross income of educator expenses, including personal protective equipment, disinfectant, and other supplies used for the prevention of the spread of 11.24 COVID-19 under section 275 of Public Law 116-260. 11.25 Subd. 3. No denial of deduction. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 290.10, 11.26 the commissioner of revenue must not deny a taxpayer a deduction that is allowed under 11.27 section 276 of the COVID-related Tax Relief Act of 2020 in Public Law 116-260. 11.28 11.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively at the same time the provisions of federal law specified in subdivision 2, clauses (1) to (3), were effective for 11.30 federal purposes, except that the provision of federal law specified in subdivision 2, clause 11.31

(4), is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019, and before January 1, 2022.

ARTICLE 2

INCOME AND CORPORATE FRANCHISE TAXES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116J.8737, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Credit allowed. (a) A qualified investor or qualified fund is eligible for a credit equal to 25 percent of the qualified investment in a qualified small business. Investments made by a pass-through entity qualify for a credit only if the entity is a qualified fund. The commissioner must not allocate more than \$10,000,000 in credits to qualified investors or qualified funds for each of the taxable years listed in paragraph (i), clauses (1) to (3). For each taxable year, 50 percent must be allocated to credits for qualified investments in qualified greater Minnesota businesses and minority-owned, women-owned, or veteran-owned qualified small businesses in Minnesota. Any portion of a taxable year's credits that is reserved for qualified investments in greater Minnesota businesses and minority-owned, women-owned, or veteran-owned qualified small businesses in Minnesota that is not allocated by September 30 of the taxable year is available for allocation to other credit applications beginning on October 1. Any portion of a taxable year's credits that is not allocated by the commissioner does not cancel and may be carried forward to subsequent taxable years until all credits have been allocated.

- (b) The commissioner may not allocate more than a total maximum amount in credits for a taxable year to a qualified investor for the investor's cumulative qualified investments as an individual qualified investor and as an investor in a qualified fund; for married couples filing joint returns the maximum is \$250,000, and for all other filers the maximum is \$125,000. The commissioner may not allocate more than a total of \$1,000,000 in credits over all taxable years for qualified investments in any one qualified small business.
- (c) The commissioner may not allocate a credit to a qualified investor either as an individual qualified investor or as an investor in a qualified fund if, at the time the investment is proposed:
 - (1) the investor is an officer or principal of the qualified small business; or
- (2) the investor, either individually or in combination with one or more members of the investor's family, owns, controls, or holds the power to vote 20 percent or more of the outstanding securities of the qualified small business.

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- A member of the family of an individual disqualified by this paragraph is not eligible for a credit under this section. For a married couple filing a joint return, the limitations in this paragraph apply collectively to the investor and spouse. For purposes of determining the ownership interest of an investor under this paragraph, the rules under section 267(c) and 267(e) of the Internal Revenue Code apply.
- (d) Applications for tax credits for 2010 must be made available on the department's website by September 1, 2010 each year, and the department must begin accepting applications by September 1, 2010 each year. Applications for subsequent years must be made available by November 1 of the preceding year.
- (e) Qualified investors and qualified funds must apply to the commissioner for tax credits. Tax credits must be allocated to qualified investors or qualified funds in the order that the tax credit request applications are filed with the department. The commissioner must approve or reject tax credit request applications within 15 days of receiving the application. The investment specified in the application must be made within 60 days of the allocation of the credits. If the investment is not made within 60 days, the credit allocation is canceled and available for reallocation. A qualified investor or qualified fund that fails to invest as specified in the application, within 60 days of allocation of the credits, must notify the commissioner of the failure to invest within five business days of the expiration of the 60-day investment period.
- (f) All tax credit request applications filed with the department on the same day must be treated as having been filed contemporaneously. If two or more qualified investors or qualified funds file tax credit request applications on the same day, and the aggregate amount of credit allocation claims exceeds the aggregate limit of credits under this section or the lesser amount of credits that remain unallocated on that day, then the credits must be allocated among the qualified investors or qualified funds who filed on that day on a pro rata basis with respect to the amounts claimed. The pro rata allocation for any one qualified investor or qualified fund is the product obtained by multiplying a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of the credit allocation claim filed on behalf of a qualified investor and the denominator of which is the total of all credit allocation claims filed on behalf of all applicants on that day, by the amount of credits that remain unallocated on that day for the taxable year.
- (g) A qualified investor or qualified fund, or a qualified small business acting on their behalf, must notify the commissioner when an investment for which credits were allocated has been made, and the taxable year in which the investment was made. A qualified fund must also provide the commissioner with a statement indicating the amount invested by

each investor in the qualified fund based on each investor's share of the assets of the qualified 14.1 fund at the time of the qualified investment. After receiving notification that the investment 14.2 was made, the commissioner must issue credit certificates for the taxable year in which the 14.3 investment was made to the qualified investor or, for an investment made by a qualified 14.4 fund, to each qualified investor who is an investor in the fund. The certificate must state 14.5 that the credit is subject to revocation if the qualified investor or qualified fund does not 14.6 hold the investment in the qualified small business for at least three years, consisting of the 14.7 14.8 calendar year in which the investment was made and the two following years. The three-year holding period does not apply if: 14.9 (1) the investment by the qualified investor or qualified fund becomes worthless before 14.10 the end of the three-year period; 14.11

- 14.12 (2) 80 percent or more of the assets of the qualified small business is sold before the end 14.13 of the three-year period;
- 14.14 (3) the qualified small business is sold before the end of the three-year period;
- 14.15 (4) the qualified small business's common stock begins trading on a public exchange 14.16 before the end of the three-year period; or
- 14.17 (5) the qualified investor dies before the end of the three-year period.
- 14.18 (h) The commissioner must notify the commissioner of revenue of credit certificates
 14.19 issued under this section.
- 14.20 (i) The credit allowed under this subdivision is effective for each of the following taxable 14.21 years:
- (1) taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, and before January 1, 2020; and
- 14.23 (2) taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, and before January 1, 2022; and
- 14.24 (3) taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2023.
- 14.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2023.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116J.8737, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. **Sunset.** This section expires for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021 2022, except that reporting requirements under subdivision 6 and revocation of credits under subdivision 7 remain in effect through 2023 2024 for qualified investors and qualified funds, and through 2025 2026 for qualified small businesses, reporting requirements under

subdivision 9 remain in effect through 2021 2022, and the appropriation in subdivision 11 15.1 remains in effect through 2025 2026. 15.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 15.3 31, 2021, and before January 1, 2023. 15.4 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 15.5 Subd. 4. Education expenses. (a) Subject to the limits in paragraph (b), the following 15.6 amounts paid to others for each qualifying child are a subtraction: 15.7 (1) education-related expenses; plus 15.8 (2) tuition and fees paid to attend a school described in section 290.0674, subdivision 15.9 1, clause (4), that are not included in education-related expenses; less 15.10 (3) any amount used to claim the credit under section 290.0674. 15.11 (b) The maximum subtraction allowed under this subdivision is: 15.12 (1) \$1,625 \$1,640 for each qualifying child in kindergarten through grade 6; and 15.13 (2) \$2,500 \$2,530 for each qualifying child in grades 7 through 12. 15.14 (c) The definitions in section 290.0674, subdivision 1, apply to this subdivision. 15.15 15.16 (d) The commissioner shall annually adjust the dollar amounts in paragraph (b), clauses (1) and (2), as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is 2021. 15.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 15.18 31, 2020. 15.19 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, is amended by adding a subdivision 15.20 to read: 15.21 Subd. 30. Volunteer driver reimbursement. (a) A taxpayer is allowed a subtraction 15.22 equal to the amount of mileage reimbursement paid by a charitable organization to the 15.23 15.24 taxpayer for work as a volunteer driver. The subtraction is limited to amounts paid by the organization that: 15.25 (1) are in excess of the mileage rate for use of an automobile in rendering gratuitous 15.26 services to a charitable organization under section 170(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; and 15.27 (2) do not exceed the standard mileage rate for businesses established under Code of 15.28 Federal Regulations, title 26, section 1.274-5(j)(2). 15.29

(b) For the purposes of this section, "charitable organization" means an organization 16.1 eligible for a charitable contribution under section 170(c) of the Internal Revenue Code. 16.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 16.3 31, 2020. 16.4 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0132, is amended by adding a subdivision 16.5 to read: 16.6 Subd. 31. Education savings accounts. The amount deposited in an education savings 16.7 account in a taxable year for each of the taxpayer's dependents is a subtraction. For purposes 16.8 of this subdivision, "education savings account" means an account established in a bill styled 16.9 as 2021 House File No. 1065, first unofficial engrossment, article 2, section 36, that creates 16.10 16.11 an education savings account program for parents to pay for specified educational services. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 16.12 16.13 31, 2020, only upon enactment in the 2021 regular session of a bill styled as House File No. 1065, first unofficial engrossment, article 2, section 36. 16.14 16.15 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0674, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. **Limitations.** (a) For claimants with income not greater than \$33,500 \$33,840, 16.16 the maximum credit allowed for a family is \$1,000 \$1,010 multiplied by the number of 16.17 qualifying children in kindergarten through grade 12 in the family. The maximum credit 16.18 for families with one qualifying child in kindergarten through grade 12 is reduced by \$1 16.19 for each \$4 of household income over \$33,500, and the maximum credit for families with 16.20 two or more qualifying children in kindergarten through grade 12 is reduced by \$2 for each 16.21 \$4 of household income over \$33,500, but in no case is the credit less than zero. 16.22 (b) In the case of a married claimant, a credit is not allowed unless a joint income tax 16.23 return is filed. 16.24 (c) For a nonresident or part-year resident, the credit determined under subdivision 1 16.25 and the maximum credit amount in paragraph (a) must be allocated using the percentage 16.26 calculated in section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e). 16.27 (d) The commissioner shall annually adjust the \$33,840 income limitation amount and 16.28 the \$1,010 credit amount in paragraph (a) as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory 16.29 16.30 year is 2021. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 16.31 31, 2020. 16.32

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Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0681, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. **Applications; allocations.** (a) To qualify for a credit or grant under this section, the developer of a project must apply to the office before the rehabilitation begins. The application must contain the information and be in the form prescribed by the office. The office may collect a fee for application of up to 0.5 percent of qualified rehabilitation expenditures, up to \$40,000, based on estimated qualified rehabilitation expenditures, to offset costs associated with personnel and administrative expenses related to administering the credit and preparing the economic impact report in subdivision 9. Application fees are deposited in the account. The application must indicate if the application is for a credit or a grant in lieu of the credit or a combination of the two and designate the taxpayer qualifying for the credit or the recipient of the grant.
- (b) <u>For applications received before July 1, 2021,</u> upon approving an application for credit, the office shall issue allocation certificates that:
- 17.14 (1) verify eligibility for the credit or grant;
- 17.15 (2) state the amount of credit or grant anticipated with the project, with the credit amount equal to 100 percent and the grant amount equal to 90 percent of the federal credit anticipated in the application;
 - (3) state that the credit or grant allowed may increase or decrease if the federal credit the project receives at the time it is placed in service is different than the amount anticipated at the time the allocation certificate is issued; and
 - (4) state the fiscal year in which the credit or grant is allocated, and that the taxpayer or grant recipient is entitled to receive one-fifth of the total amount of either the credit or the grant at the time the project is placed in service, provided that date is within three calendar years following the issuance of the allocation certificate.
 - (c) The office, in consultation with the commissioner, shall determine if the project is eligible for a credit or a grant under this section and must notify the developer in writing of its determination. Eligibility for the credit is subject to review and audit by the commissioner.
 - (d) The federal credit recapture and repayment requirements under section 50 of the Internal Revenue Code do not apply to the credit allowed under this section.
- (e) Any decision of the office under paragraph (c) may be challenged as a contested case under chapter 14. The contested case proceeding must be initiated within 45 days of the date of written notification by the office.

1st Engrossment

| | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and |
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| - | applies to applications received before July 1, 2021. |
| | Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0681, is amended by adding a subdivision |
| 1 | to read: |
| | Subd. 3a. Certain allocations on pro rata basis. (a) This subdivision applies to |
| í | applications received after June 30, 2021, and before July 1, 2022. |
| | (b) Upon approving an application for credit, the office shall verify eligibility for a credit |
| (| or grant and notify the taxpayer of eligibility. |
| | (c) By November 1, 2022, the office shall calculate the total amount of credits or grants |
| | for which all taxpayers would be eligible under subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2). |
| | (d) The office must not allocate more than \$14,000,000 in credits or grants under this |
| • | subdivision. If the total amount of credits or grants calculated under paragraph (c) exceeds |
| | \$14,000,000, the commissioner of administration shall calculate the credit or grant amount |
| | for each taxpayer on a pro rata basis. |
| | (e) The provisions of subdivision 3, paragraphs (a), (b), clauses (3) and (4), and (c) to |
| | (e), apply to credit or grants calculated under this subdivision. |
| | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and |
| | applies to applications received after June 30, 2021, and before July 1, 2022. |
| | Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0681, subdivision 4, is amended to read: |
| | Subd. 4. Credit certificates; grants. (a)(1) The developer of a project for which the |
| (| office has issued an allocation certificate must notify the office when the project is placed |
| 1 | in service. Upon verifying that the project has been placed in service, and was allowed a |
| 1 | federal credit, the office must issue a credit certificate to the taxpayer designated in the |
| ć | application or must issue a grant to the recipient designated in the application. The credit |
| (| certificate must state the amount of the credit. |
| | (2) The credit amount equals the federal credit allowed for the project, or for credit |
| (| certificates issued under subdivision 3a, the amount stated in the allocation certificate. |
| | (3) The grant amount equals 90 percent of the federal credit allowed for the project, or |
| 1 | for grants issued under subdivision 3a, the amount stated in the allocation certificate. |

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(b) The recipient of a credit certificate may assign the certificate to another taxpayer

before the first one-fifth payment is claimed, which is then allowed the credit under this

section or section 297I.20, subdivision 3. An assignment is not valid unless the assignee notifies the commissioner within 30 days of the date that the assignment is made. The commissioner shall prescribe the forms necessary for notifying the commissioner of the assignment of a credit certificate and for claiming a credit by assignment.

- (c) Credits passed through to partners, members, shareholders, or owners pursuant to subdivision 5 are not an assignment of a credit certificate under this subdivision.
- 19.7 (d) A grant agreement between the office and the recipient of a grant may allow the 19.8 grant to be issued to another individual or entity.
- 19.9 <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to applications received after June 30, 2021, and before July 1, 2022.
- 19.11 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.0681, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- Subd. 10. **Sunset.** This section expires after fiscal year 2021 2022, except that the office's authority to issue credit certificates under subdivision 4 based on allocation certificates that were issued before fiscal year 2022 2023 remains in effect through 2024 2025, and the reporting requirements in subdivision 9 remain in effect through the year following the year in which all allocation certificates have either been canceled or resulted in issuance of credit certificates, or 2025 2026, whichever is earlier.
- 19.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 19.19 Sec. 11. **[290.0683] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT.**
- 19.20 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
 19.21 the meanings given.
- 19.22 (b) "Agency" means the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency.
- 19.23 (c) "Minnesota housing tax credit contribution fund" or "fund" means the fund established 19.24 in section 462A.40.
- 19.25 (d) "Qualified project" means a project that qualifies for a grant or loan under section
 19.26 462A.40.
- 19.27 (e) "Taxpayer" means a taxpayer as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 6, or a taxpayer

 19.28 as defined in section 297I.01, subdivision 16.
- Subd. 2. Credit allowed. (a) A taxpayer is allowed a credit against the tax imposed under this chapter and the premiums tax under chapter 297I for contributions of no less than \$100 and no more than \$2,000,000 to the Minnesota housing tax credit contribution fund.

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The credit equals 90 percent of the amount the taxpayer contributed to the fund during the 20.1 20.2 taxable year. 20.3 (b) The credit may be claimed only after certification by the agency as provided in subdivision 3. 20.4 20.5 (c) To receive the credit, a taxpayer must claim the credit in the manner prescribed by the commissioner and file with the return a copy of the credit certificate issued by the agency 20.6 under subdivision 3, paragraph (c). 20.7 (d) The taxpayer must claim the credit for the taxable year in which the contribution 20.8 payment is received by the fund. 20.9 (e) If the amount of the credit under this section exceeds the taxpayer's liability for tax 20.10 under this chapter, the excess is a credit carryover to each of the ten succeeding taxable 20.11 years. The entire amount of the excess unused credit for the taxable year must be carried 20.12 first to the earliest of the taxable years to which the credit may be carried and then to each 20.13 successive year to which the credit may be carried. The amount of the unused credit that 20.14 may be added under this paragraph may not exceed the taxpayer's liability for tax, less any 20.15 20.16 credit for the current taxable year. (f) The contribution amount used to calculate the credit under this section may not be 20.17 used to calculate any other state income tax deduction or credit allowed by law. 20.18 (g) For nonresidents and part-year residents, the credit must be allocated based on the 20.19 percentage calculated under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e). 20.20 Subd. 3. Allocation. (a) To qualify for the credit, a taxpayer must contribute to the 20.21 Minnesota housing tax credit contribution fund. A taxpayer may indicate that a contribution 20.22 is intended for a specific qualified project. A taxpayer is prohibited from contributing to 20.23 certain projects as provided in section 462A.40, subdivision 3. 20.24 (b) The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed to all eligible contributors is limited to 20.25 \$10,000,000 annually. 20.26 20.27 (c) Within 30 days after a taxpayer contributes to the fund, the agency must file with the contributing taxpayer a credit certificate statement or return any amounts to the taxpayer 20.28 20.29 as provided in this paragraph. The agency must send a copy of the credit certificate to the commissioner of revenue. If there are insufficient credits to match the contribution, the 20.30 agency must not issue a credit certificate for the amount of the contribution for which there 20.31 are insufficient credits, and must return that amount to the taxpayer before issuing any credit 20.32

certificate.

| 21.1 | (d) The credit certificate must state the dollar amount of the contribution made by the |
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| 21.2 | taxpayer, the date the payment was received by the fund, and indicate if the contribution |
| 21.3 | was intended for a specific qualified project. |
| 21.4 | Subd. 4. Partnerships; multiple owners. Credits granted to a partnership, a limited |
| 21.5 | liability company taxed as a partnership, S corporation, or multiple owners of property are |
| 21.6 | passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to |
| 21.7 | each partner, member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets or |
| 21.8 | as specially allocated in their organizational documents or any other executed document, |
| 21.9 | as of the last day of the taxable year. |
| 21.10 | Subd. 5. Recapture. (a) Credits claimed under this section are not subject to recapture |
| 21.11 | (b) If a grant or loan made under section 462A.40 is canceled or recaptured, the grant |
| 21.12 | or loan is returned to the housing tax credit contribution fund. The agency is not required |
| 21.13 | to return contributions to taxpayers who indicated that a contribution was intended for a |
| 21.14 | project for which the loan or grant is recaptured or canceled. |
| 21.15 | Subd. 6. Audit powers. Notwithstanding the credit certificate issued by the commissioner |
| 21.16 | of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency under subdivision 3, the commissioner of revenue |
| 21.17 | may use any audit and examination powers under chapter 270C or 289A to the extent |
| 21.18 | necessary to verify that the taxpayer is eligible for the credit and to assess for the amount |
| 21.19 | of any improperly claimed credit. |
| 21.20 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December |
| 21.21 | 31, 2022, and before January 1, 2025. |
| 21.22 | Sec. 12. [290.0693] CREDIT FOR ETHANOL RETAILERS. |
| 21.22 | Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the following terms have |
| 21.23 | the meanings given: |
| 21.24 | the meanings given. |
| 21.25 | (1) "dealer" has the meaning given in section 296A.01, subdivision 13; and |
| 21.26 | (2) "higher ethanol blend" means gasoline blended with ethanol as defined in section |
| 21.27 | 239.761, subdivision 4, that contains at least 15 percent ethanol but no more than 85 percent |
| 21.28 | ethanol. |
| 21.29 | Subd. 2. Credit allowed. A dealer that is subject to the tax imposed under section 290.03 |
| 21.30 | is allowed a credit against the tax imposed under this chapter equal to five cents per gallor |
| 21.31 | of higher ethanol blend the dealer sells and dispenses through metered pumps at the dealer's |

| 22.1 | retail service station in a taxable year. The credit must not exceed a dealer's tax liability |
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| 22.2 | under this chapter. |
| 22.3 | Subd. 3. Pass-through entities. Credits granted to a partnership, a limited liability |
| 22.4 | company taxed as a partnership, or an S corporation are passed through to the partners, |
| 22.5 | members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each partner, member, |
| 22.6 | shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets or as specially allocated in |
| 22.7 | their organizational documents or any other executed agreement as of the last day of the |
| 22.8 | taxable year. |
| 22.9 | Subd. 4. Sunset. This section expires for taxable years beginning after December 31, |
| 22.10 | <u>2030.</u> |
| 22.11 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December |
| 22.12 | 31, 2020. |
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| 22.13 | Sec. 13. [462A.40] MINNESOTA HOUSING TAX CREDIT CONTRIBUTION |
| 22.14 | FUND. |
| 22.15 | Subdivision 1. Fund created. The Minnesota housing tax credit contribution fund is |
| 22.16 | created as a revolving fund in the state treasury. The fund is administered by the |
| 22.17 | commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. Amounts contributed to the fund |
| 22.18 | are appropriated to the commissioner. The commissioner may use the amounts appropriated |
| 22.19 | to direct disbursements from the fund as loans or grants to eligible recipients as provided |
| 22.20 | in this section. |
| 22.21 | Subd. 2. Use of funds; grant and loan program. (a) The commissioner may award |
| 22.22 | grants and loans to be used for multifamily and single family developments for persons and |
| 22.23 | families of low and moderate income. Allowable use of the funds include: gap financing, |
| 22.24 | as defined in section 462A.33, subdivision 1; new construction; acquisition; rehabilitation; |
| 22.25 | demolition or removal of existing structures; construction financing; permanent financing; |
| 22.26 | interest rate reduction; and refinancing. |
| 22.27 | (b) The commissioner may give preference for grants and loans to comparable proposals |
| 22.28 | that include regulatory changes or waivers that result in identifiable cost avoidance or cost |
| 22.29 | reductions, including but not limited to increased density, flexibility in site development |
| 22.30 | standards, or zoning code requirements. |
| 22.31 | (c) Separate from the amounts set aside in paragraph (d), the commissioner shall set |
| 22.32 | aside ten percent of grants and loans for housing units located in a township or city with a |

| 23.1 | population of 2,500 or less that is located outside the metropolitan area, as defined in section |
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| 23.2 | 473.121, subdivision 2. |
| 23.3 | (d) The commissioner shall separately set aside: |
| 23.4 | (1) 35 percent of the financing under this section for housing for persons and families |
| 23.5 | whose income is 50 percent or less of the area median income for the applicable county or |
| 23.6 | metropolitan area as published by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, as |
| 23.7 | adjusted for household size; and |
| 23.8 | (2) 15 percent of the financing under this section for housing for persons and families |
| 23.9 | whose income is 30 percent or less of the area median income for the applicable county or |
| 23.10 | metropolitan area as published by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, as |
| 23.11 | adjusted for household size. |
| 23.12 | (e) If by June 1 of each year, the commissioner does not receive requests to use all of |
| 23.13 | the amounts set aside under paragraphs (c) and (d), the commissioner may use any remaining |
| 23.14 | financing for other projects eligible under this section. |
| 23.15 | Subd. 3. Eligible recipients; definitions; restrictions; use of funds. (a) The |
| 23.16 | commissioner may award a loan to any recipient that qualifies under subdivision 2. The |
| 23.17 | commissioner must not award a grant to a disqualified individual or disqualified business. |
| 23.18 | (b) For the purposes of this subdivision disqualified individual means an individual who: |
| 23.19 | (1) made a contribution to the fund in the current or prior taxable year and received a |
| 23.20 | credit certificate; |
| 23.21 | (2) owns the housing for which the grant or loan will be used and is using that housing |
| 23.22 | as their domicile; |
| 23.23 | (3) meets the following criteria: |
| 23.24 | (i) the individual is an officer or principal of a business entity; and |
| 23.25 | (ii) that business entity made a contribution to the fund in the current or previous taxable |
| 23.26 | year and received a credit certificate; or |
| 23.27 | (4) meets the following criteria: |
| 23.28 | (i) the individual owns, controls, or holds the power to vote 20 percent or more of the |
| 23.29 | outstanding securities of a business entity; and |
| 23.30 | (ii) that business entity made a contribution to the fund in the current or previous taxable |
| 23 31 | vear and received a credit certificate |

| 24.1 | (c) For the purposes of this subdivision disqualified business means a business entity |
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| 24.2 | that: |
| 24.3 | (1) made a contribution to the fund in the current or prior taxable year and received a |
| 24.4 | credit certificate; |
| 24.5 | (2) has an officer or principal who is an individual who made a contribution to the fund |
| 24.6 | in the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate; or |
| 24.7 | (3) meets the following criteria: |
| 24.8 | (i) the business entity is owned, controlled, or is subject to the power to vote 20 percent |
| 24.9 | or more of the outstanding securities by an individual or business entity; and |
| 24.10 | (ii) that controlling individual or business entity made a contribution to the fund in the |
| 24.11 | current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate. |
| 24.12 | (d) The disqualifications in paragraphs (b) and (c) apply if the taxpayer would be |
| 24.13 | disqualified either individually or in combination with one or more members of the taxpayer's |
| 24.14 | family, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, section 267(c)(4). For a married couple |
| 24.15 | filing a joint return, the limitations in this paragraph apply collectively to the taxpayer and |
| 24.16 | spouse. For purposes of determining the ownership interest of a taxpayer under paragraph |
| 24.17 | (a), clause (4), the rules under section 267(c) and 267(e) of the Internal Revenue Code apply. |
| 24.18 | (e) Before applying for a grant or loan, all recipients must sign a disclosure that the |
| 24.19 | disqualifications under this subdivision do not apply. The commissioner of the Minnesota |
| 24.20 | Housing Finance Agency must prescribe the form of the disclosure. |
| 24.21 | (f) The commissioner may award grants or loans to a city as defined in section 462A.03, |
| 24.22 | subdivision 21; a federally recognized American Indian tribe or subdivision located in |
| 24.23 | Minnesota; a tribal housing corporation; a private developer; a nonprofit organization; a |
| 24.24 | housing and redevelopment authority under sections 469.001 to 469.047; a public housing |
| 24.25 | authority or agency authorized by law to exercise any of the powers granted by sections |
| 24.26 | 469.001 to 469.047; or the owner of the housing. The provisions of subdivision 2, and |
| 24.27 | paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of this subdivision, regarding the use of funds and eligible |
| 24.28 | recipients apply to grants and loans awarded under this paragraph. |
| 24.29 | (g) Except for the set-aside provided in subdivision 2, paragraph (d), eligible recipients |
| 24.30 | must use the funds to serve households that meet the income limits as provided in section |
| 24.31 | 462A.33, subdivision 5. |
| 24.32 | Subd. 4. Recapture. A loan or grant awarded under this section is subject to repayment |
| 24.33 | or recapture under rules adopted by the commissioner. Any amount of a loan or grant that |

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| 25.1 | is repaid or | recaptured must be re | edeposited in t | he fund and is not returned | to the taxpayer |
| 25.2 | | the contribution. | • | | |
| 25.3 | Subd. 5 | . Report. The commis | ssioner shall re | port by January 15 each y | ear to the chairs |
| 25.4 | | | | e policy and finance comm | |
| 25.5 | | | | financing provided in the | |
| 25.6 | | | | he tax credits, grants, and | |
| 25.7 | of the state. | The report shall also | include inform | nation on planned financin | g in the current |
| 25.8 | fiscal year. | | | | |
| 25.9 | EFFEC | TIVE DATE. This see | ction is effectiv | e for taxable years beginnin | g after December |
| 25.10 | 31, 2022, a | nd before January 1, 2 | 2025. | | |
| | | | | | |
| 25.11 | Sec. 14. <u>1</u> | TEMPORARY TAX | CREDIT FO | R CERTAIN BREWERS | , LIQUOR |
| 25.12 | RETAILE | RS, AND WHOLES. | ALERS. | | |
| 25.13 | Subdivi | sion 1. Definitions. (a |) For the purpo | eses of this section, the follows | owing terms have |
| 25.14 | the meaning | gs given. | | | |
| 25.15 | (b) "Clo | sure or limited capaci | ty" means: | | |
| 25.16 | (1) close | ed to ingress, egress, u | se, and occupa | ncy by members of the pul | olic by Executive |
| 25.17 | Order 20-04 | 4, as extended, amende | ed, and otherw | ise modified by any related | l executive order; |
| 25.18 | <u>or</u> | | | | |
| 25.19 | (2) subj | ect to the requirement | s and limitatio | ns, including operating at 1 | reduced capacity, |
| 25.20 | of Executiv | e Order 20-74, as exte | ended, amende | ed, and otherwise modified | l by any related |
| 25.21 | executive o | rder. | | | |
| 25.22 | (c) "Liq | uor spoilage" means: | | | |
| 25.23 | (1) for a | qualified brewer, the | dollar amoun | of product purchased bac | k from a liquor |
| 25.24 | wholesaler | or liquor retailer, and | the dollar amo | unt of any product dispose | d of as unsalable, |
| 25.25 | due to closs | ure or limited capacity | <u>'';</u> | | |
| 25.26 | (2) for a | qualified retailer, the | dollar amount | of product returned withou | ıt reimbursement |
| 25.27 | to a liquor | wholesaler or manufac | cturer, and the | dollar amount of any prod | luct disposed of |
| 25.28 | as unsalable | e, due to closure or lin | nited capacity | and | |
| 25.29 | (3) for a | qualified wholesaler, | the dollar amo | ount of product purchased | back from liquor |
| 25.30 | retailer, the | dollar amount of prod | duct returned v | vithout reimbursement to | a manufacturer, |
| 25.31 | and the dol | lar amount of any pro | duct disposed | of as unsalable, due to clo | sure or limited |
| 25.32 | capacity. | | | | |

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| 26.1 | (d) "Qualified brewer" means a brewer licensed under Minnesota Statutes, section |
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| 26.2 | 340A.301, subdivision 6, clauses (c), (d), (i), and (j). |
| 26.3 | (e) "Qualified retailer" means any on-sale liquor licensee under Minnesota Statutes, |
| 26.4 | chapter 340A, that was subject to closure or limited capacity. |
| 26.5 | (f) "Qualified wholesaler" means a wholesaler as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section |
| 26.6 | 340A.101, subdivision 28. |
| 26.7 | (g) Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the definitions in Minnesota Statutes, |
| 26.8 | chapter 340A, apply to this section. |
| 26.9 | Subd. 2. Credit allowed. (a) A qualified brewer, qualified retailer, and qualified |
| 26.10 | wholesaler are allowed a credit, equal to the amount of liquor spoilage in the taxable year, |
| 26.11 | against the tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290. The credit must be claimed |
| 26.12 | in a manner prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. |
| 26.13 | (b) The amounts used to calculate the credit under this section may not be used to |
| 26.14 | calculate any other credit or subtraction under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290. |
| 26.15 | Subd. 3. Partnerships; multiple owners. Credits granted to a partnership, a limited |
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| 26.16 | liability company taxed as a partnership, an S corporation, or multiple owners of property |
| 26.16 26.17 | are passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata |
| | |
| 26.17 | are passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata |
| 26.17 26.18 | are passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each partner, member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets |
| 26.17 26.18 26.19 | are passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each partner, member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets or as specially allocated in their organizational documents or any other executed agreement, |
| 26.17 26.18 26.19 26.20 26.21 | are passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each partner, member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets or as specially allocated in their organizational documents or any other executed agreement, as of the last day of the taxable year. |
| 26.17 26.18 26.19 26.20 | are passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each partner, member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets or as specially allocated in their organizational documents or any other executed agreement, as of the last day of the taxable year. Subd. 4. Credit refundable; appropriation; administration. (a) If a taxpayer's total |
| 26.17 26.18 26.19 26.20 26.21 26.22 | are passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each partner, member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets or as specially allocated in their organizational documents or any other executed agreement, as of the last day of the taxable year. Subd. 4. Credit refundable; appropriation; administration. (a) If a taxpayer's total credit under this section exceeds the taxpayer's liability for tax under Minnesota Statutes, |
| 26.17 26.18 26.19 26.20 26.21 26.22 26.22 | are passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each partner, member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets or as specially allocated in their organizational documents or any other executed agreement, as of the last day of the taxable year. Subd. 4. Credit refundable; appropriation; administration. (a) If a taxpayer's total credit under this section exceeds the taxpayer's liability for tax under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290, the commissioner must refund the excess to the taxpayer. The amount necessary |
| 26.17 26.18 26.19 26.20 26.21 26.22 26.23 26.24 | are passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each partner, member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets or as specially allocated in their organizational documents or any other executed agreement, as of the last day of the taxable year. Subd. 4. Credit refundable; appropriation; administration. (a) If a taxpayer's total credit under this section exceeds the taxpayer's liability for tax under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290, the commissioner must refund the excess to the taxpayer. The amount necessary to pay the refunds under this section is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from |
| 26.17 26.18 26.19 26.20 26.21 26.22 26.22 26.23 26.24 | are passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each partner, member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets or as specially allocated in their organizational documents or any other executed agreement, as of the last day of the taxable year. Subd. 4. Credit refundable; appropriation; administration. (a) If a taxpayer's total credit under this section exceeds the taxpayer's liability for tax under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290, the commissioner must refund the excess to the taxpayer. The amount necessary to pay the refunds under this section is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the general fund. |
| 26.17 26.18 26.19 26.20 26.21 26.22 26.23 26.24 26.25 | are passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each partner, member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets or as specially allocated in their organizational documents or any other executed agreement, as of the last day of the taxable year. Subd. 4. Credit refundable; appropriation; administration. (a) If a taxpayer's total credit under this section exceeds the taxpayer's liability for tax under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290, the commissioner must refund the excess to the taxpayer. The amount necessary to pay the refunds under this section is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the general fund. (b) The administrative provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapters 270C, 289A, and 290, |

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|-------|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| 27.1 | | | ARTICI | LE 3 | |
| 27.2 | | SALES | S AND USE; I | EXCISE TAXES | |
| | G 4: 1 | M: Guida | 1000 | (A 150 1 1' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' | 1 1, 1 |
| 27.3 | Section 1. | . Minnesota Statutes 2 | 2020, section 1 | 6A.152, subdivision 2, is a | amended to read: |
| 27.4 | Subd. 2. | Additional revenues | s; priority. (a) | If on the basis of a forecas | st of general fund |
| 27.5 | revenues ar | nd expenditures, the co | ommissioner o | f management and budget | determines that |
| 27.6 | there will b | e a positive unrestrict | ed budgetary g | general fund balance at the | close of the |
| 27.7 | biennium, tl | ne commissioner of ma | nagement and | budget must allocate mone | y to the following |
| 27.8 | accounts an | d purposes in priority | order: | | |
| 27.9 | (1) the c | eash flow account esta | ıblished in sub | division 1 until that accoun | nt reaches |
| 27.10 | \$350,000,0 | 00; | | | |
| 27.11 | (2) the b | oudget reserve accoun | t established in | n subdivision 1a until that | account reaches |
| 27.12 | | ,000 \$2,377,399,000; | | | |
| 27.13 | (3) the a | imount necessary to it | acrease the aid | payment schedule for sch | ool district aids |
| 27.13 | ` ´ | • | | more than 90 percent round | |
| 27.14 | | | | nt available and with any re | |
| 27.16 | • | n the budget reserve; | ing the amoun | ic available and with any re | mammig runus |
| 27.10 | • | Ç | | | |
| 27.17 | ` , | • | - | ortion of the net aid reduction | |
| 27.18 | | • • | • | ue recognition shift under | section 123B.75, |
| 27.19 | subdivision | 5, by the same amou | nt; | | |
| 27.20 | (5) the c | elean water fund estab | lished in secti | on 114D.50 until \$22,000, | 000 has been |
| 27.21 | transferred | into the fund; and | | | |
| 27.22 | (6) (5) ti | he amount necessary | to increase the | Minnesota 21st century fu | and by not more |
| 27.23 | than the dif | ference between \$5,00 | 00,000 and the | sum of the amounts credi | ted and canceled |
| 27.24 | to it in the p | previous 12 months ur | nder Laws 202 | 0, chapter 71, article 1, sec | ction 11, until the |
| 27.25 | sum of all t | ransfers under this sec | ction and all ar | nounts credited or cancele | d under Laws |
| 27.26 | 2020, chapt | er 71, article 1, section | n 11, equals \$ | 20,000,000- <u>;</u> and | |
| 27.27 | (6) for a | forecast in November | only, the amo | unt remaining after the tran | sfer under clause |
| 27.28 | (5) must be | used to reduce the pe | rcentage of ac | celerated June liability sal | es tax payments |
| 27.29 | required un | der section 289A.20, | subdivision 4, | paragraph (b), until the pe | ercentage equals |
| 27.30 | zero, round | ed to the nearest tenth | of a percent. | By March 1 each year, the | commissioner of |
| 27.31 | revenue mu | st certify the percenta | ige of June lial | oility owed by qualifying v | vendors based on |

27.32 <u>the reduction required by this clause.</u>

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- (b) The amounts necessary to meet the requirements of this section are appropriated from the general fund within two weeks after the forecast is released or, in the case of transfers under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), as necessary to meet the appropriations schedules otherwise established in statute.
- (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall certify the total dollar amount of the reductions under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), to the commissioner of education. The commissioner of education shall increase the aid payment percentage and reduce the property tax shift percentage by these amounts and apply those reductions to the current fiscal year and thereafter.
- (d) Paragraph (a), clause (5), expires after the entire amount of the transfer has been made.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2021.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.20, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Sales and use tax.** (a) The taxes imposed by chapter 297A are due and payable to the commissioner monthly on or before the 20th day of the month following the month in which the taxable event occurred, or following another reporting period as the commissioner prescribes or as allowed under section 289A.18, subdivision 4, paragraph (f) or (g), except that use taxes due on an annual use tax return as provided under section 289A.11, subdivision 1, are payable by April 15 following the close of the calendar year.
 - (b) A vendor having a liability of \$250,000 or more during a fiscal year ending June 30 must remit the June liability for the next year in the following manner:
 - (1) Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2020 and 2021, the vendor must remit 87.5 percent of the estimated June liability to the commissioner. Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2022 and thereafter, the vendor must remit 84.5 percent, or a reduced percentage as certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), of the estimated June liability to the commissioner.
 - (2) On or before August 20 of the year, the vendor must pay any additional amount of tax not remitted in June.
 - (c) A vendor having a liability of:
- (1) \$10,000 or more, but less than \$250,000, during a fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and fiscal years thereafter, must remit by electronic means all liabilities on returns due for periods beginning in all subsequent calendar years on or before the 20th day of the month

following the month in which the taxable event occurred, or on or before the 20th day of the month following the month in which the sale is reported under section 289A.18, subdivision 4; or

- (2) \$250,000 or more, during a fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and fiscal years thereafter, must remit by electronic means all liabilities in the manner provided in paragraph (a) on returns due for periods beginning in the subsequent calendar year, except for 90 percent of the estimated June liability, which is due two business days before June 30. The remaining amount of the June liability is due on August 20.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) or (c), a person prohibited by the person's religious beliefs from paying electronically shall be allowed to remit the payment by mail. The filer must notify the commissioner of revenue of the intent to pay by mail before doing so on a form prescribed by the commissioner. No extra fee may be charged to a person making payment by mail under this paragraph. The payment must be postmarked at least two business days before the due date for making the payment in order to be considered paid on a timely basis.
- 29.16 (e) Paragraph (b) expires after the percentage of estimated payment is reduced to zero 29.17 in accordance with section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6).
- 29.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2021.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.70, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13. **Fund-raising sales by or for nonprofit groups.** (a) The following sales by the specified organizations for fund-raising purposes are exempt, subject to the limitations listed in paragraph (b):
 - (1) all sales made by a nonprofit organization that exists solely for the purpose of providing educational or social activities for young people primarily age 18 and under;
 - (2) all sales made by an organization that is a senior citizen group or association of groups if (i) in general it limits membership to persons age 55 or older; (ii) it is organized and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation, and other nonprofit purposes; and (iii) no part of its net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholders;
- 29.29 (3) the sale or use of tickets or admissions to a golf tournament held in Minnesota if the beneficiary of the tournament's net proceeds qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

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- (4) sales of candy sold for fund-raising purposes by a nonprofit organization that provides educational and social activities primarily for young people age 18 and under.
 - (b) The exemptions listed in paragraph (a) are limited in the following manner:
- (1) the exemption under paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), applies only to the first \$20,000 of the gross annual receipts of the organization from fund-raising; and
- (2) the exemption under paragraph (a), clause (1), does not apply if the sales are derived from admission charges or from activities for which the money must be deposited with the school district treasurer under section 123B.49, subdivision 2, or; and
- (3) the exemption under paragraph (a), clause (1), does not apply if the sales are derived from admission charges or from activities for which the money must be recorded in the same manner as other revenues or expenditures of the school district under section 123B.49, subdivision 4-, unless the following conditions are both met:
- (i) the sales are made for fund-raising purposes of a club, association, or other organization of elementary or secondary school students organized for the purpose of carrying on sports activities, educational activities, or other extracurricular activities; and
- (ii) the school district reserves revenue raised for extracurricular activities, as provided in section 123B.49, subdivision 4, paragraph (e), and spends the revenue raised by a particular extracurricular activity only for that extracurricular activity.
- (c) Sales of tangible personal property and services are exempt if the entire proceeds, less the necessary expenses for obtaining the property or services, will be contributed to a registered combined charitable organization described in section 43A.50, to be used exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes, and the registered combined charitable organization has given its written permission for the sale. Sales that occur over a period of more than 24 days per year are not exempt under this paragraph.
- (d) For purposes of this subdivision, a club, association, or other organization of elementary or secondary school students organized for the purpose of carrying on sports, educational, or other extracurricular activities is a separate organization from the school district or school for purposes of applying the \$20,000 limit.
- 30.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after the date of final enactment.

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Subd. 53. Public safety facilities. (a) Materials and supplies used or consumed in and equipment incorporated into the construction, remodeling, expansion, or improvement of a fire station or police station, including related facilities, owned and operated by a local government, as defined in section 297A.70, subdivision 2, paragraph (d), are exempt.

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- (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "related facilities" includes access roads, lighting, sidewalks, and utility components on or adjacent to the property on which the fire station or police station is located that are necessary for safe access to and use of those buildings.
- 31.10 (c) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under section 297A.62, 31.11 subdivision 1, applied and then refunded in the manner provided in section 297A.75.
- 31.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 31.13 30, 2021.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Tax collected.** The tax on the gross receipts from the sale of the following exempt items must be imposed and collected as if the sale were taxable and the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied. The exempt items include:
- 31.18 (1) building materials for an agricultural processing facility exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 13;
- 31.20 (2) building materials for mineral production facilities exempt under section 297A.71, 31.21 subdivision 14;
- 31.22 (3) building materials for correctional facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 3;
- 31.23 (4) building materials used in a residence for veterans with a disability exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 11;
- (5) elevators and building materials exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 12;
- 31.26 (6) materials and supplies for qualified low-income housing under section 297A.71, subdivision 23;
- 31.28 (7) materials, supplies, and equipment for municipal electric utility facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 35;

| 32.1 | (8) equipment and materials used for the generation, transmission, and distribution of |
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| 32.2 | electrical energy and an aerial camera package exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision |
| 32.3 | 37; |
| 32.4 | (9) commuter rail vehicle and repair parts under section 297A.70, subdivision 3, paragraph |
| 32.5 | (a), clause (10); |
| 32.6 | (10) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction or improvement of projects and |
| 32.7 | facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 40; |
| 32.8 | (11) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction, improvement, or expansion of |
| 32.9 | a biopharmaceutical manufacturing facility exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 45; |
| 32.10 | (12) enterprise information technology equipment and computer software for use in a |
| 32.11 | qualified data center exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 42; |
| 32.12 | (13) materials, supplies, and equipment for qualifying capital projects under section |
| 32.13 | 297A.71, subdivision 44, paragraph (a), clause (1), and paragraph (b); |
| 32.14 | (14) items purchased for use in providing critical access dental services exempt under |
| 32.15 | section 297A.70, subdivision 7, paragraph (c); |
| 32.16 | (15) items and services purchased under a business subsidy agreement for use or |
| 32.17 | consumption primarily in greater Minnesota exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision |
| 32.18 | 44; |
| 32.19 | (16) building materials, equipment, and supplies for constructing or replacing real |
| 32.20 | property exempt under section 297A.71, subdivisions 49; 50, paragraph (b); and 51; and |
| 32.21 | (17) building materials, equipment, and supplies for qualifying capital projects under |
| 32.22 | section 297A.71, subdivision 52-; and |
| 32.23 | (18) building materials, equipment, and supplies for constructing, remodeling, expanding, |
| 32.24 | or improving a fire station, police station, or related facilities exempt under section 297A.71, |
| 32.25 | subdivision 53. |
| 32.26 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June |
| 32.27 | 30, 2021. |
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| 32.28 | Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.75, subdivision 2, is amended to read: |
| 32.29 | Subd. 2. Refund; eligible persons. Upon application on forms prescribed by the |
| 32.30 | commissioner, a refund equal to the tax paid on the gross receipts of the exempt items must |
| 32.31 | be paid to the applicant. Only the following persons may apply for the refund: |

- (1) for subdivision 1, clauses (1), (2), and (14), the applicant must be the purchaser;
- 33.2 (2) for subdivision 1, clause (3), the applicant must be the governmental subdivision;
- 33.3 (3) for subdivision 1, clause (4), the applicant must be the recipient of the benefits provided in United States Code, title 38, chapter 21;
- 33.5 (4) for subdivision 1, clause (5), the applicant must be the owner of the homestead property;
- (5) for subdivision 1, clause (6), the owner of the qualified low-income housing project;
- 33.8 (6) for subdivision 1, clause (7), the applicant must be a municipal electric utility or a joint venture of municipal electric utilities;
- 33.10 (7) for subdivision 1, clauses (8), (11), (12), and (15), the owner of the qualifying business;
- 33.12 (8) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (10), (13), and (17), and (18), the applicant must be
 33.13 the governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility; and
- 33.14 (9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the owner or developer of the building or project.
- 33.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 33.17 30, 2021.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.75, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Application.** (a) The application must include sufficient information to permit the commissioner to verify the tax paid. If the tax was paid by a contractor, subcontractor, or builder, under subdivision 1, clauses (3) to (13) or (15) to (17) (18), the contractor, subcontractor, or builder must furnish to the refund applicant a statement including the cost of the exempt items and the taxes paid on the items unless otherwise specifically provided
- $\,$ 33.24 $\,$ by this subdivision. The provisions of sections 289A.40 and 289A.50 apply to refunds under
- 33.25 this section.
- 33.26 (b) An applicant may not file more than two applications per calendar year for refunds 33.27 for taxes paid on capital equipment exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 5.
- 33.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 33.29 30, 2021.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.77, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 34.1 Subd. 3. Tax must be remitted. The tax collected by a retailer under this section, except 34.2 for the amount allowed to be retained by the seller under section 297A.816, must be remitted 34.3 to the commissioner as provided in chapter 289A and this chapter. 34.4 34.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales taxes remitted after June 30, 2022. 34.6 Sec. 9. [297A.816] VENDOR ALLOWANCE. 34.7 Subdivision 1. Eligibility. A retailer may retain a portion of sales tax collected as a 34.8 vendor allowance in compensation for the costs of collecting and administering the tax 34.9 under this chapter. This section applies only if the tax minus the vendor allowance is both 34.10 reported and remitted to the commissioner in a timely fashion as required under chapter 34.11 289A. 34.12 34.13 Subd. 2. Tax not eligible for allowance. Use taxes paid by the retailer on the retailer's own purchases and local sales and use taxes collected by the retailer are not included in 34.14 calculating the vendor allowance under this section. 34.15 Subd. 3. Calculation of allowance; maximum amounts. (a) The amount of the vendor 34.16 allowance is equal to the sum of 0.15 percent of the tax collected in the reporting period, 34.17 up to \$250. The vendor allowance must not reduce the tax owed in the reporting period to 34.18 less than zero. 34.19 34.20 (b) Notwithstanding section 297A.62, subdivision 4, the amount retained under this section must be calculated only on collections of the tax imposed under section 297A.62, 34.21 subdivision 1. 34.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales taxes remitted after June 30, 34.23 34.24 2022. Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 34.25 Subdivision 1. Tax and use tax on cigarettes. Revenue received from cigarette taxes, 34.26 as well as related penalties, interest, license fees, and miscellaneous sources of revenue 34.27 shall be deposited by the commissioner in the state treasury and credited as follows: 34.28 (1) \$22,250,000 each year must be credited to the Academic Health Center special 34.29

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revenue fund hereby created and is annually appropriated to the Board of Regents at the

University of Minnesota for Academic Health Center funding at the University of Minnesota; and

- (2) \$3,937,000 each year must be credited to the medical education and research costs account hereby created in the special revenue fund and is annually appropriated to the commissioner of health for distribution under section 62J.692, subdivision 4; and
- (3) \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 only must be credited to the tobacco use prevention and cessation account hereby created in the special revenue fund and is appropriated to the commissioner of health for tobacco use prevention and cessation projects consistent with the duties specified in section 144.392; a public information program under section 144.393; the development of health promotion and health education materials about tobacco use prevention and cessation; tobacco use prevention activities under section 144.396; and statewide tobacco cessation services under section 144.397. In activities funded under this clause, the commissioner of health must prioritize preventing youth use of commercial tobacco and electronic delivery devices, must promote racial and health equity, and must use strategies that are evidence-based or based on promising practices. For purposes of this clause, "tobacco" and "electronic delivery device" have the meanings given in section 609.685, subdivision 1. Any unexpended or unencumbered amount from fiscal year 2022 may be carried into fiscal year 2023; and
- (3) (4) the balance of the revenues derived from taxes, penalties, and interest (under this chapter) and from license fees and miscellaneous sources of revenue shall be credited to the general fund.
- 35.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue received after June 30, 2021.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297I.20, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 4. Minnesota housing tax credit. A taxpayer may claim a credit against the premiums tax imposed under this chapter equal to the amount indicated on the credit certificate statement issued to the taxpayer under section 290.0683. If the amount of the credit exceeds the liability for tax under this chapter, the excess is a credit carryover to each of the ten succeeding taxable years. The entire amount of the excess unused credit for the taxable year must be carried first to the earliest of the taxable years to which the credit may be carried and then to each successive year to which the credit may be carried. This credit does not affect the calculation of fire state aid under section 477B.03 and police state aid under section 477C.03.

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| | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December |
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| | 31, 2022, and before January 1, 2025. |
| | Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 477A.016, is amended to read: |
| | 477A.016 NEW TAXES PROHIBITED. |
| | (a) No county, city, town or other taxing authority shall increase a present tax or impose |
| | a new tax on sales or income. |
| | (b) No county, city, town, or other taxing authority shall increase a present excise tax |
| | or fee or impose a new excise tax or fee on either: |
| | (1) the manufacture, distribution, wholesale, or retail sale of food, based on volume of |
|] | product sold, product sales value, or the type of product manufactured, distributed, or sold; |
| • | <u>or</u> |
| | (2) any container or instrument used for transporting, protecting, or consuming food. |
| | (c) For purposes of this section: |
| | (1) "food" has the meaning given in section 34A.01, subdivision 4; and |
| | (2) "container or instrument" means a bottle, cup, can, bag, or other packaging that is |
| 1 | made from plastic, aluminum, glass, paper, cardboard, or other material. |
| | (d) This section does not apply to reasonable license fees lawfully imposed by a county, |
| C | city, town, or other licensing authority in the exercise of its regulatory authority to license |
| ć | a trade, profession, or business. |
| | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. |
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| | Sec. 13. SALES TAX EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN PURCHASES RELATED TO |
| | <u>COVID-19.</u> |
| | (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 289A.50, or any law to the contrary, |
| | the sale and purchase of any materials, supplies, or equipment used in this state by a restaurant |
| 1 | to adapt to health guidelines or any executive order related to COVID-19 is exempt from |
| S | sales and use taxes imposed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A. For the purposes of |
| 1 | this section, "restaurant" means an establishment used as, maintained as, advertised as, or |
| ł | neld out to be an operation that prepares, serves, or otherwise provides food or beverages, |
| | or both, for human consumption, which operates from a location for more than 21 days |
| | annually. Restaurant does not include food carts, mobile food units, grocery stores, |
| | convenience stores, gas stations, bakeries, or delis. |

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| 37.1 | (b) The maximum refund allowed under this section is \$1,000 per federal employer |
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| 37.2 | identification number or Minnesota tax identification number, whichever number is used |
| 37.3 | to file sales tax returns. A business using a consolidated return to report sales tax information |
| 37.4 | from more than one restaurant location, as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 289A.11, |
| 37.5 | subdivision 1, paragraph (a), is eligible for a refund of up to \$1,000, per restaurant location |
| 37.6 | reported. |
| 37.7 | (c) The tax on the gross receipts from the sale of the items exempt under paragraph (a) |
| 37.8 | must be imposed and collected as if the sale were taxable and the rate under Minnesota |
| 37.9 | Statutes, section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied. Refunds for eligible purchases must not |
| 37.10 | be issued until after June 30, 2021. |
| 37.11 | (d) Upon application on forms prescribed by the commissioner, a refund equal to the |
| 37.12 | tax paid on the gross receipts of the exempt items or \$1,000, whichever is less, must be paid |
| 37.13 | to the applicant. Only the owner of the restaurant may apply for the refund. The application |
| 37.14 | must include sufficient information to permit the commissioner to verify the tax paid and |
| 37.15 | that the applicant is the owner of the restaurant. |
| 37.16 | EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION. This section is effective retroactively from |
| 37.17 | March 1, 2020, and applies to sales and purchases made after February 29, 2020, and before |
| 37.18 | January 1, 2022. |
| 37.19 | ARTICLE 4 |
| 37.20 | PROPERTY TAXES AND AIDS AND CREDITS |
| 37.21 | Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 144F.01, is amended to read: |
| 37.22 | 144F.01 FIRE PROTECTION AND EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES |
| 37.23 | SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICTS. |
| 37.24 | Subdivision 1. Political subdivision defined Definitions. For purposes of this section, |
| 37.25 | the following terms have the meanings given. |
| 37.26 | In this section, (a) "Political subdivision" means a county, a statutory or home rule charter |
| 37.27 | city, or a township organized to provide town government. |
| 37.28 | (b) "Governing body" means a city council for a city, a county board for a county, and |
| 37.29 | a board of supervisors for a town. |
| 37.30 | (c) "Emergency medical services" means supporting the providing of out-of-hospital |
| 37.31 | emergency medical services including, but not limited to, first responder or rescue squads |
| 37.32 | recognized by the district, ambulance services licensed under chapter 144E and recognized |
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by the district, medical control functions set out in chapter 144E, communications equipment and systems, and programs of regional emergency medical services authorized by regional boards described in section 144E.52.

- Subd. 2. Who may Authority to establish. (a) Two or more political subdivisions, or parts of them, may establish, by resolution of their governing bodies, a special taxing district for to provide fire protection or emergency medical services. The participating territory of a participating political subdivision need not abut any other participating territory to be in the special taxing district, or both, in the area of the district, comprising the jurisdiction of each of the political subdivisions forming the district. For a county that participates in establishing a district, the county's jurisdiction comprises the unorganized territory of the county that it designated in its resolution for inclusion in the district. The area of the special taxing district need not be contiguous or its boundaries continuous.
- (b) Before establishing a district under this section, the participating political subdivisions must enter into an agreement that specifies how any liabilities, other than debt issued under subdivision 6, and assets of the district will be distributed if the district is dissolved. The agreement may also include other terms, including a method for apportioning the levy of the district among participating political subdivisions under subdivision 4, paragraph (b), as the political subdivisions determine appropriate. The agreement must be adopted no later than upon passage of the resolution establishing the district under paragraph (a), but may be later amended by agreement of each of the political subdivisions participating in the district.
- (c) If two or more political subdivisions that currently operate separate fire departments seek to merge fire departments into one fire department, or if a political subdivision with an existing fire department requests to join a special taxing district with an established fire department, the resolution under paragraph (a) or agreement under paragraph (b) must specify which, if any, volunteer firefighter pension plan is associated with the district. A special taxing district that operates a fire department under this section may be associated with only one volunteer firefighting relief association or one account in the voluntary statewide volunteer firefighting retirement plan at one time.
- (d) If the special taxing district includes the operation of a fire department, it must file its resolution establishing the fire protection special taxing district, and any agreements required for the establishment of the special taxing district, with the commissioner of revenue, including any subsequent amendments. If the resolution or agreement does not include sufficient information defining the fire department service area of the fire protection special

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taxing district, the secretary of the district board must file a written statement with the commissioner defining the fire department service area.

Subd. 3. **Board.** The special taxing district <u>established</u> under this section is governed by a board made up initially of representatives of each participating political subdivision in the proportions set out in the establishing resolution, subject to change as provided in the district's charter, if any, or in the district's bylaws. If a township states in its resolution that less than the entire township will participate in the district, the partial townships shall be represented on the board by only one member, appointed from among those townships so participating. The method for appointment shall be governed by the bylaws of the district's joint powers agreement. Each participant's representative serves at the pleasure of that participant's governing body or bodies Each participating political subdivision's representative must be an elected member of the governing body of the political subdivision and shall serve at the pleasure of that participant's governing body.

Subd. 4. **Property tax levy authority.** (a) The district's board may levy a tax on the taxable real and personal property in the district. The ad valorem tax levy may not exceed 0.048 percent of the estimated market value of the district or \$550,000, whichever is less. The proceeds of the levy must be used as provided in subdivision 5. The board shall certify the levy at the times as provided under section 275.07. The board shall provide the county with whatever information is necessary to identify the property that is located within the district. If the boundaries include a part of a parcel, the entire parcel shall be included in the district. The county auditors must spread, collect, and distribute the proceeds of the tax at the same time and in the same manner as provided by law for all other property taxes.

(b) As an alternative to paragraph (a), the board may apportion its levy among the political subdivisions that are members of the district under a formula or method, with factors such as population, number of service calls, costs of providing service, the market value of improvements, or other measures approved by the governing body of each of the participating political subdivisions. The amount of the levy allocated to each political subdivision must be added to that political subdivision's levy and spread at the same time and in the same manner as provided by law for all other property taxes. The proceeds of the levy must be collected and remitted to the district and used as provided in subdivision 5.

Subd. 5. **Use of levy proceeds.** The proceeds of property taxes levied under this section must be used to support the providing of out-of-hospital emergency medical services including, but not limited to, first responder or rescue squads recognized by the district, ambulance services licensed under chapter 144E and recognized by the district, medical control functions set out in chapter 144E, communications equipment and systems, and

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programs of regional emergency medical services authorized by regional boards described in section 144E.52 provide fire protection, emergency medical services, or both, to residents of the district and property located in the district, as well as to pay debt issued under subdivision 6. Services may be provided by employees of the district or by contracting for services provided by other governmental or private entities.

- Subd. 6. Advisory committee Debt. A special taxing district board under this section must have an advisory committee to advise the board on issues involving emergency medical services and EMS communications. The committee's membership must be comprised of representatives of first responders, ambulance services, ambulance medical directors, and EMS communication experts. The advisory committee members serve at the pleasure of the appointing board (a) The district may incur debt under chapter 475 when the board determines doing so is necessary to accomplish its duties.
- (b) In addition, the district board may issue certificates of indebtedness or capital notes under section 412.301 to purchase capital equipment. In applying section 412.301, paragraph (e), the following rules apply:
- 40.16 (1) the taxable property of the entire district must be used to calculate the percent of
 40.17 estimated market value; and
 - (2) "the number of voters at the last municipal election" means the sum of the number of voters at the last municipal election for each of the cities that is a member of the district plus the number of registered voters in each town that is a participating member of the district.
 - Subd. 7. **Powers.** (a) In addition to authority expressly granted in this section, a special taxing district <u>established</u> under this section may exercise any power that may be exercised by any of its participating political subdivisions, except that the board may not incur debt. The special taxing district may only use the power to do what that is necessary or reasonable to support the services set out in subdivision 5. These powers include the authority to participate in state programs and to enforce or carry out state laws related to fire protection or emergency medical services, including programs providing state aid, reimbursement or funding of employee benefits, and authorizing local enforcement of state standards including fire protection related programs and political subdivision powers or responsibilities under chapters 299A, 424A, and 477B; sections 6.495, 353.64, and 423A.022; and any other administrative rules related to the fire code, to the extent the special taxing district meets the qualification criteria and requirements of a program.

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- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), To the extent the district's authority under this subdivision overlaps with or may conflict with the authority of the participating political subdivision, the agreement under subdivision 2, paragraph (b), must provide for allocation of those powers or responsibilities between the participating political subdivisions and the district, and may provide for resolution of conflicts in the exercise of those powers.
 - (c) The district may only levy the taxes tax authorized in this section subdivision 4.
- Subd. 8. **Additions and withdrawals.** (a) Additional eligible political subdivisions may be added to a special taxing district established under this section as provided by the board of the district and agreed to in a resolution of the governing body of the political subdivision proposed to be added. The addition of a political subdivision to the district may not cause the district to be out of compliance with subdivision 2, paragraph (c).
- (b) A political subdivision may withdraw from a special taxing district under this section by resolution of its governing body. The political subdivision must notify the board of the special taxing district of the withdrawal by providing a copy of the resolution at least one year two years in advance of the proposed withdrawal. The taxable property of the withdrawing member is subject to the property tax levy under subdivision 4 for the two taxes payable year years following the notice of the withdrawal, unless the board and the withdrawing member agree otherwise by action of their governing bodies. If a political subdivision withdraws from a district for which debt was issued under subdivision 6 when the political subdivision was a participating member, and which is outstanding when the political subdivision withdraws from the district, the taxable property of the withdrawing political subdivision remains subject to the special taxing district levy until the outstanding debt has been paid or defeased. If the district's property tax levy to repay debt was apportioned among the political subdivisions under an alternative formula or method under subdivision 4, paragraph (b), the withdrawing political subdivision is subject to the same percentage of the debt levy as applied in the taxes payable year immediately preceding its withdrawal from the district.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision 2, if the district is comprised of only two political subdivisions and one of the political subdivisions withdraws, the district can continue to exist.
- Subd. 9. **Dissolution.** The special taxing district may be dissolved by resolution approved by a majority vote of the board. If the special taxing district is dissolved, the assets and liabilities may be assigned to a successor entity, if any, or otherwise disposed of for public purposes as provided by law in the agreement adopted under subdivision 2, paragraph (b),

or otherwise agreed to by each participating political subdivision. A district may not be 42.1 dissolved until all debt issued under subdivision 6 has been paid or defeased. 42.2 Subd. 10. **Reports.** (a) On or before March 15, 2005 2024, and March 15, 2007 2026, 42.3 the special taxing district shall submit a levy and expenditure report to the commissioner 42.4 of revenue and to the chairs of the house of representatives and senate committees with 42.5 jurisdiction over taxes and property taxes. Each report must include the amount of the 42.6 district's levies for taxes payable for each of the two previous years and its actual expenditures 42.7 of those revenues. Expenditures must be reported by general service category, as listed in 42.8 subdivision 5, and include a separate category for administrative expenses. 42.9 42.10 (b) On or before March 15, 2024, and March 15, 2026, a political subdivision that has established or joined a special taxing district authorized under this section after June 30, 42.11 2021, shall submit a levy and expenditure report to the commissioner of revenue and to the 42.12 house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over taxes and property 42.13 taxes. The report must include: 42.14 (1) the amount of the political subdivision's levy, and its actual expenditure of the 42.15 subdivision's levy revenues, including the amount attributable to fire protection and 42.16 emergency medical services, for taxes payable in each of the two taxes payable years prior 42.17 to establishing or joining a special taxing district authorized under this section; 42.18 42.19 (2) the political subdivision's levy, and its actual expenditure of the subdivision's levy revenues, for taxes payable in each of the taxes payable years after establishing or joining 42.20 a special taxing district authorized under this section, up to, and including, taxes payable 42.21 in 2024, and taxes payable in 2026; and 42.22 (3) a certification from the political subdivision that the subdivision's levy for each of 42.23 the taxes payable years after establishing or joining a special taxing district authorized under 42.24 this section, up to, and including, taxes payable in 2024, and taxes payable in 2026, does 42.25 not include expenditures for fire protection, emergency medical services, or both, except 42.26 as provided in subdivision 4, paragraph (b), or those necessary to establish, or join, a district 42.27 42.28 as provided in this section. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and 42.29 applies to districts established after June 30, 2021, except that districts established prior to 42.30 June 30, 2021, are eligible for changes made to subdivisions 4 and 6 beginning with property 42.31 taxes payable in 2022. 42.32

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Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.124, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **General rule.** (a) Residential real estate that is occupied and used for the purposes of a homestead by its owner, who must be a Minnesota resident, is a residential homestead.

Agricultural land, as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 23, that is occupied and used as a homestead by its owner, who must be a Minnesota resident, is an agricultural homestead.

Dates for establishment of a homestead and homestead treatment provided to particular types of property are as provided in this section.

Property held by a trustee under a trust is eligible for homestead classification if the requirements under this chapter are satisfied.

The assessor shall require proof, as provided in subdivision 13, of the facts upon which classification as a homestead may be determined. Notwithstanding any other law, the assessor may at any time require a homestead application to be filed in order to verify that any property classified as a homestead continues to be eligible for homestead status. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the Department of Revenue may, upon request from an assessor, verify whether an individual who is requesting or receiving homestead classification has filed a Minnesota income tax return as a resident for the most recent taxable year for which the information is available.

When there is a name change or a transfer of homestead property, the assessor may reclassify the property in the next assessment unless a homestead application is filed to verify that the property continues to qualify for homestead classification.

- (b) For purposes of this section, homestead property shall include property which is used for purposes of the homestead but is separated from the homestead by a road, street, lot, waterway, or other similar intervening property. The term "used for purposes of the homestead" shall include but not be limited to uses for gardens, garages, or other outbuildings commonly associated with a homestead, but shall not include vacant land held primarily for future development. In order to receive homestead treatment for the noncontiguous property, the owner must use the property for the purposes of the homestead, and must apply to the assessor, both by the deadlines given in subdivision 9. After initial qualification for the homestead treatment, additional applications for subsequent years are not required.
- (c) Residential real estate that is occupied and used for purposes of a homestead by a relative of the owner is a homestead but only to the extent of the homestead treatment that would be provided if the related owner occupied the property. For purposes of this paragraph

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and paragraph (g), "relative" means a parent, stepparent, child, stepchild, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece. This relationship may be by blood or marriage. Property that has been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at any time during which it has been owned by the current owner or spouse of the current owner will not be reclassified as a homestead unless it is occupied as a homestead by the owner; this prohibition also applies to property that, in the absence of this paragraph, would have been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at the time when the residence was constructed. Neither the related occupant nor the owner of the property may claim a property tax refund under chapter 290A for a homestead occupied by a relative. In the case of a residence located on agricultural land, only the house, garage, and immediately surrounding one acre of land shall be classified as a homestead under this paragraph, except as provided in paragraph (d).

- (d) Agricultural property that is occupied and used for purposes of a homestead by a relative of the owner, is a homestead, only to the extent of the homestead treatment that would be provided if the related owner occupied the property, and only if all of the following criteria are met:
- (1) the relative who is occupying the agricultural property is a grandchild, child, sibling, or parent, grandparent, stepparent, stepchild, uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece of the owner of the agricultural property or of the spouse of the owner;
 - (2) the owner of the agricultural property must be a Minnesota resident;
- (3) the owner of the agricultural property must not receive homestead treatment on any other agricultural property in Minnesota; and
- (4) the owner of the agricultural property is limited to only one agricultural homestead per family under this paragraph.
 - Neither the related occupant nor the owner of the property may claim a property tax refund under chapter 290A for a homestead occupied by a relative qualifying under this paragraph. For purposes of this paragraph, "agricultural property" means the house, garage, other farm buildings and structures, and agricultural land.
 - Application must be made to the assessor by the owner of the agricultural property to receive homestead benefits under this paragraph. The assessor may require the necessary proof that the requirements under this paragraph have been met.
- (e) In the case of property owned by a property owner who is married, the assessor must not deny homestead treatment in whole or in part if only one of the spouses occupies the

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property and the other spouse is absent due to: (1) marriage dissolution proceedings, (2) legal separation, (3) employment or self-employment in another location, or (4) other personal circumstances causing the spouses to live separately, not including an intent to obtain two homestead classifications for property tax purposes. To qualify under clause (3), the spouse's place of employment or self-employment must be at least 50 miles distant from the other spouse's place of employment, and the homesteads must be at least 50 miles distant from each other.

- (f) The assessor must not deny homestead treatment in whole or in part if:
- (1) in the case of a property owner who is not married, the owner is absent due to residence in a nursing home, boarding care facility, or an elderly assisted living facility property as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 25a, and the property is not otherwise occupied; or
- (2) in the case of a property owner who is married, the owner or the owner's spouse or both are absent due to residence in a nursing home, boarding care facility, or an elderly assisted living facility property as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 25a, and the property is not occupied or is occupied only by the owner's spouse.
- (g) If an individual is purchasing property with the intent of claiming it as a homestead and is required by the terms of the financing agreement to have a relative shown on the deed as a co-owner, the assessor shall allow a full homestead classification. This provision only applies to first-time purchasers, whether married or single, or to a person who had previously been married and is purchasing as a single individual for the first time. The application for homestead benefits must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and must contain the data necessary for the assessor to determine if full homestead benefits are warranted.
- (h) If residential or agricultural real estate is occupied and used for purposes of a homestead by a child of a deceased owner and the property is subject to jurisdiction of probate court, the child shall receive relative homestead classification under paragraph (c) or (d) to the same extent they would be entitled to it if the owner was still living, until the probate is completed. For purposes of this paragraph, "child" includes a relationship by blood or by marriage.
- (i) If a single-family home, duplex, or triplex classified as either residential homestead or agricultural homestead is also used to provide licensed child care, the portion of the property used for licensed child care must be classified as a part of the homestead property.
- 45.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable in 2022.

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Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.124, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. **Homestead established after assessment date.** Any property that was not used for the purpose of a homestead on the assessment date, but which was used for the purpose of a homestead on December + 31 of a year, constitutes class 1 or class 2a.

Any taxpayer meeting the requirements of this subdivision must notify the county assessor, or the assessor who has the powers of the county assessor under section 273.063, in writing, by December 15 31 of the year of occupancy in order to qualify under this subdivision. The assessor must not deny full homestead treatment to a property that is partially homesteaded on January 2 but occupied for the purpose of a full homestead on December 131 of a year.

The county assessor and the county auditor may make the necessary changes on their assessment and tax records to provide for proper homestead classification as provided in this subdivision.

If homestead classification has not been requested as of December 15 31, the assessor will classify the property as nonhomestead for the current assessment year for taxes payable in the following year, provided that the owner of any property qualifying under this subdivision, which has not been accorded the benefits of this subdivision, may be entitled to receive homestead classification by proper application as provided in section 375.192.

The county assessor may publish in a newspaper of general circulation within the county a notice requesting the public to file an application for homestead as soon as practicable after acquisition of a homestead, but no later than December 15 31.

The county assessor shall publish in a newspaper of general circulation within the county no later than December 1 of each year a notice informing the public of the requirement to file an application for homestead by December 15 31.

In the case of manufactured homes assessed as personal property, the homestead must be established, and a homestead classification requested, by May 29 of the assessment year. The assessor may include information on these deadlines for manufactured homes assessed as personal property in the published notice or notices.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with assessments in 2021.

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Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.124, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

- Subd. 13. **Homestead application.** (a) A person who meets the homestead requirements under subdivision 1 must file a homestead application with the county assessor to initially obtain homestead classification.
- (b) The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the homestead application required to be filed under this chapter pursuant to section 270C.30. The application must clearly inform the taxpayer that this application must be signed by all owners who occupy the property or by the qualifying relative and returned to the county assessor in order for the property to receive homestead treatment.
- (c) Every property owner applying for homestead classification must furnish to the county assessor the Social Security number of each occupant who is listed as an owner of the property on the deed of record, the name and address of each owner who does not occupy the property, and the name and Social Security number of the spouse of each occupying owner. The application must be signed by each owner who occupies the property and by each owner's spouse who occupies the property, or, in the case of property that qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), by the qualifying relative.

If a property owner occupies a homestead, the property owner's spouse may not claim another property as a homestead unless the property owner and the property owner's spouse file with the assessor an affidavit or other proof required by the assessor stating that the property qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (e).

Owners or spouses occupying residences owned by their spouses and previously occupied with the other spouse, either of whom fail to include the other spouse's name and Social Security number on the homestead application or provide the affidavits or other proof requested, will be deemed to have elected to receive only partial homestead treatment of their residence. The remainder of the residence will be classified as nonhomestead residential. When an owner or spouse's name and Social Security number appear on homestead applications for two separate residences and only one application is signed, the owner or spouse will be deemed to have elected to homestead the residence for which the application was signed.

(d) If residential real estate is occupied and used for purposes of a homestead by a relative of the owner and qualifies for a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), in order for the property to receive homestead status, a homestead application must be filed with the assessor. The Social Security number of each relative occupying the property and the name and Social Security number of the spouse of a relative occupying the property shall be

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required on the homestead application filed under this subdivision. If a different relative of the owner subsequently occupies the property, the owner of the property must notify the assessor within 30 days of the change in occupancy. The Social Security number of a relative occupying the property or the spouse of a relative occupying the property is private data on individuals as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12, but may be disclosed to the commissioner of revenue, or, for the purposes of proceeding under the Revenue Recapture Act to recover personal property taxes owing, to the county treasurer.

- (e) The homestead application shall also notify the property owners that if the property is granted homestead status for any assessment year, that same property shall remain classified as homestead until the property is sold or transferred to another person, or the owners, the spouse of the owner, or the relatives no longer use the property as their homestead. Upon the sale or transfer of the homestead property, a certificate of value must be timely filed with the county auditor as provided under section 272.115. Failure to notify the assessor within 30 days that the property has been sold, transferred, or that the owner, the spouse of the owner, or the relative is no longer occupying the property as a homestead, shall result in the penalty provided under this subdivision and the property will lose its current homestead status.
- (f) If a homestead application has not been filed with the county by December 15 31, the assessor shall classify the property as nonhomestead for the current assessment year for taxes payable in the following year, provided that the owner may be entitled to receive the homestead classification by proper application under section 375.192.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessments in 2021.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.128, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1a. Notice. Low-income rental property classified as class 4d under section 273.13, subdivision 25, must post a notice within the property that all or a portion of the property is classified as low-income rental property under section 273.13, subdivision 25. The notice must be posted in an area accessible to all residents and must include the rent and income restrictions required under subdivision 1. The notice must be annually updated.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2022.

| 9.1 | Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.128, is amended by adding a subdivision to |
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| 9.2 | read: |
| 19.3 | Subd. 1b. Approval. A property owner must receive approval, by resolution of the |
| 9.4 | governing body of the city or town where the property is located, before submitting an initial |
| 19.5 | application to the Housing Finance Agency, as required under subdivision 2, for property |
| 9.6 | that has not, in whole or in part, been classified as class 4d under section 273.13, subdivision |
| 9.7 | 25, prior to assessment year 2022. A property owner that has received approval as required |
| 9.8 | under this subdivision, and the certification made under subdivision 3, shall not be required |
| 9.9 | to seek approval under this subdivision prior to submitting an application under subdivision |
| 9.10 | 2, in each subsequent year. |
| 9.11 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2022. |
| 9.12 | Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.128, subdivision 2, is amended to read: |
| 9.13 | Subd. 2. Application. (a) Application for certification under this section must be filed |
| 9.14 | by March 31 of the levy year, or at a later date if the Housing Finance Agency deems |
| 9.15 | practicable. The application must be filed with the Housing Finance Agency, on a form |
| 9.16 | prescribed by the agency, and must contain the information required by the Housing Finance |
| 9.17 | Agency. |
| 9.18 | (b) Each application must include: |
| 9.19 | (1) the property tax identification number; and |
| 9.20 | (2) evidence that the property meets the requirements of subdivision subdivisions 1, 1a, |
| 9.21 | and 1b. |
| 9.22 | (c) The Housing Finance Agency may charge an application fee approximately equal |
| 9.23 | to the costs of processing and reviewing the applications but not to exceed \$10 per unit. If |
| 9.24 | imposed, the applicant must pay the application fee to the Housing Finance Agency. The |
| 9.25 | fee must be deposited in the housing development fund. |
| 19.26 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2022. |
| 9.27 | Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.13, subdivision 25, is amended to read: |
| 9.28 | Subd. 25. Class 4. (a) Class 4a is residential real estate containing four or more units |
| 9.29 | and used or held for use by the owner or by the tenants or lessees of the owner as a residence |
| 9.30 | for rental periods of 30 days or more, excluding property qualifying for class 4d. Class 4a |
| 9.31 | also includes hospitals licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56, other than hospitals exempt |

under section 272.02, and contiguous property used for hospital purposes, without regard to whether the property has been platted or subdivided. The market value of class 4a property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent.

(b) Class 4b includes:

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- (1) residential real estate containing less than four units, including property rented as a short-term rental property for more than 14 days in the preceding year, that does not qualify as class 4bb, other than seasonal residential recreational property;
- (2) manufactured homes not classified under any other provision;
- (3) a dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b) containing two or three units; and
- 50.11 (4) unimproved property that is classified residential as determined under subdivision 50.12 33.
- For the purposes of this paragraph, "short-term rental property" means nonhomestead residential real estate rented for periods of less than 30 consecutive days.
- 50.15 The market value of class 4b property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent.
- 50.16 (c) Class 4bb includes:
- 50.17 (1) nonhomestead residential real estate containing one unit, other than seasonal residential recreational property;
- 50.19 (2) a single family dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b); and
- 50.21 (3) a condominium-type storage unit having an individual property identification number that is not used for a commercial purpose.
- Class 4bb property has the same classification rates as class 1a property under subdivision 22.
- Property that has been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at any time during which it has been owned by the current owner or spouse of the current owner does not qualify for class 4bb.
 - (d) Class 4c property includes:
- 50.29 (1) except as provided in subdivision 22, paragraph (c), real and personal property
 50.30 devoted to commercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes,
 50.31 for not more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment. For purposes of

this clause, property is devoted to a commercial purpose on a specific day if any portion of the property is used for residential occupancy, and a fee is charged for residential occupancy. Class 4c property under this clause must contain three or more rental units. A "rental unit" is defined as a cabin, condominium, townhouse, sleeping room, or individual camping site equipped with water and electrical hookups for recreational vehicles. A camping pad offered for rent by a property that otherwise qualifies for class 4c under this clause is also class 4c under this clause regardless of the term of the rental agreement, as long as the use of the camping pad does not exceed 250 days. In order for a property to be classified under this clause, either (i) the business located on the property must provide recreational activities, at least 40 percent of the annual gross lodging receipts related to the property must be from business conducted during 90 consecutive days, and either (A) at least 60 percent of all paid bookings by lodging guests during the year must be for periods of at least two consecutive nights; or (B) at least 20 percent of the annual gross receipts must be from charges for providing recreational activities, or (ii) the business must contain 20 or fewer rental units, and must be located in a township or a city with a population of 2,500 or less located outside the metropolitan area, as defined under section 473.121, subdivision 2, that contains a portion of a state trail administered by the Department of Natural Resources. For purposes of item (i)(A), a paid booking of five or more nights shall be counted as two bookings. Class 4c property also includes commercial use real property used exclusively for recreational purposes in conjunction with other class 4c property classified under this clause and devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreational purposes, up to a total of two acres, provided the property is not devoted to commercial recreational use for more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment and is located within two miles of the class 4c property with which it is used. In order for a property to qualify for classification under this clause, the owner must submit a declaration to the assessor designating the cabins or units occupied for 250 days or less in the year preceding the year of assessment by January 15 of the assessment year. Those cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located must be designated class 4c under this clause as otherwise provided. The remainder of the cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located will be designated as class 3a. The owner of property desiring designation as class 4c property under this clause must provide guest registers or other records demonstrating that the units for which class 4c designation is sought were not occupied for more than 250 days in the year preceding the assessment if so requested. The portion of a property operated as a (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop, (4) conference center or meeting room, and (5) other nonresidential facility operated on a commercial basis not directly related to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes

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does not qualify for class 4c. For the purposes of this paragraph, "recreational activities" means renting ice fishing houses, boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill or cross-country ski equipment; providing marina services, launch services, or guide services; or selling bait and fishing tackle;

(2) qualified property used as a golf course if:

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- (i) it is open to the public on a daily fee basis. It may charge membership fees or dues, but a membership fee may not be required in order to use the property for golfing, and its green fees for golfing must be comparable to green fees typically charged by municipal courses; and
- (ii) it meets the requirements of section 273.112, subdivision 3, paragraph (d).
- A structure used as a clubhouse, restaurant, or place of refreshment in conjunction with the golf course is classified as class 3a property;
 - (3) real property up to a maximum of three acres of land owned and used by a nonprofit community service oriented organization and not used for residential purposes on either a temporary or permanent basis, provided that:
 - (i) the property is not used for a revenue-producing activity for more than six days in the calendar year preceding the year of assessment; or
 - (ii) the organization makes annual charitable contributions and donations at least equal to the property's previous year's property taxes and the property is allowed to be used for public and community meetings or events for no charge, as appropriate to the size of the facility.
- 52.22 For purposes of this clause:
- (A) "charitable contributions and donations" has the same meaning as lawful gambling purposes under section 349.12, subdivision 25, excluding those purposes relating to the payment of taxes, assessments, fees, auditing costs, and utility payments;
 - (B) "property taxes" excludes the state general tax;
- (C) a "nonprofit community service oriented organization" means any corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, fraternal, civic, or educational purposes, and which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3), (8), (10), or (19) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

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(D) "revenue-producing activities" shall include but not be limited to property or that portion of the property that is used as an on-sale intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt liquor establishment licensed under chapter 340A, a restaurant open to the public, bowling alley, a retail store, gambling conducted by organizations licensed under chapter 349, an insurance business, or office or other space leased or rented to a lessee who conducts a for-profit enterprise on the premises.

Any portion of the property not qualifying under either item (i) or (ii) is class 3a. The use of the property for social events open exclusively to members and their guests for periods of less than 24 hours, when an admission is not charged nor any revenues are received by the organization shall not be considered a revenue-producing activity.

The organization shall maintain records of its charitable contributions and donations and of public meetings and events held on the property and make them available upon request any time to the assessor to ensure eligibility. An organization meeting the requirement under item (ii) must file an application by May 1 with the assessor for eligibility for the current year's assessment. The commissioner shall prescribe a uniform application form and instructions;

- (4) postsecondary student housing of not more than one acre of land that is owned by a nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A and is used exclusively by a student cooperative, sorority, or fraternity for on-campus housing or housing located within two miles of the border of a college campus;
- (5)(i) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, excluding manufactured home parks described in items (ii) and (iii), (ii) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, that are described in section 273.124, subdivision 3a, and (iii) class I manufactured home parks as defined in section 327C.01, subdivision 13;
- (6) real property that is actively and exclusively devoted to indoor fitness, health, social, recreational, and related uses, is owned and operated by a not-for-profit corporation, and is located within the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2;
- (7) a leased or privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:
- 53.31 (i) the land is on an airport owned or operated by a city, town, county, Metropolitan 53.32 Airports Commission, or group thereof; and

(ii) the land lease, or any ordinance or signed agreement restricting the use of the leased premise, prohibits commercial activity performed at the hangar.

If a hangar classified under this clause is sold after June 30, 2000, a bill of sale must be filed by the new owner with the assessor of the county where the property is located within 60 days of the sale;

- (8) a privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:
- (i) the land abuts a public airport; and

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- (ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the hangar; and
- 54.12 (9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead purposes, 54.13 and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met:
- 54.14 (i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods of 14 54.15 or fewer days;
 - (ii) meals are provided to persons who rent rooms, the cost of which is incorporated in the basic room rate;
- 54.18 (iii) meals are not provided to the general public except for special events on fewer than 54.19 seven days in the calendar year preceding the year of the assessment; and
 - (iv) the owner is the operator of the property.
 - The market value subject to the 4c classification under this clause is limited to five rental units. Any rental units on the property in excess of five, must be valued and assessed as class 3a. The portion of the property used for purposes of a homestead by the owner must be classified as class 1a property under subdivision 22;
 - (10) real property up to a maximum of three acres and operated as a restaurant as defined under section 157.15, subdivision 12, provided it: (i) is located on a lake as defined under section 103G.005, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (3); and (ii) is either devoted to commercial purposes for not more than 250 consecutive days, or receives at least 60 percent of its annual gross receipts from business conducted during four consecutive months. Gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages must be included in determining the property's qualification under item (ii). The property's primary business must be as a restaurant and not as a bar. Gross receipts from gift shop sales located on the premises must be excluded.

Owners of real property desiring 4c classification under this clause must submit an annual declaration to the assessor by February 1 of the current assessment year, based on the property's relevant information for the preceding assessment year;

(11) lakeshore and riparian property and adjacent land, not to exceed six acres, used as a marina, as defined in section 86A.20, subdivision 5, which is made accessible to the public and devoted to recreational use for marina services. The marina owner must annually provide evidence to the assessor that it provides services, including lake or river access to the public by means of an access ramp or other facility that is either located on the property of the marina or at a publicly owned site that abuts the property of the marina. No more than 800 feet of lakeshore may be included in this classification. Buildings used in conjunction with a marina for marina services, including but not limited to buildings used to provide food and beverage services, fuel, boat repairs, or the sale of bait or fishing tackle, are classified as class 3a property; and

(12) real and personal property devoted to noncommercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes.

Class 4c property has a classification rate of 1.5 percent of market value, except that (i) each parcel of noncommercial seasonal residential recreational property under clause (12) has the same classification rates as class 4bb property, (ii) manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (i), have the same classification rate as class 4b property, the market value of manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (ii), have a classification rate of 0.75 percent if more than 50 percent of the lots in the park are occupied by shareholders in the cooperative corporation or association and a classification rate of one percent if 50 percent or less of the lots are so occupied, and class I manufactured home parks as defined in section 327C.01, subdivision 13, have a classification rate of 1.0 percent, (iii) commercial-use seasonal residential recreational property and marina recreational land as described in clause (11), has a classification rate of one percent for the first \$500,000 of market value, and 1.25 percent for the remaining market value, (iv) the market value of property described in clause (4) has a classification rate of one percent, (v) the market value of property described in clauses (2), (6), and (10) has a classification rate of 1.25 percent, (vi) that portion of the market value of property in clause (9) qualifying for class 4c property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent, and (vii) property qualifying for classification under clause (3) that is owned or operated by a congressionally chartered veterans organization has a classification rate of one percent. The commissioner of veterans affairs must provide a list of congressionally chartered veterans organizations to the commissioner of revenue by June 30, 2017, and by January 1, 2018, and each year thereafter.

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(e) Class 4d property is qualifying low-income rental housing certified to the assessor by the Housing Finance Agency under section 273.128, subdivision 3. If only a portion of the units in the building qualify as low-income rental housing units as certified under section 273.128, subdivision 3, only the proportion of qualifying units to the total number of units in the building qualify for class 4d. The remaining portion of the building shall be classified by the assessor based upon its use. Class 4d also includes the same proportion of land as the qualifying low-income rental housing units are to the total units in the building. For all properties qualifying as class 4d, the market value determined by the assessor must be based on the normal approach to value using normal unrestricted rents. Class 4d property has a classification rate of 0.25 percent.

(f) The first tier of market value of class 4d property has a classification rate of 0.75 percent. The remaining value of class 4d property has a classification rate of 0.25 percent. For the purposes of this paragraph, the "first tier of market value of class 4d property" means the market value of each housing unit up to the first tier limit. For the purposes of this paragraph, all class 4d property value must be assigned to individual housing units. The first tier limit is \$100,000 for assessment year 2014. For subsequent years, the limit is adjusted each year by the average statewide change in estimated market value of property classified as class 4a and 4d under this section for the previous assessment year, excluding valuation change due to new construction, rounded to the nearest \$1,000, provided, however, that the limit may never be less than \$100,000. Beginning with assessment year 2015, the commissioner of revenue must certify the limit for each assessment year by November 1 of the previous year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2022.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.13, subdivision 34, is amended to read:

Subd. 34. Homestead of veteran with a disability or family caregiver. (a) All or a portion of the market value of property owned by a veteran and serving as the veteran's homestead under this section is excluded in determining the property's taxable market value if the veteran has a service-connected disability of 70 percent or more as certified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for exclusion under this subdivision, the veteran must have been honorably discharged from the United States armed forces, as indicated by United States Government Form DD214 or other official military discharge papers.

(b)(1) For a disability rating of 70 percent or more, \$150,000 of market value is excluded, except as provided in clause (2); and

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(2) for a total (100 percent) and permanent disability, \$300,000 of market value is excluded.

- (c) If a veteran with a disability qualifying for a valuation exclusion under paragraph (b), clause (2), predeceases the veteran's spouse, and if upon the death of the veteran the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the homestead and permanently resides there, the exclusion shall carry over to the benefit of the veteran's spouse until such time as the spouse remarries, or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (n). Qualification under this paragraph requires an application under paragraph (h), and a spouse must notify the assessor if there is a change in the spouse's marital status, ownership of the property, or use of the property as a permanent residence.
- (d) If the spouse of a member of any branch or unit of the United States armed forces who dies due to a service-connected cause while serving honorably in active service, as indicated on United States Government Form DD1300 or DD2064, holds the legal or beneficial title to a homestead and permanently resides there, the spouse is entitled to the benefit described in paragraph (b), clause (2), until such time as the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (n).
- (e) If a veteran meets the disability criteria of paragraph (a) but does not own property classified as homestead in the state of Minnesota, then the homestead of the veteran's primary family caregiver, if any, is eligible for the exclusion that the veteran would otherwise qualify for under paragraph (b).
- (f) In the case of an agricultural homestead, only the portion of the property consisting of the house and garage and immediately surrounding one acre of land qualifies for the valuation exclusion under this subdivision.
- (g) A property qualifying for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision is not eligible for the market value exclusion under subdivision 35, or classification under subdivision 22, paragraph (b).
- (h) To qualify for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision a property owner must apply to the assessor by December 15 31 of the first assessment year for which the exclusion is sought. For an application received after December 15, the exclusion shall become effective for the following assessment year. Except as provided in paragraph (c), the owner of a property that has been accepted for a valuation exclusion must notify the assessor if there is a change in ownership of the property or in the use of the property as a homestead.

| 58.1 | (i) A first-time application by a qualifying spouse for the market value exclusion under |
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| 58.2 | paragraph (d) must be made any time within two years of the death of the service member |
| 58.3 | (j) For purposes of this subdivision: |
| 58.4 | (1) "active service" has the meaning given in section 190.05; |
| 58.5 | (2) "own" means that the person's name is present as an owner on the property deed; |
| 58.6 | (3) "primary family caregiver" means a person who is approved by the secretary of the |
| 58.7 | United States Department of Veterans Affairs for assistance as the primary provider of |
| 58.8 | personal care services for an eligible veteran under the Program of Comprehensive Assistance |
| 58.9 | for Family Caregivers, codified as United States Code, title 38, section 1720G; and |
| 58.10 | (4) "veteran" has the meaning given the term in section 197.447. |
| 58.11 | (k) If a veteran dying after December 31, 2011, did not apply for or receive the exclusion |
| 58.12 | under paragraph (b), clause (2), before dying, the veteran's spouse is entitled to the benefit |
| 58.13 | under paragraph (b), clause (2), until the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise |
| 58.14 | disposes of the property, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (n), if: |
| 58.15 | (1) the spouse files a first-time application within two years of the death of the service |
| 58.16 | member or by June 1, 2019, whichever is later; |
| 58.17 | (2) upon the death of the veteran, the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the |
| 58.18 | homestead and permanently resides there; |
| 58.19 | (3) the veteran met the honorable discharge requirements of paragraph (a); and |
| 58.20 | (4) the United States Department of Veterans Affairs certifies that: |
| 58.21 | (i) the veteran met the total (100 percent) and permanent disability requirement under |
| 58.22 | paragraph (b), clause (2); or |
| 58.23 | (ii) the spouse has been awarded dependency and indemnity compensation. |
| 58.24 | (l) The purpose of this provision of law providing a level of homestead property tax |
| 58.25 | relief for veterans with a disability, their primary family caregivers, and their surviving |
| 58.26 | spouses is to help ease the burdens of war for those among our state's citizens who bear |
| 58.27 | those burdens most heavily. |
| 58.28 | (m) By July 1, the county veterans service officer must certify the disability rating and |

- permanent address of each veteran receiving the benefit under paragraph (b) to the assessor.
- (n) A spouse who received the benefit in paragraph (c), (d), or (k) but no longer holds the legal or beneficial title to the property may continue to receive the exclusion for a

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property other than the property for which the exclusion was initially granted until the spouse 59.1 remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, provided that: 59.2 (1) the spouse applies under paragraph (h) for the continuation of the exclusion allowed 59.3 under this paragraph; 59.4 59.5 (2) the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the property for which the continuation of the exclusion is sought under this paragraph, and permanently resides there; 59.6 59.7 (3) the estimated market value of the property for which the exclusion is sought under this paragraph is less than or equal to the estimated market value of the property that first 59.8 received the exclusion, based on the value of each property on the date of the sale of the 59.9 property that first received the exclusion; and 59.10 (4) the spouse has not previously received the benefit under this paragraph for a property 59.11 other than the property for which the exclusion is sought. 59.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessments in 2021. 59.13 Sec. 10. [273.1388] LICENSED IN-HOME CHILD CARE PROVIDER CREDIT. 59.14 59.15 Subdivision 1. Eligibility. Property classified as class 1a under section 273.13, subdivision 22, and that portion of property classified as class 2a under section 273.13, 59.16 subdivision 23, consisting of the house, garage, and surrounding one acre of land, and used 59.17 to operate a family day care or group family day care program as defined under Minnesota 59.18 Rules, chapter 9502, is eligible for the licensed in-home child care provider credit under 59.19 this section. 59.20 Subd. 2. **Notice.** By July 1, 2021, and each June 1 thereafter, the commissioner of human 59.21 services must provide a list to each county of all licensed family day care or group family 59.22 day care providers located within the county. 59.23 59.24 Subd. 3. Credit amount. For each qualifying property, the licensed in-home child care provider credit is equal to 50 percent of the amount of net tax owed on the property for the 59.25 current taxes payable year after subtracting all other applicable credits as determined under 59.26 section 273.1393.

Subd. 4. Credit reimbursement. The county auditor must determine the tax reductions 59.28 allowed under this section within the county for each taxes payable year and must certify 59.29 that amount, including any prior year adjustments, to the commissioner of revenue as required 59.30 59.31 under section 270C.85, subdivision 2, clause (4). The commissioner of revenue must review

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the certification for accuracy and may make necessary changes or return the certification 60.1 to the county auditor for correction. 60.2 60.3 Subd. 5. Payment. (a) The commissioner of revenue must reimburse each local taxing jurisdiction, other than school districts, for the tax reductions granted under this section in 60.4two equal installments on October 31 and December 26 of the taxes payable year for which 60.5 the reductions are granted, including in each payment the prior year adjustments certified 60.6 under section 270C.85, subdivision 2, for that taxes payable year. 60.7 (b) The commissioner of revenue must certify the total of tax reductions granted under 60.8 this section for each taxes payable year within each school district to the commissioner of 60.9 60.10 education and the commissioner of education must pay the reimbursement amounts to each school district as provided in section 273.1392. 60.11 Subd. 6. Appropriation. An amount sufficient to make the payments required under 60.12 this section to taxing jurisdictions other than school districts is annually appropriated from 60.13 the general fund to the commissioner of revenue. An amount sufficient to make the payments 60.14 required under this section for each school district is annually appropriated from the general 60.15 fund to the commissioner of education. 60.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2022. 60.17 60.18 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.1392, is amended to read: 273.1392 PAYMENT; SCHOOL DISTRICTS. 60.19

The amounts of bovine tuberculosis credit reimbursements under section 273.113; conservation tax credits under section 273.119; disaster or emergency reimbursement under sections 273.1231 to 273.1235; agricultural credits under sections 273.1384 and 273.1387; licensed in-home child care provider credits under section 273.1388; aids and credits under section 273.1398; enterprise zone property credit payments under section 469.171; and metropolitan agricultural preserve reduction under section 473H.10 for school districts, shall be certified to the Department of Education by the Department of Revenue. The amounts so certified shall be paid according to section 127A.45, subdivisions 9, 10, and 13.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2022.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 273.1393, is amended to read:

273.1393 COMPUTATION OF NET PROPERTY TAXES.

Notwithstanding any other provisions to the contrary, "net" property taxes are determined by subtracting the credits in the order listed from the gross tax:

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- (1) disaster credit as provided in sections 273.1231 to 273.1235;
- (2) powerline credit as provided in section 273.42;
- (3) agricultural preserves credit as provided in section 473H.10;
- (4) enterprise zone credit as provided in section 469.171;
- 61.5 (5) disparity reduction credit;
- (6) conservation tax credit as provided in section 273.119;
- (7) the school bond credit as provided in section 273.1387;
- 61.8 (8) agricultural credit as provided in section 273.1384;
- 61.9 (9) taconite homestead credit as provided in section 273.135;
- 61.10 (10) supplemental homestead credit as provided in section 273.1391; and
- 61.11 (11) the bovine tuberculosis zone credit, as provided in section 273.113-; and
- 61.12 (12) the licensed in-home child care provider credit, as provided in section 273.1388.
- The combination of all property tax credits must not exceed the gross tax amount.
- 61.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2022.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 275.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Levy amount. The state general levy is levied against
- 61.17 commercial-industrial property and seasonal residential recreational property, as defined
- in this section. The state general levy for commercial-industrial property is \$737,090,000
- \$716,990,000 for taxes payable in 2020 2022 and thereafter. The state general levy for
- seasonal-recreational property is \$41,690,000 for taxes payable in 2020 and thereafter. The
- tax under this section is not treated as a local tax rate under section 469.177 and is not the
- 61.22 levy of a governmental unit under chapters 276A and 473F.
- The commissioner shall increase or decrease the preliminary or final rate for a year as
- 61.24 necessary to account for errors and tax base changes that affected a preliminary or final rate
- 61.25 for either of the two preceding years. Adjustments are allowed to the extent that the necessary
- information is available to the commissioner at the time the rates for a year must be certified,
- and for the following reasons:
- (1) an erroneous report of taxable value by a local official;
- (2) an erroneous calculation by the commissioner; and

| 62.1 | (3) an increase or decrease in taxable value for commercial-industrial or seasonal |
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| 62.2 | residential recreational property reported to the commissioner under section 270C.85, |
| 62.3 | subdivision 2, clause (4), for the same year. |
| 62.4 | The commissioner may, but need not, make adjustments if the total difference in the tax |
| 62.5 | levied for the year would be less than \$100,000. |
| 62.6 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable |
| 62.7 | in 2022 and thereafter. |
| 62.8 | Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 275.025, subdivision 2, is amended to read: |
| 62.9 | Subd. 2. Commercial-industrial tax capacity. For the purposes of this section, |
| 62.10 | "commercial-industrial tax capacity" means the tax capacity of all taxable property classified |
| 62.11 | as class 3 or class 5(1) under section 273.13, excluding: |
| 62.12 | (1) the tax capacity attributable to the first \$100,000 \$150,000 of market value of each |
| 62.13 | parcel of commercial-industrial property as defined under section 273.13, subdivision 24, |
| 62.14 | clauses (1) and (2); |
| 62.15 | (2) electric generation attached machinery under class 3; and |
| 62.16 | (3) property described in section 473.625. |
| 62.17 | County commercial-industrial tax capacity amounts are not adjusted for the captured |
| 62.18 | net tax capacity of a tax increment financing district under section 469.177, subdivision 2, |
| 62.19 | the net tax capacity of transmission lines deducted from a local government's total net tax |
| 62.20 | capacity under section 273.425, or fiscal disparities contribution and distribution net tax |
| 62.21 | capacities under chapter 276A or 473F. For purposes of this subdivision, the procedures |
| 62.22 | for determining eligibility for tier 1 under section 273.13, subdivision 24, clauses (1) and |
| 62.23 | (2), shall apply in determining the portion of a property eligible to be considered within the |
| 62.24 | first \$100,000 \$150,000 of market value. |
| 62.25 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable |
| 62.26 | in 2022 and thereafter. |
| 62.27 | Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 275.065, subdivision 3, is amended to read: |
| 62.28 | Subd. 3. Notice of proposed property taxes. (a) The county auditor shall prepare and |
| 62.29 | the county treasurer shall deliver after November 10 and on or before November 24 each |
| 62.30 | year, by first class mail to each taxpayer at the address listed on the county's current year's |
| 62.31 | assessment roll, a notice of proposed property taxes. Upon written request by the taxpayer, |

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the treasurer may send the notice in electronic form or by electronic mail instead of on paper or by ordinary mail.

- (b) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of the notice.
- (c) The notice must inform taxpayers that it contains the amount of property taxes each taxing authority proposes to collect for taxes payable the following year. In the case of a town, or in the case of the state general tax, the final tax amount will be its proposed tax. The notice must clearly state for each city that has a population over 500, county, school district, regional library authority established under section 134.201, and metropolitan taxing districts as defined in paragraph (i), and fire protection and emergency medical services special taxing districts established under section 144F.01, the time and place of a meeting for each taxing authority in which the budget and levy will be discussed and public input allowed, prior to the final budget and levy determination. The taxing authorities must provide the county auditor with the information to be included in the notice on or before the time it certifies its proposed levy under subdivision 1. The public must be allowed to speak at that meeting, which must occur after November 24 and must not be held before 6:00 p.m. It must provide a telephone number for the taxing authority that taxpayers may call if they have questions related to the notice and an address where comments will be received by mail, except that no notice required under this section shall be interpreted as requiring the printing of a personal telephone number or address as the contact information for a taxing authority. If a taxing authority does not maintain public offices where telephone calls can be received by the authority, the authority may inform the county of the lack of a public telephone number and the county shall not list a telephone number for that taxing authority.
 - (d) The notice must state for each parcel:
- (1) the market value of the property as determined under section 273.11, and used for computing property taxes payable in the following year and for taxes payable in the current year as each appears in the records of the county assessor on November 1 of the current year; and, in the case of residential property, whether the property is classified as homestead or nonhomestead. The notice must clearly inform taxpayers of the years to which the market values apply and that the values are final values;
- (2) the items listed below, shown separately by county, city or town, and state general tax, agricultural homestead credit under section 273.1384, school building bond agricultural credit under section 273.1387, the licensed in-home child care provider credit under section 273.1388, voter approved school levy, other local school levy, and the sum of the special taxing districts, and as a total of all taxing authorities:

(i) the actual tax for taxes payable in the current year; and

(ii) the proposed tax amount.

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If the county levy under clause (2) includes an amount for a lake improvement district as defined under sections 103B.501 to 103B.581, the amount attributable for that purpose must be separately stated from the remaining county levy amount.

In the case of a town or the state general tax, the final tax shall also be its proposed tax unless the town changes its levy at a special town meeting under section 365.52. If a school district has certified under section 126C.17, subdivision 9, that a referendum will be held in the school district at the November general election, the county auditor must note next to the school district's proposed amount that a referendum is pending and that, if approved by the voters, the tax amount may be higher than shown on the notice. In the case of the city of Minneapolis, the levy for Minneapolis Park and Recreation shall be listed separately from the remaining amount of the city's levy. In the case of the city of St. Paul, the levy for the St. Paul Library Agency must be listed separately from the remaining amount of the city's levy. In the case of Ramsey County, any amount levied under section 134.07 may be listed separately from the remaining amount of the county's levy. In the case of a parcel where tax increment or the fiscal disparities areawide tax under chapter 276A or 473F applies, the proposed tax levy on the captured value or the proposed tax levy on the tax capacity subject to the areawide tax must each be stated separately and not included in the sum of the special taxing districts; and

(3) the increase or decrease between the total taxes payable in the current year and the total proposed taxes, expressed as a percentage.

For purposes of this section, the amount of the tax on homesteads qualifying under the senior citizens' property tax deferral program under chapter 290B is the total amount of property tax before subtraction of the deferred property tax amount.

- (e) The notice must clearly state that the proposed or final taxes do not include the following:
- 64.28 (1) special assessments;
- 64.29 (2) levies approved by the voters after the date the proposed taxes are certified, including bond referenda and school district levy referenda;
- (3) a levy limit increase approved by the voters by the first Tuesday after the first Monday
 in November of the levy year as provided under section 275.73;

- 65.1 (4) amounts necessary to pay cleanup or other costs due to a natural disaster occurring 65.2 after the date the proposed taxes are certified;
 - (5) amounts necessary to pay tort judgments against the taxing authority that become final after the date the proposed taxes are certified; and
- 65.5 (6) the contamination tax imposed on properties which received market value reductions 65.6 for contamination.
 - (f) Except as provided in subdivision 7, failure of the county auditor to prepare or the county treasurer to deliver the notice as required in this section does not invalidate the proposed or final tax levy or the taxes payable pursuant to the tax levy.
 - (g) If the notice the taxpayer receives under this section lists the property as nonhomestead, and satisfactory documentation is provided to the county assessor by the applicable deadline, and the property qualifies for the homestead classification in that assessment year, the assessor shall reclassify the property to homestead for taxes payable in the following year.
- (h) In the case of class 4 residential property used as a residence for lease or rental periods of 30 days or more, the taxpayer must either:
- (1) mail or deliver a copy of the notice of proposed property taxes to each tenant, renter, or lessee; or
- (2) post a copy of the notice in a conspicuous place on the premises of the property.
- The notice must be mailed or posted by the taxpayer by November 27 or within three days of receipt of the notice, whichever is later. A taxpayer may notify the county treasurer of the address of the taxpayer, agent, caretaker, or manager of the premises to which the notice must be mailed in order to fulfill the requirements of this paragraph.
- (i) For purposes of this subdivision and subdivision 6, "metropolitan special taxing districts" means the following taxing districts in the seven-county metropolitan area that levy a property tax for any of the specified purposes listed below:
- (1) Metropolitan Council under section 473.132, 473.167, 473.249, 473.325, 473.446, 473.521, 473.547, or 473.834;
- 65.29 (2) Metropolitan Airports Commission under section 473.667, 473.671, or 473.672; and
- 65.30 (3) Metropolitan Mosquito Control Commission under section 473.711.

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For purposes of this section, any levies made by the regional rail authorities in the county of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington under chapter 398A shall be included with the appropriate county's levy.

- (j) The governing body of a county, city, or school district may, with the consent of the county board, include supplemental information with the statement of proposed property taxes about the impact of state aid increases or decreases on property tax increases or decreases and on the level of services provided in the affected jurisdiction. This supplemental information may include information for the following year, the current year, and for as many consecutive preceding years as deemed appropriate by the governing body of the county, city, or school district. It may include only information regarding:
- (1) the impact of inflation as measured by the implicit price deflator for state and local government purchases;
- (2) population growth and decline;

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- 66.14 (3) state or federal government action; and
- (4) other financial factors that affect the level of property taxation and local services that the governing body of the county, city, or school district may deem appropriate to include.
- The information may be presented using tables, written narrative, and graphic representations and may contain instruction toward further sources of information or opportunity for comment.
- 66.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable in 2022.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 275.066, is amended to read:
- 66.24 **275.066 SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICTS; DEFINITION.**
- For the purposes of property taxation and property tax state aids, the term "special taxing districts" includes the following entities:
- (1) watershed districts under chapter 103D;
- 66.28 (2) sanitary districts under sections 442A.01 to 442A.29;
- (3) regional sanitary sewer districts under sections 115.61 to 115.67;
- (4) regional public library districts under section 134.201;
- (5) park districts under chapter 398;

- 67.1 (6) regional railroad authorities under chapter 398A;
- 67.2 (7) hospital districts under sections 447.31 to 447.38;
- 67.3 (8) St. Cloud Metropolitan Transit Commission under sections 458A.01 to 458A.15;
- 67.4 (9) Duluth Transit Authority under sections 458A.21 to 458A.37;
- 67.5 (10) regional development commissions under sections 462.381 to 462.398;
- 67.6 (11) housing and redevelopment authorities under sections 469.001 to 469.047;
- 67.7 (12) port authorities under sections 469.048 to 469.068;
- 67.8 (13) economic development authorities under sections 469.090 to 469.1081;
- 67.9 (14) Metropolitan Council under sections 473.123 to 473.549;
- 67.10 (15) Metropolitan Airports Commission under sections 473.601 to 473.679;
- 67.11 (16) Metropolitan Mosquito Control Commission under sections 473.701 to 473.716;
- 67.12 (17) Morrison County Rural Development Financing Authority under Laws 1982, chapter
- 67.13 437, section 1;
- 67.14 (18) Croft Historical Park District under Laws 1984, chapter 502, article 13, section 6;
- 67.15 (19) East Lake County Medical Clinic District under Laws 1989, chapter 211, sections
- 67.16 1 to 6;
- 67.17 (20) Floodwood Area Ambulance District under Laws 1993, chapter 375, article 5,
- 67.18 section 39;
- 67.19 (21) Middle Mississippi River Watershed Management Organization under sections
- 67.20 103B.211 and 103B.241;
- 67.21 (22) fire protection and emergency medical services special taxing districts under section
- 67.22 144F.01;
- 67.23 (23) a county levying under the authority of section 103B.241, 103B.245, or 103B.251;
- 67.24 (24) Southern St. Louis County Special Taxing District; Chris Jensen Nursing Home
- under Laws 2003, First Special Session chapter 21, article 4, section 12;
- 67.26 (25) an airport authority created under section 360.0426; and
- 67.27 (26) any other political subdivision of the state of Minnesota, excluding counties, school
- districts, cities, and towns, that has the power to adopt and certify a property tax levy to the
- 67.29 county auditor, as determined by the commissioner of revenue.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to districts established after June 30, 2021.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 276.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. Contents of tax statements. (a) The treasurer shall provide for the printing of the tax statements. The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of the property tax statement and its contents. The tax statement must not state or imply that property tax credits are paid by the state of Minnesota. The statement must contain a tabulated statement of the dollar amount due to each taxing authority and the amount of the state tax from the parcel of real property for which a particular tax statement is prepared. The dollar amounts attributable to the county, the state tax, the voter approved school tax, the other local school tax, the township or municipality, and the total of the metropolitan special taxing districts as defined in section 275.065, subdivision 3, paragraph (i), must be separately stated. The amounts due all other special taxing districts, if any, may be aggregated except that any levies made by the regional rail authorities in the county of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington under chapter 398A shall be listed on a separate line directly under the appropriate county's levy. If the county levy under this paragraph includes an amount for a lake improvement district as defined under sections 103B.501 to 103B.581, the amount attributable for that purpose must be separately stated from the remaining county levy amount. In the case of Ramsey County, if the county levy under this paragraph includes an amount for public library service under section 134.07, the amount attributable for that purpose may be separated from the remaining county levy amount. The amount of the tax on homesteads qualifying under the senior citizens' property tax deferral program under chapter 290B is the total amount of property tax before subtraction of the deferred property tax amount. The amount of the tax on contamination value imposed under sections 270.91 to 270.98, if any, must also be separately stated. The dollar amounts, including the dollar amount of any special assessments, may be rounded to the nearest even whole dollar. For purposes of this section whole odd-numbered dollars may be adjusted to the next higher even-numbered dollar. The amount of market value excluded under section 273.11, subdivision 16, if any, must also be listed on the tax statement.
- (b) The property tax statements for manufactured homes and sectional structures taxed as personal property shall contain the same information that is required on the tax statements for real property.
- (c) Real and personal property tax statements must contain the following information in the order given in this paragraph. The information must contain the current year tax

information in the right column with the corresponding information for the previous year in a column on the left:

- (1) the property's estimated market value under section 273.11, subdivision 1;
- 69.4 (2) the property's homestead market value exclusion under section 273.13, subdivision 69.5 35;
- 69.6 (3) the property's taxable market value under section 272.03, subdivision 15;
- 69.7 (4) the property's gross tax, before credits;
- 69.8 (5) for agricultural properties, the credits under sections 273.1384 and 273.1387;
- 69.9 (6) any credits received under sections 273.119; 273.1234 or 273.1235; 273.135;
- 69.10 <u>273.1388;</u> 273.1391; 273.1398, subdivision 4; 469.171; and 473H.10, except that the amount
- of credit received under section 273.135 must be separately stated and identified as "taconite
- 69.12 tax relief"; and

- 69.13 (7) the net tax payable in the manner required in paragraph (a).
- (d) If the county uses envelopes for mailing property tax statements and if the county 69.14 agrees, a taxing district may include a notice with the property tax statement notifying 69.15 taxpayers when the taxing district will begin its budget deliberations for the current year, 69.16 and encouraging taxpayers to attend the hearings. If the county allows notices to be included 69.17 in the envelope containing the property tax statement, and if more than one taxing district 69.18 relative to a given property decides to include a notice with the tax statement, the county 69.19 treasurer or auditor must coordinate the process and may combine the information on a 69.20 single announcement. 69.21
- 69.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2022.
- 69.23 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290A.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 69.24 Subd. 3. **Income.** (a) "Income" means the sum of the following:
- 69.25 (1) federal adjusted gross income as defined in the Internal Revenue Code; and
- 69.26 (2) the sum of the following amounts to the extent not included in clause (1):
- 69.27 (i) all nontaxable income;
- (ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section 469, paragraph (i) or (m) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity loss carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness of a 70.1 solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal Revenue 70.2 70.3 Code: (iv) cash public assistance and relief; 70.4 70.5 (v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments received under the federal Social Security Act, Supplemental Security Income, and veterans benefits), 70.6 which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which was funded exclusively 70.7 by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were excluded from federal adjusted 70.8 gross income in the years when the payments were made; 70.9 (vi) interest received from the federal or a state government or any instrumentality or 70.10 political subdivision thereof; 70.11 (vii) workers' compensation; 70.12 (viii) nontaxable strike benefits; 70.13 (ix) the gross amounts of payments received in the nature of disability income or sick 70.14 pay as a result of accident, sickness, or other disability, whether funded through insurance 70.15 or otherwise; 70.16 (x) a lump-sum distribution under section 402(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 70.17 1986, as amended through December 31, 1995; 70.18 (xi) contributions made by the claimant to an individual retirement account, including 70.19 a qualified voluntary employee contribution; simplified employee pension plan; 70.20 self-employed retirement plan; cash or deferred arrangement plan under section 401(k) of 70.21 the Internal Revenue Code; or deferred compensation plan under section 457 of the Internal 70.22 Revenue Code, to the extent the sum of amounts exceeds the retirement base amount for 70.23 the claimant and spouse; 70.24 (xii) to the extent not included in federal adjusted gross income, distributions received 70.25 by the claimant or spouse from a traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan; 70.26 (xiii) nontaxable scholarship or fellowship grants; 70.27 (xiv) alimony received to the extent not included in the recipient's income; 70.28 (xv) the amount of deduction allowed under section 220 or 223 of the Internal Revenue 70.29 70.30 Code;

Code; and

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(xvi) the amount deducted for tuition expenses under section 222 of the Internal Revenue

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71.1 (xvii) the amount deducted for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.

In the case of an individual who files an income tax return on a fiscal year basis, the term "federal adjusted gross income" shall mean federal adjusted gross income reflected in the fiscal year ending in the calendar year. Federal adjusted gross income shall not be reduced by the amount of a net operating loss carryback or carryforward or a capital loss carryback or carryforward allowed for the year.

- 71.8 (b) "Income" does not include:
- 71.9 (1) amounts excluded pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, sections 101(a) and 102;
- (2) amounts of any pension or annuity which was exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were not excluded from federal adjusted gross income in the years when the payments were made;
- (3) to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, amounts contributed by the claimant or spouse to a traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan, but not to exceed the retirement base amount reduced by the amount of contributions excluded from federal adjusted gross income, but not less than zero;
- 71.17 (4) surplus food or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency;
- 71.18 (5) relief granted under this chapter;
- 71.19 (6) child support payments received under a temporary or final decree of dissolution or legal separation;
- 71.21 (7) restitution payments received by eligible individuals and excludable interest as

 71.22 defined in section 803 of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001,

 71.23 Public Law 107-16; or
- 71.24 (8) alimony paid; or
- 71.25 (9) veterans disability compensation paid under title 38 of the United States Code.
- 71.26 (c) The sum of the following amounts may be subtracted from income:
- 71.27 (1) for the claimant's first dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.4;
- 71.28 (2) for the claimant's second dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.3;
- 71.29 (3) for the claimant's third dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.2;
- 71.30 (4) for the claimant's fourth dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.1;

- 72.1 (5) for the claimant's fifth dependent, the exemption amount; and
- 72.2 (6) if the claimant or claimant's spouse had a disability or attained the age of 65 on or 72.3 before December 31 of the year for which the taxes were levied or rent paid, the exemption 72.4 amount.
- 72.5 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given:
- 72.6 (1) "exemption amount" means the exemption amount under section 290.0121, 72.7 subdivision 1, paragraph (b), for the taxable year for which the income is reported;
- (2) "retirement base amount" means the deductible amount for the taxable year for the claimant and spouse under section 219(b)(5)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted for inflation as provided in section 219(b)(5)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code, without regard to whether the claimant or spouse claimed a deduction; and
- 72.12 (3) "traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan" means retirement plans under sections 401, 403, 408, 408A, and 457 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 72.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for refund claims based on property taxes payable in 2022 and rent paid in 2021 and thereafter.
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 429.021, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Improvements authorized.** The council of a municipality shall have power to make the following improvements:
- (1) To acquire, open, and widen any street, and to improve the same by constructing, reconstructing, and maintaining sidewalks, pavement, gutters, curbs, and vehicle parking strips of any material, or by grading, graveling, oiling, or otherwise improving the same, including the beautification thereof and including storm sewers or other street drainage and connections from sewer, water, or similar mains to curb lines.
- 72.24 (2) To acquire, develop, construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain storm and sanitary sewers and systems, including outlets, holding areas and ponds, treatment plants, pumps, lift stations, service connections, and other appurtenances of a sewer system, within and without the corporate limits.
- 72.28 (3) To construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain steam heating mains.
- 72.29 (4) To install, replace, extend, and maintain street lights and street lighting systems and special lighting systems.

- 73.1 (5) To acquire, improve, construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain water works systems, 73.2 including mains, valves, hydrants, service connections, wells, pumps, reservoirs, tanks, 73.3 treatment plants, and other appurtenances of a water works system, within and without the
- 73.5 (6) To acquire, improve and equip parks, open space areas, playgrounds, and recreational facilities within or without the corporate limits.
- 73.7 (7) To plant trees on streets and provide for their trimming, care, and removal.

corporate limits.

- 73.8 (8) To abate nuisances and to drain swamps, marshes, and ponds on public or private property and to fill the same.
- 73.10 (9) To construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain dikes and other flood control works.
- 73.11 (10) To construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain retaining walls and area walls.
- 73.12 (11) To acquire, construct, reconstruct, improve, alter, extend, operate, maintain, and promote a pedestrian skyway system. Such improvement may be made upon a petition pursuant to section 429.031, subdivision 3.
- 73.15 (12) To acquire, construct, reconstruct, extend, operate, maintain, and promote underground pedestrian concourses.
- 73.17 (13) To acquire, construct, improve, alter, extend, operate, maintain, and promote public malls, plazas or courtyards.
- 73.19 (14) To construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain district heating systems.
- 73.20 (15) To construct, reconstruct, alter, extend, operate, maintain, and promote fire protection 73.21 systems in existing buildings, but only upon a petition pursuant to section 429.031, 73.22 subdivision 3.
- 73.23 (16) To acquire, construct, reconstruct, improve, alter, extend, and maintain highway sound barriers.
- 73.25 (17) To improve, construct, reconstruct, extend, and maintain gas and electric distribution 73.26 facilities owned by a municipal gas or electric utility.
- 73.27 (18) To purchase, install, and maintain signs, posts, and other markers for addressing related to the operation of enhanced 911 telephone service.
- 73.29 (19) To improve, construct, extend, and maintain facilities for Internet access and other communications purposes, if the council finds that:

| 74.1 | (i) the facilities are necessary to make available Internet access or other communications |
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| 74.2 | services that are not and will not be available through other providers or the private market |
| 74.3 | in the reasonably foreseeable future; and |
| 74.4 | (ii) the service to be provided by the facilities will not compete with service provided |
| 74.5 | by private entities. |
| 74.6 | (20) To assess affected property owners for all or a portion of the costs agreed to with |
| 74.7 | an electric utility, telecommunications carrier, or cable system operator to bury or alter a |
| 74.8 | new or existing distribution system within the public right-of-way that exceeds the utility's |
| 74.9 | design and construction standards, or those set by law, tariff, or franchise, but only upon |
| 74.10 | petition under section 429.031, subdivision 3. |
| 74.11 | (21) To assess affected property owners for repayment of voluntary energy improvement |
| 74.12 | financings under section 216C.436, subdivision 7, or 216C.437, subdivision 28. |
| | |
| 74.13 | (22) To construct, reconstruct, alter, extend, operate, maintain, and promote energy |
| 74.14 | improvement projects in existing buildings, provided that: |
| 74.15 | (i) a petition for the improvement is made by a property owner under section 429.031, |
| 74.16 | subdivision 3; |
| 74.17 | (ii) the municipality funds and administers the energy improvement project; |
| 74.18 | (iii) project funds are only used for the installation of improvements to heating, |
| 74.19 | ventilation, and air conditioning equipment and building envelope and for the installation |
| 74.20 | of renewable energy systems; |
| 74.21 | (iv) each property owner petitioning for the improvement receives notice that free or |
| 74.22 | low-cost energy improvements may be available under federal, state, or utility programs; |
| 74.23 | (v) for energy improvement projects on residential property, only residential property |
| 74.24 | having five or more units may obtain financing for projects under this clause; and |
| 74.25 | (vi) prior to financing an energy improvement project or imposing an assessment for a |
| 74.26 | project, written notice is provided to the mortgage lender of any mortgage encumbering or |
| 74.27 | otherwise secured by the property proposed to be improved. |
| 74.28 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for special assessments payable in 2022 |
| 74.29 | and thereafter. |
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Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 429.031, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Petition by all owners.** Whenever all owners of real property abutting upon any street named as the location of any improvement shall petition the council to construct the improvement and to assess the entire cost against their property, the council may, without a public hearing, adopt a resolution determining such fact and ordering the improvement. The validity of the resolution shall not be questioned by any taxpayer or property owner or the municipality unless an action for that purpose is commenced within 30 days after adoption of the resolution as provided in section 429.036. Nothing herein prevents any property owner from questioning the amount or validity of the special assessment against the owner's property pursuant to section 429.081. In the case of a petition for the municipality to own and install a fire protection system, energy improvement projects, a pedestrian skyway system, or on-site water contaminant improvements, the petition must contain or be accompanied by an undertaking satisfactory to the city by the petitioner that the petitioner will grant the municipality the necessary property interest in the building to permit the city to enter upon the property and the building to construct, maintain, and operate the fire protection system, energy improvement projects, pedestrian skyway system, or on-site water contaminant improvements. In the case of a petition for the installation of a privately owned fire protection system, energy improvement projects, a privately owned pedestrian skyway system, or privately owned on-site water contaminant improvements, the petition shall contain the plans and specifications for the improvement, the estimated cost of the improvement and a statement indicating whether the city or the owner will contract for the construction of the improvement. If the owner is contracting for the construction of the improvement, the city shall not approve the petition until it has reviewed and approved the plans, specifications, and cost estimates contained in the petition. The construction cost financed under section 429.091 shall not exceed the amount of the cost estimate contained in the petition. In the case of a petition for the installation of a fire protection system, energy improvement projects, a pedestrian skyway system, or on-site water contaminant improvements, the petitioner may request abandonment of the improvement at any time after it has been ordered pursuant to subdivision 1 and before contracts have been awarded for the construction of the improvement under section 429.041, subdivision 2. If such a request is received, the city council shall abandon the proceedings but in such case the petitioner shall reimburse the city for any and all expenses incurred by the city in connection with the improvement.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for special assessments payable in 2022 and thereafter.

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| 76.1 | Sec. 21. <u>\$</u> | SUPPLEMENTAL 20 |)22 CITY AID | DISTRIBUTION. | |
| 76.2 | (a) Sup | plemental aid for a city | y equals the gre | eater of: (1) zero; or (2) the | he difference |
| 76.3 | between the | e local government aid | l amount under | Minnesota Statutes, sect | tion 477A.013, |
| 76.4 | subdivision | 9, certified for the cit | y for aid payab | le in 2021, minus the loca | al government aid |
| 76.5 | amount und | der Minnesota Statutes | s, section 477A | .013, subdivision 9, certi | fied for the city |
| 76.6 | for aid pays | able in 2022. | | | |
| 76.7 | (b) The | commissioner of reve | nue must notif | y a city of its supplement | al aid amount |
| 76.8 | before Aug | gust 1, 2021, and must | pay the aid in | calendar year 2022 in two | o installments on |
| 76.9 | the dates sp | pecified in Minnesota | Statutes, section | n 477A.015. | |
| 76.10 | (c) Sun | nlemental aid under th | is section must | not be included for any o | ealculations under |
| 76.11 | | | | on prior year aid amount | |
| 70.11 | | | | | |
| 76.12 | | - | | al aid under this section is | |
| 76.13 | fiscal year | 2023 from the general | fund to the con | mmissioner of revenue. T | This is a onetime |
| 76.14 | appropriati | on. | | | |
| 76.15 | EFFEC | CTIVE DATE. This se | ection is effecti | ve for aid payable in cale | endar year 2022. |
| 76.16 | | | ARTICL | E 5 | |
| 76.17 | | TAX I | NCREMENT | FINANCING | |
| | ~ | | | | 226122 |
| 76.18 | | | INGTON; TII | F AUTHORITY; AMEI | RICAN |
| 76.19 | BOULEVA | ARD. | | | |
| 76.20 | Subdivi | sion 1. Establishmen | t. Pursuant to the | he special rules establish | ed in subdivision |
| 76.21 | 2, the hous | ing and redevelopmen | t authority of th | he city of Bloomington o | r the city of |
| 76.22 | Bloomingto | on may establish a rede | velopment dist | rict within the city of Blo | omington, limited |
| 76.23 | to the follo | wing parcels, identifie | d by tax identif | fication numbers, togethe | er with adjacent |
| 76.24 | roads and r | ights-of-way: 04-027-2 | 24-11-0032, 04 | -027-24-11-0033, and 04 | -027-24-11-0034. |
| 76.25 | Subd. 2 | . Special rules. If the | city or authorit | y establishes a tax incren | nent financing |
| 76.26 | district und | ler this section, the following | lowing special | rules apply: | |

4j; and

subdivision 10;

Article 5 Section 1.

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(1) the district meets all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174,

(2) expenditures incurred in connection with the development of the property described

in subdivision 1 meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision

| 77.1 | (3) increments generated from the district may be expended on undergrounding or |
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| 77.2 | overhead power lines, transformers, and related utility infrastructure within the project area |
| 77.3 | and all such expenditures are deemed expended on activities within the district for purposes |
| 77.4 | of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763. |
| 77.5 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the |
| 77.6 | city of Bloomington and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota |
| 77.7 | Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. |
| 77.8 | Sec. 2. CITY OF BLOOMINGTON; TIF AUTHORITY; 98TH & ALDRICH. |
| 77.9 | Subdivision 1. Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision |
| 77.10 | 2, the housing and redevelopment authority of the city of Bloomington or the city of |
| 77.11 | Bloomington may establish a redevelopment district within the city of Bloomington, limited |
| 77.12 | to the following parcels, identified by tax identification numbers, together with adjacent |
| 77.13 | roads and rights-of-way: 16-027-24-41-0010, 16-027-24-41-0011, and 16-027-24-41-0012. |
| 77.14 | Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing |
| 77.15 | district under this section, the following special rules apply: |
| 77.16 | (1) the district meets all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, |
| 77.17 | subdivision 10; and |
| 77.18 | (2) expenditures incurred in connection with the development of the property described |
| 77.19 | in subdivision 1 meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision |
| 77.20 | <u>4j.</u> |
| 77.21 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the |
| 77.22 | city of Bloomington and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota |
| 77.23 | Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. |
| 77.24 | Sec. 3. CITY OF BURNSVILLE; TIF AUTHORITY; BURNSVILLE CENTER |
| 77.25 | MALL. |
| 77.26 | Subdivision 1. Establishment. Under the special rules established in subdivision 2, the |
| 77.27 | economic development authority of the city of Burnsville or the city of Burnsville may |
| 77.28 | establish one or more redevelopment districts located wholly within the area of the city of |
| 77.29 | Burnsville, Dakota County, Minnesota, limited to the parcels comprising the Burnsville |
| 77.30 | Center mall together with adjacent roads and rights-of-way. |
| 77.31 | Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing |
| 77.32 | district under this section, the following special rules apply: |

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| 78.1 | (1) the districts are deemed to meet all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section |
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| 78.2 | 469.174, subdivision 10; |
| 78.3 | (2) expenditures incurred in connection with the development of the property described |
| 78.4 | in subdivision 1 are deemed to meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, |
| 78.5 | subdivision 4j; and |
| 78.6 | (3) increments generated from the districts may be expended for the construction and |
| 78.7 | acquisition of property for a bridge, tunnel, or other connector from the property described |
| 78.8 | in subdivision 1 across adjacent roads and rights-of-way and all such expenditures are |
| 78.9 | deemed expended on activities within the district for purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section |
| 78.10 | <u>469.1763.</u> |
| 78.11 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the |
| 78.12 | city of Burnsville and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota |
| 78.13 | Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. |
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| 78.14 | Sec. 4. <u>CITY OF MOUNTAIN LAKE; TIF DISTRICT NO. 1-8; FIVE-YEAR RULE</u> |
| 78.15 | EXTENSION. |
| 78.16 | (a) The requirement of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that activities |
| 78.17 | must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of a tax increment |
| 78.18 | financing district, is extended by a five-year period for Tax Increment Financing District |
| 78.19 | No. 1-8, administered by the city of Mountain Lake or its economic development authority. |
| 78.20 | (b) The requirement of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, relating to |
| 78.21 | the use of increment after the expiration of the five-year period under Minnesota Statutes, |
| 78.22 | section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is extended to the 11th year for Tax Increment Financing |
| 78.23 | District No. 1-8. |
| 78.24 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the |
| 78.25 | city of Mountain Lake and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section |
| 78.26 | 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. |
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| 78.27 | Sec. 5. <u>CITY OF RAMSEY; TIF DISTRICT NO. 14; FIVE-YEAR RULE</u> |
| 78.28 | EXTENSION. |
| 78.29 | (a) The requirement of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that activities |
| 78.30 | must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of a tax increment |
| 78.31 | financing district, is extended by a five-year period to November 28, 2026, for Tax Increment |
| 78 32 | Financing District No. 14 administered by the city of Ramsey |

| 79.1 | (b) The requirement of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, relating to |
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| 79.2 | the use of increment after the expiration of the five-year period under Minnesota Statutes, |
| 79.3 | section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is extended to the 16th year for Tax Increment Financing |
| 79.4 | District No. 14. |
| 79.5 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the |
| 79.6 | city of Ramsey and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, |
| 79.7 | subdivisions 2 and 3. |
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| 79.8 | Sec. 6. <u>CITY OF WAYZATA</u> ; TIF DISTRICT NO. 6; EXPENDITURES ALLOWED. |
| 79.9 | Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, the city of Wayzata |
| 79.10 | may expend increments generated from Tax Increment Financing District No. 6 for the |
| 79.11 | design and construction of the lakefront pedestrian walkway and community transient lake |
| 79.12 | public access infrastructure related to the Panoway on Wayzata Bay project, and all such |
| 79.13 | expenditures are deemed expended on activities within the district. |
| 79.14 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the |
| 79.15 | city of Wayzata, and its chief clerical officer, comply with the requirement of Minnesota |
| 79.16 | Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. |
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| 79.17 | Sec. 7. CITY OF WINDOM; TIF DISTRICT NO. 1-22; FIVE-YEAR RULE |
| 79.18 | EXTENSION; DURATION EXTENSION. |
| 79.19 | (a) The requirement of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that activities |
| 79.20 | must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of a tax increment |
| 79.21 | financing district, is considered to be met for Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-22, |
| 79.22 | administered by the city of Windom or its economic development authority, if activities are |
| 79.23 | undertaken within ten years of the district's certification. |
| 79.24 | (b) The requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, relating |
| 79.25 | to the use of increment after the expiration of the five-year period under Minnesota Statutes, |
| 79.26 | section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is extended to the 11th year for Tax Increment Financing |
| 79.27 | District No. 1-22. |
| 79.28 | (c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 1b, the city of |
| 79.29 | Windom, or its economic development authority, may elect to extend the duration of Tax |
| 79.30 | Increment Financing District No. 1-22, by five years. |
| 79.31 | EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraphs (a) and (b) are effective the day after the governing |
| 79.32 | body of the city of Windom and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, |

section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. Paragraph (c) is effective upon compliance by the city of Windom, Cottonwood County, and Independent School District No. 177 with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782, subdivision 2, and 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 8. AFFORDABLE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT TAX ASSISTANCE REPORT.

- (a) No later than January 31, 2022, the commissioner of revenue, in consultation with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, the Minnesota State Auditor, the Association of Minnesota Counties, and the League of Minnesota Cities, must produce a report on affordable housing projects paid for in whole or in part by either tax increment, or from a city or county housing trust fund for local housing development established under Minnesota Statutes, section 462C.16. The commissioner must provide a copy of the report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over taxation, property taxation, and housing. The report must comply with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 3.195 and 3.197.
- 80.14 (b) For housing projects financed in whole or in part by tax increment, the report shall include the following:
- 80.16 (1) the identity of each housing tax increment financing district established under
 80.17 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 469, or through special law, in the previous five years, including
 80.18 the district's location, certification date, and projected decertification date;
 - (2) for each housing district identified under clause (1), a list of each housing project financed in whole or in part from tax increment, including the percentage of area median income relative to each housing project, and any income limits required under federal, state, or local law for each housing project; and
 - (3) for any tax increment financing district that, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (d), increased the permitted amount of expenditures for activities located outside the district in the last five years, the district's location, type of district, certification date, projected decertification date, and detailed information relating to each housing project financed, including the percentage of area median income relative to each housing project, and any income limits required under federal, state, or local law for each housing project.
 - (c) For each housing trust fund established under Minnesota Statutes, section 462C.16, the report shall include the following:
- 80.32 (1) a copy of the ordinance or joint powers agreement establishing the trust fund; and

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| (2) an accounting of all authorized expenditures from the housing trust fund for | each |
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| calendar year, separated by each of the following expenditure types: | |

(i) administrative expenses;

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- (ii) grants, loans, and business guarantees for the development, rehabilitation, or financing of housing, with detailed information as to each housing project, including the percentage of area median income relative to each housing project, and any income limits required under federal, state, or local law for each housing project;
- (iii) matching of other funds from federal, state, or private resources for housing projects, with details provided as to each housing project, including the percentage of area median income relative to each housing project, and any income limits required under federal, state, or local law for each housing project; and
 - (iv) down payment assistance, rental assistance, and home buyer counseling services.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

81.14 ARTICLE 6 81.15 PUBLIC FINANCE

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297A.993, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Allocation; termination.** The proceeds of the taxes must be dedicated exclusively to: (1) payment of the capital cost of a specific transportation project or improvement; (2) payment of the costs, which may include both capital and operating costs, of a specific transit project or improvement; (3) payment of the capital costs of a safe routes to school program under section 174.40; or (4) payment of transit operating costs; or (5) payment of the capital cost of constructing buildings and other facilities for maintaining transportation or transit projects or improvements. The transportation or transit project or improvement must be designated by the board of the county, or more than one county acting under a joint powers agreement. Except for taxes for operating costs of a transit project or improvement, or for transit operations, the taxes must terminate when revenues raised are sufficient to finance the project. Nothing in this subdivision prohibits the exclusive dedication of the proceeds of the taxes to payments for more than one project or improvement. After a public hearing a county may, by resolution, dedicate the proceeds of the tax for a new enumerated project.

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Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 453A.04, subdivision 21, is amended to read:

Subd. 21. All other powers Exercising powers of a municipal power agency. It may exercise all other powers not inconsistent with the Constitution of the state of Minnesota or the United States Constitution, which powers may be reasonably necessary or appropriate for or incidental to the effectuation of its authorized purposes or to the exercise of any of the powers enumerated in this section, and generally may exercise in connection with its property and affairs, and in connection with property within its control, any and all powers which might be exercised by a natural person or a private corporation in connection with similar property and affairs It may exercise the powers of a municipal power agency under chapter 453, for the limited purpose of engaging in tax-exempt prepayments and related transactions as described in section 148(b)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, part 1, section 1.148-1(e)(2)(iii), both as may be amended from time to time, or as may otherwise be authorized by statute or the commissioner of internal revenue.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 453A.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 22. All other powers. It may exercise all other powers not inconsistent with the Minnesota Constitution or the United States Constitution, which powers may be reasonably necessary or appropriate for or incidental to the effectuation of its authorized purposes or to the exercise of any of the powers enumerated in this section, and generally may exercise in connection with its property and affairs, and in connection with property within its control, any and all powers which might be exercised by a natural person or a private corporation in connection with similar property and affairs.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 465.71, is amended to read:

82.25 **465.71 INSTALLMENT, LEASE PURCHASE; CITY, COUNTY, TOWN,** 82.26 **SCHOOL.**

A home rule charter city, statutory city, county, town, or school district may purchase personal property under an installment contract, or lease real or personal property with an option to purchase under a lease-purchase agreement, by which contract or agreement title is retained by the seller or vendor or assigned to a third party as security for the purchase price, including interest, if any, but such purchases are subject to statutory and charter provisions applicable to the purchase of real or personal property. For purposes of the bid requirements contained in section 471.345, "the amount of the contract" shall include the

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total of all lease payments for the entire term of the lease under a lease-purchase agreement. The obligation created by <u>an installment contract or</u> a lease-purchase agreement for personal property, or <u>an installment contract or</u> a lease-purchase agreement for real property if the amount of the contract for purchase of the real property is less than \$1,000,000, shall not be included in the calculation of net debt for purposes of section 475.53, and shall not constitute debt under any other statutory provision. No election shall be required in connection with the execution of <u>an installment contract or</u> a lease-purchase agreement authorized by this section. The city, county, town, or school district must have the right to terminate a lease-purchase agreement at the end of any fiscal year during its term.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 475.56, is amended to read:

475.56 INTEREST RATE.

- (a) Any municipality issuing obligations under any law may issue obligations bearing interest at a single rate or at rates varying from year to year which may be lower or higher in later years than in earlier years. Such higher rate for any period prior to maturity may be represented in part by separate coupons designated as additional coupons, extra coupons, or B coupons, but The highest aggregate rate of interest contracted to be so paid for any period shall not exceed the maximum rate authorized by law. Such higher rate may also be represented in part by the issuance of additional obligations of the same series, over and above but not exceeding two percent of the amount otherwise authorized to be issued, and the amount of such additional obligations shall not be included in the amount required by section 475.59 to be stated in any bond resolution, notice, or ballot, or in the sale price required by section 475.60 or any other law to be paid; but if the principal amount of the entire series exceeds its cash sale price, such excess shall not, when added to the total amount of interest payable on all obligations of the series to their stated maturity dates, cause and the average annual rate of such interest to may not exceed the maximum rate authorized by law. This section does not authorize a provision in any such obligations for the payment of a higher rate of interest after maturity than before.
- (b) Any municipality issuing obligations under any law may sell original issue discount or premium obligations having a stated principal amount in excess of the authorized amount and the sale price, provided that:
- (1) the sale price does not exceed by more than two percent the amount of obligations otherwise authorized to be issued;
- (2) the underwriting fee, discount, or other sales or underwriting commission does not exceed two percent of the sale price; and

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(3) the discount rate necessary to present value total principal and interest payments over the term of the issue to the sale price does not exceed the lesser of the maximum rate permitted by law for municipal obligations or ten percent. To determine the average annual rate of interest on the obligations, any discount shall be added to, and any premium subtracted from, the total amount of interest on the obligations to their stated maturity dates.

(c) Any obligation may bear interest at a rate varying periodically at the time or times and on the terms, including convertibility to a fixed rate of interest, determined by the governing body of the municipality, but the rate of interest for any period shall not exceed any maximum rate of interest for the obligations established by law. For purposes of section 475.61, subdivisions 1 and 3, the interest payable on variable rate obligations for their term shall be determined as if their rate of interest is the lesser of the maximum rate of interest payable on the obligations in accordance with their terms or the rate estimated for such purpose by the governing body, but if the interest rate is subsequently converted to a fixed rate the levy may be modified to provide at least five percent in excess of amounts necessary to pay principal of and interest at the fixed rate on the obligations when due. For purposes of computing debt service or interest pursuant to section 475.67, subdivision 12, interest throughout the term of bonds issued pursuant to this subdivision is deemed to accrue at the rate of interest first borne by the bonds. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to general obligations issued by a statutory or home rule charter city with a population of less than 7,500, as defined in section 477A.011, subdivision 3, or to general obligations that are not rated A or better, or an equivalent subsequently established rating, by Standard and Poor's Corporation, Moody's Investors Service or other similar nationally recognized rating agency, except that any statutory or home rule charter city, regardless of population or bond rating, may issue variable rate obligations as a participant in a bond pooling program established by the League of Minnesota Cities that meets this bond rating requirement.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 475.58, subdivision 3b, is amended to read:

Subd. 3b. **Street reconstruction and bituminous overlays.** (a) A municipality may, without regard to the election requirement under subdivision 1, issue and sell obligations for street reconstruction or bituminous overlays, if the following conditions are met:

(1) the streets are reconstructed or overlaid under a street reconstruction or overlay plan that describes the street reconstruction or overlay to be financed, the estimated costs, and any planned reconstruction or overlay of other streets in the municipality over the next five years, and the plan and issuance of the obligations has been approved by a vote of a two-thirds majority of the members of the governing body present at the meeting following a public

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hearing for which notice has been published in the official newspaper at least ten days but not more than 28 days prior to the hearing; and

- (2) if a petition requesting a vote on the issuance is signed by voters equal to five percent of the votes cast in the last municipal general election and is filed with the municipal clerk within 30 days of the public hearing, the municipality may issue the bonds only after obtaining the approval of a majority of the voters voting on the question of the issuance of the obligations. If the municipality elects not to submit the question to the voters, the municipality shall not propose the issuance of bonds under this section for the same purpose and in the same amount for a period of 365 days from the date of receipt of the petition. If the question of issuing the bonds is submitted and not approved by the voters, the provisions of section 475.58, subdivision 1a, shall apply.
- (b) Obligations issued under this subdivision are subject to the debt limit of the municipality and are not excluded from net debt under section 475.51, subdivision 4.
- (c) For purposes of this subdivision, street reconstruction and bituminous overlays includes include but are not limited to: utility replacement and relocation and other activities incidental to the street reconstruction; the addition or reconstruction of turn lanes, bicycle lanes, sidewalks, paths, and other improvements having a substantial public safety function; realignments, and other modifications to intersect with state and county roads; and the local share of state and county road projects. For purposes of this subdivision, "street reconstruction" includes expenditures for street reconstruction that have been incurred by a municipality before approval of a street reconstruction plan, if such expenditures are included in a street reconstruction plan approved on or before the date of the public hearing under paragraph (a), clause (1), regarding issuance of bonds for such expenditures.
- (d) Except in the case of turn lanes, <u>bicycle lanes</u>, <u>sidewalks</u>, <u>paths</u>, <u>and other safety</u> improvements; realignments; intersection modifications; and the local share of state and county road projects, street reconstruction and bituminous overlays does not include the portion of project cost allocable to widening a street or adding curbs and gutters where none previously existed.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 475.60, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Advertisement.** All obligations shall be negotiated and sold by the governing body, except when authority therefor is delegated by the governing body or by the charter of the municipality to a board, department, or officers of the municipality. Except as provided in section 475.56, obligations shall be sold at not less than par value plus accrued interest to date of delivery and not greater than two percent greater than the amount

| 86.1 | authorized to be issued plus accrued interest. Except as provided in subdivision 2 all |
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| 86.2 | obligations shall be sold at competitive sale after notice given as provided in subdivision |
| 86.3 | 3. |
| 86.4 | Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 475.67, subdivision 8, is amended to read: |
| 86.5 | Subd. 8. Escrow account securities. Securities purchased for the escrow account shall |
| 86.6 | be limited to: |
| 86.7 | (1) general obligations of the United States, securities whose principal and interest |
| 86.8 | payments are guaranteed by the United States including but not limited to Resolution Funding |
| 86.9 | Corporation Interest Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities |
| 86.10 | (STRIPs) and United States Agency for International Development Bonds or STRIPs, and |
| 86.11 | securities issued by the following agencies of the United States: Banks for Cooperatives, |
| 86.12 | United States government-sponsored enterprises including but not limited to Federal Home |
| 86.13 | Loan Banks, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, Federal Land Banks, and the Federal Farm |
| 86.14 | Credit System, the Federal National Mortgage Association, or the Federal Home Loan |
| 86.15 | Mortgage Corporation; or |
| 86.16 | (2) obligations issued or guaranteed by any state or any political subdivision of a state, |
| 86.17 | which at the date of purchase are rated in the highest or the next highest rating category by |
| 86.18 | Standard and Poor's Corporation, Moody's Investors Service, or a similar nationally |
| 86.19 | recognized rating agency, but not less than the rating on the refunded bonds immediately |
| 86.20 | prior to the refunding. |
| 86.21 | "Rating category," as used in this subdivision, means a generic securities rating category, |
| 86.22 | without regard in the case of a long-term rating category to any refinement or gradation of |
| 86.23 | such long-term rating category by a numerical modifier or otherwise. |
| 86.24 | Sec. 9. REPEALER. |
| 86.25 | Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.055, subdivision 7, is repealed. |
| 86.26 | ARTICLE 7 |
| 86.27 | PARTNERSHIP AUDITS |
| | |
| 86.28 | Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270C.445, subdivision 6, is amended to read: |
| 86.29 | Subd. 6. Enforcement; administrative order; penalties; cease and desist. (a) The |
| 86.30 | commissioner may impose an administrative penalty of not more than \$1,000 per violation |
| 86.31 | of subdivision 3 or 5, or section 270C.4451, provided that a penalty may not be imposed |

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for any conduct for which a tax preparer penalty is imposed under section 289A.60, subdivision 13. The commissioner may terminate a tax preparer's authority to transmit returns electronically to the state, if the commissioner determines the tax preparer engaged in a pattern and practice of violating this section. Imposition of a penalty under this paragraph is subject to the contested case procedure under chapter 14. The commissioner shall collect the penalty in the same manner as the income tax. There is no right to make a claim for refund under section 289A.50 of the penalty imposed under this paragraph. Penalties imposed under this paragraph are public data.

- (b) In addition to the penalty under paragraph (a), if the commissioner determines that a tax preparer has violated subdivision 3 or 5, or section 270C.4451, the commissioner may issue an administrative order to the tax preparer requiring the tax preparer to cease and desist from committing the violation. The administrative order may include an administrative penalty provided in paragraph (a).
- (c) If the commissioner issues an administrative order under paragraph (b), the commissioner must send the order to the tax preparer addressed to the last known address of the tax preparer.
- (d) A cease and desist order under paragraph (b) must:
- (1) describe the act, conduct, or practice committed and include a reference to the law that the act, conduct, or practice violates; and
- (2) provide notice that the tax preparer may request a hearing as provided in this subdivision.
 - (e) Within 30 days after the commissioner issues an administrative order under paragraph (b), the tax preparer may request a hearing to review the commissioner's action. The request for hearing must be made in writing and must be served on the commissioner at the address specified in the order. The hearing request must specifically state the reasons for seeking review of the order. The date on which a request for hearing is served by mail is the postmark date on the envelope in which the request for hearing is mailed.
 - (f) If a tax preparer does not timely request a hearing regarding an administrative order issued under paragraph (b), the order becomes a final order of the commissioner and is not subject to review by any court or agency.
- (g) If a tax preparer timely requests a hearing regarding an administrative order issued under paragraph (b), the hearing must be commenced within ten days after the commissioner receives the request for a hearing.

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- (h) A hearing timely requested under paragraph (e) is subject to the contested case procedure under chapter 14, as modified by this subdivision. The administrative law judge must issue a report containing findings of fact, conclusions of law, and a recommended order within ten days after the completion of the hearing, the receipt of late-filed exhibits, or the submission of written arguments, whichever is later.
- (i) Within five days of the date of the administrative law judge's report issued under paragraph (h), any party aggrieved by the administrative law judge's report may submit written exceptions and arguments to the commissioner. Within 15 days after receiving the administrative law judge's report, the commissioner must issue an order vacating, modifying, or making final the administrative order.
- (j) The commissioner and the tax preparer requesting a hearing may by agreement lengthen any time periods prescribed in paragraphs (g) to (i).
- (k) An administrative order issued under paragraph (b) is in effect until it is modified or vacated by the commissioner or an appellate court. The administrative hearing provided by paragraphs (e) to (i) and any appellate judicial review as provided in chapter 14 constitute the exclusive remedy for a tax preparer aggrieved by the order.
- (1) The commissioner may impose an administrative penalty, in addition to the penalty under paragraph (a), up to \$5,000 per violation of a cease and desist order issued under paragraph (b). Imposition of a penalty under this paragraph is subject to the contested case procedure under chapter 14. Within 30 days after the commissioner imposes a penalty under this paragraph, the tax preparer assessed the penalty may request a hearing to review the penalty order. The request for hearing must be made in writing and must be served on the commissioner at the address specified in the order. The hearing request must specifically state the reasons for seeking review of the order. The cease and desist order issued under paragraph (b) is not subject to review in a proceeding to challenge the penalty order under this paragraph. The date on which a request for hearing is served by mail is the postmark date on the envelope in which the request for hearing is mailed. If the tax preparer does not timely request a hearing, the penalty order becomes a final order of the commissioner and is not subject to review by any court or agency. A penalty imposed by the commissioner under this paragraph may be collected and enforced by the commissioner as an income tax liability. There is no right to make a claim for refund under section 289A.50 of the penalty imposed under this paragraph. A penalty imposed under this paragraph is public data.

- (m) If a tax preparer violates a cease and desist order issued under paragraph (b), the commissioner may terminate the tax preparer's authority to transmit returns electronically to the state. Termination under this paragraph is public data.
- (n) A cease and desist order issued under paragraph (b) is public data when it is a final order.
- (o) Notwithstanding any other law, the commissioner may impose a penalty or take other action under this subdivision against a tax preparer, with respect to a return, within the period to assess tax on that return as provided by section sections 289A.38 to 289A.382.
- (p) Notwithstanding any other law, the imposition of a penalty or any other action against a tax preparer under this subdivision, other than with respect to a return, must be taken by the commissioner within five years of the violation of statute.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
 after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of
 Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively
 and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.
- 89.16 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. Individual income, fiduciary income, mining company, corporate franchise, and entertainment taxes. (a) Individual income, fiduciary income, mining company, and corporate franchise taxes, and interest and penalties, must be paid by the taxpayer upon whom the tax is imposed, except in the following cases:
 - (1) the tax due from a decedent for that part of the taxable year in which the decedent died during which the decedent was alive and the taxes, interest, and penalty due for the prior years must be paid by the decedent's personal representative, if any. If there is no personal representative, the taxes, interest, and penalty must be paid by the transferees, as defined in section 270C.58, subdivision 3, to the extent they receive property from the decedent;
 - (2) the tax due from an infant or other incompetent person must be paid by the person's guardian or other person authorized or permitted by law to act for the person;
- 89.29 (3) the tax due from the estate of a decedent must be paid by the estate's personal representative;
- (4) the tax due from a trust, including those within the definition of a corporation, as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 4, must be paid by a trustee; and

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| (5) the tax due from a taxpayer whose business or property is in charge of a receiver, |
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| trustee in bankruptcy, assignee, or other conservator, must be paid by the person in charge |
| of the business or property so far as the tax is due to the income from the business or property. |
| |

- (b) Entertainment taxes are the joint and several liability of the entertainer and the entertainment entity. The payor is liable to the state for the payment of the tax required to be deducted and withheld under section 290.9201, subdivision 7, and is not liable to the entertainer for the amount of the payment.
- (c) The taxes imposed under sections 289A.35, paragraph (b), 289A.382, subdivision 3, and 290.0922 on partnerships are the joint and several liability of the partnership and the general partners.
- 90.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.
- 90.15 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Erroneous refunds.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), an erroneous refund occurs when the commissioner issues a payment to a person that exceeds the amount the person is entitled to receive under law. An erroneous refund is considered an underpayment of tax on the date issued.
- 90.20 (b) To the extent that the amount paid does not exceed the amount claimed by the taxpayer, an erroneous refund does not include the following:
- 90.22 (1) any amount of a refund or credit paid pursuant to a claim for refund filed by a taxpayer, including but not limited to refunds of claims made under section 290.06, subdivision 23; 290.067; 290.0671; 290.0672; 290.0674; 290.0675; 290.0677; 290.068; 290.0681; or 290.0692; or chapter 290A; or
- 90.26 (2) any amount paid pursuant to a claim for refund of an overpayment of tax filed by a 90.27 taxpayer.
 - (c) The commissioner may make an assessment to recover an erroneous refund at any time within two years from the issuance of the erroneous refund. If all or part of the erroneous refund was induced by fraud or misrepresentation of a material fact, the assessment may be made at any time.

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(d) Assessments of amounts that are not erroneous refunds under paragraph (b) must be conducted under section sections 289A.38 to 289A.382.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.38, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

- Subd. 7. Federal tax changes. (a) If the amount of income, items of tax preference, deductions, or credits for any year of a taxpayer, or the wages paid by a taxpayer for any period, as reported to the Internal Revenue Service is changed or corrected by the commissioner of Internal Revenue or other officer of the United States or other competent authority, or where a renegotiation of a contract or subcontract with the United States results in a change in income, items of tax preference, deductions, credits, or withholding tax, or, in the case of estate tax, where there are adjustments to the taxable estate, the taxpayer shall report the change or correction or renegotiation results federal adjustments in writing to the commissioner. The federal adjustments report must be submitted within 180 days after the final determination date and must be in the form of either an amended Minnesota estate, withholding tax, corporate franchise tax, or income tax return conceding the accuracy of the federal determination adjustment or a letter detailing how the federal determination adjustment is incorrect or does not change the Minnesota tax. An amended Minnesota income tax return must be accompanied by an amended property tax refund return, if necessary. A taxpayer filing an amended federal tax return must also file a copy of the amended return with the commissioner of revenue within 180 days after filing the amended return.
- (b) For the purposes of paragraph (a), a change or correction includes any case where a taxpayer reaches a closing agreement or compromise with the Internal Revenue Service under section 7121 or 7122 of the Internal Revenue Code. In the case of a final federal adjustment arising from a partnership-level audit or an administrative adjustment request filed by a partnership under section 6227 of the Internal Revenue Code, a taxpayer must report adjustments as provided for under section 289A.382, and not this section.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.

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Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.38, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Failure to report change or correction of federal return. If a taxpayer fails to make a <u>federal adjustments</u> report as required by subdivision 7 <u>or section 289A.382</u>, the commissioner may recompute the tax, including a refund, based on information available to the commissioner. The tax may be recomputed within six years after the <u>federal</u> <u>adjustments</u> report should have been filed, notwithstanding any period of limitations to the contrary.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.38, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Report made of change or correction of federal return. If a taxpayer is required to make a federal adjustments report under subdivision 7 or section 289A.382, and does report the change or files a copy of the amended return, the commissioner may recompute and reassess the tax due, including a refund (1) within one year after the federal adjustments report or amended return is filed with the commissioner, notwithstanding any period of limitations to the contrary, or (2) within any other applicable period stated in this section, whichever period is longer. The period provided for the carryback of any amount of loss or credit is also extended as provided in this subdivision, notwithstanding any law to the contrary. If the commissioner has completed a field audit of the taxpayer, and, but for this subdivision, the commissioner's time period to adjust the tax has expired, the additional tax due or refund is limited to only those changes that are required to be made to the return which relate to the changes made on the federal return. This subdivision does not apply to sales and use tax.

For purposes of this subdivision and section 289A.42, subdivision 2, a "field audit" is the physical presence of examiners in the taxpayer's or taxpayer's representative's office conducting an examination of the taxpayer with the intention of issuing an assessment or notice of change in tax or which results in the issuing of an assessment or notice of change in tax. The examination may include inspecting a taxpayer's place of business, tangible personal property, equipment, computer systems and facilities, pertinent books, records, papers, vouchers, computer printouts, accounts, and documents.

A taxpayer may make estimated payments to the commissioner of the tax expected to result from a pending audit by the Internal Revenue Service. The taxpayer may make

estimated payments prior to the due date of the federal adjustments report without the taxpayer having to file the report with the commissioner. The commissioner must credit the estimated tax payments against any tax liability of the taxpayer ultimately found to be due to the commissioner. The estimated payments limit the accrual of further statutory interest on that amount. If the estimated tax payments exceed the final tax liability plus statutory interest ultimately determined to be due, the taxpayer is entitled to a refund or credit for the excess, provided the taxpayer files a federal adjustments report, or claim for refund or credit of tax, no later than one year following the final determination date. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates. Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.38, subdivision 10, is amended to read: Subd. 10. Incorrect determination of federal adjusted gross income. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a taxpayer whose net income is determined under section 290.01, subdivision 19, omits from income an amount that will under the Internal Revenue Code extend the statute of limitations for the assessment of federal income taxes, or otherwise incorrectly determines the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income resulting in adjustments by the Internal Revenue Service, then the period of assessment and determination of tax will be that under the Internal Revenue Code. When a change is made to federal income during the extended time provided under this subdivision, the provisions under subdivisions 7 to 9 and section 289A.382 regarding additional extensions apply.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.

Sec. 8. [289A.381] DEFINITIONS; PARTNERSHIPS; FEDERAL ADJUSTMENTS.

- Subdivision 1. Definitions relating to federal adjustments. Unless otherwise specified, the definitions in this section apply for the purposes of sections 289A.38, subdivisions 7 to 9, 289A.381, and 289A.382.
- 93.31 <u>Subd. 2. Administrative adjustment request.</u> "Administrative adjustment request"
 93.32 <u>means an administrative adjustment request filed by a partnership under section 6227 of</u>
 93.33 the Internal Revenue Code.

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Subd. 3. Audited partnership. "Audited partnership" means a partnership subject to a 94.1 federal adjustment resulting from a partnership-level audit. 94.2 94.3 Subd. 4. Corporate partner. "Corporate partner" means a partner that is subject to tax under section 290.02. 94.4 94.5 Subd. 5. Direct partner. "Direct partner" means a partner that holds an immediate legal ownership interest in a partnership or pass-through entity. 94.6 94.7 Subd. 6. **Exempt partner.** "Exempt partner" means a partner that is exempt from taxes on its net income under section 290.05, subdivision 1. 94.8 Subd. 7. Federal adjustment. "Federal adjustment" means any change in an amount 94.9 calculated under the Internal Revenue Code, whether to income, gross estate, a credit, an 94.10 item of preference, or any other item that is used by a taxpayer to compute a tax administered 94.11 under this chapter for the reviewed year whether that change results from action by the 94.12 Internal Revenue Service or other competent authority, including a partnership-level audit, 94.13 or from the filing of an amended federal return, federal refund claim, or an administrative 94.14 adjustment request by the taxpayer. 94.15 Subd. 8. Federal adjustments report. "Federal adjustments report" includes a method 94.16 or form prescribed by the commissioner for use by a taxpayer to report federal adjustments, 94.17 including an amended Minnesota tax return or a uniform multistate report. 94.18 Subd. 9. Federal partnership representative. "Federal partnership representative" 94.19 94.20 means the person the partnership designates for the taxable year as the partnership's representative, or the person the Internal Revenue Service has appointed to act as the 94.21 partnership representative, pursuant to section 6223(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. 94.22 Subd. 10. Final determination date. "Final determination date" means: 94.23 (1) for a federal adjustment arising from an audit by the Internal Revenue Service or 94.24 other competent authority, the first day on which no federal adjustment arising from that 94.25 audit remains to be finally determined, whether by agreement, or, if appealed or contested, 94.26 94.27 by a final decision with respect to which all rights of appeal have been waived or exhausted; (2) for a federal adjustment arising from an audit or other action by the Internal Revenue 94.28 94.29 Service or other competent authority, if the taxpayer filed as a member of a combined report under section 290.17, subdivision 4, the first day on which no related federal adjustments 94.30 arising from that audit remain to be finally determined as described in clause (1) for the 94.31 entire combined group; 94.32

| 95.1 | (3) for a federal adjustment arising from the filing of an amended federal return, a federal |
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| 95.2 | refund claim, or the filing by a partnership of an administrative adjustment request, the date |
| 95.3 | on which the amended return, refund claim, or administrative adjustment request was filed; |
| 95.4 | <u>or</u> |
| 95.5 | (4) for agreements required to be signed by the Internal Revenue Service and the taxpayer, |
| 95.6 | the date on which the last party signed the agreement. |
| 95.7 | Subd. 11. Final federal adjustment. "Final federal adjustment" means a federal |
| 95.8 | adjustment after the final determination date for that federal adjustment has passed. |
| 95.9 | Subd. 12. Indirect partner. "Indirect partner" means either: |
| 95.10 | (1) a partner in a partnership or pass-through entity that itself holds an immediate legal |
| 95.11 | ownership interest in another partnership or pass-through entity; or |
| 95.12 | (2) a partner in a partnership or pass-through entity that holds an indirect interest in |
| 95.13 | another partnership or pass-through entity through another indirect partner. |
| 95.14 | Subd. 13. Partner. "Partner" means a person that holds an interest directly or indirectly |
| 95.15 | in a partnership or other pass-through entity. |
| 95.16 | Subd. 14. Partnership. "Partnership" has the meaning provided under section 7701(a)(2) |
| 95.17 | of the Internal Revenue Code. |
| 95.18 | Subd. 15. Partnership-level audit. "Partnership-level audit" means an examination by |
| 95.19 | the Internal Revenue Service at the partnership level pursuant to subtitle F, chapter 63, |
| 95.20 | subchapter C, of the Internal Revenue Code, which results in federal adjustments and |
| 95.21 | adjustments to partnership-related items. |
| 95.22 | Subd. 16. Pass-through entity. "Pass-through entity" means an entity, other than a |
| 95.23 | partnership, that is not subject to the tax imposed under section 290.02. The term pass-through |
| 95.24 | entity includes but is not limited to S corporations, estates, and trusts other than grantor |
| 95.25 | <u>trusts.</u> |
| 95.26 | Subd. 17. Resident partner. "Resident partner" means an individual, trust, or estate |
| 95.27 | partner who is a resident of Minnesota under section 290.01, subdivision 7, 7a, or 7b, for |
| 95.28 | the relevant tax period. |
| 95.29 | Subd. 18. Reviewed year. "Reviewed year" means the taxable year of a partnership that |
| 95.30 | is subject to a partnership-level audit from which federal adjustments arise. |
| 95.31 | Subd. 19. Tiered partner. "Tiered partner" means any partner that is a partnership or |
| 95.32 | pass-through entity. |

Subd. 20. Unrelated business taxable income. "Unrelated business taxable income"
has the meaning provided under section 512 of the Internal Revenue Code.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.

Sec. 9. [289A.382] REPORTING AND PAYMENT REQUIREMENTS.

- Subdivision 1. State partnership representative. (a) With respect to an action required or permitted to be taken by a partnership under this section, or in a proceeding under section 270C.35 or 271.06, the state partnership representative for the reviewed year shall have the sole authority to act on behalf of the partnership, and its direct partners and indirect partners shall be bound by those actions.
- (b) The state partnership representative for the reviewed year is the partnership's federal partnership representative unless the partnership, in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, designates another person as its state partnership representative.

Subd. 2. Reporting and payment requirements for partnerships and tiered partners. (a) Except for when an audited partnership makes the election in subdivision 3, or for adjustments required to be reported for federal purposes pursuant to section 6225(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, all final federal adjustments of an audited partnership must comply with paragraph (b) and each direct partner of the audited partnership, other than a tiered partner, must comply with paragraph (c).

- (b) No later than 90 days after the final determination date, the audited partnership must:
- 96.23 (1) file a completed federal adjustments report, including all partner-level information 96.24 required under section 289A.12, subdivision 3, with the commissioner;
- 96.25 (2) notify each of its direct partners of their distributive share of the final federal adjustments;
 - (3) file an amended composite report for all direct partners who were included in a composite return under section 289A.08, subdivision 7, in the reviewed year, and pay the additional amount that would have been due had the federal adjustments been reported properly as required; and
- 96.31 (4) file amended withholding reports for all direct partners who were or should have 96.32 been subject to nonresident withholding under section 290.92, subdivision 4b, in the reviewed

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year, and pay the additional amount that would have been due had the federal adjustments 97.1 97.2 been reported properly as required. 97.3 (c) No later than 180 days after the final determination date, each direct partner, other than a tiered partner, that is subject to a tax administered under this chapter, other than the 97.4 97.5 sales tax, must: (1) file a federal adjustments report reporting their distributive share of the adjustments 97.6 reported to them under paragraph (b), clause (2); and 97.7 (2) pay any additional amount of tax due as if the final federal adjustment had been 97.8 properly reported, plus any penalty and interest due under this chapter, and less any credit 97.9 for related amounts paid or withheld and remitted on behalf of the direct partner under 97.10 paragraph (b), clauses (3) and (4). 97.11 97.12 Subd. 3. Election; partnership or tiered partners pay. (a) An audited partnership may make an election under this subdivision to pay its assessment at the entity level. If an audited 97.13 partnership makes an election to pay its assessment at the entity level it must: 97.14 (1) no later than 90 days after the final determination date: 97.15 (i) file a completed federal adjustments report, which includes the residency information 97.16 for all individual, trust, and estate direct partners and information pertaining to all other 97.17 direct partners as prescribed by the commissioner; and 97.18 (ii) notify the commissioner that it is making the election under this subdivision; and 97.19 (2) no later than 180 days after the final determination date, pay an amount, determined 97.20 as follows, in lieu of taxes on partners: 97.21 (i) exclude from final federal adjustments the distributive share of these adjustments 97.22 made to a direct exempt partner that is not unrelated business taxable income; 97.23 97.24 (ii) exclude from final federal adjustments the distributive share of these adjustments made to a direct partner that has filed a federal adjustments report and paid the applicable 97.25 tax, as required under subdivision 2, for the distributive share of adjustments reported on a 97.26 federal return under section 6225(c) of the Internal Revenue Code; 97.27 (iii) assign and apportion at the partnership level using sections 290.17 to 290.20 the 97.28 total distributive share of the remaining final federal adjustments for the reviewed year 97.29 attributed to direct corporate partners and direct exempt partners; multiply the total by the 97.30 97.31 highest tax rate in section 290.06, subdivision 1, for the reviewed year; and calculate interest and penalties as applicable under this chapter; 97.32

| 98.1 | (iv) allocate at the partnership level using section 290.17, subdivision 1, the total |
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| 98.2 | distributive share of all final federal adjustments attributable to individual resident direct |
| 98.3 | partners for the reviewed year; multiply the total by the highest tax rate in section 290.06, |
| 98.4 | subdivision 2c, for the reviewed year; and calculate interest and penalties as applicable |
| 98.5 | under this chapter; |
| 98.6 | (v) assign and apportion at the partnership level using sections 290.17 to 290.20 the total |
| 98.7 | distributive share of the remaining final federal adjustments attributable to nonresident |
| 98.8 | individual direct partners and direct partners who are an estate or a trust for the reviewed |
| 98.9 | year; multiply the total by the highest tax rate in section 290.06, subdivision 2c, for the |
| 98.10 | reviewed year; and calculate interest and penalties as applicable under this chapter; |
| 98.11 | (vi) for the total distributive share of the remaining final federal adjustments reported |
| 98.12 | to tiered partners: |
| 98.13 | (A) determine the amount of the adjustments that would be assigned using section 290.17, |
| 98.14 | subdivision 2, paragraphs (a) to (d), excluding income or gains from intangible personal |
| 98.15 | property not employed in the business of the recipient of the income or gains if the recipient |
| 98.16 | of the income or gains is a resident of this state or is a resident trust or estate under section |
| 98.17 | 290.17, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), or apportioned using sections 290.17, subdivision 3, |
| 98.18 | 290.191, and 290.20; and then determine the portion of the amount that would be allocated |
| 98.19 | to this state; |
| 98.20 | (B) determine the amount of the adjustments that are fully sourced to the taxpayer's state |
| 98.21 | of residency under section 290.17, subdivision 2, paragraph (e), and income or gains from |
| 98.22 | intangible personal property not employed in the business of the recipient of the income or |
| 98.23 | gains if the recipient of the income or gains is a resident of this state or is a resident trust |
| 98.24 | or estate under section 290.17, subdivision 2, paragraph (c); |
| 98.25 | (C) determine the portion of the amount determined in subitem (B) that can be established |
| 98.26 | to be properly allocable to nonresident indirect partners or other partners not subject to tax |
| 98.27 | on the adjustments; and |
| 98.28 | (D) multiply the total of the amounts determined in subitems (A) and (B) reduced by |
| 98.29 | the amount determined in subitem (C) by the highest tax rate in section 290.06, subdivision |
| 98.30 | 2c, for the reviewed year, and calculate interest and penalties as applicable under this chapter; |
| 98.31 | <u>and</u> |
| 98.32 | (vii) add the amounts determined in items (iii) to (vi), and pay all applicable taxes, |
| 98.33 | penalties, and interest to the commissioner. |

| 99.1 | (b) An audited partnership may not make an election under this subdivision to report: |
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| 99.2 | (1) a federal adjustment that results in unitary business income to a corporate partner |
| 99.3 | required to file as a member of a combined report under section 290.17, subdivision 4; or |
| 99.4 | (2) any final federal adjustments resulting from an administrative adjustment request. |
| 99.5 | (c) An audited partnership not otherwise subject to any reporting or payment obligation |
| 99.6 | to this state may not make an election under this subdivision. |
| 99.7 | Subd. 4. Tiered partners and indirect partners. The direct and indirect partners of an |
| 99.8 | audited partnership that are tiered partners, and all the partners of the tiered partners, that |
| 99.9 | are subject to tax under chapter 290 are subject to the reporting and payment requirements |
| 99.10 | contained in subdivision 2, and the tiered partners are entitled to make the elections provided |
| 99.11 | in subdivision 3. The tiered partners or their partners shall make required reports and |
| 99.12 | payments no later than 90 days after the time for filing and furnishing of statements to tiered |
| 99.13 | partners and their partners as established under section 6226 of the Internal Revenue Code. |
| 99.14 | Subd. 5. Effects of election by partnership or tiered partner and payment of amount |
| 99.15 | <u>due.</u> (a) Unless the commissioner determines otherwise, an election under subdivision 3 is |
| 99.16 | irrevocable. |
| 99.17 | (b) If an audited partnership or tiered partner properly reports and pays an amount |
| 99.18 | determined in subdivision 3, the amount must be treated as paid in lieu of taxes owed by |
| 99.19 | the partnership's direct partners and indirect partners, to the extent applicable, on the same |
| 99.20 | final federal adjustments. The direct partners or indirect partners of the partnership who are |
| 99.21 | not resident partners may not take any deduction or credit for this amount or claim a refund |
| 99.22 | of the amount in this state. |
| 99.23 | (c) Nothing in this subdivision precludes resident direct partners from claiming a credit |
| 99.24 | against taxes paid under section 290.06 on any amounts paid by the audited partnership or |
| 99.25 | tiered partners on the resident partner's behalf to another state or local tax jurisdiction. |
| 99.26 | Subd. 6. Failure of partnership or tiered partner to report or pay. Nothing in this |
| 99.27 | section prevents the commissioner from assessing direct partners or indirect partners for |
| 99.28 | taxes they owe, using the best information available, in the event that, for any reason, a |
| 99.29 | partnership or tiered partner fails to timely make any report or payment required by this |
| 99.30 | section. |
| 99.31 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning |
| 99.32 | after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of |
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Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively 100.1 and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates. 100.2

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.42, is amended to read:

289A.42 CONSENT TO EXTEND STATUTE.

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- Subdivision 1. Extension agreement. If before the expiration of time prescribed in sections 289A.38 to 289A.382 and 289A.40 for the assessment of tax or the filing of a claim for refund, both the commissioner and the taxpayer have consented in writing to the assessment or filing of a claim for refund after that time, the tax may be assessed or the claim for refund filed at any time before the expiration of the agreed-upon period. The period may be extended by later agreements in writing before the expiration of the period 100.10 previously agreed upon. The taxpayer and the commissioner may also agree to extend the 100.11 period for collection of the tax. 100.12
- 100.13 Subd. 2. Federal extensions. When a taxpayer consents to an extension of time for the assessment of federal withholding or income taxes, the period in which the commissioner 100.14 may recompute the tax is also extended, notwithstanding any period of limitations to the 100.15 contrary, as follows: 100.16
- 100.17 (1) for the periods provided in sections 289A.38, subdivisions 8 and 9, and 289A.382, subdivisions 2 and 3; 100.18
- 100.19 (2) for six months following the expiration of the extended federal period of limitations when no change is made by the federal authority. If no change is made by the federal authority, and, but for this subdivision, the commissioner's time period to adjust the tax has 100.21 expired, and if the commissioner has completed a field audit of the taxpayer, no additional 100.22 changes resulting in additional tax due or a refund may be made. For purposes of this 100.23 subdivision, "field audit" has the meaning given it in section 289A.38, subdivision 9. 100.24
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 100.25 after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of 100.26 Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively 100.27 and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates. 100.28
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 289A.60, subdivision 24, is amended to read: 100.29
- 100.30 Subd. 24. Penalty for failure to notify of federal change. If a person fails to report to the commissioner a change or correction of the person's federal return in the manner and 100.31 time prescribed in sections 289A.38, subdivision 7, and 289A.382, there must be 100.32

added to the tax an amount equal to ten percent of the amount of any underpayment of 101.1 Minnesota tax attributable to the federal change. 101.2 101.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of 101.4 Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively 101.5 and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates. 101.6 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 101.7 Subdivision 1. Partners, not partnership, subject to tax. Except as provided under 101.8 section sections 289A.35, paragraph (b), and 289A.382, subdivision 3, a partnership as such 101.9 shall not be subject to the income tax imposed by this chapter, but is subject to the tax 101.11 imposed under section 290.0922. Persons carrying on business as partners shall be liable for income tax only in their separate or individual capacities. 101.12 101.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively 101.15 101.16 and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates. Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297F.17, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 101.17 Subd. 6. Time limit for bad debt refund. Claims for refund must be filed with the 101.18 commissioner during the one-year period beginning with the timely filing of the taxpayer's 101.19 federal income tax return containing the bad debt deduction that is being claimed. Claimants 101.20 under this subdivision are subject to the notice requirements of sections 289A.38, 101.21 subdivision 7, and 289A.382. 101.22 101.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 101.24 after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively 101.25 and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates. 101.26 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 297G.16, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 101.27 Subd. 7. Time limit for a bad debt deduction. Claims for refund must be filed with 101.28 the commissioner within one year of the filing of the taxpayer's income tax return containing 101.29 the bad debt deduction that is being claimed. Claimants under this subdivision are subject 101.30

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to the notice requirements of section 289A.38, subdivision 7 sections 289A.38 to 289A.382.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of
Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively
and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.

- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 469.319, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Repayment procedures.** (a) For the repayment of taxes imposed under chapter 290 or 297A or local taxes collected pursuant to section 297A.99, a business must file an amended return with the commissioner of revenue and pay any taxes required to be repaid within 30 days after becoming subject to repayment under this section. The amount required to be repaid is determined by calculating the tax for the period or periods for which repayment is required without regard to the exemptions and credits allowed under section 469.315.
- (b) For the repayment of taxes imposed under chapter 297B, a business must pay any taxes required to be repaid to the motor vehicle registrar, as agent for the commissioner of revenue, within 30 days after becoming subject to repayment under this section.
- (c) For the repayment of property taxes, the county auditor shall prepare a tax statement for the business, applying the applicable tax extension rates for each payable year and provide a copy to the business and to the taxpayer of record. The business must pay the taxes to the county treasurer within 30 days after receipt of the tax statement. The business or the taxpayer of record may appeal the valuation and determination of the property tax to the Tax Court within 30 days after receipt of the tax statement.
- (d) The provisions of chapters 270C and 289A relating to the commissioner's authority to audit, assess, and collect the tax and to hear appeals are applicable to the repayment required under paragraphs (a) and (b). The commissioner may impose civil penalties as provided in chapter 289A, and the additional tax and penalties are subject to interest at the rate provided in section 270C.40. The additional tax shall bear interest from 30 days after becoming subject to repayment under this section until the date the tax is paid. Any penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall bear interest from the date provided in section 270C.40, subdivision 3, to the date of payment of the penalty.
- (e) If a property tax is not repaid under paragraph (c), the county treasurer shall add the amount required to be repaid to the property taxes assessed against the property for payment in the year following the year in which the auditor provided the statement under paragraph (c).

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(f) For determining the tax required to be repaid, a reduction of a state or local sales or use tax is deemed to have been received on the date that the good or service was purchased or first put to a taxable use. In the case of an income tax or franchise tax, including the credit payable under section 469.318, a reduction of tax is deemed to have been received for the two most recent tax years that have ended prior to the date that the business became subject to repayment under this section. In the case of a property tax, a reduction of tax is deemed to have been received for the taxes payable in the year that the business became subject to repayment under this section and for the taxes payable in the prior year.

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- (g) The commissioner may assess the repayment of taxes under paragraph (d) any time within two years after the business becomes subject to repayment under subdivision 1, or within any period of limitations for the assessment of tax under section sections 289A.38 to 289A.382, whichever period is later. The county auditor may send the statement under paragraph (c) any time within three years after the business becomes subject to repayment under subdivision 1.
- (h) A business is not entitled to any income tax or franchise tax benefits, including refundable credits, for any part of the year in which the business becomes subject to repayment under this section nor for any year thereafter. Property is not exempt from tax under section 272.02, subdivision 64, for any taxes payable in the year following the year in which the property became subject to repayment under this section nor for any year thereafter. A business is not eligible for any sales tax benefits beginning with goods or services purchased or first put to a taxable use on the day that the business becomes subject to repayment under this section.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, except that for partnerships that make an election under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.9100-22T, this section is effective retroactively and applies to the same tax periods to which the election relates.

ARTICLE 8 103.27 LOCAL SALES TAXES 103.28

103.29 Section 1. Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 6, article 6, section 27, is amended to read: 103.30

Sec. 27. CITY OF SARTELL; LOCAL TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Food and beverage tax authorized. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99 or 477A.016, or any ordinance or other provision of law, and if approved 103.33

| 104.1 | by voters at the November 3, 2020, a general election, or at a special election held before |
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| 104.2 | November 3, 2020 pursuant to a resolution adopted by its governing body, the city of Sartell |
| 104.3 | may, by ordinance, impose a sales tax of up to 1-1/2 percent on the gross receipts of all food |
| 104.4 | and beverages sold by a restaurant or place of refreshment, as defined by ordinance of the |
| 104.5 | city, that is located within the city. For purposes of this section, "food and beverages" include |
| 104.6 | retail on-sale of intoxicating liquor and fermented malt beverages. |
| 104.7 | Subd. 2. Use of proceeds from authorized taxes. The proceeds of the taxes imposed |
| 104.8 | under subdivision 1 must be used by the city to fund capital or operational costs for new |
| 104.9 | and existing recreational facilities and related amenities within the city. Authorized expenses |
| 104.10 | include securing or paying debt service on bonds or other obligations issued to finance |
| 104.11 | construction and improvement projects. |
| 104.12 | Subd. 3. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires five years |
| 104.13 | after the tax is first imposed. |
| 104.14 | Subd. 4. Collection, administration, and enforcement. The city may enter into an |
| 104.15 | agreement with the commissioner of revenue to administer, collect, and enforce the taxes |
| 104.16 | under subdivision 1. If the commissioner agrees to collect the tax, the provisions of Minnesota |
| 104.17 | Statutes, sections 270C.171 and 297A.99, related to collection, administration, and |
| 104.18 | enforcement apply. |
| 104.19 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the |
| 104.20 | city of Sartell and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, |
| 104.21 | subdivisions 2 and 3. |
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| 104.22 | Sec. 2. <u>CARLTON COUNTY</u> ; <u>LOCAL SALES AND USE TAX AUTHORIZED</u> . |
| 104.23 | Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, |
| 104.24 | sections 477A.016 and 297A.99, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), or any other law or ordinance, |
| 104.25 | and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, |
| 104.26 | section 297A.99, subdivision 3, Carlton County may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use |
| 104.27 | tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise |
| 104.28 | provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the |
| 104.29 | imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this |
| 104.30 | subdivision. |
| 104.31 | Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized |
| 104.32 | under subdivision 1 must be used by Carlton County to pay the costs of collecting and |
| 104 33 | administering the tax and to finance up to \$60,000 for the construction of a new law |

enforcement center and jail serving a regional female offender program. Authorized costs 105.1 include related parking, design, construction, reconstruction, mechanical upgrades, and 105.2 105.3 engineering costs, as well as the associated bond costs for any bonds issued under subdivision 105.4 3. 105.5 Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) Carlton County may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in 105.6 subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may 105.7 105.8 not exceed \$60,000,000, plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the county, 105.9 including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this 105.10 subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61. 105.11 (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the county. 105.12 Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest 105.13 on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds 105.14 under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 105.15 105.16 Subd. 4. **Termination of taxes.** The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 30 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the county determines that 105.17 it has received from this tax \$60,000,000 to fund the project listed in subdivision 2, plus an 105.18 amount sufficient to pay costs, including interest costs, related to the issuance of the bonds 105.19 authorized in subdivision 3. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 105.20 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the allowed 105.21 105.22 costs due to timing of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the county's general fund. The tax imposed under 105.23 subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the county determines by ordinance. 105.24 105.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of 105.26 Carlton County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 105.27 Sec. 3. CITY OF CLOQUET; TAXES AUTHORIZED. 105.28

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Cloquet may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,

govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized 106.1 under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local 106.2 106.3 sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized 106.4 106.5 under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Cloquet to pay the costs of collecting and 106.6 administering the tax and the capital and administrative costs of any or all of the projects listed in this subdivision. The amount spent on each project is limited to the amount set 106.7 forth below plus an amount equal to interest on and the costs of issuing any bonds: 106.8 (1) construction, reconstruction, expansion, or improvement related to the Pine Valley 106.9 106.10 Regional Park Project, including ski jump repairs, chalet replacement, and parking and lighting improvements, in an amount not to exceed \$2,124,700; and 106.11 106.12 (2) restoration, repair, and upgrading of the Cloquet Ice Arena in an amount not to exceed \$6,025,500. 106.13 Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Cloquet may issue bonds under Minnesota 106.14 Statutes, chapter 475, to finance up to \$8,150,200 of the portion of the costs of the facilities 106.15 authorized in subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, 106.16 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds 106.17 issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$8,150,200 plus an amount to be applied to 106.18 the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by 106.19 any funds available to the city of Cloquet, including the tax authorized under subdivision 106.20 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 106.21 275.60 and 275.61. 106.22 106.23 (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city of Cloquet, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal 106.24 and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve 106.25 the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 106.26 Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 106.27 subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) ten years 106.28 after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received 106.29 from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for 106.30 projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 106.31 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance 106.32 of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as 106.33 otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), 106.34

any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Cloquet and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 4. CITY OF CROSSLAKE; TAX AUTHORIZED.

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- Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Crosslake may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.

 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Crosslake to pay the costs of collecting and
- Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Crosslake to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects:
- 107.20 (1) \$2,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for modifications to a bio-solids treatment facility;
- 107.22 (2) \$1,600,000 plus associated bonding costs for expansion of sewer service to the CSAH
 107.23 66/Moonlight Service Area; and
- 107.24 (3) \$2,400,000 plus associated bonding costs for expansion of sewer service to the

 107.25 Daggett Lake Service Area.
- 107.26 Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Crosslake may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the projects authorized in 107.27 subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may 107.28 not exceed: (1) \$2,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (1), plus an amount 107.29 applied to the payment of costs of issuing the bonds; (2) \$1,600,000 for the projects listed 107.30 in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of issuing the 107.31 bonds; and (3) \$2,400,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (3), plus an amount 107.32 applied to the payment of costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured 107.33

by any funds available to the city of Crosslake, including the tax authorized under subdivision 108.1 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 108.2 108.3 275.60 and 275.61. (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city. 108.4 108.5 Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest 108.6 on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 108.7 Subd. 4. **Termination of taxes.** The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the 108.8 earlier of: (1) 15 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines 108.9 108.10 that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2, for the projects approved by the voters as required under Minnesota 108.11 Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, plus an amount sufficient to pay costs, including 108.12 interest costs, related to the issuance of the bonds authorized in subdivision 3. Any funds 108.13 remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to timing of the termination under 108.14 Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, shall be placed in the city's general fund. The tax 108.15 imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by 108.16 ordinance. 108.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 108.18 city of Crosslake and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 108.19 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 108.20 108.21 Sec. 5. CITY OF EDINA; TAXES AUTHORIZED. Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 108.22 section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, 108.23 and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, 108.24 108.25 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Edina may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise 108.26 provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the 108.27 imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this 108.28 subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and 108.29 108.30 use tax imposed under any other special law. 108.31 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Edina to pay the costs of collecting and 108.32 administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing 108.33 and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects: 108.34

(1) \$17,700,000 plus associated bonding costs for development of Fred Richards Park

109.2 as identified in the Fred Richards Park Master Plan; 109.3 (2) \$21,600,000 plus associated bonding costs for improvements to Braemar Park as identified in the Braemar Park Master Plan; and 109.4 109.5 (3) \$2,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for developing park amenities, including recreation and open space areas, and storm water facilities, at Weber Woods Park. 109.6 109.7 Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Edina may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the projects authorized in 109.8 subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 109.9 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued 109.10 under this subdivision may not exceed: (1) \$17,700,000 for the project listed in subdivision 109.11 2, clause (1), plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds; 109.12 (2) \$21,600,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount to be 109.13 applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds; and (3) \$2,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (3), plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs 109.15 of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the 109.16 city of Edina, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under 109.17 this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61. 109.18 109.19 (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city of Edina, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal 109.20 and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve 109.21 the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 109.22 109.23 Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 20 years 109.24 after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received 109.25 from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for 109.26 projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 109.27 109.28 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as 109.29 otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), 109.30 any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination 109.31 of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, must be placed in the 109.32 general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time 109.33 if the city so determines by ordinance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Edina and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 6. CITY OF FERGUS FALLS; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

- 110.5 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 1; or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, 110.6 110.7 the city of Fergus Falls may, if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, impose, by ordinance, a sales and use 110.8 110.9 tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the 110.10 imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this 110.11 subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 110.13
- Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Fergus Falls to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and for the following projects in the city, including securing and paying debt service, on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects:
- (1) \$7,800,000 for an aquatics center; and
- (2) \$5,200,000 for the DeLagoon Improvement Project.
- Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Fergus Falls may issue bonds under
- 110.21 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities
- authorized in subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes,
- section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds
- issued under this subdivision may not exceed:
- (1) \$7,800,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (1), plus an amount needed to pay capitalized interest and an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing
- 110.27 the bonds; and

- (2) \$5,200,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (3), plus an amount needed
- 110.29 to pay capitalized interest and an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing
- 110.30 the bonds.
- (b) The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Fergus
- Falls, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this
- subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.

(c) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city 111.1 of Fergus Falls, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay 111.2 111.3 principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election 111.4 to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 111.5 Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 111.6 subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) December 1, 2039; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received from the tax is 111.7 sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for projects approved 111.8 by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph 111.9 (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized 111.10 under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in 111.11 Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under 111.13 Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of 111.14 the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so 111.15 determines by ordinance. 111.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 111.17 city of Fergus Falls and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 111.18 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 111.19 Sec. 7. CITY OF FLOODWOOD; TAXES AUTHORIZED. 111.20 111.21 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters 111.22 at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, 111.23 the city of Floodwood may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one 111.24 percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this 111.25 section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, 111.26 administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. 111.27 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized 111.28 under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Floodwood to pay the costs of collecting 111.29 111.30 and administering the tax and the capital and administrative costs of the Floodwood City-wide Street and Infrastructure Project, up to \$1,250,000. 111.31 Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Floodwood may issue bonds under Minnesota 111.32 Statutes, chapter 475, to finance the costs of the project authorized in subdivision 2 and 111.33 approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 111.34

3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision 112.1 may not exceed \$1,250,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of 112.2 112.3 issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Floodwood, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds 112.4 under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61. 112.5 112.6 (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city of Floodwood, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay 112.7 principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election 112.8 to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 112.9 112.10 Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 25 years 112.11 after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received 112.12 from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for 112.13 projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 112.14 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance 112.15 of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as 112.16 otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), 112.17 any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination 112.18 of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the 112.19 general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time 112.20 if the city so determines by ordinance. 112.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 112.22 city of Floodwood and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 112.23 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 112.24

Sec. 8. CITY OF HERMANTOWN; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, 112.27 and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, 112.28 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Hermantown may impose by ordinance a sales 112.29 and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 112.34

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Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized 113.1 under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Hermantown to pay the costs of collecting 113.2 113.3 and administering the tax and for up to \$28,000,000 for costs related to a Community Recreational Initiative, which includes: an addition of a second ice sheet with locker rooms 113.4 and other facilities and upgrades to the Hermantown Hockey Arena; improvements and 113.5 upgrades to Fichtner Park; and construction of the Hermantown-Proctor trail running from 113.6 the Essentia Wellness Center to the border with Proctor and eventually connecting to the 113.7 113.8 Munger Trail. Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Hermantown may issue bonds under 113.9 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities 113.10 authorized in subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, 113.11 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$28,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 113.13 2 plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds 113.14 may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Hermantown, including 113.15 the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not 113.16 subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61. 113.17 (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city 113.18 of Hermantown, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay 113.19 principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election 113.20 to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 113.21 Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 113.22 subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 20 years 113.23 after being first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received 113.24 from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for the 113.25 project approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 113.26 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance 113.27 of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as 113.28 otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), 113.29 any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination 113.30 of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the 113.31 general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time 113.32 if the city so determines by ordinance. 113.33

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Hermantown and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 9. ITASCA COUNTY; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law or ordinance and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, Itasca County may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.

Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by Itasca County to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and paying for up to \$75,000,000 for new construction of or upgrades to correctional facilities, new construction of or upgrades to court facilities including ancillary support accommodations, and new construction of or upgrades to county offices, plus an amount needed for securing and paying debt service on bonds issued for the project.

Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) Itasca County may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance the costs of the facility authorized in subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$75,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the county, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.

(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the county, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 30 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the county board determines that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay \$75,000,000 in project costs authorized under subdivision 2, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided

in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining 115.1 after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under 115.2 115.3 Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of the county. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the county 115.4 so determines by ordinance. 115.5 115.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of Itasca County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, 115.7 subdivisions 2 and 3. 115.8 Sec. 10. CITY OF LITCHFIELD; TAXES AUTHORIZED. 115.9 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 115.10 115.11 section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, 115.12 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Litchfield may impose by ordinance a sales and 115.13 use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as 115.14 otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 115.15 govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local 115.17 sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 115.18 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized 115.19 115.20 under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Litchfield to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and for up to \$10,000,000 for the cost of constructing a community 115.21 wellness/recreation center that will include a gymnasium and general fitness spaces, a 115.22 dedicated walking section, a community room, and any locker rooms and mechanical 115.23 equipment needed for future additions to the facility. 115.24 115.25 Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Litchfield may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in 115.26 subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 115.27 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued 115.28 under this subdivision may not exceed \$10,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2 115.29 115.30 plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Litchfield, including the 115.31

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tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not

subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.

(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city of Litchfield and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 20 years after being first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for 116.8 projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 116.9 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance 116.10 of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as 116.11 otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination 116.13 of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the 116.14 general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time 116.15

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 116.17 city of Litchfield and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 116.18 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 116.19

Sec. 11. CITY OF LITTLE FALLS; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

if the city so determines by ordinance.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 116.21 section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, 116.22 and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, 116.23 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Little Falls may impose by ordinance a sales and 116.24 use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as 116.25 otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 116.26 govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized 116.27 under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local 116.28 sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 116.29

Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Little Falls to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and for up to \$17,000,000 for the cost of constructing a community recreational facility that includes a gymnasium with an indoor track, multipurpose rooms for meeting and educational spaces, office and storage space, and outdoor recreational

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facilities for aquatic recreation with a master plan to incorporate future additions to the 117.1 117.2 facility. 117.3 Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Little Falls may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in 117.4 117.5 subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued 117.6 under this subdivision may not exceed \$17,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2 117.7 117.8 plus an amount needed to pay capitalized interest and an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds 117.9 available to the city of Little Falls, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The 117.10 issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 117.11 and 275.61. 117.12 (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city 117.13 of Little Falls, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay 117.14 principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election 117.15 to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 117.16 Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 117.17 subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 30 years 117.18 after being first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received 117.19 from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for the project if approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 117.21 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance 117.22 of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as 117.23 otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), 117.24 any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination 117.25 of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the 117.26 general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time 117.27 if the city so determines by ordinance. 117.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 117.29 city of Little Falls and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 117.31

Sec. 12. <u>COUNTY OF MILLE LACS; LOCAL SALES AND USE TAX</u> 118.2 <u>AUTHORIZED.</u>

| 118.3 | Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, |
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| 118.4 | section 477A.016, or any other law or ordinance, and if approved by the voters at a general |
| 118.5 | election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, Mille Lacs |
| 118.6 | County may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the |
| 118.7 | purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the |
| 118.8 | provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, |
| 118.9 | collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. |
| 118.10 | Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized |
| 118.11 | under subdivision 1 must be used by Mille Lacs County to pay the costs of collecting and |
| 118.12 | administering the tax, and to finance up to \$10,000,000 for the construction of a public |
| 118.13 | works building in Mille Lacs County, plus an amount needed for securing and paying debt |
| 118.14 | service on bonds issued to finance the project. |
| 118.15 | Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) Mille Lacs County may issue bonds under Minnesota |
| 118.16 | Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in |
| 118.17 | subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section |
| 118.18 | 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued |
| 118.19 | under this subdivision may not exceed \$10,000,000, plus an amount applied to the payment |
| 118.20 | of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds |
| 118.21 | available to the county, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of |
| 118.22 | bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and |
| 118.23 | <u>275.61.</u> |
| 118.24 | (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the county. |
| 118.25 | Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest |
| 118.26 | on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds |
| 118.27 | under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. |
| 118.28 | Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the |
| 118.29 | earlier of: (1) eight years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the county board |
| 118.30 | determines that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs |
| 118.31 | authorized under subdivision 2 for the project approved by voters as required under |
| 118.32 | Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient |
| 118.33 | to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including |
| 118.34 | interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, |

subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of the county. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the county so determines by ordinance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of Mille
Lacs County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 13. CITY OF MOORHEAD; LOCAL SALES AND USE TAX AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters
at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3,
the city of Moorhead may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent
for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section,
the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration,
collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.

Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Moorhead to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax, and to finance up to \$31,590,000 for the construction of a regional library and community center in the city of Moorhead, plus an amount needed for securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance the project.

Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Moorhead may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$31,590,000, plus an amount applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.

(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city. Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

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| 120.1 | Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the |
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| 120.2 | earlier of: (1) 25 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines |
| 120.3 | that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized |
| 120.4 | under subdivision 2 for the project approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, |
| 120.5 | section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs |
| 120.6 | related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the |
| 120.7 | bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision |
| 120.8 | 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of allowed costs due to the timing of |
| 120.9 | the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall |
| 120.10 | be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire |
| 120.11 | at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance. |
| 120.12 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the |
| 120.13 | city of Moorhead and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section |
| 120.14 | 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. |
| 120.15 | Sec. 14. CITY OF OAKDALE; TAX AUTHORIZED. |
| 120.16 | Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, |
| 120.17 | section 477A.016, or any other ordinance or city charter, and if approved by the voters at |
| 120.18 | a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, |
| 120.19 | the city of Oakdale may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent |
| 120.20 | for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, |
| 120.21 | the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, |
| 120.22 | collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. |
| 120.23 | Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized |
| 120.24 | under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Oakdale to pay the costs of collecting and |
| 120.25 | administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing |
| 120.26 | and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects: |
| 120.27 | (1) \$22,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction of a new public works |
| 120.28 | facility; and |
| 120.29 | (2) \$15,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction and rehabilitation, and |
| 120.30 | associated building costs of the police department facility. |
| 120.31 | Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Oakdale may issue bonds under Minnesota |
| 120.32 | Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the projects authorized in |
| 120.33 | subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may |

not exceed: (1) \$22,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (1), plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of issuing the bonds; and (2) \$15,000,000 for the projects listed in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Oakdale, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.

(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city. Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 25 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the city has received from this tax \$37,000,000 to fund the projects listed in subdivision 2 plus an amount sufficient to pay costs related to the issuance of the bonds authorized in subdivision 3. Except as otherwise provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to timing of the termination under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, shall be placed in the city's general fund. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Oakdale and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 15. CITY OF ST. CLOUD; TAX AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of St. Cloud may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.

Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of St. Cloud to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and paying for the following projects in the city, including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects:

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| 122.1 | (1) \$21,600,000 plus associated bonding costs for multimodal transportation and utility |
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| 122.2 | improvements to East St. Germain Street, Lincoln Avenue, and 4th Street SE; |
| 122.3 | (2) \$12,500,000 plus associated bonding costs for multimodal transportation and utility |
| 122.4 | improvements on Heatherwood Road from Clearwater Road to Opportunity Drive; |
| 122.5 | (3) \$23,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for multimodal transportation and utility |
| 122.6 | improvements for a primary gateway for regional access to St. Cloud State University; |
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| 122.7 | (4) \$24,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for multimodal transportation and utility |
| 122.8 | improvements for a regional gateway to St. Cloud's central business district; and |
| 122.9 | (5) \$21,100,000 plus associated bonding costs for expansion and improvement of St. |
| 122.10 | Cloud's Municipal Athletic Complex. |
| 122.11 | Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of St. Cloud may issue bonds under Minnesota |
| 122.12 | Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the projects authorized in |
| 122.13 | subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may |
| 122.14 | not exceed: (1) \$21,600,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (1), plus an amount |
| 122.15 | applied to the payment of costs of issuing the bonds; (2) \$12,500,000 for the projects listed |
| 122.16 | in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of issuing the |
| | bonds; (3) \$23,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (3), plus an amount |
| 122.17 | applied to the payment of costs of issuing the bonds; (4) \$24,000,000 for the project listed |
| 122.19 | in subdivision 2, clause (4), plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of issuing the |
| 122.20 | bonds; and (5) \$21,100,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (5), plus an amount |
| 122.21 | applied to the payment of costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured |
| 122.22 | by any funds available to the city of St. Cloud, including the tax authorized under subdivision |
| 122.23 | 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections |
| 122.24 | 275.60 and 275.61. |
| 122.27 | 273.00 and 273.01. |
| 122.25 | (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city. |
| 122.26 | Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest |
| 122.27 | on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds |
| 122.28 | under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. |
| 122.29 | Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the |
| 122.30 | earlier of: (1) 20 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines |
| 122.31 | that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized |
| 122.32 | under subdivision 2, for the projects approved by the voters as required under Minnesota |
| 122.33 | Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, plus an amount sufficient to pay costs, including |
| 122.34 | interest costs, related to the issuance of the bonds authorized in subdivision 3. Any funds |

remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to timing of the termination under 123.1 Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, shall be placed in the city's general fund. The tax 123.2 123.3 imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by 123.4 ordinance. 123.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of St. Cloud and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 123.6 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 123.7 Sec. 16. CITY OF ST. PETER; TAXES AUTHORIZED. 123.8 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 123.9 section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, 123.11 and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of St. Peter may impose by ordinance a sales and 123.12 use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as 123.13 otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 123.14 govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized 123.15 under this subdivision. 123.16 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized 123.17 under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of St. Peter to pay the costs of collecting and 123.18 administering the tax and paying for up to \$9,121,000 for construction of a new fire station, 123.19 123.20 plus an amount needed for securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance the project. 123.21 Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of St. Peter may issue bonds under Minnesota 123.22 Statutes, chapter 475, to finance the costs of the facility authorized in subdivision 2. The 123.23 aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$9,121,000 123.24 123.25 for the project listed in subdivision 2, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available 123.26 to the city of St. Peter, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of 123.27 bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 123.28 275.61. 123.29 123.30 (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city of St. Peter; and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal 123.31 and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve 123.32

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the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

| 124.1 | Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, |
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| 124.2 | subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 40 years |
| 124.3 | after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received |
| 124.4 | from the tax is sufficient to pay for \$9,121,000 in project costs authorized under subdivision |
| 124.5 | 2, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized |
| 124.6 | under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as otherwise provided in |
| 124.7 | Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining |
| 124.8 | after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination of the tax under |
| 124.9 | Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the general fund of |
| 124.10 | the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so |
| 124.11 | determines by ordinance. |
| 124.12 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the |
| 124.13 | city of St. Peter and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, |
| 124.14 | subdivisions 2 and 3. |
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| 124.15 | Sec. 17. CITY OF STAPLES; LOCAL SALES AND USE TAX AUTHORIZED. |
| 124.16 | Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, |
| 124.17 | section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters |
| 124.18 | at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, |
| 124.19 | the city of Staples may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent |
| 124.20 | for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, |
| 124.21 | the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, |
| 124.22 | collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. |
| 124.23 | Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized |
| 124.24 | under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Staples to pay the costs of collecting and |
| 124.25 | administering the tax, and to finance up to \$1,600,000 for the renovation of the Staples |
| 124.26 | Community Center, plus an amount needed for securing and paying debt service on bonds |
| 124.27 | issued to finance the project. |
| 124.28 | Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Staples may issue bonds under Minnesota |
| 124.29 | Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in |
| 124.30 | subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section |
| 124.31 | 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued |
| 124.31 | under this subdivision may not exceed \$1,600,000, plus an amount applied to the payment |
| 124.33 | of the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds |
| 124.33 | of the costs of issuing the bolids. The bolids may be paid from of secured by any fullds |

available to the city, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds
 under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.

- (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city. Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
- Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the 125.7 earlier of: (1) 25 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines 125.8 that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized 125.9 under subdivision 2 for the project approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, 125.10 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs 125.11 related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the 125.12 bonds. Except as otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 125.13 3, paragraph (f), any funds remaining after payment of allowed costs due to the timing of 125.14 the termination of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall 125.15 be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire 125.16 at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance. 125.17
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Staples and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 18. CITY OF WADENA; TAX AUTHORIZED.

- Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Wadena may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-quarter of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.
- Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Wadena to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and to finance up to \$3,000,000, plus associated bonding costs including securing and paying debt service on bonds issued, for the Wadena Library Rehabilitation Project.

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| 126.1 | Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Wadena may issue bonds under Minnesota |
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| 126.2 | Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in |
| 126.3 | subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may |
| 126.4 | not exceed \$3,000,000, plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of issuing the bonds. |
| 126.5 | The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Wadena, |
| 126.6 | including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this |
| 126.7 | subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61. |
| 126.8 | (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city. |
| 126.9 | Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest |
| 126.10 | on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds |
| 126.11 | under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. |
| 126.12 | Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the |
| 126.13 | earlier of: (1) 20 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines |
| 126.14 | that the amount received from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized |
| 126.15 | under subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, |
| 126.16 | section 297A.99, subdivision 3, plus an amount sufficient to pay costs, including interest |
| 126.17 | costs, related to the issuance of the bonds authorized in subdivision 3. Any funds remaining |
| 126.18 | after payment of the allowed costs due to timing of the termination under Minnesota Statutes, |
| 126.19 | section 297A.99, shall be placed in the city's general fund. The tax imposed under subdivision |
| 126.20 | 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance. |
| 126.21 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the |
| 126.22 | city of Wadena and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, |
| 126.23 | subdivisions 2 and 3. |
| 126.24 | Sec. 19. CITY OF WAITE PARK; TAXES AUTHORIZED. |
| 126.25 | Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, |

section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, 126.26 and if approved by the voters at a general election as required under Minnesota Statutes, 126.27 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of Waite Park may impose by ordinance a sales 126.28 and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except 126.29 as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 126.30 govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized 126.31 126.32 under this subdivision. The tax imposed under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under any other special law. 126.33

| 127.1 | Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized |
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| 127.2 | under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Waite Park to pay the costs of collecting |
| 127.3 | and administering the tax and for the following projects in the city, including securing and |
| 127.4 | paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the following projects: |
| 127.5 | (1) up to \$10,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for the 10th Avenue regional corridor |
| 127.6 | project; |
| 127.7 | (2) up to \$7,500,000 plus associated bonding costs for regional trail connections; and |
| 127.8 | (3) up to \$20,000,000 plus associated bonding costs for construction and equipping of |
| 127.9 | a public safety facility. |
| 127.10 | Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Waite Park may issue bonds under Minnesota |
| 127.11 | Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in |
| 127.12 | subdivision 2 and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section |
| 127.13 | 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued |
| 127.14 | under this subdivision may not exceed: |
| 127.15 | (1) \$10,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (1), plus an amount needed |
| 127.16 | to pay capitalized interest and an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing |
| 127.17 | the bonds; |
| 127.18 | (2) \$7,500,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (2), plus an amount needed |
| 127.19 | to pay capitalized interest and an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing |
| 127.20 | the bonds; and |
| 127.21 | (3) \$20,000,000 for the project listed in subdivision 2, clause (3), plus an amount needed |
| 127.22 | to pay capitalized interest and an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing |
| 127.23 | the bonds. |
| 127.24 | The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of Waite Park, |
| 127.25 | including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this |
| 127.26 | subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61. |
| 127.27 | (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city |
| 127.28 | of Waite Park, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay |
| 127.29 | principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election |
| 127.30 | to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. |
| 127.31 | Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. Subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, |
| 127.32 | subdivision 12, the tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 25 years |
| 127.33 | after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that the amount received |

from the tax is sufficient to pay for the project costs authorized under subdivision 2 for 128.1 projects approved by voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 128.2 128.3 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of any bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Except as 128.4 otherwise provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (f), 128.5 any funds remaining after payment of the allowed costs due to the timing of the termination 128.6 of the tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, shall be placed in the 128.7 general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time 128.8 if the city so determines by ordinance. 128.9

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 128.10 city of Waite Park and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 128.11 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 20. CITY OF WARREN; LOCAL SALES AND USE TAX AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law or ordinance, and if approved by the voters at a general 128.15 election as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the city of 128.16 Warren may impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 128.18 provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. The tax imposed 128.20 under this subdivision is in addition to any local sales and use tax imposed under current law.

Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Warren to pay the costs of collecting and 128.24 administering the tax, and to finance up to \$1,600,000 for the construction of a new child 128.25 care facility. Authorized costs include related parking, design, and construction costs, as well as payment of debt service on bonds issued to finance the project listed in this subdivision. 128.28

Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Warren may issue bonds under Minnesota 128.29 128.30 Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project authorized in subdivision 2, and approved by the voters as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 128.31 297A.99, subdivision 3, paragraph (a). The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued 128.32 under this subdivision may not exceed \$1,600,000, plus an amount needed to pay capitalized 128.33 interest and an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The 128.34

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| 129.1 | bonds may b | e paid from or secur | ed by any fund | s available to the city, in | cluding the tax |
| 129.2 | authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject | | | | |
| 129.3 | to Minnesota | a Statutes, sections 2 | 75.60 and 275.0 | <u>51.</u> | |
| 129.4 | (b) The b | onds are not include | ed in computing | any debt limitation app | licable to the city. |
| 129.5 | Any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest | | | | ipal of and interest |
| 129.6 | on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve the bonds | | | | |
| 129.7 | under Minne | esota Statutes, section | n 475.58, is not | required. | |
| 129.8 | Subd. 4. | Termination of taxo | es. Subject to M | innesota Statutes, section | on 297A.99 <u>,</u> |
| 129.9 | subdivision | 12, the tax imposed | under subdivision | on 1 expires at the earlie | er of: (1) 20 years |
| 129.10 | after the tax i | s first imposed; or (2) |) when the city o | ouncil determines that the | ne amount received |
| 129.11 | from the tax | is sufficient to pay f | or the project co | osts authorized under su | bdivision 2 for the |
| 129.12 | project appro | oved by voters as rec | quired under Mi | nnesota Statutes, section | n 297A.99 <u>,</u> |
| 129.13 | subdivision 3 | 3, paragraph (a), plu | s an amount suf | ficient to pay the costs 1 | related to issuance |
| 129.14 | of any bonds | authorized under su | ıbdivision 3, inc | cluding interest on the b | onds. Except as |
| 129.15 | otherwise pr | ovided in Minnesota | Statutes, section | on 297A.99, subdivision | 3, paragraph (f), |
| 129.16 | any funds rea | maining after payme | nt of allowed co | osts due to the timing of | the termination of |
| 129.17 | the tax under | r Minnesota Statutes | , section 297A. | 99, subdivision 12, shall | l be placed in the |
| 129.18 | general fund | of the city. The tax i | imposed under s | subdivision 1 may expir | e at an earlier time |
| 129.19 | if the city so | determines by ordin | ance. | | |
| 129.20 | EFFECT | TIVE DATE. This so | ection is effecti | ve the day after the gove | erning body of the |
| 129.21 | city of Warre | n and its chief clerica | al officer comply | with Minnesota Statute | es, section 645.021, |
| 129.22 | subdivisions | 2 and 3. | | | |
| 129.23 | | | ARTICL | E 9 | |
| 129.24 | | | MISCELLAN | NEOUS | |
| 120.25 | Section 1 | Minnagata Statutas 2 | 020 section 270 | A 04 is amonded by ad | lding a guhdivigion |
| 129.25 | | viimesota Statutes 2 | 020, Section 2 / (| OA.04, is amended by ad | anig a subulvisioli |
| 129.26 | to read: | | | | |
| 129.27 | <u>Subd. 5.</u> | Private nonprofit h | o spital. A priva | te nonprofit hospital that | leases its building |
| 129 28 | from the cou | nty or city in which | it is located mus | st annually provide the o | commissioner with |

Article 9 Section 1.

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129.29 a copy of the lease agreement.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 270B.13, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. Background check; access to federal tax information. An individual performing services for an independent contractor or a vendor under subdivision 1 who has or will have access to federal tax information is subject to the requirements of section 299C.76.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. [270C.075] PRIVATE LETTER RULINGS.

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Subdivision 1. **Program established.** By January 1, 2022, the commissioner shall, by administrative rule adopted under chapter 14, establish and implement a program for issuing private letter rulings to taxpayers to provide guidance as to how the commissioner will apply Minnesota tax law to a specific transaction or proposed transaction, arrangement, or other fact situation of the applying taxpayer. The commissioner must include in each ruling an explanation of the reasoning for the determination. In establishing the terms of the program, the commissioner may provide that rulings will not be issued in specified subject areas, for categories of transactions, or under specified provisions of law, if the commissioner determines doing so is in the best interests of the state and sound tax administration. The program must include a process for the representative of a taxpayer to apply for a private letter ruling and to communicate with the commissioner regarding the requested ruling. Subd. 2. Application procedure; fees. (a) The commissioner shall establish an application procedure and forms for a taxpayer or the taxpayer's appointed representative to request a private letter ruling. The commissioner may require the taxpayer to provide any supporting factual information and certifications that the commissioner determines necessary or appropriate to issue a private letter ruling. The requirements may vary based on the type of ruling requested. (b) The commissioner may, in the administrative rule, establish a fee schedule to recover the department's actual cost of preparing private letter rulings. The maximum fee per private letter ruling is \$...... The commissioner may require the applicant to pay the required fee for a private letter ruling before the application is considered. If the administrative rule provides for payment of a fee as a condition for providing a private letter ruling, the rule must provide a fee structure that varies the amount of the fee by the complexity of the request

or the number and type of issues or both.

| 131.1 | (c) If the commissioner fails to issue a ruling to the taxpayer within 90 days after the |
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| 131.2 | taxpayer's filing of a completed application, the commissioner must refund the application |
| 131.3 | fee to the taxpayer; however, the commissioner must issue a private letter ruling unless the |
| 131.4 | taxpayer withdraws the request. |
| 131.5 | (d) Any fees collected under this section must be deposited in the Revenue Department |
| 131.6 | service and recovery special revenue fund established under section 270C.15, and are |
| 131.7 | appropriated to the commissioner to offset the cost of issuing private letter rulings and |
| 131.8 | related administrative costs. |
| 131.9 | Subd. 3. Effect. (a) A private letter ruling is binding on the commissioner with respect |
| 131.10 | to the taxpayer to whom the ruling is issued if: |
| 131.11 | (1) there was no misstatement or omission of material facts in the application or other |
| 131.12 | information provided to the commissioner; |
| 131.13 | (2) the facts that subsequently developed were not materially different from the facts |
| 131.14 | upon which the ruling was based; |
| 131.15 | (3) the applicable statute, administrative rule, federal law referenced by state law, or |
| 131.16 | other relevant law has not changed; and |
| 131.17 | (4) the taxpayer acted in good faith in applying for and relying on the ruling. |
| 131.18 | (b) Private letter rulings have no precedential effect and may not be relied upon by a |
| 131.19 | taxpayer other than as provided in paragraph (a). |
| 131.20 | Subd. 4. Public access. The commissioner shall make private letter rulings issued under |
| 131.21 | this section available to the public on the department's website. The commissioner must |
| 131.22 | organize the private letter rulings by tax type and must make them available in a searchable |
| 131.23 | format. The published rulings must redact any information that would permit identification |
| 131.24 | of the requesting taxpayer. |
| 131.25 | Subd. 5. Legislative report. (a) By January 31 of each odd-numbered year, the |
| 131.26 | commissioner shall report in writing to the legislature the following information for the |
| 131.27 | immediately preceding two calendar years: |
| 131.28 | (1) the number of applications for private letter rulings; |
| 131.29 | (2) the number of private letter rulings issued, including the number issued within the |
| 131.30 | 90-day time period under subdivision 2, paragraph (c); |
| 131.31 | (3) the amount of application fees refunded by tax type; |
| 131.32 | (4) the tax types for which rulings were requested; |

(5) the types and characteristics of taxpayers applying for rulings; and 132.1 (6) any other information that the commissioner considers relevant to legislative oversight 132.2 of the private letter ruling program. 132.3 (b) The report must be filed as provided in section 3.195, and copies must be provided 132.4 132.5 to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees of the house of representatives and the senate with jurisdiction over taxes and appropriations to the Department of Revenue. 132.6 132.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment, except that the first legislative report under subdivision 5 is due January 31, 2024. 132.8 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 298.28, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 132.9 Subd. 5. Counties. (a) 21.05 cents per taxable ton for distributions in 2015 through 2023, 132.10 and 26.05 cents per taxable ton for distributions beginning in 2024, is allocated to counties to be distributed, based upon certification by the commissioner of revenue, under paragraphs 132.12 132.13 (b) to (d). (b) 10.525 cents per taxable ton shall be distributed to the county in which the taconite 132.14 132.15 is mined or quarried or in which the concentrate is produced, less any amount which is to be distributed pursuant to paragraph (c). The apportionment formula prescribed in subdivision 2 is the basis for the distribution. 132.17 (c) 1.0 cent per taxable ton of the tax distributed to the counties under paragraph (b) 132.18 shall be paid to a county that received a distribution under this section in 2000 because there 132.19 was located in the county an electric power plant owned by and providing the primary source 132.20 of power for a taxpayer mining and concentrating taconite in a different county. 132.21 (d) 10.525 cents per taxable ton for distributions in 2015 through 2023, and 15.525 cents 132.22 per taxable ton for distributions beginning in 2024, shall be paid to the county from which the taconite was mined, quarried or concentrated to be deposited in the county road and bridge fund. If the mining, quarrying and concentrating, or separate steps in any of those 132.25 processes are carried on in more than one county, the commissioner shall follow the 132.26 apportionment formula prescribed in subdivision 2. 132.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 132.28 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 298.28, subdivision 9b, is amended to read: 132.29 Subd. 9b. **Taconite environmental fund.** Five cents per ton through distributions in 132.30 2023 must be paid to the taconite environmental fund for use under section 298.2961,

agency.

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(4) any other individual authorized to access federal tax information by the requesting

| 134.1 | Subd. 3. Fingerprint submission and written statement of understanding. An |
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| 134.2 | individual subject to this section must provide fingerprints and a written statement of |
| 134.3 | understanding that the fingerprints will be used for a background check to the requesting |
| 134.4 | agency. The requesting agency must submit the fingerprints and written statement of |
| 134.5 | understanding, along with the processing fees, to the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal |
| 134.6 | Apprehension. The fingerprints must only be used for the purposes described in this section. |
| 134.7 | Subd. 4. Bureau of Criminal Apprehension requirements. (a) After the superintendent |
| 134.8 | of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension notifies requesting agencies that the United States |
| 134.9 | Attorney General has approved the request for submission under Public Law 92-544, a |
| 134.10 | requesting agency may submit information under subdivision 3. |
| 134.11 | (b) Upon receipt of the information under subdivision 3, the superintendent of the Bureau |
| 134.12 | of Criminal Apprehension must: |
| 134.13 | (1) perform a state criminal history record information search; |
| 134.14 | (2) exchange the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation to facilitate a search |
| 134.15 | of the national criminal history record information; |
| 134.16 | (3) compile the results of the state and national criminal history record information |
| 134.17 | searches; and |
| 134.18 | (4) provide the results to the requesting agency. |
| 134.19 | Subd. 5. Classification of data. (a) All data collected, created, received, maintained, or |
| 134.20 | disseminated by the requesting agency under this section is classified as private data on |
| 134.21 | individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12. |
| 134.22 | (b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a requesting agency must not further |
| 134.23 | disseminate the results received under subdivision 4. |
| 134.24 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. |
| 134.25 | Sec. 7. 2008 DISTRIBUTION TRANSFER; CITY OF BIWABIK STREET AND |
| 134.26 | HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENTS. |
| 134.27 | Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, by July 1, 2021, St. Louis County shall transfer |
| 134.28 | \$1,500,000 from the appropriation in Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 12, section 12, |
| 134.29 | subdivision 4, to the city of Biwabik for deposit in its general fund account to be used for |
| 134.30 | the preservation and reconstruction of existing streets and highways in the city of Biwabik |
| 134.31 | or the construction of new streets in the city of Biwabik. Any remaining unspent money |
| 134.32 | from the appropriation in Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 12, section 12, subdivision 4, |

| 135.1 | shall be retained by St. Louis County for road improvements to County Road 138, north of |
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| 135.2 | Giants Ridge. |
| 135.3 | EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. |
| 135.4 | Sec. 8. CONDITIONAL REPEALER. |
| 135.5 | (a) The commissioner of management and budget shall report within 30 days that the |
| 135.6 | bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.965, have been redeemed or defeased to the |
| 135.7 | revisor of statutes. |
| 135.8 | (b) Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.727, is repealed 60 days after the commissioner of |
| 135.9 | management and budget certifies that the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.965, |
| 135.10 | have been redeemed or defeased. |

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APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: UEH0991-1

469.055 POWERS AND DUTIES.

Subd. 7. **Sale of realty.** The authority may sell, convey, and exchange any real or personal property owned or held by it in any manner and on any terms it wishes. Real property owned by the authority must not be sold, be exchanged, or have its title transferred without approval of two-thirds of the commissioners. All commissioners must have ten days' written notice of a regular or special meeting at which a sale, conveyance, exchange, or transfer of property is to be voted on. The notice must contain a complete description of the affected real estate. The resolution authorizing the real estate transaction is not effective unless a quorum is present.