REVISOR

H. F. No.

h0846-4

846

1.1

State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

EIGHTY-NINTH SESSION

02/12/2015	Authored by McNamara and Hamilton
	The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture Finance
03/26/2015	By motion, recalled and re-referred to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources Policy and Finance
04/17/2015	Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means
	By motion, recalled and re-referred to the Committee on Civil Law and Data Practices
04/20/2015	By motion, recalled and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means
04/22/2015	Adoption of Report: Placed on the General Register as Amended
	Read Second Time
04/24/2015	Calendar for the Day, Amended
	Read Third Time as Amended
	Passed by the House as Amended and transmitted to the Senate to include Floor Amendments
05/01/2015	Returned to the House as Amended by the Senate
	Refused to concur and Conference Committee appointed
05/18/2015	Conference Committee Report Adopted
	Read Third Time as Amended by Conference and repassed by the House
	Passed by the Senate and returned to the House
05/20/2015	Presented to Governor
05/23/2015	Governor Veto

A bill for an act

relating to state government; appropriating money for agriculture, environment, 1.2 and natural resources; modifying public entity purchasing requirements; 1.3 modifying solid waste provisions; modifying subsurface sewage treatment 1.4 systems provisions; modifying Dry Cleaner Environmental Response and 1.5 Reimbursement Law; modifying environmental review; modifying structure 1.6 of Minnesota Pollution Control Agency; modifying disposition of certain 1.7 revenue; providing for temporary water surface use controls; providing for 1.8 riparian buffers; providing for self-reporting of certain environmental violations; 19 modifying compensable losses due to harmful substances; modifying invasive 1.10 species provisions; modifying landowners' bill of rights; modifying state parks 1.11 and trails provisions; modifying recreational vehicle provisions; modifying 1.12 land sale and acquisition provisions; modifying forestry and timber provisions; 1.13 modifying regulation of camper cabins and bunk houses; providing for all-terrain 1.14 vehicle safety training indication on drivers' licenses and identification cards; 1.15 creating accounts; modifying certain grant, permit, and fee provisions; modifying 1 16 Water Law; modifying personal flotation device provisions; regulating wake 1.17 surfing; modifying game and fish laws; modifying metropolitan area water supply 1 18 planning provisions; regulating water quality standards; making policy and 1.19 technical changes to various agricultural related provisions, including provisions 1.20 related to pesticides, plant protection, fertilizers, nursery law, seeds, dairy, food 1.21 handlers, food, farmland, farming, and loans; authorizing the Industrial Hemp 1.22 Development Act; modifying license exclusions for the direct sale of certain 1 23 prepared food; establishing the agriculture research, education, extension, and 1.24 technology transfer grant program; providing incentive payments; providing 1.25 a vocational training pilot program; establishing the farm opportunity loan 1.26 program; requiring studies and reports; requiring rulemaking; providing criminal 1.27 penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 3.737, by adding a 1.28 subdivision; 13.643, subdivision 1; 16C.073, subdivision 2; 18B.01, subdivisions 1.29 28, 29; 18B.05, subdivision 1; 18B.32, subdivision 1; 18B.33, subdivision 1; 1.30 18B.34, subdivision 1; 18C.425, subdivision 6; 18C.70, subdivision 2; 18G.10, 1.31 subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 18H.02, subdivision 20, by adding subdivisions; 18H.06, 1 32 subdivision 2; 18H.07; 18H.17; 18J.01; 18J.02; 18J.03; 18J.04, subdivisions 1.33 1, 2, 3, 4; 18J.05, subdivisions 1, 2, 6; 18J.06; 18J.07, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 1.34 18J.09; 18J.11, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 21.89, subdivision 1.35 2; 21.891, subdivisions 2, 5; 25.341, subdivision 2; 25.39, subdivisions 1, 1.36 1a; 32.075; 32.105; 41B.03, subdivision 6, by adding a subdivision; 41B.04, 1 37 subdivision 17; 41B.043, subdivision 3; 41B.045, subdivisions 3, 4; 41B.046, 1.38 subdivision 5; 41B.047, subdivisions 1, 3, 4; 41B.048, subdivision 6; 41B.049, 1 39

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subdivision 4; 41B.055, subdivision 3; 41B.056, subdivision 2; 41B.06; 84.027, 2.1 subdivision 13a; 84.0274, subdivisions 3, 5; 84.415, subdivision 7; 84.788, 2.2 subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 84.82, subdivisions 2a, 6; 84.84; 84.92, 23 subdivisions 8, 9, 10; 84.922, subdivision 4; 84.925, subdivision 5; 84.9256, 2.4 subdivision 1; 84.928, subdivision 1; 84D.01, subdivisions 13, 15, 17, 18, by 2.5 adding a subdivision; 84D.03, subdivision 3; 84D.06; 84D.10, subdivision 2.6 3; 84D.11, subdivision 1; 84D.12, subdivisions 1, 3; 84D.13, subdivision 5; 2.7 84D.15, subdivision 3; 85.015, subdivisions 7, 28, by adding subdivisions; 2.885.054, subdivision 12; 85.32, subdivision 1; 86B.201, by adding a subdivision; 2.9 86B.313, subdivisions 1, 4; 86B.315; 86B.401, subdivision 3; 87A.10; 88.17, 2.10 subdivision 3; 88.49, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11; 88.491, subdivision 2; 2.11 88.50; 88.51, subdivisions 1, 3; 88.52, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6; 88.523; 88.53, 2.12 subdivisions 1, 2; 88.6435, subdivision 4; 90.14; 90.193; 94.10, subdivision 2; 2.13 94.16, subdivisions 2, 3; 97A.015, subdivision 49; 97A.045, subdivision 11; 2.14 97A.055, subdivision 4b; 97A.057, subdivision 1; 97A.211, subdivisions 1, 2.15 2; 97A.255, subdivision 4; 97A.411, subdivision 3; 97A.435, subdivision 4; 2.16 97A.465, by adding a subdivision; 97B.041; 97B.063; 97B.081, subdivision 3; 2.1797B.085, subdivision 2; 97B.301, by adding a subdivision; 97B.668; 97C.301, 2.18 by adding a subdivision; 97C.345, by adding a subdivision; 97C.501, subdivision 2.19 2; 103B.101, by adding subdivisions; 103B.3355; 103D.335, subdivision 21; 2.20 103F.421, subdivision 4, by adding a subdivision; 103F.612, subdivision 2; 2.21 103G.005, by adding a subdivision; 103G.222, subdivisions 1, 3; 103G.2242, 2.22 subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 12, 14; 103G.2251; 103G.245, subdivision 2; 103G.271, 2.23 subdivisions 3, 5, 6a; 103G.287, subdivision 1; 103G.291, subdivision 3; 2.24 103G.301, subdivision 5a; 115.44, by adding a subdivision; 115.55, subdivision 2.25 1; 115.56, subdivision 2; 115A.03, subdivisions 25a, 32a; 115A.1314, 2.26 subdivision 1; 115A.1415, subdivision 16; 115A.551, subdivision 2a; 115A.557, 2.27 subdivision 2; 115A.93, subdivision 1; 115B.34, subdivision 2; 115B.48, by 2.28 adding a subdivision; 116.02, subdivisions 1, 5; 116.03, subdivisions 1, 2a; 2.29 116.07, subdivisions 4d, 4j, 7, by adding a subdivision; 116C.991; 116D.04, 2.30 by adding a subdivision; 127A.353, subdivision 1; 135A.52, by adding a 2.31 subdivision; 144.12, by adding a subdivision; 171.07, by adding a subdivision; 2.32 282.011, subdivision 3; 375.30, subdivision 2; 446A.073, subdivisions 1, 3, 233 4; 473.1565; 500.24, subdivision 4; 583.215; Laws 2010, chapter 215, article 2.34 3, section 5, subdivision 4; Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 12, sections 3; 6, 2.35 subdivision 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 2.36 18C; 28A; 41A; 41B; 84; 84D; 85; 92; 97A; 97B; 103B; 103F; 103G; 114C; 2.37 115; 115A; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 18K; 2.38 repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 17.115; 28A.15, subdivisions 9, 10; 2.39 84.68; 86B.13, subdivisions 2, 4; 88.47; 88.48; 88.49, subdivisions 1, 2, 10; 24088.491, subdivision 1; 88.51, subdivision 2; 97A.475, subdivision 25; 103F.421, 2.41 subdivision 5; 103F.451; 114D.50, subdivision 4a; 116.02, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 2.42 6, 7, 8, 9, 10; 116V.03; 282.013; Laws 2010, chapter 215, article 3, section 3, 2.43 subdivision 6, as amended; Minnesota Rules, part 6264.0400, subparts 27, 28. 2.44 2.45 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA: ARTICLE 1 2.46 AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS 2.47 Section 1. AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS 2.48 The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the 2.49 agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the 2.50

2.51 general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated

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3.1	for each purpose. The figures "2016"	and "2017" used	in this article mean	that the
3.2	appropriations listed under them are av			
3.3	June 30, 2017, respectively. "The first	year" is fiscal yea	r 2016. "The second	year" is fiscal
3.4	year 2017. "The biennium" is fiscal ye	ears 2016 and 201	7.	
3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8			APPROPRIATI Available for the Ending June 2016	Year
3.9	Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF AGRIC	ULTURE		
3.10	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>41,510,000 §</u>	45,512,000
3.11	Appropriations by Fund			
3.12	2016	2017		
3.13	<u>General</u> <u>40,932,000</u>	44,934,000		
3.14	Remediation 388,000	388,000		
3.15	Agricultural 190,000	190,000		
3.16	The amounts that may be spent for each	<u>ch</u>		
3.17	purpose are specified in the following			
3.18	subdivisions.			
3.19	Subd. 2. Protection Services		16,452,000	16,402,000
3.20	Appropriations by Fund			
3.21	2016	2017		
3.22	<u>General</u> <u>15,874,000</u>	15,824,000		
3.23	Agricultural 190,000	190,000		
3.24	Remediation <u>388,000</u>	388,000		
3.25	\$25,000 the first year and \$25,000 the s	second		
3.26	year are to develop and maintain cotta	ge		
3.27	food license exemption outreach and tr	raining		
3.28	materials.			
3.29	\$75,000 the first year is for the commis	sioner,		
3.30	in consultation with the Northeast Reg	ional		
3.31	Corrections Center and the United For	od		
3.32	and Commercial Workers, to study an	<u>d</u>		
3.33	provide recommendations for upgradir	ng the		
3.34	existing processing facility on the cam	pus of		
3.35	the Northeast Regional Corrections Ce	enter		
3 36	into a USDA-certified food processing			

4.1	facility. The commissioner shall report these
4.2	recommendations to the chairs of the house
4.3	of representatives and senate committees
4.4	with jurisdiction over agriculture finance by
4.5	March 15, 2016.
4.6	\$75,000 the second year is for a coordinator
4.7	for the correctional facility vocational
4.8	training pilot program.
4.9	\$388,000 the first year and \$388,000 the
4.10	second year are from the remediation fund
4.11	for administrative funding for the voluntary
4.12	cleanup program.
4.13	\$225,000 the first year and \$175,000
4.14	the second year are for compensation
4.15	for destroyed or crippled animals under
4.16	Minnesota Statutes, section 3.737. This
4.17	appropriation may be spent to compensate
4.18	for animals that were destroyed or crippled
4.19	during fiscal years 2014 and 2015. If the
4.20	amount in the first year is insufficient, the
4.21	amount in the second year is available in the
4.22	first year.
4.23	\$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the
4.24	second year are for compensation for crop
4.25	damage under Minnesota Statutes, section
4.26	$\underline{3.7371}$. If the amount in the first year is
4.27	insufficient, the amount in the second year is
4.28	available in the first year.
4.29	If the commissioner determines that claims
4.30	made under Minnesota Statutes, section
4.31	3.737 or 3.7371, are unusually high, amounts
4.32	appropriated for either program may be
4.33	transferred to the appropriation for the other
4.34	program.

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5.1	\$70,000 the first year and \$70,000 the second
	year are for additional cannery inspections.
	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
	second year are for increased oversight of
5.5	delegated local health boards.
5.6	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
5.7	second year are to decrease the turnaround
5.8	time for retail food handler plan reviews.
5.9	\$1,024,000 the first year and \$1,024,000 the
5.10	second year are to streamline the retail food
5.11	safety regulatory and licensing experience
5.12	for regulated businesses and to decrease the
5.13	inspection delinquency rate.
5.14	\$1,350,000 the first year and \$1,350,000 the
5.15	second year are for additional inspections of
5.16	food manufacturers and wholesalers.
5.17	\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the
5.18	second year are for additional funding for
5.19	dairy inspection services.
5.20	\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the
5.21	second year are for additional funding for
5.22	laboratory services operations.
5.23	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000
5.24	the second year are for additional meat
5.25	inspection services, including inspections
5.26	provided under the correctional facility
5.27	vocational training pilot program.
5.28	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
5.29	18B.05, \$90,000 the first year and \$90,000
5.30	the second year are from the pesticide
5.31	regulatory account in the agricultural fund
5.32	for an increase in the operating budget for
5.33	the Laboratory Services Division.

6.1	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the		
6.2	second year are from the pesticide regulatory		
6.3	account in the agricultural fund to update		
6.4	and modify applicator education and training		
6.5	materials.		
6.6 6.7	Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development	3,973,000	3,873,000
6.8	The commissioner may provide one-stop		
6.9	access for farmers in need of information or		
6.10	assistance to obtain or renew licenses, meet		
6.11	state regulatory requirements, or resolve		
6.12	disputes with state agencies.		
6.13	The commissioner must provide outreach		
6.14	to urban farmers regarding the department's		
6.15	financial and technical assistance programs		
6.16	and must assist urban farmers in applying for		
6.17	assistance.		
6.18	\$100,000 the first year is to (1) enhance the		
6.19	commissioner's efforts to identify existing		
6.20	and emerging opportunities for Minnesota's		
6.21	agricultural producers and processors to		
6.22	export their products to Cuba, consistent with		
6.23	federal law, and (2) effectively communicate		
6.24	these opportunities to the producers and		
6.25	processors.		
6.26	\$186,000 the first year and \$186,000 the		
6.27	second year are for transfer to the Minnesota		
6.28	grown account and may be used as grants		
6.29	for Minnesota grown promotion under		
6.30	Minnesota Statutes, section 17.102. Grants		
6.31	may be made for one year. Notwithstanding		
6.32	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the		
6.33	appropriations encumbered under contract		
6.34	on or before June 30, 2017, for Minnesota		

7.1	grown grants in this paragraph are available
7.2	until June 30, 2019.
7.3	\$634,000 the first year and \$634,000 the
7.4	second year are for continuation of the dairy
7.5	development and profitability enhancement
7.6	and dairy business planning grant programs
7.7	established under Laws 1997, chapter
7.8	216, section 7, subdivision 2, and Laws
7.9	2001, First Special Session chapter 2,
7.10	section 9, subdivision 2. The commissioner
7.11	may allocate the available sums among
7.12	permissible activities, including efforts to
7.13	improve the quality of milk produced in the
7.14	state, in the proportions that the commissioner
7.15	deems most beneficial to Minnesota's dairy
7.16	farmers. The commissioner must submit
7.17	a detailed accomplishment report and
7.18	a work plan detailing future plans for,
7.19	and anticipated accomplishments from,
7.20	expenditures under this program to the
7.21	chairs and ranking minority members of the
7.22	legislative committees with jurisdiction over
7.23	agriculture policy and finance on or before
7.24	the start of each fiscal year. If significant
7.25	changes are made to the plans in the course
7.26	of the year, the commissioner must notify the
7.27	chairs and ranking minority members.
7.28	The commissioner may use funds
7.29	appropriated in this subdivision for annual
7.30	cost-share payments to resident farmers
7.31	or entities that sell, process, or package
7.32	agricultural products in this state for the costs
7.33	of organic certification. The commissioner
7.34	may allocate these funds for assistance for
7.35	persons transitioning from conventional to
7.36	organic agriculture.

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8.1 8.2	Subd. 4. Agriculture, Bioenergy, and Bioproduct Advancement	15,018,000	18,985,000
8.3	\$4,483,000 the first year and \$8,500,000 the		
8.4	second year are for transfer to the agriculture		
8.5	research, education, extension, and		
8.6	technology transfer account under Minnesota		
8.7	Statutes, section 41A.14, subdivision 3. The		
8.8	transfer in this paragraph includes money for		
8.9	plant breeders at the University of Minnesota		
8.10	for wild rice, potatoes, and grapes. Of these		
8.11	amounts, at least \$600,000 each year is for		
8.12	agriculture rapid response under Minnesota		
8.13	Statutes, section 41A.14, subdivision 1,		
8.14	clause (2). Of the amount appropriated in		
8.15	this paragraph, \$1,000,000 each year is		
8.16	for transfer to the Board of Regents of the		
8.17	University of Minnesota for research to		
8.18	determine (1) what is causing avian influenza,		
8.19	(2) why some fowl are more susceptible,		
8.20	and (3) prevention measures that can be		
8.21	taken. Of the amount appropriated in this		
8.22	paragraph, \$2,000,000 each year is for grants		
8.23	to the Minnesota Agriculture Education		
8.24	Leadership Council to enhance agricultural		
8.25	education with priority given to Farm		
8.26	Business Management challenge grants.		
8.27	To the extent practicable, funds expended		
8.28	under Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.14,		
8.29	subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2), must		
8.30	supplement and not supplant existing sources		
8.31	and levels of funding.		
8.32	\$10,235,000 the first year and \$10,235,000		
8.33	the second year are for the agricultural		
8.34	growth, research, and innovation program		
8.35	in Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.12. No		

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9.1	later than February 1, 2016, and February
9.2	1, 2017, the commissioner must report to
9.3	the legislative committees with jurisdiction
9.4	over agriculture policy and finance regarding
9.5	the commissioner's accomplishments
9.6	and anticipated accomplishments in
9.7	the following areas: facilitating the
9.8	start-up, modernization, or expansion of
9.9	livestock operations including beginning
9.10	and transitioning livestock operations;
9.11	developing new markets for Minnesota
9.12	farmers by providing more fruits, vegetables,
9.13	meat, grain, and dairy for Minnesota school
9.14	children; assisting value-added agricultural
9.15	businesses to begin or expand, access new
9.16	markets, or diversify products; developing
9.17	urban agriculture; facilitating the start-up,
9.18	modernization, or expansion of other
9.19	beginning and transitioning farms including
9.20	loans under Minnesota Statutes, section
9.21	41B.056; sustainable agriculture on farm
9.22	research and demonstration; development or
9.23	expansion of food hubs and other alternative
9.24	community-based food distribution systems;
9.25	and research on bioenergy, biobased content,
9.26	or biobased formulated products and other
9.27	renewable energy development. The
9.28	commissioner may use up to 4.5 percent
9.29	of this appropriation for costs incurred to
9.30	administer the program. Any unencumbered
9.31	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
9.32	year and is available for the second year.
9.33	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
9.34	16A.28, the appropriations encumbered
9.35	under contract on or before June 30, 2017, for

10.1	agricultural growth, research, and innovation
10.2	grants are available until June 30, 2019.
10.3	The commissioner may use funds
10.4	appropriated for the agricultural growth,
10.5	research, and innovation program as provided
10.6	in this paragraph. The commissioner may
10.7	award grants to owners of Minnesota
10.8	facilities producing bioenergy, biobased
10.9	content, or a biobased formulated product;
10.10	to organizations that provide for on-station,
10.11	on-farm field scale research and outreach to
10.12	develop and test the agronomic and economic
10.13	requirements of diverse strands of prairie
10.14	plants and other perennials for bioenergy
10.15	systems; or to certain nongovernmental
10.16	entities. For the purposes of this paragraph,
10.17	"bioenergy" includes transportation fuels
10.18	derived from cellulosic material, as well as
10.19	the generation of energy for commercial heat,
10.20	industrial process heat, or electrical power
10.21	from cellulosic materials via gasification or
10.22	other processes. Grants are limited to 50
10.23	percent of the cost of research, technical
10.24	assistance, or equipment related to bioenergy,
10.25	biobased content, or biobased formulated
10.26	product production or \$500,000, whichever
10.27	is less. Grants to nongovernmental entities
10.28	for the development of business plans and
10.29	structures related to community ownership
10.30	of eligible bioenergy facilities together may
10.31	not exceed \$150,000. The commissioner
10.32	shall make a good-faith effort to select
10.33	projects that have merit and, when taken
10.34	together, represent a variety of bioenergy
10.35	technologies, biomass feedstocks, and
10.36	geographic regions of the state Projects

10.36 geographic regions of the state. Projects

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must have a qualified engineer provide
certification on the technology and fuel
source. Grantees must provide reports at the
request of the commissioner.
Of the amount appropriated for the
agricultural growth, research, and innovation
program in this subdivision, \$1,000,000 the
first year and \$1,000,000 the second year
are for distribution in equal amounts to each
of the state's county fairs to preserve and

promote Minnesota agriculture. 11.11

11.12 Of the amount appropriated for the

- agricultural growth, research, and innovation 11.13
- program in this subdivision, \$500,000 in 11.14
- fiscal year 2016 and \$1,500,000 in fiscal 11.15
- year 2017 are for incentive payments 11.16
- 11.17 under Minnesota Statutes, sections 41A.16,
- 41A.17, and 41A.18. If the appropriation 11.18
- 11.19 exceeds the total amount for which all
- producers are eligible in a fiscal year, the 11.20
- balance of the appropriation is available 11.21
- to the commissioner for the agricultural 11.22
- growth, research, and innovation program. 11.23
- Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 11.24
- 11.25 section 16A.28, the first year appropriation
- is available until June 30, 2017, and the 11.26
- 11.27 second year appropriation is available until
- June 30, 2018. The commissioner may use 11.28
- up to 4.5 percent of the appropriation for 11.29
- 11.30 administration of the incentive payment
- programs. 11.31
- 11.32 Of the amount appropriated for the
- agricultural growth, research, and innovation 11.33
- program in this subdivision, \$250,000 the first 11.34
- year is for grants to communities to develop 11.35

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12.1	or expand food hubs and other alternative
12.2	community-based food distribution
12.3	systems. Of this amount, \$50,000 is for
12.4	the commissioner to consult with existing
12.5	food hubs, alternative community-based
12.6	food distribution systems, and University
12.7	of Minnesota Extension to identify best
12.8	practices for use by other Minnesota
12.9	communities. No later than December 15,
12.10	2015, the commissioner must report to the
12.11	legislative committees with jurisdiction over
12.12	agriculture and health regarding the status of
12.13	emerging alternative community-based food
12.14	distribution systems in the state along with
12.15	recommendations to eliminate any barriers to
12.16	success. This is a onetime appropriation.
12.17	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
12.18	second year are for grants that enable
12.19	retail petroleum dispensers to dispense
12.20	biofuels to the public in accordance with the
12.21	biofuel replacement goals established under
12.22	Minnesota Statutes, section 239.7911. A
12.23	retail petroleum dispenser selling petroleum
12.24	for use in spark ignition engines for vehicle
12.25	model years after 2000 is eligible for grant
12.26	money under this paragraph if the retail
12.27	petroleum dispenser has no more than 15
12.28	retail petroleum dispensing sites and each
12.29	site is located in Minnesota. The grant
12.30	money received under this paragraph must
12.31	be used for the installation of appropriate
12.32	technology that uses fuel dispensing
12.33	equipment appropriate for at least one fuel
12.34	dispensing site to dispense gasoline that is
12.35	blended with 15 percent of agriculturally
12.36	derived, denatured ethanol, by volume, and

13.1	appropriate technical assistance related to
13.2	the installation. A grant award must not
13.3	exceed 85 percent of the cost of the technical
13.4	assistance and appropriate technology,
13.5	including remetering of and retrofits for
13.6	retail petroleum dispensers and replacement
13.7	of petroleum dispenser projects. The
13.8	commissioner may use up to \$35,000 of this
13.9	appropriation for administrative expenses.
13.10	The commissioner shall cooperate with
13.11	biofuel stakeholders in the implementation
13.12	of the grant program. The commissioner
13.13	must report to the legislative committees
13.14	with jurisdiction over agriculture policy and
13.15	finance by February 1 each year, detailing
13.16	the number of grants awarded under this
13.17	paragraph and the projected effect of the grant
13.18	program on meeting the biofuel replacement
13.19	goals under Minnesota Statutes, section
13.20	239.7911. These are onetime appropriations.
13.21	\$25,000 the first year and \$25,000 the second
13.22	year are for grants to the Southern Minnesota
13.23	Initiative Foundation to promote local foods
13.24	through an annual event that raises public
13.25	awareness of local foods and connects local
13.26	food producers and processors with potential
13.27	buyers.
13.28	Subd. 5. Administration and Financial
13.29	Assistance
13.30	\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the
13.31	second year are for grants to the Center for
13.32	Rural Policy and Development.
13.33	The base for the farm-to-foodshelf program
13.34	in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 is \$1,100,000
13.35	each year.

6,252,000

6,067,000

14.1	\$25,000 the first year is for the livestock
14.2	industry study.
14.3	\$47,000 the first year and \$47,000 the second
14.4	year are for the Northern Crops Institute.
14.5	These appropriations may be spent to
14.6	purchase equipment.
14.7	\$18,000 the first year and \$18,000 the
14.8	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
14.9	Livestock Breeders Association.
14.10	\$235,000 the first year and \$235,000 the
14.11	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
14.12	Agricultural Education and Leadership
14.13	Council for programs of the council under
14.14	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D.
14.15	\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the
14.16	second year are for payments to county and
14.17	district agricultural societies and associations
14.18	under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02,
14.19	subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and
14.20	district agricultural societies and associations
14.21	shall be disbursed no later than July 15 of
14.22	each year. These payments are the amount of
14.23	aid from the state for an annual fair held in
14.24	the previous calendar year.
14.25	\$1,000 the first year and \$1,000 the second
14.26	year are for grants to the Minnesota State
14.27	Poultry Association.
14.28	\$108,000 the first year and \$108,000 the
14.29	second year are for annual grants to the
14.30	Minnesota Turf Seed Council for basic
14.31	and applied research on: (1) the improved
14.32	production of forage and turf seed related to
14.33	new and improved varieties; and (2) native
14.34	plants, including plant breeding, nutrient
14.35	management, pest management, disease

15.1	management, yield, and viability. The grant
15.2	recipient may subcontract with a qualified
15.3	third party for some or all of the basic or
15.4	applied research.
15.5	\$550,000 the first year and \$550,000 the
15.6	second year are for grants to Second Harvest
15.7	Heartland on behalf of Minnesota's six
15.8	Second Harvest food banks for the purchase
15.9	of milk for distribution to Minnesota's food
15.10	shelves and other charitable organizations
15.11	that are eligible to receive food from the food
15.12	banks. Milk purchased under the grants must
15.13	be acquired from Minnesota milk processors
15.14	and based on low-cost bids. The milk must be
15.15	allocated to each Second Harvest food bank
15.16	serving Minnesota according to the formula
15.17	used in the distribution of United States
15.18	Department of Agriculture commodities
15.19	under The Emergency Food Assistance
15.20	Program (TEFAP). Second Harvest
15.21	Heartland must submit quarterly reports
15.22	to the commissioner on forms prescribed
15.23	by the commissioner. The reports must
15.24	include, but are not limited to, information
15.25	on the expenditure of funds, the amount
15.26	of milk purchased, and the organizations
15.27	to which the milk was distributed. Second
15.28	Harvest Heartland may enter into contracts
15.29	or agreements with food banks for shared
15.30	funding or reimbursement of the direct
15.31	purchase of milk. Each food bank receiving
15.32	money from this appropriation may use up to
15.33	two percent of the grant for administrative
15.34	expenses.
15.35	\$113,000 the first year and \$113,000 the
15.36	second year are for transfer to the Board of

15.36 second year are for transfer to the Board of

- 16.1 Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges
- 16.2 and Universities for statewide mental health
- 16.3 counseling support to farm families and
- 16.4 <u>business operators</u>. South Central College
- 16.5 <u>shall serve as the fiscal agent.</u>
- 16.6 \$17,000 the first year and \$17,000 the
- 16.7 second year are for grants to the Minnesota
- 16.8 Horticultural Society.

16.9 Sec. 3. BOARD OF ANIMAL HEALTH \$ 5,318,000 \$ 5,384,000 16.10 Sec. 4. AGRICULTURAL UTILIZATION 16.11 RESEARCH INSTITUTE \$ 3,643,000 \$ 3,643,000

16.12 Sec. 5. AVIAN INFLUENZA RESPONSE ACTIVITIES; APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) \$3,619,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the 16.13 commissioner of agriculture for avian influenza emergency response activities. The 16.14 16.15 commissioner may use money appropriated under this paragraph to purchase necessary euthanasia and composting equipment and to reimburse costs incurred by local units of 16.16 government directly related to avian influenza emergency response activities that are not 16.17 eligible for federal reimbursement. This appropriation is available the day following final 16.18 enactment until June 30, 2017. 16.19 (b) \$1,853,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the 16.20 Board of Animal Health for avian influenza emergency response activities. The Board 16.21 may use money appropriated under this paragraph to purchase necessary euthanasia and 16.22 composting equipment. This appropriation is available the day following final enactment 16.23 16.24 until June 30, 2017. (c) \$103,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the 16.25 commissioner of health for avian influenza emergency response activities. This 16.26 appropriation is available the day following final enactment until June 30, 2017. 16.27 16.28 (d) \$350,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the commissioner of natural resources for sampling wild animals to detect and monitor the 16.29 avian influenza virus. This appropriation may also be used to conduct serology sampling, 16.30 in consultation with the Board of Animal Health and the University of Minnesota Pomeroy 16.31 Chair in Avian Health, from birds within a control zone and outside of a control zone. 16.32 16.33 This appropriation is available the day following final enactment until June 30, 2017.

(e) \$544,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2016 to the 17.1 commissioner of public safety to operate the State Emergency Operation Center in 17.2 coordination with the statewide avian influenza response activities. Appropriations 17.3 under this paragraph may also be used to support a staff person at the state's agricultural 17.4 incident command post in Willmar. This appropriation is available the day following final 17.5 enactment until June 30, 2017. 17.6 (f) The commissioner of management and budget may transfer unexpended balances 17.7 from the appropriations in this section to any state agency for operating expenses related 17.8 to avian influenza emergency response activities. The commissioner of management and 17.9 budget must report each transfer to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate 17.10 Committee on Finance and the house of representatives Committee on Ways and Means. 17.11 Sec. 6. RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY; APPROPRIATION. 17.12 \$10,000,000 is appropriated in fiscal year 2016 from the general fund to the 17.13 17.14 commissioner of agriculture for transfer to the rural finance authority revolving loan account under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.06, for the purposes of disaster recovery 17.15 loans under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.047. This appropriation is available the day 17.16 17.17 following final enactment until June 30, 2017.

17.18 Sec. 7. AVIAN INFLUENZA; FEDERAL FUNDS APPROPRIATION AND

17.19 **REPORTING.**

All federal money received in fiscal years 2015 through 2017 by the Board of Animal 17.20 17.21 Health or the commissioner of agriculture, health, natural resources, or public safety to address avian influenza is appropriated in the fiscal year when it is received. Before 17.22 spending federal funds appropriated in this section, the commissioner of management and 17.23 17.24 budget shall report the anticipated federal funds appropriated under this section and their intended purpose to the Legislative Advisory Commission, consistent with the urgent 17.25 federal funds request procedure under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.3005, subdivision 17.26 4. By January 15, 2018, the commissioner of management and budget shall report the 17.27 actual federal funds received and appropriated under this section and their actual use 17.28 to the Legislative Advisory Commission. 17.29

17.30 Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE.

17.31 Sections 5 to 7 are effective the day following final enactment.

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18.1		ARTICLE 2		
18.2	AG	RICULTURE POLIC	ĊY	
18.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2	014, section 3.737, is a	mended by adding	a subdivision
18.4	to read:			
18.5	Subd. 6. Federal reimburs	ement. The commission	oner must pursue fe	deral
18.6	reimbursement for any compensation	ion payment issued und	ler this section while	<u>e:</u>
18.7	(1) the United States Fish and	d Wildlife Service lists	the Minnesota popu	lation of gray
18.8	wolves as endangered and threaten	ed wildlife under the fea	deral Endangered Sj	pecies Act; or
18.9	(2) the federal government o	therwise prohibits lives	stock producers from	n protecting
18.10	their livestock from wolf depredat	ion.		
18.11	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014	4, section 13.643, subd	ivision 1, is amende	d to read:
18.12	Subdivision 1. Department	of Agriculture data. ((a) Loan and grant	applicant
18.13	data. The following data on applied	cants, collected by the l	Department of Agric	culture in its
18.14	sustainable agriculture revolving h	ə an and grant programs	<u>program</u> under see	tions 17.115
18.15	and section 17.116, are private or	nonpublic: nonfarm inc	come; credit history	; insurance
18.16	coverage; machinery and equipme	nt list; financial inform	ation; and credit int	formation
18.17	requests.			
18.18	(b) Farm advocate data. T	he following data supp	lied by farmer clier	nts to
18.19	Minnesota farm advocates and to	the Department of Agri	iculture are private	data on
18.20	individuals: financial history, inclu	iding listings of assets	and debts, and pers-	onal and
18.21	emotional status information.			
18.22	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014	4, section 18B.01, subd	ivision 28, is amend	ded to read:
18.23	Subd. 28. Structural pest.	"Structural pest" means	s a an invertebrate p	est , other
18.24	than a plant, or commensal rodent	in, on, under, or near a	structure such as a	residential
18.25	or commercial building.			
18.26	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014	4, section 18B.01, subd	ivision 29, is amend	ded to read:
18.27	Subd. 29. Structural pest c	ontrol. "Structural pest	t control" means the	e control of
18.28	any structural pest through the use	of a device, a procedui	r e, or application of	pesticides or
18.29	through other means in or around a	a building or other struc	ctures, including tru	cks, boxcars,
18.30	ships, aircraft, docks, and fumigati	on vaults , and the busi	ness activity related	to use of a
18.31	device, a procedure, or application	of a pesticide .		

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Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 19.1 Subdivision 1. Establishment. A pesticide regulatory account is established in the 19.2 agricultural fund. Fees, assessments, and penalties collected under this chapter must 19.3 be deposited in the agricultural fund and credited to the pesticide regulatory account. 19.4 Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner for the 19.5 administration and enforcement of this chapter and up to \$20,000 per fiscal year may also 19.6 be used by the commissioner for purposes of section 18H.14, paragraph (e). 19.7 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 19.8 Subdivision 1. Requirement. (a) A person may not engage in structural pest 19.9 control applications: 19.10 (1) for hire without a structural pest control license; and 19.11 (2) as a sole proprietorship, company, partnership, or corporation unless the person 19.12 is or employs a licensed master in structural pest control operations. 19.13 19.14 (b) A structural pest control licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying to purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must 19.15 display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law 19.16 19.17 enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information required by the commissioner. 19.18 (c) Notwithstanding the licensing requirements of this subdivision, a person may 19.19 control the following nuisance or economically damaging wild animals, by trapping, 19.20 without a structural pest control license: 19.21 19.22 (1) fur-bearing animals, as defined in section 97A.015, with a valid trapping license or special permit from the commissioner of natural resources; and 19.23 (2) skunks, woodchucks, gophers, porcupines, coyotes, moles, and weasels. 19.24 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 19.25 Subdivision 1. Requirement. (a) A person may not apply a pesticide for hire 19.26 without a commercial applicator license for the appropriate use categories or a structural 19.27 pest control license. 19.28 (b) A commercial applicator licensee must have a valid license identification card 19.29 when applying to purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must 19.30 display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law 19.31

19.32 enforcement officer. The commissioner shall prescribe the information required on the19.33 license identification card.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Requirement. (a) Except for a licensed commercial applicator,
certified private applicator, or licensed structural pest control applicator, a person,
including a government employee, may not <u>purchase or</u> use a restricted use pesticide in
performance of official duties without having a noncommercial applicator license for an
appropriate use category.

(b) A licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying pesticides
and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner
or a law enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information
required by the commissioner.

20.11 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18C.425, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
20.12 Subd. 6. Payment of inspection fee. (a) The person who registers and distributes in
20.13 the state a specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment under section 18C.411
20.14 shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner.

20.15 (b) The person licensed under section 18C.415 who distributes a fertilizer to a person 20.16 not required to be so licensed shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner, except as 20.17 exempted under section 18C.421, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

(c) The person responsible for payment of the inspection fees for fertilizers, soil 20.18 amendments, or plant amendments sold and used in this state must pay an inspection fee 20.19 of 30 39 cents per ton, and until June 30, 2019, an additional 40 cents per ton, of fertilizer, 20.20 soil amendment, and plant amendment sold or distributed in this state, with a minimum 20.21 20.22 of \$10 on all tonnage reports. Notwithstanding section 18C.131, the commissioner must deposit all revenue from the additional 40 cent per ton fee in the agricultural 20.23 fertilizer research and education account in section 18C.80. Products sold or distributed to 20.24 20.25 manufacturers or exchanged between them are exempt from the inspection fee imposed by this subdivision if the products are used exclusively for manufacturing purposes. 20.26

20.27 (d) A registrant or licensee must retain invoices showing proof of fertilizer, plant
20.28 amendment, or soil amendment distribution amounts and inspection fees paid for a period
20.29 of three years.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18C.70, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Powers and duties. The council must review applications and select
projects to receive agricultural fertilizer research and education program grants, as
authorized in section 18C.71. The council must establish a program to provide grants to
research, education, and technology transfer projects related to agricultural fertilizer, soil

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amendments, and plant amendments. For the purpose of this section, "fertilizer" includes
soil amendments and plant amendments, but does not include vegetable or animal manures
that are not manipulated. The commissioner is responsible for all fiscal and administrative
duties in the first year and may use up to eight percent of program revenue to offset costs
incurred. No later than October 1, 2007, the commissioner must provide the council with
an estimate of the annual costs the commissioner would incur in administering the program.

21.7 Sec. 11. [18C.80] AGRICULTURAL FERTILIZER RESEARCH AND

21.8 **EDUCATION ACCOUNT.**

21.9 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Account; appropriation.</u> <u>An agricultural fertilizer research</u>

21.10 and education account is established in the agricultural fund. Money in the account,

21.11 including interest earned, is appropriated to the commissioner for grants determined by the

21.12 Minnesota Agricultural Fertilizer Research and Education Council under section 18C.71.

21.13 The commissioner may use up to \$80,000 each fiscal year for direct costs incurred to

21.14 provide fiscal and administrative support to the council as required under section 18C.70,

21.15 <u>subdivision 2.</u> The commissioner may also recover associated indirect costs from the

- 21.16 account as required under section 16A.127.
- 21.17 <u>Subd. 2.</u> Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2020.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Cooperative agreements. The commissioner may enter into cooperative
agreements with federal and state agencies for administration of the export certification
program. An exporter of plants or plant products desiring to originate shipments from
Minnesota to a foreign country requiring a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate
must submit an application to the commissioner.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 21.24 Subd. 4. Phytosanitary and export certificates. An exporter of plants or plant 21.25 products desiring to originate shipments from Minnesota to a foreign country requiring 21.26 a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate must submit an application to the 21.27 commissioner. Application for phytosanitary certificates or export certificates must be 21.28 made on forms provided or approved by the commissioner. The commissioner shall may 21.29 conduct inspections of plants, plant products, or facilities for persons that have applied for 21.30 or intend to apply for a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate from the commissioner. 21.31 Inspections must include one or more of the following as requested or required: 21.32

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(1) an inspection of the plants or plant products intended for export under a 22.1 phytosanitary certificate or export certificate; 22.2 (2) field inspections of growing plants to determine presence or absence of plant 22.3 diseases, if necessary; 22.4 (3) laboratory diagnosis for presence or absence of plant diseases, if necessary; 22.5 (4) observation and evaluation of procedures and facilities utilized in handling 22.6 plants and plant products, if necessary; and 22.7 (5) review of United States Department of Agriculture, Federal Grain Inspection 22.8 Service Official Export Grain Inspection Certificate logs. 22.9 The commissioner may issue a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate if the 22.10 plants or plant products satisfactorily meet the requirements of the importing foreign 22.11 country and the United States Department of Agriculture requirements. The requirements 22.12 of the destination countries must be met by the applicant. 22.13 22.14 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 5, is amended to read: Subd. 5. Certificate fees. (a) The commissioner shall assess the fees in paragraphs 22.15 (b) to (f) fees sufficient to recover all costs for the inspection, service, and work performed 22.16 in carrying out the issuance of a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate. The 22.17 inspection fee must be based on mileage and inspection time. 22.18 (b) Mileage charge: current United States Internal Revenue Service mileage rate. 22.19 (c) Inspection time: \$50 per hour minimum or fee necessary to cover department 22.20 costs. Inspection time includes the driving time to and from the location in addition to 22.21 22.22 the time spent conducting the inspection. (d) (b) If laboratory analysis or other technical analysis is required to issue a 22.23 certificate, the commissioner must set and collect the fee to recover this additional cost. 22.24 22.25 (e) (c) The certificate fee for product value greater than \$250: is \$75 or a fee amount, not to exceed \$300, that is sufficient to recover all processing costs for each phytosanitary 22.26 or export certificate issued for any single shipment valued at more than \$250 in addition to 22.27 any mileage or inspection time charges that are assessed. 22.28 (f) Certificate fee for product value less than \$250: \$25 for each phytosanitary or 22.29 export certificate issued for any single shipment valued at less than \$250 in addition to 22.30 any mileage or inspection time charges that are assessed. 22.31 (g) (d) For services provided for in subdivision 7 that are goods and services 22.32 provided for the direct and primary use of a private individual, business, or other entity, 22.33 the commissioner must set and collect the fees to cover the cost of the services provided. 22.34

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23.1	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, subdivision 20, is amended to read:
23.2	Subd. 20. Nursery stock. "Nursery stock" means a plant intended for planting or
23.3	propagation, including, but not limited to, trees, shrubs, vines, perennials, biennials, grafts,
23.4	cuttings, and buds that may be sold for propagation, whether cultivated or wild, and all
23.5	viable parts of these plants. Nursery stock does not include:
23.6	(1) field and forage crops <u>or sod;</u>
23.7	(2) the seeds of grasses, cereal grains, vegetable crops, and flowers;
23.8	(3) vegetable plants, bulbs, or tubers;
23.9	(4) cut flowers, unless stems or other portions are intended for propagation;
23.10	(5) annuals; or
23.11	(6) Christmas trees.
23.12	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
23.13	to read:
23.14	Subd. 32a. Sod. "Sod" means the upper portion of soil that contains the roots of
23.15	grasses and the living grass plants.
23.16	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
23.17	to read:
23.18	Subd. 35. Tropical plant. "Tropical plant" means a plant that has a United States
23.19	Department of Agriculture hardiness zone designation of zone 6 or greater, or an annual
23.20	minimum hardiness temperature of -9 degrees Fahrenheit.
23.21	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
23.22	Subd. 2. Occasional sales. (a) An individual may offer nursery stock for sale and be
23.23	exempt from the requirement to obtain a nursery stock dealer certificate if:
23.24	(1) the gross sales of all nursery stock in a calendar year do not exceed \$2,000;
23.25	(2) all nursery stock sold or distributed by the individual is intended for planting
23.26	in Minnesota;
23.27	(3) all nursery stock purchased or procured for resale or distribution was grown in
23.28	Minnesota and has been certified by the commissioner; and
23.29	(4) the individual conducts sales or distributions of nursery stock on ten or fewer
23.30	days in a calendar year.
23.31	(b) The commissioner may prescribe the conditions of the exempt nursery sales under
23.32	this subdivision and may conduct routine inspections of the nursery stock offered for sale.

24.1 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.07, is amended to read:

24.2 **18H.07 FEE SCHEDULE.**

Subdivision 1. Establishment of fees. The commissioner shall establish fees sufficient to allow for the administration and enforcement of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter, including the portion of general support costs and statewide indirect costs of the agency attributable to that function, with a reserve sufficient for up to six months. The commissioner shall review the fee schedule annually in consultation with the Minnesota Nursery and Landscape Advisory Committee. For the certificate year beginning January 1, 2006, the fees are as described in this section.

Subd. 2. Nursery stock grower certificate. (a) A nursery stock grower must
pay an annual fee based on the area of all acreage on which nursery stock is grown for
certification as follows:

- 24.13 (1) less than one-half acre, \$150;
- 24.14 (2) from one-half acre to two acres, \$200;
- 24.15 (3) over two acres up to five acres, \$300;
- 24.16 (4) over five acres up to ten acres, \$350;
- 24.17 (5) over ten acres up to 20 acres, \$500;
- 24.18 (6) over 20 acres up to 40 acres, \$650;
- 24.19 (7) over 40 acres up to 50 acres, \$800;
- 24.20 (8) over 50 acres up to 200 acres, \$1,100;
- 24.21 (9) over 200 acres up to 500 acres, \$1,500; and
- 24.22 (10) over 500 acres, \$1,500 plus \$2 for each additional acre.

(b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of ten percent of the fee due
must be charged for each month, or portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a
maximum of 30 percent for any application for renewal not postmarked by December 31
of the current year.

24.27 (c) A nursery stock grower found operating without a valid nursery stock grower 24.28 certificate cannot offer for sale or sell nursery stock until: (1) payment is received by the 24.29 commissioner for (i) the certificate fee due, and (ii) a penalty equal to the certificate fee

- 24.30 owed; and (2) a new certificate is issued to the nursery stock grower by the commissioner.
- Subd. 3. Nursery stock dealer certificate. (a) A nursery stock dealer must pay an annual fee based on the dealer's gross sales of certified nursery stock per location during the most recent certificate year. A certificate applicant operating for the first time must pay the minimum fee. The fees per sales location are:
- 24.35 (1) gross sales up to \$5,000, \$150;
- 24.36 (2) gross sales over \$5,000 up to \$20,000, \$175;

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(3) gross sales over \$20,000 up to \$50,000, \$300; 25.1 (4) gross sales over \$50,000 up to \$75,000, \$425; 25.2 (5) gross sales over \$75,000 up to \$100,000, \$550; 25.3 (6) gross sales over \$100,000 up to \$200,000, \$675; and 25.4 (7) gross sales over \$200,000, \$800. 25.5 (b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of ten percent of the fee due 25.6 must be charged for each month, or portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a 25.7 maximum of 30 percent for any application for renewal not postmarked by December 31 25.8 of the current year. 25.9 (c) A nursery stock dealer found operating without a valid nursery stock dealer 25.10 certificate cannot offer for sale or sell nursery stock until: (1) payment is received by the 25.11 commissioner for (i) the certificate fee due, and (ii) a penalty equal to the certificate fee 25.12 owed; and (2) a new certificate is issued to the nursery stock dealer by the commissioner. 25.13 Subd. 4. Reinspection; additional or optional inspection fees. If a reinspection is 25.14 required or an additional inspection is needed or requested a fee must be assessed based 25.15 on mileage and inspection time as follows: 25.16 (1) mileage must be charged at the current United States Internal Revenue Service 25.17 reimbursement rate; and 25.18 (2) inspection time must be charged at the rate of \$50 per hour a rate sufficient to 25.19 recover all inspection costs, including the driving time to and from the location in addition 25.20 to the time spent conducting the inspection. 25.21 25.22 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.17, is amended to read: **18H.17 NURSERY AND PHYTOSANITARY ACCOUNT.** 25.23 A nursery and phytosanitary account is established in the state treasury. The fees 25.24 and penalties collected under this chapter and interest attributable to money in the account 25.25 must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the nursery and phytosanitary 25.26 account in the agricultural fund. Money in the account, including interest earned, is 25.27 annually appropriated to the commissioner for the administration and enforcement for 25.28 this chapter. The commissioner may spend no more than \$20,000 from the account each 25.29 fiscal year for purposes of section 18H.14, paragraph (e). 25.30

25.31 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.01, is amended to read:

25.32 **18J.01 DEFINITIONS.**

(a) The definitions in sections 18G.02, 18H.02, <u>18K.02</u>, 27.01, 223.16, 231.01,
and 232.21 apply to this chapter.

- (b) For purposes of this chapter, "associated rules" means rules adopted under this 26.1 chapter, chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232, or sections 21.80 to 21.92. 26.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 26.3 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.02, is amended to read: 26.4 **18J.02 DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER.** 26.5 The commissioner shall administer and enforce this chapter, chapters 18G, 18H, 26.6 18K, 27, 223, 231, and 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; and associated rules. 26.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 26.8 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.03, is amended to read: 26.9 **18J.03 CIVIL LIABILITY.** 26.10 A person regulated by this chapter, chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232, 26.11 or sections 21.80 to 21.92, is civilly liable for any violation of one of those statutes or 26.12 associated rules by the person's employee or agent. 26.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 26.14 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 26.15 Subdivision 1. Access and entry. The commissioner, upon presentation of official 26.16 department credentials, must be granted immediate access at reasonable times to sites 26.17 26.18 where a person manufactures, distributes, uses, handles, disposes of, stores, or transports seeds, plants, grain, household goods, general merchandise, produce, or other living or 26.19 nonliving products or other objects regulated under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, 26.20 or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules. 26.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 26.22 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 26.23 Subd. 2. Purpose of entry. (a) The commissioner may enter sites for: 26.24 (1) inspection of inventory and equipment for the manufacture, storage, handling, 26.25 distribution, disposal, or any other process regulated under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 26.26
- 26.27 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules;
- 26.28 (2) sampling of sites, seeds, plants, products, grain, household goods, general
 26.29 merchandise, produce, or other living or nonliving objects that are manufactured, stored,

distributed, handled, or disposed of at those sites and regulated under chapter 18G, 18H,

27.2 <u>18K,</u> 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules;

27.3 (3) inspection of records related to the manufacture, distribution, storage, handling,
27.4 or disposal of seeds, plants, products, grain, household goods, general merchandise,
27.5 produce, or other living or nonliving objects regulated under chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27,

27.6 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules;

- 27.7 (4) investigating compliance with chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223, 231, or 232;
 27.8 sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules; or
- 27.9 (5) other purposes necessary to implement chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223, 231, or
 27.10 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules.
- (b) The commissioner may enter any public or private premises during or after
 regular business hours without notice of inspection when a suspected violation of chapter
 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules may
- threaten public health or the environment.
- 27.15

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Notice of inspection samples and analyses. (a) The commissioner shall
provide the owner, operator, or agent in charge with a receipt describing any samples
obtained. If requested, the commissioner shall split any samples obtained and provide
them to the owner, operator, or agent in charge. If an analysis is made of the samples,
a copy of the results of the analysis must be furnished to the owner, operator, or agent

in charge within 30 days after an analysis has been performed. If an analysis is not
performed, the commissioner must notify the owner, operator, or agent in charge within 30
days of the decision not to perform the analysis.

(b) The sampling and analysis must be done according to methods provided for
under applicable provisions of chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections
21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules. In cases not covered by those sections and methods
or in cases where methods are available in which improved applicability has been
demonstrated the commissioner may adopt appropriate methods from other sources.

27.30

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Inspection requests by others. (a) A person who believes that a violation
of chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated

rules has occurred may request an inspection by giving notice to the commissioner of the
violation. The notice must be in writing, state with reasonable particularity the grounds
for the notice, and be signed by the person making the request.

(b) If after receiving a notice of violation the commissioner reasonably believes that
a violation has occurred, the commissioner shall make a special inspection in accordance
with the provisions of this section as soon as practicable, to determine if a violation has
occurred.

(c) An inspection conducted pursuant to a notice under this subdivision may cover
an entire site and is not limited to the portion of the site specified in the notice. If the
commissioner determines that reasonable grounds to believe that a violation occurred
do not exist, the commissioner must notify the person making the request in writing of
the determination.

28.13

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 28.14 Subdivision 1. Enforcement required. (a) A violation of chapter 18G, 18H, 18K, 27, 28.15 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or an associated rule is a violation of this chapter. 28.16 (b) Upon the request of the commissioner, county attorneys, sheriffs, and other 28.17 officers having authority in the enforcement of the general criminal laws must take action 28.18 to the extent of their authority necessary or proper for the enforcement of chapter 18G, 28.19 18H, 18K, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules or valid 28.20 orders, standards, stipulations, and agreements of the commissioner. 28.21

28.22

2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Commissioner's discretion. If minor violations of chapter 18G, 18H,
<u>18K,</u> 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules occur or the
commissioner believes the public interest will be best served by a suitable notice of
warning in writing, this section does not require the commissioner to:

- 28.28 (1) report the violation for prosecution;
- 28.29 (2) institute seizure proceedings; or
- 28.30 (3) issue a withdrawal from distribution, stop-sale, or other order.

28.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

28.32 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.05, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

29.1	Subd. 6. Agent for service of process. All persons licensed, permitted, registered,
29.2	or certified under chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K,</u> 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or
29.3	associated rules must appoint the commissioner as the agent upon whom all legal process
29.4	may be served and service upon the commissioner is deemed to be service on the licensee,
29.5	permittee, registrant, or certified person.
29.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
29.7	Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.06, is amended to read:
29.8	18J.06 FALSE STATEMENT OR RECORD.
29.9	A person must not knowingly make or offer a false statement, record, or other
29.10	information as part of:
29.11	(1) an application for registration, license, certification, or permit under chapter 18G,
29.12	18H, <u>18K,</u> 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules;
29.13	(2) records or reports required under chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u> , 27, 223, 231, or 232;
29.14	sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules; or
29.15	(3) an investigation of a violation of chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u> , 27, 223, 231, or 232;
29.16	sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules.
29.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
29.18	Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
29.19	Subd. 3. Cancellation of registration, permit, license, certification. The
29.20	commissioner may cancel or revoke a registration, permit, license, or certification
29.21	provided for under chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K,</u> 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92;
29.22	or associated rules or refuse to register, permit, license, or certify under provisions of
29.23	chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u> , 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules
29.24	if the registrant, permittee, licensee, or certified person has used fraudulent or deceptive
29.25	practices in the evasion or attempted evasion of a provision of chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u> , 27,
29.26	223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules.

29.27

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Service of order or notice. (a) If a person is not available for service of an
order, the commissioner may attach the order to the facility, site, seed or seed container,
plant or other living or nonliving object regulated under chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223,

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- 30.1 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules and notify the owner, custodian,
 30.2 other responsible party, or registrant.
 30.3 (b) The seed, seed container, plant, or other living or nonliving object regulated
- under chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223, 231, or 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated
 rules may not be sold, used, tampered with, or removed until released under conditions
 specified by the commissioner, by an administrative law judge, or by a court.
- 30.7

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.07, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
 Subd. 5. Unsatisfied judgments. (a) An applicant for a license, permit, registration,
 or certification under provisions of this chapter, chapter 18G, 18H, <u>18K</u>, 27, 223, 231, or
 232; sections 21.80 to 21.92; or associated rules may not allow a final judgment against
 the applicant for damages arising from a violation of those statutes or rules to remain
 unsatisfied for a period of more than 30 days.
- 30.14 (b) Failure to satisfy, within 30 days, a final judgment resulting from a violation of this
 30.15 chapter results in automatic suspension of the license, permit, registration, or certification.
- 30.16

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

30.17 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.09, is amended to read:

30.18 **18J.09 CREDITING OF PENALTIES, FEES, AND COSTS.**

Penalties, cost reimbursements, fees, and other money collected under this chapter
must be deposited into the state treasury and credited to the appropriate nursery and
phytosanitary, industrial hemp, or seed account.

- 30.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 30.23 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 30.24 Subdivision 1. General violation. Except as provided in subdivisions 2 and, 3, and
 30.25 <u>4</u>, a person is guilty of a misdemeanor if the person violates this chapter or an order,
 30.26 standard, stipulation, agreement, or schedule of compliance of the commissioner.

30.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

30.28 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18J.11, is amended by adding a subdivision
30.29 to read:

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31.1	Subd. 4. Controlled substan	ce offenses. Prosecu	tion under this section	does not
31.2	preclude prosecution under chapter	152.		
31.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective the	day following final en	actment.
31.4	Sec. 38. [18K.01] SHORT TIT	<u>`LE.</u>		
31.5	This chapter may be referred	to as the "Industrial H	Hemp Development Ac	<u>:t."</u>
31.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective the	day following final en	actment.
31.7	Sec. 39. [18K.02] DEFINITIO	NS.		
31.8	Subdivision 1. Scope. The de	finitions in this section	on apply to this chapte	<u>r.</u>
31.9	Subd. 2. Commissioner. "Co	mmissioner" means t	he commissioner of ag	griculture.
31.10	Subd. 3. Industrial hemp. "	Industrial hemp" mea	ins the plant Cannabis	sativa L.
31.11	and any part of the plant, whether g	growing or not, with a	a delta-9 tetrahydrocar	nabinol
31.12	concentration of not more than 0.3	percent on a dry weig	ght basis. Industrial he	mp is not
31.13	marijuana as defined in section 152	.01, subdivision 9.		
31.14	Subd. 4. Marijuana. "Marij	uana" has the meaning	ng given in section 152	2.01,
31.15	subdivision 9.			
31.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective the	day following final en	actment.
31.17	Sec. 40. [18K.03] AGRICULT	URAL CROP; POS	SESSION AUTHOR	IZED.
31.18	Industrial hemp is an agricultu	ural crop in this state.	A person may posses	s, transport,
31.19	process, sell, or buy industrial hemp	o that is grown pursu	ant to this chapter.	
31.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective the	day following final en	actment.
31.21	Sec. 41. [18K.04] LICENSING			
31.22	Subdivision 1. Requirement;	; issuance; presump	tion. (a) A person mus	st obtain a
31.23	license from the commissioner before	ore growing industrial	hemp for commercial	purposes.
31.24	A person must apply to the commis	sioner in the form pro	escribed by the commi	ssioner and
31.25	must pay the annual registration and	d inspection fee estab	olished by the commiss	sioner in
31.26	accordance with section 16A.1285,	subdivision 2. The li	icense application mus	st include
31.27	the name and address of the application	int and the legal desc	ription of the land area	a or areas
31.28	where industrial hemp will be grow	n by the applicant.		

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32.1	(b) When an applicant has paid the fee and completed the application process to the
32.2	satisfaction of the commissioner, the commissioner must issue a license which is valid
32.3	until December 31 of the year of application.
32.4	(c) A person licensed under this section is presumed to be growing industrial hemp
32.5	for commercial purposes.
32.6	Subd. 2. Background check; data classification. The commissioner must require
32.7	each first-time applicant for a license to submit to a background investigation conducted
32.8	by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension as a condition of licensure. As part of the
32.9	background investigation, the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension must conduct criminal
32.10	history checks of Minnesota records and is authorized to exchange fingerprints with the
32.11	United States Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of a
32.12	criminal background check of the national files. The cost of the investigation must be paid
32.13	by the applicant. Criminal history records provided to the commissioner under this section
32.14	must be treated as private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.
32.15	Subd. 3. Federal requirements. The applicant must demonstrate to the satisfaction
32.16	of the commissioner that the applicant has complied with all applicable federal
32.17	requirements pertaining to the production, distribution, and sale of industrial hemp.
32.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
32.19	Sec. 42. [18K.05] ANNUAL REPORT; SALES NOTIFICATION.
32.20	(a) Annually, a licensee must file with the commissioner:
32.21	(1) documentation demonstrating to the commissioner's satisfaction that the seeds
32.22	planted by the licensee are of a type and variety that contain no more than three-tenths of
32.23	one percent delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol; and
32.24	(2) a copy of any contract to grow industrial hemp.
32.25	(b) Within 30 days, a licensee must notify the commissioner of each sale or
32.26	distribution of industrial hemp grown by the licensee including, but not limited to, the
32.27	name and address of the person receiving the industrial hemp and the amount of industrial
32.28	hemp sold or distributed.
32.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
32.30	Sec. 43. [18K.06] RULEMAKING.
32.31	(a) The commissioner shall adopt rules governing the production, testing, and
32.32	licensing of industrial hemp.

33.1	(b) Rules adopted under paragraph (a) must include, but not be limited to, provisions
33.2	governing:
33.3	(1) the supervision and inspection of industrial hemp during its growth and harvest;
33.4	(2) the testing of industrial hemp to determine delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol levels;
33.5	(3) the use of background checks results required under section 18K.04 to approve
33.6	or deny a license application; and
33.7	(4) any other provision or procedure necessary to carry out the purposes of this
33.8	chapter.
33.9	(c) Rules issued under this section must be consistent with federal law regarding
33.10	the production, distribution, and sale of industrial hemp.
33.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the federal government
33.12	authorizes the commercial production of industrial hemp in this country.
33.13	Sec. 44. [18K.07] FEES.
33.14	Fees collected under this chapter must be credited to the industrial hemp account,
33.15	which is hereby established in the agricultural fund in the state treasury. Interest earned
33.16	in the account accrues to the account. Funds in the industrial hemp account are annually
33.17	appropriated to the commissioner to implement and enforce this chapter.
33.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
33.19	Sec. 45. [18K.08] DEFENSE FOR POSSESSION OF MARIJUANA.
33.20	It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution for the possession of marijuana under
33.21	chapter 152 if:
33.22	(1) the defendant possesses industrial hemp grown pursuant to this chapter; or
33.23	(2) the defendant has a valid controlled substance registration from the United States
33.24	Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration, if required under federal law.
33.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
33.26	Sec. 46. [18K.09] PILOT PROGRAM; OTHER RESEARCH AUTHORIZED.
33.27	Subdivision 1. Authorized activity. The commissioner may grow or cultivate
33.28	industrial hemp pursuant to a pilot program administered by the commissioner to study
33.29	the growth, cultivation, or marketing of industrial hemp. The commissioner may: (1)
33.30	authorize institutions of higher education to grow or cultivate industrial hemp as part
33.31	of the commissioner's pilot program or as is necessary to perform other agricultural,
33.32	renewable energy, or academic research; and (2) contract with public or private entities for

testing or other activities authorized under this subdivision. Authorized activity under this
 section may include collecting seed from wild hemp sources.

34.3 <u>Subd. 2.</u> Site registration. Before growing or cultivating industrial hemp pursuant

34.4 to this section, each site must be registered with and certified by the commissioner. A

34.5 person must register each site annually in the form prescribed by the commissioner and

34.6 <u>must pay the annual registration and certification fee established by the commissioner in</u>

34.7 accordance with section 16A.1285, subdivision 2.

34.8 Subd. 3. Rulemaking. The commissioner may adopt rules that govern the pilot
34.9 program pursuant to this section and Public Law 113-79.

34.10

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

34.11 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.89, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
34.12 Subd. 2. Permits; issuance and revocation. The commissioner shall issue a permit
34.13 to the initial labeler of agricultural, vegetable, flower, and wildflower seeds which are sold
34.14 for use in Minnesota and which conform to and are labeled under sections 21.80 to 21.92.

34.15 The categories of permits are as follows:

34.16 (1) for initial labelers who sell 50,000 pounds or less of agricultural seed each
34.17 calendar year, an annual permit issued for a fee established in section 21.891, subdivision
34.18 2, paragraph (b);

34.19 (2) for initial labelers who sell vegetable, flower, and wildflower seed packed for
34.20 use in home gardens or household plantings, and initial labelers who sell native grasses
34.21 and wildflower seed in commercial or agricultural quantities, an annual permit issued for
34.22 a fee established in section 21.891, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), based upon the gross
34.23 sales from the previous year; and

34.24 (3) for initial labelers who sell more than 50,000 pounds of agricultural seed
34.25 each calendar year, a permanent permit issued for a fee established in section 21.891,
34.26 subdivision 2, paragraph (d).

In addition, the person shall furnish to the commissioner an itemized statement of all 34.27 seeds sold in Minnesota for the periods established by the commissioner. This statement 34.28 shall be delivered, along with the payment of the fee, based upon the amount and type 34.29 of seed sold, to the commissioner no later than 30 days after the end of each reporting 34.30 period. Any person holding a permit shall show as part of the analysis labels or invoices 34.31 on all agricultural, vegetable, flower, wildflower, tree, or shrub seeds all information the 34.32 commissioner requires. The commissioner may revoke any permit in the event of failure 34.33 to comply with applicable laws and rules. 34.34

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35.1	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.891, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
35.2	Subd. 2. Seed fee permits. (a) An initial labeler who wishes to sell seed in
35.3	Minnesota must comply with section 21.89, subdivisions 1 and 2, and the procedures in
35.4	this subdivision. Each initial labeler who wishes to sell seed in Minnesota must apply to
35.5	the commissioner to obtain a permit. The application must contain the name and address of
35.6	the applicant, the application date, and the name and title of the applicant's contact person.
35.7	(b) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause
35.8	(1), must be accompanied by an application fee of $\frac{50}{50}$.
35.9	(c) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause
35.10	(2), must be accompanied by an application fee based on the level of annual gross sales
35.11	as follows:
35.12	(1) for gross sales of \$0 to \$25,000, the annual permit fee is $\frac{50}{75}$;
35.13	(2) for gross sales of \$25,001 to \$50,000, the annual permit fee is $\frac{100}{150}$;
35.14	(3) for gross sales of \$50,001 to \$100,000, the annual permit fee is $\frac{200}{300}$;
35.15	(4) for gross sales of \$100,001 to \$250,000, the annual permit fee is \$500 \$750;
35.16	(5) for gross sales of \$250,001 to \$500,000, the annual permit fee is \$1,000 \$1,500;
35.17	and
35.18	(6) for gross sales of \$500,001 and above to \$1,000,000, the annual permit fee is
35.19	\$2,000 \$3,000; and
35.20	(7) for gross sales of \$1,000,001 and above, the annual permit fee is \$4,500.
35.21	(d) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause
35.22	(3), must be accompanied by an application fee of $\frac{50}{50}$. Initial labelers holding seed
35.23	fee permits covered under this paragraph need not apply for a new permit or pay the
35.24	application fee. Under this permit category, the fees for the following kinds of agricultural
35.25	seed sold either in bulk or containers are:
35.26	(1) oats, wheat, and barley, 6.3_{9} cents per hundredweight;
35.27	(2) rye, field beans, soybeans, buckwheat, and flax, 8.4 <u>12</u> cents per hundredweight;
35.28	(3) field corn, 29.4 17 cents per hundredweight 80,000 seed unit;
35.29	(4) forage, lawn and turf grasses, and legumes, 49 <u>69</u> cents per hundredweight;
35.30	(5) sunflower, $\frac{1.40}{1.96}$ per hundredweight;
35.31	(6) sugar beet, \$3.29 12 cents per hundredweight 100,000 seed unit; and
35.32	(7) soybeans, 7.5 cents per 140,000 seed unit; and
35.33	(7) (8) for any agricultural seed not listed in clauses (1) to (6) (7), the fee for the crop
35.34	most closely resembling it in normal planting rate applies.
35.35	(e) If, for reasons beyond the control and knowledge of the initial labeler, seed is
35.36	shipped into Minnesota by a person other than the initial labeler, the responsibility for the

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36.3 the shipper is responsible for payment of the seed permit fees.

- 36.4 (f) Seed permit fees may be included in the cost of the seed either as a hidden cost or
 36.5 as a line item cost on each invoice for seed sold. To identify the fee on an invoice, the
 36.6 words "Minnesota seed permit fees" must be used.
- (g) All seed fee permit holders must file semiannual reports with the commissioner,
 even if no seed was sold during the reporting period. Each semiannual report must be
 submitted within 30 days of the end of each reporting period. The reporting periods are
 October 1 to March 31 and April 1 to September 30 of each year or July 1 to December
 31 and January 1 to June 30 of each year. Permit holders may change their reporting
 periods with the approval of the commissioner.
- 36.13 (h) The holder of a seed fee permit must pay fees on all seed for which the permit
 36.14 holder is the initial labeler and which are covered by sections 21.80 to 21.92 and sold
 36.15 during the reporting period.
- (i) If a seed fee permit holder fails to submit a semiannual report and pay the seed
 fee within 30 days after the end of each reporting period, the commissioner shall assess a
 penalty of \$100 or eight percent, calculated on an annual basis, of the fee due, whichever
 is greater, but no more than \$500 for each late semiannual report. A \$15 penalty must be
 charged when the semiannual report is late, even if no fee is due for the reporting period.
 Seed fee permits may be revoked for failure to comply with the applicable provisions of
 this paragraph or the Minnesota seed law.
- 36.23 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.891, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
 36.24 Subd. 5. Brand name registration fee. The fee is \$25 \$50 for each variety
 36.25 registered for sale by brand name.
- Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 25.341, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 36.26 Subd. 2. Application; fee; term. A person who is required to have a commercial 36.27 feed license shall submit an application on a form provided or approved by the 36.28 commissioner accompanied by a fee of \$25 \$75 paid to the commissioner for each 36.29 location. A license is not transferable from one person to another, from one ownership to 36.30 another, or from one location to another. The license year is the calendar year. A license 36.31 expires on December 31 of the year for which it is issued, except that a license is valid 36.32 through January 31 of the next year or until the issuance of the renewal license, whichever 36.33 comes first, if the licensee has filed a renewal application with the commissioner on or 36.34

before December 31 of the year for which the current license was issued. Any person who 37.1 is required to have, but fails to obtain a license or a licensee who fails to comply with 37.2 license renewal requirements, shall pay a \$50 \$100 late fee in addition to the license fee. 37.3

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 25.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 37.4 Subdivision 1. Amount of fee. (a) An inspection fee at the rate of 16 cents per ton 37.5 must be paid to the commissioner on commercial feeds distributed in this state by the 37.6 person who first distributes the commercial feed, except that: 37.7

(1) no fee need be paid on: 37.8

(i) a commercial feed if the payment has been made by a previous distributor; or 37.9 (ii) customer formula feeds if the inspection fee is paid on the commercial feeds 37.10 which are used as ingredients; or 37.11

(2) a Minnesota feed distributor who can substantiate that greater than 50 percent 37.12 of the distribution of commercial feed is to purchasers outside the state may purchase 37.13 commercial feeds without payment of the inspection fee under a tonnage fee exemption 37.14 permit issued by the commissioner. Such location specific permits shall be issued on a 37.15 calendar year basis to commercial feed distributors who submit a \$100 nonrefundable 37.16 application fee and comply with rules adopted by the commissioner relative to record 37.17 keeping, tonnage of commercial feed distributed in Minnesota, total of all commercial 37.18 feed tonnage distributed, and all other information which the commissioner may require 37.19 so as to ensure that proper inspection fee payment has been made. 37.20

(b) In the case of pet food distributed in the state only in packages of ten pounds 37.21 or less, a listing of each product and a current label for each product must be submitted 37.22 annually on forms provided by the commissioner and accompanied by an annual fee of 37.23 \$50 \$100 for each product in lieu of the inspection fee. This annual fee is due by July 1. 37.24 37.25 The inspection fee required by paragraph (a) applies to pet food distributed in packages exceeding ten pounds. 37.26

(c) In the case of specialty pet food distributed in the state only in packages of 37.27 ten pounds or less, a listing of each product and a current label for each product must 37.28 be submitted annually on forms provided by the commissioner and accompanied by an 37.29 annual fee of \$25 \$100 for each product in lieu of the inspection fee. This annual fee is 37.30 due by July 1. The inspection fee required by paragraph (a) applies to specialty pet food 37.31 distributed in packages exceeding ten pounds. 37.32

(d) The minimum inspection fee is $\frac{10}{75}$ per annual reporting period. 37.33

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 25.39, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: 37.34

38.1

Subd. 1a. Containers of ten pounds or less. A distributor who is subject to the

38.2 annual fee specified in subdivision 1, paragraph (b) or (c), shall do the following: (1) before beginning distribution, file with the commissioner a listing of pet and 38.3 specialty pet foods to be distributed in the state only in containers of ten pounds or less, 38.4 on forms provided by the commissioner. The listing under this clause must be renewed 38.5 annually before July 1 and is the basis for the payment of the annual fee. New products 38.6 added during the year must be submitted to the commissioner as a supplement to the 38.7 annual listing before distribution; and 38.8 (2) if the annual renewal of the listing is not received before July 1 or if an unlisted 38.9 product is distributed, pay a late filing fee of \$10 \$100 per product in addition to the 38.10 normal charge for the listing. The late filing fee under this clause is in addition to any 38.11 38.12 other penalty under this chapter. Sec. 53. [28A.152] COTTAGE FOODS EXEMPTION. 38.13 38.14 Subdivision 1. Licensing provisions applicability. (a) The licensing provisions of sections 28A.01 to 28A.16 do not apply to the following: 38.15 (1) an individual who prepares and sells food that is not potentially hazardous food, 38.16 as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 4626.0020, subpart 62, if the following requirements 38.17 are met: 38.18 (i) the prepared food offered for sale under this clause is labeled to accurately reflect 38.19 the name and address of the individual preparing and selling the food, the date on which 38.20 the food was prepared, and the ingredients and any possible allergens; and 38.21 38.22 (ii) the individual displays at the point of sale a clearly legible sign or placard stating: "These products are homemade and not subject to state inspection."; and 38.23 (2) an individual who prepares and sells home-processed and home-canned food 38.24 products if the following requirements are met: 38.25 (i) the products are pickles, vegetables, or fruits having an equilibrium pH value of 38.26 4.6 or lower; 38.27 (ii) the products are home-processed and home-canned in Minnesota; 38.28 (iii) the individual displays at the point of sale a clearly legible sign or placard 38.29 stating: "These canned goods are homemade and not subject to state inspection."; and 38.30 (iv) each container of the product sold or offered for sale under this clause is 38.31 accurately labeled to provide the name and address of the individual who processed 38.32 and canned the goods, the date on which the goods were processed and canned, and 38.33 ingredients and any possible allergens. 38.34

39.1	(b) An individual who qualifies for an exemption under paragraph (a), clause (2), is
39.2	also exempt from the provisions of sections 31.31 and 31.392.
39.3	Subd. 2. Direct sales to consumers. (a) An individual qualifying for an exemption
39.4	under subdivision 1 may sell the exempt food:
39.5	(1) directly to the ultimate consumer;
39.6	(2) at a community event or farmers' market; or
39.7	(3) directly from the individual's home to the consumer, to the extent allowed by
39.8	local ordinance.
39.9	(b) If an exempt food product will be delivered to the ultimate consumer upon sale
39.10	of the food product, the individual who prepared the food product must be the person who
39.11	delivers the food product to the ultimate consumer.
39.12	(c) Food products exempt under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2), may not be
39.13	sold outside of Minnesota.
39.14	(d) Food products exempt under subdivision 1 may be sold over the Internet but
39.15	must be delivered directly to the ultimate consumer by the individual who prepared the
39.16	food product. The statement "These products are homemade and not subject to state
39.17	inspection." must be displayed on the Web site that offers the exempt foods for purchase.
39.18	Subd. 3. Limitation on sales. An individual selling exempt foods under this section
39.19	is limited to total sales with gross receipts of \$18,000 or less in a calendar year.
39.20	Subd. 4. Registration. An individual who prepares and sells exempt food under
39.21	subdivision 1 must register annually with the commissioner. The annual registration fee is
39.22	\$50. An individual with \$5,000 or less in annual gross receipts from the sale of exempt
39.23	food under this section is not required to pay the registration fee.
39.24	Subd. 5. Training. (a) An individual with gross receipts between \$5,000 and
39.25	\$18,000 in a calendar year from the sale of exempt food under this section must complete a
39.26	safe food handling training course that is approved by the commissioner before registering
39.27	under subdivision 4. The training shall not exceed eight hours and must be completed
39.28	every three years while the individual is registered under subdivision 4.
39.29	(b) An individual with gross receipts of less than \$5,000 in a calendar year from
39.30	the sale of exempt food under this section must satisfactorily complete an online course
39.31	and exam as approved by the commissioner before registering under subdivision 4. The
39.32	commissioner shall offer the online course and exam under this paragraph at no cost to
39.33	the individual.
39.34	Subd. 6. Local ordinances. This section does not preempt the application of any
39.35	business licensing requirement or sanitation, public health, or zoning ordinance of a
39.36	political subdivision.

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- 40.1 <u>Subd. 7.</u> <u>Account established.</u> <u>A cottage foods account is created as a separate</u>
 40.2 <u>account in the agricultural fund in the state treasury for depositing money received by the</u>
 40.3 <u>commissioner under this section.</u> Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated
 40.4 <u>to the commissioner for purposes of this section.</u>
- 40.5 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 32.075, is amended to read:

32.075 TERM OF LICENSE; TRANSFERABILITY; FEES AND PENALTIES. 40.6 Every An initial license issued by the commissioner shall be for a period ending 40.7 expires on the following December 31st day of December next following, and shall is not 40.8 be transferable. A renewal license is valid for two years and expires on December 31 of 40.9 the second year. The fee for each such an initial or renewal license shall be \$50 and each 40.10 renewal thereof shall be \$25 and is \$60. The fee shall be paid to the commissioner before 40.11 any the commissioner issues an initial or renewal license or renewal thereof is issued. If a 40.12 license renewal is not applied for on or before January 1 of each year, a penalty of \$10 \$30 40.13 shall be imposed. A person who does not renew a license within one year following its 40.14 40.15 December 31 expiration date, except those persons who do not renew such license while engaged in active military service, shall be required to prove competency and qualification 40.16 pursuant to section 32.073, before a license is issued. The commissioner may require any 40.17 other person who renews a license to prove competency and qualification in the same 40.18 manner. All license fees and penalties received by the commissioner shall be paid into the 40.19 state treasury deposited in the dairy services account in the agricultural fund. 40.20

- 40.21 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 32.105, is amended to read:
- 40.22

32.105 MILK PROCUREMENT FEE.

Each dairy plant operator within the state must pay to the commissioner on or before the 18th of each month a fee of .71 1.1 cents per hundredweight of milk purchased the previous month. If a milk producer within the state ships milk out of the state for sale, the producer must pay the fee to the commissioner unless the purchaser voluntarily pays the fee.

- 40.27 Producers who ship milk out of state or processors must submit monthly reports as 40.28 to milk purchases along with the appropriate procurement fee to the commissioner. The 40.29 commissioner may have access to all relevant purchase or sale records as necessary to 40.30 verify compliance with this section and may require the producer or purchaser to produce 40.31 records as necessary to determine compliance.
- 40.32 The fees collected under this section must be deposited in the dairy services account
 40.33 in the agricultural fund. Money in the account, including interest earned, is appropriated
 40.34 to the commissioner to administer this chapter.

41.1	Sec. 56. [41A.14] AGRICULTURE RESEARCH, EDUCATION, EXTENSION,
41.2	AND TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER GRANT PROGRAM.
41.3	Subdivision 1. Duties; grants. The agriculture research, education, extension, and
41.4	technology transfer grant program is created. The purpose of the grant program is to
41.5	provide investments that will most efficiently achieve long-term agricultural productivity
41.6	increases through improved infrastructure, vision, and accountability. The scope and
41.7	intent of the grants, to the extent possible, shall provide for a long-term base funding
41.8	that allows the research grantee to continue the functions of the research, education, and
41.9	extension efforts to a practical conclusion. Priority for grants shall be given to human
41.10	infrastructure. The commissioner shall provide grants for:
41.11	(1) agricultural research and technology transfer needs and recipients including
41.12	agricultural research and extension at the University of Minnesota, research and outreach
41.13	centers, the College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource Sciences, the Minnesota
41.14	Agricultural Experiment Station, University of Minnesota Extension Service, the
41.15	University of Minnesota Veterinary School, the Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory,
41.16	the Stakman-Borlaug Center, and the Minnesota Agriculture Fertilizer Research and
41.17	Education Council;
41.18	(2) agriculture rapid response for plant and animal diseases and pests; and
41.19	(3) agricultural education including but not limited to the Minnesota Agriculture
41.20	Education Leadership Council, farm business management, mentoring programs, graduate
41.21	debt forgiveness, and high school programs.
41.22	Subd. 2. Advisory panel. In awarding grants under this section, the commissioner
41.23	must consult with an advisory panel consisting of the following stakeholders:
41.24	(1) a representative of the College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource
41.25	Sciences at the University of Minnesota;
41.26	(2) a representative of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities system;
41.27	(3) a representative of the Minnesota Farm Bureau;
41.28	(4) a representative of the Minnesota Farmers Union;
41.29	(5) a person representing agriculture industry statewide;
41.30	(6) a representative of each of the state commodity councils organized under section
41.31	17.54 and the Minnesota Pork Board;
41.32	(7) a person representing an association of primary manufacturers of forest products;
41.33	(8) a person representing organic or sustainable agriculture; and
41.34	(9) a person representing statewide environment and natural resource conservation

41.35 <u>organizations.</u>

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42.1	Subd. 3. Account. An agriculture research, education, extension, and technology
42.2	transfer account is created in the agricultural fund in the state treasury. The account
42.3	consists of money received in the form of gifts, grants, reimbursement, or appropriations
42.4	from any source for any of the purposes provided in subdivision 1, and any interest or
42.5	earnings of the account. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of
42.6	agriculture for the purposes under subdivision 1.
42.7	Sec. 57. [41A.15] DEFINITIONS.
42.8	Subdivision 1. Scope. For the purposes of sections 41A.15 to 41A.18, the terms
42.9	defined in this section have the meanings given them.
42.10	Subd. 2. Advanced biofuel. "Advanced biofuel" has the meaning given in section
42.11	239.051, subdivision 1a.
42.12	Subd. 3. Biomass thermal production. "Biomass thermal production" means the
42.13	generation of energy for commercial heat or industrial process heat from a cellulosic
42.14	material or other material composed of forestry or agricultural feedstocks for a new or
42.15	expanding capacity facility or a facility that is displacing existing use of fossil fuel after
42.16	the effective date of this section.
42.17	Subd. 4. Cellulosic biomass. "Cellulosic biomass" means material primarily made
42.18	up of cellulose, hemicellulose, or lingnin, or a combination of those ingredients.
42.19	Subd. 5. Cellulosic sugar. "Cellulosic sugar" means sugar derived from cellulosic
42.20	biomass from agricultural or forestry resources.
42.21	Subd. 6. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture.
42.22	Subd. 7. Cover crops. "Cover crops" means grasses, legumes, forbs, or other
42.23	herbaceous plants that are known to be noninvasive and not listed as a noxious weed in
42.24	Minnesota and that are either interseeded into living cash crops or planted on agricultural
42.25	fields during fallow periods for seasonal cover and conservation purposes.
42.26	Subd. 8. MMbtu. "MMbtu" means 1,000,000 British thermal units.
42.27	Subd. 9. Perennial crops. "Perennial crops" means agriculturally produced plants
42.28	that are known to be noninvasive and not listed as a noxious weed in Minnesota and that
42.29	have a life cycle of at least three years at the location where the plants are being cultivated.
42.30	Biomass from alfalfa produced in a two-year rotation shall be considered a perennial crop.
42.31	Subd. 10. Renewable chemical. "Renewable chemical" means a chemical with
42.32	biobased content as defined in section 41A.105, subdivision 1a.

42.33 Sec. 58. [41A.16] ADVANCED BIOFUEL PRODUCTION INCENTIVE.

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43.1	Subdivision 1. Eligibility. (a) A facility eligible for payment under this section must
43.2	source at least 80 percent raw materials from Minnesota. If a facility is sited 50 miles or
43.3	less from the state border, raw materials may be sourced from within a 100-mile radius.
43.4	Raw materials must be from agricultural or forestry sources or from solid waste. The
43.5	facility must be located in Minnesota, must begin production at a specific location by June
43.6	30, 2025, and must not begin operating above 95,000 MMbtu of annual biofuel production
43.7	before July 1, 2015. Eligible facilities include existing companies and facilities that are
43.8	adding advanced biofuel production capacity, or retrofitting existing capacity, as well as
43.9	new companies and facilities. Production of conventional corn ethanol and conventional
43.10	biodiesel is not eligible. Eligible advanced biofuel facilities must produce at least 95,000
43.11	MMbtu a year.
43.12	(b) No payments shall be made for advanced biofuel production that occurs after
43.13	June 30, 2035, for those eligible biofuel producers under paragraph (a).
43.14	(c) An eligible producer of advanced biofuel shall not transfer the producer's
43.15	eligibility for payments under this section to an advanced biofuel facility at a different
43.16	location.
43.17	(d) A producer that ceases production for any reason is ineligible to receive
43.18	payments under this section until the producer resumes production.
43.19	(e) Renewable chemical production for which payment has been received under
43.20	section 41A.17, and biomass thermal production for which payment has been received
43.21	under section 41A.18, are not eligible for payment under this section.
43.22	Subd. 2. Payment amounts; limits. (a) The commissioner shall make payments
43.23	to eligible producers of advanced biofuel. The amount of the payment for each eligible
43.24	producer's annual production is \$2.1053 per MMbtu for advanced biofuel production from
43.25	cellulosic biomass, and \$1.053 per MMbtu for advanced biofuel production from sugar or
43.26	starch at a specific location for ten years after the start of production.
43.27	(b) Total payments under this section to an eligible biofuel producer in a fiscal
43.28	year may not exceed the amount necessary for 2,850,000 MMbtu of biofuel production.
43.29	Total payments under this section to all eligible biofuel producers in a fiscal year may
43.30	not exceed the amount necessary for 17,100,000 MMbtu of biofuel production. The
43.31	commissioner shall award payments on a first-come, first-served basis within the limits of
43.32	available funding.
43.33	(c) For purposes of this section, an entity that holds a controlling interest in more
43.34	than one advanced biofuel facility is considered a single eligible producer.
43.35	Subd. 3. Perennial and cover crops required. To be eligible for payment under
43.36	this section, a producer that produces advanced biofuel from agricultural cellulosic

biomass other than corn kernel fiber or biogas must derive at least the following portions 44.1 of the producer's total eligible MMbtus from perennial crop or cover crop biomass: 44.2 (1) ten percent during the first two years of eligible production; 44.3 44.4 (2) 30 percent during the third and fourth years of eligible production; and (3) 50 percent during the fifth through tenth years of eligible production. 44.5 Subd. 4. Cellulosic forestry biomass requirements. All forestry-derived cellulosic 44.6 biomass must be produced using Minnesota state biomass harvesting guidelines or the 44.7 equivalent. All biomass from brushlands must be produced using Minnesota brushland 44.8 harvesting biomass harvest guidelines or the equivalent. Forestry-derived cellulosic 44.9 biomass that comes from land parcels greater than 160 acres must be certified by the Forest 44.10 Stewardship Council, Sustainable Forestry Initiative, or American Tree Farm System. 44.11 Uncertified land from parcels of 160 acres or less and federal land must be harvested by 44.12 a logger who has completed training for biomass harvesting from the Minnesota logger 44.13 education program or the equivalent and have a forest stewardship plan. 44.14 44.15 Subd. 5. Agricultural cellulosic biomass sourcing plan. (a) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass must submit a responsible biomass sourcing 44.16 plan for approval by the commissioner prior to applying for payments under this section. 44.17 The commissioner shall make the plan publicly available. The plan must: 44.18 (1) provide a detailed explanation of how agricultural cellulosic biomass will be 44.19 44.20 produced and managed in a way that preserves soil quality, does not increase soil and nutrient runoff, avoids introduction of harmful invasive species, limits negative impacts 44.21 on wildlife habitat, and reduces greenhouse gas emissions; 44.22 44.23 (2) include the producer's approach to verifying that biomass suppliers are following the plan; 44.24 (3) discuss how new technologies and practices that are not yet commercially viable 44.25 may be encouraged and adopted during the life of the facility, and how the producer will 44.26 encourage continuous improvement during the life of the project; 44.27 (4) include specific numeric goals and timelines for making progress; 44.28 (5) require agronomic practices that result in a positive Natural Resources 44.29 Conservation Service Soil Conditioning Index score for acres from which biomass from 44.30 44.31 corn stover will be harvested; and (6) include biennial soil sampling to verify maintained or increased levels of soil 44.32 organic matter. 44.33 (b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives 44.34 payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible 44.35 biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must 44.36

include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the 45.1 plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall 45.2 perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the 45.3 producer is not following the plan based on the reports submitted. The commissioner 45.4 may take appropriate steps, including reducing or ceasing payments, until the producer 45.5 is in compliance with the plan. 45.6 Subd. 6. Claims. (a) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each eligible 45.7 biofuel producer shall file a claim for payment for advanced biofuel production during the 45.8 preceding three calendar months. An eligible biofuel producer that files a claim under 45.9 this subdivision shall include a statement of the eligible biofuel producer's total advanced 45.10 biofuel production in Minnesota during the quarter covered by the claim. For each claim 45.11 45.12 and statement of total advanced biofuel production filed under this subdivision, the volume of advanced biofuel production must be examined by a CPA firm with a valid permit to 45.13 practice under chapter 326A, in accordance with Statements on Standards for Attestation 45.14 45.15 Engagements established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. (b) The commissioner must issue payments by November 15, February 15, May 15, 45.16

45.17 and August 15. A separate payment must be made for each claim filed.

45.18 Sec. 59. [41A.17] RENEWABLE CHEMICAL PRODUCTION INCENTIVE.

45.19 Subdivision 1. Eligibility. (a) A facility eligible for payment under this program must source at least 80 percent biobased content, as defined in section 41A.105, 45.20 subdivision 1a, clause (1), from Minnesota. If a facility is sited 50 miles or less from the 45.21 45.22 state border, biobased content must be sourced from within a 100-mile radius. Biobased content must be from agricultural or forestry sources or from solid waste. The facility 45.23 must be located in Minnesota, must begin production at a specific location by June 30, 45.24 45.25 2025, and must not begin production of 3,000,000 pounds of chemicals annually before January 1, 2015. Eligible facilities include existing companies and facilities that are 45.26 adding production capacity, or retrofitting existing capacity, as well as new companies and 45.27 facilities. Eligible renewable chemical facilities must produce at least 3,000,000 pounds 45.28 per year. Renewable chemicals produced through processes that are fully commercial 45.29 before January 1, 2000, are not eligible. 45.30 (b) No payments shall be made for renewable chemical production that occurs after 45.31 June 30, 2035, for those eligible renewable chemical producers under paragraph (a). 45.32 (c) An eligible producer of renewable chemicals shall not transfer the producer's 45.33 eligibility for payments under this section to a renewable chemical facility at a different 45.34

45.35 location.

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46.1	(d) A producer that ceases production for any reason is ineligible to receive
46.2	payments under this section until the producer resumes production.
46.3	(e) Advanced biofuel production for which payment has been received under section
46.4	41A.16, and biomass thermal production for which payment has been received under
46.5	section 41A.18, are not eligible for payment under this section.
46.6	Subd. 2. Payment amounts; bonus; limits. (a) The commissioner shall make
46.7	payments to eligible producers of renewable chemicals located in the state. The amount of
46.8	the payment for each producer's annual production is \$0.03 per pound of sugar-derived
46.9	renewable chemical, \$0.03 per pound of cellulosic sugar, and \$0.06 per pound of
46.10	cellulosic-derived renewable chemical produced at a specific location for ten years after
46.11	the start of production.
46.12	(b) An eligible facility producing renewable chemicals using agricultural cellulosic
46.13	biomass is eligible for a 20 percent bonus payment for each MMbtu produced from
46.14	agricultural biomass that is derived from perennial crop or cover crop biomass.
46.15	(c) Total payments under this section to an eligible renewable chemical producer in
46.16	a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 99,999,999 pounds of renewable
46.17	chemical production. Total payments under this section to all eligible renewable chemical
46.18	producers in a fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary for 599,999,999 pounds of
46.19	renewable chemical production. The commissioner shall award payments on a first-come,
46.20	first-served basis within the limits of available funding.
46.21	(d) For purposes of this section, an entity that holds a controlling interest in more
46.22	than one renewable chemical production facility is considered a single eligible producer.
46.23	Subd. 3. Cellulosic biomass requirements. All forestry-derived cellulosic biomass
46.24	must be produced using Minnesota state biomass harvesting guidelines or the equivalent.
46.25	All cellulosic biomass from brushlands must be produced using Minnesota brushland
46.26	harvesting biomass harvest guidelines or the equivalent. Forestry-derived cellulosic
46.27	biomass that comes from land parcels greater than 160 acres must be certified by the Forest
46.28	Stewardship Council, Sustainable Forestry Initiative, or American Tree Farm System.
46.29	Uncertified land from parcels of 160 acres or less and federal land must be harvested by
46.30	a logger who has completed training for biomass harvesting from the Minnesota logger
46.31	education program or the equivalent and have a forest stewardship plan.
46.32	Subd. 4. Agricultural cellulosic biomass sourcing plan. (a) An eligible producer
46.33	who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass must submit a responsible biomass sourcing
46.34	plan to the commissioner prior to applying for payments under this section. The plan must:
46.35	(1) provide a detailed explanation of how agricultural cellulosic biomass will be
46.36	produced and managed in a way that preserves soil quality, does not increase soil and

- 47.1 nutrient runoff, avoids introduction of harmful invasive species, limits negative impacts on wildlife habitat, and reduces greenhouse gas emissions; 47.2 (2) include the producer's approach to verifying that biomass suppliers are following 47.3 the plan; 47.4 (3) discuss how new technologies and practices that are not yet commercially viable 47.5 may be encouraged and adopted during the life of the facility, and how the producer will 47.6 encourage continuous improvement during the life of the project; and 47.7 (4) include specific numeric goals and timelines for making progress. 47.8 (b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives 47.9 payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible 47.10 biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must 47.11 include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the 47.12 plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall 47.13 perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the 47.14 47.15 producer is not following the plan based on the reports submitted. The commissioner may take appropriate steps, including reducing or ceasing payments, until the producer 47.16 is in compliance with the plan. 47.17 Subd. 5. Claims. (a) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each 47.18 eligible renewable chemical producer shall file a claim for payment for renewable 47.19 47.20 chemical production during the preceding three calendar months. An eligible renewable chemical producer that files a claim under this subdivision shall include a statement of 47.21 the eligible producer's total renewable chemical production in Minnesota during the 47.22 47.23 quarter covered by the claim. For each claim and statement of total renewable chemical production filed under this paragraph, the volume of renewable chemical production 47.24 must be examined by a CPA firm with a valid permit to practice under chapter 326A, in 47.25 accordance with Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements established by the 47.26 American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. 47.27 (b) The commissioner must issue payments by November 15, February 15, May 15, 47.28 and August 15. A separate payment must be made for each claim filed. 47.29 Sec. 60. [41A.18] BIOMASS THERMAL PRODUCTION INCENTIVE. 47.30 Subdivision 1. Eligibility. (a) A facility eligible for payment under this section must 47.31
- 47.32 source at least 80 percent raw materials from Minnesota. If a facility is sited 50 miles or
- 47.33 less from the state border, raw materials should be sourced from within a 100-mile radius.
- 47.34 Raw materials must be from agricultural or forestry sources. The facility must be located
- in Minnesota, must have begun production at a specific location by June 30, 2025, and

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48.1	must not begin before July 1, 2015. Eligible facilities include existing companies and
48.2	facilities that are adding production capacity, or retrofitting existing capacity, as well as
48.3	new companies and facilities. Eligible biomass thermal production facilities must produce
48.4	at least 1,000 MMbtu per year.
48.5	(b) No payments shall be made for biomass thermal production that occurs after June
48.6	30, 2035, for those eligible biomass thermal producers under paragraph (a).
48.7	(c) An eligible producer of biomass thermal production shall not transfer the
48.8	producer's eligibility for payments under this section to a biomass thermal production
48.9	facility at a different location.
48.10	(d) A producer that ceases production for any reason is ineligible to receive
48.11	payments under this section until the producer resumes production.
48.12	(e) Biofuel production for which payment has been received under section 41A.16,
48.13	and renewable chemical production for which payment has been received under section
48.14	41A.17, are not eligible for payment under this section.
48.15	Subd. 2. Payment amounts; bonus; limits; blending. (a) The commissioner shall
48.16	make payments to eligible producers of biomass thermal located in the state. The amount
48.17	of the payment for each producer's annual production is \$5.00 per MMbtu of biomass
48.18	thermal production produced at a specific location for ten years after the start of production.
48.19	(b) An eligible facility producing biomass thermal using agricultural cellulosic
48.20	biomass is eligible for a 20 percent bonus payment for each MMbtu produced from
48.21	agricultural biomass that is derived from perennial crop or cover crop biomass.
48.22	(c) Total payments under this section to an eligible thermal producer in a fiscal
48.23	year may not exceed the amount necessary for 30,000 MMbtu of thermal production.
48.24	Total payments under this section to all eligible thermal producers in a fiscal year may
48.25	not exceed the amount necessary for 150,000 MMbtu of total thermal production. The
48.26	commissioner shall award payments on a first-come, first-served basis within the limits of
48.27	available funding.
48.28	(d) An eligible facility may blend a cellulosic feedstock with other fuels in the
48.29	biomass thermal production facility, but only the percentage attributable to cellulosic
48.30	material is eligible to receive payment.
48.31	(e) For purposes of this section, an entity that holds a controlling interest in more
48.32	than one biomass thermal production facility is considered a single eligible producer.
48.33	Subd. 3. Cellulosic biomass requirements. All forestry-derived cellulosic biomass
48.34	must be produced using Minnesota state biomass harvesting guidelines or the equivalent.
48.35	All biomass from brushland must be produced using Minnesota brushland harvesting
48.36	biomass guidelines or the equivalent. Forestry-derived cellulosic biomass that comes from

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49.1	land parcels greater than 160 acres must be certified by the Forest Stewardship Council,
49.2	the Sustainable Forestry Initiative, or American Tree Farm. Uncertified land from parcels
49.3	of 160 acres or less and federal land must be harvested by a logger who has completed
49.4	training for biomass harvesting from the Minnesota logger education program or the
49.5	equivalent and have a forest stewardship plan.
49.6	Subd. 4. Agricultural cellulosic biomass sourcing plan. (a) An eligible producer
49.7	who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass must submit a responsible biomass sourcing
49.8	plan to the commissioner prior to applying for payments under this section. The plan must:
49.9	(1) provide a detailed explanation of how agricultural cellulosic biomass will be
49.10	produced and managed in a way that preserves soil quality, does not increase soil and
49.11	nutrient runoff, avoids introduction of harmful invasive species, limits negative impacts
49.12	on wildlife habitat, and reduces greenhouse gas emissions;
49.13	(2) include the producer's approach to verifying that biomass suppliers are following
49.14	the plan;
49.15	(3) discuss how new technologies and practices that are not yet commercially viable
49.16	may be encouraged and adopted during the life of the facility, and how the producer will
49.17	encourage continuous improvement during the life of the project; and
49.18	(4) include specific numeric goals and timelines for making progress.
49.19	(b) An eligible producer who utilizes agricultural cellulosic biomass and receives
49.20	payments under this section shall submit an annual report on the producer's responsible
49.21	biomass sourcing plan to the commissioner by January 15 each year. The report must
49.22	include data on progress made by the producer in meeting specific goals laid out in the
49.23	plan. The commissioner shall make the report publicly available. The commissioner shall
49.24	perform an annual review of submitted reports and may make a determination that the
49.25	producer is not following the plan based on the reports submitted. The commissioner
49.26	may take appropriate steps, including reducing or ceasing payments, until the producer
49.27	is in compliance with the plan.
49.28	Subd. 5. Claims. (a) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each
49.29	producer shall file a claim for payment for biomass thermal production during the
49.30	preceding three calendar months. A producer that files a claim under this subdivision shall
49.31	include a statement of the producer's total biomass thermal production in Minnesota
49.32	during the quarter covered by the claim. For each claim and statement of total biomass
49.33	thermal production filed under this paragraph, the volume of biomass thermal production
49.34	must be examined by a CPA firm with a valid permit to practice under chapter 326A, in
49.35	accordance with Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements established by the
49.36	American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

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(b) The commissioner must issue payments by November 15, February 15, May 15, and August 15. A separate payment shall be made for each claim filed.

50.3 Sec. 61. [41A.19] REPORT; INCENTIVE PROGRAMS. 50.4 By January 15 each year, the commissioner shall report on the incentive programs 50.5 under sections 41A.16, 41A.17, and 41A.18 to the legislative committees with jurisdiction 50.6 over environment and agriculture policy and finance. The report shall include information 50.7 on production and incentive expenditures under the programs.

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 50.8 Subd. 6. Application fee. The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable 50.9 application fee for each application submitted for a beginning farmer loan or a 50.10 seller-sponsored loan. The application fee is initially \$50. The authority may review the 50.11 fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fee must be deposited in the state 50.12 50.13 treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of the beginning farmer 50.14 and seller-sponsored loan programs the Rural Finance Authority administrative account 50.15 established in subdivision 7. 50.16

50.17 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 50.18 to read:

50.19 Subd. 7. Rural Finance Authority administrative account. There is established
 50.20 in the agricultural fund a Rural Finance Authority administrative account. Money in the
 50.21 account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture for the
 50.22 administrative expenses of the loan programs administered by the Rural Finance Authority.

Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.04, subdivision 17, is amended to read: 50.23 Subd. 17. Application and origination fee. The authority may impose a reasonable 50.24 nonrefundable application fee for each application and an origination fee for each loan 50.25 issued under the loan restructuring program. The origination fee is 1.5 percent of the 50.26 authority's participation interest in the loan and the application fee is \$50. The authority 50.27 may review the fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fees must be 50.28 deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. 50.29 Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses 50.30 of the loan restructuring program the Rural Finance Authority administrative account 50.31 established in section 41B.03. 50.32

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.043, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 51.1 Subd. 3. Application and origination fee. The authority may impose a reasonable 51.2 nonrefundable application fee for each application submitted for a participation issued 51.3 under the agricultural improvement loan program. The application fee is initially \$50. The 51.4 authority may review the fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fees must 51.5 be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. 51.6 Money in this account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of 51.7 the agricultural improvement loan program the Rural Finance Authority administrative 51.8 account established in section 41B.03. 51.9

51.10 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.045, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
51.11 Subd. 3. Specifications. No loan may be made to refinance an existing debt. Each
51.12 loan participation must be secured by a mortgage on real property and such other security
51.13 as the authority may require.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.045, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 51.14 Subd. 4. Application and origination fee. The authority may impose a reasonable 51.15 nonrefundable application fee for each application for a loan participation and an 51.16 origination fee for each loan issued under the livestock expansion loan program. The 51.17 origination fee initially shall be set at 1.5 percent and the application fee at \$50. The 51.18 authority may review the fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fees must 51.19 be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. 51.20 51.21 Money in this account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of the livestock expansion loan program the Rural Finance Authority administrative account 51.22 established in section 41B.03. 51.23

Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.046, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 51.24 Subd. 5. Loans. (a) The authority may participate in a stock loan with an eligible 51.25 lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 4. Participation is limited to 45 51.26 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$40,000, whichever is less. The interest 51.27 rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ from the 51.28 interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, but the 51.29 authority's interest rate must not exceed 50 percent of the lender's interest rate. 51.30 (b) No more than 95 percent of the purchase price of the stock may be financed 51.31

51.32 under this program.

(c) Security for stock loans must be the stock purchased, a personal note executed by 52.1 the borrower, and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority. 52.2 (d) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each 52.3 application for a stock loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make 52.4 adjustments as necessary. The application fee is initially \$50. Application fees received 52.5 by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established in section 52.6 41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03. 52.7 (e) Stock loans under this program will be made using money in the revolving 52.8 loan account established in section 41B.06. 52.9 (f) The authority may not grant stock loans in a cumulative amount exceeding 52.10 \$2,000,000 for the financing of stock purchases in any one cooperative. 52.11 (g) Repayments of financial assistance under this section, including principal and 52.12 interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06. 52.13 52.14 Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.047, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Establishment. The authority shall establish and implement a 52.15 disaster recovery loan program to help farmers: 52.16 (1) clean up, repair, or replace farm structures and septic and water systems, as well 52.17 as replace seed, other crop inputs, feed, and livestock, when damaged by high winds, 52.18 52.19 hail, tornado, or flood; or (2) purchase watering systems, irrigation systems, and other drought mitigation 52.20 systems and practices when drought is the cause of the purchase.; 52.21 52.22 (3) restore farmland; or (4) replace flocks, make building improvements, and cover the loss of revenue when 52.23 the replacement, improvements, or loss of revenue is due to the confirmed presence of 52.24 52.25 the highly pathogenic avian influenza in a commercial poultry or game flock located in Minnesota. 52.26 Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.047, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 52.27 Subd. 3. Eligibility. To be eligible for this program, a borrower must: 52.28 (1) meet the requirements of section 41B.03, subdivision 1; 52.29 (2) certify that the damage or loss was (i) sustained within a county that was the 52.30

52.31 subject of a state or federal disaster declaration or (ii) due to the confirmed presence of

- 52.32 <u>the highly pathogenic avian influenza in a commercial poultry or game flock located</u>
- 52.33 <u>in Minnesota;</u>
- 52.34 (3) demonstrate an ability to repay the loan; and

53.1 (4) have a total net worth, including assets and liabilities of the borrower's spouse

53.2 and dependents, of less than \$660,000 in 2004 and an amount in subsequent years which

53.3 is adjusted for inflation by multiplying that amount by the cumulative inflation rate as

53.4 determined by the Consumer Price Index; and

Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.047, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Loans. (a) The authority may participate in a disaster recovery loan with
an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 3. Participation is limited
to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$50,000 \$200,000, whichever is less.
The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ
from the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, but
the authority's interest rate must not exceed four percent.

(b) Standards for loan amortization shall be set by the Rural Finance Authoritynot to exceed ten years.

- (c) Security for the disaster recovery loans must be a personal note executed by theborrower and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.
- (d) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for a
 disaster recovery loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments
 as necessary. The application fee is initially \$50. Application fees received by the
 authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established under section
 41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.
- (e) Disaster recovery loans under this program will be made using money in therevolving loan account established under section 41B.06.

(f) Repayments of financial assistance under this section, including principal and
interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established under section
41B.06.

- Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.048, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
 Subd. 6. Loans. (a) The authority may disburse loans through a fiscal agent to
 farmers and agricultural landowners who are eligible under subdivision 5. The total
 accumulative loan principal must not exceed \$75,000 per loan.
- (b) The fiscal agent may impose a loan origination fee in the amount of one percent
 of the total approved loan. This fee is to be paid by the borrower to the fiscal agent at
 the time of loan closing.

^{53.5 (5) (4)} have received at least 50 percent of average annual gross income from
53.6 farming for the past three years.

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54.1 (c) The loan may be disbursed over a period not to exceed 12 years.

54.2 (d) A borrower may receive loans, depending on the availability of funds, for planted54.3 areas up to 160 acres for up to:

54.4 (1) the total amount necessary for establishment of the crop;

54.5 (2) the total amount of maintenance costs, including weed control, during the first54.6 three years; and

54.7 (3) 70 percent of the estimated value of one year's growth of the crop for years54.8 four through 12.

(e) Security for the loan must be the crop, a personal note executed by the borrower, an
interest in the land upon which the crop is growing, and whatever other security is required
by the fiscal agent or the authority. All recording fees must be paid by the borrower.

(f) The authority may prescribe forms and establish an application process forapplicants to apply for a loan.

(g) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for each
application for a loan under this program. The application fee is initially \$50. Application
fees received by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established
under section 41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in
section 41B.03.

(h) Loans under the program must be made using money in the revolving loanaccount established under section 41B.06.

(i) All repayments of financial assistance granted under this section, including
principal and interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established
under section 41B.06.

(j) The interest payable on loans made by the authority for the agroforestry loan 54.24 program must, if funded by revenue bond proceeds, be at a rate not less than the rate on the 54.25 54.26 revenue bonds, and may be established at a higher rate necessary to pay costs associated with the issuance of the revenue bonds and a proportionate share of the cost of administering 54.27 the program. The interest payable on loans for the agroforestry loan program funded from 54.28 sources other than revenue bond proceeds must be at a rate determined by the authority. 54.29 (k) Loan principal balance outstanding plus all assessed interest must be repaid 54.30 within 120 days of harvest, but no later than 15 years from planting. 54.31

54.32 Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.049, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
54.33 Subd. 4. Loans. (a) The authority may make a direct loan or participate in a loan
54.34 with an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 3. Repayment terms

of the authority's participation interest may differ from repayment terms of the lender's 55.1 retained portion of the loan. Loans made under this section must be no-interest loans. 55.2

(b) Application for a direct loan or a loan participation must be made on forms 55.3 prescribed by the authority. 55.4

(c) Standards for loan amortization shall be set by the Rural Finance Authority 55.5 not to exceed ten years. 55.6

(d) Security for the loans must be a personal note executed by the borrower and 55.7 whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority. 55.8

55.9

(e) No loan proceeds may be used to refinance a debt existing prior to application. (f) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for 55.10 each application for a direct loan or a loan participation. The authority may review the 55.11 application fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The application fee is 55.12 initially set at \$100 for a loan under subdivision 1. The fees received by the authority must 55.13 be deposited in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06 Rural Finance 55.14 55.15 Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.

Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.055, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 55.16 Subd. 3. Loans. (a) The authority may participate in a livestock equipment loan 55.17 equal to 90 percent of the purchased equipment value with an eligible lender to a farmer 55.18 who is eligible under subdivision 2. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal 55.19 amount of the loan or \$40,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms 55.20 of the authority's participation interest may differ from the interest rates and repayment 55.21 55.22 terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, but the authority's interest rate must not exceed three percent. The authority may review the interest annually and make 55.23 adjustments as necessary. 55.24

55.25 (b) Standards for loan amortization must be set by the Rural Finance Authority and must not exceed ten years. 55.26

(c) Security for a livestock equipment loan must be a personal note executed by the 55.27 borrower and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority. 55.28 (d) Refinancing of existing debt is not an eligible purpose. 55.29

(e) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for 55.30 a livestock equipment loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make 55.31 adjustments as necessary. The initial application fee is \$50. Application fees received 55.32 by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established in section 55.33 41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03. 55.34

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(f) Loans under this program must be made using money in the revolving loanaccount established in section 41B.06.

Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.056, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 56.3 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section. 56.4 (b) "Intermediary" means any lending institution or other organization of a for-profit 56.5 or nonprofit nature that is in good standing with the state of Minnesota that has the 56.6 appropriate business structure and trained personnel suitable to providing efficient 56.7 disbursement of loan funds and the servicing and collection of loans. 56.8 (c) "Specialty crops" means agricultural crops, such as annuals, flowers, perennials, 56.9 and other horticultural products, that are intensively cultivated. 56.10 (d) "Eligible livestock" means poultry that has been allowed access to the outside, 56.11 sheep, or goats beef cattle, dairy cattle, swine, poultry, goats, mules, farmed cervidae, 56.12 ratitae, bison, sheep, horses, and llamas. 56.13 Sec. 76. [41B.057] FARM OPPORTUNITY LOAN PROGRAM. 56.14 Subdivision 1. Establishment. The authority shall establish a farm opportunity loan 56.15 program to provide loans that enable farmers to: 56.16 (1) add value to crops or livestock produced in Minnesota; 56.17 (2) adopt best management practices that emphasize sufficiency and self-sufficiency; 56.18 (3) reduce or improve management of agricultural inputs resulting in environmental 56.19 56.20 improvements; or 56.21 (4) increase production of on-farm energy. Subd. 2. Loan criteria. (a) The farm opportunity loan program shall provide loans 56.22 for purchase of new or used equipment and installation of equipment for projects that 56.23 56.24 make environmental improvements and enhance farm profitability. The loan program shall also be used to add value to crops or livestock produced in Minnesota by, but not 56.25 limited to, initiating or expanding livestock product processing; purchasing equipment to 56.26 initiate, upgrade, or modernize value-added agricultural businesses; or increasing farmers' 56.27 processing and aggregating capacity facilitating entry into farm-to-institution and other 56.28 markets. Eligible loan uses do not include expenses related to seeds, fertilizer, fuel, or 56.29 56.30 other operating expenses. (b) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for a farm 56.31 opportunity loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as 56.32 56.33 necessary. The initial application fee is \$50. Application fees received by the authority

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57.1	must be deposited in the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established
57.2	in section 41B.03.
57.3	(c) Loans may only be made to Minnesota residents engaged in farming. Standards
57.4	for loan amortization must be set by the Rural Finance Authority and must not exceed
57.5	ten years.
57.6	(d) The borrower must show the ability to repay the loan.
57.7	(e) Refinancing of existing debt is not an eligible expense.
57.8	(f) Loans under this program must be made using money in the revolving loan
57.9	account established in section 41B.06.
57.10	Subd. 3. Loan participation. The authority may participate in a farm opportunity
57.11	loan with an eligible lender, as defined in section 41B.02, subdivision 8, to a farmer or a
57.12	group of farmers on joint projects who are eligible under subdivision 2, paragraph (c),
57.13	and who are actively engaged in farming. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the
57.14	principal amount of the loan or \$45,000 per individual, whichever is less. For loans to a
57.15	group made up of four or more individuals, participation is limited to 45 percent of the
57.16	principal amount of the loan or \$180,000, whichever is less. The interest rate on the
57.17	loans must not exceed six percent.

57.18 Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.06, is amended to read:

57.19

41B.06 RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY REVOLVING LOAN ACCOUNT.

There is established in the rural finance administration fund a Rural Finance 57.20 Authority revolving loan account that is eligible to receive appropriations and the transfer 57.21 of loan funds from other programs. All repayments of financial assistance granted from 57.22 this account, including principal and interest, must be deposited into this account. Interest 57.23 earned on money in the account accrues to the account, and the money in the account is 57.24 appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture for purposes of the Rural Finance Authority 57.25 livestock equipment, methane digester, disaster recovery, value-added agricultural 57.26 product, agroforestry, and agricultural microloan, and farm opportunity loan programs, 57.27 including costs incurred by the authority to establish and administer the programs. 57.28

57.29 Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 135A.52, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

57.31 Subd. 6. Farm business management. Minnesota State Colleges and Universities
 57.32 campuses that offer farm business management may specify space availability in the
 57.33 delivery of farm business management courses.

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 375.30, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 58.1 Subd. 2. Wild hemp. A county board, by resolution, may appropriate and spend 58.2 money as necessary to spray and otherwise eradicate wild hemp, commonly known as 58.3 marijuana, on private property within the county. The county board may authorize the 58.4 use of county equipment, personnel and supplies and materials to spray or otherwise 58.5 eradicate wild hemp on private property, and may pro rate the expenses involved between 58.6 the county and owner or occupant of the property. Industrial hemp grown by a person 58.7 licensed under chapter 18K is not wild hemp. 58.8

Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 500.24, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 58.9 Subd. 4. Reports. (a) The chief executive officer of every pension or investment 58.10 fund, corporation, limited partnership, limited liability company, or entity that is seeking 58.11 to qualify for an exemption from the commissioner, and the trustee of a family farm trust 58.12 that holds any interest in agricultural land or land used for the breeding, feeding, pasturing, 58.13 58.14 growing, or raising of livestock, dairy or poultry, or products thereof, or land used for the production of agricultural crops or fruit or other horticultural products, other than a 58.15 bona fide encumbrance taken for purposes of security, or which is engaged in farming 58.16 or proposing to commence farming in this state after May 20, 1973, shall file with the 58.17 commissioner a report containing the following information and documents: 58.18

(1) the name of the pension or investment fund, corporation, limited partnership, or
limited liability company and its place of incorporation, certification, or registration;

(2) the address of the pension or investment plan headquarters or of the registered
office of the corporation in this state, the name and address of its registered agent in this state
and, in the case of a foreign corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability company,
the address of its principal office in its place of incorporation, certification, or registration;

(3) the acreage and location listed by quarter-quarter section, township, and county
of each lot or parcel of agricultural land or land used for the keeping or feeding of poultry
in this state owned or leased by the pension or investment fund, limited partnership,
corporation, or limited liability company;

(4) the names and addresses of the officers, administrators, directors, or trustees of
the pension or investment fund, or of the officers, shareholders owning more than ten
percent of the stock, including the percent of stock owned by each such shareholder, the
members of the board of directors of the corporation, and the members of the limited
liability company, and the general and limited partners and the percentage of interest in
the partnership by each partner;

- (6) with the first report, a copy of the title to the property where the farming operations
 are or will occur indicating the particular exception claimed under subdivision 3; and
- 59.6 (7) with the first or second report, a copy of the conservation plan proposed by the
 59.7 soil and water conservation district, and with subsequent reports a statement of whether
 59.8 the conservation plan was implemented.
- The report of a corporation, trust, limited liability company, or partnership seeking 59.9 to qualify hereunder as a family farm corporation, an authorized farm corporation, an 59.10 authorized livestock farm corporation, a family farm partnership, an authorized farm 59.11 partnership, a family farm limited liability company, an authorized farm limited liability 59.12 company, or a family farm trust or under an exemption from the commissioner shall 59.13 contain the following additional information: the number of shares, partnership interests, 59.14 59.15 or governance and financial rights owned by persons or current beneficiaries of a family farm trust residing on the farm or actively engaged in farming, or their relatives within 59.16 the third degree of kindred according to the rules of the civil law or their spouses; the 59.17 name, address, and number of shares owned by each shareholder, partnership interests 59.18 owned by each partner or governance and financial rights owned by each member, and a 59.19 statement as to percentage of gross receipts of the corporation derived from rent, royalties, 59.20 dividends, interest, and annuities. No pension or investment fund, limited partnership, 59.21 corporation, or limited liability company shall commence farming in this state until the 59.22 59.23 commissioner has inspected the report and certified that its proposed operations comply with the provisions of this section. 59.24
- (b) Every pension or investment fund, limited partnership, trust, corporation, or
 limited liability company as described in paragraph (a) shall, prior to April 15 of each
 year, file with the commissioner a report containing the information required in paragraph
 (a), based on its operations in the preceding calendar year and its status at the end of the
 year. A pension or investment fund, limited partnership, corporation, or limited liability
 company that does not file the report by April 15 must pay a \$500 civil penalty. The
 penalty is a lien on the land being farmed under subdivision 3 until the penalty is paid.
- (c) The commissioner may, for good cause shown, issue a written waiver or
 reduction of the civil penalty for failure to make a timely filing of the annual report
 required by this subdivision. The waiver or reduction is final and conclusive with respect
 to the civil penalty, and may not be reopened or modified by an officer, employee, or
 agent of the state, except upon a showing of fraud or malfeasance or misrepresentation

of a material fact. The report required under paragraph (b) must be completed prior to a

- reduction or waiver under this paragraph. The commissioner may enter into an agreementunder this paragraph only once for each corporation or partnership.
- 60.4 (d) All reports required by paragraph (a) shall include a filing fee of \$15. The fee
- 60.5 <u>must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the agricultural fund.</u>
- 60.6 Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner for the
- 60.7 administrative expenses of this section.
- 60.8 (d) (e) Failure to file a required report or the willful filing of false information is a
 60.9 gross misdemeanor.
- 60.10 Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 583.215, is amended to read:
- 60.11 **583.215 EXPIRATION.**
- 60.12 Sections 336.9-601, subsections (h) and (i); 550.365; 559.209; 582.039; and 583.20
 60.13 to 583.32, expire June 30, 2016 2017.
- 60.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective May 23, 2016, if the legislature does
 60.15 not meet in regular session in calendar year 2016 before May 23, 2016. If the legislature
 60.16 meets in regular session in calendar year 2016 before May 23, 2016, this section is void.

\$

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2,750,000

- 60.17 Sec. 82. Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 12, section 3, is amended to read:
- 60.18 Sec. 3. AGRICULTURE.
- 60.19 \$2,000,000 in 2015 is for a grant to Second
- 60.20 Harvest Heartland on behalf of the six
- 60.21 Feeding America food banks that serve
- 60.22 Minnesota to compensate agricultural
- 60.23 producers and processors for costs incurred
- 60.24 to harvest and package for transfer surplus
- 60.25 fruits, vegetables, or other agricultural
- 60.26 commodities that would otherwise go
- 60.27 unharvested or, be discarded, or be sold in
- 60.28 <u>a secondary market</u>. Surplus commodities
- 60.29 must be distributed statewide to food
- 60.30 shelves and other charitable organizations
- 60.31 that are eligible to receive food from the
- 60.32 food banks. Surplus food acquired under
- 60.33 this appropriation must be from Minnesota

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61.1	producers and processors. Second Harvest
61.2	Heartland must report when required by, and
61.3	in the form prescribed by, the commissioner.
61.4	For fiscal year 2015, Second Harvest
61.5	Heartland may use up to 11 percent of any
61.6	grant received for administrative expenses
61.7	and up to four percent of the grant for
61.8	transportation expenses. For fiscal years
61.9	2016 and 2017, Second Harvest Heartland
61.10	may use up to five percent of any grant
61.11	received for administrative expenses. This
61.12	is a onetime appropriation and is available
61.13	until June 30, 2017.
61.14	The commissioner shall examine how other
61.15	states are implementing the industrial hemp
61.16	research authority provided in Public Law
61.17	113-79 and gauge the interest of Minnesota
61.18	higher education institutions. No later
61.19	than January 15, 2015, the commissioner
61.20	must report the information and items for
61.21	legislative consideration to the legislative
61.22	committees with jurisdiction over agriculture
61.23	policy and finance.
61.24	\$350,000 in 2015 is for an increase in retail
61.25	food handler inspections.
61.26	\$200,000 in 2015 is added to the
61.27	appropriation in Laws 2013, chapter 114,
61.28	article 1, section 3, subdivision 4, for
61.29	distribution to the state's county fairs. This is
61.30	a onetime appropriation.

\$200,000 in 2015 is for a grant as determined 61.31

by the commissioner to a public higher 61.32

education institution to research porcine 61.33

epidemic diarrhea virus. This is a onetime 61.34

- appropriation and is available until June 30,
- 62.2 2017.

Sec. 83. LIVESTOCK INDUSTRY STUDY. 62.3 The commissioner of agriculture must identify causes of the relative growth or 62.4 decline in the number of head of poultry and livestock produced in Minnesota, Iowa, 62.5 North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin, and Nebraska over the last ten years, including 62.6 but not limited to the impact of nuisance conditions and lawsuits filed against poultry or 62.7 livestock farms. No later than February 1, 2016, the commissioner must report findings 62.8 by poultry and livestock sector and provide recommendations on how to strengthen and 62.9 expand Minnesota animal agriculture to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over 62.10 agriculture policy and finance. 62.11 Sec. 84. CORRECTIONAL FACILITY VOCATIONAL TRAINING PILOT 62.12 62.13 **PROGRAM.** Subdivision 1. Pilot program. The commissioner of agriculture must coordinate 62.14 a pilot program operated by the Northeast Regional Corrections Center to train inmates 62.15 for careers as meat cutters upon release. The commissioner must facilitate program 62.16 development and ensure that the program prepares inmates to meet applicable food safety 62.17 and licensure requirements. 62.18 Subd. 2. Program development. In facilitating development of the pilot program, 62.19 the commissioner must consult with the commissioner of employment and economic 62.20 62.21 development and a representative of each of the following organizations: (1) Northeast Regional Corrections Center; and 62.22 (2) United Food and Commercial Workers. 62.23 Subd. 3. Report required. No later than February 1, 2017, the commissioner must 62.24 report on the progress and outcomes of the program to the legislative committees with 62.25 jurisdiction over agriculture, economic development, higher education, and public safety. 62.26 Subd. 4. Expiration. This section expires on June 30, 2017. 62.27 Sec. 85. URBAN AGRICULTURE DEVELOPMENT PROPOSAL. 62.28 The commissioner of agriculture must convene interested stakeholders and develop 62.29 a proposal to effectively and efficiently promote urban agriculture in Minnesota cities. 62.30 For purposes of this section, "urban agriculture" means producing agricultural plants, 62.31 poultry, or livestock on public or private property within city limits. No later than January 62.32 15, 2016, the commissioner must report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction 62.33

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63.1 <u>over agriculture policy and finance and submit proposed legislation that includes a new</u>

63.2 definition of urban agriculture if the commissioner and stakeholders determine that a

63.3 different definition more accurately defines urban agriculture.

63.4 63.5	Sec. 86. BALANCES TRANSFERRED; ACCOUNTS ABOI The balances in the accounts created under Minnesota Statute					
63 5	The balances in the accounts created under Minnesota Statute	a anationa $41D.02$				
05.5	The balances in the accounts created under Minnesota Statutes, sections 41B.03,					
63.6	subdivision 6; 41B.04, subdivision 17; 41B.043, subdivision 3; and 41B.045, subdivision					
63.7	4, are transferred to the Rural Finance Authority administrative account	ount established under				
63.8	Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.03, subdivision 7, and the original a	accounts are abolished.				
63.9	The balance in the account created under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.115,					
63.10	is transferred to the Rural Finance Authority revolving loan account established under					
63.11	Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.06, and the original account is abo	lished.				
63.12 63.13 63.14	Sec. 87. <u>REPEALER.</u> <u>Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 17.115; 28A.15, subdivisio</u> <u>116V.03, are repealed.</u>	ons 9 and 10; and				
63.15	ARTICLE 3					
63.16	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES APPR	ROPRIATIONS				
63.17 63.18	Section 1. ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES A The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are					
63.19	agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropri					
63.20	general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fisca					
63.21	for each purpose. The figures "2016" and "2017" used in this article	le mean that the				
63.22	appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year end	ling June 30, 2016, or				
63.23	June 30, 2017, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2016. "Th	e second year" is fiscal				
63.24	year 2017. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2016 and 2017. Appropr	iations for the fiscal				
63.25	year ending June 30, 2015, are effective the day following final ena	ctment.				
63.26 63.27 63.28 63.29	Available	PRIATIONS e for the Year ng June 30 2017				
63.30	Sec. 2. POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY					
63.31	Subdivision 1.Total Appropriation\$94,582,0	<u>00 § 91,784,000</u>				

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64.1	Appropr	iations by Fund			
64.2		2016	2017		
64.3	General	6,395,000	5,727,000		
64.4	State Government	75 000	75 000		
64.5	<u>Special Revenue</u> Environmental	<u>75,000</u> 73,480,000	<u>75,000</u> 74,548,000		
64.6 64.7	Remediation	14,632,000	11,434,000		
04.7	Kemediation	11,052,000	11,151,000		
64.8	The amounts that may	be spent for each	<u>ch</u>		
64.9	purpose are specified	in the following			
64.10	subdivisions.				
64.11	The commissioner mu	st present the ag	ency's		
64.12	biennial budget for fis	cal years 2018 a	nd		
64.13	2019 to the legislature	in a transparent	way		
64.14	by agency division, in	cluding the prop	osed		
64.15	budget bill and present	tations of the bu	dget to		
64.16	committees and division	ons with jurisdic	tion		
64.17	over the agency's budg	get.			
64.18	Subd. 2. Water			26,388,000	26,081,000
64.19	Appropr	riations by Fund			
64.20		<u>2016</u>	2017		
64.21	General	4,307,000	3,627,000		
(100					
64.22	State Government	75 000	75 000		
64.23	Special Revenue	<u>75,000</u> 22 006 000	<u>75,000</u> 22 379 000		
		<u>75,000</u> 22,006,000	<u>75,000</u> 22,379,000		
64.23	Special Revenue	22,006,000	22,379,000		
64.23 64.24	Special Revenue Environmental	<u>22,006,000</u> ear and \$1,959,0	<u>22,379,000</u> 00		
64.23 64.24 64.25	Special Revenue Environmental \$1,959,000 the first ye	<u>22,006,000</u> ear and \$1,959,0 r grants to deleg	<u>22,379,000</u> <u>00</u> <u>ated</u>		
64.2364.2464.2564.26	Special Revenue Environmental \$1,959,000 the first ye the second year are for	22,006,000 ear and \$1,959,0 r grants to deleg the county feed	<u>22,379,000</u> <u>00</u> <u>ated</u> <u>lot</u>		
 64.23 64.24 64.25 64.26 64.27 	Special RevenueEnvironmental\$1,959,000 the first yearthe second year are forcounties to administer	22,006,000 ear and \$1,959,0 r grants to deleg the county feed sota Statutes, sec	<u>22,379,000</u> <u>00</u> <u>ated</u> <u>lot</u> <u>ction</u>		
 64.23 64.24 64.25 64.26 64.27 64.28 	Special RevenueEnvironmental\$1,959,000 the first yearthe second year are forcounties to administerprogram under Minnes	22,006,000 ear and \$1,959,0 r grants to deleg the county feed sota Statutes, sec s 2 and 3. Mone	<u>22,379,000</u> <u>00</u> <u>ated</u> <u>lot</u> <u>etion</u> <u>22</u>		
 64.23 64.24 64.25 64.26 64.27 64.28 64.29 	Special RevenueEnvironmental\$1,959,000 the first yethe second year are forcounties to administerprogram under Minnes116.0711, subdivision	22,006,000 ear and \$1,959,0 r grants to deleg the county feed sota Statutes, sec s 2 and 3. Mone	<u>22,379,000</u> <u>00</u> <u>ated</u> <u>lot</u> <u>etion</u> <u>22</u>		
 64.23 64.24 64.25 64.26 64.27 64.28 64.29 64.30 	Special RevenueEnvironmental\$1,959,000 the first yearthe second year are forcounties to administerprogram under Minnes116.0711, subdivisionsremaining after the first	22,006,000 ear and \$1,959,0 r grants to deleg the county feed sota Statutes, sec s 2 and 3. Mone st year is availab	<u>22,379,000</u> <u>00</u> <u>ated</u> <u>lot</u> <u>ction</u> <u>ey</u> <u>le for</u>		
 64.23 64.24 64.25 64.26 64.27 64.28 64.29 64.30 64.31 	Special RevenueEnvironmental\$1,959,000 the first yearthe second year are forcounties to administerprogram under Minner116.0711, subdivisionarremaining after the firstthe second year.	22,006,000 ear and \$1,959,0 r grants to deleg the county feed sota Statutes, see s 2 and 3. Mone st year is availab	<u>22,379,000</u> <u>00</u> <u>ated</u> <u>lot</u> <u>ction</u> <u>cy</u> <u>le for</u> <u>he</u>		
 64.23 64.24 64.25 64.26 64.27 64.28 64.29 64.30 64.31 64.32 	Special RevenueEnvironmental\$1,959,000 the first yearthe second year are forcounties to administerprogram under Minnes116.0711, subdivisionsremaining after the firstthe second year.\$753,000 the first year	22,006,000 ear and \$1,959,0 r grants to deleg the county feed sota Statutes, sec s 2 and 3. Mone st year is availab r and \$765,000 t	$\frac{22,379,000}{22,379,000}$ $\frac{00}{ated}$ $\frac{10t}{2tion}$ $\frac{2y}{1e \text{ for}}$ $\frac{he}{al}$		
 64.23 64.24 64.25 64.26 64.27 64.28 64.29 64.30 64.31 64.32 64.33 	Special RevenueEnvironmental\$1,959,000 the first yearthe second year are forcounties to administerprogram under Minnes116.0711, subdivisionsremaining after the firstthe second year.\$753,000 the first yearsecond year are from	22,006,000 ear and \$1,959,0 r grants to deleg the county feed sota Statutes, sec s 2 and 3. Mone st year is availab r and \$765,000 t the environment eed for continued	$\frac{22,379,000}{22,379,000}$ $\frac{00}{ated}$ $\frac{10t}{2tion}$ $\frac{2y}{1e \text{ for}}$ $\frac{he}{al}$		
 64.23 64.24 64.25 64.26 64.27 64.28 64.29 64.30 64.31 64.32 64.33 64.34 	Special RevenueEnvironmental\$1,959,000 the first yearthe second year are forcounties to administerprogram under Minnes116.0711, subdivisionsremaining after the firstthe second year.\$753,000 the first yearsecond year are fromfund to address the negative	22,006,000 ear and \$1,959,0 r grants to deleg the county feed sota Statutes, sec s 2 and 3. Mone st year is availab r and \$765,000 t the environment eed for continued he areas of new	22,379,000 00 ated lot $btion$ $2y$ $le for$ he al 1		

65.1	under Minnesota Statutes, sections 115.55
65.2	to 115.58, and to complete the requirements
65.3	of Laws 2003, chapter 128, article 1, section
65.4	<u>165.</u>
65.5	\$673,000 the first year and \$683,000 the
65.6	second year are from the environmental
65.7	fund for subsurface sewage treatment
65.8	system (SSTS) program administration
65.9	and community technical assistance and
65.10	education, including grants and technical
65.11	assistance to communities for water quality
65.12	protection. Of this amount, \$129,000 each
65.13	year is for assistance to counties through
65.14	grants for SSTS program administration.
65.15	A county receiving a grant from this
65.16	appropriation shall submit the results
65.17	achieved with the grant to the commissioner
65.18	as part of its annual SSTS report. Any
65.19	unexpended balance in the first year does not
65.20	cancel but is available in the second year.
65.21	\$107,000 the first year and \$109,000 the
65.22	second year are from the environmental fund
65.23	for registration of wastewater laboratories.
65.24	\$913,000 the first year and \$913,000 the
65.25	second year are from the environmental fund
65.26	to continue perfluorochemical biomonitoring
65.27	in eastern metropolitan communities, as
65.28	recommended by the Environmental Health
65.29	Tracking and Biomonitoring Advisory Panel,
65.30	and address other environmental health risks,
65.31	including air quality. The communities must
65.32	include Hmong and other immigrant farming
65.33	communities. Of this amount, up to \$677,000
65.34	the first year and \$677,000 the second year
65.35	are for transfer to the Department of Health.

66.1	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
66.2	second year are from the general fund for:
66.3	(1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities
66.4	in implementing and participating in the
66.5	water quality standards rulemaking process
66.6	and navigating the NPDES/SDS permitting
66.7	process;
66.8	(2) enhanced economic analysis in the
66.9	water quality standards rulemaking process,
66.10	including more specific analysis and
66.11	identification of cost-effective permitting;
66.12	(3) development of statewide economic
66.13	analyses and templates to reduce the
66.14	amount of information and time required for
66.15	municipalities to apply for variances from
66.16	water quality standards; and
66.17	(4) coordinating with the Public Facilities
66.18	Authority to identify and advocate for
66.19	the resources needed for municipalities to
66.20	achieve permit requirements.
66.21	\$500,000 the first year is for independent
66.22	peer reviews under Minnesota Statutes,
66.23	section 115.035, and cost analyses of water
66.24	quality standards and rules. A portion of
66.25	this appropriation may be transferred to the
66.26	commissioner of management and budget for
66.27	water quality standards cost analyses.
66.28	\$200,000 the first year is for a grant to
66.29	the Red River Basin Commission for
66.30	development of a water quality strategic plan
66.31	for the Red River of the North. This is a
66.32	onetime appropriation and is available until
66.33	June 30, 2018. The plan must include, but is
66.34	not limited to, consistency in water quality
66.35	goals and objectives for the Red River of the

67.1	North and pollution reduction allocations for
67.2	both point and nonpoint sources on the Red
67.3	River of the North and for individual major
67.4	watersheds tributary to the Red River of the
67.5	North. The Red River Basin Commission
67.6	must involve the interests of local, state, and
67.7	federal government, business and industry,
67.8	environmental groups, and Red River
67.9	Basin landowners. The Red River Basin
67.10	Commission must report progress on the plan
67.11	to the house of representatives and senate
67.12	committees and divisions with jurisdiction
67.13	over environment policy and finance by
67.14	February 15 in 2016 and 2017, and must
67.15	submit the completed plan by December 31,
67.16	<u>2017.</u>
67.17	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
67.18	16A.28, the appropriations encumbered on or
67.19	before June 30, 2017, as grants or contracts
67.20	for subsurface sewage treatment systems,
67.21	surface water and groundwater assessments,
67.22	total maximum daily loads, storm water, and
67.23	water quality protection in this subdivision
67.24	are available until June 30, 2020.
67.25	Subd. 3. Air
67.26	Appropriations by Fund
67.27	<u>2016</u> <u>2017</u>
67.28	Environmental 15,640,000 16,087,000
67.29	\$202,000 the first year and \$204,000 the
67.30	second year are from the environmental fund
67.31	for a monitoring program under Minnesota
67.32	Statutes, section 116.454.

- 67.33 Up to \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000
- 67.34 <u>the second year may be transferred from the</u>
- 67.35 environmental fund to the small business

<u>15,640,000</u> <u>16,087,000</u>

68.1	environmental improvement loan	account		
68.2	established in Minnesota Statutes, section			
68.3	116.993.			
68.4	\$340,000 the first year and \$346	.000 the		
68.5	second year are from the environ			
68.6	for monitoring ambient air for ha			
68.7	pollutants.			
68.8	\$691,000 the first year and \$693.	000 the		
68.9	second year are from the environ			
68.10	for emission reduction activities a			
68.11	small businesses and other nonpo			
	reduction efforts. Of this amount			
68.12	the first year and \$100,000 the se	·		
68.13 68.14	to continue work with Clean Air			
68.15	and the commissioner may enter			
68.16	agreement with Environmental In			
68.17	to support this effort. Any unexp			
08.17	to support this errort. Any thex	Jended		
(0.10	balance in the first year does not	panal but is		
68.18	balance in the first year does not o	cancel but is		
68.19	available in the second year.	cancel but is	21 ((2.000	10,504,000
		cancel but is	21,663,000	18,584,000
68.19	available in the second year. Subd. 4. Land <u>Appropriations by</u>	Fund	<u>21,663,000</u>	<u>18,584,000</u>
68.19 68.20 68.21 68.22	available in the second year. Subd. 4. Land <u>Appropriations by</u> <u>2016</u>	<u>Fund</u> 2017	<u>21,663,000</u>	<u>18,584,000</u>
 68.19 68.20 68.21 68.22 68.23 	available in the second year.Subd. 4. LandAppropriations by2016Environmental7,031,	<u>Fund</u> <u>2017</u> 000 <u>7,150,000</u>	<u>21,663,000</u>	<u>18,584,000</u>
68.19 68.20 68.21 68.22	available in the second year. Subd. 4. Land <u>Appropriations by</u> <u>2016</u>	<u>Fund</u> <u>2017</u> 000 <u>7,150,000</u>	<u>21,663,000</u>	<u>18,584,000</u>
 68.19 68.20 68.21 68.22 68.23 	available in the second year.Subd. 4. LandAppropriations by2016Environmental7,031,	<u>Fund</u> <u>2017</u> 000 <u>7,150,000</u> 000 <u>11,434,000</u>	<u>21,663,000</u>	<u>18,584,000</u>
 68.19 68.20 68.21 68.22 68.23 68.24 	available in the second year.Subd. 4. LandAppropriations by2016Environmental7,031,Remediation14,632,	<u>Fund</u> <u>2017</u> 000 <u>7,150,000</u> 000 <u>11,434,000</u> ponse,	<u>21,663,000</u>	<u>18,584,000</u>
 68.19 68.20 68.21 68.22 68.23 68.24 68.25 	available in the second year. Subd. 4. Land Appropriations by 2016 Environmental 7,031, Remediation 14,632, All money for environmental rest	<u>Fund</u> <u>2017</u> <u>000</u> <u>7,150,000</u> <u>000</u> <u>11,434,000</u> <u>ponse,</u> <u>n the</u>	<u>21,663,000</u>	<u>18,584,000</u>
 68.19 68.20 68.21 68.22 68.23 68.24 68.25 68.26 	available in the second year. Subd. 4. Land Appropriations by <u>2016</u> Environmental 7,031, Remediation 14,632, All money for environmental response compensation, and compliance in	<u>Fund</u> <u>2017</u> 000 <u>7,150,000</u> 000 <u>11,434,000</u> ponse, <u>n the</u> ppropriated	<u>21,663,000</u>	<u>18,584,000</u>
 68.19 68.20 68.21 68.22 68.23 68.24 68.25 68.26 68.27 	available in the second year. Subd. 4. Land <u>Appropriations by</u> <u>2016</u> Environmental 7,031, Remediation 14,632, All money for environmental response compensation, and compliance in remediation fund not otherwise a	Fund 2017 000 $7,150,000$ 000 $11,434,000$ ponse,n theppropriatedners of the	<u>21,663,000</u>	<u>18,584,000</u>
 68.19 68.20 68.21 68.22 68.23 68.24 68.25 68.26 68.27 68.28 	available in the second year. Subd. 4. Land <u>Appropriations by</u> 2016 Environmental 7,031, Remediation 14,632, All money for environmental responses compensation, and compliance in remediation fund not otherwise a is appropriated to the commission	Fund 2017 000 $7,150,000$ 000 $11,434,000$ ponse,n theppropriatedners of thepriculture	<u>21,663,000</u>	<u>18,584,000</u>
 68.19 68.20 68.21 68.22 68.23 68.24 68.25 68.26 68.27 68.28 68.29 	available in the second year. Subd. 4. Land Appropriations by <u>2016</u> Environmental 7,031, Remediation 14,632, All money for environmental rest compensation, and compliance in remediation fund not otherwise a is appropriated to the commission Pollution Control Agency and age	Fund 2017 000 $7,150,000$ 000 $11,434,000$ ponse,n theppropriatedners of thepriculturees, section	<u>21,663,000</u>	<u>18,584,000</u>
 68.19 68.20 68.21 68.22 68.23 68.24 68.25 68.26 68.27 68.28 68.29 68.30 	available in the second year. Subd. 4. Land Appropriations by <u>2016</u> Environmental 7,031, Remediation 14,632, All money for environmental responses compensation, and compliance in remediation fund not otherwise a is appropriated to the commission Pollution Control Agency and age for purposes of Minnesota Statute	Fund 2017 000 $7,150,000$ 000 $11,434,000$ ponse,n theppropriatedners of thepriculturees, section $(1), (2),$	<u>21,663,000</u>	<u>18,584,000</u>
 68.19 68.20 68.21 68.22 68.23 68.24 68.25 68.26 68.27 68.28 68.29 68.30 68.31 	available in the second year. Subd. 4. Land Appropriations by <u>2016</u> Environmental 7,031, Remediation 14,632, All money for environmental rescompensation, and compliance in remediation fund not otherwise a is appropriated to the commission Pollution Control Agency and age for purposes of Minnesota Statute 115B.20, subdivision 2, clauses of	Fund 2017 000 $7,150,000$ 000 $11,434,000$ $ponse,$ n theppropriatedners of thegriculturees, section $(1), (2),$ g of each	<u>21,663,000</u>	<u>18,584,000</u>
 68.19 68.20 68.21 68.22 68.23 68.24 68.25 68.26 68.27 68.28 68.29 68.30 68.31 68.32 	available in the second year. Subd. 4. Land Appropriations by <u>2016</u> Environmental 7,031, Remediation 14,632, All money for environmental rest compensation, and compliance in remediation fund not otherwise a is appropriated to the commission Pollution Control Agency and age for purposes of Minnesota Statut 115B.20, subdivision 2, clauses (3), (6), and (7). At the beginnin	Fund 2017 000 $7,150,000$ 000 $11,434,000$ 000 $11,434,000$ ponse,n theppropriatedners of thepriculturees, section $(1), (2),$ g of eachrs shall	<u>21,663,000</u>	<u>18,584,000</u>

69.1	budget that maximizes the utilization of
69.2	resources and appropriately allocates the
69.3	money between the two departments. This
69.4	appropriation is available until June 30, 2017.
69.5	\$4,279,000 the first year and \$4,343,000 the
69.6	second year are from the remediation fund
69.7	for purposes of the leaking underground
69.8	storage tank program to investigate, clean up,
69.9	and prevent future releases from underground
69.10	petroleum storage tanks, and to the petroleum
69.11	remediation program for purposes of vapor
69.12	assessment and remediation. These same
69.13	annual amounts are transferred from the
69.14	petroleum tank fund to the remediation fund.
69.15	\$252,000 the first year and \$252,000 the
69.16	second year are from the remediation fund
69.17	for transfer to the commissioner of health for
69.18	private water supply monitoring and health
69.19	assessment costs in areas contaminated
69.20	by unpermitted mixed municipal solid
69.21	waste disposal facilities and drinking water
69.22	advisories and public information activities
69.23	for areas contaminated by hazardous releases.
69.24	\$743,000 the first year is transferred from the
69.25	general account in the remediation fund to
69.26	the dry cleaner environmental response and
69.27	reimbursement account in the remediation
69.28	fund for the purpose of remediating
69.29	land contaminated by a release from a
69.30	dry cleaning facility, as provided under
69.31	Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.50. The
69.32	commissioner shall prioritize expenditures
69.33	from this transfer to address contaminated
69.34	sites that pose the greatest risk to public
69.35	health or welfare or to the environment, as

70.1	established in Minnesota Statutes, section		
70.2	115B.17, subdivision 13. This is a onetime		
70.3	transfer. The commissioner shall reimburse		
70.4	only a person who otherwise would not be		
70.5	responsible for a release or threatened release		
70.6	under Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.03,		
70.7	for all but \$10,000 of the environmental		
70.8	response costs incurred by the person if the		
70.9	commissioner determines that the costs are		
70.10	reasonable and were actually incurred. To be		
70.11	eligible for reimbursement from this transfer,		
70.12	a person seeking reimbursement must make		
70.13	a request to the commissioner, as required		
70.14	under Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.50,		
70.15	subdivision 2, on or before the day following		
70.16	final enactment of this act.		
70.17	\$868,000 the first year is from the remediation		
70.18	fund for a grant to the city of Mountain Iron		
70.19	for remediation of the abandoned wastewater		
70.20	treatment pond of the former Nichols		
70.21	Township. This is a onetime appropriation		
70.22	that is available until June 30, 2019.		
70.23 70.24	Subd. 5. Environmental Assistance and Cross-Media		
70.25	Appropriations by Fund		
70.26	<u>2016</u> <u>2017</u>		
70.27	Environmental 28,803,000 28,932,000		
70.28	<u>General</u> <u>2,088,000</u> <u>2,100,000</u>		
70.29	\$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000		
70.30	the second year are from the environmental		
70.31	fund for SCORE block grants to counties.		
70.32	\$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 the		
70.33	second year are from the environmental		
70.34	fund for environmental assistance grants		
70.35	or loans under Minnesota Statutes, section		
70.36	115A.0716. Any unencumbered grant and		

<u>30,891,000</u> <u>31,032,000</u>

71.1	loan balances in the first year do not cancel
71.2	but are available for grants and loans in the
71.3	second year.
71.4	\$90,000 the first year and \$90,000 the
71.5	second year are from the environmental fund
71.6	for duties related to harmful chemicals in
71.7	products under Minnesota Statutes, sections
71.8	116.9401 to 116.9407. Of this amount,
71.9	\$57,000 each year is transferred to the
71.10	commissioner of health.
71.11	\$203,000 the first year and \$207,000 the
71.12	second year are from the environmental
71.13	fund for the costs of implementing general
71.14	operating permits for feedlots over 1,000
71.15	animal units.
71.16	\$315,000 the first year and \$319,000 the
71.17	second year are from the general fund and
71.18	\$192,000 the first year and \$192,000 the
71.19	second year are from the environmental fund
71.20	for Environmental Quality Board operations
71.21	and support.
71.22	\$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second
71.23	year are from the environmental fund for
71.24	transfer to the Office of Administrative
71.25	Hearings to establish sanitary districts.
71.26	\$502,000 the first year and \$503,000 the
71.27	second year are from the general fund for
71.28	the Environmental Quality Board to lead
71.29	an interagency team to provide technical
71.30	assistance regarding the mining, processing,
71.31	and transporting of silica sand. Of this
71.32	amount, up to \$75,000 each year may be
71.33	transferred to the commissioner of natural
71.34	resources to review the implementation
71.35	of the rules adopted by the commissioner

pursuant to Laws 2013, chapter 114, article 4, 72.1 72.2 section 105, paragraph (b), pertaining to the reclamation of silica sand mines, to ensure 72.3 72.4 that local government reclamation programs are implemented in a manner consistent with 72.5 72.6 the rules. \$450,000 the first year and \$450,000 the 72.7 second year are from the environmental 72.8 fund to develop and maintain systems to 72.9 support permitting and regulatory business 72.10 processes and agency data. This is a onetime 72.11 72.12 appropriation. \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000 the 72.13 second year are for competitive recycling 72.14 grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 72.15 115A.565. This appropriation is available 72.16 72.17 until June 30, 2018. 72.18 \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second year are to acquire and co-locate waste and 72.19 recycling receptacles, in cooperation with 72.20 72.21 the commissioner of administration, at the State Office Building. Any remaining funds 72.22 may be used for these purposes at other 72.23 facilities within the Capitol complex. This is 72 24 a onetime appropriation. 72.25 All money deposited in the environmental 72.26 fund for the metropolitan solid waste 72.27 landfill fee in accordance with Minnesota 72.28 Statutes, section 473.843, and not otherwise 72.29 72.30 appropriated, is appropriated for the purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 473.844. 72.31 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 72.32 72.33 16A.28, the appropriations encumbered on 72.34 or before June 30, 2017, as contracts or grants for surface water and groundwater 72.35

73.1	assessments; environmental assistance
73.2	awarded under Minnesota Statutes, section
73.3	115A.0716; technical and research assistance
73.4	under Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.152;
73.5	technical assistance under Minnesota
73.6	Statutes, section 115A.52; and pollution
73.7	prevention assistance under Minnesota
73.8	Statutes, section 115D.04, are available until
73.9	June 30, 2019.
73.10	Subd. 6. Transfers
73.11	By June 30, 2016, the commissioner of
73.12	management and budget shall transfer
73.13	\$51,308,000 from the closed landfill
73.14	investment fund to the general fund.
73.15	The commissioner of the Pollution Control
73.16	Agency shall transfer \$8,100,000 in
73.17	fiscal year 2016 from the metropolitan
73.18	landfill contingency action trust account in
73.19	Minnesota Statutes, section 473.845, to the
73.20	commissioner of management and budget for
73.21	cancellation to the general fund.
73.22	Subd. 7. Remediation Fund
73.23	The commissioner shall transfer up to
73.24	\$42,000,000 from the environmental fund to
73.25	the remediation fund for the purposes of the
73.26	remediation fund under Minnesota Statutes,
73.27	section 116.155, subdivision 2.
73.28	\$2,500,000 is transferred from the petroleum
73.29	tank fund to the remediation fund and
73.30	is appropriated in the first year to the
73.31	commissioner for a grant to the city of
73.32	Paynesville to add an air stripping treatment
73.33	process to a water treatment plant for
73.34	removal of volatile organic compounds. This
73.35	appropriation is effective January 1, 2016.

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74.1	Sec. 3. NATURAL R	ESOURCES			
74.2	Subdivision 1. Total A	ppropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>263,944,000</u> §	261,979,000
74.3 74.4	Appropri	ations by Fund 2016	2017		
74.5	General	75,331,000	74,062,000		
74.6	Natural Resources	84,927,000	85,603,000		
74.7	Game and Fish	102,386,000	102,014,000		
74.8	Remediation	1,100,000	100,000		
74.9	Permanent School	200,000	200,000		
74.10	The amounts that may	be spent for eac	<u>h</u>		
74.11	purpose are specified i	n the following			
74.12	subdivisions.				
74.13 74.14	Subd. 2. Land and M Management	Aineral Resource	<u>ces</u>	<u>6,461,000</u>	5,521,000
74.15	Appropri	ations by Fund			
74.16		2016	<u>2017</u>		
74.17	General	1,585,000	1,585,000		
74.18	Natural Resources	3,332,000	3,392,000		
74.19	Game and Fish	344,000	344,000		
74.20	Remediation	1,000,000	<u>-0-</u>		
74.21	Permanent School	200,000	200,000		
74.22	\$68,000 the first year a	and \$68,000 the			
74.23	second year are for minerals cooperative				
74.24	environmental research	n, of which \$34,0	000		
74.25	the first year and \$34,0	00 the second ye	ar are		
74.26	available only as match	ned by \$1 of non	state		
74.27	money for each \$1 of s	state money. Th	e		
74.28	match may be cash or i	in-kind.			
74.29	\$251,000 the first year	and \$251,000 th	ne		
74.30	second year are for iro	n ore cooperativ	<u>e</u>		
74.31	research. Of this amoun	nt, \$200,000 eacl	h year		
74.32	is from the minerals m	anagement accou	unt		
74.33	in the natural resources	s fund. \$175,000	the		
74.34	first year and \$175,000	the second year	are		
74.35	available only as match	ned by \$1 of non	state		
74.36	money for each \$1 of st	ate money. The	match		
74.37	may be cash or in-kind	. Any unencumb	bered		

balance from the first year does not cancel
and is available in the second year.
\$2,755,000 the first year and \$2,815,000
the second year are from the minerals
management account in the natural resources
fund for use as provided in Minnesota
Statutes, section 93.2236, paragraph (c),
for mineral resource management, projects
to enhance future mineral income, and
projects to promote new mineral resource
opportunities.
\$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the
second year are from the state forest suspense
account in the permanent school fund to
accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and
commercial leasing of school trust lands and
to identify, evaluate, and lease construction
aggregate located on school trust lands. This
appropriation is to be used for securing
long-term economic return from the
school trust lands consistent with fiduciary
responsibilities and sound natural resources
conservation and management principles.
Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
115B.20, \$1,000,000 the first year is from
the dedicated account within the remediation
fund for the purposes of Minnesota Statutes,
section 115B.20, subdivision 2, clause (4),
to acquire salt lands as described under
Minnesota Statutes, section 92.05, within
Bear Head Lake State Park. This is a onetime
appropriation and is available until June 30,
<u>2018.</u>
Subd. 3. Ecological and Water Resources

32,167,000

32,414,000

76.1	Appro	priations by Fund	
76.2		<u>2016</u>	2017
76.3	General	17,526,000	17,110,000
76.4	Natural Resources	10,502,000	10,576,000
76.5	Game and Fish	4,386,000	4,481,000
76.6	\$3,242,000 the first y	vear and \$3,242,00	0 the

- 76.7 second year are from the invasive species76.8 account in the natural resources fund and
- 76.9 \$3,206,000 the first year and \$3,206,000 the
- 76.10 second year are from the general fund for
- 76.11 management, public awareness, assessment
- 76.12 and monitoring research, and water access
- 76.13 inspection to prevent the spread of invasive
- 76.14 species; management of invasive plants in
- 76.15 public waters; and management of terrestrial
- 76.16 invasive species on state-administered lands.
- 76.17 **\$5,000,000** the first year and \$5,000,000 the
- 76.18 second year are from the water management
- 76.19 account in the natural resources fund for only
- 76.20 the purposes specified in Minnesota Statutes,
- 76.21 section 103G.27, subdivision 2.
- 76.22 \$124,000 the first year and \$124,000 the
- 76.23 second year are for a grant to the Mississippi
- 76.24 Headwaters Board for up to 50 percent of
- 76.25 <u>the cost of implementing the comprehensive</u>
- 76.26 plan for the upper Mississippi within areas
- 76.27 <u>under the board's jurisdiction.</u>
- 76.28 **§10,000 the first year and \$10,000 the second**
- 76.29 year are for payment to the Leech Lake Band
- 76.30 of Chippewa Indians to implement the band's
- 76.31 portion of the comprehensive plan for the
- 76.32 <u>upper Mississippi.</u>
- 76.33 **\$264,000** the first year and \$264,000 the
- 76.34 second year are for grants for up to 50

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77.1	percent of the cost of implementation of the
77.2	Red River mediation agreement.
77.3	\$2,018,000 the first year and \$2,018,000
77.4	the second year are from the heritage
77.5	enhancement account in the game and
77.6	fish fund for only the purposes specified
77.7	in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
77.8	paragraph (e), clause (1).
77.9	\$950,000 the first year and \$950,000 the
77.10	second year are from the nongame wildlife
77.11	management account in the natural resources
77.12	fund for the purpose of nongame wildlife
77.13	management. Notwithstanding Minnesota
77.14	Statutes, section 290.431, \$100,000 the first
77.15	year and \$100,000 the second year may
77.16	be used for nongame wildlife information,
77.17	education, and promotion.
77.18	\$6,000,000 the first year and \$6,000,000 the
77.19	second year are from the general fund for the
77.20	following activities:
77.21	(1) financial reimbursement and technical
77.22	support to soil and water conservation
77.23	districts or other local units of government
77.24	for groundwater level monitoring;
77.25	(2) surface water monitoring and analysis,
77.26	including installation of monitoring gauges;
77.27	(3) groundwater analysis to assist with water
77.28	appropriation permitting decisions;
77.29	(4) permit application review incorporating
77.30	surface water and groundwater technical
77.31	analysis;
77.32	(5) precipitation data and analysis to improve

77.33 <u>the use of irrigation;</u>

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78.1	(6) information technology, including
78.2	electronic permitting and integrated data
78.3	systems; and
70.5	
78.4	(7) compliance and monitoring.
78.5	\$10,000 the first year and \$64,000 the
78.6	second year are to study, in cooperation
78.7	with the Board of Water and Soil Resources,
78.8	the feasibility of the state assuming
78.9	administration of the section 404 permit
78.10	program of the federal Clean Water Act
78.11	as required in this act. This is a onetime
78.12	appropriation.
78.13	\$100,000 the first year is to develop
78.14	cost estimates, in cooperation with the
78.15	Metropolitan Council, for the augmentation
78.16	of White Bear Lake with water from
78.17	the Sucker Lake chain of lakes. The
78.18	commissioner must submit a report with
78.19	the cost estimates developed under this
78.20	paragraph to the chairs and ranking minority
78.21	members of the house of representatives
78.22	and senate committees and divisions with
78.23	jurisdiction over environment and natural
78.24	resources policy and finance by February 1,
78.25	2016. This is a onetime appropriation.
78.26	The commissioner of natural resources must
78.27	create a groundwater model that uses existing
78.28	data for the Bonanza Valley Groundwater
78.29	Management Area to describe the current
78.30	groundwater conditions and characterize the
78.31	nature and extent of the primary aquifers
78.32	and the relationship of surface water and
78.33	groundwater.
78.34	\$400,000 the first year is for grants to assist
78.35	in the construction of flood protection rural

79.1	and farmstead ring levees in the Red River		
79.2	watershed. Grants may not exceed 50 percent		
79.3	of the cost of the projects. This is a onetime		
79.4	appropriation and is available until June 30,		
79.5	2019.		
79.6	\$75,000 is for a grant to the city of Virginia		
79.7	for erosion control on the northeast side of		
79.8	Silver Lake to protect public and private		
79.9	property and infrastructure.		
79.10	Subd. 4. Forest Management	39,614,000	39,781,000
79.11	Appropriations by Fund		
79.12	<u>2016</u> <u>2017</u>		
79.13	<u>General</u> <u>26,446,000</u> <u>26,350,000</u>		
79.14	<u>Natural Resources</u> <u>11,881,000</u> <u>12,144,000</u>		
79.15	Game and Fish 1,287,000 1,287,000		
79.16	\$7,145,000 the first year and \$7,145,000		
79.17	the second year are for prevention,		
79.18	presuppression, and suppression costs of		
79.19	emergency firefighting and other costs		
79.20	incurred under Minnesota Statutes, section		
79.21	88.12. The amount necessary to pay for		
79.22	presuppression and suppression costs during		
79.23	the biennium is appropriated from the general		
79.24	fund.		
79.25	By January 15 of each year, the commissioner		
79.26	of natural resources shall submit a report to		
79.27	the chairs and ranking minority members		
79.28	of the house and senate committees		
79.29	and divisions having jurisdiction over		
79.30	environment and natural resources finance,		
79.31	identifying all firefighting costs incurred		
79.32	and reimbursements received in the prior		
79.33	fiscal year. These appropriations may		
79.34	not be transferred. Any reimbursement		
79.35	of firefighting expenditures made to the		
79.36	commissioner from any source other than		

80.1	federal mobilizations shall be deposited into
80.2	the general fund.
80.3	\$11,881,000 the first year and \$12,144,000
80.4	the second year are from the forest
80.5	management investment account in the
80.6	natural resources fund for only the purposes
80.7	specified in Minnesota Statutes, section
80.8	89.039, subdivision 2. The base for fiscal
80.9	year 2018 and later is \$11,644,000.
80.10	\$1,287,000 the first year and \$1,287,000
80.11	the second year are from the heritage
80.12	enhancement account in the game and fish
80.13	fund to advance ecological classification
80.14	systems (ECS) scientific management tools
80.15	for forest and invasive species management.
80.16	This appropriation is from revenue deposited
80.17	in the game and fish fund under Minnesota
80.18	Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (e),
80.19	clause (1).
80.20	\$780,000 the first year and \$780,000 the
80.21	second year are for the Forest Resources
80.22	Council for implementation of the
80.23	Sustainable Forest Resources Act.
80.24	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
80.25	second year are for the FORIST system.
80.26	At least \$500,000 the first year is for forest
80.27	road maintenance. The commissioner
80.28	shall use the money to perform needed
80.29	maintenance on forest roads in conjunction
80.30	with timber sales.
80.31	The commissioner shall contract with a
80.32	telecommunication provider to place a cell
80.33	phone transmitter on the ranger tower on
80 34	Side Lake in St. Louis County

80.34 Side Lake in St. Louis County.

REVISOR

74,064,000

73,650,000

81.1	Subd. 5. Parks and Tr	ails Manageme	ent
81.2	Appropria	ations by Fund	
81.3		2016	2017
81.4	General	24,967,000	24,427,000
81.5	Natural Resources	46,831,000	46,950,000
81.6	Game and Fish	2,266,000	2,273,000
81.7	\$1,075,000 the first yea	r and \$1,075,00	0 the
81.8	second year are from th	e water recreati	on
81.9	account in the natural r	esources fund f	or
81.10	enhancing public water	access facilities	<u>s.</u>
81.11	\$5,740,000 the first yea	r and \$5,740,00	0 the
81.12	second year are from th	e natural resour	rces
81.13	fund for state trail, park	, and recreation	area
81.14	operations. This approp	priation is from	the
81.15	revenue deposited in th	e natural resour	ces
81.16	fund under Minnesota	Statutes, section	<u>l</u>
81.17	297A.94, paragraph (e)	, clause (2).	
81.18	\$1,005,000 the first year and \$1,005,000 the		
81.19	second year are from the natural resources		
81.20	fund for park and trail grants to local units of		
81.21	government on land to be maintained for at		
81.22	least 20 years for the purposes of the grants.		
81.23	This appropriation is fr	om the revenue	
81.24	deposited in the natural	resources fund	
81.25	under Minnesota Statut	es, section 297A	<u></u>
81.26	paragraph (e), clause (4). Any unencum	lbered
81.27	balance does not cancel	at the end of th	e first
81.28	year and is available for	r the second yea	<u>r.</u>
81.29	\$8,424,000 the first year	ur and \$8,424,00	<u>00</u>
81.30	the second year are from	m the snowmob	ile
81.31	trails and enforcement	account in the	
81.32	natural resources fund f	for the snowmol	oile
81.33	grants-in-aid program.	Any unencumbe	ered
81.34	balance does not cancel	at the end of th	e first
81.35	year and is available for	the second year	<u>r.</u>

Article 3 Sec. 3.

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82.1	\$1,360,000 the first year and \$1,360,000
82.2	the second year are from the natural
82.3	resources fund for the off-highway vehicle
82.4	grants-in-aid program. Of this amount,
82.5	\$1,210,000 each year is from the all-terrain
82.6	vehicle account; and \$150,000 each year is
82.7	from the off-highway motorcycle account.
82.8	Any unencumbered balance does not cancel
82.9	at the end of the first year and is available for
82.10	the second year.
82.11	\$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the second
82.12	year are from the cross-country ski account
82.13	in the natural resources fund for grooming
82.14	and maintaining cross-country ski trails in
82.15	state parks, trails, and recreation areas.
82.16	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
82.17	second year are from the state land and
82.18	water conservation account (LAWCON)
82.19	in the natural resources fund for priorities
82.20	established by the commissioner for eligible
82.21	state projects and administrative and
82.22	planning activities consistent with Minnesota
82.23	Statutes, section 84.0264, and the federal
82.24	Land and Water Conservation Fund Act.
82.25	Any unencumbered balance does not cancel
82.26	at the end of the first year and is available for
82.27	the second year.
82.28	\$968,000 the first year and \$968,000 the
82.29	second year are from the off-road vehicle
82.30	account in the natural resources fund. Of
82.31	this amount, \$568,000 each year is for parks
82.32	and trails management for off-road vehicle
82.33	purposes; \$325,000 each year is for the
82.34	off-road vehicle grant in aid program; and
82.35	\$75,000 each year is for a new full-time

83.1	employee position or contract in northern
83.2	Minnesota to work in conjunction with the
83.3	Minnesota Four-Wheel Drive Association
83.4	to address off-road vehicle touring routes
83.5	and other issues related to off-road vehicle
83.6	activities. Of this appropriation, the \$325,000
83.7	each year is onetime.
83.8	\$65,000 the first year is from the water
83.9	recreation account in the natural resources
83.10	fund to cooperate with local units of
83.11	government in marking routes and
83.12	designating river accesses and campsites
83.13	under Minnesota Statutes, section 85.32.
83.14	This is a onetime appropriation and is
83.15	available until June 30, 2019.
83.16	\$190,000 the first year is for a grant to the
83.17	city of Virginia for the additional cost of
83.18	supporting a trail due to the rerouting of
83.19	U.S. Highway No. 53. This is a onetime
83.20	appropriation and is available until June 30,
83.21	<u>2019.</u>
83.22	\$50,000 the first year is for development of
83.23	a master plan for the Mississippi Blufflands
83.24	Trail, including work on possible extensions
83.25	or connections to other state or regional
83.26	trails. This is a onetime appropriation that is
83.27	available until June 30, 2017.
83.28	\$61,000 from the natural resources fund the
83.29	first year is for a grant to the city of East
83.30	Grand Forks for payment under a reciprocity
83.31	agreement for the Red River State Recreation
83.32	Area.
83.33	\$500,000 the first year is for restoration or
83.34	replacement of a historic trestle bridge in

	HF846 FOURTH ENGROSS	SMENT	REVISOR	СКМ	h0846-4
84.1	Blackduck. This is a one	etime appropriat	ion		
84.2	and is available until Jun	•••			
84.3	The base for parks and t	The base for parks and trails operations in			
84.4	the natural resources fur	d in fiscal year 2	2018		
84.5	and thereafter is \$46,450),000.			
84.6	Subd. 6. Fish and Wild	life Manageme	<u>nt</u>	71,177,000	71,713,000
84.7	Appropria	tions by Fund			
84.8	Nut 1 D	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		
84.9 84.10	Natural Resources Game and Fish	<u>1,908,000</u> 69,269,000	<u>1,912,000</u> 69,801,000		
84.11	\$8,167,000 the first year		<u>)</u>		
84.12	the second year are from				
84.13	enhancement account in				
84.14	fund only for activities sp				
84.15	Statutes, section 297A.9	· ·	2		
84.16	clause (1). Notwithstand		C		
84.17	Statutes, section 297A.9				
84.18	this appropriation may b				
84.19	hunter and angler recruit	tment and retent	<u>ion.</u>		
84.20	\$1,000,000 the first year	and \$1,000,000	<u>)</u>		
84.21	the second year are from	n the game and			
84.22	fish fund for shooting sp	orts facility gran	nts		
84.23	under Minnesota Statute	es, section 87A.1	<u>0,</u>		
84.24	including grants for arch	ery facilities. U	<u>p to</u>		
84.25	\$100,000 each year is av	vailable for shoo	ting		
84.26	sports facilities on state	lands. Grants m	ust		
84.27	be matched with a nonst	tate match, whic	<u>h</u>		
84.28	may include in-kind con	tributions. This	is a		
84.29	onetime appropriation an	nd is available u	ntil		
84.30	June 30, 2019.				
84.31	The game and fish fund	base for fish and	<u>d</u>		
84.32	wildlife management in	fiscal year 2018	and		
84.33	thereafter is \$65,619,000	<u>).</u>			
84.34	Notwithstanding Minnes	sota Statutes, sec	ction		
84.35	84.943, \$13,000 the first	t year and \$13,0	<u>00</u>		

38,377,000

- HF846 FOURTH ENGROSSMENT REVISOR the second year from the critical habitat 85.1 85.2 private sector matching account may be used to publicize the critical habitat license plate 85.3 85.4 match program. Subd. 7. Enforcement 39,3<u>44,000</u> 85.5 Appropriations by Fund 85.6 2016 2017 85.7 85.8 General 4,257,000 4,140,000 Natural Resources 10,153,000 10,309,000 85.9 Game and Fish 24,834,000 23,828,000 85.10 Remediation 100,000 100,000 85.11 85.12 \$200,000 the first year is from the general fund and \$1,900,000 the first year is from the 85.13 85.14 game and fish fund are for aviation services. 85.15 This appropriation is onetime. 85.16 \$1,718,000 the first year and \$1,718,000 the 85.17 second year are from the general fund for enforcement efforts to prevent the spread of 85.18 aquatic invasive species. 85.19 \$1,537,000 the first year and \$1,580,000 85.20 85.21 the second year are from the heritage enhancement account in the game and 85.22 fish fund for only the purposes specified 85.23 in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94, 85.24 paragraph (e), clause (1). 85.25 \$1,082,000 the first year and \$1,082,000 the 85.26 second year are from the water recreation 85.27 85.28 account in the natural resources fund for 85.29 grants to counties for boat and water safety. Any unencumbered balance does not cancel 85.30 at the end of the first year and is available for 85.31 the second year. 85.32 \$315,000 the first year and \$315,000 the 85.33 second year are from the snowmobile 85.34
- trails and enforcement account in the 85.35

86.1	natural resources fund for grants to local
86.2	law enforcement agencies for snowmobile
86.3	enforcement activities. Any unencumbered
86.4	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
86.5	year and is available for the second year.
86.6	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000
86.7	the second year are from the all-terrain
86.8	vehicle account for grants to qualifying
86.9	organizations to assist in safety and
86.10	environmental education and monitoring
86.11	trails on public lands under Minnesota
86.12	Statutes, section 84.9011. Grants issued
86.13	under this paragraph must be issued through
86.14	a formal agreement with the organization.
86.15	By December 15 each year, an organization
86.16	receiving a grant under this paragraph shall
86.17	report to the commissioner with details on
86.18	expenditures and outcomes from the grant.
86.19	Of this appropriation, \$25,000 each year
86.20	is for administration of these grants. Any
86.21	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
86.22	end of the first year and is available for the
86.23	second year.
86.24	\$510,000 the first year and \$510,000
86.25	the second year are from the natural
86.26	resources fund for grants to county law
86.27	enforcement agencies for off-highway
86.28	vehicle enforcement and public education
86.29	activities based on off-highway vehicle use
86.30	in the county. Of this amount, \$498,000 each
86.31	year is from the all-terrain vehicle account;
86.32	\$11,000 each year is from the off-highway
86.33	motorcycle account; and \$1,000 each year
86.34	is from the off-road vehicle account. The
86.35	county enforcement agencies may use
86.36	money received under this appropriation

{	87.1	to make grants to other local enforcement		
{	87.2	agencies within the county that have a high		
{	87.3	concentration of off-highway vehicle use.		
1	87.4	Of this appropriation, \$25,000 each year		
8	87.5	is for administration of these grants. Any		
8	87.6	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the		
8	87.7	end of the first year and is available for the		
ŝ	87.8	second year.		
8	87.9	Subd. 8. Operations Support	870,000	770,000
{	87.10	Appropriations by Fund		
{	87.11	<u>2016</u> <u>2017</u>		
6	87.12	<u>General</u> <u>550,000</u> <u>450,000</u>		
8	87.13	Natural Resources 320,000 320,000		
1	87.14	\$320,000 the first year and \$320,000 the		
{	87.15	second year are from the natural resources		
{	87.16	fund for grants to be divided equally between		
{	87.17	the city of St. Paul for the Como Park Zoo		
1	87.18	and Conservatory and the city of Duluth		
{	87.19	for the Duluth Zoo. This appropriation		
1	87.20	is from the revenue deposited to the fund		
8	87.21	under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,		
8	87.22	paragraph (e), clause (5).		
{	87.23	\$300,000 the first year and \$450,000 the		
8	87.24	second year are for legal costs related to water		
8	87.25	management. This is a onetime appropriation		
8	87.26	and is available until June 30, 2018.		
{	87.27	With money appropriated in this section, the		
8	87.28	commissioner shall give preference to call		
8	87.29	centers located in Minnesota.		
8	87.30	Subd. 9. Cancellation		
1				
	87.31	The general fund appropriation of \$1,000,000		
8	87.31 87.32	The general fund appropriation of \$1,000,000 in Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 12, section		

<u>\$</u>

88.1 88.2	Sec. 4. <u>BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL</u> <u>RESOURCES</u>
88.3	\$3,423,000 the first year and \$3,423,000 the
88.4	second year are for natural resources block
88.5	grants to local governments. Grants must be
88.6	matched with a combination of local cash or
88.7	in-kind contributions. The base grant portion
88.8	related to water planning must be matched
88.9	by an amount as specified by Minnesota
88.10	Statutes, section 103B.3369. The board may
88.11	reduce the amount of the natural resources
88.12	block grant to a county by an amount equal to
88.13	any reduction in the county's general services
88.14	allocation to a soil and water conservation
88.15	district from the county's previous year
88.16	allocation when the board determines that
88.17	the reduction was disproportionate.
88.18	\$3,116,000 the first year and \$3,116,000 the
88.19	second year are for grants to soil and water
88.20	conservation districts for general purposes,
88.21	nonpoint engineering, and implementation of
88.22	the reinvest in Minnesota reserve program.
88.23	Expenditures may be made from these
88.24	appropriations for supplies and services
88.25	benefiting soil and water conservation
88.26	districts. Any district receiving a grant under
88.27	this paragraph shall maintain a Web page that
88.28	publishes, at a minimum, its annual report,
88.29	annual audit, annual budget, and meeting
88.30	notices.
88.31	\$1,560,000 the first year and \$1,560,000 the
88.32	second year are for the following cost-share
88.33	programs:
88.34	(1) \$260,000 each year is for feedlot water
88.35	quality grants for feedlots under 300 animal

13,415,000

89.1	units and nutrient and manure management
89.2	projects in watersheds where there are
89.3	impaired waters;
00.4	
89.4	(2) \$1,200,000 each year is for soil and
89.5	water conservation district cost-sharing
89.6	contracts for perennially vegetated riparian
89.7	buffers, erosion control, water retention
89.8	and treatment, and other high-priority
89.9	conservation practices; and
89.10	(3) \$100,000 each year is for county
89.11	cooperative weed management programs and
89.12	to restore native plants in selected invasive
89.13	species management sites.
89.14	\$800,000 the first year and \$750,000
89.15	the second year are for implementation,
89.16	enforcement, and oversight of the Wetland
89.17	Conservation Act, including administration
89.18	of the wetland banking program and in-lieu
89.19	fee mechanism. The base for fiscal year 2018
89.20	and later is \$761,000.
89.21	\$166,000 the first year and \$166,000
89.22	the second year are to provide technical
89.23	assistance to local drainage management
89.24	officials and for the costs of the Drainage
89.25	Work Group.
89.26	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000
89.27	the second year are for a grant to the
89.28	Red River Basin Commission for water
89.29	quality and floodplain management,
89.30	including administration of programs. This
89.31	appropriation must be matched by nonstate
89.32	funds. If the appropriation in either year is
89.33	insufficient, the appropriation in the other
89.34	year is available for it.

90.1	\$140,000 the first year and \$140,000
90.2	the second year are for grants to Area
90.3	II Minnesota River Basin Projects for
90.4	floodplain management.
90.5	\$8,000 the first year and \$262,000 the
90.6	second year are to study, in cooperation
90.7	with the commissioner of natural resources,
90.8	the feasibility of the state assuming
90.9	administration of the section 404 permit
90.10	program of the federal Clean Water Act
90.11	as required in this act. This is a onetime
90.12	appropriation.
90.13	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
90.14	103C.501, the board may shift cost-share
90.15	funds in this section and may adjust the
90.16	technical and administrative assistance
90.17	portion of the grant funds to leverage
90.18	federal or other nonstate funds or to address
90.19	high-priority needs identified in local water
90.20	management plans or comprehensive water
90.21	management plans.
90.22	The appropriations for grants in this
90.23	section are available until expended. If an
90.24	appropriation for grants in either year is
90.25	insufficient, the appropriation in the other
90.26	year is available for it.
90.27	The base for the board in fiscal year 2018 and
90.28	thereafter is increased by \$11,000,000 for
90.29	grants to soil and water conservation districts
90.30	to implement buffer requirements.
90.31	Sec. 5. METROPOLITAN COUNCIL §
90.32	Appropriations by Fund
90.33	<u>2016</u> <u>2017</u>
90.34	<u>General</u> <u>3,070,000</u> <u>3,070,000</u>

Article 3 Sec. 5.

Natural Resources

90.35

5,670,000

5,670,000

<u>8,740,000</u> <u>\$</u>

<u>8,740,000</u>

91.1	\$2,870,000 the first year and \$2,870,000) the		
91.2	second year are for metropolitan area reg	ional		
91.3	parks operation and maintenance accord	ling		
91.4	to Minnesota Statutes, section 473.351.			
91.5	\$5,670,000 the first year and \$5,670,000) the		
91.6	second year are from the natural resource	ces		
91.7	fund for metropolitan area regional park	<u>KS</u>		
91.8	and trails maintenance and operations.	<u> This</u>		
91.9	appropriation is from the revenue depos	ited		
91.10	in the natural resources fund under Minne	esota		
91.11	Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (e)	<u>),</u>		
91.12	<u>clause (3).</u>			
91.13	\$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the	e		
91.14	second year are for the Metropolitan Ar	ea		
91.15	Water Supply Policy Advisory Committ	tee		
91.16	study and the Metropolitan Area Water			
91.17	Supply Technical Advisory Committee			
91.18	required under Minnesota Statutes, section	ion		
91.19	473.1565. This is a onetime appropriation	<u>on.</u>		
91.20 91.21	Sec. 6. <u>CONSERVATION CORPS</u> <u>MINNESOTA</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>945,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>945,000</u>
91.22	Appropriations by Fund			
91.23	<u>2016</u>	2017		
91.24	$\frac{\text{General}}{\text{Net on l P}} \qquad \frac{455,000}{400,000}$	455,000		
91.25	Natural Resources 490,000	490,000		
91.26	Conservation Corps Minnesota may reco	eive		
91.27	money appropriated from the natural			
91.28	resources fund under this section only			
91.29	as provided in an agreement with the			
91.30	commissioner of natural resources.			
91.31	Sec. 7. ZOOLOGICAL BOARD	<u>\$</u>	<u>8,410,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,410,000
91.32	Appropriations by Fund			
91.33	$\frac{2016}{2250}$	<u>2017</u>		
91.34 91.35	General8,250,000Natural Resources160,000	<u>8,250,000</u> 160,000		
71.33		100,000		

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92.1	\$160,000 the first year and \$160,000 th	e		
92.2	second year are from the natural resource	—		
92.3	fund from the revenue deposited under			
92.4	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,			
92.5	paragraph (e), clause (5).			
92.6	Sec. 8. SCIENCE MUSEUM	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,079,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>1,079,000</u>
92.7	Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATION	<u>\$</u>	<u>300,000</u> <u>\$</u>	300,000
92.8	\$300,000 the first year and \$300,000			
92.9	the second year are from the state fores	<u>t</u>		
92.10	suspense account in the permanent scho	ool		
92.11	fund for the school trust lands director t	to		
92.12	accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and	nd		
92.13	commercial leasing of school trust lands	s and		
92.14	to identify, evaluate, and lease construct	tion		
92.15	aggregate located on school trust lands.	This		
92.16	appropriation is to be used for securing			
92.17	long-term economic return from the			
92.18	school trust lands consistent with fiducia	ary		
92.19	responsibilities and sound natural resour	rces		
92.20	conservation and management principle	<u>s.</u>		
92.21	Sec. 10. REPAYMENT; TRANSFER			
92.22	The commissioner of management and			
92.23	budget shall transfer \$19,016,000 in fisc	cal		
92.24	year 2018 and \$19,016,000 in fiscal year	<u>ar</u>		
92.25	2019 from the general fund to the close	d		
92.26	landfill investment fund created in Minn	esota		
92.27	Statutes, section 115B.421.			
92.28	Sec. 11. Laws 2010, chapter 215, arti	cle 3, section 5,	subdivision 4, is am	ended to read:

- 92.29 Subd. 4. Returned Grants
- 92.30 Beginning July 1, 2010, all returned grant
- 92.31 money originating from general fund grant
- 92.32 programs will be deposited into individual

93.1	accounts in the special revenue fund and held
93.2	for eventual transfer back to the general fund.
93.3	On December 15, 2010, and on December
93.4	15 of each year thereafter, \$310,000 of the
93.5	receipts in this special revenue fund will
93.6	be transferred to the general fund. If less
93.7	than \$310,000 is available on the transfer
93.8	date, an additional transfer on June 15
93.9	sufficient to make the \$310,000 annual
93.10	obligation will be made may be used for
93.11	the purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section
93.12	103B.102, for grants to local governments
93.13	as authorized in Minnesota Statutes, section
93.14	103B.3369, or to cover onetime costs for
93.15	implementation of natural resources block
93.16	grant funded programs, including the
93.17	Wetland Conservation Act, wetland banking,
93.18	shoreland management, and local water
93.19	management programs.

93.20 Sec. 12. Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 12, section 6, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

93.21 Subd. 5. Fish and Wildlife93.22 Management

-0- 2,412,000

- 93.23 \$3,000 in 2015 is from the heritage
- 93.24 enhancement account in the game and fish
- 93.25 fund for a report on aquatic plant management
- 93.26 permitting policies for the management
- 93.27 of narrow-leaved and hybrid cattail in a
- range of basin types across the state. The
- 93.29 report shall be submitted to the chairs and
- 93.30 ranking minority members of the house of
- 93.31 representatives and senate committees with
- 93.32 jurisdiction over environment and natural
- 93.33 resources by December 15, 2014, and include
- 93.34 recommendations for any necessary changes

94.1	in statutes, rules, or permitting procedures.
94.2	This is a onetime appropriation.
94.3	\$9,000 in 2015 is from the game and fish
94.4	fund for the commissioner, in consultation
94.5	with interested parties, agencies, and other
94.6	states, to develop a detailed restoration plan
94.7	to recover the historical native population of
94.8	bobwhite quail in Minnesota for its ecological
94.9	and recreational benefits to the citizens of the
94.10	state. The commissioner shall conduct public
94.11	meetings in developing the plan. No later
94.12	than January 15, 2015, the commissioner
94.13	must report on the plan's progress to the
94.14	legislative committees with jurisdiction over
94.15	environment and natural resources policy
94.16	and finance. This is a onetime appropriation.
94.17	\$2,000,000 in 2015 is from the game and
94.18	fish fund for shooting sports facility grants
94.19	under Minnesota Statutes, section 87A.10.
94.20	The commissioner may spend up to \$50,000
94.21	of this appropriation to administer the grant.
94.22	This is a onetime appropriation and is
94.23	available until June 30, 2017.
94.24	\$400,000 in 2015 is from the heritage
94.25	enhancement account in the game and fish
94.26	fund for hunter and angler recruitment
94.27	and retention activities and grants to local
94.28	chapters of Let's Go Fishing of Minnesota
94.29	to provide community outreach to senior
94.30	citizens, youth, and veterans and for the costs
94.31	associated with establishing and recruiting
94.32	new chapters. The grants must be matched
94.33	with cash or in-kind contributions from
94.34	nonstate sources. Of this amount, \$25,000
94.35	is for Asian Outdoor Heritage for youth

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95.1	fishing recruitment efforts and outreach in		
95.2	the metropolitan area. The commissioner		
95.3	shall establish a grant application process		
95.4	that includes a standard for ownership		
95.5	of equipment purchased under the grant		
95.6	program and contract requirements that		
95.7	cover the disposition of purchased equipment		
95.8	if the grantee no longer exists. Any		
95.9	equipment purchased with state grant money		
95.10	must be specified on the grant application		
95.11	and approved by the commissioner. The		
95.12	commissioner may spend up to three percent		
95.13	of the appropriation to administer the grant.		
95.14	This is a onetime appropriation and is		
95.15	available until June 30, 2016.		
95.16	Sec. 13. <u>REPEALER.</u>		
95.17	Laws 2010, chapter 215, article 3, section 3,	subdivision 6, as amended by Laws	
95.18	2010, First Special Session chapter 1, article 6, sec	ction 6, Laws 2013, chapter 114, article	
95.19	3, section 9, is repealed.		
95.20	ARTICLE	4	
95.21	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOU	JRCES STATUTORY CHANGES	
95.22	2 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16C	C.073, subdivision 2, is amended to read:	
95.23	Subd. 2. Purchases; printing. (a) Whenever	r practicable, a public entity shall:	
95.24	4 (1) purchase uncoated <u>copy paper</u> , office pap	er, and printing paper;	
95.25	5 (2) purchase recycled content <u>copy</u> paper wit	th at least ten 30 percent postconsumer	
95.26	material by weight and purchase printing and offic	ce paper with at least ten percent	
95.27	postconsumer material by weight;		
95.28	(3) purchase <u>copy</u> , office, and printing paper	which has not been dyed with colors,	
95.29	excluding pastel colors;		
95.30	(4) purchase recycled content <u>copy</u> , office, an	nd printing paper that is manufactured	
05.21	u using little or no chloring blasch or chloring dorive	ativaa	

95.31 using little or no chlorine bleach or chlorine derivatives;

95.32 (5) use no more than two colored inks, standard or processed, except in formats
95.33 where they are necessary to convey meaning;

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96.1	(6) (5) use reusable binding materials or staples and bind documents by methods
96.2	that do not use glue;
96.3	(7) (6) use soy-based inks;
96.4	(8) (7) produce reports, publications, and periodicals that are readily recyclable
96.5	within the state resource recovery program; and
96.6	(9) (8) purchase paper which has been made on a paper machine located in Minnesota.
96.7	(b) Paragraph (a), clause (1), does not apply to coated paper that is made with at
96.8	least 50 percent postconsumer material.
96.9	(c) A public entity shall print documents on both sides of the paper where commonly
96.10	accepted publishing practices allow.
96.11	(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), clause (2), and section 16C.0725, copier paper
96.12	purchased by a state agency must contain at least ten percent postconsumer material by
96.13	fiber content.
96.14	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.415, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
96.15	Subd. 7. Existing road right-of-way; Application fee exemption. (a) A utility
96.16	license for crossing public lands or public waters is exempt from all application fees
96.17	specified in this section and in rules adopted under this section when the utility crossing is
96.18	on an existing right-of-way of a public road.
96.19	(b) This subdivision does not apply to electric power lines, cables, or conduits 100
96.20	kilovolts or greater or to main pipelines for gas, liquids, or solids in suspension.
96.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2014, and
96.22	does not authorize the retroactive collection of fees.
90.22	does not autionize the retroactive concetton of rees.
96.23	Sec. 3. [84.69] NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION EASEMENT
96.24	STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNT.
96.25	Subdivision 1. Account established; sources. The natural resources conservation
96.26	easement stewardship account is created in the special revenue fund. The account consists
96.27	of money credited to the account and interest and other earnings on money in the account.
96.28	The State Board of Investment must manage the account to maximize long-term gain. The
96.29	following revenue must be deposited in the natural resources conservation easement
96.30	stewardship account:
96.31	(1) contributions to the account or specified for any purpose of the account;
96.32	(2) contributions under subdivision 3; section 84.66, subdivision 11; or other
96.33	applicable law;
96.34	(3) money appropriated for any of the purposes described in subdivision 2;

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(4) money appropriated for monitoring and enforcement of easements and earnings 97.1 97.2 on the money appropriated that revert to the state under section 97A.056, subdivision 17, or other applicable law; and 97.3 (5) gifts under section 84.085 for conservation easement stewardship. 97.4 Subd. 2. Appropriation; purposes of account. Five percent of the balance on 97.5 July 1 of each year in the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account 97.6 is annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources and may be spent 97.7 only to cover the costs of managing conservation easements held by the Department 97.8 of Natural Resources, including costs associated with monitoring, landowner contacts, 97.9 records storage and management, processing landowner notices, requests for approval 97.10 or amendments, enforcement, and legal services associated with conservation easement 97.11 97.12 management activities. Subd. 3. Financial contributions. The commissioner shall seek a financial 97.13 contribution to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account for each 97.14 97.15 conservation easement acquired by or assigned to the Department of Natural Resources. Unless otherwise provided by law, the commissioner shall determine the amount of the 97.16 contribution, which must be an amount calculated to earn sufficient money to meet 97.17 the costs of managing the conservation easement at a level that neither significantly 97.18 overrecovers nor underrecovers the costs. In determining the amount of the financial 97.19 97.20 contribution, the commissioner shall consider: (1) the estimated annual staff hours needed to manage the conservation easement, 97.21 taking into consideration factors such as easement type, size, location, and complexity; 97.22 97.23 (2) the average hourly wages for the class or classes of employees expected to manage the conservation easement; 97.24 (3) the estimated annual travel expenses to manage the conservation easement; 97.25 97.26 (4) the estimated annual miscellaneous costs to manage the conservation easement, including supplies and equipment, information technology support, and aerial flyovers; 97.27 (5) the estimated annualized cost of legal services, including the cost to enforce the 97.28 easement in the event of a violation; and 97.29 (6) the expected rate of return on investments in the account. 97.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Subdivisions 1 and 2 of this section are effective the day 97.31 following final enactment. Subdivision 3 of this section is effective for conservation 97.32 easements acquired with money appropriated on or after July 1, 2015, and for acquisitions 97.33 of conservation easements by gift that are initiated on or after July 1, 2015. 97.34

97.35 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.788, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

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98.1	Subd. 5. Report of ownership transfers; fee. A person who sells or transfers (a)
98.2	Application for transfer of ownership of an off-highway motorcycle registered under
98.3	this section shall report the sale or transfer must be made to the commissioner within
98.4	15 days of the date of transfer.
98.5	(b) An application for transfer must be executed by the registered owner and the
98.6	buyer on a form preseribed by the commissioner with the owner's registration certificate,
98.7	purchaser using a bill of sale, and a \$4 fee that includes the vehicle serial number.
98.8	(c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.774 if the
98.9	purchaser fails to apply for transfer of ownership as provided under this subdivision.
98.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2016.
98.11	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.788, is amended by adding a subdivision
98.12	to read:
98.13	Subd. 5a. Report of registration transfers. (a) Application for transfer of
98.14	registration under this section must be made to the commissioner within 15 days of the
98.15	date of transfer.
98.16	(b) An application for transfer must be executed by the registered owner and the
98.17	purchaser using a bill of sale that includes the vehicle serial number.
98.18	(c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.774 if the
98.19	purchaser fails to apply for transfer of registration as provided under this subdivision.
98.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2016.
98.21	Sec. 6. [84.8031] GRANT-IN-AID APPLICATIONS; REVIEW PERIOD.
98.22	The commissioner must review an off-road vehicle grant-in-aid application and, if
98.23	approved, commence public review of the application within 60 days after the completed
98.24	application has been locally approved and submitted to an area parks and trails office. If
98.25	the commissioner fails to approve or deny the application within 60 days after submission,
98.26	the application is deemed approved and the commissioner must provide for a 30-day
98.27	public review period.
98.28	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.82, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

98.26Sec. 7. Withinesota Statutes 2014, section 84.82, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:98.29Subd. 2a. Nontrail use registration. A snowmobile may be registered for nontrail98.30use. A snowmobile registered under this subdivision may not be operated on a state or98.31grant-in-aid snowmobile trail. The fee for a nontrail use registration of a snowmobile with98.32an engine displacement that is greater than 125 cubic centimeters is \$45 for three years. A

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99.1 nontrail use registration is not transferable. In addition to other penalties prescribed by
99.2 law, the penalty for violation of this subdivision is immediate revocation of the nontrail
99.3 use registration. The commissioner shall ensure that the registration sticker provided for
99.4 limited nontrail use is of a different color and is distinguishable from other snowmobile
99.5 registration and state trail stickers provided.

99.6 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.82, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
99.7 Subd. 6. Exemptions. Registration is not required under this section for:
99.8 (1) a snowmobile owned and used by the United States, an Indian tribal government,

- another state, or a political subdivision thereof;
- 99.10 (2) a snowmobile registered in a country other than the United States temporarily99.11 used within this state;
- (3) a snowmobile that is covered by a valid license of another state and has not been
 within this state for more than 30 consecutive days or that is registered by an Indian tribal
 government to a tribal member and has not been outside the tribal reservation boundary
 for more than 30 consecutive days;
- 99.16 (4) a snowmobile used exclusively in organized track racing events;
- 99.17 (5) a snowmobile in transit by a manufacturer, distributor, or dealer;
- 99.18 (6) a snowmobile at least 15 years old in transit by an individual for use only on
- 99.19 land owned or leased by the individual; or
- 99.20 (7) a snowmobile while being used to groom a state or grant-in-aid trail; or
- 99.21 (8) a snowmobile with an engine displacement that is 125 cubic centimeters or less
 99.22 and the snowmobile is not operated on a state or grant-in-aid trail.
- 99.23 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.84, is amended to read:

99.24

84.84 TRANSFER OR TERMINATION OF SNOWMOBILE OWNERSHIP.

- 99.25 (a) Within 15 days after the transfer of ownership, or any part thereof, other than a
 99.26 security interest, or the destruction or abandonment of any snowmobile, written notice
 99.27 thereof of the transfer or destruction or abandonment shall be given to the commissioner
 99.28 in such form as the commissioner shall prescribe.
- 99.29 (b) An application for transfer must be executed by the registered owner and the
 99.30 purchaser using a bill of sale that includes the vehicle serial number.
- 99.31 (c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.88 if the purchaser
 99.32 fails to apply for transfer of ownership as provided under this subdivision. Every owner
 99.33 or part owner of a snowmobile shall, upon failure to give such notice of destruction or
 99.34 abandonment, be subject to the penalties imposed by Laws 1967, chapter 876 section 84.88.

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100.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

100.2	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.92, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
100.3	Subd. 8. All-terrain vehicle or vehicle. "All-terrain vehicle" or "vehicle" means
100.4	a motorized vehicle of with: (1) not less than three, but not more than six low pressure
100.5	or non-pneumatic tires, that is limited in engine displacement of less than 1,000 cubie
100.6	eentimeters and; (2) a total dry weight of 2,000 pounds or less; and (3) a total width
100.7	from outside of tire rim to outside of tire rim that is 65 inches or less. All-terrain vehicle
100.8	includes a class 1 all-terrain vehicle and class 2 all-terrain vehicle. All-terrain vehicle does
100.9	not include a golf cart, mini-truck, dune buggy, or go-cart or a vehicle designed and used
100.10	specifically for lawn maintenance, agriculture, logging, or mining purposes.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.92, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
Subd. 9. Class 1 all-terrain vehicle. "Class 1 all-terrain vehicle" means an
all-terrain vehicle that has a total dry weight of less than 1,200 pounds width from outside
of tire rim to outside of tire rim that is 50 inches or less.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.92, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
Subd. 10. Class 2 all-terrain vehicle. "Class 2 all-terrain vehicle" means an
all-terrain vehicle that has a total dry weight of 1,200 to 1,800 pounds width from outside
of tire rim to outside of tire rim that is greater than 50 inches but not more than 65 inches.

100.19 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.922, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. Report of transfers. A person who sells or transfers ownership of a 100.20 vehicle registered under this section shall report the sale or (a) Application for transfer of 100.21 100.22 ownership must be made to the commissioner within 15 days of the date of transfer. (b) An application for transfer must be executed by the registered owner and 100.23 the purchaser on a form prescribed by the commissioner with the owner's registration 100.24 certificate, using a bill of sale and a \$4 fee that includes the vehicle serial number. 100.25 (c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.774 if the 100.26 purchaser fails to apply for transfer of ownership as provided under this subdivision. 100.27

100.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.925, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
 Subd. 5. Training requirements. (a) An individual who was born after July 1,
 1987, and who is 16 years of age or older, must successfully complete the independent

study course component of all-terrain vehicle safety training before operating an all-terrain
vehicle on public lands or waters, public road rights-of-way, or state or grant-in-aid trails.

- (b) An individual who is convicted of violating a law related to the operation of an
 all-terrain vehicle must successfully complete the independent study course component of
 all-terrain vehicle safety training before continuing operation of an all-terrain vehicle.
- (c) An individual who is convicted for a second or subsequent excess speed, trespass,
 or wetland violation in an all-terrain vehicle season, or any conviction for careless or
 reckless operation of an all-terrain vehicle, must successfully complete the independent
 study and the testing and operating course components of all-terrain vehicle safety training
 before continuing operation of an all-terrain vehicle.
- (d) An individual who receives three or more citations and convictions for violating a
 law related to the operation of an all-terrain vehicle in a two-year period must successfully
 complete the independent study and the testing and operating course components of
 all-terrain vehicle safety training before continuing operation of an all-terrain vehicle.
- (e) An individual must present evidence of compliance with this subdivision before
 an all-terrain vehicle registration is issued or renewed. A person may use the following as
 evidence of meeting all-terrain vehicle safety certificate requirements:
- 101.18 (1) a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate issued by the commissioner;
- 101.19 (2) a driver's license that has a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate indicator
 101.20 issued under section 171.07, subdivision 18; or
- 101.21 (3) an identification card that has a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate indicator
 101.22 issued under section 171.07, subdivision 18.
- 101.23EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2016, or the date the new101.24driver and vehicle services information technology system is implemented, whichever101.25comes later.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.9256, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 Subdivision 1. Prohibitions on youthful operators. (a) Except for operation on
 public road rights-of-way that is permitted under section 84.928 and as provided under
 paragraph (j), a driver's license issued by the state or another state is required to operate an
 all-terrain vehicle along or on a public road right-of-way.
- 101.31 (b) A person under 12 years of age shall not:
- 101.32 (1) make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way;
- 101.33 (2) operate an all-terrain vehicle on a public road right-of-way in the state; or
- (3) operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands or waters, except as provided inparagraph (f).

(c) Except for public road rights-of-way of interstate highways, a person 12 years
of age but less than 16 years may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way
of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway or operate on public lands and waters or
state or grant-in-aid trails, only if that person possesses a valid all-terrain vehicle safety
certificate issued by the commissioner and is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or
older who holds a valid driver's license.

102.7 (d) To be issued an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate, a person at least 12 years102.8 old, but less than 16 years old, must:

102.9 (1) successfully complete the safety education and training program under section102.10 84.925, subdivision 1, including a riding component; and

(2) be able to properly reach and control the handle bars and reach the foot pegswhile sitting upright on the seat of the all-terrain vehicle.

(e) A person at least 11 years of age may take the safety education and training
program and may receive an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate under paragraph (d), but
the certificate is not valid until the person reaches age 12.

(f) A person at least ten years of age but under 12 years of age may operate an
all-terrain vehicle with an engine capacity up to 90cc on public lands or waters if
accompanied by a parent or legal guardian.

(g) A person under 15 years of age shall not operate a class 2 all-terrain vehicle.
(h) A person under the age of 16 may not operate an all-terrain vehicle on public
lands or waters or on state or grant-in-aid trails if the person cannot properly reach and
control the handle bars and reach the foot pegs while sitting upright on the seat of the
all-terrain vehicle.

(i) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a nonresident at least 12 years old, but less than
16 years old, may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county
state-aid, or county highway or operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands and waters
or state or grant-in-aid trails if:

(1) the nonresident youth has in possession evidence of completing an all-terrain
safety course offered by the ATV Safety Institute or another state as provided in section
84.925, subdivision 3; and

102.31 (2) the nonresident youth is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or older who102.32 holds a valid driver's license.

(j) A person 12 years of age but less than 16 years of age may operate an all-terrain
vehicle on the <u>roadway</u>, bank, slope, or ditch of a public road right-of-way as permitted
under section 84.928 if the person:

- 103.1 (1) possesses a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate issued by the commissioner;103.2 and
- 103.3

(2) is accompanied by a parent or legal guardian on a separate all-terrain vehicle.

- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.928, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 103.4 Subdivision 1. Operation on roads and rights-of-way. (a) Unless otherwise 103.5 allowed in sections 84.92 to 84.928 or by local ordinance under paragraph (k), a person shall 103.6 not operate an all-terrain vehicle in this state along or on the roadway, shoulder, or inside 103.7 bank or slope of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway. 103.8 (b) A person may operate a class 1 all-terrain vehicle in the ditch or the outside 103.9 bank or slope of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway unless prohibited under 103.10 paragraph (d) or (f). 103.11 (c) A person may operate a class 1 all-terrain vehicle designed by the manufacturer 103.12 for off-road use to be driven by a steering wheel and equipped with operator and passenger 103.13 103.14 seat belts and a roll-over protective structure or a class 2 all-terrain vehicle: (1) within the public road right-of-way of a county state-aid or county highway on 103.15 the right shoulder or the extreme right-hand side of the road and left turns may be made 103.16 103.17 from any part of the road if it is safe to do so under the prevailing conditions, unless prohibited under paragraph (d) or (f); 103.18 (2) on the bank, slope, or ditch of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county 103.19 state-aid, or county highway but only to access businesses or make trail connections, and 103.20 left turns may be made from any part of the road if it is safe to do so under the prevailing 103.21 103.22 conditions, unless prohibited under paragraph (d) or (f); and (3) on the bank or ditch of a public road right-of-way on a designated class 2 103.23 all-terrain vehicle trail. 103.24 103.25 (d) A road authority as defined under section 160.02, subdivision 25, may after a public hearing restrict the use of all-terrain vehicles in the public road right-of-way under 103.26 its jurisdiction. 103.27 (e) The restrictions in paragraphs (a), (d), (h), (i), and (j) do not apply to the 103.28 operation of an all-terrain vehicle on the shoulder, inside bank or slope, ditch, or outside 103.29
- 103.30 bank or slope of a trunk, interstate, county state-aid, or county highway:
- 103.31 (1) that is part of a funded grant-in-aid trail; or

103.32 (2) when the all-terrain vehicle is owned by or operated under contract with:

103.33 (i) a road authority as defined under section 160.02, subdivision 25; or

103.34 (ii) a publicly or privately owned utility or pipeline company and used for work
 103.35 on utilities or pipelines.

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(f) The commissioner may limit the use of a right-of-way for a period of time if thecommissioner determines that use of the right-of-way causes:

104.3 (1) degradation of vegetation on adjacent public property;

104.4 (2) siltation of waters of the state;

104.5 (3) impairment or enhancement to the act of taking game; or

104.6 (4) a threat to safety of the right-of-way users or to individuals on adjacent public104.7 property.

104.8 The commissioner must notify the road authority as soon as it is known that a closure 104.9 will be ordered. The notice must state the reasons and duration of the closure.

(g) A person may operate an all-terrain vehicle registered for private use and used
for agricultural purposes on a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or
county highway in this state if the all-terrain vehicle is operated on the extreme right-hand
side of the road, and left turns may be made from any part of the road if it is safe to do so
under the prevailing conditions.

(h) A person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle within the public road
right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway from April 1 to August 1 in
the agricultural zone unless the vehicle is being used exclusively as transportation to and
from work on agricultural lands. This paragraph does not apply to an agent or employee
of a road authority, as defined in section 160.02, subdivision 25, or the Department of
Natural Resources when performing or exercising official duties or powers.

(i) A person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle within the public road right-of-way
of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway between the hours of one-half hour after
sunset to one-half hour before sunrise, except on the right-hand side of the right-of-way
and in the same direction as the highway traffic on the nearest lane of the adjacent roadway.

104.25 (j) A person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle at any time within the 104.26 right-of-way of an interstate highway or freeway within this state.

(k) A county, city, or town, acting through its governing body, may by ordinance
 allow a person to operate an all-terrain vehicle on a public road or street under its
 jurisdiction to access businesses and residences and to make trail connections.

104.30EFFECTIVE DATE. The amendments to paragraph (e) of this section are effective104.31the day following final enactment.

104.32 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, is amended by adding a subdivision 104.33 to read:

104.34Subd. 1a. Aquatic invasive species affirmation. "Aquatic invasive species104.35affirmation" means an affirmation of the summary of the aquatic invasive species laws of

this chapter that is part of watercraft licenses and nonresident fishing licenses, as provided
 in section 84D.106.

105.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
 Subd. 13. Prohibited invasive species. "Prohibited invasive species" means a
 nonnative species that has been listed designated as a prohibited invasive species in a rule
 adopted by the commissioner under section 84D.12.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
 Subd. 15. Regulated invasive species. "Regulated invasive species" means a
 nonnative species that has been listed designated as a regulated invasive species in a rule
 adopted by the commissioner under section 84D.12.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, subdivision 17, is amended to read:
Subd. 17. Unlisted nonnative species. "Unlisted nonnative species" means a
nonnative species that has not been listed designated as a prohibited invasive species, a
regulated invasive species, or an unregulated nonnative species in a rule adopted by the
commissioner under section 84D.12.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, subdivision 18, is amended to read:
 Subd. 18. Unregulated nonnative species. "Unregulated nonnative species" means
 a nonnative species that has been listed designated as an unregulated nonnative species in
 a rule adopted by the commissioner under section 84D.12.

105.21 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.06, is amended to read:

105.22

84D.06 UNLISTED NONNATIVE SPECIES.

Subdivision 1. Process. A person may not introduce an unlisted nonnative aquaticplant or wild animal species unless:

105.25 (1) the person has notified the commissioner in a manner and form prescribed by105.26 the commissioner;

105.27 (2) the commissioner has made the classification determination required in
105.28 subdivision 2 and listed designated the species as appropriate; and

105.29 (3) the introduction is allowed under the applicable provisions of this chapter.

106.4 (1) adopt a rule under section 84D.12, subdivision 3, listing designating the species
106.5 as a prohibited invasive species; and

106.6 (2) notify the person from which the notification was received that the species is106.7 subject to section 84D.04.

(b) If the commissioner determines that a species for which a notification is
received under subdivision 1 should be classified as an unregulated nonnative species,
the commissioner shall:

106.11 (1) adopt a rule under section 84D.12, subdivision 3, listing designating the species
106.12 as an unregulated nonnative species; and

106.13 (2) notify the person from which the notification was received that the species is not106.14 subject to regulation under this chapter.

106.15 (c) If the commissioner determines that a species for which a notification is received 106.16 under subdivision 1 should be classified as a regulated invasive species, the commissioner 106.17 shall notify the applicant that the species is subject to the requirements in section 84D.07.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 Subd. 3. Removal and confinement. (a) A conservation officer or other licensed
 peace officer may order:

(1) the removal of aquatic macrophytes or prohibited invasive species from
water-related equipment, including decontamination using hot water or high pressure
equipment when available on site, before it the water-related equipment is transported or
before it is placed into waters of the state;

106.25 (2) confinement of the water-related equipment at a mooring, dock, or other location 106.26 until the water-related equipment is removed from the water;

(3) removal of water-related equipment from waters of the state to remove prohibited
invasive species if the water has not been listed by the commissioner as being infested
with that species; and

(4) a prohibition on placing water-related equipment into waters of the state when
the water-related equipment has aquatic macrophytes or prohibited invasive species
attached in violation of subdivision 1 or when water has not been drained or the drain plug
has not been removed in violation of subdivision 4-; and

106.34 (5) decontamination of water-related equipment when available on site.

107.1

(b) An order for removal of prohibited invasive species under paragraph (a), clause 107.2 (1), or decontamination of water-related equipment under paragraph (a), clause (5), may include tagging the water-related equipment and issuing a notice that specifies 107.3 a time frame for completing the removal or decontamination and reinspection of the 107.4 water-related equipment. 107.5 (b) (c) An inspector who is not a licensed peace officer may issue orders under 107.6 paragraph (a), clauses (1), (3), and (4), and (5). 107.7 Sec. 24. [84D.106] AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES AFFIRMATION. 107.8 107.9 Aquatic invasive species affirmation is required for all: (1) watercraft licenses issued under section 86B.401; and 107.10 (2) all nonresident fishing licenses, as provided in section 97C.301, subdivision 2a. 107.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Clause (1) of this section is effective January 1, 2016, and 107.12 clause (2) of this section is effective March 1, 2016. 107.13 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 107.14 107.15 Subdivision 1. Prohibited invasive species. The commissioner may issue a permit for the propagation, possession, importation, purchase, or transport of a prohibited invasive 107.16 species for the purposes of disposal, decontamination, control, research, or education. 107.17 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 107.18 Subdivision 1. Required rules. The commissioner shall adopt rules: 107.19 (1) listing designating prohibited invasive species, regulated invasive species, and 107.20 unregulated nonnative species of aquatic plants and wild animals; 107.21 107.22 (2) governing the application for and issuance of permits under this chapter, which rules may include a fee schedule; and 107.23 (3) governing notification under section 84D.08. 107.24 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.12, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 107.25 Subd. 3. Expedited rules. The commissioner may adopt rules under section 84.027, 107.26 subdivision 13, that list designate: 107.27 (1) prohibited invasive species of aquatic plants and wild animals; 107.28 107.29 (2) regulated invasive species of aquatic plants and wild animals; and (3) unregulated nonnative species of aquatic plants and wild animals. 107.30 107.31 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.13, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

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Subd. 5. Civil penalties. (a) A civil citation issued under this section must impose 108.1 108.2 the following penalty amounts: (1) for transporting aquatic macrophytes in violation of section 84D.09, \$100; 108.3 (2) for placing or attempting to place into waters of the state water-related equipment 108.4 that has aquatic macrophytes attached, \$200; 108.5 (3) for unlawfully possessing or transporting a prohibited invasive species other 108.6 than an aquatic macrophyte, \$500; 108.7 (4) for placing or attempting to place into waters of the state water-related equipment 108.8 that has prohibited invasive species attached when the waters are not listed by the 108.9 commissioner as being infested with that invasive species, \$500; 108.10 (5) for intentionally damaging, moving, removing, or sinking a buoy marking, as 108.11 prescribed by rule, Eurasian water milfoil, \$100; 108.12 (6) for failing to have drain plugs or similar devices removed or opened while 108.13 transporting water-related equipment or for failing to remove plugs, open valves, and 108.14 108.15 drain water from water-related equipment, other than marine sanitary systems, before leaving waters of the state, \$100; and 108.16 (7) for transporting infested water off riparian property without a permit as required 108.17 by rule, \$200; and 108.18 (8) for failing to have aquatic invasive species affirmation displayed or available for 108.19 inspection as provided in sections 86B.401 and 97C.301, subdivision 2a, \$25. 108.20 (b) A civil citation that is issued to a person who has one or more prior convictions 108.21 or final orders for violations of this chapter is subject to twice the penalty amounts listed 108.22 108.23 in paragraph (a). Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 108.24

108.25Subd. 3. Use of money in account. Money credited to the invasive species account108.26in subdivision 2 shall be used for management of invasive species and implementation of108.27this chapter as it pertains to invasive species, including control, public awareness, law108.28enforcement, assessment and monitoring, management planning, habitat improvements,108.29and research.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.015, is amended by adding a subdivisionto read:

108.32Subd. 1e.Connection to state parks and recreation areas.Trails designated under108.33this section may include connections to state parks or recreation areas that generally lie in108.34between or within the vicinity of the waymarks specifically named in the designation.

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- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.015, is amended by adding a subdivision 109.1 109.2 to read: Subd. 6a. Mississippi Blufflands Trail; Goodhue and Wabasha Counties. (a) 109.3 The Mississippi Blufflands Trail shall originate at the Cannon Valley Trail and thence 109.4 extend generally southeasterly along the Mississippi River through Frontenac State Park in 109.5 Goodhue County and continue through Goodhue and Wabasha Counties to the city of Lake 109.6 City, and there terminate. The trail shall include connections to the Rattlesnake Bluff Trail. 109.7 (b) The trail shall be developed primarily for riding and hiking. 109.8 (c) In establishing, developing, maintaining, and operating the trail, the 109.9 109.10 commissioner shall cooperate with local units of government and private individuals and
- 109.11 groups whenever feasible.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.015, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 109.12 Subd. 7. Blufflands Trail system, Fillmore, Olmsted, Winona, and Houston 109.13 109.14 **Counties.** (a) The Root River Trail shall originate at Chatfield in Fillmore County, and thence extend easterly in the Root River Valley to the intersection of the river with 109.15 Minnesota Trunk Highway No. 26 in Houston County, and extend to the Mississippi River. 109.16 109.17 (b) Additional trails may be established that extend the Blufflands Trail system to include La Crescent, Hokah, Caledonia, and Spring Grove in Houston County; Preston, 109.18 Harmony, Fountain, Wykoff, Spring Valley, Mabel, Prosper, Canton, and Ostrander, 109.19 and connections to the Iowa border including a connection to Niagara Cave in Fillmore 109.20 County; Rochester, Dover, Eyota, Stewartville, Byron, and Chester Woods County Park in 109.21 109.22 Olmsted County; and Winona, Minnesota City, Rollingstone, Altura, Lewiston, Utica, St. Charles, and Elba in Winona County. In addition to the criteria in section 86A.05, 109.23 subdivision 4, these trails must utilize abandoned railroad rights-of-way where possible. 109.24 109.25 (c) The trails shall be developed primarily for nonmotorized riding and hiking.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.015, subdivision 28, is amended to read: 109.26 Subd. 28. Camp Ripley/Veterans State Trail, Crow Wing, Cass, and Morrison 109.27 Counties. The trail shall originate at Crow Wing State Park in Crow Wing County at 109.28 the southern end of the Paul Bunyan Trail and shall extend from Crow Wing State Park 109.29 westerly to the city of Pillager, then southerly along the west side of Camp Ripley, then 109.30 easterly along the south side of Camp Ripley across to the east side of the Mississippi 109.31 River, and then northerly through Fort Ripley to Crow Wing State Park. A second segment 109.32 of the trail shall be established that shall extend in a southerly direction and in close 109.33 proximity to the Mississippi River from the southeasterly portion of the first segment of 109.34

the trail to the city of Little Falls, and then terminate at the Soo Line Trail in Morrison

110.2 County. Separation of motorized and nonmotorized corridors is acceptable as needed.

110.3 Sec. 34. [85.0506] LAKE VERMILION-SOUDAN UNDERGROUND MINE 110.4 STATE PARK; HOISTS.

110.5The Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park mine tour operation is110.6exempt from sections 326B.163 to 326B.191. The federal mine code for hoists that lift110.7people under Code of Federal Regulations, title 30, part 57, subpart R, applies to the110.8Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park hoist. The commissioner shall110.9employ a hoist safety expert to conduct an annual inspection of the hoist system at the110.10Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.054, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
Subd. 12. Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park. A state park
permit is not required and a fee may not be charged for motor vehicle entry or parking
at the visitor parking area of Soudan Underground Mine State Park and the Stuntz Bay
boat house area.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 110.16 Subdivision 1. Areas marked. The commissioner of natural resources is authorized 110.17 in cooperation with local units of government and private individuals and groups when 110.18 feasible to mark state water trails on the Little Fork, Big Fork, Minnesota, St. Croix, 110.19 110.20 Snake, Mississippi, Red Lake, Cannon, Straight, Des Moines, Crow Wing, St. Louis, Pine, Rum, Kettle, Cloquet, Root, Zumbro, Pomme de Terre within Swift County, Watonwan, 110.21 Cottonwood, Whitewater, Chippewa from Benson in Swift County to Montevideo in 110.22 110.23 Chippewa County, Long Prairie, Red River of the North, Sauk, Otter Tail, Redwood, Blue Earth, Cedar, Shell Rock, and Crow Rivers which have historic and scenic values 110.24 and to mark appropriately points of interest, portages, camp sites, and all dams, rapids, 110.25 waterfalls, whirlpools, and other serious hazards which are dangerous to canoe, kayak, 110.26 and watercraft travelers. 110.27

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.401, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Licensing. (a) The license agent shall register the watercraft on receiving
an application and the license fee. A license and registration sticker with a registration
number shall be issued and must be affixed to the watercraft as prescribed by the
commissioner of natural resources.

111.2 <u>84D.106. The aquatic invasive species affirmation portion of the license must be on board</u>

111.3 or available with the signed license certificate. The aquatic invasive species affirmation will

- 111.4 <u>be provided with an application for a new, transfer, duplicate, or renewal watercraft license.</u>
- 111.5 (c) The license is not valid unless signed by at least one owner.
- (d) Failure to complete the aquatic invasive species affirmation in this subdivision is
 subject to the penalty prescribed in section 84D.13, subdivision 5.

111.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.

111.9 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 87A.10, is amended to read:

111.10 87A.10 TRAP SHOOTING SPORTS FACILITY GRANTS.

The commissioner of natural resources shall administer a program to provide cost-share grants to local recreational shooting clubs <u>or local units of government</u> for up to 50 percent of the costs of developing or rehabilitating trap shooting sports facilities for public use. A facility rehabilitated or developed with a grant under this section must be open to the general public at reasonable times and for a reasonable fee on a walk-in basis. The commissioner shall give preference to projects that will provide the most opportunities for youth.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.17, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Special permits. The following special permits are required at all times,
including when the ground is snow-covered:

(a) **Fire training.** A permit to start a fire for the instruction and training of 111.21 firefighters, including liquid fuels training, may be given by the commissioner or agent of 111.22 the commissioner. Except for owners or operators conducting fire training in specialized 111.23 industrial settings pursuant to applicable federal, state, or local standards, owners 111.24 or operators conducting open burning for the purpose of instruction and training of 111.25 firefighters with regard to structures must follow the techniques described in a document 111.26 111.27 entitled: Structural Burn Training Procedures for the Minnesota Technical College System use only fuel materials as outlined in the current edition of National Fire Protection 111.28 Association 1403, Standard on Live Fire Training Evolutions, and obtain the applicable 111.29 111.30 live burn documents in accordance with the current edition of the Board of Firefighter Training and Education's live burn plan established according to section 299N.02, 111.31 subdivision 3, clause (2). 111.32

(b) **Permanent tree and brush open burning sites.** A permit for the operation of 112.1 a permanent tree and brush burning site may be given by the commissioner or agent of 112.2 the commissioner. Applicants for a permanent open burning site permit shall submit a 112.3 complete application on a form provided by the commissioner. Existing permanent tree 112.4 and brush open burning sites must submit for a permit within 90 days of the passage of 112.5 this statute for a burning permit. New site applications must be submitted at least 90 112.6 days before the date of the proposed operation of the permanent open burning site. The 112.7 application must be submitted to the commissioner and must contain: 112.8

(1) the name, address, and telephone number of all owners of the site proposed for 112.9 use as the permanent open burning site; 112.10

(2) if the operator for the proposed permanent open burning site is different from the 112.11 owner, the name, address, and telephone number of the operator; 112.12

(3) a general description of the materials to be burned, including the source and 112.13 estimated quantity, dimensions of the site and burn pile areas, hours and dates of operation, 112.14 112.15 and provisions for smoke management; and

(4) a topographic or similarly detailed map of the site and surrounding area within 112.16 a one-mile circumference showing all structures that might be affected by the operation 112.17 of the site. 112.18

Only trees, tree trimmings, or brush that cannot be disposed of by an alternative 112.19 method such as chipping, composting, or other method shall be permitted to be burned 112.20 at a permanent open burning site. A permanent tree and brush open burning site must 112.21 be located and operated so as not to create a nuisance or endanger water quality. The 112.22 112.23 commissioner shall revoke the permit or order actions to mitigate threats to public health, safety, and the environment in the event that permit conditions are violated. 112.24

112.25 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. Recording Provisions of auxiliary forest contract to run with the land. 112.26 The commissioner shall submit such contract in recordable form to the owner of the land 112.27 covered thereby. If the owner shall indicate to the commissioner an unwillingness to 112.28 execute the same, or if the owner or any of the persons having an interest therein or lien 112.29 thereon fail to execute it within 60 days from the time of its submission to the owner, all 112.30 proceedings relating to the making of this land into an auxiliary forest shall be at an end. 112.31 When the contract shall have been executed it shall forthwith be recorded in the 112.32 office of the county recorder at the expense of the owner or, if the title to the land be 112.33 registered, with the registrar of titles. At the time the contract is recorded with the county 112.34 recorder for record the owner, at the owner's expense, shall record with the county recorder

112.35

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113.1 a certificate from the county attorney to the effect that no change in record title thereof has

113.2 occurred, that no liens or other encumbrances have been placed thereon, and that no taxes

113.3 have accrued thereon since the making of the previous certificate. It shall be the duty of

113.4 the county attorney to furnish this certificate without further compensation.

113.5 All the provisions of the <u>a recorded</u> contract shall be for an auxiliary forest are deemed 113.6 covenants running with the land from the date of the filing of the contract for record.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 113.7 Subd. 4. Effect. Upon the filing of the contract for record, the land therein described 113.8 in the contract shall become, and, during the life of the contract, remain and be, an 113.9 auxiliary forest entitled to all the benefits and subject to all the restrictions of sections 113.10 88.47 88.49 to 88.53, all of which shall be deemed a. These sections are part of the 113.11 obligation of the contract and shall be are inviolate, subject only to the police power of the 113.12 state, to the power of eminent domain, and to the right of the parties thereto by mutual 113.13 113.14 agreement to make applicable to the contract any laws of the state enacted subsequent to its the execution and filing. This provision shall not be so construed as to prevent amendatory 113.15 or supplementary legislation which does of the contract. Laws enacted subsequent to 113.16 the date of execution of the contract are applicable to the contract, so long as the laws 113.17 do not impair these the contract rights of the parties thereto, or as to prevent amendatory 113.18 113.19 or supplementary legislation in respect of the culture, care, or management of the lands included in any such contract signatories of the contract or their successors or assigns. 113.20

113.21 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 5, is amended to read: Subd. 5. Cancellation. Upon the failure of (a) If the owner fails to faithfully to 113.22 fulfill and perform such the contract or, any provision thereof of the contract, or any 113.23 requirement of sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53, or any rule adopted by the commissioner 113.24 thereunder adopts under those sections, the commissioner may cancel the contract in 113.25 the manner herein provided. The commissioner shall give to the owner, in the manner 113.26 prescribed in section 88.48, subdivision 4, 60 days' notice of a hearing thereon at which 113.27 the owner may appear and show cause, if any, why the contract should not be canceled. 113.28 The commissioner shall thereupon then determine whether the contract should be canceled 113.29 and make an order to that effect. Notice of the commissioner's determination and the 113.30 making of the order shall be given to The commissioner shall give the owner in the manner 113.31 provided in section 88.48, subdivision 4 notice of the commissioner's determination and 113.32 order. On determining If the commissioner determines that the contract should be canceled 113.33 and no appeal therefrom be taken the owner does not appeal the determination as provided 113.34

in subdivision 7, the commissioner shall send notice thereof of the cancellation to the 114.1 auditor of the county and to the town clerk of the town affected and file with the recorder a 114.2 certified copy of the order, who. The recorder shall forthwith note the cancellation upon 114.3 the record thereof, and thereupon the land therein described in the contract shall cease to 114.4 be an auxiliary forest and, together with the timber thereon on the land, become liable 114.5 to for all taxes and assessments that otherwise would have been levied against it had it 114.6 never been an auxiliary forest the land from the time of the making of the contract, any 114.7 notwithstanding provisions of the statutes of limitation to the contrary notwithstanding, 114.8 less. The amount of taxes paid under the provisions of section 88.51, subdivision 1, 114.9 together with interest on such taxes and assessments at six percent per annum, but without 114.10 penalties, must be subtracted from the tax owed by the owner. 114.11

(b) The commissioner may in like manner and with like effect cancel the contract 114.12 upon written application of the owner. 114.13

(c) The commissioner shall cancel any the contract if the owner has made successful 114.14 114.15 application successfully applied under sections 290C.01 to 290C.11, the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act, sections 290C.01 to 290C.11, and has paid to the county treasurer the tax 114.16 difference between the amount which that would have been paid had the land under contract 114.17 been subject to the Minnesota Tree Growth Tax Law and the Sustainable Forest Incentive 114.18 Act from the date of the recording of the contract and the amount actually paid under 114.19 section 88.51, subdivisions subdivision 1, and Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, 114.20 subdivision 2. This tax difference must be calculated based on the years the lands would 114.21 have been taxed under the Tree Growth Tax Law and the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act. 114.22 114.23 The sustainable forest tax difference is net of the incentive payment of section 290C.07. 114.24 If the amount which that would have been paid, had if the land under contract had been under the Minnesota Tree Growth Tax Law and the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act from 114.25 the date of the filing of the contract, was filed is less than the amount actually paid under 114.26 the contract, the cancellation shall be made without further payment by the owner. 114.27

When (d) If the execution of any the contract creating an auxiliary forest shall have 114.28 been is procured through fraud or deception practiced upon on the county board or, the 114.29 commissioner, or any other person or body representing the state, it may be canceled 114.30 cancel it upon suit brought by the attorney general at the direction of the commissioner. 114.31 This cancellation shall have has the same effect as the cancellation of a contract by the 114.32

- commissioner. 114.33

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 114.34

Subd. 6. Assessment after cancellation. (a) For the purpose of levying such taxes, 115.1 the county auditor shall, immediately upon receipt of receiving notice of the cancellation 115.2 of any a contract creating an auxiliary forest, direct the local assessor to assess the lands 115.3 within the forest, excluding the value of merchantable timber and minerals and other 115.4 things of value taxed under the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, 115.5 subdivision 2, as of for each of the years during which the lands have been were included 115.6 within the auxiliary forest. The local assessor shall forthwith make the assessment and 115.7 certify the same to the county auditor. The county auditor shall thereupon levy a tax on the 115.8 assessable value of the land as, fixed by section 273.13, for each of the years during which 115.9 the land has been was within an auxiliary forest, at the rate at which other real estate 115.10 within the taxing district was taxed in those years. The tax so assessed and levied against 115.11 any land shall be is a first and prior lien upon the land and upon all timber and forest 115.12 products growing, grown, or cut thereon on the land and removed therefrom from the land. 115.13 These taxes shall must be enforced in the same manner as other taxes on real estate are 115.14 115.15 enforced and, in addition thereto, the lien of the tax on forest products cut or removed from this land shall must be enforced by the seizure and sale of the forest products. 115.16

(b) No person shall, after the mailing by the commissioner, as provided in subdivision 115.17 5, of notice of hearing on the cancellation of a the contract making any lands an auxiliary 115.18 forest, cut or remove from these lands any timber or forest products growing, grown, or 115.19 cut thereon until all taxes levied under this subdivision shall have been are paid, or, in the 115.20 event such if the levy shall is not have been completed, until the owner shall have has given 115.21 a bond payable to the county, with sureties approved by the county auditor, in such the 115.22 115.23 amount as the county auditor shall deem deems ample for the payment of all taxes that may be levied thereon under this subdivision, conditioned for the payment of such the taxes. 115.24 (c) Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of violates this subdivision 115.25 115.26 shall be is guilty of a felony.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 7, is amended to read: Subd. 7. Appeal. (a) The owner may appeal from any cancellation order of the commissioner to the district court of the county wherein where the land is situate, located by serving notice of appeal on the commissioner and filing the same with the court administrator of the district court within 30 days after the date of mailing of notice of such order.

(b) The appeal shall must be tried between the state of Minnesota and the owner by
the court as a suit for the rescission of a contract is tried, and the judgment of the court
shall be is substituted for the cancellation order of the commissioner, and shall be is final.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 116.1 Subd. 8. Proceedings in lieu of cancellation. If cause for the cancellation of any a 116.2 contract shall exist exists, the commissioner may, in lieu of canceling such the contract, 116.3 perform the terms and conditions, other than the payment of that the owner was required 116.4 to perform, except that the commissioner may not pay any taxes, that the owner was 116.5 required, by the contract or by law or by the rules of the commissioner, to be performed by 116.6 the owner, and may for that purpose to have paid by law. The commissioner may use any 116.7 available moneys appropriated for the maintenance of the commissioner's division and 116.8 any other lawful means to perform all other terms and conditions required to maintain the 116.9 auxiliary forest status. The commissioner shall, on December 1 each year, certify to the 116.10 auditor of each county the amount of moneys thus expended on and the value of services 116.11 116.12 thus rendered in respect of any lands therein for land in the county since December 1 of the preceding year. The county auditor shall forthwith assess and levy the amount shown 116.13 by this certificate against the lands described therein. This amount shall bear bears interest 116.14 116.15 at the rate of six percent per annum and shall be is a lien upon the lands described therein, and. The collection thereof of the tax must be enforced in the same manner as taxes 116.16 levied under section 88.52, subdivision 1;, and, if such the tax be is not sooner paid, it 116.17 shall must be added to, and the payment thereof enforced with, the yield tax imposed 116.18 under section 88.52, subdivision 2. 116.19

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 116.20 Subd. 9. Auxiliary forests; withdrawal of land from. (a) Land needed for other 116.21 116.22 purposes may be withdrawn from an auxiliary forest as herein provided. The owner may submit a verified application therefor in a form prescribed by the commissioner of natural 116.23 resources may be made by the owner to the county board of the county in which the land is 116.24 116.25 situated, describing the land and stating the purpose of withdrawal. Like proceedings shall be had upon the application as upon an application for the establishment of an auxiliary 116.26 forest, except that consideration need be given only to the questions to be determined as 116.27 provided in this subdivision. The county board shall consider the application and hear any 116.28 matter offered in support of or in opposition to the application. The county board shall 116.29 make proper record of its action upon the application. If the application is rejected, the 116.30 county board shall prepare a written statement stating the reasons for the rejection within 116.31 30 days of the date of rejection. If the application is rejected, the county auditor shall, 116.32 within 30 days of the rejection, endorse the rejection on the application and return it, 116.33 together with a copy of the written statement prepared by the county board stating the 116.34

reasons for rejection to the applicant. The rejected application and written statement must 117.1 be sent to the owner by certified mail at the address given in the application. 117.2 (b) If the application is disapproved as to only a part of the lands described, the 117.3 117.4 county auditor shall notify the applicant in the same manner as if the application were rejected. The applicant may amend the application within 60 days after the notice is 117.5 mailed. If it is not amended, the application is deemed rejected. 117.6 (c) If the county board shall determine determines that the land proposed to be 117.7 withdrawn is needed and is suitable for the purposes set forth in the application, and 117.8 that the remaining land in the auxiliary forest is suitable and sufficient for the purposes 117.9 thereof of the auxiliary forest as provided by law, the board may, in its discretion, grant 117.10 the application, subject to the approval of the commissioner. Upon such approval a 117.11 supplemental contract evidencing the withdrawal shall be executed, filed, and recorded 117.12 or registered as the case may require, in like manner as an original auxiliary forest 117.13 contract. Thereupon by both the county board and the commissioner, the county auditor 117.14 117.15 shall notify the applicant and the commissioner. Upon notice from the county auditor, the commissioner shall cause to be prepared a supplemental contract executed by the 117.16 commissioner on behalf of the state and by the owner of the fee title or the holder of 117.17 a state deed and by all other persons having any liens on the land and witnessed and 117.18 acknowledged as provided by law for the execution of recordable deeds of conveyance. 117.19 117.20 Notices sent by certified mail to the owner in fee at the address given in the application is deemed notice to all persons executing the supplemental contract. The supplemental 117.21 contract must be prepared by the director of the Division of Forestry on a recordable 117.22 117.23 form approved by an attorney appointed by the commissioner. Every supplemental contract must be approved by the Executive Council. The commissioner shall submit the 117.24 supplemental contract to the owner of the land. If the owner indicates to the commissioner 117.25 an unwillingness to execute the supplemental contract, or if the owner or any of the 117.26 persons with an interest in the land or a lien upon the land fail to execute the contract 117.27 within 60 days from the time of submission of the contract to the owner for execution, all 117.28 proceedings relating back to the withdrawal of the land from an auxiliary forest shall be at 117.29 an end. When the supplemental contract is executed, it must be recorded in the office of 117.30 117.31 the county recorder at the expense of the owner or, if the title to the land is registered, the supplemental contract must be recorded with the registrar of titles. At the time the contract 117.32 is recorded with the county recorder, the owner, at the owner's expense, shall record with 117.33 the county recorder a certificate from the county attorney to the effect that no change in 117.34 record title to the land has occurred, that no liens or other encumbrances have been placed 117.35 on the land, and that no taxes have accrued on the land since the making of the previous 117.36

118.1 certificate. The county attorney must furnish this certificate without further compensation.

- 118.2 Upon execution and recording of the supplemental contract, the land described in the
- supplemental contract shall cease that is to be withdrawn from the auxiliary forest ceases
- 118.4 to be part of the auxiliary forest, and, together with the timber thereon, shall be the owner 118.5 is liable to taxes and assessments of the withdrawn portion together with the timber on the
- 118.5 <u>is liable to taxes and assessments of the withdrawn portion together with the timber on the</u>
- 118.6 <u>withdrawn portion</u> in like manner as upon cancellation of an auxiliary forest contract.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 11, is amended to read: 118.7 Subd. 11. Auxiliary forests; transfer of title; procedure on division. The title to 118.8 the land in an auxiliary forest or any part thereof of an auxiliary forest is subject to transfer 118.9 in the same manner as the title to other real estate, subject to the auxiliary forest contract 118.10 therefor and to applicable provisions of law. In case If the ownership of such a an auxiliary 118.11 forest is divided into two or more parts by any transfer or transfers of title and the owners 118.12 of all such the parts desire to have the same parts made separate auxiliary forests, they the 118.13 118.14 owners may join in a verified application therefor to the county board of the county in which the forest is situated in a form prescribed by the commissioner of natural resources. 118.15 If the county board determines that each of the parts into which the forest has been divided 118.16 is suitable and sufficient for a separate auxiliary forest as provided by law, it may, in 118.17 its discretion, grant the application, subject to the approval of the commissioner. Upon 118.18 such approval, the commissioner shall prepare a new auxiliary forest contract for each 118.19 part transferred, with like provisions and for the remainder of the same term as the prior 118.20 contract in force for the entire forest at the time of the transfer, and shall also prepare a 118.21 118.22 modification of such the prior contract, eliminating therefrom the part or parts of the land transferred but otherwise leaving the remaining land subject to all the provisions of such 118.23 the contract. The new contract or contracts and modification of the prior contract shall 118.24 118.25 must be executed and otherwise dealt with in like manner as provided for an original a supplemental auxiliary forest contract in subdivision 9, but no such instrument shall must 118.26 take effect until all of them, covering together all parts of the forest existing before the 118.27 transfer, have been executed, filed, and recorded or registered, as the case may require. 118.28 Upon the taking effect of When all such the instruments take effect, the owner of the 118.29 forest prior to the transfer shall be is divested of all rights and relieved from all liabilities 118.30 under the contract then in force with respect to the parts transferred except such those as 118.31 may have existed or accrued at the time of the taking effect of such instruments, and 118.32 thereafter the several tracts into which the forest has been divided and the respective 118.33 owners thereof shall be are subject to the new contract or contracts or the modified prior 118.34 contract relating thereto, as the case may be, as provided for an original auxiliary forest 118.35

contract. The provisions of this subdivision shall not supersede or affect the application
of any other provision of law to any auxiliary forest which is divided by transfer of title
unless the procedure herein authorized is fully consummated.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.491, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 119.4 Subd. 2. Effect of expired contract. When auxiliary forest contracts expire, 119.5 or prior to expiration by mutual agreement between the land owner landowner and the 119.6 appropriate county office, the lands previously covered by an auxiliary forest contract 119.7 automatically qualify for inclusion under the provisions of the Sustainable Forest Incentive 119.8 Act; provided that when such lands are included in the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act 119.9 prior to expiration of the auxiliary forest contract, they will be transferred and a tax paid as 119.10 provided in section 88.49, subdivision 5, upon application and inclusion in the sustainable 119.11 forest incentive program. The land owner landowner shall pay taxes in an amount equal to 119.12 the difference between: 119.13

(1) the sum of:

(i) the amount which would have been paid from the date of the recording of the
contract had the land under contract been subject to the Minnesota Tree Growth Tax
Law; plus

(ii) beginning with taxes payable in 2003, the taxes that would have been paid if theland had been enrolled in the sustainable forest incentive program; and

(2) the amount actually paid under section 88.51, subdivisions subdivision 1, and
 Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, subdivision 2.

119.22 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.50, is amended to read:

119.23 **88.50 TAXATION.**

Every auxiliary forest in this state shall must be taxed in the manner and to the extent 119.24 hereinafter provided according to sections 88.49 to 88.53 and not otherwise. Except as 119.25 expressly permitted by sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53, no auxiliary forest shall be taxed 119.26 for, or in any manner, directly or indirectly made to contribute to, or become liable for 119.27 the payment of, any tax or assessment, general or special, or any bond, certificate of 119.28 indebtedness, or other public obligation of any name or kind, made, issued, or created 119.29 subsequent to the filing of the contract creating the auxiliary forest, provided that 119.30 temporary buildings, structures, or other fixtures of whatsoever kind located upon land 119.31 within an auxiliary forest shall be valued and assessed as personal property and classified 119.32 as class 3 under the general system of ad valorem taxation. In any proceeding for the 119.33 making of a special improvement under the laws of this state by which any auxiliary forest 119.34

will be benefited, the owner thereof may subject the lands therein to assessment therefor in the manner provided by law, by filing the owner's <u>written</u> consent in writing to the making of the assessment in the tribunal in which the proceeding is pending, whereupon. The lands shall for the purposes of the improvement and assessment <u>not</u> be treated as lands not in an auxiliary forest; but the lien of any assessment so levied on lands in any auxiliary forest shall <u>be is</u> subject to the provisions of the contract creating the auxiliary forest and subordinate to the lien of any tax imposed under the provisions of sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 120.8 Subdivision 1. Annual tax, ten cents per acre. (a) From and after the filing of the 120.9 contract creating any tract of land an auxiliary forest under sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53 120.10 and hereafter upon any tract heretofore created as an auxiliary forest, the surface of the 120.11 land therein, exclusive of mineral or anything of value thereunder, shall must be taxed 120.12 annually at the rate of 10 cents per acre. This tax shall must be levied and collected, and 120.13 120.14 the payment thereof of the tax, with penalties and interest, enforced in the same manner as other taxes on real estate, and shall must be credited to the funds of the taxing districts 120.15 affected in the proportion of their interest in the taxes on this land if it had not been so 120.16 made an auxiliary forest; provided, that such tax shall be is due in full on or before May 120.17 31, after the levy thereof. Failure to pay when due any tax so levied shall be is cause 120.18 for cancellation of the contract. 120.19

(b) The levy upon the land of the taxes provided for by section 88.49, subdivision 5,
upon the cancellation of a contract, shall discharge and annul discharges and annuls all
unpaid taxes levied or assessed thereon on the land.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. **Determination of estimated market value.** In determining the net tax capacity of property within any taxing district, the value of the surface of lands within any auxiliary forest therein in the taxing district, as determined by the county board under the provisions of section 88.48, subdivision 3, shall, for all purposes except the levying of taxes on lands within any such forest, be deemed the estimated market value thereof of those surface lands.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Examination, report. When any timber growing or standing in any
auxiliary forest shall have become is suitable for merchantable forest products, the
commissioner shall, at the written request of the owner, a copy of which shall at the time be

filed in the office of the county auditor, make an examination of the timber and designate 121.1 for the owner the kind and number of trees most suitable to be cut if in the judgment of 121.2 the commissioner there be any, and. The cutting and removal of these designated trees so 121.3 designated shall must be in accordance with the instructions of the commissioner. The 121.4 commissioner shall inspect the cutting or removal and determine whether it or the manner 121.5 of its performance constitute a violation of the terms of the contract creating the auxiliary 121.6 forest or of the laws applicable thereto laws, or of the instructions of the commissioner 121.7 relative to the cutting and removal. Any such violation shall be is ground for cancellation 121.8 of the contract by the commissioner; otherwise the contract shall continue continues in 121.9 force for the remainder of the period therein stated in the contract, regardless of the cutting 121.10 and removal. Within 90 days after the completion of any cutting or removal operation, 121.11 the commissioner shall make a report of findings thereon and transmit copies of such the 121.12

121.13 report to the county auditor and the surveyor general.

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Kinds, permit, scale report, assessment and payment of tax. (a) Upon
the filing of the <u>owner's written request of the owner as provided in subdivision 2</u>, the
director of lands and forestry, with the county board or the county land commissioner,
shall determine within 30 days the kinds, quantities, and value on the stump of the timber
proposed to be cut.

Before the cutting is to begin, the director of lands and forestry shall file with the 121.20 county auditor a report showing the kinds, quantities, and value of the timber proposed to 121.21 121.22 be cut or removed and approved by the director of lands and forestry for cutting within two years after the date of approval of the report by the director of lands and forestry. The 121.23 county auditor shall assess and levy the estimated yield tax thereon, make proper record 121.24 121.25 of this assessment and levy in the auditor's office, and notify the owner of the auxiliary forest of the tax amount thereof. The owner shall, before any timber in the forest is cut or 121.26 removed, give a bond payable to the state of Minnesota, or in lieu thereof, a deposit in 121.27 cash with the county treasurer, in the amount required by the report, which shall be and not 121.28 less than 150 percent of the amount of the levy, conditioned for the payment of all taxes on 121.29 the timber to be cut or removed. Upon receipt of notification from the county auditor that 121.30 the bond or cash requirement has been deposited, the director of lands and forestry will 121.31 issue a cutting permit in accordance with the report. The owner shall keep an accurate 121.32 count or scale of all timber cut. On or before the fifteenth day of April 15 following 121.33 issuance of such the cutting permit, and on or before the fifteenth day of April 15 of each 121.34 succeeding year in which any merchantable wood products were cut on auxiliary forest 121.35

lands prior to the termination of such the permit, the owner of the timber covered by the 122.1 permit shall file with the director of lands and forestry a sworn statement, submitted in 122.2 duplicate, on a form prepared by the director of lands and forestry, one copy of which 122.3 shall must be transmitted to the county auditor, specifying the quantity and value of each 122.4 variety of timber and kind of product cut during the preceding year ending on March 31, 122.5 as shown by the scale or measurement thereof made on the ground as cut, skidded, or 122.6 loaded as the case may be. If no such scale or measurement shall have been was made on 122.7 the ground, an estimate thereof shall must be made and such estimate corrected by the first 122.8 scale or measurement, made in the due course of business, and such. The correction must 122.9 at once be filed with the director of lands and forestry who shall immediately transmit it to 122.10 the county auditor. On or before the fifteenth day of May 15 following the filing of the 122.11 sworn statement covering the quantity and value of timber cut under an authorized permit, 122.12 the auditor shall assess and levy a yield (severance) tax, according to Minnesota Statutes 122.13 2014, section 88.51, subdivision 2, of the timber cut during the year ending on the March 122.14 122.15 31st 31 preceding the date of assessing and levying this tax. This tax is payable and must be paid to the county treasurer on or before the following May 31 next following. Copies 122.16 of the yield (severance) tax assessment and of the yield (severance) tax payment shall must 122.17 be filed with the director of lands and forestry and the county auditor. Except as otherwise 122.18 provided, all yield (severance) taxes herein provided for shall must be levied and collected, 122.19 and payment thereof, with penalties and interest, enforced in the same manner as taxes 122.20 imposed under the provisions of section 88.51, subdivision 1, and shall must be credited to 122.21 the funds of the taxing districts affected in the proportion of their interests in the taxes on 122.22 122.23 the land producing the yield (severance) tax. At any time On deeming it necessary, the director of lands and forestry may order an inspection of any or all cutting areas within 122.24 an auxiliary forest and also may require the owner of the auxiliary forest to produce for 122.25 inspection by the director of lands and forestry of any or all cutting records pertaining to 122.26 timber cutting operations within an auxiliary forest for the purpose of determining the 122.27 accuracy of scale or measurement reports, and if intentional error in scale or measurement 122.28 reports is found to exist, shall levy and assess a tax triple the yield (severance) tax on the 122.29 stumpage value of the timber cut in excess of the quantity and value reported. 122.30

(b) The following alternative method of assessing and paying annually the yield tax
on an auxiliary forest is to be available to an auxiliary forest owner upon application and
upon approval of the county board of the county within which the auxiliary forest is located.
For auxiliary forests entered under this subdivision paragraph, the county auditor
shall assess and levy the yield tax by multiplying the acreage of each legal description
included within the auxiliary forest by the acre quantity of the annual growth by species,

calculated in cords, or in thousands of feet board measure Minnesota standard log scale 123.1 rule, whichever is more reasonably usable, for the major species found in each type by 123.2 the from year-to-year appraised stumpage prices for each of these species, used by the 123.3 Division of Lands and Forestry, Department of Natural Resources, in selling trust fund 123.4 timber located within the district in which the auxiliary forest is located. The assessed 123.5 value of the annual growth of the auxiliary forest, thus determined, shall be is subject to 123.6 a ten percent of stumpage value yield tax, payable annually on or before May 31. In all 123.7 other respects the assessment, levying and collection of the yield tax, as provided for in 123.8 this subdivision shall must follow the procedures specified in elause paragraph (a). 123.9

Forest owners operating under this subdivision shall be paragraph are subject to all other provisions of the auxiliary forest law except such the provisions of elause paragraph (a) as that are in conflict with this subdivision paragraph. Penalties for intentional failure by the owner to report properly the quantity and value of the annual growth upon an auxiliary forest entered under this subdivision paragraph and for failure to pay the yield tax when due shall be are the same as the penalties specified in other subdivisions of this law for like failure to abide by its provisions.

To qualify for the assessment and levying of the yield tax by this method, the 123.17 owner of the forest requesting this method of taxation must submit a map or maps 123.18 and a tabulation in acres and in quantity of growth by legal descriptions showing the 123.19 division of the area covered by the auxiliary forest for which this method of taxation is 123.20 requested into the following forest types, namely: white and Norway red pine; jack pine; 123.21 aspen-birch; spruce-balsam fir; swamp black spruce; tamarack; cedar; upland hardwoods; 123.22 123.23 lowland hardwoods; upland brush and grass (temporarily nonproductive); lowland brush (temporarily nonproductive); and permanently nonproductive (open bogs, stagnant 123.24 swamps, rock outcrops, flowage, etc.). Definition of these types and determination of the 123.25 average rate or rates of growth (in cords or thousand feet, board measure, Minnesota 123.26 standard log scale rule, which ever whichever is more logically applicable for each of 123.27 them) shall must be made by the director of the Division of Lands and Forestry, Minnesota 123.28 Department of Natural Resources, with the advice and assistance of the land commissioner 123.29 of the county in which the auxiliary forest is located; the director of the United States 123.30 Forest Service's North Central Forest Experiment Station; and the director of the School of 123.31 Forestry, University of Minnesota. Before the approval of the application of the owner of 123.32 an auxiliary forest to have the auxiliary or proposed auxiliary forest taxed under provisions 123.33 of this subdivision paragraph is submitted to the county board, the distribution between 123.34 types of the area as shown on the maps and in the tabulations submitted by the owner of the 123.35 auxiliary or proposed auxiliary forest shall must be examined and their accuracy determined 123.36

124.1

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with the assistance of the county board of the county in which the auxiliary forest is located.
During the life of the auxiliary forest₂ contract timber cutting operations within the
various types shown upon the type map accepted as a part of the approved auxiliary forest
application shall do not bring about a reclassification of the forest types shown upon that
map or those maps until after the passage of ten years following the termination of said the
timber cutting operations and then only upon proof of a change in type.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 124.8 Subd. 4. Hearing, procedure. The owner of any land or timber upon which a yield 124.9 tax is assessed and levied as provided in this section may, within 15 days after mailing 124.10 of notice of the amount of the tax, file with the county auditor a demand for hearing 124.11 thereon on the tax before the county board. The county auditor shall thereupon fix a date 124.12 of hearing, which shall must be held within 30 days after the filing of the demand, and 124.13 124.14 mail to the owner notice of the time and place of the hearing. The owner may appear at the meeting and present evidence and argument as to the amount of the tax and as to any 124.15 related matter relating thereto. The county board shall thereupon determine whether the 124.16 124.17 tax as levied is proper in amount and make its order thereon. The county auditor shall forthwith mail to the owner a notice of the order. If the amount of the tax is increased or 124.18 reduced by the order, the county auditor shall make a supplemental assessment and levy 124.19 thereof, as in this subdivision provided. 124.20

124.21 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 5, is amended to read: Subd. 5. Yield tax, a prior lien. Throughout the life of any such auxiliary forest, 124.22 the yield tax accruing thereon shall constitute and be yield tax constitutes and is a first and 124.23 prior lien upon all the merchantable timber and forest products growing or grown thereon; 124.24 and, if not paid when due, this yield tax, together with penalties and interest thereon as 124.25 otherwise provided by law and all expenses of collecting same, shall continue continues to 124.26 be a lien upon the timber and forest products and every part and parcel thereof wherever 124.27 the same may be or however much changed in form or otherwise improved until the yield 124.28 tax is fully paid. Such The lien may be foreclosed and the property subject thereto to 124.29 the lien dealt with by action in the name of the state, brought by the county attorney at 124.30 the request of the county auditor. 124.31

124.32

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Timber held exempt from yield tax. Timber cut from an auxiliary forest 125.1 by an owner and used by the owner for fuel, fencing, or building on land occupied by the 125.2 owner which is within or contiguous to the auxiliary forest where cut shall be is exempt 125.3 from the yield tax, and, as to timber so cut and used, the requirements of subdivisions 125.4 1 and 2 shall do not be applicable and in lieu thereof apply. The owner shall, prior to 125.5 cutting, file with the county auditor, on a form prepared by the commissioner, a statement 125.6 showing the quantity of each kind of forest products proposed to be cut and the purposes 125.7 for which the same the products will be used. 125.8

125.9 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.523, is amended to read:

125.10 88.523 AUXILIARY FOREST CONTRACTS; SUPPLEMENTAL

125.11 AGREEMENTS.

Upon application of the owner, any auxiliary forest contract heretofore or hereafter 125.12 executed may be made subject to any provisions of law enacted subsequent to the execution 125.13 of the contract and in force at the time of application, so far as not already applicable, with 125.14 125.15 the approval of the county board and the commissioner of natural resources. As evidence thereof A supplemental agreement in a form prescribed by the commissioner and approved 125.16 by the attorney general shall must be executed by the commissioner in behalf of the state 125.17 125.18 and by the owner. Such The supplemental agreement shall must be filed and recorded in like manner as the original supplemental contract under section 88.49, subdivision 9, and 125.19 shall thereupon take takes effect upon filing and recording. 125.20

Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.53, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Time for disposal. Any corporation, association, or organization
may acquire and hold any amount of land without restriction and without limit as to
acreage or quantity for the purpose of including same within and holding same as an
auxiliary forest under the provisions of sections 88.47 to 88.53. When the same shall
ecase land ceases to be an auxiliary forest, the owners shall have five years within which
to dispose of the land, any provisions of general law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.53, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Rules. The director shall make rules and adopt and prescribe such forms
and procedure as shall be is necessary in carrying out the provisions of sections 88.47
<u>88.49</u> to 88.53; and the director and every county board, county recorder, registrar of titles,
assessor, tax collector, and every other person in official authority having any duties to
perform under or growing out of sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53 are hereby severally vested

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with full power and authority to enforce such rules, employ help and assistance, acquire
and use equipment and supplies, or do any other act or thing reasonably necessary to the
proper performance of duties under or arising from the administration and enforcement of
sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53. It shall be the duty of The director to must cause periodic
inspections to be made of all auxiliary forests for the purpose of determining whether
relative contract and statutory provisions relative thereto are being complied with.

Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.6435, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Forest bough account; disposition of fees. (a) The forest bough account
is established in the state treasury within the natural resources fund.

(b) Fees for permits issued under this section shall must be deposited in the state
treasury and credited to the forest bough account and, except for the electronic licensing
system commission established by the commissioner under section 84.027, subdivision
15, are annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for costs associated
with balsam bough educational special forest product information and education programs
for harvesters and buyers.

126.16 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 90.14, is amended to read:

126.17

90.14 AUCTION SALE PROCEDURE.

(a) All state timber shall be offered and sold by the same unit of measurement as it
was appraised. No tract shall be sold to any person other than the purchaser in whose name
the bid was made. The commissioner may refuse to approve any and all bids received and
cancel a sale of state timber for good and sufficient reasons.

(b) The purchaser at any sale of timber shall, immediately upon the approval of the
bid, or, if unsold at public auction, at the time of purchase at a subsequent sale under section
90.101, subdivision 1, pay to the commissioner a down payment of 15 percent of the
appraised value. In case any purchaser fails to make such payment, the purchaser shall be
liable therefor to the state in a civil action, and the commissioner may reoffer the timber for
sale as though no bid or sale under section 90.101, subdivision 1, therefor had been made.
(c) In lieu of the scaling of state timber required by this chapter, a purchaser of state

timber may, at the time of payment by the purchaser to the commissioner of 15 percent
of the appraised value, elect in writing on a form prescribed by the attorney general to
purchase a permit based solely on the appraiser's estimate of the volume of timber described
in the permit, provided that the commissioner has expressly designated the availability of
such option for that tract on the list of tracts available for sale as required under section
90.101. A purchaser who elects in writing on a form prescribed by the attorney general

to purchase a permit based solely on the appraiser's estimate of the volume of timberdescribed on the permit does not have recourse to the provisions of section 90.281.

(d) In the case of a public auction sale conducted by a sealed bid process, tracts shall
be awarded to the high bidder, who shall pay to the commissioner a down payment of 15
percent of the appraised value that must be received or postmarked within 14 days of
the date of the sealed bid opening. If a purchaser fails to make the down payment, the
purchaser is liable for the down payment to the state and the commissioner may offer the
timber for sale to the next highest bidder as though no higher bid had been made.

(e) Except as otherwise provided by law, at the time the purchaser signs a permit 127.9 issued under section 90.151, the commissioner shall require the purchaser to make a bid 127.10 guarantee payment to the commissioner in an amount equal to 15 percent of the total 127.11 purchase price of the permit less the down payment amount required by paragraph (b) 127.12 for any bid increase in excess of \$5,000 \$10,000 of the appraised value. If a required bid 127.13 guarantee payment is not submitted with the signed permit, no harvesting may occur, the 127.14 127.15 permit cancels, and the down payment for timber forfeits to the state. The bid guarantee payment forfeits to the state if the purchaser and successors in interest fail to execute 127.16 an effective permit. 127.17

127.18 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2015, and applies to permits
127.19 sold on or after that date.

127.20 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 90.193, is amended to read:

127.21 **90.193 EXTENSION OF TIMBER PERMITS.**

The commissioner may, in the case of an exceptional circumstance beyond the control of the timber permit holder which makes it unreasonable, impractical, and not feasible to complete cutting and removal under the permit within the time allowed, grant one regular extension for one year. A written request for the regular extension must be received by the commissioner before the permit expires. The request must state the reason the extension is necessary and be signed by the permit holder. An interest rate of eight five percent may be charged for the period of extension.

127.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

127.30 Sec. 63. [92.83] CONDEMNATION OF SCHOOL TRUST LAND.

Subdivision 1. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to extinguish the school trust
 interest in school trust lands where long-term economic return is prohibited by designation
 or policy while producing economic benefits for Minnesota's public schools. For the

128.1	purposes of satisfying the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 8, which limits the
128.2	sale of school trust lands to a public sale, the commissioner of natural resources shall
128.3	acquire school trust lands through condemnation, as provided in subdivision 2.
128.4	Subd. 2. Commencement of condemnation proceedings. When the commissioner
128.5	of natural resources has determined sufficient money is available to acquire any of the
128.6	lands identified under section 84.027, subdivision 18, paragraph (c), the commissioner
128.7	shall proceed to extinguish the school trust interest by condemnation action. When
128.8	requested by the commissioner, the attorney general shall commence condemnation of
128.9	the identified school trust lands.
128.10	Subd. 3. Payment. The portion of the payment of the award and judgment that
128.11	is for the value of the land shall be deposited into the permanent school fund. The
128.12	remainder of the award and judgment payment shall first be remitted for reimbursement
128.13	to the accounts from which expenses were paid, with any remainder deposited into the
128.14	permanent school fund.
128.15	Subd. 4. Account. The school trust lands account is created in the state treasury.
128.16	Money credited to the account is appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources
128.17	for the purposes of this section.

Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 94.10, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 128.18 Subd. 2. Public sale requirements. (a) After complying with subdivision 1 and 128.19 before any public sale of surplus state-owned land is made and at least 30 days before 128.20 the sale, the commissioner of natural resources shall publish a notice of the sale in a 128.21 128.22 newspaper of general distribution in the county in which the real property to be sold is situated. The notice shall specify the time and place at which the sale will commence, a 128.23 general description of the lots or tracts to be offered, and a general statement of the terms 128.24 128.25 of sale. The commissioner shall also provide electronic notice of sale.

(b) The minimum bid for a parcel of land must include the estimated value or
appraised value of the land and any improvements and, if any of the land is valuable for
merchantable timber, the value of the merchantable timber. The minimum bid may include
expenses incurred by the commissioner in rendering the property salable, including
survey, appraisal, legal, advertising, and other expenses.

(c) Except as provided under paragraph (d), parcels remaining unsold after the
offering may be sold to anyone agreeing to pay <u>at least 75 percent of the appraised</u>
value. The sale shall continue until all parcels are sold or until the commissioner orders a
reappraisal or withdraws the remaining parcels from sale.

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(d) The commissioner may retain the services of a licensed real estate broker to find
a buyer for parcels remaining unsold after the offering. The sale price may be negotiated
by the broker, but must not be less than 90 percent of the appraised value as determined by
the commissioner. The broker's fee must be established by prior agreement between the
commissioner and the broker and must not exceed ten percent of the sale price for sales of
\$10,000 or more. The broker's fee must be paid to the broker from the proceeds of the sale.

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 94.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. **Payment of expenses.** A portion of the proceeds from the sale equal in amount to the survey, appraisal, legal, advertising, <u>real estate broker fee</u>, and other expenses incurred by the commissioner of natural resources in rendering the property salable <u>and sold</u> shall be remitted to the account from which the expenses were paid, and are appropriated and immediately available for expenditure in the same manner as other money in the account.

Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 94.16, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Proceeds from natural resources land. (a) Except as provided in
paragraph_paragraphs (b) and (c), the remainder of the proceeds from the sale of lands
classified as a unit of the outdoor recreation system under section 86A.05 that were under
the control and supervision of the commissioner of natural resources shall be credited to
the land acquisition account in the natural resources fund.

(b) The remainder of the proceeds from the sale of administrative sites under the
control and supervision of the commissioner of natural resources shall be credited to the
facilities management account established under section 84.0857 and used to acquire
facilities or renovate existing buildings for administrative use or to acquire land for,
design, and construct administrative buildings for the Department of Natural Resources.
(c) The remainder of the proceeds from the sale of land not within a unit of the
outdoor recreation system under section 86A.05 and not an administrative site, but under

the control and supervision of the commissioner of natural resources, shall be credited to
the school trust lands account established under section 92.83.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.055, subdivision 4b, is amended to read:
Subd. 4b. Citizen oversight committees. (a) The commissioner shall appoint
committees of affected persons to review the reports prepared under subdivision 4; review
the proposed work plans and budgets for the coming year; propose changes in policies,
activities, and revenue enhancements or reductions; review other relevant information;

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and make recommendations to the legislature and the commissioner for improvements inthe management and use of money in the game and fish fund.

(b) The commissioner shall appoint the following committees, each comprisedof at least ten affected persons:

(1) a Fisheries Oversight Committee to review fisheries funding and expenditures,
including activities related to trout and salmon stamps and walleye stamps; and

(2) a Wildlife Oversight Committee to review wildlife funding and expenditures,
including activities related to migratory waterfowl, pheasant, and wild turkey management
and deer and big game management.

(c) The chairs of the Fisheries Oversight Committee and the Wildlife Oversight
Committee, and four additional members from each committee, shall form a Budgetary
Oversight Committee to coordinate the integration of the fisheries and wildlife oversight
committee reports into an annual report to the legislature; recommend changes on a broad
level in policies, activities, and revenue enhancements or reductions; and provide a forum
to address issues that transcend the fisheries and wildlife oversight committees.

(d) The Budgetary Oversight Committee shall develop recommendations for a
biennial budget plan and report for expenditures on game and fish activities. By August 15
of each even-numbered year, the committee shall submit the budget plan recommendations
to the commissioner and to the senate and house of representatives committees with
jurisdiction over natural resources finance.

(e) The chairs of the Fisheries Oversight Committee and the Wildlife Oversight
Committee shall be chosen by their respective committees. The chair of the Budgetary
Oversight Committee shall be appointed by the commissioner and may not be the chair of
either of the other oversight committees.

(f) The Budgetary Oversight Committee may make recommendations to the
commissioner and to the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction
over natural resources finance for outcome goals from expenditures.

(g) The committees authorized under this subdivision are not advisory councils or
committees governed by section 15.059 and are not subject to section 15.059. Committee
members appointed by the commissioner may request reimbursement for mileage
expenses in the same manner and amount as authorized by the commissioner's plan
adopted under section 43A.18, subdivision 2. Committee members must not receive daily
compensation for oversight activities. The Fisheries Oversight Committee, the Wildlife
Oversight Committee, and the Budgetary Oversight Committee expire June 30, 2015 2020.

130.35 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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131.1	Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.668, is amended to read:
131.2	97B.668 CANADA GEESE GAME BIRDS CAUSING DAMAGE.
131.3	Notwithstanding sections 97B.091 and 97B.805, subdivisions 1 and 2, a person or
131.4	agent of that person on lands and nonpublic waters owned or operated by the person
131.5	may nonlethally scare, haze, chase, or harass Canada geese game birds that are causing
131.6	property damage from March 11 to August 31 or to protect a disease risk at any time or
131.7	place that a hunting season for the game birds is not open. This section does not apply to
131.8	public waters as defined under section 103G.005, subdivision 15, or. This section does not
131.9	apply to migratory waterfowl on nests and other federally protected game birds on nests,
131.10	except ducks and geese on nests unless when a permit is obtained under section 97A.401.
131.11	Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97C.301, is amended by adding a
131.12	subdivision to read:
131.13	Subd. 2a. Aquatic invasive species affirmation. (a) A nonresident license to
131.14	take fish issued under section 97A.475, subdivision 7, includes aquatic invasive species
131.15	affirmation as provided in section 84D.106.
131.16	(b) The aquatic invasive species affirmation portion of the license must be displayed
131.17	with the signed nonresident license to take fish issued under section 97A.475, subdivision
131.18	7. The aquatic invasive species affirmation will be provided at the time of purchase of a
131.19	new or duplicate nonresident license.
131.20	(c) If a license is purchased online, the aquatic invasive species affirmation may be
131.21	completed electronically as part of the online sales process, and the electronic record of
131.22	the license sale is sufficient for documenting the affirmation.
131.23	(d) Failure to complete the aquatic invasive species affirmation in this subdivision is
131.24	subject to the penalty prescribed in section 84D.13, subdivision 5.
131.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective March 1, 2016.
131.26	Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103B.101, is amended by adding a
131.27	subdivision to read:
131.28	Subd. 12a. Authority to issue penalty orders. (a) A county or watershed district
131.29	with jurisdiction or the Board of Water and Soil Resources may issue an order requiring
131.30	violations of the water resources riparian protection requirements under sections 103F.48,
131.31	103F.415, and 103F.421, to be corrected and administratively assessing monetary
131.32	penalties up to \$500 for noncompliance commencing on day one of the 11th month
131.33	after the noncompliance notice was issued. One-half of the proceeds collected from an

administrative penalty order issued under this section must be remitted to the county or

132.2 watershed district with jurisdiction over the noncompliant site.

(b) Administrative penalties may be reissued and appealed under paragraph (a)
according to section 103F.48, subdivision 9.

- 132.5 Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103B.101, is amended by adding a132.6 subdivision to read:
- 132.7 Subd. 16. Wetland stakeholder coordination. The board shall work with

132.8 wetland stakeholders to foster mutual understanding and provide recommendations for

132.9 improvements to the management of wetlands and related land and water resources,

132.10 including recommendations for updating the Wetland Conservation Act, developing

132.11 <u>an in-lieu fee program as defined in section 103G.005</u>, subdivision 10g, and related

132.12 provisions. The board may convene informal working groups or work teams to provide

132.13 information and education and to develop recommendations.

132.14 Sec. 72. [103B.103] EASEMENT STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNTS.

Subdivision 1. Accounts established; sources. (a) The water and soil conservation
easement stewardship account and the mitigation easement stewardship account are
created in the special revenue fund. The accounts consist of money credited to the

accounts and interest and other earnings on money in the accounts. The State Board of
Investment must manage the accounts to maximize long-term gain.

(b) Revenue from contributions and money appropriated for any purposes of the
 account as described in subdivision 2 must be deposited in the water and soil conservation

132.22 easement stewardship account. Revenue from contributions, wetland banking fees

132.23 designated for stewardship purposes by the board, easement stewardship payments

132.24 <u>authorized under subdivision 3, and money appropriated for any purposes of the account</u>

132.25 <u>as described in subdivision 2 must be deposited in the mitigation easement stewardship</u>

132.26 <u>account.</u>

132.27Subd. 2. Appropriation; purposes of accounts. Five percent of the balance on132.28July 1 each year in the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account and132.29five percent of the balance on July 1 each year in the mitigation easement stewardship

- account are annually appropriated to the board and may be spent only to cover the costs
- 132.31 of managing easements held by the board, including costs associated with monitoring,
- 132.32 landowner contacts, records storage and management, processing landowner notices,
- 132.33 requests for approval or amendments, enforcement, and legal services associated with
- 132.34 easement management activities.

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133.1	Subd. 3. Financial contributions. The board shall seek a financial contribution
133.2	to the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account for each conservation
133.3	easement acquired by the board. The board shall seek a financial contribution or assess an
133.4	easement stewardship payment to the mitigation easement stewardship account for each
133.5	wetland banking easement acquired by the board. Unless otherwise provided by law,
133.6	the board shall determine the amount of the contribution or payment, which must be an
133.7	amount calculated to earn sufficient money to meet the costs of managing the easement at
133.8	a level that neither significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers the costs. In determining
133.9	the amount of the financial contribution, the board shall consider:
133.10	(1) the estimated annual staff hours needed to manage the conservation easement,
133.11	taking into consideration factors such as easement type, size, location, and complexity;
133.12	(2) the average hourly wages for the class or classes of state and local employees
133.13	expected to manage the easement;
133.14	(3) the estimated annual travel expenses to manage the easement;
133.15	(4) the estimated annual miscellaneous costs to manage the easement, including
133.16	supplies and equipment, information technology support, and aerial flyovers;
133.17	(5) the estimated annualized costs of legal services, including the cost to enforce the
133.18	easement in the event of a violation; and
133.19	(6) the expected rate of return on investments in the account.
133.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of this section are effective the day
133.21	following final enactment. Subdivision 3 of this section is effective for conservation
133.22	easements acquired with money appropriated on or after July 1, 2015, and for acquisitions
133.23	of conservation easements by gift or as a condition of approval for wetland mitigation as
133.24	provided in Minnesota Rules, chapter 8420, that are initiated on or after July 1, 2015.
133.25	Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103B.3355, is amended to read:
133.26	103B.3355 WETLAND FUNCTIONS FOR DETERMINING PUBLIC
133.27	VALUES.
133.28	(a) The public values of wetlands must be determined based upon the functions of
133.29	wetlands for:
133.30	(1) water quality, including filtering of pollutants to surface and groundwater,
133.31	utilization of nutrients that would otherwise pollute public waters, trapping of sediments,
133.32	shoreline protection, and utilization of the wetland as a recharge area for groundwater;

(2) floodwater and storm water retention, including the potential for flooding inthe watershed, the value of property subject to flooding, and the reduction in potential

134.3 flooding by the wetland;

(3) public recreation and education, including hunting and fishing areas, wildlifeviewing areas, and nature areas;

(4) commercial uses, including wild rice and cranberry growing and harvestingand aquaculture;

134.8 (5) fish, wildlife, native plant habitats;

134.9 (6) low-flow augmentation;

134.10 (7) carbon sequestration; and

134.11 (8) other public uses.

(b) The Board of Water and Soil Resources, in consultation with the commissioners ofnatural resources and agriculture and local government units, shall adopt rules establishing:

134.14 (1) scientific methodologies for determining the functions of wetlands; and

134.15 (2) criteria for determining the resulting public values of wetlands.

(c) The methodologies and criteria established under this section or other
methodologies and criteria that include the functions in paragraph (a) and are approved
by the board, in consultation with the commissioners of natural resources and agriculture
and local government units, must be used to determine the functions and resulting public
values of wetlands in the state. The functions listed in paragraph (a) are not listed in
order of priority.

(d) Public value criteria established or approved by the board under this section do
not apply in areas subject to local comprehensive wetland protection and management
plans established under section 103G.2243.

(e) The Board of Water and Soil Resources, in consultation with the commissioners 134.25 of natural resources and agriculture and local government units, may must identify regions 134.26 areas of the state where preservation, enhancement, restoration, and establishment 134.27 of wetlands would have high public value. The board, in consultation with the 134.28 commissioners, may must identify high priority wetland regions areas for wetland 134.29 replacement using available information relating to the factors listed in paragraph 134.30 (a), the historic loss and abundance of wetlands, current applicable state and local 134.31 government water management and natural resource plans, and studies using a watershed 134.32 approach to identify current and future watershed needs. The board shall notify local 134.33 units of government with water planning authority of these high priority regions areas. 134.34 Designation of high priority areas is exempt from the rulemaking requirements of chapter 134.35

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- 135.1 <u>14, and section 14.386 does not apply. Designation of high priority areas is not effective</u>
 135.2 <u>until 30 days after publication in the State Register</u>.
- (f) Local units of government, as part of a state-approved comprehensive local
- 135.4 water management plan as defined in section 103B.3363, subdivision 3, a state-approved
- 135.5 comprehensive watershed management plan as defined in section 103B.3363, subdivision
- 135.6 3a, or a state-approved local comprehensive wetland protection and management plan
- 135.7 under section 103G.2243, may identify priority areas for wetland replacement and provide
- 135.8 them for consideration under paragraph (e).

135.9 Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103D.335, subdivision 21, is amended to 135.10 read:

Subd. 21. Contracts. The managers may make contracts or other arrangements with 135.11 the federal government, persons, railroads or other corporations, political subdivisions, 135.12 and the state or other states, with drainage authorities, flood control, soil conservation, 135.13 135.14 or other improvement districts in this state or other states, for cooperation or assistance in constructing, maintaining, and operating the projects of the watershed district, or for 135.15 the control of its waters, or for making surveys and investigations or reports on them. 135.16 Property acquired for flood damage reduction purposes by the watershed district may be 135.17 operated or leased by the district for agricultural purposes during periods the property is 135.18 135.19 not needed for flood control, provided it remains subject to use by the watershed district as necessary for flood control purposes. Notwithstanding section 16A.695, revenue 135.20 received by the watershed district from the operation or lease of state bond financed 135.21 property acquired for flood control purposes shall be retained by the district in a separate 135.22 project-specific account and used solely for flood control operation, maintenance, and 135.23 replacement purposes within the related project area and, if the district determines that the 135.24 account contains adequate reserves for future operation, maintenance, and replacement, 135.25 any excess may be used for the construction, operation, maintenance, or replacement of 135.26 other flood control projects as approved by the commissioner. 135.27

Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103F.421, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Application for cost-sharing funds. The landowner has 90 days after a
mediated settlement is filed complaint is substantiated to apply for state cost-sharing funds
that will provide 75 percent of the cost of the permanent conservation practices. Only 50
Fifty percent of the cost share will be provided if the application is not made within 90
days after the settlement is filed, unless the soil and water conservation district or the
board provides an extension. An extension must be granted if funds are not available. The

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- 136.1 landowner must apply for 50 percent of the cost share within 270 days after the mediated
 136.2 settlement is filed.
- 136.3 Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103F.421, is amended by adding a
- 136.4 subdivision to read:

136.5 <u>Subd. 6.</u> <u>Application of state and federal law.</u> Nothing in this section is intended
136.6 to preclude the application of other applicable state or federal law.

136.7 Sec. 77. [103F.48] RIPARIAN PROTECTION AND WATER QUALITY

136.8 **PRACTICES.**

- 136.9 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms
 136.10 have the meanings given them.
- 136.11 (b) "Board" means the Board of Water and Soil Resources.
- 136.12 (c) "Buffer" means an area consisting of perennial vegetation, excluding invasive
- 136.13 plants and noxious weeds, adjacent to all bodies of water within the state and that protects
- 136.14 the water resources of the state from runoff pollution; stabilizes soils, shores, and banks;
- 136.15 and protects or provides riparian corridors.
- 136.16 (d) "Buffer protection map" means buffer maps established and maintained by the
- 136.17 <u>commissioner of natural resources.</u>
- 136.18 (e) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of natural resources.
- 136.19 (f) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Board of Water and
- 136.20 Soil Resources.
- 136.21 (g) "Local water management authority" means a watershed district, metropolitan
- 136.22 water management organization, or county operating separately or jointly in its role as
- 136.23 local water management authority under chapter 103B or 103D.
- (h) "Normal water level" means the level evidenced by the long-term presence of
- 136.25 surface water as indicated directly by hydrophytic plants or hydric soils or indirectly
- 136.26 determined via hydrological models or analysis.
- (i) "Public waters" has the meaning given in section 103G.005, subdivision 15.
- 136.28Subd. 2.Purpose.It is the policy of the state to establish riparian buffers and
- 136.29 water quality practices to:
- 136.30 (1) protect state water resources from erosion and runoff pollution;
- 136.31 (2) stabilize soils, shores, and banks; and
- 136.32 (3) protect or provide riparian corridors.
- 136.33 Subd. 3. Water resources riparian protection requirements on public waters
- 136.34 **and public drainage systems.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), landowners

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137.1	owning property adjacent to a water body identified and mapped on a buffer protection
137.2	map must maintain a buffer to protect the state's water resources as follows:
137.3	(1) for all public waters, the more restrictive of:
137.4	(i) a 50-foot average width, 30-foot minimum width, continuous buffer of
137.5	perennially rooted vegetation; or
137.6	(ii) the state shoreland standards and criteria adopted by the commissioner under
137.7	section 103F.211; and
137.8	(2) for public drainage systems established under chapter 103E, a 16.5-foot
137.9	minimum width continuous buffer of perennially rooted vegetation on ditches within the
137.10	benefited area of public drainage systems.
137.11	(b) A landowner owning property adjacent to a water body identified in a buffer
137.12	protection map and whose property is used for cultivation farming may meet the
137.13	requirements under paragraph (a) by adopting an alternative riparian water quality
137.14	practice, or combination of structural, vegetative, and management practices, based on the
137.15	Natural Resources Conservation Service Field Office Technical Guide or other practices
137.16	approved by the board, that provide water quality protection comparable to the buffer
137.17	protection for the water body that the property abuts.
137.18	(c) The width of a buffer must be measured from the top or crown of the bank. Where
137.19	there is no defined bank, measurement must be from the edge of the normal water level.
137.20	(d) Upon request by a landowner or authorized agent or operator of a landowner,
137.21	a technical professional employee or contractor of the soil and water conservation
137.22	district or its delegate may issue a validation of compliance with the requirements of
137.23	this subdivision. The soil and water conservation district validation may be appealed to
137.24	the board as described in subdivision 9.
137.25	(e) Buffers or alternative water quality practices required under paragraph (a) or
137.26	(b) must be in place on or before:
137.27	(1) November 1, 2017, for public waters; and
137.28	(2) November 1, 2018, for public drainage systems.
137.29	Subd. 4. Local water resources riparian protection. On or before July 1, 2017,
137.30	the soil and water conservation district shall develop, adopt, and submit to each local
137.31	water management authority within its boundary a summary of watercourses for inclusion
137.32	in the local water management authority's plan. A local water management authority that
137.33	receives a summary of watercourses identified under this subdivision must revise its
137.34	comprehensive local water management plan or comprehensive watershed management
137.35	plan to incorporate the soil and water conservation district recommendations.

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138.1	Subd. 5. Exemptions. Land adjacent to waters subject to subdivision 3 is exempt
138.2	from the water resource protection requirements under subdivision 3, to the extent these
138.3	exemptions are not inconsistent with the requirements of the state shoreland rules adopted
138.4	by the commissioner pursuant to section 103F.211, if it is:
138.5	(1) enrolled in the federal Conservation Reserve Program;
138.6	(2) used as a public or private water access or recreational use area including
138.7	stairways, landings, picnic areas, access paths, beach and watercraft access areas, and
138.8	permitted water-oriented structures as provided in the shoreland model standards and
138.9	criteria adopted pursuant to section 103F.211 or as provided for in an approved local
138.10	government shoreland ordinance;
138.11	(3) covered by a road, trail, building, or other structures; or
138.12	(4) regulated by a national pollutant discharge elimination system/state disposal
138.13	system (NPDES/SDS) permit under Minnesota Rules, chapter 7090, and provides water
138.14	resources riparian protection, in any of the following categories:
138.15	(i) municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4);
138.16	(ii) construction storm water (CSW); or
138.17	(iii) industrial storm water (ISW);
138.18	(5) part of a water-inundation cropping system; or
138.19	(6) in a temporary nonvegetated condition due to drainage tile installation and
138.20	maintenance, alfalfa or other perennial crop or plant seeding, or construction or
138.21	conservation projects authorized by a federal, state, or local government unit.
138.22	Subd. 6. Local implementation and assistance. (a) Soil and water conservation
138.23	districts must assist landowners with implementation of the water resource riparian
138.24	protection requirements established in this section. For the purposes of this subdivision,
138.25	assistance includes planning, technical assistance, implementation of approved alternative
138.26	practices, and tracking progress towards compliance with the requirements.
138.27	(b) The commissioner or the board must provide sufficient funding to soil and water
138.28	conservation districts to implement this section.
138.29	Subd. 7. Corrective actions. (a) If the soil and water conservation district
138.30	determines a landowner is not in compliance with this section, the district must notify the
138.31	county or watershed district with jurisdiction over the noncompliant site. The county or
138.32	watershed district must provide the landowner with a list of corrective actions needed to
138.33	come into compliance and a practical timeline to meet the requirements in this section.
138.34	The county or watershed district with jurisdiction must provide a copy of the corrective
138.35	action notice to the board.

139.1 (b) If the landowner does not comply with the list of actions and timeline provided, 139.2 the county or watershed district may enforce this section under the authority granted in section 103B.101, subdivision 12a. Before exercising this authority, a county or watershed 139.3 139.4 district must adopt a plan containing procedures for the issuance of administrative penalty orders and may issue orders beginning November 1, 2017. If a county or watershed 139.5 district with jurisdiction over the noncompliant site has not adopted a plan under this 139.6 paragraph, the board may enforce this section under the authority granted in section 139.7 103B.101, subdivision 12a. 139.8 (c) If the county, watershed district, or board determines that sufficient steps have 139.9 been taken to fully resolve noncompliance, all or part of the penalty may be forgiven. 139.10 (d) An order issued under paragraph (b) may be appealed to the board as provided 139.11 under subdivision 9. 139.12 (e) A corrective action is not required for conditions resulting from a flood or other 139.13 139.14 act of nature. 139.15 (f) A landowner agent or operator of a landowner may not remove or willfully degrade a riparian buffer or water quality practice, wholly or partially, unless the agent or operator 139.16 has obtained a signed statement from the property owner stating that the permission for the 139.17 work has been granted by the unit of government authorized to approve the work in this 139.18 section or that a buffer or water quality practice is not required as validated by the soil and 139.19 139.20 water conservation district. Removal or willful degradation of a riparian buffer or water quality practice, wholly or partially, by an agent or operator is a separate and independent 139.21 offense and may be subject to the corrective actions and penalties in this subdivision. 139.22 139.23 Subd. 8. Funding subject to withholding. The state may withhold funding from a local water management authority or a soil and water conservation district that fails to 139.24 implement this section. Funding subject to withholding includes soil and water program 139.25 aid, a natural resources block grant, and other project or program funding. Funding may 139.26 be restored upon the board's approval of a corrective action plan. 139.27 Subd. 9. Appeals of validations and penalty orders. A landowner or agent or 139.28 operator may appeal the terms and conditions of a soil and water conservation district 139.29 validation or an administrative penalty order to the board within 30 days of receipt of 139.30 written or electronic notice of the validation or order. The request for appeal must be in 139.31 writing. The appealing party must provide a copy of the validation or order that is being 139.32 appealed, the basis for the appeal, and any supporting evidence. The request for appeal 139.33 may be submitted personally, by first class mail, or electronically to the executive director. 139.34 If a written or electronic request for appeal is not submitted within 30 days, the validation 139.35 or order is final. The executive director shall review the request and supporting evidence 139.36

and issue a decision within 60 days of receipt of an appeal. The executive director's 140.1 140.2 decision is appealable directly to the Court of Appeals pursuant to sections 14.63 to 14.69. Subd. 10. Landowner financial assistance and public drainage system procedure. 140.3 (a) A landowner or drainage authority may contact the soil and water conservation district 140.4 for information on how to apply for local, state, or federal cost-share grants, contracts, or 140.5 loans that are available to establish buffers or other water resource protection measures. 140.6 (b) The provisions of sections 103E.011, subdivision 5; 103E.021, subdivision 6; 140.7 and 103E.715 may be used in advance or retroactively to acquire or provide compensation 140.8 for all or part of the buffer strip establishment or alternative riparian water quality 140.9 practices as required under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), within the benefited area of a 140.10 public drainage system. Implementation of this subdivision is not subject to limitation of 140.11 project costs to the current benefits adopted for the drainage system. 140.12

140.13Subd. 11.State lands.This section applies to the state and its departments and140.14agencies.

Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103F.612, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 140.15 Subd. 2. Application. (a) A wetland owner may apply to the county where a 140.16 wetland is located for designation of a wetland preservation area in a high priority wetland 140.17 area identified in a comprehensive local water plan, as defined in section 103B.3363, 140.18 subdivision 3, and located within a high priority wetland region designated by the Board 140.19 of Water and Soil Resources, if the county chooses to accept wetland preservation area 140.20 applications. The application must be made on forms provided by the board. If a wetland 140.21 140.22 is located in more than one county, the application must be submitted to the county where the majority of the wetland is located. 140.23

(b) The application shall be executed and acknowledged in the manner required
by law to execute and acknowledge a deed and must contain at least the following
information and other information the Board of Water and Soil Resources requires:

(1) legal description of the area to be approved, which must include an upland strip
at least 16-1/2 feet in width around the perimeter of wetlands within the area and may
include total upland area of up to four acres for each acre of wetland;

140.30

(2) parcel identification numbers where designated by the county auditor;

140.31 (3) name and address of the owner;

(4) a statement by the owner covenanting that the land will be preserved as a wetland
and will only be used in accordance with conditions prescribed by the Board of Water and
Soil Resources and providing that the restrictive covenant will be binding on the owner
and the owner's successors or assigns, and will run with the land.

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- (c) The upland strip required in paragraph (b), clause (1), must be planted withpermanent vegetation other than a noxious weed.
- 141.3 Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.005, is amended by adding a141.4 subdivision to read:

141.5 <u>Subd. 10g.</u> In-lieu fee program. "In-lieu fee program" means a program in which
141.6 wetland replacement requirements of section 103G.222 are satisfied through payment of
141.7 money to the board or a board-approved sponsor to develop replacement credits according
141.8 to section 103G.2242, subdivision 12.

Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.222, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 141.9 Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) Wetlands must not be drained or filled, wholly or 141.10 partially, unless replaced by restoring or creating wetland areas of actions that provide 141.11 at least equal public value under a replacement plan approved as provided in section 141.12 141.13 103G.2242, a replacement plan under a local governmental unit's comprehensive wetland protection and management plan approved by the board under section 103G.2243, or, if a 141.14 permit to mine is required under section 93.481, under a mining reclamation plan approved 141.15 by the commissioner under the permit to mine. For project-specific wetland replacement 141.16 completed prior to wetland impacts authorized or conducted under a permit to mine within 141.17 the Great Lakes and Rainy River watershed basins, those basins shall be considered a single 141.18 watershed for purposes of determining wetland replacement ratios. Mining reclamation 141.19 plans shall apply the same principles and standards for replacing wetlands by restoration 141.20 141.21 or creation of wetland areas that are applicable to mitigation plans approved as provided in section 103G.2242. Public value must be determined in accordance with section 141.22 103B.3355 or a comprehensive wetland protection and management plan established 141.23 141.24 under section 103G.2243. Sections 103G.221 to 103G.2372 also apply to excavation in permanently and semipermanently flooded areas of types 3, 4, and 5 wetlands. 141.25 (b) Replacement must be guided by the following principles in descending order 141.26 of priority: 141.27 (1) avoiding the direct or indirect impact of the activity that may destroy or diminish 141.28 the wetland; 141.29 (2) minimizing the impact by limiting the degree or magnitude of the wetland 141.30 activity and its implementation; 141.31

(3) rectifying the impact by repairing, rehabilitating, or restoring the affectedwetland environment;

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(4) reducing or eliminating the impact over time by preservation and maintenanceoperations during the life of the activity;

142.3 (5) compensating for the impact by restoring a wetland; and

142.4 (6) compensating for the impact by replacing or providing substitute wetland142.5 resources or environments.

For a project involving the draining or filling of wetlands in an amount not exceeding
10,000 square feet more than the applicable amount in section 103G.2241, subdivision 9,
paragraph (a), the local government unit may make an on-site sequencing determination
without a written alternatives analysis from the applicant.

(c) If a wetland is located in a cultivated field, then replacement must be accomplished
through restoration only without regard to the priority order in paragraph (b), provided
that the altered wetland is not converted to a nonagricultural use for at least ten years.

(d) If a wetland is replaced under paragraph (c), or drained under section 103G.2241,
subdivision 2, paragraph (b) or (e), the local government unit may require a deed
restriction that prohibits nonagricultural use for at least ten years. The local government
unit may require the deed restriction if it determines the wetland area drained is at risk of
conversion to a nonagricultural use within ten years based on the zoning classification,
proximity to a municipality or full service road, or other criteria as determined by the
local government unit.

(e) Restoration and replacement of wetlands must be accomplished in accordance
with the ecology of the landscape area affected and ponds that are created primarily to
fulfill storm water management, and water quality treatment requirements may not be
used to satisfy replacement requirements under this chapter unless the design includes
pretreatment of runoff and the pond is functioning as a wetland.

(f) Except as provided in paragraph (g), for a wetland or public waters wetland
located on nonagricultural land, replacement must be in the ratio of two acres of replaced
wetland for each acre of drained or filled wetland.

(g) For a wetland or public waters wetland located on agricultural land or in a greater
than 80 percent area, replacement must be in the ratio of one acre of replaced wetland
for each acre of drained or filled wetland.

(h) Wetlands that are restored or created as a result of an approved replacement planare subject to the provisions of this section for any subsequent drainage or filling.

(i) Except in a greater than 80 percent area, only wetlands that have been
restored from previously drained or filled wetlands, wetlands created by excavation in
nonwetlands, wetlands created by dikes or dams along public or private drainage ditches,
or wetlands created by dikes or dams associated with the restoration of previously

143.1 drained or filled wetlands may be used in a statewide banking program established in for

wetland replacement according to rules adopted under section 103G.2242, subdivision 1.
Modification or conversion of nondegraded naturally occurring wetlands from one type to

143.4 another are not eligible for enrollment in a statewide wetlands bank wetland replacement.

(j) The Technical Evaluation Panel established under section 103G.2242, subdivision
2, shall ensure that sufficient time has occurred for the wetland to develop wetland
characteristics of soils, vegetation, and hydrology before recommending that the wetland
be deposited in the statewide wetland bank. If the Technical Evaluation Panel has reason
to believe that the wetland characteristics may change substantially, the panel shall
postpone its recommendation until the wetland has stabilized.

(k) This section and sections 103G.223 to 103G.2242, 103G.2364, and 103G.2365apply to the state and its departments and agencies.

(1) For projects involving draining or filling of wetlands associated with a new public
transportation project, and for projects expanded solely for additional traffic capacity,
public transportation authorities may purchase credits from the board at the cost to the
board to establish credits. Proceeds from the sale of credits provided under this paragraph
are appropriated to the board for the purposes of this paragraph. For the purposes of this
paragraph, "transportation project" does not include an airport project.

(m) A replacement plan for wetlands is not required for individual projects that
result in the filling or draining of wetlands for the repair, rehabilitation, reconstruction,
or replacement of a currently serviceable existing state, city, county, or town public road
necessary, as determined by the public transportation authority, to meet state or federal
design or safety standards or requirements, excluding new roads or roads expanded solely
for additional traffic capacity lanes. This paragraph only applies to authorities for public
transportation projects that:

(1) minimize the amount of wetland filling or draining associated with the projectand consider mitigating important site-specific wetland functions on site;

(2) except as provided in clause (3), submit project-specific reports to the board, the
Technical Evaluation Panel, the commissioner of natural resources, and members of the
public requesting a copy at least 30 days prior to construction that indicate the location,
amount, and type of wetlands to be filled or drained by the project or, alternatively,
convene an annual meeting of the parties required to receive notice to review projects to

143.33 be commenced during the upcoming year; and

(3) for minor and emergency maintenance work impacting less than 10,000 square
feet, submit project-specific reports, within 30 days of commencing the activity, to the board
that indicate the location, amount, and type of wetlands that have been filled or drained.

Those required to receive notice of public transportation projects may appeal minimization, delineation, and on-site mitigation decisions made by the public transportation authority to the board according to the provisions of section 103G.2242, subdivision 9. The Technical Evaluation Panel shall review minimization and delineation decisions made by the public transportation authority and provide recommendations regarding on-site mitigation if requested to do so by the local government unit, a contiguous landowner, or a member of the Technical Evaluation Panel.

Except for state public transportation projects, for which the state Department of Transportation is responsible, the board must replace the wetlands, and wetland areas of public waters if authorized by the commissioner or a delegated authority, drained or filled by public transportation projects on existing roads.

Public transportation authorities at their discretion may deviate from federal and 144.12 state design standards on existing road projects when practical and reasonable to avoid 144.13 wetland filling or draining, provided that public safety is not unreasonably compromised. 144.14 144.15 The local road authority and its officers and employees are exempt from liability for any tort claim for injury to persons or property arising from travel on the highway and 144.16 related to the deviation from the design standards for construction or reconstruction under 144.17 this paragraph. This paragraph does not preclude an action for damages arising from 144.18 negligence in construction or maintenance on a highway. 144.19

(n) If a landowner seeks approval of a replacement plan after the proposed project
has already affected the wetland, the local government unit may require the landowner to
replace the affected wetland at a ratio not to exceed twice the replacement ratio otherwise
required.

(o) A local government unit may request the board to reclassify a county or
watershed on the basis of its percentage of presettlement wetlands remaining. After
receipt of satisfactory documentation from the local government, the board shall change
the classification of a county or watershed. If requested by the local government unit,
the board must assist in developing the documentation. Within 30 days of its action to
approve a change of wetland classifications, the board shall publish a notice of the change
in the Environmental Quality Board Monitor.

(p) One hundred citizens who reside within the jurisdiction of the local government unit may request the local government unit to reclassify a county or watershed on the basis of its percentage of presettlement wetlands remaining. In support of their petition, the citizens shall provide satisfactory documentation to the local government unit. The local government unit shall consider the petition and forward the request to the board under paragraph (o) or provide a reason why the petition is denied.

Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.222, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 145.1 Subd. 3. Wetland replacement siting. (a) Impacted wetlands in a 50 to 80 percent 145.2 area must be replaced in a 50 to 80 percent area or in a less than 50 percent area. Impacted 145.3 wetlands in a less than 50 percent area must be replaced in a less than 50 percent area. 145.4 All wetland replacement must follow this priority order: 145.5 (1) on site or in the same minor watershed as the impacted wetland; 145.6 (2) in the same watershed as the impacted wetland; 145.7 (3) in the same county or wetland bank service area as the impacted wetland; and 145.8 (4) in another wetland bank service area; and. 145.9 (5) statewide for public transportation projects, except that wetlands impacted in 145.10 less than 50 percent areas must be replaced in less than 50 percent areas, and wetlands 145.11 impacted in the seven-county metropolitan area must be replaced at a ratio of two to one in: 145.12 (i) the affected county or, (ii) in another of the seven metropolitan counties, or (iii) in one 145.13 of the major watersheds that are wholly or partially within the seven-county metropolitan 145.14 145.15 area, but at least one to one must be replaced within the seven-county metropolitan area. (b) The exception in paragraph (a), clause (5), does not apply to replacement 145.16 completed using wetland banking credits established by a person who submitted a 145.17 complete wetland banking application to a local government unit by April 1, 1996. 145.18 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), wetland banking credits approved according to 145.19 145.20 a complete wetland banking application submitted to a local government unit by April 1, 1996, may be used to replace wetland impacts resulting from public transportation 145.21 projects statewide. 145.22 145.23 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), the priority order for replacement by wetland banking begins at paragraph (a), clause (3), according to rules 145.24 adopted under section 103G.2242, subdivision 1. 145.25 (e) (d) When reasonable, practicable, and environmentally beneficial replacement 145.26 opportunities are not available in siting priorities listed in paragraph (a), the applicant 145.27 may seek opportunities at the next level. 145.28 (d) (e) For the purposes of this section, "reasonable, practicable, and environmentally 145.29 beneficial replacement opportunities" are defined as opportunities that: 145.30 (1) take advantage of naturally occurring hydrogeomorphological conditions and 145.31 require minimal landscape alteration; 145.32 (2) have a high likelihood of becoming a functional wetland that will continue 145.33 in perpetuity; 145.34 (3) do not adversely affect other habitat types or ecological communities that are 145.35 important in maintaining the overall biological diversity of the area; and 145.36

146.1 (4) are available and capable of being done after taking into consideration cost,

existing technology, and logistics consistent with overall project purposes.

146.3 (c) Applicants and local government units shall rely on board-approved

146.4 comprehensive inventories of replacement opportunities and watershed conditions,

146.5 including the Northeast Minnesota Wetland Mitigation Inventory and Assessment (January

146.6 2010), in determining whether reasonable, practicable, and environmentally beneficial

146.7 replacement opportunities are available.

(f) Regulatory agencies, local government units, and other entities involved in
wetland restoration shall collaborate to identify potential replacement opportunities within
their jurisdictional areas.

(g) The board must establish wetland replacement ratios and wetland bank service
area priorities to implement the siting and targeting of wetland replacement and encourage
the use of high priority areas for wetland replacement.

146.14 Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 1, is amended to 146.15 read:

Subdivision 1. Rules. (a) The board, in consultation with the commissioner, shall 146.16 adopt rules governing the approval of wetland value replacement plans under this section 146.17 and public waters work permits affecting public waters wetlands under section 103G.245. 146.18 146.19 These rules must address the criteria, procedure, timing, and location of acceptable replacement of wetland values; and may address the state establishment and administration 146.20 of a wetland banking program for public and private projects, which may include including 146.21 146.22 provisions allowing monetary payment to the wetland banking program for alteration of wetlands on agricultural land for an in-lieu fee program; the administrative, monitoring, and 146.23 enforcement procedures to be used; and a procedure for the review and appeal of decisions 146.24 under this section. In the case of peatlands, the replacement plan rules must consider the 146.25 impact on carbon balance described in the report required by Laws 1990, chapter 587, and 146.26 include the planting of trees or shrubs. Any in-lieu fee program established by the board 146.27 must conform with Code of Federal Regulations, title 33, section 332.8, as amended. 146.28 (b) After the adoption of the rules, a replacement plan must be approved by a 146.29 resolution of the governing body of the local government unit, consistent with the 146.30 provisions of the rules or a comprehensive wetland protection and management plan 146.31

146.32 approved under section 103G.2243.

(c) If the local government unit fails to apply the rules, or fails to implement a
local comprehensive wetland protection and management plan established under section
103G.2243, the government unit is subject to penalty as determined by the board.

147.1 Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 2, is amended to 147.2 read:

Subd. 2. Evaluation. (a) Questions concerning the public value, location, size, 147.3 or type of a wetland shall be submitted to and determined by a Technical Evaluation 147.4 Panel after an on-site inspection. The Technical Evaluation Panel shall be composed of 147.5 a technical professional employee of the board, a technical professional employee of 147.6 the local soil and water conservation district or districts, a technical professional with 147.7 expertise in water resources management appointed by the local government unit, and 147.8 a technical professional employee of the Department of Natural Resources for projects 147.9 affecting public waters or wetlands adjacent to public waters. The panel shall use the 147.10 "United States Army Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual" (January 1987), 147.11 including updates, supplementary guidance, and replacements, if any, "Wetlands of 147.12 the United States" (United States Fish and Wildlife Service Circular 39, 1971 edition), 147.13 and "Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States" (1979 147.14 147.15 edition). The panel shall provide the wetland determination and recommendations on other technical matters to the local government unit that must approve a replacement plan, 147.16 wetland banking plan sequencing, exemption determination, no-loss determination, or 147.17 wetland boundary or type determination and may recommend approval or denial of the 147.18 plan. The authority must consider and include the decision of the Technical Evaluation 147.19 Panel in their approval or denial of a plan or determination. 147.20

(b) Persons conducting wetland or public waters boundary delineations or type
determinations are exempt from the requirements of chapter 326. The board may develop
a professional wetland delineator certification program.

147.24 (c) The board must establish an interagency team to assist in identifying and

147.25 evaluating potential wetland replacement sites. The team must consist of members

147.26 of the Technical Evaluation Panel and representatives from the Department of Natural

147.27 <u>Resources; the Pollution Control Agency; the United States Army Corps of Engineers, St.</u>

147.28 Paul district; and other organizations as determined by the board.

147.29 Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 3, is amended to 147.30 read:

147.31Subd. 3. Replacement completion. (a) Replacement of wetland values must be147.32completed prior to or concurrent with the actual draining or filling of a wetland, unless:

147.33 (1) an irrevocable bank letter of credit or other security financial assurance

147.34 acceptable to the local government unit or the board is given to the local government unit

(2) the replacement is approved under an in-lieu fee program according to rules 148.1 adopted under subdivision 1. In the case of an in-lieu fee program established by a 148.2 board-approved sponsor, the board may require that a financial assurance in an amount 148.3 and method acceptable to the board be given to the board to ensure the approved sponsor 148.4 fulfills the sponsor's obligation to complete the required wetland replacement. 148.5 148.6 The board may establish, sponsor, or administer a wetland banking program, which may include provisions allowing monetary payment to the wetland bank for impacts to 148.7

wetlands on agricultural land, for impacts that occur in greater than 80 percent areas, and for public road projects. (b) The board may acquire land in fee title, purchase or accept 148.9

easements, enter into agreements, and purchase existing wetland replacement credits to 148.10

facilitate the wetland banking program. The board may establish in-lieu fee payment 148.11

amounts and hold money in an account in the special revenue fund, which is appropriated 148.12

to the board to be used solely for establishing replacement wetlands and administering the 148.13

wetland banking program. 148.14

148.8

(c) The board shall coordinate the establishment and operation of a wetland bank 148.15 with the United States Army Corps of Engineers, the Natural Resources Conservation 148.16 Service of the United States Department of Agriculture, and the commissioners of natural 148.17 resources, agriculture, and the Pollution Control Agency. 148.18

148.19 Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 148.20

Subd. 4. Decision. Upon receiving and considering all required data, the local 148.21 148.22 government unit reviewing replacement plan applications, banking plan sequencing applications, and exemption or no-loss determination requests must act on all replacement 148.23 plan applications, banking plan sequencing applications, and exemption or no-loss 148.24 148.25 determination requests in compliance with section 15.99.

Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 12, is amended to 148.26 read: 148.27

Subd. 12. Replacement credits. (a) No public or private wetland restoration, 148.28 enhancement, or construction may be allowed for replacement unless specifically 148.29 designated for replacement and paid for by the individual or organization performing the 148.30 wetland restoration, enhancement, or construction, and is completed prior to any draining 148.31 or filling of the wetland. 148.32

(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a wetland whose owner has paid back with 148.33 interest the individual or organization restoring, enhancing, or constructing the wetland. 148.34

(c) Notwithstanding section 103G.222, subdivision 1, paragraph (i), the following
actions, and others established in rule, that are consistent with criteria in rules adopted by
the board in conjunction with the commissioners of natural resources and agriculture, are
eligible for replacement credit as determined by the local government unit or the board,
including enrollment in a statewide wetlands bank:

(1) reestablishment of permanent native, noninvasive vegetative cover on a wetland
on agricultural land that was planted with annually seeded crops, was in a crop rotation
seeding of pasture grasses or legumes, or was in a land retirement program during the
past ten years;

(2) buffer areas of permanent native, noninvasive vegetative cover established orpreserved on upland adjacent to replacement wetlands;

(3) wetlands restored for conservation purposes under terminated easements orcontracts; and

(4) water quality treatment ponds constructed to pretreat storm water runoff prior
to discharge to wetlands, public waters, or other water bodies, provided that the water
quality treatment ponds must be associated with an ongoing or proposed project that
will impact a wetland and replacement credit for the treatment ponds is based on the
replacement of wetland functions and on an approved storm water management plan for
the local government; and

(5) in a greater than 80 percent area, restoration and protection of streams and
riparian buffers that are important to the functions and sustainability of aquatic resources.
(d) Notwithstanding section 103G.222, subdivision 1, paragraphs (f) and (g), the

board may establish by rule different replacement ratios for restoration projects withexceptional natural resource value.

149.25 Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 14, is amended to 149.26 read:

Subd. 14. Fees established. (a) Fees must be assessed for managing wetland bank
accounts and transactions as follows:

(1) account maintenance annual fee: one percent of the value of credits not toexceed \$500;

(2) account establishment, deposit, or transfer: 6.5 percent of the value of credits not
to exceed \$1,000 per establishment, deposit, or transfer; and

149.33 (3) withdrawal fee: 6.5 percent of the value of credits withdrawn.

(b) The board may establish fees at or below the amounts in paragraph (a) forsingle-user or other dedicated wetland banking accounts.

(c) Fees for single-user or other dedicated wetland banking accounts established
pursuant to section 103G.005, subdivision 10e, clause (4), are limited to establishment
of a wetland banking account and are assessed at the rate of 6.5 percent of the value of
the credits not to exceed \$1,000.

150.5(d) The board may assess a fee to pay the costs associated with establishing150.6conservation easements, or other long-term protection mechanisms prescribed in the rules

150.7 <u>adopted under subdivision 1, on property used for wetland replacement.</u>

150.8 Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2251, is amended to read:

150.9 103G.2251 STATE CONSERVATION EASEMENTS; WETLAND BANK 150.10 CREDIT.

In greater than 80 percent areas, preservation of wetlands, riparian buffers, and 150.11 watershed areas essential to maintaining important functions and sustainability of aquatic 150.12 resources in the watershed that are protected by a permanent conservation easement 150.13 as defined under section 84C.01 and held by the board may be eligible for wetland 150.14 150.15 replacement or mitigation credits, according to rules adopted by the board. To be eligible for credit under this section, a conservation easement must be established after May 24, 150.16 2008, and approved by the board. Wetland areas on private lands preserved under this 150.17 150.18 section are not eligible for replacement or mitigation credit if the area has been protected using public conservation funds. 150.19

150.20 Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.245, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
150.21 Subd. 2. Exceptions. A public waters work permit is not required for:

(1) work in altered natural watercourses that are part of drainage systems established
under chapter 103D or 103E if the work in the waters is undertaken according to chapter
103D or 103E; or

(2) a drainage project for a drainage system established under chapter 103E that does
not substantially affect public waters-; or

(3) culvert restoration or replacement of the same size and elevation, if the
 restoration or replacement does not impact a designated trout stream.

Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.271, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 Subd. 3. Permit restriction during summer months. The commissioner must not
 modify or restrict the amount of appropriation from a groundwater source authorized in a
 water use permit issued to irrigate agricultural land between May April 1 and October

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151.2 determines the authorized amount of appropriation endangers a domestic water supply.

1, or, for agricultural land with a crop, until November 15, unless the commissioner

- Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.271, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 151.3 Subd. 5. Prohibition on once-through water use permits. (a) Except as provided 151.4 in paragraph (c), the commissioner may not issue a water use permit to increase the 151.5 volume of appropriation from a groundwater source for a once-through cooling system. 151.6 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), once-through system water use permits 151.7 using in excess of 5,000,000 gallons annually must be terminated by the commissioner, 151.8 unless the discharge is into a public water basin within a nature preserve approved by the 151.9 commissioner and established prior to January 1, 2001. The commissioner may issue a 151.10 permit for a system in existence prior to January 1, 2015, for up to 5,000,000 gallons 151.11 annually. Existing once-through systems must not be expanded and are required to convert 151.12 to water efficient alternatives within the design life of existing equipment. 151.13 151.14 (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), the commissioner, with the approval of the commissioners of health and the Pollution Control Agency, may issue once-through 151.15 system water use permits on an annual basis for groundwater thermal exchange devices 151.16 or aquifer storage and recovery systems that return all once-through system water to the 151.17
- source aquifer. Water use permit processing fees in subdivision 6, paragraph (a), apply
 to all water withdrawals under this paragraph, including any reuse of water returned to
 the source aquifer.

151.21 Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.271, subdivision 6a, is amended to read: Subd. 6a. **Payment of fees for past unpermitted appropriations.** An entity that 151.22 appropriates water without a required permit under subdivision 1 must pay the applicable 151.23 151.24 water use permit processing fee specified in subdivision 6 for the period during which the unpermitted appropriation occurred. The fees for unpermitted appropriations are required 151.25 for the previous seven calendar years after being notified of the need for a permit. This 151.26 fee is in addition to any other fee or penalty assessed. The commissioner may waive 151.27 payment of fees for past unpermitted appropriations for a residential system permitted 151.28 under subdivision 5, paragraph (b). 151.29

Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.287, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 Subdivision 1. Applications for groundwater appropriations; preliminary well
 construction approval. (a) Groundwater use permit applications are not complete until
 the applicant has supplied:

(1) a water well record as required by section 103I.205, subdivision 9, information
on the subsurface geologic formations penetrated by the well and the formation or aquifer
that will serve as the water source, and geologic information from test holes drilled to
locate the site of the production well;

(2) the maximum daily, seasonal, and annual pumpage rates and volumes beingrequested;

(3) information on groundwater quality in terms of the measures of quality
commonly specified for the proposed water use and details on water treatment necessary
for the proposed use;

(4) an inventory of existing wells within 1-1/2 miles of the proposed production well
or within the area of influence, as determined by the commissioner. The inventory must
include information on well locations, depths, geologic formations, depth of the pump or
intake, pumping and nonpumping water levels, and details of well construction;

152.14 (5)(4) the results of an aquifer test completed according to specifications approved 152.15 by the commissioner. The test must be conducted at the maximum pumping rate requested 152.16 in the application and for a length of time adequate to assess or predict impacts to other 152.17 wells and surface water and groundwater resources. The permit applicant is responsible 152.18 for all costs related to the aquifer test, including the construction of groundwater and 152.19 surface water monitoring installations, and water level readings before, during, and after 152.20 the aquifer test; and

152.21 (6) (5) the results of any assessments conducted by the commissioner under 152.22 paragraph (c).

(b) The commissioner may waive an application requirement in this subdivision if the information provided with the application is adequate to determine whether the proposed appropriation and use of water is sustainable and will protect ecosystems, water quality, and the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.

(c) The commissioner shall provide an assessment of a proposed well needing a
groundwater appropriation permit. The commissioner shall evaluate the information
submitted as required under section 103I.205, subdivision 1, paragraph (f), and determine
whether the anticipated appropriation request is likely to meet the applicable requirements
of this chapter. If the appropriation request is likely to meet applicable requirements, the
commissioner shall provide the person submitting the information with a letter providing
preliminary approval to construct the well.

152.34 Sec. 94. [103G.289] WELL INTERFERENCE; WELL SEALING.

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153.1The commissioner shall not validate a well interference claim if the affected well has153.2been sealed prior to the completion of the commissioner's investigation of the complaint.153.3If the well is sealed prior to completion of the investigation, the commissioner must153.4dismiss the complaint.

- Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.291, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 153.5 Subd. 3. Water supply plans; demand reduction. (a) Every public water supplier 153.6 serving more than 1,000 people must submit a water supply plan to the commissioner 153.7 for approval by January 1, 1996. In accordance with guidelines developed by the 153.8 commissioner, the plan must address projected demands, adequacy of the water supply 153.9 system and planned improvements, existing and future water sources, natural resource 153.10 impacts or limitations, emergency preparedness, water conservation, supply and demand 153.11 reduction measures, and allocation priorities that are consistent with section 103G.261. 153.12 Public water suppliers must update their plan and, upon notification, submit it to the 153.13 153.14 commissioner for approval every ten years.
- (b) The water supply plan in paragraph (a) is required for all communities in the
 metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, with a municipal water supply system
 and is a required element of the local comprehensive plan required under section 473.859.
 Water supply plans or updates submitted after December 31, 2008, must be consistent
 with the metropolitan area master water supply plan required under section 473.1565,
 subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2).
- (c) Public water suppliers serving more than 1,000 people must encourage water conservation by employing water use demand reduction measures, as defined in subdivision 4, paragraph (a), before requesting approval from the commissioner of health under section 144.383, paragraph (a), to construct a public water supply well or requesting an increase in the authorized volume of appropriation. The commissioner of natural resources and the water supplier shall use a collaborative process to achieve demand reduction measures as a part of a water supply plan review process.
- (d) Public water suppliers serving more than 1,000 people must submit records
 that indicate the number of connections and amount of use by customer category and
 volume of water unaccounted for with the annual report of water use required under
 section 103G.281, subdivision 3.
- (e) For the purposes of this section, "public water supplier" means an entity that owns,
 manages, or operates a public water supply, as defined in section 144.382, subdivision 4.
- 153.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.301, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:
Subd. 5a. Town fees limited exemption. Notwithstanding this section or any
other law, no permit application, general permit notification, or field inspection fee shall
be charged to a town in connection with the construction or alteration of a town road,

154.5 bridge, or culvert shall exceed \$100.

154.6 Sec. 97. [114C.40] VOLUNTARY SELF REPORTING OF VIOLATIONS.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms
 <u>have the meaning given.</u>
 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency.

- 154.10 (c) "Environmental requirement" means a requirement in a law administered by the
- 154.11 agency, a rule adopted by the agency, a permit or order issued by the agency, an agreement
- 154.12 <u>entered into with the agency, or a court order issued pursuant to any of the foregoing.</u>
- 154.13 (d) "Regulated entity" means a public or private organization that is subject to 154.14 environmental requirements.
- 154.15Subd. 2. Enforcement delay.The commissioner must defer for at least 90 days154.16enforcement of an environmental requirement against a regulated entity if:
- 154.17 (1) violation of the environmental requirement was first identified by the regulated
- 154.18 <u>entity or an employee of or person contracted by the regulated entity;</u>
- 154.19 (2) the regulated entity notified the commissioner of the violation within two
- 154.20 business days of it coming to the regulated entity's attention;
- 154.21 (3) the regulated entity has not been subject to an enforcement action within the past 154.22 two years from the date of the notification under clause (2); and
- 154.23 (4) the regulated entity has committed, in writing, to correct the violation as
- 154.24 <u>expeditiously as possible under the circumstances.</u>
- 154.25 Subd. 3. **Penalties waived.** The commissioner must not impose or bring an action
- 154.26 for any administrative, civil, or criminal penalties against a regulated entity if, after the
- 154.27 <u>90-day delay provided under subdivision 2, the regulated entity has corrected the violation</u>
- 154.28 or has a schedule to correct the violation approved by the commissioner.
- 154.29 <u>Subd. 4.</u> Exceptions. Notwithstanding subdivisions 2 and 3, the commissioner 154.30 may, at any time, bring:
- 154.31 (1) a criminal enforcement action against any person who commits a violation
- 154.32 <u>under section 609.671;</u>
- 154.33 (2) a civil or administrative enforcement action, which may include a penalty, under
 154.34 section 115.071 or 116.072, against the regulated entity if:

155.1	(i) a violation caused serious harm to, or presents an imminent and substantial
155.2	endangerment to, human health or the environment;
155.3	(ii) a violation is of the specific terms of an administrative order, a judicial order or
155.4	consent decree, a stipulation agreement, or a schedule of compliance;
155.5	(iii) a violation has resulted in a substantial economic benefit which gives the
155.6	regulated entity a clear advantage over its business competitors; or
155.7	(iv) a violation is identified through a legally mandated monitoring or sampling
155.8	requirement prescribed by statute, regulation, permit, judicial or administrative order,
155.9	or consent agreement; or
155.10	(3) an enforcement action against a regulated entity to enjoin an imminent and
155.11	substantial danger under section 116.11.
155.12	Subd. 5. Reporting required by law. Nothing in this section alters the obligation of
155.13	any regulated entity to report releases, violations, or other matters that are required to be
155.14	reported by state or federal law, rule, permit, or enforcement action.
155.15	Sec. 98. [115.035] INDEPENDENT PEER REVIEW OF WATER QUALITY
155.16	STANDARDS.
155.17	(a) For the purposes of this section, "independent peer review" means a peer review
155.18	conducted by an expert or experts in an area related to the work being reviewed who was
155.19	not directly or indirectly involved with the work conducted or contracted by the agency
155.20	and who is not currently employed by the agency.
155.21	(b) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall ensure that any
155.22	proposed change to a water quality standard under this chapter or chapter 116 is subject to
155.23	an independent peer review when:
155.24	(1) the estimated financial impact to affected permittees is \$50,000,000 or more, in
155.25	total, within the first five years of implementation;
155.26	(2) the change supports or proposes a significant new precedent, model, or
155.27	methodology; or
155.28	(3) the change addresses a significant controversial issue.
155.29	(c) The commissioner must provide notice and take public comment on the charge
155.30	questions for independent peer review and must allow written and oral public comment as
155.31	part of the independent peer review process and the peer review report. Documentation of
155.32	compliance with the notice and comment requirements and the peer review report must
155.33	be included in the statement of need and reasonableness.

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(d) The commissioner shall ensure that peer review is conducted in accordance
 with the guidance contained in the United States Environmental Protection Agency's
 Peer Review Handbook.

Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115.44, is amended by adding a subdivision 156.4 to read: 156.5 Subd. 9. Annual report. (a) By January 15 each year, the commissioner shall 156.6 post on the Pollution Control Agency's Web site a report on the agency's activities 156.7 the previous calendar year to implement standards and classification requirements into 156.8 national pollutant discharge elimination system and state disposal system permits held by 156.9 municipalities. The report must include: 156.10 (1) a summary of permits issued or reissued over the previous calendar year, 156.11 156.12 including any changes to permitted effluent limits due to water quality standards adopted or revised during the previous permit term; 156.13 156.14 (2) highlights of innovative approaches employed by the agency and municipalities to develop and achieve permit requirements in a cost-effective manner; 156.15 (3) a summary of standards development and water quality rulemaking activities 156.16 over the previous calendar year, including economic analyses; 156.17 (4) a summary of standards development and water quality rulemaking activities 156.18 anticipated for the next three years, including economic analyses; 156.19 (5) a process and timeframe for municipalities to provide input to the agency 156.20 regarding their needs based on the information provided in the report; and 156.21 156.22 (6) a list of anticipated permitting initiatives in the next calendar year that may impact municipalities and the agency's plan for involving the municipalities throughout 156.23 the planning and decision making process. The plan must include opportunities for input 156.24 156.25 and public comment from municipalities on rulemaking initiatives prior to preparation of a statement of need and reasonableness required under section 14.131. The commissioner 156.26 must ensure the agency's plan under this clause is implemented. 156.27 (b) For the purposes of this section, "economic analyses" must include assessments 156.28 of the potential costs to regulated municipalities associated with water quality standards 156.29 156.30 or rules proposed by the agency.

Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115.55, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to sections
115.55 to 115.56.

(b) "Advisory committee" means the Advisory Committee on Subsurface Sewage 157.1 Treatment Systems established under the subsurface sewage treatment system rules. The 157.2 advisory committee must be appointed to ensure geographic representation of the state 157.3 and include elected public officials. 157.4 (c) "Applicable requirements" means: 157.5 (1) local ordinances that comply with the subsurface sewage treatment system rules, 157.6 as required in subdivision 2; or 157.7 (2) in areas without compliant ordinances described in clause (1), the subsurface 157.8 sewage treatment system rules. 157.9 (d) "Building sewer connected to a subsurface sewage treatment system" means the 157.10 pipe that connects a structure to a subsurface sewage treatment system. Building sewers 157.11 connected to subsurface sewage treatment systems are codefined as both plumbing and 157.12 subsurface sewage treatment system components. 157.13 (d) (e) "City" means a statutory or home rule charter city. 157.14 157.15 (e) (f) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency. (f) (g) "Dwelling" means a building or place used or intended to be used by human 157.16 occupants as a single-family or two-family unit. 157.17 (g) (h) "Subsurface sewage treatment system" or "system" means a sewage treatment 157.18 system, or part thereof, that uses subsurface soil treatment and disposal, or a holding tank, 157.19 serving a dwelling, other establishment, or a group thereof, and that does not require a 157.20 state permit. Subsurface sewage treatment system includes a building sewer connected 157.21 to a subsurface sewage treatment system. 157.22 (h) (i) "Subsurface sewage treatment system professional" means an inspector, 157.23 installer, designer, service provider, or maintainer. 157.24 (i) (j) "Subsurface sewage treatment system rules" means rules adopted by the 157.25 agency that establish minimum standards and criteria for the design, location, installation, 157.26 use, maintenance, and closure of subsurface sewage treatment systems. 157.27 (i) (k) "Inspector" means a person who inspects subsurface sewage treatment 157.28

157.29 systems for compliance with the applicable requirements.

157.30 (k) (l) "Installer" means a person who constructs or repairs subsurface sewage
 157.31 treatment systems.

157.32 (<u>h) (m)</u> "Local unit of government" means a township, city, or county.

(m) (n) "Performance-based system" means a system that is designed specifically
 for environmental conditions on a site and is designed to adequately protect the public
 health and the environment and provide consistent, reliable, long-term performance. At a

minimum, a performance based system must ensure that applicable water quality standardsare met in both ground and surface water that ultimately receive the treated sewage.

(n) (o) "Maintainer " means a person who removes solids and liquids from and
 maintains and repairs components of subsurface sewage treatment systems including, but
 not limited to, sewage, aerobic, and holding tanks.

(o) (p) "Seasonal dwelling" means a dwelling that is occupied or used for less than
 180 days per year and less than 120 consecutive days.

158.8 (p)(q) "Septic system tank" means any covered receptacle designed, constructed, 158.9 and installed as part of a subsurface sewage treatment system.

(q) (r) "Designer" means a person who:

(1) investigates soils and site characteristics to determine suitability, limitations, andsizing requirements; and

158.13 (2) designs subsurface sewage treatment systems.

 $\frac{(r)_{(s)}}{(s)}$ "Straight-pipe system" means a sewage disposal system that transports raw or partially treated sewage directly to a lake, a stream, a drainage system, or ground surface.

158.16 Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115.56, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. License required. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person may not design, install, maintain, pump, inspect, or provide service to a subsurface sewage treatment system without a license issued by the commissioner. Licenses issued under this section allow work on subsurface sewage treatment systems that do not require a state permit using prescriptive designs and design guidances provided by the agency. Licensees who design systems using these prescriptive designs and design guidances are not subject to the additional licensing requirements of section 326.03.

(b) A license is not required for a person who complies with the applicablerequirements if the person is:

(1) a qualified employee of state or local government who is a certified professional; 158.26 (2) an individual who constructs a subsurface sewage treatment system on land that 158.27 is owned or leased by the individual and functions solely as the individual's dwelling or 158.28 seasonal dwelling, unless specifically disallowed in local ordinance. A person constructing 158.29 a subsurface sewage treatment system under this clause must comply with all local 158.30 administrative and technical requirements. In addition, the system must be inspected 158.31 before being covered and a compliance report must be provided to the local unit of 158.32 government after the inspection; 158.33

(4) an individual who performs labor or services for a licensed business under this
section in connection with the design, installation, operation, pumping, or inspection of a
subsurface sewage treatment system at the direction and under the personal supervision of
a person certified under this section.

(c) The commissioner, in conjunction with the University of Minnesota Extension
 Service or another higher education institution, shall ensure adequate training and design
 guidance exists for subsurface sewage treatment system certified professionals.

(d) The commissioner shall conduct examinations to test the knowledge of applicantsfor certification and shall issue documentation of certification.

(e) Licenses may be issued only upon submission of general liability insurance, a corporate surety bond in the amount of at least \$10,000 \$25,000, and the name of the individual who will be the designated certified individual for that business. The bond may be for both plumbing work and subsurface sewage treatment work if the bond complies with the requirements of this section and satisfies the requirements and references identified in section 326B.46, subdivision 2.

(f) Local units of government may not require additional local licenses forsubsurface sewage treatment system businesses.

(g) No other professional license under section 326.03 is required to design, install, maintain, inspect, or provide service for a subsurface sewage treatment system that does not require a state permit using prescriptive designs and design guidances provided by the agency if the system designer, installer, maintainer, inspector, or service provider is licensed under this subdivision and the local unit of government has not adopted additional requirements.

159.27 Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.03, subdivision 25a, is amended to 159.28 read:

Subd. 25a. **Recyclable materials.** "Recyclable materials" means materials that are separated from mixed municipal solid waste for the purpose of recycling or composting, including paper, glass, plastics, metals, automobile oil, batteries, and source-separated compostable materials, and sole source food waste streams that are managed through <u>biodegradative processes</u>. Refuse-derived fuel or other material that is destroyed by incineration is not a recyclable material.

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160.1 Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.03, subdivision 32a, is amended to160.2 read:

Subd. 32a. Source-separated compostable materials. "Source-separated
compostable materials" means materials that:

(1) are separated at the source by waste generators for the purpose of preparingthem for use as compost;

(2) are collected separately from mixed municipal solid waste, and are governed bythe licensing provisions of section 115A.93;

(3) are comprised of food wastes, fish and animal waste, plant materials, diapers,
sanitary products, and paper that is not recyclable because the commissioner has
determined that no other person is willing to accept the paper for recycling;

(4) are delivered to a facility to undergo controlled microbial degradation to yield
a humus-like product meeting the agency's class I or class II, or equivalent, compost
standards and where process residues rejects do not exceed 15 percent by weight of the
total material delivered to the facility; and

(5) may be delivered to a transfer station, mixed municipal solid waste processing
facility, or recycling facility only for the purposes of composting or transfer to a
composting facility, unless the commissioner determines that no other person is willing
to accept the materials.

160.20 Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.1314, subdivision 1, is amended to 160.21 read:

Subdivision 1. **Registration fee.** (a) Each manufacturer who registers under section 160.23 115A.1312 must, by September 1, 2007, and each year thereafter, pay to the commissioner of revenue an annual registration fee. The commissioner of revenue must deposit the fee in the state treasury and credit the fee to the environmental fund.

(b) The registration fee is equal to a base fee of \$2,500, plus a variable recyclingfee calculated according to the formula:

160.28

 $((A \times B) - (C + D)) \times E$, where:

(1) A = the number of pounds of a manufacturer's video display devices sold to
households during the previous program year, as reported to the department under section
115A.1316, subdivision 1;

160.32 (2) B = the proportion of sales of video display devices required to be recycled, set at 160.33 0.6 for the first program year and 0.8 for the second program year and every year thereafter;

161.1 (3) C = the number of pounds of covered electronic devices recycled by a 161.2 manufacturer from households during the previous program year, as reported to the 161.3 department under section 115A.1316, subdivision 1;

161.4 (4) D = the number of recycling credits a manufacturer elects to use to calculate the 161.5 variable recycling fee, as reported to the department under section 115A.1316, subdivision 161.6 1; and

161.7 (5) E = the estimated per-pound cost of recycling, initially set at \$0.50 per pound for 161.8 manufacturers who recycle less than 50 percent of the product (A x B); \$0.40 per pound 161.9 for manufacturers who recycle at least 50 percent but less than 90 percent of the product 161.10 (A x B); and \$0.30 per pound for manufacturers who recycle at least 90 percent but less 161.11 than 100 percent of the product (A x B).

(c) If, as specified in paragraph (b), the term C - (A x B) equals a positive number of 161.12 pounds, that amount is defined as the manufacturer's recycling credits. A manufacturer 161.13 may retain recycling credits to be added, in whole or in part, to the actual value of C, as 161.14 161.15 reported under section 115A.1316, subdivision 2, during any succeeding program year, provided that no more than 25 percent of a manufacturer's obligation (A x B) for any 161.16 program year may be met with recycling credits generated in a prior program year. A 161.17 manufacturer may sell any portion or all of its recycling credits to another manufacturer, at 161.18 a price negotiated by the parties, who may use the credits in the same manner. 161.19

(d) For the purpose of calculating a manufacturer's variable recycling fee under
paragraph (b), the weight of covered electronic devices collected from households located
outside the 11-county metropolitan area, as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (c), is
calculated at 1.5 times their actual weight.

(e) The registration fee for the initial program year and the base registration fee
thereafter for a manufacturer who produces fewer than 100 video display devices for sale
annually to households is \$1,250.

161.27 (f) For the ninth program year, the agency shall publish a statewide recycling goal of
 161.28 16,000,000 pounds.

(g) For the ninth program year, the agency shall determine each registered
manufacturer's market share of video display devices to be collected and recycled based
on the manufacturer's percentage share of the total weight of video display devices sold
as reported to the department for the eighth program year as reported to the agency by
July 15, 2015. By July 30, 2015, the agency shall provide each manufacturer with a
determination of its share of video display devices to be collected and recycled, which
is the quotient of the total weight of the manufacturer's video display devices sold to

161.36 households in the eighth program year, divided by the total weight of all manufacturers'

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162.1 <u>video display devices sold to households in this state based on reporting to the agency for</u>

the eighth program year, then applied proportionally to the statewide recycling goal of
162.3 16,000,000 pounds as specified in paragraph (f).

162.4 (h) If a manufacturer's obligation for the recycling of video display devices as

162.5 determined in paragraph (b), clauses (1) and (2), by weight is higher than the obligation

162.6 determined by the agency in paragraph (g), then the higher number is the obligation for

162.7 program year nine.

(i) For the ninth program year, a manufacturer that did not report sales data to the
 department for the eighth or ninth program years shall be subject to a recycling obligation

162.10 that is equal to 80 percent by weight of the manufacturer's video display devices sold

162.11 to households.

162.12 Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.1415, subdivision 16, is amended to 162.13 read:

162.14 Subd. 16. Administrative fee. (a) The stewardship organization or individual 162.15 producer submitting a stewardship plan shall pay an annual administrative fee to the 162.16 commissioner. The agency may establish a variable fee based on relevant factors, 162.17 including, but not limited to, the portion of architectural paint sold in the state by members 162.18 of the organization compared to the total amount of architectural paint sold in the state by 162.19 all organizations submitting a stewardship plan.

(b) Prior to July 1, 2014, and before July 1 annually thereafter, the agency shall
identify the costs it incurs under this section. The agency shall set the fee at an amount
that, when paid by every stewardship organization or individual producer that submits a
stewardship plan, is adequate to reimburse the agency's full costs of administering this
section. The total amount of annual fees collected under this subdivision must not exceed
the amount necessary to reimburse costs incurred by the agency to administer this section.

(c) A stewardship organization or individual producer subject to this subdivision
must pay the agency's administrative fee under paragraph (a) on or before July 1, 2014,
and annually thereafter. Each year after the initial payment, the annual administrative fee
may not exceed five percent of the aggregate stewardship assessment added to the cost of
all architectural paint sold by producers in the state for the preceding calendar year.

(d) All fees received under this section shall be deposited in the state treasury and
credited to a product stewardship account in the special revenue fund. For fiscal years
2014 and, 2015, 2016, and 2017, the amount collected under this section is annually
appropriated to the agency to implement and enforce this section.

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163.1	Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.551, subdivision 2a, is amended to
163.2	read:
163.3	Subd. 2a. County recycling goals. (a) By December 31, 2030, each county will
163.4	have as a goal to recycle the following amounts:
163.5	(1) for a county outside of the metropolitan area, 35 percent by weight of total
163.6	solid waste generation; and
163.7	(2) for a metropolitan county, 75 percent by weight of total solid waste generation.
163.8	(b) Each county will develop and implement or require political subdivisions within
163.9	the county to develop and implement programs, practices, or methods designed to meet its
163.10	recycling goal. Nothing in this section or in any other law may be construed to prohibit a
163.11	county from establishing a higher recycling goal.
163.12	(c) Any quantified recyclable materials that meet the definition in subdivision 1,
163.13	paragraph (a), or section 115A.03, subdivision 25a, are eligible to be counted toward a
163.14	county's recycling goal under this subdivision.
163.15	Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.557, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
163.16	Subd. 2. Purposes for which money may be spent. (a) A county receiving money
163.17	distributed by the commissioner under this section may use the money only for the
163.18	development and implementation of programs to:
163.19	(1) reduce the amount of solid waste generated;
163.20	(2) recycle the maximum amount of solid waste technically feasible;
163.21	(3) create and support markets for recycled products;
163.22	(4) remove problem materials from the solid waste stream and develop proper
163.23	disposal options for them;
163.24	(5) inform and educate all sectors of the public about proper solid waste management
163.25	procedures;
163.26	(6) provide technical assistance to public and private entities to ensure proper solid
163.27	waste management;
163.28	(7) provide educational, technical, and financial assistance for litter prevention;
163.29	(8) process mixed municipal solid waste generated in the county at a resource
163.30	recovery facility located in Minnesota; and
163.31	(9) compost source-separated compostable materials, including the provision of
163.32	receptacles for residential composting:
163.33	(10) prevent food waste or collect and transport food donated to humans or to be
163.34	fed to animals; and

(11) process source-separated compostable materials that are to be used to produce 164.1 Class I or Class II compost, as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 7035.2836, after being 164.2 processed in an anaerobic digester, but not to construct buildings or acquire equipment. 164.3 (b) Beginning in fiscal year 2015 and continuing thereafter, of any money distributed 164.4 by the commissioner under this section to a metropolitan county, as defined in section 164.5 473.121, subdivision 4, that exceeds the amount the county was eligible to receive under 164.6 this section in fiscal year 2014: (1) at least 50 percent must be expended on activities in 164.7 paragraph (a), elause clauses (9) to (11); and (2) the remainder must be expended on 164.8 activities in paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (7) and (9) to (11) that advance the county toward 164.9 achieving its recycling goal under section 115A.551. 164.10

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

164.12 Sec. 108. [115A.565] RECYCLING COMPETITIVE GRANT PROGRAM.

164.13 Subdivision 1. Grant program established. The commissioner shall make

164.14 competitive grants to political subdivisions to establish curbside recycling or composting,

164.15 increase recycling or composting, reduce the amount of recyclable materials entering

164.16 disposal facilities, or reduce the costs associated with hauling waste by locating collection

164.17 sites as close as possible to the site where the waste is generated. To be eligible for grants

164.18 <u>under this section, a political subdivision must be located outside the seven-county</u>

164.19 metropolitan area and a city must have a population of less than 45,000.

164.20Subd. 2.Application. (a) The commissioner must develop forms and procedures164.21for soliciting and reviewing applications for grants under this section.

(b) The determination of whether to make a grant under this section is within the
 discretion of the commissioner, subject to subdivision 4. The commissioner's decisions
 are not subject to judicial review, except for abuse of discretion.

164.25 <u>Subd. 3.</u> **Priorities; eligible projects.** (a) If applications for grants exceed the 164.26 available appropriations, grants must be made for projects that, in the commissioner's

164.27 judgment, provide the highest return in public benefits.

- (b) To be eligible to receive a grant, a project must:
- 164.29 (1) be locally administered;
- 164.30 (2) have an educational component and measurable outcomes;
- 164.31 (3) request \$250,000 or less;

164.32 (4) demonstrate local direct and indirect matching support of at least a quarter

- 164.33 amount of the grant request; and
- 164.34 (5) include at least one of the following elements:

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165.1	(i) transition to residential recyclin	ng through curl	oside or centrally located	collection
165.2	sites;			
165.3	(ii) development of local recycling	g systems to su	pport curbside recycling;	; or
165.4	(iii) development or expansion of	local recycling	systems to support recyc	cling bulk
165.5	materials, including, but not limited to,	electronic was	te.	
165.6	Subd. 4. Cancellation of grant.	If a grant is av	varded under this section	and
165.7	funds are not encumbered for the grant	within four yea	urs after the award date, t	he grant
165.8	must be canceled.			
165.9	Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 2014, s	ection 115A.93	3, subdivision 1, is amend	led to read:
165.10	Subdivision 1. License and regis	<u>tration</u> requir	ed <u>; reporting</u> . <u>(a)</u> A per	son may
165.11	not collect mixed municipal solid waste	for hire witho	ut a license from the juri	sdiction
165.12	where the mixed municipal solid waste	s collected. Th	e local licensing entity s	hall submit
165.13	a list of licensed collectors to the agenc	<u>y.</u>		
165.14	(b) A person may not collect recyc	clable materials	s for hire unless registere	d with the
165.15	agency. If a person is licensed under pa	ragraph (a), th	e person need not registe	er with
165.16	the agency under this paragraph.			
165.17	(c) The agency, in consultation wi	th the Solid W	aste Management Coord	inating
165.18	Board, the Association of Minnesota Co	ounties, the Min	mesota Solid Waste Adm	ninistrators
165.19	Association, and representatives from the	ne waste indust	ry shall, by July 1, 2016,	, develop
165.20	uniform short and long reporting forms	that will reduce	ce duplicative reporting t	to
165.21	governmental units by collectors of soli	d waste and ree	cyclable materials.	
165.22	(d) A collector of mixed municipal	solid waste or	recyclable materials shall	l separately
165.23	report to the agency on an annual basis	information in	cluding, but not limited t	to, the
165.24	quantity of mixed municipal solid waste	and the quanti	ty of recyclable materials	s collected:
165.25	(1) from commercial customers;			
165.26	(2) from residential customers;			
165.27	(3) by county of origin; and			
165.28	(4) by destination of the material.			
165.29	Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 2014, s	ection 115B.34	, subdivision 2, is amend	led to read:

165.30 Subd. 2. **Property damage losses.** (a) Losses compensable by the fund for property 165.31 damage are limited to the following losses caused by damage to the principal residence of 165.32 the claimant:

(1) the reasonable cost of replacing or decontaminating the primary source ofdrinking water for the property not to exceed the amount actually expended by the

claimant or assessed by a local taxing authority, if the Department of Health has confirmed
that the remedy provides safe drinking water and advised that the water not be used for
drinking or determined that the replacement or decontamination of the source of drinking
water was necessary, up to a maximum of \$25,000;

(2) the reasonable cost to install a mitigation system for the claimant's principal
residence, not to exceed the amount actually expended by the claimant, if the agency has
recommended such installation to protect human health due to soil vapor intrusion into
the residence from releases of harmful substances. Reimbursement of eligible claims
shall not exceed \$25,000;

(2) (3) losses incurred as a result of a bona fide sale of the property at less than
 the appraised market value under circumstances that constitute a hardship to the owner,
 limited to 75 percent of the difference between the appraised market value and the selling
 price, but not to exceed \$25,000; and

166.14(3)(4) losses incurred as a result of the inability of an owner in hardship circumstances166.15to sell the property due to the presence of harmful substances, limited to the increase in166.16costs associated with the need to maintain two residences, but not to exceed \$25,000.166.17(b) In computation of the loss under paragraph (a), clause (3) (4), the agency shall

offset the loss by the amount of any income received by the claimant from the rental
of the property.

166.20 (c) For purposes of paragraph (a), the following definitions apply:

(1) "appraised market value" means an appraisal of the market value of the property
disregarding any decrease in value caused by the presence of a harmful substance in
or on the property; and

(2) "hardship" means an urgent need to sell the property based on a special
circumstance of the owner including catastrophic medical expenses, inability of the owner
to physically maintain the property due to a physical or mental condition, and change of
employment of the owner or other member of the owner's household requiring the owner
to move to a different location.

(d) Appraisals are subject to agency approval. The agency may adopt rules
governing approval of appraisals, criteria for establishing a hardship, and other matters
necessary to administer this subdivision.

166.32 Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115B.48, is amended by adding a 166.33 subdivision to read:

166.34Subd. 9. Owner or operator."Owner or operator" means a person who:166.35(1) owns or has owned a dry cleaning facility; or

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167.1	(2) owns or owned real property on which a dry cleaning facility operates or operated.
167.2	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective only upon enactment of a transfer
167.3	of \$743,000 in fiscal year 2016 from the general account in the remediation fund to the
167.4	dry cleaner environmental response and reimbursement account for reimbursement
167.5	of remediation costs by persons other than responsible parties, as specified in article 3,
167.6	section 2, subdivision 4.

Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Creation. A pollution control agency, designated as the Minnesota
Pollution Control Agency, is hereby created. The agency shall consist of the commissioner
and eight members appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the
senate. One of such members shall be a person knowledgeable in the field of agriculture
and one shall be representative of organized labor.

Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.02, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 167.13 Subd. 5. Agency is successor to commission. The Pollution Control Agency is 167.14 the successor of the Water Pollution Control Commission, and all powers and duties 167.15 now vested in or imposed upon said commission by chapter 115, or any act amendatory 167.16 thereof or supplementary thereto, are hereby transferred to, imposed upon, and vested in 167.17 the Minnesota commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency, except as to those matters 167.18 pending before the commission in which hearings have been held and evidence has been 167.19 adduced. The Water Pollution Commission shall complete its action in such pending 167.20 matters not later than six months from May 26, 1967. The Water Pollution Control 167.21 Commission, as heretofore constituted, is hereby abolished, (a) effective upon completion 167.22 of its action in the pending cases, as hereinbefore provided for; or (b) six months from 167.23 May 26, 1967, whichever is the earlier. 167.24

Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Office. (a) The Office of Commissioner of the Pollution Control
Agency is created and is under the supervision and control of the commissioner, who is
appointed by the governor under the provisions of section 15.06.

(b) The commissioner may appoint a deputy commissioner and assistantcommissioners who shall be in the unclassified service.

(c) The commissioner shall make all decisions on behalf of the agency that are not
 required to be made by the agency under section 116.02.

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Sec. 115. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.03, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
 Subd. 2a. Mission; efficiency. It is part of the agency's mission that within the
 agency's resources the commissioner and the members of the agency shall endeavor to:

168.4 (1) prevent the waste or unnecessary spending of public money;

- 168.5 (2) use innovative fiscal and human resource practices to manage the state's
 168.6 resources and operate the agency as efficiently as possible;
- 168.7 (3) coordinate the agency's activities wherever appropriate with the activities of168.8 other governmental agencies;
- (4) use technology where appropriate to increase agency productivity, improve
 customer service, increase public access to information about government, and increase
 public participation in the business of government;
- (5) utilize constructive and cooperative labor-management practices to the extentotherwise required by chapters 43A and 179A;
- (6) report to the legislature on the performance of agency operations and the
 accomplishment of agency goals in the agency's biennial budget according to section
 168.16 16A.10, subdivision 1; and
- 168.17 (7) recommend to the legislature appropriate changes in law necessary to carry out168.18 the mission and improve the performance of the agency.

Sec. 116. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, subdivision 4d, is amended to read: 168.19 Subd. 4d. Permit fees. (a) The agency may collect permit fees in amounts not greater 168.20 than those necessary to cover the reasonable costs of developing, reviewing, and acting 168.21 168.22 upon applications for agency permits and implementing and enforcing the conditions of the permits pursuant to agency rules. Permit fees shall not include the costs of litigation. 168.23 The fee schedule must reflect reasonable and routine direct and indirect costs associated 168.24 168.25 with permitting, implementation, and enforcement. The agency may impose an additional enforcement fee to be collected for a period of up to two years to cover the reasonable costs 168.26 of implementing and enforcing the conditions of a permit under the rules of the agency. 168.27 Any money collected under this paragraph shall be deposited in the environmental fund. 168.28 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the agency shall collect an annual fee from 168.29 the owner or operator of all stationary sources, emission facilities, emissions units, air 168.30 contaminant treatment facilities, treatment facilities, potential air contaminant storage 168.31 facilities, or storage facilities subject to the requirement to obtain a permit a notification, 168.32 permit, or license requirement under subchapter this chapter, subchapters I and V of 168.33 the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., or section 168.34 116.081 or rules adopted thereunder. The annual fee shall be used to pay for all direct 168.35

and indirect reasonable costs, including attorney general legal costs, required to develop 169.1 169.2 and administer the notification, permit, or license program requirements of subchapter this chapter, subchapters I and V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 169.3 42, section 7401 et seq., and sections of this chapter and the or rules adopted under 169.4 this chapter related to air contamination and noise thereunder. Those costs include the 169.5 reasonable costs of reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit; implementing 169.6 and enforcing statutes, rules, and the terms and conditions of a permit; emissions, ambient, 169.7 and deposition monitoring; preparing generally applicable regulations; responding to 169.8 federal guidance; modeling, analyses, and demonstrations; preparing inventories and 169.9 tracking emissions; and providing information to the public about these activities. 169.10

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(c) The agency shall set fees that:

(1) will result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph
(b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each volatile organic compound; pollutant
regulated under United States Code, title 42, section 7411 or 7412 (section 111 or 112
of the federal Clean Air Act); and each pollutant, except carbon monoxide, for which a
national primary ambient air quality standard has been promulgated;

(2) may result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph
(b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each pollutant not listed in clause (1) that is
regulated under this chapter or air quality rules adopted under this chapter; and

(3) shall collect, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), the
amount needed to match grant funds received by the state under United States Code, title
42, section 7405 (section 105 of the federal Clean Air Act).

The agency must not include in the calculation of the aggregate amount to be collected under clauses (1) and (2) any amount in excess of 4,000 tons per year of each air pollutant from a source. The increase in air permit fees to match federal grant funds shall be a surcharge on existing fees. The commissioner may not collect the surcharge after the grant funds become unavailable. In addition, the commissioner shall use nonfee funds to the extent practical to match the grant funds so that the fee surcharge is minimized.

(d) To cover the reasonable costs described in paragraph (b), the agency shall provide
in the rules promulgated under paragraph (c) for an increase in the fee collected in each year
by the percentage, if any, by which the Consumer Price Index for the most recent calendar
year ending before the beginning of the year the fee is collected exceeds the Consumer Price
Index for the calendar year 1989. For purposes of this paragraph the Consumer Price Index
for any calendar year is the average of the Consumer Price Index for all-urban consumers
published by the United States Department of Labor, as of the close of the 12-month period

ending on August 31 of each calendar year. The revision of the Consumer Price Index that is most consistent with the Consumer Price Index for calendar year 1989 shall be used.

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(e) Any money collected under paragraphs (b) to (d) must be deposited in the environmental fund and must be used solely for the activities listed in paragraph (b).

(f) Permit applicants who wish to construct, reconstruct, or modify a facility may 170.5 offer to reimburse the agency for the costs of staff time or consultant services needed to 170.6 expedite the permit development process, including the analysis of environmental review 170.7 documents. The reimbursement shall be in addition to permit application fees imposed by 170.8 law. When the agency determines that it needs additional resources to develop the permit 170.9 application in an expedited manner, and that expediting the development is consistent with 170.10 permitting program priorities, the agency may accept the reimbursement. Reimbursements 170.11 accepted by the agency are appropriated to the agency for the purpose of developing 170.12 the permit or analyzing environmental review documents. Reimbursement by a permit 170.13 applicant shall precede and not be contingent upon issuance of a permit; shall not affect 170.14 170.15 the agency's decision on whether to issue or deny a permit, what conditions are included in a permit, or the application of state and federal statutes and rules governing permit 170.16 determinations; and shall not affect final decisions regarding environmental review. 170.17 170.18 (g) The fees under this subdivision are exempt from section 16A.1285.

Sec. 117. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, subdivision 4j, is amended to read: 170.19 Subd. 4j. Permits; solid waste facilities. (a) The agency may not issue a permit 170.20 for new or additional capacity for a mixed municipal solid waste resource recovery or 170.21 170.22 disposal facility as defined in section 115A.03 unless each county using or projected in the permit to use the facility has in place a solid waste management plan approved under 170.23 section 115A.46 or 473.803 and amended as required by section 115A.96, subdivision 6. 170.24 170.25 The agency shall issue the permit only if the capacity of the facility is consistent with the needs for resource recovery or disposal capacity identified in the approved plan or plans. 170.26 Consistency must be determined by the Pollution Control Agency. Plans approved before 170.27 January 1, 1990, need not be revised if the capacity sought in the permit is consistent 170.28 with the approved plan or plans. 170.29

(b) The agency shall require as part of the permit application for a waste incineration
facility identification of preliminary plans for ash management and ash leachate treatment
or ash utilization. The permit issued by the agency must include requirements for ash
management and ash leachate treatment.

(c) Within 180 days of receipt of a completed application, the agency shall approve,
disapprove, or delay decision on the application, with reasons for the delay, in writing.

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171.2 <u>section 115A.03</u>, subdivision 10, or a permit to expand an existing disposal facility unless:

171.3 (1) all local units of government in which the facility is to be sited and exercising

171.4 their respective land use and zoning authority pursuant to chapter 366, 494, or 462 have

171.5 granted approval for and provided any required public notices of the new or expanded

171.6 <u>facility prior to the issuance of the permit;</u>

171.7 (2) all local units of government in which the facility is to be sited and exercising

their respective land use and zoning authority pursuant to chapter 366, 494, or 462 have

authorized the permit to be issued prior to or concurrent with the required approval by

171.10 <u>the local unit of government; or</u>

(3) the new or expanded facility is part of and will be sited on land already identified
in an approved solid waste management plan as described in paragraph (a).

(e) The commissioners of the Pollution Control Agency and natural resources shall

apply Minnesota Rules, parts 7001.3050, subpart 3, item G, and 7035.2525, subpart 2,

171.15 item G, to solid waste facilities permitted under and in compliance with those rules and in

171.16 <u>compliance with Minnesota Rules, chapter 6132.</u>

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 118. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 171.18 Subd. 7. Counties; processing of applications for animal lot permits. Any 171.19 Minnesota county board may, by resolution, with approval of the Pollution Control 171.20 Agency, assume responsibility for processing applications for permits required by the 171.21 171.22 Pollution Control Agency under this section for livestock feedlots, poultry lots or other animal lots. The responsibility for permit application processing, if assumed by a county, 171.23 may be delegated by the county board to any appropriate county officer or employee. 171.24 (a) For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "processing" includes: 171.25 (1) the distribution to applicants of forms provided by the Pollution Control Agency; 171.26 (2) the receipt and examination of completed application forms, and the certification, 171.27 in writing, to the Pollution Control Agency either that the animal lot facility for which a 171.28 permit is sought by an applicant will comply with applicable rules and standards, or, if 171.29 the facility will not comply, the respects in which a variance would be required for the 171.30

171.31 issuance of a permit; and

(3) rendering to applicants, upon request, assistance necessary for the propercompletion of an application.

(b) For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "processing" may include, at the option of the county board, issuing, denying, modifying, imposing conditions upon, or revoking permits pursuant to the provisions of this section or rules promulgated pursuant
to it, subject to review, suspension, and reversal by the Pollution Control Agency. The
Pollution Control Agency shall, after written notification, have 15 days to review, suspend,
modify, or reverse the issuance of the permit. After this period, the action of the county
board is final, subject to appeal as provided in chapter 14. For permit applications filed
after October 1, 2001, section 15.99 applies to feedlot permits issued by the agency or a
county pursuant to this subdivision.

(c) For the purpose of administration of rules adopted under this subdivision, the
commissioner and the agency may provide exceptions for cases where the owner of a
feedlot has specific written plans to close the feedlot within five years. These exceptions
include waiving requirements for major capital improvements.

(d) For purposes of this subdivision, a discharge caused by an extraordinary natural
event such as a precipitation event of greater magnitude than the 25-year, 24-hour event,
tornado, or flood in excess of the 100-year flood is not a "direct discharge of pollutants."

(e) In adopting and enforcing rules under this subdivision, the commissioner shallcooperate closely with other governmental agencies.

(f) The Pollution Control Agency shall work with the Minnesota Extension Service, the Department of Agriculture, the Board of Water and Soil Resources, producer groups, local units of government, as well as with appropriate federal agencies such as the Natural Resources Conservation Service and the Farm Service Agency, to notify and educate producers of rules under this subdivision at the time the rules are being developed and adopted and at least every two years thereafter.

(g) The Pollution Control Agency shall adopt rules governing the issuance and 172.23 denial of permits for livestock feedlots, poultry lots or other animal lots pursuant to this 172.24 section. Pastures are exempt from the rules authorized under this paragraph. A feedlot 172.25 permit is not required for livestock feedlots with more than ten but less than 50 animal 172.26 units; provided they are not in shoreland areas. A livestock feedlot permit does not 172.27 become required solely because of a change in the ownership of the buildings, grounds, 172.28 or feedlot. These rules apply both to permits issued by counties and to permits issued 172.29 by the Pollution Control Agency directly. 172.30

(h) The Pollution Control Agency shall exercise supervising authority with respectto the processing of animal lot permit applications by a county.

(i) Any new rules or amendments to existing rules proposed under the authority
granted in this subdivision, or to implement new fees on animal feedlots, must be
submitted to the members of legislative policy and finance committees with jurisdiction

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over agriculture and the environment prior to final adoption. The rules must not becomeeffective until 90 days after the proposed rules are submitted to the members.

- (j) Until new rules are adopted that provide for plans for manure storage structures,
 any plans for a liquid manure storage structure must be prepared or approved by a
 registered professional engineer or a United States Department of Agriculture, Natural
 Resources Conservation Service employee.
- 173.7 (k) A county may adopt by ordinance standards for animal feedlots that are more173.8 stringent than standards in Pollution Control Agency rules.
- (1) After January 1, 2001, a county that has not accepted delegation of the feedlot
 permit program must hold a public meeting prior to the agency issuing a feedlot permit
 for a feedlot facility with 300 or more animal units, unless another public meeting has
 been held with regard to the feedlot facility to be permitted.
- (m) After the proposed rules published in the State Register, volume 24, number 25,
 are finally adopted, the agency may not impose additional conditions as a part of a feedlot
 permit, unless specifically required by law or agreed to by the feedlot operator.
- (n) For the purposes of feedlot permitting, a discharge from land-applied manure
 or a manure stockpile that is managed according to agency rule must not be subject to
 a fine for a discharge violation.
- (o) For the purposes of feedlot permitting, manure that is land applied, or a manure
 stockpile that is managed according to agency rule, must not be considered a discharge
 into waters of the state, unless the discharge is to waters of the state, as defined by
 section 103G.005, subdivision 17, except type 1 or type 2 wetlands, as defined in section
 103G.005, subdivision 17b, and does not meet discharge standards established for feedlots
 under agency rule.
- (p) Unless the upgrade is needed to correct an immediate public health threat under
 section 145A.04, subdivision 8, or the facility is determined to be a concentrated animal
 feeding operation under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 122.23, in effect on
 April 15, 2003, the agency may not require a feedlot operator:
- (1) to spend more than \$3,000 to upgrade an existing feedlot with less than 300
 animal units unless cost-share money is available to the feedlot operator for 75 percent of
 the cost of the upgrade; or
- (2) to spend more than \$10,000 to upgrade an existing feedlot with between 300
 and 500 animal units, unless cost-share money is available to the feedlot operator for 75
 percent of the cost of the upgrade or \$50,000, whichever is less.
- (q) For the purposes of this section, "pastures" means areas, including winter feedingareas as part of a grazing area, where grass or other growing plants are used for grazing

174.1	and where the concentration of animals allows a vegetative cover to be maintained during
174.2	the growing season except that vegetative cover is not required:
174.3	(1) in the immediate vicinity of supplemental feeding or watering devices;
174.4	(2) in associated corrals and chutes where livestock are gathered for the purpose of
174.5	sorting, veterinary services, loading and unloading trucks and trailers, and other necessary
174.6	activities related to good animal husbandry practices; and
174.7	(3) in associated livestock access lanes used to convey livestock to and from areas
174.8	of the pasture.
174.9	(r) A feedlot operator who stores and applies up to 100,000 gallons per calendar year
174.10	of private truck wash wastewater resulting from trucks that transport animals or supplies
174.11	to and from the feedlot does not require a permit to land-apply industrial by-products
174.12	if the feedlot operator stores and applies the wastewater in accordance with Pollution
174.13	Control Agency requirements for land applications of industrial by-product that do not
174.14	require a permit.
174.15	(s) A feedlot operator who holds a permit from the Pollution Control Agency to
174.16	land-apply industrial by-products from a private truck wash is not required to have a
174.17	certified land applicator apply the private truck wash wastewater if the wastewater is
174.18	applied by the feedlot operator to cropland owned or leased by the feedlot operator or
174.19	by a commercial animal waste technician licensed by the commissioner of agriculture
174.20	under chapter 18C.
174.21	For purposes of this paragraph and paragraph (r), "private truck wash" means a truck
174.22	washing facility owned or leased, operated, and used only by a feedlot operator to wash
174.23	trucks owned or leased by the feedlot operator and used to transport animals or supplies
174.24	to and from the feedlot.
174.25	Sec. 119. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, is amended by adding a subdivision
174.26	to read:
174.27	Subd. 13. Limitation regarding certain policies, guidelines, and other
174.28	nonbinding interpretive statements. The commissioner shall not seek to implement or
174.29	enforce against any entity or permittee a policy, guideline, or other nonbinding interpretive

- 174.30 statement that meets the definition of a rule under chapter 14 if the policy, guideline, or
- 174.31 other nonbinding interpretive statement has not been adopted as a rule in accordance
- 174.32 with chapter 14.
- 174.33 Sec. 120. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116C.991, is amended to read:

174.34 **116C.991 ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW; SILICA SAND PROJECTS.**

(a) Until July 1, 2015 a final rule is adopted pursuant to Laws 2013, chapter 114,

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175.2 <u>article 4, section 105, paragraph (d)</u>, an environmental assessment worksheet must be

175.3 prepared for any silica sand project that meets or exceeds the following thresholds,

175.4 unless the project meets or exceeds the thresholds for an environmental impact statement

under rules of the Environmental Quality Board and an environmental impact statement

175.6 must be prepared:

175.1

(1) excavates 20 or more acres of land to a mean depth of ten feet or more during itsexistence. The local government is the responsible governmental unit; or

(2) is designed to store or is capable of storing more than 7,500 tons of silica sand or
has an annual throughput of more than 200,000 tons of silica sand and is not required to
receive a permit from the Pollution Control Agency. The Pollution Control Agency is the
responsible governmental unit.

(b) In addition to the contents required under statute and rule, an environmentalassessment worksheet completed according to this section must include:

(1) a hydrogeologic investigation assessing potential groundwater and surface water
effects and geologic conditions that could create an increased risk of potentially significant
effects on groundwater and surface water;

(2) for a project with the potential to require a groundwater appropriation permit
from the commissioner of natural resources, an assessment of the water resources
available for appropriation;

(3) an air quality impact assessment that includes an assessment of the potentialeffects from airborne particulates and dust;

(4) a traffic impact analysis, including documentation of existing transportation
systems, analysis of the potential effects of the project on transportation, and mitigation
measures to eliminate or minimize adverse impacts;

(5) an assessment of compatibility of the project with other existing uses; and
(6) mitigation measures that could eliminate or minimize any adverse environmental
effects for the project.

175.29

29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 121. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116D.04, is amended by adding asubdivision to read:

175.32 Subd. 17. Discretionary review notification. The commissioners of natural
 175.33 resources and the Pollution Control Agency, when ordering the preparation of a
 175.34 discretionary environmental impact statement or discretionary environmental assessment

worksheet for a proposed action, must notify the proposer of the action by certified mail at
least 21 calendar days prior to making the order.

176.3 Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 127A.353, subdivision 1, is amended to 176.4 read:

Subdivision 1. Appointment. The school trust lands director shall be appointed
by the governor. The commissioner of administration shall provide office space for
the director. The commissioner shall provide human resources, payroll, accounting,
procurement, and other similar administrative services to the school trust lands director.
The director's appointment is subject to the advice and consent of the senate.

Sec. 123. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144.12, is amended by adding a subdivisionto read:

176.12Subd. 4. Camper cabins and bunk houses. Camper cabins and bunk houses are176.13exempt from floor space, air space, or bed spacing requirements applicable to lodging176.14establishments adopted by the commissioner. For the purposes of this section:

176.15(1) "bunk house" means a building, structure, or enclosure intended to sleep more176.16than one person for up to three nights that does not include a kitchen or bathroom; and

176.17 (2) "camper cabin" means a permanent rustic enclosure with walls and a floor

176.18 that does not include a kitchen or bath; is located in a state park administered by the

176.19 commissioner of natural resources, at a resort as defined under section 157.15, subdivision

176.20 <u>11, or at a recreational camping area as defined under section 327.14, subdivision 8; and is</u>

176.21 intended to be a place where sleeping accommodations are furnished to the public.

176.22 Sec. 124. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 171.07, is amended by adding a subdivision 176.23 to read:

Subd. 18. All-terrain vehicle safety certificate. (a) The department shall maintain 176.24 in its records information transmitted electronically from the commissioner of natural 176.25 resources identifying each person to whom the commissioner has issued an all-terrain 176.26 vehicle safety certificate. The records transmitted from the Department of Natural 176.27 Resources must contain the full name and date of birth as required for the driver's license 176.28 or identification card. Records that are not matched to a driver's license or identification 176.29 card record may be deleted after seven years. 176.30 (b) After receiving information under paragraph (a) that a person has received an 176.31

176.32 <u>all-terrain vehicle safety certificate, the department shall include, on all drivers' licenses</u>

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or Minnesota identification cards subsequently issued to the person, a graphic or written
 indication that the person has received the certificate.

177.3 (c) If a person who has received an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate applies

177.4 for a driver's license or Minnesota identification card before that information has been

177.5 transmitted to the department, the department may accept a copy of the certificate as proof

177.6 of its issuance and shall then follow the procedures in paragraph (b).

177.7 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2016, or the date the new
 177.8 driver and vehicle services information technology system is implemented, whichever

177.9 comes later.

Sec. 125. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 282.011, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 177.10 177.11 Subd. 3. Title examination. The commissioner of revenue shall, if requested by the purchaser or the county attorney of the county where all or a portion of the land is situated, 177.12 deliver the deed to the county attorney for use under Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 177.13 88.48, subdivision 5, but such delivery shall not be considered delivery to the purchaser. 177.14 The county attorney shall be instructed when taking the transferral of the deed that said 177.15 deed shall not be delivered to the purchaser unless the land involved is accepted as and 177.16 placed into an auxiliary forest. 177.17

177.18 Sec. 126. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 446A.073, subdivision 1, is amended to 177.19 read:

177.20 Subdivision 1. **Program established.** When money is appropriated for grants 177.21 under this program, the authority shall award grants up to a maximum of \$3,000,000 to 177.22 governmental units to cover up to one-half the cost of wastewater treatment or storm water 177.23 infrastructure projects made necessary by:

(1) a wasteload reduction prescribed under a total maximum daily load plan required
by section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 33, section
1313(d);

(2) a phosphorus concentration or mass limit which requires discharging one
milligram per liter or less at permitted design flow which is incorporated into a permit
issued by the Pollution Control Agency;

(3) any other water quality-based effluent limit established under section 115.03,
subdivision 1, paragraph (e), clause (8), and incorporated into a permit issued by the
Pollution Control Agency that exceeds secondary treatment limits; or

(4) a total nitrogen limit of ten milligrams per liter or less for a land-based treatmentsystem.

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178.1	Sec. 127. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 446A.073, subdivision 3, is amended to
178.2	read:
178.3	Subd. 3. Project priorities. When money is appropriated for grants under this
178.4	program, the authority shall accept applications during the month of July and reserve
178.5	money for projects expected to proceed with construction by the end of the fiscal year in
178.6	the order listed on the Pollution Control Agency's project priority list and in an amount
178.7	based on the cost estimate submitted to the authority in the grant application or the as-bid
178.8	costs, whichever is less. Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, chapter 7077, the Pollution
178.9	Control Agency may rank a drinking water infrastructure project on the agency's project
178.10	priority list if the project is necessary to meet an applicable requirement in subdivision 1.
178.11	Sec. 128. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 446A.073, subdivision 4, is amended to
178.12	read:
178.13	Subd. 4. Grant approval. The authority must make a grant for an eligible project
178.14	only after:
178.15	(1) the applicant has submitted the as-bid cost for the wastewater treatment or storm
178.16	water_infrastructure project;
178.17	(2) the Pollution Control Agency has approved the as-bid costs and certified the
178.18	grant eligible portion of the project; and
178.19	(3) the authority has determined that the additional financing necessary to complete
178.20	the project has been committed from other sources.
178.21	Sec. 129. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 473.1565, is amended to read:
178.22	473.1565 METROPOLITAN AREA WATER SUPPLY PLANNING
178.23	ACTIVITIES; ADVISORY COMMITTEE COMMITTEES.
178.24	Subdivision 1. Planning activities. (a) The Metropolitan Council must carry out
178.25	planning activities addressing the water supply needs of the metropolitan area as defined
178.26	in section 473.121, subdivision 2. The planning activities must include, at a minimum:
178.27	(1) development and maintenance of a base of technical information needed for
178.28	sound water supply decisions including surface and groundwater availability analyses,
178.29	water demand projections, water withdrawal and use impact analyses, modeling, and
178.30	similar studies;
178.31	(2) development and periodic update of a metropolitan area master water supply
178.32	plan, prepared in cooperation with and subject to the approval of the commissioner of
178.33	natural resources policy advisory committee established in this section, that:
178.34	(i) provides guidance for local water supply systems and future regional investments;

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179.1	(ii) emphasizes conservation, interjurisdictional cooperation, and long-term
179.2	sustainability; and
179.3	(iii) addresses the reliability, security, and cost-effectiveness of the metropolitan area
179.4	water supply system and its local and subregional components;
179.5	(3) recommendations for clarifying the appropriate roles and responsibilities of
179.6	local, regional, and state government in metropolitan area water supply;
179.7	(4) recommendations for streamlining and consolidating metropolitan area water
179.8	supply decision-making and approval processes; and
179.9	(5) recommendations for the ongoing and long-term funding of metropolitan area
179.10	water supply planning activities and capital investments.
179.11	(b) The council must carry out the planning activities in this subdivision in
179.12	consultation with the Metropolitan Area Water Supply Policy and Technical Advisory
179.13	Committee Committees established in subdivision 2 this section.
179.14	Subd. 2. Policy advisory committee. (a) A Metropolitan Area Water Supply
179.15	Policy Advisory Committee is established to assist the council in its planning activities in
179.16	subdivision 1. The policy advisory committee has the following membership:
179.17	(1) the commissioner of agriculture or the commissioner's designee;
179.18	(2) the commissioner of health or the commissioner's designee;
179.19	(3) the commissioner of natural resources or the commissioner's designee;
179.20	(4) the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency or the commissioner's
179.21	designee;
179.22	(5) two officials of counties that are located in the metropolitan area, appointed by
179.23	the governor, in consultation with the Association of Minnesota Counties;
179.24	(6) five officials of noncounty local governmental units that are located in the
179.25	metropolitan area, appointed by the governor, in consultation with the Association of
179.26	Metropolitan Municipalities;
179.27	(7) the chair of the Metropolitan Council or the chair's designee, who is chair of the
179.28	advisory committee; and
179.29	(8) one official each from the counties of Chisago, Isanti, Sherburne, and Wright,
179.30	appointed by the governor, in consultation with the Association of Minnesota Counties
179.31	and the League of Minnesota Cities; and
179.32	(9) a representative of the Saint Paul Regional Water Services, appointed by and
179.33	serving at the pleasure of the Saint Paul Regional Water Services, and a representative
179.34	of the Minneapolis Water Department, appointed by and serving at the pleasure of the
179.35	mayor of the city of Minneapolis.

Article 4 Sec. 129.

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180.1	A local government unit in each of the seven counties in the metropolitan area
180.2	and Chisago, Isanti, Sherburne, and Wright Counties must be represented in the 11
180.3	appointments made under clauses (5), (6), and (8).
180.4	(b) Members of the advisory committee appointed by the governor serve at the
180.5	pleasure of the governor. Members of the advisory committee serve without compensation
180.6	but may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses as determined by the Metropolitan
180.7	Council. The advisory committee expires December 31, 2016.
180.8	(c) The council must consider the work and recommendations of the policy advisory
180.9	committee when the council is preparing its regional development framework.
180.10	Subd. 2a. Technical advisory committee. A Metropolitan Area Water Supply
180.11	Technical Advisory Committee is established to inform the policy advisory committee's
180.12	work by providing scientific and engineering expertise necessary to provide the region
180.13	an adequate and sustainable water supply. The technical advisory committee consists of
180.14	15 members appointed by the policy advisory committee, with the majority of members
180.15	representing single-city and multicity public water supply systems in the metropolitan
180.16	area and including experts in:
180.17	(1) water resources analysis and modeling;
180.18	(2) hydrology; and
180.19	(3) the engineering, planning, design, and construction of water systems or water
180.20	systems finance.
180.21	Members of the technical advisory committee serve at the pleasure of the policy advisory
180.22	committee, without compensation, but may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses as
180.23	determined by the council.
180.24	Subd. 3. Reports to legislature. (a) The council must submit reports to the
180.25	legislature regarding its findings, recommendations, and continuing planning activities
180.26	under subdivision 1. These reports shall be included in the "Minnesota Water Plan"
180.27	required in section 103B.151, and five-year interim reports may be provided as necessary.
180.28	(b) By February 15, 2017, and at least every five years thereafter, the policy advisory
180.29	committee shall report to the council, the Legislative Water Commission, and the chairs
180.30	and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees and
180.31	divisions with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources with the information
180.32	required under this section. The policy advisory committee's report and recommendations
180.33	must include information provided by the technical advisory committee.

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181.1 EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION. This section is effective the day following
 181.2 final enactment and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey,
 181.3 Scott, and Washington.

Sec. 130. SURPLUS STATE LAND SALES. 181.4 The school trust lands director shall identify, in consultation with the commissioner 181.5 of natural resources, at least \$5,000,000 in state-owned lands suitable for sale. The lands 181.6 identified shall not be within a unit of the outdoor recreation system under Minnesota 181.7 Statutes, section 86A.05, an administrative site, or trust land. The commissioner shall 181.8 sell at least \$3,000,000 worth of lands identified under this section by June 30, 2017. 181.9 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 94.16, subdivision 3, or any other law to the 181.10 181.11 contrary, the amount of the proceeds from the sale of lands that exceeds the actual expenses of selling the lands must be deposited in the school trust lands account and used to 181.12 extinguish the school trust interest as provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 92.83, on 181.13 181.14 school trust lands that have public water access sites or old growth forests located on them. 181.15 Sec. 131. REQUIRED RULEMAKING; SUBSURFACE SEWAGE TREATMENT

181.16 **SYSTEMS.**

181.17The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall adopt rules, using the181.18expedited rulemaking process in Minnesota Statutes, section 14.389, that set forth

181.19 procedures to conform with the changes to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115, under this act

181.19 procedures to conform with the changes to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115, under this act

181.20 and to streamline the subsurface sewage treatment system (SSTS) license application and

- 181.21 renewal process in a manner that:
- 181.22 (1) surety bond and insurance requirements of licensed SSTS businesses meet the
- requirements of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115 and section 326B.46, subdivision 2; and
- 181.24 (2) properly trained SSTS installers may complete work on a building sewer with
- 181.25 respect to the Plumbing Code and plumbing program and SSTS designers and inspectors
- 181.26 <u>may complete work on a building sewer connected to an SSTS with respect to the</u>
- 181.27 <u>Plumbing Code and plumbing program.</u>

181.28 Sec. 132. WETLAND CONSERVATION ACT REPORT.

181.29 By March 15, 2016, the Board of Water and Soil Resources, in cooperation with the

- 181.30 Department of Natural Resources, shall report to the committees with jurisdiction over
- 181.31 environment and natural resources on the proposals to implement high priority areas for
- 181.32 wetland replacement and in-lieu fees for replacement and modify wetland replacement

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siting and actions eligible for credit. In developing the report, the board and department
shall consult with stakeholders and agencies.

182.3	Sec. 133. ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE REGISTRATION TRANSITION.
182.4	(a) A person must have an unexpired class 1 or class 2 all-terrain vehicle or off-road
182.5	vehicle registration and may continue to display the unexpired class 1 or class 2 all-terrain
182.6	vehicle or off-road vehicle registration until the electronic licensing system has been
182.7	upgraded to conform with the amendments to Minnesota Statutes, section 84.92, under
182.8	this act.
182.9	(b) When the electronic licensing system has been upgraded, a person who possesses
182.10	an unexpired class 1 or class 2 all-terrain vehicle or off-road vehicle registration may
182.11	continue to display that unexpired class 1 or class 2 all-terrain vehicle or off-road vehicle
182.12	registration until the class 1 or class 2 all-terrain vehicle or off-road vehicle registration is
182.13	renewed, transferred, or replacement registration is applied for.
182.14	Sec. 134. COST ANALYSIS OF WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.
182.15	(a) The commissioner of management and budget, after consultation with the
182.16	commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency, shall issue a request for proposal not to
182.17	exceed \$500,000 to contract with a nonstate entity for an engineering cost analysis of
182.18	current and recently adopted, proposed, or anticipated changes to water quality standards
182.19	and rules, including:
182.20	(1) recently adopted or proposed changes to total suspended solid, nutrient, chloride,
182.21	nitrate, and sulfate standards;
182.22	(2) proposed nondegradation rulemaking provisions; and
182.23	(3) proposed changes to water quality standards to incorporate a tiered aquatic
182.24	life use framework.
182.25	(b) The contractor may employ engineering subcontractors serving local
182.26	governments to complete the analysis. The analysis must include a cost analysis for a
182.27	representative sample of at least 15 communities and provide an estimate of the cost impact
182.28	to average residential and commercial connections in those communities. The sample
182.29	must include a diverse set of communities based on geography, watersheds, community
182.30	size, wastewater facility types and operators, storm water system types, and other factors
182.31	to ensure the analysis is representative of the state as a whole. The analysis must include:
182.32	(1) an estimate of the overall capital and operating costs to maintain and upgrade
182.33	wastewater and storm water systems for existing water quality standards;

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- (2) an estimate of the overall capital and operating costs likely to be incurred to upgrade wastewater and storm water systems for recently adopted, proposed, or
- 183.3 anticipated changes to water quality standards; and
- 183.4 (3) an estimate of the incremental effect to overall water quality in the receiving
- 183.5 waters as a direct result of the recently adopted, proposed, or anticipated changes to
 183.6 water quality standards.
- 183.7 (c) The commissioner shall submit the analysis to the chairs and ranking minority
- 183.8 members of the committees and divisions of the house of representatives and senate with
- 183.9 jurisdiction over water quality standards no later than January 1, 2017.
- 183.10 (d) Any appropriation for the contract under paragraph (a) does not cancel and is
- available until expended. Any money in excess of the \$500,000 needed must be paid
- 183.12 <u>from the agency's base budget.</u>
- 183.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

183.14 Sec. 135. <u>RED RIVER MINIMUM WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.</u>

- 183.15
 As part of achieving phosphorous reductions needed to protect the Red River and

 183.15
 Unit of achieving phosphorous reductions needed to protect the Red River and
- 183.16 <u>Lake Winnipeg, the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency shall work with the North Dakota</u>
- 183.17 Department of Health and the United States Environmental Protection Agency Regions 5
- 183.18 and 8 and with wastewater treatment plants in the Red River Basin that discharge more
- 183.19 than 1,800 pounds of phosphorus per year to place wastewater treatment plants on a
- 183.20 schedule to achieve a one milligram per liter total phosphorus effluent limit no sooner than
- 183.21 <u>2025</u>, unless a sooner date is mutually agreed to for a treatment plant by the agencies.

183.22 Sec. 136. WILD RICE WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.

- (a) Until the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency amends rules refining
- 183.24 the wild rice water quality standard in Minnesota Rules, part 7050.0224, subpart 2, to
- 183.25 <u>consider all independent research and publicly funded research and to include criteria for</u>
- identifying waters and a list of waters subject to the standard, implementation of the wild
- 183.27 rice water quality standard in Minnesota Rules, part 7050.0224, subpart 2, shall be limited
- 183.28 to the following, unless the permittee requests additional conditions:
- 183.29 (1) when issuing, modifying, or renewing national pollutant discharge elimination
- 183.30 system (NPDES) or state disposal system (SDS) permits, the agency shall endeavor to
- 183.31 protect wild rice, and in doing so shall be limited by the following conditions:
- (i) the agency shall not require permittees to expend money for design or
- 183.33 implementation of sulfate treatment technologies or other forms of sulfate mitigation; and
- (ii) the agency may require sulfate minimization plans in permits; and

184.1 (2) the agency shall not list waters containing natural beds of wild rice as impaired

184.2 for sulfate under section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act, United States Code, title

184.3 <u>33, section 1313, until the rulemaking described in this paragraph takes effect.</u>

184.4 (b) Upon the rule described in paragraph (a) taking effect, the agency may reopen

184.5 permits issued or reissued after the effective date of this section as needed to include

184.6 <u>numeric permit limits based on the wild rice water quality standard.</u>

184.7 (c) The commissioner shall complete the rulemaking described in paragraph (a) by
184.8 January 15, 2018.

184.9 Sec. 137. FEDERAL CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 404 PERMIT PROGRAM 184.10 FEASIBILITY STUDY.

184.11 (a) The Board of Water and Soil Resources and the commissioner of natural

184.12 resources shall study the feasibility of the state assuming administration of the section

184.13 <u>404 permit program of the federal Clean Water Act. The United States Army Corps of</u>

184.14 Engineers, St. Paul District; and the United States Environmental Protection Agency shall

184.15 <u>be consulted with during the development of the study. The study shall identify:</u>

- 184.16 (1) the federal requirements for state assumption of the 404 program;
- 184.17 (2) the potential extent of assumption, including those waters that would remain under

184.18 the jurisdiction of the United States Army Corps of Engineers due to the prohibition of 404

184.19 <u>assumption in certain waters as defined in section 404(g)(1) of the federal Clean Water Act;</u>

184.20 (3) differences in waters regulated under Minnesota laws compared to waters of the

184.21 United States, including complications and potential solutions to address the current

184.22 <u>uncertainties relating to determining waters of the United States;</u>

184.23 (4) measures to ensure the protection of aquatic resources consistent with the Clean

184.24 Water Act, Wetland Conservation Act, and the public waters program administered by the

184.25 Department of Natural Resources;

184.26 (5) changes to existing state law, including changes to current implementation

- 184.27 structure and processes, that would need to occur to allow for state assumption of the
- 184.28 <u>404 program;</u>
- 184.29 (6) new agency responsibilities for implementing federal requirements and
- 184.30 procedures that would become the obligation of the state under assumption, including the
- 184.31 staff and resources needed for implementation;
- 184.32 (7) the estimated costs and savings that would accrue to affected units of government;
- 184.33 (8) the effect on application review and approval processes and time frames;
- 184.34 (9) alternatives to assumption that would also achieve the goals of regulatory
- 184.35 simplification, efficiency, and reduced permitting times;

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- 185.2 (11) other information as determined by the board and commissioner.
- (b) The board and commissioner shall involve stakeholders in the development of
- 185.4 the plan of study consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 103B.101, subdivision 16.
- (c) By January 15, 2017, the board and commissioner must report the study to the
- 185.6 legislative policy and finance committees and divisions with jurisdiction over environment
- 185.7 and natural resources.

185.1

185.8 Sec. 138. METROPOLITAN PARKS; INTEREST EARNINGS.

- 185.9 Notwithstanding Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 15, section 5, subdivision
- 185.10 2, paragraph (b), and Laws 1987, chapter 384, article 3, section 45, the Metropolitan
- 185.11 Council shall use the interest earnings in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 15,
- 185.12 section 5, subdivision 2, for the use and betterment of all regional recreational open space
- 185.13 lands under the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Council.
- 185.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018.

185.15 Sec. 139. <u>REFUNDS; YOUTH BEAR LICENSES.</u>

- 185.16The commissioner of natural resources may issue refunds for youth bear licenses
- 185.17 that were purchased between August 1, 2013, and June 30, 2014, to individuals who were
- 185.18 <u>10, 11, or 12 years old at the time of purchase until June 30, 2016.</u>

185.19 Sec. 140. WATER RETENTION PROJECTS.

- By August 1, 2015, the commissioner of natural resources, in cooperation with
- 185.21 the commissioners of agriculture and the Pollution Control Agency, the Board of Water
- and Soil Resources, and other interested parties, shall develop proposals for significant
- 185.23 large-scale projects that provide flood water retention, water quality improvements,
- 185.24 <u>nutrient and sediment reduction, and wildlife habitat for submission to the Lessard-Sams</u>
- 185.25 Outdoor Heritage Council, Clean Water Council, and the Legislative-Citizen Commission
- on Minnesota Resources for funding in fiscal year 2017. Any deadlines established by the
- 185.27 Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council, Clean Water Council, or the Legislative-Citizen
- 185.28 Commission on Minnesota Resources are waived for purposes of the submissions.

185.29 Sec. 141. WILD TURKEY CRITICAL HABITAT PLATE.

- 185.30The commissioner of natural resources and the commissioner of public safety must
- 185.31 select a design depicting wild turkey when selecting designs for the next selection of critical
- 185.32 <u>habitat plates as provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 168.1296, subdivision 2.</u>

186.1 Sec. 142. <u>BASE BUDGET REPORT.</u> 186.2 <u>The commissioners of agriculture, natural resources, and the Pollution Control</u> 186.3 <u>Agency shall each submit a report that contains the details of their base budgets,</u> 186.4 <u>including prior appropriation riders, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the</u> 186.5 <u>house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the</u> 186.6 environment and natural resources by October 15, 2016.

186.7 Sec. 143. NEGATIVE SURFACE WATER IMPACTS; RECOMMENDATIONS.

186.8 By December 15, 2015, the commissioner of natural resources shall consult with

186.9 interested stakeholders and submit a report to the Legislative Water Commission and

186.10 the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate

186.11 committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the environment and natural resources

186.12 policy and finance on recommendations for statutory or rule definitions and thresholds for

186.13 <u>negative impacts to surface waters as described in Minnesota Statutes, sections 103G.285</u>

186.14 and 103G.287, subdivision 2. Stakeholders must include but are not limited to agricultural

186.15 interests; environmental interests; businesses; community water suppliers; state, federal,

186.16 and local agencies; universities; and other interested stakeholders.

186.17 Sec. 144. <u>RULEMAKING; SSTS; EXISTING CAMPGROUNDS AND</u>

186.18 **RESORTS.**

186.19(a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall adopt rules, using the186.20expedited rulemaking process in Minnesota Statutes, section 14.389, to eliminate the need186.21for existing campgrounds and resorts that are open for 180 days or less per year to estimate186.22wastewater flow rates to subsurface sewage treatment systems as required by Minnesota186.23Rules, part 7081.0040, subpart 1, item B. The rules shall establish flow monitoring and186.24recording for subsurface sewage treatment systems at existing campgrounds and resorts

- 186.25 that are open for 180 days or less per year as provided in paragraphs (b) to (f).
- (b) The rules shall provide that existing campgrounds and resorts are allowed to use
 the following flow measurement methods:
- 186.28 (1) sewage lift station pump with runtime meter and counter;
- 186.29 (2) sewage flow meter;
- 186.30 (3) flow meters on wells; and
- 186.31 (4) water softener system with flow measurement when the measurement includes
- 186.32 <u>all flow to the subsurface soil treatment system, including backwash.</u>
- 186.33 (c) The measured flow rate must include the total of all treatment systems that are
- 186.34 located on the resort or campground. If fewer than 25 percent of the systems are not

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187.1	measured, an average of the metere	ed systems can be use	ed to determine the flo	ow from
187.2	the unmetered systems.			
187.3	(d) A daily flow rate and daily	y campground occupa	ancy rate must be reco	orded for a
187.4	minimum of two weeks, centered of	on and including July	4. Weekly monitoring	g must also
187.5	be done for an additional continuou	is two weeks prior an	d two weeks followin	g July 4.
187.6	(e) If no flow data exists, the	existing campground	or resort owner or op	erator shall
187.7	implement an acceptable flow meas	surement plan and sta	rt measuring and reco	ording flow
187.8	data within 120 days of notification	<u>1.</u>		
187.9	(f) Flow measurement device	s must be calibrated b	before start-up of mon	itoring and
187.10	another calibration during the test t	to verify results.		
187.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective the	day following final er	nactment.
187.12	Sec. 145. <u>RULEMAKING; S</u>	EPTIC SYSTEM P	ROFESSIONALS;	
187.13	ELIGIBILITY.			
187.14	The commissioner of the Pol	lution Control Agenc	y shall adopt rules, us	sing the
187.15	expedited rulemaking process in M	innesota Statutes, sec	tion 14.389, to create	a procedure
187.16	for previously or currently certification	tion-eligible septic sy	stem professionals to	apply to
187.17	re-establish or maintain certification	n eligibility. The cond	litional eligibility shal	l begin upon
187.18	acceptance of an application by the	Pollution Control Ag	sency and end upon co	ompletion of
187.19	recertification procedures, includin	g completion of neces	ssary continuing educ	ation and

examinations. The length of the conditional eligibility shall be limited to one year. 187.20

187.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 146. INITIAL IMPLEMENTATION; WAIVERS. 187.22

187.23 A soil and water conservation district must grant a conditional compliance waiver

under Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.48, to landowners who have applied for and 187.24

maintained eligibility for financial assistance within one year of the dates listed in 187.25

Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.48, subdivision 3, paragraph (e), according to Minnesota 187.26

Statutes, section 103F.48. A conditional compliance waiver also must be granted to 187.27

- landowners who are subject to a drainage proceeding commenced under Minnesota 187.28
- Statutes, sections 103E.011, subdivision 5; 103E.021, subdivision 6; and 103E.715. The 187.29
- conditional compliance waiver is valid until financial assistance is available for buffer 187.30
- installation, but not later than November 1, 2018. 187.31

Sec. 147. TRANSFERS. 187.32

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188.1	(a) By June 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer
188.2	to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in
188.3	Minnesota Statutes, section 84.69, the remaining balance in the forests for the future
188.4	conservation easement account under Minnesota Statutes, section 84.68.
188.5	(b) By June 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer
188.6	to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in
188.7	Minnesota Statutes, section 84.69, the following amounts:
188.8	(1) \$114,840 from Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section
188.9	2, subdivision 3, paragraph (a);
188.10	(2) \$25,000 from Laws 2012, chapter 264, article 1, section 2, subdivision 5,
188.11	paragraph (a); and
188.12	(3) \$14,000 from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2,
188.13	paragraph (c).
188.14	(c) The commissioner of management and budget shall transfer additional
188.15	amounts from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2, paragraph
188.16	(c), to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in
188.17	Minnesota Statutes, section 84.69, upon closing on conservation easements funded by the
188.18	appropriation, provided that total transfers to the account shall not exceed \$42,000.
188.19	(d) The commissioner of management and budget shall transfer amounts from
188.20	Laws 2014, chapter 256, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2, paragraph (e), to the natural
188.21	resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in Minnesota Statutes,
188.22	section 84.69, upon closing on conservation easements funded by the appropriation,
188.23	provided that total transfers to the account shall not exceed \$112,000.
188.24	(e) By June 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer to
188.25	the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account, established in Minnesota
188.26	Statutes, section 103B.103, the following amounts:
188.27	(1) \$191,667 from Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section
188.28	2, subdivision 2, paragraph (c);
188.29	(2) \$57,750 from Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section
188.30	2, subdivision 4, paragraph (a);
188.31	(3) \$15,750 from Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section
188.32	2, subdivision 4, paragraph (c);
188.33	(4) \$48,000 from Laws 2012, chapter 264, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2,
188.34	paragraph (a);
188.35	(5) \$1,821 from Laws 2012, chapter 264, article 1, section 2, subdivision 3,
188.36	paragraph (a);

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189.1	(6) \$26,400 from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 3,
189.2	paragraph (b);
189.3	(7) \$26,400 from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2,
189.4	paragraph (e);
189.5	(8) \$4,800 from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 4,
189.6	paragraph (d); and
189.7	(9) \$4,500 from Laws 2014, chapter 256, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2,
189.8	paragraph (f).
189.9	(f) The commissioner of management and budget shall continue to transfer money,
189.10	appropriated to the Board of Water and Soil Resources on or before June 30, 2015,
189.11	for conservation easement monitoring and enforcement funds to the water and soil
189.12	conservation easement stewardship account, established in Minnesota Statutes, section
189.13	103B.103, upon closing on conservation easements, provided that total transfers to the
189.14	account shall not exceed the "up to" amount specified in each appropriation.
189.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
189.16	Sec. 148. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTIONS.
189.17	(a) The revisor of statutes shall delete the range reference "88.47 to 88.53" wherever
189.18	it appears in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules and insert "88.49 to 88.53."
189.19	(b) The revisor of statutes shall renumber the subdivisions of Minnesota Statutes,
189.20	section 103G.005, to retain alphabetical order and shall correct cross-references to the
189.21	renumbered subdivisions.
189.22	Sec. 149. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.
189.23	The revisor of statutes shall prepare draft legislation to amend statutes to conform
189.24	with structural changes to the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency under sections 112
189.25	to 115 and 150. The revisor shall submit the proposed legislation to the chairs of the
189.26	house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over environment policy
189.27	by January 1, 2016.
189.28	Sec. 150. <u>REPEALER.</u>
189.29	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 84.68; 88.47; 88.48; 88.49, subdivisions 1, 2,
189.30	and 10; 88.491, subdivision 1; 88.51, subdivision 2; and 282.013, are repealed.
189.31	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.13, subdivisions 2 and 4, are repealed.

- (c) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.02, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, and
- 189.33 <u>10, are repealed.</u>

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190.1	(d) Minnesota Statutes 2014, s	sections 103F.421, s	ubdivision 5; 103F.451	; and
190.2	114D.50, subdivision 4a, are repealed			
		1 4 2 6 4		11 .
190.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragra	ph (b) of this sectio	n is effective the day to	llowing
190.4	final enactment.			
190.5		ARTICLE 5		
190.6	G	AME AND FISH		
190.7	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 201	4, section 84.027, st	ubdivision 13a, is amend	led to read:
190.8	Subd. 13a. Game and fish ex	pedited permanen	t rules. (a) In addition	to the
190.9	authority granted in subdivision 13,	the commissioner of	f natural resources may	adopt rules
190.10	under section 14.389 that are author	ized under:		
190.11	(1) chapters 97A, 97B, and 97	C to describe zone	or permit area boundari	es, to
190.12	designate fish spawning beds or fish	preserves, to select	hunters or anglers for	areas,
190.13	to provide for registration of game of	or fish, to prevent or	control wildlife disease	e, or to
190.14	correct errors or omissions in rules t	hat do not have a su	bstantive effect on the	intent or
190.15	application of the original rule; or			
190.16	(2) section 84D.12 to list prohi	bited invasive speci	es, regulated invasive s	pecies, and
190.17	unregulated nonnative species.			
190.18	(b) The commissioner of natur	al resources may ad	lopt rules under section	14.389
190.19	that are authorized under chapters 9	7A, 97B, and 97C, f	for purposes in addition	to those
190.20	listed in paragraph (a), clause (1), su	ubject to the notice	and public hearing prov	isions
190.21	of section 14.389, subdivision 5.			
190.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This see	ction is effective the	day following final ena	actment.
190.23	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014,	section 84.0274, su	bdivision 3, is amended	to read:
190.24	Subd. 3. Condemnation limit	ts. No lands shall be	e acquired by the comm	issioner
190.25	of natural resources by means of co	ndemnation unless	the owner requests that	the
190.26	owner's lands be condemned or the	condemnation is spe	ecifically authorized by	law.
190.27	Notwithstanding subdivision 5, para	graph (g), and section	ons 117.52 and 117.521,	, the owner
190.28	shall not be paid relocation costs wh	en the owner reques	sts that their lands be co	ndemned.
190.29	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014,	section 84.0274, su	bdivision 5, is amended	to read:

Subd. 5. **Owner's rights.** When the state proposes to purchase in fee or any lesser interest in land which will be administered by the commissioner of natural resources, the landowner shall have the following rights:

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(a) the right to be informed of the specific intended use of the property and of anychange in the intended use of the property which occurs during the acquisition process.

191.3 The owner shall also be informed that the documents regarding the purchase will be public 191.4 records if the land is purchased by the state;

(b) the right to be paid a fair price for the property. The price shall include thefair market value of the land plus:

(1) all necessary incidental costs such as abstracting and recording fees related
to the sale. The costs of clearing title defects, paying taxes, and attorney's fees are not
reimbursable; and

(2) any penalties incurred by the owner where the property is security for a loan or
advance of credit that contains a provision requiring or permitting the imposition of a
penalty if the loan or advance of credit is prepaid;

(c) the right to payment, at the owner's election, in a lump sum or in up to fourannual installments;

(d) the right to have the property fairly appraised by the state. The state's appraiser
shall physically inspect the property and the owner shall be allowed to accompany the
appraiser when the appraisal is made. The state's appraiser shall certify in the appraisal
report to having physically inspected the property and having given the landowner an
opportunity to accompany the appraiser on inspections. Notwithstanding section 13.44,
subdivision 3, before an offer is made, the landowner shall be informed of the value
determined pursuant to section 84.0272;

(e) the right to retain a qualified independent appraiser to conduct an appraisal at any
time prior to certification of the state's appraisal of the property and to be reimbursed for
appraisal fees as provided in section 117.232, subdivision 1, if the land is sold to the state
and to have that appraisal considered along with the state's in certifying the selling price
and the right to be reimbursed for appraisal fees up to \$1,500 if the land is sold to the state;

(f) the right to have the state acquire the property by means of condemnation uponthe owner's request with the agreement of the commissioner;

(g) when the property is being acquired by condemnation or the condemnation is
specifically authorized by law, the right to receive or waive relocation assistance, services,
payments and benefits as provided in sections 117.52 and 117.521 and to contest the state's
offer for relocation and moving expenses;

(h) the right to accept the state's offer for the property and contest the state's offer for
relocation and moving expenses;

(j) the right to seek the advice of counsel regarding any aspect of the land transaction.

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- (i) the right to continue occupancy of the property until full payment is received,
 provided that when the owner elects to receive payment in annual installments pursuant to
 clause (c), the owner may retain occupancy until the first payment is made; and
- 192.4

192.5 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

192.6 Subd. 3. **Bait harvest from infested waters.** (a) Taking wild animals from infested 192.7 waters for bait or aquatic farm purposes is prohibited, except as provided in paragraph (b)₂ 192.8 (c), or (d), and section 97C.341.

(b) In waters that are listed as infested waters, except those listed because they
eontain as infested with prohibited invasive species of fish or certifiable diseases of fish, as
defined under section 17.4982, subdivision 6, taking wild animals may be permitted for:
(1) commercial taking of wild animals for bait and aquatic farm purposes according
to as provided in a permit issued under section 84D.11, subject to rules adopted by the
commissioner; and

(2) bait purposes for noncommercial personal use in waters that contain Eurasian
water milfoil, when the infested waters are listed solely because they contain Eurasian
water milfoil and if the equipment for taking is limited to cylindrical minnow traps not
exceeding 16 inches in diameter and 32 inches in length; and.

(3) (c) In streams or rivers that are listed as infested waters, except those listed as
infested with certifiable diseases of fish, as defined under section 17.4982, subdivision 6,
the harvest of bullheads, goldeyes, mooneyes, sheepshead (freshwater drum), and suckers
for bait from streams or rivers listed as infested waters, by hook and line for noncommercial
personal use. Other provisions that apply to this clause are is allowed as follows:

(i) (1) fish taken under this elause paragraph must be used on the same body of water
where caught and while still on that water body. Where the river or stream is divided by
barriers such as dams, the fish must be caught and used on the same section of the river
or stream;

(ii) (2) fish taken under this elause paragraph may not be transported live from or
 off the water body;

(iii) (3) fish harvested under this elause paragraph may only be used in accordance
with this section;

192.32(iv)(4) any other use of wild animals used for bait from infested waters is prohibited;192.33(v)(5) fish taken under this elause paragraph must meet all other size restrictions192.34and requirements as established in rules; and

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193.1	(vi) (6) all species listed under this elause paragraph shall be included in the person's
193.2	daily limit as established in rules, if applicable.
193.3	(d) In the Mississippi River downstream of St. Anthony Falls and the St.
193.4	Croix River downstream of the dam at Taylors Falls, including portions described as
193.5	Minnesota-Wisconsin boundary waters in Minnesota Rules, part 6266.0500, subpart 1,
193.6	items A and B, the harvest of gizzard shad by cast net for noncommercial personal use as
193.7	bait for angling, as provided in a permit issued under section 84D.11, is allowed as follows:
193.8	(1) nontarget species must immediately be returned to the water;
193.9	(2) gizzard shad taken under this paragraph must be used on the same body of water
193.10	where caught and while still on that water body. Where the river is divided by barriers
193.11	such as dams, the gizzard shad must be caught and used on the same section of the river;
193.12	(3) gizzard shad taken under this paragraph may not be transported off the water
193.13	body; and
193.14	(4) gizzard shad harvested under this paragraph may only be used in accordance
193.15	with this section.
193.16	This paragraph expires December 1, 2017.
193.17	(e) (e) Equipment authorized for minnow harvest in a listed infested water by permit
193.18	issued under paragraph (b) may not be transported to, or used in, any waters other than
193.19	waters specified in the permit.
193.20	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.201, is amended by adding a subdivision
193.21	to read:
193.22	Subd. 4. Construction area restrictions. The commissioner, after consulting with
193.23	the governmental units and contractors involved in a construction project, may adopt,
193.24	by written order, temporary water surface use controls for recreational uses at public
193.25	construction and maintenance sites that cross or are adjacent to waters of the state for a

193.26 period of time not to exceed the duration of the construction or maintenance project.

193.27 <u>Temporary controls adopted under this subdivision are exempt from the rulemaking</u>

193.28 requirements of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.313, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. General requirements. (a) In addition to requirements of other laws
relating to watercraft, a person may not operate or permit the operation of a personal
watercraft:

(1) without each person on board the personal watercraft wearing a United States
Coast Guard (USCG) approved Type I, II, III, or V wearable personal flotation device

194.1	with a USCG label indicating it either is approved for or does not prohibit use with
194.2	personal watercraft or water skiing;
194.3	(2) between one hour before sunset and 9:30 a.m.;
194.4	(3) at greater than slow-no wake speed within 150 feet of:
194.5	(i) a shoreline;
194.6	(ii) a dock;
194.7	(iii) a swimmer;
194.8	(iv) a raft used for swimming or diving; or
194.9	(v) a moored, anchored, or nonmotorized watercraft;
194.10	(4) while towing a person on water skis, a kneeboard, an inflatable craft, or any
194.11	other device unless:
194.12	(i) an observer is on board; or
194.13	(ii) the personal watercraft is equipped with factory-installed or factory-specified
194.14	accessory mirrors that give the operator a wide field of vision to the rear;
194.15	(5) without the lanyard-type engine cutoff switch being attached to the person,
194.16	clothing, or personal flotation device of the operator, if the personal watercraft is equipped
194.17	by the manufacturer with such a device;
194.18	(6) if any part of the spring-loaded throttle mechanism has been removed, altered, or
194.19	tampered with so as to interfere with the return-to-idle system;
194.20	(7) to chase or harass wildlife;
194.21	(8) through emergent or floating vegetation at other than a slow-no wake speed;
194.22	(9) in a manner that unreasonably or unnecessarily endangers life, limb, or property,
194.23	including weaving through congested watercraft traffic, jumping the wake of another
194.24	watercraft within 150 feet of the other watercraft, or operating the watercraft while
194.25	facing backwards;
194.26	(10) in any other manner that is not reasonable and prudent; or
194.27	(11) without a personal watercraft rules decal, issued by the commissioner, attached
194.28	to the personal watercraft so as to be in full view of the operator.
194.29	(b) Paragraph (a), clause (3), does not apply to a person operating a personal
194.30	watercraft to launch or land a person on water skis, a kneeboard, or similar device by the
194.31	most direct route to open water.
194.32	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.313, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Dealers and rental operations. (a) A dealer of personal watercraft shall
distribute a summary of the laws and rules governing the operation of personal watercraft
and, upon request, shall provide instruction to a purchaser regarding:

(1) the laws and rules governing personal watercraft; and 195.1 (2) the safe operation of personal watercraft. 195.2 (b) A person who offers personal watercraft for rent: 195.3 (1) shall provide a summary of the laws and rules governing the operation of 195.4 personal watercraft and provide instruction regarding the laws and rules and the safe 195.5 operation of personal watercraft to each person renting a personal watercraft; 195.6 (2) shall provide a United States Coast Guard (USCG) approved Type I, II, III, or V 195.7 wearable personal flotation device with a USCG label indicating it either is approved for 195.8 or does not prohibit use with personal watercraft or water skiing and any other required 195.9 safety equipment to all persons who rent a personal watercraft at no additional cost; and 195.10 (3) shall require that a watercraft operator's permit from this state or from the 195.11 operator's state of residence be shown each time a personal watercraft is rented to any 195.12 person younger than age 18 and shall record the permit on the form provided by the 195.13 commissioner. 195.14

(c) Each dealer of personal watercraft or person offering personal watercraft for rent
shall have the person who purchases or rents a personal watercraft sign a form provided
by the commissioner acknowledging that the purchaser or renter has been provided a copy
of the laws and rules regarding personal watercraft operation and has read them. The form
must be retained by the dealer or person offering personal watercraft for rent for a period
of six months following the date of signature and must be made available for inspection
by sheriff's deputies or conservation officers during normal business hours.

195.22 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.315, is amended to read:

195.23 **86B.315 TOWING PERSON ON WATER SKIS OR OTHER DEVICE.**

Subdivision 1. Observer or mirror required. A person may not operate a
watercraft on waters of this state and create a wake for a wake surfer or tow a person on
water skis, an aquaplane, a surfboard, a saucer, or a similar device unless:

(1) there is another person in the watercraft in addition to the operator who is in aposition to continually observe the person being towed; or

(2) the boat is equipped with a mirror providing the operator a wide field of visionto the rear.

195.31Subd. 2. Prohibited night skiing or towing prohibited activities. On waters of this195.32state, from one-half hour after sunset to sunrise of the following day, a person may not:195.33(1) wake surf;

195.34 (2) operate a watercraft creating a wake for a wake surfer;

195.35 (3) be towed by a watercraft; or

- (4) operate a watercraft towing a person on water skis, an aquaplane, a surfboard, a
 saucer, or another device on waters of this state from one hour after sunset to sunrise of
 the following day.
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.015, subdivision 49, is amended to read:
 Subd. 49. Undressed bird. "Undressed bird" means:
- 196.6 (1) a bird, excluding including ducks, with a fully feathered wing intact; or
- 196.7 (2) a duck with a fully feathered wing and head attached; or
- 196.8 (3) a pheasant, Hungarian partridge, or wild turkey with one leg and foot intact.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.045, subdivision 11, is amended to read: 196.9 Subd. 11. Power to prevent or control wildlife disease. (a) If the commissioner 196.10 determines that action is necessary to prevent or control a wildlife disease, the 196.11 commissioner may prevent or control wildlife disease in a species of wild animal in 196.12 196.13 addition to the protection provided by the game and fish laws by further limiting, closing, expanding, or opening seasons or areas of the state; by reducing or increasing limits in 196.14 areas of the state; by establishing disease management zones; by authorizing free licenses; 196.15 by allowing shooting from motor vehicles by persons designated by the commissioner; 196.16 by issuing replacement licenses for sick animals; by requiring sample collection from 196.17 196.18 hunter-harvested animals; by limiting wild animal possession, transportation, and disposition; and by restricting wildlife feeding. 196.19

(b) The commissioner shall restrict wildlife feeding within the modified accredited
bovine tuberculosis zone proposed by the Board of Animal Health. In addition to any
other penalties provided by law, a person who violates wildlife feeding restrictions
required under this paragraph may not obtain a hunting license to take a wild animal
for two years after the date of conviction.

(c) The commissioner may prevent or control wildlife disease in a species of wild
animal in the state by posting restrictions on public access to active disease areas or by
emergency rule adopted under section 84.027, subdivision 13.

196.28

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.057, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Compliance with federal law. The commissioner shall take any
action necessary to comply with the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, United
States Code, title 16, sections 669 to 669i, and the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act,
United States Code, title 16, sections 777 to 777k. Notwithstanding section 16E.145 or

197.2 technology project from the game and fish fund, as established in section 97A.055, must

197.3 <u>be made to the commissioner</u>. Any assets acquired with or expenditures made from the

197.4 game and fish fund must remain under control of the commissioner.

197.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.211, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Notice to appear in court. (a) A person must be given notice to
appear in court for a misdemeanor violation of the game and fish laws; chapter 84, 84D,
103E, or 103G; sections 103F.201 to 103F.221; or section 103F.601 or 609.68 if:
(1) the person is arrested and is released from custody prior to appearing before a
court; or

(2) the person is subject to a lawful arrest and is not arrested because it reasonably 197.12 appears to the enforcement officer that arrest is unnecessary to prevent further criminal 197.13 conduct and that there is a substantial likelihood that the person will respond to a notice. 197.14 (b) The enforcement officer shall prepare, in quadruplicate, a written or electronic 197.15 notice to appear in court as provided by Rules of Criminal Procedure and section 169.99. 197.16 The notice must be in the form and has the effect of a summons and complaint. The notice 197.17 must contain the name and address of the person charged, and the offense, and. The notice 197.18 must contain the time and the place to appear in court. The court must have jurisdiction 197.19 within the county where the offense is alleged to have been committed or must direct the 197.20 defendant to contact the court or violations bureau to schedule an appearance. 197.21

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.211, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Release after arrest. A person arrested for a misdemeanor violation of
the game and fish laws; chapter 84, 84D, 103E, or 103G; sections 103F.201 to 103F.221;
or section 103F.601 or 609.68 may obtain release by signing the written notice prepared
by the arresting officer promising to appear in court. The officer shall deliver a eopy
marked "SUMMONS" notice to the person arrested. The officer must then release the
person from custody.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.255, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Each violation a separate offense; prosecution of aggregated offenses.
(a) Except as allowed in paragraph (b), each wild animal unlawfully taken, bought,
sold, transported, or possessed is a separate offense. If acquitted, a person may not be
prosecuted for a similar offense involving another animal in the same incident.

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(b) In any prosecution that involves two or more offenses committed by the same

198.2 person within six months in two or more counties, the accused may be prosecuted in any

198.3 <u>county in which one of the offenses was committed for all of the offenses in aggregate.</u>

198.4

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.411, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 198.5 Subd. 3. Deer license. (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), a license 198.6 to take deer by archery, firearms, or muzzleloader issued after the opening of the related 198.7 198.8 archery, firearms, or muzzleloader deer season, respectively, is not valid until the second day after unless it is was issued prior to legal shooting hours on the day of its first use. 198.9 (b) The commissioner may issue a license to take additional deer under section 198.10 198.11 97B.301, subdivision 4, that is not valid immediately upon issuance unless it was issued prior to legal shooting hours on the day the license is first used. 198.12

(c) Paragraph (a) does not apply to deer licenses for discharged military personnelunder section 97A.465, subdivision 4.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.435, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 198.15 Subd. 4. Separate selection of eligible licensees. (a) The commissioner may 198.16 conduct a separate selection for up to 20 percent of the turkey licenses to be issued for any 198.17 area. Only persons who are owners or tenants of and who live on at least 40 acres of land 198.18 in the permit area, and their family members who live on the qualifying land, are eligible 198.19 applicants for turkey licenses for the separate selection. The qualifying land may be 198.20 noncontiguous. Persons who are unsuccessful in a separate selection must be included in 198.21 the selection for the remaining licenses. Persons who obtain a license in a separate selection 198.22 must allow public turkey hunting on their land during that turkey season. A license issued 198.23 under this subdivision is restricted to the permit area where the qualifying land is located. 198.24 (b) The commissioner may by rule establish criteria for determining eligible family 198.25 members under this subdivision. 198.26

198.27 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.465, is amended by adding a198.28 subdivision to read:

198.29Subd. 7. Residents of veterans homes. (a) A resident from a Minnesota veterans198.30home may obtain a firearm or muzzleloader deer license during the season and take198.31antlerless deer without a permit in all areas of the state open during the respective regular198.32firearms or muzzleloader deer seasons in any permit area. This subdivision does not

198.33 <u>authorize the taking of an antlerless deer by another member of a party under section</u>

97B.301, subdivision 3, in an area closed to taking antlerless deer or where the number of 199.1 antlerless deer that may be taken is limited by a quota on the number of permits. 199.2 (b) A person may assist a Minnesota veterans home resident during the firearms or 199.3 muzzleloader deer season without having a deer hunting license, but the person may 199.4 not shoot a deer. 199.5 Sec. 18. [97A.56] FERAL SWINE. 199.6 Subdivision 1. Definition. For purposes of this section, "feral swine" means a 199.7 member of the genus and species Sus scrofa that lives in the wild. 199.8 Subd. 2. Prohibited actions; penalty. (a) A person may not possess or release 199.9 feral swine or swine that were feral during any part of the swines' lifetime or allow feral 199.10 swine to run at large. 199.11 (b) A person may not hunt or trap feral swine, except as authorized by the 199.12 commissioner for feral swine control or eradication. It is not a violation of this section if a 199.13 person shoots a feral swine and reports the taking to the commissioner within 24 hours. 199.14 All swine taken in this manner must be surrendered to the commissioner. 199.15 (c) A person who violates this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor. 199.16 199.17 Subd. 3. Authorized removal of feral swine. A person authorized under game and fish laws to take feral swine is not liable to the owner for the value of the animals. 199.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 199.19 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.041, is amended to read: 199.20

199.21

199.22

97B.041 POSSESSION OF FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION RESTRICTED IN DEER ZONES.

(a) A person may not possess a firearm or ammunition outdoors during the period
beginning the fifth day before the open firearms season and ending the second day after
the close of the season within an area where deer may be taken by a firearm, except:

(1) during the open season and in an area where big game may be taken, a firearm
and ammunition authorized for taking big game in that area may be used to take big game
in that area if the person has a valid big game license in possession;

(2) an unloaded firearm that is in a case or in a closed trunk of a motor vehicle;
(3) a shotgun and shells containing No. 4 buckshot or smaller diameter lead shot
or steel shot;

(4) a handgun or rifle capable of firing only rimfire cartridges of .17 and .22 caliber,including .22 magnum caliber cartridges;

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200.1	(5) handguns possessed by a person authorized to carry a handgun under sections
200.2	624.714 and 624.715 for the purpose authorized; and
200.3	(6) on a target range operated under a permit from the commissioner.
200.4	(b) This section does not apply during an open firearms season in an area where deer
200.5	may be taken only by muzzleloader, except that muzzle-loading firearms lawful for the
200.6	taking of deer may be possessed only by persons with a valid license to take deer by
200.7	muzzleloader during the muzzleloader season. While muzzleloader hunting, a person with
200.8	a valid license to take deer by muzzleloader may not possess a firearm other than:
200.9	(1) a muzzleloader that is legal for taking deer under section 97B.031, subdivision
200.10	1; and
200.11	(2) a firearm as described in paragraph (a), clauses (2) to (5).
200.12	(c) A first violation of paragraph (a) is punishable by a warning.
200.13	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.063, is amended to read:
200.14	97B.063 HUNTER SATISFACTION SURVEY.
200.15	The commissioner shall <u>annually</u> administer the collection of hunter information
200.16	related to participation and satisfaction. This may include information on preferences,
200.17	values, interests, participation rates and patterns, barriers to participation, or other factors.
200.18	The data shall be collected using established social science methods. The commissioner
200.19	shall annually submit a summary of the information gathered under this section to
200.20	the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate
200.21	committees and divisions with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources no
200.22	later than January 1 for the preceding fiscal year. The commissioner shall also make the
200.23	summary information available on the department's Web site.
200.24	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.081, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
200.25	Subd. 3. Exceptions. (a) It is not a violation of this section for a person to:
200.26	(1) cast the rays of a spotlight, headlight, or other artificial light to take raccoons
200.27	according to section 97B.621, subdivision 3, or tend traps according to section 97B.931;
200.28	(2) hunt fox or coyote from January 1 to March 15 while using a handheld artificial
200.29	light, provided that the person is:
200.30	(i) on foot;
200.31	(ii) using a shotgun;
200.32	(iii) not within a public road right-of-way;
200.33	(iv) using a handheld or electronic calling device; and
200.34	(v) not within 200 feet of a motor vehicle; or

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201.1	(3) cast the rays of a handheld artificial light to retrieve wounded or dead big game
201.2	animals, provided that the person is:
201.3	(i) on foot; and
201.4	(ii) not in possession of a firearm or bow.
201.5	(b) It is not a violation of subdivision 2 for a person to cast the rays of a spotlight,
201.6	headlight, or other artificial light to:
201.7	(1) carry out any agricultural, safety, emergency response, normal vehicle operation,
201.8	or occupation-related activities that do not involve taking wild animals; or
201.9	(2) carry out outdoor recreation as defined in section 97B.001 that is not related to
201.10	spotting, locating, or taking a wild animal.
201.11	(c) Except as otherwise provided by the game and fish laws, it is not a violation of
201.12	this section for a person to use an electronic range finder device from one-half hour before
201.13	sunrise until one-half hour after sunset while lawfully hunting wild animals.
201.14	(d) It is not a violation of this section for a licensed bear hunter to cast the rays of a
201.15	handheld artificial light to track or retrieve a wounded or dead bear while possessing a
201.16	firearm, provided that the person:
201.17	(1) has the person's valid bear hunting license in possession;
201.18	(2) is on foot; and
201.19	(3) is following the blood trail of a bear that was shot during legal shooting hours.
201.20	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.085, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
201.21	Subd. 2. Taking unprotected wild animals; permit required. A person may not
201.22	use radio equipment to take unprotected wild animals without a permit. The commissioner
201.23	may issue a permit to take unprotected animals with radio equipment. The commissioner
201.24	shall cancel the permit upon receiving a valid complaint of misconduct regarding the
201.25	permittee's hunting activities.
201.26	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.301, is amended by adding a
201.27	subdivision to read:
201.28	Subd. 9. Residents age 84 or over may take deer of either sex. A resident age 84

201.29 or over may take a deer of either sex. This subdivision does not authorize the taking of an
201.30 antlerless deer by another member of a party under subdivision 3.

201.31 Sec. 24. [97B.722] POSSESSION OF FIREARMS; HUNTING TURKEY.

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202.1	(a) While afield hunting turkeys, licensees may not have in possession or control		
202.2	any firearm or bow and arrow except those defined as legal for taking turkeys in rules		
202.3	adopted by the commissioner.		
202.4	(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a person carrying a handgun in compliance		
202.5	with section 624.714.		
202.6	Sec. 25. [97B.9251] BEAVER SEASON.		
202.7	The commissioner may establish open seasons and restrictions for taking beaver fro	m	
202.8	9:00 a.m. on the Saturday nearest October 26 in the North Zone and from 9:00 a.m. on the	ne	
202.9	Saturday nearest October 30 in the South Zone. The seasons shall be open until May 15.		
202.10	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97C.345, is amended by adding a		
202.11	subdivision to read:		
202.12	Subd. 3a. Cast nets for gizzard shad. (a) Cast nets may be used only to take		
202.13	gizzard shad for use as bait for angling:		
202.14	(1) from July 1 to November 30; and		
202.15	(2) from the Mississippi River downstream of St. Anthony Falls and the St.		
202.16	Croix River downstream of the dam at Taylors Falls, including portions described as		
202.17	Minnesota-Wisconsin boundary waters in Minnesota Rules, part 6266.0500, subpart		
202.18	1, items A and B, that are listed as infested waters as allowed under section 84D.03,		
202.19	subdivision 3.		
202.20	(b) Cast nets used under this subdivision must be monofilament and may not excee	d	
202.21	seven feet in diameter, and mesh size must be from three-eighths to five-eighths inch bar	-	
202.22	measure.		
202.23	(c) This subdivision expires December 1, 2017. The commissioner must report		
202.24	to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate		
202.25	committees with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources by March 1, 2018,		
202.26	on the number of permits issued, conservation impacts from the use of cast nets, and		

recommendations for any necessary changes in statutes or rules. 202.27

- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97C.501, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 202.28 Subd. 2. Minnow dealers. (a) A person may not be a minnow dealer without a 202.29 minnow dealer license except as provided in subdivision 3. 202.30
- 202.31 (b) A minnow dealer must obtain a minnow dealer's vehicle license for each motor vehicle used to transport minnows. The serial number, motor vehicle license number, 202.32

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203.1 make, and model must be on the license. The license must be conspicuously displayed203.2 in the vehicle.

- (c) A minnow dealer may not transport minnows out of the state without an
 exporting minnow dealer license. A minnow dealer must obtain an exporting minnow
 dealer's vehicle license for each motor vehicle used to transport minnows out of the state.
 The serial number, motor vehicle license number, make, and model must be on the license.
 The license must be conspicuously displayed in the vehicle.
- (d) A person with a minnow dealer's license may sell minnows at one retail outlet.
 A minnow dealer must obtain a minnow retailer license for each additional retail outlet
 operated. A minnow dealer operating a retail outlet under a minnow dealer's license must
 list the following information for the retail outlet: name of the business; city; state; zip
 code; and legal description or fire number. The retail outlet name and location may be
 changed by making application to the commissioner.
- (e) A minnow dealer may designate employees as helpers who are authorized to 203.14 203.15 take, buy, sell, and transport minnows on behalf of the minnow dealer. The employees designated as helpers must be listed on the minnow dealer's license, and a copy of the 203.16 license designating the employee as a helper must be in the helper's possession when 203.17 acting on behalf of the minnow dealer. The minnow dealer may add and delete helpers 203.18 listed on the dealer's license within a license year by notifying the commissioner in writing 203.19 203.20 of the change to the license. Employees who are acting under the direction and control of the minnow dealer but who are not designated as helpers may not buy or sell minnows on 203.21 behalf of the minnow dealer. This paragraph does not apply to employees selling minnows 203.22 203.23 at the retail outlet location under paragraph (d).
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective March 1, 2016.

203.25 Sec. 28. <u>RULEMAKING; LIFTING SPEARING BANS AND NORTHERN PIKE</u>

- 203.26 **REGULATIONS.**
- 203.27 (a) The commissioner of natural resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, parts
- 203.28 <u>6262.0575</u>, subpart 9, and 6264.0400, subparts 70 and 72, to delete the language 203.29 prohibiting spearing.
- 203.30 (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 97C.007, the commissioner of
- natural resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, part 6264.0400, subpart 71, to delete the
- 203.32 language prohibiting spearing and modify the northern pike protected slot to 26 to 40 inches.
- 203.33 (c) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes,
- 203.34 <u>section 14.388</u>, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this section, and Minnesota
- 203.35 Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply.

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204.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2015.
204.2	Sec. 29. RULEMAKING; WATER SURFACE USE RESTRICTIONS.
204.3	(a) The commissioner of natural resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, part
204.4	6110.3700, subpart 9, to allow a longer period of temporary special controls in situations
204.5	of local emergency by deleting "five" and inserting "30" and deleting "five-day" and
204.6	inserting "30-day."
204.7	(b) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes,
204.8	section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this section, and Minnesota
204.9	Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply except as provided under Minnesota Statutes,
204.10	section 14.388.
204.11	Sec. 30. RULEMAKING; PERSONAL FLOTATION DEVICES.
204.12	(a) To conform with changes in federal regulation, the commissioner of natural
204.13	resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, part 6110.1200, subpart 3, as follows:
204.14	(1) delete the term "Type I, II, or III" and insert "wearable";
204.15	(2) delete the term "Type IV" and insert "throwable";
204.16	(3) delete items B and D and reletter the remaining items; and
204.17	(4) insert a new item that reads:
204.18	"C. All personal flotation devices required by this subpart must be:
204.19	(1) approved by the U.S. Coast Guard;
204.20	(2) legibly marked with any requirements and the approval number issued by the
204.21	U.S. Coast Guard;
204.22	(3) in serviceable condition free of tears, rot, punctures, or waterlogging, and with
204.23	all straps and fasteners present and in good condition;
204.24	(4) of the appropriate size for the intended wearer, if the device is designed to be worn,
204.25	and in compliance with any requirements listed on the U.S. Coast Guard approval label;
204.26	(5) for wearable devices, either readily accessible or worn, except when:
204.27	(a) devices are required to be worn to be accepted as U.S. Coast Guard-approved; or
204.28	(b) wearing a U.S. Coast Guard-approved wearable personal flotation device is
204.29	mandatory; and
204.30	(6) for throwable devices, immediately available.
204.31	"Readily accessible" means easily retrievable within a reasonable amount of time
204.32	in an emergency. "Immediately available" means easily reached in time of emergency.
204.33	Personal flotation devices located in locked containers, under heavy objects, or left in
204.34	shipping bags are not considered readily accessible or immediately available."

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(b) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes,
 section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this section, and Minnesota
 Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply except as provided under Minnesota Statutes,
 section 14.388.

205.5 Sec. 31. <u>RULEMAKING; MOTORIZED TRAIL ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW.</u>

- 205.6(a) The Environmental Quality Board shall amend Minnesota Rules, chapter 4410, to205.7allow the following without preparing a mandatory environmental assessment worksheet:
- 205.8 (1) constructing a recreational trail less than 25 miles long on forested or other 205.9 naturally vegetated land for a recreational use;
- 205.10 (2) adding a new motorized recreational use or a seasonal motorized recreational
- 205.11 use to an existing motorized recreational trail if the treadway width is not expanded as a
- 205.12 result of the added use; and
- 205.13 (3) designating an existing, legally constructed route, such as a logging road, for 205.14 motorized recreational trail use.
- (b) The board may use the good cause exemption rulemaking procedure under
- 205.16 Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this
- 205.17 section, and Minnesota Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply except as provided under
- 205.18 <u>Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388.</u>
- 205.19 Sec. 32. <u>**REPEALER.**</u>
- 205.20 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.475, subdivision 25, is repealed.
- (b) Minnesota Rules, part 6264.0400, subparts 27 and 28, are repealed.
- 205.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraph (b) is effective July 1, 2015.

APPENDIX Article locations in H0846-4

ARTICLE 1	AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS	Page.Ln 2.46
ARTICLE 2	AGRICULTURE POLICY	Page.Ln 18.1
ARTICLE 3	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES APPROPRIATIONS	Page.Ln 63.15
ARTICLE 4	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES STATUTORY CHANGES	Page.Ln 95.20
ARTICLE 5	GAME AND FISH	Page.Ln 190.5

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H0846-4

No active language found for: 17.115

28A.15 EXCLUSIONS.

No active language found for: 28A.15.9No active language found for: 28A.15.10No active language found for: 84.68

86B.13 AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES PREVENTION PROGRAM.

No active language found for: 86B.13.2No active language found for: 86B.13.4No active language found for: 88.47No active language found for: 88.48

88.49 CONTRACTS.

No active language found for: 88.49.1No active language found for: 88.49.2No active language found for: 88.49.10

88.491 EXPIRED CONTRACTS.

No active language found for: 88.491.1

88.51 AUXILIARY FORESTS; TAX RATE, SPECIAL TAXES.

No active language found for: 88.51.2

97A.475 LICENSE FEES.

No active language found for: 97A.475.25

103F.421 ENFORCEMENT.

No active language found for: 103F.421.5No active language found for: 103F.451

114D.50 CLEAN WATER FUND.

No active language found for: 114D.50.4a

116.02 POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY, CREATION AND POWERS.

No active language found for: 116.02.2No active language found for: 116.02.3No active language found for: 116.02.4No active language found for: 116.02.6No active language found for: 116.02.7No active language found for: 116.02.8No active language found for: 116.02.9No active language found for: 116.02.10No active language found for: 116V.03No active language found for: 282.013

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rule: H0846-4

6264.0400 DESIGNATED SPECIAL MANAGEMENT WATERS. Subp. 27. [Repealed, L 2015 1Sp4 art 5 s 34]

6264.0400 DESIGNATED SPECIAL MANAGEMENT WATERS. Subp. 28. [Repealed, L 2015 1Sp4 art 5 s 34]