#### **HF779 SIXTH ENGROSSMENT**

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State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### EIGHTY-EIGHTH SESSION

02/21/2013	Authored by Atkins, Huntley, Abeler, Moran and Bernardy
	The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Commerce and Consumer Protection Finance and Policy
03/11/2013	Adoption of Report: Pass as Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services Policy
03/14/2013	Adoption of Report: Pass as Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services Finance
04/02/2013	Adoption of Report: Pass as Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means
04/15/0010	

04/15/2013 Adoption of Report: Pass as Amended and Read Second Time

04/22/2013 Calendar for the Day, Amended Read Third Time as Amended

Passed by the House as Amended and transmitted to the Senate to include Floor Amendments

#### A bill for an act 1.1 relating to health plan regulation; regulating policy and contract coverages; 12 conforming state law to federal requirements; establishing health plan market 1.3 rules; modifying the designation of essential community providers; amending 1.4 Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 43A.23, subdivision 1; 43A.317, subdivision 1.5 6; 60A.08, subdivision 15; 62A.011, subdivision 3, by adding subdivisions; 1.6 62A.02, by adding a subdivision; 62A.03, subdivision 1; 62A.04, subdivision 1.7 2; 62A.047; 62A.049; 62A.136; 62A.149, subdivision 1; 62A.17, subdivisions 1.8 2, 6; 62A.21, subdivision 2b; 62A.28, subdivision 2; 62A.302; 62A.615; 19 62A.65, subdivisions 3, 5, 6, 7, by adding subdivisions; 62C.14, subdivision 5; 1.10 62C.142, subdivision 2; 62D.07, subdivision 3; 62D.095; 62D.124, subdivision 1.11 4; 62D.181, subdivision 7; 62E.02, by adding a subdivision; 62E.04, subdivision 1.12 4, by adding a subdivision; 62E.06, subdivision 1; 62E.09; 62E.10, subdivision 1.13 7; 62H.04; 62L.02, subdivisions 11, 14a, 26, by adding a subdivision; 62L.03, 1.14 subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 6; 62L.045, subdivisions 2, 4; 62L.05, subdivision 10; 1.15 62L.06; 62L.08; 62L.12, subdivision 2; 62M.05, subdivision 3a; 62M.06, 1 16 subdivision 1; 62Q.01, by adding subdivisions; 62Q.021; 62Q.17, subdivision 1.17 6; 62Q.18, by adding a subdivision; 62Q.23; 62Q.43, subdivision 2; 62Q.47; 1 18 62Q.52; 62Q.55; 62Q.68, subdivision 1; 62Q.69, subdivision 3; 62Q.70, 1.19 subdivisions 1, 2; 62Q.71; 62Q.73; 62Q.75, subdivision 1; 62Q.80, subdivision 1.20 2; 72A.20, subdivision 35; 145.414; 471.61, subdivision 1a; proposing coding 1.21 for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 62A; 62Q; proposing coding for new 1.22 law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 62K; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2012, 1 23 sections 62A.615; 62A.65, subdivision 6; 62E.02, subdivision 7; 62E.16; 62E.20; 1.24 62L.02, subdivisions 4, 18, 19, 23, 24; 62L.05, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 4a, 5, 6, 7, 1.25 11, 12, 13; 62L.081; 62L.10, subdivision 5; 62Q.37, subdivision 5. 1.26 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA: 1.27 **ARTICLE 1** 1.28

1.29

## **CONFORMING STATE LAW TO AFFORDABLE CARE ACT**

#### Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 43A.23, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 1.30 Subdivision 1. General. (a) The commissioner is authorized to request proposals 1.31

or to negotiate and to enter into contracts with parties which in the judgment of the 1.32

commissioner are best qualified to provide service to the benefit plans. Contracts entered 2.1 into are not subject to the requirements of sections 16C.16 to 16C.19. The commissioner 2.2 may negotiate premium rates and coverage. The commissioner shall consider the cost of 2.3 the plans, conversion options relating to the contracts, service capabilities, character, 2.4 financial position, and reputation of the carriers, and any other factors which the 2.5 commissioner deems appropriate. Each benefit contract must be for a uniform term of at 2.6 least one year, but may be made automatically renewable from term to term in the absence 2.7 of notice of termination by either party. A carrier licensed under chapter 62A is exempt 2.8 from the taxes imposed by chapter 297I on premiums paid to it by the state. 2.9

(b) All self-insured hospital and medical service products must comply with coverage
mandates, data reporting, and consumer protection requirements applicable to the licensed
carrier administering the product, had the product been insured, including chapters 62J,
62M, and 62Q. Any self-insured products that limit coverage to a network of providers
or provide different levels of coverage between network and nonnetwork providers shall
comply with section 62D.123 and geographic access standards for health maintenance
organizations adopted by the commissioner of health in rule under chapter 62D.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), a self-insured hospital and medical product 2.17 offered under sections 43A.22 to 43A.30 is not required to extend dependent coverage 2.18to an eligible employee's unmarried child under the age of 25 to the full extent required 2.19 under chapters 62A and 62L. Dependent child coverage must, at a minimum, extend to an 2.20eligible employee's unmarried dependent child who is under the age of 19 or an unmarried 2.21 child under the age of 25 who is a full-time student. A person who is at least 19 years of 2.22 age but who is under the age of 25 and who is not a full-time student must be permitted 2.23 to be enrolled as a dependent of an eligible employee until age 25 if the person: to the 2.24 limiting age as defined in section 62Q.01, subdivision 9, disabled children to the extent 2.25 required in sections 62A.14 and 62A.141, and dependent grandchildren to the extent 2.26 required in sections 62A.042 and 62A.302. 2.27

2.28 (1) was a full-time student immediately prior to being ordered into active military
2.29 service, as defined in section 190.05, subdivision 5b or 5c;

2.30

(2) has been separated or discharged from active military service; and

- 2.31 (3) would be eligible to enroll as a dependent of an eligible employee, except that
- 2.32 the person is not a full-time student.

2.33 The definition of "full-time student" for purposes of this paragraph includes any student

2.34 who by reason of illness, injury, or physical or mental disability as documented by

- 2.35 a physician is unable to carry what the educational institution considers a full-time
- 2.36 course load so long as the student's course load is at least 60 percent of what otherwise

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- is considered by the institution to be a full-time course load. Any notice regarding termination of coverage due to attainment of the limiting age must include information 3.2
- about this definition of "full-time student." 3.3
- (d) Beginning January 1, 2010, the health insurance benefit plans offered in the 3.4
- commissioner's plan under section 43A.18, subdivision 2, and the managerial plan under 3.5
- section 43A.18, subdivision 3, must include an option for a health plan that is compatible 3.6
- with the definition of a high-deductible health plan in section 223 of the United States 3.7
- Internal Revenue Code. 3.8
- 3.9

3.1

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 43A.317, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 3.10 Subd. 6. Individual eligibility. (a) Procedures. The commissioner shall establish 3.11 procedures for eligible employees and other eligible individuals to apply for coverage 3.12 through the program. 3.13
- (b) Employees. An employer shall determine when it applies to the program the 3.14 criteria its employees must meet to be eligible for coverage under its plan. An employer 3.15 may subsequently change the criteria annually or at other times with approval of the 3.16 commissioner. The criteria must provide that new employees become eligible for coverage 3.17 after a probationary period of at least 30 days, but no more than 90 days. 3.18
- 3.19

(c) Other individuals. An employer may elect to cover under its plan:

- (1) the spouse, dependent children to the limiting age as defined in section 62Q.01, 3.20
- subdivision 9, disabled children to the extent required in sections 62A.14 and 62A.141, 3.21
- and dependent grandchildren of a covered employee to the extent required in sections 3.22 62A.042 and 62A.302; 3.23
- (2) a retiree who is eligible to receive a pension or annuity from the employer and a 3.24 covered retiree's spouse, dependent children to the limiting age as defined in section 3.25 62Q.01, subdivision 9, disabled children to the extent required in sections 62A.14 and 3.26
- 62A.141, and dependent grandchildren to the extent required in sections 62A.042 and 3.27
- 62A.302; 3.28
- (3) the surviving spouse, dependent children to the limiting age as defined in section 3.29 62Q.01, subdivision 9, disabled children, and dependent grandchildren of a deceased 3.30 employee or retiree, if the spouse, children, or grandchildren were covered at the time of 3.31 the death; 3.32
- (4) a covered employee who becomes disabled, as provided in sections 62A.147 3.33 and 62A.148; or 3.34

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- 4.1 (5) any other categories of individuals for whom group coverage is required by4.2 state or federal law.
- An employer shall determine when it applies to the program the criteria individuals 4.3 in these categories must meet to be eligible for coverage. An employer may subsequently 4.4 change the criteria annually, or at other times with approval of the commissioner. The 4.5 criteria for dependent children to the limiting age as defined in section 62Q.01, subdivision 4.6 9, disabled children, and dependent grandchildren may be no more inclusive than the 4.7 criteria under section 43A.18, subdivision 2. This paragraph shall not be interpreted 48 as relieving the program from compliance with any federal and state continuation of 4.9 coverage requirements. 4.10
- 4.11 (d) Waiver and late entrance. An eligible individual may waive coverage at the
  4.12 time the employer joins the program or when coverage first becomes available. The
  4.13 commissioner may establish a preexisting condition exclusion of not more than 18 months
  4.14 for late entrants as defined in section 62L.02, subdivision 19.
- 4.15 (e) Continuation coverage. The program shall provide all continuation coverage
  4.16 required by state and federal law.
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#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 4.18 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 60A.08, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
  4.19 Subd. 15. Classification of insurance filings data. (a) All forms, rates, and related
  4.20 information filed with the commissioner under section 61A.02 shall be nonpublic data
  4.21 until the filing becomes effective.
- 4.22 (b) All forms, rates, and related information filed with the commissioner under4.23 section 62A.02 shall be nonpublic data until the filing becomes effective.
- 4.24 (c) All forms, rates, and related information filed with the commissioner under
  4.25 section 62C.14, subdivision 10, shall be nonpublic data until the filing becomes effective.
  4.26 (d) All forms, rates, and related information filed with the commissioner under
- 4.27 section 70A.06 shall be nonpublic data until the filing becomes effective.
- 4.28 (e) All forms, rates, and related information filed with the commissioner under4.29 section 79.56 shall be nonpublic data until the filing becomes effective.
- 4.30 (f) Notwithstanding paragraphs (b) and (c), for all rate increases subject to review
  4.31 under section 2794 of the Public Health Services Act and any amendments to, or
- 4.32 regulations, or guidance issued under the act that are filed with the commissioner on or
- 4.33 after September 1, 2011, the commissioner:
- 4.34 (1) may acknowledge receipt of the information;
- 4.35 (2) may acknowledge that the corresponding rate filing is pending review;

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(3) must provide public access	from the Departmen	t of Commerce's W	Veb site to parts
I and II of the Preliminary Justificat	ions of the rate increa	ases subject to revi	ew; and
(4) must provide notice to the p	oublic on the Departm	ent of Commerce's	Web site of the
review of the proposed rate, which n	nust include a statem	ent that the public h	nas 30 calendar
days to submit written comments to	the commissioner or	the rate filing sub	ject to review.
EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ction is effective the	day following final	enactment.
Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012,	section 62A.011, is	amended by adding	g a subdivision

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to read:

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Subd. 1a. Affordable Care Act. "Affordable Care Act" means the federal Patient 5.9

Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, as amended, including the 5.10

5.11 federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Public Law 111-152, and

any amendments to, and any federal guidance or regulations issued under, these acts. 5.12

- 5.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.011, is amended by adding a subdivision 5.14 to read: 5.15

Subd. 1b. Grandfathered plan. "Grandfathered plan" means a health plan in which 5.16

an individual was enrolled on March 23, 2010, for as long as it maintains that status in 5.17

accordance with the Affordable Care Act. Unless otherwise specified, grandfathered plans 5.18

include both individual and group health plans. 5.19

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 5.20

5.21 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.011, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 5.22

#### Subd. 1c. Group health plan. "Group health plan" means a policy or certificate 5.23 issued to an employer or an employee organization that is both: 5.24

- (1) a health plan as defined in subdivision 3; and 5.25
- (2) an employee welfare benefit plan as defined in the Employee Retirement Income 5.26
- Security Act of 1974, United States Code, title 29, section 1002, if the plan provides 5.27
- payment for medical care to employees, including both current and former employees, or 5.28
- their dependents, directly or through insurance, reimbursement, or otherwise, including 5.29
- employee welfare benefit plans specifically exempt from the provisions of the Employee 5.30
- Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 under United States Code, title 29, section 1003. 5.31

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#### 6.1

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.011, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 6.2 Subd. 3. Health plan. "Health plan" means a policy or certificate of accident and 6.3 sickness insurance as defined in section 62A.01 offered by an insurance company licensed 6.4 under chapter 60A; a subscriber contract or certificate offered by a nonprofit health 6.5 service plan corporation operating under chapter 62C; a health maintenance contract or 6.6 certificate offered by a health maintenance organization operating under chapter 62D; a 6.7 health benefit certificate offered by a fraternal benefit society operating under chapter 6.8 64B; or health coverage offered by a joint self-insurance employee health plan operating 6.9 under chapter 62H. Health plan means individual and group coverage, unless otherwise 6.10 specified. Health plan does not include coverage that is: 6.11 (1) limited to disability or income protection coverage; 6.12 (2) automobile medical payment coverage; 6.13 (3) supplemental liability insurance, including general liability insurance and 6.14 automobile liability insurance, or coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; 6.15 (4) designed solely to provide payments on a per diem, fixed indemnity, or 6.16 non-expense-incurred basis, including coverage only for a specified disease or illness or 6.17 hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance, if the benefits are provided under a 6.18 separate policy, certificate, or contract for insurance; there is no coordination between the 6.19 provision of benefits and any exclusion of benefits under any group health plan maintained 6.20 by the same plan sponsor; and the benefits are paid with respect to an event without regard 6.21 to whether benefits are provided with respect to such an event under any group health 6.22 plan maintained by the same plan sponsor; 6.23 (5) credit accident and health insurance as defined in section 62B.02; 6.24 (6) designed solely to provide hearing, dental, or vision care; 6.25 (7) blanket accident and sickness insurance as defined in section 62A.11; 6.26 (8) accident-only coverage; 6.27 (9) a long-term care policy as defined in section 62A.46 or 62S.01; 6.28 (10) issued as a supplement to Medicare, as defined in sections 62A.3099 to 6.29 62A.44, or policies, contracts, or certificates that supplement Medicare issued by health 6.30 maintenance organizations or those policies, contracts, or certificates governed by section 6.31 1833 or 1876, section 1851, et seq.; or section 1860D-1, et seq., of title XVIII of the 6.32 federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395, et seq., as amended; 6.33 (11) workers' compensation insurance; or 6.34

7.1	(12) issued solely as a companion to a health maintenance contract as described in
7.2	section 62D.12, subdivision 1a, so long as the health maintenance contract meets the
7.3	definition of a health plan-;
7.4	(13) coverage for on-site medical clinics; or
7.5	(14) coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under United States Code,
7.6	title 10, chapter 55, Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services
7.7	(CHAMPUS).
7.8	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
7.9	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.011, is amended by adding a subdivision
7.10	to read:
7.11	Subd. 4. Individual health plan. "Individual health plan" means a health plan as
7.12	defined in subdivision 3 that is offered to individuals in the individual market as defined
7.13	in subdivision 5, but does not mean short-term coverage as defined in section 62A.65,
7.14	subdivision 7. For purposes of this chapter, a health carrier shall not be deemed to be
7.15	offering individual health plan coverage solely because the carrier maintains a conversion
7.16	policy in connection with a group health plan.
7.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for coverage effective on or after
7.18	January 1, 2014.
7.19	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.011, is amended by adding a subdivision
7.20	to read:
7.21	Subd. 5. Individual market. "Individual market" means the market for health
7.22	insurance coverage offered to individuals other than in connection with a group health plan.
7.23	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
7.24	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.011, is amended by adding a
7.25	subdivision to read:
7.26	Subd. 6. Minnesota Insurance Marketplace. "Minnesota Insurance Marketplace"
7.27	means the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace as defined in section 62V.02.
7.28	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.011, is amended by adding a
7.29	subdivision to read:
7.30	Subd. 7. Qualified health plan. "Qualified health plan" means a health plan that
7.31	meets the definition in section 1301(a) of the Affordable Care Act and has been certified
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- 8.1 by the board of the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace in accordance with chapter 62V to
  8.2 be offered through the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace.
- 8.3 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
  8.4 to read:

## 8.5 Subd. 8. Filing by health carriers for purposes of complying with the

- 8.6 certification requirements of the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace. No qualified
- 8.7 <u>health plan shall be offered through the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace until its form</u>
- 8.8 and the premium rates pertaining to the form have been approved by the commissioner of
- 8.9 commerce or health, as appropriate, and the health plan has been determined to comply
- 8.10 with the certification requirements of the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace in accordance
- 8.11 with an agreement between the commissioners of commerce and health and the Minnesota
- 8.12 Insurance Marketplace.

# 8.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for coverage effective on or after 8.14 January 1, 2014

- 8.14 January 1, 2014.
- 8.15 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  8.16 Subdivision 1. Conditions. No policy of individual accident and sickness insurance
  8.17 may be delivered or issued for delivery to a person in this state unless:
- 8.18 (1) **Premium.** The entire money and other considerations therefor are expressed8.19 therein.
- 8.20 (2) Time effective. The time at which the insurance takes effect and terminates is8.21 expressed therein.
- 8.22 (3) One person. It purports to insure only one person, except that a policy may
  8.23 insure, originally or by subsequent amendment, upon the application of an adult member
  8.24 of a family deemed the policyholder, any two or more eligible members of that family,
  8.25 including:
- 8.26 (a) husband,
- 8.27 (b) wife,
- 8.28 (c) dependent children as described in sections 62A.302 and 62A.3021, or
- 8.29 (d) any children under a specified age of 19 years or less, or
- 8.30 (e) (d) any other person dependent upon the policyholder.
- (4) Appearance. The style, arrangement, and overall appearance of the policy give
  no undue prominence to any portion of the text and every printed portion of the text of the
  policy and of any endorsements or attached papers is plainly printed in light-face type
  of a style in general use. The type size must be uniform and not less than ten point with

a lowercase unspaced alphabet length not less than 120 point. The "text" includes all
printed matter except the name and address of the insurer, name or title of the policy, the
brief description, if any, the reference to renewal or cancellation by a separate statement,
if any, and the captions and subcaptions.

- 9.5 (5) Description of policy. The policy, on the first page, indicates or refers to its
  9.6 provisions for renewal or cancellation either in the brief description, if any, or by a separate
  9.7 statement printed in type not smaller than the type used for captions or a separate provision
  9.8 bearing a caption which accurately describes the renewability or cancelability of the policy.
- 9.9 (6) Exceptions in policy. The exceptions and reductions of indemnity are set
  9.10 forth in the policy and, except those which are set forth in section 62A.04, printed, at
  9.11 the insurer's option, either with the benefit provision to which they apply, or under an
  9.12 appropriate caption such as "EXCEPTIONS" or "EXCEPTIONS AND REDUCTIONS."
  9.13 However, if an exception or reduction specifically applies only to a particular benefit of
  9.14 the policy, a statement of the exception or reduction must be included with the benefit
  9.15 provision to which it applies.
- 9.16 (7) Form number. Each form, including riders and endorsements, is identified by a
  9.17 form number in the lower left hand corner of the first page thereof.
- 9.18 (8) No incorporation by reference. It contains no provision purporting to make
  9.19 any portion of the charter, rules, constitution, or bylaws of the insurer a part of the policy
  9.20 unless the portion is set forth in full in the policy, except in the case of the incorporation
  9.21 of, or reference to, a statement of rates, classification of risks, or short rate table filed
  9.22 with the commissioner.
- 9.23 (9) Medical benefits. If the policy contains a provision for medical expense benefits,
  9.24 the term "medical benefits" or similar terms as used therein includes treatments by all
  9.25 licensed practitioners of the healing arts unless, subject to the qualifications contained in
  9.26 clause (10), the policy specifically states the practitioners whose services are covered.
- (10) Osteopath, optometrist, chiropractor, or registered nurse services. With 9.27 respect to any policy of individual accident and sickness insurance issued or entered 9.28 into subsequent to August 1, 1974, notwithstanding the provisions of the policy, if it 9.29 contains a provision providing for reimbursement for any service which is in the lawful 9.30 scope of practice of a duly licensed osteopath, optometrist, chiropractor, or registered 9.31 nurse meeting the requirements of section 62A.15, subdivision 3a, the person entitled to 9.32 benefits or person performing services under the policy is entitled to reimbursement on an 9.33 equal basis for the service, whether the service is performed by a physician, osteopath, 9.34 optometrist, chiropractor, or registered nurse meeting the requirements of section 62A.15, 9.35
- 9.36 subdivision 3a, licensed under the laws of this state.

#### 10.1

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 10.2 Subd. 2. Required provisions. Except as provided in subdivision 4 each such 10.3 policy delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state shall contain the 10.4 provisions specified in this subdivision in the words in which the same appear in this 10.5 section. The insurer may, at its option, substitute for one or more of such provisions 10.6 corresponding provisions of different wording approved by the commissioner which are 10.7 in each instance not less favorable in any respect to the insured or the beneficiary. Such 10.8 provisions shall be preceded individually by the caption appearing in this subdivision or, at 10.9 the option of the insurer, by such appropriate individual or group captions or subcaptions 10.10 as the commissioner may approve. 10.11

10.12 (1) A provision as follows:

10.13 ENTIRE CONTRACT; CHANGES: This policy, including the endorsements and 10.14 the attached papers, if any, constitutes the entire contract of insurance. No change in this 10.15 policy shall be valid until approved by an executive officer of the insurer and unless such 10.16 approval be endorsed hereon or attached hereto. No agent has authority to change this 10.17 policy or to waive any of its provisions.

10.18 (2) A provision as follows:

10.19 TIME LIMIT ON CERTAIN DEFENSES: (a) After two years from the date of issue
10.20 of this policy no misstatements, except fraudulent misstatements, made by the applicant
10.21 in the application for such policy shall be used to void the policy or to deny a claim for
10.22 loss incurred or disability (as defined in the policy) commencing after the expiration
10.23 of such two year period.

The foregoing policy provision shall not be so construed as to affect any legal 10.24 10.25 requirement for avoidance of a policy or denial of a claim during such initial two year period, nor to limit the application of clauses (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5), in the event of 10.26 misstatement with respect to age or occupation or other insurance. A policy which the 10.27 insured has the right to continue in force subject to its terms by the timely payment of 10.28 premium (1) until at least age 50 or, (2) in the case of a policy issued after age 44, for at 10.29 least five years from its date of issue, may contain in lieu of the foregoing the following 10.30 provisions (from which the clause in parentheses may be omitted at the insurer's option) 10.31 under the caption "INCONTESTABLE": 10.32

10.33 After this policy has been in force for a period of two years during the lifetime of
10.34 the insured (excluding any period during which the insured is disabled), it shall become
10.35 incontestable as to the statements contained in the application.

11.1	(b) No claim for loss incurred or disability (as defined in the policy) commencing after
11.2	two years from the date of issue of this policy shall be reduced or denied on the ground that
11.3	a disease or physical condition not excluded from coverage by name or specific description
11.4	effective on the date of loss had existed prior to the effective date of coverage of this policy.
11.5	(3)(a) Except as required for qualified health plans sold through the Minnesota
11.6	Insurance Marketplace to individuals receiving advance payments of the premium tax
11.7	credit, a provision as follows:
11.8	GRACE PERIOD: A grace period of (insert a number not less than "7" for
11.9	weekly premium policies, "10" for monthly premium policies and "31" for all other
11.10	policies) days will be granted for the payment of each premium falling due after the first
11.11	premium, during which grace period the policy shall continue in force.
11.12	A policy which contains a cancellation provision may add, at the end of the above
11.13	provision,
11.14	subject to the right of the insurer to cancel in accordance with the cancellation
11.15	provision hereof.
11.16	A policy in which the insurer reserves the right to refuse any renewal shall have,
11.17	at the beginning of the above provision,
11.18	Unless not less than five days prior to the premium due date the insurer has delivered
11.19	to the insured or has mailed to the insured's last address as shown by the records of the
11.20	insurer written notice of its intention not to renew this policy beyond the period for which
11.21	the premium has been accepted.
11.22	(b) For qualified health plans sold through the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace
11.23	to individuals receiving advance payments of the premium tax credit, a grace period
11.24	provision must be included that complies with the Affordable Care Act and is no less
11.25	restrictive than the grace period required by the Affordable Care Act.
11.26	(4) A provision as follows:
11.27	REINSTATEMENT: If any renewal premium be not paid within the time granted the
11.28	insured for payment, a subsequent acceptance of premium by the insurer or by any agent
11.29	duly authorized by the insurer to accept such premium, without requiring in connection
11.30	therewith an application for reinstatement, shall reinstate the policy. If the insurer or
11.31	such agent requires an application for reinstatement and issues a conditional receipt for
11.32	the premium tendered, the policy will be reinstated upon approval of such application
11.33	by the insurer or, lacking such approval, upon the forty-fifth day following the date of
11.34	such conditional receipt unless the insurer has previously notified the insured in writing
11.35	of its disapproval of such application. For health plans described in section 62A.011,
11.36	subdivision 3, clause (10), an insurer must accept payment of a renewal premium and

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reinstate the policy, if the insured applies for reinstatement no later than 60 days after thedue date for the premium payment, unless:

12.3

(1) the insured has in the interim left the state or the insurer's service area; or

12.4 (2) the insured has applied for reinstatement on two or more prior occasions.

The reinstated policy shall cover only loss resulting from such accidental injury as 12.5 may be sustained after the date of reinstatement and loss due to such sickness as may 12.6 begin more than ten days after such date. In all other respects the insured and insurer shall 12.7 have the same rights thereunder as they had under the policy immediately before the due 12.8 date of the defaulted premium, subject to any provisions endorsed hereon or attached 12.9 hereto in connection with the reinstatement. Any premium accepted in connection with 12.10 a reinstatement shall be applied to a period for which premium has not been previously 12.11 paid, but not to any period more than 60 days prior to the date of reinstatement. The last 12.12 sentence of the above provision may be omitted from any policy which the insured has 12.13 the right to continue in force subject to its terms by the timely payment of premiums 12.14 12.15 (1) until at least age 50, or, (2) in the case of a policy issued after age 44, for at least five years from its date of issue. 12.16

12.17

(5) A provision as follows:

12.18 NOTICE OF CLAIM: Written notice of claim must be given to the insurer within 12.19 20 days after the occurrence or commencement of any loss covered by the policy, or as 12.20 soon thereafter as is reasonably possible. Notice given by or on behalf of the insured or 12.21 the beneficiary to the insurer at ..... (insert the location of such office as the insurer may 12.22 designate for the purpose), or to any authorized agent of the insurer, with information 12.23 sufficient to identify the insured, shall be deemed notice to the insurer.

12.24 In a policy providing a loss-of-time benefit which may be payable for at least two 12.25 years, an insurer may at its option insert the following between the first and second 12.26 sentences of the above provision:

Subject to the qualifications set forth below, if the insured suffers loss of time on 12.27 account of disability for which indemnity may be payable for at least two years, the 12.28 insured shall, at least once in every six months after having given notice of claim, give to 12.29 the insurer notice of continuance of said disability, except in the event of legal incapacity. 12.30 The period of six months following any filing of proof by the insured or any payment by 12.31 the insurer on account of such claim or any denial of liability in whole or in part by the 12.32 insurer shall be excluded in applying this provision. Delay in the giving of such notice 12.33 shall not impair the insured's right to any indemnity which would otherwise have accrued 12.34 during the period of six months preceding the date on which such notice is actually given. 12.35 (6) A provision as follows: 12.36

CLAIM FORMS: The insurer, upon receipt of a notice of claim, will furnish to the claimant such forms as are usually furnished by it for filing proofs of loss. If such forms are not furnished within 15 days after the giving of such notice the claimant shall be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this policy as to proof of loss upon submitting, within the time fixed in the policy for filing proofs of loss, written proof covering the occurrence, the character and the extent of the loss for which claim is made.

13.7

(7) A provision as follows:

PROOFS OF LOSS: Written proof of loss must be furnished to the insurer at its 138 said office in case of claim for loss for which this policy provides any periodic payment 13.9 contingent upon continuing loss within 90 days after the termination of the period for 13.10 which the insurer is liable and in case of claim for any other loss within 90 days after the 13.11 date of such loss. Failure to furnish such proof within the time required shall not invalidate 13.12 nor reduce any claim if it was not reasonably possible to give proof within such time, 13.13 provided such proof is furnished as soon as reasonably possible and in no event, except in 13.14 13.15 the absence of legal capacity, later than one year from the time proof is otherwise required. (8) A provision as follows: 13.16

TIME OF PAYMENT OF CLAIMS: Indemnities payable under this policy for
any loss other than loss for which this policy provides periodic payment will be paid
immediately upon receipt of due written proof of such loss. Subject to due written proof
of loss, all accrued indemnities for loss for which this policy provides periodic payment
will be paid ..... (insert period for payment which must not be less frequently than
monthly) and any balance remaining unpaid upon the termination of liability will be paid
immediately upon receipt of due written proof.

13.24 (9) A provision as follows:

PAYMENT OF CLAIMS: Indemnity for loss of life will be payable in accordance
with the beneficiary designation and the provisions respecting such payment which may
be prescribed herein and effective at the time of payment. If no such designation or
provision is then effective, such indemnity shall be payable to the estate of the insured.
Any other accrued indemnities unpaid at the insured's death may, at the option of the
insurer, be paid either to such beneficiary or to such estate. All other indemnities will
be payable to the insured.

13.32 The following provisions, or either of them, may be included with the foregoing13.33 provision at the option of the insurer:

If any indemnity of this policy shall be payable to the estate of the insured, or to an
insured or beneficiary who is a minor or otherwise not competent to give a valid release,
the insurer may pay such indemnity, up to an amount not exceeding \$..... (insert an amount

which shall not exceed \$1,000), to any relative by blood or connection by marriage of the
insured or beneficiary who is deemed by the insurer to be equitably entitled thereto. Any
payment made by the insurer in good faith pursuant to this provision shall fully discharge
the insurer to the extent of such payment.

Subject to any written direction of the insured in the application or otherwise all
or a portion of any indemnities provided by this policy on account of hospital, nursing,
medical, or surgical services may, at the insurer's option and unless the insured requests
otherwise in writing not later than the time of filing proofs of such loss, be paid directly to
the hospital or person rendering such services; but it is not required that the service be
rendered by a particular hospital or person.

14.11 (10) A provision as follows:

PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS AND AUTOPSY: The insurer at its own expense
shall have the right and opportunity to examine the person of the insured when and as
often as it may reasonably require during the pendency of a claim hereunder and to make
an autopsy in case of death where it is not forbidden by law.

14.16 (11) A

(11) A provision as follows:

14.17 LEGAL ACTIONS: No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on this
14.18 policy prior to the expiration of 60 days after written proof of loss has been furnished in
14.19 accordance with the requirements of this policy. No such action shall be brought after the
14.20 expiration of three years after the time written proof of loss is required to be furnished.

14.21 (12) A provision as follows:

14.22 CHANGE OF BENEFICIARY: Unless the insured makes an irrevocable designation
14.23 of beneficiary, the right to change of beneficiary is reserved to the insured and the consent
14.24 of the beneficiary or beneficiaries shall not be requisite to surrender or assignment of
14.25 this policy or to any change of beneficiary or beneficiaries, or to any other changes in
14.26 this policy. The first clause of this provision, relating to the irrevocable designation of
14.27 beneficiary, may be omitted at the insurer's option.

14.28

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

- 14.29 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.047, is amended to read:
- 14.30

## 62A.047 CHILDREN'S HEALTH SUPERVISION SERVICES AND

14.31 **PRENATAL CARE SERVICES.** 

A policy of individual or group health and accident insurance regulated under this
chapter, or individual or group subscriber contract regulated under chapter 62C, health
maintenance contract regulated under chapter 62D, or health benefit certificate regulated

under chapter 64B, issued, renewed, or continued to provide coverage to a Minnesota 15.1 resident, must provide coverage for child health supervision services and prenatal care 15.2 services. The policy, contract, or certificate must specifically exempt reasonable and 15.3 customary charges for child health supervision services and prenatal care services from a 15.4 deductible, co-payment, or other coinsurance or dollar limitation requirement. Nothing 15.5 in this section prohibits a health carrier that has a network of providers from imposing 15.6 a deductible, co-payment, or other coinsurance or dollar limitation requirement for 15.7 child health supervision services and prenatal care services that are delivered by an 15.8 out-of-network provider. This section does not prohibit the use of policy waiting periods 15.9 or preexisting condition limitations for these services. Minimum benefits may be limited 15.10 to one visit payable to one provider for all of the services provided at each visit cited in 15.11 this section subject to the schedule set forth in this section. Nothing in this section applies 15.12 to a policy designed primarily to provide coverage payable on a per diem, fixed indemnity, 15.13 or non-expense-incurred basis, or a policy that provides only accident coverage. A policy, 15.14 15.15 contract, or certificate described under this section may not apply to preexisting condition limitations to individuals under 19 years of age. This section does not apply to individual 15.16

- 15.17 coverage under a grandfathered plan.
- "Child health supervision services" means pediatric preventive services, appropriate
  immunizations, developmental assessments, and laboratory services appropriate to the age
  of a child from birth to age six, and appropriate immunizations from ages six to 18, as
  defined by Standards of Child Health Care issued by the American Academy of Pediatrics.
  Reimbursement must be made for at least five child health supervision visits from birth
  to 12 months, three child health supervision visits from 12 months to 24 months, once a
  year from 24 months to 72 months.
- "Prenatal care services" means the comprehensive package of medical and
  psychosocial support provided throughout the pregnancy, including risk assessment,
  serial surveillance, prenatal education, and use of specialized skills and technology,
  when needed, as defined by Standards for Obstetric-Gynecologic Services issued by the
  American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists.
- 15.30

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

15.31 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.049, is amended to read:

#### 15.32 **62A.049 LIMITATION ON PREAUTHORIZATIONS; EMERGENCIES.**

15.33 No policy of accident and sickness insurance or group subscriber contract regulated
15.34 under chapter 62C issued or renewed in this state may contain a provision that makes an

insured person ineligible to receive full benefits because of the insured's failure to obtain
preauthorization, if that failure occurs because of the need for emergency confinement
or emergency treatment. The insured or an authorized representative of the insured shall
notify the insurer as soon after the beginning of emergency confinement or emergency
treatment as reasonably possible. However, to the extent that the insurer suffers actual
prejudice caused by the failure to obtain preauthorization, the insured may be denied all or
part of the insured's benefits. This provision does not apply to admissions for treatment of

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#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

ehemical dependency and nervous and mental disorders.

16.10 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.136, is amended to read:

### 16.11 62A.136 HEARING, DENTAL, AND VISION PLAN COVERAGE.

The following provisions do not apply to health plans as defined in section 62A.011,
subdivision 3, clause (6), providing hearing, dental, or vision coverage only: sections
62A.041; 62A.0411; 62A.047; 62A.149; 62A.151; 62A.152; 62A.154; 62A.155; 62A.17,
subdivision 6; 62A.21, subdivision 2b; 62A.26; 62A.28; 62A.285; 62A.30; 62A.304; and
62A.3093; and 62E.16.

16.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.149, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 16.18 Subdivision 1. Application. The provisions of this section apply to all group 16.19 policies of accident and health insurance and group subscriber contracts offered by 16.20 nonprofit health service plan corporations regulated under chapter 62C, and to a plan or 16.21 policy that is individually underwritten or provided for a specific individual and family 16.22 members as a nongroup policy unless the individual elects in writing to refuse benefits 16.23 under this subdivision in exchange for an appropriate reduction in premiums or subscriber 16.24 eharges under the policy or plan, when the policies or subscriber contracts are issued or 16.25 delivered in Minnesota or provide benefits to Minnesota residents enrolled thereunder. 16.26

16.27 This section does not apply to policies designed primarily to provide coverage
16.28 payable on a per diem, fixed indemnity or nonexpense incurred basis or policies that
16.29 provide accident only coverage.

Every insurance policy or subscriber contract included within the provisions of this subdivision, upon issuance or renewal, shall provide coverage that complies with the requirements of section 62Q.47, paragraphs (b) and (c), for the treatment of alcoholism, chemical dependency or drug addiction to any Minnesota resident entitled to coverage.

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#### 17.1

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.17, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Responsibility of employee. Every covered employee electing to continue
coverage shall pay the former employer, on a monthly basis, the cost of the continued

coverage. The policy, contract, or plan must require the group policyholder or contract 17.5 holder to, upon request, provide the employee with written verification from the insurer 17.6 of the cost of this coverage promptly at the time of eligibility for this coverage and at 17.7 any time during the continuation period. If the policy, contract, or health care plan is 17.8 administered by a trust, every covered employee electing to continue coverage shall pay 17.9 the trust the cost of continued coverage according to the eligibility rules established by the 17.10 trust. In no event shall the amount of premium charged exceed 102 percent of the cost 17.11 to the plan for such period of coverage for similarly situated employees with respect to 17.12 whom neither termination nor layoff has occurred, without regard to whether such cost 17.13 17.14 is paid by the employer or employee. The employee shall be eligible to continue the coverage until the employee becomes covered under another group health plan, or for a 17.15 period of 18 months after the termination of or lay off from employment, whichever is 17.16 shorter. For an individual age 19 or older, if the employee becomes covered under another 17.17 group policy, contract, or health plan and the new group policy, contract, or health plan 17.18 contains any preexisting condition limitations, the employee may, subject to the 18-month 17.19 maximum continuation limit, continue coverage with the former employer until the 17.20 preexisting condition limitations have been satisfied. The new policy, contract, or health 17.21 17.22 plan is primary except as to the preexisting condition. In the case of a newborn child who is a dependent of the employee, the new policy, contract, or health plan is primary upon 17.23 the date of birth of the child, regardless of which policy, contract, or health plan coverage 17.24 17.25 is deemed primary for the mother of the child.

17.26

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.17, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 17.27 Subd. 6. Conversion to individual policy. A group insurance policy that provides 17.28 posttermination or layoff coverage as required by this section shall also include a 17.29 provision allowing a covered employee, surviving spouse, or dependent at the expiration 17.30 of the posttermination or layoff coverage provided by subdivision 2 to obtain from the 17.31 insurer offering the group policy or group subscriber contract, at the employee's, spouse's, 17.32 or dependent's option and expense, without further evidence of insurability and without 17.33 17.34 interruption of coverage, an individual policy of insurance or an individual subscriber

contract providing at least the minimum benefits of a qualified plan as prescribed by 18.1 section 62E.06 and the option of a number three qualified plan, a number two qualified 18.2 plan, and a number one qualified plan as provided by section 62E.06, subdivisions 1 to 18.3 3, provided application is made to the insurer within 30 days following notice of the 18.4 expiration of the continued coverage and upon payment of the appropriate premium. 18.5 The required conversion contract must treat pregnancy the same as any other covered 18.6 illness under the conversion contract. A health maintenance contract issued by a health 18.7 maintenance organization that provides posttermination or layoff coverage as required 18.8 by this section shall also include a provision allowing a former employee, surviving 18.9 18.10 spouse, or dependent at the expiration of the posttermination or layoff coverage provided in subdivision 2 to obtain from the health maintenance organization, at the former 18.11 18.12 employee's, spouse's, or dependent's option and expense, without further evidence of insurability and without interruption of coverage, an individual health maintenance 18.13 contract. Effective January 1, 1985, enrollees who have become nonresidents of the health 18.14 18.15 maintenance organization's service area shall be given the option, to be arranged by the health maintenance organization, of a number three qualified plan, a number two qualified 18.16 plan, or a number one qualified plan as provided by section 62E.06, subdivisions 1 to 3. 18.17 18.18 This option shall be made available at the enrollee's expense, without further evidence of insurability and without interruption of coverage. 18.19 A policy providing reduced benefits at a reduced premium rate may be accepted 18.20

by the employee, the spouse, or a dependent in lieu of the optional coverage otherwise
required by this subdivision.

18.23The An individual policy or contract issued as a conversion policy prior to January18.241, 2014, shall be renewable at the option of the individual as long as the individual is not18.25covered under another qualified plan as defined in section 62E.02, subdivision 4. Any18.26revisions in the table of rate for the individual policy shall apply to the covered person's18.27original age at entry and shall apply equally to all similar conversion policies issued18.28by the insurer.

18.29

9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

18.30 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.21, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:
18.31 Subd. 2b. Conversion privilege. Every policy described in subdivision 1 shall
18.32 contain a provision allowing a former spouse and dependent children of an insured,
18.33 without providing evidence of insurability, to obtain from the insurer at the expiration of
18.34 any continuation of coverage required under subdivision 2a or sections 62A.146 and
18.35 62A.20, conversion coverage providing at least the minimum benefits of a qualified

plan as prescribed by section 62E.06 and the option of a number three qualified plan, a 19.1 number two qualified plan, a number one qualified plan as provided by section 62E.06, 19.2 subdivisions 1 to 3, provided application is made to the insurer within 30 days following 19.3 notice of the expiration of the continued coverage and upon payment of the appropriate 19.4 premium. The An individual policy or contract issued as a conversion policy prior to 19.5 January 1, 2014, shall be renewable at the option of the covered person as long as the 19.6 covered person is not covered under another qualified plan as defined in section 62E.02, 19.7 subdivision 4. Any revisions in the table of rate for the individual policy shall apply to the 198 covered person's original age at entry and shall apply equally to all similar conversion 19.9 policies issued by the insurer. 19.10

- A policy providing reduced benefits at a reduced premium rate may be accepted by
   the covered person in lieu of the optional coverage otherwise required by this subdivision.
- 19.13

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

19.14 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.28, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
19.15 Subd. 2. Required coverage. Every policy, plan, certificate, or contract referred to
19.16 in subdivision 1 issued or renewed after August 1, 1987, must provide coverage for scalp
19.17 hair prostheses worn for hair loss suffered as a result of alopecia areata.

The coverage required by this section is subject to the co-payment, coinsurance,
deductible, and other enrollee cost-sharing requirements that apply to similar types of
items under the policy, plan, certificate, or contract<del>, and is limited to a maximum of \$350</del>
in any benefit year and may be limited to one prosthesis per benefit year.

19.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

19.23 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.302, is amended to read:

19.24

4 62A.302 COVERAGE OF DEPENDENTS.

- 19.25 Subdivision 1. Scope of coverage. This section applies to:
- 19.26 (1) a health plan as defined in section 62A.011; and
- 19.27 (2) coverage described in section 62A.011, subdivision 3, clauses (4), (6), (7), (8),
- 19.28 (9), and (10); and
- 19.29 (3)(2) a policy, contract, or certificate issued by a community integrated service 19.30 network licensed under chapter 62N.
- Subd. 2. Required coverage. Every health plan included in subdivision 1 that
  provides dependent coverage must define "dependent" no more restrictively than the
  definition provided in section 62L.02, subdivision 11.

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Subd. 3. No additional restrictions permitted. Any health plan included in 20.1 20.2 subdivision 1 that provides dependent coverage of children shall make that coverage available to children until the child attains 26 years of age. A health carrier must not place 20.3 restrictions on this coverage and must comply with the following requirements: 20.4 (1) with respect to a child who has not attained 26 years of age, a health carrier shall 20.5 not define dependent for purposes of eligibility for dependent coverage of children other 20.6 than the terms of a relationship between a child and the enrollee or spouse of the enrollee; 20.7 (2) a health carrier must not deny or restrict coverage for a child who has not attained 20.8 20.9 26 years of age based on (i) the presence or absence of the child's financial dependency upon the participant, primary subscriber, or any other person; (ii) residency with the participant 20.10 and in the individual market the primary subscriber, or with any other person; (iii) marital 20.11 20.12 status; (iv) student status; (v) employment; or (vi) any combination of those factors; and (3) a health carrier must not deny or restrict coverage of a child based on eligibility 20.13 for other coverage, except as provided in subdivision 5. 20.14 20.15 Subd. 4. Grandchildren. Nothing in this section requires a health carrier to make coverage available for a grandchild, unless the grandparent becomes the legal guardian 20.16 or adoptive parent of that grandchild or unless the grandchild meets the requirements 20.17 of section 62A.042. For grandchildren included under a grandparent's policy pursuant 20.18 to section 62A.042, coverage for the grandchild may terminate if the grandchild does 20.19 20.20 not continue to reside with the covered grandparent continuously from birth, if the grandchild does not remain financially dependent upon the covered grandparent, or when 20.21 the grandchild reaches age 25, except as provided in section 62A.14 or if coverage is 20.22 20.23 continued under section 62A.20. Subd. 5. Terms of coverage of dependents. The terms of coverage in a health plan 20.24 offered by a health carrier providing dependent coverage of children cannot vary based on 20.25 20.26 age except for children who are 26 years of age or older. Subd. 6. Opportunity to enroll. A health carrier must comply with all provisions 20.27 of the Affordable Care Act in regards to providing an opportunity to enroll in coverage to 20.28 any child whose coverage ended, or was not eligible for coverage under a group health 20.29 plan or individual health plan because, under the terms of the coverage, the availability of 20.30 dependent coverage of a child ended before age 26. 20.31 Subd. 7. Grandfathered plan coverage. (a) For plan years beginning before 20.32 January 1, 2014, a group health plan that is a grandfathered plan and makes available 20.33 dependent coverage of children may exclude an adult child who has not attained 26 20.34

20.35 years of age from coverage only if the adult child is eligible to enroll in an eligible

21.1	employer-sponsored health benefit plan, as defined in section 5000A(f)(2) of the Internal
21.2	Revenue Code, other than the group health plan of a parent.
21.3	(b) For plan years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, a group health plan that is a
21.4	grandfathered plan must comply with all requirements of this section.
21.5	Subd. 8. Compliance. This section does not require compliance with any provision
21.6	of the Affordable Care Act before the effective date provided for that provision in the
21.7	Affordable Care Act.
21.8	Subd. 9. Enforcement. The commissioner shall enforce this section.
21.9	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
21.10	Sec. 24. [62A.3021] COVERAGE OF DEPENDENTS BY PLANS OTHER THAN
21.11	HEALTH PLANS.
21.12	Subdivision 1. Scope of coverage. This section applies to coverage described in
21.13	section 62A.011, subdivision 3, clauses (4), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10).
21.14	Subd. 2. Dependent. "Dependent" means an eligible employee's spouse, unmarried
21.15	child who is under the age of 25, dependent child of any age who is disabled and who
21.16	meets the eligibility criteria in section 62A.14, subdivision 2, or any other person whom
21.17	state or federal law requires to be treated as a dependent for purposes of health plans. For
21.18	the purpose of this definition, a child includes a child for whom the employee or the
21.19	employee's spouse has been appointed legal guardian and an adoptive child as provided in
21.20	section 62A.27. A child also includes grandchildren as provided in section 62A.042 with
21.21	continued eligibility of grandchildren as provided in section 62A.302, subdivision 4.
21.22	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
21.23	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.615, is amended to read:
21.24	62A.615 PREEXISTING CONDITIONS DISCLOSED AT TIME OF
21.25	APPLICATION.
21.26	No insurer may cancel or rescind a health insurance policy for a preexisting condition
21.27	of which the application or other information provided by the insured reasonably gave
21.28	the insurer notice. No insurer may restrict coverage for a preexisting condition of which
21.29	the application or other information provided by the insured reasonably gave the insurer
21.30	notice unless the coverage is restricted at the time the policy is issued and the restriction is
21.31	disclosed in writing to the insured at the time the policy is issued. In addition, no health plan
21.32	may restrict coverage for a preexisting condition for an individual who is under 19 years
21.33	of age. This section does not apply to individual health plans that are grandfathered plans.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.65, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Premium rate restrictions. No individual health plan may be offered,
sold, issued, or renewed to a Minnesota resident unless the premium rate charged is

22.5 determined in accordance with the following requirements:

(a) Premium rates must be no more than 25 percent above and no more than 25
percent below the index rate charged to individuals for the same or similar coverage,
adjusted pro rata for rating periods of less than one year. The premium variations
permitted by this paragraph must be based only upon health status, claims experience,

22.10 and occupation. For purposes of this paragraph, health status includes refraining from

22.11 tobacco use or other actuarially valid lifestyle factors associated with good health,

22.12 provided that the lifestyle factor and its effect upon premium rates have been determined

22.13 by the commissioner to be actuarially valid and have been approved by the commissioner.

22.14 Variations permitted under this paragraph must not be based upon age or applied

22.15 differently at different ages. This paragraph does not prohibit use of a constant percentage

22.16 adjustment for factors permitted to be used under this paragraph.

(b) (a) Premium rates may vary based upon the ages of covered persons only as
 provided in this paragraph. In addition to the variation permitted under paragraph (a), each
 health carrier may use an additional premium variation based upon age of up to plus or
 minus 50 percent of the index rate in accordance with the provisions of the Affordable

22.21 <u>Care Act</u>.

(c) A health carrier may request approval by the commissioner to establish separate
 geographic regions determined by the health carrier and to establish separate index rates
 for each such region.

(b) Premium rates may vary based upon geographic rating area. The commissioner
 shall grant approval if the following conditions are met:

22.27 (1) the geographic regions must be applied uniformly by the health carrier the areas
22.28 are established in accordance with the Affordable Care Act;

(2) each geographic region must be composed of no fewer than seven counties thatcreate a contiguous region; and

(3) the health carrier provides actuarial justification acceptable to the commissioner
for the proposed geographic variations in index rates premium rates for each area,

establishing that the variations are based upon differences in the cost to the health carrierof providing coverage.

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eells they use. Rate cells must be based upon the number of adults or children covered 23.2 under the policy and may reflect the availability of Medicare coverage. The rates for 23.3 different rate cells must not in any way reflect generalized differences in expected costs 23.4 between principal insureds and their spouses. 23.5 (c) Premium rates may vary based upon tobacco use, in accordance with the 23.6 provisions of the Affordable Care Act. 23.7 (e) (d) In developing its index rates and premiums for a health plan, a health carrier 23.8 shall take into account only the following factors: 23.9 (1) actuarially valid differences in rating factors permitted under paragraphs (a) 23.10 and (b) (c); and 23.11 (2) actuarially valid geographic variations if approved by the commissioner as 23.12 provided in paragraph (e) (b). 23.13 (e) The premium charged with respect to any particular individual health plan shall 23.14 23.15 not be adjusted more frequently than annually or January 1 of the year following initial enrollment, except that the premium rates may be changed to reflect: 23.16 (1) changes to the family composition of the policyholder; 23.17 (2) changes in geographic rating area of the policyholder, as provided in paragraph 23.18 (b); 23.19 (3) changes in age, as provided in paragraph (a); 23.20 (4) changes in tobacco use, as provided in paragraph (c); 23.21 (5) transfer to a new health plan requested by the policyholder; or 23.22 (6) other changes required by or otherwise expressly permitted by state or federal 23.23 law or regulations. 23.24 (f) All premium variations must be justified in initial rate filings and upon request of 23.25 23.26 the commissioner in rate revision filings. All rate variations are subject to approval by the commissioner. 23.27 (g) The loss ratio must comply with the section 62A.021 requirements for individual 23.28 health plans. 23.29 (h) The rates must not be approved, unless the commissioner has determined that the 23.30 rates are reasonable. In determining reasonableness, the commissioner shall consider the 23.31 growth rates applied under section 62J.04, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), to the calendar 23.32 year or years that the proposed premium rate would be in effect, and actuarially valid 23.33 changes in risks associated with the enrollee populations, and actuarially valid changes as 23.34 a result of statutory changes in Laws 1992, chapter 549. 23.35

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(i) An insurer A health carrier may, as part of a minimum lifetime loss ratio 24.1 guarantee filing under section 62A.02, subdivision 3a, include a rating practices guarantee 24.2 as provided in this paragraph. The rating practices guarantee must be in writing and 24.3 must guarantee that the policy form will be offered, sold, issued, and renewed only with 24.4 premium rates and premium rating practices that comply with subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and 5. 24.5 The rating practices guarantee must be accompanied by an actuarial memorandum that 24.6 demonstrates that the premium rates and premium rating system used in connection with 24.7 the policy form will satisfy the guarantee. The guarantee must guarantee refunds of any 24.8 excess premiums to policyholders charged premiums that exceed those permitted under 24.9 subdivision 2, 3, 4, or 5. An insurer A health carrier that complies with this paragraph in 24.10

- connection with a policy form is exempt from the requirement of prior approval by the commissioner under paragraphs (c) (b), (f), and (h).
- 24.13 (j) The commissioner may establish regulations to implement the provisions of
  24.14 this subdivision.
- 24.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.
- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.65, is amended by adding a subdivision
  to read:
- 24.18 Subd. 3a. Disclosure. (a) In connection with the offering for sale of a health plan
  24.19 in the individual market, a health carrier shall make a reasonable disclosure, as part of
  24.20 its solicitation and sales materials, of all of the following:
- 24.21 (1) the provisions of the coverage concerning the health carrier's right to change
  24.22 premium rates and the factors that may affect changes in premium rates; and
- 24.23 (2) a listing of and descriptive information, including benefits and premiums, about
- 24.24 <u>all individual health plans actively marketed by the health carrier and the availability of</u>
  24.25 the individual health plans for which the individual is qualified.
- 24.26 (b) Paragraph (a), clause (1), may be satisfied by referring individuals to the Health
  24.27 and Human Services Web portal, as defined under the Affordable Care Act.
- 24.28 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.65, is amended by adding a subdivision
  24.29 to read:
- 24.30 Subd. 3b. Single risk pool. A health carrier shall consider all enrollees in all health
- 24.31 plans, other than short-term and grandfathered plan coverage, offered by the health carrier
- 24.32 in the individual market, including those enrollees who enroll in qualified health plans
- 24.33 offered through the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace, to be members of a single risk pool.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.65, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 25.1 Subd. 5. Portability and conversion of coverage. (a) For plan years beginning 25.2 on or after January 1, 2014, no individual health plan may be offered, sold, issued, or 25.3 with respect to children age 18 or under renewed, to a Minnesota resident that contains a 25.4 preexisting condition limitation, preexisting condition exclusion, or exclusionary rider, 25.5 unless the limitation or exclusion is permitted under this subdivision and under chapter 25.6 62L, provided that, except for children age 18 or under, underwriting restrictions may 25.7 be retained on individual contracts that are issued without evidence of insurability as a 25.8 replacement for prior individual coverage that was sold before May 17, 1993. The An 25.9 individual age 19 or older may be subjected to an 18-month preexisting condition limitation 25.10 during plan years beginning prior to January 1, 2014, unless the individual has maintained 25.11 continuous coverage as defined in section 62L.02. The individual must not be subjected to 25.12 an exclusionary rider. During plan years beginning prior to January 1, 2014, an individual 25.13 who is age 19 or older and who has maintained continuous coverage may be subjected to a 25.14 25.15 onetime preexisting condition limitation of up to 12 months, with credit for time covered under qualifying coverage as defined in section 62L.02, at the time that the individual first 25.16 is covered under an individual health plan by any health carrier. Credit must be given for 25.17 all qualifying coverage with respect to all preexisting conditions, regardless of whether 25.18 the conditions were preexisting with respect to any previous qualifying coverage. The 25.19 individual must not be subjected to an exclusionary rider. Thereafter, the individual who is 25.20 age 19 or older must not be subject to any preexisting condition limitation, preexisting 25.21 condition exclusion, or exclusionary rider under an individual health plan by any health 25.22 25.23 carrier, except an unexpired portion of a limitation under prior coverage, so long as the individual maintains continuous coverage as defined in section 62L.02. The prohibition on 25.24 preexisting condition limitations for children age 18 or under does not apply to individual 25.25 25.26 health plans that are grandfathered plans. The prohibition on preexisting condition limitations for adults age 19 and over beginning for plan years on or after January 1, 2014, 25.27 does not apply to individual health plans that are grandfathered plans. 25.28

(b) A health carrier must offer an individual health plan to any individual previously 25.29 covered under a group health plan issued by that health carrier, regardless of the size of 25.30 the group, so long as the individual maintained continuous coverage as defined in section 25.31 62L.02. If the individual has available any continuation coverage provided under sections 25.32 62A.146; 62A.148; 62A.17, subdivisions 1 and 2; 62A.20; 62A.21; 62C.142; 62D.101; or 25.33 62D.105, or continuation coverage provided under federal law, the health carrier need not 25.34 offer coverage under this paragraph until the individual has exhausted the continuation 25.35 coverage. The offer must not be subject to underwriting, except as permitted under this 25.36

paragraph. A health plan issued under this paragraph must be a qualified plan as defined 26.1 in section 62E.02 and must not contain any preexisting condition limitation, preexisting 26.2 condition exclusion, or exclusionary rider, except for any unexpired limitation or 26.3 exclusion under the previous coverage. The individual health plan must cover pregnancy 26.4 on the same basis as any other covered illness under the individual health plan. The offer 26.5 of coverage by the health carrier must inform the individual that the coverage, including 26.6 what is covered and the health care providers from whom covered care may be obtained, 26.7 may not be the same as the individual's coverage under the group health plan. The offer 26.8 of coverage by the health carrier must also inform the individual that the individual, if 26.9 a Minnesota resident, may be eligible to obtain coverage from (i) other private sources 26.10 of health coverage, or (ii) the Minnesota Comprehensive Health Association, without a 26.11 preexisting condition limitation, and must provide the telephone number used by that 26.12 association for enrollment purposes. The initial premium rate for the individual health 26.13 plan must comply with subdivision 3. The premium rate upon renewal must comply with 26.14 26.15 subdivision 2. In no event shall the premium rate exceed 100 percent of the premium charged for comparable individual coverage by the Minnesota Comprehensive Health 26.16 Association, and the premium rate must be less than that amount if necessary to otherwise 26.17 comply with this section. An individual health plan offered under this paragraph to a 26.18 person satisfies the health earrier's obligation to offer conversion coverage under section 26.19 62E.16, with respect to that person. Coverage issued under this paragraph must provide 26.20 that it cannot be canceled or nonrenewed as a result of the health carrier's subsequent 26.21 decision to leave the individual, small employer, or other group market. Section 72A.20, 26.22 26.23 subdivision 28, applies to this paragraph.

# 26.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, 26.25 except that the amendment to paragraph (b) is effective January 1, 2014.

- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.65, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
  Subd. 6. Guaranteed issue not required. (a) Nothing in this section requires a
  health carrier to initially issue a health plan to a Minnesota resident who is age 19 or older
  on the date the health plan becomes effective if the effective date is prior to January 1,
  2014, except as otherwise expressly provided in subdivision 4 or 5.
  (b) Guaranteed issue is required for all health plans, except grandfathered plans,
  beginning January 1, 2014.
- 26.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62A.65, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Short-term coverage. (a) For purposes of this section, "short-term
coverage" means an individual health plan that:

(1) is issued to provide coverage for a period of 185 days or less, except that the
health plan may permit coverage to continue until the end of a period of hospitalization
for a condition for which the covered person was hospitalized on the day that coverage
would otherwise have ended;

(2) is nonrenewable, provided that the health carrier may provide coverage for one or
more subsequent periods that satisfy clause (1), if the total of the periods of coverage do not
exceed a total of 365 days out of any 555-day period, plus any additional days covered as a
result of hospitalization on the day that a period of coverage would otherwise have ended;

(3) does not cover any preexisting conditions, including ones that originated during
a previous identical policy or contract with the same health carrier where coverage was
continuous between the previous and the current policy or contract; and

(4) is available with an immediate effective date without underwriting upon receipt
of a completed application indicating eligibility under the health carrier's eligibility
requirements, provided that coverage that includes optional benefits may be offered on a
basis that does not meet this requirement.

(b) Short-term coverage is not subject to subdivisions 2 and 5. Short-term coverage
may exclude as a preexisting condition any injury, illness, or condition for which the
covered person had medical treatment, symptoms, or any manifestations before the
effective date of the coverage, but dependent children born or placed for adoption during
the policy period must not be subject to this provision.

(c) Notwithstanding subdivision 3, and section 62A.021, a health carrier may
combine short-term coverage with its most commonly sold individual qualified plan, as
defined in section 62E.02, other than short-term coverage, for purposes of complying
with the loss ratio requirement.

(d) The 365-day coverage limitation provided in paragraph (a) applies to the total 27.28 number of days of short-term coverage that covers a person, regardless of the number of 27.29 policies, contracts, or health carriers that provide the coverage. A written application for 27.30 short-term coverage must ask the applicant whether the applicant has been covered by 27.31 short-term coverage by any health carrier within the 555 days immediately preceding the 27.32 effective date of the coverage being applied for. Short-term coverage issued in violation 27.33 of the 365-day limitation is valid until the end of its term and does not lose its status as 27.34 short-term coverage, in spite of the violation. A health carrier that knowingly issues 27.35 short-term coverage in violation of the 365-day limitation is subject to the administrative 27.36

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28.1 penalties otherwise available to the commissioner of commerce or the commissioner28.2 of health, as appropriate.

(c) Time spent under short-term coverage counts as time spent under a preexisting 28.3 28.4 condition limitation for purposes of group or individual health plans, other than short-term coverage, subsequently issued to that person, or to cover that person, by any health carrier, 28.5 if the person maintains continuous coverage as defined in section 62L.02. Short-term 28.6 eoverage is a health plan and is qualifying coverage as defined in section 62L.02. 28.7 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a health carrier is not required under any 28.8 eircumstances to provide a person covered by short-term coverage the right to obtain 28.9 eoverage on a guaranteed issue basis under another health plan offered by the health 28.10 earrier, as a result of the person's enrollment in short-term coverage. 28.11

28.12

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62C.14, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 28.13 Subd. 5. Disabled dependents. A subscriber's individual contract or any group 28.14 contract delivered or issued for delivery in this state and providing that coverage of 28.15 a dependent child of the subscriber or a dependent child of a covered group member 28.16 shall terminate upon attainment of a specified limiting age as defined in section 62Q.01, 28.17 subdivision 9, shall also provide in substance that attainment of that age shall not terminate 28.18 coverage while the child is (a) incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of 28.19 developmental disability, mental illness or disorder, or physical disability, and (b) chiefly 28.20 dependent upon the subscriber or employee for support and maintenance, provided proof 28.21 of incapacity and dependency is furnished by the subscriber within 31 days of attainment 28.22 of the limiting age as defined in section 62Q.01, subdivision 9, and subsequently as 28.23 required by the corporation, but not more frequently than annually after a two-year period 28.24 following attainment of the age. Any notice regarding termination of coverage due to 28.25 attainment of the limiting age must include information about this provision. 28.26

28.27

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62C.142, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Conversion privilege. Every subscriber contract, other than a contract
whose continuance is contingent upon continued employment or membership, which
contains a provision for termination of coverage of the spouse upon dissolution of
marriage shall contain a provision allowing a former spouse and dependent children of a
subscriber, without providing evidence of insurability, to obtain from the corporation at

the expiration of any continuation of coverage required under subdivision 2a or section 29.1 62A.146, or upon termination of coverage by reason of an entry of a valid decree of 29.2 dissolution which does not require the insured to provide continued coverage for the 29.3 former spouse, an individual subscriber contract providing at least the minimum benefits 29.4 of a qualified plan as prescribed by section 62E.06 and the option of a number three 29.5 qualified plan, a number two qualified plan, a number one qualified plan as provided by 29.6 section 62E.06, subdivisions 1 to 3, provided application is made to the corporation within 29.7 30 days following notice of the expiration of the continued coverage and upon payment of 29.8 the appropriate fee. A subscriber contract providing reduced benefits at a reduced fee may 29.9 be accepted by the former spouse and dependent children in lieu of the optional coverage 29.10 otherwise required by this subdivision. The An individual subscriber contract issued as 29.11 conversion coverage shall be renewable at the option of the former spouse as long as the 29.12 former spouse is not covered under another qualified plan as defined in section 62E.02, 29.13 subdivision 4. Any revisions in the table of rate for the individual subscriber contract shall 29.14 29.15 apply to the former spouse's original age at entry and shall apply equally to all similar contracts issued as conversion coverage by the corporation. 29.16

29.17

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62D.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Required provisions. Contracts and evidences of coverage shall contain:
(a) no provisions or statements which are unjust, unfair, inequitable, misleading,
deceptive, or which are untrue, misleading, or deceptive as defined in section 62D.12,
subdivision 1;

29.23 (b) a clear, concise and complete statement of:

(1) the health care services and the insurance or other benefits, if any, to which theenrollee is entitled under the health maintenance contract;

(2) any exclusions or limitations on the services, kind of services, benefits, or kind of
benefits, to be provided, including any deductible or co-payment feature and requirements
for referrals, prior authorizations, and second opinions;

29.29 (3) where and in what manner information is available as to how services, including
29.30 emergency and out of area services, may be obtained;

(4) the total amount of payment and co-payment, if any, for health care services
and the indemnity or service benefits, if any, which the enrollee is obligated to pay
with respect to individual contracts, or an indication whether the plan is contributory or
noncontributory with respect to group certificates; and

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30.1 (5) a description of the health maintenance organization's method for resolving
and a statement identifying the commissioner as an external source
with whom complaints may be registered; and

30.4 (c) on the cover page of the evidence of coverage and contract, a clear and complete
30.5 statement of enrollees' rights. The statement must be in bold print and captioned
30.6 "Important Enrollee Information and Enrollee Bill of Rights" and must include but not be
30.7 limited to the following provisions in the following language or in substantially similar
30.8 language approved in advance by the commissioner, except that paragraph (8) does not
30.9 apply to prepaid health plans providing coverage for programs administered by the
30.10 commissioner of human services:

30.11

#### ENROLLEE INFORMATION

30.12 (1) COVERED SERVICES: Services provided by (name of health maintenance
30.13 organization) will be covered only if services are provided by participating (name of
30.14 health maintenance organization) providers or authorized by (name of health maintenance
30.15 organization). Your contract fully defines what services are covered and describes
30.16 procedures you must follow to obtain coverage.

30.17 (2) PROVIDERS: Enrolling in (name of health maintenance organization) does not
30.18 guarantee services by a particular provider on the list of providers. When a provider is
30.19 no longer part of (name of health maintenance organization), you must choose among
30.20 remaining (name of the health maintenance organization) providers.

30.21 (3) REFERRALS: Certain services are covered only upon referral. See section
30.22 (section number) of your contract for referral requirements. All referrals to non-(name of
30.23 health maintenance organization) providers and certain types of health care providers must
30.24 be authorized by (name of health maintenance organization).

30.25 (4) EMERGENCY SERVICES: Emergency services from providers who are not
 affiliated with (name of health maintenance organization) will be covered only if proper
 procedures are followed. Your contract explains the procedures and benefits associated
 with emergency care from (name of health maintenance organization) and non-(name of
 health maintenance organization) providers.

30.30 (5) EXCLUSIONS: Certain services or medical supplies are not covered. You
30.31 should read the contract for a detailed explanation of all exclusions.

30.32 (6) CONTINUATION: You may convert to an individual health maintenance
30.33 organization contract or continue coverage under certain circumstances. These
30.34 continuation and conversion rights are explained fully in your contract.

31.1 (7) CANCELLATION: Your coverage may be canceled by you or (name of health
31.2 maintenance organization) only under certain conditions. Your contract describes all
31.3 reasons for cancellation of coverage.

(8) NEWBORN COVERAGE: If your health plan provides for dependent coverage, 31.4 a newborn infant is covered from birth, but only if services are provided by participating 31.5 (name of health maintenance organization) providers or authorized by (name of health 31.6 maintenance organization). Certain services are covered only upon referral. (Name 31.7 of health maintenance organization) will not automatically know of the infant's birth 31.8 or that you would like coverage under your plan. You should notify (name of health 31.9 maintenance organization) of the infant's birth and that you would like coverage. If your 31.10 contract requires an additional premium for each dependent, (name of health maintenance 31.11 organization) is entitled to all premiums due from the time of the infant's birth until the 31.12 time you notify (name of health maintenance organization) of the birth. (Name of health 31.13 maintenance organization) may withhold payment of any health benefits for the newborn 31.14 31.15 infant until any premiums you owe are paid. (9) PRESCRIPTION DRUGS AND MEDICAL EQUIPMENT: Enrolling in (name 31.16 of health maintenance organization) does not guarantee that any particular prescription 31.17

drug will be available nor that any particular piece of medical equipment will be available,

31.19 even if the drug or equipment is available at the start of the contract year.

31.20

#### ENROLLEE BILL OF RIGHTS

31.21 (1) Enrollees have the right to available and accessible services including emergency
31.22 services, as defined in your contract, 24 hours a day and seven days a week;

31.23 (2) Enrollees have the right to be informed of health problems, and to receive
31.24 information regarding treatment alternatives and risks which is sufficient to assure
31.25 informed choice;

31.26 (3) Enrollees have the right to refuse treatment, and the right to privacy of medical
31.27 and financial records maintained by the health maintenance organization and its health
31.28 care providers, in accordance with existing law;

31.29 (4) Enrollees have the right to file a complaint with the health maintenance
31.30 organization and the commissioner of health and the right to initiate a legal proceeding
31.31 when experiencing a problem with the health maintenance organization or its health
31.32 care providers;

31.33 (5) Enrollees have the right to a grace period of 31 days for the payment of each
31.34 premium for an individual health maintenance contract falling due after the first premium
31.35 during which period the contract shall continue in force;

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- 32.1 (6) Medicare enrollees have the right to voluntarily disenroll from the health
  32.2 maintenance organization and the right not to be requested or encouraged to disenroll
  32.3 except in circumstances specified in federal law; and
- 32.4 (7) Medicare enrollees have the right to a clear description of nursing home and
  32.5 home care benefits covered by the health maintenance organization.
- 32.6
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 32.7 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62D.095, is amended to read:
- 32.8 **62D.095 ENROLLEE COST SHARING.**

Subdivision 1. General application. A health maintenance contract may contain enrollee cost-sharing provisions as specified in this section. Co-payment and deductible provisions in a group contract must not discriminate on the basis of age, sex, race, disability, economic status, or length of enrollment in the health plan. During an open enrollment period in which all offered health plans fully participate without any underwriting restrictions, co-payment and deductible provisions must not discriminate on the basis of preexisting health status.

- 32.16 Subd. 2. Co-payments. (a) A health maintenance contract may impose a
  32.17 co-payment as authorized under Minnesota Rules, part 4685.0801, or under this section
  32.18 and coinsurance consistent with the provisions of the Affordable Care Act as defined
  32.19 under section 62A.011, subdivision 1a.
- 32.20 (b) A health maintenance organization may impose a flat fee co-payment on
  32.21 outpatient office visits not to exceed 40 percent of the median provider's charges for
  32.22 similar services or goods received by the enrollees as calculated under Minnesota Rules,
  32.23 part 4685.0801. A health maintenance organization may impose a flat fee co-payment on
  32.24 outpatient prescription drugs not to exceed 50 percent of the median provider's charges
  32.25 for similar services or goods received by the enrollees as calculated under Minnesota
  32.26 Rules, part 4685.0801.
- 32.27 (c) If a health maintenance contract is permitted to impose a co-payment for
   32.28 preexisting health status under sections 62D.01 to 62D.30, these provisions may vary with
   32.29 respect to length of enrollment in the health plan.
- Subd. 3. Deductibles. (a) A health maintenance contract issued by a health
  maintenance organization that is assessed less than three percent of the total annual amount
  assessed by the Minnesota comprehensive health association may impose deductibles not
  to exceed \$3,000 per person, per year and \$6,000 per family, per year. For purposes of
  the percentage calculation, a health maintenance organization's assessments include those

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33.1	of its affiliates may impose a deductible consistent with the provisions of the Affordable
33.2	Care Act as defined under section 62A.011, subdivision 1a.
33.3	(b) All other health maintenance contracts may impose deductibles not to exceed
33.4	\$2,250 per person, per year and \$4,500 per family, per year.
33.5	Subd. 4. Annual out-of-pocket maximums. (a) A health maintenance contract
33.6	issued by a health maintenance organization that is assessed less than three percent of the
33.7	total annual amount assessed by the Minnesota comprehensive health association must
33.8	include a limitation not to exceed \$4,500 per person and \$7,500 per family on total annual
33.9	out-of-pocket enrollee cost-sharing expenses. For purposes of the percentage calculation,
33.10	a health maintenance organization's assessments include those of its affiliates may impose
33.11	an annual out-of-pocket maximum consistent with the provisions of the Affordable Care
33.12	Act as defined under section 62A.011, subdivision 1a.
33.13	(b) All other health maintenance contracts must include a limitation not to
33.14	exceed \$3,000 per person and \$6,000 per family on total annual out-of-pocket enrollee
33.15	eost-sharing expenses.
33.16	Subd. 5. Exceptions. No co-payments or deductibles may be imposed on preventive
33.17	health care services as described in Minnesota Rules, part 4685.0801, subpart 8 consistent
33.18	with the provisions of the Affordable Care Act as defined under section 62A.011,
33.19	subdivision 1a.
33.20	Subd. 6. Public programs. This section does not apply to the prepaid medical
33.21	assistance program, the MinnesotaCare program, the prepaid general assistance program,
33.22	the federal Medicare program, or the health plans provided through any of those programs.
33.23	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2014.
33.24	Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62D.181, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Replacement coverage; limitations. The association is not obligated
to offer replacement coverage under this chapter or conversion coverage under section
62E.16 at the end of the periods specified in subdivision 6. Any continuation obligation
arising under this chapter or chapter 62A will cease at the end of the periods specified in
subdivision 6.

## 33.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

33.31 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62E.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
33.32 to read:

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34.1 <u>Subd. 2a.</u> Essential health benefits. "Essential health benefits" has the meaning
34.2 given under section 62Q.81, subdivision 4.

34.3

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62E.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 34.4 Subd. 4. Major medical coverage. Each insurer and fraternal shall affirmatively 34.5 offer coverage of major medical expenses to every applicant who applies to the insurer 34.6 or fraternal for a new unqualified policy, which has a lifetime benefit limit of less than 34.7 34.8 \$1,000,000, at the time of application and annually to every holder of such an unqualified policy of accident and health insurance renewed by the insurer or fraternal. The coverage 34.9 shall provide that when a covered individual incurs out-of-pocket expenses of \$5,000 34.10 34.11 or more within a calendar year for services covered in section 62E.06, subdivision 1, benefits shall be payable, subject to any co-payment authorized by the commissioner, up 34.12 to a maximum lifetime limit of not less than \$1,000,000 and shall not contain a lifetime 34.13 maximum on essential health benefits. The offer of coverage of major medical expenses 34.14 may consist of the offer of a rider on an existing unqualified policy or a new policy which 34.15 is a qualified plan. 34.16

34.17

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

34.18 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62E.04, is amended by adding a subdivision34.19 to read:

34.20 Subd. 11. Essential health benefits package. For individual or small group health
34.21 plans that include the essential health benefits package and are offered, sold, issued, or
34.22 renewed on or after January 1, 2014, the requirements of this section do not apply.

34.23 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62E.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
34.24 Subdivision 1. Number three plan. A plan of health coverage shall be certified as a
34.25 number three qualified plan if it otherwise meets the requirements established by chapters
34.26 62A, 62C, and 62Q, and the other laws of this state, whether or not the policy is issued in
34.27 Minnesota, and meets or exceeds the following minimum standards:

(a) The minimum benefits for a covered individual shall, subject to the other
provisions of this subdivision, be equal to at least 80 percent of the cost of covered services
in excess of an annual deductible which does not exceed \$150 per person. The coverage
shall include a limitation of \$3,000 per person on total annual out-of-pocket expenses for

services covered under this subdivision. The coverage shall not be subject to a maximum 35.1 lifetime benefit of not less than \$1,000,000 lifetime maximum on essential health benefits. 35.2 The prohibition on lifetime maximums for essential health benefits and \$3,000 35.3 limitation on total annual out-of-pocket expenses and the \$1,000,000 maximum lifetime 35.4 benefit shall not be subject to change or substitution by use of an actuarially equivalent 35.5 benefit. 35.6 (b) Covered expenses shall be the usual and customary charges for the following 35.7 services and articles when prescribed by a physician: 35.8 (1) hospital services; 35.9 (2) professional services for the diagnosis or treatment of injuries, illnesses, or 35.10 conditions, other than dental, which are rendered by a physician or at the physician's 35.11 direction; 35.12 (3) drugs requiring a physician's prescription; 35.13 (4) services of a nursing home for not more than 120 days in a year if the services 35.14 35.15 would qualify as reimbursable services under Medicare; (5) services of a home health agency if the services would qualify as reimbursable 35.16 services under Medicare; 35.17 (6) use of radium or other radioactive materials; 35.18 (7) oxygen; 35.19 35.20 (8) anesthetics; (9) prostheses other than dental but including scalp hair prostheses worn for hair 35.21 loss suffered as a result of alopecia areata; 35.22 35.23 (10) rental or purchase, as appropriate, of durable medical equipment other than eyeglasses and hearing aids, unless coverage is required under section 62Q.675; 35.24 (11) diagnostic x-rays and laboratory tests; 35.25 35.26 (12) oral surgery for partially or completely unerupted impacted teeth, a tooth root without the extraction of the entire tooth, or the gums and tissues of the mouth when not 35.27 performed in connection with the extraction or repair of teeth; 35.28 (13) services of a physical therapist; 35.29 (14) transportation provided by licensed ambulance service to the nearest facility 35.30 qualified to treat the condition; or a reasonable mileage rate for transportation to a kidney 35.31 dialysis center for treatment; and 35.32 (15) services of an occupational therapist. 35.33 (c) Covered expenses for the services and articles specified in this subdivision do 35.34 not include the following: 35.35

(1) any charge for care for injury or disease either (i) arising out of an injury in the
course of employment and subject to a workers' compensation or similar law, (ii) for
which benefits are payable without regard to fault under coverage statutorily required
to be contained in any motor vehicle, or other liability insurance policy or equivalent
self-insurance, or (iii) for which benefits are payable under another policy of accident and
health insurance, Medicare, or any other governmental program except as otherwise
provided by section 62A.04, subdivision 3, clause (4);

36.8 (2) any charge for treatment for cosmetic purposes other than for reconstructive
36.9 surgery when such service is incidental to or follows surgery resulting from injury,
36.10 sickness, or other diseases of the involved part or when such service is performed on a
36.11 covered dependent child because of congenital disease or anomaly which has resulted in a
36.12 functional defect as determined by the attending physician;

36.13 (3) care which is primarily for custodial or domiciliary purposes which would not
 36.14 qualify as eligible services under Medicare;

(4) any charge for confinement in a private room to the extent it is in excess of
the institution's charge for its most common semiprivate room, unless a private room is
prescribed as medically necessary by a physician, provided, however, that if the institution
does not have semiprivate rooms, its most common semiprivate room charge shall be
considered to be 90 percent of its lowest private room charge;

(5) that part of any charge for services or articles rendered or prescribed by a
physician, dentist, or other health care personnel which exceeds the prevailing charge in
the locality where the service is provided; and

36.23 (6) any charge for services or articles the provision of which is not within the scope36.24 of authorized practice of the institution or individual rendering the services or articles.

36.25 (d) The minimum benefits for a qualified plan shall include, in addition to those
36.26 benefits specified in clauses (a) and (e), benefits for well baby care, effective July 1,
36.27 1980, subject to applicable deductibles, coinsurance provisions, and maximum lifetime
36.28 benefit limitations.

(e) Effective July 1, 1979, the minimum benefits of a qualified plan shall include, in
addition to those benefits specified in clause (a), a second opinion from a physician on
all surgical procedures expected to cost a total of \$500 or more in physician, laboratory,
and hospital fees, provided that the coverage need not include the repetition of any
diagnostic tests.

36.34 (f) Effective August 1, 1985, the minimum benefits of a qualified plan must include,
36.35 in addition to the benefits specified in clauses (a), (d), and (e), coverage for special dietary
36.36 treatment for phenylketonuria when recommended by a physician.

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37.1	(g) Outpatient mental health	coverage is subject to	section 62A.152, sul	bdivision 2.
37.2	EFFECTIVE DATE. This s	ection is effective the	day following final e	enactment.
37.3	Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 201	2, section 62E.09, is	amended to read:	
37.4	62E.09 DUTIES OF COMM	<b>MISSIONER.</b>		
37.5	The commissioner may:			
37.6	(a) formulate general policies	to advance the purpo	ses of sections 62E.0	01 to 62E.19;
37.7	(b) supervise the creation of	the Minnesota Compr	ehensive Health Ass	sociation
37.8	within the limits described in section	on 62E.10;		
37.9	(c) approve the selection of t	he writing carrier by t	the association, appr	ove the
37.10	association's contract with the write	ing carrier, and approv	ve the state plan cove	erage;
37.11	(d) appoint advisory committ	ees;		
37.12	(e) conduct periodic audits to	assure the general ac	curacy of the financ	ial data
37.13	submitted by the writing carrier an	d the association;		
37.14	(f) contract with the federal g	overnment or any oth	er unit of governmen	nt to ensure
37.15	coordination of the state plan with	other governmental as	ssistance programs;	
37.16	(g) undertake directly or thro	ough contracts with ot	her persons studies	or
37.17	demonstration programs to develop	awareness of the ben	efits of sections 62E	.01 to <del>62E.16</del>
37.18	<u>62E.15</u> , so that the residents of thi	s state may best avail	themselves of the h	ealth care
37.19	benefits provided by these sections	· ·		
37.20	(h) contract with insurers and	l others for administra	tive services; and	
37.21	(i) adopt, amend, suspend and	d repeal rules as reaso	nably necessary to c	arry out and
37.22	make effective the provisions and p	purposes of sections 6	2E.01 to 62E.19.	
37.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This s	ection is effective Jan	uary 1, 2014.	
37.24	Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 201	2, section 62E.10, sul	odivision 7, is amend	led to read:
37.25	Subd. 7. General powers. T	The association may:		
37.26	(a) Exercise the powers grant	ed to insurers under the	ne laws of this state;	
37.27	(b) Sue or be sued;			
37.28	(c) Enter into contracts with	insurers, similar assoc	iations in other state	es or with
37.29	other persons for the performance	of administrative func	tions including the f	functions
37.30	provided for in clauses (e) and (f);			
37.31	(d) Establish administrative a	and accounting proced	lures for the operation	on of the
27 22	association			

37.32 association;

(e) Provide for the reinsuring of risks incurred as a result of issuing the coverages
required by sections section 62E.04 and 62E.16 by members of the association. Each
member which elects to reinsure its required risks shall determine the categories of
coverage it elects to reinsure in the association. The categories of coverage are:

- 38.5 (1) individual qualified plans, excluding group conversions;
- 38.6 (2) group conversions;

38.7 (3) group qualified plans with fewer than 50 employees or members; and

38.8 (4) major medical coverage.

A separate election may be made for each category of coverage. If a member elects 38.9 to reinsure the risks of a category of coverage, it must reinsure the risk of the coverage 38.10 of every life covered under every policy issued in that category. A member electing to 38.11 reinsure risks of a category of coverage shall enter into a contract with the association 38.12 establishing a reinsurance plan for the risks. This contract may include provision for 38.13 the pooling of members' risks reinsured through the association and it may provide for 38.14 assessment of each member reinsuring risks for losses and operating and administrative 38.15 expenses incurred, or estimated to be incurred in the operation of the reinsurance plan. This 38.16 reinsurance plan shall be approved by the commissioner before it is effective. Members 38.17 electing to administer the risks which are reinsured in the association shall comply with the 38.18 benefit determination guidelines and accounting procedures established by the association. 38.19 The fee charged by the association for the reinsurance of risks shall not be less than 110 38.20 percent of the total anticipated expenses incurred by the association for the reinsurance; and 38.21

(f) Provide for the administration by the association of policies which are reinsured pursuant to clause (e). Each member electing to reinsure one or more categories of coverage in the association may elect to have the association administer the categories of coverage on the member's behalf. If a member elects to have the association administer the categories of coverage, it must do so for every life covered under every policy issued in that category. The fee for the administration shall not be less than 110 percent of the total anticipated expenses incurred by the association for the administration.

38.29

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

- 38.30 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62H.04, is amended to read:
- 38.31

## 62H.04 COMPLIANCE WITH OTHER LAWS.

(a) A joint self-insurance plan is subject to the requirements of chapters 62A, 62E,
62L, and 62Q, and sections 72A.17 to 72A.32 unless otherwise specifically exempt. A

39.1 joint self-insurance plan must pay assessments made by the Minnesota Comprehensive39.2 Health Association, as required under section 62E.11.

- 39.3 (b) A joint self-insurance plan is exempt from providing the mandated health
  39.4 benefits described in chapters 62A, 62E, 62L, and 62Q if it otherwise provides the benefits
  39.5 required under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, United States
  39.6 Code, title 29, sections 1001, et seq., for all employers and not just for the employers with
  39.7 50 or more employees who are covered by that federal law.
- 39.8 (c) A joint self-insurance plan is exempt from section 62L.03, subdivision 1, if the
  39.9 plan offers an annual open enrollment period of no less than 15 days during which all
  39.10 employers that qualify for membership may enter the plan without preexisting condition
  39.11 limitations or exclusions except those permitted under chapter 62L.
- (d) A joint self-insurance plan is exempt from sections 62A.146, 62A.16, 62A.17,
  62A.20, 62A.21, and 62A.65, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), and 62E.16 if the joint
  self-insurance plan complies with the continuation requirements under the Employee
  Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, United States Code, title 29, sections 1001, et
  seq., for all employers and not just for the employers with 20 or more employees who
  are covered by that federal law.
- 39.18 (e) A joint self-insurance plan must provide to all employers the maternity coverage39.19 required by federal law for employers with 15 or more employees.
- 39.20 (f) A joint self-insurance plan must comply with all the provisions and requirements
   39.21 of the Affordable Care Act as defined under section 62A.011, subdivision 1a, to the extent
   39.22 that they apply to such plans.

## 39.23 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, and except that the amendment to paragraph (d) is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62L.02, subdivision 11, is amended to read: 39.25 Subd. 11. Dependent. "Dependent" means an eligible employee's spouse, 39.26 unmarried child who is under the age of 25 years dependent child to the limiting age as 39.27 defined in section 62Q.01, subdivision 9, dependent child of any age who is disabled and 39.28 who meets the eligibility criteria in section 62A.14, subdivision 2, or any other person 39.29 whom state or federal law requires to be treated as a dependent for purposes of health 39.30 plans. For the purpose of this definition, a dependent child to the limiting age as defined in 39.31 section 62Q.01, subdivision 9, includes a child for whom the employee or the employee's 39.32 spouse has been appointed legal guardian and an adoptive child as provided in section 39.33 62A.27. A child also means a grandchild as provided in section 62A.042 with continued 39.34 39.35 eligibility of grandchildren as provided in section 62A.302, subdivision 4.

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#### 40.1

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62L.02, subdivision 14a, is amended to read:
Subd. 14a. Guaranteed issue. "Guaranteed issue" means that a health carrier shall
not decline an application by a small employer for any health benefit plan offered by
that health carrier and shall not decline to cover under a health benefit plan any eligible
employee or eligible dependent, including persons who become eligible employees or
eligible dependents after initial issuance of the health benefit plan, subject to the health
earrier's right to impose preexisting condition limitations permitted under this chapter.

#### 40.9

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

40.10 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62L.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
40.11 to read:

40.12 <u>Subd. 17a.</u> Individual health plan. "Individual health plan" has the meaning
40.13 given in section 62A.011, subdivision 4.

40.14

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62L.02, subdivision 26, is amended to read: 40.15 Subd. 26. Small employer. (a) "Small employer" means, with respect to a calendar 40.16 year and a plan year, a person, firm, corporation, partnership, association, or other entity 40.17 actively engaged in business in Minnesota, including a political subdivision of the state, that 40.18 40.19 employed an average of no fewer than two nor at least one, not including a sole proprietor, but not more than 50 current employees on business days during the preceding calendar 40.20 year and that employs at least two one current employees employee, not including a sole 40.21 proprietor, on the first day of the plan year. If an employer has only one eligible employee 40.22 who has not waived coverage, the sale of a health plan to or for that eligible employee 40.23 is not a sale to a small employer and is not subject to this chapter and may be treated as 40.24 the sale of an individual health plan. A small employer plan may be offered through a 40.25 domiciled association to self-employed individuals and small employers who are members 40.26 of the association, even if the self-employed individual or small employer has fewer than 40.27 two current employees. Entities that are treated as a single employer under subsection (b), 40.28 (c), (m), or (o) of section 414 of the federal Internal Revenue Code are considered a single 40.29 employer for purposes of determining the number of current employees. Small employer 40.30 status must be determined on an annual basis as of the renewal date of the health benefit 40.31 plan. The provisions of this chapter continue to apply to an employer who no longer meets 40.32

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the requirements of this definition until the annual renewal date of the employer's health 41.1 benefit plan. If an employer was not in existence throughout the preceding calendar year, 41.2 the determination of whether the employer is a small employer is based upon the average 41.3 number of current employees that it is reasonably expected that the employer will employ 41.4 on business days in the current calendar year. For purposes of this definition, the term 41.5 employer includes any predecessor of the employer. An employer that has more than 50 41.6 current employees but has 50 or fewer employees, as "employee" is defined under United 41.7 States Code, title 29, section 1002(6), is a small employer under this subdivision. 41.8

(b) Where an association, as defined in section 62L.045, comprised of employers 41.9 contracts with a health carrier to provide coverage to its members who are small employers, 41.10 the association and health benefit plans it provides to small employers, are subject to 41.11 section 62L.045, with respect to small employers in the association, even though the 41.12 association also provides coverage to its members that do not qualify as small employers. 41.13

(c) If an employer has employees covered under a trust specified in a collective 41.14 41.15 bargaining agreement under the federal Labor-Management Relations Act of 1947, United States Code, title 29, section 141, et seq., as amended, or employees whose health 41.16 coverage is determined by a collective bargaining agreement and, as a result of the 41.17 collective bargaining agreement, is purchased separately from the health plan provided 41.18 to other employees, those employees are excluded in determining whether the employer 41.19 qualifies as a small employer. Those employees are considered to be a separate small 41.20 employer if they constitute a group that would qualify as a small employer in the absence 41.21 of the employees who are not subject to the collective bargaining agreement. 41.22

41.23 (d) Small group health plans offered through the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace under chapter 62V to employees of a small employer are not considered individual health 41.24 plans, regardless of whether the health plan is purchased using a defined contribution 41.25 from the small employer. 41.26

41.27

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62L.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 41.28 Subdivision 1. Guaranteed issue and reissue. (a) Every health carrier shall, as a 41.29 condition of authority to transact business in this state in the small employer market, 41.30 affirmatively market, offer, sell, issue, and renew any of its health benefit plans, on a 41.31 guaranteed issue basis, to any small employer, including a small employer covered by 41.32 paragraph (b), that meets the participation and contribution requirements of subdivision 3, 41.33 as provided in this chapter. 41.34

(b) A small employer that has its no longer meets the definition of small employer 42.1 because of a reduction in workforce reduced to one employee may continue coverage as a 42.2 small employer for 12 months from the date the group is reduced to one employee. 42.3

- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a health carrier may, at the time of coverage 42.4 renewal, modify the health coverage for a product offered in the small employer market if 42.5 the modification is consistent with state law, approved by the commissioner, and effective 42.6 on a uniform basis for all small employers purchasing that product other than through a 42.7 qualified association in compliance with section 62L.045, subdivision 2. 42.8
- Paragraph (a) does not apply to a health benefit plan designed for a small employer 42.9 to comply with a collective bargaining agreement, provided that the health benefit plan 42.10 otherwise complies with this chapter and is not offered to other small employers, except 42.11 for other small employers that need it for the same reason. This paragraph applies only 42.12 with respect to collective bargaining agreements entered into prior to August 21, 1996, 42.13 and only with respect to plan years beginning before the later of July 1, 1997, or the date 42.14 42.15 upon which the last of the collective bargaining agreements relating to the plan terminates determined without regard to any extension agreed to after August 21, 1996. 42.16
- (d) Every health carrier participating in the small employer market shall make 42.17 available both of the plans described in section 62L.05 to small employers and shall fully 42.18 comply with the underwriting and the rate restrictions specified in this chapter for all 42.19 health benefit plans issued to small employers. 42.20

(e) (d) A health carrier may cease to transact business in the small employer market 42.21 as provided under section 62L.09. 42.22

#### 42.23

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62L.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 42.24 Subd. 3. Minimum participation and contribution. (a) A small employer that has 42.25 at least 75 percent of its eligible employees who have not waived coverage participating in 42.26 a health benefit plan and that contributes at least 50 percent toward the cost of coverage of 42.27 each eligible employee must be guaranteed coverage on a guaranteed issue basis from 42.28 any health carrier participating in the small employer market. The participation level 42.29 of eligible employees must be determined at the initial offering of coverage and at the 42.30 renewal date of coverage. A health carrier must not increase the participation requirements 42.31 applicable to a small employer at any time after the small employer has been accepted for 42.32 coverage. For the purposes of this subdivision, waiver of coverage includes only waivers 42.33 due to: (1) coverage under another group health plan; (2) coverage under Medicare 42.34

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43.1 Parts A and B; or (3) coverage under medical assistance under chapter 256B or general
43.2 assistance medical care under chapter 256D.

- (b) If a small employer does not satisfy the contribution or participation requirements 43.3 under this subdivision, a health carrier may voluntarily issue or renew individual health 43.4 plans, or a health benefit plan which must fully comply with this chapter. A health carrier 43.5 that provides a health benefit plan to a small employer that does not meet the contribution 43.6 or participation requirements of this subdivision must maintain this information in its files 43.7 for audit by the commissioner. A health carrier may not offer an individual health plan, 43.8 purchased through an arrangement between the employer and the health carrier, to any 43.9 employee unless the health carrier also offers the individual health plan, on a guaranteed 43.10 issue basis, to all other employees of the same employer. An arrangement permitted 43.11 under section 62L.12, subdivision 2, paragraph (k) (1), is not an arrangement between the 43.12 employer and the health carrier for purposes of this paragraph. 43.13
- 43.14 (c) Nothing in this section obligates a health carrier to issue coverage to a small
  43.15 employer that currently offers coverage through a health benefit plan from another health
  43.16 carrier, unless the new coverage will replace the existing coverage and not serve as one
  43.17 of two or more health benefit plans offered by the employer. This paragraph does not
  43.18 apply if the small employer will meet the required participation level with respect to
  43.19 the new coverage.

43.20 (d) If a small employer cannot meet either the participation or contribution
43.21 requirement, the small employer may purchase coverage only during an open enrollment
43.22 period each year between November 15 and December 15.

43.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62L.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 43.24 Subd. 4. Underwriting restrictions. (a) Health carriers may apply underwriting 43.25 restrictions to coverage for health benefit plans for small employers, including any 43.26 preexisting condition limitations, only as expressly permitted under this chapter. For 43.27 purposes of this section, "underwriting restrictions" means any refusal of the health carrier 43.28 to issue or renew coverage, any premium rate higher than the lowest rate charged by the 43.29 health carrier for the same coverage, any preexisting condition limitation, preexisting 43.30 condition exclusion, or any exclusionary rider. 43.31

43.32 (b) Health carriers may collect information relating to the case characteristics and
43.33 demographic composition of small employers, as well as health status and health history
43.34 information about employees, and dependents of employees, of small employers.

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(c) Except as otherwise authorized for late entrants, preexisting conditions may be 44.1 excluded by a health carrier for a period not to exceed 12 months from the enrollment 44.2 date of an eligible employee or dependent, but exclusionary riders must not be used. Late 44.3 entrants may be subject to a preexisting condition limitation not to exceed 18 months from 44.4 the enrollment date of the late entrant, but must not be subject to any exclusionary rider or 44.5 preexisting condition exclusion. When calculating any length of preexisting condition 44.6 limitation, a health carrier shall credit the time period an eligible employee or dependent 44.7 was previously covered by qualifying coverage, provided that the individual maintains 44.8 continuous coverage. The credit must be given for all qualifying coverage with respect 44.9 to all preexisting conditions, regardless of whether the conditions were preexisting with 44.10 respect to any previous qualifying coverage. Section 60A.082, relating to replacement of 44.11 group coverage, and the rules adopted under that section apply to this chapter, and this 44.12 ehapter's requirements are in addition to the requirements of that section and the rules 44.13 adopted under it. A health carrier shall, at the time of first issuance or renewal of a health 44.14 44.15 benefit plan on or after July 1, 1993, credit against any preexisting condition limitation or exclusion permitted under this section, the time period prior to July 1, 1993, during 44.16 which an eligible employee or dependent was covered by qualifying coverage, if the 44.17 person has maintained continuous coverage. 44.18

44.19 (d) Health carriers shall not use pregnancy as a preexisting condition under this
44.20 chapter.

#### 44.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62L.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 44.22 Subd. 6. MCHA enrollees. Health carriers shall offer coverage to any eligible 44.23 employee or dependent enrolled in MCHA at the time of the health carrier's issuance or 44.24 renewal of a health benefit plan to a small employer. The health benefit plan must require 44.25 that the employer permit MCHA enrollees to enroll in the small employer's health benefit 44.26 plan as of the first date of renewal of a health benefit plan occurring on or after July 44.27 1, 1993, and as of each date of renewal after that, or, in the case of a new group, as of 44.28 the initial effective date of the health benefit plan and as of each date of renewal after 44.29 that. Unless otherwise permitted by this chapter, Health carriers must not impose any 44.30 underwriting restrictions, including any preexisting condition limitations or exclusions, on 44.31 any eligible employee or dependent previously enrolled in MCHA and transferred to a 44.32 health benefit plan so long as continuous coverage is maintained, provided that the health 44.33 earrier may impose any unexpired portion of a preexisting condition limitation under the 44.34

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- 45.1 person's MCHA coverage. An MCHA enrollee is not a late entrant, so long as the enrollee
  45.2 has maintained continuous coverage.
- 45.3

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

- Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62L.045, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 45.4 Subd. 2. Qualified associations. (a) A qualified association, as defined in this 45.5 section, and health coverage offered by it, to it, or through it, to a small employer in 45.6 this state must comply with the requirements of this chapter regarding guaranteed issue, 45.7 guaranteed renewal, preexisting condition limitations, eredit against preexisting condition 45.8 limitations for continuous coverage, treatment of MCHA enrollees, and the definition of 45.9 dependent, and with section 62A.65, subdivision 5, paragraph (b). They must also comply 45.10 45.11 with all other requirements of this chapter not specifically exempted in paragraph (b) or (c). (b) A qualified association and a health carrier offering, selling, issuing, or renewing 45.12 health coverage to, or to cover, a small employer in this state through the qualified 45.13 association, may, but are not, in connection with that health coverage, required to: 45.14 (1) offer the two small employer plans described in section 62L.05; and 45.15 (2) offer to small employers that are not members of the association, health coverage 45.16 offered to, by, or through the qualified association. 45.17 (c) A qualified association, and a health carrier offering, selling, issuing, and 45.18 renewing health coverage to, or to cover, a small employer in this state must comply 45.19 with section 62L.08, except that: 45.20 (1) a separate index rate may be applied by a health carrier to each qualified 45.21 association, provided that: 45.22 (i) the premium rate applied to participating small employer members of the 45.23 qualified association is no more than 25 percent above and no more than 25 percent below 45.24 the index rate applied to the qualified association, irrespective of when members applied 45.25 for health coverage; and 45.26 (ii) the index rate applied by a health carrier to a qualified association is no more 45.27 than 20 percent above and no more than 20 percent below the index rate applied by the 45.28 health carrier to any other qualified association or to any small employer. In comparing 45.29 index rates for purposes of this clause, the 20 percent shall be calculated as a percent of 45.30 the larger index rate; and 45.31 (2) a qualified association described in subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clauses (2) 45.32 to (4), providing health coverage through a health carrier, or on a self-insured basis in 45.33 compliance with section 471.617 and the rules adopted under that section, may cover 45.34
- 45.35 small employers and other employers within the same pool and may charge premiums

to small employer members on the same basis as it charges premiums to members that 46.1 are not small employers, if the premium rates charged to small employers do not have 46.2 greater variation than permitted under section 62L.08. A qualified association operating 46.3 under this clause shall annually prove to the commissioner of commerce that it complies 46.4 with this clause through a sampling procedure acceptable to the commissioner. If the 46.5 qualified association fails to prove compliance to the satisfaction of the commissioner, 46.6 the association shall agree to a written plan of correction acceptable to the commissioner. 46.7 The qualified association is considered to be in compliance under this clause if there is 46 8 a premium rate that would, if used as an index rate, result in all premium rates in the 46.9 sample being in compliance with section 62L.08. This clause does not exempt a qualified 46.10 association or a health carrier providing coverage through the qualified association from 46.11 the loss ratio requirement of section 62L.08, subdivision 11. 46.12

46.13

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

46.14 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62L.045, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
46.15 Subd. 4. Principles; association coverage. (a) This subdivision applies to
46.16 associations as defined in this section, whether qualified associations or not, and is
46.17 intended to clarify subdivisions 1 to 3.

46.18 (b) This section applies only to associations that provide health coverage to small46.19 employers.

46.20 (c) A health carrier is not required under this chapter to comply with guaranteed
46.21 issue and guaranteed renewal with respect to its relationship with the association itself.
46.22 An arrangement between the health carrier and the association, once entered into, must
46.23 comply with guaranteed issue and guaranteed renewal with respect to members of the
46.24 association that are small employers and persons covered through them.

(d) When an arrangement between a health carrier and an association has validly
terminated, the health carrier has no continuing obligation to small employers and persons
covered through them, except as otherwise provided in:

46.28 (1) section 62A.65, subdivision 5, paragraph (b);

46.29 (2) any other continuation or conversion rights applicable under state or federal46.30 law; and

46.31 (3) section 60A.082, relating to group replacement coverage, and rules adopted46.32 under that section.

(e) When an association's arrangement with a health carrier has terminated and the
association has entered into a new arrangement with that health carrier or a different
health carrier, the new arrangement is subject to section 60A.082 and rules adopted under

47.1 it, with respect to members of the association that are small employers and persons47.2 covered through them.

47.3 (f) An association that offers its members more than one plan of health coverage
47.4 may have uniform rules restricting movement between the plans of health coverage, if the
47.5 rules do not discriminate against small employers.

(g) This chapter does not require or prohibit separation of an association's members
into one group consisting only of small employers and another group or other groups
consisting of all other members. The association must comply with this section with
respect to the small employer group.

47.10 (h) For purposes of this section, "member" of an association includes an employer47.11 participant in the association.

47.12 (i) For purposes of this section, health coverage issued to, or to cover, a small
47.13 employer includes a certificate of coverage issued directly to the employer's employees
47.14 and dependents, rather than to the small employer.

47.15

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62L.05, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 47.16 Subd. 10. Medical expense reimbursement. Health carriers may reimburse 47.17 or pay for medical services, supplies, or articles provided under a small employer plan 47.18 in accordance with the health carrier's provider contract requirements including, but 47.19 not limited to, salaried arrangements, capitation, the payment of usual and customary 47.20 charges, fee schedules, discounts from fee-for-service, per diems, diagnosis-related 47.21 groups (DRGs), and other payment arrangements. Nothing in this chapter requires a 47.22 health carrier to develop, implement, or change its provider contract requirements for 47.23 a small employer plan. Coinsurance, deductibles, and out-of-pocket maximums, and 47.24 maximum lifetime benefits must be calculated and determined in accordance with each 47.25 health carrier's standard business practices. 47.26

47.27

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

47.28 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62L.06, is amended to read:

47.29

62L.06 DISCLOSURE OF UNDERWRITING RATING PRACTICES.

When offering or renewing a health benefit plan, health carriers shall disclose in allsolicitation and sales materials:

47.32 (1) the case characteristics and other rating factors used to determine initial and
47.33 renewal rates;

(2) the extent to which premium rates for a small employer are established or 48.1 adjusted based upon actual or expected variation in claim experience; 48.2 (3) provisions concerning the health carrier's right to change premium rates and the 48.3 factors other than claim experience that affect changes in premium rates; 48.4 (4) (2) provisions relating to renewability of coverage; 48.5 (5) the use and effect of any preexisting condition provisions, if permitted; 48.6 (6) (3) the application of any provider network limitations and their effect on 48.7 eligibility for benefits; and 48 8 (7) (4) the ability of small employers to insure eligible employees and dependents 48.9 currently receiving coverage from the Comprehensive Health Association through health 48.10 benefit plans. 48.11 48.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014. Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62L.08, is amended to read: 48.13 **62L.08 RESTRICTIONS RELATING TO PREMIUM RATES.** 48.14 Subdivision 1. Rate restrictions. Premium rates for all health benefit plans sold or 48.15 issued to small employers are subject to the restrictions specified in this section. 48.16 Subd. 2. General premium variations. Beginning July 1, 1993, each health carrier 48.17 must offer premium rates to small employers that are no more than 25 percent above 48.18 and no more than 25 percent below the index rate charged to small employers for the 48.19 same or similar coverage, adjusted pro rata for rating periods of less than one year. The 48.20 premium variations permitted by this subdivision must be based only on health status, 48.21 elaims experience, industry of the employer, and duration of coverage from the date of 48.22 issue. For purposes of this subdivision, health status includes refraining from tobacco use 48.23 or other actuarially valid lifestyle factors associated with good health, provided that the 48.24 48.25 lifestyle factor and its effect upon premium rates have been determined to be actuarially valid and approved by the commissioner. Variations permitted under this subdivision must 48.26 not be based upon age or applied differently at different ages. This subdivision does not 48.27 48.28 prohibit use of a constant percentage adjustment for factors permitted to be used under this subdivision. 48.29 Subd. 2a. Renewal premium increases limited. (a) Beginning January 1, 2003, 48 30 the percentage increase in the premium rate charged to a small employer for a new rating 48.31 period must not exceed the sum of the following: 48.32 (1) the percentage change in the index rate measured from the first day of the prior 48.33 rating period to the first day of the new rating period; 48.34

- DI (2) an adjustment, not to exceed 15 percent annually and adjusted pro rata for rating 49.1 periods of less than one year, due to the claims experience, health status, or duration of 49.2 eoverage of the employees or dependents of the employer; and 49.3 (3) any adjustment due to change in coverage or in the case characteristics of the 49.4 employer. 49.5 (b) This subdivision does not apply if the employer, employee, or any applicant 49.6 provides the health carrier with false, incomplete, or misleading information. 49.7 Subd. 3. Age-based premium variations. Beginning July 1, 1993, Each health 49.8 carrier may offer premium rates to small employers that vary based upon the ages of 49.9 the eligible employees and dependents of the small employer only as provided in this 49.10 subdivision. In addition to the variation permitted by subdivision 2, each health carrier 49.11 may use an additional premium variation based upon age of up to plus or minus 50 percent 49.12 of the index rate. Premium rates may vary based upon the ages of the eligible employees 49.13 and dependents of the small employer in accordance with the provisions of the Affordable 49.14 49.15 Care Act as defined in section 62A.011, subdivision 1a. Subd. 4. Geographic premium variations. A health carrier may request approval 49.16 by the commissioner to establish separate geographic regions determined by the health 49.17 earrier and to establish separate index rates for each such region Premium rates may vary 49.18 based on geographic rating areas set by the commissioner. The commissioner shall grant 49.19 approval if the following conditions are met: 49.20 (1) the geographic regions must be applied uniformly by the health carrier; 49.21 (2) each geographic region must be composed of no fewer than seven counties that 49.22 49.23 ereate a contiguous region; and (3) the health carrier provides actuarial justification acceptable to the commissioner 49.24 for the proposed geographic variations in index rates, establishing that the variations are 49.25 based upon differences in the cost to the health carrier of providing coverage. 49.26 Subd. 5. Gender-based rates prohibited. Beginning July 1, 1993, No health carrier 49.27 may determine premium rates through a method that is in any way based upon the gender 49.28 of eligible employees or dependents. Rates must not in any way reflect marital status or 49.29 generalized differences in expected costs between employees and spouses. 49.30
- Subd. 6. Rate cells permitted Tobacco rating. Health carriers may use rate cells 49.31 and must file with the commissioner the rate cells they use. Rate cells must be based on 49.32 the number of adults and children covered under the policy and may reflect the availability 49.33 of Medicare coverage. The rates for different rate cells must not in any way reflect marital 49.34 49.35 status or differences in expected costs between employees and spouses Premium rates

- 50.1 may vary based upon tobacco use in accordance with the provisions of the Affordable
   50.2 Care Act as defined in section 62A.011, subdivision 1a.
- Subd. 7. Index and Premium rate development. (a) In developing its index rates
  and premiums, a health carrier may take into account only the following factors:
- 50.5 (1) actuarially valid differences in benefit designs of health benefit plans; and
- 50.6 (2) actuarially valid differences in the rating factors permitted in subdivisions 2 and 3;
- 50.7 (3) (2) actuarially valid geographic variations if approved by the commissioner as
   50.8 provided in subdivision 4.
- (b) All premium variations permitted under this section must be based upon
  actuarially valid differences in expected cost to the health carrier of providing coverage.
  The variation must be justified in initial rate filings and upon request of the commissioner in
  rate revision filings. All premium variations are subject to approval by the commissioner.
- Subd. 8. Filing requirement. A health carrier that offers, sells, issues, or renews a 50.13 health benefit plan for small employers shall file with the commissioner the index rates and 50.14 must demonstrate that all rates shall be within the rating restrictions defined in this chapter. 50.15 Such demonstration must include the allowable range of rates from the index rates and a 50.16 description of how the health carrier intends to use demographic factors including case 50.17 characteristics in calculating the premium rates. The rates shall not be approved, unless the 50.18 commissioner has determined that the rates are reasonable. In determining reasonableness, 50.19 the commissioner shall consider the growth rates applied under section 62J.04, subdivision 50.20 1, paragraph (b), to the calendar year or years that the proposed premium rate would be in 50.21 effect, and actuarially valid changes in risk associated with the enrollee population, and 50.22 50.23 actuarially valid changes as a result of statutory changes in Laws 1992, chapter 549.
- 50.24 Subd. 9. Effect of assessments. Premium rates must comply with the rating 50.25 requirements of this section, notwithstanding the imposition of any assessments or 50.26 premiums paid by health carriers as provided under sections 62L.13 to 62L.22.
- Subd. 10. Rating report. Beginning January 1, 1995, and annually thereafter, the 50.27 commissioners of health and commerce shall provide a joint report to the legislature 50.28 on the effect of the rating restrictions required by this section and the appropriateness 50.29 of proceeding with additional rate reform. Each report must include an analysis of the 50.30 availability of health care coverage due to the rating reform, the equitable and appropriate 50.31 distribution of risk and associated costs, the effect on the self-insurance market, and any 50.32 resulting or anticipated change in health plan design and market share and availability of 50.33 health carriers. 50.34
- 50.35 Subd. 11. Loss ratio standards. Notwithstanding section 62A.02, subdivision 3, 50.36 relating to loss ratios, each policy or contract form used with respect to a health benefit

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plan offered, or issued in the small employer market, is subject, beginning July 1, 1993,
to section 62A.021. The commissioner of health has, with respect to carriers under that
commissioner's jurisdiction, all of the powers of the commissioner of commerce under

51.4 that section.

#### 51.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62L.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 51.6 Subd. 2. Exceptions. (a) A health carrier may sell, issue, or renew individual 51.7 51.8 conversion policies to eligible employees otherwise eligible for conversion coverage under section 62D.104 as a result of leaving a health maintenance organization's service area. 51.9 (b) A health carrier may sell, issue, or renew individual conversion policies to 51.10 51.11 eligible employees otherwise eligible for conversion coverage as a result of the expiration of any continuation of group coverage required under sections 62A.146, 62A.17, 62A.21, 51.12 62C.142, 62D.101, and 62D.105. 51.13

#### 51.14

51.15

# (c) A health carrier may sell, issue, or renew conversion policies under section62E.16 to eligible employees.

- 51.16 (d) A health carrier may sell, issue, or renew individual continuation policies to51.17 eligible employees as required.
- (e) A health carrier may sell, issue, or renew individual health plans if the coverage
  is appropriate due to an unexpired preexisting condition limitation or exclusion applicable
  to the person under the employer's group health plan or due to the person's need for health
  care services not covered under the employer's group health plan.
- (f) A health carrier may sell, issue, or renew an individual health plan, if the
  individual has elected to buy the individual health plan not as part of a general plan to
  substitute individual health plans for a group health plan nor as a result of any violation of
  subdivision 3 or 4.
- (g) A health carrier may sell, issue, or renew an individual health plan if coverage
  provided by the employer is determined to be unaffordable under the provisions of the
  Affordable Care Act as defined in section 62A.011, subdivision 1a.
- 51.29 (h) Nothing in this subdivision relieves a health carrier of any obligation to provide 51.30 continuation or conversion coverage otherwise required under federal or state law.
- (h) (i) Nothing in this chapter restricts the offer, sale, issuance, or renewal of
  coverage issued as a supplement to Medicare under sections 62A.3099 to 62A.44, or
  policies or contracts that supplement Medicare issued by health maintenance organizations,
  or those contracts governed by sections 1833, 1851 to 1859, 1860D, or 1876 of the federal
- 51.35 Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395 et seq., as amended.

52.1 (i) (j) Nothing in this chapter restricts the offer, sale, issuance, or renewal of
 52.2 individual health plans necessary to comply with a court order.

52.3 (j) (k) A health carrier may offer, issue, sell, or renew an individual health plan to 52.4 persons eligible for an employer group health plan, if the individual health plan is a high 52.5 deductible health plan for use in connection with an existing health savings account, in 52.6 compliance with the Internal Revenue Code, section 223. In that situation, the same or 52.7 a different health carrier may offer, issue, sell, or renew a group health plan to cover 52.8 the other eligible employees in the group.

(k) (l) A health carrier may offer, sell, issue, or renew an individual health plan to 52.9 one or more employees of a small employer if the individual health plan is marketed 52.10 directly to all employees of the small employer and the small employer does not contribute 52.11 directly or indirectly to the premiums or facilitate the administration of the individual 52.12 health plan. The requirement to market an individual health plan to all employees does not 52.13 require the health carrier to offer or issue an individual health plan to any employee. For 52.14 52.15 purposes of this paragraph, an employer is not contributing to the premiums or facilitating the administration of the individual health plan if the employer does not contribute to the 52.16 premium and merely collects the premiums from an employee's wages or salary through 52.17 payroll deductions and submits payment for the premiums of one or more employees in a 52.18 lump sum to the health carrier. Except for coverage under section 62A.65, subdivision 5, 52.19 paragraph (b), or 62E.16, at the request of an employee, the health carrier may bill the 52.20 employer for the premiums payable by the employee, provided that the employer is not 52.21 liable for payment except from payroll deductions for that purpose. If an employer is 52.22 52.23 submitting payments under this paragraph, the health carrier shall provide a cancellation notice directly to the primary insured at least ten days prior to termination of coverage for 52.24 nonpayment of premium. Individual coverage under this paragraph may be offered only 52.25 52.26 if the small employer has not provided coverage under section 62L.03 to the employees within the past 12 months. 52.27

52.28 The employer must provide a written and signed statement to the health carrier that 52.29 the employer is not contributing directly or indirectly to the employee's premiums. The 52.30 health carrier may rely on the employer's statement and is not required to guarantee-issue 52.31 individual health plans to the employer's other current or future employees.

52.32

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62M.05, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
Subd. 3a. Standard review determination. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 3b, an
initial determination on all requests for utilization review must be communicated to the

provider and enrollee in accordance with this subdivision within ten business days of the
request, provided that all information reasonably necessary to make a determination on the
request has been made available to the utilization review organization.

53.4 (b) When an initial determination is made to certify, notification must be provided promptly by telephone to the provider. The utilization review organization shall send 53.5 written notification to the provider or shall maintain an audit trail of the determination 53.6 and telephone notification. For purposes of this subdivision, "audit trail" includes 53.7 documentation of the telephone notification, including the date; the name of the person 538 spoken to; the enrollee; the service, procedure, or admission certified; and the date of 53.9 the service, procedure, or admission. If the utilization review organization indicates 53.10 certification by use of a number, the number must be called the "certification number." 53.11 For purposes of this subdivision, notification may also be made by facsimile to a verified 53.12 number or by electronic mail to a secure electronic mailbox. These electronic forms of 53.13 notification satisfy the "audit trail" requirement of this paragraph. 53.14

(c) When an initial determination is made not to certify, notification must be 53.15 provided by telephone, by facsimile to a verified number, or by electronic mail to a secure 53.16 electronic mailbox within one working day after making the determination to the attending 53.17 health care professional and hospital as applicable. Written notification must also be sent 53.18 to the hospital as applicable and attending health care professional if notification occurred 53.19 by telephone. For purposes of this subdivision, notification may be made by facsimile to a 53.20 verified number or by electronic mail to a secure electronic mailbox. Written notification 53.21 must be sent to the enrollee and may be sent by United States mail, facsimile to a verified 53.22 53.23 number, or by electronic mail to a secure mailbox. The written notification must include the principal reason or reasons for the determination and the process for initiating an appeal 53.24 of the determination. Upon request, the utilization review organization shall provide the 53.25 provider or enrollee with the criteria used to determine the necessity, appropriateness, 53.26 and efficacy of the health care service and identify the database, professional treatment 53.27 parameter, or other basis for the criteria. Reasons for a determination not to certify may 53.28 include, among other things, the lack of adequate information to certify after a reasonable 53.29 attempt has been made to contact the provider or enrollee. 53.30

(d) When an initial determination is made not to certify, the written notification must
inform the enrollee and the attending health care professional of the right to submit an
appeal to the internal appeal process described in section 62M.06 and the procedure for
initiating the internal appeal. The written notice shall be provided in a culturally and
<u>linguistically appropriate manner consistent with the provisions of the Affordable Care</u>
Act as defined under section 62A.011, subdivision 1a.

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4.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
4.2	Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62M.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
1.3	Subdivision 1. Procedures for appeal. (a) A utilization review organization must
	have written procedures for appeals of determinations not to certify. The right to appeal
	must be available to the enrollee and to the attending health care professional.
	(b) The enrollee shall be allowed to review the information relied upon in the course
	of the appeal, present evidence and testimony as part of the appeals process, and receive
	continued coverage pending the outcome of the appeals process. This paragraph does
	not apply to managed care plans or county-based purchasing plans serving state public
	health care program enrollees under section 256B.69, 256B.692, or chapter 256L, or to
	grandfathered plans as defined under section 62A.011, subdivision 1c. Nothing in this
	paragraph shall be construed to limit or restrict the appeal rights of state public health care
	program enrollees provided under section 256.045 and Code of Federal Regulations, title
	42, section 438.420(d).
	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
	Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
	to read:
	Subd. 1a. Affordable Care Act. "Affordable Care Act" means the Affordable Care
	Act as defined in section 62A.011, subdivision 1a.
	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
	Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
	to read:
	Subd. 1b. Bona fide association. "Bona fide association" means an association that
	meets all of the following criteria:
	(1) serves a single profession that requires a significant amount of education, training,
	or experience, or a license or certificate from a state authority to practice that profession;
	(2) has been actively in existence for five years;
	(3) has a constitution and bylaws or other analogous governing documents;
	(4) has been formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining
	insurance;
	(5) is not owned or controlled by a health plan company or affiliated with a health
	plan company;

55.1	(6) does not condition membership in the association on any health status-related
55.2	factor;
55.3	(7) has at least 1,000 members if it is a national association, 500 members if it is a
55.4	state association, or 200 members if it is a local association;
55.5	(8) all members and dependents of members are eligible for coverage regardless of
55.6	any health status-related factor;
55.7	(9) does not make health plans offered through the association available other than
55.8	in connection with a member of the association;
55.9	(10) is governed by a board of directors and sponsors an annual meeting of its
55.10	members; and
55.11	(11) produces only market association memberships, accepts applications for
55.12	membership, or signs up members in the professional association where the subject
55.13	individuals are actively engaged in, or directly related to, the profession represented
55.14	by the association.
55.15	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
5516	Sac. (2. Minnagata Statutes 2012, sostion (20.01, is smanded by adding a subdivision
55.16	Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
55.17	to read:
55.18 55.19	Subd. 2b. Grandfathered plan. "Grandfathered plan" means a health plan as defined in section 62A.011, subdivision 1b.
55.19	defined in section 02A.011, subdivision 10.
55.20	Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
55.21	to read:
55.22	Subd. 2c. Group health plan. "Group health plan" means a group health plan as
55.23	defined in section 62A.011, subdivision 1c.
55.24	Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
55.25	to read:
55.26	Subd. 4b. Individual health plan. "Individual health plan" means an individual
55.27	health plan as defined in section 62A.011, subdivision 4.
55.28	Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
55.29	to read:
55.30	Subd. 7. Life-threatening condition. "Life-threatening condition" means a disease
55.31	or condition from which the likelihood of death is probable unless the course of the
55.32	disease or condition is interrupted.

56.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
56.2	Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
56.3	to read:
56.4	Subd. 8. Primary care provider. "Primary care provider" means a health care
56.5	professional who specializes in the practice of family medicine, general internal medicine,
56.6	obstetrics and gynecology, or general pediatrics and is a licensed physician, a licensed and
56.7	certified advanced practice registered nurse, or a licensed physician assistant.
56.8	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
56.9	Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
56.10	to read:
56.11	Subd. 9. Dependent child to the limiting age. "Dependent child to the limiting
56.12	age" or "dependent children to the limiting age" means those individuals who are eligible
56.13	and covered as a dependent child under the terms of a health plan who have not yet
56.14	attained 26 years of age. A health plan company must not deny or restrict eligibility
56.15	for a dependent child to the limiting age based on financial dependency, residency,
56.16	marital status, or student status. For coverage under plans offered by the Minnesota
56.17	Comprehensive Health Association, dependent to the limiting age means dependent
56.18	as defined in section 62A.302, subdivision 3. Notwithstanding the provisions in this
56.19	subdivision, a health plan may include:
56.20	(1) eligibility requirements regarding the absence of other health plan coverage as
56.21	permitted by the Affordable Care Act for grandfathered plan coverage; or
56.22	(2) an age greater than 26 in its policy, contract, or certificate of coverage.
56.23	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
56.24	Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.021, is amended to read:
56.25	62Q.021 FEDERAL ACT; COMPLIANCE REQUIRED.
56.26	Subdivision 1. Compliance with 1996 federal law. Each health plan company shall
56.27	comply with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996,
56.28	including any federal regulations adopted under that act, to the extent that it imposes a
56.29	requirement that applies in this state and that is not also required by the laws of this state.
56.30	This section does not require compliance with any provision of the federal act prior to
56.31	the effective date provided for that provision in the federal act. The commissioner shall
56.32	enforce this section subdivision.

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Subd. 2. Compliance with 2010 federal law. Each health plan company shall 57.1 comply with the Affordable Care Act to the extent that it imposes a requirement that 57.2 applies in this state but is not required under the laws of this state. This section does not 57.3 require compliance with any provision of the Affordable Care Act before the effective 57.4 date provided for that provision in the Affordable Care Act. The commissioner shall 57.5 enforce this subdivision. 57.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 57.7 Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.17, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 57.8 Subd. 6. Employer-based purchasing pools. Employer-based purchasing 57.9 pools must, with respect to small employers as defined in section 62L.02, meet all the 57.10 57.11 requirements of chapter 62L. The experience of the pool must be pooled and the rates blended across all groups. Pools may decide to create tiers within the pool, based on 57.12 experience of group members. These tiers must be designed within the requirements 57.13 of section 62L.08. The governing structure may establish criteria limiting movement 57.14 between tiers. Tiers must be phased out within two years of the pool's creation. 57.15 57.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014. Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.18, is amended by adding a subdivision 57.17 to read: 57.18

57.19 Subd. 8. Guaranteed issue. No health plan company shall offer, sell, or issue
57.20 any health plan that does not make coverage available on a guaranteed issue basis in
57.21 accordance with the Affordable Care Act.

57.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

## 57.23 Sec. 71. [62Q.186] PROHIBITION ON RESCISSIONS OF HEALTH PLANS.

- 57.24Subdivision 1.Definitions. (a) "Rescission" means a cancellation or discontinuance57.25of coverage under a health plan that has a retroactive effect.
- 57.26 (b) "Rescission" does not include:
- 57.27 (1) a cancellation or discontinuance of coverage under a health plan if:
- 57.28 (i) the cancellation or discontinuance of coverage has only a prospective effect; or
- 57.29 (ii) the cancellation or discontinuance of coverage is effective retroactively to the
- 57.30 extent it is attributable to a failure to timely pay required premiums or contributions
- 57.31 <u>toward the cost of coverage; or</u>

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58.1	(2) when the health plan covers only active employees and, if applicable,
58.2	dependents and those covered under continuation coverage provisions, the employee
58.3	pays no premiums for coverage after termination of employment and the cancellation or
58.4	discontinuance of coverage is effective retroactively back to the date of termination of
58.5	employment due to a delay in administrative record keeping.
58.6	Subd. 2. Prohibition on rescissions. (a) A health plan company shall not rescind
58.7	coverage under a health plan with respect to an individual, including a group to which
58.8	the individual belongs or family coverage in which the individual is included, after the
58.9	individual is covered under the health plan, unless:
58.10	(1) the individual, or a person seeking coverage on behalf of the individual, performs
58.11	an act, practice, or omission that constitutes fraud; or
58.12	(2) the individual makes an intentional misrepresentation or omission of material
58.13	fact, as prohibited by the terms of the health plan.
58.14	For purposes of this section, a person seeking coverage on behalf of an individual
58.15	does not include an insurance producer or employee or authorized representative of the
58.16	health carrier.
58.17	(b) This section does not apply to any benefits classified as excepted benefits under
58.18	United States Code, title 42, section 300gg-91(c), or regulations enacted thereunder
58.19	from time to time.
58.20	Subd. 3. Notice required. A health plan company shall provide at least 30 days'
58.21	advance written notice to each individual who would be affected by the proposed rescission
58.22	of coverage before coverage under the health plan may be terminated retroactively.
58.23	Subd. 4. Compliance with other restrictions on rescissions. Nothing in this
58.24	section allows rescission if rescission would otherwise be prohibited under section
58.25	62A.04, subdivision 2, clause (2), or 62A.615.
58.26	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
58.27	Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.23, is amended to read:
58.28	62Q.23 GENERAL SERVICES.
58.29	(a) Health plan companies shall comply with all continuation and conversion of
58.30	coverage requirements applicable to health maintenance organizations under state or
58.31	federal law.
58.32	(b) Health plan companies shall comply with sections 62A.047, 62A.27, and any
58.33	other coverage required under chapter 62A of newborn infants, dependent children who
58.34	do not reside with a covered person to the limiting age as defined in section 62Q.01,

59.1 <u>subdivision 9</u>, disabled <u>children and dependents dependent children</u>, and adopted children.
59.2 A health plan company providing dependent coverage shall comply with section 62A.302.
59.3 (c) Health plan companies shall comply with the equal access requirements of
59.4 section 62A.15.

59.5

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.43, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 59.6 Subd. 2. Access requirement. Every closed-panel health plan must allow enrollees 59.7 who are full-time students under the age of 25 26 years to change their designated clinic or 59.8 physician at least once per month, as long as the clinic or physician is part of the health 59.9 plan company's statewide clinic or physician network. A health plan company shall not 59.10 59.11 charge enrollees who choose this option higher premiums or cost sharing than would otherwise apply to enrollees who do not choose this option. A health plan company may 59.12 require enrollees to provide 15 days' written notice of intent to change their designated 59.13 clinic or physician. 59.14

59.15

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

## 59.16 Sec. 74. [62Q.46] PREVENTIVE ITEMS AND SERVICES.

59.17Subdivision 1.Coverage for preventive items and services. (a) "Preventive items59.18and services" has the meaning specified in the Affordable Care Act.

59.19 (b) A health plan company must provide coverage for preventive items and services
 59.20 at a participating provider without imposing cost-sharing requirements, including a
 59.21 deductible, coinsurance, or co-payment. Nothing in this section prohibits a health

59.22 plan company that has a network of providers from excluding coverage or imposing

59.23 <u>cost-sharing requirements for preventive items or services that are delivered by an</u>

59.24 <u>out-of-network provider.</u>

59.25 (c) A health plan company is not required to provide coverage for any items or
59.26 services specified in any recommendation or guideline described in paragraph (a) if the
59.27 recommendation or guideline is no longer included as a preventive item or service as
59.28 defined in paragraph (a). Annually, a health plan company must determine whether any
59.29 additional items or services must be covered without cost-sharing requirements or whether

59.30 any items or services are no longer required to be covered.

59.31(d) Nothing in this section prevents a health plan company from using reasonable59.32medical management techniques to determine the frequency, method, treatment, or setting

60.1	for a preventive item or service to the extent not specified in the recommendation or
60.2	guideline.
60.3	(e) This section does not apply to grandfathered plans.
60.4	(f) This section does not apply to plans offered by the Minnesota Comprehensive
60.5	Health Association.
60.6	Subd. 2. Coverage for office visits in conjunction with preventive items and
60.7	services. (a) A health plan company may impose cost-sharing requirements with respect
60.8	to an office visit if a preventive item or service is billed separately or is tracked separately
60.9	as individual encounter data from the office visit.
60.10	(b) A health plan company must not impose cost-sharing requirements with respect
60.11	to an office visit if a preventive item or service is not billed separately or is not tracked
60.12	separately as individual encounter data from the office visit and the primary purpose of the
60.13	office visit is the delivery of the preventive item or service.
60.14	(c) A health plan company may impose cost-sharing requirements with respect to
60.15	an office visit if a preventive item or service is not billed separately or is not tracked
60.16	separately as individual encounter data from the office visit and the primary purpose of the
60.17	office visit is not the delivery of the preventive item or service.
60.18	Subd. 3. Additional services not prohibited. Nothing in this section prohibits a
60.19	health plan company from providing coverage for preventive items and services in addition
60.20	to those specified in the Affordable Care Act, or from denying coverage for preventive
60.21	items and services that are not recommended as preventive items and services under the
60.22	Affordable Care Act. A health plan company may impose cost-sharing requirements for a
60.23	treatment not described in the Affordable Care Act even if the treatment results from a
60.24	preventive item or service described in the Affordable Care Act.
60.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
60.26	Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.47, is amended to read:
60.27	62Q.47 ALCOHOLISM, MENTAL HEALTH, AND CHEMICAL
60.28	DEPENDENCY SERVICES.
60.29	(a) All health plans, as defined in section 62Q.01, that provide coverage for
60.30	alcoholism, mental health, or chemical dependency services, must comply with the
60.31	requirements of this section.
60.32	(b) Cost-sharing requirements and benefit or service limitations for outpatient

60.33 mental health and outpatient chemical dependency and alcoholism services, except for
60.34 persons placed in chemical dependency services under Minnesota Rules, parts 9530.6600

61.1	to 9530.6660, must not place a greater financial burden on the insured or enrollee, or be
61.2	more restrictive than those requirements and limitations for outpatient medical services.
61.3	(c) Cost-sharing requirements and benefit or service limitations for inpatient hospital
61.4	mental health and inpatient hospital and residential chemical dependency and alcoholism
61.5	services, except for persons placed in chemical dependency services under Minnesota
61.6	Rules, parts 9530.6600 to 9530.6660, must not place a greater financial burden on the
61.7	insured or enrollee, or be more restrictive than those requirements and limitations for
61.8	inpatient hospital medical services.
61.9	(d) All health plans must meet the requirements of the federal Mental Health Parity
61.10	Act of 1996, Public Law 104-204; Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health
61.11	Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008; the Affordable Care Act; and any amendments
61.12	to, and federal guidance or regulations issued under, those acts.
61.13	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
61.14	Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.52, is amended to read:
61.15	62Q.52 DIRECT ACCESS TO OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGIC
61.16	SERVICES.
61.17	Subdivision 1. Direct access. (a) Health plan companies shall allow female
61.18	enrollees direct access to obstetricians and gynecologists providers who specialize in
61.19	obstetrics and gynecology for the following services:
61.20	(1) annual preventive health examinations, which shall include a gynecologic
61.21	examination, and any subsequent obstetric or gynecologic visits determined to be medically
61.22	necessary by the examining obstetrician or gynecologist, based upon the findings of the
61.23	examination evaluation and necessary treatment for obstetric conditions or emergencies;
61.24	(2) maternity care; and
61.25	(3) evaluation and necessary treatment for acute gynecologic conditions or
61.26	emergencies, including annual preventive health examinations.
61.27	(b) For purposes of this section, "direct access" means that a female enrollee may
61.28	obtain the obstetric and gynecologic services specified in paragraph (a) from obstetricians
61.29	and gynecologists providers who specialize in obstetrics and gynecology in the enrollee's
61.30	network without a referral from, or prior approval through a primary care provider,
61.31	another physician, the health plan company, or its representatives.
61.32	(c) The health plan company shall treat the provision of obstetrical and gynecological
61.33	care and the ordering of related obstetrical and gynecological items and services, pursuant

62.1	to paragraph (a), by a participating health care provider who specializes in obstetrics or
62.2	gynecology as the authorization of a primary care provider.
62.3	(d) The health plan company may require the health care provider to agree to
62.4	otherwise adhere to the health plan company's policies and procedures, including
62.5	procedures for obtaining prior authorization and for providing services in accordance with
62.6	a treatment plan, if any, approved by the health plan company.
62.7	(e) (e) Health plan companies shall not require higher co-payments, coinsurance,
62.8	deductibles, or other enrollee cost-sharing for direct access.
62.9	(d) (f) This section applies only to services described in paragraph (a) that are
62.10	covered by the enrollee's coverage, but coverage of a preventive health examination for
62.11	female enrollees must not exclude coverage of a gynecologic examination.
62.12	(g) For purposes of this section, a health care provider who specializes in obstetrics
62.13	or gynecology means any individual, including an individual other than a physician, who
62.14	is authorized under state law to provide obstetrical or gynecological care.
62.15	(h) This section does not:
62.16	(1) waive any exclusions of coverage under the terms and conditions of the health
62.17	plan with respect to coverage of obstetrical or gynecological care; or
62.18	(2) preclude the health plan company from requiring that the participating health
62.19	care provider providing obstetrical or gynecological care notify the primary care provider
62.20	or the health plan company of treatment decisions.
62.21	Subd. 2. Notice. A health plan company shall provide notice to enrollees of the
62.22	provisions of subdivision 1 in accordance with the requirements of the Affordable Care Act.
62.23	Subd. 3. Enforcement. The commissioner of health shall enforce this section.
62.24	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
62.25	Sec. 77. [62Q.526] COVERAGE FOR PARTICIPATION IN APPROVED
62.26	CLINICAL TRIALS.
62.27	Subdivision 1. Definitions. As used in this section, the following definitions apply:
62.28	(a) "Approved clinical trial" means a phase I, phase II, phase III, or phase IV clinical
62.29	trial that is conducted in relation to the prevention, detection, or treatment of cancer or
62.30	a life-threatening condition and is not designed exclusively to test toxicity or disease
62.31	pathophysiology and must be:
62.32	(1) conducted under an investigational new drug application reviewed by the United
62.33	States Food and Drug Administration (FDA);
62.34	(2) exempt from obtaining an investigational new drug application; or
62.35	(3) approved or funded by:

63.1	(i) the National Institutes of Health (NIH), the Centers for Disease Control and
63.2	Prevention, the Agency for Health Care Research and Quality, the Centers for Medicare
63.3	and Medicaid Services, or a cooperating group or center of any of the entities described in
63.4	this item;
63.5	(ii) a cooperative group or center of the United States Department of Defense or the
63.6	United States Department of Veterans Affairs;
63.7	(iii) a qualified nongovernmental research entity identified in the guidelines issued
63.8	by the NIH for center support grants; or
63.9	(iv) the United States Departments of Veterans Affairs, Defense, or Energy if the
63.10	trial has been reviewed or approved through a system of peer review determined by the
63.11	secretary to:
63.12	(A) be comparable to the system of peer review of studies and investigations used by
63.13	the NIH; and
63.14	(B) provide an unbiased scientific review by qualified individuals who have no
63.15	interest in the outcome of the review.
63.16	(b) "Qualified individual" means an individual with health plan coverage who is
63.17	eligible to participate in an approved clinical trial according to the trial protocol for the
63.18	treatment of cancer or a life-threatening condition because:
63.19	(1) the referring health care professional is participating in the trial and has
63.20	concluded that the individual's participation in the trial would be appropriate; or
63.21	(2) the individual provides medical and scientific information establishing that
63.22	the individual's participation in the trial is appropriate because the individual meets the
63.23	conditions described in the trial protocol.
63.24	(c)(1) "Routine patient costs" includes all items and services covered by the health
63.25	benefit plan of individual market health insurance coverage when the items or services
63.26	are typically covered for an enrollee who is not a qualified individual enrolled in an
63.27	approved clinical trial.
63.28	(2) Routine patient costs does not include:
63.29	(i) an investigational item, device, or service that is part of the trial;
63.30	(ii) an item or service provided solely to satisfy data collection and analysis needs for
63.31	the trial if the item or service is not used in the direct clinical management of the patient;
63.32	(iii) a service that is clearly inconsistent with widely accepted and established
63.33	standards of care for the individual's diagnosis; or
63.34	(iv) an item or service customarily provided and paid for by the sponsor of a trial.
63.35	Subd. 2. Prohibited acts. A health plan company that offers a health plan to a
63.36	Minnesota resident may not:

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64.1	(1) deny participation by a qualified individual in an approved clinical trial;
64.2	(2) deny, limit, or impose additional conditions on the coverage of routine patient
64.3	costs for items or services furnished in connection with participation in the trial; or
64.4	(3) discriminate against an individual on the basis of an individual's participation in
64.5	an approved clinical trial.
64.6	Subd. 3. Network plan conditions. A health plan company that designates a
64.7	network or networks of contracted providers may require a qualified individual who
64.8	wishes to participate in an approved clinical trial to participate in a trial that is offered
64.9	through a health care provider who is part of the plan's network if the provider is
64.10	participating in the trial and the provider accepts the individual as a participant in the trial.
64.11	Subd. 4. Application to clinical trials outside of the state. This section applies
64.12	to a qualified individual residing in this state who participates in an approved clinical
64.13	trial that is conducted outside of this state.
64.14	Subd. 5. Construction. (a) This section shall not be construed to require a health
64.15	plan company offering health plan coverage through a network or networks of contracted
64.16	providers to provide benefits for routine patient costs if the services are provided outside
64.17	of the plan's network unless the out-of-network benefits are otherwise provided under
64.18	the coverage.
64.19	(b) This section shall not be construed to limit a health plan company's coverage
64.20	with respect to clinical trials.
64.21	(c) This section shall apply to all health plan companies offering a health plan to a
64.22	Minnesota resident, unless otherwise amended by federal regulations under the Affordable
64.23	Care Act.
64.24	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2014.
64.25	Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.55, is amended to read:
64.26	62Q.55 EMERGENCY SERVICES.
64.27	Subdivision 1. Access to emergency services. (a) Enrollees have the right to
64.28	available and accessible emergency services, 24 hours a day and seven days a week.
64.29	The health plan company shall inform its enrollees how to obtain emergency care and,
64.30	if prior authorization for emergency services is required, shall make available a toll-free
64.31	number, which is answered 24 hours a day, to answer questions about emergency services
64.32	and to receive reports and provide authorizations, where appropriate, for treatment of
64.33	emergency medical conditions. Emergency services shall be covered whether provided by
64.34	participating or nonparticipating providers and whether provided within or outside the

health plan company's service area. In reviewing a denial for coverage of emergency 65.1 services, the health plan company shall take the following factors into consideration: 65.2 (1) a reasonable layperson's belief that the circumstances required immediate medical 65.3 care that could not wait until the next working day or next available clinic appointment; 65.4 (2) the time of day and day of the week the care was provided; 65.5 (3) the presenting symptoms, including, but not limited to, severe pain, to ensure 65.6 that the decision to reimburse the emergency care is not made solely on the basis of the 65.7 actual diagnosis; 65.8 (4) the enrollee's efforts to follow the health plan company's established procedures 65.9 for obtaining emergency care; and 65.10 (5) any circumstances that precluded use of the health plan company's established 65.11 procedures for obtaining emergency care. 65.12 (b) The health plan company may require enrollees to notify the health plan 65.13 company of nonreferred emergency care as soon as possible, but not later than 48 hours, 65.14 65.15 after the emergency care is initially provided. However, emergency care which would have been covered under the contract had notice been provided within the set time frame 65.16 must be covered. 65.17 (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), a health plan company, health insurer, or 65.18 health coverage plan that is in compliance with the rules regarding accessibility of services 65.19 adopted under section 62D.20 is in compliance with this section. 65.20 Subd. 2. Emergency medical condition. For purposes of this section, "emergency 65.21 medical condition" means a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of 65.22 sufficient severity, including severe pain, such that a prudent layperson, who possesses 65.23 an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of 65.24 immediate medical attention to result in a condition described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii), of 65.25 section 1867(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act. 65.26 Subd. 3. Emergency services. As used in this section, "emergency services" means, 65.27 with respect to an emergency medical condition: 65.28 (1) a medical screening examination, as required under section 1867 of the Social 65.29 Security Act, that is within the capability of the emergency department of a hospital, 65.30 including ancillary services routinely available to the emergency department to evaluate 65.31 such emergency medical condition; and 65.32 (2) within the capabilities of the staff and facilities available at the hospital, such 65.33 further medical examination and treatment as are required under section 1867 of the 65.34 Social Security Act to stabilize the patient. 65.35

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66.1	Subd. 4. Stabilize. For purposes of this section, "stabilize," with respect to an
66.2	emergency medical condition, has the meaning given in section 1867(e)(3) of the Social
66.3	Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395dd(e)(3).
66.4	Subd. 5. Coverage restrictions or limitations. If emergency services are provided
66.5	by a nonparticipating provider, with or without prior authorization, the health plan
66.6	company shall not impose coverage restrictions or limitations that are more restrictive
66.7	than apply to emergency services received from a participating provider. Cost-sharing
66.8	requirements that apply to emergency services received out-of-network must be the same
66.9	as the cost-sharing requirements that apply to services received in-network.
66.10	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
66.11	Sec. 79. [62Q.57] DESIGNATION OF PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER.
66.12	Subdivision 1. Choice of primary care provider. (a) If a health plan company
66.13	offering a group health plan, or an individual health plan that is not a grandfathered plan,
66.14	requires or provides for the designation by an enrollee of a participating primary care
66.15	provider, the health plan company shall permit each enrollee to:
66.16	(1) designate any participating primary care provider available to accept the
66.17	enrollee; and
66.18	(2) for a child, designate any participating physician who specializes in pediatrics as
66.19	the child's primary care provider and is available to accept the child.
66.20	(b) This section does not waive any exclusions of coverage under the terms and
66.21	conditions of the health plan with respect to coverage of pediatric care.
66.22	Subd. 2. Notice. A health plan company shall provide notice to enrollees of the
66.23	provisions of subdivision 1 in accordance with the requirements of the Affordable Care Act.
66.24	Subd. 3. Enforcement. The commissioner shall enforce this section.
66.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
66.26	Sec. 80. [62Q.677] LIFETIME AND ANNUAL LIMITS.
66.27	Subdivision 1. Applicability and scope. Except as provided in subdivision 2,
66.28	this section applies to a health plan company providing coverage under an individual or
66.29	group health plan. For purposes of this section, essential health benefits is defined under
66.30	section 62Q.81.
66.31	Subd. 2. Grandfathered plan limits. (a) The prohibition on lifetime limits applies
66.32	to grandfathered plans providing individual health plan coverage or group health plan
66.33	coverage.

67.1	(b) The prohibition and limits on annual limits apply to grandfathered plans
67.2	providing group health plan coverage, but do not apply to grandfathered plans providing
67.3	individual health plan coverage.
67.4	Subd. 3. Prohibition on lifetime and annual limits. (a) Except as provided in
67.5	subdivisions 4 and 5, a health plan company offering coverage under an individual or
67.6	group health plan shall not establish a lifetime limit on the dollar amount of essential
67.7	health benefits for any individual.
67.8	(b) Except as provided in subdivisions 4, 5, and 6, a health plan company shall
67.9	not establish any annual limit on the dollar amount of essential health benefits for any
67.10	individual.
67.11	Subd. 4. Nonessential benefits; out-of-network providers. (a) Subdivision 3 does
67.12	not prevent a health plan company from placing annual or lifetime dollar limits for any
67.13	individual on specific covered benefits that are not essential health benefits as defined in
67.14	section 62Q.81, subdivision 4, to the extent that the limits are otherwise permitted under
67.15	applicable federal or state law.
67.16	(b) Subdivision 3 does not prevent a health plan company from placing an annual or
67.17	lifetime limit for services provided by out-of-network providers.
67.18	Subd. 5. Excluded benefits. This section does not prohibit a health plan company
67.19	from excluding all benefits for a given condition.
67.20	Subd. 6. Annual limits prior to January 1, 2014. For plan or policy years
67.21	beginning before January 1, 2014, for any individual, a health plan company may establish
67.22	an annual limit on the dollar amount of benefits that are essential health benefits provided
67.23	the limit is no less than the following:
67.24	(1) for a plan or policy year beginning after September 22, 2010, but before
67.25	September 23, 2011, \$750,000;
67.26	(2) for a plan or policy year beginning after September 22, 2011, but before
67.27	September 23, 2012, \$1,250,000; and
67.28	(3) for a plan or policy year beginning after September 22, 2012, but before January
67.29	<u>1, 2014, \$2,000,000.</u>
67.30	In determining whether an individual has received benefits that meet or exceed the
67.31	allowable limits, a health plan company shall take into account only essential health
67.32	benefits.
67.33	Subd. 7. Waivers. For plan or policy years beginning before January 1, 2014, a
67.34	health plan is exempt from the annual limit requirements if the health plan is approved for
67.35	a waiver from the requirements by the United States Department of Health and Human

Services, but the exemption only applies for the specified period of time that the waiver 68.1 from the United States Department of Health and Human Services is applicable. 68.2 Subd. 8. Notices. (a) At the time a health plan company receives a waiver from the 68.3 United States Department of Health and Human Services, the health plan company shall 68.4 notify prospective applicants and affected policyholders and the commissioner in each 68.5 state where prospective applicants and any affected insured are known to reside. 68.6 (b) At the time the waiver expires or is otherwise no longer in effect, the health plan 68.7 company shall notify affected policyholders and the commissioner in each state where 68.8 any affected insured is known to reside. 68.9 Subd. 9. Reinstatement. A health plan company shall comply with all provisions of 68.10 the Affordable Care Act with regard to reinstatement of coverage for individuals whose 68.11 coverage or benefits under a health plan ended by reason of reaching a lifetime dollar limit 68.12 on the dollar value of all benefits for the individual. 68.13 Subd. 10. Compliance. This section does not require compliance with any 68.14

68.15 provision of the Affordable Care Act before the effective date provided for that provision

- 68.16 in the Affordable Care Act. The commissioner shall enforce this section.
- 68.17

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.68, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 68.18 Subdivision 1. Application. For purposes of sections 62Q.68 to 62Q.72, the terms 68.19 defined in this section have the meanings given them. For purposes of sections 62Q.69 68.20 and 62Q.70, the term "health plan company" does not include an insurance company 68.21 licensed under chapter 60A to offer, sell, or issue a policy of accident and sickness 68.22 insurance as defined in section 62A.01 or a nonprofit health service plan corporation 68.23 regulated under chapter 62C that only provides dental coverage or vision coverage. For 68.24 purposes of sections 62Q.69 through 62Q.73, the term "health plan company" does 68.25 not include the Comprehensive Health Association created under chapter 62E. Section 68.26 62Q.70 does not apply to individual coverage. However, a health plan company offering 68.27 individual coverage may, pursuant to section 62Q.69, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), follow 68.28 68.29 the process outlined in section 62Q.70.

68.30

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

68.31 Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.69, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
68.32 Subd. 3. Notification of complaint decisions. (a) The health plan company must
68.33 notify the complainant in writing of its decision and the reasons for it as soon as practical

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of the health plan company, the health plan company may take up to 14 additional days to

- notify the complainant of its decision. If the health plan company takes any additional
  days beyond the initial 30-day period to make its decision, it must inform the complainant,
  in advance, of the extension and the reasons for the extension.
- 69.7 (b) For group health plans, if the decision is partially or wholly adverse to the
  69.8 complainant, the notification must inform the complainant of the right to appeal the
  69.9 decision to the health plan company's internal appeal process described in section 62Q.70
  69.10 and the procedure for initiating an appeal.
- 69.11 (c) For individual health plans, if the decision is partially or wholly adverse to
  69.12 the complainant, the notification must inform the complainant of the right to submit the
  69.13 complaint decision to the external review process described in section 62Q.73 and the
  69.14 procedure for initiating the external review process. Notwithstanding the provisions in
  69.15 this subdivision, a health plan company offering individual coverage may instead follow
  69.16 the process for group health plans outlined in paragraph (b).
- $\begin{array}{ll} 69.17 & (e) (d) \\ \hline (d) \\ \hline (e) (d) \\ \hline (d) \\ \hline (e) (d) \\$
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#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

69.21 Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.70, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
69.22 Subdivision 1. Establishment. (a) Each health plan company shall establish an
69.23 internal appeal process for reviewing a health plan company's decision regarding a
69.24 complaint filed in accordance with section 62Q.69. The appeal process must meet the
69.25 requirements of this section. This section applies only to group health plans. However,
69.26 a health plan company offering individual coverage may, pursuant to section 62Q.69,
69.27 subdivision 3, paragraph (c), follow the process outlined in this section.

- (b) The person or persons with authority to resolve or recommend the resolution of
  the internal appeal must not be solely the same person or persons who made the complaint
  decision under section 62Q.69.
- (c) The internal appeal process must permit the <u>enrollee to review the information</u>
  relied upon in the course of the appeal and the receipt of testimony, correspondence,
  explanations, or other information from the complainant, staff persons, administrators,
  providers, or other persons as deemed necessary by the person or persons investigating or
  presiding over the appeal.

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70.1 (d) The enrollee must be allowed to receive continued coverage pending the
 70.2 outcome of the appeals process.

#### 70.3

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.70, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 70.4 Subd. 2. Procedures for filing an appeal. The health plan company must provide 70.5 notice to enrollees of its internal appeals process in a culturally and linguistically 70.6 appropriate manner consistent with the provisions of the Affordable Care Act. If a 70.7 complainant notifies the health plan company of the complainant's desire to appeal the 70.8 health plan company's decision regarding the complaint through the internal appeal 70.9 process, the health plan company must provide the complainant the option for the appeal 70.10 70.11 to occur either in writing or by hearing.

70.12

70.22

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

70.13 Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.71, is amended to read:

70.14 **62Q.71 NOTICE TO ENROLLEES.** 

Each health plan company shall provide to enrollees a clear and concise description of its complaint resolution procedure, if applicable under section 62Q.68, subdivision 1, and the procedure used for utilization review as defined under chapter 62M as part of the member handbook, subscriber contract, or certificate of coverage. If the health plan company does not issue a member handbook, the health plan company may provide the description in another written document. The description must specifically inform enrollees:

(1) how to submit a complaint to the health plan company;

(2) if the health plan includes utilization review requirements, how to notify the
utilization review organization in a timely manner and how to obtain certification for
health care services;

(3) how to request an appeal either through the procedures described in sections
62Q.69 and section 62Q.70, if applicable, or through the procedures described in chapter
62M;

(4) of the right to file a complaint with either the commissioner of health orcommerce at any time during the complaint and appeal process;

(5) of the toll-free telephone number of the appropriate commissioner; and
(6) of the right, for individual and group coverage, to obtain an external review
under section 62Q.73 and a description of when and how that right may be exercised.

including that under most circumstances an enrollee must exhaust the internal complaint 71.1 or appeal process prior to external review. However, an enrollee may proceed to external 71.2 review without exhausting the internal complaint or appeal process under the following 71.3 71.4 circumstances: (i) the health plan company waives the exhaustion requirement; 71.5 (ii) the health plan company is considered to have waived the exhaustion requirement 71.6 by failing to substantially comply with any requirements including, but not limited to, 71.7 time limits for internal complaints or appeals; or 71.8 (iii) the enrollee has applied for an expedited external review at the same time the 71.9 enrollee qualifies for and has applied for an expedited internal review under chapter 62M. 71.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 71.11 Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.73, is amended to read: 71.12 62Q.73 EXTERNAL REVIEW OF ADVERSE DETERMINATIONS. 71.13 Subdivision 1. Definition. For purposes of this section, "adverse determination" 71.14 means: 71.15 (1) for individual health plans, a complaint decision relating to a health care service 71.16 71.17 or claim that is partially or wholly adverse to the complainant; (2) an individual health plan that is grandfathered plan coverage may instead apply 71.18 the definition of adverse determination for group coverage in clause (3); 71.19 71.20 (3) for group health plans, a complaint decision relating to a health care service or claim that has been appealed in accordance with section 62Q.70 and the appeal decision is 71.21 partially or wholly adverse to the complainant; 71.22 (2) (4) any initial determination not to certify that has been appealed in accordance 71.23 with section 62M.06 and the appeal did not reverse the initial determination not to certify; or 71.24 (3) (5) a decision relating to a health care service made by a health plan company 71.25 licensed under chapter 60A that denies the service on the basis that the service was not 71.26 medically necessary-; or 71.27 71.28 (6) the enrollee has met the requirements of subdivision 6, paragraph (e). An adverse determination does not include complaints relating to fraudulent marketing 71.29 practices or agent misrepresentation. 71.30 Subd. 2. Exception. (a) This section does not apply to governmental programs 71.31 except as permitted under paragraph (b). For purposes of this subdivision, "governmental 71.32 programs" means the prepaid medical assistance program, the MinnesotaCare program, 71.33

the prepaid general assistance medical care program, the demonstration project for peoplewith disabilities, and the federal Medicare program.

- (b) In the course of a recipient's appeal of a medical determination to the
  commissioner of human services under section 256.045, the recipient may request an
  expert medical opinion be arranged by the external review entity under contract to provide
  independent external reviews under this section. If such a request is made, the cost of the
  review shall be paid by the commissioner of human services. Any medical opinion obtained
  under this paragraph shall only be used by a state human services referee as evidence in
  the recipient's appeal to the commissioner of human services under section 256.045.
- (c) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to limit or restrict the appeal rights
  provided in section 256.045 for governmental program recipients.

Subd. 3. Right to external review. (a) Any enrollee or anyone acting on behalf 72.12 of an enrollee who has received an adverse determination may submit a written request 72.13 for an external review of the adverse determination, if applicable under section 62Q.68, 72.14 72.15 subdivision 1, or 62M.06, to the commissioner of health if the request involves a health plan company regulated by that commissioner or to the commissioner of commerce if the 72.16 request involves a health plan company regulated by that commissioner. Notification of 72.17 the enrollee's right to external review must accompany the denial issued by the insurer. 72.18 The written request must be accompanied by a filing fee of \$25. The fee may be waived 72.19 by the commissioner of health or commerce in cases of financial hardship and must be 72.20 refunded if the adverse determination is completely reversed. No enrollee may be subject 72.21 to filing fees totaling more than \$75 during a plan year for group coverage or policy year 72.22 for individual coverage. 72.23

(b) Nothing in this section requires the commissioner of health or commerce to
independently investigate an adverse determination referred for independent external
review.

(c) If an enrollee requests an external review, the health plan company must
participate in the external review. The cost of the external review in excess of the filing
fee described in paragraph (a) shall be borne by the health plan company.

72.30 (d) The enrollee must request external review within six months from the date of72.31 the adverse determination.

Subd. 4. Contract. Pursuant to a request for proposal, the commissioner of
administration, in consultation with the commissioners of health and commerce, shall
contract with an organization at least three organizations or business entity entities to
provide independent external reviews of all adverse determinations submitted for external

73.1	review. The contract shall ensure that the fees for services rendered in connection with the
73.2	reviews be are reasonable.
73.3	Subd. 5. Criteria. (a) The request for proposal must require that the entity
73.4	demonstrate:
73.5	(1) no conflicts of interest in that it is not owned, a subsidiary of, or affiliated
73.6	with a health plan company or, utilization review organization, or a trade organization
73.7	of health care providers;
73.8	(2) an expertise in dispute resolution;
73.9	(3) an expertise in health-related law;
73.10	(4) an ability to conduct reviews using a variety of alternative dispute resolution
73.11	procedures depending upon the nature of the dispute;
73.12	(5) an ability to maintain written records, for at least three years, regarding reviews
73.13	conducted and provide data to the commissioners of health and commerce upon request on
73.14	reviews conducted; and
73.15	(6) an ability to ensure confidentiality of medical records and other enrollee
73.16	information-:
73.17	(7) accreditation by nationally recognized private accrediting organization; and
73.18	(8) the ability to provide an expedited external review process.
73.19	(b) The commissioner of administration shall take into consideration, in awarding
73.20	the contract according to subdivision 4, any national accreditation standards that pertain to
73.21	an external review entity.
73.22	Subd. 6. Process. (a) Upon receiving a request for an external review, the
73.23	commissioner shall assign an external review entity on a random basis. The assigned
73.24	external review entity must provide immediate notice of the review to the enrollee and to
73.25	the health plan company. Within ten business days of receiving notice of the review, the
73.26	health plan company and the enrollee must provide the assigned external review entity
73.27	with any information that they wish to be considered. Each party shall be provided an
73.28	opportunity to present its version of the facts and arguments. The assigned external review
73.29	entity must furnish to the health plan company any additional information submitted by
73.30	the enrollee within one business day of receipt. An enrollee may be assisted or represented
73.31	by a person of the enrollee's choice.
73.32	(b) As part of the external review process, any aspect of an external review involving
73.33	a medical determination must be performed by a health care professional with expertise in
73.34	the medical issue being reviewed.

(c) An external review shall be made as soon as practical but in no case later than 40
45 days after receiving the request for an external review and must promptly send written

notice of the decision and the reasons for it to the enrollee, the health plan company, and 74.1 74.2 the commissioner who is responsible for regulating the health plan company. (d) The external review entity and the clinical reviewer assigned must not have a 74.3 material professional, familial, or financial conflict of interest with: 74.4 (1) the health plan company that is the subject of the external review; 74.5 (2) the enrollee, or any parties related to the enrollee, whose treatment is the subject 74.6 of the external review; 74.7 (3) any officer, director, or management employee of the health plan company; 74.8 (4) a plan administrator, plan fiduciaries, or plan employees; 74.9 (5) the health care provider, the health care provider's group, or practice association 74.10 recommending treatment that is the subject of the external review; 74.11 (6) the facility at which the recommended treatment would be provided; or 74.12 (7) the developer or manufacturer of the principal drug, device, procedure, or other 74.13 therapy being recommended. 74.14 74.15 (e)(1) An expedited external review must be provided if the enrollee requests it after receiving: 74.16 (i) an adverse determination that involves a medical condition for which the time 74.17 frame for completion of an expedited internal appeal would seriously jeopardize the life 74.18 or health of the enrollee or would jeopardize the enrollee's ability to regain maximum 74.19 function and the enrollee has simultaneously requested an expedited internal appeal; 74.20 (ii) an adverse determination that concerns an admission, availability of care, 74.21 continued stay, or health care service for which the enrollee received emergency services 74.22 74.23 but has not been discharged from a facility; or (iii) an adverse determination that involves a medical condition for which the 74.24 standard external review time would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the enrollee 74.25 74.26 or jeopardize the enrollee's ability to regain maximum function. (2) The external review entity must make its expedited determination to uphold or 74.27 reverse the adverse determination as expeditiously as possible but within no more than 72 74.28 hours after the receipt of the request for expedited review and notify the enrollee and the 74.29 health plan company of the determination. 74.30 (3) If the external review entity's notification is not in writing, the external review 74.31 entity must provide written confirmation of the determination within 48 hours of the 74.32 notification. 74.33 Subd. 7. Standards of review. (a) For an external review of any issue in an adverse 74.34 determination that does not require a medical necessity determination, the external review 74.35

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- (b) For an external review of any issue in an adverse determination by a health plan
  company licensed under chapter 62D that requires a medical necessity determination, the
  external review must determine whether the adverse determination was consistent with the
  definition of medically necessary care in Minnesota Rules, part 4685.0100, subpart 9b.
- (c) For an external review of any issue in an adverse determination by a health plan
  company, other than a health plan company licensed under chapter 62D, that requires a
  medical necessity determination, the external review must determine whether the adverse
  determination was consistent with the definition of medically necessary care in section
  62Q.53, subdivision 2.
- (d) For an external review of an adverse determination involving experimental 75.12 or investigational treatment, the external review entity must base its decision on all 75.13 documents submitted by the health plan company and enrollee, including medical 75.14 records, the attending physician or health care professional's recommendation, consulting 75.15 reports from health care professionals, the terms of coverage, federal Food and Drug 75.16 Administration approval, and medical or scientific evidence or evidence-based standards. 75.17 Subd. 8. Effects of external review. A decision rendered under this section shall 75.18 be nonbinding on the enrollee and binding on the health plan company. The health plan 75.19 company may seek judicial review of the decision on the grounds that the decision was 75.20 arbitrary and capricious or involved an abuse of discretion. 75.21
- Subd. 9. Immunity from civil liability. A person who participates in an external
  review by investigating, reviewing materials, providing technical expertise, or rendering a
  decision shall not be civilly liable for any action that is taken in good faith, that is within
  the scope of the person's duties, and that does not constitute willful or reckless misconduct.

Subd. 10. Data reporting. The commissioners shall make available to the public,
upon request, summary data on the decisions rendered under this section, including the
number of reviews heard and decided and the final outcomes. Any data released to the
public must not individually identify the enrollee initiating the request for external review.

75.30

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.75, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
have the meanings given to them.

(b) "Clean claim" means a claim that has no defect or impropriety, including any lack
of any required substantiating documentation, including, but not limited to, coordination

of benefits information, or particular circumstance requiring special treatment that
prevents timely payment from being made on a claim under this section. <u>A special</u>
circumstance includes, but is not limited to, a claim held pending payment of an overdue
premium for the time period during which the expense was incurred as allowed by the
<u>Affordable Care Act.</u> Nothing in this section alters an enrollee's obligation to disclose
information as required by law.

(c) "Third-party administrator" means a third-party administrator or other entity
subject to section 60A.23, subdivision 8, and Minnesota Rules, chapter 2767.

76.9

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62Q.80, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
(a) "Community-based" means located in or primarily relating to the community,
as determined by the board of a community-based health initiative that is served by the
community-based health care coverage program.

(b) "Community-based health care coverage program" or "program" means a 76.15 program administered by a community-based health initiative that provides health care 76.16 services through provider members of a community-based health network or combination 76.17 of networks to eligible individuals and their dependents who are enrolled in the program. 76.18 (c) "Community-based health initiative" or "initiative" means a nonprofit corporation 76.19 that is governed by a board that has at least 80 percent of its members residing in the 76.20 community and includes representatives of the participating network providers and 76.21 employers, or a county-based purchasing organization as defined in section 256B.692. 76.22

(d) "Community-based health network" means a contract-based network of health
care providers organized by the community-based health initiative to provide or support
the delivery of health care services to enrollees of the community-based health care
coverage program on a risk-sharing or nonrisk-sharing basis.

(e) "Dependent" means an eligible employee's spouse or unmarried child who
is under the age of <u>19\_26</u> years.

76.29

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

## 76.30 Sec. 89. [62Q.81] ESSENTIAL HEALTH BENEFIT PACKAGE

## 76.31 **REQUIREMENTS.**

76.32 Subdivision 1. Essential health benefits package. (a) Health plan companies
 76.33 offering individual and small group health plans must include the essential health benefits

77.1	package required under section 1302(a) of the Affordable Care Act and as described
77.2	in this subdivision.
77.3	(b) The essential health benefits package means coverage that:
77.4	(1) provides essential health benefits as outlined in the Affordable Care Act;
77.5	(2) limits cost-sharing for such coverage in accordance with the Affordable Care
77.6	Act, as described in subdivision 2; and
77.7	(3) subject to subdivision 3, provides bronze, silver, gold, or platinum level of
77.8	coverage in accordance with the Affordable Care Act.
77.9	Subd. 2. Coverage for enrollees under the age of 21. If a health plan company
77.10	offers health plans in any level of coverage specified under section 1302(d) of the
77.11	Affordable Care Act, as described in subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (3), the health
77.12	plan company shall also offer coverage in that level to individuals who have not attained
77.13	21 years of age as of the beginning of a policy year.
77.14	Subd. 3. Alternative compliance for catastrophic plans. A health plan company
77.15	that does not provide an individual or small group health plan in the bronze, silver, gold,
77.16	or platinum level of coverage, as described in subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (3),
77.17	shall be treated as meeting the requirements of section 1302(d) of the Affordable Care Act
77.18	with respect to any policy year if the health plan company provides a catastrophic plan
77.19	that meets the requirements of section 1302(e) of the Affordable Care Act.
77.20	Subd. 4. Essential health benefits; definition. For purposes of this section,
77.21	"essential health benefits" has the meaning given under section 1302(b) of the Affordable
77.22	Care Act and includes:
77.23	(1) ambulatory patient services;
77.24	(2) emergency services;
77.25	(3) hospitalization;
77.26	(4) laboratory services;
77.27	(5) maternity and newborn care;
77.28	(6) mental health and substance use disorder services, including behavioral health
77.29	treatment;
77.30	(7) pediatric services, including oral and vision care;
77.31	(8) prescription drugs;
77.32	(9) preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management;
77.33	(10) rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices; and
77.34	(11) additional essential health benefits included in the EHB-benchmark plan, as
77 25	defined under the Affordable Care Ast

77.35 defined under the Affordable Care Act.

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78.1	Subd. 5. Exception. This se	ection does not apply to	o a dental plan des	cribed in
78.2	section 1311(d)(2)(B)(ii) of the Af	fordable Care Act.		
			1 0014	
78.3	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This s	ection is effective Janu	<u>ary 1, 2014.</u>	
78.4	Sec. 90. [62Q.82] BENEFITS	AND COVERAGE F	EXPLANATION.	
78.5	Subdivision 1. Summary. H			s shall provide
78.6	a summary of benefits and coverage			
78.7	(1) an applicant at the time o	•		
78.8	(2) an enrollee prior to the tir		enrollment, as appli	cable; and
78.9	(3) a policyholder at the time	of issuance of the pol	icy.	
78.10	Subd. 2. Compliance. A hea	alth plan company des	cribed in subdivisio	on 1 shall be
78.11	deemed to have complied with sub	division 1 if the sumn	nary of benefits and	l coverage
78.12	explanation is provided in paper of	electronic form as rea	quired under the Ar	ffordable
78.13	Care Act.			
78.14	Subd. 3. Notice of modifica	tion. Except in connec	ction with a policy	renewal or
78.15	reissuance, if a health plan compar	ny makes any material	modifications in an	ny of the
78.16	terms of the coverage, as defined f	or purposes of section	102 of the federal	Employee
78.17	Retirement Income Security Act of	f 1974, as amended, th	at is not reflected i	n the most
78.18	recently provided summary of bene	efits and coverage expl	anation, the health	plan company
78.19	shall provide notice of the modification	ation to enrollees not la	ater than 60 days pr	tior to the date
78.20	on which the modification will bec	come effective.		
78.21	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This s	ection is effective the	day following final	enactment.
78.22	Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 201	2, section 72A.20, sub	odivision 35, is ame	ended to read:
78.23	Subd. 35. Determination of	health plan policy li	mits. Any health p	lan <u>under</u>
78.24	section 62A.011, subdivision 3, that	at includes a specific p	olicy limit within it	ts insurance
78.25	policy, certificate, or subscriber ag	reement shall calculate	e the policy limit by	y using the
78.26	amount actually paid on behalf of	the insured, subscriber	, or dependents for	services
78.27	covered under the policy, subscribe	er agreement, or certifi	cate unless the amo	ount paid is
78.28	greater than the billed charge. This	provision does not pe	rmit the application	n of a specific
78.29	policy limit within a health plan w	here the limit is prohib	oited under the Affo	ordable Care
78.30	Act as defined in section 62A.011,	subdivision 1a.		
78.31	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This s	ection is effective the	day following final	enactment.

79.1 79.2 Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 145.414, is amended to read:

- 145.414 ABORTION NOT MANDATORY.
- (a) No person and no hospital or institution shall be coerced, held liable or
  discriminated against in any manner because of a refusal to perform, accommodate, assist
  or submit to an abortion for any reason.

(b) It is the policy of the state of Minnesota that no health plan company as defined 79.6 under section 62Q.01, subdivision 4, or health care cooperative as defined under section 79.7 62R.04, subdivision 2, shall be required to provide or provide coverage for an abortion. 79.8 No provision of this chapter; of chapter 62A, 62C, 62D, 62H, 62L, 62M, 62N, 62R, 79.9 62V, 64B, or of any other chapter; of Minnesota Rules; or of Laws 1995, chapter 234, 79.10 shall be construed as requiring a health plan company as defined under section 62Q.01, 79.11 subdivision 4, or a health care cooperative as defined under section 62R.04, subdivision 2, 79.12 to provide or provide coverage for an abortion. 79.13

(c) This section supersedes any provision of Laws 1995, chapter 234, or any act
enacted prior to enactment of Laws 1995, chapter 234, that in any way limits or is
inconsistent with this section. No provision of any act enacted subsequent to Laws 1995,
chapter 234 shall be construed as in any way limiting or being inconsistent with this
section, unless the act amends this section or expressly provides that it is intended to
limit or be inconsistent with this section.

Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 471.61, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
Subd. 1a. Dependents. Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1969,
section 471.61, as amended by Laws 1971, chapter 451, section 1, the word "dependents" as
used therein shall mean spouse and minor unmarried children under the age of 18 26 years
and dependent students under the age of 25 years actually dependent upon the employee.

79.25

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

79.26 Sec. 94. **<u>REPEALER.</u>** 

79.27 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62E.02, subdivision 7, is repealed effective the
 79.28 day following final enactment.

- 79.29 (b) Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 62A.615; 62A.65, subdivision 6; 62E.16;
- 79.30 <u>62E.20; 62L.02</u>, subdivisions 4, 18, 19, 23, and 24; 62L.05, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 4a,
- 79.31 <u>5, 6, 7, 11, 12, and 13; 62L.081; 62L.10, subdivision 5; and 62Q.37, subdivision 5, are</u>
- 79.32 repealed effective January 1, 2014.

80.1	ARTICLE 2
80.2	MARKET RULES FOR AFFORDABLE CARE ACT
80.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 62D.124, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
80.4	Subd. 4. Application. (a) Subdivisions 1 and 2 do not apply if an enrollee is referred
80.5	to a referral center for health care services.
80.6	(b) Subdivision 1 does not apply:
80.7	(1) if an enrollee has chosen a health plan with full knowledge that the health plan
80.8	has no participating providers within 30 miles or 30 minutes of the enrollee's place of
80.9	residence; or
80.10	(2) to service areas approved before May 24, 1993.
80.11	(c) Beginning for coverage effective on or after January 1, 2015, subdivisions 1 to 4
80.12	shall only apply to individual or small group health plans that are grandfathered plans, as
80.13	defined under section 62A.011, subdivision 1c.
80.14	Sec. 2. [62K.01] TITLE.
80.15	This chapter may be cited as the "Minnesota Health Plan Market Rules."
80.16	Sec. 3. [62K.02] PURPOSE AND SCOPE.
80.17	Subdivision 1. Purpose. The market rules set forth in this chapter serve to clarify
80.18	and provide guidance on the application of state law and certain requirements of the
80.19	Affordable Care Act on all health carriers offering health plans in Minnesota, whether
80.20	or not through the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace, to ensure fair competition for all
80.21	health carriers in Minnesota, to minimize adverse selection, and to ensure that health
80.22	plans are offered in a manner that protects consumers and promotes the provision of
80.23	high-quality affordable health care, and improved health outcomes. This chapter contains
80.24	the regulatory requirements as specified in section 62V.05, subdivision 5, paragraph (b),
80.25	and shall fully satisfy the requirements of section 62V.05, subdivision 5, paragraph (b).
80.26	Subd. 2. Scope. (a) This chapter applies only to health plans offered in the
80.27	individual market or the small group market.
80.28	(b) This chapter applies to health carriers with respect to individual health plans and
80.29	small group health plans, unless otherwise specified.
80.30	(c) If a health carrier issues or renews individual or small group health plans in
80.31	other states, this chapter applies only to health plans issued or renewed in this state to a
80.32	Minnesota resident, or to cover a resident of the state, or issued or renewed to a small
80.33	employer that is actively engaged in business in this state, unless otherwise specified.

(d) This chapter does not apply to short-term coverage as defined in section 62A.65, 81.1 81.2 subdivision 7, or grandfathered plan coverage as defined in section 62A.011, subdivision 81.3 1b. 81.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for health plans that are offered, sold, issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2014. 81.5 Sec. 4. [62K.03] DEFINITIONS. 81.6 Subdivision 1. Applicability. For purposes of this chapter, the terms defined in this 81.7 81.8 section have the meanings given. Subd. 2. Affordable Care Act. "Affordable Care Act" means the federal Patient 81.9 Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, as amended, including the 81.10 81.11 federal Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Public Law 111-152, and any amendments, and any federal guidance or regulations issued under these acts. 81.12 Subd. 3. Dental plan. "Dental plan" means a dental plan as defined in section 81.13 62Q.76, subdivision 3. 81.14 Subd. 4. Enrollee. "Enrollee" means a natural person covered by a health plan and 81.15 81.16 includes an insured policyholder, subscriber, contract holder, member, covered person, or certificate holder. 81.17 Subd. 5. Health carrier. "Health carrier" means a health carrier as defined in 81.18 section 62A.011, subdivision 2. 81.19 Subd. 6. Health plan. "Health plan" means a health plan as defined in section 81.20 62A.011, subdivision 3. 81.21 Subd. 7. Individual health plan. "Individual health plan" means an individual 81.22 health plan as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 62A.011, subdivision 4. 81.23 81.24 Subd. 8. Limited-scope pediatric dental plan. "Limited-scope pediatric dental plan" means a dental plan meeting the requirements of section 9832(c)(2)(A) of the 81.25 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that provides only pediatric dental benefits 81.26 meeting the requirements of the Affordable Care Act and is offered by a health carrier. A 81.27 limited-scope pediatric dental plan includes a dental plan that is offered separately or in 81.28 conjunction with an individual or small group health plan to individuals who have not 81.29 attained the age of 19 years as of the beginning of the policy year or to a family. 81.30 Subd. 9. Minnesota Insurance Marketplace. "Minnesota Insurance Marketplace" 81.31 means the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace as defined in section 62V.02. 81.32 Subd. 10. Preferred provider organization. "Preferred provider organization" 81.33 means a health plan that provides discounts to enrollees or subscribers for services they 81.34 81.35 receive from certain health care providers.

2.1	Subd. 11. Qualified health plan. "Qualified health plan" means a health plan
2.2 <u>that r</u>	neets the definition in the Affordable Care Act and has been certified by the board
2.3 <u>of the</u>	e Minnesota Insurance Marketplace in accordance with chapter 62V to be offered
4 <u>throu</u>	gh the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace.
	Subd. 12. Small group health plan. "Small group health plan" means a health plan
issue	d by a health carrier to a small employer as defined in section 62L.02, subdivision 26.
	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for health plans that are offered, sold,
issue	d, or renewed on or after January 1, 2014.
Se	c. 5. [62K.04] MARKET RULES; VIOLATION.
	Subdivision 1. Compliance. (a) A health carrier issuing an individual health plan to
a Mir	nesota resident or a small group health plan to provide coverage to a small employer
that i	s actively engaged in business in Minnesota shall meet all of the requirements set
forth	in this chapter. The failure to meet any of the requirements under this chapter
const	itutes a violation of section 72A.20.
	(b) The requirements of this chapter do not apply to short-term coverage as defined
n sec	ction 62A.65, subdivision 7, or grandfathered plan coverage as defined in section
52A.	011, subdivision 1c.
	Subd. 2. Penalties. In addition to any other penalties provided by the laws of this
state	or by federal law, a health carrier or any other person found to have violated any
requi	rement of this chapter may be subject to the administrative procedures, enforcement
action	ns, and penalties provided under section 45.027 and chapters 62D and 72A.
	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for health plans that are offered, sold,
issue	d, or renewed on or after January 1, 2014.
Se	c. 6. [62K.05] FEDERAL ACT; COMPLIANCE REQUIRED.
	A health carrier shall comply with all provisions of the Affordable Care Act to
the ex	xtent that it imposes a requirement that applies in this state. Compliance with any
provi	sion of the Affordable Care Act is required as of the effective date established for
that p	provision in the federal act, except as otherwise specifically stated earlier in state law.
	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for health plans that are offered, sold,
issue	d, or renewed on or after January 1, 2014.
Se	c. 7. [62K.06] METAL LEVEL MANDATORY OFFERINGS.

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Subdivision 1. Identification. A health carrier that offers individual or small group 83.1 83.2 health plans in Minnesota must provide documentation to the commissioner of commerce to justify actuarial value levels as specified in section 1302(d) of the Affordable Care Act 83.3 for all individual and small group health plans offered inside and outside of the Minnesota 83.4 Insurance Marketplace. 83.5 Subd. 2. Minimum levels. (a) A health carrier that offers a catastrophic plan or a 83.6 bronze level health plan within a service area in either the individual or small group 83.7 market must also offer a silver level and a gold level health plan in that market and 83.8 within that service area. 83.9 (b) A health carrier with less than five percent market share in the respective 83.10 individual or small group market in Minnesota is exempt from paragraph (a), until January 83.11 1, 2017, unless the health carrier offers a qualified health plan through the Minnesota 83.12 Insurance Marketplace. If the health carrier offers a qualified health plan through the 83.13 Minnesota Insurance Marketplace, the health carrier must comply with paragraph (a). 83.14 83.15 Subd. 3. Minnesota Insurance Marketplace restriction. The Minnesota Insurance Marketplace may not, by contract or otherwise, mandate the types of health plans to be 83.16 offered by a health carrier to individuals or small employers purchasing health plans outside 83.17 of the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace. Solely for purposes of this subdivision, "health 83.18 plan" includes coverage that is excluded under section 62A.011, subdivision 3, clause (6). 83.19 83.20 Subd. 4. Metal level defined. For purposes of this section, the metal levels and catastrophic plans are defined in section 1302(d) and (e) of the Affordable Care Act. 83.21 Subd. 5. Enforcement. The commissioner of commerce shall enforce this section. 83.22 Sec. 8. [62K.07] INFORMATION DISCLOSURES. 83.23 (a) A health carrier offering individual or small group health plans must submit the 83 24 83.25 following information in a format determined by the commissioner of commerce: (1) claims payment policies and practices; 83.26 (2) periodic financial disclosures; 83.27 (3) data on enrollment; 83.28 (4) data on disenrollment; 83.29 (5) data on the number of claims that are denied; 83.30 (6) data on rating practices; 83.31 (7) information on cost-sharing and payments with respect to out-of-network 83.32 coverage; and 83.33 (8) other information required by the secretary of the United States Department of 83.34 Health and Human Services under the Affordable Care Act. 83.35

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84.1	(b) A health carrier offering an individual or small group health plan must comply
84.2	with all information disclosure requirements of all applicable state and federal law,
84.3	including the Affordable Care Act.
84.4	(c) Except for qualified health plans sold on the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace,
84.5	information reported under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), is nonpublic data as defined
84.6	under section 13.02, subdivision 9. Information reported under paragraph (a), clauses (1)
84.7	through (8), must be reported by the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace for qualified health
84.8	plans sold through the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace.
84.9	(d) The commissioner of commerce shall enforce this section.
84.10	Sec. 9. [62K.08] MARKETING STANDARDS.
84.11	Subdivision 1. Marketing. (a) A health carrier offering individual or small group
84.12	health plans must comply with all applicable provisions of the Affordable Care Act,
84.13	including, but not limited to, the following:
84.14	(1) compliance with all state laws pertaining to the marketing of individual or small
84.15	group health plans; and
84.16	(2) establishing marketing practices and benefit designs that will not have the effect of
84.17	discouraging the enrollment of individuals with significant health needs in the health plan.
84.18	(b) No marketing materials may lead consumers to believe that all health care needs
84.19	will be covered.
84.20	Subd. 2. Enforcement. The commissioner of commerce shall enforce this section.
84.21	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for health plans offered, sold, issued,
84.22	or renewed on or after January 1, 2014.
84.23	Sec. 10. [62K.09] ACCREDITATION STANDARDS.
84.24	Subdivision 1. Accreditation; general. (a) A health carrier that offers any
84.25	individual or small group health plans in Minnesota outside of the Minnesota Insurance
84.26	Marketplace must be accredited in accordance with this subdivision. A health carrier
84.27	must obtain accreditation through URAC, the National Committee for Quality Assurance
84.28	(NCQA), or any entity recognized by the United States Department of Health and Human
84.29	Services for accreditation of health insurance issuers or health plans by January 1,
84.30	2018. Proof of accreditation must be submitted to the commissioner of health in a form
84.31	prescribed by the commissioner of health.
84.32	(b) A health carrier that rents a provider network is exempt from this subdivision,
84.33	unless it is part of a holding company as defined in section 60D.15 that in aggregate exceeds
84.34	ten percent market share in either the individual or small group market in Minnesota.

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85.1	Subd. 2. Accreditation; Minnesota Insurance Marketplace. (a) The Minnesota
85.2	Insurance Marketplace shall require all health carriers offering a qualified health
85.3	plan through the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace to obtain the appropriate level of
85.4	accreditation no later than the third year after the first year the health carrier offers a
85.5	qualified health plan through the Minnesota Insurance Marketplace. A health carrier
85.6	must take the first step of the accreditation process during the first year in which it offers
85.7	a qualified health plan. A health carrier that offers a qualified health plan on January 1,
85.8	2014, must obtain accreditation by the end of the 2016 plan year.
85.9	(b) To the extent a health carrier cannot obtain accreditation due to low volume of
85.10	enrollees, an exception to this accreditation criterion may be granted by the Minnesota
85.11	Insurance Marketplace until such time as the health carrier has a sufficient volume of
85.12	enrollees.
85.13	Subd. 3. Oversight. A health carrier shall comply with a request from the
85.14	commissioner of health to confirm accreditation or progress toward accreditation.
85.15	Subd. 4. Enforcement. The commissioner of health shall enforce this section.
85.16	Sec. 11. [62K.10] GEOGRAPHIC ACCESSIBILITY; PROVIDER NETWORK
85.17	ADEQUACY.
85.18	Subdivision 1. Applicability. (a) This section applies to all health carriers that either
85.19	require an enrollee to use or that create incentives, including financial incentives, for an
85.20	enrollee to use, health care providers that are managed, owned, under contract with, or
85.21	employed by the health carrier. A health carrier that does not manage, own, or contract
85.22	directly with providers in Minnesota is exempt from this section, unless it is part of a
85.23	holding company as defined in section 60D.15 that in aggregate exceeds ten percent in
85.24	either the individual or small group market in Minnesota.
85.25	(b) Health carriers renting provider networks from other entities must submit the
85.26	rental agreement or contract to the commissioner of health for approval. In reviewing the
85.27	agreements or contracts, the commissioner shall review the agreement or contract to
85.28	ensure that the entity contracting with health care providers accepts responsibility to meet
85.29	the requirements in this section.
85.30	Subd. 2. Primary care; mental health services; general hospital services. The
85.31	maximum travel distance or time shall be the lesser of 30 miles or 30 minutes to the
85.32	nearest provider of each of the following services: primary care services, mental health
85.33	services, and general hospital services.
85.34	Subd. 3. Other health services. The maximum travel distance or time shall be the

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ancillary services, specialized hospital services, and all other health services not listed in 86.1 subdivision 2. 86.2 Subd. 4. Network adequacy. Each designated provider network must include a 86.3 86.4 sufficient number and type of providers, including providers that specialize in mental health and substance use disorder services, to ensure that covered services are available 86.5 to all enrollees without unreasonable delay. In determining network adequacy, the 86.6 commissioner of health shall consider availability of services, including the following: 86.7 (1) primary care physician services are available and accessible 24 hours per day, 86.8 seven days per week, within the network area; 86.9 (2) a sufficient number of primary care physicians have hospital admitting privileges 86.10 at one or more participating hospitals within the network area so that necessary admissions 86.11 are made on a timely basis consistent with generally accepted practice parameters; 86.12 (3) specialty physician service is available through the network or contract 86.13 arrangement; 86.14 (4) mental health and substance use disorder treatment providers are available and 86.15 accessible through the network or contract arrangement; 86.16 (5) to the extent that primary care services are provided through primary care 86.17 providers other than physicians, and to the extent permitted under applicable scope of 86.18 practice in state law for a given provider, these services shall be available and accessible; 86.19 86.20 and (6) the network has available, either directly or through arrangements, appropriate 86.21 and sufficient personnel, physical resources, and equipment to meet the projected needs of 86.22 86.23 enrollees for covered health care services. Subd. 5. Waiver. A health carrier or preferred provider organization may apply to 86.24 the commissioner of health for a waiver of the requirements in subdivision 2 or 3 if it is 86.25 unable to meet the statutory requirements. A waiver application must be submitted on a 86.26 form provided by the commissioner and must: 86.27 (1) demonstrate with specific data that the requirement of subdivision 2 or 3 is not 86.28 feasible in a particular service area or part of a service area; and 86.29 (2) include information as to the steps that were and will be taken to address the 86.30 86.31 network inadequacy. The waiver shall automatically expire after four years. If a renewal of the waiver 86.32 is sought, the commissioner of health shall take into consideration steps that have been 86.33 taken to address network adequacy. 86.34 Subd. 6. Referral centers. Subdivisions 2 and 3 shall not apply if an enrollee 86.35 is referred to a referral center for health care services. A referral center is a medical 86.36

87.1	facility that provides highly specialized medical care, including but not limited to organ
87.2	transplants. A health carrier or preferred provider organization may consider the volume
87.3	of services provided annually, case mix, and severity adjusted mortality and morbidity
87.4	rates in designating a referral center.
87.5	Subd. 7. Essential community providers. Each health carrier must comply with
87.6	section 62Q.19.
87.7	Subd. 8. Enforcement. The commissioner of health shall enforce this section.
87.8	Sec. 12. [62K.11] BALANCE BILLING PROHIBITED.
87.9	(a) A network provider is prohibited from billing an enrollee for any amount in
87.10	excess of the allowable amount the health carrier has contracted for with the provider
87.11	as total payment for the health care service. A network provider is permitted to bill an
87.12	enrollee the approved co-payment, deductible, or coinsurance.
87.13	(b) A network provider is permitted to bill an enrollee for services not covered by
87.14	the enrollee's health plan as long as the enrollee agrees in writing in advance before the
87.15	service is performed to pay for the noncovered service.
87.16	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2014.
87.17	Sec. 13. [62K.12] QUALITY ASSURANCE AND IMPROVEMENT.
87.18	Subdivision 1. General. (a) All health carriers offering an individual health plan or
87.19	small group health plan must have a written internal quality assurance and improvement
87.20	program that, at a minimum:
87.21	(1) provides for ongoing evaluation of the quality of health care provided to its
87.22	enrollees;
87.23	(2) periodically reports the evaluation of the quality of health care to the health
87.24	carrier's governing body;
87.25	(3) follows policies and procedures for the selection and credentialing of network
87.26	providers that is consistent with community standards;
87.27	(4) conducts focused studies directed at problems, potential problems, or areas
87.28	with potential for improvements in care;
87.29	(5) conducts enrollee satisfaction surveys and monitors oral and written complaints
87.30	submitted by enrollees or members; and
87.31	(6) collects and reports Health Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS)
87.32	measures and conducts other quality assessment and improvement activities as directed
87.33	by the commissioner of health.

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88.1	(b) The commissioner of health shall submit a report to the chairs and ranking
88.2	minority members of senate and house of representatives committees with primary
88.3	jurisdiction over commerce and health policy by February 15, 2015, with recommendations
88.4	for specific quality assurance and improvement standards for all Minnesota health carriers.
88.5	The recommended standards must not require duplicative data gathering, analysis, or
88.6	reporting by health carriers.
88.7	Subd. 2. Exemption. A health carrier that rents a provider network is exempt from
88.8	this section, unless it is part of a holding company as defined in section 60D.15 that in
88.9	aggregate exceeds ten percent market share in either the individual or small group market
88.10	in Minnesota.
88.11	Subd. 3. Waiver. A health carrier that has obtained accreditation through the URAC
88.12	for network management; quality improvement; credentialing; member protection; and
88.13	utilization management, or has achieved an excellent or commendable level ranking
88.14	from the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA), shall be deemed to meet
88.15	the requirements of subdivision 1. Proof of accreditation must be submitted to the
88.16	commissioner of health in a form prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner may
88.17	adopt rules to recognize similar accreditation standards from any entity recognized by
88.18	the United States Department of Health and Human Services for accreditation of health
88.19	insurance issuers or health plans.
88.20	Subd. 4. Enforcement. The commissioner of health shall enforce this section.
88.21	Sec. 14. [62K.13] SERVICE AREA REQUIREMENTS.
88.22	(a) Any health carrier that offers an individual or small group health plan, must offer
88.23	the health plan in a service area that is at least the entire geographic area of a county
88.24	unless serving a smaller geographic area is necessary, nondiscriminatory, and in the best
88.25	interest of enrollees. The service area for any individual or small group health plan must
88.26	be established without regard to racial, ethnic, language, concentrated poverty, or health
88.27	status-related factors, or other factors that exclude specific high-utilizing, high-cost, or
88.28	medically underserved populations.
88.29	(b) If a health carrier that offers an individual or small group health plan requests
88.30	to serve less than the entire county, the request must be made to the commissioner of
88.31	health on a form and manner determined by the commissioner and must provide specific
88.32	data demonstrating that the service area is not discriminatory, is necessary, and is in the
88.33	best interest of enrollees.

88.34 (c) The commissioner of health shall enforce this section.

89.1	Sec. 15. [62K.14] LIMITED-SCOPE PEDIATRIC DENTAL PLANS.
89.2	(a) Limited-scope pediatric dental plans must be offered to the extent permitted
89.3	under the Affordable Care Act: (1) on a guaranteed issue and guaranteed renewable basis;
89.4	(2) with premiums rated on allowable rating factors used for health plans; and (3) without
89.5	any exclusions or limitations based on preexisting conditions.
89.6	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a health carrier may discontinue a limited scope
89.7	pediatric dental plan at the end of a plan year if the health carrier provides written
89.8	notice to enrollees before coverage is to be discontinued that the particular plan is being
89.9	discontinued and the health carrier offers enrollees other dental plan options that are the
89.10	same or substantially similar to the dental plan being discontinued in terms of premiums,
89.11	benefits, cost-sharing requirements, and network adequacy. The written notice to enrollees
89.12	must be provided at least 105 days before the end of the plan year.
89.13	(c) Limited-scope pediatric dental plans must ensure primary care dental services
89.14	are available within 60 miles or 60 minutes' travel time.
89.15	(d) If a stand-alone dental plan as defined under the Affordable Care Act or a
89.16	limited-scope pediatric dental plan is offered, either separately or in conjunction with
89.17	a health plan offered to individuals or small employers, the health plan shall not be
89.18	considered in noncompliance with the requirements of the essential benefit package in the
89.19	Affordable Care Act because the health plan does not offer coverage of pediatric dental
89.20	benefits if these benefits are covered through the stand-alone or limited-scope pediatric
89.21	dental plan, to the extent permitted under the Affordable Care Act.
89.22	(e) Health carriers offering limited-scope pediatric dental plans must comply with
89.23	this section and sections 62K.07, 62K.08, 62K.13, and 62K.15.
89.24	(f) The commissioner of commerce shall enforce paragraphs (a) and (b). Any limited
89.25	scope pediatric dental plan that is to be offered to replace a discontinued dental plan under
89.26	paragraph (b) must be approved by the commissioner of commerce in terms of cost and
89.27	benefit similarity, and the commissioner of health in terms of network adequacy similarity.
89.28	The commissioner of health shall enforce paragraph (c).
89.29	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for health plans and dental plans that
89.30	are offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after January 1, 2014, with the exception of
89.31	paragraphs (a) and (b), which are effective for health plans and dental plans that are
89.32	offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or after January 1, 2015.
89.33	Sec. 16. [62K.15] ANNUAL OPEN ENROLLMENT PERIODS.
89.34	(a) Health carriers offering individual health plans must limit annual enrollment in

(a) Health carriers offering individual health plans must limit annual enrollment in
 the individual market to the annual open enrollment periods for the Minnesota Insurance

- Marketplace. Nothing in this section limits the application of special or limited open 90.1 enrollment periods as defined under the Affordable Care Act. 90.2 (b) Health carriers offering individual health plans must inform all applicants at the 90.3 time of application and enrollees at least annually of the open and special enrollment 90.4 periods as defined under the Affordable Care Act. 90.5 (c) The commissioner of commerce shall enforce this section. 90.6 Sec. 17. EFFECTIVE DATE. 90.7 Sections 1 to 16 are effective for health plans offered, sold, issued, or renewed on or 90.8
- 90.9 after January 1, 2015, unless otherwise specified.

## APPENDIX Article locations in H0779-6

ARTICLE 1CONFORMING STATE LAW TO AFFORDABLE CARE ACT .......Page.Ln 1.28ARTICLE 2MARKET RULES FOR AFFORDABLE CARE ACT .......Page.Ln 80.1

# 62A.615 PREEXISTING CONDITIONS DISCLOSED AT TIME OF APPLICATION.

No insurer may cancel or rescind a health insurance policy for a preexisting condition of which the application or other information provided by the insured reasonably gave the insurer notice. No insurer may restrict coverage for a preexisting condition of which the application or other information provided by the insured reasonably gave the insurer notice unless the coverage is restricted at the time the policy is issued and the restriction is disclosed in writing to the insured at the time the policy is issued.

## 62A.65 INDIVIDUAL MARKET REGULATION.

Subd. 6. **Guaranteed issue not required.** Nothing in this section requires a health carrier to initially issue a health plan to a Minnesota resident, except as otherwise expressly provided in subdivision 4 or 5.

#### 62E.02 DEFINITIONS.

Subd. 7. **Dependent.** "Dependent" means a spouse or unmarried child under the age of 25, or a dependent child of any age who is disabled.

#### 62E.16 POLICY CONVERSION RIGHTS.

Every program of self-insurance, policy of group accident and health insurance or contract of coverage by a health maintenance organization written or renewed in this state, shall include, in addition to the provisions required by section 62A.17, the right to convert to an individual coverage qualified plan without the addition of underwriting restrictions after the individual insured has exhausted any continuation coverage provided under section 62A.146; 62A.148; 62A.17, subdivisions 1 and 2; 62A.20; 62A.21; 62C.142; 62D.101; or 62D.105, or continuation coverage provided under federal law, if any continuation coverage is available to the individual, and then leaves the group regardless of the reason for leaving the group or if an employer member of a group ceases to remit payment so as to terminate coverage for its employees, or upon cancellation or termination of the coverage for the group except where uninterrupted and continuous group coverage is otherwise provided to the group. If the health maintenance organization has canceled coverage for the group because of a loss of providers in a service area, the health maintenance organization shall arrange for other health maintenance or indemnity conversion options that shall be offered to enrollees without the addition of underwriting restrictions. The required conversion contract must treat pregnancy the same as any other covered illness under the conversion contract. The person may exercise this right to conversion within 30 days of exhausting any continuation coverage provided under section 62A.146; 62A.148; 62A.17, subdivisions 1 and 2; 62A.20; or 62A.21, or continuation coverage provided under federal law, and then leaving the group or within 30 days following receipt of due notice of cancellation or termination of coverage of the group or of the employer member of the group and upon payment of premiums from the date of termination or cancellation. Due notice of cancellation or termination of coverage for a group or of the employer member of the group shall be provided to each employee having coverage in the group by the insurer, self-insurer or health maintenance organization canceling or terminating the coverage except where reasonable evidence indicates that uninterrupted and continuous group coverage is otherwise provided to the group. Every employer having a policy of group accident and health insurance, group subscriber or contract of coverage by a health maintenance organization shall, upon request, provide the insurer or health maintenance organization a list of the names and addresses of covered employees. Plans of health coverage shall also include a provision which, upon the death of the individual in whose name the contract was issued, permits every other individual then covered under the contract to elect, within the period specified in the contract, to continue coverage under the same or a different contract without the addition of underwriting restrictions until the individual would have ceased to have been entitled to coverage had the individual in whose name the contract was issued lived. An individual conversion contract issued by a health maintenance organization shall not be deemed to be an individual enrollment contract for the purposes of section 62D.10. An individual health plan

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offered under section 62A.65, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), to a person satisfies the health carrier's obligation to offer conversion coverage under this section with respect to that person.

## 62E.20 RELATIONSHIP TO TEMPORARY FEDERAL HIGH-RISK POOL.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given.

(b) "Association" means the Minnesota Comprehensive Health Association.

(c) "Federal law" means Title I, subtitle B, section 1101, of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, including any federal regulations adopted under it.

(d) "Federal qualified high-risk pool" means an arrangement established by the federal secretary of health and human services that meets the requirements of the federal law.

Subd. 2. **Timing of this section.** This section applies beginning the date the temporary federal qualified high-risk health pool created under the federal law begins to provide coverage in this state.

Subd. 3. **Maintenance of effort.** The assessments made by the comprehensive health association on its member insurers must comply with the maintenance of effort requirement contained in paragraph (b), clause (3), of the federal law, to the extent that the requirement applies to assessments made by the association.

Subd. 4. **Coordination with state health care programs.** The commissioner of commerce and the Minnesota Comprehensive Health Association shall ensure that applicants for coverage through the federal qualified high-risk pool, or through the Minnesota Comprehensive Health Association, are referred to the medical assistance or MinnesotaCare programs if they are determined to be potentially eligible for coverage through those programs. The commissioner of human services shall ensure that applicants for coverage under medical assistance or MinnesotaCare who are determined not to be eligible for those programs are provided information about coverage through the federal qualified high-risk pool and the Minnesota Comprehensive Health Association.

Subd. 5. **Federal funding.** Minnesota shall coordinate its efforts with the United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) to obtain the federal funds to implement in Minnesota the federal qualified high-risk pool.

#### 62L.02 DEFINITIONS.

Subd. 4. **Base premium rate.** "Base premium rate" means as to a rating period, the lowest premium rate charged or which could have been charged under the rating system by the health carrier to small employers for health benefit plans with the same or similar coverage.

Subd. 18. **Index rate.** "Index rate" means as to a rating period for small employers the arithmetic average of the applicable base premium rate and the corresponding highest premium rate.

Subd. 19. Late entrant. "Late entrant" means an eligible employee or dependent who requests enrollment in a health benefit plan of a small employer following the initial enrollment period applicable to the employee or dependent under the terms of the health benefit plan, provided that the initial enrollment period must be a period of at least 30 days. However, an eligible employee or dependent must not be considered a late entrant if:

(1) the individual was covered under qualifying coverage at the time the individual was eligible to enroll in the health benefit plan, declined enrollment on that basis, and presents to the health carrier a certificate of termination of the qualifying coverage, due to loss of eligibility for that coverage, or proof of the termination of employer contributions toward that coverage, provided that the individual maintains continuous coverage and requests enrollment within 30 days of termination of qualifying coverage or termination of the employer's contribution toward that coverage. For purposes of this clause, loss of eligibility includes loss of eligibility as a result of legal separation, divorce, death, termination of employment, or reduction in the number of hours of employment. For purposes of this clause, an individual is not a late entrant if the individual elects coverage under the health benefit plan rather than accepting continuation coverage for which the individual is eligible under state or federal law with respect to the individual's previous qualifying coverage;

(2) the individual has lost coverage under another group health plan due to the expiration of benefits available under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, Public Law 99-272, as amended, and any state continuation laws applicable to the employer or health carrier, provided that the individual maintains continuous coverage and requests enrollment within 30 days of the loss of coverage;

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(3) the individual is a new spouse of an eligible employee, provided that enrollment is requested within 30 days of becoming legally married;

(4) the individual is a new dependent child of an eligible employee, provided that enrollment is requested within 30 days of becoming a dependent;

(5) the individual is employed by an employer that offers multiple health benefit plans and the individual elects a different plan during an open enrollment period; or

(6) a court has ordered that coverage be provided for a former spouse or dependent child under a covered employee's health benefit plan and request for enrollment is made within 30 days after issuance of the court order.

Subd. 23. **Preexisting condition.** "Preexisting condition" means, with respect to coverage, a condition present before the individual's enrollment date for the coverage, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received during the six months immediately preceding the enrollment date.

Subd. 24. **Qualifying coverage.** "Qualifying coverage" means health benefits or health coverage provided under:

(1) a health benefit plan, as defined in this section, but without regard to whether it is issued to a small employer and including blanket accident and sickness insurance, other than accident-only coverage, as defined in section 62A.11;

(2) part A or part B of Medicare;

(3) medical assistance under chapter 256B;

(4) general assistance medical care under chapter 256D;

(5) MCHA;

(6) a self-insured health plan;

(7) the MinnesotaCare program established under section 256L.02;

(8) a plan provided under section 43A.316, 43A.317, or 471.617;

(9) the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS) or other coverage provided under United States Code, title 10, chapter 55;

(10) coverage provided by a health care network cooperative under chapter 62R;

(11) a medical care program of the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization;

(12) the federal Employees Health Benefits Plan, or other coverage provided under United States Code, title 5, chapter 89;

(13) a health benefit plan under section 5(e) of the Peace Corps Act, codified as United States Code, title 22, section 2504(e);

(14) a health plan;

(15) a plan similar to any of the above plans provided in this state or in another state as determined by the commissioner;

(16) any plan established or maintained by a state, the United States government, or a foreign country, or any political subdivision of a state, the United States government, or a foreign country that provides health coverage to individuals who are enrolled in the plan; or

(17) the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP).

#### 62L.05 SMALL EMPLOYER PLAN BENEFITS.

Subdivision 1. **Two small employer plans.** Each health carrier in the small employer market must make available, on a guaranteed issue basis, to any small employer that satisfies the contribution and participation requirements of section 62L.03, subdivision 3, both of the small employer plans described in subdivisions 2 and 3. Under subdivisions 2 and 3, coinsurance and deductibles do not apply to child health supervision services and prenatal services, as defined by section 62A.047. The maximum out-of-pocket costs for covered services must be \$3,000 per individual and \$6,000 per family per year. The maximum lifetime benefit must be not less than \$1,000,000.

Subd. 2. **Deductible-type small employer plan.** The benefits of the deductible-type small employer plan offered by a health carrier must be equal to 80 percent of the charges, as specified in subdivision 10, for health care services, supplies, or other articles covered under the small employer plan, in excess of an annual deductible which must be \$2,250 per individual and \$4,500 per family.

Subd. 3. **Co-payment-type small employer plan.** The benefits of the co-payment-type small employer plan offered by a health carrier must be equal to 80 percent of the charges, as specified in subdivision 10, for health care services, supplies, or other articles covered under the small employer plan, in excess of the following co-payments:

(1) \$15 per outpatient visit, including visits to an urgent care center but not including visits to a hospital outpatient department or emergency room, or similar facility;

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(2) \$15 per visit for the services of a home health agency or private duty registered nurse;
(3) \$50 per outpatient visit to a hospital outpatient department or emergency room, or similar facility; and

(4) \$300 per inpatient admission to a hospital.

Subd. 4. **Benefits.** The medical services and supplies listed in this subdivision are the benefits that must be covered by the small employer plans described in subdivisions 2 and 3. Benefits under this subdivision may be provided through the managed care procedures practiced by health carriers:

(1) inpatient and outpatient hospital services, excluding services provided for the diagnosis, care, or treatment of chemical dependency or a mental illness or condition, other than those conditions specified in clauses (10) and (11). The health care services required to be covered under this clause must also be covered if rendered in a nonhospital environment, on the same basis as coverage provided for those same treatments or services if rendered in a hospital, provided, however, that this sentence must not be interpreted as expanding the types or extent of services covered;

(2) physician, chiropractor, and nurse practitioner services for the diagnosis or treatment of illnesses, injuries, or conditions;

(3) diagnostic x-rays and laboratory tests;

(4) ground transportation provided by a licensed ambulance service to the nearest facility qualified to treat the condition, or as otherwise required by the health carrier;

(5) services of a home health agency if the services qualify as reimbursable services under Medicare;

(6) services of a private duty registered nurse if medically necessary, as determined by the health carrier;

(7) the rental or purchase, as appropriate, of durable medical equipment, other than eyeglasses and hearing aids, unless coverage is required under section 62Q.675;

(8) child health supervision services up to age 18, as defined in section 62A.047;

(9) maternity and prenatal care services, as defined in sections 62A.041 and 62A.047;

(10) inpatient hospital and outpatient services for the diagnosis and treatment of certain mental illnesses or conditions, as defined by the International Classification of Diseases-Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM), seventh edition (1990) and as classified as ICD-9 codes 295 to 299; and

(11) 50 percent of eligible charges for prescription drugs, up to a separate annual maximum out-of-pocket expense of \$1,000 per individual for prescription drugs, and 100 percent of eligible charges thereafter.

Subd. 4a. Alternative benefit plan. In addition to the small employer benefit plans described in subdivisions 1 to 4, a health carrier may offer to a small employer a benefit plan that differs from those plans in the following respects:

(1) the plan may include different co-payments and deductibles; and

(2) the plan may offer coverage on a per diem, fixed indemnity, or nonexpense incurred basis.

Subd. 5. **Plan variations.** (a) No health carrier shall offer to a small employer a health benefit plan that differs from the small employer plans described in subdivisions 1 to 4a, unless the health benefit plan complies with all provisions of chapters 62A, 62C, 62D, 62E, 62H, 62N, 62Q, and 64B that otherwise apply to the health carrier, except as expressly permitted by paragraph (b).

(b) As an exception to paragraph (a), a health benefit plan is deemed to be a small employer plan and to be in compliance with paragraph (a) if it differs from one of the two small employer plans described in subdivisions 1 to 4 only by providing benefits in addition to those described in subdivision 4, provided that the health benefit plan has an actuarial value that exceeds the actuarial value of the benefits described in subdivision 4 by no more than two percent. "Benefits in addition" means additional units of a benefit listed in subdivision 4 or one or more benefits not listed in subdivision 4.

Subd. 6. Choice products exception. Nothing in subdivision 1 prohibits a health carrier from offering a small employer plan which provides for different benefit coverages based on whether the benefit is provided through a primary network of providers or through a secondary network of providers so long as the benefits provided in the primary network equal the benefit requirements of the small employer plan as described in this section. For purposes of products issued under this subdivision, out-of-pocket costs in the secondary network may exceed the out-of-pocket limits described in subdivision 1. A secondary network must not be used to provide "benefits in addition" as defined in subdivision 5, except in compliance with that subdivision.

Subd. 7. **Benefit exclusions.** No medical, hospital, or other health care benefits, services, supplies, or articles not expressly specified in subdivision 4 are required to be included in a small employer plan. Nothing in subdivision 4 restricts the right of a health carrier to restrict

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coverage to those services, supplies, or articles which are medically necessary. Health carriers may exclude a benefit, service, supply, or article not expressly specified in subdivision 4 from a small employer plan.

Subd. 11. **Plan design.** Notwithstanding any other law, regulation, or administrative interpretation to the contrary, health carriers may offer small employer plans through any provider arrangement, including, but not limited to, the use of open, closed, or limited provider networks. A health carrier may only use product and network designs currently allowed under existing statutory requirements. The provider networks offered by any health carrier may be specifically designed for the small employer market and may be modified at the carrier's election so long as all otherwise applicable regulatory requirements are met. Health carriers may use professionally recognized provider standards of practice when they are available, and may use utilization management practices otherwise permitted by law, including, but not limited to, second surgical opinions, prior authorization, concurrent and retrospective review, referral authorizations, case management, and discharge planning. A health carrier may contract with groups of providers with respect to health care services or benefits, and may negotiate with providers regarding the level or method of reimbursement provided for services rendered under a small employer plan.

Subd. 12. **Demonstration projects.** Nothing in this chapter prohibits a health maintenance organization from offering a demonstration project authorized under section 62D.30. The commissioner of health may approve a demonstration project which offers benefits that do not meet the requirements of a small employer plan if the commissioner finds that the requirements of section 62D.30 are otherwise met.

Subd. 13. Notice of plan availability. Each health carrier in the small employer market must provide information to small employers regarding the availability of the plans described in subdivisions 2 and 3, and in section 62Q.188. At a minimum, each health carrier must provide information describing the plans and their availability:

(1) displayed with other small employer product information on the health carrier's public Web site; and

(2) delivered to each small employer currently insured by the health carrier at the time of the small employer's renewal, at the same time and in the same manner as the small employer's renewal information.

#### 62L.081 PHASE-IN.

Subdivision 1. **Compliance.** No health carrier, as defined in section 62L.02, shall renew any health benefit plan, as defined in section 62L.02, except in compliance with this section.

Subd. 2. **Premium adjustments.** (a) Any increase or decrease in premiums by a health carrier that is caused by section 62L.08, and that is greater than 30 percent, is subject to this subdivision. A health carrier shall determine renewal premiums only as follows:

(1) one-half of that premium increase or decrease may be charged upon the first renewal of the coverage on or after July 1, 1993; and

(2) the remaining one-half of that premium increase or decrease may be charged upon the renewal of the coverage one year after the date of the renewal under clause (1).

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, the premium increase or decrease is the total premium increase or decrease caused by section 62L.08 and not just the portion that exceeds 30 percent. This subdivision does not apply to any portion of a premium increase or decrease that is not caused by section 62L.08.

## 62L.10 SUPERVISION BY COMMISSIONER.

Subd. 5. **Transitional practices.** The commissioner shall disapprove index rates, premium variations, or other practices of a health carrier if they violate the spirit of this chapter and are the result of practices engaged in by the health carrier between April 23, 1992, and July 1, 1993, where the practices engaged in were carried out for the purpose of evading the spirit of this chapter. Each health carrier shall report to the commissioner, within 30 days and on a form prescribed by the commissioner, each cancellation, nonrenewal, or other termination of coverage of a small employer between April 23, 1992, and June 30, 1993. The health carrier shall provide any related information requested by the commissioner within the time specified in the request. Any health carrier that engages in a practice of terminating or inducing termination of coverage of small employers in order to evade the effects of Laws 1992, chapter 549, is guilty of an unfair

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method of competition and an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance and is subject to the remedies provided in sections 72A.17 to 72A.32.

## 62Q.37 AUDITS CONDUCTED BY INDEPENDENT ORGANIZATION.

Subd. 5. Accreditation not required. Nothing in this section requires a health plan company to seek an acceptable accreditation status from a nationally recognized independent organization.