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State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H. F. No. 712 NINETIETH SESSION

A bill for an act

Authored by Albright; Murphy, E.; Liebling and Schomacker The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services Reform 02/01/2017

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESO Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 151.01, subdivision 5, is amend Subd. 5. Drug. "Drug" means all medicinal substances and preparations re the United States Pharmacopoeia and National Formulary, or any revision there and biologicals, and; biological products, other than blood or blood componer substances and preparations intended for external and internal use in the diagr mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans or other animals, and and preparations, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any funct bodies of humans or other animals. The term drug shall also mean any compoun or derivative that is not approved for human consumption by the United State Drug Administration or specifically permitted for human consumption under law, and, when introduced into the body, induces an effect similar to that of a or Schedule II controlled substance listed in section 152.02, subdivisions 2 an Minnesota Rules, parts 6800.4210 and 6800.4220, regardless of whether the s marketed for the purpose of human consumption. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 151.01, is amended by adding a su read: Subd. 40. Biological product. "Biological product" has the meaning provice.	dards for the 6, sections
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Sec. 2.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 151.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to 2.1 read: 2.2 Subd. 41. Interchangeable biological product. "Interchangeable biological product" 23 means a biological product that the U.S. Food and Drug Administration has: 2.4 2.5 (1) licensed, and determined to meet the standards for "interchangeability" under United States Code, title 42, section 262(k)(4); or 2.6 (2) determined to be therapeutically equivalent, as set forth in the most recent edition 2.7 or supplement of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration publication titled "Approved Drug 2.8 Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations." 2.9 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 151.21, is amended to read: 2.10 151.21 SUBSTITUTION. 2.11 Subdivision 1. Generally. Except as provided in this section, it shall be unlawful for 2.12 any pharmacist or pharmacist intern who dispenses prescriptions, drugs, and medicines to 2.13 substitute an article different from the one ordered, or deviate in any manner from the 2.14 requirements of an order or a prescription drug order without the approval of the prescriber. 2.15 Subd. 2. Brand name specified Dispense as written prescription drug orders. When 2.16 a pharmacist receives a paper or hard copy prescription drug order on which the prescriber 2.17 has personally written in handwriting "dispense as written" or "D.A.W.," a prescription sent 2.18 by electronic transmission on which the prescriber has expressly indicated in a manner 2.19 consistent with the standards for electronic prescribing under Code of Federal Regulations, 2.20 title 42, section 423, that the prescription is to be dispensed as transmitted and which bears 2.21 the prescriber's electronic signature, or an oral prescription in for which the prescriber has 2.22 expressly indicated that the prescription is to be dispensed as communicated, the pharmacist 2.23 shall dispense the brand name legend drug as prescribed. 2.24 Subd. 3. Brand name not specified Other prescription drug orders. When a pharmacist 2.25 receives a paper or hard copy prescription on which the prescriber has not personally written 2.26 in handwriting "dispense as written" or "D.A.W.," a prescription sent by electronic 2.27 transmission on which the prescriber has not expressly indicated in a manner consistent 2.28 2.29 with the standards for electronic prescribing under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 423, that the prescription is to be dispensed as transmitted and which bears the 2.30 prescriber's electronic signature, or an oral prescription in which the prescriber has not 2.31 expressly indicated that the prescription is to be dispensed as communicated, and there is 2.32

available in the pharmacist's stock a less expensive generically equivalent drug or, if a

Sec. 4. 2

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biological product is prescribed, a less expensive interchangeable biological product that, in the pharmacist's professional judgment, is safely interchangeable with the prescribed drug, then the pharmacist shall, after disclosing the substitution to the purchaser, dispense the generic generically equivalent drug or the interchangeable biological product, unless the purchaser objects. A pharmacist may also substitute pursuant to the oral instructions of the prescriber. A pharmacist may not substitute a generically equivalent drug product unless, in the pharmacist's professional judgment, the substituted drug is therapeutically equivalent and interchangeable to the prescribed drug. A pharmacist may not substitute a biological product unless the U.S. Food and Drug Administration has determined the substituted biological product to be interchangeable with the prescribed biological product. A pharmacist shall notify the purchaser if the pharmacist is dispensing a drug or biological product other than the brand name specific drug or biological product prescribed.

- Subd. 3a. **Prescriptions by electronic transmission.** Nothing in this section permits a prescriber to maintain "dispense as written" or "D.A.W." as a default on all prescriptions. Prescribers must add the "dispense as written" or "D.A.W." designation to electronic prescriptions individually, as appropriate.
- Subd. 4. **Pricing.** A pharmacist dispensing a drug under the provisions of subdivision 3 shall not dispense a drug of a higher retail price than that of the brand name drug prescribed. If more than one safely interchangeable generic drug is available in a pharmacist's stock, then the pharmacist shall dispense the least expensive alternative. Any difference between acquisition cost to the pharmacist of the drug dispensed and the brand name drug prescribed shall be passed on to the purchaser.
- Subd. 4a. **Sign.** A pharmacy must post a sign in a conspicuous location and in a typeface easily seen at the counter where prescriptions are dispensed stating: "In order to save you money, this pharmacy will substitute whenever possible an FDA-approved, less expensive, generic drug product, which is therapeutically equivalent to and safely interchangeable with the one prescribed by your doctor, unless you object to this substitution."
- Subd. 5. **Reimbursement.** Nothing in this section requires a pharmacist to substitute a generic drug if the substitution will make the transaction ineligible for third-party reimbursement.
- Subd. 6. **Disclosure.** When a pharmacist dispenses a brand name legend drug and, at that time, a less expensive generically equivalent drug or interchangeable biological product is also available in the pharmacist's stock, the pharmacist shall disclose to the purchaser that a generically equivalent drug or interchangeable biological product is available.

Sec. 4. 3

Subd. 7. **Drug formulary.** This section does not apply when a pharmacist is dispensing 4.1 a prescribed drug to persons covered under a managed health care plan that maintains a 4.2 mandatory or closed drug formulary. 4.3 Subd. 8. List of excluded products. The Drug Formulary Committee established under 4.4 section 256B.0625, subdivision 13, shall establish a list of drug products that are to be 4.5 excluded from this section. This list shall be updated on an annual basis and shall be provided 4.6 to the board for dissemination to pharmacists licensed in the state. 4.7 Subd. 9. Extended supply. (a) After a patient has obtained an initial 30-day supply of 4.8 a prescription drug, and the patient returns to the pharmacy to obtain a refill, a pharmacist 4.9 may dispense up to a 90-day supply of that prescription drug to the patient when the following 4.10 requirements are met: 4.11 (1) the total quantity of dosage units dispensed by the pharmacist does not exceed the 4.12 total quantity of dosage units of the remaining refills authorized by the prescriber; and 4.13 (2) the pharmacist is exercising the pharmacist's professional judgment. 4.14 (b) The initial 30-day supply requirement in paragraph (a) is not required if the 4.15 prescription has previously been filled with a 90-day supply. 4.16 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a pharmacist may not exceed the number of dosage 4.17 units authorized by a prescriber for an initial prescription or subsequent refills if: 4.18 (1) the prescriber has specified on the prescription that, due to medical necessity, the 4.19 pharmacist may not exceed the number of dosage units identified on the prescription; or 4.20 (2) the prescription drug is a controlled substance, as defined in section 152.01, 4.21 subdivision 4. 4.22 Subd. 10. Electronic entry. (a) Within five business days following the dispensing of 4.23 a biological product, the dispensing pharmacist or the pharmacist's designee shall 4.24 communicate to the prescriber the name and manufacturer of the biological product 4.25 dispensed. 4.26 (b) The communication shall be conveyed by making an entry that is electronically 4.27 accessible to the prescriber through: 4.28 (1) an interoperable electronic medical records system; 4.29 (2) an electronic prescribing technology; 4.30 (3) a pharmacy benefit management system; or 4.31

Sec. 4. 4

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5.1	(4) a pharmacy record.
5.2	(c) Entry into an electronic records system as described in paragraph (b) is presumed to
5.3	provide notice to the prescriber.
5.4	(d) When electronic communication as specified in paragraph (b) is not possible, the
5.5	pharmacist or the pharmacist's designee shall communicate to the prescriber the name and
5.6	manufacturer of the biological product dispensed by using mail, facsimile, telephone, or
5.7	other secure means of electronic transmission.
5.8	(e) Communication of the name and manufacturer of the biological product dispensed
5.9	shall not be required if:
5.10	(1) there is no U.S. Food and Drug Administration-approved interchangeable biological
5.11	product for the product prescribed; or
5.12	(2) a prescription is being refilled and the biological product being dispensed is the same
5.13	product dispensed on the prior filling of the prescription.

Sec. 4. 5