1.1	A bill for an act
1.2	relating to financing and operation of state and local government; making
1.3	changes to individual income, corporate franchise, property, sales and use,
1.4	estate, mineral, tobacco, local, and other taxes and tax-related provisions;
1.5	modifying the property tax refund for renters; changing property tax aids
1.6	and credits; modifying pension aids; providing pension funding; changing
1.7	provisions of the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act; modifying definitions and
1.8	distributions for property taxes; providing exemptions; modifying education
1.9	aids and levies; imposing a sports memorabilia gross receipts tax; changing tax
1.10	rates on tobacco; providing reimbursement for certain property tax abatements;
1.11	modifying the small business investment tax credit; making changes to
1.12	additions and subtractions from federal taxable income; changing rates for
1.13	individuals, estates, and trusts; providing income tax credits; modifying estate
1.14	tax exclusions for qualifying small business and farm property; expanding the
1.15	sales tax base and reducing the sales tax rate; modifying the definition of sale
1.16	and purchase; changing the tax rate and modifying provisions for the rental
1.17	motor vehicle tax; providing for multiple points of use certificates; modifying
1.18	exemptions; authorizing local sales taxes; authorizing economic development
1.19	powers; providing authority, organization, powers, and duties for development
1.20	of a Destination Medical Center; authorizing state infrastructure aid; modifying
1.21	the distribution of taconite production taxes; authorizing taconite production
1.22	tax bonds for grants to school districts; modifying and providing provisions
1.23	for public finance; providing funding for capitol renovations; modifying the
1.24	definition of market value for tax, debt, and other purposes; making conforming,
1.25	policy, and technical changes to tax provisions; requiring studies and reports;
1.26	appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 13.4965,
1.27	subdivision 3; 16A.46; 16C.03, subdivision 18; 38.18; 40A.15, subdivision 2;
1.28	69.011, subdivision 1; 69.021, subdivisions 7, 8, by adding a subdivision; 88.51,
1.29	subdivision 3; 103B.102, subdivision 3; 103B.245, subdivision 3; 103B.251,
1.30	subdivision 8; 103B.335; 103B.3369, subdivision 5; 103B.635, subdivision
1.31	2; 103B.691, subdivision 2; 103C.501, subdivision 4; 103D.905, subdivisions
1.32	2, 3, 8; 103F.405, subdivision 1; 116J.8737, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, 7, 9, 12, by
1.33	adding a subdivision; 117.025, subdivision 7; 118A.04, subdivision 3; 118A.05,
1.34	subdivision 5; 123A.455, subdivision 1; 124D.11, subdivision 1; 126C.10,
1.35	subdivisions 1, 27, by adding subdivisions; 126C.13, subdivision 4, by adding
1.36	a subdivision; 126C.17; 126C.48, subdivision 8; 127A.48, subdivision 1;

1.37 138.053; 144F.01, subdivision 4; 162.07, subdivisions 3, 4; 163.04, subdivision
1.38 3; 163.06, subdivision 6; 165.10, subdivision 1; 168.012, subdivision 9,
1.39 by adding a subdivision; 237.52, subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision;

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270.077; 270.41, subdivision 5; 270B.01, subdivision 8; 270B.12, subdivision 2.1 4; 270C.03, subdivision 1; 270C.34, subdivision 1; 270C.38, subdivision 1; 2.2 270C.42, subdivision 2; 270C.56, subdivision 1; 272.01, subdivision 2; 272.02, 2.3 subdivisions 10, 97, by adding subdivisions; 272.025, subdivision 1; 272.03, 2.4 subdivision 9, by adding subdivisions; 273.032; 273.11, subdivision 1; 273.114, 2.5 subdivision 6; 273.117; 273.124, subdivisions 3a, 13, 14, 21; 273.128, by adding 2.6 a subdivision; 273.13, subdivisions 21b, 23, 25; 273.1315, subdivisions 1, 2; 2.7 273.1398, subdivisions 3, 4; 273.19, subdivision 1; 273.372, subdivision 4; 2.8 273.39; 275.011, subdivision 1; 275.025, subdivisions 1, 2; 275.077, subdivision 2.9 2; 275.71, subdivision 4; 276.04, subdivision 2; 276A.01, subdivisions 10, 12, 2.10 13, 15; 276A.06, subdivision 10; 279.06, subdivision 1; 279.37, subdivisions 1a, 2.11 2; 281.14; 281.17; 287.05, by adding a subdivision; 287.08; 287.20, by adding a 2.12 subdivision; 287.23, subdivision 1; 287.385, subdivision 7; 289A.08, subdivision 2.13 3; 289A.10, by adding a subdivision; 289A.12, subdivision 14, by adding a 2.14 subdivision; 289A.18, by adding a subdivision; 289A.20, subdivisions 3, 4, by 2.15 adding a subdivision; 289A.26, subdivisions 3, 4, 7, 9; 289A.55, subdivision 9; 2.16 289A.60, subdivision 4; 290.01, subdivisions 19b, 19c, 19d; 290.06, subdivisions 2.171, 2c, 2d, by adding a subdivision; 290.0677, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2; 290.068, 2.18 subdivision 1; 290.0681, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10; 290.091, subdivision 2; 2.19 290.0921, subdivisions 1, 3; 290.0922, subdivision 1; 290.095, subdivision 2; 2.20 290.17, subdivision 4; 290.191, subdivision 5; 290.21, subdivision 4; 290.9705, 2.21 subdivision 1; 290A.03, subdivision 3; 290A.04, subdivisions 2a, 4; 290A.25; 2.22 290B.04, subdivision 2; 290C.02, subdivision 6; 290C.03; 290C.055; 290C.07; 2.23 291.03, subdivisions 8, 9, 10, 11; 296A.01, subdivision 19; 296A.09, subdivision 2.24 2; 296A.17, subdivision 3; 296A.22, subdivisions 1, 3; 297A.61, subdivisions 2.25 3, 4, 10, 17a, 25, 38, 45, by adding subdivisions; 297A.62, subdivisions 1, 1a; 2.26 297A.64, subdivision 1; 297A.65; 297A.66, subdivisions 1, 3, by adding a 2.27 subdivision; 297A.665; 297A.668, by adding a subdivision; 297A.67, subdivision 2.28 7, by adding a subdivision; 297A.68, subdivisions 2, 5, 10, 42, by adding a 2.29 subdivision; 297A.70, subdivisions 2, 4, 5, 7, 13, 14, by adding subdivisions; 2.30 297A.71, by adding subdivisions; 297A.75, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 297A.815, 2.31 subdivision 3; 297A.82, subdivision 4, by adding a subdivision; 297A.99, 2.32 subdivision 1; 297B.11; 297E.02, subdivisions 1, 6; 297E.14, subdivision 7; 2.33 297F.01, subdivisions 19, 23, by adding subdivisions; 297F.05, subdivisions 2.34 1, 3, 4, by adding subdivisions; 297F.09, subdivision 9; 297F.18, subdivision 2.35 7; 297F.24, subdivision 1; 297F.25, subdivision 1; 297G.04, subdivision 2; 2.36 2.37 297G.09, subdivision 8; 297G.17, subdivision 7; 297I.05, subdivisions 7, 11, 12; 297I.30, subdivisions 1, 2; 297I.80, subdivision 1; 298.01, subdivisions 2.38 3, 3b; 298.018; 298.17; 298.227, as amended; 298.24, subdivision 1; 298.28, 2.39 subdivisions 4, 6; 325F.781, subdivision 1; 349.166, subdivision 1; 353G.08, 2.40 subdivision 2; 360.531; 360.66; 365.025, subdivision 4; 366.095, subdivision 2.41 1; 366.27; 368.01, subdivision 23; 368.47; 370.01; 373.01, subdivision 1; 2.42 373.40, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 375.167, subdivision 1; 375.18, subdivision 3; 2.43 375.555; 383A.80, subdivision 4; 383B.152; 383B.245; 383B.73, subdivision 1; 2.44 383B.80, subdivision 4; 383D.41, by adding a subdivision; 383E.20; 383E.23; 2.45 385.31; 394.36, subdivision 1; 398A.04, subdivision 8; 401.05, subdivision 3; 2.46 403.02, subdivision 21, by adding subdivisions; 403.06, subdivision 1a; 403.11, 2.47subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 410.32; 412.221, subdivision 2; 412.301; 2.48 428A.02, subdivision 1; 428A.101; 428A.21; 430.102, subdivision 2; 435.19, 2 4 9 subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 447.10; 450.19; 450.25; 458A.10; 2.50 458A.31, subdivision 1; 465.04; 469.033, subdivision 6; 469.034, subdivision 2; 2.51 469.053, subdivisions 4, 4a, 6; 469.107, subdivision 1; 469.174, subdivision 2, 2.52 by adding subdivisions; 469.175, subdivision 3; 469.176, subdivisions 1b, 4b, 4c, 2.53 4m, 6, by adding a subdivision; 469.1763, subdivisions 3, 4; 469.177, subdivision 2.54 1a; 469.180, subdivision 2; 469.187; 469.206; 469.319, subdivision 4; 469.340, 2.55 subdivision 4; 471.24; 471.571, subdivisions 1, 2; 471.73; 473.325, subdivision 2; 2.56 473.606, subdivision 3; 473.629; 473.661, subdivision 3; 473.667, subdivision 9; 2.57 473.671; 473.711, subdivision 2a; 473F.02, subdivisions 12, 14, 15, 23; 473F.08, 2.58

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3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 3.10 3.11 3.12 3.13 3.14 3.15 3.16 3.17 3.18 3.19 3.20 3.21 3.22 3.23 3.24 3.25 3.26	subdivision 10, by adding a subdivision; 474A.04, subdivision 1a; 474A.062; 474A.091, subdivision 3a; 475.521, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 475.53, subdivisions 1, 3, 4; 475.58, subdivisions 2, 3b; 475.73, subdivision 1; 477A.011, subdivisions 20, 30, 34, 42, by adding subdivisions; 477A.0124, subdivision 2; 477A.013, subdivisions 1, 8, 9, by adding a subdivision; 477A.03, subdivisions 2a, 2b, by adding a subdivision; 477A.11, subdivisions 3, 4, by adding subdivisions; 477A.12, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 477A.14, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 641.23; 641.24; 645.44, by adding a subdivision; Laws 1971, chapter 773, section 1, subdivision 2, as amended; Laws 1988, chapter 645, section 3, as amended; Laws 1993, chapter 375, article 9, section 46, subdivisions 2, as amended; Laws 1993, chapter 375, article 9, section 43, subdivisions 1, 3, as amended; 5, as amended; Laws 1999, chapter 243, article 6, section 11; Laws 2002, chapter 377, article 3, section 25, as amended; Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 37, subdivisions 2, 4; Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 11, section 3, as amended; Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 5, sections 26; 33; 34, as amended; article 7, section 19, subdivision 3, as amended; Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 2, section 46, subdivisions 1, 3; Laws 2010, chapter 216, sections 11; 55; Laws 2010, chapter 389, article 1, section 12; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 116J; 124D; 136A; 270C; 273; 287; 290; 295; 403; 469; 477A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 16A.725; 256.9658; 272.69; 273.11, subdivisions 1a, 22; 275.025, subdivision 4; 276A.01, subdivision 11; 289A.60, subdivision 31; 290.01, subdivision 27; 297A.66, subdivision 7; 290.171; 290.173; 290.174; 297A.61, subdivision 27; 297A.66, subdivision 4; 297A.67, subdivision 8; 297A.68, subdivisions 9, 22, 35; 473F.02, subdivision 13; 477A.011, subdivisions 2a, 19, 21, 29, 31, 32, 33, 36, 39, 40, 41; 477A.013, subdivisions 11, 12; 477A.0133; 477A.0134.
3.27	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
3.28	ARTICLE 1
0.20	ANTICLE I
3.29	ARTICLE I AIDS AND CREDITS
3.29	AIDS AND CREDITS
3.29 3.30	AIDS AND CREDITS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 69.021, is amended by adding a
<ul><li>3.29</li><li>3.30</li><li>3.31</li></ul>	AIDS AND CREDITS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 69.021, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
<ul><li>3.29</li><li>3.30</li><li>3.31</li><li>3.32</li></ul>	AIDS AND CREDITS         Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 69.021, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:         Subd. 12. Pension aid accounts. (a) \$745,000 is appropriated from the general
<ul> <li>3.29</li> <li>3.30</li> <li>3.31</li> <li>3.32</li> <li>3.33</li> </ul>	AIDS AND CREDITS         Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 69.021, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:         Subd. 12. Pension aid accounts. (a) \$745,000 is appropriated from the general fund, in fiscal year 2015 and each year thereafter, to the commissioner of revenue for the
<ul> <li>3.29</li> <li>3.30</li> <li>3.31</li> <li>3.32</li> <li>3.33</li> <li>3.34</li> </ul>	AIDS AND CREDITS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 69.021, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 12. Pension aid accounts.</u> (a) \$745,000 is appropriated from the general fund, in fiscal year 2015 and each year thereafter, to the commissioner of revenue for the purposes of pension aid. The commissioner shall administer the account and allocate
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<ul> <li>3.29</li> <li>3.30</li> <li>3.31</li> <li>3.32</li> <li>3.33</li> <li>3.34</li> <li>3.35</li> <li>3.36</li> <li>3.37</li> </ul>	AIDS AND CREDITS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 69.021, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 12. Pension aid accounts.</u> (a) \$745,000 is appropriated from the general fund, in fiscal year 2015 and each year thereafter, to the commissioner of revenue for the purposes of pension aid. The commissioner shall administer the account and allocate money in the account as follows: (1) \$130,065 as supplemental state pension funding paid to the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association for deposit in the public employees police
<ul> <li>3.29</li> <li>3.30</li> <li>3.31</li> <li>3.32</li> <li>3.33</li> <li>3.34</li> <li>3.35</li> <li>3.36</li> <li>3.37</li> <li>3.38</li> </ul>	AIDS AND CREDITS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 69.021, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 12. Pension aid accounts. (a) \$745,000 is appropriated from the general</u> fund, in fiscal year 2015 and each year thereafter, to the commissioner of revenue for the purposes of pension aid. The commissioner shall administer the account and allocate <u>money in the account as follows:</u> (1) \$130,065 as supplemental state pension funding paid to the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association for deposit in the public employees police and fire retirement fund established by section 353.65, subdivision 1;
<ul> <li>3.29</li> <li>3.30</li> <li>3.31</li> <li>3.32</li> <li>3.33</li> <li>3.34</li> <li>3.35</li> <li>3.36</li> <li>3.37</li> <li>3.38</li> <li>3.39</li> </ul>	AIDS AND CREDITS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 69.021, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 12. Pension aid accounts. (a) \$745,000 is appropriated from the general</u> fund, in fiscal year 2015 and each year thereafter, to the commissioner of revenue for the purposes of pension aid. The commissioner shall administer the account and allocate money in the account as follows: (1) \$130,065 as supplemental state pension funding paid to the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association for deposit in the public employees police and fire retirement fund established by section 353.65, subdivision 1; (2) \$64,935 to municipalities employing firefighters with retirement coverage by the
<ul> <li>3.29</li> <li>3.30</li> <li>3.31</li> <li>3.32</li> <li>3.33</li> <li>3.34</li> <li>3.35</li> <li>3.36</li> <li>3.37</li> <li>3.38</li> <li>3.39</li> <li>3.40</li> </ul>	AIDS AND CREDITS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 69.021, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 12. Pension aid accounts.</u> (a) \$745,000 is appropriated from the general fund, in fiscal year 2015 and each year thereafter, to the commissioner of revenue for the purposes of pension aid. The commissioner shall administer the account and allocate money in the account as follows: (1) \$130,065 as supplemental state pension funding paid to the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association for deposit in the public employees police and fire retirement fund established by section 353.65, subdivision 1; (2) \$64,935 to municipalities employing firefighters with retirement coverage by the public employees police and fire retirement plan, allocated in proportion to the relationship
<ul> <li>3.29</li> <li>3.30</li> <li>3.31</li> <li>3.32</li> <li>3.33</li> <li>3.34</li> <li>3.35</li> <li>3.36</li> <li>3.37</li> <li>3.38</li> <li>3.39</li> <li>3.40</li> <li>3.41</li> </ul>	AIDS AND CREDITS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 69.021, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 12. Pension aid accounts. (a) \$745,000 is appropriated from the general fund, in fiscal year 2015 and each year thereafter, to the commissioner of revenue for the purposes of pension aid. The commissioner shall administer the account and allocate money in the account as follows: (1) \$130,065 as supplemental state pension funding paid to the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association for deposit in the public employees police and fire retirement fund established by section 353.65, subdivision 1; (2) \$64,935 to municipalities employing firefighters with retirement coverage by the public employees police and fire retirement plan, allocated in proportion to the relationship that the preceding June 30 number of firefighters employed by each municipality who have
<ul> <li>3.29</li> <li>3.30</li> <li>3.31</li> <li>3.32</li> <li>3.33</li> <li>3.34</li> <li>3.35</li> <li>3.36</li> <li>3.37</li> <li>3.38</li> <li>3.39</li> <li>3.40</li> </ul>	AIDS AND CREDITS Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 69.021, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 12. Pension aid accounts.</u> (a) \$745,000 is appropriated from the general fund, in fiscal year 2015 and each year thereafter, to the commissioner of revenue for the purposes of pension aid. The commissioner shall administer the account and allocate money in the account as follows: (1) \$130,065 as supplemental state pension funding paid to the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association for deposit in the public employees police and fire retirement fund established by section 353.65, subdivision 1; (2) \$64,935 to municipalities employing firefighters with retirement coverage by the public employees police and fire retirement plan, allocated in proportion to the relationship

3.44 <u>fire retirement plan; and</u>

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4.1	(3) \$550,000 for municipalities other than the municipalities receiving a
4.2	disbursement under clause (2) which qualified to receive fire state aid in that calendar year,
4.3	allocated in proportion to the most recent amount of fire state aid paid under subdivision 7
4.4	for the municipality bears to the most recent total fire state aid for all municipalities other
4.5	than the municipalities receiving a disbursement under clause (2) paid under subdivision
4.6	7, with the allocated amount for fire departments participating in the voluntary statewide
4.7	lump-sum volunteer firefighter retirement plan paid to the executive director of the Public
4.8	Employees Retirement Association for deposit in the fund established by section 353G.02,
4.9	subdivision 3, and credited to the respective account and with the balance paid to the
4.10	treasurer of each municipality for transmittal within 30 days of receipt to the treasurer of
4.11	the applicable volunteer firefighter relief association for deposit in its special fund.
4.12	(b) \$1,550,00 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2015 to the
4.13	commissioner of revenue for the purposes of pension aid. The commissioner shall
4.14	administer the account and allocate money in the account as follows:
4.15	(1) one-third to be distributed as police state aid as provided under subdivision 7a; and
4.16	(2) two-thirds to be apportioned, on the basis of the number of active police officers
4.17	certified for police state aid receipt under section 69.011, subdivisions 2 and 2b, between:
4.18	(i) the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association for
4.19	deposit as a supplemental state pension funding aid in the public employees police and fire
4.20	retirement fund established by section 353.65, subdivision 1; and
4.21	(ii) the executive director of the Minnesota State Retirement System for deposit as a
4.22	supplemental state pension funding aid in the state patrol retirement fund.
4.23	(c) On or before September 1, annually, the executive director of the Public
4.24	Employees Retirement Association shall report to the commissioner the following:
4.25	(1) the municipalities which employ firefighters with retirement coverage by the
4.26	public employees police and fire retirement plan;
4.27	(2) the number of firefighters with public employees police and fire retirement plan
4.28	employed by each municipality;
4.29	(3) the fire departments covered by the voluntary statewide lump-sum volunteer
4.30	firefighter retirement plan; and
4.31	(4) any other information requested by the commissioner to administer the surcharge
4.32	fire pension aid account.
4.33	(d) For this subdivision, (i) the number of firefighters employed by a municipality
4.34	who have public employees police and fire retirement plan coverage means the number
4.35	of firefighters with public employees police and fire retirement plan coverage that were
4.36	employed by the municipality for not less than 30 hours per week for a minimum of six

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5.1	months prior to December 31 preceding the date of the payment under this section and, if
5.2	the person was employed for less than the full year, prorated to the number of full months
5.3	employed; and, (ii) the number of active police officers certified for police state aid receipt
5.4	under section 69.011, subdivisions 2 and 2b means, for each municipality, the number of
5.5	police officers meeting the definition of peace officer in section 69.011, subdivision 1,
5.6	counted as provided and limited by section 69.011, subdivisions 2 and 2b.
5.7	(e) The payments under this section shall be made on October 1 each year, based on
5.8	the amount in the temporary fire pension aid account and the amount in the temporary
5.9	police pension aid account on the preceding June 30, with interest at 1 percent for each
5.10	month, or portion of a month, that the amount remains unpaid after October 1. The
5.11	amounts necessary to make the payments under this subdivision are annually appropriated
5.12	to the commissioner from the temporary fire and police pension aid accounts. Any
5.13	necessary adjustments shall be made to subsequent payments.
5.14	(f) The provisions of this chapter that prevent municipalities and relief associations
5.15	from being eligible for, or receiving state aid under this chapter until the applicable
5.16	financial reporting requirements have been complied with, apply to the amounts payable
5.17	to municipalities and relief associations under this subdivision.
5.18	(g) The appropriations in paragraphs (a) and (b) end on (i) December 31, 2020, or
5.19	(ii), if earlier, on the December 31 next following the actuarial valuation date on which the
5.20	assets of the retirement plan on a market value equals or exceeds 90 percent of the total
5.21	actuarial accrued liabilities of the retirement plan as disclosed in an actuarial valuation
5.22	prepared under Minnesota Statutes, section 356.215, and the Standards for Actuarial Work
5.23	promulgated by the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement, for the State
5.24	Patrol retirement plan or the public employees police and fire retirement plan, whichever
5.25	occurs last.
5.26	(h) The base for fiscal year 2016 and thereafter under paragraph (a) is \$7,450,000
5.27	and the distribution in clauses (1) to (3) are adjusted accordingly. The base for fiscal year
5.28	2016 and thereafter, under paragraph (b), is \$15,500,000.
5.29	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective beginning in the fiscal year beginning
5.30	July 1, 2014.
5.50	<u>July 1, 2014.</u>
5.31	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.011, subdivision 30, is amended to read:
5.32	Subd. 30. <b>Pre-1940 housing percentage.</b> (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b),
5.33	"pre-1940 housing percentage" for a city is 100 times the most recent <del>federal census</del> count
5.34	by the United States Bureau of the Census of all housing units in the city built before

- 1940, divided by the total number of all housing units in the city. Housing units includes 6.1 both occupied and vacant housing units as defined by the federal census. 6.2 (b) For the city of East Grand Forks only, "pre-1940 housing percentage" is equal 6.3 to 100 times the 1990 federal census count of all housing units in the city built before 6.4 1940, divided by the most recent counts by the United States Bureau of the Census of all 6.5 housing units in the city. Housing units includes both occupied and vacant housing units 6.6 as defined by the federal census. 6.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 6.8 6.9 2014 and thereafter. Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.011, is amended by adding a 6.10 subdivision to read: 6.11 Subd. 30a. Percent of housing built between 1940 and 1970. "Percent of housing 6.12 built between 1940 and 1970" is equal to 100 times the most recent count by the United 6.13 States Bureau of the Census of all housing units in the city built after 1939 but before 6.14 1970, divided by the total number of all housing units in the city. Housing units includes 6.15 6.16 both occupied and vacant housing units as defined by the federal census. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 6.17 2014 and thereafter. 6.18 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.011, subdivision 34, is amended to read: 6.19 Subd. 34. City revenue need. (a) For a city with a population equal to or greater 6.20 than 2,500 10,000, "city revenue need" is the greater of 285 or 1.15 times the sum of (1) 6.21 5.0734098 4.59 times the pre-1940 housing percentage; plus (2) 19.141678 times the 6.22 population decline percentage 0.622 times the percent of housing built between 1940 and 6.23 1970; plus (3) 2504.06334 times the road accidents factor 169.415 times the jobs per 6.24 capita; plus (4) 355.0547; minus (5) the metropolitan area factor; minus (6) 49.10638 6.25 times the household size the sparsity adjustment, plus (5) 307.664. 6.26 (b) For a city with a population equal to or greater than 2,500 and less than 10,000, 6.27 "city revenue need" is 1.15 times the sum of (1) 572.62; plus (2) 5.026 times the pre-1940 6.28 housing percentage; minus (3) 53.768 times household size; plus (4) 14.022 times peak 6.29 population decline. 6.30
- (b) (c) For a city with a population less than 2,500, "city revenue need" is the sum of
   (1) 2.387 times the pre-1940 housing percentage; plus (2) 2.67591 times the commercial
   industrial percentage; plus (3) 3.16042 times the population decline percentage; plus (4)

7.1	1.206 times the transformed population; minus (5) 62.772 410 plus 0.367 times the city's
7.2	population over 100. The city revenue need under this paragraph shall not exceed 630.
7.3	(e) (d) For a city with a population of at least 2,500 or more and a population in one
7.4	of the most recently available five years that was less than 2,500, "city revenue need"
7.5	is the sum of (1) its eity revenue need calculated under paragraph (a) multiplied by its
7.6	transition factor; plus (2) its city revenue need calculated under the formula in paragraph
7.7	(b) multiplied by the difference between one and its transition factor. For purposes of this
7.8	paragraph, a city's "transition factor" is equal to 0.2 multiplied by the number of years that
7.9	the city's population estimate has been 2,500 or more. This provision only applies for aids
7.10	payable in calendar years 2006 to 2008 to cities with a 2002 population of less than 2,500.
7.11	It applies to any city for aids payable in 2009 and thereafter but less than 3,000, the "city
7.12	revenue need" equals (1) the transition factor times the city's revenue need calculated in
7.13	paragraph (b) plus (2) 630 times the difference between one and the transition factor. For
7.14	a city with a population of at least 10,000 but less than 10,500, the "city revenue need"
7.15	equals (1) the transition factor times the city's revenue need calculated in paragraph (a)
7.16	plus (2) the city's revenue need calculated under the formula in paragraph (b) times the
7.17	difference between one and the transition factor. For purposes of this paragraph "transition
7.18	factor" is 0.2 percent times the amount that the city's population exceeds the minimum
7.19	threshold in either of the first two sentences.
7.20	(d) (e) The city revenue need cannot be less than zero.
7.21	$\frac{(e)(f)}{(f)}$ For calendar year $\frac{2005}{2015}$ and subsequent years, the city revenue need for
7.22	a city, as determined in paragraphs (a) to (d) (e), is multiplied by the ratio of the annual
7.23	implicit price deflator for government consumption expenditures and gross investment for
7.24	state and local governments as prepared by the United States Department of Commerce,
7.25	for the most recently available year to the 2003 2013 implicit price deflator for state
7.26	and local government purchases.
	EFFECTIVE DATE This section is effective for side more his in solar demonstra
7.27	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
7.28	2014 and thereafter.
7.29	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.011, subdivision 42, is amended to read:
7.30	Subd. 42. City jobs base Jobs per capita. (a) "City jobs base" for a city with a
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7.31 population of 5,000 or more is equal to the product of (1) \$25.20, (2) the number of

7.32 jobs per capita in the city, and (3) its population. For cities with a population less than

- 7.33 5,000, the city jobs base is equal to zero. For a city receiving aid under subdivision 36,
- 7.34 paragraph (k), its city jobs base is reduced by the lesser of 36 percent of the amount of

aid received under that paragraph or \$1,000,000. No city's city jobs base may exceed
\$4,725,000 under this paragraph.

8.3 (b) For calendar year 2010 and subsequent years, the city jobs base for a city, as
8.4 determined in paragraph (a), is multiplied by the ratio of the appropriation under section
8.5 477A.03, subdivision 2a, for the year in which the aid is paid to the appropriation under
8.6 that section for aids payable in 2009.

(c) For purposes of this subdivision, "Jobs per capita in the city" means (1) the 8.7 average annual number of employees in the city based on the data from the Quarterly 8.8 Census of Employment and Wages, as reported by the Department of Employment and 8.9 Economic Development, for the most recent calendar year available as of May 1, 2008 8.10 November 1 of every odd-numbered year, divided by (2) the city's population for the 8.11 same calendar year as the employment data. The commissioner of the Department of 8.12 Employment and Economic Development shall certify to the city the average annual 8.13 number of employees for each city by June 1, 2008 January 15, of every even-numbered 8.14 year beginning with January 15, 2014. A city may challenge an estimate under this 8.15 paragraph by filing its specific objection, including the names of employers that it feels 8.16 may have misreported data, in writing with the commissioner by June 20, 2008 December 8.17 1 of every odd-numbered year. The commissioner shall make every reasonable effort 8.18 to address the specific objection and adjust the data as necessary. The commissioner 8.19 shall certify the estimates of the annual employment to the commissioner of revenue by 8.20 July 15, 2008 January 15 of all even-numbered years, including any estimates still under 8.21 objection. For aids payable in 2014 "jobs per capita" shall be based on the annual number 8.22 8.23 of employees and population for calendar year 2010 without additional review.

## 8.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 8.25 2014 and thereafter.

- 8.26 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.011, is amended by adding a
  8.27 subdivision to read:
- 8.28 Subd. 44. Peak population decline. "Peak population decline" is equal to 100
  8.29 times the difference between one and the ratio of the city's current population, to the
  8.30 highest city population reported in a federal census from the 1970 census or later. "Peak
- 8.31 population decline" shall not be less than zero.

## 8.32 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 8.33 2014 and thereafter.

9.1	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.011, is amended by adding a
9.2	subdivision to read:
9.3	Subd. 45. Sparsity adjustment. For a city with a population of 10,000 or more, the
9.4	sparsity adjustment is 100 for any city with an average population density less than 150
9.5	per square mile. The sparsity adjustment is zero for all other cities.
0.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for side novable in colordon war
9.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
9.7	2014 and thereafter.
9.8	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.013, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
9.9	Subdivision 1. Towns. In 2002, no town is eligible for a distribution under this
9.10	subdivision. In 2014 and thereafter, each town is eligible for a distribution under this
9.11	subdivision equal to the product of (i) its agricultural property factor, (ii) its town area
9.12	factor, (iii) its population factor, and (iv) 0.00225. As used in this subdivision, the
9.13	following terms have the meanings given them:
9.14	(1) "agricultural property factor" means the ratio of the adjusted net tax capacity of
9.15	agricultural property located in a town, divided by the adjusted net tax capacity of all other
9.16	property located in the town. The agricultural property factor cannot exceed eight;
9.17	(2) "agricultural property" means property classified under section 273.13, as
9.18	homestead and nonhomestead agricultural property, rural vacant land, and noncommercial
9.19	seasonal recreational property;
9.20	(3) "town area factor" means the most recent estimate of total acreage, not to exceed
9.21	50,000 acres, located in the township available as of July 1 in the aid calculation year,
9.22	estimated or established by:
9.23	(i) the United States Bureau of the Census;
9.24	(ii) the State Land Management Information Center; or
9.25	(iii) the secretary of state; and
9.26	(4) "population factor" means the square root of the towns population.
9.27	If the sum of the aids payable to all towns under this subdivision exceeds the limit
9.28	under section 477A.03, subdivision 2c, the distribution to each town must be reduced
9.29	proportionately so that the total amount of aids distributed under this section does not
9.30	exceed the limit in section 477A.03, subdivision 2c.
9.31	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
9.32	2014 and thereafter.

9.33 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.013, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. City formula aid. (a) For aids payable in 2014 only, the formula aid for a
 city is equal to the sum of (1) its 2013 certified aid and (2) the product of (i) the difference
 between its unmet need and its 2013 certified aid and (ii) the aid gap percentage.

- 10.4 (b) For aids payable in 2015 and thereafter, the formula aid for a city is equal to
- 10.5 the sum of (1) its eity jobs base, (2) its small eity aid base, and (3) the need increase
- 10.6 percentage multiplied by the average of its unmet need for the most recently available two
- 10.7 <u>years</u> formula aid in the previous year and (2) the product of (i) the difference between
- 10.8 its unmet need and its certified aid in the previous year under subdivision 9, and (ii)
- 10.9 <u>the aid gap percentage</u>.
- 10.10 No city may have a formula aid amount less than zero. The need increase aid gap
  10.11 percentage must be the same for all cities.

The applicable <u>need increase aid gap</u> percentage must be calculated by the Department of Revenue so that the total of the aid under subdivision 9 equals the total amount available for aid under section 477A.03. Data used in calculating aids to cities under sections 477A.011 to 477A.013 shall be the most recently available data as of January 1 in the year in which the aid is calculated except that the data used to compute "net levy" in subdivision 9 is the data most recently available at the time of the aid computation.

## 10.18 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 10.19 2014 and thereafter.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.013, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
Subd. 9. City aid distribution. (a) In calendar year 2013 2014 and thereafter, each
city shall receive an aid distribution equal to the sum of (1) the city formula aid under
subdivision 8, and (2) its city aid base aid adjustment under subdivision 13.

(b) For aids payable in 2013 and 2014 only, the total aid in the previous year for
any eity shall mean the amount of aid it was certified to receive for aids payable in 2012
under this section. For aids payable in 2015 and thereafter, the total aid in the previous
year for any eity means the amount of aid it was certified to receive under this section in
the previous payable year.

(c) For aids payable in 2010 and thereafter, the total aid for any city shall not exceed
the sum of (1) ten percent of the city's net levy for the year prior to the aid distribution
plus (2) its total aid in the previous year. For aids payable in 2009 and thereafter, the total
aid for any city with a population of 2,500 or more may not be less than its total aid under
this section in the previous year minus the lesser of \$10 multiplied by its population, or ten
percent of its net levy in the year prior to the aid distribution.

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11.1	(d) (b) For aids payable in 2014 only, the total aid for a city may not be less than the
11.2	amount it was certified to receive in 2013. For aids payable in 2010 2015 and thereafter,
11.3	the total aid for a city with a population less than 2,500 must not be less than the amount
11.4	it was certified to receive in the previous year minus the lesser of \$10 multiplied by its
11.5	population, or five percent of its 2003 certified aid amount. For aids payable in 2009 only,
11.6	the total aid for a city with a population less than 2,500 must not be less than what it
11.7	received under this section in the previous year unless its total aid in calendar year 2008
11.8	was aid under section 477A.011, subdivision 36, paragraph (s), in which case its minimum
11.9	aid is zero its net levy in the year prior to the aid distribution.
11.10	(e) A city's aid loss under this section may not exceed \$300,000 in any year in
11.11	which the total city aid appropriation under section 477A.03, subdivision 2a, is equal or
11.12	greater than the appropriation under that subdivision in the previous year, unless the
11.13	eity has an adjustment in its eity net tax capacity under the process described in section
11.14	469.174, subdivision 28.
11.15	(f) If a city's net tax capacity used in calculating aid under this section has decreased
11.16	in any year by more than 25 percent from its net tax capacity in the previous year due to
11.17	property becoming tax-exempt Indian land, the city's maximum allowed aid increase
11.18	under paragraph (c) shall be increased by an amount equal to (1) the city's tax rate in the
11.19	year of the aid calculation, multiplied by (2) the amount of its net tax capacity decrease
11.20	resulting from the property becoming tax exempt.
11.21	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
11.22	2014 and thereafter.
11.23	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.013, is amended by adding a
11.24	subdivision to read:
11.25	Subd. 13. Certified aid adjustments. (a) A city that received an aid base increase
11.26	under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.011, subdivision 36, paragraph (e), shall

11.27 have its total aid under subdivision 9 increased by an amount equal to \$150,000 for aids

- 11.28 payable in 2014 through 2018.
- (b) A city that received an aid base increase under section 477A.011, subdivision 36,
   paragraph (r), shall have its total aid under subdivision 9 increased by an amount equal to
- 11.31 \$160,000 for aids payable in 2014 and thereafter.
- 11.32 (c) A city that received a temporary aid increase under Minnesota Statutes 2012,
- 11.33 section 477A.011, subdivision 36, paragraph (m), (v), or (w), shall have its total aid under
- 11.34 <u>subdivision 9 decreased by the amount of its aid base increase under those paragraphs in</u>
- 11.35 <u>calendar year 2013.</u>

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.03, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
Subd. 2a. Cities. For aids payable in 2013 2014 and thereafter, the total aid paid
under section 477A.013, subdivision 9, is \$426,438,012 \$506,438,012.

# 12.4 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 12.5 2014 and thereafter.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.03, subdivision 2b, is amended to read: 12.6 Subd. 2b. Counties. (a) For aids payable in <del>2013</del> 2014 and thereafter, the total aid 12.7 payable under section 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$80,795,000 \$100,795,000. Each 12.8 calendar year, \$500,000 of this appropriation shall be retained by the commissioner 12.9 of revenue to make reimbursements to the commissioner of management and budget 12.10 12.11 for payments made under section 611.27. For calendar year 2004, the amount shall be in addition to the payments authorized under section 477A.0124, subdivision 1. 12.12 For calendar year 2005 and subsequent years, the amount shall be deducted from the 12.13 appropriation under this paragraph. The reimbursements shall be to defray the additional 12.14 costs associated with court-ordered counsel under section 611.27. Any retained amounts 12.15 not used for reimbursement in a year shall be included in the next distribution of county 12.16 need aid that is certified to the county auditors for the purpose of property tax reduction 12.17 for the next taxes payable year. 12.18

(b) For aids payable in 2013 2014 and thereafter, the total aid under section 12.19 477A.0124, subdivision 4, is <del>\$84,909,575</del> <u>\$104,909,575</u>. The commissioner of 12.20 management and budget shall bill the commissioner of revenue for the cost of preparation 12.21 of local impact notes as required by section 3.987, not to exceed \$207,000 in each fiscal 12.22 year 2004 and thereafter. The commissioner of education shall bill the commissioner of 12.23 revenue for the cost of preparation of local impact notes for school districts as required 12.24 by section 3.987, not to exceed \$7,000 in each fiscal year 2004 and thereafter. The 12.25 commissioner of revenue shall deduct the amounts billed under this paragraph from 12.26 the appropriation under this paragraph. The amounts deducted are appropriated to the 12.27 commissioner of management and budget and the commissioner of education for the 12.28 preparation of local impact notes. 12.29

#### 12.30

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aid payable in 2014 and thereafter.

12.31 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.03, is amended by adding a12.32 subdivision to read:

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13.1	Subd. 2c. Towns. For aids payable in 2014, the total aids paid under section
13.2	477A.013, subdivision 1, is limited to \$5,000,000. For aids payable in 2015 and thereafter,
13.3	the total aids paid under section 477A.013, subdivision 1, is limited to the amount certified
13.4	to be paid in the previous year.
13.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
13.6	2014 and thereafter.
13.7	Sec. 15. [477A.10] NATURAL RESOURCES LAND PAYMENTS IN LIEU;
13.8	PURPOSE.
13.9	The purposes of sections 477A.11 to 477A.14 are:
13.10	(1) to compensate local units of government for the loss of tax base from state
13.11	ownership of land and the need to provide services for state land;
13.12	(2) to address the disproportionate impact of state land ownership on local units of
13.13	government with a large proportion of state land; and
13.14	(3) to address the need to manage state lands held in trust for the local taxing districts.
13.15	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.11, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
13.16	Subd. 3. Acquired natural resources land. "Acquired natural resources land"
13.17	means:
13.18	(1) any land, other than wildlife management land, presently administered by the
13.19	commissioner in which the state acquired by purchase, condemnation, or gift, a fee title
13.20	interest in lands which were previously privately owned; and
13.21	(2) lands acquired by the state under chapter 84A that are designated as state parks,
13.22	state recreation areas, scientific and natural areas, or wildlife management areas.
13.23	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
13.24	2013 and thereafter.
13.25	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
13.26	Subd. 4. Other natural resources land. "Other natural resources land" means
13.27	any other land, other than acquired natural resource land or wildlife management land,
13.28	presently owned in fee title by the state and administered by the commissioner, or
13.29	any tax-forfeited land, other than platted lots within a city or those lands described
13.30	under subdivision 3, clause (2), which is owned by the state and administered by the
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13.31 commissioner or by the county in which it is located.

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**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year

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14.2	2013 and thereafter.
14.3	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.11, is amended by adding a
14.4	subdivision to read:
14.5	Subd. 6. Military game refuge. "Military game refuge" means land owned in
14.6	fee by another state agency for military purposes and designated as a state game refuge
14.7	under section 97A.085.
14.8	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
14.9	2013 and thereafter.
14.10	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.11, is amended by adding a
14.11	subdivision to read:
14.12	Subd. 7. Transportation wetland. "Transportation wetland" means land
14.13	administered by the Department of Transportation in which the state acquired, by purchase
14.14	from a private owner, a fee title interest in over 500 acres of land within a county to
14.15	replace wetland losses from transportation projects.
14.16	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
14.17	2013 and thereafter.
14.18	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.11, is amended by adding a
14.19	subdivision to read:
14.20	Subd. 8. Wildlife management land. "Wildlife management land" means land
14.21	administered by the commissioner in which the state acquired, from a private owner by
14.22	purchase, condemnation, or gift, a fee interest under the authority granted in chapter 94 or
14.23	97A for wildlife management purposes and actually used as a wildlife management area.
14.24	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
14.25	2013 and thereafter.
14.26	See 21 Minnegete Statutes 2012 costion 477A 12 subdivision 1 is smanded to need.
14.26	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
14.27	Subdivision 1. Types of land; payments. (a) As an offset for expenses incurred
14.28	by counties and towns in support of natural resources lands, The following amounts are
14.29	annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources from the general fund for
14.30	transfer to the commissioner of revenue. The commissioner of revenue shall pay the

15.1	transferred funds to counties as required by sections 477A.11 to 477A.14. The amounts <sub>2</sub>
15.2	based on the acreage as of July 1 of each year prior to the payment year, are:
15.3	(1) for acquired natural resources land, \$5.133 multiplied by the total number of acres
15.4	of acquired natural resources land or, at the county's option three-fourths of one percent of
15.5	the appraised value of all acquired natural resources land in the county, whichever is greater;
15.6	(2) <u>\$5.133</u> , multiplied by the total number of acres of transportation wetland or, at
15.7	the county's option, three-fourths of one percent of the appraised value of all acquired
15.8	natural resources land in the county, whichever is greater;
15.9	(3) three-fourths of one percent of the appraised value of all wildlife management
15.10	land in the county;
15.11	(4) 50 percent of the dollar amount as determined under clause (1), multiplied by
15.12	the number of acres of military refuge land in the county;
15.13	\$1.283 (5) \$1.50, multiplied by the number of acres of county-administered other
15.14	natural resources land in the county;
15.15	(3) \$1.283 (6) \$5.133, multiplied by the total number of acres of land utilization
15.16	project land in the county; and
15.17	(4) 64.2 cents (7) \$1.50, multiplied by the number of acres of
15.18	commissioner-administered other natural resources land located in each the county as of
15.19	July 1 of each year prior to the payment year.; and
15.20	(8) without regard to acreage, \$300,000 for local assessments under section 84A.55,
15.21	subdivision 9.
15.22	(b) The amount determined under paragraph (a), clause (1), is payable for land
15.23	that is acquired from a private owner and owned by the Department of Transportation
15.24	for the purpose of replacing wetland losses caused by transportation projects, but only
15.25	if the county contains more than 500 acres of such land at the time the certification is
15.26	made under subdivision 2.
15.27	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
15.28	2013 and thereafter.
15.29	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
15.30	Subd. 2. Procedure. Lands for which payments in lieu are made pursuant to

15.31 section 97A.061, subdivision 3, and Laws 1973, chapter 567, shall not be eligible for

- 15.32 payments under this section. Each county auditor shall certify to the Department of
- 15.33 Natural Resources during July of each year prior to the payment year the number of acres
- 15.34 of county-administered other natural resources land within the county. The Department of
- 15.35 Natural resources may, in addition to the certification of acreage, require descriptive lists

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of land so certified. The commissioner of natural resources shall determine and certify to

the commissioner of revenue by March 1 of the payment year: 16.2 (1) the number of acres and most recent appraised value of acquired natural 16.3 resources land, wildlife management land, and military refuge land within each county; 16.4 (2) the number of acres of commissioner-administered natural resources land within 16.5 each county; 16.6 (3) the number of acres of county-administered other natural resources land within 16.7 each county, based on the reports filed by each county auditor with the commissioner 16.8 of natural resources; and 16.9 (4) the number of acres of land utilization project land within each county. 16.10 The commissioner of transportation shall determine and certify to the commissioner 16.11 of revenue by March 1 of the payment year the number of acres of land transportation 16.12 wetland and the appraised value of the land described in subdivision 1, paragraph (b), but 16.13 only if it exceeds 500 acres in a county. 16.14 16.15 The commissioner of revenue shall determine the distributions provided for in this section using the number of acres and appraised values certified by the commissioner of 16.16 natural resources and the commissioner of transportation by March 1 of the payment year. 16.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 16.18 2013 and thereafter. 16.19 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.12, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 16.20 Subd. 3. Determination of appraised value. For the purposes of this section, the 16.21 appraised value of acquired natural resources land is the purchase price for the first five 16.22 years after acquisition until the next six-year appraisal required under this subdivision. 16.23 The appraised value of acquired natural resources land received as a donation is the value 16.24 determined for the commissioner of natural resources by a licensed appraiser, or the 16.25

county assessor's estimated market value if no appraisal is done. The appraised value must 16.26 be determined by the county assessor every five six years after the land is acquired. All 16.27 reappraisals shall be done in the same year as county assessors are required to assess 16.28

16.29 exempt land under section 273.18.

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 16.30 2013 and thereafter. 16.31

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.14, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 16.32

Subdivision 1. General distribution. Except as provided in subdivision 2 or in
section 97A.061, subdivision 5 subdivisions 2 and 3, 40 percent of the total payment to
the county shall be deposited in the county general revenue fund to be used to provide
property tax levy reduction. The remainder shall be distributed by the county in the
following priority:

(a) 64.2 cents, for each acre of county-administered other natural resources land shall
be deposited in a resource development fund to be created within the county treasury for
use in resource development, forest management, game and fish habitat improvement, and
recreational development and maintenance of county-administered other natural resources
land. Any county receiving less than \$5,000 annually for the resource development fund
may elect to deposit that amount in the county general revenue fund;

(b) from the funds remaining, within 30 days of receipt of the payment to the county, 17.12 the county treasurer shall pay each organized township 51.3 cents for each acre of acquired 17.13 natural resources land and each acre of land described in section 477A.12, subdivision 1, 17.14 17.15 paragraph (b), and 12.8 cents for each acre of other natural resources land and each acre of land utilization project land located within its boundaries ten percent of the amount received 17.16 under section 477A.12, subdivision 1, clauses (1), (2), and (5) to (7). Payments for natural 17.17 resources lands not located in an organized township shall be deposited in the county 17.18 general revenue fund. Payments to counties and townships pursuant to this paragraph shall 17.19 be used to provide property tax levy reduction, except that of the payments for natural 17.20 resources lands not located in an organized township, the county may allocate the amount 17.21 determined to be necessary for maintenance of roads in unorganized townships. Provided 17.22 17.23 that, if the total payment to the county pursuant to section 477A.12 is not sufficient to fully fund the distribution provided for in this clause, the amount available shall be distributed 17.24 to each township and the county general revenue fund on a pro rata basis; and 17.25 17.26 (c) any remaining funds shall be deposited in the county general revenue fund.

Provided that, if the distribution to the county general revenue fund exceeds \$35,000, the
excess shall be used to provide property tax levy reduction.

### 17.29 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 17.30 2013 and thereafter.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.14, is amended by adding a
subdivision to read:

17.33 Subd. 3. Distribution for wildlife management lands and military refuge lands.

- 17.34 (a) The county treasurer shall allocate the payment for wildlife management land and
- 17.35 military game refuge land among the county, towns, and school districts on the same basis

as if the payments were taxes on the land received in the year. Payment of a town's or a

- 18.3 district within 30 days of receipt of the payment to the county. The county's share of the
- 18.4 payment shall be deposited in the county general revenue fund.
- 18.5 (b) The county treasurer of a county with a population over 39,000, but less than
- 18.6 <u>42,000, in the 1950 federal census shall allocate the payment only among the towns and</u>
- 18.7 <u>school districts on the same basis as if the payments were taxes on the lands received</u>
- 18.8 <u>in the current year.</u>

18.1

- 18.9 (c) If a town received a payment in calendar year 2006 or thereafter under this
- 18.10 subdivision, and subsequently incorporated as a city, the city shall continue to receive any
- 18.11 <u>future year's allocations of wildlife land payments that would have been made to the town</u>
- 18.12 had it not incorporated, provided that the payments shall terminate if the governing body
- 18.13 of the city passes an ordinance that prohibits hunting within the boundaries of the city.
- 18.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
  18.15 2013 and thereafter.
- 18.16 Sec. 26. Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 11, section 3, as amended by Laws 2008,
  18.17 chapter 154, article 1, section 4, is amended to read:
- 18.18 Sec. 3. MAHNOMEN COUNTY; COUNTY, CITY, SCHOOL DISTRICT,
- 18.19 **PROPERTY TAX REIMBURSEMENT.**
- Subdivision 1. Aid appropriation. \$600,000 \$1,200,000 is appropriated annually
  from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue to be used to make payments to
  compensate for the loss of property tax revenue related to the trust conversion application
  of the Shooting Star Casino. The commissioner shall pay the county of Mahnomen,
  \$450,000 \$900,000; the city of Mahnomen, \$80,000 \$160,000; and Independent School
  District No. 432, Mahnomen, \$70,000 \$140,000. The payments shall be made on July 20,
  of 2008 2013 and each subsequent year.
- 18.27 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
  18.28 2013 and thereafter.
- 18.29 Sec. 27. <u>**REPEALER.**</u>

18.30 Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 477A.011, subdivisions 2a, 19, 29, 31, 32, 33,

18.31 <u>36, 39, 40, and 41; 477A.013, subdivisions 11 and 12; 477A.0133; and 477A.0134, are</u>

18.32 repealed.

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19.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
19.2	2014 and thereafter.
19.3	ARTICLE 2
19.4	PROPERTY TAX
19.5	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 103B.102, subdivision 3, is amended to
19.6	read:
19.7	Subd. 3. Evaluation and report. The Board of Water and Soil Resources shall
19.8	evaluate performance, financial, and activity information for each local water management
19.9	entity. The board shall evaluate the entities' progress in accomplishing their adopted plans
19.10	on a regular basis as determined by the board based on budget and operations of the local
19.11	water management entity, but not less than once every five ten years. The board shall
19.12	maintain a summary of local water management entity performance on the board's Web site.
19.13	Beginning February 1, 2008, and annually thereafter, the board shall provide an analysis
19.14	of local water management entity performance to the chairs of the house of representatives
19.15	and senate committees having jurisdiction over environment and natural resources policy.
19.16	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 103B.335, is amended to read:
19.17	103B.335 TAX LEVY AUTHORITY.
19.18	Subdivision 1. Local water planning and management. The governing body of
19.19	any county, municipality, or township may levy a tax in an amount required to implement
19.20	sections 103B.301 to 103B.355 or a comprehensive watershed management plan as
19.21	defined in section 103B.3363.
19.22	Subd. 2. Priority programs; conservation and watershed districts. A county
19.23	may levy amounts necessary to pay the reasonable increased costs to soil and water
19.24	conservation districts and watershed districts of administering and implementing priority
19.25	programs identified in an approved and adopted plan or a comprehensive watershed
19.26	management plan as defined in section 103B.3363.
19.27	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 103B.3369, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

19.28 Subd. 5. Financial assistance. A base grant may be awarded to a county that

19.29 provides a match utilizing a water implementation tax or other local source. A water

19.30 implementation tax that a county intends to use as a match to the base grant must be

- 19.31 levied at a rate <u>sufficient to generate a minimum amount</u> determined by the board.
- 19.32 The board may award performance-based grants to local units of government that are

responsible for implementing elements of applicable portions of watershed management 20.1 plans, comprehensive plans, local water management plans, or comprehensive watershed 20.2 management plans, developed or amended, adopted and approved, according to chapter 20.3 103B, 103C, or 103D. Upon request by a local government unit, the board may also 20.4 award performance-based grants to local units of government to carry out TMDL 20.5 implementation plans as provided in chapter 114D, if the TMDL implementation plan has 20.6 been incorporated into the local water management plan according to the procedures for 20.7 approving comprehensive plans, watershed management plans, local water management 20.8 plans, or comprehensive watershed management plans under chapter 103B, 103C, or 20.9 103D, or if the TMDL implementation plan has undergone a public review process. 20.10 Notwithstanding section 16A.41, the board may award performance-based grants on an 20.11 advanced basis. The fee authorized in section 40A.152 may be used as a local match 20.12 or as a supplement to state funding to accomplish implementation of comprehensive 20.13 plans, watershed management plans, local water management plans, or comprehensive 20.14 20.15 watershed management plans under chapter 103B, 103C, or 103D.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 103C.501, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
  Subd. 4. Cost-sharing funds. (a) The state board shall allocate at least 70 percent
  of cost-sharing funds to areas with high priority erosion, sedimentation, or water quality
  problems or water quantity problems due to altered hydrology. The areas must be selected
  based on the statewide priorities established by the state board.
- 20.21 (b) The allocated funds must be used for conservation practices for high priority
  20.22 problems identified in the comprehensive and annual work plans of the districts, for
  20.23 the technical assistance portion of the grant funds to leverage federal or other nonstate
  20.24 funds, or to address high-priority needs identified in local water management plans or
  20.25 comprehensive watershed management plans.
- 20.26 (b) The remaining cost-sharing funds may be allocated to districts as follows:
  20.27 (1) for technical and administrative assistance, not more than 20 percent of the
- 20.27 (1) for technical and administrative assistance, not more than 20 percent of the
  20.28 funds; and
- 20.29 (2) for conservation practices for lower priority crossion, sedimentation, or water
   20.30 quality problems.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 103F.405, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  Subdivision 1. Authority. Each statutory or home rule charter city, town, or
  county that has planning and zoning authority under sections 366.10 to 366.19, 394.21
  to 394.37, or 462.351 to 462.365 is encouraged to adopt a soil loss ordinance. The soil

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loss ordinance must use the soil loss tolerance for each soil series described in the United
States Soil Natural Resources Conservation Service Field Office Technical Guide, or
another method approved by the Board of Water and Soil Resources, to determine the
soil loss limits, but the soil loss limits must be attainable by the best practicable soil
conservation practice. Ordinances adopted by local governments within the metropolitan
area defined in section 473.121 must be consistent with local water management plans
adopted under section 103B.235 a comprehensive plan, local water management plan, or

21.8 watershed management plan developed or amended, adopted and approved, according

21.9 <u>to chapter 103B, 103C, or 103D</u>.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 168.012, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 21.10 Subd. 9. Manufactured homes and park trailers. Manufactured homes and park 21.11 trailers shall not be taxed as motor vehicles using the public streets and highways and shall 21.12 be exempt from the motor vehicle tax provisions of this chapter. Except as provided in 21.13 21.14 section 273.125, manufactured homes and park trailers shall be taxed as personal property. The provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1957, section 272.02 or any other act providing for 21.15 tax exemption shall be inapplicable to manufactured homes and park trailers, except 21.16 such manufactured homes as are held by a licensed dealer or limited dealer, as defined 21.17 in section 327B.04, and exempted as inventory under subdivision 9a. Travel trailers not 21.18 21.19 conspicuously displaying current registration plates on the property tax assessment date shall be taxed as manufactured homes if occupied as human dwelling places. 21.20

### 21.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2014 and 21.22 thereafter.

21.23 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 168.012, is amended by adding a subdivision
21.24 to read:

21.25Subd. 9a.Manufactured home as dealer inventory.Manufactured homes as21.26defined in section 327.31, subdivision 6, shall be considered as dealer inventory, on the

- 21.27 January 2 assessment date, if the home:
- 21.28 (1) is listed as inventory and held by a licensed or limited dealer;
- 21.29 (2) is unoccupied and not available for rent;
- 21.30 (3) may or may not be permanently connected to utilities when located in a
- 21.31 manufactured park; and
- 21.32 (4) may or may not be temporarily connected to utilities when located at a dealer's
  21.33 sales center.

22.1 The exemption under this subdivision is allowable for up to five assessment years after
22.2 the date a home is initially claimed as dealer inventory.

#### 22.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2014 and 22.4 thereafter.

#### 22.5 Sec. 8. [270C.9901] ASSESSOR ACCREDITATION.

Every individual that appraises or physically inspects real property for the purpose of determining its valuation or classification for property tax purposes must obtain licensure as an accredited assessor from the Minnesota State Board of Assessors by July 1, 2017, or

- 22.9 by the time the individual is licensed as a certified assessor, whichever is later.
- 22.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning January 1, 2014.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.02, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 22.11 22.12 Subd. 10. Personal property used for pollution control. Personal property used primarily for the abatement and control of air, water, or land pollution is exempt to the 22.13 extent that it is so used, and real but only if it is not required to be installed by a standard, 22.14 rule, criteria, guideline, policy, or order of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency or if it 22.15 is part of a system for the abatement of pollution that was not required to be installed by 22.16 a standard, rule, criteria, guideline, policy, or order of the Minnesota Pollution Control 22.17 Agency when it was originally installed. Real property is exempt if it is used primarily for 22.18 abatement and control of air, water, or land pollution as part of an agricultural operation, 22.19 22.20 as a part of a centralized treatment and recovery facility operating under a permit issued by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency pursuant to chapters 115 and 116 22.21 and Minnesota Rules, parts 7001.0500 to 7001.0730, and 7045.0020 to 7045.1260, as a 22.22 22.23 wastewater treatment facility and for the treatment, recovery, and stabilization of metals, oils, chemicals, water, sludges, or inorganic materials from hazardous industrial wastes, 22.24 or as part of an electric generation system. For purposes of this subdivision, personal 22.25 property includes ponderous machinery and equipment used in a business or production 22.26 activity that at common law is considered real property. 22.27

Any taxpayer requesting exemption of all or a portion of any real property or any equipment or device, or part thereof, operated primarily for the control or abatement of air, water, or land pollution shall file an application with the commissioner of revenue. The Minnesota Pollution Control Agency shall upon request of the commissioner furnish information and advice to the commissioner.

23.1	The information and advice furnished by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency
23.2	must include statements as to whether the equipment, device, or real property meets
23.3	a standard, rule, criteria, guideline, policy, or order of the Minnesota Pollution Control
23.4	Agency, and whether the equipment, device, or real property is installed or operated
23.5	in accordance with it. On determining that property qualifies for exemption, the
23.6	commissioner shall issue an order exempting the property from taxation. The equipment,
23.7	device, or real property shall continue to be exempt from taxation as long as the order
23.8	issued by the commissioner remains in effect.
23.9	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
23.10	to read:
23.11	Subd. 98. Certain property owned by an Indian tribe. (a) Property is exempt that:
23.12	(1) was classified as 3a under section 273.13, subdivision 24, for taxes payable
23.13	<u>in 2013;</u>
23.14	(2) is located in a city of the first class with a population greater than 300,000 as of
23.15	the 2010 federal census;
23.16	(3) was, on January 2, 2012, and for the current assessment, is owned by a federally
23.17	recognized Indian tribe, or its instrumentality, that is located within the state of Minnesota;
23.18	and
23.19	(4) is used exclusively for tribal purposes or institutions of purely public charity as
23.20	defined in subdivision 7.
23.21	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, a "tribal purpose" means a public purpose
23.22	as defined in subdivision 8 and includes noncommercial tribal government activities.
23.23	Property that qualifies for the exemption under this subdivision is limited to no more than
23.24	two contiguous parcels and structures that do not exceed in the aggregate 20,000 square
23.25	feet. Property acquired for single-family housing, market-rate apartments, agricultural, or
23.26	forestry does not qualify for this exemption. The exemption created by this subdivision
23.27	expires with taxes payable in 2024.
23.28	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2014.
23.29	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
23.30	to read:
23.31	Subd. 99. Electric generation facility; personal property. (a) Notwithstanding
23.32	subdivision 9, clause (a), and section 453.54, subdivision 20, attached machinery and
23.33	other personal property which is part of an electric generation facility that exceeds five

24.1	megawatts of installed capacity and meets the requirements of this subdivision is exempt.
24.2	At the time of construction, the facility must:
24.3	(1) be designed to utilize natural gas as a primary fuel;
24.4	(2) be owned and operated by a municipal power agency as defined in section
24.5	453.52, subdivision 8;
24.6	(3) be designed to utilize reciprocating engines paired with generators to produce
24.7	electrical power;
24.8	(4) be located within the service territory of a municipal power agency's electrical
24.9	municipal utility that serves load exclusively in a metropolitan county as defined in
24.10	section 473.121, subdivision 4;
24.11	(5) be designed to connect directly with a municipality's substation; and
24.12	(6) have received, by resolution, the approval from the governing body of the county
24.13	and the city for the exemption of personal property under this subdivision.
24.14	(b) Construction of the facility must be commenced after June 1, 2013, and before
24.15	June 1, 2017. Property eligible for this exemption does not include electric transmission
24.16	lines and interconnections or gas pipelines and interconnections appurtenant to the
24.17	property or the facility.
24.18	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for assessment year 2013, taxes

24.19 payable in 2014, and thereafter.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 24.20 Subdivision 1. Statement of exemption. (a) Except in the case of property owned 24.21 by the state of Minnesota or any political subdivision thereof, and property exempt from 24.22 taxation under section 272.02, subdivisions 9, 10, 13, 15, 18, 20, and 22 to 25, and at 24.23 the times provided in subdivision 3, a taxpayer claiming an exemption from taxation 24.24 on property described in section 272.02, subdivisions 1 to 33, must file a statement of 24.25 exemption with the assessor of the assessment district in which the property is located. 24.26 (b) A taxpayer claiming an exemption from taxation on property described in section 24.27 272.02, subdivision 10, must file a statement of exemption with the commissioner of 24.28 revenue, and with the assessor of the assessment district in which the property is located, 24.29 on or before February 15 of each year for which the taxpayer claims an exemption. 24 30 (c) In case of sickness, absence or other disability or for good cause, the assessor 24.31 or the commissioner may extend the time for filing the statement of exemption for a 24.32 period not to exceed 60 days. 24.33 (d) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form and contents of the 24.34 statement of exemption. 24.35

25.1	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.117, is amended to read:
25.2	273.117 CONSERVATION PROPERTY TAX VALUATION.
25.3	The value of real property which is subject to a conservation restriction or easement
25.4	may be adjusted shall not be reduced by the assessor if:
25.5	(a) the restriction or easement is for a conservation purpose as defined in section
25.6	84.64, subdivision 2, and is recorded on the property; and
25.7	(b) the property is being used in accordance with the terms of the conservation
25.8	restriction or easement.
25.9	This section does not apply to (1) conservation restrictions or easements covering
25.10	riparian buffers along lakes, rivers, and streams that are used for water quantity or quality
25.11	control; or (2) parcels of land in excess of 1,920 acres that allow public motorized access.
25.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2013 and
25.13	thereafter, and for taxes payable in 2014 and thereafter.
25.14	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.124, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
25.15	Subd. 14. Agricultural homesteads; special provisions. (a) Real estate of less than
25.16	ten acres that is the homestead of its owner must be classified as class 2a under section
25.17	273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), if:
25.18	(1) the parcel on which the house is located is contiguous on at least two sides to (i)
25.19	agricultural land, (ii) land owned or administered by the United States Fish and Wildlife
25.20	Service, or (iii) land administered by the Department of Natural Resources on which in
25.21	lieu taxes are paid under sections 477A.11 to 477A.14;
25.22	(2) its owner also owns a noncontiguous parcel of agricultural land that is at least
25.23	20 acres;
25.24	(3) the noncontiguous land is located not farther than four townships or cities, or a
25.25	combination of townships or cities from the homestead; and
25.26	(4) the agricultural use value of the noncontiguous land and farm buildings is equal
25.27	to at least 50 percent of the market value of the house, garage, and one acre of land.
25.28	Homesteads initially classified as class 2a under the provisions of this paragraph shall
25.29	remain classified as class 2a, irrespective of subsequent changes in the use of adjoining
25.30	properties, as long as the homestead remains under the same ownership, the owner owns a
25.31	noncontiguous parcel of agricultural land that is at least 20 acres, and the agricultural use
25.32	value qualifies under clause (4). Homestead classification under this paragraph is limited
25.33	to property that qualified under this paragraph for the 1998 assessment.

- (b)(i) Agricultural property shall be classified as the owner's homestead, to the same 26.1 extent as other agricultural homestead property, if all of the following criteria are met: 26.2 (1) the agricultural property consists of at least 40 acres including undivided 26.3 government lots and correctional 40's; 26.4 (2) the owner, the owner's spouse, or a grandchild, child, sibling, or parent of the 26.5 owner or of the owner's spouse, is actively farming the agricultural property, either on the 26.6 person's own behalf as an individual or on behalf of a partnership operating a family farm, 26.7 family farm corporation, joint family farm venture, or limited liability company of which 268 the person is a partner, shareholder, or member; 26.9 (3) both the owner of the agricultural property and the person who is actively 26.10 farming the agricultural property under clause (2), are Minnesota residents; 26.11 (4) neither the owner nor the spouse of the owner claims another agricultural 26.12 homestead in Minnesota; and 26.13 (5) neither the owner nor the person actively farming the agricultural property lives 26.14 26.15 farther than four townships or cities, or a combination of four townships or cities, from the agricultural property, except that if the owner or the owner's spouse is required to live in 26.16 employer-provided housing, the owner or owner's spouse, whichever is actively farming 26.17 the agricultural property, may live more than four townships or cities, or combination of 26.18 four townships or cities from the agricultural property. 26.19 The relationship under this paragraph may be either by blood or marriage. 26.20 (ii) Agricultural property held by a trustee under a trust is eligible for agricultural 26.21 homestead elassification under this paragraph if the qualifications in elause (i) are met, 26.22 26.23 except that "owner" means the grantor of the trust. (iii) Property containing the residence of an owner who owns qualified property 26.24 under clause (i) shall be classified as part of the owner's agricultural homestead, if that 26.25 property is also used for noncommercial storage or drying of agricultural crops. 26.26 (iv) As used in this paragraph, "agricultural property" means class 2a property and 26.27 any class 2b property that is contiguous to and under the same ownership as the class 2a 26.28 property. 26.29 (e) (b) Noncontiguous land shall be included as part of a homestead under section 26.30 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), only if the homestead is classified as class 2a 26.31 and the detached land is located in the same township or city, or not farther than four 26.32
- townships or cities or combination thereof from the homestead. Any taxpayer of these
  noncontiguous lands must notify the county assessor that the noncontiguous land is part of
  the taxpayer's homestead, and, if the homestead is located in another county, the taxpayer
- 26.36 must also notify the assessor of the other county.

(d) (c) Agricultural land used for purposes of a homestead and actively farmed by a
person holding a vested remainder interest in it must be classified as a homestead under
section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a). If agricultural land is classified class 2a,
any other dwellings on the land used for purposes of a homestead by persons holding
vested remainder interests who are actively engaged in farming the property, and up to
one acre of the land surrounding each homestead and reasonably necessary for the use of
the dwelling as a home, must also be assessed class 2a.

27.8 (e) (d) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under
 27.9 section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 1997 assessment shall remain
 27.10 classified as agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if:

27.11 (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural
27.12 homestead as a result of the April 1997 floods;

27.13 (2) the property is located in the county of Polk, Clay, Kittson, Marshall, Norman,27.14 or Wilkin;

(3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the
current assessment year as existed for the 1997 assessment year and continue to be used
for agricultural purposes;

(4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in Minnesota and is within 30
miles of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and

(5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to the 1997
floods, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by the
assessor in verifying the change in dwelling. Further notifications to the assessor are not
required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph and any
dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited.

27.25 (f) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under
 27.26 section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 1998 assessment shall remain
 27.27 elassified agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if:

27.28 (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural
27.29 homestead as a result of damage caused by a March 29, 1998, tornado;

27.30 (2) the property is located in the county of Blue Earth, Brown, Cottonwood,
27.31 LeSueur, Nicollet, Nobles, or Rice;

27.32 (3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the
27.33 eurrent assessment year as existed for the 1998 assessment year;

27.34 (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in this state and is within 50 miles
27.35 of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and

28.1	(5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to a March 29,
28.2	1998, tornado, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by
28.3	the assessor in verifying the change in homestead dwelling. For taxes payable in 1999, the
28.4	owner must notify the assessor by December 1, 1998. Further notifications to the assessor
28.5	are not required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph
28.6	and any dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited.
28.7	(g) Agricultural property of a family farm corporation, joint family farm venture,
28.8	family farm limited liability company, or partnership operating a family farm as described
28.9	under subdivision 8 shall be classified homestead, to the same extent as other agricultural
28.10	homestead property, if all of the following criteria are met:
28.11	(1) the property consists of at least 40 acres including undivided government lots
28.12	and correctional 40's;
28.13	(2) a shareholder, member, or partner of that entity is actively farming the
28.14	agricultural property;
28.15	(3) that shareholder, member, or partner who is actively farming the agricultural
28.16	property is a Minnesota resident;
28.17	(4) neither that shareholder, member, or partner, nor the spouse of that shareholder,
28.18	member, or partner claims another agricultural homestead in Minnesota; and
28.19	(5) that shareholder, member, or partner does not live farther than four townships or
28.20	cities, or a combination of four townships or cities, from the agricultural property.
28.21	Homestead treatment applies under this paragraph for property leased to a family
28.22	farm corporation, joint farm venture, limited liability company, or partnership operating a
28.23	family farm if legal title to the property is in the name of an individual who is a member,
28.24	shareholder, or partner in the entity.
28.25	(h) (e) To be eligible for the special agricultural homestead under this subdivision,
28.26	an initial full application must be submitted to the county assessor where the property is
28.27	located. Owners and the persons who are actively farming the property shall be required
28.28	to complete only a one-page abbreviated version of the application in each subsequent
28.29	year provided that none of the following items have changed since the initial application:
28.30	(1) the day-to-day operation, administration, and financial risks remain the same;
28.31	(2) the owners and the persons actively farming the property continue to live within
28.32	the four townships or city criteria and are Minnesota residents;
28.33	(3) the same operator of the agricultural property is listed with the Farm Service
28.34	Agency;
28.35	(4) a Schedule F or equivalent income tax form was filed for the most recent year;
28.36	(5) the property's acreage is unchanged; and

29.1	(6) none of the property's acres have been enrolled in a federal or state farm program
29.2	since the initial application.
29.3	The owners and any persons who are actively farming the property must include
29.4	the appropriate Social Security numbers, and sign and date the application. If any of the
29.5	specified information has changed since the full application was filed, the owner must
29.6	notify the assessor, and must complete a new application to determine if the property
29.7	continues to qualify for the special agricultural homestead. The commissioner of revenue
29.8	shall prepare a standard reapplication form for use by the assessors.
29.9	(i) (f) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under
29.10	section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 2007 assessment shall remain
29.11	classified agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if:
29.12	(1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural
29.13	homestead as a result of damage caused by the August 2007 floods;
29.14	(2) the property is located in the county of Dodge, Fillmore, Houston, Olmsted,
29.15	Steele, Wabasha, or Winona;
29.16	(3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the
29.17	current assessment year as existed for the 2007 assessment year;
29.18	(4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in this state and is within 50 miles
29.19	of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and
29.20	(5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to the August
29.21	2007 floods, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by
29.22	the assessor in verifying the change in homestead dwelling. For taxes payable in 2009, the
29.23	owner must notify the assessor by December 1, 2008. Further notifications to the assessor
29.24	are not required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph
29.25	and any dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited.
29.26	(j) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under
29.27	section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 2008 assessment shall remain
29.28	elassified as agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if:
29.29	(1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural
29.30	homestead as a result of the March 2009 floods;
29.31	(2) the property is located in the county of Marshall;
29.32	(3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the
29.33	current assessment year as existed for the 2008 assessment year and continue to be used
29.34	for agricultural purposes;
29.35	(4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in Minnesota and is within 50

29.36 miles of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and

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- 30.1 (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to the 2009 floods, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by the
- assessor in verifying the change in dwelling. Further notifications to the assessor are not 30.3
- 30.4 required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph and any
- dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited. 30.5
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2015 and 30.6 thereafter. 30.7
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.124, subdivision 21, is amended to read: 30.8 Subd. 21. Trust property; homestead. Real or personal property held by a trustee 30.9 under a trust is eligible for classification as homestead property if the property satisfies the 30.10 30.11 requirements of paragraph (a), (b), (c), or (d).
- (a) The grantor or surviving spouse of the grantor of the trust occupies and uses the 30.12 property as a homestead. 30.13
- (b) A relative or surviving relative of the grantor who meets the requirements 30.14 of subdivision 1, paragraph (c), in the case of residential real estate; or subdivision 1, 30.15 paragraph (d), in the case of agricultural property, occupies and uses the property as 30.16 a homestead. 30.17
- (c) A family farm corporation, joint farm venture, limited liability company, or 30.18 partnership operating a family farm in which the grantor or the grantor's surviving spouse 30.19 is a shareholder, member, or partner rents the property; and, either (1) a shareholder, 30.20 member, or partner of the corporation, joint farm venture, limited liability company, or 30.21 partnership occupies and uses the property as a homestead; or (2) the property is at least 30.22 40 acres, including undivided government lots and correctional 40's, and a shareholder, 30.23 member, or partner of the tenant-entity is actively farming the property on behalf of the 30.24 corporation, joint farm venture, limited liability company, or partnership. 30.25
- (d) A person who has received homestead classification for property taxes payable in 30.26 2000 on the basis of an unqualified legal right under the terms of the trust agreement to 30.27 occupy the property as that person's homestead and who continues to use the property as 30.28 a homestead; or, a person who received the homestead elassification for taxes payable 30.29 in 2005 under paragraph (c) who does not qualify under paragraph (c) for taxes payable 30.30 in 2006 or thereafter but who continues to qualify under paragraph (c) as it existed for 30.31 taxes payable in 2005. 30.32
- For purposes of this subdivision, "grantor" is defined as the person creating or 30.33 establishing a testamentary, inter Vivos, revocable or irrevocable trust by written 30.34 30.35 instrument or through the exercise of a power of appointment.

31.1

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2015 and thereafter. 31.2

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.128, is amended by adding a subdivision 31.3 to read: 31.4

Subd. 1a. Determination of property tax maximum. (a) Property taxes on the 31.5 portion of a rental property certified as class 4d may not exceed ten percent of the gross 31.6 potential rent for the calendar year in which an application is filed for the units that qualify 31.7 for certification under this section. "Gross potential rent" means the maximum annual rent 31.8 the owner of a property is authorized to charge for rental housing units subject to a legally 31.9 binding rent restriction agreement, assuming that all of the units are occupied at all times. 31.10 31.11 The Housing Finance Agency will adjust gross potential rent annually to the extent of and in accordance with changes in the rent restrictions set forth in the rent restriction agreement. 31.12 (b) In order to determine the gross potential rent for a rental property, a separate 31.13 31.14 application must be filed with the Housing Finance Agency by March 31 of the assessment year to establish the maximum property taxes for the portion of a property certified under 31.15 this section. In addition to the information required in subdivision 2, the application 31.16 under this subdivision must include a true and correct copy of any regulatory agreements 31.17 or other documents establishing the rent restrictions for the units eligible for class 4d 31.18 31.19 classification, unless such documentation was provided to the Housing Finance Agency in a previous year and the owner certifies that the rent restrictions have not changed. 31.20 The Housing Finance Agency may charge an application fee approximately equal to the 31.21 31.22 costs of determining the gross potential rent for the property, any annual adjustments and 31.23 processing, and reviewing the application. The applicant must pay the application fee to the Housing Finance Agency for deposit in the housing development fund. The application 31.24 31.25 fee under this subdivision is in addition to the application fee under subdivision 2. (c) By June 1 of each assessment year, the Housing Finance Agency must certify to 31.26 the appropriate county or city assessors, the specific properties that are qualified for the 31.27 maximum property tax limitation and the amount of the annual gross potential rent for the 31.28 units in the building that qualify for class 4d certification. The auditor shall calculate the 31.29 maximum property tax for the units that qualify based on the certification from the Housing 31.30 Finance Agency for taxes payable the year following the assessment year certification. 31.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2015. 31.32

31.33

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.1398, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Disparity reduction credit. (a) Beginning with taxes payable in 1989, 32.1 class 4a and class 3a property qualifies for a disparity reduction credit if: (1) the property 32.2 is located in a border city that has an enterprise zone, as defined in section 469.166; (2) 32.3 the property is located in a city with a population greater than 2,500 and less than 35,000 32.4 according to the 1980 decennial census; (3) the city is adjacent to a city in another state or 32.5 immediately adjacent to a city adjacent to a city in another state; and (4) the adjacent city 32.6 in the other state has a population of greater than 5,000 and less than 75,000 according to 32.7 the 1980 decennial census. 32.8

32.9 (b) The credit is an amount sufficient to reduce (i) the taxes levied on class 4a 32.10 property to 2.3 1.9 percent of the property's market value and (ii) the tax on class 3a 32.11 property to 2.3 1.9 percent of market value.

32.12 (c) The county auditor shall annually certify the costs of the credits to the
32.13 Department of Revenue. The department shall reimburse local governments for the
32.14 property taxes forgone as the result of the credits in proportion to their total levies.

32.15

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2014.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 275.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 32.16 Subdivision 1. Levy amount. The state general levy is levied against 32.17 commercial-industrial property and seasonal residential recreational property, as defined 32.18 in this section. The state general levy base amount is \$592,000,000 for taxes payable in 32.19 2002. For taxes payable in subsequent years on seasonal residential recreational property, 32.20 the levy base amount is increased each year by multiplying the levy base amount for that 32.21 class of property for the prior year by the sum of one plus the rate of increase, if any, in the 32.22 implicit price deflator for government consumption expenditures and gross investment for 32.23 state and local governments prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysts of the United 32.24 States Department of Commerce for the 12-month period ending March 31 of the year 32.25 prior to the year the taxes are payable. For taxes payable in 2014 and subsequent years 32.26 on commercial-industrial property, the tax is imposed under this subdivision at the rate 32.27 of the tax imposed under this subdivision for taxes payable in 2002. The tax under this 32.28 section is not treated as a local tax rate under section 469.177 and is not the levy of a 32.29 governmental unit under chapters 276A and 473F. 32.30

The commissioner shall increase or decrease the preliminary or final rate for a year as necessary to account for errors and tax base changes that affected a preliminary or final rate for either of the two preceding years. Adjustments are allowed to the extent that the necessary information is available to the commissioner at the time the rates for a year must be certified, and for the following reasons:

33.1 (1) an erroneous report of taxable value by a local official;

33.2 (2) an erroneous calculation by the commissioner; and

33.3 (3) an increase or decrease in taxable value for commercial-industrial or seasonal

33.4 residential recreational property reported on the abstracts of tax lists submitted under

33.5 section 275.29 that was not reported on the abstracts of assessment submitted under

section 270C.89 for the same year.

The commissioner may, but need not, make adjustments if the total difference in the taxlevied for the year would be less than \$100,000.

### 33.9 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2014 and 33.10 thereafter.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 275.025, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 33.11 Subd. 2. Commercial-industrial tax capacity. For the purposes of this section, 33.12 "commercial-industrial tax capacity" means the tax capacity of all taxable property 33.13 classified as class 3 or class 5(1) under section 273.13, except for electric generation 33.14 attached machinery under class 3 and property described in section 473.625. County 33.15 commercial-industrial tax capacity amounts are not adjusted for the captured net tax 33.16 capacity of a tax increment financing district under section 469.177, subdivision 2, the 33.17 net tax capacity of transmission lines deducted from a local government's total net tax 33.18 capacity under section 273.425, or fiscal disparities contribution and distribution net 33.19 tax capacities under chapter 276A or 473F. 33.20

## 33.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2014 and 33.22 thereafter.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 279.37, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: Subd. 1a. **Class 3a property.** (a) The delinquent taxes upon a parcel of property which was classified class 3a, for the previous year's assessment <del>and had a total market</del> value of \$500,000 or less for that same assessment shall be eligible to be composed into a confession of judgment with the approval of the county auditor. Property qualifying under this subdivision shall be subject to the same provisions as provided in this section except as provided in paragraphs (b) to (d) (f).

33.30 (b) Current year taxes and penalty due at the time the confession of judgment33.31 is entered must be paid.

33.32 (c) The down payment must include all special assessments due in the current tax
33.33 year, all delinquent special assessments, and 20 percent of the ad valorem tax, penalties,

JK UEH0677-1 and interest accrued against the parcel. The balance remaining is payable in four equal 34.1 annual installments. A municipality as defined in section 429.011, cities of the first class, 34.2 and other special assessment authorities, who have certified special assessments against 34.3 any parcel of property, may, through resolution, waive the requirement of payment of all 34.4 current and delinquent special assessments at the time the confession is entered. If the 34.5 municipality, city, or authority grants the waiver, 100 percent of all current year taxes, 34.6 special assessments, and penalties due at the time, along with 20 percent of all delinquent 34.7 taxes, special assessments, penalties, interest, and fees must be paid. The balance 34.8 remaining shall be subject to and included in the installment plan. 34.9 (d) When there are current and delinquent special assessments certified and billed 34.10 against a parcel, the assessment authority or municipality as defined in section 429.011 34.11 may abate under section 375.192, subdivision 2, all special assessments and the penalty 34.12 and interest affiliated with the special assessments, and reassess the special assessments, 34.13 penalties, and interest accrued thereon, under section 429.071, subdivision 2. The 34.14 34.15 municipality shall notify the county auditor of its intent to reassess as a precondition to the entry of the confession of judgment. Upon the notice to abate and reassess, the 34.16 municipality shall, through resolution, notify the county auditor to remove all current 34.17 and delinquent special assessments and the accrued penalty and interest on the special 34.18 assessments, and the payment of all or a portion of the current and delinquent assessments 34.19 shall not be required as part of the down payment due at the time the confession of 34.20 judgment is entered in accordance with paragraph (c). 34.21 (d) (e) The amounts entered in judgment bear interest at the rate provided in section 34.22 34.23 279.03, subdivision 1a, commencing with the date the judgment is entered. The interest rate is subject to change each year on the unpaid balance in the manner provided in section 34.24 279.03, subdivision 1a. 34.25 34.26 (f) The county auditor may require conditions on properties including, but not limited to, environmental remediation action plan requirements, restrictions, or covenants, 34.27 when considering a request for approval of eligibility for composition into a confession of 34.28

- judgment for delinquent taxes upon a parcel of property which was classified class 3a, for 34.29 the previous year's assessment. 34.30
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 279.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 34.31 Subd. 2. Installment payments. The owner of any such parcel, or any person to 34.32 whom the right to pay taxes has been given by statute, mortgage, or other agreement, may 34.33 make and file with the county auditor of the county in which the parcel is located a written 34.34 offer to pay the current taxes each year before they become delinquent, or to contest the 34.35

taxes under Minnesota Statutes 1941, sections 278.01 to 278.13, and agree to confess 35.1 judgment for the amount provided, as determined by the county auditor. By filing the 35.2 offer, the owner waives all irregularities in connection with the tax proceedings affecting 35.3 the parcel and any defense or objection which the owner may have to the proceedings, and 35.4 also waives the requirements of any notice of default in the payment of any installment or 35.5 interest to become due pursuant to the composite judgment to be so entered. Unless the 35.6 property is subject to subdivision 1a, with the offer, the owner shall (i) tender one-tenth of 35.7 the amount of the delinquent taxes, costs, penalty, and interest, and shall (ii) tender all 35.8 current year taxes and penalty due at the time the confession of judgment is entered. In the 35.9 offer, the owner shall agree to pay the balance in nine equal installments, with interest as 35.10 provided in section 279.03, payable annually on installments remaining unpaid from time 35.11 to time, on or before December 31 of each year following the year in which judgment 35.12 was confessed. The offer must be substantially as follows: 35.13

"To the court administrator of the district court of ...... county, I, ....., 35.14 am the owner of the following described parcel of real estate located in ..... 35.15 county, Minnesota: 35.16

35.17 prior years, as follows: (here insert year of delinquency and the total amount of delinquent 35.18 35.19 taxes, costs, interest, and penalty). By signing this document I offer to confess judgment in the sum of \$..... and waive all irregularities in the tax proceedings affecting these taxes and 35.20 any defense or objection which I may have to them, and direct judgment to be entered for 35.21 the amount stated above, minus the sum of \$...., to be paid with this document, which 35.22 is one-tenth or one-fifth of the amount of the taxes, costs, penalty, and interest stated above. 35.23 I agree to pay the balance of the judgment in nine or four equal, annual installments, with 35.24 interest as provided in section 279.03, payable annually, on the installments remaining 35.25 unpaid. I agree to pay the installments and interest on or before December 31 of each year 35.26 following the year in which this judgment is confessed and current taxes each year before 35.27 they become delinquent, or within 30 days after the entry of final judgment in proceedings 35.28 to contest the taxes under Minnesota Statutes, sections 278.01 to 278.13. 35.29

Dated ....." 35.30

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 281.14, is amended to read: 35.31

#### 35.32

**281.14 EXPIRATION OF TIME FOR REDEMPTION.** 

The time for redemption from any tax sale, whether made to the state or to a private 35.33 person, shall not expire until notice of expiration of redemption, as provided in section 35.34

281.13 281.17, shall have been given. 35.35

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- 36.1 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 281.17, is amended to read:
- 36.2

#### **281.17 PERIOD FOR REDEMPTION.**

36.3 Except for properties for which the period of redemption has been limited under 36.4 sections 281.173 and 281.174, the following periods for redemption apply.

The period of redemption for all lands sold to the state at a tax judgment sale shall be three years from the date of sale to the state of Minnesota if the land is within an incorporated area unless it is: (a) nonagricultural homesteaded land as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 22; (b) homesteaded agricultural land as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a); or (c) seasonal residential recreational land as defined in

36.10 section 273.13, subdivision 22, paragraph (c), or 25, paragraph (d), clause (1), for which

36.11 the period of redemption is five years from the date of sale to the state of Minnesota.

The period of redemption for homesteaded lands as defined in section 273.13, 36.12 subdivision 22, located in a targeted neighborhood as defined in Laws 1987, chapter 386, 36.13 article 6, section 4, and sold to the state at a tax judgment sale is three years from the date 36.14 of sale. The period of redemption for all lands located in a targeted neighborhood as 36.15 defined in Laws 1987, chapter 386, article 6, section 4, except (1) homesteaded lands as 36.16 defined in section 273.13, subdivision 22, and (2) for periods of redemption beginning 36.17 after June 30, 1991, but before July 1, 1996, lands located in the Loring Park targeted 36.18 36.19 neighborhood on which a notice of lis pendens has been served, and sold to the state at a tax judgment sale is one year from the date of sale. 36.20

The period of redemption for all real property constituting a mixed municipal solid waste disposal facility that is a qualified facility under section 115B.39, subdivision 1, is one year from the date of the sale to the state of Minnesota.

The period of redemption for all other lands sold to the state at a tax judgment sale shall be five years from the date of sale, except that the period of redemption for nonhomesteaded agricultural land as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (b), shall be two years from the date of sale if at that time that property is owned by a person who owns one or more parcels of property on which taxes are delinquent, and the delinquent taxes are more than 25 percent of the prior year's school district levy.

36.30 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290A.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
36.31 Subd. 3. Income. (1) "Income" means the sum of the following:
36.32 (a) federal adjusted gross income as defined in the Internal Revenue Code; and
36.33 (b) the sum of the following amounts to the extent not included in clause (a):
36.34 (i) all nontaxable income;

37.1

- JK (ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section
- 469, paragraph (i) or (m) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity 37.2 loss carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code; 37.3
- (iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness 37.4 of a solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal 37.5 Revenue Code; 37.6
- (iv) cash public assistance and relief; 37.7
- (v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments 378 received under the federal Social Security Act, Supplemental Security Income, and 37.9 veterans benefits), which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which 37.10 was funded exclusively by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were 37.11 excluded from federal adjusted gross income in the years when the payments were made; 37.12 (vi) interest received from the federal or a state government or any instrumentality 37.13
- or political subdivision thereof; 37.14
- (vii) workers' compensation; 37.15
- (viii) nontaxable strike benefits; 37.16
- (ix) the gross amounts of payments received in the nature of disability income or 37.17 sick pay as a result of accident, sickness, or other disability, whether funded through 37.18 insurance or otherwise; 37.19
- (x) a lump-sum distribution under section 402(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 37.20 1986, as amended through December 31, 1995; 37.21
- (xi) contributions made by the claimant to an individual retirement account, 37.22 including a qualified voluntary employee contribution; simplified employee pension plan; 37.23 self-employed retirement plan; cash or deferred arrangement plan under section 401(k) 37.24 of the Internal Revenue Code; or deferred compensation plan under section 457 of the 37.25 37.26 Internal Revenue Code;
- (xii) nontaxable scholarship or fellowship grants; 37.27
- (xiii) the amount of deduction allowed under section 199 of the Internal Revenue 37.28 Code; 37.29
- (xiv) the amount of deduction allowed under section 220 or 223 of the Internal 37.30 Revenue Code; 37.31
- (xv) the amount of tuition expenses required to be added to income under section 37.32 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (12); 37.33
- (xvi) the amount deducted for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school 37.34 teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code; and 37.35
- (xvii) unemployment compensation. 37.36

38.1	In the case of an individual who files an income tax return on a fiscal year basis, the
38.2	term "federal adjusted gross income" shall mean federal adjusted gross income reflected
38.3	in the fiscal year ending in the calendar year. Federal adjusted gross income shall not be
38.4	reduced by the amount of a net operating loss carryback or carryforward or a capital loss
38.5	carryback or carryforward allowed for the year.
38.6	(2) "Income" does not include:
38.7	(a) amounts excluded pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, sections 101(a) and 102;
38.8	(b) amounts of any pension or annuity which was exclusively funded by the claimant
38.9	or spouse and which funding payments were not excluded from federal adjusted gross
38.10	income in the years when the payments were made;
38.11	(c) surplus food or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency;
38.12	(d) relief granted under this chapter;
38.13	(e) child support payments received under a temporary or final decree of dissolution
38.14	or legal separation; or
38.15	(f) restitution payments received by eligible individuals and excludable interest as
38.16	defined in section 803 of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of
38.17	2001, Public Law 107-16.
38.18	(3) The sum of the following amounts may be subtracted from income A claimant,
38.19	other than one who has rent constituting property taxes, may subtract from income the
38.20	sum of the following amounts:
38.21	(a) for the claimant's first dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.4;
38.22	(b) for the claimant's second dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.3;
38.23	(c) for the claimant's third dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.2;
38.24	(d) for the claimant's fourth dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.1;
38.25	(e) for the claimant's fifth dependent, the exemption amount; and
38.26	(f) if the claimant or claimant's spouse who occupies the homestead was disabled
38.27	or attained the age of 65 on or before December 31 of the year for which the taxes were
38.28	levied or rent paid, the exemption amount.
38.29	(4) A claimant who has rent constituting property taxes may subtract from income
38.30	the sum of the following amounts:
38.31	(a) for the claimant's first dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.5;
38.32	(b) for the claimant's second dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.4;
38.33	(c) for the claimant's third dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.3;
38.34	(d) for the claimant's fourth dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.2;
38.35	(e) for the claimant's fifth dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.1;

(f) if the claimant was disabled or attained the age of 65 on or before December 31
 of the year for which the rent constituting property taxes was paid, the exemption amount
 times 1.5; and
 (g) if the claimant's spouse who occupies the homestead was disabled or attained the
 age of 65 on or before December 31 of the year for which the rent constituting property

39.6 taxes were paid, the exemption amount.

For purposes of this subdivision, the "exemption amount" means the exemption
amount under section 151(d) of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year for which
the income is reported.

# 39.10 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with refunds based on rent 39.11 constituting property taxes paid after December 31, 2012.

39.12 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290A.04, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
39.13 Subd. 2a. Renters. A claimant whose rent constituting property taxes exceeds the
39.14 percentage of the household income stated below must pay an amount equal to the percent
39.15 of income shown for the appropriate household income level along with the percent to
39.16 be paid by the claimant of the remaining amount of rent constituting property taxes. The
39.17 state refund equals the amount of rent constituting property taxes that remain, up to the
39.18 maximum state refund amount shown below.

39.19 39.20 39.21	Household Income	Percent of Income	Percent Paid by Claimant	Maximum State Refund
39.22	\$0 to <del>3,589</del>			<del>1,190</del>
39.23	4,910	1.0 percent	5 percent	<u>\$_1,790</u>
39.24	<del>3,590 to 4,779</del>		<del>10</del>	<del>1,190</del>
39.25	4,911 to 6,530	1.0 percent	5 percent	<u>\$_1,790</u>
39.26	4,780 to 5,969		<del>10</del>	<del>1,190</del>
39.27	6,531 to 8,160	1.1 percent	5 percent	<u>\$_1,790</u>
39.28	<del>5,970 to 8,369</del>		<del>10</del>	<del>1,190</del>
39.29	<u>8,161 to 11,440</u>	1.2 percent	5 percent	\$ <u>1,790</u>
39.30	<del>8,370 to 10,759</del>		<del>15</del>	<del>1,190</del>
39.31	<u>11,441 to 14,710</u>	1.3 percent	<u>10</u> percent	\$ <u>1,790</u>
39.32	<del>10,760 to 11,949</del>		<del>15</del>	<del>1,190</del>
39.33	14,711 to 16,340	1.4 percent	<u>10</u> percent	<u>\$_1,790</u>
39.34	<del>11,950 to 13,139</del>		<del>20</del>	<del>1,190</del>
39.35	16,341 to 17,960	1.4 percent	<u>15</u> percent	<u>\$_1,790</u>
39.36	<del>13,140 to 15,539</del>		<del>20</del>	<del>1,190</del>
39.37	17,961 to 21,240	1.5 percent	<u>15</u> percent	<u>\$_1,790</u>
39.38	<del>15,540 to 16,729</del>		<del>20</del>	<del>1,190</del>
39.39	21,241 to 22,870	1.6 percent	<u>15</u> percent	\$ <u>1,790</u>

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40.1	1(720 + 17.010		25	1 100
40.1 40.2	<del>16,730 to 17,919</del> 22,871 to 24,500	1.7 percent	25 20 percent	<del>1,190</del> \$ <u>1,790</u>
		1.7 percent	<u>20</u> percent 25	
40.3 40.4	<del>17,920 to 20,319</del> 24,501 to 27,780	1.8 percent	20 percent	<del>1,190</del> \$ <u>1,790</u>
40.5	20,320 to 21,509	1.6 percent	<u>20</u> percent 30	\$ <u>1,190</u> <u>1,190</u>
40.5 40.6	27,781 to 29,400	1.9 percent	<u>25</u> percent	\$ <u>1,790</u>
40.7	21,510 to 22,699	1.9 percent	<u>20</u> percent 30	<sup>(1,190)</sup> <del>1,190</del>
40.7	29,401 to 31,030	2.0 percent	25 percent	\$ 1,790
40.9	22,700 to 23,899	2.0 percent	<u>20</u> percent 30	<sup>4</sup> <u>1,190</u>
40.9	31,031 to 32,670	2.2 percent	25 percent	\$ 1,790
40.11	<del>23,900 to 25,089</del>	P	<u>=-</u> p == == == = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	+ <u>-1,190</u>
40.11	32,671 to 34,300	2.4 percent	25 percent	\$ 1,790
40.13	25,090 to 26,289	1	<u> </u>	1,190
40.14	34,301 to 35,940	2.6 percent	30 percent	\$ 1,790
40.15	<del>26,290 to 27,489</del>		<u>-</u> 1	<del>1,190</del>
40.16	35,941 to 37,580	2.7 percent	30 percent	\$ 1,790
40.17	<del>27,490 to 28,679</del>	-	<u></u>	1,190
40.18	37,581 to 39,200	2.8 percent	<u>30</u> percent	\$ 1,790
40.19	28,680 to 29,869		40	1,190
40.20	39,201 to 40,830	2.9 percent	<u>35</u> percent	\$ <u>1,790</u>
40.21	<del>29,870 to 31,079</del>		<del>40</del>	<del>1,190</del>
40.22	40,831 to 42,490	3.0 percent	<u>35</u> percent	\$ <u>1,790</u>
40.23	<del>31,080 to 32,269</del>		<del>40</del>	<del>1,190</del>
40.24	42,491 to 44,110	3.1 percent	<u>35</u> percent	\$ <u>1,790</u>
40.25	<del>32,270 to 33,459</del>		<del>40</del>	<del>1,190</del>
40.26	44,111 to 45,740	3.2 percent	<u>35</u> percent	\$ <u>1,790</u>
40.27	<del>33,460 to 34,649</del>		<del>45</del>	<del>1,080</del>
40.28	45,741 to 47,370	3.3 percent	40 percent	\$ <u>1,630</u>
40.29	<del>34,650 to 35,849</del>		<del>45</del>	<del>960</del>
40.30	47,371 to 49,010	3.4 percent	40 percent	\$ <u>1,440</u>
40.31	<del>35,850 to 37,049</del>		<del>45</del>	830
40.32	49,011 to 50,650	3.5 percent	$\underline{40}$ percent	\$ <u>1,240</u>
40.33	37,050 to 38,239		<del>50</del>	720
40.34	50,651 to 52,270	3.5 percent	45 percent	\$ <u>1,080</u>
40.35	38,240 to 39,439		<del>50</del>	<del>600</del>
40.36	52,271 to 53,910	3.5 percent	45 percent	\$ <u>900</u>
40.37	38,440 to 40,629	2.5	<del>50</del>	<del>360</del>
40.38	53,911 to 55,540	3.5 percent	45 percent	\$ _540
40.39	40,630 to 41,819	2.5	<del>50</del>	+ 100
40.40	55,541 to 57,170	3.5 percent	45 percent	\$ _180

40.41 The payment made to a claimant is the amount of the state refund calculated under 40.42 this subdivision. No payment is allowed if the claimant's household income is \$41,820 or 40.43 more than \$57,170.

# 40.44**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with refunds based on rent40.45constituting property taxes paid after December 31, 2012.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290A.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Inflation adjustment. (a) Beginning for property tax refunds payable in
calendar year 2002, the commissioner shall annually adjust the dollar amounts of the
income thresholds and the maximum refunds under subdivisions 2 and 2a for inflation.
The commissioner shall make the inflation adjustments in accordance with section 1(f) of
the Internal Revenue Code, except that for purposes of this subdivision the percentage
increase shall be determined as provided in this subdivision.

(b) In adjusting the dollar amounts of the income thresholds and the maximum
refunds under subdivision 2 for inflation, the percentage increase shall be determined from
the year ending on June 30, 2011, to the year ending on June 30 of the year preceding that
in which the refund is payable.

41.12 (c) In adjusting the dollar amounts of the income thresholds and the maximum
41.13 refunds under subdivision 2a for inflation, the percentage increase shall be determined
41.14 from the year ending on June 30, 2000 2013, to the year ending on June 30 of the year
41.15 preceding that in which the refund is payable.

(d) The commissioner shall use the appropriate percentage increase to annually
adjust the income thresholds and maximum refunds under subdivisions 2 and 2a for
inflation without regard to whether or not the income tax brackets are adjusted for inflation
in that year. The commissioner shall round the thresholds and the maximum amounts,
as adjusted to the nearest \$10 amount. If the amount ends in \$5, the commissioner shall
round it up to the next \$10 amount.

41.22 (e) The commissioner shall annually announce the adjusted refund schedule at the
41.23 same time provided under section 290.06. The determination of the commissioner under
41.24 this subdivision is not a rule under the Administrative Procedure Act.

41.25 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with refunds based on
41.26 rent paid after December 31, 2013.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290C.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 41.27 Subd. 6. Forest land. "Forest land" means land containing a minimum of 20 41.28 contiguous acres for which the owner has implemented a forest management plan that was 41.29 prepared or updated within the past ten years by an approved plan writer. For purposes of 41.30 this subdivision, acres are considered to be contiguous even if they are separated by a road, 41.31 waterway, railroad track, or other similar intervening property. At least 50 percent of the 41.32 contiguous acreage must meet the definition of forest land in section 88.01, subdivision 41.33 7. For the purposes of sections 290C.01 to 290C.11, forest land does not include (i) 41.34 41.35 land used for residential or agricultural purposes, (ii) land enrolled in the reinvest in

42.1	Minnesota program, a state or federal conservation reserve or easement reserve program
42.2	under sections 103F.501 to 103F.531, the Minnesota agricultural property tax law under
42.3	section 273.111, or land subject to agricultural land preservation controls or restrictions
42.4	as defined in section 40A.02 or under the Metropolitan Agricultural Preserves Act under
42.5	chapter 473H, or (iii) land exceeding 60,000 acres that is subject to a single conservation
42.6	easement funded under section 97A.056 or a comparable permanent easement conveyed
42.7	to a governmental nonprofit entity; (iv) any land that becomes subject to a conservation
42.8	easement funded under section 97A.056 or a comparable permanent easement conveyed to
42.9	a governmental or nonprofit entity after the effective date of this act; or (v) land improved
42.10	with a structure, pavement, sewer, campsite, or any road, other than a township road, used
42.11	for purposes not prescribed in the forest management plan.
42.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for calculations made in 2013 and
42.13	thereafter.
42.14	Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290C.03, is amended to read:
42.15	290C.03 ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.
42.16	(a) Land may be enrolled in the sustainable forest incentive program under this
42.17	chapter if all of the following conditions are met:
42.18	(1) the land consists of at least 20 contiguous acres and at least 50 percent of the
42.19	land must meet the definition of forest land in section 88.01, subdivision 7, during the
42.20	enrollment;
42.21	(2) a forest management plan for the land must be prepared by an approved plan
42.22	writer and implemented during the period in which the land is enrolled;
42.23	(3) timber harvesting and forest management guidelines must be used in conjunction
42.24	with any timber harvesting or forest management activities conducted on the land during
42.25	the period in which the land is enrolled;
42.26	(4) the land must be enrolled for a minimum of eight years;
42.27	(5) there are no delinquent property taxes on the land; and
42.28	(6) claimants enrolling more than 1,920 acres in the sustainable forest incentive
42.29	program must allow year-round, nonmotorized access to fish and wildlife resources and
42.30	motorized access on established and maintained roads and trails, unless the road or trail is
42.31	temporarily closed for safety, natural resource, or road damage reasons on enrolled land
42.32	except within one-fourth mile of a permanent dwelling or during periods of high fire
42.33	hazard as determined by the commissioner of natural resources.

(b) Claimants required to allow access under paragraph (a), clause (6), do not by 43.1 that action: 43.2

(1) extend any assurance that the land is safe for any purpose; 43.3

- (2) confer upon the person the legal status of an invitee or licensee to whom a duty 43.4 of care is owed; or 43.5
- (3) assume responsibility for or incur liability for any injury to the person or property 43.6 caused by an act or omission of the person. 43.7

#### EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for calculations made in 2013 and 43.8 thereafter. 43.9

- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290C.055, is amended to read: 43.10
- 43.11

290C.055 LENGTH OF COVENANT.

(a) The covenant remains in effect for a minimum of eight years. If land is removed 43.12 from the program before it has been enrolled for four years, the covenant remains in 43.13

- effect for eight years from the date recorded. 43.14
- (b) If land that has been enrolled for four years or more is removed from the program 43.15 for any reason, there is a waiting period before the covenant terminates. The covenant 43.16
- terminates on January 1 of the fifth calendar year that begins after the date that: 43.17
- (1) the commissioner receives notification from the claimant that the claimant wishes 43.18 to remove the land from the program under section 290C.10; or 43.19
- 43.20 (2) the date that the land is removed from the program under section 290C.11.
- (c) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, the covenant is terminated: 43.21
- (1) at the same time that the land is removed from the program due to acquisition of 43.22 title or possession for a public purpose under section 290C.10; or 43.23
- (2) at the request of the claimant after a reduction in payments due to changes in the 43.24 payment formula under section 290C.07. 43.25

#### EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for calculations made in 2013 and 43.26 thereafter. 43.27

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290C.07, is amended to read: 43.28

#### 290C.07 CALCULATION OF INCENTIVE PAYMENT. 43.29

(a) An approved claimant under the sustainable forest incentive program is eligible 43.30

to receive an annual payment. The payment shall equal \$7 \$7.25 per acre for each acre 43.31

enrolled in the sustainable forest incentive program. 43.32

(b) The annual payment for each Social Security number or state or federal business
tax identification number must not exceed \$100,000.

### 44.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for calculations made in 2013 and 44.4 thereafter.

44.5 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 428A.101, is amended to read:

# 44.6 428A.101 DEADLINE FOR SPECIAL SERVICE DISTRICT UNDER 44.7 GENERAL LAW.

- The establishment of a new special service district after June 30, 2013 2018, requires
  enactment of a special law authorizing the establishment.
- 44.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 44.11 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 428A.21, is amended to read:

### 44.12 428A.21 DEADLINE FOR HOUSING IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS UNDER 44.13 GENERAL LAW.

- 44.14 The establishment of a new housing improvement area after June 30, 2013 2018,
  44.15 requires enactment of a special law authorizing the establishment of the area.
- 44.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 435.19, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 44.17 Subd. 2. State property. In the case of property owned by the state or any 44.18 instrumentality thereof, the governing body of the city or town may must determine 44.19 the amount that would have been assessed had the land been privately owned. Such 44.20 The determination shall be made only after the governing body has held a hearing on 44.21 the proposed assessment after at least two weeks' notice of the hearing has been given 44.22 by registered or certified mail to the head of the instrumentality, department or agency 44.23 having jurisdiction over the property. The instrumentality, department, or agency may, 44.24 after consultation and agreement by the governing body of the city or town, pay an 44.25 amount less than the amount determined. The amount thus determined may be paid by 44.26 the instrumentality, department or agency from available funds. If no funds are available 44.27 and such instrumentality, department or agency is supported in whole or in part by 44.28 appropriations from the general fund, then it shall include in its next budget request the 44.29 amount thus determined. No instrumentality, department or agency shall be bound by the 44.30 determination of the governing body and may pay from available funds or recommend 44.31

payment in such lesser amount as it determines is the measure of the benefit received by 45.1 the land from the improvement. 45.2 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2013 and 45.3 45.4 thereafter, for taxes payable in 2014 and thereafter. Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 435.19, is amended by adding a subdivision 45.5 to read: 45.6 Subd. 6. Appropriation. (a) There is annually appropriated from the general 45.7 45.8 fund and credited to the agency assessment account in the special revenue fund, \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2014 and each year thereafter. Money in the agency assessment 45.9 account is appropriated annually to the commissioner of revenue for grants to reimburse 45.10 45.11 instrumentalities, departments, or agencies for payment of special assessments, as required 45.12 under subdivision 2. 45.13 (b) Of the amounts appropriated in paragraph (a), the commissioner shall first allocate \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2014 only to the city of Moose Lake to reimburse for 45.14 payments related to connection of state facilities to the sewer line. 45.15 45.16 (c) Notwithstanding the allocation under paragraph (b), the commissioner shall distribute the reimbursements equally between the metropolitan area and greater Minnesota. 45.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2013. 45.18 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 473F.08, is amended by adding a subdivision 45.19 45.20 to read: Subd. 3c. Bloomington computation. Effective for property taxes payable in 45.21 2014 through taxes payable in 2023, after the Hennepin County auditor has computed 45.22 the areawide portion of the levy for the city of Bloomington pursuant to subdivision 3, 45.23 clause (a), the auditor shall annually add \$4,000,000 to the city of Bloomington's areawide 45.24 portion of the levy. The total areawide portion of the levy for the city of Bloomington, 45.25 including the additional \$4,000,000 certified pursuant to this subdivision shall be certified 45.26 by the Hennepin County auditor to the administrative auditor pursuant to subdivision 5. 45.27 The Hennepin County auditor shall distribute to the city of Bloomington the additional 45.28 areawide portion of the levy computed pursuant to this subdivision at the same time 45.29 that payments are made to the other counties pursuant to subdivision 7a. The additional 45.30 distribution to the city of Bloomington under this subdivision terminates effective for 45.31 45.32 taxes payable year 2023.

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46.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable years 2014 through
46.2	<u>2023.</u>
46.3	Sec. 36. Laws 1988, chapter 645, section 3, as amended by Laws 1999, chapter 243,
46.4	article 6, section 9, Laws 2000, chapter 490, article 6, section 15, and Laws 2008, chapter
46.5	154, article 2, section 30, is amended to read:
46.6	Sec. 3. TAX; PAYMENT OF EXPENSES.
46.7	(a) The tax levied by the hospital district under Minnesota Statutes, section 447.34,
46.8	must not be levied at a rate that exceeds the amount authorized to be levied under that
46.9	section. The proceeds of the tax may be used for all purposes of the hospital district,
46.10	except as provided in paragraph (b).
46.11	(b) 0.015 percent of taxable market value of the tax in paragraph (a) may be used
46.12	solely by the Cook ambulance service and the Orr ambulance service for the purpose of
46.13	eapital expenditures as it relates to:
46.14	(1) ambulance acquisitions for the Cook ambulance service and the Orr ambulance
46.15	service and not;
46.16	(2) attached and portable equipment for use in and for the ambulances; and
46.17	(3) parts and replacement parts for maintenance and repair of the ambulances.
46.18	The money may not be used for administrative, operation, or salary expenses.
46.19	(c) The part of the levy referred to in paragraph (b) must be administered by the
46.20	Cook Hospital and passed on in equal amounts directly to the Cook area ambulance
46.21	service board and the city of Orr to be held in trust until funding for a new ambulance is
46.22	needed by either the Cook ambulance service or the Orr ambulance service used for the
46.23	purposes in paragraph (b).
46.24	Sec. 37. Laws 1999, chapter 243, article 6, section 11, is amended to read:
46.25	Sec. 11. CEMETERY LEVY FOR SAWYER BY CARLTON COUNTY.
46.26	Subdivision 1. Levy authorized. Notwithstanding other law to the contrary, the
46.27	Carlton county board of commissioners may annually levy in and for the unorganized
46.28	township of Sawyer an amount up to \$1,000 annually for cemetery purposes, beginning
46.29	with taxes payable in 2000 and ending with taxes payable in 2009.
46.30	Subd. 2. Effective date. This section is effective June 1, 1999, without local

46.31 approval.

46.32 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section applies to taxes payable in 2014 and thereafter,
 46.33 and is effective the day after the Carlton county board of commissioners and its chief

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47.1 clerical officer timely complete their compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section
47.2 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

47.3 Sec. 38. Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 5, section 33, the effective date, is amended to
47.4 read:

47.5 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes levied in 2008, payable in
47.6 2009, and is repealed effective for taxes levied in 2013 2018, payable in 2014 2019,
47.7 and thereafter.

47.8

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2014.

Sec. 39. Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 2, section 46, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 47.9 Subdivision 1. Agreement. The city of Cloquet and Perch Lake Township, by 47.10 resolution of each of their governing bodies, may establish the Cloquet Area Fire and 47.11 Ambulance Taxing District for the purpose of providing fire and or ambulance services, 47.12 or both, throughout the district. In this section, "municipality" means home rule charter 47.13 and statutory cities, towns, and Indian tribes. The district may exercise all the powers 47.14 relating to fire and ambulance services of the municipalities that receive fire and or 47.15 ambulance services, or both, from the district. Upon application, any other municipality 47.16 that is contiguous to a municipality that is a member of the district may join the district 47.17 with the agreement of the municipalities that comprise the district at the time of its 47.18 application to join. 47.19

Sec. 40. Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 2, section 46, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 47.20 Subd. 3. Tax. The district board may impose a property tax on taxable property 47.21 in the district as provided in this subdivision. This The board shall annually determine 47.22 the total amount of the levy that is attributable to the cost of providing fire services 47.23 and the cost of providing ambulance services within the primary service area. For 47.24 those municipalities that only receive ambulance services, the costs for the provision of 47.25 ambulance services shall be levied against taxable property within those municipalities 47.26 at a rate necessary not to exceed 0.019 percent of the taxable market value. For those 47.27 municipalities that receive both fire and ambulance services, the tax shall be imposed at a 47.28 rate that does not exceed 0.2835 percent of taxable market value for taxes payable in 2010. 47.29 The board shall annually determine the separate amounts of the levy that are attributable 47.30 to the cost of providing fire services and the cost of providing ambulance services. Costs 47.31 for the provision of ambulance services shall be levied against taxable property within the 47.32

48.1	area of the district that receive the services. Costs for the provision of fire services shall be
48.2	levied against taxable property within the area of the district that receive the services.
48.3	When a member municipality opts to receive fire service from the district or an
48.4	additional municipality becomes a member of the district, the additional cost of providing
48.5	ambulance and fire services to that municipality will community shall be determined by
48.6	the board and added to the maximum levy amount.
48.7	Each county auditor of a county that contains a municipality subject to the tax under
48.8	this section must collect the tax and pay it to the Fire and Ambulance Special Taxing
48.9	District. The district may also impose other fees or charges as allowed by law for the
48.10	provision of fire and ambulance services.
48.11	Sec. 41. Laws 2010, chapter 389, article 1, section 12, the effective date, is amended to
48.12	read:
48.13	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for assessment years 2010 and 2011
48.14	through 2016, for taxes payable in 2011 and 2012 through 2017.
48.15	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for assessment years 2012 through
48.16	<u>2016.</u>
48.17	Sec. 42. REIMBURSEMENT FOR PROPERTY TAX ABATEMENTS;
48.18	APPROPRIATION.
48.19	Subdivision 1. Reimbursement. The commissioner of revenue shall reimburse
48.20	taxing jurisdictions for property tax abatements granted in Hennepin County under Laws
48.21	2011, First Special Session chapter 7, article 5, section 13, notwithstanding the time limits
48.22	contained in that section. The reimbursements must be made to each taxing jurisdiction
48.23	pursuant to the certification of the Hennepin County auditor.
48.24	Subd. 2. Appropriation. In fiscal year 2014 only, \$336,000 is appropriated to the
48.25	commissioner of revenue from the general fund to make the payments required in this
48.26	section.
48.27	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
48.28	Sec. 43. ST. PAUL BALL PARK, PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION; SPECIAL
48.29	ASSESSMENT.
48.30	Any real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied
48.31	by the city of St. Paul for the primary purpose of providing a ball park for a minor league
48.32	baseball team is declared to be acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, and occupied for

49.1	public, governmental, and municipal purposes, and is exempt from ad valorem taxation
49.2	by the state or any political subdivision of the state, provided that the properties are
49.3	subject to special assessments levied by a political subdivision for a local improvement in
49.4	amounts proportionate to and not exceeding the special benefit received by the properties
49.5	from the improvement. In determining the special benefit received by the properties, no
49.6	possible use of any of the properties in any manner different from their intended use
49.7	for providing a minor league ballpark at the time may be considered. Notwithstanding
49.8	Minnesota Statutes, section 272.01, subdivision 2, or 273.19, real or personal property
49.9	subject to a lease or use agreement between the city and another person for uses related to
49.10	the purposes of the operation of the ballpark and related parking facilities is exempt from
49.11	taxation regardless of the length of the lease or use agreement. This section, insofar as it
49.12	provides an exemption or special treatment, does not apply to any real property that is
49.13	leased for residential, business, or commercial development or other purposes different
49.14	from those necessary to the provision and operation of the ball park.

- 49.15 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after compliance by the
  49.16 governing body of the city of St. Paul with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
- 49.17 <u>subdivisions 2 and 3.</u>

### 49.18 Sec. 44. <u>PUBLIC ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY; PROPERTY TAX</u> 49.19 EXEMPTION; SPECIAL ASSESSMENT.

Any real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied 49.20 by the city of Minneapolis for the primary purpose of providing an arena for a professional 49.21 basketball team is declared to be acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, and occupied 49.22 for public, governmental, and municipal purposes, and is exempt from ad valorem taxation 49.23 by the state or any political subdivision of the state, provided that the properties are 49.24 subject to special assessments levied by a political subdivision for a local improvement in 49.25 amounts proportionate to and not exceeding the special benefit received by the properties 49.26 from the improvement. In determining the special benefit received by the properties, no 49.27 possible use of any of the properties in any manner different from their intended use for 49.28 providing a professional basketball arena at the time may be considered. Notwithstanding 49.29 Minnesota Statutes, section 272.01, subdivision 2, or 273.19, real or personal property 49 30 subject to a lease or use agreement between the city and another person for uses related to 49.31 the purposes of the operation of the arena and related parking facilities is exempt from 49.32 taxation regardless of the length of the lease or use agreement. This section, insofar as 49.33 49.34 it provides an exemption or special treatment, does not apply to any real property that

50.1	is leased for residential, business, or commercial development, or for other purposes
50.2	different from those necessary to the provision and operation of the arena.
50.3	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after compliance by the
50.4	governing body of the city of Minneapolis with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
50.5	subdivisions 2 and 3.
50.6	Sec. 45. PUBLIC ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY; CONSTRUCTION
50.7	MANAGER AT RISK.
50.8	(a) For any real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or
50.9	occupied by the city of Minneapolis for the primary purpose of providing an arena for
50.10	a professional basketball team, the city of Minneapolis may contract for construction,
50.11	materials, supplies, and equipment in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section
50.12	471.345, except that the city may employ or contract with persons, firms, or corporations
50.13	to perform one or more or all of the functions of an engineer, architect, construction
50.14	manager, or program manager with respect to all or any part of a project to renovate,
50.15	refurbish, and remodel the arena under either the traditional design-bid-build or
50.16	construction manager at risk, or a combination thereof.
50.17	(b) The city may prepare a request for proposals for one or more of the functions
50.18	described in paragraph (a). The request must be published in a newspaper of general
50.19	circulation. The city may prequalify offerors by issuing a request for qualifications, in
50.20	advance of the request for proposals, and select a short list of responsible offerors to
50.21	submit proposals.
50.22	(c) As provided in the request for proposals, the city may conduct discussions and
50.23	negotiations with responsible offerors in order to determine which proposal is most
50.24	advantageous to the city and to negotiate the terms of an agreement. In conducting
50.25	discussions, there shall be no disclosure of any information derived from proposals
50.26	submitted by competing offerors and the content of all proposals is nonpublic data under
50.27	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13, until such time as a notice to award a contract is given
50.28	by the city.
50.29	(d) Upon agreement on the guaranteed maximum price, the construction manager
50.30	or program manager may enter into contracts with subcontractors for labor, materials,
50.31	supplies, and equipment for the renovation project through the process of public bidding,
50.32	except that the construction manager or program manager may, with the consent of the city:
50.33	(1) narrow the listing of eligible bidders to those that the construction manager
50.34	or program manager determines to possess sufficient expertise to perform the intended
50.35	functions;

(2) award contracts to the subcontractors that the construction manager or program 51.1 manager determines provide the best value under a request for proposals, as described 51.2 in Minnesota Statutes, section 16C.28, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2)(c), that 51.3 51.4 are not required to be the lowest responsible bidder; and (3) for work the construction manager or program manager determines to be 51.5 critical to the completion schedule, perform work with its own forces without soliciting 51.6 competitive bids or proposals, if the construction manager or program manager provides 51.7 evidence of competitive pricing. 51.8 51.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after compliance by the governing body of the city of Minneapolis with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, 51.10 subdivisions 2 and 3. 51.11 Sec. 46. MORATORIUM ON CHANGES IN ASSESSMENT PRACTICE. 51.12 (a) An assessor may not deviate from current practices or policies used generally in 51.13

51.14 <u>assessing or determining the taxable status of property used in the production of biofuels,</u>
51.15 wine, beer, distilled beverages, or dairy products.

51.16 (b) An assessor may not change the taxable status of any existing property involved

51.17 in the industrial processes identified in paragraph (a), unless the change is made as a result

51.18 of a change in the use of property, or to correct an error. For currently taxable properties,

51.19 the assessor may change the estimated market value of the property.

 51.20
 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment years 2013 and 2014

 51.21
 only.

### 51.22 Sec. 47. STUDY AND REPORT ON CERTAIN PROPERTY USED IN

### 51.23 **BUSINESS AND PRODUCTION.**

In order to provide the legislature with information and recommendations related 51.24 to the past, present, and future options for assessment of property used in business 51.25 and production activities, the commissioner of revenue with the cooperation of the 51.26 commissioners of agriculture and economic development must study the impact of 51.27 alternative interpretations and application related to the real and personal property 51.28 provisions contained in Minnesota Statutes, section 272.03, subdivisions 1 and 2. The 51.29 commissioner must report a summary of findings and recommendations to the chairs and 51.30 ranking minority members of the agriculture, energy, and tax committees of the senate and 51.31 house of representatives by February 1, 2014. The commissioner shall provide for the 51.32 involvement and participation stakeholders from the business and production industry in 51.33

- the study and recommendations. The study and recommendations shall include, but not 52.1 be limited to: 52.2 (1) the past and present tax application to process in the production of a product; 52.3 52.4 (2) exemption from real property for process components of production such as tanks or containment vessels or other devices wherein a molecular, chemical, or biological 52.5 change occurs such that the intended output from the production process is a different 52.6 substance from that which was introduced into the tanks, vessels, or other devices 52.7 and removal of a tank, device or vessel from the process that would stop or harm the 52.8 production of the final intended product; 52.9 (3) definitions for process equipment; 52.10 (4) the potential economic and competitive impact in relation to other midwestern 52.11 states; 52.12 (5) the impact on state and local taxes from 2009 to the present and into the future; 52.13 (6) the past, present, and future impact on business and production industries; 52.14 52.15 (7) impact on Minnesota's renewable energy goal attainment; and (8) other elements considered important for legislative consideration. 52.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 52.17 52.18 Sec. 48. REENROLLMENT; SUSTAINABLE FOREST INCENTIVE **PROGRAM.** 52.19 A person who elected to terminate participation in the sustainable forest incentive 52.20 program, as provided in Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 7, article 6, section 12, 52.21 may reenroll lands for which the claimant terminated participation. A person must apply 52.22 for reenrollment under this section within 60 days after the effective date of this section. 52.23 52.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 49. PROPERTY TAX SAVINGS REPORT. 52.25 (a) In addition to the certification of its proposed property tax levy under Minnesota 52.26 Statutes, section 275.065, each city that has a population over 500 and each county shall 52.27 also include the amount of sales and use tax paid, or was estimated to be paid, in 2012. 52.28 (b) At the time the notice of the proposed property taxes is mailed as required under 52.29
- 52.30 Minnesota Statutes, section 275.065, subdivision 3, the county treasurer shall also include
- 52.31 <u>a separate statement providing a list of sales and use tax certified by the county and cities</u>
- 52.32 within their jurisdiction.

(c) At the public hearing required under Minnesota Statutes, section 275.065, 53.1 53.2 subdivision 3, the county and city must discuss the estimated savings realized to their budgets that resulted from the sales tax exemption authorized under Minnesota Statutes, 53.3 section 297A.70, subdivision 2, and how those savings will be used for property tax levy 53.4 reductions, fee reductions, and other purposes as deemed appropriate. 53.5 Reasonable costs of preparing the notice required in this section must be apportioned 53.6 between taxing jurisdictions as follows: 53.7 (1) one-half is allocated to the county; and 53.8 (2) one-half is allocated among the cities. 53.9 The amount allocated in clause (2) must be further apportioned among all the cities 53.10 in the proportion that the number of parcels in the city bears to the number of parcels in all 53.11 53.12 the cities that have populations over 500. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment, 53.13 for taxes levied in 2013 and payable in 2014. 53.14 Sec. 50. METROPOLITAN FISCAL DISPARITIES WORKING GROUP. 53.15 53.16 (a) The commissioner of revenue shall convene a working group of interested individuals to examine the issues faced by local governments that are required to pay for 53.17 services which are otherwise generally provided throughout the seven-county metropolitan 53.18 area by the Metropolitan Council. The commissioner of revenue shall chair the initial 53.19 meeting, and the working group shall elect a chair at that initial meeting. The working 53.20 group will meet at the call of the chair, but must meet at least three times during the 53.21 legislative interim. Members of the working group shall serve without compensation. The 53.22 commissioner of revenue must provide administrative support to the working group. 53.23 53.24 (b) The working group may make its advisory recommendations to the chairs of house of representatives and senate tax committees on or before February 1, 2014, at 53.25 which time the working group shall expire. 53.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 53.27 Sec. 51. REPEALER. 53.28 Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 275.025, subdivision 4, is repealed. 53.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2014. 53.30

### 54.1

54.2

#### **EDUCATION AIDS AND LEVIES**

**ARTICLE 3** 

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 124D.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 54.3 Subdivision 1. General education revenue. (a) General education revenue must 54.4 be paid to a charter school as though it were a district. The general education revenue 54.5 for each adjusted marginal cost pupil unit is the state average general education revenue 54.6 per pupil unit, plus the referendum equalization aid allowance in the pupil's district of 54.7 residence, minus an amount equal to the product of the formula allowance according 54.8 to section 126C.10, subdivision 2, times .0485 .0465, calculated without basic skills 54.9 revenue, extended time revenue, alternative teacher compensation revenue, equity 54.10 revenue, pension adjustment revenue, transition revenue, education advancement revenue, 54.11 54.12 and transportation sparsity revenue, plus basic skills revenue, extended time revenue, basic alternative teacher compensation aid according to section 126C.10, subdivision 34, 54.13 equity revenue, pension adjustment revenue, and transition revenue as though the school 54.14 54.15 were a school district. The general education revenue for each extended time marginal eost pupil unit equals  $\frac{4,378}{4,722}$ . 54.16 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for charter schools in the first year of operation, 54.17 general education revenue shall be computed using the number of adjusted pupil units 54.18 in the current fiscal year. 54.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2015 54.20 54.21 and later. Sec. 2. [124D.862] ACHIEVEMENT AND INTEGRATION REVENUE. 54.22 Subdivision 1. Eligibility. A school district is eligible for achievement and 54.23 integration revenue under this section if the district has a biennial achievement and 54.24 integration plan approved by the department under section 124D.861. Priority for funding 54.25 must be given to eligible school districts that include methods that have been effective in 54.26 reducing disparities in student achievement in the district's biennial plan. 54.27 Subd. 2. Achievement and integration revenue. (a) For fiscal year 2014, initial 54.28 achievement and integration revenue for an eligible district equals the lesser of the 54.29 district's expenditure for the fiscal year under its budget according to subdivision 1a or the 54.30 greater of: (1) 90 percent of the district's integration revenue for fiscal year 2013 under 54.31 Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 124D.86, or (2) the sum of: (i) \$361 times the district's 54.32 adjusted pupil units for the prior fiscal year computed using the pupil unit weights effective 54.33

54.34 <u>under section 126C.05 for fiscal year 2015 and later, times the district's enrollment of</u>

55.1	protected students as a percent of its total enrollment on October 1 of the prior fiscal year,
55.2	plus (ii) \$100 times the district's adjusted pupil units for the prior fiscal year computed
55.3	using the pupil unit weights effective under section 126C.05 for fiscal year 2015 and later
55.4	times the district's enrollment of protected students as a percent of its total enrollment on
55.5	October 1 of the prior fiscal year times the district's focus rating for the prior fiscal year
55.6	under Minnesota's 2012 Elementary and Secondary Education Act flexibility request.
55.7	(b) For fiscal year 2015 and later, initial achievement and integration revenue for
55.8	an eligible district equals the lesser of the district's expenditure for the fiscal year under
55.9	its budget according to subdivision 1a or the greater of: (1) 63 percent of the district's
55.10	integration revenue for fiscal year 2013 under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 124D.86,
55.11	or (2) the sum of: (i) \$361 times the district's adjusted pupil units for the prior fiscal year
55.12	computed using the pupil unit weights effective under section 126C.05 for fiscal year 2015
55.13	and later, times the district's enrollment of protected students as a percent of its total
55.14	enrollment on October 1 of the prior fiscal year, plus (ii) 100 times the district's adjusted
55.15	pupil units for the prior fiscal year computed using the pupil unit weights effective under
55.16	section 126C.05 for fiscal year 2015 and later, times the district's enrollment of protected
55.17	students as a percent of its total enrollment on October 1 of the prior fiscal year times the
55.18	district's focus rating for the prior fiscal year under Minnesota's 2012 Elementary and
55.19	Secondary Education Act flexibility request.
55.20	(c) In each year, .02 percent of each district's initial achievement and integration
55.21	revenue is transferred to the Department of Education for the oversight and accountability
55.22	activities required under this section and section 124D.861.
55.23	(d) A district that did not meet its achievement goals established in section 124D.861
55.24	for the previous biennium must report to the commissioner the reasons why the goals were
55.25	not met. The district must submit a two-year improvement plan to achieve the unmet goals
55.26	from its achievement and integration plan. A district that does not meet its goals in the
55.27	improvement plan must have its initial achievement and integration revenue reduced by
55.28	20 percent for the current year.
55.29	(e) Any revenue saved by the reductions in paragraph (d) must be proportionately
55.30	reallocated on a per adjusted pupil unit basis to all districts that met their achievement
55.31	goals in the previous biennium.
55.32	Subd. 3. Achievement and integration aid. A district's achievement and
55.33	integration aid for fiscal year 2014 and later equals the difference between the district's
55.34	achievement and integration revenue and its achievement and integration levy.
55.35	Subd. 4. Achievement and integration levy. For fiscal year 2014 and later,
55.36	a district may levy an amount equal to 30 percent of the district's achievement and

56.1	integration revenue as defined in subdivision 2. For fiscal year 2014 only, a district's
56.2	achievement and integration levy equals the amount the district was authorized to levy
56.3	under Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 11, article 2, section 49, paragraph (f).
56.4	Subd. 5. Revenue reserved. Integration revenue received under this section must
56.5	be reserved and used only for the programs authorized in subdivision 6.
56.6	Subd. 6. Revenue uses. At least 80 percent of a district's achievement and
56.7	integration revenue received under this section must be used for innovative and integrated
56.8	learning environments, family engagement activities, and other approved programs
56.9	providing direct services to students. Up to 20 percent of the revenue may be used for
56.10	professional development and staff development activities, and not more than ten percent
56.11	of this share of the revenue may be used for administrative expenditures.
56.12 56.13	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2014 and later.
56.14	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
56.15	Subdivision 1. General education revenue. (a) For fiscal years 2013 and 2014, the
56.16	general education revenue for each district equals the sum of the district's basic revenue,
56.17	extended time revenue, gifted and talented revenue, small schools revenue, basic skills
56.18	revenue, training and experience revenue, secondary sparsity revenue, elementary sparsity
56.19	revenue, transportation sparsity revenue, total operating capital revenue, equity revenue,
56.20	alternative teacher compensation revenue, and transition revenue.
56.21	(b) For fiscal year 2015 and later, the general education revenue for each district
56.22	equals the sum of the district's basic revenue, extended time revenue, gifted and talented

56.23 revenue, declining enrollment revenue, small schools revenue, basic supplemental

56.24 revenue, basic skills revenue, secondary sparsity revenue, elementary sparsity revenue,

56.25 <u>transportation sparsity revenue, total operating capital revenue, education advancement</u>

56.26 revenue, equity revenue, pension adjustment revenue, safe schools revenue, and transition
56.27 revenue.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.10, subdivision 27, is amended to read:
Subd. 27. District equity index. (a) A district's equity index equals the greater
of zero or the ratio of the sum of the district equity gap amount to the regional equity
gap amount \$1,600 minus the district's referendum revenue under section 126C.17,
subdivision 4, per adjusted pupil unit to \$1,600.

(b) A charter school's equity index equals the greater of zero or the ratio of \$1,600 57.1 minus the school's general education revenue attributable to referendum equalization aid 57.2 under section 124D.11, subdivision 1, per adjusted pupil unit to \$1,600. 57.3 57.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2015 and later. 57.5 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.10, is amended by adding a subdivision 57.6 to read: 57.7 Subd. 37. Education advancement revenue. The education advancement revenue 57.8 for each district equals the advancement allowance times the adjusted pupil units for the 57.9 school year. The advancement allowance for fiscal year 2015 and later years is \$300. 57.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2015 57.11 and later. 57.12 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.10, is amended by adding a subdivision 57.13 to read: 57.14 Subd. 39. Education advancement levy. To obtain education advancement 57.15 revenue, a district may levy an amount not more than the product of its education 57.16 advancement revenue for the fiscal year times the lesser of one or the ratio of its 57.17 referendum market value per resident pupil unit to the education advancement revenue 57.18 equalizing factor. The education advancement revenue equalizing factor equals \$785,000. 57.19 57.20 If a district adopts a board resolution to levy less than the permitted levy, the district's education advancement aid shall be reduced proportionately. 57.21 57.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2015 and later. 57.23 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.10, is amended by adding a subdivision 57.24 to read: 57.25 Subd. 40. Education advancement aid. For fiscal year 2015 and later, a school 57.26 district's education advancement aid is the product of: (1) the difference between the 57.27 district's education advancement revenue and the education advancement levy; times (2) 57.28 the ratio of the actual amount levied to the permitted levy. 57.29 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2015 57.30 and later.

57.31

58.1	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.13, is amended by adding a subdivision
58.2	to read:
58.3	Subd. 3c. General education levy; districts off the formula. (a) If the amount of
58.4	the general education levy for a district exceeds the district's general education revenue,
58.5	excluding equity revenue, transition revenue, and education advancement revenue, the
58.6	amount of the general education levy must be limited to the district's general education
58.7	revenue, excluding equity revenue, transition revenue, and education advancement revenue.
58.8	(b) A levy made according to this subdivision shall also be construed to be the levy
58.9	made according to subdivision 3b.
58.10	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.13, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
58.11	Subd. 4. General education aid. (a) For fiscal years 2007 2013 and later 2014 only,
58.12	a district's general education aid is the sum of the following amounts:
58.13	(1) general education revenue, excluding equity revenue, total operating capital
58.14	revenue, alternative teacher compensation revenue, and transition revenue;
58.15	(2) operating capital aid under section 126C.10, subdivision 13b;
58.16	(3) equity aid under section 126C.10, subdivision 30;
58.17	(4) alternative teacher compensation aid under section 126C.10, subdivision 36;
58.18	(5) transition aid under section 126C.10, subdivision 33;
58.19	(6) shared time aid under section 126C.01, subdivision 7;
58.20	(7) referendum aid under section 126C.17, subdivisions 7 and 7a; and
58.21	(8) online learning aid according to section 124D.096.
58.22	(b) For fiscal year 2015 and later, a district's general education aid equals:
58.23	(1) general education revenue, excluding equity revenue, transition revenue, and
58.24	education advancement revenue, minus the general education levy, multiplied times the
58.25	ratio of the actual amount of general education levied to the permitted general education
58.26	levy; plus
58.27	(2) equity aid under section 126C.10, subdivision 30; plus
58.28	(3) transition aid under section 126C.10, subdivision 33; plus
58.29	(4) education advancement aid under section 126C.10, subdivision 40; plus
58.30	(5) shared time aid under section 126C.10, subdivision 7; plus
58.31	(6) referendum aid under section 126C.17, subdivisions 7 and 7a; plus
58.32	(7) online learning aid under section 124D.096.

58.33 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.17, is amended to read:

#### 58.34 **126C.17 REFERENDUM REVENUE.**

59.1	Subdivision 1. Referendum allowance. (a) For fiscal year 2003 and later, a district's
59.2	initial referendum revenue allowance equals the sum of the allowance under section
59.3	126C.16, subdivision 2, plus any additional allowance per resident marginal cost pupil
59.4	unit authorized under subdivision 9 before May 1, 2001, for fiscal year 2002 and later,
59.5	plus the referendum conversion allowance approved under subdivision 13, minus \$415.
59.6	For districts with more than one referendum authority, the reduction must be computed
59.7	separately for each authority. The reduction must be applied first to the referendum
59.8	conversion allowance and next to the authority with the earliest expiration date. A
59.9	district's initial referendum revenue allowance may not be less than zero.
59.10	(b) For fiscal year 2003, a district's referendum revenue allowance equals the initial
59.11	referendum allowance plus any additional allowance per resident marginal cost pupil unit
59.12	authorized under subdivision 9 between April 30, 2001, and December 30, 2001, for
59.13	fiscal year 2003 and later.
59.14	(c) For fiscal year 2004 and later, a district's referendum revenue allowance equals
59.15	the sum of:
59.16	(1) the product of (i) the ratio of the resident marginal cost pupil units the district
59.17	would have counted for fiscal year 2004 under Minnesota Statutes 2002, section 126C.05,
59.18	to the district's resident marginal cost pupil units for fiscal year 2004, times (ii) the initial
59.19	referendum allowance plus any additional allowance per resident marginal cost pupil unit
59.20	authorized under subdivision 9 between April 30, 2001, and May 30, 2003, for fiseal
59.21	year 2003 and later, plus
59.22	(2) any additional allowance per resident marginal cost pupil unit authorized under
59.23	subdivision 9 after May 30, 2003, for fiscal year 2005 and later.
59.24	(a) A district's initial referendum allowance for fiscal year 2015 equals the result of
59.25	the following calculations:
59.26	(1) multiply the referendum allowance the district would have received for fiscal
59.27	year 2015 under section 126C.17, subdivision 1, based on elections held before July 1,
59.28	2013, by the resident marginal cost pupil units the district would have counted for fiscal
59.29	year 2015 under section 126C.05;
59.30	(2) add to the result of clause (1) the adjustment the district would have received
59.31	under section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), based on elections
59.32	held before July 1, 2013;
59.33	(3) divide the result of clause (2) by the district's adjusted pupil units for fiscal
59.34	year 2015, notwithstanding section 126C.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (d), calculated as
59.35	though a kindergarten pupil not included in section 126C.05, subdivision 1, paragraph
59.36	(c), is counted as 0.55 pupil units, and subtract \$300; and

60.1	(4) if the result of clause (3) is less than zero, set the allowance to zero.
60.2	(b) A district's referendum allowance equals the sum of the district's initial
60.3	referendum allowance for fiscal year 2015, plus any additional referendum allowance per
60.4	adjusted pupil unit authorized after June 30, 2013, minus any allowances expiring in fiscal
60.5	year 2016 or later. For a district with more than one referendum allowance for fiscal year
60.6	2015 under section 126C.17, the allowance calculated under paragraph (a) must be divided
60.7	into components such that the same percentage of the district's allowance expires at the
60.8	same time as the old allowances would have expired under section 126C.17.
60.9	Subd. 2. Referendum allowance limit. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 1, for fiscal
60.10	year 2007 2015 and later, a district's referendum allowance must not exceed the greater of:
60.11	(1) the sum of: (i) a district's referendum allowance for fiscal year 1994 times 1.177
60.12	times the annual inflationary increase as calculated under paragraph (b) plus (ii) its
60.13	referendum conversion allowance for fiscal year 2003, minus (iii) \$215;
60.14	(2) the greater of (i): 26 percent of the formula allowance or (ii) \$1,294 times is the
60.15	base referendum amount calculated in paragraph (b) minus \$300. A district's referendum
60.16	allowance under this subdivision must not be less than zero.
60.17	(b) The base referendum amount is the annual inflationary increase as calculated
60.18	under paragraph (b); or times the greatest of:
60.19	<u>(1) \$1,845;</u>
60.20	(2) the sum of the referendum revenue the district would have received for fiscal year
60.21	2015 under section 126C.17, subdivision 4, based on elections held before July 1, 2013,
60.22	and the adjustment the district would have received under section 127A.47, subdivision
60.23	7, paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), based on elections held before July 1, 2013, divided by
60.24	the district's adjusted pupil units for fiscal year 2015, notwithstanding section 126C.05,
60.25	subdivision 1, paragraph (d), calculated as though a kindergarten pupil not included in
60.26	section 126C.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), is counted as 0.55 pupil units; or
60.27	(3) the product of the referendum allowance limit the district would have received
60.28	for fiscal year 2015 under section 126C.17, subdivision 2, and the resident marginal cost
60.29	pupil units the district would have received for fiscal year 2015 under section 126C.05,
60.30	subdivision 6, plus the adjustment the district would have received under section 127A.47,
60.31	subdivision 7, paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), based on elections held before July 1, 2013,
60.32	divided by the district's adjusted pupil units for fiscal year 2015, notwithstanding section
60.33	126C.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (d), calculated as though a kindergarten pupil not
60.34	included in section 126C.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), is counted as 0.55 pupil units; or

61.1 (3) (4) for a newly reorganized district created after July 1, 2006 2013, the referendum
 61.2 revenue authority for each reorganizing district in the year preceding reorganization divided
 61.3 by its resident marginal cost adjusted pupil units for the year preceding reorganization.

- (b) (c) For purposes of this subdivision, for fiscal year 2005 2016 and later,
  "inflationary increase" means one plus the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index
  for urban consumers, as prepared by the United States Bureau of Labor Standards, for the
  current fiscal year to fiscal year 2004 2015. For fiscal years 2009 year 2016 and later, for
  purposes of paragraph (a), clause (1) (3), the inflationary increase equals the inflationary
  increase for fiscal year 2008 plus one-fourth of the percentage increase in the formula
  allowance for that year compared with the formula allowance for fiscal year 2008 2015.
- 61.11 Subd. 3. Sparsity exception. A district that qualifies for sparsity revenue under
  61.12 section 126C.10 is not subject to a referendum allowance limit.
- 61.13 Subd. 4. Total referendum revenue. The total referendum revenue for each district
  61.14 equals the district's referendum allowance times the resident marginal cost adjusted pupil
  61.15 units for the school year.
- 61.16 Subd. 5. Referendum equalization revenue. (a) For fiscal year 2003 and later,
  61.17 A district's referendum equalization revenue equals the sum of the first tier referendum
  61.18 equalization revenue and the second tier referendum equalization revenue.
- 61.19 (b) A district's first tier referendum equalization revenue equals the district's first
  61.20 tier referendum equalization allowance times the district's resident marginal cost adjusted
  61.21 pupil units for that year.
- (c) For fiscal year 2006, a district's first tier referendum equalization allowance
  equals the lesser of the district's referendum allowance under subdivision 1 or \$500. For
  fiscal year 2007, a district's first tier referendum equalization allowance equals the lesser
  of the district's referendum allowance under subdivision 1 or \$600.
- 61.26 For fiscal year 2008 and later, A district's first tier referendum equalization allowance
  61.27 equals the lesser of the district's referendum allowance under subdivision 1 or \$700 \$775.
- 61.28 (d) A district's second tier referendum equalization revenue equals the district's
  61.29 second tier referendum equalization allowance times the district's resident marginal cost
  61.30 <u>adjusted</u> pupil units for that year.
- (e) For fiscal year 2006, a district's second tier referendum equalization allowance
  equals the lesser of the district's referendum allowance under subdivision 1 or 18.6 percent
  of the formula allowance, minus the district's first tier referendum equalization allowance.
  For fiscal year 2007 and later, A district's second tier referendum equalization allowance
  equals the lesser of the district's referendum allowance under subdivision 1 or 26 25 percent
  of the formula allowance, minus the district's first tier referendum equalization allowance

- (f) Notwithstanding paragraph (e), the second tier referendum allowance for a
  district qualifying for secondary sparsity revenue under section 126C.10, subdivision 7, or
  elementary sparsity revenue under section 126C.10, subdivision 8, equals the district's
  referendum allowance under subdivision 1 minus the district's first tier referendum
  equalization allowance.
- 62.6 Subd. 6. Referendum equalization levy. (a) For fiscal year 2003 and later,
  62.7 a district's referendum equalization levy equals the sum of the first tier referendum
  62.8 equalization levy and the second tier referendum equalization levy.
- (b) A district's first tier referendum equalization levy equals the district's first tier
  referendum equalization revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's
  referendum market value per resident marginal cost pupil unit to \$476,000 \$538,200.
- (c) A district's second tier referendum equalization levy equals the district's second
  tier referendum equalization revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's
  referendum market value per resident marginal cost pupil unit to \$270,000 \$259,415.
- 62.15 Subd. 7. Referendum equalization aid. (a) A district's referendum equalization aid
  62.16 equals the difference between its referendum equalization revenue and levy.
- 62.17 (b) If a district's actual levy for first or second tier referendum equalization revenue62.18 is less than its maximum levy limit for that tier, aid shall be proportionately reduced.
- 62.19 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the referendum equalization aid for a district, 62.20 where the referendum equalization aid under paragraph (a) exceeds 90 percent of the 62.21 referendum revenue, must not exceed 26 25 percent of the formula allowance times the 62.22 district's resident marginal cost adjusted pupil units. A district's referendum levy is 62.23 increased by the amount of any reduction in referendum aid under this paragraph.
- Subd. 7a. Referendum tax base replacement aid. For each school district that 62.24 had a referendum allowance for fiscal year 2002 exceeding \$415, for each separately 62.25 authorized referendum levy, the commissioner of revenue, in consultation with the 62.26 commissioner of education, shall certify the amount of the referendum levy in taxes 62.27 payable year 2001 attributable to the portion of the referendum allowance exceeding \$415 62.28 levied against property classified as class 2, noncommercial 4c(1), or 4c(4), under section 62.29 273.13, excluding the portion of the tax paid by the portion of class 2a property consisting 62.30 of the house, garage, and surrounding one acre of land. The resulting amount must be 62.31 used to reduce the district's referendum levy amount otherwise determined, and must be 62.32 paid to the district each year that the referendum authority remains in effect, is renewed, 62.33 or new referendum authority is approved. The aid payable under this subdivision must 62.34 be subtracted from the district's referendum equalization aid under subdivision 7. The 62.35 referendum equalization aid after the subtraction must not be less than zero. 62.36

Subd. 7b. Referendum aid guarantee. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 7, a 63.1 district's referendum equalization aid for fiscal year 2015 must not be less than the sum of 63.2 the referendum equalization aid the district would have received for fiscal year 2015 under 63.3 section 126C.17, subdivision 7, and the adjustment the district would have received under 63.4 section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraphs (a), (b), and (c). 63.5 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision 7, referendum equalization aid for fiscal year 2016 63.6 and later, for a district qualifying for additional aid under paragraph (a) for fiscal year 63.7 2015, must not be less than the product of (1) the district's referendum equalization aid 63.8 for fiscal year 2015, times (2) the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's referendum 63.9 revenue for that school year to the district's referendum revenue for fiscal year 2015, times 63.10 (3) the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's referendum market value used for fiscal 63.11 year 2015 referendum equalization calculations to the district's referendum market value 63.12

63.13 used for that year's referendum equalization calculations.

63.14 Subd. 8. Unequalized referendum levy. Each year, a district may levy an amount
63.15 equal to the difference between its total referendum revenue according to subdivision 4
63.16 and its referendum equalization revenue according to subdivision 5.

Subd. 9. Referendum revenue. (a) The revenue authorized by section 126C.10, 63.17 subdivision 1, may be increased in the amount approved by the voters of the district 63.18 at a referendum called for the purpose. The referendum may be called by the board. 63.19 The referendum must be conducted one or two calendar years before the increased levy 63.20 authority, if approved, first becomes payable. Only one election to approve an increase 63.21 may be held in a calendar year. Unless the referendum is conducted by mail under 63.22 63.23 subdivision 11, paragraph (a), the referendum must be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November. The ballot must state the maximum amount of the increased 63.24 revenue per resident marginal cost adjusted pupil unit. The ballot may state a schedule, 63.25 63.26 determined by the board, of increased revenue per resident marginal cost adjusted pupil unit that differs from year to year over the number of years for which the increased revenue 63.27 is authorized or may state that the amount shall increase annually by the rate of inflation. 63.28 For this purpose, the rate of inflation shall be the annual inflationary increase calculated 63.29 under subdivision 2, paragraph (b). The ballot may state that existing referendum levy 63.30 authority is expiring. In this case, the ballot may also compare the proposed levy authority 63.31 to the existing expiring levy authority, and express the proposed increase as the amount, if 63.32 any, over the expiring referendum levy authority. The ballot must designate the specific 63.33 number of years, not to exceed ten, for which the referendum authorization applies. The 63.34 ballot, including a ballot on the question to revoke or reduce the increased revenue amount 63.35 under paragraph (c), must abbreviate the term "per resident marginal cost adjusted pupil 63.36

- unit" as "per pupil." The notice required under section 275.60 may be modified to read, in
  cases of renewing existing levies at the same amount per pupil as in the previous year:
- 64.3 "BY VOTING "YES" ON THIS BALLOT QUESTION, YOU ARE VOTING
- <sup>64.3</sup> "BY VOTING "YES" ON THIS BALLOT QUESTION, YOU ARE VOTING
  <sup>64.4</sup> TO EXTEND AN EXISTING PROPERTY TAX REFERENDUM THAT IS
  <sup>64.5</sup> SCHEDULED TO EXPIRE."

64.6 The ballot may contain a textual portion with the information required in this64.7 subdivision and a question stating substantially the following:

64.8 "Shall the increase in the revenue proposed by (petition to) the board of ......,
64.9 School District No. .., be approved?"

64.10 If approved, an amount equal to the approved revenue per resident marginal cost
64.11 <u>adjusted</u> pupil unit times the resident marginal cost <u>adjusted</u> pupil units for the school
64.12 year beginning in the year after the levy is certified shall be authorized for certification
64.13 for the number of years approved, if applicable, or until revoked or reduced by the voters
64.14 of the district at a subsequent referendum.

64.15 (b) The board must prepare and deliver by first class mail at least 15 days but no more than 30 days before the day of the referendum to each taxpayer a notice of the referendum 64.16 and the proposed revenue increase. The board need not mail more than one notice to any 64.17 taxpayer. For the purpose of giving mailed notice under this subdivision, owners must be 64.18 those shown to be owners on the records of the county auditor or, in any county where 64.19 tax statements are mailed by the county treasurer, on the records of the county treasurer. 64.20 Every property owner whose name does not appear on the records of the county auditor 64.21 or the county treasurer is deemed to have waived this mailed notice unless the owner 64.22 64.23 has requested in writing that the county auditor or county treasurer, as the case may be, include the name on the records for this purpose. The notice must project the anticipated 64.24 amount of tax increase in annual dollars for typical residential homesteads, agricultural 64.25 homesteads, apartments, and commercial-industrial property within the school district. 64.26

64.27 The notice for a referendum may state that an existing referendum levy is expiring
64.28 and project the anticipated amount of increase over the existing referendum levy in
64.29 the first year, if any, in annual dollars for typical residential homesteads, agricultural
64.30 homesteads, apartments, and commercial-industrial property within the district.

- The notice must include the following statement: "Passage of this referendum will
  result in an increase in your property taxes." However, in cases of renewing existing levies,
  the notice may include the following statement: "Passage of this referendum extends an
  existing operating referendum at the same amount per pupil as in the previous year."
- 64.35 (c) A referendum on the question of revoking or reducing the increased revenue
  64.36 amount authorized pursuant to paragraph (a) may be called by the board. A referendum to

revoke or reduce the revenue amount must state the amount per resident marginal cost
pupil unit by which the authority is to be reduced. Revenue authority approved by the
voters of the district pursuant to paragraph (a) must be available to the school district at
least once before it is subject to a referendum on its revocation or reduction for subsequent
years. Only one revocation or reduction referendum may be held to revoke or reduce
referendum revenue for any specific year and for years thereafter.

65.7 (d) The approval of 50 percent plus one of those voting on the question is required to
65.8 pass a referendum authorized by this subdivision.

(e) At least 15 days before the day of the referendum, the district must submit a
copy of the notice required under paragraph (b) to the commissioner and to the county
auditor of each county in which the district is located. Within 15 days after the results
of the referendum have been certified by the board, or in the case of a recount, the
certification of the results of the recount by the canvassing board, the district must notify
the commissioner of the results of the referendum.

Subd. 10. School referendum levy; market value. A school referendum levy must
be levied against the referendum market value of all taxable property as defined in section
126C.01, subdivision 3. Any referendum levy amount subject to the requirements of this
subdivision must be certified separately to the county auditor under section 275.07.

Subd. 11. Referendum date. (a) Except for a referendum held under paragraph (b),
any referendum under this section held on a day other than the first Tuesday after the first
Monday in November must be conducted by mail in accordance with section 204B.46.
Notwithstanding subdivision 9, paragraph (b), to the contrary, in the case of a referendum
conducted by mail under this paragraph, the notice required by subdivision 9, paragraph (b),
must be prepared and delivered by first-class mail at least 20 days before the referendum.

(b) In addition to the referenda allowed in subdivision 9, clause (a), the commissioner
may grant authority to a district to hold a referendum on a different day if the district is in
statutory operating debt and has an approved plan or has received an extension from the
department to file a plan to eliminate the statutory operating debt.

(c) The commissioner must approve, deny, or modify each district's request for a
referendum levy on a different day within 60 days of receiving the request from a district.

Subd. 13. Referendum conversion allowance. A school district that received
supplemental or transition revenue in fiscal year 2002 may convert its supplemental
revenue conversion allowance and transition revenue conversion allowance to additional
referendum allowance under subdivision 1 for fiscal year 2003 and thereafter. A majority
of the school board must approve the conversion at a public meeting before November 1,
2001. For a district with other referendum authority, the referendum conversion allowance

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approved by the board continues until the portion of the district's other referendum
authority with the earliest expiration date after June 30, 2006, expires. For a district
with no other referendum authority, the referendum conversion allowance approved by
the board continues until June 30, 2012.

66.5 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2015
66.6 and later.

### 66.7 Sec. 11. **DIRECTION TO THE COMMISSIONER.**

In computing the reduction to a school district's referendum allowance, the
 commissioner of education must first reduce a district's referendum allowance with the
 earliest expiration date and then, if necessary, reduce additional referendum authority
 allowances based on the next earliest expiration date.

### 66.12 Sec. 12. OPERATING REFERENDUM FREEZE, FISCAL YEAR 2015.

(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.17, subdivision 9, a school
 district may not authorize an increase to its operating referendum in fiscal year 2015. A
 school district may reauthorize an operating referendum that is expiring in fiscal year

66.16 2015. If a school district asks the voters to reauthorize operating referendum authority

66.17 <u>that is expiring in fiscal year 2015, it may request a reauthorization of that expiring</u>
66.18 authority minus \$300.

(b) Paragraph (a) shall not apply to a district if, prior to April 22, 2013, the board
adopted a resolution to conduct a referendum in 2013.

# 66.21 Sec. 13. <u>CURRENT YEAR AID PERCENTAGE; APPROPRIATION</u> 66.22 ADJUSTMENTS.

(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 127A.45, subdivision 2, paragraph
(d), in fiscal year 2014 and later, the commissioner of education shall reduce the current
year aid payment percentage under Minnesota Statutes, section 127A.45, subdivision
2, paragraph (d), by 0.2.
(b) For fiscal year 2014 and later, the commissioner of education shall adjust all
appropriations in 2013 House File No. 630, if enacted, that are calculated based on a
current year aid payment percentage and a final adjustment payment to reflect the current

- 66.30 year aid payment percentage, under Minnesota Statutes, section 127A.45, subdivision 2,
- 66.31 paragraph (d), as modified by paragraph (a).

#### 66.32 Sec. 14. APPROPRIATIONS.

67.1	Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are
67.2	appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years
67.3	designated and are in addition to any amounts appropriated in any other bill for the same
67.4	purpose.
67.5	Subd. 2. General education aid. For general education aid under Minnesota
67.6	Statutes, section 126C.13, subdivision 4:
67.7	<u>\$ 36,460,000 2014</u>
67.8	<u>\$ 54,765,000 2015</u>
67.9	The 2014 appropriation includes \$0 for fiscal year 2013 and \$36,460,000 for fiscal
67.10	year 2014.
67.11	The 2015 appropriation includes \$12,185,000 for fiscal year 2014 and \$42,580,000
67.12	for fiscal year 2015.
67.13	ARTICLE 4
67.14	SPECIAL TAXES
67.15	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 237.52, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
67.16	Subd. 3. <b>Collection.</b> Every provider of services capable of originating a TRS call,
67.17	including cellular communications and other nonwire access services, in this state shall,
67.18	except as provided in subdivision 3a, collect the charges established by the commission
67.19	under subdivision 2 and transfer amounts collected to the commissioner of public
67.20	safety in the same manner as provided in section 403.11, subdivision 1, paragraph (d).
67.21	The commissioner of public safety must deposit the receipts in the fund established in
67.22	subdivision 1.
67.23	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2014.
67.24	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 237.52, is amended by adding a subdivision
67.25	to read:
67.26	Subd. 3a. Fee for prepaid wireless telecommunications service. The fee
67.27	established in subdivision 2 does not apply to prepaid wireless telecommunications
67.28	services as defined in section 403.02, subdivision 17b, which are instead subject to the
67.29	prepaid wireless telecommunications access Minnesota fee established in section 403.161,
67.30	subdivision 1, paragraph (b). Collection, remittance, and deposit of prepaid wireless
67.31	telecommunications access Minnesota fees are governed by sections 403.161 and 403.162.
67.32	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2014.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270B.01, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
   Subd. 8. Minnesota tax laws. For purposes of this chapter only, unless expressly
   stated otherwise, "Minnesota tax laws" means:
- (1) the taxes, refunds, and fees administered by or paid to the commissioner under
  chapters 115B, 289A (except taxes imposed under sections 298.01, 298.015, and 298.24),
  290, 290A, 291, 295, 297A, 297B, and 297H, and 403, or any similar Indian tribal tax
  administered by the commissioner pursuant to any tax agreement between the state and
  the Indian tribal government, and includes any laws for the assessment, collection, and
  enforcement of those taxes, refunds, and fees; and
- 68.10 (2) section 273.1315.
- 68.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

68.12 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270B.12, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Department of Public Safety. The commissioner may disclose return
information to the Department of Public Safety for the purpose of and to the extent
necessary to administer section sections 270C.725 and 403.16 to 403.162.

68.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

68.17 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270C.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
68.18 Subdivision 1. Powers and duties. The commissioner shall have and exercise
68.19 the following powers and duties:

68.20 (1) administer and enforce the assessment and collection of taxes;

- 68.21 (2) make determinations, corrections, and assessments with respect to taxes,
  68.22 including interest, additions to taxes, and assessable penalties;
- 68.23 (3) use statistical or other sampling techniques consistent with generally accepted68.24 auditing standards in examining returns or records and making assessments;
- (4) investigate the tax laws of other states and countries, and formulate and submit
  to the legislature such legislation as the commissioner may deem expedient to prevent
  evasions of state revenue laws and to secure just and equal taxation and improvement in
  the system of state revenue laws;
- (5) consult and confer with the governor upon the subject of taxation, the
  administration of the laws in regard thereto, and the progress of the work of the
  department, and furnish the governor, from time to time, such assistance and information
  as the governor may require relating to tax matters;

69.1 (6) execute and administer any agreement with the secretary of the treasury or the
69.2 Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives in the Department of Justice of the
69.3 United States or a representative of another state regarding the exchange of information
69.4 and administration of the state revenue laws;

69.5 (7) require town, city, county, and other public officers to report information as to the
69.6 collection of taxes received from licenses and other sources, and such other information
69.7 as may be needful in the work of the commissioner, in such form as the commissioner
69.8 may prescribe;

69.9 (8) authorize the use of unmarked motor vehicles to conduct seizures or criminal69.10 investigations pursuant to the commissioner's authority;

69.11 (9) <u>authorize the participation in audits performed by the Multistate Tax Commission</u>.

69.12 For the purposes of chapter 270B, the Multistate Tax Commission will be considered to be

69.13 <u>a state for the purposes of auditing corporate sales, excise, and income tax returns.</u>

69.14 (10) maintain toll-free telephone access for taxpayer assistance for calls from
 69.15 locations within the state; and

- $\begin{array}{ll} 69.16 & (10) (11) \text{ exercise other powers and authority and perform other duties required of or} \\ 69.17 & \text{imposed upon the commissioner by law.} \end{array}$
- 69.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

69.19 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270C.56, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

69.20 Subdivision 1. Liability imposed. A person who, either singly or jointly with

others, has the control of, supervision of, or responsibility for filing returns or reports,

paying taxes, or collecting or withholding and remitting taxes and who fails to do so, or aperson who is liable under any other law, is liable for the payment of taxes arising under

69.24 chapters 295, 296A, 297A, 297F, and 297G, or sections <del>256.9658,</del> 290.92<del>,</del> and 297E.02,

and the applicable penalties and interest on those taxes.

- 69.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2013.
- 69.27 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 287.05, is amended by adding a subdivision
  69.28 to read:

69.29 Subd. 10. Hennepin and Ramsey Counties. For properties located in Hennepin
69.30 and Ramsey Counties, the county may impose an additional mortgage registry tax as
69.31 defined in sections 383A.80 and 383B.80.

69.32 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all deeds and mortgages
69.33 acknowledged on or after July 1, 2013.

70.1	Sec. 8. [287.40] HENNEPIN AND RAMSEY COUNTIES.
70.2	For properties located in Hennepin and Ramsey Counties, the county may impose an
70.3	additional deed tax as defined in sections 383A.80 and 383B.80.
70.4	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for all deeds and mortgages
70.5	acknowledged on or after July 1, 2013.
70.6	Sec. 9. [295.61] SPORTS MEMORABILIA GROSS RECEIPTS TAX.
70.7	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
70.8	have the meanings given, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.
70.9	(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue.
70.10	(c) "Sale" means a transfer of title or possession of tangible personal property,
70.11	whether absolutely or conditionally.
70.12	(d) "Sports memorabilia" means items available for sale to the public that are sold
70.13	under a license granted by any professional or Collegiate Division I sports league or
70.14	association, a team that is a franchise of a professional sports league or association, or
70.15	a team that is an affiliate or subsidiary of a professional sports league or association,
70.16	including:
70.17	(1) one-of-a-kind items related to sports figures, teams, or events;
70.18	(2) trading cards;
70.19	(3) photographs;
70.20	(4) clothing;
70.21	(5) sports event licensed items;
70.22	(6) sports equipment; and
70.23	(7) similar items, but not food or beverage items.
70.24	(e) "Wholesale" or "sale at wholesale" means a sale to a retailer, as defined in
70.25	section 297A.61, subdivision 9, for the purpose of reselling the property to a third party.
70.26	Wholesale does not mean a sale to a wholesaler.
70.27	(f) "Wholesaler" means any person making wholesale sales of sports memorabilia
70.28	to purchasers in the state.
70.29	Subd. 2. Imposition. A tax is imposed on each sale at wholesale of sports
70.30	memorabilia equal to 13 percent of the gross revenues from the sale.
70.31	Subd. 3. Quarterly returns. Each wholesaler must file quarterly returns and make
70.32	payments by April 18 for the quarter ending March 31; July 18 for the quarter ending June
70.33	30; October 18 for the quarter ending September 30; and January 18 of the following
70.34	calendar year for the quarter ending December 31.

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71.1	Subd. 4. Compensating use tax. If the tax is not paid under subdivision 2, a
71.2	compensating tax is imposed on a retailer or possessor for sale of sports memorabilia in
71.3	the state. The rate of tax equals the rate under subdivision 2 and must be paid by the
71.4	retailer or possessor for sale of the items.
71.5	Subd. 5. Allocation for youth sports. Five percent of the revenue collected
71.6	under subdivision 2 is appropriated to the commissioner for grants to counties for youth
71.7	and amateur sports.
71.8	Subd. 6. Administrative provisions. Unless specifically provided otherwise by this
71.9	section, the relevant audit, assessment, refund, penalty, interest, enforcement, collection
71.10	remedies, appeal, and administrative provisions of chapters 270C and 289A apply to
71.11	taxes imposed under this section.
71.12	Subd. 7. Disposition of revenues. The commissioner shall deposit the revenues
71.13	from the tax, less the amount allocated in under subdivision 5, in the general fund.
71.14	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
71.15	June 30, 2013.
71.16	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 296A.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
71.17	Subd. 2. Jet fuel and special fuel tax imposed. There is imposed an excise tax
71.18	of the same rate 15 cents per gallon as the aviation gasoline on all jet fuel or special
71.19	fuel received, sold, stored, or withdrawn from storage in this state, for use as substitutes
71.20	for aviation gasoline and not otherwise taxed as gasoline. Jet fuel is defined in section

71.21 296A.01, subdivision 8.

# 71.22 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014, and applied to sales 71.23 and purchases made on or after that date.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 296A.17, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 71.24 Subd. 3. Refund on graduated basis. Any person who has directly or indirectly 71.25 paid the excise tax on aviation gasoline or special fuel for aircraft use provided for by this 71.26 chapter under subdivision 2, and the airflight property tax under section 270.72, shall, as 71.27 to all such aviation gasoline and special fuel received, stored, or withdrawn from storage 71.28 by the person in this state in any calendar year and not sold or otherwise disposed of to 71.29 others, or intended for sale or other disposition to others, on which such tax has been so 71.30 paid, be entitled to the following graduated reductions in such tax for that calendar year, to 71.31 be obtained by means of the following refunds: 71.32

- (1) on each gallon of such aviation gasoline or special fuel up to 50,000 gallons, allbut five cents per gallon;
- (2) on each gallon of such aviation gasoline or special fuel above 50,000 gallons and
  not more than 150,000 gallons, all but two cents per gallon;
- (3) on each gallon of such aviation gasoline or special fuel above 150,000 gallons
  and not more than 200,000 gallons, all but one cent per gallon;
- (4) on each gallon of such aviation gasoline or special fuel above 200,000, all butone-half cent per gallon.
- 72.9 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014, and applied to sales
  72.10 and purchases made on or after that date.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.82, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
  Subd. 4. Exemptions. (a) The following transactions are exempt from the tax
  imposed in this chapter to the extent provided.
- (b) The purchase or use of aircraft previously registered in Minnesota by a
  corporation or partnership is exempt if the transfer constitutes a transfer within the
  meaning of section 351 or 721 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (c) The sale to or purchase, storage, use, or consumption by a licensed aircraft dealer
  of an aircraft for which a commercial use permit has been issued pursuant to section
  360.654 is exempt, if the aircraft is resold while the permit is in effect.
- (d) Air flight equipment when sold to, or purchased, stored, used, or consumed by
  airline companies, as defined in section 270.071, subdivision 4, is exempt. For purposes
  of this subdivision, "air flight equipment" includes airplanes and parts necessary for the
  repair and maintenance of such air flight equipment, and flight simulators, but does
  not include airplanes with a gross weight of less than 30,000 pounds that are used on
  intermittent or irregularly timed flights.
- (e) Sales of, and the storage, distribution, use, or consumption of aircraft, as defined 72.26 in section 360.511 and approved by the Federal Aviation Administration, and which the 72.27 seller delivers to a purchaser outside Minnesota or which, without intermediate use, is 72.28 shipped or transported outside Minnesota by the purchaser are exempt, but only if the 72.29 purchaser is not a resident of Minnesota and provided that the aircraft is not thereafter 72.30 returned to a point within Minnesota, except in the course of interstate commerce or 72.31 isolated and occasional use, and will be registered in another state or country upon its 72.32 removal from Minnesota. This exemption applies even if the purchaser takes possession of 72.33 the aircraft in Minnesota and uses the aircraft in the state exclusively for training purposes 72.34 for a period not to exceed ten days prior to removing the aircraft from this state. 72.35

(f) The sale or purchase of the following items that relate to aircraft operated under 73.1 Federal Aviation Regulations, Parts 91 and 135, and associated installation charges: 73.2 equipment and parts necessary for repair and maintenance of aircraft; and equipment 73.3 and parts to upgrade and improve aircraft. 73.4 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014, and applied to sales 73.5 and purchases made on or after that date. 73.6 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.82, is amended by adding a 73.7 73.8 subdivision to read:

73.9 Subd. 4a. Deposit in state airports fund. Tax revenue collected from the sale or
73.10 purchase of an aircraft taxable under this chapter must be deposited in the state airports
73.11 fund, established in section 360.017.

73.12 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014, and applied to sales
73.13 and purchases made on or after that date.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297E.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Imposition. (a) A tax is imposed on all lawful gambling other than
(1) paper or electronic pull-tab deals or games; (2) tipboard deals or games; (3) electronic
linked bingo; and (4) items listed in section 297E.01, subdivision 8, clauses (4) and (5), at
the rate of 8.5 percent on the gross receipts as defined in section 297E.01, subdivision 8,
less prizes actually paid.

(b) A tax is imposed on the conduct of paper pull-tabs, at the rate of 9 percent on
 the gross receipts as defined in section 297E.01, subdivision 8, less prizes actually paid.

73.22 The tax imposed under this paragraph applies only to an organization that conducts lawful

73.23 gambling in a location where at least 50 percent of its annual gross receipts are received

73.24 from paper bingo as of January 1, 2013.

(c) The tax imposed by this subdivision is in lieu of the tax imposed by section
297A.62 and all local taxes and license fees except a fee authorized under section 349.16,
subdivision 8, or a tax authorized under subdivision 5.

- 73.28 (d) The tax imposed under this subdivision is payable by the organization or party
  73.29 conducting, directly or indirectly, the gambling.
- 73.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2013.

73.31 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297E.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Combined net receipts tax. (a) In addition to the taxes imposed under 74.1 subdivision 1, a tax is imposed on the combined receipts of the organization. As used in 74.2 this section, "combined net receipts" is the sum of the organization's gross receipts from 74.3 lawful gambling less gross receipts directly derived from the conduct of paper bingo, 74.4 raffles, and paddle wheels, as defined in section 297E.01, subdivision 8, and less the net 74.5 prizes actually paid, other than prizes actually paid for paper bingo, raffles, and paddle 74.6 wheels, for the fiscal year. The combined net receipts of an organization are subject to a 74.7 tax computed according to the following schedule: 74.8

74.9 74.10 74.11	If the combined net receipts for the fiscal year are:	The tax is:
74.12	Not over \$87,500	nine percent
74.13 74.14	Over \$87,500, but not over \$122,500	\$7,875 plus 18 percent of the amount over \$87,500, but not over \$122,500
74.15 74.16	Over \$122,500, but not over \$157,500	\$14,175 plus 27 percent of the amount over \$122,500, but not over \$157,500
74.17 74.18	Over \$157,500	\$23,625 plus 36 percent of the amount over \$157,500

(b) On or before April 1, 2016, the commissioner shall estimate the total amount of 74.19 revenue, including interest and penalties, that will be collected for fiscal year 2016 from 74.20 taxes imposed under this chapter. If the amount estimated by the commissioner equals 74.21 or exceeds \$94,800,000, the commissioner shall certify that effective July 1, 2016, the 74.22 rates under this paragraph apply in lieu of the rates under paragraph (a) and shall publish a 74.23 notice to that effect in the State Register and notify each taxpayer by June 1, 2016. If the 74.24 rates under this section apply, the combined net receipts of an organization are subject to a 74.25 tax computed according to the following schedule: 74.26

74.27 74.28 74.29	If the combined net receipts for the fiscal year are:	The tax is:
74.30	Not over \$87,500	8.5 percent
74.31 74.32	Over \$87,500, but not over \$122,500	\$7,438 plus 17 percent of the amount over \$87,500, but not over \$122,500
74.33 74.34 74.35	Over \$122,500, but not over \$157,500	\$13,388 plus 25.5 percent of the amount over \$122,500, but not over \$157,500
74.36 74.37	Over \$157,500	\$22,313 plus 34 percent of the amount over \$157,500

(c) Gross receipts derived from sports-themed tipboards are exempt from taxation
under this section. For purposes of this paragraph, a sports-themed tipboard means a
sports-themed tipboard as defined in section 349.12, subdivision 34, under which the
winning numbers are determined by the numerical outcome of a professional sporting event.

75.1	(d) If an organization conducts lawful gambling in a location where, as of January 1,
75.2	2013, at least 50 percent of its annual gross receipts are derived from paper bingo, the
75.3	organization is exempt from taxation under this subdivision with respect to its receipts
75.4	from paper pull-tabs.
75.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2013.
75.6	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
75.7	to read:
75.8	Subd. 9b. Little cigar. "Little cigar" means any roll for smoking made in whole or
75.9	in part of tobacco if the product is wrapped in a substance containing tobacco other than
75.10	natural leaf tobacco, uses an integrated cellulose acetate or other similar filter, and weighs
75.11	not more than 4-1/2 pounds per thousand.
75.12	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2013.
75.13	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
75.14	to read:
75.15	Subd. 10b. Moist snuff. "Moist snuff" means any finely cut, ground, or powdered
75.16	smokeless tobacco that is intended to be placed or dipped in the mouth.
75.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2013.
75.18	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
75.19	to read:
75.20	Subd. 13a. Premium cigar. "Premium cigar" means any cigar that is
75.21	hand-constructed and hand-rolled, has a wrapper that is made entirely from whole tobacco
75.22	leaf, has a filler and binder that is made entirely of tobacco, except for adhesives or other
75.23	materials used to maintain size, texture, or flavor, and has a wholesale price of no less
75.24	<u>than \$2.</u>
75.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2013.
75.26	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.01, subdivision 19, is amended to read:

Subd. 19. Tobacco products. (a) "Tobacco products" means any product
containing, made, or derived from tobacco that is intended for human consumption,
whether chewed, smoked, absorbed, dissolved, inhaled, snorted, sniffed, or ingested by
any other means, or any component, part, or accessory of a tobacco product, including,

but not limited to, cigars; little cigars; cheroots; stogies; periques; granulated, plug cut, 76.1 76.2 crimp cut, ready rubbed, and other smoking tobacco; snuff; snuff flour; cavendish; plug and twist tobacco; fine-cut and other chewing tobacco; shorts; refuse scraps, clippings, 76.3 cuttings and sweepings of tobacco, and other kinds and forms of tobacco; but does not 76.4 include cigarettes as defined in this section. Tobacco products excludes any tobacco 76.5 product that has been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for 76.6 sale as a tobacco cessation product, as a tobacco dependence product, or for other medical 76.7 purposes, and is being marketed and sold solely for such an approved purpose. 76.8

(b) Except for the imposition of tax under section 297F.05, subdivisions 3 and 4,
 tobacco products includes a premium cigar, as defined in subdivision 13a.

76.11 **I** 

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2013.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Rates; cigarettes. A tax is imposed upon the sale of cigarettes in
this state, upon having cigarettes in possession in this state with intent to sell, upon any
person engaged in business as a distributor, and upon the use or storage by consumers, at
the following rates:

76.17 (1) on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per thousand, 24 <u>108.5 mills</u>,
 76.18 <u>or 10.85 cents</u>, on each such cigarette; and

76.19 (2) on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds per thousand, <u>48 217 mills, or</u>
76.20 <u>21.7 cents, on each such cigarette.</u>

### 76.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2013.

76.22 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.05, is amended by adding a subdivision
76.23 to read:

Subd. 1a. Annual indexing. (a) Each year the commissioner shall adjust the 76.24 tax rates under subdivision 1, including any adjustment made in prior years under this 76.25 subdivision, by multiplying the mill rates for the current calendar year by an adjustment 76.26 factor. The adjustment factor equals the in-lieu sales tax rate that applies to the following 76.27 calendar year divided by the in-lieu sales tax rate for the current calendar year. For 76.28 purposes of this subdivision, "in-lieu sales tax rate" means the tax rate established under 76.29 section 297F.25, subdivision 1, rounded to 1/100 of one cent per cigarette. 76.30 (b) The commissioner shall publish the resulting rate by November 1 and the rate 76.31 applies to sales made on or after January 1 of the following year. 76.32

77.1	(c) The determination of the commissioner under this subdivision is not a rule and is
77.2	not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act in chapter 14.
77.2	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2013.
77.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2015.
77.4	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.05, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
77.5	Subd. 3. Rates; tobacco products. (a) Except as provided in subdivision 3a, a tax is
77.6	imposed upon all tobacco products in this state and upon any person engaged in business
77.7	as a distributor, at the rate of <del>35</del> 90 percent of the wholesale sales price of the tobacco
77.8	products. The tax is imposed at the time the distributor:
77.9	(1) brings, or causes to be brought, into this state from outside the state tobacco
77.10	products for sale;
77.11	(2) makes, manufactures, or fabricates tobacco products in this state for sale in
77.12	this state; or
77.13	(3) ships or transports tobacco products to retailers in this state, to be sold by those
77.14	retailers.
77.15	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a minimum tax equal to the rate imposed on a pack
77.16	of 20 cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per thousand, as established under
77.17	subdivision 1, and adjusted by subdivision 1a, is imposed on each container of moist snuff.
77.18	For purposes of this subdivision, a "container" means the smallest consumer-size can,
77.19	package, or other container that is marketed or packaged by the manufacturer, distributor,
77.20	or retailer for separate sale to a retail purchaser.
77.21	(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for little cigars, the tax on each little cigar shall
77.22	be equal to the tax imposed per cigarette under subdivision 1, clause (1), and adjusted by
77.23	subdivision 1a, and any successor provision taxing cigarettes.
77.24	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2013, except the minimum
77.25	tax under paragraph (b) is effective January 1, 2014.
77.26	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.05, is amended by adding a subdivision
77.27	to read:
77.28	Subd. 3a. Rates; tobacco. (a) A tax is imposed upon all premium cigars in this state
77.29	and upon any person engaged in business as a tobacco product distributor, at the lesser of:
77.30	(1) the rate of 70 percent of the wholesale sales price of the premium cigars; or
77.31	(2) \$3.50 per premium cigar.
77.32	(b) The tax imposed under paragraph (a) is imposed at the time the tobacco products
77.33	distributor:

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78.1	(1) brings, or causes to be brought, into this state from outside the state premium
78.2	cigars for sale;
78.3	(2) makes, manufactures, or fabricates premium cigars in this state for sale in this
78.4	state; or
78.5	(3) ships or transports premium cigars to retailers in this state, to be sold by those
78.6	retailers.
78.7	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2013.
78.8	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.05, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
78.9	Subd. 4. Use tax; tobacco products. (a) Except as provided in subdivision 4a, a tax
78.10	is imposed upon the use or storage by consumers of tobacco products in this state, and
78.11	upon such consumers, at the rate of $\frac{3590}{90}$ percent of the cost to the consumer of the tobacco
78.12	products or the minimum tax under subdivision 3, paragraph (b), whichever is greater.
78.13	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for little cigars, the tax on each little cigar
78.14	shall be equal to the tax imposed per cigarette under subdivision 1, clause (1), and any
78.15	successor provision taxing cigarettes.
78.16	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2013.
78.17	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.05, is amended by adding a subdivision
78.18	to read:
78.19	Subd. 4a. Use tax; premium cigars. A tax is imposed upon the use or storage by
78.20	consumers of all premium cigars in this state, and upon such consumers, at the lesser of:
78.21	(1) the rate of 70 percent of the cost to the consumer of the premium cigars; or
78.22	(2) \$3.50 per premium cigar.
78.23	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2013.
78.24	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
78.25	Subdivision 1. Fee imposed. (a) A fee is imposed upon the sale of nonsettlement
78.26	cigarettes in this state, upon having nonsettlement cigarettes in possession in this state
78.27	with intent to sell, upon any person engaged in business as a distributor, and upon the use
78.28	or storage by consumers of nonsettlement cigarettes. The fee equals a rate of $\frac{1.75}{2.5}$
78.29	cents per cigarette.
78.30	(b) The purpose of this fee is to:

(1) ensure that manufacturers of nonsettlement cigarettes pay fees to the state thatare comparable to costs attributable to the use of the cigarettes;

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- (2) prevent manufacturers of nonsettlement cigarettes from undermining the state's
  policy of discouraging underage smoking by offering nonsettlement cigarettes at prices
  substantially below the cigarettes of other manufacturers; and
- 79.4

(3) fund such other purposes as the legislature determines appropriate.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.25, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 79.5 Subdivision 1. Imposition. (a) A tax is imposed on distributors on the sale of 79.6 cigarettes by a cigarette distributor to a retailer or cigarette subjobber for resale in this 79.7 state. The tax is equal to 6.5 percent of the weighted average retail price and must be 79.8 expressed in cents per pack rounded to the nearest one-tenth of a cent. The weighted 79.9 average retail price must be determined annually, with new rates published by November 79.10 1, and effective for sales on or after January 1 of the following year. The weighted average 79.11 retail price must be established by surveying cigarette retailers statewide in a manner 79.12 and time determined by the commissioner. The commissioner shall make an inflation 79.13 79.14 adjustment in accordance with the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers inflation indicator as published in the most recent state budget forecast. The commissioner shall use 79.15 the inflation factor for the calendar year in which the new tax rate takes effect. If the survey 79.16 indicates that the average retail price of cigarettes has not increased relative to the average 79.17 retail price in the previous year's survey, then the commissioner shall not make an inflation 79.18 adjustment. The determination of the commissioner pursuant to this subdivision is not a 79.19 "rule" and is not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act contained in chapter 14. For 79.20 packs of cigarettes with other than 20 cigarettes, the tax must be adjusted proportionally. 79.21 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), and in lieu of a survey of eigarette retailers, the 79.22 tax calculation of the weighted average retail price for the sales of eigarettes from August 79.23

1, 2011, through December 31, 2011, shall be calculated by: (1) increasing the average 79.24 79.25 retail price per pack of 20 eigarettes from the most recent survey by the percentage change in a weighted average of the presumed legal prices for eigarettes during the year after 79.26 completion of that survey, as reported and published by the Department of Commerce 79.27 under section 325D.371; (2) subtracting the sales tax included in the retail price; and (3) 79.28 adjusting for expected inflation. The rate must be published by May 1 and is effective for 79.29 sales after July 31. If the weighted average of the presumed legal prices indicates that the 79.30 average retail price of eigarettes has not increased relative to the average retail price in the 79.31 most recent survey, then no inflation adjustment must be made for any period that a rate 79.32 change in section 297F.05, subdivision 1, is enacted after the current effective January 1 79.33 rate and prior to the following January 1, the commissioner of revenue shall make a 79.34

- 80.1 proportionate adjustment to the sales tax rate. For packs of cigarettes with other than 20
- 80.2 cigarettes, the <u>sales</u> tax must be adjusted proportionally.
- 80.3

### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2013.

- 80.4 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 325F.781, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  80.5 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
  80.6 have the meanings given, unless the language or context clearly provides otherwise.
- 80.7 (b) "Consumer" means an individual who purchases, receives, or possesses tobacco80.8 products for personal consumption and not for resale.
- 80.9 (c) "Delivery sale" means:

80.10 (1) a sale of tobacco products to a consumer in this state when:

(i) the purchaser submits the order for the sale by means of a telephonic or other
method of voice transmission, the mail or any other delivery service, or the Internet or
other online service; or

80.14

4 (ii) the tobacco products are delivered by use of the mail or other delivery service; or

80.15 (2) a sale of tobacco products that satisfies the criteria in clause (1), item (i),

regardless of whether the seller is located inside or outside of the state.

- A sale of tobacco products to an individual in this state must be treated as a sale to a consumer, unless the individual is licensed as a distributor or retailer of tobacco products.
- (d) "Delivery service" means a person, including the United States Postal Service,
  that is engaged in the commercial delivery of letters, packages, or other containers.
- (e) "Distributor" means a person, whether located inside or outside of this state, 80.21 other than a retailer, who sells or distributes tobacco products in the state. Distributor does 80.22 not include a tobacco products manufacturer, export warehouse proprietor, or importer 80.23 with a valid permit under United States Code, title 26, section 5712 (1997), if the person 80.24 sells or distributes tobacco products in this state only to distributors who hold valid and 80.25 current licenses under the laws of a state, or to an export warehouse proprietor or another 80.26 manufacturer. Distributor does not include a common or contract carrier that is transporting 80.27 tobacco products under a proper bill of lading or freight bill that states the quantity, source, 80.28 and destination of tobacco products, or a person who ships tobacco products through this 80.29 state by common or contract carrier under a bill of lading or freight bill. 80.30
- 80.31 (f) "Retailer" means a person, whether located inside or outside this state, who sells 80.32 or distributes tobacco products to a consumer in this state.

80.33 (g) "Tobacco products" means:

- 80.34 (1) cigarettes, as defined in section 297F.01, subdivision 3; and
- 80.35 (2) smokeless tobacco as defined in section 325F.76-; and

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### 81.1 (3) premium cigars as defined in section 297F.01, subdivision 13a.

#### 81.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2013.

81.3 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 349.166, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Exclusions. (a) Bingo, with the exception of linked bingo games, may 81.4 be conducted without a license and without complying with sections 349.168, subdivisions 81.5 1 and 2; 349.17, subdivisions 4 and 5; 349.18, subdivision 1; and 349.19, if it is conducted: 81.6 (1) by an organization in connection with a county fair, the state fair, or a civic 81.7 celebration and is not conducted for more than 12 consecutive days and is limited to no more 81.8 than four separate applications for activities applied for and approved in a calendar year; or 81.9 (2) by an organization that conducts bingo on four or fewer days in a calendar year. 81.10 81.11 An organization that holds a license to conduct lawful gambling under this chapter may not conduct bingo under this subdivision. 81.12 (b) Bingo may be conducted within a nursing home or a senior citizen housing 81.13 project or by a senior citizen organization if the prizes for a single bingo game do not 81.14 exceed \$10, total prizes awarded at a single bingo occasion do not exceed \$200, no more 81.15 than two bingo occasions are held by the organization or at the facility each week, only 81.16 members of the organization or residents of the nursing home or housing project are 81.17 allowed to play in a bingo game, no compensation is paid for any persons who conduct the 81.18 bingo, and a manager is appointed to supervise the bingo. Bingo conducted under this 81.19 paragraph is exempt from sections 349.11 to 349.23, and the board may not require an 81.20

organization that conducts bingo under this paragraph, or the manager who supervises the
bingo, to register or file a report with the board. The gross receipts from bingo conducted
under the limitations of this subdivision are exempt from taxation under chapter 297A.

(c) Raffles may be conducted by an organization without registering with the board if
the value of all raffle prizes awarded by the organization in a calendar year does not exceed
\$1,500 or, if the organization is a 501(c)(3) organization, if the value of all raffle prizes
awarded by the organization at one event in a calendar year does not exceed \$50,000.

81.28 (d) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the organization must maintain all required
81.29 records of excluded gambling activity for 3-1/2 years.

- 81.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2013.
- 81.31 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 360.531, is amended to read:
- 81.32 **360.531 TAXATION.**

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Subdivision 1. In lieu tax. All aircraft using the air space overlying the state of 82.1 Minnesota or the airports thereof, except as set forth in section 360.55, shall be taxed in 82.2 lieu of all other taxes thereon, on the basis and at the rate for the period January 1, 1966, to 82.3 June 30, 1967, and for each fiscal year as follows. 82.4 Subd. 2. Rate. The tax shall be at the rate of one percent of value; provided that 82.5 the minimum tax on an aircraft subject to the provisions of sections 360.511 to 360.67 82.6 -shall not be less than 25 percent of the tax on said aircraft computed on its base price or 82.7 \$50 whichever is the higher. as follows: 82.8

82.9	Base Price	Tax
82.10	<u>Under \$499,999</u>	<u>\$100</u>
82.11	\$500,000 to \$999,999	<u>\$200</u>
82.12	\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	\$2,000
82.13	\$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999	<u>\$4,000</u>
82.14	\$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999	<u>\$7,500</u>
82.15	\$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999	\$10,000
82.16	\$10,000,000 to \$12,499,999	\$12,500
82.17	\$12,500,000 to \$14,999,999	\$15,000
82.18	\$15,000,000 to \$17,499,999	<u>\$17,500</u>
82.19	\$17,500,000 to \$19,999,999	\$20,000
82.20	\$20,000,000 to \$22,499,999	\$22,500
82.21	\$22,500,000 to \$24,999,999	\$25,000
82.22	\$25,000,000 to \$27,499,999	\$27,500
82.23	\$27,500,000 to \$29,999,999	\$30,000
82.24	\$30,000,000 to \$39,999,999	\$50,000
82.25	\$40,000,000 and over	<u>\$75,000</u>

Subd. 3. First year of life. "First year of life" means the year the aircraft was 82.26 manufactured. 82.27

Subd. 4. Base price for taxation. For the purpose of fixing a base price for taxation 82.28 from which depreciation in value at a fixed percent per annum can be counted, such, the 82.29 base price is defined as follows: 82.30

82.31

(a) The base price for taxation of an aircraft shall be the manufacturer's list price.

- (b) The commissioner shall have authority to fix the base value for taxation purposes 82.32 of any aircraft of which no such similar or corresponding model has been manufactured, 82.33
- and of any rebuilt or foreign aircraft, any aircraft on which a record of the list price is not 82.34
- available, or any military aircraft converted for civilian use, using as a basis for such 82.35
- valuation the list price of aircraft with comparable performance characteristics, and taking 82.36
- into consideration the age and condition of the aircraft. 82.37
- Subd. 5. Similarity of corresponding model. Models shall be deemed similar if 82.38 82.39 substantially alike and of the same make. Models shall be deemed to be corresponding

models for the purpose of taxation under sections 360.54 to 360.67 if of the same make 83.1

and having approximately the same weight and type of frame and the same style and 83.2 size of motor. 83.3

Subd. 6. Depreciation. After the first year of aircraft life the base value for taxation 83.4 purposes shall be reduced as follows: ten percent the second year, and 15 percent the third 83.5 and each succeeding year thereafter, but in no event shall such tax be reduced below 83.6 the minimum. 83.7

Subd. 7. Prorating tax. When an aircraft first becomes subject to taxation during the 838 period for which the tax is to be paid, the tax on it shall be for the remainder of that period, 83.9 prorated on a monthly basis of 1/12 of the annual tax for each calendar month counting the 83.10 month during which it becomes subject to the tax as the first month of such period. 83.11

Subd. 8. Tax, fiscal year. Every aircraft subject to the provisions of sections 83.12 360.511 to 360.67 which has at any time since April 19, 1945, used the air space overlying 83.13 the state of Minnesota or the airports thereof shall be taxed for the period from January 1, 83.14 1966, through June 30, 1967, and for each fiscal year thereafter in which it is so used. Any 83.15 aircraft which does not use the air space overlying the state of Minnesota or the airports 83.16 thereof at any time during the period of January 1, 1966, to and including June 30, 1967, 83.17 or at any time during any fiscal year thereafter shall not be subject to the tax provided by 83.18 sections 360.511 to 360.67 for such period. Rebuilt aircraft shall be subject to the tax 83.19 provided by sections 360.511 to 360.67 for that portion of the aforesaid periods remaining 83.20 after the aircraft has been rebuilt, prorated on a monthly basis. 83.21

Subd. 9. Assessed as personal property in certain cases. Aircraft subject to 83.22 taxation under the provisions of sections 360.54 to 360.67 shall not be assessed as personal 83.23 property and shall be subject to no tax except as provided for by these sections. Aircraft 83.24 not subject to taxation as provided in these sections, but subject to taxation as personal 83.25 property within the state of Minnesota shall be assessed and valued at 33-1/3 percent of 83.26 the market value thereof and taxed at the rate and in the manner provided by law for the 83.27 taxation of ordinary personal property. If the person against whom any tax has been levied 83.28 on the ad valorem basis because of any aircraft shall, during the calendar year for which 83.29 such ad valorem tax is levied, be also taxed under provisions of these sections, then and in 83.30 that event, upon proper showing, the commissioner of revenue shall grant to the person 83.31 against whom said ad valorem tax was levied, such reduction or abatement of net tax 83.32 capacity or taxes as was occasioned by the so-called ad valorem tax imposed. If the ad 83.33 valorem tax upon any aircraft has been assessed against a dealer in new and used aircraft, 83.34 and the tax imposed by these sections for the required period is thereafter paid by the 83.35 owner, then and in that event, upon proper showing, the commissioner of revenue, upon 83.36

the application of said dealer, shall grant to such dealer against whom said ad valorem tax

84.2 was levied such reduction or abatement of net tax capacity or taxes as was occasioned

84.3 by the so-called ad valorem tax imposed.

84.4 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014, and applies to aircraft
84.5 tax due on or after that date.

84.6 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 360.66, is amended to read:

#### 84.7 **360.66 STATE AIRPORTS FUND.**

Subdivision 1. **Tax credited to fund.** The proceeds of the tax imposed on aircraft under sections <u>360.54</u> <u>360.531</u> to 360.67 and all fees and penalties provided for therein shall be collected by the commissioner and paid into the state treasury and credited to the state airports fund created by other statutes of this state.

Subd. 2. Reimbursement for expenses. There shall be transferred by the
commissioner of management and budget each year from the state airports fund to the
general fund in the state treasury the amount expended from the latter fund for expenses of

administering the provisions of sections <del>360.54</del> 360.531 to 360.67.

84.16 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014, and applies to aircraft
84.17 tax due on or after that date.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 383A.80, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Expiration. The authority to impose the tax under this section expires
January 1, <del>2013</del> 2023.

# 84.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all deeds and mortgages 84.22 acknowledged on or after July 1, 2013.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 383B.80, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Expiration. The authority to impose the tax under this section expires
January 1, 2013 2023.

# 84.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all deeds and mortgages 84.27 acknowledged on or after July 1, 2013.

84.28 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 403.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
84.29 to read:

85.1	Subd. 17b. Prepaid wireless telecommunications service. "Prepaid wireless
85.2	telecommunications service" means a wireless telecommunications service that allows the
85.3	caller to dial 911 to access the 911 system, which service must be paid for in advance and is:
85.4	(1) sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a
85.5	known amount; or
85.6	(2) provides unlimited use for a predetermined time period.
85.7	The inclusion of nontelecommunications services, including the download of digital
85.8	products delivered electronically, content, and ancillary services, with a prepaid wireless
85.9	telephone service does not preclude that service from being considered a prepaid wireless
85.10	telephone service under this chapter.
85.11	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2014.
85.12	Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 403.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
85.13	to read:
85.14	Subd. 20a. Wireless telecommunications service. "Wireless telecommunications
85.15	service" means a commercial mobile radio service, as that term is defined in United
85.16	States Code, title 47, section 332, subsection (d), including all broadband personal
85.17	communication services, wireless radio telephone services, and geographic area
85.18	specialized mobile radio licensees, that offer real-time, two-way voice service
85.19	interconnected with the public switched telephone network.
85.20	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2014.
85.21	Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 403.02, subdivision 21, is amended to read:
85.22	Subd. 21. Wireless telecommunications service provider. "Wireless
85.23	telecommunications service provider" means a provider of commercial mobile radio
85.24	services, as that term is defined in United States Code, title 47, section 332, subsection
85.25	(d), including all broadband personal communications services, wireless radio telephone
85.26	services, geographic area specialized and enhanced specialized mobile radio services, and
85.27	incumbent wide area specialized mobile radio licensees, that offers real-time, two-way
85.28	voice service interconnected with the public switched telephone network and that is doing
85.29	business in the state of Minnesota wireless telecommunications service.
85.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2014.
85.31	Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 403.06, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

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Subd. 1a. Biennial budget; annual financial report. The commissioner shall
prepare a biennial budget for maintaining the 911 system. By December 15 of each year,
the commissioner shall submit a report to the legislature detailing the expenditures for
maintaining the 911 system, the 911 fees collected, the balance of the 911 fund, and the
911-related administrative expenses of the commissioner, and of a separate accounting
of E911 fees from prepaid wireless customers. The commissioner is authorized to
expend money that has been appropriated to pay for the maintenance, enhancements,

and expansion of the 911 system.

86.9

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 403.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 86.10 Subdivision 1. Emergency telecommunications service fee; account. (a) Each 86.11 customer of a wireless or wire-line switched or packet-based telecommunications service 86.12 provider connected to the public switched telephone network that furnishes service capable 86.13 of originating a 911 emergency telephone call is assessed a fee based upon the number 86.14 of wired or wireless telephone lines, or their equivalent, to cover the costs of ongoing 86.15 maintenance and related improvements for trunking and central office switching equipment 86.16 for 911 emergency telecommunications service, to offset administrative and staffing costs 86.17 of the commissioner related to managing the 911 emergency telecommunications service 86.18 program, to make distributions provided for in section 403.113, and to offset the costs, 86.19 including administrative and staffing costs, incurred by the State Patrol Division of the 86.20 Department of Public Safety in handling 911 emergency calls made from wireless phones. 86.21

(b) Money remaining in the 911 emergency telecommunications service account 86.22 after all other obligations are paid must not cancel and is carried forward to subsequent 86.23 years and may be appropriated from time to time to the commissioner to provide financial 86.24 assistance to counties for the improvement of local emergency telecommunications 86.25 services. The improvements may include providing access to 911 service for 86.26 telecommunications service subscribers currently without access and upgrading existing 86.27 911 service to include automatic number identification, local location identification, 86.28 automatic location identification, and other improvements specified in revised county 86.29 911 plans approved by the commissioner. 86.30

(c) The fee may not be less than eight cents nor more than 65 cents a month until
June 30, 2008, not less than eight cents nor more than 75 cents a month until June 30,
2009, not less than eight cents nor more than 85 cents a month until June 30, 2010, and
not less than eight cents nor more than 95 cents a month on or after July 1, 2010, for
each customer access line or other basic access service, including trunk equivalents as

designated by the Public Utilities Commission for access charge purposes and including 87.1 wireless telecommunications services. With the approval of the commissioner of 87.2 management and budget, the commissioner of public safety shall establish the amount of 87.3 the fee within the limits specified and inform the companies and carriers of the amount to 87.4 be collected. When the revenue bonds authorized under section 403.27, subdivision 1, 87.5 have been fully paid or defeased, the commissioner shall reduce the fee to reflect that debt 87.6 service on the bonds is no longer needed. The commissioner shall provide companies and 87.7 carriers a minimum of 45 days' notice of each fee change. The fee must be the same for all 87.8 customers, except that the fee imposed under this subdivision does not apply to prepaid 87.9 wireless telecommunications service, which is instead subject to the fee imposed under 87.10 section 403.161, subdivision 1, paragraph (a). 87.11

(d) The fee must be collected by each wireless or wire-line telecommunications
service provider subject to the fee. Fees are payable to and must be submitted to the
commissioner monthly before the 25th of each month following the month of collection,
except that fees may be submitted quarterly if less than \$250 a month is due, or annually if
less than \$25 a month is due. Receipts must be deposited in the state treasury and credited
to a 911 emergency telecommunications service account in the special revenue fund. The
money in the account may only be used for 911 telecommunications services.

(e) This subdivision does not apply to customers of interexchange carriers.

(f) The installation and recurring charges for integrating wireless 911 calls into
enhanced 911 systems are eligible for payment by the commissioner if the 911 service
provider is included in the statewide design plan and the charges are made pursuant to
contract.

87.24 (g) Competitive local exchanges carriers holding certificates of authority from the
87.25 Public Utilities Commission are eligible to receive payment for recurring 911 services.

87.26

87.19

6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

87.27 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 403.11, is amended by adding a subdivision
87.28 to read:

## 87.29 Subd. 6. **Report.** (a) Beginning September 1, 2013, and continuing semiannually 87.30 thereafter, each wireless telecommunications service provider shall report to the

87.31 commissioner, based on the mobile telephone number, both the total number of prepaid

87.32 wireless telecommunications subscribers sourced to Minnesota and the total number of

87.33 wireless telecommunications subscribers sourced to Minnesota. The report must be filed

87.34 on the same schedule as Federal Communications Commission Form 477.

88.1	(b) The commissioner shall make a standard form available to all wireless
88.2	telecommunications service providers for submitting information required to compile
88.3	the report required under this subdivision.
88.4	(c) The information provided to the commissioner under this subdivision is
88.5	considered trade secret data under section 13.37 and may only be used for purposes of
88.6	administering this chapter.
88.7	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
88.8	Sec. 40. [403.16] DEFINITIONS.
88.9	Subdivision 1. Scope. For the purposes of sections 403.16 to 403.164, the terms
88.10	defined in this section have the meanings given them.
88.11	Subd. 2. Consumer. "Consumer" means a person who purchases prepaid wireless
88.12	telecommunications service in a retail transaction.
88.13	Subd. 3. Department. "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
88.14	Subd. 4. Prepaid wireless E911 fee. "Prepaid wireless E911 fee" means the fee that
88.15	is required to be collected by a seller from a consumer as established in section 403.161,
88.16	subdivision 1, paragraph (a).
88.17	Subd. 5. Prepaid wireless telecommunications access Minnesota fee. "Prepaid
88.18	wireless telecommunications access Minnesota fee" means the fee that is required to be
88.19	collected by a seller from a consumer as established in section 403.161, subdivision 1,
88.20	paragraph (b).
88.21	Subd. 6. Provider. "Provider" means a person that provides prepaid wireless
88.22	telecommunications service under a license issued by the Federal Communications
88.23	Commission.
88.24	Subd. 7. Retail transaction. "Retail transaction" means the purchase of prepaid
88.25	wireless telecommunications service from a seller for any purpose other than resale.
88.26	Subd. 8. Seller. "Seller" means a person who sells prepaid wireless
88.27	telecommunications service to another person.
88.28	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
88.29	Sec. 41. [403.161] PREPAID WIRELESS FEES IMPOSED; COLLECTION;
88.30	REMITTANCE.
88.31	Subdivision 1. Fees imposed. (a) A prepaid wireless E911 fee of 80 cents per retail
88.32	transaction is imposed on prepaid wireless telecommunications service until the fee is
88.33	adjusted as an amount per retail transaction under subdivision 6.

(b) A prepaid wireless telecommunications access Minnesota fee, in the amount of
 the monthly charge provided for in section 237.52, subdivision 2, is imposed on each
 retail transaction for prepaid wireless telecommunications service until the fee is adjusted
 as an amount per retail transaction under subdivision 6.

89.5 Subd. 2. Exemption. The fees established under subdivision 1 are not imposed on a
minimal amount of prepaid wireless telecommunications service that is sold with a prepaid
wireless device and is charged a single nonitemized price, and a seller may not apply the
fees to such a transaction. For purposes of this subdivision, a minimal amount of service
means an amount of service denominated as either ten minutes or less or \$5 or less.

Subd. 3. Fee collected. The prepaid wireless E911 and telecommunications
access Minnesota fees must be collected by the seller from the consumer for each retail
transaction occurring in this state. The amount of each fee must be combined into one
amount, which must be separately stated on an invoice, receipt, or other similar document
that is provided to the consumer by the seller, or otherwise disclosed to the consumer.

89.15Subd. 4.Sales and use tax treatment.For purposes of this section, a retail89.16transaction conducted in person by a consumer at a business location of the seller must89.17be treated as occurring in this state if that business location is in this state, and any other89.18retail transaction must be treated as occurring in this state if the retail transaction is treated89.19as occurring in this state for purposes of the sales and use tax as specified in section

89.20 <u>297A.669</u>, subdivision 3, paragraph (c).

Subd. 5. Remittance. The prepaid wireless E911 and telecommunications access
Minnesota fees are the liability of the consumer and not of the seller or of any provider,
except that the seller is liable to remit all fees that the seller collects from consumers as
provided in section 403.162, including all fees that the seller is deemed to collect in which
the amount of the fee has not been separately stated on an invoice, receipt, or other similar
document provided to the consumer by the seller.

89.27 Subd. 6. Exclusion for calculating other charges. The combined amount of the
89.28 prepaid wireless E911 and telecommunications access Minnesota fees collected by a seller
89.29 from a consumer must not be included in the base for measuring any tax, fee, surcharge,
89.30 or other charge that is imposed by this state, any political subdivision of this state, or
89.31 any intergovernmental agency.

89.32 Subd. 7. Fee changes. (a) The prepaid wireless E911 and telecommunications
89.33 access Minnesota fee must be proportionately increased or reduced upon any change to
89.34 the fee imposed under section 403.11, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), after July 1, 2013, or
89.35 the fee imposed under section 237.52, subdivision 2, as applicable.

90.1	(b) The department shall post notice of any fee changes on its Web site at least 30
90.2	days in advance of the effective date of the fee changes. It is the responsibility of sellers to
90.3	monitor the department's Web site for notice of fee changes.
90.4	(c) Fee changes are effective 60 days after the first day of the first calendar month
90.5	after the commissioner of public safety or the Public Utilities Commission, as applicable,
90.6	changes the fee.
90.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2014.
90.8	Sec. 42. [403.162] ADMINISTRATION OF PREPAID WIRELESS E911 FEES.
90.9	Subdivision 1. Remittance. Prepaid wireless E911 and telecommunications access
90.10	Minnesota fees collected by sellers must be remitted to the commissioner of revenue
90.11	at the times and in the manner provided by chapter 297A with respect to the general
90.12	sales and use tax. The commissioner of revenue shall establish registration and payment
90.13	procedures that substantially coincide with the registration and payment procedures that
90.14	apply in chapter 297A.
90.15	Subd. 2. Seller's fee retention. A seller may deduct and retain three percent of
90.16	prepaid wireless E911 and telecommunications access Minnesota fees collected by the
90.17	seller from consumers.
90.18	Subd. 3. Audit; appeal. The audit and appeal procedures applicable under chapter
90.19	297A apply to any fee imposed under section 403.161.
90.20	Subd. 4. Procedures for resale transactions. The commissioner of revenue shall
90.21	establish procedures by which a seller of prepaid wireless telecommunications service
90.22	may document that a sale is not a retail transaction. These procedures must substantially
90.23	coincide with the procedures for documenting sale for resale transactions as provided in
90.24	chapter 297A.
90.25	Subd. 5. Fees deposited. (a) The commissioner of revenue shall, based on
90.26	the relative proportion of the prepaid wireless E911 fee and the prepaid wireless
90.27	telecommunications access Minnesota fee imposed per retail transaction, divide the fees
90.28	collected in corresponding proportions. Within 30 days of receipt of the collected fees,
90.29	the commissioner shall:
90.30	(1) deposit the proportion of the collected fees attributable to the prepaid wireless
90.31	E911 fee in the 911 emergency telecommunications service account in the special revenue
90.32	fund; and
90.33	(2) deposit the proportion of collected fees attributable to the prepaid wireless
90.34	telecommunications access Minnesota fee in the telecommunications access fund
90.35	established in section 237.52, subdivision 1.

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91.1	(b) The department may deduct and retain an amount, not to exceed two percent of
91.2	collected fees, to reimburse its direct costs of administering the collection and remittance
91.3	of prepaid wireless E911 fees and prepaid wireless telecommunications access Minnesota
91.4	fees.
91.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2014.
91.6	Sec. 43. [403.163] LIABILITY PROTECTION FOR SELLERS AND
91.7	PROVIDERS.
91.8	(a) A provider or seller of prepaid wireless telecommunications service is not liable
91.9	for damages to any person resulting from or incurred in connection with providing any
91.10	lawful assistance in good faith to any investigative or law enforcement officer of the
91.11	United States, this or any other state, or any political subdivision of this or any other state.
91.12	(b) In addition to the protection from liability provided by paragraphs (a) and (b),
91.13	section 403.08, subdivision 11, applies to sellers and providers.
91.14	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2014.
91.15	Sec. 44. [403.164] EXCLUSIVITY OF PREPAID WIRELESS E911 FEE.
91.16	The prepaid wireless E911 fee imposed by section 403.161 is the only E911 funding
91.17	obligation imposed with respect to prepaid wireless telecommunications service in this
91.18	state, and no tax, fee, surcharge, or other charge may be imposed by this state, any political
91.19	subdivision of this state, or any intergovernmental agency, for E911 funding purposes,
91.20	upon any provider, seller, or consumer with respect to the sale, purchase, use, or provision
91.21	of prepaid wireless telecommunications service.
91.22	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2014.
91.23	Sec. 45. FLOOR STOCKS TAX.
91.24	(a) A floor stocks cigarette tax is imposed on every person engaged in the business
91.25	in this state as a distributor, retailer, subjobber, vendor, manufacturer, or manufacturer's
91.26	representative of cigarettes, on the stamped cigarettes and unaffixed stamps in the person's
91.27	possession or under the person's control at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2013. The tax is imposed
91.28	at the following rates:
91.29	(1) on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per thousand, 47 mills on
91.30	each cigarette; and
91.31	(2) on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds per thousand, 94 mills on each
91.32	cigarette.

92.1	(b) Each distributor, on or before July 10, 2013, shall file a return with the
92.2	commissioner of revenue, in the form the commissioner prescribes, showing the stamped
92.3	cigarettes and unaffixed stamps on hand at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2013, and the amount of
92.4	tax due on the cigarettes and unaffixed stamps.
92.5	(c) Each retailer, subjobber, vendor, manufacturer, or manufacturer's representative,
92.6	on or before July 31, 2013, shall file a return with the commissioner of revenue, in the
92.7	form the commissioner prescribes, showing the cigarettes on hand at 12:01 a.m. on July 1,
92.8	2013, and the amount of tax due on the cigarettes.
92.9	(d) The tax imposed by this section is due and payable on or before September 4,
92.10	2013, and after that date bears interest at the rate of one percent per month.
92.11	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2013.
92.12	Sec. 46. TAXES AND FEES PAID BY INDIANS AND INDIAN TRIBES.
92.13	Subdivision 1. Health impact fees imposed from 2005 through 2009. (a) The
92.14	commissioner of revenue shall recompute all cigarette and tobacco products excise tax
92.15	refunds and payments for periods after July 31, 2005, but before January 1, 2010, that
92.16	were made to Indian tribes under agreements entered into under Minnesota Statutes,
92.17	section 270C.19.
92.18	(b) In making the recomputation for each year, the commissioner must (1) use a per
92.19	capita amount, as that phrase is used in the agreements, equal to the sum of (i) the average
92.20	statewide per capita cigarette and tobacco products excise tax paid during the applicable
92.21	state fiscal year plus (ii) the statewide average per capita health impact fee paid on cigarette
92.22	and tobacco products during the applicable state fiscal year, and (2) add the health impact
92.23	fees collected on cigarettes and tobacco products delivered onto the reservation to the total
92.24	cigarette and tobacco products excise tax collected on cigarettes and tobacco products
92.25	delivered onto the reservation to determine the tax base to share under the agreements.
92.26	(c) The additional payments to each tribe payable under this section are equal to the
92.27	amount determined under the recomputation for the tribe minus the amount previously
92.28	paid as a cigarette and tobacco products excise tax or health impact fee refund or payment
92.29	to the tribe under any agreement entered into under Minnesota Statutes, section 270C.19.
92.30	(d) The commissioner shall compute the additional payments required under this

- 92.31 section based on information available to the commissioner. The tribe does not need to
- 92.32 file a claim for payment.
- 92.33 (e) The additional payments under this subdivision must only be paid to a tribe that 92.34 has entered into an agreement under Minnesota Statutes, section 270C.19, subdivision 5,

93.1	that covers health impact fees imposed on cigarettes and tobacco products delivered onto
93.2	the reservation after December 31, 2009.
93.3	Subd. 2. Limited authority to enter into health impact fee agreements. (a)
93.4	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 270C.19, or any other law, the commissioner
93.5	must not enter into any agreement covering health impact fees imposed on cigarettes and
93.6	tobacco products sold, purchased, or delivered onto a reservation before January 1, 2010.
93.7	(b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 270C.19, or any other law, the
93.8	commissioner is not authorized to enter into any agreement covering the health impact
93.9	fee imposed on cigarettes and tobacco products sold, purchased, or delivered onto a
93.10	reservation after December 31, 2009.
93.11	Subd. 3. Payments to tribes under existing agreements. (a) The commissioner
93.12	must not make refunds and payments of health impact fees required under any agreement
93.13	entered into under Minnesota Statutes, section 270C.19, subdivision 5, for any period after
93.14	the health impact fee has been repealed.
93.15	(b) The commissioner must adjust all annual cigarette and tobacco products excise
93.16	tax per capita amounts under existing tax agreements entered into under Minnesota
93.17	Statutes, section 270C.19, subdivisions 1 and 2, to \$95, effective for refunds due for the
93.18	quarter ending September 30, 2013. This amount may be changed upon mutual agreement
93.19	of the parties to the agreement to more accurately reflect taxes paid on the reservation
93.20	by tribal members.
93.21	Subd. 4. Appropriation. An amount necessary to make refunds and payments
93.22	under this section is appropriated to the commissioner from the general fund.
	EFERCENTE DATE This section is effective the date following final encoderent
93.23	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment,
93.24	except that subdivision 2, paragraph (b), is effective January 2, 2014.
02.25	See 47 DEDODT
93.25	Sec. 47. <u><b>REPORT.</b></u>
93.26	On or before June 30, 2016, and every four years thereafter, the commissioner of
93.27	transportation, in consultation with the commissioner of revenue, shall prepare and submit
93.28	to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives
93.29	committees with jurisdiction over transportation policy and budget, a report that identifies
93.30	the amount and sources of annual revenues attributable to each type of aviation tax, along
93.31	with annual expenditures from the state airports fund, and any other transfers out of the
93.32	fund, during the previous four years. The report must include draft legislation for any
93.33	recommended statutory changes to ensure the future adequacy of the state airports fund.

94.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014, and applies to aircraft
94.2	tax due on or after that date.
94.3	Sec. 48. ARMER GRANTS.
94.4	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2014 and \$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2015 is appropriated
94.5	from the 911 account of the state government special revenue fund to the commissioner of
94.6	public safety for grants to counties to reimburse for the sales tax costs associated with
94.7	upgrading public safety radio systems prior to January 1, 2013. The commissioner of
94.8	public safety shall give preference to counties that did not receive state or federal grants to
94.9	upgrade their public safety radio systems. This is a onetime appropriation.
94.10	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2014.
94.11	Sec. 49. TOBACCO TAX COLLECTION REPORT.
94.12	Subdivision 1. Report to legislature. (a) The commissioner of revenue shall report
94.13	to the 2014 legislature on the tobacco tax collection system, including recommendations
94.14	to improve compliance under the excise tax for both cigarettes and other tobacco products.
94.15	The purpose of the report is to provide information and guidance to the legislature on
94.16	improvements to the tobacco tax collection system to:
94.17	(1) provide a unified system of collecting both the cigarette and other tobacco
94.18	taxes, regardless of category, size, or shape, that ensures the highest reasonable rates of
94.19	tax collection;
94.20	(2) discourage tax evasion; and
94.21	(3) help to prevent illegal sale of tobacco products, which may make these products
94.22	more accessible to youth.
94.23	(b) In the report, the commissioner shall:
94.24	(1) provide a detailed review of the present excise tax collection and compliance
94.25	system as it applies to both cigarettes and other tobacco products. This must include
94.26	an assessment of the levels of compliance for each category of products and the effect
94.27	of the stamping requirement on compliance for each category of products and the effect
94.28	of the stamping requirement on compliance rates for cigarettes relative to other tobacco
94.29	products. It also must identify any weaknesses in the system;
94.30	(2) survey the methods of collection and enforcement used by other states or nations,
94.31	including identifying and discussing emerging best practices that ensure tracking of both
94.32	cigarettes and other tobacco products and result in the highest rates of tax collection and
94.33	compliance. These best practices must consider high-technology alternatives, such as use

95.1	of bar codes, radio-frequency identification tags, or similar mechanisms for tracking
95.2	compliance;
95.3	(3) evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of the existing penalties and other
95.4	sanctions for noncompliance;
95.5	(4) evaluate the adequacy of the resources allocated by the state to enforce the
95.6	tobacco tax and prevention laws; and
95.7	(5) make recommendations on implementation of a comprehensive tobacco tax
95.8	collection system for Minnesota that can be implemented by January 1, 2014, including:
95.9	(i) recommendations on the specific steps needed to institute and implement the new
95.10	system, including estimates of the state's costs of doing so and any additional personnel
95.11	requirements;
95.12	(ii) recommendations on methods to recover the cost of implementing the system
95.13	from the industry;
95.14	(iii) evaluation of the extent to which the proposed system is sufficiently flexible
95.15	and adaptable to adjust to modifications in the construction, packaging, formatting, and
95.16	marketing of tobacco products by the industry; and
95.17	(iv) recommendations to modify existing penalties or to impose new penalties or
95.18	other sanctions to ensure compliance with the system.
95.19	Subd. 2. Due date. The report required by subdivision 1 is due January 1, 2014.
95.20	Subd. 3. Procedure. The report required under this section must be made in the
95.21	manner provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.195. In addition, copies must be
95.22	provided to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and
95.23	divisions with jurisdiction over taxation.
95.24	Subd. 4. Appropriation. (a) \$100,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the
95.25	commissioner of revenue for fiscal year 2014 for the cost of preparing the report under
95.26	subdivision 1.
95.27	(b) The appropriation under this subdivision is a onetime appropriation and is not
95.28	included in the base budget.
95.29	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
95.30	Sec. 50. <u>REPEALER.</u>
95.30 95.31	Sec. 50. <u><b>REPEALER.</b></u> Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 16A.725; 256.9658; 290.171; 290.173; and

96.1	ARTICLE 5
96.2	INDIVIDUAL INCOME AND CORPORATE FRANCHISE TAXES
96.3	Section 1. [116J.3738] QUALIFIED EXPANSIONS OF GREATER MINNESOTA
96.4	BUSINESSES.
96.5	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
96.6	have the meanings given unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.
96.7	(b) "Agricultural processing facility" means one or more facilities or operations
96.8	that transform, package, sort, or grade livestock or livestock products, agricultural
96.9	commodities, or plants or plant products into goods that are used for intermediate or final
96.10	consumption including goods for nonfood use, and surrounding property.
96.11	(c) "Business" means an individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability
96.12	company, association, or any other entity engaged in operating a trade or business located
96.13	in greater Minnesota.
96.14	(d) "City" means a statutory or home rule charter city.
96.15	(e) "Greater Minnesota" means the area of the state that excludes the metropolitan
96.16	area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2.
96.17	(f) "Qualified business" means a business that satisfies the requirements of subdivision
96.18	2, has been certified under subdivision 3, and has not been terminated under subdivision 5.
96.19	Subd. 2. Qualified business. (a) A business is a qualified business if it satisfies the
96.20	requirement of this paragraph and is not disqualified under the provisions of paragraph
96.21	(b). To qualify, the business must:
96.22	(1) have operated its trade or business in a city or cities in greater Minnesota for at
96.23	least one year before applying under subdivision 3;
96.24	(2) pay or agree to pay in the future each employee compensation, including benefits
96.25	not mandated by law, that on an annualized basis equal at least 120 percent of the federal
96.26	poverty level for a family of four;
96.27	(3) plan and agree to expand its employment in one or more cities in greater Minnesota
96.28	by the minimum number of employees required under subdivision 3, paragraph (c); and
96.29	(4) received certification from the commissioner under subdivision 3 that it is a
96.30	qualified business.
96.31	(b) A business is not a qualified business if it is either:
96.32	(1) primarily engaged in making retail sales to purchasers who are physically present
96.33	at the business's location or locations in greater Minnesota; or
96.34	(2) a public utility, as defined in section 336B.01.

97.1	(c) The requirements in paragraph (a) that the business' operations and expansion be
97.2	located in a city do not apply to an agricultural processing facility.
97.3	Subd. 3. Certification of qualified business. (a) A business may apply to
97.4	the commissioner for certification as a qualified business under this section. The
97.5	commissioner shall specify the form of the application, the manner and times for applying,
97.6	and the information required to be included in the application. The commissioner may
97.7	impose an application fee in an amount sufficient to defray the commissioner's cost of
97.8	processing certifications. A business must file a copy of its application with the chief
97.9	clerical officer of the city at the same it applies to the commissioner. For an agricultural
97.10	processing facility located outside the boundaries of a city, the business must file a copy
97.11	of the application with the county auditor.
97.12	(b) The commissioner shall certify each business as a qualified business that:
97.13	(1) satisfies the requirements of subdivision 2;
97.14	(2) the commissioner determines would not expand its operations in greater
97.15	Minnesota without the tax incentives available under subdivision 4; and
97.16	(3) enters a business subsidy agreement with the commissioner that pledges to
97.17	satisfy the minimum expansion requirements of paragraph (c) within three years or less
97.18	following execution of the agreement.
97.19	The commissioner must act on an application within 60 days after its filing. Failure
97.20	by the commissioner to take action within the 60-day period is deemed approval of the
97.21	application.
97.22	(c) The following minimum expansion requirements apply, based on the number of
97.23	employees of the business at locations in greater Minnesota:
97.24	(1) a business that employees 50 or fewer full-time equivalent employees in greater
97.25	Minnesota when the agreement is executed must increase its employment by five or more
97.26	full-time equivalent employees;
97.27	(2) a business that employees more than 50 but fewer than 200 full-time equivalent
97.28	employees in greater Minnesota when the agreement is executed must increase the number
97.29	of its full-time equivalent employees in greater Minnesota by at least ten percent; or
97.30	(3) a business that employees 200 or more full-time equivalent employees in greater
97.31	Minnesota when the agreement is executed must increase its employment by at least 21
97.32	full-time equivalent employees.
97.33	(d) The city, or a county for an agricultural processing facility located outside the
97.34	boundaries of a city, in which the business proposes to expand its operations may file
97.35	comments supporting or opposing the application with the commissioner. The comments
97.36	must be filed within 30 days after receipt by the city of the application and may include a

98.1	notice of any contribution the city or county intends to make to encourage or support the
98.2	business expansion, such as the use of tax increment financing, property tax abatement,
98.3	additional city or county services, or other financial assistance.
98.4	(e) Certification of a qualified business is effective for the 12-year period beginning
98.5	on the first day of the calendar month immediately following execution of the business
98.6	subsidy agreement.
98.7	Subd. 4. Available tax incentives. A qualified business is entitled to one or more
98.8	of the following tax incentives as provided under its business subsidy agreement with
98.9	the commissioner:
98.10	(1) a sales tax exemption, as provided in section 297A.68, subdivision 44, for
98.11	purchases made during the period the business was certified as a qualified business under
98.12	this section; and
98.13	(2) the jobs credit, as provided in section 290.0682, effective for taxable years
98.14	beginning during a calendar year in which certification of the business as a qualified
98.15	business applies under this section.
98.16	Subd. 5. Termination of status as a qualified business. (a) The commissioner shall
98.17	put in place a system for monitoring and ensuring that each certified business meets within
98.18	three years or less the minimum expansion requirement in its business subsidy agreement
98.19	and continues to satisfy those requirements for the rest of the duration of the certification
98.20	under subdivision 3. This system must include regular reporting by the business to the
98.21	commissioner of its baseline and current employment levels and any other information
98.22	the commissioner determines may be useful to ensure compliance and for legislative
98.23	evaluation of the effectiveness of the tax incentives.
98.24	(b) A business ceases to be a qualified business and to qualify for the sales tax
98.25	exemption under section 297A.68, subdivision 49, under this subdivision upon the earlier
98.26	of the following dates:
98.27	(1) the end of the duration of its designation under subdivision 3, paragraph (e),
98.28	effective as provided under this subdivision or other provision of law for the tax incentive;
98.29	<u>or</u>
98.30	(2) the date the commissioner finds that the business has breached its business
98.31	subsidy agreement and failed to satisfy the minimum expansion required by subdivision 3
98.32	and its agreement.
98.33	(c) A business may contest the commissioner's finding that it breached its business
98.34	subsidy agreement under paragraph (b), clause (2), under the contested case procedures in
98.35	the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 14.

99.1	(d) The commissioner, after consulting with the commissioner of revenue, may
99.2	waive a breach of the business subsidy agreement and permit continued receipt of tax
99.3	incentives, if the commissioner determines that termination of the tax incentives is not in
99.4	the best interest of the state or the local government units and the business' breach of the
99.5	agreement is a result of circumstances beyond its control including, but not limited to:
99.6	(1) a natural disaster;
99.7	(2) unforeseen industry trends;
99.8	(3) a decline in economic activity in the overall or greater Minnesota economy; or
99.9	(4) loss of a major supplier or customer of the business.
99.10	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
99.11	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116J.8737, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
99.12	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms
99.13	have the meanings given.
99.14	(b) "Qualified small business" means a business that has been certified by the
99.15	commissioner under subdivision 2.
99.16	(c) "Qualified investor" means an investor who has been certified by the
99.17	commissioner under subdivision 3.
99.18	(d) "Qualified fund" means a pooled angel investment network fund that has been
99.19	certified by the commissioner under subdivision 4.
99.20	(e) "Qualified investment" means a cash investment in a qualified small business
99.21	of a minimum of:
99.22	(1) \$10,000 in a calendar year by a qualified investor; or
99.23	(2) \$30,000 in a calendar year by a qualified fund.
99.24	A qualified investment must be made in exchange for common stock, a partnership
99.25	or membership interest, preferred stock, debt with mandatory conversion to equity, or an
99.26	equivalent ownership interest as determined by the commissioner.
99.27	(f) "Family" means a family member within the meaning of the Internal Revenue
99.28	Code, section $267(c)(4)$ .
99.29	(g) "Pass-through entity" means a corporation that for the applicable taxable year is
99.30	treated as an S corporation or a general partnership, limited partnership, limited liability
99.31	partnership, trust, or limited liability company and which for the applicable taxable year is
99.32	not taxed as a corporation under chapter 290.
99.33	(h) "Intern" means a student of an accredited institution of higher education, or a
99.34	former student who has graduated in the past six months from an accredited institution
99.35	of higher education, who is employed by a qualified small business in a nonpermanent

100.2 primary business activity of the business.

(i) "Qualified greater Minnesota business" means a qualified small business that 100.3 is also certified by the commissioner as a qualified greater Minnesota business under 100.4 subdivision 2, paragraph (h). 100.5

(j) "Liquidation event" means a conversion of qualified investment for cash, cash 100.6 and other consideration, or any other form of equity or debt interest. 100.7

100.8

100.1

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116J.8737, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 100.9 Subd. 2. Certification of qualified small businesses. (a) Businesses may apply 100.10 100.11 to the commissioner for certification as a qualified small business for a calendar year. In addition, the business' application may request certification as a qualified greater 100.12 Minnesota business under paragraph (h). The application must be in the form and 100.13 be made under the procedures specified by the commissioner, accompanied by an 100.14 application fee of \$150. Application fees are deposited in the small business investment 100.15 tax credit administration account in the special revenue fund. The application for 100.16 certification for 2010 must be made available on the department's Web site by August 1, 100.17 2010. Applications for subsequent years' certification must be made available on the 100.18 department's Web site by November 1 of the preceding year. 100.19

(b) Within 30 days of receiving an application for certification under this 100.20 subdivision, the commissioner must either certify the business as satisfying the conditions 100.21 required of a qualified small business or a qualified greater Minnesota business, request 100.22 additional information from the business, or reject the application for certification. If 100.23 100.24 the commissioner requests additional information from the business, the commissioner must either certify the business or reject the application within 30 days of receiving the 100.25 additional information. If the commissioner neither certifies the business nor rejects 100.26 the application within 30 days of receiving the original application or within 30 days of 100.27 receiving the additional information requested, whichever is later, then the application is 100.28 deemed rejected, and the commissioner must refund the \$150 application fee. A business 100.29 that applies for certification and is rejected may reapply. 100.30

(c) To receive certification as a qualified small business, a business must satisfy 100.31 all of the following conditions: 100.32

100.33

(1) the business has its headquarters in Minnesota;

(2) at least 51 percent of the business's employees are employed in Minnesota, and 100.34 100.35 51 percent of the business's total payroll is paid or incurred in the state;

(3) the business is engaged in, or is committed to engage in, innovation in Minnesota 101.1 101.2 in one of the following as its primary business activity:

(i) using proprietary technology to add value to a product, process, or service in a 101.3 qualified high-technology field; 101.4

(ii) researching or developing a proprietary product, process, or service in a qualified 101.5 high-technology field; or 101.6

(iii) researching, developing, or producing a new proprietary technology for use in 101.7 the fields of agriculture, tourism, forestry, mining, manufacturing, or transportation; 101.8

(4) other than the activities specifically listed in clause (3), the business is not 101.9 engaged in real estate development, insurance, banking, lending, lobbying, political 101.10 consulting, information technology consulting, wholesale or retail trade, leisure, 101.11 101.12 hospitality, transportation, construction, ethanol production from corn, or professional services provided by attorneys, accountants, business consultants, physicians, or health 101.13

care consultants; 101.14

101.15 (5) the business has fewer than 25 employees;

(6) the business must pay its employees annual wages of at least 175 percent of the 101.16 federal poverty guideline for the year for a family of four and must pay its interns annual 101.17 101.18 wages of at least 175 percent of the federal minimum wage used for federally covered employers, except that this requirement must be reduced proportionately for employees 101.19 and interns who work less than full-time, and does not apply to an executive, officer, or 101.20 member of the board of the business, or to any employee who owns, controls, or holds 101.21 power to vote more than 20 percent of the outstanding securities of the business; 101.22

101.23 (7) the business has not been in operation for more than ten years;

(8) the business has not previously received private equity investments of more 101.24 than \$4,000,000; and 101.25

101.26 (9) the business is not an entity disqualified under section 80A.50, paragraph (b), clause (3); and 101.27

(10) the business has not issued securities that are traded on a public exchange. 101.28

(d) In applying the limit under paragraph (c), clause (5), the employees in all members 101.29 of the unitary business, as defined in section 290.17, subdivision 4, must be included. 101.30

(e) In order for a qualified investment in a business to be eligible for tax credits, the 101.31 101.32 business:

(1) the business must have applied for and received certification for the calendar 101.33 year in which the investment was made prior to the date on which the qualified investment 101.34 was made; 101.35

(2) must not have issued securities that are traded on a public exchange; 101.36

102.1	(3) must not issue securities that are traded on a public exchange within 180 days
102.2	after the date on which the qualified investment was made; and
102.3	(4) must not have a liquidation event within 180 days after the date on which a
102.4	qualified investment was made.
102.5	(f) The commissioner must maintain a list of <u>qualified small</u> businesses and qualified
102.6	greater Minnesota businesses certified under this subdivision for the calendar year and
102.7	make the list accessible to the public on the department's Web site.
102.8	(g) For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given:
102.9	(1) "qualified high-technology field" includes aerospace, agricultural processing,
102.10	renewable energy, energy efficiency and conservation, environmental engineering, food
102.11	technology, cellulosic ethanol, information technology, materials science technology,
102.12	nanotechnology, telecommunications, biotechnology, medical device products,
102.13	pharmaceuticals, diagnostics, biologicals, chemistry, veterinary science, and similar
102.14	fields; <del>and</del>
102.15	(2) "proprietary technology" means the technical innovations that are unique and
102.16	legally owned or licensed by a business and includes, without limitation, those innovations
102.17	that are patented, patent pending, a subject of trade secrets, or copyrighted -; and
102.18	(3) "greater Minnesota" means the area of Minnesota located outside of the
102.19	metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2.
102.20	(h) To receive certification as a qualified greater Minnesota business, a business must
102.21	satisfy all of the requirements of paragraph (c) and must satisfy the following conditions:
102.22	(1) the business has its headquarters in greater Minnesota; and
102.23	(2) at least 51 percent of the business's employees are employed in greater Minnesota,
102.24	and 51 percent of the business's total payroll is paid or incurred in greater Minnesota.
102.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
102.26	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116J.8737, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
102.27	Subd. 5. Credit allowed. (a) A qualified investor or qualified fund is eligible for a
102.28	credit equal to 25 percent of the qualified investment in a qualified small business.
102.29	Investments made by a pass-through entity qualify for a credit only if the entity is a
102.30	qualified fund. The commissioner must not allocate more than \$11,000,000 in credits to
102.31	qualified investors or qualified funds for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009,

- and before January 1, 2011, and must not allocate more than \$12,000,000 in credits per
- 102.33 year for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010, and before January 1, <del>2015</del>
- 102.34 2013, or more than \$17,000,000 in credits per year for taxable years beginning after

103.1 December 31, 2012, and before January 1, 2015. Any portion of a taxable year's credits
 103.2 that is not allocated by the commissioner does not cancel and may be carried forward to
 103.3 subsequent taxable years until all credits have been allocated.

(b) The commissioner may not allocate more than a total maximum amount in credits
for a taxable year to a qualified investor for the investor's cumulative qualified investments
as an individual qualified investor and as an investor in a qualified fund; for married
couples filing joint returns the maximum is \$250,000, and for all other filers the maximum
is \$125,000. The commissioner may not allocate more than a total of \$1,000,000 in credits
over all taxable years for qualified investments in any one qualified small business.

(c) The commissioner may not allocate a credit to a qualified investor either as an 103.10 individual qualified investor or as an investor in a qualified fund if the investor receives 103.11 more than 50 percent of the investor's gross annual income from the qualified small 103.12 business in which the qualified investment is proposed. A member of the family of an 103.13 individual disqualified by this paragraph is not eligible for a credit under this section. For 103.14 103.15 a married couple filing a joint return, the limitations in this paragraph apply collectively to the investor and spouse. For purposes of determining the ownership interest of an 103.16 investor under this paragraph, the rules under section 267(c) and 267(e) of the Internal 103.17 103.18 Revenue Code apply.

(d) Applications for tax credits for 2010 must be made available on the department's
Web site by September 1, 2010, and the department must begin accepting applications
by September 1, 2010. Applications for subsequent years must be made available by
November 1 of the preceding year.

103.23 (e) Qualified investors and qualified funds must apply to the commissioner for tax credits. Tax credits must be allocated to qualified investors or qualified funds in the order 103.24 that the tax credit request applications are filed with the department. The commissioner 103.25 103.26 must approve or reject tax credit request applications within 15 days of receiving the application. The investment specified in the application must be made within 60 days of 103.27 the allocation of the credits. If the investment is not made within 60 days, the credit 103.28 allocation is canceled and available for reallocation. A qualified investor or qualified fund 103.29 that fails to invest as specified in the application, within 60 days of allocation of the 103.30 credits, must notify the commissioner of the failure to invest within five business days of 103.31 the expiration of the 60-day investment period. 103.32

(f) All tax credit request applications filed with the department on the same day must
be treated as having been filed contemporaneously. If two or more qualified investors or
qualified funds file tax credit request applications on the same day, and the aggregate
amount of credit allocation claims exceeds the aggregate limit of credits under this section

or the lesser amount of credits that remain unallocated on that day, then the credits must 104.1 104.2 be allocated among the qualified investors or qualified funds who filed on that day on a pro rata basis with respect to the amounts claimed. The pro rata allocation for any one 104.3 qualified investor or qualified fund is the product obtained by multiplying a fraction, 104.4 the numerator of which is the amount of the credit allocation claim filed on behalf of 104.5 a qualified investor and the denominator of which is the total of all credit allocation 104.6 claims filed on behalf of all applicants on that day, by the amount of credits that remain 104.7 unallocated on that day for the taxable year. 104.8

(g) A qualified investor or qualified fund, or a qualified small business acting on their 104.9 behalf, must notify the commissioner when an investment for which credits were allocated 104.10 has been made, and the taxable year in which the investment was made. A qualified fund 104.11 104.12 must also provide the commissioner with a statement indicating the amount invested by each investor in the qualified fund based on each investor's share of the assets of the 104.13 qualified fund at the time of the qualified investment. After receiving notification that the 104.14 104.15 investment was made, the commissioner must issue credit certificates for the taxable year in which the investment was made to the qualified investor or, for an investment made by 104.16 a qualified fund, to each qualified investor who is an investor in the fund. The certificate 104.17 must state that the credit is subject to revocation if the qualified investor or qualified 104.18 fund does not hold the investment in the qualified small business for at least three years, 104.19 consisting of the calendar year in which the investment was made and the two following 104.20 years. The three-year holding period does not apply if: 104.21

104.22 (1) the investment by the qualified investor or qualified fund becomes worthless104.23 before the end of the three-year period;

104.24 (2) 80 percent or more of the assets of the qualified small business is sold before104.25 the end of the three-year period;

104.26 (3) the qualified small business is sold before the end of the three-year period; or

104.27 (4) the qualified small business's common stock begins trading on a public exchange104.28 before the end of the three-year period.

(h) The commissioner must notify the commissioner of revenue of credit certificatesissued under this section.

# 104.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment for 104.32 taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012.

104.33 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116J.8737, is amended by adding a 104.34 subdivision to read:

Subd. 5a. Promotion of credit in greater Minnesota. (a) By July 1, 2013, the 105.1 105.2 commissioner shall develop a plan to increase awareness of and use of the credit for investments in greater Minnesota businesses with a target goal that a minimum of 30 105.3 percent of the credit will be awarded for those investments during the second half 105.4 of calendar year 2013 and for each full calendar year thereafter. Beginning with the 105.5 legislative report due on March 15, 2014, under subdivision 9, the commissioner shall 105.6 report on its plan under this subdivision and the results achieved. 105.7 (b) If the target goal of 30 percent under paragraph (a) is not achieved for the 105.8 six-month period ending on December 31, 2013, the credit percentage under subdivision 105.9 5, paragraph (a), is increased to 40 percent for a qualified investment made after December 105.10 31, 2013, in a greater Minnesota business. This paragraph does not apply and the credit 105.11 percentage for all qualified investments is the rate provided under subdivision 5 for any 105.12 calendar year beginning after a calendar year for which the commissioner determines the 105.13

105.14 <u>30 percent target has been satisfied</u>. The commissioner shall timely post notification of

105.15 changes in the credit rate under this paragraph on the department's Web site.

105.16

6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116J.8737, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Revocation of credits. (a) If the commissioner determines that a
qualified investor or qualified fund did not meet the three-year holding period required in
subdivision 5, paragraph (g), any credit allocated and certified to the investor or fund is
revoked and must be repaid by the investor.

(b) If the commissioner determines that a business did not meet the employment
and payroll requirements in subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (2), or paragraph (h), as
<u>applicable</u>, in any of the five calendar years following the year in which an investment in the
business that qualified for a tax credit under this section was made, the business must repay
the following percentage of the credits allowed for qualified investments in the business:

105.27	Year following the year in which	Percentage of credit required
105.28	the investment was made:	to be repaid:
105.29	First	100%
105.30	Second	80%
105.31	Third	60%
105.32	Fourth	40%
105.33	Fifth	20%
105.34	Sixth and later	0

(c) The commissioner must notify the commissioner of revenue of every creditrevoked and subject to full or partial repayment under this section.

(d) For the repayment of credits allowed under this section and section 290.0692, 106.1 a qualified small business, qualified investor, or investor in a qualified fund must file an 106.2 amended return with the commissioner of revenue and pay any amounts required to be 106.3 106.4 repaid within 30 days after becoming subject to repayment under this section.

106.5

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116J.8737, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 106.6 Subd. 9. Report to legislature. Beginning in 2011, the commissioner must 106.7 106.8 annually report by March 15 to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over taxes and economic development in the senate and 106.9 the house of representatives, in compliance with sections 3.195 and 3.197, on the tax 106.10 106.11 credits issued under this section. The report must include:

(1) the number and amount of the credits issued; 106.12

(2) the recipients of the credits; 106.13

(3) for each qualified small business, its location, line of business, and if it received 106.14 an investment resulting in certification of tax credits; 106.15

106.16 (4) the total amount of investment in each qualified small business resulting in certification of tax credits; 106.17

(5) for each qualified small business that received investments resulting in tax 106.18 credits, the total amount of additional investment that did not qualify for the tax credit; 106.19

(6) the number and amount of credits revoked under subdivision 7; 106.20

- (7) the number and amount of credits that are no longer subject to the three-year 106.21 holding period because of the exceptions under subdivision 5, paragraph (g), clauses 106.22
- (1) to (4); and 106.23
- (8) the number of qualified small businesses that are women or minority-owned; and 106.24 (9) any other information relevant to evaluating the effect of these credits. 106.25
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 106.26

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116J.8737, subdivision 12, is amended to read: 106.27 Subd. 12. Sunset. This section expires for taxable years beginning after December 106.28 31, 2014 2015, except that reporting requirements under subdivision 6 and revocation 106.29 of credits under subdivision 7 remain in effect through 2016 2017 for qualified 106.30 investors and qualified funds, and through 2018 2019 for qualified small businesses, 106.31 reporting requirements under subdivision 9 remain in effect through 2019 2020, and the 106.32 appropriation in subdivision 11 remains in effect through 2018 2019. 106.33

107.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
107.2	Sec. 9. [136A.129] GREATER MINNESOTA INTERNSHIP PROGRAM.
107.3	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in
107.4	this subdivision have the meanings given to them.
107.5	(b) "Eligible employer" means a taxpayer under section 290.01 with employees
107.6	located in greater Minnesota.
107.7	(c) "Eligible institution" means a Minnesota public postsecondary institution or a
107.8	Minnesota private, nonprofit, baccalaureate degree-granting college or university.
107.9	(d) "Eligible student" means a student enrolled in an eligible institution who has
107.10	completed one-half of the credits necessary for the respective degree or certification.
107.11	(e) "Greater Minnesota" means the area of the state outside of the counties of Anoka,
107.12	Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and
107.13	Wright.
107.14	Subd. 2. Program established. The Office of Higher Education shall administer
107.15	a greater Minnesota internship program through eligible institutions to provide credit at
107.16	the eligible institution for internships and tax credits for eligible employers who hire
107.17	interns for employment in greater Minnesota. The purpose of the program is to encourage
107.18	Minnesota businesses to:
107.19	(1) employ and provide valuable experience to Minnesota students; and
107.20	(2) foster long-term relationships between the students and greater Minnesota
107.21	employers.
107.22	Subd. 3. Program components. (a) An intern must be an eligible student who has
107.23	been admitted to a major program that is related to the intern experience as determined
107.24	by the eligible institution.
107.25	(b) To participate in the program, an eligible institution must:
107.26	(1) enter into written agreements with eligible employers to provide internships that
107.27	are at least 12 weeks long and located in greater Minnesota;
107.28	(2) determine that the work experience of the internship is related to the eligible
107.29	student's course of study; and
107.30	(3) provide academic credit for the successful completion of the internship or ensure
107.31	that it fulfills requirements necessary to complete a vocational technical education program.
107.32	(c) To participate in the program, an eligible employer must enter into a written
107.33	agreement with an eligible institution specifying that the intern:
107.34	(1) would not have been hired without the tax credit described in subdivision 4;

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108.1	(2) did not work for the employer in the same or a similar job prior to entering
108.2	the agreement;
108.2	(3) does not replace an existing employee;
108.4	<ul> <li>(4) has not previously participated in the program;</li> <li>(5) will be employed at a location in greater Minnesota;</li> </ul>
108.5	<ul> <li>(5) will be employed at a location in greater Minnesota;</li> <li>(6) will be used at least minimum and for a minimum of 16 beam and a for a</li> </ul>
108.6	(6) will be paid at least minimum wage for a minimum of 16 hours per week for a
108.7	period of at least 12 weeks; and
108.8	(7) will be supervised and evaluated by the employer.
108.9	(d) Participating eligible institutions and eligible employers must report annually to
108.10	the office. The report must include at least the following:
108.11	(1) the number of interns hired;
108.12	(2) the number of hours and weeks worked by interns; and
108.13	(3) the compensation paid to interns.
108.14	(e) An internship required to complete an academic program does not qualify for the
108.15	greater Minnesota internship program under this section.
108.16	Subd. 4. Tax credit allowed. An employer is entitled to a tax credit as provided
108.17	in section 290.06, subdivision 3b. The office shall allocate tax credits authorized in
108.18	subdivision 4 to eligible institutions on a first come, first served basis. The office shall
108.19	determine relevant criteria to allocate the tax credits including the geographic distribution
108.20	of credits to work locations outside the metropolitan area. Any credits allocated to an
108.21	institution but not used may be reallocated to eligible institutions. The office shall allocate
108.22	a portion of the administrative fee under section 290.06, subdivision 36, to participating
108.23	eligible institutions for their administrative costs.
108.24	Subd. 5. Reports to the legislature. (a) By February 1, 2015, the office and the
108.25	Department of Revenue shall report to the legislature on the greater Minnesota internship
108.26	program. The report must include at least the following:
108.27	(1) the number and dollar amount of credits allowed;
108.28	(2) the number of interns employed under the program; and
108.29	(3) the cost of administering the program.
108.30	(b) By February 1, 2016, the office and the Department of Revenue shall report to the
108.31	legislature with an analysis of the effectiveness of the program in stimulating businesses
108.32	to hire interns and in assisting participating interns in finding permanent career positions.
108.33	This report must include the number of students who participated in the program who
108.34	were subsequently employed full-time by the employer.
108.35	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after

## 108.36 December 31, 2013.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.08, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 Subd. 3. Corporations. (a) A corporation that is subject to the state's jurisdiction to
 tax under section 290.014, subdivision 5, must file a return, except that a foreign operating
 corporation as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 6b, is not required to file a return.

(b) Members of a unitary business that are required to file a combined report on one
return must designate a member of the unitary business to be responsible for tax matters,
including the filing of returns, the payment of taxes, additions to tax, penalties, interest,
or any other payment, and for the receipt of refunds of taxes or interest paid in excess of
taxes lawfully due. The designated member must be a member of the unitary business that
is filing the single combined report and either:

109.11

1 (1) a corporation that is subject to the taxes imposed by chapter 290; or

109.12 (2) a corporation that is not subject to the taxes imposed by chapter 290:

(i) Such corporation consents by filing the return as a designated member under this
clause to remit taxes, penalties, interest, or additions to tax due from the members of the
unitary business subject to tax, and receive refunds or other payments on behalf of other
members of the unitary business. The member designated under this clause is a "taxpayer"
for the purposes of this chapter and chapter 270C, and is liable for any liability imposed
on the unitary business under this chapter and chapter 290.

(ii) If the state does not otherwise have the jurisdiction to tax the member designated
under this clause, consenting to be the designated member does not create the jurisdiction
to impose tax on the designated member, other than as described in item (i).

(iii) The member designated under this clause must apply for a business tax accountidentification number.

(c) The commissioner shall adopt rules for the filing of one return on behalf of the
members of an affiliated group of corporations that are required to file a combined report.
All members of an affiliated group that are required to file a combined report must file one
return on behalf of the members of the group under rules adopted by the commissioner.

(d) If a corporation claims on a return that it has paid tax in excess of the amount of
taxes lawfully due, that corporation must include on that return information necessary for
payment of the tax in excess of the amount lawfully due by electronic means.

## 109.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 109.32 December 31, 2012.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.01, subdivision 19b, is amended to read:
 Subd. 19b. Subtractions from federal taxable income. For individuals, estates,
 and trusts, there shall be subtracted from federal taxable income:

(1) net interest income on obligations of any authority, commission, or
instrumentality of the United States to the extent includable in taxable income for federal
income tax purposes but exempt from state income tax under the laws of the United States;
(2) if included in federal taxable income, the amount of any overpayment of income
tax to Minnesota or to any other state, for any previous taxable year, whether the amount
is received as a refund or as a credit to another taxable year's income tax liability;

(3) the amount paid to others, less the amount used to claim the credit allowed under 110.7 section 290.0674, not to exceed \$1,625 for each qualifying child in grades kindergarten 110.8 to 6 and \$2,500 for each qualifying child in grades 7 to 12, for tuition, textbooks, and 110.9 transportation of each qualifying child in attending an elementary or secondary school 110.10 situated in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa, or Wisconsin, wherein a 110.11 110.12 resident of this state may legally fulfill the state's compulsory attendance laws, which is not operated for profit, and which adheres to the provisions of the Civil Rights Act 110.13 of 1964 and chapter 363A. For the purposes of this clause, "tuition" includes fees or 110.14 110.15 tuition as defined in section 290.0674, subdivision 1, clause (1). As used in this clause, "textbooks" includes books and other instructional materials and equipment purchased 110.16 or leased for use in elementary and secondary schools in teaching only those subjects 110.17 legally and commonly taught in public elementary and secondary schools in this state. 110.18 Equipment expenses qualifying for deduction includes expenses as defined and limited in 110.19 section 290.0674, subdivision 1, clause (3). "Textbooks" does not include instructional 110.20 books and materials used in the teaching of religious tenets, doctrines, or worship, the 110.21 purpose of which is to instill such tenets, doctrines, or worship, nor does it include books 110.22 110.23 or materials for, or transportation to, extracurricular activities including sporting events, musical or dramatic events, speech activities, driver's education, or similar programs. No 110.24 deduction is permitted for any expense the taxpayer incurred in using the taxpayer's or 110.25 the qualifying child's vehicle to provide such transportation for a qualifying child. For 110.26 purposes of the subtraction provided by this clause, "qualifying child" has the meaning 110.27 given in section 32(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; 110.28

110.29

(4) income as provided under section 290.0802;

(5) to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, income realized ondisposition of property exempt from tax under section 290.491;

(6) to the extent not deducted or not deductible pursuant to section 408(d)(8)(E)
of the Internal Revenue Code in determining federal taxable income by an individual
who does not itemize deductions for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, an
amount equal to 50 percent of the excess of charitable contributions over \$500 allowable

as a deduction for the taxable year under section 170(a) of the Internal Revenue Code,
under the provisions of Public Law 109-1 and Public Law 111-126;

(7) for individuals who are allowed a federal foreign tax credit for taxes that do not 111.3 qualify for a credit under section 290.06, subdivision 22, an amount equal to the carryover 111.4 of subnational foreign taxes for the taxable year, but not to exceed the total subnational 111.5 foreign taxes reported in claiming the foreign tax credit. For purposes of this clause, 111.6 "federal foreign tax credit" means the credit allowed under section 27 of the Internal 111.7 Revenue Code, and "carryover of subnational foreign taxes" equals the carryover allowed 111.8 under section 904(c) of the Internal Revenue Code minus national level foreign taxes to 111.9 the extent they exceed the federal foreign tax credit; 111.10

(8) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an 111.11 addition is required under subdivision 19a, clause (7), or 19c, clause (15) (13), in the case 111.12 of a shareholder of a corporation that is an S corporation, an amount equal to one-fifth of the 111.13 delayed depreciation. For purposes of this clause, "delayed depreciation" means the amount 111.14 111.15 of the addition made by the taxpayer under subdivision 19a, clause (7), or subdivision 19c, clause (15) (13), in the case of a shareholder of an S corporation, minus the positive value 111.16 of any net operating loss under section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code generated for the 111.17 tax year of the addition. The resulting delayed depreciation cannot be less than zero; 111.18

(9) job opportunity building zone income as provided under section 469.316;

(10) to the extent included in federal taxable income, the amount of compensation 111.20 paid to members of the Minnesota National Guard or other reserve components of the 111.21 United States military for active service, excluding compensation for services performed 111.22 under the Active Guard Reserve (AGR) program. For purposes of this clause, "active 111.23 service" means (i) state active service as defined in section 190.05, subdivision 5a, clause 111.24 (1); or (ii) federally funded state active service as defined in section 190.05, subdivision 111.25 5b, but "active service" excludes service performed in accordance with section 190.08, 111.26 subdivision 3; 111.27

(11) to the extent included in federal taxable income, the amount of compensation
paid to Minnesota residents who are members of the armed forces of the United States
or United Nations for active duty performed under United States Code, title 10; or the
authority of the United Nations;

(12) an amount, not to exceed \$10,000, equal to qualified expenses related to a
qualified donor's donation, while living, of one or more of the qualified donor's organs
to another person for human organ transplantation. For purposes of this clause, "organ"
means all or part of an individual's liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow;
"human organ transplantation" means the medical procedure by which transfer of a human

organ is made from the body of one person to the body of another person; "qualified expenses" means unreimbursed expenses for both the individual and the qualified donor for (i) travel, (ii) lodging, and (iii) lost wages net of sick pay, except that such expenses may be subtracted under this clause only once; and "qualified donor" means the individual or the individual's dependent, as defined in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code. An individual may claim the subtraction in this clause for each instance of organ donation for transplantation during the taxable year in which the qualified expenses occur;

(13) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an 112.8 addition is required under subdivision 19a, clause (8), or 19c, clause (16) (14), in the case 112.9 of a shareholder of a corporation that is an S corporation, an amount equal to one-fifth of 112.10 the addition made by the taxpayer under subdivision 19a, clause (8), or 19c, clause (16) 112.11 (14), in the case of a shareholder of a corporation that is an S corporation, minus the 112.12 positive value of any net operating loss under section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code 112.13 generated for the tax year of the addition. If the net operating loss exceeds the addition for 112.14 112.15 the tax year, a subtraction is not allowed under this clause;

(14) to the extent included in the federal taxable income of a nonresident of
Minnesota, compensation paid to a service member as defined in United States Code, title
10, section 101(a)(5), for military service as defined in the Servicemembers Civil Relief
Act, Public Law 108-189, section 101(2);

(15) to the extent included in federal taxable income, the amount of national service
educational awards received from the National Service Trust under United States Code,
title 42, sections 12601 to 12604, for service in an approved Americorps National Service
program;

(16) to the extent included in federal taxable income, discharge of indebtedness
income resulting from reacquisition of business indebtedness included in federal taxable
income under section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. This subtraction applies only
to the extent that the income was included in net income in a prior year as a result of the
addition under section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (16); and

(17) the amount of the net operating loss allowed under section 290.095, subdivision
112.30 11, paragraph (c);

112.31 (18) in the year that the expenditures are made for railroad track maintenance, as

112.32 defined in section 45G(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, in the case of a shareholder of a

112.33 corporation that is an S corporation or a partner in a partnership, an amount equal to the

112.34 credit awarded pursuant to section 45G(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The subtraction

112.35 shall be reduced to an amount equal to the percentage of the shareholder's or partner's

112.36 share of the net income of the S corporation or partnership-; and

(19) to the extent included in federal taxable income, the previous year's average
dental provider's reimbursement from the Minnesota medical assistance program in the
taxable year for which the subtraction is claimed multiplied by the dental provider's total
number of patients enrolled in the Minnesota medical assistance program for the year,
up to \$25,000 for a taxable year. For purposes of this clause, "dental provider" means a
licensed provider of dental services that treats patients eligible for medical assistance
under section 256B.056.

### 113.8 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 113.9 December 31, 2012.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.01, subdivision 19c, is amended to read:
  Subd. 19c. Corporations; additions to federal taxable income. For corporations,
  there shall be added to federal taxable income:
- (1) the amount of any deduction taken for federal income tax purposes for income,
  excise, or franchise taxes based on net income or related minimum taxes, including but not
  limited to the tax imposed under section 290.0922, paid by the corporation to Minnesota,
  another state, a political subdivision of another state, the District of Columbia, or any
  foreign country or possession of the United States;
- (2) interest not subject to federal tax upon obligations of: the United States, its
  possessions, its agencies, or its instrumentalities; the state of Minnesota or any other
  state, any of its political or governmental subdivisions, any of its municipalities, or any
  of its governmental agencies or instrumentalities; the District of Columbia; or Indian
  tribal governments;
- (3) exempt-interest dividends received as defined in section 852(b)(5) of the InternalRevenue Code;
- (4) the amount of any net operating loss deduction taken for federal income tax
- 113.26 purposes under section 172 or 832(c)(10) of the Internal Revenue Code or operations loss
- 113.27 deduction under section 810 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (5) the amount of any special deductions taken for federal income tax purposesunder sections 241 to 247 and 965 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (6) losses from the business of mining, as defined in section 290.05, subdivision 1,
- 113.31 clause (a), that are not subject to Minnesota income tax;
- (7) the amount of any capital losses deducted for federal income tax purposes undersections 1211 and 1212 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (8) the exempt foreign trade income of a foreign sales corporation under sections921(a) and 291 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(9) the amount of percentage depletion deducted under sections 611 through 614 and291 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(10) for certified pollution control facilities placed in service in a taxable year
beginning before December 31, 1986, and for which amortization deductions were elected
under section 169 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December
31, 1985, the amount of the amortization deduction allowed in computing federal taxable
income for those facilities;

(11) the amount of any deemed dividend from a foreign operating corporation
determined pursuant to section 290.17, subdivision 4, paragraph (g). The deemed dividend
shall be reduced by the amount of the addition to income required by clauses (20), (21),
(22), and (23);

114.12 (12)(11) the amount of a partner's pro rata share of net income which does not flow 114.13 through to the partner because the partnership elected to pay the tax on the income under 114.14 section 6242(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(13) the amount of net income excluded under section 114 of the Internal Revenue
Code;

(14) (12) any increase in subpart F income, as defined in section 952(a) of the
Internal Revenue Code, for the taxable year when subpart F income is calculated without
regard to the provisions of Division C, title III, section 303(b) of Public Law 110-343;

(15) (13) 80 percent of the depreciation deduction allowed under section 114.20 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this clause, if 114.21 the taxpayer has an activity that in the taxable year generates a deduction for depreciation 114.22 114.23 under section 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A) and the activity generates a loss for the taxable year that the taxpayer is not allowed to claim for the taxable year, "the depreciation 114.24 allowed under section 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A)" for the taxable year is limited to excess 114.25 of the depreciation claimed by the activity under section 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A)114.26 over the amount of the loss from the activity that is not allowed in the taxable year. In 114.27 succeeding taxable years when the losses not allowed in the taxable year are allowed, the 114.28

114.29 depreciation under section 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A) is allowed;

 $\frac{(16)(14)}{(14)}$  80 percent of the amount by which the deduction allowed by section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code exceeds the deduction allowable by section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2003;

114.33 (17)(15) to the extent deducted in computing federal taxable income, the amount of 114.34 the deduction allowable under section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code;

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- (18) (16) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2013, the exclusion allowed 115.1 under section 139A of the Internal Revenue Code for federal subsidies for prescription 115.2 drug plans; 115.3 (19) (17) the amount of expenses disallowed under section 290.10, subdivision 2; 115.4 (20) an amount equal to the interest and intangible expenses, losses, and costs paid, 115.5 accrued, or incurred by any member of the taxpayer's unitary group to or for the benefit 115.6 of a corporation that is a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group that qualifies 115.7 as a foreign operating corporation. For purposes of this clause, intangible expenses and 115.8 costs include: 115.9 (i) expenses, losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, 115.10 use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 115.11 intangible property; 115.12 (ii) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting 115.13 transactions; 115.14 115.15 (iii) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (iv) licensing fees; and 115.16 (v) other similar expenses and costs. 115.17 For purposes of this clause, "intangible property" includes stocks, bonds, patents, patent 115.18 115.19 applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets. 115.20 This clause does not apply to any item of interest or intangible expenses or costs paid, 115.21 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign operating corporation with respect 115.22 to such item of income to the extent that the income to the foreign operating corporation 115.23 is income from sources without the United States as defined in subtitle A, chapter 1, 115.24 subchapter N, part 1, of the Internal Revenue Code; 115.25 (21) except as already included in the taxpayer's taxable income pursuant to clause 115.26 (20), any interest income and income generated from intangible property received or 115.27 accrued by a foreign operating corporation that is a member of the taxpayer's unitary 115.28 group. For purposes of this clause, income generated from intangible property includes: 115.29 (i) income related to the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or 115.30 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; 115.31 (ii) income from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; 115.32 115.33 (iii) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (iv) licensing fees; and 115.34 (v) other similar income. 115.35

For purposes of this clause, "intangible property" includes stocks, bonds, patents, patent 116.1

applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade 116.2

secrets, and similar types of intangible assets. 116.3

This clause does not apply to any item of interest or intangible income received or accrued 116.4

- by a foreign operating corporation with respect to such item of income to the extent that 116.5
- the income is income from sources without the United States as defined in subtitle A, 116.6
- chapter 1, subchapter N, part 1, of the Internal Revenue Code; 116.7

116.8 (22) the dividends attributable to the income of a foreign operating corporation that

is a member of the taxpayer's unitary group in an amount that is equal to the dividends 116.9

paid deduction of a real estate investment trust under section 561(a) of the Internal 116.10

Revenue Code for amounts paid or accrued by the real estate investment trust to the 116.11

foreign operating corporation; 116.12

(23) the income of a foreign operating corporation that is a member of the taxpayer's 116.13 unitary group in an amount that is equal to gains derived from the sale of real or personal 116.14 property located in the United States; 116.15

116.16 (24) (18) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2010, the additional amount allowed as a deduction for donation of computer technology and equipment under section 116.17 170(e)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from taxable income; and 116.18 116.19 (25) (19) discharge of indebtedness income resulting from reacquisition of business indebtedness and deferred under section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. 116.20

#### 116.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012. 116.22

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.01, subdivision 19d, is amended to read: 116.23 Subd. 19d. Corporations; modifications decreasing federal taxable income. For 116.24 corporations, there shall be subtracted from federal taxable income after the increases 116.25 provided in subdivision 19c: 116.26

(1) the amount of foreign dividend gross-up added to gross income for federal 116.27 116.28 income tax purposes under section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(2) the amount of salary expense not allowed for federal income tax purposes due to 116.29 claiming the work opportunity credit under section 51 of the Internal Revenue Code; 116.30

116.31 (3) any dividend (not including any distribution in liquidation) paid within the taxable year by a national or state bank to the United States, or to any instrumentality of 116.32 the United States exempt from federal income taxes, on the preferred stock of the bank 116.33 owned by the United States or the instrumentality; 116.34

(4) amounts disallowed for intangible drilling costs due to differences between
this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code in taxable years beginning before January
1, 1987, as follows:

(i) to the extent the disallowed costs are represented by physical property, an amount
equal to the allowance for depreciation under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09,
subdivision 7, subject to the modifications contained in subdivision 19e; and

(ii) to the extent the disallowed costs are not represented by physical property, an
amount equal to the allowance for cost depletion under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section
290.09, subdivision 8;

(5) the deduction for capital losses pursuant to sections 1211 and 1212 of theInternal Revenue Code, except that:

(i) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986,capital loss carrybacks shall not be allowed;

(ii) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986,
a capital loss carryover to each of the 15 taxable years succeeding the loss year shall be
allowed;

(iii) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, a
capital loss carryback to each of the three taxable years preceding the loss year, subject to
the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.16, shall be allowed; and

(iv) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987,
a capital loss carryover to each of the five taxable years succeeding the loss year to the
extent such loss was not used in a prior taxable year and subject to the provisions of
Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.16, shall be allowed;

(6) an amount for interest and expenses relating to income not taxable for federal
income tax purposes, if (i) the income is taxable under this chapter and (ii) the interest and
expenses were disallowed as deductions under the provisions of section 171(a)(2), 265 or
291 of the Internal Revenue Code in computing federal taxable income;

(7) in the case of mines, oil and gas wells, other natural deposits, and timber for 117.28 which percentage depletion was disallowed pursuant to subdivision 19c, clause (9), a 117.29 reasonable allowance for depletion based on actual cost. In the case of leases the deduction 117.30 must be apportioned between the lessor and lessee in accordance with rules prescribed 117.31 by the commissioner. In the case of property held in trust, the allowable deduction must 117.32 be apportioned between the income beneficiaries and the trustee in accordance with the 117.33 pertinent provisions of the trust, or if there is no provision in the instrument, on the basis 117.34 of the trust's income allocable to each; 117.35

(8) for certified pollution control facilities placed in service in a taxable year
beginning before December 31, 1986, and for which amortization deductions were elected
under section 169 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December
31, 1985, an amount equal to the allowance for depreciation under Minnesota Statutes
1986, section 290.09, subdivision 7;

(9) amounts included in federal taxable income that are due to refunds of income,
excise, or franchise taxes based on net income or related minimum taxes paid by the
corporation to Minnesota, another state, a political subdivision of another state, the
District of Columbia, or a foreign country or possession of the United States to the extent
that the taxes were added to federal taxable income under section 290.01, subdivision 19c,
clause (1), in a prior taxable year;

(10) 80 percent of royalties, fees, or other like income accrued or received from a
foreign operating corporation or a foreign corporation which is part of the same unitary
business as the receiving corporation, unless the income resulting from such payments or
accruals is income from sources within the United States as defined in subtitle A, chapter
subchapter N, part 1, of the Internal Revenue Code;

(11) (10) income or gains from the business of mining as defined in section 290.05,
 subdivision 1, clause (a), that are not subject to Minnesota franchise tax;

118.19 (12)(11) the amount of disability access expenditures in the taxable year which are not 118.20 allowed to be deducted or capitalized under section 44(d)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code;

 $\frac{(13)(12)}{(12)}$  the amount of qualified research expenses not allowed for federal income tax purposes under section 280C(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, but only to the extent that the amount exceeds the amount of the credit allowed under section 290.068;

 $\frac{(14)(13)}{(13)}$  the amount of salary expenses not allowed for federal income tax purposes due to claiming the Indian employment credit under section 45A(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(15) (14) for a corporation whose foreign sales corporation, as defined in section
922 of the Internal Revenue Code, constituted a foreign operating corporation during any
taxable year ending before January 1, 1995, and a return was filed by August 15, 1996,
claiming the deduction under section 290.21, subdivision 4, for income received from
the foreign operating corporation, an amount equal to 1.23 multiplied by the amount of
income excluded under section 114 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided the income is
not income of a foreign operating company;

(16) any decrease in subpart F income, as defined in section 952(a) of the Internal
 Revenue Code, for the taxable year when subpart F income is calculated without regard to
 the provisions of Division C, title III, section 303(b) of Public Law 110-343;

- 119.1 (17)(15) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an 119.2 addition is required under subdivision 19c, clause (15)(13), an amount equal to one-fifth 119.3 of the delayed depreciation. For purposes of this clause, "delayed depreciation" means the 119.4 amount of the addition made by the taxpayer under subdivision 19c, clause (15)(13). The 119.5 resulting delayed depreciation cannot be less than zero;
- 119.6 (18)(16) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an 119.7 addition is required under subdivision 19c, clause (16)(14), an amount equal to one-fifth 119.8 of the amount of the addition; and
- $\frac{(19)(17)}{(17)}$  to the extent included in federal taxable income, discharge of indebtedness income resulting from reacquisition of business indebtedness included in federal taxable income under section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. This subtraction applies only to the extent that the income was included in net income in a prior year as a result of the addition under section 290.01, subdivision 19c, clause (25)(19);
- (18) in the year that the expenditures are made for railroad track maintenance, as
   defined in section 45G(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, an amount equal to the credit
   awarded pursuant to section 45G(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (19) to the extent included in federal taxable income, the previous year's average
  dental provider's reimbursement from the Minnesota medical assistance program in the
  taxable year for which the subtraction is claimed multiplied by the dental provider's total
  number of patients enrolled in the Minnesota medical assistance program for the year,
  up to \$25,000 for a taxable year. For purposes of this clause, "dental provider" means a
  licensed provider of dental services that treats patients eligible for medical assistance
  under section 256B.056.

## 119.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 119.25 December 31, 2012.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Computation, corporations. The franchise tax imposed upon
corporations shall be computed by applying to their taxable income the rate of 9.8 9.0
percent.

## 119.30 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 119.31 December 31, 2012.

119.32 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.06, subdivision 2c, is amended to read:

Subd. 2c. Schedules of rates for individuals, estates, and trusts. (a) The income 120.1 taxes imposed by this chapter upon married individuals filing joint returns and surviving 120.2 spouses as defined in section 2(a) of the Internal Revenue Code must be computed by 120.3 applying to their taxable net income the following schedule of rates: 120.4 (1) On the first \$25,680 \$35,480, 5.35 percent; 120.5 (2) On all over  $\frac{25,680}{35,480}$ , but not over  $\frac{102,030}{140,960}$ , 7.05 percent; 120.6 (3) On all over \$102,030 \$140,960, 7.85 9.4 percent. 120.7 Married individuals filing separate returns, estates, and trusts must compute their 120.8 income tax by applying the above rates to their taxable income, except that the income 120.9 brackets will be one-half of the above amounts. 120.10 (b) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals must be 120.11 computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates: 120.12 (1) On the first \$17,570 \$24,270, 5.35 percent; 120.13 (2) On all over  $\frac{17,570}{24,270}$ , but not over  $\frac{57,710}{79,730}$ , 7.05 percent; 120.14 120.15 (3) On all over <del>\$57,710</del> \$79,730, <del>7.85</del> 9.4 percent.

(c) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals qualifying
as a head of household as defined in section 2(b) of the Internal Revenue Code must be
computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:

120.19 (1) On the first  $\frac{21,630}{29,880}$ , 5.35 percent;

120.20 (2) On all over  $\frac{21,630}{29,880}$ , but not over  $\frac{86,910}{120,070}$ , 7.05 percent;

120.21 (3) On all over  $\frac{86,910}{120,070}$ ,  $\frac{7.85}{9.4}$  percent.

(d) In lieu of a tax computed according to the rates set forth in this subdivision, the tax of any individual taxpayer whose taxable net income for the taxable year is less than an amount determined by the commissioner must be computed in accordance with tables prepared and issued by the commissioner of revenue based on income brackets of not more than \$100. The amount of tax for each bracket shall be computed at the rates set forth in this subdivision, provided that the commissioner may disregard a fractional part of a dollar unless it amounts to 50 cents or more, in which case it may be increased to \$1.

(e) An individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year must compute
the individual's Minnesota income tax as provided in this subdivision. After the
application of the nonrefundable credits provided in this chapter, the tax liability must
then be multiplied by a fraction in which:

(1) the numerator is the individual's Minnesota source federal adjusted gross income
as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code and increased by the additions
required under section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clauses (1), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (12),
(13), and (16) to (18), and reduced by the Minnesota assignable portion of the subtraction

- for United States government interest under section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clause 121.1 (1), and the subtractions under section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clauses (8), (9), (13), 121.2 (14), (16), and (17), after applying the allocation and assignability provisions of section 121.3 290.081, clause (a), or 290.17; and 121.4 (2) the denominator is the individual's federal adjusted gross income as defined in 121.5 section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, increased by the amounts specified in 121.6 section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clauses (1), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (12), (13), and (16) to 121.7
- (18), and reduced by the amounts specified in section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clauses (1), 121.8
- (8), (9), (13), (14), (16), and (17). 121.9

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 121.10 December 31, 2012. 121.11

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.06, subdivision 2d, is amended to read: 121.12 Subd. 2d. Inflation adjustment of brackets. (a) For taxable years beginning after 121.13 December 31, 2000 2013, the minimum and maximum dollar amounts for each rate 121.14 bracket for which a tax is imposed in subdivision 2c shall be adjusted for inflation by the 121.15 percentage determined under paragraph (b). For the purpose of making the adjustment as 121.16 provided in this subdivision all of the rate brackets provided in subdivision 2c shall be the 121.17 rate brackets as they existed for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999 2012, 121.18 and before January 1, 2001 2014. The rate applicable to any rate bracket must not be 121.19 changed. The dollar amounts setting forth the tax shall be adjusted to reflect the changes 121.20 in the rate brackets. The rate brackets as adjusted must be rounded to the nearest \$10 121.21 amount. If the rate bracket ends in \$5, it must be rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount. 121.22 (b) The commissioner shall adjust the rate brackets and by the percentage determined 121.23 pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that in 121.24 section 1(f)(3)(B) the word "1999" "2012" shall be substituted for the word "1992." For 121.25 2001 2014, the commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months 121.26 ending on August 31, <del>1999</del> 2012, to the 12 months ending on August 31, <del>2000</del> 2013, and 121.27 in each subsequent year, from the 12 months ending on August 31, <del>1999</del> 2012, to the 12 121.28 months ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The determination of 121.29 the commissioner pursuant to this subdivision shall not be considered a "rule" and shall 121.30 not be subject to the Administrative Procedure Act contained in chapter 14. 121.31 No later than December 15 of each year, the commissioner shall announce the 121.32 specific percentage that will be used to adjust the tax rate brackets. 121.33

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122.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
122.2	December 31, 2012.
122.3	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.06, is amended by adding a subdivision
122.4	to read:
122.5	Subd. 36. Greater Minnesota internship credit. (a) A taxpayer may take a credit
122.6	against the tax due under this chapter equal to the lesser of:
122.7	(1) 40 percent of the compensation paid to an intern qualifying under the program
122.8	established under section 136A.129, but not to exceed \$2,000 per intern; or
122.9	(2) the amount certified by the Office of Higher Education under section 136A.129
122.10	to the taxpayer.
122.11	(b) Credits allowed to a partnership, a limited liability company taxed as a
122.12	partnership, an S corporation, or multiple owners of property are passed through to the
122.13	partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each partner, member,
122.14	shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's income for the taxable year.
122.15	(c) If the amount of credit which the taxpayer is eligible to receive under this
122.16	subdivision exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter, the commissioner of
122.17	revenue shall refund the excess to the taxpayer.
122.18	(d) The amount necessary to:
122.19	(1) pay claims for the refund provided in this subdivision; and
122.20	(2) an amount equal to one percent of the total amount of the credits authorized
122.21	under this subdivision for an administrative fee for the Office of Higher Education
122.22	and participating eligible institutions is appropriated from the general fund to the
122.23	commissioner of revenue, not to exceed \$2,020,000.
122.24	The commissioner of revenue shall transfer the amount of the administrative fee to
122.25	the Office of Higher Education.
122.26	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
122.20	December 31, 2013.
122.27	<u>December 51, 2015.</u>
122.28	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0677, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
122.29	Subdivision 1. Credit allowed; current military service. (a) An individual is
122.30	allowed a credit against the tax due under this chapter equal to \$59 for each month or

122.31 portion thereof that the individual was in active military service in a designated area after

122.32 September 11, 2001, and before January 1, 2009, while a Minnesota domiciliary.

(b) An individual is allowed a credit against the tax due under this chapter equal
to \$120 \$200 for each month or portion thereof that the individual was in active military
service in a designated area after December 31, 2008, while a Minnesota domiciliary.
(c) For active service performed after September 11, 2001, and before December 31,

2006, the individual may claim the credit in the taxable year beginning after December 31,2005, and before January 1, 2007.

(d) For active service performed after December 31, 2006, the individual may claimthe credit for the taxable year in which the active service was performed.

(e) If an individual entitled to the credit died prior to January 1, 2006, the individual's
estate or heirs at law, if the individual's probate estate has closed or the estate was not
probated, may claim the credit.

### 123.12 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 123.13 December 31, 2012.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0677, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
Subd. 1a. Credit allowed; past military service. (a) A qualified individual is
allowed a credit against the tax imposed under this chapter for past military service. The
credit equals \$750 \$1,500. The credit allowed under this subdivision is reduced by ten
percent of adjusted gross income in excess of \$30,000, but in no case is the credit less
than zero.

(b) For a nonresident or a part-year resident, the credit under this subdivision
must be allocated based on the percentage calculated under section 290.06, subdivision
2c, paragraph (e).

### 123.23 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 123.24 December 31, 2012.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0677, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
the meanings given.

(b) "Designated area" means a:

(1) combat zone designated by Executive Order from the President of the UnitedStates;

123.31 (2) qualified hazardous duty area, designated in Public Law; or

(3) location certified by the U. S. Department of Defense as eligible for combat zonetax benefits due to the location's direct support of military operations.

(c) "Active military service" means active duty service in any of the United States 124.1 armed forces, the National Guard, or reserves. 124.2 (d) "Qualified individual" means an individual who has: 124.3 (1) either (i) met one of the following criteria: 124.4 (i) has served at least 20 years in the military or; 124.5 (ii) has a service-connected disability rating of 100 percent for a total and permanent 124.6 disability; or 124.7 (iii) has been determined by the military to be eligible for compensation from a 124.8 pension or other retirement pay from the federal government for service in the military, 124.9 as computed under United States Code, title 10, sections 1401 to 1414, 1447 to 1455, 124.10 or 12733; and 124.11 (2) separated from military service before the end of the taxable year. 124.12 (e) "Adjusted gross income" has the meaning given in section 61 of the Internal 124.13 Revenue Code. 124.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 124.15 December 31, 2012. 124.16 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.068, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 124.17 Subdivision 1. Credit allowed. A corporation, partners in a partnership, or 124.18 shareholders in a corporation treated as an "S" corporation under section 290.9725 are 124.19 allowed a credit against the tax computed under this chapter for the taxable year equal to: 124.20 (a) ten percent of the first \$2,000,000 of the excess (if any) of 124.21 (1) the qualified research expenses for the taxable year, over 124.22 (2) the base amount; and 124.23 (b) 2.5 3.75 percent on all of such excess expenses over \$2,000,000. 124.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 124.25 December 31, 2012. 124.26 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0681, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 124.27 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms 124.28 have the meanings given. 124.29 (b) "Account" means the historic credit administration account in the special 124.30 revenue fund. 124.31 (c) "Office" means the State Historic Preservation Office of the Minnesota Historical 124.32

Society.

124.33

- (d) "Project" means rehabilitation of a certified historic structure, as defined in 125.1 section 47(c)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, that is located in Minnesota and is 125.2 allowed a federal credit under section 47(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code. 125.3 (e) "Society" means the Minnesota Historical Society. 125.4 (f) "Federal credit" means the credit allowed under section 47(a)(2) of the Internal 125.5 Revenue Code. 125.6 (g) "Placed in service" has the meaning used in section 47 of the Internal Revenue 125.7 Code. 125.8
- (h) "Qualified rehabilitation expenditures" has the meaning given in section 47 of
  the Internal Revenue Code.
- 125.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0681, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 125.12 Subd. 3. Applications; allocations. (a) To qualify for a credit or grant under this 125.13 section, the developer of a project must apply to the office before the rehabilitation begins. 125.14 The application must contain the information and be in the form prescribed by the office. 125.15 The office may collect a fee for application of up to \$5,000 0.5 percent of qualified 125.16 rehabilitation expenditures, up to \$45,000, based on estimated qualified rehabilitation 125.17 expenses expenditures, to offset costs associated with personnel and administrative 125.18 expenses related to administering the credit and preparing the economic impact report 125.19 in subdivision 9. Application fees are deposited in the account. The application must 125.20 indicate if the application is for a credit or a grant in lieu of the credit or a combination of 125.21 the two and designate the taxpayer qualifying for the credit or the recipient of the grant. 125.22

- (b) Upon approving an application for credit, the office shall issue allocationcertificates that:
- 125.25 (1) verify eligibility for the credit or grant;

(2) state the amount of credit or grant anticipated with the project, with the credit
amount equal to 100 percent and the grant amount equal to 90 percent of the federal
credit anticipated in the application;

- (3) state that the credit or grant allowed may increase or decrease if the federal
  credit the project receives at the time it is placed in service is different than the amount
  anticipated at the time the allocation certificate is issued; and
- (4) state the fiscal year in which the credit or grant is allocated, and that the taxpayer
  or grant recipient is entitled to receive the credit or grant at the time the project is placed
  in service, provided that date is within three calendar years following the issuance of
  the allocation certificate.

126.2 if the project is eligible for a credit or a grant under this section and must notify the

126.3 <u>developer in writing of its determination</u>. Eligibility for the credit is subject to review

and audit by the commissioner of revenue.

(d) The federal credit recapture and repayment requirements under section 50 of theInternal Revenue Code do not apply to the credit allowed under this section.

(e) Any decision of the office under paragraph (c) may be challenged as a contested
 case under chapter 14. The contested case proceeding must be initiated within 45 days of
 the date of written notification by the office.

126.10

126.1

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

126.11 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0681, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. Credit certificates; grants. (a)(1) The developer of a project for which the 126.12 office has issued an allocation certificate must notify the office when the project is placed 126.13 in service. Upon verifying that the project has been placed in service, and was allowed a 126.14 federal credit, the office must issue a credit certificate to the taxpayer designated in the 126.15 126.16 application or must issue a grant to the recipient designated in the application. Credit certificates will be issued on a first come, first served basis according to the date and time 126.17 of verification required under this clause. The total amount of all credits issued in any 126.18 fiscal year under this subdivision must not exceed \$15,000,000. The credit certificate 126.19 must state the amount of the credit. 126.20 (2) The credit amount equals the federal credit allowed for the project. 126.21 (3) The grant amount equals 90 percent of the federal credit allowed for the project. 126.22 (b) The recipient of a credit certificate may assign the certificate to another taxpayer, 126.23 which is then allowed the credit under this section or section 297I.20, subdivision 3. An 126.24 assignment is not valid unless the assignee notifies the commissioner within 30 days of the 126.25 date that the assignment is made. The commissioner shall prescribe the forms necessary 126.26 for notifying the commissioner of the assignment of a credit certificate and for claiming 126.27 a credit by assignment. 126.28 (c) Credits passed through to partners, members, shareholders, or owners pursuant to 126.29 subdivision 5 are not an assignment of a credit certificate under this subdivision. 126.30 (d) A grant agreement between the office and the recipient of a grant may allow the 126.31 grant to be issued to another individual or entity. 126.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraph (a) is effective beginning fiscal year 2016. 126.33 Paragraph (b) is effective the day following final enactment. 126.34

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0681, subdivision 5, is amended to read: Subd. 5. **Partnerships; multiple owners.** Credits granted to a partnership, a limited liability company taxed as a partnership, S corporation, or multiple owners of property are passed through to the partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each partner, member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets or as specially allocated in their organizational documents <u>or any other executed</u> agreement, as of the last day of the taxable year.

### 127.8

### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0681, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Appropriations. (a) An amount sufficient to pay the refunds authorized
under this section is appropriated to the commissioner from the general fund.
(b) Subject to the limitation in paragraph (a), an amount sufficient to pay the grants

authorized under this section is appropriated to the society from the general fund.

(c) Amounts in the account are appropriated to the society for costs associated with
personnel and administrative expenses related to administering the credit for historic
structure rehabilitation in this section, for refunding application fees under subdivision
3, and for costs associated with preparing the determination of economic impact report
required in subdivision 9.

### 127.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning fiscal year 2016.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0681, subdivision 10, is amended to read: Subd. 10. **Sunset.** This section expires after fiscal year  $\frac{2015}{2021}$ , except that the office's authority to issue credit certificates under subdivision 4 based on allocation certificates that were issued before fiscal year  $\frac{2016}{2022}$  remains in effect through  $\frac{2018}{2018}$  $\frac{2024}{2024}$ , and the reporting requirements in subdivision 9 remain in effect through the year following the year in which all allocation certificates have either been canceled or resulted in issuance of credit certificates, or  $\frac{2019}{2025}$ , whichever is earlier.

### 127.27 **I**

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

## 127.28 Sec. 28. [290.0682] JOBS CREDIT; GREATER MINNESOTA BUSINESS 127.29 EXPANSIONS.

127.30 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Credit allowed.</u> (a) If authorized by its business subsidy agreement, a 127.31 <u>qualified business is allowed a credit against the taxes imposed under chapter 290. Credits</u>

127.32 <u>must be awarded on a first come, first served basis.</u> The credit equals seven percent of:

128.1	(1) the lesser of:
128.2	(i) the greater Minnesota payroll for the taxable year, less the greater Minnesota
128.3	payroll for the base year; or
128.4	(ii) the total Minnesota payroll for the taxable year, less the total Minnesota payroll
128.5	for the base year; minus
128.6	(2)(i) \$35,000 multiplied by (ii) the number of full-time equivalent employees that
128.7	the qualified business employs in greater Minnesota for the taxable year, minus the
128.8	number of full-time equivalent employees the business employed in greater Minnesota in
128.9	the base year, but not less than zero.
128.10	(b) The total amount of credits allowed under paragraph (a) to all qualified
128.11	businesses must not exceed \$5,000,000 in a calendar year.
128.12	Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
128.13	the meanings given.
128.14	(b) "Base year" means the taxable year beginning during the calendar year prior to
128.15	the calendar year in which the qualified business was certified under section 116J.3738.
128.16	(c) "Full-time equivalent employees" means the equivalent of annualized expected
128.17	hours of work equal to 2,080 hours.
128.18	(d) "Greater Minnesota" has the meaning given in section 116J.3738.
128.19	(e) "Greater Minnesota payroll" is that portion of the payroll factor under section
128.20	290.191 that represents:
128.21	(1) wages or salaries paid to an individual for services performed in greater
128.22	Minnesota; plus
128.23	(2) wages or salaries paid to individuals working from offices within greater
128.24	Minnesota if their employment requires them to work outside of greater Minnesota and the
128.25	work is incidental to the work performed by the individual within greater Minnesota; less
128.26	(3) the amount of compensation attributable to any employee whose wages or salary
128.27	are included in clause (1) or (2) that exceeds \$125,000.
128.28	(f) "Minnesota payroll" means the wages or salaries attributed to Minnesota under
128.29	section 290.191, subdivision 12, for the qualified business or the unitary business of which
128.30	the qualified business is a part, whichever is greater.
128.31	(g) "Qualified business" means a qualified business certified under section
128.32	<u>116J.3738, subdivision 3.</u>
128.33	Subd. 3. Inflation adjustment. For taxable years beginning after December 31,
128.34	2014, the dollar amounts in subdivision 1, clause (2), and subdivision 2, paragraph (e), are
128.35	annually adjusted for inflation. The commissioner of revenue shall adjust the amounts by
128.36	the percentage determined under section 290.06, subdivision 2d, for the taxable year.

129.1	Subd. 4. <b>Refundable.</b> If the amount of the credit exceeds the liability for tax under
129.2	this chapter, the commissioner of revenue shall refund the excess to the qualified business.
129.3	Subd. 5. Appropriation. An amount sufficient to pay the refunds authorized by this
129.4	section is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the general fund.
129.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
129.6	December 31, 2013.
129.7	Sec. 29. [290.0683] CLOTHING SALES TAX CREDIT.
129.8	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
129.9	have the meanings given.
129.10	(b) "Income" has the meaning given in section 290.067, subdivision 2a.
129.11	(c) "Dependent" has the meaning given in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code.
129.12	Subd. 2. Credit allowed. A taxpayer is allowed a refundable credit against the tax
129.13	imposed under this chapter. The credit is equal to \$60 for a married couple filing a joint
129.14	return, and \$30 for all other filers, plus \$30 for the first dependent claimed on the return,
129.15	\$15 for each of the second and third dependents claimed on the return, \$10 for the fourth
129.16	dependent claimed on the return, and \$5 for each subsequent dependent.
129.17	Subd. 3. Limitations. The credit allowed in this section is reduced by \$10 for every
129.18	\$1,000 of income in excess of 200 percent of the federal poverty guidelines.
129.19	Subd. 4. Appropriation. An amount sufficient to pay the refunds required by this
129.20	section is appropriated to the commissioner from the general fund.
129.21	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
129.22	December 31, 2012.
129.23	Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
129.24	Subd. 2. Definitions. For purposes of the tax imposed by this section, the following
129.25	terms have the meanings given:
129.26	(a) "Alternative minimum taxable income" means the sum of the following for
129.27	the taxable year:
129.28	(1) the taxpayer's federal alternative minimum taxable income as defined in section
129.29	55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(2) the taxpayer's itemized deductions allowed in computing federal alternativeminimum taxable income, but excluding:

(i) the charitable contribution deduction under section 170 of the Internal RevenueCode;

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(ii) the medical expense deduction; 130.1 (iii) the casualty, theft, and disaster loss deduction; and 130.2 (iv) the impairment-related work expenses of a disabled person; 130.3 (3) for depletion allowances computed under section 613A(c) of the Internal 130.4 Revenue Code, with respect to each property (as defined in section 614 of the Internal 130.5 Revenue Code), to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, 130.6 the excess of the deduction for depletion allowable under section 611 of the Internal 130.7 Revenue Code for the taxable year over the adjusted basis of the property at the end of the 130.8 taxable year (determined without regard to the depletion deduction for the taxable year); 130.9 (4) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the 130.10 amount of the tax preference for intangible drilling cost under section 57(a)(2) of the 130.11 Internal Revenue Code determined without regard to subparagraph (E); 130.12 (5) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the 130.13 amount of interest income as provided by section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (1); and 130.14 (6) the amount of addition required by section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clauses (7) 130.15 to (9), (12), (13), and (16) to (18); 130.16 less the sum of the amounts determined under the following: 130.17 (1) interest income as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clause (1); 130.18 (2) an overpayment of state income tax as provided by section 290.01, subdivision 130.19 19b, clause (2), to the extent included in federal alternative minimum taxable income; 130.20 (3) the amount of investment interest paid or accrued within the taxable year on 130.21 indebtedness to the extent that the amount does not exceed net investment income, as 130.22 130.23 defined in section 163(d)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. Interest does not include amounts deducted in computing federal adjusted gross income; 130.24 (4) amounts subtracted from federal taxable income as provided by section 290.01, 130.25 subdivision 19b, clauses (6), (8) to (14), and (16), and (18); and 130.26 (5) the amount of the net operating loss allowed under section 290.095, subdivision 130.27 11, paragraph (c). 130.28 In the case of an estate or trust, alternative minimum taxable income must be 130.29 computed as provided in section 59(c) of the Internal Revenue Code. 130.30 (b) "Investment interest" means investment interest as defined in section 163(d)(3)130.31 of the Internal Revenue Code. 130.32 (c) "Net minimum tax" means the minimum tax imposed by this section. 130.33 (d) "Regular tax" means the tax that would be imposed under this chapter (without 130.34 regard to this section and section 290.032), reduced by the sum of the nonrefundable 130.35 credits allowed under this chapter. 130.36

(e) "Tentative minimum tax" equals 6.4 percent of alternative minimum taxableincome after subtracting the exemption amount determined under subdivision 3.

### 131.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 131.4 December 31, 2012.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0921, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Tax imposed. In addition to the taxes computed under this chapter
without regard to this section, the franchise tax imposed on corporations includes a tax
equal to the excess, if any, for the taxable year of:

(1) 5.8 5.3 percent of Minnesota alternative minimum taxable income; over
(2) the tax imposed under section 290.06, subdivision 1, without regard to this section.

## 131.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 131.12 December 31, 2012.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0921, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 131.13 Subd. 3. Alternative minimum taxable income. "Alternative minimum taxable 131.14 income" is Minnesota net income as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 19, and 131.15 includes the adjustments and tax preference items in sections 56, 57, 58, and 59(d), (e), 131.16 (f), and (h) of the Internal Revenue Code. If a corporation files a separate company 131.17 Minnesota tax return, the minimum tax must be computed on a separate company basis. 131.18 If a corporation is part of a tax group filing a unitary return, the minimum tax must be 131.19 131.20 computed on a unitary basis. The following adjustments must be made.

(1) For purposes of the depreciation adjustments under section 56(a)(1) and
56(g)(4)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, the basis for depreciable property placed in
service in a taxable year beginning before January 1, 1990, is the adjusted basis for federal
income tax purposes, including any modification made in a taxable year under section
290.01, subdivision 19e, or Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 7,
paragraph (c).

- For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, the amount of any remaining modification made under section 290.01, subdivision 19e, or Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 7, paragraph (c), not previously deducted is a depreciation allowance in the first taxable year after December 31, 2000.
- (2) The portion of the depreciation deduction allowed for federal income tax
  purposes under section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code that is required as an addition

alternative minimum taxable income.

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under section 290.01, subdivision 19c, clause (15) (13), is disallowed in determining

(3) The subtraction for depreciation allowed under section 290.01, subdivision

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132.4	19d, clause $(17)$ (16), is allowed as a depreciation deduction in determining alternative
132.5	minimum taxable income.
132.6	(4) The alternative tax net operating loss deduction under sections $56(a)(4)$ and $56(d)$
132.7	of the Internal Revenue Code does not apply.
132.8	(5) The special rule for certain dividends under section $56(g)(4)(C)(ii)$ of the Internal
132.9	Revenue Code does not apply.
132.10	(6) The special rule for dividends from section 936 companies under section
132.11	56(g)(4)(C)(iii) does not apply.
132.12	(7) (6) The tax preference for depletion under section 57(a)(1) of the Internal
132.13	Revenue Code does not apply.
132.14	(8) (7) The tax preference for intangible drilling costs under section 57(a)(2) of the
132.15	Internal Revenue Code must be calculated without regard to subparagraph (E) and the
132.16	subtraction under section 290.01, subdivision 19d, clause (4).
132.17	(9) (8) The tax preference for tax exempt interest under section 57(a)(5) of the
132.18	Internal Revenue Code does not apply.
132.19	(10) (9) The tax preference for charitable contributions of appreciated property
132.20	under section 57(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code does not apply.
132.21	(11) (10) For purposes of calculating the tax preference for accelerated depreciation
132.22	or amortization on certain property placed in service before January 1, 1987, under section
132.23	57(a)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code, the deduction allowable for the taxable year is the
132.24	deduction allowed under section 290.01, subdivision 19e.
132.25	For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, the amount of any remaining
132.26	modification made under section 290.01, subdivision 19e, not previously deducted is a
132.27	depreciation or amortization allowance in the first taxable year after December 31, 2004.
132.28	(12) (11) For purposes of calculating the adjustment for adjusted current earnings
132.29	in section 56(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, the term "alternative minimum taxable
132.30	income" as it is used in section 56(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, means alternative
132.31	minimum taxable income as defined in this subdivision, determined without regard to the
132.32	adjustment for adjusted current earnings in section 56(g) of the Internal Revenue Code.
132.33	(13) (12) For purposes of determining the amount of adjusted current earnings
132.34	under section 56(g)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, no adjustment shall be made under
132.35	section 56(g)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code with respect to (i) the amount of foreign
132.36	dividend gross-up subtracted as provided in section 290.01, subdivision 19d, clause (1),

(ii) the amount of refunds of income, excise, or franchise taxes subtracted as provided in 133.1

section 290.01, subdivision 19d, clause (9), or (iii) the amount of royalties, fees or other 133.2

like income subtracted as provided in section 290.01, subdivision 19d, clause (10). 133.3

(14) (13) Alternative minimum taxable income excludes the income from operating 133.4 in a job opportunity building zone as provided under section 469.317. 133.5

(15) (14) Alternative minimum taxable income excludes the income from operating 133.6 in a biotechnology and health sciences industry zone as provided under section 469.337. 133.7

Items of tax preference must not be reduced below zero as a result of the 133.8

modifications in this subdivision. 133.9

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 133.10 December 31, 2012. 133.11

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0922, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 133.12 Subdivision 1. Imposition. (a) In addition to the tax imposed by this chapter without 133.13 regard to this section, the franchise tax imposed on a corporation required to file under 133.14 section 289A.08, subdivision 3, other than a corporation treated as an "S" corporation 133.15 under section 290.9725 for the taxable year includes a tax equal to the following amounts: 133.16

133.17 133.18	If the sum of the corporation property, payrolls, and sale		the tax equals:
133.19 133.20	less than	\$ <u>930,000</u> \$ <u>930,000</u>	\$ 0
133.21 133.22	<del>500,000</del> \$ 930,000 to	<del>999,999</del> \$ 1,869,999	<del>100</del> \$ 190
133.22	1,000,000	4,999,999	300
133.24 133.25	$\frac{1,870,000}{5,000,000}$ to	\$ <u>9,339,999</u> 9,999,999	\$ <u>560</u> <del>1,000</del>
133.26	\$ <u>9,340,000</u> to	\$ <u>18,679,999</u>	\$ <u>1,870</u>
133.27 133.28	<del>10,000,000</del> \$ <u>18,680,000</u> to	<del>19,999,999</del> \$ <u>37,359,999</u>	<del>2,000</del> \$ <u>3,740</u>
133.29 133.30	<del>20,000,000</del> \$ <u>37,360,000</u> or r	nore	<del>5,000</del> \$ <u>9,340</u>

(b) A tax is imposed for each taxable year on a corporation required to file a return 133.31 under section 289A.12, subdivision 3, that is treated as an "S" corporation under section 133.32 290.9725 and on a partnership required to file a return under section 289A.12, subdivision 133.33 3, other than a partnership that derives over 80 percent of its income from farming. The 133.34 tax imposed under this paragraph is due on or before the due date of the return for the 133.35 taxpayer due under section 289A.18, subdivision 1. The commissioner shall prescribe 133.36 the return to be used for payment of this tax. The tax under this paragraph is equal to 133.37 133.38 the following amounts:

134.1 134.2 134.3	If the sum of the S corporation's or partnership's Minnesota property, payrolls, and sales or
134.4	receipts is: the tax equals:
134.5	<del>500,000</del>
134.6	less than $\ \ 930,000$ $\ \ 0$
134.7	<del>500,000</del> <del>999,999</del> <del>100</del>
134.8	\$ <u>930,000</u> to \$ <u>1,869,999</u> \$ <u>190</u>
134.9	<del>1,000,000</del> <del>4,999,999</del> <del>300</del>
134.10	\$ <u>1,870,000</u> to \$ <u>9,339,999</u> \$ <u>560</u>
134.11	<del>5,000,000 9,999,999 1,000</del>
134.12	\$ <u>9,340,000</u> to \$ <u>18,679,999</u> \$ <u>1,870</u>
134.13	<u>10,000,000</u> <u>19,999,999</u> <u>2,000</u>
134.14	\$ <u>18,680,000</u> to \$ <u>37,359,999</u> \$ <u>3,740</u>
134.15	<del>20,000,000</del> <del>5,000</del>
134.16	\$ <u>37,360,000</u> or more \$ <u>9,340</u>
134.17	(c) The commissioner shall adjust the dollar amounts of both the tax and the property,
134.18	payrolls, and sales or receipts thresholds in paragraphs (a) and (b) by the percentage
134.19	determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
134.20	that in section 1(f)(3)(B) the year 2012 must be substituted for the year 1992. For 2014,
134.21	the commissioner shall determine the percentage change from the 12 months ending on
134.22	August 31, 2012, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 2013, and in each subsequent
134.23	year, from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2012, to the 12 months ending on August
134.24	31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The determination of the commissioner pursuant
134.25	to this subdivision is not a rule subject to the Administrative Procedure Act contained in
134.26	chapter 14. The tax amounts as adjusted must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount and

134.27 the threshold amounts must be adjusted to the nearest \$10,000 amount. For tax amounts

134.28 that end in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount and for threshold

amounts that end in \$5,000, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10,000.

### 134.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after

134.31 December 31, 2012.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.095, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Defined and limited. (a) The term "net operating loss" as used in this
section shall mean a net operating loss as defined in section 172(c) of the Internal Revenue
Code, with the modifications specified in subdivision 4. The deductions provided in
section 290.21 and the modification provided in section 290.01, subdivision 19d, clause
(10), cannot be used in the determination of a net operating loss.
(b) The term "net operating loss deduction" as used in this section means the

134.39 aggregate of the net operating loss carryovers to the taxable year, computed in accordance

with subdivision 3. The provisions of section 172(b) of the Internal Revenue Code relatingto the carryback of net operating losses, do not apply.

### 135.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 135.4 December 31, 2012.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.17, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 135.5 Subd. 4. Unitary business principle. (a) If a trade or business conducted wholly 135.6 within this state or partly within and partly without this state is part of a unitary business, 135.7 135.8 the entire income of the unitary business is subject to apportionment pursuant to section 290.191. Notwithstanding subdivision 2, paragraph (c), none of the income of a unitary 135.9 business is considered to be derived from any particular source and none may be allocated 135.10 135.11 to a particular place except as provided by the applicable apportionment formula. The provisions of this subdivision do not apply to business income subject to subdivision 5, 135.12 income of an insurance company, or income of an investment company determined under 135.13 section 290.36. 135.14

(b) The term "unitary business" means business activities or operations which
result in a flow of value between them. The term may be applied within a single legal
entity or between multiple entities and without regard to whether each entity is a sole
proprietorship, a corporation, a partnership or a trust.

(c) Unity is presumed whenever there is unity of ownership, operation, and use,
evidenced by centralized management or executive force, centralized purchasing,
advertising, accounting, or other controlled interaction, but the absence of these
centralized activities will not necessarily evidence a nonunitary business. Unity is also
presumed when business activities or operations are of mutual benefit, dependent upon or
contributory to one another, either individually or as a group.

(d) Where a business operation conducted in Minnesota is owned by a business
entity that carries on business activity outside the state different in kind from that
conducted within this state, and the other business is conducted entirely outside the state, it
is presumed that the two business operations are unitary in nature, interrelated, connected,
and interdependent unless it can be shown to the contrary.

(e) Unity of ownership is not deemed to does not exist when a corporation is two or
 more corporations are involved unless that corporation is a member of a group of two or
 more business entities and more than 50 percent of the voting stock of each member of
 the group corporation is directly or indirectly owned by a common owner or by common
 owners, either corporate or noncorporate, or by one or more of the member corporations

of the group. For this purpose, the term "voting stock" shall include membership interestsof mutual insurance holding companies formed under section 66A.40.

(f) The net income and apportionment factors under section 290.191 or 290.20 of 136.3 foreign corporations and other foreign entities which are part of a unitary business shall not 136.4 be included in the net income or the apportionment factors of the unitary business; except 136.5 that the income and apportionment factors of a foreign corporation, foreign partnership, or 136.6 other foreign entity, that are included in the federal taxable income, as defined in section 136.7 63 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended through the date named in section 290.01, 136.8 subdivision 19, of a domestic corporation, domestic entity, or individual must be included 136.9 in determining net income and the factors to be used in the apportionment of net income 136.10 pursuant to section 290.191 or 290.20. A foreign corporation or other foreign entity which 136.11 is not part of a unitary business and which is required to file a return under this chapter shall 136.12 file on a separate return basis. The net income and apportionment factors under section 136.13 290.191 or 290.20 of foreign operating corporations shall not be included in the net income 136.14 or the apportionment factors of the unitary business except as provided in paragraph (g). 136.15 (g) The adjusted net income of a foreign operating corporation shall be deemed to 136.16 be paid as a dividend on the last day of its taxable year to each shareholder thereof, in 136.17 proportion to each shareholder's ownership, with which such corporation is engaged in 136.18 a unitary business. Such deemed dividend shall be treated as a dividend under section 136.19

136.20 <del>290.21, subdivision 4.</del>

Dividends actually paid by a foreign operating corporation to a corporate shareholder which is a member of the same unitary business as the foreign operating corporation shall be eliminated from the net income of the unitary business in preparing a combined report for the unitary business. The adjusted net income of a foreign operating corporation shall be its net income adjusted as follows:

(1) any taxes paid or accrued to a foreign country, the commonwealth of Puerto
 Rico, or a United States possession or political subdivision of any of the foregoing shall
 be a deduction; and

(2) the subtraction from federal taxable income for payments received from foreign
 corporations or foreign operating corporations under section 290.01, subdivision 19d,
 elause (10), shall not be allowed.

If a foreign operating corporation incurs a net loss, neither income nor deduction from
 that corporation shall be included in determining the net income of the unitary business.
 (h) (g) For purposes of determining the net income of a unitary business and the

factors to be used in the apportionment of net income pursuant to section 290.191 or290.20, there must be included only the income and apportionment factors of domestic

corporations or other domestic entities other than foreign operating corporations that are 137.1 determined to be part of the unitary business pursuant to this subdivision, notwithstanding 137.2 that foreign corporations or other foreign entities might be included in the unitary 137.3 business; except that the income and apportionment factors of a foreign corporation, 137.4 foreign partnership, or other foreign entity, that is included in the federal taxable income, 137.5 as defined in section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended through the date 137.6 named in section 290.01, subdivision 19, of a domestic corporation, domestic entity, or 137.7 individual must be included in determining net income and the factors to be used in the 137.8 apportionment of net income pursuant to section 290.191 or 290.20. 137.9

(i) Deductions for expenses, interest, or taxes otherwise allowable under this chapter
that are connected with or allocable against dividends, deemed dividends described
in paragraph (g), or royalties, fees, or other like income described in section 290.01,
subdivision 19d, clause (10), shall not be disallowed.

(i) (h) Each corporation or other entity, except a sole proprietorship, that is part of 137.14 a unitary business must file combined reports as the commissioner determines. On the 137.15 reports, all intercompany transactions between entities included pursuant to paragraph (h) 137.16 (g) must be eliminated and the entire net income of the unitary business determined in 137.17 accordance with this subdivision is apportioned among the entities by using each entity's 137.18 Minnesota factors for apportionment purposes in the numerators of the apportionment 137.19 formula and the total factors for apportionment purposes of all entities included pursuant to 137.20 paragraph (h) (g) in the denominators of the apportionment formula. All sales of the unitary 137.21 business made within this state pursuant to section 290.191 or 290.20 must be included 137.22 on the combined report of a corporation or other entity that is a member of the unitary 137.23 business and is subject to the jurisdiction of this state to impose tax under this chapter. 137.24 (k) (i) If a corporation has been divested from a unitary business and is included in a 137.25 combined report for a fractional part of the common accounting period of the combined 137.26 report: 137.27

(1) its income includable in the combined report is its income incurred for that partof the year determined by proration or separate accounting; and

(2) its sales, property, and payroll included in the apportionment formula mustbe prorated or accounted for separately.

137.32 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
 137.33 December 31, 2012.

137.34 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.191, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

138.1 Subd. 5. Determination of sales factor. For purposes of this section, the following138.2 rules apply in determining the sales factor.

(a) The sales factor includes all sales, gross earnings, or receipts received in the
ordinary course of the business, except that the following types of income are not included
in the sales factor:

138.6 (1) interest;

138.7 (2) dividends;

138.8 (3) sales of capital assets as defined in section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(4) sales of property used in the trade or business, except sales of leased property ofa type which is regularly sold as well as leased; and

(5) sales of debt instruments as defined in section 1275(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue
Code or sales of stock; and.

(6) royalties, fees, or other like income of a type which qualify for a subtraction from
 federal taxable income under section 290.01, subdivision 19d, clause (10).

(b) Sales of tangible personal property are made within this state if the property is
received by a purchaser at a point within this state, and the taxpayer is taxable in this state,
regardless of the f.o.b. point, other conditions of the sale, or the ultimate destination
of the property.

(c) Tangible personal property delivered to a common or contract carrier or foreign
vessel for delivery to a purchaser in another state or nation is a sale in that state or nation,
regardless of f.o.b. point or other conditions of the sale.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (b) and (c), when intoxicating liquor, wine,
fermented malt beverages, cigarettes, or tobacco products are sold to a purchaser who is
licensed by a state or political subdivision to resell this property only within the state of
ultimate destination, the sale is made in that state.

(e) Sales made by or through a corporation that is qualified as a domestic
international sales corporation under section 992 of the Internal Revenue Code are not
considered to have been made within this state.

(f) Sales, rents, royalties, and other income in connection with real property isattributed to the state in which the property is located.

(g) Receipts from the lease or rental of tangible personal property, including finance
leases and true leases, must be attributed to this state if the property is located in this
state and to other states if the property is not located in this state. Receipts from the
lease or rental of moving property including, but not limited to, motor vehicles, rolling
stock, aircraft, vessels, or mobile equipment are included in the numerator of the receipts

factor to the extent that the property is used in this state. The extent of the use of movingproperty is determined as follows:

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(1) A motor vehicle is used wholly in the state in which it is registered.

(2) The extent that rolling stock is used in this state is determined by multiplying
the receipts from the lease or rental of the rolling stock by a fraction, the numerator of
which is the miles traveled within this state by the leased or rented rolling stock and the
denominator of which is the total miles traveled by the leased or rented rolling stock.

(3) The extent that an aircraft is used in this state is determined by multiplying the
receipts from the lease or rental of the aircraft by a fraction, the numerator of which is
the number of landings of the aircraft in this state and the denominator of which is the
total number of landings of the aircraft.

(4) The extent that a vessel, mobile equipment, or other mobile property is used in 139.12 the state is determined by multiplying the receipts from the lease or rental of the property 139.13 by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days during the taxable year the 139.14 property was in this state and the denominator of which is the total days in the taxable year. 139.15 (h) Royalties and other income not described in paragraph (a), clause (6), received 139.16 for the use of or for the privilege of using intangible property, including patents, 139.17 know-how, formulas, designs, processes, patterns, copyrights, trade names, service names, 139.18 franchises, licenses, contracts, customer lists, or similar items, must be attributed to the 139.19 state in which the property is used by the purchaser. If the property is used in more 139.20 than one state, the royalties or other income must be apportioned to this state pro rata 139.21 according to the portion of use in this state. If the portion of use in this state cannot be 139.22 determined, the royalties or other income must be excluded from both the numerator 139.23 and the denominator. Intangible property is used in this state if the purchaser uses the 139.24 intangible property or the rights therein in the regular course of its business operations in 139.25 this state, regardless of the location of the purchaser's customers. 139.26

(i) Sales of intangible property are made within the state in which the property is used by the purchaser. If the property is used in more than one state, the sales must be apportioned to this state pro rata according to the portion of use in this state. If the portion of use in this state cannot be determined, the sale must be excluded from both the numerator and the denominator of the sales factor. Intangible property is used in this state if the purchaser used the intangible property in the regular course of its business operations in this state.

(j) Receipts from the performance of services must be attributed to the state where
the services are received. For the purposes of this section, receipts from the performance
of services provided to a corporation, partnership, or trust may only be attributed to a state

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ordered in the regular course of the customer's trade or business. If the ordering office
cannot be determined, the services shall be deemed to be received at the office of the
customer to which the services are billed.

(k) For the purposes of this subdivision and subdivision 6, paragraph (l), receipts 140.8 from management, distribution, or administrative services performed by a corporation 140.9 or trust for a fund of a corporation or trust regulated under United States Code, title 15, 140.10 sections 80a-1 through 80a-64, must be attributed to the state where the shareholder of 140.11 140.12 the fund resides. Under this paragraph, receipts for services attributed to shareholders are determined on the basis of the ratio of: (1) the average of the outstanding shares in the 140.13 fund owned by shareholders residing within Minnesota at the beginning and end of each 140.14 140.15 year; and (2) the average of the total number of outstanding shares in the fund at the beginning and end of each year. Residence of the shareholder, in the case of an individual, 140.16 is determined by the mailing address furnished by the shareholder to the fund. Residence 140.17 of the shareholder, when the shares are held by an insurance company as a depositor for 140.18 the insurance company policyholders, is the mailing address of the policyholders. In 140.19 the case of an insurance company holding the shares as a depositor for the insurance 140.20 company policyholders, if the mailing address of the policyholders cannot be determined 140.21 by the taxpayer, the receipts must be excluded from both the numerator and denominator. 140.22 140.23 Residence of other shareholders is the mailing address of the shareholder.

# 140.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 140.25 December 31, 2012.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.21, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 140.26 Subd. 4. Dividends received from another corporation. (a)(1) Eighty percent 140.27 of dividends received by a corporation during the taxable year from another corporation, 140.28 in which the recipient owns 20 percent or more of the stock, by vote and value, not 140.29 including stock described in section 1504(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code when the 140.30 corporate stock with respect to which dividends are paid does not constitute the stock in 140.31 trade of the taxpayer or would not be included in the inventory of the taxpayer, or does not 140.32 constitute property held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary 140.33 course of the taxpayer's trade or business, or when the trade or business of the taxpayer 140.34

141.1 does not consist principally of the holding of the stocks and the collection of the income141.2 and gains therefrom; and

- (2)(i) the remaining 20 percent of dividends if the dividends received are the stock in
  an affiliated company transferred in an overall plan of reorganization and the dividend
  is eliminated in consolidation under Treasury Department Regulation 1.1502-14(a), as
  amended through December 31, 1989;
- (ii) the remaining 20 percent of dividends if the dividends are received from a
  corporation which is subject to tax under section 290.36 and which is a member of an
  affiliated group of corporations as defined by the Internal Revenue Code and the dividend
  is eliminated in consolidation under Treasury Department Regulation 1.1502-14(a), as
  amended through December 31, 1989, or is deducted under an election under section
  243(b) of the Internal Revenue Code; or
- (iii) the remaining 20 percent of the dividends if the dividends are received from a
  property and casualty insurer as defined under section 60A.60, subdivision 8, which is a
  member of an affiliated group of corporations as defined by the Internal Revenue Code
  and either: (A) the dividend is eliminated in consolidation under Treasury Regulation
  1.1502-14(a), as amended through December 31, 1989; or (B) the dividend is deducted
  under an election under section 243(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (b) Seventy percent of dividends received by a corporation during the taxable year 141.19 from another corporation in which the recipient owns less than 20 percent of the stock, 141.20 by vote or value, not including stock described in section 1504(a)(4) of the Internal 141.21 Revenue Code when the corporate stock with respect to which dividends are paid does not 141.22 141.23 constitute the stock in trade of the taxpayer, or does not constitute property held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or 141.24 business, or when the trade or business of the taxpayer does not consist principally of the 141.25 holding of the stocks and the collection of income and gain therefrom. 141.26
- (c) The dividend deduction provided in this subdivision shall be allowed only with
  respect to dividends that are included in a corporation's Minnesota taxable net income
  for the taxable year.
- The dividend deduction provided in this subdivision does not apply to a dividend from a corporation which, for the taxable year of the corporation in which the distribution is made or for the next preceding taxable year of the corporation, is a corporation exempt from tax under section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 141.34 The dividend deduction provided in this subdivision does not apply to a dividend
- 141.35 received from a real estate investment trust as defined in section 856 of the Internal
- 141.36 Revenue Code.

The dividend deduction provided in this subdivision applies to the amount of
regulated investment company dividends only to the extent determined under section
854(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The dividend deduction provided in this subdivision shall not be allowed with respect to any dividend for which a deduction is not allowed under the provisions of section 246(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(d) If dividends received by a corporation that does not have nexus with Minnesota 142.7 under the provisions of Public Law 86-272 are included as income on the return of 142.8 an affiliated corporation permitted or required to file a combined report under section 142.9 290.17, subdivision 4, or 290.34, subdivision 2, then for purposes of this subdivision the 142.10 determination as to whether the trade or business of the corporation consists principally 142.11 of the holding of stocks and the collection of income and gains therefrom shall be made 142.12 with reference to the trade or business of the affiliated corporation having a nexus with 142.13 Minnesota. 142.14

(e) The deduction provided by this subdivision does not apply if the dividends arepaid by a FSC as defined in section 922 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(f) If one or more of the members of the unitary group whose income is included on the combined report received a dividend, the deduction under this subdivision for each member of the unitary business required to file a return under this chapter is the product of: (1) 100 percent of the dividends received by members of the group; (2) the percentage allowed pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b); and (3) the percentage of the taxpayer's business income apportionable to this state for the taxable year under section 290.191 or 290.20.

## 142.23 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 142.24 December 31, 2012.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297G.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Tax credit. A qualified brewer producing fermented malt beverages
is entitled to a tax credit of \$4.60 per barrel on 25,000 barrels sold in any fiscal year
beginning July 1, regardless of the alcohol content of the product. Qualified brewers may
take the credit on the 18th day of each month, but the total credit allowed may not exceed
in any fiscal year the lesser of:

142.31 (1) the liability for tax; or

142.32 (2) \$115,000.

For purposes of this subdivision, a "qualified brewer" means a brewer, whether or not located in this state, manufacturing less than <u>100,000</u> <u>250,000</u> barrels of fermented malt beverages in the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year for which

the credit under this subdivision is claimed. In determining the number of barrels, all
brands or labels of a brewer must be combined. All facilities for the manufacture of
fermented malt beverages owned or controlled by the same person, corporation, or other
entity must be treated as a single brewer.

### 143.5 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for determinations based on calendar 143.6 year 2012 production and thereafter.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 298.01, subdivision 3b, is amended to read: 143.7 143.8 Subd. 3b. Deductions. (a) For purposes of determining taxable income under subdivision 3, the deductions from gross income include only those expenses necessary 143.9 to convert raw ores to marketable quality. Such expenses include costs associated with 143.10 143.11 refinement but do not include expenses such as transportation, stockpiling, marketing, or marine insurance that are incurred after marketable ores are produced, unless the expenses 143.12 are included in gross income. The allowable deductions from a mine or plant that mines 143.13 and produces more than one mineral, metal, or energy resource must be determined 143.14 separately for the purposes of computing the deduction in section 290.01, subdivision 19c, 143.15 143.16 clause (9). These deductions may be combined on one occupation tax return to arrive at the deduction from gross income for all production. 143.17

(b) The provisions of section 290.01, subdivisions 19c, clauses (6) and (9), and 19d,
clauses (7) and (11) (10), are not used to determine taxable income.

143.20 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
143.21 December 31, 2012.

143.22 Sec. 40. Laws 2010, chapter 216, section 11, the effective date, is amended to read:

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning
after December 31, 2009, for certified historic structures for which qualified costs of
rehabilitation are first paid under construction contracts entered into after May 1, 2010
rehabilitation expenditures are first paid by the developer or taxpayer after May 1, 2010,
for rehabilitation that occurs after May 1, 2010, provided that the application under
subdivision 3 is submitted before the project is placed in service.
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment

143.30 and applies retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, and for

143.31 certified historic structures placed in service after May 1, 2010, but the office may not

143.32 issue certificates allowed under the change to this section until July 1, 2013.

144.1	Sec. 41. CLOTHING SALES TAX CREDIT; TAX YEAR 2013.
144.2	For tax year 2013 only, the credit calculated under Minnesota Statutes, section
144.3	290.0683, is the credit under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0683, subdivision 2, after
144.4	limitations imposed under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0683, subdivision 3, multiplied
144.5	by one-half.
144.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
144.7	December 31, 2012.
144.8	Sec. 42. <u>REPEALER.</u>
144.9	Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 290.01, subdivision 6b; and 290.0921, subdivision
144.10	7, are repealed.
144.11	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
144.12	December 31, 2012.
144.13	ARTICLE 6
144.14	ESTATE TAXES
144.15	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 291.03, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
144.16	Subd. 8. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
144.17	meanings given in this subdivision.
144.18	(b) "Family member" means a family member as defined in section 2032A(e)(2) of
144.19	the Internal Revenue Code, or a trust whose present beneficiaries are all family members
144.20	as defined in section 2032A(e)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.
144.21	(c) "Qualified heir" means a family member who acquired qualified property from
144.22	upon the death of the decedent and satisfies the requirement under subdivision 9, clause
144.23	(6) (7), or subdivision 10, clause $(4)$ (5), for the property.
144.24	(d) "Qualified property" means qualified small business property under subdivision
144.25	9 and qualified farm property under subdivision 10.
144.26	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents
144.27	dying after June 30, 2011.
144.28	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 291.03, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
144.29	Subd. 9. Qualified small business property. Property satisfying all of the following
144.29	requirements is qualified small business property:
144.30	(1) The value of the property was included in the federal adjusted taxable estate.
144.31	(1) The value of the property was mended in the rederal adjusted taxable estate.

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(2) The property consists of the assets of a trade or business or shares of stock or 145.1 145.2 other ownership interests in a corporation or other entity engaged in a trade or business. The decedent or the decedent's spouse must have materially participated in the trade or 145.3 business within the meaning of section 469 of the Internal Revenue Code during the 145.4 taxable year that ended before the date of the decedent's death. Shares of stock in a 145.5 corporation or an ownership interest in another type of entity do not qualify under this 145.6 subdivision if the shares or ownership interests are traded on a public stock exchange at 145.7 any time during the three-year period ending on the decedent's date of death. For purposes 145.8 of this subdivision, an ownership interest includes the interest the decedent is deemed to 145.9 own under sections 2036, 2037, and 2038 of the Internal Revenue Code. 145.10

(3) <u>During the taxable year that ended before the decedent's death, the trade or</u>
business must not have been a passive activity within the meaning of section 469(c) of the
Internal Revenue Code, and the decedent or the decedent's spouse must have materially
participated in the trade or business within the meaning of section 469(h) of the Internal
Revenue Code, excluding section 469(h)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and any other
provision provided by United States Treasury Department regulation that substitutes

- 145.17 <u>material participation in prior taxable years for material participation in the taxable year</u>
- 145.18 that ended before the decedent's death.
- 145.19(4) The gross annual sales of the trade or business were \$10,000,000 or less for the145.20last taxable year that ended before the date of the death of the decedent.
- 145.21 (4) (5) The property does not consist of cash  $\sigma r_2$  cash equivalents, publicly traded 145.22 securities, or assets not used in the operation of the trade or business. For property 145.23 consisting of shares of stock or other ownership interests in an entity, the amount value of 145.24 cash  $\sigma r_2$  cash equivalents, publicly traded securities, or assets not used in the operation of 145.25 the trade or business held by the corporation or other entity must be deducted from the 145.26 value of the property qualifying under this subdivision in proportion to the decedent's 145.27 share of ownership of the entity on the date of death.

(5) (6) The decedent continuously owned the property, including property the
decedent is deemed to own under sections 2036, 2037, and 2038 of the Internal Revenue
Code, for the three-year period ending on the date of death of the decedent. In the case of
a sole proprietor, if the property replaced similar property within the three-year period,
the replacement property will be treated as having been owned for the three-year period

- 145.33 ending on the date of death of the decedent.
  - (6) A family member continuously uses the property in the operation of the trade or
    business for three years following the date of death of the decedent.

(7) For three years following the date of death of the decedent, the trade or business
is not a passive activity within the meaning of section 469(c) of the Internal Revenue Code,
and a family member materially participates in the operation of the trade or business within
the meaning of section 469(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding section 469(h)(3)

146.5 of the Internal Revenue Code and any other provision provided by United States Treasury

146.6 Department regulation that substitutes material participation in prior taxable years for

146.7 <u>material participation in the three years following the date of death of the decedent.</u>

146.8 (8) The estate and the qualified heir elect to treat the property as qualified small 146.9 business property and agree, in the form prescribed by the commissioner, to pay the 146.10 recapture tax under subdivision 11, if applicable.

146.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents
146.12 dying after June 30, 2011.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 291.03, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
Subd. 10. Qualified farm property. Property satisfying all of the following
requirements is qualified farm property:

(1) The value of the property was included in the federal adjusted taxable estate. 146.16 (2) The property consists of a farm meeting the requirements of agricultural land as 146.17 defined in section 500.24, subdivision 2, paragraph (g), and is owned by a person or entity 146.18 that is either not subject to or is in compliance with section 500.24, and was classified for 146.19 property tax purposes as the homestead of the decedent or the decedent's spouse or both 146.20 under section 273.124, and as class 2a property under section 273.13, subdivision 23. 146.21 (3) For property taxes payable in the taxable year of the decedent's death, the 146.22 decedent's interest in the property was classified as the homestead of the decedent, the 146.23 decedent's spouse, or both under section 273.124 and as class 2a property under section 146.24 273.13, subdivision 23. 146.25 (4) The decedent continuously owned the property, including property the decedent 146.26 is deemed to own under sections 2036, 2037, and 2038 of the Internal Revenue Code, for 146.27 the three-year period ending on the date of death of the decedent either by ownership of 146.28

146.29 the agricultural land or pursuant to holding an interest in an entity that is not subject to

146.30 or is in compliance with section 500.24.

(4) A family member continuously uses the property in the operation of the trade or
 business (5) The property is classified for property tax purposes as class 2a property under
 section 273.13, subdivision 23, for three years following the date of death of the decedent.

147.1 (5) (6) The estate and the qualified heir elect to treat the property as qualified farm 147.2 property and agree, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, to pay the recapture tax 147.3 under subdivision 11, if applicable.

# 147.4 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents 147.5 dying after June 30, 2011.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 291.03, subdivision 11, is amended to read: 147.6 Subd. 11. Recapture tax. (a) If, within three years after the decedent's death and 147.7 147.8 before the death of the qualified heir, the qualified heir disposes of any interest in the qualified property, other than by a disposition to a family member, or a family member 147.9 ceases to use the qualified property which was acquired or passed from the decedent 147.10 147.11 satisfy the requirement under subdivision 9, clause (7); or 10, clause (5), an additional estate tax is imposed on the property. In the case of a sole proprietor, if the qualified heir 147.12 replaces qualified small business property excluded under subdivision 9 with similar 147.13 property, then the qualified heir will not be treated as having disposed of an interest in the 147.14 qualified property. 147.15 (b) The amount of the additional tax equals the amount of the exclusion claimed by 147.16 the estate under subdivision 8, paragraph (d), multiplied by 16 percent. 147.17 (c) The additional tax under this subdivision is due on the day which is six months 147.18 after the date of the disposition or cessation in paragraph (a). 147.19

147.20 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents
147.21 dying after June 30, 2011.

147.22

147.23

#### **ARTICLE 7**

### SALES AND USE TAXES; LOCAL SALES TAXES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 16C.03, subdivision 18, is amended to read: 147.24 Subd. 18. Contracts with foreign vendors. (a) The commissioner and other 147.25 agencies to which this section applies and the legislative branch of government shall, 147.26 subject to paragraph (d), cancel a contract for goods or services from a vendor or an 147.27 affiliate of a vendor or suspend or debar a vendor or an affiliate of a vendor from future 147.28 contracts upon notification from the commissioner of revenue that the vendor or an 147.29 affiliate of the vendor has not registered to collect the sales and use tax imposed under 147.30 chapter 297A on its sales in Minnesota or to a destination in Minnesota. This subdivision 147.31 shall not apply to state colleges and universities, the courts, and any agency in the judicial 147.32 147.33 branch of government. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "affiliate" means any

person or entity that is controlled by, or is under common control of, a vendor throughstock ownership or other affiliation.

- (b) Beginning January 1, 2006, Each vendor or affiliate of a vendor selling goods or
  services, subject to tax under chapter 297A, to an agency or the legislature must register
  with the commissioner of revenue as provided in section 297A.83, and comply with all legal
  requirements imposed on a person maintaining a place of business in this state, including
  the requirement to collect and remit sales and use tax on all taxable sales to customers in
  the state, and provide its Minnesota sales and use tax business identification number, upon
  request, to show that the vendor is registered to collect Minnesota sales or use tax.
- (c) The commissioner of revenue shall periodically provide to the commissioner
  and the legislative branch a list of vendors who have not registered to collect Minnesota
  sales and use tax and who are subject to being suspended or debarred as vendors or having
  their contracts canceled.
- (d) The provisions of this subdivision may be waived by the commissioner or the
  legislative branch when the vendor is the single source of such goods or services, in the
  event of an emergency, or when it is in the best interests of the state as determined by the
  commissioner in consultation with the commissioner of revenue. Such consultation is not
  a disclosure violation under chapter 270B.
- 148.19 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
  148.20 June 30, 2013.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 148.21 Subd. 3. Sale and purchase. (a) "Sale" and "purchase" include, but are not 148.22 limited to, each of the transactions listed in this subdivision. In applying the provisions 148.23 of this chapter, the terms "tangible personal property" and "retail sale" include taxable 148.24 services listed in clause (6), items (i) to (vi) and (viii), and the provision of these taxable 148.25 services, unless specifically provided otherwise. Services performed by an employee 148.26 for an employer are not taxable. Services performed by a partnership or association for 148.27 another partnership or association are not taxable if one of the entities owns or controls 148.28 148.29 more than 80 percent of the voting power of the equity interest in the other entity. Services performed between members of an affiliated group of corporations are not taxable. For 148.30 purposes of the preceding sentence, "affiliated group of corporations" means those entities 148.31 that would be classified as members of an affiliated group as defined under United States 148.32 Code, title 26, section 1504, disregarding the exclusions in section 1504(b). 148.33

148.34 (b) Sale and purchase include:

(1) any transfer of title or possession, or both, of tangible personal property, whether absolutely or conditionally, for a consideration in money or by exchange or barter; and
(2) the leasing of or the granting of a license to use or consume, for a consideration in money or by exchange or barter, tangible personal property, other than a manufactured home used for residential purposes for a continuous period of 30 days or more.
(c) Sale and purchase include the production, fabrication, printing, or processing of tangible personal property for a consideration for consumers who furnish either directly or indirectly the materials used in the production, fabrication, printing, or processing.
(d) Sale and purchase include the preparing for a consideration of food.
Notwithstanding section 297A.67, subdivision 2, taxable food includes, but is not limited to, the following:
(1) prepared food sold by the retailer;
(2) soft drinks;

149.14 (3) candy;

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- 149.15 (4) dietary supplements; and
- 149.16 (5) all food sold through vending machines.
- (e) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of electricity,
- 149.18 gas, water, or steam for use or consumption within this state.
- 149.19 (f) A sale and a purchase includes:
- 149.20 (1) the transfer for a consideration of prewritten computer software whether
- 149.21 delivered electronically, by load and leave, or otherwise-; and
- 149.22 (2) the receipt of custom computer software whether delivered electronically, by149.23 load and leave, or otherwise.
- (g) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of the followingservices:

(1) the privilege of admission to places of amusement, <u>exhibitions</u>, recreational
areas, or athletic events, <u>including the rental of box seats and suites at professional athletic</u>
<u>events</u>, and the making available of amusement devices, tanning facilities, reducing salons,
steam baths, Turkish baths, health clubs, and spas or athletic facilities. "Exhibitions"
<u>means trade shows</u>, boat shows, home shows, garden shows, and other similar events;

(2) lodging and related services by a hotel, rooming house, resort, campground,
motel, or trailer camp, including furnishing the guest of the facility with access to
telecommunication services, and the granting of any similar license to use real property in
a specific facility, other than the renting or leasing of it for a continuous period of 30 days
or more under an enforceable written agreement that may not be terminated without prior

notice and including accommodations intermediary services provided in connection withother services provided under this clause;

(3) nonresidential parking services, whether on a contractual, hourly, or otherperiodic basis, except for parking at a meter;

150.5 (4) the granting of membership in a club, association, or other organization if:

(i) the club, association, or other organization makes available for the use of its
members sports and athletic facilities, without regard to whether a separate charge is
assessed for use of the facilities; and

(ii) use of the sports and athletic facility is not made available to the general publicon the same basis as it is made available to members.

150.11 Granting of membership means both onetime initiation fees and periodic membership

150.12 dues. Sports and athletic facilities include golf courses; tennis, racquetball, handball, and

squash courts; basketball and volleyball facilities; running tracks; exercise equipment;
swimming pools; and other similar athletic or sports facilities;

150.15 (5) delivery of aggregate materials by a third party, excluding delivery of aggregate 150.16 material used in road construction; and delivery of concrete block by a third party if the 150.17 delivery would be subject to the sales tax if provided by the seller of the concrete block.

150.18 For purposes of this clause, "road construction" means construction of:

150.19 (i) public roads;

150.20 (ii) cartways; and

150.21 (iii) private roads in townships located outside of the seven-county metropolitan area

150.22 up to the point of the emergency response location sign; and

(6) services as provided in this clause:

(i) laundry and dry cleaning services including cleaning, pressing, repairing, altering,
and storing clothes, linen services and supply, cleaning and blocking hats, and carpet,
drapery, upholstery, and industrial cleaning. Laundry and dry cleaning services do not
include services provided by coin operated facilities operated by the customer;

(ii) motor vehicle washing, waxing, and cleaning services, including services
provided by coin operated facilities operated by the customer, and rustproofing,
undercoating, and towing of motor vehicles;

(iii) building and residential cleaning, maintenance, and disinfecting services and
pest control and exterminating services;

(iv) detective, security, burglar, fire alarm, and armored car services; but not
including services performed within the jurisdiction they serve by off-duty licensed peace
officers as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, or services provided by a nonprofit
organization or any organization at the direction of a county for monitoring and electronic

surveillance of persons placed on in-home detention pursuant to court order or under the 151.1 direction of the Minnesota Department of Corrections; 151.2

(v) pet grooming services; 151.3

(vi) lawn care, fertilizing, mowing, spraying and sprigging services; garden planting 151.4 and maintenance; tree, bush, and shrub pruning, bracing, spraying, and surgery; indoor 151.5 plant care; tree, bush, shrub, and stump removal, except when performed as part of a land 151.6 clearing contract as defined in section 297A.68, subdivision 40; and tree trimming for 151.7 public utility lines. Services performed under a construction contract for the installation of 151.8 shrubbery, plants, sod, trees, bushes, and similar items are not taxable; 151.9

(vii) massages, except when provided by a licensed health care facility or 151.10 professional or upon written referral from a licensed health care facility or professional for 151.11 treatment of illness, injury, or disease; and 151.12

(viii) the furnishing of lodging, board, and care services for animals in kennels and 151.13 other similar arrangements, but excluding veterinary and horse boarding services. 151.14

151.15 In applying the provisions of this chapter, the terms "tangible personal property" and "retail sale" include taxable services listed in clause (6), items (i) to (vi) and (viii), 151.16

and the provision of these taxable services, unless specifically provided otherwise. 151.17

Services performed by an employee for an employer are not taxable. Services performed 151.18

by a partnership or association for another partnership or association are not taxable if 151.19

one of the entities owns or controls more than 80 percent of the voting power of the 151.20

equity interest in the other entity. Services performed between members of an affiliated 151.21

group of corporations are not taxable. For purposes of the preceding sentence, "affiliated 151.22

151.23 group of corporations" means those entities that would be classified as members of an

affiliated group as defined under United States Code, title 26, section 1504, disregarding 151.24

the exclusions in section 1504(b). 151.25

151.26 For purposes of clause (5), "road construction" means construction of (1) public roads, (2) cartways, and (3) private roads in townships located outside of the seven-county 151.27 metropolitan area up to the point of the emergency response location sign. 151.28

(h) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of tangible 151.29 personal property or taxable services by the United States or any of its agencies or 151.30 instrumentalities, or the state of Minnesota, its agencies, instrumentalities, or political 151.31 151.32 subdivisions.

(i) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of 151.33 telecommunications services, ancillary services associated with telecommunication 151.34 services, eable and pay television services, and direct satellite services. Telecommunication 151.35 services include, but are not limited to, the following services, as defined in section 151.36

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allowed under federal law.

(j) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of installation if
the installation charges would be subject to the sales tax if the installation were provided
by the seller of the item being installed.

(k) A sale and a purchase includes the rental of a vehicle by a motor vehicle dealer
to a customer when (1) the vehicle is rented by the customer for a consideration, or (2)
the motor vehicle dealer is reimbursed pursuant to a service contract as defined in section
59B.02, subdivision 11.

(1) A sale and a purchase includes granting the right for a consideration to use
 specified digital products or other digital products on a temporary or permanent basis and

152.14 regardless of whether the purchaser is required to make continued payments for such

152.15 right. Wherever the term "tangible personal property" is used in this chapter, other than in

152.16 <u>subdivisions 10 and 38, the provisions also apply to specified digital products, or other</u>

152.17 digital products, unless specifically provided otherwise or the context indicates otherwise.

152.18 (m) A sale and purchase includes:

152.19 (1) any service performed for the care, cleansing, beautification, or alteration of the

152.20 <u>appearance of the body, skin, nails, or hair, or in the enhancement of personal relaxation,</u>

152.21 appearance, or health, but excluding mortuary services;

152.22 (2) repair labor for:

(i) farm machinery as defined under section 297A.61, subdivision 12;

(ii) motor vehicles as defined under section 297B.01, subdivision 11, except for

152.25 motor vehicles sold at wholesale auction at an auto auction facility; and

- 152.26 (iii) any other tangible personal property;
- 152.27 (3) warehousing or storage services for tangible personal property excluding storage

152.28 of farm products, refrigerated food, and electronic data; and

152.29 (4) the furnishing for consideration of documents prepared in connection with any

152.30 legal proceeding, including a trial hearing, deposition, arbitration, or mediation, except

- 152.31 for such documents prepared for a public defender or a public defender corporation
- 152.32 <u>under chapter 611.</u>
- 152.33 (n) A sale and purchase also is the personal services of event planning, dating
- 152.34 services, personal shopping, personal concierge services, or personal or household
- 152.35 organizing services.

HF677 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT REVISOR JK UEH0677-1 (o) In applying the provisions of this chapter, the terms "tangible personal property" 153.1 and "retail sale" include taxable services listed in paragraph (g), clause (6), items (i) to (vi) 153.2 and (viii), and paragraphs (m) and (n), and the provision of these taxable services, unless 153.3 153.4 specifically provided otherwise. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 153.5 153.6 June 30, 2013. Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 153.7 153.8 Subd. 4. Retail sale. (a) A "retail sale" means: (1) any sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property for any purpose, other than 153.9 resale, sublease, or subrent of items by the purchaser in the normal course of business 153.10 153.11 as defined in subdivision 21; and (2) any sale of a service enumerated in subdivision 3, for any purpose other than 153.12 resale by the purchaser in the normal course of business as defined in subdivision 21. 153.13 (b) A sale of property used by the owner only by leasing it to others or by holding it 153.14 in an effort to lease it, and put to no use by the owner other than resale after the lease or 153.15 effort to lease, is a sale of property for resale. 153.16 (c) A sale of master computer software that is purchased and used to make copies for 153.17 sale or lease is a sale of property for resale. 153.18 (d) A sale of building materials, supplies, and equipment to owners, contractors, 153.19 subcontractors, or builders for the erection of buildings or the alteration, repair, or 153.20 improvement of real property is a retail sale in whatever quantity sold, whether the sale is 153.21 for purposes of resale in the form of real property or otherwise. 153.22 (e) A sale of carpeting, linoleum, or similar floor covering to a person who provides 153.23 for installation of the floor covering is a retail sale and not a sale for resale since a sale of 153.24 floor covering which includes installation is a contract for the improvement of real property. 153.25

(f) A sale of shrubbery, plants, sod, trees, and similar items to a person who provides 153.26 for installation of the items is a retail sale and not a sale for resale since a sale of 153.27 shrubbery, plants, sod, trees, and similar items that includes installation is a contract for 153.28 the improvement of real property. 153.29

(g) A sale of tangible personal property that is awarded as prizes is a retail sale and 153.30 is not considered a sale of property for resale. 153.31

(h) A sale of tangible personal property utilized or employed in the furnishing or 153.32 providing of services under subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause (1), including, but not 153.33 limited to, property given as promotional items, is a retail sale and is not considered a 153.34 sale of property for resale. 153.35

(i) A sale of tangible personal property used in conducting lawful gambling under
chapter 349 or the State Lottery under chapter 349A, including, but not limited to, property
given as promotional items, is a retail sale and is not considered a sale of property for resale.

(j) A sale of machines, equipment, or devices that are used to furnish, provide, or
dispense goods or services, including, but not limited to, coin-operated devices, is a retail
sale and is not considered a sale of property for resale.

(k) In the case of a lease, a retail sale occurs (1) when an obligation to make a lease
payment becomes due under the terms of the agreement or the trade practices of the
lessor or (2) in the case of a lease of a motor vehicle, as defined in section 297B.01,
subdivision 11, but excluding vehicles with a manufacturer's gross vehicle weight rating
greater than 10,000 pounds and rentals of vehicles for not more than 28 days, at the time
the lease is executed.

(1) In the case of a conditional sales contract, a retail sale occurs upon the transfer oftitle or possession of the tangible personal property.

(m) A sale of a bundled transaction in which one or more of the products included in the bundle is a taxable product is a retail sale, except that if one of the products is a telecommunication service, ancillary service, Internet access, or audio or video programming service, and the seller has maintained books and records identifying through reasonable and verifiable standards the portions of the price that are attributable to the distinct and separately identifiable products, then the products are not considered part of a bundled transaction. For purposes of this paragraph:

(1) the books and records maintained by the seller must be maintained in the regular
course of business, and do not include books and records created and maintained by the
seller primarily for tax purposes;

(2) books and records maintained in the regular course of business include, but are
 not limited to, financial statements, general ledgers, invoicing and billing systems and
 reports, and reports for regulatory tariffs and other regulatory matters; and

(3) books and records are maintained primarily for tax purposes when the books
and records identify taxable and nontaxable portions of the price, but the seller maintains
other books and records that identify different prices attributable to the distinct products
included in the same bundled transaction.

(n) A sale of motor vehicle repair paint and materials by a motor vehicle repair or
body shop business is a retail sale and the sales tax is imposed on the gross receipts from the
retail sale of the paint and materials. The motor vehicle repair or body shop that purchases
motor vehicle repair paint and motor vehicle repair materials for resale must either:

(1) separately state each item of paint and each item of materials, and the sales price 155.1 of each, on the invoice to the purchaser; or 155.2 (2) in order to calculate the sales price of the paint and materials, use a method 155.3 which estimates the amount and monetary value of the paint and materials used in 155.4 the repair of the motor vehicle by multiplying the number of labor hours by a rate of 155.5 consideration for the paint and materials used in the repair of the motor vehicle following 155.6 industry standard practices that fairly calculate the gross receipts from the retail sale of 155.7 the motor vehicle repair paint and motor vehicle repair materials. An industry standard 155.8 practice fairly calculates the gross receipts if the sales price of the paint and materials used 155.9 155.10 or consumed in the repair of a motor vehicle equals or exceeds the purchase price paid by the motor vehicle repair or body shop business. Under clause (1), the invoice must 155.11 either separately state the "paint and materials" as a single taxable item, or separately state 155.12 "paint" as a taxable item and "materials" as a taxable item. This clause does not apply to 155.13 wholesale transactions at an auto auction facility. 155.14 155.15 (o) A sale of specified digital products or other digital products to an end user with or without rights of permanent use and regardless of whether rights of use are conditioned 155.16 upon continued payment by the purchaser is a retail sale. When a digital code has been 155.17 purchased that relates to specified digital products or other digital products, the subsequent 155.18 receipt of or access to the related specified digital products or other digital products 155.19 155.20 is not a retail sale. (p) A payment made to an electric cooperative or public utility for contribution in 155.21 aid of construction is a contract for improvement to real property and is not a retail sale. 155.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 155.23 June 30, 2013. 155.24 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 155.25

Subd. 10. **Tangible personal property.** (a) "Tangible personal property" means personal property that can be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or that is in any other manner perceptible to the senses. "Tangible personal property" includes, but is not limited to, electricity, water, gas, steam, and prewritten computer software.

- (b) Tangible personal property does not include:
- (1) large ponderous machinery and equipment used in a business or productionactivity which at common law would be considered to be real property;
- (2) property which is subject to an ad valorem property tax;
- (3) property described in section 272.02, subdivision 9, clauses (a) to (d); and
- 155.35 (4) property described in section 272.03, subdivision 2, clauses (3) and (5)-; and

(5) specified digital products, or other digital products, transferred electronically,
 except that prewritten computer software delivered electronically is tangible personal
 property.

156.4 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
156.5 June 30, 2013.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, subdivision 17a, is amended to read:
Subd. 17a. Delivered electronically. "Delivered electronically" means delivered
to the purchaser by means other than tangible storage media and, unless the context
indicates otherwise, applies to the delivery of computer software. Computer software is
not considered delivered electronically to a purchaser simply because the purchaser has
access to the product.

156.12 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases the day
156.13 following final enactment.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, subdivision 25, is amended to read: 156.14 Subd. 25. Cable Pay television service. "Cable Pay television service" means 156.15 the transmission of video, audio, or other programming service to purchasers, and the 156.16 subscriber interaction, if any, required for the selection or use of the programming service, 156.17 regardless of whether the programming is transmitted over facilities owned or operated 156.18 by the cable service provider or over facilities owned or operated by one or more dealers 156.19 156.20 of communications services. The term includes point-to-multipoint distribution direct to home satellite services by which programming is transmitted or broadcast by microwave 156.21 or other equipment directly to the subscriber's premises, or any similar or comparable 156.22 method of service. The term includes basic, extended, premium, all programming services, 156.23 including subscriptions, digital video recorders, pay-per-view, digital, and music services. 156.24

156.25 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
 156.26 June 30, 2013.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, subdivision 38, is amended to read: Subd. 38. **Bundled transaction.** (a) "Bundled transaction" means the retail sale of two or more products when the products are otherwise distinct and identifiable, and the products are sold for one nonitemized price. As used in this subdivision, "product" includes tangible personal property, services, intangibles, and digital goods, including specified digital products or other digital products, but does not include real property or

157.1 services to real property. A bundled transaction does not include the sale of any products
157.2 in which the sales price varies, or is negotiable, based on the selection by the purchaser of
157.3 the products included in the transaction.

157.4 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "distinct and identifiable" products does not157.5 include:

(1) packaging and other materials, such as containers, boxes, sacks, bags, and
bottles, wrapping, labels, tags, and instruction guides, that accompany the retail sale of the
products and are incidental or immaterial to the retail sale. Examples of packaging that are
incidental or immaterial include grocery sacks, shoe boxes, dry cleaning garment bags,
and express delivery envelopes and boxes;

(2) a promotional product provided free of charge with the required purchase of
another product. A promotional product is provided free of charge if the sales price of
another product, which is required to be purchased in order to receive the promotional
product, does not vary depending on the inclusion of the promotional product; and

157.15 (3) items included in the definition of sales price.

(c) For purposes of this subdivision, the term "one nonitemized price" does not
include a price that is separately identified by product on binding sales or other supporting
sales-related documentation made available to the customer in paper or electronic form
including but not limited to an invoice, bill of sale, receipt, contract, service agreement,
lease agreement, periodic notice of rates and services, rate card, or price list.

(d) A transaction that otherwise meets the definition of a bundled transaction isnot a bundled transaction if it is:

(1) the retail sale of tangible personal property and a service and the tangible
personal property is essential to the use of the service, and is provided exclusively in
connection with the service, and the true object of the transaction is the service;

(2) the retail sale of services if one service is provided that is essential to the use or
receipt of a second service and the first service is provided exclusively in connection with
the second service and the true object of the transaction is the second service;

(3) a transaction that includes taxable products and nontaxable products and thepurchase price or sales price of the taxable products is de minimis; or

(4) the retail sale of exempt tangible personal property and taxable tangible personalproperty if:

(i) the transaction includes food and food ingredients, drugs, durable medical
equipment, mobility enhancing equipment, over-the-counter drugs, prosthetic devices,
or medical supplies; and

(ii) the seller's purchase price or sales price of the taxable tangible personal property is
50 percent or less of the total purchase price or sales price of the bundled tangible personal
property. Sellers must not use a combination of the purchase price and sales price of the
tangible personal property when making the 50 percent determination for a transaction.

(e) For purposes of this subdivision, "purchase price" means the measure subject to 158.5 use tax on purchases made by the seller, and "de minimis" means that the seller's purchase 158.6 price or sales price of the taxable products is ten percent or less of the total purchase 158.7 price or sales price of the bundled products. Sellers shall use either the purchase price 158.8 or the sales price of the products to determine if the taxable products are de minimis. 158.9 Sellers must not use a combination of the purchase price and sales price of the products 158.10 to determine if the taxable products are de minimis. Sellers shall use the full term of a 158.11 service contract to determine if the taxable products are de minimis. 158.12

158.13 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
 158.14 June 30, 2013.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, subdivision 45, is amended to read:
Subd. 45. Ring tone. "Ring tone" means a digitized sound file that is downloaded
onto a device and that may be used to alert the customer of a telecommunication service
with respect to a communication. A ring tone does not include ring back tones or other
digital audio files that are not stored on the purchaser's communication device.

158.20 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
 158.21 June 30, 2013.

158.22 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a subdivision158.23 to read:

Subd. 49. Motor vehicle repair paint and motor vehicle repair materials. 158.24 "Motor vehicle repair paint" means a substance composed of solid matter suspended in a 158.25 liquid medium and applied as a protective or decorative coating to the surface of a motor 158.26 vehicle in order to restore the motor vehicle to its original condition, and includes primer, 158.27 body paint, clear coat, and paint thinner used to paint motor vehicles, as defined in section 158.28 297B.01. "Motor vehicle repair materials" means items, other than motor vehicle repair 158.29 paint or motor vehicle parts, that become a part of a repaired motor vehicle or are consumed 158.30 in repairing the motor vehicle at retail, and include abrasives, battery water, body filler or 158.31 putty, bolts and nuts, brake fluid, buffing pads, chamois, cleaning compounds, degreasing 158.32 compounds, glaze, grease, grinding discs, hydraulic jack oil, lubricants, masking tape, 158.33

159.1	oxygen and acetylene, polishes, rags, razor blades, sandpaper, sanding discs, scuff pads,
159.2	sealer, solder, solvents, striping tape, tack cloth, thinner, waxes, and welding rods. Motor
159.3	vehicle repair materials do not include items that are not used directly on the motor vehicle,
159.4	such as floor dry that is used to clean the shop, or cleaning compounds and rags that are
159.5	used to clean tools, equipment, or the shop and are not used to clean the motor vehicle.
159.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
159.7	June 30, 2013.
159.8	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a
159.9	subdivision to read:
159.10	Subd. 50. Digital audio works. "Digital audio works" means works that result from
159.11	a fixation of a series of musical, spoken, or other sounds, that are transferred electronically.
159.12	Digital audio works includes such items as the following which may either be prerecorded
159.13	or live: songs, music, readings of books or other written materials, speeches, ring tones, or
159.14	other sound recordings. Digital audio works does not include audio greeting cards sent by
159.15	electronic mail. Unless the context provides otherwise, in this chapter digital audio works
159.16	includes the digital code, or a subscription to or access to a digital code, for receiving,
159.17	accessing, or otherwise obtaining digital audio works.
159.18	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
159.19	June 30, 2013.
159.20	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a
159.21	subdivision to read:
159.22	Subd. 51. Digital audiovisual works. "Digital audiovisual works" means a series
159.23	of related images which, when shown in succession, impart an impression of motion,
159.24	together with accompanying sounds, if any, that are transferred electronically. Digital
159.25	audiovisual works includes such items as motion pictures, movies, musical videos, news
159.26	and entertainment, and live events. Digital audiovisual works does not include video
159.27	greeting cards sent by electronic mail. Unless the context provides otherwise, in this
159.28	chapter digital audiovisual works includes the digital code, or a subscription to or access to
159.29	a digital code, for receiving, accessing, or otherwise obtaining digital audiovisual works.
159.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for sales and purchases made after

159.31 June 30, 2013.

160.1	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a
160.2	subdivision to read:

Subd. 52. Digital books. "Digital books" means any literary works, other than 160.3 160.4 digital audiovisual works or digital audio works, expressed in words, numbers, or other verbal or numerical symbols or indicia so long as the product is generally recognized in 160.5 the ordinary and usual sense as a "book." It includes works of fiction and nonfiction and 160.6 short stories. It does not include periodicals, magazines, newspapers, or other news or 160.7 information products, chat rooms, or weblogs. Unless the context provides otherwise, in 160.8 this chapter digital books includes the digital code, or a subscription to or access to a 160.9 digital code, for receiving, accessing, or otherwise obtaining digital books. 160.10

### 160.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 160.12 June 30, 2013.

160.13 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a 160.14 subdivision to read:

160.15Subd. 53. Digital code. "Digital code" means a code which provides a purchaser160.16with a right to obtain one or more specified digital products or other digital products.

160.17 <u>A digital code may be transferred electronically, such as through electronic mail, or it</u>

160.18 <u>may be transferred on a tangible medium, such as on a plastic card, a piece of paper or</u>

160.19 invoice, or imprinted on another product. A digital code is not a code that represents a

160.20 stored monetary value that is deducted from a total as it is used by the purchaser, and it

160.21 is not a code that represents a redeemable card, gift card, or gift certificate that entitles

160.22 <u>the holder to select a digital product of an indicated cash value.</u> The end user of a digital

- 160.23 <u>code is any purchaser except one who receives the contractual right to redistribute a digital</u>
- 160.24 product which is the subject of the transaction.

## 160.25 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 160.26 June 30, 2013.

160.27 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a 160.28 subdivision to read:

160.29Subd. 54. Other digital products."Other digital products" means the following160.30items when transferred electronically:

160.31 (1) greeting cards;

160.32 (2) finished artwork available for reproduction, display, or similar purposes;

160.33 (3) video or electronic games;

- 161.1 (4) periodicals;
- 161.2 (5) magazines; and
- 161.3 (6) other news or information products, excluding newspapers.

161.4 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
161.5 June 30, 2013.

- 161.6 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a
- 161.7 subdivision to read:
- 161.8 Subd. 55. Specified digital products. "Specified digital products" means digital
   161.9 audio works, digital audiovisual works, and digital books that are transferred electronically
   161.10 to a customer.

### 161.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 161.12 June 30, 2013.

- 161.13 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a 161.14 subdivision to read:
- 161.15 Subd. 56. Transferred electronically. "Transferred electronically" means obtained

161.16 by the purchaser by means other than tangible storage media. For purposes of this

161.17 subdivision, it is not necessary that a copy of the product be physically transferred to

161.18 the purchaser. A product will be considered to have been transferred electronically to a

161.19 purchaser if the purchaser has access to the product.

### 161.20 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 161.21 June 30, 2013.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.62, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Generally. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 3 or in this
chapter, a sales tax of 6.5 5.675 percent is imposed on the gross receipts from retail sales
as defined in section 297A.61, subdivision 4, made in this state or to a destination in this
state by a person who is required to have or voluntarily obtains a permit under section
297A.83, subdivision 1.

### 161.28 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 161.29 June 30, 2013.

161.30 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.62, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. Constitutionally required sales tax increase. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 3 or in this chapter, an additional sales tax of 0.375 0.325 percent, as required under the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 15, is imposed on the gross receipts from retail sales as defined in section 297A.61, subdivision 4, made in this state or to a destination in this state by a person who is required to have or voluntarily obtains a permit under section 297A.83, subdivision 1. This additional tax expires July 1, 2034.

162.7 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
 162.8 June 30, 2013.

# Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.64, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Tax imposed. A tax is imposed on the lease or rental in this state for not more than 28 days of a passenger automobile as defined in section 168.002, subdivision 24, a van as defined in section 168.002, subdivision 40, or a pickup truck as defined in section 168.002, subdivision 26. The rate of tax is 6.2 9.2 percent of the sales price. The tax applies whether or not the vehicle is licensed in the state.

# 162.15 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 162.16 June 30, 2013.

162.17 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.65, is amended to read:

162.18 **297A.65 LOTTERY TICKETS; IN LIEU TAX.** 

Sales of state lottery tickets are exempt from the tax imposed under section 162.19 297A.62. The State Lottery must on or before the 20th day of each month transmit to 162.20 the commissioner of revenue an amount equal to the gross receipts from the sale of 162.21 lottery tickets for the previous month multiplied by the a tax rate under section 297A.62, 162.22 subdivision 1 of 6.5 percent. The resulting payment is in lieu of the sales tax that otherwise 162.23 would be imposed by this chapter. The commissioner shall deposit the money transmitted 162.24 as provided by section 297A.94 and the money must be treated as other proceeds of the 162.25 sales tax. For purposes of this section, "gross receipts" means the proceeds of the sale 162.26 of tickets before deduction of a commission or other compensation paid to the vendor or 162.27 retailer for selling tickets. 162.28

## 162.29 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 162.30 June 30, 2013.

162.31 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.66, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) To the extent allowed by the United States
Constitution and the laws of the United States, <u>A</u>"retailer maintaining a place of business
in this state," or a similar term, means a retailer:

(1) having or maintaining within this state, directly or by a subsidiary or an affiliate,
an office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or place, warehouse, or other place
of business; or

(2) having utilizing a representative, including, but not limited to, an affiliate, agent,
salesperson, canvasser, or solicitor operating in this state under the authority of the retailer
or its subsidiary, for any purpose, including the repairing, selling, delivering, installing, or
soliciting of orders for the retailer's goods or services, or the leasing of tangible personal
property located in this state, whether the place of business or agent, representative, affiliate,
salesperson, canvasser, or solicitor is located in the state permanently or temporarily, or
whether or not the retailer, subsidiary, or affiliate is authorized to do business in this state.

(b) "Destination of a sale" means the location to which the retailer makes delivery of
the property sold, or causes the property to be delivered, to the purchaser of the property,
or to the agent or designee of the purchaser. The delivery may be made by any means,
including the United States Postal Service or a for-hire carrier.

163.18(c) A retailer shall be presumed to be "maintaining a place of business in this state" if:163.19(1) any person, other than a person acting in the person's capacity as a common

163.20 <u>carrier, that has substantial nexus with this state:</u>

(i) sells a similar line of products as the retailer and does so under the same or
 a similar business name;

- 163.23(ii) maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse or storage place, or similar163.24place of business in the state to facilitate the delivery of property or services sold by the
- 163.25 retailer to the retailer's customers;
- (iii) uses trademarks, service marks, or trade names in the state that are substantially
   the same or substantially similar to those used by the retailer;
- 163.28 (iv) delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance services for the retailer's
   163.29 customers within the state;
- 163.30 (v) facilitates the retailer's delivery of property to customers in the state by allowing
- 163.31 the retailer's customers to pick up property sold by the retailer at an office, distribution
- 163.32 facility, warehouse, storage space, or similar place of business maintained by the person in
  163.33 the state;
- 163.34 (vi) conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly associated with the
- 163.35 retailer's ability to establish and maintain a market in the state for the retailer's sales; or
- 163.36 (2) any affiliated person has substantial nexus with the state.

(d) The presumptions in paragraph (c) may be rebutted by demonstrating that the 164.1 activities of the person or affiliated person in the state are not significantly associated with 164.2 the retailer's ability to establish or maintain a market in this state for the retailer's sales. 164.3 (e) "Affiliated person" means any person that is a member of the same controlled 164.4 group of corporations, as defined in section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code as 164.5 the retailer, or any other entity that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears the 164.6 same ownership relationship to the retailer as a corporation that is a member of the same 164.7 controlled group of corporations as defined in section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. 164.8 164.9 (f) "Solicitor" means a person, whether an independent contractor or other representative, who directly or indirectly solicits business for the retailer. 164.10 (1) A retailer is presumed to have a solicitor in this state if it enters into an agreement 164.11 with one or more persons under which the person, for a commission or other consideration, 164.12 while within this state directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link 164.13 on an Internet Web site, by telemarketing, by an in-person oral presentation, or otherwise, 164.14 164.15 to the retailer, if the cumulative gross receipts from the sales by the retailer to customers in the state who are referred to the retailer by all persons within this state with this type of an 164.16 agreement with the retailer is in excess of \$10,000 during the preceding 12 months. 164.17 (2) The presumption in clause (1) may be rebutted by submitting proof that the 164.18 persons with whom the retailer has an agreement did not engage in any activity within the 164.19 164.20 state that was significantly associated with the retailer's ability to establish or maintain the retailer's market in the state during the preceding 12 months. Such proof may consist 164.21 of sworn written statements from all of the persons within this state with whom the 164.22 164.23 retailer has an agreement stating that they did not engage in any solicitation in this state on behalf of the retailer during the preceding year, provided that such statements were 164.24 provided and obtained in good faith. 164.25 (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to narrow the scope of the terms 164.26 "agent," "salesperson," "canvasser," or "other representative" for purposes of subdivision 164.27 164.28 1, paragraph (a). This section does not apply to chapter 290 and does not expand or contract the 164.29 jurisdiction to tax a trade or business under chapter 290. 164.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 164.31 June 30, 2013. 164.32

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.66, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 Subd. 3. Retailer not maintaining place of business in this state. (a) To the

164.35 extent allowed by the United States Constitution and the laws of the United States, a

165.1

retailer making retail sales from outside this state to a destination within this state and

not maintaining a place of business in this state shall collect sales and use taxes and remit 165.2 them to the commissioner under section 297A.77, if the retailer engages in the regular or 165.3 systematic soliciting of sales from potential customers in this state by: 165.4 (1) distribution, by mail or otherwise, of catalogs, periodicals, advertising flyers, or 165.5 other written solicitations of business to customers in this state; 165.6 (2) display of advertisements on billboards or other outdoor advertising in this state; 165.7 (3) advertisements in newspapers published in this state; 165.8 (4) advertisements in trade journals or other periodicals the circulation of which is 165.9 primarily within this state; 165.10 (5) advertisements in a Minnesota edition of a national or regional publication or 165.11 a limited regional edition in which this state is included as part of a broader regional or 165.12 national publication which are not placed in other geographically defined editions of the 165.13 same issue of the same publication; 165.14 165.15 (6) advertisements in regional or national publications in an edition which is not by its contents geographically targeted to Minnesota but which is sold over the counter 165.16 in Minnesota or by subscription to Minnesota residents; 165.17 (7) advertisements broadcast on a radio or television station located in Minnesota; or 165.18 (8) any other solicitation by telegraphy, telephone, computer database, cable, optic, 165.19 165.20 microwave, or other communication system. This paragraph (a) must be construed without regard to the state from which 165.21 distribution of the materials originated or in which they were prepared. 165.22

(b) The location within or without this state of independent vendors that provide
products or services to the retailer in connection with its solicitation of customers within this
state, including such products and services as creation of copy, printing, distribution, and
recording, is not considered in determining whether the retailer is required to collect tax.

(c) A retailer not maintaining a place of business in this state is presumed, subject to
 rebuttal, to be engaged in regular solicitation within this state if it engages in any of the
 activities in paragraph (a) and:

165.30 (1) makes 100 or more retail sales from outside this state to destinations in this state
 165.31 during a period of 12 consecutive months; or

165.32 (2) makes ten or more retail sales totaling more than \$100,000 from outside this state
 165.33 to destinations in this state during a period of 12 consecutive months.

165.34 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
 165.35 June 30, 2013.

166.1	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.66, is amended by adding a
166.2	subdivision to read:
166.3	Subd. 7. Severability. The legislature intends that the provisions of this section
166.4	are severable. If any provision contained in this bill is held invalid or unconstitutional, or
166.5	its application is held invalid or unconstitutional, that finding shall not affect the other
166.6	provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid or unconstitutional
166.7	provision or application.
166.8	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2013.
166.9	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.665, is amended to read:
166.10	297A.665 PRESUMPTION OF TAX; BURDEN OF PROOF.
166.11	(a) For the purpose of the proper administration of this chapter and to prevent
166.12	evasion of the tax, until the contrary is established, it is presumed that:
166.13	(1) all gross receipts are subject to the tax; and
166.14	(2) all retail sales for delivery in Minnesota are for storage, use, or other consumption
166.15	in Minnesota.
166.16	(b) The burden of proving that a sale is not a taxable retail sale is on the seller.
166.17	However, a seller is relieved of liability if:
166.18	(1) the seller obtains a fully completed exemption certificate or all the relevant
166.19	information required by section 297A.72, subdivision 2, at the time of the sale or within
166.20	90 days after the date of the sale; <del>or</del>
166.21	(2) if the seller has not obtained a fully completed exemption certificate or all the
166.22	relevant information required by section 297A.72, subdivision 2, within the time provided
166.23	in clause (1), within 120 days after a request for substantiation by the commissioner,
166.24	the seller either:
166.25	(i) obtains in good faith a fully completed exemption certificate or all the relevant
166.26	information required by section 297A.72, subdivision 2, from the purchaser; or
166.27	(ii) proves by other means that the transaction was not subject to tax;
166.28	(3) in the case of drop shipment sales, a seller engaged in drop shipping may claim a
166.29	resale exemption based on an exemption certificate provided by its customer or reseller,
166.30	or any other acceptable information available to the seller engaged in drop shipping
166.31	evidencing qualification for a resale exemption, regardless of whether the customer or
166.32	e-seller is registered to collect and remit sales and use tax in the state.
166.33	(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), relief from liability does not apply to a seller who:
166.34	(1) fraudulently fails to collect the tax; or

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167.1 (2) solicits purchasers to participate in the unlawful claim of an exemption.

167.2 (d) A certified service provider, as defined in section 297A.995, subdivision 2, is

relieved of liability under this section to the extent a seller who is its client is relieved ofliability.

(e) A purchaser of tangible personal property or any items listed in section 297A.63
that are shipped or brought to Minnesota by the purchaser has the burden of proving that the
property was not purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or consumption in Minnesota.

(f) If a seller claims that certain sales are exempt and does not provide the certificate,
information, or proof required by paragraph (b), clause (2), within 120 days after the date
of the commissioner's request for substantiation, then the exemptions claimed by the seller
that required substantiation are disallowed.

## 167.12 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 167.13 June 30, 2013.

167.14 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.668, is amended by adding a167.15 subdivision to read:

Subd. 6a. Multiple points of use. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of 167.16 subdivisions 2 and 3, a business purchaser that is not a holder of a direct pay permit that 167.17 purchases electronically delivered goods or services that will be concurrently available for 167.18 use in more than one taxing jurisdiction may deliver to the seller in conjunction with its 167.19 purchase a multiple points of use certificate disclosing this fact. 167.20 (b) Upon receipt of the multiple points of use certificate, the seller is relieved of the 167.21 obligation to collect, pay, or remit the applicable tax and the purchaser is obligated to 167.22 collect, pay, or remit the applicable tax on a direct pay basis. 167.23 (c) The purchaser delivering the multiple points of use certificate has sole discretion 167.24 to use any reasonable but consistent and uniform method of apportionment that is supported 167.25 by the purchaser's business records as they exist at the time of the consummation of the sale. 167.26 (d) The multiple points of use certificate remains in effect for all future sales by the 167.27 seller to the purchaser until it is revoked by the purchaser in writing. 167.28 (e) A holder of a direct pay permit is not required to deliver a multiple points of use 167.29 certificate to the seller. A direct pay permit holder shall follow the provisions of paragraph 167.30 (c) in apportioning the tax due on electronically delivered goods or services that will be 167.31 concurrently available for use in more than one taxing jurisdiction. 167.32

167.33 (f) A seller is relieved of liability if:

168.1	(1) the seller obtains a fully completed multiple points of use certificate or all the
168.2	relevant information required by section 297A.72, subdivision 2, at the time of the sale or
168.3	within 90 days after the date of the sale; or
168.4	(2) within 120 days after a request for substantiation by the commissioner, the
168.5	seller either:
168.6	(i) obtains in good faith a fully completed multiple points of use certificate or all the
168.7	relevant information required by section 297A.72, subdivision 2, from the purchaser; or
168.8	(ii) proves by other means that the transaction was not subject to tax.
168.9	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
168.10	June 30, 2013.
168.11	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.67, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
168.12	Subd. 7. <b>Drugs; medical devices.</b> (a) Sales of the following drugs and medical
168.13	devices for human use are exempt:
168.14	(1) prescription drugs <del>, including over-the-counter drugs</del> ;
168.15	<ul><li>(1) <u>preservices</u> arugs, meruang over the counter arugs,</li><li>(2) single-use finger-pricking devices for the extraction of blood and other single-use</li></ul>
168.16	devices and single-use diagnostic agents used in diagnosing, monitoring, or treating
168.17	diabetes;
168.18	(3) insulin and medical oxygen for human use, regardless of whether prescribed
168.19	or sold over the counter;
168.20	(4) prosthetic devices;
168.21	(5) durable medical equipment for home use only;
168.22	(6) mobility enhancing equipment;
168.23	(7) prescription corrective eyeglasses; and
168.24	(8) kidney dialysis equipment, including repair and replacement parts.
168.25	(b) Items purchased in transactions covered by:
168.26	(1) Medicare as defined under title XVIII of the Social Security Act, United States
168.27	Code, title 42, section 1395, et seq.; or
168.28	(2) Medicaid as defined under title XIX of the Social Security Act, United States
168.29	Code, title 42, section 1396, et. seq.
168.30	(b) (c) For purposes of this subdivision:
168.31	(1) "Drug" means a compound, substance, or preparation, and any component of
168.32	a compound, substance, or preparation, other than food and food ingredients, dietary
168.33	supplements, or alcoholic beverages that is:

(i) recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic
Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National Formulary, and supplement
to any of them;

169.4 (ii) intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention169.5 of disease; or

169.6 (iii) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body.

(2) "Durable medical equipment" means equipment, including repair and
 replacement parts, <u>including single-patient use items</u>, but not including mobility enhancing
 equipment, that:

(i) can withstand repeated use;

(ii) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;

(iii) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury; and

169.13 (iv) is not worn in or on the body.

For purposes of this clause, "repair and replacement parts" includes all components or attachments used in conjunction with the durable medical equipment, <del>but does not</del> include including repair and replacement parts which are for single patient use only.

(3) "Mobility enhancing equipment" means equipment, including repair andreplacement parts, but not including durable medical equipment, that:

(i) is primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the ability to move fromone place to another and that is appropriate for use either in a home or a motor vehicle;

(ii) is not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and

(iii) does not include any motor vehicle or equipment on a motor vehicle normallyprovided by a motor vehicle manufacturer.

(4) "Over-the-counter drug" means a drug that contains a label that identifies the
product as a drug as required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, section 201.66. The
label must include a "drug facts" panel or a statement of the active ingredients with a list of
those ingredients contained in the compound, substance, or preparation. Over-the-counter
drugs do not include grooming and hygiene products, regardless of whether they otherwise
meet the definition. "Grooming and hygiene products" are soaps, cleaning solutions,
shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and suntan lotions and sunscreens.

169.31 (5)(4) "Prescribed" and "prescription" means a direction in the form of an order, 169.32 formula, or recipe issued in any form of oral, written, electronic, or other means of 169.33 transmission by a duly licensed health care professional.

169.34(6) (5) "Prosthetic device" means a replacement, corrective, or supportive device,169.35including repair and replacement parts, worn on or in the body to:

(i) artificially replace a missing portion of the body;

(ii) prevent or correct physical deformity or malfunction; or 170.1 (iii) support a weak or deformed portion of the body. 170.2 Prosthetic device does not include corrective eyeglasses. 170.3 (7) (6) "Kidney dialysis equipment" means equipment that: 170.4 (i) is used to remove waste products that build up in the blood when the kidneys are 170.5 not able to do so on their own; and 170.6 (ii) can withstand repeated use, including multiple use by a single patient, 170.7 170.8 notwithstanding the provisions of clause (2). (7) A transaction is covered by Medicare or Medicaid if any portion of the cost of 170.9 the item purchased in the transaction is paid for or reimbursed by the federal government 170.10 170.11 or the state of Minnesota pursuant to the Medicare or Medicaid program, by a private insurance company administering the Medicare or Medicaid program on behalf of the 170.12 federal government or the state of Minnesota, or by a managed care organization for the 170.13 benefit of a patient enrolled in a prepaid program that furnishes medical services in lieu 170.14 of conventional Medicare or Medicaid coverage pursuant to agreement with the federal 170.15 170.16 government or the state of Minnesota. EFFECTIVE DATE. Changes to paragraph (a), clause (1), and paragraph (c), 170.17 clause (4), are effective for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2013. Changes to 170.18 paragraph (b) and paragraph (c), clauses (2) and (7), are effective retroactively for sales 170.19 and purchases made after April 1, 2009. Purchasers may apply for a refund of tax paid on 170.20 170.21 qualifying purchases under paragraph (b) and paragraph (c), clauses (2) and (7), made after April 1, 2009, and before July 1, 2013, in the manner provided in section 297A.75. 170.22 Notwithstanding limitations on claims for refunds under section 289A.40, claims may be 170.23 filed with the commissioner until June 30, 2014. 170.24 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.67, is amended by adding a 170.25 subdivision to read: 170.26

170.27 Subd. 7a. Accessories and supplies. Accessories and supplies required for the

170.28 effective use of durable medical equipment for home use only or purchased in a transaction

170.29 covered by medicare or Medicaid, that are not already exempt under section 297A.67,

170.30 subdivision 7, are exempt. Accessories and supplies for the effective use of a prosthetic

170.31 device that are not already exempt under section 297A.67, subdivision 7, are exempt.

170.32 For purposes of this subdivision "durable medical equipment," "prosthetic device,"

<sup>170.33</sup> "Medicare," and "Medicaid" have the definitions given in section 297A.67, subdivision 7.

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made after April 1, 2009. Purchasers may apply for a refund of tax paid on qualifying

171.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases

purchases under this section made after April 1, 2009, and before July 1, 2013, in the

manner provided in section 297A.75. Notwithstanding limitations on claims for refunds

under section 289A.40, claims may be filed with the commissioner until June 30, 2014.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.68, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Materials consumed in industrial production. (a) Materials stored, used,
or consumed in industrial production of <u>tangible</u> personal property intended to be sold
ultimately at retail, are exempt, whether or not the item so used becomes an ingredient
or constituent part of the property produced. Materials that qualify for this exemption
include, but are not limited to, the following:

(1) chemicals, including chemicals used for cleaning food processing machineryand equipment;

(2) materials, including chemicals, fuels, and electricity purchased by persons
engaged in industrial production to treat waste generated as a result of the production
process;

(3) fuels, electricity, gas, and steam used or consumed in the production process,
except that electricity, gas, or steam used for space heating, cooling, or lighting is exempt
if (i) it is in excess of the average climate control or lighting for the production area, and
(ii) it is necessary to produce that particular product;

171.21 (4) petroleum products and lubricants;

171.2

171.22 (5) packaging materials, including returnable containers used in packaging food171.23 and beverage products;

(6) accessory tools, equipment, and other items that are separate detachable units
with an ordinary useful life of less than 12 months used in producing a direct effect upon
the product; and

(7) the following materials, tools, and equipment used in metal-casting: crucibles,
thermocouple protection sheaths and tubes, stalk tubes, refractory materials, molten metal
filters and filter boxes, degassing lances, and base blocks.

171.30 (b) This exemption does not include:

(1) machinery, equipment, implements, tools, accessories, appliances, contrivances
and furniture and fixtures, except those listed in paragraph (a), clause (6); and

(2) petroleum and special fuels used in producing or generating power for propelling
ready-mixed concrete trucks on the public highways of this state.

(c) Industrial production includes, but is not limited to, research, development, 172.1 design or production of any tangible personal property, manufacturing, processing (other 172.2 than by restaurants and consumers) of agricultural products (whether vegetable or animal), 172.3 commercial fishing, refining, smelting, reducing, brewing, distilling, printing, mining, 172.4 quarrying, lumbering, generating electricity, the production of road building materials, 172.5 and the research, development, design, or production of computer software. Industrial 172.6 production does not include painting, cleaning, repairing or similar processing of property 172.7 except as part of the original manufacturing process. 172.8

172.9

(d) Industrial production does not include:

(1) the furnishing of services listed in section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g),
clause (6), items (i) to (vi) and (viii), or paragraph (m) or (n); or

(2) the transportation, transmission, or distribution of petroleum, liquefied gas,
natural gas, water, or steam, in, by, or through pipes, lines, tanks, mains, or other means of
transporting those products. For purposes of this paragraph, "transportation, transmission,
or distribution" does not include blending of petroleum or biodiesel fuel as defined
in section 239.77.

## 172.17 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 172.18 June 30, 2013.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.68, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
Subd. 5. Capital equipment. (a) Capital equipment is exempt. Except as provided
in paragraphs (e) and (f), the tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under section
297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded in the manner provided in section
297A.75.

"Capital equipment" means machinery and equipment purchased or leased, and used
in this state by the purchaser or lessee primarily for manufacturing, fabricating, mining,
or refining tangible personal property to be sold ultimately at retail if the machinery and
equipment are essential to the integrated production process of manufacturing, fabricating,
mining, or refining. Capital equipment also includes machinery and equipment
used primarily to electronically transmit results retrieved by a customer of an online
computerized data retrieval system.

(b) Capital equipment includes, but is not limited to:

(1) machinery and equipment used to operate, control, or regulate the productionequipment;

(2) machinery and equipment used for research and development, design, qualitycontrol, and testing activities;

(3) environmental control devices that are used to maintain conditions such as 173.1 temperature, humidity, light, or air pressure when those conditions are essential to and are 173.2 part of the production process; 173.3 (4) materials and supplies used to construct and install machinery or equipment; 173.4 (5) repair and replacement parts, including accessories, whether purchased as spare 173.5 parts, repair parts, or as upgrades or modifications to machinery or equipment; 173.6 (6) materials used for foundations that support machinery or equipment; 173.7 (7) materials used to construct and install special purpose buildings used in the 173.8 production process; 173.9 (8) ready-mixed concrete equipment in which the ready-mixed concrete is mixed 173.10 as part of the delivery process regardless if mounted on a chassis, repair parts for 173.11 ready-mixed concrete trucks, and leases of ready-mixed concrete trucks; and 173.12 (9) machinery or equipment used for research, development, design, or production 173.13 of computer software. 173.14 173.15 (c) Capital equipment does not include the following: (1) motor vehicles taxed under chapter 297B; 173.16 (2) machinery or equipment used to receive or store raw materials; 173.17 (3) building materials, except for materials included in paragraph (b), clauses (6) 173.18 and (7); 173.19 (4) machinery or equipment used for nonproduction purposes, including, but not 173.20 limited to, the following: plant security, fire prevention, first aid, and hospital stations; 173.21 support operations or administration; pollution control; and plant cleaning, disposal of 173.22 173.23 scrap and waste, plant communications, space heating, cooling, lighting, or safety; (5) farm machinery and aquaculture production equipment as defined by section 173.24 297A.61, subdivisions 12 and 13; 173.25 (6) machinery or equipment purchased and installed by a contractor as part of an 173.26 improvement to real property; 173.27 (7) machinery and equipment used by restaurants in the furnishing, preparing, or 173.28 serving of prepared foods as defined in section 297A.61, subdivision 31; 173.29 (8) machinery and equipment used to furnish the services listed in section 297A.61, 173.30 subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause (6), items (i) to (vi) and (viii); 173.31 (9) machinery or equipment used in the transportation, transmission, or distribution 173.32 of petroleum, liquefied gas, natural gas, water, or steam, in, by, or through pipes, lines, 173.33 tanks, mains, or other means of transporting those products. This clause does not apply to 173.34 machinery or equipment used to blend petroleum or biodiesel fuel as defined in section 173.35

173.36 239.77; or

174.1 (10) any other item that is not essential to the integrated process of manufacturing,174.2 fabricating, mining, or refining.

174.3 (d) For purposes of this subdivision:

(1) "Equipment" means independent devices or tools separate from machinery but
essential to an integrated production process, including computers and computer software,
used in operating, controlling, or regulating machinery and equipment; and any subunit or
assembly comprising a component of any machinery or accessory or attachment parts of
machinery, such as tools, dies, jigs, patterns, and molds.

(2) "Fabricating" means to make, build, create, produce, or assemble components orproperty to work in a new or different manner.

(3) "Integrated production process" means a process or series of operations through 174.11 which tangible personal property is manufactured, fabricated, mined, or refined. For 174.12 purposes of this clause, (i) manufacturing begins with the removal of raw materials 174.13 from inventory and ends when the last process prior to loading for shipment has been 174.14 174.15 completed; (ii) fabricating begins with the removal from storage or inventory of the property to be assembled, processed, altered, or modified and ends with the creation 174.16 or production of the new or changed product; (iii) mining begins with the removal of 174.17 overburden from the site of the ores, minerals, stone, peat deposit, or surface materials and 174.18 ends when the last process before stockpiling is completed; and (iv) refining begins with 174.19 the removal from inventory or storage of a natural resource and ends with the conversion 174.20 of the item to its completed form. 174.21

(4) "Machinery" means mechanical, electronic, or electrical devices, including
computers and computer software, that are purchased or constructed to be used for the
activities set forth in paragraph (a), beginning with the removal of raw materials from
inventory through completion of the product, including packaging of the product.

(5) "Machinery and equipment used for pollution control" means machinery and
equipment used solely to eliminate, prevent, or reduce pollution resulting from an activity
described in paragraph (a).

(6) "Manufacturing" means an operation or series of operations where raw materials
are changed in form, composition, or condition by machinery and equipment and which
results in the production of a new article of tangible personal property. For purposes of
this subdivision, "manufacturing" includes the generation of electricity or steam to be
sold at retail.

174.34 (7) "Mining" means the extraction of minerals, ores, stone, or peat.

(8) "Online data retrieval system" means a system whose cumulation of informationis equally available and accessible to all its customers.

175.1	(9) "Primarily" means machinery and equipment used 50 percent or more of the time
175.2	in an activity described in paragraph (a).
175.3	(10) "Refining" means the process of converting a natural resource to an intermediate
175.4	or finished product, including the treatment of water to be sold at retail.
175.5	(11) This subdivision does not apply to telecommunications equipment as
175.6	provided in subdivision 35, and does not apply to wire, cable, fiber, poles, or conduit
175.7	for telecommunications services.
175.8	(e) Materials exempt under this section may be purchased without imposing and
175.9	collecting the tax and without applying for a refund under section 297A.75, provided that:
175.10	(1) the purchaser employed not more than 80 full-time equivalent employees at
175.11	any time during calendar year 2013; and
175.12	(2) if another business owns at least 20 percent of the purchaser, then the sum of the
175.13	number of full-time equivalent employees employed by the purchaser and the number
175.14	of full-time equivalent employees employed by any other business that owns at least 20
175.15	percent of the purchaser's business is not more than 80 full-time equivalent employees
175.16	during calendar year 2013. This clause must be applied for each business that owns at
175.17	least 20 percent of the purchaser.
175.18	(f) For the state's fiscal year 2016 and thereafter, all purchases exempt under this
175.19	section may be purchased without imposing and collecting the tax and without applying
175.20	for a refund under section 297A.75.
175.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (e) is effective for sales and purchases made

after June 30, 2014, and through June 30, 2015. Paragraph (f) is effective for sales and
purchases made after June 30, 2015.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.68, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 175.24 Subd. 10. Publications; publication materials. Tangible personal property that 175.25 is used or consumed in producing any publication regularly issued at average intervals 175.26 not exceeding three months is exempt, and any such publication is exempt. "Publication" 175.27 includes, but is not limited to, a qualified newspaper as defined by section 331A.02, 175.28 together with any supplements or enclosures. "Publication" does not include magazines 175.29 and periodicals, whether sold over the counter or by subscription. Tangible personal 175.30 property that is used or consumed in producing a publication does not include machinery, 175.31 equipment, implements, tools, accessories, appliances, contrivances, furniture, and fixtures 175.32 used in the publication, or fuel, electricity, gas, or steam used for space heating or lighting. 175.33 Advertising contained in a publication is a nontaxable service and is exempt. 175.34 175.35 Persons who publish or sell newspapers are engaging in a nontaxable service with

respect to gross receipts realized from such news-gathering or news-publishing activities,including the sale of advertising.

### 176.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 176.4 June 30, 2013.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.68, subdivision 42, is amended to read: 176.5 Subd. 42. Qualified data centers. (a) Purchases of enterprise information 176.6 technology equipment and computer software for use in a qualified data center are exempt. 176.7 176.8 The tax on purchases exempt under this paragraph must be imposed and collected as if the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded after June 30, 2013, 176.9 in the manner provided in section 297A.75. This exemption includes enterprise information 176.10 176.11 technology equipment and computer software purchased to replace or upgrade enterprise information technology equipment and computer software in a qualified data center. 176.12 (b) Electricity used or consumed in the operation of a qualified data center is exempt. 176.13 (c) For purposes of this subdivision, "qualified data center" means a facility in 176.14 Minnesota: 176.15 (1) that is comprised of one or more buildings that consist in the aggregate of at least 176.16 <del>30,000</del> 25,000 square feet, and that are located on a single parcel or on contiguous parcels, 176.17 where the total cost of construction or refurbishment, investment in enterprise information 176.18 technology equipment, and computer software is at least \$50,000,000 \$20,000,000 within 176.19 a 24-month period; 176.20 (2) that is constructed or substantially refurbished after June 30, 2012, where 176.21 "substantially refurbished" means that at least 30,000 25,000 square feet have been rebuilt 176.22 or modified; and, including: 176.23 (i) installation of enterprise information technology equipment, environmental 176.24 control, and energy efficiency improvements; and 176.25 (ii) building improvements; and 176.26 (3) that is used to house enterprise information technology equipment, where the 176.27

- 176.28 facility has the following characteristics:
- (i) uninterruptible power supplies, generator backup power, or both;
- (ii) sophisticated fire suppression and prevention systems; and
- (iii) enhanced security. A facility will be considered to have enhanced security if it
- has restricted access to the facility to selected personnel; permanent security guards; video
- 176.33 camera surveillance; an electronic system requiring pass codes, keycards, or biometric
- scans, such as hand scans and retinal or fingerprint recognition; or similar security features.

In determining whether the facility has the required square footage, the square footage of the following spaces shall be included if the spaces support the operation of enterprise information technology equipment: office space, meeting space, and mechanical and other support facilities. For purposes of this subdivision, "computer software" includes, but is not limited to, software utilized or loaded at the qualified data

177.6 <u>center, including maintenance, licensing, and software customization.</u>

(d) For purposes of this subdivision, "enterprise information technology equipment" 177.7 means computers and equipment supporting computing, networking, or data storage, 177.8 including servers and routers. It includes, but is not limited to: cooling systems, 177.9 cooling towers, and other temperature control infrastructure; power infrastructure for 177.10 transformation, distribution, or management of electricity used for the maintenance 177.11 and operation of a qualified data center, including but not limited to exterior dedicated 177.12 business-owned substations, backup power generation systems, battery systems, and 177.13 related infrastructure; and racking systems, cabling, and trays, which are necessary for 177.14 177.15 the maintenance and operation of the qualified data center.

(e) A qualified data center may claim the exemptions in this subdivision for
purchases made either within 20 years of the date of its first purchase qualifying for the
exemption under paragraph (a), or by June 30, 2042, whichever is earlier.

(f) The purpose of this exemption is to create jobs in the construction and datacenter industries.

(g) This subdivision is effective for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2012,and before July 1, 2042.

## EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2013.

177.25 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.68, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

177.27 Subd. 49. Greater Minnesota business expansions. (a) Purchases and use of
177.28 tangible personal property or taxable services by a qualified business, as defined in section
177.29 116J.3738, are exempt if:

177.30 (1) the business subsidy agreement provides that the exemption under this
177.31 subdivision applies;

177.32 (2) the property or services are primarily used or consumed in greater Minnesota; and

(3) the purchase was made and delivery received during the duration of the

177.34 certification of the business as a qualified business under section 116J.3738.

(b) Purchase and use of construction materials and supplies used or consumed in, 178.1 and equipment incorporated into, the construction of improvements to real property in 178.2 greater Minnesota are exempt if the improvements after completion of construction are 178.3 to be used in the conduct of the trade or business of the qualified business, as defined in 178.4 section 116J.3738. This exemption applies regardless of whether the purchases are made 178.5 by the business or a contractor. 178.6 (c) The exemptions under this subdivision apply to a local sales and use tax. 178.7 (d) Subject to the limitations in paragraph (c), a qualifying business may claim an 178.8 exemption under this subdivision in an amount up to \$15,000. 178.9 (e) The tax on purchases imposed under this subdivision must be imposed and 178.10 collected as if the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded 178.11 178.12 in the manner provided in section 297A.75. No more than \$1,000,000 may be refunded in a fiscal year for all purchases under this subdivision. Refunds must be allocated on a 178.13 first come, first served basis. Any portion of the balance of funds allocated for refunds 178.14

under this paragraph does not cancel and shall be carried forward to and available for
refunds in subsequent fiscal years.

## 178.17 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 178.18 June 30, 2013.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.70, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Sales to government. (a) All sales, except those listed in paragraph (b),
to the following governments and political subdivisions, or to the listed agencies or
instrumentalities of governments and political subdivisions, are exempt:

178.23 (1) the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities;

(2) school districts, <u>local governments</u>, the University of Minnesota, state universities,
community colleges, technical colleges, state academies, the Perpich Minnesota Center for
Arts Education, and an instrumentality of a political subdivision that is accredited as an
optional/special function school by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools;
(3) hospitals and nursing homes owned and operated by political subdivisions of

the state of tangible personal property and taxable services used at or by hospitals andnursing homes;

(4) the Metropolitan Council, for its purchases of vehicles and repair parts to equipoperations provided for in section 473.4051;

(5) other states or political subdivisions of other states, if the sale would be exempt
from taxation if it occurred in that state; and

the state library under section 480.09, and the Legislative Reference Library<del>; and</del>.

179.4 <del>(7) towns.</del>

179.5

179.1

179.2

(b) This exemption does not apply to the sales of the following products and services:

(1) building, construction, or reconstruction materials purchased by a contractor
or a subcontractor as a part of a lump-sum contract or similar type of contract with a
guaranteed maximum price covering both labor and materials for use in the construction,
alteration, or repair of a building or facility;

(2) construction materials purchased by tax exempt entities or their contractors to
be used in constructing buildings or facilities which will not be used principally by the
tax exempt entities;

(3) the leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section 297B.01, subdivision 11,
except for leases entered into by the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities;

(4) lodging as defined under section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause
(2), and prepared food, candy, soft drinks, and alcoholic beverages as defined in section
297A.67, subdivision 2, except for lodging, prepared food, candy, soft drinks, and alcoholic
beverages purchased directly by the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities; or

(5) goods or services purchased by a town local government as inputs to goods and
services that are generally provided by a private business and the purchases would be
taxable if made by a private business engaged in the same activity.

(c) As used in this subdivision, "school districts" means public school entities and
districts of every kind and nature organized under the laws of the state of Minnesota, and
any instrumentality of a school district, as defined in section 471.59.

(d) As used in this subdivision, "local governments" means cities, counties, and
townships.

(d) (e) As used in this subdivision, "goods or services generally provided by a private business" include, but are not limited to, goods or services provided by liquor stores, gas and electric utilities, golf courses, marinas, health and fitness centers, campgrounds, cafes, and laundromats. "Goods or services generally provided by a private business" do not include housing services, sewer and water services, wastewater treatment, ambulance and other public safety services, correctional services, chore or homemaking services provided to elderly or disabled individuals, or road and street maintenance or lighting.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
June 30, 2013.

180.1 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.70, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
180.2 Subd. 4. Sales to nonprofit groups. (a) All sales, except those listed in paragraph
180.3 (b), to the following "nonprofit organizations" are exempt:

(1) a corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and
operated exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes if the item
purchased is used in the performance of charitable, religious, or educational functions; and
(2) any senior citizen group or association of groups that:

(i) in general limits membership to persons who are either age 55 or older, orphysically disabled;

(ii) is organized and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation, and other
nonprofit purposes, not including housing, no part of the net earnings of which inures to
the benefit of any private shareholders; and

(iii) is an exempt organization under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.
For purposes of this subdivision, charitable purpose includes the maintenance of a
cemetery owned by a religious organization.

180.16

(1) building, construction, or reconstruction materials purchased by a contractoror a subcontractor as a part of a lump-sum contract or similar type of contract with a

(b) This exemption does not apply to the following sales:

180.19 guaranteed maximum price covering both labor and materials for use in the construction,180.20 alteration, or repair of a building or facility;

(2) construction materials purchased by tax-exempt entities or their contractors to
be used in constructing buildings or facilities that will not be used principally by the
tax-exempt entities; and

(3) lodging as defined under section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause
(2), and prepared food, candy, soft drinks, and alcoholic beverages as defined in section
297A.67, subdivision 2, except wine purchased by an established religious organization
for sacramental purposes or as allowed under subdivision 9a; and

(4) leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section 297B.01, subdivision 11, exceptas provided in paragraph (c).

(c) This exemption applies to the leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section297B.01, subdivision 11, only if the vehicle is:

(1) a truck, as defined in section 168.002, a bus, as defined in section 168.002, or a
passenger automobile, as defined in section 168.002, if the automobile is designed and
used for carrying more than nine persons including the driver; and

- (2) intended to be used primarily to transport tangible personal property or
  individuals, other than employees, to whom the organization provides service in
  performing its charitable, religious, or educational purpose.
- (d) A limited liability company also qualifies for exemption under this subdivision if
  (1) it consists of a sole member that would qualify for the exemption, and (2) the items
  purchased qualify for the exemption.
- 181.7 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
   181.8 made after June 30, 2012.
- 181.9 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.70, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
  181.10 Subd. 5. Veterans groups. Sales to an organization of military service veterans or
  181.11 an auxiliary unit of an organization of military service veterans are exempt if:
  181.12 (1) the organization or auxiliary unit is organized within the state of Minnesota
- 181.13 and is exempt from federal taxation under section 501(c), clause (19), of the Internal181.14 Revenue Code; and
- 181.15 (2) the tangible personal property is or services are for charitable, civic, educational,
  181.16 or nonprofit uses and not for social, recreational, pleasure, or profit uses.
- 181.17 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
  181.18 June 30, 2013.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.70, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 181.19 181.20 Subd. 7. Hospitals and, outpatient surgical centers, and critical access dental providers. (a) Sales, except for those listed in paragraph (c) (d), to a hospital are exempt, 181.21 if the items purchased are used in providing hospital services. For purposes of this 181.22 181.23 subdivision, "hospital" means a hospital organized and operated for charitable purposes within the meaning of section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and licensed under 181.24 chapter 144 or by any other jurisdiction, and "hospital services" are services authorized or 181.25 required to be performed by a "hospital" under chapter 144. 181.26

(b) Sales, except for those listed in paragraph (e) (d), to an outpatient surgical center are exempt, if the items purchased are used in providing outpatient surgical services. For purposes of this subdivision, "outpatient surgical center" means an outpatient surgical center organized and operated for charitable purposes within the meaning of section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and licensed under chapter 144 or by any other jurisdiction. For the purposes of this subdivision, "outpatient surgical services" means: (1) services authorized or required to be performed by an outpatient surgical center under

182.1	chapter 144; and (2) urgent care. For purposes of this subdivision, "urgent care" means
182.2	health services furnished to a person whose medical condition is sufficiently acute to
182.3	require treatment unavailable through, or inappropriate to be provided by, a clinic or
182.4	physician's office, but not so acute as to require treatment in a hospital emergency room.
182.5	(c) Sales, except for those listed in paragraph (d), to a critical access dental provider
182.6	are exempt, if the items purchased are used in providing critical access dental care
182.7	services. For the purposes of this subdivision, "critical access dental provider" means
182.8	a dentist or dental clinic designated as a critical access dental provider under section
182.9	256B.76, subdivision 4, that serve only recipients of Minnesota health care programs.
182.10	(d) This exemption does not apply to the following products and services:
182.11	(1) purchases made by a clinic, physician's office, or any other medical facility not
182.12	operating as a hospital or, outpatient surgical center, or critical access dental provider,
182.13	even though the clinic, office, or facility may be owned and operated by a hospital $\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}_2}{\partial \mathbf{r}_2}$
182.14	outpatient surgical center, or critical access dental provider;
182.15	(2) sales under section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause (2), and
182.16	prepared food, candy, and soft drinks;
182.17	(3) building and construction materials used in constructing buildings or facilities
182.18	that will not be used principally by the hospital $\frac{\partial r_2}{\partial r_2}$ outpatient surgical center, or critical
182.19	access dental provider;
182.20	(4) building, construction, or reconstruction materials purchased by a contractor or a
182.21	subcontractor as a part of a lump-sum contract or similar type of contract with a guaranteed
182.22	maximum price covering both labor and materials for use in the construction, alteration, or
182.23	repair of a hospital or, outpatient surgical center, or critical access dental provider; or
182.24	(5) the leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section 297B.01, subdivision 11.
182.25	(d) (e) A limited liability company also qualifies for exemption under this
182.26	subdivision if $(1)$ it consists of a sole member that would qualify for the exemption, and
182.27	(2) the items purchased qualify for the exemption.
182.28	(e) (f) An entity that contains both a hospital and a nonprofit unit may claim this
182.29	exemption on purchases made for both the hospital and nonprofit unit provided that:
182.30	(1) the nonprofit unit would have qualified for exemption under subdivision 4; and
182.31	(2) the items purchased would have qualified for the exemption.
182.32	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
182.33	made after June 30, 2007. Purchasers may apply for a refund of tax paid for qualifying
182.34	purchases under this subdivision made after June 30, 2007, and before July 1, 2013, in the

182.35 <u>manner provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.75.</u>

- 183.1 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.70, is amended by adding a183.2 subdivision to read:
- 183.3Subd. 9a.Established religious orders.Sales of lodging, prepared food, candy,183.4soft drinks, and alcoholic beverages at noncatered events between an established religious183.5order and an affiliated institution of higher education are exempt. For purposes of this183.6subdivision, an institution of higher education is "affiliated" with an established religious183.7order if members of the religious order are represented on the governing board of the183.8institution of higher education and the two organizations share campus space and common183.9facilities.
- 183.10 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
  183.11 made after June 30, 2012.
- Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.70, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
  Subd. 13. Fund-raising sales by or for nonprofit groups. (a) The following
  sales by the specified organizations for fund-raising purposes are exempt, subject to the
  limitations listed in paragraph (b):
- (1) all sales made by a nonprofit organization that exists solely for the purpose of
  providing educational or social activities for young people primarily age 18 and under;
  (2) all sales made by an organization that is a senior citizen group or association of
  groups if (i) in general it limits membership to persons age 55 or older; (ii) it is organized
  and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation, and other nonprofit purposes; and (iii)
  no part of its net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholders;
- (3) the sale or use of tickets or admissions to a golf tournament held in Minnesota if
  the beneficiary of the tournament's net proceeds qualifies as a tax-exempt organization
  under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (4) sales of candy sold for fund-raising purposes by a nonprofit organization thatprovides educational and social activities primarily for young people age 18 and under.
- (b) The exemptions listed in paragraph (a) are limited in the following manner:
  (1) the exemption under paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), applies only if the gross
  annual receipts of the organization from fund-raising do not exceed \$10,000; and
- (2) the exemption under paragraph (a), clause (1), does not apply if the sales are
  derived from admission charges or from activities for which the money must be deposited
  with the school district treasurer under section 123B.49, subdivision 2, or be recorded in
  the same manner as other revenues or expenditures of the school district under section
  123B.49, subdivision 4.

184.1 (c) Sales of tangible personal property <u>and services</u> are exempt if the entire proceeds, 184.2 less the necessary expenses for obtaining the property <u>or services</u>, will be contributed to 184.3 a registered combined charitable organization described in section 43A.50, to be used 184.4 exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes, and the registered combined

charitable organization has given its written permission for the sale. Sales that occur over
a period of more than 24 days per year are not exempt under this paragraph.

(d) For purposes of this subdivision, a club, association, or other organization of
elementary or secondary school students organized for the purpose of carrying on sports,
educational, or other extracurricular activities is a separate organization from the school
district or school for purposes of applying the \$10,000 limit.

# 184.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 184.12 June 30, 2013.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.70, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
Subd. 14. Fund-raising events sponsored by nonprofit groups. (a) Sales of
tangible personal property or services at, and admission charges for fund-raising events
sponsored by, a nonprofit organization are exempt if:

184.17 (1) all gross receipts are recorded as such, in accordance with generally accepted184.18 accounting practices, on the books of the nonprofit organization; and

(2) the entire proceeds, less the necessary expenses for the event, will be used solely
and exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes. Exempt sales include
the sale of prepared food, candy, and soft drinks at the fund-raising event.

184.22 (b) This exemption is limited in the following manner:

(1) it does not apply to admission charges for events involving bingo or other
gambling activities or to charges for use of amusement devices involving bingo or other
gambling activities;

(2) all gross receipts are taxable if the profits are not used solely and exclusively forcharitable, religious, or educational purposes;

(3) it does not apply unless the organization keeps a separate accounting record,
including receipts and disbursements from each fund-raising event that documents all
deductions from gross receipts with receipts and other records;

(4) it does not apply to any sale made by or in the name of a nonprofit corporation asthe active or passive agent of a person that is not a nonprofit corporation;

184.33 (5) all gross receipts are taxable if fund-raising events exceed 24 days per year;

(6) it does not apply to fund-raising events conducted on premises leased for morethan five days but less than 30 days; and

(7) it does not apply if the risk of the event is not borne by the nonprofit organization
and the benefit to the nonprofit organization is less than the total amount of the state and
local tax revenues forgone by this exemption.

(c) For purposes of this subdivision, a "nonprofit organization" means any unit of
government, corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and
operated for charitable, religious, educational, civic, fraternal, and senior citizens' or
veterans' purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of a private
individual.

185.9 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
185.10 June 30, 2013.

185.11 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.70, is amended by adding a

185.12 subdivision to read:

185.13 <u>Subd. 18.</u> <u>Nursing homes and boarding care homes.</u> (a) All sales, except those

185.14 listed in paragraph (b), to a nursing home licensed under section 144A.02 or a boarding

185.15 care home certified as a nursing facility under title 19 of the Social Security Act are

185.16 exempt if the facility:

185.17 (1) is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the

185.18Internal Revenue Code; and

(2) is certified to participate in the medical assistance program under title 19 of the
 Social Security Act, or certifies to the commissioner that it does not discharge residents
 due to the inability to pay.

185.22 (b) This exemption does not apply to the following sales:

185.23 (1) building, construction, or reconstruction materials purchased by a contractor

185.24 or a subcontractor as a part of a lump-sum contract or similar type of contract with a

185.25 guaranteed maximum price covering both labor and materials for use in the construction,

185.26 <u>alteration, or repair of a building or facility;</u>

185.27(2) construction materials purchased by tax-exempt entities or their contractors to185.28be used in constructing buildings or facilities that will not be used principally by the

185.29 <u>tax-exempt entities;</u>

185.30 (3) lodging as defined under section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause

185.31 (2), and prepared food, candy, soft drinks, and alcoholic beverages as defined in section

185.32 297A.67, subdivision 2; and

(4) leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section 297B.01, subdivision 11, except
 as provided in paragraph (c).

186.1	(c) This exemption applies to the leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section
186.2	297B.01, subdivision 11, only if the vehicle is:
186.3	(1) a truck, as defined in section 168.002; a bus, as defined in section 168.002; or a
186.4	passenger automobile, as defined in section 168.002, if the automobile is designed and
186.5	used for carrying more than nine persons including the driver; and
186.6	(2) intended to be used primarily to transport tangible personal property or residents
186.7	of the nursing home or boarding care home.
186.8	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
186.9	June 30, 2013.
100.9	
186.10	Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.71, is amended by adding a
186.11	subdivision to read:
186.12	Subd. 45. Biopharmaceutical manufacturing facility. (a) Materials and
186.13	supplies used or consumed in, capital equipment incorporated into, and privately
186.14	owned infrastructure in support of the construction, improvement, or expansion of a
186.15	biopharmaceutical manufacturing facility in the state are exempt if the following criteria
186.16	are met:
186.17	(1) the facility is used for the manufacturing of biologics;
186.18	(2) the total capital investment made at the facility exceeds \$50,000,000; and
186.19	(3) the facility creates and maintains at least 190 full-time equivalent positions at the
186.20	facility. These positions must be new jobs in Minnesota and not the result of relocating
186.21	jobs that currently exist in Minnesota.
186.22	(b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under section 297A.62,
186.23	subdivision 1, applied, and refunded in the manner provided in section 297A.75.
186.24	(c) To be eligible for a refund, the owner of the biopharmaceutical manufacturing
186.25	facility must:
186.26	(1) initially apply to the Department of Employment and Economic Development
186.27	for certification no later than one year from the final completion date of construction,
186.28	improvement, or expansion of the facility; and
186.29	(2) for each year that the owner of the biopharmaceutical manufacturing facility
186.30	applies for a refund, the owner must have received written certification from the
186.31	Department of Employment and Economic Development that the facility has met the
186.32	criteria of paragraph (a).
186.33	(d) The refund is to be paid annually at a rate of 25 percent of the total allowable
186.34	refund payable to date, with the commissioner making annual payments of the remaining
186.35	refund until all of the refund has been paid.

187.1	(e) For purposes of this subdivision, "biopharmaceutical" and "biologics" are
187.2	interchangeable and mean medical drugs or medicinal preparations produced using
187.3	technology that uses biological systems, living organisms or derivatives of living
187.4	organisms, to make or modify products or processes for specific use. The medical drugs or
187.5	medicinal preparations include but are not limited to proteins, antibodies, nucleic acids,
187.6	and vaccines.
187.7	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively to capital investments
187.8	made and jobs created after December 31, 2012, and effective retroactively for sales and
187.9	purchases made after December 31, 2012, and before July 1, 2019.
107.9	purchases made after December 31, 2012, and before sury 1, 2017.
187.10	Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.71, is amended by adding a
187.11	subdivision to read:
187.12	Subd. 46. Research and development facilities. Materials and supplies used
187.13	or consumed in, and equipment incorporated into, the construction or improvement of
187.14	a research and development facility that has laboratory space of at least 400,000 square
187.15	feet and utilizes both high-intensity and low-intensity laboratories, provided that the
187.16	project has a total construction cost of at least \$140,000,000 within a 24-month period.
187.17	The tax on purchases imposed under this subdivision must be imposed and collected as if
187.18	the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied and then refunded in the manner
187.19	provided in section 297A.75.
187.20	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
187.21	June 30, 2013, and before September 1, 2015.
187.22	Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.71, is amended by adding a
187.23	subdivision to read:
187.24	Subd. 47. Industrial measurement manufacturing and controls facility. (a)
187.25	Materials and supplies used or consumed in, capital equipment incorporated into,
187.26	fixtures installed in, and privately owned infrastructure in support of the construction,
187.27	improvement, or expansion of an industrial measurement manufacturing and controls
187.28	facility are exempt if:
187.29	(1) the total capital investment made at the facility is at least \$60,000,000;
187.30	(2) the facility employs at least 250 full-time equivalent employees that are not
187.31	employees currently employed by the company in the state; and

(3) the Department of Employment and Economic Development determines that 188.1 188.2 the expansion, remodeling, or improvement of the facility has a significant impact on 188.3 the state economy. (b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under section 297A.62, 188.4 subdivisions 1 and 1a, applied and refunded in the manner provided in section 297A.75, 188.5 only after the following criteria are met: 188.6 (1) a refund may not be issued until the owner of the facility has received 188.7 certification from the Department of Employment and Economic Development that the 188.8 188.9 company meets the requirements in paragraph (a); and (2) to receive the refund, the owner of the industrial measurement manufacturing 188.10 and controls facility must initially apply to the Department of Employment and Economic 188.11 Development for certification no later than one year from the final completion date of 188.12 construction, improvement, or expansion of the industrial measurement manufacturing 188.13 and controls facility. 188.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 188.15 June 30, 2013, and before December 31, 2015. 188.16 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.71, is amended by adding a 188.17 subdivision to read: 188.18 Subd. 48. Retail, hotel, amusement, and office construction project. Materials 188.19 and supplies used or consumed in, and equipment incorporated into the construction or 188.20 improvement of buildings and infrastructure for retail, hotel, amusement, and office use 188.21 within a two square mile area with a capital investment of at least \$250,000,000, are 188.22 exempt. The tax on purchases exempt under this provision must be imposed and collected 188.23 as if the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied and then refunded in the 188.24 manner provided in section 297A.75. This subdivision expires June 30, 2023. 188.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 188.26 June 30, 2014, and before July 1, 2024. 188.27 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 188.28 Subdivision 1. Tax collected. The tax on the gross receipts from the sale of the 188.29 following exempt items must be imposed and collected as if the sale were taxable and the 188.30 rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied. The exempt items include: 188.31 (1) capital equipment exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 5; 188.32

189.1	(2) (1) building materials for an agricultural processing facility exempt under section
189.2	297A.71, subdivision 13;
189.3	(3) (2) building materials for mineral production facilities exempt under section
189.4	297A.71, subdivision 14;
189.5	(4) (3) building materials for correctional facilities under section 297A.71,
189.6	subdivision 3;
189.7	(5) (4) building materials used in a residence for disabled veterans exempt under
189.8	section 297A.71, subdivision 11;
189.9	(6) (5) elevators and building materials exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision
189.10	12;
189.11	(7) (6) building materials for the Long Lake Conservation Center exempt under
189.12	section 297A.71, subdivision 17;
189.13	(8) (7) materials and supplies for qualified low-income housing under section
189.14	297A.71, subdivision 23;
189.15	(9) (8) materials, supplies, and equipment for municipal electric utility facilities
189.16	under section 297A.71, subdivision 35;
189.17	(10) (9) equipment and materials used for the generation, transmission, and
189.18	distribution of electrical energy and an aerial camera package exempt under section
189.19	297A.68, subdivision 37;
189.20	(11) (10) commuter rail vehicle and repair parts under section 297A.70, subdivision
189.21	3, paragraph (a), clause (10);
189.22	(12) (11) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction or improvement of
189.23	projects and facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 40;
189.24	(13) (12) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction or improvement of a
189.25	meat processing facility exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 41;
189.26	(14) (13) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction, improvement, or
189.27	expansion of:
189.28	(i) an aerospace defense manufacturing facility exempt under section 297A.71,
189.29	subdivision 42;
189.30	(ii) a biopharmaceutical manufacturing facility exempt under section 297A.71,
189.31	subdivision 45;
189.32	(iii) a research and development facility exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision
189.33	<u>4b;</u>
189.34	(iv) an industrial measurement manufacturing and controls facility exempt under
189.35	section 297A.71, subdivision 47; and

(v) buildings and infrastructure for retail, hotel, amusement, and office facilities
 exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 48;
 (15) (14) enterprise information technology equipment and computer software for

use in a qualified data center exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 42; <del>and</del>

190.5 (16) (15) materials, supplies, and equipment for qualifying capital projects under
 190.6 section 297A.71, subdivision 44;

190.7 (16) items purchased for use in providing critical access dental services exempt
 190.8 under section 297A.70, subdivision 7, paragraph (c);

(17) items purchased in transactions covered under Medicare or Medicaid exempt
 under section 297A.67, subdivision 7, paragraphs (b) and (c), and accessories and supplies

190.11 exempt under section 297A.67, subdivision 7a; and

(18) items and services purchased under a business subsidy agreement for use or
 consumption primarily in greater Minnesota exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 49.

190.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. The change to clause (1) is effective for sales and purchases
 190.15 made after June 30, 2015. The changes in clauses (13), (16), and (17), are effective the
 190.16 day following final enactment.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.75, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Refund; eligible persons. Upon application on forms prescribed by the
commissioner, a refund equal to the tax paid on the gross receipts of the exempt items
must be paid to the applicant. Only the following persons may apply for the refund:

190.21 (1) for subdivision 1, clauses (1) to (3) (2), (16), and (17), the applicant must be 190.22 the purchaser;

190.23 (2) for subdivision 1, clauses (4) (3) and (7) (6), the applicant must be the 190.24 governmental subdivision;

(3) for subdivision 1, clause (5) (4), the applicant must be the recipient of the
benefits provided in United States Code, title 38, chapter 21;

190.27 (4) for subdivision 1, clause (6) (5), the applicant must be the owner of the 190.28 homestead property;

(5) for subdivision 1, clause (8) (7), the owner of the qualified low-income housing
project;

(6) for subdivision 1, clause (9) (8), the applicant must be a municipal electric utility
or a joint venture of municipal electric utilities;

(7) for subdivision 1, clauses (10), (9), (12), (13), (14), and (15) and (18), the owner
 of the qualifying business; and

- 191.1 (8) for subdivision 1, clauses (10), (11), (12), and (16) (15), the applicant must be 191.2 the governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility.
- 191.3

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.75, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 191.4 Subd. 3. Application. (a) The application must include sufficient information 191.5 to permit the commissioner to verify the tax paid. If the tax was paid by a contractor, 191.6 subcontractor, or builder, under subdivision 1, clause (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), 191.7 (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), or (16) (18), the contractor, subcontractor, or builder must 191.8 furnish to the refund applicant a statement including the cost of the exempt items and the 191.9 taxes paid on the items unless otherwise specifically provided by this subdivision. The 191.10 191.11 provisions of sections 289A.40 and 289A.50 apply to refunds under this section. (b) An applicant may not file more than two applications per calendar year for 191.12 refunds for taxes paid on capital equipment exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 5. 191.13 (c) Total refunds for purchases of items in section 297A.71, subdivision 40, must not 191.14 exceed \$5,000,000 in fiscal years 2010 and 2011. Applications for refunds for purchases 191.15 of items in sections 297A.70, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (11), and 297A.71, 191.16 subdivision 40, must not be filed until after June 30, 2009. 191.17

# 191.18 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 191.19 June 30, 2015.

- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.815, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
  Subd. 3. Motor vehicle lease sales tax revenue. (a) For purposes of this
  subdivision, "net revenue" means an amount equal to:
- (1) the revenues, including interest and penalties, that would have been collected
  under this section, during the fiscal year if the rate had been 6.875 percent; less
- (2) in fiscal year 2011, \$30,100,000; in fiscal year 2012, \$31,100,000; and in fiscal
  year 2013 and following fiscal years, \$32,000,000.
- (b) On or before June 30 of each fiscal year, the commissioner of revenue shall
  estimate the amount of the revenues and subtraction under paragraph (a) for the current
  fiscal year.
- (c) On or after July 1 of the subsequent fiscal year, the commissioner of management
  and budget shall transfer the net revenue as estimated in paragraph (b) from the general
  fund, as follows:
- 191.33 (1) 50 percent to the greater Minnesota transit account; and

(2) 50 percent to the county state-aid highway fund. Notwithstanding any other law
to the contrary, the commissioner of transportation shall allocate the funds transferred
under this clause to the counties in the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121,
subdivision 4, excluding the counties of Hennepin and Ramsey, so that each county shall
receive of such amount the percentage that its population, as defined in section 477A.011,
subdivision 3, estimated or established by July 15 of the year prior to the current calendar
year, bears to the total population of the counties receiving funds under this clause.

(d) For fiscal years 2010 and 2011, the amount under paragraph (a), clause (1), must
be calculated using the following percentages of the total revenues:

- 192.10 (1) for fiscal year 2010, 83.75 percent; and
- 192.11 (2) for fiscal year 2011, 93.75 percent.

# 192.12 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 192.13 June 30, 2013.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.99, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Authorization; scope. (a) A political subdivision of this state may
impose a general sales tax (1) under section 297A.992, (2) under section 297A.993, (3) if
permitted by special law, or (4) if the political subdivision enacted and imposed the tax
before January 1, 1982, and its predecessor provision.

(b) This section governs the imposition of a general sales tax by the politicalsubdivision. The provisions of this section preempt the provisions of any special law:

- 192.21 (1) enacted before June 2, 1997, or
- (2) enacted on or after June 2, 1997, that does not explicitly exempt the special lawprovision from this section's rules by reference.
- (c) This section does not apply to or preempt a sales tax on motor vehicles or aspecial excise tax on motor vehicles.

(d) A political subdivision may not advertise or expend funds for the promotion of areferendum to support imposing a local option sales tax.

- (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (d), a political subdivision may only expend funds to:
  (1) conduct the referendum.;
- 192.30 (2) disseminate information included in the resolution adopted under subdivision 2;
- 192.31 (3) provide notice of, and conduct public forums at which proponents and opponents

192.32 <u>on the merits of the referendum are given equal time to express their opinions on the</u>

- 192.33 merits of the referendum;
- 192.34 (4) provide facts and data on the impact of the proposed sales tax on consumer
   192.35 purchases; and

193.1 (5) provide facts and data related to the programs and projects to be funded with
193.2 the sales tax.

#### 193.3

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 50. Laws 1993, chapter 375, article 9, section 46, subdivision 2, as amended by
Laws 1997, chapter 231, article 7, section 40, Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section
30, Laws 2003, First Special Session chapter 21, article 8, section 13, Laws 2005, First
Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 26, and Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 4,
section 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Use of revenues. Revenues received from the tax authorized by subdivision
1 may only be used by the city to pay the cost of collecting the tax, and, except as provided in
paragraph (e), to pay for the following projects or to secure or pay any principal, premium,
or interest on bonds issued in accordance with subdivision 3 for the following projects.

(a) To pay all or a portion of the capital expenses of construction, equipment and
acquisition costs for the expansion and remodeling of the St. Paul Civic Center complex,
including the demolition of the existing arena and the construction and equipping of a
new arena.

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (e) and (f), the remainder of the funds must bespent for:

(1) capital projects to further residential, cultural, commercial, and economicdevelopment in both downtown St. Paul and St. Paul neighborhoods; and

(2) capital and operating expenses of cultural organizations in the city, provided
that the amount spent under this clause must equal ten percent of the total amount spent
under this paragraph in any year.

(c) The amount apportioned under paragraph (b) shall be no less than 60 percent
of the revenues derived from the tax each year, except to the extent that a portion of that
amount is required to pay debt service on (1) bonds issued for the purposes of paragraph (a)
prior to March 1, 1998; or (2) bonds issued for the purposes of paragraph (a) after March 1,
193.28 1998, but only if the city council determines that 40 percent of the revenues derived from
the tax together with other revenues pledged to the payment of the bonds, including the
proceeds of definitive bonds, is expected to exceed the annual debt service on the bonds.

(d) If in any year more than 40 percent of the revenue derived from the tax authorized
by subdivision 1 is used to pay debt service on the bonds issued for the purposes of
paragraph (a) and to fund a reserve for the bonds, the amount of the debt service payment
that exceeds 40 percent of the revenue must be determined for that year. In any year when
40 percent of the revenue produced by the sales tax exceeds the amount required to pay

debt service on the bonds and to fund a reserve for the bonds under paragraph (a), the 194.1 amount of the excess must be made available for capital projects to further residential, 194.2 cultural, commercial, and economic development in the neighborhoods and downtown 194.3 until the cumulative amounts determined for all years under the preceding sentence have 194.4 been made available under this sentence. The amount made available as reimbursement in 194.5 the preceding sentence is not included in the 60 percent determined under paragraph (c). 194.6 (e) In each of ealendar years 2006 to 2014, revenue not to exceed \$3,500,000 may be 194.7 used to pay the principal of bonds issued for capital projects of the city. After December 194.8

194.9 31, 2014, revenue from the tax imposed under subdivision 1 may not be used for this

194.10 purpose. If the amount necessary to meet obligations under paragraphs (a) and (d) are less

194.11 than 40 percent of the revenue from the tax in any year, the city may place the difference

194.12 between 40 percent of the revenue and the amounts allocated under paragraphs (a) and (d)

194.13 in an economic development fund to be used for any economic development purposes.

(f) By January 15 of each year, the mayor and the city council must report to thelegislature on the use of sales tax revenues during the preceding one-year period.

# 194.16 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after compliance by the 194.17 governing body of the city of St. Paul with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, 194.18 subdivisions 2 and 3.

194.19 Sec. 51. Laws 1993, chapter 375, article 9, section 46, subdivision 5, as amended by194.20 Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 32, is amended to read:

194.21 Subd. 5. **Expiration of taxing authority.** The authority granted by subdivision 1 to 194.22 the city to impose a sales tax shall expire on December 31, 2030 2040, or at an earlier 194.23 time as the city shall, by ordinance, determine. Any funds remaining after completion of 194.24 projects approved under subdivision 2, paragraph (a) and retirement or redemption of any 194.25 bonds or other obligations may be placed in the general fund of the city.

194.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after compliance by the
194.27 governing body of the city of St. Paul with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
194.28 subdivisions 2 and 3.

194.29 Sec. 52. Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 37, subdivision
194.30 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Use of revenues. (a) Revenues received from the tax authorized by
subdivision 1 by the city of St. Cloud must be used for the cost of collecting and
administering the tax and to pay all or part of the capital or administrative costs of the

development, acquisition, construction, improvement, and securing and paying debt
service on bonds or other obligations issued to finance the following regional projects as
approved by the voters and specifically detailed in the referendum authorizing the tax<u>or</u>

195.4 <u>extending the tax</u>:

- 195.5 (1) St. Cloud Regional Airport;
- 195.6 (2) regional transportation improvements;
- 195.7 (3) regional community and aquatics centers;
- 195.8 (4) regional public libraries; and
- 195.9 (5) acquisition and improvement of regional park land and open space.
- (b) Revenues received from the tax authorized by subdivision 1 by the cities of St. 195.10 Joseph, Waite Park, Sartell, Sauk Rapids, and St. Augusta must be used for the cost of 195.11 collecting and administering the tax and to pay all or part of the capital or administrative 195.12 costs of the development, acquisition, construction, improvement, and securing and paying 195.13 debt service on bonds or other obligations issued to fund the projects specifically approved 195.14 195.15 by the voters at the referendum authorizing the tax or extending the tax. The portion of revenues from the city going to fund the regional airport or regional library located in the 195.16 city of St. Cloud will be as required under the applicable joint powers agreement. 195.17 (c) The use of revenues received from the taxes authorized in subdivision 1 for 195.18
- projects allowed under paragraphs (a) and (b) are limited to the amount authorized for each project under the enabling referendum.
- 195.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the city that approves them the
   195.22 day after compliance by the governing body of each city with Minnesota Statutes, section
   195.23 645.021, subdivision 3.
- 195.24 Sec. 53. Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 37, subdivision
  195.25 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Termination of tax. The tax imposed in the cities of St. Joseph, St. Cloud,
  St. Augusta, Sartell, Sauk Rapids, and Waite Park under subdivision 1 expires when the
  city council determines that sufficient funds have been collected from the tax to retire or
  redeem the bonds and obligations authorized under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), but no
  later than December 31, 2018. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
  subdivision 3, paragraphs (a), (c), and (d), a city may extend the tax imposed under
  subdivision 1 through December 31, 2038, if approved under the referendum authorizing
- 195.33 the tax under subdivision 1 or if approved by voters of the city at a general election held
- 195.34 <u>no later than November 6, 2017.</u>

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196.1 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the city that approves them the
 196.2 day after compliance by the governing body of each city with Minnesota Statutes, section
 196.3 645.021, subdivision 3.

Sec. 54. Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 7, section 19, subdivision 3, as amended by 196.4 Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 7, article 4, section 8, is amended to read: 196.5 Subd. 3. Use of revenues. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, 196.6 subdivision 3, paragraph (b), the proceeds of the tax imposed under this section shall be 196.7 used to pay for the costs of improvements to the Sportsman Park/Ballfields, Riverside 196.8 Park, Lions Park/Pavilion, Cedar South Park also known as Eldorado Park, and Spring 196.9 Street Park; improvements to and extension of the River County Bike Trail; acquisition; 196.10 and construction, improvement, and development of regional parks, bicycle trails, park 196.11 land, open space, and of a pedestrian walkways, as described in the city improvement 196.12 plan adopted by the city council by resolution on December 12, 2006, and walkway 196.13 196.14 over Interstate 94 and State Highway 24; and the acquisition of land and construction of buildings for a community and recreation center. The total amount of revenues from the 196.15 taxes in subdivisions 1 and 2 that may be used to fund these projects is \$12,000,000 196.16 plus any associated bond costs. 196.17

196.18 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after compliance by the
 196.19 governing body of the city of Clearwater with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
 196.20 subdivisions 2 and 3.

## 196.21 Sec. 55. DULUTH LOCAL SALES TAX; RATE REDUCTION.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99 or 645.021, or any ordinance,
 city charter, or other provision of law, the city of Duluth shall reduce its rate of tax
 authorized under Laws 1973, chapter 461, section 1, as amended by Laws 1977, chapter
 438, to 0.87 percent.

- 196.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
  196.27 June 30, 2013.
- 196.28 Sec. 56. **<u>REPEALER.</u>**
- 196.29Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 297A.61, subdivision 27; 297A.66, subdivision 4;196.30297A.67, subdivision 8; and 297A.68, subdivisions 9, 22, and 35, are repealed.
- 196.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
  196.32 June 30, 2013.

197.1	ARTICLE 8
197.2	LOCAL DEVELOPMENT
197.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.174, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
197.4	Subd. 2. Authority. "Authority" means a rural development financing authority
197.5	created pursuant to sections 469.142 to 469.151; a housing and redevelopment authority
197.6	created pursuant to sections 469.001 to 469.047; a port authority created pursuant to
197.7	sections 469.048 to 469.068; an economic development authority created pursuant to
197.8	sections 469.090 to 469.108; a redevelopment agency as defined in sections 469.152 to
197.9	469.165; a municipality that is administering a development district created pursuant to
197.10	sections 469.124 to 469.134 or any special law; a municipality that undertakes a project
197.11	pursuant to sections 469.152 to 469.165, except a town located outside the metropolitan
197.12	area or with a population of 5,000 persons or less; a municipality that undertakes a project
197.13	located in an area designated under subdivision 30; or a municipality that exercises the
197.14	powers of a port authority pursuant to any general or special law.
197.15	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
177.15	
197.16	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.174, is amended by adding a subdivision
197.17	to read:
197.18	Subd. 19a. Soil deficiency district. "Soil deficiency district" means a type of tax
197.19	increment financing district consisting of a project, or portions of a project, within which
197.20	the authority finds by resolution that the following conditions exist:
197.21	(1) parcels consisting of 70 percent of the area of the district contain unusual terrain
197.22	or soil deficiencies which require substantial filling, grading, or other physical preparation
197.23	for use and a parcel is eligible for inclusion if at least 50 percent of the area of the parcel
197.24	requires substantial filling, grading, or other physical preparation for use; and
197.25	(2) the estimated cost of the physical preparation under clause (1), but excluding
197.26	costs directly related to roads as defined in section 160.01, and local improvements as
197.27	described in sections 429.021, subdivision 1, clauses (1) to (7), (11), and (12), and 430.01,
197.28	exceeds the fair market value of the land before completion of the preparation.
107 20	FFFECTIVE DATE. This section is affective for districts for which the request for
197.29 197.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for districts for which the request for certification is made after April 30, 2013.
197.30	connearon is made after April 50, 2015.

197.31 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.174, is amended by adding a subdivision197.32 to read:

198.1	Subd. 30. Mining reclamation project area. (a) An authority may designate an
198.2	area within its jurisdiction as a mining reclamation project area by finding by resolution,
198.3	that parcels consisting of at least 70 percent of the acreage, excluding street and railroad
198.4	rights-of-way, are characterized by one or more of the following conditions:
198.5	(1) peat or other soils with geotechnical deficiencies that impair development of
198.6	buildings or infrastructure;
198.7	(2) soils or terrain that requires substantial filling in order to permit the development
198.8	of buildings or infrastructure;
198.9	(3) landfills, dumps, or similar deposits of municipal or private waste;
198.10	(4) quarries or similar resource extraction sites;
198.11	(5) floodway; and
198.12	(6) substandard buildings, within the meaning of section 469.174, subdivision 10.
198.13	(b) For the purposes of paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (5), a parcel is characterized by
198.14	the relevant condition if at least 50 percent of the area of the parcel contains the relevant
198.15	condition. For the purposes of paragraph (a), clause (6), a parcel is characterized by

substandard buildings if substandard buildings occupy at least 30 percent of the areaof the parcel.

198.18 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for districts for which the request for
 198.19 certification is made after April 30, 2013.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.175, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 198.20 Subd. 3. Municipality approval. (a) A county auditor shall not certify the original 198.21 net tax capacity of a tax increment financing district until the tax increment financing plan 198.22 proposed for that district has been approved by the municipality in which the district 198.23 is located. If an authority that proposes to establish a tax increment financing district 198.24 and the municipality are not the same, the authority shall apply to the municipality in 198.25 which the district is proposed to be located and shall obtain the approval of its tax 198.26 increment financing plan by the municipality before the authority may use tax increment 198.27 financing. The municipality shall approve the tax increment financing plan only after a 198.28 public hearing thereon after published notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the 198.29 municipality at least once not less than ten days nor more than 30 days prior to the date 198.30 of the hearing. The published notice must include a map of the area of the district from 198.31 which increments may be collected and, if the project area includes additional area, a map 198.32 of the project area in which the increments may be expended. The hearing may be held 198.33 before or after the approval or creation of the project or it may be held in conjunction with 198.34 198.35 a hearing to approve the project.

(b) Before or at the time of approval of the tax increment financing plan, the
municipality shall make the following findings, and shall set forth in writing the reasons
and supporting facts for each determination:

(1) that the proposed tax increment financing district is a redevelopment district, a 199.4 renewal or renovation district, a housing district, a soils condition district, soil deficiency 199.5 district, or an economic development district; if the proposed district is a redevelopment 199.6 district or a renewal or renovation district, the reasons and supporting facts for the 199.7 determination that the district meets the criteria of section 469.174, subdivision 10, 199.8 paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), or subdivision 10a, must be documented in writing 199.9 and retained and made available to the public by the authority until the district has been 199.10 terminated; 199.11

199.12 (2) that, in the opinion of the municipality:

(i) the proposed development or redevelopment would not reasonably be expected tooccur solely through private investment within the reasonably foreseeable future; and

(ii) the increased market value of the site that could reasonably be expected to occur
without the use of tax increment financing would be less than the increase in the market
value estimated to result from the proposed development after subtracting the present
value of the projected tax increments for the maximum duration of the district permitted
by the plan. The requirements of this item do not apply if the district is a housing district;
(3) that the tax increment financing plan conforms to the general plan for the

development or redevelopment of the municipality as a whole;

(4) that the tax increment financing plan will afford maximum opportunity,
consistent with the sound needs of the municipality as a whole, for the development or
redevelopment of the project by private enterprise;

(5) that the municipality elects the method of tax increment computation set forth insection 469.177, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), if applicable; and

(6) that for a redevelopment district, renewal and renovation district, soils condition
 district, or soil deficiency district established by the authority in a mining reclamation
 project area, the reasons and supporting facts for the determination that the mining

reclamation project area meets the requirements under section 469.174, subdivision 30,

199.31 must be documented in writing and retained and made available to the public by the

199.32 authority until two years after the district is decertified. These findings must have been

199.33 made and documented no more than ten years before approval of the tax increment

199.34 financing plan for the district.

(c) When the municipality and the authority are not the same, the municipality shallapprove or disapprove the tax increment financing plan within 60 days of submission by the

authority. When the municipality and the authority are not the same, the municipality may
not amend or modify a tax increment financing plan except as proposed by the authority
pursuant to subdivision 4. Once approved, the determination of the authority to undertake
the project through the use of tax increment financing and the resolution of the governing
body shall be conclusive of the findings therein and of the public need for the financing.

- (d) For a district that is subject to the requirements of paragraph (b), clause (2),
  item (ii), the municipality's statement of reasons and supporting facts must include all of
  the following:
- 200.9 (1) an estimate of the amount by which the market value of the site will increase200.10 without the use of tax increment financing;
- 200.11 (2) an estimate of the increase in the market value that will result from the 200.12 development or redevelopment to be assisted with tax increment financing; and
- (3) the present value of the projected tax increments for the maximum duration ofthe district permitted by the tax increment financing plan.
- (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "site" means the parcels on which thedevelopment or redevelopment to be assisted with tax increment financing will be located.
- 200.17 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for districts for which the request for
   200.18 certification is made after April 30, 2013.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.176, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:
  Subd. 1b. Duration limits; terms. (a) No tax increment shall in any event be
  paid to the authority:
- 200.22 (1) after 15 years after receipt by the authority of the first increment for a renewal 200.23 and renovation district;
- 200.24 (2) after 20 years after receipt by the authority of the first increment for a soils 200.25 condition district or a soil deficiency district;
- 200.26 (3) after eight years after receipt by the authority of the first increment for an200.27 economic development district;
- (4) for a housing district, a compact development district, or a redevelopmentdistrict, after 25 years from the date of receipt by the authority of the first increment.
- (b) For purposes of determining a duration limit under this subdivision or subdivision 1e that is based on the receipt of an increment, any increments from taxes payable in the year in which the district terminates shall be paid to the authority. This paragraph does not affect a duration limit calculated from the date of approval of the tax increment financing plan or based on the recovery of costs or to a duration limit under subdivision 1c. This paragraph does not supersede the restrictions on payment of delinquent taxes in subdivision 1f.

(c) An action by the authority to waive or decline to accept an increment has no
effect for purposes of computing a duration limit based on the receipt of increment under
this subdivision or any other provision of law. The authority is deemed to have received an
increment for any year in which it waived or declined to accept an increment, regardless
of whether the increment was paid to the authority.

(d) Receipt by a hazardous substance subdistrict of an increment as a result of a
reduction in original net tax capacity under section 469.174, subdivision 7, paragraph
(b), does not constitute receipt of increment by the overlying district for the purpose of
calculating the duration limit under this section.

### 201.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for districts for which the request for 201.11 certification is made after April 30, 2013.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.176, subdivision 4b, is amended to read: 201.12 Subd. 4b. Soils condition districts. Revenue derived from Tax increment from a 201.13 soils condition district may be used only to (1) acquire parcels on which the improvements 201.14 described in clause (2) will occur; (2) pay for the cost of removal or remedial action; and 201.15 (3) pay for the administrative expenses of the authority allocable to the district, including 201.16 the cost of preparation of the development action response plan. For a soils condition 201.17 district located in a mining reclamation project area, tax increments may also be expended 201.18 on the additional cost of public improvements directly caused by the removal or remedial 201.19 action and located within the mining reclamation project area. 201.20

#### 201.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for districts for which the request for 201.22 certification is made after April 30, 2013.

201.23 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.176, subdivision 4c, is amended to read: Subd. 4c. Economic development districts. (a) Revenue derived from tax increment 201.24 from an economic development district may not be used to provide improvements, loans, 201.25 subsidies, grants, interest rate subsidies, or assistance in any form to developments 201.26 consisting of buildings and ancillary facilities, if more than 15 percent of the buildings and 201.27 facilities (determined on the basis of square footage) are used for a purpose other than: 201.28 (1) the manufacturing or production of tangible personal property, including 201.29 processing resulting in the change in condition of the property; 201.30

201.31 (2) warehousing, storage, and distribution of tangible personal property, excluding 201.32 retail sales;

201.33 (3) research and development related to the activities listed in clause (1) or (2);

202.1 (4) telemarketing if that activity is the exclusive use of the property;

202.2 (5) tourism facilities; or

202.3 (6) qualified border retail facilities; or

202.4 (7) space necessary for and related to the activities listed in clauses (1) to (6)(5).

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, revenues derived from tax 202.5 increment from an economic development district may be used to provide improvements, 202.6 loans, subsidies, grants, interest rate subsidies, or assistance in any form for up to 15,000 202.7 square feet of any separately owned commercial facility located within the municipal 202.8 jurisdiction of a small city, if the revenues derived from increments are spent only to 202.9 assist the facility directly or for administrative expenses, the assistance is necessary to 202.10 develop the facility, and all of the increments, except those for administrative expenses, 202.11 are spent only for activities within the district. 202.12

(c) A city is a small city for purposes of this subdivision if the city was a small city
in the year in which the request for certification was made and applies for the rest of
the duration of the district, regardless of whether the city qualifies or ceases to qualify
as a small city.

202.17 (d) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (a) and the finding requirements 202.18 of section 469.174, subdivision 12, tax increments from an economic development district 202.19 may be used to provide improvements, loans, subsidies, grants, interest rate subsidies, or 202.20 assistance in any form to developments consisting of buildings and ancillary facilities, if 202.21 all the following conditions are met:

(1) the municipality finds that the project will create or retain jobs in this state,
including construction jobs, and that construction of the project would not have
commenced before July 1, 2012 June 30, 2014, without the authority providing assistance
under the provisions of this paragraph;

202.26 (2) construction of the project begins no later than July 1, 2012 June 30, 2014;

202.27 (3) the request for certification of the district is made no later than June 30, 2012 202.28 December 31, 2014; and

202.29 (4) for development of housing under this paragraph, the construction must begin202.30 before January 1, 2012.

The provisions of this paragraph may not be used to assist housing that is developed to qualify under section 469.1761, subdivision 2 or 3, or similar requirements of other law, if construction of the project begins later than July 1, 2011.

#### 202.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

202.35 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.176, subdivision 4m, is amended to read:

Subd. 4m. Temporary authority to stimulate construction. (a) Notwithstanding 203.1 the restrictions in any other subdivision of this section or any other law to the contrary, 203.2 except the requirement to pay bonds to which the increments are pledged and the 203.3 provisions of subdivisions 4g and 4h, the authority may spend tax increments for one or 203.4 more of the following purposes: 203.5

(1) to provide improvements, loans, interest rate subsidies, or assistance in any 203.6 form to private development consisting of the construction or substantial rehabilitation 203.7 of buildings and ancillary facilities, if doing so will create or retain jobs in this state, 203.8 including construction jobs, and that the construction commences before July 1, 2012June 203.9 30, 2014, and would not have commenced before that date without the assistance; or 203.10

(2) to make an equity or similar investment in a corporation, partnership, or limited 203.11 liability company that the authority determines is necessary to make construction of a 203.12 development that meets the requirements of clause (1) financially feasible. 203.13

(b) The authority may undertake actions under the authority of this subdivision only 203.14 after approval by the municipality of a written spending plan that specifically authorizes 203.15 the authority to take the actions. The spending plan must contain a detailed description 203.16 of each action to be undertaken. The municipality shall approve the spending plan only 203.17 after a public hearing after published notice in a newspaper of general circulation in 203.18 the municipality at least once, not less than ten days nor more than 30 days prior to the 203.19 date of the hearing. 203.20

(c) The authority to spend tax increments under this subdivision expires December 203.21 <del>31, 2012</del> December 31, 2014. 203.22

203.23 (d) For a development consisting of housing, the authority to spend tax increments under this subdivision expires December 31, 2011, and construction must commence 203.24 before July 1, 2011, except the authority to spend tax increments on market rate housing 203.25 developments under this subdivision expires July 31, 2012, and construction must 203.26 commence before January 1, 2012. 203.27

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment 203.28 and applies to all tax increment financing districts, regardless of when the request for 203.29 certification was made. The amendments to paragraph (b) apply to projects approved 203.30 after the day following final enactment. 203.31

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.176, is amended by adding a subdivision 203.32 to read: 203.33

204.1

Subd. 4n. Soil deficiency district. Tax increments from a soil deficiency district

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204.2 may only be used to pay for the following costs for activities located within the mining
 204.3 reclamation project area:

- 204.4 (1) acquisition of parcels on which the improvements described in clause (2) will 204.5 occur;
- 204.6 (2) the cost of correcting the unusual terrain or soil deficiencies and the additional 204.7 cost of installing public improvements directly caused by the deficiencies;
- 204.8 (3) administrative expenses of the authority allocable to the district; and
- 204.9 (4) costs described in subdivision 4j for the district, if these payments do not exceed
- 204.10 <u>25 percent of the tax increment from the district.</u>

## 204.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for districts for which the request for 204.12 certification is made after April 30, 2013.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.176, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 204.13 Subd. 6. Action required. (a) If, after four years from the date of certification of 204.14 the original net tax capacity of the tax increment financing district pursuant to section 204.15 204.16 469.177, no demolition, rehabilitation, or renovation of property or other site preparation, including qualified improvement of a street adjacent to a parcel but not installation 204.17 of utility service including sewer or water systems, has been commenced on a parcel 204.18 located within a tax increment financing district by the authority or by the owner of the 204.19 parcel in accordance with the tax increment financing plan, no additional tax increment 204.20 may be taken from that parcel, and the original net tax capacity of that parcel shall be 204.21 excluded from the original net tax capacity of the tax increment financing district. If the 204.22 authority or the owner of the parcel subsequently commences demolition, rehabilitation, 204.23 or renovation or other site preparation on that parcel including qualified improvement of 204.24 a street adjacent to that parcel, in accordance with the tax increment financing plan, the 204.25 authority shall certify to the county auditor that the activity has commenced, and the 204.26 county auditor shall certify the net tax capacity thereof as most recently certified by the 204.27 commissioner of revenue and add it to the original net tax capacity of the tax increment 204.28 financing district. The county auditor must enforce the provisions of this subdivision. The 204.29 authority must submit to the county auditor evidence that the required activity has taken 204.30 place for each parcel in the district. The evidence for a parcel must be submitted by 204.31 February 1 of the fifth year following the year in which the parcel was certified as included 204.32 in the district. For purposes of this subdivision, qualified improvements of a street are 204.33 limited to (1) construction or opening of a new street, (2) relocation of a street, and (3) 204.34 204.35 substantial reconstruction or rebuilding of an existing street.

(b) For districts which were certified on or after January 1, 2005, and before April
205.2 20, 2009, the four-year period under paragraph (a) is increased to six years deemed to end
205.3 on December 31, 2016.

### 205.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment 205.5 and applies to districts certified on or after January 1, 2005, and before April 20, 2009.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Five-year Ten-year rule. (a) Revenues derived from tax increments are
considered to have been expended on an activity within the district under subdivision 2
only if one of the following occurs:

(1) before or within five ten years after certification of the district, the revenues are
 actually paid to a third party with respect to the activity;

205.12 (2) bonds, the proceeds of which must be used to finance the activity, are issued and 205.13 sold to a third party before or within five ten years after certification, the revenues are 205.14 spent to repay the bonds, and the proceeds of the bonds either are, on the date of issuance, 205.15 reasonably expected to be spent before the end of the later of (i) the five-year ten-year 205.16 period, or (ii) a reasonable temporary period within the meaning of the use of that term 205.17 under section 148(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, or are deposited in a reasonably 205.18 required reserve or replacement fund;

(3) binding contracts with a third party are entered into for performance of the
activity before or within five ten years after certification of the district and the revenues
are spent under the contractual obligation;

205.22 (4) costs with respect to the activity are paid before or within five ten years after 205.23 certification of the district and the revenues are spent to reimburse a party for payment 205.24 of the costs, including interest on unreimbursed costs; or

(5) expenditures are made for housing purposes as permitted by subdivision 2,
paragraphs (b) and (d), or for public infrastructure purposes within a zone as permitted
by subdivision 2, paragraph (e).

205.28 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, bonds include subsequent refunding bonds if 205.29 the original refunded bonds meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (2).

(c) For a redevelopment district or a renewal and renovation district certified after
June 30, 2003, and before April 20, 2009, the five-year periods described in paragraph
(a) are extended to ten years after certification of the district. This extension is provided
primarily to accommodate delays in development activities due to unanticipated economic
circumstances.

206.1(d) If the authority so elects in the tax increment financing plan for a redevelopment206.2district, renewal and renovation district, soils condition district, or soil deficiency district206.3located in a mining reclamation project area, the ten-year periods described in paragraph206.4(a) do not apply.

206.5 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for districts certified after June 30,
206.6 <u>2003.</u>

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 206.7 206.8 Subd. 4. Use of revenues for decertification. (a) In each year beginning with the sixth 11th year following certification of the district, if the applicable in-district percent of 206.9 the revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district exceeds the 206.10 206.11 amount of expenditures that have been made for costs permitted under subdivision 3, an 206.12 amount equal to the difference between the in-district percent of the revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district and the amount of expenditures that have 206.13 been made for costs permitted under subdivision 3 must be used and only used to pay or 206.14 defease the following or be set aside to pay the following: 206.15

206.16

206.17

(1) outstanding bonds, as defined in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a), clause (2), and (b);(2) contracts, as defined in subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4);

(3) credit enhanced bonds to which the revenues derived from tax increments are
pledged, but only to the extent that revenues of the district for which the credit enhanced
bonds were issued are insufficient to pay the bonds and to the extent that the increments
from the applicable pooling percent share for the district are insufficient; or

206.22 (4) the amount provided by the tax increment financing plan to be paid under 206.23 subdivision 2, paragraphs (b), (d), and (e).

206.24 (b) The district must be decertified and the pledge of tax increment discharged 206.25 when the outstanding bonds have been defeased and when sufficient money has been set 206.26 aside to pay, based on the increment to be collected through the end of the calendar year, 206.27 the following amounts:

206.28 (1) contractual obligations as defined in subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses (3)206.29 and (4);

(2) the amount specified in the tax increment financing plan for activities qualifying
under subdivision 2, paragraph (b), that have not been funded with the proceeds of bonds
qualifying under paragraph (a), clause (1); and

(3) the additional expenditures permitted by the tax increment financing plan for
housing activities under an election under subdivision 2, paragraph (d), that have not been
funded with the proceeds of bonds qualifying under paragraph (a), clause (1).

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(c) If the authority so elects in the tax increment financing plan for a redevelopment 207.1 207.2 district, renewal and renovation district, soils condition district, or soil deficiency district located in a mining reclamation project area, the provisions of this section do not apply. 207.3 207.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for districts certified after June 30, 2003. 207.5

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.177, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: 207.6 Subd. 1a. Original local tax rate. At the time of the initial certification of the 207.7 207.8 original net tax capacity for a tax increment financing district or a subdistrict, the county auditor shall certify the original local tax rate that applies to the district or subdistrict. The 207.9 original local tax rate is the sum of all the local tax rates, excluding that portion of the 207.10 207.11 school rate attributable to the general education levy under section 126C.13, that apply to a property in the district or subdistrict. The local tax rate to be certified is the rate in 207.12 effect for the same taxes payable year applicable to the tax capacity values certified as 207.13 the district's or subdistrict's original tax capacity. The resulting tax capacity rate is the 207.14 original local tax rate for the life of the district or subdistrict. 207.15

#### EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for districts for which the request for 207.16 certification is made after April 15, 2013. 207.17

Sec. 14. Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 5, section 26, is amended to read: 207.18

Sec. 26. BLOOMINGTON TAX INCREMENT FINANCING; FIVE-YEAR 207.19 RULE. 207.20

(a) The requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that 207.21 activities must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of 207.22 207.23 a tax increment financing district, are increased to a ten-year 15-year period for the Port Authority of the City of Bloomington's Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-I, 207.24 Bloomington Central Station. 207.25

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, or any 207.26 other law to the contrary, the city of Bloomington and its port authority may extend the 207.27 duration limits of the district for a period through December 31, 2039. 207.28

(c) Effective for taxes payable in 2014, tax increment for the district must be 207.29 computed using the current local tax rate, notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota 207.30 Statutes, section 469.177, subdivision 1a. 207.31

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraphs (a) and (c) are effective upon compliance by 207.32 the governing body of the city of Bloomington with the requirements of Minnesota 207.33

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208.1 <u>Statutes, section 645.021, subdivision 3. Paragraph (b) is effective upon compliance by</u>

208.2 the governing bodies of the city of Bloomington, Hennepin County, and Independent

208.3 <u>School District No. 271 with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782,</u>

- 208.4 <u>subdivision 2, and 645.021, subdivision 3.</u>
- 208.5 Sec. 15. Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 5, section 34, as amended by Laws 2009, 208.6 chapter 88, article 5, section 11, is amended to read:
- 208.7 Sec. 34. CITY OF OAKDALE; ORIGINAL TAX CAPACITY PARCELS
  208.8 DEEMED OCCUPIED.
- 208.9 (a) The provisions of this section apply to redevelopment tax increment financing
   208.10 districts created by the Housing and Redevelopment Authority in and for the city of

208.11 Oakdale in the areas comprised of the parcels with the following parcel identification

208.12 numbers: (1) 3102921320053; 3102921320054; 3102921320055; 3102921320056;

208.13 <del>3102921320057; 3102921320058; 3102921320062; 3102921320063; 3102921320059;</del>

208.14 **3102921320060; 3102921320061; 3102921330005; and 3102921330004; and (2)** 

208.15 **2902921330001 and 2902921330005.** 

208.16 (b) For a district subject to this section, the Housing and Redevelopment Authority

- 208.17 may, when requesting certification of the original tax capacity of the district under
- 208.18 Minnesota Statutes, section 469.177, elect to have the original tax capacity of the district

208.19 be certified as the tax capacity of the land.

208.20 (c) The authority to request certification of a district under this section expires on
 208.21 July 1, 2013.

208.22 (a) Parcel numbers 3102921320054, 3102921320055, 3102921320056,

208.23 <u>3102921320057</u>, 3102921320061, and 3102921330004 are deemed to meet the

208.24 requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10, paragraph (d),

208.25 notwithstanding any contrary provisions of that paragraph, if the following conditions

208.26 <u>are met:</u>

208.27 (1) a building located on any part of each of the specified parcels was demolished after
 208.28 the Housing and Redevelopment Authority for the city of Oakdale adopted a resolution
 208.29 under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10, paragraph (d), clause (3);

208.30 (2) the building was removed either by the authority, by a developer under a

- 208.31 development agreement with the Housing and Redevelopment Authority for the city of
- 208.32 Oakdale, or by the owner of the property without entering into a development agreement
- 208.33 with the Housing and Redevelopment Authority for the city of Oakdale; and
- 208.34 (3) the request for certification of the parcel as part of a district is filed with the 208.35 county auditor by December 31, 2017.

- (b) The provisions of this section allow an election by the authority for the parcels 209.1 deemed occupied under paragraph (a), notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota 209.2 Statutes, sections 469.174, subdivision 10, paragraph (d), and 469.177, subdivision 1, 209.3 209.4 paragraph (f). **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon compliance by the governing 209.5 body of the city of Oakdale with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, 209.6 subdivision 3. 209.7 Sec. 16. Laws 2010, chapter 216, section 55, is amended to read: 209.8 Sec. 55. OAKDALE; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT. 209.9 Subdivision 1. Duration of district. Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota 209.10 Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 1b, the city of Oakdale may collect tax increments 209.11
- from Tax Increment Financing District No. 6 (Bergen Plaza) through December 31, <del>2024</del>
   <u>2030</u>, subject to the conditions described in subdivision 2.
- Subd. 2. Conditions for extension. (a) Subdivision 1 applies only if the following
  conditions are met:
- (1) by July 1, 2011, the city of Oakdale has entered into a development agreement
  with a private developer for development or redevelopment of all or a substantial part of
  the area parcels described in clause (2); and
- (2) by November 1, 2011, the city of Oakdale or a private developer commences
  construction of streets, traffic improvements, water, sewer, or related infrastructure that
  serves one or both of the parcels with the following parcel identification numbers:
  290.22 2902921330001 and 2902921330005. For the purposes of this section, construction
  commences upon grading or other visible improvements that are part of the subject
  infrastructure.
- 209.25 (b) All tax increments received by the city of Oakdale under subdivision 1 after 209.26 December 31, 2016, must be used only to pay costs that are both:
- (1) related to redevelopment of the parcels specified in this subdivision or
  parcel numbers 3102921320053, 3102921320054, 3102921320055, 3102921320056,
  <u>3102921320057, 3102921320058, 3102921320059, 3102921320060, 3102921320061,</u>
  <u>3102921320062, 3102921320063, 3102921330004, and 3102921330005, including,</u>
- without limitation, any of the infrastructure referenced in this subdivision, that serves
  any of the referenced parcels; and
- 209.33 (2) otherwise eligible under law to be paid with increments from the specified tax 209.34 increment financing district<del>, except the authority under this elause does not apply to</del> 209.35 increments collected after the conclusion of the duration limit under general law.

210.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective upon compliance by the governing
210.2	body of the city of Oakdale with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections
210.3	469.1782, subdivision 2, and 645.021, subdivision 3.
210.4	Sec. 17. USE OF TAX INCREMENT.
210.4	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4d, beginning
210.5	on the effective date of this section, the city of Oakdale may spend tax increments from
210.0	Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-6 (Echo Ridge) to pay costs that are related to
210.7	redevelopment of parcel numbers 3102921320053, 3102921320054, 3102921320055,
210.9	3102921320056, 3102921320057, 3102921320058, 3102921320059, 3102921320060,
210.10	3102921320061, 3102921320062, 3102921320063, 3102921330004, and 3102921330005
210.11	(the Tanner's Lake redevelopment site), including without limitation any infrastructure
210.12	that serves the referenced parcels.
	<b>i</b>
210.13	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective upon compliance by the governing
210.14	body of the city of Oakdale with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
210.15	subdivision 3.
210.16	Sac. 19. CITY OF MINNEADOLIS, STDEETCAD FINANCINC
	Sec. 18. <u>CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS; STREETCAR FINANCING.</u>
210.17	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
210.18	have the meanings given them.
210.19	(b) "City" means the city of Minneapolis.
210.20	(c) "County" means Hennepin County. (d) "District" means the areas cartified by the city under subdivision 2 for collection
210.21	(d) "District" means the areas certified by the city under subdivision 2 for collection
210.22	of value capture taxes.
210.23	(e) "Project area" means the area including one city block on either side of a streetcar
210.24	line designated by the city to serve the downtown and adjacent neighborhoods of the city.
210.25	Subd. 2. Authority to establish district. (a) The governing body of the city may,
210.26	
	by resolution, establish a value capture district consisting of some or all of the following
210.27	parcels located within the city, as described in the resolution: 27-029-24-31-0130;
210.28	parcels located within the city, as described in the resolution: 27-029-24-31-0130; 22-029-24-41-0008; 22-029-24-44-0038; 22-029-24-44-0035; 22-029-24-44-0036;
210.28 210.29	parcels located within the city, as described in the resolution: 27-029-24-31-0130; 22-029-24-41-0008; 22-029-24-44-0038; 22-029-24-44-0035; 22-029-24-44-0036; 22-029-24-44-0037; and 22-029-24-42-0051.
210.28 210.29 210.30	parcels located within the city, as described in the resolution: 27-029-24-31-0130; 22-029-24-41-0008; 22-029-24-44-0038; 22-029-24-44-0035; 22-029-24-44-0036; 22-029-24-44-0037; and 22-029-24-42-0051. (b) The city may establish the district and the project area only after holding a public
210.28 210.29	parcels located within the city, as described in the resolution: 27-029-24-31-0130; 22-029-24-41-0008; 22-029-24-44-0038; 22-029-24-44-0035; 22-029-24-44-0036; 22-029-24-44-0037; and 22-029-24-42-0051.

211.1	Subd. 3. Calculation of value capture district; administrative provisions. (a) If
211.2	the city establishes a value capture district under subdivision 2, the city shall request the
211.3	county auditor to certify the district for calculation of the district's tax revenues.
211.4	(b) For purposes of calculating the tax revenues of the district, the county auditor
211.5	shall treat the district as if it were a request for certification of a tax increment financing
211.6	district under the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.177, subdivision 1,
211.7	and shall calculate the tax revenues of the district for each year of its duration under
211.8	subdivision 4 as equaling the amount of tax increment under Minnesota Statutes, section
211.9	469.177, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3. The city shall provide the county auditor with the
211.10	necessary information to certify the district, including the option for calculating revenues
211.11	derived from the areawide tax rate under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473F.
211.12	(c) The county auditor shall pay to the city at the same times provided for settlement
211.13	of taxes and payment of tax increments the tax revenues of the district. The city must use
211.14	the tax revenues as provided under subdivision 4.
211.15	Subd. 4. Permitted uses of district tax revenues. (a) In addition to paying for
211.16	reasonable administrative costs of the district, the city may spend tax revenues of the
211.17	district for property acquisition, improvements, and equipment to be used for operations
211.18	within the project area, along with related costs, for:
211.19	(1) planning, design, and engineering services related to the construction of the
211.20	streetcar line;
211.21	(2) acquiring property for, constructing, and installing a streetcar line;
211.22	(3) acquiring and maintaining equipment and rolling stock and related facilities, such
211.23	
	as maintenance facilities, which need not be located in the project area;
211.24	as maintenance facilities, which need not be located in the project area; (4) acquiring, constructing, or improving transit stations; and
211.24 211.25	
	(4) acquiring, constructing, or improving transit stations; and
211.25	<ul> <li>(4) acquiring, constructing, or improving transit stations; and</li> <li>(5) acquiring or improving public space, including the construction and installation</li> </ul>
211.25 211.26	<ul> <li>(4) acquiring, constructing, or improving transit stations; and</li> <li>(5) acquiring or improving public space, including the construction and installation</li> <li>of improvements to streets and sidewalks, decorative lighting and surfaces, and plantings</li> </ul>
211.25 211.26 211.27	<ul> <li>(4) acquiring, constructing, or improving transit stations; and</li> <li>(5) acquiring or improving public space, including the construction and installation</li> <li>of improvements to streets and sidewalks, decorative lighting and surfaces, and plantings</li> <li>related to the streetcar line.</li> </ul>
<ul><li>211.25</li><li>211.26</li><li>211.27</li><li>211.28</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(4) acquiring, constructing, or improving transit stations; and</li> <li>(5) acquiring or improving public space, including the construction and installation</li> <li>of improvements to streets and sidewalks, decorative lighting and surfaces, and plantings</li> <li>related to the streetcar line.</li> <li>(b) The city may issue bonds or other obligations under Minnesota Statutes, chapter</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>211.25</li> <li>211.26</li> <li>211.27</li> <li>211.28</li> <li>211.29</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(4) acquiring, constructing, or improving transit stations; and</li> <li>(5) acquiring or improving public space, including the construction and installation</li> <li>of improvements to streets and sidewalks, decorative lighting and surfaces, and plantings</li> <li>related to the streetcar line.</li> <li>(b) The city may issue bonds or other obligations under Minnesota Statutes, chapter</li> <li>475, without an election, to fund acquisition or improvement of property of a capital</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>211.25</li> <li>211.26</li> <li>211.27</li> <li>211.28</li> <li>211.29</li> <li>211.30</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(4) acquiring, constructing, or improving transit stations; and</li> <li>(5) acquiring or improving public space, including the construction and installation</li> <li>of improvements to streets and sidewalks, decorative lighting and surfaces, and plantings</li> <li>related to the streetcar line.</li> <li>(b) The city may issue bonds or other obligations under Minnesota Statutes, chapter</li> <li>475, without an election, to fund acquisition or improvement of property of a capital</li> <li>nature authorized by this section, including any costs of issuance. The city may also issue</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>211.25</li> <li>211.26</li> <li>211.27</li> <li>211.28</li> <li>211.29</li> <li>211.30</li> <li>211.31</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(4) acquiring, constructing, or improving transit stations; and</li> <li>(5) acquiring or improving public space, including the construction and installation</li> <li>of improvements to streets and sidewalks, decorative lighting and surfaces, and plantings</li> <li>related to the streetcar line.</li> <li>(b) The city may issue bonds or other obligations under Minnesota Statutes, chapter</li> <li>475, without an election, to fund acquisition or improvement of property of a capital</li> <li>nature authorized by this section, including any costs of issuance. The city may also issue</li> <li>bonds or other obligations to refund those bonds or obligations. Payment of principal</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>211.25</li> <li>211.26</li> <li>211.27</li> <li>211.28</li> <li>211.29</li> <li>211.30</li> <li>211.31</li> <li>211.32</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(4) acquiring, constructing, or improving transit stations; and</li> <li>(5) acquiring or improving public space, including the construction and installation</li> <li>of improvements to streets and sidewalks, decorative lighting and surfaces, and plantings</li> <li>related to the streetcar line.</li> <li>(b) The city may issue bonds or other obligations under Minnesota Statutes, chapter</li> <li>475, without an election, to fund acquisition or improvement of property of a capital</li> <li>nature authorized by this section, including any costs of issuance. The city may also issue</li> <li>bonds or other obligations to refund those bonds or obligations. Payment of principal</li> <li>and interest on the bonds or other obligations issued under this paragraph is a permitted</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>211.25</li> <li>211.26</li> <li>211.27</li> <li>211.28</li> <li>211.29</li> <li>211.30</li> <li>211.31</li> <li>211.32</li> <li>211.33</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(4) acquiring, constructing, or improving transit stations; and</li> <li>(5) acquiring or improving public space, including the construction and installation</li> <li>of improvements to streets and sidewalks, decorative lighting and surfaces, and plantings</li> <li>related to the streetcar line.</li> <li>(b) The city may issue bonds or other obligations under Minnesota Statutes, chapter</li> <li>475, without an election, to fund acquisition or improvement of property of a capital</li> <li>nature authorized by this section, including any costs of issuance. The city may also issue</li> <li>bonds or other obligations to refund those bonds or obligations. Payment of principal</li> <li>and interest on the bonds or other obligations issued under this paragraph is a permitted</li> <li>use of the district's tax revenues.</li> </ul>

212.1	equal to the amount of the capital costs permitted under subdivision 4 or the amount needed
212.2	to pay or defease bonds or other obligations issued under subdivision 4, whichever is later.
212.3	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
212.4	Sec. 19. DAKOTA COUNTY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY; TAX
212.5	INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT.
212.6	Subdivision 1. Authorization. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law,
212.7	the Dakota County Community Development Agency may establish a redevelopment tax
212.8	increment financing district comprised of the properties that (1) were included in the
212.9	CDA 10 Robert and South Street district in the city of West St. Paul, and (2) were not
212.10	decertified before July 1, 2012. The district created under this section terminates no later
212.11	than December 31, 2028.
212.12	Subd. 2. Special rules. The requirements for qualifying a redevelopment district
212.13	under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10, do not apply to parcels located
212.14	within the district. Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j, do not apply to the
212.15	district. The original tax capacity of the district is \$93,239.
212.16	Subd. 3. Authorized expenditures. Tax increment from the district may be
212.17	expended to pay for any eligible activities authorized by Minnesota Statutes, chapter 469,
212.18	within the redevelopment area that includes the district provided that the boundaries of the
212.19	redevelopment area may not be expanded to add new area after April 1, 2013. All such
212.20	expenditures are deemed to be activities within the district under Minnesota Statutes,
212.21	section 469.1763, subdivisions 2 and 4.
212.22	Subd. 4. Adjusted net tax capacity. The captured tax capacity of the district must
212.23	be included in the adjusted net tax capacity of the city, county, and school district for the
212.24	purposes of determining local government aid, education aid, and county program aid.
212.25	The county auditor shall report to the commissioner of revenue the amount of the captured
212.26	tax capacity for the district at the time the assessment abstracts are filed.
212.27	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective upon compliance by the governing
212.28	body of the Dakota County Community Development Agency with the requirements of
212.29	Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivision 3.

#### 212.30 Sec. 20. ST. CLOUD; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING.

212.31The request for certification of Tax Increment District No. 2, commonly referred to212.32as the Norwest District, in the city of St. Cloud is deemed to have been made on or after

212.33 August 1, 1979, and before July 1, 1982. Revenues derived from tax increment for that

district must be treated for purposes of any law as revenue of a tax increment financing 213.1 district for which the request for certification was made during that time period. 213.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon approval by the governing 213.3 213.4 body of the city of St. Cloud and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivision 3. 213.5 Sec. 21. CITY OF ELY; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING. 213.6 Subdivision 1. Extension of district. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 213.7 213.8 469.176, subdivision 1b, or any other law, the city of Ely may collect tax increment from Tax Increment Financing District No. 1 through December 31, 2021. Increments from the 213.9 district may only be used to pay binding obligations and administrative expenses. 213.10 213.11 Subd. 2. Binding obligations. For purposes of this section, "binding obligations" means the binding contractual or debt obligation of Tax Increment Financing District 213.12 No. 1 entered into before January 1, 2013. 213.13 Subd. 3. Expenditures outside district. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 213.14 section 469.1763, subdivision 2, the governing body of the city of Ely may elect to 213.15 213.16 transfer revenues derived from its Tax Increment Financing District No. 3 to the tax increment account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.177, subdivision 213.17 5, for Tax Increment Financing District No. 1. The amount that may be transferred is 213.18 limited to the lesser of: 213.19 213.20 (1) \$168,000; or (2) the total amount due on binding obligations and outstanding on that date, less the 213.21 amount of increment collected by Tax Increment Financing District No. 1 after December 213.22 31, 2012, and administrative expenses of Tax Increment Financing District No. 1 incurred 213.23 after December 31, 2012. 213.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon approval by the governing 213.25 body of the city of Ely, St. Louis County, and Independent School District No. 696, with 213.26 the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782, subdivision 2, and 645.021, 213.27 subdivision 3. 213.28 Sec. 22. CITY OF GLENCOE; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT 213.29 EXTENSION. 213.30 Subdivision 1. Duration of district. Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota 213.31

- 213.32 Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 1b, paragraph (a), clause (4), or any other law to
- 213.33 the contrary, the city of Glencoe may collect tax increments from tax increment financing

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214.1	district No. 4 (McLeod County District No. 007) through December 31, 2023, subject to
214.2	the conditions in subdivision 2.
214.3	Subd. 2. Exclusive use of revenues. (a) All tax increments derived from tax
214.4	increment financing district No. 4 (McLeod County District No. 007) that are collected
214.5	after December 31, 2013, must be used only to pay debt service on or to defease bonds that
214.6	were outstanding on January 1, 2013, and that were issued to finance improvements serving:
214.7	(1) tax increment financing district No. 14 (McLeod County District No. 033)
214.8	(Downtown);
214.9	(2) tax increment financing district No. 15 (McLeod County District No. 035)
214.10	(Industrial Park); and
214.11	(3) benefited properties as further described in proceedings related to the city's series
214.12	2007A bonds, dated September 1, 2007, and any bonds issued to refund those bonds.
214.13	(b) Increment may also be used to pay debt service on or to defease bonds issued to
214.14	refund the bonds described in paragraph (a), if the refunding bonds do not increase the
214.15	present value of debt service due on the refunded bonds when the refunding is closed.
214.16	(c) When the bonds described in paragraphs (a) and (b) have been paid or defeased,
214.17	the district must be decertified and any remaining increment returned to the city, county,
214.18	and school district as provided by Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 2,
214.19	paragraph (c), clause (4).
214.20	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective upon compliance by the governing
214.21	body of the city of Glencoe, McLeod County, and Independent School District No. 2859
214.22	with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782, subdivision 2, and
214.23	<u>645.021, subdivision 3.</u>
214.24	Sec. 23. CITY OF BLOOMINGTON; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING.
214.25	Subdivision 1. Addition of property to Tax Increment Financing District
214.26	No. 1-G. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.175,
214.27	subdivision 4, or any other law to the contrary, the governing bodies of the Port Authority
214.28	of the city of Bloomington and the city of Bloomington may elect to eliminate the real
214.29	property north of the existing building line on Lot 1, Block 1, Mall of America 7th
214.30	Addition, exclusive of Lots 2 and 3 from Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-C
214.31	within Industrial Development District No. 1 Airport South in the city of Bloomington,
214.32	Minnesota, and expand the boundaries of Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-G
214.33	to include that property.

- (b) If the city elects to transfer parcels under this authority, the county auditor shall 215.1 transfer the original tax capacity of the affected parcels from Tax Increment Financing 215.2 District No. 1-C to Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-G. 215.3 215.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon compliance of the governing body of the city of Bloomington with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 215.5 645.021, subdivision 3. 215.6 Sec. 24. CITY OF APPLE VALLEY; USE OF TAX INCREMENT FINANCING. 215.7 215.8 Subdivision 1. Developments consisting of building and ancillary facilities. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivisions 4c and 4m, the city of 215.9 Apple Valley may use tax increment financing to provide improvements, loans, subsidies, 215.10
- 215.11 grants, interest rate subsidies, or assistance in any form to developments consisting of
- 215.12 <u>buildings and ancillary facilities, if all of the following conditions are met:</u>
- 215.13 (1) the city of Apple Valley finds that the project will create or retain jobs in
  215.14 Minnesota, including construction jobs;
- 215.15 (2) the city of Apple Valley finds that construction of the project will not commence
  215.16 before July 1, 2014, without the use of tax increment financing;
- 215.17 (3) the request for certification of the district is made no later than June 30, 2014;
- 215.18 (4) construction of the project begins no later than July 1, 2014; and
- 215.19 (5) for development of housing, construction of the project begins no later than
  215.20 December 31, 2013.
- 215.21 Subd. 2. Extension of authority to spend tax increments. Notwithstanding the
- 215.22 time limits in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4m, the city of Apple
- 215.23 Valley has the authority to spend tax increments under Minnesota Statutes, section
- 215.24 <u>469.176</u>, subdivision 4m, until December 31, 2014.
- 215.25 <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> This section is effective upon approval by the governing
  215.26 body of the city of Apple Valley and timely compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section
  215.27 <u>645.021</u>, subdivision 3.

## 215.28 Sec. 25. <u>CITY OF MAPLEWOOD; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING</u> 215.29 DISTRICT; SPECIAL RULES.

- 215.30 (a) If the city of Maplewood elects, upon the adoption of a tax increment financing
- 215.31 plan for a district, the rules under this section apply to one or more redevelopment
- 215.32 tax increment financing districts established by the city or the economic development
- 215.33 authority of the city. The area within which the redevelopment tax increment districts may

216.1	be created is parcel 362922240002 (the "parcel") or any replatted parcels constituting a
216.2	part of the parcel and the adjacent rights-of-way. For purposes of this section, the parcel is
216.3	the "3M Renovation and Retention Project Area" or "project area."
216.4	(b) The requirements for qualifying redevelopment tax increment districts under
216.5	Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10, do not apply to the parcel, which is
216.6	deemed eligible for inclusion in a redevelopment tax increment district.
216.7	(c) The 90 percent rule under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision
216.8	4j, does not apply to the parcel.
216.9	(d) The expenditures outside district rule under Minnesota Statutes, section
216.10	469.1763, subdivision 2, does not apply; the five-year rule under Minnesota Statutes,
216.11	section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is extended to ten years; and expenditures must only
216.12	be made within the project area.
216.13	(e) If, after one year from the date of certification of the original net tax capacity
216.14	of the tax increment district, no demolition, rehabilitation, or renovation of property has
216.15	been commenced on a parcel located within the tax increment district, no additional tax
216.16	increment may be taken from that parcel, and the original net tax capacity of the parcel
216.17	shall be excluded from the original net tax capacity of the tax increment district. If 3M
216.18	Company subsequently commences demolition, rehabilitation, or renovation, the authority
216.19	shall certify to the county auditor that the activity has commenced, and the county auditor
216.20	shall certify the net tax capacity thereof as most recently certified by the commissioner
216.21	of revenue and add it to the original net tax capacity of the tax increment district. The
216.22	authority must submit to the county auditor evidence that the required activity has taken
216.23	place for each parcel in the district.
216.24	(f) The authority to approve a tax increment financing plan and to establish a tax
216.25	increment financing district under this section expires December 31, 2018.
216.26	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective upon approval by the governing
216.27	body of the city of Maplewood and upon compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section
216.28	645.021, subdivision 3.
216.29	ARTICLE 9
216.30	<b>DESTINATION MEDICAL CENTER</b>
216.31	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.71, is amended by adding a
216.32	subdivision to read:
216.33	Subd. 48. Construction materials, public infrastructure related to the
216.34	destination medical center. Materials and supplies used in, and equipment incorporated

- 217.1 into, the construction and improvement of publicly owned buildings and infrastructure
- 217.2 <u>included in the development plan adopted under section 469.42</u>, and financed with public
- 217.3 <u>funds, are exempt.</u>

217.4 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
217.5 June 30, 2015.

- 217.6 Sec. 2. [469.40] DEFINITIONS.
- 217.7 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Application.</u> For the purposes of section 469.40 to 469.46, the terms 217.8 defined in this section have the meanings given them.
- 217.9Subd. 2.Authority. "Authority" means the Destination Medical Center Authority217.10established in section 469.41.
- 217.11 Subd. 3. Board. "Board" means the governing body of the Destination Medical
- 217.12 <u>Center Authority.</u>
- 217.13 Subd. 4. City. "City" means the city of Rochester.
- 217.14 Subd. 5. County. "County" means Olmsted County.
- 217.15 <u>Subd. 6.</u> Destination medical center development district. "Destination medical
- 217.16 <u>center development district</u>" or "development district" means one or more contiguous or
- 217.17 <u>noncontiguous geographic area in the city identified in the adopted authority development</u>
- 217.18 plan in which public infrastructure projects are implemented.
- 217.19 <u>Subd. 7.</u> **Development plan.** "Development plan" means the plan adopted by the 217.20 authority under section 469.46.
- 217.21 Subd. 8. Medical business entity. "Medical business entity" means a medical
- 217.22 business entity with its principal place of business in the city that, as of the effective date
- 217.23 of this section, together with all business entities of which it is the sole member or sole
- shareholder, collectively employs more than 30,000 persons in the state.
- 217.25 <u>Subd. 9.</u> Public infrastructure project. (a) "Public infrastructure project" means
- 217.26 <u>a project financed in part or whole with public money in order to support the medical</u>
- 217.27 <u>business entity's development plans, as identified in the adopted development plan. A</u>
- 217.28 project may be to:
- 217.29 (1) acquire real property and other assets associated with the real property;
- 217.30 (2) demolish, repair, or rehabilitate buildings;
- 217.31 (3) remediate land and buildings as required to prepare the property for acquisition
  217.32 or development;
- 217.33 (4) install, construct, or reconstruct elements of public buildings or other
- 217.34 infrastructure required to support the overall development of the destination medical center
- 217.35 development district, including, but not limited to, streets, roadways, utilities systems

and related facilities, utility relocations and replacements, network and communication 218.1 systems, streetscape improvements, drainage systems, sewer and water systems, subgrade 218.2 structures and associated improvements, landscaping, façade construction and restoration, 218.3 wayfinding and signage, and other components of community infrastructure; 218.4 (5) acquire, construct or reconstruct, and equip parking facilities and other facilities 218.5 to encourage intermodal transportation and public transit; 218.6 (6) install, construct or reconstruct, furnish, and equip parks, cultural, and 218.7 recreational facilities, facilities to promote tourism and hospitality, conferencing and 218.8 conventions, broadcast and related multimedia infrastructure; 218.9 (7) make related site improvements, including, without limitation, excavation, earth 218.10 retention, soil stabilization and correction, site improvements to support the destination 218.11 218.12 medical center development district; (8) prepare land for private development and to sell or lease land; and 218.13 (9) to construct and equip all or a portion of one or more suitable structures on land 218.14 218.15 owned by the authority for sale or lease of private development; provided, however, that the portion of any such structure directly financed as a project cost must not be sold or 218.16 leased to a medical business entity. 218.17 (b) A public infrastructure project is not a business subsidy under section 116J.993. 218.18 (c) A public infrastructure project is subject to the requirements of sections 177.30 218.19

218.20 and 177.41 to 177.44.

### 218.21 Sec. 3. [469.41] AUTHORITY ESTABLISHMENT; BOARD MEMBERS; 218.22 TERMS, VACANCIES, PAY, CONTINUITY.

Subdivision 1. Destination Medical Center Authority; establishment. The 218.23 Destination Medical Center Authority is established. The authority's governing board 218.24 218.25 shall have eight members, and a quorum of the board consists of at least six members. Four members are appointed by the governor and confirmed by the senate. One member 218.26 shall represent the county and is appointed by the county board of commissioners. Two 218.27 members shall represent the city and are appointed by the city council. One member 218.28 shall represent the medical business entity and is appointed by the board of directors of 218.29 the medical business entity. A member appointed by the governor must not be a resident 218.30 of Rochester. A member must not have a direct or indirect financial interest in the Mayo 218.31 Clinic, its subsidiaries, or affiliated businesses, the Destination Medical Center, or any 218.32 projects authorized by or under consideration by the authority, except for the member. 218.33 218.34 This provision does not apply to the member appointed by the medical business entity.

219.1 Subd. 2. Terms; vacancies. The initial eight members shall be appointed by the 219.2 first Monday in January 2014. Except as provided in this subdivision, a member's term is six years. The governor shall make replacement appointments for two of the governor's 219.3 219.4 appointees by the first Monday in January 2017 and every six years thereafter. The city council shall make one replacement appointment and the county board of commissioners 219.5 shall make its replacement appointment by the first Monday in January 2017 and every six 219.6 years thereafter. The medical business entity shall make its replacement appointment by 219.7 the first Monday in January 2020 and every six years thereafter. Each member shall serve 219.8 219.9 until a replacement for the member's seat on the board has been confirmed, including confirmation by the senate in the case of the governor's appointments. When a member 219.10 resigns or is removed for cause, the person or entity who appointed such member shall 219.11 appoint a member to fill the vacancy for the balance of the member's term shall be filled 219.12 subject to the same confirmation required for an appointment for a full term as provided in 219.13 subdivision 1. 219.14 219.15 Subd. 3. Chair. The governor shall appoint a chair from the board's membership, and the chair shall convene the first meeting within two months of senate confirmation of 219.16 219.17 the governor's appointed members. Subd. 4. Pay. Members must be compensated as provided in section 15.0575, 219.18 subdivision 3, for each regular or special authority board meeting attended. In addition, 219.19 219.20 the board members may be reimbursed for actual expenses incurred in doing official business of the authority. All money paid for compensation or reimbursement must be 219.21 paid out of the authority's budget. 219.22 219.23 Subd. 5. Removal for cause. A member may be removed by the board for inefficiency, neglect of duty, or misconduct in office. A member may be removed only 219.24 after a hearing of the board. A copy of the charges must be given to the board member at 219.25 least ten days before the hearing. The board member must be given an opportunity to be 219.26 heard in person or by counsel at the hearing. When written charges have been submitted 219.27 against a board member, the board may temporarily suspend the member. If the board finds 219.28 that those charges have not been substantiated, the board member shall be immediately 219.29 reinstated. If a board member is removed, a record of the proceedings, together with the 219.30 charges and findings, shall be filed with the office of the appointing authority. 219.31 Subd. 6. Sunset. The authority shall sunset December 31, 2049. When the authority 219.32 sunsets, all right, title, and interest to all assets held by the authority are transferred or 219.33 assigned to the city of Rochester. 219.34

#### 219.35 Sec. 4. [469.42] CHARACTERISTICS AND JURISDICTION.

220.1	Subdivision 1. Public body characteristics. The authority is a body politic and
220.2	corporate and a political subdivision of the state, with the right to sue and be sued in
220.3	its own name.
220.4	Subd. 2. Boundaries. The boundary for activities and the use of the powers of
220.5	the authority must be within a medical center development district. The authority also
220.6	has the power to finance activities outside of a medical center development district but
220.7	within the county, if necessary; provided, however, that the financing of activities outside
220.8	of a medical center development district but within the county must be included in the
220.9	development plan and must be approved by, and subject to the planning, zoning, sanitary
220.10	and building laws, ordinances, regulations, and land use plans applicable to, the city,
220.11	county, or town in which such activities are undertaken.
220.12	Sec. 5. [469.43] OFFICERS; DUTIES; ORGANIZATIONAL MATTERS.
220.13	Subdivision 1. Bylaws, rules, seal. The authority may adopt bylaws and rules of
220.14	procedure and may adopt an official seal.
220.15	Subd. 2. Officers. The authority shall annually elect a treasurer. The authority shall
220.16	appoint a secretary and assistant treasurer. The secretary and assistant treasurer need
220.17	not, but may, be members of the board.
220.18	Subd. 3. Duties and powers. The officers have the usual duties and powers of their
220.19	offices. They may be given other duties and powers by the authority.
220.20	Subd. 4. Treasurer's duties. The treasurer:
220.21	(1) shall receive and is responsible for authority money;
220.22	(2) is responsible for the acts of the assistant treasurer;
220.23	(3) shall disburse authority money by check or electronic procedures;
220.24	(4) shall keep an account of the source of all receipts, and the nature, purpose, and
220.25	authority of all disbursements; and
220.26	(5) shall file the authority's detailed financial statement with its secretary at least
220.27	once a year at times set by the authority.
220.28	Subd. 5. Secretary. The secretary shall perform duties as required by the board.
220.29	Subd. 6. Assistant treasurer. The assistant treasurer has the powers and duties of
220.30	the treasurer if the treasurer is absent or disabled.
220.31	Subd. 7. Treasurer's bond. The treasurer shall give bond to the state conditioned
220.32	for the faithful discharge of official duties. The bond must be approved as to form and
220.33	surety by the authority and filed with its secretary. The bond must be for twice the amount
220.34	of money likely to be on hand at any one time, as determined at least annually by the
220.35	authority, except that the bond must not exceed \$300,000.

221.1 Subd. 8. Public money. Authority money is public money.
221.2 Subd. 9. Checks. An authority check must be signed by the treasurer and by one
221.3 other officer named by the authority in a resolution. The check must state the name of the
221.4 payee and the nature of the claim for which the check is issued.
221.5 Subd. 10. Financial statements; filing with state auditor. The financial statements

221.6 <u>of the authority must be prepared, audited, filed, and published or posted in the manner</u> 221.7 required for the financial statements of the city. The authority shall employ a certified

221.8 public accountant to annually examine and audit its books. The report of the exam and audit

221.9 <u>must be filed with the state auditor by June 30 of each year.</u> The state auditor shall review

221.10 the report and may accept it or, in the public interest, audit the books of the authority.

221.11 Subd. 11. Meetings. Except at otherwise provided in this chapter, the authority is 221.12 subject to chapters 13 and 13D.

#### 221.13 Sec. 6. [469.44] DEPOSITORIES; DEFAULT; COLLATERAL.

221.14 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Named; bond. Every two years the authority shall name national

221.15 or state banks within the state as depositories. Before acting as a depository, a named

221.16 <u>bank shall give the authority a bond approved as to form and surety by the authority.</u>

221.17 The bond must be conditioned for the safekeeping and prompt repayment of deposits.

221.18 The amount of the bond must be at least equal to the maximum sum expected to be on

221.19 deposit at any one time.

221.20 <u>Subd. 2.</u> **Default; collateral.** When authority funds are deposited by the treasurer 221.21 in a bonded depository, the treasurer and the surety on the treasurer's official bond are 221.22 exempt from liability for the loss of the deposits because of the failure, bankruptcy, or any

221.23 other act or default of the depository. The authority may accept assignments of collateral

from its depository to secure deposits in the same manner as assignments of collateral are

221.25 permitted for a government entity under section 118A.03.

### 221.26 Sec. 7. [469.45] TAX LEVIES; CITY OR COUNTY APPROPRIATIONS;

221.27 OTHER FISCAL MATTERS.

# 221.28Subdivision 1.Obligations.The authority must not levy a tax or special assessment,221.29pledge the credit of the state or the state's municipal corporations or other subdivisions, or

- 221.30 incur an obligation enforceable on property not owned by the authority.
- 221.31 Subd. 2. Budget. The authority shall annually send its budget to the city, county,
- 221.32 governor, and the chair and ranking minority members of the house and senate committees
- 221.33 with jurisdiction over taxation.

- Subd. 3. Fiscal year. The fiscal year of the authority may be established by the 222.1 authority. 222.2 Subd. 4. City or county appropriations; levy. The city council of the city or the 222.3 222.4 county board of the county may appropriate money for the use of the authority and may levy the amount of its appropriation in its general levy. The levy is a special levy within 222.5 the meaning of, and as if specifically enumerated in, section 275.70, subdivision 5. 222.6 Subd. 5. Outside budget laws. Money appropriated to the authority by the city 222.7 or county under this section is not subject to a budget law that applies to the city or 222.8 county, respectively. 222.9 Subd. 6. City or county payment. The city or county treasurer shall pay money 222.10 appropriated by a city or county under subdivision 4 when and in the manner directed by 222.11 the city council or county board, as applicable. 222.12 Subd. 7. Local government tax base not reduced. Nothing in sections 469.41 to 222.13 469.52 reduces the tax base or affects the taxes due and payable to the city, the county, 222.14
- 222.15 or any school district within the boundaries of the city, including, without limitation, the city's 0.5 percent local sales tax. 222.16

#### Sec. 8. [469.451] COUNTY TAX AUTHORITY. 222.17

(a) Notwithstanding sections 297A.99, 297A.993, and 477A.016, or any other 222.18 222.19 contrary provision of law, ordinance, or charter, and in addition to any taxes the county may impose under another law or statute, the board of commissioners of Olmsted County 222.20 may, by resolution, impose a transportation tax of up to one quarter of one percent on 222.21 retail sales and uses taxable under chapter 297A. The provisions of section 297A.99, 222.22 subdivisions 4 to 13, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement 222.23 of the tax authorized under this paragraph. 222.24 222.25 (b) The board of commissioners of Olmsted County may, by resolution, levy an annual wheelage tax of up to \$10 on each motor vehicle kept in the county when not in 222.26 operation which is subject to annual registration and taxation under chapter 168, for 222.27 transportation projects within the county. The wheelage tax shall not be imposed on the 222.28 vehicles exempt from wheelage tax under section 163.051, subdivision 1. The board 222.29 by resolution may provide for collection of the wheelage tax by county officials or it 222.30 may request that the tax be collected by the state registrar on behalf of the county. The 222.31 provisions of section 163.051, subdivisions 2, 2a, 3, and 7, shall govern the administration, 222.32 collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this paragraph. The tax authorized 222.33 under this section is in addition to any tax the county may be authorized to impose under 222.34 section 163.051, but until January 1, 2018, the county tax imposed under this paragraph, 222.35

in combination with any tax imposed under section 163.051, must equal the specified
 rate under section 163.051.

(c) The proceeds of the tax imposed under paragraph (a), less refunds and costs of 223.3 223.4 collection, must be first used by the county to meet its share of obligations for financing transportation infrastructure related to the public infrastructure projects contained in 223.5 the development plan, including any associated financing costs. Revenues collected in 223.6 any calendar year in excess of the county obligation to pay for projects contained in the 223.7 development plan may be retained by the county and used for funding other transportation 223.8 projects, including roads and bridges, airport and transportation improvements. 223.9 (d) Any taxes imposed under paragraph (a), expire December 31, 2046, or at an 223.10 earlier time if approved by resolution of the county board of commissioners. However, 223.11 the taxes may not terminate before the county board of commissioners determines that 223.12 revenues from these taxes and any other revenue source the county dedicates are sufficient 223.13

223.14 to pay the county share of transit project costs and associated financing costs under the

- 223.15 adopted development plan.
- 223.16 Sec. 9. [469.46] DEVELOPMENT PLAN.

223.17 Subdivision 1. Development plan; adoption by authority; notice; findings. (a) The authority shall prepare and adopt a development plan. The authority must hold a 223.18 public hearing before adopting a development plan. At least 60 days before the hearing, 223.19 the authority shall make copies of the proposed plan available to the public at the authority 223.20 and city offices during normal business hours, on the authority's and city's Web site, 223.21 223.22 and as otherwise determined appropriate by the authority. At least ten days before the 223.23 hearing, the authority shall publish notice of the hearing in a daily newspaper of general circulation in the city. The development plan may not be adopted unless the authority 223.24 223.25 finds by resolution that: (1) the plan provides an outline for the development of the city as a destination 223.26 medical center, and the plan is sufficiently complete, including the identification of planned 223.27 and anticipated projects, to indicate its relationship to definite state and local objectives; 223.28 (2) the proposed development affords maximum opportunity, consistent with the 223.29 needs of the city, county, and state, for the development of the city by private enterprise 223.30 as a destination medical center; 223.31 (3) the proposed development conforms to the general plan for the development of 223.32 the city and is consistent with the city comprehensive plan; 223.33

223.34 (4) the plan includes:

224.1	(i) strategic planning consistent with a destination medical center in the core areas of
224.2	commercial research and technology, learning environment, hospitality and convention,
224.3	sports and recreation, livable communities, including mixed-use urban development
224.4	and neighborhood residential development, retail/dining/entertainment, and health and
224.5	wellness;
224.6	(ii) estimates of short- and long-range fiscal and economic impacts;
224.7	(iii) a framework to identify and prioritize short- and long-term public investment
224.8	and public infrastructure project development and to facilitate private investment and
224.9	development;
224.10	(iv) land use planning;
224.11	(v) transportation and transit planning;
224.12	(vi) operational planning required to support the medical center development
224.13	district; and
224.14	(vii) ongoing market research plans.
224.15	(b) The identification of planned and anticipated projects under paragraph (a), clause
224.16	(1), must give priority consideration to projects that will pay wages at least equal to the
224.17	basic cost of living wage as calculated by the commissioner of employment and economic
224.18	development for the county in which the project is located. The calculation of the basic
224.19	cost of living wage shall be done as provided for under Minnesota Statutes, section
224.20	116J.013, if enacted by the 2013 legislature.
224.21	Subd. 2. Development plan; review by city; finding. After adoption by the
224.22	authority under subdivision 1, the authority shall submit the development plan to the city.
224.23	The city shall review the development plan and make its finding regarding consistency
224.24	with the adopted comprehensive plan of the city within 60 days of submission of
224.25	the adopted development plan. If the city determines, by written resolution, that the
224.26	development plan is not consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan of the city, the
224.27	resolution shall state the reasons and supporting facts for each determination, and the city
224.28	shall transmit the resolution to the authority within seven days of adoption.
224.29	Subd. 3. Modification of development plan. The authority may modify the
224.30	development plan at any time. The authority must update the development plan not less
224.31	than every five years. A modification or update under this subdivision must be adopted by
224.32	the authority upon the notice and after the public hearing and findings required for the
224.33	original adoption of the development plan.
224.34	Subd. 4. Authority consultant. (a) The authority shall engage a business entity
224.35	consultant to provide experience and expertise in developing the destination medical center.
224.36	The consultant shall assist the authority in preparing the development plan and provide

225.1	services to assist the authority or city in implementing, consistent with the development
225.2	plan. The consultant shall work with the city and the medical business entity on the goals,
225.3	objectives, and strategies in the development plan, including, but not limited to:
225.4	(1) developing and updating the criteria for evaluating and underwriting
225.5	development proposals;
225.6	(2) implementing the development plan, including soliciting and evaluating
225.7	proposals for development and evaluating and making recommendations to the authority
225.8	and the city regarding those proposals;
225.9	(3) providing transactional services in connection with approved projects;
225.10	(4) developing patient, visitor, and community outreach programs for a destination
225.11	medical center development district;
225.12	(5) working with the authority to acquire and facilitate the sale, lease, or other
225.13	transactions involving land and real property;
225.14	(6) seeking financial support for the authority, the city, and a project;
225.15	(7) partnering with other development agencies and organizations, the city, and the
225.16	county in joint efforts to promote economic development and establish a destination
225.17	medical center;
225.18	(8) supporting and administering the planning and development activities required to
225.19	implement the development plan;
225.20	(9) preparing and supporting the marketing and promotion of the medical center
225.21	development district;
225.22	(10) preparing and implementing a program for community and public relations in
225.23	support of the medical center development district;
225.24	(11) assisting the authority or city and others in applications for federal grants, tax
225.25	credits, and other sources of funding to aid both private and public development; and
225.26	(12) making other general advisory recommendations to the authority and the city,
225.27	as requested.
225.28	(b) The authority may contract with the consultant to provide administrative services
225.29	to the authority with regard to the destination medical center plan implementation. The
225.30	authority may pay for those services out of any revenue sources available to it.
225.31	Subd. 5. Audit of consultant contracts. Any contract for services between the
225.32	authority and a consultant paid, in whole or in part, with public money gives the authority,
225.33	the city, and the state auditor the right to audit the books and records of the consultant
225.34	that are necessary to certify (1) the nature and extent of the services furnished pursuant to
225.35	the contract, and (2) that the payment for services and related disbursements complies
225.36	with all state laws, regulations, and the terms of the contract. Any contract for services

226.1	between the authority and the consultant paid, in whole or in part, with public money shall
226.2	require the authority to maintain for the life of the authority accurate and complete books
226.3	and records directly relating to the contract.
226.4	Subd. 6. Report. By January 15 of each year, the authority and city must submit
226.5	a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
226.6	jurisdiction over local and state government operations, economic development, and
226.7	taxes, and to the commissioners of revenue and employment and economic development,
226.8	and the county. The authority and city must also submit the report as provided in section
226.9	3.195. The report must include:
226.10	(1) the adopted development plan and any proposed changes to the development plan;
226.11	(2) progress of projects identified in the development plan;
226.12	(3) actual costs and financing sources, including the amount paid with state aid under
226.13	section 469.46 and required local contributions, of projects completed in the previous two
226.14	years by the authority, city, the county, and the medical business entity;
226.15	(4) estimated costs and financing sources for projects to be begun in the next two
226.16	years by the authority, city, the county, and the medical business entity; and
226.17	(5) debt service schedules for all outstanding obligations of the authority and the city
226.18	for debt issued for projects identified in the plan.
226.19	Subd. 7. Public infrastructure project; construction requirements. (a) For any
226.19 226.20	Subd. 7. Public infrastructure project; construction requirements. (a) For any real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the
226.20	real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the
226.20 226.21	real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority for a public infrastructure project, the authority may contract for construction,
226.20 226.21 226.22	real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority for a public infrastructure project, the authority may contract for construction, materials, supplies, and equipment in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section
226.20 226.21 226.22 226.23	real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority for a public infrastructure project, the authority may contract for construction, materials, supplies, and equipment in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 471.345, except that the authority may employ or contract with persons, firms, or
226.20 226.21 226.22 226.23 226.24	real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority for a public infrastructure project, the authority may contract for construction, materials, supplies, and equipment in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 471.345, except that the authority may employ or contract with persons, firms, or corporations to perform one or more or all of the functions of an engineer, architect,
226.20 226.21 226.22 226.23 226.24 226.25	real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority for a public infrastructure project, the authority may contract for construction, materials, supplies, and equipment in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 471.345, except that the authority may employ or contract with persons, firms, or corporations to perform one or more or all of the functions of an engineer, architect, construction manager, or program manager with respect to all or any part of a project
226.20 226.21 226.22 226.23 226.24 226.25 226.26	real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority for a public infrastructure project, the authority may contract for construction, materials, supplies, and equipment in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 471.345, except that the authority may employ or contract with persons, firms, or corporations to perform one or more or all of the functions of an engineer, architect, construction manager, or program manager with respect to all or any part of a project to renovate, refurbish, and remodel the public infrastructure project under either the
226.20 226.21 226.22 226.23 226.24 226.25 226.26 226.26 226.27	real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority for a public infrastructure project, the authority may contract for construction, materials, supplies, and equipment in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 471.345, except that the authority may employ or contract with persons, firms, or corporations to perform one or more or all of the functions of an engineer, architect, construction manager, or program manager with respect to all or any part of a project to renovate, refurbish, and remodel the public infrastructure project under either the traditional separate design and build, integrated design-build, design-bid-build or
226.20 226.21 226.22 226.23 226.24 226.25 226.26 226.27 226.28	real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority for a public infrastructure project, the authority may contract for construction, materials, supplies, and equipment in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 471.345, except that the authority may employ or contract with persons, firms, or corporations to perform one or more or all of the functions of an engineer, architect, construction manager, or program manager with respect to all or any part of a project to renovate, refurbish, and remodel the public infrastructure project under either the traditional separate design and build, integrated design-build, design-bid-build or construction manager at risk, or a combination thereof.
226.20 226.21 226.22 226.23 226.24 226.25 226.26 226.27 226.28 226.29	real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority for a public infrastructure project, the authority may contract for construction, materials, supplies, and equipment in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 471.345, except that the authority may employ or contract with persons, firms, or corporations to perform one or more or all of the functions of an engineer, architect, construction manager, or program manager with respect to all or any part of a project to renovate, refurbish, and remodel the public infrastructure project under either the traditional separate design and build, integrated design-build, design-bid-build or construction manager at risk, or a combination thereof.
226.20 226.21 226.22 226.23 226.24 226.25 226.26 226.27 226.28 226.29 226.30	real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority for a public infrastructure project, the authority may contract for construction, materials, supplies, and equipment in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 471.345, except that the authority may employ or contract with persons, firms, or corporations to perform one or more or all of the functions of an engineer, architect, construction manager, or program manager with respect to all or any part of a project to renovate, refurbish, and remodel the public infrastructure project under either the traditional separate design and build, integrated design-build, design-bid-build or construction manager at risk, or a combination thereof.
226.20 226.21 226.22 226.23 226.24 226.25 226.26 226.27 226.28 226.29 226.30 226.31	real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority for a public infrastructure project, the authority may contract for construction, materials, supplies, and equipment in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 471.345, except that the authority may employ or contract with persons, firms, or corporations to perform one or more or all of the functions of an engineer, architect, construction manager, or program manager with respect to all or any part of a project to renovate, refurbish, and remodel the public infrastructure project under either the traditional separate design and build, integrated design-build, design-bid-build or construction manager at risk, or a combination thereof. (b) The authority may prepare a request for proposals for one or more of the functions described in paragraph (a). The request must be published in a newspaper of general circulation. The authority may prequalify offerors by issuing a request for
226.20 226.21 226.22 226.23 226.24 226.25 226.26 226.27 226.28 226.29 226.30 226.31 226.31	real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority for a public infrastructure project, the authority may contract for construction, materials, supplies, and equipment in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 471.345, except that the authority may employ or contract with persons, firms, or corporations to perform one or more or all of the functions of an engineer, architect, construction manager, or program manager with respect to all or any part of a project to renovate, refurbish, and remodel the public infrastructure project under either the traditional separate design and build, integrated design-build, design-bid-build or construction manager at risk, or a combination thereof. (b) The authority may prepare a request for proposals for one or more of the functions described in paragraph (a). The request must be published in a newspaper of general circulation. The authority may prequalify offerors by issuing a request for qualifications, in advance of the request for proposals, and select a short list of responsible
226.20 226.21 226.22 226.23 226.24 226.25 226.26 226.27 226.28 226.29 226.30 226.31 226.32 226.32	real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority for a public infrastructure project, the authority may contract for construction, materials, supplies, and equipment in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 471.345, except that the authority may employ or contract with persons, firms, or corporations to perform one or more or all of the functions of an engineer, architect, construction manager, or program manager with respect to all or any part of a project to renovate, refurbish, and remodel the public infrastructure project under either the traditional separate design and build, integrated design-build, design-bid-build or construction manager at risk, or a combination thereof. (b) The authority may prepare a request for proposals for one or more of the functions described in paragraph (a). The request must be published in a newspaper of general circulation. The authority may preparally offerors by issuing a request for qualifications, in advance of the request for proposals, and select a short list of responsible offerors to submit proposals.

227.1	agreement. In conducting discussions, there shall be no disclosure of any information
227.2	derived from proposals submitted by competing offerors and the content of all proposals
227.3	is nonpublic data under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13, until such time as a notice to
227.4	award a contract is given by the authority.
227.5	(d) Upon agreement on the guaranteed maximum price, the construction manager
227.6	or program manager may enter into contracts with subcontractors for labor, materials,
227.7	supplies, and equipment for the renovation project through the process of public bidding,
227.8	except that the construction manager or program manager may, with the consent of the
227.9	authority:
227.10	(1) narrow the listing of eligible bidders to those that the construction manager
227.11	or program manager determines to possess sufficient expertise to perform the intended
227.12	functions;
227.13	(2) award contracts to the subcontractors that the construction manager or program
227.14	manager determines provide the best value under a request for proposals, as described
227.15	in Minnesota Statutes, section 16C.28, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2), and
227.16	paragraph (c), that are not required to be the lowest responsible bidder; and
227.17	(3) for work the construction manager or program manager determines to be
227.18	critical to the completion schedule, perform work with its own forces without soliciting
007.10	
227.19	competitive bids or proposals, if the construction manager or program manager provides

227.21

#### Sec. 10. [469.47] POWERS AND DUTIES.

Subdivision 1. Powers generally. The authority has the powers of a city under 227.22 chapter 462C and the powers of a redevelopment agency under sections 469.152 to 227.23 469.1651, in connection with private development in the city for which the authority 227.24 227.25 has previously undertaken or concurrently undertakes a project financed in whole or in part with authority revenue or obligations issued pursuant to section 469.48; provided, 227.26 however, the authority shall not enter into any revenue agreement pursuant to section 227.27 469.155, subdivision 5, with a medical business entity. 227.28 Subd. 2. Projects; project costs. The authority may, within a medical center 227.29 development district, undertake public infrastructure projects and finance public 227.30

- 227.31 infrastructure project costs. The authority must find by resolution that the public
- 227.32 infrastructure project is consistent with and in furtherance of the approved development
- 227.33 plan. Subject to other applicable law, revenue derived by the authority from any source
- 227.34 may be used by the authority to make loans or grants, or to provide direct or indirect

228.1	financial support to state public bodies or to private entities in payment or reimbursement
228.2	of project costs.
228.3	Subd. 3. Revenue pooling. The authority may deposit all its money from any
228.4	source in one bank account.
228.5	Subd. 4. Acquire property; exemption for taxes. (a) The authority may acquire by
228.6	lease, purchase, gift, or devise the needed right, title, and interest in property to create
228.7	medical center development districts and undertake projects. The authority may exercise
228.8	the power of eminent domain to acquire property for a public use, as defined in section
228.9	117.025. It shall pay for the property out of money it receives under sections 469.41 to
228.10	469.53. It may hold and dispose of the property subject to the limits and conditions in
228.11	sections 469.41 to 469.53. The title to property acquired by eminent domain or purchase
228.12	must be in fee simple, absolute. The authority may accept an interest in property acquired
228.13	in another way subject to any condition of the grantor or donor. The condition must
228.14	be consistent with the proper use of the property under sections 469.41 to 469.53. The
228.15	authority may sign options to purchase, sell, or lease property.
228.16	(b) Property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority
228.17	for any of the purposes of this section is for public governmental and municipal purposes
228.18	and is exempt from taxation by the state or its political subdivisions, except to the extent
228.19	that the property is subject to the sales and use tax under chapter 297A. The exemption in
228.20	this paragraph applies only while the authority holds property for its own purpose, and is
228.21	subject to section 272.02, subdivisions 8 and 39. When the property is sold it becomes
228.22	subject to taxation.
228.23	Subd. 5. Subject to city requirements. All projects are subject to the planning,
228.24	zoning, sanitary, and building laws, ordinances, regulations, and land use plans applicable
228.25	to the city.
228.26	Subd. 6. Sale of property. The authority may sell, convey, and exchange any real
228.27	or personal property owned or held by it in any manner and on any terms. Real property
228.28	owned by the authority must not be sold, conveyed, exchanged, or have its title transferred
228.29	without approval of two-thirds of the members of the board. All members must have ten
228.30	days' written notice of a regular or special meeting at which a vote on sale, conveyance,
228.31	exchange, or transfer of real property is to be taken. The notice must contain a complete
228.32	description of the affected real property. The resolution authorizing the real property
228.33	transaction is not effective unless a quorum is present.
228.34	Subd. 7. Contracts. The authority may make contracts for the purpose of economic
228.35	development within the powers given it in this subdivision and section 469.46. The
228.36	authority may contract or arrange with the federal government, or any of its departments,

229.1	with persons, public corporations, the state, or any of its political subdivisions,
229.2	commissions, or agencies, for separate or joint action, on any matter related to using
229.3	the authority's powers or performing its duties. The authority may contract to purchase
229.4	and sell real and personal property. An obligation or expense must not be incurred
229.5	by the authority unless existing appropriations together with the reasonably expected
229.6	revenue of the authority from other sources are sufficient to discharge the obligation or
229.7	pay the expense when due. The state and its municipal subdivisions are not liable on
229.8	the obligations of the authority.
229.9	Subd. 8. Contract for services. The authority may contract for the services of
229.10	consultants, agents, public accountants, legal counsel, and other persons needed to perform
229.11	its duties and exercise its powers. The authority may contract with the city or county to
229.12	provide administrative, clerical, and accounting services to the authority.
229.13	Subd. 9. Supplies. The authority may purchase the supplies and materials it needs
229.14	to carry out sections 469.41 to 469.52.
229.15	Subd. 10. City purchasing. The authority may, by agreement with the city, use the
229.16	facilities and services of the city's purchasing and public works departments in connection
229.17	with construction work and to purchase equipment, supplies, or materials.
229.18	Subd. 11. City facilities, services. The city may furnish offices, structures and
229.19	space, and clerical, engineering, or other services or assistance to the authority.
229.20	Subd. 12. Delegation power. The authority may delegate to one or more of its
229.21	agents powers or duties as it deems proper.
229.22	Subd. 13. Government agent. The authority may cooperate with or act as agent
229.23	for the federal or state government, a state public body, or an agency or instrumentality
229.24	of a government or a public body to carry out sections 469.41 to 469.52 or any other
229.25	related federal, state, or local law.
229.26	Subd. 14. Acceptance of public land. The authority may accept conveyances of
229.27	land from all other public agencies, commissions, or other units of government, if the land
229.28	can be properly used by the authority in a medical center development district, to carry
229.29	out the purposes of this chapter. The city council of the city may transfer or cause to be
229.30	transferred to the authority any property owned or controlled by the city and located
229.31	within the jurisdiction of the authority. The transfer must be approved by majority vote
229.32	of the city council and may be with or without consideration. The city may also put the
229.33	property in the possession or control of the authority by a lease or other agreement for a
229.34	limited period or in fee.
229.35	Subd. 15. Loans in anticipation of bonds. After authorizing bonds under section
229.36	469.52, the authority may borrow to provide money immediately required for the bond

- 230.1 purposes. The loans may not exceed the amount of the bonds. The authority shall by
- 230.2 resolution decide the terms of the loans. The loans must be evidenced by negotiable
- notes due in not more than 12 months from the date of the loan payable to the order of
- 230.4 <u>the lender, to be repaid with interest from the proceeds of the bonds when the bonds are</u>
- 230.5 issued and delivered to the bond purchasers. The loan must not be obtained from any
- 230.6 <u>board member of the authority or from any corporation, association, or other institution of</u>
- 230.7 which an authority board member is a stockholder or officer.
- 230.8 Subd. 16. No tax increment financing powers. The authority is not an authority as
  230.9 defined in section 469.174, subdivision 2.

#### 230.10 Sec. 11. [469.48] REVENUE OBLIGATIONS; PLEDGE; COVENANTS.

Subdivision 1. Powers. The authority may decide by resolution to issue its revenue 230.11 bonds, notes, or other obligations either at one time or in series from time to time. The 230.12 revenue bonds may be issued to provide money to pay public infrastructure project costs. 230.13 230.14 The issued bonds may include the amount the authority considers necessary to establish an initial reserve to pay principal of and interest on the bonds, including capitalized interest, 230.15 and to pay the costs of issuance. The resolution shall state how the bonds are to be executed. 230.16 230.17 Subd. 2. Form. The bonds of each series issued by the authority under this section must bear interest at the rate or rates, mature at times not later than 30 years from the date 230.18 230.19 of issuance, and be fully registered bonds in the form determined by the authority. All bonds issued under this section must be negotiable instruments. 230.20 Subd. 3. Sale. The sale of revenue bonds issued by the authority may be at public or 230.21 230.22 private sale. The bonds may be sold in the manner and for the amount that the authority determines to be in the best interest of the authority. The bonds may be made callable upon 230.23 terms as determined by the authority and may be refunded as provided in section 475.67. 230.24 230.25 Subd. 4. Agreements. The authority may by resolution make an agreement or covenant with the bondholders or their trustee if it determines that the agreement or 230.26 covenant is needed or desirable to carry out the powers given to the authority under this 230.27

section and to ensure that the revenue bonds are marketable and promptly paid.

## 230.29 Subd. 5. Revenue pledge. (a) In issuing bonds under this section, the authority may 230.30 secure payment of the principal and interest on the bonds by:

- (1) a pledge of and lien on authority revenue. The revenue must come from the
   facility to be acquired, constructed, or improved with the bond proceeds or from other
   facilities named in the bond-authorizing resolutions. The authority also may secure the
   payment with its promise to impose, maintain, and collect enough rentals, rates, and
- 230.35 <u>charges</u>, for the use and occupancy of the facilities and for services furnished in connection

231.1 with the use and occupancy, to pay its current expenses to operate and maintain the named facilities, and to produce and deposit sufficient net revenue in a special fund to meet the 231.2 interest and principal requirements of the bonds, and to collect and keep any more money 231.3 231.4 required by the resolutions. The authority shall decide what constitutes "current" expense under this subdivision based on what is normal and reasonable under generally accepted 231.5 accounting principles. Revenues pledged by the authority must not be used or pledged for 231.6 any other authority purpose unless the other use or pledge is specifically authorized in the 231.7 bond-authorizing resolutions; or 231.8 (2) payments by a medical business entity and a pledge of and lien on other authority 231.9 revenue, including revenue received from the city or the county. 231.10 (b) No bonds may be issued by the authority under this subdivision later than 231.11 20 years from the date of final enactment of this act, and no bond issued under this 231.12 subdivision may have a maturity later than December 31, 2049. 231.13 Subd. 6. Not city, county, or state debt. Revenue bonds, notes, or other obligations 231.14 231.15 issued under this section are not a debt of the city, county, or state, nor a pledge of the full faith and credit of the city, county, or state. All obligations under this section are payable 231.16 only from revenues described in subdivision 5. A revenue bond must contain on its face a 231.17 statement to the effect that the authority does not have to pay the bond or the interest on it 231.18 except from the revenues pledged thereto and that the faith, credit, and taxing power of the 231.19 231.20 city, the county, and the state are not pledged to pay the principal of or interest on the bond. Sec. 12. [469.50] CITY TAX AUTHORITY. 231.21 231.22 Subdivision 1. Rochester, other local taxes authorized. (a) Notwithstanding section 477A.016, or any other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, and 231.23

in addition to any taxes the city may impose on these transactions under another statute

231.25 or law, the city of Rochester may, by ordinance, impose at a rate determined by the city,

- a tax on the admission receipts to entertainment and recreational facilities, as defined
- 231.27 by ordinance, in the city.
- (b) The provisions of section 297A.99, subdivisions 4 to 13, govern the
- administration, collection, and enforcement of any tax imposed by the city under
- 231.30 paragraph (a).
- 231.31 (c) The proceeds of any taxes imposed under this subdivision, less refunds and costs
- 231.32 of collection, must be used by the city to fund obligations related to public infrastructure
- 231.33 projects contained in the development plan, including any associated financing costs. Any
- 231.34 tax imposed under paragraph (a) expires at the earlier of December 31, 2049, or when the
- 231.35 <u>city council determines that sufficient funds have been raised from the tax plus all other</u>

- local funding sources authorized in this article to meet the city obligation for financing a 232.1 public infrastructure project contained in the development plan, including any associated 232.2 financing costs. 232.3 Subd. 2. General sales tax authority. The city may elect to extend the existing 232.4 local sales and use tax under section 11 or to impose an additional rate of up to one-quarter 232.5 of one percent tax on sales and use under section 9. 232.6 Subd. 3. Special abatement rules. (a) If the city or the county elects to use tax 232.7 abatement under sections 469.1812 to 469.1815 to finance costs of public infrastructure 232.8 projects, the special rules under this subdivision apply. 232.9 (b) The limitations under section 469.1813, subdivision 6, do not apply to the city 232.10 or the county. 232.11 232.12 (c) The limitations under section 469.1813, subdivision 8, do not apply and property taxes abated by the city or the county to finance costs of public infrastructure projects are 232.13 not included for purposes of applying section 469.1813, subdivision 8, to the use of tax 232.14 232.15 abatement for other purposes of the city or the county; however, the total amount of property taxes abated by the city and the county under this authority must not exceed \$87,750,000. 232.16 Subd. 4. Special tax increment financing rules. If the city elects to establish 232.17 a redevelopment tax increment financing district or districts within the area of the 232.18 destination medical center development district, the requirements of section 469.174, 232.19 232.20 subdivision 10, restricting the geographic areas that may be designated as a district do not apply and increments from the district are not required to be spent in accordance with the 232.21 requirements of section 469.176, subdivision 4j. 232.22 232.23 Sec. 13. [469.52] STATE INFRASTRUCTURE AID. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms 232.24 232.25 have the meanings given them. (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic 232.26 development. 232.27 (c) "Construction projects" means construction of buildings in the city for which the 232.28 building permit was issued after June 30, 2013. 232.29 (d) "Expenditures" means expenditures made by a medical business entity, including 232.30 any affiliated entities, on construction projects for the capital cost of the project, including 232.31 but not limited to: 232.32 (1) design and predesign, including architectural, engineering, and similar services; 232.33
- 232.34 (2) legal, regulatory, and other compliance costs of the project;

233.1	(3) land acquisition, demolition of existing improvements, and other site preparation
233.2	<u>costs;</u>
233.3	(4) construction costs including all materials and supplies of the project; and
233.4	(5) equipment and furnishings that are attached to or become part of the real property.
233.5	Expenditures exclude supplies and other items with a useful life of less than a year that
233.6	are not used or consumed in constructing improvements to real property or are otherwise
233.7	chargeable to capital costs.
233.8	(e) "Qualified expenditures" has the following meaning. In the first year in which
233.9	aid is paid under this section "qualified expenditures" mean the total certified expenditures
233.10	since June 30, 2013, through the end of the previous calendar year minus \$250,000,000.
233.11	For subsequent years "qualified expenditures" mean the certified expenditures for the
233.12	previous calendar year.
233.13	(f) "Transportation costs" means the portions of a public infrastructure project
233.14	that are for public transportation intended primarily to serve the district, such as transit
233.15	stations, equipment, right-of-way, and similar costs.
233.16	Subd. 2. Certification of expenditures. By April 1 of each year, the medical
233.17	business entity must certify to the commissioner the amount of expenditures made in the
233.18	prior calendar year. The certification must be made in the form that the commissioner
233.19	prescribes and include any documentation of and supporting information regarding the
233.20	expenditures that the commissioner requires. By August 1 of each year, the commissioner
233.21	shall determine the amount of the expenditures for the prior calendar year.
233.22	Subd. 3. General state infrastructure aid. (a) General state infrastructure aid may
233.23	not be paid out under this section until total expenditures exceed \$250,000,000.
233.24	(b) The amount of the general state infrastructure aid for a fiscal year equals the sum
233.25	of qualified expenditures, multiplied by 3.0 percent. If the commissioner determines
233.26	that the city has made the required matching local contribution under subdivision 4, the
233.27	commissioner shall pay to the authority the amount of general state infrastructure aid for
233.28	the year by September 1.
233.29	(c) The authority must use general state infrastructure aid it receives under this
233.30	subdivision for improvements and other capital costs related to the public infrastructure
233.31	project, other than transit costs. During construction, installation, remodeling, and repairs
233.32	of a public infrastructure project, laborers and mechanics at the site must be paid the
233.33	prevailing wage as defined in section 177.42, subdivision 6, for the authority to use general
233.34	state infrastructure aid. The authority must maintain appropriate records to document the
233.35	use of the funds under this requirement.

234.1	(d) The commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of management and
234.2	budget and representatives of the authority, shall establish a total limit on the amount
234.3	of state aid payable under this subdivision that is sufficient, in combination with the
234.4	local contribution, to pay for \$455,000,000 of general public infrastructure projects, plus
234.5	financing costs.
234.6	Subd. 4. General aid; local matching contribution. In order to qualify for general
234.7	state infrastructure aid, the city must enter a written agreement with the commissioner that
234.8	requires the city to make a qualifying local matching contribution to pay for \$128,000,000
234.9	of the cost of public infrastructure projects, including associated financing costs, using
234.10	funds other than state aid received under this section. This agreement must provide for the
234.11	manner, timing, and amounts of the city contributions, including the city's commitment for
234.12	each year. The commissioner and city may agree to amend the agreement at any time in
234.13	light of new information or other appropriate factors. The city may enter arrangements
234.14	with the county to pay for or otherwise meet the local matching contribution requirement.
234.15	Subd. 5. State transit aid. (a) The authority qualifies for state transit aid under
234.16	this section if:
234.17	(1) the county has elected to impose the transit sales tax under section 469.51 for a
234.18	calendar year; and
234.19	(2) the county contributes the required local matching contribution under subdivision
234.20	6 or the city or county have agreed to make an equivalent contribution out of other funds.
234.21	(b) The amount of the state transit aid for a fiscal year equals the sum of qualified
234.22	expenditures, as certified by the commissioner for the prior calendar year, multiplied
234.23	by 0.75 percent, reduced by the amount of the local contribution under subdivision 6.
234.24	The maximum amount of state transit aid payable in any year is limited to no more than
234.25	\$7,500,000. If the aid entitlement for the year exceeds the maximum annual limit, the
234.26	excess is an aid carryover to later years. The carryover aid must be paid in the first year
234.27	in which the aid entitlement for the current year is less than the maximum annual limit,
234.28	but only to the extent the carryover, when added to the current year aid, is less than the
234.29	maximum annual limit.
234.30	(c) The commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of management and
234.31	budget and representatives of the authority, shall establish a total limit on the amount
234.32	of state aid payable under this subdivision that is sufficient, in combination with the
234.33	local contribution, to pay for \$116,000,000 of general public infrastructure projects, plus
234.34	associated financing costs.

(d) During construction, installation, remodeling, and repairs of a transit project, 235.1 235.2 laborers and mechanics at the site must be paid the prevailing wage as defined in section 177.42, subdivision 6, for the authority to use state transit aid. 235.3 Subd. 6. Transit aid; local matching contribution. (a) The required local matching 235.4 contribution for state transit aid equals the amount that would be raised by a 0.15 percent 235.5 sales tax imposed by the county in the prior calendar year. The county may impose the 235.6 sales tax under section 469.51 to meet this obligation. 235.7 (b) If the county elects not to impose the tax authorized under section 469.51, the 235.8 county or city or both may agree to make the local contribution out of other available 235.9 funds, other than state aid payable to the authority under this section. The commissioner 235.10 of revenue shall estimate the required amount and certify it to the commissioner, city, 235.11 and county. 235.12 Subd. 7. Termination. No aid may be paid under this section after fiscal year 2049. 235.13 Subd. 8. Appropriation. An amount sufficient to pay the state general infrastructure 235.14 235.15 and state transit aid authorized under this section is appropriated to the commissioner

235.16 from the general fund.

235.17 Sec. 14. Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 43, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Sales and use taxes authorized. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota 235.18 Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or city 235.19 charter, upon termination of the taxes authorized under Laws 1992, chapter 511, article 235.20 8, section 33, subdivision 1, and if approved by the voters of the city at a general or 235.21 235.22 special election held within one year of the date of final enactment of this act, the city of Rochester may, by ordinance, impose an additional sales and use tax of up to one-half 235.23 of one percent. The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.48, 297A.99 govern 235.24 235.25 the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision paragraph. 235.26

(b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 297A.99 and 477A.016, or any
other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or charter, the city of Rochester may, by
ordinance, impose an additional sales and use tax of up to one quarter of one percent. The
provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivisions 1 and 4 to 13, govern
the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under

235.32 this paragraph.

236.1 Sec. 15. Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 43, subdivision 3, as amended by

Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 28, and Laws 2011, First

236.3 Special Session chapter 7, article 4, section 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Use of revenues. (a) Revenues received from the taxes authorized by subdivisions 1, paragraph (a), and 2 must be used by the city to pay for the cost of collecting and administering the taxes and to pay for the following projects:

236.7 (1) transportation infrastructure improvements including regional highway and236.8 airport improvements;

236.9 (2) improvements to the civic center complex;

(3) a municipal water, sewer, and storm sewer project necessary to improve regionalground water quality; and

(4) construction of a regional recreation and sports center and other higher educationfacilities available for both community and student use.

(b) The total amount of capital expenditures or bonds for projects listed in paragraph (a) that may be paid from the revenues raised from the taxes authorized in this section may not exceed \$111,500,000. The total amount of capital expenditures or bonds for the project in clause (4) that may be paid from the revenues raised from the taxes authorized in this section may not exceed \$28,000,000.

(c) In addition to the projects authorized in paragraph (a) and not subject to the
amount stated in paragraph (b), the city of Rochester may, if approved by the voters at an
election under subdivision 5, paragraph (c), use the revenues received from the taxes and
bonds authorized in this section to pay the costs of or bonds for the following purposes:

(1) \$17,000,000 for capital expenditures and bonds for the following Olmsted

236.24 County transportation infrastructure improvements:

236.25 (i) County State Aid Highway 34 reconstruction;

(ii) Trunk Highway 63 and County State Aid Highway 16 interchange;

236.27 (iii) phase II of the Trunk Highway 52 and County State Aid Highway 22 interchange;

(iv) widening of County State Aid Highway 22 West Circle Drive; and

236.29 (v) 60th Avenue Northwest corridor preservation;

236.30 (2) \$30,000,000 for city transportation projects including:

- (i) Trunk Highway 52 and 65th Street interchange;
- 236.32 (ii) NW transportation corridor acquisition;

236.33 (iii) Phase I of the Trunk Highway 52 and County State Aid Highway 22 interchange;

236.34 (iv) Trunk Highway 14 and Trunk Highway 63 intersection;

236.35 (v) Southeast transportation corridor acquisition;

236.36 (vi) Rochester International Airport expansion; and

237.1 (vii) a transit operations center bus facility;

237.2 (3) \$14,000,000 for the University of Minnesota Rochester academic and237.3 complementary facilities;

237.4 (4) \$6,500,000 for the Rochester Community and Technical College/Winona State
237.5 University career technical education and science and math facilities;

237.6 (5) \$6,000,000 for the Rochester Community and Technical College regional
237.7 recreation facilities at University Center Rochester;

237.8 (6) \$20,000,000 for the Destination Medical Community Initiative;

237.9 (7) \$8,000,000 for the regional public safety and 911 dispatch center facilities;

237.10 (8) \$20,000,000 for a regional recreation/senior center;

237.11 (9) \$10,000,000 for an economic development fund; and

237.12 (10) \$8,000,000 for downtown infrastructure.

(d) No revenues from the taxes raised from the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1
and 2 may be used to fund transportation improvements related to a railroad bypass that
would divert traffic from the city of Rochester.

(e) The city shall use \$5,000,000 of the money allocated to the purpose in paragraph(c), clause (9), for grants to the cities of Byron, Chatfield, Dodge Center, Dover, Elgin,

237.18 Eyota, Kasson, Mantorville, Oronoco, Pine Island, Plainview, St. Charles, Stewartville,

237.19 Zumbrota, Spring Valley, West Concord, and Hayfield, Racine, Grand Meadow, Dexter,

237.20 Wanamingo, and Mazeppa for economic development projects that these communities

would fund through their economic development authority or housing and redevelopmentauthority.

237.23 (f) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivisions 2 and 3, if 237.24 the city decides to extend the taxes in subdivisions 1, paragraph (a), and 2, as allowed

237.25 <u>under subdivision 5, paragraph (c), the city must use any amount in excess of the amount</u>

237.26 necessary to meet obligations under paragraphs (a) to (c) from those taxes to fund

237.27 <u>obligations, including associated financing costs, related to public infrastructure projects</u>

237.28 in the development plan adopted under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.42.

(g) Revenues from the tax under subdivision 1, paragraph (b), must be used to
fund obligations, including associated financing costs, related to the public infrastructure
projects contained in the development plan adopted by the city under Minnesota Statutes,
section 469.42.

237.33 Sec. 16. Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 43, subdivision 5, as amended by
237.34 Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 30, and Laws 2011, First
237.35 Special Session chapter 7, article 4, section 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Termination of taxes. (a) The taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2 238.1 expire at the later of (1) December 31, 2009, or (2) when the city council determines that 238.2 sufficient funds have been received from the taxes to finance the first \$71,500,000 of capital 238.3 expenditures and bonds for the projects authorized in subdivision 3, including the amount to 238.4 prepay or retire at maturity the principal, interest, and premium due on any bonds issued for 238.5 the projects under subdivision 4, unless the taxes are extended as allowed in paragraph (b). 238.6 Any funds remaining after completion of the project and retirement or redemption of the 238.7 bonds shall also be used to fund the projects under subdivision 3. The taxes imposed under 238.8 subdivisions 1 and 2 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance. 238.9 (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 297A.99 and 477A.016, or any 238.10 other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the city of Rochester may, by 238.11 ordinance, extend the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1 and 2 beyond December 31, 2009, 238.12 if approved by the voters of the city at a special election in 2005 or the general election in 238.13 2006. The question put to the voters must indicate that an affirmative vote would allow 238.14 up to an additional \$40,000,000 of sales tax revenues be raised and up to \$40,000,000 238.15 of bonds to be issued above the amount authorized in the June 23, 1998, referendum for 238.16 the projects specified in subdivision 3. If the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1 and 2 are 238.17 extended under this paragraph, the taxes expire when the city council determines that 238.18 sufficient funds have been received from the taxes to finance the projects and to prepay 238.19 238.20 or retire at maturity the principal, interest, and premium due on any bonds issued for the projects under subdivision 4. Any funds remaining after completion of the project and 238.21 retirement or redemption of the bonds may be placed in the general fund of the city. 238.22 (c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 297A.99 and 477A.016, or any 238.23 other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the city of Rochester may, 238.24 by ordinance, extend the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1, paragraph (a), and 2 up to 238.25 December 31, 2046, provided that all additional revenues above those necessary to fund 238.26 the projects and associated financing costs listed in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) to (e), 238.27 are committed to fund public infrastructure projects contained in the development plan 238.28 adopted under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.42, including all associated financing 238.29 costs; otherwise the taxes terminate when beyond the date the city council determines 238.30 that sufficient funds have been received from the taxes to finance \$111,500,000 of the 238.31 expenditures and bonds for the projects authorized in subdivision 3, paragraph (a) 238.32 paragraphs (a) to (e), plus an amount equal to the costs of issuance of the bonds and 238.33 including the amount to prepay or retire at maturity the principal, interest, and premiums 238.34 due on any bonds issued for the projects under subdivision 4, paragraph (a), if approved 238.35 by the voters of the city at the general election in 2012. If the election to authorize the 238.36

additional \$139,500,000 of bonds plus an amount equal to the costs of the issuance of the 239.1 239.2 bonds is placed on the general election ballot in 2012, the city may continue to collect the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1 and 2 until December 31, 2012. The question put to 239.3 the voters must indicate that an affirmative vote would allow sales tax revenues be raised 239.4 for an extended period of time and an additional \$139,500,000 of bonds plus an amount 239.5 equal to the costs of issuance of the bonds, to be issued above the amount authorized in 239.6 the previous elections required under paragraphs (a) and (b) for the projects and amounts 239.7 specified in subdivision 3. If the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1 and 2 are extended 239.8 under this paragraph, the taxes expire when the city council determines that \$139,500,000 239.9 239.10 has been received from the taxes to finance the projects plus an amount sufficient to prepay or retire at maturity the principal, interest, and premium due on any bonds issued 239.11 for the projects under subdivision 4, including any bonds issued to refund the bonds. Any 239.12 funds remaining after completion of the projects and retirement or redemption of the 239.13 bonds may be placed in the general fund of the city. 239.14 239.15 (d) The tax imposed under subdivision 1, paragraph (b), expires at the earlier of

239.16 <u>2046</u>, or when the city council determines that sufficient funds have been raised from the

239.17 tax plus all other city funding sources authorized in this article to meet the city obligation

239.18 for financing the public infrastructure projects contained in the development plan adopted

239.19 under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.42, including all associated financing costs.

Sec. 17. Laws 2002, chapter 377, article 3, section 25, as amended by Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 4, section 19, and Laws 2010, chapter 389, article 5, section 3, is amended to read:

239.23 Sec. 25. ROCHESTER LODGING TAX.

Subdivision 1. Authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190 or 477A.016, or any other law, the city of Rochester may impose an additional tax of one percent on the gross receipts from the furnishing for consideration of lodging at a hotel, motel, rooming house, tourist court, or resort, other than the renting or leasing of it for a continuous period of 30 days or more.

Subd. 1a. Authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190 or 477A.016, or any other law, and in addition to the tax authorized by subdivision 1, the city of Rochester may impose an additional tax of one percent on the gross receipts from the furnishing for consideration of lodging at a hotel, motel, rooming house, tourist court, or resort, other than the renting or leasing of it for a continuous period of 30 days or more only upon the approval of the city governing body of a total financial package for the project.

Subd. 1b. Authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190 or
477A.016, or any other law, and in addition to the taxes authorized by subdivisions 1 and 1a,
the city of Rochester may impose an additional tax of 3 percent on the gross receipts from
the furnishing for consideration of lodging at a hotel, motel, rooming house, tourist court,
or resort, other than the renting or leasing of it for a continuous period of 30 days or more.

- Subd. 2. Disposition of proceeds. (a) The gross proceeds from the tax imposed
  under subdivision 1 must be used by the city to fund a local convention or tourism bureau
  for the purpose of marketing and promoting the city as a tourist or convention center.
- (b) The gross proceeds from the one percent tax imposed under subdivision 1a
  and the three percent tax imposed under subdivision 1b shall be used to pay for (1)
  construction, renovation, improvement, and expansion of the Mayo Civic Center and
  related skyway access, lighting, parking, or landscaping; and (2) for payment of any
  principal, interest, or premium on bonds issued to finance the construction, renovation,
  improvement, and expansion of the Mayo Civic Center Complex.

240.15 Subd. 2a. Bonds. The city of Rochester may issue, without an election, general obligation bonds of the city, in one or more series, in the aggregate principal amount 240.16 not to exceed \$43,500,000, to pay for capital and administrative costs for the design, 240.17 construction, renovation, improvement, and expansion of the Mayo Civic Center Complex, 240.18 and related skyway, access, lighting, parking, and landscaping. The city may pledge 240.19 the lodging tax authorized by subdivision 1a and the food and beverage tax authorized 240.20 under Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 4, section 23, to the payment of the bonds. The debt 240.21 represented by the bonds is not included in computing any debt limitations applicable to 240.22 240.23 the city, and the levy of taxes required by Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation or included in 240.24 computing or applying any levy limitation applicable to the city. 240.25

Subd. 3. Expiration of taxing authority. (a) The authority of the city to impose a 240.26 tax under subdivision 1a shall expire when the principal and interest on any bonds or other 240.27 obligations issued prior to December 31, 2014, to finance the construction, renovation, 240.28 improvement, and expansion of the Mayo Civic Center Complex and related skyway 240.29 access, lighting, parking, or landscaping have been paid, including any bonds issued to 240.30 refund such bonds, or at an earlier time as the city shall, by ordinance, determine. Any 240.31 funds remaining after completion of the project and retirement or redemption of the bonds 240.32 shall be placed in the general fund of the city. 240.33

(b) The authority of the city to impose a tax under subdivision 1b shall expire at the
earlier of December 31, 2046, or when the city council determines that sufficient funds
have been raised from the tax, plus all other local funding sources authorized in this article

to meet the city obligation for financing a public infrastructure project contained in the
development plan, including associated financing costs.

#### 241.3 Sec. 18. EFFECTIVE DATE.

241.4	Except as otherwise provided, this article is effective the day after the governing
241.5	body of the city of Rochester and its chief clerical officer timely comply with Minnesota
241.6	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

241.7

#### 241.8

#### ARTICLE 10

#### MINERALS TAX

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 126C.48, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
Subd. 8. Taconite payment and other reductions. (1) Reductions in levies
pursuant to subdivision 1 must be made prior to the reductions in clause (2).

(2) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, districts that have revenue 241.12 pursuant to sections 298.018; 298.225; 298.24 to 298.28, except an amount distributed 241.13 under sections 298.26; 298.28, subdivision 4, paragraphs (c), clause (ii), and (d); 298.34 241.14 to 298.39; 298.391 to 298.396; 298.405; 477A.15; and any law imposing a tax upon 241.15 severed mineral values must reduce the levies authorized by this chapter and chapters 241.16 120B, 122A, 123A, 123B, 124A, 124D, 125A, and 127A by 95 percent of the sum of the 241.17 previous year's revenue specified under this clause and the amount attributable to the same 241.18 production year distributed to the cities and townships within the school district under 241.19 section 298.28, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). 241.20

(3) The amount of any voter approved referendum, facilities down payment, and 241.21 debt levies shall not be reduced by more than 50 percent under this subdivision. In 241.22 administering this paragraph, the commissioner shall first reduce the nonvoter approved 241.23 levies of a district; then, if any payments, severed mineral value tax revenue or recognized 241.24 revenue under paragraph (2) remains, the commissioner shall reduce any voter approved 241.25 referendum levies authorized under section 126C.17; then, if any payments, severed 241.26 mineral value tax revenue or recognized revenue under paragraph (2) remains, the 241.27 commissioner shall reduce any voter approved facilities down payment levies authorized 241.28 under section 123B.63 and then, if any payments, severed mineral value tax revenue or 241.29 recognized revenue under paragraph (2) remains, the commissioner shall reduce any 241.30 voter approved debt levies. 241.31

241.32 (4) Before computing the reduction pursuant to this subdivision of the health and
241.33 safety levy authorized by sections 123B.57 and 126C.40, subdivision 5, the commissioner
241.34 shall ascertain from each affected school district the amount it proposes to levy under

each section or subdivision. The reduction shall be computed on the basis of the amountso ascertained.

(5) To the extent the levy reduction calculated under paragraph (2) exceeds the 242.3 242.4 limitation in paragraph (3), an amount equal to the excess must be distributed from the school district's distribution under sections 298.225, 298.28, and 477A.15 in the following 242.5 year to the cities and townships within the school district in the proportion that their 242.6 taxable net tax capacity within the school district bears to the taxable net tax capacity of 242.7 the school district for property taxes payable in the year prior to distribution. No city or 242.8 township shall receive a distribution greater than its levy for taxes payable in the year prior 242.9 to distribution. The commissioner of revenue shall certify the distributions of cities and 242.10 towns under this paragraph to the county auditor by September 30 of the year preceding 242.11 distribution. The county auditor shall reduce the proposed and final levies of cities and 242.12 towns receiving distributions by the amount of their distribution. Distributions to the cities 242.13 and towns shall be made at the times provided under section 298.27. 242.14

242.15

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for levies certified in 2013 and later.

242.16 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 298.17, is amended to read:

#### 242.17 **298.17 OCCUPATION TAXES TO BE APPORTIONED.**

(a) All occupation taxes paid by persons, copartnerships, companies, joint stock 242.18 companies, corporations, and associations, however or for whatever purpose organized, 242.19 engaged in the business of mining or producing iron ore or other ores, when collected 242.20 shall be apportioned and distributed in accordance with the Constitution of the state of 242.21 Minnesota, article X, section 3, in the manner following: 90 percent shall be deposited 242.22 in the state treasury and credited to the general fund of which four-ninths shall be used 242.23 for the support of elementary and secondary schools; and ten percent of the proceeds of 242.24 the tax imposed by this section shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the 242.25 general fund for the general support of the university. 242.26

(b) Of the moneys apportioned to the general fund by this section: (1) there is 242.27 annually appropriated and credited to the mining environmental and regulatory account in 242.28 the special revenue fund an amount equal to that which would have been generated by a five 242.29 cent tax imposed by section 298.24 on each taxable ton produced in the preceding calendar 242.30 year. Money in the mining environmental and regulatory account is appropriated annually 242.31 to the commissioner of natural resources to fund agency staff to work on environmental 242.32 issues and provide regulatory services for ferrous and nonferrous mining operations in this 242.33 state. Payment to the mining environmental and regulatory account shall be made by July 242.34

1 annually. The commissioner of natural resources shall execute an interagency agreement 243.1 with the pollution control agency to assist with the provision of environmental regulatory 243.2 services such as monitoring and permitting required for ferrous and nonferrous mining 243.3 operations; and (2) there is annually appropriated and credited to the Iron Range Resources 243.4 and Rehabilitation Board account in the special revenue fund an amount equal to that which 243.5 would have been generated by a 1.5 cent tax imposed by section 298.24 on each taxable ton 243.6 produced in the preceding calendar year, to be expended for the purposes of section 298.22. 243.7 The money appropriated pursuant to this section clause (2) shall be used (1) (i) 243.8 to provide environmental development grants to local governments located within any 243.9 county in region 3 as defined in governor's executive order number 60, issued on June 243.10 12, 1970, which does not contain a municipality qualifying pursuant to section 273.134, 243.11 paragraph (b), or (2) (ii) to provide economic development loans or grants to businesses 243.12 located within any such county, provided that the county board or an advisory group 243.13 appointed by the county board to provide recommendations on economic development 243.14 243.15 shall make recommendations to the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board regarding the loans. Payment to the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board 243.16 account shall be made by May 15 annually. 243.17

243.18 (c) Of the money allocated to Koochiching County, one-third must be paid to the
243.19 Koochiching County Economic Development Commission.

243.20 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning for the 2013 production
243.21 year.

243.22 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 298.227, as amended by Laws 2013, chapter
243.23 3, section 17, is amended to read:

243.24 **298.227 TACONITE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND.** 

(a) An amount equal to that distributed pursuant to each taconite producer's taxable 243.25 production and qualifying sales under section 298.28, subdivision 9a, shall be held by 243.26 the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board in a separate taconite economic 243.27 243.28 development fund for each taconite and direct reduced ore producer. Money from the fund for each producer shall be released by the commissioner after review by a joint 243.29 committee consisting of an equal number of representatives of the salaried employees and 243.30 the nonsalaried production and maintenance employees of that producer. The District 11 243.31 director of the United States Steelworkers of America, on advice of each local employee 243.32 president, shall select the employee members. In nonorganized operations, the employee 243.33 committee shall be elected by the nonsalaried production and maintenance employees. The 243.34

review must be completed no later than six months after the producer presents a proposal 244.1 for expenditure of the funds to the committee. The funds held pursuant to this section may 244.2 be released only for workforce development and associated public facility improvement, 244.3 or for acquisition of plant and stationary mining equipment and facilities for the producer 244.4 or for research and development in Minnesota on new mining, or taconite, iron, or steel 244.5 production technology, but only if the producer provides a matching expenditure to be used 244.6 for the same purpose of at least 50 percent equal to the amount of the distribution based on 244.7 14.7 cents per ton beginning with distributions in 2002 2013. Effective for proposals for 244.8 expenditures of money from the fund beginning May 26, 2007, the commissioner may not 244.9 release the funds before the next scheduled meeting of the board. If a proposed expenditure 244.10 is not approved by the board, the funds must be deposited in the Taconite Environmental 244.11 Protection Fund under sections 298.222 to 298.225. If a producer uses money which has 244.12 been released from the fund prior to May 26, 2007 to procure haulage trucks, mobile 244.13 equipment, or mining shovels, and the producer removes the piece of equipment from the 244.14 taconite tax relief area defined in section 273.134 within ten years from the date of receipt 244.15 of the money from the fund, a portion of the money granted from the fund must be repaid 244.16 to the taconite economic development fund. The portion of the money to be repaid is 100 244.17 percent of the grant if the equipment is removed from the taconite tax relief area within 12 244.18 months after receipt of the money from the fund, declining by ten percent for each of the 244.19 subsequent nine years during which the equipment remains within the taconite tax relief 244.20 area. If a taconite production facility is sold after operations at the facility had ceased, any 244.21 money remaining in the fund for the former producer may be released to the purchaser of 244.22 244.23 the facility on the terms otherwise applicable to the former producer under this section. If a producer fails to provide matching funds for a proposed expenditure within six months 244.24 after the commissioner approves release of the funds, the funds are available for release to 244.25 another producer in proportion to the distribution provided and under the conditions of 244.26 this section. Any portion of the fund which is not released by the commissioner within 244.27 one year of its deposit in the fund shall be divided between the taconite environmental 244.28 protection fund created in section 298.223 and the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection 244.29 trust fund created in section 298.292 for placement in their respective special accounts. 244.30 Two-thirds of the unreleased funds shall be distributed to the taconite environmental 244.31 protection fund and one-third to the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund. 244.32 (b)(i) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (a), setting the amount of 244.33

distributions and the review process, an amount equal to ten cents per taxable ton of 244.34 production in 2007, for distribution in 2008 only, that would otherwise be distributed 244.35 under paragraph (a), may be used for a loan or grant for the cost of providing for a 244.36

value-added wood product facility located in the taconite tax relief area and in a county 245.1 that contains a city of the first class. This amount must be deducted from the distribution 245.2 under paragraph (a) for which a matching expenditure by the producer is not required. The 245.3 granting of the loan or grant is subject to approval by the board. If the money is provided 245.4 as a loan, interest must be payable on the loan at the rate prescribed in section 298.2213, 245.5 subdivision 3. (ii) Repayments of the loan and interest, if any, must be deposited in the 245.6 taconite environment protection fund under sections 298.222 to 298.225. If a loan or 245.7 grant is not made under this paragraph by July 1, 2012, the amount that had been made 245.8 available for the loan under this paragraph must be transferred to the taconite environment 245.9 protection fund under sections 298.222 to 298.225. (iii) Money distributed in 2008 to the 245.10 fund established under this section that exceeds ten cents per ton is available to qualifying 245.11 producers under paragraph (a) on a pro rata basis. 245.12

(c) Repayment or transfer of money to the taconite environmental protection fund 245.13 under paragraph (b), item (ii), must be allocated by the Iron Range Resources and 245.14 Rehabilitation Board for public works projects in house legislative districts in the same 245.15 proportion as taxable tonnage of production in 2007 in each house legislative district, for 245.16 distribution in 2008, bears to total taxable tonnage of production in 2007, for distribution 245.17 in 2008. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, expenditures under this paragraph 245.18 do not require approval by the governor. For purposes of this paragraph, "house legislative 245.19 districts" means the legislative districts in existence on May 15, 2009. 245.20

#### 245.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning for the 2013 distribution.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 298.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 245.22 Subdivision 1. Imposed; calculation. (a) For concentrate produced in 2001, 2002, 245.23 and 2003 2013, there is imposed upon taconite and iron sulphides, and upon the mining 245.24 and quarrying thereof, and upon the production of iron ore concentrate therefrom, and 245.25 upon the concentrate so produced, a tax of  $\frac{2.103}{2.103}$  \$2.56 per gross ton of merchantable 245.26 iron ore concentrate produced therefrom. For concentrates produced in 2005, the tax rate 245.27 is the same rate imposed for concentrates produced in 2004. For concentrates produced in 245.28 245.29 <del>2009</del> and subsequent years. The tax is also imposed upon other iron-bearing material.

(b) For concentrates produced in 2006 2014 and subsequent years, the tax rate shall be equal to the preceding year's tax rate plus an amount equal to the preceding year's tax rate multiplied by the percentage increase in the implicit price deflator from the fourth quarter of the second preceding year to the fourth quarter of the preceding year. "Implicit price deflator" means the implicit price deflator for the gross domestic product prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the United States Department of Commerce.

(c) An additional tax is imposed equal to three cents per gross ton of merchantable
iron ore concentrate for each one percent that the iron content of the product exceeds 72
percent, when dried at 212 degrees Fahrenheit.

(d) The tax on taconite and iron sulphides shall be imposed on the average of the
production for the current year and the previous two years. The rate of the tax imposed
will be the current year's tax rate. This clause shall not apply in the case of the closing
of a taconite facility if the property taxes on the facility would be higher if this clause
and section 298.25 were not applicable. The tax on other iron-bearing material shall be
imposed on the current year production.

(e) If the tax or any part of the tax imposed by this subdivision is held to be
unconstitutional, a tax of \$2.103 per gross ton of merchantable iron ore concentrate
produced shall be imposed.

(f) Consistent with the intent of this subdivision to impose a tax based upon the 246.13 weight of merchantable iron ore concentrate, the commissioner of revenue may indirectly 246.14 determine the weight of merchantable iron ore concentrate included in fluxed pellets by 246.15 subtracting the weight of the limestone, dolomite, or olivine derivatives or other basic 246.16 flux additives included in the pellets from the weight of the pellets. For purposes of this 246.17 paragraph, "fluxed pellets" are pellets produced in a process in which limestone, dolomite, 246.18 olivine, or other basic flux additives are combined with merchantable iron ore concentrate. 246.19 No subtraction from the weight of the pellets shall be allowed for binders, mineral and 246.20 chemical additives other than basic flux additives, or moisture. 246.21

(g)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, for the first two years 246.22 246.23 of a plant's commercial production of direct reduced ore from ore mined in this state, no tax is imposed under this section. As used in this paragraph, "commercial production" is 246.24 production of more than 50,000 tons of direct reduced ore in the current year or in any prior 246.25 year, "noncommercial production" is production of 50,000 tons or less of direct reduced ore 246.26 in any year, and "direct reduced ore" is ore that results in a product that has an iron content 246.27 of at least 75 percent. For the third year of a plant's commercial production of direct 246.28 reduced ore, the rate to be applied to direct reduced ore is 25 percent of the rate otherwise 246.29 determined under this subdivision. For the fourth commercial production year, the rate is 246.30 50 percent of the rate otherwise determined under this subdivision; for the fifth commercial 246.31 production year, the rate is 75 percent of the rate otherwise determined under this 246.32 subdivision; and for all subsequent commercial production years, the full rate is imposed. 246.33 (2) Subject to clause (1), production of direct reduced ore in this state is subject to 246.34

the tax imposed by this section, but if that production is not produced by a producer oftaconite, iron sulfides, or other iron-bearing material, the production of taconite, iron

sulfides, or other iron-bearing material, that is consumed in the production of direct
reduced iron in this state is not subject to the tax imposed by this section on taconite,
iron sulfides, or other iron-bearing material.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, no tax is imposed 247.4 on direct reduced ore under this section during the facility's noncommercial production 247.5 of direct reduced ore. The taconite or iron sulphides consumed in the noncommercial 247.6 production of direct reduced ore is subject to the tax imposed by this section on taconite 247.7 and iron sulphides. Three-year average production of direct reduced ore does not 247.8 include production of direct reduced ore in any noncommercial year. Three-year average 247.9 production for a direct reduced ore facility that has noncommercial production is the 247.10 average of the commercial production of direct reduced ore for the current year and the 247.11 previous two commercial years. 247.12

(4) This paragraph applies only to plants for which all environmental permits havebeen obtained and construction has begun before July 1, 2008.

## 247.15 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning for the 2013 production 247.16 year.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 298.28, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. School districts. (a) 23.15 32.15 cents per taxable ton, plus the increase
provided in paragraph (d), less the amount that would have been computed under
Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.21, subdivision 4, for the current year for that
district, must be allocated to qualifying school districts to be distributed, based upon the
certification of the commissioner of revenue, under paragraphs (b), (c), and (f).

(b)(i) 3.43 cents per taxable ton must be distributed to the school districts in which
the lands from which taconite was mined or quarried were located or within which the
concentrate was produced. The distribution must be based on the apportionment formula
prescribed in subdivision 2.

(ii) Four cents per taxable ton from each taconite facility must be distributed to
each affected school district for deposit in a fund dedicated to building maintenance
and repairs, as follows:

(1) proceeds from Keewatin Taconite or its successor are distributed to Independent
School Districts Nos. 316, Coleraine, and 319, Nashwauk-Keewatin, or their successor
districts;

(2) proceeds from the Hibbing Taconite Company or its successor are distributed to
Independent School Districts Nos. 695, Chisholm, and 701, Hibbing, or their successor
districts;

- (3) proceeds from the Mittal Steel Company and Minntac or their successors are
  distributed to Independent School Districts Nos. 712, Mountain Iron-Buhl, 706, Virginia,
  2711, Mesabi East, and 2154, Eveleth-Gilbert, or their successor districts;
  (4) proceeds from the Northshore Mining Company or its successor are distributed
- to Independent School Districts Nos. 2142, St. Louis County, and 381, Lake Superior,
  or their successor districts; and
- (5) proceeds from United Taconite or its successor are distributed to Independent
  School Districts Nos. 2142, St. Louis County, and 2154, Eveleth-Gilbert, or their
  successor districts.
- 248.10 Revenues that are required to be distributed to more than one district shall be 248.11 apportioned according to the number of pupil units identified in section 126C.05, 248.12 subdivision 1, enrolled in the second previous year.
- $(c)(i) \frac{15.72}{24.72}$  cents per taxable ton, less any amount distributed under paragraph 248.13 (e), shall be distributed to a group of school districts comprised of those school districts 248.14 which qualify as a tax relief area under section 273.134, paragraph (b), or in which there is 248.15 a qualifying municipality as defined by section 273.134, paragraph (a), in direct proportion 248.16 to school district indexes as follows: for each school district, its pupil units determined 248.17 under section 126C.05 for the prior school year shall be multiplied by the ratio of the 248.18 average adjusted net tax capacity per pupil unit for school districts receiving aid under 248.19 this clause as calculated pursuant to chapters 122A, 126C, and 127A for the school year 248.20 ending prior to distribution to the adjusted net tax capacity per pupil unit of the district. 248.21 Each district shall receive that portion of the distribution which its index bears to the sum 248.22 248.23 of the indices for all school districts that receive the distributions.
- (ii) Notwithstanding clause (i), each school district that receives a distribution 248.24 under sections 298.018; 298.23 to 298.28, exclusive of any amount received under this 248.25 clause; 298.34 to 298.39; 298.391 to 298.396; 298.405; or any law imposing a tax on 248.26 severed mineral values after reduction for any portion distributed to cities and towns 248.27 under section 126C.48, subdivision 8, paragraph (5), that is less than the amount of its 248.28 levy reduction under section 126C.48, subdivision 8, for the second year prior to the 248.29 year of the distribution shall receive a distribution equal to the difference; the amount 248.30necessary to make this payment shall be derived from proportionate reductions in the 248.31 initial distribution to other school districts under clause (i). If there are insufficient tax 248.32 proceeds to make the distribution provided under this paragraph in any year, money must 248.33 be transferred from the taconite property tax relief account in subdivision 6, to the extent 248.34 of the shortfall in the distribution. 248.35

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(d)(1) Any school district described in paragraph (c) where a levy increase pursuant
to section 126C.17, subdivision 9, was authorized by referendum for taxes payable in
2001, shall receive a distribution of 21.3 cents per ton. Each district shall receive \$175
times the pupil units identified in section 126C.05, subdivision 1, enrolled in the second
previous year or the 1983-1984 school year, whichever is greater, less the product of 1.8
percent times the district's taxable net tax capacity in the second previous year 2011.

249.7 (2) Districts qualifying under clause (d)(1) must also receive 22.5 percent of the sum
 249.8 of \$415 plus the referendum allowance on the payable 2012 levy limitation, multiplied by
 249.9 the district's weight average daily membership in school year 2011-2012, less the product
 249.10 of 1.8 percent of the districts taxable net tax capacity in 2011.

If the total amount provided by paragraph (d) is insufficient to make the payments 249.11 herein required then the entitlement of \$175 per pupil unit shall be reduced uniformly 249.12 so as not to exceed the funds available. Any amounts received by a qualifying school 249.13 district in any fiscal year pursuant to paragraph (d) shall not be applied to reduce general 249.14 249.15 education aid which the district receives pursuant to section 126C.13 or the permissible levies of the district. Any amount remaining after the payments provided in this paragraph 249.16 shall be paid to the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation who shall 249.17 deposit the same in the taconite environmental protection fund and the Douglas J. Johnson 249.18 economic protection trust fund as provided in subdivision 11. 249.19

Each district receiving money according to this paragraph shall reserve the lesser of the amount received under this paragraph or \$25 times the number of pupil units served in the district. It may use the money for early childhood programs <del>or for outcome-based</del> learning programs that enhance the academic quality of the district's curriculum. The outcome-based learning programs must be approved by the commissioner of education. (e) There shall be distributed to any school district the amount which the school

district was entitled to receive under section 298.32 in 1975.

(f) Four cents per taxable ton must be distributed to qualifying school districts
according to the distribution specified in paragraph (b), clause (ii), and two eleven cents
per taxable ton must be distributed according to the distribution specified in paragraph
(c). These amounts are not subject to sections 126C.21, subdivision 4, and 126C.48,
subdivision 8.

#### 249.32

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning for the 2014 distribution.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 298.28, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
Subd. 6. Property tax relief. (a) In 2002 2014 and thereafter, 33.9 34.8 cents per

taxable ton, less any amount required to be distributed under paragraphs (b) and (c), or

section 298.2961, subdivision 5, must be allocated to St. Louis County acting as the
counties' fiscal agent, to be distributed as provided in sections 273.134 to 273.136.

(b) If an electric power plant owned by and providing the primary source of power
for a taxpayer mining and concentrating taconite is located in a county other than the
county in which the mining and the concentrating processes are conducted, .1875 cent per
taxable ton of the tax imposed and collected from such taxpayer shall be paid to the county.

(c) If an electric power plant owned by and providing the primary source of power
for a taxpayer mining and concentrating taconite is located in a school district other than
a school district in which the mining and concentrating processes are conducted, .4541
cent per taxable ton of the tax imposed and collected from the taxpayer shall be paid to
the school district.

#### 250.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning for the 2014 distribution.

250.13

#### Sec. 7. 2013 DISTRIBUTION ONLY.

250.14For the 2013 distribution, a special fund is established to receive 32 cents per ton of250.15any excess of the balance remaining after distribution of amounts required under Minnesota250.16Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 6. The following amounts are allocated to St. Louis250.17County acting as the fiscal agent for the recipients for the following specific purposes:

- 250.18 (1) 5.1 cents per ton to the city of Hibbing for improvements to the city's water
   250.19 supply system;
- (2) 4.3 cents per ton to the city of Mountain Iron for the cost of moving utilities
   required as a result of actions undertaken by United States Steel Corporation;
- 250.22 (3) 2.5 cents per ton to the city of Biwabik for improvements to the city's water supply
  250.23 system, payable upon agreement with ArcelorMittal to satisfy water permit conditions;
- 250.24 (4) 2.5 cents per ton to the city of Tower for the Tower Marina;
- 250.25 (5) 2.5 cents per ton to the city of Grand Rapids for an eco-friendly heat transfer 250.26 system to replace aging effluent lines and for parking lot repaying;
- 250.27 (6) 2.4 cents per ton to the city of Two Harbors for wastewater treatment plant 250.28 improvements;
- 250.29 (7) 0.9 cents per ton to the city of Ely for the sanitary sewer replacement project;
- 250.30 (8) 0.6 cents per ton to the town of Crystal Bay for debt service of the Claire Nelson
- 250.31 Intermodal Transportation Center;
- 250.32 (9) 0.5 cents per ton to the Greenway Joint Recreation Board for the Coleraine
  250.33 hockey arena renovations;
  - Article 10 Sec. 7.

(10) 1.2 cents per ton for the West Range Regional Fire Hall and Training Center 251.1 to merge the existing fire services of Coleraine, Bovey, Taconite Marble, Calumet, and 251.2 Greenway Township; 251.3 (11) 2.5 cents per ton to the city of Hibbing for the Memorial Building; 251.4 (12) 0.7 cents per ton to the city of Chisholm for Center Drive; 251.5 (13) 2.1 cents per ton to the Crane Lake Water and Sanitary District for sanitary 251.6 sewer extension and must be matched; 251.7 (14) 2.5 cents per ton for the city of Buhl for the roof on the Mesabi Academy; 251.8 (15) 1.2 cents per ton to the city of Gilbert for the New Jersey/Ohio Avenue project; 251.9 (16) 1.5 cents per ton to the city of Cook for street improvements, business park 251.10 infrastructure, and a maintenance garage; 251.11 251.12 (17) 0.5 cents per ton to the city of Cook for a water line project; and 251.13 (18) 0.2 cents per ton to the city of Eveleth to be used for the support of the Hockey Hall of Fame, provided that it continues to operate in that city. 251.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2013 distribution, and all 251.15 payments must be made separately and within ten days of the date of the August 2013 251.16 251.17 payment. Sec. 8. IRON RANGE RESOURCES AND REHABILITATION 251.18 **COMMISSIONER; BONDS AUTHORIZED.** 251.19 Subdivision 1. Issuance; purpose. Notwithstanding any provision of Minnesota 251.20 Statutes, chapter 298, to the contrary, the commissioner of Iron Range resources and 251.21 rehabilitation shall issue revenue bonds in a principal amount of \$38,000,000 plus an 251.22 amount sufficient to pay costs of issuance in one or more series, and thereafter may 251.23 issue bonds to refund those bonds. The proceeds of the bonds must be used to pay costs 251.24 of issuance and to make grants to school districts located in the taconite tax relief area 251.25 defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 273.134, or the taconite assistance area defined 251.26 in Minnesota Statutes, section 273.1341, to be used by the school districts to pay for 251.27 building projects, such as energy efficiency, technology, infrastructure, health, safety, and 251.28 251.29 maintenance improvements. Proceeds granted to School District No. 2142 must be used to reduce debt service on the building bond passed on December 8, 2009. 251.30 Subd. 2. Appropriation. (a) There is annually appropriated from the distribution of 251.31 taconite production tax revenues under Minnesota Statues, section 298.28, prior to the 251.32 calculation of the amount of the remainder under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, 251.33 251.34 subdivision 11, an amount sufficient to pay when due the principal and interest on the

- 252.1 <u>bonds issued pursuant to subdivision 1. The appropriation under this section must not</u>
- 252.2 exceed an amount equal to ten cents per taxable ton.
- (b) If in any year the amount available under paragraph (a) is insufficient to pay
- 252.4 principal and interest due on the bonds in that year, an additional amount is appropriated
- 252.5 from the Douglas J. Johnson fund to make up the deficiency.
- (c) The appropriation under this subdivision terminates upon payment or maturity of
  the last of the bonds issued under this section.
- 252.8 Subd. 3. Credit enhancement. The bonds issued under this section are "debt
- 252.9 <u>obligations</u>" and the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation is a "district"
- 252.10 for purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.55, provided that advances made under
- 252.11 Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.55, subdivision 2, are not subject to Minnesota Statutes,
- 252.12 section 126C.55, subdivisions 4 to 7.
- 252.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and
- applies beginning with the 2014 distribution under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28.

### 252.15 Sec. 9. IRON RANGE FISCAL DISPARITIES STUDY.

- 252.16 The commissioner of revenue, in coordination with the commissioner of the Iron
- 252.17 Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board, shall conduct a study of the tax relief
- area revenue distribution program contained in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 276A,
- 252.19 commonly known as the Iron Range fiscal disparities program. By February 1, 2014, the
- 252.20 commissioner of revenue shall submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members
- 252.21 of the house of representatives and senate tax committees consisting of the findings of the
- 252.22 study and identification of issues for policy makers to consider. The study must analyze:
- 252.23 (1) trends in population, property tax base, property tax rates, and contribution
  252.24 and distribution capacity across the region;
- 252.25 (2) the volatility of the program's distribution and causes of the volatility;
- 252.26 (3) the impact of state tax policy changes on the fiscal disparities program; and
- 252.27 (4) the interaction between the program and the distribution of property tax aids and
- 252.28 credits, taconite aid, and Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board funding across
- 252.29 <u>the region.</u>
- 252.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2013.
- 252.31
- 252.32 **PUBLIC FINANCE**
- 252.33 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 118A.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

252

**ARTICLE 11** 

Subd. 3. State and local securities. Funds may be invested in the following:
(1) any security which is a general obligation of any state or local government with
taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service;
(2) any security which is a revenue obligation of any state or local government with
taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service; and

- (3) a general obligation of the Minnesota housing finance agency which is a moral
  obligation of the state of Minnesota and is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating
  agency-; and
- (4) any security which is an obligation of a school district with an original maturity
   not exceeding 13 months and (i) rated in the highest category by a national bond rating
   service or (ii) enrolled in the credit enhancement program pursuant to section 126C.55.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 118A.05, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 253.12 Subd. 5. Guaranteed investment contracts. Agreements or contracts for 253.13 guaranteed investment contracts may be entered into if they are issued or guaranteed 253.14 by United States commercial banks, domestic branches of foreign banks, United States 253.15 insurance companies, or their Canadian subsidiaries, or the domestic affiliates of any 253.16 of the foregoing. The credit quality of the issuer's or guarantor's short- and long-term 253.17 unsecured debt must be rated in one of the two highest categories by a nationally 253.18 recognized rating agency. Agreements or contracts for guaranteed investment contracts 253.19 with a term of 18 months or less may be entered into regardless of the credit quality of 253.20 the issuer's or guarantor's long-term unsecured debt, provided that the credit quality of 253.21 253.22 the issuer's short-term unsecured debt is rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating agency. Should the issuer's or guarantor's credit quality be downgraded 253.23 below "A", the government entity must have withdrawal rights. 253.24

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 373.40, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have
  the meanings given.
- 253.28

(a) "Bonds" means an obligation as defined under section 475.51.

(b) "Capital improvement" means acquisition or betterment of public lands,
buildings, or other improvements within the county for the purpose of a county courthouse,
administrative building, health or social service facility, correctional facility, jail, law
enforcement center, hospital, morgue, library, park, qualified indoor ice arena, roads
and bridges, <u>public works facilities</u>, fairground buildings, and records and data storage
<u>facilities</u>, and the acquisition of development rights in the form of conservation easements

under chapter 84C. An improvement must have an expected useful life of five years or more 254.1 to qualify. "Capital improvement" does not include a recreation or sports facility building 254.2 (such as, but not limited to, a gymnasium, ice arena, racquet sports facility, swimming 254.3 pool, exercise room or health spa), unless the building is part of an outdoor park facility 254.4 and is incidental to the primary purpose of outdoor recreation. For purposes of this section, 254.5 "capital improvement" includes expenditures for purposes described in this paragraph that 254.6 have been incurred by a county before approval of a capital improvement plan, if such 254.7 expenditures are included in a capital improvement plan approved on or before the date of 254.8 the public hearing under subdivision 2 regarding issuance of bonds for such expenditures. 254.9 (c) "Metropolitan county" means a county located in the seven-county metropolitan 254.10 area as defined in section 473.121 or a county with a population of 90,000 or more. 254.11 (d) "Population" means the population established by the most recent of the 254.12 following (determined as of the date the resolution authorizing the bonds was adopted): 254.13 (1) the federal decennial census, 254.14 254.15 (2) a special census conducted under contract by the United States Bureau of the Census, or 254.16 (3) a population estimate made either by the Metropolitan Council or by the state 254.17 demographer under section 4A.02. 254.18 (e) "Qualified indoor ice arena" means a facility that meets the requirements of 254.19 254.20 section 373.43. (f) "Tax capacity" means total taxable market value, but does not include captured 254.21 market value. 254.22

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 373.40, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Application of election requirement. (a) Bonds issued by a county to finance capital improvements under an approved capital improvement plan are not subject to the election requirements of section 375.18 or 475.58. The bonds must be approved by vote of at least three-fifths of the members of the county board. In the case of a metropolitan county, the bonds must be approved by vote of at least two-thirds of the members of the county board.

(b) Before issuance of bonds qualifying under this section, the county must publish a notice of its intention to issue the bonds and the date and time of a hearing to obtain public comment on the matter. The notice must be published in the official newspaper of the county or in a newspaper of general circulation in the county. The notice must be published at least 14, but not more than 28, days before the date of the hearing.

(c) A county may issue the bonds only upon obtaining the approval of a majority of 255.1 the voters voting on the question of issuing the obligations, if a petition requesting a vote 255.2 on the issuance is signed by voters equal to five percent of the votes cast in the county in 255.3 the last county general election and is filed with the county auditor within 30 days after 255.4 the public hearing. The commissioner of revenue shall prepare a suggested form of the 255.5 question to be presented at the election. If the county elects not to submit the question to 255.6 the voters, the county shall not propose the issuance of bonds under this section for the 255.7 same purpose and in the same amount for a period of 365 days from the date of receipt 255.8 of the petition. If the question of issuing the bonds is submitted and not approved by the 255.9 voters, the provisions of section 475.58, subdivision 1a, shall apply. 255.10 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 383D.41, is amended by adding a subdivision 255.11 to read: 255.12 Subd. 10. Housing improvement areas. (a) In addition to its other powers, the 255.13 Dakota County Community Development Agency shall have all powers of a city under 255.14 sections 428A.11 to 428A.21 in connection with housing improvement areas in Dakota 255.15 255.16 County. (b) For purposes of the Dakota County Community Development Agency's exercise 255.17 of the powers granted in this subdivision, references in sections 428A.11 to 428A.21 to: 255.18 (1) a "mayor" shall be references to the chair of the board of commissioners of the 255.19

255.20 <u>Dakota County Community Development Agency;</u>
255.21 (2) a "council" shall be references to the board of commissioners of the Dakota

255.22 County Community Development Agency; and

255.23 (3) a "city clerk" shall be references to an official of the Dakota County Community

255.24 Development Agency designated by the executive director of the Dakota County

255.25 <u>Community Development Agency.</u>

(c) Notwithstanding sections 428A.11, subdivision 3, and 428A.13, subdivision 1,
the governing body of the Dakota County Community Development Agency may adopt
a resolution, rather than an ordinance, establishing one or more housing improvement
areas, and "enabling ordinance" for purposes of sections 428A.11 to 428A.21 means a
resolution under this clause.

255.31 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 473.606, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 255.32 Subd. 3. **Treasurer; investments.** The treasurer shall receive and be responsible 255.33 for all moneys of the corporation, from whatever source derived, and the same shall be 255.34 considered public funds. The treasurer shall disburse the moneys of the corporation only

on orders made by the executive and operating officer, herein provided for, countersigned 256.1 by such other officer or such employee of the corporation as may be authorized and 256.2 directed so to do by the corporation, showing the name of the claimant and the nature of 256.3 the claim. No disbursement shall be certified by such officers until the same have been 256.4 approved by said commissioners at a meeting thereof. Whenever the executive director of 256.5 the corporation shall certify, pursuant to action taken by the commissioners at a meeting 256.6 thereof, that there are moneys and the amount thereof in the possession of the treasurer not 256.7 currently needed, then the treasurer may invest said amount or any part thereof in-256.8

(a) Treasury bonds, certificates of indebtedness, bonds or notes of the United States
 of America, or bonds, notes or certificates of indebtedness of the state of Minnesota, all of
 which must mature not later than three years from the date of purchase.

(b) Bonds, notes, debentures or other obligations issued by any agency or
instrumentality of the United States or any securities guaranteed by the United States
government, or for which the eredit of the United States is pledged for the payment of
the principal and interest thereof, all of which must mature not later than three years
from date of purchase.

(c) Commercial paper of prime quality, or rated among the top third of the quality 256.17 eategories, not applicable to defaulted paper, as defined by a nationally recognized 256.18 organization which rates such securities as eligible for investment in the state employees 256.19 256.20 retirement fund except that any nonbanking issuing corporation, or parent company in the ease of paper issued by operating utility or finance subsidiaries, must have total assets 256.21 exceeding \$500,000,000. Such commercial paper may constitute no more than 30 percent 256.22 256.23 of the book value of the fund at the time of purchase, and the commercial paper of any one corporation shall not constitute more than four percent of the book value of the fund 256.24 at the time of such investment. 256.25

(d) Any securities eligible under the preceding provisions, purchased with 256.26 simultaneous repurchase agreement under which the securities will be sold to the particular 256.27 dealer on a specified date at a predetermined price. In such instances, all maturities of 256.28 United States government securities, or securities issued or guaranteed by the United 256.29 States government or an agency thereof, may be purchased so long as any such securities 256.30 which mature later than three years from the date of purchase have a current market 256.31 value exceeding the purchase price by at least five percent on the date of purchase, and 256.32 so long as such repurchase agreement involving securities extending beyond three years 256.33 in maturity be limited to a period not exceeding 45 days. 256.34

256.35 (e) Certificates of deposit issued by any official depository of the commission. The
 256.36 commission may purchase certificates of deposit from a depository bank in an amount

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exceeding that insured by federal depository insurance to the extent that those certificates 257.1 are secured by collateral maintained by the bank in a manner as preseribed for investments 257.2 of the State Board of Investment. 257.3

257.4

(f) securities approved for investment under section 118A.04.

Whenever it shall appear to the commissioners that any invested funds are needed 257.5 for current purposes before the maturity dates of the securities held, they shall cause the 257.6 executive director to so certify to the treasurer and it shall then be the duty of the treasurer 257.7 to order the sale or conversion into cash of the securities in the amount so certified. All 257.8 interest and profit on said investments shall be credited to and constitute a part of the 257.9 funds of the commission. The treasurer shall keep an account of all moneys received 257.10 and disbursed, and at least once a year, at times to be designated by the corporation, file 257.11 with the secretary a financial statement of the corporation, showing in appropriate and 257.12 identifiable groupings the receipts and disbursements since the last approved statements; 257.13 moneys on hand and the purposes for which the same are appropriated; and shall keep an 257.14 257.15 account of all securities purchased as herein provided, the funds from which purchased and the interest and profit which may have accrued thereon, and shall accompany the 257.16 financial statement aforesaid with a statement setting forth such account. The corporation 257.17 may pay to the treasurer from time to time compensation in such amount as it may 257.18 determine to cover clerk hire to enable the treasurer to carry out duties and those required 257.19 in connection with bonds issued by the corporation as in this act authorized. 257.20

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 474A.04, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: 257.21 Subd. 1a. Entitlement reservations; carryforward; deduction. Any amount 257.22 returned by an entitlement issuer before July 15 shall be reallocated through the housing 257.23 pool. Any amount returned on or after July 15 shall be reallocated through the unified 257.24 pool. An amount returned after the last Monday in November shall be reallocated to the 257.25 Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. Any amount of bonding authority that an entitlement 257.26 issuer earries forward under federal tax law that is not permanently issued or for which 257.27 the governing body of the entitlement issuer has not enacted a resolution electing to use 257.28 the authority for mortgage credit certificates and has not provided a notice of issue to the 257.29 commissioner before 4:30 p.m. on the last business day in December of the succeeding 257.30 ealendar year shall be deducted from the entitlement allocation for that entitlement issuer 257.31 in the next succeeding calendar year. Any amount deducted from an entitlement issuer's 257.32 allocation under this subdivision shall be reallocated to other entitlement issuers, the 257.33 housing pool, the small issue pool, and the public facilities pool on a proportional basis 257.34 consistent with section 474A.03. 257.35

- 258.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment 258.2 and applies to any bonding authority allocated in 2012 and subsequent years.
- 258.3 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 474A.062, is amended to read:

## 258.4 474A.062 MINNESOTA OFFICE OF HIGHER EDUCATION 120-DAY 258.5 ISSUANCE EXEMPTION.

The Minnesota Office of Higher Education is exempt from the 120-day issuance requirements in this chapter and may carry forward allocations for student loan bonds into one successive calendar year, subject to carryforward notice requirements of section 474A.131, subdivision 2.

### 258.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment 258.11 and applies to any bonding authority allocated in 2012 and subsequent years.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 474A.091, subdivision 3a, is amended to read: Subd. 3a. **Mortgage bonds.** (a) Bonding authority remaining in the unified pool on October 1 is available for single-family housing programs for cities that applied in January and received an allocation under section 474A.061, subdivision 2a, in the same calendar year. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall receive an allocation for mortgage bonds pursuant to this section, minus any amounts for a city or consortium that intends to issue bonds on its own behalf under paragraph (c).

(b) The agency may issue bonds on behalf of participating cities. The agency shall request an allocation from the commissioner for all applicants who choose to have the agency issue bonds on their behalf and the commissioner shall allocate the requested amount to the agency. Allocations shall be awarded by the commissioner each Monday commencing on the first Monday in October through the last Monday in November for applications received by 4:30 p.m. on the Monday of the week preceding an allocation.

For cities who choose to have the agency issue bonds on their behalf, allocations 258.25 will be made loan by loan, on a first-come, first-served basis among the cities. The 258.26 258.27 agency shall submit an application fee pursuant to section 474A.03, subdivision 4, and an application deposit equal to two percent of the requested allocation to the commissioner 258.28 when requesting an allocation from the unified pool. After awarding an allocation and 258.29 receiving a notice of issuance for mortgage bonds issued on behalf of the participating 258.30 cities, the commissioner shall transfer the application deposit to the Minnesota Housing 258.31 Finance Agency. 258.32

For purposes of paragraphs (a) to (d), "city" means a county or a consortium of local government units that agree through a joint powers agreement to apply together for single-family housing programs, and has the meaning given it in section 462C.02, subdivision 6. "Agency" means the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency.

(c) Any city that received an allocation pursuant to section 474A.061, subdivision 259.5 2a, paragraph (f), in the current year that wishes to receive an additional allocation from 259.6 the unified pool and issue bonds on its own behalf or pursuant to a joint powers agreement 259.7 shall notify the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency by the third Monday in September. 259.8 The total amount of allocation for mortgage bonds for a city choosing to issue bonds on its 259.9 own behalf or through a joint powers agreement is limited to the lesser of: (i) the amount 259.10 requested, or (ii) the product of the total amount available for mortgage bonds from the 259.11 unified pool, multiplied by the ratio of the population of each city that applied in January 259.12 and received an allocation under section 474A.061, subdivision 2a, in the same calendar 259.13 year, as determined by the most recent estimate of the city's population released by the 259.14 259.15 state demographer's office to the total of the population of all the cities that applied in January and received an allocation under section 474A.061, subdivision 2a, in the same 259.16 calendar year. If a city choosing to issue bonds on its own behalf or through a joint powers 259.17 agreement is located within a county that has also chosen to issue bonds on its own behalf 259.18 or through a joint powers agreement, the city's population will be deducted from the 259.19 county's population in calculating the amount of allocations under this paragraph. 259.20

The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall notify each city choosing to issue bonds on its own behalf or pursuant to a joint powers agreement of the amount of its allocation by October 15. Upon determining the amount of the allocation of each choosing to issue bonds on its own behalf or through a joint powers agreement, the agency shall forward a list specifying the amounts allotted to each city.

A city that chooses to issue bonds on its own behalf or through a joint powers 259.26 agreement may request an allocation from the commissioner by forwarding an application 259.27 with an application fee pursuant to section 474A.03, subdivision 4, and an application 259.28 deposit equal to two percent of the requested amount to the commissioner no later than 259.29 4:30 p.m. on the Monday of the week preceding an allocation. Allocations to cities that 259.30 choose to issue bonds on their own behalf shall be awarded by the commissioner on 259.31 the first Monday after October 15 through the last Monday in November. No city may 259.32 receive an allocation from the commissioner after the last Monday in November. The 259.33 commissioner shall allocate the requested amount to the city or cities subject to the 259.34 limitations under this subdivision. 259.35

If a city issues mortgage bonds from an allocation received under this paragraph, the issuer must provide for the recycling of funds into new loans. If the issuer is not able to provide for recycling, the issuer must notify the commissioner in writing of the reason that recycling was not possible and the reason the issuer elected not to have the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency issue the bonds. "Recycling" means the use of money generated from the repayment and prepayment of loans for further eligible loans or for the redemption of bonds and the issuance of current refunding bonds.

(d) No entitlement city or county or city in an entitlement county may apply for or
be allocated authority to issue mortgage bonds or use mortgage credit certificates from
the unified pool.

(e) An allocation awarded to the agency for mortgage bonds under this section
may be carried forward by the agency into the next succeeding calendar year subject to
notice requirements under section 474A.131 and is available until the last business day in
December of that succeeding calendar year.

260.15 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment
 260.16 and applies to any bonding authority allocated in 2012 and subsequent years.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 475.521, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have
the meanings given.

260.20 (a) "Bonds" mean an obligation defined under section 475.51.

(b) "Capital improvement" means acquisition or betterment of public lands, 260.21 buildings or other improvements for the purpose of a city hall, town hall, library, public 260.22 safety facility, and public works facility. An improvement must have an expected useful 260.23 life of five years or more to qualify. Capital improvement does not include light rail transit 260.24 or any activity related to it, or a park, road, bridge, administrative building other than a 260.25 city or town hall, or land for any of those facilities. For purposes of this section, "capital 260.26 improvement" includes expenditures for purposes described in this paragraph that have 260.27 been incurred by a municipality before approval of a capital improvement plan, if such 260.28 expenditures are included in a capital improvement plan approved on or before the date of 260.29 the public hearing under subdivision 2 regarding issuance of bonds for such expenditures. 260.30 (c) "Municipality" means a home rule charter or statutory city or a town described in 260.31 section 368.01, subdivision 1 or 1a. 260.32

260.33 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 475.521, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Election requirement. (a) Bonds issued by a municipality to finance capital improvements under an approved capital improvements plan are not subject to the election requirements of section 475.58. The bonds must be approved by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the members of a five-member governing body. In the case of a governing body having more or less than five members, the bonds must be approved by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members of the governing body.

(b) Before the issuance of bonds qualifying under this section, the municipality
must publish a notice of its intention to issue the bonds and the date and time of the
hearing to obtain public comment on the matter. The notice must be published in the
official newspaper of the municipality or in a newspaper of general circulation in the
municipality. Additionally, the notice may be posted on the official Web site, if any, of the
municipality. The notice must be published at least 14 but not more than 28 days before
the date of the hearing.

(c) A municipality may issue the bonds only after obtaining the approval of a 261.14 majority of the voters voting on the question of issuing the obligations, if a petition 261.15 requesting a vote on the issuance is signed by voters equal to five percent of the votes cast 261.16 in the municipality in the last municipal general election and is filed with the clerk within 261.17 30 days after the public hearing. The commissioner of revenue shall prepare a suggested 261.18 form of the question to be presented at the election. If the municipality elects not to submit 261.19 the question to the voters, the municipality shall not propose the issuance of bonds under 261.20 this section for the same purpose and in the same amount for a period of 365 days from the 261.21 date of receipt of the petition. If the question of issuing the bonds is submitted and not 261.22 approved by the voters, the provisions of section 475.58, subdivision 1a, shall apply. 261.23

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 475.58, subdivision 3b, is amended to read: Subd. 3b. Street reconstruction. (a) A municipality may, without regard to the election requirement under subdivision 1, issue and sell obligations for street reconstruction, if the following conditions are met:

(1) the streets are reconstructed under a street reconstruction plan that describes the 261.28 street reconstruction to be financed, the estimated costs, and any planned reconstruction 261.29 of other streets in the municipality over the next five years, and the plan and issuance of 261.30 the obligations has been approved by a vote of all of the members of the governing body 261.31 present at the meeting following a public hearing for which notice has been published in 261.32 the official newspaper at least ten days but not more than 28 days prior to the hearing; and 261.33 (2) if a petition requesting a vote on the issuance is signed by voters equal to 261.34 five percent of the votes cast in the last municipal general election and is filed with the 261.35

municipal clerk within 30 days of the public hearing, the municipality may issue the bonds 262.1 only after obtaining the approval of a majority of the voters voting on the question of the 262.2 issuance of the obligations. If the municipality elects not to submit the question to the 262.3 voters, the municipality shall not propose the issuance of bonds under this section for the 262.4 same purpose and in the same amount for a period of 365 days from the date of receipt 262.5 of the petition. If the question of issuing the bonds is submitted and not approved by the 262.6 voters, the provisions of section 475.58, subdivision 1a, shall apply. 262.7 (b) Obligations issued under this subdivision are subject to the debt limit of the 262.8 municipality and are not excluded from net debt under section 475.51, subdivision 4. 262.9 (c) For purposes of this subdivision, street reconstruction includes utility 262.10 replacement and relocation and other activities incidental to the street reconstruction, turn 262.11 lanes and other improvements having a substantial public safety function, realignments, 262.12 other modifications to intersect with state and county roads, and the local share of state and 262.13 county road projects. For purposes of this subdivision, "street reconstruction" includes 262.14 expenditures for street reconstruction that have been incurred by a municipality before 262.15 approval of a street reconstruction plan, if such expenditures are included in a street 262.16 reconstruction plan approved on or before the date of the public hearing under paragraph 262.17

262.18 (a), clause (1) regarding issuance of bonds for such expenditures.

(d) Except in the case of turn lanes, safety improvements, realignments, intersection
modifications, and the local share of state and county road projects, street reconstruction
does not include the portion of project cost allocable to widening a street or adding curbs
and gutters where none previously existed.

Sec. 13. Laws 1971, chapter 773, section 1, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws 1974, chapter 351, section 5, Laws 1976, chapter 234, sections 1 and 7, Laws 1978, chapter 788, section 1, Laws 1981, chapter 369, section 1, Laws 1983, chapter 302, section 1, Laws 1988, chapter 513, section 1, Laws 1992, chapter 511, article 9, section 23, Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 3, section 27, and Laws 2002, chapter 390, section 23, is amended to read:

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Subd. 2. For each of the years 2003 to 2013 to 2024, the city of St. Paul is
authorized to issue bonds in the aggregate principal amount of $20,000,000 for each year.
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262.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after compliance by the
 262.32 governing body of the city of St. Paul with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
 262.33 subdivisions 2 and 3.

#### 262.34 Sec. 14. CAPITOL RENOVATION; RESTORATION.

263.1	(a) \$30,000,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of
263.2	administration in fiscal year 2015 and is available until spent for the following purposes:
263.3	(1) to complete the design of, and to construct, repair, improve, renovate, restore,
263.4	furnish, and equip, the State Capitol Building and grounds; including but not limited
263.5	to exterior stone repairs and window replacement; asbestos and hazardous materials
263.6	abatement; mechanical, electrical, and plumbing security systems replacement; general
263.7	construction, including but not limited to demolition, site improvements, life safety
263.8	improvements, accessibility, security, and telecommunications; roof replacement; and
263.9	finish work; and
263.10	(2) to predesign, design, conduct hazardous materials abatement, construct, repair,
263.11	renovate, remodel, furnish, and equip the State Office Building, Administration Building,
263.12	Centennial Office Building, 321 Grove Street Buildings, and other properties located
263.13	on the Capitol campus as determined by the commissioner of administration to meet
263.14	temporary and permanent office, storage, parking, and other space needs required by
263.15	an efficient restoration of the State Capitol Building and for the efficient and effective
263.16	function of the tenants currently located in the Capitol Building.
263.17	(b) The commissioner of administration must not prepare final plans and
263.18	specifications for any construction authorized under paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), until
263.19	the program plan and cost estimates for all elements necessary to complete the project have
263.20	been approved by each tenant representative. In addition, the appropriation in paragraph
263.21	(a), clause (2), is not available until each tenant representative approves a relocation plan
263.22	submitted by the commissioner of administration. The relocation plan shall:
263.23	(1) describe when each person who currently occupies office space located in the
263.24	Capitol Building will be moved out of the Capitol Building;
263.25	(2) identify the building and office space assigned to each person relocated during
263.26	renovation of the Capitol Building;
263.27	(3) identify the parking spaces that will be assigned to each person relocated during
263.28	renovation, including the funding mechanism for any new parking spaces;
263.29	(4) state when each person relocated during renovation will be moved back into
263.30	permanent office space and where the office space will be located;
263.31	(5) include written, signed tenant agreements for tenancy in the Capitol Building
263.32	after renovation.
263.33	(c) The commissioner of administration must consult and collaborate with the
263.34	director of the Minnesota Historical Society in preparing final plans and specifications for
263.35	any construction authorized under paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2).

For the purposes of this paragraph, "each tenant representative" means the secretary of the 264.1

senate, on behalf of the senate; the chief clerk of the house of representatives, on behalf 264.2

264.3 of the house of representatives; the governor; the court administrator, on behalf of the

judicial branch; and the attorney general, on behalf of the attorney general's office. 264.4

- (d) The commissioner of administration must not install new windows in the Capitol 264.5 264.6 Building that cannot be opened by the tenants of the building.
- (e) The base for fiscal year 2016 only is \$173,600,000 and must be used for the 264.7 264.8 purposes in paragraph (a).
- 264.9

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

#### Sec. 15. LEGISLATIVE OFFICE FACILITIES. 264.10

264.11 (a) The commissioner of administration may enter into a long-term lease-purchase agreement for a term of up to 25 years, to predesign, design, construct, and equip office, 264.12 hearing room, and parking facilities within the Capitol area, as defined in Minnesota 264.13 Statutes, section 15B.02, for legislative and other functions. The commissioner of 264.14 management and budget may issue lease revenue bonds or certificates of participation 264.15 264.16 associated with the lease-purchase agreement. The lease-purchase agreements must not be terminated, except for nonappropriation of money. The lease-purchase agreements 264.17 must provide the state with a unilateral right to purchase the leased premises at specified 264.18 times for specified amounts. The lease-purchase agreements are exempt from Minnesota 264.19 Statutes, section 16B.24, subdivisions 6 and 6a. 264.20 (b) The facilities under the lease-purchase agreement are exempt from the design 264.21 competition requirement under Minnesota Statutes, section 15B.10. Notwithstanding 264.22

anything to the contrary under Minnesota Statutes, sections 16C.32 and 16C.33, if the 264.23 commissioner of administration elects to use a design-build delivery method to design and 264.24 construct one or more facilities under this appropriation, the Capitol Area Architectural and 264.25 Planning Board, in cooperation with the commissioner, shall create a selection committee 264.26 to act as the board under Minnesota Statutes, sections 16C.32 and 16C.33, for the design 264.27 and construction of the facilities. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.33, if 264.28 264.29 the commissioner elects to contract with a primary designer to design one or more facilities

under this appropriation, the Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board, in cooperation 264.30 with the commissioner, shall create a selection committee to conduct the selection process 264.31

in accordance with standards under Minnesota Statutes, chapters 15B, 16B, and 16C. 264.32

(c) The commissioner of administration may enter into a ground lease for state-owned 264.33

264.34

property in the capitol area in conjunction with the execution of a lease-purchase

264.35 agreement entered into under this section for any improvements constructed on that site.

265.1	Notwithstanding the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.695, subdivision 2,
265.2	paragraph (b), the ground lease must be for a term equal to the term of the lease-purchase
265.3	agreement, and must include an option to purchase the land at its then fair market value, if
265.4	the improvements are not purchased by the state at the end of the term of the lease-purchase
265.5	agreement, or at any earlier time that the lease-purchase agreement is terminated.
265.6	(d) The commissioner of administration must not prepare final plans and
265.7	specifications for any construction authorized under this section until the program plan
265.8	and cost estimates for all elements necessary to complete the project have been approved
265.9	by the senate Committee on Rules and Administration.
265.10	(e) \$3,000,000 is appropriated in fiscal year 2014 from the general fund to the
265.11	commissioner of administration for predesign and design of facilities authorized under
265.12	paragraph (a). This appropriation is available for expenditure the day following final
265.13	enactment and until June 30, 2015.
265.14	(f) The commissioner of administration may reserve a portion of money from
265.15	appropriations for office space costs of the legislature to fund future repairs for facilities
265.16	constructed under the authority provided in this section. Money reserved under this
265.17	paragraph must be credited to a segregated account for each building in the special
265.18	revenue fund and is appropriated to the commissioner to make the repairs. When the state
265.19	acquires title to a building with an account established under this paragraph, the account
265.20	for that building must be abolished and the balance remaining in the account must be
265.21	transferred to the appropriate asset preservation and replacement account created under
265.22	Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.24, subdivision 3, paragraph (d).
265.23	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
265.24	Sec. 16. CARRYFORWARD OF BONDING AUTHORITY FOR 2011; NO
265.25	<b>DEDUCTION FROM ENTITLEMENT ALLOCATION.</b>
265.26	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 474A.04, subdivision 1a, bonding
265.27	authority that was allocated to an entitlement issuer in 2011 and that was carried forward

- 265.28 under federal tax law, but for which the entitlement issuer did not provide a notice of issue
- to the commissioner of management and budget before 4:30 p.m. on the last business
- 265.30 day of December 2012 must not be deducted from the entitlement allocation for that
- 265.31 entitlement issuer in 2013.
- 265.32**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment265.33and applies retroactively to rescind any reallocation by the commissioner of management

and budget under Minnesota Statues, section 474A.04, subdivision 1a, of any amounts so
 <u>deducted.</u>

#### Sec. 17. LOCAL MATCH; INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 435; 266.3 WAUBUN-OGEMA-WHITE EARTH. 266.4 (a) Independent School District No. 435, Waubun-Ogema-White Earth, may expand 266.5 classroom space at its Ogema elementary site using a grant of \$551,532 that was awarded 266.6 to the district by the Department of Human Services on August 12, 2012. Notwithstanding 266.7 Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.695, to satisfy the match requirements of the grant, under 266.8 Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.695, subdivision 6, the district may use a lease-purchase 266.9 agreement. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 465.71, the title under the 266.10 lease-purchase may be held by the district. 266.11 (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.13, subdivision 4, if the 266.12 school district enters a lease-purchase agreement to satisfy the local match, under 266.13 266.14 paragraph (a), but fails to make a lease-purchase payment, the commissioner of education shall reduce its general education aid, under Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.13, 266.15 subdivision 4, by the amount of the lease-purchase payment. 266.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 266.17 266.18 **ARTICLE 12** MARKET VALUE DEFINITIONS 266.19 266.20 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 38.18, is amended to read: **38.18 COUNTY FAIRGROUNDS; IMPROVEMENT AIDED.** 266.21 Any Each town, statutory city, or school district in this state, now or hereafter at any 266.22 time having a an estimated market value of all its taxable property, exclusive of money and 266.23 266.24 eredits, of more than \$105,000,000, and having a county fair located within its corporate limits, is hereby authorized to aid in defraying may pay part of the expense of improving 266.25 any such the fairground, by appropriating and paying over to the treasurer of the county 266.26 266.27 owning the fairground such sum of money, not exceeding \$10,000, for each of the political subdivisions, as the its governing body of the town, statutory city, or school district may, 266.28 by resolution, determine determines to be for the best interest of the political subdivision, 266.29 The sums so appropriated to amounts paid to the county must be used solely for the purpose 266.30 of aiding in the improvement of to improve the fairground in such the manner as the county 266.31 board of the county shall determine determines to be for the best interest of the county. 266.32

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 40A.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 267.1 Subd. 2. Eligible recipients. All counties within the state, municipalities that prepare 267.2 plans and official controls instead of a county, and districts are eligible for assistance 267.3 under the program. Counties and districts may apply for assistance on behalf of other 267.4 municipalities. In order to be eligible for financial assistance a county or municipality must 267.5 agree to levy at least 0.01209 percent of taxable estimated market value for agricultural 267.6 land preservation and conservation activities or otherwise spend the equivalent amount of 267.7 local money on those activities, or spend \$15,000 of local money, whichever is less. 267.8

267.9 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 69.011, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 267.10 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** Unless the language or context clearly indicates that 267.11 a different meaning is intended, the following words and terms, for the purposes of this 267.12 chapter and chapters 423, 423A, 424 and 424A, have the meanings ascribed to them:

267.13 (a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue.

267.14 (b) "Municipality" means:

267.15 (1) a home rule charter or statutory city;

267.16 (2) an organized town;

267.17 (3) a park district subject to chapter 398;

267.18 (4) the University of Minnesota;

(5) for purposes of the fire state aid program only, an American Indian tribal
government entity located within a federally recognized American Indian reservation;
(6) for purposes of the police state aid program only, an American Indian tribal
government with a tribal police department which exercises state arrest powers under
section 626.90, 626.91, 626.92, or 626.93;

267.24 (7) for purposes of the police state aid program only, the Metropolitan Airports267.25 Commission; and

(8) for purposes of the police state aid program only, the Department of Natural
Resources and the Department of Public Safety with respect to peace officers covered
under chapter 352B.

(c) "Minnesota Firetown Premium Report" means a form prescribed by the
commissioner containing space for reporting by insurers of fire, lightning, sprinkler
leakage and extended coverage premiums received upon risks located or to be performed
in this state less return premiums and dividends.

(d) "Firetown" means the area serviced by any municipality having a qualified fire
department or a qualified incorporated fire department having a subsidiary volunteer
firefighters' relief association.

(e) "<u>Estimated market value</u>" means latest available <u>estimated market value of all</u>
property in a taxing jurisdiction, whether the property is subject to taxation, or exempt
from ad valorem taxation obtained from information which appears on abstracts filed with
the commissioner of revenue or equalized by the State Board of Equalization.

(f) "Minnesota Aid to Police Premium Report" means a form prescribed by the 268.5 commissioner for reporting by each fire and casualty insurer of all premiums received 268.6 upon direct business received by it in this state, or by its agents for it, in cash or otherwise, 268.7 during the preceding calendar year, with reference to insurance written for insuring against 268.8 the perils contained in auto insurance coverages as reported in the Minnesota business 268.9 schedule of the annual financial statement which each insurer is required to file with 268.10 the commissioner in accordance with the governing laws or rules less return premiums 268.11 and dividends. 268.12

268.13 (g) "Peace officer" means any person:

(1) whose primary source of income derived from wages is from direct employment
by a municipality or county as a law enforcement officer on a full-time basis of not less
than 30 hours per week;

(2) who has been employed for a minimum of six months prior to December 31
 preceding the date of the current year's certification under subdivision 2, clause (b);

(3) who is sworn to enforce the general criminal laws of the state and local ordinances;
(4) who is licensed by the Peace Officers Standards and Training Board and is

authorized to arrest with a warrant; and

268.22 (5) who is a member of the State Patrol retirement plan or the public employees268.23 police and fire fund.

(h) "Full-time equivalent number of peace officers providing contract service" means
the integral or fractional number of peace officers which would be necessary to provide
the contract service if all peace officers providing service were employed on a full-time
basis as defined by the employing unit and the municipality receiving the contract service.

(i) "Retirement benefits other than a service pension" means any disbursement
authorized under section 424A.05, subdivision 3, clauses (3) and (4).

268.30

(j) "Municipal clerk, municipal clerk-treasurer, or county auditor" means:

268.31

(1) for the police state aid program and police relief association financial reports:

(i) the person who was elected or appointed to the specified position or, in the
absence of the person, another person who is designated by the applicable governing body;
(ii) in a park district, the secretary of the board of park district commissioners;

268.35 (iii) in the case of the University of Minnesota, the official designated by the Board268.36 of Regents;

269.1 (iv) for the Metropolitan Airports Commission, the person designated by the269.2 commission;

269.3 (v) for the Department of Natural Resources or the Department of Public Safety, the
 269.4 respective commissioner;

(vi) for a tribal police department which exercises state arrest powers under section
626.90, 626.91, 626.92, or 626.93, the person designated by the applicable American
Indian tribal government; and

(2) for the fire state aid program and fire relief association financial reports, the
person who was elected or appointed to the specified position, or, for governmental
entities other than counties, if the governing body of the governmental entity designates
the position to perform the function, the chief financial official of the governmental entity
or the chief administrative official of the governmental entity.

269.13 (k) "Voluntary statewide lump-sum volunteer firefighter retirement plan" means the269.14 retirement plan established by chapter 353G.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 69.021, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Apportionment of fire state aid to municipalities and relief associations.
(a) The commissioner shall apportion the fire state aid relative to the premiums reported
on the Minnesota Firetown Premium Reports filed under this chapter to each municipality
and/or firefighters relief association.

(b) The commissioner shall calculate an initial fire state aid allocation amount for each municipality or fire department under paragraph (c) and a minimum fire state aid allocation amount for each municipality or fire department under paragraph (d). The municipality or fire department must receive the larger fire state aid amount.

(c) The initial fire state aid allocation amount is the amount available for 269.24 apportionment as fire state aid under subdivision 5, without inclusion of any additional 269.25 funding amount to support a minimum fire state aid amount under section 423A.02, 269.26 subdivision 3, allocated one-half in proportion to the population as shown in the last official 269.27 statewide federal census for each fire town and one-half in proportion to the estimated 269.28 market value of each fire town, including (1) the estimated market value of tax-exempt 269.29 property and (2) the estimated market value of natural resources lands receiving in lieu 269.30 payments under sections 477A.11 to 477A.14, but excluding the estimated market value 269.31 of minerals. In the case of incorporated or municipal fire departments furnishing fire 269.32 protection to other cities, towns, or townships as evidenced by valid fire service contracts 269.33 filed with the commissioner, the distribution must be adjusted proportionately to take 269.34 into consideration the crossover fire protection service. Necessary adjustments must be 269.35

made to subsequent apportionments. In the case of municipalities or independent fire 270.1 departments qualifying for the aid, the commissioner shall calculate the state aid for the 270.2 municipality or relief association on the basis of the population and the estimated market 270.3 value of the area furnished fire protection service by the fire department as evidenced by 270.4 duly executed and valid fire service agreements filed with the commissioner. If one or 270.5 more fire departments are furnishing contracted fire service to a city, town, or township, 270.6 only the population and estimated market value of the area served by each fire department 270.7 may be considered in calculating the state aid and the fire departments furnishing service 270.8 shall enter into an agreement apportioning among themselves the percent of the population 270.9 and the estimated market value of each service area. The agreement must be in writing 270.10 and must be filed with the commissioner. 270.11

(d) The minimum fire state aid allocation amount is the amount in addition to the 270.12 initial fire state allocation amount that is derived from any additional funding amount 270.13 to support a minimum fire state aid amount under section 423A.02, subdivision 3, and 270.14 270.15 allocated to municipalities with volunteer firefighters relief associations or covered by the voluntary statewide lump-sum volunteer firefighter retirement plan based on the number 270.16 of active volunteer firefighters who are members of the relief association as reported 270.17 in the annual financial reporting for the calendar year 1993 to the Office of the State 270.18 Auditor, but not to exceed 30 active volunteer firefighters, so that all municipalities or 270.19 fire departments with volunteer firefighters relief associations receive in total at least a 270.20 minimum fire state aid amount per 1993 active volunteer firefighter to a maximum of 270.21 30 firefighters. If a relief association is established after calendar year 1993 and before 270.22 270.23 calendar year 2000, the number of active volunteer firefighters who are members of the relief association as reported in the annual financial reporting for calendar year 1998 270.24 to the Office of the State Auditor, but not to exceed 30 active volunteer firefighters, 270.25 shall be used in this determination. If a relief association is established after calendar 270.26 year 1999, the number of active volunteer firefighters who are members of the relief 270.27 association as reported in the first annual financial reporting submitted to the Office of 270.28 the State Auditor, but not to exceed 20 active volunteer firefighters, must be used in this 270.29 determination. If a relief association is terminated as a result of providing retirement 270.30 coverage for volunteer firefighters by the voluntary statewide lump-sum volunteer 270.31 firefighter retirement plan under chapter 353G, the number of active volunteer firefighters 270.32 of the municipality covered by the statewide plan as certified by the executive director of 270.33 the Public Employees Retirement Association to the commissioner and the state auditor, 270.34 but not to exceed 30 active firefighters, must be used in this determination. 270.35

(e) Unless the firefighters of the applicable fire department are members of the 271.1 voluntary statewide lump-sum volunteer firefighter retirement plan, the fire state aid must 271.2 be paid to the treasurer of the municipality where the fire department is located and the 271.3 treasurer of the municipality shall, within 30 days of receipt of the fire state aid, transmit 271.4 the aid to the relief association if the relief association has filed a financial report with the 271.5 treasurer of the municipality and has met all other statutory provisions pertaining to the 271.6 aid apportionment. If the firefighters of the applicable fire department are members of 271.7 the voluntary statewide lump-sum volunteer firefighter retirement plan, the fire state aid 271.8 must be paid to the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association 271.9 and deposited in the voluntary statewide lump-sum volunteer firefighter retirement fund. 271.10

(f) The commissioner may make rules to permit the administration of the provisionsof this section.

271.13 (g) Any adjustments needed to correct prior misallocations must be made to 271.14 subsequent apportionments.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 69.021, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
Subd. 8. Population and <u>estimated market value</u>. (a) In computations relating to
fire state aid requiring the use of population figures, only official statewide federal census
figures are to be used. Increases or decreases in population disclosed by reason of any
special census must not be taken into consideration.

(b) In calculations relating to fire state aid requiring the use of <u>estimated</u> market
value property figures, only the latest available <u>estimated</u> market value property figures
may be used.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 88.51, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. **Determination of <u>estimated</u> market value.** In determining the net tax capacity of property within any taxing district the value of the surface of lands within any auxiliary forest therein, as determined by the county board under the provisions of section 88.48, subdivision 3, shall, for all purposes except the levying of taxes on lands within any such forest, be deemed the <u>estimated</u> market value thereof.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 103B.245, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Tax. After adoption of the ordinance under subdivision 2, a local
government unit may annually levy a tax on all taxable property in the district for the
purposes for which the tax district is established. The tax may not exceed 0.02418 percent
of <u>estimated market value on taxable property located in rural towns other than urban</u>

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towns, unless allowed by resolution of the town electors. The proceeds of the tax shall
be paid into a fund reserved for these purposes. Any proceeds remaining in the reserve
fund at the time the tax is terminated or the district is dissolved shall be transferred and
irrevocably pledged to the debt service fund of the local unit to be used solely to reduce
tax levies for bonded indebtedness of taxable property in the district.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 103B.251, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 272.6 Subd. 8. Tax. (a) For the payment of principal and interest on the bonds issued 2727 under subdivision 7 and the payment required under subdivision 6, the county shall 272.8 irrevocably pledge and appropriate the proceeds of a tax levied on all taxable property 272.9 located within the territory of the watershed management organization or subwatershed 272.10 unit for which the bonds are issued. Each year until the reserve for payment of the bonds 272.11 is sufficient to retire the bonds, the county shall levy on all taxable property in the territory 272.12 of the organization or unit, without respect to any statutory or other limitation on taxes, an 272.13 amount of taxes sufficient to pay principal and interest on the bonds and to restore any 272.14 deficiencies in reserves required to be maintained for payment of the bonds. 272.15

(b) The tax levied on rural towns other than urban towns may not exceed 0.02418 percent of taxable estimated market value, unless approved by resolution of the town electors.

(c) If at any time the amounts available from the levy on property in the territory of
the organization are insufficient to pay principal and interest on the bonds when due, the
county shall make payment from any available funds in the county treasury.

(d) The amount of any taxes which are required to be levied outside of the territory
of the watershed management organization or unit or taken from the general funds of the
county to pay principal or interest on the bonds shall be reimbursed to the county from
taxes levied within the territory of the watershed management organization or unit.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 103B.635, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 272.26 Subd. 2. Municipal funding of district. (a) The governing body or board of 272.27 supervisors of each municipality in the district must provide the funds necessary to meet 272.28 its proportion of the total cost determined by the board, provided the total funding from 272.29 all municipalities in the district for the costs shall not exceed an amount equal to .00242 272.30 percent of the total taxable estimated market value within the district, unless three-fourths 272.31 of the municipalities in the district pass a resolution concurring to the additional costs. 272.32 (b) The funds must be deposited in the treasury of the district in amounts and at 272.33 times as the treasurer of the district requires. 272.34

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 103B.691, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. **Municipal funding of district.** (a) The governing body or board of supervisors of each municipality in the district shall provide the funds necessary to meet its proportion of the total cost to be borne by the municipalities as finally certified by the board.

(b) The municipality's funds may be raised by any means within the authority of
the municipality. The municipalities may each levy a tax not to exceed .02418 percent of
taxable estimated market value on the taxable property located in the district to provide
the funds. The levy shall be within all other limitations provided by law.

(c) The funds must be deposited into the treasury of the district in amounts and attimes as the treasurer of the district requires.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 103D.905, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 273.11 Subd. 2. Organizational expense fund. (a) An organizational expense fund, 273.12 consisting of an ad valorem tax levy, shall not exceed 0.01596 percent of taxable estimated 273.13 273.14 market value, or \$60,000, whichever is less. The money in the fund shall be used for organizational expenses and preparation of the watershed management plan for projects. 273.15 (b) The managers may borrow from the affected counties up to 75 percent of the 273.16 anticipated funds to be collected from the organizational expense fund levy and the 273.17 counties affected may make the advancements. 273.18

(c) The advancement of anticipated funds shall be apportioned among affected
counties in the same ratio as the net tax capacity of the area of the counties within
the watershed district bears to the net tax capacity of the entire watershed district. If a
watershed district is enlarged, an organizational expense fund may be levied against the
area added to the watershed district in the same manner as provided in this subdivision.
(d) Unexpended funds collected for the organizational expense may be transferred to
the administrative fund and used for the purposes of the administrative fund.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 103D.905, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 273.26 Subd. 3. General fund. A general fund, consisting of an ad valorem tax levy, may 273.27 not exceed 0.048 percent of taxable estimated market value, or \$250,000, whichever is 273.28 less. The money in the fund shall be used for general administrative expenses and for 273.29 the construction or implementation and maintenance of projects of common benefit to 273.30 the watershed district. The managers may make an annual levy for the general fund as 273.31 provided in section 103D.911. In addition to the annual general levy, the managers may 273.32 annually levy a tax not to exceed 0.00798 percent of taxable estimated market value 273.33 for a period not to exceed 15 consecutive years to pay the cost attributable to the basic 273.34

water management features of projects initiated by petition of a political subdivision
within the watershed district or by petition of at least 50 resident owners whose property
is within the watershed district.

- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 103D.905, subdivision 8, is amended to read: Subd. 8. Survey and data acquisition fund. (a) A survey and data acquisition fund is established and used only if other funds are not available to the watershed district to pay for making necessary surveys and acquiring data.
- (b) The survey and data acquisition fund consists of the proceeds of a property tax
  that can be levied only once every five years. The levy may not exceed 0.02418 percent of
  taxable estimated market value.

(c) The balance of the survey and data acquisition fund may not exceed \$50,000.

(d) In a subsequent proceeding for a project where a survey has been made, the

attributable cost of the survey as determined by the managers shall be included as a part ofthe cost of the work and the sum shall be repaid to the survey and data acquisition fund.

- 274.15 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 117.025, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- 274.16 Subd. 7. Structurally substandard. "Structurally substandard" means a building:
- (1) that was inspected by the appropriate local government and cited for one or moreenforceable housing, maintenance, or building code violations;
- (2) in which the cited building code violations involve one or more of the following:
- (i) a roof and roof framing element;
- (ii) support walls, beams, and headers;
- 274.22 (iii) foundation, footings, and subgrade conditions;
- 274.23 (iv) light and ventilation;
- 274.24 (v) fire protection, including egress;
- 274.25 (vi) internal utilities, including electricity, gas, and water;
- 274.26 (vii) flooring and flooring elements; or
- 274.27 (viii) walls, insulation, and exterior envelope;
- (3) in which the cited housing, maintenance, or building code violations have notbeen remedied after two notices to cure the noncompliance; and
- (4) has uncured housing, maintenance, and building code violations, satisfaction of
  which would cost more than 50 percent of the assessor's taxable estimated market value
  for the building, excluding land value, as determined under section 273.11 for property
  taxes payable in the year in which the condemnation is commenced.

A local government is authorized to seek from a judge or magistrate an administrative 275.1 warrant to gain access to inspect a specific building in a proposed development or 275.2 redevelopment area upon showing of probable cause that a specific code violation has 275.3 occurred and that the violation has not been cured, and that the owner has denied the local 275.4 government access to the property. Items of evidence that may support a conclusion of 275.5 probable cause may include recent fire or police inspections, housing inspection, exterior 275.6 evidence of deterioration, or other similar reliable evidence of deterioration in the specific 275.7 building. 275.8

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 127A.48, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 275.9 Subdivision 1. Computation. The Department of Revenue must annually conduct 275.10 an assessment/sales ratio study of the taxable property in each county, city, town, and 275.11 school district in accordance with the procedures in subdivisions 2 and 3. Based upon the 275.12 results of this assessment/sales ratio study, the Department of Revenue must determine an 275.13 275.14 aggregate equalized net tax capacity for the various classes of taxable property in each taxing district, the aggregate of which tax capacity shall be is designated as the adjusted net 275.15 tax capacity. The adjusted net tax capacity must be reduced by the captured tax capacity of 275.16 tax increment districts under section 469.177, subdivision 2, fiscal disparities contribution 275.17 tax capacities under sections 276A.06 and 473F.08, and the tax capacity of transmission 275.18 lines required to be subtracted from the local tax base under section 273.425; and increased 275.19 by fiscal disparities distribution tax capacities under sections 276A.06 and 473F.08. The 275.20 adjusted net tax capacities shall be determined using the net tax capacity percentages in 275.21 275.22 effect for the assessment year following the assessment year of the study. The Department of Revenue must make whatever estimates are necessary to account for changes in the 275.23 classification system. The Department of Revenue may incur the expense necessary to 275.24 make the determinations. The commissioner of revenue may reimburse any county or 275.25 governmental official for requested services performed in ascertaining the adjusted net tax 275.26 capacity. On or before March 15 annually, the Department of Revenue shall file with the 275.27 chair of the Tax Committee of the house of representatives and the chair of the Committee 275.28 on Taxes and Tax laws of the senate a report of adjusted net tax capacities for school 275.29 districts. On or before June 15 annually, the Department of Revenue shall file its final report 275.30 on the adjusted net tax capacities for school districts established by the previous year's 275.31 assessments and the current year's net tax capacity percentages with the commissioner of 275.32 education and each county auditor for those school districts for which the auditor has the 275.33 responsibility for determination of local tax rates. A copy of the report so filed shall be 275.34

mailed to the clerk of each <u>school</u> district involved and to the county assessor or supervisor
of assessments of the county or counties in which each school district is located.

#### 276.3

### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

276.4 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 138.053, is amended to read:

# 276.5 138.053 COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY; TAX LEVY; CITIES OR 276.6 TOWNS.

The governing body of any home rule charter or statutory city or town may annually appropriate from its general fund an amount not to exceed 0.02418 percent of taxable <u>estimated</u> market value, derived from ad valorem taxes on property or other revenues, to be paid to the historical society of its respective county to be used for the promotion of historical work and to aid in defraying the expenses of carrying on the historical work in the county. No city or town may appropriate any funds for the benefit of any historical society unless the society is affiliated with and approved by the Minnesota Historical Society.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 144F.01, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 276.14 Subd. 4. Property tax levy authority. The district's board may levy a tax on the 276.15 taxable real and personal property in the district. The ad valorem tax levy may not exceed 276.16 0.048 percent of the taxable estimated market value of the district or \$400,000, whichever 276.17 is less. The proceeds of the levy must be used as provided in subdivision 5. The board shall 276.18 276.19 certify the levy at the times as provided under section 275.07. The board shall provide the county with whatever information is necessary to identify the property that is located within 276.20 the district. If the boundaries include a part of a parcel, the entire parcel shall be included 276.21 in the district. The county auditors must spread, collect, and distribute the proceeds of the 276.22 tax at the same time and in the same manner as provided by law for all other property taxes. 276.23

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 162.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. **Computation for rural counties.** An amount equal to a levy of 0.01596 percent on each rural county's total <u>taxable\_estimated</u> market value for the last preceding calendar year shall be computed and shall be subtracted from the county's total estimated construction costs. The result thereof shall be the money needs of the county. For the purpose of this section, "rural counties" means all counties having a population of less than 175,000.

276.31 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 162.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

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Subd. 4. **Computation for urban counties.** An amount equal to a levy of 0.00967 percent on each urban county's total taxable estimated market value for the last preceding calendar year shall be computed and shall be subtracted from the county's total estimated construction costs. The result thereof shall be the money needs of the county. For the purpose of this section, "urban counties" means all counties having a population of 175,000 or more.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 163.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 277.7 Subd. 3. Bridges within certain cities. When the council of any statutory city or 277.8 city of the third or fourth class may determine that it is necessary to build or improve any 277.9 bridge or bridges, including approaches thereto, and any dam or retaining works connected 277.10 therewith, upon or forming a part of streets or highways either wholly or partly within 277.11 its limits, the county board shall appropriate one-half of the money as may be necessary 277.12 therefor from the county road and bridge fund, not exceeding during any year one-half 277.13 277.14 the amount of taxes paid into the county road and bridge fund during the preceding year, on property within the corporate limits of the city. The appropriation shall be made upon 277.15 the petition of the council, which petition shall be filed by the council with the county 277.16 board prior to the fixing by the board of the annual county tax levy. The county board 277.17 shall determine the plans and specifications, shall let all necessary contracts, shall have 277.18 charge of construction, and upon its request, warrants in payment thereof shall be issued 277.19 by the county auditor, from time to time, as the construction work proceeds. Any unpaid 277.20 balance may be paid or advanced by the city. On petition of the council, the appropriations 277.21 277.22 of the county board, during not to exceed three successive years, may be made to apply on the construction of the same items and to repay any money advanced by the city in 277.23 the construction thereof. None of the provisions of this section shall be construed to 277.24 277.25 be mandatory as applied to any city whose estimated market value exceeds \$2,100 per capita of its population. 277.26

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 163.06, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
Subd. 6. Expenditure in certain counties. In any county having not less than 95
nor more than 105 full and fractional townships, and having <u>a an estimated</u> market value
of not less than \$12,000,000 nor more than \$21,000,000, exclusive of money and credits,
the county board, by resolution, may expend the funds provided in subdivision 4 in any
organized or unorganized township or portion thereof in such county.

277.33 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 165.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Certain counties may issue and sell. The county board of any county having no outstanding road and bridge bonds may issue and sell county road bonds in an amount not exceeding 0.12089 percent of the <u>estimated market value of the taxable</u> property within the county exclusive of money and credits, for the purpose of constructing, reconstructing, improving, or maintaining any bridge or bridges on any highway under its jurisdiction, without submitting the matter to a vote of the electors of the county.

278.7 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 278.8 to read:

278.9 <u>Subd. 14.</u> Estimated market value. "Estimated market value" means the assessor's

278.10 determination of market value, including the effects of any orders made under section

278.11 <u>270.12 or chapter 274, for the parcel. The provisions of section 273.032 apply for certain</u>

278.12 uses in determining the total estimated market value for the taxing jurisdiction.

278.13 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 278.14 to read:

278.15 Subd. 15. Taxable market value. "Taxable market value" means estimated market

278.16 value for the parcel as reduced by market value exclusions, deferments of value, or other

278.17 adjustments required by law, that reduce market value before the application of class rates.

278.18 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.032, is amended to read:

### 278.19 **273.032 MARKET VALUE DEFINITION.**

(a) Unless otherwise provided, for the purpose of determining any property tax 278.20 278.21 levy limitation based on market value or any limit on net debt, the issuance of bonds, certificates of indebtedness, or capital notes based on market value, any qualification to 278.22 receive state aid based on market value, or any state aid amount based on market value, the 278.23 terms "market value," "taxable estimated market value," and "market valuation," whether 278.24 equalized or unequalized, mean the total taxable estimated market value of taxable property 278.25 within the local unit of government before any of the following or similar adjustments for: 278.26(1) the market value exclusions under: 278.27 (i) section 273.11, subdivisions 14a and 14c (vacant platted land); 278.28 (ii) section 273.11, subdivision 16 (certain improvements to homestead property); 278.29

(iii) section 273.11, subdivisions 19 and 20 (certain improvements to business

278.31 properties);

(iv) section 273.11, subdivision 21 (homestead property damaged by mold);
(v) section 273.11, subdivision 22 (qualifying lead hazardous reduction projects);

279.1	(vi) section 273.13, subdivision 34 (homestead of a disabled veteran or family
279.2	caregiver);
279.3	(vii) section 273.13, subdivision 35 (homestead market value exclusion); or
279.4	(2) the deferment of value under:
279.5	(i) the Minnesota Agricultural Property Tax Law, section 273.111;
279.6	(ii) the Aggregate Resource Preservation Law, section 273.1115;
279.7	(iii) the Minnesota Open Space Property Tax Law, section 273.112;
279.8	(iv) the rural preserves property tax program, section 273.114; or
279.9	(v) the Metropolitan Agricultural Preserves Act, section 473H.10; or
279.10	(3) the adjustments to tax capacity for:
279.11	(i) tax increment; financing under sections 469.174 to 469.1794;
279.12	(ii) fiscal disparity, disparities under chapter 276A or 473F; or
279.13	(iii) powerline credit, or wind energy values, but after the limited market adjustments
279.14	under section 273.11, subdivision 1a, and after the market value exclusions of certain
279.15	improvements to homestead property under section 273.11, subdivision 16 under section
279.16	<u>273.425</u> .
279.17	(b) Estimated market value under paragraph (a) also includes the market value
279.18	of tax-exempt property if the applicable law specifically provides that the limitation,
279.19	qualification, or aid calculation includes tax-exempt property.
279.20	(c) Unless otherwise provided, "market value," "taxable estimated market value,"
279.21	and "market valuation" for purposes of this paragraph property tax levy limitations and
279.22	calculation of state aid, refer to the taxable estimated market value for the previous
279.23	assessment year and for purposes of limits on net debt, the issuance of bonds, certificates of
279.24	indebtedness, or capital notes refer to the estimated market value as last finally equalized.
279.25	For the purpose of determining any net debt limit based on market value, or any limit
279.26	on the issuance of bonds, certificates of indebtedness, or capital notes based on market
279.27	value, the terms "market value," "taxable market value," and "market valuation," whether
279.28	equalized or unequalized, mean the total taxable market value of property within the local
279.29	unit of government before any adjustments for tax increment, fiseal disparity, powerline
279.30	eredit, or wind energy values, but after the limited market value adjustments under section
279.31	273.11, subdivision 1a, and after the market value exclusions of certain improvements to
279.32	homestead property under section 273.11, subdivision 16. Unless otherwise provided,
279.33	"market value," "taxable market value," and "market valuation" for purposes of this
279.34	paragraph, mean the taxable market value as last finally equalized.
279.35	(d) For purposes of a provision of a home rule charter or of any special law that is not
279.36	codified in the statutes and that imposes a levy limitation based on market value or any limit

on debt, the issuance of bonds, certificates of indebtedness, or capital notes based on market
 value, the terms "market value," "taxable market value," and "market valuation," whether
 equalized or unequalized, mean "estimated market value" as defined in paragraph (a).

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 280.4 Subdivision 1. Generally. Except as provided in this section or section 273.17, 280.5 subdivision 1, all property shall be valued at its market value. The market value as 280.6 determined pursuant to this section shall be stated such that any amount under \$100 is 280.7 rounded up to \$100 and any amount exceeding \$100 shall be rounded to the nearest \$100. 280.8 In estimating and determining such value, the assessor shall not adopt a lower or different 280.9 standard of value because the same is to serve as a basis of taxation, nor shall the assessor 280.10 adopt as a criterion of value the price for which such property would sell at a forced sale, 280.11 or in the aggregate with all the property in the town or district; but the assessor shall value 280.12 each article or description of property by itself, and at such sum or price as the assessor 280.13 believes the same to be fairly worth in money. The assessor shall take into account the 280.14 effect on the market value of property of environmental factors in the vicinity of the 280.15 property. In assessing any tract or lot of real property, the value of the land, exclusive of 280.16 structures and improvements, shall be determined, and also the value of all structures and 280.17 improvements thereon, and the aggregate value of the property, including all structures 280.18 and improvements, excluding the value of crops growing upon cultivated land. In valuing 280.19 real property upon which there is a mine or quarry, it shall be valued at such price as such 280.20 property, including the mine or quarry, would sell for at a fair, voluntary sale, for cash, 280.21 280.22 if the material being mined or quarried is not subject to taxation under section 298.015 and the mine or quarry is not exempt from the general property tax under section 298.25. 280.23 In valuing real property which is vacant, platted property shall be assessed as provided 280.24 in subdivision 14 subdivisions 14a and 14c. All property, or the use thereof, which is 280.25 taxable under section 272.01, subdivision 2, or 273.19, shall be valued at the market 280.26 value of such property and not at the value of a leasehold estate in such property, or at 280.27 some lesser value than its market value. 280.28

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.124, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
Subd. 3a. Manufactured home park cooperative. (a) When a manufactured home
park is owned by a corporation or association organized under chapter 308A or 308B,
and each person who owns a share or shares in the corporation or association is entitled
to occupy a lot within the park, the corporation or association may claim homestead

treatment for the park. Each lot must be designated by legal description or number, andeach lot is limited to not more than one-half acre of land.

(b) The manufactured home park shall be entitled to homestead treatment if allof the following criteria are met:

(1) the occupant or the cooperative corporation or association is paying the ad
valorem property taxes and any special assessments levied against the land and structure
either directly, or indirectly through dues to the corporation or association; and

(2) the corporation or association organized under chapter 308A or 308B is wholly
owned by persons having a right to occupy a lot owned by the corporation or association.
(c) A charitable corporation, organized under the laws of Minnesota with no
outstanding stock, and granted a ruling by the Internal Revenue Service for 501(c)(3)
tax-exempt status, qualifies for homestead treatment with respect to a manufactured home
park if its members hold residential participation warrants entitling them to occupy a lot

281.14 in the manufactured home park.

(d) "Homestead treatment" under this subdivision means the class rate provided for
class 4c property classified under section 273.13, subdivision 25, paragraph (d), clause (5),
item (ii). The homestead market value eredit exclusion under section 273.1384 273.13,
<u>subdivision 35</u>, does not apply and the property taxes assessed against the park shall not
be included in the determination of taxes payable for rent paid under section 290A.03.

281.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2013 and 281.21 thereafter.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.124, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
Subd. 13. Homestead application. (a) A person who meets the homestead
requirements under subdivision 1 must file a homestead application with the county
assessor to initially obtain homestead classification.

(b) The format and contents of a uniform homestead application shall be prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. The application must clearly inform the taxpayer that this application must be signed by all owners who occupy the property or by the qualifying relative and returned to the county assessor in order for the property to receive homestead treatment.

(c) Every property owner applying for homestead classification must furnish to the
county assessor the Social Security number of each occupant who is listed as an owner
of the property on the deed of record, the name and address of each owner who does not
occupy the property, and the name and Social Security number of each owner's spouse who
occupies the property. The application must be signed by each owner who occupies the

property and by each owner's spouse who occupies the property, or, in the case of propertythat qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), by the qualifying relative.

If a property owner occupies a homestead, the property owner's spouse may not claim another property as a homestead unless the property owner and the property owner's spouse file with the assessor an affidavit or other proof required by the assessor stating that the property qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (e).

Owners or spouses occupying residences owned by their spouses and previously 282.7 occupied with the other spouse, either of whom fail to include the other spouse's name 282.8 and Social Security number on the homestead application or provide the affidavits or 282.9 other proof requested, will be deemed to have elected to receive only partial homestead 282.10 treatment of their residence. The remainder of the residence will be classified as 282.11 nonhomestead residential. When an owner or spouse's name and Social Security number 282.12 appear on homestead applications for two separate residences and only one application is 282.13 signed, the owner or spouse will be deemed to have elected to homestead the residence for 282.14 282.15 which the application was signed.

The Social Security numbers, state or federal tax returns or tax return information, including the federal income tax schedule F required by this section, or affidavits or other proofs of the property owners and spouses submitted under this or another section to support a claim for a property tax homestead classification are private data on individuals as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12, but, notwithstanding that section, the private data may be disclosed to the commissioner of revenue, or, for purposes of proceeding under the Revenue Recapture Act to recover personal property taxes owing, to the county treasurer.

(d) If residential real estate is occupied and used for purposes of a homestead by a 282.23 relative of the owner and qualifies for a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), in 282.24 order for the property to receive homestead status, a homestead application must be filed 282.25 with the assessor. The Social Security number of each relative and spouse of a relative 282.26 occupying the property shall be required on the homestead application filed under this 282.27 subdivision. If a different relative of the owner subsequently occupies the property, the 282.28 owner of the property must notify the assessor within 30 days of the change in occupancy. 282.29 The Social Security number of a relative or relative's spouse occupying the property 282.30 is private data on individuals as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12, but may be 282.31 disclosed to the commissioner of revenue, or, for the purposes of proceeding under the 282.32 Revenue Recapture Act to recover personal property taxes owing, to the county treasurer. 282.33 (e) The homestead application shall also notify the property owners that the 282.34 application filed under this section will not be mailed annually and that if the property 282.35 is granted homestead status for any assessment year, that same property shall remain 282.36

classified as homestead until the property is sold or transferred to another person, or 283.1 the owners, the spouse of the owner, or the relatives no longer use the property as their 283.2 homestead. Upon the sale or transfer of the homestead property, a certificate of value must 283.3 be timely filed with the county auditor as provided under section 272.115. Failure to 283.4 notify the assessor within 30 days that the property has been sold, transferred, or that the 283.5 owner, the spouse of the owner, or the relative is no longer occupying the property as a 283.6 homestead, shall result in the penalty provided under this subdivision and the property 283.7 will lose its current homestead status. 283.8

(f) If the homestead application is not returned within 30 days, the county will send a second application to the present owners of record. The notice of proposed property taxes prepared under section 275.065, subdivision 3, shall reflect the property's classification. If a homestead application has not been filed with the county by December 15, the assessor shall classify the property as nonhomestead for the current assessment year for taxes payable in the following year, provided that the owner may be entitled to receive the homestead classification by proper application under section 375.192.

(g) At the request of the commissioner, each county must give the commissioner a
list that includes the name and Social Security number of each occupant of homestead
property who is the property owner, property owner's spouse, qualifying relative of a
property owner, or a spouse of a qualifying relative. The commissioner shall use the
information provided on the lists as appropriate under the law, including for the detection
of improper claims by owners, or relatives of owners, under chapter 290A.

(h) If the commissioner finds that a property owner may be claiming a fraudulent 283.22 homestead, the commissioner shall notify the appropriate counties. Within 90 days of 283.23 the notification, the county assessor shall investigate to determine if the homestead 283.24 classification was properly claimed. If the property owner does not qualify, the county 283.25 assessor shall notify the county auditor who will determine the amount of homestead 283.26 benefits that had been improperly allowed. For the purpose of this section, "homestead 283.27 benefits" means the tax reduction resulting from the classification as a homestead and the 283.28 homestead market value exclusion under section 273.13, the taconite homestead credit 283.29 under section 273.135, the residential homestead and agricultural homestead eredits credit 283.30 under section 273.1384, and the supplemental homestead credit under section 273.1391. 283.31

The county auditor shall send a notice to the person who owned the affected property at the time the homestead application related to the improper homestead was filed, demanding reimbursement of the homestead benefits plus a penalty equal to 100 percent of the homestead benefits. The person notified may appeal the county's determination by serving copies of a petition for review with county officials as provided in section

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278.01 and filing proof of service as provided in section 278.01 with the Minnesota Tax 284.1 Court within 60 days of the date of the notice from the county. Procedurally, the appeal 284.2 is governed by the provisions in chapter 271 which apply to the appeal of a property tax 284.3 assessment or levy, but without requiring any prepayment of the amount in controversy. If 284.4 the amount of homestead benefits and penalty is not paid within 60 days, and if no appeal 284.5 has been filed, the county auditor shall certify the amount of taxes and penalty to the county 284.6 treasurer. The county treasurer will add interest to the unpaid homestead benefits and 284.7 penalty amounts at the rate provided in section 279.03 for real property taxes becoming 284.8 delinquent in the calendar year during which the amount remains unpaid. Interest may be 284.9 assessed for the period beginning 60 days after demand for payment was made. 284.10

If the person notified is the current owner of the property, the treasurer may add the 284.11 total amount of homestead benefits, penalty, interest, and costs to the ad valorem taxes 284.12 otherwise payable on the property by including the amounts on the property tax statements 284.13 under section 276.04, subdivision 3. The amounts added under this paragraph to the ad 284.14 valorem taxes shall include interest accrued through December 31 of the year preceding 284.15 the taxes payable year for which the amounts are first added. These amounts, when added 284.16 to the property tax statement, become subject to all the laws for the enforcement of real or 284.17 personal property taxes for that year, and for any subsequent year. 284.18

If the person notified is not the current owner of the property, the treasurer may 284.19 collect the amounts due under the Revenue Recapture Act in chapter 270A, or use any of 284.20 the powers granted in sections 277.20 and 277.21 without exclusion, to enforce payment 284.21 of the homestead benefits, penalty, interest, and costs, as if those amounts were delinquent 284.22 284.23 tax obligations of the person who owned the property at the time the application related to the improperly allowed homestead was filed. The treasurer may relieve a prior owner of 284.24 personal liability for the homestead benefits, penalty, interest, and costs, and instead extend 284.25 those amounts on the tax lists against the property as provided in this paragraph to the extent 284.26 that the current owner agrees in writing. On all demands, billings, property tax statements, 284.27 and related correspondence, the county must list and state separately the amounts of 284.28 homestead benefits, penalty, interest and costs being demanded, billed or assessed. 284.29

(i) Any amount of homestead benefits recovered by the county from the property
owner shall be distributed to the county, city or town, and school district where the
property is located in the same proportion that each taxing district's levy was to the total
of the three taxing districts' levy for the current year. Any amount recovered attributable
to taconite homestead credit shall be transmitted to the St. Louis County auditor to be
deposited in the taconite property tax relief account. Any amount recovered that is
attributable to supplemental homestead credit is to be transmitted to the commissioner of

revenue for deposit in the general fund of the state treasury. The total amount of penaltycollected must be deposited in the county general fund.

- (j) If a property owner has applied for more than one homestead and the county
  assessors cannot determine which property should be classified as homestead, the county
  assessors will refer the information to the commissioner. The commissioner shall make
  the determination and notify the counties within 60 days.
- (k) In addition to lists of homestead properties, the commissioner may ask the
  counties to furnish lists of all properties and the record owners. The Social Security
  numbers and federal identification numbers that are maintained by a county or city
  assessor for property tax administration purposes, and that may appear on the lists retain
  their classification as private or nonpublic data; but may be viewed, accessed, and used by
  the county auditor or treasurer of the same county for the limited purpose of assisting the
  commissioner in the preparation of microdata samples under section 270C.12.
- (1) On or before April 30 each year beginning in 2007, each county must provide the
  commissioner with the following data for each parcel of homestead property by electronic
  means as defined in section 289A.02, subdivision 8:
- (i) the property identification number assigned to the parcel for purposes of taxespayable in the current year;
- (ii) the name and Social Security number of each occupant of homestead property
  who is the property owner, property owner's spouse, qualifying relative of a property
  owner, or spouse of a qualifying relative;
- (iii) the classification of the property under section 273.13 for taxes payable in thecurrent year and in the prior year;
- (iv) an indication of whether the property was classified as a homestead for taxes
  payable in the current year because of occupancy by a relative of the owner or by a
  spouse of a relative;
- (v) the property taxes payable as defined in section 290A.03, subdivision 13, for thecurrent year and the prior year;
- (vi) the market value of improvements to the property first assessed for tax purposesfor taxes payable in the current year;
- (vii) the assessor's estimated market value assigned to the property for taxes payablein the current year and the prior year;
- (viii) the taxable market value assigned to the property for taxes payable in thecurrent year and the prior year;
- (ix) whether there are delinquent property taxes owing on the homestead;
- 285.36 (x) the unique taxing district in which the property is located; and

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The commissioner shall use the information provided on the lists as appropriate under the law, including for the detection of improper claims by owners, or relatives of owners, under chapter 290A.

(xi) such other information as the commissioner decides is necessary.

## 286.5 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2013 and 286.6 thereafter.

286.7 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.13, subdivision 21b, is amended to read:
286.8 Subd. 21b. <u>Net tax capacity. (a) Gross tax capacity means the product of the</u>
286.9 appropriate gross class rates in this section and market values.

286.10 (b) Net tax capacity means the product of the appropriate net class rates in this
286.11 section and <u>taxable</u> market values.

286.12

286.1

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.1398, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 286.13 Subd. 3. Disparity reduction aid. The amount of disparity aid certified for each 286.14 taxing district within each unique taxing jurisdiction for taxes payable in the prior year 286.15 shall be multiplied by the ratio of (1) the jurisdiction's tax capacity using the class rates for 286.16 taxes payable in the year for which aid is being computed, to (2) its tax capacity using 286.17 the class rates for taxes payable in the year prior to that for which aid is being computed, 286.18 both based upon taxable market values for taxes payable in the year prior to that for which 286.19 286.20 aid is being computed. If the commissioner determines that insufficient information is available to reasonably and timely calculate the numerator in this ratio for the first taxes 286.21 payable year that a class rate change or new class rate is effective, the commissioner shall 286.22 omit the effects of that class rate change or new class rate when calculating this ratio for 286.23 aid payable in that taxes payable year. For aid payable in the year following a year for 286.24 which such omission was made, the commissioner shall use in the denominator for the 286.25 class that was changed or created, the tax capacity for taxes payable two years prior to that 286.26 in which the aid is payable, based on taxable market values for taxes payable in the year 286.27 prior to that for which aid is being computed. 286.28

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.1398, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Disparity reduction credit. (a) Beginning with taxes payable in 1989,
class 4a and class 3a property qualifies for a disparity reduction credit if: (1) the property
is located in a border city that has an enterprise zone, as defined in section 469.166; (2)

the property is located in a city with a population greater than 2,500 and less than 35,000 according to the 1980 decennial census; (3) the city is adjacent to a city in another state or immediately adjacent to a city adjacent to a city in another state; and (4) the adjacent city in the other state has a population of greater than 5,000 and less than 75,000 according to the 1980 decennial census.

(b) The credit is an amount sufficient to reduce (i) the taxes levied on class 4a
property to 2.3 percent of the property's <u>taxable</u> market value and (ii) the tax on class 3a
property to 2.3 percent of taxable market value.

(c) The county auditor shall annually certify the costs of the credits to the
Department of Revenue. The department shall reimburse local governments for the
property taxes forgone as the result of the credits in proportion to their total levies.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 275.011, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. **Determination of levy limit.** The property tax levied for any purpose under a special law that is not codified in Minnesota Statutes or a city charter provision and that is subject to a mill rate limitation imposed by the special law or city charter provision, excluding levies subject to mill rate limitations that use adjusted assessed values determined by the commissioner of revenue under section 124.2131, must not exceed the following amount for the years specified:

(a) for taxes payable in 1988, the product of the applicable mill rate limitation
imposed by special law or city charter provision multiplied by the total assessed valuation
of all taxable property subject to the tax as adjusted by the provisions of Minnesota
Statutes 1986, sections 272.64; 273.13, subdivision 7a; and 275.49;

(b) for taxes payable in 1989, the product of (1) the property tax levy limitation for the taxes payable year 1988 determined under clause (a) multiplied by (2) an index for market valuation changes equal to the assessment year 1988 total market valuation of all taxable property subject to the tax divided by the assessment year 1987 total market valuation of all taxable property subject to the tax; and

(c) for taxes payable in 1990 and subsequent years, the product of (1) the property 287.28 tax levy limitation for the previous year determined pursuant to this subdivision multiplied 287.29 by (2) an index for market valuation changes equal to the total market valuation of all 287.30 taxable property subject to the tax for the current assessment year divided by the total 287.31 market valuation of all taxable property subject to the tax for the previous assessment year. 287.32 For the purpose of determining the property tax levy limitation for the taxes payable 287.33 year 1988 2014 and subsequent years under this subdivision, "total market valuation" 287.34 means the total estimated market valuation value of all taxable property subject to the 287.35

tax without valuation adjustments for fiscal disparities (chapters 276A and 473F), tax
increment financing (sections 469.174 to 469.179), or powerline credit (section 273.425)
as provided under section 273.032.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 275.077, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 288.4 Subd. 2. Correction of levy amount. The difference between the correct levy and 288.5 the erroneous levy shall be added to the township levy for the subsequent levy year; 288.6 provided that if the amount of the difference exceeds 0.12089 percent of taxable estimated 288.7 market value, the excess shall be added to the township levy for the second and later 288.8 subsequent levy years, not to exceed an additional levy of 0.12089 percent of taxable 288.9 estimated market value in any year, until the full amount of the difference has been levied. 288.10 The funds collected from the corrected levies shall be used to reimburse the county for the 288.11 payment required by subdivision 1. 288.12

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 275.71, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. Adjusted levy limit base. For taxes levied in 2008 through 2010, the adjusted levy limit base is equal to the levy limit base computed under subdivision 2 or section 275.72, multiplied by:

(1) one plus the percentage growth in the implicit price deflator, but the percentageshall not be less than zero or exceed 3.9 percent;

(2) one plus a percentage equal to 50 percent of the percentage increase in the number
of households, if any, for the most recent 12-month period for which data is available; and
(3) one plus a percentage equal to 50 percent of the percentage increase in the
taxable estimated market value of the jurisdiction due to new construction of class 3
property, as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 4, except for state-assessed utility and
railroad property, for the most recent year for which data is available.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 276.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 288.25 Subd. 2. Contents of tax statements. (a) The treasurer shall provide for the printing 288.26 of the tax statements. The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of the property 288.27 tax statement and its contents. The tax statement must not state or imply that property tax 288.28 credits are paid by the state of Minnesota. The statement must contain a tabulated statement 288.29 of the dollar amount due to each taxing authority and the amount of the state tax from the 288.30 parcel of real property for which a particular tax statement is prepared. The dollar amounts 288.31 attributable to the county, the state tax, the voter approved school tax, the other local school 288.32 tax, the township or municipality, and the total of the metropolitan special taxing districts 288.33

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as defined in section 275.065, subdivision 3, paragraph (i), must be separately stated. 289.1 The amounts due all other special taxing districts, if any, may be aggregated except that 289.2 any levies made by the regional rail authorities in the county of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, 289.3 Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington under chapter 398A shall be listed on a separate 289.4 line directly under the appropriate county's levy. If the county levy under this paragraph 289.5 includes an amount for a lake improvement district as defined under sections 103B.501 289.6 to 103B.581, the amount attributable for that purpose must be separately stated from the 289.7 remaining county levy amount. In the case of Ramsey County, if the county levy under this 289.8 paragraph includes an amount for public library service under section 134.07, the amount 289.9 attributable for that purpose may be separated from the remaining county levy amount. 289.10 The amount of the tax on homesteads qualifying under the senior citizens' property tax 289.11 deferral program under chapter 290B is the total amount of property tax before subtraction 289.12 of the deferred property tax amount. The amount of the tax on contamination value 289.13 imposed under sections 270.91 to 270.98, if any, must also be separately stated. The dollar 289.14 amounts, including the dollar amount of any special assessments, may be rounded to the 289.15 nearest even whole dollar. For purposes of this section whole odd-numbered dollars may 289.16 be adjusted to the next higher even-numbered dollar. The amount of market value excluded 289.17 under section 273.11, subdivision 16, if any, must also be listed on the tax statement. 289.18

(b) The property tax statements for manufactured homes and sectional structures
taxed as personal property shall contain the same information that is required on the
tax statements for real property.

(c) Real and personal property tax statements must contain the following information
in the order given in this paragraph. The information must contain the current year tax
information in the right column with the corresponding information for the previous year
in a column on the left:

(1) the property's estimated market value under section 273.11, subdivision 1;

(2) the property's homestead market value exclusion under section 273.13,
subdivision 35;

(3) the property's taxable market value after reductions under sections 273.11,
subdivisions 1a and 16, and 273.13, subdivision 35 section 272.03, subdivision 15;
(4) the property's gross tax, before credits;

(5) for homestead agricultural properties, the credit under section 273.1384;
(6) any credits received under sections 273.119; 273.1234 or 273.1235; 273.135;
273.1391; 273.1398, subdivision 4; 469.171; and 473H.10, except that the amount of
credit received under section 273.135 must be separately stated and identified as "taconite
tax relief"; and

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290.1 (7) the net tax payable in the manner required in paragraph (a).

(d) If the county uses envelopes for mailing property tax statements and if the county 290.2 agrees, a taxing district may include a notice with the property tax statement notifying 290.3 taxpayers when the taxing district will begin its budget deliberations for the current 290.4 year, and encouraging taxpayers to attend the hearings. If the county allows notices to 290.5 be included in the envelope containing the property tax statement, and if more than 290.6 one taxing district relative to a given property decides to include a notice with the tax 290.7 statement, the county treasurer or auditor must coordinate the process and may combine 290.8 the information on a single announcement. 290.9

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 276A.01, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 290.10 Subd. 10. Adjusted market value. "Adjusted market value" of real and personal 290.11 property within a municipality means the assessor's estimated taxable market value, 290.12 as defined in section 272.03, of all real and personal property, including the value of 290.13 290.14 manufactured housing, within the municipality. For purposes of sections 276A.01 to 276A.09, the commissioner of revenue shall annually make determinations and reports 290.15 with respect to each municipality which are comparable to those it makes for school 290.16 290.17 districts, adjusted for sales ratios in a manner similar to the adjustments made to city and town net tax capacities under section 127A.48, subdivisions 1 to 6, in the same manner 290.18 and at the same times prescribed by the subdivision. The commissioner of revenue shall 290.19 annually determine, for each municipality, information comparable to that required by 290.20 section 475.53, subdivision 4, for school districts, as soon as practicable after it becomes 290.21 290.22 available. The commissioner of revenue shall then compute the equalized market value of property within each municipality. 290.23

290.24

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 276A.01, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
 Subd. 12. Fiscal capacity. "Fiscal capacity" of a municipality means its valuation
 adjusted market value, determined as of January 2 of any year, divided by its population,
 determined as of a date in the same year.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 276A.01, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
Subd. 13. Average fiscal capacity. "Average fiscal capacity" of municipalities
means the sum of the valuations adjusted market values of all municipalities, determined
as of January 2 of any year, divided by the sum of their populations, determined as of
a date in the same year.

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real and personal property multiplied by its net tax capacity rates in section 273.13.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 276A.06, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 291.4 Subd. 10. Adjustment of values for other computations. For the purpose of 291.5 computing the amount or rate of any salary, aid, tax, or debt authorized, required, or 291.6 limited by any provision of any law or charter, where the authorization, requirement, or 291.7 limitation is related to any value or valuation of taxable property within any governmental 291.8 unit, the value or net tax capacity fiscal capacity under section 276A.01, subdivision 12, a 291.9 municipality's taxable market value must be adjusted to reflect the adjustments reductions 291.10 to net tax capacity effected by subdivision 2, clause (a), provided that: (1) in determining 291.11 the taxable market value of commercial-industrial property or any class thereof within 291.12 a governmental unit for any purpose other than section 276A.05 municipality, (a) the 291.13 291.14 reduction required by this subdivision is that amount which bears the same proportion to the amount subtracted from the governmental unit's municipality's net tax capacity pursuant 291.15 to subdivision 2, clause (a), as the taxable market value of commercial-industrial property, 291.16 or such class thereof, located within the governmental unit municipality bears to the net 291.17 tax capacity of commercial-industrial property, or such class thereof, located within the 291.18 governmental unit, and (b) the increase required by this subdivision is that amount which 291.19 bears the same proportion to the amount added to the governmental unit's net tax capacity 291.20 pursuant to subdivision 2, clause (b), as the market value of commercial-industrial property, 291.21 291.22 or such class thereof, located within the governmental unit bears to the net tax capacity of commercial-industrial property, or such class thereof, located within the governmental unit; 291.23 and (2) in determining the market value of real property within a municipality for purposes 291.24 291.25 of section 276A.05, the adjustment prescribed by clause (1)(a) must be made and that prescribed by clause (1)(b) must not be made municipality. No adjustment shall be made 291.26 to taxable market value for the increase in net tax capacity under subdivision 2, clause (b). 291.27

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 287.08, is amended to read: 291.28

291.29

287.08 TAX, HOW PAYABLE; RECEIPTS.

(a) The tax imposed by sections 287.01 to 287.12 must be paid to the treasurer of 291.30 any county in this state in which the real property or some part is located at or before 291.31 the time of filing the mortgage for record. The treasurer shall endorse receipt on the 291.32 mortgage and the receipt is conclusive proof that the tax has been paid in the amount 291.33 stated and authorizes any county recorder or registrar of titles to record the mortgage. Its 291.34

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form, in substance, shall be "registration tax hereon of ...... dollars paid." If the 292.1 mortgage is exempt from taxation the endorsement shall, in substance, be "exempt from 292.2 registration tax." In either case the receipt must be signed by the treasurer. In case the 292.3 treasurer is unable to determine whether a claim of exemption should be allowed, the tax 292.4 must be paid as in the case of a taxable mortgage. For documents submitted electronically, 292.5 the endorsements and tax amount shall be affixed electronically and no signature by the 292.6 treasurer will be required. The actual payment method must be arranged in advance 292.7 between the submitter and the receiving county. 292.8

(b) The county treasurer may refund in whole or in part any mortgage registry tax 292.9 overpayment if a written application by the taxpayer is submitted to the county treasurer 292.10 within 3-1/2 years from the date of the overpayment. If the county has not issued a denial 292.11 of the application, the taxpayer may bring an action in Tax Court in the county in which 292.12 the tax was paid at any time after the expiration of six months from the time that the 292.13 application was submitted. A denial of refund may be appealed within 60 days from 292.14 292.15 the date of the denial by bringing an action in Tax Court in the county in which the tax was paid. The action is commenced by the serving of a petition for relief on the county 292.16 treasurer, and by filing a copy with the court. The county attorney shall defend the action. 292.17 The county treasurer shall notify the treasurer of each county that has or would receive a 292.18 portion of the tax as paid. 292.19

(c) If the county treasurer determines a refund should be paid, or if a refund is 292.20 ordered by the court, the county treasurer of each county that actually received a portion 292.21 of the tax shall immediately pay a proportionate share of three percent of the refund 292.22 292.23 using any available county funds. The county treasurer of each county that received, or would have received, a portion of the tax shall also pay their county's proportionate share 292.24 of the remaining 97 percent of the court-ordered refund on or before the 20th day of the 292.25 following month using solely the mortgage registry tax funds that would be paid to the 292.26 commissioner of revenue on that date under section 287.12. If the funds on hand under 292.27 this procedure are insufficient to fully fund 97 percent of the court-ordered refund, the 292.28 county treasurer of the county in which the action was brought shall file a claim with the 292.29 commissioner of revenue under section 16A.48 for the remaining portion of 97 percent of 292.30 the refund, and shall pay over the remaining portion upon receipt of a warrant from the 292.31 state issued pursuant to the claim. 292.32

(d) When any mortgage covers real property located in more than one county in this
state the total tax must be paid to the treasurer of the county where the mortgage is first
presented for recording, and the payment must be receipted as provided in paragraph
(a). If the principal debt or obligation secured by such a multiple county mortgage

exceeds \$10,000,000, the nonstate portion of the tax must be divided and paid over by 293.1 293.2 the county treasurer receiving it, on or before the 20th day of each month after receipt, to the county or counties entitled in the ratio that the estimated market value of the real 293.3 property covered by the mortgage in each county bears to the estimated market value of 293.4 all the real property in this state described in the mortgage. In making the division and 293.5 payment the county treasurer shall send a statement giving the description of the real 293.6 property described in the mortgage and the estimated market value of the part located in 293.7 each county. For this purpose, the treasurer of any county may require the treasurer of 293.8 any other county to certify to the former the estimated market valuation value of any tract 293.9 of real property in any mortgage. 293.10

(e) The mortgagor must pay the tax imposed by sections 287.01 to 287.12. The mortgagee may undertake to collect and remit the tax on behalf of the mortgagor. If the mortgagee collects money from the mortgagor to remit the tax on behalf of the mortgagor, the mortgagee has a fiduciary duty to remit the tax on behalf of the mortgagor as to the amount of the tax collected for that purpose and the mortgagor is relieved of any further obligation to pay the tax as to the amount collected by the mortgagee for this purpose.

293.17 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 287.23, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Real property outside county. If any taxable deed or instrument 293.18 describes any real property located in more than one county in this state, the total tax must 293.19 be paid to the treasurer of the county where the document is first presented for recording, 293.20 and the payment must be receipted as provided in section 287.08. If the net consideration 293.21 293.22 exceeds \$700,000, the nonstate portion of the tax must be divided and paid over by the county treasurer receiving it, on or before the 20th day of each month after receipt, to 293.23 the county or counties entitled in the ratio which the estimated market value of the real 293.24 property covered by the document in each county bears to the estimated market value of 293.25 all the real property in this state described in the document. In making the division and 293.26 payment the county treasurer shall send a statement to the other involved counties giving 293.27 the description of the real property described in the document and the estimated market 293.28 value of the part located in each county. The treasurer of any county may require the 293.29 treasurer of any other county to certify to the former the estimated market valuation value 293.30 of any parcel of real property for this purpose. 293.31

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 353G.08, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Cash flow funding requirement. If the executive director determines that
an account in the voluntary statewide lump-sum volunteer firefighter retirement plan has

insufficient assets to meet the service pensions determined payable from the account, 294.1 the executive director shall certify the amount of the potential service pension shortfall 294.2 to the municipality or municipalities and the municipality or municipalities shall make 294.3 an additional employer contribution to the account within ten days of the certification. 294.4 If more than one municipality is associated with the account, unless the municipalities 294.5 agree to a different allocation, the municipalities shall allocate the additional employer 294.6 contribution one-half in proportion to the population of each municipality and one-half in 294.7 proportion to the estimated market value of the property of each municipality. 294 8

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 365.025, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Major purchases: notice, petition, election. Before buying anything
under subdivision 2 that costs more than 0.24177 percent of the <u>estimated market value of</u>
the town, the town must follow this subdivision.

The town must publish in its official newspaper the board's resolution to pay for the property over time. Then a petition for an election on the contract may be filed with the clerk. The petition must be filed within ten days after the resolution is published. To require the election the petition must be signed by a number of voters equal to ten percent of the voters at the last regular town election. The contract then must be approved by a majority of those voting on the question. The question may be voted on at a regular or special election.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 366.095, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 294.19 Subdivision 1. Certificates of indebtedness. The town board may issue certificates 294.20 294.21 of indebtedness within the debt limits for a town purpose otherwise authorized by law. The certificates shall be payable in not more than ten years and be issued on the terms and 294.22 in the manner as the board may determine. If the amount of the certificates to be issued 294.23 exceeds 0.25 percent of the estimated market value of the town, they shall not be issued 294.24 for at least ten days after publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the town of 294.25 the board's resolution determining to issue them. If within that time, a petition asking for 294.26 an election on the proposition signed by voters equal to ten percent of the number of voters 294.27 at the last regular town election is filed with the clerk, the certificates shall not be issued 294.28 until their issuance has been approved by a majority of the votes cast on the question at 294.29 a regular or special election. A tax levy shall be made to pay the principal and interest 294.30 on the certificates as in the case of bonds. 294.31

294.32 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 366.27, is amended to read:

#### 294.33 **366.27 FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF; TAX LEVY.**

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The town board of any town in this state having therein a platted portion on which resides 1,200 or more people, and wherein a duly incorporated firefighters' relief association is located may each year levy a tax not to exceed 0.00806 percent of taxable estimated market value for the benefit of the relief association.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 368.01, subdivision 23, is amended to read: 295.5 Subd. 23. Financing purchase of certain equipment. The town board may issue 295.6 certificates of indebtedness within debt limits to purchase fire or police equipment or 295.7 ambulance equipment or street construction or maintenance equipment. The certificates 295.8 shall be payable in not more than five years and be issued on terms and in the manner as the 295.9 board may determine. If the amount of the certificates to be issued to finance a purchase 295.10 exceeds 0.24177 percent of the estimated market value of the town, excluding money 295.11 and credits, they shall not be issued for at least ten days after publication in the official 295.12 newspaper of a town board resolution determining to issue them. If before the end of that 295.13 time, a petition asking for an election on the proposition signed by voters equal to ten 295.14 percent of the number of voters at the last regular town election is filed with the clerk, the 295.15 certificates shall not be issued until the proposition of their issuance has been approved by a 295.16 majority of the votes cast on the question at a regular or special election. A tax levy shall be 295.17 made for the payment of the principal and interest on the certificates as in the case of bonds. 295.18

295.19 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 368.47, is amended to read:

295.20

#### 368.47 TOWNS MAY BE DISSOLVED.

(1) When the voters residing within a town have failed to elect any town officials formore than ten years continuously;

295.23 (2) when a town has failed for a period of ten years to exercise any of the powers295.24 and functions of a town;

295.25 (3) when the <u>estimated</u> market value of a town drops to less than \$165,000;

(4) when the tax delinquency of a town, exclusive of taxes that are delinquent or
unpaid because they are contested in proceedings for the enforcement of taxes, amounts to
12 percent of its market value; or

295.29 (5) when the state or federal government has acquired title to 50 percent of the 295.30 real estate of a town,

which facts, or any of them, may be found and determined by the resolution of the county board of the county in which the town is located, according to the official records in the office of the county auditor, the county board by resolution may declare the town, naming it, dissolved and no longer entitled to exercise any of the powers or functions of a town.

In Cass, Itasca, and St. Louis Counties, before the dissolution is effective the voters 296.1 of the town shall express their approval or disapproval. The town clerk shall, upon a 296.2 petition signed by a majority of the registered voters of the town, filed with the clerk at 296.3 least 60 days before a regular or special town election, give notice at the same time and 296.4 in the same manner of the election that the question of dissolution of the town will be 296.5 submitted for determination at the election. At the election the question shall be voted 296.6 upon by a separate ballot, the terms of which shall be either "for dissolution" or "against 296.7 dissolution." The ballot shall be deposited in a separate ballot box and the result of the 296.8 voting canvassed, certified, and returned in the same manner and at the same time as 296.9 other facts and returns of the election. If a majority of the votes cast at the election are 296.10 for dissolution, the town shall be dissolved. If a majority of the votes cast at the election 296.11 are against dissolution, the town shall not be dissolved. 296.12

When a town is dissolved under sections 368.47 to 368.49 the county shall acquire title to any telephone company or other business conducted by the town. The business shall be operated by the board of county commissioners until it can be sold. The subscribers or patrons of the business shall have the first opportunity of purchase. If the town has any outstanding indebtedness chargeable to the business, the county auditor shall levy a tax against the property situated in the dissolved town to pay the indebtedness as it becomes due.

296.20 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 370.01, is amended to read:

296.21

#### **370.01 CHANGE OF BOUNDARIES; CREATION OF NEW COUNTIES.**

The boundaries of counties may be changed by taking territory from a county and 296.22 attaching it to an adjoining county, and new counties may be established out of territory of 296.23 one or more existing counties. A new county shall contain at least 400 square miles and 296.24 have at least 4,000 inhabitants. A proposed new county must have a total taxable estimated 296.25 market value of at least 35 percent of (i) the total taxable estimated market value of the 296.26 existing county, or (ii) the average total taxable estimated market value of the existing 296.27 counties, included in the proposition. The determination of the taxable estimated market 296.28 value of a county must be made by the commissioner of revenue. An existing county shall 296.29 not be reduced in area below 400 square miles, have less than 4,000 inhabitants, or have a 296.30 total taxable estimated market value of less than that required of a new county. 296.31

296.32 No change in the boundaries of any county having an area of more than 2,500 square 296.33 miles, whether by the creation of a new county, or otherwise, shall detach from the existing 296.34 county any territory within 12 miles of the county seat.

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- Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 373.40, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
   Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have
   the meanings given.
- 297.4

(a) "Bonds" means an obligation as defined under section 475.51.

(b) "Capital improvement" means acquisition or betterment of public lands, 297.5 buildings, or other improvements within the county for the purpose of a county courthouse, 297.6 administrative building, health or social service facility, correctional facility, jail, law 297.7 enforcement center, hospital, morgue, library, park, qualified indoor ice arena, roads and 297.8 bridges, and the acquisition of development rights in the form of conservation easements 297.9 under chapter 84C. An improvement must have an expected useful life of five years or 297.10 more to qualify. "Capital improvement" does not include a recreation or sports facility 297.11 building (such as, but not limited to, a gymnasium, ice arena, racquet sports facility, 297.12 swimming pool, exercise room or health spa), unless the building is part of an outdoor 297.13 park facility and is incidental to the primary purpose of outdoor recreation. 297.14

297.15 (c) "Metropolitan county" means a county located in the seven-county metropolitan 297.16 area as defined in section 473.121 or a county with a population of 90,000 or more.

(d) "Population" means the population established by the most recent of thefollowing (determined as of the date the resolution authorizing the bonds was adopted):

297.19 (1) the federal decennial census,

297.20 (2) a special census conducted under contract by the United States Bureau of the297.21 Census, or

297.22 (3) a population estimate made either by the Metropolitan Council or by the state297.23 demographer under section 4A.02.

297.24 (e) "Qualified indoor ice arena" means a facility that meets the requirements of 297.25 section 373.43.

297.26 (f) "Tax capacity" means total taxable market value, but does not include captured
 297.27 market value.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 373.40, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 297.28 Subd. 4. Limitations on amount. A county may not issue bonds under this section 297.29 if the maximum amount of principal and interest to become due in any year on all the 297.30 outstanding bonds issued pursuant to this section (including the bonds to be issued) will 297.31 equal or exceed 0.12 percent of taxable the estimated market value of property in the 297.32 county. Calculation of the limit must be made using the taxable estimated market value for 297.33 the taxes payable year in which the obligations are issued and sold. This section does not 297.34 limit the authority to issue bonds under any other special or general law. 297.35

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 375.167, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 298.1 Subdivision 1. Appropriations. Notwithstanding any contrary law, a county board 298.2 may appropriate from the general revenue fund to any nonprofit corporation a sum not 298.3 to exceed 0.00604 percent of taxable estimated market value to provide legal assistance 298.4 to persons who are unable to afford private legal counsel. 298.5

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 375.18, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 298.6 Subd. 3. Courthouse. Each county board may erect, furnish, and maintain a 298.7 suitable courthouse. No indebtedness shall be created for a courthouse in excess of an 298.8 amount equal to a levy of 0.04030 percent of taxable estimated market value without the 298.9 approval of a majority of the voters of the county voting on the question of issuing the 298.10 obligation at an election. 298.11

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 375.555, is amended to read: 298.12

375.555 FUNDING. 298.13

To implement the county emergency jobs program, the county board may expend 298.14 an amount equal to what would be generated by a levy of 0.01209 percent of taxable 298.15 estimated market value. The money to be expended may be from any available funds 298.16 298.17 not otherwise earmarked.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 383B.152, is amended to read: 298.18

298.19

#### 383B.152 BUILDING AND MAINTENANCE FUND.

The county board may by resolution levy a tax to provide money which shall be kept 298.20 in a fund known as the county reserve building and maintenance fund. Money in the fund 298.21 shall be used solely for the construction, maintenance, and equipping of county buildings 298.22 that are constructed or maintained by the board. The levy shall not be subject to any limit 298.23 fixed by any other law or by any board of tax levy or other corresponding body, but shall 298.24 not exceed 0.02215 percent of taxable estimated market value, less the amount required by 298.25 chapter 475 to be levied in the year for the payment of the principal of and interest on all 298.26 bonds issued pursuant to Extra Session Laws 1967, chapter 47, section 1. 298.27

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 383B.245, is amended to read: 298.28

383B.245 LIBRARY LEVY. 298.29

(a) The county board may levy a tax on the taxable property within the county to
acquire, better, and construct county library buildings and branches and to pay principal
and interest on bonds issued for that purpose.

(b) The county board may by resolution adopted by a five-sevenths vote issue and 299.4 sell general obligation bonds of the county in the manner provided in sections 475.60 to 299.5 475.73. The bonds shall not be subject to the limitations of sections 475.51 to 475.59, 299.6 but the maturity years and amounts and interest rates of each series of bonds shall be 299.7 fixed so that the maximum amount of principal and interest to become due in any year, 299.8 on the bonds of that series and of all outstanding series issued by or for the purposes of 299.9 libraries, shall not exceed an amount equal to 0.01612 percent of estimated market value 299.10 of all taxable property in the county as last finally equalized before the issuance of the new 299.11 series. When the tax levy authorized in this section is collected it shall be appropriated 299.12 and credited to a debt service fund for the bonds in amounts required each year in lieu of a 299.13 countywide tax levy for the debt service fund under section 475.61. 299.14

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 383B.73, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 299.15 Subdivision 1. Levy. To provide funds for the purposes of the Three Rivers Park 299.16 District as set forth in its annual budget, in lieu of the levies authorized by any other 299.17 special law for such purposes, the Board of Park District Commissioners may levy taxes 299.18 on all the taxable property in the county and park district at a rate not exceeding 0.03224 299.19 percent of estimated market value. Notwithstanding section 398.16, on or before October 299.20 1 of each year, after public hearing, the Board of Park District Commissioners shall adopt 299.21 299.22 a budget for the ensuing year and shall determine the total amount necessary to be raised from ad valorem tax levies to meet its budget. The Board of Park District Commissioners 299.23 shall submit the budget to the county board. The county board may veto or modify an item 299.24 contained in the budget. If the county board determines to veto or to modify an item in the 299.25 budget, it must, within 15 days after the budget was submitted by the district board, state 299.26 in writing the specific reasons for its objection to the item vetoed or the reason for the 299.27 modification. The Park District Board, after consideration of the county board's objections 299.28 and proposed modifications, may reapprove a vetoed item or the original version of an item 299.29 with respect to which a modification has been proposed, by a two-thirds majority. If the 299.30 district board does not reapprove a vetoed item, the item shall be deleted from the budget. 299.31 If the district board does not reapprove the original version of a modified item, the item 299.32 shall be included in the budget as modified by the county board. After adoption of the final 299.33 budget and no later than October 1, the superintendent of the park district shall certify to the 299.34 office of the Hennepin County director of tax and public records exercising the functions 299.35

of the county auditor the total amount to be raised from ad valorem tax levies to meet its budget for the ensuing year. The director of tax and public records shall add the amount of any levy certified by the district to other tax levies on the property of the county within the district for collection by the director of tax and public records with other taxes. When collected, the director shall make settlement of such taxes with the district in the same manner as other taxes are distributed to the other political subdivisions in Hennepin County.

300.7 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 383E.20, is amended to read:

300.8

#### 383E.20 BONDING FOR COUNTY LIBRARY BUILDINGS.

The Anoka County Board may, by resolution adopted by a four-sevenths vote, issue 300.9 and sell general obligation bonds of the county in the manner provided in chapter 475 to 300.10 acquire, better, and construct county library buildings. The bonds shall not be subject to the 300.11 requirements of sections 475.57 to 475.59. The maturity years and amounts and interest 300.12 rates of each series of bonds shall be fixed so that the maximum amount of principal and 300.13 interest to become due in any year, on the bonds of that series and of all outstanding series 300.14 300.15 issued by or for the purposes of libraries, shall not exceed an amount equal to .01 percent of the taxable estimated market value of all taxable property in the county, excluding any 300.16 taxable property taxed by any city for the support of any free public library. When the tax 300.17 300.18 levy authorized in this section is collected, it shall be appropriated and credited to a debt service fund for the bonds. The tax levy for the debt service fund under section 475.61 300.19 shall be reduced by the amount available or reasonably anticipated to be available in the 300.20 fund to make payments otherwise payable from the levy pursuant to section 475.61. 300.21

300.22 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 383E.23, is amended to read:

**300.23 383E.23 LIBRARY TAX.** 

The Anoka County Board may levy a tax of not more than .01 percent of the taxable estimated market value of taxable property located within the county excluding any taxable property taxed by any city for the support of any free public library, to acquire, better, and construct county library buildings and to pay principal and interest on bonds issued for that purpose. The tax shall be disregarded in the calculation of levies or limits on levies provided by section 373.40, or other law.

300.30 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 385.31, is amended to read:

#### 300.31 **385.31 PAYMENT OF COUNTY ORDERS OR WARRANTS.**

When any order or warrant drawn on the treasurer is presented for payment, if there 301.1 is money in the treasury for that purpose, the county treasurer shall redeem the same, and 301.2 write across the entire face thereof the word "redeemed," the date of the redemption, and 301.3 the treasurer's official signature. If there is not sufficient funds in the proper accounts to 301.4 pay such orders they shall be numbered and registered in their order of presentation, 301.5 and proper endorsement thereof shall be made on such orders and they shall be entitled 301.6 to payment in like order. Such orders shall bear interest at not to exceed the rate of six 301.7 percent per annum from such date of presentment. The treasurer, as soon as there is 301.8 sufficient money in the treasury, shall appropriate and set apart a sum sufficient for the 301.9 payment of the orders so presented and registered, and, if entitled to interest, issue to the 301.10 original holder a notice that interest will cease in 30 days from the date of such notice; and, 301.11 if orders thus entitled to priority of payment are not then presented, the next in order of 301.12 registry may be paid until such orders are presented. No interest shall be paid on any order, 301.13 except upon a warrant drawn by the county auditor for that purpose, giving the number 301.14 301.15 and the date of the order on account of which the interest warrant is drawn. In any county in this state now or hereafter having a an estimated market value of all taxable property-301.16 exclusive of money and credits, of not less than \$1,033,000,000, the county treasurer, in 301.17 order to save payment of interest on county warrants drawn upon a fund in which there 301.18 shall be temporarily insufficient money in the treasury to redeem the same, may borrow 301.19 temporarily from any other fund in the county treasury in which there is a sufficient balance 301.20 to care for the needs of such fund and allow a temporary loan or transfer to any other fund, 301.21 and may pay such warrants out of such funds. Any such money so transferred and used in 301.22 301.23 redeeming such county warrants shall be returned to the fund from which drawn as soon as money shall come in to the credit of such fund on which any such warrant was drawn 301.24 and paid as aforesaid. Any county operating on a cash basis may use a combined form of 301.25 301.26 warrant or order and check, which, when signed by the chair of the county board and by the auditor, is an order or warrant for the payment of the claim, and, when countersigned 301.27 by the county treasurer, is a check for the payment of the amount thereof. 301.28

Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 394.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Continuation of nonconformity; limitations. Except as provided in
subdivision 2, 3, or 4, any nonconformity, including the lawful use or occupation of land
or premises existing at the time of the adoption of an official control under this chapter,
may be continued, although the use or occupation does not conform to the official control.
If the nonconformity or occupancy is discontinued for a period of more than one year, or
any nonconforming building or structure is destroyed by fire or other peril to the extent of

50 percent of its <u>estimated market value</u>, any subsequent use or occupancy of the land or
premises shall be a conforming use or occupancy.

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 398A.04, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
Subd. 8. Taxation. Before deciding to exercise the power to tax, the authority shall
give six weeks' published notice in all municipalities in the region. If a number of voters
in the region equal to five percent of those who voted for candidates for governor at the
last gubernatorial election present a petition within nine weeks of the first published notice
to the secretary of state requesting that the matter be submitted to popular vote, it shall be
submitted at the next general election. The question prepared shall be:

"Shall the regional rail authority have the power to impose a property tax?

302.11	Yes
302.12	No"

If a majority of those voting on the question approve or if no petition is presented 302.13 within the prescribed time the authority may levy a tax at any annual rate not exceeding 302.14 0.04835 percent of estimated market value of all taxable property situated within the 302.15 municipality or municipalities named in its organization resolution. Its recording officer 302.16 shall file, on or before September 15, in the office of the county auditor of each county 302.17 in which territory under the jurisdiction of the authority is located a certified copy of the 302.18 board of commissioners' resolution levying the tax, and each county auditor shall assess 302.19 and extend upon the tax rolls of each municipality named in the organization resolution the 302.20 portion of the tax that bears the same ratio to the whole amount that the net tax capacity of 302.21 302.22 taxable property in that municipality bears to the net tax capacity of taxable property in all municipalities named in the organization resolution. Collections of the tax shall be 302.23 remitted by each county treasurer to the treasurer of the authority. For taxes levied in 1991, 302.24 the amount levied for light rail transit purposes under this subdivision shall not exceed 75 302.25 percent of the amount levied in 1990 for light rail transit purposes under this subdivision. 302.26

Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 401.05, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. Leasing. (a) A county or joint powers board of a group of counties which acquires or constructs and equips or improves facilities under this chapter may, with the approval of the board of county commissioners of each county, enter into a lease agreement with a city situated within any of the counties, or a county housing and redevelopment authority established under chapter 469 or any special law. Under the lease agreement, the city or county housing and redevelopment authority shall:

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(1) construct or acquire and equip or improve a facility in accordance with plans
 prepared by or at the request of a county or joint powers board of the group of counties
 and approved by the commissioner of corrections; and

303.4

(2) finance the facility by the issuance of revenue bonds.

(b) The county or joint powers board of a group of counties may lease the facility 303.5 site, improvements, and equipment for a term upon rental sufficient to produce revenue 303.6 for the prompt payment of the revenue bonds and all interest accruing on them. Upon 303.7 completion of payment, the lessee shall acquire title. The real and personal property 303.8 acquired for the facility constitutes a project and the lease agreement constitutes a revenue 303.9 agreement as provided in sections 469.152 to 469.165. All proceedings by the city or 303.10 county housing and redevelopment authority and the county or joint powers board shall be 303.11 as provided in sections 469.152 to 469.165, with the following adjustments: 303.12

303.13 (1) no tax may be imposed upon the property;

303.14 (2) the approval of the project by the commissioner of employment and economic303.15 development is not required;

303.16 (3) the Department of Corrections shall be furnished and shall record information
 303.17 concerning each project as it may prescribe, in lieu of reports required on other projects to
 303.18 the commissioner of employment and economic development;

303.19 (4) the rentals required to be paid under the lease agreement shall not exceed in any
303.20 year one-tenth of one percent of the <u>estimated market value of property within the county</u>
303.21 or group of counties as last equalized before the execution of the lease agreement;

303.22 (5) the county or group of counties shall provide for payment of all rentals due303.23 during the term of the lease agreement in the manner required in subdivision 4;

303.24 (6) no mortgage on the facilities shall be granted for the security of the bonds, but
303.25 compliance with clause (5) may be enforced as a nondiscretionary duty of the county
303.26 or group of counties; and

303.27 (7) the county or the joint powers board of the group of counties may sublease any303.28 part of the facilities for purposes consistent with their maintenance and operation.

303.29 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 410.32, is amended to read:

303.30

#### 410.32 CITIES MAY ISSUE CAPITAL NOTES FOR CAPITAL EQUIPMENT.

(a) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of other law or charter, a home rule
charter city may, by resolution and without public referendum, issue capital notes subject
to the city debt limit to purchase capital equipment.

303.34 (b) For purposes of this section, "capital equipment" means:

304.1 (1) public safety equipment, ambulance and other medical equipment, road304.2 construction and maintenance equipment, and other capital equipment; and

304.3 (2) computer hardware and software, whether bundled with machinery or equipment304.4 or unbundled.

304.5 (c) The equipment or software must have an expected useful life at least as long304.6 as the term of the notes.

304.7 (d) The notes shall be payable in not more than ten years and be issued on terms 304.8 and in the manner the city determines. The total principal amount of the capital notes 304.9 issued in a fiscal year shall not exceed 0.03 percent of the <u>estimated market value of</u> 304.10 taxable property in the city for that year.

304.11 (e) A tax levy shall be made for the payment of the principal and interest on the 304.12 notes, in accordance with section 475.61, as in the case of bonds.

304.13 (f) Notes issued under this section shall require an affirmative vote of two-thirds of304.14 the governing body of the city.

304.15 (g) Notwithstanding a contrary provision of other law or charter, a home rule charter 304.16 city may also issue capital notes subject to its debt limit in the manner and subject to the 304.17 limitations applicable to statutory cities pursuant to section 412.301.

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 412.221, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 304.18 304.19 Subd. 2. Contracts. The council shall have power to make such contracts as may be deemed necessary or desirable to make effective any power possessed by the council. 304.20 The city may purchase personal property through a conditional sales contract and real 304.21 304.22 property through a contract for deed under which contracts the seller is confined to the remedy of recovery of the property in case of nonpayment of all or part of the purchase 304.23 price, which shall be payable over a period of not to exceed five years. When the contract 304.24 price of property to be purchased by contract for deed or conditional sales contract 304.25 exceeds 0.24177 percent of the estimated market value of the city, the city may not enter 304.26 into such a contract for at least ten days after publication in the official newspaper of a 304.27 council resolution determining to purchase property by such a contract; and, if before the 304.28 end of that time a petition asking for an election on the proposition signed by voters equal 304.29 to ten percent of the number of voters at the last regular city election is filed with the clerk, 304.30 the city may not enter into such a contract until the proposition has been approved by a 304.31 majority of the votes cast on the question at a regular or special election. 304.32

304.33 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 412.301, is amended to read:

#### 304.34 **412.301 FINANCING PURCHASE OF CERTAIN EQUIPMENT.**

305.1 (a) The council may issue certificates of indebtedness or capital notes subject to the305.2 city debt limits to purchase capital equipment.

305.3 (b) For purposes of this section, "capital equipment" means:

305.4 (1) public safety equipment, ambulance and other medical equipment, road305.5 construction and maintenance equipment, and other capital equipment; and

305.6 (2) computer hardware and software, whether bundled with machinery or equipment305.7 or unbundled.

305.8 (c) The equipment or software must have an expected useful life at least as long as305.9 the terms of the certificates or notes.

305.10 (d) Such certificates or notes shall be payable in not more than ten years and shall be305.11 issued on such terms and in such manner as the council may determine.

(e) If the amount of the certificates or notes to be issued to finance any such purchase 305.12 exceeds 0.25 percent of the estimated market value of taxable property in the city, they 305.13 shall not be issued for at least ten days after publication in the official newspaper of 305.14 a council resolution determining to issue them; and if before the end of that time, a 305.15 petition asking for an election on the proposition signed by voters equal to ten percent 305.16 of the number of voters at the last regular municipal election is filed with the clerk, such 305.17 certificates or notes shall not be issued until the proposition of their issuance has been 305.18 approved by a majority of the votes cast on the question at a regular or special election. 305.19 (f) A tax levy shall be made for the payment of the principal and interest on such 305.20 certificates or notes, in accordance with section 475.61, as in the case of bonds. 305.21

305.22 Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 428A.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Ordinance. The governing body of a city may adopt an ordinance 305.23 establishing a special service district. Only property that is classified under section 273.13 305.24 and used for commercial, industrial, or public utility purposes, or is vacant land zoned or 305.25 designated on a land use plan for commercial or industrial use and located in the special 305.26 service district, may be subject to the charges imposed by the city on the special service 305.27 district. Other types of property may be included within the boundaries of the special 305.28 service district but are not subject to the levies or charges imposed by the city on the 305.29 special service district. If 50 percent or more of the estimated market value of a parcel of 305.30 property is classified under section 273.13 as commercial, industrial, or vacant land zoned 305.31 or designated on a land use plan for commercial or industrial use, or public utility for the 305.32 current assessment year, then the entire taxable market value of the property is subject to a 305.33 service charge based on net tax capacity for purposes of sections 428A.01 to 428A.10. 305.34 The ordinance shall describe with particularity the area within the city to be included in 305.35

the district and the special services to be furnished in the district. The ordinance may not be adopted until after a public hearing has been held on the question. Notice of the hearing shall include the time and place of hearing, a map showing the boundaries of the proposed district, and a statement that all persons owning property in the proposed district that would be subject to a service charge will be given opportunity to be heard at the hearing. Within 30 days after adoption of the ordinance under this subdivision, the governing body shall send a copy of the ordinance to the commissioner of revenue.

Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 430.102, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 306.8 Subd. 2. Council approval; special tax levy limitation. The council shall receive 306.9 and consider the estimate required in subdivision 1 and the items of cost after notice and 306.10 hearing before it or its appropriate committee as it considers necessary or expedient, and 306.11 shall approve the estimate, with necessary amendments. The amounts of each item of cost 306.12 estimated are then appropriated to operate, maintain, and improve the pedestrian mall 306.13 during the next fiscal year. The amount of the special tax to be charged under subdivision 306.14 1, clause (3), must not, however, exceed 0.12089 percent of estimated market value of 306.15 taxable property in the district. The council shall make any necessary adjustment in costs of 306.16 operating and maintaining the district to keep the amount of the tax within this limitation. 306.17

306.18 Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 447.10, is amended to read:

306.19 447.10 TAX LEVY FOR OPERATING AND MAINTAINING HOSPITAL.

The governing body of a city of the first class owning a hospital may annually levy a tax to operate and maintain the hospital. The tax must not exceed 0.00806 percent of <u>taxable estimated market value</u>.

306.23 Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 450.19, is amended to read:

306.24

#### 450.19 TOURIST CAMPING GROUNDS.

A home rule charter or statutory city or town may establish and maintain public tourist camping grounds. The governing body thereof may acquire by lease, purchase, or gift, suitable lands located either within or without the corporate limits for use as public tourist camping grounds and provide for the equipment, operation, and maintenance of the same. The amount that may be expended for the maintenance, improvement, or operation of tourist camping grounds shall not exceed, in any year, a sum equal to 0.00806 percent of taxable estimated market value.

307.1

#### Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 450.25, is amended to read:

# 307.2 450.25 MUSEUM, GALLERY, OR SCHOOL OF ARTS OR CRAFTS; TAX 307.3 LEVY.

After the acquisition of any museum, gallery, or school of arts or crafts, the board 307.4 of park commissioners of the city in which it is located shall cause to be included in the 307.5 annual tax levy upon all the taxable property of the county in which the museum, gallery, 307.6 or school of arts or crafts is located, a tax of 0.00846 percent of estimated market value. 307.7 The board shall certify the levy to the county auditor and it shall be added to, and collected 307.8 with and as part of, the general, real, and personal property taxes, with like penalties and 307.9 interest, in case of nonpayment and default, and all provisions of law in respect to the 307.10 levy, collection, and enforcement of other taxes shall, so far as applicable, be followed in 307.11 respect of these taxes. All of these taxes, penalties, and interest, when collected, shall be 307.12 paid to the city treasurer of the city in which is located the museum, gallery, or school 307.13 of arts or crafts and credited to a fund to be known as the park museum fund, and shall 307.14 be used only for the purposes specified in sections 450.23 to 450.25. Any part of the 307.15 307.16 proceeds of the levy not expended for the purposes specified in section 450.24 may be used for the erection of new buildings for the same purposes. 307.17

307.18 Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 458A.10, is amended to read:

307.19

#### .19 **458A.10 PROPERTY TAX.**

The commission shall annually levy a tax not to exceed 0.12089 percent of estimated 307.20 market value on all the taxable property in the transit area at a rate sufficient to produce 307.21 an amount necessary for the purposes of sections 458A.01 to 458A.15, other than the 307.22 payment of principal and interest due on any revenue bonds issued pursuant to section 307.23 458A.05. Property taxes levied under this section shall be certified by the commission to 307.24 the county auditors of the transit area, extended, assessed, and collected in the manner 307.25 provided by law for the property taxes levied by the governing bodies of cities. The 307.26 proceeds of the taxes levied under this section shall be remitted by the respective county 307.27 treasurers to the treasurer of the commission, who shall credit the same to the funds of 307.28 the commission for use for the purposes of sections 458A.01 to 458A.15 subject to any 307.29 applicable pledges or limitations on account of tax anticipation certificates or other 307.30 specific purposes. At any time after making a tax levy under this section and certifying 307.31 it to the county auditors, the commission may issue general obligation certificates of 307.32 indebtedness in anticipation of the collection of the taxes as provided by section 412.261. 307.33

307.34 Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 458A.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Levy limit. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in 308.1 308.2 the charter of the city of Duluth, any ordinance thereof, or any statute applicable thereto, limiting the amount levied in any one year for general or special purposes, the city council 308.3 of the city of Duluth shall each year levy a tax in an amount not to exceed 0.07253 308.4 percent of taxable estimated market value, by ordinance. An ordinance fixing the levy 308.5 shall take effect immediately upon its passage and approval. The proceeds of the levy 308.6 shall be paid into the city treasury and deposited in the operating fund provided for in 308.7 section 458A.24, subdivision 3. 308.8

308.9 Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 465.04, is amended to read:

308.10

#### 465.04 ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS.

Cities of the second, third, or fourth class, having at any time a an estimated 308.11 market value of not more than \$41,000,000, exclusive of money and credits, as officially 308.12 equalized by the commissioner of revenue, either under home rule charter or under the 308.13 laws of this state, in addition to all other powers possessed by them, hereby are authorized 308.14 308.15 and empowered to receive and accept gifts and donations for the use and benefit of such cities and the inhabitants thereof upon terms and conditions to be approved by the 308.16 governing bodies of such cities; and such cities are authorized to comply with and perform 308.17 308.18 such terms and conditions, which may include payment to the donor or donors of interest on the value of the gift at not exceeding five percent per annum payable annually or 308.19 semiannually, during the remainder of the natural life or lives of such donor or donors. 308.20

Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.033, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 308.21 Subd. 6. Operation area as taxing district, special tax. All of the territory included 308.22 within the area of operation of any authority shall constitute a taxing district for the 308.23 purpose of levying and collecting special benefit taxes as provided in this subdivision. All 308.24 of the taxable property, both real and personal, within that taxing district shall be deemed 308.25 to be benefited by projects to the extent of the special taxes levied under this subdivision. 308.26 Subject to the consent by resolution of the governing body of the city in and for which 308.27 it was created, an authority may levy a tax upon all taxable property within that taxing 308.28 district. The tax shall be extended, spread, and included with and as a part of the general 308.29 taxes for state, county, and municipal purposes by the county auditor, to be collected and 308.30 enforced therewith, together with the penalty, interest, and costs. As the tax, including any 308.31 penalties, interest, and costs, is collected by the county treasurer it shall be accumulated 308.32 and kept in a separate fund to be known as the "housing and redevelopment project fund." 308.33 The money in the fund shall be turned over to the authority at the same time and in the same 308.34

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manner that the tax collections for the city are turned over to the city, and shall be expended 309.1 309.2 only for the purposes of sections 469.001 to 469.047. It shall be paid out upon vouchers signed by the chair of the authority or an authorized representative. The amount of the 309.3 levy shall be an amount approved by the governing body of the city, but shall not exceed 309.4 0.0185 percent of taxable estimated market value. The authority shall each year formulate 309.5 and file a budget in accordance with the budget procedure of the city in the same manner as 309.6 required of executive departments of the city or, if no budgets are required to be filed, by 309.7 August 1. The amount of the tax levy for the following year shall be based on that budget. 309.8

Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.034, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 309.9 Subd. 2. General obligation revenue bonds. (a) An authority may pledge the 309.10 general obligation of the general jurisdiction governmental unit as additional security for 309.11 bonds payable from income or revenues of the project or the authority. The authority 309.12 must find that the pledged revenues will equal or exceed 110 percent of the principal and 309.13 interest due on the bonds for each year. The proceeds of the bonds must be used for a 309.14 qualified housing development project or projects. The obligations must be issued and 309.15 sold in the manner and following the procedures provided by chapter 475, except the 309.16 obligations are not subject to approval by the electors, and the maturities may extend to 309.17 not more than 35 years for obligations sold to finance housing for the elderly and 40 years 309.18 for other obligations issued under this subdivision. The authority is the municipality for 309.19 purposes of chapter 475. 309.20

(b) The principal amount of the issue must be approved by the governing body of
the general jurisdiction governmental unit whose general obligation is pledged. Public
hearings must be held on issuance of the obligations by both the authority and the general
jurisdiction governmental unit. The hearings must be held at least 15 days, but not more
than 120 days, before the sale of the obligations.

(c) The maximum amount of general obligation bonds that may be issued and outstanding under this section equals the greater of (1) one-half of one percent of the taxable\_estimated market value of the general jurisdiction governmental unit whose general obligation is pledged, or (2) \$3,000,000. In the case of county or multicounty general obligation bonds, the outstanding general obligation bonds of all cities in the county or counties issued under this subdivision must be added in calculating the limit under clause (1).

309.33 (d) "General jurisdiction governmental unit" means the city in which the housing
309.34 development project is located. In the case of a county or multicounty authority, the
309.35 county or counties may act as the general jurisdiction governmental unit. In the case of

a multicounty authority, the pledge of the general obligation is a pledge of a tax on thetaxable property in each of the counties.

(e) "Qualified housing development project" means a housing development project 310.3 providing housing either for the elderly or for individuals and families with incomes not 310.4 greater than 80 percent of the median family income as estimated by the United States 310.5 Department of Housing and Urban Development for the standard metropolitan statistical 310.6 area or the nonmetropolitan county in which the project is located. The project must be 310.7 owned for the term of the bonds either by the authority or by a limited partnership or other 310.8 entity in which the authority or another entity under the sole control of the authority is 310.9 the sole general partner and the partnership or other entity must receive (1) an allocation 310.10 from the Department of Management and Budget or an entitlement issuer of tax-exempt 310.11 bonding authority for the project and a preliminary determination by the Minnesota 310.12 Housing Finance Agency or the applicable suballocator of tax credits that the project 310.13 will qualify for four percent low-income housing tax credits or (2) a reservation of nine 310.14 310.15 percent low-income housing tax credits from the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency or a suballocator of tax credits for the project. A qualified housing development project may 310.16 admit nonelderly individuals and families with higher incomes if: 310.17

310.18

(1) three years have passed since initial occupancy;

(2) the authority finds the project is experiencing unanticipated vacancies resulting in
 insufficient revenues, because of changes in population or other unforeseen circumstances
 that occurred after the initial finding of adequate revenues; and

(3) the authority finds a tax levy or payment from general assets of the general
jurisdiction governmental unit will be necessary to pay debt service on the bonds if higher
income individuals or families are not admitted.

(f) The authority may issue bonds to refund bonds issued under this subdivision in accordance with section 475.67. The finding of the adequacy of pledged revenues required by paragraph (a) and the public hearing required by paragraph (b) shall not apply to the issuance of refunding bonds. This paragraph applies to refunding bonds issued on and after July 1, 1992.

Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.053, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Mandatory city levy. A city shall, at the request of the port authority, levy
a tax in any year for the benefit of the port authority. The tax must not exceed 0.01813
percent of taxable estimated market value. The amount levied must be paid by the city
treasurer to the treasurer of the port authority, to be spent by the authority.

Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.053, subdivision 4a, is amended to read: Subd. 4a. **Seaway port authority levy.** A levy made under this subdivision shall replace the mandatory city levy under subdivision 4. A seaway port authority is a special taxing district under section 275.066 and may levy a tax in any year for the benefit of the seaway port authority. The tax must not exceed 0.01813 percent of taxable estimated market value. The county auditor shall distribute the proceeds of the property tax levy to the seaway port authority.

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.053, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 311.8 Subd. 6. Discretionary city levy. Upon request of a port authority, the port 311.9 authority's city may levy a tax to be spent by and for its port authority. The tax must 311.10 enable the port authority to carry out efficiently and in the public interest sections 469.048 311.11 to 469.068 to create and develop industrial development districts. The levy must not be 311.12 more than 0.00282 percent of taxable estimated market value. The county treasurer shall 311.13 311.14 pay the proceeds of the tax to the port authority treasurer. The money may be spent by the authority in performance of its duties to create and develop industrial development 311.15 districts. In spending the money the authority must judge what best serves the public 311.16 interest. The levy in this subdivision is in addition to the levy in subdivision 4. 311.17

Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.107, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. City tax levy. A city may, at the request of the authority, levy a tax in
any year for the benefit of the authority. The tax must be not more than 0.01813 percent of
taxable estimated market value. The amount levied must be paid by the city treasurer to
the treasurer of the authority, to be spent by the authority.

Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.180, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. **Tax levies.** Notwithstanding any law, the county board of any county may appropriate from the general revenue fund a sum not to exceed a county levy of 0.00080 percent of taxable estimated market value to carry out the purposes of this section.

311.27 Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.187, is amended to read:

# 311.28 469.187 FIRST CLASS CITY SPENDING FOR PUBLICITY; PUBLICITY 311.29 BOARD.

Any city of the first class may expend money for city publicity purposes. The city may levy a tax, not exceeding 0.00080 percent of taxable estimated market value. The proceeds of the levy shall be expended in the manner and for the city publicity purposes the council

directs. The council may establish and provide for a publicity board or bureau to administer
the fund, subject to the conditions and limitations the council prescribes by ordinance.

312.3 Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.206, is amended to read:

312.4

#### 469.206 HAZARDOUS PROPERTY PENALTY.

A city may assess a penalty up to one percent of the estimated market value of 312.5 real property, including any building located within the city that the city determines to 312.6 be hazardous as defined in section 463.15, subdivision 3. The city shall send a written 312.7 notice to the address to which the property tax statement is sent at least 90 days before it 312.8 may assess the penalty. If the owner of the property has not paid the penalty or fixed the 312.9 property within 90 days after receiving notice of the penalty, the penalty is considered 312.10 delinquent and is increased by 25 percent each 60 days the penalty is not paid and the 312.11 property remains hazardous. For the purposes of this section, a penalty that is delinquent 312.12 is considered a delinquent property tax and subject to chapters 279, 280, and 281, in the 312.13 same manner as delinquent property taxes. 312.14

312.15 Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 471.24, is amended to read:

### 312.16 **471.24 TOWNS, STATUTORY CITIES; JOINT MAINTENANCE OF**

312.17 **CEMETERY.** 

Where a statutory city or town owns and maintains an established cemetery or burial 312.18 ground, either within or without the municipal limits, the statutory city or town may, by 312.19 mutual agreement with contiguous statutory cities and towns, each having a an estimated 312.20 market value of not less than \$2,000,000, join together in the maintenance of such public 312.21 cemetery or burial ground for the use of the inhabitants of each of such municipalities; and 312.22 each such municipality is hereby authorized, by action of its council or governing body, 312.23 to levy a tax or make an appropriation for the annual support and maintenance of such 312.24 cemetery or burial ground; provided, the amount thus appropriated by each municipality 312.25 shall not exceed a total of \$10,000 in any one year. 312.26

Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 471.571, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Application. This section applies to each city in which the net tax capacity of real and personal property consists in part of iron ore or lands containing taconite or semitaconite and in which the total taxable estimated market value of real and personal property exceeds \$2,500,000.

312.32

312

Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 471.571, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Creation of fund, tax levy.** The governing body of the city may create a permanent improvement and replacement fund to be maintained by an annual tax levy. The governing body may levy a tax in excess of any charter limitation for the support of the permanent improvement and replacement fund, but not exceeding the following: (a) in cities having a population of not more than 500 inhabitants, the lesser of \$20 per capita or 0.08059 percent of taxable estimated market value;

(b) in cities having a population of more than 500 and less than 2500 2,500, the
greater of \$12.50 per capita or \$10,000 but not exceeding 0.08059 percent of taxable
estimated market value;

(c) in cities having a population of more than 2500 2,500 or more inhabitants,
the greater of \$10 per capita or \$31,500 but not exceeding 0.08059 percent of taxable
<u>estimated</u> market value.

313.13 Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 471.73, is amended to read:

#### 313.14 **471.73 ACCEPTANCE OF PROVISIONS.**

313.15 In the case of any city within the class specified in section 471.72 having a an estimated market value, as defined in section 471.72, in excess of \$37,000,000; and in the 313.16 case of any statutory city within such class having a an estimated market value, as defined 313.17 313.18 in section 471.72, of less than \$5,000,000; and in the case of any statutory city within such class which is governed by Laws 1933, chapter 211, or Laws 1937, chapter 356; and in 313.19 the case of any statutory city within such class which is governed by Laws 1929, chapter 313.20 208, and has a an estimated market value of less than \$83,000,000; and in the case of 313.21 any school district within such class having a an estimated market value, as defined in 313.22 section 471.72, of more than \$54,000,000; and in the case of all towns within said class; 313.23 sections 471.71 to 471.83 apply only if the governing body of the city or statutory city, the 313.24 board of the school district, or the town board of the town shall have adopted a resolution 313.25 determining to issue bonds under the provisions of sections 471.71 to 471.83 or to go 313.26 upon a cash basis in accordance with the provisions thereof. 313.27

Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 473.325, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Chapter 475 applies; exceptions. The Metropolitan Council shall sell and issue the bonds in the manner provided in chapter 475, and shall have the same powers and duties as a municipality issuing bonds under that law, except that the approval of a majority of the electors shall not be required and the net debt limitations shall not apply. The terms of each series of bonds shall be fixed so that the amount of principal and interest on all outstanding and undischarged bonds, together with the bonds proposed to be issued,

due in any year shall not exceed 0.01209 percent of estimated market value of all taxable 314.1 property in the metropolitan area as last finally equalized prior to a proposed issue. The 314.2 bonds shall be secured in accordance with section 475.61, subdivision 1, and any taxes 314.3 required for their payment shall be levied by the council, shall not affect the amount or rate 314.4 of taxes which may be levied by the council for other purposes, shall be spread against all 314.5 taxable property in the metropolitan area and shall not be subject to limitation as to rate or 314.6 amount. Any taxes certified by the council to the county auditors for collection shall be 314.7 reduced by the amount received by the council from the commissioner of management and 314.8 budget or the federal government for the purpose of paying the principal and interest on 314.9 bonds to which the levy relates. The council shall certify the fact and amount of all money 314.10 so received to the county auditors, and the auditors shall reduce the levies previously made 314.11 for the bonds in the manner and to the extent provided in section 475.61, subdivision 3. 314.12

314.13 Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 473.629, is amended to read:

### 314.14473.629 VALUE OF PROPERTY FOR BOND ISSUES BY SCHOOL

314.15 **DISTRICTS.** 

As to any lands to be detached from any school district under the provisions hereof 314.16 section 473.625, notwithstanding such prospective the detachment, the estimated market 314.17 314.18 value of such the detached lands and the net tax capacity of taxable properties now located therein or thereon shall be and on the lands on the date of the detachment constitute 314.19 from and after the date of the enactment hereof a part of the estimated market value of 314.20 properties upon the basis of which such used to calculate the net debt limit of the school 314.21 district may issue its bonds,. The value of such the lands for such purpose to be and other 314.22 taxable properties for purposes of the school district's net debt limit are 33-1/3 percent of 314.23 the estimated market value thereof as determined and certified by said the assessor to said 314.24 the school district, and it shall be the duty of such the assessor annually on or before the 314.25 tenth day of October from and after the passage hereof, to so of each year, shall determine 314.26 and certify that value; provided, however, that the value of such the detached lands and 314.27 such taxable properties shall never exceed 20 percent of the estimated market value of 314.28 all properties eonstituting and making up the basis aforesaid used to calculate the net 314.29 debt limit of the school district. 314.30

Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 473.661, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. Levy limit. In any budget certified by the commissioners under this section, the amount included for operation and maintenance shall not exceed an amount which, when extended against the property taxable therefor under section 473.621, subdivision 5, will require a levy at a rate of 0.00806 percent of <u>estimated</u> market value. Taxes levied by the corporation shall not affect the amount or rate of taxes which may be levied by any other local government unit within the metropolitan area under the provisions of any charter.

Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 473.667, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 315.4 Subd. 9. Additional taxes. Nothing herein shall prevent the commission from 315.5 levying a tax not to exceed 0.00121 percent of estimated market value on taxable property 315.6 within its taxing jurisdiction, in addition to any levies found necessary for the debt 315.7 service fund authorized by section 473.671. Nothing herein shall prevent the levy and 315.8 appropriation for purposes of the commission of any other tax on property or on any 315.9 income, transaction, or privilege, when and if authorized by law. All collections of any 315.10 taxes so levied shall be included in the revenues appropriated for the purposes referred 315.11 to in this section, unless otherwise provided in the law authorizing the levies; but no 315.12 covenant as to the continuance or as to the rate and amount of any such levy shall be made 315.13 315.14 with the holders of the commission's bonds unless specifically authorized by law.

315.15 Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 473.671, is amended to read:

**473.671 LIMIT OF TAX LEVY.** 

315.17 The taxes levied against the property of the metropolitan area in any one year shall not exceed 0.00806 percent of taxable estimated market value, exclusive of taxes levied 315.18 to pay the principal or interest on any bonds or indebtedness of the city issued under 315.19 Laws 1943, chapter 500, and exclusive of any taxes levied to pay the share of the city for 315.20 payments on bonded indebtedness of the corporation provided for in Laws 1943, chapter 315.21 500. The levy of taxes authorized in Laws 1943, chapter 500, shall be in addition to the 315.22 maximum rate allowed to be levied to defray the cost of government under the provisions 315.23 of the charter of any city affected by Laws 1943, chapter 500. 315.24

Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 473.711, subdivision 2a, is amended to read: 315.25 Subd. 2a. Tax levy. (a) The commission may levy a tax on all taxable property in the 315.26 district as defined in section 473.702 to provide funds for the purposes of sections 473.701 315.27 to 473.716. The tax shall not exceed the property tax levy limitation determined in this 315.28 subdivision. A participating county may agree to levy an additional tax to be used by the 315.29 commission for the purposes of sections 473.701 to 473.716 but the sum of the county's and 315.30 commission's taxes may not exceed the county's proportionate share of the property tax levy 315.31 limitation determined under this subdivision based on the ratio of its total net tax capacity 315.32 to the total net tax capacity of the entire district as adjusted by section 270.12, subdivision 315.33

316.1 3. The auditor of each county in the district shall add the amount of the levy made by the 316.2 district to other taxes of the county for collection by the county treasurer with other taxes. 316.3 When collected, the county treasurer shall make settlement of the tax with the district in 316.4 the same manner as other taxes are distributed to political subdivisions. No county shall 316.5 levy any tax for mosquito, disease vectoring tick, and black gnat (Simuliidae) control 316.6 except under this section. The levy shall be in addition to other taxes authorized by law.

(b) The property tax levied by the Metropolitan Mosquito Control Commission shall not exceed the product of (i) the commission's property tax levy limitation for the previous year determined under this subdivision multiplied by (ii) an index for market valuation changes equal to the total <u>estimated market valuation value</u> of all taxable property for the current tax payable year located within the district plus any area that has been added to the district since the previous year, divided by the total <u>estimated market valuation value</u> of all taxable property located within the district for the previous taxes payable year.

(c) For the purpose of determining the commission's property tax levy limitation
under this subdivision, "total market valuation" means the total market valuation of all
taxable property within the district without valuation adjustments for fiscal disparities
(chapter 473F), tax increment financing (sections 469.174 to 469.179), and high voltage
transmission lines (section 273.425).

Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 473F.02, subdivision 12, is amended to read: 316.19 Subd. 12. Adjusted market value. "Adjusted market value" of real and personal 316.20 property within a municipality means the assessor's estimated taxable market value, 316.21 316.22 as defined in section 272.03, of all real and personal property, including the value of manufactured housing, within the municipality, adjusted for sales ratios in a manner 316.23 similar to the adjustments made to city and town net tax capacities. For purposes 316.24 of sections 473F.01 to 473F.13, the commissioner of revenue shall annually make 316.25 determinations and reports with respect to each municipality which are comparable to 316.26 those it makes for school districts under section 127A.48, subdivisions 1 to 6, in the same 316.27 manner and at the same times as are prescribed by the subdivisions. The commissioner 316.28 of revenue shall annually determine, for each municipality, information comparable to 316.29 that required by section 475.53, subdivision 4, for school districts, as soon as practicable 316.30 after it becomes available. The commissioner of revenue shall then compute the equalized 316.31 market value of property within each municipality using the aggregate sales ratios from 316.32 the Department of Revenue's sales ratio study. 316.33

316.34

.34 Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 473F.02, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. Fiscal capacity. "Fiscal capacity" of a municipality means its valuation
 adjusted market value, determined as of January 2 of any year, divided by its population,
 determined as of a date in the same year.

Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 473F.02, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
Subd. 15. Average fiscal capacity. "Average fiscal capacity" of municipalities
means the sum of the valuations adjusted market values of all municipalities, determined
as of January 2 of any year, divided by the sum of their populations, determined as of
a date in the same year.

Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 473F.02, subdivision 23, is amended to read:
Subd. 23. Net tax capacity. "Net tax capacity" means the <u>taxable</u> market value of
real and personal property multiplied by its net tax capacity rates in section 273.13.

317.12 Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 473F.08, subdivision 10, is amended to read: Subd. 10. Adjustment of value or net tax capacity. For the purpose of computing 317.13 the amount or rate of any salary, aid, tax, or debt authorized, required, or limited by any 317.14 provision of any law or charter, where such authorization, requirement, or limitation 317.15 is related in any manner to any value or valuation of taxable property within any 317.16 governmental unit, such value or net tax capacity fiscal capacity under section 473F.02, 317.17 subdivision 14, a municipality's taxable market value shall be adjusted to reflect the 317.18 adjustments reductions to net tax capacity effected by subdivision 2, clause (a), provided 317.19 317.20 that: (1) in determining the taxable market value of commercial-industrial property 317.21 or any class thereof within a governmental unit for any purpose other than section 473F.07 municipality, (a) the reduction required by this subdivision shall be that amount 317.22 317.23 which bears the same proportion to the amount subtracted from the governmental unit's municipality's net tax capacity pursuant to subdivision 2, clause (a), as the taxable 317.24 market value of commercial-industrial property, or such class thereof, located within the 317.25 governmental unit municipality bears to the net tax capacity of commercial-industrial 317.26 property, or such class thereof, located within the governmental unit, and (b) the increase 317.27 required by this subdivision shall be that amount which bears the same proportion to 317.28 the amount added to the governmental unit's net tax capacity pursuant to subdivision 2, 317.29 elause (b), as the market value of commercial-industrial property, or such class thereof, 317.30 located within the governmental unit bears to the net tax capacity of commercial-industrial 317.31 property, or such class thereof, located within the governmental unit; and (2) in determining 317.32 the market value of real property within a municipality for purposes of section 473F.07, 317.33

the adjustment prescribed by clause (1)(a) hereof shall be made and that prescribed by
elause (1)(b) hereof shall not be made municipality. No adjustment shall be made to
taxable market value for the increase in net tax capacity under subdivision 2, clause (b).

Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 475.521, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 318.4 Subd. 4. Limitations on amount. A municipality may not issue bonds under this 318.5 section if the maximum amount of principal and interest to become due in any year on 318.6 all the outstanding bonds issued under this section, including the bonds to be issued, 318.7 will equal or exceed 0.16 percent of the taxable estimated market value of property 318.8 in the municipality. Calculation of the limit must be made using the taxable estimated 318.9 market value for the taxes payable year in which the obligations are issued and sold. In 318.10 the case of a municipality with a population of 2,500 or more, the bonds are subject to 318.11 the net debt limits under section 475.53. In the case of a shared facility in which more 318.12 than one municipality participates, upon compliance by each participating municipality 318.13 318.14 with the requirements of subdivision 2, the limitations in this subdivision and the net debt represented by the bonds shall be allocated to each participating municipality in proportion 318.15 to its required financial contribution to the financing of the shared facility, as set forth in 318.16 318.17 the joint powers agreement relating to the shared facility. This section does not limit the authority to issue bonds under any other special or general law. 318.18

Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 475.53, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Generally. Except as otherwise provided in sections 475.51 to
475.74, no municipality, except a school district or a city of the first class, shall incur or be
subject to a net debt in excess of three percent of the <u>estimated market value of taxable</u>
property in the municipality.

Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 475.53, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. **Cities first class.** Unless its charter permits a greater net debt a city of the first class may not incur a net debt in excess of two percent of the <u>estimated market</u> value of all taxable property therein. If the charter of the city permits a net debt of the city in excess of two percent of its valuation, it may not incur a net debt in excess of 3-2/3 percent of the <u>estimated market</u> value of the taxable property therein.

The county auditor, at the time of preparing the tax list of the city, shall compile a statement setting forth the total net tax capacity and the total <u>estimated</u> market value of each class of taxable property in such city for such year.

Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 475.53, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 319.1 Subd. 4. School districts. Except as otherwise provided by law, no school district 319.2 shall be subject to a net debt in excess of 15 percent of the actual estimated market value of 319.3 all taxable property situated within its corporate limits, as computed in accordance with this 319.4 subdivision. The county auditor of each county containing taxable real or personal property 319.5 situated within any school district shall certify to the district upon request the estimated 319.6 market value of all such property. Whenever the commissioner of revenue, in accordance 319.7 with section 127A.48, subdivisions 1 to 6, has determined that the net tax capacity of any 319.8 district furnished by county auditors is not based upon the adjusted market value of taxable 319.9 property in the district exceeds the estimated market value of property within the district, 319.10 the commissioner of revenue shall certify to the district upon request the ratio most recently 319.11 ascertained to exist between such the estimated market value and the actual adjusted 319.12 market value of property within the district-, and the actual market value of property 319.13 within a district, on which its debt limit under this subdivision is will be based, is (a) the 319.14 value certified by the county auditors, or (b) this on the estimated market value divided by 319.15 the ratio certified by the commissioner of revenue, whichever results in a higher value. 319.16

319.17 Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 475.58, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Funding, refunding. Any county, city, town, or school district whose 319.18 outstanding gross debt, including all items referred to in section 475.51, subdivision 319.19 4, exceed in amount 1.62 percent of its estimated market value may issue bonds under 319.20 this subdivision for the purpose of funding or refunding such indebtedness or any part 319.21 319.22 thereof. A list of the items of indebtedness to be funded or refunded shall be made by the recording officer and treasurer and filed in the office of the recording officer. The initial 319.23 resolution of the governing body shall refer to this subdivision as authority for the issue, 319.24 319.25 state the amount of bonds to be issued and refer to the list of indebtedness to be funded or refunded. This resolution shall be published once each week for two successive weeks 319.26 in a legal newspaper published in the municipality or if there be no such newspaper, in 319.27 a legal newspaper published in the county seat. Such bonds may be issued without the 319.28 submission of the question of their issue to the electors unless within ten days after the 319.29 second publication of the resolution a petition requesting such election signed by ten or 319.30 more voters who are taxpayers of the municipality, shall be filed with the recording officer. 319.31 In event such petition is filed, no bonds shall be issued hereunder unless authorized by a 319.32 majority of the electors voting on the question. 319.33

319.34

Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 475.73, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

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Subdivision 1. May purchase these bonds; conditions. Obligations sold under the 320.1 provisions of section 475.60 may be purchased by the State Board of Investment if the 320.2 obligations meet the requirements of section 11A.24, subdivision 2, upon the approval of 320.3 the attorney general as to form and execution of the application therefor, and under rules 320.4 as the board may specify, and the state board shall have authority to purchase the same 320.5 to an amount not exceeding 3.63 percent of the estimated market value of the taxable 320.6 property of the municipality, according to the last preceding assessment. The obligations 320.7 shall not run for a shorter period than one year, nor for a longer period than 30 years and 320.8 shall bear interest at a rate to be fixed by the state board but not less than two percent per 320.9 annum. Forthwith upon the delivery to the state of Minnesota of any obligations issued by 320.10 virtue thereof, the commissioner of management and budget shall certify to the respective 320.11

- 320.12 auditors of the various counties wherein are situated the municipalities issuing the same,
- 320.13 the number, denomination, amount, rate of interest and date of maturity of each obligation.
- 320.14 Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.011, subdivision 20, is amended to 320.15 read:

Subd. 20. City net tax capacity. "City net tax capacity" means (1) the net tax 320.16 eapacity computed using the net tax capacity rates in section 273.13 for taxes payable 320.17 in the year of the aid distribution, and the market values, after the exclusion in section 320.18 320.19 273.13, subdivision 35, for taxes payable in the year prior to the aid distribution plus (2) a city's fiscal disparities distribution tax capacity under section 276A.06, subdivision 2, 320.20 paragraph (b), or 473F.08, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), for taxes payable in the year prior 320.21 320.22 to that for which aids are being calculated. The market value utilized in computing city net tax capacity shall be reduced by the sum of (1) a city's market value of commercial 320.23 industrial property as defined in section 276A.01, subdivision 3, or 473F.02, subdivision 3, 320.24 multiplied by the ratio determined pursuant to section 276A.06, subdivision 2, paragraph 320.25 (a), or 473F.08, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), (2) the market value of the captured value 320.26 of tax increment financing districts as defined in section 469.177, subdivision 2, and (3) 320.27 the market value of transmission lines deducted from a city's total net tax capacity under 320.28 section 273.425. The city net tax capacity will be computed using equalized market values 320.29 the city's adjusted net tax capacity under section 273.1325. 320.30

#### 320.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

320.32 Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.0124, subdivision 2, is amended to 320.33 read:

321.1 Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms321.2 have the meanings given them.

321.3 (b) "County program aid" means the sum of "county need aid," "county tax base
321.4 equalization aid," and "county transition aid."

321.5 (c) "Age-adjusted population" means a county's population multiplied by the county
 321.6 age index.

321.7 (d) "County age index" means the percentage of the population over age 65 within
321.8 the county divided by the percentage of the population over age 65 within the state, except
321.9 that the age index for any county may not be greater than 1.8 nor less than 0.8.

(e) "Population over age 65" means the population over age 65 established as of 321.10 July 15 in an aid calculation year by the most recent federal census, by a special census 321.11 conducted under contract with the United States Bureau of the Census, by a population 321.12 estimate made by the Metropolitan Council, or by a population estimate of the state 321.13 demographer made pursuant to section 4A.02, whichever is the most recent as to the stated 321.14 321.15 date of the count or estimate for the preceding calendar year and which has been certified to the commissioner of revenue on or before July 15 of the aid calculation year. A revision 321.16 to an estimate or count is effective for these purposes only if certified to the commissioner 321.17 on or before July 15 of the aid calculation year. Clerical errors in the certification or use of 321.18 estimates and counts established as of July 15 in the aid calculation year are subject to 321.19 correction within the time periods allowed under section 477A.014. 321.20

(f) "Part I crimes" means the three-year average annual number of Part I crimes reported for each county by the Department of Public Safety for the most recent years available. By July 1 of each year, the commissioner of public safety shall certify to the commissioner of revenue the number of Part I crimes reported for each county for the three most recent calendar years available.

(g) "Households receiving food stamps" means the average monthly number of
households receiving food stamps for the three most recent years for which data is
available. By July 1 of each year, the commissioner of human services must certify to the
commissioner of revenue the average monthly number of households in the state and in
each county that receive food stamps, for the three most recent calendar years available.

321.31 (h) "County net tax capacity" means the net tax capacity of the county, computed
321.32 analogously to city net tax capacity under section 477A.011, subdivision 20 county's
321.33 adjusted net tax capacity under section 273.1325.

321.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 322.1 Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 641.23, is amended to read:
- 322.2 **641.23 FUNDS; HOW PROVIDED.**

Before any contract is made for the erection of a county jail, sheriff's residence, or both, the county board shall either levy a sufficient tax to provide the necessary funds, or issue county bonds therefor in accordance with the provisions of chapter 475, provided that no election is required if the amount of all bonds issued for this purpose and interest on them which are due and payable in any year does not exceed an amount equal to 0.09671 percent of <u>estimated</u> market value of taxable property within the county, as last determined before the bonds are issued.

322.10 Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 641.24, is amended to read:

#### 322.11 **641.24 LEASING.**

The county may, by resolution of the county board, enter into a lease agreement with 322.12 any statutory or home rule charter city situated within the county, or a county housing and 322.13 redevelopment authority established pursuant to chapter 469 or any special law whereby 322.14 the city or county housing and redevelopment authority will construct a jail or other law 322.15 enforcement facilities for the county sheriff, deputy sheriffs, and other employees of the 322.16 sheriff and other law enforcement agencies, in accordance with plans prepared by or at 322.17 the request of the county board and, when required, approved by the commissioner of 322.18 corrections and will finance it by the issuance of revenue bonds, and the county may lease 322.19 the site and improvements for a term and upon rentals sufficient to produce revenue for the 322.20 prompt payment of the bonds and all interest accruing thereon and, upon completion of 322.21 payment, will acquire title thereto. The real and personal property acquired for the jail 322.22 shall constitute a project and the lease agreement shall constitute a revenue agreement 322.23 as contemplated in chapter 469, and all proceedings shall be taken by the city or county 322.24 housing and redevelopment authority and the county in the manner and with the force and 322.25 effect provided in chapter 469; provided that: 322.26

322.27

(1) no tax shall be imposed upon or in lieu of a tax upon the property;

322.28

(2) the approval of the project by the commissioner of commerce shall not be required;

322.29 (3) the Department of Corrections shall be furnished and shall record such322.30 information concerning each project as it may prescribe;

(4) the rentals required to be paid under the lease agreement shall not exceed in any
year one-tenth of one percent of the <u>estimated market value of property within the county</u>,
as last finally equalized before the execution of the agreement;

(5) the county board shall provide for the payment of all rentals due during the term
of the lease, in the manner required in section 641.264, subdivision 2;

- (6) no mortgage on the property shall be granted for the security of the bonds, but 323.1
- compliance with clause (5) hereof may be enforced as a nondiscretionary duty of the 323.2 county board; and 323.3
- (7) the county board may sublease any part of the jail property for purposes consistent 323.4 with the maintenance and operation of a county jail or other law enforcement facility. 323.5
- Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 645.44, is amended by adding a subdivision 323.6 to read: 323.7
- Subd. 20. Estimated market value. When used in determining or calculating a 323.8
- limit on taxation, spending, state aid amounts, or debt, bond, certificate of indebtedness, or 323.9
- capital note issuance by or for a local government unit, "estimated market value" has the 323.10
- meaning given in section 273.032. 323.11

Sec. 110. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION. 323.12

323.13 The revisor of statutes shall recodify Minnesota Statutes, section 127.48,

subdivisions 1 to 6, as section 273.1325, subdivisions 1 to 6, and change all 323.14

cross-references to the affected subdivisions accordingly. 323.15

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 323.16

#### Sec. 111. REPEALER. 323.17

- Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 276A.01, subdivision 11; 473F.02, subdivision 323.18 13; and 477A.011, subdivision 21, are repealed. 323.19
- Sec. 112. EFFECTIVE DATE. 323.20

Unless otherwise specifically provided, this act is effective the day following final 323.21

enactment for purposes of limits on net debt, the issuance of bonds, certificates of 323.22

indebtedness, and capital notes and is effective beginning for taxes payable in 2014 for 323.23

- all other purposes. 323.24
- **ARTICLE 13** 323.25
- **DEPARTMENT POLICY AND TECHNICAL: INCOME AND** 323.26 FRANCHISE TAXES; ESTATE TAXES 323 27
- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.10, is amended by adding a 323.28 subdivision to read: 323.29

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- 324.1Subd. 1a. Recapture tax return required. If a disposition or cessation as provided324.2by section 291.03, subdivision 11, paragraph (a), has occurred, the qualified heir, as324.3defined under section 291.03, subdivision 8, paragraph (c), or personal representative of324.4the decedent's estate must submit a recapture tax return to the commissioner.
- 324.5 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after
   324.6 June 30, 2011.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.12, subdivision 14, is amended to read: 324.7 324.8 Subd. 14. Regulated investment companies; reporting exempt-interest dividends. (a) A regulated investment company paying \$10 or more in exempt-interest 324.9 dividends to an individual who is a resident of Minnesota must make a return indicating 324.10 324.11 the amount of the exempt-interest dividends, the name, address, and Social Security number of the recipient, and any other information that the commissioner specifies. The 324.12 return must be provided to the shareholder by February 15 of the year following the year 324.13 of the payment. The return provided to the shareholder must include a clear statement, 324.14 in the form prescribed by the commissioner, that the exempt-interest dividends must be 324.15 included in the computation of Minnesota taxable income. By June 1 of each year, the 324.16 regulated investment company must file a copy of the return with the commissioner. 324.17 (b) This subdivision applies to regulated investment companies required to register 324.18 under chapter 80A. 324.19 (e) (b) For purposes of this subdivision, the following definitions apply. 324.20 (1) "Exempt-interest dividends" mean exempt-interest dividends as defined in 324.21 section 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, but does not include the portion of 324.22

exempt-interest dividends that are not required to be added to federal taxable income under section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (1)(ii).

324.25 (2) "Regulated investment company" means regulated investment company as
324.26 defined in section 851(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or a fund of the regulated
324.27 investment company as defined in section 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code.

324.28

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

324.29 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.12, is amended by adding a subdivision 324.30 to read:

324.31 Subd. 18. Returns by qualified heirs. A qualified heir, as defined in section 291.03,
 324.32 subdivision 8, paragraph (c), must file two returns with the commissioner attesting that
 324.33 no disposition or cessation as provided by section 291.03, subdivision 11, paragraph

325.1 (a), occurred. The first return must be filed no earlier than 24 months and no later than

325.2 <u>26 months after the decedent's death.</u> The second return must be filed no earlier than <u>36</u>

325.3 months and no later than 39 months after the decedent's death.

325.4 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for returns required to be filed after
 325.5 December 31, 2013.

325.6 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.18, is amended by adding a subdivision
325.7 to read:

325.8 <u>Subd. 3a.</u> **Recapture tax return.** A recapture tax return must be filed with the 325.9 commissioner within six months after the date of the disposition or cessation as provided 325.10 by section 291.03, subdivision 11, paragraph (a).

325.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after
 325.12 June 30, 2011.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.20, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Estate tax. Taxes imposed by <u>chapter 291 section 291.03</u>, subdivision 1,
take effect at and upon the death of the person whose estate is subject to taxation and are
due and payable on or before the expiration of nine months from that death.

325.17 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after
 325.18 June 30, 2011.

325.19 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.20, is amended by adding a subdivision325.20 to read:

325.21 Subd. 3a. Recapture tax. The additional estate tax imposed by section 291.03,
 325.22 subdivision 11, paragraph (b), is due and payable on or before the expiration of the date
 325.23 provided by section 291.03, subdivision 11, paragraph (c).

325.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after
 325.25 June 30, 2011.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.26, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Short taxable year. (a) <u>A corporation or an entity with a short taxable year</u>
of less than 12 months, but at least four months, must pay estimated tax in equal installments
on or before the 15th day of the third, sixth, ninth, and final month of the short taxable
year, to the extent applicable based on the number of months in the short taxable year.

326.1 (b) <u>A corporation or an entity is not required to make estimated tax payments for a</u>
326.2 short taxable year unless its tax liability before the first day of the last month of the taxable
326.3 year can reasonably be expected to exceed \$500.

326.4 (c) No payment is required for a short taxable year of less than four months.

326.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.26, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 326.6 Subd. 4. Underpayment of estimated tax. If there is an underpayment of estimated 326.7 326.8 tax by a corporation or an entity, there shall be added to the tax for the taxable year an amount determined at the rate in section 270C.40 on the amount of the underpayment, 326.9 determined under subdivision 5, for the period of the underpayment determined under 326.10 subdivision 6. This subdivision does not apply in the first taxable year that a corporation is 326.11 subject to the tax imposed under section 290.02 or an entity is subject to the tax imposed 326.12 under section 290.05, subdivision 3. 326.13

#### 326.14

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.26, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Required installments. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this
subdivision, the amount of a required installment is 25 percent of the required annual
payment.

326.19 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the term "required annual326.20 payment" means the lesser of:

(1) 100 percent of the tax shown on the return for the taxable year, or, if no return isfiled, 100 percent of the tax for that year; or

(2) 100 percent of the tax shown on the return of the <u>corporation or</u> entity for the
preceding taxable year provided the return was for a full 12-month period, showed a
liability, and was filed by the <u>corporation or</u> entity.

(c) Except for determining the first required installment for any taxable year, 326.26 paragraph (b), clause (2), does not apply in the case of a large corporation. The term 326.27 "large corporation" means a corporation or any predecessor corporation that had taxable 326.28 net income of \$1,000,000 or more for any taxable year during the testing period. The 326.29 term "testing period" means the three taxable years immediately preceding the taxable 326.30 year involved. A reduction allowed to a large corporation for the first installment that is 326.31 allowed by applying paragraph (b), clause (2), must be recaptured by increasing the next 326.32 required installment by the amount of the reduction. 326.33

327.1	(d) In the case of a required	installment, if the corporation or entity establishes that			
327.2	the annualized income installment	is less than the amount determined in paragraph (a), the			
327.3	amount of the required installmen	t is the annualized income installment and the recapture			
327.4	of previous quarters' reductions al	lowed by this paragraph must be recovered by increasing			
327.5	later required installments to the extent the reductions have not previously been recovered.				
327.6	(e) The "annualized income installment" is the excess, if any, of:				
327.7	(1) an amount equal to the a	pplicable percentage of the tax for the taxable year			
327.8	computed by placing on an annualized basis the taxable income:				
327.9	(i) for the first two months of the taxable year, in the case of the first required				
327.10	installment;				
327.11	(ii) for the first two months	or for the first five months of the taxable year, in the			
327.12	case of the second required installment;				
327.13	(iii) for the first six months or for the first eight months of the taxable year, in the				
327.14	case of the third required installment; and				
327.15	(iv) for the first nine months or for the first 11 months of the taxable year, in the				
327.16	case of the fourth required installment, over				
327.17	(2) the aggregate amount of any prior required installments for the taxable year.				
327.18	(3) For the purpose of this paragraph, the annualized income shall be computed				
327.19	by placing on an annualized basis the taxable income for the year up to the end of the				
327.20	month preceding the due date for the quarterly payment multiplied by 12 and dividing				
327.21	the resulting amount by the number of months in the taxable year (2, 5, 6, 8, 9, or 11 as				
327.22	the case may be) referred to in cla	ause (1).			
327.23	(4) The "applicable percenta	ge" used in clause (1) is:			
327.24	For the following				
327.25	required	The applicable			
327.26	installments:	percentage is:			
327.27	1st	25			
327.28	2nd	50			
327.29	3rd	75			

327.31 (f)(1) If this paragraph applies, the amount determined for any installment must 327.32 be determined in the following manner:

100

- 327.33 (i) take the taxable income for the months during the taxable year preceding the327.34 filing month;
- 327.35 (ii) divide that amount by the base period percentage for the months during the327.36 taxable year preceding the filing month;
- 327.37 (iii) determine the tax on the amount determined under item (ii); and

4th

327.30

(iv) multiply the tax computed under item (iii) by the base period percentage for the
filing month and the months during the taxable year preceding the filing month.
(2) For purposes of this paragraph:
(i) the "base period percentage" for a period of months is the average percent that the
taxable income for the corresponding months in each of the three preceding taxable years

328.6 bears to the taxable income for the three preceding taxable years;

328.7 (ii) the term "filing month" means the month in which the installment is required328.8 to be paid;

(iii) this paragraph only applies if the base period percentage for any six consecutive
months of the taxable year equals or exceeds 70 percent; and

(iv) the commissioner may provide by rule for the determination of the base period
 percentage in the case of reorganizations, new corporations or entities, and other similar
 circumstances.

(3) In the case of a required installment determined under this paragraph, if the corporation or entity determines that the installment is less than the amount determined in paragraph (a), the amount of the required installment is the amount determined under this paragraph and the recapture of previous quarters' reductions allowed by this paragraph must be recovered by increasing later required installments to the extent the reductions have not previously been recovered.

328.20

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.26, subdivision 9, is amended to read: Subd. 9. **Failure to file an estimate.** In the case of <u>a corporation or</u> an entity that fails to file an estimated tax for a taxable year when one is required, the period of the underpayment runs from the four installment dates in subdivision 2 or 3, whichever applies, to the earlier of the periods in subdivision 6, clauses (1) and (2).

328.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.9705, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Withholding of payments to out-of-state contractors. (a) In this section, "person" means a person, corporation, or cooperative, the state of Minnesota and its political subdivisions, and a city, county, and school district in Minnesota.

(b) A person who in the regular course of business is hiring, contracting, or having a
 contract with a nonresident person or foreign corporation<del>, as defined in Minnesota Statutes</del>
 <del>1986, section 290.01, subdivision 5,</del> to perform construction work in Minnesota, shall

329.1	deduct and withhold eight percent of eumulative calendar year payments made to the					
329.2	contractor which exceed if the value of the contract exceeds \$50,000.					
329.3	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for payments made to contractors					
329.4	after December 31, 2013.					
329.5	ARTICLE 14					
329.6 329.7	DEPARTMENT POLICY AND TECHNICAL: SALES AND USE TAXES; SPECIAL TAXES					
329.8	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 287.20, is amended by adding a					
329.9	subdivision to read:					
329.10	Subd. 11. Partition. "Partition" means the division by conveyance of real property					
329.11	that is held jointly or in common by two or more persons into individually owned interests.					
329.12	If one of the co-owners gives consideration for all or a part of the individually owned					
329.13	interest conveyed to them, that portion of the conveyance is not a part of the partition.					
329.14	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.					
329.15	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.20, subdivision 4, is amended to read:					
329.16	Subd. 4. Sales and use tax. (a) The taxes imposed by chapter 297A are due and					
329.17	payable to the commissioner monthly on or before the 20th day of the month following					
329.18	the month in which the taxable event occurred, or following another reporting period					
329.19	as the commissioner prescribes or as allowed under section 289A.18, subdivision 4,					
329.20	paragraph (f) or (g), except that:					
329.21	(1) use taxes due on an annual use tax return as provided under section 289A.11,					
329.22	subdivision 1, are payable by April 15 following the close of the calendar year; and.					
329.23	(2) except as provided in paragraph (f), for a vendor having a liability of \$120,000					
329.24	or more during a fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, and fiscal years thereafter, the taxes					
329.25	imposed by chapter 297A, except as provided in paragraph (b), are due and payable to the					
329.26	commissioner monthly in the following manner:					
329.27	(i) On or before the 14th day of the month following the month in which the taxable					
329.28	event occurred, the vendor must remit to the commissioner 90 percent of the estimated					
329.29	liability for the month in which the taxable event occurred.					
329.30	(ii) On or before the 20th day of the month in which the taxable event occurs, the					
329.31	vendor must remit to the commissioner a prepayment for the month in which the taxable					
329.32	event occurs equal to 67 percent of the liability for the previous month.					

(iii) On or before the 20th day of the month following the month in which the taxable
event occurred, the vendor must pay any additional amount of tax not previously remitted
under either item (i) or (ii ) or, if the payment made under item (i) or (ii) was greater than
the vendor's liability for the month in which the taxable event occurred, the vendor may
take a credit against the next month's liability in a manner prescribed by the commissioner.

(iv) Once the vendor first pays under either item (i) or (ii), the vendor is required to
 continue to make payments in the same manner, as long as the vendor continues having a

330.8 liability of \$120,000 or more during the most recent fiscal year ending June 30.

330.9 (v) Notwithstanding items (i), (ii), and (iv), if a vendor fails to make the required
330.10 payment in the first month that the vendor is required to make a payment under either item
330.11 (i) or (ii), then the vendor is deemed to have elected to pay under item (ii) and must make
330.12 subsequent monthly payments in the manner provided in item (ii).

(vi) For vendors making an accelerated payment under item (ii), for the first month
that the vendor is required to make the accelerated payment, on the 20th of that month, the
vendor will pay 100 percent of the liability for the previous month and a prepayment for
the first month equal to 67 percent of the liability for the previous month.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), A vendor having a liability of \$120,000 or more
during a fiscal year ending June 30 must remit the June liability for the next year in the
following manner:

(1) Two business days before June 30 of the year, the vendor must remit 90 percentof the estimated June liability to the commissioner.

(2) On or before August 20 of the year, the vendor must pay any additional amountof tax not remitted in June.

330.24 (c) A vendor having a liability of:

(1) \$10,000 or more, but less than \$120,000 during a fiscal year ending June 30,
2009, and fiscal years thereafter, must remit by electronic means all liabilities on returns
due for periods beginning in the subsequent calendar year on or before the 20th day of
the month following the month in which the taxable event occurred, or on or before the
20th day of the month following the month in which the sale is reported under section
289A.18, subdivision 4; or

(2) \$120,000 or more, during a fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, and fiscal years
thereafter, must remit by electronic means all liabilities in the manner provided in
paragraph (a), clause (2), on returns due for periods beginning in the subsequent calendar
year, except for 90 percent of the estimated June liability, which is due two business days
before June 30. The remaining amount of the June liability is due on August 20.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) or (c), a person prohibited by the person's
religious beliefs from paying electronically shall be allowed to remit the payment by mail.
The filer must notify the commissioner of revenue of the intent to pay by mail before
doing so on a form prescribed by the commissioner. No extra fee may be charged to a
person making payment by mail under this paragraph. The payment must be postmarked
at least two business days before the due date for making the payment in order to be
considered paid on a timely basis.

(e) Whenever the liability is \$120,000 or more separately for: (1) the tax imposed
under chapter 297A; (2) a fee that is to be reported on the same return as and paid with the
ehapter 297A taxes; or (3) any other tax that is to be reported on the same return as and
paid with the chapter 297A taxes, then the payment of all the liabilities on the return must
be accelerated as provided in this subdivision.

(f) At the start of the first calendar quarter at least 90 days after the cash flow account 331.13 established in section 16A.152, subdivision 1, and the budget reserve account established in 331.14 section 16A.152, subdivision 1a, reach the amounts listed in section 16A.152, subdivision 331.15 2, paragraph (a), the remittance of the accelerated payments required under paragraph (a), 331.16 elause (2), must be suspended. The commissioner of management and budget shall notify 331.17 the commissioner of revenue when the accounts have reached the required amounts. 331.18 Beginning with the suspension of paragraph (a), clause (2), for a vendor with a liability of 331.19 \$120,000 or more during a fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, and fiscal years thereafter, the 331.20 taxes imposed by chapter 297A are due and payable to the commissioner on the 20th day 331.21 of the month following the month in which the taxable event occurred. Payments of tax 331.22 331.23 liabilities for taxable events occurring in June under paragraph (b) are not changed.

331.24

## EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297G.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. **Tax credit.** A qualified brewer producing fermented malt beverages is entitled to a tax credit of \$4.60 per barrel on 25,000 barrels sold in any fiscal year beginning July 1, regardless of the alcohol content of the product. Qualified brewers may take the credit on the 18th day of each month, but the total credit allowed may not exceed in any fiscal year the lesser of:

331.31 (1) the liability for tax; or

331.32 (2) \$115,000.

For purposes of this subdivision, a "qualified brewer" means a brewer, whether or not located in this state, manufacturing less than 100,000 barrels of fermented malt beverages in the calendar year immediately preceding the <del>calendar</del> fiscal year for which HF677 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT

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the credit under this subdivision is claimed. In determining the number of barrels, all brands or labels of a brewer must be combined. All facilities for the manufacture of 332.2 fermented malt beverages owned or controlled by the same person, corporation, or other 332.3

- entity must be treated as a single brewer. 332.4
- 332.5

332.1

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297I.05, subdivision 11, is amended to read: 332.6 Subd. 11. **Retaliatory provisions.** (a) If any other state or country imposes any 332.7 332.8 taxes, fines, deposits, penalties, licenses, or fees upon any insurance companies of this state and their agents doing business in another state or country that are in addition to or in 332.9 excess of those imposed by the laws of this state upon foreign insurance companies and 332.10 332.11 their agents doing business in this state, the same taxes, fines, deposits, penalties, licenses, and fees are imposed upon every similar insurance company of that state or country and 332.12 their agents doing or applying to do business in this state. 332.13

(b) If any conditions precedent to the right to do business in any other state or 332.14 country are imposed by the laws of that state or country, beyond those imposed upon 332.15 foreign companies by the laws of this state, the same conditions precedent are imposed 332.16 upon every similar insurance company of that state or country and their agents doing or 332.17 applying to do business in that state. 332.18

(c) For purposes of this subdivision, "taxes, fines, deposits, penalties, licenses, or 332.19 fees" means an amount of money that is deposited in the general revenue fund of the state 332.20 or other similar fund in another state or country and is not dedicated to a special purpose 332.21 or use or money deposited in the general revenue fund of the state or other similar fund in 332.22 another state or country and appropriated to the commissioner of commerce or insurance 332.23 for the operation of the Department of Commerce or other similar agency with jurisdiction 332.24 over insurance. Taxes, fines, deposits, penalties, licenses, or fees do not include: 332.25

(1) special purpose obligations or assessments imposed in connection with particular 332.26 kinds of insurance, including but not limited to assessments imposed in connection with 332.27 residual market mechanisms; or 332.28

- (2) assessments made by the insurance guaranty association, life and health 332.29 guarantee association, or similar association. 332.30
- (d) This subdivision applies to taxes imposed under subdivisions 1;; 3;; 4<del>, 6, and</del>; 12, 332.31 paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2); and 14. 332.32

(e) This subdivision does not apply to insurance companies organized or domiciled 332.33 in a state or country, the laws of which do not impose retaliatory taxes, fines, deposits, 332.34 penalties, licenses, or fees or which grant, on a reciprocal basis, exemptions from 332.35

- retaliatory taxes, fines, deposits, penalties, licenses, or fees to insurance companies
- 333.2 domiciled in this state.
- 333.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 333.4 Sec. 5. <u>**REPEALER.**</u>
- 333.5 Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.60, subdivision 31, is repealed.
- 333.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 333.7 **ARTICLE 15**

# 333.8DEPARTMENT POLICY AND TECHNICAL: MINERALS333.9TAXES; PROPERTY TAX

- 333.10 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 13.4965, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 333.11 Subd. 3. Homestead <u>and other</u> applications. The classification and disclosure of
- 333.12 certain information collected to determine <u>eligibility of property for a homestead or other</u>
- classification or benefit under section 273.13 are governed by section sections 273.124,
- 333.14 subdivision subdivisions 13, 13a, 13b, 13c, and 13d; 273.1245; and 273.1315.
- 333.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 123A.455, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** "Split residential property parcel" means a parcel of real estate that is located within the boundaries of more than one school district and that is classified as residential property under:
- (1) section 273.13, subdivision 22, paragraph (a) or (b);
- (2) section 273.13, subdivision 25, paragraph (b), clause (1); or
- 333.22 (3) section 273.13, subdivision 25, paragraph (c)<del>, clause (1)</del>.

# 333.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2014 and 333.24 thereafter.

333.25 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270.077, is amended to read:

# 333.26 **270.077 TAXES CREDITED TO STATE AIRPORTS FUND.**

- All taxes levied under sections 270.071 to 270.079 must be collected by the
- 333.28 <u>commissioner and</u> credited to the state airports fund created in section 360.017.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270.41, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 334.1 Subd. 5. Prohibited activity. A licensed assessor or other person employed by an 334.2 assessment jurisdiction or contracting with an assessment jurisdiction for the purpose 334.3 of valuing or classifying property for property tax purposes is prohibited from making 334.4 appraisals or analyses, accepting an appraisal assignment, or preparing an appraisal report 334.5 as defined in section 82B.021, subdivisions 2, 4, 6, and 7, on any property within the 334.6 assessment jurisdiction where the individual is employed or performing the duties of the 334.7 assessor under contract. Violation of this prohibition shall result in immediate revocation 334.8 of the individual's license to assess property for property tax purposes. This prohibition 334.9 must not be construed to prohibit an individual from carrying out any duties required 334.10 for the proper assessment of property for property tax purposes or performing duties 334.11 enumerated in section 273.061, subdivision 7 or 8. If a formal resolution has been adopted 334.12 by the governing body of a governmental unit, which specifies the purposes for which 334.13 such work will be done, this prohibition does not apply to appraisal activities undertaken 334.14 334.15 on behalf of and at the request of the governmental unit that has employed or contracted with the individual. The resolution may only allow appraisal activities which are related to 334.16 condemnations, right-of-way acquisitions, land exchanges, or special assessments. 334.17

#### 334.18

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270C.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 334.19 Subdivision 1. Authority. (a) The commissioner may abate, reduce, or refund any 334.20 penalty or interest that is imposed by a law administered by the commissioner, or imposed 334.21 by section 270.0725, subdivision 1 or 2, or 270.075, subdivision 2, as a result of the late 334.22 payment of tax or late filing of a return, or any part of an additional tax charge under 334.23 section 289A.25, subdivision 2, or 289A.26, subdivision 4, if the failure to timely pay the 334.24 tax or failure to timely file the return is due to reasonable cause, or if the taxpayer is located 334.25 in a presidentially declared disaster or in a presidentially declared state of emergency area 334.26 or in an area declared to be in a state of emergency by the governor under section 12.31. 334.27

(b) The commissioner shall abate any part of a penalty or additional tax charge
under section 289A.25, subdivision 2, or 289A.26, subdivision 4, attributable to erroneous
advice given to the taxpayer in writing by an employee of the department acting in
an official capacity, if the advice:

(1) was reasonably relied on and was in response to a specific written request of thetaxpayer; and

(2) was not the result of failure by the taxpayer to provide adequate or accurateinformation.

### 335.1

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 335.2 Subd. 2. Exempt property used by private entity for profit. (a) When any real or 335.3 personal property which is exempt from ad valorem taxes, and taxes in lieu thereof, is 335.4 leased, loaned, or otherwise made available and used by a private individual, association, 335.5 or corporation in connection with a business conducted for profit, there shall be imposed a 335.6 tax, for the privilege of so using or possessing such real or personal property, in the same 335.7 amount and to the same extent as though the lessee or user was the owner of such property. 335.8 (b) The tax imposed by this subdivision shall not apply to: 335.9 (1) property leased or used as a concession in or relative to the use in whole 335.10 or part of a public park, market, fairgrounds, port authority, economic development 335.11 authority established under chapter 469, municipal auditorium, municipal parking facility, 335.12 municipal museum, or municipal stadium; 335.13 (2) property of an airport owned by a city, town, county, or group thereof which is: 335.14 (i) leased to or used by any person or entity including a fixed base operator; and 335.15 (ii) used as a hangar for the storage or repair of aircraft or to provide aviation goods, 335.16 services, or facilities to the airport or general public; 335.17 335.18 the exception from taxation provided in this clause does not apply to: (i) property located at an airport owned or operated by the Metropolitan Airports 335.19 Commission or by a city of over 50,000 population according to the most recent federal 335.20 census or such a city's airport authority; or 335.21 (ii) hangars leased by a private individual, association, or corporation in connection 335.22 with a business conducted for profit other than an aviation-related business; 335.23 (3) property constituting or used as a public pedestrian ramp or concourse in 335.24 connection with a public airport; 335.25

(4) property constituting or used as a passenger check-in area or ticket sale counter,
boarding area, or luggage claim area in connection with a public airport but not the
airports owned or operated by the Metropolitan Airports Commission or cities of over
50,000 population or an airport authority therein. Real estate owned by a municipality
in connection with the operation of a public airport and leased or used for agricultural
purposes is not exempt;

(5) property leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to a private individual,
corporation, or association under a cooperative farming agreement made pursuant to
section 97A.135; or

(6) property leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to a private individual,
corporation, or association under section 272.68, subdivision 4.

(c) Taxes imposed by this subdivision are payable as in the case of personal property 336.3 taxes and shall be assessed to the lessees or users of real or personal property in the same 336.4 manner as taxes assessed to owners of real or personal property, except that such taxes 336.5 shall not become a lien against the property. When due, the taxes shall constitute a debt due 336.6 from the lessee or user to the state, township, city, county, and school district for which the 336.7 taxes were assessed and shall be collected in the same manner as personal property taxes. 336.8 If property subject to the tax imposed by this subdivision is leased or used jointly by two or 336.9 more persons, each lessee or user shall be jointly and severally liable for payment of the tax. 336.10 (d) The tax on real property of the federal government, the state or any of its political 336.11 subdivisions that is leased by, loaned, or otherwise made available to a private individual, 336.12 association, or corporation and becomes taxable under this subdivision or other provision 336.13

of law must be assessed and collected as a personal property assessment. The taxes do not become a lien against the real property.

336.16

## 6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

336.17 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.02, subdivision 97, is amended to read:
336.18 Subd. 97. Property used in business of mining subject to net proceeds tax. The
336.19 following property used in the business of mining that is subject to the net proceeds tax
336.20 under section 298.015 is exempt:

(1) deposits of ores, metals, and minerals and the lands in which they are contained;
(2) all real and personal property used in mining, quarrying, producing, or refining
ores, minerals, or metals, including lands occupied by or used in connection with the
mining, quarrying, production, or ore refining facilities; and

336.25 (3) concentrate <del>or direct reduced ore</del>.

This exemption applies for each year that a person subject to tax under section 298.015 uses the property for mining, quarrying, producing, or refining ores, metals, or minerals.

336.29

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

336.30 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.03, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
336.31 Subd. 9. Person. "Person" includes means an individual, association, estate, trust,
336.32 partnership, firm, company, or corporation.

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.114, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 337.1 Subd. 6. Additional taxes. (a) When real property which is being, or has been 337.2 valued and assessed under this section is sold, transferred, or no longer qualifies under 337.3 subdivision 2, the portion sold, transferred, or no longer qualifying shall be subject to 337.4 additional taxes in the amount equal to the difference between the taxes determined in 337.5 accordance with subdivision 3 and the amount determined under subdivision 4, provided 337.6 that the amount determined under subdivision 4 shall not be greater than it would have 337.7 been had the actual bona fide sale price of the real property at an arm's-length transaction 337.8 been used in lieu of the market value determined under subdivision 4. The additional taxes 337.9 shall be extended against the property on the tax list for taxes payable in the current year, 337.10 provided that no interest or penalties shall be levied on the additional taxes if timely paid 337.11 and provided that the additional taxes shall only be levied with respect to the current year 337.12 plus two prior years that the property has been valued and assessed under this section. 337.13 (b) In the case of a sale or transfer, the additional taxes under paragraph (a) shall not 337.14 337.15 be extended against the property if the new owner submits a successful application under this section by the later of May 1 of the current year or 30 days after the sale or transfer. 337.16 (c) For the purposes of this section, the following events do not constitute a sale or 337.17 transfer for property that qualified under subdivision 2 prior to the event: 337.18 (1) death of a property owner when the surviving owners retain ownership of the 337.19 property; 337.20 (2) divorce of a married couple when one of the spouses retains ownership of the 337.21 337.22 property; (3) marriage of a single property owner when that owner retains ownership of the 337.23 property in whole or in part; 337.24 (4) the organization or reorganization of a farm ownership entity that is not prohibited 337.25 from owning agricultural land in this state under section 500.24, if all owners maintain the 337.26 same beneficial interest both before and after the organization or reorganization; and 337.27 (5) transfer of the property to a trust or trustee, provided that the individual owners 337.28 of the property are the grantors of the trust and they maintain the same beneficial interest 337.29 both before and after placement of the property in trust. 337.30

337.31

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

337.32 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.124, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
337.33 Subd. 13. Homestead application. (a) A person who meets the homestead
337.34 requirements under subdivision 1 must file a homestead application with the county
337.35 assessor to initially obtain homestead classification.

(b) The format and contents of a uniform homestead application shall be prescribed
by the commissioner of revenue. The application must clearly inform the taxpayer that
this application must be signed by all owners who occupy the property or by the qualifying
relative and returned to the county assessor in order for the property to receive homestead
treatment.

(c) Every property owner applying for homestead classification must furnish to the county assessor the Social Security number of each occupant who is listed as an owner of the property on the deed of record, the name and address of each owner who does not occupy the property, and the name and Social Security number of each owner's spouse who occupies the property. The application must be signed by each owner who occupies the property and by each owner's spouse who occupies the property, or, in the case of property that qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), by the qualifying relative.

If a property owner occupies a homestead, the property owner's spouse may not claim another property as a homestead unless the property owner and the property owner's spouse file with the assessor an affidavit or other proof required by the assessor stating that the property qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (e).

Owners or spouses occupying residences owned by their spouses and previously 338.17 occupied with the other spouse, either of whom fail to include the other spouse's name 338.18 and Social Security number on the homestead application or provide the affidavits or 338.19 other proof requested, will be deemed to have elected to receive only partial homestead 338.20 treatment of their residence. The remainder of the residence will be classified as 338.21 nonhomestead residential. When an owner or spouse's name and Social Security number 338.22 appear on homestead applications for two separate residences and only one application is 338.23 signed, the owner or spouse will be deemed to have elected to homestead the residence for 338.24 which the application was signed. 338.25

The Social Security numbers, state or federal tax returns or tax return information, including the federal income tax schedule F required by this section, or affidavits or other proofs of the property owners and spouses submitted under this or another section to support a claim for a property tax homestead classification are private data on individuals as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12, but, notwithstanding that section, the private data may be disclosed to the commissioner of revenue, or, for purposes of proceeding under the Revenue Recapture Act to recover personal property taxes owing, to the county treasurer.

338.33 (d) If residential real estate is occupied and used for purposes of a homestead by a 338.34 relative of the owner and qualifies for a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), in 338.35 order for the property to receive homestead status, a homestead application must be filed 338.36 with the assessor. The Social Security number of each relative and spouse of a relative

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occupying the property shall be required on the homestead application filed under this 339.1 339.2 subdivision. If a different relative of the owner subsequently occupies the property, the owner of the property must notify the assessor within 30 days of the change in occupancy. 339.3 The Social Security number of a relative or relative's spouse occupying the property 339.4 is private data on individuals as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12, but may be 339.5 disclosed to the commissioner of revenue, or, for the purposes of proceeding under the 339.6 Revenue Recapture Act to recover personal property taxes owing, to the county treasurer. 339.7

(e) The homestead application shall also notify the property owners that the 339.8 application filed under this section will not be mailed annually and that if the property 339.9 is granted homestead status for any assessment year, that same property shall remain 339.10 classified as homestead until the property is sold or transferred to another person, or 339.11 the owners, the spouse of the owner, or the relatives no longer use the property as their 339.12 homestead. Upon the sale or transfer of the homestead property, a certificate of value must 339.13 be timely filed with the county auditor as provided under section 272.115. Failure to 339.14 notify the assessor within 30 days that the property has been sold, transferred, or that the 339.15 owner, the spouse of the owner, or the relative is no longer occupying the property as a 339.16 homestead, shall result in the penalty provided under this subdivision and the property 339.17 will lose its current homestead status. 339.18

(f) If the homestead application is not returned within 30 days, the county will send a 339.19 second application to the present owners of record. The notice of proposed property taxes 339.20 prepared under section 275.065, subdivision 3, shall reflect the property's classification. If 339.21 a homestead application has not been filed with the county by December 15, the assessor 339.22 shall classify the property as nonhomestead for the current assessment year for taxes 339.23 payable in the following year, provided that the owner may be entitled to receive the 339.24 homestead classification by proper application under section 375.192. 339.25

Subd. 13a. Occupant list. (g) At the request of the commissioner, each county 339.26 must give the commissioner a list that includes the name and Social Security number 339.27 of each occupant of homestead property who is the property owner, property owner's 339.28 spouse, qualifying relative of a property owner, or a spouse of a qualifying relative. The 339.29 commissioner shall use the information provided on the lists as appropriate under the law, 339.30 including for the detection of improper claims by owners, or relatives of owners, under 339.31 chapter 290A. 339.32

Subd. 13b. Improper homestead. (h) (a) If the commissioner finds that a 339.33 property owner may be claiming a fraudulent homestead, the commissioner shall notify 339.34 the appropriate counties. Within 90 days of the notification, the county assessor shall 339.35 investigate to determine if the homestead classification was properly claimed. If the 339.36

property owner does not qualify, the county assessor shall notify the county auditor who will determine the amount of homestead benefits that had been improperly allowed. For the purpose of this <u>section subdivision</u>, "homestead benefits" means the tax reduction resulting from the classification as a homestead under section 273.13, the taconite homestead credit under section 273.135, the residential homestead and agricultural homestead credits under section 273.1384, and the supplemental homestead credit under section 273.1391.

The county auditor shall send a notice to the person who owned the affected property 340.7 at the time the homestead application related to the improper homestead was filed, 340.8 demanding reimbursement of the homestead benefits plus a penalty equal to 100 percent 340.9 of the homestead benefits. The person notified may appeal the county's determination 340.10 by serving copies of a petition for review with county officials as provided in section 340.11 278.01 and filing proof of service as provided in section 278.01 with the Minnesota Tax 340.12 Court within 60 days of the date of the notice from the county. Procedurally, the appeal 340.13 is governed by the provisions in chapter 271 which apply to the appeal of a property tax 340.14 assessment or levy, but without requiring any prepayment of the amount in controversy. If 340.15 the amount of homestead benefits and penalty is not paid within 60 days, and if no appeal 340.16 has been filed, the county auditor shall certify the amount of taxes and penalty to the county 340.17 treasurer. The county treasurer will add interest to the unpaid homestead benefits and 340.18 penalty amounts at the rate provided in section 279.03 for real property taxes becoming 340.19 delinquent in the calendar year during which the amount remains unpaid. Interest may be 340.20 assessed for the period beginning 60 days after demand for payment was made. 340.21

If the person notified is the current owner of the property, the treasurer may add the 340.22 340.23 total amount of homestead benefits, penalty, interest, and costs to the ad valorem taxes otherwise payable on the property by including the amounts on the property tax statements 340.24 under section 276.04, subdivision 3. The amounts added under this paragraph to the ad 340.25 valorem taxes shall include interest accrued through December 31 of the year preceding 340.26 the taxes payable year for which the amounts are first added. These amounts, when added 340.27 to the property tax statement, become subject to all the laws for the enforcement of real or 340.28 personal property taxes for that year, and for any subsequent year. 340.29

If the person notified is not the current owner of the property, the treasurer may collect the amounts due under the Revenue Recapture Act in chapter 270A, or use any of the powers granted in sections 277.20 and 277.21 without exclusion, to enforce payment of the homestead benefits, penalty, interest, and costs, as if those amounts were delinquent tax obligations of the person who owned the property at the time the application related to the improperly allowed homestead was filed. The treasurer may relieve a prior owner of personal liability for the homestead benefits, penalty, interest, and costs, and instead extend

those amounts on the tax lists against the property as provided in this paragraph to the extent
that the current owner agrees in writing. On all demands, billings, property tax statements,
and related correspondence, the county must list and state separately the amounts of
homestead benefits, penalty, interest and costs being demanded, billed or assessed.

(i) (b) Any amount of homestead benefits recovered by the county from the property 341.5 owner shall be distributed to the county, city or town, and school district where the 341.6 property is located in the same proportion that each taxing district's levy was to the total 341.7 of the three taxing districts' levy for the current year. Any amount recovered attributable 341.8 to taconite homestead credit shall be transmitted to the St. Louis County auditor to be 341.9 deposited in the taconite property tax relief account. Any amount recovered that is 341.10 attributable to supplemental homestead credit is to be transmitted to the commissioner of 341.11 341.12 revenue for deposit in the general fund of the state treasury. The total amount of penalty collected must be deposited in the county general fund. 341.13

(j) (c) If a property owner has applied for more than one homestead and the county assessors cannot determine which property should be classified as homestead, the county assessors will refer the information to the commissioner. The commissioner shall make the determination and notify the counties within 60 days.

Subd. 13c. Property lists. (k) In addition to lists of homestead properties, the 341.18 commissioner may ask the counties to furnish lists of all properties and the record owners. 341.19 The Social Security numbers and federal identification numbers that are maintained by 341.20 a county or city assessor for property tax administration purposes, and that may appear 341.21 on the lists retain their classification as private or nonpublic data; but may be viewed, 341.22 341.23 accessed, and used by the county auditor or treasurer of the same county for the limited purpose of assisting the commissioner in the preparation of microdata samples under 341.24 section 270C.12. The commissioner shall use the information provided on the lists as 341.25 appropriate under the law, including for the detection of improper claims by owners, or 341.26 relatives of owners, under chapter 290A. 341.27

341.28 <u>Subd. 13d.</u> Homestead data. (+) On or before April 30 each year beginning in 2007,
341.29 each county must provide the commissioner with the following data for each parcel of
341.30 homestead property by electronic means as defined in section 289A.02, subdivision 8:
341.31 (+) (1) the property identification number assigned to the parcel for purposes of

341.32 taxes payable in the current year;

341.33 (ii) (2) the name and Social Security number of each occupant of homestead property
341.34 who is the property owner, property owner's spouse, qualifying relative of a property
341.35 owner, or spouse of a qualifying relative;

(iii) (3) the classification of the property under section 273.13 for taxes payable 342.1 in the current year and in the prior year; 342.2 (iv) (4) an indication of whether the property was classified as a homestead for 342.3 taxes payable in the current year because of occupancy by a relative of the owner or 342.4 by a spouse of a relative; 342.5  $(\mathbf{v})$  (5) the property taxes payable as defined in section 290A.03, subdivision 13, for 342.6 the current year and the prior year; 342.7 (vi) (6) the market value of improvements to the property first assessed for tax 342.8 purposes for taxes payable in the current year; 342.9 (vii) (7) the assessor's estimated market value assigned to the property for taxes 342.10 payable in the current year and the prior year; 342.11 (viii) (8) the taxable market value assigned to the property for taxes payable in the 342.12 current year and the prior year; 342.13 (ix) (9) whether there are delinquent property taxes owing on the homestead; 342.14 342.15  $(\mathbf{x})$  (10) the unique taxing district in which the property is located; and (xi) (11) such other information as the commissioner decides is necessary. 342.16 The commissioner shall use the information provided on the lists as appropriate 342.17 under the law, including for the detection of improper claims by owners, or relatives 342.18 of owners, under chapter 290A. 342.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 342.20

# 342.21 Sec. 11. [273.1245] CLASSIFICATION OF DATA.

342.22 Subdivision 1. **Private or nonpublic data.** The following data are private or 342.23 nonpublic data as defined in 13.02, subdivisions 9 and 12, when they are submitted to a 342.24 county or local assessor under section 273.124, 273.13, or another section, to support a

342.25 <u>claim for the property tax homestead classification under section 273.13, or other property</u>

- 342.26 <u>tax classification or benefit that is provided under section 273.13:</u>
- 342.27 (1) Social Security numbers;
- 342.28 (2) copies of state or federal income tax returns; and
- 342.29 (3) state or federal income tax return information, including the federal income
- 342.30 tax schedule F.
- 342.31
   Subd. 2.
   Disclosure.
   The assessor shall disclose the data described in subdivision 1
- 342.32 to the commissioner of revenue as provided by law. The assessor shall also disclose all or
- 342.33 portions of the data described in subdivision 1 to the county treasurer solely for the purpose
- 342.34 of proceeding under the Revenue Recapture Act to recover personal property taxes owing.

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#### 343.1

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.13, subdivision 23, is amended to read: 343.2 Subd. 23. Class 2. (a) An agricultural homestead consists of class 2a agricultural 343.3 land that is homesteaded, along with any class 2b rural vacant land that is contiguous to 343.4 the class 2a land under the same ownership. The market value of the house and garage 343.5 and immediately surrounding one acre of land has the same class rates as class 1a or 1b 343.6 property under subdivision 22. The value of the remaining land including improvements 343.7 up to the first tier valuation limit of agricultural homestead property has a net class rate 343.8 of 0.5 percent of market value. The remaining property over the first tier has a class rate 343.9 of one percent of market value. For purposes of this subdivision, the "first tier valuation 343.10 limit of agricultural homestead property" and "first tier" means the limit certified under 343.11 section 273.11, subdivision 23. 343.12

(b) Class 2a agricultural land consists of parcels of property, or portions thereof, that 343.13 are agricultural land and buildings. Class 2a property has a net class rate of one percent of 343.14 market value, unless it is part of an agricultural homestead under paragraph (a). Class 2a 343.15 property must also include any property that would otherwise be classified as 2b, but is 343.16 interspersed with class 2a property, including but not limited to sloughs, wooded wind 343.17 shelters, acreage abutting ditches, ravines, rock piles, land subject to a setback requirement, 343.18 and other similar land that is impractical for the assessor to value separately from the rest of 343.19 the property or that is unlikely to be able to be sold separately from the rest of the property. 343.20

An assessor may classify the part of a parcel described in this subdivision that is used for agricultural purposes as class 2a and the remainder in the class appropriate to its use.

(c) Class 2b rural vacant land consists of parcels of property, or portions thereof, 343.23 that are unplatted real estate, rural in character and not used for agricultural purposes, 343.24 including land used for growing trees for timber, lumber, and wood and wood products, 343.25 that is not improved with a structure. The presence of a minor, ancillary nonresidential 343.26 structure as defined by the commissioner of revenue does not disqualify the property from 343.27 classification under this paragraph. Any parcel of 20 acres or more improved with a 343.28 structure that is not a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure must be split-classified, and 343.29 ten acres must be assigned to the split parcel containing the structure. Class 2b property 343.30 has a net class rate of one percent of market value unless it is part of an agricultural 343.31 homestead under paragraph (a), or qualifies as class 2c under paragraph (d). 343.32

343.33 (d) Class 2c managed forest land consists of no less than 20 and no more than 1,920
343.34 acres statewide per taxpayer that is being managed under a forest management plan that
343.35 meets the requirements of chapter 290C, but is not enrolled in the sustainable forest

resource management incentive program. It has a class rate of .65 percent, provided that 344.1 the owner of the property must apply to the assessor in order for the property to initially 344.2 qualify for the reduced rate and provide the information required by the assessor to verify 344.3 that the property qualifies for the reduced rate. If the assessor receives the application 344.4 and information before May 1 in an assessment year, the property qualifies beginning 344.5 with that assessment year. If the assessor receives the application and information after 344.6 April 30 in an assessment year, the property may not qualify until the next assessment 344.7 year. The commissioner of natural resources must concur that the land is qualified. The 344.8 commissioner of natural resources shall annually provide county assessors verification 344.9 information on a timely basis. The presence of a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure 344.10 as defined by the commissioner of revenue does not disqualify the property from 344.11 classification under this paragraph. 344.12

344.13 (e) Agricultural land as used in this section means:

344.14 (1) contiguous acreage of ten acres or more, used during the preceding year for 344.15 agricultural purposes<del>.; or</del>

344.16 (2) contiguous acreage used during the preceding year for an intensive livestock or
 344.17 poultry confinement operation, provided that land used only for pasturing or grazing
 344.18 does not qualify under this clause.

"Agricultural purposes" as used in this section means the raising, cultivation, drying, 344.19 or storage of agricultural products for sale, or the storage of machinery or equipment 344.20 used in support of agricultural production by the same farm entity. For a property to be 344.21 classified as agricultural based only on the drying or storage of agricultural products, 344.22 344.23 the products being dried or stored must have been produced by the same farm entity as the entity operating the drying or storage facility. "Agricultural purposes" also includes 344.24 enrollment in the Reinvest in Minnesota program under sections 103F.501 to 103F.535 or 344.25 the federal Conservation Reserve Program as contained in Public Law 99-198 or a similar 344.26 state or federal conservation program if the property was classified as agricultural (i) 344.27 under this subdivision for the assessment year 2002 taxes payable in 2003 because of its 344.28 enrollment in a qualifying program and the land remains enrolled or (ii) in the year prior 344.29 to its enrollment. Agricultural classification shall not be based upon the market value of 344.30 any residential structures on the parcel or contiguous parcels under the same ownership. 344.31 "Contiguous acreage," for purposes of this paragraph, means all of, or a contiguous 344.32 portion of, a tax parcel as described in section 272.193, or all of, or a contiguous portion 344.33 of, a set of contiguous tax parcels under that section that are owned by the same person. 344.34

344.35 (f) Real estate of Agricultural land under this section also includes:

(1) contiguous acreage that is less than ten acres, which is in size and exclusively or 345.1 intensively used in the preceding year for raising or cultivating agricultural products, shall 345.2 be considered as agricultural land. To qualify under this paragraph, property that includes 345.3 a residential structure must be used intensively for one of the following purposes:; or 345.4 (2) contiguous acreage that contains a residence and is less than 11 acres in size, if 345.5 the contiguous acreage exclusive of the house, garage, and surrounding one acre of land 345.6 was used in the preceding year for one or more of the following three uses: 345.7 (i) for an intensive grain drying or storage of grain operation, or for intensive 345.8 machinery or equipment storage of machinery or equipment activities used to support 345.9 agricultural activities on other parcels of property operated by the same farming entity; 345.10 (ii) as a nursery, provided that only those acres used intensively to produce nursery 345.11 stock are considered agricultural land; or 345.12 (iii) for livestock or poultry confinement, provided that land that is used only for 345.13 pasturing and grazing does not qualify; or 345.14 345.15 (iv) (iii) for intensive market farming; for purposes of this paragraph, "market farming" means the cultivation of one or more fruits or vegetables or production of animal 345.16 or other agricultural products for sale to local markets by the farmer or an organization 345.17 with which the farmer is affiliated. 345.18 "Contiguous acreage," for purposes of this paragraph, means all of a tax parcel as 345.19 described in section 272.193, or all of a set of contiguous tax parcels under that section 345.20 that are owned by the same person. 345.21 (g) Land shall be classified as agricultural even if all or a portion of the agricultural 345.22 345.23 use of that property is the leasing to, or use by another person for agricultural purposes. Classification under this subdivision is not determinative for qualifying under 345.24 section 273.111. 345.25 (h) The property classification under this section supersedes, for property tax 345.26 purposes only, any locally administered agricultural policies or land use restrictions that 345.27 define minimum or maximum farm acreage. 345.28 (i) The term "agricultural products" as used in this subdivision includes production 345.29 for sale of: 345.30 (1) livestock, dairy animals, dairy products, poultry and poultry products, fur-bearing 345.31 animals, horticultural and nursery stock, fruit of all kinds, vegetables, forage, grains, 345.32 bees, and apiary products by the owner; 345.33 (2) fish bred for sale and consumption if the fish breeding occurs on land zoned 345.34

345.35 for agricultural use;

(3) the commercial boarding of horses, which may include related horse training and
riding instruction, if the boarding is done on property that is also used for raising pasture
to graze horses or raising or cultivating other agricultural products as defined in clause (1);
(4) property which is owned and operated by nonprofit organizations used for

346.5 equestrian activities, excluding racing;

(5) game birds and waterfowl bred and raised (i) on a game farm licensed under
section 97A.105, provided that the annual licensing report to the Department of Natural
Resources, which must be submitted annually by March 30 to the assessor, indicates
that at least 500 birds were raised or used for breeding stock on the property during the
preceding year and that the owner provides a copy of the owner's most recent schedule F;
or (ii) for use on a shooting preserve licensed under section 97A.115;

346.12 (6) insects primarily bred to be used as food for animals;

346.13 (7) trees, grown for sale as a crop, including short rotation woody crops, and not346.14 sold for timber, lumber, wood, or wood products; and

346.15 (8) maple syrup taken from trees grown by a person licensed by the Minnesota
346.16 Department of Agriculture under chapter 28A as a food processor.

(j) If a parcel used for agricultural purposes is also used for commercial or industrialpurposes, including but not limited to:

346.19 (1) wholesale and retail sales;

346.20 (2) processing of raw agricultural products or other goods;

346.21 (3) warehousing or storage of processed goods; and

346.22 (4) office facilities for the support of the activities enumerated in clauses (1), (2),

346.23 and (3),

the assessor shall classify the part of the parcel used for agricultural purposes as class 346.24 1b, 2a, or 2b, whichever is appropriate, and the remainder in the class appropriate to its 346.25 use. The grading, sorting, and packaging of raw agricultural products for first sale is 346.26 considered an agricultural purpose. A greenhouse or other building where horticultural 346.27 or nursery products are grown that is also used for the conduct of retail sales must be 346.28 classified as agricultural if it is primarily used for the growing of horticultural or nursery 346.29 products from seed, cuttings, or roots and occasionally as a showroom for the retail sale of 346.30 those products. Use of a greenhouse or building only for the display of already grown 346.31 horticultural or nursery products does not qualify as an agricultural purpose. 346.32

(k) The assessor shall determine and list separately on the records the market value
of the homestead dwelling and the one acre of land on which that dwelling is located. If
any farm buildings or structures are located on this homesteaded acre of land, their market
value shall not be included in this separate determination.

(1) Class 2d airport landing area consists of a landing area or public access area of 347.1 a privately owned public use airport. It has a class rate of one percent of market value. 347.2 To qualify for classification under this paragraph, a privately owned public use airport 347.3 must be licensed as a public airport under section 360.018. For purposes of this paragraph, 347.4 "landing area" means that part of a privately owned public use airport properly cleared, 347.5 regularly maintained, and made available to the public for use by aircraft and includes 347.6 runways, taxiways, aprons, and sites upon which are situated landing or navigational aids. 347.7 A landing area also includes land underlying both the primary surface and the approach 347.8 surfaces that comply with all of the following: 347.9

(i) the land is properly cleared and regularly maintained for the primary purposes of
the landing, taking off, and taxiing of aircraft; but that portion of the land that contains
facilities for servicing, repair, or maintenance of aircraft is not included as a landing area;

347.13 (ii) the land is part of the airport property; and

347.14 (iii) the land is not used for commercial or residential purposes.

The land contained in a landing area under this paragraph must be described and certified by the commissioner of transportation. The certification is effective until it is modified, or until the airport or landing area no longer meets the requirements of this paragraph. For purposes of this paragraph, "public access area" means property used as an aircraft parking ramp, apron, or storage hangar, or an arrival and departure building in connection with the airport.

(m) Class 2e consists of land with a commercial aggregate deposit that is not actively being mined and is not otherwise classified as class 2a or 2b, provided that the land is not located in a county that has elected to opt-out of the aggregate preservation program as provided in section 273.1115, subdivision 6. It has a class rate of one percent of market value. To qualify for classification under this paragraph, the property must be at least ten contiguous acres in size and the owner of the property must record with the county recorder of the county in which the property is located an affidavit containing:

347.28 (1) a legal description of the property;

347.29 (2) a disclosure that the property contains a commercial aggregate deposit that is not347.30 actively being mined but is present on the entire parcel enrolled;

347.31 (3) documentation that the conditional use under the county or local zoning347.32 ordinance of this property is for mining; and

(4) documentation that a permit has been issued by the local unit of government
or the mining activity is allowed under local ordinance. The disclosure must include a
statement from a registered professional geologist, engineer, or soil scientist delineating
the deposit and certifying that it is a commercial aggregate deposit.

For purposes of this section and section 273.1115, "commercial aggregate deposit" means a deposit that will yield crushed stone or sand and gravel that is suitable for use as a construction aggregate; and "actively mined" means the removal of top soil and overburden in preparation for excavation or excavation of a commercial deposit.

(n) When any portion of the property under this subdivision or subdivision 22 begins 348.5 to be actively mined, the owner must file a supplemental affidavit within 60 days from 348.6 the day any aggregate is removed stating the number of acres of the property that is 348.7 actively being mined. The acres actively being mined must be (1) valued and classified 348.8 under subdivision 24 in the next subsequent assessment year, and (2) removed from the 348.9 aggregate resource preservation property tax program under section 273.1115, if the 348.10 land was enrolled in that program. Copies of the original affidavit and all supplemental 348.11 affidavits must be filed with the county assessor, the local zoning administrator, and the 348.12 Department of Natural Resources, Division of Land and Minerals. A supplemental 348.13 affidavit must be filed each time a subsequent portion of the property is actively mined, 348.14 provided that the minimum acreage change is five acres, even if the actual mining activity 348.15 constitutes less than five acres. 348.16

(o) The definitions prescribed by the commissioner under paragraphs (c) and (d) are
not rules and are exempt from the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and the provisions
in section 14.386 concerning exempt rules do not apply.

# 348.20 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2014 and 348.21 thereafter.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.13, subdivision 25, is amended to read: 348.22 Subd. 25. Class 4. (a) Class 4a is residential real estate containing four or more 348.23 units and used or held for use by the owner or by the tenants or lessees of the owner 348.24 as a residence for rental periods of 30 days or more, excluding property qualifying for 348.25 class 4d. Class 4a also includes hospitals licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56, other 348.26 than hospitals exempt under section 272.02, and contiguous property used for hospital 348.27 purposes, without regard to whether the property has been platted or subdivided. The 348.28 market value of class 4a property has a class rate of 1.25 percent. 348.29

348.30 (b) Class 4b includes:

348.31 (1) residential real estate containing less than four units that does not qualify as class
348.32 4bb, other than seasonal residential recreational property;

348.33 (2) manufactured homes not classified under any other provision;

348.34 (3) a dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead
348.35 farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b) containing two or three units; and

349.1 (4) unimproved property that is classified residential as determined under subdivision
349.2 33.

The market value of class 4b property has a class rate of 1.25 percent.

349.4 (c) Class 4bb includes:

349.5 (1) nonhomestead residential real estate containing one unit, other than seasonal
 349.6 residential recreational property; and

349.7 (2) a single family dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a
349.8 nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b).

Class 4bb property has the same class rates as class 1a property under subdivision 22. Property that has been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at any time during which it has been owned by the current owner or spouse of the current owner does not qualify for class 4bb.

349.13 (d) Class 4c property includes:

(1) except as provided in subdivision 22, paragraph (c), real and personal property 349.14 devoted to commercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation 349.15 purposes, for not more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment. For 349.16 purposes of this clause, property is devoted to a commercial purpose on a specific day 349.17 if any portion of the property is used for residential occupancy, and a fee is charged for 349.18 residential occupancy. Class 4c property under this clause must contain three or more 349.19 rental units. A "rental unit" is defined as a cabin, condominium, townhouse, sleeping room, 349.20 or individual camping site equipped with water and electrical hookups for recreational 349.21 vehicles. A camping pad offered for rent by a property that otherwise qualifies for class 349.22 349.23 4c under this clause is also class 4c under this clause regardless of the term of the rental agreement, as long as the use of the camping pad does not exceed 250 days. In order for a 349.24 property to be classified under this clause, either (i) the business located on the property 349.25 must provide recreational activities, at least 40 percent of the annual gross lodging receipts 349.26 related to the property must be from business conducted during 90 consecutive days, 349.27 and either (A) at least 60 percent of all paid bookings by lodging guests during the year 349.28 must be for periods of at least two consecutive nights; or (B) at least 20 percent of the 349.29 annual gross receipts must be from charges for providing recreational activities, or (ii) the 349.30 business must contain 20 or fewer rental units, and must be located in a township or a city 349.31 with a population of 2,500 or less located outside the metropolitan area, as defined under 349.32 section 473.121, subdivision 2, that contains a portion of a state trail administered by the 349.33 Department of Natural Resources. For purposes of item (i)(A), a paid booking of five or 349.34 more nights shall be counted as two bookings. Class 4c property also includes commercial 349.35 use real property used exclusively for recreational purposes in conjunction with other class 349.36

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4c property classified under this clause and devoted to temporary and seasonal residential 350.1 350.2 occupancy for recreational purposes, up to a total of two acres, provided the property is not devoted to commercial recreational use for more than 250 days in the year preceding 350.3 the year of assessment and is located within two miles of the class 4c property with which 350.4 it is used. In order for a property to qualify for classification under this clause, the owner 350.5 must submit a declaration to the assessor designating the cabins or units occupied for 250 350.6 days or less in the year preceding the year of assessment by January 15 of the assessment 350.7 year. Those cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located 350.8 must be designated class 4c under this clause as otherwise provided. The remainder of the 350.9 cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located will be 350.10 designated as class 3a. The owner of property desiring designation as class 4c property 350.11 under this clause must provide guest registers or other records demonstrating that the units 350.12 for which class 4c designation is sought were not occupied for more than 250 days in the 350.13 year preceding the assessment if so requested. The portion of a property operated as a 350.14 (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop, (4) conference center or meeting room, and (5) other 350.15 nonresidential facility operated on a commercial basis not directly related to temporary and 350.16 seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes does not qualify for class 4c. For 350.17 the purposes of this paragraph, "recreational activities" means renting ice fishing houses, 350.18 boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill or cross-country ski equipment; providing 350.19 marina services, launch services, or guide services; or selling bait and fishing tackle; 350.20

350.21

(2) qualified property used as a golf course if:

(i) it is open to the public on a daily fee basis. It may charge membership fees or
dues, but a membership fee may not be required in order to use the property for golfing,
and its green fees for golfing must be comparable to green fees typically charged by
municipal courses; and

(ii) it meets the requirements of section 273.112, subdivision 3, paragraph (d).

A structure used as a clubhouse, restaurant, or place of refreshment in conjunction with the golf course is classified as class 3a property;

(3) real property up to a maximum of three acres of land owned and used by a
nonprofit community service oriented organization and not used for residential purposes
on either a temporary or permanent basis, provided that:

(i) the property is not used for a revenue-producing activity for more than six daysin the calendar year preceding the year of assessment; or

(ii) the organization makes annual charitable contributions and donations at leastequal to the property's previous year's property taxes and the property is allowed to be

used for public and community meetings or events for no charge, as appropriate to thesize of the facility.

351.3 For purposes of this clause:

(A) "charitable contributions and donations" has the same meaning as lawful
gambling purposes under section 349.12, subdivision 25, excluding those purposes
relating to the payment of taxes, assessments, fees, auditing costs, and utility payments;
(B) "property taxes" excludes the state general tax;

351.8 (C) a "nonprofit community service oriented organization" means any corporation, 351.9 society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for 351.10 charitable, religious, fraternal, civic, or educational purposes, and which is exempt from 351.11 federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3), (8), (10), or (19) of the Internal 351.12 Revenue Code; and

351.13 (D) "revenue-producing activities" shall include but not be limited to property or that 351.14 portion of the property that is used as an on-sale intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt 351.15 liquor establishment licensed under chapter 340A, a restaurant open to the public, bowling 351.16 alley, a retail store, gambling conducted by organizations licensed under chapter 349, an 351.17 insurance business, or office or other space leased or rented to a lessee who conducts a 351.18 for-profit enterprise on the premises.

Any portion of the property not qualifying under either item (i) or (ii) is class 3a. The use of the property for social events open exclusively to members and their guests for periods of less than 24 hours, when an admission is not charged nor any revenues are received by the organization shall not be considered a revenue-producing activity.

The organization shall maintain records of its charitable contributions and donations and of public meetings and events held on the property and make them available upon request any time to the assessor to ensure eligibility. An organization meeting the requirement under item (ii) must file an application by May 1 with the assessor for eligibility for the current year's assessment. The commissioner shall prescribe a uniform application form and instructions;

(4) postsecondary student housing of not more than one acre of land that is owned by
a nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A and is used exclusively by a student
cooperative, sorority, or fraternity for on-campus housing or housing located within two
miles of the border of a college campus;

(5)(i) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3,
excluding manufactured home parks described in section 273.124, subdivision 3a, and (ii)
manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, that are described in
section 273.124, subdivision 3a;

352.1

(6) real property that is actively and exclusively devoted to indoor fitness, health,

social, recreational, and related uses, is owned and operated by a not-for-profit corporation, 352.2 and is located within the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2; 352.3 (7) a leased or privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt 352.4 under section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that: 352.5 (i) the land is on an airport owned or operated by a city, town, county, Metropolitan 352.6 Airports Commission, or group thereof; and 352.7 (ii) the land lease, or any ordinance or signed agreement restricting the use of the 352.8 leased premise, prohibits commercial activity performed at the hangar. 352.9 If a hangar classified under this clause is sold after June 30, 2000, a bill of sale must 352.10 be filed by the new owner with the assessor of the county where the property is located 352.11 within 60 days of the sale; 352.12 (8) a privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under 352.13 section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that: 352.14 (i) the land abuts a public airport; and 352.15 (ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed 352.16 agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity 352.17 performed at the hangar; and 352.18 (9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead 352.19 purposes, and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met: 352.20 (i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods 352.21 of 14 or fewer days; 352.22 (ii) meals are provided to persons who rent rooms, the cost of which is incorporated 352.23 in the basic room rate; 352.24 (iii) meals are not provided to the general public except for special events on fewer 352.25 than seven days in the calendar year preceding the year of the assessment; and 352.26 (iv) the owner is the operator of the property. 352.27 The market value subject to the 4c classification under this clause is limited to five rental 352.28 units. Any rental units on the property in excess of five, must be valued and assessed as 352.29 class 3a. The portion of the property used for purposes of a homestead by the owner must 352.30 be classified as class 1a property under subdivision 22; 352.31 (10) real property up to a maximum of three acres and operated as a restaurant 352.32 as defined under section 157.15, subdivision 12, provided it: (A) is located on a lake 352.33 as defined under section 103G.005, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (3); and (B) 352.34 is either devoted to commercial purposes for not more than 250 consecutive days, or 352.35

352.36

receives at least 60 percent of its annual gross receipts from business conducted during

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four consecutive months. Gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages must be 353.1 included in determining the property's qualification under subitem (B). The property's 353.2 primary business must be as a restaurant and not as a bar. Gross receipts from gift shop 353.3 sales located on the premises must be excluded. Owners of real property desiring 4c 353.4 classification under this clause must submit an annual declaration to the assessor by 353.5 February 1 of the current assessment year, based on the property's relevant information for 353.6 the preceding assessment year; 353.7

(11) lakeshore and riparian property and adjacent land, not to exceed six acres, used 353.8 as a marina, as defined in section 86A.20, subdivision 5, which is made accessible to 353.9 the public and devoted to recreational use for marina services. The marina owner must 353.10 annually provide evidence to the assessor that it provides services, including lake or river 353.11 access to the public by means of an access ramp or other facility that is either located on 353.12 the property of the marina or at a publicly owned site that abuts the property of the marina. 353.13 No more than 800 feet of lakeshore may be included in this classification. Buildings used 353.14 in conjunction with a marina for marina services, including but not limited to buildings 353.15 used to provide food and beverage services, fuel, boat repairs, or the sale of bait or fishing 353.16 tackle, are classified as class 3a property; and 353.17

(12) real and personal property devoted to noncommercial temporary and seasonal 353.18 residential occupancy for recreation purposes. 353.19

Class 4c property has a class rate of 1.5 percent of market value, except that (i) each 353.20 parcel of noncommercial seasonal residential recreational property under clause (12) 353.21 has the same class rates as class 4bb property, (ii) manufactured home parks assessed 353.22 under clause (5), item (i), have the same class rate as class 4b property, and the market 353.23 value of manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (ii), has the same class 353.24 rate as class 4d property if more than 50 percent of the lots in the park are occupied by 353.25 shareholders in the cooperative corporation or association and a class rate of one percent if 353.26 50 percent or less of the lots are so occupied, (iii) commercial-use seasonal residential 353.27 recreational property and marina recreational land as described in clause (11), has a 353.28 class rate of one percent for the first \$500,000 of market value, and 1.25 percent for the 353.29 remaining market value, (iv) the market value of property described in clause (4) has a 353.30 class rate of one percent, (v) the market value of property described in clauses (2), (6), and 353.31 (10) has a class rate of 1.25 percent, and (vi) that portion of the market value of property 353.32 in clause (9) qualifying for class 4c property has a class rate of 1.25 percent. 353.33

(e) Class 4d property is qualifying low-income rental housing certified to the assessor 353.34 by the Housing Finance Agency under section 273.128, subdivision 3. If only a portion 353.35 of the units in the building qualify as low-income rental housing units as certified under 353.36

section 273.128, subdivision 3, only the proportion of qualifying units to the total number 354.1 of units in the building qualify for class 4d. The remaining portion of the building shall be 354.2 classified by the assessor based upon its use. Class 4d also includes the same proportion of 354.3 land as the qualifying low-income rental housing units are to the total units in the building. 354.4 For all properties qualifying as class 4d, the market value determined by the assessor must 354.5 be based on the normal approach to value using normal unrestricted rents. 354.6

Class 4d property has a class rate of 0.75 percent. 354.7

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2014 and 354.8 354.9 thereafter.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.1315, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 354.10 354.11 Subdivision 1. Class 1b homestead declaration before 2009. Any property owner seeking classification and assessment of the owner's homestead as class 1b property 354.12 pursuant to section 273.13, subdivision 22, paragraph (b), on or before October 1, 2008, 354.13 shall file with the commissioner of revenue a 1b homestead declaration, on a form 354.14 prescribed by the commissioner. The declaration shall contain the following information: 354.15 (a) (1) the information necessary to verify that on or before June 30 of the filing year, 354.16 the property owner or the owner's spouse satisfies the requirements of section 273.13, 354.17 subdivision 22, paragraph (b), for 1b classification; and 354.18 (b) (2) any additional information prescribed by the commissioner. 354.19 The declaration must be filed on or before October 1 to be effective for property 354.20 taxes payable during the succeeding calendar year. The declaration and any supplementary 354.21 information received from the property owner pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject 354.22 to chapter 270B. If approved by the commissioner, the declaration remains in effect until 354.23

Failure to notify the commissioner within 30 days that the property no longer qualifies 354.25

the property no longer qualifies under section 273.13, subdivision 22, paragraph (b).

- under that paragraph because of a sale, change in occupancy, or change in the status 354.26
- or condition of an occupant shall result in the penalty provided in section 273.124, 354.27
- subdivision 13 13b, computed on the basis of the class 1b benefits for the property, and 354.28 the property shall lose its current class 1b classification. 354.29
- The commissioner shall provide to the assessor on or before November 1 a listing 354 30 of the parcels of property qualifying for 1b classification. 354.31
- 354.32

354.24

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.1315, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 354.33

Subd. 2. Class 1b homestead declaration 2009 and thereafter. (a) Any property 355.1 owner seeking classification and assessment of the owner's homestead as class 1b property 355.2 pursuant to section 273.13, subdivision 22, paragraph (b), after October 1, 2008, shall file 355.3 with the county assessor a class 1b homestead declaration, on a form prescribed by the 355.4 commissioner of revenue. The declaration must contain the following information: 355.5 (1) the information necessary to verify that, on or before June 30 of the filing year, 355.6 the property owner or the owner's spouse satisfies the requirements of section 273.13, 355.7 subdivision 22, paragraph (b), for class 1b classification; and 355.8 (2) any additional information prescribed by the commissioner. 355.9 (b) The declaration must be filed on or before October 1 to be effective for property 355.10 taxes payable during the succeeding calendar year. The Social Security numbers and 355.11 income and medical information received from the property owner pursuant to this 355.12 subdivision are private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02. If approved by 355.13 the assessor, the declaration remains in effect until the property no longer qualifies under 355.14 section 273.13, subdivision 22, paragraph (b). Failure to notify the assessor within 30 355.15 days that the property no longer qualifies under that paragraph because of a sale, change in 355.16 occupancy, or change in the status or condition of an occupant shall result in the penalty 355.17 provided in section 273.124, subdivision 13 13b, computed on the basis of the class 1b 355.18 benefits for the property, and the property shall lose its current class 1b classification. 355.19

## 355.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.19, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 355.21 Subdivision 1. Tax-exempt property; lease. Except as provided in subdivision 3 or 355.22 4, tax-exempt property held under a lease for a term of at least one year, and not taxable 355.23 under section 272.01, subdivision 2, or under a contract for the purchase thereof, shall be 355.24 considered, for all purposes of taxation, as the property of the person holding it. In this 355.25 subdivision, "tax-exempt property" means property owned by the United States, the state 355.26 or any of its political subdivisions, a school, or any religious, scientific, or benevolent 355.27 society or institution, incorporated or unincorporated, or any corporation whose property 355.28 is not taxed in the same manner as other property. This subdivision does not apply to 355.29 property exempt from taxation under section 272.01, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), clauses 355.30 (2), (3), and (4), or to property exempt from taxation under section 272.0213. 355.31

### 355.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

355.33 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.372, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Administrative appeals. (a) Companies that submit the reports under section 270.82 or 273.371 by the date specified in that section, or by the date specified by the commissioner in an extension, may appeal administratively to the commissioner prior to bringing an action in court by submitting.

356.5 (b) Companies that must submit reports under section 270.82 must submit a written 356.6 request with to the commissioner for a conference within ten days after the date of the 356.7 commissioner's valuation certification or notice to the company, or by May June 15, 356.8 whichever is earlier.

356.9 (c) Companies that submit reports under section 273.371 must submit a written
 356.10 request to the commissioner for a conference within ten days after the date of the
 356.11 commissioner's valuation certification or notice to the company, or by July 1, whichever
 356.12 is earlier.

356.13 (d) The commissioner shall conduct the conference upon the commissioner's entire files and records and such further information as may be offered. The conference must be held no later than 20 days after the date of the commissioner's valuation certification or notice to the company, or by the date specified by the commissioner in an extension. Within 60 days after the conference the commissioner shall make a final determination of the matter and shall notify the company promptly of the determination. The conference is not a contested case hearing.

(b)(e) In addition to the opportunity for a conference under paragraph (a), the commissioner shall also provide the railroad and utility companies the opportunity to discuss any questions or concerns relating to the values established by the commissioner through certification or notice in a less formal manner. This does not change or modify the deadline for requesting a conference under paragraph (a), the deadline in section 271.06 for appealing an order of the commissioner, or the deadline in section 278.01 for appealing property taxes in court.

356.27

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2014.

356.28 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.39, is amended to read:

## 356.29 **273.39 RURAL AREA.**

As used in sections 273.39 to 273.41, the term "rural area" shall be deemed to mean any area of the state not included within the boundaries of any <u>incorporated\_statutory</u> <u>city or home rule charter</u> city, and such term shall be deemed to include both farm and nonfarm population thereof.

## 356.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 279.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. List and notice. Within five days after the filing of such list, the
court administrator shall return a copy thereof to the county auditor, with a notice prepared
and signed by the court administrator, and attached thereto, which may be substantially in
the following form:

357.6 State of Minnesota )
357.7 ) ss.
357.8 County of ...... )

357.9 357.10 District Court .....Judicial District.

The state of Minnesota, to all persons, companies, or corporations who have or claim any estate, right, title, or interest in, claim to, or lien upon, any of the several parcels of land described in the list hereto attached:

The list of taxes and penalties on real property for the county of ..... 357.14 remaining delinquent on the first Monday in January, ....., has been filed in the office of 357.15 the court administrator of the district court of said county, of which that hereto attached is a 357.16 copy. Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby required to file in the office of said court 357.17 administrator, on or before the 20th day after the publication of this notice and list, your 357.18 answer, in writing, setting forth any objection or defense you may have to the taxes, or any 357.19 part thereof, upon any parcel of land described in the list, in, to, or on which you have or 357.20 claim any estate, right, title, interest, claim, or lien, and, in default thereof, judgment will 357.21 be entered against such parcel of land for the taxes on such list appearing against it, and 357.22 for all penalties, interest, and costs. Based upon said judgment, the land shall be sold to 357.23 the state of Minnesota on the second Monday in May, ...... The period of redemption for 357.24 all lands sold to the state at a tax judgment sale shall be three years from the date of sale to 357.25 the state of Minnesota if the land is within an incorporated area unless it is: 357.26

357.27 (a) nonagricultural homesteaded land as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 22;

357.28 (b) homesteaded agricultural land as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 23,

357.29 paragraph (a);

357.30 (c) seasonal residential recreational land as defined in section 273.13, subdivisions

357.31 22, paragraph (c), and 25, paragraph (d), clause (1), in which event the period of

357.32 redemption is five years from the date of sale to the state of Minnesota;

357.33 (d) abandoned property and pursuant to section 281.173 a court order has been

357.34 entered shortening the redemption period to five weeks; or

357.35 (e) vacant property as described under section 281.174, subdivision 2, and for which
 a court order is entered shortening the redemption period under section 281.174.

358.1	The period of redemption for all other lands sold to the state at a tax judgment sale						
358.2	shall be five years from the date of sale.						
358.3	Inquiries as to the proceedings set forth above can be made to the county auditor of						
358.4	county whose address is						
358.5		(Signed)			······ ,		
358.6		Court Administrator of the District Court of the					
358.7		County of					
358.8	(Here insert list.)						
358.9	The notice must contain a narrative description of the various periods to redeem						
358.10	specified in sections 281.17, 281.173, and 281.174, in the manner prescribed by the						
358.11	commissioner of revenue under subdivision 2.						
358.12	The list referred to in the notice shall be substantially in the following form:						
358.13	List of real property for the county of, on which taxes remain						
358.14	delinquent on the first Monday in January,						
358.15		Town of (Fairfie	eld),				
358.16		Township (40), Ran	ge (20),				
358.17 358.18 358.19 358.20 358.21	Names (and Current Filed Addresses) for the Taxpayers and Fee Owners and in Addition Those Parties Who Have						
358.22	Filed Their Addresses						
358.23	Pursuant to section	Subdivision of	<b>a</b>	Tax Parcel			
358.24	276.041	Section	Section	Number	and Penalty		
358.25					\$ cts.		
358.26 358.27	John Jones (825 Fremont Fairfield, MN 55000)	S.E. 1/4 of S.W. 1/4	10	23101	2.20		
358.28	Bruce Smith (2059 Hand	That part of N.E. 1/4	21	33211	3.15		
358.29	Fairfield, MN 55000)	of S.W. 1/4 desc. as					
358.30	and Fairfield State	follows: Beg. at the					
358.31	Bank (100 Main Street	S.E. corner of said N.E.					
358.32	Fairfield, MN 55000)	1/4 of S.W. 1/4; thence					
358.33 358.34		N. along the E. line of said N.E. 1/4 of S.W.					
358.35		1/4 a distance of 600					
358.36		ft.; thence W. parallel					
358.37		with the S. line of said					
358.38		N.E. 1/4 of S.W. 1/4					
358.39		a distance of 600 ft.;					
358.40		thence S. parallel with					
358.41		said E. line a distance of					
358.42		600 ft. to S. line of said					
358.43		N.E. 1/4 of S.W. 1/4;					
358.44		thence E. along said S.					
358.45		line a distance of 600 ft.					
358.46		to the point of beg.					

359.2 substantially in the following form:

359.1

359.2	substantially in the following form:						
359.3		City of (Smithto	own)				
359.4	Brown's Addition, or Subdivision						
359.5 359.6 359.7 359.8 359.9 359.10	Names (and Current Filed Addresses) for the Taxpayers and Fee Owners and in Addition Those Parties Who Have Filed Their Addresses						
359.11 359.12	Pursuant to section 276.041	Lot	Block	Tax Parcel Number	Total Tax and Penalty		
359.13					\$ cts.		
359.14 359.15	John Jones (825 Fremont Fairfield, MN 55000)	15	9	58243	2.20		
359.16 359.17 359.18 359.19 359.20	Bruce Smith (2059 Hand Fairfield, MN 55000) and Fairfield State Bank (100 Main Street Fairfield, MN 55000)	16	9	58244	3.15		
359.21	The names, descriptions, and figures employed in parentheses in the above forms are						
359.22	merely for purposes of illu	stration.					

The name of the town, township, range or city, and addition or subdivision, as the case may be, shall be repeated at the head of each column of the printed lists as brought forward from the preceding column.

Errors in the list shall not be deemed to be a material defect to affect the validity of the judgment and sale.

# 359.28 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for lists and notices required after 359.29 December 31, 2013.

359.30 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290A.25, is amended to read:

## 359.31 **290A.25 VERIFICATION OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS.**

Annually, the commissioner of revenue shall furnish a list to the county assessor containing the names and Social Security numbers of persons who have applied for both homestead classification under section 273.13 and a property tax refund as a renter under this chapter.

Within 90 days of the notification, the county assessor shall investigate to determine if the homestead classification was improperly claimed. If the property owner does not qualify, the county assessor shall notify the county auditor who will determine the amount of homestead benefits that has been improperly allowed. For the purpose of this section, "homestead benefits" has the meaning given in section 273.124, subdivision 13,
paragraph (h) 13b. The county auditor shall send a notice to persons who owned the
affected property at the time the homestead application related to the improper homestead
was filed, demanding reimbursement of the homestead benefits plus a penalty equal to
100 percent of the homestead benefits. The person notified may appeal the county's
determination with the Minnesota Tax Court within 60 days of the date of the notice from
the county as provided in section 273.124, subdivision 13, paragraph (h) 13b.

If the amount of homestead benefits and penalty is not paid within 60 days, and if 360.8 no appeal has been filed, the county auditor shall certify the amount of taxes and penalty 360.9 to the county treasurer. The county treasurer will add interest to the unpaid homestead 360.10 benefits and penalty amounts at the rate provided for delinquent personal property taxes 360.11 360.12 for the period beginning 60 days after demand for payment was made until payment. If the person notified is the current owner of the property, the treasurer may add the total 360.13 amount of benefits, penalty, interest, and costs to the real estate taxes otherwise payable on 360.14 the property in the following year. If the person notified is not the current owner of the 360.15 property, the treasurer may collect the amounts due under the Revenue Recapture Act in 360.16 chapter 270A, or use any of the powers granted in sections 277.20 and 277.21 without 360.17 exclusion, to enforce payment of the benefits, penalty, interest, and costs, as if those 360.18 amounts were delinquent tax obligations of the person who owned the property at the time 360.19 the application related to the improperly allowed homestead was filed. The treasurer may 360.20 relieve a prior owner of personal liability for the benefits, penalty, interest, and costs, and 360.21 instead extend those amounts on the tax lists against the property for taxes payable in the 360.22 360.23 following year to the extent that the current owner agrees in writing.

Any amount of homestead benefits recovered by the county from the property owner 360.24 shall be distributed to the county, city or town, and school district where the property is 360.25 located in the same proportion that each taxing district's levy was to the total of the three 360.26 taxing districts' levy for the current year. Any amount recovered attributable to taconite 360.27 homestead credit shall be transmitted to the St. Louis County auditor to be deposited in 360.28 the taconite property tax relief account. Any amount recovered that is attributable to 360.29 supplemental homestead credit is to be transmitted to the commissioner of revenue for 360.30 deposit in the general fund of the state treasury. The total amount of penalty collected 360.31 must be deposited in the county general fund. 360.32

#### 360.33

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

360.34

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290B.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

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Subd. 2. Approval; recording. The commissioner shall approve all initial 361.1 applications that qualify under this chapter and shall notify qualifying homeowners on or 361.2 before December 1. The commissioner may investigate the facts or require confirmation 361.3 in regard to an application. The commissioner shall record or file a notice of qualification 361.4 for deferral, including the names of the qualifying homeowners and a legal description 361.5 of the property, in the office of the county recorder, or registrar of titles, whichever is 361.6 applicable, in the county where the qualifying property is located. The notice must state 361.7 that it serves as a notice of lien and that it includes deferrals under this section for future 361.8 years. The commissioner shall prescribe the form of the notice. Execution of the notice 361.9 by the original or facsimile signature of the commissioner or a delegate entitles them to 361.10 be recorded, and no other attestation, certification, or acknowledgment is necessary. The 361.11 homeowner shall pay the recording or filing fees for the notice, which, notwithstanding 361.12 section 357.18, shall be paid by the homeowner at the time of satisfaction of the lien. 361.13

# 361.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for notices that are both executed 361.15 and recorded after June 30, 2013.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 298.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 361.16 Subd. 3. Occupation tax; other ores. Every person engaged in the business of 361.17 mining, refining, or producing ores, metals, or minerals in this state, except iron ore or 361.18 taconite concentrates, shall pay an occupation tax to the state of Minnesota as provided 361.19 in this subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision, mining includes the application of 361.20 hydrometallurgical processes. Hydrometallurgical processes are processes that extract 361.21 the ores, metals, or minerals, by use of aqueous solutions that leach, concentrate, and 361.22 recover the ore, metal, or mineral. The tax is determined in the same manner as the tax 361.23 imposed by section 290.02, except that sections 290.05, subdivision 1, clause (a), 290.17, 361.24 subdivision 4, and 290.191, subdivision 2, do not apply, and the occupation tax must 361.25 be computed by applying to taxable income the rate of 2.45 percent. A person subject 361.26 to occupation tax under this section shall apportion its net income on the basis of the 361.27 percentage obtained by taking the sum of: 361.28

- (1) 75 percent of the percentage which the sales made within this state in connection
  with the trade or business during the tax period are of the total sales wherever made in
  connection with the trade or business during the tax period;
- 361.32 (2) 12.5 percent of the percentage which the total tangible property used by the
  361.33 taxpayer in this state in connection with the trade or business during the tax period is of
  361.34 the total tangible property, wherever located, used by the taxpayer in connection with the
  361.35 trade or business during the tax period; and

(3) 12.5 percent of the percentage which the taxpayer's total payrolls paid or incurred
in this state or paid in respect to labor performed in this state in connection with the trade
or business during the tax period are of the taxpayer's total payrolls paid or incurred in
connection with the trade or business during the tax period.

362.5 The tax is in addition to all other taxes.

362.6 EF

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

362.7 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 298.018, is amended to read:

362.8 **298.018 DISTRIBUTION OF PROCEEDS.** 

Subdivision 1. Within taconite assistance area. The proceeds of the tax paid under sections 298.015 and 298.016 on ores, metals, or minerals and energy resources mined or extracted within the taconite assistance area defined in section 273.1341, shall be allocated as follows:

362.13 (1) five percent to the city or town within which the minerals or energy resources362.14 are mined or extracted;

362.15 (2) ten percent to the taconite municipal aid account to be distributed as provided362.16 in section 298.282;

362.17 (3) ten percent to the school district within which the minerals or energy resources362.18 are mined or extracted;

(4) 20 percent to a group of school districts comprised of those school districts 362.19 362.20 wherein the mineral or energy resource was mined or extracted or in which there is a qualifying municipality as defined by section 273.134, paragraph (b), in direct proportion 362.21 to school district indexes as follows: for each school district, its pupil units determined 362.22 under section 126C.05 for the prior school year shall be multiplied by the ratio of the 362.23 average adjusted net tax capacity per pupil unit for school districts receiving aid under 362.24 this clause as calculated pursuant to chapters 122A, 126C, and 127A for the school year 362.25 ending prior to distribution to the adjusted net tax capacity per pupil unit of the district. 362.26 Each district shall receive that portion of the distribution which its index bears to the sum 362.27 362.28 of the indices for all school districts that receive the distributions;

362.29 (5) 20 percent to the county within which the minerals or energy resources are362.30 mined or extracted;

362.31 (6) 20 percent to St. Louis County acting as the counties' fiscal agent to be362.32 distributed as provided in sections 273.134 to 273.136;

362.33 (7) five percent to the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board for the
362.34 purposes of section 298.22;

363.1 (8) five percent to the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund; and

363.2 (9) five percent to the taconite environmental protection fund.

The proceeds of the tax shall be distributed on July 15 each year.

363.4 Subd. 2. Outside taconite assistance area. The proceeds of the tax paid under

sections 298.015 and 298.016 on ores, metals, or minerals and energy resources mined

or extracted outside of the taconite assistance area defined in section 273.1341, shall

363.7 be deposited in the general fund.

363.8

# .8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

363.9 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 373.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
363.10 Subdivision 1. Public corporation; listed powers. (a) Each county is a body politic
363.11 and corporate and may:

363.12 (1) Sue and be sued.

363.13 (2) Acquire and hold real and personal property for the use of the county, and lands363.14 sold for taxes as provided by law.

363.15 (3) Purchase and hold for the benefit of the county real estate sold by virtue of363.16 judicial proceedings, to which the county is a party.

363.17 (4) Sell, lease, and convey real or personal estate owned by the county, and give
363.18 contracts or options to sell, lease, or convey it, and make orders respecting it as deemed
363.19 conducive to the interests of the county's inhabitants.

363.20 (5) Make all contracts and do all other acts in relation to the property and concerns363.21 of the county necessary to the exercise of its corporate powers.

(b) No sale, lease, or conveyance of real estate owned by the county, except the lease 363.22 of a residence acquired for the furtherance of an approved capital improvement project, nor 363.23 any contract or option for it, shall be valid, without first advertising for bids or proposals in 363.24 the official newspaper of the county for three consecutive weeks and once in a newspaper 363.25 of general circulation in the area where the property is located. The notice shall state the 363.26 time and place of considering the proposals, contain a legal description of any real estate, 363.27 and a brief description of any personal property. Leases that do not exceed \$15,000 for any 363.28 one year may be negotiated and are not subject to the competitive bid procedures of this 363.29 section. All proposals estimated to exceed \$15,000 in any one year shall be considered at 363.30 the time set for the bid opening, and the one most favorable to the county accepted, but the 363.31 county board may, in the interest of the county, reject any or all proposals. 363.32

363.33 (c) Sales of personal property the value of which is estimated to be \$15,000 or
363.34 more shall be made only after advertising for bids or proposals in the county's official
363.35 newspaper, on the county's Web site, or in a recognized industry trade journal. At the same

time it posts on its Web site or publishes in a trade journal, the county must publish in the 364.1 official newspaper, either as part of the minutes of a regular meeting of the county board 364.2 or in a separate notice, a summary of all requests for bids or proposals that the county 364.3 advertises on its Web site or in a trade journal. After publication in the official newspaper, 364.4 on the Web site, or in a trade journal, bids or proposals may be solicited and accepted by 364.5 the electronic selling process authorized in section 471.345, subdivision 17. Sales of 364.6 personal property the value of which is estimated to be less than \$15,000 may be made 364.7 either on competitive bids or in the open market, in the discretion of the county board. 364.8 "Web site" means a specific, addressable location provided on a server connected to the 364.9 Internet and hosting World Wide Web pages and other files that are generally accessible 364.10 on the Internet all or most of a day. 364.11

(d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the county may, when acquiring
real property for county highway right-of-way, exchange parcels of real property of
substantially similar or equal value without advertising for bids. The estimated values for
these parcels shall be determined by the county assessor.

(e) Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, the county may, when 364.16 acquiring real property for purposes other than county highway right-of-way, exchange 364.17 parcels of real property of substantially similar or equal value without advertising for 364.18 bids. The estimated values for these parcels must be determined by the county assessor 364.19 or a private appraisal performed by a licensed Minnesota real estate appraiser. For the 364.20 purpose of determining for the county the estimated values of parcels proposed to be 364.21 exchanged, the county assessor need not be licensed under chapter 82B. Before giving 364.22 364.23 final approval to any exchange of land, the county board shall hold a public hearing on the exchange. At least two weeks before the hearing, the county auditor shall post a 364.24 notice in the auditor's office and the official newspaper of the county of the hearing that 364.25 contains a description of the lands affected. 364.26

(f) If real estate or personal property remains unsold after advertising for and
consideration of bids or proposals the county may employ a broker to sell the property.
The broker may sell the property for not less than 90 percent of its appraised market value
as determined by the county. The broker's fee shall be set by agreement with the county but
may not exceed ten percent of the sale price and must be paid from the proceeds of the sale.

(g) A county or its agent may rent a county-owned residence acquired for the
furtherance of an approved capital improvement project subject to the conditions set
by the county board and not subject to the conditions for lease otherwise provided by
paragraph (a), clause (4), and paragraphs (b), (c), (d), (f), and (h).

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(h) In no case shall lands be disposed of without there being reserved to the county 365.1 all iron ore and other valuable minerals in and upon the lands, with right to explore for, 365.2 mine and remove the iron ore and other valuable minerals, nor shall the minerals and 365.3 mineral rights be disposed of, either before or after disposition of the surface rights, 365.4 otherwise than by mining lease, in similar general form to that provided by section 93.20 365.5 for mining leases affecting state lands. The lease shall be for a term not exceeding 50 365.6 years, and be issued on a royalty basis, the royalty to be not less than 25 cents per ton of 365.7 2,240 pounds, and fix a minimum amount of royalty payable during each year, whether 365.8 mineral is removed or not. Prospecting options for mining leases may be granted for 365.9 periods not exceeding one year. The options shall require, among other things, periodical 365.10 showings to the county board of the results of exploration work done. 365.11

(i) Notwithstanding anything in this subdivision to the contrary, the county may, 365.12 when selling real property owned in fee simple that cannot be improved because of 365.13 noncompliance with local ordinances regarding minimum area, shape, frontage, or access, 365.14 proceed to sell the nonconforming parcel without advertising for bid. At the county's 365.15 discretion, the real property may be restricted to sale to adjoining landowners or may be 365.16 sold to any other interested party. The property shall be sold to the highest bidder, but in no 365.17 case shall the property be sold for less than 90 percent of its fair market value as determined 365.18 by the county assessor. All owners of land adjoining the land to be sold shall be given a 365.19 written notice at least 30 days before the sale. This paragraph shall be liberally construed to 365.20 encourage the sale of nonconforming real property and promote its return to the tax roles. 365.21

## 365.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

365.23 Sec. 25. <u>REPEALER.</u>
365.24 <u>Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 272.69; and 273.11, subdivisions 1a and 22, are</u>
365.25 repealed.

365.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

365.27 **ARTICLE 16** 

## 365.28 DEPARTMENT POLICY AND TECHNICAL: MISCELLANEOUS

365.29 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 16A.46, is amended to read:

365.30 **16A.46 LOST OR DESTROYED WARRANT DUPLICATE; INDEMNITY.** 

365.31 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Duplicate warrant.</u> The commissioner may issue a duplicate of an
 365.32 unpaid warrant to an owner if the owner certifies that the original was lost or destroyed. The

commissioner may require certification be documented by affidavit. The commissioner 366.1 may refuse to issue a duplicate of an unpaid state warrant. If the commissioner acts in 366.2 good faith, the commissioner is not liable, whether the application is granted or denied. 366.3 Subd. 2. Original warrant is void. When the duplicate is issued, the original is 366.4 void. The commissioner may require an indemnity bond from the applicant to the state for 366.5 double the amount of the warrant for anyone damaged by the issuance of the duplicate. 366.6 The commissioner may refuse to issue a duplicate of an unpaid state warrant. If the 366.7 commissioner acts in good faith the commissioner is not liable, whether the application is 366.8 granted or denied is not liable to any holder who took the void original warrant for value, 366.9 whether or not the commissioner required an indemnity bond from the applicant. 366.10

366.11 <u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Unpaid refund or rebate.</u> For an unpaid refund or rebate issued under a 366.12 tax law administered by the commissioner of revenue that has been lost or destroyed, an 366.13 affidavit is not required for the commissioner to issue a duplicate if the duplicate is issued 366.14 to the same name and Social Security number as the original warrant and that information 366.15 is verified on a tax return filed by the recipient.

366.16

### 6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270C.38, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 366.17 Subdivision 1. Sufficient notice. (a) If no method of notification of a written 366.18 determination or action of the commissioner is otherwise specifically provided for by 366.19 law, notice of the determination or action sent postage prepaid by United States mail to 366.20 the taxpayer or other person affected by the determination or action at the taxpayer's 366.21 or person's last known address, is sufficient. If the taxpayer or person being notified is 366.22 deceased or is under a legal disability, or, in the case of a corporation being notified that 366.23 has terminated its existence, notice to the last known address of the taxpayer, person, or 366.24 corporation is sufficient, unless the department has been provided with a new address by a 366.25 party authorized to receive notices from the commissioner. 366.26

366.27 (b) If a taxpayer or other person agrees to accept notification by electronic means,
 366.28 notice of a determination or action of the commissioner sent by electronic mail to the
 366.29 taxpayer's or person's last known electronic mailing address as provided for in section
 366.30 <u>325L.08 is sufficient.</u>

## 366.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

366.32 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270C.42, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

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Subd. 2. Penalty for failure to pay electronically. In addition to other applicable 367.1 penalties imposed by law, after notification from the commissioner to the taxpayer that 367.2 payments for a tax payable to the commissioner are required to be made by electronic 367.3 means, and the payments are remitted by some other means, there is a penalty in the 367.4 amount of five percent of each payment that should have been remitted electronically. 367.5 After the commissioner's initial notification to the taxpayer that payments are required to 367.6 be made by electronic means, the commissioner is not required to notify the taxpayer in 367.7 subsequent periods if the initial notification specified the amount of tax liability at which a 367.8 taxpayer is required to remit payments by electronic means. The penalty can be abated 367.9 under the abatement procedures prescribed in section 270C.34 if the failure to remit the 367.10 payment electronically is due to reasonable cause. The penalty bears interest at the rate 367.11 specified in section 270C.40 from the due date of the payment of the tax provided in 367.12 section 270C.40, subdivision 3, to the date of payment of the penalty. 367.13

# 367.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

367.15 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 287.385, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

367.16 Subd. 7. Interest on penalties. A penalty imposed under this chapter bears interest
367.17 from the date payment was required to be paid, including any extensions, provided in
367.18 section 270C.40, subdivision 3, to the date of payment of the penalty.

### 367.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.55, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
Subd. 9. Interest on penalties. (a) A penalty imposed under section 289A.60,
subdivision 1, 2, 2a, 4, 5, 6, or 21 bears interest from the date the return or payment
was required to be filed or paid, including any extensions provided in section 270C.40,
subdivision 3, to the date of payment of the penalty.

367.25 (b) A penalty not included in paragraph (a) bears interest only if it is not paid within
367.26 60 days from the date of notice. In that case interest is imposed from the date of notice
367.27 to the date of payment.

#### 367.28

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

367.29 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.60, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 367.30 Subd. 4. Substantial understatement of liability; penalty. (a) The commissioner
 367.31 of revenue shall impose a penalty for substantial understatement of any tax payable to the
 367.32 commissioner, except a tax imposed under chapter 297A.

(b) There must be added to the tax an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount of any
 underpayment attributable to the understatement. There is a substantial understatement of
 tax for the period if the amount of the understatement for the period exceeds the greater of:

- (1) ten percent of the tax required to be shown on the return for the period; or
  (2)(i) \$10,000 in the case of a mining company or a corporation, other than an S
  corporation as defined in section 290.9725, when the tax is imposed by chapter 290 or
  section 298.01 or 298.015, or
- 368.8 (ii) \$5,000 in the case of any other taxpayer, and in the case of a mining company or
  368.9 a corporation any tax not imposed by chapter 290 or section 298.01 or 298.015.

368.10 (c) For a corporation, other than an S corporation, there is also a substantial
368.11 understatement of tax for any taxable year if the amount of the understatement for the
368.12 taxable year exceeds the lesser of:

368.13 (1) ten percent of the tax required to be shown on the return for the taxable year
368.14 (or, if greater, \$10,000); or

368.15 (2) \$10,000,000.

(d) The term "understatement" means the excess of the amount of the tax required 368.16 to be shown on the return for the period, over the amount of the tax imposed that is 368.17 shown on the return. The excess must be determined without regard to items to which 368.18 subdivision 27 applies. The amount of the understatement shall be reduced by that part of 368.19 the understatement that is attributable to the tax treatment of any item by the taxpayer if 368.20 (1) there is or was substantial authority for the treatment, or (2)(i) any item with respect to 368.21 which the relevant facts affecting the item's tax treatment are adequately disclosed in the 368.22 368.23 return or in a statement attached to the return and (ii) there is a reasonable basis for the tax treatment of the item. The exception for substantial authority under clause (1) does not 368.24 apply to positions listed by the Secretary of the Treasury under section 6662(d)(3) of the 368.25 Internal Revenue Code. A corporation does not have a reasonable basis for its tax treatment 368.26 of an item attributable to a multiple-party financing transaction if the treatment does not 368.27 clearly reflect the income of the corporation within the meaning of section 6662(d)(2)(B)368.28 of the Internal Revenue Code. The special rules in cases involving tax shelters provided in 368.29 section 6662(d)(2)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall apply and shall apply to a tax 368.30 shelter the principal purpose of which is the avoidance or evasion of state taxes. 368.31

(e) The commissioner may abate all or any part of the addition to the tax provided by this section on a showing by the taxpayer that there was reasonable cause for the understatement, or part of it, and that the taxpayer acted in good faith. The additional tax and penalty shall bear interest at the rate as specified in section 270C.40 from the time the tax should have been paid until paid.

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### 369.1

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 296A.01, subdivision 19, is amended to read: 369.2 Subd. 19. E85. "E85" means a petroleum product that is a blend of agriculturally 369.3 derived denatured ethanol and gasoline or natural gasoline that typically contains not more 369.4 than 85 percent ethanol by volume, but at a minimum must contain 60 greater than 50 369.5 percent ethanol by volume. For the purposes of this chapter, the energy content of E85 369.6 will be considered to be 82,000 BTUs per gallon. E85 produced for use as a motor fuel in 369.7 alternative fuel vehicles as defined in subdivision 5 must comply with ASTM specification 369.8 <del>D5798-07</del> D5798-11. 369.9

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 369.10

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 296A.22, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 369.11 Subdivision 1. Penalty for failure to pay tax, general rule. Upon the failure of 369.12 any person to pay any tax or fee when due, a penalty of one percent per day for the first 369.13 ten days of delinquency shall accrue, and thereafter the tax, fees, and penalty shall bear 369.14 interest at the rate specified in section 270C.40 until paid. 369.15

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 369.16

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 296A.22, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 369.17 Subd. 3. **Operating without license.** If any person operates as a distributor, special 369.18 369.19 fuel dealer, bulk purchaser, or motor carrier without first securing the license required under this chapter, any tax or fee imposed by this chapter shall become immediately due 369.20 and payable. A penalty of 25 percent is imposed upon the tax and fee due. The tax, and 369.21 fees, and penalty shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270C.40. The penalty 369.22 imposed in this subdivision shall bear interest from the date provided in section 270C.40, 369.23 subdivision 3, to the date of payment of the penalty. 369.24

#### 369.25

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.665, is amended to read: 369.26

# 369.27

# 297A.665 PRESUMPTION OF TAX; BURDEN OF PROOF.

(a) For the purpose of the proper administration of this chapter and to prevent 369.28 evasion of the tax, until the contrary is established, it is presumed that: 369.29

(1) all gross receipts are subject to the tax; and 369.30

370.1	(2) all retail sales for delivery in Minnesota are for storage, use, or other consumption
370.2	in Minnesota.
370.3	(b) The burden of proving that a sale is not a taxable retail sale is on the seller.
370.4	However, a seller is relieved of liability if:
370.5	(1) the seller obtains a fully completed exemption certificate or all the relevant
370.6	information required by section 297A.72, subdivision 2, at the time of the sale or within
370.7	90 days after the date of the sale; or
370.8	(2) if the seller has not obtained a fully completed exemption certificate or all the
370.9	relevant information required by section 297A.72, subdivision 2, within the time provided
370.10	in clause (1), within 120 days after a request for substantiation by the commissioner,
370.11	the seller either:
370.12	(i) obtains in good faith from the purchaser a fully completed exemption certificate
370.13	or all the relevant information required by section 297A.72, subdivision 2, from the
370.14	purchaser taken in good faith which means that the exemption certificate claims an
370.15	exemption that (A) was statutorily available on the date of the transaction, (B) could be
370.16	applicable to the item for which the exemption is claimed, and (C) is reasonable for the
370.17	purchaser's type of business; or
370.18	(ii) proves by other means that the transaction was not subject to tax.
370.19	(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), relief from liability does not apply to a seller who:
370.20	(1) fraudulently fails to collect the tax; or
370.21	(2) solicits purchasers to participate in the unlawful claim of an exemption.
370.22	(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), relief from liability does not apply to a seller
370.23	who has obtained information under paragraph (b), clause (2), if through the audit process
370.24	the commissioner finds the following:
370.25	(1) that at the time the information was provided the seller had knowledge or had
370.26	reason to know that the information relating to the exemption was materially false; or
370.27	(2) that the seller knowingly participated in activity intended to purposefully evade
370.28	the sales tax due on the transaction.
370.29	(d) (e) A certified service provider, as defined in section 297A.995, subdivision 2, is
370.30	relieved of liability under this section to the extent a seller who is its client is relieved of
370.31	liability.
370.32	(e) (f) A purchaser of tangible personal property or any items listed in section 297A.63
370.33	that are shipped or brought to Minnesota by the purchaser has the burden of proving that the
370.34	property was not purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or consumption in Minnesota.
370.35	(f) (g) If a seller claims that certain sales are exempt and does not provide the
370.36	certificate, information, or proof required by paragraph (b), clause (2), within 120 days

- after the date of the commissioner's request for substantiation, then the exemptions
- 371.2 claimed by the seller that required substantiation are disallowed.
- 371.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2013.
- 371.4 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297B.11, is amended to read:

# 371.5 297B.11 REGISTRAR AS AGENT OF COMMISSIONER OF REVENUE; 371.6 POWERS.

The state commissioner of revenue is charged with the administration of the sales tax on motor vehicles. The commissioner may prescribe all rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, necessary and advisable for the proper and efficient administration of the law. The collection of this sales tax on motor vehicles shall be carried out by the motor vehicle registrar who shall act as the agent of the commissioner and who shall be subject to all rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, that may be prescribed by the commissioner.

The provisions of chapters 270C, 289A, and 297A relating to the commissioner's authority to audit, assess, and collect the tax, and to issue refunds and to hear appeals, are applicable to the sales tax on motor vehicles. The commissioner may impose civil penalties as provided in chapters 289A and 297A, and the additional tax and penalties are subject to interest at the rate provided in section 270C.40 from the date provided in section 270C.40, subdivision 3, until paid.

# 371.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297E.14, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Interest on penalties. (a) A penalty imposed under section 297E.12,
subdivision 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5, bears interest from the date the return or payment was required
to be filed or paid, including any extensions provided in section 270C.40, subdivision
371.25 3, to the date of payment of the penalty.

(b) A penalty not included in paragraph (a) bears interest only if it is not paid within
ten days from the date of notice. In that case interest is imposed from the date of notice
to the date of payment.

371.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

371.30 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.01, subdivision 23, is amended to read:

Subd. 23. Wholesale sales price. "Wholesale sales price" means the price stated 372.1 on the price list in effect at the time of sale for which a manufacturer or person sells a 372.2 tobacco product to a distributor, exclusive of any discount, promotional offer, or other 372.3 reduction. For purposes of this subdivision, "price list" means the manufacturer's price at 372.4 which tobacco products are made available for sale to all distributors on an ongoing basis 372.5 at which a distributor purchases a tobacco product. Wholesale sales price includes the 372.6 applicable federal excise tax, freight charges, or packaging costs, regardless of whether 372.7 they were included in the purchase price. 372.8

#### 372.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for purchases made after December 31, 2013. 372.10

372.11 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.09, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Interest. The amount of tax not timely paid, together with any penalty 372.12

imposed in this section, bears interest at the rate specified in section 270C.40 from the 372.13

time such tax should have been paid until paid. The penalty imposed in this section bears 372.14

interest at the rate specified in section 270C.40 from the date provided in section 270C.40, 372.15

372.16 subdivision 3, to the date of payment of the penalty. Any interest and penalty is added to

the tax and collected as a part of it. 372.17

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 372.18

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.18, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 372.19 Subd. 7. Interest on penalties. (a) A penalty imposed under section 297F.19, 372.20 subdivisions 2 to 7, bears interest from the date the return or payment was required to be 372.21 filed or paid, including any extensions provided in section 270C.40, subdivision 3, to the 372.22 date of payment of the penalty. 372.23

(b) A penalty not included in paragraph (a) bears interest only if it is not paid within 372.24 ten days from the date of the notice. In that case interest is imposed from the date of notice 372.25 to the date of payment. 372.26

#### 372.27

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297G.09, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 372.28 Subd. 8. Interest. The amount of tax not timely paid, together with any penalty 372.29 imposed by this chapter, bears interest at the rate specified in section 270C.40 from the 372.30 time the tax should have been paid until paid. Any penalty imposed by this chapter bears 372.31

373.1	interest from the date provided in section 270C.40, subdivision 3, to the date of payment
373.2	of the penalty. Any interest and penalty is added to the tax and collected as a part of it.
373.3	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
373.4	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297G.17, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
373.5	Subd. 7. Interest on penalties. (a) A penalty imposed under section 297G.18,
373.6	subdivisions 2 to 7, bears interest from the date the return or payment was required to be
373.7	filed or paid, including any extensions provided in section 270C.40, subdivision 3, to the
373.8	date of payment of the penalty.
373.9	(b) A penalty not included in paragraph (a) bears interest only if it is not paid within
373.10	ten days from the date of the notice. In that case interest is imposed from the date of notice
373.11	to the date of payment.
373.12	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
373.13	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297I.05, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
373.14	Subd. 7. Nonadmitted insurance premium tax. (a) A tax is imposed on surplus
373.15	lines brokers. The rate of tax is equal to three percent of the gross premiums less return
373.16	premiums paid by an insured whose home state is Minnesota.
373.17	(b) A tax is imposed on persons, firms, or corporations a person, firm, corporation,
373.18	or purchasing group as defined in section 60E.02, or any member of a purchasing group,
373.19	that procure procures insurance directly from a nonadmitted insurer. The rate of tax is
373.20	equal to two percent of the gross premiums less return premiums paid by an insured
373.21	whose home state is Minnesota.
373.22	(c) No state other than the home state of an insured may require any premium tax
373.23	payment for nonadmitted insurance. When Minnesota is the home state of the insured,
373.24	as provided under section 297I.01, 100 percent of the gross premiums are taxable in
373.25	Minnesota with no allocation of the tax to other states.
373.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for premiums received after
373.27	December 31, 2013.
373.28	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297I.05, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
373.29	Subd. 12. Other entities. (a) A tax is imposed equal to two percent of:
373.30	(1) gross premiums less return premiums written for risks resident or located in
373.31	Minnesota by a risk retention group;

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374.1 (2) gross premiums less return premiums received by an attorney in fact acting
374.2 in accordance with chapter 71A;

374.3 (3) gross premiums less return premiums received pursuant to assigned risk policies
and contracts of coverage under chapter 79; and

374.5 (4) the direct funded premium received by the reinsurance association under section
374.6 79.34 from self-insurers approved under section 176.181 and political subdivisions that
374.7 self-insure; and.

374.8 (5) gross premiums less return premiums paid to an insurer other than a licensed
374.9 insurance company or a surplus lines broker for coverage of risks resident or located in
374.10 Minnesota by a purchasing group or any members of the purchasing group to a broker or
374.11 agent for the purchasing group.

(b) A tax is imposed on a joint self-insurance plan operating under chapter 60F. The rate of tax is equal to two percent of the total amount of claims paid during the fund year, with no deduction for claims wholly or partially reimbursed through stop-loss insurance.

374.15 (c) A tax is imposed on a joint self-insurance plan operating under chapter 62H.
374.16 The rate of tax is equal to two percent of the total amount of claims paid during the
374.17 fund's fiscal year, with no deduction for claims wholly or partially reimbursed through
374.18 stop-loss insurance.

(d) A tax is imposed equal to the tax imposed under section 297I.05, subdivision 5,
on the gross premiums less return premiums on all coverages received by an accountable
provider network or agents of an accountable provider network in Minnesota, in cash or
otherwise, during the year.

# 374.23 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for premiums received after 374.24 December 31, 2013.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297I.30, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. General rule. On or before March 1, every taxpayer subject to
taxation under section 297I.05, subdivisions 1 to 5; 7, paragraph (b); 12, paragraphs (a),
elauses (1) to (4), (b), (c), and (d); and 14, shall file an annual return for the preceding
calendar year in the form prescribed by the commissioner.

# 374.30 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for premiums received after 374.31 December 31, 2013.

374.32 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297I.30, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Surplus lines brokers and purchasing groups. On or before February
15 and August 15 of each year, every surplus lines broker subject to taxation under
section 297I.05, subdivision 7, paragraph (a), and every purchasing group or member of
a purchasing group subject to tax under section 297I.05, subdivision 12, paragraph (a),
elause (5), shall file a return with the commissioner for the preceding six-month period
ending December 31, or June 30, in the form prescribed by the commissioner.

# 375.7 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for premiums received after

375.8 December 31, 2013.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297I.80, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Payable to commissioner. (a) When interest is required under this
section, interest is computed at the rate specified in section 270C.40.

(b) If a tax or surcharge is not paid within the time named by law for payment, the
unpaid tax or surcharge bears interest from the date the tax or surcharge should have been
paid until the date the tax or surcharge is paid.

375.15 (c) Whenever a taxpayer is liable for additional tax or surcharge because of a
375.16 redetermination by the commissioner or other reason, the additional tax or surcharge
375.17 bears interest from the time the tax or surcharge should have been paid until the date the
375.18 tax or surcharge is paid.

(d) A penalty bears interest from the date the return or payment was required to be
filed or paid provided in section 270C.40, subdivision 3, to the date of payment of the
penalty.

375.22

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

375.23 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.319, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. Repayment procedures. (a) For the repayment of taxes imposed under 375.24 chapter 290 or 297A or local taxes collected pursuant to section 297A.99, a business must 375.25 file an amended return with the commissioner of revenue and pay any taxes required 375.26 to be repaid within 30 days after becoming subject to repayment under this section. 375.27 The amount required to be repaid is determined by calculating the tax for the period or 375.28 periods for which repayment is required without regard to the exemptions and credits 375.29 allowed under section 469.315. 375.30

(b) For the repayment of taxes imposed under chapter 297B, a business must pay any
taxes required to be repaid to the motor vehicle registrar, as agent for the commissioner of
revenue, within 30 days after becoming subject to repayment under this section.

(c) For the repayment of property taxes, the county auditor shall prepare a tax statement for the business, applying the applicable tax extension rates for each payable year and provide a copy to the business and to the taxpayer of record. The business must pay the taxes to the county treasurer within 30 days after receipt of the tax statement. The business or the taxpayer of record may appeal the valuation and determination of the property tax to the Tax Court within 30 days after receipt of the tax statement.

(d) The provisions of chapters 270C and 289A relating to the commissioner's 376.7 authority to audit, assess, and collect the tax and to hear appeals are applicable to the 376.8 repayment required under paragraphs (a) and (b). The commissioner may impose civil 376.9 penalties as provided in chapter 289A, and the additional tax and penalties are subject 376.10 to interest at the rate provided in section 270C.40,. The additional tax shall bear interest 376.11 from 30 days after becoming subject to repayment under this section until the date the 376.12 tax is paid. Any penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall bear interest from the date 376.13 provided in section 270C.40, subdivision 3, to the date of payment of the penalty. 376.14

376.15 (e) If a property tax is not repaid under paragraph (c), the county treasurer shall 376.16 add the amount required to be repaid to the property taxes assessed against the property 376.17 for payment in the year following the year in which the auditor provided the statement 376.18 under paragraph (c).

(f) For determining the tax required to be repaid, a reduction of a state or local sales or 376.19 use tax is deemed to have been received on the date that the good or service was purchased 376.20 or first put to a taxable use. In the case of an income tax or franchise tax, including the 376.21 credit payable under section 469.318, a reduction of tax is deemed to have been received 376.22 376.23 for the two most recent tax years that have ended prior to the date that the business became subject to repayment under this section. In the case of a property tax, a reduction of tax is 376.24 deemed to have been received for the taxes payable in the year that the business became 376.25 subject to repayment under this section and for the taxes payable in the prior year. 376.26

(g) The commissioner may assess the repayment of taxes under paragraph (d) any
time within two years after the business becomes subject to repayment under subdivision
1, or within any period of limitations for the assessment of tax under section 289A.38,
whichever period is later. The county auditor may send the statement under paragraph
(c) any time within three years after the business becomes subject to repayment under
subdivision 1.

(h) A business is not entitled to any income tax or franchise tax benefits, including
refundable credits, for any part of the year in which the business becomes subject to
repayment under this section nor for any year thereafter. Property is not exempt from tax
under section 272.02, subdivision 64, for any taxes payable in the year following the year

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in which the property became subject to repayment under this section nor for any year
thereafter. A business is not eligible for any sales tax benefits beginning with goods
or services purchased or first put to a taxable use on the day that the business becomes
subject to repayment under this section.

377.5

# 5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.340, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. **Repayment procedures.** (a) For the repayment of taxes imposed under chapter 290 or 297A or local taxes collected pursuant to section 297A.99, a business must file an amended return with the commissioner of revenue and pay any taxes required to be repaid within 30 days after ceasing to do business in the zone. The amount required to be repaid is determined by calculating the tax for the period or periods for which repayment is required without regard to the exemptions and credits allowed under section 469.336.

377.13 (b) For the repayment of property taxes, the county auditor shall prepare a tax 377.14 statement for the business, applying the applicable tax extension rates for each payable 377.15 year and provide a copy to the business. The business must pay the taxes to the county 377.16 treasurer within 30 days after receipt of the tax statement. The taxpayer may appeal the 377.17 valuation and determination of the property tax to the Tax Court within 30 days after 377.18 receipt of the tax statement.

(c) The provisions of chapters 270C and 289A relating to the commissioner's 377.19 authority to audit, assess, and collect the tax and to hear appeals are applicable to the 377.20 repayment required under paragraph (a). The commissioner may impose civil penalties as 377.21 provided in chapter 289A, and the additional tax and penalties are subject to interest at the 377.22 rate provided in section 270C.407. The additional tax shall bear interest from 30 days after 377.23 ceasing to do business in the biotechnology and health sciences industry zone until the 377.24 date the tax is paid. Any penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall bear interest from 377.25 the date provided in section 270C.40, subdivision 3, to the date of payment of the penalty. 377.26

(d) If a property tax is not repaid under paragraph (b), the county treasurer shall add
the amount required to be repaid to the property taxes assessed against the property for
payment in the year following the year in which the treasurer discovers that the business
ceased to operate in the biotechnology and health sciences industry zone.

(e) For determining the tax required to be repaid, a tax reduction is deemed to have
been received on the date that the tax would have been due if the taxpayer had not been
entitled to the exemption, or on the date a refund was issued for a refundable credit.

(f) The commissioner may assess the repayment of taxes under paragraph (c) any
 time within two years after the business ceases to operate in the biotechnology and health

- 378.1 sciences industry zone, or within any period of limitations for the assessment of tax under
- 378.2 section 289A.38, whichever period is later.
- 378.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.