State of Minnesota

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

A bill for an act

relating to state government; providing additional whistleblower protection

to state employees; amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 181.931, by

EIGHTY-EIGHTH SESSION

H. F. No. 542

02/13/2013 Authored by Loeffler, Freiberg, Cornish, Winkler, Dorholt and others

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Government Operations

02/28/2013 Adoption of Report: Pass as Amended and Read Second Time

05/07/2013 Calendar for the Day

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Read Third Time

Passed by the House and transmitted to the Senate

1.4	adding subdivisions; 181.932, subdivision 1.
1.5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.6	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 181.931, is amended by adding a
1.7	subdivision to read:
1.8	Subd. 4. Good faith. "Good faith" means conduct that does not violate section
1.9	181.932, subdivision 3.
1.10	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 181.931, is amended by adding a subdivision
1.11	to read:
1.12	Subd. 5. Penalize. "Penalize" means conduct that might dissuade a reasonable
1.13	employee from making or supporting a report, including post-termination conduct by an
1.14	employer or conduct by an employer for the benefit of a third party.
1.15	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 181.931, is amended by adding a subdivision
1.16	to read:
1.17	Subd. 6. Report. "Report" means a verbal, written, or electronic communication by
1.18	an employee about an actual, suspected, or planned violation of a statute, regulation, or
1.19	common law, whether committed by an employer or a third party.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 181.932, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Sec. 4.

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Subdivision 1. Prohibited action. An employer shall not discharge, discipline,	
threaten, otherwise discriminate against, or penalize an employee regarding the employee's	
compensation, terms, conditions, location, or privileges of employment because:	
(1) the employee, or a person acting on behalf of an employee, in good faith, reports	
a violation or, suspected violation, or planned violation of any federal or state law or	
common law or rule adopted pursuant to law to an employer or to any governmental	
body or law enforcement official;	
(2) the employee is requested by a public body or office to participate in an	
investigation, hearing, inquiry;	
(3) the employee refuses an employer's order to perform an action that the employee	
has an objective basis in fact to believe violates any state or federal law or rule or	
regulation adopted pursuant to law, and the employee informs the employer that the order	
is being refused for that reason;	
(4) the employee, in good faith, reports a situation in which the quality of health care	
services provided by a health care facility, organization, or health care provider violates a	
standard established by federal or state law or a professionally recognized national clinical	
or ethical standard and potentially places the public at risk of harm; or	
(5) a public employee communicates the findings of a scientific or technical study	
that the employee, in good faith, believes to be truthful and accurate, including reports	
to a governmental body or law enforcement official-; or	
(6) an employee in the classified service of state government communicates	
information that the employee, in good faith, believes to be truthful and accurate, and that	
relates to state services, including the financing of state services, to:	
(i) a legislator or the legislative auditor; or	
(ii) a constitutional officer.	
The disclosures protected pursuant to this section do not authorize the disclosure of data	
otherwise protected by law.	

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 4. 2