1.2

13

1.4

1.5

1.6

1.7

1.8

1.9

1.10

1.11

1.12

1.13

1.14

1.15

1.16

1.17

1.18

1 19

1.20

1.21

1.22

1.23

1.24

1.25

1.26

1.27

1.28

1.29

1.30

1.31

1 32

1.33

1.34

1.35

1.36

1.37

1.38

1.39

A bill for an act

REVISOR

relating to financing and operating of state and local government; making changes to individual income, corporate franchise, estate, property, sales and use, excise, mineral, special, local, and other miscellaneous taxes and tax-related provisions; modifying local government aids, credits, tax increment financing, and public finance; providing for new income tax subtractions, additions, and credits; establishing a first-time home buyer savings account program; modifying the education credit; providing a credit for donations to fund K-12 scholarships; modifying residency definitions; providing estate tax conformity; modifying debt service equalization revenue; providing for and modifying property tax exemptions and classifications; modifying the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act; changing levy certification dates; establishing a school building bond agricultural tax credit; modifying state general levy; modifying certain local government aids; authorizing assessor accreditation waivers; modifying sales tax definitions and exemptions; providing sales tax exemptions; authorizing certain tax increment financing authority; authorizing certain local taxes; authorizing provisions related to taconite production tax; clarifying Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board approval authority; making minor policy, technical, and conforming changes; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 13.51, subdivision 2; 15.38, subdivision 7; 40A.18, subdivision 2; 69.021, subdivision 5; 84.82, subdivision 10; 84.922, subdivision 11; 86B.401, subdivision 12; 115A.1314, subdivision 1; 116J.423, subdivision 2; 116J.424; 123B.53, subdivisions 4, 5; 126C.17, subdivision 6; 127A.45, subdivisions 10, 13; 128C.24; 136A.129, subdivision 3; 138.053; 216B.161, subdivision 1; 270.071, subdivisions 2, 7, 8, by adding a subdivision; 270.072, subdivisions 2, 3, by adding a subdivision; 270.074, subdivision 1; 270.078, subdivision 1; 270.12, by adding a subdivision; 270.82, subdivision 1; 270A.03, subdivision 5; 270B.14, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 270C.171, subdivision 1; 270C.30; 270C.33, subdivisions 5, 8; 270C.34, subdivision 2; 270C.35, subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 270C.38, subdivision 1; 270C.445, subdivisions 2, 3, 5a, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 7, 8, by adding a subdivision; 270C.446, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5; 270C.447, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, by adding a subdivision; 270C.72, subdivision 4; 270C.89, subdivision 1; 270C.9901; 271.06, subdivisions 2, 7; 272.02, subdivisions 9, 10, 86, by adding a subdivision; 272.0211, subdivision 1; 272.025, subdivision 1; 272.029, subdivisions 2, 4, by adding a subdivision; 272.0295, subdivision 4, by adding a subdivision; 272.115, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 273.061, subdivision 7; 273.0755; 273.08; 273.121, by adding a subdivision; 273.124, subdivisions 13, 13d; 273.125, subdivision 8; 273.13, subdivisions 22, 23, 25, 34; 273.135, subdivision 1; 273.1392; 273.1393; 273.33, subdivisions 1, 2; 273.371; 273.372, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, by adding subdivisions;

1

274.01, subdivision 1; 274.014, subdivision 3; 274.13, subdivision 1; 274.135, 2.1 2.2 subdivision 3; 275.025, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 275.065, subdivisions 1, 3; 275.07, subdivisions 1, 2; 275.08, subdivision 1b; 275.62, subdivision 2; 276.04, subdivision 2.3 2; 276A.01, subdivisions 8, 17; 278.01, subdivision 1; 279.01, subdivision 2; 2.4 282.01, subdivisions 1a, 1d; 282.38, subdivision 1; 287.08; 287.2205; 289A.08, 2.5 subdivisions 11, 16, by adding a subdivision; 289A.09, subdivisions 1, 2; 289A.10, 2.6 subdivision 1; 289A.11, subdivision 1; 289A.12, subdivision 14; 289A.18, 2.7 subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 289A.20, subdivision 2; 289A.31, 2.8 2.9 subdivision 1; 289A.35; 289A.37, subdivision 2; 289A.38, subdivision 6; 289A.50, subdivisions 2a, 7; 289A.60, subdivisions 13, 28, by adding a subdivision; 289A.63, 2.10 by adding a subdivision; 290.01, subdivision 7; 290.0131, subdivision 10, as 2.11 amended, by adding subdivisions; 290.0132, subdivision 21, by adding 2.12 subdivisions; 290.0133, subdivision 12, as amended, by adding a subdivision; 2.13 290.06, subdivisions 2c, 2d, by adding subdivisions; 290.0671, subdivision 1, as 2.14 amended; 290.0672, subdivision 1; 290.0674, by adding a subdivision; 290.068, 2.15 subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 290.081; 290.091, subdivision 2; 290.0922, 2.16 subdivision 2; 290.17, subdivision 2; 290.31, subdivision 1; 290A.03, subdivision 2.17 3; 290A.10; 290A.19; 290C.02, subdivision 6; 290C.03; 290C.07; 290C.10; 2.18 291.005, subdivision 1, as amended; 291.016, subdivisions 2, 3; 291.03, 2.19 subdivisions 1, 9, 11; 291.075; 295.53, subdivision 1; 295.54, subdivision 2; 2.20 295.55, subdivision 6; 296A.01, subdivisions 7, 12, 33, 42, by adding subdivisions; 2.21 296A.02, by adding a subdivision; 296A.07, subdivisions 1, 4; 296A.08, subdivision 2.22 2; 296A.15, subdivisions 1, 4; 296A.16, subdivision 2; 296A.17, subdivision 3; 2.23 296A.19, subdivision 1; 296A.22, subdivision 9; 296A.26; 297A.61, subdivisions 2.24 3, 4, 34; 297A.66, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, by adding a subdivision; 297A.67, 2.25 subdivisions 2, 4, 5, 6, by adding a subdivision; 297A.68, subdivision 19; 297A.70, 2.26 subdivision 14, by adding a subdivision; 297A.71, subdivision 44, by adding 2.27 subdivisions; 297A.75, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 297A.82, subdivisions 4, 4a; 297D.02; 2.28 297E.02, subdivisions 3, 7; 297E.04, subdivision 1; 297E.05, subdivision 4; 2.29 297E.06, subdivision 1; 297F.09, subdivision 1; 297F.23; 297G.03, by adding a 2.30 subdivision; 297G.09, subdivision 1; 297G.22; 297H.06, subdivision 2; 297I.05, 2.31 subdivision 2; 297I.10, subdivisions 1, 3; 297I.30, subdivision 7, by adding a 2.32 subdivision; 297I.60, subdivision 2; 298.001, subdivision 8; 298.01, subdivisions 2.33 3, 4, 4c; 298.22, subdivisions 1, 1a, 5a, 6, 10, 11; 298.221; 298.2211, subdivision 2.34 3; 298.223, subdivisions 1, 2; 298.227; 298.24, subdivision 1; 298.28, subdivisions 2.35 2, 5, 7a, 9d; 298.292, subdivision 2; 298.296, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 298.2961, 2.36 subdivisions 2, 4; 298.46, subdivision 2; 366.095, subdivision 1; 383B.117, 2.37 subdivision 2; 410.32; 412.301; 414.09, subdivision 2; 469.034, subdivision 2; 2.38 469.101, subdivision 1; 469.1763, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 469.178, subdivision 7; 2.39 469.190, subdivisions 1, 7; 469.319, subdivision 5; 473H.09; 473H.17, subdivision 2.40 1a; 475.58, subdivision 3b; 475.60, subdivision 2; 477A.011, subdivision 34; 2.41 477A.0124, subdivision 2; 477A.013, subdivisions 1, 8, 9, by adding a subdivision; 2.42 477A.03, subdivisions 2a, 2b; 477A.11, by adding a subdivision; 477A.12, 2.43 subdivisions 1, 2; 477A.14, subdivision 3; 477A.17; 477A.19, by adding 2.44 subdivisions; 559.202, subdivision 2; 609.5316, subdivision 3; Laws 1980, chapter 2.45 511, sections 1, subdivision 2, as amended; 2, as amended; Laws 1991, chapter 2.46 291, article 8, section 27, subdivisions 3, as amended, 4, as amended, 5; Laws 2.47 1996, chapter 471, article 2, section 29, subdivisions 1, as amended, 4, as amended; 2.48 article 3, section 51; Laws 1999, chapter 243, article 4, sections 17, subdivisions 2.49 3, 5, by adding a subdivision; 18, subdivision 1, as amended; Laws 2005, First 2.50 Special Session chapter 3, article 5, sections 38, subdivisions 2, as amended, 4, as 2.51 amended; 44, subdivisions 3, as amended, 4, 5, as amended; Laws 2008, chapter 2.52 154, article 9, section 21, subdivision 2; Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 7, section 2.53 20; Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 5, section 17, as amended; Laws 2010, chapter 2.54 216, section 58, as amended; Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 6, sections 8, 2.55 subdivision 1; 9; article 9, section 94; Laws 2016, chapter 187, section 5; proposing 2.56 coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 116J; 273; 289A; 290; 290B; 2.57 290C; 293; 297A; 477A; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, 2.58

3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	chapter 462D; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 270.074, subdivision 2; 270C.445, subdivision 1; 270C.447, subdivision 4; 281.22; 289A.10, subdivision 1a; 289A.12, subdivision 18; 289A.18, subdivision 3a; 289A.20, subdivision 3a; 290.9743; 290.9744; 290C.02, subdivisions 5, 9; 290C.06; 291.03, subdivisions
3.5	8, 9, 10, 11; 298.22, subdivision 8; 298.2213, subdivisions 4, 5, 6; 298.298;
3.6	Minnesota Rules, parts 8092.1400; 8092.2000; 8100.0700; 8125.1300, subpart 3.
3.7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
3.8	ARTICLE 1
3.9	INCOME, CORPORATE FRANCHISE, AND ESTATE TAXES
3.10	Section 1. [116J.5491] WORKFORCE HOUSING TAX CREDIT.
3.11	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
3.12	the meanings given.
3.13	(b) "City" means a statutory or home rule charter city.
3.14	(c) "Developer" means the individual or entity that is responsible for arranging financing
3.15	for and construction of a qualified workforce housing project.
3.16	(d) "Eligible project site" means the site for the proposed qualified workforce housing
3.17	project that must be located in:
3.18	(1) an area that does not require extension of public infrastructure, other than connections
3.19	to or access for the site, and that is located outside of the metropolitan area, as defined in
3.20	section 473.121, subdivision 2;
3.21	(2) a city with at least 500 jobs, as measured in the QCEW, or within the jurisdiction of
3.22	an economic development authority, formed under Laws 1988, chapter 516, section 1, as a
3.23	joint partnership between a city and county and excluding those established by the county
3.24	only; and
3.25	(3) an area, consisting of the city in which the site is located and any other city or town
3.26	located within 15 miles or less of the site, with an average vacancy rate for market rate
3.27	residential rental properties of four percent or less for any two of the last five years, based
3.28	on a market housing analysis that supports demand for the proposed qualified workforce
3.29	housing project.
3.30	(e) "Market rate residential rental properties" means properties that are rented at market
3.31	value and excludes properties constructed with:
3.32	(1) financial assistance requiring the property to be occupied by residents that meet
3.33	income limits under federal or state law of initial occupancy; and

4.1	(2) federal, state, or local flood recovery assistance, regardless of whether that assistance
4.2	imposed income limits as a condition of receiving assistance.
4.3	(f) "QCEW" means the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages with the most
4.4	recent annual data published by the commissioner.
4.5	(g) "Qualified investment" means a cash investment or the fair market value equivalent
4.6	for common stock, land, a partnership or membership interest, preferred stock, debt with
4.7	mandatory conversion to equity, or an equivalent ownership interest as determined by the
4.8	commissioner that is made in a qualified workforce housing project.
4.9	(h) "Qualified project investor" means an investor who makes a qualified investment
4.10	and receives a tax credit certificate from the developer of the project.
4.11	(i) "Qualified workforce housing project" means a project:
4.12	(1) for market rate residential rental properties with a minimum of three dwelling units;
4.13	(2) with an average construction cost per unit, excluding site preparation costs, of no
4.14	more than \$250,000 and no less than \$75,000;
4.15	(3) located on an eligible project site;
4.16	(4) that has more than 50 percent nonstate funding proposed to fund the project; and
4.17	(5) that has been designated by the commissioner as a qualified workforce housing
4.18	project.
4.19	(j) "Workforce Housing Undersupply Ratio" means the total number of full-time jobs
4.20	in the area, as defined in paragraph (d), clause (3), in which the proposed project is located,
4.21	as reported in the QCEW, divided by the total number of persons over the age of 16 who
4.22	are employed and living in that area, as reported by the United States Census
4.23	"EMPLOYMENT STATUS" data set or similar United States Census data set.
4.24	Subd. 2. Qualified project investor tax credits. (a) A qualified project investor is
4.25	allowed a credit against the tax imposed under chapter 290 equal to 40 percent of the qualified
4.26	investment up to a maximum of \$1,000,000.
4.27	(b) The credit under this subdivision is allowed in the first taxable year in which the
4.28	qualified workforce housing project has housing units that are certified for occupancy by
4.29	the Department of Labor and Industry or a city inspector.
4.30	(c) The commissioner may issue tax credit allocations to qualified workforce housing
4.31	projects for a taxable year, up to \$2,500,000, based on applications made by developers and
4.32	as provided under paragraph (d). No more than \$1,000,000 in tax credit allocations may be

5.5

5.6

5.7

5.8

5.9

5.15

5.16

5.17

5.18

5.19

5.20

5.21

5.22

5.23

5.24

5.25

5.26

5.27

5.28

5.29

5.30

5.31

5.32

5.33

5.1	issued for a qualified workforce housing project. Any portion of the permitted allocation
5.2	for a taxable year that is not issued by the commissioner does not cancel and carries forward
5.3	to the following taxable year.

- (d) A developer of a qualified workforce housing project may apply to the commissioner for an allocation of tax credits under this section. The application must provide information sufficient for the commissioner to determine:
- (1) that the project meets the requirements for a qualified workforce housing project under this section;
 - (2) that the developer has sufficient financing to acquire and construct the project;
- 5.10 (3) the financial viability of the project;
- 5.11 (4) the total amount of credits applied for;
- 5.12 (5) each of the project's investors, the amounts each has or will invest in the project, and
 the amount of tax credits the developer proposes to provide to each; and
- 5.14 (6) any other information that the commissioner deems appropriate.

The application must be made in the form and manner specified by the commissioner. Applications for tax credits for a taxable year must be made available by the commissioner by November 1 of the prior calendar year. The commissioner must make every effort to provide applications and relevant data to applicants in a simple, concise manner using plain language, and distribute relevant eligibility information on the Department of Employment and Economic Development Web site. In allocating the credits, the commissioner must give preference to projects with the highest Workforce Housing Undersupply Ratio, except where the commissioner determines the investment is circumventing the spirit of the law or where little or no local economic growth would occur as a result of the investment. The commissioner must approve or reject a tax credit request application within 15 days of receiving the application. The commissioner shall provide tax credit certificates to the applicant developer of an approved qualified workforce housing project in the amount of the credits allocated to the project. The developer shall provide the credit certificates to its qualified project investors in return for their investments in the projects and notify the commissioner of the amount provided to each investor within 15 days. If the project does not have units certified for occupancy as provided in paragraph (b) within a two-year period following issuance of the credit certificates to the developer, the tax credit allocation for the project is canceled. The developer must notify the commissioner immediately of the failure to obtain a certificate of occupancy no later than five business days after the expiration

0	f the two-year period. The commissioner must notify the commissioner of revenue of the
	redit certificates issued under this section and any cancellations of those certificates.
_	real continues issued and this section and any cancentations of those continues.
	(e) The commissioner shall charge an application fee. Application fees are deposited in
	ne workforce housing tax credit administration account in the special revenue fund. Amounts
į	the account are appropriated to the commissioner for the cost of administering the tax
c	redit under this section.
	(f) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the manner in which the credits are
<u>i</u>	ssued and claimed.
	Subd. 3. Transfer and revocation of credits. (a) A qualified project investor who
r	eceives a certificate may assign the certificate to another taxpayer, who is then allowed the
c	redit under this section and section 290.06, subdivision 37. An assignment is not valid
u	nless the assignee notifies the commissioner of revenue within 30 days of the date that the
a	ssignment is made. The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the forms necessary to
p	rovide notification of the assignment and to claim a credit by assignment. Credits passed
tl	nrough to partners, members, shareholders, or owners under section 290.06, subdivision
3	7, paragraph (b), are not an assignment of a credit certificate under this subdivision.
	(b) If the commissioner discovers that a qualified project investor did not meet the
e	ligibility requirements for the tax credits under this section after the credits have been
a	llocated and certificates issued, the commissioner may determine that credit certificate is
r	evoked and must be repaid by the investor. The commissioner must notify the commissioner
0	f revenue of every credit revoked and subject to repayment under this section.
	Subd. 4. Reporting. Beginning in 2019, the commissioner must annually report by
N	March 15 to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees in the senate and
h	ouse of representatives with jurisdiction over taxes and economic development, in
<u>c</u>	ompliance with sections 3.195 and 3.197, on tax credits issued under this section. The
r	eport must include:
	(1) information about the availability of workforce housing in greater Minnesota;
	(2) information from employers and communities in greater Minnesota about whether
0	r not workforce housing needs are being met;
	(3) which projects have been funded by the workforce housing tax credit and whether
p	reviously funded projects have created economic growth;
	(4) any suggested legislation to accelerate construction of workforce housing;

Article 1 Section 1.

6.33

(5) the number and amount of tax credits issued;

7.1	(6) the number and amount of tax credits revoked under subdivision 3;
7.2	(7) the location, total cost of, and expected rent to be received as a result of qualified
7.3	workforce housing projects funded under this section; and
7.4	(8) any other relevant information needed to evaluate the effect of the workforce housing
7.5	tax credits.
7.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
7.7	31, 2017, and before January 1, 2019.
7.8	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 136A.129, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
7.9	Subd. 3. Program components. (a) An intern must be an eligible student who has been
7.10	admitted to a major program that is related to the intern experience as determined by the
7.11	eligible institution.
7.12	(b) To participate in the program, an eligible institution must:
7.13	(1) enter into written agreements with eligible employers to provide internships that are
7.14	at least eight weeks long and located in greater Minnesota; and
7.15	(2) provide academic credit for the successful completion of the internship or ensure
7.16	that it fulfills requirements necessary to complete a vocational technical education program.
7.17	(c) To participate in the program, an eligible employer must enter into a written agreement
7.18	with an eligible institution specifying that the intern:
7.19	(1) would not have been hired without the tax credit described in subdivision 4;
7.20	(2) did not work for the employer in the same or a similar job prior to entering the
7.21	agreement;
7.22	(3) (2) does not replace an existing employee;
7.23	(4) (3) has not previously participated in the program;
7.24	(5) (4) will be employed at a location in greater Minnesota;
7.25	(6) (5) will be paid at least minimum wage for a minimum of 16 hours per week for a
7.26	period of at least eight weeks; and
7.27	(7) (6) will be supervised and evaluated by the employer.
7.28	(d) The written agreement between the eligible institution and the eligible employer

7.29

must certify a credit amount to the employer, not to exceed \$2,000 per intern. The total

8.1	dollar amount of credits that an eligible institution certifies to eligible employers in a calendar
8.2	year may not exceed the amount of its allocation under subdivision 4.
8.3	(e) Participating eligible institutions and eligible employers must report annually to the
8.4	office. The report must include at least the following:
8.5	(1) the number of interns hired;
8.6	(2) the number of hours and weeks worked by interns; and
8.7	(3) the compensation paid to interns.
8.8	(f) An internship required to complete an academic program does not qualify for the
8.9	greater Minnesota internship program under this section.
8.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
8.11	<u>31, 2016.</u>
8.12	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
8.13	Subdivision 1. Return required. (a) In the case of a decedent who has an interest in
8.14	property with a situs in Minnesota, the personal representative must submit a Minnesota
8.15	estate tax return to the commissioner, on a form prescribed by the commissioner, if:
8.16	(1) a federal estate tax return is required to be filed; or
8.17	(2) the sum of the federal gross estate and federal adjusted taxable gifts, as defined in
8.18	section 2001(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, made within three years of the date of the
8.19	decedent's death exceeds \$1,200,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2014; \$1,400,000 for
8.20	estates of decedents dying in 2015; \$1,600,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2016;
8.21	\$1,800,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2017; and \$2,000,000 \$2,900,000 for estates
8.22	of decedents dying in 2018 and thereafter; \$3,300,000 for estates of decedents dying in
8.23	2019; \$3,700,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2020; \$4,100,000 for estates of decedents
8.24	dying in 2021; and \$5,000,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2022.
8.25	The return must contain a computation of the Minnesota estate tax due. The return must
8.26	be signed by the personal representative(b) For estates of decedents dying in 2023 and
8.27	thereafter, in the case of a decedent who has an interest in property with a situs in Minnesota,
8.28	the personal representative must submit a Minnesota estate tax return to the commissioner,
8.29	on a form prescribed by the commissioner, if a federal estate tax return is required to be
8.30	<u>filed</u> .
8.31	(c) The return must contain a computation of the Minnesota estate tax due. The return

must be signed by the personal representative.

8.32

9.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after
9.2	December 31, 2017.
9.3	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.01, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
9.4	Subd. 7. Resident. (a) The term "resident" means any individual domiciled in Minnesota,
9.5	except that an individual is not a "resident" for the period of time that the individual is a
9.6	"qualified individual" as defined in section 911(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, if the
9.7	qualified individual notifies the county within three months of moving out of the country
9.8	that homestead status be revoked for the Minnesota residence of the qualified individual,
9.9	and the property is not classified as a homestead while the individual remains a qualified
9.10	individual.
9.11	(b) "Resident" also means any individual domiciled outside the state who maintains a
9.12	place of abode in the state and spends in the aggregate more than one-half of the tax year
9.13	in Minnesota, unless:
9.14	(1) the individual or the spouse of the individual is in the armed forces of the United
9.15	States; or
9.16	(2) the individual is covered under the reciprocity provisions in section 290.081.
9.17	For purposes of this subdivision, presence within the state for any part of a calendar day
9.18	constitutes a day spent in the state. Individuals shall keep adequate records to substantiate
9.19	the days spent outside the state.
9.20	The term "abode" means a dwelling maintained by an individual, whether or not owned
9.21	by the individual and whether or not occupied by the individual, and includes a dwelling
9.22	place owned or leased by the individual's spouse.
9.23	(c) In determining where an individual is domiciled, neither the commissioner nor any
9.24	court shall consider:
9.25	(1) charitable contributions made by an the individual within or without the state in
9.26	determining if the individual is domiciled in Minnesota;
9.27	(2) the location of the individual's attorney, certified public accountant, or financial
9.28	adviser; or
9.29	(3) the place of business of a financial institution at which the individual applies for any

Article 1 Sec. 4.

9.30

9.31

(d) For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given them:

new type of credit or at which the individual opens or maintains any type of account.

10.1	(1) "financial adviser" means:
10.2	(i) an individual or business entity engaged in business as a certified financial planner,
10.3	registered investment adviser, licensed insurance producer or agent, or registered securities
10.4	broker-dealer representative; or
10.5	(ii) a financial institution providing services related to trust or estate administration,
10.6	investment management, or financial planning; and
10.7	(2) "financial institution" means a financial institution as defined in section 47.015,
10.8	subdivision 1; a state or nationally chartered credit union; or a registered broker-dealer
10.9	under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934.
10.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
10.11	<u>31, 2016.</u>
10.12	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.0131, subdivision 10, as amended by Laws
10.13	2017, chapter 1, section 4, is amended to read:
10.14	Subd. 10. Section 179 expensing. For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2018,
10.15	80 percent of the amount by which the deduction allowed under the dollar limits of section
10.16	179 of the Internal Revenue Code exceeds the deduction allowable by section 179 of the
10.17	Internal Revenue Code, as amended through December 31, 2003, is an addition.
10.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
10.19	<u>31, 2017.</u>
10.20	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.0131, is amended by adding a subdivision
10.21	to read:
10.22	Subd. 14. Equity and opportunity donations to qualified foundations. The amount
10.23	of the deduction under section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code that represents contributions
10.24	to a qualified foundation under section 290.0693 is an addition.
10.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
10.26	<u>31, 2017.</u>
10.27	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.0131, is amended by adding a subdivision
10.28	to read:
10.29	Subd. 15. First-time home buver savings account. The amount for a first-time home

10.30

buyer savings account required by section 462D.06, subdivision 2, is an addition.

<u>F</u>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
31, 2	<u>2016.</u>
Se	c. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.0132, is amended by adding a subdivision
to re	ad:
<u>S</u>	Subd. 23. Social Security benefits. (a) A portion of Social Security benefits, as defined
unde	er section 86(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, is allowed as a subtraction, subject to
he 1	imits under paragraphs (b), (c), and (d).
(b) For married taxpayers filing a joint return, the subtraction equals the lesser of Social
Secu	urity benefits or \$2,500. The subtraction is reduced by two and one-half percent for
ver	y \$960 of provisional income over \$76,900. In no case is the subtraction less than zero.
<u>(</u>	c) For single or head-of-household taxpayers, the subtraction equals the lesser of Social
Secu	urity benefits or \$1,955. The subtraction is reduced by two and one-half percent for
ever	y \$750 of provisional income over \$60,200. In no case is the subtraction less than zero.
<u>(</u>	d) For married taxpayers filing separate returns, the subtraction equals the lesser of
Soci	al Security benefits or \$1,250. The subtraction is reduced by two and one-half percent
or e	every \$480 of provisional income over \$38,500. In no case is the subtraction less than
zero	<u>-</u>
<u>(</u>	e) For purposes of this subdivision, "provisional income" has the meaning given in
secti	on 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
<u>(</u>	f) The commissioner shall adjust the dollar amounts in paragraphs (b) to (d) by the
oerc	entage determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue
Cod	e, except that in section 1(f)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code the word "2016" shall
oe si	abstituted for the word "1992." For 2018, the commissioner shall then determine the
oerc	ent change from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2016, to the 12 months ending
on A	August 31, 2017, and in each subsequent year, from the 12 months ending on August
31, 2	2016, to the 12 months ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The
lete	rmination of the commissioner pursuant to this subdivision must not be considered a
rule	and is not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act contained in chapter 14. The
thres	shold amount as adjusted must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount. If the amount
ends	s in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount.
Ī	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraphs (a) to (e) are effective for taxable years beginning
after	December 31, 2016. Paragraph (f) is effective for taxable years beginning after
Dece	ember 31, 2017.

12.1	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.0132, is amended by adding a subdivision
12.2	to read:
12.3	Subd. 24. First-time home buyer savings account. (a) The amount for contributions
12.4	to and earnings on a first-time home buyer savings account allowed by section 462D.06,
12.5	subdivision 1, is a subtraction.
12.6	(b) The subtraction allowed under this subdivision for a taxable year is limited to \$7,500,
12.7	or \$15,000 for married joint filers. For a taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as defined
12.8	in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, for the taxable year exceeds \$125,000, or
12.9	\$250,000 for married joint filers, the maximum subtraction is reduced \$1 for each \$4 of
12.10	adjusted gross income in excess of that threshold.
12.11	(c) The adjusted gross income thresholds under paragraph (b) are annually adjusted for
12.12	inflation. Effective for taxable year 2018, the commissioner shall adjust the dollar amount
12.13	of the income thresholds at which the subtraction begins to be reduced under paragraph (b)
12.14	by the percentage determined under section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
12.15	in section 1(f)(3)(B) the word "2016" is substituted for the word "1992." For 2018, the
12.16	commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months ending on August
12.17	31, 2016, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 2017, and in each subsequent year, from
12.18	the 12 months ending on August 31, 2016, to the 12 months ending on August 31 of the
12.19	year preceding the taxable year. The determination of the commissioner under this
12.20	subdivision is not a "rule" and is not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act in chapter
12.21	14. The threshold amount as adjusted must be rounded to the nearest \$100 amount. If the
12.22	amount ends in \$50, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$100 amount.
12.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
12.24	<u>31, 2016.</u>
12.25	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.0133, subdivision 12, as amended by Laws
12.26	2017, chapter 1, section 5, is amended to read:
12.20	
12.27	Subd. 12. Section 179 expensing. For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2018,
12.28	80 percent of the amount by which the deduction allowed under the dollar limits of section
12.29	179 of the Internal Revenue Code exceeds the deduction allowable by section 179 of the
12.30	Internal Revenue Code, as amended through December 31, 2003, is an addition.
12.31	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
12.32	<u>31, 2017.</u>

	HF4 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	EAP	UEH0004-1
13.1	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016,	section 290.0133, i	s amended by addi	ng a subdivision
13.2	to read:			
13.3	Subd. 15. Equity and opportun	ity donations to qu	ualified foundation	ns. The amount
13.4	of the deduction under section 170 of	the Internal Revenu	e Code that represen	nts contributions
13.5	to a qualified foundation under secti	ion 290.0693 is an a	addition.	
13.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	on is effective for tax	able years beginning	g after December
13.7	<u>31, 2017.</u>			
13.8	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016,	section 290.06, sub	odivision 2c, is ame	ended to read:
13.9	Subd. 2c. Schedules of rates for	r individuals, estat	es, and trusts. For	taxable years
13.10	beginning after December 21, 2017;	<u>.</u>		
13.11	(a) The income taxes imposed by	this chapter upon m	arried individuals fi	ling joint returns
13.12	and surviving spouses as defined in	section 2(a) of the	Internal Revenue C	ode must be
13.13	computed by applying to their taxab	ole net income the fo	ollowing schedule	of rates:
13.14	(1) On the first \$35,480 \$37,970	, <u>5.35</u> <u>5.0</u> percent;		
13.15	(2) On all over \$35,480 \$37,970	, but not over \$140,	.960 <u>\$134,250</u> , 7.05	5 percent;
13.16	(3) On all over \$140,960 \$134,2	<u>50</u> , but not over \$2.	50,000 <u>\$267,550</u> , 7	.85 percent;
13.17	(4) On all over \$250,000 \$267,5	50, 9.85 percent.		
13.18	Married individuals filing separate	te returns, estates, ai	nd trusts must comp	oute their income
13.19	tax by applying the above rates to the	neir taxable income,	except that the inc	come brackets
13.20	will be one-half of the above amour	nts.		
13.21	(b) The income taxes imposed by	y this chapter upon	unmarried individu	als must be
13.22	computed by applying to taxable ne	t income the follow	ing schedule of rate	es:
13.23	(1) On the first \$24,270 \$25,970	, <u>5.35</u> <u>5.0</u> percent;		
13.24	(2) On all over \$24,270 \$25,970	, but not over \$79,7	30 \$73,970, 7.05 p	ercent;
13.25	(3) On all over \$79,730 \$73,970	, but not over \$150,	,000 <u>\$160,530</u> , 7.85	5 percent;
13.26	(4) On all over \$150,000 \$160,5	30, 9.85 percent.		
13.27	(c) The income taxes imposed by	this chapter upon t	unmarried individua	als qualifying as

(1) On the first \$29,880 \$31,980, 5.35 5.0 percent; 13.30

13.28

13.29

a head of household as defined in section 2(b) of the Internal Revenue Code must be

computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:

14.5

14.6

14.7

14.8

14.11

14.12

14.13

14.14

14.15

14.16

14.17

14.18

14.19

14.20

14.21

14.22

14.23

14.24

14.25

(2) On all over \$29,880 \$31,980, but not over \$120,070 \$114,510, 7.05 percent; 14.1

- (3) On all over \$120,070 \$114,510, but not over \$200,000 \$214,040, 7.85 percent; 14.2
- (4) On all over \$200,000 \$214,040, 9.85 percent. 14.3
- (d) In lieu of a tax computed according to the rates set forth in this subdivision, the tax of any individual taxpayer whose taxable net income for the taxable year is less than an amount determined by the commissioner must be computed in accordance with tables prepared and issued by the commissioner of revenue based on income brackets of not more than \$100. The amount of tax for each bracket shall be computed at the rates set forth in this subdivision, provided that the commissioner may disregard a fractional part of a dollar 14.9 unless it amounts to 50 cents or more, in which case it may be increased to \$1. 14.10
 - (e) An individual who is not a Minnesota resident for the entire year must compute the individual's Minnesota income tax as provided in this subdivision. After the application of the nonrefundable credits provided in this chapter, the tax liability must then be multiplied by a fraction in which:
 - (1) the numerator is the individual's Minnesota source federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code and increased by the additions required under section 290.0131, subdivisions 2 and 6 to 11, and reduced by the Minnesota assignable portion of the subtraction for United States government interest under section 290.0132, subdivision 2, and the subtractions under section 290.0132, subdivisions 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, and 18, after applying the allocation and assignability provisions of section 290.081, clause (a), or 290.17; and
 - (2) the denominator is the individual's federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, increased by the amounts specified in section 290.0131, subdivisions 2 and 6 to 11, and reduced by the amounts specified in section 290.0132, subdivisions 2, 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, and 18.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 14.26 31, 2017. 14.27
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.06, subdivision 2d, is amended to read: 14.28
- 14.29 Subd. 2d. **Inflation adjustment of brackets.** (a) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013, the minimum and maximum dollar amounts for each rate bracket 14.30 for which a tax is imposed in subdivision 2c shall be adjusted for inflation by the percentage 14.31 determined under paragraph (b). For the purpose of making the adjustment as provided in 14.32 this subdivision all of the rate brackets provided in subdivision 2c shall be the rate brackets 14.33

15.1	as they existed for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012 2017, and before
15.2	January 1, 2014 2019. The rate applicable to any rate bracket must not be changed. The
15.3	dollar amounts setting forth the tax shall be adjusted to reflect the changes in the rate brackets.
15.4	The rate brackets as adjusted must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount. If the rate bracket
15.5	ends in \$5, it must be rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount.
15.6	(b) The commissioner shall adjust the rate brackets and by the percentage determined
15.7	pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that in section
15.8	1(f)(3)(B) the word "2012" "2017" shall be substituted for the word "1992." For 2014 2019,
15.9	the commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months ending on
15.10	August 31, 2012 2017, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 2013 2018, and in each
15.11	subsequent year, from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2012 2017, to the 12 months
15.12	ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The determination of the
15.12	commissioner pursuant to this subdivision shall not be considered a "rule" and shall not be
15.14	subject to the Administrative Procedure Act contained in chapter 14.
15.15	No later than December 15 of each year, the commissioner shall announce the specific
15.16	percentage that will be used to adjust the tax rate brackets.
15.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
15.18	<u>31, 2018.</u>
15.19	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to
15.20	read:
15.21	Subd. 2g. First-time home buyer savings account. In addition to the tax computed
15.22	under subdivision 2c, an additional amount of tax applies equal to the additional tax computed
15.23	for the taxable year for the account holder of a first-time home buyer account under section
15.24	462D.06, subdivision 3.
15.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
15.26	31, 2016.
	-
15.27	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to
15.28	read:
15.20	Subd. 2h. Temporary schedule of rates for individuals, estates, and trusts. For taxable
15.29	Subd. 211. 1cmporary schedule of rates for murviduals, estates, and trusts. For taxable

years beginning after December 31, 2016, and before January 1, 2018:

16.1	(a) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon married individuals filing joint returns
16.2	and surviving spouses as defined in section 2(a) of the Internal Revenue Code must be
16.3	computed by applying to their taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
16.4	(1) On the first \$37,110, 5.15 percent;
16.5	(2) On all over \$37,110, but not over \$138,180, 7.05 percent;
16.6	(3) On all over \$138,180, but not over \$261,510, 7.85 percent;
16.7	(4) On all over \$261,510, 9.85 percent.
16.8	Married individuals filing separate returns, estates, and trusts must compute their income
16.9	tax by applying the above rates to their taxable income, except that the income brackets
16.10	will be one-half of the above amounts.
16.11	(b) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals must be
16.12	computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
16.13	(1) On the first \$25,390, 5.15 percent;
16.14	(2) On all over \$25,390, but not over \$77,060, 7.05 percent;
16.15	(3) On all over \$77,060, but not over \$156,910, 7.85 percent;
16.16	(4) On all over \$156,910, 9.85 percent.
16.17	(c) The income taxes imposed by this chapter upon unmarried individuals qualifying as
16.18	a head of household as defined in section 2(b) of the Internal Revenue Code must be
16.19	computed by applying to taxable net income the following schedule of rates:
16.20	(1) On the first \$31,260, 5.15 percent;
16.21	(2) On all over \$31,260, but not over \$117,790, 7.05 percent;
16.22	(3) On all over \$117,790, but not over \$209,210, 7.85 percent;
16.23	(4) On all over \$209,210, 9.85 percent.
16.24	(d) The provisions of subdivision 2c, paragraphs (d) and (e), apply to this section.
16.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
16.26	31, 2016, and before January 1, 2018.

17.1	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to
17.2	read:
17.3	Subd. 37. Workforce housing credit. (a) A qualified project investor is allowed a credit
17.4	against the tax under this chapter equal to the amount certified by the commissioner of
17.5	employment and economic development under section 116J.5491 to the taxpayer as a
17.6	qualified project investor for the taxable year.
17.7	(b) The definitions under section 116J.5491 apply to this subdivision.
17.8	(c) Credits allowed to a partnership, a limited liability company taxed as a partnership,
17.9	S corporation, or multiple owners of property are passed through to the partners, members,
17.10	shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each based on the partner's, member's,
17.11	shareholder's, or owner's share of the entity's assets or as specially allocated in the
17.12	organizational documents or any other executed agreement, as of the last day of the taxable
17.13	<u>year.</u>
17.14	(d) Notwithstanding the a tax credit certificate issued by the commissioner of employment
17.15	and economic development under section 116J.5491, the commissioner may utilize any
17.16	audit and examination powers under chapter 270C or 289A to the extent necessary to verify
17.17	that the taxpayer is eligible for the credit and to assess for the amount of any improperly
17.18	claimed credit.
17.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
17.20	31, 2017, and before January 1, 2019.
17.21	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.0671, subdivision 1, as amended by Laws
17.22	2017, chapter 1, section 6, is amended to read:
17.23	Subdivision 1. Credit allowed. (a) An individual who is a resident of Minnesota is
17.24	allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter equal to a percentage of earned
17.25	income. To receive a credit, a taxpayer must be eligible for a credit under section 32 of the
17.26	Internal Revenue Code.
17.27	(b) For individuals with no qualifying children, the credit equals 2.10 percent of the first
17.28	\$6,180 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 2.01 percent of earned income or adjusted
17.29	gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of \$8,130, but in no case is the credit less than
17.30	zero.
17.31	(c) For individuals with one qualifying child, the credit equals 9.35 percent of the first

17.32

\$11,120 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 6.02 percent of earned income or adjusted

18.2

18.3

18.4

18.5

18.6

18.7

18.8

18.9

18.10

18.11

18.12

18.13

18.14

18.15

18.16

18.17

18.18

18.19

18.20

18.21

18.22

18.23

18.24

18.25

18.26

18.27

18.28

18.29

18.30

18.31

18.32

18.33

18.34

gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of \$21,190, but in no case is the credit less than zero.

- (d) For individuals with two or more qualifying children, the credit equals 11 percent of the first \$18,240 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 10.82 percent of earned income or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of \$25,130, but in no case is the credit less than zero.
- (e) For a part-year resident, the credit must be allocated based on the percentage calculated under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).
- (f) For a person who was a resident for the entire tax year and has earned income not subject to tax under this chapter, including income excluded under section 290.0132, subdivision 10, the credit must be allocated based on the ratio of federal adjusted gross income reduced by the earned income not subject to tax under this chapter over federal adjusted gross income. For purposes of this paragraph, the <u>following clauses are not</u> considered "earned income not subject to tax under this chapter":
- (1) the subtractions for military pay under section 290.0132, subdivisions 11 and 12, are not considered "earned income not subject to tax under this chapter." For the purposes of this paragraph,;
- (2) the exclusion of combat pay under section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code is not considered "earned income not subject to tax under this chapter."; and
- (3) income derived from an Indian reservation by an enrolled member of the reservation while living on the reservation.
- (g) For tax years beginning after December 31, 2013, the \$8,130 in paragraph (b), the \$21,190 in paragraph (c), and the \$25,130 in paragraph (d), after being adjusted for inflation under subdivision 7, are each increased by \$5,000 for married taxpayers filing joint returns. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2013, the commissioner shall annually adjust the \$5,000 by the percentage determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that in section 1(f)(3)(B), the word "2008" shall be substituted for the word "1992." For 2014, the commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2008, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 2013, and in each subsequent year, from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2008, to the 12 months ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The earned income thresholds as adjusted for inflation must be rounded to the nearest \$10. If the amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10. The determination of the commissioner under this subdivision is not a rule under the Administrative Procedure Act.

(h) The commissioner shall construct tables showing the amount of the credit at various 19.1 income levels and make them available to taxpayers. The tables shall follow the schedule 19.2 19.3 contained in this subdivision, except that the commissioner may graduate the transition between income brackets. 19.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 19.5 31, 2016. 19.6 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.0674, is amended by adding a subdivision 19.7 to read: 19.8 Subd. 6. Inflation adjustment. The credit amount and the income threshold at which 19.9 the maximum credit begins to be reduced in subdivision 2 must be adjusted for inflation. 19.10 19.11 The commissioner shall adjust the credit amount and income threshold by the percentage determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, except 19.12 that in section 1(f)(3)(B) the word "2017" shall be substituted for the word "1992." For 19.13 2019, the commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months ending 19.14 on August 31, 2017, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 2018, and in each subsequent 19.15 19.16 year, from the 12 months ending August 31, 2017, to the 12 months ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The credit amount and income threshold as adjusted 19.17 for inflation must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount. If the amount ends in \$5, the amount 19.18 is rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount. The determination of the commissioner under this 19.19 subdivision is not a rule subject to the Administrative Procedure Act in chapter 14, including 19.20 section 14.386. 19.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 19.22 31, 2018. 19.23 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.068, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 19.24 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings 19.25 given. 19.26 (a) "Qualified research expenses" means (i) qualified research expenses and basic research 19.27 payments as defined in section 41(b) and (e) of the Internal Revenue Code, except it does 19.28 not include expenses incurred for qualified research or basic research conducted outside 19.29 the state of Minnesota pursuant to section 41(d) and (e) of the Internal Revenue Code; and 19.30 19.31 (ii) contributions to a nonprofit corporation established and operated pursuant to the

19.32

19.33

provisions of chapter 317A for the purpose of promoting the establishment and expansion

of business in this state, provided the contributions are invested by the nonprofit corporation

20.1	for the purpose of providing funds for small, technologically innovative enterprises in
20.2	Minnesota during the early stages of their development.
20.3	(b) "Qualified research" means qualified research as defined in section 41(d) of the
20.4	Internal Revenue Code, except that the term does not include qualified research conducted
20.5	outside the state of Minnesota.
20.6	(c) "Base amount" means:
20.7	(1) for taxpayers not subject to clause (2), the base amount as defined in section 41(c)
20.8	of the Internal Revenue Code, except that the average annual gross receipts must be calculated
20.9	using Minnesota sales or receipts under section 290.191 and the definitions contained in
20.10	elauses paragraphs (a) and (b) shall apply; or
20.11	(2) for a taxpayer with an alternative simplified credit election in place under subdivision
20.12	2a for the taxable year, 50 percent of the average qualified research expenses for the three
20.13	taxable years preceding the taxable year for which the credit is being determined.
20.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
20.15	<u>31, 2017.</u>
20.16	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.068, is amended by adding a subdivision
	to read:
20.18	Subd. 2a. Alternative simplified credit election. (a) A corporation, partnership, or other
20.19	taxpayer qualifying for a credit under this section may elect on an original return, including
20.20	all extensions, to calculate its base amount under subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (2),
20.21	for the taxable year. A taxpayer may revoke the election without approval of the
20.22	commissioner.
20.23	(b) For a partnership, the election must be made by the partnership on the partnership
20.24	return or other form, as required by the commissioner, and applies to all of its partners.
20.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
20.26	<u>31, 2017.</u>
20.27	Sec. 21. [290.0682] CREDIT FOR ATTAINING MASTER'S DEGREE IN
20.27	TEACHER'S LICENSURE FIELD.
20.29	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
20.30	the meanings given them.

21.1	(b) "Master's degree program" means a graduate-level program at an accredited university
21.2	leading to a master of arts or science degree in a core content area directly related to a
21.3	qualified teacher's licensure field. The master's degree program may not include pedagogy
21.4	or a pedagogy component. To be eligible under this credit, a licensed elementary school
21.5	teacher must pursue and complete a master's degree program in a core content area in which
21.6	the teacher provides direct classroom instruction.
21.7	(c) "Qualified teacher" means a person who:
21.8	(1) holds a teaching license issued by the licensing division in the Department of
21.9	Education on behalf of the Minnesota Board of Teaching both when the teacher begins the
21.10	master's degree program and when the teacher completes the master's degree program;
21.11	(2) began a master's degree program after June 30, 2017; and
21.12	(3) completes the master's degree program during the taxable year.
21.13	(d) "Core content area" means the academic subject of reading, English or language arts,
21.14	mathematics, science, foreign languages, civics and government, economics, arts, history,
21.15	or geography.
21.16	Subd. 2. Credit allowed. (a) An individual who is a qualified teacher is allowed a credit
21.17	against the tax imposed under this chapter. The credit equals \$2,500.
21.18	(b) For a nonresident or a part-year resident, the credit under this subdivision must be
21.19	allocated based on the percentage calculated under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph
21.20	(e).
21.21	
21.21	(c) A qualified teacher may claim the credit in this section only one time for each master's degree program completed in a core content area.
21.22	degree program completed in a core content area.
21.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
21.24	<u>31, 2016.</u>
21.25	Sec. 22. [290.0693] EQUITY AND OPPORTUNITY IN EDUCATION TAX CREDIT.
21.26	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
21.27	the meanings given.
21.28	(b) "Eligible student" means a student who:
21.29	(1) resides in Minnesota;
21.30	(2) is a member of a household that has total annual income during the year prior to
21.31	initial receipt of a qualified scholarship or qualified transportation scholarship, without

22.1	consideration of the benefits under this program, that does not exceed an amount equal to
22.2	two times the income standard used to qualify for a reduced-price meal under the National
22.3	School Lunch Program; and
22.4	(3) meets one of the following criteria:
22.5	(i) attended a school, as defined in section 120A.22, subdivision 4, in the semester
22.6	preceding initial receipt of a qualified scholarship or qualified transportation scholarship;
22.7	(ii) is younger than age seven and not enrolled in kindergarten or first grade in the
22.8	semester preceding initial receipt of a qualified scholarship;
22.9	(iii) previously received a qualified scholarship or qualified transportation scholarship
22.10	under this section; or
22.11	(iv) lived in Minnesota for less than a year prior to initial receipt of a qualified
22.12	scholarship.
22.13	(c) "Equity and opportunity in education donation" means a donation to a qualified
22.14	foundation that awards qualified scholarships or qualified transportation scholarships.
22.15	(d) "Household" means household as used to determine eligibility under the National
22.16	School Lunch Program.
22.17	(e) "National School Lunch Program" means the program in United States Code, title
22.18	42, section 1758.
22.19	(f) "Qualified school" means a school operated in Minnesota that is a nonpublic
22.20	elementary or secondary school in Minnesota wherein a resident may legally fulfill the
22.21	state's compulsory attendance laws that is not operated for profit, and that adheres to the
22.22	provisions of United States Code, title 42, section 1981, chapter 121A, sections 121A.03
22.23	to 121A.0311, and chapter 363A.
22.24	(g) "Qualified foundation" means a nonprofit organization granted an exemption from
22.25	the federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that has been
22.26	approved as a qualified foundation by the commissioner of revenue under subdivision 5.
22.27	(h) "Qualified scholarship" means a payment from a qualified foundation to or on behalf
22.28	of the parent or guardian of an eligible student for payment of tuition for enrollment in
22.29	grades kindergarten through 12 at a qualified school. A qualified scholarship must not
22.30	exceed an amount greater than 70 percent of the state average general education revenue
22 31	under section 126C 10 subdivision 1 per pupil unit

23.1	(i) "Total annual income" means the income measure used to determine eligibility under
23.2	the National School Lunch Program in United States Code, title 42, section 1758.
23.3	(j) "Qualified transportation scholarship" means a payment from a qualified foundation
23.4	to or on behalf of a parent or guardian of an eligible student for payment of transportation
23.5	to a school, as defined in section 120A.22, subdivision 4. A qualified transportation
23.6	scholarship must not exceed an amount greater than 70 percent of the state average general
23.7	education revenue under section 126C.10, subdivision 1, per pupil unit.
23.8	Subd. 2. Credit allowed. (a) An individual or corporate taxpayer who has been issued
23.9	a credit certificate under subdivision 3 is allowed a credit against the tax due under this
23.10	chapter equal to 70 percent of the amount donated during the taxable year to the qualified
23.11	foundation designated on the taxpayer's credit certificate. No credit is allowed if the taxpayer
23.12	designates a specific child as the beneficiary of the contribution. No credit is allowed to a
23.13	taxpayer for an equity and opportunity in education donation made before the taxpayer was
23.14	issued a credit certificate as provided in subdivision 3.
23.15	(b) The maximum annual credit allowed is:
23.16	(1) \$21,000 for married joint filers for a one-year donation of \$30,000;
23.17	(2) \$10,500 for other individual filers for a one-year donation of \$15,000; and
23.18	(3) \$105,000 for corporate filers for a one-year donation of \$150,000.
23.19	(c) A taxpayer must provide a copy of the receipt provided by the qualified foundation
23.20	when claiming the credit for the donation if requested by the commissioner.
23.21	(d) The credit is limited to the liability for tax under this chapter, including the tax
23.22	imposed by sections 290.0921 and 290.0922.
23.23	(e) If the amount of the credit under this subdivision for any taxable year exceeds the
23.24	limitations under paragraph (d), the excess is a credit carryover to each of the five succeeding
23.25	taxable years. The entire amount of the excess unused credit for the taxable year must be
23.26	carried first to the earliest of the taxable years to which the credit may be carried. The
23.27	amount of the unused credit that may be added under this paragraph may not exceed the
23.28	taxpayer's liability for tax, less the credit for the taxable year. No credit may be carried to
23.29	a taxable year more than five years after the taxable year in which the credit was earned.
23.30	Subd. 3. Application for credit certificate. (a) The commissioner must make applications
23.31	for tax credits for 2018 available on the department's Web site by January 1, 2018.
23.32	Applications for subsequent years must be made available by January 1 of the taxable year.

24.1	(b) A taxpayer must apply to the commissioner for an equity and opportunity in education
24.2	tax credit certificate. The application must be in the form and manner specified by the
24.3	commissioner and must designate the qualified foundation to which the taxpayer intends
24.4	to make a donation. The commissioner must begin accepting applications for a taxable year
24.5	on January 1. The commissioner must issue tax credit certificates under this section on a
24.6	<u>first-come</u> , first-served basis until the maximum statewide credit amount has been reached.
24.7	The certificates must list the qualified foundation the taxpayer designated on the application.
24.8	The maximum statewide credit amount is \$35,000,000 per taxable year for taxable years
24.9	beginning after December 31, 2017.
24.10	(c) The commissioner must not issue a tax credit certificate for an amount greater than
24.11	the limits in subdivision 2.
24.12	(1) The commission or movet not issue a small continue for an amplication that designates
24.12	(d) The commissioner must not issue a credit certificate for an application that designates
24.13	a qualified foundation that the commissioner has barred from participation as provided in
24.14	subdivision 5.
24.15	Subd. 4. Responsibilities of qualified foundations. (a) A qualified foundation must:
24.16	(1) award qualified scholarships and qualified transportation scholarships to eligible
24.17	students;
24.18	(2) not restrict the availability of scholarships to students of one qualified school;
24.19	(3) not charge a fee of any kind for a child to be considered for a scholarship; and
24.20	(4) require a qualified school receiving payment of tuition through a scholarship funded
24.21	by contributions qualifying for the tax credit under this section to sign an agreement that it
24.22	will not use different admissions standards for a student with a qualified scholarship or
24.23	qualified transportation scholarship.
24.24	(b) An entity that is eligible to be a qualified foundation must apply to the commissioner
24.25	by September 15 of the year preceding the year in which it will first receive equity and
24.26	opportunity in education donations. The application must be in the form and manner
24.27	prescribed by the commissioner. The application must:
24.28	(1) demonstrate to the commissioner that the entity, if it is a nonprofit organization, has
24.29	been granted an exemption from the federal income tax as an organization described in
24.30	section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
24.31	(2) demonstrate the entity's financial accountability by submitting its most recent audited
24.32	financial statement prepared by a certified public accountant firm licensed under chapter

25.1	326A using the Statements on Auditing Standards issued by the Audit Standards Board of
25.2	the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.
25.3	(c) A qualified foundation must provide to taxpayers who make donations or
25.4	commitments to donate a receipt or verification on a form approved by the commissioner.
25.5	(d) A qualified foundation in each year it awards qualified scholarships or qualified
25.6	transportation scholarships to eligible students to enroll in a qualified school must obtain
25.7	from the qualified school documentation that the school:
25.8	(i) complies with all health and safety laws or codes that apply to nonpublic schools;
25.9	(ii) holds a valid occupancy permit if required by its municipality;
25.10	(iii) certifies that it adheres to the provisions of chapter 363A and United States Code,
25.11	title 42, section 1981; and
25.12	(iv) provides academic accountability to parents of students in the program by regularly
25.13	reporting to the parents on the student's progress.
25.14	A qualified foundation must make the documentation available to the commissioner on
25.15	request.
25.16	(e) A qualified foundation must, by June 1 of each year following a year in which it
25.17	receives donations and awards scholarships, provide the following information to the
25.18	commissioner:
25.19	(1) financial information that demonstrates the financial viability of the qualified
25.20	foundation, if it is to receive donations of \$150,000 or more during the year;
25.21	(2) documentation that it has conducted criminal background checks on all of its
25.22	employees and board members and has excluded from employment or governance any
25.23	individuals who might reasonably pose a risk to the appropriate use of contributed funds;
25.24	(3) consistent with paragraph (f), document that it has used amounts received as donations
25.25	to provide qualified scholarships within one calendar year of the calendar year in which it
25.26	received the donation;
25.27	(4) a listing of qualified schools that enrolled eligible students to whom the qualified
25.28	foundation awarded qualified scholarships; and
25.29	(5) the following information prepared by a certified public accountant regarding
25.30	donations received and scholarships awarded in the previous calendar year:
25.31	(i) the total number and total dollar amount of donations received from taxpayers;

26.1	(ii) the total number and total dollar amount of qualified scholarships and qualified
26.2	transportation scholarships awarded; and
26.3	(iii) the dollar amount of donations used for administrative expenses, as allowed by
26.4	paragraph (f).
26.5	(f) The foundation may use up to five percent of the amounts received as donations for
26.6	reasonable administrative expenses, including but not limited to fund-raising, scholarship
26.7	tracking, and reporting requirements.
26.8	Subd. 5. Responsibilities of commissioner. (a) The commissioner must make
26.9	applications for an entity to be approved as a qualified foundation for a taxable year available
26.10	on the department's Web site by August 1 of the year preceding the taxable year. The
26.11	commissioner must approve an application that provides the documentation required in
26.12	subdivision 4, paragraph (b), clauses (1) and (2), within 60 days of receiving the application.
26.13	The commissioner must notify a foundation that provides incomplete documentation and
26.14	the foundation may resubmit its application within 30 days.
26.15	(b) By November 15 of each year, the commissioner must post on the department's Web
26.16	site the names and addresses of qualified foundations for the next taxable year. The
26.17	commissioner must regularly update the names and addresses of any qualified foundations
26.18	that have been barred from participating in the program.
26.19	(c) The commissioner must prescribe a standardized format for a receipt to be issued by
26.20	a qualified foundation to a taxpayer to indicate the value of a donation received and of a
26.21	commitment to make a donation.
26.22	(d) The commissioner must prescribe a standardized format for qualified foundations
26.23	to report the information required under subdivision 4, paragraph (e).
26.24	(e) The commissioner may conduct either a financial review or audit of a qualified
26.25	foundation upon finding evidence of fraud or intentional misreporting. If the commissioner
26.26	determines that the qualified foundation committed fraud or intentionally misreported
26.27	information, the qualified foundation is barred from further program participation.
26.28	(f) If a qualified foundation fails to submit the documentation required under subdivision
26.29	4, paragraph (e), by June 1, the commissioner must notify the qualified foundation by July
26.30	1. A qualified foundation that fails to submit the required information by August 1 is barred
26.31	from participation for the next taxable year.
26.32	(g) If a qualified foundation fails to comply with the requirements of subdivision 4,
26.33	paragraph (e), the commissioner must by September 1 notify the qualified foundation that

27.6

27.7

27.8

27.9

27.10

27.13

27.14

27.15

27.16

27.17

27.18

27.19

27.20

27.21

27.22

27.23

27.24

27.25

27.26

27.27

27.28

27.29

27.30

27.31

27.32

27.1	it has until November 1 to document that it has remedied its noncompliance. A qualified
27.2	foundation that fails to document that it has remedied its noncompliance by November 1 is
27.3	barred from participation for the next taxable year.
27.4	(h) A qualified foundation barred under paragraph (f) or (g) may become eligible to

- (h) A qualified foundation barred under paragraph (f) or (g) may become eligible to participate by submitting the required information in future years.
- Subd. 6. Mandatory inclusion for people with disabilities. No otherwise qualified individual with a disability, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, shall, solely by reason of the individual's disability, be excluded from the participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving funding from tax credits defined within this section.
- 27.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment for donations made and credits allowed in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017.
 - Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.081, is amended to read:

290.081 INCOME OF NONRESIDENTS, RECIPROCITY.

- (a) The compensation received for the performance of personal or professional services within this state by an individual whose residence, place of abode, and place customarily returned to at least once a month is in another state, shall be excluded from gross income to the extent such compensation is subject to an income tax imposed by the state of residence; provided that such state allows a similar exclusion of compensation received by residents of Minnesota for services performed therein.
- (b) When it is deemed to be in the best interests of the people of this state, the commissioner may determine that the provisions of paragraph (a) shall not apply. As long as the provisions of paragraph (a) apply between Minnesota and Wisconsin, the provisions of paragraph (a) shall apply to any individual who is domiciled in Wisconsin.
- (c) For the purposes of paragraph (a), whenever the Wisconsin tax on Minnesota residents which would have been paid Wisconsin without paragraph (a) exceeds the Minnesota tax on Wisconsin residents which would have been paid Minnesota without paragraph (a), or vice versa, then the state with the net revenue loss resulting from calculated under paragraph (a) (e) shall receive from the other state the amount of such loss. This provision shall be effective for all years beginning after December 31, 1972. The data used for computing the loss to either state shall be determined on or before September 30 of the year following the elose of the previous calendar year.

28.1	(d) (1) Interest is payable on all amounts calculated under paragraph (c) relating to
28.2	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000. Interest accrues from July 1 of the taxable
28.3	year Payments for amounts calculated under paragraph (c) must equal one-quarter of the
28.4	estimated annual amount and must be paid at the midpoint of each quarter, on February 15,
28.5	May 15, August 15, and November 15.
28.6	(2) (e)(1)The commissioner of revenue is authorized to enter into agreements with the
28.7	state of Wisconsin specifying the reciprocity payment due dates, conditions constituting
28.8	delinquency, interest rates, and a method for computing interest due.
28.9	(3) (2) For agreements entered into before October 1, 2014 2017, the annual compensation
28.10	required under paragraph (c) must equal at least the net revenue loss minus \$1,000,000 up
28.11	<u>to \$3,000,000</u> per fiscal year.
28.12	(4) For agreements entered into after September 30, 2014, the annual compensation
28.13	required under paragraph (c) must equal the net revenue loss per fiscal year.
28.14	(5) (3) For the purposes of clauses (3) and (4) this section, "net revenue loss" means the
28.15	difference between the amount of Minnesota income taxes Minnesota forgoes by not taxing
28.16	Wisconsin residents on income subject to reciprocity and the credit Minnesota would have
28.17	been required to give under section 290.06, subdivision 22, to Minnesota residents working
28.18	in Wisconsin had there not been reciprocity.
28.19	(4) All agreements must include provisions:
28.20	(i) providing for a suspension of the agreement if one party to the agreement does not
28.21	pay in full by a time proscribed in the agreement;
28.22	(ii) setting the interest rate that will be applied, and that interest shall run from the date
28.23	the payment is due until the day the payment is made, except that interest from the
28.24	reconciliation payments runs from July 1 of the tax year until paid;
28.25	(iii) stating a time for annual reconciliation must be completed by October 31 of the
28.26	year following the tax year, and the time for payment of any amounts to be completed by
28.27	no later than December 1 of the year following the tax year;
28.28	(iv) requiring the parties to jointly conduct updated benchmark studies every five years
28.29	beginning tax year 2018;
28.30	(v) requiring each party to the agreement to require taxpayers who request exemption
28.31	from withholding in the state where they work to make an annual application and that a list
28.32	of participants will be exchanged annually; and

29.2

29.3

29.4

29.5

29.6

29.7

29.8

29.9

29.10

29.11

29.12

29.13

29.14

29.15

29.16

29.17

29.18

(vi) the sum of the amount of the quarterly payments must be a reasonable estimate of
the revenue loss as defined in item (iii).

- (e) (f) If an agreement cannot be reached as to the amount of the loss, the commissioner of revenue and the taxing official of the state of Wisconsin shall each appoint a member of a board of arbitration and these members shall appoint the third member of the board. The board shall select one of its members as chair. Such board may administer oaths, take testimony, subpoena witnesses, and require their attendance, require the production of books, papers and documents, and hold hearings at such places as are deemed necessary. The board shall then make a determination as to the amount to be paid the other state which determination shall be final and conclusive.
- (f) (g) The commissioner may furnish copies of returns, reports, or other information to the taxing official of the state of Wisconsin, a member of the board of arbitration, or a consultant under joint contract with the states of Minnesota and Wisconsin for the purpose of making a determination as to the amount to be paid the other state under the provisions of this section. Prior to the release of any information under the provisions of this section, the person to whom the information is to be released shall sign an agreement which provides that the person will protect the confidentiality of the returns and information revealed thereby to the extent that it is protected under the laws of the state of Minnesota.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 29.19 31, 2017. 29.20
- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 29.21
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** For purposes of the tax imposed by this section, the following 29.22 terms have the meanings given: 29.23
- (a) "Alternative minimum taxable income" means the sum of the following for the taxable 29.24 year: 29.25
- (1) the taxpayer's federal alternative minimum taxable income as defined in section 29.26 29.27 55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (2) the taxpayer's itemized deductions allowed in computing federal alternative minimum 29.28 taxable income, but excluding: 29.29
- (i) the charitable contribution deduction under section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code; 29.30
- (ii) the medical expense deduction; 29.31
- (iii) the casualty, theft, and disaster loss deduction; and 29.32

30.2

303

30.4

30.5

30.6

30.7

30.8

30.9

30.10

30.18

30.19

30.20

30.21

- (iv) the impairment-related work expenses of a disabled person;
- (3) for depletion allowances computed under section 613A(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, with respect to each property (as defined in section 614 of the Internal Revenue Code), to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the excess of the deduction for depletion allowable under section 611 of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year over the adjusted basis of the property at the end of the taxable year (determined without regard to the depletion deduction for the taxable year);
- (4) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount of the tax preference for intangible drilling cost under section 57(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code determined without regard to subparagraph (E);
- 30.11 (5) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the amount of interest income as provided by section 290.0131, subdivision 2; and
- 30.13 (6) the amount of addition required by section 290.0131, subdivisions 9 to 11;
- less the sum of the amounts determined under the following:
- (1) interest income as defined in section 290.0132, subdivision 2;
- 30.16 (2) an overpayment of state income tax as provided by section 290.0132, subdivision 3, to the extent included in federal alternative minimum taxable income;
 - (3) the amount of investment interest paid or accrued within the taxable year on indebtedness to the extent that the amount does not exceed net investment income, as defined in section 163(d)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. Interest does not include amounts deducted in computing federal adjusted gross income;
- 30.22 (4) amounts subtracted from federal taxable income as provided by section 290.0132, subdivisions 7, 9 to 15, 17, and 21, 23, and 24; and
- 30.24 (5) the amount of the net operating loss allowed under section 290.095, subdivision 11, paragraph (c).
- In the case of an estate or trust, alternative minimum taxable income must be computed as provided in section 59(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 30.28 (b) "Investment interest" means investment interest as defined in section 163(d)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 30.30 (c) "Net minimum tax" means the minimum tax imposed by this section.

31.2

31.3

31.4

31.5

31.12

31.13

31.14

31.15

31.16

31.17

31.18

31.19

31.20

31.21

31.22

31.23

31.24

31.25

31.26

31.27

31.28

31.29

31.30

31.31

(d) "Regular tax" means the tax that would be imposed under this chapter (without regard
to this section and section 290.032), reduced by the sum of the nonrefundable credits allowed
under this chapter.

- (e) "Tentative minimum tax" equals 6.75 percent of alternative minimum taxable income after subtracting the exemption amount determined under subdivision 3.
- 31.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31.7 31, 2016.
- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 291.005, subdivision 1, as amended by Laws 2017, chapter 1, section 8, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Scope.** Unless the context otherwise clearly requires, the following terms used in this chapter shall have the following meanings:
 - (1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue or any person to whom the commissioner has delegated functions under this chapter.
 - (2) "Federal gross estate" means the gross estate of a decedent as required to be valued and otherwise determined for federal estate tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code, increased by the value of any property in which the decedent had a qualifying income interest for life and for which an election was made under section 291.03, subdivision 1d, for Minnesota estate tax purposes, but was not made for federal estate tax purposes.
 - (3) "Internal Revenue Code" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 16, 2016.
 - (4) "Minnesota gross estate" means the federal gross estate of a decedent after (a) excluding therefrom any property included in the estate which has its situs outside Minnesota, and (b) including any property omitted from the federal gross estate which is includable in the estate, has its situs in Minnesota, and was not disclosed to federal taxing authorities.
 - (5) "Nonresident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of death was not in Minnesota.
 - (6) "Personal representative" means the executor, administrator or other person appointed by the court to administer and dispose of the property of the decedent. If there is no executor, administrator or other person appointed, qualified, and acting within this state, then any person in actual or constructive possession of any property having a situs in this state which is included in the federal gross estate of the decedent shall be deemed to be a personal

32.2

32.3

32.4

32.5

32.6

32.7

32.8

32.9

32.10

32.11

32.12

32.13

32.14

32.15

32.16

32.17

32.18

32.19

32.20

32.21

32.22

32.23

32.24

32.25

32.26

32.27

representative to the extent of the property and the Minnesota estate tax due with respect to the property.

- (7) "Resident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of death was in Minnesota. The provisions of section 290.01, subdivision 7, paragraph (c), apply to determinations of domicile under this chapter.
 - (8) "Situs of property" means, with respect to:
 - (i) real property, the state or country in which it is located;
- (ii) tangible personal property, the state or country in which it was normally kept or located at the time of the decedent's death or for a gift of tangible personal property within three years of death, the state or country in which it was normally kept or located when the gift was executed;
- (iii) a qualified work of art, as defined in section 2503(g)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, owned by a nonresident decedent and that is normally kept or located in this state because it is on loan to an organization, qualifying as exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, that is located in Minnesota, the situs of the art is deemed to be outside of Minnesota, notwithstanding the provisions of item (ii); and
- (iv) intangible personal property, the state or country in which the decedent was domiciled at death or for a gift of intangible personal property within three years of death, the state or country in which the decedent was domiciled when the gift was executed.
- For a nonresident decedent with an ownership interest in a pass-through entity with assets that include real or tangible personal property, situs of the real or tangible personal property, including qualified works of art, is determined as if the pass-through entity does not exist and the real or tangible personal property is personally owned by the decedent. If the pass-through entity is owned by a person or persons in addition to the decedent, ownership of the property is attributed to the decedent in proportion to the decedent's capital ownership share of the pass-through entity.
- (9) "Pass-through entity" includes the following:
- 32.28 (i) an entity electing S corporation status under section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 32.30 (ii) an entity taxed as a partnership under subchapter K of the Internal Revenue Code;

33.1	(iii) a single-member limited liability company or similar entity, regardless of whether		
33.2	it is taxed as an association or is disregarded for federal income tax purposes under Code		
33.3	of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.7701-3; or		
33.4	(iv) a trust to the extent the property is includible in the decedent's federal gross estate;		
33.5	but excludes		
33.6	(v) an entity whose ownership interest securities are traded on an exchange regulated		
33.7	by the Securities and Exchange Commission as a national securities exchange under section		
33.8	6 of the Securities Exchange Act, United States Code, title 15, section 78f.		
33.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents		
33.10	dying after December 31, 2016.		
33.11	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 291.016, subdivision 3, is amended to read:		
55.11			
33.12	Subd. 3. Subtraction. (a) For estates of decedents dying in 2017, the value of qualified		
33.13	small business property under section 291.03, subdivision 9, and the value of qualified farm		
33.14	property under section 291.03, subdivision 10, or the result of \$5,000,000 minus \$1,800,000,		
33.15	whichever is less, may be subtracted in computing the Minnesota taxable estate but must		
33.16	not reduce the Minnesota taxable estate to less than zero.		
33.17	(b) For estates of decedents dying after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2022,		
33.18	the subtraction equals the sum of the applicable amount for the year of death under paragraphs		
33.19	(c) and (d).		
33.20	(c) The value of qualified small business property under section 291.03, subdivision 9,		
33.21	and the value of qualified farm property under section 291.03, subdivision 10, or the result		
33.22	of \$5,000,000 minus the amount for the year of death listed in clauses (1) to (5), whichever		
33.23	is less, up to the amounts listed in clauses (1) to (4), may be subtracted included in computing		
33.24	the Minnesota taxable estate but must not reduce the Minnesota taxable estate to less than		
33.25	zero :		
33.26	(1) \$1,200,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2014;		
33.27	(2) \$1,400,000 \$2,100,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2015 2018;		
33.28	(3) \$1,600,000 (2) \$1,700,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2016 2019;		
33.29	(4) \$1,800,000 (3) \$1,300,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2017; and 2020		
33.30	(5) \$2,000,000 (4) \$900,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2018 and thereafter 2021.		

(d) In addition to the amounts under paragraph (b), the following amount for the year		
of death listed in clauses (1) to (4) may be included in computing the Minnesota taxable		
estate:		
(1) \$2,900,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2018;		
(2) \$3,300,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2019;		
(3) \$3,700,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2020; and		
(4) \$4,100,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2021.		
(e) For estates of decedents dying in 2022, the subtraction equals \$5,000,000.		
(f) For estates of decedents dying in 202	3 and thereafter, the subtraction equals the	
decedent's applicable federal exclusion amount under section 2010(c)(2) of the Internal		
Revenue Code, but must not reduce the Minnesota taxable estate to less than zero.		
EFFECTIVE DATE This section is ef	fective retroactively for estates of decedents	
dying after December 31, 2016.	rective retroactively for estates of decedents	
dying after December 31, 2010.		
Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 291.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:		
Subdivision 1. Tax amount. The tax imposed must be computed by applying to the		
Minnesota taxable estate the following schedule of rates and then the resulting amount		
multiplied by a fraction, not greater than one, the numerator of which is the value of the		
Minnesota gross estate plus the value of gift	ts under section 291.016, subdivision 2, clause	
(3), with a Minnesota situs, and the denomination	nator of which is the federal gross estate plus	
the value of gifts under section 291.016, sul	odivision 2, clause (3):	
(a) For estates of decedents dying in 201	-4:	
Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate	Rate of Tax	
Not over \$1,200,000	None	
Over \$1,200,000 but not over \$1,400,000	nine percent of the excess over \$1,200,000	
Over \$1,400,000 but not over \$3,600,000	\$18,000 plus ten percent of the excess over \$1,400,000	
Over \$3,600,000 but not over \$4,100,000	\$238,000 plus 10.4 percent of the excess over \$3,600,000	
Over \$4,100,000 but not over \$5,100,000	\$290,000 plus 11.2 percent of the excess over \$4,100,000	
Over \$5,100,000 but not over \$6,100,000	\$402,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over \$5,100,000	
Over \$6,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000	\$522,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess over \$6,100,000	
Over \$7 100 000 but not over \$8 100 000	\$650,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over	

\$7,100,000

35.1 35.2	Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000	\$786,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over \$8,100,000	
35.3 35.4	Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000	\$930,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess over \$9,100,000	
35.5 35.6	Over \$10,100,000	\$1,082,000 plus 16 percent of the excess over \$10,100,000	
35.7	(b) For estates of decedents dying in 2015:		
35.8	Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate	Rate of Tax	
35.9	Not over \$1,400,000	None	
35.10	Over \$1,400,000 but not over \$3,600,000	ten percent of the excess over \$1,400,000	
35.11 35.12	Over \$3,600,000 but not over \$6,100,000	\$220,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over \$3,600,000	
35.13 35.14	Over \$6,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000	\$520,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess over \$6,100,000	
35.15 35.16	Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000	\$648,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$7,100,000	
35.17 35.18	Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000	\$784,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over \$8,100,000	
35.19 35.20	Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000	\$928,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess over \$9,100,000	
35.21 35.22	Over \$10,100,000	\$1,080,000 plus 16 percent of the excess over \$10,100,000	
35.23	(c) For estates of decedents dying in 2016:		
35.24	Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate	Rate of Tax	
35.24 35.25	Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate Not over \$1,600,000	Rate of Tax None	
35.25	Not over \$1,600,000	None	
35.25 35.26 35.27	Not over \$1,600,000 Over \$1,600,000 but not over \$2,600,000	None ten percent of the excess over \$1,600,000 \$100,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over	
35.25 35.26 35.27 35.28 35.29	Not over \$1,600,000 Over \$1,600,000 but not over \$2,600,000 Over \$2,600,000 but not over \$6,100,000	None ten percent of the excess over \$1,600,000 \$100,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over \$2,600,000 \$520,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess over	
35.25 35.26 35.27 35.28 35.29 35.30 35.31	Not over \$1,600,000 Over \$1,600,000 but not over \$2,600,000 Over \$2,600,000 but not over \$6,100,000 Over \$6,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000	None ten percent of the excess over \$1,600,000 \$100,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over \$2,600,000 \$520,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess over \$6,100,000 \$648,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over	
35.25 35.26 35.27 35.28 35.29 35.30 35.31 35.32 35.33	Not over \$1,600,000 Over \$1,600,000 but not over \$2,600,000 Over \$2,600,000 but not over \$6,100,000 Over \$6,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000 Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000	None ten percent of the excess over \$1,600,000 \$100,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over \$2,600,000 \$520,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess over \$6,100,000 \$648,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$7,100,000 \$784,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over	
35.25 35.26 35.27 35.28 35.29 35.30 35.31 35.32 35.33 35.34 35.35	Not over \$1,600,000 Over \$1,600,000 but not over \$2,600,000 Over \$2,600,000 but not over \$6,100,000 Over \$6,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000 Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000 Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000	None ten percent of the excess over \$1,600,000 \$100,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over \$2,600,000 \$520,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess over \$6,100,000 \$648,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$7,100,000 \$784,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over \$8,100,000 \$928,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess over	
35.25 35.26 35.27 35.28 35.29 35.30 35.31 35.32 35.33 35.34 35.35 35.36 35.37	Not over \$1,600,000 Over \$1,600,000 but not over \$2,600,000 Over \$2,600,000 but not over \$6,100,000 Over \$6,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000 Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000 Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000 Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000	None ten percent of the excess over \$1,600,000 \$100,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over \$2,600,000 \$520,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess over \$6,100,000 \$648,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$7,100,000 \$784,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over \$8,100,000 \$928,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess over \$9,100,000 \$1,080,000 plus 16 percent of the excess over \$10,100,000	
35.25 35.26 35.27 35.28 35.29 35.30 35.31 35.32 35.33 35.34 35.35 35.36 35.37 35.38	Not over \$1,600,000 Over \$1,600,000 but not over \$2,600,000 Over \$2,600,000 but not over \$6,100,000 Over \$6,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000 Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000 Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000 Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000 Over \$10,100,000	None ten percent of the excess over \$1,600,000 \$100,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over \$2,600,000 \$520,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess over \$6,100,000 \$648,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$7,100,000 \$784,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over \$8,100,000 \$928,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess over \$9,100,000 \$1,080,000 plus 16 percent of the excess over \$10,100,000	
35.25 35.26 35.27 35.28 35.29 35.30 35.31 35.32 35.33 35.34 35.35 35.36 35.37 35.38	Not over \$1,600,000 Over \$1,600,000 but not over \$2,600,000 Over \$2,600,000 but not over \$6,100,000 Over \$6,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000 Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000 Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000 Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000 Over \$10,100,000 Over \$10,100,000	None ten percent of the excess over \$1,600,000 \$100,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over \$2,600,000 \$520,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess over \$6,100,000 \$648,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$7,100,000 \$784,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over \$8,100,000 \$928,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess over \$9,100,000 \$1,080,000 plus 16 percent of the excess over \$10,100,000	
35.25 35.26 35.27 35.28 35.29 35.30 35.31 35.32 35.33 35.34 35.35 35.36 35.37 35.38 35.39	Not over \$1,600,000 Over \$1,600,000 but not over \$2,600,000 Over \$2,600,000 but not over \$6,100,000 Over \$6,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000 Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000 Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000 Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000 Over \$10,100,000 Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate	None ten percent of the excess over \$1,600,000 \$100,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over \$2,600,000 \$520,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess over \$6,100,000 \$648,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$7,100,000 \$784,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over \$8,100,000 \$928,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess over \$9,100,000 \$1,080,000 plus 16 percent of the excess over \$10,100,000 2017: Rate of Tax	
35.25 35.26 35.27 35.28 35.29 35.30 35.31 35.32 35.33 35.34 35.35 35.36 35.37 35.38 35.39 35.40 35.41	Not over \$1,600,000 Over \$1,600,000 but not over \$2,600,000 Over \$2,600,000 but not over \$6,100,000 Over \$6,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000 Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000 Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000 Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000 Over \$10,100,000 Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate Not over \$1,800,000	None ten percent of the excess over \$1,600,000 \$100,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over \$2,600,000 \$520,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess over \$6,100,000 \$648,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$7,100,000 \$784,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over \$8,100,000 \$928,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess over \$9,100,000 \$1,080,000 plus 16 percent of the excess over \$10,100,000 2017: Rate of Tax None	

36.1 36.2	Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000	\$646,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$7,100,000	
36.3 36.4	Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000	\$782,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over \$8,100,000	
36.5 36.6	Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000	\$926,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess over \$9,100,000	
36.7 36.8	Over \$10,100,000	\$1,078,000 plus 16 percent of the excess over \$10,100,000	
36.9	(e) (b) For estates of decedents dying in 2018 and thereafter:		
36.10	Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate	Rate of Tax	
36.11	Not over \$2,000,000 \$7,100,000	None 13 percent	
36.12	Over \$2,000,000 but not over \$2,600,000	ten percent of the excess over \$2,000,000	
36.13 36.14	Over \$2,600,000 but not over \$7,100,000	\$60,000 plus 13 percent of the excess over \$2,600,000	
36.15 36.16	Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000	\$645,000 \$923,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess over \$7,100,000	
36.17 36.18	Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000	\$781,000 \$1,059,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess over \$8,100,000	
36.19 36.20	Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000	\$925,000 \$1,203,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess over \$9,100,000	
36.21	Over \$10,100,000	\$1,077,000 \$1,355,000 plus 16 percent of the	
36.22		excess over \$10,100,000	
36.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effection	ective retroactively for estates of decedents	
36.24	dying after December 31, 2016.		
36.25	Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 2	291.03, subdivision 11, is amended to read:	
36.26	Subd. 11. Recapture tax. (a) If, within th	ree years after the decedent's death and before	
36.27	the death of the qualified heir, the qualified h	neir disposes of any interest in the qualified	
36.28	property, other than by a disposition to a fam	nily member, or a family member ceases to	
36.29	satisfy the requirement under subdivision 9, c	clause (7); or 10, clause (5), an additional estate	
36.30	tax is imposed on the property. In the case of	a sole proprietor, if the qualified heir replaces	
36.31	qualified small business property excluded u	nder subdivision 9 with similar property, then	
36.32	the qualified heir will not be treated as having	disposed of an interest in the qualified property.	
36.33	(b) The amount of the additional tax equa	als the amount of the exclusion claimed by the	
36.34	estate under subdivision 8, paragraph (d), mu	ultiplied by 16 percent.	
36.35	(c) The additional tax under this subdivis	ion is due on the day which is six months after	
36.36	the date of the disposition or cessation in par	ragraph (a).	
36.37	(d) The tax under this subdivision does not apply to the following: acquisition of title		
36.38	or possession of the qualified property by a f	federal, state, or local government unit, or any	

37.1	other entity with the power of eminent domain for a public purpose, as defined in section
37.2	117.025, subdivision 11, within the three-year holding period.
37.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents
37.4	dying after June 30, 2011.
37.5	Sec. 29. [462D.01] CITATION.
37.6	This chapter may be cited as the "First-Time Home Buyer Savings Account Act."
37.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
37.8	Sec. 30. [462D.02] DEFINITIONS.
37.9	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the
37.10	meanings given.
37.11	Subd. 2. Account holder. "Account holder" means an individual who establishes,
37.12	individually or jointly with one or more other individuals, a first-time home buyer savings
37.13	account.
37.14	Subd. 3. Allowable closing costs. "Allowable closing costs" means a disbursement listed
37.15	on a settlement statement for the purchase of a single-family residence in Minnesota by a
37.16	qualified beneficiary.
37.17	Subd. 4. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue.
37.18	Subd. 5. Eligible costs. "Eligible costs" means the down payment and allowable closing
37.19	costs for the purchase of a single-family residence in Minnesota by a qualified beneficiary.
37.20	Eligible costs include paying for the cost of construction of or financing the construction
37.21	of a single-family residence.
37.22	Subd. 6. Financial institution. "Financial institution" means a bank, bank and trust,
37.23	trust company with banking powers, savings bank, savings association, or credit union,
37.24	organized under the laws of this state, any other state, or the United States; an industrial
37.25	loan and thrift under chapter 53 or the laws of another state and authorized to accept deposits;
37.26	or a money market mutual fund registered under the federal Investment Company Act of
37.27	1940 and regulated under rule 2a-7, promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission
37.28	under that act.
37.29	Subd. 7. First-time home buyer. "First-time home buyer" means an individual, and if
37.30	married, the individual's spouse, who has no present ownership interest in a principal
37.31	residence during the three-year period ending on the earlier of:

39.1	qualifies as one beneficiary. Changing the designated qualified beneficiary of an account
39.2	does not affect computation of the ten-year period under section 462D.06, subdivision 2.
39.3	(b) The commissioner shall establish a process for account holders to notify the state
39.4	that permits recording of the account, the account holder or holders, any transfers under
39.5	section 462D.04, subdivision 2, and the designated qualified beneficiary for each account.
39.6	This may be done upon filing the account holder's income tax return or in any other way
39.7	the commissioner determines to be appropriate.
39.8	Subd. 3. Joint account holders. An individual may jointly own a first-time home buyer
39.9	account with another person if the joint account holders file a married joint income tax
39.10	return.
39.11	Subd. 4. Multiple accounts. (a) An individual may be the account holder of more than
39.12	one first-time home buyer savings account, but must not hold or own multiple accounts that
39.13	designate the same qualified beneficiary.
39.14	(b) An individual may be designated as the qualified beneficiary on more than one
39.15	first-time home buyer savings account.
39.16	Subd. 5. Contributions. Only cash may be contributed to a first-time home buyer savings
39.17	account. Individuals other than the account holder may contribute to an account. No limitation
39.18	applies to the amount of contributions that may be made to or retained in a first-time home
39.19	buyer savings account.
39.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
	C 22 LACAD AAL A CCOUNT HOLDED DECDONOUDH LTHEC
39.21	Sec. 32. [462D.04] ACCOUNT HOLDER RESPONSIBILITIES.
39.22	Subdivision 1. Expenses; reporting. The account holder must:
39.23	(1) not use funds in a first-time home buyer savings account to pay expenses of
39.24	administering the account, except that a service fee may be deducted from the account by
39.25	the financial institution in which the account is held; and
39.26	(2) submit to the commissioner, in the form and manner required by the commissioner:
39.27	(i) detailed information regarding the first-time home buyer savings account, including
39.28	a list of transactions for the account during the taxable year and the Form 1099 issued by
39.29	the financial institution for the account for the taxable year; and
39.30	(ii) upon withdrawal of funds from the account, a detailed account of the eligible costs
39.31	for which the account funds were expended and a statement of the amount of funds remaining
39.32	in the account, if any.

	Subd. 2. Transfers. An account holder may withdraw funds, in whole or part, from a
<u>f</u>	irst-time home buyer savings account and deposit the funds in another first-time home
<u>t</u>	ouyer savings account held by a different financial institution or the same financial institution.
	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
	Sec. 33. [462D.05] FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.
	(a) A financial institution is not required to take any action to ensure compliance with
<u>t</u>	his chapter, including to:
	(1) designate an account, designate qualified beneficiaries, or modify the financial
<u>i</u>	nstitution's account contracts or systems in any way;
	(2) track the use of money withdrawn from a first-time home buyer savings account;
	(3) allocate funds in a first-time home buyer savings account among joint account holders
<u>C</u>	or multiple qualified beneficiaries; or
	(4) report any information to the commissioner or any other government that is not
C	otherwise required by law.
	(b) A financial institution is not responsible or liable for:
	(1) determining or ensuring that an account satisfies the requirements of this chapter or
t	hat its funds are used for eligible costs; or
	(2) reporting or remitting taxes or penalties related to the use of a first-time home buyer
S	avings account.
	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
	Sec. 34. [462D.06] SUBTRACTION; ADDITION; ADDITIONAL TAX.
	Subdivision 1. Subtraction. (a) An account holder is allowed a subtraction from federal
<u>t</u>	axable income equal to the sum of:
	(1) the amount the individual contributed to a first-time home buyer savings account
<u>c</u>	luring the taxable year not to exceed \$5,000, or \$10,000 for a married couple filing a joint
r	eturn; and
	(2) interest or dividends earned on the first-time home buyer savings account during the
<u>t</u>	axable year.
	(b) The subtraction under paragraph (a) is allowed each year in which a contribution is
r	nade for the ten taxable years including and following the taxable year in which the account

41.1	was established. The total subtraction for all taxable years and for all first-time home buyer
41.2	accounts established by the individual for a qualified beneficiary is limited to \$50,000. No
41.3	person other than the account holder who deposits funds in a first-time home buyer savings
41.4	account is allowed a subtraction under this section.
41.5	Subd. 2. Addition. (a) An account holder must add to federal taxable income the sum
41.6	of the following amounts:
41.7	(1) any amount withdrawn from a first-time home buyer savings account during the
41.8	taxable year and used neither to pay eligible costs nor for a transfer permitted under section
41.9	462D.04, subdivision 2; and
41.10	(2) any amount remaining in the first-time home buyer savings account at the close of
41.11	the tenth taxable year after the taxable year in which the account was established.
41.12	(b) For an account that received a transfer under section 462D.04, subdivision 2, the
41.13	ten-year period under paragraph (a), clause (2), ends at the close of the earliest taxable year
41.14	that applies to either account under that clause.
41.15	Subd. 3. Additional tax. The account holder is liable for an additional tax equal to ten
41.16	percent of the addition under subdivision 2 for the taxable year. This amount must be added
41.17	to the amount due under section 290.06. The tax under this subdivision does not apply to:
41.18	(1) a withdrawal because of the account holder's or designated qualified beneficiary's
41.19	death or disability; and
41.20	(2) a disbursement of assets of the account under federal bankruptcy law.
41.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
41.22	<u>31, 2016.</u>
41.23	Sec. 35. INCOME TAX RECIPROCITY BENCHMARK STUDY.
41.24	(a) The Department of Revenue, in conjunction with the Wisconsin Department of
41.25	Revenue, must, provided the conditions of paragraph (d) are satisfied, conduct a study to
41.26	determine at least the following:
41.27	(1) the number of residents of each state who earn income from personal services in the
41.28	other state;
41.29	(2) the total amount of income earned by residents of each state who earn income from
41.30	personal services in the other state; and

(3) the change in tax revenue in each state if an income tax reciprocity arrangement	vere
resumed between the two states under which the taxpayers were required to pay incor	<u>1e</u>
taxes on the income only in their state of residence.	
(b) The study must use information obtained from each state's income tax returns to	or
tax year 2017, and from any other source of information the departments determine is	
necessary to complete the study.	
(c) No later than March 1, 2019, the Department of Revenue must submit a report	
containing the results of the study to the governor and to the chairs and ranking minor	<u>ity</u>
members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over taxes, in compliance v	<u>ith</u>
Minnesota Statutes, sections 3.195 and 3.197.	
(d) The department shall conduct the study only if the commissioner of revenue rece	ives
notice from the secretary of revenue that the Wisconsin Department of Revenue will f	ully
participate in the study.	
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.	
Sec. 36. PENSION INCOME REPORT.	
Sec. 30. I ENSION INCOME REPORT.	
By March 15, 2018, the commissioner of revenue, in conjunction with the Legisla	
Commission on Pensions and Retirement, shall provide a report to the senate and house	e of
representatives committees with jurisdiction over taxes and the Legislative Commission	n on
Pensions and Retirement that includes the following information:	
(1) the number of Minnesota recipients, including survivors, of a basic member pen	sion
plan governed by Minnesota Statutes, chapter 3A, 352B, 353, 354, or 354A, that is ba	sed
on service for which the member or survivor is not also receiving Social Security bene	<u>fits;</u>
(2) the number of Minnesota recipients, including survivors, of any retirement sys	em
administered by the federal government for which the recipient or survivor is not also	
receiving Social Security benefits;	
(3) the number of Minnesota recipients, including survivors, of an annuity or bene	f <u>it</u>
from a public retirement system of or created by another state or any of its political	
subdivisions, where the income tax laws of the other state permit a reciprocal deduction	
exemption of retirement or pension benefits received from a public retirement system	n or
(4) the average and median amount of pension or retirement benefit income receive	

(5) an estimate of the amount of a subtraction for annuities or benefits receive	ed by the
dividuals in each of clauses (1) to (3) that would be proportionate to the subtra	action for
cial Security benefits under section 8.	
Sec. 37. REPORT OF FREE ELECTRONIC FILING FOR INDIVIDUAL 1	INCOME
AX RETURNS.	
(a) By March 16, 2018, the commissioner of revenue must provide a written	report to
e chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with juris	sdiction
er taxes regarding free electronic filing options for individual income tax filing,	, including
vendor-based solution. The report must include responses from a commissione	r's request
r information to consumer-based tax filing software vendors. The request for in	formation
ay include, but is not limited to, seeking information on the following aspects	of a free
ectronic filing solution:	
(1) costs, on a per return basis, that would be charged to the state of Minnesota	to provide
electronic individual income tax return preparation, submission, and payment i	emittance
ocess;	
(2) vendor capability to provide customer service and issue resolution to taxpa	yers using
e software;	<u>, </u>
) Jonartmant
(3) vendor capability to provide and maintain an appropriate link between the D Revenue and the Internal Revenue Service Modernized Electronic Filing Programmes	
(4) vendor security capabilities to ensure that taxpayer return information is n	
d protected as required by Minnesota Statutes, chapters 13 and 270B, Internal	Revenue
rvice Publication 1075, and any other applicable requirements;	
(5) products for the free filing and submitting of both Minnesota and federal	returns
fered to customers and the thresholds for using those products; and	
(6) add-on products offered to customers and their costs.	
(b) The report required under paragraph (a) must comply with Minnesota Sta	itutes,
etions 3.195 and 3.197.	
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enaction	ment.
Sec. 38. STUDENT LOAN CREDIT.	
Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following ten	rms have
e meanings given.	.1115 114 0
/ 1110W1111EU E17 VII.	

44.1	(b) "Adjusted gross income" means federal adjusted gross income as defined in section
44.2	62 of the Internal Revenue Code. In the case of a married couple filing jointly, adjusted
44.3	gross income means the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer and spouse.
44.4	(c) "Earned income" has the meaning given in section 32(c) of the Internal Revenue
44.5	Code, except that earned income includes combat pay excluded from federal taxable income
44.6	under section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code.
44.7	(d) "Education profession" means:
44.8	(1) a full-time job in public education; early childhood education, including licensed or
44.9	regulated child care, Head Start, and state-funded prekindergarten; school-based library
44.10	sciences; and other school-based services; or
44.11	(2) a full-time job as a faculty member at a tribal college or university as defined in
44.12	section 1059c(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and other faculty teaching in high-needs
44.13	subject areas or areas of shortage, including nursing faculty, foreign language faculty, and
44.14	part-time faculty at community colleges, as determined by the United States Secretary of
44.15	Education.
44.16	(e) "Eligible individual" means an individual who has one or more qualified education
44.17	loans related to an undergraduate or graduate degree program at a postsecondary educational
44.18	institution.
44.19	(f) "Eligible loan payments" means the amount the eligible individual paid in principal
44.20	and interest on qualified education loans during the taxable year.
44.21	(g) "Postsecondary educational institution" means a postsecondary institution eligible
44.22	for state student aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.103 or, if the institution is not
44.23	located in this state, a postsecondary institution participating in the federal Pell Grant program
44.24	under title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, Public Law 89-329, as amended.
44.25	(h) "Public service job" means a full-time job in emergency management; government,
44.26	excluding time served as a member of Congress; military service; public safety; law
44.27	enforcement; public health, including nurses, nurse practitioners, nurses in a clinical setting,
44.28	and full-time professionals engaged in health care practitioner occupations and health care
44.29	support occupations, as such terms are defined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics; social
44.30	work in a public child or family services agency; public interest law services including
44.31	prosecution or public defense or legal advocacy on behalf of low-income communities at
44.32	a nonprofit organization; public service for individuals with disabilities or public service
44.33	for the elderly; public library sciences; or at an organization that is described in section

45.1	501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of
45.2	the Internal Revenue Code.
45.3	(i) "Qualified education loan" has the meaning given in section 221 of the Internal
45.4	Revenue Code, but is limited to indebtedness incurred on behalf of the eligible individual.
45.5	Subd. 2. Credit allowed. (a) An eligible individual is allowed a credit against the tax
45.6	due under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290. The credit equals a percentage of eligible loan
45.7	payments in excess of ten percent of adjusted gross income, up to \$700, as follows:
45.8	(1) for eligible individuals, 50 percent;
45.9	(2) for eligible individuals in a public service job, 65 percent; and
45.10	(3) for eligible individuals in an education profession, 75 percent.
45.11	(b) The credit must not exceed the eligible individual's earned income for the taxable
45.12	year.
45.13	(c) In the case of a married couple filing a joint return, each spouse is eligible for the
45.14	credit in this section.
45.15	(d) For a nonresident or part-year resident, the credit must be allocated based on the
45.16	percentage calculated under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph
45.17	<u>(e).</u>
45.18	(e) An eligible individual may receive the credit under this section without regard to the
45.19	individual's eligibility for the public service loan forgiveness program under United States
45.20	Code, title 20, section 1087e(m).
45.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
45.22	31, 2016, and before January 1, 2019.
45.23	Sec. 39. TAXPAYER ASSISTANCE GRANTS APPROPRIATION.
45.24	(a) \$200,000 in fiscal year 2018 only and \$200,000 in fiscal year 2019 only are
45.25	appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue for the provision of
45.26	taxpayer assistance grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 270C.21. Of the amounts
45.27	appropriated under this paragraph, up to five percent may be used for the administration of
45.28	the taxpayer assistance grants program. The unencumbered balance in the first year does
45.29	not cancel but is available for the second year.
45.30	(b) For purposes of this section, "taxpayer assistance services" means accounting and
45.31	tax preparation services provided by volunteers to low-income, elderly, and disadvantaged

46.1	Minnesota residents to help them file federal and state income tax returns and Minnesota
46.2	property tax refund claims and to provide personal representation before the Department
46.3	of Revenue and the Internal Revenue Service.
46.4	Sec. 40. REPEALER.
46.5	Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 289A.10, subdivision 1a; 289A.12, subdivision 18;
46.6	289A.18, subdivision 3a; 289A.20, subdivision 3a; and 291.03, subdivisions 8, 9, 10, and
46.7	11, are repealed.
46.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after
46.9	December 31, 2021.
46.10	ARTICLE 2
46.11	PROPERTY TAX
46.12	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 40A.18, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
46.13	Subd. 2. Allowed commercial and industrial operations. (a) Commercial and industrial
46.14	operations are not allowed on land within an agricultural preserve except:
46.15	(1) small on-farm commercial or industrial operations normally associated with and
46.16	important to farming in the agricultural preserve area;
46.17	(2) storage use of existing farm buildings that does not disrupt the integrity of the
46.18	agricultural preserve; and
46.19	(3) small commercial use of existing farm buildings for trades not disruptive to the
46.20	integrity of the agricultural preserve such as a carpentry shop, small scale mechanics shop,
46.21	and similar activities that a farm operator might conduct; and
46.22	(4) wireless communication installments and related equipment and structure capable
46.23	of providing technology potentially beneficial to farming activities.
46.24	(b) For purposes of paragraph (a), clauses (2) and (3), "existing" in clauses (2) and (3)
46.25	means existing on August 1, 1989.
46.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following enactment.
46.27	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 138.053, is amended to read:
46.28	138.053 COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY; TAX LEVY; CITIES OR TOWNS.

47.1	The governing body of any home rule charter or statutory city or town may annually
47.2	appropriate from its general fund an amount not to exceed 0.02418 percent of estimated
47.3	market value, derived from ad valorem taxes on property or other revenues, to be paid to
47.4	the historical society of its respective city, town, or county to be used for the promotion of
47.5	historical work and to aid in defraying the expenses of carrying on the historical work in
47.6	the county. No city or town may appropriate any funds for the benefit of any historical
47.7	society unless the society is affiliated with and approved by the Minnesota Historical Society.
47.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
47.9	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.9901, is amended to read:
47.10	270C.9901 ASSESSOR ACCREDITATION; WAIVER.
47.11	Subdivision 1. Accreditation. Every individual who appraises or physically inspects
47.12	real property for the purpose of determining its valuation or classification for property tax
47.13	purposes must obtain licensure as an accredited Minnesota assessor from the State Board
47.14	of Assessors by July 1, 2019 2022, or within four five years of that person having become
47.15	licensed as a certified Minnesota assessor, whichever is later.
47.16	Subd. 2. Waiver. (a) An individual may apply to the State Board of Assessors for a
47.17	waiver from licensure as an accredited Minnesota assessor as required by subdivision 1 if
47.18	the individual:
47.19	(1) was first licensed as a certified Minnesota assessor before July 1, 2004;
47.20	(2) has maintained an assessor license in good standing since July 1, 2004;
47.21	(3) has successfully passed a comprehensive examination substantially equivalent to the
47.22	requirements by the State Board of Assessors for the accredited Minnesota assessor license
47.23	designation before May 1, 2020; and
47.24	(4) submits an application to the State Board of Assessors no later than July 1, 2022.
47.25	The examination can only be taken once to fulfill the requirements of the waiver.
47.26	(b) The commissioner of revenue, in consultation with the State Board of Assessors and
47.27	the Minnesota Association of Assessing Officers, must determine the contents of the waiver
47.28	application and the comprehensive examination.
47.29	(c) A county assessor in any jurisdiction assessed by an applicant may submit additional
47.30	information to the State Board of Assessors to be considered as part of the waiver review
47.31	proceedings.

	(d) The State Board of Assessors must not grant a waiver unless the applicant has met
	the requirements in paragraph (a) and has the ability to perform the duties of assessment
	required in each jurisdiction in which the applicant appraises or physically inspects real
	property for the purposes of determining its valuation or classification for property tax
	purposes.
	(e) An individual granted a waiver under this subdivision is allowed to continue
	assessment duties at the individual's licensure level, provided the individual maintains
	licensure in good standing and complies with the continuing education requirements for the
-	accredited Minnesota assessor designation as prescribed by the State Board of Assessors.
	(f) An individual granted a waiver under this section:
	(1) is not considered to have achieved the designation as an accredited Minnesota assessor
	and may not represent himself or herself as an accredited Minnesota assessor; and
	(2) is not authorized to value income-producing property as defined in section 273.11,
-	subdivision 13, unless the individual meets the requirements of that section.
	(g) A waiver granted by the State Board of Assessors under this section remains in effect
	unless the individual's licensure lapses or is revoked. If the individual's licensure lapses or
	is revoked, the waiver is void and the individual is subject to the requirements of subdivision
	<u>1.</u>
	(h) A decision of the State Board of Assessors to grant or deny a waiver under this
	subdivision is final and is not subject to appeal.
	(i) Waivers granted under this subdivision expire on June 30, 2032.
	(j) This subdivision expires July 1, 2032.
	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.02, subdivision 86, is amended to read:
	Subd. 86. Apprenticeship training facilities. All or a portion of a building used
	exclusively for a state-approved apprenticeship program through the Department of Labor
	and Industry is exempt if:
	(1) it is owned by a nonprofit organization or a nonprofit trust, and operated by a nonprofit
,	organization or a nonprofit trust;
	(2) the program participants receive no compensation; and
	(3) it is located:

49.1	(i) in the Minneapolis and St. Paul standard metropolitan statistical area as determined
49.2	by the 2000 federal census;
49.3	(ii) in a city outside the Minneapolis and St. Paul standard metropolitan statistical area
49.4	that has a population of 7,400 or greater according to the most recent federal census; or
49.5	(iii) in a township that has a population greater than $\frac{2,000}{1,400}$ but less than 3,000
49.6	determined by the 2000 federal census and the building was previously used by a school
49.7	and was exempt for taxes payable in 2010.
49.8	Use of the property for advanced skills training of incumbent workers does not disqualify
49.9	the property for the exemption under this subdivision. This exemption includes up to five
49.10	acres of the land on which the building is located and associated parking areas on that land,
49.11	except that if the building meets the requirements of clause (3), item (iii), then the exemption
49.12	includes up to ten acres of land on which the building is located and associated parking
49.13	areas on that land. If a parking area associated with the facility is used for the purposes of
49.14	the facility and for other purposes, a portion of the parking area shall be exempt in proportion
49.15	to the square footage of the facility used for purposes of apprenticeship training.
49.16	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to
49.17	read:
49.18	Subd. 100. Certain property owned by an Indian tribe. (a) Property is exempt that:
49.19	(1) is located in a city of the first class with a population less than 100,000 as of the
49.20	2010 federal census;
49.21	(2) was on January 1, 2016, and is for the current assessment, owned by a federally
49.22	recognized Indian tribe, or its instrumentality, that is located within the state of Minnesota;
49.23	<u>and</u>
49.24	(3) is used exclusively as a medical clinic.
49.25	(b) Property that qualifies for the exemption under this subdivision is limited to no more
49.26	than two contiguous parcels and structures that do not exceed, in the aggregate, 30,000
49.27	square feet. Property acquired for single-family housing, market-rate apartments, agriculture,
49.28	or forestry does not qualify for this exemption. The exemption created by this subdivision
49.29	expires with taxes payable in 2028.
49.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2017.

50.1	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.029, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
50.2	Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the term:
50.3	(1) "wind energy conversion system" has the meaning given in section 216C.06,
50.4	subdivision 19, and also includes a substation that is used and owned by one or more wind
50.5	energy conversion facilities;
50.6	(2) "large scale wind energy conversion system" means a wind energy conversion system
50.7	of more than 12 megawatts, as measured by the nameplate capacity of the system or as
50.8	combined with other systems as provided in paragraph (b);
50.9	(3) "medium scale wind energy conversion system" means a wind energy conversion
50.10	system of over two and not more than 12 megawatts, as measured by the nameplate capacity
50.11	of the system or as combined with other systems as provided in paragraph (b); and
50.12	(4) "small scale wind energy conversion system" means a wind energy conversion system
50.13	of two megawatts and under, as measured by the nameplate capacity of the system or as
50.14	combined with other systems as provided in paragraph (b).
50.15	(b) For systems installed and contracted for after January 1, 2002, the total size of a
50.16	wind energy conversion system under this subdivision shall be determined according to this
50.17	paragraph. Unless the systems are interconnected with different distribution systems, the
50.18	nameplate capacity of one wind energy conversion system shall be combined with the
50.19	nameplate capacity of any other wind energy conversion system that is:
50.20	(1) located within five miles of the wind energy conversion system;
50.21	(2) constructed within the same calendar year as the wind energy conversion system;
50.22	and
50.23	(3) under common ownership.
50.24	In the case of a dispute, the commissioner of commerce shall determine the total size of
50.25	the system, and shall draw all reasonable inferences in favor of combining the systems.
50.26	(c) In making a determination under paragraph (b), the commissioner of commerce may
50.27	determine that two wind energy conversion systems are under common ownership when
50.28	the underlying ownership structure contains similar the same persons or entities, even if the

Article 2 Sec. 6.

50.29

50.30

50.31

50.32

ownership shares differ between the two systems. Wind energy conversion systems are not

under common ownership solely because the same person or entity provided equity financing

for the systems. Wind energy conversion systems that were determined by the commissioner

of commerce to be eligible for a renewable energy production incentive under section

51.2

51.3

51.4

51.5

51.6

51.7

51.8

51.9

51.10

51.11

51.12

51.13

51.14

51.15

51.16

51.17

51.22

51.23

51.24

51.25

51.26

51.27

51.28

51.29

216C.41 are not under common ownership unless a change in the qualifying owner was made to an owner of another wind energy conversion system subsequent to the determination by the commissioner of commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.125, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

- Subd. 8. **Manufactured homes; sectional structures.** (a) In this section, "manufactured home" means a structure transportable in one or more sections, which is built on a permanent chassis, and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and contains the plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems in it. Manufactured home includes any accessory structure that is an addition or supplement to the manufactured home and, when installed, becomes a part of the manufactured home.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), a manufactured home that meets each of the following criteria must be valued and assessed as an improvement to real property, the appropriate real property classification applies, and the valuation is subject to review and the taxes payable in the manner provided for real property:
 - (1) the owner of the unit holds title to the land on which it is situated;
- 51.18 (2) the unit is affixed to the land by a permanent foundation or is installed at its location 51.19 in accordance with the Manufactured Home Building Code in sections 327.31 to 327.34, 51.20 and rules adopted under those sections, or is affixed to the land like other real property in 51.21 the taxing district; and
 - (3) the unit is connected to public utilities, has a well and septic tank system, or is serviced by water and sewer facilities comparable to other real property in the taxing district.
 - (c) A manufactured home that meets each of the following criteria must be assessed at the rate provided by the appropriate real property classification but must be treated as personal property, and the valuation is subject to review and the taxes payable in the manner provided in this section:
 - (1) the owner of the unit is a lessee of the land under the terms of a lease, or the unit is located in a manufactured home park but is not the homestead of the park owner;
- 51.30 (2) the unit is affixed to the land by a permanent foundation or is installed at its location 51.31 in accordance with the Manufactured Home Building Code contained in sections 327.31 to

52.2

52.3

52.4

52.5

52.6

52.7

52.8

52.9

52.10

52.11

52.12

52.13

52.14

52.15

52.16

52.17

52.18

52.19

52.20

52.21

52.22

52.23

52.24

52.25

52.26

52.27

52.28

52.29

52.30

52.31

52.32

52.33

52.34

327.34, and the rules adopted under those sections, or is affixed to the land like other real property in the taxing district; and

- (3) the unit is connected to public utilities, has a well and septic tank system, or is serviced by water and sewer facilities comparable to other real property in the taxing district.
- (d) Sectional structures must be valued and assessed as an improvement to real property if the owner of the structure holds title to the land on which it is located or is a qualifying lessee of the land under section 273.19. In this paragraph "sectional structure" means a building or structural unit that has been in whole or substantial part manufactured or constructed at an off-site location to be wholly or partially assembled on site alone or with other units and attached to a permanent foundation.
- (e) The commissioner of revenue may adopt rules under the Administrative Procedure Act to establish additional criteria for the classification of manufactured homes and sectional structures under this subdivision.
- (f) A storage shed, deck, or similar improvement constructed on property that is leased or rented as a site for a manufactured home, sectional structure, park trailer, or travel trailer is taxable as provided in this section. In the case of property that is leased or rented as a site for a travel trailer, a storage shed, deck, or similar improvement on the site that is considered personal property under this paragraph is taxable only if its total estimated market value is over \$1,000 \$10,000. The property is taxable as personal property to the lessee of the site if it is not owned by the owner of the site. The property is taxable as real estate if it is owned by the owner of the site. As a condition of permitting the owner of the manufactured home, sectional structure, park trailer, or travel trailer to construct improvements on the leased or rented site, the owner of the site must obtain the permanent home address of the lessee or user of the site. The site owner must provide the name and address to the assessor upon request.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.13, subdivision 23, is amended to read:

Subd. 23. Class 2. (a) An agricultural homestead consists of class 2a agricultural land that is homesteaded, along with any class 2b rural vacant land that is contiguous to the class 2a land under the same ownership. The market value of the house and garage and immediately surrounding one acre of land has the same classification rates as class 1a or 1b property under subdivision 22. The value of the remaining land including improvements up to the first tier valuation limit of agricultural homestead property has a classification rate of 0.5 percent of market value. The remaining property over the first tier has a classification rate of one percent of market value. For purposes of this subdivision, the "first tier valuation

53.2

53.3

53.4

53.5

53.6

53.7

53.8

53.9

53.10

53.11

53.12

53.13

53.14

53.15

53.16

53.17

53.18

53.19

53.20

53.21

53.22

53.23

53.24

53.25

53.26

53.27

53.28

53.29

53.30

53.31

53.32

53.33

53.34

limit of agricultural homestead property" and "first tier" means the limit certified under section 273.11, subdivision 23.

(b) Class 2a agricultural land consists of parcels of property, or portions thereof, that are agricultural land and buildings. Class 2a property has a classification rate of one percent of market value, unless it is part of an agricultural homestead under paragraph (a). Class 2a property must also include any property that would otherwise be classified as 2b, but is interspersed with class 2a property, including but not limited to sloughs, wooded wind shelters, acreage abutting ditches, ravines, rock piles, land subject to a setback requirement, and other similar land that is impractical for the assessor to value separately from the rest of the property.

An assessor may classify the part of a parcel described in this subdivision that is used for agricultural purposes as class 2a and the remainder in the class appropriate to its use.

- (c) Class 2b rural vacant land consists of parcels of property, or portions thereof, that are unplatted real estate, rural in character and not used for agricultural purposes, including land used for growing trees for timber, lumber, and wood and wood products, that is not improved with a structure. The presence of a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure as defined by the commissioner of revenue does not disqualify the property from classification under this paragraph. Any parcel of 20 acres or more improved with a structure that is not a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure must be split-classified, and ten acres must be assigned to the split parcel containing the structure. Class 2b property has a classification rate of one percent of market value unless it is part of an agricultural homestead under paragraph (a), or qualifies as class 2c under paragraph (d).
- (d) Class 2c managed forest land consists of no less than 20 and no more than 1,920 acres statewide per taxpayer that is being managed under a forest management plan that meets the requirements of chapter 290C, but is not enrolled in the sustainable forest resource management incentive program. It has a classification rate of .65 percent, provided that the owner of the property must apply to the assessor in order for the property to initially qualify for the reduced rate and provide the information required by the assessor to verify that the property qualifies for the reduced rate. If the assessor receives the application and information before May 1 in an assessment year, the property qualifies beginning with that assessment year. If the assessor receives the application and information after April 30 in an assessment year, the property may not qualify until the next assessment year. The commissioner of natural resources must concur that the land is qualified. The commissioner of natural resources shall annually provide county assessors verification information on a timely basis.

54.2

54.3

54.4

54.5

54.6

54.7

54.8

54.9

54.10

54.11

54.12

54.13

54.14

54.15

54.16

54.17

54.18

54.19

54.20

54.21

54.22

54.23

54.24

54.25

54.26

54.27

54.28

54.29

The presence of a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure as defined by the commissioner of revenue does not disqualify the property from classification under this paragraph.

- (e) Agricultural land as used in this section means:
- (1) contiguous acreage of ten acres or more, used during the preceding year for agricultural purposes; or
- (2) contiguous acreage used during the preceding year for an intensive livestock or poultry confinement operation, provided that land used only for pasturing or grazing does not qualify under this clause.

"Agricultural purposes" as used in this section means the raising, cultivation, drying, or storage of agricultural products for sale, or the storage of machinery or equipment used in support of agricultural production by the same farm entity. For a property to be classified as agricultural based only on the drying or storage of agricultural products, the products being dried or stored must have been produced by the same farm entity as the entity operating the drying or storage facility. "Agricultural purposes" also includes enrollment in the Reinvest in Minnesota program under sections 103F.501 to 103F.535 or the federal Conservation Reserve Program as contained in Public Law 99-198 or a similar local, state, or federal conservation program if the property was classified as agricultural (i) under this subdivision for taxes payable in 2003 because of its enrollment in a qualifying program and the land remains enrolled or (ii) in the year prior to its enrollment. For purposes of this section, a local conservation program means a program administered by a town, statutory or home rule charter city, or county, including a watershed district, water management organization, or soil and water conservation district, in which landowners voluntarily enroll land and receive incentive payments in exchange for use or other restrictions placed on the land. Agricultural classification shall not be based upon the market value of any residential structures on the parcel or contiguous parcels under the same ownership.

- "Contiguous acreage," for purposes of this paragraph, means all of, or a contiguous portion of, a tax parcel as described in section 272.193, or all of, or a contiguous portion of, a set of contiguous tax parcels under that section that are owned by the same person.
 - (f) Agricultural land under this section also includes:
- 54.30 (1) contiguous acreage that is less than ten acres in size and exclusively used in the preceding year for raising or cultivating agricultural products; or

55.2

55.3

55.4

55.5

55.6

55.7

55.8

55.9

55.10

55.11

55.12

55.13

55.14

55.15

55.16

55.17

55.23

55.24

55.30

55.31

(2) contiguous acreage that contains a residence and is less than 11 acres in size, if the
contiguous acreage exclusive of the house, garage, and surrounding one acre of land was
used in the preceding year for one or more of the following three uses:
(i) for an intensive grain drying or storage operation, or for intensive machinery or equipment storage activities used to support agricultural activities on other parcels of property operated by the same farming entity;
(ii) as a nursery, provided that only those acres used intensively to produce nursery stock

- (ii) as a nursery, provided that only those acres used intensively to produce nursery stock are considered agricultural land; or
- (iii) for intensive market farming; for purposes of this paragraph, "market farming" means the cultivation of one or more fruits or vegetables or production of animal or other agricultural products for sale to local markets by the farmer or an organization with which the farmer is affiliated.
- "Contiguous acreage," for purposes of this paragraph, means all of a tax parcel as described in section 272.193, or all of a set of contiguous tax parcels under that section that are owned by the same person.
- (g) Land shall be classified as agricultural even if all or a portion of the agricultural use of that property is the leasing to, or use by another person for agricultural purposes.
- Classification under this subdivision is not determinative for qualifying under section 273.111.
- (h) The property classification under this section supersedes, for property tax purposes only, any locally administered agricultural policies or land use restrictions that define minimum or maximum farm acreage.
 - (i) The term "agricultural products" as used in this subdivision includes production for sale of:
- (1) livestock, dairy animals, dairy products, poultry and poultry products, fur-bearing animals, horticultural and nursery stock, fruit of all kinds, vegetables, forage, grains, bees, and apiary products by the owner;
- (2) fish bred for sale and consumption if the fish breeding occurs on land zoned for agricultural use;
 - (3) the commercial boarding of horses, which may include related horse training and riding instruction, if the boarding is done on property that is also used for raising pasture to graze horses or raising or cultivating other agricultural products as defined in clause (1);

56.2

56.3

56.4

56.5

56.6

56.7

56.8

56.9

	(4) property which is owned and operated by nonprofit organizations used for equestrian
ac	tivities, excluding racing;

- (5) game birds and waterfowl bred and raised (i) on a game farm licensed under section 97A.105, provided that the annual licensing report to the Department of Natural Resources, which must be submitted annually by March 30 to the assessor, indicates that at least 500 birds were raised or used for breeding stock on the property during the preceding year and that the owner provides a copy of the owner's most recent schedule F; or (ii) for use on a shooting preserve licensed under section 97A.115;
 - (6) insects primarily bred to be used as food for animals;
- (7) trees, grown for sale as a crop, including short rotation woody crops, and not sold 56.10 for timber, lumber, wood, or wood products; and 56.11
- (8) maple syrup taken from trees grown by a person licensed by the Minnesota 56.12 Department of Agriculture under chapter 28A as a food processor. 56.13
- (j) If a parcel used for agricultural purposes is also used for commercial or industrial 56.14 purposes, including but not limited to: 56.15
- (1) wholesale and retail sales; 56.16
- (2) processing of raw agricultural products or other goods; 56.17
- (3) warehousing or storage of processed goods; and 56.18
- (4) office facilities for the support of the activities enumerated in clauses (1), (2), and 56.19 (3),56.20
- the assessor shall classify the part of the parcel used for agricultural purposes as class 1b, 56.21
- 2a, or 2b, whichever is appropriate, and the remainder in the class appropriate to its use. 56.22
- The grading, sorting, and packaging of raw agricultural products for first sale is considered 56.23
- 56.24 an agricultural purpose. A greenhouse or other building where horticultural or nursery
- products are grown that is also used for the conduct of retail sales must be classified as 56.25
- agricultural if it is primarily used for the growing of horticultural or nursery products from 56.26
- seed, cuttings, or roots and occasionally as a showroom for the retail sale of those products. 56.27
- Use of a greenhouse or building only for the display of already grown horticultural or nursery 56.28
- products does not qualify as an agricultural purpose. 56.29
- (k) The assessor shall determine and list separately on the records the market value of 56.30 the homestead dwelling and the one acre of land on which that dwelling is located. If any 56.31

57.2

57.3

57.4

57.5

57.6

57.7

57.8

57.9

57.10

57.11

57.12

57.13

57.14

57.15

57.17

57.18

57.19

57.20

57.21

57.22

57.23

57.24

57.25

57.26

57.27

57.28

57.29

farm buildings or structures are located on this homesteaded acre of land, their market value shall not be included in this separate determination.

- (l) Class 2d airport landing area consists of a landing area or public access area of a privately owned public use airport. It has a classification rate of one percent of market value. To qualify for classification under this paragraph, a privately owned public use airport must be licensed as a public airport under section 360.018. For purposes of this paragraph, "landing area" means that part of a privately owned public use airport properly cleared, regularly maintained, and made available to the public for use by aircraft and includes runways, taxiways, aprons, and sites upon which are situated landing or navigational aids. A landing area also includes land underlying both the primary surface and the approach surfaces that comply with all of the following:
- (i) the land is properly cleared and regularly maintained for the primary purposes of the landing, taking off, and taxiing of aircraft; but that portion of the land that contains facilities for servicing, repair, or maintenance of aircraft is not included as a landing area;
 - (ii) the land is part of the airport property; and
- 57.16 (iii) the land is not used for commercial or residential purposes.
 - The land contained in a landing area under this paragraph must be described and certified by the commissioner of transportation. The certification is effective until it is modified, or until the airport or landing area no longer meets the requirements of this paragraph. For purposes of this paragraph, "public access area" means property used as an aircraft parking ramp, apron, or storage hangar, or an arrival and departure building in connection with the airport.
 - (m) Class 2e consists of land with a commercial aggregate deposit that is not actively being mined and is not otherwise classified as class 2a or 2b, provided that the land is not located in a county that has elected to opt-out of the aggregate preservation program as provided in section 273.1115, subdivision 6. It has a classification rate of one percent of market value. To qualify for classification under this paragraph, the property must be at least ten contiguous acres in size and the owner of the property must record with the county recorder of the county in which the property is located an affidavit containing:
- 57.30 (1) a legal description of the property;
- 57.31 (2) a disclosure that the property contains a commercial aggregate deposit that is not actively being mined but is present on the entire parcel enrolled;

58.2

58.3

58.4

58.5

58.6

58.7

58.8

58.9

58.10

58.11

58.12

58.13

58.14

58.15

58.16

58.17

58.18

58.19

58.20

58.21

58.22

58.23

58.24

58.25

58.26

58.27

58.28

58.29

58.30

58.31

58.32

(3) documentation that the conditional use under the county or local zoning ordinate	nce
of this property is for mining; and	

(4) documentation that a permit has been issued by the local unit of government or the mining activity is allowed under local ordinance. The disclosure must include a statement from a registered professional geologist, engineer, or soil scientist delineating the deposit and certifying that it is a commercial aggregate deposit.

For purposes of this section and section 273.1115, "commercial aggregate deposit" means a deposit that will yield crushed stone or sand and gravel that is suitable for use as a construction aggregate; and "actively mined" means the removal of top soil and overburden in preparation for excavation or excavation of a commercial deposit.

- (n) When any portion of the property under this subdivision or subdivision 22 begins to be actively mined, the owner must file a supplemental affidavit within 60 days from the day any aggregate is removed stating the number of acres of the property that is actively being mined. The acres actively being mined must be (1) valued and classified under subdivision 24 in the next subsequent assessment year, and (2) removed from the aggregate resource preservation property tax program under section 273.1115, if the land was enrolled in that program. Copies of the original affidavit and all supplemental affidavits must be filed with the county assessor, the local zoning administrator, and the Department of Natural Resources, Division of Land and Minerals. A supplemental affidavit must be filed each time a subsequent portion of the property is actively mined, provided that the minimum acreage change is five acres, even if the actual mining activity constitutes less than five acres.
- (o) The definitions prescribed by the commissioner under paragraphs (c) and (d) are not rules and are exempt from the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and the provisions in section 14.386 concerning exempt rules do not apply.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2017.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.13, subdivision 25, is amended to read:

Subd. 25. **Class 4.** (a) Class 4a is residential real estate containing four or more units and used or held for use by the owner or by the tenants or lessees of the owner as a residence for rental periods of 30 days or more, excluding property qualifying for class 4d. Class 4a also includes hospitals licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56, other than hospitals exempt under section 272.02, and contiguous property used for hospital purposes, without regard

to whether the property has been platted or subdivided. The market value of class 4a property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent.

(b) Class 4b includes:

59.1

59.2

593

59.4

59.5

59.6

59.21

59.22

59.23

59.24

59.25

59.26

59.27

59.28

59.29

59.30

59.31

- (1) residential real estate containing less than four units that does not qualify as class 4bb, other than seasonal residential recreational property;
- (2) manufactured homes not classified under any other provision;
- (3) a dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b) containing two or three units; and
- 59.9 (4) unimproved property that is classified residential as determined under subdivision 59.10 33.
- The market value of class 4b property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent.
- (c) Class 4bb includes nonhomestead residential real estate containing one unit, other than seasonal residential recreational property, and a single family dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b).
- Class 4bb property has the same classification rates as class 1a property under subdivision 22.
- Property that has been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at any time during which it has been owned by the current owner or spouse of the current owner does not qualify for class 4bb.
 - (d) Class 4c property includes:
 - (1) except as provided in subdivision 22, paragraph (c), real and personal property devoted to commercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes, for not more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment. For purposes of this clause, property is devoted to a commercial purpose on a specific day if any portion of the property is used for residential occupancy, and a fee is charged for residential occupancy. Class 4c property under this clause must contain three or more rental units. A "rental unit" is defined as a cabin, condominium, townhouse, sleeping room, or individual camping site equipped with water and electrical hookups for recreational vehicles. A camping pad offered for rent by a property that otherwise qualifies for class 4c under this clause is also class 4c under this clause regardless of the term of the rental agreement, as long as the use of the camping pad does not exceed 250 days. In order for a property to be classified under this

60.2

60.3

60.4

60.5

60.6

60.7

60.8

60.9

60.10

60.11

60.12

60.13

60.14

60.15

60.16

60.17

60.18

60.19

60.20

60.21

60.22

60.23

60.24

60.25

60.26

60.27

60.28

60.29

60.30

60.31

60.32

60.33

60.34

60.35

clause, either (i) the business located on the property must provide recreational activities, at least 40 percent of the annual gross lodging receipts related to the property must be from business conducted during 90 consecutive days, and either (A) at least 60 percent of all paid bookings by lodging guests during the year must be for periods of at least two consecutive nights; or (B) at least 20 percent of the annual gross receipts must be from charges for providing recreational activities, or (ii) the business must contain 20 or fewer rental units, and must be located in a township or a city with a population of 2,500 or less located outside the metropolitan area, as defined under section 473.121, subdivision 2, that contains a portion of a state trail administered by the Department of Natural Resources. For purposes of item (i)(A), a paid booking of five or more nights shall be counted as two bookings. Class 4c property also includes commercial use real property used exclusively for recreational purposes in conjunction with other class 4c property classified under this clause and devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreational purposes, up to a total of two acres, provided the property is not devoted to commercial recreational use for more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment and is located within two miles of the class 4c property with which it is used. In order for a property to qualify for classification under this clause, the owner must submit a declaration to the assessor designating the cabins or units occupied for 250 days or less in the year preceding the year of assessment by January 15 of the assessment year. Those cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located must be designated class 4c under this clause as otherwise provided. The remainder of the cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located will be designated as class 3a. The owner of property desiring designation as class 4c property under this clause must provide guest registers or other records demonstrating that the units for which class 4c designation is sought were not occupied for more than 250 days in the year preceding the assessment if so requested. The portion of a property operated as a (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop, (4) conference center or meeting room, and (5) other nonresidential facility operated on a commercial basis not directly related to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes does not qualify for class 4c. For the purposes of this paragraph, "recreational activities" means renting ice fishing houses, boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill or cross-country ski equipment; providing marina services, launch services, or guide services; or selling bait and fishing tackle;

(2) qualified property used as a golf course if:

(i) it is open to the public on a daily fee basis. It may charge membership fees or dues, but a membership fee may not be required in order to use the property for golfing, and its

61.1	green fees for golfing must be comparable to green fees typically charged by municipal
61.2	courses; and
61.3	(ii) it meets the requirements of section 273.112, subdivision 3, paragraph (d).
61.4	A structure used as a clubhouse, restaurant, or place of refreshment in conjunction with
61.5	the golf course is classified as class 3a property;
61.6	(3) real property up to a maximum of three acres of land owned and used by a nonprofit
61.7	community service oriented organization and not used for residential purposes on either a
61.8	temporary or permanent basis, provided that:
61.9	(i) the property is not used for a revenue-producing activity for more than six days in
61.10	the calendar year preceding the year of assessment; or
61.11	(ii) the organization makes annual charitable contributions and donations at least equal
61.12	to the property's previous year's property taxes and the property is allowed to be used for
61.13	public and community meetings or events for no charge, as appropriate to the size of the
61.14	facility.
61.15	For purposes of this clause:
61.16	(A) "charitable contributions and donations" has the same meaning as lawful gambling
61.17	purposes under section 349.12, subdivision 25, excluding those purposes relating to the
61.18	payment of taxes, assessments, fees, auditing costs, and utility payments;
61.19	(B) "property taxes" excludes the state general tax;
61.20	(C) a "nonprofit community service oriented organization" means any corporation,
61.21	society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for
61.22	charitable, religious, fraternal, civic, or educational purposes, and which is exempt from
61.23	federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3), (8), (10), or (19) of the Internal
61.24	Revenue Code; and
61.25	(D) "revenue-producing activities" shall include but not be limited to property or that
61.26	portion of the property that is used as an on-sale intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt
61.27	liquor establishment licensed under chapter 340A, a restaurant open to the public, bowling
61.28	alley, a retail store, gambling conducted by organizations licensed under chapter 349, an
61.29	insurance business, or office or other space leased or rented to a lessee who conducts a
61.30	for-profit enterprise on the premises.
61.31	Any portion of the property not qualifying under either item (i) or (ii) is class 3a. The
61.32	use of the property for social events open exclusively to members and their guests for periods

62.2

62.3

62.4

62.5

62.6

62.7

62.8

62.9

62.10

62.11

62.12

62.18

62.19

62.20

62.21

62.22

62.32

of less than 24 hours, when an admission is not charged nor any revenues are received by the organization shall not be considered a revenue-producing activity.

REVISOR

The organization shall maintain records of its charitable contributions and donations and of public meetings and events held on the property and make them available upon request any time to the assessor to ensure eligibility. An organization meeting the requirement under item (ii) must file an application by May 1 with the assessor for eligibility for the current year's assessment. The commissioner shall prescribe a uniform application form and instructions;

- (4) postsecondary student housing of not more than one acre of land that is owned by a nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A and is used exclusively by a student cooperative, sorority, or fraternity for on-campus housing or housing located within two miles of the border of a college campus;
- (5)(i) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, excluding 62.13 manufactured home parks described in section 273.124, subdivision 3a items (ii) and (iii), 62.14 and (ii) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, that are 62.15 described in section 273.124, subdivision 3a, and (iii) class I manufactured home parks as 62.16 defined in section 327C.01, subdivision 13; 62.17
 - (6) real property that is actively and exclusively devoted to indoor fitness, health, social, recreational, and related uses, is owned and operated by a not-for-profit corporation, and is located within the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2;
 - (7) a leased or privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:
- (i) the land is on an airport owned or operated by a city, town, county, Metropolitan 62.23 Airports Commission, or group thereof; and 62.24
- 62.25 (ii) the land lease, or any ordinance or signed agreement restricting the use of the leased premise, prohibits commercial activity performed at the hangar. 62.26
- 62.27 If a hangar classified under this clause is sold after June 30, 2000, a bill of sale must be filed by the new owner with the assessor of the county where the property is located within 62.28 60 days of the sale; 62.29
- (8) a privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under section 62.30 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that: 62.31
 - (i) the land abuts a public airport; and

63.2

63.3

63.4

63.5

63.6

63.7

63.8

63.9

63.10

63.11

63.13

63.14

63.15

63.16

63.17

63.18

63.19

63.20

63.21

63.22

63.23

63.24

63.25

63.26

63.27

63.28

63.29

63.30

63.31

63.32

(ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement
restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the
hangar; and

- (9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead purposes, and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met:
- (i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods of 14 or fewer days;
- (ii) meals are provided to persons who rent rooms, the cost of which is incorporated in the basic room rate;
- (iii) meals are not provided to the general public except for special events on fewer than seven days in the calendar year preceding the year of the assessment; and
- (iv) the owner is the operator of the property.
 - The market value subject to the 4c classification under this clause is limited to five rental units. Any rental units on the property in excess of five, must be valued and assessed as class 3a. The portion of the property used for purposes of a homestead by the owner must be classified as class 1a property under subdivision 22;
 - (10) real property up to a maximum of three acres and operated as a restaurant as defined under section 157.15, subdivision 12, provided it: (i) is located on a lake as defined under section 103G.005, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (3); and (ii) is either devoted to commercial purposes for not more than 250 consecutive days, or receives at least 60 percent of its annual gross receipts from business conducted during four consecutive months. Gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages must be included in determining the property's qualification under item (ii). The property's primary business must be as a restaurant and not as a bar. Gross receipts from gift shop sales located on the premises must be excluded. Owners of real property desiring 4c classification under this clause must submit an annual declaration to the assessor by February 1 of the current assessment year, based on the property's relevant information for the preceding assessment year;
 - (11) lakeshore and riparian property and adjacent land, not to exceed six acres, used as a marina, as defined in section 86A.20, subdivision 5, which is made accessible to the public and devoted to recreational use for marina services. The marina owner must annually provide evidence to the assessor that it provides services, including lake or river access to the public by means of an access ramp or other facility that is either located on the property of the marina or at a publicly owned site that abuts the property of the marina. No more than 800

64.2

64.3

64.4

64.5

64.6

64.7

64.8

64.9

64.10

64.11

64.12

64.13

64.14

64.15

64.16

64.17

64.18

64.19

64.20

64.21

64.22

64.23

64.24

64.25

64.26

64.27

64.28

64.29

64.30

64.31

64.32

64.33

64.34

64.35

feet of lakeshore may be included in this classification. Buildings used in conjunction with a marina for marina services, including but not limited to buildings used to provide food and beverage services, fuel, boat repairs, or the sale of bait or fishing tackle, are classified as class 3a property; and

(12) real and personal property devoted to noncommercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes.

Class 4c property has a classification rate of 1.5 percent of market value, except that (i) each parcel of noncommercial seasonal residential recreational property under clause (12) has the same classification rates as class 4bb property, (ii) manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (i), have the same classification rate as class 4b property, and the market value of manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (ii), has have a classification rate of 0.75 percent if more than 50 percent of the lots in the park are occupied by shareholders in the cooperative corporation or association and a classification rate of one percent if 50 percent or less of the lots are so occupied, and class I manufactured home parks as defined in section 327C.01, subdivision 13, have a classification rate of 1.0 percent, (iii) commercial-use seasonal residential recreational property and marina recreational land as described in clause (11), has a classification rate of one percent for the first \$500,000 of market value, and 1.25 percent for the remaining market value, (iv) the market value of property described in clause (4) has a classification rate of one percent, (v) the market value of property described in clauses (2), (6), and (10) has a classification rate of 1.25 percent, and (vi) that portion of the market value of property in clause (9) qualifying for class 4c property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent.

(e) Class 4d property is qualifying low-income rental housing certified to the assessor by the Housing Finance Agency under section 273.128, subdivision 3. If only a portion of the units in the building qualify as low-income rental housing units as certified under section 273.128, subdivision 3, only the proportion of qualifying units to the total number of units in the building qualify for class 4d. The remaining portion of the building shall be classified by the assessor based upon its use. Class 4d also includes the same proportion of land as the qualifying low-income rental housing units are to the total units in the building. For all properties qualifying as class 4d, the market value determined by the assessor must be based on the normal approach to value using normal unrestricted rents.

(f) The first tier of market value of class 4d property has a classification rate of 0.75 percent. The remaining value of class 4d property has a classification rate of 0.25 percent. For the purposes of this paragraph, the "first tier of market value of class 4d property" means the market value of each housing unit up to the first tier limit. For the purposes of this

65.2

65.3

65.4

65.5

65.6

65.7

65.8

65.9

65.10

65.11

65.12

65.13

65.14

65.15

65.16

65.17

65.18

65.19

65.20

65.23

65.24

65.25

65.26

65.27

65.28

65.29

65.30

65.31

65.32

65.33

paragraph, all class 4d property value must be assigned to individual housing units. The first tier limit is \$100,000 for assessment year 2014. For subsequent years, the limit is adjusted each year by the average statewide change in estimated market value of property classified as class 4a and 4d under this section for the previous assessment year, excluding valuation change due to new construction, rounded to the nearest \$1,000, provided, however, that the limit may never be less than \$100,000. Beginning with assessment year 2015, the commissioner of revenue must certify the limit for each assessment year by November 1 of the previous year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2018 and thereafter.

- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.13, subdivision 34, is amended to read:
- Subd. 34. Homestead of disabled veteran or family caregiver. (a) All or a portion of the market value of property owned by a veteran and serving as the veteran's homestead under this section is excluded in determining the property's taxable market value if the veteran has a service-connected disability of 70 percent or more as certified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for exclusion under this subdivision, the veteran must have been honorably discharged from the United States armed forces, as indicated by United States Government Form DD214 or other official military discharge papers.
- (b)(1) For a disability rating of 70 percent or more, \$150,000 of market value is excluded, except as provided in clause (2); and
- (2) for a total (100 percent) and permanent 100 percent disability rating, \$300,000 of market value is excluded.
 - (c) If a disabled veteran qualifying for a valuation exclusion under paragraph (b), elause (2), predeceases the veteran's spouse, and if upon the death of the veteran the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the homestead and permanently resides there, the exclusion shall carry over to the benefit of the veteran's spouse for the current taxes payable year and for eight additional taxes payable years or until such time as the spouse remarries, or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, whichever comes first. Qualification under this paragraph requires an annual application under paragraph (h).
 - (d) If the spouse of a member of any branch or unit of the United States armed forces who dies due to a service-connected cause while serving honorably in active service, as indicated on United States Government Form DD1300 or DD2064, holds the legal or beneficial title to a homestead and permanently resides there, the spouse is entitled to the

66.2

66.3

66.4

66.5

66.6

66.7

66.8

66.9

66.10

66.11

66.12

66.13

66.14

66.15

66.16

66.17

66.18

66.19

66.20

66.21

66.22

benefit described in paragraph (b), clause (2), for eight taxes payable years, or until such
time as the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property,
whichever comes first

- (e) If a veteran meets the disability criteria of paragraph (a) but does not own property classified as homestead in the state of Minnesota, then the homestead of the veteran's primary family caregiver, if any, is eligible for the exclusion that the veteran would otherwise qualify for under paragraph (b).
- (f) In the case of an agricultural homestead, only the portion of the property consisting of the house and garage and immediately surrounding one acre of land qualifies for the valuation exclusion under this subdivision.
- (g) A property qualifying for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision is not eligible for the market value exclusion under subdivision 35, or classification under subdivision 22, paragraph (b).
- (h) To qualify for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision a property owner must apply to the assessor by July 1 of each assessment year, except that an annual reapplication is not required once a property has been accepted for a valuation exclusion under paragraph (a) and qualifies for the benefit described in paragraph (b), clause (2), and the property continues to qualify until there is a change in ownership. For an application received after July 1 of any calendar year, the exclusion shall become effective for the following assessment year.
- (i) A first-time application by a qualifying spouse for the market value exclusion under paragraph (d) must be made any time within two years of the death of the service member.
- (j) For purposes of this subdivision: 66.23
- (1) "active service" has the meaning given in section 190.05; 66.24
- (2) "own" means that the person's name is present as an owner on the property deed; 66.25
- (3) "primary family caregiver" means a person who is approved by the secretary of the 66.26 66.27 United States Department of Veterans Affairs for assistance as the primary provider of personal care services for an eligible veteran under the Program of Comprehensive Assistance 66.28 for Family Caregivers, codified as United States Code, title 38, section 1720G; and
- (4) "veteran" has the meaning given the term in section 197.447. 66.30

67.1	(k) If a veteran did not apply for or receive the exclusion under paragraph (b), clause
67.2	(2), before dying, the veteran's spouse is entitled to the benefit under paragraph (b), clause
67.3	(2), until the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property if:
67.4	(1) the spouse files a first-time application within two years of the death of the service
67.5	member or by June 1, 2019, whichever is later;
67.6	(2) upon the death of the veteran, the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the
67.7	homestead and permanently resides there;
67.8	(3) the veteran met the honorable discharge requirements of paragraph (a);
67.9	(4) the spouse complies with the annual application requirement under paragraph (h);
67.10	<u>and</u>
67.11	(5) the United States Department of Veterans Affairs certifies that:
67.12	(i) the veteran met the total (100 percent) and permanent disability requirement under
67.13	paragraph (b), clause (2); or
67.14	(ii) the spouse has been awarded dependency and indemnity compensation.
67.15	(1) The purpose of this provision of law providing a level of homestead property tax
67.16	relief for gravely disabled veterans, their primary family caregivers, and their surviving
67.17	spouses is to help ease the burdens of war for those among our state's citizens who bear
67.18	those burdens most heavily.
67.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2018.
67.20	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 275.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
67.21	Subdivision 1. Levy amount. The state general levy is levied against
67.22	commercial-industrial property and seasonal residential recreational property, as defined
67.23	in this section. The state general levy base amount for commercial-industrial property is
67.24	\$592,000,000 \$784,594,000 for taxes payable in 2002 2018 and thereafter. For taxes payable
67.25	in subsequent years, the levy base amount is increased each year by multiplying the levy
67.26	base amount for the prior year by the sum of one plus the rate of increase, if any, in the
67.27	implicit price deflator for government consumption expenditures and gross investment for
67.28	state and local governments prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysts of the United
67.29	States Department of Commerce for the 12-month period ending March 31 of the year prior
67.30	to the year the taxes are payable The state general levy base amount for seasonal
67.31	residential-recreational property is \$44,190,000 for taxes payable in 2018 and thereafter.

68.3

68.4

68.5

68.6

68.7

68.8

68.18

68.19

68.20

68.21

68.22

68.23

68.24

68.25

68.26

68.27

68.28

68.29

68.30

68.31

The tax under this section is not treated as a local tax rate under section 469.177 and is not the levy of a governmental unit under chapters 276A and 473F. 68.2

The commissioner shall increase or decrease the preliminary or final rate rates for a year as necessary to account for errors and tax base changes that affected a preliminary or final rate for either of the two preceding years. Adjustments are allowed to the extent that the necessary information is available to the commissioner at the time the rates for a year must be certified, and for the following reasons:

- (1) an erroneous report of taxable value by a local official;
- (2) an erroneous calculation by the commissioner; and 68.9
- (3) an increase or decrease in taxable value for commercial-industrial or seasonal 68.10 residential recreational property reported on the abstracts of tax lists submitted under section 68.11 275.29 that was not reported on the abstracts of assessment submitted under section 270C.89 68.12 for the same year. 68.13
- The commissioner may, but need not, make adjustments if the total difference in the tax 68.14 levied for the year would be less than \$100,000. 68.15
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2018. 68.16
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 275.025, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 68.17
 - Subd. 2. Commercial-industrial tax capacity. For the purposes of this section, "commercial-industrial tax capacity" means the tax capacity of all taxable property classified as class 3 or class 5(1) under section 273.13, except for excluding: (1) the first \$100,000 of market value of each parcel of commercial-industrial net tax capacity as defined under section 273.13, subdivision 24, clauses (1) and (2); (2) electric generation attached machinery under class 3; and (3) property described in section 473.625. County commercial-industrial tax capacity amounts are not adjusted for the captured net tax capacity of a tax increment financing district under section 469.177, subdivision 2, the net tax capacity of transmission lines deducted from a local government's total net tax capacity under section 273.425, or fiscal disparities contribution and distribution net tax capacities under chapter 276A or 473F. For purposes of this subdivision, the procedures for determining eligibility for tier 1 under section 273.13, subdivision 24, clauses (1) and (2), shall apply in determining the portion of a property eligible to be considered within the first \$100,000 of market value.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2018.

69.2

69.3

69.4

69.5

69.6

69.7

69.8

69.9

69.10

69.11

69.12

69.13

69.14

69.15

69.16

69.17

69.18

69.19

69.20

69.21

69.22

69.23

69.24

69.25

69.26

69.27

69.28

69.29

69.30

69.31

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 275.025, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Apportionment and levy of state general tax.** Ninety-five percent of The state general tax must be levied by applying a uniform rate to all commercial-industrial tax capacity and five percent of the state general tax must be levied by applying a uniform rate to all seasonal residential recreational tax capacity. On or before October 1 each year, the commissioner of revenue shall certify the preliminary state general levy rates to each county auditor that must be used to prepare the notices of proposed property taxes for taxes payable in the following year. By January 1 of each year, the commissioner shall certify the final state general levy rate rates to each county auditor that shall be used in spreading taxes.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2018.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 275.065, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Proposed levy.** (a) Notwithstanding any law or charter to the contrary, on or before September 30, each county and each, home rule charter or statutory city, town, and special taxing district, excluding the Metropolitan Council and the Metropolitan Mosquito Control Commission, shall certify to the county auditor the proposed property tax levy for taxes payable in the following year. For towns, the final certified levy shall also be considered the proposed levy.

- (b) Notwithstanding any law or charter to the contrary, on or before September 15, each town and each special taxing district the Metropolitan Council and the Metropolitan Mosquito Control Commission shall adopt and certify to the county auditor a proposed property tax levy for taxes payable in the following year. For towns, the final certified levy shall also be considered the proposed levy.
- (c) On or before September 30, each school district that has not mutually agreed with its home county to extend this date shall certify to the county auditor the proposed property tax levy for taxes payable in the following year. Each school district that has agreed with its home county to delay the certification of its proposed property tax levy must certify its proposed property tax levy for the following year no later than October 7. The school district shall certify the proposed levy as:
- (1) a specific dollar amount by school district fund, broken down between voter-approved and non-voter-approved levies and between referendum market value and tax capacity levies; or
- 69.32 (2) the maximum levy limitation certified by the commissioner of education according to section 126C.48, subdivision 1.

70.2

70.3

70.4

70.5

70.6

70.7

70.8

70.9

70.10

70.11

70.12

70.13

70.14

70.15

70.16

70.20

70.21

70.22

70.23

70.24

70.25

70.26

70.27

70.28

70.29

70.30

70.31

70.32

- (d) If the board of estimate and taxation or any similar board that establishes maximum tax levies for taxing jurisdictions within a first class city certifies the maximum property tax levies for funds under its jurisdiction by charter to the county auditor by the date specified in paragraph (a), the city shall be deemed to have certified its levies for those taxing jurisdictions.
- (e) For purposes of this section, "special taxing district" means a special taxing district as defined in section 275.066. Intermediate school districts that levy a tax under chapter 124 or 136D, joint powers boards established under sections 123A.44 to 123A.446, and Common School Districts No. 323, Franconia, and No. 815, Prinsburg, are also special taxing districts for purposes of this section.
- (f) At the meeting at which a taxing authority, other than a town, adopts its proposed tax levy under this subdivision, the taxing authority shall announce the time and place of its subsequent regularly scheduled meetings at which the budget and levy will be discussed and at which the public will be allowed to speak. The time and place of those meetings must be included in the proceedings or summary of proceedings published in the official newspaper of the taxing authority under section 123B.09, 375.12, or 412.191.
- 70.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with proposed levy certifications for taxes payable in 2018.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 275.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Certification of levy.** (a) Except as provided under paragraph (b), the taxes voted by cities, counties, school districts, and special districts shall be certified by the proper authorities to the county auditor on or before five working days after December 20 in each year. A town must certify the levy adopted by the town board to the county auditor by September 15 30 each year. If the town board modifies the levy at a special town meeting after September 15 30, the town board must recertify its levy to the county auditor on or before five working days after December 20. If a city, town, county, school district, or special district fails to certify its levy by that date, its levy shall be the amount levied by it for the preceding year.
 - (b)(i) The taxes voted by counties under sections 103B.241, 103B.245, and 103B.251 shall be separately certified by the county to the county auditor on or before five working days after December 20 in each year. The taxes certified shall not be reduced by the county auditor by the aid received under section 273.1398, subdivision 3. If a county fails to certify its levy by that date, its levy shall be the amount levied by it for the preceding year.

71.2

71.3

71.4

71.5

71.14

71.15

71.16

71.17

71.18

71.19

71.23

71.24

71.25

71.26

71.27

71.28

71.29

71.30

71.31

71.32

71.33

(ii) For purposes of the proposed property tax notice under section 275.065 and the property tax statement under section 276.04, for the first year in which the county implements the provisions of this paragraph, the county auditor shall reduce the county's levy for the preceding year to reflect any amount levied for water management purposes under clause (i) included in the county's levy.

REVISOR

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with proposed levy 71.6 certifications for taxes payable in 2018. 71.7

- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 279.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 71.8
- Subd. 2. Abatement of penalty. (a) The county board may, with the concurrence of the 71.9 county treasurer, delegate to the county treasurer the power to abate the penalty provided 71.10 71.11 for late payment of taxes in the current year. Notwithstanding section 270C.86, if any county board so elects, the county treasurer may abate the penalty on finding that the imposition 71.12 of the penalty would be unjust and unreasonable. 71.13
 - (b) The county treasurer shall abate the penalty provided for late payment of taxes in the current year if the property tax payment is delivered by mail to the county treasurer and the envelope containing the payment is postmarked by the United States Postal Service within one business day of the due date prescribed under this section, but only if the property owner requesting the abatement has not previously received an abatement of penalty for late payment of tax under this paragraph.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for property taxes payable in 2018 and 71.20 thereafter. 71.21
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290C.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 71.22
 - Subd. 6. Forest land. "Forest land" means land containing a minimum of 20 contiguous acres for which the owner has implemented a forest management plan that was prepared or updated within the past ten years by an approved plan writer. For purposes of this subdivision, acres are considered to be contiguous even if they are separated by a road, waterway, railroad track, or other similar intervening property. At least 50 percent of the contiguous acreage must meet the definition of forest land in section 88.01, subdivision 7. For the purposes of sections 290C.01 to 290C.11 290C.13, forest land does not include (i) land used for residential or agricultural purposes, (ii) land enrolled in the reinvest in Minnesota program, a state or federal conservation reserve or easement reserve program under sections 103F.501 to 103F.531, the Minnesota agricultural property tax law under section 273.111, or land subject to agricultural land preservation controls or restrictions as defined in section 40A.02

72.11

72.12

72.13

72.14

72.15

72 16

72.17

72.18

72.19

72.20

72.21

72.22

72.23

72.24

72.25

72.26

72.27

72.28

72.29

72.30

72.31

72.32

72.1	or under the Metropolitan Agricultural Preserves Act under chapter 473H, (iii) land exceeding
72.2	60,000 acres that is subject to a single conservation easement funded under section 97A.056
72.3	or a comparable permanent easement conveyed to a governmental or nonprofit entity; (iv)
72.4	any land that becomes subject to a conservation easement funded under section 97A.056
72.5	or a comparable permanent easement conveyed to a governmental or nonprofit entity after
72.6	May 30, 2013; or (v) land improved with a structure, pavement, other than a paved trail
72.7	under easement, lease, or terminable license to the state of Minnesota or a political
72.8	subdivision; sewer; campsite; or any road, other than a township road, used for purposes
72.9	not prescribed in the forest management plan.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290C.07, is amended to read:

290C.07 CALCULATION OF INCENTIVE PAYMENT.

An approved claimant under the sustainable forest incentive program is eligible to receive an annual payment for each acre of enrolled land, excluding any acre improved with a paved trail under easement, lease, or terminable license to the state of Minnesota or a political subdivision. The payment shall equal \$7 per acre for each acre enrolled in the sustainable forest incentive program.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290C.10, is amended to read:

290C.10 WITHDRAWAL PROCEDURES.

(a) An approved claimant under the sustainable forest incentive program for a minimum of four years may notify the commissioner of the intent to terminate enrollment. Within 90 days of receipt of notice to terminate enrollment, the commissioner shall inform the claimant in writing, acknowledging receipt of this notice and indicating the effective date of termination from the sustainable forest incentive program. Termination of enrollment in the sustainable forest incentive program occurs on January 1 of the fifth calendar year that begins after receipt by the commissioner of the termination notice. After the commissioner issues an effective date of termination, a claimant wishing to continue the land's enrollment in the sustainable forest incentive program beyond the termination date must apply for enrollment as prescribed in section 290C.04. A claimant who withdraws a parcel of land from this program may not reenroll the parcel for a period of three years. Within 90 days after the termination date, the commissioner shall execute and acknowledge a document

73.2

73.3

73.4

73.5

73.6

73.7

73.8

73.9

73.10

73.11

73.12

73.13

73.14

73.15

73.16

73.17

73.18

73.19

releasing the land from the covenant required under this chapter. The document must be mailed to the claimant and is entitled to be recorded.

- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the commissioner may allow early withdrawal from the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act without penalty when the state of Minnesota, any local government unit, or any other entity which has the power of eminent domain acquires title or possession to the land for a public purpose notwithstanding the provisions of this section. In the case of such an eligible acquisition under this paragraph, the commissioner shall execute and acknowledge a document releasing the land acquired by the state, local government unit, or other entity from the covenant. All other enrolled land must remain in the program.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), upon request of the claimant, the commissioner shall allow early withdrawal from the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act without penalty for land that is subject to fee or easement acquisition or lease to the state of Minnesota or a political subdivision of the state for the public purpose of a paved trail. The commissioner of natural resources must notify the commissioner of lands acquired under this paragraph that are eligible for withdrawal. In the case of an eligible fee or easement acquisition or lease under this paragraph, the commissioner shall execute and acknowledge a document releasing the land subject to fee or easement acquisition or lease by the state or political subdivision of the state.
- 73.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 473H.09, is amended to read:
- **473H.09 EARLY TERMINATION.**
- Subdivision 1. **Public emergency.** Termination of an agricultural preserve earlier than a date derived through application of section 473H.08 may be permitted only in the event of a public emergency upon petition from the owner or authority to the governor. The determination of a public emergency shall be by the governor through executive order pursuant to sections 4.035 and 12.01 to 12.46. The executive order shall identify the preserve, the reasons requiring the action and the date of termination.
- Subd. 2. **Death of owner.** (a) Within 365 days of the death of an owner, an owner's spouse, or other qualifying person, the surviving owner may elect to terminate the agricultural preserve and the covenant allowing the land to be enrolled as an agricultural preserve by notifying the authority on a form provided by the commissioner of agriculture. Termination

74.1	of a covenant under this subdivision must be executed and acknowledged in the manner
74.2	required by law to execute and acknowledge a deed.
74.3	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, the following definitions apply:
74.4	(1) "qualifying person" includes a partner, shareholder, trustee for a trust that the decedent
74.5	was the settlor or a beneficiary of, or member of an entity permitted to own agricultural
74.6	land and engage in farming under section 500.24 that owned the agricultural preserve; and
74.7	(2) "surviving owner" includes the executor of the estate of the decedent, trustee for a
74.8	trust that the decedent was the settlor or a beneficiary of, or an entity permitted to own farm
74.9	land under section 500.24 of which the decedent was a partner, shareholder, or member.
74.10	(c) When an agricultural preserve is terminated under this subdivision, the property is
74.11	subject to additional taxes in an amount equal to 50 percent of the taxes actually levied
74.12	against the property for the current taxes payable year. The additional taxes are extended
74.13	against the property on the tax list for taxes payable in the current year. The additional taxes
74.14	must be distributed among the jurisdictions levying taxes on the property in proportion to
74.15	the current year's taxes.
74.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2017.
74.17	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 473H.17, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
74.18	Subd. 1a. Allowed commercial and industrial operations. (a) Commercial and industrial
74.19	operations are not allowed on land within an agricultural preserve except:
74.20	(1) small on-farm commercial or industrial operations normally associated with and
74.21	important to farming in the agricultural preserve area;
74.22	(2) storage use of existing farm buildings that does not disrupt the integrity of the
74.23	agricultural preserve; and
74.24	(3) small commercial use of existing farm buildings for trades not disruptive to the
74.25	integrity of the agricultural preserve such as a carpentry shop, small scale mechanics shop,
74.26	and similar activities that a farm operator might conduct-; and
74.27	(4) wireless communication installments and related equipment and structure capable
74.28	of providing technology potentially beneficial to farming activities.
74.29	(b) For purposes of paragraph (a), clauses (2) and (3), "existing" in paragraph (a), clauses
74.30	(2) and (3), means existing on August 1, 1987.
74.31	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following enactment.

Sec. 22. Laws 1996, chapter 471, article 3, section 51, is amended to read:

Sec. 51. RECREATION LEVY FOR SAWYER BY CARLTON COUNTY.

- Subdivision 1. Levy authorized. Notwithstanding other law to the contrary, the Carlton county board of commissioners may levy in and for the unorganized township of Sawyer an amount up to \$1,500 \$2,000 annually for recreational purposes, beginning with taxes payable in 1997 and ending with taxes payable in 2006.
- 75.7 Subd. 2. Effective date. This section is effective June 1, 1996, without local approval.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section applies to taxes payable in 2018 and thereafter, and is effective the day after the Carlton County Board of Commissioners and its chief clerical officer timely complete their compliance with section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 23. SOCCER STADIUM PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION; SPECIAL

ASSESSMENT.

75.2

75.3

75.4

75.5

75.6

75.11

75.12

75.13

75.14

75.15

75.16

75.17

75.18

75.19

75.20

75.21

75.22

75.23

75.24

75.25

75.26

75.27

75.28

75.29

Any real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the city of St. Paul for the primary purpose of providing a stadium for a Major League Soccer team is declared to be acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, and occupied for public, governmental, and municipal purposes, and is exempt from ad valorem taxation by the state or any political subdivision of the state, provided that the properties are subject to special assessments levied by a political subdivision for a local improvement in amounts proportionate to and not exceeding the special benefit received by the properties from the improvement. In determining the special benefit received by the properties, no possible use of any of the properties in any manner different from their intended use for providing a Major League Soccer stadium at the time may be considered. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 272.01, subdivision 2, or 273.19, real or personal property subject to a lease or use agreement between the city and another person for uses related to the purposes of the operation of the stadium and related parking facilities is exempt from taxation regardless of the length of the lease or use agreement. This section, insofar as it provides an exemption or special treatment, does not apply to any real property that is leased for residential, business, or commercial development or other purposes different from those necessary to the provision and operation of the stadium.

75.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon approval by the St. Paul City
75.31 Council and compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021.

76.5

76.6

76.7

76.8

76.9

76.10

76.11

76.12

76.13

76.14

76.15

76.16

76.17

76.1 **ARTICLE 3**

76.2 SALES AND USE

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 128C.24, is amended to read:

128C.24 LEAGUE FUNDS TRANSFER.

- (a) Beginning July 1, 2007, the Minnesota State High School League shall annually determine the sales tax savings attributable to section 297A.70, subdivision 11 11a, and annually transfer that amount to a nonprofit charitable foundation created for the purpose of promoting high school extracurricular activities. The funds must be used by the foundation to make grants to fund, assist, recognize, or promote high school students' participation in extracurricular activities. The first priority for funding will be grants for scholarships to individuals to offset athletic fees. The foundation must equitably award grants based on considerations of gender balance, school size, and geographic location, to the extent feasible.
- (b) By February 1 of each year, the Minnesota State High School League must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over E-12 education on activities funded by the transfer under this section. The report must include the following information for the previous fiscal year beginning July 1:
- 76.18 (1) the number of high schools receiving grants;
- 76.19 (2) the amount of grants made to high schools;
- 76.20 (3) the number of students benefiting from financial assistance to offset athletic fees;
- 76.21 (4) the regional breakdown of grants by school; and
- 76.22 (5) any other information helpful in assessing the success of the program.
- 76.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2017, and before July 1, 2027.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.61, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Sale and purchase.** (a) "Sale" and "purchase" include, but are not limited to, each of the transactions listed in this subdivision. In applying the provisions of this chapter, the terms "tangible personal property" and "retail sale" include the taxable services listed in paragraph (g), clause (6), items (i) to (vi) and (viii), and the provision of these taxable services, unless specifically provided otherwise. Services performed by an employee for an employer are not taxable. Services performed by a partnership or association for another

partnership or association are not taxable if one of the entities owns or controls more than 80 percent of the voting power of the equity interest in the other entity. Services performed between members of an affiliated group of corporations are not taxable. For purposes of the preceding sentence, "affiliated group of corporations" means those entities that would be classified as members of an affiliated group as defined under United States Code, title 26, section 1504, disregarding the exclusions in section 1504(b).

REVISOR

(b) Sale and purchase include:

77.7

77.8

77.9

77.13

77.14

77.15

77.16

- (1) any transfer of title or possession, or both, of tangible personal property, whether absolutely or conditionally, for a consideration in money or by exchange or barter; and
- (2) the leasing of or the granting of a license to use or consume, for a consideration in money or by exchange or barter, tangible personal property, other than a manufactured home used for residential purposes for a continuous period of 30 days or more.
 - (c) Sale and purchase include the production, fabrication, printing, or processing of tangible personal property for a consideration for consumers who furnish either directly or indirectly the materials used in the production, fabrication, printing, or processing.
 - (d) Sale and purchase include the preparing for a consideration of food. Notwithstanding section 297A.67, subdivision 2, taxable food includes, but is not limited to, the following:
- (1) prepared food sold by the retailer;
- 77.19 **(2)** soft drinks;
- 77.20 (3) candy; and
- 77.21 (4) dietary supplements; and.
- 77.22 (5) all food sold through vending machines.
- (e) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of electricity, gas, water, or steam for use or consumption within this state.
- (f) A sale and a purchase includes the transfer for a consideration of prewritten computer software whether delivered electronically, by load and leave, or otherwise.
- 77.27 (g) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of the following services:
- 77.29 (1) the privilege of admission to places of amusement, recreational areas, or athletic events, and the making available of amusement devices, tanning facilities, reducing salons, steam baths, health clubs, and spas or athletic facilities;

78.2

78.3

78.4

78.5

78.6

78.7

78.8

78.9

78.10

78.20

78.21

78.22

78.23

(2) lodging and related services by a hotel, rooming house, resort, campground, motel,
or trailer camp, including furnishing the guest of the facility with access to telecommunication
services, and the granting of any similar license to use real property in a specific facility,
other than the renting or leasing of it for a continuous period of 30 days or more under an
enforceable written agreement that may not be terminated without prior notice and including
accommodations intermediary services provided in connection with other services provided
under this clause;

REVISOR

- (3) nonresidential parking services, whether on a contractual, hourly, or other periodic basis, except for parking at a meter;
 - (4) the granting of membership in a club, association, or other organization if:
- (i) the club, association, or other organization makes available for the use of its members 78.11 78.12 sports and athletic facilities, without regard to whether a separate charge is assessed for use of the facilities; and 78.13
- (ii) use of the sports and athletic facility is not made available to the general public on 78.14 the same basis as it is made available to members. 78.15
- Granting of membership means both onetime initiation fees and periodic membership dues. 78.16 Sports and athletic facilities include golf courses; tennis, racquetball, handball, and squash 78.17 courts; basketball and volleyball facilities; running tracks; exercise equipment; swimming 78.18 pools; and other similar athletic or sports facilities; 78.19
 - (5) delivery of aggregate materials by a third party, excluding delivery of aggregate material used in road construction; and delivery of concrete block by a third party if the delivery would be subject to the sales tax if provided by the seller of the concrete block. For purposes of this clause, "road construction" means construction of:
- 78.24 (i) public roads;
- (ii) cartways; and 78.25
- (iii) private roads in townships located outside of the seven-county metropolitan area 78.26 up to the point of the emergency response location sign; and 78.27
- (6) services as provided in this clause: 78.28
- 78.29 (i) laundry and dry cleaning services including cleaning, pressing, repairing, altering, and storing clothes, linen services and supply, cleaning and blocking hats, and carpet, 78.30 drapery, upholstery, and industrial cleaning. Laundry and dry cleaning services do not 78.31 include services provided by coin operated facilities operated by the customer; 78.32

79.2

79.3

79.4

79.5

79.6

79.7

79.8

79.9

79.10

79.11

79.13

79.14

79.15

79.16

79.17

79.18

79.22

79.23

79.24

79.25

- (ii) motor vehicle washing, waxing, and cleaning services, including services provided by coin operated facilities operated by the customer, and rustproofing, undercoating, and towing of motor vehicles;
- (iii) building and residential cleaning, maintenance, and disinfecting services and pest control and exterminating services;
- (iv) detective, security, burglar, fire alarm, and armored car services; but not including services performed within the jurisdiction they serve by off-duty licensed peace officers as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, or services provided by a nonprofit organization or any organization at the direction of a county for monitoring and electronic surveillance of persons placed on in-home detention pursuant to court order or under the direction of the Minnesota Department of Corrections;
- 79.12 (v) pet grooming services;
 - (vi) lawn care, fertilizing, mowing, spraying and sprigging services; garden planting and maintenance; tree, bush, and shrub pruning, bracing, spraying, and surgery; indoor plant care; tree, bush, shrub, and stump removal, except when performed as part of a land clearing contract as defined in section 297A.68, subdivision 40; and tree trimming for public utility lines. Services performed under a construction contract for the installation of shrubbery, plants, sod, trees, bushes, and similar items are not taxable;
- 79.19 (vii) massages, except when provided by a licensed health care facility or professional 79.20 or upon written referral from a licensed health care facility or professional for treatment of 79.21 illness, injury, or disease; and
 - (viii) the furnishing of lodging, board, and care services for animals in kennels and other similar arrangements, but excluding veterinary and horse boarding services.
 - (h) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of tangible personal property or taxable services by the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities, or the state of Minnesota, its agencies, instrumentalities, or political subdivisions.
- (i) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of telecommunications services, ancillarly services associated with telecommunication services, and pay television services. Telecommunication services include, but are not limited to, the following services, as defined in section 297A.669: air-to-ground radiotelephone service, mobile telecommunication service, postpaid calling service, prepaid calling service, prepaid wireless calling service, and private communication services. The services in this paragraph are taxed to the extent allowed under federal law.

80.2

80.3

80.4

80.5

80.6

80.7

80.8

80.9

80.10

80.11

80.12

80.13

80.14

(j) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of installation if the installation charges would be subject to the sales tax if the installation were provided by the seller of the item being installed.

REVISOR

- (k) A sale and a purchase includes the rental of a vehicle by a motor vehicle dealer to a customer when (1) the vehicle is rented by the customer for a consideration, or (2) the motor vehicle dealer is reimbursed pursuant to a service contract as defined in section 59B.02, subdivision 11.
- (l) A sale and a purchase includes furnishing for a consideration of specified digital products or other digital products or granting the right for a consideration to use specified digital products or other digital products on a temporary or permanent basis and regardless of whether the purchaser is required to make continued payments for such right. Wherever the term "tangible personal property" is used in this chapter, other than in subdivisions 10 and 38, the provisions also apply to specified digital products, or other digital products, unless specifically provided otherwise or the context indicates otherwise.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 80.15 30, 2017. 80.16
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.61, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 80.17
- Subd. 4. Retail sale. (a) A "retail sale" means: 80.18
- (1) any sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property for any purpose, other than 80.19 resale, sublease, or subrent of items by the purchaser in the normal course of business as 80.20 defined in subdivision 21; and 80.21
- (2) any sale of a service enumerated in subdivision 3, for any purpose other than resale 80.22 by the purchaser in the normal course of business as defined in subdivision 21. 80.23
- (b) A sale of property used by the owner only by leasing it to others or by holding it in 80.24 an effort to lease it, and put to no use by the owner other than resale after the lease or effort 80.25 to lease, is a sale of property for resale. 80.26
- (c) A sale of master computer software that is purchased and used to make copies for 80.27 sale or lease is a sale of property for resale. 80.28
- (d) A sale of building materials, supplies, and equipment to owners, contractors, 80.29 subcontractors, or builders for the erection of buildings or the alteration, repair, or 80.30 improvement of real property is a retail sale in whatever quantity sold, whether the sale is 80.31 for purposes of resale in the form of real property or otherwise. 80.32

81.2

81.3

81.4

81.5

81.6

81.7

81.8

81.9

81.10

81.11

81.12

81.13

81.14

81.15

81.16

81.17

81.18

81.19

81.20

81.21

81.22

81.23

81.24

81.25

81.26

81.27

81.28

81.29

81.30

81.31

- (e) A sale of carpeting, linoleum, or similar floor covering to a person who provides for installation of the floor covering is a retail sale and not a sale for resale since a sale of floor covering which includes installation is a contract for the improvement of real property.
- (f) A sale of shrubbery, plants, sod, trees, and similar items to a person who provides for installation of the items is a retail sale and not a sale for resale since a sale of shrubbery, plants, sod, trees, and similar items that includes installation is a contract for the improvement of real property.
- (g) A sale of tangible personal property that is awarded as prizes is a retail sale and is not considered a sale of property for resale.
- (h) A sale of tangible personal property utilized or employed in the furnishing or providing of services under subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause (1), including, but not limited to, property given as promotional items, is a retail sale and is not considered a sale of property for resale.
- (i) A sale of tangible personal property used in conducting lawful gambling under chapter 349 or the State Lottery under chapter 349A, including, but not limited to, property given as promotional items, is a retail sale and is not considered a sale of property for resale.
- (j) a sale of machines, equipment, or devices that are used to furnish, provide, or dispense goods or services, including, but not limited to, coin-operated devices, is a retail sale and is not considered a sale of property for resale.
- (k) In the case of a lease, a retail sale occurs (1) when an obligation to make a lease payment becomes due under the terms of the agreement or the trade practices of the lessor or (2) in the case of a lease of a motor vehicle, as defined in section 297B.01, subdivision 11, but excluding vehicles with a manufacturer's gross vehicle weight rating greater than 10,000 pounds and rentals of vehicles for not more than 28 days, at the time the lease is executed.
- (l) In the case of a conditional sales contract, a retail sale occurs upon the transfer of title or possession of the tangible personal property.
- (m) A sale of a bundled transaction in which one or more of the products included in the bundle is a taxable product is a retail sale, except that if one of the products is a telecommunication service, ancillary service, Internet access, or audio or video programming service, and the seller has maintained books and records identifying through reasonable and verifiable standards the portions of the price that are attributable to the distinct and separately

82.4

82.5

82.6

82.7

82.8

82.9

82.10

82.11

82.12

82.13

82.14

82.15

82.16

82.17

82.18

82.19

82.20

82.21

82.22

82.23

82.24

82.25

82.26

82.27

82.28

82.29

82.30

82.31

82.32

82.33

82.34

identifiable products, then the products are not considered part of a bundled transaction.

For purposes of this paragraph:

- (1) the books and records maintained by the seller must be maintained in the regular course of business, and do not include books and records created and maintained by the seller primarily for tax purposes;
- (2) books and records maintained in the regular course of business include, but are not limited to, financial statements, general ledgers, invoicing and billing systems and reports, and reports for regulatory tariffs and other regulatory matters; and
- (3) books and records are maintained primarily for tax purposes when the books and records identify taxable and nontaxable portions of the price, but the seller maintains other books and records that identify different prices attributable to the distinct products included in the same bundled transaction.
- (n) A sale of motor vehicle repair paint and materials by a motor vehicle repair or body shop business is a retail sale and the sales tax is imposed on the gross receipts from the retail sale of the paint and materials. The motor vehicle repair or body shop that purchases motor vehicle repair paint and motor vehicle repair materials for resale must either:
- (1) separately state each item of paint and each item of materials, and the sales price of each, on the invoice to the purchaser; or
- (2) in order to calculate the sales price of the paint and materials, use a method which estimates the amount and monetary value of the paint and materials used in the repair of the motor vehicle by multiplying the number of labor hours by a rate of consideration for the paint and materials used in the repair of the motor vehicle following industry standard practices that fairly calculate the gross receipts from the retail sale of the motor vehicle repair paint and motor vehicle repair materials. An industry standard practice fairly calculates the gross receipts if the sales price of the paint and materials used or consumed in the repair of a motor vehicle equals or exceeds the purchase price paid by the motor vehicle repair or body shop business. Under this clause, the invoice must either separately state the "paint and materials" as a single taxable item, or separately state "paint" as a taxable item and "materials" as a taxable item. This clause does not apply to wholesale transactions at an auto auction facility.
- (o) A sale of specified digital products or other digital products to an end user with or without rights of permanent use and regardless of whether rights of use are conditioned upon payment by the purchaser is a retail sale. When a digital code has been purchased that relates to specified digital products or other digital products, the subsequent receipt of or

83.1	access to the related specified digital products or other digital products is not a retail sale.
83.2	For purposes of this paragraph, "end user" does not include a person, including the owner
83.3	or operator of a jukebox or similar device that charges customers for access to specified
83.4	digital products or other digital products, who receives by contract a product transferred
83.5	electronically for further commercial broadcast, rebroadcast, transmission, retransmission,
83.6	licensing, relicensing, distribution, redistribution or exhibition of the product, in whole or
83.7	in part, to another person or persons.
83.8	(p) A payment made to a cooperative electric association or public utility as a contribution
83.9	in aid of construction is a contract for improvement to real property and is not a retail sale.
83.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
83.11	30, 2017.
83.12	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.61, subdivision 34, is amended to read:
83.13	Subd. 34. <u>Taxable</u> food sold through vending machines. " <u>Taxable</u> food sold through
83.14	vending machines" means food prepared food, soft drinks, or candy dispensed from a
83.15	machine or other device that accepts payment including honor payments.
83.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
83.17	30, 2017.
83.18	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.66, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
83.19	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) To the extent allowed by the United States Constitution
83.20	and the laws of the United States, "retailer maintaining a place of business in this state," or
83.21	a similar term, means a retailer:
83.22	(1) having or maintaining within this state, directly or by a subsidiary or an affiliate, an
83.23	office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or place, storage, warehouse, or other
83.24	place of business, including the employment of a resident of this state who works from a
83.25	home office in this state; or
83.26	(2) having a representative, including, but not limited to, an affiliate, agent, salesperson,
83.27	canvasser, or marketplace provider, solicitor, or other third party operating in this state
83.28	under the authority of the retailer or its subsidiary, for any purpose, including the repairing,
83.29	selling, delivering, installing, <u>facilitating sales</u> , processing sales, or soliciting of orders for
83.29 83.30	
	selling, delivering, installing, <u>facilitating sales</u> , processing sales, or soliciting of orders for

84.1	subsidiary, or affiliate is authorized to do business in this state. A retailer is represented by
84.2	a marketplace provider in this state if the retailer makes sales in this state facilitated by a
84.3	marketplace provider that maintains a place of business in this state.
84.4	(b) "Destination of a sale" means the location to which the retailer makes delivery of
84.5	the property sold, or causes the property to be delivered, to the purchaser of the property,
84.6	or to the agent or designee of the purchaser. The delivery may be made by any means,
84.7	including the United States Postal Service or a for-hire carrier.
84.8	(c) "Marketplace provider" means any person who facilitates a retail sale by a retailer
84.9	<u>by:</u>
84.10	(1) listing or advertising for sale by the retailer in any forum tangible personal property,
84.11	services, or digital goods that are subject to tax under this chapter; and
84.12	(2) either directly or indirectly through agreements or arrangements with third parties
84.13	collecting payment from the customer and transmitting that payment to the retailer regardless
84.14	of whether the marketplace provider receives compensation or other consideration in
84.15	exchange for its services.
84.16	(d) "Total taxable retail sales" means the gross receipts from the sale of all tangible
84.17	goods, services, and digital goods subject to sales and use tax under this chapter.
84.18	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.66, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
84.19	Subd. 2. Retailer maintaining place of business in this state. (a) Except as provided
84.20	in paragraph (b), a retailer maintaining a place of business in this state who makes retail
84.21	sales in Minnesota or to a destination in Minnesota shall collect sales and use taxes and
84.22	remit them to the commissioner under section 297A.77.
84.23	(b) A retailer with total taxable retail sales to customers in this state of less than \$10,000
84.24	in the 12-month period ending on the last day of the most recently completed calendar
84.25	quarter is not required to collect and remit sales tax if it is determined to be a retailer
84.26	maintaining a place of business in the state solely because it made sales through one or more
84.27	marketplace providers. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to a retailer that is or
84.28	was registered to collect sales and use tax in this state.
84.29	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.66, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
84.30	Subd. 4. Affiliated entities. (a) An entity is an "affiliate" of the retailer for purposes of
84.31	subdivision 1, paragraph (a), if the entity:

85.1	(1) the entity uses its facilities or employees in this state to advertise, promote, or facilitate
85.2	the establishment or maintenance of a market for sales of items by the retailer to purchasers
85.3	in this state or for the provision of services to the retailer's purchasers in this state, such as
85.4	accepting returns of purchases for the retailer, providing assistance in resolving customer
85.5	complaints of the retailer, or providing other services; and
85.6	(2) the retailer and the entity are related parties has the same or a similar business name
85.7	to the retailer and sells, from a location or locations in this state, tangible personal property,
85.8	digital goods, or services, taxable under this chapter, that are similar to that sold by the
85.9	retailer;
85.10	(3) maintains an office, distribution facility, salesroom, warehouse, storage place, or
85.11	other similar place of business in this state to facilitate the delivery of tangible personal
85.12	property, digital goods, or services sold by the retailer to its customers in this state;
85.13	(4) maintains a place of business in this state and uses trademarks, service marks, or
85.14	trade names in this state that are the same or substantially similar to those used by the retailer,
85.15	and that use is done with the express or implied consent of the holder of the marks or names;
85.16	(5) delivers, installs, or assembles tangible personal property in this state, or performs
85.17	maintenance or repair services on tangible personal property in this state, for tangible
85.18	personal property sold by the retailer;
85.19	(6) facilitates the delivery of tangible personal property to customers of the retailer by
85.20	allowing the customers to pick up tangible personal property sold by the retailer at a place
85.21	of business the entity maintains in this state; or
85.22	(7) shares management, business systems, business practices, or employees with the
85.23	retailer, or engages in intercompany transactions with the retailer related to the activities
85.24	that establish or maintain the market in this state of the retailer.
85.25	(b) Two entities are related parties under this section if one of the entities meets at least
85.26	one of the following tests with respect to the other entity:
85.27	(1) one or both entities is a corporation, and one entity and any party related to that entity
85.28	in a manner that would require an attribution of stock from the corporation to the party or
85.29	from the party to the corporation under the attribution rules of section 318 of the Internal
85.30	Revenue Code owns directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively at least 50 percent
85.31	of the value of the corporation's outstanding stock;

85.32

85.33

and the partnership, estate, or trust and its partners or beneficiaries own directly, indirectly,

(2) one or both entities is a partnership, estate, or trust and any partner or beneficiary,

86.1	beneficially, or constructively, in the aggregate, at least 50 percent of the profits, capital,
86.2	stock, or value of the other entity or both entities; or
86.3	(3) an individual stockholder and the members of the stockholder's family (as defined
86.4	in section 318 of the Internal Revenue Code) owns directly, indirectly, beneficially, or
86.5	constructively, in the aggregate, at least 50 percent of the value of both entities' outstanding
86.6	stock;
86.7	(4) the entities are related within the meaning of subsections (b) and (c) of section 267
86.8	or 707(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; or
86.9	(5) the entities have one or more ownership relationships and the relationships were
86.10	designed with a principal purpose of avoiding the application of this section.
86.11	(c) An entity is an affiliate under the provisions of this subdivision if the requirements
86.12	of paragraphs (a) and (b) are met during any part of the 12-month period ending on the first
86.13	day of the month before the month in which the sale was made.
86.14	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.66, is amended by adding a subdivision to
86.15	read:
86.16	Subd. 4b. Collection and remittance requirements for marketplace providers and
86.17	marketplace retailers. (a) A marketplace provider shall collect sales and use taxes and
86.18	remit them to the commissioner under section 297A.77 for all facilitated sales for a retailer,
86.19	and is subject to audit on the retail sales it facilitates unless either:
86.20	(1) the retailer provides a copy of the retailer's registration to collect sales and use tax
86.21	in this state to the marketplace provider before the marketplace provider facilitates a sale;
86.22	<u>or</u>
86.23	(2) upon inquiry by the marketplace provider or its agent, the commissioner discloses
86.24	that the retailer is registered to collect sales and use taxes in this state.
86.25	(b) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to interfere with the ability of a
86.26	marketplace provider and a retailer to enter into an agreement regarding fulfillment of the
86.27	requirements of this chapter.
86.28	(c) A marketplace provider is not liable under this subdivision for failure to file and
86.29	collect and remit sales and use taxes if the marketplace provider demonstrates that the error
86.30	was due to incorrect or insufficient information given to the marketplace provider by the
86.31	retailer. This paragraph does not apply if the marketplace provider and the marketplace
86.32	retailer are related as defined in subdivision 4, paragraph (b).

87.2

87.3

87.4

87.5

87.6

87.7

87.8

87.9

87.10

87.11

87.12

87.13

87.14

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.67, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Food and food ingredients.** Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, food and food ingredients are exempt. For purposes of this subdivision, "food" and "food ingredients" mean substances, whether in liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed for their taste or nutritional value. Food and food ingredients exempt under this subdivision do not include candy, soft drinks, food sold through vending machines, dietary supplements, and prepared foods. Food and food ingredients do not include alcoholic beverages and tobacco. For purposes of this subdivision, "alcoholic beverages" means beverages that are suitable for human consumption and contain one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume. For purposes of this subdivision, "tobacco" means cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipe tobacco, or any other item that contains tobacco. For purposes of this subdivision, "dietary supplements" means any product, other than tobacco, intended to supplement the diet that:

- (1) contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients:
- 87.16 (i) a vitamin;
- 87.17 (ii) a mineral;
- 87.18 (iii) an herb or other botanical;
- 87.19 (iv) an amino acid;
- (v) a dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total dietary intake; and
- (vi) a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient described in items (i) to (v);
- (2) is intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder, softgel, gelcap, or liquid form, or if not intended for ingestion in such form, is not represented as conventional food and is not represented for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and
- (3) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement, identifiable by the supplement facts box found on the label and as required pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, section 101.36.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.67, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Exempt meals at residential facilities.** Prepared food, candy, and soft drinks served to patients, inmates, or persons residing at hospitals, sanitariums, nursing homes,

88.1	senior citizen homes, and correctional, detention, and detoxification facilities are exempt.
88.2	<u>Taxable</u> food sold through vending machines is not exempt.
88.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
88.4	30, 2017.
88.5	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.67, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
88.6	Subd. 5. Exempt meals at schools. Prepared food, candy, and soft drinks served at
88.7	public and private elementary, middle, or secondary schools as defined in section 120A.05
88.8	are exempt. Prepared food, candy, and soft drinks served to students at a college, university,
88.9	or private career school under a board contract are exempt. <u>Taxable</u> food sold through
88.10	vending machines is not exempt.
88.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
88.12	30, 2017.
88.13	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.67, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
88.14	Subd. 6. Other exempt meals. (a) Prepared food, candy, and soft drinks purchased for
88.15	and served exclusively to individuals who are 60 years of age or over and their spouses or
88.16	to disabled persons and their spouses by governmental agencies, nonprofit organizations,
88.17	or churches, or pursuant to any program funded in whole or in part through United States
88.18	Code, title 42, sections 3001 through 3045, wherever delivered, prepared, or served, are
88.19	exempt. <u>Taxable</u> food sold through vending machines is not exempt.
88.20	(b) Prepared food, candy, and soft drinks purchased for and served exclusively to children
88.21	who are less than 14 years of age or disabled children who are less than 16 years of age and
88.22	who are attending a child care or early childhood education program, are exempt if they
88.23	are:
88.24	(1) purchased by a nonprofit child care facility that is exempt under section 297A.70,
88.25	subdivision 4, and that primarily serves families with income of 250 percent or less of
88.26	federal poverty guidelines; and

30, 2017.

88.27

88.28

88.29

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June

(2) prepared at the site of the child care facility.

REVISOR

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.67, is amended by adding a subdivision

89.2	to read:
89.3	Subd. 34. Precious metal bullion and bullion coin. (a) Precious metal bullion and
89.4	bullion coin is exempt. For purposes of this subdivision, "precious metal bullion" means
89.5	bars or rounds that consist of 99.9 percent or more by weight of either gold, silver platinum,
89.6	or palladium and are marked with weight, purity, and content. For purposes of this
89.7	subdivision, "bullion coin" means only the following coins:
89.8	(1) gold, silver, or platinum American eagle;
89.9	(2) gold American buffalo;
89.10	(3) silver Australian koala;
89.11	(4) silver Australian kookaburra;
89.12	(5) gold or silver Austrian philharmonic;
89.13	(6) gold or silver British britannia;
89.14	(7) gold British sovereign;
89.15	(8) gold, silver, platinum, or palladium Canadian maple leaf;
89.16	(9) palladium Isle of Man noble;
89.17	(10) gold or silver Chinese panda;
89.18	(11) gold or silver Mexican libertad or peso;
89.19	(12) gold South African krugerrand;
89.20	(13) gold French, Swiss, or Belgian 20 francs; and
89.21	(14) junk United States silver coins issued before 1965 that are at least 90 percent silver.
89.22	(b) The intent of this subdivision is to eliminate the difference in tax treatment between
89.23	the sale of precious metal bullion and the sale of stock, bullion ETFs, bonds, and other
89.24	investment instruments.
89.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
89.26	30, 2017.

90.1	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.70, is amended by adding a subdivision
90.2	to read:
90.3	Subd. 11a. Minnesota State High School League tickets and admissions. Tickets and
90.4	admissions to games, events, and activities sponsored by the Minnesota State High School
90.5	League under chapter 128C are exempt.
90.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
90.7	30, 2017, and before July 1, 2027.
90.8	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.70, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
90.9	Subd. 14. Fund-raising events sponsored by nonprofit groups. (a) Sales of tangible
90.10	personal property or services at, and admission charges for fund-raising events sponsored
90.11	by, a nonprofit organization are exempt if:
90.12	(1) all gross receipts are recorded as such, in accordance with generally accepted
90.13	accounting practices, on the books of the nonprofit organization; and
90.14	(2) the entire proceeds, less the necessary expenses for the event, will be used solely
90.15	and exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes. Exempt sales include the
90.16	sale of prepared food, candy, and soft drinks at the fund-raising event.
90.17	(b) This exemption is limited in the following manner:
90.18	(1) it does not apply to admission charges for events involving bingo or other gambling
90.19	activities or to charges for use of amusement devices involving bingo or other gambling
90.20	activities;
90.21	(2) all gross receipts are taxable if the profits are not used solely and exclusively for
90.22	charitable, religious, or educational purposes;
90.23	(3) it does not apply unless the organization keeps a separate accounting record, including
90.24	receipts and disbursements from each fund-raising event that documents all deductions from
90.25	gross receipts with receipts and other records;
90.26	(4) it does not apply to any sale made by or in the name of a nonprofit corporation as
90.27	the active or passive agent of a person that is not a nonprofit corporation;
90.28	(5) all gross receipts are taxable if fund-raising events exceed 24 days per year; and
90.29	(6) it does not apply to fund-raising events conducted on premises leased for more than
90.30	five days but less than 30 days; and

91.2

91.3

91.4

91.5

91.6

91.7

91.8

91.9

91.10

91.11

91.12

91.13

91.14

91.15

91.16

91.17

91.21

91.22

91.23

91.25

91.26

91.27

91.28

91.29

91.30

91.31

(7) it does not apply if the risk of the event is not borne by the nonprofit organization
and the benefit to the nonprofit organization is less than the total amount of the state and
local tax revenues forgone by this exemption.

- (c) For purposes of this subdivision, a "nonprofit organization" means any unit of government, corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated for charitable, religious, educational, civic, fraternal, and senior citizens' or veterans' purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of a private individual.
- (d) For purposes of this subdivision, "fund-raising events" means activities of limited duration, not regularly carried out in the normal course of business, that attract patrons for community, social, and entertainment purposes, such as auctions, bake sales, ice cream socials, block parties, carnivals, competitions, concerts, concession stands, craft sales, bazaars, dinners, dances, door-to-door sales of merchandise, fairs, fashion shows, festivals, galas, special event workshops, sporting activities such as marathons and tournaments, and similar events. Fund-raising events do not include the operation of a regular place of business in which services are provided or sales are made during regular hours such as bookstores, thrift stores, gift shops, restaurants, ongoing Internet sales, regularly scheduled classes, or other activities carried out in the normal course of business.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 91.18 30, 2017. 91.19
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.71, subdivision 44, is amended to read: 91.20
- Subd. 44. Building materials, capital projects. (a) Materials and supplies used or consumed in and equipment incorporated into the construction or improvement of a capital project funded partially or wholly under section 297A.9905 are exempt, provided that the project has a total construction cost of at least \$40,000,000 within a 24-month period. 91.24
 - (b) Materials and supplies used or consumed in and equipment incorporated into the construction, remodeling, expansion, or improvement of an ice arena or other buildings or facilities owned and operated by the city of Plymouth are exempt. For purposes of this subdivision, "facilities" include municipal streets and facilities associated with streets including but not limited to lighting, curbs and gutters, and sidewalks. The total amount of refund on all building materials, supplies, and equipment that the city may apply for under this paragraph is \$2,500,000.

Article 3 Sec. 16.

92.1	(c) The tax on purchases exempt under this provision must be imposed and collected as
92.2	if the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied and then refunded in the manner
92.3	provided in section 297A.75.
92.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
92.5	made after January 1, 2015.
92.6	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.71, is amended by adding a subdivision
92.7	to read:
92.8	Subd. 49. Properties destroyed by fire. Building materials and supplies used in, and
92.9	equipment incorporated into, the construction or replacement of real property that is located
92.10	in Madelia affected by the fire on February 3, 2016, are exempt. The tax must be imposed
92.11	and collected as if the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied and then refunded
92.12	in the manner provided in section 297A.75.
92.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
92.14	made after December 31, 2015, and before July 1, 2018.
92.15	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.71, is amended by adding a subdivision
92.16	to read:
92.17	Subd. 50. Properties destroyed by fire. (a) Building materials and supplies used in,
92.18	and equipment incorporated into, the construction or replacement of real property that is
92.19	located in Melrose affected by the fire on September 8, 2016, are exempt.
92.20	(b) For sales and purchases made after September 30, 2016, and before July 1, 2017,
92.21	the tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1,
92.22	applied and then refunded in the manner provided in section 297A.75.
92.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (a) is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
92.24	made after September 30, 2016, and before January 1, 2019. Paragraph (b) is effective for
92.25	sales and purchases made after September 30, 2016, and before July 1, 2017.
72.23	sales and parenases made after september 50, 2010, and before sary 1, 2017.
92.26	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.71, is amended by adding a subdivision
92.27	to read:
92.28	Subd. 51. Building materials; Major League Soccer stadium. Materials and supplies
92.29	used or consumed in, and equipment incorporated into, the construction of a Major League

Soccer stadium and related infrastructure constructed in the city of St. Paul are exempt.

	HF4 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT REVISOR EAP UEH0004-1
93.1	This subdivision expires one year after the date that the first Major League Soccer game is
93.2	played in the stadium.
93.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after the
93.4	day following final enactment.
93.5	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
93.6	Subdivision 1. Tax collected. The tax on the gross receipts from the sale of the following
93.7	exempt items must be imposed and collected as if the sale were taxable and the rate under
93.8	section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied. The exempt items include:
93.9	(1) building materials for an agricultural processing facility exempt under section
93.10	297A.71, subdivision 13;
93.11	(2) building materials for mineral production facilities exempt under section 297A.71,
93.12	subdivision 14;
93.13	(3) building materials for correctional facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 3;
93.14	(4) building materials used in a residence for disabled veterans exempt under section
93.15	297A.71, subdivision 11;
93.16	(5) elevators and building materials exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 12;
93.17	(6) materials and supplies for qualified low-income housing under section 297A.71,
93.18	subdivision 23;

- 93.19 (7) materials, supplies, and equipment for municipal electric utility facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 35;
- 93.21 (8) equipment and materials used for the generation, transmission, and distribution of electrical energy and an aerial camera package exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 93.23 37;
- 93.24 (9) commuter rail vehicle and repair parts under section 297A.70, subdivision 3, paragraph 93.25 (a), clause (10);
- 93.26 (10) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction or improvement of projects and facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 40;
- 93.28 (11) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction, improvement, or expansion of:
- 93.30 (i) an aerospace defense manufacturing facility exempt under section 297A.71, 93.31 subdivision 42;

94.1	(ii) a biopharmaceutical manufacturing facility exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision
94.2	45;
94.3	(iii) a research and development facility exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 46;
94.4	and
94.5	(iv) an industrial measurement manufacturing and controls facility exempt under section
94.6	297A.71, subdivision 47;
04.7	(12) enterprise information technology equipment and computer software for use in a
94.794.8	(12) enterprise information technology equipment and computer software for use in a qualified data center exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 42;
74.0	
94.9	(13) materials, supplies, and equipment for qualifying capital projects under section
94.10	297A.71, subdivision 44;
94.11	(14) items purchased for use in providing critical access dental services exempt under
94.12	section 297A.70, subdivision 7, paragraph (c); and
94.13	(15) items and services purchased under a business subsidy agreement for use or
94.14	consumption primarily in greater Minnesota exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision
94.15	44;
94.16	(16) building materials, equipment, and supplies for constructing or replacing real
94.17	property exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 49; and
94.18	(17) building materials, equipment, and supplies for constructing or replacing real
94.19	property exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 50.
94.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. (a) Clause (16) is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
94.20	made after December 31, 2015.
94.22	(b) Clause (17) is effective retroactively for sales and purchases made after September
94.23	<u>30, 2016.</u>
94.24	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.75, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
94.25	Subd. 2. Refund; eligible persons. Upon application on forms prescribed by the
94.26	commissioner, a refund equal to the tax paid on the gross receipts of the exempt items must
94.27	be paid to the applicant. Only the following persons may apply for the refund:
94.28	(1) for subdivision 1, clauses (1), (2), and (14), the applicant must be the purchaser;
94.29	(2) for subdivision 1, clause (3), the applicant must be the governmental subdivision;
94.30	(3) for subdivision 1, clause (4), the applicant must be the recipient of the benefits
94.31	provided in United States Code, title 38, chapter 21;

95.1	(4) for subdivision 1, clause (5), the applicant must be the owner of the homestead
95.2	property;
95.3	(5) for subdivision 1, clause (6), the owner of the qualified low-income housing project;
95.4	(6) for subdivision 1, clause (7), the applicant must be a municipal electric utility or a
95.5	joint venture of municipal electric utilities;
95.6	(7) for subdivision 1, clauses (8), (11), (12), and (15), the owner of the qualifying
95.7	business; and
95.8	(8) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (10), and (13), the applicant must be the governmental
95.9	entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility;
95.10	(9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the owner or developer of the
95.11	building or project; and
95.12	(10) for subdivision 1, clause (17), the applicant must be the owner or developer of the
95.13	building or project
95.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. (a) Clause (9) is effective retroactively for sales and purchases
95.15	made after December 31, 2015.
95.16	(b) Clause (10) is effective retroactively for sales and purchases made after September
95.17	30, 2016.
95.18	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.75, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
95.19	Subd. 3. Application. (a) The application must include sufficient information to permit
95.20	the commissioner to verify the tax paid. If the tax was paid by a contractor, subcontractor,
95.21	or builder, under subdivision 1, clauses (3) to (13), or (15), (16), and (17), the contractor,
95.22	subcontractor, or builder must furnish to the refund applicant a statement including the cost
95.23	of the exempt items and the taxes paid on the items unless otherwise specifically provided
95.24	by this subdivision. The provisions of sections 289A.40 and 289A.50 apply to refunds under
95.25	this section.

(b) An applicant may not file more than two applications per calendar year for refunds for taxes paid on capital equipment exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 5.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Se	c. 23. EXEMPTION FROM JOB EXPANSION PROGRAM PROVISIONS.
(a) Notwithstanding the seven-year certification period under Minnesota Statutes, section
16.	.8738, subdivision 3, the certification period for an eligible wholesale electronic
om	ponent distribution center investing a minimum of \$200,000,000 and constructing a
acil	ity at least 700,000 square feet in size is effective for the ten-year period beginning or
ne f	irst day of the calendar month immediately following the date that the commissioner
nfo	rms the business of the award of the benefit.
(b) Notwithstanding the sales tax exemption limitations under Minnesota Statutes, section
16.	1.8738, subdivision 4, the sales tax exemption for an eligible electronic wholesale
om	ponent distribution center investing a minimum of \$200,000,000 and constructing a
acil	ity at least 700,000 square feet in size may be authorized up to \$5,000,000 annually
ınd	up to \$40,000,000 during the total period of the agreement.
Se	c. 24. <u>SEVERABILITY.</u>
I	f any provision of sections 5 to 8 or the application thereof is held invalid, such invalidity
shal	not affect the provisions or applications of the sections that can be given effect withou
he i	nvalid provisions or applications.
<u>I</u>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
Se	c. 25. EFFECTIVE DATE.
<u>(</u>	a) The provisions of sections 5 to 8 are effective at the earlier of:
(1) a decision by the United States Supreme Court modifying its decision in Quill Corp
v. N	orth Dakota, 504 U.S. 298 (1992) so that a state may require retailers without a physica
pres	ence in the state to collect and remit sales tax; or
<u>(</u>	2) July 1, 2018.
<u>(</u>	b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) or the provisions of sections 5 to 8, if a federal law
s er	acted authorizing a state to impose a requirement to collect and remit sales tax on
retai	lers without a physical presence in the state, the commissioner must enforce the
<u>pro</u> v	risions of this section and sections 5 to 8 to the extent allowed under federal law.

provisions in paragraph (a) or (b) apply.

96.28

96.29

(c) The commissioner of revenue shall notify the revisor of statutes when either of the

REVISOR

97.1	ARTICLE 4
97.2	PROPERTY TAX: AIDS AND CREDITS
97.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 123B.53, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
97.4	Subd. 4. Debt service equalization revenue. (a) The debt service equalization revenue
97.5	of a district equals the sum of the first tier debt service equalization revenue and the second
97.6	tier debt service equalization revenue.
97.7	(b) The first tier debt service equalization revenue of a district equals the greater of zero
97.8	or the eligible debt service revenue minus the amount raised by a levy of 15.74 percent the
97.9	first tier initial effort rate times the adjusted net tax capacity of the district minus the second
97.10	tier debt service equalization revenue of the district.
97.11	(c) The second tier debt service equalization revenue of a district equals the greater of
97.12	zero or the eligible debt service revenue, minus the amount raised by a levy of 26.24 percent
97.13	times the adjusted net tax capacity of the district.
97.14	(d) The first tier initial effort rate for taxes payable in 2018 is ten percent. The initial
97.15	effort rate for taxes payable in 2019 and later is 15.74 percent.
97.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2018 and thereafter.
97.17	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 123B.53, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
97.18	Subd. 5. Equalized debt service levy. (a) The equalized debt service levy of a district
97.19	equals the sum of the first tier equalized debt service levy and the second tier equalized debt
97.20	service levy.
97.21	(b) A district's first tier equalized debt service levy equals the district's first tier debt
97.22	service equalization revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of:
97.23	(1) the quotient derived by dividing the adjusted net tax capacity of the district for the
97.24	year before the year the levy is certified by the adjusted pupil units in the district for the
97.25	school year ending in the year prior to the year the levy is certified; to
97.26	(2) \$3,400 in fiscal year 2016, \$4,430 in fiscal year 2017, and the greater of \$4,430 or
97.27	55.33 percent of the initial equalizing factor in fiscal year 2018 and later, 75 percent of the
97.28	initial equalizing factor in fiscal year 2019, and 55.33 percent of the initial equalizing factor
97.29	in fiscal year 2020 and later.

97.30

97.31

(c) A district's second tier equalized debt service levy equals the district's second tier

debt service equalization revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of:

98.1	(1) the quotient derived by dividing the adjusted net tax capacity of the district for the
98.2	year before the year the levy is certified by the adjusted pupil units in the district for the
98.3	school year ending in the year prior to the year the levy is certified; to
98.4	(2) \$8,000 in fiscal years 2016 and 2017, and the greater of \$8,000 or 100 percent of
98.5	the initial equalizing factor in fiscal year 2018 and later.
98.6	(d) For the purposes of this subdivision, the initial equalizing factor equals the quotient
98.7	derived by dividing the total adjusted net tax capacity of all school districts in the state for
98.8	the year before the year the levy is certified by the total number of adjusted pupil units in
98.9	all school districts in the state in the year before the year the levy is certified.
98.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2018 and thereafter.
98.11	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 126C.17, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
98.12	Subd. 6. Referendum equalization levy. (a) A district's referendum equalization levy
98.13	equals the sum of the first tier referendum equalization levy, the second tier referendum
98.14	equalization levy, and the third tier referendum equalization levy.
98.15	(b) A district's first tier referendum equalization levy equals the district's first tier
98.16	referendum equalization revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's
98.17	referendum market value per resident pupil unit to \$880,000 \$950,000.
98.18	(c) A district's second tier referendum equalization levy equals the district's second tier
98.19	referendum equalization revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's
98.20	referendum market value per resident pupil unit to \$510,000 \$611,000.
98.21	(d) A district's third tier referendum equalization levy equals the district's third tier
98.22	referendum equalization revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's
98.23	referendum market value per resident pupil unit to \$290,000.
98.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2018 and later.
98.25	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 127A.45, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
98.26	Subd. 10. Payments to school nonoperating funds. Each fiscal year state general fund
98.27	payments for a district nonoperating fund must be made at the current year aid payment
98.28	percentage of the estimated entitlement during the fiscal year of the entitlement. This amount
98.29	shall be paid in 12 six equal monthly installments beginning in July. The amount of the
98.30	actual entitlement, after adjustment for actual data, minus the payments made during the

fiscal year of the entitlement must be paid prior to October 31 of the following school year.

REVISOR

99.1

99.2

99.3

99.4

99.5

99.6

99.7

99.8

99.9

99.10

99.11

99.12

99.17

99.18

99.20

99.21

99.22

99.23

99.24

99.25

99.26

99.28

99.29

99.30

99.31

The commissioner may make advance payments of debt service equalization aid and state-paid tax credits for a district's debt service fund earlier than would occur under the preceding schedule if the district submits evidence showing a serious cash flow problem in the fund. The commissioner may make earlier payments during the year and, if necessary, increase the percent of the entitlement paid to reduce the cash flow problem. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with fiscal year 2019. Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 127A.45, subdivision 13, is amended to read: Subd. 13. Aid payment percentage. Except as provided in subdivisions 10, 11, 12, 12a, and 14, each fiscal year, all education aids and credits in this chapter and chapters 120A, 120B, 121A, 122A, 123A, 123B, 124D, 124E, 125A, 125B, 126C, 134, and section 273.1392, shall be paid at the current year aid payment percentage of the estimated entitlement during the fiscal year of the entitlement. For the purposes of this subdivision, a district's estimated entitlement for special education aid under section 125A.76 for fiscal year 2014 and later 99.13 equals 97.4 percent of the district's entitlement for the current fiscal year. The final adjustment 99.14 payment, according to subdivision 9, must be the amount of the actual entitlement, after 99.15 99.16 adjustment for actual data, minus the payments made during the fiscal year of the entitlement. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with fiscal year 2019. Sec. 6. [273.1387] SCHOOL BUILDING BOND AGRICULTURAL CREDIT. Subdivision 1. Eligibility. All class 2a, 2b, and 2c property under section 273.13, 99.19 subdivision 23, other than property consisting of the house, garage, and immediately surrounding one acre of land of an agricultural homestead, is eligible to receive the credit under this section. Subd. 2. Credit amount. For each qualifying property, the school building bond agricultural credit is equal to 40 percent of the property's eligible net tax capacity multiplied by the school debt tax rate determined under section 275.08, subdivision 1b. Subd. 3. **Credit reimbursements.** The county auditor shall determine the tax reductions allowed under this section within the county for each taxes payable year and shall certify 99.27 that amount to the commissioner of revenue as a part of the abstracts of tax lists submitted

under section 275.29. Any prior year adjustments shall also be certified on the abstracts of

tax lists. The commissioner shall review the certifications for accuracy, and may make such

changes as are deemed necessary, or return the certification to the county auditor for

100.1	correction. The credit under this section must be used to reduce the school district net tax
100.2	capacity-based property tax as provided in section 273.1393.
100.3	Subd. 4. Payment. The commissioner of revenue shall certify the total of the tax
100.4	reductions granted under this section for each taxes payable year within each school district
100.5	to the commissioner of education who shall pay the reimbursement amounts to each school
100.6	district as provided in section 273.1392.
100.7	Subd. 5. Appropriation. An amount sufficient to make the payments required by this
100.8	section is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of education.
100.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2018.
100.10	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.1392, is amended to read:
100.11	273.1392 PAYMENT; SCHOOL DISTRICTS.
100.12	The amounts of bovine tuberculosis credit reimbursements under section 273.113;
100.13	conservation tax credits under section 273.119; disaster or emergency reimbursement under
100.14	sections 273.1231 to 273.1235; homestead and agricultural credits under section sections
100.15	273.1384 and 273.1387; aids and credits under section 273.1398; enterprise zone property
100.16	credit payments under section 469.171; and metropolitan agricultural preserve reduction
100.17	under section 473H.10 for school districts, shall be certified to the Department of Education
100.18	by the Department of Revenue. The amounts so certified shall be paid according to section
100.19	127A.45, subdivisions 9, 10, and 13.
100.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2018.
100.21	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.1393, is amended to read:
100.22	273.1393 COMPUTATION OF NET PROPERTY TAXES.
100.23	Notwithstanding any other provisions to the contrary, "net" property taxes are determined
100.24	by subtracting the credits in the order listed from the gross tax:
100.25	(1) disaster credit as provided in sections 273.1231 to 273.1235;
100.26	(2) powerline credit as provided in section 273.42;
100.27	(3) agricultural preserves credit as provided in section 473H.10;
100.28	(4) enterprise zone credit as provided in section 469.171;
100.29	(5) disparity reduction credit;
100.30	(6) conservation tax credit as provided in section 273.119;

- 101.1 (7) the school bond credit as provided in section 273.1387;
- 101.2 (8) agricultural credit as provided in section 273.1384;
- 101.3 $\frac{(8)}{(9)}$ taconite homestead credit as provided in section 273.135;
- 101.4 (9) (10) supplemental homestead credit as provided in section 273.1391; and
- 101.5 (10) (11) the bovine tuberculosis zone credit, as provided in section 273.113.
- The combination of all property tax credits must not exceed the gross tax amount.
- 101.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2018.
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 275.065, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Notice of proposed property taxes.** (a) The county auditor shall prepare and the county treasurer shall deliver after November 10 and on or before November 24 each year, by first class mail to each taxpayer at the address listed on the county's current year's assessment roll, a notice of proposed property taxes. Upon written request by the taxpayer, the treasurer may send the notice in electronic form or by electronic mail instead of on paper or by ordinary mail.
 - (b) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of the notice.
- (c) The notice must inform taxpayers that it contains the amount of property taxes each 101.16 taxing authority proposes to collect for taxes payable the following year. In the case of a 101.17 town, or in the case of the state general tax, the final tax amount will be its proposed tax. 101.19 The notice must clearly state for each city that has a population over 500, county, school district, regional library authority established under section 134.201, and metropolitan taxing 101.20 districts as defined in paragraph (i), the time and place of a meeting for each taxing authority 101.21 in which the budget and levy will be discussed and public input allowed, prior to the final 101.22 budget and levy determination. The taxing authorities must provide the county auditor with 101.23 the information to be included in the notice on or before the time it certifies its proposed 101.24 levy under subdivision 1. The public must be allowed to speak at that meeting, which must 101.25 101.26 occur after November 24 and must not be held before 6:00 p.m. It must provide a telephone number for the taxing authority that taxpayers may call if they have questions related to the 101.27 101.28 notice and an address where comments will be received by mail, except that no notice required under this section shall be interpreted as requiring the printing of a personal 101.29 telephone number or address as the contact information for a taxing authority. If a taxing 101.30 authority does not maintain public offices where telephone calls can be received by the

102.2

102.3

102.4

102.5

102.6

102.7

102.8

102.9

102.14

authority, the authority may inform the county of the lack of a public telephone number and the county shall not list a telephone number for that taxing authority.

- (d) The notice must state for each parcel:
- (1) the market value of the property as determined under section 273.11, and used for computing property taxes payable in the following year and for taxes payable in the current year as each appears in the records of the county assessor on November 1 of the current year; and, in the case of residential property, whether the property is classified as homestead or nonhomestead. The notice must clearly inform taxpayers of the years to which the market values apply and that the values are final values;
- 102.10 (2) the items listed below, shown separately by county, city or town, and state general tax, agricultural homestead credit under section 273.1384, school building bond agricultural credit under section 273.1387, voter approved school levy, other local school levy, and the sum of the special taxing districts, and as a total of all taxing authorities:
 - (i) the actual tax for taxes payable in the current year; and
- 102.15 (ii) the proposed tax amount.
- If the county levy under clause (2) includes an amount for a lake improvement district as defined under sections 103B.501 to 103B.581, the amount attributable for that purpose must be separately stated from the remaining county levy amount.

In the case of a town or the state general tax, the final tax shall also be its proposed tax 102.19 unless the town changes its levy at a special town meeting under section 365.52. If a school 102.20 district has certified under section 126C.17, subdivision 9, that a referendum will be held 102.21 in the school district at the November general election, the county auditor must note next 102.22 to the school district's proposed amount that a referendum is pending and that, if approved by the voters, the tax amount may be higher than shown on the notice. In the case of the 102.25 city of Minneapolis, the levy for Minneapolis Park and Recreation shall be listed separately from the remaining amount of the city's levy. In the case of the city of St. Paul, the levy for 102.26 the St. Paul Library Agency must be listed separately from the remaining amount of the 102.27 city's levy. In the case of Ramsey County, any amount levied under section 134.07 may be 102.28 listed separately from the remaining amount of the county's levy. In the case of a parcel 102.29 where tax increment or the fiscal disparities areawide tax under chapter 276A or 473F 102.30 applies, the proposed tax levy on the captured value or the proposed tax levy on the tax 102.31 capacity subject to the areawide tax must each be stated separately and not included in the 102.32 sum of the special taxing districts; and

	HF4 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	EAP	UEH0004-1
103.1	(3) the increase or decrease betw	reen the total taxes p	payable in the curr	rent year and the
103.2	total proposed taxes, expressed as a	percentage.		
103.3	For purposes of this section, the	amount of the tax o	n homesteads qua	lifying under the
103.4	senior citizens' property tax deferral	program under cha	pter 290B is the to	otal amount of
103.5	property tax before subtraction of th	e deferred property	tax amount.	
103.6	(e) The notice must clearly state	that the proposed o	r final taxes do no	t include the
103.7	following:			
103.8	(1) special assessments;			
103.9	(2) levies approved by the voters	after the date the pro	posed taxes are ce	ertified, including
103.10	bond referenda and school district le	evy referenda;		
103.11	(3) a levy limit increase approved	by the voters by the	first Tuesday after	the first Monday
103.12	in November of the levy year as pro	vided under section	275.73;	
103.13	(4) amounts necessary to pay cle	anup or other costs	due to a natural d	isaster occurring
103 14	after the date the proposed taxes are	certified:		

- final after the date the proposed taxes are certified; and 103.16
- (6) the contamination tax imposed on properties which received market value reductions 103.17 for contamination. 103 18
- (f) Except as provided in subdivision 7, failure of the county auditor to prepare or the 103.19 county treasurer to deliver the notice as required in this section does not invalidate the 103.20 proposed or final tax levy or the taxes payable pursuant to the tax levy. 103.21
- (g) If the notice the taxpayer receives under this section lists the property as 103.22 nonhomestead, and satisfactory documentation is provided to the county assessor by the 103.23 103.24 applicable deadline, and the property qualifies for the homestead classification in that assessment year, the assessor shall reclassify the property to homestead for taxes payable 103.25 in the following year. 103.26
- (h) In the case of class 4 residential property used as a residence for lease or rental 103.27 periods of 30 days or more, the taxpayer must either: 103.28
- (1) mail or deliver a copy of the notice of proposed property taxes to each tenant, renter, 103.29 103.30 or lessee; or
- (2) post a copy of the notice in a conspicuous place on the premises of the property. 103.31

104.2

104.3

104.4

104.5

104.6

The notice must be mailed or posted by the taxpayer by November 27 or within three
days of receipt of the notice, whichever is later. A taxpayer may notify the county treasurer
of the address of the taxpayer, agent, caretaker, or manager of the premises to which the
notice must be mailed in order to fulfill the requirements of this paragraph.

- (i) For purposes of this subdivision and subdivision 6, "metropolitan special taxing districts" means the following taxing districts in the seven-county metropolitan area that levy a property tax for any of the specified purposes listed below:
- 104.8 (1) Metropolitan Council under section 473.132, 473.167, 473.249, 473.325, 473.446, 473.521, 473.547, or 473.834;
- 104.10 (2) Metropolitan Airports Commission under section 473.667, 473.671, or 473.672; and
- 104.11 (3) Metropolitan Mosquito Control Commission under section 473.711.
- For purposes of this section, any levies made by the regional rail authorities in the county of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington under chapter 398A shall be included with the appropriate county's levy.
- (j) The governing body of a county, city, or school district may, with the consent of the county board, include supplemental information with the statement of proposed property taxes about the impact of state aid increases or decreases on property tax increases or decreases and on the level of services provided in the affected jurisdiction. This supplemental information may include information for the following year, the current year, and for as many consecutive preceding years as deemed appropriate by the governing body of the county, city, or school district. It may include only information regarding:
- 104.22 (1) the impact of inflation as measured by the implicit price deflator for state and local government purchases;
- 104.24 (2) population growth and decline;
- 104.25 (3) state or federal government action; and
- 104.26 (4) other financial factors that affect the level of property taxation and local services 104.27 that the governing body of the county, city, or school district may deem appropriate to 104.28 include.
- The information may be presented using tables, written narrative, and graphic representations and may contain instruction toward further sources of information or opportunity for comment.
- 104.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2018.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 275.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 105.1 Subd. 2. School district in more than one county levies; special requirements. (a) In 105.2 school districts lying in more than one county, the clerk shall certify the tax levied to the 105.3 auditor of the county in which the administrative offices of the school district are located. 105.4 105.5 (b) The district must identify the portion of the school district levy that is levied for debt service at the time the levy is certified under this section. For the purposes of this paragraph, 105.6 "levied for debt service" means levies authorized under sections 123B.53, 123B.535, and 105.7 123B.55, as adjusted by sections 126C.46 and 126C.48, net of any debt excess levy reductions 105.8 under section 475.61, subdivision 4, excluding debt service amounts necessary for repayment 105.9 of other postemployment benefits under section 475.52, subdivision 6. 105.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2018. 105.11 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 275.08, subdivision 1b, is amended to read: 105.12 105.13 Subd. 1b. Computation of tax rates. (a) The amounts certified to be levied against net tax capacity under section 275.07 by an individual local government unit shall be divided 105.14 by the total net tax capacity of all taxable properties within the local government unit's 105.15 taxing jurisdiction. The resulting ratio, the local government's local tax rate, multiplied by 105.16 each property's net tax capacity shall be each property's net tax capacity tax for that local government unit before reduction by any credits. 105.18 (b) The auditor must also determine the school debt tax rate for each school district equal 105.19 to (1) the school debt service levy certified under section 275.07, subdivision 2, divided by 105.20 (2) the total net tax capacity of all taxable property within the district. 105.21 105.22 (c) Any amount certified to the county auditor to be levied against market value shall be divided by the total referendum market value of all taxable properties within the taxing 105.23 district. The resulting ratio, the taxing district's new referendum tax rate, multiplied by each 105.24 property's referendum market value shall be each property's new referendum tax before 105.25 reduction by any credits. For the purposes of this subdivision, "referendum market value" 105.26 means the market value as defined in section 126C.01, subdivision 3. 105.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2018. 105.28 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 276.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 105.29 105.30 Subd. 2. Contents of tax statements. (a) The treasurer shall provide for the printing of the tax statements. The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of the property 105.31 105.32 tax statement and its contents. The tax statement must not state or imply that property tax

REVISOR

106.1

106.2

106.3

106.4

106.5

106.6

106.7

106.8

106.9

106.10

106.11

106.12

106.13

106.14

106.15

106.16

106.17

106.18

106.19

106.20

106.21

106.22

106.23

106.24

106.25

106.26

106.31

106.34

credits are paid by the state of Minnesota. The statement must contain a tabulated statement of the dollar amount due to each taxing authority and the amount of the state tax from the parcel of real property for which a particular tax statement is prepared. The dollar amounts attributable to the county, the state tax, the voter approved school tax, the other local school tax, the township or municipality, and the total of the metropolitan special taxing districts as defined in section 275.065, subdivision 3, paragraph (i), must be separately stated. The amounts due all other special taxing districts, if any, may be aggregated except that any levies made by the regional rail authorities in the county of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington under chapter 398A shall be listed on a separate line directly under the appropriate county's levy. If the county levy under this paragraph includes an amount for a lake improvement district as defined under sections 103B.501 to 103B.581, the amount attributable for that purpose must be separately stated from the remaining county levy amount. In the case of Ramsey County, if the county levy under this paragraph includes an amount for public library service under section 134.07, the amount attributable for that purpose may be separated from the remaining county levy amount. The amount of the tax on homesteads qualifying under the senior citizens' property tax deferral program under chapter 290B is the total amount of property tax before subtraction of the deferred property tax amount. The amount of the tax on contamination value imposed under sections 270.91 to 270.98, if any, must also be separately stated. The dollar amounts, including the dollar amount of any special assessments, may be rounded to the nearest even whole dollar. For purposes of this section whole odd-numbered dollars may be adjusted to the next higher even-numbered dollar. The amount of market value excluded under section 273.11, subdivision 16, if any, must also be listed on the tax statement.

- (b) The property tax statements for manufactured homes and sectional structures taxed as personal property shall contain the same information that is required on the tax statements for real property.
- 106.27 (c) Real and personal property tax statements must contain the following information
 106.28 in the order given in this paragraph. The information must contain the current year tax
 106.29 information in the right column with the corresponding information for the previous year
 106.30 in a column on the left:
 - (1) the property's estimated market value under section 273.11, subdivision 1;
- 106.32 (2) the property's homestead market value exclusion under section 273.13, subdivision 106.33 35;
 - (3) the property's taxable market value under section 272.03, subdivision 15;

- (4) the property's gross tax, before credits; 107.1
- (5) for homestead agricultural properties, the eredit credits under sections 107.2 273.1384 and 273.1387; 107.3

REVISOR

- (6) any credits received under sections 273.119; 273.1234 or 273.1235; 273.135; 107.4
- 107.5 273.1391; 273.1398, subdivision 4; 469.171; and 473H.10, except that the amount of credit
- received under section 273.135 must be separately stated and identified as "taconite tax 107.6
- relief"; and 107.7
- 107.8 (7) the net tax payable in the manner required in paragraph (a).
- (d) If the county uses envelopes for mailing property tax statements and if the county 107.9 agrees, a taxing district may include a notice with the property tax statement notifying 107.10 taxpayers when the taxing district will begin its budget deliberations for the current year, 107.11 and encouraging taxpayers to attend the hearings. If the county allows notices to be included 107.12 in the envelope containing the property tax statement, and if more than one taxing district 107.13 relative to a given property decides to include a notice with the tax statement, the county 107.14 treasurer or auditor must coordinate the process and may combine the information on a 107.15 single announcement. 107.16
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2018. 107.17
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.011, subdivision 34, is amended to read: 107.18
- Subd. 34. City revenue need. (a) For a city with a population equal to or greater than 107.19
- 10,000, "city revenue need" is 1.15 times the sum of (1) 4.59 times the pre-1940 housing 107.20
- percentage; plus (2) 0.622 times the percent of housing built between 1940 and 1970; plus 107.21
- (3) 169.415 times the jobs per capita; plus (4) the sparsity adjustment; plus (5) 307.664. 107.22
- (b) For a city with a population equal to or greater than 2,500 and less than 10,000, "city 107.23
- 107.24 revenue need" is 1.15 times the sum of (1) 572.62; plus (2) 5.026 times the pre-1940 housing
- percentage; minus (3) 53.768 times household size; plus (4) 14.022 times peak population 107.25
- decline. 107.26
- (c) For a city with a population less than 2,500, "city revenue need" is the sum of 410 107.27
- plus 0.367 times the city's population over 100. The city revenue need under this paragraph 107.28
- shall not exceed 630. 107.29
- (d) For a city with a population of at least 2,500 but less than 3,000, the "city revenue" 107.30
- need" equals (1) the transition factor times the city's revenue need calculated in paragraph 107.31
- (b); plus (2) 630 times the difference between one and the transition factor. For a city with 107.32

a population of at least 10,000 but less than 10,500 11,000, the "city revenue need" equals 108.1 (1) the transition factor times the city's revenue need calculated in paragraph (a); plus (2) 108.2 108.3 the city's revenue need calculated under the formula in paragraph (b) times the difference between one and the transition factor. For purposes of the first sentence of this paragraph, 108.4 108.5 "transition factor" is 0.2 percent times the amount that the city's population exceeds the minimum threshold in either of the first two sentences. For purposes of the second sentence 108.6 of this paragraph, "transition factor" is 0.1 percent times the amount that the city's population 108.7 108.8 exceeds the minimum threshold.

- (e) The city revenue need cannot be less than zero.
- (f) For calendar year 2015 and subsequent years, the city revenue need for a city, as
 determined in paragraphs (a) to (e), is multiplied by the ratio of the annual implicit price
 deflator for government consumption expenditures and gross investment for state and local
 governments as prepared by the United States Department of Commerce, for the most
 recently available year to the 2013 implicit price deflator for state and local government
 purchases.
- 108.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2018 and thereafter.

Sec. 14. [477A.0126] REIMBURSEMENT OF COUNTY AND TRIBES FOR 108.19 CERTAIN OUT-OF-HOME PLACEMENT.

Subdivision 1. **Definition.** For purposes of this section, "out-of-home placement" means
24-hour substitute care for an Indian child as defined by section 260C.007, subdivision 21,
placed under chapter 260C and the Indian Child Welfare Act (ICWA), away from the child's
parent or guardian and for whom the county social services agency or county correctional
agency has been assigned responsibility for the child's placement and care, which includes
placement in foster care under section 260C.007, subdivision 18, and a correctional facility
pursuant to a court order.

Subd. 2. Determination of nonfederal share of costs. (a) By July 1, 2017, each county shall report the following information to the commissioners of human services and corrections: (1) the separate amounts paid out of the county's social service agency and its corrections budget for out-of-home placement of children under the ICWA in calendar years 2013, 2014, and 2015; and (2) the number of case days associated with the expenditures from each budget. The commissioner of human services shall prescribe the format of the report. By July 15, 2017, the commissioner of human services, in consultation with the commissioner of corrections, shall certify to the commissioner of revenue and to the

108.27

108.28

108.29

108.30

108.31

108.32

108.33

legislative committees with jurisdiction over local government aids and out-of-home 109.1 placement funding whether the data reported under this subdivision accurately reflect total 109.2 109.3 expenditures by counties for out-of-home placement costs of children under the ICWA. (b) By January 1, 2018, and each January 1 thereafter, each county shall report to the 109.4 109.5 commissioners of human services and corrections the separate amounts paid out of the 109.6 county's social service agency and its corrections budget for out-of-home placement of children under the ICWA in the calendar years two years before the current calendar year 109.7 109.8 along with the number of case days associated with the expenditures from each budget. The commissioner of human services shall prescribe the format of the report. 109.9 109.10 (c) Until the commissioner of human services develops another mechanism for collecting and verifying data on out-of-home placements of children under the ICWA, and the 109.11 legislature authorizes the use of that data, the data collected under this subdivision must be 109.12 used to calculate payments under subdivision 3. The commissioner of human services shall 109.13 certify the nonfederal out-of-home placement costs for the three prior calendar years for 109.14 each county and the amount of any federal reimbursement received by a tribe under the 109.15 ICWA for the three prior calendar years to the commissioner of revenue by June 1 of the 109.16 year before the aid payment. 109.17 Subd. 3. Aid for counties. For aids payable in calendar year 2018 and thereafter, the 109.18 amount of reimbursement to each county is a county's proportionate share of the appropriation 109.19 in subdivision 6 that remains after the aid for tribes has been paid. Each county's 109.20 proportionate share is based on the county's average nonfederal share of the cost for 109.21 out-of-home placement of children under the ICWA for the three calendar years that were 109.22 certified by the commissioner of human services by June 1 of the prior year, provided that 109.23 the commissioner of human services, in consultation with the commissioner of corrections, 109.24 certifies to the commissioner of revenue that accurate data are available to make the aid 109.25 determination under this section. For aids payable in calendar year 2018, each county's 109.26 proportionate share is based on the county's nonfederal share of the cost for out-of-home 109.27 placement of children under the ICWA that was certified by the commissioner of human 109.28 services by July 15, 2017. 109.29 Subd. 4. Aid for tribes. For aids payable in 2018 and thereafter, the amount of 109.30 reimbursement to each tribe shall be the greater of (1) five percent of the average 109.31 reimbursement amount received from the federal government for out-of-home placement 109.32 costs for the three calendar years that were certified by June 1 of the prior year, or (2) 109.33 \$200,000. 109.34

REVISOR

110.1	Subd. 5. Payments. The commissioner of revenue must compute the amount of the
110.2	reimbursement aid payable to each county and tribe under this section. On or before August
110.3	1 of each year, the commissioner shall certify the amount to be paid to each county and
110.4	tribe in the following year. The commissioner shall pay reimbursement aid annually at the
110.5	times provided in section 477A.015.
110.6	Subd. 6. Appropriation. \$2,000,000 is annually appropriated to the commissioner of
110.7	revenue from the general fund to pay aid under this section.
110.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with aids payable in 2018.
110.9	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.013, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
110.10	Subd. 8. City formula aid. (a) For aids payable in 2015 2018 and thereafter, the formula
110.11	aid for a city is equal to the sum of (1) its formula aid in the previous year and (2) the product
110.12	of (i) (1) the difference between its unmet need and its formula certified aid in the previous
110.13	year and before any aid adjustment under subdivision 13, and (ii) (2) the aid gap percentage.
110.14	(b) For aids payable in 2015 and thereafter, if a city's certified aid from the previous
110.15	year is greater than the sum of its unmet need plus its aid adjustment under subdivision 13,
110.16	its formula aid is adjusted to equal its unmet need.
110.17	(c) No city may have a formula aid amount less than zero. The aid gap percentage must
110.18	be the same for all cities subject to paragraph (a).
110.19	(d) (b) The applicable aid gap percentage must be calculated by the Department of
110.20	Revenue so that the total of the aid under subdivision 9 equals the total amount available
110.21	for aid under section 477A.03. The aid gap percentage must be the same for all cities subject
110.22	to paragraph (a). Data used in calculating aids to cities under sections 477A.011 to 477A.013
110.23	shall be the most recently available data as of January 1 in the year in which the aid is
110.24	calculated.
110.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2018
110.26	and thereafter.
110.27	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.013, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
110.28	Subd. 9. City aid distribution. (a) In calendar year 2014 2018 and thereafter, each city
110.29	if a city's certified aid before any aid adjustment under subdivision 13 for the previous year
110.30	is less than its current unmet need, the city shall receive an aid distribution equal to the sum
110.31	of (1) its certified aid in the previous year before any aid adjustment under subdivision 13,

- 111.1 (2) the city formula aid under subdivision 8, and (2) (3) its aid adjustment under subdivision 111.2 13.

 (b) For aids payable in 2015 2018 and thereafter, if a city's certified aid before any aid
- adjustment under subdivision 13 for the previous year is equal to or greater than its current unmet need, the total aid for a city must not be less than is equal to the greater of (1) its unmet need plus any aid adjustment under subdivision 13, or (2) the amount it was certified to receive in the previous year minus the lesser of \$10 multiplied by its population, or five percent of its net levy in the year prior to the aid distribution. No city may have a total aid amount less than \$0.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2018 and thereafter.
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.03, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2a. Cities. The total aid paid under section 477A.013, subdivision 9, is
- \$\frac{\$516,898,012 for aids payable in 2015.}{\$111.14} For aids payable in 2016 and thereafter 2017, the
- total aid paid under section 477A.013, subdivision 9, is \$519,398,012. For aids payable in
- 111.16 2018, the total aid paid under section 477A.013, subdivision 9, is \$531,398,012. For aids
- payable in 2019 and thereafter, the total aid paid under section 477A.013, subdivision 9, is
- 111.18 \$519,398,012.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 2018 and thereafter.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.03, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2b. **Counties.** (a) For aids payable in 2014 and thereafter through 2017, the total
- aid payable under section 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$100,795,000. For aids payable in
- 2018, the total aid payable under section 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$106,795,000, of
- which \$3,000,000 shall be allocated as required under Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 4,
- section 6. For aids payable in 2019 through 2024, the total aid payable under section
- 111.27 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$103,795,000 of which \$3,000,000 shall be allocated as required
- under Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 4, section 6. For aids payable in 2025 and thereafter,
- the total aid payable under section 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$100,795,000. Each calendar
- 111.30 year, \$500,000 of this appropriation shall be retained by the commissioner of revenue to
- make reimbursements to the commissioner of management and budget for payments made
- under section 611.27. The reimbursements shall be to defray the additional costs associated
- with court-ordered counsel under section 611.27. Any retained amounts not used for

112.1	reimbursement in a year shall be included in the next distribution of county need aid that
112.2	is certified to the county auditors for the purpose of property tax reduction for the next taxes
112.3	payable year.
112.4	(b) For aids payable in 2014 and thereafter 2017, the total aid under section 477A.0124,
112.5	subdivision 4, is \$104,909,575. For aids payable in 2018, the total aid payable under section
112.6	477A.0124, subdivision 4, is \$107,909,575. For aids payable in 2019 and thereafter, the
112.7	total aid payable under section 477A.0124, subdivision 4, is \$104,909,575. The commissioner
112.8	of revenue shall transfer to the commissioner of management and budget \$207,000 annually
112.9	for the cost of preparation of local impact notes as required by section 3.987, and other local
112.10	government activities. The commissioner of revenue shall transfer to the commissioner of
112.11	education \$7,000 annually for the cost of preparation of local impact notes for school districts
112.12	as required by section 3.987. The commissioner of revenue shall deduct the amounts
112.13	transferred under this paragraph from the appropriation under this paragraph. The amounts
112.14	transferred are appropriated to the commissioner of management and budget and the
112.15	commissioner of education respectively.
112.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in 2018 and thereafter.
112.17	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.11, is amended by adding a subdivision
112.18	to read:
112.19	Subd. 5a. Large forest easement value reduction. "Large forest easement value
112.20	reduction" means the market value reduction due to a single forest for the future easement
112.21	on land exceeding 60,000 acres that was acquired as provided in section 84.66.
112.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for assessment year 2011
112.23	and thereafter.
12.20	
112.24	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
112.25	Subdivision 1. Types of land; payments. The following amounts are annually
112.26	appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources from the general fund for transfer to
112.27	the commissioner of revenue. The commissioner of revenue shall pay the transferred funds
112.28	to counties as required by sections 477A.11 to 477A.14. The amounts, based on the acreage
112.29	as of July 1 of each year prior to the payment year, are:
112.30	(1) \$5.133 multiplied by the total number of acres of acquired natural resources land or,
	(1) \$5.155 multiplied by the total number of acres of acquired natural resources fand of,

112.32 natural resources land in the county, whichever is greater;

(2) \$5.133, multiplied by the total number of acres of transportation wetland or, at the 113.1 county's option, three-fourths of one percent of the appraised value of all transportation 113.2 wetland in the county, whichever is greater; 113.3

REVISOR

- (3) \$5.133, multiplied by the total number of acres of wildlife management land, or, at 113.4 the county's option, three-fourths of one percent of the appraised value of all wildlife 113.5 management land in the county, whichever is greater; 113.6
- (4) \$5.133, multiplied by the total number of acres of large forest easement land, or, at 113.7 the county's option, three-fourths of one percent of the large forest easement value reduction 113.8 in the county, whichever is greater; 113.9
- (4) (5) 50 percent of the dollar amount as determined under clause (1), multiplied by 113.10 the number of acres of military refuge land in the county; 113.11
- (5) (6) \$1.50 \$2, multiplied by the number of acres of county-administered other natural 113.12 resources land in the county; 113.13
- (6) (7) \$5.133, multiplied by the total number of acres of land utilization project land in 113.14 the county; 113.15
- (7) (8) \$1.50 \$2, multiplied by the number of acres of commissioner-administered other 113.16 natural resources land in the county; and 113.17
- (8) (9) without regard to acreage, and notwithstanding the rules adopted under section 113.18 84A.55, \$300,000 for local assessments under section 84A.55, subdivision 9, that shall be divided and distributed to the counties containing state-owned lands within a conservation 113.20 area in proportion to each county's percentage of the total annual ditch assessments. 113.21
- 113.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Clause (4) is effective retroactively for assessment year 2011 and thereafter. Clauses (6) and (8) are effective for payments made in calendar year 2018 113.23 and thereafter. 113.24
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 113.25
- 113.26 Subd. 2. **Procedure.** (a) Each county auditor shall certify to the Department of Natural Resources during July of each year prior to the payment year: (1) the number of acres of 113 27 county-administered other natural resources land within the county; and (2) the assessed 113 28 value of large forest easement value reduction in the county. The Department of Natural 113.29 resources may, in addition to the certification of acreage, require descriptive lists of land 113.30 so certified. The commissioner of natural resources shall determine and certify to the commissioner of revenue by March 1 of the payment year:

114.4

114.5

114.6

114.7

114.8

114.12

114.13

114.14

114.18

114.19

114.21

- (1) the number of acres and most recent appraised value of acquired natural resources 114.1 land, wildlife management land, and military refuge land within each county; 114.2
 - (2) the number of acres of commissioner-administered natural resources land within each county;
 - (3) the number of acres of county-administered other natural resources land within each county, based on the reports filed by each county auditor with the commissioner of natural resources; and
 - (4) the number of acres of land utilization project land within each county.
- (b) The commissioner of transportation shall determine and certify to the commissioner 114.9 of revenue by March 1 of the payment year the number of acres of transportation wetland 114.10 and the appraised value of the land, but only if it exceeds 500 acres in a county. 114.11
 - (c) Each auditor of a county that contains state-owned lands within a conservation area shall determine and certify to the commissioner of natural resources by May 31 of the payment year, the county's ditch assessments for state-owned lands subject to section 84A.55, subdivision 9. A joint certification for two or more counties may be submitted to the commissioner of natural resources through the Consolidated Conservation Counties Joint Powers Board. The commissioner of natural resources shall certify the ditch assessments to the commissioner of revenue by June 15 of the payment year.
- (d) The commissioner of revenue shall determine the distributions provided for in this section using: (1) the number of acres and appraised values certified by the commissioner 114.20 of natural resources and the commissioner of transportation by March 1 of the payment year; and (2) ditch assessments under paragraph (c), by July 15 of the payment year; and 114.22 (3) the assessed value of large forest easement value reduction certified by the county auditor. 114.23
- 114.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for assessment year 2011 and thereafter. 114.25
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.14, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 114.26
- Subd. 3. Distribution for wildlife management lands and military refuge lands. (a) 114.27 The county treasurer shall allocate the payment for wildlife management land, large forest 114.28 easement value reduction, and military game refuge land among the county, towns, and 114.29 school districts on the same basis as if the payments were taxes on the land received in the 114.30 year. Payment of a town's or a school district's allocation must be made by the county 114.31 treasurer to the town or school district within 30 days of receipt of the payment to the county. 114.32 The county's share of the payment shall be deposited in the county general revenue fund.

115.2

115.3

115.4

115.5

115.6

115.7

115.8

115.9

115.19

115.20

115.21

115.24

115.25

115.26

115.27

115.28

115 29

115.30

(b) The county treasurer of a county with a population over 39,000, but less than 42,000,
in the 1950 federal census shall allocate the payment only among the towns and school
districts on the same basis as if the payments were taxes on the lands received in the current
year.

- (c) If a town received a payment in calendar year 2006 or thereafter under this subdivision, and subsequently incorporated as a city, the city shall continue to receive any future year's allocations of wildlife land payments that would have been made to the town had it not incorporated, provided that the payments shall terminate if the governing body of the city passes an ordinance that prohibits hunting within the boundaries of the city.
- 115.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for assessment year 2011 and thereafter. 115.11
- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.17, is amended to read: 115.12

477A.17 LAKE VERMILION-SOUDAN UNDERGROUND MINE STATE PARK; 115.13 ANNUAL PAYMENTS. 115.14

- (a) In lieu of the payment amount provided under section 477A.12, subdivision 1, clause 115.15 (1), the county shall receive an annual payment for state-owned land within the boundary 115 16 of Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park, established in section 85.012, 115.17 115.18 subdivision 38a, equal to 1.5 percent of the appraised value of the state-owned land.
- (b) For the purposes of this section, the appraised value of the land acquired for Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park for the first five years after acquisition shall be the purchase price of the land, plus the value of any portion of the land that is acquired by donation. Thereafter, the appraised value of the state-owned land shall be as 115.22 determined under section 477A.12, subdivision 3, except that the appraised value of the 115.23 state-owned land within the park shall not be reduced below the 2010 appraised value of the land.
 - (c) The annual payments under this section shall be distributed to the taxing jurisdictions containing the property as follows: one-third to the school districts; one-third to the town; and one-third to the county. The payment to school districts is not a county apportionment under section 127A.34 and is not subject to aid recapture. Each of those taxing jurisdictions may use the payments for their general purposes.
- (d) Except as provided in this section, the payments shall be made as provided in sections 115.31 477A.11 to 477A.13. 115 32
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with aids payable in 2017. 115.33

116.1	Sec	24	2014	AID	PENAI	TY	FORGIV	VENESS
110.1	\mathcal{L}	4 .	2017		1 1/1 1/11			

calendar years 2013 and 2014 by June 1, 2015.

116.7

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the cities of

 Dundee, Jeffers, and Woodstock shall receive all of their calendar year 2014 aid payment
 that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, provided that
 the state auditor certifies to the commissioner of revenue that the city complied with all
 reporting requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, for
- 116.8 (b) The commissioner of revenue shall make payment to each city no later than July 20, 2017. Up to \$101,570 in fiscal year 2018 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue to make the payments under this section.
- 116.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

116.12 Sec. 25. BASE YEAR FORMULA AID FOR NEWLY INCORPORATED CITY.

- For a city that incorporated on October 13, 2015, and first qualifies for aid under

 Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.013, subdivisions 8 and 9, in 2017, the city's formula aid

 for 2016, used in calculating aid payable in 2017, shall be deemed to equal \$115 multiplied

 by its population.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in 2017. The 2017 aid payment under section 477A.013, subdivision 9, for a city that qualifies under this section shall be recalculated based on this section. The increase shall be treated as an aid correction under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.014, subdivision 3.

116.21 Sec. 26. 2013 CITY AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS; CITY OF OSLO.

- Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the city of Oslo 116.22 shall receive the portion of its aid payment for calendar year 2013 under Minnesota Statutes, 116.23 section 477A.013, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 116.24 3, provided that the state auditor certifies to the commissioner of revenue that it received 116.25 audited financial statements from the city for calendar year 2012 by December 31, 2013. 116.26 The commissioner of revenue shall make a payment of \$37,473.50 with the first payment 116.27 116.28 of aids under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.015. \$37,473.50 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue in fiscal year 2018 to make this payment. 116.29
- 116.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- For fiscal year 2019 only, \$14,182,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the
- Department of Education for debt service aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.53.

REVISOR

This amount is in addition to other appropriations for the same purpose.

117.5 Sec. 28. APPROPRIATION; FIRE REMEDIATION GRANTS.

- \$1,392,258 is appropriated in fiscal year 2018 from the general fund to the commissioner
- of public safety for grants to remediate the effects of fires in the city of Melrose on September
- 117.8 8, 2016. The commissioner must allocate the grants as follows:
- 117.9 (1) \$1,296,458 to the city of Melrose; and
- 117.10 (2) \$95,800 to Stearns County.
- 117.11 A grant recipient must use the money appropriated under this section for remediation
- costs, including disaster recovery, infrastructure, reimbursement for emergency personnel
- costs, reimbursement for equipment costs, and reimbursements for property tax abatements,
- incurred by public or private entities as a result of the fires. This is a onetime appropriation
- and is available until June 30, 2018.
- 117.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 117.17 Sec. 29. APPROPRIATION.
- For fiscal year 2019, \$28,827,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the
- 117.19 commissioner of education for additional referendum equalization aid under Minnesota
- 117.20 Statutes, section 126C.17, subdivision 7. This amount is in addition to other appropriations
- 117.21 for the same purpose.
- 117.22 Sec. 30. AID REDUCTIONS.
- (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, for aids payable in 2018 and thereafter,
- under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.013, the total aid payable to the city of Minneapolis
- 117.25 shall be \$50,000,000.
- (b) The total appropriation under section 477A.03, subdivision 2a, shall be reduced by
- 117.27 \$28,827,000 for aids payable in 2018 and thereafter.
- 117.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in 2018 and thereafter.

118.3

118.4

118.5

118.6

118.7

118.8

118.9

118.10

118.11

118.12

118.14

118.15

118.16

118 17

118.18

118.19

118.20

118 21

118.22

118.23

118.24

118.25

118.26

118.27

118.28

118.29

118.30

118.31

118.32

118.33

118.1 ARTICLE 5

LOCAL OPTION SALES AND SPECIAL TAXES

REVISOR

Section 1. Laws 1980, chapter 511, section 1, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws 1991, chapter 291, article 8, section 22, Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 25, Laws 2003, First Special Session chapter 21, article 8, section 11, Laws 2008, chapter 154, article 5, section 2, and Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 3, section 21, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter provision to the contrary, the city of Duluth may, by ordinance, impose an additional sales tax of up to one and three-quarter percent on sales transactions which are described in Minnesota Statutes 2000, section 297A.01, subdivision 3, clause (c). The imposition of this tax shall not be subject to voter referendum under either state law or city charter provisions. When the city council determines that the taxes imposed under this paragraph at a rate of three-quarters of one percent and other sources of revenue produce revenue sufficient to pay debt service on bonds in the principal amount of \$40,285,000 plus issuance and discount costs, issued for capital improvements at the Duluth Entertainment and Convention Center, which include a new arena, the rate of tax under this subdivision must be reduced by three-quarters of one percent.

(b) In addition to the tax in paragraph (a) and notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter provision to the contrary, the city of Duluth may, by ordinance, impose an additional sales tax of up to one-half of one percent on sales transactions which are described in Minnesota Statutes 2000, section 297A.01, subdivision 3, clause (c). This tax expires when the city council determines that the tax imposed under this paragraph, along with the tax imposed under section 22, paragraph (b), has produced revenues sufficient to pay the debt service on bonds in a principal amount of no more than \$18,000,000, plus issuance and discount costs, to finance capital improvements to public facilities to support tourism and recreational activities in that portion of the city west of 34th 14th Avenue West and the area south of and including Skyline Parkway.

(c) The city of Duluth may sell and issue up to \$18,000,000 in general obligation bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, plus an additional amount to pay for the costs of issuance and any premiums. The proceeds may be used to finance capital improvements to public facilities that support tourism and recreational activities in the portion of the city west of 34th 14th Avenue West and the area south of and including Skyline Parkway, as described in paragraph (b). The issuance of the bonds is subject to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, except no election shall be required unless required by the

Article 5 Section 1.

city charter. The bonds shall not be included in computing net debt. The revenues from the 119.1 taxes that the city of Duluth may impose under paragraph (b) and under section 22, paragraph 119.2 (b), may be pledged to pay principal of and interest on such bonds. 119.3

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 119.4 city of Duluth and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, 119.5 subdivisions 2 and 3. 119.6
- 119.7 Sec. 2. Laws 1980, chapter 511, section 2, as amended by Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 26, Laws 2003, First Special Session chapter 21, article 8, section 12, and Laws 119.8 2014, chapter 308, article 3, section 22, is amended to read: 119.9

Sec. 22. CITY OF DULUTH; TAX ON RECEIPTS BY HOTELS AND MOTELS. 119.10

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, or ordinance, or city charter provision to the contrary, the city of Duluth may, by ordinance, impose an 119.12 additional tax of one percent upon the gross receipts from the sale of lodging for periods of 119.13 less than 30 days in hotels and motels located in the city. The tax shall be collected in the same manner as the tax set forth in the Duluth city charter, section 54(d), paragraph one. 119.15 The imposition of this tax shall not be subject to voter referendum under either state law or 119.16 city charter provisions. 119.17
- 119.18 (b) In addition to the tax in paragraph (a) and notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter provision to the contrary, the city of Duluth may, by ordinance, impose an additional sales tax of up to one-half of one percent 119.20 on the gross receipts from the sale of lodging for periods of less than 30 days in hotels and 119.21 motels located in the city. This tax expires when the city council first determines that the 119.22 tax imposed under this paragraph, along with the tax imposed under section 21, paragraph 119.23 (b), has produced revenues sufficient to pay the debt service on bonds in a principal amount of no more than \$18,000,000, plus issuance and discount costs, to finance capital 119.25 improvements to public facilities to support tourism and recreational activities in that portion 119.26 of the city west of 34th 14th Avenue West and the area south of and including Skyline 119.27 Parkway. 119.28
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 119.29 city of Duluth and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, 119.30 subdivisions 2 and 3. 119.31

Article 5 Sec. 2.

120.5

120.6

120.7

120.8

120.9

120.10

120.11

120.13

120.14

120.16

120.17

Sec. 3. Laws 1991, chapter 291, article 8, section 27, subdivision 3, as amended by Laws 120.1 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 28, Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 7, section 9, and 120.2 Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 4, section 14, is amended to read: 120.3

- Subd. 3. Use of revenues. (a) Revenues received from taxes authorized by subdivisions 1 and 2 shall be used by the city to pay the cost of collecting the tax and to pay all or a portion of the expenses of constructing and improving facilities as part of an urban revitalization project in downtown Mankato known as Riverfront 2000. Authorized expenses include, but are not limited to, acquiring property and paying relocation expenses related to the development of Riverfront 2000 and related facilities, and securing or paying debt service on bonds or other obligations issued to finance the construction of Riverfront 2000 and related facilities. For purposes of this section, "Riverfront 2000 and related facilities" means a civic-convention center, an arena, a riverfront park, a technology center and related educational facilities, and all publicly owned real or personal property that the governing body of the city determines will be necessary to facilitate the use of these facilities, including but not limited to parking, skyways, pedestrian bridges, lighting, and landscaping. It also 120.15 includes the performing arts theatre and the Southern Minnesota Women's Hockey Exposition Center, for use by Minnesota State University, Mankato.
- (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, and as approved 120.18 by voters at the November 4, 2016, general election, the city may by ordinance also use 120.19 revenues from taxes authorized under subdivisions 1 and 2, up to a maximum of \$47,000,000, 120.20 plus associated bond costs, to pay all or a portion of the expenses of the following capital 120.21 120.22 projects:
- (1) construction and improvements to regional recreational facilities including existing 120.23 hockey and curling rinks, a baseball park, youth athletic fields and facilities, the municipal 120.24 swimming pool including improvements to make the pool compliant with the Americans 120.25 with Disabilities Act, and indoor regional athletic facilities; 120.26
- (2) improvements to flood control and the levee system; 120.27
- 120.28 (3) water quality improvement projects in Blue Earth and Nicollet Counties;
- (4) expansion of the regional transit building and related multimodal transit 120.29 improvements; 120.30
- (5) regional public safety and emergency communications improvements and equipment; 120.31 120.32 and

Article 5 Sec. 3.

REVISOR (6) matching funds for improvements to publicly owned regional facilities including a 121.1 historic museum, supportive housing, and a senior center. 121.2 121.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Mankato and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 121.4 121.5 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. Sec. 4. Laws 1991, chapter 291, article 8, section 27, subdivision 4, as amended by Laws 121.6 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 25, and Laws 2008, chapter 366, 121.7 article 7, section 10, is amended to read: 121.8 Subd. 4. Expiration of taxing authority and expenditure limitation. The authority 121.9 granted by subdivisions 1 and 2 to the city to impose a sales tax and an excise tax shall 121.10 121.11 expire on at the earlier of when revenues are sufficient to pay off the bonds, including interest and all other associated bond costs authorized under subdivision 5, or December 121.12 31, 2022 2038. 121.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment without 121.14 local approval pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023, subdivision 1. 121.15 Sec. 5. Laws 1991, chapter 291, article 8, section 27, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 121.16 Subd. 5. **Bonds.** (a) The city of Mankato may issue general obligation bonds of the city 121.17 in an amount not to exceed \$25,000,000 for Riverfront 2000 and related facilities, without 121.18 election under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, on the question of issuance of the bonds or 121.19 a tax to pay them. The debt represented by bonds issued for Riverfront 2000 and related 121.20 facilities shall not be included in computing any debt limitations applicable to the city of 121.21 Mankato, and the levy of taxes required by section 475.61 to pay principal of and interest 121.22 on the bonds shall not be subject to any levy limitation or be included in computing or 121.23 applying any levy limitation applicable to the city. 121.24

(b) The city of Mankato may issue general obligation bonds of the city in an amount not 121.25 to exceed \$47,000,000 for the projects listed under subdivision 3, paragraph (b), without 121.26 election under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, on the question of issuance of the bonds or a tax to pay them. The debt represented by bonds under this paragraph shall not be included 121.28 in computing any debt limitations applicable to the city of Mankato, and the levy of taxes 121.29 required by Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest on the bonds, 121.30 and shall not be subject to any levy limitation or be included in computing or applying any 121.31 levy limitation applicable to the city. The city may use tax revenue in excess of one year's 121.32

Article 5 Sec. 5.

- principal interest reserve for intended annual bond payments to pay all or a portion of the cost of capital improvements authorized in subdivision 3.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment without local approval pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023, subdivision 1.
- Sec. 6. Laws 1996, chapter 471, article 2, section 29, subdivision 1, as amended by Laws
- 2006, chapter 259, article 3, section 3, and Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 7,
- article 4, section 4, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Sales tax authorized. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
- 122.9 477A.016, or any other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the city of
- Hermantown may, by ordinance, impose an additional sales tax of up to one percent on
- sales transactions taxable pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A, that occur within
- the city. The proceeds of the tax imposed under this section must be used to meet the costs
- 122.13 of:
- (1) extending a sewer interceptor line;
- 122.15 (2) construction of a booster pump station, reservoirs, and related improvements to the water system; and
- 122.17 (3) construction of a building containing a police and fire station and an administrative services facility.
- (b) If the city imposed a sales tax of only one-half of one percent under paragraph (a),
- it may increase the tax to one percent to fund the purposes under paragraph (a) provided it
- is approved by the voters at a general election held before December 31, 2012.
- (c) As approved by the voters at the November 8, 2016, general election, the proceeds
- under this section may also be used to meet the costs of debt service payments for
- 122.24 construction of the Hermantown Wellness Center.
- 122.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
- 122.26 city of Hermantown and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
- 122.27 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
- Sec. 7. Laws 1996, chapter 471, article 2, section 29, subdivision 4, as amended by Laws
- 122.29 2006, chapter 259, article 3, section 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Termination.** The tax authorized under this section terminates on March 31,
- 122.31 2026 at the earlier of (1) December 31, 2036, or (2) when the Hermantown City Council

first determines that sufficient funds have been received from the tax to fund the costs,

123.1

123.2	including bonds and associated bond costs for the uses specified in subdivision 1. Any funds
123.3	remaining after completion of the improvements and retirement or redemption of the bonds
123.4	may be placed in the general fund of the city.
123.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment without
123.6	local approval pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023, subdivision 1.
123.7	Sec. 8. Laws 1999, chapter 243, article 4, section 17, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
123.8	Subd. 3. Use of revenues. (a) Revenues received from taxes authorized by subdivisions
123.9	1 and 2 must be used by the city to pay the cost of collecting the taxes and to pay for
123.10	construction and improvement of a civic and community center and recreational facilities
123.11	to serve all ages, including seniors and youth. Authorized expenses include, but are not
123.12	limited to, acquiring property, paying construction and operating expenses related to the
123.13	development of an authorized facility, funding facilities replacement reserves, and paying
123.14	debt service on bonds or other obligations issued to finance the construction or expansion
123.15	of an authorized facility. The capital expenses for all projects authorized under this
123.16	subdivision that may be paid with these taxes are limited to \$9,000,000, plus an amount
123.17	equal to the costs related to issuance of the bonds and funding facilities replacement reserves.
123.18	(b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, and as approved
123.19	by the voters at the November 8, 2016, general election, the city of New Ulm may by
123.20	ordinance also use revenues from taxes authorized under subdivisions 1 and 2, up to a
123.21	maximum of \$14,800,000, plus associated bond costs, to pay all or a portion of the expenses
123.22	of the following capital projects:
123.23	(1) constructing an indoor water park and making safety improvements to the existing
123.24	recreational center pool;
123.25	(2) constructing an indoor playground, a wellness center, and a gymnastics facility;
123.26	(3) constructing a winter multipurpose dome;
123.27	(4) making improvements to Johnson Park Grandstand; and
123.28	(5) making improvements to the entrance road and parking at Hermann Heights Park.
123.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
123.30	city of New Ulm and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
123.31	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 9. Laws 1999, chapter 243, article 4, section 17, is amended by adding a subdivision

124.1

to read: 124.2 124.3 Subd. 4a. **Bonding authority; additional use and extension of tax.** As approved by the voters at the November 8, 2016, general election, and in addition to the bonds issued 124.4 124.5 under subdivision 4, the city of New Ulm may issue general obligation bonds of the city in an amount not to exceed \$14,800,000 for the projects listed in subdivision 3, paragraph (b). 124.6 The debt represented by bonds under this subdivision shall not be included in computing 124.7 any debt limitations applicable to the city of New Ulm, and the levy of taxes required by 124.8 Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest on the bonds, and shall 124.9 not be subject to any levy limitation or be included in computing or applying any levy 124.10 limitation applicable to the city. 124.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 124.12 city of New Ulm and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 124.13 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 124.14 Sec. 10. Laws 1999, chapter 243, article 4, section 17, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 124.15 Subd. 5. **Termination of taxes.** The taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2 expire 124.16 when the city council determines that sufficient funds have been received from the taxes to 124.17 finance the capital and administrative costs for the acquisition, construction, and improvement 124.18 of facilities described in subdivision 3, including the additional use of revenues under 124.19 subdivision 3, paragraph (b), as approved by the voters at the November 8, 2016, general 124.20 election, and to prepay or retire at maturity the principal, interest, and premium due on any 124.21 bonds issued for the facilities under subdivision 4 subdivisions 4 and 4a. Any funds remaining 124.22 after completion of the project and retirement or redemption of the bonds may be placed in 124.23 the general fund of the city. The taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2 may expire at 124.24 an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance. 124.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 124.26 city of New Ulm and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 124.27 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 124.28 Sec. 11. Laws 1999, chapter 243, article 4, section 18, subdivision 1, as amended by Laws 124.29 2008, chapter 366, article 7, section 12, is amended to read: 124.30 124.31 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, if approved by the city 124.32 124.33 voters at the first municipal general election held after the date of final enactment of this

REVISOR

act or at a special election held November 2, 1999, the city of Proctor may impose by 125.1 ordinance a sales and use tax of up to one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in 125.2 subdivision 3. The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, 125.3 administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. 125.4 125.5 (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the city of Proctor may impose by ordinance an additional 125.6 sales and use tax of up to one-half of one percent, as approved by the voters at the November 125.7 4 election. The revenues received from the additional tax must be used for the purposes 125.8 specified in subdivision 3, paragraph (b). 125.9 125.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Proctor and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, 125.11 subdivisions 2 and 3. 125.12 Sec. 12. Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 38, subdivision 2, 125.13 as amended by Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 3, section 6, is amended to read: 125.14 125.15 Subd. 2. Use of revenues. The proceeds of the tax imposed under this section shall be used to pay for lake water quality improvement projects as detailed in the Shell Rock River 125.16 watershed plan and as directed by the Shell Rock River Watershed Board. Notwithstanding 125.17 any provision of statute, other law, or city charter to the contrary, the city shall transfer all 125.18 revenues from the tax imposed under subdivision 1, as soon as they are received, to the 125.19 Shell Rock River Watershed District. The city is not required to review the intended uses 125.20 of the revenues by the watershed district, nor is the watershed district required to submit to 125.21 the city proposed budgets, statements, or invoices explaining the intended uses of the 125.22 revenues as a prerequisite for the transfer of the revenues. The Shell Rock River Watershed 125.23 District shall appear before the city of Albert Lea City Council on a biannual basis to present 125.24 125.25 a report of its activities, expenditures, and intended uses of the city sales tax revenue. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the chief clerical officer 125.26 and the governing body of the city of Albert Lea comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 125.27 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 125.28 Sec. 13. Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 38, subdivision 4, 125.29 as amended by Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 3, section 23, is amended to read: 125.30 125.31 Subd. 4. **Termination of taxes.** The taxes imposed under this section expire at the earlier of (1) 15 30 years after the taxes are first imposed, or (2) when the city council first 125.32

125.33

determines that the amount of revenues raised to pay for the projects under subdivision 2,

shall meet or exceed the sum of \$15,000,000 \$30,000,000. Any funds remaining after completion of the projects may be placed in the general fund of the city.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the chief clerical officer
and the governing body of the city of Albert Lea comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

REVISOR

- Sec. 14. Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 44, subdivision 3, as amended by Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 7, section 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Use of revenues. (a) Revenues received from taxes authorized by subdivisions 126.8 1 and 2 must be used by the city (1) to pay the cost of collecting and administering the taxes 126.9 and; (2) to pay for the costs of a community center complex and; (3) to make renovations 126.10 126.11 to the Memorial Auditorium; and (4) to construct public athletic facilities, provided that this use of the tax is subject to the same restrictions that apply to the issuance of debt provided 126.12 in subdivision 4, paragraph (c). Authorized expenses include, but are not limited to, acquiring 126.13 property and paying construction expenses related to these improvements, and paying debt 126.14 service on bonds or other obligations issued to finance acquisition and construction of these 126.15 improvements. 126.16
- (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivisions 2 and 3, if the city decides to extend the taxes in subdivisions 1 and 2, as allowed under subdivision 5, paragraph (b), the city must use any amounts in excess of the amounts necessary to meet the obligations under paragraph (a) to pay the city's share of debt service on bonds issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.194, to fund the Lewis and Clark Regional Water System Project.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Worthington and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
- Sec. 15. Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 44, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Bonding authority.** (a) If the tax authorized under subdivision 1 is approved by the voters, the city may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to pay capital and administrative expenses for the improvements described in subdivision 3 in an amount that does not exceed \$6,000,000. An election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

127.2

127.3

127.4

127.5

127.6

127.7

127.8

127.9

127.10

127.11

127.13

127 14

127.15

127.16

127.17

127.18

127.24

127.25

127.26

127.27

127.28

127.29

127.30

127.31

127.32

127.33

127.34

(b) The debt represented by the bonds is not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation.

REVISOR

(c) If the Worthington City Council intends to issue debt after June 30, 2017, for the purposes of this subdivision, it must pass a resolution stating the intent to issue debt and proposing a public hearing. The resolution must be published for two successive weeks in the official newspaper of the city together with a notice setting a date for the public hearing. The hearing must be held at least two weeks, but not more than four weeks, after the first publication after passage of the resolution. Following the public hearing, if the city adopts a resolution confirming its intention to issue additional debt, that resolution must also be published in the official newspaper of the city, but the resolution is not effective for 30 days. If within 30 days after publication of the resolution confirming the city's intention to issue additional debt a petition signed by voters equal in number to ten percent of the votes cast in the city in the last general election requesting a vote on the proposed resolution is filed with the county auditor, the resolution is not effective until it has been submitted to the voters in a general or special election and a majority of the votes cast on the question of approving the resolution are in the affirmative. The commissioner of revenue shall prepare a suggested form of question to be presented at the election.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Worthington and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 16. Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 44, subdivision 5, as amended by Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 7, section 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Termination of taxes.** (a) The taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2 expire at the earlier of (1) ten years, or (2) when the city council determines that the amount of revenue received from the taxes is sufficient to pay for the projects under subdivision 3 equals or exceeds \$6,000,000 plus the additional amount needed to pay the costs related to issuance of bonds under subdivision 4, including interest on the bonds. Any funds remaining after completion of the project and retirement or redemption of the bonds shall be placed in a capital project fund of the city. The taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the city council may, by ordinance, extend the taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2 through December 31, 2039, provided that all additional revenues that exceed those necessary to fund the projects and associated financing costs

128.1	listed in subdivision 3, paragraph (a), are committed to pay debt service on bonds issued
128.2	under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.194, to fund the Lewis and Clark Regional Water
128.3	System Project.
128.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
128.5	city of Worthington and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
128.6	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
128.7	Sec. 17. Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 7, section 20, is amended to read:
128.8	Sec. 20. CITY OF NORTH MANKATO; TAXES AUTHORIZED.
128.9	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorized. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
128.10	section 477A.016, or any other provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, pursuant to the
128.11	approval of the voters on November 7, 2006, the city of North Mankato may impose by
128.12	ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in
128.13	subdivision 2. The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition,
128.14	administration, collection, and enforcement of the taxes authorized under this subdivision.
128.15	Subd. 2. Use of revenues. Revenues received from the tax authorized by subdivision 1
128.16	must be used to pay all or part of the capital costs of the following projects:
128.17	(1) the local share of the Trunk Highway 14/County State-Aid Highway 41 interchange
128.18	project;
128.19	(2) development of regional parks and hiking and biking trails, including construction
128.20	of regional athletic facilities;
128.21	(3) expansion of the North Mankato Taylor Library;
128.22	(4) riverfront redevelopment; and
128.23	(5) lake improvement projects.
128.24	The total amount of revenues from the tax in subdivision 1 that may be used to fund
128.25	these projects is \$\frac{\$6,000,000}{21,000,000}\$ plus any associated bond costs.
128.26	Subd. 2a. Authorization to extend the tax. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
128.27	297A.99, subdivision 3, the North Mankato City Council may, by resolution, extend the
128.28	tax authorized under subdivision 1 to cover an additional \$15,000,000 in bonds, plus
128.29	associated bond costs, to fund the projects in subdivision 2 as approved by the voters at the

November 8, 2016, general election.

Subd. 3. **Bonds.** (a) The city of North Mankato, pursuant to the approval of the voters 129.1 at the November 7, 2006 referendum authorizing the imposition of the taxes in this section, 129.2 129.3 may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to pay capital and administrative expenses for the projects described in subdivision 2, in an amount that does not exceed 129.4 \$6,000,000. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 129.5 475.58, is not required. 129.6 129.7 (b) The city of North Mankato, pursuant to approval of the voters at the November 8, 129.8 2016, referendum extending the tax fee to provide additional revenue to be spent for the projects in subdivision 2, may issue additional bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 129.9 475, to pay capital and administrative expenses for those projects in an amount that does 129.10 not exceed \$15,000,000. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, 129.11 section 475.58, is not required. (c) The debt represented by the bonds is not included in computing any debt limitation 129.13 applicable to the city, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to 129.14 pay principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. 129.15 Subd. 4. **Termination of taxes.** The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires when the 129.16 city council determines that the amount of revenues received from the taxes to pay for the 129.17 projects under subdivision 2 first equals or exceeds \$6,000,000 plus the additional amount 129.18 needed to pay the costs related to issuance of bonds under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds at the earlier of December 31, 2038, or when revenues from the taxes first 129.20 equal or exceed \$21,000,000 plus the additional amount needed to pay costs related to 129.21 issuance of bonds under subdivision 3, including interest. Any funds remaining after 129.22 completion of the projects and retirement or redemption of the bonds shall be placed in a 129 23

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of North Mankato and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

capital facilities and equipment replacement fund of the city. The tax imposed under

subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.

Sec. 18. CITY OF EAST GRAND FORKS; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivisions 1 and 2, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter, and as approved by the voters at a special election on March 7, 2016, the city of East Grand Forks may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use tax of up to one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the

129.24

129.25

129.29

provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration,

130.1

130.2 collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. 130.3 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of East Grand Forks to pay the costs of 130.4 130.5 collecting and administering the tax and to finance the capital and administrative costs of 130.6 improvement to the city public swimming pool. Authorized expenses include, but are not limited to, paying construction expenses related to the renovation and the development of 130.7 130.8 these facilities and improvements, and securing and paying debt service on bonds issued under subdivision 3 or other obligations issued to finance improvement of the public 130.9 swimming pool in the city of East Grand Forks. 130.10 130.11 Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of East Grand Forks may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities 130.12 authorized in subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this 130.13 subdivision may not exceed \$2,820,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of 130.14 the costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available 130.15 to the city of East Grand Forks, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The 130.16 issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 130.17 and 275.61. 130.18 (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city 130.19 of East Grand Forks, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to 130.20 pay principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate 130.21 election to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 130.22 Subd. 4. **Termination of taxes.** The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the later 130.23 of: (1) five years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that 130.24 \$2,820,000 has been received from the tax to pay for the cost of the projects authorized 130.25 under subdivision 2, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of the 130.26 bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Any funds remaining 130.27 after payment of all such costs and retirement or redemption of the bonds shall be placed 130.28 in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier 130.29 time if the city so determines by ordinance. 130.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after compliance by the governing 130.31 body of the city of East Grand Forks with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 130.32 130.33 2 and 3.

Sec. 19. CITY OF EXCELSIOR; TAXES AUTHORIZED.

131.2	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
131.3	section 297A.99, subdivisions 1 and 2, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city
131.4	charter, the city of Excelsior may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use tax of up to one-half
131.5	of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2, as approved by the voters at the
131.6	November 4, 2014, general election. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the
131.7	provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration,
131.8	collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.
131.9	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
131.10	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Excelsior to pay the costs of collecting and
131.11	administering the tax and to finance the capital and administrative costs of improvements
131.12	to the commons as indicated in the November 2016 findings of the commons master planning
131.13	work group. Authorized expenses include, but are not limited to, improvements for
131.14	walkability and accessibility, enhancement of beach area and facilities, prevention and
131.15	management of shoreline erosion, redesign of the port and bandshell, improvement of
131.16	playground equipment, and securing and paying debt service on bonds issued under
131.17	subdivision 3 or other obligations issued to the improvements listed in this subdivision in
131.18	the city of Excelsior.
131.19	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Excelsior may issue bonds under Minnesota
131.20	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the projects authorized in
131.21	subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may
131.22	not exceed \$7,000,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing
131.23	the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of
131.24	Excelsior, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under
131.25	this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
131.26	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
131.27	of Excelsior, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
131.28	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
131.29	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
131.30	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the later
131.31	of: (1) 25 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines that
131.32	\$7,000,000 has been received from the tax to pay for the cost of the projects authorized
131.33	under subdivision 2, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of the
131 34	bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Any funds remaining

after payment of all such costs and retirement or redemption of the bonds shall be placed 132.1 132.2 in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier 132.3 time if the city so determines by ordinance. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after compliance by the governing 132.4 132.5 body of the city of Excelsior with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 132.6 Sec. 20. CITY OF FAIRMONT; LOCAL TAX AUTHORIZED. 132.7 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 132.8 section 297A.99, subdivisions 1 and 2, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city 132.9 charter, and as approved by the voters at the general election of November 8, 2016, the city 132.10 of Fairmont may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for 132.11 the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 132.12 provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, 132.13 collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. 132.14 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized 132.15 under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Fairmont to pay the costs of collecting and 132.16 administering the tax and to finance the capital and administrative costs of constructing and 132.17 funding recreational amenities, trails, and a community center. The total that may be raised 132.18 from the tax to pay for these projects is limited to \$15,000,000, plus the costs related to the 132.19 132.20 issuance and paying debt service on bonds for these projects. Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Fairmont may issue bonds under Minnesota 132.21 132.22 Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may 132.23 not exceed \$15,000,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing 132.24 the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of 132.25 Fairmont, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under 132.26 this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61. 132.27 (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city 132.28 of Fairmont, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal 132.29 and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve 132.30 the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required. 132.31 Subd. 4. **Termination of taxes.** The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the 132.32

132.33

earlier of: (1) 25 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines

that \$15,000,000, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuing the bonds

133.1

authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds, has been received from the 133.2 133.3 tax to pay for the cost of the projects authorized under subdivision 2. Any funds remaining after payment of all such costs and retirement or redemption of the bonds shall be placed 133.4 in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier 133.5 time if the city so determines by ordinance. 133.6 133.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after compliance by the governing 133.8 body of the city of Fairmont with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 133.9 <u>3.</u> Sec. 21. CITY OF FERGUS FALLS; TAXES AUTHORIZED. 133.10 133.11 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorized. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 1, section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city 133.12 charter, and as approved by the voters at the November 8, 2016, general election, the city 133.13 of Fergus Falls may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use tax of up to one-half of one 133.14 percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this 133.15 section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, 133.16 administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision. 133.17 133.18 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues from the tax authorized under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Fergus Falls to pay the costs of collecting and 133.19 133.20 administering the tax and securing and paying debt service on bonds issued to finance all or part of the costs of the expansion and betterment of the Fergus Falls Public Library located 133.21 at 205 East Hampden Avenue in the city of Fergus Falls. 133.22 Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** (a) The city of Fergus Falls may issue bonds under 133.23 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the project 133.24 133.25 authorized in subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$9,800,000, plus an amount applied to the payment of costs of 133.26 issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the 133.27 city of Fergus Falls, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds 133.28 under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 275.60 and 275.61. 133.29 133.30 (b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and 133.31 interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve 133.32

133.33

the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

134.1	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the
134.2	earlier of: (1) 12 years after the tax is first imposed, or (2) when the city council determines
134.3	that \$9,800,000 has been received from the tax to pay for the cost of the project authorized
134.4	under subdivision 2, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to the issuance of the
134.5	bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Any funds remaining
134.6	after payment of all such costs and retirement or redemption of the bonds shall be placed
134.7	in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at any
134.8	earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.
134.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after compliance by the governing
134.10	body of the city of Fergus Falls with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2
134.11	<u>and 3.</u>
134.12	Sec. 22. CITY OF MOOSE LAKE; TAXES AUTHORIZED.
134.13	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
134.14	section 297A.99, subdivision 1, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter,
134.15	as approved by the voters at the November 6, 2012, general election, the city of Moose Lake
134.16	may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use tax of up to one-half of one percent for the
134.17	purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the
134.18	provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration,
134.19	collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.
134.20	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
134.21	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Moose Lake to pay the costs of collecting
134.22	and administering the tax and to finance the costs of: (1) improvements to the city's park
134.23	system; (2) street and related infrastructure improvements; and (3) municipal arena
134.24	improvements. Authorized costs include construction and engineering costs and associated
134.25	bond costs.
134.26	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. The city of Moose Lake may issue bonds under Minnesota
134.27	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in
134.28	subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may
134.29	not exceed \$3,000,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing
134.30	the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of
134.31	Moose Lake, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under
134.32	this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
134.33	The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city of
134.34	Moose Lake, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal

135.1	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
135.2	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
135.3	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the
135.4	earlier of: (1) 20 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines
135.5	that \$3,000,000 has been received from the tax to pay for the cost of the projects authorized
135.6	under subdivision 2, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of the
135.7	bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds. Any funds remaining
135.8	after payment of all such costs and retirement or redemption of the bonds shall be placed
135.9	in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier
135.10	time if the city so determines by ordinance.
135.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after compliance by the governing
135.12	body of the city of Moose Lake with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2
135.13	<u>and 3.</u>
135.14	Sec. 23. CITY OF NEW LONDON; TAX AUTHORIZED.
135.15	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
135.16	section 297A.99, subdivisions 1 and 2, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city
135.17	charter, and as approved by the voters at the general election of November 8, 2016, the city
135.18	of New London may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent
135.19	for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section,
135.20	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration,
135.21	collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.
135.22	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
135.23	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of New London to pay the costs of collecting
135.24	and administering the tax and to finance the capital and administrative costs of the following
135.25	projects:
135.26	(1) construction and equipping of a new library and community room;
135.27	(2) construction of an ambulance bay at the fire hall; and
135.28	(3) improvements to the New London Senior Citizen Center.
135.29	The total that may be raised from the tax to pay for these projects is limited to \$872,000
135.30	plus the costs related to the issuance and paying debt service on bonds for these projects.
135.31	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of New London may issue bonds under
135.32	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities

136.1	authorized in subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this
136.2	subdivision may not exceed \$872,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the
136.3	costs of issuing the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available
136.4	to the city of New London, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance
136.5	of bonds under this subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and
136.6	<u>275.61.</u>
136.7	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
136.8	of New London, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay
136.9	principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election
136.10	to approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
136.11	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the
136.12	earlier of: (1) 20 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the city council determines
136.13	that \$872,000, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuing the bonds
136.14	authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds, has been received from the
136.15	tax to pay for the cost of the projects authorized under subdivision 2. Any funds remaining
136.16	after payment of all such costs and retirement or redemption of the bonds shall be placed
136.17	in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier
136.18	time if the city so determines by ordinance.
136.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after compliance by the governing
136.20	body of the city of New London with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2
136.21	<u>and 3.</u>
	C 24 CITY OF NORTH MANUATO, EOOD AND DEVEDAGE TAY
136.22	Sec. 24. <u>CITY OF NORTH MANKATO; FOOD AND BEVERAGE TAX</u>
136.23	AUTHORIZED.
136.24	Subdivision 1. Food and beverage tax authorized. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
136.25	section 477A.016, or any ordinance, city charter, or other provision of law, the city of North
136.26	Mankato may, by ordinance, impose a sales tax of up to one percent on the gross receipts
136.27	on all sales of food and beverages by a restaurant or place of refreshment, as defined by
136.28	resolution of the city, that are located within the city. For purposes of this section, "food
136.29	and beverages" includes retail on-sale of intoxicating liquor and fermented malt beverages.
136.30	Subd. 2. Use of proceeds from tax. The proceeds of any tax imposed under subdivision
136.31	1 shall be used by the city to pay all or a portion of the expenses of:
136.32	(1) operation, maintenance, and capital expenses for the Caswell Park Regional Sporting
136.33	Complex; and

137.1	(2) for costs related to regional tourism events.
137.2	Authorized capital expenses include securing or paying debt service on bonds or other
137.3	obligations issued to finance the construction of the Caswell Park Regional Sporting Complex
137.4	<u>facilities.</u>
137.5	Subd. 3. Collection, administration, and enforcement. If the city desires, it may enter
137.6	into an agreement with the commissioner of revenue to administer, collect, and enforce the
137.7	taxes authorized under subdivisions 1 and 2. If the commissioner agrees to collect the tax,
137.8	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, related to collection, administration,
137.9	and enforcement apply.
137.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
137.11	city of North Mankato and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
137.12	<u>645.021</u> , subdivisions 2 and 3.
137.13	Sec. 25. CITY OF SLEEPY EYE; LODGING TAX.
137.14	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other provision of law,
137.15	ordinance, or city charter, the city council for the city of Sleepy Eye may impose, by
137.16	ordinance, a tax of up to two percent on the gross receipts subject to the lodging tax under
137.17	Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190. This tax is in addition to any tax imposed under
137.18	Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190, and the total tax imposed under that section and this
137.19	provision must not exceed five percent. Revenue from the tax imposed under this section
137.20	may only be used for the same purposes as a tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, section
137.21	<u>469.190.</u>
137.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after compliance by the governing
137.23	body of the city of Sleepy Eye with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2
137.24	<u>and 3.</u>
137.25	Sec. 26. CITY OF SPICER; TAX AUTHORIZED.
137.26	Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
137.27	section 297A.99, subdivisions 1 and 2, or 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city
137.28	charter, and as approved by the voters at the general election of November 8, 2016, the city
137.29	of Spicer may impose, by ordinance, a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the
137.30	purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the
137.31	provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration,
137.32	collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.

138.1	Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized
138.2	under subdivision 1 must be used by the city of Spicer to pay the costs of collecting and
138.3	administering the tax and to finance the capital and administrative costs of the following
138.4	projects:
138.5	(1) pedestrian public safety improvements such as a pedestrian bridge or crosswalk
138.6	signals at marked Trunk Highway 23;
138.7	(2) park and trail capital improvements including signage for bicycle share the road
138.8	improvements and replacement of playground and related facilities; and
138.9	(3) capital improvements to regional community facilities such as the Dethelfs roof and
138.10	window replacement and the Pioneerland branch library roof replacement.
138.11	Subd. 3. Bonding authority. (a) The city of Spicer may issue bonds under Minnesota
138.12	Statutes, chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in
138.13	subdivision 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may
138.14	not exceed \$800,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing
138.15	the bonds. The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to the city of
138.16	Spicer, including the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this
138.17	subdivision is not subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61.
138.18	(b) The bonds are not included in computing any debt limitation applicable to the city
138.19	of Spicer, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal
138.20	and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation. A separate election to approve
138.21	the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.
138.22	Subd. 4. Termination of taxes. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the
138.23	earlier of: (1) ten years after the tax is first imposed; (2) December 31, 2027; or (3) when
138.24	the city council determines that \$800,000, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related
138.25	to issuing the bonds authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds, has
138.26	been received from the tax to pay for the cost of the projects authorized under subdivision
138.27	2. All funds not used to pay collection and administration costs of the tax must be used for
138.28	projects listed in subdivision 2. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier
138.29	time if the city so determines by ordinance.
138.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after compliance by the governing
138 31	body of the city of Spicer with Minnesota Statutes, section 645 021, subdivisions 2 and 3

Sec. 27. CLAY COUNTY; TAX AUTHORIZED.

Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorization. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 139.2 section 297A.99, subdivisions 1 and 2, or 477A.016, or any other law or ordinance, and as 139.3 approved by the voters at the November 8, 2016, general election, Clay County may impose, 139.4 139.5 by ordinance, a sales and use tax of up to one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota 139.6 Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement 139.7 of the tax authorized under this subdivision. 139.8 Subd. 2. Use of sales and use tax revenues. The revenues derived from the tax authorized 139.9 139.10 under subdivision 1 must be used by Clay County to pay the costs of collecting and administering the tax and to finance the capital costs of constructing and equipping a new 139.11 139.12 correctional facility, law enforcement center, and related parking facility. Authorized expenses include but are not limited to paying design, development, and construction costs 139.13 related to these facilities and improvements, and securing and paying debt service on bonds 139.14 issued under subdivision 3 or other obligations issued to finance the facilities listed in this 139.15 139.16 subdivision. Subd. 3. Bonding authority. Clay County may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, 139.17 chapter 475, to finance all or a portion of the costs of the facilities authorized in subdivision 139.18 2. The aggregate principal amount of bonds issued under this subdivision may not exceed \$52,000,000, plus an amount to be applied to the payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. 139.20 The bonds may be paid from or secured by any funds available to Clay County, including 139.21 the tax authorized under subdivision 1. The issuance of bonds under this subdivision is not 139.22 subject to Minnesota Statutes, sections 275.60 and 275.61. 139.23 139.24 Subd. 4. **Termination of taxes.** The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires at the earlier of: (1) 20 years after the tax is first imposed; or (2) when the county board determines 139.25 that \$52,000,000, plus an amount sufficient to pay the costs related to issuance of the bonds 139.26 authorized under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds, has been received from the 139.27 tax to pay for the cost of the projects authorized under subdivision 2. Any funds remaining 139.28 after payment of all such costs and retirement or redemption of the bonds shall be placed 139.29 139.30 in the general fund of the county. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the county so determines by ordinance. 139.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after compliance by the governing 139.32 body of Clay County with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

140.13

140.20

140.21

140.24

1	Sec. 28.	WOODBURY	LODGING	TAX.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or other law, in addition to a 140.2 tax authorized in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190, the city of Woodbury may impose 140.3 by ordinance a tax of up to two percent on the gross receipts subject to the lodging tax under 140.4 140.5 Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190. This tax is in addition to any tax imposed under 140.6 Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190, and the total tax imposed by the city under this section and Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190, must not exceed five percent. Revenue from the 140.7 140.8 tax imposed under this section may only be used for the same purposes as a tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190. 140.9 140.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Woodbury and its chief clerical officer timely complete their compliance with 140.11 Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 140.12

Sec. 29. EFFECTIVE DATE; VALIDATION OF PRIOR ACT.

140.14 Notwithstanding the time limits in Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, the city of Proctor may approve Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 7, section 13, and Laws 2010, chapter 140.15 389, article 5, sections 1 and 2, and file its approval with the secretary of state by January 140.16 1, 2015. If approved under this paragraph, actions undertaken by the city pursuant to the 140.17 approval of the voters on November 2, 2010, and otherwise in accordance with those laws 140.18 are validated. 140.19

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, without local approval pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023, subdivision 1, paragraph 140.22 (a).

ARTICLE 6 140.23

TAX INCREMENT FINANCING

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 469.1763, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 140.25

140.26 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given. 140.27

(b) "Activities" means acquisition of property, clearing of land, site preparation, soils 140.28 correction, removal of hazardous waste or pollution, installation of utilities, construction 140.29 of public or private improvements, and other similar activities, but only to the extent that 140.30 tax increment revenues may be spent for such purposes under other law. 140.31

141.2

141.3

141.4

141.5

141.6

141.7

141.8

141.25

141.26

141.27

141.28

141.29

141.30

- (c) "Third party" means an entity other than (1) the person receiving the benefit of assistance financed with tax increments, or (2) the municipality or the development authority or other person substantially under the control of the municipality.
- (d) "Revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district" means only tax increment as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 25, clause (1), and does not include tax increment as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 25, clauses (2), (3), and (4) to (5).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Expenditures outside district. (a) For each tax increment financing district, 141.9 an amount equal to at least 75 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid 141.10 141.11 by properties in the district must be expended on activities in the district or to pay bonds, to the extent that the proceeds of the bonds were used to finance activities in the district or 141.12 141.13 to pay, or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. For districts, other than redevelopment districts for which the request for certification was made after June 30, 1995, the in-district percentage for purposes of the preceding sentence is 80 percent. Not 141.15 more than 25 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties 141.16 in the district may be expended, through a development fund or otherwise, on activities 141.17 outside of the district but within the defined geographic area of the project except to pay, 141.18 or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. For districts, other than 141.19 redevelopment districts for which the request for certification was made after June 30, 1995, 141.20 the pooling percentage for purposes of the preceding sentence is 20 percent. The revenue 141.21 revenues derived from tax increments for paid by properties in the district that are expended 141.22 on costs under section 469.176, subdivision 4h, paragraph (b), may be deducted first before 141.23 calculating the percentages that must be expended within and without the district. 141.24
 - (b) In the case of a housing district, a housing project, as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 11, is an activity in the district.
 - (c) All administrative expenses are for activities outside of the district, except that if the only expenses for activities outside of the district under this subdivision are for the purposes described in paragraph (d), administrative expenses will be considered as expenditures for activities in the district.
- (d) The authority may elect, in the tax increment financing plan for the district, to increase by up to ten percentage points the permitted amount of expenditures for activities located outside the geographic area of the district under paragraph (a). As permitted by section

142.1	469.176, subdivision 4k, the expenditures, including the permitted expenditures under
142.2	paragraph (a), need not be made within the geographic area of the project. Expenditures
142.3	that meet the requirements of this paragraph are legally permitted expenditures of the district,
142.4	notwithstanding section 469.176, subdivisions 4b, 4c, and 4j. To qualify for the increase
142.5	under this paragraph, the expenditures must:
142.6	(1) be used exclusively to assist housing that meets the requirement for a qualified
142.7	low-income building, as that term is used in section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
142.8	(2) not exceed the qualified basis of the housing, as defined under section 42(c) of the
142.9	Internal Revenue Code, less the amount of any credit allowed under section 42 of the Internal
142.10	Revenue Code; and
142.11	(3) be used to:
142.12	(i) acquire and prepare the site of the housing;
142.13	(ii) acquire, construct, or rehabilitate the housing; or
142.14	(iii) make public improvements directly related to the housing; or
142.15	(4) be used to develop housing:
142.16	(i) if the market value of the housing does not exceed the lesser of:
142.17	(A) 150 percent of the average market value of single-family homes in that municipality;
142.18	or
142.19	(B) \$200,000 for municipalities located in the metropolitan area, as defined in section
142.20	473.121, or \$125,000 for all other municipalities; and
142.21	(ii) if the expenditures are used to pay the cost of site acquisition, relocation, demolition
142.22	of existing structures, site preparation, and pollution abatement on one or more parcels, if
142.23	the parcel contains a residence containing one to four family dwelling units that has been
142.24	vacant for six or more months and is in foreclosure as defined in section 325N.10, subdivision
142.25	7, but without regard to whether the residence is the owner's principal residence, and only
142.26	after the redemption period has expired.
142.27	(e) The authority under paragraph (d), clause (4), expires on December 31, 2016.
142.28	Increments may continue to be expended under this authority after that date, if they are used
142.29	to pay bonds or binding contracts that would qualify under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), if
142.30	December 31, 2016, is considered to be the last date of the five-year period after certification
142.31	under that provision.
142.32	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

143.8

143.9

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 143.1
- Subd. 3. Five-year rule. (a) Revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties 143.2 in the district are considered to have been expended on an activity within the district under 143.3 subdivision 2 only if one of the following occurs: 143.4
- 143.5 (1) before or within five years after certification of the district, the revenues are actually paid to a third party with respect to the activity; 143.6
- (2) bonds, the proceeds of which must be used to finance the activity, are issued and sold to a third party before or within five years after certification, the revenues are spent to repay the bonds, and the proceeds of the bonds either are, on the date of issuance, reasonably expected to be spent before the end of the later of (i) the five-year period, or (ii) a reasonable 143.10 temporary period within the meaning of the use of that term under section 148(c)(1) of the 143.11 Internal Revenue Code, or are deposited in a reasonably required reserve or replacement 143.12 fund: 143.13
- (3) binding contracts with a third party are entered into for performance of the activity 143.14 before or within five years after certification of the district and the revenues are spent under 143 15 the contractual obligation; 143.16
- (4) costs with respect to the activity are paid before or within five years after certification 143.17 of the district and the revenues are spent to reimburse a party for payment of the costs, 143.18 including interest on unreimbursed costs; or 143.19
- (5) expenditures are made for housing purposes as permitted by subdivision 2, paragraphs 143.20 (b) and (d), or for public infrastructure purposes within a zone as permitted by subdivision 143.21 2, paragraph (e). 143.22
- (b) For purposes of this subdivision, bonds include subsequent refunding bonds if the 143.23 original refunded bonds meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (2). 143.24
- (c) For a redevelopment district or a renewal and renovation district certified after June 143.25 30, 2003, and before April 20, 2009, the five-year periods described in paragraph (a) are 143.26 143.27 extended to ten years after certification of the district. For a redevelopment district certified after April 20, 2009, and before June 30, 2012, the five-year periods described in paragraph 143.28 (a) are extended to eight years after certification of the district. This extension is provided 143.29 primarily to accommodate delays in development activities due to unanticipated economic 143.30 circumstances. 143.31
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 143.32

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 469.178, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Interfund loans. (a) The authority or municipality may advance or loan money
to finance expenditures under section 469.176, subdivision 4, from its general fund or any
other fund under which it has legal authority to do so.
(b) Not later than 60 days after money is transferred, advanced, or spent, whichever is
earliest, the loan or advance must be authorized, by resolution of the governing body or of
the authority, whichever has jurisdiction over the fund from which the advance or loan is
authorized, before money is transferred, advanced, or spent, whichever is earliest.
(c) The resolution may generally grant to the municipality or the authority the power to
make interfund loans under one or more tax increment financing plans or for one or more
districts. The resolution may be adopted before or after the adoption of the tax increment
financing plan or the creation of the tax increment financing district from which the advance
or loan is to be repaid.
(d) The terms and conditions for repayment of the loan must be provided in writing and.
The written terms and conditions may be in any form, but must include, at a minimum, the
principal amount, the interest rate, and maximum term. Written terms may be modified or
amended in writing by the municipality or the authority before the latest decertification of
any tax increment financing district from which the interfund loan is to be repaid. The
maximum rate of interest permitted to be charged is limited to the greater of the rates
specified under section 270C.40 or 549.09 as of the date the loan or advance is authorized,
unless the written agreement states that the maximum interest rate will fluctuate as the
interest rates specified under section 270C.40 or 549.09 are from time to time adjusted.
Loans or advances may be structured as draw-down or line-of-credit obligations of the
lending fund.
(e) The authority shall report in the annual report submitted pursuant to section 469.175,
subdivision 6:
(1) the amount of any interfund loan or advance made in a calendar year; and
(2) any amendment of an interfund loan or advance made in a calendar year.

Article 6 Sec. 4.

144.29

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and

144.30 applies to all districts, regardless of when the request for certification was made.

145.3

145.4

145.5

145.6

145.7

145.8

145.9

145.10

Sec. 5. Laws 2008, chapter 154, article 9, section 21, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. **Special rules.** (a) If the city elects, upon the adoption of the tax increment financing plan for a district, the rules under this section apply to a redevelopment district, renewal and renovation district, economic development district, soil condition district, or a soil deficiency district established by the city or a development authority of the city in the project area.
- (b) Prior to or upon the adoption of the first tax increment plan subject to the special rules under this subdivision, the city must find by resolution that parcels consisting of at least 80 percent of the acreage of the project area (excluding street and railroad right of way) are characterized by one or more of the following conditions:
- 145.11 (1) peat or other soils with geotechnical deficiencies that impair development of 145.12 residential or commercial buildings or infrastructure;
- 145.13 (2) soils or terrain that requires substantial filling in order to permit the development of commercial or residential buildings or infrastructure;
- (3) landfills, dumps, or similar deposits of municipal or private waste;
- (4) quarries or similar resource extraction sites;
- 145.17 (5) floodway; and
- 145.18 (6) substandard buildings within the meaning of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10.
- (c) For the purposes of paragraph (b), clauses (1) through (5), a parcel is deemed to be characterized by the relevant condition if at least 70 percent of the area of the parcel contains the relevant condition. For the purposes of paragraph (b), clause (6), a parcel is deemed to be characterized by substandard buildings if the buildings occupy at least 30 percent of the area of the parcel.
- 145.25 (d) The four-year rule under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 6, is

 extended to nine years for any district. The five-year rule under Minnesota Statutes, section

 469.1763, subdivision 3, is extended to ten years for any district, and section 469.1763,

 subdivision 4, does not apply to any district.
- (e) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 80 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in any district (measured over the life of the district) may be expended on activities outside the district but within the project area.

- 146.1 (f) For a soil deficiency district:
- 146.2 (1) increments may be collected through 20 years after the receipt by the authority of 146.3 the first increment from the district; and

- (2) except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, increments may be used only to:
- (i) acquire parcels on which the improvements described in item (ii) will occur;
- 146.6 (ii) pay for the cost of correcting the unusual terrain or soil deficiencies and the additional 146.7 cost of installing public improvements directly caused by the deficiencies; and
- 146.8 (iii) pay for the administrative expenses of the authority allocable to the district.
- (g) Increments spent for any infrastructure costs, whether inside a district or outside a district but within the project area, are deemed to satisfy the requirements of paragraph (f) and Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivisions 4b, 4c, and 4j.
- (h) Increments from any district may not be used to pay the costs of landfill closure or public infrastructure located on the following parcels within the plat known as Burnsville Amphitheater: Lot 1, Block 1; Lots 1 and 2, Block 2; and Outlots A, B, C and D.
- (i) The authority to approve tax increment financing plans to establish tax increment financing districts under this section expires on December 31, 2018 2020.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon approval by the governing body

 of the city of Burnsville and compliance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section

 645.021.
- Sec. 6. Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 5, section 17, as amended by Laws 2010, chapter 382, section 84, is amended to read:
- Sec. 17. SEAWAY PORT AUTHORITY OF DULUTH; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT; SPECIAL RULES.
- (a) If the Seaway Port Authority of Duluth adopts a tax increment financing plan and the governing body of the city of Duluth approves the plan for the tax increment financing district consisting of one or more parcels identified as: 010-2730-00010; 010-2730-00020; 010-2730-00040; 010-2730-00050; 010-2730-00070; 010-2730-00080; 010-2730-00090; 010-2730-00100; 010-2730-00120; 010-2730-00140; 010-2730-00160; 010-
- $146.28 \quad 010-2730-00100; \underline{010-02730-00120}; \underline{010-02730-00130}; \underline{010-02730-00140}; \underline{010-2730-00160}; \underline{010-02730-00120}; \underline{010-02730-00130}; \underline{010-02730-00140}; \underline{010-02730-00160}; \underline{010-02730-00140}; \underline{010-02730-00160}; \underline{010-02730-00140}; \underline{010-02730-00160}; \underline{010-02730-00140}; \underline{010-02730-00140}; \underline{010-02730-00140}; \underline{010-02730-00160}; \underline{010-02730-00140}; \underline{010-02730-00160}; \underline{010-02730-00160};$
- $146.29 \quad 010-2730-00180; 010-2730-00200; 010-2730-00300; \underline{010-02730-00320}; 010-2746-01250; \\$
- 146.30 010-2746-1330; 010-2746-01340; 010-2746-01350; 010-2746-1440; 010-2746-1380;
- 146.31 010-2746-01490; 010-2746-01500; 010-2746-01510; 010-2746-01520; 010-2746-01530;
- 146.32 010-2746-01540; 010-2746-01550; 010-2746-01560; 010-2746-01570; 010-2746-01580;

- 010-2746-01590; 010-3300-4560; 010-3300-4565; 010-3300-04570; 010-3300-04580; 147.1 010-3300-04640; 010-3300-04645; and 010-3300-04650, the five-year rule under Minnesota 147.2 Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that activities must be undertaken within a five-year 147.3 period from the date of certification of the tax increment financing district, must be 147.4 considered to be met if the activities are undertaken within five years after the date all 147.5 qualifying parcels are delisted from the Federal Superfund list. 147.6 (b) The requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, beginning 147.7 in the sixth year following certification of the district requirement, will begin in the sixth 147.8 year following the date all qualifying parcels are delisted from the Federal Superfund list. 147.9 147.10 (c) The action required under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 6, are satisfied if the action is commenced within four years after the date all qualifying parcels 147.11 are delisted from the Federal Superfund list and evidence of the action required is submitted 147.12 to the county auditor by February 1 of the fifth year following the year in which all qualifying 147.13 parcels are delisted from the Federal Superfund list. 147.14 147.15 (d) For purposes of this section, "qualifying parcels" means United States Steel parcels listed in paragraph (a) and shown by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency as part of the 147.16 USS St. Louis River-U.S. Steel Superfund Site (USEPA OU 02) that are included in the 147.17 tax increment financing district. 147.18 147.19 (e) In addition to the reporting requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.175, subdivision 5, the Seaway Port Authority of Duluth shall report the status of all parcels 147.20 listed in paragraph (a) and shown as part of the USS St. Louis River-U.S. Steel Superfund 147.21 Site (USEPA OU 02). The status report must show the parcel numbers, the listed or delisted 147.22 status, and if delisted, the delisting date. 147.23 (f) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.178, subdivision 7, or any other 147.24 law to the contrary, the Seaway Port Authority of Duluth may establish an interfund loan 147.25 program before approval of the tax increment financing plan for or the establishment of the 147.26 district authorized by this section. The authority may make loans under this program. The 147.27 proceeds of the loans may be used for any permitted use of increments under this law or 147.28 Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, for the district and may be repaid with increments 147.29
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Duluth and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivision 3.

from the district established under this section. This paragraph applies to any action

authorized by the Seaway Port Authority of Duluth on or after March 25, 2010.

147.30

- Sec. 7. Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 6, section 8, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Authority to create districts. (a) The governing body of the city of
- Edina or its development authority may establish one or more tax increment financing
- housing districts in the Southeast Edina Redevelopment Project Area, as the boundaries
- 148.5 exist on March 31, 2014.
- (b) The authority to request certification of districts under this section expires on June
- 148.7 30, 2017 December 31, 2019.
- 148.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon compliance by the governing body
- of the city of Edina with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
- 148.10 subdivisions 2 and 3.
- Sec. 8. Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 6, section 9, is amended to read:
- 148.12 Sec. 9. CITY OF MAPLE GROVE; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT.
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given them.
- (b) "City" means the city of Maple Grove.
- (c) "Project area" means all or a portion of the area in the city commencing at a point
- 148.17 130 feet East and 120 feet North of the southwest corner of the Southeast Quarter of Section
- 148.18 23, Township 119, Range 22, Hennepin County, said point being on the easterly right-of-way
- line of Hemlock Lane; thence northerly along said easterly right-of-way line of Hemlock
- Lane to a point on the west line of the east one-half of the Southeast Quarter of section 23,
- thence south along said west line a distance of 1,200 feet; thence easterly to the east line of
- Section 23, 1,030 feet North from the southeast corner thereof; thence South 74 degrees
- East 1,285 feet; thence East a distance of 1,000 feet; thence North 59 degrees West a distance
- of 650 feet; thence northerly to a point on the northerly right-of-way line of 81st Avenue
- North, 650 feet westerly measured at right angles, from the east line of the Northwest Quarter
- of Section 24; thence North 13 degrees West a distance of 795 feet; thence West to the west
- line of the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 24; thence North 55
- degrees West to the south line of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section
- 148.29 24; thence West along said south line to the east right-of-way line of Zachary Lane; thence
- North along the east right-of-way line of Zachary Lane to the southwest corner of Lot 1,
- 148.31 Block 1, Metropolitan Industrial Park 5th Addition; thence East along the south line of said
- Lot 1 to the northeast corner of Outlot A, Metropolitan Industrial Park 5th Addition; thence
- South along the east line of said Outlot A and its southerly extension to the south right-of-way

line of County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 109; thence easterly along the south right-of-way 149.1 line of CSAH 109 to the east line of the Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of 149.2 149.3 Section 24; thence South along said east line to the north line of the South Half of the Northeast Quarter of Section 24; thence East along said north line to the westerly right-of-way 149.4 line of Jefferson Highway North; thence southerly along the westerly right-of-way line of 149.5 Jefferson Highway to the centerline of CSAH 130; thence continuing South along the west 149.6 right-of-way line of Pilgrim Lane North to the westerly extension of the north line of Outlot 149.7 149.8 A, Park North Fourth Addition; thence easterly along the north line of Outlot A, Park North Fourth Addition to the northeast corner of said Outlot A; thence southerly along the east 149.9 line of said Outlot A to the southeast corner of said Outlot A; thence easterly along the south 149.10 line of Lot 1, Block 1, Park North Fourth Addition to the westerly right-of-way line of State 149.11 Highway 169; thence southerly, southwesterly, westerly, and northwesterly along the 149.12 westerly right-of-way line of State Highway 169 and the northerly right-of-way line of 149.13 Interstate 694 to its intersection with the southerly extension of the easterly right-of-way 149.14 line of Zachary Lane North; thence northerly along the easterly right-of-way line of Zachary 149.15 Lane North and its northerly extension to the north right-of-way line of CSAH 130; thence 149.16 westerly, southerly, northerly, southwesterly, and northwesterly to the point of beginning 149.17 and there terminating, provided that the project area includes the rights-of-way for all present 149.18 and future highway interchanges abutting the area described in this paragraph, and may 149.19 include any additional property necessary to cause the property included in the tax increment 149.20 financing district to consist of complete parcels. 149.21

(d) "Soil deficiency district" means a type of tax increment financing district consisting of a portion of the project area in which the city finds by resolution that the following conditions exist:

- (1) unusual terrain or soil deficiencies that occurred over 80 percent of the acreage in the district require substantial filling, grading, or other physical preparation for use; and
- (2) the estimated cost of the physical preparation under clause (1), but excluding costs directly related to roads as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 160.01, and local improvements as described in Minnesota Statutes, sections 429.021, subdivision 1, clauses (1) to (7), (11), and (12), and 430.01, exceeds the fair market value of the land before completion of the preparation.
 - Subd. 2. **Special rules.** (a) If the city elects, upon the adoption of the tax increment financing plan for a district, the rules under this section apply to a redevelopment district, renewal and renovation district, soil condition district, or soil deficiency district established by the city or a development authority of the city in the project area.

Article 6 Sec. 8.

149.22

149.23

149.24

149.25

149.26

149.32

149.33

149.34

150.2

150.3

150.4

150.5

150.6

(b) Prior to or upon the adoption of the first tax increment plan subject to the special
rules under this subdivision, the city must find by resolution that parcels consisting of at
least 80 percent of the acreage of the project area, excluding street and railroad rights-of-way,
are characterized by one or more of the following conditions:

- (1) peat or other soils with geotechnical deficiencies that impair development of commercial buildings or infrastructure;
- (2) soils or terrain that require substantial filling in order to permit the development of 150.7 commercial buildings or infrastructure; 150.8
- (3) landfills, dumps, or similar deposits of municipal or private waste; 150.9
- (4) quarries or similar resource extraction sites; 150.10
- (5) floodway; and 150.11
- (6) substandard buildings, within the meaning of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, 150.12 subdivision 10. 150.13
- (c) For the purposes of paragraph (b), clauses (1) to (5), a parcel is characterized by the 150.14 relevant condition if at least 70 percent of the area of the parcel contains the relevant 150.15 condition. For the purposes of paragraph (b), clause (6), a parcel is characterized by substandard buildings if substandard buildings occupy at least 30 percent of the area of the parcel. 150.18
- (d) The five-year rule under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is 150.19 extended to eight years for any district, and Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 150.20 4, does not apply to any district. 150.21
- 150.22 (e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax 150.23 increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be 150.24 expended on activities outside the district but within the project area.
- (f) For a soil deficiency district: 150.26
- 150.27 (1) increments may be collected through 20 years after the receipt by the authority of the first increment from the district; 150.28
- (2) increments may be used only to: 150.29
- (i) acquire parcels on which the improvements described in item (ii) will occur; 150.30

151.1	(ii) pay for the cost of correcting the unusual terrain or soil deficiencies and the additional
151.2	cost of installing public improvements directly caused by the deficiencies; and
151.3	(iii) pay for the administrative expenses of the authority allocable to the district; and
151.4	(3) any parcel acquired with increments from the district must be sold at no less than
151.5	their fair market value.
151.6	(g) Increments spent for any infrastructure costs, whether inside a district or outside a
151.7	district but within the project area, are deemed to satisfy the requirements of Minnesota
151.8	Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j.
151.9	(h) The authority to approve tax increment financing plans to establish tax increment
151.10	financing districts under this section expires June 30, 2020.
151.11	(i) Notwithstanding the restrictions in paragraph (f), clause (2), the city may use
151.12	increments from a soil deficiency district to acquire parcels and for other infrastructure costs
151.13	either inside or outside of the district, but within the project area, if the acquisition or
151.14	infrastructure is for a qualified development. For purposes of this paragraph, a development
151.15	is a qualified development only if all of the following requirements are satisfied:
151.16	(1) the city finds, by resolution, that the land acquisition and infrastructure are undertaken
151.17	primarily to serve the development;
151.18	(2) the city has a binding, written commitment and adequate financial assurances from
151.19	the developer that the development will be constructed; and
151.20	(3) the development does not consist of retail trade or housing improvements.
151.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon approval by the governing body
151.22	of the city of Maple Grove and its compliance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes,
151.23	section 645.021.
151.24	Sec. 9. <u>CITY OF ANOKA; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING; FIVE-YEAR RULE</u>
151.25	EXTENSION.
151.26	For purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), the
151.27	city of Anoka's Greens of Anoka redevelopment tax increment financing district is deemed
151.28	to be certified on June 29, 2012, rather than its actual certification date of July 2, 2012, and
151.29	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivisions 3 and 4, apply as if
151.30	the district were certified on that date.

152.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon approval by the governing body
152.2	of the city of Anoka and upon compliance by the city with Minnesota Statutes, section
152.3	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
152.4	Sec. 10. <u>CITY OF COON RAPIDS; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING; EXTENSION</u>
152.5	OF DISTRICT.
152.6	Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 1b,
152.7	or any other law to the contrary, the city of Coon Rapids may collect tax increment from
152.8	District 6-1 Port Riverwalk through December 31, 2038.
152.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon compliance by the governing bodies
152.10	of the city of Coon Rapids, Anoka County, and Independent School District No. 11 with
152.11	the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782, subdivision 2, and 645.021,
152.12	subdivision 3.
152.13	Sec. 11. CITY OF COTTAGE GROVE; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING;
152.14	FIVE-YEAR RULE EXTENSION.
152.15	The requirement of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that activities
152.16	must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of a tax increment
152.17	financing district, is considered to be met for Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-12
152.18	(Gateway North), administered by the Cottage Grove Economic Development Authority,
152.19	if the activities are undertaken prior to January 1, 2017.
152.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon compliance by the chief clerical
152.21	officer of the governing body of the city of Cottage Grove with the requirements of Minnesota
152.22	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
152.23	Sec. 12. CITY OF EDINA; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING; APPROVAL OF 2014
152.24	SPECIAL LAW.
152.25	Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivision 3,
152.26	the chief clerical officer of the city of Edina must file with the secretary of state certificate
152.27	of approval of Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 6, section 8, by December 31, 2016, and, if
152.28	the certificate is so filed and the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
152.29	subdivision 3, are otherwise complied with, the special law is deemed approved, and all
152.30	actions taken by the city before the effective date of this section in reliance on Laws 2014,
152.31	chapter 308, article 6, section 8, are deemed consistent with Laws 2014, chapter 308, article
152.32	6, section 8, and this act.

153.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment without
153.2	local approval as an amendment to the provisions of Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 6,
153.3	section 8.
153.4	Sec. 13. <u>CITY OF MOORHEAD; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING; FIVE-YEAR</u>
153.5	RULE EXTENSION.
153.6	For purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), the
153.7	city of Moorhead's 1st Avenue North (Central Corridors) Redevelopment TIF district is
153.8	deemed to be certified on June 29, 2012, rather than its actual certification date of July 12,
153.9	2012, and Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivisions 3 and 4, apply as if the district
153.10	were certified on that date.
153.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon approval by the governing body
153.12	of the city of Moorhead and upon compliance by the city with Minnesota Statutes, section
153.13	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
153.14	Sec. 14. CITY OF RICHFIELD; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING; EXTENSION
153.15	OF DISTRICT.
153.16	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 1b, or any other law
153.17	to the contrary, the city of Richfield and the Housing and Redevelopment Authority in and
153.18	for the city of Richfield may elect to extend the duration limit of the redevelopment tax
153.19	increment financing district known as the Cedar Avenue Tax Increment Financing District
153.20	established by Laws 2005, chapter 152, article 2, section 25, by ten years.
153.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon compliance by the city of Richfield,
153.22	Hennepin County, and Independent School District No. 280 with the requirements of
153.23	Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782, subdivision 2, and 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
153.24	Sec. 15. CITY OF RICHFIELD; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING; FIVE-YEAR
153.25	RULE EXTENSION.
153.26	The requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that activities
153.27	must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of a tax increment
153.28	financing district, are considered to be met for the Lyndale Gardens Tax Increment Financing
153.29	District established by the city of Richfield and the housing and redevelopment authority
153.30	in and for the city of Richfield if the activities are undertaken within seven years from the
153.31	date of certification.

154.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the city of Richfield's compliance
154.2	with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782, subdivision 2, and 645.021,
154.3	subdivisions 2 and 3.
154.4	Sec. 16. CITY OF ST. LOUIS PARK; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING; POOLING
154.5	PERCENTAGE INCREASE.
154.6	For purposes of the Elmwood Village Tax Increment Financing District in the city of
154.7	St. Louis Park, including the duration extension authorized by Laws 2009, chapter 88, article
154.8	5, section 19, the permitted percentage of increments that may be expended on activities
154.9	outside the district under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, is increased
154.10	to 30 percent for the district.
154.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon compliance by the governing body
154.12	of the city of St. Louis Park with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
154.13	subdivision 3.
154.14	Sec. 17. CITY OF ST. PAUL; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING; FORD SITE
154.15	REDEVELOPMENT.
154.16	(a) For purposes of computing the duration limits under Minnesota Statutes, section
154.17	469.176, subdivision 1b, the housing and redevelopment authority of the city of St. Paul
154.18	may waive receipt of increment for the Ford Site Redevelopment Tax Increment Financing
154.19	District. This authority is limited to the first four years of increment or increments derived
154.20	from taxes payable in 2023, whichever occurs first.
154.21	(b) If the city elects to waive receipt of increment under paragraph (a), for purposes of
154.22	applying any limits based on when the district was certified under Minnesota Statutes,
154.23	section 469.176, subdivision 6, or 469.1763, the date of certification for the district is deemed
154.24	to be January 2 of the property tax assessment year for which increment is first received
154.25	under the waiver.
154.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2017, without local approval
154.27	under Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023, subdivision 1, paragraph (a).
154.28	Sec. 18. WASHINGTON COUNTY; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING; SPECIAL
154.29	RULES AUTHORIZATION.
154.30	(a) If Washington County elects, upon the adoption of a tax increment financing plan
154.31	for a district, the rules under this section apply to one or more tax increment financing

155.1	districts established by the county or the community development agency of the county.
155.2	The area within which the tax increment districts may be created is located in the city of
155.3	Newport and is south of marked Interstate Highway 494, north of 15th Street extended to
155.4	the Mississippi River, east of the Mississippi River, and west of marked Trunk Highway
155.5	61 and the adjacent rights-of-way and shall be referred to as the "Newport Red Rock Crossing
155.6	Project Area" or "project area."
155.7	(b) The requirements for qualifying a redevelopment district under Minnesota Statutes,
155.8	section 469.174, subdivision 10, do not apply to the parcels identified by parcel identification
155.9	numbers: 2602822440051, 260282244050, 260282244049, 260282244048, 2602822440046,
155.10	2602822440045, 260282244044, 2602822440043, 2602822440026, 2602822440025,
155.11	260282244024, and 2602822440023, which are deemed substandard for the purpose of
155.12	qualifying the district as a redevelopment district.
155.13	(c) Increments spent outside a district shall only be spent within the project area and on
155.14	costs described in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j.
155.15	(d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763,
155.16	subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 30 percent of the total revenue derived from tax
155.17	increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be
155.18	expended on activities outside the district but within the project area. The five-year rule
155.19	under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, applies as if the limit is nine
155.20	<u>years.</u>
155.21	(e) The authority to approve a tax increment financing plan and to establish a tax
155.22	increment financing district under this section expires December 31, 2027.
155.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective and shall retroactively include the
155.24	redevelopment district in the project area approved by Washington County on November
155.25	8, 2016, upon approval by the governing body of the city of Newport and Washington
155.26	County and upon compliance by the county with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
155.27	subdivision 3.
155.28	ARTICLE 7
155.29	PUBLIC FINANCE
155.30	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 366.095, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
155.31	Subdivision 1. Certificates of indebtedness. The town board may issue certificates of
155.32	indebtedness within the debt limits for a town purpose otherwise authorized by law. The
155.33	certificates shall be payable in not more than ten years and be issued on the terms and in

156.2

156.3

156.4

156.5

156.6

156.7

156.8

156.9

156.10

156.11

156.12

156.13

156.14

156.15

156.28

156.31

the manner as the board may determine, provided that notes issued for projects that eliminate R-22, as defined in section 240A.09, paragraph (b), clause (2), must be payable in not more than 20 years. If the amount of the certificates to be issued exceeds 0.25 percent of the estimated market value of the town, they shall not be issued for at least ten days after publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the town of the board's resolution determining to issue them. If within that time, a petition asking for an election on the proposition signed by voters equal to ten percent of the number of voters at the last regular town election is filed with the clerk, the certificates shall not be issued until their issuance has been approved by a majority of the votes cast on the question at a regular or special election. A tax levy shall be made to pay the principal and interest on the certificates as in the case of bonds.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 383B.117, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Equipment acquisition; capital notes. The board may, by resolution and without public referendum, issue capital notes within existing debt limits for the purpose of purchasing ambulance and other medical equipment, road construction or maintenance equipment, public safety equipment and other capital equipment having an expected useful 156.16 life at least equal to the term of the notes issued. The notes shall be payable in not more 156.17 than ten years and shall be issued on terms and in a manner as the board determines, provided 156.18 156.19 that notes issued for projects that eliminate R-22, as defined in section 240A.09, paragraph (b), clause (2), must be payable in not more than 20 years. The total principal amount of 156.20 the notes issued for any fiscal year shall not exceed one percent of the total annual budget 156.21 for that year and shall be issued solely for the purchases authorized in this subdivision. A 156.22 tax levy shall be made for the payment of the principal and interest on such notes as in the 156.23 case of bonds. For purposes of this subdivision, "equipment" includes computer hardware 156.24 and software, whether bundled with machinery or equipment or unbundled. For purposes 156.25 of this subdivision, the term "medical equipment" includes computer hardware and software 156.26 and other intellectual property for use in medical diagnosis, medical procedures, research, 156.27 record keeping, billing, and other hospital applications, together with application development services and training related to the use of the computer hardware and software and other 156.29 intellectual property, all without regard to their useful life. For purposes of determining the 156.30 amount of capital notes which the county may issue in any year, the budget of the county and Hennepin Healthcare System, Inc. shall be combined and the notes issuable under this 156.32 subdivision shall be in addition to obligations issuable under section 373.01, subdivision 156.33 156.34

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 410.32, is amended to read: 157.1

410.32 CITIES MAY ISSUE CAPITAL NOTES FOR CAPITAL EQUIPMENT.

REVISOR

- (a) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of other law or charter, a home rule charter 157.3 city may, by resolution and without public referendum, issue capital notes subject to the 157.4 157.5 city debt limit to purchase capital equipment.
- (b) For purposes of this section, "capital equipment" means: 157.6
- 157.7 (1) public safety equipment, ambulance and other medical equipment, road construction and maintenance equipment, and other capital equipment; and 157.8
- 157.9 (2) computer hardware and software, whether bundled with machinery or equipment or unbundled, together with application development services and training related to the use 157.10 of the computer hardware and software. 157.11
- (c) The equipment or software must have an expected useful life at least as long as the 157.12 term of the notes. 157.13
- (d) The notes shall be payable in not more than ten years and be issued on terms and in 157.14 the manner the city determines, provided that notes issued for projects that eliminate R-22, 157.15 as defined in section 240A.09, paragraph (b), clause (2), must be payable in not more than 157.16 20 years. The total principal amount of the capital notes issued in a fiscal year shall not 157.17 exceed 0.03 percent of the estimated market value of taxable property in the city for that 157.18 157.19 year.
- (e) A tax levy shall be made for the payment of the principal and interest on the notes, 157.20 in accordance with section 475.61, as in the case of bonds. 157.21
- 157.22 (f) Notes issued under this section shall require an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the governing body of the city. 157.23
- 157.24 (g) Notwithstanding a contrary provision of other law or charter, a home rule charter city may also issue capital notes subject to its debt limit in the manner and subject to the 157.25 limitations applicable to statutory cities pursuant to section 412.301. 157.26
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 412.301, is amended to read: 157.27

412.301 FINANCING PURCHASE OF CERTAIN EQUIPMENT. 157.28

- (a) The council may issue certificates of indebtedness or capital notes subject to the city 157.29 157.30 debt limits to purchase capital equipment.
- (b) For purposes of this section, "capital equipment" means: 157.31

158.2

158.3

158.4

158.5

158.6

158.7

158.8

158.9

158.10

158.11

158.12

158.13

158.14

158.15

158.17

158.18

158.19

158.20

158.21

- (1) public safety equipment, ambulance and other medical equipment, road construction and maintenance equipment, and other capital equipment; and
- (2) computer hardware and software, whether bundled with machinery or equipment or unbundled, together with application development services and training related to the use of the computer hardware or software.
- (c) The equipment or software must have an expected useful life at least as long as the terms of the certificates or notes.
- (d) Such certificates or notes shall be payable in not more than ten years and shall be issued on such terms and in such manner as the council may determine, provided, however, that notes issued for projects that eliminate R-22, as defined in section 240A.09, paragraph (b), clause (2), must be payable in not more than 20 years.
- (e) If the amount of the certificates or notes to be issued to finance any such purchase exceeds 0.25 percent of the estimated market value of taxable property in the city, they shall not be issued for at least ten days after publication in the official newspaper of a council resolution determining to issue them; and if before the end of that time, a petition asking for an election on the proposition signed by voters equal to ten percent of the number of 158.16 voters at the last regular municipal election is filed with the clerk, such certificates or notes shall not be issued until the proposition of their issuance has been approved by a majority of the votes cast on the question at a regular or special election.
 - (f) A tax levy shall be made for the payment of the principal and interest on such certificates or notes, in accordance with section 475.61, as in the case of bonds.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 469.034, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 158.22
- Subd. 2. **General obligation revenue bonds.** (a) An authority may pledge the general 158.23 obligation of the general jurisdiction governmental unit as additional security for bonds 158.24 payable from income or revenues of the project or the authority. The authority must find 158.25 that the pledged revenues will equal or exceed 110 percent of the principal and interest due 158.26 on the bonds for each year. The proceeds of the bonds must be used for a qualified housing 158.27 development project or projects. The obligations must be issued and sold in the manner and 158.28 following the procedures provided by chapter 475, except the obligations are not subject to 158 29 approval by the electors, and the maturities may extend to not more than 35 years for 158.30 obligations sold to finance housing for the elderly and 40 years for other obligations issued 158.31 under this subdivision. The authority is the municipality for purposes of chapter 475.

Article 7 Sec. 5.

159.2

159.3

159.4

159.5

159.6

159.7

159.8

159.9

159.10

159.11

159.12

159.13

159.14

159.15

159.16

159.17

159.18

159.19

159.20

159.21

159.22

159.23

159.24

159.25

159.26

159.28

159.29

159.30

159.31

- (b) The principal amount of the issue must be approved by the governing body of the general jurisdiction governmental unit whose general obligation is pledged. Public hearings must be held on issuance of the obligations by both the authority and the general jurisdiction governmental unit. The hearings must be held at least 15 days, but not more than 120 days, before the sale of the obligations.
- (c) The maximum amount of general obligation bonds that may be issued and outstanding under this section equals the greater of (1) one-half of one percent of the estimated market value of the general jurisdiction governmental unit whose general obligation is pledged, or (2) \$3,000,000 \$5,000,000. In the case of county or multicounty general obligation bonds, the outstanding general obligation bonds of all cities in the county or counties issued under this subdivision must be added in calculating the limit under clause (1).
- (d) "General jurisdiction governmental unit" means the city in which the housing development project is located. In the case of a county or multicounty authority, the county or counties may act as the general jurisdiction governmental unit. In the case of a multicounty authority, the pledge of the general obligation is a pledge of a tax on the taxable property in each of the counties.
- (e) "Qualified housing development project" means a housing development project providing housing either for the elderly or for individuals and families with incomes not greater than 80 percent of the median family income as estimated by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development for the standard metropolitan statistical area or the nonmetropolitan county in which the project is located. The project must be owned for the term of the bonds either by the authority or by a limited partnership or other entity in which the authority or another entity under the sole control of the authority is the sole general partner and the partnership or other entity must receive (1) an allocation from the Department of Management and Budget or an entitlement issuer of tax-exempt bonding authority for the project and a preliminary determination by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency or the applicable suballocator of tax credits that the project will qualify for four percent low-income housing tax credits or (2) a reservation of nine percent low-income housing tax credits from the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency or a suballocator of tax credits for the project. A qualified housing development project may admit nonelderly individuals and families with higher incomes if:
- (1) three years have passed since initial occupancy;

160.2

160.3

160.4

160.5

160.6

160.7

160.8

160.9

160.10

- (2) the authority finds the project is experiencing unanticipated vacancies resulting in insufficient revenues, because of changes in population or other unforeseen circumstances that occurred after the initial finding of adequate revenues; and
- (3) the authority finds a tax levy or payment from general assets of the general jurisdiction governmental unit will be necessary to pay debt service on the bonds if higher income individuals or families are not admitted.
- (f) The authority may issue bonds to refund bonds issued under this subdivision in accordance with section 475.67. The finding of the adequacy of pledged revenues required by paragraph (a) and the public hearing required by paragraph (b) shall not apply to the issuance of refunding bonds. This paragraph applies to refunding bonds issued on and after July 1, 1992.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 469.101, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** An economic development authority may create and define the boundaries of economic development districts at any place or places within the city, except that the district boundaries must be contiguous, and may use the powers granted in sections 469.090 to 469.108 to carry out its purposes. First the authority must hold a public hearing on the matter. At least ten days before the hearing, the authority shall publish notice of the hearing in a daily newspaper of general circulation in the city. Also, the authority shall find that an economic development district is proper and desirable to establish and develop within the city.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 475.58, subdivision 3b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3b. **Street reconstruction and bituminous overlays.** (a) A municipality may, without regard to the election requirement under subdivision 1, issue and sell obligations for street reconstruction or bituminous overlays, if the following conditions are met:
- (1) the streets are reconstructed or overlaid under a street reconstruction or overlay plan that describes the street reconstruction or overlay to be financed, the estimated costs, and any planned reconstruction or overlay of other streets in the municipality over the next five years, and the plan and issuance of the obligations has been approved by a vote of all a majority of the members of the governing body present at the meeting following a public hearing for which notice has been published in the official newspaper at least ten days but not more than 28 days prior to the hearing; and

161.2

161.3

161.4

161.5

161.6

161.7

161.8

161.9

161.10

161.11

161.12

161.13

161.14

161.15

161.17

161 18

161.19

161.20

161.21

161.22

161.23

161.24

- (2) if a petition requesting a vote on the issuance is signed by voters equal to five percent of the votes cast in the last municipal general election and is filed with the municipal clerk within 30 days of the public hearing, the municipality may issue the bonds only after obtaining the approval of a majority of the voters voting on the question of the issuance of the obligations. If the municipality elects not to submit the question to the voters, the municipality shall not propose the issuance of bonds under this section for the same purpose and in the same amount for a period of 365 days from the date of receipt of the petition. If the question of issuing the bonds is submitted and not approved by the voters, the provisions of section 475.58, subdivision 1a, shall apply.
- (b) Obligations issued under this subdivision are subject to the debt limit of the municipality and are not excluded from net debt under section 475.51, subdivision 4.
- (c) For purposes of this subdivision, street reconstruction and bituminous overlays includes utility replacement and relocation and other activities incidental to the street reconstruction, turn lanes and other improvements having a substantial public safety function, realignments, other modifications to intersect with state and county roads, and the local share of state and county road projects. For purposes of this subdivision, "street reconstruction" includes expenditures for street reconstruction that have been incurred by a municipality before approval of a street reconstruction plan, if such expenditures are included in a street reconstruction plan approved on or before the date of the public hearing under paragraph (a), clause (1), regarding issuance of bonds for such expenditures.
- (d) Except in the case of turn lanes, safety improvements, realignments, intersection modifications, and the local share of state and county road projects, street reconstruction and bituminous overlays does not include the portion of project cost allocable to widening a street or adding curbs and gutters where none previously existed.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 475.60, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Requirements waived.** The requirements as to public sale shall not apply:
- (1) to obligations issued under the provisions of a home rule charter or of a law specifically authorizing a different method of sale, or authorizing them to be issued in such manner or on such terms and conditions as the governing body may determine;
- 161.30 (2) to obligations sold by an issuer in an amount not exceeding the total sum of \$1,200,000 in any 12-month period;

162.1	(3) to obligations issued by a governing body other than a school board in anticipation
162.2	of the collection of taxes or other revenues appropriated for expenditure in a single year, if
162.3	sold in accordance with the most favorable of two or more proposals solicited privately;
162.4	(4) to obligations sold to any board, department, or agency of the United States of
162.5	America or of the state of Minnesota, in accordance with rules or regulations promulgated
162.6	by such board, department, or agency;
162.7	(5) to obligations issued to fund pension and retirement fund liabilities under section
162.8	475.52, subdivision 6, obligations issued with tender options under section 475.54,
162.9	subdivision 5a, crossover refunding obligations referred to in section 475.67, subdivision
162.10	13, and any issue of obligations comprised in whole or in part of obligations bearing interest
162.11	at a rate or rates which vary periodically referred to in section 475.56;
162.12	(6) to obligations to be issued for a purpose, in a manner, and upon terms and conditions
162.13	authorized by law, if the governing body of the municipality, on the advice of bond counsel
162.14	or special tax counsel, determines that interest on the obligations cannot be represented to
162.15	be excluded from gross income for purposes of federal income taxation;
162.16	(7) to obligations issued in the form of an installment purchase contract, lease purchase
162.17	agreement, or other similar agreement;
162.18	(8) to obligations sold under a bond reinvestment program; and
162.19	(9) if the municipality has retained an independent financial advisor municipal adviser,
162.20	obligations which the governing body determines shall be sold by private negotiation.
162.21	ARTICLE 8
162.22	MISCELLANEOUS
162.23	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 287.08, is amended to read:
162.24	287.08 TAX, HOW PAYABLE; RECEIPTS.
162.25	(a) The tax imposed by sections 287.01 to 287.12 must be paid to the treasurer of any
162.26	county in this state in which the real property or some part is located at or before the time
162.27	of filing the mortgage for record. The treasurer shall endorse receipt on the mortgage and
162.28	the receipt is conclusive proof that the tax has been paid in the amount stated and authorizes
162.29	any county recorder or registrar of titles to record the mortgage. Its form, in substance, shall
162.30	be "registration tax hereon of dollars paid." If the mortgage is exempt from
162.31	taxation the endorsement shall, in substance, be "exempt from registration tax." In either

case the receipt must be signed by the treasurer. In case the treasurer is unable to determine

163.2

163.3

163.4

163.5

163.6

163.7

163.8

163.9

163.10

163.11

163.13

163.14

163.15

163.16

163.17

163 18

163.19

163.20

163.21

163.22

163.25

163.26

163.27

163.28

163.29

163.30

163.31

163.32

163.33

163.34

163.35

whether a claim of exemption should be allowed, the tax must be paid as in the case of a taxable mortgage. For documents submitted electronically, the endorsements and tax amount shall be affixed electronically and no signature by the treasurer will be required. The actual payment method must be arranged in advance between the submitter and the receiving county.

- (b) The county treasurer may refund in whole or in part any mortgage registry tax overpayment if a written application by the taxpayer is submitted to the county treasurer within 3-1/2 years from the date of the overpayment. If the county has not issued a denial of the application, the taxpayer may bring an action in Tax Court in the county in which the tax was paid at any time after the expiration of six months from the time that the application was submitted. A denial of refund may be appealed within 60 days from the date of the denial by bringing an action in Tax Court in the county in which the tax was paid. The action is commenced by the serving of a petition for relief on the county treasurer, and by filing a copy with the court. The county attorney shall defend the action. The county treasurer shall notify the treasurer of each county that has or would receive a portion of the tax as paid.
- (c) If the county treasurer determines a refund should be paid, or if a refund is ordered by the court, the county treasurer of each county that actually received a portion of the tax shall immediately pay a proportionate share of three percent of the refund using any available county funds. The county treasurer of each county that received, or would have received, a portion of the tax shall also pay their county's proportionate share of the remaining 97 percent of the court-ordered refund on or before the 20th day of the following month using solely the mortgage registry tax funds that would be paid to the commissioner of revenue on that date under section 287.12. If the funds on hand under this procedure are insufficient to fully fund 97 percent of the court-ordered refund, the county treasurer of the county in which the action was brought shall file a claim with the commissioner of revenue under section 16A.48 for the remaining portion of 97 percent of the refund, and shall pay over the remaining portion upon receipt of a warrant from the state issued pursuant to the claim.
- (d) When any mortgage covers real property located in more than one county in this state the total tax must be paid to the treasurer of the county where the mortgage is first presented for recording, and the payment must be receipted as provided in paragraph (a). If the principal debt or obligation secured by such a multiple county mortgage exceeds \$10,000,000, the tax collected shall be forwarded by the county treasurer receiving it to the commissioner of revenue and the nonstate portion of the tax must be divided and paid over by the county treasurer receiving it commissioner of revenue, on or before the 20th day of

164.2

164.3

164.4

164.5

164.6

164.7

164.8

164.9

164.10

164.11

164.13

164.14

164.15

each month after receipt, to the county or counties entitled in the ratio that the estimated market value of the real property covered by the mortgage in each county bears to the estimated market value of all the real property in this state described in the mortgage. In making the division and payment the eounty treasurer commissioner of revenue shall send a statement giving the description of the real property described in the mortgage and the estimated market value of the part located in each county. For this purpose, the treasurer of any county commissioner of revenue may require the treasurer of any other county to certify to the former the estimated market value of any tract of real property in any mortgage in the county.

- (e) The mortgagor must pay the tax imposed by sections 287.01 to 287.12. The mortgagee may undertake to collect and remit the tax on behalf of the mortgagor. If the mortgagee collects money from the mortgagor to remit the tax on behalf of the mortgagor, the mortgagee has a fiduciary duty to remit the tax on behalf of the mortgagor as to the amount of the tax collected for that purpose and the mortgagor is relieved of any further obligation to pay the tax as to the amount collected by the mortgagee for this purpose.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 295.53, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Exemptions.** (a) The following payments are excluded from the gross revenues subject to the hospital, surgical center, or health care provider taxes under sections 295.50 to 295.59:
- (1) payments received for services provided under the Medicare program, including payments received from the government, and organizations governed by sections 1833 and 1876 of title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395, and enrollee deductibles, coinsurance, and co-payments, whether paid by the Medicare enrollee or by a Medicare supplemental coverage as defined in section 62A.011, subdivision 3, clause (10), or by Medicaid payments under title XIX of the federal Social Security Act. Payments for services not covered by Medicare are taxable;
- (2) payments received for home health care services;
- (3) payments received from hospitals or surgical centers for goods and services on which liability for tax is imposed under section 295.52 or the source of funds for the payment is exempt under clause (1), (7), (10), or (14);
- 164.31 (4) payments received from health care providers for goods and services on which 164.32 liability for tax is imposed under this chapter or the source of funds for the payment is 164.33 exempt under clause (1), (7), (10), or (14);

165.1	(5) amounts paid for legend drugs, other than nutritional products and blood and blood
165.2	components, to a wholesale drug distributor who is subject to tax under section 295.52,
165.3	subdivision 3, reduced by reimbursements received for legend drugs otherwise exempt
165.4	under this chapter;
165.5	(6) payments received by a health care provider or the wholly owned subsidiary of a
165.6	health care provider for care provided outside Minnesota;
165.7	(7) payments received from the chemical dependency fund under chapter 254B;
165.8	(8) payments received in the nature of charitable donations that are not designated for
165.9	providing patient services to a specific individual or group;
165.10	(9) payments received for providing patient services incurred through a formal program
165.11	of health care research conducted in conformity with federal regulations governing research
165.12	on human subjects. Payments received from patients or from other persons paying on behalf
165.13	of the patients are subject to tax;
165.14	(10) payments received from any governmental agency for services benefiting the public,
165.15	not including payments made by the government in its capacity as an employer or insurer
165.16	or payments made by the government for services provided under general assistance medical
165.17	care, the MinnesotaCare program, or the medical assistance program governed by title XIX
165.18	of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, sections 1396 to 1396v;
165.19	(11) government payments received by the commissioner of human services for
165.20	state-operated services;
165.21	(12) payments received by a health care provider for hearing aids and related equipment
165.22	or prescription eyewear delivered outside of Minnesota;
165.23	(13) payments received by an educational institution from student tuition, student activity
165.24	fees, health care service fees, government appropriations, donations, or grants, and for
165.25	services identified in and provided under an individualized education program as defined
165.26	in section 256B.0625 or Code of Federal Regulations, chapter 34, section 300.340(a). Fee
165.27	for service payments and payments for extended coverage are taxable;
165.28	(14) payments received under the federal Employees Health Benefits Act, United States
165.29	Code, title 5, section 8909(f), as amended by the Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1990.
165.30	Enrollee deductibles, coinsurance, and co-payments are subject to tax; and

165.31

165.33 to tax.

title 32, section 199.17(a)(7). Enrollee deductibles, coinsurance, and co-payments are subject

(15) payments received under the federal Tricare program, Code of Federal Regulations,

166.1	(b) Payments received by wholesale drug distributors for legend drugs sold directly to
166.2	veterinarians or veterinary bulk purchasing organizations are excluded from the gross
166.3	revenues subject to the wholesale drug distributor tax under sections 295.50 to 295.59.
166.4	(c) Supplemental or enhanced payments authorized under section 256B.19, subdivision
166.5	1c, 256B.196, or 256B.197 are excluded from gross revenues subject to the tax under sections
166.6	295.50 to 295.59.
166.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for gross revenues received
166.8	on or after July 1, 2016.
166.9	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.01, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
166.10	Subd. 7. Aviation gasoline. "Aviation gasoline" means any gasoline that is eapable of
166.11	use for the purpose of producing or generating used to produce or generate power for
166.12	propelling internal combustion engine aircraft, that meets the specifications in ASTM
166.13	specification D910-11, and that either.
166.14	Aviation gasoline includes any gasoline:
166.15	(1) is invoiced and billed by a producer, manufacturer, refiner, or blender to a distributor
166.16	or dealer, by a distributor to a dealer or consumer, or by a dealer to consumer, as "aviation
166.17	gasoline" that meets specifications in ASTM specification D910-16 or any other ASTM
166.18	specification as gasoline appropriate for use in producing or generating power for propelling
166.19	internal combustion engine aircraft; or
166.20	(2) whether or not invoiced and billed as provided in clause (1), is received, sold, stored,
166.21	or withdrawn from storage by any person, to be used for the purpose of producing or
166.22	generating power for propelling internal combustion engine aircraft sold to a dealer of
166.23	aviation gasoline for dispensing directly into the fuel tank of an aircraft.
166.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment except
166.25	that the change to clause (2) is effective for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2017.
166.26	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.01, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
166.27	Subd. 12. Compressed natural gas or CNG. "Compressed natural gas" or "CNG"
166.28	means natural gas, primarily methane, condensed under high pressure and stored in specially
166.29	designed storage tanks at between 2,000 and 3,600 pounds per square inch. For purposes
166.30	of this chapter, the energy content of CNG is considered to be 1,000 900 BTUs per cubic
166.31	foot.

	HF4 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT RE	VISOR	EAP	UEH0004-1
167.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective of the section of the section is effective.	ective for	sales and purchases n	nade after June
167.2	30, 2017.			
167.3		96A.01, 1s	amended by adding a	subdivision to
167.4	read:			
167.5	Subd. 13a. Dealer of aviation gasoline. "	Dealer of	aviation gasoline" me	ans any person
167.6	who sells gasoline on the premises of an airpor	rt as define	ed under section 360.0	13, subdivision
167.7	39, to be dispensed directly into the fuel tank	of an aire	eraft.	
167.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective in the section is effective.	ective for	sales and purchases n	nade after June
167.9	30, 2017.			
167.10	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 29	96A.07, sı	ibdivision 4, is amen	ded to read:
167.11	Subd. 4. Exemptions. The provisions of	subdivisio	on 1 do not apply to g	asoline or
167.12	2 denatured ethanol purchased by:			
167.13	3 (1) a transit system or transit provider red	ceiving fin	ancial assistance or r	eimbursement
167.14	4 under section 174.24, 256B.0625, subdivision	on 17, or 4	73.384;	
167.15	5 (2) providers of transportation to recipier	nts of med	ical assistance home	and
167.16	6 community-based services waivers enrolled	in day pro	grams, including adu	ılt day care,
167.17	7 family adult day care, day treatment and habi	litation, pr	revocational services,	and structured
167.18	8 day services;			
167.19	9 (3) an ambulance service licensed under	chapter 14	4E;	
167.20	(4) providers of medical or dental service	es by a fed	erally qualified healt	h center, as
167.21	defined under title 19 of the Social Security A	ct, as amer	nded by Section 4161	of the Omnibus
167.22	Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990, with a n	notor vehic	cle used exclusively a	as a mobile
167.23	medical unit; or			
167.24	(5) a licensed distributor to be delivered	to a termir	nal for use in blending	<u>g; or</u>
167.25	(6) a dealer of aviation gasoline, but only	to the ext	ent that the gasoline	is intended to
167.26	be dispensed directly into the fuel tank of an	aircraft.		
167 27	27 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effort	ective for	sales and nurchases n	nade after Iune

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.08, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 167.29

Subd. 2. Rate of tax. The special fuel excise tax is imposed at the following rates: 167.30

167.28 <u>30, 2017.</u>

- (a) Liquefied petroleum gas or propane is taxed at the rate of 18.75 cents per gallon.
- (b) Liquefied natural gas is taxed at the rate of 15 cents per gallon.
- (c) Compressed natural gas is taxed at the rate of \$2.174 \$1.974 per thousand cubic feet; or 25 cents per gasoline equivalent. For purposes of this paragraph, "gasoline equivalent," as defined by the National Conference on Weights and Measures, is 5.66 pounds of natural gas or 126.67 cubic feet.
- (d) All other special fuel is taxed at the same rate as the gasoline excise tax as specified in section 296A.07, subdivision 2. The tax is payable in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner.
- 168.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 168.11 30, 2017.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Monthly gasoline report; shrinkage allowance.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (e), on or before the 23rd day of each month, every person who is required to pay a gasoline tax shall file with the commissioner a report, in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, showing the number of gallons of petroleum products received by the reporter during the preceding calendar month, and other information the commissioner may require. A written report is deemed to have been filed as required in this subdivision if postmarked on or before the 23rd day of the month in which the tax is payable.
 - (b) The number of gallons of gasoline must be reported in United States standard liquid gallons, 231 cubic inches, except that the commissioner may upon written application and for cause shown permit the distributor to report the number of gallons of gasoline as corrected to a temperature of 60-degrees Fahrenheit. If the application is granted, all gasoline covered in the application and allowed by the commissioner must continue to be reported by the distributor on the adjusted basis for a period of one year from the date of the granting of the application. The number of gallons of petroleum products other than gasoline must be reported as originally invoiced. Each report must show separately the number of gallons of aviation gasoline received by the reporter during each calendar month and the number of gallons of gasoline sold to a dealer of aviation gasoline during each calendar month.
 - (c) Each report must also include the amount of gasoline tax on gasoline received by the reporter during the preceding month. In computing the tax a deduction of 2.5 percent of the quantity of gasoline received by a distributor shall be made for evaporation and loss.

168.14

168.15

168.16

168.17

168.18

168.19

168.20

168.21

168.22

168.23

168.24

168.25

168.26

168.27

168.28

168.29

168.30

168.31

At the time of reporting, the reporter shall submit satisfactory evidence that one-third of the 2.5 percent deduction has been credited or paid to dealers on quantities sold to them.

- 169.3 (d) Each report shall contain a confession of judgment for the amount of the tax shown due to the extent not timely paid.
- 169.5 (e) Under certain circumstances and with the approval of the commissioner, taxpayers
 169.6 may be allowed to file reports annually.
- 169.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 169.8 30, 2017.
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.15, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Failure to use or sell for intended purpose; report required. (a) Any person 169.10 who buys aviation gasoline, including from a dealer of aviation gasoline, or special fuel for 169.11 aircraft use, and who has paid the excise taxes due directly or indirectly through the amount 169.12 169.13 of the tax being included in the price, or otherwise, and uses said gasoline or special fuel in motor vehicles or knowingly sells it to any person for use in motor vehicles shall, on or 169.14 before the 23rd day of the month following that in which such gasoline or special fuel was 169.15 so used or sold, report the fact of the use or sale to the commissioner in the form and manner 169.16 prescribed by the commissioner. 169.17
- 169.18 (b) Any person who buys gasoline other than aviation gasoline and who has paid the motor vehicle gasoline excise tax directly or indirectly through the amount of the tax being 169.19 included in the price of the gasoline, or otherwise, who knowingly sells such gasoline to 169.20 any person to be used for the purpose of producing or generating power for propelling 169.21 aircraft, or who receives, stores, or withdraws from storage gasoline to be used for that 169.22 purpose, shall, on or before the 23rd day of the month following that in which such gasoline 169.23 was so sold, stored, or withdrawn from storage, report the fact of the sale, storage, or 169.24 withdrawal from storage to the commissioner in the form and manner prescribed by the 169.25 commissioner. 169.26
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2017.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Fuel used in other vehicle; claim for refund.** Any person who buys and uses gasoline for a qualifying purpose other than use in motor vehicles, snowmobiles except as provided in clause (2), or motorboats, or special fuel for a qualifying purpose other than

170.2

170.3

170.4

170.5

170.6

170.7

170.8

170.9

170.10

170.11

170.12

170.13

170.14

170.15

170.16

170.24

170.25

170.26

170.27

use in licensed motor vehicles, and who paid the tax directly or indirectly through the amount of the tax being included in the price of the gasoline or special fuel, or otherwise, shall be reimbursed and repaid the amount of the tax paid upon filing with the commissioner a claim for refund in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, and containing the information the commissioner shall require. By signing any such claim which is false or fraudulent, the applicant shall be subject to the penalties provided in this chapter for knowingly making a false claim. The claim shall set forth the total amount of the gasoline so purchased and used by the applicant other than in motor vehicles, or special fuel purchased and used by the applicant other than in licensed motor vehicles, and shall state when and for what purpose it was used. When a claim contains an error in computation or preparation, the commissioner is authorized to adjust the claim in accordance with the evidence shown on the claim or other information available to the commissioner. The commissioner, on being satisfied that the claimant is entitled to the payments, shall approve the claim and transmit it to the commissioner of management and budget. The words "gasoline" or "special fuel" as used in this subdivision do not include aviation gasoline or special fuel for aircraft. Gasoline or special fuel bought and used for a "qualifying purpose" means:

- (1) Gasoline or special fuel used in carrying on a trade or business, used on a farm situated in Minnesota, and used for a farming purpose. "Farm" and "farming purpose" have the meanings given them in section 6420(c)(2), (3), and (4) of the Internal Revenue Code as defined in section 289A.02, subdivision 7.
- (2) Gasoline or special fuel used for off-highway business use.
- 170.22 (i) "Off-highway business use" means any use off the public highway by a person in 170.23 that person's trade, business, or activity for the production of income.
 - (ii) Off-highway business use includes use of a passenger snowmobile off the public highways as part of the operations of a resort as defined in section 157.15, subdivision 11; and use of gasoline or special fuel to operate a power takeoff unit on a vehicle, but not including fuel consumed during idling time.
- (iii) Off-highway business use does not include use as a fuel in a motor vehicle which, at the time of use, is registered or is required to be registered for highway use under the laws of any state or foreign country; or use of a licensed motor vehicle fuel tank in lieu of a separate storage tank for storing fuel to be used for a qualifying purpose, as defined in this section. Fuel purchased to be used for a qualifying purpose cannot be placed in the fuel tank of a licensed motor vehicle and must be stored in a separate supply tank.

(3) Gasoline or special fuel placed in the fuel tanks of new motor vehicles, manufactured 171.1 in Minnesota, and shipped by interstate carrier to destinations in other states or foreign 171.2 171.3 countries.

- (4) Special fuel used in one of the following: 171.4
- 171.5 (i) to power a refrigeration unit mounted on a licensed motor vehicle, provided that the unit has an engine separate from the one used to propel the vehicle and the fuel is used 171.6 exclusively for the unit; 171.7
- 171.8 (ii) to power an unlicensed motor vehicle that is used solely or primarily to move semitrailers within a cargo yard, warehouse facility, or intermodal facility; or 171.9
- (iii) to operate a power take-off unit or auxiliary engine in or on a licensed motor vehicle, 171.10 whether or not the unit or engine is fueled from the same or a different fuel tank as that 171.11 from which the motor vehicle is fueled. 171.12
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 171.13 30, 2017. 171.14
- 171.15 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.17, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Refund on graduated basis. Any person who has directly or indirectly paid 171.16 the excise tax on aviation gasoline or special fuel for aircraft use provided for by this chapter 171.17 and has either paid the airflight property tax under section 270.072 or is an aerial applicator 171.18 with a category B, general aerial license, under section 18B.33, shall, as to all such aviation 171.19 gasoline and special fuel received, stored, or withdrawn from storage by the person in this 171.20 state in any calendar year and not sold or otherwise disposed of to others, or intended for 171.21 sale or other disposition to others, on which such tax has been so paid, be entitled to the 171.22 following graduated reductions in such tax for that calendar year, to be obtained by means 171.23 of the following refunds: 171.24
- (1) on each gallon of such aviation gasoline or special fuel up to 50,000 gallons, all but 171.25 five cents per gallon; 171.26
- (2) on each gallon of such aviation gasoline or special fuel above 50,000 gallons and 171.27 not more than 150,000 gallons, all but two cents per gallon; 171.28
- (3) on each gallon of such aviation gasoline or special fuel above 150,000 gallons and 171.29 not more than 200,000 gallons, all but one cent per gallon; 171.30
- (4) on each gallon of such aviation gasoline or special fuel above 200,000, all but one-half 171.31 cent per gallon. 171.32

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 172.1 30, 2017. 172.2

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.19, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 172.3
- Subdivision 1. Retention. All distributors, dealers, special fuel dealers, bulk purchasers, 172.4
- dealers of aviation gasoline, and all users of special fuel shall keep a true and accurate record 172.5
- of all purchases, transfers, sales, and use of petroleum products and special fuel, including 172.6
- copies of all sales tickets issued, in a form and manner approved by the commissioner, and 172.7
- shall retain all such records for 3-1/2 years. 172.8
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 172.9 30, 2017. 172.10
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.68, subdivision 19, is amended to read: 172.11
- Subd. 19. **Petroleum products.** The following petroleum products are exempt: 172 12
- (1) products upon which a tax has been imposed and paid under chapter 296A, and for 172.13
- which no refund has been or will be allowed because the buyer used the fuel for nonhighway 172.14
- use; 172.15
- (2) products that are used in the improvement of agricultural land by constructing, 172.16
- maintaining, and repairing drainage ditches, tile drainage systems, grass waterways, water 172.17
- impoundment, and other erosion control structures; 172.18
- (3) products purchased by a transit system receiving financial assistance under section 172.19
- 174.24, 256B.0625, subdivision 17, or 473.384; 172.20
- (4) products purchased by an ambulance service licensed under chapter 144E; 172.21
- (5) products used in a passenger snowmobile, as defined in section 296A.01, subdivision 172.22
- 39, for off-highway business use as part of the operations of a resort as provided under 172.23
- section 296A.16, subdivision 2, clause (2); 172.24
- 172.25 (6) products purchased by a state or a political subdivision of a state for use in motor
- vehicles exempt from registration under section 168.012, subdivision 1, paragraph (b); 172.26
- (7) products purchased by providers of transportation to recipients of medical assistance 172.27
- home and community-based services waivers enrolled in day programs, including adult day 172.28
- care, family adult day care, day treatment and habilitation, prevocational services, and 172.29
- structured day services; or 172.30

173.1	(8) products used in a motor vehicle used exclusively as a mobile medical unit for the
173.2	provision of medical or dental services by a federally qualified health center, as defined
173.3	under title 19 of the federal Social Security Act, as amended by Section 4161 of the Omnibus
173.4	Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990; or
173.5	(9) special fuels eligible for a motor fuel tax refund under section 296A.16, subdivision
173.6	2, clause (4).
173.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
173.8	<u>30, 2017.</u>
173.9	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297G.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
173.10	to read:
173.11	Subd. 6. Small winery credit. (a) A qualified winery producing wine or cider is entitled
173.12	to a tax credit equal to the excise tax due under subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) to (g), on the
173.13	wine or cider sold in any fiscal year beginning July 1. A qualified winery may take the credit
173.14	on the 18th day of each month, but the total credit allowed may not exceed, in any fiscal
173.15	year, the lesser of:
173.16	(1) the liability for tax; or
173.17	<u>(2)</u> \$136,275.
173.18	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "qualified winery" means a winery, whether or not
173.19	located in this state, manufacturing fewer than 75,000 gallons of wine and cider annually.
173.20	(c) By February 15 of each year, beginning in 2019, the commissioner of revenue shall
173.21	provide a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees
173.22	having jurisdiction over taxes that includes the following information for the previous fiscal
173.23	year, regarding the credit authorized under this subdivision:
173.24	(1) the total amount of the tax expenditure for the credit, including the amount of credits
173.25	claimed by Minnesota small wineries and out-of-state small wineries; and
173.26	(2) the number of claimants for the credit, including the number of Minnesota small
173.27	wineries and the number of out-of-state small wineries.
173.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2017.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.227, is amended to read: 173.29

298.227 TACONITE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND. 173.30

(a) An amount equal to that distributed pursuant to each taconite producer's taxable 174.1 production and qualifying sales under section 298.28, subdivision 9a, shall be held by the 174.2 174.3 Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board in a separate taconite economic development fund for each taconite and direct reduced ore producer. Money from the fund for each 174.4 producer shall be released by the commissioner after review by a joint committee consisting 174.5 of an equal number of representatives of the salaried employees and the nonsalaried 174.6 production and maintenance employees of that producer. The District 11 director of the 174.7 174.8 United States Steelworkers of America, on advice of each local employee president, shall select the employee members. In nonorganized operations, the employee committee shall 174.9 be elected by the nonsalaried production and maintenance employees. The review must be 174.10 completed no later than six months after the producer presents a proposal for expenditure 174.11 of the funds to the committee. The funds held pursuant to this section may be released only 174.12 for workforce development and associated public facility improvement, concurrent 174.13 reclamation, or for acquisition of plant and stationary mining equipment and facilities for 174.14 the producer or for research and development in Minnesota on new mining, or taconite, 174.15 iron, or steel production technology, but only if the producer provides a matching expenditure 174.16 equal to the amount of the distribution to be used for the same purpose beginning with 174.17 distributions in 2014. Effective for proposals for expenditures of money from the fund 174.18 beginning May 26, 2007, the commissioner may not release the funds before the next 174.19 scheduled meeting of the board. If a proposed expenditure is not approved by the board, 174.20 the funds must be deposited in the Taconite Environmental Protection Fund under sections 174.21 298.222 to 298.225. If a producer uses money which has been released from the fund prior 174.22 to May 26, 2007 to procure haulage trucks, mobile equipment, or mining shovels, and the 174 23 producer removes the piece of equipment from the taconite tax relief area defined in section 174 24 273.134 within ten years from the date of receipt of the money from the fund, a portion of 174.25 the money granted from the fund must be repaid to the taconite economic development 174.26 fund. The portion of the money to be repaid is 100 percent of the grant if the equipment is 174.27 removed from the taconite tax relief area within 12 months after receipt of the money from the fund, declining by ten percent for each of the subsequent nine years during which the 174.29 equipment remains within the taconite tax relief area. If a taconite production facility is sold 174.30 after operations at the facility had ceased, any money remaining in the fund for the former 174.31 producer may be released to the purchaser of the facility on the terms otherwise applicable 174.32 to the former producer under this section. If a producer fails to provide matching funds for 174.33 a proposed expenditure within six months after the commissioner approves release of the 174.34 funds, the funds are available for release to another producer in proportion to the distribution 174.35 provided and under the conditions of this section. Any portion of the fund which is not 174.36

Article 8 Sec. 15.

175.2

175.3

175.4

175.5

175.6

175.7

175.8

175.9

175.10

175.11

175.13

175.14

175.15

175.16

175.17

175.18

175.20

175.21

175.22

175.31

175.34

released by the commissioner within one year of its deposit in the fund shall be divided between the taconite environmental protection fund created in section 298.223 and the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund created in section 298.292 for placement in their respective special accounts. Two-thirds of the unreleased funds shall be distributed to the taconite environmental protection fund and one-third to the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund.

- (b)(i) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (a), setting the amount of distributions and the review process, an amount equal to ten cents per taxable ton of production in 2007, for distribution in 2008 only, that would otherwise be distributed under paragraph (a), may be used for a loan or grant for the cost of providing for a value-added wood product facility located in the taconite tax relief area and in a county that contains a city of the first class. This amount must be deducted from the distribution under paragraph (a) for which a matching expenditure by the producer is not required. The granting of the loan or grant is subject to approval by the board. If the money is provided as a loan, interest must be payable on the loan at the rate prescribed in section 298.2213, subdivision 3. (ii) Repayments of the loan and interest, if any, must be deposited in the taconite environment protection fund under sections 298.222 to 298.225. If a loan or grant is not made under this paragraph by July 1, 2012, the amount that had been made available for the loan under this paragraph must be transferred to the taconite environment protection fund under sections 298.222 to 298.225. (iii) Money distributed in 2008 to the fund established under this section that exceeds ten cents per ton is available to qualifying producers under paragraph (a) on a pro rata basis.
- (c) Repayment or transfer of money to the taconite environmental protection fund under paragraph (b), item (ii), must be allocated by the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board for public works projects in house legislative districts in the same proportion as taxable tonnage of production in 2007 in each house legislative district, for distribution in 2008, bears to total taxable tonnage of production in 2007, for distribution in 2008. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, expenditures under this paragraph do not require approval by the governor. For purposes of this paragraph, "house legislative districts" means the legislative districts in existence on May 15, 2009.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 16. Laws 2010, chapter 216, section 58, as amended by Laws 2010, chapter 347, article 7, section 1, and Laws 2010, chapter 389, article 7, section 20, is amended to read:

Sec. 58. 2010 DISTRIBUTIONS ONLY.

For distributions in 2010 only, a special fund is established to receive the sum of the 176.1 following amounts that otherwise would be allocated under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.2 298.28, subdivision 6. The following amounts are allocated to St. Louis County acting as 176.3 the fiscal agent for the recipients for the specific purposes: 176.4

- (1) 0.764 cent per ton must be paid to Northern Minnesota Dental to provide incentives 176.5 for at least two dentists to establish dental practices in high-need areas of the taconite tax 176.6 relief area; 176.7
- (2) 0.955 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Virginia for repairs and geothermal 176.8 heat at the Olcott Park Greenhouse/Virginia Commons project; 176.9
- (3) 0.796 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Virginia for health and safety repairs 176.10 at the Miners Memorial: 176.11
- (4) 1.114 cents per ton must be paid to the city of Eveleth for the reconstruction of 176.12 Highway 142/Grant and Park Avenues; 176.13
- (5) 0.478 cent per ton must be paid to the Greenway Joint Recreation Board for upgrades 176.14 and capital improvements to the public arena in Coleraine; 176.15
- (6) 0.796 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Calumet for water treatment and 176.16 pumphouse modifications; 176.17
- (7) 0.159 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Bovey for residential and commercial 176.18 claims for water damage due to water and flood-related damage caused by the Canisteo Pit; 176.19
- (8) 0.637 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Nashwauk for a community and child 176.20 care center; 176.21
- (9) 0.637 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Keewatin for water and sewer upgrades; 176.22
- (10) 0.637 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Marble for the city hall and library 176.23 project; 176.24
- (11) 0.955 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Grand Rapids for extension of water 176.25 and sewer services for Lakewood Housing; 176.26
- (12) 0.159 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Grand Rapids for exhibits at the 176.27 176.28 Children's Museum;
- (13) 0.637 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Grand Rapids for Block 20/21 soil 176.29 corrections. This amount must be matched by local sources; 176.30
- (14) 0.605 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Aitkin for three water loops; 176.31

- (15) 0.048 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Aitkin for signage;
- (16) 0.159 cent per ton must be paid to Aitkin County for a trail;
- 177.3 (17) 0.637 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Cohasset for the Beiers Road railroad crossing;

- 177.5 (18) 0.088 cent per ton must be paid to the town of Clinton for expansion and striping of the community center parking lot;
- (19) 0.398 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Kinney for water line replacement;
- 177.8 (20) 0.796 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Gilbert for infrastructure improvements, 177.9 milling, and overlay for Summit Street between Alaska Avenue and Highway 135;
- (21) 0.318 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Gilbert for sanitary sewer main
- 177.11 replacements and improvements in the Northeast Lower Alley area;
- 177.12 (22) 0.637 cent per ton must be paid to the town of White for replacement of the Stepetz
 Road culvert;
- 177.14 (23) 0.796 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Buhl for reconstruction of Sharon
 177.15 Street and associated infrastructure;
- 177.16 (24) 0.796 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Mountain Iron for site improvements at the Park Ridge development;
- 177.18 (25) 0.796 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Mountain Iron for infrastructure and site preparation for its renewable and sustainable energy park;
- 177.20 (26) 0.637 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Biwabik for sanitary sewer improvements;
- 177.22 (27) 0.796 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Aurora for alley and road rebuilding for the Summit Addition;
- 177.24 (28) 0.955 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Silver Bay for bioenergy facility improvements;
- 177.26 (29) 0.318 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Grand Marais for water and sewer infrastructure improvements;
- 177.28 (30) 0.318 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Orr for airport, water, and sewer improvements;
- 177.30 (31) 0.716 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Cook for street and bridge 177.31 improvements and land purchase, provided that if the city sells or otherwise disposes of any

178.1	of the land purchased with the money provided under this clause within a period of ten five
178.2	years after it was purchased, the city must transfer a portion of the proceeds of the sale equal
178.3	to the amount of the purchase price paid from the money provided under this clause to the
178.4	commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation for deposit in the taconite
178.5	environmental protection fund to be used for the purposes of the fund under Minnesota
178.6	Statutes, section 298.223;
	(22) 0.055

- 178.7 (32) 0.955 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Ely for street, water, and sewer improvements;
- 178.9 (33) 0.318 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Tower for water and sewer improvements;
- 178.11 (34) 0.955 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Two Harbors for water and sewer improvements;
- 178.13 (35) 0.637 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Babbitt for water and sewer improvements;
- 178.15 (36) 0.096 cent per ton must be paid to the township of Duluth for infrastructure improvements;
- 178.17 (37) 0.096 cent per ton must be paid to the township of Tofte for infrastructure improvements;
- (38) 3.184 cents per ton must be paid to the city of Hibbing for sewer improvements;
- 178.20 (39) 1.273 cents per ton must be paid to the city of Chisholm for NW Area Project infrastructure improvements;
- 178.22 (40) 0.318 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Chisholm for health and safety improvements at the athletic facility;
- 178.24 (41) 0.796 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Hoyt Lakes for residential street improvements;
- 178.26 (42) 0.796 cent per ton must be paid to the Bois Forte Indian Reservation for infrastructure related to a housing development;
- 178.28 (43) 0.159 cent per ton must be paid to Balkan Township for building improvements;
- 178.29 (44) 0.159 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Grand Rapids for a grant to a nonprofit for a signage kiosk;

179.1	(45) 0.318 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Crane Lake for sanitary sewer lines
179.2	and adjacent development near County State-Aid Highway 24; and
179.3	(46) 0.159 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Chisholm to rehabilitate historic wall
179.4	infrastructure around the athletic complex.
179.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
179.6	Sec. 17. CLARIFYING AUTHORITY TO USE PREVIOUSLY DISTRIBUTED
179.7	TACONITE TAX PROCEEDS.
179.8	The commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation may use any unspent
179.9	amounts allocated under Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 298.2961, subdivision 5, clause
179.10	(19), remaining as of May 22, 2016, for the specific purposes identified in that section.
179.11	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 11, paragraph (a), or any
179.12	other law to the contrary, interest accrued on this amount shall also be distributed to the
179.13	recipient. Amounts under this section are available until expended and do not lapse or cancel
179.14	under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28.
179.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from May 22, 2016.
179.16	Sec. 18. 2017 TACONITE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND ALLOCATION.
179.16 179.17	Sec. 18. 2017 TACONITE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND ALLOCATION. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9a, paragraph (a),
179.17	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9a, paragraph (a),
179.17 179.18	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9a, paragraph (a), 25.1 cents per taxable ton of the tax collected under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.24, for
179.17 179.18 179.19	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9a, paragraph (a), 25.1 cents per taxable ton of the tax collected under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.24, for production year 2016, may be transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources
179.17 179.18 179.19 179.20	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9a, paragraph (a), 25.1 cents per taxable ton of the tax collected under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.24, for production year 2016, may be transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation, as provided in paragraph (b), to the taconite economic development
179.17 179.18 179.19 179.20 179.21	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9a, paragraph (a), 25.1 cents per taxable ton of the tax collected under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.24, for production year 2016, may be transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation, as provided in paragraph (b), to the taconite economic development fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.227.
179.17 179.18 179.19 179.20 179.21 179.22	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9a, paragraph (a), 25.1 cents per taxable ton of the tax collected under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.24, for production year 2016, may be transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation, as provided in paragraph (b), to the taconite economic development fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.227. (b) If the amount is transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and
179.17 179.18 179.19 179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9a, paragraph (a), 25.1 cents per taxable ton of the tax collected under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.24, for production year 2016, may be transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation, as provided in paragraph (b), to the taconite economic development fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.227. (b) If the amount is transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation under paragraph (a), two-thirds shall be transferred from the taconite
179.17 179.18 179.19 179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23 179.24	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9a, paragraph (a), 25.1 cents per taxable ton of the tax collected under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.24, for production year 2016, may be transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation, as provided in paragraph (b), to the taconite economic development fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.227. (b) If the amount is transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation under paragraph (a), two-thirds shall be transferred from the taconite environmental protection fund, and one-third shall be transferred from the Douglas J. Johnson
179.17 179.18 179.19 179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23 179.24 179.25	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9a, paragraph (a), 25.1 cents per taxable ton of the tax collected under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.24, for production year 2016, may be transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation, as provided in paragraph (b), to the taconite economic development fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.227. (b) If the amount is transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation under paragraph (a), two-thirds shall be transferred from the taconite environmental protection fund, and one-third shall be transferred from the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection fund, and deposited into the taconite economic development fund by
179.17 179.18 179.19 179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23 179.24 179.25 179.26	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9a, paragraph (a), 25.1 cents per taxable ton of the tax collected under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.24, for production year 2016, may be transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation, as provided in paragraph (b), to the taconite economic development fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.227. (b) If the amount is transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation under paragraph (a), two-thirds shall be transferred from the taconite environmental protection fund, and one-third shall be transferred from the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection fund, and deposited into the taconite economic development fund by June 30, 2017.
179.17 179.18 179.19 179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23 179.24 179.25 179.26	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9a, paragraph (a), 25.1 cents per taxable ton of the tax collected under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.24, for production year 2016, may be transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation, as provided in paragraph (b), to the taconite economic development fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.227. (b) If the amount is transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation under paragraph (a), two-thirds shall be transferred from the taconite environmental protection fund, and one-third shall be transferred from the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection fund, and deposited into the taconite economic development fund by June 30, 2017. (c) Money from the taconite economic development fund shall be released as provided
179.17 179.18 179.19 179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23 179.24 179.25 179.26 179.27 179.28	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9a, paragraph (a), 25.1 cents per taxable ton of the tax collected under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.24, for production year 2016, may be transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation, as provided in paragraph (b), to the taconite economic development fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.227. (b) If the amount is transferred by the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation under paragraph (a), two-thirds shall be transferred from the taconite environmental protection fund, and one-third shall be transferred from the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection fund, and deposited into the taconite economic development fund by June 30, 2017. (c) Money from the taconite economic development fund shall be released as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 298.227, except that no distribution shall be made to a taconite

179.32

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

180.1	Sec. 19. APPROPRIATION CANCELLATION.
180.2	All unspent funds, estimated to be \$7,100,000, for a grant or forgivable loan to Hoyt
180.3	Lakes pursuant to Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 2, section 2, subdivision 6, are canceled
180.4	to the Minnesota 21st century fund on June 1, 2017.
180.5	Sec. 20. REPEALER.
180.6	Minnesota Rules, part 8125.1300, subpart 3, is repealed.
180.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
180.8	ARTICLE 9
180.9	IRON RANGE RESOURCES AND REHABILITATION BOARD
180.9	IRON RANGE RESOURCES AND REHABILITATION BOARD
180.10	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 15.38, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
180.11	Subd. 7. Iron Range resources and rehabilitation Board. After seeking a
180.12	recommendation from the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board, the commissioner
180.13	of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation Board may purchase insurance it considers the
180.14	<u>commissioner deems</u> necessary and appropriate to insure facilities operated by the board.
180.15	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 116J.423, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
180.16	Subd. 2. Use of fund. The commissioner shall use money in the fund to make loans or,
180.17	including forgivable loans, equity investments or grants for infrastructure in mineral, steel,
180.18	or any other industry processing, production, manufacturing, or technology project that
180.19	would enhance the economic diversification and that is located within the taconite relief
180.20	tax area as defined under section 273.134. The commissioner must, prior to making any
180.21	loans or equity investments and after consultation with industry and public officials, develop
180.22	a strategy for making loans and, equity investments or grants for infrastructure that assists
180.23	the taconite relief area in retaining and enhancing its economic competitiveness. Money in
180.24	the fund may also be used to pay for the costs of carrying out the commissioner's due
180.25	diligence duties under this section.
180.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
180.27	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 116J.424, is amended to read:
180.28	116J.424 IRON RANGE RESOURCES AND REHABILITATION BOARD
190.20	CONTRIBUTION

181.2

181.3

181.4

181.5

181.6

181.7

181.8

181.9

181.10

181.11

181.15

181.19

181.20

181.21

The commissioner of the Iron Range resources and rehabilitation Board with approval by the board, may provide an equal match for any loan or equity investment made for a project located in the tax relief area defined in section 273.134, paragraph (b), by the Minnesota 21st century fund created by section 116J.423. The match may be in the form of a loan or equity investment, notwithstanding whether the fund makes a loan or equity investment. The state shall not acquire an equity interest because of an equity investment or loan by the board under this section and the board at its sole discretion commissioner, after consultation with the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board, shall have the sole discretion to decide what interest it the board acquires in a project. The commissioner of employment and economic development may require a commitment from the board commissioner to make the match prior to disbursing money from the fund.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 216B.161, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 181.12
- 181.13 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have 181.14 the meanings given them in this subdivision.
- (b) "Area development rate" means a rate schedule established by a utility that provides 181.16 customers within an area development zone service under a base utility rate schedule, except that charges may be reduced from the base rate as agreed upon by the utility and the customer 181.17 consistent with this section. 181.18
 - (c) "Area development zone" means a contiguous or noncontiguous area designated by an authority or municipality for development or redevelopment and within which one of the following conditions exists:
- (1) obsolete buildings not suitable for improvement or conversion or other identified 181.22 hazards to the health, safety, and general well-being of the community; 181.23
- (2) buildings in need of substantial rehabilitation or in substandard condition; or 181.24
- (3) low values and damaged investments. 181.25
- (d) "Authority" means a rural development financing authority established under sections 181.26 469.142 to 469.151; a housing and redevelopment authority established under sections 181.27 469.001 to 469.047; a port authority established under sections 469.048 to 469.068; an 181.28 economic development authority established under sections 469.090 to 469.108; a 181.29 redevelopment agency as defined in sections 469.152 to 469.165; the commissioner of Iron 181.30 Range resources and rehabilitation, acting after consultation with the board established 181.31 under section 298.22; a municipality that is administering a development district created 181.32 under sections 469.124 to 469.133 or any special law; a municipality that undertakes a 181.33

182.2

182.3

182.4

182.5

182.6

182.7

182.8

182.9

project under sections 469.152 to 469.165, except a town located outside the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, or with a population of 5,000 persons or less; or a municipality that exercises the powers of a port authority under any general or special law.

- (e) "Municipality" means a city, however organized, and, with respect to a project undertaken under sections 469.152 to 469.165, "municipality" has the meaning given in sections 469.152 to 469.165, and, with respect to a project undertaken under sections 469.142 to 469.151 or a county or multicounty project undertaken under sections 469.004 to 469.008, also includes any county.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 276A.01, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. Municipality. "Municipality" means a city, town, or township located in whole 182.11 or part within the area. If a municipality is located partly within and partly without the area, 182.12 the references in sections 276A.01 to 276A.09 to property or any portion thereof subject to 182.13 taxation or taxing jurisdiction within the municipality are to the property or portion thereof 182.14 that is located in that portion of the municipality within the area, except that the fiscal 182.15 capacity of the municipality must be computed upon the basis of the valuation and population of the entire municipality. A municipality shall be excluded from the area if its municipal 182.17 comprehensive zoning and planning policies conscientiously exclude most 182.18 commercial-industrial development, for reasons other than preserving an agricultural use. 182.19 The commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation Board and the commissioner 182.20 of revenue shall jointly make this determination annually and shall notify those municipalities 182.21 that are ineligible to participate in the tax base sharing program provided in this chapter for 182.22 the following year. Before making the joint determination, the commissioner of Iron Range 182.23 resources and rehabilitation shall seek a recommendation from the Iron Range Resources 182.24 and Rehabilitation Board. 182.25
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 276A.01, subdivision 17, is amended to read:
- Subd. 17. **School fund allocation.** (a) "School fund allocation" means an amount up to 25 percent of the areawide levy certified by the <u>commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation, after seeking a recommendation from the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board, to be used for the purposes of the Iron Range school consolidation and cooperatively operated school account under section 298.28, subdivision 7a.</u>
- 182.32 (b) The allocation under paragraph (a) shall only be made after the <u>commissioner of</u> 182.33 <u>Iron Range resources and rehabilitation</u>, after seeking a recommendation from the Iron

183.2

183.3

183.4

183.5

183.6

183.7

183.8

183.9

183.10

183.11

183.12

Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board, has certified by June 30 that the Iron Range school consolidation and cooperatively operated account has insufficient funds to make payments as authorized under section 298.28, subdivision 7a.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 282.38, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Development.** In any county where the county board by proper resolution sets aside funds for forest development pursuant to section 282.08, clause (5), item (i), or section 459.06, subdivision 2, the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation with the approval of the, after seeking a recommendation from the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board, may upon request of the county board assist said county in carrying out any project for the long range development of its forest resources through matching of funds or otherwise.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.001, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue of the state of Minnesota, except that when used in sections 298.22 to 298.227, and 298.291 to 298.298, "commissioner" means the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation.
- 183.16 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.22, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. The Office of the Commissioner of Iron Range Resources and
 Rehabilitation. (a) The Office of the Commissioner of Iron Range Resources and
 Rehabilitation is created as an agency in the executive branch of state government. The
 governor shall appoint the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation under
 section 15.06. The commissioner may expend amounts appropriated to the commissioner
 or the board for projects after submitting the expenditure to the board for a recommendation
 under subdivision 1a.
- (b) The commissioner may hold other positions or appointments that are not incompatible 183.24 with duties as commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation. The commissioner 183.25 may appoint a deputy commissioner. All expenses of the commissioner, including the 183.26 payment of staff and other assistance as may be necessary, must be paid out of the amounts 183.27 appropriated by section 298.28 or otherwise made available by law to the commissioner. 183.28 Notwithstanding chapters 16A, 16B, and 16C, the commissioner may utilize contracting 183.29 options available under section 471.345 when the commissioner determines it is in the best interest of the agency. The agency is not subject to sections 16E.016 and 16C.05. The agency 183.31 has the authority to reimburse any nongovernmental manager operating state-owned facilities 183.32

184.2

184.3

184.4

184.5

184.6

184.7

184.8

184.9

184.10

184.11

184.13

184.14

184.15

184.16

184.17

184.18

184.19

184.20

184.21

184.22

184.23

184.24

184.25

184 26

184.27

184.28

184.29

184 30

within the Giants Ridge Recreation Area for purchasing materials, supplies, equipment, or other items used in the operations at such facilities.

(c) When the commissioner determines that distress and unemployment exists or may exist in the future in any county by reason of the removal of natural resources or a possibly limited use of natural resources in the future and any resulting decrease in employment, the commissioner may use whatever amounts of the appropriation made to the commissioner of revenue in section 298.28 that are determined to be necessary and proper in the development of the remaining resources of the county and in the vocational training and rehabilitation of its residents, except that the amount needed to cover cost overruns awarded to a contractor by an arbitrator in relation to a contract awarded by the commissioner or in effect after July 1, 1985, is appropriated from the general fund. For the purposes of this section, "development of remaining resources" includes, but is not limited to, the promotion of tourism.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.22, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. **Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board.** The Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board consists of the state senators and representatives elected from state senatorial or legislative districts in which one-third or more of the residents reside in a taconite assistance area as defined in section 273.1341. One additional state senator shall also be appointed by the senate Subcommittee on Committees of the Committee on Rules and Administration. All expenditures and projects made by the commissioner shall first be submitted to the board for approval. The board shall recommend approval or disapproval or modification of the expenditures and projects. The expenses of the board shall be paid by the state from the funds raised pursuant to this section. Members of the board may be reimbursed for expenses in the manner provided in sections 3.099, subdivision 1, and 3.101, and may receive per diem payments during the interims between legislative sessions in the manner provided in section 3.099, subdivision 1.

The members shall be appointed in January of every odd-numbered year, and shall serve until January of the next odd-numbered year. Vacancies on the board shall be filled in the same manner as original members were chosen.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.22, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

Subd. 5a. **Forest trust.** The commissioner, upon approval by after requesting a recommendation from the board, may purchase forest lands in the taconite assistance area defined in under section 273.1341 with funds specifically authorized for the purchase. The

185.2

185.3

185.4

185.5

185.6

185.7

185.8

185.9

185.10

185.11

185.12

185.13

185.14

185.15

185.16

185.17

185.18

185.19

185.20

185.21

185.22

185.23

185.24

185.25

185.30

185.31

185.32

185.33

acquired forest lands must be held in trust for the benefit of the citizens of the taconite assistance area as the Iron Range Miners' Memorial Forest. The forest trust lands shall be managed and developed for recreation and economic development purposes. The commissioner, upon approval by after requesting a recommendation from the board, may sell forest lands purchased under this subdivision if the board finds commissioner determines that the sale advances the purposes of the trust. Proceeds derived from the management or sale of the lands and from the sale of timber or removal of gravel or other minerals from these forest lands shall be deposited into an Iron Range Miners' Memorial Forest account that is established within the state financial accounts. Funds may be expended from the account upon approval by after the commissioner has sought a recommendation from the board, to purchase, manage, administer, convey interests in, and improve the forest lands. With approval by After the commissioner has sought a recommendation from the board, money in the Iron Range Miners' Memorial Forest account may be transferred into the corpus of the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund established under sections 298.291 to 298.294. The property acquired under the authority granted by this subdivision and income derived from the property or the operation or management of the property are exempt from taxation by the state or its political subdivisions while held by the forest trust.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.22, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Private entity participation.** After seeking a recommendation from the board, the commissioner may acquire an equity interest in any project for which it the commissioner provides funding. The commissioner may establish, participate in the management of, and dispose of the assets of charitable foundations, nonprofit limited liability companies, and nonprofit corporations associated with any project for which it provides funding, including specifically, but without limitation, a corporation within the meaning of section 317A.011, subdivision 6.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.22, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Sale or privatization of functions.** The commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation may not sell or privatize the <u>Ironworld Minnesota</u> Discovery Center or Giants Ridge Golf and Ski Resort without prior approval by the board.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.22, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. **Budgeting.** The commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation shall annually prepare a budget for operational expenditures, programs, and projects, and submit it to the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board <u>for approval</u>. After the

186.4

186.5

186.6

186.7

186.8

186.9

186.10

186.11

186.12

186.13

186.15

186.16

186.17

186.19

186 20

186.21

186.22

186.23

186.24

186.25

186.26

budget is approved by the board and the governor, the commissioner may spend money in 186.1 accordance with the approved budget. 186.2

REVISOR

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.221, is amended to read:

298.221 RECEIPTS FROM CONTRACTS; APPROPRIATION.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (c), all money paid to the state of Minnesota pursuant to the terms of any contract entered into by the state under authority of section 298.22 and any fees which may, in the discretion of the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation, be charged in connection with any project pursuant to that section as amended, shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board account in the special revenue fund and are hereby appropriated for the purposes of section 298.22.
- (b) Notwithstanding section 16A.013, merchandise may be accepted by the commissioner of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board for payment of advertising contracts if the commissioner determines that the merchandise can be used for special event prizes or mementos at facilities operated by the board. Nothing in this paragraph authorizes the commissioner or a member of the board to receive merchandise for personal use.
- (c) All fees charged by the commissioner in connection with public use of the state-owned ski and golf facilities at the Giants Ridge Recreation Area and all other revenues derived by the commissioner from the operation or lease of those facilities and from the lease, sale, or other disposition of undeveloped lands at the Giants Ridge Recreation Area must be deposited into an Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board account that is created within the state enterprise fund. All funds deposited in the enterprise fund account are appropriated to the commissioner to be expended, subject to approval by after seeking a recommendation from the board, as follows:
- (1) to pay costs associated with the construction, equipping, operation, repair, or improvement of the Giants Ridge Recreation Area facilities or lands;
- 186.27 (2) to pay principal, interest and associated bond issuance, reserve, and servicing costs associated with the financing of the facilities; and 186.28
- (3) to pay the costs of any other project authorized under section 298.22. 186.29
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.2211, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 186.30
- Subd. 3. **Project approval.** All projects authorized by this section shall be submitted 186.31 by the commissioner to the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board for approval 186.32

187.2

187.3

187.4

187.5

187.6

187.7

187.8

187.9

187.10

187.11

187.12

by a recommendation from the board. Prior to the commencement of a project involving the exercise by the commissioner of any authority of sections 469.174 to 469.179, the governing body of each municipality in which any part of the project is located and the county board of any county containing portions of the project not located in an incorporated area shall by majority vote approve or disapprove the project. Any project approved by the board commissioner and the applicable governing bodies, if any, together with detailed information concerning the project, its costs, the sources of its funding, and the amount of any bonded indebtedness to be incurred in connection with the project, shall be transmitted to the governor, who shall approve, disapprove, or return the proposal for additional consideration within 30 days of receipt. No project authorized under this section shall be undertaken, and no obligations shall be issued and no tax increments shall be expended for a project authorized under this section until the project has been approved by the governor.

REVISOR

- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.223, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Creation; purposes.** A fund called the taconite environmental protection fund is created for the purpose of reclaiming, restoring and enhancing those areas of northeast Minnesota located within the taconite assistance area defined in section 273.1341, that are adversely affected by the environmentally damaging operations involved in mining taconite and iron ore and producing iron ore concentrate and for the purpose of promoting the economic development of northeast Minnesota. The taconite environmental protection fund shall be used for the following purposes:
- (1) to initiate investigations into matters the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board determines are in need of study and which will determine the environmental problems requiring remedial action;
- 187.24 (2) reclamation, restoration, or reforestation of mine lands not otherwise provided for 187.25 by state law;
- (3) local economic development projects but only if those projects are approved by the commissioner after seeking a recommendation of the projects from the board, and public works, including construction of sewer and water systems located within the taconite assistance area defined in section 273.1341;
- 187.30 (4) monitoring of mineral industry related health problems among mining employees; 187.31 and
- 187.32 (5) local public works projects under section 298.227, paragraph (c).

188.2

188.3

188.4

188.5

188.6

188.7

188.8

188.9

188.10

188.11

188.12

188.18

188.20

188.21

188.22

188.23

188 24

188 25

188.26

188.27

188.29

188.30

188.31

188.32

188.33

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.223, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Administration. (a) The taconite area environmental protection fund shall be administered by the commissioner of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board. The commissioner shall by September 1 of each year submit to the board a list of projects to be funded from the taconite area environmental protection fund, with such supporting information including description of the projects, plans, and cost estimates as may be necessary.

- (b) Each year no less than one-half of the amounts deposited into the taconite environmental protection fund must be used for public works projects, including construction of sewer and water systems, as specified under subdivision 1, clause (3). the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board may waive the requirements of this paragraph.
- (c) Upon approval by the board, the list of projects approved under this subdivision shall be submitted to the governor by November 1 of each year. By December 1 of each year, 188.13 the governor shall approve or disapprove, or return for further consideration, each project. 188.14 The commissioner must seek review of the projects by the board. Funds for a project may 188.15 be expended only upon approval of the project by the board and the governor. The 188.16 commissioner may submit supplemental projects to the board and governor for approval at 188.17 any time after seeking review of the projects by the board.
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.227, is amended to read: 188.19

298.227 TACONITE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND.

(a) An amount equal to that distributed pursuant to each taconite producer's taxable production and qualifying sales under section 298.28, subdivision 9a, shall be held by the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board in a separate taconite economic development fund for each taconite and direct reduced ore producer. Money from the fund for each producer shall be released by the commissioner after review by a joint committee consisting of an equal number of representatives of the salaried employees and the nonsalaried production and maintenance employees of that producer. The District 11 director of the United States Steelworkers of America, on advice of each local employee president, shall select the employee members. In nonorganized operations, the employee committee shall be elected by the nonsalaried production and maintenance employees. The review must be completed no later than six months after the producer presents a proposal for expenditure of the funds to the committee. The funds held pursuant to this section may be released only for workforce development and associated public facility improvement, or for acquisition of plant and stationary mining equipment and facilities for the producer or for research and

189.2

189.3

189.4

189.5

189.6

189.7

189.8

189.9

189.29

189.30

189.31

189.32

189.33

189.34

189.35

189.36

development in Minnesota on new mining, or taconite, iron, or steel production technology, but only if the producer provides a matching expenditure equal to the amount of the distribution to be used for the same purpose beginning with distributions in 2014. Effective for proposals for expenditures of money from the fund beginning May 26, 2007, the commissioner may not release the funds before the next scheduled meeting of the board. If a proposed expenditure is not approved by the commissioner, after seeking a recommendation from the board, the funds must be deposited in the Taconite Environmental Protection Fund under sections 298.222 to 298.225. If a producer uses money which has been released from the fund prior to May 26, 2007 to procure haulage trucks, mobile equipment, or mining shovels, and the producer removes the piece of equipment from the taconite tax relief area 189.10 defined in section 273.134 within ten years from the date of receipt of the money from the 189.11 fund, a portion of the money granted from the fund must be repaid to the taconite economic 189.12 development fund. The portion of the money to be repaid is 100 percent of the grant if the 189.13 equipment is removed from the taconite tax relief area within 12 months after receipt of the 189.14 money from the fund, declining by ten percent for each of the subsequent nine years during 189.15 which the equipment remains within the taconite tax relief area. If a taconite production 189.16 facility is sold after operations at the facility had ceased, any money remaining in the fund 189.17 for the former producer may be released to the purchaser of the facility on the terms otherwise 189.18 applicable to the former producer under this section. If a producer fails to provide matching 189.19 funds for a proposed expenditure within six months after the commissioner approves release 189.20 of the funds, the funds are available for release to another producer in proportion to the distribution provided and under the conditions of this section. Any portion of the fund which 189.22 is not released by the commissioner within one year of its deposit in the fund shall be divided 189 23 between the taconite environmental protection fund created in section 298.223 and the 189 24 Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund created in section 298.292 for placement 189.25 in their respective special accounts. Two-thirds of the unreleased funds shall be distributed 189.26 to the taconite environmental protection fund and one-third to the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund.

(b)(i) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (a), setting the amount of distributions and the review process, an amount equal to ten cents per taxable ton of production in 2007, for distribution in 2008 only, that would otherwise be distributed under paragraph (a), may be used for a loan or grant for the cost of providing for a value-added wood product facility located in the taconite tax relief area and in a county that contains a city of the first class. This amount must be deducted from the distribution under paragraph (a) for which a matching expenditure by the producer is not required. The granting of the loan or grant is subject to approval by the board. If the money is provided as a loan, interest

190.2

190.3

190.4

190.5

190.6

190.7

190.8

190.9

must be payable on the loan at the rate prescribed in section 298.2213, subdivision 3. (ii) Repayments of the loan and interest, if any, must be deposited in the taconite environment protection fund under sections 298.222 to 298.225. If a loan or grant is not made under this paragraph by July 1, 2012, the amount that had been made available for the loan under this paragraph must be transferred to the taconite environment protection fund under sections 298.222 to 298.225. (iii) Money distributed in 2008 to the fund established under this section that exceeds ten cents per ton is available to qualifying producers under paragraph (a) on a pro rata basis.

- (c) Repayment or transfer of money to the taconite environmental protection fund under paragraph (b), item (ii), must be allocated by the Iron Range resources and rehabilitation 190.10 Board for public works projects in house legislative districts in the same proportion as 190.11 taxable tonnage of production in 2007 in each house legislative district, for distribution in 190.12 2008, bears to total taxable tonnage of production in 2007, for distribution in 2008. 190.13 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, expenditures under this paragraph do not 190 14 190.15 require approval by the governor. For purposes of this paragraph, "house legislative districts" 190.16 means the legislative districts in existence on May 15, 2009.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.28, subdivision 7a, is amended to read: 190.17
- 190.18 Subd. 7a. Iron Range school consolidation and cooperatively operated school account.
- (a) The following amounts must be allocated to the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation 190.19
- Board to be deposited in the Iron Range school consolidation and cooperatively operated 190.20
- school account that is hereby created: 190.21
- (1)(i) for distributions in 2015 through 2023, ten cents per taxable ton of the tax imposed 190.22 under section 298.24; and 190.23
- (ii) for distributions beginning in 2024, five cents per taxable ton of the tax imposed 190.24 under section 298.24; 190.25
- (2) the amount as determined under section 298.17, paragraph (b), clause (3); 190.26
- 190.27 (3)(i) for distributions in 2015, an amount equal to two-thirds of the increased tax proceeds attributable to the increase in the implicit price deflator as provided in section 190.28 298.24, subdivision 1, with the remaining one-third to be distributed to the Douglas J. 190 29 Johnson economic protection trust fund; 190.30
- (ii) for distributions in 2016, an amount equal to two-thirds of the sum of the increased 190.31 tax proceeds attributable to the increase in the implicit price deflator as provided in section 190.32

191.2

191.3

191.4

191.5

191.6

191.7

191.8

191.9

191.10

191.11

191.12

191.13

191.15

191.16

191.17

191.19

191.20

191.21

191.22

191.23

191.24

191.25

298.24, subdivision 1, for distribution years 2015 and 2016, with the remaining one-third to be distributed to the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund; and

- (iii) for distributions in 2017, an amount equal to two-thirds of the sum of the increased tax proceeds attributable to the increase in the implicit price deflator as provided in section 298.24, subdivision 1, for distribution years 2015, 2016, and 2017, with the remaining one-third to be distributed to the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund; and
 - (4) any other amount as provided by law.
- (b) Expenditures from this account <u>may be approved as ongoing annual expenditures</u> and shall be made only to provide disbursements to assist school districts with the payment of bonds that were issued for qualified school projects, or for any other school disbursement as approved by the <u>commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation after the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation has sought review of the expenditures by the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board. For purposes of this section, "qualified school projects" means school projects within the taconite assistance area as defined in section 273.1341, that were (1) approved, by referendum, after April 3, 2006; and (2) approved by the commissioner of education pursuant to section 123B.71.</u>
- (c) Beginning in fiscal year 2019, the disbursement to school districts for payments for bonds issued under section 123A.482, subdivision 9, must be increased each year to offset any reduction in debt service equalization aid that the school district qualifies for in that year, under section 123B.53, subdivision 6, compared with the amount the school district qualified for in fiscal year 2018.
- (d) No expenditure under this section shall be made unless approved by seven members of the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation after seeking review of the expenditure from the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board.
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.28, subdivision 9d, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9d. **Iron Range higher education account.** Five cents per taxable ton must be allocated to the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board to be deposited in an Iron Range higher education account that is hereby created, to be used for higher education programs conducted at educational institutions in the taconite assistance area defined in section 273.1341. The Iron Range Higher Education committee under section 298.2214, and the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation must approve all expenditures from the account, after seeking

192.2

192.6

192.7

192.8

192.9

192.10

192.11

192.12

192.13

192.14

192.15

192.16

192.17

review and recommendation of the expenditures from the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board.

- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.292, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Use of money.** Money in the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund may be used for the following purposes:
 - (1) to provide loans, loan guarantees, interest buy-downs and other forms of participation with private sources of financing, but a loan to a private enterprise shall be for a principal amount not to exceed one-half of the cost of the project for which financing is sought, and the rate of interest on a loan to a private enterprise shall be no less than the lesser of eight percent or an interest rate three percentage points less than a full faith and credit obligation of the United States government of comparable maturity, at the time that the loan is approved;
 - (2) to fund reserve accounts established to secure the payment when due of the principal of and interest on bonds issued pursuant to section 298.2211;
 - (3) to pay in periodic payments or in a lump-sum payment any or all of the interest on bonds issued pursuant to chapter 474 for the purpose of constructing, converting, or retrofitting heating facilities in connection with district heating systems or systems utilizing alternative energy sources;
- 192.18 (4) to invest in a venture capital fund or enterprise that will provide capital to other entities that are engaging in, or that will engage in, projects or programs that have the 192.19 purposes set forth in subdivision 1. No investments may be made in a venture capital fund 192.20 or enterprise unless at least two other unrelated investors make investments of at least 192.21 \$500,000 in the venture capital fund or enterprise, and the investment by the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund may not exceed the amount of the largest investment 192.23 by an unrelated investor in the venture capital fund or enterprise. For purposes of this 192.24 subdivision, an "unrelated investor" is a person or entity that is not related to the entity in 192 25 which the investment is made or to any individual who owns more than 40 percent of the 192.26 value of the entity, in any of the following relationships: spouse, parent, child, sibling, 192.27 employee, or owner of an interest in the entity that exceeds ten percent of the value of all interests in it. For purposes of determining the limitations under this clause, the amount of 192.29 investments made by an investor other than the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection 192.30 trust fund is the sum of all investments made in the venture capital fund or enterprise during 192.31 the period beginning one year before the date of the investment by the Douglas J. Johnson 192.32 economic protection trust fund; and 192.33

193.2

193.3

193.4

193.5

193.6

193.7

193.8

193.9

193.11

193.12

193.13

193.14

193.15

193.16

193.21

(5) to purchase forest land in the taconite assistance area defined in section 273.1341 to be held and managed as a public trust for the benefit of the area for the purposes authorized in section 298.22, subdivision 5a. Property purchased under this section may be sold by the commissioner upon approval by after seeking a recommendation from the board. The net proceeds must be deposited in the trust fund for the purposes and uses of this section.

Money from the trust fund shall be expended only in or for the benefit of the taconite assistance area defined in section 273.1341.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.296, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Project approval.** (a) The commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation, after seeking a recommendation from the board and commissioner shall by August 1 of each year prepare a list of projects to be funded, may expend funds for projects to be funded from the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust with necessary supporting information including description of the projects, plans, and cost estimates. These projects shall be consistent with the priorities established in section 298.292 and shall not be approved by the board commissioner unless it the commissioner, after seeking a recommendation from the board, finds that:

- 193.17 (a) (1) the project will materially assist, directly or indirectly, the creation of additional long-term employment opportunities;
- (b) (2) the prospective benefits of the expenditure exceed the anticipated costs; and (e) (3) in the case of assistance to private enterprise, the project will serve a sound
- 193.22 (b) Each project must be approved by over one-half of all of the members of the board
 193.23 and the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation after seeking a
 193.24 recommendation from the board for the project. The list of projects shall be submitted to
 193.25 the governor, who shall, by November 15 of each year, approve or disapprove, or return
 193.26 for further consideration, each project. The money for a project may be expended only upon
 193.27 approval of the project by the governor. The board may submit supplemental projects for
 193.28 approval at any time.
- 193.29 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.296, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Expenditure of funds.** (a) Before January 1, 2028, funds may be expended on projects and for administration of the trust fund only from the net interest, earnings, and dividends arising from the investment of the trust at any time, including net interest, earnings,

business purpose.

194.2

194.3

194.4

194.5

194.6

194.7

194.8

194.9

194.26

194.27

194.28

and dividends that have arisen prior to July 13, 1982, plus \$10,000,000 made available for use in fiscal year 1983, except that any amount required to be paid out of the trust fund to provide the property tax relief specified in Laws 1977, chapter 423, article X, section 4, and to make school bond payments and payments to recipients of taconite production tax proceeds pursuant to section 298.225, may be taken from the corpus of the trust.

- (b) Additionally, upon recommendation by the <u>commissioner after seeking a</u> recommendation from the board, up to \$13,000,000 from the corpus of the trust may be made available for use as provided in subdivision 4, and up to \$10,000,000 from the corpus of the trust may be made available for use as provided in section 298.2961.
- (c) Additionally, an amount equal to 20 percent of the value of the corpus of the trust on May 18, 2002, not including the funds authorized in paragraph (b), plus the amounts made available under section 298.28, subdivision 4, and Laws 2002, chapter 377, article 8, section 17, may be expended on projects. Funds may be expended for projects under this paragraph only if the project:
- (1) is for the purposes established under section 298.292, subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2); and
- 194.17 (2) is approved by two-thirds of all of the members of the commissioner after seeking
 194.18 a recommendation from the board.
- No money made available under this paragraph or paragraph (d) can be used for administrative or operating expenses of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board or expenses relating to any facilities owned or operated by the board on May 18, 2002.
- (d) Upon recommendation by <u>a unanimous vote of all members</u> the commissioner after seeking a recommendation of the board, amounts in addition to those authorized under paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) may be expended on projects described in section 298.292, subdivision 1.
 - (e) Annual administrative costs, not including detailed engineering expenses for the projects, shall not exceed five percent of the net interest, dividends, and earnings arising from the trust in the preceding fiscal year.
- (f) Principal and interest received in repayment of loans made pursuant to this section, and earnings on other investments made under section 298.292, subdivision 2, clause (4), shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the trust. These receipts are appropriated to the board for the purposes of sections 298.291 to 298.298.

195.2

195.3

195.4

195.5

195.7

195.8

195.9

195.11

195.13

195.14

195.15

195.16

195.22

195.23

195.24

(g) Additionally, notwithstanding section 298.293, upon the approval of the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation, after seeking a recommendation from the board, money from the corpus of the trust may be expanded to purchase forest lands within the taconite assistance area as provided in sections 298.22, subdivision 5a, and 298.292, subdivision 2, clause (5).

REVISOR

- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.296, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 195.6
- Subd. 4. Temporary loan authority. (a) After seeking a recommendation from the board, the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation may recommend that use up to \$7,500,000 from the corpus of the trust may be used for loans, loan guarantees, grants, or equity investments as provided in this subdivision. The money would be available 195.10 for loans for construction and equipping of facilities constituting (1) a value added iron products plant, which may be either a new plant or a facility incorporated into an existing plant that produces iron upgraded to a minimum of 75 percent iron content or any iron alloy with a total minimum metallic content of 90 percent; or (2) a new mine or minerals processing plant for any mineral subject to the net proceeds tax imposed under section 298.015. A loan or loan guarantee under this paragraph may not exceed \$5,000,000 for any facility.
- (b) Additionally, the board commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation 195.17 must reserve the first \$2,000,000 of the net interest, dividends, and earnings arising from 195.18 the investment of the trust after June 30, 1996, to be used for grants, loans, loan guarantees, 195.19 or equity investments for the purposes set forth in paragraph (a). This amount must be 195.20 reserved until it is used as described in this subdivision. 195.21
 - (c) Additionally, the board commissioner may recommend that up to \$5,500,000 from the corpus of the trust may be used for additional grants, loans, loan guarantees, or equity investments for the purposes set forth in paragraph (a).
- (d) The commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation, after seeking a 195.25 recommendation from the board, may require that it the board receive an equity percentage 195.26 in any project to which it contributes under this section. 195.27
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.2961, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 195.28
- Subd. 2. Projects; approval. (a) Projects funded must be for: 195.29
- (1) environmentally unique reclamation projects; or 195.30
- (2) pit or plant repairs, expansions, or modernizations other than for a value added iron 195.31 products plant. 195.32

196.2

196.3

196.4

196.5

- (b) To be proposed by the board, a project must be approved by Before the commissioner may propose a project, the commissioner must seek a recommendation from the board. The money for a project may be spent only upon approval of the project by the governor. The board commissioner may submit a supplemental projects project for approval at any time after seeking a recommendation for the project from the board.
- 196.6 (c) The <u>board commissioner</u> may require that <u>it the board</u> receive an equity percentage 196.7 in any project to which it contributes under this section.
- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.2961, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Grant and loan fund.** (a) A fund is established to receive distributions under section 298.28, subdivision 9b, and to make grants or loans as provided in this subdivision.

 Any grant or loan made under this subdivision must <u>first</u> be approved by the <u>commissioner</u> after seeking a recommendation from the board, established under section 298.22.
- 196.13 (b) All distributions received in 2009 and subsequent years are allocated for projects under section 298.223, subdivision 1.
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.46, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Unmined iron ore; valuation petition. When in the opinion of the duly 196.16 constituted authorities of a taxing district there are in existence reserves of unmined iron 196.17 ore located in such district, these authorities may petition the commissioner of Iron Range 196.18 resources and rehabilitation Board for authority to petition the county assessor to verify the 196.19 existence of such reserves and to ascertain the value thereof by drilling in a manner consistent 196.20 with established engineering and geological exploration methods, in order that such taxing 196.21 district may be able to forecast in a proper manner its future economic and fiscal potentials. 196.22 The commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation may grant the authority to 196.23 petition after seeking a recommendation from the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board. 196.25

196.26 Sec. 29. <u>IRON RANGE RESOURCES AND REHABILITATION BOARD; EARLY</u> 196.27 SEPARATION INCENTIVE PROGRAM AUTHORIZATION.

- 196.28 (a) "Commissioner" as used in this section means the commissioner of the Iron Range
 196.29 Resources and Rehabilitation Board unless otherwise specified.
- (b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, shall offer a targeted early separation incentive program for employees of the commissioner who have attained the age of 60 years or who

197.1	have received credit for at least 30 years of allowable service under the provisions of
197.2	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 352. The commissioner shall also offer a targeted separation
197.3	incentive program for employees of the commissioner whose positions are in support of
197.4	operations at Giants Ridge and will be eliminated if the agency no longer directly manages
197.5	Giants Ridge operations.
197.6	(c) The early separation incentive program may include one or more of the following:
197.7	(1) employer-paid postseparation health, medical, and dental insurance until age 65; and
197.8	(2) cash incentives that may, but are not required to be, used to purchase additional years
197.9	of service credit through the Minnesota State Retirement System, to the extent that the
197.10	purchases are otherwise authorized by law.
197.11	(d) The commissioner shall establish eligibility requirements for employees to receive
197.12	an incentive.
197.13	(e) The commissioner, consistent with the established program provisions under paragraph
197.14	(b), and with the eligibility requirements under paragraph (f), may designate specific
197.15	programs or employees as eligible to be offered the incentive program.
197.16	(f) Acceptance of the offered incentive must be voluntary on the part of the employee
197.17	and must be in writing. The incentive may only be offered at the sole discretion of the
197.18	commissioner.
197.19	(g) The cost of the incentive is payable solely by funds made available to the
197.20	commissioner by law, but only on prior approval of the expenditures by the commissioner
197.21	after seeking a recommendation from the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board
197.22	(h) Unilateral implementation of this section by the commissioner is not an unfair labor
197.23	practice under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 179A.
197.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. This
197.25	section is repealed July 30, 2019.
197.26	Sec. 30. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.
107.27	The reviser of statutes shall identify and propose peopseary changes to Minnesota Statutes
197.27	The revisor of statutes shall identify and propose necessary changes to Minnesota Statutes
197.28	and Minnesota Rules that are consistent with the goals of this act to (i) transfer discretionary
197.29	approval authority for all expenditures and projects from the Iron Range Resources and
197.30	Rehabilitation Board to the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation, and
197.31	(ii) provide that the commissioner must, in good faith, seek the review and recommendation
197 32	of the hoard as required before exercising approval authority. The revisor shall submit the

198.1	proposal, in a form ready for introduction, during the 2018 regular legislative session to the
198.2	chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees
198.3	with jurisdiction over taxes.
198.4	Sec. 31. REPEALER.
198.5	Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 298.22, subdivision 8; 298.2213, subdivisions 4, 5,
198.6	and 6; and 298.298, are repealed.
198.7	ARTICLE 10
198.8	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE 2015-2016 SALES SUPPRESSION DEVICES
198.9	PROVISIONS
198.10	Section 1. [289A.14] USE OF AUTOMATED SALES SUPPRESSION DEVICES;
198.11	DEFINITIONS.
170.11	
198.12	(a) For the purposes of sections 289A.60, subdivision 32, 289A.63, subdivision 12, and
198.13	609.5316, subdivision 3, the following terms have the meanings given.
198.14	(b) "Automated sales suppression device" or "zapper" means a software program, carried
198.15	on any tangible medium, or accessed through any other means, that falsifies the electronic
198.16	records of electronic cash registers and other point-of-sale systems including, but not limited
198.17	to, transaction data and transaction reports.
198.18	(c) "Electronic cash register" means a device that keeps a register or supporting documents
198.19	through the means of an electronic device or computer system designed to record transaction
198.20	data for the purpose of computing, compiling, or processing retail sales transaction data in
198.21	whatever manner.
198.22	(d) "Phantom-ware" means hidden preinstalled or later-installed programming option
198.23	embedded in the operating system of an electronic cash register or hardwired into the
198.24	electronic cash register that can be used to create a virtual second electronic cash register
198.25	or may eliminate or manipulate transaction records that may or may not be preserved in
198.26	digital formats to represent the true or manipulated record of transactions in the electronic
198.27	cash register.
198.28	(e) "Transaction data" includes items purchased by a customer, the price of each item,
198.29	the taxability determination for each item, a segregated tax amount for each of the taxed
198.30	items, the date and time of the purchase, the name, address, and identification number of
198.31	the vendor, and the receipt or invoice number of the transaction.

REVISOR

199.1	(f) "Transaction report" means a report documenting, but not limited to, the sales, taxes
199.2	collected, media totals, and discount voids at an electronic cash register that is printed on
199.3	cash register tape at the end of a day or shift, or a report documenting every action at an
199.4	electronic cash register that is stored electronically.
199.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for activities enumerated in Minnesota
199.6	Statutes, section 289A.63, subdivision 12, or 289A.60, subdivision 32, that occur on or after
199.7	August 1, 2017.
199.8	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.60, is amended by adding a subdivision to
199.9	read:
199.10	Subd. 32. Sales suppression. (a) A person who:
199.11	<u>(1) sells;</u>
199.12	(2) transfers;
199.13	(3) develops;
199.14	(4) manufactures; or
199.15	(5) possesses with the intent to sell or transfer
199.16	an automated sales suppression device, zapper, phantom-ware, or similar device capable of
199.17	being used to commit tax fraud or suppress sales is liable for a civil penalty calculated under
199.18	paragraph (b).
199.19	(b) The amount of the civil penalty equals the greater of (1) \$2,000, or (2) the total
199.20	amount of all taxes and penalties due that are attributable to the use of any automated sales
199.21	suppression device, zapper, phantom-ware, or similar device facilitated by the sale, transfer,
199.22	development, or manufacture of the automated sales suppression device, zapper,
199.23	phantom-ware, or similar device by the person.
199.24	(c) The definitions in section 289A.14 apply to this subdivision.
199.25	(d) This subdivision does not apply to the commissioner, a person acting at the direction
199.26	of the commissioner, an agent of the commissioner, law enforcement agencies, or
199.27	postsecondary education institutions that possess an automated sales suppression device,
199.28	zapper, or phantom-ware for study to combat the evasion of taxes by use of the automated
199.29	sales suppression devices, zappers, or phantom-ware.
199.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for activities enumerated that occur on
199.31	or after August 1, 2017.

200.4

200.5

200.6

200.7

200.1	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.63, is amended by adding a subdivision to
200.2	read:

- Subd. 12. **Felony.** (a) A person who sells, purchases, installs, transfers, develops, manufactures, or uses an automated sales suppression device, zapper, phantom-ware, or similar device knowing that the device or phantom-ware is capable of being used to commit tax fraud or suppress sales is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to a payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.
- 200.8 (b) An automated sales suppression device, zapper, phantom-ware, and any other device containing an automated sales suppression, zapper, or phantom-ware device or software is contraband and subject to forfeiture under section 609.5316.
- (c) The definitions in section 289A.14 apply to this subdivision.
- (d) This subdivision does not apply to the commissioner, a person acting at the direction
 of the commissioner, an agent of the commissioner, law enforcement agencies, or
 postsecondary education institutions that possess an automated sales suppression device,
 zapper, or phantom-ware for study to combat the evasion of taxes by use of the automated
 sales suppression devices, zappers, or phantom-ware.
- 200.17 <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> This section is effective for activities enumerated that occur on or after August 1, 2017.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.5316, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 200.20 Subd. 3. Weapons, telephone cloning paraphernalia, automated sales suppression devices, and bullet-resistant vests. Weapons used are contraband and must be summarily 200.21 forfeited to the appropriate agency upon conviction of the weapon's owner or possessor for 200.22 a controlled substance crime; for any offense of this chapter or chapter 624, or for a violation 200.23 of an order for protection under section 518B.01, subdivision 14. Bullet-resistant vests, as 200.24 defined in section 609.486, worn or possessed during the commission or attempted commission of a crime are contraband and must be summarily forfeited to the appropriate 200.26 agency upon conviction of the owner or possessor for a controlled substance crime or for 200.27 any offense of this chapter. Telephone cloning paraphernalia used in a violation of section 200.28 609.894, and automated sales suppression devices, phantom-ware, and other devices 200.29 containing an automated sales suppression or phantom-ware device or software used in 200.30 violation of section 289A.63, subdivision 12, are contraband and must be summarily forfeited 200.31 to the appropriate agency upon a conviction.

Article 10 Sec. 4.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for activities enumerated in Minnesota

201.2	Statutes, section 289A.63, subdivision 12, that occur on or after August 1, 2017.
201.3	ARTICLE 11
201.4 201.5	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE 2015-2016 POLICY AND TECHNICAL PROVISIONS; INCOME, CORPORATE FRANCHISE, AND ESTATE TAXES
201.6	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.08, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
201.7	Subd. 11. Information included in income tax return. (a) The return must state:
201.8	(1) the name of the taxpayer, or taxpayers, if the return is a joint return, and the address
201.9	of the taxpayer in the same name or names and same address as the taxpayer has used in
201.10	making the taxpayer's income tax return to the United States;
201.11	(2) the date or dates of birth of the taxpayer or taxpayers;
201.12	(3) the Social Security number of the taxpayer, or taxpayers, if a Social Security number
201.13	has been issued by the United States with respect to the taxpayers; and
201.14	(4) the amount of the taxable income of the taxpayer as it appears on the federal return
201.15	for the taxable year to which the Minnesota state return applies.
201.16	(b) The taxpayer must attach to the taxpayer's Minnesota state income tax return a copy
201.17	of the federal income tax return that the taxpayer has filed or is about to file for the period,
201.18	unless the taxpayer is eligible to telefile the federal return and does file the Minnesota return
201.19	by telefiling.
201.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
201.21	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.08, subdivision 16, is amended to read:
201.22	Subd. 16. Tax refund or return preparers; electronic filing; paper filing fee imposed.
201.23	(a) A "tax refund or return preparer," as defined in section 289A.60, subdivision 13, paragraph
201.24	(f), who is a tax return preparer for purposes of section 6011(e) of the Internal Revenue
201.25	Code, and who reasonably expects to prepare more than ten Minnesota individual income,
201.26	corporate franchise, S corporation, partnership, or fiduciary income tax returns for the prior
201.27	ealendar year must file all Minnesota individual income, corporate franchise, S corporation,
201.28	partnership, or fiduciary income tax returns prepared for that ealendar year by electronic
201.29	means.
201.30	(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a return if the taxpayer has indicated on the return
201 21	that the taynover did not want the return filed by electronic means

202.2

202.3

202.4

202.5

(c) For each return that is not filed electronically by a tax refund or return preparer under this subdivision, including returns filed under paragraph (b), a paper filing fee of \$5 is imposed upon the preparer. The fee is collected from the preparer in the same manner as income tax. The fee does not apply to returns that the commissioner requires to be filed in paper form.

REVISOR

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 202.6 31, 2016. 202.7

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 202.8
- Subd. 2. Withholding statement. (a) A person required to deduct and withhold from 202.9 an employee a tax under section 290.92, subdivision 2a or 3, or 290.923, subdivision 2, or 202.10 202.11 who would have been required to deduct and withhold a tax under section 290.92, subdivision 2a or 3, or persons required to withhold tax under section 290.923, subdivision 2, determined 202.12 without regard to section 290.92, subdivision 19, if the employee or payee had claimed no 202.13 more than one withholding exemption, or who paid wages or made payments not subject 202.14 to withholding under section 290.92, subdivision 2a or 3, or 290.923, subdivision 2, to an 202.15 employee or person receiving royalty payments in excess of \$600, or who has entered into a voluntary withholding agreement with a payee under section 290.92, subdivision 20, must 202.17 give every employee or person receiving royalty payments in respect to the remuneration 202.18 paid by the person to the employee or person receiving royalty payments during the calendar 202 19 year, on or before January 31 of the succeeding year, or, if employment is terminated before 202.20 the close of the calendar year, within 30 days after the date of receipt of a written request 202.21 from the employee if the 30-day period ends before January 31, a written statement showing 202.22 the following: 202.23
- (1) name of the person; 202.24
- 202.25 (2) the name of the employee or payee and the employee's or payee's Social Security account number; 202.26
- 202.27 (3) the total amount of wages as that term is defined in section 290.92, subdivision 1, paragraph (1); the total amount of remuneration subject to withholding under section 290.92, 202.28 subdivision 20; the amount of sick pay as required under section 6051(f) of the Internal 202.29 Revenue Code; and the amount of royalties subject to withholding under section 290.923, 202.30 subdivision 2; and 202.31
- 202.32 (4) the total amount deducted and withheld as tax under section 290.92, subdivision 2a or 3, or 290.923, subdivision 2. 202.33

203.2

203.3

203.4

203.5

203.6

203.7

203.8

203.9

203.10

203.11

203 12

203.13

203.15

203 16

203.17

203.19

203.20

203.21

203.22

203.23

203.25

- (b) The statement required to be furnished by paragraph (a) with respect to any remuneration must be furnished at those times, must contain the information required, and must be in the form the commissioner prescribes.
- (c) The commissioner may prescribe rules providing for reasonable extensions of time, not in excess of 30 days, to employers or payers required to give the statements to their employees or payees under this subdivision.
- (d) A duplicate of any statement made under this subdivision and in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner, along with a reconciliation in the form the commissioner prescribes of the statements for the calendar year, including a reconciliation of the quarterly returns required to be filed under subdivision 1, must be filed with the commissioner on or before February 28 January 31 of the year after the payments were made.
- (e) If an employer cancels the employer's Minnesota withholding account number required by section 290.92, subdivision 24, the information required by paragraph (d), must be filed with the commissioner within 30 days of the end of the quarter in which the employer cancels its account number.
- (f) The employer must submit the statements required to be sent to the commissioner in the same manner required to satisfy the federal reporting requirements of section 6011(e) of the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations issued under it. An employer must submit statements to the commissioner required by this section by electronic means if the employer is required to send more than 25 statements to the commissioner, even though the employer is not required to submit the returns federally by electronic means. For statements issued for wages paid in 2011 and after, the threshold is ten. All statements issued for withholding required under section 290.92 are aggregated for purposes of determining whether the electronic submission threshold is met. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the statement pursuant to section 270C.30.
- (g) A "third-party bulk filer" as defined in section 290.92, subdivision 30, paragraph (a), clause (2), must submit the returns required by this subdivision and subdivision 1, paragraph (a), with the commissioner by electronic means.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for statements required to be sent to the commissioner after December 31, 2017, except that the date change in paragraph (d) is effective for wages paid after December 31, 2016.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.12, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

- Subd. 14. Regulated investment companies; Reporting exempt interest and 204.2 exempt-interest dividends. (a) A regulated investment company paying \$10 or more in 204.3 exempt-interest dividends to an individual who is a resident of Minnesota, or any person 204.4 204.5 receiving \$10 or more of exempt interest or exempt-interest dividends and paying as nominee to an individual who is a resident of Minnesota, must make a return indicating the amount 204.6 of the exempt interest or exempt-interest dividends, the name, address, and Social Security 204.7 number of the recipient, and any other information that the commissioner specifies. The 204.8 return must be provided to the shareholder recipient by February 15 of the year following 204.9 the year of the payment. The return provided to the shareholder recipient must include a 204.10 clear statement, in the form prescribed by the commissioner, that the exempt interest or 204.11 exempt-interest dividends must be included in the computation of Minnesota taxable income. By June 1 of each year, the regulated investment company payor must file a copy of the 204.13 return with the commissioner. 204.14
- (b) For purposes of this subdivision, the following definitions apply.
- (1) "Exempt-interest dividends" mean exempt-interest dividends as defined in section 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, but does not include the portion of exempt-interest dividends that are not required to be added to federal taxable income under section 290.0131, subdivision 2, paragraph (b).
- (2) "Regulated investment company" means regulated investment company as defined in section 851(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or a fund of the regulated investment company as defined in section 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 204.23 (3) "Exempt interest" means income on obligations of any state other than Minnesota,
 204.24 or a political or governmental subdivision, municipality, or governmental agency or
 204.25 instrumentality of any state other than Minnesota, and exempt from federal income taxes
 204.26 under the Internal Revenue Code or any other federal statute.
- 204.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for reports required to be filed after 204.28 December 31, 2017.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.18, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 2a. Annual withholding returns; eligible employers. (a) An employer who deducts and withholds an amount required to be withheld by section 290.92 may file an annual return and make an annual payment of the amount required to be deducted and

Article 11 Sec. 5.

withheld for that calendar year if the employer has received a notification under paragraph 205.1 (b). The ability to elect to file an annual return continues through the year following the 205.2 205.3 year where an employer is required to deduct and withhold more than \$500. (b) The commissioner is authorized to determine which employers are eligible to file 205.4 205.5 an annual return and to notify employers who newly qualify to file an annual return because the amount an employer is required to deduct and withhold for that calendar year is \$500 205.6 or less based on the most recent period of four consecutive quarters for which the 205.7 commissioner has compiled data on that employer's withholding tax for that period. At the 205.8 time of notification, eligible employers may still decide to file returns and make deposits 205.9 quarterly. An employer who decides to file returns and make deposits quarterly is required 205.10 to make all returns and deposits required by this chapter and, notwithstanding paragraph 205.11 (a), is subject to all applicable penalties for failing to do so. (c) If, at the end of any calendar month other than the last month of the calendar year, 205.13 the aggregate amount of undeposited tax withheld by an employer who has elected to file 205.14 an annual return exceeds \$500, the employer must deposit the aggregate amount with the 205.15 commissioner within 30 days of the end of the calendar month. 205.16 (d) If an employer who has elected to file an annual return ceases to pay wages for which 205.17 withholding is required, the employer must file a final return and deposit any undeposited 205.18 tax within 30 days of the end of the calendar month following the month in which the 205.19 employer ceased paying wages. 205.20 (e) An employer not subject to paragraph (c) or (d) who elects to file an annual return 205.21 must file the return and pay the tax not previously deposited before February 1 of the year 205.22 following the year in which the tax was withheld. 205.23 (f) A notification to an employer regarding eligibility to file an annual return under 205.24 Minnesota Rules, part 8092.1400, is considered a notification under paragraph (a). 205.25 205.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2016. 205.27 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 205.28 205.29 Subd. 2. Withholding from wages, entertainer withholding, withholding from payments to out-of-state contractors, and withholding by partnerships, small business 205.30 corporations, trusts. (a) Except as provided in section 289A.18, subdivision 2a, a tax 205.31 required to be deducted and withheld during the quarterly period must be paid on or before 205.32 the last day of the month following the close of the quarterly period, unless an earlier time 205.33

206.2

206.3

206.4

206.5

206.6

206.7

206.8

206.9

206.10

206.11

206.13

206.14

206.20

206.21

206.22

206 23

206.24

for payment is provided. A tax required to be deducted and withheld from compensation of an entertainer and from a payment to an out-of-state contractor must be paid on or before the date the return for such tax must be filed under section 289A.18, subdivision 2. Taxes required to be deducted and withheld by partnerships, S corporations, and trusts must be paid on a quarterly basis as estimated taxes under section 289A.25 for partnerships and trusts and under section 289A.26 for S corporations.

- (b) An employer who, during the previous quarter, withheld more than \$1,500 of tax under section 290.92, subdivision 2a or 3, or 290.923, subdivision 2, must deposit tax withheld under those sections with the commissioner within the time allowed to deposit the employer's federal withheld employment taxes under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 31.6302-1, as amended through December 31, 2001, without regard to the safe harbor or de minimis rules in paragraph (f) or the one-day rule in paragraph (c)(3). Taxpayers must submit a copy of their federal notice of deposit status to the commissioner upon request by the commissioner.
- (c) The commissioner may prescribe by rule other return periods or deposit requirements.

 In prescribing the reporting period, the commissioner may classify payors according to the
 amount of their tax liability and may adopt an appropriate reporting period for the class that
 the commissioner judges to be consistent with efficient tax collection. In no event will the
 duration of the reporting period be more than one year.
 - (d) If less than the correct amount of tax is paid to the commissioner, proper adjustments with respect to both the tax and the amount to be deducted must be made, without interest, in the manner and at the times the commissioner prescribes. If the underpayment cannot be adjusted, the amount of the underpayment will be assessed and collected in the manner and at the times the commissioner prescribes.
- 206.25 (e) If the aggregate amount of the tax withheld is \$10,000 or more in a fiscal year ending 206.26 June 30, the employer must remit each required deposit for wages paid in all subsequent 206.27 calendar years by electronic means.
- (f) A third-party bulk filer as defined in section 290.92, subdivision 30, paragraph (a), clause (2), who remits withholding deposits must remit all deposits by electronic means as provided in paragraph (e), regardless of the aggregate amount of tax withheld during a fiscal year for all of the employers.
- 206.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 206.33 31, 2016.

decedent:

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Individual income, fiduciary income, mining company, corporate
- 207.3 **franchise, and entertainment taxes.** (a) Individual income, fiduciary income, mining
- 207.4 company, and corporate franchise taxes, and interest and penalties, must be paid by the
- 207.5 taxpayer upon whom the tax is imposed, except in the following cases:
- (1) The tax due from a decedent for that part of the taxable year in which the decedent died during which the decedent was alive and the taxes, interest, and penalty due for the prior years must be paid by the decedent's personal representative, if any. If there is no personal representative, the taxes, interest, and penalty must be paid by the transferees, as defined in section 270C.58, subdivision 3, to the extent they receive property from the
- 207.12 (2) The tax due from an infant or other incompetent person must be paid by the person's guardian or other person authorized or permitted by law to act for the person;
- 207.14 (3) The tax due from the estate of a decedent must be paid by the estate's personal representative;
- 207.16 (4) The tax due from a trust, including those within the definition of a corporation, as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 4, must be paid by a trustee; and
- (5) The tax due from a taxpayer whose business or property is in charge of a receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, assignee, or other conservator, must be paid by the person in charge of the business or property so far as the tax is due to the income from the business or property.
- 207.21 (b) Entertainment taxes are the joint and several liability of the entertainer and the entertainment entity. The payor is liable to the state for the payment of the tax required to be deducted and withheld under section 290.9201, subdivision 7, and is not liable to the entertainer for the amount of the payment.
- 207.25 (c) The tax taxes imposed under section sections 289A.35 and 290.0922 on partnerships
 207.26 is are the joint and several liability of the partnership and the general partners.
- 207.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.35, is amended to read:
- **207.29 289A.35 ASSESSMENTS ON RETURNS.**
- 207.30 (a) The commissioner may audit and adjust the taxpayer's computation of federal taxable income, items of federal tax preferences, or federal credit amounts to make them conform with the provisions of chapter 290 or section 298.01. If a return has been filed, the

208.1	commissioner shall enter the liability reported on the return and may make any audit or
208.2	investigation that is considered necessary.
208.3	(b) Upon petition by a taxpayer, and when the commissioner determines that it is in the
208.4	best interest of the state, the commissioner may allow S corporations and partnerships to
208.5	receive orders of assessment issued under section 270C.33, subdivision 4, on behalf of their
208.6	owners, and to pay liabilities shown on such orders. In such cases, the owners' liability must
208.7	be calculated using the method provided in section 289A.08, subdivision 7, paragraph (b).
208.8	(c) A taxpayer may petition the commissioner for the use of the method described in
208.9	paragraph (b) after the taxpayer is notified that an audit has been initiated and before an
208.10	order of assessment has been issued.
208.11	(d) A determination of the commissioner under paragraph (b) to grant or deny the petition
208.12	of a taxpayer cannot be appealed to the Tax Court or any other court.
208.13	(b) (e) The commissioner may audit and adjust the taxpayer's computation of tax under
208.14	chapter 291. In the case of a return filed pursuant to section 289A.10, the commissioner
208.15	shall notify the estate no later than nine months after the filing date, as provided by section
208.16	289A.38, subdivision 2, whether the return is under examination or the return has been
208.17	processed as filed.
208.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
208.19	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.60, subdivision 28, is amended to read:
208.20	Subd. 28. Preparer identification number. Any Minnesota individual income tax return
208.21	or claim for refund prepared by a "tax refund or return preparer" as defined in subdivision
208.22	13, paragraph (f), shall bear the identification number the preparer is required to use federally
208.23	under section 6109(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. A tax refund or return preparer who
208.24	
	prepares a Minnesota individual income tax return required by section 289A.08, subdivisions
208.25	
208.25208.26	prepares a Minnesota individual income tax return required by section 289A.08, subdivisions
	prepares a Minnesota individual income tax return required by section 289A.08, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 7; or 289A.12, subdivision 3, or claim for refund and fails to include the required
208.26	prepares a Minnesota individual income tax return required by section 289A.08, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 7; or 289A.12, subdivision 3, or claim for refund and fails to include the required number on the return or claim is subject to a penalty of \$50 for each failure.
208.26 208.27	prepares a Minnesota individual income tax return required by section 289A.08, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 7; or 289A.12, subdivision 3, or claim for refund and fails to include the required number on the return or claim is subject to a penalty of \$50 for each failure. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
208.26 208.27 208.28	prepares a Minnesota individual income tax return required by section 289A.08, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 7; or 289A.12, subdivision 3, or claim for refund and fails to include the required number on the return or claim is subject to a penalty of \$50 for each failure. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2016.

2093

209.4

209.18

209.19

209.20

209.21

209.23

209 24

209.25

	/1 \	HT .		•		1.	.1
209.1	۱h۱	"Long-term	care	incurance"	means a	nolic	v that
ZU9.1	(U)	Long-will	carc	msurance	incans a	ponc	y mai.

- (1) qualifies for a deduction under section 213 of the Internal Revenue Code, disregarding the 7.5 percent adjusted gross income test; or meets the requirements given in section 62A.46; or provides similar coverage issued under the laws of another jurisdiction; and
- 209.5 (2) has a lifetime long-term care benefit limit of not less than \$100,000; and
- (3) has been offered in compliance with the inflation protection requirements of section 209.6 62S.23. 209.7
- (c) "Qualified beneficiary" means the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. 209.8
- 209.9 (d) "Premiums deducted in determining federal taxable income" means the lesser of (1) long-term care insurance premiums that qualify as deductions under section 213 of the 209.10 Internal Revenue Code; and (2) the total amount deductible for medical care under section 209.11 213 of the Internal Revenue Code. 209.12
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 209.13 after December 31, 2012. 209.14
- 209.15 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.068, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings 209.16 209.17 given.
- (a) "Qualified research expenses" means (i) qualified research expenses and basic research payments as defined in section 41(b) and (e) of the Internal Revenue Code, except it does not include expenses incurred for qualified research or basic research conducted outside the state of Minnesota pursuant to section 41(d) and (e) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) contributions to a nonprofit corporation established and operated pursuant to the 209.22 provisions of chapter 317A for the purpose of promoting the establishment and expansion of business in this state, provided the contributions are invested by the nonprofit corporation for the purpose of providing funds for small, technologically innovative enterprises in Minnesota during the early stages of their development.
- (b) "Qualified research" means qualified research as defined in section 41(d) of the 209.27 Internal Revenue Code, except that the term does not include qualified research conducted 209 28 outside the state of Minnesota. 209.29
- (c) "Base amount" means base amount as defined in section 41(c) of the Internal Revenue 209.30 209.31 Code, except that the average annual gross receipts and aggregate gross receipts must be

210.2

210.3

calculated using Minnesota sales or receipts under section 290.191 and the definitions contained in clauses paragraphs (a) and (b) shall apply.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.17, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Income not derived from conduct of a trade or business.** The income of a taxpayer subject to the allocation rules that is not derived from the conduct of a trade or business must be assigned in accordance with paragraphs (a) to (f):
- (a)(1) Subject to paragraphs (a)(2) and (a)(3), income from wages as defined in section 3401(a) and (f) of the Internal Revenue Code is assigned to this state if, and to the extent that, the work of the employee is performed within it; all other income from such sources is treated as income from sources without this state.
- Severance pay shall be considered income from labor or personal or professional services.
- (2) In the case of an individual who is a nonresident of Minnesota and who is an athlete or entertainer, income from compensation for labor or personal services performed within this state shall be determined in the following manner:
- (i) The amount of income to be assigned to Minnesota for an individual who is a 210.16 nonresident salaried athletic team employee shall be determined by using a fraction in which 210.17 the denominator contains the total number of days in which the individual is under a duty 210.18 to perform for the employer, and the numerator is the total number of those days spent in 210.19 Minnesota. For purposes of this paragraph, off-season training activities, unless conducted 210.20 at the team's facilities as part of a team imposed program, are not included in the total number 210.21 of duty days. Bonuses earned as a result of play during the regular season or for participation 210.22 in championship, play-off, or all-star games must be allocated under the formula. Signing 210.23 bonuses are not subject to allocation under the formula if they are not conditional on playing 210.24 any games for the team, are payable separately from any other compensation, and are 210.25 nonrefundable; and 210.26
 - (ii) The amount of income to be assigned to Minnesota for an individual who is a nonresident, and who is an athlete or entertainer not listed in clause (i), for that person's athletic or entertainment performance in Minnesota shall be determined by assigning to this state all income from performances or athletic contests in this state.
- (3) For purposes of this section, amounts received by a nonresident as "retirement income" as defined in section (b)(1) of the State Income Taxation of Pension Income Act, Public Law 104-95, are not considered income derived from carrying on a trade or business or

210.27

210.28

211.2

211.3

211.4

211.5

2116

2117

211.8

211.9

211.10

211 11

211.12

211.13

211.14

211.15

211.16

211.17

211 18

211.19

211 20

211.21

211.22

211.23

211.24

211.25

from wages or other compensation for work an employee performed in Minnesota, and are not taxable under this chapter.

- (b) Income or gains from tangible property located in this state that is not employed in the business of the recipient of the income or gains must be assigned to this state.
- (c) Income or gains from intangible personal property not employed in the business of the recipient of the income or gains must be assigned to this state if the recipient of the income or gains is a resident of this state or is a resident trust or estate.

Gain on the sale of a partnership interest is allocable to this state in the ratio of the original cost of partnership tangible property in this state to the original cost of partnership tangible property everywhere, determined at the time of the sale. If more than 50 percent of the value of the partnership's assets consists of intangibles, gain or loss from the sale of the partnership interest is allocated to this state in accordance with the sales factor of the partnership for its first full tax period immediately preceding the tax period of the partnership during which the partnership interest was sold.

Gain on the sale of an interest in a single member limited liability company that is disregarded for federal income tax purposes is allocable to this state as if the single member limited liability company did not exist and the assets of the limited liability company are personally owned by the sole member.

Gain on the sale of goodwill or income from a covenant not to compete that is connected with a business operating all or partially in Minnesota is allocated to this state to the extent that the income from the business in the year preceding the year of sale was assignable allocable to Minnesota under subdivision 3.

When an employer pays an employee for a covenant not to compete, the income allocated to this state is in the ratio of the employee's service in Minnesota in the calendar year preceding leaving the employment of the employer over the total services performed by the employee for the employer in that year.

- (d) Income from winnings on a bet made by an individual while in Minnesota is assigned to this state. In this paragraph, "bet" has the meaning given in section 609.75, subdivision 2, as limited by section 609.75, subdivision 3, clauses (1), (2), and (3).
- (e) All items of gross income not covered in paragraphs (a) to (d) and not part of the taxpayer's income from a trade or business shall be assigned to the taxpayer's domicile.
- 211.32 (f) For the purposes of this section, working as an employee shall not be considered to be conducting a trade or business.

212.1	EFFECTIVE DATE.	This section	is effective	the day	following	g final enactment.
-------	-----------------	--------------	--------------	---------	-----------	--------------------

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 212.2

Subdivision 1. Partners, not partnership, subject to tax. Except as provided under 212.3

section 289A.35, paragraph (b), a partnership as such shall not be subject to the income tax

imposed by this chapter, but is subject to the tax imposed under section 290.0922. Persons

carrying on business as partners shall be liable for income tax only in their separate or

individual capacities. 212.7

212.4

212.5

212.6

212.8

212.9

212.10

212.11

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290A.19, is amended to read:

290A.19 OWNER OR MANAGING AGENT TO FURNISH RENT CERTIFICATE.

- (a) The owner or managing agent of any property for which rent is paid for occupancy as a homestead must furnish a certificate of rent paid to a person who is a renter on December 212.12 31, in the form prescribed by the commissioner. If the renter moves before December 31, 212.13 the owner or managing agent may give the certificate to the renter at the time of moving, 212.14 or mail the certificate to the forwarding address if an address has been provided by the 212.15 renter. The certificate must be made available to the renter before February 1 of the year 212 16 following the year in which the rent was paid. The owner or managing agent must retain a duplicate of each certificate or an equivalent record showing the same information for a period of three years. The duplicate or other record must be made available to the 212.19 commissioner upon request. 212.20
- (b) The commissioner may require the owner or managing agent, through a simple 212.21 process, to furnish to the commissioner on or before March 1 a copy of each certificate of 212.22 rent paid furnished to a renter for rent paid in the prior year, in the content, format, and 212.23 manner prescribed by the commissioner pursuant to section 270C.30. Prior to implementation, 212.24 the commissioner, after consulting with representatives of owners or managing agents, shall 212.25 develop an implementation and administration plan for the requirements of this paragraph 212.26 that attempts to minimize financial burdens, administration and compliance costs, and takes 212.27 into consideration existing systems of owners and managing agents. 212.28
- (c) For the purposes of this section, "owner" includes a park owner as defined under 212.29 section 327C.01, subdivision 6, and "property" includes a lot as defined under section 212.30 327C.01, subdivision 3. 212.31

213.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for certificates of rent paid furnished to
213.2	a renter for rent paid after December 31, 2016.
213.3	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 291.016, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
213.4	Subd. 2. Additions. The following amounts, to the extent deducted in computing or
213.5	otherwise excluded from the federal taxable estate, must be added in computing the
213.6	Minnesota taxable estate:
213.7	(1) the amount of the deduction for state death taxes allowed under section 2058 of the
213.8	Internal Revenue Code;
213.9	(2) the amount of the deduction for foreign death taxes allowed under section 2053(d)
213.10	of the Internal Revenue Code; and
213.11	(3) the aggregate amount of taxable gifts as defined in section 2503 of the Internal
213.12	Revenue Code, made by the decedent within three years of the date of death. For purposes
213.13	of this clause, the amount of the addition equals the value of the gift under section 2512 of
213.14	the Internal Revenue Code and excludes any value of the gift included in the federal estate.
213.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents
213.16	dying after June 30, 2013.
213.17	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 291.016, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
213.18	Subd. 3. Subtraction. The following amounts, to the extent included in computing the
213.19	federal taxable estate, may be subtracted in computing the Minnesota taxable estate but
213.20	must not reduce the Minnesota taxable estate to less than zero:
213.21	(1) the value of property subject to an election under section 291.03, subdivision 1d;
213.22	<u>and</u>
213.23	(2) the value of qualified small business property under section 291.03, subdivision 9,
213.24	and the value of qualified farm property under section 291.03, subdivision 10, or the result
213.25	of \$5,000,000 minus the amount for the year of death listed in elauses (1) to (5) items (i)
213.26	to (v), whichever is less, may be subtracted in computing the Minnesota taxable estate but
213.27	must not reduce the Minnesota taxable estate to less than zero:
213.28	(1) (i) \$1,200,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2014;
213.29	(2) (ii) \$1,400,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2015;
213.30	(3) (iii) \$1,600,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2016;

214.1 (4) (i	<u>v)</u> \$1,800,000	for estates of	f decedents of	dying in 2017; a	nd
--------------	-----------------------	----------------	----------------	------------------	----

- (5) (v) \$2,000,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2018 and thereafter. 214.2
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents 214.3 dying after June 30, 2011. 214.4

REVISOR

- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 291.03, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 214.5
- Subd. 9. Qualified small business property. Property satisfying all of the following 214.6 requirements is qualified small business property: 214.7
- 214.8 (1) The value of the property was included in the federal adjusted taxable estate.
- (2) The property consists of the assets of a trade or business or shares of stock or other 214.9 214.10 ownership interests in a corporation or other entity engaged in a trade or business. Shares of stock in a corporation or an ownership interest in another type of entity do not qualify 214.11 under this subdivision if the shares or ownership interests are traded on a public stock 214.12 exchange at any time during the three-year period ending on the decedent's date of death. 214.13 For purposes of this subdivision, an ownership interest includes the interest the decedent is 214.14 deemed to own under sections 2036, 2037, and 2038 of the Internal Revenue Code. 214.15
- (3) During the taxable year that ended before the decedent's death, the trade or business must not have been a passive activity within the meaning of section 469(c) of the Internal 214.17 Revenue Code, and the decedent or the decedent's spouse must have materially participated in the trade or business within the meaning of section 469(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding section 469(h)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and any other provision provided 214.20 by United States Treasury Department regulation that substitutes material participation in 214.21 prior taxable years for material participation in the taxable year that ended before the 214.22 decedent's death. 214.23
- (4) The gross annual sales of the trade or business were \$10,000,000 or less for the last 214.24 taxable year that ended before the date of the death of the decedent. 214.25
- 214.26 (5) The property does not consist of include:
- (i) cash,; 214 27

214.16

214.18

- 214.28 (ii) cash equivalents;
- (iii) publicly traded securities; or 214.29
- 214.30 (iv) any assets not used in the operation of the trade or business.

215.2

215.3

215.4

215.5

215.6

215.7

215.8

215.9

215.10

215.11

215.13

215.14

215.15

215.17

215.18

215.19

215.20

215.21

215.22

215.26

215.27

215.28

215.29

215.30

215.31

215.32

(6) For property consisting of shares of stock or other ownership interests in an entity, the value of cash, cash equivalents, publicly traded securities, or assets not used in the operation of the trade or business held by the corporation or other entity items described in clause (5) must be deducted from the value of the property qualifying under this subdivision in proportion to the decedent's share of ownership of the entity on the date of death excluded in the valuation of the decedent's interest in the entity.

(6) (7) The decedent continuously owned the property, including property the decedent is deemed to own under sections 2036, 2037, and 2038 of the Internal Revenue Code, for the three-year period ending on the date of death of the decedent. In the case of a sole proprietor, if the property replaced similar property within the three-year period, the replacement property will be treated as having been owned for the three-year period ending on the date of death of the decedent.

(7) (8) For three years following the date of death of the decedent, the trade or business is not a passive activity within the meaning of section 469(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, and a family member materially participates in the operation of the trade or business within the meaning of section 469(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding section 469(h)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and any other provision provided by United States Treasury Department regulation that substitutes material participation in prior taxable years for material participation in the three years following the date of death of the decedent.

(8) (9) The estate and the qualified heir elect to treat the property as qualified small business property and agree, in the form prescribed by the commissioner, to pay the recapture tax under subdivision 11, if applicable.

215.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents dying after June 30, 2011.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 291.03, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. **Recapture tax.** (a) If, within three years after the decedent's death and before the death of the qualified heir, the qualified heir disposes of any interest in the qualified property, other than by a disposition to a family member, or a family member ceases to satisfy the requirement under subdivision 9, clause (7); or 10, clause (5), an additional estate tax is imposed on the property. In the case of a sole proprietor, if the qualified heir replaces qualified small business property excluded under subdivision 9 with similar property, then the qualified heir will not be treated as having disposed of an interest in the qualified property.

216.1	(b) The amount of the additional tax equals the amount of the exclusion claimed by the
216.2	estate under subdivision 8, paragraph (d), multiplied by 16 percent.
216.3	(c) The additional tax under this subdivision is due on the day which is six months after
216.4	the date of the disposition or cessation in paragraph (a).
216.5	(d) This subdivision shall not apply as a result of any of the following:
216.6	(1) a portion of qualified farm property consisting of less than one-fifth of the acreage
216.7	of the property is reclassified as class 2b property under section 273.13, subdivision 23, and
216.8	the qualified heir has not substantially altered the reclassified property during the three-year
216.9	holding period; or
216.10	(2) a portion of qualified farm property classified as 2a property at the death of the
216.11	decedent pursuant to section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), consisting of a residence,
216.12	garage, and immediately surrounding one acre of land is reclassified as 4bb property during
216.13	the three-year holding period, and the qualified heir has not substantially altered the property.
216.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents
216.15	dying after June 30, 2011.
216.16	Sec. 19. REPEALER.
216.17	(a) Minnesota Rules, part 8092.1400, is repealed.
216.18	(b) Minnesota Rules, part 8092.2000, is repealed.
216.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (a) is effective for taxable years beginning after
216.20	December 31, 2016, except that notifications from the Department of Revenue to employers
216.21	regarding eligibility to file an annual return for taxes withheld in calendar year 2017 remain
216.22	in force. Paragraph (b) is effective the day following final enactment.
216.23	ARTICLE 12
216.24	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE 2015-2016 POLICY AND TECHNICAL
216.25	PROVISIONS; PROPERTY TAX
216.26	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 13.51, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
216.27	Subd. 2. Income property assessment data. The following data collected by political
216.28	subdivisions and the state from individuals or business entities concerning income properties
216.29	are classified as private or nonpublic data pursuant to section 13.02, subdivisions 9 and 12:
216.30	(a) detailed income and expense figures;
216.31	(b) average vacancy factors;

217.1	(c) verified net rentable areas or net usable areas, whichever is appropriate;
217.2	(d) anticipated income and expenses;
217.3	(e) projected vacancy factors; and
217.4	(f) lease information.
217.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
217.6	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270.071, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
217.7	Subd. 2. Air commerce. (a) "Air commerce" means the transportation by aircraft of
217.8	persons or property for hire in interstate, intrastate, or international transportation on regularly
217.9	scheduled flights or on intermittent or irregularly timed flights by airline companies and
217.10	includes transportation by any airline company making three or more flights in or out of
217.11	Minnesota, or within Minnesota, during a calendar year.
217.12	(b) "Air commerce" includes but is not limited to an intermittent or irregularly timed
217.13	flight, a flight arranged at the convenience of an airline and the person contracting for the
217.14	transportation, or a charter flight. It includes any airline company making three or more
217.15	flights in or out of Minnesota during a calendar year.
217.16	(e) "Air commerce" does not include casual transportation for hire by aircraft commonly
217.17	owned and used for private air flight purposes if the person furnishing the transportation
217.18	does not hold out to be engaged regularly in transportation for hire.
217.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
217.20	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270.071, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
217.21	Subd. 7. Flight property. "Flight property" means all aircraft and flight equipment used
217.22	in connection therewith, including spare flight equipment. Flight property also includes
217.23	computers and computer software used in operating, controlling, or regulating aircraft and
217.24	flight equipment. Flight property does not include aircraft with a maximum takeoff weight
217.25	of less than 30,000 pounds.
217.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
217.27	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270.071, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
217.28	Subd. 8. Person. "Person" means any an individual, corporation, firm, copartnership,
217.29	company, or association, and includes any guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, receiver,
217.30	eonservator, or any person acting in any fiduciary capacity therefor trust, estate, fiduciary,

218.1	partnership, company, corporation, limited liability company, association, governmental
218.2	unit or agency, public or private organization of any kind, or other legal entity.
218.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
218.4	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270.071, is amended by adding a subdivision to
218.5	read:
218.6	Subd. 10. Intermittent or irregularly timed flights. "Intermittently or irregularly timed
218.7	flights" means any flight in which the departure time, departure location, and arrival location
218.8	are specifically negotiated with the customer or the customer's representative, including but
218.9	not limited to charter flights.
218.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
218.11	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270.072, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
218.12	Subd. 2. Assessment of flight property. Flight property that is owned by, or is leased,
218.13	loaned, or otherwise made available to an airline company operating in Minnesota shall be
218.14	assessed and appraised annually by the commissioner with reference to its value on January
218.15	2 of the assessment year in the manner prescribed by sections 270.071 to 270.079. Aircraft
218.16	with a gross weight of less than 30,000 pounds and used on intermittent or irregularly timed
218.17	flights shall be excluded from the provisions of sections 270.071 to 270.079.
218.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
218.19	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270.072, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
218.20	Subd. 3. Report by airline company. (a) Each year, on or before July 1, every airline
218.21	company engaged in air commerce in this state shall file with the commissioner a report
218.22	under oath setting forth specifically the information prescribed by the commissioner to
218.23	enable the commissioner to make the assessment required in sections 270.071 to 270.079,
218.24	unless the commissioner determines that the airline company or person should be excluded
218.25	from is exempt from filing because its activities do not constitute air commerce as defined
218.26	herein .
218.27	(b) The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the report
218.28	pursuant to section 270C.30, except that a "law administered by the commissioner" includes
218.29	the property tax laws. If a report is made by electronic means, the taxpayer's signature is
218.30	defined pursuant to section 270C.304, except that a "law administered by the commissioner"
218.31	includes the property tax laws.

219.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. The amendment to paragraph (a) is effective for reports filed in
219.2	2018 and thereafter. The amendment adding paragraph (b) is effective the day following
219.3	final enactment.
219.4	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270.072, is amended by adding a subdivision to
219.5	read:
219.6	Subd. 3a. Commissioner filed reports. If an airline company fails to file a report required
219.7	by subdivision 3, the commissioner may, from information in the commissioner's possession
219.8	or obtainable by the commissioner, make and file a report for the airline company, or may
219.9	issue a notice of net tax capacity and tax under section 270.075, subdivision 2.
219.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
219.11	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270.12, is amended by adding a subdivision to
219.12	read:
219.13	Subd. 6. Reassessment orders. If the State Board of Equalization determines that a
219.14	considerable amount of property has been undervalued or overvalued compared to like
219.15	property such that the assessment is grossly unfair or inequitable, the State Board of
219.16	Equalization may, pursuant to its responsibilities under subdivisions 2 and 3, issue orders
219.17	to the county assessor to reassess all parcels or an identified set of parcels in a county.
219.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
219.19	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.89, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
219.20	Subdivision 1. Initial report. Each county assessor shall file by April 1 with the
219.21	commissioner a copy of the abstract that will be acted upon by the local and county boards
219.22	of review. The abstract must list the real and personal property in the county itemized by
219.23	assessment districts. The assessor of each county in the state shall file with the commissioner,
219.24	within ten working days following final action of the local board of review or equalization
219.25	and within five days following final action of the county board of equalization, any changes
219.26	made by the local or county board. The information must be filed in the manner prescribed
219.27	by the commissioner. It must be accompanied by a printed or typewritten copy of the
219.28	proceedings of the appropriate board.
219.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for local and county boards of appeal
219.30	and equalization meetings held in 2017 and thereafter.

- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.02, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Personal property; exceptions.** Except for the taxable personal property
- enumerated below, all personal property and the property described in section 272.03,
- subdivision 1, paragraphs (c) and (d), shall be exempt.
- The following personal property shall be taxable:
- (a) personal property which is part of (1) an electric generating, transmission, or
- distribution system or; (2) a pipeline system transporting or distributing water, gas, crude
- 220.8 oil, or petroleum products; or (3) mains and pipes used in the distribution of steam or hot
- or chilled water for heating or cooling buildings and structures;
- (b) railroad docks and wharves which are part of the operating property of a railroad
- 220.11 company as defined in section 270.80;
- (c) personal property defined in section 272.03, subdivision 2, clause (3);
- (d) leasehold or other personal property interests which are taxed pursuant to section
- 220.14 272.01, subdivision 2; 273.124, subdivision 7; or 273.19, subdivision 1; or any other law
- 220.15 providing the property is taxable as if the lessee or user were the fee owner;
- (e) manufactured homes and sectional structures, including storage sheds, decks, and
- 220.17 similar removable improvements constructed on the site of a manufactured home, sectional
- 220.18 structure, park trailer or travel trailer as provided in section 273.125, subdivision 8, paragraph
- 220.19 (f); and
- (f) flight property as defined in section 270.071.
- 220.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.029, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the term:
- (1) "wind energy conversion system" has the meaning given in section 216C.06,
- subdivision 19, and also includes a substation that is used and owned by one or more wind
- 220.26 energy conversion facilities;
- (2) "large scale wind energy conversion system" means a wind energy conversion system
- of more than 12 megawatts, as measured by the nameplate capacity of the system or as
- 220.29 combined with other systems as provided in paragraph (b);

221.1	(3) "medium scale wind energy conversion system" means a wind energy conversion
221.2	system of over two and not more than 12 megawatts, as measured by the nameplate capacity
221.3	of the system or as combined with other systems as provided in paragraph (b); and
221.4	(4) "small scale wind energy conversion system" means a wind energy conversion system
221.5	of two megawatts and under, as measured by the nameplate capacity of the system or as
221.6	combined with other systems as provided in paragraph (b).
221.7	(b) For systems installed and contracted for after January 1, 2002, the total size of a
221.8	wind energy conversion system under this subdivision shall be determined according to this
221.9	paragraph. Unless the systems are interconnected with different distribution systems, the
221.10	nameplate capacity of one wind energy conversion system shall be combined with the
221.11	nameplate capacity of any other wind energy conversion system that is:
221.12	(1) located within five miles of the wind energy conversion system;
221.13	(2) constructed within the same calendar year 12-month period as the wind energy
221.14	conversion system; and

REVISOR

- (3) under common ownership. 221.15
- In the case of a dispute, the commissioner of commerce shall determine the total size of 221.16 the system, and shall draw all reasonable inferences in favor of combining the systems. 221.17
- (c) In making a determination under paragraph (b), the commissioner of commerce may 221.18 determine that two wind energy conversion systems are under common ownership when 221.19 the underlying ownership structure contains similar persons or entities, even if the ownership 221.20 shares differ between the two systems. Wind energy conversion systems are not under 221.21 common ownership solely because the same person or entity provided equity financing for 221.22 the systems. 221.23
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for reports filed in 2018 and thereafter. 221.24
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.029, is amended by adding a subdivision 221 25 to read: 221.26
- Subd. 8. Extension. The commissioner may, for good cause, extend the time for filing 221.27 the report required by subdivision 4. The extension must not exceed 15 days. 221.28
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for reports filed in 2018 and thereafter. 221.29

222.1	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.061, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
222.2	Subd. 7. Division of duties between local and county assessor. The duty of the duly
222.3	appointed local assessor shall be to view and appraise the value of all property as provided
222.4	by law, but all the book work shall be done by the county assessor, or the assessor's assistants,
222.5	and the value of all property subject to assessment and taxation shall be determined by the
222.6	county assessor, except as otherwise hereinafter provided. If directed by the county assessor,
222.7	the local assessor shall <u>must</u> perform the duties enumerated in subdivision 8, clause (16) ₂
222.8	and must enter construction and valuation data into the records in the manner prescribed
222.9	by the county assessor.
222.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
222.11	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.08, is amended to read:
222.12	273.08 ASSESSOR'S DUTIES.
222.13	The assessor shall actually view, and determine the market value of each tract or lot of
222.14	real property listed for taxation, including the value of all improvements and structures
222.15	thereon, at maximum intervals of five years and shall enter the value opposite each
222.16	description. When directed by the county assessor, local assessors must enter construction
222.17	and valuation data into the records in the manner prescribed by the county assessor.
222.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
222.19	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.121, is amended by adding a subdivision
222.20	to read:
222.21	Subd. 3. Compliance. A county assessor, or a city assessor having the powers of a
222.22	county assessor, who does not comply with the timely notice requirement under subdivision
222.23	1 must:
222.24	(1) mail an additional valuation notice to each person who was not provided timely
222.25	notice; and
222.26	(2) convene a supplemental local board of appeal and equalization or local review session
222.27	no sooner than ten days after sending the additional notices required by clause (1).
222.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for valuation notices sent in 2018 and
222.29	thereafter.

223.3

223.4

223.5

223.6

223.7

223.8

223.9

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.13, subdivision 22, is amended to read:

Subd. 22. **Class 1.** (a) Except as provided in subdivision 23 and in paragraphs (b) and (c), real estate which is residential and used for homestead purposes is class 1a. In the case of a duplex or triplex in which one of the units is used for homestead purposes, the entire property is deemed to be used for homestead purposes. The market value of class 1a property must be determined based upon the value of the house, garage, and land.

- The first \$500,000 of market value of class 1a property has a net classification rate of one percent of its market value; and the market value of class 1a property that exceeds \$500,000 has a classification rate of 1.25 percent of its market value.
- (b) Class 1b property includes homestead real estate or homestead manufactured homes used for the purposes of a homestead by:
- 223.12 (1) any person who is blind as defined in section 256D.35, or the blind person and the blind person's spouse;
- 223.14 (2) any person who is permanently and totally disabled or by the disabled person and the disabled person's spouse; or
- 223.16 (3) the surviving spouse of a permanently and totally disabled veteran homesteading a property classified under this paragraph for taxes payable in 2008.
- Property is classified and assessed under clause (2) only if the government agency or income-providing source certifies, upon the request of the homestead occupant, that the homestead occupant satisfies the disability requirements of this paragraph, and that the property is not eligible for the valuation exclusion under subdivision 34.
- Property is classified and assessed under paragraph (b) only if the commissioner of revenue or the county assessor certifies that the homestead occupant satisfies the requirements of this paragraph.
- Permanently and totally disabled for the purpose of this subdivision means a condition which is permanent in nature and totally incapacitates the person from working at an occupation which brings the person an income. The first \$50,000 market value of class 1b property has a net classification rate of .45 percent of its market value. The remaining market value of class 1b property has a classification rate using the rates for is classified as class 1a or class 2a property, whichever is appropriate, of similar market value.
- (c) Class 1c property is commercial use real and personal property that abuts public water as defined in section 103G.005, subdivision 15, and is devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreational purposes but not devoted to commercial

purposes for more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment, and that 224.1 includes a portion used as a homestead by the owner, which includes a dwelling occupied 224.2 224.3 as a homestead by a shareholder of a corporation that owns the resort, a partner in a partnership that owns the resort, or a member of a limited liability company that owns the 224.4 resort even if the title to the homestead is held by the corporation, partnership, or limited 224.5 liability company. For purposes of this paragraph, property is devoted to a commercial 224.6 purpose on a specific day if any portion of the property, excluding the portion used 224.7 224.8 exclusively as a homestead, is used for residential occupancy and a fee is charged for residential occupancy. Class 1c property must contain three or more rental units. A "rental 224.9 unit" is defined as a cabin, condominium, townhouse, sleeping room, or individual camping 224.10 site equipped with water and electrical hookups for recreational vehicles. Class 1c property 224.11 must provide recreational activities such as the rental of ice fishing houses, boats and motors, 224.12 snowmobiles, downhill or cross-country ski equipment; provide marina services, launch 224.13 services, or guide services; or sell bait and fishing tackle. Any unit in which the right to use 224.14 the property is transferred to an individual or entity by deeded interest, or the sale of shares 224.15 or stock, no longer qualifies for class 1c even though it may remain available for rent. A 224.16 camping pad offered for rent by a property that otherwise qualifies for class 1c is also class 224.17 1c, regardless of the term of the rental agreement, as long as the use of the camping pad 224.18 does not exceed 250 days. If the same owner owns two separate parcels that are located in 224.19 the same township, and one of those properties is classified as a class 1c property and the 224.20 other would be eligible to be classified as a class 1c property if it was used as the homestead of the owner, both properties will be assessed as a single class 1c property; for purposes of 224.22 this sentence, properties are deemed to be owned by the same owner if each of them is 224 23 owned by a limited liability company, and both limited liability companies have the same 224 24 membership. The portion of the property used as a homestead is class 1a property under 224.25 paragraph (a). The remainder of the property is classified as follows: the first \$600,000 of 224.26 market value is tier I, the next \$1,700,000 of market value is tier II, and any remaining 224.27 market value is tier III. The classification rates for class 1c are: tier I, 0.50 percent; tier II, 224.28 1.0 percent; and tier III, 1.25 percent. Owners of real and personal property devoted to 224.29 temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes in which all or a 224.30 portion of the property was devoted to commercial purposes for not more than 250 days in 224.31 the year preceding the year of assessment desiring classification as class 1c, must submit a 224.32 declaration to the assessor designating the cabins or units occupied for 250 days or less in 224.33 the year preceding the year of assessment by January 15 of the assessment year. Those 224.34 cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located must be 224.35 designated as class 1c as otherwise provided. The remainder of the cabins or units and a 224.36

225.1	proportionate share of the land on which they are located must be designated as class 3a
225.2	commercial. The owner of property desiring designation as class 1c property must provide
225.3	guest registers or other records demonstrating that the units for which class 1c designation
225.4	is sought were not occupied for more than 250 days in the year preceding the assessment
225.5	if so requested. The portion of a property operated as a (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop,
225.6	(4) conference center or meeting room, and (5) other nonresidential facility operated on a
225.7	commercial basis not directly related to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for
225.8	recreation purposes does not qualify for class 1c.

- (d) Class 1d property includes structures that meet all of the following criteria:
- (1) the structure is located on property that is classified as agricultural property under section 273.13, subdivision 23;
- (2) the structure is occupied exclusively by seasonal farm workers during the time when they work on that farm, and the occupants are not charged rent for the privilege of occupying the property, provided that use of the structure for storage of farm equipment and produce does not disqualify the property from classification under this paragraph;
- 225.16 (3) the structure meets all applicable health and safety requirements for the appropriate season; and
- 225.18 (4) the structure is not salable as residential property because it does not comply with local ordinances relating to location in relation to streets or roads.
- The market value of class 1d property has the same classification rates as class 1a property under paragraph (a).
- 225.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Listing and assessment in county.** The personal property of express, stage and transportation companies, and of pipeline companies engaged in the business of transporting natural gas, gasoline, crude oil, or other petroleum products, except as otherwise provided by law, shall be listed and assessed in the county, town or district where the same is usually kept.
- 225.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

226.2

226.3

226.4

226.5

226.6

226.7

226.8

226.9

226.10

226.11

226.13

226 14

226.15

226.16

226.17

226.18

226.19

226.20

226.21

226.22

226.24

226.25

226.26

226.27

226.28

226.29

226.30

226.31

226 32

226.33

226.34

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.33, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Listing and assessment by commissioner. The personal property, consisting of the pipeline system of mains, pipes, and equipment attached thereto, of pipeline companies and others engaged in the operations or business of transporting natural gas, gasoline, crude oil, or other petroleum products by pipelines, shall be listed with and assessed by the commissioner of revenue and the values provided to the city or county assessor by order. This subdivision shall not apply to the assessment of the products transported through the pipelines nor to the lines of local commercial gas companies engaged primarily in the business of distributing gas products to consumers at retail nor to pipelines used by the owner thereof to supply natural gas or other petroleum products exclusively for such owner's own consumption and not for resale to others. If more than 85 percent of the natural gas or other petroleum products actually transported over the pipeline is used for the owner's own consumption and not for resale to others, then this subdivision shall not apply; provided, however, that in that event, the pipeline shall be assessed in proportion to the percentage of gas products actually transported over such pipeline that is not used for the owner's own consumption. On or before August 1, the commissioner shall certify to the auditor of each county, the amount of such personal property assessment against each company in each district in which such property is located. If the commissioner determines that the amount of personal property assessment certified on or before August 1 is in error, the commissioner may issue a corrected certification on or before October 1. The commissioner may correct errors that are merely clerical in nature until December 31.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.372, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Scope.** (a) As provided in this section, an appeal by a utility or railroad company concerning property for which the commissioner of revenue has provided the city or county assessor with valuations by order, or for which the commissioner has recommended values to the city or county assessor, must be brought against the commissioner, and not against the county or taxing district where the property is located. Service must be made on the commissioner only, and not on the county or taxing district.

(b) This section governs administrative appeals and appeals to court of a claim that utility or railroad operating property has been partially, unfairly, or unequally assessed, or assessed at a valuation greater than its real or actual value, misclassified, or that the property is exempt. This section applies only to property described in sections 270.81, subdivision 1, 273.33, 273.35, 273.36, and 273.37, and only with regard to taxable net tax capacities that

227.2

227.3

227.4

227.5

227.21

have been provided to the city or county by the commissioner and which have not been changed by city or county. If the taxable net tax capacity being appealed is not the taxable net tax capacity established by the commissioner, or if the appeal claims that the tax rate applied against the parcel is incorrect, or that the tax has been paid, this section does not apply.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for appeals of valuations made in 227.6 assessment year 2018 and thereafter. 227.7
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.372, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 227.8
- Subd. 2. Contents and filing of petition. (a) In all appeals to court that are required to 227.9 be brought against the commissioner under this section, the petition initiating the appeal 227.10 227.11 must be served on the commissioner and must be filed with the Tax Court in Ramsey County, as provided in paragraph (b) or (c). 227.12
- (b) If the appeal to court is from an order of the commissioner, it must be brought under 227.13 chapter 271 and filed within the time period prescribed in section 271.06, subdivision 2, 227.14 except that when the provisions of this section conflict with chapter 271 or 278, this section 227.15 prevails. In addition, the petition must include all the parcels encompassed by that order 227.16 which the petitioner claims have been partially, unfairly, or unequally assessed, assessed 227.17 at a valuation greater than their real or actual value, misclassified, or are exempt. For this 227.18 purpose, an order of the commissioner is either (1) a certification or notice of value by the 227.19 commissioner for property described in subdivision 1, or (2) the final determination by the 227.20 commissioner of either an administrative appeal conference or informal administrative appeal described in subdivision 4. 227.22
- (c) If the appeal is from the tax that results from implementation of the commissioner's 227.23 order, certification, or recommendation, it must be brought under chapter 278, and the 227.24 provisions in that chapter apply, except that service shall be on the commissioner only and 227.25 not on the local officials specified in section 278.01, subdivision 1, and if any other provision 227.26 of this section conflicts with chapter 278, this section prevails. In addition, the petition must 227.27 include either all the utility parcels or all the railroad parcels in the state in which the 227.28 petitioner claims an interest and which the petitioner claims have been partially, unfairly, 227.29 or unequally assessed, assessed at a valuation greater than their real or actual value, misclassified, or are exempt. 227.31
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter. 227.32

REVISOR

228.1	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.372, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
228.2	Subd. 4. Administrative appeals. (a) Companies that submit the reports under section
228.3	270.82 or 273.371 by the date specified in that section, or by the date specified by the
228.4	commissioner in an extension, may appeal administratively to the commissioner prior to
228.5	bringing an action in court.
228.6	(b) Companies that must submit reports under section 270.82 must submit file a written
228.7	request to for an appeal with the commissioner for a conference within ten 30 days after
228.8	the <u>notice</u> date of the commissioner's valuation certification or <u>other</u> notice to the company,
228.9	or by June 15, whichever is earlier. For purposes of this section, "notice date" means the
228.10	notice date of the valuation certification, commissioner's order, recommendation, or other
228.11	notice.
228.12	(c) Companies that submit reports under section 273.371 must submit a written request
228.13	to the commissioner for a conference within ten days after the date of the commissioner's
228.14	valuation certification or notice to the company, or by July 1, whichever is earlier The appeal
228.15	need not be in any particular form but must contain the following information:
228.16	(1) name and address of the company;
228.17	(2) the date;
228.18	(3) its Minnesota identification number;
228.19	(4) the assessment year or period involved;
228.20	(5) the findings in the valuation that the company disputes;
228.21	(6) a summary statement specifying its reasons for disputing each item; and
228.22	(7) the signature of the company's duly authorized agent or representative.
228.23	(d) When requested in writing and within the time allowed for filing an administrative
228.24	appeal, the commissioner may extend the time for filing an appeal for a period of not more
228.25	than 15 days from the expiration of the time for filing the appeal.
228.26	(d) (e) The commissioner shall conduct the conference either in person or by telephone
228.27	upon the commissioner's entire files and records and such further information as may be
228.28	offered. The conference must be held no later than 20 days after the date of the
228.29	commissioner's valuation certification or notice to the company, or by the date specified by
228.30	the commissioner in an extension request for an appeal. Within 60 30 days after the
228.31	conference the commissioner shall make a final determination of the matter and shall notify

229.1	the company promptly of the determination. The conference is not a contested case hearing
229.2	subject to chapter 14.
229.3	(e) In addition to the opportunity for a conference under paragraph (a), the commissioner
229.4	shall also provide the railroad and utility companies the opportunity to discuss any questions
229.5	or concerns relating to the values established by the commissioner through certification or
229.6	notice in a less formal manner. This does not change or modify the deadline for requesting
229.7	a conference under paragraph (a), the deadline in section 271.06 for appealing an order of
229.8	the commissioner, or the deadline in section 278.01 for appealing property taxes in court.
229.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
229.10	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.372, is amended by adding a subdivision
229.11	to read:
229.12	Subd. 5. Agreement determining valuation. When it appears to be in the best interest
229.13	of the state, the commissioner may settle any matter under consideration regarding an appeal
229.14	filed under this section. The agreement must be in writing and signed by the commissioner
229.15	and the company or the company's authorized representative. The agreement is final and
229.16	conclusive, and except upon a showing of fraud, malfeasance, or misrepresentation of a
229.17	material fact, the case may not be reopened as to the matters agreed upon.
229.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
229.19	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.372, is amended by adding a subdivision
229.20	to read:
229.21	Subd. 6. Dismissal of administrative appeal. If a taxpayer files an administrative appeal
229.22	from an order of the commissioner and also files an appeal to the Tax Court for that same
229.23	order of the commissioner, the administrative appeal is dismissed and the commissioner is
229.24	no longer required to make the determination of appeal under subdivision 4.
229.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2017.
229.26	Sec. 25. [273.88] EQUALIZATION OF PUBLIC UTILITY STRUCTURES.
229.27	After making the apportionment provided in Minnesota Rules, part 8100.0600, the
229.28	commissioner must equalize the values of the operating structures to the level accepted by
229.29	the State Board of Equalization if the appropriate sales ratio for each county, as conducted
229.30	by the Department of Revenue pursuant to section 270.12, subdivision 2, clause (6), is
229.31	outside the range accepted by the State Board of Equalization. The commissioner must not

230.2

230.3

230.4

230.5

230.6

230.7

230.8

230.9

230.10

230.11

230.12

230.13

230.14

230.15

230.17

230.18

230.19

230.20

230.21

230.22

230.23

230.24

230.25

230.27

230.28

230.29

230.30

230.31

230 32

230.33

230.34

equalize the value of the operating structures if the sales ratio determined pursuant to this subdivision is within the range accepted by the State Board of Equalization.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2017.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 274.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Ordinary board; meetings, deadlines, grievances.** (a) The town board of a town, or the council or other governing body of a city, is the <u>local</u> board of appeal and equalization except (1) in cities whose charters provide for a board of equalization or (2) in any city or town that has transferred its local board of review power and duties to the county board as provided in subdivision 3. The county assessor shall fix a day and time when the board or the <u>local</u> board of equalization shall meet in the assessment districts of the county. Notwithstanding any law or city charter to the contrary, a city board of equalization shall be referred to as a <u>local</u> board of appeal and equalization. On or before February 15 of each year the assessor shall give written notice of the time to the city or town clerk. Notwithstanding the provisions of any charter to the contrary, the meetings must be held between April 1 and May 31 each year. The clerk shall give published and posted notice of the meeting at least ten days before the date of the meeting.

The board shall meet either at a central location within the county or at the office of the clerk to review the assessment and classification of property in the town or city. No changes in valuation or classification which are intended to correct errors in judgment by the county assessor may be made by the county assessor after the board has adjourned in those cities or towns that hold a local board of review; however, corrections of errors that are merely clerical in nature or changes that extend homestead treatment to property are permitted after adjournment until the tax extension date for that assessment year. The changes must be fully documented and maintained in the assessor's office and must be available for review by any person. A copy of the changes made during this period in those cities or towns that hold a local board of review must be sent to the county board no later than December 31 of the assessment year.

(b) The board shall determine whether the taxable property in the town or city has been properly placed on the list and properly valued by the assessor. If real or personal property has been omitted, the board shall place it on the list with its market value, and correct the assessment so that each tract or lot of real property, and each article, parcel, or class of personal property, is entered on the assessment list at its market value. No assessment of the property of any person may be raised unless the person has been duly notified of the intent of the board to do so. On application of any person feeling aggrieved, the board shall

Article 12 Sec. 26.

231.2

231.3

231.4

231.5

231.6

231.7

231.8

231.9

231.10

231.11

231.13

231 14

231.15

231.16

231.17

231.18

231.19

231.20

231.21

231 22

231 23

231.24

231.25

231.26

231.27

231.28

231.29

231.30

231.31

231.32

231.33

review the assessment or classification, or both, and correct it as appears just. The board may not make an individual market value adjustment or classification change that would benefit the property if the owner or other person having control over the property has refused the assessor access to inspect the property and the interior of any buildings or structures as provided in section 273.20. A board member shall not participate in any actions of the board which result in market value adjustments or classification changes to property owned by the board member, the spouse, parent, stepparent, child, stepchild, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece of a board member, or property in which a board member has a financial interest. The relationship may be by blood or marriage.

- (c) A local board may reduce assessments upon petition of the taxpayer but the total reductions must not reduce the aggregate assessment made by the county assessor by more than one percent. If the total reductions would lower the aggregate assessments made by the county assessor by more than one percent, none of the adjustments may be made. The assessor shall correct any clerical errors or double assessments discovered by the board without regard to the one percent limitation.
- (d) A local board does not have authority to grant an exemption or to order property removed from the tax rolls.
- (e) A majority of the members may act at the meeting, and adjourn from day to day until they finish hearing the cases presented. The assessor shall attend and take part in the proceedings, but must not vote. The county assessor, or an assistant delegated by the county assessor shall attend the meetings. The board shall list separately all omitted property added to the list by the board and all items of property increased or decreased, with the market value of each item of property, added or changed by the board. The county assessor shall enter all changes made by the board.
- (f) Except as provided in subdivision 3, if a person fails to appear in person, by counsel, or by written communication before the board after being duly notified of the board's intent to raise the assessment of the property, or if a person feeling aggrieved by an assessment or classification fails to apply for a review of the assessment or classification, the person may not appear before the county board of appeal and equalization for a review. This paragraph does not apply if an assessment was made after the local board meeting, as provided in section 273.01, or if the person can establish not having received notice of market value at least five days before the local board meeting.
- (g) The local board must complete its work and adjourn within 20 days from the time of convening stated in the notice of the clerk, unless a longer period is approved by the

Article 12 Sec. 26.

232.2

232.3

232.4

232.5

232.6

232.7

232.8

232.9

232.11

232.24

commissioner of revenue. No action taken after that date is valid. All complaints about an assessment or classification made after the meeting of the board must be heard and determined by the county board of equalization. A nonresident may, at any time, before the meeting of the board file written objections to an assessment or classification with the county assessor. The objections must be presented to the board at its meeting by the county assessor for its consideration.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 274.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- Subdivision 1. Members; meetings; rules for equalizing assessments. The county commissioners, or a majority of them, with the county auditor, or, if the auditor cannot be present, the deputy county auditor, or, if there is no deputy, the court administrator of the district court, shall form a board for the equalization of the assessment of the property of 232.12 the county, including the property of all cities whose charters provide for a board of 232.13 equalization. This board shall be referred to as the county board of appeal and equalization. 232.14 The board shall meet annually, on the date specified in section 274.14, at the office of the 232.15 auditor. Each member shall take an oath to fairly and impartially perform duties as a member. Members shall not participate in any actions of the board which result in market value adjustments or classification changes to property owned by the board member, the spouse, 232.18 parent, stepparent, child, stepchild, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, 232 19 nephew, or niece of a board member, or property in which a board member has a financial 232.20 interest. The relationship may be by blood or marriage. The board shall examine and compare 232.21 the returns of the assessment of property of the towns or districts, and equalize them so that 232.22 each tract or lot of real property and each article or class of personal property is entered on 232.23 the assessment list at its market value, subject to the following rules:
- (1) The board shall raise the valuation of each tract or lot of real property which in its 232.25 opinion is returned below its market value to the sum believed to be its market value. The board must first give notice of intention to raise the valuation to the person in whose name 232.27 it is assessed, if the person is a resident of the county. The notice must fix a time and place 232.28 for a hearing. 232.29
- 232.30 (2) The board shall reduce the valuation of each tract or lot which in its opinion is returned above its market value to the sum believed to be its market value. 232.31
- (3) The board shall raise the valuation of each class of personal property which in its 232.32 opinion is returned below its market value to the sum believed to be its market value. It 232.33 shall raise the aggregate value of the personal property of individuals, firms, or corporations, 232.34

233.2

233.3

233.4

233.5

233.6

233.7

233.8

233.9

233.10

when it believes that the aggregate valuation, as returned, is less than the market value of the taxable personal property possessed by the individuals, firms, or corporations, to the sum it believes to be the market value. The board must first give notice to the persons of intention to do so. The notice must set a time and place for a hearing.

- (4) The board shall reduce the valuation of each class of personal property that is returned above its market value to the sum it believes to be its market value. Upon complaint of a party aggrieved, the board shall reduce the aggregate valuation of the individual's personal property, or of any class of personal property for which the individual is assessed, which in its opinion has been assessed at too large a sum, to the sum it believes was the market value of the individual's personal property of that class.
- (5) The board must not reduce the aggregate value of all the property of its county, as submitted to the county board of equalization, with the additions made by the auditor under this chapter, by more than one percent of its whole valuation. The board may raise the aggregate valuation of real property, and of each class of personal property, of the county, or of any town or district of the county, when it believes it is below the market value of the property, or class of property, to the aggregate amount it believes to be its market value.
- 233.17 (6) The board shall change the classification of any property which in its opinion is not properly classified.
- 233.19 (7) The board does not have the authority to grant an exemption or to order property removed from the tax rolls.
- 233.21 (8) The board may not make an individual market value adjustment or classification
 233.22 change that would benefit property if the owner or other person having control over the
 233.23 property has refused the assessor access to inspect the property and the interior of any
 233.24 buildings or structures as provided in section 273.20.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for county board of appeal and equalization meetings in 2018 and thereafter.
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 274.135, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Proof of compliance; transfer of duties.** (a) Any county that conducts county boards of appeal and equalization meetings must provide proof to the commissioner by December 1, 2009, and each year thereafter, February 1 that it is in compliance with the requirements of subdivision 2. Beginning in 2009, This notice must also verify that there was a quorum of voting members at each meeting of the board of appeal and equalization in the eurrent previous year. A county that does not comply with these requirements is

234.2

234.3

234.4

234.5

234.6

234.7

234.8

234.9

234.10

234.11

234.12

234.13

234.14

234.15

234.16

234.17

deemed to have transferred its board of appeal and equalization powers to the special board of equalization appointed pursuant to section 274.13, subdivision 2, beginning with the following year's assessment and continuing unless the powers are reinstated under paragraph (c). A county that does not comply with the requirements of subdivision 2 and has not appointed a special board of equalization shall appoint a special board of equalization before the following year's assessment.

- (b) The county shall notify the taxpayers when the board of appeal and equalization for a county has been transferred to the special board of equalization under this subdivision and, prior to the meeting time of the special board of equalization, the county shall make available to those taxpayers a procedure for a review of the assessments, including, but not limited to, open book meetings. This alternate review process must take place in April and May.
- (c) A county board whose powers are transferred to the special board of equalization under this subdivision may be reinstated by resolution of the county board and upon proof of compliance with the requirements of subdivision 2. The resolution and proofs must be provided to the commissioner by <u>December February</u> 1 in order to be effective for the <u>following</u> current year's assessment.
- (d) If a person who was entitled to appeal to the county board of appeal and equalization 234.18 or to the county special board of equalization is not able to do so in a particular year because 234.19 the county board or special board did not meet the quorum and training requirements in this section and section 274.13, or because the special board was not appointed, that person may 234.21 instead appeal to the commissioner of revenue, provided that the appeal is received by the 234 22 commissioner prior to August 1. The appeal is not subject to either chapter 14 or section 234 23 270C.92. The commissioner must issue an appropriate order to the county assessor in 234.24 response to each timely appeal, either upholding or changing the valuation or classification 234.25 of the property. Prior to October 1 of each year, the commissioner must charge and bill the 234.26 county where the property is located \$500 for each tax parcel covered by an order issued 234.27 under this paragraph in that year. Amounts received by the commissioner under this paragraph 234.28 must be deposited in the state's general fund. If payment of a billed amount is not received 234.29 by the commissioner before December 1 of the year when billed, the commissioner must 234.30 deduct that unpaid amount from any state aid the commissioner would otherwise pay to the 234.31 county under chapter 477A in the next year. Late payments may either be returned to the 234.32 county uncashed and undeposited or may be accepted. If a late payment is accepted, the 234.33 state aid paid to the county under chapter 477A must be adjusted within 12 months to 234.34 eliminate any reduction that occurred because the payment was late. Amounts needed to 234.35

235.1	make these adjustments are included in the appropriation under section 477A.03, subdivision
235.2	2.
235.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for county board of appeal and
235.4	equalization meetings held in 2018 and thereafter.
235.5	Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 275.065, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
235.6	Subdivision 1. Proposed levy. (a) Notwithstanding any law or charter to the contrary,
235.7	on or before September 30, each county and each home rule charter or statutory city shall
235.8	certify to the county auditor the proposed property tax levy for taxes payable in the following
235.9	year.
235.10	(b) Notwithstanding any law or charter to the contrary, on or before September 15, each
235.11	town and each special taxing district shall adopt and certify to the county auditor a proposed
235.12	property tax levy for taxes payable in the following year. For towns, the final certified levy
235.13	shall also be considered the proposed levy.
235.14	(c) On or before September 30, each school district that has not mutually agreed with
235.15	its home county to extend this date shall certify to the county auditor the proposed property
235.16	tax levy for taxes payable in the following year. Each school district that has agreed with
235.17	its home county to delay the certification of its proposed property tax levy must certify its
235.18	proposed property tax levy for the following year no later than October 7. The school district
235.19	shall certify the proposed levy as:
235.20	(1) a specific dollar amount by school district fund, broken down between voter-approved
235.21	and non-voter-approved levies and between referendum market value and tax capacity
235.22	levies; or
235.23	(2) the maximum levy limitation certified by the commissioner of education according
235.24	to section 126C.48, subdivision 1.
235.25	(d) If the board of estimate and taxation or any similar board that establishes maximum
235.26	tax levies for taxing jurisdictions within a first class city certifies the maximum property
235.27	tax levies for funds under its jurisdiction by charter to the county auditor by the date specified
235.28	in paragraph (a), the city shall be deemed to have certified its levies for those taxing
235.29	jurisdictions.
235.30	(e) For purposes of this section, "special taxing district" means a special taxing district
235.31	as defined in section 275.066. Intermediate school districts that levy a tax under chapter

235.32 124 or 136D, joint powers boards established under sections 123A.44 to 123A.446, and

236.2

236.3

236.4

236.5

236.6

236.7

236.8

236.9

236.10

236.11

236.12

236.13

236.14

236.15

236.16

Common School Districts No. 323, Franconia, and No. 815, Prinsburg, are also special taxing districts for purposes of this section.

(f) At the meeting at which a taxing authority, other than a town, adopts its proposed tax levy under this subdivision, the taxing authority shall announce the time and place of its any subsequent regularly scheduled meetings at which the budget and levy will be discussed and at which the public will be allowed to speak. The time and place of those meetings must be included in the proceedings or summary of proceedings published in the official newspaper of the taxing authority under section 123B.09, 375.12, or 412.191.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 275.62, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Local governments required to report.** For purposes of this section, "local governmental unit" means a county, home rule charter or statutory city with a population greater than 2,500, a town with a population greater than 5,000, or a home rule charter or statutory city or town that receives a distribution from the taconite municipal aid account in the levy year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 278.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Determination of validity.** (a) Any person having personal property, or 236.18 any estate, right, title, or interest in or lien upon any parcel of land, who claims that such 236.19 property has been partially, unfairly, or unequally assessed in comparison with other property 236.20 in the (1) city, or (2) county, or (3) in the case of a county containing a city of the first class, 236.21 the portion of the county excluding the first class city, or that the parcel has been assessed 236.22 at a valuation greater than its real or actual value, or that the tax levied against the same is 236.23 illegal, in whole or in part, or has been paid, or that the property is exempt from the tax so 236.24 levied, may have the validity of the claim, defense, or objection determined by the district 236.25 court of the county in which the tax is levied or by the Tax Court by serving one copy of a 236.26 petition for such determination upon the county auditor, one copy on the county attorney, one copy on the county treasurer, and three copies on the county assessor. The county 236.28 assessor shall immediately forward one copy of the petition to the appropriate governmental 236.29 authority in a home rule charter or statutory city or town in which the property is located if 236.30 that city or town employs its own certified assessor. A copy of the petition shall also be 236.31 forwarded by the assessor to the school board of the school district in which the property 236.32 236.33 is located.

237.2

237.3

237.4

237.5

237.6

237.7

237.8

237.9

237.10

237.11

237.13

237.14

237.15

237.16

237.17

237.18

237.20

237.21

237.22

237 23

237.24

237.25

237.26

237.27

237.28

237.29

237.30

237.31

237.32

237.33

237.34

(b) In counties where the office of county treasurer has been combined with the office of county auditor, the county may elect to require the petitioner to serve the number of copies as determined by the county. The county assessor shall immediately forward one copy of the petition to the appropriate governmental authority in a home rule charter or statutory city or town in which the property is located if that city or town employs its own certified assessor. A list of petitioned properties, including the name of the petitioner, the identification number of the property, and the estimated market value, shall be sent on or before the first day of July by the county auditor/treasurer to the school board of the school district in which the property is located.

(c) For all counties, the petitioner must file the copies with proof of service, in the office of the court administrator of the district court on or before April 30 of the year in which the tax becomes payable. A petition for determination under this section may be transferred by the district court to the Tax Court. An appeal may also be taken to the Tax Court under chapter 271 at any time following receipt of the valuation notice that county assessors or city assessors having the powers of a county assessor are required by section 273.121 to send to persons whose property is to be included on the assessment roll that year, but prior to May 1 of the year in which the taxes are payable.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 282.01, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. Conveyance to public entities. (a) Upon written request from a state agency or a governmental subdivision of the state, a parcel of unsold tax-forfeited land must be withheld from sale or lease to others for a maximum of six months. The request must be submitted to the county auditor. Upon receipt, the county auditor must withhold the parcel from sale or lease to any other party for six months, and must confirm the starting date of the six-month withholding period to the requesting agency or subdivision. If the request is from a governmental subdivision of the state, the governmental subdivision must pay the maintenance costs incurred by the county during the period the parcel is withheld. The county board may approve a sale or conveyance to the requesting party during the withholding period. A conveyance of the property to the requesting party terminates the withholding period.

A governmental subdivision of the state must not make, and a county auditor must not act upon, a second request to withhold a parcel from sale or lease within 18 months of a previous request for that parcel. A county may reject a request made under this paragraph if the request is made more than 30 days after the county has given notice to the requesting

238.2

238 3

238.4

238.5

238.6

238.7

238.8

238.9

238.10

238.11

238.12

238.13

238.14

238.15

238.19

238.20

238.21

238.22

238.23

238.24

238.25

238.26

238.27

238.28

238.29

238.30

238.31

238.32

238 33

238.34

state agency or governmental subdivision of the state that the county intends to sell or otherwise dispose of the property.

- (b) Nonconservation tax-forfeited lands may be sold by the county board, for their market value as determined by the county board, to an organized or incorporated governmental subdivision of the state for any public purpose for which the subdivision is authorized to acquire property. When the term "market value" is used in this section, it means an estimate of the full and actual market value of the parcel as determined by the county board, but in making this determination, the board and the persons employed by or under contract with the board in order to perform, conduct, or assist in the determination, are exempt from the licensure requirements of chapter 82B.
- (c) Nonconservation tax-forfeited lands may be released from the trust in favor of the taxing districts on application to sold by the county board by, for their market value as determined by the county board, to a state agency for an authorized use at not less than their market value as determined by the county board any public purpose for which the agency is authorized to acquire property.
- (d) Nonconservation tax-forfeited lands may be sold by the county board to an organized or incorporated governmental subdivision of the state or state agency for less than their market value if:
 - (1) the county board determines that a sale at a reduced price is in the public interest because a reduced price is necessary to provide an incentive to correct the blighted conditions that make the lands undesirable in the open market, or the reduced price will lead to the development of affordable housing; and
 - (2) the governmental subdivision or state agency has documented its specific plans for correcting the blighted conditions or developing affordable housing, and the specific law or laws that empower it to acquire real property in furtherance of the plans.
 - If the sale under this paragraph is to a governmental subdivision of the state, the commissioner of revenue must convey the property on behalf of the state by quitclaim deed. If the sale under this paragraph is to a state agency, the property is released from the trust in favor of the taxing districts and the commissioner of revenue must issue a conveyance document that releases the property from the trust in favor of the taxing districts convey the property on behalf of the state by quitclaim deed to the agency.
 - (e) Nonconservation tax-forfeited land held in trust in favor of the taxing districts may be conveyed by the commissioner of revenue in the name of the state to a governmental subdivision for an authorized public use, if an application is submitted to the commissioner

which includes a statement of facts as to the use to be made of the tract and the favorable 239.1 recommendation of the county board. For the purposes of this paragraph, "authorized public 239.2 239.3 use" means a use that allows an indefinite segment of the public to physically use and enjoy the property in numbers appropriate to its size and use, or is for a public service facility. 239.4 Authorized public uses as defined in this paragraph are limited to: 239.5 239.6

- (1) a road, or right-of-way for a road;
- (2) a park that is both available to, and accessible by, the public that contains improvements such as campgrounds, playgrounds, athletic fields, trails, or shelters;
- (3) trails for walking, bicycling, snowmobiling, or other recreational purposes, along 239.9 with a reasonable amount of surrounding land maintained in its natural state; 239.10
- (4) transit facilities for buses, light rail transit, commuter rail or passenger rail, including 239.11 transit ways, park-and-ride lots, transit stations, maintenance and garage facilities, and other 239.12 facilities related to a public transit system; 239.13
- (5) public beaches or boat launches; 239.14
- (6) public parking; 239 15

239.7

239.8

239.22

239.23

239.24

239.28

239.29

239.30

239.31

- (7) civic recreation or conference facilities; and 239.16
- (8) public service facilities such as fire halls, police stations, lift stations, water towers, 239.17 sanitation facilities, water treatment facilities, and administrative offices. 239.18
- No monetary compensation or consideration is required for the conveyance, except as 239.19 provided in subdivision 1g, but the conveyance is subject to the conditions provided in law, 239.20 including, but not limited to, the reversion provisions of subdivisions 1c and 1d. 239.21
- (f) The commissioner of revenue shall convey a parcel of nonconservation tax-forfeited land to a local governmental subdivision of the state by quitclaim deed on behalf of the state upon the favorable recommendation of the county board if the governmental subdivision has certified to the board that prior to forfeiture the subdivision was entitled to the parcel 239.25 under a written development agreement or instrument, but the conveyance failed to occur 239.26 prior to forfeiture. No compensation or consideration is required for, and no conditions 239.27 attach to, the conveyance.
 - (g) The commissioner of revenue shall convey a parcel of nonconservation tax-forfeited land to the association of a common interest community by quitclaim deed upon the favorable recommendation of the county board if the association certifies to the board that prior to forfeiture the association was entitled to the parcel under a written agreement, but the

240.2

240.3

240.4

240.5

240.6

240.7

240.8

240.9

240.10

240.11

240.13

240 14

240.15

240.16

240.17

240.18

240.20

240.21

240 22

240.23

240.24

240.25

240.26

240.28

240 29

240.30

240.32

240.33

conveyance failed to occur prior to forfeiture. No compensation or consideration is required for, and no conditions attach to, the conveyance.

- (h) Conservation tax-forfeited land may be sold to a governmental subdivision of the state for less than its market value for either: (1) creation or preservation of wetlands; (2) drainage or storage of storm water under a storm water management plan; or (3) preservation, or restoration and preservation, of the land in its natural state. The deed must contain a restrictive covenant limiting the use of the land to one of these purposes for 30 years or until the property is reconveyed back to the state in trust. At any time, the governmental subdivision may reconvey the property to the state in trust for the taxing districts. The deed of reconveyance is subject to approval by the commissioner of revenue. No part of a purchase price determined under this paragraph shall be refunded upon a reconveyance, but the amount paid for a conveyance under this paragraph may be taken into account by the county board when setting the terms of a future sale of the same property to the same governmental subdivision under paragraph (b) or (d). If the lands are unplatted and located outside of an incorporated municipality and the commissioner of natural resources determines there is a mineral use potential, the sale is subject to the approval of the commissioner of natural resources.
- (i) A park and recreation board in a city of the first class is a governmental subdivision for the purposes of this section. 240.19
 - (j) Tax-forfeited land held in trust in favor of the taxing districts may be conveyed by the commissioner of revenue in the name of the state to a governmental subdivision for a school forest under section 89.41. An application that includes a statement of facts as to the use to be made of the tract and the favorable recommendation of the county board and the commissioner of natural resources must be submitted to the commissioner of revenue. No monetary compensation or consideration is required for the conveyance, but the conveyance is subject to the conditional use and reversion provisions of subdivisions 1c and 1d, paragraph (e). At any time, the governmental subdivision may reconvey the property back to the state in trust for the taxing districts. The deed of reconveyance is subject to approval by the commissioner of revenue.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 282.01, subdivision 1d, is amended to read: 240.31

Subd. 1d. Reverter for failure to use; conveyance to state. (a) After three years from the date of any conveyance of tax-forfeited land to a governmental subdivision for an authorized public use as provided in this section, regardless of when the deed for the

241.2

241.3

241.4

241.5

241.6

241.7

241.8

241.9

241.10

241.11

241.12

241.13

241.14

241.15

241.16

241 17

241.18

241.20

241.21

241.22

241.23

241.24

241.25

241.26

241 27

241 28

241.29

241.30

241.31

241.32

241.33

241.34

authorized public use was executed, if the governmental subdivision has failed to put the land to that use, or abandons that use, the governing body of the subdivision must: (1) with the approval of the county board, purchase the property for an authorized public purpose at the present market value as determined by the county board, or (2) authorize the proper officers to convey the land, or the part of the land not required for an authorized public use, to the state of Minnesota in trust for the taxing districts. If the governing body purchases the property under clause (1), the commissioner of revenue shall, upon proper application submitted by the county auditor and upon the reconveyance of the land subject to the conditional use deed to the state, convey the property on behalf of the state by quitclaim deed to the subdivision free of a use restriction and the possibility of reversion or defeasement. If the governing body decides to reconvey the property to the state under this clause, the officers shall execute a deed of conveyance immediately. The conveyance is subject to the approval of the commissioner and its form must be approved by the attorney general. For 15 years from the date of the conveyance, there is no failure to put the land to the authorized public use and no abandonment of that use if a formal plan of the governmental subdivision, including, but not limited to, a comprehensive plan or land use plan, shows an intended future use of the land for the authorized public use.

(b) Property held by a governmental subdivision of the state under a conditional use deed executed under this section by the commissioner of revenue on or after January 1, 2007, may be acquired by that governmental subdivision after 15 years from the date of the conveyance if the commissioner determines upon written application from the subdivision that the subdivision has in fact put the property to the authorized public use for which it was conveyed, and the subdivision has made a finding that it has no current plans to change the use of the lands. Prior to conveying the property, the commissioner shall inquire whether the county board where the land is located objects to a conveyance of the property to the subdivision without conditions and without further act by or obligation of the subdivision. If the county does not object within 60 days, and the commissioner makes a favorable determination, the commissioner shall issue a quitclaim deed on behalf of the state unconditionally conveying the property to the governmental subdivision. For purposes of this paragraph, demonstration of an intended future use for the authorized public use in a formal plan of the governmental subdivision does not constitute use for that authorized public use.

(c) Property held by a governmental subdivision of the state under a conditional use deed executed under this section by the commissioner of revenue before January 1, 2007, is released from the use restriction and possibility of reversion on January 1, 2022, if the

242.2

242.3

242.4

242.5

242.6

242.7

242.8

242.9

242.10

242.11

county board records a resolution describing the land and citing this paragraph. The county board may authorize the county treasurer to deduct the amount of the recording fees from future settlements of property taxes to the subdivision.

- (d) Except for tax-forfeited land conveyed to establish a school forest under section 89.41, property conveyed under a conditional use deed executed under this section by the commissioner of revenue, regardless of when the deed for the authorized public use was executed, is released from the use restriction and reverter, and any use restriction or reverter for which no declaration of reversion has been recorded with the county recorder or registrar of titles, as appropriate, is nullified on the later of: (1) January 1, 2015; (2) 30 years from the date the deed was acknowledged; or (3) final resolution of an appeal to district court under subdivision 1e, if a lis pendens related to the appeal is recorded in the office of the county recorder or registrar of titles, as appropriate, prior to January 1, 2015.
- (e) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) to (d), tax-forfeited land conveyed to establish a school forest under section 89.41 is subject to a perpetual conditional use deed and reverter. The property reverts to the state in trust for the taxing districts by operation of law if the commissioner of natural resources determines and reports to the commissioner of revenue under section 89.41, subdivision 3, that the governmental subdivision has failed to use the land for school forest purposes for three consecutive years. The commissioner of revenue shall record a declaration of reversion for land that has reverted under this paragraph.
- 242.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.013, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 14. Communication by electronic mail. Prior to receiving aid pursuant to this section, a city must register an official electronic mail address with the commissioner, which the commissioner may use as an exclusive means to communicate with the city.
- 242.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in 2018 and thereafter.
- Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.19, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3a. Certification. On or before June 1 of each year, the commissioner of natural resources shall certify to the commissioner of revenue the number of watercraft launches and the number of watercraft trailer parking spaces in each county.
- 242.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in 2018 and thereafter.

- Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.19, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 243.2 to read:
- Subd. 3b. Certification. On or before June 1 of each year, the commissioner of natural
- resources shall certify to the commissioner of revenue the counties that complied with the
- requirements of subdivision 3 the prior year and are eligible to receive aid under this section.
- 243.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in 2018 and thereafter.
- Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 559.202, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Exception.** This section does not apply to sales made under chapter 282 or if
- 243.9 the purchaser is represented throughout the transaction by either:
- (1) a person licensed to practice law in this state; or
- 243.11 (2) a person licensed as a real estate broker or salesperson under chapter 82, provided
- that the representation does not create a dual agency, as that term is defined in section 82.55,
- 243.13 subdivision 6.
- 243.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales of tax-forfeited land occurring
- 243.15 the day following final enactment and thereafter.
- Sec. 38. Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 9, section 94, is amended to read:
- 243.17 Sec. 94. **REPEALER.**
- 243.18 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 273.1398, subdivision 4b; 290.01, subdivision
- 243.19 19e; 290.0674, subdivision 3; 290.191, subdivision 4; and 290.33, and Minnesota Rules,
- 243.20 part 8007.0200, are repealed.
- (b) Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 16D.02, subdivisions 5 and 8; 16D.11, subdivision
- 243.22 2; 270C.53; 270C.991, subdivision 4; 272.02, subdivisions 1, 1a, 43, 48, 51, 53, 67, 72, and
- 243.23 82; 272.027, subdivision 2; 272.031; 273.015, subdivision 1; 273.03, subdivision 3; 273.075;
- 243.24 273.13, subdivision 21a; 273.1383; 273.1386; 273.80; 275.77; 279.32; 281.173, subdivision
- 243.25 8; 281.174, subdivision 8; 281.328; 282.10; 282.23; 287.20, subdivision 4; 287.27,
- 243.26 subdivision 2; 290.01, subdivisions 4b and 20e; 295.52, subdivision 7; 297A.666; 297A.71,
- 243.27 subdivisions 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 17, 18, 20, 32, and 41; 297F.08, subdivision 11; 297H.10,
- 243.28 subdivision 2; 469.174, subdivision 10c; 469.175, subdivision 2b; 469.176, subdivision 1i;
- 243.29 469.177, subdivision 10; 477A.0124, subdivisions 1 and 6; and 505.173, Minnesota Statutes
- 243.30 2013 Supplement, section 273.1103, Laws 1993, chapter 375, article 9, section 47, and

244.1	Minnesota Rules, parts 8002.0200, subpart 8; 8100.0800; and 8130.7500, subpart 7, are
244.2	repealed.
244.3	(c) Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.1764, is repealed.
244.4	(d) Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 289A.56, subdivision 7; 297A.68, subdivision 38;
244.5	469.330; 469.331; 469.332; 469.333; 469.334; 469.335; 469.336; 469.337; 469.338; 469.339;
244.6	469.340, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 5; and 469.341, and Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement,
244.7	section 469.340, subdivision 4, are repealed.
244.8	(e) Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.06, subdivisions 30 and 31, are repealed.
244.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from May 20, 2014, and
244.10	pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 645.36, Minnesota Statutes, section 272.027,
244.11	subdivision 2, is revived and reenacted as of that date.
244.12	Sec. 39. REPEALER.
244.13	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 281.22, is repealed.
244.14	(b) Minnesota Rules, part 8100.0700, is repealed.
244.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (a) is effective the day following final enactment.
244.16	Paragraph (b) is effective for assessment year 2017 and thereafter.
244.17	ARTICLE 13
244.18 244.19	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE 2015-2016 POLICY AND TECHNICAL PROVISIONS; MISCELLANEOUS
244.20	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270.82, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
244.21	Subdivision 1. Annual report required. Every railroad company doing business in
244.22	Minnesota shall annually file with the commissioner on or before March 31 a report under
244.23	oath setting forth the information prescribed by the commissioner to enable the commissioner
244.24	to make the valuation and equalization required by sections 270.80 to 270.87. The
244.25	commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the report pursuant to
244.26	section 270C.30, except that a "law administered by the commissioner" includes the property
244.27	tax laws. If a report is made by electronic means, the taxpayer's signature is defined pursuant
244.28	to section 270C.304, except that a "law administered by the commissioner" includes the
244.29	property tax laws.
244.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

245.2

245.3

245.4

245.5

245.6

245.7

245.8

245.9

245.10

245.11

245.12

245.13

245.14

245.15

245.16

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270A.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Debt.** (a) "Debt" means a legal obligation of a natural person to pay a fixed and certain amount of money, which equals or exceeds \$25 and which is due and payable to a claimant agency. The term includes criminal fines imposed under section 609.10 or 609.125, fines imposed for petty misdemeanors as defined in section 609.02, subdivision 4a, and restitution. A debt may arise under a contractual or statutory obligation, a court order, or other legal obligation, but need not have been reduced to judgment.

A debt includes any legal obligation of a current recipient of assistance which is based on overpayment of an assistance grant where that payment is based on a client waiver or an administrative or judicial finding of an intentional program violation; or where the debt is owed to a program wherein the debtor is not a client at the time notification is provided to initiate recovery under this chapter and the debtor is not a current recipient of food support, transitional child care, or transitional medical assistance.

- (b) A debt does not include any legal obligation to pay a claimant agency for medical care, including hospitalization if the income of the debtor at the time when the medical care was rendered does not exceed the following amount:
- 245.17 (1) for an unmarried debtor, an income of \$8,800 \$12,560 or less;
- 245.18 (2) for a debtor with one dependent, an income of \$11,270 \\$16,080 or less;
- 245.19 (3) for a debtor with two dependents, an income of \$13,330 \$19,020 or less;
- 245.20 (4) for a debtor with three dependents, an income of \$15,120 \$21,580 or less;
- 245.21 (5) for a debtor with four dependents, an income of \$15,950 \$22,760 or less; and
- 245.22 (6) for a debtor with five or more dependents, an income of \$16,630 \$23,730 or less.
- For purposes of this paragraph, "debtor" means the individual whose income, together
 with the income of the individual's spouse, other than a separated spouse, brings the
 individual within the income provisions of this paragraph. For purposes of this paragraph,
 a spouse, other than a separated spouse, shall be considered a dependent
- 245.26 <u>a spouse, other than a separated spouse, shall be considered a dependent.</u>
- (c) The commissioner shall adjust the income amounts in paragraph (b) by the percentage determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that in section 1(f)(3)(B) the word "1999 2014" shall be substituted for the word "1992." For 2001 2016, the commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months ending on August 31, 1999 2014, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 1999 2014, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 1999 2014, to the

246.2

246.3

246.4

246.5

246.6

246.7

12 months ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The determination of the commissioner pursuant to this subdivision shall not be considered a "rule" and shall not be subject to the Administrative Procedure Act contained in chapter 14. The income amount as adjusted must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount. If the amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount.

- (d) Debt also includes an agreement to pay a MinnesotaCare premium, regardless of the dollar amount of the premium authorized under section 256L.15, subdivision 1a.
- 246.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** The section is effective retroactively for debts incurred after 246.9 December 31, 2014.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270B.14, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Disclosure to commissioner of human services.** (a) On the request of the commissioner of human services, the commissioner shall disclose return information regarding taxes imposed by chapter 290, and claims for refunds under chapter 290A, to the extent provided in paragraph (b) and for the purposes set forth in paragraph (c).
- (b) Data that may be disclosed are limited to data relating to the identity, whereabouts, employment, income, and property of a person owing or alleged to be owing an obligation of child support.
- (c) The commissioner of human services may request data only for the purposes of carrying out the child support enforcement program and to assist in the location of parents who have, or appear to have, deserted their children. Data received may be used only as set forth in section 256.978.
- 246.22 (d) The commissioner shall provide the records and information necessary to administer 246.23 the supplemental housing allowance to the commissioner of human services.
- (e) At the request of the commissioner of human services, the commissioner of revenue shall electronically match the Social Security numbers and names of participants in the telephone assistance plan operated under sections 237.69 to 237.71, with those of property tax refund filers, and determine whether each participant's household income is within the eligibility standards for the telephone assistance plan.
- (f) The commissioner may provide records and information collected under sections 246.30 295.50 to 295.59 to the commissioner of human services for purposes of the Medicaid Voluntary Contribution and Provider-Specific Tax Amendments of 1991, Public Law 102-234. Upon the written agreement by the United States Department of Health and Human Services to maintain the confidentiality of the data, the commissioner may provide records

247.1	and information collected under sections 295.50 to 295.59 to the Centers for Medicare and
247.2	Medicaid Services section of the United States Department of Health and Human Services
247.3	for purposes of meeting federal reporting requirements.
247.4	(g) The commissioner may provide records and information to the commissioner of
247.5	human services as necessary to administer the early refund of refundable tax credits.
247.6	(h) The commissioner may disclose information to the commissioner of human services
247.7	as necessary to verify income for income verification for eligibility and premium payment
247.8	under the MinnesotaCare program, under section 256L.05, subdivision 2, as well as the
247.9	medical assistance program under chapter 256B.
247.10	(i) The commissioner may disclose information to the commissioner of human services
247.11	necessary to verify whether applicants or recipients for the Minnesota family investment
247.12	program, general assistance, food support, Minnesota supplemental aid program, and child
247.13	care assistance have claimed refundable tax credits under chapter 290 and the property tax
247.14	refund under chapter 290A, and the amounts of the credits.
247.15	(j) The commissioner may disclose information to the commissioner of human services
247.16	necessary to verify income for purposes of calculating parental contribution amounts under
247.17	section 252.27, subdivision 2a.
247.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
247.19	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.30, is amended to read:
247.20	270C.30 RETURNS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS; FORMAT; FURNISHING.
247.21	Except as otherwise provided by law, the commissioner shall prescribe the content and,
247.22	format, and manner of all returns and other forms required to be filed under a law
247.23	administered by the commissioner, and may furnish them subject to charge on application.
247.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
247.25	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.33, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
247.26	Subd. 5. Prohibition against collection during appeal period of an order. No collection
247.27	action can be taken on an order of assessment, or any other order imposing a liability,
247.28	including the filing of liens under section 270C.63, and no late payment penalties may be
247.29	imposed when a return has been filed for the tax type and period upon which the order is
247.30	based, during the appeal period of an order. The appeal period of an order ends: (1) 60 days

247.31 after the order has been mailed to the taxpayer notice date designated by the commissioner

on the order; (2) if an administrative appeal is filed under section 270C.35, 60 days after 248.1 the notice date designated by the commissioner on the written determination of the 248.2 administrative appeal; (3) if an appeal to Tax Court is filed under chapter 271, when the 248.3 decision of the Tax Court is made; or (4) if an appeal to Tax Court is filed and the appeal 248.4 is based upon a constitutional challenge to the tax, 60 days after final determination of the 248.5 appeal. This subdivision does not apply to a jeopardy assessment under section 270C.36, 248.6 or a jeopardy collection under section 270C.36. 248.7 248.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for orders dated after December 31, 2017. 248.9 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.33, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 248.10 248.11 Subd. 8. **Sufficiency of notice.** An assessment of tax made by the commissioner, sent postage prepaid by United States mail to the taxpayer at the taxpayer's last known address, 248.12 or sent by electronic mail to the taxpayer's last known electronic mailing address as provided 248.13 for in section 325L.08, is sufficient even if the taxpayer is deceased or is under a legal 248.14 disability, or, in the case of a corporation, has terminated its existence, unless the 248.15 commissioner has been provided with a new address by a party authorized to receive notices of assessment. Notice of an assessment is sufficient if it is sent on or before the notice date 248.17 designated by the commissioner on the assessment. 248.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for assessments dated after December 248.19 248.20 31, 2017. Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.34, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 248.21 Subd. 2. **Procedure.** (a) A request for abatement of penalty under subdivision 1 or 248.22 section 289A.60, subdivision 4, or a request for abatement of interest or additional tax 248.23 charge, must be filed with the commissioner within 60 days of the notice date of the notice 248.24 was mailed to the taxpayer's last known address, stating that a penalty has been imposed or 248.25 additional tax charge. For purposes of this section, "notice date" means the notice date 248.26 designated by the commissioner on the order or other notice that a penalty or additional tax 248.27 charge has been imposed. 248.28 (b) If the commissioner issues an order denying a request for abatement of penalty, 248.29 interest, or additional tax charge, the taxpayer may file an administrative appeal as provided 248.30 in section 270C.35 or appeal to Tax Court as provided in section 271.06.

248.31

249.1	(c) If the commissioner does not issue an order on the abatement request within 60 days
249.2	from the date the request is received, the taxpayer may appeal to Tax Court as provided in
249.3	section 271.06.
249.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for orders and notices dated after
249.5	December 31, 2017.
249.6	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.35, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
249.7	Subd. 3. Notice date. For purposes of this section, the term "notice date" means the
249.8	notice date of designated by the commissioner on the order adjusting the tax or order denying
249.9	a request for abatement, or, in the case of a denied refund, the <u>notice</u> date <u>of</u> <u>designated by</u>
249.10	the commissioner on the notice of denial.
249.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for orders and notices dated after
249.12	<u>December 31, 2017.</u>
249.13	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.35, is amended by adding a subdivision to
249.14	read:
249.15	Subd. 11. Dismissal of administrative appeal. If a taxpayer files an administrative
	Subd. 11. Dismissal of administrative appeal. If a taxpayer files an administrative appeal for an order of the commissioner and also files an appeal to the Tax Court for that
249.16	appeal for an order of the commissioner and also files an appeal to the Tax Court for that
249.16 249.17	appeal for an order of the commissioner and also files an appeal to the Tax Court for that same order of the commissioner, the administrative appeal is dismissed and the commissioner
249.16 249.17 249.18	appeal for an order of the commissioner and also files an appeal to the Tax Court for that same order of the commissioner, the administrative appeal is dismissed and the commissioner is no longer required to make a determination of appeal under subdivision 6.
249.16 249.17 249.18 249.19	appeal for an order of the commissioner and also files an appeal to the Tax Court for that same order of the commissioner, the administrative appeal is dismissed and the commissioner is no longer required to make a determination of appeal under subdivision 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all administrative appeals filed after
249.16 249.17 249.18 249.19	appeal for an order of the commissioner and also files an appeal to the Tax Court for that same order of the commissioner, the administrative appeal is dismissed and the commissioner is no longer required to make a determination of appeal under subdivision 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all administrative appeals filed after
249.16 249.17 249.18 249.19 249.20	appeal for an order of the commissioner and also files an appeal to the Tax Court for that same order of the commissioner, the administrative appeal is dismissed and the commissioner is no longer required to make a determination of appeal under subdivision 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all administrative appeals filed after June 30, 2017.
249.16 249.17 249.18 249.19 249.20	appeal for an order of the commissioner and also files an appeal to the Tax Court for that same order of the commissioner, the administrative appeal is dismissed and the commissioner is no longer required to make a determination of appeal under subdivision 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all administrative appeals filed after June 30, 2017. Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.38, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
249.16 249.17 249.18 249.19 249.20 249.21 249.22	appeal for an order of the commissioner and also files an appeal to the Tax Court for that same order of the commissioner, the administrative appeal is dismissed and the commissioner is no longer required to make a determination of appeal under subdivision 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all administrative appeals filed after June 30, 2017. Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.38, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Sufficient notice. (a) If no method of notification of a written
249.16 249.17 249.18 249.19 249.20 249.21 249.22 249.23	appeal for an order of the commissioner and also files an appeal to the Tax Court for that same order of the commissioner, the administrative appeal is dismissed and the commissioner is no longer required to make a determination of appeal under subdivision 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all administrative appeals filed after June 30, 2017. Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.38, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Sufficient notice. (a) If no method of notification of a written determination or action of the commissioner is otherwise specifically provided for by law,
249.16 249.17 249.18 249.19 249.20 249.21 249.22 249.23 249.24	appeal for an order of the commissioner and also files an appeal to the Tax Court for that same order of the commissioner, the administrative appeal is dismissed and the commissioner is no longer required to make a determination of appeal under subdivision 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all administrative appeals filed after June 30, 2017. Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.38, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Sufficient notice. (a) If no method of notification of a written determination or action of the commissioner is otherwise specifically provided for by law, notice of the determination or action sent postage prepaid by United States mail to the
249.16 249.17 249.18 249.19 249.20 249.21 249.22 249.23 249.24 249.25	appeal for an order of the commissioner and also files an appeal to the Tax Court for that same order of the commissioner, the administrative appeal is dismissed and the commissioner is no longer required to make a determination of appeal under subdivision 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all administrative appeals filed after June 30, 2017. Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.38, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Sufficient notice. (a) If no method of notification of a written determination or action of the commissioner is otherwise specifically provided for by law, notice of the determination or action sent postage prepaid by United States mail to the taxpayer or other person affected by the determination or action at the taxpayer's or person's
249.16 249.17 249.18 249.19 249.20 249.21 249.22 249.23 249.24 249.25 249.26	appeal for an order of the commissioner and also files an appeal to the Tax Court for that same order of the commissioner, the administrative appeal is dismissed and the commissioner is no longer required to make a determination of appeal under subdivision 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all administrative appeals filed after June 30, 2017. Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.38, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Sufficient notice. (a) If no method of notification of a written determination or action of the commissioner is otherwise specifically provided for by law, notice of the determination or action sent postage prepaid by United States mail to the taxpayer or other person affected by the determination or action at the taxpayer's or person's last known address, is sufficient. If the taxpayer or person being notified is deceased or is

249.30 to receive notices from the commissioner.

250.1	(b) If a taxpayer or other person agrees to accept notification by electronic means, notice
250.2	of a determination or action of the commissioner sent by electronic mail to the taxpayer's
250.3	or person's last known electronic mailing address as provided for in section 325L.08 is
250.4	sufficient.
250.5	(c) Notice of a determination or action of the commissioner is sufficient if it is sent on
250.6	or before the notice date designated by the commissioner on the notice.
250.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for notices dated after December 31,
250.8	<u>2017.</u>
250.9	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.445, is amended by adding a subdivision
250.10	to read:
250.11	Subd. 9. Enforcement; limitations. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, the imposition
250.12	of a penalty or any other action against a tax preparer authorized by subdivision 6 with
250.13	respect to a return may be taken by the commissioner within the period provided by section
250.14	289A.38 to assess tax on that return.
250.15	(b) Imposition of a penalty or other action against a tax preparer authorized by subdivision
250.16	6 other than with respect to a return must be taken by the commissioner within five years
250.17	of the violation of statute.
250.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for tax preparation services provided
250.19	after the day following final enactment.
250.20	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.446, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
250.21	Subd. 5. Removal from list. The commissioner shall remove the name of a tax preparer
250.22	from the list of tax preparers published under this section:
250.23	(1) when the commissioner determines that the name was included on the list in error;
250.24	(2) within 90 days three years after the preparer has demonstrated to the commissioner
250.25	that the preparer fully paid all fines or penalties imposed, served any suspension, satisfied
250.26	any sentence imposed, successfully completed any probationary period imposed, and
250.27	successfully completed any remedial actions required by the commissioner, the State Board
250.28	of Accountancy, or the Lawyers Board of Professional Responsibility; or
250.29	(3) when the commissioner has been notified that the tax preparer is deceased.
250.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

251.2

251.3

251.4

251.5

251.6

251.7

251.8

251.9

251.10

251.11

251.12

251.13

251.14

251.15

251.16

251.17

251.18

251.19

251.20

251.21

251.22

251.23

251.24

251.25

251.27

251.28

251.29

251.30

251.31

251.32

251.33

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.72, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Licensing authority; duties.** All licensing authorities must require the applicant to provide the applicant's Social Security number or individual taxpayer identification number and Minnesota business identification number, as applicable, on all license applications. Upon request of the commissioner, the licensing authority must provide the commissioner with a list of all applicants, including the name, address, business name and address, and Social Security number, or individual taxpayer identification number and business identification number, as applicable, of each applicant. The commissioner may request from a licensing authority a list of the applicants no more than once each calendar year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 271.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Time; notice; intervention. Except as otherwise provided by law, within 60 days after the notice of the making and filing date of an order of the commissioner of revenue, the appellant, or the appellant's attorney, shall serve a notice of appeal upon the commissioner and file the original, with proof of such service, with the Tax Court administrator or with the court administrator of district court acting as court administrator of the Tax Court; provided, that the Tax Court, for cause shown, may by written order extend the time for appealing for an additional period not exceeding 30 days. For purposes of this section, "notice date" means the notice date designated by the commissioner on the order. The notice of appeal shall be in the form prescribed by the Tax Court. Within five days after receipt, the commissioner shall transmit a copy of the notice of appeal to the attorney general. The attorney general shall represent the commissioner, if requested, upon all such appeals except in cases where the attorney general deems it against the interests of the state, or in other cases where the attorney general deems it against the interests of the state to represent the commissioner, in which event the attorney general may intervene or be substituted as an appellant in behalf of the state at any stage of the proceedings.

Upon a final determination of any other matter over which the court is granted jurisdiction under section 271.01, subdivision 5, the taxpayer or the taxpayer's attorney shall file a petition or notice of appeal as provided by law with the court administrator of district court, acting in the capacity of court administrator of the Tax Court, with proof of service of the petition or notice of appeal as required by law and within the time required by law. As used in this subdivision, "final determination" includes a notice of assessment and equalization

for the year in question received from the local assessor, an order of the local board of 252.1 equalization, or an order of a county board of equalization. 252.2 The Tax Court shall prescribe a filing system so that the notice of appeal or petition filed 252.3 with the district court administrator acting as court administrator of the Tax Court is 252.4 forwarded to the Tax Court administrator. In the case of an appeal or a petition concerning 252.5 property valuation for which the assessor, a local board of equalization, a county board of 252.6 equalization or the commissioner of revenue has issued an order, the officer issuing the 252.7 order shall be notified of the filing of the appeal. The notice of appeal or petition shall be 252.8 in the form prescribed by the Tax Court. 252.9 252.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for orders dated after December 31, 2017. 252.11 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 271.06, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 252.12 Subd. 7. Rules. Except as provided in section 278.05, subdivision 6, the Rules of 252.13 Evidence and Civil Procedure for the district court of Minnesota shall govern the procedures in the Tax Court, where practicable. The Rules of Civil Procedure do not apply to alter the 252.15 60-day period of time to file a notice of appeal provided in subdivision 2. The Tax Court 252.16 may adopt rules under chapter 14. 252.17 252.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for orders dated after December 31, 20<u>17.</u> 252.19 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.02, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 252.20 Subd. 10. Personal property used for pollution control. Personal property used 252.21

primarily for the abatement and control of air, water, or land pollution is exempt to the 252.22 extent that it is so used, and real property is exempt if it is used primarily for abatement and 252.23 control of air, water, or land pollution as part of an agricultural operation, as a part of a 252.24 centralized treatment and recovery facility operating under a permit issued by the Minnesota 252.25 Pollution Control Agency pursuant to chapters 115 and 116 and Minnesota Rules, parts 252.26 7001.0500 to 7001.0730, and 7045.0020 to 7045.1030, as a wastewater treatment facility 252.27 and for the treatment, recovery, and stabilization of metals, oils, chemicals, water, sludges, 252.28 or inorganic materials from hazardous industrial wastes, or as part of an electric generation 252.29 system. For purposes of this subdivision, personal property includes ponderous machinery 252.30 and equipment used in a business or production activity that at common law is considered 252.31 real property. 252.32

253.2

253.3

253.4

253.5

253.6

253.7

253.8

253.9

253 10

253.11

253.12

253.13

253.14

253.15

253.16

253.17

253.18

253.19

253.20

253 21

253.22

253.23

253.24

253.25

253.26

253.27

253.28

253.29

253.30

253.31

253.33

253.34

Any taxpayer requesting exemption of all or a portion of any real property or any equipment or device, or part thereof, operated primarily for the control or abatement of air, water, or land pollution shall file an application with the commissioner of revenue. The commissioner shall develop an electronic means to notify interested parties when electric power generation facilities have filed an application. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the application pursuant to section 270C.30, except that a "law administered by the commissioner" includes the property tax laws, and if an application is made by electronic means, the taxpayer's signature is defined pursuant to section 270C.304, except that a "law administered by the commissioner" includes the property tax laws. The Minnesota Pollution Control Agency shall upon request of the commissioner furnish information and advice to the commissioner.

The information and advice furnished by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency must include statements as to whether the equipment, device, or real property meets a standard, rule, criteria, guideline, policy, or order of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, and whether the equipment, device, or real property is installed or operated in accordance with it. On determining that property qualifies for exemption, the commissioner shall issue an order exempting the property from taxation. The commissioner shall develop an electronic means to notify interested parties when the commissioner has issued an order exempting property from taxation under this subdivision. The equipment, device, or real property shall continue to be exempt from taxation as long as the order issued by the commissioner remains in effect.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.0211, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Efficiency determination and certification.** An owner or operator of a new or existing electric power generation facility, excluding wind energy conversion systems, may apply to the commissioner of revenue for a market value exclusion on the property as provided for in this section. This exclusion shall apply only to the market value of the equipment of the facility, and shall not apply to the structures and the land upon which the facility is located. The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the forms content, format, manner, and procedures for this application pursuant to section 270C.30, except that a "law administered by the commissioner" includes the property tax laws. If an application is made by electronic means, the taxpayer's signature is defined pursuant to section 270C.304, except that a "law administered by the commissioner" includes the property tax laws. Upon receiving the application, the commissioner of revenue shall: (1) request the commissioner of commerce

254.2

254.3

254.4

254.5

254.6

254.7

254.8

254.9

254.10

254.11

254.12

254.13

254.14

254.15

254.16

254.17

254.18

254.19

to make a determination of the efficiency of the applicant's electric power generation facility; and (2) shall develop an electronic means to notify interested parties when electric power generation facilities have filed an application. The commissioner of commerce shall calculate efficiency as the ratio of useful energy outputs to energy inputs, expressed as a percentage, based on the performance of the facility's equipment during normal full load operation. The commissioner must include in this formula the energy used in any on-site preparation of materials necessary to convert the materials into the fuel used to generate electricity, such as a process to gasify petroleum coke. The commissioner shall use the Higher Heating Value (HHV) for all substances in the commissioner's efficiency calculations, except for wood for fuel in a biomass-eligible project under section 216B.2424; for these instances, the commissioner shall adjust the heating value to allow for energy consumed for evaporation of the moisture in the wood. The applicant shall provide the commissioner of commerce with whatever information the commissioner deems necessary to make the determination. Within 30 days of the receipt of the necessary information, the commissioner of commerce shall certify the findings of the efficiency determination to the commissioner of revenue and to the applicant. The commissioner of commerce shall determine the efficiency of the facility and certify the findings of that determination to the commissioner of revenue every two years thereafter from the date of the original certification.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Statement of exemption.** (a) Except in the case of property owned by
- 254.22 the state of Minnesota or any political subdivision thereof, and property exempt from taxation
- 254.23 under section 272.02, subdivisions 9, 10, 13, 15, 18, 20, and 22 to 25, and at the times
- 254.24 provided in subdivision 3, a taxpayer claiming an exemption from taxation on property
- described in section 272.02, subdivisions 2 to 33, must file a statement of exemption with
- 254.26 the assessor of the assessment district in which the property is located.
- 254.27 (b) A taxpayer claiming an exemption from taxation on property described in section
- 254.28 272.02, subdivision 10, must file a statement of exemption with the commissioner of revenue,
- 254.29 on or before February 15 of each year for which the taxpayer claims an exemption.
- (c) In case of sickness, absence or other disability or for good cause, the assessor or the
- 254.31 commissioner may extend the time for filing the statement of exemption for a period not to
- 254.32 exceed 60 days.

REVISOR

255.1	(d) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form and contents content, format,
255.2	and manner of the statement of exemption pursuant to section 270C.30, except that a "law
255.3	administered by the commissioner" includes the property tax laws.
255.4	(e) If a statement is made by electronic means, the taxpayer's signature is defined pursuant
255.5	to section 270C.304, except that a "law administered by the commissioner" includes the
255.6	property tax laws.
255.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
255.8	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.029, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
255.9	Subd. 4. Reports. (a) An owner of a wind energy conversion system subject to tax under
255.10	subdivision 3 shall file a report with the commissioner of revenue annually on or before
255.11	February 1 January 15 detailing the amount of electricity in kilowatt-hours that was produced
255.12	by the wind energy conversion system for the previous calendar year. The commissioner
255.13	shall prescribe the form content, format, and manner of the report pursuant to section
255.14	270C.30, except that a "law administered by the commissioner" includes the property tax
255.15	<u>laws</u> . The report must contain the information required by the commissioner to determine
255.16	the tax due to each county under this section for the current year. If an owner of a wind
255.17	energy conversion system subject to taxation under this section fails to file the report by
255.18	the due date, the commissioner of revenue shall determine the tax based upon the nameplate
255.19	capacity of the system multiplied by a capacity factor of 60 percent.
255.20	(b) If a report is made by electronic means, the taxpayer's signature is defined pursuant
255.21	to section 270C.304, except that a "law administered by the commissioner" includes the
255.22	property tax laws.
255.23	(b) (c) On or before February 28, the commissioner of revenue shall notify the owner
255.24	of the wind energy conversion systems of the tax due to each county for the current year
255.25	and shall certify to the county auditor of each county in which the systems are located the
255.26	tax due from each owner for the current year.
255.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except
255.28	that the amendment in paragraph (a) moving the date to file the report is effective for reports
255.29	filed in 2018 and thereafter.
255.30	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.0295, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
255.31	Subd. 4. Reports. An owner of a solar energy generating system subject to tax under

255.32 this section shall file a report with the commissioner of revenue annually on or before

256.2

256.3

256.4

256.5

256.6

256.7

256.8

256.9

256.23

256.24

256.25

256.26

256.28

256.31

January 15 detailing the amount of electricity in megawatt-hours that was produced by the system in the previous calendar year. The commissioner shall prescribe the form-content, format, and manner of the report pursuant to section 270C.30. The report must contain the information required by the commissioner to determine the tax due to each county under this section for the current year. If an owner of a solar energy generating system subject to taxation under this section fails to file the report by the due date, the commissioner of revenue shall determine the tax based upon the nameplate capacity of the system multiplied by a capacity factor of 30 percent.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.115, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 256.10
- 256.11 Subd. 2. Form; information required. The certificate of value shall require such facts and information as may be determined by the commissioner to be reasonably necessary in 256.12 the administration of the state education aid formulas. The form commissioner shall prescribe 256.13 the content, format, and manner of the certificate of value shall be prescribed by the 256.14 Department of Revenue which shall provide an adequate supply of forms to each county 256.15 auditor pursuant to section 270C.30, except that a "law administered by the commissioner" includes the property tax laws. 256.17
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 256.18
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.124, subdivision 13, is amended to read: 256.19
- Subd. 13. Homestead application. (a) A person who meets the homestead requirements 256.20 under subdivision 1 must file a homestead application with the county assessor to initially 256.21 obtain homestead classification. 256.22
 - (b) The format and contents of a uniform homestead application shall be prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the homestead application required to be filed under this chapter pursuant to section 270C.30. The application must clearly inform the taxpayer that this application must be signed by all owners who occupy the property or by the qualifying relative and returned to the county assessor in order for the property to receive homestead treatment.
- (c) Every property owner applying for homestead classification must furnish to the 256.29 county assessor the Social Security number of each occupant who is listed as an owner of 256.30 the property on the deed of record, the name and address of each owner who does not occupy the property, and the name and Social Security number of each owner's spouse who occupies 256.32

257.2

257.3

257.4

257.5

257.6

257.7

257.8

257.9

257.11

257.12

257.13

257.14

257.15

257.16

257.17

257.18

257.19

257.20

257.21

257.22

257 23

257.24

257.25

257.26

the property. The application must be signed by each owner who occupies the property and by each owner's spouse who occupies the property, or, in the case of property that qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), by the qualifying relative.

If a property owner occupies a homestead, the property owner's spouse may not claim another property as a homestead unless the property owner and the property owner's spouse file with the assessor an affidavit or other proof required by the assessor stating that the property qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (e).

Owners or spouses occupying residences owned by their spouses and previously occupied with the other spouse, either of whom fail to include the other spouse's name and Social Security number on the homestead application or provide the affidavits or other proof requested, will be deemed to have elected to receive only partial homestead treatment of their residence. The remainder of the residence will be classified as nonhomestead residential. When an owner or spouse's name and Social Security number appear on homestead applications for two separate residences and only one application is signed, the owner or spouse will be deemed to have elected to homestead the residence for which the application was signed.

- (d) If residential real estate is occupied and used for purposes of a homestead by a relative of the owner and qualifies for a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), in order for the property to receive homestead status, a homestead application must be filed with the assessor. The Social Security number of each relative and spouse of a relative occupying the property shall be required on the homestead application filed under this subdivision. If a different relative of the owner subsequently occupies the property, the owner of the property must notify the assessor within 30 days of the change in occupancy. The Social Security number of a relative or relative's spouse occupying the property is private data on individuals as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12, but may be disclosed to the commissioner of revenue, or, for the purposes of proceeding under the Revenue Recapture Act to recover personal property taxes owing, to the county treasurer.
- (e) The homestead application shall also notify the property owners that if the property 257.28 is granted homestead status for any assessment year, that same property shall remain 257.29 classified as homestead until the property is sold or transferred to another person, or the 257.30 owners, the spouse of the owner, or the relatives no longer use the property as their 257.31 homestead. Upon the sale or transfer of the homestead property, a certificate of value must 257.32 be timely filed with the county auditor as provided under section 272.115. Failure to notify 257.33 the assessor within 30 days that the property has been sold, transferred, or that the owner, 257.34 the spouse of the owner, or the relative is no longer occupying the property as a homestead, 257.35

258 3

258.4

258.5

258.6

258.7

258.8

258.9

258.1	shall result in the penalty provided under this subdivision and the property will lose its
258.2	current homestead status.

(f) If a homestead application has not been filed with the county by December 15, the assessor shall classify the property as nonhomestead for the current assessment year for taxes payable in the following year, provided that the owner may be entitled to receive the homestead classification by proper application under section 375.192.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.371, is amended to read:

273.371 REPORTS OF UTILITY COMPANIES.

- Subdivision 1. **Report required.** Every electric light, power, gas, water, express, stage, 258.10 and transportation company, and pipeline company doing business in Minnesota shall 258.11 annually file with the commissioner on or before March 31 a report under oath setting forth 258.12 258.13 the information prescribed by the commissioner to enable the commissioner to make valuations, recommended valuations, and equalization required under sections 273.33, 258.14 273.35, 273.36, 273.37, and 273.3711. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, 258.15 and manner of the report pursuant to section 270C.30, except that a "law administered by 258.16 the commissioner" includes the property tax laws. If all the required information is not 258.17 available on March 31, the company or pipeline shall file the information that is available on or before March 31, and the balance of the information as soon as it becomes available. 258.19 258.20 If a report is made by electronic means, the taxpayer's signature is defined pursuant to section 270C.304, except that a "law administered by the commissioner" includes the property tax 258.21 258.22 laws.
- Subd. 2. **Extension.** The commissioner for good cause may extend the time for filing the report required by subdivision 1. The extension may must not exceed 15 days.
- Subd. 3. Reports filed by the commissioner. If a company fails to file a report required by subdivision 1, the commissioner may, from information in the commissioner's possession or obtainable by the commissioner, make and file a report for the company or make the valuations, recommended valuations, and equalizations required under sections 273.33, 273.35 to 273.37, and 273.3711.
- 258.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 287.2205, is amended to read:

258.32 **287.2205 TAX-FORFEITED LAND.**

259.1	Before a state deed for tax-forfeited land may be issued, the deed tax must be paid by
259.2	the purchaser of tax-forfeited land whether the purchase is the result of a public auction or
259.3	private sale or a repurchase of tax-forfeited land. State agencies and local units of government
259.4	that acquire tax-forfeited land by purchase or any other means are subject to this section.
259.5	The deed tax is \$1.65 for a conveyance of tax-forfeited lands to a governmental subdivision
259.6	for an authorized public use under section 282.01, subdivision 1a, for a school forest under
259.7	section 282.01, subdivision 1a, or for redevelopment purposes under section 282.01,
259.8	subdivision 1b.
259.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
259.10	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision
259.11	to read:
259.12	Subd. 17. Format. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner
259.13	of the returns and other documents pursuant to section 270C.30. This does not authorize
259.14	the commissioner to require individual income taxpayers to file individual income tax returns
259.15	electronically.
259.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
259.17	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
259.18	Subdivision 1. Returns. (a) An employer who is required to deduct and withhold tax
259.19	under section 290.92, subdivision 2a or 3, and a person required to deduct and withhold tax
259.20	under section 290.923, subdivision 2, must file a return with the commissioner for each
259.21	quarterly period unless otherwise prescribed by the commissioner.
259.22	(b) A person or corporation required to make deposits under section 290.9201, subdivision
259.23	8, must file an entertainer withholding tax return with the commissioner.
259.24	(c) A person required to withhold an amount under section 290.9705, subdivision 1,
259.25	must file a return.
259.26	(d) A partnership required to deduct and withhold tax under section 290.92, subdivision
259.27	4b, must file a return.
259.28	(e) An S corporation required to deduct and withhold tax under section 290.92,
259.29	subdivision 4c, must also file a return.
259.30	(f) Returns must be filed in the form and manner, and contain the information prescribed
-07.50	(1) 120 and made of mod in the form and mainler, and contain the information presented

259.31 by the commissioner. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner

260.2

260.3

260.4

260.5

260.6

260.7

260.8

260.9

260.10

260.11

260.12

260.13

260.14

260.15

260.16

260.17

260.18

260.19

260.20

260.21

260.22

260.23

260.24

260.25

260.26

260.27

260.28

260.29

260.30

of the returns pursuant to section 270C.30. Every return for taxes withheld must be signed by the employer, entertainment entity, contract payor, partnership, or S corporation, or a designee.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Return required.** (a) Except as provided in section 289A.18, subdivision 4, for the month in which taxes imposed by chapter 297A are payable, or for which a return is due, a return for the preceding reporting period must be filed with the commissioner in the form and manner the commissioner prescribes. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the returns pursuant to section 270C.30. A person making sales at retail at two or more places of business may file a consolidated return subject to rules prescribed by the commissioner. In computing the dollar amount of items on the return, the amounts are rounded off to the nearest whole dollar, disregarding amounts less than 50 cents and increasing amounts of 50 cents to 99 cents to the next highest dollar.

- (b) Notwithstanding this subdivision, a person who is not required to hold a sales tax permit under chapter 297A and who makes annual purchases, for use in a trade or business, of less than \$18,500, or a person who is not required to hold a sales tax permit and who makes purchases for personal use, that are subject to the use tax imposed by section 297A.63, may file an annual use tax return on a form prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the return pursuant to section 270C.30. If a person who qualifies for an annual use tax reporting period is required to obtain a sales tax permit or makes use tax purchases, for use in a trade or business, in excess of \$18,500 during the calendar year, the reporting period must be considered ended at the end of the month in which the permit is applied for or the purchase in excess of \$18,500 is made and a return must be filed for the preceding reporting period.
- (c) Notwithstanding <u>paragraph</u> <u>paragraphs</u> (a) <u>and</u> (b), a person prohibited by the person's religious beliefs from using electronics shall be allowed to file by mail, without any additional fees. The filer must notify the commissioner of revenue of the intent to file by mail on a form prescribed by the commissioner. A return filed under this paragraph must be postmarked no later than the day the return is due in order to be considered filed on a timely basis.

260.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Article 13 Sec. 27.

- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Individual income, fiduciary income, corporate franchise, and
- 261.3 entertainment taxes; partnership and S corporation returns; information returns;
- 261.4 mining company returns. The returns required to be made under sections 289A.08 and
- 261.5 289A.12 must be filed at the following times:
- 261.6 (1) returns made on the basis of the calendar year must be filed on April 15 following
 the close of the calendar year, except that returns of corporations and partnerships must be
- 261.8 filed on the due date for filing the federal income tax return;
- (2) returns made on the basis of the fiscal year must be filed on the 15th day of the fourth month following the close of the fiscal year, except that returns of corporations and partnerships must be filed on the due date for filing the federal income tax return;
- 261.12 (3) returns for a fractional part of a year must be filed on the due date for filing the federal income tax return;
- (4) in the case of a final return of a decedent for a fractional part of a year, the return must be filed on the 15th day of the fourth month following the close of the 12-month period that began with the first day of that fractional part of a year;
- 261.17 (5) in the case of the return of a cooperative association, returns must be filed on or before the 15th day of the ninth month following the close of the taxable year;
- (6) if a corporation has been divested from a unitary group and files a return for a fractional part of a year in which it was a member of a unitary business that files a combined report under section 290.17, subdivision 4, the divested corporation's return must be filed on the 15th day of the third month following the close of the common accounting period that includes the fractional year;
- 261.24 (7) returns of entertainment entities must be filed on April 15 following the close of the calendar year;
- 261.26 (8) returns required to be filed under section 289A.08, subdivision 4, must be filed on the 15th day of the fifth month following the close of the taxable year;
- 261.28 (9) returns of mining companies must be filed on May 1 following the close of the calendar year; and
- 261.30 (10) returns required to be filed with the commissioner under section 289A.12, 261.31 subdivision 2, 4 to 10, or 16 must be filed within 30 days after being demanded by the 261.32 commissioner.

262.1	EFFECTIVE DATE.	This sec	tion is	effective	the day	following	final enactment.
	•						

REVISOR

- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 262.2
- Subd. 2. Erroneous refunds. An erroneous refund is considered an underpayment of 262.3
- tax on the date made. An assessment of a deficiency arising out of an erroneous refund may 262.4
- be made at any time within two years from the making of the refund. If part of the refund 262.5
- was induced by fraud or misrepresentation of a material fact, the assessment may be made 262.6
- at any time (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), an erroneous refund occurs when the 262.7
- commissioner issues a payment to a person that exceeds the amount the person is entitled 262.8
- to receive under law. An erroneous refund is considered an underpayment of tax on the date 262.9
- issued. 262.10
- 262.11 (b) To the extent that the amount paid does not exceed the amount claimed by the
- taxpayer, an erroneous refund does not include the following: 262.12
- (1) any amount of a refund or credit paid pursuant to a claim for refund filed by a 262.13
- taxpayer, including but not limited to refunds of claims made under section 290.06, 262.14
- subdivision 23; 290.067; 290.0671; 290.0672; 290.0674; 290.0675; 290.0677; 290.068; 262.15
- 290.0681; or 290.0692; or chapter 290A; or 262.16
- (2) any amount paid pursuant to a claim for refund of an overpayment of tax filed by a 262.17
- 262.18 taxpayer.
- (c) The commissioner may make an assessment to recover an erroneous refund at any 262.19
- time within two years from the issuance of the erroneous refund. If all or part of the erroneous 262.20
- refund was induced by fraud or misrepresentation of a material fact, the assessment may 262.21
- 262.22 be made at any time.
- (d) Assessments of amounts that are not erroneous refunds under paragraph (b) must be 262.23
- 262.24 conducted under section 289A.38.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2017. 262.25
- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.50, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 262.26
- Subd. 7. **Remedies.** (a) If the taxpayer is notified by the commissioner that the refund 262.27
- claim is denied in whole or in part, the taxpayer may: 262.28
- (1) file an administrative appeal as provided in section 270C.35, or an appeal with the 262.29
- Tax Court, within 60 days after issuance the notice date of the commissioner's notice of 262.30
- denial; or 262.31

REVISOR

263.1	(2) file an action in the district court to recover the refund.
263.2	(b) An action in the district court on a denied claim for refund must be brought within
263.3	18 months of the <u>notice</u> date of the denial of the claim by the commissioner. For the purposes
263.4	of this section, "notice date" has the meaning given in section 270C.35, subdivision 3.
263.5	(c) No action in the district court or the Tax Court shall be brought within six months
263.6	of the filing of the refund claim unless the commissioner denies the claim within that period.
263.7	(d) If a taxpayer files a claim for refund and the commissioner has not issued a denial
263.8	of the claim, the taxpayer may bring an action in the district court or the Tax Court at any
263.9	time after the expiration of six months from the time the claim was filed.
263.10	(e) The commissioner and the taxpayer may agree to extend the period for bringing an
263.11	action in the district court.
263.12	(f) An action for refund of tax by the taxpayer must be brought in the district court of
263.13	the district in which lies the county of the taxpayer's residence or principal place of business.
263.14	In the case of an estate or trust, the action must be brought at the principal place of its
263.15	administration. Any action may be brought in the district court for Ramsey County.
263.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims for refund denied after
263.17	<u>December 31, 2017.</u>
263.18	Sec. 31. [290B.11] FORMS.
263.19	The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of all forms and other
263.20	documents required to be filed under this chapter pursuant to section 270C.30.
263.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
263.22	Sec. 32. [293.15] FORMS.
262.22	The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of all forms and other
263.23	documents required to be filed under this chapter pursuant to section 270C.30.
263.24	documents required to be fried under this chapter pursuant to section 2700.30.
263.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
263.26	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 295.55, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
263.27	Subd. 6. Form of returns. The estimated payments and annual return must contain the
263.28	information and be in the form prescribed by the commissioner The commissioner shall
263.29	prescribe the content, format, and manner of the estimated payment forms and annual return

263.30 pursuant to section 270C.30.

264.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
264.2	Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
264.3	to read:
264.4	Subd. 5. Forms. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of
264.5	all forms and other documents required to be filed under this chapter pursuant to section
264.6	<u>270C.30.</u>
264.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
264.8	Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.22, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
264.9	Subd. 9. Abatement of penalty. (a) The commissioner may by written order abate any
264.10	penalty imposed under this section, if in the commissioner's opinion there is reasonable
264.11	cause to do so.
264.12	(b) A request for abatement of penalty must be filed with the commissioner within 60
264.13	days of the notice date of the notice stating that a penalty has been imposed was mailed to
264.14	the taxpayer's last known address. For purposes of this section, "notice date" means the
264.15	notice date designated by the commissioner on the order or other notice that a penalty has
264.16	been imposed.
264.17	(c) If the commissioner issues an order denying a request for abatement of penalty, the
264.18	taxpayer may file an administrative appeal as provided in section 270C.35 or appeal to Tax
264.19	Court as provided in section 271.06. If the commissioner does not issue an order on the
264.20	abatement request within 60 days from the date the request is received, the taxpayer may
264.21	appeal to Tax Court as provided in section 271.06.
264.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for orders and notices dated after
264.23	<u>December 31, 2017.</u>
264.24	Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.26, is amended to read:
264.25	296A.26 JUDICIAL REVIEW; APPEAL TO TAX COURT.
264.26	In lieu of an administrative appeal under section 270C.35, any person aggrieved by an
264.27	order of the commissioner fixing a tax, penalty, or interest under this chapter may, within
264.28	60 days from the <u>notice</u> date of the notice of the order, appeal to the Tax Court in the manner
264.29	provided under section 271.06. For purposes of this section, "notice date" means the notice

264.30 date designated by the commissioner on the order fixing a tax, penalty, or interest.

265.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for orders dated after December 31, 265.2 2017.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297D.02, is amended to read:

297D.02 ADMINISTRATION.

265.4

265.5

265.6

265.7

265.8

265.9

265.10

265 11

265.13

265.14

265.15

265.16

265.17

265.18

265.19

265.20

265 21

265.22

265.23

265.24

265 25

265.26

265.27

265.28

265.29

265.30

265.31

The commissioner of revenue shall administer this chapter. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of all forms and other documents required to be filed under this chapter pursuant to section 270C.30. Payments required by this chapter must be made to the commissioner on the form provided by the commissioner. Tax obligors are not required to give their name, address, Social Security number, or other identifying information on the form. The commissioner shall collect all taxes under this chapter.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297E.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Collection; disposition.** (a) Taxes imposed by this section are due and payable to the commissioner when the gambling tax return is required to be filed. Distributors must file their monthly sales figures with the commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner. Returns covering the taxes imposed under this section must be filed with the commissioner on or before the 20th day of the month following the close of the previous calendar month. The commissioner may require that the returns be filed via magnetic media or electronic data transfer. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of returns or other documents pursuant to section 270C.30. The proceeds, along with the revenue received from all license fees and other fees under sections 349.11 to 349.191, 349.211, and 349.213, must be paid to the commissioner of management and budget for deposit in the general fund.

- (b) The sales tax imposed by chapter 297A on the sale of pull-tabs and tipboards by the distributor is imposed on the retail sales price. The retail sale of pull-tabs or tipboards by the organization is exempt from taxes imposed by chapter 297A and is exempt from all local taxes and license fees except a fee authorized under section 349.16, subdivision 8.
- (c) One-half of one percent of the revenue deposited in the general fund under paragraph (a), is appropriated to the commissioner of human services for the compulsive gambling treatment program established under section 245.98. One-half of one percent of the revenue deposited in the general fund under paragraph (a), is appropriated to the commissioner of human services for a grant to the state affiliate recognized by the National Council on

Problem Gambling to increase public awareness of problem gambling, education and training 266.1 for individuals and organizations providing effective treatment services to problem gamblers 266.2 266.3 and their families, and research relating to problem gambling. Money appropriated by this paragraph must supplement and must not replace existing state funding for these programs. 266.4 266.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297E.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 266.6 Subdivision 1. Reports of sales. A manufacturer who sells gambling product for use or 266.7 resale in this state, or for receipt by a person or entity in this state, shall file with the 266.8 commissioner, on a form prescribed by the commissioner, a report of gambling product 266.9 sold to any person in the state, including the established governing body of an Indian tribe 266.10 266.11 recognized by the United States Department of the Interior. The report must be filed monthly on or before the 20th day of the month succeeding the month in which the sale was made. 266.12 The commissioner may require that the report be submitted via magnetic media or electronic 266.13 data transfer. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of returns 266.14 or other documents pursuant to section 270C.30. The commissioner may inspect the premises, 266.15 books, records, and inventory of a manufacturer without notice during the normal business hours of the manufacturer. A person violating this section is guilty of a misdemeanor. 266.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 266.18 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297E.05, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 266.19 Subd. 4. **Reports.** A distributor shall report monthly to the commissioner, on a form the 266.20 commissioner prescribes, its sales of each type of gambling product. This report must be 266.21 filed monthly on or before the 20th day of the month succeeding the month in which the 266.22 sale was made. The commissioner may require that a distributor submit the monthly report 266.23 and invoices required in this subdivision via magnetic media or electronic data transfer. 266.24 The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of returns or other 266.25 documents pursuant to section 270C.30. 266.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 266.27 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297E.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 266.28 Subdivision 1. Reports. An organization must file with the commissioner, on a form 266.29 prescribed by the commissioner, a report showing all gambling activity conducted by that 266.30 organization for each month. Gambling activity includes all gross receipts, prizes, all 266.31 gambling taxes owed or paid to the commissioner, all gambling expenses, and all lawful 266.32

267.8

267.9

267.10

267.11

267.12

267.13

267.14

267.15

267.16

267.17

267.18

267.19

267.20

267.21

purpose and board-approved expenditures. The report must be filed with the commissioner on or before the 20th day of the month following the month in which the gambling activity takes place. The commissioner may require that the reports be filed via magnetic media or electronic data transfer. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of returns or other documents pursuant to section 270C.30.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297F.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Monthly return; cigarette distributor.** On or before the 18th day of each calendar month, a distributor with a place of business in this state shall file a return with the commissioner showing the quantity of cigarettes manufactured or brought in from outside the state or purchased during the preceding calendar month and the quantity of cigarettes sold or otherwise disposed of in this state and outside this state during that month. A licensed distributor outside this state shall in like manner file a return showing the quantity of cigarettes shipped or transported into this state during the preceding calendar month. Returns must be made in the form and manner prescribed by The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of returns pursuant to section 270C.30, and the returns must contain any other information required by the commissioner. The return must be accompanied by a remittance for the full unpaid tax liability shown by it. For distributors subject to the accelerated tax payment requirements in subdivision 10, the return for the May liability is due two business days before June 30th of the year and the return for the June liability is due on or before August 18th of the year.

- 267.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297F.23, is amended to read:
- **267.24 297F.23 JUDICIAL REVIEW.**

In lieu of an administrative appeal under section 270C.35, a person aggrieved by an order of the commissioner fixing a tax, penalty, or interest under this chapter may, within 60 days from the <u>notice</u> date of the notice of the order, appeal to the Tax Court in the manner provided under section 271.06. For purposes of this section, "notice date" means the notice date designated by the commissioner on the order fixing a tax, penalty, or interest.

267.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for orders dated after December 31, 267.31 2017.

268.1	Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297G.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
268.2	Subdivision 1. Monthly returns; manufacturers, wholesalers, brewers, or importers.
268.3	On or before the 18th day of each calendar month following the month in which a licensed
268.4	manufacturer or wholesaler first sells wine and distilled spirits within the state, or a brewer
268.5	or importer first sells or imports fermented malt beverages, or a wholesaler knowingly
268.6	acquires title to or possession of untaxed fermented malt beverages, the licensed
268.7	manufacturer, wholesaler, brewer, or importer liable for the excise tax must file a return
268.8	with the commissioner, and in addition must keep records and render reports as required
268.9	by the commissioner. Returns must be made in a form and manner prescribed by the
268.10	eommissioner, and The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of
268.11	returns pursuant to section 270C.30. The returns must contain any other information required
268.12	by the commissioner. Returns must be accompanied by a remittance for the full unpaid tax
268.13	liability. Returns must be filed regardless of whether a tax is due.
268.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
268.15	Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297G.22, is amended to read:
268.16	297G.22 JUDICIAL REVIEW.
268.17	In lieu of an administrative appeal under this chapter, a person aggrieved by an order of
268.18	the commissioner fixing a tax, penalty, or interest under this chapter may, within 60 days
268.19	from the date of the notice date of the order, appeal to the Tax Court in the manner provided
268.20	under section 271.06. For purposes of this section, "notice date" means the notice date
268.21	designated by the commissioner on the order fixing a tax, penalty, or interest.
268.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for orders dated after December 31,
268.23	2017.
268.24	Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297I.30, is amended by adding a subdivision
268.25	to read:
268.26	Subd. 11. Format. The commissioner shall prescribe the content, format, and manner
268.27	of returns or other documents pursuant to section 270C.30.
268.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
268.29	Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297I.60, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
268.30	Subd. 2. Remedies. (a) If the taxpayer is notified that the refund claim is denied in whole
	or in part, the taxpayer may contest the denial by:

- (1) filing an administrative appeal with the commissioner under section 270C.35;
- (2) filing an appeal in Tax Court within 60 days of the <u>notice</u> date of the notice of denial;

269.3 or

- 269.4 (3) filing an action in the district court to recover the refund.
- (b) An action in the district court must be brought within 18 months following of the 269.5 notice date of the notice of denial. For purposes of this section, "notice date" has the meaning 269.6 given in section 270C.35, subdivision 3. An action for refund of tax or surcharge must be 269.7 brought in the district court of the district in which lies the taxpayer's principal place of 269.8 business or in the District Court for Ramsey County. If a taxpayer files a claim for refund 269.9 and the commissioner has not issued a denial of the claim, the taxpayer may bring an action 269.10 in the district court or the Tax Court at any time after the expiration of six months from the 269.11 time the claim was filed. 269.12
- 269.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims for refund denied after December 31, 2017.
- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 469.319, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Waiver authority.** (a) The commissioner may waive all or part of a repayment required under subdivision 1, if the commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of employment and economic development and appropriate officials from the local government units in which the qualified business is located, determines that requiring repayment of the tax is not in the best interest of the state or the local government units and the business ceased operating as a result of circumstances beyond its control including, but not limited to:
- 269.23 (1) a natural disaster;
- 269.24 (2) unforeseen industry trends; or
- 269.25 (3) loss of a major supplier or customer.
- (b)(1) The commissioner shall waive repayment required under subdivision 1a if the commissioner has waived repayment by the operating business under subdivision 1, unless the person that received benefits without having to operate a business in the zone was a contributing factor in the qualified business becoming subject to repayment under subdivision 1;
- 269.31 (2) the commissioner shall waive the repayment required under subdivision 1a, even if 269.32 the repayment has not been waived for the operating business if:

REVISOR

270.1	(i) the person that received benefits without having to operate a business in the zone and
270.2	the business that operated in the zone are not related parties as defined in section 267(b) of
270.3	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2007; and
270.4	(ii) actions of the person were not a contributing factor in the qualified business becoming
270.5	subject to repayment under subdivision 1.
270.6	(c) Requests for waiver must be made no later than 60 days after the earlier of the notice
270.7	date of an order issued under subdivision 4, paragraph (d), or the date of a tax statement
270.8	issued under subdivision 4, paragraph (c). For purposes of this section, "notice date" means
270.9	the notice date designated by the commissioner on the order.
270.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for orders of the commissioner of revenue
270.11	dated after December 31, 2017.
270.12	Sec. 49. Laws 2016, chapter 187, section 5, the effective date, is amended to read:
270.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for orders and notices dated after
270.14	September 30, 2015 December 31, 2017.
270.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from September 30, 2015.
270.16	ARTICLE 14
270.17 270.18	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE 2015-2016 SUSTAINABLE FOREST INCENTIVE ACT PROVISIONS
270.19	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290C.03, is amended to read:
270.20	290C.03 ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.
270.21	(a) Land may be enrolled in the sustainable forest incentive program under this chapter
270.22	if all of the following conditions are met:
270.23	(1) the land consists of at least 20 contiguous acres and at least 50 percent of the land
270.24	must meet the definition of forest land in section 88.01, subdivision 7, during the enrollment;
270.25	(2) a forest management plan for the land must be (i) prepared by an approved plan
270.26	writer and implemented during the period in which the land is enrolled, and (ii) registered
270.27	with the Department of Natural Resources;
270.28	(3) timber harvesting and forest management guidelines must be used in conjunction
270.29	with any timber harvesting or forest management activities conducted on the land during
270.30	the period in which the land is enrolled;
270.31	(4) the land must be enrolled for a minimum of eight years;

271.3

271.4

271.5

271.6

271.7

(6) claimants enrolling more than 1,920 acres in the sustainable forest incentive program must allow year-round, nonmotorized access to fish and wildlife resources and motorized access on established and maintained roads and trails, unless the road or trail is temporarily closed for safety, natural resource, or road damage reasons on enrolled land except within one-fourth mile of a permanent dwelling or during periods of high fire hazard as determined by the commissioner of natural resources; and

REVISOR

- (7) the land is not classified as 2c managed forest land. 271.8
- (b) Claimants required to allow access under paragraph (a), clause (6), do not by that 271.9 action: 271.10
- (1) extend any assurance that the land is safe for any purpose; 271.11
- (2) confer upon the person the legal status of an invitee or licensee to whom a duty of 271.12 271.13 care is owed; or
- 271.14 (3) assume responsibility for or incur liability for any injury to the person or property caused by an act or omission of the person. 271.15
- (c) A minimum of three acres must be excluded from enrolled land when the land is 271.16 improved with a structure that is not a minor, ancillary, or nonresidential structure. If land 271.17 does not meet the definition of forest land in section 290C.02, subdivision 6, because the 271.18 land is (1) enrolled in the reinvest in Minnesota program, (2) enrolled in a state or federal 271.19 conservation reserve or easement program under sections 103F.501 to 103F.531, (3) subject 271.20 to the Minnesota agricultural property tax under section 273.111, or (4) subject to agricultural 271.21 land preservation controls or restrictions as defined in section 40A.02 or the Metropolitan 271.22 Agricultural Preserves Act under chapter 473H, the entire parcel that contains the land is 271.23 not eligible to be enrolled in the program. 271.24
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** The amendment to paragraph (a), clause (2), is effective for 271.25 certifications filed after July 1, 2018. The amendment adding paragraph (a), clause (7), is 271.26 271.27 effective for certifications and applications due in 2017 and thereafter. The amendment adding paragraph (c) is effective the day following final enactment. 271.28

271.29 Sec. 2. [290C.051] VERIFICATION OF FOREST MANAGEMENT PLAN.

On request of the commissioner, the commissioner of natural resources must annually 271.30 provide verification that the claimant has a current forest management plan on file with the 271.31 Department of Natural Resources. 271.32

272.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for certifications filed after July 1, 2018.
272.2	Sec. 3. REPEALER.
272.3	Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 290C.02, subdivisions 5 and 9; and 290C.06, are
272.4	repealed.
272.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
272.6	ARTICLE 15
272.7 272.8	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE 2015-2016 POLICY AND TECHNICAL PROVISIONS; SPECIAL TAXES AND SALES AND USE TAXES
272.9	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 69.021, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
272.10	Subd. 5. Calculation of state aid. (a) The amount of fire state aid available for
272.11	apportionment, before the addition of the minimum fire state aid allocation amount under
272.12	subdivision 7, is equal to 107 percent of the amount of premium taxes paid to the state upon
272.13	the fire, lightning, sprinkler leakage, and extended coverage premiums reported to the
272.14	commissioner by insurers on the Minnesota Firetown Premium Report. This amount must
272.15	be reduced by the amount required to pay the state auditor's costs and expenses of the audits
272.16	or exams of the firefighters relief associations.
272.17	The total amount for apportionment in respect to fire state aid must not be less than two
272.18	percent of the premiums reported to the commissioner by insurers on the Minnesota Firetown
272.19	Premium Report after subtracting the following amounts:
272.20	(1) the amount required to pay the state auditor's costs and expenses of the audits or
272.21	exams of the firefighters relief associations; and
272.22	(2) one percent of the premiums reported by town and farmers' township mutual insurance
272.23	companies and mutual property and casualty companies with total assets of \$5,000,000 or
272.24	less.
272.25	(b) The total amount for apportionment as police state aid is equal to 104 percent of the
272.26	amount of premium taxes paid to the state on the premiums reported to the commissioner
272.27	by insurers on the Minnesota Aid to Police Premium Report. The total amount for
272.28	apportionment in respect to the police state aid program must not be less than two percent
272.29	of the amount of premiums reported to the commissioner by insurers on the Minnesota Aid
272.30	to Police Premium Report.

273.1	(c) The commissioner shall calculate the percentage of increase or decrease reflected in
273.2	the apportionment over or under the previous year's available state aid using the same
273.3	premiums as a basis for comparison.
273.4	(d) In addition to the amount for apportionment of police state aid under paragraph (b),
273.5	each year \$100,000 must be apportioned for police state aid. An amount sufficient to pay
273.6	this increase is annually appropriated from the general fund.
273.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
273.8	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.38, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
273.9	Subd. 6. Omission in excess of 25 percent. Additional taxes may be assessed within
273.10	6-1/2 years after the due date of the return or the date the return was filed, whichever is
273.11	later, if:
273.12	(1) the taxpayer omits from gross income an amount properly includable in it that is in
273.13	excess of 25 percent of the amount of gross income stated in the return;
273.14	(2) the taxpayer omits from a sales, use, or withholding tax return, or a return for a tax
273.15	imposed under section 295.52, an amount of taxes in excess of 25 percent of the taxes
273.16	reported in the return; or
273.17	(3) the taxpayer omits from the gross estate assets in excess of 25 percent of the gross
273.18	estate reported in the return.
273.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
273.20	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.0922, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
273.21	Subd. 2. Exemptions. The following entities are exempt from the tax imposed by this
273.22	section:
273.23	(1) corporations exempt from tax under section 290.05;
273.24	(2) real estate investment trusts;
273.25	(3) regulated investment companies or a fund thereof; and
273.26	(4) entities having a valid election in effect under section 860D(b) of the Internal Revenue
273.27	Code;

Article 15 Sec. 3.

273.28

(5) town and farmers' township mutual insurance companies;

274.5

274.6

274.7

274.8

274.9

274.10

274.11

274.12

274.13

274.14

274.15

274.16

274.20

274.21

274.22

274.24

274.25

274.28

274.1	(6) cooperatives organized under chapter 308A or 308B that provide housing exclusively
274.2	to persons age 55 and over and are classified as homesteads under section 273.124,
274.3	subdivision 3; and

(7) a qualified business as defined under section 469.310, subdivision 11, if for the taxable year all of its property is located in a job opportunity building zone designated under section 469.314 and all of its payroll is a job opportunity building zone payroll under section 469.310.

Entities not specifically exempted by this subdivision are subject to tax under this section, notwithstanding section 290.05.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 295.54, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Pharmacy refund. A pharmacy may claim an annual refund against the total amount of tax, if any, the pharmacy owes during that calendar year under section 295.52, subdivision 4. The refund shall equal the amount paid by the pharmacy to a wholesale drug distributor subject to tax under section 295.52, subdivision 3, for legend drugs delivered by the pharmacy outside of Minnesota, multiplied by the tax percentage specified in section 295.52, subdivision 3. If the amount of the refund exceeds the tax liability of the pharmacy 274.17 under section 295.52, subdivision 4, the commissioner shall provide the pharmacy with a refund equal to the excess amount. Each qualifying pharmacy must apply for the refund on 274.19 the annual return as provided under section 295.55, subdivision 5 prescribed by the commissioner, on or before March 15 of the year following the calendar year the legend drugs were delivered outside Minnesota. The refund must be claimed within 18 months from the date the drugs were delivered outside of Minnesota shall not be allowed if the 274.23 initial claim for refund is filed more than one year after the original due date of the return. Interest on refunds paid under this subdivision will begin to accrue 60 days after the date a claim for refund is filed. For purposes of this subdivision, the date a claim is filed is the due 274.26 date of the return if a return is due or the date of the actual claim for refund, whichever is 274.27 later.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for qualifying legend drugs delivered 274.29 outside Minnesota after December 31, 2017. 274.30

275.1	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
275.2	read:
275.3	Subd. 9a. Bulk storage or bulk storage facility. "Bulk storage" or "bulk storage facility"
275.4	means a single property, or contiguous or adjacent properties used for a common purpose
275.5	and owned or operated by the same person, on or in which are located one or more stationary
275.6	tanks that are used singularly or in combination for the storage or containment of more than
275.7	1,100 gallons of petroleum.
275.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
275.9	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.01, subdivision 33, is amended to read:
275.10	Subd. 33. Motor fuel. "Motor fuel" means a liquid or gaseous form of fuel, regardless
275.11	of its composition or properties, used to propel a motor vehicle.
275.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
275.13	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.01, subdivision 42, is amended to read:
275.14	Subd. 42. Petroleum products. "Petroleum products" means all of the products defined
275.15	in subdivisions 2, 7, 8, 8a, 8b, 10, 14, 16, 19, 20, 22 to 26, 28, 32, and 35.
275.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
275.17	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 296A.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
275.18	Subdivision 1. Tax imposed. There is imposed an excise tax on gasoline, gasoline
275.19	blended with ethanol, and agricultural alcohol gasoline used in producing and generating
275.20	power for propelling motor vehicles used on the public highways of this state. The tax is
275.21	imposed on the first licensed distributor who received the product in Minnesota. For purposes
275.22	of this section, gasoline is defined in section 296A.01, subdivisions 8b, 10, 18, 20, 23, 24,
275.23	25, 32, and 34. The tax is payable at the time and in the form and manner prescribed by the
275.24	commissioner. The tax is payable at the rates specified in subdivision 3, subject to the
275.25	exceptions and reductions specified in section 296A.17.
275.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
275 27	Soc 0 Minnegate Statutes 2016 section 2074 92 subdivision 4 is amonded to read:

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.82, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Exemptions.** (a) The following transactions are exempt from the tax imposed in this chapter to the extent provided.

276.2

276.3

276.4

276.5

276.6

276.7

276.8

276.9

276.10

276.11

276.12

276.23

276.24

276.25

276.26

- (b) The purchase or use of aircraft previously registered in Minnesota by a corporation or partnership is exempt if the transfer constitutes a transfer within the meaning of section 351 or 721 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (c) The sale to or purchase, storage, use, or consumption by a licensed aircraft dealer of an aircraft for which a commercial use permit has been issued pursuant to section 360.654 is exempt, if the aircraft is resold while the permit is in effect.
 - (d) Air flight equipment when sold to, or purchased, stored, used, or consumed by airline companies, as defined in section 270.071, subdivision 4, is exempt. For purposes of this subdivision, "air flight equipment" includes airplanes and parts necessary for the repair and maintenance of such air flight equipment, and flight simulators, but does not include airplanes aircraft with a gross maximum takeoff weight of less than 30,000 pounds that are used on intermittent or irregularly timed flights.
- (e) Sales of, and the storage, distribution, use, or consumption of aircraft, as defined in 276.13 section 360.511 and approved by the Federal Aviation Administration, and which the seller 276.14 delivers to a purchaser outside Minnesota or which, without intermediate use, is shipped or 276.15 transported outside Minnesota by the purchaser are exempt, but only if the purchaser is not 276.16 a resident of Minnesota and provided that the aircraft is not thereafter returned to a point 276.17 within Minnesota, except in the course of interstate commerce or isolated and occasional 276.18 use, and will be registered in another state or country upon its removal from Minnesota. 276.19 This exemption applies even if the purchaser takes possession of the aircraft in Minnesota 276.20 and uses the aircraft in the state exclusively for training purposes for a period not to exceed 276.21 ten days prior to removing the aircraft from this state. 276.22
 - (f) The sale or purchase of the following items that relate to aircraft operated under Federal Aviation Regulations, Parts 91 and 135, and associated installation charges: equipment and parts necessary for repair and maintenance of aircraft; and equipment and parts to upgrade and improve aircraft.
- 276.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after December 31, 2017.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297A.82, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4a. **Deposit in state airports fund.** Tax revenue, including interest and penalties, collected from the sale or purchase of an aircraft taxable under this chapter must be deposited in the state airports fund established in section 360.017. For purposes of this subdivision, "revenue" does not include the revenue, including interest and penalties, generated by the

277 3

277.10

277.16

277.18

277.20

277.21

277.22

277.23

277.24

277.25

277.26

sales tax imposed under section 297A.62, subdivision 1a, which must be deposited as 277.1 provided under article XI, section 15, of the Minnesota Constitution. 277.2

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297E.02, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 277.4
- Subd. 7. Untaxed gambling product. (a) In addition to penalties or criminal sanctions 277.5 imposed by this chapter, a person, organization, or business entity possessing or selling a 277.6 pull-tab, electronic pull-tab game, raffle board, or tipboard upon which the tax imposed by 277.7 this chapter has not been paid is liable for a tax of six percent of the ideal gross of each 277.8 pull-tab, electronic pull-tab game, raffle board, or tipboard. The tax on a partial deal must 277.9 be assessed as if it were a full deal.
- (b) In addition to penalties and criminal sanctions imposed by this chapter, a person (1) 277.11 not licensed by the board who conducts bingo, linked bingo, electronic linked bingo, raffles, 277.12 or paddlewheel games, or (2) who conducts gambling prohibited under sections 609.75 to 277.13 609.763, other than activities subject to tax under section 297E.03, is liable for a tax of six 277.14 percent of the gross receipts from that activity. 277.15
- (c) The tax must may be assessed by the commissioner. An assessment must be considered a jeopardy assessment or jeopardy collection as provided in section 270C.36. The commissioner shall assess the tax based on personal knowledge or information available to the commissioner. The commissioner shall mail to the taxpayer at the taxpayer's last known 277.19 address, or serve in person, a written notice of the amount of tax, demand its immediate payment, and, if payment is not immediately made, collect the tax by any method described in chapter 270C, except that the commissioner need not await the expiration of the times specified in chapter 270C. The tax assessed by the commissioner is presumed to be valid and correctly determined and assessed. The burden is upon the taxpayer to show its incorrectness or invalidity. The tax imposed under this subdivision does not apply to gambling that is exempt from taxation under subdivision 2.
- 277.27 (d) A person, organization, or business entity conducting gambling activity under this subdivision must file monthly tax returns with the commissioner, in the form required by 277.28 the commissioner. The returns must be filed on or before the 20th day of the month following 277.29 the month in which the gambling activity occurred. The tax imposed by this section is due 277.30 and payable at the time when the returns are required to be filed. 277.31
- 277.32 (e) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, neither the commissioner nor a public employee may reveal facts contained in a tax return filed with the commissioner of revenue 277.33

278.1	as required by this subdivision, nor can any information contained in the report or return
278.2	be used against the tax obligor in any criminal proceeding, unless independently obtained,
278.3	except in connection with a proceeding involving taxes due under this section, or as provided
278.4	in section 270C.055, subdivision 1. However, this paragraph does not prohibit the
278.5	commissioner from publishing statistics that do not disclose the identity of tax obligors or
278.6	the contents of particular returns or reports. Any person violating this paragraph is guilty
278.7	of a gross misdemeanor.
278.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for games played or purchased after June
278.9	30, 2017.
278.10	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297H.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
278.11	Subd. 2. Materials. The tax is not imposed upon charges to generators of mixed municipal
278.12	solid waste or upon the volume of nonmixed municipal solid waste for waste management
278.13	services to manage the following materials:
278.14	(1) mixed municipal solid waste and nonmixed municipal solid waste generated outside
278.15	of Minnesota;
278.16	(2) recyclable materials that are separated for recycling by the generator, collected
278.17	separately from other waste, and recycled, to the extent the price of the service for handling
278.18	recyclable material is separately itemized on a bill to the generator;
278.19	(3) recyclable nonmixed municipal solid waste that is separated for recycling by the
278.20	generator, collected separately from other waste, delivered to a waste facility for the purpose
278.21	of recycling, and recycled;
278.22	(4) industrial waste, when it is transported to a facility owned and operated by the same
278.23	person that generated it;
278.24	(5) mixed municipal solid waste from a recycling facility that separates or processes
278.25	recyclable materials and reduces the volume of the waste by at least 85 percent, provided
278.26	that the exempted waste is managed separately from other waste;
278.27	(6) recyclable materials that are separated from mixed municipal solid waste by the
278.28	generator, collected and delivered to a waste facility that recycles at least 85 percent of its
278.29	waste, and are collected with mixed municipal solid waste that is segregated in leakproof
278.30	bags, provided that the mixed municipal solid waste does not exceed five percent of the
278.31	total weight of the materials delivered to the facility and is ultimately delivered to a waste
278.32	facility identified as a preferred waste management facility in county solid waste plans
278.33	under section 115A.46;

279.2

279.3

279.4

279.5

279.6

279.7

279.8

279.9

279.10

279.11

279.12

(7) source-separated compostable waste materials, if the waste is materials are delivered
to a facility exempted as described in this clause. To initially qualify for an exemption, a
facility must apply for an exemption in its application for a new or amended solid waste
permit to the Pollution Control Agency. The first time a facility applies to the agency it
must certify in its application that it will comply with the criteria in items (i) to (v) and the
commissioner of the agency shall so certify to the commissioner of revenue who must grant
the exemption. The facility must annually apply to the agency for certification to renew its
exemption for the following year. The application must be filed according to the procedures
of, and contain the information required by, the agency. The commissioner of revenue shall
grant the exemption if the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency finds and certifies
to the commissioner of revenue that based on an evaluation of the composition of incoming
waste and residuals and the quality and use of the product:

- (i) generators separate materials at the source;
- (ii) the separation is performed in a manner appropriate to the technology specific to the facility that:
- 279.16 (A) maximizes the quality of the product;
- (B) minimizes the toxicity and quantity of residuals rejects; and
- (C) provides an opportunity for significant improvement in the environmental efficiency of the operation;
- (iii) the operator of the facility educates generators, in coordination with each county using the facility, about separating the waste to maximize the quality of the waste stream for technology specific to the facility;
- 279.23 (iv) process <u>residuals rejects</u> do not exceed 15 percent of the weight of the total material delivered to the facility; and
- (v) the final product is accepted for use;
- 279.26 (8) waste and waste by-products for which the tax has been paid; and
- 279.27 (9) daily cover for landfills that has been approved in writing by the Minnesota Pollution 279.28 Control Agency.
- 279.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

280.3

280.4

280.5

280.6

280.7

280.1	Sec. 13.	Minnesota Statutes	2016, sect	on 297I.05,	subdivision 2	2, is a	amended	to rea	ıd:
-------	----------	--------------------	------------	-------------	---------------	---------	---------	--------	-----

Subd. 2. Town and farmers' Township mutual insurance. A tax is imposed on town and farmers' township mutual insurance companies. The rate of tax is equal to one percent of gross premiums less return premiums on all direct business received by the insurer or agents of the insurer in Minnesota, in cash or otherwise, during the year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297I.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Cities of the first class.** (a) The commissioner shall order and direct a surcharge to be collected of two percent of the fire, lightning, and sprinkler leakage gross premiums, less return premiums, on all direct business received by any licensed foreign or domestic fire insurance company on property in a city of the first class, or by its agents for it, in cash or otherwise.
- 280.13 (b) By July 31 and December 31 of each year, the commissioner of management and budget shall pay to each city of the first class a warrant for an amount equal to the total amount of the surcharge on the premiums collected within that city since the previous payment.
- (c) The treasurer of the city shall place the money received under this subdivision in a special account or fund to defray all or a portion of the employer contribution requirement of public employees police and fire plan coverage for city firefighters.
- 280.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297I.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Appropriation.** The amount necessary to make the payments required under this section is appropriated to the commissioner of management and budget from the general fund.
- 280.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.01, subdivision 4c, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4c. **Special deductions; net operating loss.** (a) For purposes of determining taxable income under subdivision 4, the provisions of sections 290.0133, subdivisions 7 and 9, and 290.0134, subdivisions 7 and 9, are not used to determine taxable income.

281.1	(b) The amount of net operating loss incurred in a taxable year beginning before January
281.2	1, 1990, that may be carried over to a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1989, is
281.3	the amount of net operating loss carryover determined in the calculation of the hypothetical
281.4	corporate franchise tax under Minnesota Statutes 1988, sections 298.40 and 298.402.
281.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
281.6	ARTICLE 16
281.7 281.8	DEPARTMENT 2017 TECHNICAL PROVISIONS: INCOME, CORPORATE FRANCHISE, AND ESTATE TAXES
281.9	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290.0132, subdivision 21, is amended to read:
281.10	Subd. 21. Military service pension; retirement pay. To the extent included in federal
281.11	taxable income, compensation received from a pension or other retirement pay from the
281.12	federal government for service in the military, as computed under United States Code, title
281.13	10, sections 1401 to 1414, 1447 to 1455, and 12733, is a subtraction. The subtraction must
281.14	not include any amount used to claim the credit allowed under section 290.0677 is limited
281.15	to individuals who do not claim the credit under section 290.0677.
281.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning
281.17	after December 31, 2015.
281.18	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290A.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
281.19	Subd. 3. Income. (a) "Income" means the sum of the following:
281.20	(1) federal adjusted gross income as defined in the Internal Revenue Code; and
281.21	(2) the sum of the following amounts to the extent not included in clause (1):
281.22	(i) all nontaxable income;
281.23	(ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section 469,
281.24	paragraph (i) or (m) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity loss
281.25	carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;
281.26	(iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness of a
281.27	solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal Revenue
281.28	Code;
281.29	(iv) cash public assistance and relief;
281.30	(v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments received
281.31	under the federal Social Security Act, Supplemental Security Income, and veterans benefits),

282.1	which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which was funded exclusively
282.2	by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were excluded from federal adjusted
282.3	gross income in the years when the payments were made;
282.4	(vi) interest received from the federal or a state government or any instrumentality or
282.5	political subdivision thereof;
282.6	(vii) workers' compensation;
282.7	(viii) nontaxable strike benefits;
282.8	(ix) the gross amounts of payments received in the nature of disability income or sick
282.9	pay as a result of accident, sickness, or other disability, whether funded through insurance
282.10	or otherwise;
282.11	(x) a lump-sum distribution under section 402(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of
282.12	1986, as amended through December 31, 1995;
282.13	(xi) contributions made by the claimant to an individual retirement account, including
282.14	a qualified voluntary employee contribution; simplified employee pension plan;
282.15	self-employed retirement plan; cash or deferred arrangement plan under section 401(k) of
282.16	the Internal Revenue Code; or deferred compensation plan under section 457 of the Internal
282.17	Revenue Code, to the extent the sum of amounts exceeds the retirement base amount for
282.18	the claimant and spouse;
282.19	(xii) to the extent not included in federal adjusted gross income, distributions received
282.20	by the claimant or spouse from a traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan;
282.21	(xiii) nontaxable scholarship or fellowship grants;
282.22	(xiv) the amount of deduction allowed under section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code;
282.23	(xv) the amount of deduction allowed under section 220 or 223 of the Internal Revenue
282.24	Code;
282.25	(xvi) the amount deducted for tuition expenses under section 222 of the Internal Revenue
282.26	Code; and
282.27	(xvii) the amount deducted for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school
282.28	teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.
282.29	In the case of an individual who files an income tax return on a fiscal year basis, the
282.30	term "federal adjusted gross income" shall mean federal adjusted gross income reflected in
282.31	the fiscal year ending in the calendar year. Federal adjusted gross income shall not be reduced

283.1	by the amount of a net operating loss carryback or carryforward or a capital loss carryback
283.2	or carryforward allowed for the year.
283.3	(b) "Income" does not include:
283.4	(1) amounts excluded pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, sections 101(a) and 102;
283.5	(2) amounts of any pension or annuity which was exclusively funded by the claimant
283.6	or spouse and which funding payments were not excluded from federal adjusted gross
283.7	income in the years when the payments were made;
283.8	(3) to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, amounts contributed by the
283.9	claimant or spouse to a traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan, but not to exceed
283.10	the retirement base amount reduced by the amount of contributions excluded from federal
283.11	adjusted gross income, but not less than zero;
283.12	(4) surplus food or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency;
283.13	(5) relief granted under this chapter;
283.14	(6) child support payments received under a temporary or final decree of dissolution or
283.15	legal separation; or
283.16	(7) restitution payments received by eligible individuals and excludable interest as
283.17	defined in section 803 of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001,
283.18	Public Law 107-16.
283.19	(c) The sum of the following amounts may be subtracted from income:
283.20	(1) for the claimant's first dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.4;
283.21	(2) for the claimant's second dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.3;
283.22	(3) for the claimant's third dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.2;
283.23	(4) for the claimant's fourth dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.1;
283.24	(5) for the claimant's fifth dependent, the exemption amount; and
283.25	(6) if the claimant or claimant's spouse was disabled or attained the age of 65 on or
283.26	before December 31 of the year for which the taxes were levied or rent paid, the exemption
283.27	amount.
283.28	(d) For purposes of this subdivision, the "exemption amount" means the exemption
283.29	amount under section 151(d) of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year for which
283.30	the income is reported; "retirement base amount" means the deductible amount for the
283.31	taxable year for the claimant and spouse under section 219(b)(5)(A) of the Internal Revenue

284.1	Code, adjusted for inflation as provided in section $219(b)(5)(D)(C)$ of the Internal Revenue
284.2	Code, without regard to whether the claimant or spouse claimed a deduction; and "traditional
284.3	or Roth style retirement account or plan" means retirement plans under sections 401, 403,
284.4	408, 408A, and 457 of the Internal Revenue Code.
284.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
284.6	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 290A.10, is amended to read:
284.7	290A.10 PROOF OF TAXES PAID.
284.8	Every If requested by the commissioner of revenue, a claimant who files a claim for
284.9	relief for property taxes payable shall include with the claim provide a property tax statement
284.10	or a reproduction thereof in a form deemed satisfactory by the commissioner of revenue
284.11	indicating that there are no delinquent property taxes on the homestead. Indication on the
284.12	property tax statement from the county treasurer that there are no delinquent taxes on the
284.13	homestead shall be sufficient proof. Taxes included in a confession of judgment under
284.14	section 277.23 or 279.37 shall not constitute delinquent taxes as long as the claimant is
284.15	current on the payments required to be made under section 277.23 or 279.37.
284.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for refunds based on rent paid after
284.17	December 31, 2015, and property taxes payable after December 31, 2016.
204.10	San A Minnegate Statutes 2016 goation 201 075 is amended to read:
284.18	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 291.075, is amended to read:
284.19	291.075 SPECIAL USE VALUATION OF QUALIFIED PROPERTY.
284.20	If, after the final determination of the tax imposed by this chapter, the property valued
284.21	pursuant to section 2032A of the Internal Revenue Code is disposed of or fails to qualify
284.22	and an additional tax is imposed pursuant to section 2032A(c), any increase in the credit
284.23	for state death taxes federal gross or taxable estate shall be reported to the commissioner
284.24	within 90 days after final determination of the increased credit of the federal adjustment.
284.25	Upon notification the commissioner may assess an additional tax in accordance with section
284.26	291.03, subdivision 1.
284.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
284.28	Sec. 5. REPEALER.
284.29	Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 290.9743; and 290.9744, are repealed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 17

285.1

285.2 285.3	DEPARTMENT 2017 POLICY AND TECHNICAL PROVISIONS: SALES AND USE, AND SPECIAL TAXES
285.4	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 84.82, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
285.5	Subd. 10. Proof of sales tax payment; collection and refund. (a) A person applying
285.6	for initial registration of a snowmobile must provide a snowmobile purchaser's certificate,
285.7	showing a complete description of the snowmobile, the seller's name and address, the full
285.8	purchase price of the snowmobile, and the trade-in allowance, if any. The certificate must
285.9	include information showing either receipt, invoice, or other document to prove that:
285.10	(1) that the sales and use tax under chapter 297A was paid or:
285.11	(2) the purchase was exempt from tax under chapter 297A. The commissioner of public
285.12	safety, in consultation with the commissioner and the commissioner of revenue, shall
285.13	prescribe the form of the certificate. The certificate is not required if the applicant provides
285.14	a receipt, invoice, or other document that shows; or
285.15	(3) the snowmobile was purchased from a retailer that is maintaining a place of business
285.16	in this state as defined in section 297A.66, subdivision 1, and is a dealer.
285.17	(b) The commissioner or authorized deputy registrars, acting as agents of the
285.18	commissioner of revenue under an agreement between the commissioner and the
285.19	commissioner of revenue, as provided in section 297A.825:
285.20	(1) must collect use tax from the applicant if the applicant does not provide the proof
285.21	required under paragraph (a); and
285.22	(2) are authorized to issue refunds of use tax paid to them in error.
285.23	(c) Subdivision 11 does not apply to refunds under this subdivision.
285.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for snowmobiles registered after June
285.25	<u>30, 2017.</u>
285.26	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 84.922, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
285.27	Subd. 11. Proof of sales tax payment: collection and refund. (a) A person applying
285.28	for initial registration in Minnesota of an all-terrain vehicle shall must provide a purchaser's
285.29	eertificate showing a complete description of the all-terrain vehicle, the seller's name and
285.30	address, the full purchase price of the all-terrain vehicle, and the trade-in allowance, if any.

286.1	The certificate also must include information showing either receipt, invoice, or other
286.2	document to prove that:
286.3	(1) the sales and use tax under chapter 297A was paid, or:
286.4	(2) the purchase was exempt from tax under chapter 297A. The certificate is not required
286.5	if the applicant provides a receipt, invoice, or other document that shows; or
286.6	(3) the all-terrain vehicle was purchased from a retailer that is maintaining a place of
286.7	business in this state as defined in section 297A.66, subdivision 1, and is a dealer.
286.8	(b) The commissioner or authorized deputy registrars, acting as agents of the
286.9	commissioner of revenue under an agreement between the commissioner and the
286.10	commissioner of revenue, as provided in section 297A.825:
286.11	(1) must collect use tax from the applicant if the applicant does not provide the proof
286.12	required under paragraph (a); and
286.13	(2) are authorized to issue refunds of use tax paid to them in error.
286.14	(c) Subdivision 12 does not apply to refunds under this subdivision.
286.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all-terrain vehicles registered after
286.16	June 30, 2017.
286.17	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 86B.401, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
286.18	Subd. 12. Proof of sales tax payment; collection and refund. (a) A person applying
286.19	for initial licensing of a watercraft must provide a watercraft purchaser's certificate, showing
286.20	a complete description of the watercraft, the seller's name and address, the full purchase
286.21	price of the watercraft, and the trade-in allowance, if any. The certificate must include
286.22	information showing either receipt, invoice, or other document to prove that:
286.23	(1) that the sales and use tax under chapter 297A was paid or;
286.24	(2) the purchase was exempt from tax under chapter 297A. The commissioner of public
286.25	safety, in consultation with the commissioner and the commissioner of revenue, shall
286.26	prescribe the form of the certificate. The certificate is not required if the applicant provides
286.27	a receipt, invoice, or other document that shows; or
286.28	(3) the watercraft was purchased from a retailer that is maintaining a place of business
	in this state as defined in section 2074 66 subdivision 1 and is a dealer

287.1	(b) The commissioner or authorized deputy registrars, acting as agents of the
287.2	commissioner of revenue under an agreement between the commissioner and the
287.3	commissioner of revenue, as provided in section 297A.825:
287.4	(1) must collect use tax from the applicant if the applicant does not provide the proof
287.5	required under paragraph (a); and
287.6	(2) are authorized to issue refunds of use tax paid to them in error.
287.7	(c) Section 86B.415, subdivision 11, does not apply to refunds under this subdivision.
287.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for watercraft licensed after June 30,
287.9	<u>2017.</u>
287.10	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 115A.1314, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
287.11	Subdivision 1. Registration fee. (a) Each manufacturer who registers under section
287.12	115A.1312 must, by August 15 each year, pay to the commissioner of revenue an annual
287.13	registration fee, on a form and in a manner prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. The
287.14	commissioner of revenue must deposit the fee in the state treasury and credit the fee to the
287.15	environmental fund.
287.16	(b) The registration fee for manufacturers that sell 100 or more video display devices
287.17	to households in the state during the previous calendar year is \$2,500, plus a variable
287.18	recycling fee. The registration fee for manufacturers that sell fewer than 100 video display
287.19	devices to households in the state during the previous calendar year is a variable recycling
287.20	<u>fee.</u> The variable recycling fee is calculated according to the formula:
287.21	$[A - (B + C)] \times D$, where:
287.22	A = the manufacturer's recycling obligation as determined under section 115A.1320;
287.23	B = the number of pounds of covered electronic devices recycled by a manufacturer
287.24	from households during the immediately preceding program year, as reported under section
287.25	115A.1316, subdivision 1;
287.26	C = the number of phase I or phase II recycling credits a manufacturer elects to use to
287.27	calculate the variable recycling fee; and
287.28	D = the estimated per-pound cost of recycling, initially set at \$0.50 per pound for
287.29	manufacturers who recycle less than 50 percent of the manufacturer's recycling obligation;
287.30	\$0.40 per pound for manufacturers who recycle at least 50 percent but less than 90 percent
287.31	of the manufacturer's recycling obligation; \$0.30 per pound for manufacturers who recycle

287.32 at least 90 percent but less than 100 percent of the manufacturer's recycling obligation; and

288 3

288.4

288.5

288.6

288.7

288.8

288.9

\$0.00 per pound for manufacturers who recycle 100 percent or more of the manufacturer's recycling obligation.

- (c) A manufacturer may petition the agency to waive the per-pound cost of recycling fee, element D in the formula in paragraph (b), required under this section. The agency shall direct the commissioner of revenue to waive the per-pound cost of recycling fee if the manufacturer demonstrates to the agency's satisfaction a good faith effort to meet its recycling obligation as determined under section 115A.1320. The petition must include:
- (1) documentation that the manufacturer has met at least 75 percent of its recycling obligation as determined under section 115A.1320;
- (2) a list of political subdivisions and public and private collectors with whom the manufacturer had a formal contract or agreement in effect during the previous program year to recycle or collect covered electronic devices;
- 288.13 (3) the total amounts of covered electronic devices collected from both within and outside of the 11-county metropolitan area, as defined in subdivision 2;
- 288.15 (4) a description of the manufacturer's best efforts to meet its recycling obligation as determined under section 115A.1320; and
- 288.17 (5) any other information requested by the agency.
- (d) A manufacturer may retain phase I and phase II recycling credits to be added, in 288.18 whole or in part, to the actual value of C, as reported under section 115A.1316, subdivision 288.19 2, during any succeeding program year, provided that no more than 25 percent of a 288.20 manufacturer's recycling obligation (A x B) for any program year may be met with phase 288.21 I and phase II recycling credits, separately or in combination, generated in a prior program 288.22 year. A manufacturer may sell any portion or all of its phase I and phase II recycling credits 288.23 to another manufacturer, at a price negotiated by the parties, who may use the credits in the 288.24 288.25 same manner.
- (e) For the purpose of calculating a manufacturer's variable recycling fee under paragraph (b), starting with the program year beginning July 1, 2019, and continuing each year thereafter, the weight of covered electronic devices collected from households located outside the 11-county metropolitan area, as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (b), is calculated at 1.5 times their actual weight.
- 288.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for registration fees due after June 30, 288.32 2017.

289.1	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270B.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to
289.2	read:
289.3	Subd. 20. Department of Natural Resources; authorized deputy registrars of motor
289.4	<u>vehicles.</u> The commissioner may disclose return information related to the taxes imposed
289.5	by chapter 297A to the Department of Natural Resources or an authorized deputy registrar
289.6	of motor vehicles only:
289.7	(1) if the commissioner has an agreement with the commissioner of natural resources
289.8	under section 297A.825, subdivision 1; and
289.9	(2) to the extent necessary for the Department of Natural Resources or an authorized
289.10	deputy registrar of motor vehicles, as agents for the commissioner, to verify that the
289.11	applicable sales or use tax has been paid or that a sales tax exemption applies on the purchase
289.12	of a snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft, and to administer sections 84.82,
289.13	subdivision 10; 84.922, subdivision 11; 86B.401, subdivision 12; and 297A.825, regarding
289.14	either their collection of use tax or their issuance of refunds to applicants of use tax paid to
289.15	them in error.
289.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
289.17	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.171, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
289.18	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) If a special law grants a local government unit or group
289.19	of units the authority to impose a local tax other than sales tax, including but not limited to
289.20	taxes such as lodging, entertainment, admissions, or food and beverage taxes, and the
289.21	Department of Revenue either has agreed to or is required to administer the tax, such that
289.22	the tax is reported and paid with the chapter 297A taxes, then the local government unit or
289.23	group of units must adopt each definition term used in the special law is defined as follows:
289.24	(1) the definition must be identical to the definition found as defined in chapter 297A
289.25	or in Minnesota Rules, chapter 8130; or
289.26	(2) if the specific term is not defined either in chapter 297A or in Minnesota Rules,
289.27	chapter 8130, then the definition must be defined consistent with the position of the
289.28	Department of Revenue as to the extent of the tax base.
289.29	(b) This subdivision does not apply to terms that are defined by the authorizing special
289.30	law.
289.31	(c) This subdivision applies notwithstanding whether a local government unit or group
289.32	of units adopts consistent definitions into local law.

290.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
290.2	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.50, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
290.3	Subd. 2a. Refund of sales tax to purchasers. (a) If a vendor has collected from a
290.4	purchaser a tax on a transaction that is not subject to the tax imposed by chapter 297A, the
290.5	purchaser may apply directly to the commissioner for a refund under this section if:
290.6	(1) the purchaser is currently registered or was registered during the period of the claim,
290.7	to collect and remit the sales tax or to remit the use tax; and
290.8	(2) either
290.9	(i) the amount of the refund to be applied for exceeds \$500, or
290.10	(ii) the amount of the refund to be applied for does not exceed \$500, but the purchaser
290.11	also applies for a capital equipment claim at the same time, and the total of the two refunds
290.12	exceeds \$500.
290.13	(b) The purchaser may not file more than two applications for refund under this
290.14	subdivision in a calendar year.
290.15	(c) Refunds shall not be issued for sales for resale where the vendor has a published no
290.16	resale policy.
290.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
290.18	Sec. 8. [297A.825] SNOWMOBILES; ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLES; WATERCRAFT;
290.19	PAYMENT OF TAXES; REFUNDS.
290.20	Subdivision 1. Agreement with commissioners of natural resources and public
290.21	safety; collection and refunds. The commissioner may enter into an agreement with the
290.22	commissioner of natural resources, in consultation with the commissioner of public safety,
290.23	that provides that:
290.24	(1) the commissioner of natural resources and authorized deputy registrars of motor
290.25	vehicles must collect use tax on snowmobiles, all-terrain vehicles, and watercraft from
290.26	persons applying for initial registration or license of the item unless the applicant provides
290.27	a receipt, invoice, or other document to prove that:
290.28	(i) sales tax was paid on the purchase;
290.29	(ii) the purchase was exempt under this chapter;
290.30	(iii) use tax was paid to the commissioner in a form prescribed by the commissioner; or

291.1	(iv) the item was purchased from a retailer that is maintaining a place of business in this				
291.2	state as defined in section 297A.66, subdivision 1, and is a dealer as defined in section				
291.3	84.81, subdivision 10; 84.92, subdivision 3; or 86B.005, subdivision 4; and				
291.4	(2) the commissioner of natural resources and authorized deputy registrars of motor				
291.5	vehicles are authorized to issue refunds of use tax paid to them in error, meaning that either				
291.6	the sales or use tax had already been paid or that the purchase was exempt from tax under				
291.7	this chapter.				
291.8	Subd. 2. Agents. For the purposes of collecting or refunding the tax under this section,				
291.9	the commissioner of natural resources and authorized deputy registrars of motor vehicles				
291.10	are the agents of the commissioner and are subject to, and must strictly comply with, all				
291.11	rules consistent with this chapter prescribed by the commissioner.				
291.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.				
291.13	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 297I.30, subdivision 7, is amended to read:				
291.14	Subd. 7. Surcharge. (a) By April 30 of each year, every company required to pay the				
291.15	surcharge under section 297I.10, subdivision 1, shall file a return for the five-month period				
291.16	ending March 31 in the form prescribed by the commissioner.				
291.17	(b) (a) By June 30 of each year, every company required to pay the surcharge under				
291.18	section 297I.10, subdivision 1, shall file a return for the two-month seven-month period				
291.19	ending May 31 in the form prescribed by the commissioner.				
291.20	(e) (b) By November 30 of each year, every company required to pay the surcharge				
291.21	under section 297I.10, subdivision 1, shall file a return for the five-month period ending				
291.22	October 31 in the form prescribed by the commissioner.				
291.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for returns due after October 31, 2017.				
291.24	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:				
291.25	Subd. 3. Occupation tax; other ores. Every person engaged in the business of mining,				
291.26	refining, or producing ores, metals, or minerals in this state, except iron ore or taconite				
291.27	concentrates, shall pay an occupation tax to the state of Minnesota as provided in this				
291.28	subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision, mining includes the application of				
291.29	hydrometallurgical processes. Hydrometallurgical processes are processes that extract the				
291.30	ores, metals, or minerals, by use of aqueous solutions that leach, concentrate, and recover				
291.31	the ore, metal, or mineral. The tax is determined in the same manner as the tax imposed by				
291.32	section 290.02, except that sections 290.05, subdivision 1, clause (a), 290.17, subdivision				

292.1	4, and 290.191, subdivision 2, do not apply, and the occupation tax must be computed by				
292.2	applying to taxable income the rate of 2.45 percent. A person subject to occupation tax				
292.3	under this section shall apportion its net income on the basis of the percentage obtained by				
292.4	taking the sum of:				
292.5	(1) 75 percent of the percentage which the sales made within this state in connection				
292.6	with the trade or business during the tax period are of the total sales wherever made in				
292.7	connection with the trade or business during the tax period;				
292.8	(2) 12.5 percent of the percentage which the total tangible property used by the taxpayer				
292.9	in this state in connection with the trade or business during the tax period is of the total				
292.10	tangible property, wherever located, used by the taxpayer in connection with the trade or				
292.11	business during the tax period; and				
292.12	(3) 12.5 percent of the percentage which the taxpayer's total payrolls paid or incurred				
292.13	in this state or paid in respect to labor performed in this state in connection with the trade				
292.14	or business during the tax period are of the taxpayer's total payrolls paid or incurred in				
292.15	connection with the trade or business during the tax period.				
292.16	The tax is in addition to all other taxes.				
292.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.				
292.18	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.01, subdivision 4, is amended to read:				
292.19	Subd. 4. Occupation tax; iron ore; taconite concentrates. A person engaged in the				
292.20	business of mining or producing of iron ore, taconite concentrates or direct reduced ore in				
292.21	this state shall pay an occupation tax to the state of Minnesota. The tax is determined in the				
292.22	same manner as the tax imposed by section 290.02, except that sections 290.05, subdivision				
292.23	1, clause (a), 290.17, subdivision 4, and 290.191, subdivision 2, do not apply, and the				
292.24	occupation tax shall be computed by applying to taxable income the rate of 2.45 percent.				
292.25	A person subject to occupation tax under this section shall apportion its net income on the				
292.26	basis of the percentage obtained by taking the sum of:				
292.27	(1) 75 percent of the percentage which the sales made within this state in connection				
292.28	with the trade or business during the tax period are of the total sales wherever made in				
292.29	connection with the trade or business during the tax period;				
292.30	(2) 12.5 percent of the percentage which the total tangible property used by the taxpayer				
292.31	in this state in connection with the trade or business during the tax period is of the total				
292.32	tangible property, wherever located, used by the taxpayer in connection with the trade or				
292.33	business during the tax period; and				

293.2

293.3

293.4

293.5

293.6

293.7

293.13

293.14

293.15

293.16

293.17

293 18

(3) 12.5 percent of the percentage which the taxpayer's total payrolls paid or incurred in this state or paid in respect to labor performed in this state in connection with the trade or business during the tax period are of the taxpayer's total payrolls paid or incurred in connection with the trade or business during the tax period.

The tax is in addition to all other taxes.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Imposed; calculation.** (a) For concentrate produced in 2013, there is imposed upon taconite and iron sulphides, and upon the mining and quarrying thereof, and upon the production of iron ore concentrate therefrom, and upon the concentrate so produced, a tax of \$2.56 per gross ton of merchantable iron ore concentrate produced therefrom. The tax is also imposed upon other iron-bearing material.
 - (b) For concentrates produced in 2014 and subsequent years, the tax rate shall be equal to the preceding year's tax rate plus an amount equal to the preceding year's tax rate multiplied by the percentage increase in the implicit price deflator from the fourth quarter of the second preceding year to the fourth quarter of the preceding year. "Implicit price deflator" means the implicit price deflator for the gross domestic product prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the United States Department of Commerce.
- (c) An additional tax is imposed equal to three cents per gross ton of merchantable iron ore concentrate for each one percent that the iron content of the product exceeds 72 percent, when dried at 212 degrees Fahrenheit.
- 293.22 (d) The tax on taconite and iron sulphides shall be imposed on the average of the production for the current year and the previous two years. The rate of the tax imposed will be the current year's tax rate. This clause shall not apply in the case of the closing of a taconite facility if the property taxes on the facility would be higher if this clause and section 293.26 298.25 were not applicable. The tax on other iron-bearing material shall be imposed on the current year production.
- (e) The tax under paragraph (a) is also imposed upon other iron-bearing material. The tax on other iron-bearing material shall be imposed on the current year production. The rate of the tax imposed is the current year's tax rate.
- (e) (f) If the tax or any part of the tax imposed by this subdivision is held to be unconstitutional, a tax of \$2.56 per gross ton of merchantable iron ore concentrate produced shall be imposed.

294.2

294.3

294.4

294.5

294.6

294.7

294.8

294.9

294.10

294.11

294.13

294 14

294.15

294.16

294.17

294.18

294.19

294.20

294.21

294.22

294.23

294.24

294.25

294.26

294.27

294.28

294.29

294.30

294.31

294.32

294.33

294.34

294.35

(f) (g) Consistent with the intent of this subdivision to impose a tax based upon the weight of merchantable iron ore concentrate, the commissioner of revenue may indirectly determine the weight of merchantable iron ore concentrate included in fluxed pellets by subtracting the weight of the limestone, dolomite, or olivine derivatives or other basic flux additives included in the pellets from the weight of the pellets. For purposes of this paragraph, "fluxed pellets" are pellets produced in a process in which limestone, dolomite, olivine, or other basic flux additives are combined with merchantable iron ore concentrate. No subtraction from the weight of the pellets shall be allowed for binders, mineral and chemical additives other than basic flux additives, or moisture.

(g) (h)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, for the first two years of a plant's commercial production of direct reduced ore from ore mined in this state, no tax is imposed under this section. As used in this paragraph, "commercial production" is production of more than 50,000 tons of direct reduced ore in the current year or in any prior year, "noncommercial production" is production of 50,000 tons or less of direct reduced ore in any year, and "direct reduced ore" is ore that results in a product that has an iron content of at least 75 percent. For the third year of a plant's commercial production of direct reduced ore, the rate to be applied to direct reduced ore is 25 percent of the rate otherwise determined under this subdivision. For the fourth commercial production year, the rate is 50 percent of the rate otherwise determined under this subdivision; for the fifth commercial production year, the rate is 75 percent of the rate otherwise determined under this subdivision; and for all subsequent commercial production years, the full rate is imposed.

- (2) Subject to clause (1), production of direct reduced ore in this state is subject to the tax imposed by this section, but if that production is not produced by a producer of taconite, iron sulfides, or other iron-bearing material, the production of taconite, iron sulfides, or other iron-bearing material, that is consumed in the production of direct reduced iron ore in this state is not subject to the tax imposed by this section on taconite, iron sulfides, or other iron-bearing material.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, no tax is imposed on direct reduced ore under this section during the facility's noncommercial production of direct reduced ore. The taconite or iron sulphides consumed in the noncommercial production of direct reduced ore is subject to the tax imposed by this section on taconite and iron sulphides. Three-year average production of direct reduced ore does not include production of direct reduced ore in any noncommercial year. Three-year average production for a direct reduced ore facility that has noncommercial production is the average of the commercial production of direct reduced ore for the current year and the previous two commercial years.

295.2

2953

295.4

(4) This paragraph applies only to plants for which all environmental permits have been obtained and construction has begun before July 1, 2008.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.28, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. City or town where quarried or produced. (a) 4.5 cents per gross ton of 295.5 merchantable iron ore concentrate, hereinafter referred to as "taxable ton," plus the amount 295.6 provided in paragraph (c), must be allocated to the city or town in the county in which the 295.7 lands from which taconite was mined or quarried were located or within which the 295.8 concentrate was produced. If the mining, quarrying, and concentration, or different steps 295.9 in either thereof are carried on in more than one taxing district, the commissioner shall 295.10 apportion equitably the proceeds of the part of the tax going to cities and towns among such 295.11 subdivisions upon the basis of attributing 50 percent of the proceeds of the tax to the operation 295.12 of mining or quarrying the taconite, and the remainder to the concentrating plant and to the 295.13 processes of concentration, and with respect to each thereof giving due consideration to the 295.14 relative extent of such operations performed in each such taxing district. The commissioner's 295.15 order making such apportionment shall be subject to review by the Tax Court at the instance of any of the interested taxing districts, in the same manner as other orders of the 295.17 commissioner. 295 18
- (b)(1) Four cents per taxable ton shall be allocated to cities and organized townships affected by mining because their boundaries are within three miles of a taconite mine pit that:
- 295.22 (i) was actively mined by LTV Steel Mining Company in 1999; or
- 295.23 (ii) has been actively mined in at least one of the prior three years.
- (2) If a city or town is located near more than one mine meeting these the criteria under this paragraph, the city or town is eligible to receive aid calculated from only the mine producing the largest taxable tonnage. When more than one municipality qualifies for aid based on one company's production, the aid must be apportioned among the municipalities in proportion to their populations. The amounts distributed under this paragraph to each municipality must be used for infrastructure improvement projects.
- 295.30 (c) The amount that would have been computed for the current year under Minnesota 295.31 Statutes 2008, section 126C.21, subdivision 4, for a school district shall be distributed to 295.32 the cities and townships within the school district in the proportion that their taxable net tax

296.2

296.3

296.8

296.13

296.14

296.15

296.16

296.17

296.18

296.19

296.20

296.21

296.22

296.23

296.24

296.25

296.26

capacity within the school district bears to the taxable net tax capacity of the school district for property taxes payable in the year prior to distribution.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 298.28, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 296.4
- Subd. 5. Counties. (a) 21.05 cents per taxable ton for distributions in 2015 through 2023, 296.5 and 26.05 cents per taxable ton for distributions beginning in 2024, is allocated to counties 296.6 to be distributed, based upon certification by the commissioner of revenue, under paragraphs 296.7 (b) to (d).
- (b) 10.525 cents per taxable ton shall be distributed to the county in which the taconite 296.9 is mined or quarried or in which the concentrate is produced, less any amount which is to 296.10 be distributed pursuant to paragraph (c). The apportionment formula prescribed in subdivision 296.11 2 is the basis for the distribution. 296.12
 - (c) If 1.0 cent per taxable ton of the tax distributed to the counties under paragraph (b) shall be paid to a county that received a distribution under this section in 2000 because there was located in the county an electric power plant owned by and providing the primary source of power for a taxpayer mining and concentrating taconite is located in a different county other than the county in which the mining and the concentrating processes are conducted, one cent per taxable ton of the tax distributed to the counties pursuant to paragraph (b) and imposed on and collected from such taxpayer shall be paid to the county in which the power plant is located.
 - (d) 10.525 cents per taxable ton for distributions in 2015 through 2023, and 15.525 cents per taxable ton for distributions beginning in 2024, shall be paid to the county from which the taconite was mined, quarried or concentrated to be deposited in the county road and bridge fund. If the mining, quarrying and concentrating, or separate steps in any of those processes are carried on in more than one county, the commissioner shall follow the apportionment formula prescribed in subdivision 2.
- 296.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 469.190, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 296.28
- Subdivision 1. **Authorization**; tax base. (a) Notwithstanding section 477A.016 or any 296.29 296.30 other law, a statutory or home rule charter city may by ordinance, and a town may by the affirmative vote of the electors at the annual town meeting, or at a special town meeting, 296 31 impose a tax of up to three percent on the gross receipts from the furnishing for consideration 296.32

of lodging at a hotel, motel, rooming house, tourist court, or resort, other than the renting

297.1

or leasing of it for a continuous period of 30 days or more. A statutory or home rule charter 297.2 297.3 city may by ordinance impose the tax authorized under this subdivision on the camping site receipts of a municipal campground. 297.4 (b) Regardless of whether the tax is collected locally or by the state, the tax imposed 297.5 under this subdivision or under a special law applies to the entire consideration paid to 297.6 obtain access to lodging, including ancillary or related services, such as services provided 297.7 by an accommodations intermediary as defined in section 297A.61, and similar services. 297.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE**; **APPLICATION**. This section is effective the day following 297.9 297.10 final enactment. In enacting this section, the legislature confirms that Minnesota Statutes, section 469.190, its predecessor provisions, and any special laws authorizing political 297.11 subdivisions to impose local lodging taxes, were and are intended to apply to the entire 297.12 consideration paid to obtain access to transient lodging, including ancillary or related services, 297.13 such as services provided by an accommodations intermediary as defined in Minnesota 297.14 Statutes, section 297A.61, and similar services. The provisions of this section must not be 297.15 interpreted to imply a narrower construction of the tax base under the lodging tax provisions 297.16 of Minnesota law prior to the enactment of this section. 297.17 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 469.190, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 297.18 Subd. 7. Collection. (a) The statutory or home rule charter city may agree with the 297.19 commissioner of revenue that a tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be collected by 297.20 the commissioner together with the tax imposed by chapter 297A, and subject to the same 297.21 interest, penalties, and other rules and that its proceeds, less the cost of collection, shall be 297.22 remitted to the city. 297.23 (b) If a tax under this section or a special law is not collected by the commissioner of 297.24 297.25 revenue, the local government imposing the tax may by ordinance limit the required filing and remittance of the tax by an accommodations intermediary as defined in section 297A.61, 297.26 subdivision 47, to once every calendar year. The local government must inform the 297.27 accommodations intermediary of the date when the return or remittance is due and the date 297.28 must coincide with one of the monthly dates for filing and remitting state sales tax under 297.29 297.30 chapter 297A. The local government must also electronically provide an accommodations intermediary with geographic and zip code information necessary to collect the tax. 297.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 297.32

298.1 **ARTICLE 18**

298.2 298.3	DEPARTMENT 2017 POLICY AND TECHNICAL PROVISIONS: PROPERTY TAX AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT AID
298.4	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270.074, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
298.5	Subdivision 1. Valuation. The commissioner shall determine the market valuation of
298.6	all flight property operated or used by every airline company in air commerce in this state.
298.7	The valuation apportioned to this state of such flight property shall be the proportion of the
298.8	total valuation thereof determined on the basis of the total of the following percentages:
298.9	(1) 33-1/3 percent of the percentage which the total tonnage of passengers, express and
298.10	freight first received by the airline company in this state during the preceding calendar year
298.11	plus the total tonnage of passengers, express and freight finally discharged by it within this
298.12	state during the preceding calendar year is of the total of such tonnage first received by the
298.13	airline company or finally discharged by it, within and without this state during the preceding
298.14	calendar year.
298.15	(2) 33-1/3 percent of the percentage which, in equated plane hours, the total time of all
298.16	aircraft of the airline company in flight in this state during the preceding calendar year, is
298.17	of the total of such time in flight within and without this state during the preceding calendar
298.18	year.
298.19	(3) 33-1/3 (1) 50 percent of the percentage which the number of revenue ton miles of
298.20	passengers, mail, express and freight flown by the airline company within this state during
298.21	the preceding calendar year is of the total number of such miles flown by it within and
298.22	without this state during the preceding calendar year.
298.23	(2) 50 percent of the percentage that the total departures performed by the airline company
298.24	within this state during the preceding calendar year is of the total departures performed
298.25	within and without this state during the preceding calendar year.
298.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
298.27	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270.078, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
298.28	Subdivision 1. Conformance to federal law. If any provision of sections 270.071 to
298.29	270.079 is contrary to any provision of any law of the United States of America, hereinafter
298.30	enacted, providing for or relating to the ad valorem taxation by a state of aircraft or flying
298.31	equipment of an airline company, such provision shall be of no effect and the commissioner
298.32	is authorized and directed to prescribe by rule such provisions as may be necessary to make

sections 270.071 to 270.079 conform to the federal act and to effectuate the purposes of sections 270.071 to 270.079, provided such rules do not prescribe a rate of taxation higher than that provided in section 270.075 or a net tax capacity based on a percentage higher than that provided in section 270.074, subdivision $2\sqrt{3}$.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Statement of exemption.** (a) Except in the case of property owned by 299.7 the state of Minnesota or any political subdivision thereof, and property exempt from taxation 299.8 under section 272.02, subdivisions 9, 10, 13, 15, 18, 20, and 22 to 25, and at the times 299.9 provided in subdivision 3, a taxpayer claiming an exemption from taxation on property 299.10 299.11 described in section 272.02, subdivisions 2 to 33, must file a statement of exemption with the assessor of the assessment district in which the property is located. By February 1, 2018, 299.12 and by February 1 of each third year thereafter, the commissioner of revenue shall publish 299.13 on its Web site a list of the exemptions for which a taxpayer claiming an exemption must 299.14 file a statement of exemption. The commissioner's requirement that a taxpayer file a statement 299.15 of exemption pursuant to this subdivision shall not be considered a rule and is not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 14. 299.17
- (b) A taxpayer claiming an exemption from taxation on property described in section 272.02, subdivision 10, must file a statement of exemption with the commissioner of revenue, on or before February 15 of each year for which the taxpayer claims an exemption.
- (c) In case of sickness, absence or other disability or for good cause, the assessor or the commissioner may extend the time for filing the statement of exemption for a period not to exceed 60 days.
- 299.24 (d) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form and contents of the statement of exemption.
- 299.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for applications for exemption submitted in 2018 and thereafter.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.0295, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 8. Extension. The commissioner may, for good cause, extend the time for filing the report required by subdivision 4. The extension must not exceed 15 days.
- 299.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for reports filed in 2018 and thereafter.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.115, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 5 or 6, 300.2 whenever any real estate is sold for a consideration in excess of \$1,000 \$1,500, whether by 300.3 warranty deed, quitclaim deed, contract for deed or any other method of sale, the grantor, 300.4 300.5 grantee or the legal agent of either shall file a certificate of value with the county auditor in the county in which the property is located when the deed or other document is presented 300.6 for recording. Contract for deeds are subject to recording under section 507.235, subdivision 300.7 300.8 1. Value shall, in the case of any deed not a gift, be the amount of the full actual consideration thereof, paid or to be paid, including the amount of any lien or liens assumed. The items 300.9 and value of personal property transferred with the real property must be listed and deducted 300.10 from the sale price. The certificate of value shall include the classification to which the 300.11 property belongs for the purpose of determining the fair market value of the property, and shall include any proposed change in use of the property known to the person filing the 300.13 certificate that could change the classification of the property. The certificate shall include 300.14 financing terms and conditions of the sale which are necessary to determine the actual, 300.15 present value of the sale price for purposes of the sales ratio study. If the property is being 300.16 acquired as part of a like-kind exchange under section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code 300.17 of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2006, that must be indicated on the certificate. The commissioner of revenue shall promulgate administrative rules specifying the financing 300.19 terms and conditions which must be included on the certificate. The certificate of value 300.20 must include the Social Security number or the federal employer identification number of 300.21 the grantors and grantees. However, a married person who is not an owner of record and 300.22 who is signing a conveyance instrument along with the person's spouse solely to release 300.23 and convey their marital interest, if any, in the real property being conveyed is not a grantor 300.24 for the purpose of the preceding sentence. A statement in the deed that is substantially in 300.25 the following form is sufficient to allow the county auditor to accept a certificate for filing 300.26 without the Social Security number of the named spouse: "(Name) claims no ownership 300.27 interest in the real property being conveyed and is executing this instrument solely to release 300.28 and convey a marital interest, if any, in that real property." The identification numbers of 300.29 the grantors and grantees are private data on individuals or nonpublic data as defined in 300.30 section 13.02, subdivisions 9 and 12, but, notwithstanding that section, the private or 300.31 nonpublic data may be disclosed to the commissioner of revenue for purposes of tax 300.32 administration. The information required to be shown on the certificate of value is limited 300.33 to the information required as of the date of the acknowledgment on the deed or other 300.34 document to be recorded. The commissioner's determination of the amount for which a 300.35

Article 18 Sec. 5.

certificate of value is required pursuant to this subdivision shall not be considered a rule and is not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 14.

- 301.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for certificates of value filed after 301.4 December 31, 2017.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.115, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Form; information required.** The certificate of value shall require such facts and information as may be determined by the commissioner to be reasonably necessary in the administration of the state education aid formulas. The form of the certificate of value shall be prescribed by the Department of Revenue which shall provide an adequate supply of forms to each county auditor.
- 301.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 272.115, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Copies transmitted; homestead status. The county auditor shall transmit two 301.13 true copies of the certificate of value to the assessor who shall insert into the certificate of 301 14 value the most recent market value and when available, the year of original construction of 301.15 each parcel of property on both copies, and shall transmit one copy the certificate of value 301.16 to the Department of Revenue. Upon the request of a city council located within the county, a copy of each certificate of value for property located in that city shall be made available 301.18 to the governing body of the city. The assessor shall remove the homestead classification 301.19 for the following assessment year from a property which is sold or transferred, unless the 301.20 grantee or the person to whom the property is transferred completes a homestead application 301.21 under section 273.124, subdivision 13, and qualifies for homestead status. 301.22
- 301.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for certificates of value filed after 301.24 December 31, 2017.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.0755, is amended to read:
- 273.0755 TRAINING AND EDUCATION OF PROPERTY TAX PERSONNEL.
- (a) Beginning with the four-year period starting on July 1, 2000, every person licensed by the state Board of Assessors at the Accredited Minnesota Assessor level or higher, shall successfully complete a weeklong Minnesota laws course sponsored by the Department of Revenue at least once in every four-year period. An assessor need not attend the course if they successfully pass the test for the course.

302.2

302.3

302.4

302.5

302.6

302.7

302.8

302.9

302.10

302.11

302.13

302 14

302.15

302.16

302.17

302.18

302.19

302.20

302.25

302.26

302.27

302.28

302.29

302.30

302.32

302.33

(b) The commissioner of revenue may require that each county, and each city for which
the city assessor performs the duties of county assessor, have (i) a person on the assessor's
staff who is certified by the Department of Revenue in sales ratio calculations, (ii) an officer
or employee who is certified by the Department of Revenue in tax calculations, and (iii) an
officer or employee who is certified by the Department of Revenue in the proper preparation
of abstracts of assessment. The commissioner of revenue may require that each county have
an officer or employee who is certified by the Department of Revenue in the proper
preparation of abstracts of tax lists. Certifications under this paragraph expire after four
years.

- (c) Beginning with the four-year educational licensing period starting on July 1, 2004, every Minnesota assessor licensed by the State Board of Assessors must attend and participate in a seminar that focuses on ethics, professional conduct and the need for standardized assessment practices developed and presented by the commissioner of revenue. This requirement must be met at least once in every subsequent four-year period. This requirement applies to all assessors licensed for one year or more in the four-year period.
- (d) The commissioner of revenue may require that at least one employee of any county or city that performs functions related to property tax administration complete additional training that the commissioner deems necessary to promote uniform and equitable implementation of the property tax laws, as defined in section 270C.01, subdivision 7.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.124, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13. **Homestead application.** (a) A person who meets the homestead requirements under subdivision 1 must file a homestead application with the county assessor to initially obtain homestead classification.
 - (b) The format and contents of a uniform homestead application shall be prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. The application must clearly inform the taxpayer that this application must be signed by all owners who occupy the property or by the qualifying relative and returned to the county assessor in order for the property to receive homestead treatment.
 - (c) Every property owner applying for homestead classification must furnish to the county assessor the Social Security number of each occupant who is listed as an owner of the property on the deed of record, the name and address of each owner who does not occupy the property, and the name and Social Security number of each owner's spouse who occupies

303.2

303.3

303.4

303.5

303.6

303.7

303.8

303.9

303.10

303.11

303.12

303.13

303.14

303.15

303.16

303.17

303.18

303.19

303.20

303.21

303.22

303 23

303.24

303.25

303.27

303.28

the property. The application must be signed by each owner who occupies the property and by each owner's spouse who occupies the property, or, in the case of property that qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), by the qualifying relative.

If a property owner occupies a homestead, the property owner's spouse may not claim another property as a homestead unless the property owner and the property owner's spouse file with the assessor an affidavit or other proof required by the assessor stating that the property qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (e).

Owners or spouses occupying residences owned by their spouses and previously occupied with the other spouse, either of whom fail to include the other spouse's name and Social Security number on the homestead application or provide the affidavits or other proof requested, will be deemed to have elected to receive only partial homestead treatment of their residence. The remainder of the residence will be classified as nonhomestead residential. When an owner or spouse's name and Social Security number appear on homestead applications for two separate residences and only one application is signed, the owner or spouse will be deemed to have elected to homestead the residence for which the application was signed.

- (d) If residential real estate is occupied and used for purposes of a homestead by a relative of the owner and qualifies for a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), in order for the property to receive homestead status, a homestead application must be filed with the assessor. The Social Security number of each relative occupying the property and the name and Social Security number of the spouse of a relative occupying the property shall be required on the homestead application filed under this subdivision. If a different relative of the owner subsequently occupies the property, the owner of the property must notify the assessor within 30 days of the change in occupancy. The Social Security number of a relative occupying the property or relative's the spouse of a relative occupying the property is private data on individuals as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12, but may be disclosed to the commissioner of revenue, or, for the purposes of proceeding under the Revenue Recapture Act to recover personal property taxes owing, to the county treasurer.
- (e) The homestead application shall also notify the property owners that if the property is granted homestead status for any assessment year, that same property shall remain classified as homestead until the property is sold or transferred to another person, or the owners, the spouse of the owner, or the relatives no longer use the property as their homestead. Upon the sale or transfer of the homestead property, a certificate of value must be timely filed with the county auditor as provided under section 272.115. Failure to notify the assessor within 30 days that the property has been sold, transferred, or that the owner,

304.7

304.1	the spouse of the owner, or the relative is no longer occupying the property as a homestead,
304.2	shall result in the penalty provided under this subdivision and the property will lose its
304.3	current homestead status.
304.4	(f) If a homestead application has not been filed with the county by December 15, the
304.5	assessor shall classify the property as nonhomestead for the current assessment year for

- assessor shall classify the property as nonhomestead for the current assessment year for taxes payable in the following year, provided that the owner may be entitled to receive the homestead classification by proper application under section 375.192.
- 304.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for applications for homestead filed in 2018 and thereafter.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.124, subdivision 13d, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13d. **Homestead data.** On or before April 30 each year beginning in 2007, each county must provide the commissioner with the following data for each parcel of homestead property by electronic means as defined in section 289A.02, subdivision 8:
- 304.14 (1) the property identification number assigned to the parcel for purposes of taxes payable 304.15 in the current year;
- (2) the name and Social Security number of each occupant of homestead property who is the property owner, property owner's spouse, or qualifying relative of a property owner, and the spouse of the property owner who occupies homestead property or spouse of a qualifying relative of a property owner who occupies homestead property;
- 304.20 (3) the classification of the property under section 273.13 for taxes payable in the current year and in the prior year;
- (4) an indication of whether the property was classified as a homestead for taxes payable in the current year because of occupancy by a relative of the owner or by a spouse of a relative;
- 304.25 (5) the property taxes payable as defined in section 290A.03, subdivision 13, for the current year and the prior year;
- 304.27 (6) the market value of improvements to the property first assessed for tax purposes for taxes payable in the current year;
- 304.29 (7) the assessor's estimated market value assigned to the property for taxes payable in the current year and the prior year;
- 304.31 (8) the taxable market value assigned to the property for taxes payable in the current year and the prior year;

305.1	(9) whether there are delinquent property taxes owing on the homestead;				
305.2	(10) the unique taxing district in which the property is located; and				
305.3	(11) such other information as the commissioner decides is necessary.				
305.4	The commissioner shall use the information provided on the lists as appropriate under				
305.5	the law, including for the detection of improper claims by owners, or relatives of owners,				
305.6	under chapter 290A.				
305.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for applications for homestead filed in				
305.8	2018 and thereafter.				
305.9	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 273.135, subdivision 1, is amended to read:				
305.10	Subdivision 1. Reduction in tax; tax relief area. The property tax to be paid in respect				
305.11	to property taxable within a tax relief area as defined in section 273.134, paragraph (b), on				
305.12	homestead property, as otherwise determined by law and regardless of the market value of				
305.13	the property, and on nonhomestead portions of property classified as both homestead and				
305.14	nonhomestead property as provided in section 273.124, subdivision 11, for all purposes				
305.15	shall be reduced in the amount prescribed by subdivision 2, subject to the limitations				
305.16	contained therein.				
305.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.				
305.18	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 274.014, subdivision 3, is amended to read:				
305.19	Subd. 3. Proof of compliance; transfer of duties. (a) Any city or town that conducts				
305.20	local boards of appeal and equalization meetings must provide proof to the county assessor				
305.21	by February 1 that it is in compliance comply with the training requirements of subdivision				
305.22	2 by February 1, by having at least one member who has attended an appeals and equalization				
305.23	course described in subdivision 2 within the last four years. This notice must also verify				
305.24	that there was a quorum of voting members at each meeting of the board of appeal and				
305.25	equalization in the previous year. A city or town that does not comply with these requirements				
305.26	is deemed to have transferred its board of appeal and equalization powers to the county for				
305.27	a minimum of two assessment years, beginning with the current year's assessment and				
305.28	continuing thereafter unless the powers are reinstated under paragraph (c).				
305.29	(b) The county shall notify the taxpayers when the board of appeal and equalization for				
305.30	a city or town has been transferred to the county under this subdivision and, prior to the				
305.31	meeting time of the county board of equalization, the county shall make available to those				

306.2

306.3

306.4

306.5

306.6

306.7

taxpayers a procedure for a review of the assessments, including, but not limited to, open book meetings. This alternate review process shall take place in April and May.

- (c) A local board whose powers are transferred to the county under this subdivision may be reinstated by resolution of the governing body of the city or town and upon proof of compliance with the requirements of subdivision 2. The resolution and proofs must be provided to the county assessor by February 1 in order to be effective for the following year's assessment.
- 306.8 (d) A local board whose powers are transferred to the county under this subdivision may continue to employ a local assessor and is not deemed to have transferred its powers to make assessments.
- 306.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for board of appeal and equalization meetings held in 2018 and thereafter.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 274.135, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Proof of compliance; transfer of duties.** (a) Any county that conducts county 306.14 boards of appeal and equalization meetings must provide proof to the commissioner by 306.15 December 1, 2009, and each year thereafter, that it is in compliance comply with the training 306.16 requirements of subdivision 2 by February 1, by having at least one member who has attended 306.17 an appeals and equalization course described in subdivision 2 within the last four years. 306.18 Beginning in 2009, this notice must also verify that there was a quorum of voting members 306.19 at each meeting of the board of appeal and equalization in the current year. A county that 306.20 does not comply with these requirements is deemed to have transferred its board of appeal 306.21 and equalization powers to the special board of equalization appointed pursuant to section 306.22 274.13, subdivision 2, for a minimum of two assessment years, beginning with the following 306.23 year's assessment and continuing thereafter unless the powers are reinstated under paragraph 306.24 306.25 (c). A county that does not comply with the requirements of subdivision 2 and has not appointed a special board of equalization shall appoint a special board of equalization before 306.26 the following year's assessment. 306.27
- (b) The county shall notify the taxpayers when the board of appeal and equalization for a county has been transferred to the special board of equalization under this subdivision and, prior to the meeting time of the special board of equalization, the county shall make available to those taxpayers a procedure for a review of the assessments, including, but not limited to, open book meetings. This alternate review process must take place in April and May.

Article 18 Sec. 13.

307.2

307.3

307.4

307.5

307.6

307.7

307.8

307.9

307.10

307.11

307.13

307.14

307.15

307.16

307.17

307.18

307.20

307.21

307.22

307.23

307.24

307.25

307.28

307.29

307.30

307.31

307.33

307.34

(c) A county board whose powers are transferred to the special board of equalization under this subdivision may be reinstated by resolution of the county board and upon proof of compliance with the requirements of subdivision 2. The resolution and proofs must be provided to the commissioner by December 1 in order to be effective for the following year's assessment.

(d) If a person who was entitled to appeal to the county board of appeal and equalization or to the county special board of equalization is not able to do so in a particular year because the county board or special board did not meet the quorum and training requirements in this section and section 274.13, or because the special board was not appointed, that person may instead appeal to the commissioner of revenue, provided that the appeal is received by the commissioner prior to August 1. The appeal is not subject to either chapter 14 or section 270C.92. The commissioner must issue an appropriate order to the county assessor in response to each timely appeal, either upholding or changing the valuation or classification of the property. Prior to October 1 of each year, the commissioner must charge and bill the county where the property is located \$500 for each tax parcel covered by an order issued under this paragraph in that year. Amounts received by the commissioner under this paragraph must be deposited in the state's general fund. If payment of a billed amount is not received by the commissioner before December 1 of the year when billed, the commissioner must deduct that unpaid amount from any state aid the commissioner would otherwise pay to the county under chapter 477A in the next year. Late payments may either be returned to the county uncashed and undeposited or may be accepted. If a late payment is accepted, the state aid paid to the county under chapter 477A must be adjusted within 12 months to eliminate any reduction that occurred because the payment was late. Amounts needed to make these adjustments are included in the appropriation under section 477A.03, subdivision

307.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for board of appeal and equalization meetings held in 2018 and thereafter.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 414.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Transmittal of order.** The chief administrative law judge shall see that copies of the order are mailed to all parties entitled to mailed notice of hearing under subdivision 1, the secretary of state, the Department of Revenue, the state demographer, individual property owners if initiated in that manner, affected county auditor, and any other party of record. The affected county auditor shall record the order against the affected property.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Article 18 Sec. 14.

308.2

308.3

308.4

308.5

308.6

308.7

308.8

308.9

308.12

308.13

308.14

308.15

308.16

308.17

308.18

308.19

308.20

308.21

308.22

308.23

308.24

308.25

308.26

308.27

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.0124, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given them.

- (b) "County program aid" means the sum of "county need aid," "county tax base equalization aid," and "county transition aid."
- (c) "Age-adjusted population" means a county's population multiplied by the county age index.
- (d) "County age index" means the percentage of the population over age 65 and over within the county divided by the percentage of the population over age 65 and over within the state, except that the age index for any county may not be greater than 1.8 nor less than 308.10 0.8. 308.11
 - (e) "Population over age 65 and over" means the population over age 65 and over established as of July 15 in an aid calculation year by the most recent federal census, by a special census conducted under contract with the United States Bureau of the Census, by a population estimate made by the Metropolitan Council, or by a population estimate of the state demographer made pursuant to section 4A.02, whichever is the most recent as to the stated date of the count or estimate for the preceding calendar year and which has been certified to the commissioner of revenue on or before July 15 of the aid calculation year. A revision to an estimate or count is effective for these purposes only if certified to the commissioner on or before July 15 of the aid calculation year. Clerical errors in the certification or use of estimates and counts established as of July 15 in the aid calculation year are subject to correction within the time periods allowed under section 477A.014.
 - (f) "Part I crimes" means the three-year average annual number of Part I crimes reported for each county by the Department of Public Safety for the most recent years available. By July 1 of each year, the commissioner of public safety shall certify to the commissioner of revenue the number of Part I crimes reported for each county for the three most recent calendar years available.
- (g) "Households receiving food stamps" means the average monthly number of 308.28 households receiving food stamps for the three most recent years for which data is available. 308.29 By July 1 of each year, the commissioner of human services must certify to the commissioner 308.30 of revenue the average monthly number of households in the state and in each county that 308.31 receive food stamps, for the three most recent calendar years available. 308.32

Article 18 Sec. 15.

309.1	(h) "County net tax capacity" means the county's adjusted net tax capacity under section
309.2	273.1325.
309.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
309.4	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 477A.013, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
309.5	Subdivision 1. Towns. (a) In 2014 and thereafter, each town is eligible for a distribution
309.6	under this subdivision equal to the product of (i) its agricultural property factor, (ii) its town
309.7	area factor, (iii) its population factor, and (iv) 0.0045. As used in this subdivision, the
309.8	following terms have the meanings given them:
309.9	(1) "agricultural property factor" means the ratio of the adjusted net tax capacity of
309.10	agricultural property located in a town, divided by to the adjusted net tax capacity of all
309.11	other property located in the town. The agricultural property factor cannot exceed eight;
309.12	(2) "agricultural property" means property classified under section 273.13, as homestead
309.13	and nonhomestead agricultural property, rural vacant land, and noncommercial seasonal
309.14	recreational property;
309.15	(3) "town area factor" means the most recent estimate of total acreage, not to exceed
309.16	50,000 acres, located in the township available as of July 1 in the aid calculation year,
309.17	estimated or established by:
309.18	(i) the United States Bureau of the Census;
309.19	(ii) the State Land Management Information Center; or
309.20	(iii) the secretary of state; and
309.21	(4) "population factor" means the square root of the towns' population.
309.22	(b) If the sum of the aids payable to all towns under this subdivision exceeds the limit
309.23	under section 477A.03, subdivision 2c, the distribution to each town must be reduced
309.24	proportionately so that the total amount of aids distributed under this section does not exceed
309.25	the limit in section 477A.03, subdivision 2c.
309.26	(c) Data used in calculating aids to towns under this subdivision, other than acreage,
309.27	shall be the most recently available data as of January 1 in the year in which the aid is

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

309

Article 18 Sec. 16.

309.28 <u>calculated.</u>

309.29

310.1	Sec. 17. REPEALER.
310.2	Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270.074, subdivision 2, is repealed.
310.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2018 and thereafter.
310.4	ARTICLE 19
310.5	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE PAID PREPARER POLICY PROVISIONS
310.6	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.445, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
310.7	Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section and sections 270C.4451 to
310.8	270C.447, the following terms have the meanings given.
310.9	(b) "Advertise" means to solicit business through any means or medium.
310.10	(c) "Client" means an individual a person for whom a tax preparer performs or agrees
310.11	to perform tax preparation services.
310.12	(d) "Facilitate" means to individually or in conjunction or cooperation with another
310.13	person:
310.14	(1) accept an application for a refund anticipation loan;
310.15	(2) pay to a client the proceeds, through direct deposit, a negotiable instrument, or any
310.16	other means, of a refund anticipation loan; or
310.17	(3) offer, arrange, process, provide, or in any other manner act to allow the making of,
310.18	a refund anticipation loan.
310.19	(e) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability company,
310.20	association, trustee, or other legal entity.
310.21	(f) (e) "Refund anticipation check" means a negotiable instrument provided to a client
310.22	by the tax preparer or another person, which is issued from the proceeds of a taxpayer's
310.23	federal or state income tax refund or both and represents the net of the refund minus the tax
310.24	preparation fee and any other fees. A refund anticipation check includes a refund transfer.
310.25	(g) (f) "Refund anticipation loan" means a loan or any other extension of credit, whether
310.26	provided by the tax preparer or another entity such as a financial institution, in anticipation
310.27	of, and whose payment is secured by, a client's federal or state income tax refund or both.
310.28	(h) (g) "Tax preparation services" means services provided for a fee or other consideration
310.29	compensation to a client to:

310.30

(1) assist with preparing or filing state or federal individual income tax returns a return;

311.1	(2) assume final responsibility for completed work on an individual income tax a return				
311.2	on which preliminary work has been done by another; or				
311.3	(3) sign or include on a return the preparer tax identification number required under				
311.4	section 6109(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code; or				
311.5	(3) (4) facilitate the provision of <u>a</u> refund anticipation <u>loans and loan or a</u> refund				
311.6	anticipation ehecks check.				
311.7	(i) (h) "Tax preparer" or "preparer" means a person providing tax preparation services				
311.8	subject to this section. except:				
311.9	(1) an employee who prepares their employer's return;				
311.10	(2) any fiduciary, or the regular employees of a fiduciary, while acting on behalf of the				
311.11	fiduciary estate, testator, trustor, grantor, or beneficiaries of them;				
311.12	(3) nonprofit organizations providing tax preparation services under the Internal Revenue				
311.13	Service Volunteer Income Tax Assistance Program or Tax Counseling for the Elderly				
311.14	Program;				
311.15	(4) a person who merely furnishes typing, reproducing, or other mechanical assistance;				
311.16	(5) a third-party bulk filer as defined in section 290.92, subdivision 30, that is currently				
311.17	registered with the commissioner; and				
311.18	(6) a certified service provider as defined in section 297A.995, subdivision 2, paragraph				
311.19	(c), that provides all of the sales tax functions for a retailer not maintaining a place of				
311.20	business in this state as described in section 297A.66.				
311.21	(i) Except as otherwise provided, "return" means:				
311.22	(1) a return as defined in section 270C.01, subdivision 8;				
311.23	(2) a claim for refund of an overpayment;				
311.24	(3) a claim filed pursuant to chapter 290A; and				
311.25	(4) a claim for a credit filed under section 290.0677, subdivision 1.				
311.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December				
311.27	<u>31, 2017.</u>				
311 28	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C 445, subdivision 3, is amended to read:				

Article 19 Sec. 2.

311.29

Subd. 3. **Standards of conduct.** No tax preparer shall:

	HF4 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	EAP	UEH0004-1		
312.1	(1) without good cause fail to promptly, diligently, and without unreasonable delay					
312.2	complete a client's tax return;					
312.3	(2) obtain the signature of a clien	t to a tax return or a	authorizing docume	nt that contains		
312.4	blank spaces to be filled in after it has been signed;					
312.5	(3) fail to sign a client's tax return when payment compensation for services rendered					
312.6	has been made;					
312.7	(4) fail to provide on a client's retu	rn the preparer tax i	dentification numbe	r when required		
312.8	under section 6109(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code or section 289A.60, subdivision 28;					
312.9	(4) (5) fail or refuse to give a client	t a copy of any docu	ment requiring the c	lient's signature		
312.10	within a reasonable time after the client signs the document;					
312.11	(5) (6) fail to retain for at least for	our years a copy of	individual income to	ax a client's		
312.12	returns;					
312.13	(6) (7) fail to maintain a confider	ntial relationship wi	th clients or former	clients;		
312.14	$\frac{(7)}{(8)}$ fail to take commercially	reasonable measure	es to safeguard a cli	ent's nonpublic		
312.15	personal information;					
312.16	(8) (9) make, authorize, publish, or	disseminate, circula	te, or cause to make	e, either directly		
312.17	or indirectly, any false, deceptive, or	misleading stateme	ent or representation	n relating to or		
312.18	in connection with the offering or pr	ovision of tax prepa	aration services;			
312.19	$\frac{(9)}{(10)}$ require a client to enter in	to a loan arrangeme	nt in order to compl	ete a tax client's		
312.20	return;					
312.21	(10) (11) claim credits or deducti	ons on a client's tax	ereturn for which the	ne tax preparer		
312.22	knows or reasonably should know th	ne client does not qu	ualify;			
312.23	(12) report a household income o	n a client's claim fi	led under chapter 29	OOA that the tax		
312.24	preparer knows or reasonably should	l know is not accur	ate;			
312.25	(13) engage in any conduct that is	subject to a penalty	under section 289A	.60, subdivision		
312.26	13, 20, 20a, 26, or 28;					
312.27	(14) whether or not acting as a taxpayer representative, fail to conform to the standards					
312.28	of conduct required by Minnesota Rules, part 8052.0300, subpart 4;					

(15) whether or not acting as a taxpayer representative, engage in any conduct that is

312

incompetent conduct under Minnesota Rules, part 8052.0300, subpart 5;

Article 19 Sec. 2.

312.29

313.1	(16) whether or not acting as a taxpayer representative, engage in any conduct that is
313.2	disreputable conduct under Minnesota Rules, part 8052.0300, subpart 6;
313.3	(11) (17) charge, offer to accept, or accept a fee based upon a percentage of an anticipated
313.4	refund for tax preparation services;
313.5	(12) (18) under any circumstances, withhold or fail to return to a client a document
313.6	provided by the client for use in preparing the client's tax return;
313.7	(13) (19) establish an account in the preparer's name to receive a client's refund through
313.8	a direct deposit or any other instrument unless the client's name is also on the account,
313.9	except that a taxpayer may assign the portion of a refund representing the Minnesota
313.10	education credit available under section 290.0674 to a bank account without the client's
313.11	name, as provided under section 290.0679;
212 12	
313.12	(14) (20) fail to act in the best interests of the client;
313.13	(15) (21) fail to safeguard and account for any money handled for the client;
313.14	(16) (22) fail to disclose all material facts of which the preparer has knowledge which
313.15	might reasonably affect the client's rights and interests;
313.16	(17) (23) violate any provision of section 332.37;
313.17	(18) (24) include any of the following in any document provided or signed in connection
313.18	with the provision of tax preparation services:
313.19	(i) a hold harmless clause;
313.20	(ii) a confession of judgment or a power of attorney to confess judgment against the
313.21	client or appear as the client in any judicial proceeding;
313.22	(iii) a waiver of the right to a jury trial, if applicable, in any action brought by or against
313.23	a debtor;
313.24	(iv) an assignment of or an order for payment of wages or other compensation for .
313.25	services;
313.26	(v) a provision in which the client agrees not to assert any claim or defense otherwise
313.27	available;
313.28	(vi) a waiver of any provision of this section or a release of any obligation required to
313.29	be performed on the part of the tax preparer; or
313.30	(vii) a waiver of the right to injunctive, declaratory, or other equitable relief or relief on

313.31 a class basis; or

(19) (25) if making, providing, or facilitating a refund anticipation loan, fail to provide 314.1 all disclosures required by the federal Truth in Lending Act, United States Code, title 15, 314.2 314.3 in a form that may be retained by the client.

REVISOR

- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December 314.4 31, <u>2017.</u> 314.5
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.445, subdivision 5a, is amended to read: 314.6
- Subd. 5a. Nongame wildlife checkoff. A tax preparer must give written notice of the 314.7 option to contribute to the nongame wildlife management account in section 290.431 to 314.8 corporate clients that file an income tax return and to individual clients who file an income 314.9 tax return or property tax refund claim form under chapter 290A. This notification must be 314.10 314.11 included with information sent to the client at the same time as the preliminary worksheets or other documents used in preparing the client's return and must include a line for displaying 314.12 contributions. 314.13
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December 314.14 31, 2017. 314.15
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.445, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 314.16
- Subd. 6. Enforcement; administrative order; penalties; cease and desist. (a) The 314.17 commissioner may impose an administrative penalty of not more than \$1,000 per violation 314.18 of subdivision 3, 3a, 4, 5, or 5b or 5, or section 270C.4451, provided that a penalty may not 314.19 be imposed for any conduct that is also subject to the for which a tax return preparer penalties 314.20 in penalty is imposed under section 289A.60, subdivision 13. The commissioner may 314.21 terminate a tax preparer's authority to transmit returns electronically to the state, if the 314.22 commissioner determines the tax preparer engaged in a pattern and practice of violating 314.23 this section. Imposition of a penalty under this subdivision paragraph is subject to the contested case procedure under chapter 14. The commissioner shall collect the penalty in 314.25 the same manner as the income tax. There is no right to make a claim for refund under 314.26 section 289A.50 of the penalty imposed under this paragraph. Penalties imposed under this 314.27 subdivision paragraph are public data. 314.28
- (b) In addition to the penalty under paragraph (a), if the commissioner determines that 314.29 a tax preparer has violated subdivision 3 or 5, or section 270C.4451, the commissioner may 314.30 issue an administrative order to the tax preparer requiring the tax preparer to cease and 314.31 desist from committing the violation. The administrative order may include an administrative 314.32 314.33 penalty provided in paragraph (a).

315.1	(c) If the commissioner issues an administrative order under paragraph (b), the
315.2	commissioner must send the order to the tax preparer addressed to the last known address
315.3	of the tax preparer.
315.4	(d) A cease and desist order under paragraph (b) must:
315.5	(1) describe the act, conduct, or practice committed and include a reference to the law
315.6	that the act, conduct, or practice violates; and
315.7	(2) provide notice that the tax preparer may request a hearing as provided in this
315.8	subdivision.
315.9	(e) Within 30 days after the commissioner issues an administrative order under paragraph
315.10	(b), the tax preparer may request a hearing to review the commissioner's action. The request
315.11	for hearing must be made in writing and must be served on the commissioner at the address
315.12	specified in the order. The hearing request must specifically state the reasons for seeking
315.13	review of the order. The date on which a request for hearing is served by mail is the postmark
315.14	date on the envelope in which the request for hearing is mailed.
315.15	(f) If a tax preparer does not timely request a hearing regarding an administrative order
315.16	issued under paragraph (b), the order becomes a final order of the commissioner and is not
315.17	subject to review by any court or agency.
315.18	(g) If a tax preparer timely requests a hearing regarding an administrative order issued
315.19	under paragraph (b), the hearing must be commenced within ten days after the commissioner
315.20	receives the request for a hearing.
315.21	(h) A hearing timely requested under paragraph (e) is subject to the contested case
315.22	procedure under chapter 14, as modified by this subdivision. The administrative law judge
315.23	must issue a report containing findings of fact, conclusions of law, and a recommended
315.24	order within ten days after the completion of the hearing, the receipt of late-filed exhibits,
315.25	or the submission of written arguments, whichever is later.
315.26	(i) Within five days of the date of the administrative law judge's report issued under
315.27	paragraph (h), any party aggrieved by the administrative law judge's report may submit
315.28	written exceptions and arguments to the commissioner. Within 15 days after receiving the
315.29	administrative law judge's report, the commissioner must issue an order vacating, modifying,
315.30	or making final the administrative order.
315.31	(j) The commissioner and the tax preparer requesting a hearing may by agreement
315.32	lengthen any time periods prescribed in paragraphs (g) to (i).

316.1	(k) An administrative order issued under paragraph (b) is in effect until it is modified
316.2	or vacated by the commissioner or an appellate court. The administrative hearing provided
316.3	by paragraphs (e) to (i) and any appellate judicial review as provided in chapter 14 constitute
316.4	the exclusive remedy for a tax preparer aggrieved by the order.
316.5	(l) The commissioner may impose an administrative penalty, in addition to the penalty
316.6	under paragraph (a), up to \$5,000 per violation of a cease and desist order issued under
316.7	paragraph (b). Imposition of a penalty under this paragraph is subject to the contested case
316.8	procedure under chapter 14. Within 30 days after the commissioner imposes a penalty under
316.9	this paragraph, the tax preparer assessed the penalty may request a hearing to review the
316.10	penalty order. The request for hearing must be made in writing and must be served on the
316.11	commissioner at the address specified in the order. The hearing request must specifically
316.12	state the reasons for seeking review of the order. The cease and desist order issued under
316.13	paragraph (b) is not subject to review in a proceeding to challenge the penalty order under
316.14	this paragraph. The date on which a request for hearing is served by mail is the postmark
316.15	date on the envelope in which the request for hearing is mailed. If the tax preparer does not
316.16	timely request a hearing, the penalty order becomes a final order of the commissioner and
316.17	is not subject to review by any court or agency. A penalty imposed by the commissioner
316.18	under this paragraph may be collected and enforced by the commissioner as an income tax
316.19	liability. There is no right to make a claim for refund under section 289A.50 of the penalty
316.20	imposed under this paragraph. A penalty imposed under this paragraph is public data.
316.21	(m) If a tax preparer violates a cease and desist order issued under paragraph (b), the
316.22	commissioner may terminate the tax preparer's authority to transmit returns electronically
316.23	to the state. Termination under this paragraph is public data.
316.24	(n) A cease and desist order issued under paragraph (b) is public data when it is a final
316.25	order.
316.26	(o) Notwithstanding any other law, the commissioner may impose a penalty or take other
316.27	action under this subdivision against a tax preparer, with respect to a return, within the
316.28	period to assess tax on that return as provided by section 289A.38.
316.29	(p) Notwithstanding any other law, the imposition of a penalty or any other action against
316.30	a tax preparer under this subdivision, other than with respect to a return, must be taken by
316.31	the commissioner within five years of the violation of statute.
316.32	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December
316.33	<u>31, 2017.</u>

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.445, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6a. Exchange of data; State Board of Accountancy. The State Board of
- 317.3 Accountancy shall refer to the commissioner complaints it receives about tax preparers who
- are not subject to the jurisdiction of the State Board of Accountancy and who are alleged
- to have violated the provisions of subdivisions 3, 3a, 4, 4a, 4b, 5, and 5b this section, except
- subdivision 5a, or section 270C.4451.
- 317.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December
- 317.8 <u>31, 2017.</u>
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.445, subdivision 6b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6b. Exchange of data; Lawyers Board of Professional Responsibility. The
- 317.11 Lawyers Board of Professional Responsibility may refer to the commissioner complaints
- 317.12 it receives about tax preparers who are not subject to its jurisdiction and who are alleged to
- have violated the provisions of subdivisions 3, 3a, 4, 4a, 4b, 5, and 5b this section, except
- 317.14 subdivision 5a, or section 270C.4451.
- 317.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December
- 317.16 31, 2017.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.445, subdivision 6c, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6c. **Exchange of data; commissioner.** The commissioner shall refer information
- 317.19 and complaints about tax preparers who are alleged to have violated the provisions of
- 317.20 subdivisions 3, 3a, 4, 4a, 4b, 5, and 5b this section, except subdivision 5a, or section
- 317.21 **270**C.4451, to:
- (1) the State Board of Accountancy, if the tax preparer is under its jurisdiction; and
- (2) the Lawyers Board of Professional Responsibility, if the tax preparer is under its
- 317.24 jurisdiction.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December
- 317.26 <u>31, 2017.</u>
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.445, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Enforcement; civil actions.** (a) Any violation of this section or section
- 270C.4451 is an unfair, deceptive, and unlawful trade practice within the meaning of section
- 8.31. An action taken under this section is in the public interest.

318.1	(b) A client may bring a civil action seeking redress for a violation of this section in the			
318.2	conciliation or the district court of the county in which unlawful action is alleged to have			
318.3	been committed or where the respondent resides or has a principal place of business.			
318.4	(c) A court finding for the plaintiff must award:			
318.5	(1) actual damages;			
318.6	(2) incidental and consequential damages;			
318.7	(3) statutory damages of twice the sum of: (i) the tax preparation fees; and (ii) if the			
318.8	plaintiff violated subdivision 3a, 4, or 5b section 270C.4451, subdivision 1, 2, or 5, all			
318.9	interest and fees for a refund anticipation loan;			
318.10	(4) reasonable attorney fees;			
318.11	(5) court costs; and			
318.12	(6) any other equitable relief as the court considers appropriate.			
318.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December			
318.14	<u>31, 2017.</u>			
318.15	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.445, subdivision 8, is amended to read:			
318.16	Subd. 8. Limited exemptions. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the provisions			
318.17	of this section, except for subdivisions 3a, 4, and 5b, subdivisions 3; 5; 5a; 6, paragraphs			
318.18	(a) to (n); and 7, do not apply to:			
318.19	(1) an attorney admitted to practice under section 481.01;			
318.20	(2) a registered accounting practitioner, a registered accounting practitioner firm, a			
318.21	certified public accountant, or other person who is subject to the jurisdiction of the State			
318.22	Board of Accountancy a certified public accountant firm, licensed in accordance with chapter			
318.23	<u>326A</u> ;			
318.24	(3) an enrolled agent who has passed the special enrollment examination administered			
318.25	by the Internal Revenue Service; or			
318.26	(4) anyone a person who provides, or assists in providing, tax preparation services within			
318.27	the scope of duties as an employee or supervisor under the direction or supervision of a			
318.28	person who is exempt under this subdivision; or			

318.29

(5) a person acting as a supervisor to a tax preparer who is exempt under this subdivision.

319.1	(b) The provisions of subdivisions 3; 6, paragraphs (a) to (n); and 7, apply to a tax
319.2	preparer who would otherwise be exempt under paragraph (a) if the tax preparer has:
319.3	(1) had a professional license suspended or revoked for cause, not including a failure to
319.4	pay a professional licensing fee, by any authority of any state, territory, or possession of
319.5	the United States, including a commonwealth, or the District of Columbia, any federal court
319.6	of record, or any federal agency, body, or board;
319.7	(2) irrespective of whether an appeal has been taken, been convicted of any crime
319.8	involving dishonesty or breach of trust;
319.9	(3) been censured, suspended, or disbarred under United States Treasury Department
319.10	Circular 230;
319.11	(4) been sanctioned by a court of competent jurisdiction, whether in a civil or criminal
319.12	proceeding, including suits for injunctive relief, relating to any taxpayer's tax liability or
319.13	the tax preparer's own tax liability, for:
319.14	(i) instituting or maintaining proceedings primarily for delay;
319.15	(ii) advancing frivolous or groundless arguments; or
319.16	(iii) failing to pursue available administrative remedies; or
319.17	(5) demonstrated a pattern of willful disreputable conduct by:
319.18	(i) failing to file a return that the tax preparer was required to file annually for two of
319.19	the three immediately preceding tax periods; or
319.20	(ii) failing to file a return that the tax preparer was required to file more frequently than
319.21	annually for three of the six immediately preceding tax periods.
319.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December
319.23	<u>31, 2017.</u>
319.24	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.445, is amended by adding a subdivision
319.25	to read:
319.26	Subd. 9. Powers additional. The powers and authority granted in this section are in
319.27	addition to all other powers of the commissioner. The use of the powers granted in this
319.28	section does not preclude the use of any other power or authority of the commissioner.
319.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December
319.30	<u>31, 2017.</u>

320.1	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.446, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
320.2	Subd. 2. Required and excluded tax preparers. (a) Subject to the limitations of
320.3	paragraph (b), the commissioner must publish lists of tax preparers as defined in section
320.4	289A.60, subdivision 13, paragraph (f) 270C.445, subdivision 2, paragraph (h), who have
320.5	been:
320.6	(1) convicted under section 289A.63 for returns or claims prepared as a tax preparer or;
320.7	(2) assessed penalties in excess of \$1,000 under section 289A.60, subdivision 13,
320.8	paragraph (a):
320.9	(3) convicted for identity theft under section 609.527, or a similar statute, for a return
320.10	filed with the commissioner, the Internal Revenue Service, or another state;
320.11	(4) assessed a penalty under section 270C.445, subdivision 6, paragraph (a), in excess
320.12	<u>of \$1,000;</u>
320.13	(5) issued a cease and desist order under section 270C.445, subdivision 6, paragraph
320.14	(b), that has become a final order; or
320.15	(6) assessed a penalty under section 270C.445, subdivision 6, paragraph (l), for violating
320.16	a cease and desist order.
320.17	(b) For the purposes of this section, tax preparers are not subject to publication if:
320.18	(1) an administrative or court action contesting the or appealing a penalty described in
320.19	paragraph (a), clause (2), (4), or (6), has been filed or served and is unresolved at the time
320.20	when notice would be given under subdivision 3;
320.21	(2) an appeal period to contest the a penalty described in paragraph (a), clause (2), (4),
320.22	or (6), has not expired; or
320.23	(3) the commissioner has been notified that the tax preparer is deceased:
320.24	(4) an appeal period to contest a cease and desist order issued under section 270C.445,
320.25	subdivision 6, paragraph (b), has not expired;
320.26	(5) an administrative or court action contesting or appealing a cease and desist order
320.27	issued under section 270C.445, subdivision 6, paragraph (b), has been filed or served and
320.28	is unresolved at the time when notice would be given under subdivision 3;
320.29	(6) a direct appeal of a conviction described in paragraph (a), clause (1) or (3), has been
320.30	filed or served and is unresolved at the time when the notice would be given under

320.31 <u>subdivision 3; or</u>

(7) an appeal period to contest a conviction described in paragraph (a), clause (1) or (3), 321.1 has not expired. 321.2

REVISOR

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December 3213 31, 2017. 321.4
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.446, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 321.5
- 321.6 Subd. 3. **Notice to tax preparer.** (a) At least 30 days before publishing the name of a tax preparer subject to penalty publication under this section, the commissioner shall mail 321.7 a written notice to the tax preparer, detailing the amount and nature of each penalty basis 321.8 for the publication and the intended publication of the information listed in subdivision 4 321.9 related to the penalty. The notice must be mailed by first class and certified mail sent to the 321.10 tax preparer addressed to the last known address of the tax preparer. The notice must include 321.11 information regarding the exceptions listed in subdivision 2, paragraph (b), and must state 321.12 that the tax preparer's information will not be published if the tax preparer provides 321.13 information establishing that subdivision 2, paragraph (b), prohibits publication of the tax 321.14
- (b) Thirty days after the notice is mailed and if the tax preparer has not proved to the 321.16 commissioner that subdivision 2, paragraph (b), prohibits publication, the commissioner 321.17 may publish in a list of tax preparers subject to penalty the information about the tax preparer 321.18 that is listed in subdivision 4. 321.19
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December 321.20 31, 2017. 321.21
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.446, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 321.22
- Subd. 4. Form of list. The list may be published by any medium or method. The list 321.23

must contain the name, associated business name or names, address or addresses, and

- violation or violations for which a penalty was imposed of that make each tax preparer 321.25
- subject to penalty publication. 321.26

preparer's name.

321.15

321 24

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December 321.27 321.28 31, 2017.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.446, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 321.29
- 321.30 Subd. 5. Removal from list. The commissioner shall remove the name of a tax preparer from the list of tax preparers published under this section: 321 31

322.1	(1) when the commissioner determines that the name was included on the list in error;
322.2	(2) within 90 days three years after the preparer has demonstrated to the commissioner
322.3	that the preparer fully paid all fines and penalties imposed, served any suspension, satisfied
322.4	any sentence imposed, successfully completed any probationary period imposed, and
322.5	successfully completed any remedial actions required by the commissioner, the State Board
322.6	of Accountancy, or the Lawyers Board of Professional Responsibility; or
322.7	(3) when the commissioner has been notified that the tax preparer is deceased.
322.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December
322.9	<u>31, 2017.</u>
322.10	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.447, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
322.11	Subdivision 1. Commencement of action. (a) Whenever it appears to the commissioner
322.12	that a tax preparer doing business in Minnesota has engaged in any conduct described in
322.13	subdivision 2, a civil action in the name of the state of Minnesota may be commenced to
322.14	enjoin any person who is a tax return preparer doing business in this state from further
322.15	engaging in any conduct described in subdivision 2 the conduct and enforce compliance.
322.16	(b) An action under this subdivision must be brought by the attorney general in:
322.17	(1) the district court for the judicial district of the tax return preparer's residence or
322.18	principal place of business, or in which the;
322.19	(2) the district court for the judicial district of the residence of any taxpayer with respect
322.20	to whose tax return the action is brought resides; or
322.21	(3) Ramsey County District Court.
322.22	(c) The court may exercise its jurisdiction over the action separate and apart from any
322.23	other action brought by the state of Minnesota against the tax return preparer or any taxpayer.
322.24	The court must grant a permanent injunction or other appropriate relief if the commissioner
322.25	shows that the person has engaged in conduct constituting a violation of a law administered
322.26	by the commissioner or a cease and desist order issued by the commissioner. The
322.27	commissioner shall not be required to show irreparable harm.
322.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December
322.29	<u>31, 2017.</u>

323.1	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.447, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
323.2	Subd. 2. Injunction prohibiting specific conduct. In an action under subdivision 1,
323.3	the court may enjoin the person from further engaging in that conduct if the court finds that
323.4	a tax return preparer has:
323.5	(1) engaged in any conduct subject to a civil penalty under section 289A.60 or, a criminal
323.6	penalty under section 289A.63, or a criminal penalty under section 609.527 or a similar
323.7	statute for a return filed with the commissioner, the Internal Revenue Service, or another
323.8	state;
323.9	(2) misrepresented the preparer's eligibility to practice before the Department of Revenue,
323.10	or otherwise misrepresented the preparer's experience or education as a tax return preparer;
323.11	(3) guaranteed the payment of any tax refund or the allowance of any tax credit; or
323.12	(4) violated a cease and desist order issued by the commissioner; or
323.13	(4) (5) engaged in any other fraudulent or deceptive conduct that substantially interferes
323.14	with the proper administration of a law administered by the commissioner, and injunctive
323.15	relief is appropriate to prevent the recurrence of that conduct ₅ .
323.16	the court may enjoin the person from further engaging in that conduct.
323.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December
323.18	<u>31, 2017.</u>
323.19	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.447, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
323.20	Subd. 3. Injunction prohibiting all business activities. If the court finds that a tax
323.21	return preparer has continually or repeatedly engaged in conduct described in subdivision
323.22	2, and that an injunction prohibiting that conduct would not be sufficient to prevent the
323.23	person's interference with the proper administration of a law administered by the
323.24	commissioner, the court may enjoin the person from acting as a tax return preparer. The
323.25	court may not enjoin the employer of a tax return preparer for conduct described in
323.26	subdivision 2 engaged in by one or more of the employer's employees unless the employer
323.27	was also actively involved in that conduct.
323.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December
323.29	31, 2017.

324.1	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 270C.447, is amended by adding a subdivision
324.2	to read:
324.3	Subd. 3a. Enforcement of cease and desist orders. (a) Whenever the commissioner
324.4	under subdivision 1 or 3 seeks to enforce compliance with a cease and desist order, the court
324.5	must consider the allegations in the cease and desist order conclusively established if the
324.6	order is a final order.
324.7	(b) If the court finds the tax preparer was not in compliance with a cease and desist order,
324.8	the court may impose a further civil penalty against the tax preparer for contempt in an
324.9	amount up to \$10,000 for each violation and may grant any other relief the court determines
324.10	is just and proper in the circumstances. A civil penalty imposed by a court under this section
324.11	may be collected and enforced by the commissioner as an income tax liability.
324.12	(c) The court may not require the commissioner to post a bond in an action or proceeding
324.13	under this section.
324.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December
324.15	<u>31, 2017.</u>
324.16	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.60, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
324.17	Subd. 13. Penalties for tax return preparers. (a) If an understatement of liability with
324.18	respect to a return or claim for refund is due to a reckless disregard of laws and rules or
324.19	willful attempt in any manner to understate the liability for a tax by a person who is a tax
324.20	return preparer with respect to the return or claim, the person shall pay to the commissioner
324.21	a penalty of \$500. If a part of a property tax refund claim filed under section 290.0677,
324.22	subdivision 1, or chapter 290A is excessive due to a reckless disregard or willful attempt
324.23	in any manner to overstate the claim for relief allowed under chapter 290A by a person who
324.24	is a tax refund or return preparer, the person tax preparer shall pay to the commissioner a
324.25	penalty of \$500 with respect to the claim. These penalties may not be assessed against the
324.26	employer of a tax return preparer unless the employer was actively involved in the reckless
324.27	disregard or willful attempt to understate the liability for a tax or to overstate the claim for
324.28	refund. These penalties are income tax liabilities and may be assessed at any time as provided
324.29	in section 289A.38, subdivision 5.
324.30	(b) A civil action in the name of the state of Minnesota may be commenced to enjoin
324.31	any person who is a tax return preparer doing business in this state as provided in section

324.32 **270**C.447.

325.2

325.3

325.4

325.5

325.6

325.7

325.8

325.9

325.10

325.11

325.12

325.13

325.14

325.15

325.16

325.17

325.18

325.19

325.20

325.21

325 22

(c) The commissioner may terminate or suspend a tax preparer's authority to transmit
returns electronically to the state, if the commissioner determines that the tax preparer has
engaged in a pattern and practice of conduct in violation of paragraph (a) of this subdivision
or has been convicted under section 289A.63.

- (d) For purposes of this subdivision, the term "understatement of liability" means an understatement of the net amount payable with respect to a tax imposed by state tax law, or an overstatement of the net amount creditable or refundable with respect to a tax. The determination of whether or not there is an understatement of liability must be made without regard to any administrative or judicial action involving the taxpayer. For purposes of this subdivision, the amount determined for underpayment of estimated tax under either section 289A.25 or 289A.26 is not considered an understatement of liability.
- (e) For purposes of this subdivision, the term "overstatement of claim" means an overstatement of the net amount refundable with respect to a claim for property tax relief provided by filed under section 290.0677, subdivision 1, or chapter 290A. The determination of whether or not there is an overstatement of a claim must be made without regard to administrative or judicial action involving the claimant.
- (f) For purposes of this section, the term "tax refund or return preparer" means an individual who prepares for compensation, or who employs one or more individuals to prepare for compensation, a return of tax, or a claim for refund of tax. The preparation of a substantial part of a return or claim for refund is treated as if it were the preparation of the entire return or claim for refund. An individual is not considered a tax return preparer merely because the individual:
- 325.23 (1) gives typing, reproducing, or other mechanical assistance;
- (2) prepares a return or claim for refund of the employer, or an officer or employee of the employer, by whom the individual is regularly and continuously employed;
- 325.26 (3) prepares a return or claim for refund of any person as a fiduciary for that person; or
- (4) prepares a claim for refund for a taxpayer in response to a tax order issued to the taxpayer "tax preparer" or "preparer" has the meaning given in section 270C.445, subdivision 2, paragraph (h).
- 325.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December 325.31 31, 2017.

326.1	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 289A.60, subdivision 28, is amended to read:
326.2	Subd. 28. Preparer identification number. Any Minnesota individual income tax return
326.3	or claim for refund prepared by a "tax refund or return preparer" as defined in subdivision
326.4	13, paragraph (f), shall bear the identification number the preparer is required to use federally
326.5	under section 6109(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code (a) Each of the following that is
326.6	prepared by a tax preparer must include the tax preparer's tax identification number:
326.7	(1) a tax return required to be filed under this chapter;
326.8	(2) a claim filed under section 290.0677, subdivision 1, or chapter 290A; and
326.9	(3) a claim for refund of an overpayment.
326.10	(b) A tax preparer is not required to include their preparer tax identification number on
326.11	a filing if the number is not required in the forms or filing requirements provided by the
326.12	commissioner.
326.13	(c) A tax refund or return preparer who prepares a Minnesota individual income tax
326.14	return or claim for refund and fails to include the required preparer tax identification number
326.15	on the return or claim as required by this section is subject to a penalty of \$50 for each
326.16	failure.
326.17	(d) A tax preparer who fails to include the preparer tax identification number as required
326.18	by this section, and who is required to have a valid preparer tax identification number issued
326.19	under section 6109(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code, but does not have one, is subject to
326.20	a \$500 penalty for each failure. A tax preparer subject to the penalty in this paragraph is
326.21	not subject to the penalty in paragraph (c).
326.22	(e) For the purposes of this subdivision, "tax preparer" has the meaning given in section
326.23	270C.445, subdivision 2, paragraph (h), and "preparer tax identification number" means
326.24	the number the tax preparer is required to use federally under section 6109(a)(4) of the
326.25	Internal Revenue Code.
326.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for claims and returns filed after December
326.27	<u>31, 2017.</u>
326.28	Sec. 21. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.
326.29	(a) The revisor of statutes shall renumber the provisions of Minnesota Statutes listed in
326.30	column A to the references listed in column B.
326.31	Column B Column B

326.32

<u>270C.4451</u>, subdivision 1

270C.445, subdivision 3a

	HF4 UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	EAP	UEH0004-1	
327.1	<u>270C.445</u> , subdivision 4		<u>270C.4451</u> , subdivision 2		
327.2	270C.445, subdivision 4a		<u>270C.4451</u> , subdivision 3		
327.3	270C.445, subdivision 4b		<u>270C.4451</u> , subdivision 4		
327.4	270C.445, subdivision 5b		<u>270C.4451</u> , subdivision <u>5</u>		
327.5	(b) The revisor shall make necessary cross-reference changes in Minnesota Statutes ar				
327.6	Minnesota Rules consistent with the renu	mbering of	Minnesota Statutes, section	n 270C.445,	
327.7	subdivisions 3a, 4, 4a, 4b, and 5b.				
327.8	(c) The revisor shall publish the statutory derivations of the laws renumbered in this act				
327.9	in Laws of Minnesota and report the derivations in Minnesota Statutes.				
327.10	(d) If Minnesota Statutes, section 2700	C.445, subd	ivisions 3a, 4, 4a, 4b, and 5b	o, are further	
327.11	amended in the 2017 legislative session, the	he revisor s	hall codify the amendments	in a manner	
327.12	consistent with this act. The revisor may	make nece	essary changes to sentence s	structure to	
327.13	preserve the meaning of the text.				
327.14	27.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.				
327.15	Sec. 22. REPEALER.				
327.16	Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 27	0C.445, sul	bdivision 1; and 270C.447,	subdivision	
327.17	4, are repealed.				
327.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is 6	effective for	claims and returns filed after	er December	

Article 19 Sec. 22.

327.19 <u>31, 2017.</u>