## State of Minnesota

# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

**NINETY-FIRST SESSION**

**H. F. No. 3842**

02/26/2020     Authored by Elkins

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Commerce

1.1                A bill for an act

1.2       relating to insurance; establishing an Insurance Data Security Law; proposing
1.3       coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 60A.

1.4   BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.5   Section 1. **[60A.985] TITLE.**

1.6       This section to section 60A.9861 may be cited as the "Insurance Data Security Law."

1.7   Sec. 2. **[60A.9851] PURPOSE AND INTENT.**

1.8       Subdivision 1. **Generally.** The purpose and intent of sections 60A.985 to 60A.9861 is

1.9   to establish standards for data security and standards for the investigation of and notification

1.10   to the commissioner of a cybersecurity event applicable to licensees, as defined in section

1.11   60A.9852, subdivision 5.

1.12       Subd. 2. **Construction.** Sections 60A.985 to 60A.9861 may not be construed to create

1.13   or imply a private cause of action for violation of its provisions nor may it be construed to

1.14   curtail a private cause of action which would otherwise exist in the absence of sections

1.15   60A.985 to 60A.9861.

1.16   Sec. 3. **[60A.9852] DEFINITIONS.**

1.17       Subdivision 1. **Terms.** As used in this act, the following terms have the meanings given.

1.18       Subd. 2. **Authorized individual.** "Authorized individual" means an individual known

1.19   to and screened by the licensee and determined to be necessary and appropriate to have

1.20   access to the nonpublic information held by the licensee and its information systems.

2.1        Subd. 3. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of commerce.

2.2        Subd. 4. **Consumer.** "Consumer" means an individual, including but not limited to an

2.3    applicant, policyholder, insured, beneficiary, claimant, and certificate holder who is a resident

2.4    of this state and whose nonpublic information is in a licensee's possession, custody, or

2.5    control.

2.6        Subd. 5. **Cybersecurity event.** "Cybersecurity event" means an event resulting in

2.7    unauthorized access to, or disruption or misuse of, an information system or information

2.8    stored on an information system.

2.9        Cybersecurity event does not include the unauthorized acquisition of encrypted nonpublic

2.10    information if the encryption, process, or key is not also acquired, released, or used without

2.11    authorization.

2.12        Cybersecurity event does not include an event with regard to which the licensee has

2.13    determined that the nonpublic information accessed by an unauthorized person has not been

2.14    used or released and has been returned or destroyed.

2.15        Subd. 6. **Department.** "Department" means the Department of Commerce.

2.16        Subd. 7. **Encrypted.** "Encrypted" means the transformation of data into a form which

2.17    results in a low probability of assigning meaning without the use of a protective process or

2.18    key.

2.19        Subd. 8. **Information security program.** "Information security program" means the

2.20    administrative, technical, and physical safeguards that a licensee uses to access, collect,

2.21    distribute, process, protect, store, use, transmit, dispose of, or otherwise handle nonpublic

2.22    information.

2.23        Subd. 9. **Information system.** "Information system" means a discrete set of electronic

2.24    information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing,

2.25    dissemination, or disposition of electronic information, as well as any specialized system

2.26    such as industrial or process controls systems, telephone switching and private branch

2.27    exchange systems, and environmental control systems.

2.28        Subd. 10. **Licensee.** "Licensee" means any person licensed, authorized to operate, or

2.29    registered, or required to be licensed, authorized, or registered by the Department of

2.30    Commerce or the Department of Health but shall not include a purchasing group or a risk

2.31    retention group chartered and licensed in a state other than this state or a licensee that is

2.32    acting as an assuming insurer that is domiciled in another state or jurisdiction.

3.1        Subd. 11. **Multifactor authentication.** "Multifactor authentication" means authentication

3.2    through verification of at least two of the following types of authentication factors:

3.3        (1) knowledge factors, such as a password;

3.4        (2) possession factors, such as a token or text message on a mobile phone; or

3.5        (3) inherence factors, such as a biometric characteristic.

3.6        Subd. 12. **Nonpublic information.** "Nonpublic information" means information that is

3.7    not publicly available information and is:

3.8        (1) business-related information of a licensee the tampering with which, or unauthorized

3.9    disclosure, access, or use of which, would cause a material adverse impact to the business,

3.10   operations, or security of the licensee;

3.11       (2) any information concerning a consumer which because of name, number, personal

3.12   mark, or other identifier can be used to identify such consumer, in combination with any

3.13   one or more of the following data elements:

3.14       (i) Social Security number;

3.15       (ii) driver's license number or nondriver identification card number;

3.16       (iii) account number, credit card number, or debit card number;

3.17       (iv) any security code, access code, or password that would permit access to a consumer's

3.18   financial account; or

3.19       (v) biometric records; or

3.20       (3) any information or data, except age or gender, in any form or medium created by or

3.21   derived from a health care provider or a consumer and that relates to:

3.22       (i) the past, present, or future physical, mental, or behavioral health or condition of any

3.23   consumer or a member of the consumer's family;

3.24       (ii) the provision of health care to any consumer; or

3.25       (iii) payment for the provision of health care to any consumer.

3.26       Subd. 13. **Person.** "Person" means any individual or any nongovernmental entity,

3.27   including but not limited to any nongovernmental partnership, corporation, branch, agency,

3.28   or association.

3.29       Subd. 14. **Publicly available information.** "Publicly available information" means any

3.30   information that a licensee has a reasonable basis to believe is lawfully made available to

4.1 the general public from: federal, state, or local government records; widely distributed

4.2 media; or disclosures to the general public that are required to be made by federal, state, or

4.3 local law.

4.4 For the purposes of this definition, a licensee has a reasonable basis to believe that

4.5 information is lawfully made available to the general public if the licensee has taken steps

4.6 to determine:

4.7 (1) that the information is of the type that is available to the general public; and

4.8 (2) whether a consumer can direct that the information not be made available to the

4.9 general public and, if so, that such consumer has not done so.

4.10 Subd. 15. **Risk assessment.** "Risk assessment" means the risk assessment that each

4.11 licensee is required to conduct under section 60A.9853, subdivision 3.

4.12 Subd. 16. **State.** "State" means the state of Minnesota.

4.13 Subd. 17. **Third-party service provider.** "Third-party service provider" means a person,

4.14 not otherwise defined as a licensee, that contracts with a licensee to maintain, process, store,

4.15 or otherwise is permitted access to nonpublic information through its provision of services

4.16 to the licensee.

4.17 Sec. 4. **[60A.9853] INFORMATION SECURITY PROGRAM.**

4.18 Subdivision 1. **Implementation of an information security program.** Commensurate

4.19 with the size and complexity of the licensee, the nature and scope of the licensee's activities,

4.20 including its use of third-party service providers, and the sensitivity of the nonpublic

4.21 information used by the licensee or in the licensee's possession, custody, or control, each

4.22 licensee shall develop, implement, and maintain a comprehensive written information

4.23 security program based on the licensee's risk assessment and that contains administrative,

4.24 technical, and physical safeguards for the protection of nonpublic information and the

4.25 licensee's information system.

4.26 Subd. 2. **Objectives of an information security program.** A licensee's information

4.27 security program shall be designed to:

4.28 (1) protect the security and confidentiality of nonpublic information and the security of

4.29 the information system;

4.30 (2) protect against any threats or hazards to the security or integrity of nonpublic

4.31 information and the information system;

5.1        (3) protect against unauthorized access to or use of nonpublic information, and minimize

5.2    the likelihood of harm to any consumer; and

5.3        (4) define and periodically reevaluate a schedule for retention of nonpublic information

5.4    and a mechanism for its destruction when no longer needed.

5.5        Subd. 3. **Risk assessment.** The licensee shall:

5.6        (1) designate one or more employees, an affiliate, or an outside vendor designated to

5.7    act on behalf of the licensee who is responsible for the information security program;

5.8        (2) identify reasonably foreseeable internal or external threats that could result in

5.9    unauthorized access, transmission, disclosure, misuse, alteration, or destruction of nonpublic

5.10   information, including the security of information systems and nonpublic information that

5.11   are accessible to, or held by, third-party service providers;

5.12       (3) assess the likelihood and potential damage of these threats, taking into consideration

5.13   the sensitivity of the nonpublic information;

5.14       (4) assess the sufficiency of policies, procedures, information systems, and other

5.15   safeguards in place to manage these threats, including consideration of threats in each

5.16   relevant area of the licensee's operations, including:

5.17       (i) employee training and management;

5.18       (ii) information systems, including network and software design, as well as information

5.19   classification, governance, processing, storage, transmission, and disposal; and

5.20       (iii) detecting, preventing, and responding to attacks, intrusions, or other systems failures;

5.21   and

5.22       (5) implement information safeguards to manage the threats identified in its ongoing

5.23   assessment, and no less than annually, assess the effectiveness of the safeguards' key controls,

5.24   systems, and procedures.

5.25       Subd. 4. **Risk management.** Based on its risk assessment, the licensee shall:

5.26       (1) design its information security program to mitigate the identified risks, commensurate

5.27   with the size and complexity of the licensee's activities, including its use of third-party

5.28   service providers, and the sensitivity of the nonpublic information used by the licensee or

5.29   in the licensee's possession, custody, or control;

5.30       (2) determine which security measures listed below are appropriate and implement such

5.31   security measures:

6.1     (i) place access controls on information systems, including controls to authenticate and

6.2   permit access only to authorized individuals to protect against the unauthorized acquisition

6.3   of nonpublic information;

6.4     (ii) identify and manage the data, personnel, devices, systems, and facilities that enable

6.5   the organization to achieve business purposes in accordance with their relative importance

6.6   to business objectives and the organization's risk strategy;

6.7     (iii) restrict access at physical locations containing nonpublic information, only to

6.8   authorized individuals;

6.9     (iv) protect by encryption or other appropriate means all nonpublic information while

6.10   being transmitted over an external network and all nonpublic information stored on a laptop

6.11   computer or other portable computing or storage device or media;

6.12     (v) adopt secure development practices for in-house developed applications utilized by

6.13   the licensee and procedures for evaluating, assessing, or testing the security of externally

6.14   developed applications utilized by the licensee;

6.15     (vi) modify the information system in accordance with the licensee's information security

6.16   program;

6.17     (vii) utilize effective controls, which may include multifactor authentication procedures

6.18   for any authorized individual accessing nonpublic information;

6.19     (viii) regularly test and monitor systems and procedures to detect actual and attempted

6.20   attacks on, or intrusions into, information systems;

6.21     (ix) include audit trails within the information security program designed to detect and

6.22   respond to cybersecurity events and designed to reconstruct material financial transactions

6.23   sufficient to support normal operations and obligations of the licensee;

6.24     (x) implement measures to protect against destruction, loss, or damage of nonpublic

6.25   information due to environmental hazards, such as fire and water damage or other

6.26   catastrophes or technological failures; and

6.27     (xi) develop, implement, and maintain procedures for the secure disposal of nonpublic

6.28   information in any format;

6.29     (3) include cybersecurity risks in the licensee's enterprise risk management process;

6.30     (4) stay informed regarding emerging threats or vulnerabilities and utilize reasonable

6.31   security measures when sharing information relative to the character of the sharing and the

6.32   type of information shared; and

7.1        (5) provide its personnel with cybersecurity awareness training that is updated as

7.2     necessary to reflect risks identified by the licensee in the risk assessment.

7.3        Subd. 5. **Oversight by board of directors.** If the licensee has a board of directors, the

7.4     board or an appropriate committee of the board shall, at a minimum:

7.5        (1) require the licensee's executive management or its delegates to develop, implement,

7.6     and maintain the licensee's information security program;

7.7        (2) require the licensee's executive management or its delegates to report in writing, at

7.8     least annually, the following information:

7.9        (i) the overall status of the information security program and the licensee's compliance

7.10    with this act; and

7.11       (ii) material matters related to the information security program, addressing issues such

7.12    as risk assessment, risk management and control decisions, third-party service provider

7.13    arrangements, results of testing, cybersecurity events or violations and management's

7.14    responses thereto, and recommendations for changes in the information security program;

7.15    and

7.16       (3) if executive management delegates any of its responsibilities under this section, it

7.17    shall oversee the development, implementation, and maintenance of the licensee's information

7.18    security program prepared by the delegate and shall receive a report from the delegate

7.19    complying with the requirements of the report to the board of directors.

7.20       Subd. 6. **Oversight of third-party service provider arrangements.** (a) A licensee shall

7.21    exercise due diligence in selecting its third-party service provider.

7.22       (b) A licensee shall require a third-party service provider to implement appropriate

7.23    administrative, technical, and physical measures to protect and secure the information

7.24    systems and nonpublic information that are accessible to, or held by, the third-party service

7.25    provider.

7.26       Subd. 7. **Program adjustments.** The licensee shall monitor, evaluate, and adjust, as

7.27    appropriate, the information security program consistent with any relevant changes in

7.28    technology, the sensitivity of its nonpublic information, internal or external threats to

7.29    information, and the licensee's own changing business arrangements, such as mergers and

7.30    acquisitions, alliances and joint ventures, outsourcing arrangements, and changes to

7.31    information systems.

7.32       Subd. 8. **Incident response plan.** (a) As part of its information security program, each

7.33    licensee shall establish a written incident response plan designed to promptly respond to,

8.1    and recover from, any cybersecurity event that compromises the confidentiality, integrity,

8.2    or availability of nonpublic information in its possession, the licensee's information systems,

8.3    or the continuing functionality of any aspect of the licensee's business or operations.

8.4        (b) Such incident response plan shall address the following areas:

8.5        (1) the internal process for responding to a cybersecurity event;

8.6        (2) the goals of the incident response plan;

8.7        (3) the definition of clear roles, responsibilities, and levels of decision-making authority;

8.8        (4) external and internal communications and information sharing;

8.9        (5) identification of requirements for the remediation of any identified weaknesses in

8.10   information systems and associated controls;

8.11       (6) documentation and reporting regarding cybersecurity events and related incident

8.12   response activities; and

8.13       (7) the evaluation and revision, as necessary, of the incident response plan following a

8.14   cybersecurity event.

8.15       Subd. 9. **Annual certification to commissioner of domiciliary state.** Annually, each

8.16   insurer domiciled in this state shall submit to the commissioner a written statement by

8.17   February 15 certifying that the insurer is in compliance with the requirements set forth in

8.18   this section. Each insurer shall maintain for examination by the department all records,

8.19   schedules, and data supporting this certificate for a period of five years. To the extent an

8.20   insurer has identified areas, systems, or processes that require material improvement,

8.21   updating, or redesign, the insurer shall document the identification and the remedial efforts

8.22   planned and underway to address such areas, systems, or processes. Such documentation

8.23   must be available for inspection by the commissioner.

8.24    Sec. 5. **[60A.9854] INVESTIGATION OF A CYBERSECURITY EVENT.**

8.25       Subdivision 1. **Prompt investigation.** If the licensee learns that a cybersecurity event

8.26   has or may have occurred, the licensee, or an outside vendor or service provider designated

8.27   to act on behalf of the licensee, shall conduct a prompt investigation.

8.28       Subd. 2. **Investigation contents.** During the investigation, the licensee, or an outside

8.29   vendor or service provider designated to act on behalf of the licensee, shall, at a minimum,

8.30   determine as much of the following information as possible:

8.31       (1) determine whether a cybersecurity event has occurred;

9.1        (2) assess the nature and scope of the cybersecurity event;

9.2        (3) identify any nonpublic information that may have been involved in the cybersecurity

9.3    event; and

9.4        (4) perform or oversee reasonable measures to restore the security of the information

9.5    systems compromised in the cybersecurity event in order to prevent further unauthorized

9.6    acquisition, release, or use of nonpublic information in the licensee's possession, custody,

9.7    or control.

9.8        Subd. 3. **Third-party systems.** If the licensee learns that a cybersecurity event has or

9.9    may have occurred in a system maintained by a third-party service provider, the licensee

9.10    will complete the steps listed in subdivision 2 or confirm and document that the third-party

9.11    service provider has completed those steps.

9.12        Subd. 4. **Records.** The licensee shall maintain records concerning all cybersecurity

9.13    events for a period of at least five years from the date of the cybersecurity event and shall

9.14    produce those records upon demand of the commissioner.

9.15    Sec. 6. **[60A.9855] NOTIFICATION OF A CYBERSECURITY EVENT.**

9.16        Subdivision 1. **Notification to the commissioner.** Each licensee shall notify the

9.17    commissioner as promptly as possible but in no event later than 72 hours from a

9.18    determination that a cybersecurity event has occurred when either of the following criteria

9.19    has been met:

9.20        (1) this state is the licensee's state of domicile, in the case of an insurer, or this state is

9.21    the licensee's home state, in the case of a producer, as those terms are defined in chapter

9.22    60K; or

9.23        (2) the licensee reasonably believes that the nonpublic information involved is of 250

9.24    or more consumers residing in this state and that is either of the following:

9.25        (i) a cybersecurity event impacting the licensee of which notice is required to be provided

9.26    to any government body, self-regulatory agency, or any other supervisory body pursuant

9.27    to any state or federal law; or

9.28        (ii) a cybersecurity event that has a reasonable likelihood of materially harming:

9.29        (A) any consumer residing in this state; or

9.30        (B) any material part of the normal operations of the licensee.

10.1        Subd. 2. **Information; notification.** The licensee shall provide as much of the following

10.2    information as possible. The licensee shall provide the information in electronic form as

10.3    directed by the commissioner. The licensee shall have a continuing obligation to update

10.4    and supplement initial and subsequent notifications to the commissioner concerning the

10.5    cybersecurity event.

10.6        (1) Date of the cybersecurity event;

10.7        (2) Description of how the information was exposed, lost, stolen, or breached, including

10.8    the specific roles and responsibilities of third-party service providers, if any;

10.9        (3) How the cybersecurity event was discovered;

10.10       (4) Whether any lost, stolen, or breached information has been recovered and, if so, how

10.11   this was done;

10.12       (5) The identity of the source of the cybersecurity event;

10.13       (6) Whether the licensee has filed a police report or has notified any regulatory,

10.14   government, or law enforcement agencies and, if so, when such notification was provided;

10.15       (7) Description of the specific types of information acquired without authorization.

10.16   Specific types of information means particular data elements including, for example, types

10.17   of medical information, types of financial information, or types of information allowing

10.18   identification of the consumer;

10.19       (8) The period during which the information system was compromised by the

10.20   cybersecurity event;

10.21       (9) The number of total consumers in this state affected by the cybersecurity event. The

10.22   licensee shall provide the best estimate in the initial report to the commissioner and update

10.23   this estimate with each subsequent report to the commissioner pursuant to this section;

10.24       (10) The results of any internal review identifying a lapse in either automated controls

10.25   or internal procedures, or confirming that all automated controls or internal procedures were

10.26   followed;

10.27       (11) Description of efforts being undertaken to remediate the situation which permitted

10.28   the cybersecurity event to occur;

10.29       (12) A copy of the licensee's privacy policy and a statement outlining the steps the

10.30   licensee will take to investigate and notify consumers affected by the cybersecurity event;

10.31   and

11.1        (13) Name of a contact person who is familiar with the cybersecurity event and authorized

11.2    to act for the licensee.

11.3        Subd. 3. **Notification to consumers.** The licensee shall comply with section 325E.61,

11.4    as applicable, and provide a copy of the notice sent to consumers under that statute to the

11.5    commissioner when a licensee is required to notify the commissioner under subdivision 1.

11.6        Subd. 4. **Notice regarding cybersecurity events of third-party service providers.** (a)

11.7    In the case of a cybersecurity event in a system maintained by a third-party service provider,

11.8    of which the licensee has become aware, the licensee shall treat such event as it would under

11.9    subdivision 1.

11.10       (b) The computation of a licensee's deadlines shall begin on the day after the third-party

11.11   service provider notifies the licensee of the cybersecurity event or the licensee otherwise

11.12   has actual knowledge of the cybersecurity event, whichever is sooner.

11.13       (c) Nothing in this act shall prevent or abrogate an agreement between a licensee and

11.14   another licensee, a third-party service provider, or any other party to fulfill any of the

11.15   investigation requirements imposed under section 60A.9854 or notice requirements imposed

11.16   under this section.

11.17       Subd. 5. **Notice regarding cybersecurity events of reinsurers to insurers.** (a) In the

11.18   case of a cybersecurity event involving nonpublic information that is used by the licensee

11.19   that is acting as an assuming insurer or in the possession, custody, or control of a licensee

11.20   that is acting as an assuming insurer and that does not have a direct contractual relationship

11.21   with the affected consumers, the assuming insurer shall notify its affected ceding insurers

11.22   and the commissioner of its state of domicile within 72 hours of making the determination

11.23   that a cybersecurity event has occurred.

11.24       (b) The ceding insurers that have a direct contractual relationship with affected consumers

11.25   shall fulfill the consumer notification requirements imposed under section 325E.61 and any

11.26   other notification requirements relating to a cybersecurity event imposed under this section.

11.27       (c) In the case of a cybersecurity event involving nonpublic information that is in the

11.28   possession, custody, or control of a third-party service provider of a licensee that is an

11.29   assuming insurer, the assuming insurer shall notify its affected ceding insurers and the

11.30   commissioner of its state of domicile within 72 hours of receiving notice from its third-party

11.31   service provider that a cybersecurity event has occurred.

12.1      (d) The ceding insurers that have a direct contractual relationship with affected consumers

12.2    shall fulfill the consumer notification requirements imposed under section 325E.61 and any

12.3    other notification requirements relating to a cybersecurity event imposed under this section.

12.4      Subd. 6. **Notice regarding cybersecurity events of insurers to producers of record.** (a)

12.5    In the case of a cybersecurity event involving nonpublic information that is in the possession,

12.6    custody, or control of a licensee that is an insurer or its third-party service provider and for

12.7    which a consumer accessed the insurer's services through an independent insurance producer,

12.8    the insurer shall notify the producers of record of all affected consumers as soon as

12.9    practicable as directed by the commissioner.

12.10      (b) The insurer is excused from this obligation for those instances in which it does not

12.11    have the current producer of record information for any individual consumer.

12.12    Sec. 7. **[60A.9856] POWER OF COMMISSIONER.**

12.13      (a) The commissioner shall have power to examine and investigate into the affairs of

12.14    any licensee to determine whether the licensee has been or is engaged in any conduct in

12.15    violation of this act. This power is in addition to the powers which the commissioner has

12.16    under section 60A.031. Any such investigation or examination shall be conducted pursuant

12.17    to section 60A.031.

12.18      (b) Whenever the commissioner has reason to believe that a licensee has been or is

12.19    engaged in conduct in this state which violates this act, the commissioner may take action

12.20    that is necessary or appropriate to enforce the provisions of this act.

12.21    Sec. 8. **[60A.9857] CONFIDENTIALITY.**

12.22      Subdivision 1. **Licensee information.** Any documents, materials, or other information

12.23    in the control or possession of the department that are furnished by a licensee or an employee

12.24    or agent thereof acting on behalf of a licensee pursuant to section 60A.9853, subdivision

12.25    9; section 60A.9855, subdivision 2, clauses (2), (3), (4), (5), (8), (10), and (11); or that are

12.26    obtained by the commissioner in an investigation or examination pursuant to section

12.27    60A.9856 shall be classified as confidential, protected nonpublic, or both; shall not be

12.28    subject to subpoena; and shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any

12.29    private civil action. However, the commissioner is authorized to use the documents, materials,

12.30    or other information in the furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a part

12.31    of the commissioner's duties.

13.1        Subd. 2. **Certain testimony prohibited.** Neither the commissioner nor any person who

13.2    received documents, materials, or other information while acting under the authority of the

13.3    commissioner shall be permitted or required to testify in any private civil action concerning

13.4    any confidential documents, materials, or information subject to subdivision 1.

13.5        Subd. 3. **Information sharing.** In order to assist in the performance of the commissioner's

13.6    duties under this act, the commissioner:

13.7        (1) may share documents, materials, or other information, including the confidential and

13.8    privileged documents, materials, or information subject to subdivision 1, with other state,

13.9    federal, and international regulatory agencies, with the National Association of Insurance

13.10   Commissioners, its affiliates or subsidiaries, and with state, federal, and international law

13.11   enforcement authorities, provided that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the

13.12   confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material, or other information;

13.13       (2) may receive documents, materials, or information, including otherwise confidential

13.14   and privileged documents, materials, or information, from the National Association of

13.15   Insurance Commissioners, its affiliates or subsidiaries, and from regulatory and law

13.16   enforcement officials of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions, and shall maintain as

13.17   confidential or privileged any document, material, or information received with notice or

13.18   the understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that

13.19   is the source of the document, material, or information;

13.20       (3) may share documents, materials, or other information subject to subdivision 1, with

13.21   a third-party consultant or vendor provided the consultant agrees in writing to maintain the

13.22   confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material, or other information; and

13.23       (4) may enter into agreements governing sharing and use of information consistent with

13.24   this subdivision.

13.25       Subd. 4. **No waiver of privilege or confidentiality.** No waiver of any applicable privilege

13.26   or claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials, or information shall occur as a result

13.27   of disclosure to the commissioner under this section or as a result of sharing as authorized

13.28   in subdivision 3.

13.29       Subd. 5. **Certain actions public.** Nothing in sections 60A.985 to 60A.9861 shall prohibit

13.30   the commissioner from releasing final, adjudicated actions that are open to public inspection

13.31   pursuant to chapter 13 to a database or other clearinghouse service maintained by the National

13.32   Association of Insurance Commissioners, its affiliates, or subsidiaries.

14.1 Sec. 9. **[60A.9858] EXCEPTIONS.**

14.2 Subdivision 1. **Generally.** The following exceptions shall apply to sections 60A.985 to

14.3 60A.9861:

14.4 (1) a licensee with fewer than ten employees, including any independent contractors, is

14.5 exempt from section 60A.9853;

14.6 (2) a licensee subject to Public Law 104-191, enacted August 21, 1996 (Health Insurance

14.7 Portability and Accountability Act), that has established and maintains an information

14.8 security program pursuant to such statutes, rules, regulations, procedures, or guidelines

14.9 established thereunder, will be considered to meet the requirements of section 60A.9853,

14.10 provided that the licensee is compliant with, and submits a written statement certifying its

14.11 compliance with, the same; and

14.12 (3) an employee, agent, representative, or designee of a licensee, who is also a licensee,

14.13 is exempt from section 60A.9853 and need not develop its own information security program

14.14 to the extent that the employee, agent, representative, or designee is covered by the

14.15 information security program of the other licensee.

14.16 Subd. 2. **Exemption lapse; compliance.** In the event that a licensee ceases to qualify

14.17 for an exception, such licensee shall have 180 days to comply with this act.

14.18 Sec. 10. **[60A.9859] PENALTIES.**

14.19 In the case of a violation of this act, a licensee may be penalized in accordance with

14.20 section 60A.052.

14.21 Sec. 11. **[60A.986] RULES AND REGULATIONS.**

14.22 The commissioner may, in accordance with chapter 14, issue such regulations as shall

14.23 be necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 60A.985 to 60A.9861.

14.24 Sec. 12. **[60A.9861] SEVERABILITY.**

14.25 If any provisions of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is

14.26 for any reason held to be invalid, the remainder of the act and the application of such

14.27 provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

15.1 Sec. 13. **EFFECTIVE DATE.**

15.2 This act shall take effect on ....... Licensees shall have one year from the effective date

15.3 of this act to implement section 60A.9853 and two years from the effective date of this act

15.4 to implement section 60A.9853, subdivision 6.