

2.1 (2) of the benefit of retaining birth defects records;

2.2 (3) that they may elect to have the birth defects information collected once, within one
2.3 year of birth or fetal death, as defined in section 144.222, but to require that all personally
2.4 identifying information be destroyed immediately upon the commissioner receiving the
2.5 information. If the parents ~~of an infant~~ or legal guardians object in writing to the maintaining
2.6 of birth defects information, the objection or election shall be recorded on a form that is
2.7 signed by a parent or legal guardian and submitted to the commissioner of health; and

2.8 (4) that if the parent or legal guardian chooses to opt-out, the commissioner will not be
2.9 able to inform the parent or legal guardian ~~of a child~~ of information related to the prevention,
2.10 treatment, or cause of a particular birth defect.