REVISOR

H3376-1

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State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES н. г. No. 3376

NINETY-FIRST SESSION

02/17/2020	Authored by Wazlawik, Fischer, Becker-Finn, Lee, Hansen and others
	The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources Policy
02/26/2020	Adoption of Report: Re-referred to the Environment and Natural Resources Finance Division
05/04/2020	Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means
	Pursuant to Joint Rule 2.03, re-referred to the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration
	Adoption of Report: Re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means
	Joint Rule 2.03 has been waived for any subsequent committee action on this bill

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3	relating to environment; banning certain uses of trichloroethylene; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116.
1.4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.5	Section 1. [116.385] TRICHLOROETHYLENE; BAN.
1.6	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
1.7	the meanings given.
1.8	(b) "Small business" means a business that has less than 500 full-time equivalent
1.9	employees.
1.10	(c) "Trichloroethylene" means a chemical with the Chemical Abstract Services Registry
1.11	<u>Number of 79-01-6.</u>
1.12	Subd. 2. Use restriction. (a) Beginning June 1, 2022, an owner or operator of a facility
1.13	required to have an air emissions permit issued by the Pollution Control Agency may not
1.14	use trichloroethylene at its permitted facility, including in any manufacturing, processing,
1.15	or cleaning processes, except as otherwise provided in this section. Cessation of use must
1.16	be made enforceable in the air emissions permit for the facility or in an enforceable agreement
1.17	by June 1, 2022. The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must not issue an air
1.18	emissions permit that authorizes using trichloroethylene at a permitted facility after January
1.19	1, 2022, except as described in paragraph (b) and subdivision 4.
1.20	(b) If a small business needs additional time to assess replacement chemicals or
1.21	modifications to facility operations, then by June 1, 2022, the commissioner shall include

a schedule of compliance in the facility's permit or enter into an enforceable agreement that 1.22

2.1	requires compliance with this section before June 1, 2023. A small business owner or
2.2	operator requesting additional time under this paragraph must demonstrate compliance with
2.3	the health-based value and health risk limits for trichloroethylene, as established by the
2.4	Department of Health as of January 1, 2019. Owners or operators may be required to comply
2.5	with additional restrictions based on impacts from nearby sources or background
2.6	concentrations. Owners or operators may be required to provide additional information as
2.7	requested by the commissioner to evaluate site-specific conditions or impacts.
2.8	Subd. 3. Replacement chemicals. An owner or operator that must comply with this
2.9	section and elects to replace trichloroethylene with another chemical must replace
2.10	trichloroethylene with a chemical demonstrated to be less toxic to human health and reviewed
2.11	in a form determined and approved by the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency.
2.12	Subd. 4. Exceptions. (a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall grant
2.13	exceptions to the prohibition in subdivision 2, for any of the following uses where compliance
2.14	with the health-based value and health risk limits for trichloroethylene established by the
2.15	Department of Health as of January 1, 2019, is demonstrated:
2.16	(1) use of trichloroethylene in closed systems so that no trichloroethylene is emitted
2.17	from the facility;
2.18	(2) holding trichloroethylene or products containing trichloroethylene for distribution
2.19	to a third party; and
2.20	(3) a hospital licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56, or an academic medical facility.
2.21	(b) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency may grant exceptions to the
2.22	prohibition in subdivision 2 through the variance process established in Minnesota Rules,
2.23	part 7000.7000, for any of the following uses where compliance with the health-based value
2.24	and health risk limits for trichloroethylene established by the Department of Health as of
2.25	
	January 1, 2019, is demonstrated:
2.26	<u>January 1, 2019, is demonstrated:</u> (1) a facility that uses trichloroethylene exclusively for research and development, or
2.26 2.27	
	(1) a facility that uses trichloroethylene exclusively for research and development, or
2.27	(1) a facility that uses trichloroethylene exclusively for research and development, or other laboratory or experimental purposes; and
2.27 2.28	 (1) a facility that uses trichloroethylene exclusively for research and development, or other laboratory or experimental purposes; and (2) a facility that processes trichloroethylene for waste disposal.
2.272.282.29	 (1) a facility that uses trichloroethylene exclusively for research and development, or other laboratory or experimental purposes; and (2) a facility that processes trichloroethylene for waste disposal. (c) Owners or operators of facilities seeking an exception under this section must submit
2.272.282.292.30	 (1) a facility that uses trichloroethylene exclusively for research and development, or other laboratory or experimental purposes; and (2) a facility that processes trichloroethylene for waste disposal. (c) Owners or operators of facilities seeking an exception under this section must submit information to the commissioner that specifies the exception that applies and provide all

Section 1.

2

	HF3376 FIRST ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	CKM	H3376-1
3.1	stipulation agreement entered into	o between the Pollution	Control Agency an	d a permittee
3.2	that was in effect on June 1, 2022	<u>).</u>		
3.3	Subd. 6. Short title. This act is	s the "White Bear Area N	Veighborhood Conc	erned Citizens
3.4	Group Ban TCE Act."			
3.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective the da	y following final er	actment.
3.6	Sec. 2. AVAILABILITY OF S	MALL BUSINESS AS	SISTANCE	
3.7	ENVIRONMENTAL-IMPROV	EMENT LOANS TO	MINIMIZE	
3.8	TRICHLOROETHYLENE US	<u>E.</u>		
3.9	Notwithstanding Minnesota S	tatutes, section 116.993	, \$250,000 in intere	st-free loans
3.10	shall be made available under the	program established by	that section to sma	all businesses,
3.11	as defined in Minnesota Statutes,	section 116.385, to assi	st with reducing bo	prrowers' use
3.12	of trichloroethylene. Environmen	tal consultant services of	obtained for this pur	rpose shall

3.13 <u>constitute an eligible use of a loan made under this section.</u>