CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. No. 3167

1.1

A bill for an act 1.2 relating to financing of state and local government; making changes to individual 13 income, property, sales and use, excise, estate, mineral, tobacco, alcohol, special, 1.4 local, and other taxes and tax-related provisions; providing for and increasing 1.5 credits; modifying local government aids; modifying exclusions, exemptions, 1.6 and levy deadlines; imposing a tax on solar energy production; modifying sales, 1.7 use, and excise tax exemptions; changing sales, use, and excise tax remittances; 1.8 modifying certain local sales and use taxes; allowing for temporary sales and 1.9 use tax amnesty; modifying income tax credits and subtractions; clarifying 1.10 estate tax provisions; providing for certain local development projects; changing 1.11 license revocation procedures; modifying installment payments; modifying 1.12 certain county levy authority; allocating additional tax reductions for border 1.13 cities; removing obsolete, redundant, and unnecessary laws and administrative 1.14 rules administered by the Department of Revenue; making various policy and 1.15 technical changes; requiring a report; appropriating money; amending Minnesota 1.16 Statutes 2012, sections 16D.02, subdivisions 3, 6; 16D.04, subdivisions 3, 1 17 4; 16D.07; 16D.11, subdivisions 1, 3, 7; 84A.20, subdivision 2; 84A.31, 1.18 subdivision 2; 115B.49, subdivision 4; 116J.8737, by adding a subdivision; 1.19 163.06, subdivision 1; 270.11, subdivision 1; 270.12, subdivisions 2, 4; 270.87; 1.20 270A.03, subdivision 2; 270B.14, subdivision 3; 270C.085; 270C.34, subdivision 1.21 2; 270C.52, subdivision 2; 270C.56, subdivision 3; 270C.72, subdivisions 1, 3; 1.22 272.01, subdivisions 1, 3; 272.02, subdivisions 10, 24; 272.0211, subdivisions 1.23 1, 2; 272.025, subdivision 1; 272.027, subdivision 1; 272.029, subdivisions 1 24 4a, 6; 272.03, subdivision 1; 273.01; 273.061, subdivision 6; 273.10; 273.11, 1.25 subdivision 13; 273.112, subdivision 6a; 273.13, subdivision 34; 273.1384, 1 26 subdivision 2; 273.18; 273.33, subdivision 2; 273.37, subdivision 2; 273.3711; 1.27 1.28 274.01, subdivisions 1, 2; 274.014, subdivision 3; 275.025, subdivision 2; 275.065, subdivision 1; 275.08, subdivisions 1a, 1d; 275.74, subdivision 2; 1.29 275.75; 279.03; 279.16; 279.23; 279.25; 280.001; 280.03; 280.07; 280.11; 1.30 281.03; 281.327; 282.01, subdivision 6; 282.04, subdivision 4; 282.261, 1.31 subdivisions 2, 4, 5; 282.322; 287.30; 289A.02, subdivision 7, as amended; 1.32 289A.18, subdivision 2; 289A.25, subdivision 1; 289A.60, subdivision 15; 1 33 290.01, subdivisions 5, 19f, 29; 290.015, subdivision 1; 290.068, subdivision 1.34 1; 290.07, subdivisions 1, 2; 290.0922, subdivision 3; 290.095, subdivision 3; 1.35 290.9728, subdivision 2; 296A.01, subdivision 16; 297A.67, subdivision 13a, by 1.36 adding a subdivision; 297A.68, by adding a subdivision; 297A.70, subdivision 1 37 10; 297A.71, by adding a subdivision; 297A.94; 297B.03; 297B.09; 297F.03, 1.38 subdivision 2; 297F.09, subdivision 10; 297G.03, by adding a subdivision; 1.39 297G.09, subdivision 9; 297I.05, subdivision 14; 298.75, subdivisions 1, 2; 1 40

1.41 383D.41, by adding a subdivision; 383E.21, subdivisions 1, 2; 412.131; 469.171,
1.42 subdivision 6; 469.176, subdivisions 1b, 3; 469.1763, subdivision 3; 469.177,
1.43 subdivision 3; 473.665, subdivision 5; 477A.0124, subdivision 5; 477A.014,

subdivision 1; 477A.03, by adding a subdivision; 611.27, subdivisions 13, 15; 2.1 Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, sections 116J.8737, subdivision 2, as 2.2 amended; 116J.8738, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 270B.01, subdivision 8; 270B.03, 2.3 subdivision 1; 273.032; 273.1325, subdivisions 1, 2; 273.1398, subdivisions 3, 4; 2.4 275.70, subdivision 5; 279.37, subdivision 2; 281.17; 289A.20, subdivision 4; 2.5 290.01, subdivisions 19, as amended, 19b, as amended, 19d, 31, as amended; 2.6 290.068, subdivisions 3, 6a; 290.091, subdivision 2, as amended; 290.0921, 2.7 subdivision 3; 290.191, subdivision 5; 290A.03, subdivision 15, as amended; 2.8290C.03; 291.005, subdivision 1, as amended; 297A.61, subdivision 3, as 2.9 amended; 297A.68, subdivisions 42, 44; 297A.70, subdivisions 2, 13, 14; 2.10 297A.75, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 297B.01, subdivision 16; 360.531, subdivision 2; 2.11 403.162, subdivision 5; 423A.02, subdivision 3; 423A.022, subdivisions 2, 3; 2.12 465.04; 469.169, by adding a subdivision; 469.1763, subdivision 2; 477A.013, 2.13 subdivision 8; 477A.03, subdivision 2a; 477A.12, subdivision 1; 477A.14, 2.14 subdivision 1; Laws 1980, chapter 511, sections 1, subdivision 2, as amended; 2.15 2, as amended; Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 2.16 38, subdivision 4; Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 3, sections 10, subdivisions 2.173, 4, 5; 11, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 10, section 15; 2.18 Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 8, sections 3; 37; article 9, section 23; article 2.19 11, section 10; Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 3, section 4; proposing coding 2.20 for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 69; 116J; 168A; 272; 290; 383A; 2.21 477A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 16D.02, subdivisions 5, 8; 2.22 16D.11, subdivision 2; 270C.131; 270C.53; 270C.991, subdivision 4; 272.02, 2.23 subdivisions 1, 1a, 43, 48, 51, 53, 67, 72, 82; 272.027, subdivision 2; 272.031; 2.24 273.015, subdivision 1; 273.03, subdivision 3; 273.075; 273.13, subdivision 2.25 21a; 273.1383; 273.1386; 273.1398, subdivision 4b; 273.80; 275.77; 279.32; 2.26 281.173, subdivision 8; 281.174, subdivision 8; 281.328; 282.10; 282.23; 2.27 287.20, subdivision 4; 287.27, subdivision 2; 289A.56, subdivision 7; 290.01, 2.28 subdivisions 4b, 19e, 20e; 290.06, subdivisions 30, 31; 290.0674, subdivision 3; 2.29 290.191, subdivision 4; 290.33; 290C.02, subdivisions 5, 9; 290C.06; 295.52, 2.30 subdivision 7; 297A.666; 297A.68, subdivision 38; 297A.71, subdivisions 4, 2.31 5, 7, 9, 10, 17, 18, 20, 32, 41; 297F.08, subdivision 11; 297H.10, subdivision 2.32 2; 469.174, subdivision 10c; 469.175, subdivision 2b; 469.176, subdivision 2.33 1i; 469.1764; 469.177, subdivision 10; 469.330; 469.331; 469.332; 469.333; 2.34 469.334; 469.335; 469.336; 469.337; 469.338; 469.339; 469.340, subdivisions 2.35 1, 2, 3, 5; 469.341; 477A.0124, subdivisions 1, 6; 505.173; Minnesota Statutes 2.36 2013 Supplement, sections 273.1103; 469.340, subdivision 4; 477A.085; Laws 2.37 1993, chapter 375, article 9, section 47; Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 1, 2.38 section 17; Minnesota Rules, parts 8002.0200, subpart 8; 8007.0200; 8100.0800; 2.39 8130.7500, subpart 7; 8130.8900, subpart 3; 8130.9500, subparts 1, 1a, 2, 3, 4, 5. 2.40

May 12, 2014

- 2.42 The Honorable Paul Thissen
- 2.43 Speaker of the House of Representatives
- 2.44 The Honorable Sandra L. Pappas
- 2.45 President of the Senate

2.41

- 2.46 We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 3167 report that we have agreed upon 2.47 the items in dispute and recommend as follows:
- 2.48 That the Senate recede from its amendments and that H. F. No. 3167 be further2.49 amended as follows:
- 2.50 Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

3.1	"ARTICLE 1
3.2	PROPERTY TAX AIDS AND CREDITS
3.3	Section 1. [69.022] VOLUNTEER RETENTION STIPEND AID PILOT.
3.4	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
3.5	have the meanings given them.
3.6	(b) "Commissioner," unless otherwise specified, means the commissioner of public
3.7	safety.
3.8	(c) "Emergency medical services provider" means a licensee as defined under
3.9	section 144E.001, subdivision 8.
3.10	(d) "Independent nonprofit firefighting corporation" has the same meaning as used in
3.11	chapter 424A.
3.12	(e) "Municipality" has the meaning given in section 69.011, but only if the
3.13	municipality uses one or more qualified volunteers to provide service.
3.14	(f) "Qualified entity" means an emergency medical services provider, independent
3.15	nonprofit firefighting corporation, or municipality.
3.16	(g) "Qualified volunteer" means one of the following types of volunteers who has
3.17	provided service, for the entire prior calendar year, to one or more qualified entities:
3.18	(1) a volunteer firefighter as defined in section 299N.03, subdivision 7;
3.19	(2) a volunteer ambulance attendant as defined in section 144E.001, subdivision 15; or
3.20	(3) an emergency medical responder as defined in section 144E.001, subdivision 6,
3.21	who provides emergency medical services as a volunteer.
3.22	(h) "Pilot area" means the following groups of counties:
3.23	(1) southern Minnesota, consisting of the counties of Faribault, Fillmore, Freeborn,
3.24	Houston, and Watonwan;
3.25	(2) west central Minnesota, consisting of the counties of Chippewa, Kandiyohi,
3.26	Redwood, and Renville;
3.27	(3) central Minnesota, consisting of the counties of Morrison and Todd; and
3.28	(4) north central Minnesota, consisting of the counties of Beltrami, Clearwater,
3.29	and Mahnomen.
3.30	Subd. 2. Certification. By June 1 of the calendar year following the year in
3.31	which the qualified volunteer provided service, the commissioner shall certify to the
3.32	commissioner of revenue each qualified volunteer's name and the qualified entity for which
3.33	the qualified volunteer provided service, but the commissioner must remove duplicate
3.34	listings of qualified volunteers who provided service to more than one qualified entity so
3.35	that each qualified volunteer is listed only once. The commissioner shall also certify to the
3.36	commissioner of revenue the total amount of aid to be paid to each qualified entity under

subdivision 3. For qualified entities that are not municipalities, the commissioner must 4.1 4.2 indicate the municipality to which the aid is to be paid, as designated by the qualified entity. Subd. 3. Aid payment and calculation. The commissioner of revenue shall pay aid 4.3 to qualified entities located in the pilot area to provide funds for the qualified entities to 4.4 pay annual volunteer retention stipends to qualified volunteers who provide services to 4.5 the qualified entities. A qualified entity is located in the pilot area if it is a municipality 4.6 located in whole or in part in the pilot area, or if it is an emergency medical services 4.7 provider or independent nonprofit firefighting corporation with its main office located in 4.8 the pilot area. The amount of the aid equals \$500 multiplied by the number of qualified 4.9 volunteers. For purposes of calculating this aid, each individual providing volunteer 4.10 service, regardless of the different types of service provided, is one qualified volunteer. 4.11 The commissioner of revenue shall pay the aid to qualified entities by July 15 of the 4.12 calendar year following the year in which the qualified volunteer provided service. If a 4.13 qualified entity is not a municipality, the commissioner shall pay the aid to the treasurer of 4.14 4.15 the municipality designated by the qualified entity. The treasurer of the municipality shall, within 30 days of receipt of the aid, transmit the aid to the qualified entity. 4.16 Subd. 4. Application. Each year each qualified entity in the pilot area may apply to 4.17 the commissioner for aid under this section. The application must be made at the time and 4.18 in the form prescribed by the commissioner and must provide sufficient information to 4.19 permit the commissioner to determine the applicant's entitlement to aid under this section. 4.20 Subd. 5. Payment of stipends. A qualified entity receiving state aid under this 4.21 section must pay the aid as retention stipends of \$500 to qualified volunteers no later than 4.22 4.23 September 15 of the year in which the aid was received. Subd. 6. Report. No later than January 15, 2018, the commissioner must report to 4.24 the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction 4.25 4.26 over public safety and taxes in the senate and the house of representatives, in compliance with sections 3.195 and 3.197, on aid paid under this section. The report must include: 4.27 (1) for each county in the pilot area, a listing of the qualified entities that received 4.28 aid in each of the three years of the pilot; 4.29 (2) the amount of aid paid to each qualified entity that received aid in each of the 4.30 three years of the pilot; and 4.31 (3) for each qualified entity that received aid, the number of qualified volunteers 4.32 who were paid stipends in each of the three years of the pilot, and the number of qualified 4.33 volunteers in the year preceding the pilot. 4.34 The report must also provide information on the number of qualified volunteers 4.35 providing service to qualified entities in comparison counties in each of the three years of 4.36

the pilot and in the year preceding the pilot, and must summarize changes in the number 5.1 of qualified volunteers during the year preceding the pilot and during the three years of 5.2 the pilot both within the pilot area and in the comparison counties. For purposes of this 5.3 subdivision, "comparison counties" means counties designated by the commissioner to 5.4 include at least half of the counties that border each group of counties in the pilot area, 5.5 as specified in subdivision 1. Qualified entities in comparison counties must provide 5.6 information to the commissioner necessary to the report in this subdivision in the form 5.7 and manner required by the commissioner. 5.8 Subd. 7. Appropriation. An amount sufficient to pay the state aid under this section 5.9 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue. 5.10 Subd. 8. Sunset. This section expires for aid payable after calendar year 2017, 5.11 except that the reporting requirement in subdivision 6 remains in effect through 2018. 5.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment 5.13

and applies for volunteer service provided beginning in calendar years 2014, 2015, and
2016, and for aid payable in calendar years 2015, 2016, and 2017.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.1384, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 5.16 Subd. 2. Agricultural homestead market value credit. Property classified as 5.17 agricultural homestead under section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), is eligible for 5.18 an agricultural credit. The credit is computed using the property's agricultural credit market 5.19 value, defined for this purpose as the property's market value excluding the market value of 5.20 the house, garage, and immediately surrounding one acre of land. The credit is equal to 0.3 5.21 percent of the first \$115,000 of the property's agricultural credit market value minus .05 plus 5.22 0.1 percent of the property's agricultural credit market value in excess of \$115,000, subject 5.23 to a maximum reduction credit of \$115 \$490. In the case of property that is classified 5.24 as part homestead and part nonhomestead solely because not all the owners occupy or 5.25 farm the property, not all the owners have qualifying relatives occupying or farming the 5.26 property, or solely because not all the spouses of owners occupy the property, the credit 5.27 must be initially computed as if that nonhomestead agricultural land was also classified as 5.28 agricultural homestead and then prorated to the owner-occupant's percentage of ownership. 5.29
- 5.30

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2015.

5.31 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 273.1398, subdivision 4, is
5.32 amended to read:

- Subd. 4. Disparity reduction credit. (a) Beginning with taxes payable in 1989, 6.1 Class 4a and class 3a property qualifies for a disparity reduction credit if: (1) the property 6.2 is located in a border city that has is eligible to have an enterprise zone, as defined in 6.3 section 469.166; (2) the property is located in a city with a population greater than 2,500 6.4 and less than 35,000 according to the 1980 decennial census; (3) the city is adjacent to a 6.5 eity in another state or immediately adjacent to a city adjacent to a city in another state; 6.6 and (4) the adjacent city in the other state has a population of greater than 5,000 and less 6.7 than 75,000 according to the 1980 decennial census. 68
- (b) The credit is an amount sufficient to reduce (i) the taxes levied on class 4a
 property to <u>1.9</u> <u>1.6</u> percent of the property's taxable market value and (ii) the tax on class
 3a property to <u>1.9</u> <u>1.6</u> percent of taxable market value.

6.12 (c) The county auditor shall annually certify the costs of the credits to the
6.13 Department of Revenue. The department shall reimburse local governments for the
6.14 property taxes forgone as the result of the credits in proportion to their total levies.

6.15

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2015.

- 6.16 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 423A.022, subdivision 2, is
 6.17 amended to read:
- 6.18 Subd. 2. Allocation. (a) Of the total amount appropriated as supplemental state aid:
 6.19 (1) 58.065 58.064 percent must be paid to the executive director of the Public

6.20 Employees Retirement Association for deposit in the public employees police and fire6.21 retirement fund established by section 353.65, subdivision 1;

(2) 35.484 percent must be paid to municipalities other than municipalities solely 6.22 employing firefighters with retirement coverage provided by the public employees police 6.23 and fire retirement plan which qualified to receive fire state aid in that calendar year, 6.24 allocated in proportion to the most recent amount of fire state aid paid under section 6.25 69.021, subdivision 7, for the municipality bears to the most recent total fire state aid 6.26 for all municipalities other than the municipalities solely employing firefighters with 6.27 retirement coverage provided by the public employees police and fire retirement plan 6.28 paid under section 69.021, subdivision 7, with the allocated amount for fire departments 6.29 participating in the voluntary statewide lump-sum volunteer firefighter retirement plan 6.30 paid to the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association for deposit 6.31 in the fund established by section 353G.02, subdivision 3, and credited to the respective 6.32 account and with the balance paid to the treasurer of each municipality for transmittal 6.33 within 30 days of receipt to the treasurer of the applicable volunteer firefighter relief 6.34 association for deposit in its special fund; and 6.35

- 7.1 (3) 6.452 percent must be paid to the executive director of the Minnesota State
 7.2 Retirement System for deposit in the state patrol retirement fund.
- 7.3 (b) For purposes of this section, the term "municipalities" includes independent
- 7.4 <u>nonprofit firefighting corporations that participate in the voluntary statewide lump-sum</u>
- 7.5 volunteer firefighter retirement plan under chapter 353G or with subsidiary volunteer
- 7.6 firefighter relief associations operating under chapter 424A.
- 7.7 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 477A.013, subdivision 8, is
 7.8 amended to read:
- Subd. 8. City formula aid. (a) For aids payable in 2014 only, the formula aid for a
 city is equal to the sum of (1) its 2013 certified aid, and (2) the product of (i) the difference
 between its unmet need and its 2013 certified aid, and (ii) the aid gap percentage.
- (b) For aids payable in 2015 and thereafter, the formula aid for a city is equal to the
 sum of (1) its formula aid in the previous year and (2) the product of (i) the difference
- 7.14 between its unmet need and its <u>certified formula</u> aid in the previous year under subdivision
 7.15 9, and (ii) the aid gap percentage.
- 7.16 (c) For aids payable in 2015 and thereafter, if a city's certified aid from the previous
 7.17 year is greater than the sum of its unmet need plus its aid adjustment under subdivision 13,
- 7.18 its formula aid is adjusted to equal its unmet need.
- 7.19 (d) No city may have a formula aid amount less than zero. The aid gap percentage
 7.20 must be the same for all cities <u>subject to paragraph (b)</u>.
- (e) The applicable aid gap percentage must be calculated by the Department of
 Revenue so that the total of the aid under subdivision 9 equals the total amount available
 for aid under section 477A.03. Data used in calculating aids to cities under sections
 477A.011 to 477A.013 shall be the most recently available data as of January 1 in the
 year in which the aid is calculated.

7.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year 7.27 2015 and thereafter.

7.28 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 477A.03, subdivision 2a, is
7.29 amended to read:

7.30 Subd. 2a. Cities. For aids payable in 2014, the total aid paid under section
7.31 477A.013, subdivision 9, is \$507,598,012. The total aid paid under section 477A.013,

- subdivision 9, is 509,098,012 for aids payable in 2015. For aids payable
- in 2016 and thereafter, the total aid paid under section 477A.013, subdivision 9, is
- 7.34 **\$511,598,012 \$519,398,012**.

H.F. No. 3167, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/16/14 12:21 AM [CCRHF3167A]

- 8.1 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
 8.2 2015 and thereafter.
- 8.3 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 477A.12, subdivision 1, is 8.4 amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Types of land; payments. The following amounts are annually
appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources from the general fund for transfer
to the commissioner of revenue. The commissioner of revenue shall pay the transferred
funds to counties as required by sections 477A.11 to 477A.14. The amounts, based on the
acreage as of July 1 of each year prior to the payment year, are:

8.10 (1) \$5.133 multiplied by the total number of acres of acquired natural resources land
8.11 or, at the county's option three-fourths of one percent of the appraised value of all acquired
8.12 natural resources land in the county, whichever is greater;

8.13 (2) \$5.133, multiplied by the total number of acres of transportation wetland or, at
8.14 the county's option, three-fourths of one percent of the appraised value of all transportation
8.15 wetland in the county, whichever is greater;

- 8.16 (3) <u>\$5.133</u>, multiplied by the total number of acres of wildlife management land, or,
 8.17 <u>at the county's option</u>, three-fourths of one percent of the appraised value of all wildlife
 8.18 management land in the county, whichever is greater;
- 8.19 (4) 50 percent of the dollar amount as determined under clause (1), multiplied by
 8.20 the number of acres of military refuge land in the county;
- 8.21 (5) \$1.50, multiplied by the number of acres of county-administered other natural
 8.22 resources land in the county;
- 8.23 (6) \$5.133, multiplied by the total number of acres of land utilization project land
 8.24 in the county;

8.25 (7) \$1.50, multiplied by the number of acres of commissioner-administered other
8.26 natural resources land in the county; and

8.27 (8) without regard to acreage, and notwithstanding the rules adopted under section
8.28 84A.55, \$300,000 for local assessments under section 84A.55, subdivision 9, that shall be

8.29 divided and distributed to the counties containing state-owned lands within a conservation

- area in proportion to each county's percentage of the total annual ditch assessments.
- 8.31 The commissioner of natural resources shall certify the number of acres and appraised
- 8.32 values for wildlife management lands under clause (3) for calendar year 2013 to the
- 8.33 <u>commissioner of revenue by June 15, 2014</u>. The commissioner of revenue shall make the
- 8.34 payment for any positive difference in the 2013 payment under clause (3) by June 30, 2014.

9.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. The amendments to clause (3) are effective retroactively
9.2	for payments made in calendar year 2013 and later. The amendments to clause (8) are
9.3	effective for assessments payable in calendar year 2014 and later.

9.4 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 477A.12, subdivision 2, is
9.5 amended to read:

9.6 Subd. 2. Procedure. (a) Each county auditor shall certify to the Department of
9.7 Natural Resources during July of each year prior to the payment year the number of acres
9.8 of county-administered other natural resources land within the county. The Department of
9.9 Natural resources may, in addition to the certification of acreage, require descriptive lists
9.10 of land so certified. The commissioner of natural resources shall determine and certify to
9.11 the commissioner of revenue by March 1 of the payment year:

- 9.12 (1) the number of acres and most recent appraised value of acquired natural9.13 resources land, wildlife management land, and military refuge land within each county;
- 9.14 (2) the number of acres of commissioner-administered natural resources land within9.15 each county;
- 9.16 (3) the number of acres of county-administered other natural resources land within
 9.17 each county, based on the reports filed by each county auditor with the commissioner
 9.18 of natural resources; and
- 9.19 (4) the number of acres of land utilization project land within each county.
 9.20 (b) The commissioner of transportation shall determine and certify to the
 9.21 commissioner of revenue by March 1 of the payment year the number of acres of
 9.22 transportation wetland and the appraised value of the land, but only if it exceeds 500
 9.23 acres in a county.
- (c) Each auditor of a county that contains state-owned lands within a conservation 9.24 9.25 area shall determine and certify to the commissioner of natural resources by May 31 of the payment year, the county's ditch assessments for state-owned lands subject to section 9.26 84A.55, subdivision 9. A joint certification for two or more counties may be submitted to 9.27 the commissioner of natural resources through the Consolidated Conservation Counties 9.28 Joint Powers Board. The commissioner of natural resources shall certify the ditch 9.29 assessments to the commissioner of revenue by June 15 of the payment year. The 9.30 commissioner of natural resources shall certify the ditch assessments under this paragraph 9.31 for payment year 2013 by June 15, 2014. The commissioner of revenue shall make the 9.32
 - 9.33 payment for 2013 by June 30, 2014.
 - 9.34 (d) The commissioner of revenue shall determine the distributions provided for in this
 9.35 section using: (1) the number of acres and appraised values certified by the commissioner

10.1 of natural resources and the commissioner of transportation by March 1 of the payment

10.2 year; and (2) ditch assessments under paragraph (c), by July 15 of the payment year.

10.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessments payable in calendar 10.4 year 2014 and later.

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 477A.14, subdivision 1, isamended to read:
- Subdivision 1. General distribution. Except as provided in subdivisions 2 and 3,
 40 percent of the total payment to the county shall be deposited in the county general
 revenue fund to be used to provide property tax levy reduction. The remainder shall be
 distributed by the county in the following priority:
- (a) (1) 64.2 cents, for each acre of county-administered other natural resources land
 shall be deposited in a resource development fund to be created within the county treasury
 for use in resource development, forest management, game and fish habitat improvement,
 and recreational development and maintenance of county-administered other natural
 resources land. Any county receiving less than \$5,000 annually for the resource
 development fund may elect to deposit that amount in the county general revenue fund;
- (b) from the funds remaining, (2) within 30 days of receipt of the payment to 10.17 the county, the county treasurer shall pay each organized township ten percent of the 10.18 amount received a township with land that qualifies for payment under section 477A.12, 10.19 subdivision 1, clauses (1), (2), and (5) to (7), ten percent of the payment the county 10.20 received for such land within that township. Payments for natural resources lands not 10.21 located in an organized township shall be deposited in the county general revenue fund. 10.22 Payments to counties and townships pursuant to this paragraph shall be used to provide 10.23 10.24 property tax levy reduction, except that of the payments for natural resources lands not located in an organized township, the county may allocate the amount determined to be 10.25 necessary for maintenance of roads in unorganized townships. Provided that, if the total 10.26 payment to the county pursuant to section 477A.12 is not sufficient to fully fund the 10.27 distribution provided for in this clause, the amount available shall be distributed to each 10.28 township and the county general revenue fund on a pro rata basis; and 10.29
- (c) (3) any remaining funds shall be deposited in the county general revenue fund.
 Provided that, if the distribution to the county general revenue fund exceeds \$35,000, the
 excess shall be used to provide property tax levy reduction.

10.33 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for payments made in 10.34 calendar year 2013 and thereafter.

11.1	Sec. 10. [477A.18] PRODUCTION PROPERTY TRANSITION AID.
11.2	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) When used in this section, the following terms have
11.3	the meanings indicated in this subdivision.
11.4	(b) "Local unit" means a home rule charter or statutory city, or a town.
11.5	(c) "Net tax capacity differential" means the positive difference, if any, by which the
11.6	local unit's net tax capacity was reduced from assessment year 2014 to assessment year
11.7	2015 due to the change in the definition of real property in section 272.03, subdivision
11.8	1, enacted by article 2, section 9. For purposes of determining the net tax capacity
11.9	differential, any property in a job opportunity building zone under section 469.314 may
11.10	not be included when calculating a local unit's net tax capacity.
11.11	Subd. 2. Aid eligibility; payment. (a) If the net tax capacity differential of the local
11.12	unit exceeds five percent of its 2015 net tax capacity, the local unit is eligible for transition
11.13	aid computed under paragraphs (b) to (f).
11.14	(b) For aids payable in 2016, transition aid under this section for an eligible local
11.15	unit equals (1) the net tax capacity differential, times (2) the jurisdiction's tax rate for
11.16	taxes payable in 2015.
11.17	(c) For aids payable in 2017, transition aid under this section for an eligible local
11.18	unit equals 80 percent of (1) the net tax capacity differential, times (2) the jurisdiction's
11.19	tax rate for taxes payable in 2016.
11.20	(d) For aids payable in 2018, transition aid under this section for an eligible local
11.21	unit equals 60 percent of (1) the net tax capacity differential, times (2) the jurisdiction's
11.22	tax rate for taxes payable in 2017.
11.23	(e) For aids payable in 2019, transition aid under this section for an eligible local
11.24	unit equals 40 percent of (1) the net tax capacity differential, times (2) the jurisdiction's
11.25	tax rate for taxes payable in 2018.
11.26	(f) For aids payable in 2020, transition aid under this section for an eligible local
11.27	unit equals 20 percent of (1) the net tax capacity differential, times (2) the jurisdiction's
11.28	tax rate for taxes payable in 2019.
11.29	(g) No aids shall be payable under this section in 2021 and thereafter.
11.30	(h) The commissioner of revenue shall compute the amount of transition aid payable
11.31	to each local unit under this section. On or before August 1 of each year, the commissioner
11.32	shall certify the amount of transition aid computed for aids payable in the following year
11.33	for each recipient local unit. The commissioner shall pay transition aid to local units
11.34	annually at the times provided in section 477A.015.
11.35	(i) The commissioner of revenue may require counties to provide any data that the
11.36	commissioner deems necessary to administer this section.

- Subd. 3. Appropriation. An amount sufficient to pay transition aid under this 12.1 section is annually appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the general fund. 12.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2015. 12.3 Sec. 11. [477A.19] AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES PREVENTION AID. 12.4 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) When used in this section, the following terms have 12.5 the meanings given them in this subdivision. 12.6 (b) "Aquatic invasive species" means nonnative aquatic organisms that invade water 12.7 12.8 beyond their natural and historic range. (c) "Watercraft trailer launch" means any public water access site designed for 12.9 12.10 launching watercraft. 12.11 (d) "Watercraft trailer parking space" means a parking space designated for a boat trailer at any public water access site designed for launching watercraft. 12.12 Subd. 2. Distribution. The money appropriated to aquatic invasive species 12.13 prevention aid under this section shall be allocated to all counties in the state as follows: 12.14 50 percent based on each county's share of watercraft trailer launches and 50 percent based 12.15 12.16 on each county's share of watercraft trailer parking spaces. Subd. 3. Use of proceeds. A county that receives a distribution under this section 12.17 12.18 must use the proceeds solely to prevent the introduction or limit the spread of aquatic invasive species at all access sites within the county. The county must establish, by 12.19 resolution or through adoption of a plan, guidelines for the use of the proceeds. The 12.20 guidelines set by the county board may include, but are not limited to, providing for 12.21 site-level management, countywide awareness, and other procedures that the county finds 12.22 necessary to achieve compliance. The county may appropriate the proceeds directly, 12.23 12.24 or may use any portion of the proceeds to provide funding for a joint powers board or cooperative agreement with another political subdivision, a soil and water conservation 12.25 district in the county, a watershed district in the county, or a lake association located 12.26 in the county. Any money appropriated by the county to a different entity or political 12.27 subdivision must be used as required under this section. Each county must submit a 12.28 12.29 copy of its guidelines for use of the proceeds to the Department of Natural Resources by December 31 of the year the payments are received. 12.30 Subd. 4. Payments. The commissioner of revenue must compute the amount of 12.31 aquatic invasive species prevention aid payable to each county under this section. On or 12.32 before August 1 of each year, the commissioner shall certify the amount to be paid to 12.33 12.34 each county in the following year. The commissioner shall pay aquatic invasive species
- 12.35 prevention aid to counties annually at the times provided in section 477A.015. For aid

- 13.1 payable in 2014 only, the commissioner shall certify the amount to be paid to each county
- 13.2 by July 1, 2014, and payment to the counties must be made at the time provided in section
- 13.3 <u>477A.015 for the first installment of local government aid.</u>
- 13.4 Subd. 5. Appropriation. \$4,500,000 in 2014, and \$10,000,000 each year thereafter,
- 13.5 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue to make the
- 13.6 payments required under this section.
- 13.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with aid payable in 2014.

13.8 Sec. 12. <u>ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTAL AID REVISION FOR OMITTED</u> 13.9 2013 INDEPENDENT NONPROFIT FIREFIGHTING CORPORATIONS.

13.10 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 423A, to the

13.11 contrary, this section modifies the allocation of the police and fire supplemental retirement

- 13.12 state aid under Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 423A.022, for October
- 13.13 <u>1, 2014.</u>
- 13.14 (b) Before the allocation of the police and fire supplemental retirement state aid is
 13.15 made for October 1, 2014, the commissioner of revenue shall:
- 13.16 (1) determine those fire departments that qualified for fire state aid under Minnesota
- 13.17 Statutes 2012, section 69.021, subdivision 7, on October 1, 2013, did not receive a 2013
- 13.18 allocation of police and fire supplemental retirement state aid, and were an independent
- 13.19 <u>nonprofit firefighting corporation; and</u>
- 13.20 (2) determine the amount of police and fire supplemental retirement state aid
- 13.21 <u>under Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 423A.022, that the fire departments</u>
- 13.22 described in clause (1) would have received on October 1, 2013, if the fire departments
- 13.23 <u>had been included in that allocation.</u>
- 13.24 (c) The total amount determined in paragraph (b), clause (2), must be deducted from
- 13.25 the amount available for allocation under Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section
- 13.26 <u>423A.022</u>, subdivision 2, clause (2), and the commissioner of revenue shall pay to the fire
- 13.27 departments determined in paragraph (b), clause (1), their respective portion of the total as
- 13.28 an additional payment on October 1, 2014.

13.29 (d) The remaining amount after the deduction of the total amount under paragraph

13.30 (c) must be allocated as provided in section 4.

13.31Sec. 13. SUPPLEMENTAL COUNTY PROGRAM AID FOR 2014.

- 13.32 (a) Each county whose certified aid for 2014 under Minnesota Statutes, section
- 13.33 <u>477A.0124</u>, is less than the aid it received under that section in 2013 shall be eligible for

supplemental aid in 2014 equal to the difference between the amount received in 2013
and the amount certified for 2014.
(b) The aid under this section shall be paid in the same manner and at the same time
as the regular aid payments under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.0124.
(c) The amount necessary to pay supplemental aid under this section is appropriated
from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014.
Sec. 14. SUPPLEMENTAL AGRICULTURAL CREDIT FOR TAXES PAYABLE
<u>IN 2014 ONLY.</u>
Subdivision 1. Eligibility. Each agricultural homestead qualifying for a credit
for taxes payable in 2014 under Minnesota Statutes, section 273.1384, is eligible for a
supplemental credit equal to the lesser of (i) \$205, or (ii) the net property taxes payable on
the property, excluding the taxes attributable to the house, garage, and surrounding one acre
of land. A supplemental credit must not be paid to any property that has delinquent property
taxes. By August 15, 2014, the county auditor must notify the commissioner of revenue of
the name and address of the property owner of each homestead that received an agricultural
credit for taxes payable in 2014, along with the net taxes due upon the agricultural
homestead, whether there are any delinquent taxes on the property, and whatever other
information the commissioner deems necessary, in a form prescribed by the commissioner.
Subd. 2. Payment of supplemental credit. The commissioner must pay
supplemental credit amounts to each qualifying taxpayer by October 15, 2014.
Subd. 3. Property tax statements for taxes payable in 2015. In preparing
proposed property tax notices for taxes payable in 2015 under Minnesota Statutes, section
275.065, and final property tax statements for taxes payable in 2015 under Minnesota
Statutes, section 276.04, the auditor must indicate that the taxpayer may have received a
supplemental credit under this section for taxes payable in 2014.
Subd. 4. Appropriation. The amount necessary to make the payments required
under subdivision 2 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue
for fiscal year 2015.
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

14.31 Sec. 15. 2013 CITY AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS; CITY OF BLUFFTON.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the city of 15.1 15.2 Bluffton shall receive the half of its aid payments for calendar years 2011, 2012, and 2013 under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.013, that were withheld under Minnesota 15.3 Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, provided that the state auditor certifies to the 15.4 commissioner of revenue that it received audited financial statements from the city for 15.5 calendar years 2010, 2011, and 2012 by December 31, 2013, and for calendar year 2013 15.6 by June 30, 2014. The commissioner of revenue shall make a payment of \$20,000 with 15.7 the first payment of aids under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.015, in calendar year 15.8 2014. The commissioner shall pay the remaining amount, totaling \$28,151.50, with the 15.9 first payment of aids under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.015, in calendar year 2015. 15.10 \$20,000 in fiscal year 2015 and \$28,151.50 in fiscal year 2016 are appropriated from the 15.11 15.12 general fund to the commissioner of revenue to make payments under this section. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 15.13 Sec. 16. HOMESTEAD CREDIT REFUND AND RENTER PROPERTY TAX 15.14 **REFUND INCREASE.** 15.15 Subdivision 1. Homestead credit refund increase. For claims filed based on taxes 15.16 payable in 2014, the commissioner shall increase by three percent the refund otherwise 15.17 payable under Minnesota Statutes, section 290A.04, subdivision 2. 15.18 Subd. 2. Renter property tax refund increase. For claims filed based on rent paid 15.19 in 2013, the commissioner shall increase by six percent the refund otherwise payable 15.20 under Minnesota Statutes, section 290A.04, subdivision 2a. 15.21 Subd. 3. No notification of appeal rights. In adjusting homestead credit refunds 15.22 and renter property tax refunds under this section, the commissioner is not required to 15.23 15.24 provide information concerning appeal rights that ordinarily must be provided whenever the commissioner adjusts refunds payable under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290A. 15.25 15.26 Taxpayers retain all rights to appeal adjustments under this section. Subd. 4. Appropriation. The amount necessary to make the payments required 15.27 under this section is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue. 15.28 15.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for refund claims based on taxes

15.30 payable in 2014 and rent paid in 2013 only.

16.1

16.2

ARTICLE 2

PROPERTY TAXES

16.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 144F.01, subdivision 4,
16.4 is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Property tax levy authority. The district's board may levy a tax on the 16.5 taxable real and personal property in the district. The ad valorem tax levy may not exceed 16.6 0.048 percent of the estimated market value of the district or \$400,000 \$550,000, whichever 16.7 is less. The proceeds of the levy must be used as provided in subdivision 5. The board shall 16.8 certify the levy at the times as provided under section 275.07. The board shall provide the 16.9 county with whatever information is necessary to identify the property that is located within 16.10 the district. If the boundaries include a part of a parcel, the entire parcel shall be included 16.11 in the district. The county auditors must spread, collect, and distribute the proceeds of the 16.12 tax at the same time and in the same manner as provided by law for all other property taxes. 16.13

16.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for assessments in 2015, taxes

16.15 payable in 2016, and thereafter.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.02, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 16.16 Subd. 10. Personal property used for pollution control. Personal property used 16.17 primarily for the abatement and control of air, water, or land pollution is exempt to the 16.18 extent that it is so used, and real property is exempt if it is used primarily for abatement 16.19 16.20 and control of air, water, or land pollution as part of an agricultural operation, as a part of a centralized treatment and recovery facility operating under a permit issued by the 16.21 Minnesota Pollution Control Agency pursuant to chapters 115 and 116 and Minnesota 16.22 Rules, parts 7001.0500 to 7001.0730, and 7045.0020 to 7045.1260, as a wastewater 16.23 treatment facility and for the treatment, recovery, and stabilization of metals, oils, 16.24 chemicals, water, sludges, or inorganic materials from hazardous industrial wastes, or as 16.25 part of an electric generation system. For purposes of this subdivision, personal property 16.26 includes ponderous machinery and equipment used in a business or production activity 16.27 that at common law is considered real property. 16.28

Any taxpayer requesting exemption of all or a portion of any real property or any equipment or device, or part thereof, operated primarily for the control or abatement of air, water, or land pollution shall file an application with the commissioner of revenue. <u>The commissioner shall develop an electronic means to notify interested parties when</u> <u>electric power generation facilities have filed an application.</u> The Minnesota Pollution 17.1 Control Agency shall upon request of the commissioner furnish information and advice to17.2 the commissioner.

The information and advice furnished by the Minnesota Pollution Control 17.3 Agency must include statements as to whether the equipment, device, or real property 17.4 meets a standard, rule, criteria, guideline, policy, or order of the Minnesota Pollution 17.5 Control Agency, and whether the equipment, device, or real property is installed or 17.6 operated in accordance with it. On determining that property qualifies for exemption, 17.7 the commissioner shall issue an order exempting the property from taxation. The 17.8 commissioner shall develop an electronic means to notify interested parties when 17.9 the commissioner has issued an order exempting property from taxation under this 17.10 subdivision. The equipment, device, or real property shall continue to be exempt from 17.11 17.12 taxation as long as the order issued by the commissioner remains in effect.

17.13

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.02, subdivision 24, is amended to read: 17.14 Subd. 24. Electric power photovoltaic devices Solar energy generating systems. 17.15 Photovoltaic devices Personal property consisting of solar energy generating systems, as 17.16 defined in section 216C.06, subdivision 16, installed after January 1, 1992, and used to 17.17 produce or store electric power are 272.0295, is exempt. If the real property upon which a 17.18 solar energy generating system is located is used primarily for solar energy production 17.19 subject to the production tax under section 272.0295, the real property shall be classified 17.20 as class 3a. If the real property upon which a solar energy generating system is located is 17.21 not used primarily for solar energy production subject to the production tax under section 17.22 272.0295, the real property shall be classified without regard to the system. 17.23

- 17.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for assessments in 2015, taxes
- 17.25 payable in 2016, and thereafter.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.02, subdivision 93, is amended to read:
Subd. 93. Electric generation facility; personal property. Notwithstanding
subdivision 9, clause (a), attached machinery and other personal property that is part of
a simple-cycle electric generation facility of more than 40 megawatts and less than 125
megawatts of installed capacity and that meets the requirements of this subdivision is
exempt. At the time of construction, the facility must:

17.32 (1) utilize natural gas as a primary fuel;

- (2) be located within two miles of parallel existing 36-inch natural gas pipelines and
 an existing 115-kilovolt high-voltage electric transmission line;
- (3) be designed to provide peaking, emergency backup, or contingency services;
 (4) satisfy a resource deficiency identified in an approved integrated resource plan

18.5 filed under section 216B.2422; and

- (5) have an agreement with the host county, township, and school district for
 payment in lieu of personal property taxes to the host county, township, and school district
 for the operating life of the facility. Any amount distributed to the school district is not
 subject to the deductions under section 126C.21.
- 18.10 Construction of the facility must be commenced after January 1, 2010 2015, and
 18.11 before January 1, 2014 2019. Property eligible for this exemption does not include electric
 18.12 transmission lines and interconnections or gas pipelines and interconnections appurtenant
 18.13 to the property or the facility.

18.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessments in 2015, taxes 18.15 payable in 2016, and thereafter.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.0211, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 18.16 Subdivision 1. Efficiency determination and certification. An owner or operator 18.17 of a new or existing electric power generation facility, excluding wind energy conversion 18.18 systems, may apply to the commissioner of revenue for a market value exclusion on the 18.19 property as provided for in this section. This exclusion shall apply only to the market 18.20 value of the equipment of the facility, and shall not apply to the structures and the land 18.21 upon which the facility is located. The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the forms 18.22 and procedures for this application. Upon receiving the application, the commissioner 18.23 18.24 of revenue shall: (1) request the commissioner of commerce to make a determination of the efficiency of the applicant's electric power generation facility; and (2) shall develop 18.25 an electronic means to notify interested parties when electric power generation facilities 18.26 have filed an application. The commissioner of commerce shall calculate efficiency as 18.27 the ratio of useful energy outputs to energy inputs, expressed as a percentage, based 18.28 on the performance of the facility's equipment during normal full load operation. The 18.29 commissioner must include in this formula the energy used in any on-site preparation of 18.30 materials necessary to convert the materials into the fuel used to generate electricity, such as 18.31 a process to gasify petroleum coke. The commissioner shall use the Higher Heating Value 18.32 (HHV) for all substances in the commissioner's efficiency calculations, except for wood 18.33 for fuel in a biomass-eligible project under section 216B.2424; for these instances, the 18.34 18.35 commissioner shall adjust the heating value to allow for energy consumed for evaporation

of the moisture in the wood. The applicant shall provide the commissioner of commerce
with whatever information the commissioner deems necessary to make the determination.
Within 30 days of the receipt of the necessary information, the commissioner of commerce
shall certify the findings of the efficiency determination to the commissioner of revenue
and to the applicant. The commissioner of commerce shall determine the efficiency of the
facility and certify the findings of that determination to the commissioner of revenue every
two years thereafter from the date of the original certification.

19.8

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.0211, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 19.9 Subd. 2. Sliding scale exclusion. Based upon the efficiency determination provided 19.10 19.11 by the commissioner of commerce as described in subdivision 1, the commissioner of revenue shall subtract eight percent of the taxable market value of the qualifying property 19.12 for each percentage point that the efficiency of the specific facility, as determined by the 19.13 commissioner of commerce, is above 40 percent. The reduction in taxable market value 19.14 shall be reflected in the taxable market value of the facility beginning with the assessment 19.15 year immediately following the determination. The commissioner shall develop an 19.16 electronic means to notify interested parties of the qualifying facilities and their respective 19.17 exclusion percentages after the efficiency determination is made by the Department of 19.18 Commerce. For a facility that is assessed by the county in which the facility is located, 19.19 the commissioner of revenue shall certify to the assessor of that county the percentage 19.20 of the taxable market value of the facility to be excluded. 19.21

19.22

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.0211, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Eligibility. An owner or operator of a new or existing electric power
generation facility who offers electric power generated by the facility for sale is eligible
for an exclusion under this section only if:

19.27 (1) the owner or operator has received a certificate of need under section 216B.243,
19.28 if required under that section;

(2) the public utilities commission finds that an agreement exists or a good faith offer
has been made to sell the majority of the net power generated by the facility to an electric
utility which has a demonstrated need for the power. A right of first refusal satisfies the good
faith offer requirement. The commission shall have 90 days from the date the commission
receives notice of the application under subdivision 1 to make this determination; and

(3) the electric utility has agreed in advance not to offer the electric power for resale
to a retail customer located outside of the utility's assigned service area, or, if the utility is
a generation and transmission cooperative electric association, the assigned service area
of its members, unless otherwise permitted by law; and

- 20.5 (4) for any facility that was not certified as eligible for an exclusion under
 20.6 subdivision 2 for property taxes payable in 2015, the facility must be converted from
 20.7 coal to an alternative fuel and must have a nameplate capacity prior to conversion of
- 20.8 less than 75 megawatts.

For the purposes of this subdivision, "electric utility" means an entity whose primary business function is to operate, maintain, or control equipment or facilities for providing electric service at retail or wholesale, and includes distribution cooperative electric associations, generation and transmission cooperative electric associations, municipal utilities, and public utilities as defined in section 216B.02, subdivision 4.

20.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This is section is effective for assessment year 2015 and
 20.15 thereafter.

20.16 Sec. 8. [272.0295] SOLAR ENERGY PRODUCTION TAX. 20.17 Subdivision 1. Production tax. A tax is imposed on the production of electricity 20.18 from a solar energy generating system used as an electric power source.

20.19 Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the term "solar energy

20.20 generating system" means a set of devices whose primary purpose is to produce electricity

20.21 by means of any combination of collecting, transferring, or converting solar generated
 20.22 energy.

20.23 (b) The total size of a solar energy generating system under this subdivision shall
 20.24 be determined according to this paragraph. Unless the systems are interconnected with
 20.25 different distribution systems, the nameplate capacity of a solar energy generating system

- 20.26 <u>shall be combined with the nameplate capacity of any other solar energy generating</u>
- 20.27 system that is:

20.28 (1) constructed within the same 12-month period as the solar energy generating 20.29 system; and

20.30 (2) exhibits characteristics of being a single development, including but not

20.31 limited to ownership structure, an umbrella sales arrangement, shared interconnection,

- 20.32 revenue-sharing arrangements, and common debt or equity financing.
- 20.33 In the case of a dispute, the commissioner of commerce shall determine the total size of
- 20.34 the system and shall draw all reasonable inferences in favor of combining the systems.

H.F. No. 3167, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/16/14 12:21 AM [CCRHF3167A]

(c) In making a determination under paragraph (b), the commissioner of commerce 21.1 may determine that two solar energy generating systems are under common ownership 21.2 when the underlying ownership structure contains similar persons or entities, even if the 21.3 ownership shares differ between the two systems. Solar energy generating systems are 21.4 not under common ownership solely because the same person or entity provided equity 21.5 financing for the systems. 21.6 21.7 Subd. 3. Rate of tax. (a) For a solar energy generating system with a capacity exceeding one megawatt alternating current, the tax is \$1.20 per megawatt-hour. 21.8 (b) A solar energy generating system with a capacity of one megawatt alternating 21.9 current or less is exempt from the tax imposed under this section. 21.10 Subd. 4. Reports. An owner of a solar energy generating system subject to tax 21.11 21.12 under this section shall file a report with the commissioner of revenue annually on or before January 15 detailing the amount of electricity in megawatt-hours that was produced 21.13 by the system in the previous calendar year. The commissioner shall prescribe the form 21.14 21.15 of the report. The report must contain the information required by the commissioner to determine the tax due to each county under this section for the current year. If an owner 21.16 of a solar energy generating system subject to taxation under this section fails to file the 21.17 report by the due date, the commissioner of revenue shall determine the tax based upon 21.18 the nameplate capacity of the system multiplied by a capacity factor of 30 percent. 21.19 Subd. 5. Notification of tax. (a) On or before February 28, the commissioner of 21.20 revenue shall notify the owner of each solar energy generating system of the tax due to 21.21 each county for the current year and shall certify to the county auditor of each county in 21.22 21.23 which the system is located the tax due from each owner for the current year. 21.24 (b) If the commissioner of revenue determines that the amount of production tax has been erroneously calculated, the commissioner may correct the error. The commissioner 21.25 21.26 must notify the owner of the solar energy generating system of the correction and the amount of tax due to each county and must certify the correction to the county auditor of 21.27 each county in which the system is located on or before April 1 of the current year. 21.28 Subd. 6. Payment of tax; collection. The amount of production tax determined 21.29 under subdivision 5 must be paid to the county treasurer at the time and in the manner 21.30 provided for payment of property taxes under section 277.01, subdivision 3, and, if unpaid, 21.31 is subject to the same enforcement, collection, and interest and penalties as delinquent 21.32 personal property taxes. Except to the extent inconsistent with this section, the provisions 21.33 of sections 277.01 to 277.24 and 278.01 to 278.14 apply to the taxes imposed under this 21.34 21.35 section, and for purposes of those provisions, the taxes imposed under this section are considered personal property taxes. 21.36

Subd. 7. Distribution of revenues. Revenues from the taxes imposed under this section must be part of the settlement between the county treasurer and the county auditor under section 276.09. The revenue must be distributed by the county auditor or the county treasurer to local taxing jurisdictions in which the solar energy generating system is located as follows: 80 percent to counties; and 20 percent to cities and townships.

22.6

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2015.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Real property. (a) For the purposes of taxation, "real property"
includes the land itself, rails, ties, and other track materials annexed to the land, and all
buildings, structures, and improvements or other fixtures on it, bridges of bridge companies,
and all rights and privileges belonging or appertaining to the land, and all mines, iron ore
and taconite minerals not otherwise exempt, quarries, fossils, and trees on or under it.

(b) A building or structure shall include the building or structure itself, together with
all improvements or fixtures annexed to the building or structure, which are integrated
with and of permanent benefit to the building or structure, regardless of the present use
of the building, and which cannot be removed without substantial damage to itself or to
the building or structure.

(c)(i) Real property does not include tools, implements, machinery, and equipment
attached to or installed in real property for use in the business or production activity
conducted thereon, regardless of size, weight or method of attachment, and mine shafts,
tunnels, and other underground openings used to extract ores and minerals taxed under
chapter 298 together with steel, concrete, and other materials used to support such openings.

(ii) The exclusion provided in clause (i) shall not apply to machinery and equipment
includable as real estate by paragraphs (a) and (b) even though such machinery and
equipment is used in the business or production activity conducted on the real property if
and to the extent such business or production activity consists of furnishing services or
products to other buildings or structures which are subject to taxation under this chapter.

(iii) The exclusion provided in clause (i) does not apply to the exterior shell of a
structure which constitutes walls, ceilings, roofs, or floors if the shell of the structure has
structural, insulation, or temperature control functions or provides protection from the
elements, unless the structure is primarily used in the production of biofuels, wine, beer,
distilled beverages, or dairy products. Such an exterior shell is included in the definition
of real property even if it also has special functions distinct from that of a building, or if
such an exterior shell is primarily used for the storage of ingredients or materials used in

the production of biofuels, wine, beer, distilled beverages, or dairy products, or for the

23.2 storage of finished biofuels, wine, beer, distilled beverages, or dairy products.

(d) The term real property does not include tools, implements, machinery,
equipment, poles, lines, cables, wires, conduit, and station connections which are part of a
telephone communications system, regardless of attachment to or installation in real
property and regardless of size, weight, or method of attachment or installation.

23.7

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2015.

23.8 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.13, subdivision 34, is amended to read:

Subd. 34. Homestead of disabled veteran or family caregiver. (a) All or a 23.9 portion of the market value of property owned by a veteran and serving as the veteran's 23.10 23.11 homestead under this section is excluded in determining the property's taxable market value if the veteran has a service-connected disability of 70 percent or more as certified 23.12 by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for exclusion under this 23.13 subdivision, the veteran must have been honorably discharged from the United States 23.14 armed forces, as indicated by United States Government Form DD214 or other official 23.15 military discharge papers. 23.16

23.17 (b)(1) For a disability rating of 70 percent or more, \$150,000 of market value is
23.18 excluded, except as provided in clause (2); and

23.19 (2) for a total (100 percent) and permanent disability, \$300,000 of market value is23.20 excluded.

(c) If a disabled veteran qualifying for a valuation exclusion under paragraph (b),
clause (2), predeceases the veteran's spouse, and if upon the death of the veteran the spouse
holds the legal or beneficial title to the homestead and permanently resides there, the
exclusion shall carry over to the benefit of the veteran's spouse for the current taxes payable
year and for five eight additional taxes payable years or until such time as the spouse
remarries, or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, whichever comes first.
Qualification under this paragraph requires an annual application under paragraph (h).

(d) If the spouse of a member of any branch or unit of the United States armed
forces who dies due to a service-connected cause while serving honorably in active
service, as indicated on United States Government Form DD1300 or DD2064, holds the
legal or beneficial title to a homestead and permanently resides there, the spouse is entitled
to the benefit described in paragraph (b), clause (2), for five eight taxes payable years,
or until such time as the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the
property, whichever comes first.

(e) If a veteran meets the disability criteria of paragraph (a) but does not own
property classified as homestead in the state of Minnesota, then the homestead of the
veteran's primary family caregiver, if any, is eligible for the exclusion that the veteran
would otherwise qualify for under paragraph (b).

(f) In the case of an agricultural homestead, only the portion of the property
consisting of the house and garage and immediately surrounding one acre of land qualifies
for the valuation exclusion under this subdivision.

(g) A property qualifying for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision is not
eligible for the market value exclusion under subdivision 35, or classification under
subdivision 22, paragraph (b).

(h) To qualify for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision a property owner
must apply to the assessor by July 1 of each assessment year, except that an annual
reapplication is not required once a property has been accepted for a valuation exclusion
under paragraph (a) and qualifies for the benefit described in paragraph (b), clause (2), and
the property continues to qualify until there is a change in ownership. For an application
received after July 1 of any calendar year, the exclusion shall become effective for the
following assessment year.

(i) A first-time application by a qualifying spouse for the market value exclusion under
paragraph (d) must be made any time within two years of the death of the service member.

24.20 (j) For purposes of this subdivision:

(1) "active service" has the meaning given in section 190.05;

24.22 (2) "own" means that the person's name is present as an owner on the property deed;

(3) "primary family caregiver" means a person who is approved by the secretary of
the United States Department of Veterans Affairs for assistance as the primary provider
of personal care services for an eligible veteran under the Program of Comprehensive
Assistance for Family Caregivers, codified as United States Code, title 38, section 1720G;
and

24.28

24.21

(4) "veteran" has the meaning given the term in section 197.447.

(k) The purpose of this provision of law providing a level of homestead property tax
relief for gravely disabled veterans, their primary family caregivers, and their surviving
spouses is to help ease the burdens of war for those among our state's citizens who bear
those burdens most heavily.

24.33 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2015, and
24.34 applies to homesteads that initially qualified for the exclusion for taxes payable in 2009
24.35 and thereafter.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 275.065, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Proposed levy. (a) Notwithstanding any law or charter to the
contrary, on or before September 15 30, each taxing authority, other than a school district,
shall adopt a proposed budget and county and each home rule charter or statutory city shall
certify to the county auditor the proposed or, in the case of a town, the final property tax
levy for taxes payable in the following year.

(b) Notwithstanding any law or charter to the contrary, on or before September 15,
each town and each special taxing district shall adopt and certify to the county auditor a
proposed property tax levy for taxes payable in the following year. For towns, the final
certified levy shall also be considered the proposed levy.

25.11 (c) On or before September 30, each school district that has not mutually agreed 25.12 with its home county to extend this date shall certify to the county auditor the proposed 25.13 property tax levy for taxes payable in the following year. Each school district that has 25.14 agreed with its home county to delay the certification of its proposed property tax levy 25.15 must certify its proposed property tax levy for the following year no later than October 25.16 7. The school district shall certify the proposed levy as:

25.17 (1) a specific dollar amount by school district fund, broken down between
25.18 voter-approved and non-voter-approved levies and between referendum market value
25.19 and tax capacity levies; or

25.20 (2) the maximum levy limitation certified by the commissioner of educationaccording to section 126C.48, subdivision 1.

25.22 (e) (d) If the board of estimate and taxation or any similar board that establishes
25.23 maximum tax levies for taxing jurisdictions within a first class city certifies the maximum
25.24 property tax levies for funds under its jurisdiction by charter to the county auditor by
25.25 September 15 the date specified in paragraph (a), the city shall be deemed to have certified
25.26 its levies for those taxing jurisdictions.

25.27 (d) (e) For purposes of this section, "taxing authority" includes all home rule and
25.28 statutory cities, towns, counties, school districts, and "special taxing district" means a
25.29 special taxing districts district as defined in section 275.066. Intermediate school districts
25.30 that levy a tax under chapter 124 or 136D, joint powers boards established under sections
25.31 123A.44 to 123A.446, and Common School Districts No. 323, Franconia, and No. 815,
25.32 Prinsburg, are also special taxing districts for purposes of this section.

25.33 (e) (f) At the meeting at which the <u>a</u> taxing authority, other than a town, adopts its
proposed tax levy under paragraph (a) or (b) this subdivision, the taxing authority shall
announce the time and place of its subsequent regularly scheduled meetings at which
the budget and levy will be discussed and at which the public will be allowed to speak.

The time and place of those meetings must be included in the proceedings or summary of proceedings published in the official newspaper of the taxing authority under section 123B.09, 375.12, or 412.191.

26.4

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2015.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 279.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 26.5 Subd. 2. Composite judgment. Amounts included in composite judgments 26.6 authorized by section 279.37, subdivision 1, and confessed on or after July 1, 1982, are 26.7 subject to interest at the rate determined pursuant to section 549.09. Amounts confessed 26.8 under this authority after December 31, 1990, (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), 26.9 amounts included in composite judgments authorized by section 279.37, subdivision 1, are 26.10 26.11 subject to interest at the rate calculated under subdivision 1a. During each calendar year, interest shall accrue on the unpaid balance of the composite judgment from the time it is 26.12 confessed until it is paid. The rate of interest is subject to change each year in the same 26.13 manner that section 549.09 or subdivision 1a, whichever is applicable, for rate changes. 26.14 Interest on the unpaid contract balance on judgments confessed before July 1, 1982, 26.15 26.16 is payable at the rate applicable to the judgment at the time that it was confessed. The interest rate established at the time the judgment is confessed is fixed for the duration of 26.17 that judgment. 26.18 (b) A confession of judgment covering any part of a parcel classified as 1a or 1b, 26.19 and used as the homestead of the owner, is subject to interest at the rate provided in 26.20 section 279.37, subdivision 2, paragraph (b). This paragraph does not apply to a relative 26.21 homestead under section 273.124, subdivision 1, paragraph (c). 26.22
- 26.23 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for confession judgments entered
 26.24 into on or after January 1, 2015.
- 26.25 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 279.37, subdivision 2, is 26.26 amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Installment payments.** (a) The owner of any such parcel, or any person to whom the right to pay taxes has been given by statute, mortgage, or other agreement, may make and file with the county auditor of the county in which the parcel is located a written offer to pay the current taxes each year before they become delinquent, or to contest the taxes under Minnesota Statutes 1941, sections 278.01 to 278.13, and agree to confess judgment for the amount provided, as determined by the county auditor. By filing the offer, the owner waives all irregularities in connection with the tax proceedings affecting

the parcel and any defense or objection which the owner may have to the proceedings, and 27.1 also waives the requirements of any notice of default in the payment of any installment or 27.2 interest to become due pursuant to the composite judgment to be so entered. Unless the 27.3 property is subject to subdivision 1a, with the offer, the owner shall (i) tender one-tenth of 27.4 the amount of the delinquent taxes, costs, penalty, and interest, and (ii) tender all current 27.5 year taxes and penalty due at the time the confession of judgment is entered. In the offer, 27.6 the owner shall agree to pay the balance in nine equal installments, with interest as provided 27.7 in section 279.03, payable annually on installments remaining unpaid from time to time, on 27.8 or before December 31 of each year following the year in which judgment was confessed. 27.9 (b) For property which qualifies under section 279.03, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), 27.10 each year the commissioner shall set the interest rate for offers made under paragraph (a) 27.11 27.12 at the greater of five percent or two percent above the prime rate charged by banks during the six-month period ending on September 30 of that year, rounded to the nearest full 27.13 percent, provided that the rate must not exceed the maximum annum rate specified under 27.14 27.15 section 279.03, subdivision 1a. The rate of interest becomes effective on January 1 of the immediately succeeding year. The commissioner's determination under this subdivision is 27.16 not a rule subject to the Administrative Procedure Act in chapter 14, including section 27.17 14.386. If a default occurs in the payments under any confessed judgment entered under 27.18 this paragraph, the taxes and penalties due are subject to the interest rate specified in 27.19 27.20 section 279.03. For the purposes of this subdivision: 27.21 (1) the term "prime rate charged by banks" means the average predominant prime 27.22 rate quoted by commercial banks to large businesses, as determined by the Board of 27.23 Governors of the Federal Reserve System; and 27.24 (2) "default" means the cancellation of the confession of judgment due to 27.25 27.26 nonpayment of the current year tax or failure to make any installment payment required by this confessed judgment within 60 days from the date on which payment was due. 27.27 (c) The interest rate established at the time judgment is confessed is fixed for the 27.28 duration of the judgment. By October 15 of each year, the commissioner of revenue must 27.29 determine the rate of interest as provided under paragraph (b) and, by November 1 of each 27.30 year, must certify the rate to the county auditor. 27.31 (d) A qualified property owner eligible to enter into a second confession of judgment 27.32 may do so at the interest rate provided in paragraph (b). 27.33 (e) Repurchase agreements or contracts for repurchase for properties being 27.34 repurchased under section 282.261 are not eligible to receive the interest rate under 27.35 27.36 paragraph (b).

- 28.1 (f) The offer must be substantially as follows:
- 28.2 "To the court administrator of the district court of county, I,,
 28.3 am the owner of the following described parcel of real estate located in
 28.4 county, Minnesota:
- 28.5 prior years, as follows: (here insert year of delinquency and the total amount of delinquent 28.6 taxes, costs, interest, and penalty). By signing this document I offer to confess judgment in 28.7 the sum of \$..... and waive all irregularities in the tax proceedings affecting these taxes and 28.8 any defense or objection which I may have to them, and direct judgment to be entered for 28.9 the amount stated above, minus the sum of \$....., to be paid with this document, which 28.10 is one-tenth or one-fifth of the amount of the taxes, costs, penalty, and interest stated above. 28.11 I agree to pay the balance of the judgment in nine or four equal, annual installments, with 28.12 interest as provided in section 279.03, payable annually, on the installments remaining 28.13 unpaid. I agree to pay the installments and interest on or before December 31 of each year 28.14 28.15 following the year in which this judgment is confessed and current taxes each year before they become delinquent, or within 30 days after the entry of final judgment in proceedings 28.16 to contest the taxes under Minnesota Statutes, sections 278.01 to 278.13. 28.17
- 28.18 Dated"

28.19 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section shall be effective for confession judgments 28.20 entered into on or after January 1, 2015.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 383E.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Authority to <u>levy property taxes and incur debt.</u> (a) To finance the cost of designing, constructing, and acquiring countywide public safety improvements and equipment, including personal property, benefiting both Anoka County and the municipalities located within Anoka County, the governing body of Anoka County may <u>levy property taxes for public safety improvements and equipment, and issue:</u>

- (1) capital improvement bonds under the provisions of section 373.40 as if the
 infrastructure and equipment qualified as a "capital improvement" within the meaning of
 section 373.40, subdivision 1, paragraph (b); and
- (2) capital notes under the provisions of section 373.01, subdivision 3, as if the
 equipment qualified as "capital equipment" within the meaning of section 373.01,
 subdivision 3. Personal property acquired with the proceeds of the bonds or capital
 notes issued under this section must have an expected useful life at least as long as the
 term of debt.

(b) The outstanding principal amount of the bonds and the capital notes issued under
this section may not exceed \$8,000,000 at any time. Any bonds or notes issued pursuant
to this section must only be issued after approval by a majority vote of the Anoka County
Joint Law Enforcement Council, a joint powers board.

29.5 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxes payable in
 29.6 2013 and thereafter and expires under Minnesota Statutes, section 383E.21, subdivision 3.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 383E.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 29.7 Subd. 2. Treatment of levy. Notwithstanding sections 275.065, subdivision 3, 29.8 and 276.04, the county may report the tax attributable to any levy to fund public safety 29.9 capital improvements or equipment projects approved by the Anoka County Joint Law 29.10 29.11 Enforcement Council or pay principal and interest on bonds or notes issued under this section as a separate line item on the proposed property tax notice and the property tax 29.12 statement. Notwithstanding any provision in chapter 275 or 373 to the contrary, bonds or 29.13 notes issued by Anoka County under this section must not be included in the computation 29.14 of the net debt of Anoka County. 29.15

29.16 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxes payable in
29.17 2013 and thereafter and expires under Minnesota Statutes, section 383E.21, subdivision 3.

Sec. 16. Laws 1999, chapter 243, article 14, section 5, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 29.18 Subdivision 1. Board plan and program. The board shall adopt a comprehensive 29.19 29.20 plan for the collection, treatment, and disposal of sewage in the district for a designated period the board deems proper and reasonable. The board shall prepare and adopt 29.21 subsequent comprehensive plans for the collection, treatment, and disposal of sewage 29.22 29.23 in the district for each succeeding designated period as the board deems proper and reasonable. All comprehensive plans of the district shall be subject to the planning 29.24 and zoning authority of Scott county and in conformance with all planning and zoning 29.25 ordinances of Scott county. The first plan, as modified by the board, and any subsequent 29.26 plan shall take into account the preservation and best and most economic use of water and 29.27 other natural resources in the area; the preservation, use, and potential for use of lands 29.28 adjoining waters of the state to be used for the disposal of sewage; and the impact the 29.29 disposal system will have on present and future land use in the area affected. In no case 29.30 shall the comprehensive plan provide for more than 325 364 connections to the disposal 29.31 system. All connections must be charged a full assessment. Connections made after the 29.32 initial assessment period ends must be charged an amount equal to the initial assessment 29.33

plus an adjustment for inflation and plus any other charges determined to be reasonable 30.1 30.2 and necessary by the board. Deferred assessments may be permitted, as provided for in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 429. The plans shall include the general location of needed 30.3 interceptors and treatment works, a description of the area that is to be served by the 30.4 various interceptors and treatment works, a long-range capital improvements program, and 30.5 any other details as the board deems appropriate. In developing the plans, the board shall 30.6 consult with persons designated for the purpose by governing bodies of any governmental 30.7 unit within the district to represent the entities and shall consider the data, resources, and 30.8 input offered to the board by the entities and any planning agency acting on behalf of one 30.9 or more of the entities. Each plan, when adopted, must be followed in the district and may 30.10 be revised as often as the board deems necessary. 30.11

30.12 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of
 30.13 the Cedar Lake area water and sanitary sewer district and its chief clerical officer timely

30.14 <u>complete their compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.</u>

30.15 Sec. 17. <u>HELENA TOWNSHIP, SCOTT COUNTY; REMOVAL OF</u> 30.16 SUBORDINATE SERVICE DISTRICT.

30.17 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Application. This section applies to the subordinate service district
 30.18 <u>established in Helena Township, Scott County, for the Silver Maple Bay Estates, under</u>
 30.19 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 365A.

Subd. 2. Special provision for removal of the district. Notwithstanding the 30.20 requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 365A.095, subdivision 2, if the district is 30.21 removed as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 365A.095, subdivision 1, after all 30.22 outstanding obligations of the district have been paid in full, the town board may vote to 30.23 sell or use the surplus of any land or equipment, or the surplus of any tax revenue or service 30.24 charge, or any part of it, collected from or associated with the district to connect the owners 30.25 of any property within the discontinued district to another public sewer system. Any 30.26 surplus not used to connect residents to such sewer system may be distributed equally to 30.27 the owners of any property within the discontinued district that were charged the extra tax 30.28 or service fee during the most recent tax year for which the tax or service fee was imposed. 30.29 Any surplus not refunded under this section must be transferred to the town's general fund. 30.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 30.31

30.32 Sec. 18. CITY OF JACKSON; LIMITATION ON ABATEMENTS.

- 31.1 Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1813, subdivision
- 31.2 8, the total amount of property taxes abated by the city of Jackson in any year under
- 31.3 Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1813, may not exceed the greater of (1) ten percent of
- 31.4 <u>the city's net tax capacity for the taxes payable year to which the abatement applies; or</u>
- $31.5 \quad (2) \$240,000.$

31.6 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2015 through
31.7 taxes payable in 2019.

31.8 Sec. 19. STUDY OF ENERGY PRODUCING SYSTEMS.

- (a) The commissioner of revenue shall prepare a report on the taxation of electric 31.9 energy producing systems in the state of Minnesota, including both traditional and 31.10 31.11 renewable energy sources. For purposes of this study, traditional sources include coal, 31.12 nuclear, and natural gas production and renewable sources include, but are not limited to, solar, wind, biomass, and hydro. 31.13 (b) The report must, to the extent practicable under the appropriation and the time 31.14 available: 31.15 (1) describe, analyze, and compare the various methods by which the personal and 31.16 real property of energy producing systems, using both traditional and renewable energy 31.17 31.18 sources, are taxed under the property tax; (2) describe, analyze, and compare the availability of any exclusions, exemptions, 31.19 or payment-in-lieu of taxation arrangements that apply to the systems and relative tax 31.20 and economic effects of the arrangements; 31.21 (3) evaluate the extent to which host political subdivisions and communities are 31.22 compensated under the existing Minnesota property tax system for the external costs 31.23 31.24 that the various types of production facilities impose on the host political subdivisions 31.25 and communities; (4) compare the net cost of property and other taxes per unit of energy produced in 31.26 Minnesota compared to its border states, for both traditional and renewable energy sources; 31.27 (5) develop and evaluate alternative tax or fee systems for appropriately 31.28 31.29 compensating host political subdivisions and communities for the external costs imposed by the facilities; and 31.30
- 31.31 (6) make recommendations for the taxation of solar energy producing systems,
- 31.32 including both real and personal property.
- 31.33 (c) The commissioner shall report the findings of the study to the committees of the
- 31.34 house of representatives and senate having jurisdiction over taxes by February 1, 2015,
- 31.35 and file the report as required by Minnesota Statutes, section 3.195.

- 32.1 (d) \$150,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2015 to the
 32.2 commissioner of revenue for purposes of preparing the report under this section. This is a
 32.3 onetime appropriation and is not added to the base budget.
- 32.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

32.5 Sec. 20. <u>STUDY OF NORTH DAKOTA OIL PRODUCTION; IMPACT ON</u> 32.6 MINNESOTA.

- 32.7 (a) \$250,000 in fiscal year 2015 is appropriated from the general fund to the
 32.8 commissioner of employment and economic development, in consultation with the
 32.9 commissioner of revenue and the commissioner of transportation, to finance a study and
 32.10 analysis of the effects of current and projected oil production in North Dakota on the
 32.11 Minnesota economy with special focus on the northwestern region of Minnesota and area
- 32.12 <u>border cities as provided in paragraph (b).</u>
- 32.13 (b) The study and analysis must address:

32.14 (1) current and projected economic, fiscal, and demographic effects and issues;

- 32.15 (2) direct and indirect costs and benefits and positive and negative effects, including
- 32.16 <u>those upon workforce, taxation, and transportation, including the transportation of</u>
- 32.17 passengers and agricultural products by railroads; and
- 32.18 (3) economic challenges and opportunities for economic growth or diversification.
 32.19 (c) The study must be objective, evidence-based, and designed to produce empirical
- 32.20 data. Study data must be utilized to formulate policy recommendations on how the state,
- 32.21 the northwestern region of the state, and border cities may respond to the challenges and
- 32.22 <u>opportunities for economic growth and financial investment that may be derived from the</u>
- 32.23 regional economic changes that are the result of oil production in North Dakota.
- 32.24 (d) For the purposes of this section, "border cities" has the meaning given in
 32.25 Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1731.
- 32.26 (e) The study and analysis must be conducted by an independent entity with
- 32.27 demonstrated knowledge in the following areas:
- 32.28 (1) the economy and demography of Minnesota;
- 32.29 (2) the domestic and foreign oil industry; and
- 32.30 (3) technologies, markets, and geopolitical factors that have an impact on current
- 32.31 and future oil production in the region.
- 32.32 (f) The commissioner shall report on the findings and recommendations of the study
- 32.33 to the committees of the house of representatives and senate having jurisdiction over
- 32.34 economic development, workforce issues, and taxation by February 15, 2015.

33.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
33.2	ARTICLE 3
33.3	SALES, USE, AND EXCISE TAXES
33.4	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 116J.8738, subdivision 2,
33.5	is amended to read:
33.6	Subd. 2. Qualified business. (a) A business is a qualified business if it satisfies the
33.7	requirement of this paragraph and is not disqualified under the provisions of paragraph
33.8	(b). To qualify, the business must:
33.9	(1) have operated its trade or business in a city or cities in greater Minnesota for at
33.10	least one year before applying under subdivision 3;
33.11	(2) pay or agree to pay in the future each employee compensation, including benefits
33.12	not mandated by law, that on an annualized basis equal at least 120 percent of the federal
33.13	poverty level for a family of four;
33.14	(3) plan and agree to expand its employment in one or more cities in greater Minnesota
33.15	by the minimum number of employees required under subdivision 3, paragraph (c); and
33.16	(4) have received certification from the commissioner under subdivision 3 that
33.17	it is a qualified business.
33.18	(b) A business is not a qualified business if it is either:
33.19	(1) primarily engaged in making retail sales to purchasers who are physically present
33.20	at the business's location or locations in greater Minnesota; or
33.21	(2) a public utility, as defined in section 336B.01; or
33.22	(3) primarily engaged in lobbying; gambling; entertainment; professional sports;
33.23	political consulting; leisure; hospitality; or professional services provided by attorneys,
33.24	accountants, business consultants, physicians, or health care consultants.
33.25	(c) The requirements in paragraph (a) that the business's operations and expansion
33.26	be located in a city do not apply to an agricultural processing facility.
33.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
33.28	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 116J.8738, subdivision 3, is
33.29	amended to read:
33.30	Subd. 3. Certification of qualified business. (a) A business may apply to the
33.31	commissioner for certification as a qualified business under this section. The commissioner
33.32	shall specify the form of the application, the manner and times for applying, and the

- information required to be included in the application. The commissioner may impose an
- 33.34 application fee in an amount sufficient to defray the commissioner's cost of processing

34.1 certifications. A business must file a copy of its application with the chief clerical officer
34.2 of the city at the same time it applies to the commissioner. For an agricultural processing
34.3 facility located outside the boundaries of a city, the business must file a copy of the
34.4 application with the county auditor.

34.5

.5 (b) The commissioner shall certify each business as a qualified business that:

34.6 (1) satisfies the requirements of subdivision 2;

- 34.7 (2) the commissioner determines would not expand its operations in greater
 34.8 Minnesota without the tax incentives available under subdivision 4; and
- 34.9 (3) enters a business subsidy agreement with the commissioner that pledges to
 34.10 satisfy the minimum expansion requirements of paragraph (c) within three years or less
 34.11 following execution of the agreement.
- The commissioner must act on an application within <u>60 90</u> days after its filing. Failure by the commissioner to take action within the <u>60-day 90-day</u> period is deemed approval of the application.
- 34.15 (c) The following minimum expansion requirements apply, based on the number of
 34.16 employees of the business at locations in greater Minnesota:
- 34.17 (1) a business that employs 50 or fewer full-time equivalent employees in greater
 34.18 Minnesota when the agreement is executed must increase its employment by five or more
 34.19 full-time equivalent employees;
- 34.20 (2) a business that employs more than 50 but fewer than 200 full-time equivalent
 34.21 employees in greater Minnesota when the agreement is executed must increase the number
 34.22 of its full-time equivalent employees in greater Minnesota by at least ten percent; or
- 34.23 (3) a business that employs 200 or more full-time equivalent employees in greater
 34.24 Minnesota when the agreement is executed must increase its employment by at least 21
 34.25 full-time equivalent employees (c) The business must increase the number of full-time
 34.26 equivalent employees in greater Minnesota from the time the business subsidy agreement
 34.27 is executed by two employees or ten percent, whichever is greater.
- (d) The city, or a county for an agricultural processing facility located outside the
 boundaries of a city, in which the business proposes to expand its operations may file
 comments supporting or opposing the application with the commissioner. The comments
 must be filed within 30 days after receipt by the city of the application and may include a
 notice of any contribution the city or county intends to make to encourage or support the
 business expansion, such as the use of tax increment financing, property tax abatement,
 additional city or county services, or other financial assistance.
- 34.35 (e) Certification of a qualified business is effective for the <u>12-year seven-year</u> period
 34.36 beginning on the first day of the calendar month immediately following execution of

35.1 the business subsidy agreement the date that the commissioner informs the business of
35.2 the award of the benefit.

35.3

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

35.4 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 116J.8738, subdivision 4, is 35.5 amended to read:

Subd. 4. Available tax incentives. A qualified business is entitled to a sales tax exemption, <u>up to \$2,000,000 annually and \$10,000,000 during the total period of the</u> agreement, as provided in section 297A.68, subdivision 44, for purchases made during the period the business was certified as a qualified business under this section. <u>The</u> <u>commissioner has discretion to set the maximum amounts of the annual and total sales tax</u> exemption allowed for each qualifying business as part of the business subsidy agreement.

35.12

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

35.13 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 289A.20, subdivision 4, is 35.14 amended to read:

Subd. 4. Sales and use tax. (a) The taxes imposed by chapter 297A are due and
payable to the commissioner monthly on or before the 20th day of the month following the
month in which the taxable event occurred, or following another reporting period as the
commissioner prescribes or as allowed under section 289A.18, subdivision 4, paragraph
(f) or (g), except that use taxes due on an annual use tax return as provided under section
289A.11, subdivision 1, are payable by April 15 following the close of the calendar year.
(b) A vendor having a liability of \$120,000 \$250,000 or more during a fiscal year

- ending June 30 must remit the June liability for the next year in the following manner:
- 35.23 (1) Two business days before June 30 of the year, the vendor must remit <u>90 81.4</u>
 35.24 percent of the estimated June liability to the commissioner.

35.25 (2) On or before August 20 of the year, the vendor must pay any additional amount
of tax not remitted in June.

35.27

(c) A vendor having a liability of:

(1) \$10,000 or more, but less than \$120,000 \$250,000 during a fiscal year ending
June 30, 2013, and fiscal years thereafter, must remit by electronic means all liabilities
on returns due for periods beginning in all subsequent calendar years on or before the
20th day of the month following the month in which the taxable event occurred, or on
or before the 20th day of the month following the month in which the sale is reported
under section 289A.18, subdivision 4; or

(2) \$120,000 \$250,000 or more, during a fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 2013, 36.1 and fiscal years thereafter, must remit by electronic means all liabilities in the manner 36.2 provided in paragraph (a) on returns due for periods beginning in the subsequent calendar 36.3 year, except for 90 81.4 percent of the estimated June liability, which is due two business 36.4 days before June 30. The remaining amount of the June liability is due on August 20. 36.5 (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) or (c), a person prohibited by the person's 36.6 religious beliefs from paying electronically shall be allowed to remit the payment by mail. 36.7 The filer must notify the commissioner of revenue of the intent to pay by mail before 36.8

doing so on a form prescribed by the commissioner. No extra fee may be charged to a
person making payment by mail under this paragraph. The payment must be postmarked
at least two business days before the due date for making the payment in order to be
considered paid on a timely basis.

36.13

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes remitted after May 30, 2014.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.60, subdivision 15, is amended to read: 36.14 Subd. 15. Accelerated payment of June sales tax liability; penalty for 36.15 underpayment. For payments made after December 31, 2006 2013, if a vendor is 36.16 required by law to submit an estimation of June sales tax liabilities and 90 81.4 percent 36.17 payment by a certain date, the vendor shall pay a penalty equal to ten percent of the 36.18 amount of actual June liability required to be paid in June less the amount remitted in 36.19 June. The penalty must not be imposed, however, if the amount remitted in June equals 36.20 the lesser of 90 81.4 percent of the preceding May's liability or 90 81.4 percent of the 36.21 average monthly liability for the previous calendar year. 36.22

36.23

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes remitted after May 30, 2014.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.67, subdivision 13a, is amended to read: 36.24 Subd. 13a. Instructional materials. Instructional materials, other than textbooks, 36.25 that are prescribed for use in conjunction with a course of study in a postsecondary school, 36.26 college, university, or private career school to students who are regularly enrolled at such 36.27 institutions are exempt. For purposes of this subdivision, "instructional materials" means 36.28 materials required to be used directly in the completion of the course of study, including, 36.29 but not limited to, interactive CDs, tapes, digital audio works, digital audiovisual works, 36.30 and computer software. 36.31

Instructional materials do not include general reference works or other items
 incidental to the instructional process such as pens, pencils, paper, folders, or computers.

- 37.1 For purposes of this subdivision, "school" and "private career school" have the meanings
- 37.2 given in subdivision 13.
- 37.3

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.67, is amended by adding a subdivision 37.4 to read: 37.5 Subd. 33. Presentations accessed as digital audio and audiovisual works. 37.6 The charge for a live or prerecorded presentation, such as a lecture, seminar, 37.7 37.8 workshop, or course, where participants access the presentation as a digital audio work or digital audiovisual work, and are connected to the presentation via the 37.9 Internet, telecommunications equipment or other device that transfers the presentation 37.10 37.11 electronically, is exempt if: (1) participants and the presenter, during the time that participants access the 37.12 presentation, are able to give, receive, and discuss the presentation with each other, 37.13 although the amount of interaction and when in the presentation the interaction occurs 37.14 may be limited by the presenter; and 37.15 (2) for those presentations where participants are given the option to attend the 37.16 same presentation in person: 37.17 (i) any limitations on the amount of interaction and when it occurs during the 37.18 presentation are the same for those participants accessing the presentation electronically 37.19 as those attending in person; and 37.20 (ii) the admission to the in person presentation is not subject to tax under this chapter. 37.21 37.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2014. 37.23 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.68, is amended by adding a subdivision 37.24 to read: 37.25 Subd. 3a. Coin-operated entertainment and amusement devices. Coin-operated 37.26 entertainment and amusement devices including, but not limited to, fortune-telling 37.27 machines, cranes, foosball and pool tables, video and pinball games, batting cages, rides, 37.28 photo or video booths, and jukeboxes, are exempt when purchased by retailers selling 37.29 admission to places of amusement and making available amusement devices as provided 37.30 in section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause (1). Coin-operated entertainment 37.31 and amusement devices do not include vending machines, lottery devices, or gaming 37.32
- devices as described in chapters 297E and 349.

H.F. No. 3167, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/16/14 12:21 AM [CCRHF3167A]

- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 38.1 June 30, 2014. 38.2
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 297A.68, subdivision 42, is 38.3 amended to read: 38.4

Subd. 42. Qualified data centers. (a) Purchases of enterprise information 38.5 technology equipment and computer software for use in a qualified data center, or a 38.6 qualified refurbished data center, are exempt, except that computer software maintenance 38.7 agreements are exempt for purchases made after June 30, 2013. The tax on purchases 38.8 exempt under this paragraph must be imposed and collected as if the rate under section 38.9 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded after June 30, 2013, in the manner 38.10 provided in section 297A.75. This exemption includes enterprise information technology 38.11 equipment and computer software purchased to replace or upgrade enterprise information 38.12 technology equipment and computer software in a qualified data center, or a qualified 38.13 38.14 refurbished data center.



(b) Electricity used or consumed in the operation of a qualified data center or 38.15 qualified refurbished data center is exempt. 38.16

- (c) For purposes of this subdivision, "qualified data center, or a qualified refurbished 38.17 data center, " means a facility in Minnesota: 38.18
- (1) that is comprised of one or more buildings that consist in the aggregate of 38.19 at least 25,000 square feet, and that are located on a single parcel or on contiguous 38.20 parcels, where the total cost of construction or refurbishment, investment in enterprise 38.21 38.22 information technology equipment, and computer software is at least \$30,000,000 within a 48-month period. The 48-month period begins no sooner than July 1, 2012, except that 38.23 costs for computer software maintenance agreements purchased before July 1, 2013, are 38.24 38.25 not included in determining if the \$30,000,000 threshold has been met;
- (2) that is constructed or substantially refurbished after June 30, 2012, where 38.26 "substantially refurbished" means that at least 25,000 square feet have been rebuilt or 38.27 modified, including: 38.28
- (i) installation of enterprise information technology equipment; environmental 38.29 control, computer software, and energy efficiency improvements; and 38.30
- (ii) building improvements; and 38.31
- (3) that is used to house enterprise information technology equipment, where the 38.32 facility has the following characteristics: 38.33
- (i) uninterruptible power supplies, generator backup power, or both; 38.34
- (ii) sophisticated fire suppression and prevention systems; and 38.35

(iii) enhanced security. A facility will be considered to have enhanced security if it
has restricted access to the facility to selected personnel; permanent security guards; video
camera surveillance; an electronic system requiring pass codes, keycards, or biometric
scans, such as hand scans and retinal or fingerprint recognition; or similar security features.

In determining whether the facility has the required square footage, the square footage of the following spaces shall be included if the spaces support the operation of enterprise information technology equipment: office space, meeting space, and mechanical and other support facilities. For purposes of this subdivision, "computer software" includes, but is not limited to, software utilized or loaded at the <u>a</u> qualified data center <u>or qualified</u> <u>refurbished data center</u>, including maintenance, licensing, and software customization.

(d) For purposes of this subdivision, a "qualified refurbished data center" means an
existing facility that qualifies as a data center under paragraph (c), clauses (2) and (3), but
that is comprised of one or more buildings that consist in the aggregate of at least 25,000
square feet, and that are located on a single parcel or contiguous parcels, where the total
cost of construction or refurbishment, investment in enterprise information technology
equipment, and computer software is at least \$50,000,000 within a 24-month period.

(e) For purposes of this subdivision, "enterprise information technology equipment" 39.17 means computers and equipment supporting computing, networking, or data storage, 39.18 including servers and routers. It includes, but is not limited to: cooling systems, 39.19 cooling towers, and other temperature control infrastructure; power infrastructure for 39.20 transformation, distribution, or management of electricity used for the maintenance and 39.21 operation of a qualified data center or qualified refurbished data center, including but 39.22 39.23 not limited to exterior dedicated business-owned substations, backup power generation systems, battery systems, and related infrastructure; and racking systems, cabling, and 39.24 trays, which are necessary for the a maintenance and operation of the qualified data center 39.25 39.26 or qualified refurbished data center.

39.27 (f) A qualified data center or qualified refurbished data center may claim the
and exemptions in this subdivision for purchases made either within 20 years of the date of
its first purchase qualifying for the exemption under paragraph (a), or by June 30, 2042,
whichever is earlier.

39.31 (g) The purpose of this exemption is to create jobs in the construction and data39.32 center industries.

39.33 (h) This subdivision is effective for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2012,
39.34 and before July 1, 2042.

39.35 (i)(1) The commissioner of employment and economic development must certify
 39.36 to the commissioner of revenue, in a format approved by the commissioner of revenue,

- when a qualified data center has met the requirements under paragraph (c) or a qualified 40.1 refurbished data center has met the requirements under paragraph (d). The certification 40.2 must provide the following information regarding each qualified data center or qualified 40.3 refurbished data center: 40.4 (i) the total square footage amount; 40.5 (ii) the total amount of construction or refurbishment costs and the total amount of 40.6 qualifying investments in enterprise information technology equipment and computer 40.7 software; and 40.8 (iii) the beginning and ending of the applicable period under either paragraph (c) or 40.9 (d) in which the qualifying expenditures and purchases under item (ii) were made, but in 40.10 no case shall the period begin before July 1, 2012; 40.11 (2) Any refund for sales tax paid on qualifying purchases under this subdivision must 40.12 not be issued unless the commissioner of revenue has received the certification required 40.13 under clause (1) either from the commissioner of employment and economic development 40.14 40.15 or the qualified data center or qualified refurbished data center claiming the refund; and (3) The commissioner of employment and economic development must annually 40.16 notify the commissioner of revenue of the qualified data centers that are projected to meet 40.17 the requirements under paragraph (c) and the qualified refurbished data centers that are 40.18 projected to meet the requirements under paragraph (d) in each of the next four years. The 40.19 notification must provide the information required under clause (1), items (i) to (iii), for 40.20 each qualified data center or qualified refurbished data center. 40.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 40.22 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 297A.68, subdivision 44, 40.23 is amended to read: 40.24 Subd. 44. Greater Minnesota business expansions. (a) Purchases and use of 40.25 tangible personal property or taxable services by a qualified business, as defined in section 40.26 116J.8738, are exempt if: 40.27 (1) the business subsidy agreement provides that the exemption under this 40.28 subdivision applies; 40.29 (2) the property or services are primarily used or consumed at the facility in greater 40 30 Minnesota identified in the business subsidy agreement; and 40.31 (3) the purchase was made and delivery received during the duration of the 40.32 certification of the business as a qualified business under section 116J.8738. 40.33
- 40.34 (b) Purchase and use of construction materials and supplies used or consumed in,40.35 and equipment incorporated into, the construction of improvements to real property in

greater Minnesota are exempt if the improvements after completion of construction are
to be used in the conduct of the trade or business of the qualified business, as defined in
section 116J.8738. This exemption applies regardless of whether the purchases are made
by the business or a contractor.

(c) The exemptions under this subdivision apply to a local sales and use tax. 41.5 (d) The tax on purchases imposed under this subdivision must be imposed and 41.6 collected as if the rate under section 297A.62 applied, and then refunded in the manner 41.7 provided in section 297A.75. The total amount refunded for a facility over the certification 41.8 period is limited to the amount listed in the business subsidy agreement. No more than 41.9 \$7,000,000 may be refunded in a fiscal year for all purchases under this subdivision. 41.10 Refunds must be allocated on a first-come, first-served basis. If more than \$7,000,000 of 41.11 eligible claims are made in a fiscal year, claims by qualified businesses carry over to the 41.12 next fiscal year, and the commissioner must first allocate refunds to qualified businesses 41.13 eligible for a refund in the preceding fiscal year. Any portion of the balance of funds 41.14 41.15 allocated for refunds under this paragraph does not cancel and shall be carried forward to and available for refunds in subsequent fiscal years. Notwithstanding section 297A.75, 41.16 subdivision 4, for an eligible refund claim that carries over to a subsequent fiscal year, the 41.17 interest on the amount carried over must be paid on the refund no sooner than from 90 41.18 days after July 1 of the fiscal year in which funds are available for the eligible claim. 41.19

41.20

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

41.21 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 297A.70, subdivision 2, is
41.22 amended to read:

41.23 Subd. 2. Sales to government. (a) All sales, except those listed in paragraph (b),
41.24 to the following governments and political subdivisions, or to the listed agencies or
41.25 instrumentalities of governments and political subdivisions, are exempt:

41.26

(1) the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities;

(2) school districts, local governments, the University of Minnesota, state universities,
community colleges, technical colleges, state academies, the Perpich Minnesota Center for
Arts Education, and an instrumentality of a political subdivision that is accredited as an
optional/special function school by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools;
(3) hospitals and nursing homes owned and operated by political subdivisions of
the state of tangible personal property and taxable services used at or by hospitals and

41.33 nursing homes;

42.1 (4) <u>notwithstanding paragraph (d)</u>, the sales and purchases by the Metropolitan
42.2 Council, for its purchases of vehicles and repair parts to equip operations provided for in
42.3 section 473.4051 are exempt through December 31, 2016;

42.4 (5) other states or political subdivisions of other states, if the sale would be exempt
42.5 from taxation if it occurred in that state; and

42.6 (6) public libraries, public library systems, multicounty, multitype library systems
42.7 as defined in section 134.001, county law libraries under chapter 134A, state agency
42.8 libraries, the state library under section 480.09, and the Legislative Reference Library.
42.9 (b) This exemption does not apply to the sales of the following products and services:
42.10 (1) building, construction, or reconstruction materials purchased by a contractor

42.11 or a subcontractor as a part of a lump-sum contract or similar type of contract with a
42.12 guaranteed maximum price covering both labor and materials for use in the construction,
42.13 alteration, or repair of a building or facility;

42.14 (2) construction materials purchased by tax exempt entities or their contractors to
42.15 be used in constructing buildings or facilities which will not be used principally by the
42.16 tax exempt entities;

42.17 (3) the leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section 297B.01, subdivision 11,
42.18 except for leases entered into by the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities;

42.19 (4) lodging as defined under section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause
42.20 (2), and prepared food, candy, soft drinks, and alcoholic beverages as defined in section
42.21 297A.67, subdivision 2, except for lodging, prepared food, candy, soft drinks, and alcoholic
42.22 beverages purchased directly by the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities; or

42.23 (5) goods or services purchased by a local government as inputs to goods and
42.24 services that are generally provided by a private business and the purchases would be
42.25 taxable if made by a private business engaged in the same activity a liquor store, gas or
42.26 electric utility, solid waste hauling service, solid waste recycling service, landfill, golf
42.27 course, marina, campground, cafe, or laundromat.

42.28 (c) As used in this subdivision, "school districts" means public school entities and
42.29 districts of every kind and nature organized under the laws of the state of Minnesota, and
42.30 any instrumentality of a school district, as defined in section 471.59.

42.31 (d) As used in this subdivision For purposes of the exemption granted under this
42.32 subdivision, "local governments" means has the following meaning:

- 42.33 (1) for the period prior to January 1, 2016, local governments means statutory or
 42.34 <u>home rule charter cities, counties, and townships;</u>
- 42.35 (2) for the period of January 1, 2016, to December 31, 2016, local governments
 42.36 means statutory or home rule charter cities, counties, and townships; special districts as

43.1 defined under section 6.465, except for the Metropolitan Council under sections 473.123

43.2 to 473.549; any instrumentality of a statutory or home rule charter city, county, or

43.3 township as defined in section 471.59; and any joint powers board or organization created

43.4 <u>under section 471.59; and</u>

- 43.5 (3) beginning January 1, 2017, local governments means statutory or home rule
 43.6 charter cities, counties, and townships; special districts as defined under section 6.465; any
- 43.7 instrumentality of a statutory or home rule charter city, county, or township as defined in

43.8 section 471.59; and any joint powers board or organization created under section 471.59.

- (c) As used in this subdivision, "goods or services generally provided by a private
 business" include, but are not limited to, goods or services provided by liquor stores, gas
 and electric utilities, golf courses, marinas, health and fitness centers, campgrounds, cafes,
 and laundromats. "Goods or services generally provided by a private business" do not
 include housing services, sewer and water services, wastewater treatment, ambulance and
 other public safety services, correctional services, chore or homemaking services provided
- 43.15 to elderly or disabled individuals, or road and street maintenance or lighting.

43.16 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after 43.17 June 30, 2014.

43.18 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 297A.70, subdivision 13,
43.19 is amended to read:

43.20 Subd. 13. Fund-raising sales by or for nonprofit groups. (a) The following
43.21 sales by the specified organizations for fund-raising purposes are exempt, subject to the
43.22 limitations listed in paragraph (b):

43.23 (1) all sales made by a nonprofit organization that exists solely for the purpose of
43.24 providing educational or social activities for young people primarily age 18 and under;

43.25 (2) all sales made by an organization that is a senior citizen group or association of
43.26 groups if (i) in general it limits membership to persons age 55 or older; (ii) it is organized
43.27 and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation, and other nonprofit purposes; and (iii)
43.28 no part of its net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholders;

(3) the sale or use of tickets or admissions to a golf tournament held in Minnesota if
the beneficiary of the tournament's net proceeds qualifies as a tax-exempt organization
under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

43.32 (4) sales of candy sold for fund-raising purposes by a nonprofit organization that
43.33 provides educational and social activities primarily for young people age 18 and under.
43.34 (b) The exemptions listed in paragraph (a) are limited in the following manner:

- 44.1 (1) the exemption under paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), applies only if to the first
 44.2 <u>\$20,000 of</u> the gross annual receipts of the organization from fund-raising do not exceed
 44.3 \$10,000; and
- 44.4 (2) the exemption under paragraph (a), clause (1), does not apply if the sales are
 44.5 derived from admission charges or from activities for which the money must be deposited
 44.6 with the school district treasurer under section 123B.49, subdivision 2, or be recorded in
 44.7 the same manner as other revenues or expenditures of the school district under section
 44.8 123B.49, subdivision 4.
- (c) Sales of tangible personal property and services are exempt if the entire proceeds,
 less the necessary expenses for obtaining the property or services, will be contributed to
 a registered combined charitable organization described in section 43A.50, to be used
 exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes, and the registered combined
 charitable organization has given its written permission for the sale. Sales that occur over
 a period of more than 24 days per year are not exempt under this paragraph.
- (d) For purposes of this subdivision, a club, association, or other organization of
 elementary or secondary school students organized for the purpose of carrying on sports,
 educational, or other extracurricular activities is a separate organization from the school
 district or school for purposes of applying the \$10,000 \$20,000 limit.
- 44.19 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
 44.20 December 31, 2014.
- 44.21 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 297A.70, subdivision 14,
 44.22 is amended to read:

Subd. 14. Fund-raising events sponsored by nonprofit groups. (a) Sales of
tangible personal property or services at, and admission charges for fund-raising events
sponsored by, a nonprofit organization are exempt if:

- 44.26 (1) all gross receipts are recorded as such, in accordance with generally accepted44.27 accounting practices, on the books of the nonprofit organization; and
- 44.28 (2) the entire proceeds, less the necessary expenses for the event, will be used solely
 44.29 and exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes. Exempt sales include
 44.30 the sale of prepared food, candy, and soft drinks at the fund-raising event.
- 44.31 (b) This exemption is limited in the following manner:
- 44.32 (1) it does not apply to admission charges for events involving bingo or other
 44.33 gambling activities or to charges for use of amusement devices involving bingo or other
 44.34 gambling activities;

45.1 (2) all gross receipts are taxable if the profits are not used solely and exclusively for45.2 charitable, religious, or educational purposes;

- 45.3 (3) it does not apply unless the organization keeps a separate accounting record,
 45.4 including receipts and disbursements from each fund-raising event that documents all
 45.5 deductions from gross receipts with receipts and other records;
- 45.6 (4) it does not apply to any sale made by or in the name of a nonprofit corporation as
 45.7 the active or passive agent of a person that is not a nonprofit corporation;
- 45.8

(5) all gross receipts are taxable if fund-raising events exceed 24 days per year;

(6) it does not apply to fund-raising events conducted on premises leased for morethan five days but less than 30 days; and

45.11 (7) it does not apply if the risk of the event is not borne by the nonprofit organization
45.12 and the benefit to the nonprofit organization is less than the total amount of the state and
45.13 local tax revenues forgone by this exemption.

45.14 (c) For purposes of this subdivision, a "nonprofit organization" means any unit of
45.15 government, corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and
45.16 operated for charitable, religious, educational, civic, fraternal, and senior citizens' or
45.17 veterans' purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of a private
45.18 individual.

(d) For purposes of this subdivision, "fund-raising events" means activities of 45.19 limited duration, not regularly carried out in the normal course of business, that attract 45.20 patrons for community, social, and entertainment purposes, such as auctions, bake sales, 45.21 ice cream socials, block parties, carnivals, competitions, concerts, concession stands, 45.22 craft sales, bazaars, dinners, dances, door-to-door sales of merchandise, fairs, fashion 45.23 shows, festivals, galas, special event workshops, sporting activities such as marathons and 45.24 tournaments, and similar events. Fund-raising events do not include the operation of a 45.25 45.26 regular place of business in which services are provided or sales are made during regular hours such as bookstores, thrift stores, gift shops, restaurants, ongoing Internet sales, 45.27 regularly scheduled classes, or other activities carried out in the normal course of business. 45.28

45.29

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

45.30 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.70, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

45.32 <u>Subd. 19.</u> Nonprofit snowmobile clubs; machinery and equipment. Sales of
45.33 tangible personal property to a nonprofit snowmobile club that is used primarily and
45.34 directly for the grooming of state or grant-in-aid snowmobile trails are exempt. The
45.35 exemption applies to grooming machines, attachments, other associated accessories,

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- 46.1 and repair parts. A nonprofit snowmobile club is eligible for the exemption under this
- 46.2 <u>subdivision if it received, in the current year or in the previous three-year period, a state</u>
- 46.3 grant-in-aid maintenance and grooming grant administered by the Department of Natural

46.4 <u>Resources by applying for the grant with a local unit of government sponsor.</u>

- 46.5 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
 46.6 June 30, 2014.
- 46.7 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 297F.05, subdivision 1, is
 46.8 amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Rates; cigarettes. A tax is imposed upon the sale of cigarettes in
this state, upon having cigarettes in possession in this state with intent to sell, upon any
person engaged in business as a distributor, and upon the use or storage by consumers, at
the following rates: rate of

- 46.13 (1) on eigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per thousand, 141.5 mills,
 46.14 or 14.15 cents on each such eigarette; and
- 46.15 (2) on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds per thousand, 283 mills on each
 46.16 such cigarette.
- 46.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2014.

46.18 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.09, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
46.19 Subd. 10. Accelerated tax payment; cigarette or tobacco products distributor.
46.20 A cigarette or tobacco products distributor having a liability of \$120,000 \$250,000 or
46.21 more during a fiscal year ending June 30, shall remit the June liability for the next year
46.22 in the following manner:

(a) Two business days before June 30 of the year, the distributor shall remit the
actual May liability and 90 81.4 percent of the estimated June liability to the commissioner
and file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner.

(b) On or before August 18 of the year, the distributor shall submit a return showing
the actual June liability and pay any additional amount of tax not remitted in June. A
penalty is imposed equal to ten percent of the amount of June liability required to be paid
in June, less the amount remitted in June. However, the penalty is not imposed if the
amount remitted in June equals the lesser of:

- 46.31 (1) 90.81.4 percent of the actual June liability; or
- 46.32 (2) 90 81.4 percent of the preceding May's May liability.

46.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes remitted after May 30, 2014.

- 47.1 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297G.03, is amended by adding a
- 47.2 subdivision to read:
- 47.3 <u>Subd. 5.</u> <u>Microdistillery credit.</u> (a) A qualified distiller producing distilled spirits is
 47.4 entitled to a tax credit of \$1.33 per liter on 100,000 liters sold in any fiscal year beginning
- 47.5 July 1. A qualified distiller may take the credit on the 18th day of each month, but the total
- 47.6 credit allowed may not exceed in any fiscal year the lesser of:
- 47.7 (1) the liability for tax; or
- 47.8 <u>(2) \$133,000.</u>
- 47.9 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "qualified distiller" means a microdistillery
- 47.10 <u>qualifying under section 340A.101</u>, subdivision 17a, in the calendar year immediately
- 47.11 preceding the calendar year for which the credit under this subdivision is claimed.
- 47.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2014.

47.13 Sec. 18. [297G.032] MICRODISTILLERIES.

47.14 <u>A microdistillery, licensed under section 340A.301, is a wholesaler for purposes</u>

47.15 of the excise tax imposed on distilled spirits given by the microdistillery as samples or

47.16 sold in cocktail rooms permitted under chapter 340A. Returns must be made in a form

47.17 and manner prescribed by the commissioner, and must contain any other information

47.18 required by the commissioner.

47.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2014.

47.20 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297G.09, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
47.21 Subd. 9. Accelerated tax payment; penalty. A person liable for tax under this
47.22 chapter having a liability of \$120,000 \$250,000 or more during a fiscal year ending June
47.23 30, shall remit the June liability for the next year in the following manner:

(a) Two business days before June 30 of the year, the taxpayer shall remit the actual
May liability and 90 81.4 percent of the estimated June liability to the commissioner and
file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner.

(b) On or before August 18 of the year, the taxpayer shall submit a return showing
the actual June liability and pay any additional amount of tax not remitted in June. A
penalty is imposed equal to ten percent of the amount of June liability required to be paid
in June less the amount remitted in June. However, the penalty is not imposed if the
amount remitted in June equals the lesser of:

- 47.32 (1) 90.81.4 percent of the actual June liability; or
- 47.33 (2) 90 81.4 percent of the preceding May liability.

48.1

48.4

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes remitted after May 30, 2014.

- 48.2 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 360.531, subdivision 2, is
- 48.3 amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Rate.** The tax shall be as follows:

48.5	Base Price	Tax
48.6	Under \$499,999	
48.7	Not over \$500,000	\$100
48.8	over \$500,000 to \$999,999	
48.9	but not over \$1,000,000	\$200
48.10	over \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	
48.11	but not over \$2,500,000	\$2,000
48.12	over \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999	.)
48.13	but not over \$5,000,000	\$4,000
48.14	over \$5,000,000 to \$7,499,999	
48.15	but not over \$7,500,000	\$7,500
48.16	over \$7,500,000 to \$9,999,999	,
48.17	but not over \$10,000,000	\$10,000
48.18	over \$10,000,000 t o \$12,499,999	
48.19	but not over \$12,500,000	\$12,500
48.20	over \$12,500,000 to \$14,999,999	
48.21	but not over \$15,000,000	\$15,000
48.22	over \$15,000,000 to \$17,499,999	
48.23	but not over \$17,500,000	\$17,500
48.24	over \$17,500,000 to \$19,999,999	
48.25	but not over \$20,000,000	\$20,000
48.26	over \$20,000,000 to \$22,499,999	
48.27	but not over \$22,500,000	\$22,500
48.28	<u>over</u> \$22,500,000 to \$24,999,999	
48.29	but not over \$25,000,000	\$25,000
48.30	over \$25,000,000 to \$27,499,999	
48.31	but not over \$27,500,000	\$27,500
48.32	<u>over</u> \$27,500,000 to \$29,999,999	
48.33	but not over \$30,000,000	\$30,000
48.34	<u>over</u> \$30,000,000 to \$39,999,999	
48.35	but not over \$40,000,000	\$50,000
48.36	over \$40,000,000 and over	\$75,000

48.37 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014, and applies to aircraft 48.38 tax due on or after that date.

48.39 Sec. 21. Laws 1980, chapter 511, section 1, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws 1991,
48.40 chapter 291, article 8, section 22, Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 25, Laws
48.41 2003, First Special Session chapter 21, article 8, section 11, and Laws 2008, chapter
48.42 154, article 5, section 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any 49.1 other law, ordinance, or city charter provision to the contrary, the city of Duluth may, 49.2 by ordinance, impose an additional sales tax of up to two and one-quarter one and 49.3 three-quarter percent on sales transactions which are described in Minnesota Statutes 2000, 49.4 section 297A.01, subdivision 3, clause (c). When the city council determines that the taxes 49.5 imposed under this subdivision and under Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 26, at a 49.6 rate of one-half of one percent have produced revenue sufficient to pay (1) the debt service 49.7 on bonds in a principal amount of \$8,000,000 issued for capital improvements to the 49.8 Duluth Entertainment and Convention Center, and (2) debt service on outstanding bonds 49.9 originally issued in the principal amount of \$4,970,000 to finance capital improvements to 49.10 the Great Lakes Aquarium since the imposition of the taxes at the rate of one and one-half 49.11 percent, the rate of the tax under this subdivision is reduced by one-half of one percent. 49.12 The imposition of this tax shall not be subject to voter referendum under either state law 49.13 or city charter provisions. When the city council determines that the taxes imposed under 49.14 49.15 this subdivision paragraph at a rate of three-quarters of one percent and other sources of revenue produce revenue sufficient to pay debt service on bonds in the principal amount 49.16 of \$40,285,000 plus issuance and discount costs, issued for capital improvements at the 49.17 Duluth Entertainment and Convention Center, which include a new arena, the rate of tax 49.18 under this subdivision must be reduced by three-quarters of one percent. 49.19

(b) In addition to the tax in paragraph (a) and notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 49.20 section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter provision to the contrary, 49.21 the city of Duluth may, by ordinance, impose an additional sales tax of up to one-half of 49.22 49.23 one percent on sales transactions which are described in Minnesota Statutes 2000, section 297A.01, subdivision 3, clause (c). This tax expires when the city council determines 49.24 that the tax imposed under this paragraph, along with the tax imposed under section 49.25 22, paragraph (b), has produced revenues sufficient to pay the debt service on bonds 49.26 in a principal amount of no more than \$18,000,000, plus issuance and discount costs, 49.27 to finance capital improvements to public facilities to support tourism and recreational 49.28 activities in that portion of the city west of 34th Avenue West. 49.29 (c) The city of Duluth may sell and issue up to \$18,000,000 in general obligation 49.30

49.30 <u>bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, plus an additional amount to pay for the</u>
49.31 <u>bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, plus an additional amount to pay for the</u>
49.32 <u>costs of issuance and any premiums. The proceeds may be used to finance capital</u>
49.33 <u>improvements to public facilities that support tourism and recreational activities in the</u>
49.34 <u>portion of the city west of 34th Avenue West, as described in paragraph (b). The issuance</u>
49.35 <u>of the bonds is subject to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, except no</u>
49.36 election shall be required unless required by the city charter. The bonds shall not be

- 50.1 included in computing net debt. The revenues from the taxes that the city of Duluth may
- 50.2 impose under paragraph (b) and under section 22, paragraph (b), may be pledged to pay
- 50.3 principal of and interest on such bonds.

50.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of 50.5 the city of Duluth and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 50.6 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 22. Laws 1980, chapter 511, section 2, as amended by Laws 1998, chapter 389,
article 8, section 26, and Laws 2003, First Special Session chapter 21, article 8, section
12, is amended to read:

50.10 Sec. 22. CITY OF DULUTH; TAX ON RECEIPTS BY HOTELS AND
50.11 MOTELS.

(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, or 50.12 ordinance, or city charter provision to the contrary, the city of Duluth may, by ordinance, 50.13 impose an additional tax of one and one-half percent upon the gross receipts from the 50.14 sale of lodging for periods of less than 30 days in hotels and motels located in the city. 50.15 50.16 When the city council determines that the taxes imposed under this section and section 25 at a rate of one-half of one percent have produced revenue sufficient to pay (1) the debt 50.17 service on bonds in a principal amount of \$8,000,000 issued for capital improvements 50.18 for the Duluth Entertainment and Convention Center, and (2) the debt service on 50.19 outstanding bonds originally issued in the principal amount of \$4,970,000 to finance 50.20 eapital improvements to the Great Lakes Aquarium since the imposition of the taxes at the 50.21 rate of one and one-half percent, the rate of the tax under this section is reduced to one 50.22 percent. The tax shall be collected in the same manner as the tax set forth in the Duluth 50.23 50.24 city charter, section 54(d), paragraph one. The imposition of this tax shall not be subject to voter referendum under either state law or city charter provisions. 50.25

(b) In addition to the tax in paragraph (a) and notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter provision to the contrary,
the city of Duluth may, by ordinance, impose an additional sales tax of up to one-half
of one percent on the gross receipts from the sale of lodging for periods of less than
30 days in hotels and motels located in the city. This tax expires when the city council
first determines that the tax imposed under this paragraph, along with the tax imposed
under section 21, paragraph (b), has produced revenues sufficient to pay the debt

- 50.33 service on bonds in a principal amount of no more than \$18,000,000, plus issuance and
- 50.34 discount costs, to finance capital improvements to public facilities to support tourism and
- 50.35 recreational activities in that portion of the city west of 34th Avenue West.

51.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of 51.2 the city of Duluth and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 51.3 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

51.4 Sec. 23. Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 38, subdivision
51.5 4, is amended to read:

51.6 Subd. 4. **Termination of taxes.** The taxes imposed under this section expire at the 51.7 earlier of (1) ten <u>15</u> years after the taxes are first imposed, or (2) when the city council first 51.8 determines that the amount of revenues raised to pay for the projects under subdivision 2, 51.9 shall meet or exceed the sum of \$15,000,000. Any funds remaining after completion of 51.10 the projects may be placed in the general fund of the city.

51.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of 51.12 the city of Albert Lea and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 51.13 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 24. Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 3, section 10, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 51.14 Subd. 3. Use of revenues. (a) Revenues received from the taxes authorized by 51.15 subdivisions 1 and 2 must be used to pay the cost of collecting and administering the tax 51.16 and to finance the acquisition and betterment of water and wastewater facilities to serve the 51.17 cities of Brainerd and Baxter, building and equipping a fire substation, as approved by the 51.18 voters at the referendum authorizing the tax. Authorized costs include, but are not limited 51.19 to, acquiring property and paying construction and engineering costs related to the projects. 51.20 (b) In addition to the projects authorized in paragraph (a), the city of Baxter may, if 51.21 approved by the voters at an election under subdivision 5, paragraph (b), allocate up to an 51.22 additional \$40,000,000 of the revenues received from the taxes authorized by subdivisions 51.23 1 and 2 to a capital infrastructure fund. Money from this fund may only be used to 51.24 finance (1) sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and water projects, (2) transportation safety 51.25 improvements, and (3) improvements to the Brainerd Lakes Area Airport. 51.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of 51.27 the city of Baxter and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 51.28

- 51.29 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
- Sec. 25. Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 3, section 10, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 Subd. 4. Bonds. (a) The city of Baxter, pursuant to the approval of the voters at the
 November 2, 2004, referendum authorizing the imposition of the taxes in this section, may

issue general obligation bonds of the city, in one or more series, in the aggregate principal 52.1 amount not to exceed \$15,000,000 to finance the projects listed in subdivision 3, paragraph 52.2 (a). The debt represented by the bonds is not included in computing any debt limitations 52.3 applicable to the city, and the levy of taxes required by Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, 52.4 to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation or 52.5 included in computing or applying any levy limitation applicable to the city of Baxter. 52.6 (b) The city of Baxter, pursuant to the approval of the voters at the 2014 general 52.7 election to extend the tax under this section, may issue general obligation bonds of the city, 52.8 in one or more series, in the aggregate principal amount not to exceed (1) \$32,000,000 52.9 plus an amount equal to the costs of issuance of the bonds to finance the projects listed 52.10 in subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clauses (1) and (2), and (2) \$8,000,000 plus an amount 52.11 equal to the costs of the issuance of the bonds to finance the project listed in subdivision 3, 52.12 paragraph (b), clause (3). The debt represented by the bonds is not included in computing 52.13 any debt limitations applicable to the city, and the levy of taxes required by Minnesota 52.14 52.15 Statutes, section 475.61, to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation or included in computing or applying any levy limitation applicable to 52.16

- 52.17 <u>the city of Baxter.</u>
- 52.18

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 26. Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 3, section 10, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 52.19 Subd. 5. Termination of taxes. (a) The taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2 52.20 expire at the earlier of a date 12 years after the imposition of the tax or when the Baxter 52.21 City Council first determines that the amount of revenues raised from the taxes to pay for 52.22 the projects under subdivision 3 equals or exceeds \$15,000,000 plus any interest on bonds 52.23 issued for the projects under subdivision 4, paragraph (a). Any funds remaining after the 52.24 expiration of the taxes and retirement of the bonds shall be placed in a capital project fund 52.25 of the city of Baxter. The taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2 may expire at an 52.26 earlier time if the city of Baxter so determines by ordinance. 52.27

(b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 297A.99 and 477A.016, or any 52.28 other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the city of Baxter may, by 52.29 ordinance, extend the taxes authorized under subdivisions 1 and 2 beyond the termination 52.30 date in paragraph (a) if approved by the voters of the city at a general election held 52.31 in 2014. The question put to the voters must indicate that an affirmative vote would 52.32 extend the imposition of the taxes through 2037 or until an additional \$40,000,000, 52.33 52.34 plus an amount equal to interest and issuance costs associated with bonds issued under 52.35 subdivision 4, paragraph (b), above the initial amount authorized to pay for \$15,000,000

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- 53.1 in bonds and associated bond cost and projects, listed in subdivision 3, paragraph (a), is
- 53.2 raised. If extended under this paragraph, the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1 and 2 will
- terminate at the earlier of (1) when an additional \$40,000,000, plus an amount equal to
- 53.4 interest and issuance costs associated with bonds issued under subdivision 4, paragraph
- (b), above the amount authorized under paragraph (a), is raised, or (2) December 31, 2037.
- 53.6

53.7

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of Baxter and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section

53.8 <u>645.021</u>, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 27. Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 3, section 11, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 53.9 Subd. 3. Use of revenues. (a) Revenues received from the taxes authorized by 53.10 53.11 subdivisions 1 and 2 must be used to pay the cost of collecting and administering the tax and to finance all or part of the costs of constructing upgraded water and wastewater 53.12 treatment facilities to serve the cities of Brainerd and Baxter, water infrastructure 53.13 improvements, and trail development, contingent on approval by Brainerd voters at the 53.14 November 7, 2006, referendum. Authorized costs include, but are not limited to, acquiring 53.15 53.16 property and paying construction and engineering costs related to the projects. (b) In addition to the projects authorized in paragraph (a), the city of Brainerd may, 53.17 if approved by the voters at an election under subdivision 5, paragraph (b), spend up to an 53.18 additional \$15,000,000 from revenues raised from the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1 53.19

53.20 and 2 on the following projects:

53.21 (1) an upgraded waste treatment facility jointly serving the cities of Brainerd and
53.22 Baxter;

53.23 (2) with any funds not needed for the project in clause (1), water infrastructure
 53.24 improvements; and

53.25 (3) with any funds not needed for the projects in clauses (1) and (2), trail

53.26 improvements.

53.27 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of
 53.28 the city of Brainerd and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
 53.29 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 28. Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 3, section 11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Bonds. The city of Brainerd, contingent on approval of the voters at
the November 7, 2006, referendum authorizing the imposition of taxes in this section,
may issue general obligation bonds of the city, in one or more series, in the aggregate

54.1 principal amount not to exceed \$22,030,000 to finance the projects listed in subdivision 3,

54.2 paragraph (a). The debt represented by the bonds is not included in computing any debt

54.3 limitations applicable to Brainerd, and the levy of taxes required by Minnesota Statutes,

section 475.61, to pay the principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy

54.5 limitation or included in computing any levy limitation applicable to the city of Brainerd.

54.6

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 29. Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 3, section 11, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 54.7 Subd. 5. Termination of taxes. (a) The taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 54.8 2 expire at the earlier of a date 12 years after the imposition of the tax or when the city 54.9 council first determines that the amount of revenues raised from the taxes to pay for 54.10 54.11 projects under subdivision 3 equals or exceeds \$22,030,000 plus any interest on bonds issued for the projects under subdivision 4. Any funds remaining after the expiration of 54.12 the taxes and retirement of the bonds shall be placed in a capital project fund of the city of 54.13 Brainerd. The taxes imposed under subdivision 1 and 2 may expire at an earlier time if the 54.14 city of Brainerd so determines by ordinance. 54.15

(b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 297A.99 and 477A.016, or any 54.16 other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the city of Brainerd may, by 54.17 ordinance, extend the taxes authorized under subdivisions 1 and 2 beyond the termination 54.18 date in paragraph (a) if approved by the voters of the city at a general election held in 2014. 54.19 The question put to the voters must indicate that an affirmative vote would extend the 54.20 imposition of the taxes for an additional 18 years or until an additional \$15,000,000 above 54.21 the initial amount authorized to pay for \$22,030,000 in bonds is raised. If extended under 54.22 this paragraph, the taxes authorized in subdivisions 1 and 2 will terminate at the earlier of 54.23 (1) when an additional \$15,000,000 above the amount authorized under paragraph (a) is 54.24 raised, or (2) 18 years after the taxes would have expired under paragraph (a). 54.25

54.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of
54.27 the city of Brainerd and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
54.28 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

54.29 Sec. 30. Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 8, section 22, the effective date, is amended to 54.30 read:

54.31EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after54.32June 30, 2013. Subdivision 7, paragraph (c), clause (2), is effective for sales and purchases

54.33 made after June 30, 2013. The provisions of subdivision 7, paragraph (b), and paragraph

55.1	(c), clause (8), are effective retroactively for sales and purchases made after April 1,
55.2	2009. Any vendor who paid sales or use tax on items now exempt under subdivision 7,
55.3	paragraph (b), and paragraph (c), clause (8), that were sold after April 1, 2009, and before
55.4	July 1, 2013, may apply for a refund of the sales or use tax paid in the manner provided
55.5	in Minnesota Statutes, section 289A.50, subdivision 1, but only if the vendor did not
55.6	collect and remit sales tax on the items for which a refund is claimed. Interest on the
55.7	refund shall be paid at the rate in Minnesota Statutes, section 270C.405, from 90 days
55.8	after the refund claim is filed with the commissioner of revenue. The amount to make the
55.9	refunds is annually appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the general fund.
55.10	Notwithstanding limitations on claims for refunds under Minnesota Statutes, section
55.11	289A.40, claims may be filed with the commissioner until June 30, 2015.
55.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
55.13	Sec. 31. Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 8, section 23, the effective date, is amended to
55.14	read:
55.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
55.16	June 30, 2013. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2013,
55.17	except that the provision regarding accessories and supplies purchased in a transaction
55.18	covered by Medicare or Medicaid that are not already exempt under Minnesota Statutes,
55.19	section 297A.67, subdivision 7, and the provision defining "Medicare" and "Medicaid"
55.20	are effective retroactively for sales and purchases made after April 1, 2009. Any vendor
55.21	who paid sales or use tax on accessories and supplies purchased in a transaction covered
55.22	by Medicare or Medicaid that are not already exempt under Minnesota Statutes, section
55.23	297A.67, subdivision 7, and that were sold after April 1, 2009, and before July 1, 2013,
55.24	may apply for a refund of the sales or use tax paid in the manner provided in Minnesota
55.25	Statutes, section 289A.50, subdivision 1, but only if the vendor did not collect and remit
55.26	sales tax on the accessories and supplies for which a refund is claimed. Interest on the
55.27	refund shall be paid at the rate in Minnesota Statutes, section 270C.405, from 90 days
55.28	after the refund claim is filed with the commissioner of revenue. The amount to make the
55.29	refunds is annually appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the general fund.
55.30	Notwithstanding limitations on claims for refunds under Minnesota Statutes, section
55.31	289A.40, claims may be filed with the commissioner until June 30, 2015.
55.32	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Article3 Sec. 31.

56.1 Sec. 32. Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 8, section 27, the effective date, is amended to 56.2 read:

56.3	
	EFFECTIVE DATE. For the purpose of qualifying under paragraphs (c) and (d),
56.4	this section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2013
56.5	2012. For the purpose of determining eligibility for the exemptions provided in this
56.6	section, this section is effective for sales and purchases of computer software maintenance
56.7	agreements made after June 30, 2013, and for sales and purchases for either a "qualified
56.8	refurbished data center" or a "qualified data center" made after June 30, 2013, except that
56.9	if the data center qualifies as a "qualified data center" as defined in Laws 2011, First
56.10	Special Session chapter 7, article 3, section 7, then the exemptions provided in this section,
56.11	other than for computer software maintenance agreements, continue to be effective for
56.12	sales and purchases made after June 30, 2012.
56.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
56.14	Sec. 33. Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 8, section 37, the effective date, is amended to
56.15	read:
56.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively to capital investments
56.17	made and jobs created after December 31, 2012, and effective retroactively for sales and
56.18	purchases made after December 31, 2012, and before July 1, 2019. Applications for
	purchases made after December 51, 2012, and before bury 1, 2019. <u>Approximations for</u>
56.19	refunds on purchases exempt under this section must not be filed before June 30, 2015.
56.19 56.20	
	refunds on purchases exempt under this section must not be filed before June 30, 2015.
56.20	refunds on purchases exempt under this section must not be filed before June 30, 2015. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
56.20 56.21	refunds on purchases exempt under this section must not be filed before June 30, 2015. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 34. <u>CITY OF PROCTOR; LOCAL TAXES AUTHORIZED.</u>
56.20 56.21 56.22	refunds on purchases exempt under this section must not be filed before June 30, 2015. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 34. <u>CITY OF PROCTOR; LOCAL TAXES AUTHORIZED.</u> <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Food and beverage tax authorized. Notwithstanding Minnesota
56.20 56.21 56.22 56.23	refunds on purchases exempt under this section must not be filed before June 30, 2015. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 34. CITY OF PROCTOR; LOCAL TAXES AUTHORIZED. <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Food and beverage tax authorized. Notwithstanding Minnesota <u>Statutes, section 297A.99 or 477A.016, or any ordinance, city charter, or other provision</u>
56.20 56.21 56.22 56.23 56.24	refunds on purchases exempt under this section must not be filed before June 30, 2015. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 34. CITY OF PROCTOR; LOCAL TAXES AUTHORIZED. Subdivision 1. Food and beverage tax authorized. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99 or 477A.016, or any ordinance, city charter, or other provision of law, the city of Proctor may, by ordinance, impose a sales tax of up to one percent on
56.20 56.21 56.22 56.23 56.24 56.25	refunds on purchases exempt under this section must not be filed before June 30, 2015. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 34. CITY OF PROCTOR; LOCAL TAXES AUTHORIZED. <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Food and beverage tax authorized. Notwithstanding Minnesota <u>Statutes, section 297A.99 or 477A.016, or any ordinance, city charter, or other provision</u> <u>of law, the city of Proctor may, by ordinance, impose a sales tax of up to one percent on</u> <u>the gross receipts of all food and beverages sold by a restaurant or place of refreshment,</u>

56.29Subd. 2.Use of proceeds from authorized taxes.The proceeds of the taxes56.30imposed under subdivision 1 must be used by the city to fund: (1) construction and56.31improvement of walking and bicycle trails; (2) a multiuse civic center facility and parking

57.1	improvements; and (3) improvements related to the redevelopment and realignment of a
57.2	road through the fairgrounds property ceded to the city of Proctor by the city of Duluth.
57.3	Subd. 3. Collection, administration, and enforcement. The city may enter into
57.4	an agreement with the commissioner of revenue to administer, collect, and enforce the
57.5	taxes under subdivision 1. If the commissioner agrees to collect the tax, the provisions
57.6	of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, related to collection, administration, and
57.7	enforcement, and Minnesota Statutes, section 270C.171, apply.
57.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of
57.9	the city of Proctor and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
57.10	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
57.11	Sec. 35. DONATED MATERIALS FOR A LIBRARY EXPANSION.
57.12	Building materials and supplies purchased and donated by a private entity and
57.13	used in the construction of an addition to a city library facility occurring before July 1,
57.14	<u>2015, are exempt.</u>
57 15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for materials and supplies used in the
57.15	
57.16	construction of the addition between April 1, 2014, and July 1, 2015.
57.17	Sec. 36. VALIDATION OF PRIOR ACT; AUTHORIZATION.
57.18	Notwithstanding the time limits in Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, the city of
57.19	Albert Lea may approve Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 38,
57.20	as amended by Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 3, section 6, and file its approval with the
	secretary of state by June 15, 2014. If approved as authorized under this section, actions
57.21	
57.22	undertaken by the city pursuant to the approval of the voters on November 8, 2005, and otherwise in accordance with Laws 2005. First Special Session chapter 2, article 5, acction
57.23	otherwise in accordance with Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section
57.24	38, as amended by Laws 2006, chapter 259, article 3, section 6, are validated.
57.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
57.26	Sec. 37. SALES TO INSTRUMENTALITIES OF THE STATES.
57.27	Sales of the following items to an organization defined by the Internal Revenue
57.28	Service as an instrumentality of each, and all, of the states relating to the holding of an
57.29	annual meeting in this state are exempt:
57.30	(1) prepared food, soft drinks, and candy, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section
57.31	297A.61, subdivisions 31 to 33; and

- H.F. No. 3167, Conference Committee Report 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/16/14 12:21 AM [CCRHF3167A] (2) alcoholic beverages, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.67, 58.1 subdivision 2. 58.2 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is applicable to sales and purchases made after 58.3 58.4 June 30, 2014, and before January 1, 2015. Sec. 38. VOLUNTARY COMPLIANCE PROGRAM; ANIMAL SHELTERS. 58.5 (a) Any Minnesota nonprofit organization that is primarily engaged in the business 58.6 of rescuing, sheltering, and finding homes for unwanted animals, for periods prior to the 58.7 58.8 organization registering to collect and remit sales and use tax under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A, shall not be liable for any state or local uncollected and unpaid sales and use 58.9 tax, penalties, or interest incurred in providing animal rescue, shelter, and home placement 58.10 58.11 services, if the nonprofit organization registers through the voluntary compliance program to collect and remit sales and use tax under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A, before 58.12 January 1, 2015. 58.13 (b) The voluntary compliance program under paragraph (a) also applies to 58.14 organizations described in paragraph (a) that received notice of the commencement of an 58.15 58.16 audit prior to registering to collect and remit sales and use tax under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A, as long as the audit is not finally resolved and the organization registers 58.17 58.18 before January 1, 2015. Paragraph (a) shall not apply to sales and use taxes already paid or remitted to the state or to sales taxes already collected by the organization. 58.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 58.20 **ARTICLE 4** 58.21
- 58.22

INCOME AND ESTATE TAXES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 116J.8737, subdivision 2, as
amended by Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 1, section 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Certification of qualified small businesses. (a) Businesses may apply 58.25 to the commissioner for certification as a qualified small business or qualified greater 58.26 Minnesota small business for a calendar year. The application must be in the form 58.27 and be made under the procedures specified by the commissioner, accompanied by an 58.28 application fee of \$150. Application fees are deposited in the small business investment 58.29 tax credit administration account in the special revenue fund. The application for 58.30 certification for 2010 must be made available on the department's Web site by August 1, 58.31 2010. Applications for subsequent years' certification must be made available on the 58.32 department's Web site by November 1 of the preceding year. 58.33

(b) Within 30 days of receiving an application for certification under this subdivision, 59.1 the commissioner must either certify the business as satisfying the conditions required 59.2 of a qualified small business or qualified greater Minnesota small business, request 59.3 additional information from the business, or reject the application for certification. If 59.4 the commissioner requests additional information from the business, the commissioner 59.5 must either certify the business or reject the application within 30 days of receiving the 59.6 additional information. If the commissioner neither certifies the business nor rejects 59.7 the application within 30 days of receiving the original application or within 30 days of 59.8 receiving the additional information requested, whichever is later, then the application is 59.9 deemed rejected, and the commissioner must refund the \$150 application fee. A business 59.10 that applies for certification and is rejected may reapply. 59.11

59.12 (c) To receive certification as a qualified small business, a business must satisfy59.13 all of the following conditions:

59.14

4 (1) the business has its headquarters in Minnesota;

59.15 (2) at least 51 percent of the business's employees are employed in Minnesota, and
59.16 51 percent of the business's total payroll is paid or incurred in the state;

59.17 (3) the business is engaged in, or is committed to engage in, innovation in Minnesota59.18 in one of the following as its primary business activity:

(i) using proprietary technology to add value to a product, process, or service in aqualified high-technology field;

59.21 (ii) researching or developing a proprietary product, process, or service in a qualified
59.22 high-technology field; or

(iii) researching or developing a proprietary product, process, or service in the fields
 of agriculture, tourism, forestry, mining, manufacturing, or transportation; or

59.25(iii) (iv) researching, developing, or producing a new proprietary technology for use59.26in the fields of agriculture, tourism, forestry, mining, manufacturing, or transportation;

(4) other than the activities specifically listed in clause (3), the business is not
engaged in real estate development, insurance, banking, lending, lobbying, political
consulting, information technology consulting, wholesale or retail trade, leisure,
hospitality, transportation, construction, ethanol production from corn, or professional
services provided by attorneys, accountants, business consultants, physicians, or health
care consultants;

59.33 (5) the business has fewer than 25 employees;

(6) the business must pay its employees annual wages of at least 175 percent of the
federal poverty guideline for the year for a family of four and must pay its interns annual
wages of at least 175 percent of the federal minimum wage used for federally covered

employers, except that this requirement must be reduced proportionately for employees
and interns who work less than full-time, and does not apply to an executive, officer, or
member of the board of the business, or to any employee who owns, controls, or holds
power to vote more than 20 percent of the outstanding securities of the business;

(7) the business has (i) not been in operation for more than ten years, or (ii) not
been in operation for more than 20 years if the business is engaged in the research,
development, or production of medical devices or pharmaceuticals for which United
States Food and Drug Administration approval is required for use in the treatment or
diagnosis of a disease or condition;

60.10 (8) the business has not previously received private equity investments of more60.11 than \$4,000,000;

60.12 (9) the business is not an entity disqualified under section 80A.50, paragraph (b),60.13 clause (3); and

60.14 (10) the business has not issued securities that are traded on a public exchange.

60.15 (d) In applying the limit under paragraph (c), clause (5), the employees in all members
60.16 of the unitary business, as defined in section 290.17, subdivision 4, must be included.

60.17 (e) In order for a qualified investment in a business to be eligible for tax credits:

(1) the business must have applied for and received certification for the calendar
year in which the investment was made prior to the date on which the qualified investment
was made;

(2) the business must not have issued securities that are traded on a public exchange;(3) the business must not issue securities that are traded on a public exchange within

60.23 180 days after the date on which the qualified investment was made; and

60.24 (4) the business must not have a liquidation event within 180 days after the date on60.25 which the qualified investment was made.

60.26 (f) The commissioner must maintain a list of qualified small businesses and qualified
60.27 greater Minnesota businesses certified under this subdivision for the calendar year and
60.28 make the list accessible to the public on the department's Web site.

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(g) For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given:
 (1) "qualified high-technology field" includes aerospace, agricultural processing,
 renewable energy, energy efficiency and conservation, environmental engineering, food
 technology, cellulosic ethanol, information technology, materials science technology,

nanotechnology, telecommunications, biotechnology, medical device products,

60.34 pharmaceuticals, diagnostics, biologicals, chemistry, veterinary science, and similar fields;

(2) "proprietary technology" means the technical innovations that are unique and 61.1 legally owned or licensed by a business and includes, without limitation, those innovations 61.2 that are patented, patent pending, a subject of trade secrets, or copyrighted; and 61.3 (3) "greater Minnesota" means the area of Minnesota located outside of the 61.4 metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2. 61.5 (h) To receive certification as a qualified greater Minnesota business, a business must 61.6 satisfy all of the requirements of paragraph (c) and must satisfy the following conditions: 61.7 (1) the business has its headquarters in greater Minnesota; and 61.8 (2) at least 51 percent of the business's employees are employed in greater Minnesota, 61.9 and 51 percent of the business's total payroll is paid or incurred in greater Minnesota. 61.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 61.11 61.12 December 31, 2013. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116J.8737, subdivision 5, as amended by 61.13 Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 1, section 3, is amended to read: 61.14 Subd. 5. Credit allowed. (a) (1) A qualified investor or qualified fund is eligible 61.15

61.15 Subd. 5. Credit anowed. (a) (1) A qualified investor of qualified fund is engine
61.16 for a credit equal to 25 percent of the qualified investment in a qualified small business.
61.17 Investments made by a pass-through entity qualify for a credit only if the entity is a
61.18 qualified fund. The commissioner must not allocate more than \$15,000,000

61.19 \$15,000,000 in credits to qualified investors or qualified funds for taxable years
61.20 beginning after December 31, 2013, and before January 1, 2017; and

(2) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2014, and before January 1, 61.21 2017, \$7,500,000 must be allocated to credits for qualifying investments in qualified 61.22 greater Minnesota businesses and minority- or women-owned qualified small businesses 61.23 in Minnesota. Any portion of a taxable year's credits that is reserved for qualifying 61.24 investments in greater Minnesota businesses and minority- or women-owned qualified 61.25 small businesses in Minnesota that is not allocated by September 30 of the taxable year is 61.26 61.27 available for allocation to other credit applications beginning on October 1. Any portion of a taxable year's credits that is not allocated by the commissioner does not cancel and 61.28 may be carried forward to subsequent taxable years until all credits have been allocated. 61.29

(b) The commissioner may not allocate more than a total maximum amount in credits
for a taxable year to a qualified investor for the investor's cumulative qualified investments
as an individual qualified investor and as an investor in a qualified fund; for married
couples filing joint returns the maximum is \$250,000, and for all other filers the maximum
\$1.34 is \$125,000. The commissioner may not allocate more than a total of \$1,000,000 in credits
over all taxable years for qualified investments in any one qualified small business.

62.1 (c) The commissioner may not allocate a credit to a qualified investor either as
62.2 an individual qualified investor or as an investor in a qualified fund if, at the time the
62.3 investment is proposed:

62.4

(1) the investor is an officer or principal of the qualified small business; or

(2) the investor, either individually or in combination with one or more members of
the investor's family, owns, controls, or holds the power to vote 20 percent or more of
the outstanding securities of the qualified small business.

A member of the family of an individual disqualified by this paragraph is not eligible for a credit under this section. For a married couple filing a joint return, the limitations in this paragraph apply collectively to the investor and spouse. For purposes of determining the ownership interest of an investor under this paragraph, the rules under section 267(c) and 267(e) of the Internal Revenue Code apply.

(d) Applications for tax credits for 2010 must be made available on the department's
Web site by September 1, 2010, and the department must begin accepting applications
by September 1, 2010. Applications for subsequent years must be made available by
November 1 of the preceding year.

(e) Qualified investors and qualified funds must apply to the commissioner for tax 62.17 credits. Tax credits must be allocated to qualified investors or qualified funds in the order 62.18 that the tax credit request applications are filed with the department. The commissioner 62.19 must approve or reject tax credit request applications within 15 days of receiving the 62.20 application. The commissioner must allocate credits to approved applications if credits 62.21 remain available. The investment specified in the application must be made within 60 days 62.22 62.23 of the allocation of the credits. If the investment is not made within 60 days, the credit allocation is canceled and available for reallocation. A qualified investor or qualified fund 62.24 that fails to invest as specified in the application, within 60 days of allocation of the 62.25 62.26 credits, must notify the commissioner of the failure to invest within five business days of the expiration of the 60-day investment period. Credit applications that were approved but 62.27 that did not receive an allocation of credits at the time of approval because the aggregate 62.28 limit of credits for the year was exhausted remain eligible for allocation of credits if 62.29 additional credits become available due to cancellations under this paragraph or due to 62.30 termination of the time period for credits reserved for investment in qualified greater 62.31 Minnesota businesses and minority- and women-owned small businesses under paragraph 62.32 (a). Approved credit applications that do not receive credit allocations in the tax year must 62.33 be resubmitted to be eligible for credit allocations in the following tax year. 62.34

(f) All tax credit request applications filed with the department on the same day mustbe treated as having been filed contemporaneously. If two or more qualified investors or

qualified funds file tax credit request applications on the same day, and the aggregate 63.1 amount of credit allocation claims exceeds the aggregate limit of credits under this section 63.2 or the lesser amount of credits that remain unallocated on that day, then the credits must 63.3 be allocated among the qualified investors or qualified funds who filed on that day on a 63.4 pro rata basis with respect to the amounts claimed. The pro rata allocation for any one 63.5 qualified investor or qualified fund is the product obtained by multiplying a fraction, 63.6 the numerator of which is the amount of the credit allocation claim filed on behalf of 63.7 a qualified investor and the denominator of which is the total of all credit allocation 63.8 claims filed on behalf of all applicants on that day, by the amount of credits that remain 63.9 unallocated on that day for the taxable year. 63.10

(g) A qualified investor or qualified fund, or a qualified small business acting on their 63.11 behalf, must notify the commissioner when an investment for which credits were allocated 63.12 has been made, and the taxable year in which the investment was made. A qualified fund 63.13 must also provide the commissioner with a statement indicating the amount invested by 63.14 63.15 each investor in the qualified fund based on each investor's share of the assets of the qualified fund at the time of the qualified investment. After receiving notification that the 63.16 investment was made, the commissioner must issue credit certificates for the taxable year 63.17 in which the investment was made to the qualified investor or, for an investment made by 63.18 a qualified fund, to each qualified investor who is an investor in the fund. The certificate 63.19 must state that the credit is subject to revocation if the qualified investor or qualified 63.20 fund does not hold the investment in the qualified small business for at least three years, 63.21 consisting of the calendar year in which the investment was made and the two following 63.22 63.23 years. The three-year holding period does not apply if:

- 63.24 (1) the investment by the qualified investor or qualified fund becomes worthless63.25 before the end of the three-year period;
- 63.26 (2) 80 percent or more of the assets of the qualified small business is sold before63.27 the end of the three-year period;

63.28 (3) the qualified small business is sold before the end of the three-year period;

63.29 (4) the qualified small business's common stock begins trading on a public exchange63.30 before the end of the three-year period; or

63.31

(5) the qualified investor dies before the end of the three-year period.

63.32 (h) The commissioner must notify the commissioner of revenue of credit certificates63.33 issued under this section.

63.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 64.1 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116J.8737, is amended by adding a
 64.2 subdivision to read:
- 64.3Subd. 5a.Promotion of credit in greater Minnesota. (a) By July 1, 2014,64.4the commissioner shall develop a plan to increase awareness of and use of the credit64.5for investments in qualified greater Minnesota businesses and minority-owned and64.6women-owned qualified small businesses with the goal that the portion of the credit
- 64.7 reserved for investments in qualified greater Minnesota businesses and minority-owned
- and women-owned qualified small businesses is allocated in full to those investments.
- (b) Beginning with the legislative report due on March 15, 2015, under subdivision
- 64.10 9, the commissioner shall report on its plan under this subdivision and the results achieved.
- 64.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

64.12 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 136A.129, subdivision 1, is

- 64.13 amended to read:
- 64.14 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in64.15 this subdivision have the meanings given to them.
- 64.16 (b) "Eligible employer" means a taxpayer under section 290.01 with employees64.17 located in greater Minnesota.
- 64.18 (c) "Eligible institution" means a Minnesota public postsecondary institution or
 64.19 a Minnesota private, nonprofit, baccalaureate, or graduate degree-granting college or
 64.20 university.
- 64.21 (d) "Eligible student" means a student enrolled in an eligible institution who has
 64.22 completed one-half of the credits necessary for the respective degree or certification,
 64.23 <u>including a graduate degree</u>.
- 64.24 (e) "Greater Minnesota" means the area of the state outside of the counties of Anoka,
 64.25 Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and
 64.26 Wright.
- 64.27

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 64.28 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 136A.129, subdivision 3, is64.29 amended to read:
- 64.30 Subd. 3. Program components. (a) An intern must be an eligible student who has
 64.31 been admitted to a major program that is related to the intern experience as determined
 64.32 by the eligible institution.
- 64.33 (b) To participate in the program, an eligible institution must:

(1) enter into written agreements with eligible employers to provide internships that 65.1 are at least 12 eight weeks long and located in greater Minnesota; 65.2 (2) determine that the work experience of the internship is related to the eligible 65.3 student's course of study; and 65.4 (3) (2) provide academic credit for the successful completion of the internship or 65.5 ensure that it fulfills requirements necessary to complete a vocational technical education 65.6 program. 65.7 (c) To participate in the program, an eligible employer must enter into a written 65.8 agreement with an eligible institution specifying that the intern: 65.9 (1) would not have been hired without the tax credit described in subdivision 4; 65.10 (2) did not work for the employer in the same or a similar job prior to entering 65.11 the agreement; 65.12 (3) does not replace an existing employee; 65.13 (4) has not previously participated in the program; 65.14 65.15 (5) will be employed at a location in greater Minnesota; (6) will be paid at least minimum wage for a minimum of 16 hours per week for a 65.16 period of at least 12 eight weeks; and 65.17 (7) will be supervised and evaluated by the employer. 65.18 (d) The written agreement between the eligible institution and the eligible employer 65.19 must certify a credit amount to the employer, not to exceed \$2,000 per intern. The total 65.20 dollar amount of credits that an eligible institution certifies to eligible employers in a 65.21 calendar year may not exceed the amount of its allocation under subdivision 4. 65.22 65.23 (e) Participating eligible institutions and eligible employers must report annually to the office. The report must include at least the following: 65.24 (1) the number of interns hired; 65.25 65.26 (2) the number of hours and weeks worked by interns; and (3) the compensation paid to interns. 65.27 (f) An internship required to complete an academic program does not qualify for the 65.28 greater Minnesota internship program under this section. 65.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 65.30 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 136A.129, subdivision 5, is 65.31 amended to read: 65.32

Subd. 5. **Reports to the legislature.** (a) By February 1, 2015 2016, the office
and the Department of Revenue shall report to the legislature on the greater Minnesota

65.35 internship program. The report must include at least the following:

- 66.1 (1) the number and dollar amount of credits allowed;
- 66.2 (2) the number of interns employed under the program; and
- 66.3 (3) the cost of administering the program.

(b) By February 1, 2016 2017, the office and the Department of Revenue shall
report to the legislature with an analysis of the effectiveness of the program in stimulating
businesses to hire interns and in assisting participating interns in finding permanent
career positions. This report must include the number of students who participated in the
program who were subsequently employed full-time by the employer.

66.9

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 66.10 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 270B.01, subdivision 8, is 66.11 amended to read:
- 66.12 Subd. 8. Minnesota tax laws. For purposes of this chapter only, unless expressly
 66.13 stated otherwise, "Minnesota tax laws" means:
- (1) the taxes, refunds, and fees administered by or paid to the commissioner under
 chapters 115B, 289A (except taxes imposed under sections 298.01, 298.015, and 298.24),
 290, 290A, 291, 292, 295, 297A, 297B, 297H, and 403, or any similar Indian tribal tax
 administered by the commissioner pursuant to any tax agreement between the state and
 the Indian tribal government, and includes any laws for the assessment, collection, and
 enforcement of those taxes, refunds, and fees; and
- 66.20 (2) section 273.1315.

66.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

66.22 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 270B.03, subdivision 1, is 66.23 amended to read:

66.24 Subdivision 1. Who may inspect. Returns and return information must, on request, 66.25 be made open to inspection by or disclosure to the data subject. The request must be made 66.26 in writing or in accordance with written procedures of the chief disclosure officer of the 66.27 department that have been approved by the commissioner to establish the identification 66.28 of the person making the request as the data subject. For purposes of this chapter, the 66.29 following are the data subject:

66.30

0 (1) in the case of an individual return, that individual;

66.31 (2) in the case of an income tax return filed jointly, either of the individuals with66.32 respect to whom the return is filed;

67.1	(3) in the case of a return filed by a business entity, an officer of a corporation,
67.2	a shareholder owning more than one percent of the stock, or any shareholder of an S
67.3	corporation; a general partner in a partnership; the owner of a sole proprietorship; a
67.4	member or manager of a limited liability company; a participant in a joint venture; the
67.5	individual who signed the return on behalf of the business entity; or an employee who is
67.6	responsible for handling the tax matters of the business entity, such as the tax manager,
67.7	bookkeeper, or managing agent;
67.8	(4) in the case of an estate return:
67.9	(i) the personal representative or trustee of the estate; and
67.10	(ii) any beneficiary of the estate as shown on the federal estate tax return;
67.11	(5) in the case of a trust return:
67.12	(i) the trustee or trustees, jointly or separately; and
67.13	(ii) any beneficiary of the trust as shown in the trust instrument;
67.14	(6) if liability has been assessed to a transferee under section 270C.58, subdivision
67.15	1, the transferee is the data subject with regard to the returns and return information
67.16	relating to the assessed liability;
67.17	(7) in the case of an Indian tribal government or an Indian tribal government-owned
67.18	entity,
67.19	(i) the chair of the tribal government, or
67.20	(ii) any person authorized by the tribal government; and
67.21	(8) in the case of a successor as defined in section 270C.57, subdivision 1, paragraph
67.22	(b), the successor is the data subject and information may be disclosed as provided by
67.23	section 270C.57, subdivision 4; and.
67.24	(9) in the case of a gift return, the donor.
67.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
67.26	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.02, subdivision 7, as amended by Laws
67.27	2014, chapter 150, article 1, section 7, is amended to read:
67.28	Subd. 7. Internal Revenue Code. Unless specifically defined otherwise, "Internal
67.29	Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December
67.30	20, 2013 March 26, 2014.

67.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years 67.32 beginning after December 31, 2012.

68.1 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 290.01, subdivision 19, as
68.2 amended by Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 1, section 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 19. Net income. The term "net income" means the federal taxable income,
as defined in section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through the
date named in this subdivision, incorporating the federal effective dates of changes to the
Internal Revenue Code and any elections made by the taxpayer in accordance with the
Internal Revenue Code in determining federal taxable income for federal income tax
purposes, and with the modifications provided in subdivisions 19a to 19f.

In the case of a regulated investment company or a fund thereof, as defined in section
851(a) or 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, federal taxable income means investment
company taxable income as defined in section 852(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
except that:

(1) the exclusion of net capital gain provided in section 852(b)(2)(A) of the Internal
Revenue Code does not apply;

(2) the deduction for dividends paid under section 852(b)(2)(D) of the Internal
Revenue Code must be applied by allowing a deduction for capital gain dividends and
exempt-interest dividends as defined in sections 852(b)(3)(C) and 852(b)(5) of the Internal
Revenue Code; and

(3) the deduction for dividends paid must also be applied in the amount of any
undistributed capital gains which the regulated investment company elects to have treated
as provided in section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The net income of a real estate investment trust as defined and limited by section
856(a), (b), and (c) of the Internal Revenue Code means the real estate investment trust
taxable income as defined in section 857(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.

68.25 The net income of a designated settlement fund as defined in section 468B(d) of
68.26 the Internal Revenue Code means the gross income as defined in section 468B(b) of the
68.27 Internal Revenue Code.

68.28 The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 20, 2013 March
68.29 <u>26, 2014</u>, shall be in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996.

Except as otherwise provided, references to the Internal Revenue Code in
subdivisions 19 to 19f mean the code in effect for purposes of determining net income for
the applicable year.

68.33 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, 68.34 except the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same 68.35 time as the changes were effective for federal purposes.

- 69.1 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.01, subdivision 19a, as amended by
 69.2 Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 1, section 10, is amended to read:
- 69.3 Subd. 19a. Additions to federal taxable income. For individuals, estates, and
 69.4 trusts, there shall be added to federal taxable income:
- (1)(i) interest income on obligations of any state other than Minnesota or a political
 or governmental subdivision, municipality, or governmental agency or instrumentality
 of any state other than Minnesota exempt from federal income taxes under the Internal
 Revenue Code or any other federal statute; and
- 69.9 (ii) exempt-interest dividends as defined in section 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue69.10 Code, except:
- 69.11 (A) the portion of the exempt-interest dividends exempt from state taxation under69.12 the laws of the United States; and
- (B) the portion of the exempt-interest dividends derived from interest income 69.13 on obligations of the state of Minnesota or its political or governmental subdivisions, 69.14 69.15 municipalities, governmental agencies or instrumentalities, but only if the portion of the exempt-interest dividends from such Minnesota sources paid to all shareholders represents 69.16 95 percent or more of the exempt-interest dividends, including any dividends exempt 69.17 under subitem (A), that are paid by the regulated investment company as defined in section 69.18 851(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, or the fund of the regulated investment company as 69.19 defined in section 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, making the payment; and 69.20
- (iii) for the purposes of items (i) and (ii), interest on obligations of an Indian tribal
 government described in section 7871(c) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as
 interest income on obligations of the state in which the tribe is located;
- (2) the amount of income, sales and use, motor vehicle sales, or excise taxes paid or 69.24 accrued within the taxable year under this chapter and the amount of taxes based on net 69.25 income paid, sales and use, motor vehicle sales, or excise taxes paid to any other state or 69.26 to any province or territory of Canada, to the extent allowed as a deduction under section 69.27 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, but the addition may not be more than the amount 69.28 by which the state itemized deduction exceeds the amount of the standard deduction as 69.29 defined in section 63(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, minus any addition that would have 69.30 been required under clause (17) if the taxpayer had claimed the standard deduction. For 69.31 the purpose of this clause, income, sales and use, motor vehicle sales, or excise taxes are 69.32 the last itemized deductions disallowed under clause (15); 69.33
- (3) the capital gain amount of a lump-sum distribution to which the special tax under
 section 1122(h)(3)(B)(ii) of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law 99-514, applies;

(4) the amount of income taxes paid or accrued within the taxable year under this
chapter and taxes based on net income paid to any other state or any province or territory
of Canada, to the extent allowed as a deduction in determining federal adjusted gross
income. For the purpose of this paragraph, income taxes do not include the taxes imposed
by sections 290.0922, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), 290.9727, 290.9728, and 290.9729;

- (5) the amount of expense, interest, or taxes disallowed pursuant to section 290.10
 other than expenses or interest used in computing net interest income for the subtraction
 allowed under subdivision 19b, clause (1);
- (6) the amount of a partner's pro rata share of net income which does not flow
 through to the partner because the partnership elected to pay the tax on the income under
 section 6242(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 70.12 (7) 80 percent of the depreciation deduction allowed under section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this clause, if the taxpayer has an activity that 70.13 in the taxable year generates a deduction for depreciation under section 168(k) and the 70.14 70.15 activity generates a loss for the taxable year that the taxpayer is not allowed to claim for the taxable year, "the depreciation allowed under section 168(k)" for the taxable year is 70.16 limited to excess of the depreciation claimed by the activity under section 168(k) over the 70.17 amount of the loss from the activity that is not allowed in the taxable year. In succeeding 70.18 taxable years when the losses not allowed in the taxable year are allowed, the depreciation 70.19 under section 168(k) is allowed; 70.20
- (8) 80 percent of the amount by which the deduction allowed by section 179 of the
 Internal Revenue Code exceeds the deduction allowable by section 179 of the Internal
 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2003;
- (9) to the extent deducted in computing federal taxable income, the amount of thededuction allowable under section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 70.26

(10) the amount of expenses disallowed under section 290.10, subdivision 2;

- (11) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2010, the amount deducted for
 qualified tuition and related expenses under section 222 of the Internal Revenue Code, to
 the extent deducted from gross income;
- (12) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2010, the amount deducted for
 certain expenses of elementary and secondary school teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D)
 of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income;
- (13) discharge of indebtedness income resulting from reacquisition of business
 indebtedness and deferred under section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (14) changes to federal taxable income attributable to a net operating loss that the
 taxpayer elected to carry back for more than two years for federal purposes but for which

the losses can be carried back for only two years under section 290.095, subdivision 71.1 11, paragraph (c); 71.2 (15) to the extent included in the computation of federal taxable income in taxable 71.3 years beginning after December 31, 2010, the amount of disallowed itemized deductions, 71.4 but the amount of disallowed itemized deductions plus the addition required under clause 71.5 (2) may not be more than the amount by which the itemized deductions as allowed under 71.6 section 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code exceeds the amount of the standard deduction 71.7 as defined in section 63(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, and reduced by any addition 71.8 that would have been required under clause (17) if the taxpayer had claimed the standard 71.9 deduction: 71.10 (i) the amount of disallowed itemized deductions is equal to the lesser of: 71.11 71.12 (A) three percent of the excess of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income over the applicable amount; or 71.13 (B) 80 percent of the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable to the 71.14 71.15 taxpayer under the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year; (ii) the term "applicable amount" means \$100,000, or \$50,000 in the case of a 71.16 married individual filing a separate return. Each dollar amount shall be increased by 71.17 an amount equal to: 71.18 (A) such dollar amount, multiplied by 71.19 (B) the cost-of-living adjustment determined under section 1(f)(3) of the Internal 71.20 Revenue Code for the calendar year in which the taxable year begins, by substituting 71.21 "calendar year 1990" for "calendar year 1992" in subparagraph (B) thereof; 71.22 71.23 (iii) the term "itemized deductions" does not include: (A) the deduction for medical expenses under section 213 of the Internal Revenue 71.24 Code; 71.25 71.26 (B) any deduction for investment interest as defined in section 163(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and 71.27 (C) the deduction under section 165(a) of the Internal Revenue Code for casualty or 71.28 theft losses described in paragraph (2) or (3) of section 165(c) of the Internal Revenue 71.29 Code or for losses described in section 165(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; 71.30 (16) to the extent included in federal taxable income in taxable years beginning after 71.31 December 31, 2010, the amount of disallowed personal exemptions for taxpayers with 71.32 federal adjusted gross income over the threshold amount: 71.33 (i) the disallowed personal exemption amount is equal to the dollar amount of the 71.34 number of personal exemptions elaimed by the taxpayer in the computation of federal 71.35 taxable income allowed under section 151(b) and (c) of the Internal Revenue Code 71.36

multiplied by the dollar amount for personal exemptions under section 151(d)(1) and (2)

72.2 of the Internal Revenue Code, as adjusted for inflation by section 151(d)(4) of the Internal

72.3 <u>Revenue Code, and by the applicable percentage;</u>

(ii) "applicable percentage" means two percentage points for each \$2,500 (or
fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income for the taxable
year exceeds the threshold amount. In the case of a married individual filing a separate
return, the preceding sentence shall be applied by substituting "\$1,250" for "\$2,500." In

no event shall the applicable percentage exceed 100 percent;

72.9 (iii) the term "threshold amount" means:

72.10 (A) \$150,000 in the case of a joint return or a surviving spouse;

- 72.11 (B) \$125,000 in the case of a head of a household;
- 72.12 (C) \$100,000 in the case of an individual who is not married and who is not a

72.13 surviving spouse or head of a household; and

72.14 (D) \$75,000 in the case of a married individual filing a separate return; and

72.15 (iv) the thresholds shall be increased by an amount equal to:

72.16 (A) such dollar amount, multiplied by

(B) the cost-of-living adjustment determined under section 1(f)(3) of the Internal
Revenue Code for the calendar year in which the taxable year begins, by substituting
"calendar year 1990" for "calendar year 1992" in subparagraph (B) thereof; and

(17) to the extent deducted in the computation of federal taxable income, for taxable
years beginning after December 31, 2010, and before January 1, 2014, the difference
between the standard deduction allowed under section 63(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
and the standard deduction allowed for 2011, 2012, and 2013 under the Internal Revenue
Code as amended through December 1, 2010.

72.25 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years
 72.26 beginning after December 31, 2012.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 290.01, subdivision 19b, as

amended by Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 1, section 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 19b. Subtractions from federal taxable income. For individuals, estates,
and trusts, there shall be subtracted from federal taxable income:

(1) net interest income on obligations of any authority, commission, or
instrumentality of the United States to the extent includable in taxable income for federal
income tax purposes but exempt from state income tax under the laws of the United States;

(2) if included in federal taxable income, the amount of any overpayment of income 73.1 tax to Minnesota or to any other state, for any previous taxable year, whether the amount 73.2 is received as a refund or as a credit to another taxable year's income tax liability; 73.3

- (3) the amount paid to others, less the amount used to claim the credit allowed under 73.4 section 290.0674, not to exceed \$1,625 for each qualifying child in grades kindergarten 73.5 to 6 and \$2,500 for each qualifying child in grades 7 to 12, for tuition, textbooks, and 73.6 transportation of each qualifying child in attending an elementary or secondary school 73.7 situated in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa, or Wisconsin, wherein a 73.8 resident of this state may legally fulfill the state's compulsory attendance laws, which 73.9 is not operated for profit, and which adheres to the provisions of the Civil Rights Act 73.10 of 1964 and chapter 363A. For the purposes of this clause, "tuition" includes fees or 73.11 tuition as defined in section 290.0674, subdivision 1, clause (1). As used in this clause, 73.12 "textbooks" includes books and other instructional materials and equipment purchased 73.13 or leased for use in elementary and secondary schools in teaching only those subjects 73.14 73.15 legally and commonly taught in public elementary and secondary schools in this state. Equipment expenses qualifying for deduction includes expenses as defined and limited in 73.16 section 290.0674, subdivision 1, clause (3). "Textbooks" does not include instructional 73.17 books and materials used in the teaching of religious tenets, doctrines, or worship, the 73.18 purpose of which is to instill such tenets, doctrines, or worship, nor does it include books 73.19 or materials for, or transportation to, extracurricular activities including sporting events, 73.20 musical or dramatic events, speech activities, driver's education, or similar programs. No 73.21 deduction is permitted for any expense the taxpayer incurred in using the taxpayer's or 73.22 73.23 the qualifying child's vehicle to provide such transportation for a qualifying child. For purposes of the subtraction provided by this clause, "qualifying child" has the meaning 73.24 given in section 32(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; 73.25
- 73.26

(4) income as provided under section 290.0802;

(5) to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, income realized on 73.27 disposition of property exempt from tax under section 290.491; 73.28

(6) to the extent not deducted or not deductible pursuant to section 408(d)(8)(E)73.29 of the Internal Revenue Code in determining federal taxable income by an individual 73.30 who does not itemize deductions for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, an 73.31 amount equal to 50 percent of the excess of charitable contributions over \$500 allowable 73.32 as a deduction for the taxable year under section 170(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 73.33 under the provisions of Public Law 109-1 and Public Law 111-126; 73.34

(7) for individuals who are allowed a federal foreign tax credit for taxes that do not 73.35 qualify for a credit under section 290.06, subdivision 22, an amount equal to the carryover 73.36

of subnational foreign taxes for the taxable year, but not to exceed the total subnational
foreign taxes reported in claiming the foreign tax credit. For purposes of this clause,
"federal foreign tax credit" means the credit allowed under section 27 of the Internal
Revenue Code, and "carryover of subnational foreign taxes" equals the carryover allowed
under section 904(c) of the Internal Revenue Code minus national level foreign taxes to
the extent they exceed the federal foreign tax credit;

(8) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an 74.7 addition is required under subdivision 19a, clause (7), or 19c, clause (12), in the case of a 74.8 shareholder of a corporation that is an S corporation, an amount equal to one-fifth of the 74.9 delayed depreciation. For purposes of this clause, "delayed depreciation" means the amount 74.10 of the addition made by the taxpayer under subdivision 19a, clause (7), or subdivision 19c, 74.11 clause (12), in the case of a shareholder of an S corporation, minus the positive value of 74.12 any net operating loss under section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code generated for the 74.13 tax year of the addition. The resulting delayed depreciation cannot be less than zero; 74.14

(10) to the extent included in federal taxable income, the amount of compensation 74.16 paid to members of the Minnesota National Guard or other reserve components of 74.17 the United States military for active service, excluding including compensation for 74.18 services performed under the Active Guard Reserve (AGR) program. For purposes of 74.19 this clause, "active service" means (i) state active service as defined in section 190.05, 74.20 subdivision 5a, clause (1); or (ii) federally funded state active service as defined in section 74.21 190.05, subdivision 5b, but and "active service" excludes includes service performed in 74.22 74.23 accordance with section 190.08, subdivision 3;

(9) job opportunity building zone income as provided under section 469.316;

(11) to the extent included in federal taxable income, the amount of compensation
paid to Minnesota residents who are members of the armed forces of the United States
or United Nations for active duty performed under United States Code, title 10; or the
authority of the United Nations;

(12) an amount, not to exceed \$10,000, equal to qualified expenses related to a 74.28 qualified donor's donation, while living, of one or more of the qualified donor's organs 74.29 to another person for human organ transplantation. For purposes of this clause, "organ" 74.30 means all or part of an individual's liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow; 74.31 "human organ transplantation" means the medical procedure by which transfer of a human 74.32 organ is made from the body of one person to the body of another person; "qualified 74.33 expenses" means unreimbursed expenses for both the individual and the qualified donor 74.34 for (i) travel, (ii) lodging, and (iii) lost wages net of sick pay, except that such expenses 74.35 may be subtracted under this clause only once; and "qualified donor" means the individual 74.36

74.15

or the individual's dependent, as defined in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code. An
individual may claim the subtraction in this clause for each instance of organ donation for
transplantation during the taxable year in which the qualified expenses occur;

(13) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an 75.4 addition is required under subdivision 19a, clause (8), or 19c, clause (13), in the case of a 75.5 shareholder of a corporation that is an S corporation, an amount equal to one-fifth of the 75.6 addition made by the taxpayer under subdivision 19a, clause (8), or 19c, clause (13), in the 75.7 case of a shareholder of a corporation that is an S corporation, minus the positive value of 75.8 any net operating loss under section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code generated for the 75.9 tax year of the addition. If the net operating loss exceeds the addition for the tax year, a 75.10 subtraction is not allowed under this clause; 75.11

(14) to the extent included in the federal taxable income of a nonresident of
Minnesota, compensation paid to a service member as defined in United States Code, title
10, section 101(a)(5), for military service as defined in the Servicemembers Civil Relief
Act, Public Law 108-189, section 101(2);

(15) to the extent included in federal taxable income, the amount of national service
educational awards received from the National Service Trust under United States Code,
title 42, sections 12601 to 12604, for service in an approved Americorps National Service
program;

(16) to the extent included in federal taxable income, discharge of indebtedness
income resulting from reacquisition of business indebtedness included in federal taxable
income under section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. This subtraction applies only
to the extent that the income was included in net income in a prior year as a result of the
addition under section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (13);

(17) the amount of the net operating loss allowed under section 290.095, subdivision
11, paragraph (c);

(18) the amount of expenses not allowed for federal income tax purposes due
to claiming the railroad track maintenance credit under section 45G(a) of the Internal
Revenue Code;

- (19) the amount of the limitation on itemized deductions under section 68(b) of
 the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (20) the amount of the phaseout of personal exemptions under section 151(d) of
 the Internal Revenue Code: and
- 75.34 (21) to the extent included in federal taxable income, the amount of qualified
 75.35 transportation fringe benefits described in section 132(f)(1)(A) and (B) of the Internal
- 75.36 <u>Revenue Code</u>. The subtraction is limited to the lesser of the amount of qualified

- transportation fringe benefits received in excess of the limitations under section 76.1
- 132(f)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code for the year or the difference between the 76.2
- maximum qualified parking benefits excludable under section 132(f)(2)(B) of the Internal 76.3
- Revenue Code minus the amount of transit benefits excludable under section 132(f)(2)(A)76.4
- of the Internal Revenue Code. 76.5

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 76.6 December 31, 2013. 76.7

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 290.01, subdivision 31, as 76.8 amended by Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 1, section 13, is amended to read: 76.9

Subd. 31. Internal Revenue Code. Unless specifically defined otherwise, "Internal 76.10 76.11 Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 20, 2013 March 26, 2014. Internal Revenue Code also includes any uncodified provision 76.12 in federal law that relates to provisions of the Internal Revenue Code that are incorporated 76.13 into Minnesota law. When used in this chapter, the reference to "subtitle A, chapter 1, 76.14 subchapter N, part 1, of the Internal Revenue Code" is to the Internal Revenue Code as 76.15 76.16 amended through March 18, 2010.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, 76.17 except the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same 76.18 time as the changes were effective for federal purposes. 76.19

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.081, is amended to read: 76.20

76.21

290.081 INCOME OF NONRESIDENTS, RECIPROCITY.

(a) The compensation received for the performance of personal or professional 76.22 services within this state by an individual whose residence, place of abode, and place 76.23 customarily returned to at least once a month is in another state, shall be excluded from 76.24 gross income to the extent such compensation is subject to an income tax imposed by the 76.25 state of residence; provided that such state allows a similar exclusion of compensation 76.26 received by residents of Minnesota for services performed therein. 76.27

(b) When it is deemed to be in the best interests of the people of this state, the 76.28 commissioner may determine that the provisions of paragraph (a) shall not apply. As long 76.29 as the provisions of paragraph (a) apply between Minnesota and Wisconsin, the provisions 76.30 of paragraph (a) shall apply to any individual who is domiciled in Wisconsin. 76.31

(c) For the purposes of paragraph (a), whenever the Wisconsin tax on Minnesota 76.32 residents which would have been paid Wisconsin without paragraph (a) exceeds the 76.33

Minnesota tax on Wisconsin residents which would have been paid Minnesota without
paragraph (a), or vice versa, then the state with the net revenue loss resulting from
paragraph (a) must be compensated by shall receive from the other state as provided in the
agreement under paragraph (d) the amount of such loss. This provision shall be effective
for all years beginning after December 31, 1972. The data used for computing the loss
to either state shall be determined on or before September 30 of the year following the
close of the previous calendar year.

(d)(1) Interest is payable on all amounts calculated under paragraph (c) relating
to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000. Interest accrues from July 1 of
the taxable year.

77.11 (2) The commissioner of revenue is authorized to enter into agreements with 77.12 the state of Wisconsin specifying the compensation required under paragraph (b), the 77.13 reciprocity payment due date dates, conditions constituting delinquency, interest rates, and 77.14 a method for computing interest due. Calculation of compensation under the agreement 77.15 must specify if the revenue loss is determined before or after the allowance of each state's 77.16 credit for taxes paid to the other state.

77.17 (3) For agreements entered into before October 1, 2014, the annual compensation
 77.18 required under paragraph (c) must equal at least the net revenue loss minus \$1,000,000
 77.19 per fiscal year.

(4) For agreements entered into after September 30, 2014, the annual compensation
 required under paragraph (c) must equal the net revenue loss per fiscal year.

(5) For the purposes of clauses (3) and (4), "net revenue loss" means the difference
between the amount of Minnesota income taxes Minnesota forgoes by not taxing

77.24 Wisconsin residents on income subject to reciprocity and the credit Minnesota would

77.25 <u>have been required to give under section 290.06</u>, subdivision 22, to Minnesota residents

77.26 working in Wisconsin had there not been reciprocity.

(e) If an agreement cannot be reached as to the amount of the loss, the commissioner 77.27 of revenue and the taxing official of the state of Wisconsin shall each appoint a member 77.28 of a board of arbitration and these members shall appoint the third member of the board. 77.29 The board shall select one of its members as chair. Such board may administer oaths, take 77.30 testimony, subpoena witnesses, and require their attendance, require the production of 77.31 books, papers and documents, and hold hearings at such places as are deemed necessary. 77.32 The board shall then make a determination as to the amount to be paid the other state 77.33 which determination shall be final and conclusive. 77.34

(f) The commissioner may furnish copies of returns, reports, or other information to
the taxing official of the state of Wisconsin, a member of the board of arbitration, or a

consultant under joint contract with the states of Minnesota and Wisconsin for the purpose

78.2 of making a determination as to the amount to be paid the other state under the provisions

78.3 of this section. Prior to the release of any information under the provisions of this section,

the person to whom the information is to be released shall sign an agreement which

78.5 provides that the person will protect the confidentiality of the returns and information

revealed thereby to the extent that it is protected under the laws of the state of Minnesota.

78.7

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 78.8 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 290.091, subdivision 2, as
- amended by Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 1, section 21, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Definitions. For purposes of the tax imposed by this section, the followingterms have the meanings given:

(a) "Alternative minimum taxable income" means the sum of the following forthe taxable year:

(1) the taxpayer's federal alternative minimum taxable income as defined in section
55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(2) the taxpayer's itemized deductions allowed in computing federal alternativeminimum taxable income, but excluding:

(i) the charitable contribution deduction under section 170 of the Internal RevenueCode;

78.20 (ii) the medical expense deduction;

78.21 (iii) the casualty, theft, and disaster loss deduction; and

78.22 (iv) the impairment-related work expenses of a disabled person;

(3) for depletion allowances computed under section 613A(c) of the Internal
Revenue Code, with respect to each property (as defined in section 614 of the Internal
Revenue Code), to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income,
the excess of the deduction for depletion allowable under section 611 of the Internal
Revenue Code for the taxable year over the adjusted basis of the property at the end of the
taxable year (determined without regard to the depletion deduction for the taxable year);

(4) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the
amount of the tax preference for intangible drilling cost under section 57(a)(2) of the
Internal Revenue Code determined without regard to subparagraph (E);

(5) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the
amount of interest income as provided by section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (1); and

(6) the amount of addition required by section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clauses (7)
to (9), and (11) to (14);

less the sum of the amounts determined under the following: 79.1 79.2 (1) interest income as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clause (1); (2) an overpayment of state income tax as provided by section 290.01, subdivision 79.3 19b, clause (2), to the extent included in federal alternative minimum taxable income; 79.4 (3) the amount of investment interest paid or accrued within the taxable year on 79.5 indebtedness to the extent that the amount does not exceed net investment income, as 79.6 defined in section 163(d)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. Interest does not include 79.7 amounts deducted in computing federal adjusted gross income; 79.8 (4) amounts subtracted from federal taxable income as provided by section 290.01, 79.9 79.10 subdivision 19b, clauses (6), (8) to (14), and (16), and (21); and (5) the amount of the net operating loss allowed under section 290.095, subdivision 79.11 11, paragraph (c). 79.12 In the case of an estate or trust, alternative minimum taxable income must be 79.13 computed as provided in section 59(c) of the Internal Revenue Code. 79.14 (b) "Investment interest" means investment interest as defined in section 163(d)(3)79.15 of the Internal Revenue Code. 79.16 (c) "Net minimum tax" means the minimum tax imposed by this section. 79.17 (d) "Regular tax" means the tax that would be imposed under this chapter (without 79.18 regard to this section and section 290.032), reduced by the sum of the nonrefundable 79.19 credits allowed under this chapter. 79.20 (e) "Tentative minimum tax" equals 6.75 percent of alternative minimum taxable 79.21 income after subtracting the exemption amount determined under subdivision 3. 79.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 79.23 December 31, 2013. 79.24 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 290A.03, subdivision 15, as 79.25 amended by Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 1, section 22, is amended to read: 79.26 Subd. 15. Internal Revenue Code. "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal 79.27 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 20, 2013 March 26, 2014. 79.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for property tax refunds 79.29 based on property taxes payable after December 31, 2013, and rent paid after December 79.30 31, 2012. 79.31 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 291.005, subdivision 1, as 79.32

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amended by Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 3, section 3, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Scope. Unless the context otherwise clearly requires, the following
terms used in this chapter shall have the following meanings:

80.3 (1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue or any person to whom the80.4 commissioner has delegated functions under this chapter.

80.5 (2) "Federal gross estate" means the gross estate of a decedent as required to be valued
80.6 and otherwise determined for federal estate tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code,
80.7 increased by the value of any property in which the decedent had a qualifying income
80.8 interest for life and for which an election was made under section 291.03, subdivision 1d,
80.9 for Minnesota estate tax purposes, but was not made for federal estate tax purposes.

80.10 (3) "Internal Revenue Code" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of
80.11 1986, as amended through March 1 March 26, 2014.

(4) "Minnesota gross estate" means the federal gross estate of a decedent after
(a) excluding therefrom any property included in the estate which has its situs outside
Minnesota, and (b) including any property omitted from the federal gross estate which
is includable in the estate, has its situs in Minnesota, and was not disclosed to federal
taxing authorities.

80.17 (5) "Nonresident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of80.18 death was not in Minnesota.

(6) "Personal representative" means the executor, administrator or other person
appointed by the court to administer and dispose of the property of the decedent. If there
is no executor, administrator or other person appointed, qualified, and acting within this
state, then any person in actual or constructive possession of any property having a situs in
this state which is included in the federal gross estate of the decedent shall be deemed
to be a personal representative to the extent of the property and the Minnesota estate tax
due with respect to the property.

80.26 (7) "Resident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of death80.27 was in Minnesota.

80.28 (8) "Situs of property" means, with respect to:

(i) real property, the state or country in which it is located;

(ii) tangible personal property, the state or country in which it was normally kept
or located at the time of the decedent's death or for a gift of tangible personal property
within three years of death, the state or country in which it was normally kept or located
when the gift was executed; and

80.34 (iii) <u>a qualified work of art, as defined in section 2503(g)(2) of the Internal Revenue</u>
 80.35 <u>Code, owned by a nonresident decedent and that is normally kept or located in this state</u>
 80.36 because it is on loan to an organization, qualifying as exempt from taxation under section

501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, that is located in Minnesota, the situs of the art is 81.1

81.2 deemed to be outside of Minnesota, notwithstanding the provisions of item (ii); and

- (iv) intangible personal property, the state or country in which the decedent was 81.3
- domiciled at death or for a gift of intangible personal property within three years of death, 81.4 the state or country in which the decedent was domiciled when the gift was executed. 81.5

For a nonresident decedent with an ownership interest in a pass-through entity with 81.6 assets that include real or tangible personal property, situs of the real or tangible personal 81.7 property, including qualified works of art, is determined as if the pass-through entity does 81.8

not exist and the real or tangible personal property is personally owned by the decedent. 81.9

If the pass-through entity is owned by a person or persons in addition to the decedent, 81.10

ownership of the property is attributed to the decedent in proportion to the decedent's 81.11

81.12 capital ownership share of the pass-through entity.

81.13

(9) "Pass-through entity" includes the following:

(i) an entity electing S corporation status under section 1362 of the Internal Revenue 81.14 81.15 Code;

(ii) an entity taxed as a partnership under subchapter K of the Internal Revenue Code; 81.16

(iii) a single-member limited liability company or similar entity, regardless of 81.17

whether it is taxed as an association or is disregarded for federal income tax purposes 81.18

under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.7701-3; or 81.19

(iv) a trust to the extent the property is includible in the decedent's federal gross 81.20 estate; but excludes 81.21

(v) an entity whose ownership interest securities are traded on an exchange regulated 81.22 81.23 by the Securities and Exchange Commission as a national securities exchange under section 6 of the Securities Exchange Act, United States Code, title 15, section 78f. 81.24

81.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents

dying after December 31, 2013. 81.26

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 291.016, subdivision 1, as added by Laws 81.27 2014, chapter 150, article 3, section 4, is amended to read: 81.28

Subdivision 1. General. For purposes of the tax under this chapter, the Minnesota 81.29 taxable estate equals the federal taxable estate as provided under section 2051 of the Internal 81.30

Revenue Code, without regard to whether the estate is subject to the federal estate tax: 81.31

(1) increased by the value of any property in which the decedent had a qualifying 81.32

income interest for life and for which an election was made under section 291.03, 81.33

81.34 subdivision 1d, for Minnesota estate tax purposes, but was not made for federal estate

81.35 tax purposes;

- 82.1 (2) increased by the additions under subdivision 2; and
- 82.2 (2)(3) decreased by the subtraction under subdivision 3.

82.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents 82.4 dying after December 31, 2013.

- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 291.031, as added by Laws 2014, chapter
 150, article 3, section 7, is amended to read:
- 82.7 **291.031 CREDITS.**
- (a) The estate of a nonresident decedent that is subject to tax under this chapter on
 the value of Minnesota situs property held in a pass-through entity is allowed a credit
 against the tax due under this section 291.03 equal to the lesser of:
- (1) the amount of estate or inheritance tax paid to another state that is attributable tothe Minnesota situs property held in the pass-through entity; or
- 82.13 (2) the amount of tax paid under this section attributable to the Minnesota situs82.14 property held in the pass-through entity.
- (b) The amount of tax attributable to the Minnesota situs property held in the
 pass-through entity must be determined by the increase in the estate or inheritance tax that
 results from including the market value of the property in the estate or treating the value
 as a taxable inheritance to the recipient of the property.
- 82.19 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents
 82.20 dying after December 31, 2013.
- 82.21 Sec. 20. Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 3, section 4, the effective date, is amended to 82.22 read:
- 82.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents 82.24 dying after December 31, 2013, and for taxable gifts made after June 30, 2013.
- 82.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

82.26 Sec. 21. <u>DEFINITION OF TAXABLE GIFT FOR DECEDENTS DYING</u> 82.27 BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2014.

For estates of decedents dying before January 1, 2014, "taxable gift" as used by
Minnesota Statutes, section 291.005, subdivision 1, paragraph (4), means a transfer by gift
which is included in taxable gifts for federal gift tax purposes under the following sections
of the Internal Revenue Code: section 529; section 530; section 2501(a)(4); section 2503;

- sections 2511 to 2514; and sections 2516 to 2519; less the deductions allowed in sections
- 83.2 2522 to 2524 of the Internal Revenue Code, and after excluding taxable gifts of any
- 83.3 property that has its situs outside Minnesota and including taxable gifts of any property
- 83.4 that has its situs in Minnesota and were not disclosed to federal taxing authorities.
- 83.5 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made
 83.6 after June 30, 2013.

83.7 Sec. 22. <u>TEMPORARY READING CREDIT.</u>

- 83.8 Subdivision 1. Reading credit. (a) A taxpayer is allowed a credit, up to \$2,000,
 83.9 against the tax imposed by Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290. The credit amount equals 75
 83.10 percent of the amount of eligible expenses paid by a taxpayer who is a parent or guardian
- 83.11 of a qualifying child:
- 83.12 (1) who has been evaluated for determination of a specific learning disability under
- 83.13 Minnesota Rules, part 3525.1341, and was not found to meet the criteria under Minnesota
- 83.14 Rules, part 3525.1341, subpart 2, to have a specific learning disability; and
- 83.15 (2) for whom the evaluation indicated a determination of a deficiency in basic
 83.16 reading skills, reading comprehension, or reading fluency that impair a child to meet
- 83.17 <u>expected age or grade-level standards.</u>
- 83.18 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, the following definitions apply:
- 83.19 (1) "eligible expenses" means actual expenses, less the amount of expenses used to
- 83.20 <u>claim the credit under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0674, subdivision 1, paid by the</u>
- 83.21 <u>taxpayer for tutoring, instruction, or treatment by an instructor and not compensated by</u>
- 83.22 insurance, pretax account, or otherwise, for purposes of meeting the academic standards
- 83.23 required under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.021;
- 83.24 (2) "instructor" means a person qualifying under Minnesota Statutes, section
- 83.25 <u>120A.22</u>, subdivision 10, clauses (1) to (5), who is not a lineal ancestor or sibling of
- 83.26 <u>the qualifying child;</u>
- 83.27 (3) "treatment" means instruction that:
- (i) teaches language decoding skills in a systematic manner;
- (ii) uses recognized diagnostic assessments to determine what intervention would be
- 83.30 most appropriate for individual students; and
- 83.31 (iii) employs a research-based method; and
- 83.32 (4) "qualifying child" has the meaning given in section 32(c)(3) of the Internal
- 83.33 <u>Revenue Code.</u>

84.1	(c) A taxpayer claiming the credit under this subdivision must provide documentation
84.2	of eligibility for the credit in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner of
84.3	revenue in consultation with the commissioner of education. The documentation under
84.4	this paragraph must not disclose any information other than that necessary to prove
84.5	eligibility for the credit allowed under this subdivision.
84.6	(d) For a nonresident or part-year resident, the credit determined under this section
84.7	must be allocated based on the percentage calculated under Minnesota Statutes, section
84.8	290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).
84.9	(e) The amount used to claim the credit under this section must be excluded from
84.10	any amount subtracted from federal taxable income under section 290.01, subdivision
84.11	<u>19b, clause (3).</u>
84.12	Subd. 2. Assignment of refunds. The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section
84.13	290.0679, except for subdivision 1, paragraphs (a) and (b), apply to the assignment of
84.14	refunds authorized under this section. For purposes of assignment of refund under this
84.15	section, a "qualifying taxpayer" means a taxpayer qualified to receive a credit under this
84.16	section. In no case shall any condition for assignment require disclosure of the specific
84.17	findings of an evaluation for a specific learning disability.
84.18	Subd. 3. Credit to be refundable. If the amount of total credits that the claimant is
84.19	eligible to receive under this section exceeds the claimant's tax liability under Minnesota
84.20	Statutes, chapter 290, the commissioner of revenue shall refund the excess to the claimant.
84.21	Subd. 4. Appropriation. An amount sufficient to pay the refunds authorized under
84.22	this section is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the general fund.
84.23	Subd. 5. Report. By March 1, 2016, the commissioner of revenue, in compliance
84.24	with Minnesota Statutes, sections 3.195 and 3.197, must provide a report to the chairs and
84.25	ranking minority members of the committees of the house of representatives and senate
84.26	with jurisdiction over taxes and education on:
84.27	(1) the number of taxpayers claiming the credit under this section and the average
84.28	amount of credits claimed; and
84.29	(2) the administration of the credit, including recommendations for ensuring
84.30	compliance.
84.31	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after

84.32 December 31, 2013, and before January 1, 2015 only.

85.1	ARTICLE 5
85.2	MINERALS TAXES
85.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 276A.06, subdivision 3, as amended by
85.4	Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 6, section 5, is amended to read:
85.5	Subd. 3. Apportionment of levy. The county auditor shall apportion the levy of
85.6	each governmental unit in the county in the manner prescribed by this subdivision. The
85.7	auditor shall:
85.8	(a) by August 20 of 2014 and each subsequent year, determine the preliminary
85.9	areawide portion of the levy for each governmental unit by multiplying the local tax
85.10	rate of the governmental unit for the preceding levy year times the distribution value set
85.11	forth in subdivision 2, clause (b); $\frac{1}{2}$
85.12	(b) by September 5 of 2014 and each subsequent year, determine the areawide
85.13	portion of the levy for each governmental unit by multiplying the preliminary areawide
85.14	portion of the levy for each governmental unit times a fraction, the numerator of which is
85.15	the difference between the sum of the preliminary areawide levies for all governmental
85.16	units in the area minus the school fund allocation and the denominator is the sum of the
85.17	preliminary areawide levy for all governmental units in the area; and
85.18	(b) (c) by September 5 of 2014 and each subsequent year, determine the local
85.19	portion of the current year's levy by subtracting the resulting amount from clause (a) from
85.20	the governmental unit's current year's levy.
85.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2015 and
85.22	thereafter.
85.23	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 276A.06, subdivision 5, as amended by Laws
85.24	2014, chapter 150, article 6, section 6, is amended to read:
85.25	Subd. 5. Areawide tax rate. On or before August 25 of 1997 and each subsequent
85.26	year, the county auditor shall certify to the administrative auditor that the preliminary
85.27	portion of the levy of each governmental unit determined pursuant to subdivision 3, clause
85.28	(a). The administrative auditor shall then determine the areawide tax rate sufficient to

Article5 Sec. 2.

thereafter.

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yield an amount equal to the sum of the levies from the preliminary areawide net tax

capacity plus the school fund allocation. On or before September 1, the administrative

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2015 and

auditor shall certify the areawide tax rate to each of the county auditors.

86.1 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 298.018, subdivision 1, is
86.2 amended to read:

- Subdivision 1. Within taconite assistance area. The proceeds of the tax paid under sections 298.015 and 298.016 on ores, metals, or minerals mined or extracted within the taconite assistance area defined in section 273.1341, shall be allocated as follows:
- (1) five percent to the city or town within which the minerals or energy resources 86.6 are mined or extracted, or within which the concentrate was produced. If the mining 86.7 and concentration, or different steps in either process, are carried on in more than one 86.8 taxing district, the commissioner shall apportion equitably the proceeds among the 86.9 cities and towns by attributing 50 percent of the proceeds of the tax to the operation of 86.10 mining or extraction, and the remainder to the concentrating plant and to the processes of 86.11 concentration, and with respect to each thereof giving due consideration to the relative 86.12 extent of the respective operations performed in each taxing district; 86.13
- 86.14 (2) ten percent to the taconite municipal aid account to be distributed as provided86.15 in section 298.282;
- (3) ten percent to the school district within which the minerals or energy resources
 are mined or extracted, or within which the concentrate was produced. If the mining
 and concentration, or different steps in either process, are carried on in more than one
 school district, distribution among the school districts must be based on the apportionment
 formula prescribed in clause (1);
- (4) 20 percent to a group of school districts comprised of those school districts 86.21 wherein the mineral or energy resource was mined or extracted or in which there is a 86.22 86.23 qualifying municipality as defined by section 273.134, paragraph (b), in direct proportion to school district indexes as follows: for each school district, its pupil units determined 86.24 under section 126C.05 for the prior school year shall be multiplied by the ratio of the 86.25 average adjusted net tax capacity per pupil unit for school districts receiving aid under 86.26 this clause as calculated pursuant to chapters 122A, 126C, and 127A for the school year 86.27 ending prior to distribution to the adjusted net tax capacity per pupil unit of the district. 86.28 Each district shall receive that portion of the distribution which its index bears to the sum 86.29 of the indices for all school districts that receive the distributions; 86.30
- (5) 20 percent to the county within which the minerals or energy resources are
 mined or extracted, or within which the concentrate was produced. If the mining and
 concentration, or different steps in either process, are carried on in more than one county,
 distribution among the counties must be based on the apportionment formula prescribed in
 clause (1), provided that any county receiving distributions under this clause shall pay one
 percent of its proceeds to the Range Association of Municipalities and Schools;

- 87.1 (6) 20 percent to St. Louis County acting as the counties' fiscal agent to be
 87.2 distributed as provided in sections 273.134 to 273.136;
- 87.3 (7) five percent to the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board for the
 87.4 purposes of section 298.22;
- 87.5 (8) five three percent to the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund; and
- 87.6 (9) five seven percent to the taconite environmental protection fund.
- The proceeds of the tax shall be distributed on July 15 each year.
- 87.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2014.
- 87.9 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 298.28, subdivision 5, as amended by Laws
 87.10 2014, chapter 150, article 6, section 11, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Counties. (a) 21.05 cents per taxable ton <u>for distributions in 2015 through</u>
 <u>2023</u>, and 26.05 cents per taxable ton for distributions beginning in 2024 is allocated
 to counties to be distributed, based upon certification by the commissioner of revenue,
- 87.14 under paragraphs (b) to (d).
- (b) 10.525 cents per taxable ton shall be distributed to the county in which the
 taconite is mined or quarried or in which the concentrate is produced, less any amount
 which is to be distributed pursuant to paragraph (c). The apportionment formula prescribed
 in subdivision 2 is the basis for the distribution.
- (c) If an electric power plant owned by and providing the primary source of power for 87.19 a taxpayer mining and concentrating taconite is located in a county other than the county 87.20 in which the mining and the concentrating processes are conducted, one cent per taxable 87.21 ton of the tax distributed to the counties pursuant to paragraph (b) and imposed on and 87.22 collected from such taxpayer shall be paid to the county in which the power plant is located. 87.23 (d) 10.525 cents per taxable ton for distributions in 2015 through 2023, and 15.525 87.24 cents per taxable ton for distributions beginning in 2024 shall be paid to the county from 87.25 which the taconite was mined, quarried or concentrated to be deposited in the county road 87.26 and bridge fund. If the mining, quarrying and concentrating, or separate steps in any of 87.27
- those processes are carried on in more than one county, the commissioner shall follow theapportionment formula prescribed in subdivision 2.

87.30 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for distributions beginning in 2015 87.31 and thereafter.

87.32 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 298.28, subdivision 7a, as added by Laws
87.33 2014, chapter 150, article 6, section 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 7a. Iron Range school consolidation and cooperatively operated school 88.1 account. The following amounts must be allocated to the Iron Range Resources and 88.2 Rehabilitation Board to be deposited in the Iron Range school consolidation and 88.3 cooperatively operated school account that is hereby created: 88.4 (1) (i) for distributions in 2015 through 2023, ten cents per taxable ton of the tax 88.5 imposed under section 298.24; and (ii) for distributions beginning in 2024, five cents per 88.6 taxable ton of the tax imposed under section 298.24; 88.7 (2) the amount as determined under section 298.17, paragraph (b), clause (3); and 88.8

(3) for distributions in 2015 through 2017, an amount equal to two-thirds of the
increased tax proceeds attributable to the increase in the implicit price deflator as provided
in section 298.24, subdivision 1 (i) for distributions in 2015, an amount equal to two-thirds
of the increased tax proceeds attributable to the increase in the implicit price deflator as
provided in section 298.24, subdivision 1, with the remaining one-third to be distributed to
the Douglas J. Johnson Economic Protection Trust Fund;

88.15 (ii) for distributions in 2016, an amount equal to two-thirds of the sum of the increased tax proceeds attributable to the increase in the implicit price deflator as provided 88.16 in section 298.24, subdivision 1, for distribution years 2015 and 2016, with the remaining 88.17 one-third to be distributed to the Douglas J. Johnson Economic Protection Trust Fund; and 88.18 (iii) for distributions in 2017, an amount equal to two-thirds of the sum of the 88.19 increased tax proceeds attributable to the increase in the implicit price deflator as provided 88.20 in section 298.24, subdivision 1, for distribution years 2015, 2016, and 2017, with the 88.21 remaining one-third to be distributed to the Douglas J. Johnson Economic Protection 88.22 88.23 Trust Fund; and

88.24 (4) any other am

(4) any other amount as provided by law.

Expenditures from this account shall be made only to provide disbursements to assist school districts with the payment of bonds that were issued for qualified school projects, or for any other <u>school</u> disbursement as approved by the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board. For purposes of this section, "qualified school projects" means school projects within the taconite assistance area as defined in section 273.1341, that were (1) approved, by referendum, after <u>December 7, 2009 April 3, 2006</u>; and (2) approved by the commissioner of education pursuant to section 123B.71.

No expenditure under this section shall be made unless approved by seven membersof the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board.

88.34 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for distributions beginning in 2015 88.35 and thereafter.

89.1 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 298.28, subdivision 10, as
89.2 amended by Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 6, section 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. Increase. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), for distributions
in 2000 through 2014 and for distributions in 2018 and subsequent years, the amount
determined under subdivision 9 shall be increased in the same proportion as the increase
in the implicit price deflator as provided in section 298.24, subdivision 1. Beginning with
distributions in 2018, the amount determined under subdivision 6, paragraph (a), shall be
increased in the same proportion as the increase in the implicit price deflator as provided
increased in the same proportion as the increase in the implicit price deflator as provided
increased in the same proportion as the increase in the implicit price deflator as provided
in section 298.24, subdivision 1.

(b) For distributions in 2005 and subsequent years, an amount equal to the increased
tax proceeds attributable to the increase in the implicit price deflator as provided in
section 298.24, subdivision 1, for taxes paid in 2005, except for the amount of revenue
increases provided in subdivision 4, paragraph (d), is distributed to the grant and loan fund
established in section 298.2961, subdivision 4.

(c) For distributions in 2015 through 2017, an amount equal to two-thirds of the
increased tax proceeds attributable to the increase in the implicit price deflator as provided
in section 298.24, subdivision 1, is distributed to the Iron Range school consolidation and
cooperatively operated school account in section 298.28, subdivision 7a, with the remaining
one-third to be distributed to the Douglas J. Johnson Economic Protection Trust Fund.

89.20 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for distributions beginning in 2015 89.21 and thereafter.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 298.75, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 89.22 Subd. 2. Tax imposed. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (e), a county that 89.23 imposes the aggregate production tax shall impose upon every operator a production tax 89.24 of 21.5 cents per cubic yard or 15 cents per ton of aggregate material excavated in the 89.25 county except that the county board may decide not to impose this tax if it determines 89.26 that in the previous year operators removed less than 20,000 tons or 14,000 cubic yards of 89.27 aggregate material from that county. The tax shall not be imposed on aggregate material 89.28 excavated in the county until the aggregate material is transported from the extraction site 89.29 or sold, whichever occurs first. When aggregate material is stored in a stockpile within the 89.30 state of Minnesota and a public highway, road or street is not used for transporting the 89.31 aggregate material, the tax shall not be imposed until either when the aggregate material 89.32 is sold, or when it is transported from the stockpile site, or when it is used from the 89.33 stockpile, whichever occurs first. 89.34

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (e), a county that imposes the aggregate 90.1 90.2 production tax under paragraph (a) shall impose upon every importer a production tax of 21.5 cents per cubic yard or 15 cents per ton of aggregate material imported into the 90.3 county. The tax shall be imposed when the aggregate material is imported from the 90.4 extraction site or sold. When imported aggregate material is stored in a stockpile within 90.5 the state of Minnesota and a public highway, road, or street is not used for transporting 90.6 the aggregate material, the tax shall be imposed either when the aggregate material is 90.7 sold, when it is transported from the stockpile site, or when it is used from the stockpile, 90.8 whichever occurs first. The tax shall be imposed on an importer when the aggregate 90.9 material is imported into the county that imposes the tax. 90.10

90.11 (c) If the aggregate material is transported directly from the extraction site to a
90.12 waterway, railway, or another mode of transportation other than a highway, road or street,
90.13 the tax imposed by this section shall be apportioned equally between the county where the
90.14 aggregate material is extracted and the county to which the aggregate material is originally
90.15 transported. If that destination is not located in Minnesota, then the county where the
90.16 aggregate material was extracted shall receive all of the proceeds of the tax.

90.17 (d) A county, city, or town that receives revenue under this section is prohibited
90.18 from imposing any additional host community fees on aggregate production within that
90.19 county, city, or town.

90.20 (e) A county that borders two other states and that is not contiguous to a county
90.21 that imposes a tax under this section may impose the taxes under paragraphs (a) and (b)
90.22 at the rate of ten cents per cubic yard or seven cents per ton. This paragraph expires
90.23 December 31, 2014 2024.

90.24

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

90.25 Sec. 8. Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 10, section 15, is amended to read:

90.26

Sec. 15. 2008 DISTRIBUTIONS ONLY.

For distribution in 2008 only, a special fund is established to receive 11.4 cents per ton 90.27 that otherwise would be allocated under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 6. 90.28 If sufficient funds are not available under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 90.29 6, to make the payments required under this section and under Minnesota Statutes, section 90.30 298.28, subdivision 6, the remaining amount needed to total 11.4 cents per ton may be 90.31 taken from funds available under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9. If 90.32 2008 H.F. No. 1812 is enacted and includes a provision that distributes funds that would 90.33 otherwise be allocated under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 6, in a 90.34 90.35 manner different from the distribution required in this section, the distribution in this

section supersedes the distribution set in 2008 H.F. No. 1812 notwithstanding Minnesota
Statutes, section 645.26. The following amounts are allocated to St. Louis County acting
as the fiscal agent for the recipients for the following specified purposes:

91.4 (1) two cents per ton must be paid to the Hibbing Economic Development Authority
91.5 to retire bonds and for economic development purposes;

91.6 (2) one cent per ton must be divided among and paid in equal shares to each of the
91.7 board of St. Louis County School District No. 2142, the board of Ely School District No.
91.8 696, the board of Mountain Iron-Buhl School District No. 712, and the board of Virginia
91.9 School District No. 706 for each to study the potential for and impact of consolidation
91.10 and streamlining the operations of their school districts;

91.11 (3) 0.25 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Grand Rapids, for industrial park work;
91.12 (4) 0.65 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Aitkin, for sewer and water for
91.13 housing economic development projects;

91.14 (5) 0.5 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Crosby, for well and water tower91.15 infrastructure;

91.16 (6) 0.5 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Two Harbors, for well and water91.17 tower infrastructure;

91.18 (7) 1.5 cents per ton must be paid to the city of Silver Bay to pay for health and
91.19 safety and maintenance improvements at a former elementary school building that is
91.20 currently owned by the city, to be used for economic development purposes;

91.21 (8) 1.5 cents per ton must be paid to St. Louis County to extend water and sewer91.22 lines from the city of Chisholm to the St. Louis County fairgrounds;

91.23 (9) 1.5 cents per ton must be paid to the White Community Hospital for debt91.24 restructuring;

91.25 (10) 0.5 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Keewatin for street, sewer, and
91.26 water improvements;

91.27 (11) 0.5 cent per ton must be paid to the city of Calumet for street, sewer, and water91.28 improvements; and

91.29 (12) one cent per ton must be paid to Breitung township for sewer and water
91.30 extensions associated with the development of a state park, provided that if a new state
91.31 park is not established in Breitung township by July 1, 2009, the money provided in
91.32 this clause must be transferred to the northeast Minnesota economic development fund
91.33 established in Minnesota Statutes, section 298.2213.

- 91.34 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
 91.35 Upon enactment, the city of Aitkin must release all funds under this section to St. Louis
 91.36 Count particular function of the base of the b
- 91.36 County acting as fiscal agent by July 1, 2014.

Sec. 9. Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 11, section 10, is amended to read: 92.1 Sec. 10. 2013 DISTRIBUTION ONLY. 92.2 For the 2013 distribution, a special fund is established to receive 38.7 cents per ton of 92.3 any excess of the balance remaining after distribution of amounts required under Minnesota 92.4 Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 6. The following amounts are allocated to St. Louis 92.5 County acting as the fiscal agent for the recipients for the following specific purposes: 92.6 (1) 5.1 cents per ton to the city of Hibbing for improvements to the city's water 92.7 supply system; 92.8 (2) 4.3 cents per ton to the city of Mountain Iron for the cost of moving utilities 92.9 required as a result of actions undertaken by United States Steel Corporation; 92.10 (3) 2.5 cents per ton to the city of Biwabik for improvements to the city's water supply 92.11 system, payable upon agreement with ArcelorMittal to satisfy water permit conditions; 92.12 (4) 2 cents per ton to the city of Tower for the Tower Marina; 92.13 (5) 2.4 cents per ton to the city of Grand Rapids for an eco-friendly heat transfer 92.14 92.15 system to replace aging effluent lines and for parking lot repaying; (6) 2.4 cents per ton to the city of Two Harbors for wastewater treatment plant 92.16 improvements; 92.17 (7) 0.9 cents per ton to the city of Ely for the sanitary sewer replacement project; 92.18 (8) 0.6 cents per ton to the town of Crystal Bay for debt service of the Claire Nelson 92.19 Intermodal Transportation Center; 92.20 (9) 0.5 cents per ton to the Greenway Joint Recreation Board for the Coleraine 92.21 hockey arena renovations; 92.22 (10) 1.2 cents per ton for the West Range Regional Fire Hall and Training Center 92.23 to merge the existing fire services of Coleraine, Bovey, Taconite Marble, Calumet, and 92.24 Greenway Township; 92.25 92.26 (11) 2.5 cents per ton to the city of Hibbing for the Memorial Building; (12) 0.7 cents per ton to the city of Chisholm for public works infrastructure; 92.27 (13) 1.8 cents per ton to the Crane Lake Water and Sanitary District for sanitary 92.28 sewer extension; 92.29 (14) 2.5 cents per ton for the city of Buhl for the roof on the Mesabi Academy; 92.30 (15) 1.2 cents per ton to the city of Gilbert for the New Jersey/Ohio Avenue project; 92.31 (16) 1.5 2.0 cents per ton to the city of Cook for street improvements, business park 92.32 infrastructure, and a maintenance garage; 92.33 (17) 0.5 cents per ton to the city of Cook for a water line project; 92.34 (18) (17) 1.8 cents per ton to the city of Eveleth to be used for Jones Street 92.35 reconstruction and the city auditorium; 92.36

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(19) (18) 0.5 cents per ton for the city of Keewatin for an electrical substation and 93.1 93.2 water line replacements; (20) (19) 3.3 cents per ton for the city of Virginia for Fourth Street North 93.3 infrastructure and Franklin Park improvement; and 93.4 (21) (20) 0.5 cents per ton to the city of Grand Rapids for an economic development 93.5 project. 93.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 93.7 Sec. 10. REALLOCATION OF BOND PAYMENTS. 93.8 In each year subsequent to the year in which the following appropriations terminate 93.9 under their terms, an amount equal to the amount payable in 2013 based upon 2012 93.10 93.11 production of the terminating appropriation is appropriated from the same sources listed in this section to the Iron Range school consolidation and cooperatively operated school 93.12 account under Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 6, section 13: 93.13 (1) Laws 1996, chapter 412, article 5, section 21, subdivision 3, appropriation for 93.14 bonds of Independent School District No. 166, Cook County; 93.15 (2) Laws 1996, chapter 412, article 5, section 20, subdivision 2, appropriation for 93.16 bonds of Independent School District No. 696, Ely; 93.17 (3) Laws 1996, chapter 412, article 5, section 20, subdivision 2, appropriation for 93.18 bonds of Independent School District No. 706, Virginia: 93.19 (4) Laws 1996, chapter 412, article 5, section 20, subdivision 2, appropriation for 93.20 bonds of Independent School District No. 2154, Eveleth-Gilbert; 93.21 (5) Laws 1998, chapter 398, article 4, section 17, subdivision 2, appropriation for 93.22 bonds of Independent School District No. 712, Mountain Iron-Buhl; 93.23 93.24 (6) Laws 2000, chapter 489, article 5, section 24, subdivision 1, appropriation for bonds of Independent School District No. 695, Chisholm; 93.25 (7) Laws 2000, chapter 489, article 5, section 25, subdivision 1, appropriation for 93.26 bonds of Independent School District No. 316, Greenway-Coleraine; 93.27 (8) Laws 2000, chapter 489, article 5, section 26, subdivision 1, appropriation for 93.28 bonds of Independent School District No. 381, Lake Superior; and 93.29 (9) Laws 2008, chapter 154, article 8, section 18, appropriation for bonds of 93.30 Independent School District No. 2711, Mesabi East. 93.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with the distribution 93.32

93.33 <u>in 2015.</u>

94.1	Sec. 11. 2014 DISTRIBUTION ONLY.
94.2	For the 2014 distribution, a special fund is established to receive 18.84 cents per ton of
94.3	any excess of the balance remaining after distribution of amounts required under Minnesota
94.4	Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 6. The following amounts are allocated to St. Louis
94.5	County acting as the fiscal agent for the recipients for the following specific purposes:
94.6	(1) 1.3 cents per ton to the city of Silver Bay for a water project under Highway 61;
94.7	(2) 0.5 cents per ton to the city of Grand Rapids for soil and landscape remediation
94.8	at the Reif Center;
94.9	(3) 0.65 cents per ton to the city of LaPrairie for sewer, water, and road improvements
94.10	to accommodate business expansion in the city;
94.11	(4) 0.78 cents per ton to the city of Cohasset for an infrastructure project;
94.12	(5) 0.39 cents per ton to Balkan Township for a salt storage building and
94.13	energy-efficient cold storage building;
94.14	(6) 3.0 cents per ton to the city of McKinley to construct a water line from the city
94.15	of Gilbert or the city of Biwabik to the city of McKinley's distribution center in order to
94.16	secure a potable water source for the city, provided that the city of McKinley secures
94.17	the remainder of the project costs from other sources, and expires three years following
94.18	the date of distribution;
94.19	(7) 6.5 cents per ton to the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board for
94.20	township block grants to be distributed by the board;
94.21	(8) 0.5 cents per ton to the city of Marble for a water main and looping project;
94.22	(9) 0.65 cents per ton to the city of Nashwauk for an infrastructure project;
94.23	(10) 0.35 cents per ton to the city of Babbitt for demolition of a public building;
94.24	(11) 0.65 cents per ton to the city of Hoyt Lakes for a storm water project;
94.25	(12) 0.65 cents per ton to the city of Aurora for an infrastructure project;
94.26	(13) 0.65 cents per ton to the town of Silver Creek for an infrastructure project;
94.27	(14) 0.5 cents per ton to the city of Calumet for an infrastructure project;
94.28	(15) 0.5 cents per ton to Nashwauk Township for the Nashwauk town hall;
94.29	(16) 0.5 cents per ton to the city of Biwabik for emergency repair of a wastewater
94.30	treatment project;
94.31	(17) 0.47 cents per ton to the city of Cuyuna for improvements to city properties and
94.32	facilities, including construction, electrical, water, sewer, and site preparation; and
94.33	(18) 0.3 cents per ton to Morse Township for a recreational trail.
94.34	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2014 distribution, and all
94.35	payments must be made separately and within ten days of the date of the August 2014
94 36	payment

94.36 payment.

95.1	ARTICLE 6
95.2	LOCAL DEVELOPMENT
95.3	Section 1. [383A.155] HOUSING IMPROVEMENT AREAS.
95.4	Subdivision 1. Powers of a housing improvement authority. The Ramsey County
95.5	Housing and Redevelopment Authority shall have the powers of a city under sections
95.6	428A.11 to 428A.21 to establish housing improvement areas in Ramsey County.
95.7	Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For purposes of exercising the powers in sections 428A.11
95.8	to 428A.21, references in those sections to the terms in paragraphs (b) to (e) have the
95.9	meanings given them for purposes of this section.
95.10	(b) "Mayor" means the chair of the Ramsey County Housing and Redevelopment
95.11	Authority.
95.12	(c) "Council" or "governing body of the city" means the Ramsey County Housing
95.13	and Redevelopment Authority.
95.14	(d) "City clerk" means the person designated by the Ramsey County Housing and
95.15	Redevelopment Authority to carry out the duties of the city clerk under sections 428A.11
95.16	<u>to 428A.21.</u>
95.17	(e) "Enabling ordinance" means a resolution adopted under subdivision 3 by the
95.18	Ramsey County Housing and Redevelopment Authority.
95.19	Subd. 3. Establishment of housing improvement areas. The Ramsey County
95.20	Housing and Redevelopment Authority may adopt a resolution establishing one or
95.21	more housing improvement areas within the county under this section. The Ramsey
95.22	County Housing and Redevelopment Authority shall send a copy of each petition for the
95.23	establishment of a housing improvement area to the city in which the proposed housing
95.24	improvement area is located. The public hearings under sections 428A.13 and 428A.14
95.25	may be held at the times and places determined by the Ramsey County Housing and
95.26	Redevelopment Authority, except that they must be held at least 30 days after the date the
95.27	applicable petition was sent to the city. If the city council adopts a resolution opposing
95.28	the establishment within 30 days of the date the copy of the petition was sent to the city
95.29	under this subdivision, the Ramsey County Housing and Redevelopment Authority may
95.30	not establish the proposed housing improvement area.
95.31	Subd. 4. Applicability. Except as otherwise provided in this section, sections
95.32	428A.11 to 428A.21 apply to the establishment of a housing improvement area by the
95.33	Ramsey County Housing and Redevelopment Authority.

95.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

96.1	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 383D.41, is amended by adding a subdivision
96.2	to read:
96.3	Subd. 11. Tax credit allocation threshold criteria. (a) In addition to the projects
96.4	described in section 462A.222, subdivision 3, paragraph (d), the Dakota County
96.5	Community Development Agency may allocate tax credits in the first round for up to three
96.6	projects of the following type: new construction or substantial rehabilitation multifamily
96.7	housing projects that are not restricted to persons who are 55 years of age or older and that
96.8	are located within one of the following areas at the time a reservation for tax credits is made:
96.9	(1) an area within one-half mile of a completed or planned light rail transit way, bus
96.10	rapid transit way, or commuter rail station;
96.11	(2) an area within one-fourth mile from any stop along a high-frequency local bus line;
96.12	(3) an area within one-half mile from a bus stop or station on a high-frequency
96.13	express route;
96.14	(4) an area within one-half mile from a park and ride lot; or
96.15	(5) an area within one-fourth mile of a high-service public transportation fixed
96.16	route stop.
96.17	(b) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meaning given them:
96.18	(1) "high-frequency local bus line" means a local bus route providing service at
96.19	least every 15 minutes and running between 6:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. on weekdays and
96.20	between 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays;
96.21	(2) "high-frequency express route" means an express route with bus service
96.22	providing six or more trips during at least one of the peak morning hours between 6:00
96.23	a.m. and 9:00 a.m. and every ten minutes during the peak morning hour; and
96.24	(3) "high-service public transportation fixed route stop" means a stop serviced
96.25	between 6:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. on weekdays and 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays
96.26	and with service approximately every 30 minutes during that time.
96.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with the 2015 allocation of
96.28	tax credit.
20.20	

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 Subd. 3. Five-year rule. (a) Revenues derived from tax increments are considered
 to have been expended on an activity within the district under subdivision 2 only if one
 of the following occurs:
- 96.33 (1) before or within five years after certification of the district, the revenues are96.34 actually paid to a third party with respect to the activity;

97.1 (2) bonds, the proceeds of which must be used to finance the activity, are issued and
97.2 sold to a third party before or within five years after certification, the revenues are spent
97.3 to repay the bonds, and the proceeds of the bonds either are, on the date of issuance,
97.4 reasonably expected to be spent before the end of the later of (i) the five-year period, or
97.5 (ii) a reasonable temporary period within the meaning of the use of that term under section
97.6 148(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, or are deposited in a reasonably required reserve
97.7 or replacement fund;

97.8 (3) binding contracts with a third party are entered into for performance of the
97.9 activity before or within five years after certification of the district and the revenues are
97.10 spent under the contractual obligation;

97.11 (4) costs with respect to the activity are paid before or within five years after
97.12 certification of the district and the revenues are spent to reimburse a party for payment
97.13 of the costs, including interest on unreimbursed costs; or

97.14 (5) expenditures are made for housing purposes as permitted by subdivision 2,
97.15 paragraphs (b) and (d), or for public infrastructure purposes within a zone as permitted
97.16 by subdivision 2, paragraph (e).

97.17 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, bonds include subsequent refunding bonds if97.18 the original refunded bonds meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (2).

97.19 (c) For a redevelopment district or a renewal and renovation district certified after
97.20 June 30, 2003, and before April 20, 2009, the five-year periods described in paragraph (a)
97.21 are extended to ten years after certification of the district. For a redevelopment district
97.22 certified after April 20, 2009, and before June 30, 2012, the five-year periods described in
97.23 paragraph (a) are extended to eight years after certification of the district. This extension is
97.24 provided primarily to accommodate delays in development activities due to unanticipated
97.25 economic circumstances.

97.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for districts for which the request for 97.27 certification was made after April 20, 2009.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.177, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Tax increment, relationship to chapters 276A and 473F. (a) Unless the
governing body elects pursuant to paragraph (b) the following method of computation
shall apply to a district other than an economic development district for which the request
for certification was made after June 30, 1997:

97.33 (1) The original net tax capacity and the current net tax capacity shall be determined
97.34 before the application of the fiscal disparity provisions of chapter 276A or 473F. Where
97.35 the original net tax capacity is equal to or greater than the current net tax capacity, there is

no captured net tax capacity and no tax increment determination. Where the original net
tax capacity is less than the current net tax capacity, the difference between the original
net tax capacity and the current net tax capacity is the captured net tax capacity. This
amount less any portion thereof which the authority has designated, in its tax increment
financing plan, to share with the local taxing districts is the retained captured net tax
capacity of the authority.

(2) The county auditor shall exclude the retained captured net tax capacity of the
authority from the net tax capacity of the local taxing districts in determining local taxing
district tax rates. The local tax rates so determined are to be extended against the retained
captured net tax capacity of the authority as well as the net tax capacity of the local taxing
districts. The tax generated by the extension of the lesser of (A) the local taxing district
tax rates or (B) the original local tax rate to the retained captured net tax capacity of the
authority is the tax increment of the authority.

(b) The following method of computation applies to any economic development
district for which the request for certification was made after June 30, 1997, and to any
other district for which the governing body, by resolution approving the tax increment
financing plan pursuant to section 469.175, subdivision 3, elects:

(1) The original net tax capacity shall be determined before the application of the 98.18 fiscal disparity provisions of chapter 276A or 473F. The current net tax capacity shall 98.19 exclude any fiscal disparity commercial-industrial net tax capacity increase between 98.20 the original year and the current year multiplied by the fiscal disparity ratio determined 98.21 pursuant to section 276A.06, subdivision 7, or 473F.08, subdivision 6. Where the original 98.22 98.23 net tax capacity is equal to or greater than the current net tax capacity, there is no captured net tax capacity and no tax increment determination. Where the original net tax capacity is 98.24 less than the current net tax capacity, the difference between the original net tax capacity 98.25 98.26 and the current net tax capacity is the captured net tax capacity. This amount less any portion thereof which the authority has designated, in its tax increment financing plan, to 98.27 share with the local taxing districts is the retained captured net tax capacity of the authority. 98.28

(2) The county auditor shall exclude the retained captured net tax capacity of the authority from the net tax capacity of the local taxing districts in determining local taxing district tax rates. The local tax rates so determined are to be extended against the retained captured net tax capacity of the authority as well as the net tax capacity of the local taxing districts. The tax generated by the extension of the lesser of (A) the local taxing district tax rates or (B) the original local tax rate to the retained captured net tax capacity of the authority is the tax increment of the authority.

- 99.1 (3) An election by the governing body pursuant to paragraph (b) shall be submitted
 99.2 to the county auditor by the authority at the time of the request for certification pursuant to
 99.3 subdivision 1.
- 99.4 (c) The method of computation of tax increment applied to a district pursuant to
 99.5 paragraph (a) or (b) shall remain the same for the duration of the district, except that
 99.6 the governing body may elect to change its election from the method of computation in
 99.7 paragraph (a) to the method in paragraph (b).

99.8 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for districts for which the request for 99.9 certification is made after June 30, 2014.

99.10 Sec. 5. Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 9, section 23, is amended to read:

99.11 Sec. 23. CITY OF BLOOMINGTON; OLD CEDAR AVENUE BRIDGE.

(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the city of Bloomington shall transfer 99.12 from the tax increment financing accounts for its Tax Increment Financing District No. 99.13 1-C and Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-G an amount equal to the tax increment 99.14 for each district that is computed under the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 99.15 473F.08, subdivision 3c, for taxes payable in 2014 to an account or fund established for 99.16 the repair, restoration, or replacement of the Old Cedar Avenue bridge for use by bicycle 99.17 commuters and recreational users. The city is authorized to and must use the transferred 99.18 funds to complete the repair, renovation, or replacement of the bridge. 99.19

- (b) Upon completion of the repair, restoration, or replacement of the bridge, the city
 may use any remaining funds in the account for expenditures as provided in this paragraph
 and that use is deemed to be a permitted use of the increments, regardless of whether it is
 for improvements within the project area. If the city elects to use the authority under this
 paragraph, the remaining funds must be spent for the following items and improvements
- 99.25 in the following order of priority:
- 99.26 (1) signage for the Old Cedar Avenue bridge that is consistent with the number,
 99.27 design, size, and placement of the city's signage for the Normandale Lake District;
- 99.28 (2) kiosks and other wayfinding aids for users of the Old Cedar Avenue bridge and
 99.29 immediately adjacent parkland areas; and
- 99.30 (3) bicycle and pedestrian trail improvements that provide access to the Old Cedar
 99.31 Avenue bridge.
- 99.32 (b) (c) No signs, plaques, or markers acknowledging or crediting donations for,
 99.33 sponsorships of, or naming rights may be posted on or in the vicinity of the Old Cedar
 99.34 Avenue bridge.

100.1 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective without local approval under
 100.2 Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023, subdivision 1, paragraph (a).

100.3 Sec. 6. <u>CITY OF BAXTER; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT;</u> 100.4 PROJECT REQUIREMENT.

100.5Subdivision 1.Addition of parcels to district.Notwithstanding Minnesota

100.6 Statutes, sections 469.174, subdivision 12; 469.176, subdivision 4c; or any other law to

100.7 the contrary, the governing body of the city of Baxter may elect to expand the boundaries

100.8 of the Isle Drive Tax Increment Financing District to include the real property described as

100.9 tax parcel number 034120010010009 in the city of Baxter, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

100.10 <u>Subd. 2.</u> Original tax capacity of district. Upon addition of the property described

100.11 in subdivision 1 to the Isle Drive Tax Increment Financing District, the Crow Wing

100.12 County auditor shall increase the original tax capacity of Isle Drive Tax Increment

100.13 Financing District by the amount required by Minnesota Statutes, section 469.177, except

100.14 <u>as provided in subdivision 3.</u>

100.15Subd. 3. Prior planned improvements.Minnesota Statutes, section 469.177,100.16subdivision 4, does not apply to the property described in subdivision 1 added to the Isle

100.17 Drive Tax Increment Financing District.

100.18Subd. 4.Use of increments.Tax increments and other revenues derived from any100.19portion of the Isle Drive Tax Increment Financing District, as expanded under this section,100.20may be used to reimburse or otherwise pay for allowable expenditures under the plan

budget for the Isle Drive Tax Increment Financing District, as amended in accordance
 with Minnesota Statutes, section 469.175, subdivision 4.

100.23Subd. 5. Approval and effect of modification. If the governing body of the100.24city elects to exercise the authority provided in subdivision 1 to modify the district, the100.25following conditions apply:

(1) the city must comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 469.175, subdivision 4; and
(2) beginning with the subsequent calendar year, except as otherwise provided

100.28 in this section, the district is subject to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, sections

100.29 469.174 to 469.1794, as if the request for certification of the entire district was made on

100.30 December 30, 2011, the date the original request for certification for the Isle Drive Tax

100.31 Increment Financing District was made.

101.1 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon approval by the governing body
 101.2 of the city of Baxter and upon compliance by the city with Minnesota Statutes, section
 101.3 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 7. CITY OF EAGAN; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING. 101.4 (a) Effective for taxes payable in 2015, the city of Eagan may elect to compute tax 101.5 increment for the Cedar Grove Tax Increment Financing District using the current local tax 101.6 rate, notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.177, subdivision 1a. 101.7 (b) The requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that 101.8 101.9 activities must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of a tax increment financing district, is considered to be met for the Cedar Grove Tax 101.10 101.11 Increment Financing District in the city of Eagan if the activities are undertaken within 13 years from the date of certification of the district. 101.12 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, 101.13 subdivision 1b, or any other law to the contrary, the city of Eagan may collect tax increment 101.14 from the Cedar Grove Tax Increment Financing District through December 31, 2032. 101.15 101.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraphs (a) and (b) are effective upon compliance by the governing body of the city of Eagan with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 101.17 645.021, subdivision 3. Paragraph (c) is effective upon compliance by the governing 101.18 bodies of the city of Eagan, Dakota County, and Independent School District No. 191 with 101.19 the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782, subdivision 2, and 645.021, 101.20 101.21 subdivision 3.

101.22 Sec. 8. CITY OF EDINA; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING.

Subdivision 1. Authority to create districts. (a) The governing body of the city of 101.23 101.24 Edina or its development authority may establish one or more tax increment financing 101.25 housing districts in the Southeast Edina Redevelopment Project Area, as the boundaries 101.26 exist on March 31, 2014. 101.27 (b) The authority to request certification of districts under this section expires on 101.28 June 30, 2017. 101.29 Subd. 2. Rules governing districts. (a) Housing districts established under this section are subject to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.174 to 469.1794, 101.30

101.31 except as otherwise provided in this subdivision.

102.1 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176,

102.2 <u>subdivision 1b, no increment must be paid to the authority after 20 years after receipt by</u>

102.3 the authority of the first increment from a district established under this section.

102.4 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1761,

- 102.5 <u>subdivision 3, for a residential rental project, the city may elect to substitute "20 percent"</u>
- 102.6 for "40 percent" in the 40-60 test under section 142(d)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code
- 102.7 in determining the applicable income limits.
- (d) The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1761, subdivision 3, apply for
 a 25-year period beginning on the date of certification of the district.
- 102.10 Subd. 3. Pooling authority. The city may elect to treat expenditures of increment
- 102.11 from the Southdale 2 district for a housing project of a district established under this
- 102.12 section as expenditures qualifying under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision
- 102.13 2, paragraph (d): (1) without regard to whether the housing meets the requirement of a

102.14 qualified building under section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code; and (2) may increase

102.15 by an additional 25 percentage points the permitted amount of expenditures for activities

102.16 located outside the geographic area of the district permitted under that section.

102.17 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon compliance by the governing
 102.18 body of the city of Edina with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
 102.19 subdivisions 2 and 3.

102.20 Sec. 9. CITY OF MAPLE GROVE; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT.

102.21 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms
102.22 have the meanings given them.

102.23 (b) "City" means the city of Maple Grove.

102.24 (c) "Project area" means the area in the city commencing at a point 130 feet East and

102.25 120 feet North of the southwest corner of the Southeast Quarter of Section 23, Township

- 102.26 119, Range 22, Hennepin County, said point being on the easterly right-of-way line of
- 102.27 <u>Hemlock Lane; thence northerly along said easterly right-of-way line of Hemlock Lane</u>
- 102.28 to a point on the west line of the east one-half of the Southeast Quarter of section 23,
- 102.29 thence south along said west line a distance of 1,200 feet; thence easterly to the east
- 102.30 line of Section 23, 1,030 feet North from the southeast corner thereof; thence South 74
- 102.31 degrees East 1,285 feet; thence East a distance of 1,000 feet; thence North 59 degrees
- 102.32 West a distance of 650 feet; thence northerly to a point on the northerly right-of-way line
- 102.33 of 81st Avenue North, 650 feet westerly measured at right angles, from the east line of
- the Northwest Quarter of Section 24; thence North 13 degrees West a distance of 795

feet; thence West to the west line of the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of 103.1 103.2 Section 24; thence North 55 degrees West to the south line of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 24; thence West along said south line to the east right-of-way 103.3 line of Zachary Lane; thence North along the east right-of-way line of Zachary Lane to 103.4 the southwest corner of Lot 1, Block 1, Metropolitan Industrial Park 5th Addition; thence 103.5 East along the south line of said Lot 1 to the northeast corner of Outlot A, Metropolitan 103.6 Industrial Park 5th Addition; thence South along the east line of said Outlot A and its 103.7 southerly extension to the south right-of-way line of County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 103.8 109; thence easterly along the south right-of-way line of CSAH 109 to the east line of the 103.9 Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of Section 24; thence South along said east 103.10 line to the north line of the South Half of the Northeast Quarter of Section 24; thence East 103.11 103.12 along said north line to the westerly right-of-way line of Jefferson Highway North; thence 103.13 southerly along the westerly right-of-way line of Jefferson Highway to the centerline of CSAH 130; thence continuing South along the west right-of-way line of Pilgrim Lane 103.14 103.15 North to the westerly extension of the north line of Outlot A, Park North Fourth Addition; thence easterly along the north line of Outlot A, Park North Fourth Addition to the 103.16 northeast corner of said Outlot A; thence southerly along the east line of said Outlot A 103.17 103.18 to the southeast corner of said Outlot A; thence easterly along the south line of Lot 1, Block 1, Park North Fourth Addition to the westerly right-of-way line of State Highway 103.19 169; thence southerly, southwesterly, westerly, and northwesterly along the westerly 103.20 right-of-way line of State Highway 169 and the northerly right-of-way line of Interstate 103.21 694 to its intersection with the southerly extension of the easterly right-of-way line of 103.22 103.23 Zachary Lane North; thence northerly along the easterly right-of-way line of Zachary 103.24 Lane North and its northerly extension to the north right-of-way line of CSAH 130; thence westerly, southerly, northerly, southwesterly, and northwesterly to the point of beginning 103.25 103.26 and there terminating, provided that the project area includes the rights-of-way for all present and future highway interchanges abutting the area described in this paragraph. 103.27 (d) "Soil deficiency district" means a type of tax increment financing district 103.28 consisting of a portion of the project area in which the city finds by resolution that the 103.29 following conditions exist: 103.30 (1) unusual terrain or soil deficiencies that occurred over 80 percent of the acreage in 103.31 the district require substantial filling, grading, or other physical preparation for use; and 103.32 (2) the estimated cost of the physical preparation under clause (1), but excluding 103.33 costs directly related to roads as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 160.01, and 103.34

103.35 local improvements as described in Minnesota Statutes, sections 429.021, subdivision 1,

104.1 clauses (1) to (7), (11), and (12), and 430.01, exceeds the fair market value of the land

104.2 <u>before completion of the preparation.</u>

- 104.3Subd. 2.Special rules. (a) If the city elects, upon the adoption of the tax increment104.4financing plan for a district, the rules under this section apply to a redevelopment
- 104.5 <u>district</u>, renewal and renovation district, soil condition district, or soil deficiency district
- 104.6 established by the city or a development authority of the city in the project area.
- 104.7 (b) Prior to or upon the adoption of the first tax increment plan subject to the special
- 104.8 rules under this subdivision, the city must find by resolution that parcels consisting
- 104.9 of at least 80 percent of the acreage of the project area, excluding street and railroad
- 104.10 rights-of-way, are characterized by one or more of the following conditions:
- 104.11 (1) peat or other soils with geotechnical deficiencies that impair development of
- 104.12 <u>commercial buildings or infrastructure;</u>
- 104.13 (2) soils or terrain that require substantial filling in order to permit the development
- 104.14 of commercial buildings or infrastructure;
- 104.15 (3) landfills, dumps, or similar deposits of municipal or private waste;
- 104.16 (4) quarries or similar resource extraction sites;
- 104.17 <u>(5) floodway; and</u>
- 104.18 (6) substandard buildings, within the meaning of Minnesota Statutes, section
- 104.19 <u>469.174</u>, subdivision 10.
- 104.20 (c) For the purposes of paragraph (b), clauses (1) to (5), a parcel is characterized by
- 104.21 the relevant condition if at least 70 percent of the area of the parcel contains the relevant
- 104.22 <u>condition</u>. For the purposes of paragraph (b), clause (6), a parcel is characterized by
- 104.23 substandard buildings if substandard buildings occupy at least 30 percent of the area
- 104.24 <u>of the parcel.</u>
- 104.25 (d) The five-year rule under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3,
- 104.26 is extended to eight years for any district, and Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763,
- 104.27 <u>subdivision 4, does not apply to any district.</u>
- 104.28 (e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section
- 104.29 <u>469.1763</u>, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue
- 104.30 derived from tax increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of
- 104.31 <u>the district, may be expended on activities outside the district but within the project area.</u>
- 104.32 (f) For a soil deficiency district:
- 104.33 (1) increments may be collected through 20 years after the receipt by the authority of
- 104.34 <u>the first increment from the district;</u>
- 104.35 (2) increments may be used only to:
- 104.36 (i) acquire parcels on which the improvements described in item (ii) will occur;

(ii) pay for the cost of correcting the unusual terrain or soil deficiencies and the 105.1 105.2 additional cost of installing public improvements directly caused by the deficiencies; and (iii) pay for the administrative expenses of the authority allocable to the district; and 105.3 (3) any parcel acquired with increments from the district must be sold at no less 105.4 than their fair market value. 105.5 (g) Increments spent for any infrastructure costs, whether inside a district or outside 105.6 a district but within the project area, are deemed to satisfy the requirements of Minnesota 105.7 Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j. 105.8 (h) The authority to approve tax increment financing plans to establish tax increment 105.9 financing districts under this section expires June 30, 2020. 105.10 105.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon compliance with Minnesota 105.12 Statutes, section 645.021, subdivision 3. Sec. 10. CITY OF MOUND; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING. 105.13 The requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that 105.14 activities must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of 105.15 105.16 a tax increment financing district, are considered to be met for the Mound Harbor Tax Increment Financing District administered by the Housing and Redevelopment Authority 105.17 in and for the city of Mound if the activities are undertaken within 13 years from the 105.18 date of certification of the district. 105.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** The section is effective upon compliance by the governing 105.20 105.21 body of the city of Mound with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, 105.22 subdivisions 2 and 3.

105.23 Sec. 11. <u>CITY OF NORTH ST. PAUL; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING;</u> 105.24 PARCELS DEEMED OCCUPIED.

105.25 (a) If the city of North St. Paul authorizes the creation of a redevelopment tax

105.26 increment financing district under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10,

105.27 parcel number 122922330059 is deemed to meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes,

- 105.28 section 469.174, subdivision 10, paragraph (d), notwithstanding any contrary provisions
- 105.29 of that paragraph, if the following conditions are met:

105.30 (1) buildings located on the parcel were demolished after the city of North St. Paul

adopted a resolution under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10, paragraph

105.32 (d), clause (3);

106.1	(2) the buildings were removed either by the city of North St. Paul or by the owner
106.2	of the property by entering into a development agreement; and
106.3	(3) the request for certification of the parcel as part of a district is filed with the
106.4	county auditor by December 31, 2017.
106.5	(b) The city of North St. Paul may elect to use the current value for purposes of
106.6	calculating original net tax capacity for the parcels deemed occupied under paragraph (a),
106.7	notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.174, subdivision 10,
106.8	paragraph (d), and 469.177, subdivision 1, paragraph (f).
106.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon compliance by the governing
106.10	body of the city of North St. Paul with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section
106.11	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
106.12	Sec. 12. CITY OF SAVAGE; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT.
106.13	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms
106.14	have the meanings given them.
106.15	(b) "City" means the city of Savage.
106.16	(c) "Project area" means parcel numbers 26-931-023-0, 26-931-022-0, 26-931-039-0,
106.17	26-931-041-0, 26-931-018-1, 26-931-043-0, 26-931-020-0, 26-931-021-0, 26-931-035-0,
106.18	26-931-040-0, 26-931-036-0, 26-931-037-0, 26-931-038-0, and 26-931-0310.
106.19	(d) "Soil deficiency district" means a type of tax increment financing district
106.20	consisting of a portion of the project area in which the city finds by resolution that the
106.21	following conditions exist:
106.22	(1) unusual terrain or soil deficiencies that occurred over 80 percent of the acreage in
106.23	the district require substantial filling, grading, or other physical preparation for use; and
106.24	(2) the estimated cost of the physical preparation under clause (1), but excluding
106.25	costs directly related to roads as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 160.01, and
106.26	local improvements as described in Minnesota Statutes, sections 429.021, subdivision 1,
106.27	clauses (1) to (7), (11), and (12), and 430.01, exceeds the fair market value of the land
106.28	before completion of the preparation.
106.29	Subd. 2. Special rules. (a) If the city elects, upon the adoption of the tax increment
106.30	financing plan for a district, the rules under this section apply to a redevelopment
106.31	district, renewal and renovation district, soil condition district, or soil deficiency district
106.32	established by the city or a development authority of the city in the project area.
106.33	(b) Prior to or upon the adoption of the first tax increment plan subject to the special
106.34	rules under this subdivision, the city must find by resolution that parcels consisting

107.1	of at least 80 percent of the acreage of the project area, excluding street and railroad
107.2	rights-of-way, are characterized by one or more of the following conditions:
107.3	(1) peat or other soils with geotechnical deficiencies that impair development of
107.4	commercial buildings or infrastructure;
107.5	(2) soils or terrain that require substantial filling in order to permit the development
107.6	of commercial buildings or infrastructure;
107.7	(3) landfills, dumps, or similar deposits of municipal or private waste;
107.8	(4) quarries or similar resource extraction sites;
107.9	(5) floodway; and
107.10	(6) substandard buildings, within the meaning of Minnesota Statutes, section
107.11	469.174, subdivision 10.
107.12	(c) For the purposes of paragraph (b), clauses (1) to (5), a parcel is characterized by
107.13	the relevant condition if at least 70 percent of the area of the parcel contains the relevant
107.14	condition. For the purposes of paragraph (b), clause (6), a parcel is characterized by
107.15	substandard buildings if substandard buildings occupy at least 30 percent of the area
107.16	of the parcel.
107.17	(d) The five-year rule under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3,
107.18	is extended to eight years for any district, and Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763,
107.19	subdivision 4, does not apply to any district.
107.19 107.20	subdivision 4, does not apply to any district. (e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section
107.20	(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section
107.20 107.21	(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue
107.20 107.21 107.22	(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of
107.20 107.21 107.22 107.23	(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be expended on activities outside the district but within the project area.
107.20 107.21 107.22 107.23 107.24	(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be expended on activities outside the district but within the project area. (f) For a soil deficiency district:
107.20 107.21 107.22 107.23 107.24 107.25	(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be expended on activities outside the district but within the project area. (f) For a soil deficiency district: (1) increments may be collected through 20 years after the receipt by the authority of
107.20 107.21 107.22 107.23 107.24 107.25 107.26	(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be expended on activities outside the district but within the project area. (f) For a soil deficiency district: (1) increments may be collected through 20 years after the receipt by the authority of the first increment from the district;
107.20 107.21 107.22 107.23 107.24 107.25 107.26 107.27	(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be expended on activities outside the district but within the project area. (f) For a soil deficiency district: (1) increments may be collected through 20 years after the receipt by the authority of the first increment from the district; (2) increments may be used only to:
107.20 107.21 107.22 107.23 107.24 107.25 107.26 107.27 107.28	 (e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be expended on activities outside the district but within the project area. (f) For a soil deficiency district: (1) increments may be collected through 20 years after the receipt by the authority of the first increment from the district; (2) increments may be used only to: (i) acquire parcels on which the improvements described in item (ii) will occur;
107.20 107.21 107.22 107.23 107.24 107.25 107.26 107.27 107.28 107.29	 (e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be expended on activities outside the district but within the project area. (f) For a soil deficiency district: (1) increments may be collected through 20 years after the receipt by the authority of the first increment from the district; (2) increments may be used only to: (i) acquire parcels on which the improvements described in item (ii) will occur; (ii) pay for the cost of correcting the unusual terrain or soil deficiencies and the
107.20 107.21 107.22 107.23 107.24 107.25 107.26 107.27 107.28 107.29 107.30	 (e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be expended on activities outside the district but within the project area. (f) For a soil deficiency district: (1) increments may be collected through 20 years after the receipt by the authority of the first increment from the district; (2) increments may be used only to: (i) acquire parcels on which the improvements described in item (ii) will occur; (ii) pay for the cost of correcting the unusual terrain or soil deficiencies and the
107.20 107.21 107.22 107.23 107.24 107.25 107.26 107.27 107.28 107.29 107.30 107.31	 (e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be expended on activities outside the district but within the project area. (f) For a soil deficiency district: (1) increments may be collected through 20 years after the receipt by the authority of the first increment from the district; (2) increments may be used only to: (i) acquire parcels on which the improvements described in item (ii) will occur; (ii) pay for the cost of correcting the unusual terrain or soil deficiencies; and (iii) pay for the administrative expenses of the authority allocable to the district; and
107.20 107.21 107.22 107.23 107.24 107.25 107.26 107.27 107.28 107.29 107.30 107.31 107.32	 (e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be expended on activities outside the district but within the project area. (f) For a soil deficiency district: (1) increments may be collected through 20 years after the receipt by the authority of the first increment from the district; (2) increments may be used only to: (i) acquire parcels on which the improvements described in item (ii) will occur; (ii) pay for the cost of correcting the unusual terrain or soil deficiencies; and (iii) pay for the administrative expenses of the authority allocable to the district; and (3) any parcel acquired with increments from the district must be sold at no less
107.20 107.21 107.22 107.23 107.24 107.25 107.26 107.27 107.28 107.29 107.30 107.31 107.32 107.33	 (e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be expended on activities outside the district but within the project area. (f) For a soil deficiency district: (1) increments may be collected through 20 years after the receipt by the authority of the first increment from the district; (2) increments may be used only to: (i) acquire parcels on which the improvements described in item (ii) will occur; (ii) pay for the cost of correcting the unusual terrain or soil deficiencies; and (iii) pay for the administrative expenses of the authority allocable to the district; and (3) any parcel acquired with increments from the district must be sold at no less than their fair market value.

- (h) The authority to approve tax increment financing plans to establish tax increment
 financing districts under this section expires June 30, 2020.
- 108.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon compliance with Minnesota
 108.4 Statutes, section 645.021, subdivision 3.

108.5 Sec. 13. SHOREVIEW TAX INCREMENT FINANCING PILOT PROJECT.

108.6 Subdivision 1. Authority to establish districts. (a) The governing body of the city

108.7 of Shoreview or a development authority it designates may establish not more than three

108.8 economic development tax increment financing districts in the city subject to the special

108.9 <u>rules under this section</u>. The purpose of these districts is the retention and expansion of

- 108.10 existing businesses in the city and the attraction of new business to the state to create and
- 108.11 retain high paying jobs.
- 108.12(b) The authority to establish or approve the tax increment financing plans and108.13request certification for districts under this section expires on June 30, 2019.
- 108.14 Subd. 2. Qualified businesses. For purposes of this section, a "qualified business"
- 108.15 <u>must satisfy the following requirements:</u>
- 108.16 (1) the business must qualify under one of the following when the tax increment
- 108.17 <u>financing plan is approved:</u>

108.18 (i) it operates at a location in the city of Shoreview;

108.19 (ii) it does not have substantial operations in Minnesota; or

- 108.20 (iii) the assistance is provided for relocation of a portion of the business's operation
 108.21 from another state;
- 108.22 (2) the expansion or location of the operations of the business in the city, as
- 108.23 provided in the business subsidy agreement under Minnesota Statues, sections 116J.993 to
- 108.24 <u>116J.995</u>, will result in an increase in manufacturing, research, service, or professional

108.25 jobs, at least 75 percent of which pay an average wage or salary that is equal to or greater

- 108.26 than 25 percent of the median wage or salary for all jobs within the metropolitan area; and
- 108.27 (3) the business is not engaged in making retail sales or in providing other services,
- 108.28 such as legal, medical, accounting, financial, entertainment, or similar services, to third
- 108.29 parties at the location receiving assistance.
- 108.30 Subd. 3. Applicable rules. (a) Unless otherwise stated, the provisions of Minnesota
- 108.31 Statutes, sections 469.174 to 469.1794, apply to districts established under this section.
- 108.32 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 469.176, subdivision 1b, the duration
- 108.33 limit for districts created under this section is 12 years after the receipt of the first increment.

- (c) The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4c, apply 109.1 109.2 to determining the permitted uses of increments from the districts with the following 109.3 exceptions: (1) any building and facilities must be for a qualified business; 109.4 (2) the building and facilities must not be used by the qualified business or its 109.5 lessees or tenants to relocate operations from another location in this state outside of the 109.6 city of Shoreview; 109.7 (3) the 15 percent limit in subdivision 4c, paragraph (a), is increased to 25 percent; and 109.8 (4) the city or development authority may elect to deposit up to 20 percent of the 109.9 increments in the fund established under subdivision 4. If the city elects to use this 109.10 authority, all of the remaining increments must be expended for administrative expenses 109.11 109.12 or for activities within the district under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763. 109.13 (d) The governing body of the city may elect by resolution to determine the original and current net tax capacity of a district established under this section using the 109.14 109.15 computation under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.177, subdivision 3, paragraph (a) or (b). Subd. 4. Business retention and expansion fund. (a) The city may establish a 109.16 109.17 business retention and expansion fund and deposit in the fund: (1) increments as provided under subdivision 3, paragraph (c), clause (4); and 109.18 (2) increments from a district for which the request for certification of the district 109.19 was made prior to April 30, 1990, if the amount necessary to meet all of the debt and other 109.20 obligations incurred for that district has been received by the city. 109.21 109.22 (b) Amounts in the fund may be expended to assist qualified businesses, as permitted under subdivisions 2 and 3, and are not otherwise subject to the restrictions in Minnesota 109.23 Statutes, sections 469.174 to 469.1794. 109.24 109.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon compliance by the governing body of the city of Shoreview with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 109.26 645.021, subdivision 3. 109.27 Sec. 14. WORKFORCE HOUSING GRANTS PILOT PROGRAM. 109.28 Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of employment and economic 109.29 development shall establish a workforce housing grants pilot program to award grants to a 109.30 109.31 city to be used for financing costs related to the construction of or financing for market 109.32 rate residential rental properties.
- 109.33 <u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Definitions.</u> For purposes of this section:

110.1	(1) "local unit of government" means a home rule charter or statutory city or county;
110.2	(2) "qualified city" means a home rule charter or statutory city with a population
110.3	exceeding 1,500 located in Roseau County or Pennington County;
110.4	(3) "qualified expenditure" means expenditures for the acquisition of property,
110.5	construction of improvements, provisions of loans or subsidies, grants, interest rate
110.6	subsidies, public infrastructure, and related financing costs for market rate rental
110.7	residential rental properties; and
110.8	(4) "market rate residential rental properties" means properties that are rented at
110.9	market value and excludes: (i) properties constructed with financial assistance requiring
110.10	the property to be occupied by residents that meet income limits under federal or state
110.11	law of initial occupancy; and (ii) properties constructed with federal, state, or local flood
110.12	recovery assistance, regardless of whether that assistance imposed income limits as a
110.13	condition of receiving assistance.
110.14	Subd. 3. Application. The commissioner must develop forms and procedures
110.14	for soliciting and reviewing application for grants under this section. At a minimum, a
110.15	city must include in its application a resolution of its governing body certifying that the
110.17	matching amount as required under this section is available and committed.
110.17	indening unount do required under this section is dvandore and committed.
110.18	Subd. 4. Program requirements. The commissioner shall not award a grant to a
110.18 110.19	Subd. 4. Program requirements. The commissioner shall not award a grant to a city under this section until the following determinations are made:
110.19	city under this section until the following determinations are made:
110.19 110.20	city under this section until the following determinations are made: (1) the average vacancy rate for rental housing located in the city, and in any city
110.19 110.20 110.21	city under this section until the following determinations are made: (1) the average vacancy rate for rental housing located in the city, and in any city located within 15 miles or less of the boundaries of the city, has been five percent or
110.19 110.20 110.21 110.22	city under this section until the following determinations are made: (1) the average vacancy rate for rental housing located in the city, and in any city located within 15 miles or less of the boundaries of the city, has been five percent or less for at least a two-year period;
110.19110.20110.21110.22110.23	city under this section until the following determinations are made: (1) the average vacancy rate for rental housing located in the city, and in any city located within 15 miles or less of the boundaries of the city, has been five percent or less for at least a two-year period; (2) one or more businesses located in the city, or within 15 miles of the city, that
 110.19 110.20 110.21 110.22 110.23 110.24 	 city under this section until the following determinations are made: (1) the average vacancy rate for rental housing located in the city, and in any city located within 15 miles or less of the boundaries of the city, has been five percent or less for at least a two-year period; (2) one or more businesses located in the city, or within 15 miles of the city, that employ a minimum of twenty full-time equivalent employees in aggregate have provided
 110.19 110.20 110.21 110.22 110.23 110.24 110.25 	 city under this section until the following determinations are made: (1) the average vacancy rate for rental housing located in the city, and in any city located within 15 miles or less of the boundaries of the city, has been five percent or less for at least a two-year period; (2) one or more businesses located in the city, or within 15 miles of the city, that employ a minimum of twenty full-time equivalent employees in aggregate have provided a written statement to the city indicating that the lack of available rental housing has
 110.19 110.20 110.21 110.22 110.23 110.24 110.25 110.26 	 city under this section until the following determinations are made: (1) the average vacancy rate for rental housing located in the city, and in any city located within 15 miles or less of the boundaries of the city, has been five percent or less for at least a two-year period; (2) one or more businesses located in the city, or within 15 miles of the city, that employ a minimum of twenty full-time equivalent employees in aggregate have provided a written statement to the city indicating that the lack of available rental housing has impeded their ability to recruit and hire employees;
 110.19 110.20 110.21 110.22 110.23 110.24 110.25 110.26 110.27 	 city under this section until the following determinations are made: (1) the average vacancy rate for rental housing located in the city, and in any city located within 15 miles or less of the boundaries of the city, has been five percent or less for at least a two-year period; (2) one or more businesses located in the city, or within 15 miles of the city, that employ a minimum of twenty full-time equivalent employees in aggregate have provided a written statement to the city indicating that the lack of available rental housing has impeded their ability to recruit and hire employees; (3) the city is located in Roseau County or Pennington County and has a population
 110.19 110.20 110.21 110.22 110.23 110.24 110.25 110.26 110.27 110.28 	 city under this section until the following determinations are made: (1) the average vacancy rate for rental housing located in the city, and in any city located within 15 miles or less of the boundaries of the city, has been five percent or less for at least a two-year period; (2) one or more businesses located in the city, or within 15 miles of the city, that employ a minimum of twenty full-time equivalent employees in aggregate have provided a written statement to the city indicating that the lack of available rental housing has impeded their ability to recruit and hire employees; (3) the city is located in Roseau County or Pennington County and has a population
 110.19 110.20 110.21 110.22 110.23 110.24 110.25 110.26 110.27 110.28 110.29 	 city under this section until the following determinations are made: (1) the average vacancy rate for rental housing located in the city, and in any city located within 15 miles or less of the boundaries of the city, has been five percent or less for at least a two-year period; (2) one or more businesses located in the city, or within 15 miles of the city, that employ a minimum of twenty full-time equivalent employees in aggregate have provided a written statement to the city indicating that the lack of available rental housing has impeded their ability to recruit and hire employees; (3) the city is located in Roseau County or Pennington County and has a population exceeding 1,500; (4) fewer than five market rate residential units per 1,000 residents were constructed
 110.19 110.20 110.21 110.22 110.23 110.24 110.25 110.26 110.27 110.28 110.29 110.30 	 city under this section until the following determinations are made: (1) the average vacancy rate for rental housing located in the city, and in any city located within 15 miles or less of the boundaries of the city, has been five percent or less for at least a two-year period; (2) one or more businesses located in the city, or within 15 miles of the city, that employ a minimum of twenty full-time equivalent employees in aggregate have provided a written statement to the city indicating that the lack of available rental housing has impeded their ability to recruit and hire employees; (3) the city is located in Roseau County or Pennington County and has a population exceeding 1,500; (4) fewer than five market rate residential units per 1,000 residents were constructed in the city in each of the last ten years; and
 110.19 110.20 110.21 110.22 110.23 110.24 110.25 110.26 110.27 110.28 110.29 110.30 110.31 	 city under this section until the following determinations are made: (1) the average vacancy rate for rental housing located in the city, and in any city located within 15 miles or less of the boundaries of the city, has been five percent or less for at least a two-year period; (2) one or more businesses located in the city, or within 15 miles of the city, that employ a minimum of twenty full-time equivalent employees in aggregate have provided a written statement to the city indicating that the lack of available rental housing has impeded their ability to recruit and hire employees; (3) the city is located in Roseau County or Pennington County and has a population exceeding 1,500; (4) fewer than five market rate residential units per 1,000 residents were constructed in the city in each of the last ten years; and (5) the city certifies that the grants will be used for qualified expenditures for the

110.35 or ten percent of the rental housing development project cost. The commissioner shall not

award a grant to a city without certification by the city that the amount of the grant shall be

111.2 matched by a local unit of government, business, or nonprofit organization.

Subd. 6. Report. By January 15, 2016, the city must submit a report to the chairs and
 ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees having

jurisdiction over taxes and workforce development specifying the projects that received

grants under this section and the specific purposes for which the grant funds were used.

111.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

111.8 Sec. 15. APPROPRIATION.

- 111.9 <u>\$627,000 in fiscal year 2015 is appropriated from the general fund to the</u>
- 111.10 commissioner of employment and economic development to make grants under the
- 111.11 workforce housing grants pilot program in section 14. The base for fiscal year 2016 is
- 111.12 \$1,373,000 and is available until June 30, 2018. The base for fiscal year 2017 is \$0. Of
- 111.13 these amounts, the commissioner of employment and economic development may use up
- 111.14 to five percent for administrative expenses.
- 111.15

ARTICLE 7

111.16 LEWIS AND CLARK REGIONAL WATER SYSTEM PROJECT

111.17 Section 1. [469.352] LEWIS AND CLARK WATER PROJECT BONDING.

Subdivision 1. Authority; aggregate limit. (a) The governing body of a
municipality may, by resolution, issue obligations under chapter 475 to acquire land or
interests in land for, and to design, engineer, and construct pipeline and other facilities and
infrastructure necessary to complete the Lewis and Clark Regional Water System Project.

- (b) The maximum amount of bonds that may be issued under this section is limited
- to an aggregate principal amount of \$45,000,000, plus any costs of issuance and amounts
- to be deposited into a debt service or reserve account. The Lewis and Clark Joint Powers
- 111.25 Board shall allocate the limit among the municipalities designated in subdivision 2.
- 111.26 <u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Municipalities.</u> For purposes of this section, "municipality" or
 111.27 "municipalities" means any of the following governmental units:
- 111.28 (1) the city of Luverne;
- 111.29 (2) the city of Worthington;
- 111.30 (3) Nobles County; and
- 111.31 <u>(4) Rock County.</u>

112.1 Subd. 3. Application of chapter 475 limits. (a) Notwithstanding section 475.58 or any other law to contrary, obligations under this section, including general obligations, 112.2 may be issued without obtaining the approval of the electors. 112.3 (b) Notwithstanding section 475.53 or any other law to the contrary, obligations 112.4 issued under this section are not subject to any limitations on net debt. 112.5 Subd. 4. Payment allocation. The joint powers board may agree to allocate the 112.6 responsibility of each of its members and each municipality to pay obligations issued 112.7 under this section. One-half of any federal grants and aid received to fund the project in 112.8 any year shall be used to proportionately reduce responsibility to pay obligations under 112.9 this subdivision. 112.10 112.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment 112.12 without local approval under the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023. Sec. 2. [477A.20] DEBT SERVICE AID; LEWIS AND CLARK JOINT POWERS 112.13 **BOARD.** 112.14 (a) The Lewis and Clark Joint Powers Board is eligible to receive an aid distribution 112.15 112.16 under this section equal to (1) the principal and interest payable in the succeeding calendar year for bonds issued under section 469.352 minus the sum of (2) the combined adjusted 112.17 112.18 net tax capacity of Rock County and Nobles County for the assessment year prior to the aid payable year multiplied by 1.5 percent and (3) 50 percent of any federal aid received to 112.19 fund the project in the calendar year. The board shall certify to the commissioner of revenue 112.20 the principal and interest due in the succeeding calendar year by June 1 of the aid payable 112.21 year. The commissioner of revenue shall calculate the aid payable under this section and 112.22 certify the amount payable before July 1 of the aid distribution year. The commissioner 112.23 shall pay the aid under this section to the board at the times specified for payments of local 112.24 government aid in section 477A.015. An amount sufficient to pay the state aid authorized 112.25 under this section is annually appropriated to the commissioner from the general fund. 112.26 (b) The board must allocate the aid to the municipalities issuing bonds under section 112.27 469.352 in proportion to their principal and interest payments. 112.28 112.29 (c) If the deduction under paragraph (a), clause (3), eliminates the aid payment under this section in a calendar year, then the excess must be used to reduce the principal and 112.30 interest in the succeeding year or years used to calculate aid under paragraph (a). 112.31 (d) If federal grants and aid received for the project, not deducted under paragraph 112.32 (a), clause (3), exceed the total debt service payments for bonds issued under section 112.33 112.34 469.352, other than payments made with state aid under this section, the joint powers 112.35 board must repay any excess to the commissioner of revenue for deposit in the general

- 113.1 fund. The repayment may not exceed the sum of state aid payments under this section and
- 113.2 <u>any other grants made by the state for the project.</u>
- (e) This section expires at the earlier of January 1, 2039, or when the bonds
- 113.4 <u>authorized under section 469.352 have been paid or defeased.</u>
- 113.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with aids payable in 2015.
- Sec. 3. Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 44, subdivision 3,
 is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Use of revenues. (a) Revenues received from taxes authorized by subdivisions 1 and 2 must be used by the city to pay the cost of collecting and administering the taxes and to pay for the costs of a community center complex and to make renovations to the Memorial Auditorium. Authorized expenses include, but are not limited to, acquiring property and paying construction expenses related to these improvements, and paying debt service on bonds or other obligations issued to finance acquisition and construction of these improvements.

- (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivisions 2 and 3, if
 the city decides to extend the taxes in subdivisions 1 and 2, as allowed under subdivision
 5, paragraph (b), the city must use any amounts in excess of the amounts necessary to
 meet the obligations under paragraph (a) to pay the city's share of debt service on bonds
 issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.352, to fund the Lewis and Clark Regional
 Water System Project.
- 113.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of
 113.22 the city of Worthington and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes,
 113.23 section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
- 113.24 Sec. 4. Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 44, subdivision 5,
 113.25 is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Termination of taxes. (a) The taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 113.26 2 expire at the earlier of (1) ten years, or (2) when the city council determines that the 113.27 amount of revenue received from the taxes to pay for the projects under subdivision 3 113.28 equals or exceeds \$6,000,000 plus the additional amount needed to pay the costs related 113.29 to issuance of bonds under subdivision 4, including interest on the bonds. Any funds 113.30 remaining after completion of the project and retirement or redemption of the bonds shall 113.31 be placed in a capital project fund of the city. The taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 113.32 2 may expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance. 113.33

- 114.1 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the city council may, by ordinance, extend the
- 114.2 taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2 through December 31, 2039, provided that
- 114.3 all additional revenues that exceed those necessary to fund the projects and associated
- 114.4 <u>financing costs listed in subdivision 3, paragraph (a), are committed to pay debt service</u>
- 114.5 on bonds issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.352, to fund the Lewis and Clark
- 114.6 <u>Regional Water System Project.</u>
- 114.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
- 114.8 the city of Worthington and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes,
- 114.9 section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
- 114.10 Sec. 5. <u>ROCK COUNTY LOCAL SALES TAX.</u>
- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 297A.99, 297A.993, and
- 114.12 <u>477A.016</u>, or any other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or charter, and in
- 114.13 addition to any taxes the county may impose under another law or statute, the Board
- 114.14 of Commissioners of Rock County may, by resolution, impose a sales and use tax of
- 114.15 <u>up to one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in paragraph (c). Except as</u>
- 114.16 otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
- subdivisions 4 to 13, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement
- 114.18 of the tax authorized under this paragraph.
- (b) The tax imposed under paragraph (a) must be imposed in the entire county unless
 the city of Luverne imposes a local sales tax at the same rate under section 7, in which
 case the county board of commissioners may elect to impose the tax in the portion of the
 county located outside of the boundaries of the city of Luverne.
- (c) The proceeds of any tax imposed under paragraph (a), less refunds and costs of 114.23 collection, must be first used by the county to pay debt service on bonds issued under 114.24 Minnesota Statutes, section 469.352, to fund the Lewis and Clark Regional Water System 114.25 Project. Revenues collected in any calendar year in excess of the county obligation to pay 114.26 for the county's share of the bonds issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.352, may 114.27 be retained by the county and used for funding other capital projects within the county. 114.28 114.29 (d) A tax imposed under paragraph (a) expires when the county's share of bonds issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.352, to fund the Lewis and Clark Regional Water 114.30 System Project has been paid, or at an earlier time if approved by resolution of the board. 114.31 114.32 The tax must not terminate before the county board of commissioners determines that revenues from these taxes and any other revenue source the county dedicates are sufficient 114.33
- 114.34 to pay the county's share of the bonds issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.352.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body
 of Rock County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
 <u>645.021</u>, subdivisions 2 and 3.

115.4	Sec. 6. NOBLES COUNTY LOCAL SALES TAX.
115.5	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 297A.99, 297A.993, and
115.6	477A.016, or any other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or charter, and in
115.7	addition to any taxes the county may impose under another law or statute, the Board
115.8	of Commissioners of Nobles County may, by resolution, impose a sales and use tax of
115.9	up to one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in paragraph (c). Except as
115.10	otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99,
115.11	subdivisions 4 to 13, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement
115.12	of the tax authorized under this paragraph.
115.13	(b) The tax imposed under paragraph (a) must be imposed in the entire county unless
115.14	the county imposes the tax at one-half of one percent and the local sales tax authorized
115.15	under Laws 2005, chapter 3, article 5, section 44, as amended, has not expired, in which
115.16	case the county board of commissioners may elect to impose the tax in the portion of the
115.17	county located outside of the boundaries of the city of Worthington. If the tax authorized
115.18	under Laws 2005, chapter 3, article 5, section 44, as amended, expires before the tax
115.19	authorized under this section expires, the tax authorized under this section is imposed
115.20	in the entire county.
115.21	(c) The proceeds of any tax imposed under paragraph (a), less refunds and costs of
115.22	collection, must be first used by the county to pay debt service on bonds issued under
115.23	Minnesota Statutes, section 469.352, to fund the Lewis and Clark Regional Water System
115.24	Project. Revenues collected in any calendar year in excess of the county obligation to pay
115.25	for the county's share of the bonds issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.352, may
115.26	be retained by the county and used for funding other capital projects within the county.
115.27	(d) A tax imposed under paragraph (a) expires when the county's share of bonds issued
115.28	under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.352, to fund the Lewis and Clark Regional Water
115.29	System Project has been paid, or at an earlier time if approved by resolution of the board.
115.30	The tax must not terminate before the county board of commissioners determines that
115.31	revenues from these taxes and any other revenue source the county dedicates are sufficient
115.32	to pay the county's share of the bonds issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.352.
115.33	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of
115.34	Nobles County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section

115.35 <u>645.021</u>, subdivisions 2 and 3.

116.1	Sec. 7. CITY OF LUVERNE LOCAL SALES TAX.
116.2	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 297A.99, 297A.993, and 477A.016,
116.3	or any other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, the city of Luverne may,
116.4	by ordinance, impose a sales and use tax of up to one-half of one percent for the purposes
116.5	specified in paragraph (b). Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions
116.6	of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivisions 4 to 13, govern the imposition,
116.7	administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this paragraph.
116.8	(b) The proceeds of any tax imposed under paragraph (a), less refunds and costs
116.9	of collection, must be first used by the city to pay debt service on bonds issued under
116.10	Minnesota Statutes, section 469.352, to fund the Lewis and Clark Regional Water System
116.11	project. Revenues collected in any calendar year in excess of the city obligation to pay for
116.12	debt service on bonds issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.352, may be retained
116.13	by the city and used for funding other capital projects within the city.
116.14	(c) A tax imposed under paragraph (a) expires when the city's share of bonds issued
116.15	under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.352, to fund the Lewis and Clark Regional Water
116.16	System Project has been made, or at an earlier time if approved by the city council. The
116.17	tax must not terminate before the city council determines that revenues from this tax and
116.18	any other revenue source the city dedicates are sufficient to pay the city share of debt
116.19	service on bonds issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.352.
116.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of
116.21	the city of Luverne and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
116.22	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
110.22	
116.23	ARTICLE 8
116.24	MISCELLANEOUS
116.25	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 116V.03, is amended to read:
116.26	116V.03 APPROPRIATION.
116.27	\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2014 and each year thereafter is appropriated from the
116.28	general fund to the commissioner of revenue for transfer to the agricultural project
116.29	utilization account in the special revenue fund for the Agricultural Utilization Research
116.30	Institute established under section 116V.01.
116.31	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014.
116.32	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 161.14, is amended by adding a subdivision

116.33 to read:

117.1Subd. 77. Old Cedar Avenue Bridge. Minnesota state bridge number 3145, the117.2Camelback bridge over the Minnesota River overflowage (referred to as Long Meadow117.3Lake) constructed in 1920, is designated and named the "Old Cedar Avenue Bridge." This117.4designation and name also applies to any renovation or reconstruction of the bridge and117.5must be used in any publicly financed signage that refers to the bridge.

117.6

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270C.72, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 117.7 Subdivision 1. Tax clearance required. (a) The state or a political subdivision of 117.8 the state may not issue, transfer, or renew, and must revoke, a license for the conduct of 117.9 a profession, occupation, trade, or business, if the commissioner notifies the licensing 117.10 117.11 authority that the applicant owes the state delinquent taxes payable to the commissioner, penalties, or interest. The commissioner may not notify the licensing authority unless the 117.12 applicant taxpayer owes \$500 or more in delinquent taxes, penalties, or interest, or has 117.13 not filed returns. If the applicant taxpayer does not owe delinquent taxes, penalties, or 117.14 interest, but has not filed returns, the commissioner may not notify the licensing authority 117.15 unless the taxpayer has been given 90 days' written notice to file the returns or show 117.16 that the returns are not required to be filed. 117.17

(b) Within ten days after receipt of the notification from the commissioner under 117.18 paragraph (a), the licensing authority must notify the license holder by certified mail of 117.19 the potential revocation of the license for the applicable reason under paragraph (a). 117.20 The notice must include a copy of the commissioner's notice to the licensing agency 117.21 and information, in the form specified by the commissioner, on the licensee's option for 117.22 receiving a tax clearance from the commissioner. The licensing authority must revoke the 117.23 license 30 days after receiving the notice from the commissioner, unless it receives a tax 117.24 clearance from the commissioner as provided in paragraph (c). 117.25 (c) A licensing authority that has received a notice from the commissioner may 117.26 issue, transfer, renew, or not revoke the applicant's license only if $\frac{(a)}{(1)}$ the commissioner 117.27 issues a tax clearance certificate and (b) (2) the commissioner or the applicant forwards a 117.28 copy of the clearance to the authority. The commissioner may issue a clearance certificate 117.29 only if the applicant does not owe the state any uncontested delinquent taxes, penalties, or 117.30

117.31 interest and has filed all required returns.

117.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2014.

117.33 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270C.72, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

118.1 Subd. 3. Notice and hearing. (a) The commissioner, on notifying a licensing 118.2 authority pursuant to subdivision 1 not to issue, transfer, or renew a license, must send a copy of the notice to the applicant. If the applicant requests, in writing, within 30 days 118.3 of the date of the notice a hearing, a contested case hearing must be held. The hearing 118.4 must be held within 45 days of the date the commissioner refers the case to the Office of 118.5 Administrative Hearings. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the applicant must be 118.6 served with 20 days' notice in writing specifying the time and place of the hearing and the 118.7 allegations against the applicant. The notice may be served personally or by mail. 118.8

(b) (a) Prior to notifying a licensing authority pursuant to subdivision 1 to revoke a 118.9 license, the commissioner must send a notice to the applicant of the commissioner's intent 118.10 to require revocation of the license and of the applicant's right to a hearing under paragraph 118.11 (a). If the applicant requests a hearing in writing within 30 days of the date of the notice, a 118.12 contested case hearing must be held. The hearing must be held within 45 days of the date 118.13 the commissioner refers the case to the Office of Administrative Hearings. Notwithstanding 118.14 118.15 any law to the contrary, the applicant must be served with 20 days' notice in writing specifying the time and place of the hearing and the allegations against the applicant. The 118.16 notice may be served personally or by mail. A license is subject to revocation when 30 118.17 days have passed following the date of the notice in this paragraph without the applicant 118.18 requesting a hearing, or, if a hearing is timely requested, upon final determination of the 118.19 hearing under section 14.62, subdivision 1. A license shall be revoked by the licensing 118.20 authority within 30 days after receiving notice from the commissioner to revoke. 118.21 (b) The commissioner may notify a licensing authority under subdivision 1 only 118.22

118.23 after the requirements of paragraph (a) have been satisfied.

(c) A hearing under this subdivision is in lieu of any other hearing or proceedingprovided by law arising from any action taken under subdivision 1.

118.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2014.

118.27 Sec. 5. <u>CARLTON COUNTY; LEVY FOR SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION</u> 118.28 DISTRICT.

118.29Subdivision 1.Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, "district" means118.30the Carlton County Soil and Water Conservation District.

- (b) For the purposes of this section, "county" means Carlton County.
- 118.32 Subd. 2. Special project levy. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the county

118.33 <u>may levy ad valorem property taxes on taxable property within the area of its jurisdiction</u>

118.34 for the purposes specified in subdivision 3. The proceeds of the tax must be placed in a

- separate account and used only for the purposes specified in subdivision 3. The amount
- 119.2 levied is separate from any other amount to be levied for the district by the county under
- 119.3 Minnesota Statutes, section 103C.331, subdivision 16.
- 119.4 <u>Subd. 3.</u> **Purpose; limit on levy amount.** (a) The county must allocate the
- 119.5 proceeds of any tax imposed under this section to the district solely to pay principal,
- 119.6 interest, and any associated costs of obtaining and servicing a loan to finance the planning,
- 119.7 constructing, and equipping of an office and storage facility for the district.
- (b) The maximum amount of the levy in any year may not exceed the amount
- 119.9 <u>necessary, after deduction of any amount remaining from the levy imposed in prior years,</u>
- 119.10 to pay 105 percent of the principal and interest due in the following calendar year and
- 119.11 <u>through July 1 of the next year.</u>
- 119.12 Subd. 4. Expiration. (a) This section expires:
- (1) following the final payment of principal, interest, and any associated costs of the
- 119.14 loan under subdivision 3, or any loan or other financing that refinanced the original loan; or
- 119.15 (2) if the district does not obtain the loan under subdivision 3 prior to May 1, 2017.
- (b) Upon expiration of this section, any amount remaining in the account created
- 119.17 <u>under subdivision 2 must be transferred to the general account of the county and used to</u>
- 119.18 reduce any amount to be levied for the district by the county under Minnesota Statutes,
- 119.19 section 103C.331, subdivision 16, for the following year, and any subsequent years, until
- 119.20 <u>the amount remaining is exhausted.</u>
- 119.21**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following compliance by119.22Carlton County with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
- 119.23 Sec. 6. ADMINISTRATIVE APPROPRIATIONS.
- (a) \$700,000 in fiscal year 2014 and \$1,800,000 in fiscal year 2015 are appropriated
- 119.25 from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue for administering this act. The
- 119.26 <u>funding base for this appropriation in fiscal year 2016 is \$1,180,000 and is available to be</u>
- 119.27 spent until June 30, 2017. The funding base for fiscal year 2017 is \$0.
- (b) \$40,000 in fiscal year 2015 is appropriated from the general fund to the
- 119.29 commissioner of public safety for administration of the volunteer retention stipend aid
- 119.30 pilot program in article 1, section 1. The funding base for this appropriation in fiscal
- 119.31 year 2016 is \$18,000 and is available to be spent until June 30, 2018. The funding base
- 119.32 for fiscal year 2017 is \$0.
- (c) \$400,000 in fiscal year 2015 is appropriated from the general fund to the
- 119.34 <u>commissioner of natural resources for the purpose of assisting counties in developing plans</u>

120.1 and providing training for watercraft inspectors to facilitate the implementation of article

120.2 <u>1, section 11. This is a onetime appropriation and does not become part of the base budget.</u>

120.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

120.4

120.5

ARTICLE 9

UNSESSION

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 16D.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 120.6 Subd. 3. Debt. "Debt" means an amount owed to the state directly, or through a 120.7 state agency, on account of a fee, duty, lease, direct loan, loan insured or guaranteed by 120.8 the state, rent, service, sale of real or personal property, overpayment, fine, assessment, 120.9 penalty, restitution, damages, interest, tax, bail bond, forfeiture, reimbursement, liability 120.10 owed, an assignment to the state including assignments under section 256.741, the Social 120.11 Security Act, or other state or federal law, recovery of costs incurred by the state, or any 120.12 other source of indebtedness to the state. Debt also includes amounts owed to individuals 120.13 as a result of civil, criminal, or administrative action brought by the state or a state agency 120.14 pursuant to its statutory authority or for which the state or state agency acts in a fiduciary 120.15 capacity in providing collection services in accordance with the regulations adopted under 120.16 the Social Security Act at Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 302.33. When 120.17 the commissioner provides collection services pursuant to a debt qualification plan to a 120.18 referring agency, debt also includes an amount owed to the courts, local government 120.19 units, Minnesota state colleges and universities governed by the Board of Trustees of the 120.20 Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, or University of Minnesota. 120.21

120.22

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 16D.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
Subd. 6. Referring agency. "Referring agency" means a state agency, local
government unit, Minnesota state colleges and universities governed by the Board of
Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, University of Minnesota, or a
court, that has entered into a debt qualification plan an agreement with the commissioner
to refer debts to the commissioner for collection.

120.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

120.30 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 16D.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Services. The commissioner shall provide collection services for a state
agency, and may provide for collection services for a court, in accordance with the terms and

121.3 conditions of a signed debt qualification plan referring agencies other than state agencies.

121.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 16D.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 121.5 Subd. 4. Authority to contract. The commissioners commissioner of revenue and 121.6 management and budget may contract with credit bureaus, private collection agencies, and 121.7 other entities as necessary for the collection of debts. A private collection agency acting 121.8 under a contract with the commissioner of revenue or management and budget is subject 121.9 to sections 332.31 to 332.45, except that the private collection agency may indicate that it 121.10 121.11 is acting under a contract with the state. The commissioner may not delegate the powers provided under section 16D.08 to any nongovernmental entity. 121.12

121.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

121.14 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 16D.07, is amended to read:

121.15 **16D.07 NOTICE TO DEBTOR.**

The referring agency shall send notice to the debtor by United States mail or personal delivery at the debtor's last known address at least 20 days before the debt is referred to the commissioner. The notice must state the nature and amount of the debt, identify to whom the debt is owed, and inform the debtor of the remedies available under this chapter. The referring agency shall advise the debtor of collection costs imposed under section 16D.11 and of the debtor's right to cancellation of collection costs under section 16D.11, subdivision 3.

121.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 16D.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 121.24 121.25 Subdivision 1. Imposition. As determined by the commissioner of management and budget revenue, collection costs shall be added to the debts referred to the commissioner 121.26 or private collection agency for collection. Collection costs are collectible by the 121.27 121.28 commissioner or private agency from the debtor at the same time and in the same manner as the referred debt. The referring agency shall advise the debtor of collection 121.29 costs under this section and the debtor's right to cancellation of collection costs under 121.30 subdivision 3 at the time the agency sends notice to the debtor under section 16D.07. 121.31

122.1 If the commissioner or private agency collects an amount less than the total due, the

122.2 payment is applied proportionally to collection costs and the underlying debt unless

122.3 the commissioner of management and budget has waived this requirement for certain

122.4 categories of debt pursuant to the department's internal guidelines. Collection costs

122.5 collected by the commissioner under this subdivision or retained under subdivision 6 shall

be deposited in the general fund as nondedicated receipts. Collection costs collected by

122.7 private agencies are appropriated to the referring agency to pay the collection fees charged

by the private agency. Collections of collection costs in excess of collection agency fees

- 122.9 must be deposited in the general fund as nondedicated receipts.
- 122.10

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 16D.11, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Cancellation. Collection costs imposed under subdivision 1 shall be
canceled and subtracted from the amount due if:

(1) the debtor's household income as defined in section 290A.03, subdivision 5,
excluding the exemption subtractions in subdivision 3, paragraph (3) of that section, for
the 12 months preceding the date of referral is less than twice the annual federal poverty
guideline under United States Code, title 42, section 9902, subsection (2);

(2) within 60 days after the first contact with the debtor by the enterprise
 <u>commissioner</u> or collection agency, the debtor establishes reasonable cause for the failure
 to pay the debt prior to referral of the debt to the enterprise commissioner;

(3) a good faith dispute as to the legitimacy or the amount of the debt is made,
and payment is remitted or a payment agreement is entered into within 30 days after
resolution of the dispute;

(4) good faith litigation occurs and the debtor's position is substantially justified, and
if the debtor does not totally prevail, the debt is paid or a payment agreement is entered
into within 30 days after the judgment becomes final and nonappealable; or

(5) collection costs have been added by the referring agency and are included inthe amount of the referred debt.

122.29

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 16D.11, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Adjustment of rate. By June 1 of each year, the commissioner shall
determine the rate of collection costs for debts referred to the <u>enterprise_commissioner</u>
during the next fiscal year. The rate is a percentage of the debts in an amount that most

nearly equals the costs of the <u>enterprise_commissioner</u> necessary to process and collect
referred debts under this chapter. In no event shall the rate of the collection costs exceed
25 percent of the debt. Determination of the rate of collection costs under this section is
not subject to the fee setting requirements of section 16A.1283.

123.5

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 84A.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 123.6 Subd. 2. County proposal to state. Under certain conditions, The board of county 123.7 commissioners of any county may by resolution propose to the state that one or more 123.8 areas in the county be taken over by the state for afforestation, reforestation, flood control 123.9 projects, or other state purposes. The projects are to be managed, controlled, and used for 123.10 123.11 the purposes in subdivision 1 on lands to be acquired by the state within the projects, as set forth in sections 84A.20 to 84A.30. The county board may propose this if (1) the county 123.12 contains lands suitable for the purposes in subdivision 1, (2) on January 1, 1931, the taxes 123.13 on more than 35 percent of the taxable land in the county are delinquent, (3) on January 1, 123.14 1931, the county's bonded ditch indebtedness, including accrued interest, equals or exceeds 123.15 nine percent of the assessed valuation of the county, exclusive of money and credits. 123.16

The area taken over must include lands that have been assessed for all or part of 123.17 the cost of the establishment and construction of public drainage ditches under state law, 123.18 and on which the assessments or installments are delinquent. A certified copy of the 123.19 county board's resolution must be filed with the department and considered and acted 123.20 upon by the department. If approved by the department, it must then be submitted to, 123.21 considered, and acted upon by the executive council. If approved by the Executive 123.22 Council, the proposition must be formally accepted by the governor. Acceptance must be 123.23 communicated in writing to and filed with the county auditor. 123.24

123.25

25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

123.26 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 84A.31, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

123.27 Subd. 2. **County proposal to state.** Under certain conditions, The board of county 123.28 commissioners of any county may by resolution propose that the state take over part of the 123.29 tax-delinquent lands in the county. The board may propose this if:

123.30 (1) the county contains land suitable for the purposes in subdivision $1\frac{1}{2}$.

(2) on January 1, 1933, the taxes on more than 25 percent of the acreage of the lands
in a town in the county are delinquent, as shown by its tax books;

- (3) on January 1, 1933, the taxes or ditch assessments on more than 50 percent of the aereage of the lands to be taken over are delinquent, as shown by the county's tax books; and
 (4) on January 1, 1933, the bonded ditch indebtedness of the county equals or
 exceeds 15 percent of the assessed value of the county for 1932 as fixed by the Minnesota
 Tax Commission, exclusive of money and credits.
- 124.6

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 115B.49, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Registration; fees. (a) The owner or operator of a dry cleaning facility
shall register on or before October 1 of each year with the commissioner of revenue in
a manner prescribed by the commissioner of revenue and pay a registration fee for the
facility. The amount of the fee is:

124.12 (1) \$500, for facilities with a full-time equivalence of fewer than five;

124.13 (2) \$1,000, for facilities with a full-time equivalence of five to ten; and

124.14 (3) \$1,500, for facilities with a full-time equivalence of more than ten.

The registration fee must be paid on or before October 18 or the owner or operator of a dry cleaning facility may elect to pay the fee in equal installments. Installment payments must be paid on or before October 18, on or before January 18, on or before April 18, and on or before June 18. All payments made after October 18 bear interest at the rate specified in section 270C.40.

(b) A person who sells dry cleaning solvents for use by dry cleaning facilities inthe state shall collect and remit to the commissioner of revenue in a the same manner

124.22 prescribed by the commissioner of revenue, on or before the 20th day of the month

124.23 following the month in which the sales of dry cleaning solvents are made for the taxes

124.24 imposed under chapter 297A, a fee of:

(1) \$3.50 for each gallon of perchloroethylene sold for use by dry cleaning facilitiesin the state;

(2) 70 cents for each gallon of hydrocarbon-based dry cleaning solvent sold for useby dry cleaning facilities in the state; and

(3) 35 cents for each gallon of other nonaqueous solvents sold for use by drycleaning facilities in the state.

(c) The audit, assessment, appeal, collection, enforcement, and administrative
provisions of chapters 270C and 289A apply to the fee imposed by this subdivision. To
enforce this subdivision, the commissioner of revenue may grant extensions to file returns
and pay fees, impose penalties and interest on the annual registration fee under paragraph
(a) and the monthly fee under paragraph (b), and abate penalties and interest in the manner

provided in chapters 270C and 289A. The penalties and interest imposed on taxes under
chapter 297A apply to the fees imposed under this subdivision. Disclosure of data collected
by the commissioner of revenue under this subdivision is governed by chapter 270B.

125.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for fees due after June 30, 2014.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 163.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Levy. The county board of any county in which there are unorganized
townships may levy a tax for road and bridge purposes upon all the real and personal
property in such unorganized townships, exclusive of money and credits taxed under the
provisions of chapter 285.

125.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. To act as State Board of Equalization. The commissioner of
revenue shall have and exercise all the rights, powers and authority by law vested in the
State Board of Equalization, which board of equalization is hereby continued, with full
power and authority to review, modify, and revise all of the acts and proceedings of the
commissioner in so far as they relate to the equalization and valuation of property assessed
for taxation, as prescribed by section 270.12.

125.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Meeting dates; duties. The board shall meet annually between April 15 and June 30 at the office of the commissioner of revenue and examine and compare the returns of the assessment of the property in the several counties, and equalize the same so that all the taxable property in the state shall be assessed at its market value, subject to the following rules:

- (1) The board shall add to <u>or deduct from the aggregate valuation of the real property</u>
 of every county, which the board believes to be valued below <u>or above its market value in</u>
 money, such percent as will bring the same to its market value <u>in money</u>;
- (2) The board shall deduct from the aggregate valuation of the real property of every
 county, which the board believes to be valued above its market value in money, such
 percent as will reduce the same to its market value in money;
- $\frac{(3)(2)}{(2)}$ If the board believes the valuation for a part of a class determined by a range of market value under clause $\frac{(8)(6)}{(6)}$ or otherwise, a class, or classes of the real property of

any town or district in any county, or the valuation for a part of a class, a class, or classes of the real property of any county not in towns or cities, should be raised or reduced, without raising or reducing the other real property of such county, or without raising or reducing it in the same ratio, the board may add to, or take from, the valuation of a part of a class, a class, or classes in any one or more of such towns or cities, or of the property not in towns or cities, such percent as the board believes will raise or reduce the same to its market value in money;

(4) (3) The board shall add to <u>or take from the aggregate valuation of any part of a</u>
class, a class, or classes of personal property of any county, town, or city, which the
board believes to be valued below <u>or above</u> the market value thereof, such percent as will
raise the same to its market value in money;

(5) The board shall take from the aggregate valuation of any part of a class, a class,
or classes of personal property in any county, town or city, which the board believes to
be valued above the market value thereof, such percent as will reduce the same to its
market value in money;

126.16 (6)(4) The board shall not reduce the aggregate valuation of all the property of the 126.17 state, as returned by the several county auditors, more than one percent on the whole 126.18 valuation thereof;

(7) (5) When it would be of assistance in equalizing values the board may require any 126.19 county auditor to furnish statements showing assessments of real and personal property 126.20 of any individuals, firms, or corporations within the county. The board shall consider 126.21 and equalize such assessments and may increase the assessment of individuals, firms, or 126.22 126.23 corporations above the amount returned by the county board of equalization when it shall appear to be undervalued, first giving notice to such persons of the intention of the board 126.24 so to do, which notice shall fix a time and place of hearing. The board shall not decrease 126.25 any such assessment below the valuation placed by the county board of equalization; 126.26

(8) (6) In equalizing values pursuant to this section, the board shall utilize a 12-month
assessment/sales ratio study conducted by the Department of Revenue containing only
sales that are filed in the county auditor's office under section 272.115, by November 1 of
the previous year and that occurred between October 1 of the year immediately preceding
the previous year and September 30 of the previous year.

The assessment/sales ratio study may separate the values of residential property into market value categories. The board may adjust the market value categories and the number of categories as necessary to create an adequate sample size for each market value category. The board may determine the adequate sample size. To the extent practicable, the methodology used in preparing the assessment/sales ratio study must be consistent

127.1 with the most recent Standard on Assessment Sales Ratio Studies published by the

127.2 Assessment Standards Committee of the International Association of Assessing Officers.

127.3 The board may determine the geographic area used in preparing the study to accurately

127.4 equalize values. A sales ratio study separating residential property into market value

127.5 categories may not be used as the basis for a petition under chapter 278.

127.6 The sales prices used in the study must be discounted for terms of financing. The 127.7 board shall use the median ratio as the statistical measure of the level of assessment for 127.8 any particular category of property; and

127.9 (9)(7) The board shall receive from each county the estimated market values on the 127.10 assessment date falling within the study period for all parcels by magnetic tape or other <u>a</u> 127.11 medium as prescribed by the commissioner of revenue.

127.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270.12, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 Subd. 4. Public utility property. For purposes of equalization only, public utility
 personal property shall be treated as a separate class of property notwithstanding the fact
 that its class rate is the same as commercial-industrial property.

127.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270A.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 127.18 Subd. 2. Claimant agency. "Claimant agency" means any state agency, as defined 127.19 127.20 by section 14.02, subdivision 2, the regents of the University of Minnesota, any district court of the state, any county, any statutory or home rule charter city, including a city that 127.21 is presenting a claim for a municipal hospital or a public library or a municipal ambulance 127.22 127.23 service, a hospital district, a private nonprofit hospital that leases its building from the county or city in which it is located, any ambulance service licensed under chapter 144E, 127.24 any public agency responsible for child support enforcement, any public agency responsible 127.25 for the collection of court-ordered restitution, and any public agency established by 127.26 general or special law that is responsible for the administration of a low-income housing 127.27 program, and the Minnesota collection enterprise as defined in section 16D.02, subdivision 127.28 8, for the purpose of collecting the costs imposed under section 16D.11. 127.29

127.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

127.31 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270B.14, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Administration of enterprise, and job opportunity, and biotechnology 128.1 and health sciences industry zone programs. The commissioner may disclose return 128.2 information relating to the taxes imposed by chapters 290 and 297A to the Department of 128.3 Employment and Economic Development or a municipality with a border city enterprise 128.4 zone as defined under section 469.166, but only as necessary to administer the funding 128.5 limitations under section 469.169, or to the Department of Employment and Economic 128.6 Development and appropriate officials from the local government units in which a 128.7 qualified business is located but only as necessary to enforce the job opportunity building 128.8 zone benefits under section 469.315, or biotechnology and health sciences industry zone 128.9 128.10 benefits under section 469.336.

128.11

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

128.12 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270C.085, is amended to read:

128.13 **270C.085 NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS; SALES AND USE TAXES.**

The commissioner of revenue shall establish a means of electronically notifying 128.14 persons holding a sales tax permit under section 297A.84 of any statutory change in 128.15 chapter 297A and any issuance or change in any administrative rule, revenue notice, or 128.16 sales tax fact sheet or other written information provided by the department explaining the 128.17 interpretation or administration of the tax imposed under that chapter. The notification 128.18 must indicate the basic subject of the statute, rule, fact sheet, or other material and provide 128.19 128.20 an electronic link to the material. Any person holding a sales tax permit that provides an electronic address to the department must receive these notifications unless they 128.21 specifically request electronically, or in writing, to be removed from the notification list. 128.22 This requirement does not replace traditional means of notifying the general public or 128.23 persons without access to electronic communications of changes in the sales tax law. The 128.24 electronic notification must begin no later than December 31, 2009. 128.25

128.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270C.52, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. **Payment agreements.** (a) When any portion of any tax payable to the commissioner together with interest and penalty thereon, if any, has not been paid, the commissioner may extend the time for payment for a further period. When the authority of this section is invoked, the extension shall be evidenced by written agreement signed by the taxpayer and the commissioner, stating the amount of the tax with penalty and interest, if any, and providing for the payment of the amount in installments. (b) The agreement may contain a confession of judgment for the amount and for any unpaid portion thereof. If the agreement contains a confession of judgment, the confession of judgment must provide that the commissioner may enter judgment against the taxpayer in the district court of the county of residence as shown upon the taxpayer's tax return for the unpaid portion of the amount specified in the extension agreement.

(c) The agreement shall provide that it can be terminated, after notice by the
commissioner, if information provided by the taxpayer prior to the agreement was
inaccurate or incomplete, collection of the tax covered by the agreement is in jeopardy,
there is a subsequent change in the taxpayer's financial condition, the taxpayer has failed
to make a payment due under the agreement, or the taxpayer has failed to pay any other
tax or file a tax return coming due after the agreement.

(d) The notice must be given at least 14 calendar days prior to termination, and shall advise the taxpayer of the right to request a reconsideration from the commissioner of whether termination is reasonable and appropriate under the circumstances. A request for reconsideration does not stay collection action beyond the 14-day notice period. If the commissioner has reason to believe that collection of the tax covered by the agreement is in jeopardy, the commissioner may proceed under section 270C.36 and terminate the agreement without regard to the 14-day period.

(e) The commissioner may accept other collateral the commissioner considers
appropriate to secure satisfaction of the tax liability. The principal sum specified in the
agreement shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270C.40 on all unpaid portions
thereof until the same has been fully paid or the unpaid portion thereof has been entered as
a judgment. The judgment shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270C.40.

(f) If it appears to the commissioner that the tax reported by the taxpayer is in excess of the amount actually owing by the taxpayer, the extension agreement or the judgment entered pursuant thereto shall be corrected. If after making the extension agreement or entering judgment with respect thereto, the commissioner determines that the tax as reported by the taxpayer is less than the amount actually due, the commissioner shall assess a further tax in accordance with the provisions of law applicable to the tax.

(g) The authority granted to the commissioner by this section is in addition to any other authority granted to the commissioner by law to extend the time of payment or the time for filing a return and shall not be construed in limitation thereof.

(h) The commissioner shall charge a fee for entering into payment agreements that
reflects the commissioner's costs for entering into payment agreements. The fee is set at
\$50 and is charged for entering into a payment agreement, for entering into a new payment
agreement after the taxpayer has defaulted on a prior agreement, and for entering into a

new payment agreement as a result of renegotiation of the terms of an existing agreement.
The fee is paid to the commissioner before the payment agreement becomes effective and
does not reduce the amount of the liability.

130.4

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Generally taxable. All real and personal property in this state, and
all personal property of persons residing therein, including the property of corporations,
banks, banking companies, and bankers, is taxable, except Indian lands and such other
property as is by law exempt from taxation.

130.10

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

130.11 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

130.12 Subd. 3. Exceptions. The provisions of subdivision 2 shall not apply to:

(a) Federal property for which payments are made in lieu of taxes in amountsequivalent to taxes which might otherwise be lawfully assessed;

130.15 (b) Real estate exempt from ad valorem taxes and taxes in lieu thereof which is leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to telephone companies or electric, light 130.16 and power companies upon which personal property consisting of transmission and 130.17 distribution lines is situated and assessed pursuant to sections 273.37, 273.38, 273.40 130.18 and 273.41, or upon which are situated the communication lines of express, railway, or 130.19 130.20 telephone or telegraph companies, or pipelines used for the transmission and distribution of petroleum products, or the equipment items of a cable communications company 130.21 subject to sections 238.35 to 238.42; 130.22

(c) Property presently owned by any educational institution chartered by theterritorial legislature;

130.25 (d) Indian lands;

(e) Property of any corporation organized as a tribal corporation under the Indian
Reorganization Act of June 18, 1934, (Statutes at Large, volume 48, page 984);

(f) Real property owned by the state and leased pursuant to section 161.23 or161.431, and acts amendatory thereto;

(g) Real property owned by a seaway port authority on June 1, 1967, upon which
there has been constructed docks, warehouses, tank farms, administrative and maintenance
buildings, railroad and ship terminal facilities and other maritime and transportation
facilities or those directly related thereto, together with facilities for the handling of

passengers and baggage and for the handling of freight and bulk liquids, and personal 131.1 property owned by a seaway port authority used or usable in connection therewith, when 131.2 said property is leased to a private individual, association or corporation, but only when 131.3 such lease provides that the said facilities are available to the public for the loading and 131.4 unloading of passengers and their baggage and the handling, storage, care, shipment, 131.5 and delivery of merchandise, freight and baggage and other maritime and transportation 131.6 activities and functions directly related thereto, but not including property used for grain 131.7 elevator facilities; it being the declared policy of this state that such property when 131.8 so leased is public property used exclusively for a public purpose, notwithstanding the 131.9 one-year limitation in the provisions of section 273.19; 131.10

(h) Notwithstanding the provisions of clause (g), when the annual rental received by 131.11 a seaway port authority in any calendar year for such leased property exceeds an amount 131.12 reasonably required for administrative expense of the authority per year, plus promotional 131.13 expense for the authority not to exceed the sum of \$100,000 per year, to be expended 131.14 131.15 when and in the manner decided upon by the commissioners, plus an amount sufficient to pay all installments of principal and interest due, or to become due, during such calendar 131.16 year and the next succeeding year on any revenue bonds issued by the authority, plus 131.17 25 percent of the gross annual rental to be retained by the authority for improvement, 131.18 development, or other contingencies, the authority shall make a payment in lieu of real 131.19 and personal property taxes of a reasonable portion of the remaining annual rental to the 131.20 county treasurer of the county in which such seaway port authority is principally located. 131.21 Any such payments to the county treasurer shall be disbursed by the treasurer on the same 131.22 131.23 basis as real estate taxes are divided among the various governmental units, but if such port authority shall have received funds from the state of Minnesota and funds from any 131.24 city and county pursuant to Laws 1957, chapters 648, 831, and 849 and acts amendatory 131.25 131.26 thereof, then such disbursement by the county treasurer shall be on the same basis as real estate taxes are divided among the various governmental units, except that the portion of 131.27 such payments which would otherwise go to other taxing units shall be divided equally 131.28 among the state of Minnesota and said county and city. 131.29

131.30

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Statement of exemption. (a) Except in the case of property owned
by the state of Minnesota or any political subdivision thereof, and property exempt from
taxation under section 272.02, subdivisions 9, 10, 13, 15, 18, 20, and 22 to 25, and at the
times provided in subdivision 3, a taxpayer claiming an exemption from taxation on

property described in section 272.02, subdivisions + 2 to 33, must file a statement of 132.1 exemption with the assessor of the assessment district in which the property is located. 132.2 (b) A taxpayer claiming an exemption from taxation on property described in section 132.3 272.02, subdivision 10, must file a statement of exemption with the commissioner of 132.4 revenue, on or before February 15 of each year for which the taxpayer claims an exemption. 132.5 (c) In case of sickness, absence or other disability or for good cause, the assessor 132.6 or the commissioner may extend the time for filing the statement of exemption for a 132.7 period not to exceed 60 days. 132.8

(d) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form and contents of thestatement of exemption.

132.11 **E**

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.027, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 132.12 Subdivision 1. Electricity generated to produce goods and services. Personal 132.13 property used to generate electric power is exempt from property taxation if the electric 132.14 power is used to manufacture or produce goods, products, or services, other than electric 132.15 power, by the owner of the electric generation plant. Except as provided in subdivisions 2 132.16 and 3, The exemption does not apply to property used to produce electric power for sale 132.17 to others and does not apply to real property. In determining the value subject to tax, 132.18 a proportionate share of the value of the generating facilities, equal to the proportion 132.19 that the power sold to others bears to the total generation of the plant, is subject to the 132.20 general property tax in the same manner as other property. Power generated in such a 132.21 plant and exchanged for an equivalent amount of power that is used for the manufacture or 132.22 production of goods, products, or services other than electric power by the owner of the 132.23 generating plant is considered to be used by the owner of the plant. 132.24

132.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.029, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 132.26 Subd. 6. Distribution of revenues. Revenues from the taxes imposed under 132.27 subdivision 5 must be part of the settlement between the county treasurer and the county 132.28 auditor under section 276.09. The revenue must be distributed by the county auditor or the 132.29 county treasurer to local taxing jurisdictions in which the wind energy conversion system 132.30 is located as follows: beginning with distributions in 2010, 80 percent to counties; and 20 132.31 percent to cities and townships; and for distributions occurring in 2006 to 2009, 80 percent 132.32 to counties; 14 percent to cities and townships; and six percent to school districts. 132.33

133.1

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.061, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 133.2 Subd. 6. Salaries; expenses. The salaries of the county assessor and assistants and 133.3 clerical help, shall be fixed by the board of county commissioners and shall be payable in 133.4 monthly installments out of the general revenue fund of the county. In counties with a 133.5 population of less than 50,000 inhabitants, according to the then last preceding federal 133.6 eensus, the board of county commissioners shall not fix the salary of the county assessor at 133.7 an amount below the following schedule: 133.8 In counties with a population of less than 6,500, \$5,900; 133.9 In counties with a population of 6,500 but less than 12,000, \$6,200; 133.10 In counties with a population of 12,000 but less than 16,000, \$6,500; 133.11 In counties with a population of 16,000 but less than 21,000, \$6,700; 133.12 In counties with a population of 21,000 but less than 30,000, \$6,900; 133.13 133.14 In counties with a population of 30,000 but less than 39,500, \$7,100; In counties with a population of 39,500 but less than 50,000, \$7,300; 133.15 In counties with a population of 50,000 or more, \$8,300. 133.16 133.17 In addition to their salaries, the county assessor and assistants shall be allowed their expenses for reasonable and necessary travel in the performance of their duties, including 133.18 necessary travel, lodging and meal expense incurred by them while attending meetings of 133.19 instructions or official hearings called by the commissioner of revenue. These expenses 133.20 shall be payable out of the general revenue fund of the county, and shall be allowed on the 133.21
- 133.22 same basis as such expenses are allowed to other county officers.
- 133.23

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

133.24 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.10, is amended to read:

133.25

273.10 SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

When assessing personal property the county assessor shall designate the number of the school district in which each person assessed is liable for tax, by writing the number of the district opposite each assessment in a column provided for that purpose in the assessment book. When the personal property of any person is assessable in several school districts, the amount in each shall be assessed separately, and the name of the owner placed opposite each amount.

133.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.11, subdivision 13, is amended to read: 134.1 Subd. 13. Valuation of income-producing property. Beginning with the 1995 134.2 assessment, Only accredited assessors or senior accredited assessors or other licensed 134.3 assessors who have successfully completed at least two income-producing property 134.4 appraisal courses may value income-producing property for ad valorem tax purposes. 134.5 "Income-producing property" as used in this subdivision means the taxable property in 134.6 class 3a and 3b in section 273.13, subdivision 24; class 4a and 4c, except for seasonal 134.7 recreational property not used for commercial purposes; and class 5 in section 273.13, 134.8 subdivision 31. "Income-producing property" includes any property in class 4e in section 134.9 273.13, subdivision 25, that would be income-producing property under the definition in 134.10 this subdivision if it were not substandard. "Income-producing property appraisal course" 134.11 as used in this subdivision means a course of study of approximately 30 instructional 134.12 hours, with a final comprehensive test. An assessor must successfully complete the final 134.13 examination for each of the two required courses. The course must be approved by the 134.14 134.15 board of assessors.

134.16

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.112, subdivision 6a, is amended to read: 134.17 Subd. 6a. Guidelines issued by commissioner. The commissioner of revenue shall 134.18 develop and issue guidelines for qualification by private golf clubs under this section 134.19 covering the access to and use of the golf course by members and other adults so as to be 134.20 consistent with the purposes and terms of this section. The guidelines shall be mailed to 134.21 the county attorney and assessor of each county not later than 60 days following May 26, 134.22 1989. Within 15 days of receipt of the guidelines from the commissioner, the assessor 134.23 shall mail a copy of the guidelines to each golf club in the county. 134.24

134.25

25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

134.26 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 273.1325, subdivision 2,
134.27 is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Methodology.** In making its annual assessment/sales ratio studies, the Department of Revenue must use a methodology consistent with the most recent Standard on Assessment Ratio Studies published by the assessment standards committee of the International Association of Assessing Officers. The commissioner of revenue shall supplement this general methodology with specific procedures necessary for execution of the study in accordance with other Minnesota laws impacting the assessment/sales ratio

study. The commissioner shall document these specific procedures in writing and shall 135.1 publish the procedures in the State Register, but these procedures will not be considered 135.2 "rules" pursuant to the Minnesota Administrative Procedure Act. When property is sold and 135.3 the purchaser changes its use in a manner that would result in a change of classification of 135.4 the property, the assessment sales ratio study under this subdivision must take into account 135.5 that changed classification as soon as practicable. A change in status from homestead to 135.6 nonhomestead or from nonhomestead to homestead is not a change under this subdivision. 135.7 For purposes of this section, sections 270.12, subdivision 2, clause (8) (6), and 278.05, 135.8 subdivision 4, the commissioner of revenue shall exclude from the assessment/sales ratio 135.9 study the sale of any nonagricultural property which does not contain an improvement, 135.10 if (1) the statutory basis on which the property's taxable value as most recently assessed 135.11 is less than market value as defined in section 273.11, or (2) the property has undergone 135.12 significant physical change or a change of use since the most recent assessment. 135.13

135.14

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

135.15 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 273.1398, subdivision 3,
135.16 is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Disparity reduction aid. The amount of disparity aid certified for each 135.17 taxing district within each unique taxing jurisdiction is the amount certified for taxes 135.18 payable in the prior year shall be multiplied by the ratio of (1) the jurisdiction's tax 135.19 capacity using the class rates for taxes payable in the year for which aid is being computed, 135.20 to (2) its tax capacity using the class rates for taxes payable in the year prior to that for 135.21 which aid is being computed, both based upon taxable market values for taxes payable in 135.22 the year prior to that for which aid is being computed. If the commissioner determines 135.23 that insufficient information is available to reasonably and timely calculate the numerator 135.24 in this ratio for the first taxes payable year that a class rate change or new class rate is 135.25 effective, the commissioner shall omit the effects of that class rate change or new class 135.26 rate when calculating this ratio for aid payable in that taxes payable year. For aid payable 135.27 in the year following a year for which such omission was made, the commissioner shall 135.28 use in the denominator for the class that was changed or created, the tax capacity for taxes 135.29 payable two years prior to that in which the aid is payable, based on taxable market values 135.30 for taxes payable in the year prior to that for which aid is being computed. 135.31

135.32

32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning for taxes payable in 2015.

135.33 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.18, is amended to read:

273.18 LISTING, VALUATION, AND ASSESSMENT OF EXEMPT 136.1 **PROPERTY BY COUNTY AUDITORS.** 136.2

(a) In every sixth year after the year 1926 2010, the county auditor shall enter, in 136.3 a separate place in the real estate assessment books, the description of each tract of real 136.4 property exempt by law from taxation, with the name of the owner, if known, and the 136.5 assessor shall value and assess the same in the same manner that other real property is 136.6 valued and assessed, and shall designate in each case the purpose for which the property is 136.7 used. 136.8

(b) For purposes of the apportionment of fire state aid under section 69.021, 136.9 subdivision 7, the county auditor shall include on the abstract of assessment of exempt real 136.10 property filed under this section, the total number of acres of all natural resources lands for 136.11 which in lieu payments are made under sections 477A.11 to 477A.14. The assessor shall 136.12 estimate its market value, provided that if the assessor is not able to estimate the market 136.13 value of the land on a per parcel basis, the assessor shall furnish the commissioner of 136.14 136.15 revenue with an estimate of the average value per acre of this land within the county.

136.16

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 274.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 136.17 Subdivision 1. Ordinary board; meetings, deadlines, grievances. (a) The town 136.18 board of a town, or the council or other governing body of a city, is the board of appeal 136.19 and equalization except (1) in cities whose charters provide for a board of equalization or 136.20 (2) in any city or town that has transferred its local board of review power and duties to 136.21 the county board as provided in subdivision 3. The county assessor shall fix a day and 136.22 time when the board or the board of equalization shall meet in the assessment districts 136.23 of the county. Notwithstanding any law or city charter to the contrary, a city board of 136.24 equalization shall be referred to as a board of appeal and equalization. On or before 136.25 February 15 of each year the assessor shall give written notice of the time to the city or 136.26 town clerk. Notwithstanding the provisions of any charter to the contrary, the meetings 136.27 must be held between April 1 and May 31 each year. The clerk shall give published and 136.28 posted notice of the meeting at least ten days before the date of the meeting. 136.29

The board shall meet at the office of the clerk to review the assessment and 136.30 classification of property in the town or city. No changes in valuation or classification 136.31 which are intended to correct errors in judgment by the county assessor may be made by 136.32 the county assessor after the board has adjourned in those cities or towns that hold a 136.33 local board of review; however, corrections of errors that are merely clerical in nature or 136.34 136.35 changes that extend homestead treatment to property are permitted after adjournment until

the tax extension date for that assessment year. The changes must be fully documented and maintained in the assessor's office and must be available for review by any person. A copy of the changes made during this period in those cities or towns that hold a local board of review must be sent to the county board no later than December 31 of the assessment year.

(b) The board shall determine whether the taxable property in the town or city has 137.5 been properly placed on the list and properly valued by the assessor. If real or personal 137.6 property has been omitted, the board shall place it on the list with its market value, and 137.7 correct the assessment so that each tract or lot of real property, and each article, parcel, 137.8 or class of personal property, is entered on the assessment list at its market value. No 137.9 assessment of the property of any person may be raised unless the person has been 137.10 duly notified of the intent of the board to do so. On application of any person feeling 137.11 aggrieved, the board shall review the assessment or classification, or both, and correct 137.12 it as appears just. The board may not make an individual market value adjustment or 137.13 classification change that would benefit the property if the owner or other person having 137.14 137.15 control over the property has refused the assessor access to inspect the property and the interior of any buildings or structures as provided in section 273.20. A board member 137.16 shall not participate in any actions of the board which result in market value adjustments 137.17 or classification changes to property owned by the board member, the spouse, parent, 137.18 stepparent, child, stepchild, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew, 137.19 or niece of a board member, or property in which a board member has a financial interest. 137.20 The relationship may be by blood or marriage. 137.21

(c) A local board may reduce assessments upon petition of the taxpayer but the total reductions must not reduce the aggregate assessment made by the county assessor by more than one percent. If the total reductions would lower the aggregate assessments made by the county assessor by more than one percent, none of the adjustments may be made. The assessor shall correct any clerical errors or double assessments discovered by the board without regard to the one percent limitation.

(d) A local board does not have authority to grant an exemption or to order propertyremoved from the tax rolls.

(e) A majority of the members may act at the meeting, and adjourn from day to day
until they finish hearing the cases presented. The assessor shall attend, with the assessment
books and papers, and take part in the proceedings, but must not vote. The county assessor,
or an assistant delegated by the county assessor shall attend the meetings. The board shall
list separately, on a form appended to the assessment book, all omitted property added
to the list by the board and all items of property increased or decreased, with the market

value of each item of property, added or changed by the board, placed opposite the item.
The county assessor shall enter all changes made by the board in the assessment book.

(f) Except as provided in subdivision 3, if a person fails to appear in person, by 138.3 counsel, or by written communication before the board after being duly notified of the 138.4 board's intent to raise the assessment of the property, or if a person feeling aggrieved by an 138.5 assessment or classification fails to apply for a review of the assessment or classification, 138.6 the person may not appear before the county board of appeal and equalization for a review 138.7 of the assessment or elassification. This paragraph does not apply if an assessment was 138.8 made after the local board meeting, as provided in section 273.01, or if the person can 138.9 establish not having received notice of market value at least five days before the local 138.10 board meeting. 138.11

(g) The local board must complete its work and adjourn within 20 days from the 138.12 time of convening stated in the notice of the clerk, unless a longer period is approved by 138.13 the commissioner of revenue. No action taken after that date is valid. All complaints 138.14 138.15 about an assessment or classification made after the meeting of the board must be heard and determined by the county board of equalization. A nonresident may, at any time, 138.16 before the meeting of the board file written objections to an assessment or classification 138.17 with the county assessor. The objections must be presented to the board at its meeting by 138.18 the county assessor for its consideration. 138.19

138.20

20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 274.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 138.21 Subd. 2. Special board; duties delegated. The governing body of a city, including 138.22 a city whose charter provides for a board of equalization, may appoint a special board of 138.23 review. The city may delegate to the special board of review all of the powers and duties 138.24 in subdivision 1. The special board of review shall serve at the direction and discretion 138.25 of the appointing body, subject to the restrictions imposed by law. The appointing body 138.26 shall determine the number of members of the board, the compensation and expenses to be 138.27 paid, and the term of office of each member. At least one member of the special board 138.28 of review must be an appraiser, realtor, or other person familiar with property valuations 138.29 in the assessment district. 138.30

138.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

138.32 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 275.08, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. Computation of tax capacity. For taxes payable in 1989, the county
auditor shall compute the gross tax capacity for each parcel according to the class rates
specified in section 273.13. The gross tax capacity will be the appropriate class rate
multiplied by the parcel's market value. For taxes payable in 1990 and subsequent years,
The county auditor shall compute the net tax capacity for each parcel according to the
class rates specified in section 273.13. The net tax capacity will be the appropriate class
rate multiplied by the parcel's market value.

139.8

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 275.08, subdivision 1d, is amended to read: 139.9 Subd. 1d. Additional adjustment. If, after computing each local government's 139.10 139.11 adjusted local tax rate within a unique taxing jurisdiction pursuant to subdivision 1c, the 139.12 auditor finds that the total adjusted local tax rate of all local governments combined is less than 90 percent of gross tax capacity for taxes payable in 1989 and 90 percent of net 139.13 tax capacity for taxes payable in 1990 and thereafter, the auditor shall increase each local 139.14 government's adjusted local tax rate proportionately so the total adjusted local tax rate of 139.15 all local governments combined equals 90 percent. The total amount of the increase in 139.16 tax resulting from the increased local tax rates must not exceed the amount of disparity 139.17 aid allocated to the unique taxing district under section 273.1398. The auditor shall 139.18 certify to the Department of Revenue the difference between the disparity aid originally 139.19 allocated under section 273.1398, subdivision 3, and the amount necessary to reduce 139.20 the total adjusted local tax rate of all local governments combined to 90 percent. Each 139.21 local government's disparity reduction aid payment under section 273.1398, subdivision 139.22 6, must be reduced accordingly. 139.23

139.24

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

139.25 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 275.70, subdivision 5, is139.26 amended to read:

Subd. 5. Special levies. "Special levies" means those portions of ad valorem taxes
levied by a local governmental unit for the following purposes or in the following manner:
(1) to pay the costs of the principal and interest on bonded indebtedness or to
reimburse for the amount of liquor store revenues used to pay the principal and interest
due on municipal liquor store bonds in the year preceding the year for which the levy
limit is calculated;

(2) to pay the costs of principal and interest on certificates of indebtedness issued forany corporate purpose except for the following:

140.3 (i) tax anticipation or aid anticipation certificates of indebtedness;

140.4 (ii) certificates of indebtedness issued under sections 298.28 and 298.282;

(iii) certificates of indebtedness used to fund current expenses or to pay the costs of
extraordinary expenditures that result from a public emergency; or

(iv) certificates of indebtedness used to fund an insufficiency in tax receipts or an
insufficiency in other revenue sources, provided that nothing in this subdivision limits the
special levy authorized under section 475.755;

(3) to provide for the bonded indebtedness portion of payments made to anotherpolitical subdivision of the state of Minnesota;

(4) to fund payments made to the Minnesota State Armory Building Commission
under section 193.145, subdivision 2, to retire the principal and interest on armory
construction bonds;

(5) property taxes approved by voters which are levied against the referendummarket value as provided under section 275.61;

(6) to fund matching requirements needed to qualify for federal or state grants or
programs to the extent that either (i) the matching requirement exceeds the matching
requirement in calendar year 2001, or (ii) it is a new matching requirement that did not
exist prior to 2002;

(7) to pay the expenses reasonably and necessarily incurred in preparing for or
repairing the effects of natural disaster including the occurrence or threat of widespread
or severe damage, injury, or loss of life or property resulting from natural causes, in
accordance with standards formulated by the Emergency Services Division of the state
Department of Public Safety, as allowed by the commissioner of revenue under section
275.74, subdivision 2;

(8) pay amounts required to correct an error in the levy certified to the county
auditor by a city or county in a levy year, but only to the extent that when added to the
preceding year's levy it is not in excess of an applicable statutory, special law or charter
limitation, or the limitation imposed on the governmental subdivision by sections 275.70
to 275.74 in the preceding levy year;

140.32 (9) to pay an abatement under section 469.1815;

(10) to pay any costs attributable to increases in the employer contribution rates under
chapter 353, or locally administered pension plans, that are effective after June 30, 2001;

(11) to pay the operating or maintenance costs of a county jail as authorized in section
641.01 or 641.262, or of a correctional facility as defined in section 241.021, subdivision 1,

paragraph (f), to the extent that the county can demonstrate to the commissioner of revenue 141.1 141.2 that the amount has been included in the county budget as a direct result of a rule, minimum requirement, minimum standard, or directive of the Department of Corrections, or to pay 141.3 the operating or maintenance costs of a regional jail as authorized in section 641.262. For 141.4 purposes of this clause, a district court order is not a rule, minimum requirement, minimum 141.5 standard, or directive of the Department of Corrections. If the county utilizes this special 141.6 levy, except to pay operating or maintenance costs of a new regional jail facility under 141.7 sections 641.262 to 641.264 which will not replace an existing jail facility, any amount 141.8 levied by the county in the previous levy year for the purposes specified under this clause 141.9 and included in the county's previous year's levy limitation computed under section 141.10 275.71, shall be deducted from the levy limit base under section 275.71, subdivision 2, 141.11 when determining the county's current year levy limitation. The county shall provide the 141.12 necessary information to the commissioner of revenue for making this determination; 141.13

(12) to pay for operation of a lake improvement district, as authorized under section
103B.555. If the county utilizes this special levy, any amount levied by the county in the
previous levy year for the purposes specified under this clause and included in the county's
previous year's levy limitation computed under section 275.71 shall be deducted from
the levy limit base under section 275.71, subdivision 2, when determining the county's
current year levy limitation. The county shall provide the necessary information to the
commissioner of revenue for making this determination;

(13) to repay a state or federal loan used to fund the direct or indirect required
spending by the local government due to a state or federal transportation project or other
state or federal capital project. This authority may only be used if the project is not a
local government initiative;

(14) to pay for court administration costs as required under section 273.1398,
subdivision 4b, less the (i) county's share of transferred fines and fees collected by the
district courts in the county for calendar year 2001 and (ii) the aid amount certified to be
paid to the county in 2004 under section 273.1398, subdivision 4e; however, for taxes
levied to pay for these costs in the year in which the court financing is transferred to the
state, the amount under this clause is limited to the amount of aid the county is certified to
receive under section 273.1398, subdivision 4a;

 $\begin{array}{ll} & (15) (14) \text{ to fund a firefighters relief association as required under Laws 2013,} \\ & \text{141.33} & \text{chapter 111, article 5, sections 31 to 42, to the extent that the required amount exceeds the} \\ & \text{amount levied for this purpose in 2001;} \end{array}$

141.35 (16)(15) for purposes of a storm sewer improvement district under section 444.20;

(17) (16) to pay for the maintenance and support of a city or county society for 142.1 the prevention of cruelty to animals under section 343.11, but not to exceed in any year 142.2 \$4,800 or the sum of \$1 per capita based on the county's or city's population as of the most 142.3 recent federal census, whichever is greater. If the city or county uses this special levy, any 142.4 amount levied by the city or county in the previous levy year for the purposes specified 142.5 in this clause and included in the city's or county's previous year's levy limit computed 142.6 under section 275.71, must be deducted from the levy limit base under section 275.71, 142.7 subdivision 2, in determining the city's or county's current year levy limit; 142.8

(18) (17) for counties, to pay for the increase in their share of health and human
service costs caused by reductions in federal health and human services grants effective
after September 30, 2007;

(19) (18) for a city, for the costs reasonably and necessarily incurred for securing, 142.12 maintaining, or demolishing foreclosed or abandoned residential properties, as allowed by 142.13 the commissioner of revenue under section 275.74, subdivision 2. A city must have either 142.14 142.15 (i) a foreclosure rate of at least 1.4 percent in 2007, or (ii) a foreclosure rate in 2007 in the city or in a zip code area of the city that is at least 50 percent higher than the average 142.16 foreclosure rate in the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, 142.17 to use this special levy. For purposes of this paragraph, "foreclosure rate" means the 142.18 number of foreclosures, as indicated by sheriff sales records, divided by the number of 142.19 households in the city in 2007; 142.20

(20) for a city, for the unreimbursed costs of redeployed traffic-control agents and
lost traffic citation revenue due to the collapse of the Interstate 35W bridge, as certified
to the Federal Highway Administration;

(21) (19) to pay costs attributable to wages and benefits for sheriff, police, and fire
personnel. If a local governmental unit did not use this special levy in the previous year its
levy limit base under section 275.71 shall be reduced by the amount equal to the amount it
levied for the purposes specified in this clause in the previous year;

(22) (20) an amount equal to any reductions in the certified aids or credit 142.28 reimbursements payable under sections 477A.011 to 477A.014, and section 273.1384, 142.29 due to unallotment under section 16A.152 or reductions under another provision of law. 142.30 The amount of the levy allowed under this clause for each year is limited to the amount 142.31 unallotted or reduced from the aids and credit reimbursements certified for payment in the 142.32 year following the calendar year in which the tax levy is certified unless the unallotment 142.33 or reduction amount is not known by September 1 of the levy certification year, and 142.34 the local government has not adjusted its levy under section 275.065, subdivision 6, or 142.35

143.1 275.07, subdivision 6, in which case that unallotment or reduction amount may be levied143.2 in the following year;

 $\begin{array}{ll} & (23)(21) \text{ to pay for the difference between one-half of the costs of confining sex} \\ & \text{offenders undergoing the civil commitment process and any state payments for this} \\ & \text{purpose pursuant to section 253D.12;} \end{array}$

(24) (22) for a county to pay the costs of the first year of maintaining and operating
a new facility or new expansion, either of which contains courts, corrections, dispatch,
criminal investigation labs, or other public safety facilities and for which all or a portion
of the funding for the site acquisition, building design, site preparation, construction, and
related equipment was issued or authorized prior to the imposition of levy limits in 2008.
The levy limit base shall then be increased by an amount equal to the new facility's first
full year's operating costs as described in this clause; and

143.13(25)(23) for the estimated amount of reduction to market value credit reimbursements143.14under section 273.1384 for credits payable in the year in which the levy is payable.

143.15

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 275.74, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 143.16 Subd. 2. Authorization for special levies. (a) A local governmental unit may 143.17 request authorization to levy for unreimbursed costs for natural disasters under section 143.18 275.70, subdivision 5, clause (7). The local governmental unit shall submit a request to 143.19 levy under section 275.70, subdivision 5, clause (7), to the commissioner of revenue by 143.20 September 30 of the levy year and the request must include information documenting the 143.21 estimated unreimbursed costs. The commissioner of revenue may grant levy authority, 143.22 up to the amount requested based on the documentation submitted. All decisions of the 143.23 commissioner are final. 143.24

(b) A city may request authorization to levy for reasonable and necessary costs for 143.25 securing, maintaining, or demolishing foreclosed or abandoned residential properties under 143.26 section 275.70, subdivision 5, clause (19) (18). The local governmental unit shall submit a 143.27 request to levy under section 275.70, subdivision 5, clause (19) (18), to the commissioner 143.28 of revenue by September 30 of the levy year and the request must include information 143.29 documenting the estimated costs. For taxes payable in 2009, the amount may include 143.30 unanticipated costs incurred above the amount budgeted for these purposes in 2008. Costs 143.31 of securing foreclosed or abandoned residential properties include payment for police and 143.32 fire department services. The commissioner of revenue may grant levy authority, up to the 143.33 lesser of (1) the amount requested based on the documentation submitted, or (2) \$3,000 143.34

multiplied by the number of foreclosed residential properties, as defined by sheriff sales 144.1

records, in calendar year 2007. All decisions of the commissioner are final. 144.2

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 144.3

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 275.75, is amended to read: 144.4

144.5

275.75 CHARTER EXEMPTION FOR AID LOSS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of a municipal charter that limits ad valorem 144.6 taxes to a lesser amount, or that would require voter approval for any increase, the 144.7 governing body of a municipality may by resolution increase its levy in any year by an 144.8 amount equal to its special levies under section 275.70, subdivision 5, clauses (22) and 144.9 (25) (20) and (23). 144.10

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 144.11

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 279.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 144.12 144.13 Subdivision 1. Rate Interest calculation. The rate of interest on delinquent property taxes levied in 1979 and prior years is fixed at six percent per year until January 144.14 1, 1983. Thereafter Interest is payable at the rate determined pursuant to section 549.09. 144.15 144.16 The rate of interest on delinquent property taxes levied in 1980 and subsequent years is the rate determined pursuant to section 549.09. All provisions of law except section 144.17 549.09 providing for the calculation of interest at any different rate on delinquent taxes in 144.18 any notice or proceeding in connection with the payment, collection, sale, or assignment 144.19 of delinquent taxes, or redemption from such sale or assignment are hereby amended 144.20 to correspond herewith. Section 549.09 shall continue in force applies with respect to 144.21 judgments arising out of petitions for review filed pursuant to chapter 278 irrespective of 144.22 the levy year. 144.23

For property taxes levied in 1980 and prior years, interest is to be calculated at 144.24 simple interest from the second Monday in May following the year in which the taxes 144.25 become due until the time that the taxes and penalties are paid, computed on the amount 144.26 of unpaid taxes, penalties and costs. For property taxes levied in 1981 and subsequent 144.27 years, Interest shall commence on the first day of January following the year in which the 144.28 taxes become due, but the county treasurer need not calculate interest on unpaid taxes and 144.29 penalties on the tax list returned to the county auditor pursuant to section 279.01. 144.30

If interest is payable for a portion of a year, the interest is calculated only for the 144.31 months that the taxes or penalties remain unpaid, and for this purpose a portion of a month 144.32 is deemed to be a whole month. 144.33

145.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 279.03, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: 145.2 Subd. 1a. Rate after December 31, 1990. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), 145.3 interest on delinquent property taxes, penalties, and costs unpaid on or after January 1-145.4 1991, shall be is payable at the per annum rate determined in section 270C.40, subdivision 145.5 5. If the rate so determined is less than ten percent, the rate of interest shall be is ten 145.6 percent. The maximum per annum rate shall be is 14 percent if the rate specified under 145.7 section 270C.40, subdivision 5, exceeds 14 percent. The rate shall be is subject to change 145.8 on January 1 of each year. 145.9

(b) If a person is the owner of one or more parcels of property on which taxes are
delinquent, and the delinquent taxes are more than 25 percent of the prior year's school
district levy, interest on the delinquent property taxes, penalties, and costs unpaid after
January 1, 1992, shall be is payable at twice the rate determined under paragraph (a) for
the year.

145.15

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

145.16 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 279.16, is amended to read:

145.17 **279.16 JUDGMENT WHEN NO ANSWER; FORM; ENTRY.**

Upon the expiration of 20 days from the later of the filing of the affidavit of publication or the filing of the affidavit of mailing pursuant to section 279.131, the court administrator shall enter judgment against each and every such parcel as to which no answer has been filed, which judgment shall include all such parcels, and shall be substantially in the following form:

145.23State of Minnesota)District Court,145.24) ss.145.25County of145.25County of

In the matter of the proceedings to enforce payment of the taxes on real estate
remaining delinquent on the first Monday in January,, for the county of,
state of Minnesota.

A list of taxes on real property, delinquent on the first Monday in January,, for said county of, having been duly filed in the office of the court administrator of this court, and the notice and list required by law having been duly published and mailed as required by law, and more than 20 days having elapsed since the last publication of the notice and list, and no answer having been filed by any person, company, or corporation to the taxes upon any of the parcels of land hereinafter described, it is hereby adjudged
that each parcel of land hereinafter described is liable for taxes, penalties, and costs to the
amount set opposite the same, as follows:

Parcel Number.

Amount.

The amount of taxes, penalties, and cost to which, as hereinbefore stated, each of such parcels of land is liable, is hereby declared a lien upon such parcel of land as against the estate, right, title, interest, claim, or lien, of whatever nature, in law or equity, of every person, company, or corporation; and it is adjudged that, unless the amount to which each of such parcels is liable be paid, each of such parcels be sold, as provided by law, to satisfy the amount to which it is liable.

146.11	Dated this day of,
146.12	
146.13	Court Administrator of the District Court,
146.14	County of

Description.

146.4

The judgment shall be entered by the court administrator in a book to be kept by 146.15 the court administrator, to be called the real estate tax judgment book, and signed by the 146.16 146.17 court administrator. The judgment shall be written out on the left-hand pages of the book, leaving the right-hand pages blank for the entries in this chapter hereinafter provided; and 146.18 The same presumption in favor of the regularity and validity of the judgment shall be 146.19 deemed to exist as in respect to judgments in civil actions in such court, except where taxes 146.20 have been paid before the entry of judgment, or where the land is exempt from taxation, in 146.21 which cases the judgment shall be prima facie evidence only of its regularity and validity. 146.22

146.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

146.24 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 279.23, is amended to read:

146.25 **279.23 COPY OF JUDGMENT TO COUNTY AUDITOR.**

When any real estate tax judgment is entered, the court administrator shall forthwith deliver to the county auditor, in a book to be provided by the auditor, a certified copy of such judgment, which shall be written on the left-hand pages of the book, leaving the right-hand pages blank.

146.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

146.31 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 279.25, is amended to read:

146.32 **279.25 PAYMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.**

Before sale any person may pay the amount adjudged against any parcel of land. 147.1 If payment is made before entry of judgment, and the delinquent list has been filed with 147.2 the court administrator, the county auditor shall immediately certify such payment to the 147.3 court administrator, who shall note the same on such delinquent list; and all proceedings 147.4 pending against such parcel shall thereupon be discontinued. If payment is made after 147.5 judgment is entered and before sale, the auditor shall certify such payment to the clerk, 147.6 who, upon production of such certificate and the payment of a fee of ten cents, shall enter 147.7 on the right-hand page of the real estate tax judgment book, and opposite the description 147.8 of such parcel, satisfaction of the judgment against the same. The auditor shall make 147.9 proper records of all payments made under this section. 147.10

147.11

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

147.12 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 279.37, subdivision 2, is147.13 amended to read:

Subd. 2. Installment payments. The owner of any such parcel, or any person to 147.14 whom the right to pay taxes has been given by statute, mortgage, or other agreement, may 147.15 make and file with the county auditor of the county in which the parcel is located a written 147.16 offer to pay the current taxes each year before they become delinquent, or to contest the 147.17 taxes under Minnesota Statutes 1941, sections 278.01 to 278.13 chapter 278, and agree 147.18 to confess judgment for the amount provided, as determined by the county auditor. By 147.19 filing the offer, the owner waives all irregularities in connection with the tax proceedings 147.20 affecting the parcel and any defense or objection which the owner may have to the 147.21 proceedings, and also waives the requirements of any notice of default in the payment of 147.22 any installment or interest to become due pursuant to the composite judgment to be so 147.23 entered. Unless the property is subject to subdivision 1a, with the offer, the owner shall (i) 147.24 tender one-tenth of the amount of the delinquent taxes, costs, penalty, and interest, and 147.25 (ii) tender all current year taxes and penalty due at the time the confession of judgment is 147.26 entered. In the offer, the owner shall agree to pay the balance in nine equal installments, 147.27 with interest as provided in section 279.03, payable annually on installments remaining 147.28 unpaid from time to time, on or before December 31 of each year following the year in 147.29 which judgment was confessed. The offer must be substantially as follows: 147.30

147.31 "To the court administrator of the district court of county, I,,
147.32 am the owner of the following described parcel of real estate located in
147.33 county, Minnesota:

taxes, costs, interest, and penalty). By signing this document I offer to confess judgment in 148.1 148.2 the sum of \$..... and waive all irregularities in the tax proceedings affecting these taxes and any defense or objection which I may have to them, and direct judgment to be entered for 148.3 the amount stated above, minus the sum of \$....., to be paid with this document, which 148.4 is one-tenth or one-fifth of the amount of the taxes, costs, penalty, and interest stated above. 148.5 I agree to pay the balance of the judgment in nine or four equal, annual installments, with 148.6 interest as provided in section 279.03, payable annually, on the installments remaining 148.7 unpaid. I agree to pay the installments and interest on or before December 31 of each year 148.8 following the year in which this judgment is confessed and current taxes each year before 148.9 they become delinquent, or within 30 days after the entry of final judgment in proceedings 148.10 to contest the taxes under Minnesota Statutes, sections 278.01 to 278.13 chapter 278. 148.11

- 148.12 Dated"
- 148.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

148.14 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 280.001, is amended to read:

148.15 **280.001 PUBLIC SALES, AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATES ABOLISHED.**

Effective the second Monday in May 1974, and each year thereafter, No parcel of 148.16 land against which judgment has been entered and remains unsatisfied for the taxes of 148.17 the preceding year or years may be sold at public vendue as provided in sections 280.01 148.18 and 280.02 by the county auditor but shall be treated in the same manner and regarded in 148.19 148.20 all respects as land bid in for the state by the auditor in the manner provided in section 280.02. No notice of sale required by section 280.01 shall be published or posted in 1974 148.21 and in years thereafter, and no auditor's certificate authorized by section 280.03 shall be 148.22 issued on the second Monday in May 1974, or thereafter. 148.23

148.24

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

148.25 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 280.03, is amended to read:

- 148.26 **280.03 CERTIFICATE OF SALE.**
- 148.27 The county auditor shall execute to the purchaser of each parcel a certificate which148.28 may be substantially in the following form:

"I,, auditor of the county of, state of Minnesota, do hereby certify that
at the sale of lands pursuant to the real estate tax judgment entered in the district court
in the county of, on the day of, in proceedings to enforce the

- payment of taxes delinquent on real estate for the years, for the county of,
- 148.33 which sale was held at, in said county of, on the day of,

the following described parcel of land, situate in said county of, state of Minnesota: 149.1 149.2 (insert description), was offered for sale to the bidder who should offer to pay the amount for which the same was to be sold, at the lowest annual rate of interest on such amount; 149.3 and at said sale I did sell the said parcel of land to for the sum of dollars, 149.4 with interest at percent per annum on such amount, that being the sum for which the 149.5 same was to be sold, and such rate of interest being the lowest rate percent per annum bid 149.6 on such sum; and, the sum having been paid, I do therefore, in consideration thereof, and 149.7 pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, convey the said parcel of land, in 149.8 fee simple, subject to easements and restrictions of record at the date of the tax judgment 149.9 sale, including, but without limitation, permits for telephone, telegraph and electric 149.10 power lines either by underground cable or conduit or otherwise, sewer and water lines, 149.11 highways, railroads, and pipe lines for gas, liquids, or solids in suspension, to said, 149.12 and the heirs and assigns of, forever, subject to redemption as provided by law. 149.13 Witness my hand and official seal this day of 149.14 149.15 County Auditor." 149.16 If the land shall not be redeemed as provided in chapter 281, such certificate shall 149.17 pass to the purchaser an estate therein, in fee simple, without any other act or deed 149.18 whatever subject to easements and restrictions of record at the date of the tax judgment 149.19 sale, including, but without limitation, permits for telephone, telegraph, and electric 149.20 power lines either by underground cable or conduit or otherwise, sewer and water lines, 149.21 highways, railroads, and pipe lines for gas, liquids, or solids in suspension. Such certificate 149.22 may be recorded, after the time for redemption shall have expired, as other deeds of real 149.23

estate, and with like effect. If any purchaser at such sale shall purchase more than oneparcel, the auditor shall issue to the purchaser a certificate for each parcel so purchased.

149.26

6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

149.27 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 280.07, is amended to read:

149.28 **280.07 ENTRIES IN JUDGMENT BOOKS AFTER SALE.**

Immediately after such sale the county auditor shall set out in the copy judgment book record that all parcels were bid in for the state. The county auditor shall thereupon deliver such book to notify the court administrator, who shall forthwith enter on the right-hand page of the real estate tax judgment book, opposite the description of each parcel sold, the words "bid in for the state," and thereupon redeliver the copy judgment book to the auditor. Upon redemption the auditor shall make a note thereon in the copy judgment book, opposite the parcel redeemed. 150.1

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

150.2

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 280.11, is amended to read:

150.3

280.11 LANDS BID IN FOR STATE.

At any time after any parcel of land has been bid in for the state, the same not having 150.4 been redeemed, the county auditor shall assign and convey the same, and all the right of 150.5 the state therein acquired at such sale, to any person who shall pay the amount for which 150.6 150.7 the same was bid in, with interest at the rate of 12 percent per annum, and the amount of all subsequent delinquent taxes, penalties, costs, and interest at such rate upon the same 150.8 from the time when such taxes became delinquent. The county auditor shall execute to 150.9 150.10 such person a certificate for such parcel, which may be substantially in the following form: "I,, auditor of the county of, state of Minnesota, do hereby certify that 150.11 at the sale of lands pursuant to the real estate tax judgment entered in the district court 150.12 in the county of, on the day of, in proceedings to enforce the 150.13 150.14 which sale was held at, in said county of, on the day of, 150.15 the following described parcel of land, situate in said county of, state of Minnesota: 150.16 (insert description), was duly offered for sale; and, no one bidding upon such offer an 150.17 150.18 amount equal to that for which the parcel was subject to be sold, the same was then bid in for the state at such amount, being the sum of dollars; and the same still remaining 150.19 unredeemed, and on this day having paid into the treasury of the county the amount 150.20 for which the same was so bid in, and all subsequent delinquent taxes, penalties, costs, 150.21 and interest, amounting in all to dollars, therefore, in consideration thereof, and 150.22 pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, I do hereby assign and convey this 150.23 parcel of land, in fee simple, subject to easements and restrictions of record at the date of 150.24 the tax judgment sale, including but without limitation, permits for telephone, telegraph, 150.25 and electric power lines either by underground cable or conduit or otherwise, sewer and 150.26 water lines, highways, railroads, and pipe lines for gas, liquids, or solids in suspension, 150.27 with all the right, title and interest of the state acquired therein at such sale to, and 150.28 the heirs and assigns of, forever, subject to redemption as provided by law. 150.29 Witness my hand and official seal this day of 150.30

150.31

.....

150.32

County Auditor."

150.33 If the land shall not be redeemed, as provided in chapter 281, such certificate shall 150.34 pass to the purchaser or assignee an estate therein, in fee simple, without any other act 150.35 or deed whatever subject to easements and restrictions of record at the date of the tax 151.1 judgment sale, including, but without limitation, permits for telephone, telegraph and

151.2 electric power lines either by underground cable or conduit or otherwise, sewer and water

151.3 lines, highways, railroads, and pipe lines for gas, liquids, or solids in suspension. Such

- 151.4 certificate or conveyance may be recorded, after the time for redemption shall have
- 151.5 expired, as other deeds of real estate, and with like effect. No assignment of the right of
- 151.6 the state shall be given pursuant to this section after January 1, 1972.
- 151.7

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- 151.8 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 281.03, is amended to read:
- **281.03 AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE.**

The county auditor shall certify to the amount due on such redemption, and, on 151.10 payment of the same to the county treasurer, shall make duplicate receipts for the certified 151.11 amount, describing the property redeemed, one of which shall be filed with the auditor. 151.12 Such receipts shall be governed by the provisions of this chapter regulating the payment 151.13 of current taxes and such payment shall have the effect to annul the sale. If the amount 151.14 certified by the auditor and received in payment for redemption be less than that required 151.15 by law, it shall not invalidate the redemption. On redemption being made, the auditor shall 151.16 151.17 enter upon the copy of the tax judgment book, opposite the description of record the parcel as redeemed, the word, "redeemed.". 151.18

151.19

9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

151.20 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 281.17, is amended to read:

281.17 PERIOD FOR REDEMPTION.

Except for properties for which the period of redemption has been limited under sections 281.173 and 281.174, the following periods for redemption apply.

The period of redemption for all lands sold to the state at a tax judgment sale shall be three years from the date of sale to the state of Minnesota.

- The period of redemption for homesteaded lands as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 22, located in a targeted neighborhood as defined in Laws 1987, chapter 386, article 6, section 4, and sold to the state at a tax judgment sale is three years from the date of sale. The period of redemption for all lands located in a targeted neighborhood as defined in Laws 1987, chapter 386, article 6, section 4, except (1) homesteaded lands as defined in section 273.13, subdivision 22, and (2) for periods of redemption beginning
- after June 30, 1991, but before July 1, 1996, lands located in the Loring Park targeted

neighborhood on which a notice of lis pendens has been served, and sold to the state at a
tax judgment sale is one year from the date of sale.

The period of redemption for all real property constituting a mixed municipal solid waste disposal facility that is a qualified facility under section 115B.39, subdivision 1, is one year from the date of the sale to the state of Minnesota.

152.6

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

152.7 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 281.327, is amended to read:

152.8

281.327 CANCELLATION OF CERTIFICATE UPON JUDICIAL ORDER.

Upon the petition of any person interested in the land covered by a real estate tax 152.9 sale certificate, state assignment certificate, or forfeited tax sale certificate and, upon the 152.10 giving of such notice to the holder of such certificate as may be ordered, the district court, 152.11 in the proceedings resulting in the judgment upon which a real estate tax judgment sale 152.12 certificate, state assignment certificate, or forfeited tax sale certificate is based, may order 152.13 the cancellation of a real estate tax judgment sale certificate, state assignment certificate, 152.14 or forfeited tax sale certificate upon which notice of expiration of time of redemption 152.15 has been issued when the certificate or a deed issued thereon has not been recorded in 152.16 the office of the county recorder or filed in that of the registrar of titles, if the land is 152.17 registered, within seven years after the date of the issuance of such certificate; the county 152.18 auditor, on the filing of the order, shall make an entry in the proper copy real estate tax 152.19 152.20 judgment book, opposite the description of the land, "canceled by order of court" record the land as canceled by order of court; and the rights of the holder under the certificate 152.21 shall thereupon be terminated of record in the office of the county auditor. 152.22

152.23

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 282.01, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 152.24 Subd. 6. Duties of commissioner after sale. When any sale has been made by the 152.25 county auditor under sections 282.01 to 282.13, the auditor shall immediately certify to 152.26 the commissioner of revenue such information relating to such sale, on such forms as the 152.27 commissioner of revenue may prescribe as will enable the commissioner of revenue to 152.28 prepare an appropriate deed if the sale is for cash, or keep necessary records if the sale 152.29 is on terms; and not later than October 31 of each year the county auditor shall submit 152.30 to the commissioner of revenue a statement of all instances wherein any payment of 152.31 principal, interest, or current taxes on lands held under certificate, due or to be paid during 152.32 the preceding calendar years, are still outstanding at the time such certificate is made. 152.33

When such statement shows that a purchaser or the purchaser's assignee is in default, the 153.1 commissioner of revenue may instruct the county board of the county in which the land is 153.2 located to cancel said certificate of sale in the manner provided by subdivision 5, provided 153.3 that upon recommendation of the county board, and where the circumstances are such 153.4 that the commissioner of revenue after investigation is satisfied that the purchaser has 153.5 made every effort reasonable to make payment of both the annual installment and said 153.6 taxes, and that there has been no willful neglect on the part of the purchaser in meeting 153.7 these obligations, then the commissioner of revenue may extend the time for the payment 153.8 for such period as the commissioner may deem warranted, not to exceed one year. On 153.9 payment in full of the purchase price, appropriate conveyance in fee, in such form as may 153.10 be prescribed by the attorney general, shall be issued by the commissioner of revenue, 153.11 which conveyance must be recorded by the county and shall have the force and effect of 153.12 a patent from the state subject to easements and restrictions of record at the date of the 153.13 tax judgment sale, including, but without limitation, permits for telephone, telegraph, and 153.14 153.15 electric power lines either by underground cable or conduit or otherwise, sewer and water lines, highways, railroads, and pipe lines for gas, liquids, or solids in suspension. 153.16

153.17

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 282.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 153.18 Subd. 4. Easements. The county auditor, when and for such price and on such 153.19 terms and for such period as the county board prescribes, may grant easements or permits 153.20 on unsold tax-forfeited land for telephone, telegraph, and electric power lines either by 153.21 underground cable or conduit or otherwise, sewer and water lines, highways, recreational 153.22 trails, railroads, and pipe lines for gas, liquids, or solids in suspension. Any such easement 153.23 or permit may be canceled by resolution of the county board after reasonable notice for 153.24 any substantial breach of its terms or if at any time its continuance will conflict with 153.25 public use of the land, or any part thereof, on which it is granted. Land affected by any 153.26 such easement or permit may be sold or leased for mineral or other legal purpose, but sale 153.27 or lease shall be subject to the easement or permit, and all rights granted by the easement 153.28 or permit shall be excepted from the conveyance or lease of the land and be reserved, 153.29 and may be canceled by the county board in the same manner and for the same reasons 153.30 as it could have been canceled before sale and in that case the rights granted thereby 153.31 shall vest in the state in trust as the land on which it was granted was held before sale or 153.32 lease. Any easement or permit granted before passage of Laws 1951, Chapter 203, may 153.33 be governed thereby if the holder thereof and county board so agree. Reasonable notice 153.34 153.35 as used in this subdivision, means a 90-day written notice addressed to the record owner

of the easement at the last known address, and upon cancellation the county board maygrant extensions of time to vacate the premises affected.

154.3

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 282.261, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 154.4 Subd. 2. Interest rate. The unpaid balance on any repurchase contract approved 154.5 by the county board on or after July 1, 1982, is subject to interest at the rate determined 154.6 pursuant to section 549.09. Repurchase contracts approved after December 31, 1990, are 154.7 subject to interest at the rate determined in section 279.03, subdivision 1a. The interest 154.8 rate is subject to change each year on the unpaid balance in the manner provided for rate 154.9 changes in section 549.09 or 279.03, subdivision 1a, whichever is applicable. Interest on 154.10 154.11 the unpaid contract balance on repurchases approved before July 1, 1982, is payable at the rate applicable to the repurchase contract at the time that it was approved. 154.12

154.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 282.261, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Service fee. The county auditor may collect a service fee to cover
administrative costs as set by the county board for each repurchase application received
after July 1, 1985. The fee must be paid at the time of application and must be credited to
the county general revenue fund.

154.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 282.261, subdivision 5, is amended to read: Subd. 5. **County may impose conditions of repurchase.** The county auditor, after receiving county board approval, may impose conditions on repurchase of tax-forfeited lands limiting the use of the parcel subject to the repurchase, including, but not limited to, environmental remediation action plan restrictions or covenants, or easements for lines or equipment for telephone, telegraph, electric power, or telecommunications.

154.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

154.27 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 282.322, is amended to read:

154.28 **282.322 FORFEITED LANDS LIST.**

The county board of any county may at any time after the passage of Laws 1945, ehapter 296, file a list of forfeited lands with the county auditor, if the board is of the

opinion that such lands may be acquired by the state or any municipal subdivision thereof for public purposes. Upon the filing of such list the county auditor shall withhold said lands from repurchase. If no proceeding shall be started to acquire such lands by the state or some municipal subdivision thereof within one year after the filing of such list the county board shall withdraw said list and thereafter the owner shall have one year in which to repurchase as otherwise provided in Laws 1945, chapter 296.

155.7

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

155.8 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 287.30, is amended to read:

155.9

287.30 COUNTY TREASURER; DUTIES.

The earc of documentary stamps entrusted to county treasurers and the duties imposed upon county treasurers by this chapter are within the duties of such office and are within the coverage of any official bond delivered to the state, conditioned that any such officer shall faithfully execute the duties of office. The county board may by resolution require the county auditor to perform any duty imposed on the county treasurer under this chapter.

155.15

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

155.16 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.25, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Requirements to pay. An individual, trust, S corporation, or 155.17 partnership must, when prescribed in subdivision 3, paragraph (b), make payments of 155.18 estimated tax. For individuals, the term "estimated tax" means the amount the taxpayer 155.19 estimates is the sum of the taxes imposed by chapter 290 for the taxable year. For trusts, 155.20 S corporations, and partnerships, the term estimated tax means the amount the taxpayer 155.21 estimates is the sum of the taxes for the taxable year imposed by chapter 290 and the 155.22 composite income tax imposed by section 289A.08, subdivision 7. If the individual is an 155.23 infant or incompetent person, the payments must be made by the individual's guardian. If 155.24 joint payments on estimated tax are made but a joint return is not made for the taxable 155.25 year, the estimated tax for that year may be treated as the estimated tax of either the 155.26 husband or the wife or may be divided between them. 155.27

Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, no payments of estimated tax are
required if the estimated tax, as defined in this subdivision, less the credits allowed against
the tax, is less than \$500.

155.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

156.1 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.01, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

156.2 Subd. 5. Domestic corporation. The term "domestic" when applied to a corporation156.3 means a corporation:

(1) created or organized in the United States, or under the laws of the United
States or of any state, the District of Columbia, or any political subdivision of any of
the foregoing but not including the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any possession
of the United States; or

(2) which qualifies as a DISC, as defined in section 992(a) of the Internal Revenue
Code; or.

156.10 (3) which qualifies as a FSC, as defined in section 922 of the Internal Revenue Code.

156.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 156.12 December 31, 2013.

156.13 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 290.01, subdivision 19d, 156.14 is amended to read:

Subd. 19d. Corporations; modifications decreasing federal taxable income. For
corporations, there shall be subtracted from federal taxable income after the increases
provided in subdivision 19c:

(1) the amount of foreign dividend gross-up added to gross income for federalincome tax purposes under section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(2) the amount of salary expense not allowed for federal income tax purposes due toclaiming the work opportunity credit under section 51 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(3) any dividend (not including any distribution in liquidation) paid within the
taxable year by a national or state bank to the United States, or to any instrumentality of
the United States exempt from federal income taxes, on the preferred stock of the bank
owned by the United States or the instrumentality;

(4) amounts disallowed for intangible drilling costs due to differences between
 this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code in taxable years beginning before January
 1, 1987, as follows:

(i) to the extent the disallowed costs are represented by physical property, an amount
 equal to the allowance for depreciation under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09,

156.31 subdivision 7, subject to the modifications contained in subdivision 19e; and

(ii) to the extent the disallowed costs are not represented by physical property, an
amount equal to the allowance for cost depletion under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section
290.09, subdivision 8;

157.1 (5) (4) the deduction for capital losses pursuant to sections 1211 and 1212 of the 157.2 Internal Revenue Code, except that:

(i) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986,
capital loss carrybacks shall not be allowed;

(ii) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986,
a capital loss carryover to each of the 15 taxable years succeeding the loss year shall be
allowed;

(iii) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, a
capital loss carryback to each of the three taxable years preceding the loss year, subject to
the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.16, shall be allowed; and

(iv) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987,
a capital loss carryover to each of the five taxable years succeeding the loss year to the
extent such loss was not used in a prior taxable year and subject to the provisions of
Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.16, shall be allowed;

(6) (5) an amount for interest and expenses relating to income not taxable for federal income tax purposes, if (i) the income is taxable under this chapter and (ii) the interest and expenses were disallowed as deductions under the provisions of section 171(a)(2), 265 or 291 of the Internal Revenue Code in computing federal taxable income;

(7) (6) in the case of mines, oil and gas wells, other natural deposits, and timber for 157.19 which percentage depletion was disallowed pursuant to subdivision 19c, clause (8), a 157.20 reasonable allowance for depletion based on actual cost. In the case of leases the deduction 157.21 must be apportioned between the lessor and lessee in accordance with rules prescribed 157.22 157.23 by the commissioner. In the case of property held in trust, the allowable deduction must be apportioned between the income beneficiaries and the trustee in accordance with the 157.24 pertinent provisions of the trust, or if there is no provision in the instrument, on the basis 157.25 157.26 of the trust's income allocable to each;

(8) (7) for certified pollution control facilities placed in service in a taxable year
beginning before December 31, 1986, and for which amortization deductions were elected
under section 169 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December
31, 1985, an amount equal to the allowance for depreciation under Minnesota Statutes
1986, section 290.09, subdivision 7;

(9) (8) amounts included in federal taxable income that are due to refunds of
income, excise, or franchise taxes based on net income or related minimum taxes paid
by the corporation to Minnesota, another state, a political subdivision of another state,
the District of Columbia, or a foreign country or possession of the United States to the

extent that the taxes were added to federal taxable income under subdivision 19c, clause(1), in a prior taxable year;

(10) (9) income or gains from the business of mining as defined in section 290.05,
 subdivision 1, clause (a), that are not subject to Minnesota franchise tax;

158.5 (11)(10) the amount of disability access expenditures in the taxable year which are not allowed to be deducted or capitalized under section 44(d)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code;

 $\frac{(12)(11)}{(11)}$ the amount of qualified research expenses not allowed for federal income tax purposes under section 280C(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, but only to the extent that the amount exceeds the amount of the credit allowed under section 290.068;

 $\frac{(13)(12)}{(12)}$ the amount of salary expenses not allowed for federal income tax purposes due to claiming the Indian employment credit under section 45A(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(14) (13) any decrease in subpart F income, as defined in section 952(a) of the
Internal Revenue Code, for the taxable year when subpart F income is calculated without
regard to the provisions of Division C, title III, section 303(b) of Public Law 110-343;

(15)(14) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an addition is required under subdivision 19c, clause (12), an amount equal to one-fifth of the delayed depreciation. For purposes of this clause, "delayed depreciation" means the amount of the addition made by the taxpayer under subdivision 19c, clause (12). The resulting delayed depreciation cannot be less than zero;

(16)(15) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an addition is required under subdivision 19c, clause (13), an amount equal to one-fifth of the amount of the addition;

(17) (16) to the extent included in federal taxable income, discharge of indebtedness income resulting from reacquisition of business indebtedness included in federal taxable income under section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. This subtraction applies only to the extent that the income was included in net income in a prior year as a result of the addition under subdivision 19c, clause (16); and

 $\frac{(18)(17)}{(17)}$ the amount of expenses not allowed for federal income tax purposes due to claiming the railroad track maintenance credit under section 45G(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

158.32 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
 158.33 December 31, 2013.

158.34 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.01, subdivision 19f, is amended to read:

Subd. 19f. Basis modifications affecting gain or loss on disposition of property. 159.1 (a) For individuals, estates, and trusts, the basis of property is its adjusted basis for federal 159.2 income tax purposes except as set forth in paragraphs (e) and (f), (g), and (m). For 159.3 corporations, the basis of property is its adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes, 159.4 without regard to the time when the property became subject to tax under this chapter or to 159.5 whether out-of-state losses or items of tax preference with respect to the property were not 159.6 deductible under this chapter, except that the modifications to the basis for federal income 159.7 tax purposes set forth in paragraphs (b) to (j) (i) are allowed to corporations, and the 159.8 resulting modifications to federal taxable income must be made in the year in which gain 159.9 or loss on the sale or other disposition of property is recognized. 159.10

(b) The basis of property shall not be reduced to reflect federal investment tax credit.
(c) The basis of property subject to the accelerated cost recovery system under
section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be modified to reflect the modifications in
depreciation with respect to the property provided for in subdivision 19e. For certified
pollution control facilities for which amortization deductions were elected under section
169 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, the basis of the property must be increased by
the amount of the amortization deduction not previously allowed under this chapter.

(d) For property acquired before January 1, 1933, the basis for computing a gain is the fair market value of the property as of that date. The basis for determining a loss is the cost of the property to the taxpayer less any depreciation, amortization, or depletion, actually sustained before that date. If the adjusted cost exceeds the fair market value of the property, then the basis is the adjusted cost regardless of whether there is a gain or loss.

(c) (d) The basis is reduced by the allowance for amortization of bond premium if
an election to amortize was made pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09,
subdivision 13, and the allowance could have been deducted by the taxpayer under this
chapter during the period of the taxpayer's ownership of the property.

(f) (e) For assets placed in service before January 1, 1987, corporations, partnerships,
 or individuals engaged in the business of mining ores other than iron ore or taconite
 concentrates subject to the occupation tax under chapter 298 must use the occupation
 tax basis of property used in that business.

 $\frac{(g)(f)}{(f)}$ For assets placed in service before January 1, 1990, corporations, partnerships, or individuals engaged in the business of mining iron ore or taconite concentrates subject to the occupation tax under chapter 298 must use the occupation tax basis of property used in that business.

- 160.1 (h) (g) In applying the provisions of sections 301(c)(3)(B), 312(f) and (g), and
- 160.2 316(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, the dates December 31, 1932, and January 1,
- 160.3 1933, shall be substituted for February 28, 1913, and March 1, 1913, respectively.
- (i) (h) In applying the provisions of section 362(a) and (c) of the Internal Revenue
 Code, the date December 31, 1956, shall be substituted for June 22, 1954.
- (i) (i) The basis of property shall be increased by the amount of intangible drilling
 costs not previously allowed due to differences between this chapter and the Internal
 Revenue Code.
- 160.9 (k) (j) The adjusted basis of any corporate partner's interest in a partnership is 160.10 the same as the adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes modified as required to 160.11 reflect the basis modifications set forth in paragraphs (b) to (j) (i). The adjusted basis 160.12 of a partnership in which the partner is an individual, estate, or trust is the same as the 160.13 adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes modified as required to reflect the basis 160.14 modifications set forth in paragraphs (e) and (f) and (g).
- 160.15 (<u>i)</u> (<u>k</u>) The modifications contained in paragraphs (b) to (<u>j</u>) (<u>i</u>) also apply to the basis 160.16 of property that is determined by reference to the basis of the same property in the hands 160.17 of a different taxpayer or by reference to the basis of different property.
- 160.18 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
 160.19 December 31, 2013.

160.20 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.01, subdivision 29, is amended to read:

160.21 Subd. 29. **Taxable income.** The term "taxable income" means:

- 160.22 (1) for individuals, estates, and trusts, the same as taxable net income;
- 160.23 (2) for corporations, the taxable net income less
- (i) the net operating loss deduction under section 290.095;
- (ii) the dividends received deduction under section 290.21, subdivision 4; and
- (iii) the exemption for operating in a job opportunity building zone under section469.317; and.
- (iv) the exemption for operating in a biotechnology and health sciences industry
 zone under section 469.337.

160.30 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 160.31 December 31, 2013.

160.32 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.015, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

161.1 Subdivision 1. **General rule.** (a) Except as provided in subdivision 3, a person 161.2 that conducts a trade or business that has a place of business in this state, regularly has 161.3 employees or independent contractors conducting business activities on its behalf in this 161.4 state, or owns or leases real property that is located in this state or tangible personal 161.5 property, including but not limited to mobile property, that is present in this state is subject 161.6 to the taxes imposed by this chapter.

(b) Except as provided in subdivision 3, a person that conducts a trade or business
not described in paragraph (a) is subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter if the trade
or business obtains or regularly solicits business from within this state, without regard
to physical presence in this state.

161.11 (c) For purposes of paragraph (b), business from within this state includes, but is161.12 not limited to:

161.13 (1) sales of products or services of any kind or nature to customers in this state who161.14 receive the product or service in this state;

161.15 (2) sales of services which are performed from outside this state but the services161.16 are received in this state;

(3) transactions with customers in this state that involve intangible property and
result in receipts attributed to this state as provided in section 290.191, subdivision 5 or 6;

(4) leases of tangible personal property that is located in this state as defined insection 290.191, subdivision 5, paragraph (g), or 6, paragraph (e); and

161.21 (5) sales and leases of real property located in this state.

161.22 (d) For purposes of paragraph (b), solicitation includes, but is not limited to:

(1) the distribution, by mail or otherwise, without regard to the state from which such
distribution originated or in which the materials were prepared, of catalogs, periodicals,
advertising flyers, or other written solicitations of business to customers in this state;

161.26 (2) display of advertisements on billboards or other outdoor advertising in this state;

161.27 (3) advertisements in newspapers published in this state;

(4) advertisements in trade journals or other periodicals, the circulation of which isprimarily within this state;

(5) advertisements in a Minnesota edition of a national or regional publication or a
limited regional edition of which this state is included of a broader regional or national
publication which are not placed in other geographically defined editions of the same issue
of the same publication;

(6) advertisements in regional or national publications in an edition which is not
by its contents geographically targeted to Minnesota, but which is sold over the counter
in Minnesota or by subscription to Minnesota residents;

(7) advertisements broadcast on a radio or television station located in Minnesota; or
(8) any other solicitation by telegraph, telephone, computer database, cable, optic,

- 162.3 microwave, or other communication system.
- 162.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 162.5 Subdivision 1. Annual accounting period. Net income and taxable net income 162.6 shall be computed upon the basis of the taxpayer's annual accounting period. If a taxpayer 162.7 162.8 has no annual accounting period, or has one other than a fiscal year, as heretofore defined, the net income and taxable net income shall be computed on the basis of the calendar year. 162.9 Taxpayers shall employ the same accounting period on which they report, or would be 162.10 162.11 required to report, their net income under the Internal Revenue Code. The commissioner shall provide by rule for the determination of the accounting period for taxpayers who file 162.12 a combined report under section 290.17, subdivision 4, when members of the group use 162.13 different accounting periods for federal income tax purposes. Unless the taxpayer changes 162.14 its accounting period for federal purposes, the due date of the return is not changed. 162.15 A taxpayer may change accounting periods only with the consent of the 162.16 commissioner. In case of any such change, the taxpayer shall pay a tax for the period 162.17 not included in either the taxpayer's former or newly adopted taxable year, computed as 162.18

162.19 provided in section 290.32.

162.20 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 162.21 December 31, 2013.

Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 162.22 162.23 Subd. 2. Accounting methods. Except as specifically provided to the contrary by this chapter, net income and taxable net income shall be computed in accordance with 162.24 the method of accounting regularly employed in keeping the taxpayer's books. If no such 162.25 accounting system has been regularly employed, or if that employed does not clearly or 162.26 fairly reflect income or the income taxable under this chapter, the computation shall be 162.27 made in accordance with such method as in the opinion of the commissioner does clearly 162.28 and fairly reflect income and the income taxable under this chapter. 162.29

162.30 Except as otherwise expressly provided in this chapter, a taxpayer who changes the
 162.31 method of accounting for regularly computing the taxpayer's income in keeping books
 162.32 shall, before computing net income and taxable net income under the new method, secure
 162.33 the consent of the commissioner.

- 163.1 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
 163.2 December 31, 2013.
- 163.3 Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 290.0921, subdivision 3,163.4 is amended to read:
- 163.5 Subd. 3. Alternative minimum taxable income. "Alternative minimum taxable 163.6 income" is Minnesota net income as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 19, and 163.7 includes the adjustments and tax preference items in sections 56, 57, 58, and 59(d), (e), 163.8 (f), and (h) of the Internal Revenue Code. If a corporation files a separate company 163.9 Minnesota tax return, the minimum tax must be computed on a separate company basis. 163.10 If a corporation is part of a tax group filing a unitary return, the minimum tax must be 163.11 computed on a unitary basis. The following adjustments must be made.
- (1) For purposes of the depreciation adjustments under section 56(a)(1) and
 56(g)(4)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, the basis for depreciable property placed in
 service in a taxable year beginning before January 1, 1990, is the adjusted basis for federal
 income tax purposes, including any modification made in a taxable year under section
 290.01, subdivision 19e, or Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 7,
- 163.17 paragraph (c).
- For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, the amount of any remaining
 modification made under section 290.01, subdivision 19e, or Minnesota Statutes 1986,
 section 290.09, subdivision 7, paragraph (c), not previously deducted is a depreciation
 allowance in the first taxable year after December 31, 2000.
- (2) (1) The portion of the depreciation deduction allowed for federal income tax(3.22) (1) The portion of the depreciation deduction allowed for federal income tax(3.23) purposes under section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code that is required as an(3.24) addition under section 290.01, subdivision 19c, clause (12), is disallowed in determining(3.25) alternative minimum taxable income.
- 163.26(3)(2) The subtraction for depreciation allowed under section 290.01, subdivision163.2719d, clause (15)(14), is allowed as a depreciation deduction in determining alternative163.28minimum taxable income.
- 163.29(4) (3) The alternative tax net operating loss deduction under sections 56(a)(4) and163.3056(d) of the Internal Revenue Code does not apply.
- 163.31(5) (4) The special rule for certain dividends under section 56(g)(4)(C)(ii) of the163.32Internal Revenue Code does not apply.
- 163.33(6) (5) The tax preference for depletion under section 57(a)(1) of the Internal163.34Revenue Code does not apply.

164.1 (7) The tax preference for intangible drilling costs under section 57(a)(2) of the
 164.2 Internal Revenue Code must be calculated without regard to subparagraph (E) and the

164.3 subtraction under section 290.01, subdivision 19d, clause (4).

- 164.4 (8) (6) The tax preference for tax exempt interest under section 57(a)(5) of the
 164.5 Internal Revenue Code does not apply.
- 164.6(9)(7) The tax preference for charitable contributions of appreciated property under164.7section 57(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code does not apply.
- (10) For purposes of calculating the tax preference for accelerated depreciation or
 amortization on certain property placed in service before January 1, 1987, under section
 57(a)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code, the deduction allowable for the taxable year is the
 deduction allowed under section 290.01, subdivision 19e.
- For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, the amount of any remaining
 modification made under section 290.01, subdivision 19e, not previously deducted is a
 depreciation or amortization allowance in the first taxable year after December 31, 2004.
- 164.15 (11)(8) For purposes of calculating the adjustment for adjusted current earnings 164.16 in section 56(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, the term "alternative minimum taxable 164.17 income" as it is used in section 56(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, means alternative 164.18 minimum taxable income as defined in this subdivision, determined without regard to the 164.19 adjustment for adjusted current earnings in section 56(g) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 164.20 (12)(9) For purposes of determining the amount of adjusted current earnings under 164.21 section 56(g)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, no adjustment shall be made under section 164.22 56(g)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code with respect to (i) the amount of foreign dividend 164.23 gross-up subtracted as provided in section 290.01, subdivision 19d, clause (1), or (ii) the 164.24 amount of refunds of income, excise, or franchise taxes subtracted as provided in section 164.25 290.01, subdivision 19d, clause (9).
- 164.26(13)(10) Alternative minimum taxable income excludes the income from operating164.27in a job opportunity building zone as provided under section 469.317.
- 164.28 (14) Alternative minimum taxable income excludes the income from operating in a
 164.29 biotechnology and health sciences industry zone as provided under section 469.337.
- 164.30 Items of tax preference must not be reduced below zero as a result of the164.31 modifications in this subdivision.
- 164.32 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
 164.33 December 31, 2013.
- 164.34 Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.0922, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

165.1 Subd. 3. **Definitions.** (a) "Minnesota sales or receipts" means the total sales 165.2 apportioned to Minnesota pursuant to section 290.191, subdivision 5, the total receipts 165.3 attributed to Minnesota pursuant to section 290.191, subdivisions 6 to 8, and/or the 165.4 total sales or receipts apportioned or attributed to Minnesota pursuant to any other 165.5 apportionment formula applicable to the taxpayer.

(b) "Minnesota property" means total Minnesota tangible property as provided in 165.6 section 290.191, subdivisions 9 to 11, any other tangible property located in Minnesota, 165.7 but does not include: (1) the property of a qualified business as defined under section 165.8 469.310, subdivision 11, that is located in a job opportunity building zone designated 165.9 under section 469.314 and (2) property of a qualified business located in a biotechnology 165.10 and health sciences industry zone designated under section 469.334. Intangible property 165.11 shall not be included in Minnesota property for purposes of this section. Taxpayers who 165.12 do not utilize tangible property to apportion income shall nevertheless include Minnesota 165.13 property for purposes of this section. On a return for a short taxable year, the amount of 165.14 165.15 Minnesota property owned, as determined under section 290.191, shall be included in Minnesota property based on a fraction in which the numerator is the number of days in 165.16 the short taxable year and the denominator is 365. 165.17

(c) "Minnesota payrolls" means total Minnesota payrolls as provided in section
290.191, subdivision 12, but does not include: (1) the job opportunity building zone payroll
under section 469.310, subdivision 8, of a qualified business as defined under section
469.310, subdivision 11, and (2) biotechnology and health sciences industry zone payrolls
under section 469.330, subdivision 8. Taxpayers who do not utilize payrolls to apportion
income shall nevertheless include Minnesota payrolls for purposes of this section.

165.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 165.25 December 31, 2013.

Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.095, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 165.26 Subd. 3. Carryover. (a) A net operating loss incurred in a during the taxable year: 165.27 (i) beginning after December 31, 1986, shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of 165.28 the 15 taxable years following the taxable year of such loss; (ii) beginning before January 165.29 1, 1987, shall be a net operating loss carryover to each of the five taxable years following 165.30 the taxable year of such loss subject to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 165.31 290.095; and (iii) beginning before January 1, 1987, shall be a net operating loss carryback 165.32 to each of the three taxable years preceding the loss year subject to the provisions of 165.33 Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.095. 165.34

(b) The entire amount of the net operating loss for any taxable year shall be carried to the earliest of the taxable years to which such loss may be carried. The portion of such loss which shall be carried to each of the other taxable years shall be the excess, if any, of the amount of such loss over the sum of the taxable net income, adjusted by the modifications specified in subdivision 4, for each of the taxable years to which such loss may be carried.

(c) Where a corporation apportions its income under the provisions of section
290.191, the net operating loss deduction incurred in any taxable year shall be allowed
to the extent of the apportionment ratio of the loss year.

(d) The provisions of sections 381, 382, and 384 of the Internal Revenue Code apply
to carryovers in certain corporate acquisitions and special limitations on net operating loss
carryovers. The limitation amount determined under section 382 shall be applied to net
income, before apportionment, in each post change year to which a loss is carried.

166.13 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 166.14 December 31, 2013.

Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.9728, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Taxable income. For purposes of this section, taxable income means
the lesser of:

(1) the amount of the net capital gain of the S corporation for the taxable year, as determined under sections 1222 and 1374 of the Internal Revenue Code, and subject to the modifications provided in section 290.01, subdivisions 19e and subdivision 19f, in excess of \$25,000 that is allocable to this state under section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20; or

(2) the amount of the S corporation's federal taxable income, subject to the
provisions of section 290.01, subdivisions 19c to 19f, that is allocable to this state under
section 290.17, 290.191, or 290.20.

166.25 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after 166.26 December 31, 2013.

Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 297A.61, subdivision 3, as
amended by Laws 2014, chapter 150, article 2, section 1, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Sale and purchase. (a) "Sale" and "purchase" include, but are not limited
to, each of the transactions listed in this subdivision. In applying the provisions of this
chapter, the terms "tangible personal property" and "retail sale" include the taxable
services listed in paragraph (g), clause (6), items (i) to (vi) and (viii), and the provision
of these taxable services, unless specifically provided otherwise. Services performed by

an employee for an employer are not taxable. Services performed by a partnership or
association for another partnership or association are not taxable if one of the entities owns
or controls more than 80 percent of the voting power of the equity interest in the other
entity. Services performed between members of an affiliated group of corporations are not
taxable. For purposes of the preceding sentence, "affiliated group of corporations" means
those entities that would be classified as members of an affiliated group as defined under
United States Code, title 26, section 1504, disregarding the exclusions in section 1504(b).

167.8 (b) Sale and purchase include:

(1) any transfer of title or possession, or both, of tangible personal property, whetherabsolutely or conditionally, for a consideration in money or by exchange or barter; and

(2) the leasing of or the granting of a license to use or consume, for a consideration
in money or by exchange or barter, tangible personal property, other than a manufactured
home used for residential purposes for a continuous period of 30 days or more.

(c) Sale and purchase include the production, fabrication, printing, or processing of
 tangible personal property for a consideration for consumers who furnish either directly or
 indirectly the materials used in the production, fabrication, printing, or processing.

167.17 (d) Sale and purchase include the preparing for a consideration of food.

167.18 Notwithstanding section 297A.67, subdivision 2, taxable food includes, but is not limited167.19 to, the following:

167.20 (1) prepared food sold by the retailer;

167.21 (2) soft drinks;

167.22 (3) candy;

167.23 (4) dietary supplements; and

167.24 (5) all food sold through vending machines.

(e) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of electricity,gas, water, or steam for use or consumption within this state.

(f) A sale and a purchase includes the transfer for a consideration of prewrittencomputer software whether delivered electronically, by load and leave, or otherwise.

(g) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of the followingservices:

(1) the privilege of admission to places of amusement, recreational areas, or athletic
events, and the making available of amusement devices, tanning facilities, reducing
salons, steam baths, Turkish baths, health clubs, and spas or athletic facilities;

(2) lodging and related services by a hotel, rooming house, resort, campground,
motel, or trailer camp, including furnishing the guest of the facility with access to
telecommunication services, and the granting of any similar license to use real property in

a specific facility, other than the renting or leasing of it for a continuous period of 30 days
or more under an enforceable written agreement that may not be terminated without prior
notice and including accommodations intermediary services provided in connection with
other services provided under this clause;

(3) nonresidential parking services, whether on a contractual, hourly, or otherperiodic basis, except for parking at a meter;

168.7 (4) the granting of membership in a club, association, or other organization if:

(i) the club, association, or other organization makes available for the use of its
 members sports and athletic facilities, without regard to whether a separate charge is
 assessed for use of the facilities; and

(ii) use of the sports and athletic facility is not made available to the general publicon the same basis as it is made available to members.

Granting of membership means both onetime initiation fees and periodic membership dues. Sports and athletic facilities include golf courses; tennis, racquetball, handball, and squash courts; basketball and volleyball facilities; running tracks; exercise equipment; swimming pools; and other similar athletic or sports facilities;

(5) delivery of aggregate materials by a third party, excluding delivery of aggregate
material used in road construction; and delivery of concrete block by a third party if the
delivery would be subject to the sales tax if provided by the seller of the concrete block.
For purposes of this clause, "road construction" means construction of:

(i) public roads;

168.22 (ii) cartways; and

(iii) private roads in townships located outside of the seven-county metropolitan areaup to the point of the emergency response location sign; and

168.25 (6) services as provided in this clause:

(i) laundry and dry cleaning services including cleaning, pressing, repairing, altering,
and storing clothes, linen services and supply, cleaning and blocking hats, and carpet,
drapery, upholstery, and industrial cleaning. Laundry and dry cleaning services do not
include services provided by coin operated facilities operated by the customer;

(ii) motor vehicle washing, waxing, and cleaning services, including services
provided by coin operated facilities operated by the customer, and rustproofing,
undercoating, and towing of motor vehicles;

(iii) building and residential cleaning, maintenance, and disinfecting services and
 pest control and exterminating services;

(iv) detective, security, burglar, fire alarm, and armored car services; but not
 including services performed within the jurisdiction they serve by off-duty licensed peace

officers as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, or services provided by a nonprofit
organization or any organization at the direction of a county for monitoring and electronic
surveillance of persons placed on in-home detention pursuant to court order or under the
direction of the Minnesota Department of Corrections;

169.5 (v) pet grooming services;

(vi) lawn care, fertilizing, mowing, spraying and sprigging services; garden planting
and maintenance; tree, bush, and shrub pruning, bracing, spraying, and surgery; indoor
plant care; tree, bush, shrub, and stump removal, except when performed as part of a land
clearing contract as defined in section 297A.68, subdivision 40; and tree trimming for
public utility lines. Services performed under a construction contract for the installation of
shrubbery, plants, sod, trees, bushes, and similar items are not taxable;

(vii) massages, except when provided by a licensed health care facility or
professional or upon written referral from a licensed health care facility or professional for
treatment of illness, injury, or disease; and

(viii) the furnishing of lodging, board, and care services for animals in kennels andother similar arrangements, but excluding veterinary and horse boarding services.

(h) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of tangible
personal property or taxable services by the United States or any of its agencies or
instrumentalities, or the state of Minnesota, its agencies, instrumentalities, or political
subdivisions.

(i) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of
telecommunications services, ancillary services associated with telecommunication
services, and pay television services. Telecommunication services include, but are
not limited to, the following services, as defined in section 297A.669: air-to-ground
radiotelephone service, mobile telecommunication service, postpaid calling service,
prepaid calling service, prepaid wireless calling service, and private communication
services. The services in this paragraph are taxed to the extent allowed under federal law.

(j) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of installation if
the installation charges would be subject to the sales tax if the installation were provided
by the seller of the item being installed.

(k) A sale and a purchase includes the rental of a vehicle by a motor vehicle dealer
to a customer when (1) the vehicle is rented by the customer for a consideration, or (2)
the motor vehicle dealer is reimbursed pursuant to a service contract as defined in section
59B.02, subdivision 11.

(l) A sale and a purchase includes furnishing for a consideration of specified digitalproducts or other digital products or granting the right for a consideration to use specified

digital products or other digital products on a temporary or permanent basis and regardless
of whether the purchaser is required to make continued payments for such right. Wherever
the term "tangible personal property" is used in this chapter, other than in subdivisions 10
and 38, the provisions also apply to specified digital products, or other digital products,
unless specifically provided otherwise or the context indicates otherwise.

170.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.70, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
Subd. 10. Nonprofit tickets or admissions. (a) Tickets or admissions to an event
are exempt if all the gross receipts are recorded as such, in accordance with generally
accepted accounting principles, on the books of one or more organizations whose primary
mission is to provide an opportunity for citizens of the state to participate in the creation,
performance, or appreciation of the arts, and provided that each organization is:

(1) an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
in which voluntary contributions make up at least the following five percent of the
organization's annual revenue in its most recently completed 12-month fiscal year, or in
the current year if the organization has not completed a 12-month fiscal year;

(i) for sales made after July 31, 2001, and before July 1, 2002, for the organization's
fiscal year completed in calendar year 2000, three percent;

(ii) for sales made on or after July 1, 2002, and on or before June 30, 2003, for the
 organization's fiscal year completed in calendar year 2001, three percent;

(iii) for sales made on or after July 1, 2003, and on or before June 30, 2004, for the
 organization's fiseal year completed in calendar year 2002, four percent; and

(iv) for sales made in each 12-month period, beginning on July 1, 2004, and each
 subsequent year, for the organization's fiscal year completed in the preceding calendar
 year, five percent;

170.26 (2) a municipal board that promotes cultural and arts activities; or

(3) the University of Minnesota, a state college and university, or a private nonprofit
college or university provided that the event is held at a facility owned by the educational
institution holding the event.

The exemption only applies if the entire proceeds, after reasonable expenses, are used solely to provide opportunities for citizens of the state to participate in the creation, performance, or appreciation of the arts.

(b) Tickets or admissions to the premises of the Minnesota Zoological Garden are
exempt, provided that the exemption under this paragraph does not apply to tickets or
admissions to performances or events held on the premises unless the performance or

event is sponsored and conducted exclusively by the Minnesota Zoological Board oremployees of the Minnesota Zoological Garden.

171.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

171.4	Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, is
171.5	amended to read:
171.6	Subdivision 1. Tax collected. The tax on the gross receipts from the sale of the
171.7	following exempt items must be imposed and collected as if the sale were taxable and the
171.8	rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied. The exempt items include:
171.9	(1) building materials for an agricultural processing facility exempt under section
171.10	297A.71, subdivision 13;
171.11	(2) building materials for mineral production facilities exempt under section
171.12	297A.71, subdivision 14;
171.13	(3) building materials for correctional facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 3;
171.14	(4) building materials used in a residence for disabled veterans exempt under section
171.15	297A.71, subdivision 11;
171.16	(5) elevators and building materials exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 12;
171.17	(6) building materials for the Long Lake Conservation Center exempt under section
171.18	297A.71, subdivision 17;
171.19	(7)(6) materials and supplies for qualified low-income housing under section
171.20	297A.71, subdivision 23;
171.21	(8) (7) materials, supplies, and equipment for municipal electric utility facilities
171.22	under section 297A.71, subdivision 35;
171.23	(9) (8) equipment and materials used for the generation, transmission, and
171.24	distribution of electrical energy and an aerial camera package exempt under section
171.25	297A.68, subdivision 37;
171.26	(10) (9) commuter rail vehicle and repair parts under section 297A.70, subdivision
171.27	3, paragraph (a), clause (10);
171.28	(11) (10) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction or improvement of
171.29	projects and facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 40;
171.30	(12) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction or improvement of a meat
171.31	processing facility exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 41;
171.32	(13) (11) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction, improvement, or
171.33	expansion of:
171.34	(i) an aerospace defense manufacturing facility exempt under section 297A.71,
171.35	subdivision 42;

- (ii) a biopharmaceutical manufacturing facility exempt under section 297A.71,
 subdivision 45;
- (iii) a research and development facility exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision46; and

(iv) an industrial measurement manufacturing and controls facility exempt under
section 297A.71, subdivision 47;

- 172.7 (14) (12) enterprise information technology equipment and computer software for
 172.8 use in a qualified data center exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 42;
- 172.9 (15) (13) materials, supplies, and equipment for qualifying capital projects under
 172.10 section 297A.71, subdivision 44;
- (16) (14) items purchased for use in providing critical access dental services exempt
 under section 297A.70, subdivision 7, paragraph (c); and
- $\frac{(17)(15)}{(15)}$ items and services purchased under a business subsidy agreement for use or consumption primarily in greater Minnesota exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 44.
- 172.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 172.16 Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 297A.75, subdivision 2, is 172.17 amended to read:
- 172.18 Subd. 2. **Refund; eligible persons.** Upon application on forms prescribed by the 172.19 commissioner, a refund equal to the tax paid on the gross receipts of the exempt items 172.20 must be paid to the applicant. Only the following persons may apply for the refund:
- 172.21 (1) for subdivision 1, clauses (1), (2), and (16) (14), the applicant must be the 172.22 purchaser;
- 172.23 (2) for subdivision 1, <u>clauses clause</u> (3) and (6), the applicant must be the 172.24 governmental subdivision;
- (3) for subdivision 1, clause (4), the applicant must be the recipient of the benefitsprovided in United States Code, title 38, chapter 21;
- (4) for subdivision 1, clause (5), the applicant must be the owner of the homesteadproperty;
- (5) for subdivision 1, clause (7) (6), the owner of the qualified low-income housing
 project;
- (6) for subdivision 1, clause (8) (7), the applicant must be a municipal electric utility
 or a joint venture of municipal electric utilities;
- 172.33 (7) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (12), (13), (14) (8), (11), (12), and (17) (15),
- the owner of the qualifying business; and

- 173.1 (8) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (10), (11), and (15) (13), the applicant must be the 173.2 governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility.
- 173.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 297A.75, subdivision 3, isamended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Application.** (a) The application must include sufficient information to permit the commissioner to verify the tax paid. If the tax was paid by a contractor, subcontractor, or builder, under subdivision 1, clauses (3) to (15)(13), or (17)(15), the contractor, subcontractor, or builder must furnish to the refund applicant a statement including the cost of the exempt items and the taxes paid on the items unless otherwise specifically provided by this subdivision. The provisions of sections 289A.40 and 289A.50 apply to refunds under this section.
- (b) An applicant may not file more than two applications per calendar year for
 refunds for taxes paid on capital equipment exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 5.
- (c) Total refunds for purchases of items in section 297A.71, subdivision 40, must not
 exceed \$5,000,000 in fiscal years 2010 and 2011. Applications for refunds for purchases
- 173.17 of items in sections 297A.70, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (11), and 297A.71,
- 173.18 subdivision 40, must not be filed until after June 30, 2009.
- 173.19

9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

173.20 Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297A.94, is amended to read:

297A.94 DEPOSIT OF REVENUES.

(a) Except as provided in this section, the commissioner shall deposit the revenues,
including interest and penalties, derived from the taxes imposed by this chapter in the state
treasury and credit them to the general fund.

(b) The commissioner shall deposit taxes in the Minnesota agricultural and economicaccount in the special revenue fund if:

- (1) the taxes are derived from sales and use of property and services purchased forthe construction and operation of an agricultural resource project; and
- (2) the purchase was made on or after the date on which a conditional commitmentwas made for a loan guaranty for the project under section 41A.04, subdivision 3.
- 173.31 The commissioner of management and budget shall certify to the commissioner the date
- 173.32 on which the project received the conditional commitment. The amount deposited in
- the loan guaranty account must be reduced by any refunds and by the costs incurred by

the Department of Revenue to administer and enforce the assessment and collection ofthe taxes.

(c) The commissioner shall deposit the revenues, including interest and penalties,
derived from the taxes imposed on sales and purchases included in section 297A.61,
subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clauses (1) and (4), in the state treasury, and credit them
as follows:

(1) first to the general obligation special tax bond debt service account in each fiscal
year the amount required by section 16A.661, subdivision 3, paragraph (b); and

(2) after the requirements of clause (1) have been met, the balance to the general fund.
(d) The commissioner shall deposit the revenues, including interest and penalties,
collected under section 297A.64, subdivision 5, in the state treasury and credit them to the
general fund. By July 15 of each year the commissioner shall transfer to the highway user
tax distribution fund an amount equal to the excess fees collected under section 297A.64,
subdivision 5, for the previous calendar year.

(e) For fiscal year 2001, 97 percent; for fiscal years 2002 and 2003, 87 percent; and
For fiscal year 2004 and thereafter, 72.43 percent of the revenues, including interest and
penalties, transmitted to the commissioner under section 297A.65, must be deposited by
the commissioner in the state treasury as follows:

(1) 50 percent of the receipts must be deposited in the heritage enhancement account
in the game and fish fund, and may be spent only on activities that improve, enhance, or
protect fish and wildlife resources, including conservation, restoration, and enhancement
of land, water, and other natural resources of the state;

(2) 22.5 percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund, andmay be spent only for state parks and trails;

(3) 22.5 percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund, andmay be spent only on metropolitan park and trail grants;

(4) three percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund, andmay be spent only on local trail grants; and

(5) two percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund,
and may be spent only for the Minnesota Zoological Garden, the Como Park Zoo and
Conservatory, and the Duluth Zoo.

(f) The revenue dedicated under paragraph (e) may not be used as a substitute
for traditional sources of funding for the purposes specified, but the dedicated revenue
shall supplement traditional sources of funding for those purposes. Land acquired with
money deposited in the game and fish fund under paragraph (e) must be open to public
hunting and fishing during the open season, except that in aquatic management areas or

175.1 on lands where angling easements have been acquired, fishing may be prohibited during

certain times of the year and hunting may be prohibited. At least 87 percent of the money

175.3 deposited in the game and fish fund for improvement, enhancement, or protection of fish

and wildlife resources under paragraph (e) must be allocated for field operations.

(g) The revenues deposited under paragraphs (a) to (f) do not include the revenues,
including interest and penalties, generated by the sales tax imposed under section
297A.62, subdivision 1a, which must be deposited as provided under the Minnesota

175.8 Constitution, article XI, section 15.

175.9

9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

175.10 Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297B.09, is amended to read:

175.11 **297B.09 ALLOCATION OF REVENUE.**

Subdivision 1. Deposit of revenues. (a) Money collected and received under thischapter must be deposited as provided in this subdivision.

(b) From July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2008, 38.25 percent of the money collected
and received must be deposited in the highway user tax distribution fund, 24 percent must
be deposited in the metropolitan area transit account under section 16A.88, and 1.5 percent
must be deposited in the greater Minnesota transit account under section 16A.88. The
remaining money must be deposited in the general fund.

(c) From July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2009, 44.25 percent of the money collected
and received must be deposited in the highway user tax distribution fund, 27.75 percent
must be deposited in the metropolitan area transit account under section 16A.88, 1.75
percent must be deposited in the greater Minnesota transit account under section 16A.88,
and the remaining money must be deposited in the general fund.

(d) From July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2010, 47.5 percent of the money collected
and received must be deposited in the highway user tax distribution fund, 30 percent
must be deposited in the metropolitan area transit account under section 16A.88, 3.5
percent must be deposited in the greater Minnesota transit account under section 16A.88,
and 16.25 percent must be deposited in the general fund. The remaining amount must
be deposited as follows:

(1) 1.5 percent in the metropolitan area transit account, except that any amount in
excess of \$6,000,000 must be deposited in the highway user tax distribution fund; and
(2) 1.25 percent in the greater Minnesota transit account, except that any amount in
excess of \$5,000,000 must be deposited in the highway user tax distribution fund.

- (c) From July 1, 2010, through June 30, 2011, 54.5 percent of the money collected
 and received must be deposited in the highway user tax distribution fund, 33.75 percent
 must be deposited in the metropolitan area transit account under section 16A.88, 3.75
 percent must be deposited in the greater Minnesota transit account under section 16A.88,
 and 6.25 percent must be deposited in the general fund. The remaining amount must
 be deposited as follows:
- (1) 1.5 percent in the metropolitan area transit account, except that any amount in
 excess of \$6,750,000 must be deposited in the highway user tax distribution fund; and
 (2) 0.25 percent in the greater Minnesota transit account, except that any amount in
- 176.10 excess of \$1,250,000 must be deposited in the highway user tax distribution fund.
- (f) On and after July 1, 2011, (b) 60 percent of the money collected and received
 must be deposited in the highway user tax distribution fund, 36 percent must be deposited
 in the metropolitan area transit account under section 16A.88, and four percent must be
 deposited in the greater Minnesota transit account under section 16A.88.
- 176.15(g)(c) It is the intent of the legislature that the allocations under paragraph (f)(b)176.16remain unchanged for fiscal year 2012 and all subsequent fiscal years.
- 176.17

17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297F.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 176.18 Subd. 2. Form of application. Every application for a cigarette or tobacco products 176.19 license shall be made on a form prescribed by the commissioner and shall state the name 176.20 and address of the applicant; if the applicant is a firm, partnership, or association, the name 176.21 and address of each of its members; if the applicant is a corporation, the name and address 176.22 of each of its officers; the address of its principal place of business; the place where the 176.23 176.24 business to be licensed is to be conducted; and any other information the commissioner may require for the administration of this chapter. 176.25

176.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297H.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Materials. The tax is not imposed upon charges to generators of mixed
municipal solid waste or upon the volume of nonmixed municipal solid waste for waste
management services to manage the following materials:

(1) mixed municipal solid waste and nonmixed municipal solid waste generatedoutside of Minnesota;

(2) recyclable materials that are separated for recycling by the generator, collected
separately from other waste, and recycled, to the extent the price of the service for
handling recyclable material is separately itemized;

(3) recyclable nonmixed municipal solid waste that is separated for recycling by
the generator, collected separately from other waste, delivered to a waste facility for the
purpose of recycling, and recycled;

(4) industrial waste, when it is transported to a facility owned and operated bythe same person that generated it;

(5) mixed municipal solid waste from a recycling facility that separates or processes
recyclable materials and reduces the volume of the waste by at least 85 percent, provided
that the exempted waste is managed separately from other waste;

(6) recyclable materials that are separated from mixed municipal solid waste by the generator, collected and delivered to a waste facility that recycles at least 85 percent of its waste, and are collected with mixed municipal solid waste that is segregated in leakproof bags, provided that the mixed municipal solid waste does not exceed five percent of the total weight of the materials delivered to the facility and is ultimately delivered to a waste facility identified as a preferred waste management facility in county solid waste plans under section 115A.46;

(7) source-separated compostable waste, if the waste is delivered to a facility 177.19 exempted as described in this clause. To initially qualify for an exemption, a facility must 177.20 apply for an exemption in its application for a new or amended solid waste permit to the 177.21 Pollution Control Agency. The first time a facility applies to the agency it must certify in 177.22 177.23 its application that it will comply with the criteria in items (i) to (v) and the commissioner of the agency shall so certify to the commissioner of revenue who must grant the 177.24 exemption. For each subsequent calendar year, by October 1 of the preceding year, The 177.25 177.26 facility must annually apply to the agency for certification to renew its exemption for the following year. The application must be filed according to the procedures of, and contain 177.27 the information required by, the agency. The commissioner of revenue shall grant the 177.28 exemption if the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency finds and certifies to the 177.29 commissioner of revenue that based on an evaluation of the composition of incoming 177.30 waste and residuals and the quality and use of the product: 177.31

(i) generators separate materials at the source;

(ii) the separation is performed in a manner appropriate to the technology specificto the facility that:

(A) maximizes the quality of the product;

(B) minimizes the toxicity and quantity of residuals; and

- (C) provides an opportunity for significant improvement in the environmentalefficiency of the operation;
- (iii) the operator of the facility educates generators, in coordination with each county
 using the facility, about separating the waste to maximize the quality of the waste stream
 for technology specific to the facility;
- (iv) process residuals do not exceed 15 percent of the weight of the total material
 delivered to the facility; and
- 178.8 (v) the final product is accepted for use;
- 178.9 (8) waste and waste by-products for which the tax has been paid; and
- (9) daily cover for landfills that has been approved in writing by the MinnesotaPollution Control Agency.

Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 297I.05, subdivision 14, is amended to read: 178.12 Subd. 14. Life insurance. A tax is imposed on life insurance. The rate of tax equals 178.13 178.14 a percentage 1.5 percent of gross premiums less return premiums on all direct business received by the insurer or agents of the insurer in Minnesota for life insurance, in cash or 178.15 otherwise, during the year. For premiums received after December 31, 2005, but before 178.16 178.17 January 1, 2007, the rate of tax is 1.875 percent. For premiums received after December 31, 2006, but before January 1, 2008, the rate of tax is 1.75 percent. For premiums 178.18 received after December 31, 2007, but before January 1, 2009, the rate of tax is 1.625 178.19 percent. For premiums received after December 31, 2008, the rate of tax is 1.5 percent. 178.20

178.21

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 298.75, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Definitions. Except as may otherwise be provided, the following
words, when used in this section, shall have the meanings herein ascribed to them.

178.25

(a) "Aggregate material" means:

(1) nonmetallic natural mineral aggregate including, but not limited to sand, silica
sand, gravel, crushed rock, limestone, granite, and borrow, but only if the borrow is
transported on a public road, street, or highway, provided that nonmetallic aggregate
material does not include dimension stone and dimension granite; and

(2) taconite tailings, crushed rock, and architectural or dimension stone and dimension
granite removed from a taconite mine or the site of a previously operated taconite mine.
Aggregate material must be measured or weighed after it has been extracted from
the pit, quarry, or deposit.

(b) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, organization, 179.1 179.2 trustee, association, or other entity.

- (c) "Operator" means any person engaged in the business of removing aggregate 179.3 material from the surface or subsurface of the soil, for the purpose of sale, either directly 179.4 or indirectly, through the use of the aggregate material in a marketable product or service. 179.5
- (d) "Extraction site" means a pit, quarry, or deposit containing aggregate material 179.6 and any contiguous property to the pit, quarry, or deposit which is used by the operator for 179.7 stockpiling the aggregate material. 179.8
- (e) "Importer" means any person who buys aggregate material excavated from a 179.9 county not listed in paragraph (f) or another state site on which the tax under this section is 179.10 not imposed and causes the aggregate material to be imported into a county in this state 179.11 which imposes a tax on aggregate material. 179.12
- (f) "County" means the counties of Pope, Stearns, Benton, Sherburne, Carver, Scott, 179.13 Dakota, Le Sueur, Kittson, Marshall, Pennington, Red Lake, Polk, Norman, Mahnomen, 179.14 179.15 Clay, Beeker, Carlton, St. Louis, Rock, Murray, Wilkin, Big Stone, Sibley, Hennepin, Washington, Chisago, and Ramsey. County also means a county imposing the tax under 179.16 this section on December 31, 2014, or any other county whose board has voted after a 179.17 public hearing to impose the tax under this section and has notified the commissioner of 179.18 revenue of the imposition of the tax. 179.19
- (g) "Borrow" means granular borrow, consisting of durable particles of gravel and 179.20 sand, crushed quarry or mine rock, crushed gravel or stone, or any combination thereof, 179.21 the ratio of the portion passing the (#200) sieve divided by the portion passing the (1 inch)179.22 179.23 sieve may not exceed 20 percent by mass.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2015. 179.24

Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 412.131, is amended to read: 179.25

179.26

412.131 ASSESSOR; DUTIES, COMPENSATION.

The city assessor, if there is one, shall assess and return as provided by law all 179.27 property taxable within the city, if a separate assessment district, and the assessor of the 179.28 town within which the city lies shall not include in the return any property taxable in the 179.29 city. Any assessor may appoint a deputy assessor as provided in section 273.06. The 179.30 assessor may be compensated on a full-time or part-time basis at the option of the council 179.31 but the compensation shall be not less than \$100 in any one year, if fixed on an annual 179.32 basis, or not more than \$20 per day, if fixed on a per diem basis. If the compensation is 179.33 not fixed by the council the assessor shall be entitled to compensation at the rate of \$20 179.34

per day for each days service necessarily rendered, and mileage at the rate paid other city 180.1 officers for each mile necessarily traveled in going to and returning from the county seat of 180.2 the county to attend any meeting of the assessors of the county legally called by the county 180.3 auditor, and also for each mile necessarily traveled in making the return of assessment 180.4 to the proper county officer and in attending sectional meetings called by the county 180.5 assessor, except when mileage is paid by the county. In addition to other compensation, 180.6 the council may allow the assessor mileage at the same rate per mile as paid other city 180.7 officers for each mile necessarily traveled in assessment work. 180.8

180.9

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

180.10 Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 423A.022, subdivision 3,
180.11 is amended to read:

180.12 Subd. 3. **Reporting; definitions.** (a) On or before September 1, annually, the 180.13 executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association shall report to the 180.14 commissioner of revenue the following:

(1) the municipalities which employ firefighters with retirement coverage by thepublic employees police and fire retirement plan;

180.17 (2) the number of firefighters with public employees police and fire retirement plan
 180.18 coverage employed by each municipality;

180.19 (3)(2) the fire departments covered by the voluntary statewide lump-sum volunteer 180.20 firefighter retirement plan; and

180.21 (4) (3) any other information requested by the commissioner to administer the police 180.22 and firefighter retirement supplemental state aid program.

(b) For this subdivision, (i) the number of firefighters employed by a municipality 180.23 who have public employees police and fire retirement plan coverage means the number 180.24 of firefighters with public employees police and fire retirement plan coverage that were 180.25 employed by the municipality for not less than 30 hours per week for a minimum of six 180.26 months prior to December 31 preceding the date of the payment under this section and, if 180.27 the person was employed for less than the full year, prorated to the number of full months 180.28 employed; and (ii) the number of active police officers certified for police state aid receipt 180.29 under section 69.011, subdivisions 2 and 2b, means, for each municipality, the number of 180.30 police officers meeting the definition of peace officer in section 69.011, subdivision 1, 180.31 counted as provided and limited by section 69.011, subdivisions 2 and 2b. 180.32

180.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

181.1 Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 465.04, is amended to read:

181.2 **465.04 ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS.**

Cities A city of the second, third, or fourth class, having at any time an estimated 181.3 market value of not more than \$41,000,000, as officially equalized by the commissioner 181.4 of revenue, either operating under a home rule charter or under the laws of this state, in 181.5 addition to all other powers possessed by them, hereby are authorized and empowered to 181.6 may receive and accept gifts and donations for the use and benefit of such cities and the 181.7 181.8 city and its inhabitants thereof upon terms and conditions to be approved by the governing bodies body of such cities; and such cities are authorized to comply with and perform such 181.9 the city. The terms and conditions, which may include payment to the donor or donors of 181.10 181.11 interest on the value of the gift at not exceeding five percent per annum payable annually or semiannually, during the remainder of the natural life or lives of such the donor or donors. 181.12

181.13 Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.176, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:
181.14 Subd. 1b. Duration limits; terms. (a) No tax increment shall in any event be
181.15 paid to the authority:

(1) after 15 years after receipt by the authority of the first increment for a renewaland renovation district;

(2) after 20 years after receipt by the authority of the first increment for a soilscondition district;

(3) after eight years after receipt by the authority of the first increment for aneconomic development district;

(4) for a housing district, a compact development district, or a redevelopment
district, after 25 years from the date of receipt by the authority of the first increment.

(b) For purposes of determining a duration limit under this subdivision or subdivision le that is based on the receipt of an increment, any increments from taxes payable in the year in which the district terminates shall be paid to the authority. This paragraph does not affect a duration limit calculated from the date of approval of the tax increment financing plan or based on the recovery of costs or to a duration limit under subdivision 1c. This paragraph does not supersede the restrictions on payment of delinquent taxes in subdivision 1f.

(c) An action by the authority to waive or decline to accept an increment has no
effect for purposes of computing a duration limit based on the receipt of increment under
this subdivision or any other provision of law. The authority is deemed to have received an
increment for any year in which it waived or declined to accept an increment, regardless
of whether the increment was paid to the authority.

(d) Receipt by a hazardous substance subdistrict of an increment as a result of a
reduction in original net tax capacity under section 469.174, subdivision 7, paragraph
(b), does not constitute receipt of increment by the overlying district for the purpose of
calculating the duration limit under this section.

182.5

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.176, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Limitation on administrative expenses. (a) For districts for which
certification was requested before August 1, 1979, or after June 30, 1982 and before
August 1, 2001, no tax increment shall be used to pay any administrative expenses for
a project which exceed ten percent of the total estimated tax increment expenditures
authorized by the tax increment financing plan or the total tax increment expenditures
for the project, whichever is less.

(b) For districts for which certification was requested after July 31, 1979, and before
July 1, 1982, no tax increment shall be used to pay administrative expenses, as defined in
Minnesota Statutes 1980, section 273.73, for a district which exceeds five percent of the
total tax increment expenditures authorized by the tax increment financing plan or the total
estimated tax increment expenditures for the district, whichever is less.

(e) (b) For districts for which certification was requested after July 31, 2001, no tax increment may be used to pay any administrative expenses for a project which exceed ten percent of total estimated tax increment expenditures authorized by the tax increment financing plan or the total tax increments, as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 25, clause (1), from the district, whichever is less.

182.23 (d) (c) Increments used to pay the county's administrative expenses under
 182.24 subdivision 4h are not subject to the percentage limits in this subdivision.

182.25

.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

182.26 Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 469.1763, subdivision 2,
182.27 is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Expenditures outside district. (a) For each tax increment financing district, an amount equal to at least 75 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district must be expended on activities in the district or to pay bonds, to the extent that the proceeds of the bonds were used to finance activities in the district or to pay, or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. For districts, other than redevelopment districts for which the request for certification

was made after June 30, 1995, the in-district percentage for purposes of the preceding 183.1 183.2 sentence is 80 percent. Not more than 25 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district may be expended, through a development fund 183.3 or otherwise, on activities outside of the district but within the defined geographic area of 183.4 the project except to pay, or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. 183.5 For districts, other than redevelopment districts for which the request for certification was 183.6 made after June 30, 1995, the pooling percentage for purposes of the preceding sentence is 183.7 20 percent. The revenue derived from tax increments for the district that are expended on 183.8 costs under section 469.176, subdivision 4h, paragraph (b), may be deducted first before 183.9 calculating the percentages that must be expended within and without the district. 183.10

(b) In the case of a housing district, a housing project, as defined in section 469.174,subdivision 11, is an activity in the district.

(c) All administrative expenses are for activities outside of the district, except that if the only expenses for activities outside of the district under this subdivision are for the purposes described in paragraph (d), administrative expenses will be considered as expenditures for activities in the district.

(d) The authority may elect, in the tax increment financing plan for the district, 183.17 to increase by up to ten percentage points the permitted amount of expenditures for 183.18 activities located outside the geographic area of the district under paragraph (a). As 183.19 permitted by section 469.176, subdivision 4k, the expenditures, including the permitted 183.20 expenditures under paragraph (a), need not be made within the geographic area of the 183.21 project. Expenditures that meet the requirements of this paragraph are legally permitted 183.22 183.23 expenditures of the district, notwithstanding section 469.176, subdivisions 4b, 4c, and 4j. To qualify for the increase under this paragraph, the expenditures must: 183.24

(1) be used exclusively to assist housing that meets the requirement for a qualified
low-income building, as that term is used in section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
(2) not exceed the qualified basis of the housing, as defined under section 42(c) of
the Internal Revenue Code, less the amount of any credit allowed under section 42 of

183.29 the Internal Revenue Code; and

183.30 (3) be used to:

(i) acquire and prepare the site of the housing;

183.32 (ii) acquire, construct, or rehabilitate the housing; or

183.33 (iii) make public improvements directly related to the housing; or

183.34 (4) be used to develop housing:

(i) if the market value of the housing does not exceed the lesser of:

(A) 150 percent of the average market value of single-family homes in thatmunicipality; or

(B) \$200,000 for municipalities located in the metropolitan area, as defined in
section 473.121, or \$125,000 for all other municipalities; and

(ii) if the expenditures are used to pay the cost of site acquisition, relocation,
demolition of existing structures, site preparation, and pollution abatement on one or
more parcels, if the parcel contains a residence containing one to four family dwelling
units that has been vacant for six or more months and is in foreclosure as defined in
section 325N.10, subdivision 7, but without regard to whether the residence is the owner's
principal residence, and only after the redemption period has expired.

(e) For a district created within a biotechnology and health sciences industry zone 184.11 as defined in section 469.330, subdivision 6, or for an existing district located within 184.12 such a zone, tax increment derived from such a district may be expended outside of the 184.13 district but within the zone only for expenditures required for the construction of public 184.14 184.15 infrastructure necessary to support the activities of the zone, land acquisition, and other redevelopment costs as defined in section 469.176, subdivision 4j. These expenditures are 184.16 considered as expenditures for activities within the district. The authority provided by 184.17 this paragraph expires for expenditures made after the later of (1) December 31, 2015, 184.18 or (2) the end of the five-year period beginning on the date the district was certified, 184.19 provided that date was before January 1, 2016. 184.20

(f) The authority under paragraph (d), clause (4), expires on December 31, 2016.
Increments may continue to be expended under this authority after that date, if they are
used to pay bonds or binding contracts that would qualify under subdivision 3, paragraph
(a), if December 31, 2016, is considered to be the last date of the five-year period after
certification under that provision.

184.26EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment184.27and applies to all districts, regardless of when the request for certification was made.

Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 473.665, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 184.28 Subd. 5. Tax levy; surplus; reduction. The corporation, upon issuing any bonds 184.29 under the provisions of this section, shall, before the issuance thereof, levy for each year, 184.30 until the principal and interest are paid in full, a direct annual tax on all the taxable property 184.31 of the cities in and for which the corporation has been created in an amount not less than 184.32 five percent in excess of the sum required to pay the principal and interest thereof, when 184.33 and as such principal and interest matures. After any of such bonds have been delivered to 184.34 184.35 purchasers, such tax shall be irrepealable until all such indebtedness is paid, and after the

issuance of such bonds no further action of the corporation shall be necessary to authorize 185.1 185.2 the extensions, assessments, and collection of such tax. The secretary of the corporation shall forthwith furnish a certified copy of such levy to the county auditor or county 185.3 auditors of the county or counties in which the cities in and for which the corporation has 185.4 been created are located, together with full information regarding the bonds for which the 185.5 tax is levied, and such county auditor or such county auditors, as the case may be, shall 185.6 enter the same in the register provided for in section 475.62, or a similar register, and shall 185.7 extend and assess the tax so levied. If both cities are located wholly within one county, the 185.8 county auditor thereof shall annually extend and assess the amount of the tax so levied. If 185.9 the cities are located in different counties, the county auditor of each such county shall 185.10 annually extend and assess such portion of the tax levied as the net tax capacity of the 185.11 taxable property, not including moneys and credits, located wholly within the city in such 185.12 county bears to the total net tax capacity of the taxable property, not including moneys and 185.13 eredits, within both cities. Any surplus resulting from the excess levy herein provided 185.14 185.15 for shall be transferred to a sinking fund after the principal and interest for which the tax was levied and collected has been paid; provided, that the corporation may, on or before 185.16 October 15 in any year, by appropriate action, cause its secretary to certify to the county 185.17 auditor, or auditors, the amount on hand and available in its treasury from earnings, or 185.18 otherwise, including the amount in the sinking fund, which it will use to pay principal or 185.19 interest or both on each specified issue of its bonds, and the county auditor or auditors 185.20 shall reduce the levy for that year, herein provided for by that amount. The amount of 185.21 funds so certified shall be set aside by the corporation, and be used for no other purpose 185.22 185.23 than for the payment of the principal and interest of the bonds. All taxes hereunder shall be collected and remitted to the corporation by the county treasurer or county treasurers, 185.24 in accordance with the provisions of law governing the collection of other taxes, and shall 185.25 be used solely for the payment of the bonds where due. 185.26

185.27

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

185.28 Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.0124, subdivision 5, is amended to 185.29 read:

185.30 Subd. 5. **County transition aid.** (a) For 2009 and each year thereafter, A county is 185.31 eligible to receive the transition aid it received in 2007.

(b) In 2009 only, a county with (1) a 2006 population less than 30,000, and (2)
an average Part I crimes per capita greater than 3.9 percent based on factors used in
determining county program aid payable in 2008, shall receive \$100,000.

186.1

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 477A.014, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Calculations and payments. (a) The commissioner of revenue shall
make all necessary calculations and make payments pursuant to sections 477A.013 and
477A.03 directly to the affected taxing authorities annually. In addition, the commissioner
shall notify the authorities of their aid amounts, as well as the computational factors used
in making the calculations for their authority, and those statewide total figures that are
pertinent, before August 1 of the year preceding the aid distribution year.

(b) For the purposes of this subdivision, aid is determined for a city or town based 186.9 on its city or town status as of June 30 of the year preceding the aid distribution year. If 186.10 the effective date for a municipal incorporation, consolidation, annexation, detachment, 186.11 dissolution, or township organization is on or before June 30 of the year preceding 186.12 the aid distribution year, such change in boundaries or form of government shall be 186.13 186.14 recognized for aid determinations for the aid distribution year. If the effective date for a municipal incorporation, consolidation, annexation, detachment, dissolution, or township 186.15 organization is after June 30 of the year preceding the aid distribution year, such change in 186.16 boundaries or form of government shall not be recognized for aid determinations until 186.17 the following year. 186.18

(c) Changes in boundaries or form of government will only be recognized for the 186.19 purposes of this subdivision, to the extent that: (1) changes in market values are included 186.20 in market values reported by assessors to the commissioner, and changes in population, 186.21 186.22 and household size, and the road accidents factor are included in their respective certifications to the commissioner as referenced in section 477A.011, or (2) an annexation 186.23 information report as provided in paragraph (d) is received by the commissioner on 186.24 186.25 or before July 15 of the aid calculation year. Revisions to estimates or data for use in recognizing changes in boundaries or form of government are not effective for purposes 186.26 of this subdivision unless received by the commissioner on or before July 15 of the aid 186.27 calculation year. Clerical errors in the certification or use of estimates and data established 186.28 as of July 15 in the aid calculation year are subject to correction within the time periods 186.29 allowed under subdivision 3. 186.30

(d) In the case of an annexation, an annexation information report may be completed by the annexing jurisdiction and submitted to the commissioner for purposes of this subdivision if the net tax capacity of annexed area for the assessment year preceding the effective date of the annexation exceeds five percent of the city's net tax capacity for the same year. The form and contents of the annexation information report shall be prescribed

by the commissioner. The commissioner shall change the net tax capacity, the population, 187.1 the population decline, the commercial industrial percentage, and the transformed 187.2 population for the annexing jurisdiction only if the annexation information report provides 187.3 data the commissioner determines to be reliable for all of these factors used to compute city 187.4 revenue need for the annexing jurisdiction. The commissioner shall adjust the pre-1940 187.5 housing percentage, the road accidents factor, and household size only if the entire area of 187.6 an existing city or town is annexed or consolidated and only if reliable data is available for 187.7 all of these factors used to compute city revenue need for the annexing jurisdiction. 187.8

187.9

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 611.27, subdivision 13, is amended to read: 187.10 187.11 Subd. 13. Public defense services; correctional facility inmates. All billings for services rendered and ordered under subdivision 7 shall require the approval of the 187.12 chief district public defender before being forwarded on a monthly basis to the state 187.13 public defender. In cases where adequate representation cannot be provided by the district 187.14 public defender and where counsel has been appointed under a court order, the state 187.15 public defender shall forward to the commissioner of management and budget all billings 187.16 for services rendered under the court order. The commissioner shall pay for services 187.17 from county program aid retained by the commissioner of revenue for that purpose under 187.18 section 477A.0124, subdivision 1, clause (4), or 477A.03, subdivision 2b, paragraph (a). 187.19 The costs of appointed counsel and associated services in cases arising from new 187.20 criminal charges brought against indigent inmates who are incarcerated in a Minnesota 187.21 187.22 state correctional facility are the responsibility of the state Board of Public Defense. In such cases the state public defender may follow the procedures outlined in this section for 187.23 obtaining court-ordered counsel. 187.24

187.25

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 611.27, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
Subd. 15. Costs of transcripts. In appeal cases and postconviction cases where
the appellate public defender's office does not have sufficient funds to pay for transcripts
and other necessary expenses because it has spent or committed all of the transcript
funds in its annual budget, the state public defender may forward to the commissioner
of management and budget all billings for transcripts and other necessary expenses. The
commissioner shall pay for these transcripts and other necessary expenses from county

- 188.1 program aid retained by the commissioner of revenue for that purpose under section
- 188.2 477A.0124, subdivision 1, clause (4), or 477A.03, subdivision 2b, paragraph (a).
- 188.3

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

188.4

Sec. 93. **REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.**

188.5 The revisor of statutes shall make all necessary cross-reference changes in

188.6 Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules consistent with the amendments and repealers in

- 188.7 this article. The revisor can make changes to sentence structure to preserve the meaning of
- 188.8 the text. The revisor shall make other changes in chapter titles; section, subdivision, part,
- 188.9 and subpart headnotes; and in other terminology necessary as a result of the enactment of
- 188.10 this act. The Department of Revenue shall assist in making these corrections.
- 188.11 Sec. 94. <u>**REPEALER.**</u>
- (a) Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 273.1398, subdivision 4b; 290.01, subdivision
 19e; 290.0674, subdivision 3; 290.191, subdivision 4; and 290.33, and Minnesota Rules,
- 188.14 part 8007.0200, are repealed.
- (b) Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 16D.02, subdivisions 5 and 8; 16D.11,
- 188.16 <u>subdivision 2; 270C.53; 270C.991</u>, subdivision 4; 272.02, subdivisions 1, 1a, 43, 48, 51,
- 188.17 53, 67, 72, and 82; 272.027, subdivision 2; 272.031; 273.015, subdivision 1; 273.03,
- 188.18 <u>subdivision 3; 273.075; 273.13</u>, subdivision 21a; 273.1383; 273.1386; 273.80; 275.77;
- 188.19 <u>279.32; 281.173</u>, subdivision 8; 281.174, subdivision 8; 281.328; 282.10; 282.23; 287.20,
- 188.20 subdivision 4; 287.27, subdivision 2; 290.01, subdivisions 4b and 20e; 295.52, subdivision
- 188.21 <u>7; 297A.666; 297A.71, subdivisions 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 17, 18, 20, 32, and 41; 297F.08,</u>
- 188.22 <u>subdivision 11; 297H.10, subdivision 2; 469.174, subdivision 10c; 469.175, subdivision</u>
- 188.23 <u>2b; 469.176, subdivision 1i; 469.177, subdivision 10; 477A.0124, subdivisions 1 and 6;</u>
- and 505.173, Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 273.1103, Laws 1993, chapter
- 188.25 <u>375, article 9, section 47, and Minnesota Rules, parts 8002.0200, subpart 8; 8100.0800;</u>
- 188.26 and 8130.7500, subpart 7, are repealed.

188.27 (c) Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.1764, is repealed.

- 188.28 (d) Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 289A.56, subdivision 7; 297A.68, subdivision
- 188.29 <u>38; 469.330; 469.331; 469.332; 469.333; 469.334; 469.335; 469.336; 469.337; 469.338;</u>
- 188.30 <u>469.339</u>; 469.340, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 5; and 469.341, and Minnesota Statutes 2013
- 188.31 Supplement, section 469.340, subdivision 4, are repealed.
- (e) Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 290.06, subdivisions 30 and 31, are repealed.

189.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (a) is effective for taxable years beginning after		
189.2	December 31, 2013.		
189.3	Paragraph (b) is effective the day following final enactment.		
189.4	Paragraph (c) is effective the day following final enactment and any remaining		
189.5	unexpended tax increments from a district subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1764,		
189.6	must be distributed as excess increments to the city, county, and school district under		
189.7	Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (4), on or before		
189.8	December 31, 2014.		
189.9	Paragraph (d) is effective the day following final enactment.		
189.10	Paragraph (e) is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013.		
189.11	ARTICLE 10		
189.12 189.13	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE - TECHNICAL AND POLICY PROPERTY TAX PROVISIONS		
189.14	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270.87, is amended to read:		
189.15	270.87 CERTIFICATION TO COUNTY ASSESSORS.		
189.16	After making an annual determination of the equalized fair market value of the		
189.17	operating property of each company in each of the respective counties, and in the taxing		
189.18	districts therein, the commissioner shall certify the equalized fair market value to the		
189.19	county assessor on or before June 30. The equalized fair market value of the operating		
189.20	property of the railroad company in the county and the taxing districts therein is the value		
189.21	on which taxes must be levied and collected in the same manner as on the commercial and		
189.22	industrial property of such county and the taxing districts therein. If the commissioner		
189.23	determines that the equalized fair market value certified on or before June 30 is in error,		
189.24	the commissioner may issue a corrected certification on or before August 31. The		
189.25	commissioner may correct errors that are merely clerical in nature until December 31.		
189.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.		
189.27	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 272.029, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:		
189.28	Subd. 4a. Correction of errors. If the commissioner of revenue determines that		
189.29	the amount of production tax has been erroneously calculated, the commissioner may		
189.30	correct the error. The commissioner must notify the owner of the wind energy conversion		
189.31	system of the correction and the amount of tax due to each county and must certify the		
189.32	correction to the county auditor of each county in which the system is located on or before		
189.33	April 1 of the current year. The commissioner may correct errors that are merely clerical		

189.34 <u>in nature until December 31.</u>

190.1

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

190.2

190.3

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.01, is amended to read:

273.01 LISTING AND ASSESSMENT, TIME.

All real property subject to taxation shall be listed and at least one-fifth of the parcels 190.4 listed shall be appraised each year with reference to their value on January 2 preceding the 190.5 assessment so that each parcel shall be reappraised at maximum intervals of five years. All 190.6 190.7 real property becoming taxable in any year shall be listed with reference to its value on January 2 of that year. Except as provided in this section and section 274.01, subdivision 190.8 1, all real property assessments shall be completed two weeks prior to the date scheduled 190.9 190.10 for the local board of review or equalization. No changes in valuation or classification which are intended to correct errors in judgment by the county assessor may be made by 190.11 the county assessor after the board of review or the county board of equalization has 190.12 adjourned; however, corrections of errors for real or personal property that are merely 190.13 clerical in nature or changes that extend homestead treatment to property are permitted 190.14 190.15 after adjournment until the tax extension date for that assessment year. Any changes made by the assessor after adjournment must be fully documented and maintained in a file in the 190.16 assessor's office and shall be available for review by any person. A copy of any changes 190.17 190.18 made during this period shall be sent to the county board no later than December 31 of the assessment year. In the event a valuation and classification is not placed on any real 190.19 property by the dates scheduled for the local board of review or equalization the valuation 190.20 and classification determined in the preceding assessment shall be continued in effect and 190.21 the provisions of section 273.13 shall, in such case, not be applicable, except with respect 190.22 to real estate which has been constructed since the previous assessment. Real property 190.23 containing iron ore, the fee to which is owned by the state of Minnesota, shall, if leased by 190.24 the state after January 2 in any year, be subject to assessment for that year on the value of 190.25 any iron ore removed under said lease prior to January 2 of the following year. Personal 190.26 property subject to taxation shall be listed and assessed annually with reference to its value 190.27 on January 2; and, if acquired on that day, shall be listed by or for the person acquiring it. 190.28

190.29

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

190.30 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 273.13, subdivision 25, is190.31 amended to read:

190.32 Subd. 25. Class 4. (a) Class 4a is residential real estate containing four or more 190.33 units and used or held for use by the owner or by the tenants or lessees of the owner as a residence for rental periods of 30 days or more, excluding property qualifying for

191.2 class 4d. Class 4a also includes hospitals licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56, other

191.3 than hospitals exempt under section 272.02, and contiguous property used for hospital

191.4 purposes, without regard to whether the property has been platted or subdivided. The

191.5 market value of class 4a property has a class rate of 1.25 percent.

191.6 (b) Class 4b includes:

(1) residential real estate containing less than four units that does not qualify as class4bb, other than seasonal residential recreational property;

191.9 (2) manufactured homes not classified under any other provision;

(3) a dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomesteadfarm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b) containing two or three units; and

(4) unimproved property that is classified residential as determined under subdivision33.

191.14 The market value of class 4b property has a class rate of 1.25 percent.

(c) Class 4bb includes nonhomestead residential real estate containing one unit,
other than seasonal residential recreational property, and a single family dwelling, garage,
and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision
23, paragraph (b).

Class 4bb property has the same class rates as class 1a property under subdivision 22.
Property that has been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at
any time during which it has been owned by the current owner or spouse of the current
owner does not qualify for class 4bb.

191.23 (d) Class 4c property includes:

(1) except as provided in subdivision 22, paragraph (c), real and personal property 191.24 devoted to commercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation 191.25 191.26 purposes, for not more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment. For purposes of this clause, property is devoted to a commercial purpose on a specific day 191.27 if any portion of the property is used for residential occupancy, and a fee is charged for 191.28 residential occupancy. Class 4c property under this clause must contain three or more 191.29 rental units. A "rental unit" is defined as a cabin, condominium, townhouse, sleeping room, 191.30 or individual camping site equipped with water and electrical hookups for recreational 191.31 vehicles. A camping pad offered for rent by a property that otherwise qualifies for class 191.32 4c under this clause is also class 4c under this clause regardless of the term of the rental 191.33 agreement, as long as the use of the camping pad does not exceed 250 days. In order for a 191.34 property to be classified under this clause, either (i) the business located on the property 191.35 must provide recreational activities, at least 40 percent of the annual gross lodging receipts 191.36

related to the property must be from business conducted during 90 consecutive days, 192.1 192.2 and either (A) at least 60 percent of all paid bookings by lodging guests during the year must be for periods of at least two consecutive nights; or (B) at least 20 percent of the 192.3 annual gross receipts must be from charges for providing recreational activities, or (ii) the 192.4 business must contain 20 or fewer rental units, and must be located in a township or a city 192.5 with a population of 2,500 or less located outside the metropolitan area, as defined under 192.6 section 473.121, subdivision 2, that contains a portion of a state trail administered by the 192.7 Department of Natural Resources. For purposes of item (i)(A), a paid booking of five or 192.8 more nights shall be counted as two bookings. Class 4c property also includes commercial 192.9 use real property used exclusively for recreational purposes in conjunction with other class 192.10 4c property classified under this clause and devoted to temporary and seasonal residential 192.11 occupancy for recreational purposes, up to a total of two acres, provided the property is 192.12 not devoted to commercial recreational use for more than 250 days in the year preceding 192.13 the year of assessment and is located within two miles of the class 4c property with which 192.14 192.15 it is used. In order for a property to qualify for classification under this clause, the owner must submit a declaration to the assessor designating the cabins or units occupied for 250 192.16 days or less in the year preceding the year of assessment by January 15 of the assessment 192.17 year. Those cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located 192.18 must be designated class 4c under this clause as otherwise provided. The remainder of the 192.19 cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located will be 192.20 designated as class 3a. The owner of property desiring designation as class 4c property 192.21 under this clause must provide guest registers or other records demonstrating that the units 192.22 192.23 for which class 4c designation is sought were not occupied for more than 250 days in the year preceding the assessment if so requested. The portion of a property operated as a 192.24 (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop, (4) conference center or meeting room, and (5) other 192.25 nonresidential facility operated on a commercial basis not directly related to temporary and 192.26 seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes does not qualify for class 4c. For 192.27 the purposes of this paragraph, "recreational activities" means renting ice fishing houses, 192.28 boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill or cross-country ski equipment; providing 192.29 marina services, launch services, or guide services; or selling bait and fishing tackle; 192.30

192.31

(2) qualified property used as a golf course if:

(i) it is open to the public on a daily fee basis. It may charge membership fees or
dues, but a membership fee may not be required in order to use the property for golfing,
and its green fees for golfing must be comparable to green fees typically charged by
municipal courses; and

192.36

(ii) it meets the requirements of section 273.112, subdivision 3, paragraph (d).

A structure used as a clubhouse, restaurant, or place of refreshment in conjunction
with the golf course is classified as class 3a property;

(3) real property up to a maximum of three acres of land owned and used by a
nonprofit community service oriented organization and not used for residential purposes
on either a temporary or permanent basis, provided that:

(i) the property is not used for a revenue-producing activity for more than six daysin the calendar year preceding the year of assessment; or

(ii) the organization makes annual charitable contributions and donations at least
equal to the property's previous year's property taxes and the property is allowed to be
used for public and community meetings or events for no charge, as appropriate to the
size of the facility.

193.12 For purposes of this clause:

(A) "charitable contributions and donations" has the same meaning as lawful
gambling purposes under section 349.12, subdivision 25, excluding those purposes
relating to the payment of taxes, assessments, fees, auditing costs, and utility payments;
(B) "property taxes" excludes the state general tax;

(C) a "nonprofit community service oriented organization" means any corporation,
society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for
charitable, religious, fraternal, civic, or educational purposes, and which is exempt from
federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3), (8), (10), or (19) of the Internal
Revenue Code; and

(D) "revenue-producing activities" shall include but not be limited to property or that portion of the property that is used as an on-sale intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt liquor establishment licensed under chapter 340A, a restaurant open to the public, bowling alley, a retail store, gambling conducted by organizations licensed under chapter 349, an insurance business, or office or other space leased or rented to a lessee who conducts a for-profit enterprise on the premises.

Any portion of the property not qualifying under either item (i) or (ii) is class 3a. The use of the property for social events open exclusively to members and their guests for periods of less than 24 hours, when an admission is not charged nor any revenues are received by the organization shall not be considered a revenue-producing activity.

The organization shall maintain records of its charitable contributions and donations and of public meetings and events held on the property and make them available upon request any time to the assessor to ensure eligibility. An organization meeting the requirement under item (ii) must file an application by May 1 with the assessor for

eligibility for the current year's assessment. The commissioner shall prescribe a uniformapplication form and instructions;

- (4) postsecondary student housing of not more than one acre of land that is owned by
 a nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A and is used exclusively by a student
 cooperative, sorority, or fraternity for on-campus housing or housing located within two
 miles of the border of a college campus;
- (5)(i) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3,
 excluding manufactured home parks described in section 273.124, subdivision 3a, and (ii)
 manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, that are described in
 section 273.124, subdivision 3a;
- (6) real property that is actively and exclusively devoted to indoor fitness, health,
 social, recreational, and related uses, is owned and operated by a not-for-profit corporation,
 and is located within the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2;
- (7) a leased or privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exemptunder section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:
- (i) the land is on an airport owned or operated by a city, town, county, MetropolitanAirports Commission, or group thereof; and
- (ii) the land lease, or any ordinance or signed agreement restricting the use of theleased premise, prohibits commercial activity performed at the hangar.
- If a hangar classified under this clause is sold after June 30, 2000, a bill of sale must
 be filed by the new owner with the assessor of the county where the property is located
 within 60 days of the sale;
- (8) a privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt undersection 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:
- (i) the land abuts a public airport; and
- (ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed
 agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity
 performed at the hangar; and
- (9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homesteadpurposes, and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met:
- (i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periodsof 14 or fewer days;
- (ii) meals are provided to persons who rent rooms, the cost of which is incorporatedin the basic room rate;
- (iii) meals are not provided to the general public except for special events on fewerthan seven days in the calendar year preceding the year of the assessment; and

195.1 (iv) the owner is the operator of the property.

The market value subject to the 4c classification under this clause is limited to five rental units. Any rental units on the property in excess of five, must be valued and assessed as class 3a. The portion of the property used for purposes of a homestead by the owner must be classified as class 1a property under subdivision 22;

(10) real property up to a maximum of three acres and operated as a restaurant 195.6 as defined under section 157.15, subdivision 12, provided it: (A) is located on a lake 195.7 as defined under section 103G.005, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (3); and (B) 195.8 is either devoted to commercial purposes for not more than 250 consecutive days, or 195.9 receives at least 60 percent of its annual gross receipts from business conducted during 195.10 four consecutive months. Gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages must be 195.11 included in determining the property's qualification under subitem (B). The property's 195.12 primary business must be as a restaurant and not as a bar. Gross receipts from gift shop 195.13 sales located on the premises must be excluded. Owners of real property desiring 4c 195.14 195.15 classification under this clause must submit an annual declaration to the assessor by February 1 of the current assessment year, based on the property's relevant information for 195.16 the preceding assessment year; 195.17

(11) lakeshore and riparian property and adjacent land, not to exceed six acres, used 195.18 as a marina, as defined in section 86A.20, subdivision 5, which is made accessible to 195.19 the public and devoted to recreational use for marina services. The marina owner must 195.20 annually provide evidence to the assessor that it provides services, including lake or river 195.21 access to the public by means of an access ramp or other facility that is either located on 195.22 195.23 the property of the marina or at a publicly owned site that abuts the property of the marina. 195.24 No more than 800 feet of lakeshore may be included in this classification. Buildings used in conjunction with a marina for marina services, including but not limited to buildings 195.25 used to provide food and beverage services, fuel, boat repairs, or the sale of bait or fishing 195.26 tackle, are classified as class 3a property; and 195.27

(12) real and personal property devoted to noncommercial temporary and seasonalresidential occupancy for recreation purposes.

195.30 Class 4c property has a class rate of 1.5 percent of market value, except that (i) each 195.31 parcel of noncommercial seasonal residential recreational property under clause (12) 195.32 has the same class rates as class 4bb property, (ii) manufactured home parks assessed 195.33 under clause (5), item (i), have the same class rate as class 4b property, and the market 195.34 value of manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (ii), has the same class 195.35 rate as class 4d property has a classification rate of 0.75 percent if more than 50 percent 195.36 of the lots in the park are occupied by shareholders in the cooperative corporation or 196.1 association and a class rate of one percent if 50 percent or less of the lots are so occupied, 196.2 (iii) commercial-use seasonal residential recreational property and marina recreational land as described in clause (11), has a class rate of one percent for the first \$500,000 of 196.3 market value, and 1.25 percent for the remaining market value, (iv) the market value of 196.4 property described in clause (4) has a class rate of one percent, (v) the market value of 196.5 property described in clauses (2), (6), and (10) has a class rate of 1.25 percent, and (vi) 196.6 that portion of the market value of property in clause (9) qualifying for class 4c property 196.7 has a class rate of 1.25 percent. 196.8

(e) Class 4d property is qualifying low-income rental housing certified to the assessor 196.9 by the Housing Finance Agency under section 273.128, subdivision 3. If only a portion 196.10 of the units in the building qualify as low-income rental housing units as certified under 196.11 196.12 section 273.128, subdivision 3, only the proportion of qualifying units to the total number of units in the building qualify for class 4d. The remaining portion of the building shall be 196.13 classified by the assessor based upon its use. Class 4d also includes the same proportion of 196.14 196.15 land as the qualifying low-income rental housing units are to the total units in the building. For all properties qualifying as class 4d, the market value determined by the assessor must 196.16 be based on the normal approach to value using normal unrestricted rents. 196.17

(f) The first tier of market value of class 4d property has a class rate of 0.75 percent. 196.18 The remaining value of class 4d property has a class rate of 0.25 percent. For the purposes 196.19 of this paragraph, the "first tier of market value of class 4d property" means the market 196.20 value of each housing unit up to the first tier limit. For the purposes of this paragraph, all 196.21 class 4d property value must be assigned to individual housing units. The first tier limit is 196.22 196.23 \$100,000 for assessment year 2014. For subsequent years, the limit is adjusted each year by the average statewide change in estimated market value of property classified as class 4a 196.24 and 4d under this section for the previous assessment year, excluding valuation change due 196.25 to new construction, rounded to the nearest \$1,000, provided, however, that the limit may 196.26 never be less than \$100,000. Beginning with assessment year 2015, the commissioner of 196.27 revenue must certify the limit for each assessment year by November 1 of the previous year. 196.28

196.29

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2014.

196.30 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 273.1325, subdivision 1, is196.31 amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Computation. The Department of Revenue must annually conduct an assessment/sales ratio study of the taxable property in each county, city, town, and school district in accordance with the procedures in subdivisions 2 and 3. Based upon the results of this assessment/sales ratio study, the Department of Revenue must determine

an equalized net tax capacity for the various classes of taxable property in each taxing 197.1 197.2 district, the aggregate of which is designated as the adjusted net tax capacity. The adjusted net tax capacity must be reduced by the captured tax capacity of tax increment districts 197.3 under section 469.177, subdivision 2, fiscal disparities contribution tax capacities under 197.4 sections 276A.06 and 473F.08, and the tax capacity of transmission lines required to be 197.5 subtracted from the local tax base under section 273.425; and increased by fiscal disparities 197.6 distribution tax capacities under sections 276A.06 and 473F.08. The adjusted net tax 197.7 capacities shall be determined using the net tax capacity percentages in effect for the 197.8 assessment year following the assessment year of the study. The Department of Revenue 197.9 must make whatever estimates are necessary to account for changes in the classification 197.10 system. The Department of Revenue may incur the expense necessary to make the 197.11 197.12 determinations. The commissioner of revenue may reimburse any county or governmental official for requested services performed in ascertaining the adjusted net tax capacity. On 197.13 or before March 15 annually, the Department of Revenue shall file with the chair of the 197.14 197.15 Tax Committee of the house of representatives and the chair of the Committee on Taxes and Tax laws of the senate a report of adjusted net tax capacities for school districts. 197.16 On or before June 15 30 annually, the Department of Revenue shall file its final report 197.17 on the adjusted net tax capacities for school districts established by the previous year's 197.18 assessments and the current year's net tax capacity percentages with the commissioner of 197.19 education and each county auditor for those school districts for which the auditor has the 197.20 responsibility for determination of local tax rates. A copy of the report so filed shall be 197.21 mailed to the clerk of each school district involved and to the county assessor or supervisor 197.22 197.23 of assessments of the county or counties in which each school district is located.

197.24

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.33, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 197.25 Subd. 2. Listing and assessment by commissioner. The personal property, 197.26 consisting of the pipeline system of mains, pipes, and equipment attached thereto, of 197.27 pipeline companies and others engaged in the operations or business of transporting natural 197.28 gas, gasoline, crude oil, or other petroleum products by pipelines, shall be listed with and 197.29 assessed by the commissioner of revenue and the values provided to the city or county 197.30 assessor by order. This subdivision shall not apply to the assessment of the products 197.31 197.32 transported through the pipelines nor to the lines of local commercial gas companies engaged primarily in the business of distributing gas to consumers at retail nor to pipelines 197.33 used by the owner thereof to supply natural gas or other petroleum products exclusively 197.34 197.35 for such owner's own consumption and not for resale to others. If more than 85 percent

of the natural gas or other petroleum products actually transported over the pipeline is 198.1 198.2 used for the owner's own consumption and not for resale to others, then this subdivision shall not apply; provided, however, that in that event, the pipeline shall be assessed in 198.3 proportion to the percentage of gas actually transported over such pipeline that is not used 198.4 for the owner's own consumption. On or before August 1, the commissioner shall certify 198.5 to the auditor of each county, the amount of such personal property assessment against 198.6 each company in each district in which such property is located. If the commissioner 198.7 determines that the amount of personal property assessment certified on or before August 198.8 1 is in error, the commissioner may issue a corrected certification on or before October 1. 198.9 The commissioner may correct errors that are merely clerical in nature until December 31. 198.10

198.11

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 198.12 Subd. 2. Listing and assessment by commissioner. Transmission lines of less 198.13 than 69 ky, transmission lines of 69 ky and above located in an unorganized township, 198.14 and distribution lines, and equipment attached thereto, having a fixed situs outside the 198.15 corporate limits of cities except distribution lines taxed as provided in sections 273.40 198.16 and 273.41, shall be listed with and assessed by the commissioner of revenue in the 198.17 county where situated and the values provided to the city or county assessor by order. 198.18 The commissioner shall assess such property at the percentage of market value fixed by 198.19 law; and, on or before August 1, shall certify to the auditor of each county in which 198.20 such property is located the amount of the assessment made against each company and 198.21 person owning such property. If the commissioner determines that the amount of the 198.22 assessment certified on or before August 1 is in error, the commissioner may issue a 198.23 corrected certification on or before October 1. The commissioner may correct errors that 198.24 are merely clerical in nature until December 31. 198.25

198.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

198.27 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 273.3711, is amended to read:

198.28

273.3711 RECOMMENDED AND ORDERED VALUES.

For purposes of sections 273.33, 273.35, 273.36, 273.37, 273.371, and 273.372, all values not required to be listed and assessed by the commissioner of revenue are recommended values. If the commissioner provides recommended values, the values must be certified to the auditor of each county in which the property is located on or before August 1. If the commissioner determines that the certified recommended value is in

error the commissioner may issue a corrected certification on or before October 1. The 199.1 commissioner may correct errors that are merely clerical in nature until December 31.

199.3

199.2

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 274.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 199.4 Subdivision 1. Ordinary board; meetings, deadlines, grievances. (a) The town 199.5 board of a town, or the council or other governing body of a city, is the board of appeal 199.6 and equalization except (1) in cities whose charters provide for a board of equalization or 199.7 199.8 (2) in any city or town that has transferred its local board of review power and duties to the county board as provided in subdivision 3. The county assessor shall fix a day and 199.9 time when the board or the board of equalization shall meet in the assessment districts 199.10 199.11 of the county. Notwithstanding any law or city charter to the contrary, a city board of equalization shall be referred to as a board of appeal and equalization. On or before 199.12 February 15 of each year the assessor shall give written notice of the time to the city or 199.13 town clerk. Notwithstanding the provisions of any charter to the contrary, the meetings 199.14 must be held between April 1 and May 31 each year. The clerk shall give published and 199.15 posted notice of the meeting at least ten days before the date of the meeting. 199.16

The board shall meet either at a central location within the county or at the office of 199.17 the clerk to review the assessment and classification of property in the town or city. No 199.18 changes in valuation or classification which are intended to correct errors in judgment by 199.19 the county assessor may be made by the county assessor after the board has adjourned 199.20 in those cities or towns that hold a local board of review; however, corrections of errors 199.21 that are merely clerical in nature or changes that extend homestead treatment to property 199.22 are permitted after adjournment until the tax extension date for that assessment year. The 199.23 changes must be fully documented and maintained in the assessor's office and must be 199.24 available for review by any person. A copy of the changes made during this period in 199.25 those cities or towns that hold a local board of review must be sent to the county board no 199.26 later than December 31 of the assessment year. 199.27

(b) The board shall determine whether the taxable property in the town or city has 199.28 been properly placed on the list and properly valued by the assessor. If real or personal 199.29 property has been omitted, the board shall place it on the list with its market value, and 199.30 correct the assessment so that each tract or lot of real property, and each article, parcel, 199.31 or class of personal property, is entered on the assessment list at its market value. No 199.32 assessment of the property of any person may be raised unless the person has been 199.33 duly notified of the intent of the board to do so. On application of any person feeling 199.34 199.35 aggrieved, the board shall review the assessment or classification, or both, and correct

it as appears just. The board may not make an individual market value adjustment or 200.1 200.2 classification change that would benefit the property if the owner or other person having control over the property has refused the assessor access to inspect the property and the 200.3 interior of any buildings or structures as provided in section 273.20. A board member 200.4 shall not participate in any actions of the board which result in market value adjustments 200.5 or classification changes to property owned by the board member, the spouse, parent, 200.6 stepparent, child, stepchild, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew, 200.7 or niece of a board member, or property in which a board member has a financial interest. 200.8 The relationship may be by blood or marriage. 200.9

(c) A local board may reduce assessments upon petition of the taxpayer but the total
reductions must not reduce the aggregate assessment made by the county assessor by more
than one percent. If the total reductions would lower the aggregate assessments made by
the county assessor by more than one percent, none of the adjustments may be made. The
assessor shall correct any clerical errors or double assessments discovered by the board
without regard to the one percent limitation.

200.16 (d) A local board does not have authority to grant an exemption or to order property 200.17 removed from the tax rolls.

(e) A majority of the members may act at the meeting, and adjourn from day to day 200.18 until they finish hearing the cases presented. The assessor shall attend, with the assessment 200.19 books and papers, and take part in the proceedings, but must not vote. The county assessor, 200.20 or an assistant delegated by the county assessor shall attend the meetings. The board shall 200.21 list separately, on a form appended to the assessment book, all omitted property added 200.22 200.23 to the list by the board and all items of property increased or decreased, with the market value of each item of property, added or changed by the board, placed opposite the item. 200.24 The county assessor shall enter all changes made by the board in the assessment book. 200.25

200.26 (f) Except as provided in subdivision 3, if a person fails to appear in person, by counsel, or by written communication before the board after being duly notified of the 200.27 board's intent to raise the assessment of the property, or if a person feeling aggrieved by an 200.28 assessment or classification fails to apply for a review of the assessment or classification, 200.29 the person may not appear before the county board of appeal and equalization for a review 200.30 of the assessment or classification. This paragraph does not apply if an assessment was 200.31 made after the local board meeting, as provided in section 273.01, or if the person can 200.32 establish not having received notice of market value at least five days before the local 200.33 board meeting. 200.34

200.35 (g) The local board must complete its work and adjourn within 20 days from the 200.36 time of convening stated in the notice of the clerk, unless a longer period is approved by

the commissioner of revenue. No action taken after that date is valid. All complaints
about an assessment or classification made after the meeting of the board must be heard
and determined by the county board of equalization. A nonresident may, at any time,
before the meeting of the board file written objections to an assessment or classification
with the county assessor. The objections must be presented to the board at its meeting by
the county assessor for its consideration.

201.7

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 274.014, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 201.8 Subd. 3. Proof of compliance; transfer of duties. (a) Any city or town that 201.9 conducts local boards of appeal and equalization meetings must provide proof to the 201.10 201.11 county assessor by December 1, 2006, and each year thereafter, February 1 that it is in compliance with the requirements of subdivision 2. Beginning in 2006, This notice must 201.12 also verify that there was a quorum of voting members at each meeting of the board 201.13 of appeal and equalization in the eurrent previous year. A city or town that does not 201.14 comply with these requirements is deemed to have transferred its board of appeal and 201.15 equalization powers to the county beginning with the following current year's assessment 201.16 and continuing unless the powers are reinstated under paragraph (c). 201.17

(b) The county shall notify the taxpayers when the board of appeal and equalization for a city or town has been transferred to the county under this subdivision and, prior to the meeting time of the county board of equalization, the county shall make available to those taxpayers a procedure for a review of the assessments, including, but not limited to, open book meetings. This alternate review process shall take place in April and May.

201.23 (c) A local board whose powers are transferred to the county under this subdivision 201.24 may be reinstated by resolution of the governing body of the city or town and upon proof 201.25 of compliance with the requirements of subdivision 2. The resolution and proofs must be 201.26 provided to the county assessor by December 1 <u>February 1</u> in order to be effective for 201.27 the following year's assessment.

(d) A local board whose powers are transferred to the county under this subdivision
may continue to employ a local assessor and is not deemed to have transferred its powers
to make assessments.

201.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with local boards of appeal 201.32 and equalization meetings held after February 1, 2016.

202.1 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 423A.02, subdivision 3, is 202.2 amended to read:

Subd. 3. Reallocation of amortization state aid. (a) Seventy percent of the 202.3 difference between \$5,720,000 and the current year amortization aid distributed under 202.4 subdivision 1 that is not distributed for any reason to a municipality must be distributed 202.5 by the commissioner of revenue according to this paragraph. The commissioner shall 202.6 distribute 50 percent of the amounts derived under this paragraph to the Teachers 202.7 Retirement Association, ten percent to the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association, 202.8 and 40 percent to the St. Paul Teachers Retirement Fund Association to fund the unfunded 202.9 actuarial accrued liabilities of the respective funds. These payments must be made on July 202.10 15 each fiscal year. If the St. Paul Teachers Retirement Fund Association or the Duluth 202.11 202.12 Teachers Retirement Fund Association becomes fully funded, the association's eligibility for its portion of this aid ceases. Amounts remaining in the undistributed balance account 202.13 at the end of the biennium if aid eligibility ceases cancel to the general fund. 202.14

(b) In order to receive amortization aid under paragraph (a), before June 30 annually
Independent School District No. 625, St. Paul, must make an additional contribution of
\$800,000 each year to the St. Paul Teachers Retirement Fund Association.

(c) Thirty percent of the difference between \$5,720,000 and the current year
amortization aid under subdivision <u>1a 1</u> that is not distributed for any reason to a
municipality must be distributed under section 69.021, subdivision 7, paragraph (d), as
additional funding to support a minimum fire state aid amount for volunteer firefighter
relief associations.

202.23

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from June 1, 2013.

202.24

Sec. 12. **<u>REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.</u>**

202.25The revisor of statutes shall change the terms "class rate" or "class rates" to202.26"classification rate" or "classification rates" or similar terms wherever they appear in202.27Minnesota Statutes when the terms are being used to refer to the calculation of net tax202.28capacity in the property tax system. The revisor can make changes to sentence structure202.29to preserve the meaning of the text. The revisor shall make other changes in section and202.30subdivision headnotes and in other terminology as necessary as a result of the enactment202.31of this section. The Department of Revenue shall assist in making these corrections.

203.1

ARTICLE 11

203.2DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE - TECHNICAL AND POLICY INCOME AND203.3FRANCHISE, SALES AND USE, AND MISCELLANEOUS TAX PROVISIONS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270C.34, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Procedure. (a) A request for abatement of penalty under subdivision 1 or
section 289A.60, subdivision 4, or a request for abatement of interest or additional tax
<u>charge</u>, must be filed with the commissioner within 60 days of the date the notice was
mailed to the taxpayer's last known address, stating that a penalty has been imposed.
(b) If the commissioner issues an order denying a request for abatement of penalty,
<u>interest</u>, or additional tax charge, the taxpayer may file an administrative appeal as

provided in section 270C.35 or appeal to Tax Court as provided in section 271.06.

(c) If the commissioner does not issue an order on the abatement request within
60 days from the date the request is received, the taxpayer may appeal to Tax Court as
provided in section 271.06.

203.15

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

203.16 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270C.56, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. Procedure for assessment; claims for refunds. (a) The commissioner 203.17 may assess liability for the taxes described in subdivision 1 against a person liable 203.18 under this section. The assessment may be based upon information available to the 203.19 commissioner. It must be made within the prescribed period of limitations for assessing 203.20 the underlying tax, or within one year after the date of an order assessing underlying 203.21 tax, or within one year after the date of a final administrative or judicial determination, 203.22 whichever period expires later. An order assessing personal liability under this section is 203.23 203.24 reviewable under section 270C.35 and is appealable to Tax Court.

(b) If the time for appealing the order has expired and a payment is made by or 203.25 collected from the person assessed on the order in excess of the amount lawfully due 203.26 from that person of any portion of the liability shown on the order, a claim for refund 203.27 may be made by that person within 120 days after any payment of the liability if the 203.28 payment is within 3-1/2 years after the date the order was issued. Claims for refund under 203.29 this paragraph are limited to the amount paid during the 120-day period. Any amounts 203.30 collected under paragraph (c) after a claim for refund is filed in order to satisfy the unpaid 203.31 balance of the assessment that is the subject of the claim shall be returned if the claim is 203.32 allowed. There is no claim for refund available under this paragraph if the assessment has 203.33 previously been the subject of an administrative or Tax Court appeal, or a denied claim 203.34

for refund. The taxpayer may contest denial of the refund as provided in the proceduresgoverning claims for refunds under section 289A.50, subdivision 7.

- 204.3 (c) If a person has been assessed under this section for an amount for a given period 204.4 and the time for appeal has expired, regardless of whether an action contesting denial of a 204.5 claim for refund has been filed under paragraph (b), or there has been a final determination 204.6 that the person is liable, collection action is not stayed pursuant to section 270C.33, 204.7 subdivision 5, for that assessment or for subsequent assessments of additional amounts for 204.8 the same person for the same period and tax type.
- 204.9

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.18, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 204.10 204.11 Subd. 2. Withholding returns, entertainer withholding returns, returns for withholding from payments to out-of-state contractors, and withholding returns 204.12 from partnerships and S corporations. (a) Withholding returns for the first, second, 204.13 and third quarters are due on or before the last day of the month following the close of 204.14 the quarterly period. However, if the return shows timely deposits in full payment of 204.15 the taxes due for that period, the returns for the first, second, and third quarters may be 204.16 filed on or before the tenth day of the second calendar month following the period. The 204.17 return for the fourth quarter must be filed on or before the 28th day of the second calendar 204.18 month following the period. An employer, in preparing a quarterly return, may take credit 204.19 for deposits previously made for that quarter. Entertainer withholding tax returns are 204.20 due within 30 days after each performance. Returns for withholding from payments to 204.21 out-of-state contractors are due within 30 days after the payment to the contractor. Returns 204.22 for withholding by partnerships are due on or before the due date specified for filing 204.23 partnership returns. Returns for withholding by S corporations are due on or before the 204.24 due date specified for filing corporate franchise tax returns. 204.25
- (b) A seasonal employer who provides notice in the form and manner prescribed
 by the commissioner before the end of the calendar quarter is not required to file a
 withholding tax return for periods of anticipated inactivity unless the employer pays wages
 during the period from which tax is withheld. For purposes of this paragraph, a seasonal
 employer is an employer that regularly, in the same one or more quarterly periods of each
 calendar year, pays no wages to employees.

204.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** (a) The amendments in paragraph (a) are effective for returns 204.33 due after January 1, 2016.

H.F. No. 3167, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/16/14 12:21 AM [CCRHF3167A]

205.1 (b) The amendment adding paragraph (b) is effective for wages paid after December
205.2 <u>31, 2015.</u>

205.3 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 290.191, subdivision 5, is 205.4 amended to read:

Subd. 5. Determination of sales factor. For purposes of this section, the following
rules apply in determining the sales factor.

(a) The sales factor includes all sales, gross earnings, or receipts received in the
ordinary course of the business, except that the following types of income are not included
in the sales factor:

205.10 (1) interest;

205.11 (2) dividends;

205.12 (3) sales of capital assets as defined in section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code;

205.13 (4) sales of property used in the trade or business, except sales of leased property of205.14 a type which is regularly sold as well as leased; and

205.15 (5) sales of debt instruments as defined in section 1275(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue205.16 Code or sales of stock.

(b) Sales of tangible personal property are made within this state if the property is
received by a purchaser at a point within this state, and the taxpayer is taxable in this state,
regardless of the f.o.b. point, other conditions of the sale, or the ultimate destination
of the property.

(c) Tangible personal property delivered to a common or contract carrier or foreign
vessel for delivery to a purchaser in another state or nation is a sale in that state or nation,
regardless of f.o.b. point or other conditions of the sale.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (b) and (c), when intoxicating liquor, wine,
fermented malt beverages, cigarettes, or tobacco products are sold to a purchaser who is
licensed by a state or political subdivision to resell this property only within the state of
ultimate destination, the sale is made in that state.

(e) Sales made by or through a corporation that is qualified as a domestic
international sales corporation under section 992 of the Internal Revenue Code are not
considered to have been made within this state.

205.31 (f) Sales, rents, royalties, and other income in connection with real property is 205.32 attributed to the state in which the property is located.

(g) Receipts from the lease or rental of tangible personal property, including finance
leases and true leases, must be attributed to this state if the property is located in this
state and to other states if the property is not located in this state. Receipts from the

lease or rental of moving property including, but not limited to, motor vehicles, rolling
stock, aircraft, vessels, or mobile equipment are included in the numerator of the receipts
factor to the extent that the property is used in this state. The extent of the use of moving
property is determined as follows:

206.5

(1) A motor vehicle is used wholly in the state in which it is registered.

206.6 (2) The extent that rolling stock is used in this state is determined by multiplying 206.7 the receipts from the lease or rental of the rolling stock by a fraction, the numerator of 206.8 which is the miles traveled within this state by the leased or rented rolling stock and the 206.9 denominator of which is the total miles traveled by the leased or rented rolling stock.

(3) The extent that an aircraft is used in this state is determined by multiplying the
receipts from the lease or rental of the aircraft by a fraction, the numerator of which is
the number of landings of the aircraft in this state and the denominator of which is the
total number of landings of the aircraft.

(4) The extent that a vessel, mobile equipment, or other mobile property is used in
the state is determined by multiplying the receipts from the lease or rental of the property
by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days during the taxable year the
property was in this state and the denominator of which is the total days in the taxable year.

(h) Royalties and other income received for the use of or for the privilege of using 206.18 intangible property, including patents, know-how, formulas, designs, processes, patterns, 206.19 copyrights, trade names, service names, franchises, licenses, contracts, customer lists, or 206.20 similar items, must be attributed to the state in which the property is used by the purchaser. 206.21 If the property is used in more than one state, the royalties or other income must be 206.22 206.23 apportioned to this state pro rata according to the portion of use in this state. If the portion of use in this state cannot be determined, the royalties or other income must be excluded 206.24 from both the numerator and the denominator. Intangible property is used in this state if 206.25 the purchaser uses the intangible property or the rights therein in the regular course of its 206.26 business operations in this state, regardless of the location of the purchaser's customers. 206.27

(i) Sales of intangible property are made within the state in which the property is used by the purchaser. If the property is used in more than one state, the sales must be apportioned to this state pro rata according to the portion of use in this state. If the portion of use in this state cannot be determined, the sale must be excluded from both the numerator and the denominator of the sales factor. Intangible property is used in this state if the purchaser used the intangible property in the regular course of its business operations in this state.

206.35 (j) Receipts from the performance of services must be attributed to the state where 206.36 the services are received. For the purposes of this section, receipts from the performance

of services provided to a corporation, partnership, or trust may only be attributed to a state 207.1 where it has a fixed place of doing business. If the state where the services are received is 207.2 not readily determinable or is a state where the corporation, partnership, or trust receiving 207.3 the service does not have a fixed place of doing business, the services shall be deemed 207.4 to be received at the location of the office of the customer from which the services were 207.5 ordered in the regular course of the customer's trade or business. If the ordering office 207.6 cannot be determined, the services shall be deemed to be received at the office of the 207.7 customer to which the services are billed. 207.8

(k) For the purposes of this subdivision and subdivision 6, paragraph (l), receipts 207.9 from management, distribution, or administrative services performed by a corporation 207.10 or trust for a fund of a corporation or trust regulated under United States Code, title 15, 207.11 sections 80a-1 through 80a-64, must be attributed to the state where the shareholder of 207.12 the fund resides. Under this paragraph, receipts for services attributed to shareholders are 207.13 determined on the basis of the ratio of: (1) the average of the outstanding shares in the 207.14 207.15 fund owned by shareholders residing within Minnesota at the beginning and end of each year; and (2) the average of the total number of outstanding shares in the fund at the 207.16 beginning and end of each year. Residence of the shareholder, in the case of an individual, 207.17 is determined by the mailing address furnished by the shareholder to the fund. Residence 207.18 of the shareholder, when the shares are held by an insurance company as a depositor for 207.19 the insurance company policyholders, is the mailing address of the policyholders. In 207.20 the case of an insurance company holding the shares as a depositor for the insurance 207.21 company policyholders, if the mailing address of the policyholders cannot be determined 207.22 207.23 by the taxpayer, the receipts must be excluded from both the numerator and denominator. Residence of other shareholders is the mailing address of the shareholder. 207.24

207.25

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 296A.01, subdivision 16, is amended to read: Subd. 16. **Dyed fuel.** "Dyed fuel" means <u>diesel motor</u> fuel to which indelible dye has been added, either before or upon withdrawal at a terminal or refinery rack, and which may be sold for exempt purposes. The dye may be either dye required to be added per the EPA or dye that meets other specifications required by the Internal Revenue Service or the commissioner.

207.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

208.1 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 403.162, subdivision 5, is 208.2 amended to read: 208.3 Subd. 5. Fees deposited. (a) The commissioner of revenue shall, based on the relative proportion of the prepaid wireless E911 fee and the prepaid wireless 208.4 telecommunications access Minnesota fee imposed per retail transaction, divide the fees 208.5 collected in corresponding proportions. Within 30 days of receipt of the collected fees, 208.6 the commissioner shall: 208.7 (1) deposit the proportion of the collected fees attributable to the prepaid wireless 208.8 E911 fee in the 911 emergency telecommunications service account in the special revenue 208.9 fund; and 208.10 (2) deposit the proportion of collected fees attributable to the prepaid wireless 208.11 telecommunications access Minnesota fee in the telecommunications access fund 208.12 established in section 237.52, subdivision 1. 208.13 (b) The department commissioner of revenue may deduct and retain deposit in a 208.14 special revenue account an amount, not to exceed two percent of collected fees,. Money 208.15 in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner of revenue to reimburse its 208.16 direct costs of administering the collection and remittance of prepaid wireless E911 fees 208.17 and prepaid wireless telecommunications access Minnesota fees. 208.18

208.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2014.

208.20 Sec. 7. Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 8, section 3, the effective date, is amended to 208.21 read:

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2013, except for paragraph (p), which is effective the day following final enactment.

208.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from the day following 208.26 final enactment of Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 8, section 3.

- 208.27
 Sec. 8. REPEALER.

 208.28
 Minnesota Rules, parts 8130.8900, subpart 3; and 8130.9500, subparts 1, 1a, 2,

 208.29
 3, 4, and 5, are repealed.
- 208.30
 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment."

 208.31
 Delete the title and insert:

 208.32
 "A bill for an act

relating to financing and operation of state and local government; making changes 209.1 to individual income, property, sales and use, excise, estate, mineral, tobacco, 209.2 alcohol, special, local, and other taxes and tax-related provisions; providing for 209.3 and increasing credits and refunds; modifying local government aids; modifying 209.4 property tax exclusions, exemptions, and levy deadlines; imposing a tax on 209.5 solar energy production; modifying installment payments; modifying special 209.6 service districts; modifying sales, use, and excise tax incentives and exemptions; 209.7 changing certain sales, use, and excise tax remittances; modifying and allowing 209.8 certain local sales and use taxes; providing for voluntary compliance; modifying 209.9 income tax credits and subtractions; clarifying estate tax provisions; modifying 209.10 minerals tax provisions; reallocating certain bond payments; providing for 209.11 certain local development projects; modifying tax increment finance rules; 209.12 authorizing debt service aid and local bonding authority; designating the "Old 209.13 Cedar Avenue Bridge"; changing license revocation procedures; modifying 209.14 certain county levy authority; removing obsolete, redundant, and unnecessary 209.15 laws and administrative rules administered by the Department of Revenue; 209.16 making various policy and technical changes; requiring reports; appropriating 209.17 money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 16D.02, subdivisions 3, 209.18 6; 16D.04, subdivisions 3, 4; 16D.07; 16D.11, subdivisions 1, 3, 7; 84A.20, 209.19 subdivision 2; 84A.31, subdivision 2; 115B.49, subdivision 4; 116J.8737, 209.20 subdivision 5, as amended, by adding a subdivision; 161.14, by adding a 209.21 subdivision; 163.06, subdivision 1; 270.11, subdivision 1; 270.12, subdivisions 2, 209.22 4; 270.87; 270A.03, subdivision 2; 270B.14, subdivision 3; 270C.085; 270C.34, 209.23 subdivision 2; 270C.52, subdivision 2; 270C.56, subdivision 3; 270C.72, 209.24 subdivisions 1, 3; 272.01, subdivisions 1, 3; 272.02, subdivisions 10, 24, 93; 209.25 272.0211, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 272.025, subdivision 1; 272.027, subdivision 1; 209 26 272.029, subdivisions 4a, 6; 272.03, subdivision 1; 273.01; 273.061, subdivision 209.27 6; 273.10; 273.11, subdivision 13; 273.112, subdivision 6a; 273.13, subdivision 209.28 34; 273.1384, subdivision 2; 273.18; 273.33, subdivision 2; 273.37, subdivision 209.29 2; 273.3711; 274.01, subdivisions 1, 2; 274.014, subdivision 3; 275.065, 209.30 subdivision 1; 275.08, subdivisions 1a, 1d; 275.74, subdivision 2; 275.75; 209.31 276A.06, subdivisions 3, as amended, 5, as amended; 279.03, subdivisions 1, 1a, 209.32 2; 279.16; 279.23; 279.25; 280.001; 280.03; 280.07; 280.11; 281.03; 281.327; 209.33 282.01, subdivision 6; 282.04, subdivision 4; 282.261, subdivisions 2, 4, 5; 209.34 282.322; 287.30; 289A.02, subdivision 7, as amended; 289A.18, subdivision 209.35 2; 289A.25, subdivision 1; 289A.60, subdivision 15; 290.01, subdivisions 5, 209.36 19a, as amended, 19f, 29; 290.015, subdivision 1; 290.07, subdivisions 1, 2; 209.37 290.081; 290.0922, subdivision 3; 290.095, subdivision 3; 290.9728, subdivision 209.38 2; 291.016, subdivision 1, as added; 291.031, as added; 296A.01, subdivision 209.39 16; 297A.67, subdivision 13a, by adding a subdivision; 297A.68, by adding 209.40 a subdivision; 297A.70, subdivision 10, by adding a subdivision; 297A.94; 209.41 297B.09; 297F.03, subdivision 2; 297F.09, subdivision 10; 297G.03, by adding 209.42 a subdivision; 297G.09, subdivision 9; 297H.06, subdivision 2; 297I.05, 209.43 subdivision 14; 298.28, subdivisions 5, as amended, 7a, as added; 298.75, 209.44 subdivisions 1, 2; 383D.41, by adding a subdivision; 383E.21, subdivisions 209.45 1, 2; 412.131; 469.176, subdivisions 1b, 3; 469.1763, subdivision 3; 469.177, 209.46 subdivision 3; 473.665, subdivision 5; 477A.0124, subdivision 5; 477A.014, 209.47 subdivision 1; 611.27, subdivisions 13, 15; Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, 209.48 sections 116J.8737, subdivision 2, as amended; 116J.8738, subdivisions 2, 3, 209 49 4; 116V.03; 136A.129, subdivisions 1, 3, 5; 144F.01, subdivision 4; 270B.01, 209.50 subdivision 8; 270B.03, subdivision 1; 273.13, subdivision 25; 273.1325, 209.51 subdivisions 1, 2; 273.1398, subdivisions 3, 4; 275.70, subdivision 5; 279.37, 209.52 subdivision 2; 281.17; 289A.20, subdivision 4; 290.01, subdivisions 19, as 209.53 amended, 19b, as amended, 19d, 31, as amended; 290.091, subdivision 2, as 209.54 amended; 290.0921, subdivision 3; 290.191, subdivision 5; 290A.03, subdivision 209.55 15, as amended; 291.005, subdivision 1, as amended; 297A.61, subdivision 3, 209.56 as amended; 297A.68, subdivisions 42, 44; 297A.70, subdivisions 2, 13, 14; 209.57 297A.75, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 297F.05, subdivision 1; 298.018, subdivision 209.58

1; 298.28, subdivision 10, as amended; 360.531, subdivision 2; 403.162, 210.1 subdivision 5; 423A.02, subdivision 3; 423A.022, subdivisions 2, 3; 465.04; 210.2 469.1763, subdivision 2; 477A.013, subdivision 8; 477A.03, subdivision 2a; 210.3 477A.12, subdivisions 1, 2; 477A.14, subdivision 1; Laws 1980, chapter 511, 210.4 sections 1, subdivision 2, as amended; 2, as amended; Laws 1999, chapter 243, 210.5 article 14, section 5, subdivision 1; Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, 210.6 article 5, sections 38, subdivision 4; 44, subdivisions 3, 5; Laws 2006, chapter 210.7 259, article 3, sections 10, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 11, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; Laws 210.8 2008, chapter 366, article 10, section 15; Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 8, 210.9 sections 3; 22; 23; 27; 37; article 9, section 23; article 11, section 10; Laws 2014, 210.10 chapter 150, article 3, section 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota 210.11 Statutes, chapters 69; 272; 297G; 383A; 469; 477A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 210.12 2012, sections 16D.02, subdivisions 5, 8; 16D.11, subdivision 2; 270C.53; 210.13 270C.991, subdivision 4; 272.02, subdivisions 1, 1a, 43, 48, 51, 53, 67, 72, 82; 210.14 272.027, subdivision 2; 272.031; 273.015, subdivision 1; 273.03, subdivision 3; 210.15 273.075; 273.13, subdivision 21a; 273.1383; 273.1386; 273.1398, subdivision 210.16 4b; 273.80; 275.77; 279.32; 281.173, subdivision 8; 281.174, subdivision 8; 210.17 281.328; 282.10; 282.23; 287.20, subdivision 4; 287.27, subdivision 2; 289A.56, 210.18 subdivision 7; 290.01, subdivisions 4b, 19e, 20e; 290.06, subdivisions 30, 31; 210.19 290.0674, subdivision 3; 290.191, subdivision 4; 290.33; 295.52, subdivision 210.20 7; 297A.666; 297A.68, subdivision 38; 297A.71, subdivisions 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 210.21 17, 18, 20, 32, 41; 297F.08, subdivision 11; 297H.10, subdivision 2; 469.174, 210.22 subdivision 10c; 469.175, subdivision 2b; 469.176, subdivision 1i; 469.1764; 210.23 469.177, subdivision 10; 469.330; 469.331; 469.332; 469.333; 469.334; 469.335; 210.24 469.336; 469.337; 469.338; 469.339; 469.340, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5; 469.341; 210.25 477A.0124, subdivisions 1, 6; 505.173; Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, 210.26 sections 273.1103; 469.340, subdivision 4; Laws 1993, chapter 375, article 9, 210.27 section 47; Minnesota Rules, parts 8002.0200, subpart 8; 8007.0200; 8100.0800; 210.28 8130.7500, subpart 7; 8130.8900, subpart 3; 8130.9500, subparts 1, 1a, 2, 3, 4, 5." 210.29

211.1 We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

211.2	House Conferees:	
211.3 211.4	Ann Lenczewski	Jim Davnie
211.5		
211.6	Greg Davids	Paul Torkelson
211.7 211.8	Linda Slocum	
211.9	Senate Conferees:	
211.10 211.11	Rod Skoe	Ann H. Rest
211.12 211.13	Kari Dziedzic	Lyle Koenen
211.14 211.15	Paul E. Gazelka	