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State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

A bill for an act

relating to labor; creating the Public Employment Relations Board; authorizing

rulemaking; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections

EIGHTY-EIGHTH SESSION

H. F. No. 3014

03/12/2014 Authored by Carlson

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The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Jobs and Economic Development Finance and Policy

03/24/2014 Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

1.4 1.5 1.6	by adding a subdivision; 179A.04, subdivision 3; 179A.051; 179A.06, by adding a subdivision; 179A.10, subdivision 1; 179A.13; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 179A.
1.7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.8	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 179A.03, is amended by adding a
1.9	subdivision to read:
1.10	Subd. 2a. Board. "Board" means the Public Employment Relations Board under
1.11	section 179A.041.
1.12	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 179A.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
1.13	Subd. 3. Other duties. (a) The commissioner shall:
1.14	(1) provide mediation services as requested by the parties until the parties reach
1.15	agreement, and may continue to assist parties after they have submitted their final
1.16	positions for interest arbitration;
1.17	(2) issue notices, subpoenas, and orders required by law to carry out duties under
1.18	sections 179A.01 to 179A.25;
1.19	(3) assist the parties in formulating petitions, notices, and other papers required to be
1.20	filed with the commissioner or the board;
1.21	(4) conduct elections;

(5) certify the final results of any election or other voting procedure conducted

Sec. 2.

under sections 179A.01 to 179A.25;

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(6) adopt rules relating to the	administration of thi	s chapter and the co	onduct of
hearings and elections;			
(7) receive, catalogue, file, an	nd make available to	the public all decisi	ions of
arbitrators and panels authorized by	sections 179A.01 to	179A.25, all grieva	nce arbitration
decisions to the extent the decision	is public under section	on 13.43, subdivisio	n 2, paragraph
(b), and the commissioner's orders	and decisions;		
(8) adopt, subject to chapter 1	4, a grievance proced	dure that fulfills the	purposes of
section 179A.20, subdivision 4, that	t is available to any e	mployee in a unit n	ot covered by
a contractual grievance procedure;			
(9) maintain a schedule of sta	te employee classific	ations or positions a	assigned to
each unit established in section 179	A.10, subdivision 2;		
(10) collect fees established b	y rule for empanelm	ent of persons on th	ne labor
arbitrator roster maintained by the	commissioner or in co	onjunction with fair	share fee
challenges. Arbitrator application for	ees will be \$100 per	year for initial appli	ications and
renewals effective July 1, 2007;			
(11) provide technical support	t and assistance to vo	luntary joint labor-1	management
committees established for the purp	oose of improving rel	ationships between	exclusive
representatives and employers, at the	ne discretion of the co	ommissioner;	
(12) provide to the parties a li	ist of arbitrators as re	equired by section 1	79A.16,
subdivision 4; and			
(13) maintain a list of up to 60	0 arbitrators for refer	ral to employers and	d exclusive
representatives for the resolution of	f grievance or interest	t disputes. Each per	rson on the
list must be knowledgeable about co	ollective bargaining a	and labor relations i	n the public
sector, well versed in state and fede	eral labor law, and exp	perienced in and kn	owledgeable
about labor arbitration. To the exter	nt practicable, the con	nmissioner shall app	point members
to the list so that the list is gender a	and racially diverse; a	<u>ınd</u>	
(14) upon request of the board	d, provide administra	tive support and oth	ner assistance
to the board, including assistance in	n development and ad	option of board rule	<u>es</u> .
(b) From the names provided	by representative org	ganizations, the com	nmissioner
shall maintain a list of arbitrators to	conduct teacher disc	charge or termination	on hearings
according to section 122A.40 or 12	2A.41. The persons	on the list must me	et at least

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Sec. 2.

(2) be a qualified arbitrator on the list maintained by the bureau;

(3) be a present, former, or retired administrative law judge; or

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one of the following requirements:

(1) be a former or retired judge;

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(4) be a neutral individual who is learned in the law and admitted to practice in Minnesota, who is qualified by experience to conduct these hearings, and who is without bias to either party.
Each year, education Minnesota shall provide a list of up to 14 names and the Minnesota School Boards Association a list of up to 14 names of persons to be on the list. The commissioner may adopt rules about maintaining and updating the list.

Sec. 3. [179A.041] PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS BOARD; POWER, AUTHORITY, AND DUTIES.

Subdivision 1. Membership. The Public Employment Relations Board is established with three members. One member shall be an officer or employee of an exclusive representative of public employees and shall be appointed by the governor; one shall be representative of public employers and shall be appointed by the governor; and one shall be representative of the public at large and shall be appointed by the other two members. Public employers and employee organizations representing public employees may submit for consideration names of persons representing their interests. The board shall select one of its members to serve as chair for a term beginning July 1 of each year.

- Subd. 2. Alternate members. (a) The appointing authorities shall appoint alternate members to serve only in the case of a member having a conflict of interest under subdivision 8, as follows:
- (1) one alternate, appointed by the governor, who is an officer or employee of an exclusive representative of public employees, to serve as an alternate to the member appointed by the governor who is an officer or employee of an exclusive representative of public employees. This alternate must not be an officer or employee of the same exclusive representative of public employees as the member for whom the alternate serves;
- (2) one alternate, appointed by the governor, who is a representative of public employers, to serve as an alternate to the member appointed by the governor who is a representative of public employers. This alternate must not represent the same public employer as the member for whom the alternate serves; and
- (3) one alternate, appointed by the member who is an officer or employee of an exclusive representative of public employees and the member who is a representative of public employers, who is not an officer or employee of an exclusive representative of public employees, or a representative of a public employer, to serve as an alternate for the member that represents the public at large.
- (b) Each alternate member shall serve a term that is coterminous with the term of the member for whom the alternate member serves as an alternate.

Sec. 3. 3

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	Subd. 3. Terms; compensation. The membership terms, compensation, removal
of m	embers, and filling of vacancies for members and alternate members shall be as
provi	ided in section 15.0575.
	Subd. 4. Rules; meetings. The board shall adopt rules governing its procedure and
shall	hold meetings as prescribed in those rules. The chair shall preside at meetings of
ne b	oard.
	Subd. 5. Appeals. In addition to the other powers and duties given it by law, the
oarc	d shall hear and decide appeals from:
	(1) recommended decisions and orders relating to an unfair labor practice under
section	on 179A.13; and
	(2) determinations of the commissioner under section 179A.12, subdivision 11.
	Subd. 6. Rulemaking. The board shall adopt rules under chapter 14 governing
he p	resentation of issues and the taking of appeals under subdivision 5. All issues and
appe	als presented to the board shall be determined upon the record of hearing, except that
he b	oard may request additional evidence when necessary or helpful.
	Subd. 7. Employees and contracts. The board may hire investigators, hearing
office	ers, and other employees as necessary to perform its duties, or may enter into
ontr	racts to perform any of the board's duties.
	Subd. 8. Conflict of interest. A member must disclose any conflict of interest in
cas	e before the board and shall not take any action or vote in the case. The person
lesig	gnated as the recused member's alternate shall serve in place of the member who
nas a	conflict for all actions and votes on the case, unless the alternate has a conflict of
nter	est. If both a member and the member's alternate have a conflict of interest in a case,
he a	ppointing authority will appoint a second alternate member, who meets the same
equi	irements as the alternate member and who has no conflict of interest, to take action
and v	vote in the case. A board member or alternate member has a conflict of interest in a
case	if the member is employed by, an officer of, a member of the governing body of, or
a me	mber of a party in the case.
. 1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2014. The board shall be
	olished and prepared to hear and decide rules under Minnesota Statutes, section
179A	A.041, subdivision 4, by July 1, 2015.
O.	A Minnogoto Statutog 2012 gootion 170 A 051 is a seed of the seed.
Se	ec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 179A.051, is amended to read:
	179A.051 APPEALS OF COMMISSIONER'S DECISIONS.

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(a) Decisions of the commissioner relating to supervisory, confidential, essential,
and professional employees, appropriateness of a unit, or fair share fee challenges may be
reviewed on certiorari by the Court of Appeals. A petition for a writ of certiorari must be
filed and served on the other party or parties and the commissioner within 30 days from
the date of the mailing of the commissioner's decision. The petition must be served on the
other party or parties at the party's or parties' last known address.

(b) Decisions of the commissioner relating to unfair labor practices under section 179A.12, subdivision 11, may be appealed to the board if the appeal is filed with the board and served on all other parties no later than 30 days after service of the commissioner's decision.

Sec. 5. [179A.052] APPEALS OF BOARD'S DECISIONS.

Decisions of the board relating to unfair labor practices under section 179A.12, subdivision 11, or 179A.13, including dismissal of unfair labor practice charges, may be reviewed on certiorari by the Court of Appeals. A petition for a writ of certiorari must be filed and served on the other party or parties and the board within 30 days from the date of the mailing of the board's decision. The petition must be served on the other party or parties at the party's or parties' last known address.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 179A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 7. Concerted activity. Public employees have the right to engage in concerted activities for the purpose of collective bargaining or other mutual aid or protection.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 179A.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Exclusions.** The commissioner of management and budget shall meet and negotiate with the exclusive representative of each of the units specified in this section, except as provided in section 43A.06, subdivision 1, paragraph (c). The units provided in this section are the only appropriate units for executive branch state employees. The following employees shall be excluded from any appropriate unit:
 - (1) the positions and classes of positions in the classified and unclassified services defined as managerial by the commissioner of management and budget in accordance with section 43A.18, subdivision 3, and so designated in the official state compensation schedules;
 - (2) unclassified positions in the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities defined as managerial by the Board of Trustees;

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6.1	(3) positions of physician employees compensated under section 43A.17,
6.2	subdivision 4;
6.3	(4) positions of all unclassified employees appointed by a constitutional officer;
6.4	(5) positions in the Bureau of Mediation Services and the Public Employment
6.5	Relations Board;
6.6	(6) positions of employees whose classification is pilot or chief pilot;
6.7	(7) administrative law judge and compensation judge positions in the Office of
6.8	Administrative Hearings; and
6.9	(8) positions of all confidential employees.
6.10	The governor may upon the unanimous written request of exclusive representatives
6.11	of units and the commissioner direct that negotiations be conducted for one or more units
6.12	in a common proceeding or that supplemental negotiations be conducted for portions of a
6.13	unit or units defined on the basis of appointing authority or geography.
6.14	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 179A.13, is amended to read:
6.15	179A.13 UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICES.
6.16	Subdivision 1. Actions. (a) The practices specified in this section are unfair labor
6.17	practices. Any employee, employer, employee or employer organization, exclusive
6.18	representative, or any other person or organization aggrieved by an unfair labor practice as
6.19	defined in this section may bring an action for injunctive relief and for damages caused by
6.20	the unfair labor practice in the district court of the county in which the practice is alleged
6.21	to have occurred. A copy of any complaint alleging an unfair labor practice must be filed
6.22	with the commissioner at the time it is brought in district court. The party bringing an
6.23	unfair labor practice action in district court shall also transmit to the commissioner any
6.24	orders or judgments of the court within ten days of the order or judgment file an unfair
6.25	labor practice charge with the board.
6.26	(b) Whenever it is charged that any party has engaged in or is engaging in any
6.27	unfair labor practice, an investigator designated by the board shall promptly conduct
6.28	an investigation of the charge. If after the investigation the board finds that the charge
6.29	involves a material issue of law or fact, the board shall promptly issue a complaint and
6.30	cause to be served upon the party a complaint stating the charges, accompanied by a
6.31	notice of hearing before a qualified hearing officer designated by the board at the offices of
6.32	the bureau or other location as the board deems appropriate, not less than five days nor
6.33	more than 20 days after serving the complaint, provided that no complaint shall be issued

based upon any unfair labor practice occurring more than six months prior to the filing of

a charge. A complaint issued under this subdivision may be amended by the board at any

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time prior to the issuance of an order based thereon. The party who is the subject of the complaint has the right to file an answer to the original or amended complaint prior to hearing and to appear in person or by a representative and give testimony at the place and time fixed in the complaint. In the discretion of the hearing officer conducting the hearing or the board, any other party may be allowed to intervene in the proceeding and to present testimony. The board or designated hearing officers shall not be bound by the rules of evidence applicable to courts, except as to the rules of privilege recognized by law.

- (c) Designated investigators must conduct the investigation of charges.
- (d) Hearing officers must conduct the hearings and issue recommended decisions and orders.
- (e) The board or its designees shall have the power to issue subpoenas and administer oaths. If any party willfully fails or neglects to appear or testify or to produce books, papers, and records pursuant to the issuance of a subpoena, the board may apply to a court of competent jurisdiction to request that the party be ordered to appear to testify or produce the requested evidence.
- (f) A full and complete record shall be kept of all proceedings before the board or designated hearing officer and shall be transcribed by a reporter appointed by the board.
- (g) The party on whom the burden of proof rests shall be required to sustain the burden by a preponderance of the evidence.
- (h) At any time prior to the close of a hearing, the parties may by mutual agreement request referral to mediation, at which time the commissioner shall appoint a mediator, and the hearing shall be suspended pending the results of the mediation.
- (i) If, upon a preponderance of the evidence taken, the hearing officer determines that any party named in the charge has engaged in or is engaging in an unfair labor practice, then a recommended decision and order shall be issued stating findings of fact and conclusions, and requiring the party to cease and desist from the unfair labor practice, to post a cease-and-desist notice in the workplace, and to take action to effectuate the policies of this section, including reinstatement of public employees with back pay and compensatory damages up to three times the amount of actual damages. If back pay is awarded, the award must include interest at the rate of seven percent per annum. The order further may require the party to make reports from time to time, and demonstrate the extent to which the party has complied with the order.
- (j) If there is no preponderance of evidence that the party named in the charge has engaged in or is engaging in the unfair labor practice, then the hearing officer shall issue a recommended decision and order stating findings of fact and dismissing the complaint.

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(k) Parties may file exceptions to the hearing officer's recommended decision and order with the board no later than 30 days after service of the recommended decision and order. The board shall review the recommended decision and order upon timely filing of exceptions or upon its own motion. If no timely exceptions have been filed, the parties must be deemed to have waived their exceptions. Unless the board reviews the recommended decision and order upon its own motion, it must not be legal precedent and must be final and binding only on the parties to the proceeding as issued in an order issued by the board. If the board does review the recommended decision and order, the board may adopt all, part, or none of the recommended decision and order, depending on the extent to which it is consistent with the record and applicable laws. The board shall issue and serve on all parties its decision and order. The board shall retain jurisdiction over the case to ensure the parties' compliance with the board's order. Unless overturned by the board, the parties must comply with the recommended decision and order.

- (l) Until the record has been filed in the Court of Appeals or district court, the board at any time, upon reasonable notice and in a manner it deems appropriate, may modify or set aside, in whole or in part, any finding or order made or issued by it.
- (m) Upon a final order that an unfair labor practice has been committed, the board or the charging party may petition the district court for the enforcement of the order and for appropriate temporary relief or restraining order. When the board petitions the court, the charging party may intervene as a matter of right.
- (n) Whenever it appears that any party has violated a final order of the board issued pursuant to this section, the board must petition the district court for an order directing the party, its officers, agents, servants, successors, and assigns to comply with the order of the board. The board shall be represented in this action by its general counsel, who has been appointed by the board. The court may grant or refuse, in whole or in part, the relief sought, provided that the court also may stay an order of the board pending disposition of the proceedings. The court may punish a violation of its order as in civil contempt.
- (o) The board shall have power, upon issuance of an unfair labor practice complaint alleging that a party has engaged in or is engaging in an unfair labor practice, to petition the district court for appropriate temporary relief or restraining order. Upon the filing of any such petition, the court shall cause notice thereof to be served upon such parties, and thereupon shall have jurisdiction to grant to the board or commissioner temporary relief or a restraining order as it deems appropriate. Nothing in this paragraph precludes a charging party from seeking injunctive relief in district court after filing the unfair labor practice charge.

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(p) The proceedings in paragraphs (m), (n), and (o) shall be commenced in the

district co	ourt for the county in which the unfair labor practice which is the subject of
the order	or administrative complaint was committed, or where a party alleged to have
committee	d the unfair labor practice resides or transacts business.
<u>(q)</u>	The board shall not defer to any grievance and arbitration procedure or other
legal proc	ess in investigating or deciding any unfair labor practice case, charge, or claim.
Sub	d. 2. Employers. Public employers, their agents and representatives are
prohibited	I from:
(1) i	interfering, restraining, or coercing employees in the exercise of the rights
guarantee	d in sections 179A.01 to 179A.25;
(2)	dominating or interfering with the formation, existence, or administration of any
employee	organization or contributing other support to it;
(3)	discriminating in regard to hire or tenure to encourage or discourage membership
in an emp	loyee organization;
(4)	discharging or otherwise discriminating against an employee because the
employee	has signed or filed an affidavit, petition, or complaint or given information or
testimony	under sections 179A.01 to 179A.25;
(5) ı	refusing to meet and negotiate in good faith with the exclusive representative of
its employ	yees in an appropriate unit;
(6) ı	refusing to comply with grievance procedures contained in an agreement;
(7)	distributing or circulating a blacklist of individuals exercising a legal right or
of membe	ers of a labor organization for the purpose of preventing blacklisted individuals
from obta	ining or retaining employment;
(8)	violating rules established by the commissioner regulating the conduct of
representa	ation elections;
(9) r	refusing to comply with a valid decision of a binding arbitration panel or arbitrator
(10)	violating or refusing to comply with any lawful order or decision issued by
the comm	issioner or the board;
(11)	refusing to provide, upon the request of the exclusive representative, all
information	on pertaining to the public employer's budget both present and proposed,
revenues,	and other financing information provided that in the executive branch of state
governme	ent this clause may not be considered contrary to the budgetary requirements of
sections 1	6A.10 and 16A.11; or
(12)	granting or offering to grant the status of permanent replacement employee
to a perso	n for performing bargaining unit work for the employer during a lockout of

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10.35 (14) seizing or occupying or destroying property of the employer;

(12) picketing which has an unlawful purpose such as secondary boycott;

(13) picketing which unreasonably interferes with the ingress and egress to facilities

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(11) engaging in an unlawful strike;

of the public employer;

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(15) violating or refusing to comply	with any	y lawful	order or	decision	issued by
the commissioner or the board.					

Sec	9	APPROPRIATION	J: INITIAL ASSIST	ANCE.
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(a) \$125,000 in fiscal year 2015 is appropriated from the general fund to the
commissioner of the Bureau of Mediation Services for purposes of the Public Employment
Relations Board under Minnesota Statutes, section 179A.041. This appropriation is
added to the base.

(b) The commissioner of the Bureau of Mediation Services must call the first meeting of the board, and must assist the board in its initial operations, including development and adoption of the board's initial rules.

Sec. 10. **EFFECTIVE DATE.**

Sections 1, 2, and 4 to 8 are effective July 1, 2015. Section 9 is effective July 1, 2014.

Sec. 10.