

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

EIGHTY-NINTH SESSION

H. F. No. 2844

03/10/2016 Authored by Hackbarth

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Mining and Outdoor Recreation Policy

04/01/2016 Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources Policy and Finance

04/11/2016 Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

05/09/2016 Adoption of Report: Placed on the General Register as Amended
Read Second Time

1.1 A bill for an act
1.2 relating to natural resources; modifying off-road vehicle provisions; providing for
1.3 David Dill memorial trail; modifying disposition of certain receipts; modifying
1.4 report requirements; modifying game and fish penalty and enforcement
1.5 provisions; modifying fees and requirements to take game and fish; authorizing
1.6 lifetime game and fish license information to be placed on driver's license or
1.7 Minnesota identification card; modifying commissioner's duties; providing
1.8 for elk management; requiring rulemaking; providing criminal penalties;
1.9 appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 3.7371, by
1.10 adding a subdivision; 16C.135, by adding a subdivision; 84.798, subdivision 2;
1.11 84.8035; 85.015, subdivision 13; 97A.045, subdivision 7; 97A.055, subdivision
1.12 4; 97A.075, subdivision 1; 97A.201, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision;
1.13 97A.301, subdivision 1; 97A.338; 97A.405, subdivision 2; 97A.420, subdivision
1.14 1; 97A.421, subdivision 2a; 97A.451, subdivision 6; 97A.473, subdivisions 3, 5,
1.15 5a; 97A.474, subdivision 3; 97A.475, subdivisions 2, 3; 97B.035, subdivision
1.16 1; 97B.071; 97B.086; 97B.305; 97B.516; 97B.731, subdivision 3; 97B.811,
1.17 subdivision 4a; 97C.401, subdivision 2; 171.07, by adding a subdivision;
1.18 Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, sections 97B.041; 97B.063; proposing
1.19 coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 97B; 97C; repealing
1.20 Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.075, subdivision 5.

1.21 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.22 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.7371, is amended by adding a
1.23 subdivision to read:

1.24 Subd. 8. **Report.** The commissioner must submit a report to the chairs of the house
1.25 of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture
1.26 and environment and natural resources by December 15 each year that details the total
1.27 amount of damages paid, by elk herd, in the previous two fiscal years.

1.28 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16C.135, is amended by adding a subdivision
1.29 to read:

2.1 Subd. 4. **Certain vehicles and equipment.** The commissioner of natural resources
2.2 is not required to purchase or use ethanol-blended fuel for off-road vehicles, boats,
2.3 snowmobiles, or small engines.

2.4 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.798, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

2.5 Subd. 2. **Exemptions.** Registration is not required for an off-road vehicle that is:
2.6 (1) owned and used by the United States, an Indian tribal government, the state,
2.7 another state, or a political subdivision; ~~or~~
2.8 (2) registered in another state or country and has not been in this state for more than
2.9 30 consecutive days; or
2.10 (3) operated with a valid state trail pass according to section 84.8035.

2.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2017, or when the
2.12 electronic licensing system has been upgraded, whichever is sooner.

2.13 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.8035, is amended to read:

2.14 **84.8035 NONRESIDENT OFF-ROAD VEHICLE STATE TRAIL PASS.**

2.15 Subdivision 1. **Pass required; fee.** (a) Except as provided under paragraph (c), a
2.16 ~~nonresident person~~ may not operate an off-road vehicle on a state or grant-in-aid off-road
2.17 vehicle trail or use area unless the vehicle displays ~~a nonresident an~~ off-road vehicle state
2.18 trail pass sticker issued according to this section. The pass must be viewable by a peace
2.19 officer, a conservation officer, or an employee designated under section 84.0835.

2.20 (b) ~~The fee for an annual pass is \$20. The pass is valid from January 1 through~~
2.21 ~~December 31. The fee for a three-year pass is \$30.~~ The commissioner of natural resources
2.22 shall issue a pass upon application and payment of the fee. Fees collected under this
2.23 section, except for the issuing fee for licensing agents, shall be deposited in the state
2.24 treasury and credited to the off-road vehicle account in the natural resources fund and,
2.25 except for the electronic licensing system commission established by the commissioner
2.26 under section 84.027, subdivision 15, must be used for grants-in-aid to counties and
2.27 municipalities for off-road vehicle organizations to construct and maintain off-road
2.28 vehicle trails and use areas.

2.29 (c) ~~A nonresident~~ An off-road vehicle state trail pass is not required for:

2.30 (1) an off-road vehicle that is owned and used by the United States, another state,
2.31 or a political subdivision thereof that is exempt from registration under section 84.798,
2.32 subdivision 2;

(2) a person operating an off-road vehicle only on the portion of a trail that is owned by the person or the person's spouse, child, or parent; or

(3) a ~~nonresident~~ person operating an off-road vehicle that is registered according to section 84.798.

(d) The fee for an annual nonresident off-road vehicle state trail pass is \$20. The nonresident pass is valid from January 1 through December 31. The fee for a nonresident three-year pass is \$30.

(e) The fee for a resident off-road vehicle state trail pass is \$20. The resident pass is valid for 30 consecutive days after the date of issuance.

Subd. 2. **License agents.** The commissioner may appoint agents to issue and sell ~~nonresident~~ off-road vehicle state trail passes. The commissioner may revoke the appointment of an agent at any time. The commissioner may adopt additional rules as provided in section 97A.485, subdivision 11. An agent shall observe all rules adopted by the commissioner for accounting and handling of passes pursuant to section 97A.485, subdivision 11. An agent shall promptly deposit and remit all money received from the sale of the passes, exclusive of the issuing fee, to the commissioner.

Subd. 3. **Issuance of passes.** The commissioner and agents shall issue and sell ~~nonresident~~ off-road vehicle state trail passes. The commissioner shall also make the passes available through the electronic licensing system established under section 84.027, subdivision 15.

Subd. 4. **Agent's fee.** In addition to the fee for a pass, an issuing fee of \$1 per pass shall be charged. The issuing fee may be retained by the seller of the pass. Issuing fees for passes issued by the commissioner shall be deposited in the off-road vehicle account in the natural resources fund and retained for the operation of the electronic licensing system.

Subd. 5. **Duplicate passes.** The commissioner and agents shall issue a duplicate pass to persons whose pass is lost or destroyed using the process established under section 97A.405, subdivision 3, and rules adopted thereunder. The fee for a duplicate ~~nonresident~~ off-road vehicle state trail pass is \$4, with an issuing fee of 50 cents.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2017, or when the electronic licensing system has been upgraded, whichever is sooner.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.015, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. **Arrowhead Region Trails, Cook, Lake, St. Louis, Pine, Carlton, Koochiching, and Itasca Counties.** (a)(1) The Taconite Trail shall originate at Ely in St. Louis County and extend southwesterly to Tower in St. Louis County, thence westerly to

McCarthy Beach State Park in St. Louis County, thence southwesterly to Grand Rapids in Itasca County and there terminate;

(2) the C. J. Ramstad/Northshore Trail shall originate in Duluth in St. Louis County and extend northeasterly to Two Harbors in Lake County, thence northeasterly to Grand Marais in Cook County, thence northeasterly to the international boundary in the vicinity of the north shore of Lake Superior, and there terminate;

~~(3) The Grand Marais to International Falls Trail shall originate in Grand Marais in Cook County and extend northwesterly, outside of the Boundary Waters Canoe Area, to Ely in St. Louis County, thence southwesterly along the route of the Taconite Trail to Tower in St. Louis County, thence northwesterly through the Pelican Lake area in St. Louis County to International Falls in Koochiching County, and there terminate~~ the David Dill/Arrowhead Trail shall originate at International Falls in Koochiching County and extend southeasterly through the Pelican Lake area in St. Louis County, intersecting with the Taconite Trail west of Tower; then the David Dill/Taconite Trail continues easterly to Ely in St. Louis County; then the David Dill/Tomahawk Trail extends southeasterly, outside the Boundary Waters Canoe Area, to the area of Little Marais in Lake County and there terminates at the intersection with the C. J. Ramstad/Northshore Trail; and

(4) the Matthew Lourey Trail shall originate in Duluth in St. Louis County and extend southerly to Chengwatana State Forest in Pine County.

(b) The trails shall be developed primarily for riding and hiking.

(c) In addition to the authority granted in subdivision 1, lands and interests in lands for the Arrowhead Region trails may be acquired by eminent domain. Before acquiring any land or interest in land by eminent domain the commissioner of administration shall obtain the approval of the governor. The governor shall consult with the Legislative Advisory Commission before granting approval. Recommendations of the Legislative Advisory Commission shall be advisory only. Failure or refusal of the commission to make a recommendation shall be deemed a negative recommendation.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.045, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Duty to encourage stamp design and purchases.** (a) The commissioner shall encourage the purchase of:

(1) Minnesota migratory waterfowl stamps by nonhunters interested in migratory waterfowl preservation and habitat development;

(2) pheasant stamps by persons interested in pheasant habitat improvement;

(3) trout and salmon stamps by persons interested in trout and salmon stream and lake improvement; and

5.1 ~~(4) turkey stamps by persons interested in stamp collecting; and~~
5.2 ~~(5) (4) walleye stamps by persons interested in walleye stocking and stamp collecting.~~
5.3 (b) The commissioner shall make rules governing contests for selecting a design for
5.4 each stamp, including those stamps not required to be in possession while taking game or
5.5 fish. The commissioner shall ensure that stamp design and characteristics are consistent
5.6 with the design and characteristics that are sought by pictorial stamp collectors.

5.7 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.055, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

5.8 Subd. 4. **Game and fish annual reports.** (a) By December 15 each year,
5.9 the commissioner shall submit to the legislative committees having jurisdiction over
5.10 appropriations and the environment and natural resources reports on each of the following:

5.11 (1) the amount of revenue from the following and purposes for which expenditures
5.12 were made:

- 5.13 (i) the small game license surcharge under section 97A.475, subdivision 4;
- 5.14 (ii) the Minnesota migratory waterfowl stamp under section 97A.475, subdivision
5.15 5, clause (1);
- 5.16 (iii) the trout and salmon stamp under section 97A.475, subdivision 10;
- 5.17 (iv) the pheasant stamp under section 97A.475, subdivision 5, clause (2);
- 5.18 ~~(v) the wild turkey management account under section 97A.075, subdivision 5;~~
- 5.19 ~~(vi) (v) the deer license donations and surcharges under section 97A.475,~~
5.20 subdivisions 3, paragraph (b), and 3a; and
- 5.21 ~~(vii) (vi) the walleye stamp under section 97A.475, subdivision 10a;~~
- 5.22 (2) the amounts available under section 97A.075, subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) and
5.23 (c), and the purposes for which these amounts were spent;
- 5.24 (3) money credited to the game and fish fund under this section and purposes for
5.25 which expenditures were made from the fund;
- 5.26 (4) outcome goals for the expenditures from the game and fish fund; and
- 5.27 (5) summary and comments of citizen oversight committee reviews under
5.28 subdivision 4b.

5.29 (b) The report must include the commissioner's recommendations, if any, for
5.30 changes in the laws relating to the stamps and surcharge referenced in paragraph (a).

5.31 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.075, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

5.32 Subdivision 1. **Deer, bear, and lifetime licenses.** (a) For purposes of this
5.33 subdivision, "deer license" means a license issued under section 97A.475, subdivisions 2,

clauses (5), (6), (7), (13), (14), and (15); 3, paragraph (a), clauses (2), (3), (4), (10), (11), and (12); and 8, paragraph (b), and licenses issued under section 97B.301, subdivision 4.

(b) \$2 from each annual deer license and \$2 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund, established in section 97A.4742, for each license issued under section 97A.473, subdivision 4, shall be credited to the deer management account and is appropriated to the commissioner for deer habitat improvement or deer management programs.

(c) \$1 from each annual deer license and each bear license and \$1 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund, established in section 97A.4742, for each license issued under section 97A.473, subdivision 4, shall be credited to the deer and bear management account and is appropriated to the commissioner for deer and bear management programs, including a computerized licensing system.

(d) Fifty cents from each deer license is credited to the emergency deer feeding and wild cervidae health management account and is appropriated for emergency deer feeding and wild cervidae health management. Money appropriated for emergency deer feeding and wild cervidae health management is available until expended.

When the unencumbered balance in the appropriation for emergency deer feeding and wild cervidae health management exceeds \$2,500,000 at the end of a fiscal year, the unencumbered balance in excess of \$2,500,000 is canceled and available for deer and bear management programs and computerized licensing.

~~(e) Fifty cents from each annual deer license and 50 cents annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund established in section 97A.4742, for each license issued under section 97A.473, subdivision 4, shall be credited to the wolf management and monitoring account under subdivision 7.~~

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.201, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Duty of county attorneys and peace officers.** ~~County attorneys and All~~ peace officers must enforce the game and fish laws.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.201, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. **Prosecuting authority.** (a) County attorneys are the primary prosecuting authority for violations under section 97A.205, clause (5).

(b) Prosecution under paragraph (a) includes associated civil forfeiture actions provided by law.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.301, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Misdemeanor.** Unless a different penalty is prescribed, a person is guilty of a misdemeanor if that person:

(1) takes, buys, sells, transports or possesses a wild animal in violation of the game and fish laws;

(2) aids or assists in committing the violation;

(3) knowingly shares in the proceeds of the violation;

(4) fails to perform a duty or comply with a requirement of the game and fish laws;

(5) knowingly makes a false statement related to an affidavit regarding a violation or requirement of the game and fish laws; or

(6) violates or attempts to violate a rule under the game and fish laws.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.338, is amended to read:

97A.338 GROSS OVERLIMITS OF WILD ANIMALS; PENALTY.

(a) A person who takes, possesses, or transports wild animals over the legal limit, in closed season, or without a valid license, when the restitution value of the wild animals is over \$1,000 is guilty of a gross overlimit violation. A violation under this section is a gross misdemeanor.

(b) If a wild animal involved in the violation under this section is listed as a threatened or endangered wild animal, the penalty in paragraph (a) does not apply unless more than one animal is taken, possessed, or transported in violation of the game and fish laws.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.405, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Personal possession.** (a) A person acting under a license or traveling from an area where a licensed activity was performed must have in personal possession ~~either:~~ (1) the proper license, if the license has been issued to and received by the person; (2) a driver's license or Minnesota identification card issued under section 171.07, subdivision 19, that has a valid written designation of the proper lifetime license; or ~~(2) (3) the proper~~ license identification number or stamp validation, if the license has been sold to the person by electronic means but the actual license has not been issued and received.

(b) If possession of a license or a license identification number is required, a person must exhibit, as requested by a conservation officer or peace officer, ~~either:~~ (1) the proper license if the license has been issued to and received by the person; (2) a driver's license or Minnesota identification card issued under section 171.07, subdivision 19, that has a valid written designation of the proper lifetime license; or ~~(2) (3) the proper~~ license identification number or stamp validation and a valid state driver's license, state

identification card, or other form of identification provided by the commissioner, if the license has been sold to the person by electronic means but the actual license has not been issued and received. A person charged with violating the license possession requirement shall not be convicted if the person produces in court or the office of the arresting officer, the actual license previously issued to that person, which was valid at the time of arrest, or satisfactory proof that at the time of the arrest the person was validly licensed. Upon request of a conservation officer or peace officer, a licensee shall write the licensee's name in the presence of the officer to determine the identity of the licensee.

(c) Except as provided in paragraph (a), clause (2), if the actual license has been issued and received, a receipt for license fees, a copy of a license, or evidence showing the issuance of a license, including the license identification number or stamp validation, does not entitle a licensee to exercise the rights or privileges conferred by a license.

(d) A license issued electronically and not immediately provided to the licensee shall be mailed to the licensee within 30 days of purchase of the license. A pictorial migratory waterfowl, pheasant, trout and salmon, or walleye stamp shall be provided to the licensee after purchase of a stamp validation only if the licensee pays an additional fee that covers the costs of producing and mailing a pictorial stamp. ~~A pictorial turkey stamp may be purchased for a fee that covers the costs of producing and mailing the pictorial stamp.~~ Notwithstanding section 16A.1283, the commissioner may, by written order published in the State Register, establish fees for providing the pictorial stamps. The fees must be set in an amount that does not recover significantly more or less than the cost of producing and mailing the stamps. The fees are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and section 14.386 does not apply.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018, or when the Minnesota licensing and registration system is ready, whichever is later.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.420, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Seizure.** (a) An enforcement officer shall immediately seize the license of a person who unlawfully takes, transports, or possesses wild animals when the restitution value of the wild animals exceeds \$500. Except as provided in subdivisions 2, 4, and 5, the person may not use or obtain any license to take the same type of wild animals involved, including a duplicate license, until an action is taken under subdivision 6. If the license seized under this paragraph was for a big game animal, the license seizure applies to all licenses to take big game issued to the individual. If the license seized under this paragraph was for small game animals, the license seizure applies to all licenses to take small game issued to the individual.

(b) In addition to the license seizure under paragraph (a), if the restitution value of the wild animals unlawfully taken, possessed, or transported is ~~\$5,000~~ \$1,000 or more, all other game and fish licenses held by the person shall be immediately seized. Except as provided in subdivision 2, 4, or 5, the person may not obtain any game or fish license or permit, including a duplicate license, until an action is taken under subdivision 6.

(c) A person may not take wild animals covered by a license seized under this subdivision until an action is taken under subdivision 6.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.421, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. **License revocation after conviction.** (a) A person may not obtain a license to take a wild animal and is prohibited from taking wild animals for a period of ten years after the date of conviction of a violation when the restitution value of the wild animals is \$2,000 or more.

(b) A person may not obtain a license to take a wild animal and is prohibited from taking wild animals for a period of five years after the date of conviction of:

(1) a violation when the restitution value of the wild animals is ~~\$5,000~~ \$1,000 or more, but less than \$2,000; or

(2) a violation when the restitution value of the wild animals exceeds \$500 and the violation occurs within ten years of one or more previous license revocations under this ~~subdivision~~ paragraph.

~~(b)~~ (c) A person may not obtain a license to take the type of wild animals involved in a violation when the restitution value of the wild animals exceeds \$500 and is prohibited from taking the type of wild animals involved in the violation for a period of three years after the date of conviction of a violation.

~~(e)~~ (d) The time period of multiple revocations under paragraph (a), ~~or (b)~~, clause (2), shall be consecutive and no wild animals of any kind may be taken during the entire period.

(e) If a wild animal involved in the conviction is listed as a threatened or endangered wild animal, the revocations specified under this subdivision do not apply unless more than one animal is taken, possessed, or transported in violation of the game and fish laws.

~~(d)~~ (f) The court may not stay or reduce the imposition of license revocation provisions under this subdivision.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.451, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Nonresidents under age 16 attending camps; fishing.** A nonresident under the age of 16 that is attending a camp conducted by a nonprofit organization may take fish by angling in adjacent and connected public waters without a license. ~~The~~

10.1 ~~organization must have a certificate from the commissioner that describes the public~~
10.2 ~~waters where the fishing is allowed. The nonresident must possess a document, prescribed~~
10.3 ~~by the commissioner, for identification of the nonresident and the authorized fishing~~
10.4 ~~waters. The written document must be that authorizes angling and that is signed and dated~~
10.5 ~~within the current calendar year by the person in charge of the camp.~~

10.6 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.473, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

10.7 Subd. 3. **Lifetime small game hunting license; fee.** (a) A resident lifetime small
10.8 game hunting license authorizes a person to hunt and trap small game, other than wolves,
10.9 in the state. The license authorizes those hunting and trapping activities authorized by
10.10 the annual resident small game hunting license and the trapping license for fur-bearing
10.11 animals other than wolves. The license does not include ~~a turkey stamp validation or~~
10.12 ~~any other~~ hunting stamps required by law.

10.13 (b) The fees for a resident lifetime small game hunting license are:

- 10.14 (1) age 3 and under, \$223;
10.15 (2) age 4 to age 15, \$301;
10.16 (3) age 16 to age 50, \$430; and
10.17 (4) age 51 and over, \$274.

10.18 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.473, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

10.19 Subd. 5. **Lifetime sporting license; fee.** (a) A resident lifetime sporting license
10.20 authorizes a person to take fish by angling and hunt and trap small game, other than
10.21 wolves, in the state. The license authorizes those activities authorized by the annual
10.22 resident angling and resident small game hunting licenses and the resident trapping license
10.23 for fur-bearing animals other than wolves. The license does not include a trout and salmon
10.24 stamp validation, ~~a turkey stamp validation~~, a walleye stamp validation, or any other
10.25 hunting stamps required by law.

10.26 (b) The fees for a resident lifetime sporting license are:

- 10.27 (1) age 3 and under, \$485;
10.28 (2) age 4 to age 15, \$659;
10.29 (3) age 16 to age 50, \$861; and
10.30 (4) age 51 and over, \$560.

10.31 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.473, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

10.32 Subd. 5a. **Lifetime sporting with spearing option license; fee.** (a) A resident
10.33 lifetime sporting with spearing option license authorizes a person to take fish by angling

or spearing and hunt and trap small game, other than wolves, in the state. The license authorizes those activities authorized by the annual resident angling, spearing, and resident small game hunting licenses and the resident trapping license for fur-bearing animals other than wolves. The license does not include a trout and salmon stamp validation, a ~~turkey stamp validation~~, a walleye stamp validation, or any other hunting stamps required by law.

(b) The fees for a resident lifetime sporting with spearing option license are:

- (1) age 3 and under, \$562;
- (2) age 4 to age 15, \$765;
- (3) age 16 to age 50, \$961; and
- (4) age 51 and over, \$612.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.474, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Nonresident lifetime small game hunting license; fee.** (a) A nonresident lifetime small game hunting license authorizes a person to hunt small game in the state. The license authorizes those hunting activities authorized by the annual nonresident small game hunting license. The license does not include a ~~turkey stamp validation~~ or any other hunting stamps required by law.

(b) The fees for a nonresident lifetime small game hunting license are:

- (1) age 3 and under, \$947;
- (2) age 4 to age 15, \$1,280;
- (3) age 16 to age 50, \$1,633; and
- (4) age 51 and over, \$1,083.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.475, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Resident hunting.** Fees for the following licenses, to be issued to residents only, are:

- (1) for persons age 18 or over and under age 65 to take small game, \$15.50;
- (2) for persons age 65 or over, \$7 to take small game;
- (3) for persons age 18 or over to take turkey, ~~\$26~~ \$21;
- (4) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take turkey, \$5;
- (5) for persons age 18 or over to take deer with firearms during the regular firearms season, \$30;
- (6) for persons age 18 or over to take deer by archery, \$30;
- (7) for persons age 18 or over to take deer by muzzleloader during the muzzleloader season, \$30;
- (8) to take moose, for a party of not more than six persons, \$356;

- 12.1 (9) for persons age 18 or over to take bear, \$44;
- 12.2 (10) to take elk, for a party of not more than two persons, \$287;
- 12.3 (11) to take Canada geese during a special season, \$4;
- 12.4 (12) to take prairie chickens, \$23;
- 12.5 (13) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer with firearms during
- 12.6 the regular firearms season, \$5;
- 12.7 (14) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer by archery, \$5;
- 12.8 (15) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer by muzzleloader
- 12.9 during the muzzleloader season, \$5;
- 12.10 (16) for persons age 10, 11, or 12 to take bear, no fee;
- 12.11 (17) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take bear, \$5;
- 12.12 (18) for persons age 18 or over to take small game for a consecutive 72-hour period
- 12.13 selected by the licensee, \$19, of which an amount equal to: one-half of the fee for the
- 12.14 migratory waterfowl stamp under subdivision 5, clause (1), shall be deposited in the
- 12.15 waterfowl habitat improvement account under section 97A.075, subdivision 2; one-half
- 12.16 of the fee for the pheasant stamp under subdivision 5, clause (2), shall be deposited in
- 12.17 the pheasant habitat improvement account under section 97A.075, subdivision 4; and
- 12.18 one-half of the small game surcharge under subdivision 4, shall be deposited in the
- 12.19 wildlife acquisition account;
- 12.20 (19) for persons age 16 or over and under age 18 to take small game, \$5;
- 12.21 (20) to take wolf, \$30;
- 12.22 (21) for persons age 12 and under to take turkey, no fee;
- 12.23 (22) for persons age 10, 11, or 12 to take deer by firearm, no fee;
- 12.24 (23) for persons age 10, 11, or 12 to take deer by archery, no fee; and
- 12.25 (24) for persons age 10, 11, or 12 to take deer by muzzleloader during the
- 12.26 muzzleloader season, no fee.

12.27 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.475, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

12.28 Subd. 3. **Nonresident hunting.** (a) Fees for the following licenses, to be issued

12.29 to nonresidents, are:

- 12.30 (1) for persons age 18 or over to take small game, \$90.50;
- 12.31 (2) for persons age 18 or over to take deer with firearms during the regular firearms
- 12.32 season, \$160;
- 12.33 (3) for persons age 18 or over to take deer by archery, \$160;
- 12.34 (4) for persons age 18 or over to take deer by muzzleloader during the muzzleloader
- 12.35 season, \$160;

- 13.1 (5) for persons age 18 or over to take bear, \$225;
- 13.2 (6) for persons age 18 or over to take turkey, ~~\$94~~ \$86;
- 13.3 (7) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take turkey, \$5;
- 13.4 (8) to take raccoon or bobcat, \$178;
- 13.5 (9) to take Canada geese during a special season, \$4;
- 13.6 (10) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer with firearms during
- 13.7 the regular firearms season in any open season option or time period, \$5;
- 13.8 (11) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer by archery, \$5;
- 13.9 (12) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer during the muzzleloader
- 13.10 season, \$5;
- 13.11 (13) for persons age 13 or over and under 18 to take bear, \$5;
- 13.12 (14) for persons age 18 or over to take small game for a consecutive 72-hour period
- 13.13 selected by the licensee, \$75, of which an amount equal to: one-half of the fee for the
- 13.14 migratory waterfowl stamp under subdivision 5, clause (1), shall be deposited in the
- 13.15 waterfowl habitat improvement account under section 97A.075, subdivision 2; one-half
- 13.16 of the fee for the pheasant stamp under subdivision 5, clause (2), shall be deposited in
- 13.17 the pheasant habitat improvement account under section 97A.075, subdivision 4; and
- 13.18 one-half of the small game surcharge under subdivision 4, shall be deposited into the
- 13.19 wildlife acquisition account;
- 13.20 (15) for persons age 16 or 17 to take small game, \$5;
- 13.21 (16) to take wolf, \$250;
- 13.22 (17) for persons age 12 and under to take turkey, no fee;
- 13.23 (18) for persons age ten, 11, or 12 to take deer by firearm, no fee;
- 13.24 (19) for persons age ten, 11, or 12 to take deer by archery, no fee;
- 13.25 (20) for persons age ten, 11, or 12 to take deer by muzzleloader during the
- 13.26 muzzleloader season, no fee; and
- 13.27 (21) for persons age 10, 11, or 12 to take bear, no fee.
- 13.28 (b) A \$5 surcharge shall be added to nonresident hunting licenses issued under
- 13.29 paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (6) and (8). An additional commission may not be assessed
- 13.30 on this surcharge.

13.31 **Sec. 23. [97B.032] RULES LIMITING USE OF LEAD SHOT PROHIBITED.**

13.32 The commissioner of natural resources shall not adopt rules further restricting the

13.33 use of lead shot.

13.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment

13.35 and applies to rules adopted on or after that date.

14.1 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.035, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

14.2 Subdivision 1. **Hunting with bows released by mechanical devices.** (a) A person
14.3 may not hunt with a bow drawn, held, or released by a mechanical device, except:

14.4 (1) with a disabled hunter permit issued under section 97B.106;

14.5 (2) as provided in section 97B.037 for persons age 60 or over; or

14.6 (3) as provided in paragraph (b).

14.7 (b) A person may use a mechanical device attached to the bowstring if the person's
14.8 own strength draws, holds, and releases the bowstring.

14.9 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 97B.041, is amended to read:

14.10 **97B.041 POSSESSION OF FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION RESTRICTED**
14.11 **IN DEER ZONES.**

14.12 (a) A person may not possess a firearm or ammunition outdoors during the period
14.13 beginning the fifth day before the open firearms season and ending the second day after
14.14 the close of the season within an area where deer may be taken by a firearm, except:

14.15 (1) during the open season and in an area where big game may be taken, a firearm
14.16 and ammunition authorized for taking big game in that area may be used to take big game
14.17 in that area if the person has a valid big game license in possession;

14.18 (2) an unloaded firearm that is in a case or in a closed trunk of a motor vehicle;

14.19 (3) a shotgun and shells containing No. 4 buckshot or smaller diameter lead shot
14.20 or steel shot;

14.21 (4) a handgun or rifle capable of firing only rimfire cartridges of .17 and .22 caliber,
14.22 including .22 magnum caliber cartridges;

14.23 (5) handguns possessed by a person authorized to carry a handgun under sections
14.24 624.714 and 624.715 for the purpose authorized; and

14.25 (6) on a target range operated under a permit from the commissioner.

14.26 (b) This section does not apply during an open firearms season in an area where deer
14.27 may be taken only by muzzleloader, except that muzzle-loading firearms lawful for the
14.28 taking of deer may be possessed only by persons with a valid license to take deer by
14.29 muzzleloader during the muzzleloader season. While muzzleloader hunting, a person with
14.30 a valid license to take deer by muzzleloader may not possess a firearm other than:

14.31 (1) a muzzleloader that is legal for taking deer under section 97B.031, subdivision
14.32 1; and

14.33 (2) a firearm as described in paragraph (a), clauses (2) to (5).

14.34 (c) A first violation of paragraph (a) is punishable by a warning if the person is
14.35 shooting at an object that has been placed for the sole purpose of target shooting.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 97B.063, is amended to read:

97B.063 DEER HUNTER SATISFACTION SURVEY.

The commissioner shall annually administer the collection of deer hunter information related to participation and satisfaction. This may include information on preferences, values, interests, participation rates and patterns, barriers to participation, or other factors. The data shall be collected using established social science methods. The commissioner shall annually submit a summary of the information gathered under this section to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources no later than January 1 for the preceding fiscal year. The commissioner shall also make the summary information available on the department's Web site. The commissioner must use existing resources from the game and fish fund to satisfy the requirements of this section.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.071, is amended to read:

97B.071 ~~BLAZE ORANGE~~ CLOTHING REQUIREMENTS; BLAZE ORANGE OR BLAZE PINK.

(a) Except as provided in rules adopted under paragraph (c), a person may not hunt or trap during the open season where deer may be taken by firearms under applicable laws and ordinances, unless the visible portion of the person's cap and outer clothing above the waist, excluding sleeves and gloves, is blaze orange or blaze pink. Blaze orange or blaze pink includes a camouflage pattern of at least 50 percent blaze orange or blaze pink within each foot square. This section does not apply to migratory waterfowl hunters on waters of this state or in a stationary shooting location or to trappers on waters of this state.

(b) Except as provided in rules adopted under paragraph (c), and in addition to the requirement in paragraph (a), a person may not take small game other than turkey, migratory birds, raccoons, and predators, except while trapping, unless a visible portion of at least one article of the person's clothing above the waist is blaze orange or blaze pink. This paragraph does not apply to a person when in a stationary location while hunting deer by archery or when hunting small game by falconry.

(c) The commissioner may, by rule, prescribe an alternative color in cases where paragraph (a) or (b) would violate the Religious Freedom Restoration Act of 1993, Public Law 103-141.

(d) A violation of paragraph (b) shall not result in a penalty, but is punishable only by a safety warning.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.086, is amended to read:

97B.086 POSSESSION OF NIGHT VISION OR THERMAL IMAGING EQUIPMENT.

(a) A person may not possess night vision or thermal imaging equipment while taking wild animals or while having in possession, either individually or as one of a group of persons, a firearm, bow, or other implement that could be used to take wild animals.

(b) This section does not apply to a firearm that is:

(1) unloaded;

(2) in a gun case expressly made to contain a firearm that fully encloses the firearm by being zipped, snapped, buckled, tied, or otherwise fastened without any portion of the firearm exposed; and

(3) in the closed trunk of a motor vehicle.

(c) This section does not apply to a bow that is:

(1) completely encased or unstrung; and

(2) in the closed trunk of a motor vehicle.

(d) If the motor vehicle under paragraph (b) or (c) does not have a trunk, the firearm or bow must be placed in the rearmost location of the vehicle.

(e) This section does not apply to night vision or thermal imaging equipment:

(1) possessed by peace officers or military personnel while exercising their duties; or

(2) possessed by an employee of a firearm or ammunition manufacturer for the purposes of testing a firearm, ammunition, or related product.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.305, is amended to read:

97B.305 COMMISSIONER MAY LIMIT NUMBER OF DEER HUNTERS.

(a) The commissioner may limit the number of persons that may hunt deer in an area if it is necessary to prevent an overharvest or improve the distribution of hunters. The commissioner may, by rule, establish a method, including a drawing, to impartially select the hunters for an area. The commissioner shall give preference to hunters that have previously applied and have not been selected and to landowners as provided under paragraph (b).

(b) When applicable, the commissioner must conduct a separate selection for up to 20 percent of the deer licenses to be issued for any area. Only persons who are owners or tenants of and who live on at least 80 acres of agricultural land, as defined in section 97B.001, in the permit area, and their family members who live on the qualifying land, are eligible applicants. The qualifying land may be noncontiguous. Persons who are unsuccessful in a separate selection must be included in the selection for the remaining

17.1 licenses. A license issued under this paragraph is restricted to the permit area where the
17.2 qualifying land is located. The commissioner may use rules adopted under section 97A.435,
17.3 subdivision 4, paragraph (b), for determining eligible family members under this section.

17.4 Sec. 30. **[97B.427] FEEDING BEARS.**

17.5 Feeding a bear by hand or other physical contact is prohibited.

17.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

17.7 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.516, is amended to read:

17.8 **97B.516 ELK MANAGEMENT PLAN.**

17.9 (a) The commissioner of natural resources must adopt an elk management plan that:

17.10 (1) recognizes the value and uniqueness of elk;

17.11 (2) provides for integrated management of an elk population in harmony with the
17.12 environment; and

17.13 (3) affords optimum recreational opportunities.

17.14 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the commissioner must not manage an elk herd
17.15 in a manner that would increase the size of the herd, including adoption or implementation
17.16 of an elk management plan designed to increase an elk herd, unless the commissioner of
17.17 agriculture verifies that crop and fence damages paid under section 3.7371 and attributed
17.18 to the herd have not increased for at least two years.

17.19 (c) At least 60 days prior to implementing a plan to increase an elk herd, the
17.20 commissioners of natural resources and agriculture must hold a joint public meeting in the
17.21 county where the elk herd to be increased is located. At the meeting, the commissioners
17.22 must present evidence that crop and fence damages have not increased in the prior two years
17.23 and must detail the practices that will be used to reduce elk conflicts with area landowners.

17.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

17.25 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.731, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

17.26 Subd. 3. **Crow season.** ~~The commissioner shall prescribe a 124-day open season~~
17.27 ~~and restrictions~~ seasons for taking crows are from March 17 through March 31 and from
17.28 July 15 through October 31. ~~The open season may not be shorter than the maximum~~
17.29 ~~season allowed under federal law.~~ The remainder of the year crows may be taken as
17.30 allowed by federal law.

17.31 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.811, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

Subd. 4a. **Restrictions on certain motorized decoys.** ~~From the opening day of the duck season through the Saturday nearest October 8, a person may not use a motorized decoy, or other motorized device designed to attract migratory waterfowl. During the remainder of the duck season,~~ The commissioner may, by rule, designate all or any portion of a wetland or lake closed to the use of motorized decoys or motorized devices designed to attract migratory waterfowl. On water bodies and lands fully contained within wildlife management area boundaries, a person may not use motorized decoys or motorized devices designed to attract migratory waterfowl at any time during the duck season.

Sec. 34. **[97C.008] MUSKELLUNGE IN CERTAIN WATERS PROHIBITED.**

The commissioner of natural resources shall not introduce muskellunge or stock muskellunge in the following waters:

- (1) Big Marine Lake in Washington County;
- (2) Fairmont Chain of Lakes in Martin County;
- (3) Gull Chain of Lakes in Cass and Crow Wing Counties;
- (4) Franklin Lake in Otter Tail County;
- (5) Lizzie Lake in Otter Tail County; and
- (6) Loon Lake in Otter Tail County.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97C.401, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Walleye; ~~northern pike.~~** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person may have no more than one walleye larger than 20 inches ~~and one northern pike larger than 30 inches~~ in possession.

(b) ~~The restrictions in Paragraph (a) do~~ does not apply to boundary waters.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 171.07, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 19. **Resident lifetime game and fish license.** (a) The department shall maintain in its records information transmitted electronically from the commissioner of natural resources identifying each person to whom the commissioner has issued a resident lifetime license under section 97A.473. The records transmitted from the Department of Natural Resources must contain:

- (1) the full name and date of birth as required for the driver's license or identification card;
- (2) the category of lifetime license issued under section 97A.473; and

19.1 (3) the Department of Natural Resources lifetime license number.

19.2 Records that are not matched to a driver's license or identification card record may be
19.3 deleted after seven years.

19.4 (b) After receiving information under paragraph (a) that a person has received
19.5 a lifetime license, the department shall include, on all drivers' licenses or Minnesota
19.6 identification cards subsequently issued to the person, a written designation that the person
19.7 has a lifetime license, the category of the lifetime license issued, and the Department of
19.8 Natural Resources lifetime license number.

19.9 (c) If a person who has received a lifetime license under section 97A.473 applies
19.10 for a driver's license or Minnesota identification card before that information has been
19.11 transmitted to the department, the department may accept a copy of the license issued
19.12 under section 97A.473 as proof of its issuance and shall then follow the procedures in
19.13 paragraph (b).

19.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018, or when the
19.15 Minnesota licensing and registration system is ready, whichever is later.

19.16 Sec. 37. **RULEMAKING; NORTHERN PIKE.**

19.17 (a) The commissioner of natural resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, part
19.18 6262.0200, subpart 1, item G, to establish the daily and possession limits for northern pike
19.19 in management zones according to paragraphs (b) to (e).

19.20 (b) The northeastern management zone includes all inland waters lying east
19.21 and north of U.S. Highway 53 from International Falls to Duluth. In the northeastern
19.22 management zone, the daily and possession limit for northern pike is two. When taking
19.23 northern pike by angling in the northeastern management zone, only one over 40 inches in
19.24 length may be in possession, and all northern pike from 30 to 40 inches in length must be
19.25 immediately returned to the water. When taking northern pike by dark house spearing,
19.26 only one over 26 inches in length may be in possession.

19.27 (c) The north central management zone includes all inland waters lying west and
19.28 south of U.S. Highway 53 from International Falls to Duluth and north of a line described
19.29 as follows: from the South Dakota border, along State Highway 7 to State Highway 22,
19.30 thence south on State Highway 22 to U.S. Highway 212, thence east on U.S. Highway
19.31 212 to State Highway 41, thence south on State Highway 41 to the near or north bank
19.32 of the Minnesota River, thence along the near banks of the Minnesota and Mississippi
19.33 Rivers to the Wisconsin border. The north central management zone does not include
19.34 waters of the Minnesota or Mississippi Rivers where those waters create the southern

20.1 boundary of the zone. In the north central management zone, the daily and possession
20.2 limit for northern pike is ten.

20.3 (1) When taking northern pike by angling in the north central management zone,
20.4 only two over 26 inches in length may be in possession, and all northern pike from 22
20.5 to 26 inches must be immediately returned to the water.

20.6 (2) When taking northern pike by dark house spearing in the north central
20.7 management zone:

20.8 (i) only two northern pike over 26 inches in length and no northern pike from 22 to
20.9 26 inches in length may be in possession; or

20.10 (ii) only one northern pike from 22 to 26 inches in length and one northern pike over
20.11 26 inches in length may be in possession.

20.12 (d) The southern management zone includes all inland waters lying south of a line
20.13 described as follows: from the South Dakota border, along State Highway 7 to State
20.14 Highway 22, thence south on State Highway 22 to U.S. Highway 212, thence east on U.S.
20.15 Highway 212 to State Highway 41, thence south on State Highway 41 to and including
20.16 the waters of the Minnesota River, thence along the Minnesota River to and including the
20.17 waters of the Mississippi River to the Wisconsin border. In the southern management
20.18 zone, the daily and possession limit for northern pike is two. The minimum size for
20.19 northern pike taken by angling or dark house spearing in the southern management zone is
20.20 24 inches in length.

20.21 (e) The restrictions in paragraphs (b) to (d) do not apply in boundary waters.

20.22 (f) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption rulemaking procedure
20.23 under Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under
20.24 this section, and Minnesota Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply, except as provided
20.25 under Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388.

20.26 (g) No later than January 15, 2027, the commissioner must report on the success of
20.27 the northern pike regulations, together with recommendations on whether to keep or change
20.28 the regulations. The report must be submitted to the senate and house of representatives
20.29 committees having jurisdiction over environment and natural resources policy and finance.

20.30 **Sec. 38. RULEMAKING; BLAZE PINK.**

20.31 (a) The commissioner of natural resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, parts
20.32 6232.2500, 6232.2550, 6232.2560, 6232.3700, and 6232.4400, to allow a person to wear
20.33 blaze pink as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 97B.071.

20.34 (b) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes,
20.35 section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this section, and Minnesota

21.1 Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply except as provided under Minnesota Statutes,
21.2 section 14.388.

21.3 Sec. 39. **2016 MILLE LACS WALLEYE REGULATIONS.**

21.4 The commissioner of natural resources must allow the possession of one walleye
21.5 over 28 inches for Lake Mille Lacs during the 2016 angling season until the state's portion
21.6 of the walleye quota negotiated with the eight tribes has been met.

21.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

21.8 Sec. 40. **DAVID DILL TRAIL; APPROPRIATION.**

21.9 \$20,000 in fiscal year 2017 is appropriated from the natural resources fund to the
21.10 commissioner of natural resources to design and erect signs marking the David Dill
21.11 trail designated in this act. Of this amount, \$10,000 is from the snowmobile trails and
21.12 enforcement account and \$10,000 is from the all-terrain vehicle account. This is a onetime
21.13 appropriation.

21.14 Sec. 41. **PROSPECTORS ATV TRAIL; APPROPRIATION.**

21.15 \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2017 is appropriated from the natural resources fund to the
21.16 commissioner of natural resources for a grant to Lake County for construction, including
21.17 bridges, of the Prospectors ATV Trail System linking the communities of Ely, Babbitt,
21.18 Embarrass, and Tower; Bear Head Lake and Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine
21.19 State Parks; the Taconite State Trail; and the Lake County Regional ATV Trail System.
21.20 Of this amount, \$900,000 is from the all-terrain vehicle account, \$50,000 is from the
21.21 off-highway motorcycle account, and \$50,000 is from the off-road vehicle account. This
21.22 is a onetime appropriation.

21.23 Sec. 42. **REPEALER.**

21.24 Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.075, subdivision 5, is repealed.

APPENDIX
Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H2844-3

97A.075 USE OF LICENSE REVENUES.

Subd. 5. **Turkey account.** (a) \$4.50 from each turkey license sold, except youth licenses under section 97A.475, subdivision 2, clause (4), and subdivision 3, clause (7), must be credited to the wild turkey management account and is appropriated to the commissioner only for:

(1) the development, restoration, and maintenance of suitable habitat for wild turkeys on public and private land including forest stand improvement and establishment of nesting cover, winter roost area, and reliable food sources;

(2) acquisitions of, or easements on, critical wild turkey habitat;

(3) reimbursement of expenditures to provide wild turkey habitat on public and private land;

(4) trapping and transplantation of wild turkeys; and

(5) the promotion of turkey habitat development and maintenance, population surveys and monitoring, and research.

(b) Money in the account may not be used for:

(1) costs unless they are directly related to a specific parcel of land under paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3), a specific trap and transplant project under paragraph (a), clause (4), or to specific promotional or evaluative activities under paragraph (a), clause (5); or

(2) any permanent personnel costs.