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## State of Minnesota

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-THIRD SESSION

н. ғ. №. 2693

03/08/2023

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The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources Finance and Policy

A bill for an act

relating to environment; establishing zero-waste grant program; appropriating

money; requiring reports; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes,

| 1.4  | chapter 115A.  |
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| 1.5  | BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:                                    |
| 1.6  | Section 1. [115A.566] ZERO-WASTE GRANT PROGRAM.  |
| 1.7  | Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section and notwithstanding section       |
| 1.8  | 115A.03, the terms in this subdivision have the meanings given.                                |
| 1.9  | (b) "Compost" means a product that:  |
| 1.10 | (1) is manufactured through the controlled aerobic, biological decomposition of                |
| 1.11 | biodegradable materials; and   |
| 1.12 | (2) has undergone mesophilic and thermophilic temperatures, which significantly reduces        |
| 1.13 | the viability of pathogens and weed seeds and stabilizes the carbon such that it is beneficial |
| 1.14 | to plant growth.   |
| 1.15 | (c) "Composting" means the controlled microbial degradation of organic waste to yield          |
| 1.16 | a humus-like product.  |
| 1.17 | (d) "Eligible entity" means:   |
| 1.18 | (1) a small business;  |
| 1.19 | (2) a nonprofit organization; or   |
| 1.20 | (3) a unit of government.  |
| 1.21 | (e) "Embodied energy" means energy that was used to create a product or material.              |
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| 2.1  | (f) "Environmental justice area" means an area in the state that, based on the most recent        |
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| 2.2  | data published by the United States Census Bureau, meets one or more of the following             |
| 2.3  | criteria:   |
| 2.4  | (1) 50 percent or more of the area's total population is nonwhite;                                |
| 2.5  | (2) 40 percent or more of households in the area have an income that is at or below 185           |
| 2.6  | percent of the federal poverty level; or  |
| 2.7  | (3) the area is located in Indian Country, as defined in United States Code, title 18,            |
| 2.8  | section 1151.   |
| 2.9  | (g) "Life-cycle emissions" means the environmental impacts of products, processes, or             |
| 2.10 | services through production, usage, and disposal.   |
| 2.11 | (h) "Living wage" means the minimum income necessary to allow a person working 40                 |
| 2.12 | hours per week to afford the cost of housing, food, and other material necessities.               |
| 2.13 | (i) "Nonprofit organization" means an organization whose purpose and activities serve             |
| 2.14 | the organization's mission to benefit the public and that is not operated to profit other persons |
| 2.15 | or entities.  |
| 2.16 | (j) "Recycled" means a material that has undergone recycling and has been sent to a               |
| 2.17 | responsible end market.   |
| 2.18 | (k) "Recycling" means the process of collecting, sorting, cleansing, treating, and                |
| 2.19 | reconstituting material that would otherwise be disposed of onto land or into water or the        |
| 2.20 | atmosphere and returning the material to or maintaining the material in the economic              |
| 2.21 | mainstream in the form of recovered material for new, reused, or reconstituted products           |
| 2.22 | that meet the quality standards necessary to be used in the marketplace. Recycling does not       |
| 2.23 | include energy recovery or energy generation by any means, including but not limited to           |
| 2.24 | combustion, incineration, pyrolysis, gasification, solvolysis, thermal desorption, waste to       |
| 2.25 | fuel, or landfill disposal of discarded material or discarded product component materials,        |
| 2.26 | including the use of materials as landfill cover.   |
| 2.27 | (l) "Responsible end market" means a materials market in which recycling materials or             |
| 2.28 | disposing of contaminants is conducted in a way that benefits the environment and minimizes       |
| 2.29 | risks to public health and worker health and safety.  |
| 2.30 | (m) "Reuse" means to use a product, packaging, or resource that is:                               |
|      | (III) Reuse literals to use a product, packaging, or resource that is.                            |

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|           | (2) designed for durability to function properly in its original condition for multiple uses; |
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| an        | <u>d</u>  |
|           | (3) made of a material supported by adequate infrastructure to ensure the material can        |
| <u>be</u> | conveniently and safely used or refilled for multiple cycles.                                 |
|           | (n) "Rural area" means an area of the state that is not within the boundaries of a city       |
| wł        | nere:   |
|           | (1) the population is 50,000 or more; and   |
|           | (2) the immediately adjacent urbanized and urbanizing areas have a population density         |
| of        | more than 100 persons per square mile.  |
|           | (o) "Small business" has the meaning given under section 645.445;                             |
|           | (p) "Source reduction" means an activity that prevents generation of waste or prevents        |
| ino       | elusion of toxic materials in waste, including:   |
|           | (1) reuse of a product in its original form;  |
|           | (2) increasing the lifespan of a product;   |
|           | (3) reducing material or the toxicity of material used in production or packaging in a        |
| ma        | anner that does not impede the product's ability to be recycled; or                           |
|           | (4) changing procurement, consumption, or waste generation habits to result in smaller        |
| qu        | antities or lower toxicity of waste generated.  |
|           | (q) "Source-separated" means a stream of recyclable materials separated at the point of       |
| W         | aste creation before materials are collected and centralized. Source-separated does not       |
| inc       | elude technologies that sort mixed municipal solid waste into recyclable and nonrecyclable    |
| ma        | nterials.   |
|           | (r) "Unit of government" means a city, county, public school district, town, or Tribal        |
| go        | vernment in the state.  |
|           | (s) "Zero waste" means conserving all resources by means of responsible production,           |
| co        | nsumption, reuse, and recovery of products, packaging, and materials without burning          |
| or        | otherwise destroying embodied energy, with no discharges to land, water, or air that          |
| thi       | reaten the environment or human health.   |
|           | (t) "Zero-waste practice" means a practice used to help achieve zero waste, including         |
| SO        | urce reduction, recycling, and composting.  |

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| Sub        | od. 2. Grant program. The commissioner must establish a competitive grant program         |
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| for elig   | gible entities to pursue projects that are consistent with zero-waste practices in one    |
| or more    | e of the following categories:  |
| <u>(1)</u> | electronic source reduction and recycling according to subdivision 3;                     |
| <u>(2)</u> | source reduction and reuse according to subdivision 4;                                    |
| <u>(3)</u> | market development according to subdivision 5; or   |
| <u>(4)</u> | recycling and composting infrastructure according to subdivision 6.                       |
| Sub        | od. 3. Electronic source reduction and recycling. (a) Projects under this subdivision     |
| must re    | elate to electronic source reduction and recycling. Grants may be used for                |
| infrastr   | ructure, technology, research and development, and product repair and refurbishment.      |
| <u>(b)</u> | Projects must not include an electronic waste buy-back program that provides              |
| compe      | nsation for used electronics as a credit toward the purchase of additional electronics.   |
| (c)        | For projects in which recyclers are receiving electronics for materials processing,       |
|            | s for shredding and dismantling, the recyclers must be certified by an ANSI-ASQ           |
|            | al Accreditation Board or similar accredited third-party certification body to an         |
|            | nmentally sound management standard.  |
| Sub        | od. 4. <b>Source reduction and reuse.</b> (a) Projects under this subdivision must relate |
| to sour    | ce reduction, reuse, or both source reduction and reuse. Grants may be used for           |
| roduc      | t or manufacturing redesign or redevelopment to reduce life-cycle emissions,              |
| oy-pro     | ducts, packaging, and other outputs or for educational programming and outreach           |
| activiti   | es to encourage changes in consumer behavior.   |
| <u>(b)</u> | For projects involving product or manufacturing redesign or redevelopment:                |
| <u>(1)</u> | the applicable manufacturer must pay a living wage; and                                   |
| <u>(2)</u> | the redesign or redevelopment must not result in higher toxicity or increased emissions   |
| and mu     | ast reduce overall life-cycle emissions.  |
| Sub        | od. 5. Market development. (a) Projects under this subdivision must relate to market      |
| develoj    | pment with respect to source reduction, recycling, and composting, including creating     |
| deman      | d for sorted recyclable commodities, refurbished goods, or compost.                       |
| <u>(b)</u> | Projects must target easily or commonly recycled materials that are disproportionately    |
| dispose    | ed of in landfills or incinerated and must reduce the volume, weight, or toxicity of      |
| waste a    | and waste by-products.  |

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| 5.1  | (c) Projects must not conflict with other laws or requirements identified by the                   |
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| 5.2  | commissioner.  |
| 5.3  | Subd. 6. Recycling and composting infrastructure. (a) Projects under this subdivision              |
| 5.4  | must relate to recycling or composting infrastructure. Grants may be used for facilities,          |
| 5.5  | machinery, equipment, and other physical necessities required for collecting or processing         |
| 5.6  | on a city- or county-wide scale.   |
| 5.7  | (b) Projects under this subdivision must result in increased capacity for residential and          |
| 5.8  | commercial source-separated organics, yard waste, and recycling streams. Projects focused          |
| 5.9  | on composting infrastructure must generate a usable product that has demonstrable                  |
| 5.10 | environmental benefits when compared to the input materials, such as compost with added            |
| 5.11 | nutrient content.  |
| 5.12 | (c) Eligible compost projects must compost source-separated organic materials or yard              |
| 5.13 | waste. Composting material derived from mixed municipal solid waste is not an eligible             |
| 5.14 | project under this subdivision.  |
| 5.15 | Subd. 7. Grant application process; requirements. (a) The commissioner must award                  |
| 5.16 | grants to eligible entities through a competitive grant process. In the request for proposals,     |
| 5.17 | the commissioner must:   |
| 5.18 | (1) specify the maximum amount of funding to be awarded to a project;                              |
| 5.19 | (2) establish the minimum percentage of total project funds that an applicant must                 |
| 5.20 | contribute to the project, if any; and   |
| 5.21 | (3) prioritize the eligible applicants.  |
| 5.22 | (b) The commissioner must develop, in consultation with the agency's Environmental                 |
| 5.23 | Justice Advisory Group, a streamlined and accessible application process.                          |
| 5.24 | (c) To apply for a grant, an eligible entity must submit a written application to the              |
| 5.25 | commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner. The application must include any            |
| 5.26 | relevant information requested by the commissioner.  |
| 5.27 | (d) The application must demonstrate that the eligible entity has set specific source              |
| 5.28 | reduction, recycling, or composting targets or estimates for the project's reduction of life-cycle |
| 5.29 | emissions.   |
| 5.30 | (e) Projects awarded grants under this section must be completed within three years.               |
| 5.31 | Subd. 8. Grant award process. (a) In awarding grants under this section, the                       |
| 5.32 | commissioner must award at least 60 percent of available money to eligible entities with           |

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| projects located in environmental justice areas and 30 percent of available funds to eligib | <u>ole</u> |
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| entities with projects located in rural areas.  |            |
| (b) The commissioner must give priority to eligible entities with projects that:            |            |
| (1) achieve source reduction;   |            |
| (2) support existing or create new jobs that pay a living wage, with additional preferen    | <u>ice</u> |
| for jobs for individuals with barriers to employment;                                       |            |
| (3) prevent or address any negative environmental consequences of the proposed proje        | ct;        |
| (4) demonstrate a need for additional investment in infrastructure and projects to achie    | ve         |
| source reduction, recycling, or composting targets set by the local unit of government      |            |
| responsible for waste and recycling projects in the geographic area;                        |            |
| (5) will encourage further investment in source reduction, recycling, or composting         |            |
| projects; or  |            |
| (6) will incorporate multistakeholder involvement, including nonprofit, commercial,         | <u>,</u>   |
| and public sector partners.   |            |
| Sec. 2. APPROPRIATION.  |            |
| (a) \$ in fiscal year 2024 and \$ in fiscal year 2025 are appropriated from the             |            |
| general fund to the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency for the zero-waste gra     | <u>ant</u> |
| program under Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.566.   |            |
| (b) By January 15, 2025, the commissioner must submit a report to the chairs and ranki      | ng         |
| minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over economic            |            |
| development and environment. The report must detail the use of grant money appropriat       | ed         |
| under this section and include:   |            |
| (1) a list of grant recipients to date and project descriptions; and                        |            |
| (2) a narrative of progress made toward grant project goals.                                |            |
| (c) By January 15, 2026, the commissioner must submit a report to the chairs and ranki      | ng         |
| minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over economic            |            |
| development and environment. The report must detail the use of grant money appropriat       | <u>ied</u> |
| under this section and include:   |            |
| (1) a list of grant recipients to date and project descriptions;                            |            |
| (2) a narrative of progress made toward grant project goals; and                            |            |
|   |            |

Sec. 2. 6

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7.1 (3) recommendations for future investment in zero-waste infrastructure.

Sec. 2. 7