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State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES H. F. No. 2555

RT

#### EIGHTY-SEVENTH SESSION

02/27/2012	Authored by Kiffmeyer, Nelson, Abeler, Banaian and Norton
	The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services Reform
03/08/2012	Adoption of Report: Pass as Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Civil Law
03/13/2012	Adoption of Report: Pass as Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Government Operations and Elections
03/20/2012	Adoption of Report: Pass as Amended and re-referred to the Committee on State Government Finance
03/26/2012	Adoption of Report: Pass as Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services Finance

04/02/2012 Adoption of Report: Pass as Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

#### A bill for an act

relating to state government; implementing changes to the sunset review; 1.2 changing certain agency requirements; requiring posting of convictions of 1.3 felonies or gross misdemeanors and malpractice settlements or judgments for a 1.4 regulated practitioner; requiring certain information on regulated practitioners; 1.5 requiring a study; prohibiting transfer of certain funds; requiring reports; setting 1.6 fees; abolishing the Combative Sports Commission and transferring combative 1.7 sports duties to the commissioner of labor and industry; establishing a Combative 1.8 Sports Advisory Council; requiring a review of the Minnesota Board of Medical 19 Practice; regulating alcohol and drug counselors; changing requirements for 1.10 1.11 licensed professional clinical counselors; changing provisions for health-related licensing boards; changing provisions for the practice of dentistry; appropriating 1.12 money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 3.922, by adding a 1.13 subdivision; 3.9223, subdivision 7; 3.9225, subdivision 7; 3.9226, subdivision 7; 1.14 147.01, subdivision 4; 147.111, by adding a subdivision; 148.10, subdivision 7; 1.15 148.102, by adding a subdivision; 148.261, subdivision 1; 148.263, by adding a 1 16 subdivision; 148B.07, by adding a subdivision; 148B.5301, subdivisions 1, 4, 1.17 by adding a subdivision; 148B.54, subdivisions 2, 3; 148C.095, by adding a 1 18 subdivision; 148E.285, by adding a subdivision; 150A.06, subdivisions 1c, 3, 4, 1.19 6; 150A.09, subdivision 3; 150A.105, subdivision 7; 150A.106, subdivision 1; 1.20 150A.13, by adding a subdivision; 150A.14; 153.24, by adding a subdivision; 1.21 214.06, subdivisions 1, 1a, by adding a subdivision; 214.09, by adding a 1.22 subdivision; 214.103; 341.21, by adding a subdivision; 341.28, subdivision 1; 1 23 341.37; Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, sections 3D.04; 3D.06; 3D.21, 1.24 subdivisions 1, 2; Laws 2010, chapter 349, section 1; proposing coding for new 1 25 law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3D; 16B; 214; 341; proposing coding for new 1.26 law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148F; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2010, 1.27 sections 138A.01; 138A.02; 138A.03; 138A.04; 138A.05; 138A.06; 148C.01, 1.28 subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2d, 2e, 2f, 2g, 4, 4a, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 11a, 12, 1.29 12a, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18; 148C.015; 148C.03, subdivisions 1, 4; 148C.0351, 1.30 subdivisions 1, 3, 4; 148C.0355; 148C.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5a, 6, 7; 1.31 148C.044; 148C.045; 148C.05, subdivisions 1, 1a, 5, 6; 148C.055; 148C.07; 1 32 148C.075; 148C.08; 148C.09, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 4; 148C.091; 148C.093; 1.33 148C.095; 148C.099; 148C.10, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 148C.11; 148C.12, 1.34 subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15; 341.21, subdivisions 1.35 3, 4a; 341.22; 341.23; 341.24; 341.26; Minnesota Rules, parts 4747.0010; 1.36 4747.0020; 4747.0030, subparts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 17, 18, 20, 21, 1.37 22, 24, 29; 4747.0040; 4747.0050; 4747.0060; 4747.0070, subparts 1, 2, 3, 6; 1.38 4747.0200; 4747.0400, subpart 1; 4747.0700; 4747.0800; 4747.0900; 4747.1100, 1 39

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	4747.1400, subparts 1, 2, 2 lbpart 2; 6310.3600; 6310.2		12, 13;
BE IT ENACTED BY THE L	EGISLATURE OF THE S	TATE OF MINNESO	TA:
	<b>ARTICLE 1</b>		
	SUNSET REVIEW		
Section 1. Minnesota Statut	tes 2011 Supplement, secti	on 3D.04, is amended	to read:
3D.04 STAFF <u>; CONTR</u>	RACTS.		
The Legislative Coordin	ating Commission shall pr	ovide staff and admin	istrative
services for the commission.	The Sunset Advisory Comr	nission may enter into	o contracts
for evaluations of agencies un	der review.		
Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes	2011 Supplement, section	3D.06, is amended to	read:
<b>3D.06 AGENCY REPC</b>	ORT TO COMMISSION.		
(a) Before September 1	of the odd-numbered year	before the year in wh	ich a
state agency is subject to suns	et review, the agency com	missioner shall report	to the
commission:			
(1) information regarding	g the application to the age	ency of the criteria in	section
BD.10;			
(2) a priority-based an or	utcome-based budget for the	ne agency;	
(3) an inventory of all be	oards, commissions, comm	ittees, and other entiti	es related
to the agency; and			
(4) any other information	that the agency commissi	oner considers approp	riate or that
s requested by the commissio	n.		
The September 1 deadlin	ne in this section does not a	apply in 2011.	
(b) The outcome-based b	oudget required by paragra	ph (a) must be for eac	<u>h of the</u>
agency's activities, as the term	activity is used in state bu	udgeting:	
(1) identify the statutory	authority for the activity;		
(2) include one or more	performance goals and ass	ociated performance r	neasures
that measure outcomes, not in	puts;		
(3) discuss the extent to	which each performance m	neasure is reliable and	verifiable,
and can be accurately measure	ed;		
(4) discuss the extent to	which the agency has met	each performance me	asure, and
the extent to which the budget	devoted to the activity ha	s permitted or prevent	ted the
agency from meeting its perfo	rmance goals;		

3.1	(5) discuss efficiencies that would allow the agency to better meet its goals; and
3.2	(6) identify agencies at any level of government or private sector entities that provide
3.3	the same activities, and describe agency interaction with the activities provided by others.
3.4	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 3D.21, subdivision 1, is amended
3.5	to read:
3.6	Subdivision 1. Group 1. The following agencies are sunset and, except as provided
3.7	in section 3D.14, expire on June 30, 2012 2024: Capitol Area Architectural and Planning
3.8	Board, Amateur Sports Commission, Combative Sports Commission, all health-related
3.9	licensing boards listed in section 214.01, Council on Affairs of Chicano/Latino People,
3.10	Council on Black Minnesotans, Council on Asian-Pacific Minnesotans, Indian Affairs
3.11	Council, Council on Disabilities, and all advisory groups associated with these agencies.
3.12	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
3.13	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 3D.21, subdivision 2, is amended
3.14	to read:
3.15	Subd. 2. Group 2. The following agencies are sunset and, except as provided in
3.16	section 3D.14, expire on June 30, 2014: Department of Health, Department of Human
3.17	Services, Department of Human Rights, Department of Education, Board of Teaching,
3.18	Minnesota Office of Higher Education, Council on Black Minnesotans, Emergency
3.19	Medical Services Regulatory Board, and all advisory groups associated with these
3.20	agencies.
2 21	Sec. 5. COUNCIL ON BLACK MINNESOTANS INTERIM REVIEW.
3.21	(a) The Council on Black Minnesotans is continued for two years and added to the
3.22	2014 Sunset Advisory Commission review schedule. In the council's report to the Sunset
3.23	Advisory Commission, the council must submit an interim report and respond to issues
3.24	raised in previous audits by the Office of the Legislative Auditor.
3.25 3.26	(b) The Office of the Legislative Auditor should conduct a financial audit of the
3.20	Council of Black Minnesotans by December 1, 2013, prior to sunset review in 2014.
5.27	<u>Council of Black Willinesotalis by December 1, 2013, prior to subset review in 2014.</u>
3.28	ARTICLE 2
3.29	ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES AND FEES
2.20	Soction 1 Minnanota Statutos 2010 saction 2022 is amonded by adding a subdivision
3.30	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 3.922, is amended by adding a subdivision
3.31	to read:

4.1 Subd. 11. Report. The council shall prepare and distribute a report to the governor
4.2 and legislature by November 15 of each year. The report shall summarize the activities
4.3 of the council since its last report, list receipts and expenditures, identify the major
4.4 problems and issues confronting American Indian people, and list the specific objectives
4.5 that the council seeks to attain during the biennium. To the extent possible, the council
4.6 shall report on outcome measures.

4.7 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 3.9223, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
4.8 Subd. 7. Report. The council shall prepare and distribute a report to the governor
4.9 and legislature by November 15 of each even-numbered year. The report shall summarize
4.10 the activities of the council since its last report, list receipts and expenditures, identify
4.11 the major problems and issues confronting Chicano/Latino people, and list the specific
4.12 objectives that the council seeks to attain during the next biennium. To the extent possible,
4.13 the council shall report on outcome measures.

4.14 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 3.9225, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
4.15 Subd. 7. Report. The council shall prepare and distribute a report to the governor
4.16 and legislature by November 15 of each even-numbered year. The report shall summarize
4.17 the activities of the council since its last report, list receipts and expenditures, identify
4.18 the major problems and issues confronting Black people, and list the specific objectives
4.19 which the council seeks to attain during the next biennium. To the extent possible, the
4.20 council shall report on outcome measures.

4.21 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 3.9226, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
4.22 Subd. 7. Report. The council shall prepare and distribute a report to the governor
4.23 and legislature by November 15 of each even-numbered year. The report shall summarize
4.24 the activities of the council since its last report, list receipts and expenditures, identify
4.25 the major problems and issues confronting Asian-Pacific people, and list the specific
4.26 objectives that the council seeks to attain during the next biennium. To the extent possible,
4.27 the council shall report on outcome measures.

# 4.28 Sec. 5. [3D.045] COORDINATION WITH LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR. 4.29 To the extent possible, the commission and the Office of the Legislative Auditor 4.30 shall align their work so that audits and program evaluations conducted by the Office 4.31 of the Legislative Auditor can inform the work of the commission. The commission 4.32 may request the Office of the Legislative Auditor to provide updates on financial audits

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- and program evaluations the Office of the Legislative Auditor has prepared on agencies
   scheduled for Sunset Advisory Commission review.
- 5.3 Sec. 6. [3D.065] REPORT ON PERSONNEL.
- 5.4 By September 1 of the odd-numbered year before the year in which a state agency is 5.5 subject to sunset review, the commissioner of management and budget must report to the 5.6 Sunset Advisory Commission on the number of full-time equivalent employees and the
- 5.7 <u>salary structure for each agency under review.</u>

## 5.8 Sec. 7. [16B.371] ASSISTANCE TO SMALL AGENCIES.

- (a) The commissioner may provide administrative support services to small agencies. 5.9 To promote efficiency and cost-effective use of state resources, and to improve financial 5.10 controls, the commissioner may require a small agency to receive administrative support 5.11 services through the Department of Administration or through another agency designated 5.12 5.13 by the commissioner. Services subject to this section include finance, accounting, payroll, purchasing, human resources, and other services designated by the commissioner. The 5.14 commissioner may determine what constitutes a small agency for purposes of this section. 5.15 The commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget and 5.16 small agencies, shall evaluate small agencies' needs for administrative support services. 5.17 If the commissioner provides administrative support services to a small agency, the 5.18 commissioner must enter into a service level agreement with the agency, specifying the 5.19 services to be provided and the costs and anticipated outcomes of the services. 5.20 5.21 (b) The Chicano Latino Affairs Council, the Council on Black Minnesotans, the Council on Asian-Pacific Minnesotans, the Indian Affairs Council, and the Minnesota 5.22 State Council on Disability must use the services specified in paragraph (a). 5.23 (c) The commissioner of administration may assess agencies for services it provides 5.24 under this section. The amounts assessed are appropriated to the commissioner. 5.25 (d) For agencies covered in this section, the commissioner has the authority to require 5.26 the agency to comply with applicable state finance, accounting, payroll, purchasing, and 5.27 human resources policies. The agencies served retain the ownership and responsibility for 5.28 spending decisions and for ongoing implementation of appropriate business operations. 5.29
- 5.30 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 147.01, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
  5.31 Subd. 4. Disclosure. Subject to the exceptions listed in this subdivision, all
  5.32 communications or information received by or disclosed to the board relating to any

6.1 person or matter subject to its regulatory jurisdiction are confidential and privileged and6.2 any disciplinary hearing shall be closed to the public.

(a) Upon application of a party in a proceeding before the board under section
147.091, the board shall produce and permit the inspection and copying, by or on behalf of
the moving party, of any designated documents or papers relevant to the proceedings, in
accordance with the provisions of rule 34, Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure.

(b) If the board <u>takes corrective action or imposes disciplinary measures of any kind,</u>
whether by contested case or by settlement agreement, the name and business address of
the licensee, the nature of the misconduct, and the action taken by the board are public
data. If disciplinary action is taken by settlement agreement, the entire agreement is public
data. The board shall decide disciplinary matters, whether by settlement or by contested
case, by roll call vote. The votes are public data.

(c) The board shall exchange information with other licensing boards, agencies, or
departments within the state, as required under section 214.10, subdivision 8, paragraph
(c), and may release information in the reports required under section 147.02, subdivision
6.16

6.17 (d) The board shall upon request furnish to a person who made a complaint, or the
6.18 alleged victim of a violation of section 147.091, subdivision 1, paragraph (t), or both, a
6.19 description of the activities and actions of the board relating to that complaint, a summary
6.20 of the results of an investigation of that complaint, and the reasons for actions taken
6.21 by the board.

6.22 (e) A probable cause hearing held pursuant to section 147.092 shall be closed to the6.23 public, except for the notices of hearing made public by operation of section 147.092.

(f) Findings of fact, conclusions, and recommendations issued by the administrative
law judge, and transcripts of oral arguments before the board pursuant to a contested case
proceeding in which an administrative law judge found a violation of section 147.091,
subdivision 1, paragraph (t), are public data.

# 6.28 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for all corrective action taken on 6.29 or after August 1, 2012.

6.30 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 147.111, is amended by adding a subdivision6.31 to read:

6.32 <u>Subd. 10.</u> Failure to report. On or after August 1, 2012, any person, health care
6.33 <u>facility, business, or organization that fails to report as required under subdivisions 2 to 6</u>
6.34 shall be subject to civil penalties for failing to report as required by law.

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#### 7.1

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2012.

7.2 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 148.102, is amended by adding a subdivision
7.3 to read:

## 7.4 Subd. 8. Failure to report. On or after August 1, 2012, any person or insurer that

7.5 <u>fails to report as required under subdivisions 2 to 4 shall be subject to civil penalties for</u>
7.6 failing to report as required by law.

- 7.7
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2012.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 148.261, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Grounds listed. The board may deny, revoke, suspend, limit, or
condition the license and registration of any person to practice professional, advanced
practice registered, or practical nursing under sections 148.171 to 148.285, or to otherwise
discipline a licensee or applicant as described in section 148.262. The following are
grounds for disciplinary action:

- (1) Failure to demonstrate the qualifications or satisfy the requirements for a license
  contained in sections 148.171 to 148.285 or rules of the board. In the case of a person
  applying for a license, the burden of proof is upon the applicant to demonstrate the
  qualifications or satisfaction of the requirements.
- (2) Employing fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting to procure a permit, license,
  or registration certificate to practice professional or practical nursing or attempting to
  subvert the licensing examination process. Conduct that subverts or attempts to subvert
  the licensing examination process includes, but is not limited to:
- (i) conduct that violates the security of the examination materials, such as removing
  examination materials from the examination room or having unauthorized possession of
  any portion of a future, current, or previously administered licensing examination;
- (ii) conduct that violates the standard of test administration, such as communicating
  with another examinee during administration of the examination, copying another
  examinee's answers, permitting another examinee to copy one's answers, or possessing
  unauthorized materials; or
- (iii) impersonating an examinee or permitting an impersonator to take theexamination on one's own behalf.
- (3) Conviction during the previous five years of a felony or gross misdemeanor
  reasonably related to the practice of professional, advanced practice registered, or practical
  nursing. Conviction as used in this subdivision includes a conviction of an offense that if
  committed in this state would be considered a felony or gross misdemeanor without regard

to its designation elsewhere, or a criminal proceeding where a finding or verdict of guilt is
made or returned but the adjudication of guilt is either withheld or not entered.

(4) Revocation, suspension, limitation, conditioning, or other disciplinary action
against the person's professional or practical nursing license or advanced practice
registered nursing credential, in another state, territory, or country; failure to report to the
board that charges regarding the person's nursing license or other credential are pending in
another state, territory, or country; or having been refused a license or other credential by
another state, territory, or country.

(5) Failure to or inability to perform professional or practical nursing as defined in
section 148.171, subdivision 14 or 15, with reasonable skill and safety, including failure
of a registered nurse to supervise or a licensed practical nurse to monitor adequately the
performance of acts by any person working at the nurse's direction.

(6) Engaging in unprofessional conduct, including, but not limited to, a departure
from or failure to conform to board rules of professional or practical nursing practice that
interpret the statutory definition of professional or practical nursing as well as provide
criteria for violations of the statutes, or, if no rule exists, to the minimal standards of
acceptable and prevailing professional or practical nursing practice, or any nursing
practice that may create unnecessary danger to a patient's life, health, or safety. Actual
injury to a patient need not be established under this clause.

8.20 (7) Failure of an advanced practice registered nurse to practice with reasonable
8.21 skill and safety or departure from or failure to conform to standards of acceptable and
8.22 prevailing advanced practice registered nursing.

8.23 (8) Delegating or accepting the delegation of a nursing function or a prescribed
8.24 health care function when the delegation or acceptance could reasonably be expected to
8.25 result in unsafe or ineffective patient care.

8.26 (9) Actual or potential inability to practice nursing with reasonable skill and safety
8.27 to patients by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, chemicals, or any other material, or
8.28 as a result of any mental or physical condition.

8.29 (10) Adjudication as mentally incompetent, mentally ill, a chemically dependent
8.30 person, or a person dangerous to the public by a court of competent jurisdiction, within or
8.31 without this state.

8.32 (11) Engaging in any unethical conduct, including, but not limited to, conduct likely
8.33 to deceive, defraud, or harm the public, or demonstrating a willful or careless disregard
8.34 for the health, welfare, or safety of a patient. Actual injury need not be established under
8.35 this clause.

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(12) Engaging in conduct with a patient that is sexual or may reasonably be 9.1 9.2 interpreted by the patient as sexual, or in any verbal behavior that is seductive or sexually demeaning to a patient, or engaging in sexual exploitation of a patient or former patient. 9.3 (13) Obtaining money, property, or services from a patient, other than reasonable 9.4 fees for services provided to the patient, through the use of undue influence, harassment, 9.5 duress, deception, or fraud. 9.6 (14) Revealing a privileged communication from or relating to a patient except when 9.7 otherwise required or permitted by law. 9.8 (15) Engaging in abusive or fraudulent billing practices, including violations of 9.9 federal Medicare and Medicaid laws or state medical assistance laws. 9.10 (16) Improper management of patient records, including failure to maintain adequate 9.11 patient records, to comply with a patient's request made pursuant to sections 144.291 to 9.12 144.298, or to furnish a patient record or report required by law. 9.13 (17) Knowingly aiding, assisting, advising, or allowing an unlicensed person to 9.14 engage in the unlawful practice of professional, advanced practice registered, or practical 9.15 nursing. 9.16 (18) Violating a rule adopted by the board, an order of the board, or a state or federal 9.17 law relating to the practice of professional, advanced practice registered, or practical 9.18 nursing, or a state or federal narcotics or controlled substance law. 9.19 (19) Knowingly providing false or misleading information that is directly related 9.20 to the care of that patient unless done for an accepted therapeutic purpose such as the 9.21 administration of a placebo. 9.22 9.23 (20) Aiding suicide or aiding attempted suicide in violation of section 609.215 as established by any of the following: 9.24 (i) a copy of the record of criminal conviction or plea of guilty for a felony in 9.25 9.26 violation of section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2; (ii) a copy of the record of a judgment of contempt of court for violating an 9.27 injunction issued under section 609.215, subdivision 4; 9.28 (iii) a copy of the record of a judgment assessing damages under section 609.215, 9.29 subdivision 5; or 9.30 (iv) a finding by the board that the person violated section 609.215, subdivision 9.31 1 or 2. The board shall investigate any complaint of a violation of section 609.215, 9.32 subdivision 1 or 2. 9.33 (21) Practicing outside the scope of practice authorized by section 148.171, 9.34 subdivision 5, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, or 21. 9.35

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(22) Practicing outside the specific field of nursing practice for which an advanced
 practice registered nurse is certified unless the practice is authorized under section 148.284.

- (23) Making a false statement or knowingly providing false information to the
  board, failing to make reports as required by section 148.263, or failing to cooperate with
  an investigation of the board as required by section 148.265.
- 10.6 (24) Engaging in false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading advertising.
- 10.7 (25) Failure to inform the board of the person's certification status as a nurse
  anesthetist, nurse-midwife, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.

(26) Engaging in clinical nurse specialist practice, nurse-midwife practice, nurse
practitioner practice, or registered nurse anesthetist practice without current certification
by a national nurse certification organization acceptable to the board, except during the
period between completion of an advanced practice registered nurse course of study and
certification, not to exceed six months or as authorized by the board.

10.14 (27) Engaging in conduct that is prohibited under section 145.412.

- 10.15 (28) Failing to report employment to the board as required by section 148.211,
  10.16 subdivision 2a, or knowingly aiding, assisting, advising, or allowing a person to fail to
  10.17 report as required by section 148.211, subdivision 2a.
- 10.18 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 148.263, is amended by adding a subdivision10.19 to read:

10.20 Subd. 7. Failure to report. On or after August 1, 2012, any person, institution,

10.21 insurer, or organization that fails to report as required under subdivisions 2 to 5 shall be
10.22 subject to civil penalties for failing to report as required by law.

10.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2012.

10.24 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 148B.07, is amended by adding a 10.25 subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. Failure to report. On or after August 1, 2012, any person, institution,
 insurer, or organization that fails to report as required under subdivisions 2 to 6 shall be
 subject to civil penalties for failing to report as required by law.

10.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2012.

10.30 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 148C.095, is amended by adding a10.31 subdivision to read:

11.1	Subd. 8. Failure to report. On or after August 1, 2012, any person, institution,		
11.2	insurer, or organization that fails to report as required under subdivisions 2 to 5 shall be		
11.3	subject to civil penalties for failing to report as required by law.		
11.4	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective August 1, 2012.		
11.5	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 148E.285, is amended by adding a		
11.6	subdivision to read:		
11.7	Subd. 4. Failure to report. On or after August 1, 2012, any person, institution, or		
11.8	organization that fails to report as required under subdivisions 1 and 2 shall be subject		
11.9	to civil penalties for failing to report as required by law.		
11.10	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective August 1, 2012.		
11.11	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 150A.13, is amended by adding a		
11.12	subdivision to read:		
11.13	Subd. 10. Failure to report. On or after August 1, 2012, any person, institution,		
11.14	insurer, or organization that fails to report as required under subdivisions 2 to 6 shall be		
11.15	subject to civil penalties for failing to report as required by law.		
11.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2012.		
11.17	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 153.24, is amended by adding a subdivision		
11.18	to read:		
11.19	Subd. 8. Failure to report. On or after August 1, 2012, any person, institution, or		
11.20	insurer that fails to report as required under subdivisions 2 to 5 shall be subject to civil		
11.21	penalties for failing to report as required by law.		
11.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2012.		
11.23	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 214.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:		
11.24	Subdivision 1. Fee adjustment Fees to recover expenditures. Notwithstanding		
11.25	any law to the contrary, the commissioner of health as authorized by section 214.13, all		
11.26	health-related licensing boards and all non-health-related licensing boards shall by rule,		
11.27	with the approval of the commissioner of management and budget, adjust, as needed,		
11.28	any fee which the commissioner of health or the board is empowered to assess. The		
11.29	commissioner of health as authorized by section 214.13 and all health-related licensing		
11.30	boards and non-health-related licensing boards shall propose or adjust any fee according		

to section 16A.1283. As provided in section 16A.1285, the adjustment fees shall be 12.1 an amount sufficient so that the total fees collected by each board will be based on 12.2 anticipated expenditures, including expenditures for the programs authorized by sections 12.3 214.10, 214.103, 214.11, 214.17 to 214.24, 214.28 to 214.37, and 214.40, except that a 12.4 health-related licensing board may have anticipated expenditures in excess of anticipated 12.5 revenues in a biennium by using accumulated surplus revenues from fees collected by 12.6 that board in previous bienniums. A health-related licensing board may accumulate up 12.7 to six months of operating funds, and then must reduce fees. A health-related licensing 12.8 board shall not spend more money than the amount appropriated by the legislature 12.9 for a biennium. For members of an occupation registered after July 1, 1984, by the 12.10 commissioner of health under the provisions of section 214.13, the fee established must 12.11

include an amount necessary to recover, over a five-year period, the commissioner's

12.13 direct expenditures for adoption of the rules providing for registration of members of the

12.14 occupation. All fees received shall be deposited in the state treasury.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 214.06, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
Subd. 1a. Health occupations licensing account. (a) Fees received by the
commissioner of health or health-related licensing boards must be credited to the health
occupations licensing account in the state government special revenue fund. The
commissioner of management and budget shall ensure that the revenues and expenditures
of each health-related licensing board are tracked separately in the health occupations
licensing account.

(b) The fees collected must be used only by the boards identified in section
214.01, subdivision 2, and the commissioner of health, as the regulator for occupational
therapy practitioners, speech-language pathologists, audiologists, and hearing instrument
dispensers, and only for the purposes of the programs they administer. The legislature
must not transfer money generated by these fees from the state government special
revenue fund to the general fund.

12.28 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 214.06, is amended by adding a subdivision12.29 to read:

12.30 Subd. 1b. Health-related licensing boards; surcharges. When a health-related
 12.31 licensing board imposes a surcharge, the surcharge must not be incorporated as a fee
 12.32 increase, but must be made as a separate assessment to be paid by the individuals regulated

12.33 by the board.

13.1	Sec. 21. [214.072] HEALTH-RELATED LICENSING BOARDS; WEB SITE.
13.2	(a) Each health-related licensing board, as defined in section 214.01, subdivision 2,
13.3	and the commissioner of health, as the regulator for occupational therapy practitioners,
13.4	speech-language pathologists, audiologists, and hearing instrument dispensers, are
13.5	required to post on its public Web site the name and business address of each regulated
13.6	individual who has:
13.7	(1) a conviction during the previous ten years of a felony or gross misdemeanor.
13.8	Conviction includes a conviction of an offense that if committed in this state would be
13.9	considered a felony or gross misdemeanor without regard to its designation elsewhere,
13.10	or a criminal proceeding where a finding or verdict of guilt is made or returned but the
13.11	adjudication of guilt is either withheld or not entered;
13.12	(2) a malpractice judgment entered against the regulated individual in any state
13.13	or jurisdiction within the past ten years and malpractice settlements entered against
13.14	the regulated individual in any state or jurisdiction if there have been more than three
13.15	within the past ten years. Information describing the judgments and settlements shall be
13.16	developed by the boards, shall be stated in plain English, and shall ensure the public
13.17	understands the context of the action involving the licensee; or
13.18	(3) any disciplinary or corrective action or restriction of privileges taken against the
13.19	individual's license by a licensing board in this state or in any other state or jurisdiction.
13.20	The Web site shall identify the basis for disciplinary action, the type of disciplinary action
13.21	taken, and whether the action was taken by a licensing board in this or another state or by
13.22	the federal government.
13.23	(b) Each board and the commissioner of health must post in-state information
13.24	required in paragraph (a) no later than January 1, 2013. Information from other states and
13.25	jurisdictions must be posted no later than July 1, 2013.
13.26	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
13.27	Sec. 22. [214.073] HEALTH-RELATED LICENSING BOARDS; AUTHORITY.
13.28	(a) Each health-related licensing board, as defined in section 214.01, subdivision 2,
13.29	and the commissioner of health, as the regulator for occupational therapy practitioners,
13.30	speech-language pathologists, audiologists, and hearing instrument dispensers, shall
13.31	require an applicant on or after August 1, 2012, to provide the individual's primary
13.32	business address at the time of initial application and all subsequent renewals.
13.33	(b) Each health-related licensing board, as defined in section 214.01, subdivision 2,
13.34	and the commissioner of health, as the regulator for occupational therapy practitioners,
13.35	speech-language pathologists, audiologists, and hearing instrument dispensers, shall have

14.1	the authority to conduct criminal background checks on all applicants, at the expense of
14.2	the individual. The boards and the commissioner shall establish a protocol for conducting
14.3	criminal background checks no later than January 1, 2013. This protocol must be effective
14.4	January 1, 2014, and require the applicant to:
14.5	(1) submit a full set of fingerprints to the board or its designee in a form and manner
14.6	specified by the board; and
14.7	(2) provide consent authorizing the board to obtain the individual's state and national
14.8	criminal history record information for the purpose of determining the individual's
14.9	suitability for receiving a credential to practice.
14.10	(c) The health-related licensing boards and the commissioner of health shall study:
14.11	the value of implementing a requirement for criminal background checks for existing
14.12	regulated individuals; how to utilize criminal background checks that have already been
14.13	performed on these individuals; and how to implement any new requirements in the most
14.14	cost effective way possible. The plan will include recommendations for any necessary
14.15	statutory changes and shall seek to minimize duplication of requirements for background
14.16	studies.
14.17	(d) Each health-related licensing board, as defined in section 214.01, subdivision 2,
14.18	and the commissioner of health, as the regulator for occupational therapy practitioners,
14.19	speech-language pathologists, audiologists, and hearing instrument dispensers, shall
14.20	submit legislation for consideration in 2013 to require institutions, professional societies,
14.21	other licensed professionals, and insurers and other entities to report conduct constituting
14.22	grounds for disciplinary action to the respective regulatory entity. Each board and the
14.23	commissioner must include penalties that may be imposed for failure to report. Boards
14.24	with reporting obligations in statutes are exempt from this paragraph.
14.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
14.26	Sec. 23. [214.0732] REQUIREMENT FOR CRIMINAL BACKGROUND
14.27	<u>CHECK.</u>
14.28	Subdivision 1. Applicants. Each health-related licensing board, as defined in section
14.29	214.01, subdivision 2, and the commissioner of health, as regulator for occupational
14.30	therapy practitioners, speech-language pathologists, audiologists, and hearing instrument
14.31	dispensers, shall complete a fingerprint-based criminal background check on each
14.32	applicant for initial licensure or other credential prior to granting a credential to practice.
14.33	Each applicant must:
14.34	(1) submit a full set of fingerprints to the commissioner or board or its designee in a
14.35	form and manner specified by the commissioner or board; and

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15.1	(2) provide consent authorizing the board or commissioner to obtain the applicant's
15.2	state and national criminal history record information for the purpose of determining the
15.3	applicant's suitability and eligibility for a credential to practice.
15.4	Subd. 2. Fees. The applicant shall be responsible for all fees associated with
15.5	preparation of the fingerprints and the criminal background check and the fees are not
15.6	refundable.
15.7	Subd. 3. Refusal to consent. The boards and the commissioner of health shall
15.8	not issue a credential to practice to any applicant who refuses to consent to a criminal
15.9	background check or fails to submit fingerprints within 90 days after the application is
15.10	submitted. Any fees paid by the applicant to a board or commissioner shall be forfeited
15.11	if the applicant refuses to consent to the criminal background check or fails to submit
15.12	fingerprints.
15.13	Subd. 4. Submission of fingerprints. A board or its designee and the commissioner
15.14	of health shall submit applicant fingerprints to the Minnesota Bureau of Criminal
15.15	Apprehension (BCA). The BCA shall perform a check for state criminal justice
15.16	information and shall forward the applicant's fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of
15.17	Investigation to perform a check for national criminal justice information regarding the
15.18	applicant. The BCA shall report to the board or the commissioner the results of the state
15.19	and national background checks.
15.20	Subd. 5. Alternative to fingerprint-based background check. A board or the
15.21	commissioner of health may require an alternative method of criminal history background
15.22	check for an applicant who has submitted at least three sets of fingerprints under this
15.23	section that cannot be read.
15.24	Subd. 6. Opportunity to challenge accuracy of report. Prior to taking disciplinary
15.25	action against an applicant based on a criminal conviction, a board or the commissioner
15.26	of health shall provide the applicant with the opportunity to complete, or challenge the
15.27	accuracy of, the criminal justice information reported to the board or commissioner. The
15.28	applicant shall have 30 calendar days following notice from a board or the commissioner
15.29	of the intent to take disciplinary action on a license to request an opportunity to correct or
15.30	complete the record prior to a board or the commissioner taking disciplinary action based
15.31	on the report. The applicant shall be allowed up to 180 days to challenge the accuracy or
15.32	completeness of the report with the agency that is responsible for the record.
15.33	Subd. 7. Disciplinary action. A board or the commissioner of health shall review
15.34	each criminal history report and determine whether the criminal convictions, if any, relate
15.35	to the practice of the regulated profession or occupation. If the criminal convictions are
15.36	found to relate to the profession or occupation, the regulating board or commissioner

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16.1	may take any disciplinary action allowed by the respective practice act and pursuant
16.2	to sections 214.10 and 214.103.
16.3	Subd. 8. Factors to be considered. In determining whether an applicant is suitable
16.4	to receive a credential to practice, a board or the commissioner of health shall consider:
16.5	(1) the number of crimes for which the applicant has been convicted;
16.6	(2) the nature and seriousness of the crimes and vulnerability of the victims of the
16.7	crimes, including whether the commission of the crimes involved the abuse of trust or the
16.8	exploitation of a unique position or knowledge;
16.9	(3) the relationship between the crimes and the practice of the applicable profession
16.10	or occupation;
16.11	(4) the age of the applicant at the time the crimes were committed;
16.12	(5) the amount of time that has elapsed since the crimes occurred;
16.13	(6) steps taken by the applicant to address substance abuse or mental or physical
16.14	health issues present at the time of the crimes or subsequent to the crimes;
16.15	(7) evidence of the applicant's work history;
16.16	(8) whether the applicant has successfully completed the terms of any sentence
16.17	imposed; and
16.18	(9) any other evidence demonstrating the applicant does not pose a risk of harm to
16.19	the health or safety of the public.
16.20	Subd. 9. Conviction. For purposes of this section, an applicant is considered to
16.21	have been convicted of a crime if the applicant has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere,
16.22	been found guilty, or entered an Alford plea to any offense by any court in the state of
16.23	Minnesota or similar offense in another state or United States territory or federal court.
16.24	An applicant is considered to have been convicted of a crime if the applicant has been
16.25	convicted or found guilty but adjudication was withheld. A board or the commissioner of
16.26	health may consider public records from a juvenile delinquency proceeding where there
16.27	has been a judicial determination that the elements of the offense occurred.
16.28	Subd. 10. Data practices. Fingerprints and all criminal history record information
16.29	obtained by the boards or the commissioner of health is private data on individuals under
16.30	section 13.02, subdivision 12, and restricted to the exclusive use of the board and its
16.31	members and staff, the commissioner, investigative staff, agents, and attorneys for the
16.32	purpose of evaluating an applicant's eligibility or qualifications to practice. The boards and
16.33	the commissioner shall maintain fingerprints and the criminal history records information
16.34	in a secure manner and comply with all applicable state and federal requirements.

17.1 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2013, or as soon as the
 17.2 necessary agency interagency infrastructure and related business processes are operational,
 17.3 whichever is later.

# 17.4 Sec. 24. <u>SUNSET ADVISORY COMMISSION; DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH</u> 17.5 **REVIEW.**

- 17.6 The Sunset Advisory Commission review of the Department of Health in 2013
- 17.7 and 2014 must include an analysis of the extent to which health occupations should be
- 17.8 licensed by the Department of Health, and the extent to which occupations should be
- 17.9 <u>licensed by licensing boards.</u>

# 17.10 Sec. 25. <u>REPORT; INVESTIGATIONS FOR HEALTH-RELATED LICENSING</u> 17.11 BOARDS.

- 17.12 The health-related licensing boards and the attorney general shall review and
- 17.13 make recommendations to the legislature by January 15, 2013, on the respective roles
- 17.14 of the boards and the attorney general in conducting investigations of licensees of the
- 17.15 <u>health-related licensing boards.</u>

## 17.16 Sec. 26. <u>REPORT; INFORMATION SYSTEMS FOR LICENSING BOARDS.</u>

17.17 <u>The chief information officer of the Office of Enterprise Technology and the</u>
 17.18 <u>commissioner of administration shall report to the legislature by January 15, 2013, on the</u>
 17.19 <u>best method of providing electronic licensing systems to the health-related licensing</u>
 17.20 boards.

#### 17.21 Sec. 27. <u>REPORT; HEALTH-RELATED LICENSING BOARD FEES.</u>

17.22 Each health-related licensing board, as defined in section 214.01, subdivision 2,
17.23 and the commissioner of health, as the regulator for occupational therapy practitioners,

17.24 speech-language pathologists, audiologists, and hearing instrument dispensers, shall

17.25 report to the chair and lead minority member of the senate and house of representatives

- 17.26 <u>committees with jurisdiction over health and human services finance by January 15</u>,
- 17.27 2013, on the degree to which fees imposed by the board comply with Minnesota Statutes,
- 17.28 sections 214.055 and 214.06. If a board determines that its fees are expected to produce
- 17.29 more revenue than needed to recover expenditures during a five-year period, the board
- 17.30 <u>must propose reductions in those fees to the legislature.</u>

#### 17.31 Sec. 28. <u>**REPORTS; ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT SERVICES.</u>**</u>

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18.1	(a) The commissioner of administration shall report to the legislature by January 15,
18.2	2013, on use of the SMART program by executive branch agencies.
18.3	(b) The administrative services unit of health-related licensing boards shall report to
18.4	the legislature by January 15, 2013, evaluating use of the units' services by health-related
18.5	licensing boards.
18.6	Sec. 29. MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT; STUDY.
18.7	(a) The commissioner of health shall convene a working group to evaluate the state's
18.8	Medical Practice Act to ensure that it effectively protects the safety and well-being of the
18.9	citizens of the state and allows transparency. In this evaluation, the working group shall
18.10	consider practice acts in other states, including conduct that may result in disciplinary
18.11	action.
18.12	(b) Members of the working group shall include:
18.13	(1) two members of the Board of Medical Practice;
18.14	(2) two practicing physicians recommended by the Minnesota Medical Association;
18.15	(3) two medical educators, one from the University of Minnesota and one from the
18.16	Mayo Clinic;
18.17	(4) two senators, one from each caucus, appointed by the subcommittee on
18.18	committees, and two members of the house of representatives, one from each caucus,
18.19	appointed by the speaker;
18.20	(5) consumers; and
18.21	(6) experts in the field of medical practice.
18.22	The majority of the working group must be composed of members who have no
18.23	current or past affiliation with the Board of Medical Practice.
18.24	(c) Compensation for working group members is subject to Minnesota Statutes,
18.25	section 15.059, subdivision 3, and must be paid from the operating funds of the Board
18.26	of Medical Practice. The cost of the contract under paragraph (a) must be paid from the
18.27	operating funds of the Board of Medical Practice.
18.28	(d) The working group must elect a chair from its members.
18.29	(e) Meetings of the working group shall be open to the public.
18.30	(f) The board shall submit the report of the working group and legislation modifying
18.31	the practice act for consideration during the 2013 legislative session.
18.32	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.

# 18.33 Sec. 30. <u>BOARD OF MEDICAL PRACTICE REVIEW.</u>

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- (a) As provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 3.97, subdivision 3a, paragraph 19.1 (b), the Legislative Audit Commission is requested to direct the legislative auditor to 19.2 prepare a scoping document in response to the Sunset Advisory Commission's request 19.3 for an evaluation of the Minnesota Medical Practice Act and its implementation by the 19.4 Minnesota Board of Medical Practice. 19.5 (b) If the Office of the Legislative Auditor is not authorized to carry out the study 19.6 in paragraph (a) by July 1, 2012, the commissioner of administration must contract for 19.7 a programmatic and structural review of the Minnesota Board of Medical Practice. The 198 commissioner must contract with the Federation of State Medical Boards to conduct the 19.9 study. A copy of the review's work plan must be submitted to the chair and vice-chair 19.10 of the Sunset Advisory Commission for review and comment. The review must be 19.11 completed and submitted to the Sunset Advisory Commission and the senate and house of 19.12 representatives policy committees having jurisdiction over the board by January 1, 2013. 19.13 (c) \$45,000 from the state government special revenue fund is appropriated to the 19.14 19.15 commissioner for the study. Up to five percent of the appropriation is available to the commissioner for administrative costs related to the study. 19.16 19.17 Sec. 31. APPROPRIATION. \$127,000 is appropriated to the Legislative Coordinating Commission from the 19.18 general fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, to provide staff services or to enter 19.19 into contracts to assist the Sunset Advisory Commission. The general fund budget base 19.20 for the Legislative Coordinating Commission, as established in Laws 2011, First Special 19.21 Session chapter 10, article 1, section 2, and as increased by the appropriation in this 19.22 19.23 section, is increased by an additional \$33,000 per year. 19.24 Sec. 32. REPEALER. Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 138A.01; 138A.02; 138A.03; 138A.04; 138A.05; 19.25 and 138A.06, are repealed effective the day following final enactment. 19.26 **ARTICLE 3** 19.27 **TRANSFER OF COMBATIVE SPORTS DUTIES** 19.28 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 341.21, is amended by adding a 19.29 subdivision to read: 19.30 Subd. 3a. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of labor and 19.31
- 19.32 <u>industry.</u>

#### 20.1 Sec. 2. [341.221] ADVISORY COUNCIL. The commissioner must appoint a Combative Sports Advisory Council to advise 20.2 the commissioner on administration of duties under this chapter. The council must 20.3 include members knowledgeable in the boxing and mixed martial arts industries and 20.4 public members. Membership terms, removal of members, filling of vacancies, and 20.5 compensation of members is as provided in section 15.059. 20.6 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 341.28, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 20.7 Subdivision 1. Regulatory authority; combative sports. All combative sport 20.8 20.9 contests are subject to this chapter. The commission shall, for every combative sport contest: 20.10 (1) direct a commission member to be present; and 20.11 (2) direct the attending commission member to make a written report of the contest. 20.12 All combative sport contests within this state must be conducted according to the 20.13 20.14 requirements of this chapter. Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 341.37, is amended to read: 20.15 341.37 APPROPRIATION. 20.16 20.17 A commission combative sports account is created in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is annually appropriated to the <del>commission</del> commissioner for the 20.18 purposes of conducting its statutory responsibilities and obligations under this chapter. 20.19 Sec. 5. TRANSFER OF DUTIES. 20.20 The Combative Sports Commission is abolished. Duties of the commission are 20.21 transferred to the commissioner of labor and industry. Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039, 20.22 subdivisions 1 to 6, apply to this transfer. 20.23 20.24 Sec. 6. <u>**REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.</u>**</u> The revisor of statutes shall substitute the term "commissioner" for "commission" in 20.25 each place the term "commission" appears in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 341. 20.26 Sec. 7. REPEALER. 20.27 Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 341.21, subdivisions 3 and 4a; 341.22; 341.23; 20.28 341.24; and 341.26, are repealed. 20.29

20.30 Sec. 8. <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u>

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21.1	This article is effective July 1.	2013.		
21.2		ARTICLE 4		
21.3	ALCOHOL	AND DRUG COUN	ISELORS	
21.4	Section 1. [148F.001] SCOPE.			
21.5	This chapter applies to all app	licants and licensees,	all persons who us	se the title
21.6	alcohol and drug counselor, and all	persons in or out of t	his state who provi	de alcohol
21.7	and drug counseling services to clie	nts who reside in this	state unless there	are specific
21.8	applicable exemptions provided by	law.		
21.9	Sec. 2. [148F.010] DEFINITIO	NS.		
21.10	Subdivision 1. Scope. For pur	poses of this chapter	, the terms in this s	ection have
21.11	the meanings given.			
21.12	Subd. 2. Abuse. "Abuse" mea	ins a maladaptive pat	tern of substance u	se leading to
21.13	clinically significant impairment or	listress, as manifested	d by one or more of	f the following
21.14	occurring at any time during the sar	ne 12-month period:		
21.15	(1) recurrent substance use res	ulting in a failure to	fulfill major role ol	oligations at
21.16	work, school, or home;			
21.17	(2) recurrent substance use in situations in which it is physically hazardous;			
21.18	(3) recurrent substance-related	legal problems; and		
21.19	(4) continued substance use de	espite having persiste	ent or recurrent soc	<u>vial or</u>
21.20	interpersonal problems caused or ex	acerbated by the effe	cts of the substance	<u>ə.</u>
21.21	Subd. 3. Accredited school of	or educational progr	am. "Accredited s	chool or
21.22	educational program" means a school	ol of alcohol and drug	g counseling, unive	<u>rsity, college,</u>
21.23	or other postsecondary education pr	ogram that, at the tir	ne the student com	<u>pletes</u>
21.24	the program, is accredited by a region	onal accrediting asso	ciation whose stand	dards are
21.25	substantially equivalent to those of	the North Central As	sociation of Colleg	ges and
21.26	Postsecondary Education Institution	s or an accrediting as	sociation that evaluate	uates schools
21.27	of alcohol and drug counseling for in	nclusion of the educat	tion, practicum, and	l core function
21.28	standards in this chapter.			
21.29	Subd. 4. Alcohol and drug co	ounseling practicum	. "Alcohol and dru	g counseling
21.30	practicum" means formal experience	e gained by a student	and supervised by	a person either
21.31	licensed under this chapter or exemption	ot under its provisions	s, as part of an accr	edited school
21.32	or educational program of alcohol a	nd drug counseling.		

22.1	Subd. 5. Alcohol and drug counselor. "Alcohol and drug counselor" means a
22.2	person who holds a valid license issued under this chapter to engage in the practice of
22.3	alcohol and drug counseling.
22.4	Subd. 6. Applicant. "Applicant" means a person seeking a license or temporary
22.5	permit under this chapter.
22.6	Subd. 7. Board. "Board" means the Board of Behavioral Health and Therapy
22.7	established in section 148B.51.
22.8	Subd. 8. Client. "Client" means an individual who is the recipient of any of the
22.9	alcohol and drug counseling services described in this section. Client also means "patient"
22.10	as defined in section 144.291, subdivision 2, paragraph (g).
22.11	Subd. 9. Competence. "Competence" means the ability to provide services within
22.12	the practice of alcohol and drug counseling as defined in subdivision 19, that:
22.13	(1) are rendered with reasonable skill and safety;
22.14	(2) meet minimum standards of acceptable and prevailing practice as described
22.15	in section 148F.120; and
22.16	(3) take into account human diversity.
22.17	Subd. 10. Core functions. "Core functions" means the following services provided
22.18	in alcohol and drug treatment:
22.19	(1) "screening" means the process by which a client is determined appropriate and
22.20	eligible for admission to a particular program;
22.21	(2) "intake" means the administrative and initial assessment procedures for
22.22	admission to a program;
22.23	(3) "orientation" means describing to the client the general nature and goals of the
22.24	program; rules governing client conduct and infractions that can lead to disciplinary
22.25	action or discharge from the program; in a nonresidential program, the hours during which
22.26	services are available; treatment costs to be borne by the client, if any; and client's rights;
22.27	(4) "assessment" means those procedures by which a counselor identifies and
22.28	evaluates an individual's strengths, weaknesses, problems, and needs to develop a
22.29	treatment plan or make recommendations for level of care placement;
22.30	(5) "treatment planning" means the process by which the counselor and the client
22.31	identify and rank problems needing resolution; establish agreed-upon immediate and
22.32	long-term goals; and decide on a treatment process and the sources to be utilized;
22.33	(6) "counseling" means the utilization of special skills to assist individuals, families,
22.34	or groups in achieving objectives through exploration of a problem and its ramifications;
22.35	examination of attitudes and feelings; consideration of alternative solutions; and decision
22.36	making;

23.1	(7) "case management" means activities that bring services, agencies, resources,
23.2	or people together within a planned framework of action toward the achievement of
23.3	established goals;
23.4	(8) "crisis intervention" means those services which respond to an alcohol or other
23.5	drug user's needs during acute emotional or physical distress;
23.6	(9) "client education" means the provision of information to clients who are
23.7	receiving or seeking counseling concerning alcohol and other drug abuse and the available
23.8	services and resources;
23.9	(10) "referral" means identifying the needs of the client which cannot be met by the
23.10	counselor or agency and assisting the client to utilize the support systems and available
23.11	community resources;
23.12	(11) "reports and record keeping" means charting the results of the assessment
23.13	and treatment plan and writing reports, progress notes, discharge summaries, and other
23.14	client-related data; and
23.15	(12) "consultation with other professionals regarding client treatment and services"
23.16	means communicating with other professionals in regard to client treatment and services
23.17	to assure comprehensive, quality care for the client.
23.18	Subd. 11. Credential. "Credential" means a license, permit, certification,
23.19	registration, or other evidence of qualification or authorization to engage in the practice of
23.20	an occupation in any state or jurisdiction.
	<u>/</u> /
23.21	Subd. 12. Dependent on the provider. "Dependent on the provider" means that the
23.21 23.22	
	Subd. 12. Dependent on the provider. "Dependent on the provider" means that the
23.22	Subd. 12. Dependent on the provider. "Dependent on the provider" means that the nature of a former client's emotional or cognitive condition and the nature of the services
23.22 23.23	Subd. 12. Dependent on the provider. "Dependent on the provider" means that the nature of a former client's emotional or cognitive condition and the nature of the services by the provider are such that the provider knows or should have known that the former
23.22 23.23 23.24	Subd. 12. Dependent on the provider. "Dependent on the provider" means that the nature of a former client's emotional or cognitive condition and the nature of the services by the provider are such that the provider knows or should have known that the former client is unable to withhold consent to sexually exploitative behavior by the provider.
<ul><li>23.22</li><li>23.23</li><li>23.24</li><li>23.25</li></ul>	Subd. 12. Dependent on the provider. "Dependent on the provider" means that the nature of a former client's emotional or cognitive condition and the nature of the services by the provider are such that the provider knows or should have known that the former client is unable to withhold consent to sexually exploitative behavior by the provider. Subd. 13. Familial. "Familial" means of, involving, related to, or common to a
<ul> <li>23.22</li> <li>23.23</li> <li>23.24</li> <li>23.25</li> <li>23.26</li> </ul>	Subd. 12. Dependent on the provider. "Dependent on the provider" means that the nature of a former client's emotional or cognitive condition and the nature of the services by the provider are such that the provider knows or should have known that the former client is unable to withhold consent to sexually exploitative behavior by the provider. Subd. 13. Familial. "Familial" means of, involving, related to, or common to a family member as defined in subdivision 14.
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24.1	Subd. 16. Informed consent. "Informed consent" means an agreement between
24.2	a provider and a client that authorizes the provider to engage in a professional activity
24.3	affecting the client. Informed consent requires:
24.4	(1) the provider to give the client sufficient information so the client is able to decide
24.5	knowingly whether to agree to the proposed professional activity;
24.6	(2) the provider to discuss the information in language that the client can reasonably
24.7	be expected to understand; and
24.8	(3) the client's consent to be given without undue influence by the provider.
24.9	Subd. 17. Licensee. "Licensee" means a person who holds a valid license under
24.10	this chapter.
24.11	Subd. 18. Practice of alcohol and drug counseling. "Practice of alcohol and
24.12	drug counseling" means the observation, description, evaluation, interpretation, and
24.13	modification of human behavior by the application of core functions as it relates to the
24.14	harmful or pathological use or abuse of alcohol or other drugs. The practice of alcohol
24.15	and drug counseling includes, but is not limited to, the following activities, regardless of
24.16	whether the counselor receives compensation for the activities:
24.17	(1) assisting clients who use alcohol or drugs, evaluating that use, and recognizing
24.18	dependency if it exists;
24.19	(2) assisting clients with alcohol or other drug problems to gain insight and
24.20	motivation aimed at resolving those problems;
24.21	(3) providing experienced professional guidance, assistance, and support for the
24.22	client's efforts to develop and maintain a responsible functional lifestyle;
24.23	(4) recognizing problems outside the scope of the counselor's training, skill, or
24.24	competence and referring the client to other appropriate professional services;
24.25	(5) diagnosing the level of alcohol or other drug use involvement to determine the
24.26	level of care;
24.27	(6) individual planning to prevent a return to harmful alcohol or chemical use;
24.28	(7) alcohol and other drug abuse education for clients;
24.29	(8) consultation with other professionals;
24.30	(9) gaining diversity awareness through ongoing training and education; and
24.31	(10) providing the above services, as needed, to family members or others who are
24.32	directly affected by someone using alcohol or other drugs.
24.33	Subd. 19. Practice foundation. "Practice foundation" means that an alcohol and
24.34	drug counseling service or continuing education activity is based upon observations,
24.35	methods, procedures, or theories that are generally accepted by the professional
24.36	community in alcohol and drug counseling.

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Subd. 20. Private information. "Private information" means any information, 25.1 including, but not limited to, client records as defined in section 148F.150, test results, 25.2 or test interpretations developed during a professional relationship between a provider 25.3 25.4 and a client. Subd. 21. Provider. "Provider" means a licensee, a temporary permit holder, or an 25.5 applicant. 25.6 Subd. 22. Public statement. "Public statement" means any statement, 25.7 communication, or representation by a provider to the public regarding the provider or 25.8 the provider's professional services or products. Public statements include, but are not 25.9 limited to, advertising, representations in reports or letters, descriptions of credentials 25.10 and qualifications, brochures and other descriptions of services, directory listings, 25.11 25.12 personal resumes or curricula vitae, comments for use in the media, Web sites, grant and credentialing applications, or product endorsements. 25.13 Subd. 23. Report. "Report" means any written or oral professional communication, 25.14 25.15 including a letter, regarding a client or subject that includes one or more of the following: historical data, behavioral observations, opinions, diagnostic or evaluative statements, 25.16 or recommendations. The testimony of a provider as an expert or fact witness in a 25.17 legal proceeding also constitutes a report. For purposes of this chapter, letters of 25.18 recommendation for academic or career purposes are not considered reports. 25.19 Subd. 24. Significant risks and benefits. "Significant risks and benefits" means 25.20 those risks and benefits that are known or reasonably foreseeable by the provider, 25.21 including the possible range and likelihood of outcomes, and that are necessary for the 25.22 25.23 client to know in order to decide whether to give consent to proposed services or to 25.24 reasonable alternative services. Subd. 25. Student. "Student" means an individual who is enrolled in a program in 25.25 alcohol and drug counseling at an accredited educational institution, or who is taking an 25.26 alcohol and drug counseling course or practicum for credit. 25.27 Subd. 26. Supervisee. "Supervisee" means an individual whose supervision is 25.28 required to obtain credentialing by a licensure board or to comply with a board order. 25.29 Subd. 27. Supervisor. "Supervisor" means a licensed alcohol and drug counselor 25.30 licensed under this chapter or other licensed professional practicing alcohol and drug 25.31 counseling under section 148F.110, who meets the requirements of section 148F.040, 25.32 subdivision 3, and who provides supervision to persons seeking licensure under section 25.33 148F.025, subdivision 3, paragraph (2), clause (ii). 25.34 25.35 Subd. 28. Test. "Test" means any instrument, device, survey, questionnaire, technique, scale, inventory, or other process which is designed or constructed for the 25.36

26.1	purpose of measuring, evaluating, assessing, describing, or predicting personality,
26.2	behavior, traits, cognitive functioning, aptitudes, attitudes, skills, values, interests,
26.3	abilities, or other characteristics of individuals.
26.4	Subd. 29. Unprofessional conduct. "Unprofessional conduct" means any conduct
26.5	violating sections 148F.001 to 148F.205, or any conduct that fails to conform to the
26.6	minimum standards of acceptable and prevailing practice necessary for the protection
26.7	of the public.
26.8	Subd. 30. Variance. "Variance" means board-authorized permission to comply with
26.9	a law or rule in a manner other than that generally specified in the law or rule.
26.10	Sec. 3. [148F.015] DUTIES OF THE BOARD.
26.11	The board shall:
26.12	(1) adopt and enforce rules for licensure and regulation of alcohol and drug
26.13	counselors and temporary permit holders, including a standard disciplinary process and
26.14	rules of professional conduct;
26.15	(2) issue licenses and temporary permits to qualified individuals under sections
26.16	<u>148F.001 to 148F.205;</u>
26.17	(3) carry out disciplinary actions against licensees and temporary permit holders;
26.18	(4) educate the public about the existence and content of the regulations for alcohol
26.19	and drug counselor licensing to enable consumers to file complaints against licensees who
26.20	may have violated the rules; and
26.21	(5) collect nonrefundable license fees for alcohol and drug counselors.
26.22	Sec. 4. [148F.020] DUTY TO MAINTAIN CURRENT INFORMATION.
26.23	All individuals licensed as alcohol and drug counselors, all individuals with
26.24	temporary permits, and all applicants for licensure must notify the board within 30 days
26.25	of the occurrence of any of the following:
26.26	(1) a change of name, address, place of employment, and home or business
26.27	telephone number; and
26.28	(2) a change in any other application information.
26.29	Sec. 5. [148F.025] REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSURE.
26.30	Subdivision 1. Form; fee. Individuals seeking licensure as a licensed alcohol and
26.30	drug counselor shall fully complete and submit a notarized written application on forms
26.32	provided by the board together with the appropriate fee in the amount set under section
26.33	<u>148F.115. No portion of the fee is refundable.</u>

27.1	Subd. 2. Education requirements for licensure. An applicant for licensure must
27.2	submit evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has:
27.3	(1) received a bachelor's degree from an accredited school or educational program;
27.4	and
27.5	(2) received 18 semester credits or 270 clock hours of academic course work and
27.6	880 clock hours of supervised alcohol and drug counseling practicum from an accredited
27.7	school or education program. The course work and practicum do not have to be part of
27.8	the bachelor's degree earned under clause (1). The academic course work must be in
27.9	the following areas:
27.10	(i) an overview of the transdisciplinary foundations of alcohol and drug counseling,
27.11	including theories of chemical dependency, the continuum of care, and the process of
27.12	change;
27.13	(ii) pharmacology of substance abuse disorders and the dynamics of addiction,
27.14	including medication-assisted therapy;
27.15	(iii) professional and ethical responsibilities;
27.16	(iv) multicultural aspects of chemical dependency;
27.17	(v) co-occurring disorders; and
27.18	(vi) the core functions defined in section 148F.010, subdivision 10.
27.19	Subd. 3. Examination requirements for licensure. (a) To be eligible for licensure,
27.20	the applicant must:
27.21	(1) satisfactorily pass the International Certification and Reciprocity Consortium
27.22	Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Counselor (IC&RC AODA) written examination adopted
27.23	June 2008, or other equivalent examination as determined by the board; or
27.24	(2) satisfactorily pass a written examination for licensure as an alcohol and drug
27.25	counselor, as determined by the board, and one of the following:
27.26	(i) complete a written case presentation and pass an oral examination that
27.27	demonstrates competence in the core functions as defined in section 148F.010, subdivision
27.28	<u>10; or</u>
27.29	(ii) complete 2,000 hours of postdegree supervised professional practice under
27.30	section 148F.040.
27.31	Sec. 6. [148F.030] RECIPROCITY.
27.32	(a) An individual who holds a current license or national certification as an alcohol
27.33	and drug counselor from another jurisdiction must file with the board a completed
27.34	application for licensure by reciprocity containing the information required in this section.

28.1	(b) The applicant must request the credentialing authority of the jurisdiction in
28.2	which the credential is held to send directly to the board a statement that the credential
28.3	is current and in good standing, the applicant's qualifications that entitled the applicant
28.4	to the credential, and a copy of the jurisdiction's credentialing laws and rules that were
28.5	in effect at the time the applicant obtained the credential.
28.6	(c) The board shall issue a license if the board finds that the requirements which
28.7	the applicant met to obtain the credential from the other jurisdiction were substantially
28.8	similar to the current requirements for licensure in this chapter and that the applicant is not
28.9	otherwise disqualified under section 148F.090.
28.10	Sec. 7. [148F.035] TEMPORARY PERMIT.
28.11	(a) The board may issue a temporary permit to practice alcohol and drug counseling
28.12	to an individual prior to being licensed under this chapter if the person:
28.13	(1) received an associate degree, or an equivalent number of credit hours, completed
28.14	880 clock hours of supervised alcohol and drug counseling practicum, and 18 semester
28.15	credits or 270 clock hours of academic course work in alcohol and drug counseling from
28.16	an accredited school or education program; and
28.17	(2) completed academic course work in the following areas:
28.18	(i) overview of the transdisciplinary foundations of alcohol and drug counseling,
28.19	including theories of chemical dependency, the continuum of care, and the process of
28.20	change;
28.21	(ii) pharmacology of substance abuse disorders and the dynamics of addiction,
28.22	including medication-assisted therapy;
28.23	(iii) professional and ethical responsibilities;
28.24	(iv) multicultural aspects of chemical dependency;
28.25	(v) co-occurring disorders; and
28.26	(vi) core functions defined in section 148F.010, subdivision 10.
28.27	(b) An individual seeking a temporary permit shall fully complete and submit
28.28	a notarized written application on forms provided by the board together with the
28.29	nonrefundable temporary permit fee specified in section 148F.115, subdivision 3, clause
28.30	<u>(1).</u>
28.31	(c) An individual practicing under this section:
28.32	(1) must be supervised by a licensed alcohol and drug counselor or other licensed
28.33	professional practicing alcohol and drug counseling under section 148F.110, subdivision 1;

29.1	(2) is subject to all statutes and rules to the same extent as an individual who is
29.2	licensed under this chapter, except the individual is not subject to the continuing education
29.3	requirements of section 148F.075; and
29.4	(3) must use the title "Alcohol and Drug Counselor-Trainee" or the letters "ADC-T"
29.5	in professional activities.
29.6	(d)(1) An individual practicing with a temporary permit must submit a renewal
29.7	application annually on forms provided by the board with the renewal fee required in
29.8	section 148F.115, subdivision 3.
29.9	(2) A temporary permit is automatically terminated if not renewed, upon a change in
29.10	supervision, or upon the granting or denial by the board of the applicant's application for
29.11	licensure as an alcohol and drug counselor.
29.12	(3) A temporary permit may be renewed no more than five times.
29.13	Sec. 8. [148F.040] SUPERVISED POSTDEGREE PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE.
29.14	Subdivision 1. Supervision. For the purposes of this section, "supervision" means
29.15	documented interactive consultation, which, subject to the limitations of subdivision 4,
29.16	paragraph (b), may be conducted in person, by telephone, or by audio or audiovisual
29.17	electronic device by a supervisor with a supervisee. The supervision must be adequate to
29.18	ensure the quality and competence of the activities supervised. Supervisory consultation
29.19	must include discussions on the nature and content of the practice of the supervisee,
29.20	including, but not limited to, a review of a representative sample of alcohol and drug
29.21	counseling services in the supervisee's practice.
29.22	Subd. 2. Postdegree professional practice. "Postdegree professional practice"
29.23	means paid or volunteer work experience and training following graduation from an
29.24	accredited school or educational program that involves professional oversight by a
29.25	supervisor approved by the board and that satisfies the supervision requirements in
29.26	subdivision 4.
29.27	Subd. 3. Supervisor requirements. For the purposes of this section, a supervisor
29.28	<u>shall:</u>
29.29	(1) be a licensed alcohol and drug counselor or other qualified professional as
29.30	determined by the board;
29.31	(2) have three years of experience providing alcohol and drug counseling services;
29.32	and
29.33	(3) have received a minimum of 12 hours of training in clinical and ethical
29.34	supervision, which may include course work, continuing education courses, workshops,
29.35	or a combination thereof.

30.1	Subd. 4. Supervised practice requirements for licensure. (a) The content of
30.2	supervision must include:
30.3	(1) knowledge, skills, values, and ethics with specific application to the practice
30.4	issues faced by the supervisee, including the core functions in section 148F.010,
30.5	subdivision 10;
30.6	(2) the standards of practice and ethical conduct, with particular emphasis given to
30.7	the counselor's role and appropriate responsibilities, professional boundaries, and power
30.8	dynamics; and
30.9	(3) the supervisee's permissible scope of practice, as defined in section 148F.010,
30.10	subdivision 18.
30.11	(b) The supervision must be obtained at the rate of one hour of supervision per 40
30.12	hours of professional practice, for a total of 50 hours of supervision. The supervision must
30.13	be evenly distributed over the course of the supervised professional practice. At least 75
30.14	percent of the required supervision hours must be received in person. The remaining 25
30.15	percent of the required hours may be received by telephone or by audio or audiovisual
30.16	electronic device. At least 50 percent of the required hours of supervision must be received
30.17	on an individual basis. The remaining 50 percent may be received in a group setting.
30.18	(c) The supervision must be completed in no fewer than 12 consecutive months
30.19	and no more than 36 consecutive months.
30.20	(d) The applicant shall include with an application for licensure a verification of
30.21	completion of the 2,000 hours of supervised professional practice. Verification must be
30.22	on a form specified by the board. The supervisor shall verify that the supervisee has
30.23	completed the required hours of supervision according to this section. The supervised
30.24	practice required under this section is unacceptable if the supervisor attests that the
30.25	supervisee's performance, competence, or adherence to the standards of practice and
30.26	ethical conduct has been unsatisfactory.
30.27	Sec. 9. [148F.045] ALCOHOL AND DRUG COUNSELOR TECHNICIAN.
30.28	An alcohol and drug counselor technician may perform the screening, intake, and
30.29	orientation services described in section 148F.010, subdivision 10, clauses (1), (2), and
30.30	(3), while under the direct supervision of a licensed alcohol and drug counselor.

#### 30.31 Sec. 10. [148F.050] LICENSE RENEWAL REQUIREMENTS.

- 30.32Subdivision 1. Biennial renewal. A license must be renewed every two years.30.33Subd. 2. License renewal notice. At least 60 calendar days before the renewal
- 30.34 <u>deadline date, the board shall mail a renewal notice to the licensee's last known address</u>

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on file with the board. The notice must include instructions for accessing an online 31.1 application for license renewal, the renewal deadline, and notice of fees required for 31.2 renewal. The licensee's failure to receive notice does not relieve the licensee of the 31.3 obligation to meet the renewal deadline and other requirements for license renewal. 31.4 Subd. 3. Renewal requirements. (a) To renew a license, a licensee must submit to 31.5 the board: 31.6 (1) a completed, signed, and notarized application for license renewal; 31.7 (2) the renewal fee required under section 148F.115, subdivision 2; and 31.8 (3) evidence satisfactory to the board that the licensee has completed 40 clock 31.9 hours of continuing education during the preceding two-year renewal period that meet the 31.10 requirements of section 148F.075. 31.11 31.12 (b) The application must be postmarked or received by the board by the end of the day on which the license expires or the following business day if the expiration date 31.13 falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday. An application which is not completed, signed, 31.14 31.15 notarized, or which is not accompanied by the correct fee, is void and must be returned to the licensee. 31.16 Subd. 4. Pending renewal. If a licensee's application for license renewal is 31.17 postmarked or received by the board by the end of the business day on the expiration date 31.18 of the license, the licensee may continue to practice after the expiration date while the 31.19 application for license renewal is pending with the board. 31.20 Subd. 5. Late renewal fee. If the application for license renewal is postmarked or 31.21 received after the expiration date, the licensee shall pay a late fee as specified by section 31.22 148F.115, subdivision 5, clause (1), in addition to the renewal fee, before the application 31.23 31.24 for license renewal will be considered by the board. 31.25 Sec. 11. [148F.055] EXPIRED LICENSE. Subdivision 1. Expiration of license. A licensee who fails to submit an application 31.26

31.27 for license renewal, or whose application for license renewal is not postmarked or received
31.28 by the board as required, is not authorized to practice after the expiration date and is

- 31.29 subject to disciplinary action by the board for any practice after the expiration date.
- 31.30 Subd. 2. Termination for nonrenewal. (a) Within 30 days after the renewal date, a
- 31.31 licensee who has not renewed the license shall be notified by letter sent to the last known
- 31.32 address of the licensee in the board's file that the renewal is overdue and that failure to
- 31.33 pay the current fee and current late fee within 60 days after the renewal date will result in
- 31.34 <u>termination of the license.</u>

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32.1 (b) The board shall terminate the license of a licensee whose license renewal is at

32.2 least 60 days overdue and to whom notification has been sent as provided in paragraph

32.3 (a). Failure of a licensee to receive notification is not grounds for later challenge of the

- 32.4 <u>termination</u>. The former licensee shall be notified of the termination by letter within seven
- 32.5 <u>days after the board action, in the same manner as provided in paragraph (a).</u>
- 32.6

## Sec. 12. [148F.060] VOLUNTARY TERMINATION.

A license may be voluntarily terminated by the licensee at any time upon written 32.7 notification to the board, unless a complaint is pending against the licensee. The 32.8 notification must be received by the board prior to termination of the license for failure to 32.9 renew. A former licensee may be licensed again only after complying with the relicensure 32.10 32.11 following termination requirements under section 148F.065. For purposes of this section, the board retains jurisdiction over any licensee whose license has been voluntarily 32.12 terminated and against whom the board receives a complaint for conduct occurring during 32.13 32.14 the period of licensure.

## 32.15 Sec. 13. [148F.065] RELICENSURE FOLLOWING TERMINATION.

Subdivision 1. Relicensure. For a period of two years, a former licensee whose 32.16 license has been voluntarily terminated or terminated for nonrenewal as provided in 32.17 section 148F.055, subdivision 2, may be relicensed by completing an application for 32.18 relicensure, paying the applicable fee, and verifying that the former licensee has not 32.19 engaged in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling in this state since the date of 32.20 32.21 termination. The verification must be accompanied by a notarized affirmation that the statement is true and correct to the best knowledge and belief of the former licensee. 32.22 Subd. 2. Continuing education for relicensure. A former licensee seeking 32.23 32.24 relicensure after license termination must provide evidence of having completed at least 20 hours of continuing education activities for each year, or portion thereof, that the 32.25 former licensee did not hold a license. 32.26 Subd. 3. Cancellation of license. The board shall not renew, reissue, reinstate, 32.27

or restore the license of a former licensee which was terminated for nonrenewal, or
voluntarily terminated, and for which relicensure was not sought for more than two years
from the date the license was terminated for nonrenewal, or voluntarily terminated. A
former licensee seeking relicensure after this two-year period must obtain a new license
by applying for licensure and fulfilling all requirements then in existence for an initial
license to practice alcohol and drug counseling in Minnesota.

#### 33.1 Sec. 14. [148F.070] INACTIVE LICENSE STATUS. Subdivision 1. Request for inactive status. Unless a complaint is pending against 33.2 the licensee, a licensee whose license is in good standing may request, in writing, that the 33.3 license be placed on the inactive list. If a complaint is pending against a licensee, a license 33.4 may not be placed on the inactive list until action relating to the complaint is concluded. 33.5 The board must receive the request for inactive status before expiration of the license, or 33.6 the person must pay the late fee. A licensee may renew a license that is inactive under this 33.7 subdivision by meeting the renewal requirements of subdivision 2. A licensee must not 33.8 practice alcohol and drug counseling while the license is inactive. 33.9 Subd. 2. Renewal of inactive license. A licensee whose license is inactive must 33.10 renew the inactive status by the inactive status expiration date determined by the board, 33.11 or the license will expire. An application for renewal of inactive status must include 33.12 evidence satisfactory to the board that the licensee has completed 40 clock hours of 33.13 continuing education required in section 148F.075. Late renewal of inactive status must be 33.14 33.15 accompanied by a late fee as required in section 148F.115, subdivision 5, paragraph (2). Sec. 15. [148F.075] CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS. 33.16 Subdivision 1. Purpose. (a) The purpose of mandatory continuing education is to 33.17 promote the professional development of alcohol and drug counselors so that the services 33.18 33.19 they provide promote the health and well-being of clients who receive services. (b) Continued professional growth and maintaining competence in providing alcohol 33.20 and drug counseling services are the ethical responsibilities of each licensee. 33.21 Subd. 2. Requirement. Every two years, all licensees must complete a minimum 33.22 of 40 clock hours of continuing education activities that meet the requirements in this 33.23 section. The 40 clock hours shall include a minimum of nine clock hours on diversity, 33.24 33.25 and a minimum of three clock hours on professional ethics. Diversity training includes, but is not limited to, the topics listed in Minnesota Rules, part 4747.1100, subpart 2. 33.26 A licensee may be given credit only for activities that directly relate to the practice 33.27 of alcohol and drug counseling. 33.28 Subd. 3. Standards for approval. In order to obtain clock hour credit for a 33.29 continuing education activity, the activity must: 33.30 (1) constitute an organized program of learning; 33.31 (2) reasonably be expected to advance the knowledge and skills of the alcohol 33.32 and drug counselor; 33.33 (3) pertain to subjects that directly relate to the practice of alcohol and drug 33.34 counseling; 33.35

34.1	(4) be conducted by individuals who have education, training, and experience and
34.2	are knowledgeable about the subject matter; and
34.3	(5) be presented by a sponsor who has a system to verify participation and maintains
34.4	attendance records for three years, unless the sponsor provides dated evidence to each
34.5	participant with the number of clock hours awarded.
34.6	Subd. 4. Qualifying activities. Clock hours may be earned through the following:
34.7	(1) attendance at educational programs of annual conferences, lectures, panel
34.8	discussions, workshops, in-service training, seminars, and symposia;
34.9	(2) successful completion of college or university courses offered by a regionally
34.10	accredited school or education program, if not being taken in order to meet the educational
34.11	requirements for licensure under this chapter. The licensee must obtain a grade of at least
34.12	a "C" or its equivalent or a pass in a pass/fail course in order to receive the following
34.13	continuing education credits:
34.14	(i) one semester credit equals 15 clock hours;
34.15	(ii) one trimester credit equals 12 clock hours; and
34.16	(iii) one quarter credit equals 10 clock hours;
34.17	(3) successful completion of home study or online courses offered by an accredited
34.18	school or education program and that require a licensee to demonstrate knowledge
34.19	following completion of the course;
34.20	(4) teaching a course at a regionally accredited institution of higher education. To
34.21	qualify for continuing education credit, the course must directly relate to the practice of
34.22	alcohol and drug counseling, as determined by the board. Continuing education hours may
34.23	be earned only for the first time the licensee teaches the course. Ten continuing education
34.24	hours may be earned for each semester credit hour taught; or
34.25	(5) presentations at workshops, seminars, symposia, meetings of professional
34.26	organizations, in-service trainings, or postgraduate institutes. The presentation must be
34.27	related to alcohol and drug counseling. A presenter may claim one hour of continuing
34.28	education for each hour of presentation time. A presenter may also receive continuing
34.29	education hours for development time at the rate of three hours for each hour of
34.30	presentation time. Continuing education hours may be earned only for the licensee's
34.31	first presentation on the subject developed.
34.32	Subd. 5. Activities not qualifying for continuing education clock hours.
34.33	Approval shall not be given for courses that do not meet the requirements of this section
34.34	or are limited to the following:
34.35	(1) any subject contrary to the rules of professional conduct;
34.36	(2) supervision of personnel;

35.1	(3) entertainment or recreational activities;
35.2	(4) employment orientation sessions;
35.3	(5) policy meetings;
35.4	(6) marketing;
35.5	(7) business;
35.6	(8) first aid, CPR, and similar training classes; and
35.7	(9) training related to payment systems, including covered services, coding, and
35.8	billing.
35.9	Subd. 6. Documentation of reporting compliance. (a) When the licensee applies
35.10	for renewal of the license, the licensee must complete and submit an affidavit of continuing
35.11	education compliance showing that the licensee has completed a minimum of 40 approved
35.12	continuing education clock hours since the last renewal. Failure to submit the affidavit
35.13	when required makes the licensee's renewal application incomplete and void.
35.14	(b) All licensees shall retain original documentation of completion of continuing
35.15	education hours for a period of five years. For purposes of compliance with this section, a
35.16	receipt for payment of the fee for the course is not sufficient evidence of completion of the
35.17	required hours of continuing education. Information retained shall include:
35.18	(1) the continuing education activity title;
35.19	(2) a brief description of the continuing education activity;
35.20	(3) the sponsor, presenter, or author;
35.21	(4) the location and the dates attended;
35.22	(5) the number of clock hours; and
35.23	(6) the certificate of attendance, if applicable.
35.24	(c) Only continuing education obtained during the two-year reporting period may be
35.25	considered at the time of reporting.
35.26	Subd. 7. Continuing education audit. (a) At the time of renewal, the board may
35.27	randomly audit a percentage of its licensees for compliance with continuing education
35.28	requirements.
35.29	(b) The board shall mail a notice to a licensee selected for an audit of continuing
35.30	education hours. The notice must include the reporting periods selected for audit.
35.31	(c) Selected licensees shall submit copies of the original documentation of completed
35.32	continuing education hours. Upon specific request, the licensee shall submit original
35.33	documentation. Failure to submit required documentation shall result in the renewal
35.34	application being considered incomplete and void and constitute grounds for nonrenewal
35.35	of the license and disciplinary action.

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36.1	Subd. 8. Variance of continuing education requirements. (a) If a licensee is
36.2	unable to meet the continuing education requirements by the renewal date, the licensee
36.3	may request a time-limited variance to fulfill the requirements after the renewal date. A
36.4	licensee seeking a variance is considered to be renewing late and is subject to the late
36.5	renewal fee, regardless of when the request is received or whether the variance is granted.
36.6	(b) The licensee shall submit the variance request on a form designated by the board,
36.7	include the variance fee subject to section 14.056, subdivision 2, and the late fee for
36.8	license renewal under section 148F.115. The variance request is subject to the criteria for
36.9	rule variances in section 14.055, subdivision 4, and must include a written plan listing
36.10	the activities offered to meet the requirement. Hours completed after the renewal date
36.11	pursuant to the written plan count toward meeting only the requirements of the previous
36.12	renewal period.
36.13	(c) A variance granted under this subdivision expires six months after the license
36.14	renewal date. A licensee who is granted a variance but fails to complete the required
36.15	continuing education within the six-month period may apply for a second variance
36.16	according to this subdivision.
36.17	(d) If an initial variance request is denied, the license of the licensee shall not be
36.18	renewed until the licensee completes the continuing education requirements. If an initial
36.19	variance is granted, and the licensee fails to complete the required continuing education
36.20	within the six-month period, the license shall be administratively suspended until the
36.21	licensee completes the required continuing education, unless the licensee has obtained a
36.22	second variance according to paragraph (c).
36.23	Sec. 16. [148F.080] SPONSOR'S APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL.
36.24	Subdivision 1. Content. Individuals, organizations, associations, corporations,
36.25	educational institutions, or groups intending to offer continuing education activities for
36.26	approval must submit to the board the sponsor application fee and a completed application
36.27	for approval on a form provided by the board. The sponsor must comply with the
36.28	following to receive and maintain approval:
36.29	(1) submit the application for approval at least 60 days before the activity is
36.30	scheduled to begin; and
36.31	(2) include the following information in the application for approval to enable the
36.32	board to determine whether the activity complies with section 148F.075:
36.33	(i) a statement of the objectives of the activity and the knowledge the participants
36.34	will have gained upon completion of the activity;

37.1	(ii) a description of the content and methodology of the activity which will allow the
37.2	participants to meet the objectives;
37.3	(iii) a description of the method the participants will use to evaluate the activity;
37.4	(iv) a list of the qualifications of each instructor or developer that shows the
37.5	instructor's or developer's current knowledge and skill in the activity's subject;
37.6	(v) a description of the certificate or other form of verification of attendance
37.7	distributed to each participant upon successful completion of the activity;
37.8	(vi) the sponsor's agreement to retain attendance lists for a period of five years
37.9	from the date of the activity; and
37.10	(vii) a copy of any proposed advertisement or other promotional literature.
37.11	Subd. 2. Approval expiration. If the board approves an activity it shall assign the
37.12	activity a number. The approval remains in effect for one year from the date of initial
37.13	approval. Upon expiration, a sponsor must submit a new application for activity approval
37.14	to the board as required by subdivision 1.
37.15	Subd. 3. Statement of board approval. Each sponsor of an approved activity shall
37.16	include in any promotional literature a statement that "This activity has been approved by
37.17	the Minnesota Board of Behavioral Health and Therapy for hours of credit."
37.18	Subd. 4. Changes. The activity sponsor must submit proposed changes in an
37.19	approved activity to the board for its approval.
37.20	Subd. 5. Denial of approval. The board shall not approve an activity if it does not
37.21	meet the continuing education requirements in section 148F.075. The board shall notify
37.22	the sponsor in writing of its reasons for denial.
37.23	Subd. 6. Revocation of approval. The board shall revoke its approval of an activity
37.24	if a sponsor falsifies information contained in its application for approval, or if a sponsor
37.25	fails to notify the board of changes to an approved activity as required in subdivision 4.
37.26	Sec. 17. [148F.085] NONTRANSFERABILITY OF LICENSES.
37.27	An alcohol and drug counselor license is not transferable.
37.28	Sec. 18. [148F.090] DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION OF LICENSE.
37.29	Subdivision 1. Grounds. The board may impose disciplinary action as described
37.30	in subdivision 2 against an applicant or licensee whom the board, by a preponderance of
37.31	the evidence, determines:
37.32	(1) has violated a statute, rule, or order that the board issued or is empowered to
37.33	enforce;

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38.1	(2) has engaged in fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest conduct, whether or not the
38.2	conduct relates to the practice of licensed alcohol and drug counseling that adversely
38.3	affects the person's ability or fitness to practice alcohol and drug counseling;
38.4	(3) has engaged in unprofessional conduct or any other conduct which has the
38.5	potential for causing harm to the public, including any departure from or failure to
38.6	conform to the minimum standards of acceptable and prevailing practice without actual
38.7	injury having to be established;
38.8	(4) has been convicted of or has pled guilty or nolo contendere to a felony or other
38.9	crime, an element of which is dishonesty or fraud, or has been shown to have engaged
38.10	in acts or practices tending to show that the applicant or licensee is incompetent or has
38.11	engaged in conduct reflecting adversely on the applicant's or licensee's ability or fitness
38.12	to engage in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling;
38.13	(5) has employed fraud or deception in obtaining or renewing a license, or in
38.14	passing an examination;
38.15	(6) has had any license, certificate, registration, privilege to take an examination,
38.16	or other similar authority denied, revoked, suspended, canceled, limited, or not renewed
38.17	for cause in any jurisdiction or has surrendered or voluntarily terminated a license or
38.18	certificate during a board investigation of a complaint, as part of a disciplinary order, or
38.19	while under a disciplinary order;
38.20	(7) has failed to meet any requirement for the issuance or renewal of the person's
38.21	license. The burden of proof is on the applicant or licensee to demonstrate the
38.22	qualifications or satisfy the requirements for a license under this chapter;
38.23	(8) has failed to cooperate with an investigation by the board;
38.24	(9) has demonstrated an inability to practice alcohol and drug counseling with
38.25	reasonable skill and safety as a result of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, chemicals, or any
38.26	other materials, or as a result of any mental, physical, or psychological condition;
38.27	(10) has engaged in conduct with a client that is sexual or may reasonably be
38.28	interpreted by the client as sexual, or in any verbal behavior that is seductive or sexually
38.29	demeaning to a client;
38.30	(11) has been subject to a corrective action or similar, nondisciplinary action in
38.31	another jurisdiction or by another regulatory authority;
38.32	(12) has been adjudicated as mentally incompetent, mentally ill, or developmentally
38.33	disabled or as a chemically dependent person, a person dangerous to the public, a sexually
38.34	dangerous person, or a person who has a sexual psychopathic personality by a court
38.35	of competent jurisdiction within this state or an equivalent adjudication from another

39.1	state. Adjudication automatically suspends a license for the duration thereof unless the
39.2	board orders otherwise;
39.3	(13) fails to comply with a client's request for health records made under sections
39.4	144.291 to 144.298, or to furnish a client record or report required by law;
39.5	(14) has engaged in abusive or fraudulent billing practices, including violations of
39.6	the federal Medicare and Medicaid laws or state medical assistance laws; or
39.7	(15) has engaged in fee splitting. This clause does not apply to the distribution
39.8	of revenues from a partnership, group practice, nonprofit corporation, or professional
39.9	corporation to its partners, shareholders, members, or employees if the revenues consist
39.10	only of fees for services performed by the licensee or under a licensee's administrative
39.11	authority. Fee splitting includes, but is not limited to:
39.12	(i) dividing fees with another person or a professional corporation, unless the
39.13	division is in proportion to the services provided and the responsibility assumed by
39.14	each professional;
39.15	(ii) referring a client to any health care provider as defined in sections 144.291 to
39.16	144.298 in which the referring licensee has a significant financial interest, unless the
39.17	licensee has disclosed in advance to the client the licensee's own financial interest; or
39.18	(iii) paying, offering to pay, receiving, or agreeing to receive a commission, rebate,
39.19	or remuneration, directly or indirectly, primarily for the referral of clients.
39.20	Subd. 2. Forms of disciplinary action. If grounds for disciplinary action exist
39.21	under subdivision 1, the board may take one or more of the following actions;
39.22	(1) refuse to grant or renew a license;
39.23	(2) revoke a license;
39.24	(3) suspend a license;
39.25	(4) impose limitations or conditions on a licensee's practice of alcohol and drug
39.26	counseling, including, but not limited to, limiting the scope of practice to designated
39.27	competencies, imposing retraining or rehabilitation requirements, requiring the licensee to
39.28	practice under supervision, or conditioning continued practice on the demonstration of
39.29	knowledge or skill by appropriate examination or other review of skill and competence;
39.30	(5) censure or reprimand the licensee;
39.31	(6) impose a civil penalty not exceeding \$10,000 for each separate violation,
39.32	the amount of the civil penalty to be fixed so as to deprive the applicant or licensee
39.33	of any economic advantage gained by reason of the violation charged, to discourage
39.34	similar violations or to reimburse the board for the cost of the investigation and
39.35	proceeding, including, but not limited to, fees paid for services provided by the Office of
39.36	Administrative Hearings, legal and investigative services provided by the Office of the

40.1	Attorney General, court reporters, witnesses, reproduction of records, board members' per
40.2	diem compensation, board staff time, and travel costs and expenses incurred by board staff
40.3	and board members; or
40.4	(7) any other action justified by the case.
40.5	Subd. 3. Evidence. In disciplinary actions alleging violations of subdivision 1,
40.6	clause (4), (12), or (14), a copy of the judgment or proceedings under the seal of the court
40.7	administrator or of the administrative agency that entered the judgment or proceeding
40.8	is admissible into evidence without further authentication and constitutes prima facie
40.9	evidence of its contents.
40.10	Subd. 4. Temporary suspension. (a) In addition to any other remedy provided by
40.11	law, the board may issue an order to temporarily suspend the credentials of a licensee after
40.12	conducting a preliminary inquiry to determine if the board reasonably believes that the
40.13	licensee has violated a statute or rule that the board is empowered to enforce and whether
40.14	continued practice by the licensee would create an imminent risk of harm to others.
40.15	(b) The order may prohibit the licensee from engaging in the practice of alcohol
40.16	and drug counseling in whole or in part and may condition the end of a suspension on
40.17	the licensee's compliance with a statute, rule, or order that the board has issued or is
40.18	empowered to enforce.
40.19	(c) The order shall give notice of the right to a hearing according to this subdivision
40.20	and shall state the reasons for the entry of the order.
40.21	(d) Service of the order is effective when the order is served on the licensee
40.22	personally or by certified mail, which is complete upon receipt, refusal, or return for
40.23	nondelivery to the most recent address of the licensee provided to the board.
40.24	(e) At the time the board issues a temporary suspension order, the board shall
40.25	schedule a hearing to be held before its own members. The hearing shall begin no later
40.26	than 60 days after issuance of the temporary suspension order or within 15 working
40.27	days of the date of the board's receipt of a request for hearing by a licensee, on the sole
40.28	issue of whether there is a reasonable basis to continue, modify, or lift the temporary
40.29	suspension. The hearing is not subject to chapter 14. Evidence presented by the board
40.30	or the licensee shall be in affidavit form only. The licensee or counsel of record may
40.31	appear for oral argument.
40.32	(f) Within five working days of the hearing, the board shall issue its order and, if the
40.33	suspension is continued, schedule a contested case hearing within 30 days of the issuance
40.34	of the order. Notwithstanding chapter 14, the administrative law judge shall issue a report
40.35	within 30 days after closing the contested case hearing record. The board shall issue a
40.36	final order within 30 days of receipt of the administrative law judge's report.

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41.1	Subd. 5. Automatic suspension. (a) The right to practice is automatically
41.2	suspended when:
41.3	(1) a guardian of an alcohol and drug counselor is appointed by order of a district
41.4	court under sections 524.5-101 to 524.5-502; or
41.5	(2) the counselor is committed by order of a district court under chapter 253B.
41.6	(b) The right to practice remains suspended until the counselor is restored to capacity
41.7	by a court and, upon petition by the counselor, the suspension is terminated by the board
41.8	after a hearing or upon agreement between the board and the counselor.
41.9	Subd. 6. Mental, physical, or chemical health evaluation. (a) If the board has
41.10	probable cause to believe that an applicant or licensee is unable to practice alcohol and
41.11	drug counseling with reasonable skill and safety due to a mental or physical illness or
41.12	condition, the board may direct the individual to submit to a mental, physical, or chemical
41.13	dependency examination or evaluation.
41.14	(1) For the purposes of this section, every licensee and applicant is deemed to
41.15	have consented to submit to a mental, physical, or chemical dependency examination or
41.16	evaluation when directed in writing by the board and to have waived all objections to the
41.17	admissibility of the examining professionals' testimony or examination reports on the
41.18	grounds that the testimony or examination reports constitute a privileged communication.
41.19	(2) Failure of a licensee or applicant to submit to an examination when directed by
41.20	the board constitutes an admission of the allegations against the person, unless the failure
41.21	was due to circumstances beyond the person's control, in which case a default and final
41.22	order may be entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence.
41.23	(3) A licensee or applicant affected under this subdivision shall at reasonable
41.24	intervals be given an opportunity to demonstrate that the licensee or applicant can resume
41.25	the competent practice of licensed alcohol and drug counseling with reasonable skill
41.26	and safety to the public.
41.27	(4) In any proceeding under this subdivision, neither the record of proceedings
41.28	nor the orders entered by the board shall be used against the licensee or applicant in
41.29	any other proceeding.
41.30	(b) In addition to ordering a physical or mental examination, the board may,
41.31	notwithstanding section 13.384 or 144.291 to 144.298, or any other law limiting access to
41.32	medical or other health data, obtain medical data and health records relating to a licensee
41.33	or applicant without the licensee's or applicant's consent if the board has probable cause to
41.34	believe that subdivision 1, clause (9), applies to the licensee or applicant. The medical
41.35	data may be requested from:
41.36	(1) a provider, as defined in section 144.291, subdivision 2, paragraph (h);

(2) an insurance company; or

- 42.2 (3) a government agency, including the Department of Human Services.
- 42.3 (c) A provider, insurance company, or government agency must comply with any
- 42.4 written request of the board under this subdivision and is not liable in any action for
- 42.5 <u>damages for releasing the data requested by the board if the data are released pursuant to a</u>
- 42.6 written request under this subdivision, unless the information is false and the provider
- 42.7 giving the information knew, or had reason to believe, the information was false.
- 42.8 (d) Information obtained under this subdivision is private data on individuals as
  42.9 defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

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## Sec. 19. [148F.095] ADDITIONAL REMEDIES.

42.11 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Cease and desist. (a) The board may issue a cease and desist order 42.12 to stop a person from violating or threatening to violate a statute, rule, or order which the 42.13 board has issued or has authority to enforce. The cease and desist order must state the 42.14 reason for its issuance and give notice of the person's right to request a hearing under 42.15 sections 14.57 to 14.62. If, within 15 days of service of the order, the subject of the order 42.16 fails to request a hearing in writing, the order is the final order of the board and is not 42.17 reviewable by a court or agency.

42.18 (b) A hearing must be initiated by the board no later than 30 days from the date
42.19 of the board's receipt of a written hearing request. Within 30 days of receipt of the
42.20 administrative law judge's report, and any written agreement or exceptions filed by the
42.21 parties, the board shall issue a final order modifying, vacating, or making permanent the
42.22 cease and desist order as the facts require. The final order remains in effect until modified
42.23 or vacated by the board.

(c) When a request for a stay accompanies a timely hearing request, the board may, 42.24 42.25 in the board's discretion, grant the stay. If the board does not grant a requested stay, the board shall refer the request to the Office of Administrative Hearings within three working 42.26 days of receipt of the request. Within ten days after receiving the request from the board, 42.27 an administrative law judge shall issue a recommendation to grant or deny the stay. The 42.28 board shall grant or deny the stay within five working days of receiving the administrative 42.29 law judge's recommendation. 42.30 (d) In the event of noncompliance with a cease and desist order, the board may 42.31

- 42.32 <u>institute a proceeding in district court to obtain injunctive relief or other appropriate</u>
- 42.33 relief, including a civil penalty payable to the board, not to exceed \$10,000 for each
- 42.34 separate violation.

43.1	Subd. 2. Injunctive relief. In addition to any other remedy provided by law,
43.2	including the issuance of a cease and desist order under subdivision 1, the board may in
43.3	the board's own name bring an action in district court for injunctive relief to restrain an
43.4	alcohol and drug counselor from a violation or threatened violation of any statute, rule, or
43.5	order which the board has authority to administer, enforce, or issue.
43.6	Subd. 3. Additional powers. The issuance of a cease and desist order or injunctive
43.7	relief granted under this section does not relieve a counselor from criminal prosecution by

- 43.8 <u>a competent authority or from disciplinary action by the board.</u>

## 43.9 Sec. 20. [148F.100] COOPERATION.

43.10 <u>An alcohol and drug counselor who is the subject of an investigation, or who</u>

43.11 <u>is questioned in connection with an investigation, by or on behalf of the board, shall</u>

43.12 cooperate fully with the investigation. Cooperation includes responding fully to any

43.13 <u>question raised by or on behalf of the board relating to the subject of the investigation</u>,

43.14 whether tape recorded or not. Challenges to requests of the board may be brought before

43.15 <u>the appropriate agency or court.</u>

## 43.16 Sec. 21. [148F.105] PROHIBITED PRACTICE OR USE OF TITLES; PENALTY.

43.17 Subdivision 1. Practice. No person shall engage in alcohol and drug counseling
43.18 without first being licensed under this chapter as an alcohol and drug counselor. For
43.19 purposes of this chapter, an individual engages in the practice of alcohol and drug
43.20 counseling if the individual performs or offers to perform alcohol and drug counseling
43.21 services as defined in section 148F.010, subdivision 19, or if the individual is held out as
43.22 able to perform those services.

- 43.23 <u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Use of titles. (a) No individual shall present themselves or any other</u>
  43.24 individual to the public by any title incorporating the words "licensed alcohol and drug
- 43.25 counselor," "alcohol and drug counselor," or otherwise hold themselves out to the public
- 43.26 by any title or description stating or implying that they are licensed or otherwise qualified
- 43.27 to practice alcohol and drug counseling, unless that individual holds a valid license.
- 43.28 (b) An individual issued a temporary permit must use titles consistent with section
  43.29 148F.035, subdivisions 1 and 2, paragraph (c), clause (3).
- 43.30 (c) An individual who is participating in an alcohol and drug counseling practicum
  43.31 for purposes of licensure by the board may be designated an "alcohol and drug counselor
  43.32 intern."
- 43.33 (d) Individuals who are trained in alcohol and drug counseling and employed by an
   43.34 educational institution recognized by a regional accrediting organization, by a federal,

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- 44.1 <u>state, county, or local government institution, by agencies, or research facilities, may</u>
- 44.2 represent themselves by the titles designated by that organization provided the title does
- 44.3 <u>not indicate the individual is licensed by the board.</u>
- 44.4 <u>Subd. 3.</u> Penalty. A person who violates sections 148F.001 to 148F.205 is guilty
  44.5 <u>of a misdemeanor.</u>

# 44.6 Sec. 22. [148F.110] EXCEPTIONS TO LICENSE REQUIREMENT.

- 44.7 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Other professionals. (a) Nothing in this chapter prevents members
  44.8 of other professions or occupations from performing functions for which they are qualified
- 44.9 or licensed. This exception includes, but is not limited to: licensed physicians; registered
- 44.10 <u>nurses; licensed practical nurses; licensed psychologists and licensed psychological</u>
- 44.11 practitioners; members of the clergy provided such services are provided within the scope
- 44.12 <u>of regular ministries; American Indian medicine men and women; licensed attorneys;</u>
- 44.13 probation officers; licensed marriage and family therapists; licensed social workers; social
- 44.14 workers employed by city, county, or state agencies; licensed professional counselors;
- 44.15 <u>licensed professional clinical counselors; licensed school counselors; registered</u>
- 44.16 <u>occupational therapists or occupational therapy assistants; Upper Midwest Indian Council</u>
- 44.17 <u>on Addictive Disorders (UMICAD) certified counselors when providing services to</u>
- 44.18 <u>Native American people; city, county, or state employees when providing assessments</u>
- 44.19 or case management under Minnesota Rules, chapter 9530; and individuals defined in
- 44.20 <u>section 256B.0623</u>, subdivision 5, clauses (1) and (2), providing integrated dual-diagnosis
- 44.21 <u>treatment in adult mental health rehabilitative programs certified by the Department of</u>

44.22 <u>Human Services under section 256B.0622 or 256B.0623.</u>

- (b) Nothing in this chapter prohibits technicians and resident managers in programs
  licensed by the Department of Human Services from discharging their duties as provided
  in Minnesota Rules, chapter 9530.
- (c) Any person who is exempt from licensure under this section must not use a 44.26 title incorporating the words "alcohol and drug counselor" or "licensed alcohol and drug 44.27 counselor" or otherwise hold themselves out to the public by any title or description 44.28 stating or implying that they are engaged in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling, or 44.29 that they are licensed to engage in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling, unless that 44.30 person is also licensed as an alcohol and drug counselor. Persons engaged in the practice 44.31 of alcohol and drug counseling are not exempt from the board's jurisdiction solely by the 44.32 use of one of the titles in paragraph (a). 44.33 44.34
- 44.34Subd. 2. Students. Nothing in sections 148F.001 to 148F.110 shall prevent students44.35enrolled in an accredited school of alcohol and drug counseling from engaging in the

45.1	practice of alcohol and drug counseling while under qualified supervision in an accredited
45.2	school of alcohol and drug counseling.
45.3	Subd. 3. Federally recognized tribes. Alcohol and drug counselors practicing
45.4	alcohol and drug counseling according to standards established by federally recognized
45.5	tribes, while practicing under tribal jurisdiction, are exempt from the requirements of this
45.6	chapter. In practicing alcohol and drug counseling under tribal jurisdiction, individuals
45.7	practicing under that authority shall be afforded the same rights, responsibilities, and
45.8	recognition as persons licensed under this chapter.
45.9	Sec. 23. [148F.115] FEES.
45.10	Subdivision 1. Application fee. The application fee is \$295.
45.11	Subd. 2. Biennial renewal fee. The license renewal fee is \$295. If the board
45.12	establishes a renewal schedule, and the scheduled renewal date is less than two years,
45.13	the fee may be prorated.
45.14	Subd. 3. Temporary permit fee. Temporary permit fees are as follows:
45.15	(1) initial application fee is \$100; and
45.16	(2) annual renewal fee is \$150. If the initial term is less or more than one year,
45.17	the fee may be prorated.
45.18	Subd. 4. Inactive license renewal fee. The inactive license renewal fee is \$150.
45.19	Subd. 5. Late fees. Late fees are as follows:
45.20	(1) biennial renewal late fee is \$74;
45.21	(2) inactive license renewal late fee is \$37; and
45.22	(3) annual temporary permit late fee is \$37.
45.23	Subd. 6. Fee to renew after expiration of license. The fee for renewal of a license
45.24	that has been expired for less than two years is the total of the biennial renewal fee in
45.25	effect at the time of late renewal and the late fee.
45.26	Subd. 7. Fee for license verification. The fee for license verification is \$25.
45.27	Subd. 8. Surcharge fee. Notwithstanding section 16A.1285, subdivision 2, a
45.28	surcharge of \$99 shall be paid at the time of initial application for or renewal of an alcohol
45.29	and drug counselor license until June 30, 2013.
45.30	Subd. 9. Sponsor application fee. The fee for a sponsor application for approval
45.31	of a continuing education course is \$60.
45.32	Subd. 10. Order or stipulation fee. The fee for a copy of a board order or
45.33	stipulation is \$10.
45.34	Subd. 11. Duplicate certificate fee. The fee for a duplicate certificate is \$25.

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46.1	Subd. 12. Supervisor application processing fee. The fee for licensure supervisor
46.2	application processing is \$30.
46.3	Subd. 13. Nonrefundable fees. All fees in this section are nonrefundable.
46.4	Sec. 24. [148F.120] CONDUCT.
46.5	Subdivision 1. Scope. Sections 148F.120 to 148F.205 apply to the conduct of all
46.6	alcohol and drug counselors, licensees, and applicants, including conduct during the
46.7	period of education, training, and employment that is required for licensure.
46.8	Subd. 2. Purpose. Sections 148F.120 to 148F.205 constitute the standards by which
46.9	the professional conduct of alcohol and drug counselors is measured.
46.10	Subd. 3. Violations. A violation of sections 148F.120 to 148F.205 is unprofessional
46.11	conduct and constitutes grounds for disciplinary action, corrective action, or denial of
46.12	licensure.
46.13	Subd. 4. Conflict with organizational demands. If the organizational policies at
46.14	the provider's work setting conflict with any provision in sections 148F.120 to 148F.205,
46.15	the provider shall discuss the nature of the conflict with the employer, make known the
46.16	requirement to comply with these sections of law, and attempt to resolve the conflict
46.17	in a manner that does not violate the law.
46.18	Sec. 25. [148F.125] COMPETENT PROVISION OF SERVICES.
46.19	Subdivision 1. Limits on practice. Alcohol and drug counselors shall limit their
46.20	practice to the client populations and services for which they have competence or for
46.21	which they are developing competence.
46.22	Subd. 2. Developing competence. When an alcohol and drug counselor is
46.23	developing competence in a service, method, procedure, or to treat a specific client
46.24	population, the alcohol and drug counselor shall obtain professional education, training,
46.25	continuing education, consultation, supervision, or experience, or a combination thereof,
46.26	necessary to demonstrate competence.
46.27	Subd. 3. Experimental, emerging, or innovative services. Alcohol and drug
46.28	counselors may offer experimental services, methods, or procedures competently and
46.29	in a manner that protects clients from harm. However, when doing so, they have a
46.30	heightened responsibility to understand and communicate the potential risks to clients, to
46.31	use reasonable skill and safety, and to undertake appropriate preparation as required in
46.32	subdivision 2.
46.33	Subd. 4. Limitations. Alcohol and drug counselors shall recognize the limitations
46.34	to the scope of practice of alcohol and drug counseling. When the needs of clients appear

- 47.2 other professional, technical, community, and administrative resources available to them.
- 47.3 Providers shall assist with identifying resources when it is in the best interests of clients to
- 47.4 be provided with alternative or complementary services.
- 47.5 Subd. 5. Burden of proof. Whenever a complaint is submitted to the board
- 47.6 involving a violation of this section, the burden of proof is on the provider to demonstrate
- 47.7 <u>that the elements of competence have reasonably been met.</u>

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## 47.8 Sec. 26. [148F.130] PROTECTING CLIENT PRIVACY.

- 47.9 Subdivision 1. Protecting private information. The provider shall safeguard
- 47.10 private information obtained in the course of the practice of alcohol and drug counseling.
- 47.11 <u>Private information may be disclosed to others only according to section 148F.135, or</u>
- 47.12 with certain exceptions as specified in subdivisions 2 to 13.
- Subd. 2. Duty to warn; limitation on liability. Private information may be 47.13 47.14 disclosed without the consent of the client when a duty to warn arises, or as otherwise provided by law or court order. The duty to warn of, or take reasonable precautions to 47.15 provide protection from, violent behavior arises only when a client or other person has 47.16 communicated to the provider a specific, serious threat of physical violence to self or a 47.17 specific, clearly identified or identifiable potential victim. If a duty to warn arises, the duty 47.18 47.19 is discharged by the provider if reasonable efforts are made to communicate the threat to law enforcement agencies, the potential victim, the family of the client, or appropriate 47.20 third parties who are in a position to prevent or avert the harm. No monetary liability 47.21 47.22 and no cause of action or disciplinary action by the board may arise against a provider for disclosure of confidences to third parties, for failure to disclose confidences to third 47.23 parties, or for erroneous disclosure of confidences to third parties in a good faith effort to 47.24 warn against or take precautions against a client's violent behavior or threat of suicide. 47.25 Subd. 3. Services to group clients. Whenever alcohol and drug counseling 47.26 services are provided to group clients, the provider shall initially inform each client of the 47.27 provider's responsibility and each client's individual responsibility to treat any information 47.28 gained in the course of rendering the services as private information, including any 47.29 limitations to each client's right to privacy. 47.30 Subd. 4. Obtaining collateral information. Prior to obtaining collateral 47.31
- 47.32 information about a client from other individuals, the provider shall obtain consent from
- 47.33 the client unless the consent is not required by law or court order, and shall inform the
- 47.34 other individuals that the information obtained may become part of the client's records and
- 47.35 <u>may therefore be accessed or released by the client, unless prohibited by law. For purposes</u>

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of this subdivision, "other individual" means any individual, except for credentialed health 48.1 care providers acting in their professional capacities, who participates adjunctively in 48.2 the provision of services to a client. Examples of other individuals include, but are not 48.3 limited to, family members, friends, coworkers, day care workers, guardians ad litem, 48.4 foster parents, or school personnel. 48.5 Subd. 5. Minor clients. At the beginning of a professional relationship, the provider 48.6 shall inform a minor client that the law imposes limitations on the right of privacy of the 48.7 minor with respect to the minor's communications with the provider. This requirement is 48.8 waived when the minor cannot reasonably be expected to understand the privacy statement. 48.9 Subd. 6. Limited access to client records. The provider shall limit access to client 48.10 records. The provider shall make reasonable efforts to inform individuals associated 48.11 with the provider's agency or facility, such as staff members, students, volunteers, or 48.12 community aides, that access to client records, regardless of their format, is limited only to 48.13 the provider with whom the client has a professional relationship, an individual associated 48.14 48.15 with the agency or facility whose duties require access, or individuals authorized to have access by the written informed consent of the client. 48.16 Subd. 7. Billing statements for services. The provider shall comply with the 48.17 privacy wishes of clients regarding to whom and where statements for services are to be 48.18 sent. 48.19 Subd. 8. Case reports. The identification of the client shall be reasonably disguised 48.20 in case reports or other clinical materials used in teaching, presentations, professional 48.21 meetings, or publications. 48.22 48.23 Subd. 9. Observation and recording. Diagnostic interviews or therapeutic sessions with a client may be observed or electronically recorded only with the client's written 48.24 informed consent. 48.25 Subd. 10. Continued protection of client information. The provider shall maintain 48.26 the privacy of client data indefinitely after the professional relationship has ended. 48.27 Subd. 11. Court-ordered or other mandated disclosures. The proper disclosure 48.28 of private client data upon a court order or to conform with state or federal law shall not be 48.29 considered a violation of sections 148F.120 to 148F.205. 48.30 Subd. 12. Abuse or neglect of minor or vulnerable adults. An applicant or 48.31 licensee must comply with the reporting of maltreatment of minors established in section 48.32 626.556 and the reporting of maltreatment of vulnerable adults established in section 48.33 626.557. 48.34 Subd. 13. Initial contacts. When an individual initially contacts a provider 48.35 regarding alcohol and drug counseling services, the provider or another individual 48.36

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49.1 designated by the provider may, with oral consent from the potential client, contact third
49.2 parties to determine payment or benefits information, arrange for precertification of
49.3 services when required by the individual's health plan, or acknowledge a referral from
49.4 another health care professional.

## 49.5 Sec. 27. [148F.135] PRIVATE INFORMATION; ACCESS AND RELEASE.

Subdivision 1. Client right to access and release private information. A client has 49.6 the right to access and release private information maintained by the provider, including 49.7 client records as provided in sections 144.291 to 144.298, relating to the provider's 49.8 counseling services to that client, except as otherwise provided by law or court order. 49.9 Subd. 2. Release of private information. (a) When a client makes a request for 49.10 the provider to release the client's private information, the request must be in writing 49.11 and signed by the client. Informed consent is not required. When the request involves 49.12 client records, all pertinent information shall be released in compliance with sections 49.13 49.14 144.291 to 144.298. (b) If the provider initiates the request to release the client's private information, 49.15 written authorization for the release of information must be obtained from the client 49.16 49.17 and must include, at a minimum: (1) the name of the client; 49.18 (2) the name of the individual or entity providing the information; 49.19 (3) the name of the individual or entity to which the release is made; 49.20 (4) the types of information to be released, such as progress notes, diagnoses, 49.21 49.22 assessment data, or other specific information; (5) the purpose of the release, such as whether the release is to coordinate 49.23 professional care with another provider, to obtain insurance payment for services, or for 49.24 49.25 other specified purposes; (6) the time period covered by the consent; 49.26

49.27 (7) a statement that the consent is valid for one year, except as otherwise allowed by

- 49.28 <u>statute, or for a lesser period that is specified in the consent;</u>
- 49.29 (8) a declaration that the individual signing the statement has been told of and
  49.30 understands the nature and purpose of the authorized release;
- 49.31 (9) a statement that the consent may be rescinded, except to the extent that the
- 49.32 consent has already been acted upon or that the right to rescind consent has been waived

49.33 <u>separately in writing;</u>

49.34 (10) the signature of the client or the client's legally authorized representative, whose
49.35 relationship to the client must be stated; and

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50.1	(11) the date on which the consent is signed.
50.2	Subd. 3. Group client records. Whenever counseling services are provided to
50.3	group clients, each client has the right to access or release only that information in the
50.4	records that the client has provided directly or has authorized other sources to provide,
50.5	unless otherwise directed by law or court order. Upon a request by one client to access or
50.6	release group client records, that information in the records that has not been provided
50.7	directly or by authorization of the requesting client must be redacted unless written
50.8	authorization to disclose this information has been obtained from the other clients.
50.9	Subd. 4. Board investigation. The board shall be allowed access to any records of
50.10	a client provided services by an applicant or licensee who is under investigation. If the
50.11	client has not signed a consent permitting access to the client's records, the applicant or
50.12	licensee must delete any data that identifies the client before providing them to the board.
50.13	The board shall maintain any records as investigative data pursuant to chapter 13.
50.14	Sec. 28. [148F.140] INFORMED CONSENT.
50.15	Subdivision 1. Obtaining informed consent for services. The provider shall obtain
50.16	informed consent from the client before initiating services. The informed consent must be
50.17	in writing, signed by the client, and include the following, at a minimum:
50.18	(1) authorization for the provider to engage in an activity which directly affects
50.19	the client;
50.20	(2) the goals, purposes, and procedures of the proposed services;
50.21	(3) the factors that may impact the duration of the service;
50.22	(4) the applicable fee schedule;
50.23	(5) the limits to the client's privacy, including, but not limited to, the provider's duty
50.24	to warn pursuant to section 148F.130, subdivision 2;
50.25	(6) the provider's responsibilities if the client terminates the service;
50.26	(7) the significant risks and benefits of the service, including whether the service
50.27	may affect the client's legal or other interests;
50.28	(8) the provider's responsibilities under section 148F.125, subdivision 3, if the
50.29	proposed service, method, or procedure is of an experimental, emerging, or innovative
50.30	nature; and
50.31	(9) if applicable, information that the provider is developing competence in the
50.32	proposed service, method, or procedure, and alternatives to the proposed service, if any.
50.33	Subd. 2. Updating informed consent. If there is a substantial change in the nature
50.34	or purpose of a service, the provider must obtain a new informed consent from the client.

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51.1	Subd. 3. Emergency or crisis services. Informed consent is not required when
51.2	a provider is providing emergency or crisis services. If services continue after the
51.3	emergency or crisis has abated, informed consent must be obtained.
51.4	Sec. 29. [148F.145] TERMINATION OF SERVICES.
51.5	Subdivision 1. Right to terminate services. Either the client or the provider may
51.6	terminate the professional relationship unless prohibited by law or court order.
51.7	Subd. 2. Mandatory termination of services. The provider shall promptly
51.8	terminate services to a client whenever:
51.9	(1) the provider's objectivity or effectiveness is impaired, unless a resolution can be
51.10	achieved as permitted in section 148F.155, subdivision 2; or
51.11	(2) the client would be harmed by further services.
51.12	Subd. 3. Notification of termination. When the provider initiates a termination
51.13	of professional services, the provider shall inform the client either orally or in writing.
51.14	This requirement shall not apply when the termination is due to the successful completion
51.15	of a predefined service such as an assessment, or if the client terminates the professional
51.16	relationship.
51.17	Subd. 4. Recommendation upon termination. (a) Upon termination of counseling
51.18	services, the provider shall make a recommendation for alcohol and drug counseling
51.19	services if requested by the client or if the provider believes the services are needed by
51.20	the client.
51.21	(b) A recommendation for alcohol and drug counseling services is not required if
51.22	the professional service provided is limited to an alcohol and drug assessment and a
51.23	recommendation for continued services is not requested.
51.24	Subd. 5. Absence from practice. Nothing in this section requires the provider to
51.25	terminate a client due to an absence from practice that is the result of a period of illness
51.26	or injury that does not affect the provider's ability to practice with reasonable skill and
51.27	safety, as long as arrangements have been made for temporary counseling services that
51.28	may be needed by the client during the provider's absence.
51.29	Sec. 30. [148F.150] RECORD KEEPING.
51.30	Subdivision 1. Record-keeping requirements. Providers must maintain accurate
51.31	and legible client records. Records must include, at a minimum:

- 51.32 (1) an accurate chronological listing of all substantive contacts with the client;
- 51.33 (2) documentation of services, including:
- 51.34 (i) assessment methods, data, and reports;

52.1	(ii) an initial treatment plan and any revisions to the plan;
52.2	(iii) the name of the individual providing services;
52.3	(iv) the name and credentials of the individual who is professionally responsible
52.4	for the services provided;
52.5	(v) case notes for each date of service, including interventions;
52.6	(vi) consultations with collateral sources;
52.7	(vii) diagnoses or presenting problems; and
52.8	(viii) documentation that informed consent was obtained, including written informed
52.9	consent documents;
52.10	(3) copies of all correspondence relevant to the client;
52.11	(4) a client personal data sheet;
52.12	(5) copies of all client authorizations for release of information;
52.13	(6) an accurate chronological listing of all fees charged, if any, to the client or
52.14	a third-party payer; and
52.15	(7) any other documents pertaining to the client.
52.16	Subd. 2. Duplicate records. If the client records containing the documentation
52.17	required by subdivision 1 are maintained by the agency, clinic, or other facility where the
52.18	provider renders services, the provider is not required to maintain duplicate records of
52.19	client information.
52.20	Subd. 3. Record retention. The provider shall retain a client's record for a minimum
52.21	of seven years after the date of the provider's last professional service to the client, except
52.22	as otherwise provided by law. If the client is a minor, the record retention period does not
52.23	begin until the client reaches the age of 18, except as otherwise provided by law.
52.24	Sec. 31. [148F.155] IMPAIRED OBJECTIVITY OR EFFECTIVENESS.
52.25	Subdivision 1. Situations involving impaired objectivity or effectiveness. (a) An
52.26	alcohol and drug counselor must not provide alcohol and drug counseling services to a
52.27	client or potential client when the counselor's objectivity or effectiveness is impaired.
52.28	(b) The provider shall not provide alcohol and drug counseling services to a client
52.29	if doing so would create a multiple relationship. For purposes of this section, "multiple
52.30	relationship" means one that is both professional and:
52.31	(1) cohabitational;
52.32	(2) familial;
52.33	(3) one in which there has been personal involvement with the client or family
52.34	member of the client that is reasonably likely to adversely affect the client's welfare or
52.35	ability to benefit from services; or

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53.1	(4) one in which there is significant financial involvement other than legitimate
53.2	payment for professional services rendered that is reasonably likely to adversely affect the
53.3	client's welfare or ability to benefit from services.
53.4	If an unforeseen multiple relationship arises after services have been initiated, the
53.5	provider shall promptly terminate the professional relationship.
53.6	(c) The provider shall not provide alcohol and drug counseling services to a client
53.7	who is also the provider's student or supervisee. If an unforeseen situation arises in which
53.8	both types of services are required or requested by the client or a third party, the provider
53.9	shall decline to provide the services.
53.10	(d) The provider shall not provide alcohol and drug counseling services to a client
53.11	when the provider is biased for or against the client for any reason that interferes with the
53.12	provider's impartial judgment, including where the client is a member of a class legally
53.13	protected from discrimination. The provider may provide services if the provider is
53.14	working to resolve the impairment in the manner required under subdivision 2.
53.15	(e) The provider shall not provide alcohol and drug counseling services to a client
53.16	when there is a fundamental divergence or conflict of service goals, interests, values,
53.17	or attitudes between the client and the provider that adversely affects the professional
53.18	relationship. The provider may provide services if the provider is working to resolve the
53.19	impairment in the manner required under subdivision 2.
53.20	Subd. 2. Resolution of impaired objectivity or effectiveness. (a) When an
53.21	impairment occurs that is listed in subdivision 1, paragraph (d) or (e), the provider may
53.22	provide services only if the provider actively pursues resolution of the impairment and is
53.23	able to do so in a manner that results in minimal adverse effects on the client or potential
53.24	<u>client.</u>
53.25	(b) If the provider attempts to resolve the impairment, it must be by means of
53.26	professional education, training, continuing education, consultation, psychotherapy,
53.27	intervention, supervision, or discussion with the client or potential client, or an appropriate
53.28	combination thereof.
53.29	Sec. 32. [148F.160] PROVIDER IMPAIRMENT.
53.30	The provider shall not provide counseling services to clients when the provider is
53.31	unable to provide services with reasonable skill and safety as a result of a physical or
53.32	mental illness or condition, including, but not limited to, substance abuse or dependence.
53.33	During the period the provider is unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety, the
53.34	provider shall either promptly terminate the professional relationship with all clients or

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- 54.1 <u>shall make arrangements for other alcohol and drug counselors to provide temporary</u>
- 54.2 <u>services during the provider's absence.</u>
- Sec. 33. [148F.165] CLIENT WELFARE. 54.3 Subdivision 1. Explanation of procedures. A client has the right to have, and a 54.4 counselor has the responsibility to provide, a nontechnical explanation of the nature and 54.5 purpose of the counseling procedures to be used and the results of tests administered to the 54.6 client. The counselor shall establish procedures to be followed if the explanation is to be 54.7 provided by another individual under the direction of the counselor. 54.8 Subd. 2. Client bill of rights. The client bill of rights required by section 144.652 54.9 shall be prominently displayed on the premises of the professional practice or provided 54.10
  - 54.11 as a handout to each client. The document must state that consumers of alcohol and
  - 54.12 <u>drug counseling services have the right to:</u>
  - 54.13 (1) expect that the provider meets the minimum qualifications of training and
    54.14 experience required by state law;
  - 54.15 (2) examine public records maintained by the Board of Behavioral Health and
    54.16 Therapy that contain the credentials of the provider;
  - 54.17 (3) report complaints to the Board of Behavioral Health and Therapy;
  - 54.18 (4) be informed of the cost of professional services before receiving the services;
  - 54.19 (5) privacy as defined and limited by law and rule;
  - 54.20 (6) be free from being the object of unlawful discrimination while receiving
    54.21 counseling services;
  - 54.22 (7) have access to their records as provided in sections 144.291 to 144.298 and
  - 54.23 <u>148F.135</u>, subdivision 1, except as otherwise provided by law;
  - 54.24 (8) be free from exploitation for the benefit or advantage of the provider;
  - 54.25 (9) terminate services at any time, except as otherwise provided by law or court
  - 54.26 <u>order;</u>
  - 54.27 (10) know the intended recipients of assessment results;
  - 54.28 (11) withdraw consent to release assessment results, unless the right is prohibited by
  - 54.29 <u>law or court order or was waived by prior written agreement;</u>
  - 54.30 (12) a nontechnical description of assessment procedures; and
  - 54.31 (13) a nontechnical explanation and interpretation of assessment results, unless this
  - 54.32 right is prohibited by law or court order or was waived by prior written agreement.
  - 54.33 Subd. 3. Stereotyping. The provider shall treat the client as an individual and
  - 54.34 not impose on the client any stereotypes of behavior, values, or roles related to human
  - 54.35 <u>diversity.</u>

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55.1	Subd. 4. Misuse of client relationship. The provider shall not misuse the
55.2	relationship with a client due to a relationship with another individual or entity.
55.3	Subd. 5. Exploitation of client. The provider shall not exploit the professional
55.4	relationship with a client for the provider's emotional, financial, sexual, or personal
55.5	advantage or benefit. This prohibition extends to former clients who are vulnerable or
55.6	dependent on the provider.
55.7	Subd. 6. Sexual behavior with client. A provider shall not engage in any sexual
55.8	behavior with a client including:
55.9	(1) sexual contact, as defined in section 604.20, subdivision 7; or
55.10	(2) any physical, verbal, written, interactive, or electronic communication, conduct,
55.11	or act that may be reasonably interpreted to be sexually seductive, demeaning, or
55.12	harassing to the client.
55.13	Subd. 7. Sexual behavior with a former client. A provider shall not engage in any
55.14	sexual behavior as described in subdivision 6 within the two-year period following the
55.15	date of the last counseling service to a former client. This prohibition applies whether or
55.16	not the provider has formally terminated the professional relationship. This prohibition
55.17	extends indefinitely for a former client who is vulnerable or dependent on the provider.
55.18	Subd. 8. Preferences and options for treatment. A provider shall disclose to the
55.19	client the provider's preferences for choice of treatment or outcome and shall present other
55.20	options for the consideration or choice of the client.
55.21	Subd. 9. Referrals. A provider shall make a prompt and appropriate referral of the
55.22	client to another professional when requested to make a referral by the client.
55.23	Sec. 34. [148F.170] WELFARE OF STUDENTS, SUPERVISEES, AND
55.24	<b>RESEARCH SUBJECTS.</b>
55.25	Subdivision 1. General. Due to the evaluative, supervisory, or other authority that
55.26	providers who teach, evaluate, supervise, or conduct research have over their students,
55.27	supervisees, or research subjects, they shall protect the welfare of these individuals.
55.28	Subd. 2. Student, supervisee, and research subject protections. To protect the
55.29	welfare of their students, supervisees, or research subjects, providers shall not:
55.30	(1) discriminate on the basis of race, ethnicity, national origin, religious affiliation,
55.31	language, age, gender, physical disabilities, mental capabilities, sexual orientation or
55.32	identity, marital status, or socioeconomic status;
55.33	(2) exploit or misuse the professional relationship for the emotional, financial,
55.34	sexual, or personal advantage or benefit of the provider or another individual or entity;

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56.1	(3) engage in any sexual behavior with a current student, supervisee, or research
56.2	subject, including sexual contact, as defined in section 604.20, subdivision 7, or any
56.3	physical, verbal, written, interactive, or electronic communication, conduct, or act that
56.4	may be reasonably interpreted to be sexually seductive, demeaning, or harassing. Nothing
56.5	in this section shall prohibit a provider from engaging in teaching or research with an
56.6	individual with whom the provider has a preexisting and ongoing sexual relationship;
56.7	(4) engage in any behavior likely to be deceptive or fraudulent;
56.8	(5) disclose evaluative information except for legitimate professional or scientific
56.9	purposes; or
56.10	(6) engage in any other unprofessional conduct.
56.11	Sec. 35. [148F.175] MEDICAL AND OTHER HEALTH CARE
56.12	CONSIDERATIONS.
56.13	Subdivision 1. Coordinating services with other health care professionals.
56.14	Upon initiating services, the provider shall inquire whether the client has a preexisting
56.15	relationship with another health care professional. If the client has such a relationship,
56.16	and it is relevant to the provider's services to the client, the provider shall, to the extent
56.17	possible and consistent with the wishes and best interests of the client, coordinate services
56.18	for the client with the other health care professional. This requirement does not apply if
56.19	brief crisis intervention services are provided.
56.20	Subd. 2. Reviewing health care information. If the provider determines that a
56.21	client's preexisting relationship with another health care professional is relevant to the
56.22	provider's services to the client, the provider shall, to the extent possible and consistent
56.23	with the wishes and best interests of the client, review this information with the treating
56.24	health care professional.
56.25	Subd. 3. Relevant medical conditions. If the provider believes that a client's
56.26	psychological condition may have medical etiology or consequence, the provider shall,
56.27	within the limits of the provider's competence, discuss this with the client and offer to
56.28	assist in identifying medical resources for the client.
56.29	Sec. 36. [148F.180] ASSESSMENTS; TESTS; REPORTS.
56.30	Subdivision 1. Assessments. Providers who conduct assessments of individuals
56.31	shall base their assessments on records, information, observations, and techniques
56.32	sufficient to substantiate their findings. They shall render opinions only after they
56.33	have conducted an examination of the individual adequate to support their statements

56.34 <u>or conclusions, unless an examination is not practical despite reasonable efforts. An</u>

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assessment may be limited to reviewing records or providing testing services when an 57.1 individual examination is not necessary for the opinion requested. 57.2 Subd. 2. Tests. Providers may administer and interpret tests within the scope of the 57.3 57.4 counselor's training, skill, and competence. Subd. 3. Reports. Written and oral reports, including testimony as an expert 57.5 witness and letters to third parties concerning a client, must be based on information and 57.6 techniques sufficient to substantiate their findings. Reports must include: 57.7 (1) a description of all assessments, evaluations, or other procedures, including 57.8 materials reviewed, which serve as a basis for the provider's conclusions; 57.9 (2) reservations or qualifications concerning the validity or reliability of the opinions 57.10 and conclusions formulated and recommendations made; 57.11 (3) a statement concerning any discrepancy, disagreement, or inconsistent or 57.12 conflicting information regarding the circumstances of the case that may have a bearing on 57.13 the provider's conclusions; 57.14 57.15 (4) a statement of the nature of and reason for the use of a test that is administered, recorded, scored, or interpreted in other than a standard and objective manner; and 57.16 (5) a statement indicating when test interpretations or report conclusions are not 57.17 based on direct contact between the client and the provider. 57.18 Subd. 4. Private information. Test results and interpretations regarding an 57.19 57.20 individual are private information. Sec. 37. [148F.185] PUBLIC STATEMENTS. 57.21 57.22 Subdivision 1. Prohibition against false or misleading information. Public statements by providers must not include false or misleading information. Providers shall 57.23 not solicit or use testimonials by quotation or implication from current clients or former 57.24 57.25 clients who are vulnerable to undue influence. The provider shall make reasonable efforts to ensure that public statements by others on behalf of the provider are truthful and shall 57.26 make reasonable remedial efforts to bring a public statement into compliance with sections 57.27 148F.120 to 148F.205 when the provider becomes aware of a violation. 57.28 Subd. 2. Misrepresentation. The provider shall not misrepresent directly or 57.29 by implication, professional qualifications including education, training, experience, 57.30 competence, credentials, or areas of specialization. The provider shall not misrepresent, 57.31 directly or by implication, professional affiliations or the purposes and characteristics of 57.32 institutions and organizations with which the provider is professionally associated. 57.33 57.34 Subd. 3. Use of specialty board designation. Providers may represent themselves as having an area of specialization from a specialty board, such as a designation as a 57.35

58.1	diplomate or fellow, if the specialty board used, at a minimum, the following criteria to
58.2	award such a designation:
58.3	(1) specified educational requirements defined by the specialty board;
58.4	(2) specified experience requirements defined by the specialty board;
58.5	(3) a work product evaluated by other specialty board members; and
58.6	(4) a face-to-face examination by a committee of specialty board members or a
58.7	comprehensive written examination in the area of specialization.
58.8	Sec. 38. [148F.190] FEES; STATEMENTS.
58.9	Subdivision 1. Disclosure. The provider shall disclose the fees for professional
58.10	services to a client before providing services.
58.11	Subd. 2. Itemized statement. The provider shall itemize fees for all services for
58.12	which the client or a third party is billed and make the itemized statement available to
58.13	the client. The statement shall identify the date the service was provided, the nature of
58.14	the service, the name of the individual who provided the service, and the name of the
58.15	individual who is professionally responsible for the service.
58.16	Subd. 3. Representation of billed services. The provider shall not directly or by
58.17	implication misrepresent to the client or to a third party billed for services the nature or the
58.18	extent of the services provided.
58.19	Subd. 4. Claiming fees. The provider shall not claim a fee for counseling services
58.20	unless the provider is either the direct provider of the services or is clinically responsible
58.21	for providing the services and under whose supervision the services were provided.
58.22	Subd. 5. Referrals. No commission, rebate, or other form of remuneration may be
58.23	given or received by a provider for the referral of clients for counseling services.
58.24	Sec. 39. [148F.195] AIDING AND ABETTING UNLICENSED PRACTICE.
58.25	A provider shall not aid or abet an unlicensed individual to engage in the practice of
58.26	alcohol and drug counseling. A provider who supervises a student as part of an alcohol
58.27	and drug counseling practicum is not in violation of this section. Properly qualified
58.28	individuals who administer and score testing instruments under the direction of a provider
58.29	who maintains responsibility for the service are not considered in violation of this section.
58.30	Sec. 40. [148F.200] VIOLATION OF LAW.
58.31	A provider shall not violate any law in which the facts giving rise to the violation
58.32	involve the practice of alcohol and drug counseling as defined in sections 148F.001 to

58.33 <u>148F.205</u>. In any board proceeding alleging a violation of this section, the proof of a

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- (2) is engaging in or has engaged in sexual behavior with a client or former client in 59.11 violation of section 148F.165, subdivision 6 or 7; 59.12
- (3) has failed to report abuse or neglect of children or vulnerable adults in violation 59.13 59.14 of section 626.556 or 626.557; or
- (4) has employed fraud or deception in obtaining or renewing an alcohol and drug 59.15 counseling license. 59.16
- Subd. 2. Optional reporting requirements. Other than conduct listed in 59.17 subdivision 1, a provider who has reason to believe that the conduct of another provider 59.18 59.19 appears to be in violation of sections 148F.001 to 148F.205 may file a complaint with the board. 59.20
- Subd. 3. Institutions. A state agency, political subdivision, agency of a local unit 59.21 of government, private agency, hospital, clinic, prepaid medical plan, or other health 59.22 care institution or organization located in this state shall report to the board any action 59.23 taken by the agency, institution, or organization or any of its administrators or medical 59.24 or other committees to revoke, suspend, restrict, or condition an alcohol and drug 59.25 counselor's privilege to practice or treat patients or clients in the institution, or as part of 59.26 the organization, any denial of privileges, or any other disciplinary action for conduct that 59.27 might constitute grounds for disciplinary action by the board under sections 148F.001 59.28
- to 148F.205. The institution, organization, or governmental entity shall also report the 59.29
- resignation of any alcohol and drug counselors before the conclusion of any disciplinary 59.30
- action proceeding for conduct that might constitute grounds for disciplinary action under 59.31
- this chapter, or before the commencement of formal charges but after the practitioner had 59.32
- knowledge that formal charges were contemplated or were being prepared. 59.33
- Subd. 4. Professional societies. A state or local professional society for alcohol and 59.34 drug counselors shall report to the board any termination, revocation, or suspension of 59.35

subdivision 1;

59.10

60.1	membership or any other disciplinary action taken against an alcohol and drug counselor.
60.2	If the society has received a complaint that might be grounds for discipline under this
60.3	chapter against a member on which it has not taken any disciplinary action, the society
60.4	shall report the complaint and the reason why it has not taken action on it or shall direct
60.5	the complainant to the board.
60.6	Subd. 5. Insurers. Each insurer authorized to sell insurance described in section
60.7	60A.06, subdivision 1, clause (13), and providing professional liability insurance to
60.8	alcohol and drug counselors or the Medical Joint Underwriting Association under chapter
60.9	62F, shall submit to the board quarterly reports concerning the alcohol and drug counselors
60.10	against whom malpractice settlements and awards have been made. The report must
60.11	contain at least the following information:
60.12	(1) the total number of malpractice settlements or awards made;
60.13	(2) the date the malpractice settlements or awards were made;
60.14	(3) the allegations contained in the claim or complaint leading to the settlements or
60.15	awards made;
60.16	(4) the dollar amount of each settlement or award;
60.17	(5) the address of the practice of the alcohol and drug counselor against whom an
60.18	award was made or with whom a settlement was made; and
60.19	(6) the name of the alcohol and drug counselor against whom an award was made or
60.20	with whom a settlement was made. The insurance company shall, in addition to the above
60.21	information, submit to the board any information, records, and files, including clients'
60.22	charts and records, it possesses that tend to substantiate a charge that a licensed alcohol
60.23	and drug counselor may have engaged in conduct violating this chapter.
60.24	Subd. 6. Self-reporting. An alcohol and drug counselor shall report to the board
60.25	any personal action that would require that a report be filed with the board by any person,
60.26	health care facility, business, or organization under subdivisions 1 and 3 to 5. The alcohol
60.27	and drug counselor shall also report the revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation,
60.28	or other disciplinary action in this state and report the filing of charges regarding the
60.29	practitioner's license or right of practice in another state or jurisdiction.
60.30	Subd. 7. Permission to report. A person who has knowledge of any conduct
60.31	constituting grounds for disciplinary action relating to the practice of alcohol and drug
60.32	counseling under this chapter may report the violation to the board.
60.33	Subd. 8. Client complaints to the board. A provider shall, upon request, provide
60.34	information regarding the procedure for filing a complaint with the board and shall, upon
60.35	request, assist with filing a complaint. A provider shall not attempt to dissuade a client

61.1	from filing a complaint with the board, or require that the client waive the right to file a
61.2	complaint with the board as a condition for providing services.
61.3	Subd. 9. Deadlines; forms. Reports required by subdivisions 1 and 3 to 6 must be
61.4	submitted no later than 30 days after the reporter learns of the occurrence of the reportable
61.5	event or transaction. The board may provide forms for the submission of the reports
61.6	required by this section and may require that reports be submitted on the forms provided.
61.7	Sec. 42. REPORT; BOARD OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND THERAPY.
61.8	(a) The Board of Behavioral Health and Therapy shall convene a working group
61.9	to evaluate the feasibility of a tiered licensure system for alcohol and drug counselors in
61.10	Minnesota. This evaluation shall include proposed scopes of practice for each tier, specific
61.11	degree and other education and examination requirements for each tier, the clinical
61.12	settings in which each tier of practitioner would be utilized, and any other issues the
61.13	board deems necessary.
61.14	(b) Members of the working group shall include, but not be limited to, members of
61.15	the board, licensed alcohol and drug counselors, alcohol and drug counselor temporary
61.16	permit holders, faculty members from two- and four-year education programs, professional
61.17	organizations, and employers.
61.18	(c) The board shall present its written report, including any proposed legislation, to
61.19	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction
61.20	over health and human services no later than December 15, 2015.
61.21	(d) The working group is not subject to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes,
61.22	section 15.059.
61.23	Sec. 43. <u><b>REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.</b></u>
61.24	The revisor of statutes shall consult with the Board of Behavioral Health and
61.25	Therapy to make any necessary cross-reference changes that are needed as a result of the
61.26	passage of this act.
61.27	Sec. 44. <u>REPEALER.</u>
61.28	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 148C.01, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 2a, 2b, 2c,
61.29	2d, 2e, 2f, 2g, 4, 4a, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 11a, 12, 12a, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18; 148C.015;
61.30	148C.03, subdivisions 1 and 4; 148C.0351, subdivisions 1, 3, and 4; 148C.0355; 148C.04,
61.31	subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5a, 6, and 7; 148C.044; 148C.045; 148C.05, subdivisions 1, 1a, 5,

61.32 and 6; 148C.055; 148C.07; 148C.075; 148C.08; 148C.09, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, and 4;

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# 62.1 <u>148C.091; 148C.093; 148C.095; 148C.099; 148C.10, subdivisions 1, 2, and 3; 148C.11;</u> 62.2 <u>and 148C.12, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15, are repealed.</u> 62.3 <u>(b) Minnesota Rules, parts 4747.0010; 4747.0020; 4747.0030, subparts 1, 2, 3,</u> 62.4 <u>4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 24, and 29; 4747.0040; 4747.0050; 4747.0060;</u> 62.5 <u>4747.0070, subparts 1, 2, 3, and 6; 4747.0200; 4747.0400, subpart 1; 4747.0700;</u> 62.6 <u>4747.0800; 4747.0900; 4747.1100, subparts 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9; 4747.1400, subparts</u>

- 62.7 <u>1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, and 13; 4747.1500; 6310.3100, subpart 2; 6310.3600;</u>
- 62.8 and 6310.3700, subpart 1, are repealed.
- 62.9 Sec. 45. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 62.10 This article is effective August 1, 2012.
- 62.11
- 62.12

## **ARTICLE 5**

## LICENSED PROFESSIONAL COUNSELING

62.13 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 148B.5301, subdivision 1, is amended to 62.14 read:

62.15 Subdivision 1. General requirements. (a) To be licensed as a licensed professional
62.16 clinical counselor (LPCC), an applicant must provide satisfactory evidence to the board
62.17 that the applicant:

- 62.18 (1) is at least 18 years of age;
- 62.19 (2) is of good moral character;

(3) has completed a master's or doctoral degree program in counseling or a 62.20 related field, as determined by the board based on the criteria in items (i) to (x), that 62.21 includes a minimum of 48 semester hours or 72 quarter hours and a supervised field 62.22 experience in counseling that is not fewer than 700 hours. The degree must be from 62.23 a counseling program recognized by the Council for Accreditation of Counseling and 62.24 Related Education Programs (CACREP) or from an institution of higher education that is 62.25 accredited by a regional accrediting organization recognized by the Council for Higher 62.26 Education Accreditation (CHEA). Specific academic course content and training must 62.27 include coursework in each of the following subject areas: 62.28

- (i) helping relationship, including counseling theory and practice;
- 62.30 (ii) human growth and development;
- (iii) lifestyle and career development;
- (iv) group dynamics, processes, counseling, and consulting;
- 62.33 (v) assessment and appraisal;
- 62.34 (vi) social and cultural foundations, including multicultural issues;

63.1	(vii) principles of etiology, treatment planning, and prevention of mental and
63.2	emotional disorders and dysfunctional behavior;
63.3	(viii) family counseling and therapy;
63.4	(ix) research and evaluation; and
63.5	(x) professional counseling orientation and ethics;
63.6	(4) has demonstrated competence in professional counseling by passing the National
63.7	Clinical Mental Health Counseling Examination (NCMHCE), administered by the
63.8	National Board for Certified Counselors, Inc. (NBCC) and ethical, oral, and situational
63.9	examinations as prescribed by the board. In lieu of the NCMHCE, applicants who have
63.10	taken and passed the National Counselor Examination (NCE) administered by the NBCC,
63.11	or another board-approved examination, need only take and pass the Examination of
63.12	Clinical Counseling Practice (ECCP) administered by the NBCC;
63.13	(5) has earned graduate-level semester credits or quarter-credit equivalents in the
63.14	following clinical content areas as follows:
63.15	(i) six credits in diagnostic assessment for child or adult mental disorders; normative
63.16	development; and psychopathology, including developmental psychopathology;
63.17	(ii) three credits in clinical treatment planning, with measurable goals;
63.18	(iii) six credits in clinical intervention methods informed by research evidence and
63.19	community standards of practice;
63.20	(iv) three credits in evaluation methodologies regarding the effectiveness of
63.21	interventions;
63.22	(v) three credits in professional ethics applied to clinical practice; and
63.23	(vi) three credits in cultural diversity; and
63.24	(6) has demonstrated successful completion of 4,000 hours of supervised,
63.25	post-master's degree professional practice in the delivery of clinical services in the
63.26	diagnosis and treatment of child and adult mental illnesses and disorders, conducted
63.27	according to subdivision 2.
63.28	(b) If coursework in paragraph (a) was not completed as part of the degree program
63.29	required by paragraph (a), clause (3), the coursework must be taken and passed for credit,
63.30	and must be earned from a counseling program or institution that meets the requirements
63.31	of paragraph (a), clause (3).
63.32	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 148B.5301, is amended by adding a

63.33 subdivision to read:

63.34 <u>Subd. 3a.</u> <u>Conversion from licensed professional counselor to licensed</u>
 63.35 professional clinical counselor. (a) Until August 1, 2014, an individual currently licensed

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64.1	in the state of Minnesota as a licensed professional counselor may convert to a LPCC by
64.2	providing evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has met the following
64.3	requirements:
64.4	(1) is at least 18 years of age;
64.5	(2) is of good moral character;
64.6	(3) has a license that is active and in good standing;
64.7	(4) has no complaints pending, uncompleted disciplinary orders, or corrective
64.8	action agreements;
64.9	(5) has completed a master's or doctoral degree program in counseling or a related
64.10	field, as determined by the board, and whose degree was from a counseling program
64.11	recognized by CACREP or from an institution of higher education that is accredited by a
64.12	regional accrediting organization recognized by CHEA;
64.13	(6) has earned 24 graduate-level semester credits or quarter-credit equivalents in
64.14	clinical coursework which includes content in the following clinical areas:
64.15	(i) diagnostic assessment for child and adult mental disorders; normative
64.16	development; and psychopathology, including developmental psychopathology;
64.17	(ii) clinical treatment planning, with measurable goals;
64.18	(iii) clinical intervention methods informed by research evidence and community
64.19	standards of practice;
64.20	(iv) evaluation methodologies regarding the effectiveness of interventions;
64.21	(v) professional ethics applied to clinical practice; and
64.22	(vi) cultural diversity;
64.23	(7) has demonstrated, to the satisfaction of the board, successful completion of
64.24	4,000 hours of supervised, post-master's degree professional practice in the delivery of
64.25	clinical services in the diagnosis and treatment of child and adult mental illnesses and
64.26	disorders; and
64.27	(8) has paid the LPCC application and licensure fees required in section 148B.53,
64.28	subdivision 3.
64.29	(b) If the coursework in paragraph (a) was not completed as part of the degree
64.30	program required by paragraph (a), clause (5), the coursework must be taken and passed
64.31	for credit, and must be earned from a counseling program or institution that meets the
64.32	requirements in paragraph (a), clause (5).
64.33	(c) This subdivision expires August 1, 2014.
64.34	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively from August 1, 2011.

64.35 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 148B.5301, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

- Subd. 4. Conversion to licensed professional clinical counselor after August
  1, 2011 2014. After August 1, 2014, an individual licensed in the state of Minnesota
  as a licensed professional counselor may convert to a LPCC by providing evidence
  satisfactory to the board that the applicant has met the requirements of subdivisions 1
  and 2, subject to the following:
- ----

65.6 (1) the individual's license must be active and in good standing;

- 65.7 (2) the individual must not have any complaints pending, uncompleted disciplinary65.8 orders, or corrective action agreements; and
- 65.9 (3) the individual has paid the LPCC application and licensure fees required in65.10 section 148B.53, subdivision 3.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 148B.54, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 65.11 Subd. 2. Continuing education. At the completion of the first four years of 65.12 licensure, a licensee must provide evidence satisfactory to the board of completion of 65.13 12 additional postgraduate semester credit hours or its equivalent in counseling as 65.14 determined by the board, except that no licensee shall be required to show evidence of 65.15 greater than 60 semester hours or its equivalent. In addition to completing the requisite 65.16 graduate coursework, each licensee shall also complete in the first four years of licensure 65.17 a minimum of 40 hours of continuing education activities approved by the board under 65.18 Minnesota Rules, part 2150.2540. Graduate credit hours successfully completed in the 65.19 first four years of licensure may be applied to both the graduate credit requirement and to 65.20 the requirement for 40 hours of continuing education activities. A licensee may receive 15 65.21 65.22 continuing education hours per semester credit hour or ten continuing education hours per quarter credit hour. Thereafter, at the time of renewal, each licensee shall provide 65.23 evidence satisfactory to the board that the licensee has completed during each two-year 65.24 period at least the equivalent of 40 clock hours of professional postdegree continuing 65.25 education in programs approved by the board and continues to be qualified to practice 65.26 under sections 148B.50 to 148B.593. 65.27

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 148B.54, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Relicensure following termination. An individual whose license was
terminated prior to August 1, 2010, and who can demonstrate completion of the graduate
credit requirement in subdivision 2, does not need to comply with the continuing education
requirement of Minnesota Rules, part 2150.2520, subpart 4, or with the continuing
education requirements for relicensure following termination in Minnesota Rules, part

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- 66.1 2150.0130, subpart 2. This section does not apply to an individual whose license has66.2 been canceled.
- 66.3 Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE.

# 66.4 Sections 1 to 5 are effective August 1, 2012, unless a different effective date is 66.5 specified.

66.6

66.7

## **ARTICLE 6**

## HEALTH BOARDS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 148.10, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 66.8 Subd. 7. Conviction of a felony-level criminal sexual conduct offense. (a) Except 66.9 66.10 as provided in paragraph (e) (f), the board shall not grant or renew a license to practice chiropractic to any person who has been convicted on or after August 1, 2010, of any 66.11 of the provisions of sections 609.342, subdivision 1, 609.343, subdivision 1, 609.344, 66.12 subdivision 1, paragraphs (c) to (o), or 609.345, subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) to (o). 66.13 (b) The board shall not grant or renew a license to practice chiropractic to any 66.14 person who has been convicted in any other state or country on or after August 1, 2011, 66.15 of an offense where the elements of the offense are substantially similar to any of the 66.16 offenses listed in paragraph (a). 66.17 (b) (c) A license to practice chiropractic is automatically revoked if the licensee is 66.18 convicted of an offense listed in paragraph (a) of this section. 66.19 (c) (d) A license to practice chiropractic that has been denied or revoked under this 66.20 66.21 subdivision is not subject to chapter 364. (d) (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "conviction" means a plea of guilty, a 66.22 verdict of guilty by a jury, or a finding of guilty by the court, unless the court stays 66.23 imposition or execution of the sentence and final disposition of the case is accomplished at 66.24 a nonfelony level. 66.25 (f) The board may establish criteria whereby an individual convicted of an offense 66.26 listed in paragraph (a) of this subdivision may become licensed provided that the criteria: 66.27 (1) utilize a rebuttable presumption that the applicant is not suitable for licensing or 66.28 credentialing; 66.29 (2) provide a standard for overcoming the presumption; and 66.30 (3) require that a minimum of ten years has elapsed since the applicant was released 66.31 from any incarceration or supervisory jurisdiction related to the offense. 66.32

- 67.1 The board shall not consider an application under this paragraph if the board
  67.2 determines that the victim involved in the offense was a patient or a client of the applicant
  67.3 at the time of the offense.
- 67.4 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 214.09, is amended by adding a subdivision
  67.5 to read:
- 67.6 Subd. 5. Health-related boards. No current member of a health-related licensing
  67.7 board may seek a paid employment position with that board.
- 67.8 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 214.103, is amended to read:

# 67.9 214.103 HEALTH-RELATED LICENSING BOARDS; COMPLAINT, 67.10 INVESTIGATION, AND HEARING.

- 67.11 Subdivision 1. Application. For purposes of this section, "board" means
  67.12 "health-related licensing board" and does not include the non-health-related licensing
  67.13 boards. Nothing in this section supersedes section 214.10, subdivisions 2a, 3, 8, and 9, as
- 67.14 they apply to the health-related licensing boards.
- 67.15 Subd. 1a. Notifications and resolution. (a) No more than 14 calendar days after
   67.16 receiving a complaint regarding a licensee, the board shall notify the complainant that
- 67.17 the board has received the complaint and shall provide the complainant with the written
- 67.18 description of the board's complaint process. The board shall periodically, but no less
- 67.19 than every 120 days, notify the complainant of the status of the complaint consistent
- 67.20 with section 13.41.
- 67.21 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (d), no more than 60 calendar days after
- 67.22 receiving a complaint regarding a licensee, the board must notify the licensee that the
- 67.23 board has received a complaint and inform the licensee of:
- 67.24 (1) the substance of the complaint;
- 67.25 (2) the sections of the law that have allegedly been violated;
- 67.26 (3) the sections of the professional rules that have allegedly been violated; and
- 67.27 (4) whether an investigation is being conducted.
- 67.28 (c) The board shall periodically, but no less than every 120 days, notify the licensee
- 67.29 of the status of the complaint consistent with section 13.41.
- 67.30 (d) Paragraphs (b) and (c) do not apply if the board determines that such notice
- 67.31 would compromise the board's investigation and that such notice cannot reasonably be
- 67.32 <u>accomplished within this time.</u>

## 67.33 (e) No more than one year after receiving a complaint regarding a licensee, the

67.34 board must resolve or dismiss the complaint unless the board determines that resolving or

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- dismissing the complaint cannot reasonably be accomplished in this time and is not in
   the public interest.
- (f) Failure to make notifications or to resolve the complaint within the time
  established in this subdivision shall not deprive the board of jurisdiction to complete the
  investigation or to take corrective, disciplinary, or other action against the licensee that is
  authorized by law. Such a failure by the board shall not be the basis for a licensee's request
  for the board to dismiss a complaint, and shall not be considered by an administrative law
  judge, the board, or any reviewing court.
- Subd. 2. Receipt of complaint. The boards shall receive and resolve complaints 68.9 or other communications, whether oral or written, against regulated persons. Before 68.10 resolving an oral complaint, the executive director or a board member designated by the 68.11 board to review complaints may shall require the complainant to state the complaint in 68.12 writing or authorize transcribing the complaint. The executive director or the designated 68.13 board member shall determine whether the complaint alleges or implies a violation of 68.14 a statute or rule which the board is empowered to enforce. The executive director or 68.15 the designated board member may consult with the designee of the attorney general as 68.16 to a board's jurisdiction over a complaint. If the executive director or the designated 68.17 board member determines that it is necessary, the executive director may seek additional 68.18 information to determine whether the complaint is jurisdictional or to clarify the nature 68.19 of the allegations by obtaining records or other written material, obtaining a handwriting 68.20 sample from the regulated person, clarifying the alleged facts with the complainant, and 68.21 requesting a written response from the subject of the complaint. 68.22
- 68.23 Subd. 3. Referral to other agencies. The executive director shall forward to another governmental agency any complaints received by the board which do not relate 68.24 to the board's jurisdiction but which relate to matters within the jurisdiction of another 68.25 governmental agency. The agency shall advise the executive director of the disposition 68.26 of the complaint. A complaint or other information received by another governmental 68.27 agency relating to a statute or rule which a board is empowered to enforce must be 68.28 forwarded to the executive director of the board to be processed in accordance with this 68.29 section. Governmental agencies may coordinate and conduct joint investigations of 68.30 complaints that involve more than one governmental agency. 68.31
- Subd. 4. Role of the attorney general. The executive director or the designated
  board member shall forward a complaint and any additional information to the designee
  of the attorney general when the executive director or the designated board member
  determines that a complaint is jurisdictional and:

- 69.1 (1) requires investigation before the executive director or the designated board69.2 member may resolve the complaint;
- 69.3 (2) that attempts at resolution for disciplinary action or the initiation of a contested69.4 case hearing is appropriate;
- 69.5 (3) that an agreement for corrective action is warranted; or

69.6 (4) that the complaint should be dismissed, consistent with subdivision 8.

69.7 Subd. 5. Investigation by attorney general. (a) If the executive director or the
69.8 designated board member determines that investigation is necessary before resolving
69.9 the complaint, the executive director shall forward the complaint and any additional
69.10 information to the designee of the attorney general. The designee of the attorney general
69.11 shall evaluate the communications forwarded and investigate as appropriate.

(b) The designee of the attorney general may also investigate any other complaint
 forwarded under subdivision 3 when the designee of the attorney general determines that
 investigation is necessary.

69.15 (c) In the process of evaluation and investigation, the designee shall consult with 69.16 or seek the assistance of the executive director or the designated board member. The 69.17 designee may also consult with or seek the assistance of other qualified persons who are 69.18 not members of the board who the designee believes will materially aid in the process of 69.19 evaluation or investigation.

69.20 (d) Upon completion of the investigation, the designee shall forward the investigative
69.21 report to the executive director with recommendations for further consideration or
69.22 dismissal.

69.23 Subd. 6. Attempts at resolution. (a) At any time after receipt of a complaint, the executive director or the designated board member may attempt to resolve the complaint 69.24 with the regulated person. The available means for resolution include a conference or 69.25 any other written or oral communication with the regulated person. A conference may 69.26 be held for the purposes of investigation, negotiation, education, or conciliation. Neither 69.27 the executive director nor any member of a board's staff shall be a voting member in any 69.28 attempts at resolutions which may result in disciplinary or corrective action. The results 69.29 of attempts at resolution with the regulated person may include a recommendation to 69.30 the board for disciplinary action, an agreement between the executive director or the 69.31 designated board member and the regulated person for corrective action, or the dismissal 69.32 of a complaint. If attempts at resolution are not in the public interest or are not satisfactory 69.33 to the executive director or the designated board member, then the executive director or 69.34 69.35 the designated board member may initiate a contested case hearing may be initiated.

(1) The designee of the attorney general shall represent the board in all attempts at
resolution which the executive director or the designated board member anticipate may
result in disciplinary action. A stipulation between the executive director or the designated
board member and the regulated person shall be presented to the board for the board's
consideration. An approved stipulation and resulting order shall become public data.

(2) The designee of the attorney general shall represent the board upon the request of 70.6 the executive director or the designated board member in all attempts at resolution which 70.7 the executive director or the designated board member anticipate may result in corrective 70.8 action. Any agreement between the executive director or the designated board member 70.9 and the regulated person for corrective action shall be in writing and shall be reviewed by 70.10 the designee of the attorney general prior to its execution. The agreement for corrective 70.11 action shall provide for dismissal of the complaint upon successful completion by the 70.12 regulated person of the corrective action. 70.13

(b) Upon receipt of a complaint alleging sexual contact or sexual conduct with a 70.14 client, the board must forward the complaint to the designee of the attorney general for 70.15 an investigation. If, after it is investigated, the complaint appears to provide a basis for 70.16 disciplinary action, the board shall resolve the complaint by disciplinary action or initiate 70.17 a contested case hearing. Notwithstanding paragraph (a), clause (2), a board may not take 70.18 corrective action or dismiss a complaint alleging sexual contact or sexual conduct with a 70.19 client unless, in the opinion of the executive director, the designated board member, and the 70.20 designee of the attorney general, there is insufficient evidence to justify disciplinary action. 70.21

Subd. 7. Contested case hearing. If the executive director or the designated board 70.22 member determines that attempts at resolution of a complaint are not in the public interest 70.23 or are not satisfactory to the executive director or the designated board member, the 70.24 executive director or the designated board member, after consultation with the designee 70.25 of the attorney general, and the concurrence of a second board member, may initiate a 70.26 contested case hearing under chapter 14. The designated board member or any board 70.27 member who was consulted during the course of an investigation may participate at the 70.28 contested case hearing. A designated or consulted board member may not deliberate or 70.29 vote in any proceeding before the board pertaining to the case. 70.30

Subd. 8. **Dismissal <u>and reopening</u> of a complaint.** (a) A complaint may not be dismissed without the concurrence of at least two board members and, upon the request of the complainant, a review by a representative of the attorney general's office. The designee of the attorney general must review before dismissal any complaints which allege any violation of chapter 609, any conduct which would be required to be reported under section 626.556 or 626.557, any sexual contact or sexual conduct with a client,

71.2 profession or occupation by reason of illness, use of alcohol, drugs, chemicals, or any other

materials, or as a result of any mental or physical condition, any violation of state medical 71.3

- assistance laws, or any disciplinary action related to credentialing in another jurisdiction 71.4
- or country which was based on the same or related conduct specified in this subdivision. 71.5
- (b) The board may reopen a dismissed complaint if the board receives newly 71.6
- discovered information that was not available to the board during the initial investigation 71.7
- of the complaint, or if the board receives a new complaint that indicates a pattern of 71.8
- behavior or conduct. 71.9

71.1

- Subd. 9. Information to complainant. A board shall furnish to a person who made 71.10 a complaint a written description of the board's complaint process, and actions of the 71.11 71.12 board relating to the complaint.
- Subd. 10. Prohibited participation by board member. A board member who 71.13 has actual bias or a current or former direct financial or professional connection with a 71.14 71.15 regulated person may not vote in board actions relating to the regulated person.

## Sec. 4. [214.108] HEALTH-RELATED LICENSING BOARDS; LICENSEE 71.16 **GUIDANCE.** 71.17

A health-related licensing board may offer guidance to current licensees about the 71.18 application of laws and rules the board is empowered to enforce. This guidance shall not 71.19

bind any court or other adjudicatory body. 71.20

#### 71.21 Sec. 5. [214.109] RECORD KEEPING.

- (a) A board may take administrative action against a regulated person whose records 71.22 do not meet the standards of professional practice. Action taken under this paragraph 71.23
- 71.24 shall not be considered disciplinary action.
- (b) Records that are fraudulent or could result in patient harm may be handled 71.25 through disciplinary or other corrective action. 71.26
- Sec. 6. Laws 2010, chapter 349, section 1, the effective date, is amended to read: 71.27

### EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for new licenses issued or renewed 71 28 on or after August 1, 2010. 71.29

HF2555 FIFTH ENGROSSMENT REVISOR **ARTICLE 7** 72.1 DENTISTRY 72.2 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 150A.06, subdivision 1c, is amended to 72.3 read: 72.4 Subd. 1c. Specialty dentists. (a) The board may grant a specialty license in the 72.5 specialty areas of dentistry that are recognized by the American Dental Association. 72.6 (b) An applicant for a specialty license shall: 72.7 (1) have successfully completed a postdoctoral specialty education program 72.8 accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation of the American Dental 72.9 Association, or have announced a limitation of practice before 1967; 72.10 (2) have been certified by a specialty examining board approved by the Minnesota 72.11 Board of Dentistry, or provide evidence of having passed a clinical examination for 72.12 licensure required for practice in any state or Canadian province, or in the case of oral and 72.13 maxillofacial surgeons only, have a Minnesota medical license in good standing; 72.14 (3) have been in active practice or a postdoctoral specialty education program or 72.15 United States government service at least 2,000 hours in the 36 months prior to applying 72.16 for a specialty license; 72.17 (4) if requested by the board, be interviewed by a committee of the board, which 72.18 may include the assistance of specialists in the evaluation process, and satisfactorily 72.19 respond to questions designed to determine the applicant's knowledge of dental subjects 72.20 and ability to practice; 72.21 (5) if requested by the board, present complete records on a sample of patients 72.22 treated by the applicant. The sample must be drawn from patients treated by the applicant 72.23 during the 36 months preceding the date of application. The number of records shall be 72.24 72.25 established by the board. The records shall be reasonably representative of the treatment typically provided by the applicant; 72.26 (6) at board discretion, pass a board-approved English proficiency test if English is 72.27 not the applicant's primary language; 72.28 (7) pass all components of the National Dental Board Dental Examinations; 72.29 (8) pass the Minnesota Board of Dentistry jurisprudence examination; 72.30

(9) abide by professional ethical conduct requirements; and 72.31

(10) meet all other requirements prescribed by the Board of Dentistry. 72.32

- (c) The application must include: 72.33
- (1) a completed application furnished by the board; 72.34

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(2) at least two character references from two different dentists, one of whom must
be a dentist practicing in the same specialty area, and the other the director of the specialty
program attended;

(3) a licensed physician's statement attesting to the applicant's physical and mentalcondition;

(4) a statement from a licensed ophthalmologist or optometrist attesting to theapplicant's visual acuity;

73.8 (5) a nonrefundable fee; and

(6) a notarized, unmounted passport-type photograph, three inches by three inches,taken not more than six months before the date of application.

(d) A specialty dentist holding a specialty license is limited to practicing in the
dentist's designated specialty area. The scope of practice must be defined by each national
specialty board recognized by the American Dental Association.

(e) A specialty dentist holding a general dentist license is limited to practicing in the
dentist's designated specialty area if the dentist has announced a limitation of practice.
The scope of practice must be defined by each national specialty board recognized by
the American Dental Association.

(f) All specialty dentists who have fulfilled the specialty dentist requirements and
who intend to limit their practice to a particular specialty area may apply for a specialty
license.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 150A.06, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 73.21 Subd. 3. Waiver of examination. (a) All or any part of the examination for dentists 73.22 or dental hygienists, except that pertaining to the law of Minnesota relating to dentistry 73.23 and the rules of the board, may, at the discretion of the board, be waived for an applicant 73.24 73.25 who presents a certificate of qualification from having passed all components of the National Board of Dental Examiners Examinations or evidence of having maintained an 73.26 adequate scholastic standing as determined by the board, in dental school as to dentists, or 73.27 dental hygiene school as to dental hygienists. 73.28

(b) The board shall waive the clinical examination required for licensure for any
dentist applicant who is a graduate of a dental school accredited by the Commission
on Dental Accreditation of the American Dental Association, who has successfully
completed passed all components of the National Dental Board Examination Dental
<u>Examinations</u>, and who has satisfactorily completed a Minnesota-based postdoctoral
general dentistry residency program (GPR) or an advanced education in general dentistry
(AEGD) program after January 1, 2004. The postdoctoral program must be accredited

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by the Commission on Dental Accreditation of the American Dental Association, be of
at least one year's duration, and include an outcome assessment evaluation assessing
the resident's competence to practice dentistry. The board may require the applicant to
submit any information deemed necessary by the board to determine whether the waiver is
applicable. The board may waive the clinical examination for an applicant who meets the
requirements of this paragraph and has satisfactorily completed an accredited postdoctoral
general dentistry residency program located outside of Minnesota.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 150A.06, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Licensure by credentials. (a) Any dentist or dental hygienist may, upon
application and payment of a fee established by the board, apply for licensure based on
the applicant's performance record in lieu of passing an examination approved by the
board according to section 150A.03, subdivision 1, and be interviewed by the board to
determine if the applicant:

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#### (1) has passed all components of the National Board Dental Examinations;

(1) (2) has been in active practice at least 2,000 hours within 36 months of the
application date, or passed a board-approved reentry program within 36 months of the
application date;

(2)(3) currently has a license in another state or Canadian province and is not subject
to any pending or final disciplinary action, or if not currently licensed, previously had a
license in another state or Canadian province in good standing that was not subject to any
final or pending disciplinary action at the time of surrender;

- 74.22 (3) (4) is of good moral character and abides by professional ethical conduct
   74.23 requirements;
- 74.24 (4) (5) at board discretion, has passed a board-approved English proficiency test if
   74.25 English is not the applicant's primary language; and

74.26 (5)(6) meets other credentialing requirements specified in board rule.

(b) An applicant who fulfills the conditions of this subdivision and demonstrates
the minimum knowledge in dental subjects required for licensure under subdivision 1 or
2 must be licensed to practice the applicant's profession.

(c) If the applicant does not demonstrate the minimum knowledge in dental subjects
required for licensure under subdivision 1 or 2, the application must be denied. When
denying a license, the board may notify the applicant of any specific remedy that the
applicant could take which, when passed, would qualify the applicant for licensure. A
denial does not prohibit the applicant from applying for licensure under subdivision 1 or 2.

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- (d) A candidate whose application has been denied may appeal the decision to theboard according to subdivision 4a.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 150A.06, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 75.3 Subd. 6. Display of name and certificates. (a) The initial license and subsequent 75.4 renewal, or current registration certificate, of every dentist, a dental therapist, dental 75.5 hygienist, or dental assistant shall be conspicuously displayed in every office in which that 75.6 person practices, in plain sight of patients. When available from the board, the board shall 75.7 allow the display of a wallet-sized initial license and wallet-sized subsequent renewal 75.8 certificate only at nonprimary practice locations instead of displaying an original-sized 75.9 initial license and subsequent renewal certificate. 75.10
- 75.11 (b) Near or on the entrance door to every office where dentistry is practiced, the
  75.12 name of each dentist practicing there, as inscribed on the current license certificate, shall
  75.13 be displayed in plain sight.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 150A.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 75.14 Subd. 3. Current address, change of address. Every dentist, dental therapist, 75.15 dental hygienist, and dental assistant shall maintain with the board a correct and current 75.16 mailing address and electronic mail address. For dentists engaged in the practice of 75.17 dentistry, the postal address shall be that of the location of the primary dental practice. 75.18 Within 30 days after changing postal or electronic mail addresses, every dentist, dental 75.19 therapist, dental hygienist, and dental assistant shall provide the board written notice of 75.20 75.21 the new address either personally or by first class mail.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 150A.105, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
  Subd. 7. Use of dental assistants. (a) A licensed dental therapist may supervise
  dental assistants to the extent permitted in the collaborative management agreement and
  according to section 150A.10, subdivision 2.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a licensed dental therapist is limited to
  supervising no more than four registered licensed dental assistants or nonregistered
  <u>nonlicensed</u> dental assistants at any one practice setting.
- 75.29 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 150A.106, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  75.30 Subdivision 1. General. In order to be certified by the board to practice as an
  75.31 advanced dental therapist, a person must:
- (1) complete a dental therapy education program;

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76.1	(2) pass an examination to demonstrate competency under the dental therapy scope
76.2	of practice;
76.3	(3) be licensed as a dental therapist;
76.4	(4) complete 2,000 hours of dental therapy clinical practice under direct or indirect
76.5	supervision;
76.6	(5) graduate from a master's advanced dental therapy education program;
76.7	(6) pass a board-approved certification examination to demonstrate competency

<sup>76.8</sup> under the advanced scope of practice; and

76.9 (7) submit an application <u>and fee</u> for certification as prescribed by the board.

76.10 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 150A.14, is amended to read:

# 76.11 **150A.14 IMMUNITY.**

76.12Subdivision 1. Reporting immunity. A person, health care facility, business, or76.13organization is immune from civil liability or criminal prosecution for submitting a report76.14in good faith to the board under section 150A.13, or for cooperating with an investigation76.15of a report or with staff of the board relative to violations or alleged violations of section76.16150A.08. Reports are confidential data on individuals under section 13.02, subdivision 3,76.17and are privileged communications.

76.18Subd. 2. Program Investigation immunity. (a) Members of the board, persons76.19employed by the board, and board consultants retained by the board are immune from76.20civil liability and criminal prosecution for any actions, transactions, or publications in76.21the execution of, or relating to, their duties under section 150A.13 sections 150A.02 to76.22150A.21, 214.10, and 214.103.

(b) For purposes of this section, a member of the board or a consultant described in
 paragraph (a) is considered a state employee under section 3.736, subdivision 9.

## APPENDIX Article locations in H2555-5

ARTICLE 1	SUNSET REVIEW	Page.Ln 2.4
ARTICLE 2	ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES AND FEES	Page.Ln 3.28
ARTICLE 3	TRANSFER OF COMBATIVE SPORTS DUTIES	Page.Ln 19.27
ARTICLE 4	ALCOHOL AND DRUG COUNSELORS	Page.Ln 21.2
ARTICLE 5	LICENSED PROFESSIONAL COUNSELING	Page.Ln 62.11
ARTICLE 6	HEALTH BOARDS	Page.Ln 66.6
ARTICLE 7	DENTISTRY	Page.Ln 72.1

### APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H2555-5

## 138A.01 LABOR INTERPRETIVE CENTER; BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The Labor Interpretive Center is a public corporation of the state and is not subject to the laws governing a state agency except as provided in this chapter.

Subd. 2. **Purpose.** The purpose of the Labor Interpretive Center is to celebrate the contribution of working people to the past, present, and future of Minnesota; to spur an interest among the people of Minnesota in their own family and community traditions of work; to help young people discover their work skills and opportunities for a productive working life; and to advance the teaching of work and labor studies in schools and colleges.

Subd. 3. **Board of directors.** The center is governed by a board of ten directors. The membership terms, compensation, removal, and filling of vacancies of members of the board are as provided in section 15.0575. Membership of the board consists of:

(1) three directors appointed by the governor;

(2) one director appointed by the mayor of St. Paul, subject to the approval of the city council;

(3) three directors appointed by the speaker of the house; and

(4) three directors appointed by the Subcommittee on Committees of the senate Committee on Rules and Administration.

Directors must be representatives of labor, business, state and local government, local education authorities, and arts groups. The chairs of the senate Committee on Jobs, Energy, and Community Development and the house of representatives Committee on Labor-Management Relations shall serve as nonvoting members.

The board shall select a chair of the board from its members, and any other officers of the board deemed necessary.

Subd. 4. Location. The center must be located in the Capitol area of St. Paul as defined in section 15B.02, at the site recommended by the Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board.

Subd. 5. **Meetings of the board.** The board shall meet at least twice a year and may hold additional meetings upon giving notice. Board meetings are subject to chapter 13D.

Subd. 6. **Conflict of interest.** A director, employee, or officer of the center may not participate in or vote on a decision of the board relating to a matter in which the director has either a direct or indirect financial interest or a conflict of interest as described in section 10A.07.

Subd. 7. Tort claims. The center is a state agency for purposes of section 3.736.

#### **138A.02 CENTER PERSONNEL.**

Subdivision 1. **Generally.** The board shall appoint an executive director of the center to serve in the unclassified service. The executive director must be chosen on the basis of training, experience, and knowledge in the areas of labor history and the changing world of work. The center shall employ staff, consultants, and other parties necessary to carry out the mission of the center.

Subd. 2. Status of employees. Employees of the center are executive branch state employees.

### 138A.03 POWERS; DUTIES; BOARD; CENTER.

Subdivision 1. General powers. The board has the powers necessary for the care, management, and direction of the center. The powers include:

(1) overseeing the planning and construction of the center as funds are available;

(2) leasing a temporary facility for the center during development of its organization and program; and

(3) establishing advisory groups as needed to advise the board on program, policy, and related issues.

Subd. 2. **Duties.** The center is a state agency for purposes of the following accounting and budgeting requirements:

(1) financial reports and other requirements under section 16A.06;

(2) the state budget system under sections 16A.095, 16A.10, and 16A.11;

(3) the state allotment and encumbrance, and accounting systems under sections 16A.14,

subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and 5; and 16A.15, subdivisions 2 and 3; and (4) indirect costs under section 16A 127

(4) indirect costs under section 16A.127.

Subd. 3. **Program.** The board shall appoint a program advisory group to oversee the development of the center's programming. It must consist of representatives of cultural and educational organizations, labor education specialists, and curriculum supervisors in local schools.

## Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H2555-5

The program of the center may be implemented through exhibits, performances, seminars, films and multimedia presentations, participatory programs for all ages, and a resource center for teachers. Collaborative program development is encouraged with technical colleges, the Minnesota Historical Society, and other cultural institutions.

Subd. 4. **Board of governors.** The board may establish a board of governors to incorporate as a nonprofit organization to receive donations for the center and to serve as honorary advisors to the board of directors.

## **138A.04 LABOR INTERPRETIVE CENTER ACCOUNT.**

The Minnesota labor interpretive center account is an account in the special revenue fund. Funds in the account not needed for the immediate purposes of the center may be invested by the state Board of Investment in any way authorized by section 11A.24. Funds in the account are appropriated to the center to be used as provided in this chapter.

### 138A.05 AUDITS.

The center is subject to the auditing requirements of sections 3.971 and 3.972.

#### 138A.06 ANNUAL REPORTS.

The board shall submit annual reports to the legislature on the planning, development, and activities of the center. The board shall supply more frequent reports if requested.

## 148C.01 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of sections 148C.01 to 148C.11 and 595.02, subdivision 1, the following terms have the meanings given them.

Subd. 1a. Accrediting association. "Accrediting association" means an organization recognized by the board that evaluates schools and education programs of alcohol and drug counseling or is listed in Nationally Recognized Accrediting Agencies and Associations, Criteria and Procedures for Listing by the U.S. Secretary of Education and Current List (1996), which is incorporated by reference.

Subd. 2. Alcohol and drug counselor. "Alcohol and drug counselor" or "counselor" means a person who:

(1) uses, as a representation to the public, any title, initials, or description of services incorporating the words "alcohol and drug counselor";

(2) offers to render professional alcohol and drug counseling services relative to the abuse of or the dependency on alcohol or other drugs to the general public or groups, organizations, corporations, institutions, or government agencies for compensation, implying that the person is licensed and trained, experienced or expert in alcohol and drug counseling;

(3) holds a valid license issued under this chapter to engage in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling; or

(4) is an applicant for an alcohol and drug counseling license.

Subd. 2a. Alcohol and drug counselor academic course work. "Alcohol and drug counselor academic course work" means classroom education, which is directly related to alcohol and drug counseling and meets the requirements of section 148C.04, subdivision 5a, and is taken through an accredited school or educational program.

Subd. 2b. Alcohol and drug counselor continuing education activity. "Alcohol and drug counselor continuing education activity" means clock hours that meet the requirements of section 148C.075 and Minnesota Rules, part 4747.1100, and are obtained by a licensee at educational programs of annual conferences, lectures, panel discussions, workshops, seminars, symposiums, employer-sponsored inservices, or courses taken through accredited schools or education programs, including home study courses. A home study course need not be provided by an accredited school or education program to meet continuing education requirements.

Subd. 2c. Alcohol and drug counselor technician. "Alcohol and drug counselor technician" means a person not licensed as an alcohol and drug counselor who is performing acts authorized under section 148C.045.

Subd. 2d. Alcohol and drug counselor training. "Alcohol and drug counselor training" means clock hours obtained by an applicant at educational programs of annual conferences, lectures, panel discussions, workshops, seminars, symposiums, employer-sponsored inservices, or courses taken through accredited schools or education programs, including home study courses.

#### Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H2555-5

Clock hours obtained from accredited schools or education programs must be measured under Minnesota Rules, part 4747.1100, subpart 5.

Subd. 2e. **Board.** "Board" means the Board of Behavioral Health and Therapy established by section 148B.51.

Subd. 2f. **Clock hour.** "Clock hour" means an instructional session of 50 consecutive minutes, excluding coffee breaks, registration, meals without a speaker, and social activities.

Subd. 2g. **Credential.** "Credential" means a license, permit, certification, registration, or other evidence of qualification or authorization to engage in the practice of an occupation.

Subd. 4. **Dependency.** "Dependency" means a maladaptive pattern of substance use, leading to clinically significant impairment or distress, as manifested by three or more of the following occurring at any time in the same 12-month period:

(a) tolerance, as defined by either of the following:

(1) a need for markedly increased amounts of the substance to achieve intoxication or desired effect; or

(2) a markedly diminished effect with continued use of the same amount of the substance;

(b) withdrawal, as manifested by either of the following:

(1) the characteristic withdrawal syndrome for the substance, as referred to in the most current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders; or

(2) the same or closely related substance is taken to relieve or avoid withdrawal symptoms;(c) the substance is often taken in larger amounts or over a longer period than was intended;

(d) a persistent desire or unsuccessful efforts to cut down or control substance use;

(e) a great deal of time is spent in activities necessary to obtain the substance, use the substance, or recover from its effects;

(f) important social, occupational, or recreational activities are given up or reduced because of the substance use; or

(g) substance use continues despite knowledge of having had a persistent or recurrent physical or psychological problem that was likely to have been caused or exacerbated by the substance.

Subd. 4a. Licensee. "Licensee" means a person who holds a valid license under this chapter.

Subd. 5. Abuse. "Abuse" means a maladaptive pattern of substance use leading to clinically significant impairment or distress, as manifested by one or more of the following occurring at any time during the same 12-month period:

(1) recurrent substance use resulting in a failure to fulfill major role obligations at work, school, or home;

(2) recurrent substance use in situations in which it is physically hazardous;

(3) recurrent substance-related legal problems; and

(4) continued substance use despite having persistent or recurrent social or interpersonal problems caused or exacerbated by the effects of the substance.

For substance use to be considered abuse, the individual must never have met the criteria for dependence in subdivision 4 for the class of substance in question.

Subd. 7. Accredited school or educational program. "Accredited school or educational program" means a school of alcohol and drug counseling, university, college, or other postsecondary education program that, at the time the student completes the program, is accredited by a regional accrediting association whose standards are substantially equivalent to those of the North Central Association of Colleges and Postsecondary Education Institutions or an accrediting association that evaluates schools of alcohol and drug counseling for inclusion of the education, practicum, and core function standards in this chapter.

Subd. 9. **Core functions.** "Core functions" means the following services provided in alcohol and drug treatment:

(1) "Screening" means the process by which a client is determined appropriate and eligible for admission to a particular program.

(2) "Intake" means the administrative and initial assessment procedures for admission to a program.

(3) "Orientation" means describing to the client the general nature and goals of the program; rules governing client conduct and infractions that can lead to disciplinary action or discharge from the program; in a nonresidential program, the hours during which services are available; treatment costs to be borne by the client, if any; and client's rights.

(4) "Assessment" means those procedures by which a counselor identifies and evaluates an individual's strengths, weaknesses, problems, and needs to develop a treatment plan or make recommendations for level of care placement.

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(5) "Treatment planning" means the process by which the counselor and the client identify and rank problems needing resolution; establish agreed-upon immediate and long-term goals; and decide on a treatment process and the sources to be utilized.

(6) "Counseling" means the utilization of special skills to assist individuals, families, or groups in achieving objectives through exploration of a problem and its ramifications; examination of attitudes and feelings; consideration of alternative solutions; and decision making.

(7) "Case management" means activities which bring services, agencies, resources, or people together within a planned framework of action toward the achievement of established goals.

(8) "Crisis intervention" means those services which respond to an alcohol or other drug user's needs during acute emotional or physical distress.

(9) "Client education" means the provision of information to clients who are receiving or seeking counseling concerning alcohol and other drug abuse and the available services and resources.

(10) "Referral" means identifying the needs of the client which cannot be met by the counselor or agency and assisting the client to utilize the support systems and available community resources.

(11) "Reports and record keeping" means charting the results of the assessment and treatment plan, writing reports, progress notes, discharge summaries, and other client-related data.

(12) "Consultation with other professionals regarding client treatment and services" means communicating with other professionals in regard to client treatment and services to assure comprehensive, quality care for the client.

Subd. 10. **Practice of alcohol and drug counseling.** "Practice of alcohol and drug counseling" means the observation, description, evaluation, interpretation, and modification of human behavior as it relates to the harmful or pathological use or abuse of alcohol or other drugs by the application of the core functions. The practice of alcohol and drug counseling includes, but is not limited to, the following activities, regardless of whether the counselor receives compensation for the activities:

(1) assisting clients who use alcohol or drugs, evaluating that use, and recognizing dependency if it exists;

(2) assisting clients with alcohol or other drug problems to gain insight and motivation aimed at resolving those problems;

(3) providing experienced professional guidance, assistance, and support for the client's efforts to develop and maintain a responsible functional lifestyle;

(4) recognizing problems outside the scope of the counselor's training, skill, or competence and referring the client to other appropriate professional services;

(5) assessing the level of alcohol or other drug use involvement;

(6) individual planning to prevent a return to harmful alcohol or chemical use;

(7) alcohol and other drug abuse education for clients;

(8) consultation with other professionals;

(9) gaining cultural competence through ongoing training and education according to standards established by rule; and

(10) providing the above services, as needed, to family members or others who are directly affected by someone using alcohol or other drugs.

Subd. 11. **Sexual contact.** "Sexual contact" means contact as defined in section 604.20 with a client or former client, or engaging in contact that may reasonably be interpreted by a client as sexual, or engaging in any verbal behavior that is seductive or sexually demeaning to the client, or engaging in sexual exploitation of a client or former client.

Subd. 11a. **Student.** "Student" means a person enrolled in an alcohol and drug counselor education program at an accredited school or educational program and earning a minimum of nine semester credits per calendar year towards completion of an associate's, bachelor's, master's, or doctorate degree requirements that include an additional 18 semester credits or 270 clock hours of alcohol and drug counseling specific course work and 440 clock hours of practicum.

Subd. 12. **Supervised alcohol and drug counselor.** "Supervised alcohol and drug counselor" means a student, either before, during, or after the student completes a program from an accredited school or educational program of alcohol and drug counseling, an intern, or a person issued a temporary permit under section 148C.04, subdivision 4, and who is supervised by a person either licensed under this chapter or exempt under its provisions.

Subd. 12a. **Supervisor.** "Supervisor" means a licensed alcohol and drug counselor licensed under this chapter or other licensed professional practicing alcohol and drug counseling under section 148C.11 who monitors activities of and accepts legal liability for the person practicing under supervision. A supervisor shall supervise no more than three trainees practicing under section 148C.04, subdivision 6.

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Subd. 13. Alcohol and drug counseling practicum. "Alcohol and drug counseling practicum" means formal experience gained by a student and supervised by a person either licensed under this chapter or exempt under its provisions, in an accredited school or educational program of alcohol and drug counseling as part of the education requirements of this chapter.

Subd. 14. Applicant. "Applicant" means a person seeking a license under this chapter.

Subd. 15. **Client.** "Client" means an individual who is the recipient of any of the alcohol and drug counseling services described in this section.

Subd. 16. **Compensation.** "Compensation" means a fee, salary, reward, payment, or the expectation of payment from a client or a client's agent, insurer, employer, or other representative for providing alcohol and drug counseling services. Compensation does not include bartering for services.

Subd. 17. Alcohol and drug counselor internship. "Alcohol and drug counselor internship" means supervised, practical, on-the-job training as an intern, volunteer, or employee in alcohol and drug counseling.

Subd. 18. **Psychometrically valid and reliable.** "Psychometrically valid and reliable" means developed on the basis of role delineation, validation, reliability, passing point, and sensitivity review factors, according to generally accepted standards.

#### 148C.015 SCOPE; DEFINITIONS.

Before engaging in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling as defined in section 148C.01, all persons, except as provided in section 148C.11, regardless of their titles, must obtain a license as provided in this chapter.

## 148C.03 DUTIES OF BOARD.

Subdivision 1. General. The board shall:

(a) adopt and enforce rules for licensure of alcohol and drug counselors, including establishing standards and methods of determining whether applicants and licensees are qualified under section 148C.04. The rules must provide for examinations and establish standards for the regulation of professional conduct. The rules must be designed to protect the public;

(b) issue licenses to individuals qualified under sections 148C.01 to 148C.11;

(c) issue copies of the rules for licensure to all applicants;

(d) adopt rules to establish and implement procedures, including a standard disciplinary process and rules of professional conduct;

(e) carry out disciplinary actions against licensees;

(f) establish written internal operating procedures for receiving and investigating complaints and for taking disciplinary actions as appropriate;

(g) educate the public about the existence and content of the rules for alcohol and drug counselor licensing to enable consumers to file complaints against licensees who may have violated the rules;

(h) evaluate the rules in order to refine and improve the methods used to enforce the board's standards; and

(i) collect license fees for alcohol and drug counselors.

Subd. 4. **Professional accountability.** The board shall maintain and keep current a file containing the reports and complaints filed against alcohol and drug counselors within the board's jurisdiction.

#### 148C.0351 PROCEDURES FOR ADMISSION TO LICENSURE.

Subdivision 1. **Application forms.** Unless exempted under section 148C.11, a person who practices alcohol and drug counseling in Minnesota must:

(1) apply to the board for a license to practice alcohol and drug counseling on forms provided by the board;

(2) include with the application a statement that the statements in the application are true and correct to the best of the applicant's knowledge and belief;

(3) include with the application a nonrefundable application fee specified in section 148C.12;

(4) include with the application information describing the applicant's experience, including the number of years and months the applicant has practiced alcohol and drug counseling as defined in section 148C.01;

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(5) include with the application the applicant's business address and telephone number, or home address and telephone number if the applicant conducts business out of the home, and if applicable, the name of the applicant's supervisor, manager, and employer;

(6) include with the application a written and signed authorization for the board to make inquiries to appropriate state regulatory agencies and private credentialing organizations in this or any other state where the applicant has practiced alcohol and drug counseling; and

(7) complete the application in sufficient detail for the board to determine whether the applicant meets the requirements for filing. The board may ask the applicant to provide additional information necessary to clarify incomplete or ambiguous information submitted in the application.

Subd. 3. **Requirement to maintain current information.** An alcohol and drug counselor must notify the board within 30 days of the occurrence of any of the following:

(1) a change of name, address, place of employment, and home or business telephone number; and

(2) a settlement or award based on negligent or intentional acts committed in providing alcohol and drug counseling services.

Subd. 4. **Initial license; term.** (a) An initial license is effective on the date the board indicates on the license certificate, with the license number, sent to the applicant upon approval of the application.

(b) An initial license is valid for a period beginning with the effective date in paragraph (a) and ending on the date specified by the board on the license certificate placing the applicant in an existing two-year renewal cycle, as established under section 148C.05, subdivision 1.

## 148C.0355 BOARD ACTION ON APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSURE.

The board shall act on each application for licensure within 90 days from the date the completed application and all required information is received by the board. The board shall determine if the applicant meets the requirements for licensure and whether there are grounds for denial of licensure under this chapter. If the board denies an application on grounds other than the applicant's failure of an examination, the board shall:

(1) notify the applicant, in writing, of the denial and the reason for the denial and provide the applicant 30 days from the date of the letter informing the applicant of the denial in which the applicant may provide additional information to address the reasons for the denial. If the applicant does not respond in writing to the board within the 30-day period, the denial is final. If the board receives additional information, the board shall review it and make a final determination thereafter;

(2) notify the applicant that an application submitted following denial is a new application and must be accompanied by the appropriate fee as specified in section 148C.12; and

(3) notify the applicant of the right to request a hearing under chapter 14.

## 148C.04 REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSURE.

Subdivision 1. General requirements. The board shall issue licenses to the individuals qualified under this chapter to practice alcohol and drug counseling.

Subd. 2. **Fee.** Each applicant shall pay a nonrefundable fee as specified in section 148C.12. Fees paid to the board shall be deposited in the special revenue fund.

Subd. 3. **Requirements for licensure before July 1, 2008.** An applicant for a license must furnish evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has met all the requirements in clauses (1) to (3). The applicant must have:

(1) received an associate degree, or an equivalent number of credit hours, and a certificate in alcohol and drug counseling, including 18 semester credits or 270 clock hours of academic course work in accordance with subdivision 5a, paragraph (a), from an accredited school or educational program and 880 clock hours of supervised alcohol and drug counseling practicum;

(2) completed one of the following:

(i) a written case presentation and satisfactorily passed an oral examination that demonstrates competence in the core functions as determined by the board; or

(ii) satisfactorily completed 2,000 hours of supervised postdegree equivalent professional practice in accordance with section 148C.044; and

(3) satisfactorily passed written examinations for licensure as determined by the board.

Subd. 4. **Requirements for licensure after July 1, 2008.** An applicant for a license must submit evidence to the board that the applicant has met one of the following requirements:

(1) the applicant must have:

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(i) received a bachelor's degree from an accredited school or educational program, including 18 semester credits or 270 clock hours of academic course work in accordance with subdivision 5a, paragraph (a), from an accredited school or educational program and 880 clock hours of supervised alcohol and drug counseling practicum;

(ii) completed a written case presentation and satisfactorily passed an oral examination that demonstrates competence in the core functions as determined by the board; or submitted to the board a plan for supervision during the first 2,000 hours of professional practice, or submitted proof of supervised professional practice that is acceptable to the board; and

(iii) satisfactorily passed written examinations as determined by the board established by the board; or

(2) the applicant must meet the requirements of section 148C.07.

Subd. 5a. Academic course work. (a) Minimum academic course work requirements for licensure as referred to under subdivision 3, clause (1), and subdivision 4, clause (1), item (i), must be in the following areas:

(1) overview of alcohol and drug counseling focusing on the transdisciplinary foundations of alcohol and drug counseling and providing an understanding of theories of chemical dependency, the continuum of care, and the process of change;

(2) pharmacology of substance abuse disorders and the dynamics of addiction;

(3) screening, intake, assessment, and treatment planning;

(4) counseling theory and practice, crisis intervention, orientation, and client education;

(5) case management, consultation, referral, treatment planning, reporting, record keeping, and professional and ethical responsibilities; and

(6) multicultural aspects of chemical dependency to include awareness of learning outcomes described in Minnesota Rules, part 4747.1100, subpart 2, and the ability to know when consultation is needed.

(b) Advanced academic course work includes, at a minimum, the course work required in paragraph (a) and additional course work in the following areas:

(1) advanced study in the areas listed in paragraph (a);

(2) chemical dependency and the family;

(3) treating substance abuse disorders in culturally diverse and identified populations;

(4) dual diagnoses/co-occurring disorders with substance abuse disorders; and

(5) ethics and chemical dependency.

Subd. 6. **Temporary permit requirements.** (a) The board shall issue a temporary permit to practice alcohol and drug counseling prior to being licensed under this chapter if the person:

(1) either:

(i) submits verification of a current and unrestricted credential for the practice of alcohol and drug counseling from a national certification body or a certification or licensing body from another state, United States territory, or federally recognized tribal authority;

(ii) submits verification of the completion of at least 64 semester credits, including 270 clock hours or 18 semester credits of formal classroom education in alcohol and drug counseling and at least 880 clock hours of alcohol and drug counseling practicum from an accredited school or educational program;

(iii) applies to renew a lapsed license according to the requirements of section 148C.055, subdivision 3, clauses (1) and (2), or section 148C.055, subdivision 4, clauses (1) and (2); or

(iv) meets the requirements of section 148C.11, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), or 6, clauses (1), (2), and (5);

(2) applies, in writing, on an application form provided by the board, which includes the nonrefundable temporary permit fee as specified in section 148C.12 and an affirmation by the person's supervisor, as defined in paragraph (c), clause (1), which is signed and dated by the person and the person's supervisor; and

(3) has not been disqualified to practice temporarily on the basis of a background investigation under section 148C.09, subdivision 1a.

(b) The board must notify the person in writing within 90 days from the date the completed application and all required information is received by the board whether the person is qualified to practice under this subdivision.

(c) A person practicing under this subdivision:

(1) may practice under tribal jurisdiction or under the direct supervision of a person who is licensed under this chapter;

(2) is subject to the Rules of Professional Conduct set by rule; and

(3) is not subject to the continuing education requirements of section 148C.075.

(d) A person practicing under this subdivision must use the title or description stating or implying that the person is a trainee engaged in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling.

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(e) A person practicing under this subdivision must annually submit a renewal application on forms provided by the board with the renewal fee required in section 148C.12, subdivision 3, and the board may renew the temporary permit if the trainee meets the requirements of this subdivision. A trainee may renew a practice permit no more than five times.

(f) A temporary permit expires if not renewed, upon a change of employment of the trainee or upon a change in supervision, or upon the granting or denial by the board of a license.

Subd. 7. Effect and suspension of temporary permit. Approval of a person's application for temporary permit creates no rights to or expectation of approval from the board for licensure as an alcohol and drug counselor. The board may suspend or restrict a person's temporary permit status according to section 148C.09.

### 148C.044 SUPERVISED POSTDEGREE PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE.

Subdivision 1. **Supervision.** For the purpose of this section, "supervision" means documented interactive consultation, which, subject to the limitations in subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (2), may be conducted in person, by telephone, or by audio or audiovisual electronic device, with a supervisor as defined in subdivision 2. The supervision must be adequate to ensure the quality and competence of the activities supervised. Supervisory consultation must include discussions on the nature and content of the practice of the supervisee, including, but not limited to, a review of a representative sample of counseling services in the supervisee's practice.

Subd. 2. **Postdegree professional practice.** "Postdegree professional practice" means required postdegree paid or volunteer work experience and training that involves the professional oversight by a supervisor approved by the board and that satisfies the supervision requirements in subdivision 4.

Subd. 3. Supervisor requirements. For purposes of this section, a supervisor shall:

(1) be a licensed alcohol and drug counselor or other qualified professional as determined by the board;

(2) have four years of experience in providing alcohol and drug counseling; and

(3) have received a minimum of 12 hours of training in clinical and ethical supervision, which may include graduate course work, continuing education courses, workshops, or a combination thereof.

Subd. 4. Supervised practice requirements for licensure. (a) The content of supervision must include:

(1) knowledge, skills, values, and ethics with specific application to the practice issues faced by the supervisee, including the core functions as described in section 148C.01, subdivision 9;

(2) the standards of practice and ethical conduct, with particular emphasis given to the counselor's role and appropriate responsibilities, professional boundaries, and power dynamics; and

(3) the supervisee's permissible scope of practice, as defined by section 148C.01, subdivision 10.

(b) The supervision must be obtained at the rate of one hour of supervision per 40 hours of professional practice, for a total of 50 hours of supervision. The supervision must be evenly distributed over the course of the supervised professional practice. At least 75 percent of the required supervision hours must be received in person. The remaining 25 percent of the required hours may be received by telephone or by audio or audiovisual electronic device. At least 50 percent of the required hours of supervision must be received on an individual basis. The remaining 50 percent may be received in a group setting.

(c) The supervision must be completed in no fewer than 12 consecutive months and no more than 36 consecutive months.

(d) The applicant shall include with an application for licensure verification of completion of the 2,000 hours of supervised professional practice. Verification must be on a form specified by the board. The supervisor shall verify that the supervisee has completed the required hours of supervision in accordance with this section. The supervised practice required under this section is unacceptable if the supervisor attests that the supervisee's performance, competence, or adherence to the standards of practice and ethical conduct has been unsatisfactory.

#### 148C.045 ALCOHOL AND DRUG COUNSELOR TECHNICIAN.

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An alcohol and drug counselor technician may perform the services described in section 148C.01, subdivision 9, paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), while under the direct supervision of a licensed alcohol and drug counselor.

## 148C.05 LICENSE RENEWAL REQUIREMENTS; LAPSE.

Subdivision 1. Biennial renewal. A license must be renewed every two years.

Subd. 1a. **Renewal requirements.** To renew a license, an applicant must submit to the board: (1) a completed and signed application for license renewal, including a signed consent

authorizing the board to obtain information about the applicant from third parties, including, but not limited to, employers, former employers, and law enforcement agencies;

(2) the renewal fee required under section 148C.12; and

(3) additional information as requested by the board to clarify information presented in the renewal application. The licensee must submit information within 30 days of the date of the board's request.

Subd. 5. License renewal notice. At least 60 calendar days before the renewal deadline date in subdivision 6, the board shall mail a renewal notice to the licensee's last known address on file with the board. The notice must include an application for license renewal, the renewal deadline, and notice of fees required for renewal. The licensee's failure to receive notice does not relieve the licensee of the obligation to meet the renewal deadline and other requirements for license renewal.

Subd. 6. **Renewal deadline and lapse of licensure.** (a) Licensees must comply with paragraphs (b) to (d).

(b) Each license certificate must state an expiration date. An application for license renewal must be received by the board or postmarked at least 30 calendar days before the expiration date. If the postmark is illegible, the application must be considered timely if received at least 21 calendar days before the expiration date.

(c) An application for license renewal not received within the time required under paragraph (b) must be accompanied by a late fee in addition to the renewal fee required in section 148C.12.

(d) A licensee's license lapses if the licensee fails to submit to the board a license renewal application by the licensure expiration date. A licensee shall not engage in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling while the license is lapsed. A licensee whose license has lapsed may renew the license by complying with section 148C.055.

## 148C.055 INACTIVE OR LAPSED LICENSE.

Subdivision 1. **Inactive license status.** Unless a complaint is pending against the licensee, a licensee whose license is in good standing may request, in writing, that the license be placed on the inactive list. If a complaint is pending against a licensee, a license may not be placed on the inactive list until action relating to the complaint is concluded. The board must receive the request for inactive status before expiration of the license. A request for inactive status received after the license expiration date must be denied. A licensee may renew a license that is inactive under this subdivision by meeting the renewal requirements of subdivision 2, except that payment of a late renewal fee is not required. A licensee must not practice alcohol and drug counseling while the license is inactive.

Subd. 2. **Renewal of inactive license.** A licensee whose license is inactive shall renew the inactive status by the inactive status expiration date determined by the board or the license will lapse. An application for renewal of inactive status must include evidence satisfactory to the board that the licensee has completed 40 clock hours of continuing professional education required in section 148C.075, and be received by the board at least 30 calendar days before the expiration date. If the postmark is illegible, the application must be considered timely if received at least 21 calendar days before the expiration date. Late renewal of inactive status must be accompanied by a late fee as required in section 148C.12.

Subd. 3. **Renewal of lapsed license.** An individual whose license has lapsed for less than two years may renew the license by submitting:

(1) a completed and signed license renewal application;

(2) the inactive license renewal fee or the renewal fee and the late fee as required under section 148C.12; and

(3) proof of having met the continuing education requirements in section 148C.075 since the individual's initial licensure or last license renewal. The license issued is then effective for the remainder of the next two-year license cycle.

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Subd. 4. License renewal for two years or more after license expiration date. An individual who submitted a license renewal two years or more after the license expiration date must submit the following:

(1) a completed and signed application for licensure, as required by section 148C.0351;

(2) the initial license fee as required in section 148C.12; and

(3) verified documentation of having achieved a passing score within the past year on an examination required by the board.

### 148C.07 RECIPROCITY.

(a) An individual who holds a current license or national certification as an alcohol and drug counselor from another jurisdiction must file with the board a completed application for licensure by reciprocity containing the information required under this section.

(b) The applicant must request the credentialing authority of the jurisdiction in which the credential is held to send directly to the board a statement that the credential is current and in good standing, the applicant's qualifications that entitled the applicant to the credential, and a copy of the jurisdiction's credentialing laws and rules that were in effect at the time the applicant obtained the credential.

(c) The board shall issue a license if the board finds that the requirements, which the applicant had to meet to obtain the credential from the other jurisdiction were substantially similar to the current requirements for licensure in this chapter, and the applicant is not otherwise disqualified under section 148C.09.

### 148C.075 CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS.

Subdivision 1. **General requirements.** The board shall establish a two-year continuing education reporting schedule requiring licensees to report completion of the requirements of this section. Licensees must document completion of a minimum of 40 clock hours of continuing education activities each reporting period. A licensee may be given credit only for activities that directly relate to the practice of alcohol and drug counseling, the core functions, or the Rules of Professional Conduct in Minnesota Rules, part 4747.1400. The continuing education reporting form must require reporting of the following information:

- (1) the continuing education activity title;
- (2) a brief description of the continuing education activity;
- (3) the sponsor, presenter, or author;
- (4) the location and attendance dates;
- (5) the number of clock hours; and

(6) a statement that the information is true and correct to the best knowledge of the licensee. Only continuing education obtained during the previous two-year reporting period may be considered at the time of reporting. Clock hours must be earned and reported in increments of one-half clock hour with a minimum of one clock hour for each continuing education activity.

Subd. 2. Continuing education requirements for licensee's first four years. A licensee must, as part of meeting the clock hour requirement of this section, obtain and document 18 hours of cultural diversity training within the first four years after the licensee's initial license effective date according to the board's reporting schedule. Cultural diversity training includes gaining knowledge in areas described in Minnesota Rules, part 4747.1100, subpart 2, and in identified population groups defined in Minnesota Rules, part 4747.0030, subpart 20.

Subd. 3. **Continuing education requirements after licensee's initial four years.** Beginning four years following a licensee's initial license effective date and according to the board's reporting schedule, a licensee must document completion of a minimum of six clock hours each reporting period of cultural diversity training. Licensees must also document completion of six clock hours in courses directly related to the Rules of Professional Conduct in Minnesota Rules, part 4747.1400.

Subd. 4. **Standards for approval.** In order to obtain clock hour credit for a continuing education activity, the activity must:

(1) constitute an organized program of learning;

(2) reasonably be expected to advance the knowledge and skills of the alcohol and drug counselor;

(3) pertain to subjects that directly relate to the practice of alcohol and drug counseling and the core functions of an alcohol and drug counselor, or the Rules of Professional Conduct in Minnesota Rules, part 4747.1400;

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(4) be conducted by individuals who have education, training, and experience and are knowledgeable about the subject matter; and

(5) be presented by a sponsor who has a system to verify participation and maintains attendance records for three years, unless the sponsor provides dated evidence to each participant with the number of clock hours awarded.

Subd. 5. **Course work.** A licensee may obtain a maximum of six clock hours in any two-year continuing education period for teaching course work in an accredited school or educational program that meets the requirements of section 148C.04, subdivision 5a. A licensee may earn a maximum of two clock hours as preparation time for each clock hour of presentation time. Clock hours may be claimed only once per course in any two-year continuing education period. The licensee shall maintain a course schedule or brochure for audit.

### 148C.08 NONTRANSFERABILITY OF LICENSES.

An alcohol and drug counselor license is not transferable.

### 148C.09 DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION OF LICENSE.

Subdivision 1. **Grounds.** The board may refuse to grant a license to, or may suspend, revoke, or restrict the license of an individual if the board determines that a licensee or applicant:

(1) is incompetent to engage in alcohol and drug counseling practice or is found to be engaged in alcohol and drug counseling practice in a manner harmful or dangerous to a client or the public;

(2) has violated the rules of the board or the statutes the board is empowered to enforce; or any law, rule order, stipulation and consent order, agreement, or settlement;

(3) has obtained or attempted to obtain a license or license renewal by bribery or fraudulent misrepresentation;

(4) has knowingly made a false statement on the form required to be submitted to the board for licensing or license renewal;

(5) has failed to obtain continuing education credits required by the board;

(6) has failed to demonstrate the qualifications or satisfy the requirements for a license contained in this chapter or rules of the board. The burden of proof shall be upon the applicant to demonstrate qualifications or satisfaction of requirements;

(7) has been convicted of a crime, including a finding or verdict of guilt, an admission of guilt, or a no contest plea, in any court in Minnesota or any other jurisdiction in the United States, reasonably related to the provision of alcohol and drug counseling services. Conviction, as used in this subdivision, includes conviction of an offense which, if committed in this state, would be deemed a felony or gross misdemeanor without regard to its designation elsewhere, or a criminal proceeding where a finding or verdict of guilty is made or returned but the adjudication of guilt is either withheld or not entered;

(8) has been convicted of a crime against another person. For purposes of this chapter, a crime against another person means an offense listed in section 148B.68, subdivision 1, paragraph (b);

(9) has failed to comply with the self-reporting requirements of section 148C.095, subdivision 7;

(10) has engaged in sexual contact with a client, or a former client, as defined in section 604.20, or has engaged in conduct that may be reasonably interpreted by a client as sexual, or has engaged in any verbal behavior that is seductive or sexually demeaning to the client, or has engaged in sexual exploitation of a client or former client;

(11) has engaged in false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading advertising;

(12) has engaged in conduct likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public; or has demonstrated a willful or careless disregard for the health, welfare, or safety of a client; or any other practice that may create unnecessary danger to any client's life, health, or safety, in any of which cases, proof of actual injury need not be established;

(13) has been adjudicated as mentally incompetent, or as a person who has a psychopathic personality, or who is dangerous to self, or has been adjudicated as a person who is chemically dependent, mentally ill, developmentally disabled, or mentally ill and dangerous to the public pursuant to chapter 253B;

(14) is unable to provide alcohol and drug counseling services with reasonable safety to clients;

(15) has habitually overindulged in the use of or the dependence on alcohol within the past two years;

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(16) has engaged in the improper or unauthorized personal or other use of any legend drugs as defined in section 151.01, any chemicals as defined in section 151.01, or any controlled substance as defined in section 152.01 within the past two years;

(17) reveals a communication from, or relating to, a client except when required or permitted by law;

(18) fails to comply with a client's request for health records made under sections 144.291 to 144.298, or to furnish a client record or report required by law;

(19) has engaged in fee splitting or promises to pay a portion of a fee to any other professional other than for services rendered by the other professional to the client;

(20) has engaged in abusive or fraudulent billing practices, including violations of the federal Medicare and Medicaid laws or state medical assistance laws;

(21) fails to make reports as required by section 148C.095, or cooperate with an investigation of the board;

(22) obtains money, property, or services from a client, other than reasonable fees for services provided to the client, through the use of undue influence, harassment, duress, deception, or fraud;

(23) undertakes or continues a professional relationship with a client in which the objectivity of the alcohol and drug counselor may be impaired;

(24) engages in conduct that constitutes grounds for discipline as established by the board in rule; or

(25) engages in bartering for services with a client.

Subd. 1a. **Background investigation.** The applicant must sign a release authorizing the board to obtain information from the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Office of Mental Health Practice, the Department of Human Services, the Office of Health Facilities Complaints, and other agencies specified in the rules. After the board has given written notice to an individual who is the subject of a background investigation, the agencies shall assist the board with the investigation by giving the board criminal conviction data, reports about substantiated maltreatment of minors and vulnerable adults, and other information specified in the rules. The board may contract with the commissioner of human services to obtain criminal history data from the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.

Subd. 2. **Appeal; restoring a license.** If a license is denied, suspended, restricted, or revoked, an applicant or licensee may request a hearing under the contested case provisions of chapter 14. The board may, for good cause demonstrated by the applicant or counselor, grant a license previously refused, restore a license that has been revoked, or reduce a period of suspension or restriction of a license. The board may impose any conditions or limitations as the board deems reasonable.

Subd. 4. **Evidence.** In disciplinary actions alleging violations of subdivision 1, paragraph (7), (8), (13), or (14), a copy of the judgment or proceedings under the seal of the court administrator or of the administrative agency that entered the judgment or proceeding is admissible into evidence without further authentication and constitutes prima facie evidence of its contents.

#### 148C.091 DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS.

Subdivision 1. Forms of disciplinary action. When the board finds that an applicant or a licensed alcohol and drug counselor has violated a provision or provisions of sections 148C.01 to 148C.11, or rules promulgated under this chapter, the board may take one or more of the following actions:

(1) refuse to grant a license;

(2) revoke the license;

(3) suspend the license;

(4) impose limitations or conditions;

(5) impose a civil penalty not exceeding \$10,000 for each separate violation, the amount of the civil penalty to be fixed so as to deprive the counselor of any economic advantage gained by reason of the violation charged or to reimburse the board for all costs of the investigation and proceeding; including, but not limited to, the amount paid by the board for services from the Office of Administrative Hearings, attorney fees, court reports, witnesses, reproduction of records, staff time, and expense incurred by staff of the department;

(6) order the counselor to provide uncompensated professional service under supervision at a designated public hospital, clinic, or other health care institution;

(7) censure or reprimand the counselor; or

(8) any other action justified by the case.

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Subd. 2. **Discovery; subpoenas.** In all matters relating to the board's investigation and enforcement activities related to alcohol and drug counselors, the board of behavioral health and therapy may issue subpoenas and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of all necessary papers, books, records, documents, and other evidentiary materials. Any person failing or refusing to appear or testify regarding any matter about which the person may be lawfully questioned or failing to produce any papers, books, records, documents, or other evidentiary materials in the matter to be heard, after having been required by order of the board or by a subpoena of the board to do so may, upon application by the board to the district court in any district, be ordered to comply with the order or subpoena. The board may administer oaths to witnesses or take their affirmation. Depositions may be taken within or without the state in the manner provided by law for the taking of depositions in civil actions. A subpoena or other process or paper may be served upon a person it names anywhere within the state by any officer authorized to serve subpoenas or other process or paper in civil actions in the same manner as prescribed by law for service of process issued out of the district court of this state.

Subd. 3. Temporary suspension. In addition to any other remedy provided by law, the board may, without a hearing, temporarily suspend the right of an alcohol and drug counselor to practice if the board finds that the counselor has violated a statute or rule that the board has authority to enforce and that continued practice by the practitioner would create a serious risk of harm to others. The suspension takes effect upon service of a written order on the practitioner specifying the statute or rule violated. The order remains in effect until the board issues a final order in the matter after a hearing or upon agreement between the board and the counselor. Service of the order is effective if the order is served on the counselor or the counselor's attorney either personally or by first class mail. Within ten days of service of the order, the board shall hold a hearing on the sole issue of whether there is a reasonable basis to continue, modify, or lift the suspension. Evidence presented by the board or counselor must be by affidavit only. The counselor or the counselor's attorney of record may appear for oral argument. Within five working days after the hearing, the board shall issue an order and, if the suspension is continued, schedule a contested case hearing within 45 days after issuance of the order. The administrative law judge shall issue a report within 30 days after closing of the contested case hearing record. The board shall issue a final order within 30 days after receipt of that report, the hearing record, and any exceptions to the report filed by the parties.

Subd. 4. Automatic suspension. The right to practice is automatically suspended if (1) a guardian of an alcohol and drug counselor is appointed by order of a district court under sections 524.5-101 to 524.5-502, or (2) the counselor is committed by order of a district court under chapter 253B. The right to practice remains suspended until the counselor is restored to capacity by a court and, upon petition by the counselor, the suspension is terminated by the board after a hearing or upon agreement between the board and the counselor.

### 148C.093 ADDITIONAL REMEDIES.

Subdivision 1. Cease and desist. The board may issue a cease and desist order to stop a person from violating or threatening to violate a statute, rule, or order which the board has issued or has authority to enforce. The cease and desist order must state the reason for its issuance and give notice of the person's right to request a hearing under sections 14.57 to 14.62. If, within 15 days of service of the order, the subject of the order fails to request a hearing in writing, the order is the final order of the board and is not reviewable by a court or agency.

A hearing must be initiated by the board not later than 30 days from the date of the board's receipt of a written hearing request. Within 30 days of receipt of the administrative law judge's report, and any written agreement or exceptions filed by the parties, the board shall issue a final order modifying, vacating, or making permanent the cease and desist order as the facts require. The final order remains in effect until modified or vacated by the board.

When a request for a stay accompanies a timely hearing request, the board may, in the board's discretion, grant the stay. If the board does not grant a requested stay, the board shall refer the request to the Office of Administrative Hearings within three working days of receipt of the request. Within ten days after receiving the request from the board, an administrative law judge shall issue a recommendation to grant or deny the stay. The board shall grant or deny the stay within five working days of receiving the administrative law judge's recommendation.

In the event of noncompliance with a cease and desist order, the board may institute a proceeding in district court to obtain injunctive relief or other appropriate relief, including a civil penalty payable to the board not exceeding \$10,000 for each separate violation.

Subd. 2. **Injunctive relief.** In addition to any other remedy provided by law, including the issuance of a cease and desist order under subdivision 1, the board may in the board's own name

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bring an action in district court for injunctive relief to restrain an alcohol and drug counselor from a violation or threatened violation of any statute, rule, or order which the board has authority to administer, enforce, or issue.

Subd. 3. Additional powers. The issuance of a cease and desist order or injunctive relief granted under this section does not relieve a counselor from criminal prosecution by a competent authority or from disciplinary action by the board.

### 148C.095 REPORTING OBLIGATIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Permission to report.** A person who has knowledge of any conduct constituting grounds for disciplinary action relating to the practice of alcohol and drug counseling under this chapter may report the violation to the board.

Subd. 2. **Institutions.** A state agency, political subdivision, agency of a local unit of government, private agency, hospital, clinic, prepaid medical plan, or other health care institution or organization located in this state shall report to the board any action taken by the agency, institution, or organization or any of its administrators or medical or other committees to revoke, suspend, restrict, or condition an alcohol and drug counselor's privilege to practice or treat patients or clients in the institution, or as part of the organization, any denial of privileges, or any other disciplinary action for conduct that might constitute grounds for disciplinary action by the board under this chapter. The institution, organization, or governmental entity shall also report the resignation of any alcohol and drug counselors before the conclusion of any disciplinary action proceeding for conduct that might constitute grounds for disciplinary action under this chapter, or before the commencement of formal charges but after the practitioner had knowledge that formal charges were contemplated or were being prepared.

Subd. 3. **Professional societies.** A state or local professional society for alcohol and drug counselors shall report to the board any termination, revocation, or suspension of membership or any other disciplinary action taken against an alcohol and drug counselor. If the society has received a complaint that might be grounds for discipline under this chapter against a member on which it has not taken any disciplinary action, the society shall report the complaint and the reason why it has not taken action on it or shall direct the complainant to the board.

Subd. 4. Licensed professionals. A licensed health professional shall report to the board personal knowledge of any conduct that the licensed health professional reasonably believes constitutes grounds for disciplinary action under this chapter by an alcohol and drug counselor, including conduct indicating that the individual may be medically incompetent, or may be medically or physically unable to engage safely in the provision of services. If the information was obtained in the course of a client relationship, the client is an alcohol and drug counselor, and the treating individual successfully counsels the alcohol and drug counselor to limit or withdraw from practice to the extent required by the impairment, the board may deem this limitation of or withdrawal from practice to be sufficient disciplinary action.

Subd. 5. **Insurers.** Each insurer authorized to sell insurance described in section 60A.06, subdivision 1, clause (13), and providing professional liability insurance to alcohol and drug counselors or the Medical Joint Underwriting Association under chapter 62F, shall submit to the board quarterly reports concerning the alcohol and drug counselors against whom malpractice settlements and awards have been made. The report must contain at least the following information:

(1) the total number of malpractice settlements or awards made;

(2) the date the malpractice settlements or awards were made;

(3) the allegations contained in the claim or complaint leading to the settlements or awards made;

(4) the dollar amount of each settlement or award;

(5) the address of the practice of the alcohol and drug counselor against whom an award was made or with whom a settlement was made; and

(6) the name of the alcohol and drug counselor against whom an award was made or with whom a settlement was made.

The insurance company shall, in addition to the above information, submit to the board any information, records, and files, including clients' charts and records, it possesses that tend to substantiate a charge that a licensed alcohol and drug counselor may have engaged in conduct violating this chapter.

Subd. 6. **Self-reporting.** An alcohol and drug counselor shall report to the board any personal action that would require that a report be filed with the board by any person, health care facility, business, or organization under subdivisions 2 to 5. The alcohol and drug counselor shall also report the revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation, or other disciplinary action in this

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state and report the filing of charges regarding the practitioner's license or right of practice in another state or jurisdiction.

Subd. 7. **Deadlines; forms.** Reports required by subdivisions 2 to 6 must be submitted no later than 30 days after the reporter learns of the occurrence of the reportable event or transaction. The board may provide forms for the submission of the reports required by this section, may require that reports be submitted on the forms provided, and may adopt rules necessary to assure prompt and accurate reporting.

#### 148C.099 INVESTIGATIONS; COOPERATION; EXCHANGING INFORMATION.

Subdivision 1. **Cooperation.** An alcohol and drug counselor who is the subject of an investigation, or who is questioned in connection with an investigation, by or on behalf of the board, shall cooperate fully with the investigation. Cooperation includes responding fully to any question raised by or on behalf of the board relating to the subject of the investigation whether tape recorded or not. Challenges to requests of the board may be brought before the appropriate agency or court.

Subd. 2. Exchanging information. (a) The board shall establish internal operating procedures for:

(1) exchanging information with state boards; agencies, including the Office of Ombudsman for Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities; health-related and law enforcement facilities; departments responsible for licensing health-related occupations, facilities, and programs; and law enforcement personnel in this and other states; and

(2) coordinating investigations involving matters within the jurisdiction of more than one regulatory agency.

(b) The procedures for exchanging information must provide for forwarding to an entity described in paragraph (a), clause (1), any information or evidence, including the results of investigations, that is relevant to matters within the regulatory jurisdiction of that entity. The data have the same classification in the possession of the agency receiving the data as they have in the possession of the agency providing the data.

(c) The board shall establish procedures for exchanging information with other states regarding disciplinary action against alcohol and drug counselors.

(d) The board shall forward to another governmental agency any complaints received by the board that do not relate to the board's jurisdiction but that relate to matters within the jurisdiction of the other governmental agency. The agency to which a complaint is forwarded shall advise the board of the disposition of the complaint. A complaint or other information received by another governmental agency relating to a statute or rule that the board is empowered to enforce must be forwarded to the board to be processed according to this section.

(e) The board shall furnish to a person who made a complaint a description of the actions of the board relating to the complaint.

## 148C.10 PROHIBITED PRACTICE OR USE OF TITLES; PENALTY.

Subdivision 1. **Practice.** No person, other than those individuals exempted under section 148C.11 or 148C.045, shall engage in alcohol and drug counseling without first being licensed under this chapter as an alcohol and drug counselor. For purposes of this chapter, an individual engages in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling if the individual performs or offers to perform alcohol and drug counseling services as defined in section 148C.01, subdivision 10, or if the individual is held out as able to perform those services.

Subd. 2. Use of titles. No person shall present themselves or any other individual to the public by any title incorporating the words "licensed alcohol and drug counselor" or otherwise hold themselves out to the public by any title or description stating or implying that they are licensed or otherwise qualified to practice alcohol and drug counseling unless that individual holds a valid license. Persons issued a temporary permit must use titles consistent with section 148C.04, subdivision 6, paragraph (d).

Subd. 3. **Penalty.** A person who violates sections 148C.01 to 148C.11 is guilty of a misdemeanor.

#### 148C.11 EXCEPTIONS TO LICENSE REQUIREMENT.

Subdivision 1. **Other professionals.** (a) Nothing in this chapter prevents members of other professions or occupations from performing functions for which they are qualified or licensed. This exception includes, but is not limited to: licensed physicians; registered nurses; licensed practical nurses; licensed psychological practitioners; members of the clergy; American

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Indian medicine men and women; licensed attorneys; probation officers; licensed marriage and family therapists; licensed social workers; social workers employed by city, county, or state agencies; licensed professional counselors; licensed school counselors; registered occupational therapists or occupational therapy assistants; city, county, or state employees when providing assessments or case management under Minnesota Rules, chapter 9530; and individuals providing integrated dual-diagnosis treatment in adult mental health rehabilitative programs certified by the Department of Human Services under section 256B.0622 or 256B.0623.

(b) Nothing in this chapter prohibits technicians and resident managers in programs licensed by the Department of Human Services from discharging their duties as provided in Minnesota Rules, chapter 9530.

(c) Any person who is exempt under this subdivision but who elects to obtain a license under this chapter is subject to this chapter to the same extent as other licensees. The board shall issue a license without examination to an applicant who is licensed or registered in a profession identified in paragraph (a) if the applicant:

(1) shows evidence of current licensure or registration; and

(2) has submitted to the board a plan for supervision during the first 2,000 hours of professional practice or has submitted proof of supervised professional practice that is acceptable to the board.

(d) Any person who is exempt from licensure under this section must not use a title incorporating the words "alcohol and drug counselor" or "licensed alcohol and drug counselor" or otherwise hold themselves out to the public by any title or description stating or implying that they are engaged in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling, or that they are licensed to engage in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling unless that person is also licensed as an alcohol and drug counselor. Persons engaged in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling are not exempt from the board's jurisdiction solely by the use of one of the above titles.

Subd. 2. **Students.** Nothing in sections 148C.01 to 148C.10 shall prevent students enrolled in an accredited school of alcohol and drug counseling from engaging in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling while under qualified supervision in an accredited school of alcohol and drug counseling.

Subd. 3. Federally recognized tribes; ethnic minorities. (a) Alcohol and drug counselors practicing alcohol and drug counseling according to standards established by federally recognized tribes, while practicing under tribal jurisdiction, are exempt from the requirements of this chapter. In practicing alcohol and drug counseling under tribal jurisdiction, individuals practicing under that authority shall be afforded the same rights, responsibilities, and recognition as persons licensed pursuant to this chapter.

(b) The board shall develop special licensing criteria for issuance of a license to alcohol and drug counselors who: (1) practice alcohol and drug counseling with a member of an ethnic minority population or with a person with a disability as defined by rule; or (2) are employed by agencies whose primary agency service focus addresses ethnic minority populations or persons with a disability as defined by rule. These licensing criteria may differ from the licensing requirements specified in section 148C.04. To develop, implement, and evaluate the effect of these criteria, the board shall establish a committee comprised of, but not limited to, representatives from the Commission of Deaf, DeafBlind and Hard-of-Hearing Minnesotans, the Council on Affairs of Chicano/Latino People, the Council on Asian-Pacific Minnesotans, the council on Black Minnesotans, the Council on Disability, and the Indian Affairs Council. The committee does not expire.

(c) MS 2002 [Expired, 2002 c 354 s 1]

Subd. 4. **Hospital alcohol and drug counselors.** Effective January 1, 2007, hospitals employing alcohol and drug counselors shall be required to employ licensed alcohol and drug counselors. An alcohol or drug counselor employed by a hospital must be licensed as an alcohol and drug counselor in accordance with this chapter.

Subd. 5. **City, county, and state agency alcohol and drug counselors.** Effective January 1, 2007, city, county, and state agencies employing alcohol and drug counselors shall be required to employ licensed alcohol and drug counselors. An alcohol and drug counselor employed by a city, county, or state agency must be licensed as an alcohol and drug counselor in accordance with this chapter.

Subd. 6. **Transition period for hospital and city, county, and state agency alcohol and drug counselors.** For the period between July 1, 2003, and January 1, 2007, the board shall grant a license to an individual who is employed as an alcohol and drug counselor at a Minnesota school district or hospital, or a city, county, or state agency in Minnesota, if the individual meets the requirements in section 148C.0351 and:

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(1) was employed as an alcohol and drug counselor at a school district, a hospital, or a city, county, or state agency before August 1, 2002; has 8,000 hours of alcohol and drug counselor work experience; has satisfactorily completed 2,000 hours of supervised postdegree equivalent professional practice according to section 148C.04, subdivision 4; or has completed a written case presentation and satisfactorily passed an oral examination established by the board; and has satisfactorily passed a written examination as established by the board; or

(2) is credentialed as a board certified counselor (BCC) or board certified counselor reciprocal (BCCR) by the Minnesota Certification Board; or

(3) has 14,000 hours of supervised alcohol and drug counselor work experience as documented by the employer.

#### 148C.12 FEES.

Subdivision 1. Application fee. The application fee is \$295.

Subd. 2. **Biennial renewal fee.** The license renewal fee is \$295. If the board establishes the renewal schedule and the expiration date is less than two years, the fee must be prorated.

Subd. 3. **Temporary permit fee.** The initial fee for applicants under section 148C.04, subdivision 6, paragraph (a), is \$100. The fee for annual renewal of a temporary permit is \$150, but when the first expiration date occurs in less or more than one year, the fee must be prorated.

Subd. 5. Inactive renewal fee. The inactive renewal fee is \$150.

Subd. 6. Late fee. The late fee is 25 percent of the biennial renewal fee, the inactive renewal fee, or the annual fee for renewal of temporary practice status.

Subd. 7. Fee to renew after expiration of license. The fee for renewal of a license that has expired for less than two years is the total of the biennial renewal fee, the late fee, and a fee of \$100 for review and approval of the continuing education report.

Subd. 8. Fee for license verifications. The fee for license verification to institutions and other jurisdictions is \$25.

Subd. 9. Surcharge fee. Notwithstanding section 16A.1285, subdivision 2, a surcharge of \$99 shall be paid at the time of initial application for or renewal of an alcohol and drug counselor license until June 30, 2013.

Subd. 10. Nonrefundable fees. All fees are nonrefundable.

Subd. 11. **Penalty fees.** (a) The penalty fee for practicing alcohol and drug counseling without a current license after the credential has expired and before it is renewed is the amount of the license renewal fee for any part of the first month, plus the license renewal fee for any part of any subsequent month up to 36 months.

(b) The penalty fee for applicants who engage in the unauthorized practice of alcohol and drug counseling before being issued a license is the amount of the license application fee for any part of the first month, plus the license application fee for any part of any subsequent month up to 36 months. This paragraph does not apply to applicants not qualifying for a license who engage in the unauthorized practice of alcohol and drug counseling.

(c) The penalty fee for failing to submit a continuing education report by the due date with the correct number or type of hours in the correct time period is \$100 plus \$20 for each missing clock hour. The licensee must obtain the correct number of continuing education hours by the next reporting due date.

(d) Civil penalties and discipline incurred by licensees prior to August 1, 2005, for conduct described in paragraph (a), (b), or (c) shall be recorded as nondisciplinary penalty fees. For conduct described in paragraph (a) or (b) occurring after August 1, 2005, and exceeding 12 months, payment of a penalty fee does not preclude any disciplinary action reasonably justified by the individual case.

Subd. 12. **Sponsor application fee.** The fee for sponsor application for approval of a continuing education course is \$60.

Subd. 13. Order or stipulation fee. The fee for a copy of a board order or stipulation is \$10.

Subd. 14. Duplicate certificate fee. The fee for a duplicate certificate is \$25.

Subd. 15. Supervisor application processing fee. The fee for licensure supervisor application processing is \$30.

#### **341.21 DEFINITIONS.**

Subd. 3. **Commission.** "Commission" means the Combative Sports Commission. Subd. 4a. **Director.** "Director" means the executive director of the commission.

## 341.22 COMBATIVE SPORTS COMMISSION.

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There is hereby created the Minnesota Combative Sports Commission consisting of nine members who are citizens of this state. The members must be appointed by the governor. One member of the commission must be a retired judge of the Minnesota district court, Minnesota Court of Appeals, Minnesota Supreme Court, the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota, or the Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals, and at least four members must have knowledge of the boxing industry. At least four members must have knowledge of the mixed martial arts industry. The governor shall make serious efforts to appoint qualified women to serve on the commission. Membership terms, compensation of members, removal of members, the filling of membership vacancies, and fiscal year and reporting requirements must be as provided in sections 214.07 to 214.09. Unless otherwise provided, the provision of staff, administrative services, and office space; the review and processing of complaints; the setting of fees; and other provisions relating to commission operations are as provided in chapter 214. The purpose of the commission is to protect health, promote safety, and ensure fair events.

## 341.23 LIMITATIONS.

No member of the commission may directly or indirectly promote a contest, directly or indirectly engage in the managing of a combatant, or have an interest in any manner in the proceeds from a combative sport contest.

### **341.24 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.**

The governor may appoint, and at pleasure remove, an executive director and prescribe the powers and duties of the office. The executive director shall not be a member of the commission. The commission may employ personnel necessary to the performance of its duties.

## **341.26 MEETINGS.**

The commission shall hold a regular meeting quarterly and may hold special meetings. Except as otherwise provided in law, all meetings of the commission must be open to the public and reasonable notice of the meetings must be given under chapter 13D. If compliance with section 13D.02 is impractical, the commission may conduct a meeting of its members by telephone or other electronic means so long as the following conditions are met:

(1) all members of the commission participating in the meeting, wherever their physical location, can hear one another and can hear all discussion and testimony;

(2) members of the public present at the regular meeting location of the commission can hear clearly all discussion and testimony and all votes of members of the commission and, if needed, receive those services required by sections 15.44 and 15.441;

(3) at least one member of the commission is physically present at the regular meeting location; and

(4) all votes are conducted by roll call, so each member's vote on each issue can be identified and recorded.

Each member of the commission participating in a meeting by telephone or other electronic means is considered present at the meeting for purposes of determining a quorum and participating in all proceedings.

If a telephone or other electronic means is used to conduct a regular, special, or emergency meeting, the commission, to the extent practical, shall allow a person to monitor the meeting electronically from a remote location. The commission may require the person making such a connection to pay for documented costs that the commission incurs as a result of the additional connection.

If a telephone or other electronic means is used to conduct a regular, special, or emergency meeting, the commission shall provide notice of the regular meeting location, of the fact that some members may participate by telephone or other electronic means, and that a person may monitor the meeting electronically from a remote location. The timing and method of providing notice is governed by section 13D.04.

## APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rule: H2555-5

## 4747.0010 SCOPE.

This chapter applies to persons who either are engaged in or seek to engage in alcohol and drug counseling as defined in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148C. During the transition period, applicants who practice alcohol and drug counseling while waiting for approval of pending applications are unlicensed mental health practitioners under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148B.

### 4747.0020 PURPOSE.

This chapter contains rules for licensing and regulating alcohol and drug counselors. This chapter protects the public by setting standards of:

A. qualifications, training, and experience for those who seek to perform alcohol and drug counseling services; and

B. professional conduct for those engaged in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling.

### 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS.**

Subpart 1. Scope. The definitions in this part and Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.01, apply to this chapter.

### 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS.**

Subp. 2. Accrediting association. "Accrediting association" means an organization recognized by the board that evaluates schools and education programs of alcohol and drug counseling or is listed in Nationally Recognized Accrediting Agencies and Associations, Criteria and Procedures for Listing by the U.S. Secretary of Education and Current List (1996), which is incorporated by reference. It is available at the legislative reference library and is not subject to frequent change.

### 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS**.

Subp. 3. Alcohol and drug counselor classroom education. "Alcohol and drug counselor classroom education" means classroom education which is directly related to the core functions and is taken through an accredited school or educational program.

## 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS.**

Subp. 4. Alcohol and drug counselor continuing education activity. "Alcohol and drug counselor continuing education activity" means clock hours that meet the requirements of part 4747.1100 and are obtained by a licensee at educational programs of annual conferences, lectures, panel discussions, workshops, seminars, symposiums, employer-sponsored inservices, or courses taken through accredited schools or education programs, including home-study courses.

## 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS**.

Subp. 5. Alcohol and drug counselor training. "Alcohol and drug counselor training" means clock hours obtained by an applicant at educational programs of annual conferences, lectures, panel discussions, workshops, seminars, symposiums, employer-sponsored inservices, or courses taken through accredited schools or education programs, including home-study courses. Clock hours obtained from accredited schools or education programs must be measured pursuant to part 4747.1100, subpart 5.

## 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS.**

Subp. 7. **Applicant.** "Applicant" means a person who has applied for a license under this chapter and Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148C.

## 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS.**

Subp. 8. Board. "Board" means the Board of Behavioral Health and Therapy.

#### 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS.**

Subp. 9. Clock hour. "Clock hour" means an instructional session of 50 consecutive minutes, excluding coffee breaks, registration, meals without a speaker, and social activities.

#### **4747.0030 DEFINITIONS.**

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Subp. 10. **Credential.** "Credential" means a license, permit, certification, registration, or other evidence of qualification or authorization to engage in the practice of an occupation.

#### 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS**.

Subp. 15. **Dual relationship.** "Dual relationship" means a relationship between a licensee and a client that is:

- A. professional; and
- B. one or more of the following:
  - (1) cohabitational, familial, or supervisory; or

(2) including or having included personal involvement or financial involvement other than legitimate payment for counseling services rendered. A professional relationship between a client and a licensee continues to exist until terminated, as defined in part 4747.1400, subpart 8, item D.

#### 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS**.

Subp. 17. **Ethnic minority group.** "Ethnic minority group" means persons of African American, Asian American, Native American, or Chicano/Latino descent.

#### 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS**.

Subp. 18. **Examination.** "Examination" means the written and oral examinations required by this chapter and Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.03.

## 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS.**

Subp. 20. **Identified population group.** "Identified population group" means men, women, adolescents, elderly persons, and gay, lesbian, bisexual, and transgender persons.

### 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS.**

Subp. 21. **Inservice.** "Inservice" means an activity sponsored by a licensee's employer and presented by a staff member of the licensee's employer that takes place at the licensee's place of employment.

### 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS**.

Subp. 22. Jurisdiction. "Jurisdiction" means a state or territory of the United States.

#### 4747.0030 **DEFINITIONS**.

Subp. 24. Licensee. "Licensee" means a person who holds a valid license under this chapter.

#### **4747.0030 DEFINITIONS.**

Subp. 29. **Supervisor.** "Supervisor" means a person whose position in an alcohol and drug counseling work setting includes, but is not limited to, the following:

A. assessing the qualifications of and hiring counselors;

B. assigning job duties and training and directing counselors in the execution of responsibilities to reach work plan objectives; and

C. evaluating counselor work performance and holding periodic performance reviews.

## 4747.0040 WRITTEN AND ORAL EXAMINATION.

Subpart 1. **Examination required.** An applicant may not be licensed under this chapter unless the applicant has passed the examinations required by this part, unless the applicant is applying under part 4747.0080 or 4747.0100.

Subp. 2. **Examination eligibility.** An applicant who is denied eligibility to sit for an examination may request, in writing, that the board review the application. The board shall review the application with the advice of an independent qualified evaluator and determine the applicant's examination eligibility. The board's determination that an applicant is ineligible to sit for an examination is governed by part 4747.0500. If the board denies the applicant's eligibility, the board must provide written reasons for the denial and provide the applicant 30 days from the date of the letter informing the applicant of the denial that the applicant may provide additional information addressing the reasons for denial. If the board receives nothing within the additional

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30-day time period, the denial becomes final. If the board receives additional information, the board shall review it and make a final determination within 30 days.

## Subp. 3. Examination administration.

- A. [Repealed, L 2003 1Sp14 art 5 s 30]
- B. The applicant is responsible for:

(1) making all arrangements with the examination administrator to take both the written and oral examinations for alcohol and drug counselors; and

(2) bearing all expenses associated with taking the examinations.

C. Applicants who are members of ethnic minority groups or who have a disability may request reasonable accommodations to complete the written examination authorized in Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.03, subdivision 1, and may request that at least one of the qualified evaluators who sit on the interview panel for the oral examination authorized in Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.03, subdivision 1, be of the same ethnic minority background as the applicant. Applicants who request and who are denied reasonable accommodations under this item may request that the board review the application according to subpart 2.

Subp. 4. **Reexamination permitted.** An applicant who fails either examination may take the examinations again upon application for reexamination and payment of the required examination fee to the examination administrator. There is no limit on the number of times an applicant may take the written or oral examinations. However, if an applicant fails either the written or the oral examination three times within a two-year period, the applicant must wait 12 months before retaking an examination.

### 4747.0050 LICENSE REQUIREMENT.

Subpart 1. License required. No person, other than those individuals exempted by Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.11, shall engage in alcohol and drug counseling, advertise the performance of those services, or use a title or description denoting alcohol and drug counselor without first being licensed under this chapter and Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148C. For purposes of this chapter, an individual engages in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling if the individual performs or offers to perform alcohol and drug counseling services, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.01, subdivision 10, or if the individual is held out as able to perform those services.

Subp. 2. **Technicians in licensed programs.** This chapter does not prohibit technicians and resident managers in programs licensed by the Department of Human Services from discharging their duties as provided in chapter 9530.

Subp. 3. **Others.** A person exempt under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148C, who elects to obtain a license under this chapter is subject to this chapter and Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148C, to the same extent as other licensees.

#### 4747.0060 QUALIFICATIONS FOR LICENSURE AND GROUNDS FOR DENIAL.

Subpart 1. **Qualifications.** To qualify for licensure, an applicant must satisfy the requirements in items A to C and not be subject to denial of licensure under subpart 2, part 4747.1400, or Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.09. An applicant must comply with the general licensure procedures in part 4747.0070.

A. [Repealed, L 2003 1Sp14 art 5 s 30]

B. [Repealed, L 2003 1Sp14 art 5 s 30]

C. Beginning five years after January 27, 1998, an applicant may qualify for licensure by meeting the requirements of part 4747.0300 or 4747.1000.

D. [Repealed, L 2003 1Sp14 art 5 s 30]

Subp. 2. **Discipline in this or another jurisdiction; effect on licensing.** In addition to the grounds listed in Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.09, the board may refuse to grant a license or may impose conditions as described in Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.091, for:

A. revocation, suspension, restriction, limitation, or other disciplinary action against the applicant's credential in this or another jurisdiction;

B. failure to report to the board that charges regarding the applicant's credential have been brought in this or another jurisdiction;

C. having been refused a license or certification by this or another jurisdiction; or

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D. performing the services of an alcohol and drug counselor in an incompetent manner or in a manner which falls below the professional community's standard of care.

## Subp. 3. Board duties; responsibilities.

A. If the board finds evidence of a conviction of a crime under Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.09, subdivision 1, paragraph (7) or (8), or of any disciplinary action taken by this or another jurisdiction which is reasonably related to the practice of alcohol and drug counseling, the board may take the action specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.091.

B. In determining whether a conviction under Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.09, subdivision 1, paragraph (7), or a disciplinary order reasonably relates to alcohol and drug counseling, the board must consider:

(1) the nature and seriousness of the violation for which the applicant was convicted;

(2) the relationship of the violation or crime to the purposes of regulating alcohol and drug counselors; and

(3) the relationship of the violation or crime to the ability, capacity, and fitness required to perform the duties and discharge the responsibilities of alcohol and drug counselors.

C. An applicant who has been convicted of a crime as specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.09, subdivision 1, paragraph (7) or (8), or is the subject of a disciplinary order reasonably related to the practice of alcohol and drug counseling must not be disqualified from the practice of alcohol and drug counseling if the applicant can show competent evidence of sufficient rehabilitation and present fitness to perform the duties of alcohol and drug counselors. In making this determination, the board must consider the following evidence:

(1) a copy of the local, state, or federal release order;

(2) evidence showing that at least one year has elapsed from any official custody status, including probation or parole, and from any local, state, or federal correctional institution without subsequent conviction of a crime, or a copy of the relevant Department of Corrections discharge order or other documents showing completion of probation or parole supervision;

(3) the nature and seriousness of the conduct or crime for which convicted;

(4) all circumstances relative to the conduct or crime, including mitigating circumstances or social conditions surrounding the commission of the conduct or crime;

(5) the age of the person at the time the conduct or crime was committed;

(6) the length of time elapsed since the conduct or crime was committed; and

(7) all other competent evidence of rehabilitation and present fitness presented, including, but not limited to, letters of reference by persons who have been in contact with the applicant since the applicant's release from any local, state, or federal correctional institution.

## 4747.0070 LICENSE APPLICATION PROCEDURES.

Subpart 1. When application may be submitted. A person may apply for a license only after obtaining the required supervised alcohol and drug counselor experience and completing the applicable examination, education, training, internship, and practicum requirements.

## 4747.0070 LICENSE APPLICATION PROCEDURES.

Subp. 2. **Application forms.** Unless otherwise indicated, all licensure information must be documented and submitted to the board on forms provided by the board.

## 4747.0070 LICENSE APPLICATION PROCEDURES.

Subp. 3. **Information required from all applicants.** An applicant for licensure must submit the following data:

- A. personal data, including:
  - (1) name;
  - (2) date of birth;
  - (3) social security number;

(4) business address and telephone number or home address and telephone number if the applicant conducts business out of the home;

- (5) daytime telephone number if different from the business telephone number;
- (6) name of the applicant's supervisor, manager, or employer, if any; and
- (7) criminal convictions;

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B. a list of languages in which the applicant is fluent, other than English, including sign language;

C. a statement that the applicant has read this chapter and Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148C, and agrees to abide by their provisions, and a statement that the information included in the application is true and correct to the best knowledge of the applicant;

D. a statement that the applicant, if issued a license, shall return the license directly to the board upon the revocation or suspension of the license;

E. the initial license fee required by part 4747.1600, and a statement that the applicant understands that all fees submitted in the licensure process are nonrefundable;

F. the applicant's signature and application date;

G. a listing of all credentials issued by this or any other jurisdiction. An applicant credentialed in this or another jurisdiction shall request that the appropriate governmental body in each jurisdiction in which the applicant holds a credential send documentation to the board that verifies the applicant's credential and that the credential is in good standing in that jurisdiction. The documentation must include the applicant's name, the date of issuance, a statement regarding investigations pending and disciplinary actions taken or pending against the applicant, the current status of the credential, and the terms under which the credential was issued; and

H. any other information the board considers necessary to determine whether the applicant meets the requirements for licensure specified in this chapter and Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148C.

## 4747.0070 LICENSE APPLICATION PROCEDURES.

Subp. 6. License certificate. If the board grants a license to an applicant, the board shall issue a license certificate including the licensee's name, business address, business telephone number, and the effective date and expiration date of the license.

## 4747.0200 LICENSURE FOR FIVE YEARS AFTER JANUARY 27, 1998.

Subpart 1. **Qualifications.** For five years after January 27, 1998, a person who has met the following requirements and other applicable requirements of this chapter and Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148C, shall be licensed upon documentation that the applicant has:

A. received an associate degree including 270 clock hours of alcohol and drug counselor classroom education from an accredited school or educational program. The applicant must arrange for an official copy of the transcript, including verification of the degree granted, to be sent directly to the board from the institution granting the degree;

B. successfully completed 880 clock hours of alcohol and drug counseling practicum, with a minimum of ten clock hours in each core function; and

C. verification of having passed both the written examination and oral examination according to part 4747.0040 and Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.03.

Subp. 2. **Documentation.** Before the board grants or denies a license, an applicant must document, according to part 4747.0400, that the applicant has met the requirements of subpart 1.

## 4747.0400 DOCUMENTATION AND VERIFICATION OF ALCOHOL AND DRUG COUNSELING TRAINING, EDUCATION, INTERNSHIP, PRACTICUM, AND SUPERVISED EXPERIENCE.

Subpart 1. **Documentation and verification.** Applicants must obtain documentation and verification of alcohol and drug counselor training, classroom education, internship, practicum, and supervised experience according to this chapter. Verification includes, but is not limited to, signed attestation by a supervisor or training sponsor, copies of official transcripts from accredited schools or education programs, and personnel records.

## 4747.0700 LICENSE RENEWAL.

Subpart 1. **Biennial renewal.** After the initial license term in part 4747.0600, licenses must be renewed every two years.

Subp. 2. **Renewal requirements.** To be eligible for license renewal, licensees must submit to the board:

A. a completed and signed application for license renewal, including a signed consent authorizing the board to obtain information about the applicant from third parties, including, but not limited to, employers, former employers, and law enforcement agencies;

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B. the renewal fee required under part 4747.1600; and

C. additional information as requested by the board to clarify information presented in the renewal application. The licensee must submit information within 30 days of the date of the board's request.

Subp. 3. License renewal notice. At least 60 calendar days before the renewal deadline date in subpart 4, the board shall mail a renewal notice to the licensee's last known address on file with the board. The notice must include an application for license renewal, the renewal deadline, and notice of fees required for renewal. The licensee's failure to receive notice does not relieve the licensee of the obligation to meet the renewal deadline and other requirements for license renewal.

Subp. 4. Renewal deadline and lapse of licensure. Licensees must comply with items A to C.

A. Each license certificate must state an expiration date. An application for license renewal must be received by the board or postmarked at least 30 calendar days before the expiration date. If the postmark is illegible, the application must be considered timely if received at least 21 calendar days before the expiration date.

B. An application for license renewal not received within the time required under item A must be accompanied by a late fee in addition to the renewal fee specified by part 4747.1600.

C. A licensee's license lapses if the licensee fails to submit to the board a license renewal application by the licensure expiration date. A licensee shall not engage in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling while the license is lapsed. A licensee whose license has lapsed may renew the license by complying with part 4747.0800.

Subp. 5. **Inactive license status.** Unless a complaint is pending against the licensee, a licensee whose license is in good standing may request, in writing, that the license be placed on the inactive list. If a complaint is pending against a licensee, a license may not be placed on the inactive list until action relating to the complaint is concluded. The board must receive the request for inactive status before expiration of the license. A request for inactive status received after the license expiration date must be denied. A licensee may renew a license that is inactive under this subpart by meeting the renewal requirements of part 4747.0800, subpart 2, except that payment of a late renewal fee is not required. A licensee must not practice alcohol and drug counseling while the license is inactive.

### 4747.0800 RENEWAL OF INACTIVE OR LAPSED LICENSE.

Subpart 1. **Renewal of inactive license.** A licensee whose license is inactive shall renew the inactive status by the inactive status expiration date determined by the board or the license will lapse. An application for renewal of inactive status must include evidence satisfactory to the board that the licensee has completed 40 clock hours of continuing professional education required in part 4747.1100, and be received by the board at least 30 calendar days before the expiration date. If the postmark is illegible, the application must be considered timely if received at least 21 calendar days before the expiration date. Late renewal of inactive status must be accompanied by a late fee.

Subp. 2. **Renewal of lapsed license.** A licensee whose license has lapsed for less than two years may renew the license by submitting:

A. a completed and signed license renewal application;

B. the inactive license renewal fee or the renewal fee and the late fee required under part 4747.1600; and

C. proof of having met the continuing education requirements in part 4747.1100since the individual's initial licensure or last license renewal. The license issued is then effective for the remainder of the next two-year license cycle.

Subp. 3. License renewal for two years or more after the license expiration date. A license who submitted a license renewal two years or more after the license expiration date must submit the following:

A. a completed and signed application for licensure, as required by part 4747.0070;

B. the initial license fee; and

C. verified documentation of having achieved a passing score within the past year on the examination required by part 4747.0040.

## 4747.0900 CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

A licensee who changes addresses must inform the board, in writing, within 30 days of the change of address. All notices or other correspondence mailed to or served on a licensee by the

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board at the licensee's address on file with the board must be considered as having been received by the licensee.

## 4747.1100 CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS.

Subpart 1. **General requirements.** The board shall establish a two-year continuing education reporting schedule requiring licensees to report completion of the requirements of this part. Licensees must document completion of a minimum of 40 clock hours of continuing education activities each reporting period. A licensee may be given credit only for activities that directly relate to the practice of alcohol and drug counseling, the core functions, or the rules of professional conduct in part 4747.1400. The continuing education reporting form must require reporting of the following information:

- A. the continuing education activity title;
- B. a brief description of the continuing education activity;
- C. the sponsor, presenter, or author;
- D. the location and attendance dates;
- E. the number of clock hours; and

F. a statement that the information is true and correct to the best knowledge of the licensee.

Only continuing education obtained during the previous two-year reporting period may be considered at the time of reporting. Clock hours must be earned and reported in increments of one-half clock hour with a minimum of one clock hour for each continuing education activity.

## 4747.1100 CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS.

Subp. 4. **Standards for approval.** In order to obtain clock hour credit for a continuing education activity, the activity must:

A. constitute an organized program of learning;

B. reasonably be expected to advance the knowledge and skills of the alcohol and drug counselor;

C. pertain to subjects that directly relate to the practice of alcohol and drug counseling and the core functions of an alcohol and drug counselor, or the rules of professional conduct in part 4747.1400;

D. be conducted by individuals who have education, training, and experience and are knowledgeable about the subject matter; and

E. be presented by a sponsor who has a system to verify participation and maintains attendance records for three years, unless the sponsor provides dated evidence to each participant with the number of clock hours awarded.

## 4747.1100 CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS.

Subp. 5. Activities qualifying for continuing education clock hours. The activities in items A to F qualify for continuing education clock hours and are considered approved programs for purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.05, subdivision 2, if they meet all other requirements of this part.

A. Clock hours may be earned through participation in the following:

(1) attendance at educational programs of annual conferences, lectures, panel discussions, workshops, seminars, and symposiums;

(2) successful completion of college or university courses offered by an accredited school or education program, if not being taken in order to meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 148C.04. The licensee must obtain a grade of at least a "C" or its equivalent or a pass in a pass/fail course in order to receive the following continuing education credits:

- (a) one semester credit equals 15 clock hours;
- (b) one trimester credit equals 12 clock hours; and
- (c) one quarter credit equals ten clock hours; and

(3) successful completion of home study courses offered by an accredited school or education program and that require a licensee to demonstrate knowledge following completion of the course.

B. A licensee may obtain a maximum of six clock hours in any two-year continuing education period for teaching continuing education courses that meet the requirements of this part.

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A licensee may earn a maximum of two clock hours as preparation time for each clock hour of presentation time. Clock hours may be claimed only once per course in any two-year continuing education period. The licensee shall maintain a course schedule or brochure for audit.

C. A licensee may earn a maximum of 12 clock hours per reporting period through inservices offered by an employer at the licensee's place of employment.

D. A licensee may not receive credit for taking or teaching the same continuing education course more than once in the same reporting period.

### 4747.1100 CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS.

Subp. 6. Activities not qualifying for continuing education clock hours. No approval may be given for courses not meeting the requirements of subpart 4 and that are limited to:

- A. any subject contrary to the rules of professional conduct in part 4747.1400;
- B. supervision of personnel;
- C. entertainment or recreational activities;
- D. employment orientation sessions;
- E. policy meetings;
- F. marketing;
- G. business; and
- H. training related to payment systems, including covered services, coding, and billing.

## 4747.1100 CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS.

## Subp. 7. Auditing continuing education reports.

A. The board shall audit continuing education reports based on random selection or if the board has reason to believe a report is inaccurate. A licensee shall maintain all documentation required by this part for two years after the last day of the reporting period in which the credits were earned.

B. Upon request, the licensee shall make available to the board for auditing purposes a description of the continuing education activity prepared by the presenter or sponsor that must include the course title and a description of the subject matter, date, place, number of clock hours, presenter, and sponsor. Self-study programs must be documented by materials prepared by the presenter or sponsor and must include course title, course description, name of sponsor or author, and number of hours required to complete the program. University, college, or vocational school courses must be documented by a course syllabus, listing in a course bulletin, or equivalent documentation that must include the course title; instructor's name; course dates; number of clock hours; and course content, objectives, or goals.

C. A licensee shall provide verification of attendance at continuing education activities upon request by the board. Verification must consist of a signature of the presenter, or a representative of the sponsor, a copy of the certificate of completion provided by the course sponsor, or, for completion of a course taken at an accredited school or educational program, an official copy of the transcript, or a report of clock hours attended signed by the instructor. A licensee may summarize or outline the educational content of an audio or video education activity to verify participation in the activity if a designee is not available to sign the continuing education reporting form. Independent study programs must be verified by a certificate of completion or other documentation indicating that the individual has demonstrated knowledge and has successfully completed the program.

### 4747.1100 CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS.

Subp. 8. Waiver of continuing education requirements. The board may grant a waiver of the requirements of this part if the board determines that the requirements would impose an extreme hardship on the licensee. The request for a waiver must be submitted to the board in writing, state the circumstances that constitute extreme hardship, state the period of time the licensee wishes to have the continuing education requirement waived, and state the alternative measures that will be taken if a waiver is granted. The board shall set forth, in writing, the reasons for granting or refusing to grant the waiver. Waivers granted by the board must specify in writing the time limitation and required alternative measures to be taken by the licensee.

### 4747.1100 CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS.

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Subp. 9. **Penalties for noncompliance.** The board may refuse to renew or grant or may suspend, condition, limit, or qualify the license of any person whom the board determines has failed to comply with the continuing education requirements of this part.

## 4747.1400 RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** The rules of professional conduct apply to the conduct of all licensees and applicants, including conduct during the periods of education, training, and employment required for licensure. A licensee must comply with this part notwithstanding any contrary policies of an employer or contractor.

## 4747.1400 RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

Subp. 2. **Purpose.** The rules of professional conduct constitute the standard against which professional behavior of alcohol and drug counselors is measured.

## 4747.1400 RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

Subp. 3. Violations. A violation of the rules of professional conduct constitutes unprofessional or unethical conduct and is a sufficient cause for disciplinary action or denial of licensure. Alcohol and drug counselors must not engage in any unprofessional conduct. Unprofessional conduct includes any conduct violating this chapter.

## 4747.1400 RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

Subp. 4. Integrity. An alcohol and drug counselor:

A. must be truthful in dealing with clients, students, volunteers, colleagues, and the public;

B. must not perform, nor present himself or herself as able to perform, services beyond his or her field of competence. Licensed status is not a claim, promise, or guarantee of successful service and must not be used as such. Licensed status must not be used to imply competence in other human services occupations, as defined in part 4695.0600;

C. must not permit students, volunteers, or interns under supervision to perform, or represent themselves as able to perform, services beyond the students', volunteers', or interns' skill levels;

D. must not participate in any illegal activities involving drug or alcohol use, possession, sale, or distribution;

E. must make decisions regarding the continuation or the termination of professional services to a client based upon clinical need;

F. must not give or take any commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for the referral of clients for alcohol or drug counseling services or other professional services;

G. must not advertise in a way likely to deceive or defraud the public including, but not limited to, promises of a cure, misrepresentation of professional licensure status or other credential, or the disparagement of any treatment modalities;

H. must not use a client's or former client's name, image, or statements without the written consent of the client or former client;

I. must not knowingly solicit individuals who are receiving drug or alcohol counseling services from another licensed alcohol and drug counselor;

J. must not submit false or misleading information to the board; and

K. must provide information in response to a written request by the board within 30 days of the date of the request.

## 4747.1400 RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

## Subp. 5. Relations to clients.

A. An alcohol and drug counselor's primary professional responsibility is to the welfare of the client. Alcohol and drug counselors must respect the right of a client to make decisions regarding personal relationships with family members, friends, and community and must help the client understand the consequences of those decisions.

B. Alcohol and drug counselors must have no sexual contact with clients, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 148A.01, subdivision 7. Engaging in sexual contact with a client or former client as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 148A.01; engaging in any contact that may be reasonably interpreted by a client as sexual; engaging in any verbal behavior that is seductive

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or sexually demeaning to the client; or engaging in sexual exploitation of a client or former client is prohibited. Conduct by an alcohol and drug counselor which may reasonably be interpreted by a client as sexual, and any verbal behavior which is seductive or sexually demeaning to the client, or any sexual exploitation of a client, is prohibited.

C. In the provision of services, alcohol and drug counselors must not discriminate on the basis of HIV status or any of the grounds listed in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 363. When unable to offer services, a counselor must make an appropriate referral.

D. Alcohol and drug counselors must recognize the influential position the counselor may have with respect to clients and must not exploit the trust and dependency of clients. A counselor must avoid dual relationships with clients that could impair the counselor's professional judgment or increase the risk of exploitation.

E. Alcohol and drug counselors must not use language of an abusive or obscene nature, including, but not limited to, name-calling, verbal put-downs, threats of harm, false accusations, or sexual jokes.

F. Alcohol and drug counselors must not engage in physical or any other abuse of clients, including, but not limited to, isolating clients from others without therapeutic basis, intimidation, possessiveness, or harassment of any kind.

G. Alcohol and drug counselors must accept no gifts of over \$10 in value from a client.

H. Alcohol and drug counselors must comply with all laws concerning the reporting of abuse of children under Minnesota Statutes, section 626.556, and vulnerable adults under Minnesota Statutes, section 626.557.

I. Alcohol and drug counselors must maintain all client information as private during the professional relationship and after the relationship has terminated.

## 4747.1400 RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

Subp. 6. **Relations to students and interns.** Alcohol and drug counselors must not use or exploit their professional relationships with students, interns, volunteers, trainees, employees, independent contractors, colleagues, research subjects, or actual or potential witnesses or complainants in disciplinary proceedings in any manner through sexual or other harassment, or therapeutic deception for the counselor's emotional, financial, personal, political, religious, or sexual advantage or benefit. Alcohol and drug counselors must not engage in sexual contact, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 148A.01, with students, interns, or volunteers whom the counselor is directly supervising.

#### 4747.1400 RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

Subp. 7. Client privacy and confidentiality. Applicants and licensees not subject to item A are governed by items B, C, and D.

A. Confidentiality and disclosure of client records must be governed by all applicable laws, including, but not limited to Minnesota Statutes, chapters 13 and 148C, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, parts 2.1 to 2.67.

B. Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, parts 2.1 to 2.67, is incorporated by reference and applies to licensees who do not maintain client records in connection with the performance of any federally assisted alcohol and drug abuse program.

C. An alcohol and drug counselor must inform a client that self-disclosure in group therapy may result in a loss of confidentiality and client privacy.

D. Licensees governed by item B must, in addition to providing the notice required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, part 2.22, make disclosure of items mandated to be reported under Minnesota Statutes, section 626.557, to authorized report receivers without client consent.

## 4747.1400 RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

### Subp. 8. Client welfare.

A. Clients have the right and the counselor has an obligation to provide, on request, a clear explanation of the nature and purposes of the counseling procedures to be used and the results of any tests administered to the client.

B. A client whose treatment involves the use of a newly developed service, technique, or specialty must be informed of its innovative nature and of known risks associated with it.

C. Alcohol and drug counselors must conduct research activities with full respect for the rights and dignity of clients and with full concern for their welfare. Client participation in

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research is voluntary and is subject to the provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, parts 46.101-409.

D. A professional relationship between a licensee and a client terminates when the licensee or the client formally notifies the other verbally or in writing, or two years after the last contact in an alcohol and drug counseling capacity between the licensee and the client.

## 4747.1400 RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

Subp. 10. Impaired objectivity or effectiveness.

A. An alcohol and drug counselor must make an appropriate referral for a client or potential client if the counselor's objectivity or effectiveness is impaired.

B. An alcohol and drug counselor's objectivity or effectiveness is impaired if the counselor:

(1) has a dual relationship with a client;

(2) is dysfunctional as a result of a severe physical or mental health problem, including the abuse of drugs or alcohol;

(3) exploits or has exploited the professional relationship for the counselor's emotional, financial, sexual, or personal advantage or benefit; or

(4) holds convictions that interfere with the professional relationship.

C. An alcohol and drug counselor must not practice while under the influence of alcohol or other controlled substances not prescribed by a physician. An alcohol and drug counselor must not use or possess controlled substances as defined by Minnesota Statutes, chapter 152, unless prescribed by, and used in accordance with the direction of, a practitioner, as defined by Minnesota Statutes, section 151.01, subdivision 23.

## 4747.1400 RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

Subp. 11. **Public statements.** Public statements made by an alcohol and drug counselor must not directly or by implication contain any false or misleading representations about professional qualifications such as education, experience, the license, affiliations, purposes, or characteristics of institutions and organizations with which the counselor is associated, or any other aspect of the professional services provided by the counselor.

## 4747.1400 RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

### Subp. 12. Fees and statements.

A. An alcohol and drug counselor must disclose the cost of services provided and must clearly explain financial matters to clients. Arrangements for fees and payments must be made at the beginning of the counseling relationship. Bartering for services is prohibited.

B. If alcohol and drug counseling services are requested or paid for by one person or agency on behalf of a client, the counselor must inform both parties that any information gained by the counselor in the course of rendering services to the client may not be disclosed to any third party, including the person or agency paying for the services without the informed, written consent of the client.

C. An alcohol and drug counselor must not aid or abet an unlicensed individual engaged in the practice of alcohol and drug counseling. An alcohol and drug counselor who supervises an individual engaged in supervised alcohol and drug counselor experience, an alcohol and drug counselor practicum, or an alcohol and drug counselor internship is not in violation of this part.

## 4747.1400 RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.

Subp. 13. **Violation of law.** An alcohol and drug counselor must not violate any law in which the facts giving rise to the violation involve the provision of alcohol and drug counseling services. In determining whether a violation involves the provision of alcohol and drug counseling services, the board must consider:

A. the nature of the violation the alcohol and drug counselor is alleged to have committed;

B. the relationship of the alleged violation to the purposes of regulating the practice of alcohol and drug counseling; and

C. the relationship of the violation to the ability, capacity, or integrity of the alcohol and drug counselor in rendering alcohol and drug counseling services. In any proceeding alleging a violation of this chapter, the proof of a conviction of a crime shall constitute proof of the factual elements necessarily underlying that conviction.

## APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rule: H2555-5

## 4747.1500 CLIENT BILL OF RIGHTS.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** The client bill of rights must be in writing, must include the information in items A to C, and must be provided to a client once upon intake prior to a client receiving alcohol and drug counseling services from a licensee. In addition, a client must receive the information in item A from each counselor worked with at the time the counselor begins working with the client. A copy of the client bill of rights must also be posted in a prominent location in the office of the counselor. Reasonable accommodations must be made for those clients who cannot read or who have communication impairments and those who do not read or speak English.

A. Personal information about the counselor, including:

(1) the name, title, business address, license number, and telephone number; and

(2) the name, business address, and telephone number of the counselor's supervisor, if any.

B. A list of specific rights a client has while in treatment, including the following statements:

(1) the counselor's fees per unit of service, the counselor's method of billing, the names of any insurance companies that have agreed to reimburse the counselor, or health maintenance organizations with whom the counselor contracts to provide service, whether the counselor accepts Medicare or reimbursement from the consolidated chemical dependency treatment fund, and whether the counselor is willing to accept partial payment, or to waive payment, and in what circumstances;

(2) a brief summary, in plain language, of the theoretical approach used by the counselor in treating clients; and

(3) a statement that other health and social services are available in the community, including where information concerning services is available.

C. The following statements:

(1) "You may obtain a copy of the rules of professional conduct from the Public Documents Division, Minnesota Department of Administration." It should include the current address and telephone number;

(2) "You have the right to report complaints to the Board of Behavioral Health and Therapy." It should include the current address and telephone number;

(3) "You have a right to reasonable notice of changes in counseling services or charges.";

(4) "You have a right to complete and current information concerning the counselor's assessment and recommended course of treatment, including the expected duration of treatment.";

(5) "You may expect courteous treatment and to be free from verbal, physical, or sexual abuse by the counselor.";

(6) "Your records and transactions with the counselor are confidential unless release of these records is authorized in writing by you, or otherwise provided by law.";

(7) "You have a right to be allowed access to records and written information from records according to Minnesota Statutes, sections 144.291 to 144.298.";

(8) "You have a right to choose freely from among available counselors, and to change counselors after services have begun, within the limits of health insurance, medical assistance, or other payment programs or agreements.";

(9) "You have a right to coordinated transfer when there will be a change in the provider of services.";

(10) "You may refuse services or treatment, unless otherwise provided by law."; and

(11) "You may assert your rights without retaliation."

Subp. 2. Acknowledgment by client. Prior to intake, the counselor must obtain a written statement signed by the client attesting that the client has received the client bill of rights. If the client refuses to sign the statement, the counselor must document that fact.

## 6310.3100 REREGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS.

Subp. 2. Fees.

A. The fee for reregistration is the current registration renewal fee.

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B. The late application fee is applicable if the licensee's registration expired within the two years preceding submission of the reregistration application unless the licensee has been licensed and is practicing nursing in another jurisdiction or country.

C. In addition to the fee in item A and when applicable the fee in item B, the penalty fee for practicing nursing without current registration is also applicable if the licensee practiced nursing in Minnesota after expiration of the licensee's registration.

D. For purposes of calculating the penalty fee for practicing nursing without current registration, the number of calendar months, or parts of months, of practice shall be calculated from the first day the licensee does not have current registration to the date of last nursing practice.

## 6310.3600 REGISTRATION FEES.

Subpart 1. Amount. The amount of fees shall be as follows:

- A. registration renewal, as set by law;
- B. late application, as set by law;
- C. replacement license, \$20;
- D. replacement registration certificate, \$5;
- E. verification of licensure status, \$20;
- F. verification of examination scores, \$20;
- G. a copy of licensure application materials, \$20;
- H. service charge for a dishonored check, \$20; and

I. penalty for practicing nursing without current registration, two times the amount of the current registration renewal fee for any part of the first calendar month, plus the current registration renewal fee for any part of any subsequent month up to 24 months. The fee shall be paid in the form of a certified check or money order.

Subp. 2. Nonrefundable. All fees are nonrefundable.

## 6310.3700 DISHONORED CHECKS.

Subpart 1. Service charge. If a licensee submits a dishonored check for any of the fees required in part 6310.3600, subpart 1, items A to G or 6316.0200, subpart 3, a service charge shall be assessed in keeping with Minnesota Statutes, section 332.50, subdivision 2.