1.1 A bill for an act

12

1.3

1.4

1.5

1.6

1.7

1.8

1.9

1.10

1.11

1.12

1.13

1.14

1.15

1.161.17

1.18

1.19

1.20

1.21

1.22

1.23

1.24

1.25

1.26

1.271.28

1.291.30

1.31

1.32

1.33

1.34

relating to education finance; providing funding for prekindergarten through grade 12 education; modifying provisions for general education, education excellence, literacy, teachers, special education, facilities, nutrition, libraries, early childhood, community education, and state agencies; making forecast adjustments; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 119A.52; 120A.20, subdivision 1; 120B.11, subdivisions 1, 2; 120B.12; 120B.122, subdivision 1; 121A.19; 121A.41, subdivision 7; 121A.582, subdivision 1; 122A.092, subdivision 5; 122A.183, subdivision 1; 122A.184, subdivision 1; 122A.185, subdivision 1; 122A.187, subdivision 5; 122A.31, subdivision 1; 122A.40, subdivisions 3, 5; 122A.41, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 122A.415, subdivision 4; 122A.59; 122A.635; 122A.70; 122A.73, subdivisions 2, 3; 123B.147, subdivision 3; 123B.595, subdivision 3; 123B.92, subdivision 1; 124D.095, subdivisions 2, 7, 8; 124D.1158, as amended; 124D.128, subdivision 2; 124D.13, by adding a subdivision; 124D.151, subdivision 6; 124D.165, subdivisions 2, 3; 124D.20, subdivisions 3, 5; 124D.2211; 124D.231; 124D.42, subdivision 8; 124D.531, subdivisions 1, 4; 124D.55; 124D.56; 124D.59, subdivision 2; 124D.65, subdivision 5; 124D.68, subdivision 2; 124D.74, subdivision 3; 124D.81; 124D.98, by adding a subdivision; 124D.99, subdivisions 2, 3, 5; 125A.03; 125A.08; 125A.71, subdivision 1; 125A.76, subdivision 2e; 126C.05, subdivisions 1, 19; 126C.10, subdivisions 2, 2d, 2e, 4, 13, 13a, 14; 126C.12, by adding a subdivision; 126C.15, subdivision 2; 126C.17, by adding a subdivision; 126C.40, subdivisions 1, 6; 126C.43, subdivision 2; 134.355, subdivisions 1, 5, 6, 7; 256B.0625, subdivision 26; 268.085, subdivision 7; Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 1, sections 9; 10, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9; article 2, section 4, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 12, 27; article 3, section 7, subdivision 7; article 5, section 3, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; article 7, section 2, subdivisions 2, 3; article 8, section 3, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; article 9, section 4, subdivisions 5, 6, 12; article 10, section 1, subdivisions 2, 8; article 11, section 4, subdivision 2; Laws 2023, chapter 18, section 4, subdivisions 2, 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 120B; 121A; 122A; 124D; 125A; 126C; 127A; 134; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 122A.06, subdivision 4; 268.085, subdivision 8; Laws 2023, chapter 18, section 4, subdivision 5.

2.1

# BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

2.2	ARTICLE 1
2.3	GENERAL EDUCATION
2.4	Section 1. [121A.212] ACCESS TO MENSTRUAL PRODUCTS.
2.5	A school district or charter school must provide students access to menstrual products
2.6	at no charge. The products must be available to all menstruating students in restrooms
2.7	regularly used by students in grades 4 to 12 according to a plan developed by the school
2.8	district. For purposes of this section, "menstrual products" means pads, tampons, or other
2.9	similar products used in connection with the menstrual cycle.
2.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.
2.11	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.095, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
2.12	Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings
2.13	given them.
2.14	(a) "Digital learning" is means learning facilitated by technology that offers students an
2.15	element of control over the time, place, path, or pace of their learning and includes blended
2.16	and online learning.
2.17	(b) "Blended learning" is means a form of digital learning that occurs when a student
2.18	learns part time in a supervised physical setting and part time through digital delivery of
2.19	instruction, or a student learns in a supervised physical setting where technology is used as
2.20	a primary method to deliver instruction.
2.21	(c) "Online learning" is means a form of digital learning delivered by an approved online
2.22	learning provider under paragraph (d).
2.23	(d) "Online learning provider" is means a school district, an intermediate school district,
2.24	an organization of two or more school districts operating under a joint powers agreement,
2.25	or a charter school located in Minnesota that provides online learning to students and is
2.26	approved by the department to provide online learning courses.
2.27	(e) "Student" is means a Minnesota resident enrolled in a school under section 120A.22,
2.28	subdivision 4, or in a Tribal contract or grant school authorized to receive aid under section
2.29	124D.83 in kindergarten through grade 12.
2.30	(f) "Online learning student" is means a student enrolled in an online learning course or
2.31	program delivered by an online learning provider under paragraph (d).

3.3

3.4

3.5

3.6

3.7

3.8

3.9

3.10

3.11

3.12

3.13

3.15

3.16

3.17

3.18

3.19

3.20

3.21

3.22

3.23

3.24

3.25

3.26

3.27

3.28

3.29

- (h) "Supplemental online learning" means an online learning course taken in place of a course period at a local district school.
- (i) "Full-time online learning provider" means an enrolling school authorized by the department to deliver comprehensive public education at any or all of the elementary, middle, or high school levels.
- (j) "Online learning course syllabus" is means a written document that an online learning provider transmits to the enrolling district using a format prescribed by the commissioner to identify the state academic standards embedded in an online course, the course content outline, required course assessments, expectations for actual teacher contact time and other student-to-teacher communications, and the academic support available to the online learning student.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.095, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 3.14
  - Subd. 8. Financial arrangements. (a) For a student enrolled in an online learning course, the department must calculate average daily membership and make payments according to this subdivision.
  - (b) The initial online learning average daily membership equals 1/12 for each semester course or a proportionate amount for courses of different lengths. The adjusted online learning average daily membership equals the initial online learning average daily membership times .88.
  - (c) No online learning average daily membership shall be generated if: (1) the student does not complete the online learning course, or (2) the student is enrolled in online learning provided by the enrolling district.
  - (d) Online learning average daily membership under this subdivision for a student currently enrolled in a Minnesota public school or in a Tribal contract or grant school authorized to receive aid under section 124D.83 shall be used only for computing average daily membership according to section 126C.05, subdivision 19, paragraph (a), clause (2), and for computing online learning aid according to section 124D.096.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.59, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 3.30
- Subd. 2. English learner. (a) "English learner" means a pupil in kindergarten through 3.31 grade 12; an early childhood special education student under Part B, section 619 of the 3.32

4.5

4.6

4.7

4.8

4.9

4.10

4.11

4.12

4.13

4.14

4.15

4.16

4.17

4.18

4.19

4.20

4.21

4.22

4.23

4.24

4.25

4.26

4.27

1.1	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, United States Code, title 20, section 1419; or
1.2	a prekindergarten student enrolled in an approved voluntary prekindergarten program under
1.3	section 124D.151 or a school readiness plus program who meets the requirements under
1.4	subdivision 2a or the following requirements:

- (1) the pupil, as declared by a parent or guardian first learned a language other than English, comes from a home where the language usually spoken is other than English, or usually speaks a language other than English; and
- (2) the pupil is determined by a valid assessment measuring the pupil's English language proficiency and by developmentally appropriate measures, which might include observations, teacher judgment, parent recommendations, or developmentally appropriate assessment instruments, to lack the necessary English skills to participate fully in academic classes taught in English.
- (b) A pupil enrolled in a Minnesota public school in any grade 4 through 12 who in the previous school year took a commissioner-provided assessment measuring the pupil's emerging academic English, shall be counted as an English learner in calculating English learner pupil units under section 126C.05, subdivision 17, and shall generate state English learner aid under section 124D.65, subdivision 5, if the pupil scored below the state cutoff score or is otherwise counted as a nonproficient participant on the assessment measuring the pupil's emerging academic English, or, in the judgment of the pupil's classroom teachers, consistent with section 124D.61, clause (1), the pupil is unable to demonstrate academic language proficiency in English, including oral academic language, sufficient to successfully and fully participate in the general core curriculum in the regular classroom.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), a pupil in early childhood special education or prekindergarten under section 124D.151, through grade 12 shall not be counted as an English learner in calculating English learner pupil units under section 126C.05, subdivision 17, and shall not generate state English learner aid under section 124D.65, subdivision 5, if:
- 4.28 (1) the pupil is not enrolled during the current fiscal year in an educational program for English learners under sections 124D.58 to 124D.64; or 4.29
- (2) the pupil has generated seven or more years of average daily membership in Minnesota 4.30 public schools since July 1, 1996. 4.31
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later. 4.32

5.1	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.65, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
5.2	Subd. 5. School district EL revenue. (a) A district's English learner programs revenue
5.3	equals the sum of:
5.4	(1) the product of (1) \$704 times (2) (i) \$1,000 and (ii) the greater of 20 or the adjusted
5.5	average daily membership of eligible English learners enrolled in the district during the
5.6	current fiscal year:
5.7	(2) \$250 times the English learner pupil units under section 126C.05, subdivision 17;
5.8	<u>and</u>
5.9	(3) the district's English learner cross subsidy aid. A district's English learner cross
5.10	subsidy aid under paragraph (b) equals:
5.11	(i) 10.3 percent of the district's English learner cross subsidy for fiscal year 2024;
5.12	(ii) 33 percent of the district's English learner cross subsidy for fiscal year 2025; and
5.13	(iii) 64.4 percent of the district's English learner cross subsidy for fiscal year 2026 and
5.14	<u>later</u> .
5.15	(b) A district's English learner cross subsidy aid equals the greater of zero or the difference
5.16	between the district's expenditures for qualifying English learner services for the second
5.17	previous year and the district's English learner revenue for the second previous year.
5.18	(b) (c) A pupil ceases to generate state English learner aid in the school year following
5.19	the school year in which the pupil attains the state cutoff score on a commissioner-provided
5.20	assessment that measures the pupil's emerging academic English.
5.21	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
5.22	Subdivision 1. Pupil unit. Pupil units for each Minnesota resident pupil under the age
5.23	of 21 or who meets the requirements of section 120A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), in
5.24	average daily membership enrolled in the district of residence, in another district under
5.25	sections 123A.05 to 123A.08, 124D.03, 124D.08, or 124D.68; in a charter school under
5.26	chapter 124E; or for whom the resident district pays tuition under section 123A.18, 123A.22,
5.27	123A.30, 123A.32, 123A.44, 123A.488, 123B.88, subdivision 4, 124D.04, 124D.05, 125A.03
5.28	to 125A.24, 125A.51, or 125A.65, shall be counted according to this subdivision.
5.29	(a) A prekindergarten pupil with a disability who is enrolled in a program approved by
5.30	the commissioner and has an individualized education program is counted as the ratio of
5.31	the number of hours of assessment and education service to 825 times 1.0 with a minimum

5.32

average daily membership of 0.28, but not more than 1.0 pupil unit.

	ENGROSSIVENT
6.1	(b) A prekindergarten pupil who is assessed but determined not to be disabled is counted
6.2	as the ratio of the number of hours of assessment service to 825 times 1.0.
6.3	(c) A kindergarten pupil with a disability who is enrolled in a program approved by the
6.4	commissioner is counted as the ratio of the number of hours of assessment and education
6.5	services required in the fiscal year by the pupil's individualized education program to 875,
6.6	but not more than one.
6.7	(d)(c) A prekindergarten pupil who is not included in paragraph (a) or (b) and is enrolled
6.8	in an approved voluntary prekindergarten program under section 124D.151 is counted as
6.9	the ratio of the number of hours of instruction to 850 times 1.0, but not more than 0.6 pupil
6.10	units.
6.11	(e) (d) A kindergarten pupil who is not included in paragraph (e) is counted as 1.0 pupil
6.12	unit if the pupil is enrolled in a free all-day, every day kindergarten program available to
6.13	all kindergarten pupils at the pupil's school that meets the minimum hours requirement in
6.14	section 120A.41, or is counted as .55 pupil unit, if the pupil is not enrolled in a free all-day,
6.15	every day kindergarten program available to all kindergarten pupils at the pupil's school.
6.16	(f) (e) A pupil who is in any of grades 1 to 6 is counted as 1.0 pupil unit.
6.17	(g) (f) A pupil who is in any of grades 7 to 12 is counted as 1.2 pupil units.
6.18	(h) (g) A pupil who is in the postsecondary enrollment options program is counted as
6.19	1.2 pupil units.
6.20	(i) (h) For fiscal years 2018 through 2023, A prekindergarten pupil who:
6.21	(1) is not included in paragraph (a), (b), or (d) (c);
6.22	(2) is enrolled in a school readiness plus program under Laws 2017, First Special Session
6.23	chapter 5, article 8, section 9; and
6.24	(3) has one or more of the risk factors specified by the eligibility requirements for a
6.25	school readiness plus program,
6.26	is counted as the ratio of the number of hours of instruction to 850 times 1.0, but not more
6.27	than 0.6 pupil units. A pupil qualifying under this paragraph must be counted in the same
6.28	manner as a voluntary prekindergarten student for all general education and other school
6.29	funding formulas.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for fiscal year 2024 and later.

7.2

7.3

7.4

7.5

7.6

7.7

7.8

7.9

7.10

7.11

7.12

7.13

7.14

7.15

7.16

7.24

7.25

7.26

7.27

7.28

7.29

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.05, subdivision 19, is amended to read:

Subd. 19. **Online learning students.** (a) The average daily membership for a public school pupil or a pupil enrolled in a school authorized to receive Tribal contract or grant aid under section 124D.83 generating online learning average daily membership according to section 124D.095, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), equals the sum of: (1) the ratio of the sum of the number of instructional hours the pupil is enrolled in a regular classroom setting at the enrolling school to the actual number of instructional hours in the school year at the enrolling school, plus (2) .12 times the initial online learning average daily membership according to section 124D.095, subdivision 8, paragraph (b).

- (b) When the sum of the average daily membership under paragraph (a) and the adjusted online learning average daily membership under section 124D.095, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), exceeds the maximum allowed for the student under subdivision 8 or 15, as applicable, the average daily membership under paragraph (a) shall be reduced by the excess over the maximum, but shall not be reduced below .12. The adjusted online learning average daily membership according to section 124D.095, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), shall be reduced by any remaining excess over the maximum.
- 7.17 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.10, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Basic revenue.** The basic revenue for each district equals the formula allowance times the adjusted pupil units for the school year. The formula allowance for fiscal year 2021 is \$6,567. The formula allowance for fiscal year 2022 is \$6,728. The formula allowance for fiscal year 2023 and later is \$6,863. The formula allowance for fiscal year 2024 is \$7,138.

  The formula allowance for fiscal year 2025 and later is \$7,495.
- 7.23 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.10, subdivision 2e, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 2e. **Local optional revenue.** (a) For fiscal year 2021 and later, Local optional revenue for a school district equals the sum of the district's first tier local optional revenue and second tier local optional revenue. A district's first tier local optional revenue equals \$300 times the adjusted pupil units of the district for that school year. A district's second tier local optional revenue equals \$424 times the adjusted pupil units of the district for that school year.
- (b) For fiscal year 2021 and later, A district's local optional levy equals the sum of the
   first tier local optional levy and the second tier local optional levy.

8.2

8.3

8.4

8.5

8.6

8.7

8.8

8.9

8.10

8.11

8.12

8.13

8.14

8.15

8.16

8.17

8.18

8.19

8.20

8.21

8.22

8.23

8.24

(c) A district's first tier local optional levy equals the district's first tier local optional
revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's referendum market value per
resident pupil unit to \$880,000.

- (d) For fiscal year 2022, a district's second tier local optional levy equals the district's second tier local optional revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's referendum market value per resident pupil unit to \$510,000. For fiscal year 2023, a district's second tier local optional levy equals the district's second tier local optional revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's referendum market value per resident pupil unit to \$548,842. For fiscal year 2024 and later, a district's second tier local optional levy equals the district's second tier local optional revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's referendum market value per resident pupil unit to \$510,000. For fiscal year 2025, a district's second tier local optional levy equals the district's second tier local optional revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's referendum market value per resident pupil unit to \$587,244. For fiscal year 2026, a district's second tier local optional levy equals the district's second tier local optional revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's referendum market value per resident pupil unit to \$578,149. For fiscal year 2027 and later, a district's second tier local optional levy equals the district's second tier local optional revenue times the lesser of one or the ratio of the district's referendum market value per resident pupil unit to \$597,109.
- (e) The local optional levy must be spread on referendum market value. A district may levy less than the permitted amount.
- (f) A district's local optional aid equals its local optional revenue minus its local optional levy. If a district's actual levy for first or second tier local optional revenue is less than its maximum levy limit for that tier, its aid must be proportionately reduced.
- 8.25 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.10, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 8.26 Subd. 4. **Basic skills revenue.** A school district's basic skills revenue equals the sum of:
- 8.28 (1) compensatory revenue under subdivision 3; <del>plus</del> and
- 8.29 (2) English learner revenue under section 124D.65, subdivision 5; plus
- 8.30 (3) \$250 times the English learner pupil units under section 126C.05, subdivision 17.

9.1	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.10, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
9.2	Subd. 13. Total operating capital revenue. (a) Total operating capital revenue for a
9.3	district equals the amount determined under paragraph (b) or (c), plus sum of:
9.4	(1) \$79 times the adjusted pupil units for the school year-;
9.5	(2) the product of \$109, the district's maintenance cost index, and its adjusted pupil units
9.6	for the school year plus the amount computed under paragraph (c); and
9.7	(3) \$2 times the adjusted pupil units of the school district for the school year for the
9.8	purposes of supplying menstrual products under subdivision 14, clause (26).
9.9	(b) The revenue under this subdivision must be placed in a reserved account in the
9.10	general fund and may only be used according to subdivision 14.
9.11	(b) Capital revenue for a district equals \$109 times the district's maintenance cost index
9.12	times its adjusted pupil units for the school year.
9.13	(c) The revenue under paragraph (a), clause (2), for a district that operates a program
9.14	under section 124D.128, is increased by an amount equal to \$31 times the number of adjusted
9.15	pupil units served at the site where the program is implemented.
9.16	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later.
9.17	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.10, subdivision 13a, is amended to read:
9.18	Subd. 13a. Operating capital levy. (a) To obtain operating capital revenue, a district
9.19	may levy an amount not more than the product of its operating capital revenue computed
9.20	under subdivision 13, paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), for the fiscal year times the lesser
9.21	of one or the ratio of its adjusted net tax capacity per adjusted pupil unit to the operating
9.22	capital equalizing factor.
9.23	(b) The operating capital equalizing factor equals \$23,902 for fiscal year 2020, \$23,885
9.24	for fiscal year 2021, and \$22,912 for fiscal year 2022 and later years 2023 and 2024, \$23,683
9.25	for fiscal year 2025, \$23,490 for fiscal year 2026, and \$23,499 for fiscal year 2027 and
9.26	<u>later</u> .
9.27	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later.
9.28	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.10, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
9.29	Subd. 14. Uses of total operating capital revenue. Total operating capital revenue may
9.30	be used only for the following purposes:

	ENGROSSWENT
10.1	(1) to acquire land for school purposes;
10.2	(2) to acquire or construct buildings for school purposes;
10.3	(3) to rent or lease buildings, including the costs of building repair or improvement that
10.4	are part of a lease agreement;
10.5	(4) to improve and repair school sites and buildings, and equip or reequip school buildings
10.6	with permanent attached fixtures, including library media centers;
10.7	(5) for a surplus school building that is used substantially for a public nonschool purpose;
10.8	(6) to eliminate barriers or increase access to school buildings by individuals with a
10.9	disability;
10.10	(7) to bring school buildings into compliance with the State Fire Code adopted according
10.11	to chapter 299F;
10.12	(8) to remove asbestos from school buildings, encapsulate asbestos, or make
10.13	asbestos-related repairs;
10.14	(9) to clean up and dispose of polychlorinated biphenyls found in school buildings;
10.15	(10) to clean up, remove, dispose of, and make repairs related to storing heating fuel or
10.16	transportation fuels such as alcohol, gasoline, fuel oil, and special fuel, as defined in section
10.17	296A.01;
10.18	(11) for energy audits for school buildings and to modify buildings if the audit indicates
10.19	the cost of the modification can be recovered within ten years;
10.20	(12) to improve buildings that are leased according to section 123B.51, subdivision 4;
10.21	(13) to pay special assessments levied against school property but not to pay assessments
10.22	for service charges;
10.23	(14) to pay principal and interest on state loans for energy conservation according to
10.24	section 216C.37 or loans made under the Douglas J. Johnson Economic Protection Trust
10.25	Fund Act according to sections 298.292 to <del>298.298</del> <u>298.297</u> ;
10.26	(15) to purchase or lease interactive telecommunications equipment;
10.27	(16) by board resolution, to transfer money into the debt redemption fund to: (i) pay the
10.28	amounts needed to meet, when due, principal and interest payments on certain obligations
10.29	issued according to chapter 475; or (ii) pay principal and interest on debt service loans or

10.30

capital loans according to section 126C.70;

11.1	(17) to pay operating capital-related assessments of any entity formed under a cooperative
11.2	agreement between two or more districts;
11.3	(18) to purchase or lease computers and related hardware, software, and annual licensing
11.4	fees, copying machines, telecommunications equipment, and other noninstructional
11.5	equipment;
11.6	(19) to purchase or lease assistive technology or equipment for instructional programs;
11.7	(20) to purchase textbooks as defined in section 123B.41, subdivision 2;
11.8	(21) to purchase new and replacement library media resources or technology;
11.9	(22) to lease or purchase vehicles;
11.10	(23) to purchase or lease telecommunications equipment, computers, and related
11.11	equipment for integrated information management systems for:
11.12	(i) managing and reporting learner outcome information for all students under a
11.13	results-oriented graduation rule;
11.14	(ii) managing student assessment, services, and achievement information required for
11.15	students with individualized education programs; and
11.16	(iii) other classroom information management needs;
11.17	(24) to pay personnel costs directly related to the acquisition, operation, and maintenance
11.18	of telecommunications systems, computers, related equipment, and network and applications
11.19	software; <del>and</del>
11.20	(25) to pay the costs directly associated with closing a school facility, including moving
11.21	and storage costs; and
11.22	(26) to pay the costs of supplies and equipment necessary to provide access to menstrual
11.23	products at no charge to students in restrooms and as otherwise needed in school facilities.
11.24	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.12, is amended by adding a subdivision
11.25	to read:
11.26	Subd. 7. <b>Reporting.</b> A school district must annually report the district's class size ratios
11.27	by each grade to the commissioner of education in the form and manner specified by the
11.28	commissioner. The department must annually submit a report beginning December 1, 2024,
11.29	to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction
11.30	over kindergarten through grade 12 education detailing the statewide ratios by grade starting
11 31	with the 2023-2024 school year

12.1 Sec. 15. [126C.127] GENERAL EDUCATION DISPARITY	ΑI	D
--	----	---

12.2	(a) A school district's general education disparity aid allowance equals 0.37 times the
12.3	greater of:

- (1) zero; or 12.4
- (2) the difference between: 12.5
- (i) the amount of general education revenue per adjusted pupil unit under section 126C.10 12.6 for the district at or immediately below the 20th percentile of districts; and 12.7
- (ii) the amount of general education revenue per adjusted pupil unit under section 126C.10 12.8 for the district. 12.9
- (b) For fiscal year 2024 and later, a district's general education disparity aid equals its 12.10 general education disparity aid allowance times the adjusted pupil units. 12.11
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2024 and later. 12.12
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 12.13
- 12.14 Subd. 2. **Building allocation.** (a) A district or cooperative must allocate at least 80 percent of its compensatory revenue to each school building in the district or cooperative 12.15 where the children who have generated the revenue are served unless the school district or 12.16 cooperative has received permission under Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 5, 12.17 article 1, section 50, to allocate compensatory revenue according to student performance 12.18 measures developed by the school board. 12.19
  - (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), A district or cooperative may allocate up to 50 no more than 20 percent of the amount of compensatory revenue that the district receives to school sites according to a plan adopted by the school board. The money reallocated under this paragraph must be spent for the purposes listed in subdivision 1, but may be spent on students in any grade, including students attending school readiness or other prekindergarten programs.
- (c) For the purposes of this section and section 126C.05, subdivision 3, "building" means 12.26 education site as defined in section 123B.04, subdivision 1. 12.27
- 12.28 (d) Notwithstanding section 123A.26, subdivision 1, compensatory revenue generated by students served at a cooperative unit shall be paid to the cooperative unit. 12.29
- 12.30 (e) A district or cooperative with school building openings, school building closings, changes in attendance area boundaries, or other changes in programs or student demographics 12.31

12.20

12.21

12.22

12.23

12.24

12.25

13.1	between the prior year and the current year may reallocate compensatory revenue among
13.2	sites to reflect these changes. A district or cooperative must report to the department any
13.3	adjustments it makes according to this paragraph and the department must use the adjusted
13.4	compensatory revenue allocations in preparing the report required under section 123B.76,
13.5	subdivision 3, paragraph (c).
13.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later.
13.7	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.17, is amended by adding a subdivision
13.8	to read:
13.9	Subd. 9b. Renewal by school board. (a) Notwithstanding the election requirements of
13.10	subdivision 9, a school board may renew an expiring referendum by board action if:
13.11	(1) the per-pupil amount of the referendum is the same as the amount expiring, or for
13.12	an expiring referendum that was adjusted annually by the rate of inflation, the same as the
13.13	per-pupil amount of the expiring referendum, adjusted annually for inflation in the same
13.14	manner as if the expiring referendum had continued;
13.15	(2) the term of the renewed referendum is no longer than the initial term approved by
13.16	the voters;
13.17	(3) the school board, having taken a recorded vote, has adopted a written resolution
13.18	authorizing the renewal after holding a meeting and allowing public testimony on the
13.19	proposed renewal; and
13.20	(4) the expiring referendum has not been previously renewed under this subdivision.
13.21	(b) The resolution must be adopted by the school board by June 15 of any calendar year
13.22	and becomes effective 60 days after its adoption.
13.23	(c) A referendum expires in the last fiscal year in which the referendum generates revenue
13.24	for the school district. A school board may renew an expiring referendum under this
13.25	subdivision not more than two fiscal years before the referendum expires.
13.26	(d) A district renewing an expiring referendum under this subdivision must submit a
13.27	copy of the adopted resolution to the commissioner and to the county auditor no later than
13.28	September 1 of the calendar year in which the written resolution is adopted.

13.29

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

14.2

14.3

14.4

14.5

14.6

14.7

14.8

14.9

14.10

14.11

14.12

14.13

14.19

14.20

14.21

14.22

14.23

14.24

14.25

14.26

14.27

14.28

14.29

14.30

14.31

14.32

14.33

14.1 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.43, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. Payment to unemployment insurance program trust fund by state and political subdivisions. (a) A district may levy the amount necessary (1) to pay the district's obligations under section 268.052, subdivision 1, and (2) to pay for job placement services offered to employees who may become eligible for benefits pursuant to section 268.085 for the fiscal year the levy is certified. A district must not include in its levy authority under this section the costs associated with school employees under section 268.085, subdivision 7, paragraph (b).
- (b) Districts with a balance remaining in their reserve for reemployment as of June 30, 2003, may not expend the reserved funds for future reemployment expenditures. Each year a levy reduction must be made to return these funds to taxpayers. The amount of the levy reduction must be equal to the lesser of: (1) the remaining reserved balance for reemployment, or (2) the amount of the district's current levy under paragraph (a).
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 268.085, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **School employees; between terms denial.** (a) Wage credits from employment with an educational institution or institutions may not be used for unemployment benefit purposes for any week during the period between two successive academic years or terms if:
  - (1) the applicant had employment for an educational institution or institutions in the prior academic year or term; and
  - (2) there is a reasonable assurance that the applicant will have employment for an educational institution or institutions in the following academic year or term.
  - This paragraph applies to a vacation period or holiday recess if the applicant was employed immediately before the vacation period or holiday recess, and there is a reasonable assurance that the applicant will be employed immediately following the vacation period or holiday recess. This paragraph also applies to the period between two regular but not successive terms if there is an agreement for that schedule between the applicant and the educational institution.
  - This paragraph does not apply if the subsequent employment is substantially less favorable than the employment of the prior academic year or term, or the employment prior to the vacation period or holiday recess.
  - (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to an applicant who, at the end of the prior academic year or term, had an agreement for a definite period of employment between academic years

15.2

15.3

15.4

15.5

15.6

15.7

15.8

15.9

15.10

15.11

15.12

15.13

15.14

15.15

15.16

15.17

15.18

15.19

15.20

15.21

15.22

15.23

15.24

15.25

15.26

15.27

15.30

15.31

15.32

15.33

15.34

or terms in other than an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity and the educational institution or institutions failed to provide that employment. any week during the period between two successive academic years or terms if an applicant worked at a public school district, charter school, the Minnesota State Academies for the Deaf and Blind, or Perpich Center for Arts Education in a capacity other than instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity.

- (c) If unemployment benefits are denied to any applicant under paragraph (a) who was employed in the prior academic year or term in other than an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity and who was not offered an opportunity to perform the employment in the following academic year or term, the applicant is entitled to retroactive unemployment benefits for each week during the period between academic years or terms that the applicant filed a timely continued request for unemployment benefits, but unemployment benefits were denied solely because of paragraph (a). Paragraph (a) applies to a vacation period or holiday recess if the applicant was employed immediately before the vacation period or holiday recess, and there is a reasonable assurance that the applicant will be employed immediately following the vacation period or holiday recess, including applicants who worked in a capacity other than instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity.
- (d) This subdivision applies to employment with an educational service agency if the applicant performed the services at an educational institution or institutions. "Educational service agency" means a governmental entity established and operated for the purpose of providing services to one or more educational institutions.
- (e) This subdivision applies to employment with Minnesota, a political subdivision, or a nonprofit organization, if the services are provided to or on behalf of an educational institution or institutions.
- (f) Paragraph (a) applies beginning the Sunday of the week that there is a reasonable assurance of employment.
- 15.28 (g) Employment and a reasonable assurance with multiple education institutions must 15.29 be aggregated for purposes of application of this subdivision.
  - (h) If all of the applicant's employment with any educational institution or institutions during the prior academic year or term consisted of on-call employment, and the applicant has a reasonable assurance of any on-call employment with any educational institution or institutions for the following academic year or term, it is not considered substantially less favorable employment.

16.3

16.4

16.5

16.1	(i) A "reasonable assurance" may be written, oral, implied, or established by custom	or
16.2	practice.	

- (j) An "educational institution" is a school, college, university, or other educational entity operated by Minnesota, a political subdivision or instrumentality thereof, or a nonprofit organization.
- (k) An "instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity" does not include 16.6 an educational assistant. 16.7
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective May 28, 2023. 16.8
- Sec. 20. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 1, section 9, is amended to 16.9 read: 16.10

### Sec. 9. ENGLISH LEARNER CROSS SUBSIDY REDUCTION AID. 16.11

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.65, English learner aid is increased 16.12 by \$2,000,000 per year for fiscal years 2022, and 2023, 2024, and 2025. The commissioner 16.13 must allocate the aid to each school district and charter school based on the school district's 16.14 or charter school's proportionate share of English learner and concentration revenue under 16.15 Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.10, subdivision 4, clauses (2) and (3), for the preceding 16.16 fiscal year. 16.17
- (b) Revenue under this section must be used and reserved as basic skills revenue 16.18 according to Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.15. 16.19
- Sec. 21. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 1, section 9, the effective 16.20 date, is amended to read: 16.21
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue in fiscal year 2022 and 16.22 16.23 expires at the end of fiscal year <del>2025</del> 2023.

### 16.24 Sec. 22. **REPORT.**

By January 15 of each year, the Department of Education, in consultation with the 16.25 Department of Employment and Economic Development, must report to the legislative 16.26 committees with jurisdiction over education about the annual reimbursable costs and the 16.27 number of hourly school workers receiving unemployment insurance benefits during the 16.28 summer term. To the extent possible, the report must categorize eligible employees by major 16.29 job class. The report must be filed according to Minnesota Statutes, section 3.195. 16.30

17.1 Sec. 23	. APPROPRIATIONS.
--------------	-------------------

Subdivision 1. **Department of Education.** The sums indicated in this section are 17.2

appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years 17.3

designated. 17.4

17.5 Subd. 2. General education aid. (a) For general education aid under Minnesota Statutes,

section 126C.13, subdivision 4: 17.6

8,079,881,000 .... 2024 17.7 \$

\$ ..... 2025 8,455,825,000 17.8

(b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$707,254,000 for 2023 and \$7,372,628,000 for 17.9

17.10 2024.

(c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$770,011,000 for 2024 and \$7,685,814,000 for 17.11

2025. 17.12

Subd. 3. Abatement aid. (a) For abatement aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.13

127A.49: 17.14

\$ 17.15 2,339,000 <u>.....</u> 2024

\$ ..... 2025 2,665,000 17.16

(b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$126,000 for 2023 and \$2,213,000 for 2024. 17.17

(c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$245,000 for 2024 and \$2,420,000 for 2025. 17.18

17.19 Subd. 4. Career and technical aid. (a) For career and technical aid under Minnesota

17.20 Statutes, section 124D.4531, subdivision 1b:

\$ 1,512,000 ..... 2024 17.21

\$ 761,000 <u>.....</u> 2025 17.22

(b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$183,000 for 2023 and \$1,329,000 for 2024. 17.23

(c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$147,000 for 2024 and \$614,000 for 2025. 17.24

Subd. 5. Consolidation transition aid. (a) For districts consolidating under Minnesota 17.25

Statutes, section 123A.485: 17.26

17.27 \$ 187,000 ..... 2024

\$ 290,000 <u>.....</u> 2025 17.28

(b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$7,000 for 2023 and \$180,000 for 2024. 17.29

17.30 (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$20,000 for 2024 and \$270,000 for 2025. HF2497 FIRST UNOFFICIAL

**ENGROSSMENT** 

Subd. 6. Enrollment options transportation. For transportation of pupils attending 18.1 postsecondary institutions under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, or for transportation 18.2 of pupils attending nonresident districts under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.03: 18.3 \$ 18,000 .... 2024 18.4 \$ <u>.....</u> 2025 18.5 19,000 Subd. 7. General education disparity aid. (a) For general education disparity aid under 18.6 Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.127: 18.7 \$ 26,811,000 <u>.....</u> 2024 18.8 <u>.....</u> <u>20</u>25 \$ 18.9 29,309,000 (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$0 for 2023 and \$26,811,000 for 2024. 18.10 (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$2,979,000 for 2024 and \$26,330,000 for 2025. 18.11 Subd. 8. Nonpublic pupil education aid. (a) For nonpublic pupil education aid under 18.12 Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.40 to 123B.43 and 123B.87: 18.13 18.14 \$ 22,354,000 <u>.....</u> 2024 \$ ..... 2025 18.15 24,121,000 (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$1,925,000 for 2023 and \$20,429,000 for 2024. 18.16 (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$2,269,000 for 2024 and \$21,852,000 for 2025. 18.17 Subd. 9. Nonpublic pupil transportation. (a) For nonpublic pupil transportation aid 18.18 under Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.92, subdivision 9: 18.19 \$ 22,248,000 ..... 2024 18.20 \$ 24,709,000 ..... 2025 18.21 18.22 (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$2,115,000 for 2023 and \$20,133,000 for 2024. (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$2,236,000 for 2024 and \$22,473,000 for 2025. 18.23 18.24 Subd. 10. One-room schoolhouse. For a grant to Independent School District No. 690, Warroad, to operate the Angle Inlet School: 18.25 18.26 \$ 65,000 ..... 2024 \$ 65,000 <u>.....</u> 2025 18.27 Subd. 11. Pregnant and parenting pupil transportation reimbursement. (a) To 18.28 reimburse districts for transporting pregnant or parenting pupils under Minnesota Statutes, 18.29 section 123B.92, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (1), item (vi): 18.30

	HF2497 FIRST U ENGROSSMENT		REVISOR	CM	UEH2497-1
19.1	<u>\$</u>	<u>55,000</u>	<u>2024</u>		
19.2	<u>\$</u>	<u>55,000</u>	<u>2025</u>		
19.3	(b) To receive	ve reimbursemen	nt, districts must apply	using the form and	manner of
19.4	application pres	scribed by the co	mmissioner. If the appr	opriation is insuffic	cient, the
19.5	commissioner r	nust prorate the a	amount paid to districts	seeking reimburse	ment.
19.6	(c) Any bala	ance in the first y	ear does not cancel but	t is available in the	second year.
19.7	Sec. 24. <u><b>REP</b></u>	EALER.			
19.8	(a) Laws 20	23, chapter 18, so	ection 4, subdivision 5,	, is repealed.	
19.9	(b) Minneso	ota Statutes 2022,	, section 268.085, subd	ivision 8, is repeale	e <u>d.</u>
19.10	EFFECTIV	/E DATE. Parag	raph (b) is effective Ma	ay 28, 2023.	
19.11			ARTICLE 2		
19.12		ED	UCATION EXCELL	ENCE	
10.10	G .: 1 [12		AND COLLADODAT		7.A
19.13	<u> </u>		AND COLLABORAT		
19.14	TANTINERSII	II S TO ADVAN	CE STUDENT SUC	LESS (COMI ASS	<u>).</u>
19.15	Beginning J	uly 1, 2023, all M	innesota school districts	s and charter schools	s must be offered
19.16	training and sup	pport in impleme	nting MTSS through th	ne Department of E	ducation
19.17	COMPASS tear	n and the Departn	ment of Education's regi	onal partners, the M	innesota Service
19.18	Cooperatives. (	COMPASS is the	state school improvem	ent model providin	g a statewide
19.19	system through	which all distric	ts and schools may reco	eive support in the	areas of literacy,
19.20	math, social-em	notional learning,	and mental health withi	in the MTSS framev	vork. The MTSS
19.21	framework is the	ne state's systemic	e, continuous school im	provement framew	ork for ensuring
19.22	positive social,	emotional, behav	vioral, developmental,	and academic outco	omes for every
19.23	student. MTSS	provides access	to layered tiers of cultu	rally and linguistic	ally responsive,
19.24	evidence-based	practices. The M	ITSS framework relies	on the understandin	g and belief that
19.25	every student ca	an learn and thriv	ve, and it engages an an	ti-bias and socially	just approach to
19.26	examining poli	cies and practices	s and ensuring equitabl	e distribution of res	sources and
19.27	opportunity. Th	e MTSS systemi	c framework requires:		
19.28	(1) a district	-wide infrastructu	are consisting of effective	ve leaders, collective	e efficacy among
19.29			ted teams, and profession		
		moor cilliale. Illik	ca teams, and profession	man rearmine man sur,	ports communous
19.30	improvement;	moor chinate, mix	ed teams, and profession	nar rearring that sup	ports continuous

20.2

20.3

20.4

20.5

20.6

20.7

20.8

20.9

20.11

20.14

20.15

20.16

20.17

20.18

20.19

20.20

20.21

20.22

20.23

20.24

20.25

20.26

20.27

20.28

20.29

20.30

20.31

20.32

20.33

(2) authentic engagement with families and communities to develop reciproc	al
relationships and build new opportunities for students together;	

- (3) multilayered tiers of culturally and linguistically responsive instruction and support that allows every student the support they need to reach meaningful and rigorous learning standards. Tiers of support include core (Tier 1), supplemental (Tier 2), and intensive (Tier 3) instruction levels;
- (4) valid and reliable assessment tools and processes to assess student and system performance and inform necessary changes; and
- (5) a data-based decision-making approach in which problems are precisely defined and analyzed, solutions address root causes, and implementation is monitored to ensure success. 20.10 The data-based problem-solving component of the MTSS framework consists of three major 20.12 subcomponents: accessible and integrated data, decision-making process, and system performance. 20.13
  - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.095, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 7. **Department of Education.** (a) The department must review and approve or disapprove online learning providers within 90 calendar days of receiving an online learning provider's completed application. The commissioner, using research-based standards of quality for online learning programs, must review all approved online learning providers on a cyclical three-year basis. Approved online learning providers annually must submit program data to, confirm statements of assurances for, and provide program updates including a current course list to the commissioner.
  - (b) The online learning courses and programs must be rigorous, aligned with state academic standards, and contribute to grade progression in a single subject. The online learning provider, other than a digital learning provider offering digital learning to its enrolled students only under subdivision 4, paragraph (d), must give the commissioner written assurance that: (1) all courses meet state academic standards; and (2) the online learning curriculum, instruction, and assessment, expectations for actual teacher-contact time or other student-to-teacher communication, and academic support meet nationally recognized professional standards and are described as such in an online learning course syllabus that meets the commissioner's requirements. Once an online learning provider is approved under this paragraph, all of its online learning course offerings are eligible for payment under this section unless a course is successfully challenged by an enrolling district or the department under paragraph (c).

21.1

21.2

21.3

21.4

21.5

21.6

21.7

21.8

21.9

21.10

21.11

21.12

- (c) An enrolling district may challenge the validity of a course offered by an online learning provider. The department must review such challenges based on the approval procedures under paragraph (b). The department may initiate its own review of the validity of an online learning course offered by an online learning provider.
  - (d) The department may collect a fee not to exceed \$250 for approving online learning providers or \$50 per course for reviewing a challenge by an enrolling district.
- (e) The department must develop, publish, and maintain a list of online learning providers that it has reviewed and approved.
- (f) The department may review a complaint about an online learning provider, or a complaint about a provider based on the provider's response to notice of a violation. If the department determines that an online learning provider violated a law or rule, the department may:
- (1) create a compliance plan for the provider; or 21.13
- (2) withhold funds from the provider under sections 124D.095, 124E.25, and 127A.42. 21.14 The department must notify an online learning provider in writing about withholding funds 21.15 and provide detailed calculations. 21.16
- (g) An online learning program fee administration account is created in the special 21.17 revenue fund. Funds retained under paragraph (d) shall be deposited in the account. Money 21.18 in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for costs associated with administering 21.19 and monitoring online and digital learning programs. 21.20
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.231, is amended to read: 21.21

#### 124D.231 FULL-SERVICE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS. 21.22

- Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the following terms have 21.23 the meanings given them. 21.24
- (a) "Community organization" means a nonprofit organization that has been in existence 21.25 for three years or more and serves persons within the community surrounding the covered 21.26 school site on education and other issues. 21.27
- (b) "Community school consortium" means a group of schools and community 21.28 organizations that propose to work together to plan and implement community school 21.29 programming. 21.30
- (c) "Community school programming" means services, activities, and opportunities 21.31 described under subdivision 2, paragraph (g) (f). 21.32

22.1	(d) "Community-wide full-service community school leadership team" means a
22.2	district-level team that is responsible for guiding the vision, policy, resource alignment,
22.3	implementation, oversight, and goal setting for community school programs within the
22.4	district. This team shall include representatives from the district, including teachers, school
22.5	leaders, students, and family members from the eligible schools; community members;
22.6	system-level partners that include representatives from government agencies, relevant
22.7	unions, and nonprofit and other community-based partners; and, if applicable, the full-service
22.8	community school initiative director.
22.9	(e) "Full-service community school initiative director" means a director responsible for
22.10	coordinating districtwide administrative and leadership assistance to community school
22.11	sites and site coordinators, including serving as chairperson for the district's community-wide
22.12	full-service community school leadership team; site coordinator support; data gathering and
22.13	evaluation; administration of partnership and data agreements, contracts, and procurement;
22.14	and grant administration.
22.15	(d) (f) "High-quality child care or early childhood education programming" means
22.16	educational programming for preschool-aged children that is grounded in research, consistent
22.17	with best practices in the field, and provided by licensed teachers.
22.18	(e) (g) "School site" means a school site at which an applicant has proposed or has been
22.19	funded to provide community school programming.
22.20	(f) (h) "Site coordinator" is an individual means a full-time staff member serving one
22.21	eligible school who is responsible for aligning the identification, implementation, and
22.22	coordination of programming with to address the needs of the school community identified
22.23	in the baseline analysis.
22.24	Subd. 2. Full-service community school program. (a) The commissioner shall provide
22.25	funding to districts and charter schools with eligible school sites to plan, implement, and
22.26	improve full-service community schools. Eligible school sites must meet one of the following
22.27	criteria:
22.28	(1) the school is on a development plan for continuous improvement under section
22.29	120B.35, subdivision 2; or
22.30	(2) the school is in a district that has an achievement and integration plan approved by
22.31	the commissioner of education under sections 124D.861 and 124D.862.
22.32	(b) An eligible school site may receive up to \$150,000 annually. Districts and charter
22.33	schools may receive up to:

23.1	(1) \$100,000 for each eligible school available for up to one year to fund planning
23.2	activities, including convening a full-service community school leadership team, facilitating
23.3	family and community stakeholder engagement, conducting a baseline analysis, and creating
23.4	a full-service community school plan. At the end of this period, the school must submit a
23.5	full-service community school plan pursuant to paragraphs (d) and (e); and
23.6	(2) \$200,000 annually for each eligible school for up to three years of implementation
23.7	of a full-service community school plan, pursuant to paragraphs (f) and (g). School sites
23.8	receiving funding under this section shall hire or contract with a partner agency to hire a
23.9	site coordinator to coordinate services at each covered school site. <u>Districts or charter schools</u>
23.10	receiving funding under this section for three or more schools shall provide or contract with
23.11	a partner agency to provide a full-service community school initiative director.
23.12	(c) Of grants awarded, implementation funding of up to \$20,000 must be available for
23.13	up to one year for planning for school sites. At the end of this period, the school must submit
23.14	a full-service community school plan, pursuant to paragraph (g). If the site decides not to
23.15	use planning funds, the plan must be submitted with the application.
23.16	(d) (c) The commissioner shall consider additional school factors when dispensing funds
23.17	including: schools with significant populations of students receiving free or reduced-price
23.18	lunches; significant homeless and highly mobile rates; and equity among urban, suburban,
23.19	and greater Minnesota schools; and demonstrated success implementing full-service
23.20	community school programming.
23.21	(e) (d) A school site must establish a <u>full-service community</u> school leadership team
23.22	responsible for developing school-specific programming goals, assessing program needs,
23.23	and overseeing the process of implementing expanded programming at each covered site.
23.24	The school leadership team shall have between at least 12 to 15 members and shall meet
23.25	the following requirements:
23.26	(1) at least 30 percent of the members are parents, guardians, or students and 30 percent
23.27	of the members are teachers at the school site and must include the school principal and
23.28	representatives from partner agencies; and
23.29	(2) the <u>full-service community</u> school leadership team must be responsible for overseeing
23.30	the baseline analyses under paragraph (f) (e) and the creation of a full-service community
23.31	school plan under paragraphs (f) and (g). A full-service community school leadership team
23.32	must meet at least quarterly and have ongoing responsibility for monitoring the development
23.33	and implementation of full-service community school operations and programming at the
23.34	school site and shall issue recommendations to schools on a regular basis and summarized

24.1	in an annual report. These reports shall also be made available to the public at the school
24.2	site and on school and district websites.
24.3	(f) (e) School sites must complete a baseline analysis prior to beginning programming
24.4	as the creation of a full-service community school plan. The analysis shall include:
24.5	(1) a baseline analysis of needs at the school site, led by the school leadership team,
24.6	which shall include including the following elements:
24.7	(i) identification of challenges facing the school;
24.8	(ii) analysis of the student body, including:
24.9	(A) number and percentage of students with disabilities and needs of these students;
24.10	(B) number and percentage of students who are English learners and the needs of these
24.11	students;
24.12	(C) number of students who are homeless or highly mobile; and
24.13	(D) number and percentage of students receiving free or reduced-price lunch and the
24.14	needs of these students; and
24.15	(E) number and percentage of students by race and ethnicity;
24.16	(iii) analysis of enrollment and retention rates for students with disabilities, English
24.17	learners, homeless and highly mobile students, and students receiving free or reduced-price
24.18	lunch;
24.19	(iv) analysis of suspension and expulsion data, including the justification for such
24.20	disciplinary actions and the degree to which particular populations, including, but not limited
24.21	to, American Indian students and students of color, students with disabilities, students who
24.22	are English learners, and students receiving free or reduced-price lunch are represented
24.23	among students subject to such actions;
24.24	(v) analysis of school achievement data disaggregated by major demographic categories,
24.25	including, but not limited to, race, ethnicity, English learner status, disability status, and
24.26	free or reduced-price lunch status;
24.27	(vi) analysis of current parent engagement strategies and their success; and
24.28	(vii) evaluation of the need for and availability of wraparound services full-service
24.29	community school activities, including, but not limited to:

25.1	(A) mechanisms for meeting students' social, emotional, and physical health needs,
25.2	which may include coordination of existing services as well as the development of new
25.3	services based on student needs; and
25.4	(B) strategies to create a safe and secure school environment and improve school climate
25.5	and discipline, such as implementing a system of positive behavioral supports, and taking
25.6	additional steps to eliminate bullying;
25.7	(A) integrated student supports that address out-of-school barriers to learning through
25.8	partnerships with social and health service agencies and providers, and may include medical,
25.9	dental, vision care, and mental health services or counselors to assist with housing,
25.10	transportation, nutrition, immigration, or criminal justice issues;
25.11	(B) expanded and enriched learning time and opportunities, including before-school,
25.12	after-school, weekend, and summer programs that provide additional academic instruction,
25.13	individualized academic support, enrichment activities, and learning opportunities that
25.14	emphasize real-world learning and community problem solving and may include art, music,
25.15	drama, creative writing, hands-on experience with engineering or science, tutoring and
25.16	homework help, or recreational programs that enhance and are consistent with the school's
25.17	curriculum;
25.18	(C) active family and community engagement that brings students' families and the
25.19	community into the school as partners in education and makes the school a neighborhood
25.20	hub, providing adults with educational opportunities that may include adult English as a
25.21	second language classes, computer skills, art, or other programs that bring community
25.22	members into the school for meetings or events; and
25.23	(D) collaborative leadership and practices that build a culture of professional learning,
25.24	collective trust, and shared responsibility and include a school-based full-service community
25.25	school leadership team, a full-service community school site coordinator, a full-service
25.26	community school initiative director, a community-wide leadership team, other leadership
25.27	or governance teams, teacher learning communities, or other staff to manage the joint work
25.28	of school and community organizations;
25.29	(2) a baseline analysis of community assets and a strategic plan for utilizing and aligning
25.30	identified assets. This analysis should include, but is not limited to, a, including
25.31	documentation of individuals in the community, faith-based organizations, community and
25.32	neighborhood associations, colleges, hospitals, libraries, businesses, and social service
25.33	agencies who that may be able to provide support and resources; and

26.1	(3) a baseline analysis of needs in the community surrounding the school, led by the
26.2	school leadership team, including, but not limited to:
26.3	(i) the need for high-quality, full-day child care and early childhood education programs;
26.4	(ii) the need for physical and mental health care services for children and adults; and
26.5	(iii) the need for job training and other adult education programming.
26.6	(g) (f) Each school site receiving funding under this section must establish develop a
26.7	full-service community school plan that utilizes and aligns district and community assets
26.8	and establishes services in at least two of the following types of programming:
26.9	(1) early childhood:
26.10	(i) early childhood education; and
26.11	(ii) child care services;
26.12	(2) academic:
26.13	(i) academic support and enrichment activities, including expanded learning time;
26.14	(ii) summer or after-school enrichment and learning experiences;
26.15	(iii) job training, internship opportunities, and career counseling services;
26.16	(iv) programs that provide assistance to students who have been chronically absent,
26.17	truant, suspended, or expelled; and
26.18	(v) specialized instructional support services;
26.19	(3) parental involvement:
26.20	(i) programs that promote parental involvement and family literacy;
26.21	(ii) parent leadership development activities that empower and strengthen families and
26.22	communities, provide volunteer opportunities, or promote inclusion in school-based
26.23	leadership teams; and
26.24	(iii) parenting education activities;
26.25	(4) mental and physical health:
26.26	(i) mentoring and other youth development programs, including peer mentoring and
26.27	conflict mediation;
26.28	(ii) juvenile crime prevention and rehabilitation programs;
26.29	(iii) home visitation services by teachers and other professionals;

(iv) developmentally appropriate physical education;

27.1

27.2	(v) nutrition services;
27.3	(vi) primary health and dental care; and
27.4	(vii) mental health counseling services;
27.5	(5) community involvement:
27.6	(i) service and service-learning opportunities;
27.7	(ii) adult education, including instruction in English as a second language; and
27.8	(iii) homeless prevention services;
27.9	(6) positive discipline practices; and
21.9	(0) positive discipline practices, and
27.10	(7) other programming designed to meet school and community needs identified in the
27.11	baseline analysis and reflected in the full-service community school plan.
27.12	(h) (g) The full-service community school leadership team at each school site must
27.13	develop a full-service community school plan detailing the steps the school leadership team
27.14	will take, including:
27.15	(1) timely establishment and consistent operation of the school leadership team;
27.16	(2) maintenance of attendance records in all programming components;
27.17	(3) maintenance of measurable data showing annual participation and the impact of
27.18	programming on the participating children and adults;
27.19	(4) documentation of meaningful and sustained collaboration between the school and
27.20	community stakeholders, including local governmental units, civic engagement organizations
27.21	businesses, and social service providers;
27.22	(5) establishment and maintenance of partnerships with institutions, such as universities
27.23	hospitals, museums, or not-for-profit community organizations to further the developmen
27.24	and implementation of community school programming;
27.25	(6) ensuring compliance with the district nondiscrimination policy; and
27.26	(7) plan for school leadership team development.
27.27	Subd. 3. Full-service community school review. (a) Every three years, A full-service
27.28	community school site must submit to the commissioner, and make available at the school
27.29	site and online, a report describing efforts to integrate community school programming at
27.30	each covered school site and the effect of the transition to a full-service community school

	ENGRUSSMEN I
28.1	on participating children and adults. This report shall include, but is not limited to, the
28.2	following:
28.3	(1) an assessment of the effectiveness of the school site in development or implementing
28.4	the community school plan;
28.5	(2) problems encountered in the design and execution of the community school plan,
28.6	including identification of any federal, state, or local statute or regulation impeding program
28.7	implementation;
28.8	(3) the operation of the school leadership team and its contribution to successful execution
28.9	of the community school plan;
28.10	(4) recommendations for improving delivery of community school programming to
28.11	students and families;
28.12	(5) the number and percentage of students receiving community school programming
28.13	who had not previously been served;
28.14	(6) the number and percentage of nonstudent community members receiving community
28.15	school programming who had not previously been served;
28.16	(7) improvement in retention among students who receive community school
28.17	programming;
28.18	(8) improvement in academic achievement among students who receive community
28.19	school programming;
28.20	(9) changes in student's readiness to enter school, active involvement in learning and in
28.21	their community, physical, social and emotional health, and student's relationship with the
28.22	school and community environment;
28.23	(10) an accounting of anticipated local budget savings, if any, resulting from the
28.24	implementation of the program;
28.25	(11) improvements to the frequency or depth of families' involvement with their children's
28.26	education;
28.27	(12) assessment of community stakeholder satisfaction;
28.28	(13) assessment of institutional partner satisfaction;
28.29	(14) the ability, or anticipated ability, of the school site and partners to continue to

28.30

28.31

provide services in the absence of future funding under this section;

(15) increases in access to services for students and their families; and.

	ENGROSSMENT
29.1	(16) the degree of increased collaboration among participating agencies and private
29.2	partners.
29.3	(b) Reports submitted under this section shall be evaluated by the commissioner with
29.4	respect to the following criteria:
29.5	(1) the effectiveness of the school or the community school consortium in implementing
29.6	the full-service community school plan, including the degree to which the school site
29.7	navigated difficulties encountered in the design and operation of the full-service community
29.8	school plan, including identification of any federal, state, or local statute or regulation
29.9	impeding program implementation;
29.10	(2) the extent to which the project has produced lessons about ways to improve delivery
29.11	of community school programming to students;
29.12	(3) the degree to which there has been an increase in the number or percentage of students
29.13	and nonstudents receiving community school programming;
29.14	(4) the degree to which there has been an improvement in retention of students and
29.14	improvement in academic achievement among students receiving community school
29.16	programming;
_,,,,	
29.17	(5) local budget savings, if any, resulting from the implementation of the program;
29.18	(6) the degree of community stakeholder and institutional partner engagement;
29.19	(7) the ability, or anticipated ability, of the school site and partners to continue to provide
29.20	services in the absence of future funding under this section;
29.21	(8) increases in access to services for students and their families; and
29.22	(9) the degree of increased collaboration among participating agencies and private
29.23	partners.
29.24	Sec. 4. [124D.475] CREDIT FOR EMPLOYMENT WITH HEALTH CARE
29.25	PROVIDERS.
29.26	Consistent with the career and technical pathways program, a student in grade 11 or 12
29.27	who is employed by an institutional long-term care or licensed assisted living facility, a
29.28	home and community-based services and supports provider, a hospital or health system
29.29	clinic, or a child care center may earn up to two elective credits each year toward graduation

29.30

29.31

29.32

under section 120B.024, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (7), at the discretion of the

enrolling school district or charter school. A student may earn one elective credit for every

350 hours worked, including hours worked during the summer. A student who is employed

30.2

30.3

30.4

30.5

30.6

30.7

30.8

30.9

30.10

30.11

30.12

30.13

30.14

30.15

30.16

30.17

30.18

30.19

30.20

30.21

30.22

30.23

30.24

30.25

30.26

30.27

30.28

30.29

30.30

30.31

CM

by an eligible employer must submit an application, in the form or manner required by the school district or charter school, for elective credit to the school district or charter school in order to receive elective credit. The school district or charter school must verify the hours worked with the employer before awarding elective credit.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2023-2024 school year and later.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.74, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Enrollment of other children; shared time enrollment. To the extent it is economically feasible that the unique educational and culturally related academic needs of American Indian people are met and American Indian student accountability factors are the same or higher than their non-American Indian peers, a district or participating school may make provision for the voluntary enrollment of non-American Indian children in the instructional components of an American Indian education program in order that they may acquire an understanding of the cultural heritage of the American Indian children for whom that particular program is designed. However, in determining eligibility to participate in a program, priority must be given to American Indian children. American Indian children and other children enrolled in an existing nonpublic school system may be enrolled on a shared time basis in American Indian education programs.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.81, is amended to read:

## 124D.81 AMERICAN INDIAN EDUCATION AID.

Subdivision 1. Procedures. A school district, charter school, cooperative unit as defined in section 123A.24, subdivision 2, or American Indian-controlled Tribal contract or grant school enrolling at least 20 American Indian students on October 1 of the previous school year and operating an American Indian education program according to section 124D.74 is eligible for American Indian education aid if it meets the requirements of this section. Programs may provide for contracts for the provision of program components by nonsectarian nonpublic, community, Tribal, charter, or alternative schools. The commissioner shall prescribe the form and manner of application for aids, and no aid shall be made for a program not complying with the requirements of sections 124D.71 to 124D.82.

Subd. 2. Plans. To qualify for receive aid, an eligible district, charter school, cooperative unit as defined in section 123A.24, subdivision 2, or Tribal contract school must develop and submit a plan for approval by the Indian education director that shall:

	E. (GROSSIME, VI
31.1	(a) Identify the measures to be used to meet the requirements of sections 124D.71 to
31.2	124D.82;
31.3	(b) Identify the activities, methods and programs to meet the identified educational needs
31.4	of the children to be enrolled in the program;
21.5	(a) Describe heavy district scale and chicatives as yyell as the chicatives of sections
31.5	(c) Describe how district goals and objectives as well as the objectives of sections 124D.71 to 124D.82 are to be achieved;
31.6	124D./1 to 124D.82 are to be achieved,
31.7	(d) Demonstrate that required and elective courses as structured do not have a
31.8	discriminatory effect within the meaning of section 124D.74, subdivision 5;
31.9	(e) Describe how each school program will be organized, staffed, coordinated, and
31.10	monitored; and
31.11	(f) Project expenditures for programs under sections 124D.71 to 124D.82.
31.12	Subd. 2a. American Indian education aid. (a) The American Indian education aid for
31.13	an eligible district, cooperative unit, or Tribal contract school equals the greater of (1) the
31.14	sum of \$20,000 \$40,000 plus the product of \$358 \$500 times the difference between the
31.15	number of American Indian students enrolled on October 1 of the previous school year and
31.16	20; or (2) if the district or school received a grant under this section for fiscal year 2015,
31.17	the amount of the grant for fiscal year 2015.
31.18	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the American Indian education aid must not exceed
31.19	the district, cooperative unit, or Tribal contract school's actual expenditure according to the
31.20	approved plan under subdivision 2, except as provided in subdivision 2b.
31.21	Subd. 2b. Carry forward of funds. Notwithstanding section 16A.28, if a school district
31.22	or Tribal contract school does not expend the full amount of its aid described in its plan and
31.23	received under this section in the designated fiscal year, the school district or Tribal contract
31.24	school may carry forward the remaining funds to the following fiscal year and is not subject
31.25	to an aid reduction only if:
31.26	(1) the district is otherwise adhering to the plan developed under subdivision 2;
31.27	(2) the American Indian education parent advisory committee for that school has approved
31.28	the carry forward; and
31.29	(3) the school district reports the reason for the carry forward and describes the district's
31.30	intended actions to ensure the funds are expended in the following fiscal year. The district
31 31	must report this information to the Department of Education in the form and manner and

31.32

according to the timelines specified by the commissioner.

32.1	Subd. 3. Additional requirements. Each district or cooperative unit receiving aid under
32.2	this section must each year conduct a count of American Indian children in the schools of
32.3	the district; test for achievement; identify the extent of other educational needs of the children
32.4	to be enrolled in the American Indian education program; and classify the American Indian
32.5	children by grade, level of educational attainment, age and achievement. Participating
32.6	schools must maintain records concerning the needs and achievements of American Indian
32.7	children served.
32.8	Subd. 4. Nondiscrimination; testing. In accordance with recognized professional
32.9	standards, all testing and evaluation materials and procedures utilized for the identification,
32.10	testing, assessment, and classification of American Indian children must be selected and
32.11	administered so as not to be racially or culturally discriminatory and must be valid for the
32.12	purpose of identifying, testing, assessing, and classifying American Indian children.
32.13	Subd. 5. Records. Participating schools and, districts, and cooperative units must keep
32.14	records and afford access to them as the commissioner finds necessary to ensure that
32.15	American Indian education programs are implemented in conformity with sections 124D.71
32.16	to 124D.82. Each school district, cooperative unit, or participating school must keep accurate,
32.17	detailed, and separate revenue and expenditure accounts for pilot American Indian education
32.18	programs funded under this section.
32.19	Subd. 6. Money from other sources. A district, cooperative unit, or participating school
32.20	providing American Indian education programs shall be eligible to receive moneys for these
32.21	programs from other government agencies and from private sources when the moneys are
32.22	available.
32.23	Subd. 7. Exceptions. Nothing in sections 124D.71 to 124D.82 shall be construed as
32.24	prohibiting a district, cooperative unit, or school from implementing an American Indian
32.25	education program which is not in compliance with sections 124D.71 to 124D.82 if the
32.26	proposal and plan for that program is not funded pursuant to this section.
32.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment for
32.28	aid for fiscal year 2024 and later.
32.29	Sec. 7. INNOVATIVE INCUBATOR SERVICE-LEARNING GRANTS.
32.30	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
32.31	the meanings given.
32.32	(b) "Eligible school" means a school district or school site operated by a school district,

32.33

charter school, or Tribal contract or grant school eligible for state aid under Minnesota

33.4

33.5

33.6

33.7

33.8

33.9

33.10

33.11

33.12

33.13

33.14

33.15

33.16

33.17

33.18

33.19

33.20

33.21

33.22

33.23

33.24

33.25

33.26

33.27

33.28

33.29

33.30

33.31

33.32

33.33

Statutes, section 124D.83, or cooperative unit under Minnesota Statutes, section 123A.24, subdivision 2.

- (c) "Eligible service-learning partnership" means a partnership that includes an eligible school and at least one community-based organization, community education program, state or federal agency, or political subdivision. An eligible service-learning partnership may include other individuals or entities, such as a postsecondary faculty member or institution, parent, other community member, local business or business organization, or local media representative. A school district member in an eligible service-learning partnership may participate in the partnership through a community education program established under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.19.
- Subd. 2. Establishment; eligibility criteria; application requirements. (a) A technical assistance and grant program is established to initiate or expand and strengthen innovative service-learning opportunities for students in kindergarten through grade 12; increase student engagement and academic achievement; help close the academic achievement gap and the community, college, and career opportunity gaps; and create a positive school climate and safer schools and communities.
- (b) At least one teacher, administrator, or program staff member and at least one service-learning specialist, service-learning coordinator, curriculum specialist, or other qualified employee employed by an eligible school and designated to develop and share expertise in implementing service-learning best practices must work with students to form a student-adult partnership. Before developing and submitting a grant application to the department, a participating student must work with at least one adult who is part of the initial partnership to identify a need or opportunity to pursue through a service-learning partnership and invite at least one partner to collaborate in developing and submitting a grant application. The fiscal agent for the grant to an eligible service-learning partnership is an eligible school that is a member of the partnership or has a program that is a member of the partnership.
- (c) An eligible service-learning partnership receiving an innovation service-learning grant must:
- (1) include at least two or more enrolled students; two or more school employees of an eligible school in accordance with paragraph (b); and an eligible community-based organization, community education program, state or federal agency, or political subdivision; and
- 33.34 (2) assist students to:

T3.101		(E) (E)
ENGE	COSSI	MENT

34.1	(i) actively participate in service-learning experiences that meet identified student and
34.2	community needs or opportunities;
34.3	(ii) operate collaboratively with service-learning partnership members;
34.4	(iii) align service-learning experiences with at least one state or local academic standard,
34.5	which may include a local career and technical education standard;
34.6	(iv) apply students' knowledge and skills in their community and help solve community
34.7	problems or address community opportunities;
34.8	(v) foster students' civic engagement; and
34.9	(vi) explore or pursue career pathways and support career and college readiness.
34.10	(d) An eligible service-learning partnership interested in receiving a grant must apply
34.11	to the commissioner of education in the form and manner determined by the commissioner.
34.12	The partnership must work with an eligible school. Consistent with this subdivision, the
34.13	application must describe the eligible service-learning partnership plan to:
34.14	(1) incorporate student-designed and student-led service-learning into the school
34.15	curriculum or specific courses or across subject areas;
34.16	(2) provide students with instruction and experiences using service-learning best practices
34.17	during the regular school day with an option to supplement their service-learning experiences
34.18	outside of the school day;
34.19	(3) align service-learning experiences with at least one state or local academic standard,
34.20	which may include a local career or technical education standard, and at least one goal of
34.21	the world's best workforce in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.11, or the
34.22	state plan submitted and approved under the most recent reauthorization of the Elementary
34.23	and Secondary Education Act;
34.24	(4) make implementing service-learning best practices an educational priority;
34.25	(5) provide student-designed, student-led service-learning experiences that help meet
34.26	community needs or develop or advance community opportunities; and
34.27	(6) identify at least one eligible school teacher, administrator, or program staff member
34.28	and at least one service-learning specialist, service-learning coordinator, curriculum specialist,
34.29	or other qualified eligible school employee designated to develop and share expertise in
34.30	implementing service-learning best practices to work with students to form a student-adult
34.31	partnership that includes at least one community-based organization, community education
34.32	program, state or federal agency, or political subdivision.

Subd. 3. **Innovation grants.** The commissioner of education must award up to 32 grants 35.1 of up to \$50,000 each to allow eligible partnerships to provide student-designed, student-led 35.2 35.3 service-learning opportunities consistent with this section. Grant awards must be equitably distributed throughout Minnesota by congressional district. The commissioner may designate 35.4 start-up or leader grant categories with differentiated maximum grant dollar amounts up to 35.5 \$50,000. A grantee designated as a leader grantee may be required to meet additional leader 35.6 grant requirements as established by the commissioner in the grant application criteria 35.7 35.8 developed by the commissioner. In order to receive a grant, a partnership must provide a 50 percent match in funds or in-kind contributions unless the commissioner waives the 35.9 match requirement for an applicant serving a high number of students whose families meet 35.10 federal poverty guidelines. A partnership grantee must allocate the grant amount according 35.11 to its grant application. The partnership must convey 50 percent of the actual grant amount 35.12 to at least one community-based organization, community education program, state or 35.13 federal agency, or political subdivision to help implement or defray the direct costs of 35.14 carrying out the service-learning strategies and activities described in the partnership's grant 35.15 application. 35.16 Subd. 4. Report. A grantee must report to the commissioner on the educational and 35.17 developmental outcomes of participating students and the eligible school's progress toward 35.18 meeting at least one goal of the world's best workforce goals in accordance with Minnesota 35.19 Statutes, section 120B.11, or the state plan submitted and approved under the most recent 35.20 reauthorization of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. A grantee must report on 35.21 the community outcomes achieved through student service-learning experiences and the 35.22 corresponding student service activities. The commissioner must submit a report on 35.23 participating student and community outcomes under this section to the legislative committees 35.24 with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education by February 15, 2025. 35.25 35.26 Sec. 8. PILOT PROGRAM TO IMPROVE EDUCATIONAL OUTCOMES AND ACCOUNTABILITY. 35.27 Subdivision 1. Establishment. The Department of Education must establish a pilot 35.28 program beginning in the 2023-2024 school year to redesign performance frameworks for 35.29 high schools to improve educational outcomes for students of color. The pilot program must 35.30 35.31 engage students, families, and community leaders in redesigning performance frameworks. The performance frameworks must support schools in continuous improvement efforts and 35.32 use data to measure performance of students beyond tests scores, graduation rates, and the 35.33

35.34

world's best workforce goals.

36.1	Subd. 2. Performance measures. For each school in the pilot program, the equity-focused
36.2	<u>framework must:</u>
36.3	(1) measure total enrollment, including the percentage of enrolled students disaggregated
36.4	by characteristics of race and ethnicity, gender, age, economic disadvantage, disability,
36.5	homelessness, home language, number of schools attended, foster-system involvement, or
36.6	other categories required by the department;
36.7	(2) describe basic needs support provided by the school to students, family members,
36.8	and community members;
36.9	(3) measure the number of students who receive support of the following types of
36.10	social-emotional and mental health support: (i) individual meetings with licensed mental
36.11	health professionals; (ii) peer support groups; (iii) referrals to community resources; and
36.12	(iv) other social-emotional and mental health services provided by the school;
36.13	(4) describe flexible, personalized, and innovative instruction provided by the school;
36.14	(5) describe culturally and real-life relevant curriculum provided by the school, including
36.15	students learning about the experiences of People of Color through a contextually accurate
36.16	history of Minnesota's Indigenous people;
36.17	(6) measure the number and percentage of students provided opportunities for student
36.18	identity development, including cultural identity;
36.19	(7) measure the number and percentage of students provided opportunities for student
36.20	career exploration and preparation;
36.21	(8) measure the number and percentage of students participating in at least one
36.22	extracurricular activity;
36.23	(9) measure the number of restorative-justice interventions and the number of referrals,
36.24	suspensions, and expulsions per school;
36.25	(10) describe family engagement practices by the school;
36.26	(11) describe community engagement practices by the school; and
36.27	(12) describe teacher and staff training about antiracism, anti-bias, or equity, and the
36.28	average weekly time provided for teacher and staff collaboration.
36.29	Subd. 3. Reports. (a) By July 1, 2024, the commissioner of education must submit a
36.30	report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
36.31	jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education detailing the effectiveness of the
36.32	first year of the pilot program and recommendations for improvement in future years.

**ENGROSSMENT** (b) By July 1, 2025, the commissioner of education must submit a report to the chairs 37.1 and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over 37.2 kindergarten through grade 12 education detailing the effectiveness of the pilot program 37.3 after two years, including details on school implementation and performance measures on 37.4 each of the criteria listed under subdivision 2. 37.5 Sec. 9. APPROPRIATIONS. 37.6 37.7 Subdivision 1. **Department of Education.** The sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years 37.8 37.9 designated. Subd. 2. Achievement and integration aid. (a) For achievement and integration aid 37.10 under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.862: 37.11 37.12 \$ 83,330,000 .... 2024 \$ ..... 2025 37.13 84,232,000 (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$8,172,000 for 2023 and \$75,158,000 for 2024. 37.14 (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$8,350,000 for 2024 and \$75,882,000 for 2025. 37.15 Subd. 3. Alliance of Chicanos, Hispanics, and Latin Americans. (a) For a grant to 37.16 the Alliance of Chicanos, Hispanics, and Latin Americans (ACHLA) for the Juntos Club 37.17 to support English language learners, low-income students, migrant students, and Latinx 37.18 37.19 students with improving English and math proficiency: 300,000 37.20 \$ .... 2024 <u>.....</u> <u>2025</u> \$ 200,000 37.21 (b) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$0. 37.22 Subd. 4. American Indian education aid. (a) For American Indian education aid under 37.23 Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.81, subdivision 2a: 37.24 \$ 17,949,000 ..... 2024 37.25 \$ 19,266,000 ..... 2025 37.26 37.27 (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$1,159,000 for 2023 and \$16,790,000 for 2024.

Article 2 Sec. 9.

37.28

37.29

37.30

(c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$1,865,000 for 2024 and \$17,401,000 for 2025.

Center, to deliver an evidence-based, research-validated program to schools:

Subd. 5. **BARR Center.** (a) For grants to the Building Assets, Reducing Risks (BARR)

38.1 <u>\$ 5,000,000 ..... 2024</u>

38.7

38.8

38.9

38.10

38.11

(b) Consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 127A.20, the BARR Center must apply for the grants in the form and manner specified by the commissioner of education. The BARR Center must deliver an evidence-based, research-validated program that provides school coaching support, professional development, and curriculum and resources over a three-year period to each qualifying school site.

- (c) The BARR Center must select at least 18 schools to participate in the program. The schools must be geographically balanced among urban, suburban, and rural schools, and serve high concentrations of students in poverty or high concentrations of underrepresented students, including students who are from Black, Indigenous, and People of Color communities.
- 38.12 (d) The grants to the BARR Center must be directed toward:
- 38.13 (1) improving student social and emotional skills and engagement in school;
- 38.14 (2) increasing opportunity and academic achievement for students of color and those experiencing poverty;
- 38.16 (3) improving teacher satisfaction and effectiveness; and
- 38.17 (4) increasing the number of students who earn a high school diploma.
- 38.18 (e) This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2026.
- Subd. 6. Charter school building lease aid. (a) For building lease aid under Minnesota

  Statutes, section 124E.22:
- \$ 94,320,000 .... 2024
- \$ 98,166,000 ..... 2025
- 38.23 (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$9,047,000 for 2023 and \$85,273,000 for 2024.
- 38.24 (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$9,474,000 for 2024 and \$88,692,000 for 2025.
- 38.25 Subd. 7. College entrance examination reimbursement. (a) To reimburse districts for
- the costs of college entrance examination fees for students who are eligible for free or
- reduced-price meals who take the ACT or SAT test under Minnesota Statutes, section
- 38.28 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph (e):
- 38.29 \$ 1,011,000 ..... 2024
- \$ 1,011,000 ..... 2025
- 38.31 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

**ENGROSSMENT** Subd. 8. **COMPASS and MTSS.** (a) To support the development and implementation 39.1 of the MTSS framework and the Collaborative Minnesota Partnerships to Advance Student 39.2 39.3 Success (COMPASS) school improvement model: 3,744,000 <u>.....</u> <u>2</u>024 \$ 39.4 \$ <u>.....</u> 2025 3,744,000 39.5 (b) Of this amount, \$2,177,000 each year is to support implementation of MTSS and 39.6 COMPASS. Funds must be used to support increased capacity at the Department of Education 39.7 and the Minnesota Service Cooperatives for implementation supports. 39.8 (c) Of this amount, \$1,567,000 each year is reserved for grants to school districts, charter 39.9 schools, and cooperative units as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 123A.24, subdivision 39.10 2, for implementation of MTSS, including: hiring local MTSS coordinators; deferring costs 39.11 for personnel to participate in cohort activities and professional learning; and piloting a 39.12 Department of Education One Plan, the consolidation of multiple reporting structures to 39.13 streamline various applications, reports, and submissions by school districts and charter 39.14 schools. Up to five percent of this amount is available for program and grant administration. 39.15 (d) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$12,201,000. 39.16 39.17 (e) Up to five percent of the funds identified for grants is available for grant administration costs. 39.18 (f) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 39.19 Subd. 9. Concurrent enrollment aid. (a) For concurrent enrollment aid under Minnesota 39.20 39.21 Statutes, section 124D.091: \$ 4,000,000 ..... 2024 39.22 \$ 4,000,000 <u>.....</u> <u>2</u>025 39.23 (b) If the appropriation is insufficient, the commissioner must proportionately reduce 39.24 the aid payment to each school district. 39.25 (c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 39.26 Subd. 10. Early childhood literacy programs. (a) For early childhood literacy programs 39.27 under Minnesota Statutes, section 119A.50, subdivision 3: 39.28

39.29 <u>\$</u> <u>7,950,000</u> <u>.....</u> <u>2024</u> 39.30 \$ 7,950,000 ..... 2025

39.31 (b) Up to \$7,950,000 each year is for leveraging federal and private funding to support

39.32 AmeriCorps members serving in the Minnesota reading corps program established by

40.30 <u>\$</u> <u>4,500,000</u> <u>.....</u> <u>2024</u> 40.31 <u>\$</u> <u>4,500,000</u> <u>.....</u> <u>2025</u>

(g) The base for fiscal year 2026 is \$0.

40.1

40.2

40.3

40.4

40.5

40.6

40.7

40.8

40.9

40.10

40.11

40.12

40.13

40.14

40.15

40.16

40.17

40.18

40.19

40.20

40.21

40.22

40.23

40.24

40.25

1.1	(b) The advanced placement program shall receive 75 percent of the appropriation each
1.2	year and the international baccalaureate program shall receive 25 percent of the appropriation
1.3	each year. The department, in consultation with representatives of the advanced placement
1.4	and international baccalaureate programs selected by the Advanced Placement Advisory
1.5	Council and International Baccalaureate Minnesota, respectively, shall determine the amounts
1.6	of the expenditures each year for examination fees and training and support programs for
1.7	each program.
1.8	(c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 1, at least \$500,000
1.9	each year is for teachers to attend subject matter summer training programs and follow-up
1.10	support workshops approved by the advanced placement or international baccalaureate
1.11	programs. The amount of the subsidy for each teacher attending an advanced placement or
1.12	international baccalaureate summer training program or workshop shall be the same. The
1.13	commissioner shall determine the payment process and the amount of the subsidy.
1.14	(d) The commissioner shall pay all examination fees for all students of low-income
1.15	families under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 3, and to the extent of
1.16	available appropriations, shall also pay examination fees for students sitting for an advanced
1.17	placement examination, international baccalaureate examination, or both.
1.18	(e) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
1.19	Subd. 13. Full-service community schools. (a) For grants to school districts and charter
1.20	schools to plan or expand the full-service community schools programs under Minnesota
1.21	Statutes, section 124D.231:
1.22	<u>\$ 14,500,000 2024</u>
1.23	<u>\$</u> <u>0</u> <u></u> <u>2025</u>
1.24	(b) Up to five percent of this appropriation is available for grant administration costs.
1.25	(c) This is a onetime appropriation and is available through June 30, 2027.
1.26	Subd. 14. Girls Taking Action grant. (a) For a grant to the Girls Taking Action program
1.27	to enable Girls Taking Action to continue to provide and expand metropolitan-area school
1.28	and community-based programs that encourage and support low-income girls of color:
1.29	<u>\$</u> <u>1,500,000</u> <u></u> <u>2024</u>
1.30	(b) Of the appropriated funds, \$1,000,000 must be used to sustain 16 current Girls Taking
1.31	Action program sites, and to expand to an additional four sites in inner-ring suburban
1.32	communities with growing ethnic diversity among students.

42.1	(c) Of the appropriated funds, \$500,000 must be used to sustain three community-based			
42.2	Girls Taking Action programs for Asian, East African, and Latina girls in Hennepin, Ramsey			
42.3	and Dakota Counties, and to expand an additional two community-based programs in these			
42.4	counties to reach Native American and African American girls.			
42.5	(d) Girls Taking Action programs supported by these funds must include programs			
42.6	focused on:			
42.7	(1) increasing academic performance, high school graduation rates, and enrollment in			
42.8	postsecondary education for girls faced with social, demographic, racial, and economic			
42.9	barriers and challenges;			
42.10	(2) increasing mentoring opportunities, literacy, career development, positive community			
42.11	engagement, and the number of qualified female employees of color in the workforce			
42.12	pipeline, particularly in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics fields;			
42.13	(3) providing coaching, mentoring, health and wellness counseling, resources to girls			
42.14	whose experience with sexual assault has negatively impacted their academics and behavior,			
42.15	and culturally sensitive therapy resources and counseling services to sexual assault victims;			
42.16	<u>and</u>			
42.17	(4) increasing financial literacy and knowledge of options for financing college or			
42.18	postsecondary education.			
42.19	(e) This is a onetime appropriation. Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is			
42.20	available in the second year.			
42.21	Subd. 15. Grants to increase science, technology, engineering, and math course			
42.22	offerings. (a) For grants to schools to encourage low-income and other underserved students			
42.23	to participate in advanced placement and international baccalaureate programs according			
42.24	to Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.132:			
42.25	<u>\$</u> <u>250,000</u> <u></u> <u>2024</u>			
42.26	<u>\$</u> <u>250,000</u> <u></u> <u>2025</u>			
42.27	(b) To the extent practicable, the commissioner must distribute grant funds equitably			
42.28	among geographic areas in the state, including schools located in greater Minnesota and in			
42.29	the seven-county metropolitan area.			
42.30	(c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.			
42.31	Subd. 16. Innovation service learning grants. (a) For innovative service-learning grants			
42.32	under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.501:			

	HF2497 FIR ENGROSSM	ST UNOFFICIAL ENT		REVISOR	СМ	UEH2497-1
43.1	<u>\$</u>	1,000,000	<u></u> 2024			
43.2	<u>\$</u>	<u>0</u>	<u></u> <u>2025</u>			
43.3	(b) Any	balance in the	first year doe	s not cancel bu	t is available in the	second year.
43.4	(c) The	base for fiscal y	ear 2026 and	l later is \$0.		
43.5	<u>Subd. 1</u> ′	7. Interdistrict	desegregation	on or integrati	on transportation	grants. For
43.6	interdistrict	desegregation	or integration	transportation	grants under Minn	esota Statutes,
43.7	section 124	D.87:				
43.8	<u>\$</u>	14,992,000	2024			
43.9	<u>\$</u>	16,609,000	<u></u> <u>2025</u>			
43.10	Subd. 18	8. <mark>Junior Achi</mark> e	evement Nor	<b>rth.</b> (a) For a gr	ant to Junior Achie	evement North to
43.11	expand acce	ess to its financi	al literacy pro	ogramming for	elementary and sec	ondary students:
43.12	<u>\$</u>	500,000	2024			
43.13	<u>\$</u>		<u></u> 2025			
43.14	(b) The	grant awarded	ander this sec	etion must be co	onsistent with the p	procedures for
43.15					utes, section 127A.	
43.16	(c) Junio	or Achievement	North must	use the grant p	roceeds to expand t	he number of
43.17	students wh	no participate in	Junior Achie	evement North's	s financial literacy	programs, career
43.18	readiness pr	rograms, and en	trepreneurshi	p programs witl	n a focus on expand	ing opportunities
43.19	for underse	rved students. 7	To the extent 1	practicable, pro	ogramming must be	provided in an
43.20	equitable m	nanner to studen	ts in greater	Minnesota.		
43.21	(d) In ad	ldition to other r	eporting requ	irements, and s	ubject to Minnesota	Statutes, section
43.22	3.195, by F	ebruary 1 of ea	ch year Junio	r Achievement	North receives an	appropriation,
43.23	Junior Achi	ievement North	must report t	to the chairs an	d ranking minority	members of the
43.24	legislative of	committees with	n jurisdiction	over education	on activities funde	ed by this
43.25	appropriation	on. The report m	ust include b	ut is not limited	to: information abo	out the operations
43.26	of Junior A	chievement Nor	th, including	its most recent	audit; a description	n of the financial
43.27	literacy, car	eer readiness, a	nd entrepren	eurship progran	ns offered during the	he year;
43.28	participatio	n and demograp	phic informat	ion about the s	tudents and schools	s served by the
43.29	program; aı	nd a description	of partnersh	ips with other f	inancial literacy or	ganizations.
43.30	(e) The	base for fiscal y	ear 2026 and	l later is \$0.		
43.31	Subd. 19	9. Literacy ince	ntive aid. (a)	For literacy inc	entive aid under Mi	innesota Statutes,
43.32	section 124	D.98:				

	HF2497 FIRS ENGROSSME	T UNOFFICIAL ENT	F	REVISOR	CM	UEH2497-1
44.1	<u>\$</u>	42,234,000	<u></u> 2024			
44.2	<u>\$</u>	42,502,000	<u></u> <u>2025</u>			
44.3	(b) The 2	2024 appropria	tion includes \$4	1,606,000 for 2	2023 and \$37,628,	000 for 2024.
44.4	(c) The 2	.025 appropria	tion includes \$4	1,180,000 for 2	2024 and \$38,322,	000 for 2025.
44.5	Subd. 20	<u>.</u> Minnesota C	Center for the B	Book program	<b>ming.</b> (a) For gra	nts to the entity
44.6	designated b	y the Library	of Congress as t	he Minnesota	Center for the Bo	ok to provide
44.7	statewide pro	ogramming rel	ated to the Min	nesota Book A	wards and for add	<u>litional</u>
44.8	programmin	g throughout t	ne state related	to the Center f	for the Book desig	nation:
44.9	<u>\$</u>	150,000	<u></u> <u>2024</u>			
44.10	<u>\$</u>	150,000	<u></u> <u>2025</u>			
44.11	(b) The b	pase for fiscal	vear 2026 and la	ater is \$0.		
44.12	Subd. 21	. Minnesota C	ouncil on Econ	omic Educatio	on. (a) For a grant	to the Minnesota
44.13	Council on I	Economic Edu	cation:			
44.14	<u>\$</u>	200,000	2024			
44.15	<u>\$</u>	200,000	<u></u> <u>2025</u>			
44.16		grant must be u	sed to:			
44.17	<u>(1) provi</u>	de professiona	l development t	o kindergarter	through grade 12	teachers
44.18	implementin	ıg state gradua	tion standards in	n learning area	s related to econo	mic education;
44.19	and					
44.20	(2) suppo	ort the direct-to	-student ancilla	ry economic a	nd personal financ	ce programs that
44.21	teachers sup	ervise and coa	ch.			
44.22	(c) By Fe	ebruary 15 of e	ach year follow	ing the receipt	of a grant, the Mi	nnesota Council
44.23	on Economic	c Education m	ist report to the	commissioner	of education the r	number and type
44.24	of in-person	and online tea	cher profession	al developmer	nt opportunities pr	ovided by the
44.25	Minnesota C	Council on Eco	nomic Educatio	on or its affilia	ted state centers. T	The report must
44.26	include a des	scription of the	content, length	n, and location	of the programs;	the number of
44.27	preservice an	nd licensed tea	chers receiving	professional d	evelopment throu	gh each of these
44.28	opportunitie	s; and summar	ies of evaluation	ns of teacher p	professional oppor	tunities.
44.29	(d) The I	Department of ]	Education must	pay the full an	nount of the grant t	o the Minnesota
44.30	Council on Economic Education by August 15 of each fiscal year for which the grant is				th the grant is	
44.31	appropriated	. The Minneson	a Council on Ec	onomic Educa	tion must submit it	s fiscal reporting

45.1

45.2

45.3

45.4

45.5

45.6

45.7

45.8

45.9

45.10

45.11

45.12

45.13

45.14

45.15

45.16

45.17

45.18

45.19

45.20

45.21

45.22

45.23

45.25

45.26

45.27

45.28

45.29

45.30

45.31

(b) Of these amounts, \$50,000 must be used to pay the costs of attendance for principals and school leaders from schools identified for intervention under the state's accountability system as implemented to comply with the federal Every Student Succeeds Act. To the extent funds are available, the Department of Education is encouraged to use up to \$200,000 of federal Title II funds to support additional participation in the Principals Academy by principals and school leaders from schools identified for intervention under the state's

accountability system as implemented to comply with the federal Every Student Succeeds 46.1 46.2 Act. (c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 46.3 Subd. 25. Museums and education centers. (a) For grants to museums and education 46.4 46.5 centers: \$ 1,241,000 .... 2024 46.6 \$ 1,241,000 ..... 2025 46.7 (b) \$500,000 each year is for the Minnesota Children's Museum. 46.8 (c) \$50,000 each year is for the Children's Museum of Rochester. 46.9 (d) \$41,000 each year is for the Minnesota Academy of Science. 46.10 (e) \$50,000 each year is for the Headwaters Science Center. 46.11 (f) \$100,000 each year is for The Bakken Museum, Minneapolis. 46.12 (g) \$50,000 each year is for The Works, Bloomington. 46.13 (h) \$50,000 each year is for the WonderTrek Children's Museum, Brainerd-Baxter. 46.14 (i) \$50,000 each year is for the Duluth Children's Museum, Duluth. 46.15 46.16 (j) \$50,000 each year is for the Otter Cove Children's Museum, Fergus Falls. (k) \$50,000 each year is for the Children's Discovery Museum, Grand Rapids. 46.17 (1) \$50,000 each year is for the Wheel and Cog Children's Museum, Hutchinson. 46.18 (m) \$50,000 each year is for the Children's Museum of Southern Minnesota, Mankato. 46.19 (n) \$50,000 each year is for the Great River Children's Museum, St. Cloud. 46.20 (o) \$50,000 each year is for the Village Children's Museum, Willmar. 46.21 (p) \$50,000 each year is for the Children's Discovery Museum, Breckenridge. 46.22 (q) A recipient of a grant under this subdivision must use the funds to encourage and 46.23 increase access for historically underserved communities. 46.24 (r) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 46.25 (s) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$1,741,000. Of this amount, \$741,000 is 46.26 46.27 for the museums and amounts indicated in paragraphs (b) to (f), and \$1,000,000 is for the museums in paragraphs (g) to (q) in the amount of \$100,000 per museum. 46.28

**ENGROSSMENT** 

Subd. 26. Native language revitalization grants to schools. (a) For grants to school 47.1 districts and charter schools to offer language instruction in Dakota and Anishinaabe 47.2 47.3 languages or another language indigenous to the United States or Canada: \$ 7,500,000 .... 2024 47.4 \$ <u>.....</u> 2025 47.5 7,500,000 (b) Grant amounts are to be determined based upon the number of schools within a 47.6 district implementing language courses. Eligible expenses include costs for teachers, program 47.7 supplies, and curricular resources. 47.8 (c) Up to five percent of the grant amount is available for grant administration and 47.9 monitoring. 47.10 (d) Up to \$300,000 each year is for administrative and programmatic capacity at the 47.11 Department of Education. 47.12 (e) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 47.13 Subd. 27. Online music instruction grant. (a) For a grant to MacPhail Center for Music 47.14 for the online music instruction program: 47.15 47.16 \$ 300,000 .... 2024 <u>.....</u> <u>2025</u> \$ 47.17 47.18 (b) The MacPhail Center for Music must use the grant funds received under this subdivision to: 47.19 47.20 (1) partner with schools and early childhood centers to provide online music instruction to students and children for the purpose of increasing student self-confidence, providing 47.21 students with a sense of community, and reducing individual stress. In applying for the 47.22 grant, MacPhail Center for Music must commit to providing at least a 30 percent match of 47.23 the funds allocated. MacPhail Center for Music must also include in the application the 47.24 measurable outcomes the applicant intends to accomplish with the grant funds; 47.25 (2) partner with schools or early childhood centers that are designated Title I schools or 47.26 centers or are located in rural Minnesota, and may use the funds in consultation with the 47.27 music or early childhood educators in each school or early childhood center to provide 47.28

47.29

47.30

47.31

47.32

individual or small group music instruction, sectional ensembles or other group music

activities, music workshops, or early childhood music activities. At least half of the online

music programs must be in partnership with schools or early childhood centers located in

rural Minnesota. MacPhail Center for Music may use the funds awarded to supplement or

- enhance an existing online music program within a school or early childhood center that
  meets the criteria described in this clause; and
- (3) contract with a third-party entity to evaluate the success of the online music program.

  The evaluation must include interviews with the music educators and students at the schools and early childhood centers where an online music program was established. The results of the evaluation must be submitted to the commissioner of education and to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over education
- (c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
- (d) The base for fiscal year 2026 is \$0.

policy and finance by December 15, 2026.

- 48.11 Subd. 28. P-TECH schools. (a) For P-TECH support grants under Minnesota Statutes,
  48.12 section 124D.093, subdivision 5:
- 48.13 <u>\$ 791,000 ..... 2024</u>
- 48.14 <u>\$</u> <u>791,000</u> <u>.....</u> <u>2025</u>
- 48.15 (b) The amounts in this subdivision are for grants, including to a public-private partnership that includes Independent School District No. 535, Rochester.
- 48.17 (c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
- Subd. 29. Pilot program to improve educational outcomes and accountability. (a)
- 48.19 For a grant to Pillsbury United Communities to collaborate with the Department of Education
- 48.20 to implement the pilot program to improve educational outcomes and accountability under
- 48.21 article 1, section 8.

48.8

- 48.22 \$ <u>150,000</u> ..... <u>2024</u>
- 48.23 \$ 150,000 ..... 2025
- 48.24 (b) Up to \$30,000 of the appropriation amount in each fiscal year may be retained to monitor and administer the program.
- 48.26 (c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
- (d) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$0.
- 48.28 Subd. 30. Recovery program grants. (a) For recovery program grants under Minnesota
- 48.29 Statutes, section 124D.695:
- 48.30 <u>\$ 750,000 ..... 2024</u>
- 48.31 <u>\$ 750,000 ..... 2025</u>

UEH2497-1

(b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 49.1 Subd. 31. Rural career and technical education consortium. (a) For rural career and 49.2 technical education consortium grants: 49.3 <u>.....</u> 2024 3,000,000 49.4 <u>\$</u> \$ 3,000,000 ..... 2025 49.5 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 49.6 Subd. 32. ServeMinnesota program. (a) For funding ServeMinnesota programs under 49.7 Minnesota Statutes, sections 124D.37 to 124D.45: 49.8 \$ 900,000 <u>.....</u> 2024 49.9 \$ ..... 2025 49.10 900,000 (b) A grantee organization may provide health and child care coverage to the dependents 49.11 of each participant enrolled in a full-time ServeMinnesota program to the extent such 49.12 coverage is not otherwise available. 49.13 (c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 49.14 Subd. 33. Starbase MN. (a) For a grant to Starbase MN for a rigorous science, 49.15 technology, engineering, and math program providing students in grades 4 through 6 with 49.16 a multisensory learning experience and a hands-on curriculum in an aerospace environment 49.17 49.18 using state-of-the-art technology: \$ 500,000 .... 2024 49.19 \$ 500,000 ..... 2025 49.20 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 49.21 Subd. 34. Statewide testing and reporting system. (a) For the statewide testing and 49.22 reporting system under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30: 49.23 \$ 49.24 10,892,000 .... 2024 <u>.....</u> <u>2</u>025 \$ 10,892,000 49.25 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 49.26 Subd. 35. **Student organizations.** (a) For student organizations: 49.27 <u>.....</u> <u>20</u>24 49.28 <u>\$</u> 868,000

\$

868,000

<u>.....</u> 2025

49.29

49.30

(b) \$53,000 each year is for student organizations serving health occupations (HOSA).

50.1	(c) \$100,000 each year is for student organizations serving trade and industry occupations
50.2	(Skills USA, secondary and postsecondary).
50.3	(d) \$104,000 each year is for student organizations serving business occupations (BPA,
50.4	secondary and postsecondary).
50.5	(e) \$234,000 each year is for student organizations serving agriculture occupations (FFA,
50.6	PAS).
50.7	(f) \$185,000 each year is for student organizations serving family and consumer science
50.8	occupations (FCCLA). Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 3505.1000, subparts 28 and
50.9	31, the student organizations serving FCCLA shall continue to serve students in grade 9
50.10	and below.
50.11	(g) \$138,000 each year is for student organizations serving marketing occupations (DECA
50.12	and DECA collegiate).
50.13	(h) \$54,000 each year is for the Minnesota Foundation for Student Organizations.
50.14	(i) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
50.15	(j) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$768,000. Of this amount:
50.16	(1) \$46,000 each year is for student organizations serving health occupations (HOSA);
50.17	(2) \$100,000 each year is for student organizations serving trade and industry occupations
50.18	(Skills USA, secondary and postsecondary);
50.19	(3) \$95,000 each year is for student organizations serving business occupations (BPA,
50.20	secondary and postsecondary);
50.21	(4) \$193,000 each year is for student organizations serving agriculture occupations (FFA,
50.22	<u>PAS);</u>
50.23	(5) \$185,000 each year is for student organizations serving family and consumer science
50.24	occupations (FCCLA). Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 3505.1000, subparts 28 and
50.25	31, the student organizations serving FCCLA shall continue to serve students in grade 9
50.26	and below;
50.27	(6) \$109,000 each year is for student organizations serving marketing occupations (DECA
50.28	and DECA collegiate); and
50.29	(7) \$40,000 each year is for the Minnesota Foundation for Student Organizations.
50.30	Subd. 36. Tribal contract school aid. (a) For Tribal contract school aid under Minnesota
50.31	Statutes, section 124D.83:

	HF2497 FIRST ENGROSSMEN			REVISOR	CM	UEH2497-1
51.1	<u>\$</u>	<u>2,585,000</u> .	<u></u> <u>2024</u>			
51.2	<u>\$</u>	<u>2,961,000</u> .	<u></u> <u>2025</u>			
51.3	(b) The 202	24 appropriatio	n includes	\$255,000 for 2023 a	nd \$2,330,000 for	r 2024.
51.4	(c) The 202	25 appropriatio	n includes	\$258,000 for 2024 as	nd \$2,703,000 for	<u> 2025.</u>
51.5	<u>Subd. 37.</u> <u>V</u>	Walkabouts pr	ogram. (a)	) For a grant to the re	gional centers of	excellence
51.6	to provide an e	vidence-based,	standards-a	aligned, kinesthetic le	arning platform us	sing physical
51.7	activity to teac	h math, Englis	h, language	e arts, and literacy sta	andards for preking	<u>ndergarten</u>
51.8	through grade	5 to improve a	cademic pe	erformance and socia	l-emotional learn	ing:
51.9	<u>\$</u>	<u>250,000</u> .	<u></u> <u>2024</u>			
51.10	<u>\$</u>	<u>250,000</u> .	<u></u> <u>2025</u>			
51.11	(b) The reg	gional centers o	f excellenc	e must provide the A	ctivEd Walkabou	ıts program
51.12	at no cost to so	chools. A school	ol must app	ly for participation in	the program in t	the form and
51.13	manner determ	nined by the res	gional cent	ers of excellence. To	the extent practic	able, the
51.14	regional center	rs of excellence	e must sele	ct schools that are ide	entified for suppo	rt under the
51.15	state accountal	bility system an	nd that are g	geographically distrib	uted equitably the	roughout the
51.16	state.					
51.17	(c) The bas	se for fiscal yea	ar 2026 and	l later is \$0.		
51.18			A	ARTICLE 3		
51.19			R	READ ACT		
51.20	Section 1. M	innesota Statut	es 2022, se	ection 120B.11, subd	ivision 1, is amen	ided to read:
51.21	Subdivision	n 1. <b>Definition</b>	s. For the p	ourposes of this section	on and section 12	0B.10, the
51.22	following term	ns have the mea	anings give	n them.		
51.23	(a) "Instruc	ction" means m	ethods of p	roviding learning exp	periences that ena	ble a student
51.24	to meet state an	nd district acade	emic standa	ards and graduation re	equirements inclu	ding applied
51.25	and experienti	al learning.				
51.26	(b) "Curric	ulum" means d	listrict or so	chool adopted progra	ms and written pl	lans for
51.27	providing stud	ents with learn	ing experie	ences that lead to exp	ected knowledge	and skills
51.28	and career and	l college readin	ess.			
51.29	(c) "World'	's best workfor	ce" means	striving to: meet scho	ool readiness goal	s; <del>have all</del>
51.30	third grade stud	<del>dents achieve g</del> i	rade-level l	iteracy; close the acad	lemic achievemen	ıt gap among
51.31	all racial and e	thnic groups of	f students a	nd between students	living in poverty	and students

52.3

52.4

52.5

52.6

52.7

52.8

52.9

52.10

52.11

52.12

52.13

52.14

52.15

52.16

52.17

52.18

52.19

52.20

52.21

52.22

52.23

52.24

52.25

52.26

52.27

52.28

52.29

not living in poverty; have all students attain career and college readiness before graduating from high school; and have all students graduate from high school.

- (d) "Experiential learning" means learning for students that includes career exploration through a specific class or course or through work-based experiences such as job shadowing, mentoring, entrepreneurship, service learning, volunteering, internships, other cooperative work experience, youth apprenticeship, or employment.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120B.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 2. **Adopting plans and budgets.** (a) A school board, at a public meeting, shall adopt a comprehensive, long-term strategic plan to support and improve teaching and learning that is aligned with creating the world's best workforce and includes:
  - (1) clearly defined district and school site goals and benchmarks for instruction and student achievement for all student subgroups identified in section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2);
  - (2) a process to assess and evaluate each student's progress toward meeting state and local academic standards, assess and identify students to participate in gifted and talented programs and accelerate their instruction, and adopt early-admission procedures consistent with section 120B.15, and identifying the strengths and weaknesses of instruction in pursuit of student and school success and curriculum affecting students' progress and growth toward career and college readiness and leading to the world's best workforce;
  - (3) a system to periodically review and evaluate the effectiveness of all instruction and curriculum, taking into account strategies and best practices, student outcomes, school principal evaluations under section 123B.147, subdivision 3, students' access to effective teachers who are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers in the district or school and who reflect the diversity of enrolled students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), and teacher evaluations under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5;
  - (4) strategies for improving instruction, curriculum, and student achievement, including the English and, where practicable, the native language development and the academic achievement of English learners;
- (5) a process to examine the equitable distribution of teachers and strategies to ensure low-income and minority children are not taught at higher rates than other children by inexperienced, ineffective, or out-of-field teachers;

53.1	(6) education effectiveness practices that integrate high-quality instruction, rigorous
53.2	curriculum, technology, and a collaborative professional culture that develops and supports
53.3	teacher quality, performance, and effectiveness; and
53.4	(7) an annual budget for continuing to implement the district plan.
53.5	(b) A school district is not required to include information regarding literacy in a plan
53.6	or report required under this section, except with regard to the academic achievement of
53.7	English learners.
53.8	Sec. 3. [120B.1119] TITLE; THE READ ACT.
53.9	Sections 120B.12 to 120B.124 may be cited as the "Reading to Ensure Academic
53.10	Development Act" or the "Read Act."
53.11	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120B.12, is amended to read:
53.12	120B.12 READING PROFICIENTLY NO LATER THAN THE END OF GRADE
53.13	3 READ ACT GOAL AND INTERVENTIONS.
53.14	Subdivision 1. <b>Literacy goal.</b> (a) The legislature seeks to have every child reading at
53.15	or above grade level no later than the end of grade 3, every year, beginning in kindergarten,
53.16	including English multilingual learners, and that teachers provide comprehensive,
53.17	scientifically based and students receiving special education services. School leaders and
53.18	educators must provide evidence-based reading instruction consistent with section 122A.06,
53.19	subdivision 4 through a focus on student mastery of the foundational reading skills of
53.20	phonemic awareness, phonics, and fluency, as well as the development of oral language,
53.21	vocabulary, and reading comprehension skills. Students must receive evidence-based
53.22	instruction that is proven to effectively teach children to read, consistent with sections
53.23	120B.12 to 120B.124.
53.24	(b) To meet this goal, each school district must provide teachers and instructional support
53.25	staff with responsibility for teaching reading with training on evidence-based reading
53.26	instruction that is approved by the Department of Education and CAREI. By 2025, a district
53.27	must provide the training to intervention teachers working with students in kindergarten
53.28	through grade 12, special education teachers, curriculum directors, instructional support
53.29	staff who provide reading instruction, and any staff who selects literacy instructional materials
53.30	for a district. By 2027, a district must provide the training to all classroom teachers of
53.31	students in a prekindergarten program, and in kindergarten through grade 3. The
53 32	commissioner may grant a district an extension to the deadlines in this paragraph

54.6

54.7

54.8

54.9

54.10

54.11

54.12

54.13

54.14

54.15

54.16

54.17

54.18

54.19

54.20

54.21

54.22

54.23

54.24

54.25

54.26

54.27

54.28

54.29

54.30

54.31

54.32

54.33

54.34

54.35

(c) Districts are strongly encouraged to adopt a MTSS framework. The framework should 54.1 include a process for monitoring student progress, evaluating program fidelity, and analyzing 54.2 student outcomes and needs in order to design and implement ongoing evidenced-based 54.3 instruction and interventions. 54.4 Subd. 2. Identification; report. (a) Each school district must identify before the end of 54.5

Twice per year, each school district must screen every student enrolled in kindergarten, grade 1, and grade 2 all students who are not reading at grade level, and grade 3 using a screening tool approved by the Department of Education. Students identified as not reading at grade level by the end of kindergarten, grade 1, and grade 2, and grade 3, including multilingual learners and students receiving special education services, must be universally screened, in a locally determined manner for mastery of foundational reading skills, including phonemic awareness, phonics, decoding, fluency, oral language, and for characteristics of dyslexia as measured by a screening tool approved by the Department of Education. The screening for characteristics of dyslexia may be integrated with universal screening for mastery of foundational skills and oral language. A district must submit data on student performance in kindergarten, grade 1, grade 2, and grade 3 on foundational reading skills, including phonemic awareness, phonics, decoding, fluency, and oral language to the Department of Education in the annual local literacy plan.

- (b) Students in grade 3 or higher who demonstrate a reading difficulty to a classroom teacher grades 4 and above, including multilingual learners and students receiving special education services, who do not demonstrate mastery of foundational reading skills, including phonemic awareness, phonics, decoding, fluency, and oral language, must be screened, in a locally determined manner, using a screening tool approved by the Department of Education for characteristics of dyslexia, unless a different reason for the reading difficulty has been identified, and must continue to receive evidence-based instruction, interventions, and progress monitoring until the student achieves grade-level proficiency.
- (c) Reading assessments screeners in English, and in the predominant languages of district students where practicable, must identify and evaluate students' areas of academic need related to literacy. The district also must monitor the progress and provide reading instruction appropriate to the specific needs of English multilingual learners. The district must use a locally adopted, developmentally appropriate, and culturally responsive assessment screener and annually report summary assessment screener results to the commissioner by July 1.
- (d) The district also must annually report to the commissioner by July 1 include in its literacy plan under subdivision 4a, a summary of the district's efforts to screen and, identify,

55.1	and provide interventions to students who demonstrate characteristics of dyslexia using as
55.2	measured by a screening tools such as those recommended by the department's dyslexia
55.3	specialist tool approved by the Department of Education. Districts are strongly encouraged
55.4	to use the MTSS framework. With respect to students screened or identified under paragraph
55.5	(a), the report must include:
55.6	(1) a summary of the district's efforts to screen for dyslexia;
55.7	(2) the number of students <u>universally</u> screened for that reporting year; <del>and</del>
55.8	(3) the number of students demonstrating characteristics of dyslexia for that year-; and
55.9	(e) A student (4) an explanation of how students identified under this subdivision must
55.10	be are provided with alternate instruction and interventions under section 125A.56,
55.11	subdivision 1.
55.12	Subd. 2a. Parent notification and involvement. Schools, at least annually, must give
55.13	the parent of each student who is not reading at or above grade level timely information
55.14	about:
55.15	(1) the student's reading proficiency as measured by a locally adopted assessment screener
55.16	approved by the Department of Education;
55.17	(2) reading-related services currently being provided to the student and the student's
55.18	progress; and
55.19	(3) strategies for parents to use at home in helping their student succeed in becoming
55.20	grade-level proficient in reading in English and in their native language.
55.21	A district may not use this section to deny a student's right to a special education
55.22	evaluation.
55.23	Subd. 3. Intervention. (a) For each student identified under subdivision 2, the district
55.24	shall provide reading intervention to accelerate student growth and reach the goal of reading
55.25	at or above grade level by the end of the current grade and school year. A district is
55.26	encouraged to provide reading intervention through a MTSS framework. If a student does
55.27	not read at or above grade level by the end of grade 3 the current school year, the district
55.28	must continue to provide reading intervention until the student reads at grade level. District
55.29	intervention methods shall encourage family engagement and, where possible, collaboration
55.30	with appropriate school and community programs. Intervention methods that specialize in
55.31	evidence-based instructional practices and measure mastery of foundational reading skills,
55.32	including phonemic awareness, phonics, decoding, fluency, and oral language. Intervention

55.33

may include, but are is not limited to, requiring student attendance in summer school,

56.1

56.2

56.3

56.4

56.5

56.6

56.7

56.8

56.9

56.10

56.11

56.12

56.13

56.14

56.15

56.16

56.17

56.18

56.19

56.20

56.21

56.22

56.23

56.24

56.25

56.26

56.27

56.28

56.29

56.30

56.31

56.32

56.33

intensified reading instruction that may require that the student be removed from the regular classroom for part of the school day, extended-day programs, or programs that strengthen students' cultural connections.

- (b) A sehool district or charter sehool is strongly encouraged to provide a personal learning plan for a student who is unable to demonstrate grade-level proficiency, as measured by the statewide reading assessment in grade 3 or a screener identified by the Department of Education under section 120B.123. The district or charter school must determine the format of the personal learning plan in collaboration with the student's educators and other appropriate professionals. The school must develop the learning plan in consultation with the student's parent or guardian. The personal learning plan must include targeted instruction and ongoing progress monitoring of the student's progress, and address knowledge gaps and skill deficiencies through strategies such as specific exercises and practices during and outside of the regular school day, group interventions, periodic assessments or screeners, and reasonable timelines. The personal learning plan may include grade retention, if it is in the student's best interest; a student may not be retained solely due to delays in literacy or not demonstrating grade-level proficiency. A school must maintain and regularly update and modify the personal learning plan until the student reads at grade level. This paragraph does not apply to a student under an individualized education program.
- Subd. 4. **Staff development.** (a) A district must provide training that is evidence-based to teachers and instructional staff in accordance with subdivision 1, paragraph (b). The training must include teaching in the areas of phonemic awareness, phonics, vocabulary development, reading fluency, reading comprehension, and culturally and linguistically responsive pedagogy.
- (b) Each district shall use the data under subdivision 2 to identify the staff development needs so that:
- (1) elementary teachers are able to implement comprehensive, scientifically based reading and oral language explicit, systematic, evidence-based instruction on foundational reading skills in the five reading areas of phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension as defined in section 122A.06, subdivision 4, 120B.121 and other literacy-related areas including writing until the student achieves grade-level reading and writing proficiency;
- (2) elementary teachers have sufficient training to provide eomprehensive, scientifically based reading school students with evidence-based reading and oral language instruction

57.4

57.5

57.6

57.7

57.8

57.9

57.16

57.17

57.18

57.19

57.20

57.21

57.22

57.23

57.24

57.25

57.26

57.1	that meets students' developmental, linguistic, and literacy needs using the intervention
57.2	methods or programs selected by the district for the identified students;
57.3	(3) licensed teachers employed by the district have regular opportunities to improve

- reading and writing instruction;
- (4) licensed teachers recognize students' diverse needs in cross-cultural settings and are able to serve the oral language and linguistic needs of students who are English multilingual learners by maximizing strengths in their native languages in order to cultivate students' English language development, including oral academic language development, and build academic literacy; and
- 57.10 (5) licensed teachers are well trained in culturally responsive pedagogy that enables 57.11 students to master content, develop skills to access content, and build relationships.
- (c) A district must provide staff in early childhood programs sufficient training to provide
  children in early childhood programs with explicit, systematic instruction in phonological
  and phonemic awareness; oral language, including listening comprehension; vocabulary;
  and letter-sound correspondence.
  - Subd. 4a. **Local literacy plan.** (a) Consistent with this section, a school district must adopt a local literacy plan to have every child reading at or above grade level no later than the end of in kindergarten through grade 3, including English learners multilingual learners and students receiving special education services, demonstrate mastery of foundational literacy skills and read proficiently, at or above grade level, at every grade. The plan must be updated by August 1 each year. The plan must be consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4 the Read Act, and include the following:
  - (1) a process to assess students' level of reading proficiency and data to support the effectiveness of an assessment used to screen and identify a student's level of reading proficiency the screeners used, by school site and grade level, under section 120B.123;
  - (2) a process to notify and involve parents;
- 57.27 (3) a description of how schools in the district will determine the <u>proper targeted</u> reading 57.28 <u>instruction that is evidence-based and includes an intervention strategy for a student and</u> 57.29 the process for intensifying or modifying the reading strategy in order to obtain measurable 57.30 reading progress;
- 57.31 (4) evidence-based intervention methods for students who are not reading at or above 57.32 grade level and progress monitoring to provide information on the effectiveness of the 57.33 intervention; and

58.1	(5) identification of staff development needs, including a program to meet those needs-:
58.2	(6) the literacy curriculum used by school site and grade level;
58.3	(7) a statement of whether the district has adopted a MTSS framework; and
58.4	(8) student data using the measures of foundational literacy skills and mastery identified
58.5	by the Department of Education and CAREI.
58.6	(b) The district must post its literacy plan on the official school district website and
58.7	submit it to the commissioner of education using the template developed by the commissioner
58.8	of education once it is available.
58.9	(c) By March 1, 2024, the commissioner of education must develop a streamlined template
58.10	for local literacy plans that meets the requirements of this subdivision and requires all
58.11	reading instruction and teacher training in reading instruction to be evidence-based. The
58.12	template must require a district to report information using the student categories required
58.13	in the commissioner's report under paragraph (d). The template must focus district resources
58.14	on improving students' foundational reading skills while reducing paperwork requirements
58.15	for teachers.
58.16	(d) By December 1, 2025, the commissioner of education must submit a report to the
58.17	legislative committees with jurisdiction over prekindergarten through grade 12 education
58.18	summarizing the local literacy plans submitted to the commissioner. The summary must
58.19	include the following information:
58.20	(1) the number of teachers and other staff that have completed training approved by the
58.21	Department of Education;
58.22	(2) by school site and grade, the screeners used at the beginning and end of the school
58.23	year and the reading curriculum used; and
58.24	(3) by school site and grade, using the measurements of foundational literacy skills and
58.25	mastery identified by the department and CAREI, both aggregated data and disaggregated
58.26	data using the student categories under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause
58.27	<u>(2).</u>
58.28	Subd. 5. Commissioner Approved screeners. The commissioner shall must recommend
58.29	to districts multiple assessment screening tools to assist districts and teachers with identifying
58.30	students under subdivision 2 and to assess students' reading proficiency. The commissioner
58.31	must identify screeners that may be used for both purposes. The commissioner shall must
58.32	also make available examples of nationally recognized and research-based evidence-based

59.1	instructional methods or programs to districts to provide comprehensive, scientifically based
59.2	evidence-based reading instruction and intervention under this section.
59.3	Sec. 5. [120B.121] READ ACT DEFINITIONS.
59.4	Subdivision 1. Read Act. For purposes of sections 120B.12 to 120B.124, the following
59.5	terms have the meanings given.
59.6	Subd. 2. CAREI. "CAREI" means the Center for Applied Research and Educational
59.7	Improvement at the University of Minnesota.
59.8	Subd. 3. District. "District" means a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit
59.9	as defined in section 123A.24, subdivision 2.
59.10	Subd. 4. Evidence-based. "Evidence-based" means the instruction or item described is
59.11	based on reliable, trustworthy, and valid evidence and has demonstrated a record of success
59.12	in increasing students' reading competency in the areas of phonemic awareness, phonics,
59.13	vocabulary development, reading fluency, and reading comprehension. Evidence-based
59.14	literacy instruction is explicit, systematic, evidence-based reading instruction that includes
59.15	the acquisition of language, phonological and phonemic awareness, phonics and decoding,
59.16	spelling, fluency, vocabulary, oral language, and comprehension that can be differentiated
59.17	to meet the needs of individual students. Evidence-based instruction does not include the
59.18	three-cueing system, as defined in subdivision 17.
59.19	Subd. 5. Fluency. "Fluency" means the ability of students to read text accurately,
59.20	automatically, and with proper expression.
59.21	Subd. 6. Foundational reading skills. "Foundational reading skills" includes
59.22	phonological and phonemic awareness, phonics and decoding, and fluency. Foundational
59.23	reading skills appropriate to each grade level must be mastered in kindergarten, grade 1,
59.24	grade 2, and grade 3. Struggling readers in grades 4 and above who do not demonstrate
59.25	mastery of grade-level foundational reading skills must continue to receive explicit,
59.26	systematic instruction to reach mastery.
59.27	Subd. 7. Literacy specialist. "Literacy specialist" means a person licensed by the
59.28	Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board as a teacher of reading, a special
59.29	education teacher, or a kindergarten through grade 6 teacher, who has completed professional
59.30	development approved by the Department of Education in structured literacy.
59.31	Subd. 8. Literacy lead. "Literacy lead" means a literacy specialist with expertise in
59.32	working with educators as adult learners. A district literacy lead must support the district's
59.33	implementation of the Read Act; provide school-based coaching; support the implementation

of structured literacy, interventions, curriculum delivery, and teacher training; assist with

60.1

50.2	the development of personal learning plans; and train paraprofessionals and other support
0.3	staff to support classroom literacy instruction. A literacy lead may be employed by one
0.4	district, jointly by two or more districts, or may provide services to districts through a
0.5	partnership with the Regional Centers of Excellence or another district.
0.6	Subd. 9. MTSS. "Multitiered system of support" or "MTSS" means a systemic, continuous
0.7	improvement framework for ensuring positive social, emotional, behavioral, developmental,
8.00	and academic outcomes for every student. The MTSS framework provides access to layered
0.9	tiers of culturally and linguistically responsive, evidence-based practices and relies on the
0.10	understanding and belief that every student can learn and thrive. Through a MTSS at the
0.11	core (Tier 1), supplemental (Tier 2), and intensive (Tier 3) levels, educators provide high
0.12	quality, evidence-based instruction and intervention that is matched to a student's needs;
0.13	progress is monitored to inform instruction and set goals and data is used for educational
0.14	decision making.
0.15	Subd. 10. Oral language. "Oral language," also called "spoken language," includes
0.16	speaking and listening, and consists of five components, including phonology, morphology,
0.17	syntax, semantics, and pragmatics.
0.18	Subd. 11. Phonemic awareness. "Phonemic awareness" means the ability to notice,
0.19	think about, and manipulate individual sounds in spoken syllables and words.
0.20	Subd. 12. Phonics instruction. "Phonics instruction" means the explicit, systematic,
0.21	and direct instruction of the relationships between letters and the sounds they represent and
0.22	the application of this knowledge in reading and spelling.
0.23	Subd. 13. Progress monitoring. "Progress monitoring" means using data collected to
0.24	inform whether interventions are working. Progress monitoring involves ongoing monitoring
0.25	of progress that quantifies rates of improvement and informs instructional practice and the
0.26	development of individualized programs using state-approved screening that is reliable and
0.27	valid for the intended purpose.
0.28	Subd. 14. Reading comprehension. "Reading comprehension" means a function of
0.29	word recognition skills, which includes phonemic awareness and language comprehension
50.30	skills.
50.31	Subd. 15. Structured literacy. "Structured literacy" means an approach to reading
50.32	instruction in which teachers carefully structure important literacy skills, concepts, and the
50.33	sequence of instruction to facilitate children's literacy learning and progress. Structured
50.34	literacy is characterized by the provision of systematic, explicit, sequential, and diagnostic

61.1	instruction in phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary and oral language
61.2	development, and reading comprehension.
61.3	Subd. 16. Three-cueing system. "Three-cueing system," also known as "meaning
61.4	structure visual (MSV)," means a method that teaches students to use meaning, structure
61.5	and syntax, and visual cues when attempting to read an unknown word.
61.6	Subd. 17. Vocabulary development. "Vocabulary development" means the process of
61.7	acquiring new words. A robust vocabulary improves all areas of communication: listening,
61.8	speaking, reading, and writing. Vocabulary growth is directly related to school achievement
61.9	and is a strong predictor for reading success.
61.10	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
61.11	Subdivision 1. Purpose. The department must employ a dyslexia specialist to provide
61.12	technical assistance for dyslexia and related disorders and to serve as the primary source of
61.13	information and support for schools in addressing the needs of students with dyslexia and
61.14	related disorders. The dyslexia specialist shall also act to increase professional awareness
61.15	and instructional competencies to meet the educational needs of students with dyslexia or
61.16	identified with risk characteristics associated with dyslexia and shall develop implementation
61.17	guidance and make recommendations to the commissioner consistent with section 122A.06,
61.18	subdivision 4 sections 120B.12 to 120B.124, to be used to assist general education teachers
61.19	and special education teachers to recognize educational needs and to improve literacy
61.20	outcomes for students with dyslexia or identified with risk characteristics associated with
61.21	dyslexia, including recommendations related to increasing the availability of online and
61.22	asynchronous professional development programs and materials.
61.23	Sec. 7. [120B.123] READ ACT IMPLEMENTATION.
61.24	Subdivision 1. Screeners. A district must administer a reading screener to students in
61.25	kindergarten through grade 3 within the first six weeks of the school year, and again within
61.26	the last six weeks of the school year. The screener must be one of the screening tools
61.27	identified by the Department of Education.
61.28	Subd. 2. Progress monitoring. For a student not reading at grade level, a district is
61.29	strongly encouraged to develop an intervention plan that meets the requirements of section

61.29

61.30

120B.12, subdivision 3. A district may use screening tools to monitor students' progress.

62.1	Subd. 3. Curriculum. A district must use evidence-based curriculum at each grade level
62.2	that is designed around teaching the foundational reading skills of phonemic awareness,
62.3	phonics, vocabulary development, reading fluency, and reading comprehension.
62.4	Subd. 4. MTSS Framework. A district is encouraged to use a data-based decision-making
62.5	process within the MTSS framework to determine the evidence-based core reading instruction
62.6	and Tier 2 or Tier 3 intervention required to meet a student's identified needs.
62.7	Subd. 5. Professional development. (a) A district must provide training that is
62.8	evidence-based to all reading intervention teachers and literacy specialists by July 1, 2025;
62.9	and by June 15, 2027, to other teachers in the district, prioritizing elementary school
62.10	classroom teachers, teachers who work with students with disabilities, English learners, and
62.11	students who qualify for the graduation incentives program under section 124D.68. The
62.12	commissioner of education may grant a district an extension to the deadlines in this
62.13	paragraph.
62.14	(b) The training must prepare teachers to provide:
62.15	(1) elementary school students with explicit, systematic instruction in the five reading
62.16	areas of phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension as defined
62.17	in section 120B.121 and other literacy-related areas, including writing and oral language,
62.18	until the student achieves grade-level reading and writing proficiency; and
62.19	(2) children in early childhood programs with explicit, systematic instruction in
62.20	phonological and phonemic awareness; oral language, including listening comprehension;
62.21	vocabulary; and letter-sound correspondence.
62.22	(c) The training must include teaching in the areas of phonemic awareness, phonics,
62.23	vocabulary development, reading fluency, reading comprehension, and culturally and
62.24	linguistically responsive pedagogy.
62.25	Subd. 6. Literacy lead. (a) By August 30, 2025, a district must employ or contract with
62.26	a literacy lead, or be actively supporting a designated literacy specialist through the process
62.27	of becoming a literacy lead. A board may satisfy the requirements of this subdivision by
62.28	contracting with another school board or cooperative unit under section 123A.24 for the
62.29	services of a literacy lead by August 30, 2025. A district may use Read Act funding to pay
62.30	for training, substitute teachers to allow teachers time to attend trainings, and incentives for
62.31	teachers that complete the training.
62.32	(b) A district literacy lead must collaborate with district administrators and staff to
62.33	support the district's implementation of requirements under the Read Act.

63.1	Subd. 7. Department of Education. (a) By July 1, 2023, the department must make
63.2	available to districts a list of approved evidence-based screeners in accordance with section
63.3	120B.12. A district must use an approved screener to assess students' mastery of foundational
63.4	reading skills in accordance with section 120B.12.
63.5	(b) The Department of Education must partner with CAREI as required under section
63.6	120B.124 to approve literacy curricula. A district is not required to use an approved
63.7	curriculum, unless the curriculum was purchased with state grant funds that require a
63.8	curriculum to be selected from a list of approved curricula.
63.9	(c) The Department of Education must partner with CAREI as required under section
63.10	120B.124 to approve professional development programs, subject to final determination by
63.11	the department. After the implementation partnership under section 120B.124 ends, the
63.12	department must continue to regularly provide districts with information about professional
63.13	development opportunities available throughout the state on reading instruction that is
63.14	evidence-based.
63.15	(d) The department must identify training required for a literacy specialist position under
63.16	this section.
63.17	(e) The department must employ a literacy specialist to provide support to districts
63.18	implementing the Read Act and coordinate duties assigned to the department under the
63.19	Read Act. The literacy specialist must work on state efforts to improve literacy tracking
63.20	and implementation.
63.21	(f) The department must develop a template for a local literacy plan in accordance with
63.22	section 120B.12, subdivision 4a.
63.23	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
63.24	Sec. 8. [120B.124] READ ACT IMPLEMENTATION PARTNERSHIP.
63.25	Subdivision 1. Resources. The Department of Education must partner with CAREI for
63.26	two years beginning June 1, 2023, until August 30, 2025, to support implementation of the
63.27	Read Act. The department and CAREI must jointly:
63.28	(1) identify at least five literacy curricula and supporting materials that are evidence-based
63.29	or focused on structured literacy by July 15, 2023, and post a list of the curricula on the
63.30	department website. The list must include curricula that use culturally and linguistically
63.31	responsive materials that reflect diverse populations;

programs on the department website. The programs may include a program offered by CAREI;  (3) identify evidence-based literacy intervention materials for students in kindergard through grade 12;  (4) develop an evidence-based literacy lead training program that trains literacy special throughout Minnesota to support schools' efforts in screening, measuring growth, monitor progress, and implementing interventions in accordance with subdivision 1;  (5) identify measures of foundational literacy skills and mastery that a district must report on a local literacy plan;  (6) provide guidance to districts about best practices in literacy instruction, and practithat are not evidence-based;  (7) develop MTSS model plans that districts may adopt to support efforts to screen, identify, intervene, and monitor the progress of students not reading at grade level; and (8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework trainitare geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricular or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development programs as precific curriculum or professional development programs as the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and	64.1	(2) identify at least three professional development programs that focus on the five pillars
(3) identify evidence-based literacy intervention materials for students in kindergard through grade 12;  (4) develop an evidence-based literacy lead training program that trains literacy special throughout Minnesota to support schools' efforts in screening, measuring growth, monitor progress, and implementing interventions in accordance with subdivision 1;  (5) identify measures of foundational literacy skills and mastery that a district must report on a local literacy plan;  (6) provide guidance to districts about best practices in literacy instruction, and practitat are not evidence-based;  (7) develop MTSS model plans that districts may adopt to support efforts to screen, identify, intervene, and monitor the progress of students not reading at grade level; and (8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework training are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration, The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development programs as professional development programs. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request thin 60 days.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI m	64.2	of literacy and the components of structured literacy by July 15, 2023, and post a list of the
(3) identify evidence-based literacy intervention materials for students in kindergard through grade 12;  (4) develop an evidence-based literacy lead training program that trains literacy special throughout Minnesota to support schools' efforts in screening, measuring growth, monitor progress, and implementing interventions in accordance with subdivision 1;  (5) identify measures of foundational literacy skills and mastery that a district must report on a local literacy plan;  (6) provide guidance to districts about best practices in literacy instruction, and practic that are not evidence-based;  (7) develop MTSS model plans that districts may adopt to support efforts to screen, identify, intervene, and monitor the progress of students not reading at grade level; and (8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework training are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request funding phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consul	64.3	programs on the department website. The programs may include a program offered by
through grade 12;  (4) develop an evidence-based literacy lead training program that trains literacy special throughout Minnesota to support schools' efforts in screening, measuring growth, monitor progress, and implementing interventions in accordance with subdivision 1;  (5) identify measures of foundational literacy skills and mastery that a district must report on a local literacy plan;  (6) provide guidance to districts about best practices in literacy instruction, and practic that are not evidence-based;  (7) develop MTSS model plans that districts may adopt to support efforts to screen, identify, intervene, and monitor the progress of students not reading at grade level; and (8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework training are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request thin 60 days.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation.	64.4	<u>CAREI;</u>
(4) develop an evidence-based literacy lead training program that trains literacy special throughout Minnesota to support schools' efforts in screening, measuring growth, monitor progress, and implementing interventions in accordance with subdivision 1;  (5) identify measures of foundational literacy skills and mastery that a district must report on a local literacy plan;  (6) provide guidance to districts about best practices in literacy instruction, and practithat are not evidence-based;  (7) develop MTSS model plans that districts may adopt to support efforts to screen, identify, intervene, and monitor the progress of students not reading at grade level; and (8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework training are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricular professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Redeat Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the requestion of the second consult with the Redeat Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the requestion of the second consult with the Redeat Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the requestion of the	64.5	(3) identify evidence-based literacy intervention materials for students in kindergarten
throughout Minnesota to support schools' efforts in screening, measuring growth, monitor progress, and implementing interventions in accordance with subdivision 1;  (5) identify measures of foundational literacy skills and mastery that a district must report on a local literacy plan;  (6) provide guidance to districts about best practices in literacy instruction, and practithat are not evidence-based;  (7) develop MTSS model plans that districts may adopt to support efforts to screen, identify, intervene, and monitor the progress of students not reading at grade level; and  (8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework training are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Red Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the requestion of the consideration procedure or deny the requestion of the consideration consult with the Red Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the requestion of the consideration in the requestion of the consideration in the Red Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the requ	64.6	through grade 12;
64.9 progress, and implementing interventions in accordance with subdivision 1;  (5) identify measures of foundational literacy skills and mastery that a district must report on a local literacy plan;  (6) provide guidance to districts about best practices in literacy instruction, and practices that are not evidence-based;  (7) develop MTSS model plans that districts may adopt to support efforts to screen, identify, intervene, and monitor the progress of students not reading at grade level; and (8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework training are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricular or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development programs. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Red Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the requestion.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation 60 days.	64.7	(4) develop an evidence-based literacy lead training program that trains literacy specialists
(5) identify measures of foundational literacy skills and mastery that a district must report on a local literacy plan;  (6) provide guidance to districts about best practices in literacy instruction, and practition that are not evidence-based;  (7) develop MTSS model plans that districts may adopt to support efforts to screen, identify, intervene, and monitor the progress of students not reading at grade level; and (8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework training are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Red Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request thin 60 days.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation of the constraint of the con	64.8	throughout Minnesota to support schools' efforts in screening, measuring growth, monitoring
64.12 (6) provide guidance to districts about best practices in literacy instruction, and practical that are not evidence-based; (7) develop MTSS model plans that districts may adopt to support efforts to screen, identify, intervene, and monitor the progress of students not reading at grade level; and (8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework training are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Reference accurately within 60 days.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the requestion of the support district efforts to implementation.	64.9	progress, and implementing interventions in accordance with subdivision 1;
(6) provide guidance to districts about best practices in literacy instruction, and practical that are not evidence-based;  (7) develop MTSS model plans that districts may adopt to support efforts to screen, identify, intervene, and monitor the progress of students not reading at grade level; and  (8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework training are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the requestion of the state of the screener accurately within 60 days.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation.	64.10	(5) identify measures of foundational literacy skills and mastery that a district must
that are not evidence-based;  (7) develop MTSS model plans that districts may adopt to support efforts to screen, identify, intervene, and monitor the progress of students not reading at grade level; and (8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework training are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation.	64.11	report on a local literacy plan;
(7) develop MTSS model plans that districts may adopt to support efforts to screen, identify, intervene, and monitor the progress of students not reading at grade level; and (8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework training are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request within 60 days.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation of the support district efforts to implement and care a	64.12	(6) provide guidance to districts about best practices in literacy instruction, and practices
identify, intervene, and monitor the progress of students not reading at grade level; and  (8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework training are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the requestion of the consultation and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration of the requestion of the consultation and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the requestion of the consultation and care the request for reconsideration of the request for reconsideration.	64.13	that are not evidence-based;
(8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework training are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the requestion of the consideration. Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation.	64.14	(7) develop MTSS model plans that districts may adopt to support efforts to screen,
are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service cooperatives.  Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Re Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request within 60 days.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implement	64.15	identify, intervene, and monitor the progress of students not reading at grade level; and
64.18 <u>Subd. 2. Reconsideration.</u> The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Reference Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation.	64.16	(8) ensure that teacher professional development options and MTSS framework trainings
Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation.	64.17	are geographically equitable by supporting trainings through the regional service
opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation.	64.18	cooperatives.
professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Re Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation.	64.19	Subd. 2. Reconsideration. The department and CAREI must provide districts an
program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation.	64.20	opportunity to request that the department and CAREI add to the list of curricula or
department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation.	64.21	professional development programs a specific curriculum or professional development
professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Re Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request, within 60 days.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implem	64.22	program. The department must publish the request for reconsideration procedure on the
evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Re Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request, within 60 days.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implem	64.23	department website. A request for reconsideration must demonstrate that the curriculum or
measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading, including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Re Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request.  within 60 days.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation.	64.24	professional development program meets the requirements of the Read Act, is
including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Re Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request. within 60 days.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation.	64.25	evidence-based, and has structured literacy components; or that the screener accurately
department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Research Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request.  within 60 days.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation.	64.26	measures literacy growth, monitors progress, and accurately assesses effective reading,
Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request.  within 60 days.  Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implementation.	64.27	including phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension. The
64.30 within 60 days.  64.31 Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implem	64.28	department and CAREI must review the request for reconsideration, consult with the Read
Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implem	64.29	Act Implementation Advisory Council regarding the request, and approve or deny the request
	64.30	within 60 days.
64.32 the Read Act by:	64.31	Subd. 3. Support. The department and CAREI must support district efforts to implement
	64.32	the Read Act by:

65.1	(1) issuing guidance for teachers on implementing curriculum that is evidence-based,
65.2	or focused on structured literacy;
65.3	(2) providing teachers accessible options for evidence-based professional development
65.4	focused on structured literacy;
65.5	(3) providing districts with guidance on adapting MTSS; and
65.6	(4) providing districts with literacy implementation guidance and support.
65.7	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
65.8	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.092, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
65.9	Subd. 5. Reading strategies. (a) A teacher preparation provider approved by the
65.10	Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board to prepare persons for classroom
65.11	teacher licensure must include in its teacher preparation programs research-based
65.12	evidence-based best practices in reading, consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4
65.13	sections 120B.12 to 120B.124, that enable the licensure candidate to teach reading in the
65.14	candidate's content areas. Teacher candidates must be instructed in using students' native
65.15	languages as a resource in creating effective differentiated instructional strategies for English
65.16	learners developing literacy skills. A teacher preparation provider also must prepare early
65.17	childhood and elementary teacher candidates for Tier 3 and Tier 4 teaching licenses under
65.18	sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively, for the portion of the examination under
65.19	section 122A.185, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), covering assessment of reading instruction.
65.20	(b) Board-approved teacher preparation programs for teachers of elementary education
65.21	must require instruction in applying comprehensive, scientifically based or evidence-based,
65.22	and structured reading instruction programs that:
65.23	(1) teach students to read using foundational knowledge, practices, and strategies
65.24	consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4 sections 120B.12 to 120B.124, so that all
65.25	students achieve continuous progress in reading; and
65.26	(2) teach specialized instruction in reading strategies, interventions, and remediations
65.27	that enable students of all ages and proficiency levels to become proficient readers.
65.28	(c) Board-approved teacher preparation programs for teachers of elementary education,
65.29	early childhood education, special education, and reading intervention must include
65.30	instruction on dyslexia, as defined in section 125A.01, subdivision 2. Teacher preparation
65.31	programs may consult with the Department of Education, including the dyslexia specialist
65.32	under section 120B.122, to develop instruction under this paragraph. Instruction on dyslexia

66.12

66.13

66.14

66.15

66.16

66.17

66.18

66.19

66.20

66.21

66.22

66.23

66.24

66.25

66.26

66.27

66.28

66.29

66.30

66.31

66.32

- 66.1 must be modeled on practice standards of the International Dyslexia Association, and must 66.2 address:
- 66.3 (1) the nature and symptoms of dyslexia;
- 66.4 (2) resources available for students who show characteristics of dyslexia;
- 66.5 (3) evidence-based instructional strategies for students who show characteristics of dyslexia, including the structured literacy approach; and
- 66.7 (4) outcomes of intervention and lack of intervention for students who show characteristics of dyslexia.
- 66.9 (d) Nothing in this section limits the authority of a school district to select a school's reading program or curriculum.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.185, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  - Subdivision 1. **Tests.** (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules requiring a candidate to demonstrate a passing score on a board-adopted examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics before being granted a Tier 4 teaching license under section 122A.184 to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary, secondary, or special education programs. Candidates may obtain a Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 license to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary, secondary, or special education programs if candidates meet the other requirements in section 122A.181, 122A.182, or 122A.183, respectively.
  - (b) The board must adopt rules requiring candidates for Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to pass an examination of general pedagogical knowledge and examinations of licensure field specific content. The content examination requirement does not apply if no relevant content exam exists.
  - (c) Candidates for initial Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to teach elementary students must pass test items assessing the candidates' knowledge, skill, and ability in eomprehensive, scientifically based reading evidence-based literacy instruction under section 122A.06, subdivision 4 sections 120B.12 to 120B.124, knowledge and understanding of the foundations of reading development, development of reading comprehension and reading assessment and instruction, and the ability to integrate that knowledge and understanding into instruction strategies under section 122A.06, subdivision 4 sections 120B.12 to 120B.124.
  - (d) The requirement to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics skills examination does not apply to nonnative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota

67.1	school district personnel or Minnesota higher education faculty, who, after meeting the
67.2	content and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, apply for a teaching license to
67.3	provide direct instruction in their native language or world language instruction under section
67.4	120B.022, subdivision 1.
67.5	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.187, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
67.6	Subd. 5. Reading preparation. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
67.7	Board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing a Tier 3 or Tier
67.8	4 teaching license under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively, to include in the
67.9	renewal requirements further reading preparation, consistent with section 122A.06,
67.10	subdivision 4 sections 120B.12 to 120B.124. The rules do not take effect until they are
67.11	approved by law. Teachers who do not provide direct instruction including, at least,
67.12	counselors, school psychologists, school nurses, school social workers, audiovisual directors
67.13	and coordinators, and recreation personnel are exempt from this section.
67.14	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.42, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
67.15	Subd. 8. Minnesota reading corps program. (a) A Minnesota reading corps program
67.16	is established to provide ServeMinnesota AmeriCorps members with a data-based
67.17	problem-solving model of literacy instruction to use in helping to train local Head Start
67.18	program providers, other prekindergarten program providers, and staff in schools with
67.19	students in kindergarten through grade 3 to evaluate and teach early literacy skills, including
67.20	comprehensive, scientifically based reading evidence-based literacy instruction under section
67.21	122A.06, subdivision 4 sections 120B.12 to 120B.124, to children age 3 to grade 3.
67.22	(b) Literacy programs under this subdivision must comply with the provisions governing
67.23	literacy program goals and data use under section 119A.50, subdivision 3, paragraph (b).
67.24	(c) The commission must submit a biennial report to the committees of the legislature
67.25	with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education that records and evaluates
67.26	program data to determine the efficacy of the programs under this subdivision.
67.27	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.98, is amended by adding a subdivision
67.28	to read:
67.29	Subd. 5. Literacy incentive aid uses. A school district must use its literacy incentive
67.30	aid to support evidence-based reading instruction. The following are eligible uses of literacy
67.31	incentive aid:

- 68.5 (2) evidence-based training using a training program approved by the Department of Education;
- (3) employing or contracting with a literacy lead, as defined in section 120B.121;

instruction, on using evidence-based screening and progress monitoring tools;

- 68.8 (4) materials, training, and ongoing coaching to ensure reading interventions under section 125A.56, subdivision 1, are evidence-based; and
- 68.10 (5) evidence-based, structured literacy curriculum and supporting materials.
- 68.11 Sec. 14. APPROPRIATIONS.

68.1

68.2

68.3

68.4

- Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are
  appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years
  designated.
- Subd. 2. CAREI. (a) To contract with the Center for Applied Research and Educational
  Improvement at the University of Minnesota for the Read Act implementation partnership
  under section 120B.124:
- <u>\$</u> 4,200,000 ..... 2024
- \$ 4,200,000 ..... 2025
- (b) This appropriation is available until June 30, 2026.
- (c) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$0.
- 68.22 <u>Subd. 3.</u> **Department literacy specialist.** For a full-time literacy specialist at the
- 68.23 Department of Education:
- \$\frac{250,000}{....}\$ \frac{2024}{....}\$
- 68.25 \$ 250,000 ..... 2025
- Subd. 4. Read Act professional development. (a) For evidence-based training on
- 68.27 <u>structured literacy for teachers working in school districts, charter schools, and cooperatives:</u>
- 68.28 <u>\$ 32,543,000 ..... 2024</u>
- 68.29 \$ 0 ..... 2025
- (b) Of this amount, \$18,000,000 is to fund the development of regional literacy networks.
- 68.31 The regional literacy networks must focus on the implementation of comprehensive literacy

69.1	reform efforts based on structured literacy. Each Minnesota service cooperative must add
69.2	a literacy director position and establish a team of trained literacy coaches to facilitate
69.3	evidence-based training opportunities and ongoing supports to school districts and charter
69.4	schools in each of their regions.
69.5	(c) Of this amount, \$9,200,000 is for one or more contracts to develop statewide training
69.6	based in structured literacy to be offered free to school districts and charter schools and
69.7	facilitated by the regional literacy networks and Minnesota Service Cooperatives.
69.8	(d) Of this amount, \$1,000,000 is for grants to school districts, charter schools, or
69.9	cooperatives to pay for substitute teachers to allow classroom teachers time to attend training,
69.10	and incentives for teachers that complete training.
69.11	(e) Of this amount, \$125,000 is for administration.
69.12	(f) If funds remain unspent on July 1, 2026, the commissioner must expand eligibility
69.13	for approved training to include principals and other district, charter school, or cooperative
69.14	administrators.
69.15	(g) The commissioner must report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over
69.16	kindergarten through grade 12 education the number of teachers from each district who
69.17	received approved training using funds under this subdivision, and the amounts awarded to
69.18	districts, charter schools, or cooperatives under paragraph (d).
69.19	(h) This appropriation is available until June 30, 2028.
69.20	(i) The base for fiscal year 2026 is \$7,200,000 for the regional literacy networks and
69.21	staff at the Department of Education to support ongoing support for school districts, charter
69.22	schools, and cooperatives to implement evidence-based literacy instruction.
69.23	Sec. 15. REPEALER.
69.24	Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.06, subdivision 4, is repealed.
69.25	ARTICLE 4
69.26	TEACHERS
03.20	
69.27	Section 1. [120B.113] CLOSING EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY GAPS GRANTS.
69.28	Subdivision 1. Grant program established. The commissioner of education must
69.29	establish a grant program to support implementation of world's best workforce strategies
69.30	under section 120B.11, subdivision 2, clauses (4) and (6), and collaborative efforts that
69.31	address opportunity gaps resulting from curricular, environmental, and structural inequities

1 <u>in sc</u>	hools experienced by students, families, and staff who are of color or who are American
2 <u>Indi</u>	an.
3 <u>S</u>	Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
mea	nings given.
<u>(</u>	b) "Antiracist" means actively working to identify and eliminate racism in all forms so
that	power and resources are redistributed and shared equitably among racial groups.
(	c) "Curricular" means curriculum resources used and content taught as well as access
to le	vels of coursework or types of learning opportunities.
(	d) "Environmental" means relating to the climate and culture of a school.
<u>(</u>	e) "Equitable" means fairness by providing curriculum, instruction, support, and other
reso	urces for learning based on the needs of individual students and groups of students to
succ	eed at school rather than treating all students the same despite the students having
diffe	erent needs.
<u>(</u>	f) "Institutional racism" means policies and practices within and across institutions that
prod	luce outcomes that chronically favor white people and disadvantage those who are
Blac	ek, Indigenous, and People of Color.
(	g) "Opportunity gap" means the inequitable distribution of resources that impacts
ineq	uitable opportunities that contribute to or perpetuate learning gaps for certain groups
of st	udents.
(	h) "Structural" means relating to the organization and systems of a school that have
beer	r created to manage a school.
5	Subd. 3. Applications and grant awards. The commissioner must determine application
proc	edures and deadlines, select districts and charter schools to participate in the grant
prog	gram, and determine the award amount and payment process of the grants. To the extent
that	there are sufficient applications, the commissioner must award an approximately equal
num	ber of grants between districts in greater Minnesota and those in the Twin Cities
meti	ropolitan area. If there are an insufficient number of applications received for either
geog	graphic area, then the commissioner may award grants to meet the requests for funds
whe	rever a district is located.
5	Subd. 4. Description. The grant program must provide funding that supports collaborative
effo	rts that close opportunity gaps by:

71.1	(1) ensuring school environments and curriculum validate, affirm, embrace, and integrate
71.2	cultural and community strengths of students, families, and employees from all racial and
71.3	ethnic backgrounds; and
71.4	(2) addressing institutional racism with equitable school policies, structures, practices,
71.5	and curricular offerings, consistent with the requirements for long-term plans under section
71.6	124D.861, subdivision 2, paragraph (c).
71.7	Subd. 5. Report. Grant recipients must annually report to the commissioner by a date
71.8	and in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on efforts planned and
71.9	implemented that engaged students, families, educators, and community members of diverse
71.10	racial and ethnic backgrounds in making improvements to school climate and curriculum.
71.11	The report must assess the impact of those efforts as perceived by racially and ethnically
71.12	diverse stakeholders, and must identify any areas needed for further continuous improvement.
71.13	The commissioner must publish a report for the public summarizing the activities of grant
71.14	recipients and what was done to promote sharing of effective practices among grant recipients
71.15	and potential grant applicants.
71.16	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.183, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
71.17	Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
71.18	Board must issue a Tier 3 license to a candidate who provides information sufficient to
71.19	demonstrate all of the following:
71.20	(1) the candidate meets the educational or professional requirements in paragraphs (b)
71.21	and (c);
71.22	(2) the candidate has obtained a passing score on the required licensure exams under
71.23	section 122A.185; and
71.24	(3) the candidate has completed the coursework required under subdivision 2.
71.25	(b) A candidate for a Tier 3 license must have a bachelor's degree to teach a class or
71.26	course outside a career and technical education or career pathways course of study.
71.27	(c) A candidate for a Tier 3 license must have one of the following credentials in a
71.28	relevant content area to teach a class or course in a career and technical education or career
71.29	pathways course of study:
71.30	(1) an associate's degree;
71.31	(2) a professional certification; or
71.32	(3) five years of relevant work experience.

	ENGROSSMENT
72.1	In consultation with the governor's Workforce Development Board established under section
72.2	116L.665, the board must establish a list of qualifying certifications, and may add additional
72.3	professional certifications in consultation with school administrators, teachers, and other
72.4	stakeholders.
72.5	(d) The board must issue a Tier 3 license to a candidate who provides information
72.6	sufficient to demonstrate the following, regardless of whether the candidate meets other
72.7	requirements in this section:
72.8	(1) the candidate has completed a teacher preparation program from a culturally specific
72.9	Minority Serving Institution in the United States, such as Historically Black Colleges and
72.10	Universities, Tribal Colleges and Universities, or Hispanic-Serving Institutions, including
72.11	those in Puerto Rico; or
72.12	(2) the candidate has completed a university teacher preparation program in another
72.13	country and has taught at least two years.
72.14	The candidate must have completed student teaching comparable to the student teaching
72.15	expectations in Minnesota.
72.16	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.184, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
72.17	Subdivision 1. Requirements. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
72.18	Board must issue a Tier 4 license to a candidate who provides information sufficient to
72.19	demonstrate all of the following:
72.20	(1) the candidate meets all requirements for a Tier 3 license under section 122A.183,
72.21	and has completed a teacher preparation program under section 122A.183, subdivision 2,
72.22	clause (1) or (2);
72.23	(2) the candidate has at least three years of teaching experience in Minnesota or another
72.24	state;
72.25	(3) the candidate has obtained a passing score on all required licensure exams under
72.26	section 122A.185; and

subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5.

72.27

72.28

72.29

(4) the candidate's most recent summative teacher evaluation did not result in placing

or otherwise keeping the teacher in an improvement process pursuant to section 122A.40,

73.2

73.3

73.4

73.5

73.6

73.7

73.8

73.9

73.10

73.11

73.12

73.13

73.14

73.15

73.16

73.17

73.18

73.19

73.20

73.21

73.22

73.23

73.24

73.25

73.26

73.27

73.28

73.29

73.30

73.31

73.32

73.33

73.34

73.35

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.185, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 73.1

Subdivision 1. Tests. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules requiring a candidate to demonstrate a passing score on a board-adopted examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics before being granted a Tier 4 teaching license under section 122A.184 to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary, secondary, or special education programs. Candidates may obtain a Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 license to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary, secondary, or special education programs if candidates meet the other requirements in section 122A.181, 122A.182, or 122A.183, respectively.

(b) (a) The board must adopt and revise rules requiring eandidates applicants for Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to pass an examination of general pedagogical knowledge and examinations of licensure field specific content- if the applicant has not completed a board-approved preparation program assuring that candidates from the program recommended for licensure meet content and pedagogy licensure standards in Minnesota. Candidates who have satisfactorily completed board-approved programs in Minnesota with required coursework and clinical field experiences that include learning opportunities and assessments aligned to content and pedagogy licensure standards are not additionally required to pass content and pedagogy exams for Tier 3 licensure. Applicants who have satisfactorily completed a preparation program in another state and passed licensure examinations in that state are not additionally required to pass similar examinations required in Minnesota. The content examination requirement does not apply if no relevant content exam exists.

(e) (b) Candidates for initial Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to teach elementary students must pass test items assessing under this paragraph if the candidates did not complete a board-approved preparation program in Minnesota. The test items must assess the candidates' knowledge, skill, and ability in comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction under section 122A.06, subdivision 4, knowledge and understanding of the foundations of reading development, development of reading comprehension and reading assessment and instruction, and the ability to integrate that knowledge and understanding into instruction strategies under section 122A.06, subdivision 4.

(d) The requirement to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics skills examination does not apply to nonnative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota school district personnel or Minnesota higher education faculty, who, after meeting the content and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, apply for a teaching license to provide direct instruction in their native language or world language instruction under section 120B.022, subdivision 1.

74.2

74.3

74.4

74.5

74.6

74.7

74.8

74.9

74.10

74.11

74.12

74.13

74.14

74.15

74.16

74.17

74.18

74.19

74.20

74.21

74.22

74.23

74.24

74.25

(c) All testing centers in the state must provide monthly opportunities for untimed content and pedagogy examinations. These opportunities must be advertised on the test registration website. The board must require the exam vendor to provide other equitable opportunities to pass exams, including: (1) waiving testing fees for test takers who qualify for federal grants; (2) providing free, multiple, full-length practice tests for each exam and free, comprehensive study guides on the test registration website; (3) making content and pedagogy exams available in languages other than English for teachers seeking licensure to teach in language immersion programs; and (4) providing free, detailed exam results analysis by test objective to assist candidates who do not pass an exam in identifying areas for improvement. Any candidate who has not passed a required exam after two attempts must be allowed to retake the exam, including new versions of the exam, without being charged an additional fee.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. Hiring, dismissing. (a) School boards must hire or dismiss teachers at duly called meetings. Where a husband and wife, brother and sister, or two brothers or sisters, constitute a quorum, no contract employing a teacher shall be made or authorized except upon the unanimous vote of the full board. A teacher related by blood or marriage, within the fourth degree, computed by the civil law, to a board member shall not be employed except by a unanimous vote of the full board. The initial employment of the teacher in the district must be by written contract, signed by the teacher and by the chair and clerk. All subsequent employment of the teacher in the district must be by written contract, signed by the teacher and by the chair and clerk, except where there is a master agreement covering the employment of the teacher. Contracts for teaching or supervision of teaching can be made only with qualified teachers. A teacher shall not be required to reside within the employing district as a condition to teaching employment or continued teaching employment.
- 74.26 (b) A school district must annually report to the Professional Educator Licensing and
  74.27 Standards Board: (1) all new teacher hires and terminations, including layoffs, by race and
  74.28 ethnicity; and (2) the reasons for all teacher resignations and requested leaves of absence.
  74.29 The report must not include data that would personally identify individuals.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.40, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Probationary period.** (a) The first three consecutive years of a teacher's first teaching experience in Minnesota in a single district is deemed to be a probationary period of employment, and, the probationary period in each district in which the teacher is thereafter

75.2

75.3

75.4

75.5

75.6

75.7

75.8

75.9

75.10

75.11

75.12

75.13

75.14

75.15

75.16

75.17

75.18

75.19

75.20

75.21

75.22

75.23

75.24

75.25

75.26

75.27

75.28

75.29

75.30

75.31

75.32

75.33

75.34

employed shall be one year. The school board must adopt a plan for written evaluation of teachers during the probationary period that is consistent with subdivision 8. Evaluation must occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher performing services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within the first 90 days of teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school must not be included in determining the number of school days on which a teacher performs services. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), during the probationary period any annual contract with any teacher may or may not be renewed as the school board shall see fit. However, the board must give any such teacher whose contract it declines to renew for the following school year written notice to that effect before July 1. If the teacher requests reasons for any nonrenewal of a teaching contract, the board must give the teacher its reason in writing, including a statement that appropriate supervision was furnished describing the nature and the extent of such supervision furnished the teacher during the employment by the board, within ten days after receiving such request. The school board may, after a hearing held upon due notice, discharge a teacher during the probationary period for cause, effective immediately, under section 122A.44.

- (b) A board must discharge a probationary teacher, effective immediately, upon receipt of notice under section 122A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), that the teacher's license has been revoked due to a conviction for child abuse or sexual abuse.
- (c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code, title 38, section 4312(e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes of paragraph (a).
- (d) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.
- (e) A probationary teacher must complete at least 120 days of teaching service each year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph.

76.2

76.3

76.4

76.5

76.6

76.7

76.8

76.9

76.10

76.11

76.12

76.13

76.14

76.15

76.16

76.17

76.18

76.19

76.20

76.21

76.22

76.23

76.24

76.25

76.26

76.27

76.28

76.29

76.30

76.31

76.32

76.33

(f) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a teacher who has taught for three consecutive years in a single school district or charter school in Minnesota or another state must serve a probationary period no longer than one year in a Minnesota school district.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for collective bargaining agreements effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. Probationary period; discharge or demotion. (a) All teachers in the public schools in cities of the first class during the first three years of consecutive employment shall be deemed to be in a probationary period of employment during which period any annual contract with any teacher may, or may not, be renewed as the school board, after consulting with the peer review committee charged with evaluating the probationary teachers under subdivision 3, shall see fit. The school site management team or the school board if there is no school site management team, shall adopt a plan for a written evaluation of teachers during the probationary period according to subdivisions 3 and 5. Evaluation by the peer review committee charged with evaluating probationary teachers under subdivision 3 shall occur at least three times periodically throughout each school year for a teacher performing services during that school year; the first evaluation must occur within the first 90 days of teaching service. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school shall not be included in determining the number of school days on which a teacher performs services. The school board may, during such probationary period, discharge or demote a teacher for any of the causes as specified in this code. A written statement of the cause of such discharge or demotion shall be given to the teacher by the school board at least 30 days before such removal or demotion shall become effective, and the teacher so notified shall have no right of appeal therefrom.
- (b) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are interrupted for active military service and who promptly resumes teaching consistent with federal reemployment timelines for uniformed service personnel under United States Code, title 38, section 4312(e), is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience for purposes of paragraph (a).
- (c) A probationary teacher whose first three years of consecutive employment are interrupted for maternity, paternity, or medical leave and who resumes teaching within 12 months of when the leave began is considered to have a consecutive teaching experience

77.3

77.4

77.5

77.6

77.7

77.8

77.9

77.20

77.21

77.22

77.23

77.24

77.25

77.26

77.27

77.28

77.29

77.30

77.31

77.1	for purposes of paragraph (a) if the probationary teacher completes a combined total of
77.2	three years of teaching service immediately before and after the leave.

- (d) A probationary teacher must complete at least 120 days of teaching service each year during the probationary period. Days devoted to parent-teacher conferences, teachers' workshops, and other staff development opportunities and days on which a teacher is absent from school do not count as days of teaching service under this paragraph.
- (e) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a teacher who has taught for three consecutive years in a single school district or charter school in Minnesota or another state must serve a probationary period no longer than one year in a Minnesota school district.
- 77.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for collective bargaining agreements effective July 1, 2023, and thereafter.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 16. Reporting of hires and terminations. A school district must annually report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board: (1) all new teacher hires and terminations, including layoffs, by race and ethnicity; and (2) the reasons for all teacher resignations and requested leaves of absence. The report must not include data that would personally identify individuals.
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.415, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 4. **Basic alternative teacher compensation aid.** (a) The basic alternative teacher compensation aid for a school with a plan approved under section 122A.414, subdivision 2b, equals 65 percent of the alternative teacher compensation revenue under subdivision 1. The basic alternative teacher compensation aid for a charter school with a plan approved under section 122A.414, subdivisions 2a and 2b, equals \$260 times the number of pupils enrolled in the school on October 1 of the previous year, or on October 1 of the current year for a charter school in the first year of operation, times the ratio of the sum of the alternative teacher compensation aid and alternative teacher compensation levy for all participating school districts to the maximum alternative teacher compensation revenue for those districts under subdivision 1.
  - (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) and subdivision 1, the state total basic alternative teacher compensation aid entitlement must not exceed \$75,840,000 for fiscal year 2016 and \$88,118,000 for fiscal year 2017 2023; \$88,466,000 for fiscal year 2024; \$88,426,000 for

78.1	fiscal year 2025; \$88,244,000 for fiscal year 2026; and \$87,940,000 for fiscal year 2027
78.2	and later. The commissioner must limit the amount of alternative teacher compensation aid
78.3	approved under this section so as not to exceed these limits by not approving new participants
78.4	or by prorating the aid among participating districts, intermediate school districts, school
78.5	sites, and charter schools. The commissioner may also reallocate a portion of the allowable
78.6	aid for the biennium from the second year to the first year to meet the needs of approved
78.7	participants.
78.8	(c) Basic alternative teacher compensation aid for an intermediate district or other
78.9	cooperative unit equals \$3,000 times the number of licensed teachers employed by the
78.10	intermediate district or cooperative unit on October 1 of the previous school year.
78.11	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.59, is amended to read:
78.12	122A.59 COME TEACH IN MINNESOTA HIRING BONUSES.
78.13	Subdivision 1. Purpose. This section establishes a program to support districts and
78.14	schools recruiting and offering hiring bonuses for licensed teachers who are American
78.15	Indian or a person of color from another state or country in order to meet staffing needs in
78.16	shortage areas in economic development regions in Minnesota.
78.17	Subd. 2. Eligibility. A district or school must verify that the hiring bonus is given to
78.18	teachers licensed in persons from another state or country who:
78.19	(1) <u>immediately</u> qualify for a Tier 3 or Tier 4 2 or higher Minnesota license;
78.20	(2) have moved to the economic development region in Minnesota where they were
78.21	hired; and
78.22	(3) belong to a racial or ethnic group that is underrepresented among teachers compared
78.23	to students in the district or school under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b),
78.24	clause (2).
78.25	Subd. 3. <b>Bonus amount.</b> A district or school may offer a signing hiring and retention
78.26	bonus of a minimum of $\$2,500 \underline{\$4,000}$ and a maximum of $\$5,000 \underline{\$8,000}$ to a teacher who
78.27	meets the eligibility requirements. A teacher who meets the eligibility requirements and
78.28	meets a licensure shortage area in the economic development region of the state where the
78.29	school is located may be offered a signing hiring bonus of a minimum of \$4,000 \$5,000
78.30	and a maximum of \$8,000 \$10,000. A teacher must be paid half of the bonus when starting
78.31	employment and half after completing four years of service in the hiring district or school

78.33

improvement plan under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), clause (12) or (13),

if the teacher has demonstrated teaching effectiveness and is not on a professional

79.1

79.2

79.3

79.4

79.5

79.6

79.7

79.8

79.9

79.10

79.11

79.12

79.13

79.14

79.15

79.16

79.17

79.18

79.24

79.25

79.26

79.27

79.28

79.29

HF2497 FIRST UNOFFICIAL

or section 122A.41, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (12) or (13), or is not being
considered for termination for a reason listed in section 122A.40, subdivision 9, including
a teacher hired by a school district located in a city of the first class. A teacher who does
not complete their first school year upon receiving a hiring bonus must repay the hiring
bonus. A teacher must have a Tier 3 or Tier 4 Minnesota teaching license to qualify for the
second half of the bonus. A district must prorate the second half of the bonus if the eligible
teacher is nonrenewed due to reasons not having to do with teaching effectiveness or
misconduct.

- Subd. 4. **Administration.** (a) The commissioner must establish a process for districts or schools to seek reimbursement for hiring bonuses given to teachers in shortage areas moving to and working in Minnesota schools experiencing specific shortages. The commissioner must provide guidance for districts to seek repayment of a hiring bonus from a teacher who does not complete the first year of employment. The department may conduct a pilot program with a small number of teachers during the 2022-2023 biennium to establish feasibility. The department must submit a report by December 1, 2022, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education detailing the effectiveness of the program and recommendations for improvement in future years.
- (b) The commissioner may award participating districts and schools additional funds to
   administer the program, including out-of-state recruiting efforts and retention activities.
   The commissioner may allow participating districts and schools to reserve up to five percent
   of Come Teach in Minnesota funding to administer the program, including for out-of-state
   recruiting efforts and retention activities.
  - Subd. 5. Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program account. (a) An account is established in the special revenue fund known as the "Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program account."
  - (b) Funds appropriated for the Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program under this section must be transferred to the Come Teach in Minnesota Hiring Bonus program account in the special revenue fund.
- 79.30 (c) Money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner for hiring bonuses 79.31 under this section. Any returned funds are available to be regranted.
- 79.32 (d) Up to \$35,000 annually is appropriated to the commissioner for costs associated with developing and administering the program under this section.

80.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> The amendment to subdivision 2 is effective retroactively from
80.2	July 1, 2022. The amendments to subdivisions 1, 3, and 4 are effective the day following
80.3	final enactment.
80.4	Sec. 11. [122A.631] SUPPORTING HERITAGE LANGUAGE AND CULTURE
80.5	TEACHERS.
80.6	Subdivision 1. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to increase the number of heritage
80.7	language and culture teachers in Minnesota.
80.8	Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> "Heritage language and culture teachers" means teachers with a
80.9	connection to a community's language and culture who use this connection to support
80.10	students as they learn academic content or the language and culture of that particular
80.11	community.
80.12	Subd. 3. Eligibility. Applicants for the heritage language and culture licensure pathway
80.13	program must:
80.14	(1) hold a current license issued by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
80.15	Board or meet the criteria for licensure in 122A.181; and
80.16	(2) seek initial, dual, or additional licensure in a heritage language.
80.17	Subd. 4. Heritage language and culture teacher licensure pathway program. (a) The
80.18	Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board shall develop a program to support
80.19	initial and additional licensure for heritage language and culture teachers. The program
80.20	must include:
80.21	(1) a yearlong mentorship program;
80.22	(2) monthly meetings where applicants receive guidance on completing the portfolio
80.23	process from a portfolio liaison, dedicated specifically to facilitating this program;
80.24	(3) a stipend to cover substitute teachers when meetings take place during the school
80.25	<u>day;</u>
80.26	(4) a waiver for all portfolio and licensure testing fees; and
80.27	(5) a portfolio review committee created by the board.
80.28	(b) For applicants seeking an initial license in a world language and culture, the applicant
80.29	must demonstrate meeting the standards of effective practice in Minnesota Rules, part
80.30	8710.2000 and content-specific pedagogical standards in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950,
80.31	through the portfolio process.

(c) For applicants seeking a dual license, the applicant must demonstrate meeting the
standards of effective practice in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.2000, content-specific
pedagogical standards in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, and all standards for the chose
dual license through the portfolio process.
(d) For applicants seeking an additional license in a world language and culture, the
applicant must demonstrate meeting the content-specific pedagogical standards in Minneso
Rules, part 8710.4950.
Subd. 5. Heritage language and culture educators seeking a world language
license. Heritage language and culture teachers seeking a world language and culture licen
pursuant to Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, who demonstrate proficiency through one
the following may use this proficiency to evidence meeting the required content-specific
world language and culture standards, which do not include content-specific pedagogica
standards, for licensure in their heritage language:
(1) passing a board-adopted assessment;
(2) holding a certificate to serve as a translator or interpreter; or
(3) completing an undergraduate or postbaccalaureate degree from an accredited
university where the majority of coursework was taught via the non-English instructional
language.
Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.635, is amended to read:
122A.635 COLLABORATIVE URBAN AND GREATER MINNESOTA
EDUCATORS OF COLOR GRANT PROGRAM.
Subdivision 1. <b>Establishment.</b> The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
Board must award competitive grants to increase the number of teacher candidates who a
of color or who are American Indian, complete teacher preparation programs, and meet the
requirements for a Tier 3 license under section 122A.183. Eligibility for a grant under th
section is limited to public or private higher education institutions that offer a teacher
preparation program approved by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Boar
Subd. 2. Competitive grants. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standard
Board must award competitive grants to a variety of higher education institution types und
this section. The board must require an applicant institution to submit a plan describing ho
it would use grant funds to increase the number of teachers who are of color or who are
American Indian, and must award grants based on the following criteria, listed in descending
order of priority:

(1) the number of teacher candidates being supported in the program who are of color

CM

32.2	or who are American Indian;
32.3	(2) (1) program outcomes, including graduation or program completion rates, and
32.4	licensure recommendation rates, and placement rates for candidates who are of color or
32.5	who are American Indian compared to all candidates enrolled in a teacher preparation
32.6	program at the institution and, for each outcome measure, the number of those teacher
32.7	candidates who are of color or who are American Indian; and
32.8	(3) the percent of racially and ethnically diverse teacher candidates enrolled in the
32.9	institution compared to:
32.10	(i) the total percent of students of color and American Indian students enrolled at the
32.11	institution, regardless of major; and
32.12	(ii) the percent of underrepresented racially and ethnically diverse teachers in the
32.13	economic development region of the state where the institution is located and where a
32.14	shortage of diverse teachers exists, as reported under section 122A.091, subdivision 5.
32.15	(2) the extent to which an institution's plan is clear in describing how the institution
32.16	would use grant funds for implementing explicit research-based practices to provide
32.17	programmatic support to teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian.
32.18	Plans for grant funds may include:
32.19	(i) recruiting more racially and ethnically diverse candidates for admission to teacher
32.20	preparation programs;
32.21	(ii) providing differentiated advising, mentoring, or other supportive community-building
32.22	activities in addition to what the institution provides to all candidates enrolled in the
32.23	institution;
32.24	(iii) providing academic tutoring or support to help teacher candidates pass required
32.25	assessments; and
32.26	(iv) providing for program staffing expenses;
32.27	(3) an institution's plan to provide direct financial assistance as scholarships or stipends
32.28	within the allowable dollar range determined by the board under subdivision 3, paragraph
32.29	(b), to teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian;
32.30	(b) The board must give priority in awarding grants under this section to institutions that
32.31	received grants under Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57,
32.32	subdivision 27, and have demonstrated continuing success at recruiting, retaining, graduating,

and inducting (4) whether the institution has previously received a competitive grant under

thi	s section and has demonstrated positive outcomes from the use of grant funds for efforts
<u>he</u>	lping teacher candidates who are of color or who are American Indian-to enroll in and
su	ccessfully complete teacher preparation programs and be recommended for licensure;
	(5) geographic diversity among the institutions. In order to expand the number of grant
rec	cipients throughout the state, whenever there is at least a 20 percent increase in the base
ap	propriation for this grant program, the board must prioritize awarding grants to institutions
ou	tside of the Twin Cities metropolitan area. If the board awards a competitive grant based
on	the criteria in paragraph (a) to a program that has not previously received funding, the
bo	ard must thereafter give priority to the program equivalent to other programs given priority
<del>un</del>	der this paragraph. that have received grants and demonstrated positive outcomes; and
	(6) the percentage of racially and ethnically diverse teacher candidates enrolled in the
ins	stitution compared to:
	(i) the aggregate percentage of students of color and American Indian students enrolled
in	the institution, regardless of major; and
	(ii) the percentage of underrepresented racially and ethnically diverse teachers in the
ec	onomic development region of the state where the institution is located and where a
sh	ortage of diverse teachers exists, as reported under section 122A.091, subdivision 5.
	(b) The board must not penalize an applicant institution in the grant review process for
us	ing grant funds only to provide direct financial support to teacher candidates if that is the
ins	stitution's priority and the institution uses other resources to provide programmatic suppor
to	candidates.
	(c) The board must determine award amounts for <u>development</u> , maintenance <del>and</del> , or
ex	pansion of programs based only on the degree to which applicants meet the criteria in
thi	s subdivision, the number of candidates who are of color or who are American Indian
su	pported by an applicant program, sustaining support for those candidates, and funds
av	ailable.
	(d) The board must determine grant awards in part by multiplying the number of teacher
ca	ndidates to be provided direct financial assistance by the average amount the institution
pro	oposes per candidate that is within the allowable dollar range. After assessing an
ins	stitution's adherence to grant criteria and funds available, the board may grant an institution
<u>a 1</u>	ower average amount per candidate and the institution may decide to award less per
ca	ndidate or provide financial assistance to fewer candidates within the allowable range.
Αc	dditionally, an institution may use up to 25 percent of the awarded grant funds to provide

84.2

84.3

84.4

84.5

84.6

84.7

84.8

84.9

84.10

84.11

84.12

84.13

84.14

84.15

84.16

84.17

84.18

84.19

84.20

84.21

84.22

84.23

84.24

84.25

84.26

84.27

84.28

84.29

84.30

84.31

84.32

84.33

programmatic support as described in paragraph (a), clause (3). If the board does not award an applicant institution's full request, the board must allow the institution to modify how it uses grant funds to maximize program outcomes consistent with the requirements of this section.

- Subd. 3. **Grant program administration.** (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board may enter into an interagency agreement with the Office of Higher Education. The agreement may include a transfer of funds to the Office of Higher Education to help establish and administer the competitive grant process. The board must award grants to institutions located in various economic development regions throughout the state, but must not predetermine the number of institutions to be awarded grants under this section or set a limit for the amount that any one institution may receive as part of the competitive grant application process.
- (b) The board must establish a standard allowable dollar range for the amount of direct financial assistance an applicant institution may provide to each candidate. To determine the range, the board may collect de-identified data from institutions that received a grant during the previous grant period and calculate the average scholarship amount awarded to all candidates across all institutions using the most recent fiscal year data available. The calculation may be used to determine a scholarship range that is no more than 25 percent of this amount and no less than half the average of this amount. The purpose of direct financial assistance is to assist candidates matriculating through completing licensure programs if they demonstrate financial need after considering other grants and scholarships provided.
- (c) All grants must be awarded by August 15 of the fiscal year in which the grants are to be used except that, for initial competitive grants awarded for fiscal year 2020, grants must be awarded by September 15. An institution that receives a grant under this section may use the grant funds over a two- to four-year period to sustain support for teacher candidates at any stage from recruitment and program admission to graduation and licensure application.
- Subd. 4. **Report.** (a) By January August 15 of each year, an institution awarded a grant under this section must prepare for the legislature and the board a detailed report regarding the expenditure of grant funds, including the amounts used to recruit, retain, and induct support teacher candidates of color or who are American Indian teacher candidates to complete programs and be recommended for licensure. The report must include:

	(1) (1 ) (1 ) (1 ) (1 ) (1 ) (1 ) (1 )
85.1	(1) the total number of teacher candidates of color, disaggregated by race or ethnic group,
85.2	who and American Indian teacher candidates who:
85.3	(i) are enrolled in the institution;
85.4	(ii) are supported by grant funds with direct financial assistance during the academic
85.5	reporting year;
85.6	(iii) are supported with other programmatic supports;
85.7	(iv) are recruited to the institution, are and newly admitted to the a licensure program,
85.8	are enrolled in the;
85.9	(v) are enrolled in a licensure program;
85.10	(vi) have completed a licensure program, have completed student teaching, have
85.11	graduated, are licensed, and are newly employed as Minnesota teachers in their licensure
85.12	field. A grant recipient must report; and
85.13	(vii) were recommended for licensure in the field for which they were prepared;
85.14	(2) the total number of teacher candidates of color or who are American Indian teacher
85.15	candidates at each stage from recruitment program admission to licensed teaching licensure
85.16	recommendation as a percentage of total all candidates seeking the same licensure at the
85.17	institution-; and
85.18	(3) a brief narrative describing the successes and challenges of efforts proposed in the
85.19	grant application to support candidates with grant funds, and lessons learned for future
85.20	efforts.
85.21	(b) By November 1 of each year, the board must post a report on its website summarizing
85.22	the activities and outcomes of grant recipients and results that promote sharing of effective
85.23	practices and lessons learned among grant recipients.
85.24	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.70, is amended to read:
85.25	122A.70 TEACHER MENTORSHIP AND RETENTION OF EFFECTIVE
85.26	TEACHERS.
85.27	Subdivision 1. Teacher mentoring, induction, and retention programs. (a) School
85.28	districts must develop teacher mentoring programs for teachers new to the profession or
85.29	district, including teaching residents, teachers of color, teachers who are American Indian,
85.30	teachers in license shortage areas, teachers with special needs, or experienced teachers in
85.31	need of peer coaching.

86.2

86.3

86.4

86.5

86.6

86.7

86.8

86.9

86.10

86.11

86.12

86.13

86.14

86.15

86.16

86.17

86.18

86.19

86.20

86.21

86.22

86.23

86.24

86.25

86.26

86.27

86.28

86.29

86.30

86.31

86.32

86.33

(b) Teacher mentoring programs must be included in or aligned with districts' teacher
evaluation and peer review processes under sections 122A.40, subdivision 8, and 122A.41,
subdivision 5. A district may use staff development revenue under section 122A.61, special
grant programs established by the legislature, or another funding source to pay a stipend to
a mentor who may be a current or former teacher who has taught at least three years and is
not on an improvement plan. Other initiatives using such funds or funds available under
sections 124D.861 and 124D.862 may include:
(1) additional stipends as incentives to mentors of color or who are American Indian;

- (2) financial supports for professional learning community affinity groups across schools within and between districts for teachers from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups to come together throughout the school year. For purposes of this section, "affinity groups" are groups of educators who share a common racial or ethnic identity in society as persons of color or who are American Indian;
- (3) programs for induction aligned with the district or school mentorship program during the first three years of teaching, especially for teachers from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups; or
- (4) grants supporting licensed and nonlicensed educator participation in professional development, such as workshops and graduate courses, related to increasing student achievement for students of color and American Indian students in order to close opportunity and achievement gaps.
- (c) A school or district that receives a grant must negotiate additional retention strategies or protection from unrequested leave of absences in the beginning years of employment for teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian. Retention strategies may include providing financial incentives for teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian to work in the school or district for at least five years and placing American Indian educators at sites with other American Indian educators and educators of color at sites with other educators of color to reduce isolation and increase opportunity for collegial support.
- Subd. 2. **Board grants.** The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must make grant application forms available to sites interested in developing, sustaining, or expanding a mentorship program. A school district; a or group of school districts; a coalition of districts, teachers, and teacher education institutions; or, a school or coalition of schools, or a coalition of teachers, or nonlicensed educators may apply for a program grant. A higher education institution or nonprofit organization may partner with a grant applicant but is not eligible as a sole applicant for grant funds. The Professional Educator Licensing and

87.1	Standards Board, in consultation with the teacher mentoring task force, must approve or
87.2	disapprove the applications. To the extent possible, the approved applications must reflect
87.3	effective mentoring, professional development, and retention components, and be
87.4	geographically distributed throughout the state. The Professional Educator Licensing and
87.5	Standards Board must encourage the selected sites to consider the use of its assessment
87.6	procedures.
87.7	Subd. 2a. Funded work. (a) Grant funds may be used for the following:
87.8	(1) additional stipends as incentives to mentors who are of color or who are American
87.9	Indian;
87.10	(2) financial supports for professional learning community affinity groups across schools
87.11	within and between districts for educators from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups
87.12	to come together throughout the school year. For purposes of this section, "affinity groups"
87.13	means groups of licensed and nonlicensed educators who share a common racial or ethnic
87.14	identity in society as persons who are of color or who are American Indian;
87.15	(3) programs for induction aligned with the district or school mentorship program during
87.16	the first three years of teaching, especially for teachers from underrepresented racial and
87.17	ethnic groups;
87.18	(4) professional development focused on ways to close opportunity and achievement
87.19	gaps for students of color and American Indian students; or
87.20	(5) for teachers of color and American Indian teachers, graduate courses toward a first
87.21	master's degree in a field related to their licensure or toward an additional license.
87.22	(b) A charter school or district that receives a grant must negotiate additional retention
87.23	strategies or protection from unrequested leaves of absence in the beginning years of
87.24	employment for teachers who are of color or who are American Indian. Retention strategies
87.25	may include providing financial incentives for teachers of color and teachers who are
87.26	American Indian to work in the school or district for at least five years and placing American
87.27	Indian educators at sites with other American Indian educators and educators of color at
87.28	sites with other educators of color to reduce isolation and increase opportunity for collegial
87.29	support.
87.30	Subd. 3. Criteria for selection. (a) At a minimum, applicants for grants under subdivision
87.31	2 must express commitment to:
87.32	(1) allow staff participation;
87.33	(2) assess skills of both beginning and mentor teachers;

88.1	(3) provide appropriate in-service to needs identified in the assessment;
88.2	(4) provide leadership to the effort;
88.3	(5) cooperate with higher education institutions or teacher educators;
88.4	(6) provide facilities and other resources;
88.5	(7) share findings, materials, and techniques with other school districts; and
88.6	(8) retain teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian.
88.7	(b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must give priority to
88.8	applications to fund programs to induct, mentor, and retain Tier 2 or Tier 3 teachers who
88.9	are of color or who are American Indian, and Tier 2 or Tier 3 teachers in licensure shortage
88.10	areas within the applicant's economic development region.
88.11	Subd. 4. Additional funding. Grant applicants must seek additional funding and
88.12	assistance from sources such as school districts, postsecondary institutions, foundations,
88.13	and the private sector.
88.14	Subd. 5. Program implementation. A grant recipient may use grant funds on
88.15	implementing activities over a period of time up to 24 months. New and expanding
88.16	mentorship sites that receive a board grant under subdivision 2 to design, develop, implement,
88.17	and evaluate their program must participate in activities that support program development
88.18	and implementation.
88.19	Subd. 6. Report. By June September 30 of each year after receiving a grant, recipients
88.20	must submit a report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board on program
88.21	efforts that describes mentoring and induction activities and assesses the impact of these
88.22	programs on teacher effectiveness and retention. The board must publish a summary report
88.23	for the public and submit the report to the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction
88.24	over kindergarten through grade 12 education policy and finance in accordance with section
88.25	3.302 by November 30 of each year.
88.26	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.73, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
88.27	Subd. 2. Grow Your Own district programs. (a) A school district, charter school,
88.28	cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, or Head Start program under section
88.29	119A.50 may apply for a grant for to partner with a Professional Educator Licensing and
88.30	Standards Board-approved teacher preparation program at the undergraduate or
88.31	postbaccalaureate level. Partnerships may also include associate's degree-granting institutions
88.32	to support students in early childhood or education programs that have transfer agreements

89.2

893

89.4

89 5

89.6

89.7

89.8

89.9

89.12

89.14

89.15

89.16

89.17

89.18

89.19

89.20

89.21

89.22

89.23

89.24

89.25

89.29

89.30

89.31

89.32

with board-approved preparation programs at colleges or universities. The grant recipient
must use at least 80 percent of grant funds to provide tuition scholarships or stipends to
enable school district employees or community members affiliated with a school district,
who are of color or American Indian and who seek a teaching license, to participate in the
teacher preparation program.

- (b) A district using grant funds under this subdivision to provide financial support to teacher candidates may require a commitment as determined by the district to teach in the district for a reasonable amount of time that does not exceed five years.
- (c) The maximum grant award under this subdivision is \$850,000. The commissioner 89.10 may consider the number of participants a grant recipient intends to support when determining a grant amount. 89.11
  - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.
- 89.13 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.73, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 3. Grants for programs serving secondary school students. (a) In addition to grants for developing and offering dual-credit postsecondary course options in schools for "Introduction to Teaching" or "Introduction to Education" courses under section 124D.09, subdivision 10, A school district or charter school may apply for grants under this section to offer other innovative programs that encourage secondary school students, especially students of color and American Indian students, to pursue teaching. To be eligible for a grant under this subdivision, a school district or charter school an applicant must ensure that the aggregate percentage of secondary school students of color and American Indian students participating in the program is equal to or greater than the aggregate percentage of students of color and American Indian students in the school district or, charter school, or cooperative unit.
    - (b) A grant recipient must use grant funds awarded under this subdivision for:
- (1) supporting future teacher clubs or service-learning opportunities that provide middle 89.26 89.27 and high school students with experiential learning that supports the success of younger students or peers and increases students' interest in pursuing a teaching career; 89.28
  - (2) developing and offering postsecondary enrollment options for "Introduction to Teaching" or "Introduction to Education" courses consistent with section 124D.09, subdivision 10, that meet degree requirements for teacher licensure;
    - (2) (3) providing direct support, including wrap-around services, for students who are of color or American Indian to enroll and be successful in postsecondary enrollment options

courses under section 124D.09 that would meet degree requirements for teacher licensure; 90.1 90.2 (3) (4) offering scholarships to graduating high school students who are of color or 90.3 American Indian to enroll in board-approved undergraduate teacher preparation programs 90.4 90.5 at a college or university in Minnesota. (c) The maximum grant award under this subdivision is \$500,000. The commissioner 90.6 may consider the number of participants a grant recipient intends to support when determining 90.7 a grant amount. 90.8 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 123B.147, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 90.9 Subd. 3. **Duties**; evaluation. (a) The principal shall provide administrative, supervisory, 90.10 and instructional leadership services, under the supervision of the superintendent of schools 90.11 of the district and according to the policies, rules, and regulations of the school board, for 90.12 the planning, management, operation, and evaluation of the education program of the building 90.13 or buildings to which the principal is assigned. 90.14 (b) To enhance a principal's culturally responsive leadership skills and support and 90.15 improve teaching practices, school performance, and student achievement for diverse student 90.16 populations, including at-risk students, children with disabilities, English learners, and gifted 90.17 90.18 students, among others, a district must develop and implement a performance-based system for annually evaluating school principals assigned to supervise a school building within the 90.19 district. The evaluation must be designed to improve teaching and learning by supporting 90.20 the principal in shaping the school's professional environment and developing teacher 90.21 quality, performance, and effectiveness. The annual evaluation must: 90.22 (1) support and improve a principal's instructional leadership, organizational management, 90.23 and professional development, and strengthen the principal's capacity in the areas of 90.24 90.25 instruction, supervision, evaluation, and teacher development; (2) support and improve a principal's culturally responsive leadership practices that 90.26 90.27 create inclusive and respectful teaching and learning environments for all students, families, and employees; 90.28 (2) (3) include formative and summative evaluations based on multiple measures of 90.29 student progress toward career and college readiness; 90.30

90.31

90.32

(3) (4) be consistent with a principal's job description, a district's long-term plans and

goals, and the principal's own professional multiyear growth plans and goals, all of which

must support the principal's leadership behaviors and practices, rigorous curriculum, school

CM

NGROSSMENT			

- 91.2 performance, and high-quality instruction;
- 91.3 (4) (5) include on-the-job observations and previous evaluations;
- 91.4 (5) (6) allow surveys to help identify a principal's effectiveness, leadership skills and processes, and strengths and weaknesses in exercising leadership in pursuit of school success;
- 91.6 (6) (7) use longitudinal data on student academic growth as 35 percent of the evaluation 91.7 and incorporate district achievement goals and targets;
- 91.8 (7) (8) be linked to professional development that emphasizes improved teaching and learning, curriculum and instruction, student learning, culturally responsive leadership practices, and a collaborative professional culture; and
- 91.11 (8) (9) for principals not meeting standards of professional practice or other criteria 91.12 under this subdivision, implement a plan to improve the principal's performance and specify 91.13 the procedure and consequence if the principal's performance is not improved.
- The provisions of this paragraph are intended to provide districts with sufficient flexibility to accommodate district needs and goals related to developing, supporting, and evaluating principals.
- 91.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.
- 91.18 Sec. 17. [124D.901] STUDENT SUPPORT PERSONNEL AID.
- 91.19 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Definitions.</u> For the purposes of this section, the following terms have 91.20 the meanings given:
- 91.21 (1) "new position" means a student support services personnel full-time or part-time
  91.22 position not under contract by a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit at the
  91.23 start of the 2022-2023 school year;
- 91.24 (2) "part-time position" means a student support services personnel position less than 91.25 1.0 full-time equivalent at the start of the 2022-2023 school year;
- 91.26 (3) "American Rescue Plan Act" means the federal American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, 91.27 Public Law 117-2, that awarded funds; and
- 91.28 (4) "student support services personnel" means an individual licensed to serve as a school 91.29 counselor, school psychologist, school social worker, school nurse, or chemical dependency 91.30 counselor in Minnesota.
- 91.31 Subd. 2. **Purpose.** The purpose of student support personnel aid is to:

92.1	(1) address shortages of student support services personnel within Minnesota schools;
92.2	(2) decrease caseloads for existing student support services personnel to ensure effective
92.3	services;
92.4	(3) ensure that students receive effective student support services and integrated and
92.5	comprehensive services to improve prekindergarten through grade 12 academic, physical,
92.6	social, and emotional outcomes supporting career and college readiness and effective school
92.7	mental health services;
92.8	(4) ensure that student support services personnel serve within the scope and practice
92.9	of their training and licensure;
92.10	(5) fully integrate learning supports, instruction, assessment, data-based decision making,
92.11	and family and community engagement within a comprehensive approach that facilitates
92.12	interdisciplinary collaboration; and
92.13	(6) improve student health, school safety, and school climate to support academic success
92.14	and career and college readiness.
92.15	Subd. 3. Student support personnel aid. (a) The initial student support personnel aid
92.16	for fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year 2025 for a school district equals the greater of \$24 times
92.17	the adjusted pupil units at the district for the current fiscal year or \$25,000. The initial
92.18	student support personnel aid for fiscal year 2026 and later for a school district equals the
92.19	greater of \$44 times the adjusted pupil units at the district for the current fiscal year or
92.20	\$60,000. The initial student support personnel aid for fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year 2025
92.21	for a charter school equals \$22 times the adjusted pupil units at the charter school for the
92.22	current fiscal year. The initial student support personnel aid for fiscal year 2026 and later
92.23	for a charter school equals \$40 times the adjusted pupil units at the charter school for the
92.24	current fiscal year.
92.25	(b) The cooperative student support personnel aid for fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year
92.26	2025 for a school district that is a member of an intermediate school district or other
92.27	cooperative unit that enrolls students equals \$2 times the adjusted pupil units at the member
92.28	district for the current fiscal year. The cooperative student support personnel aid for fiscal
92.29	year 2026 and later for a school district that is a member of an intermediate school district
92.30	or other cooperative unit that enrolls students equals \$4 times the adjusted pupil units at the
92.31	member district for the current fiscal year. If a district is a member of more than one
92.32	cooperative unit that enrolls students, the revenue must be allocated among the cooperative
92.33	units.

ENGROSSMENT			
(c) Notwithstanding paragra	aphs (a) and (b), the stude	ent support personnel	aid must n

exceed the district's or cooperative unit's actual expenditure according to the approved plan

93.3 under subdivision 3.

93.1

93.2

93.4

93.5

93.6

93.7

93.8

93.9

93.10

93.11

93.12

93.13

93.14

93.15

93.16

93.17

93.18

93.19

93.21

Subd. 4. Allowed uses. (a) Aid under this section must be used to hire new positions for student support services personnel or increase a current position that is less than 1.0 full-time equivalent to a greater number of service hours or make permanent a position hired using onetime resources awarded through the American Rescue Plan Act, or to maintain a position that would otherwise be eliminated.

- (b) Cooperative student support personnel aid must be transferred to the intermediate district or other cooperative unit of which the district is a member and used to hire new positions for student support services personnel or increase a current position that is less than 1.0 full-time equivalent to a greater number of service hours or make permanent a position hired using onetime resources awarded through the federal American Rescue Plan Act at the intermediate district or cooperative unit.
- (c) If a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit does not receive at least two applications and is not able to hire a new full-time equivalent position with student support personnel aid, the aid may be used for contracted services from individuals licensed to serve as a school counselor, school psychologist, school social worker, school nurse, or chemical dependency counselor in Minnesota.
- Subd. 5. Report required. By February 1 following any fiscal year in which student 93.20 support personnel aid was received, a school district, charter school, or cooperative unit must submit a written report to the commissioner indicating how the new position affected 93.22 two or more of the following measures: 93.23
- (1) school climate; 93.24
- (2) student health; 93.25
- 93.26 (3) attendance rates;
- 93.27 (4) academic achievement;
- (5) career and college readiness; and 93.28
- (6) postsecondary completion rates. 93.29
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later. 93.30

	ENGROSSIVENT
94.1	Sec. 18. APPROPRIATIONS; DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.
94.2	Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are
94.3	appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal year
94.4	designated.
94.5	Subd. 2. Agricultural educator grants. (a) For agricultural educator grants under Laws
94.6	2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 51:
94.7	<u>\$</u> <u>250,000</u> <u></u> <u>2024</u>
94.8	<u>\$</u>
94.9	(b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
94.10	Subd. 3. Alternative teacher compensation aid. (a) For alternative teacher compensation
94.11	aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.415, subdivision 4:
94.12	<u>\$ 88,443,000 2024</u>
94.13	<u>\$ 88,430,000 2025</u>
94.14	(b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$8,824,000 for fiscal year 2023 and \$79,619,000
94.15	for fiscal year 2024.
94.16	(c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$8,847,000 for fiscal year 2024 and \$79,583,000

Subd. 4. Come Teach in Minnesota hiring bonuses. (a) For the Come Teach in 94.18

Minnesota hiring bonuses pilot program under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.59: 94.19

200,000 <u>.....</u> 2024 94.20 \$ \$ 400,000 ..... 2025 94.21

for fiscal year 2025.

94.17

(b) The department may use up to \$30,000 of the appropriation amount to administer 94.22 and improve the program under this subdivision. 94.23

(c) This appropriation is subject to the requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 94.24 122A.59, subdivision 5. 94.25

(d) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$400,000. 94.26

Subd. 5. Closing educational opportunity gaps grants. (a) To support schools in their 94.27 efforts to close opportunity gaps under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.113: 94.28

4,000,000 \$ .... 2024 94.29 \$ 94.30 4,000,000 ..... 2025 HF2497 FIRST UNOFFICIAL

**ENGROSSMENT** 

(b) The department may retain up to five percent of this appropriation to administer the 95.1 95.2 grant program. 95.3 Subd. 6. Coalition to Increase Teachers of Color and American Indian Teachers. (a) For a grant to the Coalition to Increase Teachers of Color and American Indian Teachers 95.4 95.5 in Minnesota for nonlobbying activities and general operating expenses that support the recruitment and retention of racially and ethnically diverse teachers underrepresented in the 95.6 state's workforce: 95.7 <u>.....</u> <u>2024</u> 95.8 \$ 100,000 \$ 95.9 100,000 ..... 2025 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 95.10 Subd. 7. Expanded concurrent enrollment grants. (a) For grants to institutions offering 95.11 "Introduction to Teaching" or "Introduction to Education" courses under Minnesota Statutes, 95.12 section 124D.09, subdivision 10, paragraph (b): 95.13 <u>.....</u> <u>2024</u> 500,000 95.14 \$ \$ 500,000 ..... 2025 95.15 95.16 (b) Up to five percent of the grant amount is available for grant administration and monitoring. 95.17 95.18 (c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. Subd. 8. Grow Your Own pathways to teacher licensure grants. (a) For grants to 95.19 develop, continue, or expand Grow Your Own new teacher programs under Minnesota 95.20 Statutes, section 122A.73, to develop a teaching workforce that more closely reflects the 95.21 state's increasingly diverse student population and ensure all students have equitable access 95.22 95.23 to effective and diverse teachers: \$ 32,500,000 .... 2024 95.24 <u>.....</u> <u>20</u>25 \$ 32,500,000 95.25 (b) Of the amounts in paragraph (a), \$1,500,000 each year is for grants to early childhood 95.26 educator programs. 95.27 (c) Of the amounts in paragraph (a), at least \$3,000,000 each year is for teacher residency 95.28 programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.68, subdivision 3. 95.29 95.30 (d) This appropriation is subject to the requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.73, subdivision 5. 95.31 (e) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$32,500,000. 95.32

Subd. 9. Minnesota Indian teacher training program grants. (a) For joint grants to 96.1 assist American Indian people to become teachers under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.63: 96.2 96.3 \$ 700,000 ..... 2024 \$ 96.4 700,000 ..... 2025 (b) The department may use up to five percent of the appropriation amount to administer 96.5 the grant program. 96.6 Subd. 10. Reimbursements for teacher licensing and exam fees. (a) For reducing 96.7 financial burdens for aspiring teachers by funding costs associated with Minnesota teacher 96.8 licensing exams and first professional teacher license fees for newly graduated teachers: 96.9 1,400,000 96.10 \$ .... 2024 \$ ..... 2025 96.11 0 (b) The commissioner must establish a process for newly licensed teachers to be 96.12 reimbursed for expenses related to: 96.13 (1) application fees to the board for initial licensure; and 96.14 (2) exam fees for required licensure exams to obtain a teaching license in Minnesota. 96.15 (c) Up to \$50,000 is available for administration, including contracts. 96.16 (d) This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027. 96.17 Subd. 11. Statewide concurrent enrollment teacher training program. (a) For the 96.18 concurrent enrollment teacher partnership under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.76: 96.19 <u>.....</u> <u>202</u>4 \$ 375,000 96.20 \$ 375,000 ..... 2025 96.21 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 96.22 Subd. 12. **Statewide teacher mentoring program.** (a) For a statewide teacher induction 96.23 and mentoring program: 96.24 \$ 9,940,000 96.25 .... 2024 \$ ..... 2025 96.26 (b) Funds may be used for: 96.27 (1) competitive grants to Minnesota regional partners, including institutions of higher 96.28 education, regional service cooperatives, other district or charter collaboratives, and 96.29 professional organizations, to provide mentoring supports for new teachers, on-the-ground 96.30

- 97.8
- 97.9 personnel services that benefit children and young people's social, emotional, and physical 97.10 health through strategies to fund additional positions within early childhood systems, public 97.11 schools, and the Department of Education, and to implement a workforce development 97.12 initiative: 97.13
- \$ 2,550,000 .... 2024 97.14

97.2

97.3

97.4

97.5

97.6

- <u>.....</u> <u>2</u>025 \$ 2,550,000 97.15
- (b) Of this amount, \$2,400,000 each year is to fund a workforce development initiative 97.16 97.17 to increase the number of student support personnel each year.
- (c) Of this amount, \$150,000 each year is to fund a school mental health service lead at 97.18 the Department of Education. 97.19
- Subd. 14. Student support personnel aid. (a) For aid to support schools in addressing 97.20 students' social, emotional, and physical health under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.901: 97.21
- \$ 97.22 23,432,000 ..... 2024
- \$ 25,990,000 ..... 2025 97.23
- (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$0 for 2023 and \$23,432,000 for 2024. 97.24
- (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$2,604,000 for 2024 and \$23,386,000 for 2025. 97.25
- 97.26 Sec. 19. APPROPRIATIONS; PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR LICENSING AND STANDARDS BOARD. 97.27
- 97.28 Subdivision 1. Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board. The sum
- indicated in this section is appropriated from the general fund to the Professional Educator 97.29
- Licensing and Standards Board for the fiscal year designated. 97.30

HF2497 FIRST UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT

	ENGROSSMENT
98.1	Subd. 2. Collaborative urban and greater Minnesota educators of color grants. (a)
98.2	For collaborative urban and greater Minnesota educators of color competitive grants under
98.3	Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.635:
98.4	<u>\$ 5,530,000 2024</u>
98.5	<u>\$ 5,350,000 2025</u>
98.6	(b) The board may retain up to \$100,000 of the appropriation amount to monitor and
98.7	administer the grant program.
98.8	(c) Any balance does not cancel but is available in the following fiscal year.
98.9	(d) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$5,350,000.
98.10	Subd. 3. Heritage language and culture teachers. To support an additional licensure
98.11	pathway program for heritage language and culture teachers under Minnesota Statutes,
98.12	section 122A.631, including funding for a portfolio liaison and funding for substitute teachers
98.13	on meeting days, portfolio fees, licensure fees, and licensure exam fees for 50 program
98.14	participants:
98.15	<u>\$</u> <u>208,000</u> <u></u> <u>2024</u>
98.16	<u>\$</u> <u>208,000</u> <u></u> <u>2025</u>
98.17	Subd. 4. Mentoring, induction, and retention incentive program grants for teachers
98.18	of color. (a) To develop and expand mentoring, induction, and retention programs designed
98.19	for teachers of color or American Indian teachers under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.70:
98.20	<u>\$ 3,496,000 2024</u>
98.21	<u>\$</u> <u>3,496,000</u> <u></u> <u>2025</u>
98.22	(b) Any balance does not cancel but is available in the following fiscal year.
98.23	(c) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$3,496,000, of which at least \$2,500,000
98.24	each fiscal year is for grants to develop and expand mentoring, induction, and retention
98.25	programs designed for teachers of color or American Indian teachers.
98.26	(d) The board may retain up to three percent of the appropriation amount to monitor and
98.27	administer the grant program.
98.28	Subd. 5. Reports on increasing percentage of teachers of color and American Indian
98.29	teachers. (a) For a full-time equivalent employee to complete reports on state-funded
98.30	programs to increase the percentage of teachers of color and American Indian teachers in

98.31

Minnesota schools in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.117, and process

reports under Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.40, subdivision 3, and 122A.41, subdivision 99.1 99.2 \$ 99.3 20,000 .... 2024 <u>.....</u> 2025 \$ 99.4 (b) The base for fiscal year 2026 and later is \$0. 99.5 Subd. 6. Teacher recruitment marketing campaign. (a) To develop two contracts to 99.6 develop and implement an outreach and marketing campaign under this subdivision: 99.7 \$ 500,000 .... 2024 99.8 \$ 500,000 ..... 2025 99.9 (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue a request for 99.10 proposals to develop and implement an outreach and marketing campaign to elevate the 99.11 profession and recruit teachers, especially teachers of color and American Indian teachers. 99.12 Outreach efforts should include and support current and former Teacher of the Year finalists 99.13 99.14 interested in being recruitment fellows to encourage prospective educators throughout the 99.15 state. 99.16 (c) The outreach and marketing campaign must focus on increasing interest in teaching in Minnesota public schools for the following individuals: 99.17 99.18 (1) high school and college students of color or American Indian students who have not chosen a career path; or 99.19 (2) adults from racial or ethnic groups underrepresented in the teacher workforce who 99.20 may be seeking to change careers. 99.21 (d) The board must award two \$250,000 grants each year to firms or organizations that 99.22 demonstrate capacity to reach wide and varied audiences of prospective teachers based on 99.23 a work plan with quarterly deliverables. Preferences should be given to firms or organizations 99.24 that are led by people of color and that have people of color working on the campaign with 99.25 a proven record of success. The grant recipients must recognize current pathways or programs 99.26 to become a teacher and must partner with educators, schools, institutions, and racially 99.27 diverse communities. The grant recipients are encouraged to provide in-kind contributions 99.28 or seek funds from nonstate sources to supplement the grant award. 99.29 (e) The board may use no more than three percent of the appropriation amount to 99.30 administer the program under this subdivision, and may have an interagency agreement 99.31

99.32

99.33

(f) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

with the Department of Education including transfer of funds to help administer the program.

100.5

100.6

100.7

100.8

100.9

100.10

100.11

100.12

100.13

100.14

100.15

100.17

CM

**ARTICLE 5** 100.1

100.2 SPECIAL EDUCATION

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120A.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 100.3

Subdivision 1. Age limitations; pupils. (a) All schools supported in whole or in part by state funds are public schools. Admission to a public school is free to any person who: (1) resides within the district that operates the school; (2) is under 21 years of age or who meets the requirements of paragraph (c); and (3) satisfies the minimum age requirements imposed by this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of any law to the contrary, the conduct of all students under 21 years of age attending a public secondary school is governed by a single set of reasonable rules and regulations promulgated by the school board.

- (b) A person shall not be admitted to a public school (1) as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a 1st grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except that any school board may establish a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age under section 124D.02.
- 100.18 (c) A pupil who becomes age 21 after enrollment is eligible for continued free public school enrollment until at least one of the following occurs: (1) the first September 1 after 100.19 the pupil's 21st birthday; (2) the pupil's completion of the graduation requirements; (3) the 100.20 pupil's withdrawal with no subsequent enrollment within 21 calendar days; or (4) the end 100.21 of the school year; or (5) in the case of a student with a disability as defined under section 100.22 125A.02, the pupil's 22nd birthday. 100.23
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 121A.41, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 100.24
- Subd. 7. **Pupil.** (a) "Pupil" means any student: 100.25
- (1) without a disability under 21 years of age; or 100.26
- 100.27 (2) with a disability under 21 22 years old who has not received a regular high school diploma or for a child with a disability who becomes 21 years old during the school year 100.28 but has not received a regular high school diploma, until the end of that school year; and 100.29
- 100.30 (3) who remains eligible to attend a public elementary or secondary school.
- (b) A "student with a disability" or a "pupil with a disability" has the same meaning as 100.31 a "child with a disability" under section 125A.02. 100.32

101.2

101.3

101.4

101.5

101.6

101.7

101.8

101.9

101.25

101.26

101.27

101.28

101.29

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 101.1

Subdivision 1. Requirements for American sign language/English interpreters. (a) In addition to any other requirements that a school district establishes, any person employed to provide American sign language/English interpreting or sign transliterating services on a full-time or part-time basis for a school district after July 1, 2000, must:

- (1) hold current interpreter and or transliterator certificates awarded by the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf (RID), or the general level interpreter proficiency certificate awarded by the National Association of the Deaf (NAD), or a comparable state certification from the commissioner of education;, and
- (2) satisfactorily complete an interpreter/transliterator training program affiliated with 101.10 an accredited educational institution-; or 101.11
- (2) hold a certified deaf interpreter certification issued by RID. 101.12
- (b) New graduates of an interpreter/transliterator program affiliated with an accredited 101.13 education institution or certified deaf interpreters who hold a certification issued by RID 101.14 shall be granted a two-year provisional certificate by the commissioner. During the two-year 101.15 provisional period, the interpreter/transliterator must develop and implement an education 101.16 plan in collaboration with a mentor under paragraph (c). 101.17
- (c) A mentor of a provisionally certified interpreter/transliterator must be an 101.18 interpreter/transliterator who has either NAD level IV or V certification or RID certified 101.19 interpreter and certified transliterator certification and have at least three years of 101.20 interpreting/transliterating experience in any educational setting. The mentor, in collaboration 101.21 with the provisionally certified interpreter/transliterator, shall develop and implement an 101.22 education plan designed to meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (1), and include 101.23 a weekly on-site mentoring process. 101.24
  - (d) Consistent with the requirements of this paragraph, a person holding a provisional certificate may apply to the commissioner for one time-limited extension. The commissioner, in consultation with the Commission of the Deaf, DeafBlind and Hard of Hearing, must grant the person a time-limited extension of the provisional certificate based on the following documentation:
- 101.30 (1) letters of support from the person's mentor, a parent of a pupil the person serves, the special education director of the district in which the person is employed, and a representative 101.31 from the regional service center of the deaf and hard-of-hearing; 101.32

(2) records of the person's formal education, training, experience, and progress on the 102.1 person's education plan; and 102.2 102.3 (3) an explanation of why the extension is needed. As a condition of receiving the extension, the person must comply with a plan and the 102.4 102.5 accompanying time line timeline for meeting the requirements of this subdivision. A committee composed of the deaf and hard-of-hearing state specialist, a representative of 102.6 the Minnesota Association of Deaf Citizens, a representative of the Minnesota Registry of 102.7 Interpreters of for the Deaf, and other appropriate persons committee members selected by 102.8 the commissioner must develop the plan and time line timeline for the person receiving the 102.9 extension. 102.10 (e) A school district may employ only an interpreter/transliterator who has been certified 102.11 under paragraph (a) or (b), or for whom a time-limited extension has been granted under 102.12 paragraph (d). 102.13 (f) An interpreter who meets the requirements of paragraph (a) is "essential personnel" 102.14 as defined in section 125A.76, subdivision 1. 102.15 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 123B.92, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 102.16 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section and section 125A.76, the terms 102.17 defined in this subdivision have the meanings given to them. 102.18 (a) "Actual expenditure per pupil transported in the regular and excess transportation 102.19 categories" means the quotient obtained by dividing: 102.20 (1) the sum of: 102.21 (i) all expenditures for transportation in the regular category, as defined in paragraph 102.22 (b), clause (1), and the excess category, as defined in paragraph (b), clause (2), plus 102.23 (ii) an amount equal to one year's depreciation on the district's school bus fleet and 102.24 mobile units computed on a straight line basis at the rate of 15 percent per year for districts 102.25 102.26 operating a program under section 124D.128 for grades 1 to 12 for all students in the district and 12-1/2 percent per year for other districts of the cost of the fleet, plus 102.27 (iii) an amount equal to one year's depreciation on the district's type III vehicles, as 102.28

year of the cost of the type three school buses by:

102.29

102.30

102.31

defined in section 169.011, subdivision 71, which must be used a majority of the time for

pupil transportation purposes, computed on a straight line basis at the rate of 20 percent per

- (2) the number of pupils eligible for transportation in the regular category, as defined 103.1 in paragraph (b), clause (1), and the excess category, as defined in paragraph (b), clause 103.2 103.3 **(2)**.
- (b) "Transportation category" means a category of transportation service provided to 103.4 103.5 pupils as follows:
  - (1) Regular transportation is:

- 103.7 (i) transportation to and from school during the regular school year for resident elementary pupils residing one mile or more from the public or nonpublic school they attend, and 103.8 resident secondary pupils residing two miles or more from the public or nonpublic school 103.9 they attend, excluding desegregation transportation and noon kindergarten transportation; 103.10 but with respect to transportation of pupils to and from nonpublic schools, only to the extent 103.11 103.12 permitted by sections 123B.84 to 123B.87;
- (ii) transportation of resident pupils to and from language immersion programs; 103.13
- (iii) transportation of a pupil who is a custodial parent and that pupil's child between the 103.14 pupil's home and the child care provider and between the provider and the school, if the home and provider are within the attendance area of the school; 103.16
- (iv) transportation to and from or board and lodging in another district, of resident pupils 103.17 of a district without a secondary school; 103.18
- (v) transportation to and from school during the regular school year required under 103.19 subdivision 3 for nonresident elementary pupils when the distance from the attendance area 103.20 border to the public school is one mile or more, and for nonresident secondary pupils when 103.21 the distance from the attendance area border to the public school is two miles or more, 103.22 excluding desegregation transportation and noon kindergarten transportation; and 103.23
- (vi) transportation of pregnant or parenting pupils to and from a program that was 103.24 established on or before January 1, 2018, or that is in operation on or after July 1, 2021, 103.25 that provides: 103.26
- 103.27 (A) academic instruction;
- (B) at least four hours per week of parenting instruction; and 103.28
- 103.29 (C) high-quality child care on site during the education day with the capacity to serve all children of enrolled pupils. 103.30
- 103.31 For the purposes of this paragraph, a district may designate a licensed day care facility, school day care facility, respite care facility, the residence of a relative, or the residence of 103.32

104.2

104.3

104.4

104.5

104.6

104.7

104.8

104.9

104.10

104.11

104.13

104.14

104.15

104.16

104.30

a person or other location chosen by the pupil's parent or guardian, or an after-school program for children operated by a political subdivision of the state, as the home of a pupil for part or all of the day, if requested by the pupil's parent or guardian, and if that facility, residence, or program is within the attendance area of the school the pupil attends.

## (2) Excess transportation is:

- (i) transportation to and from school during the regular school year for resident secondary pupils residing at least one mile but less than two miles from the public or nonpublic school they attend, and transportation to and from school for resident pupils residing less than one mile from school who are transported because of full-service school zones, extraordinary traffic, drug, or crime hazards; and
- (ii) transportation to and from school during the regular school year required under subdivision 3 for nonresident secondary pupils when the distance from the attendance area border to the school is at least one mile but less than two miles from the public school they attend, and for nonresident pupils when the distance from the attendance area border to the school is less than one mile from the school and who are transported because of full-service school zones, extraordinary traffic, drug, or crime hazards.
- (3) Desegregation transportation is transportation within and outside of the district during 104.17 the regular school year of pupils to and from schools located outside their normal attendance 104.18 areas under a plan for desegregation mandated by the commissioner or under court order. 104.19
- (4) "Transportation services for pupils with disabilities" is: 104.20
- (i) transportation of pupils with disabilities who cannot be transported on a regular school 104.21 bus between home or a respite care facility and school; 104.22
- (ii) necessary transportation of pupils with disabilities from home or from school to 104.23 other buildings, including centers such as developmental achievement centers, hospitals, 104.24 104.25 and treatment centers where special instruction or services required by sections 125A.03 to 125A.24, 125A.26 to 125A.48, and 125A.65 are provided, within or outside the district 104.26 where services are provided; 104.27
- (iii) necessary transportation for resident pupils with disabilities required by sections 104.28 125A.12, and 125A.26 to 125A.48; 104.29
  - (iv) board and lodging for pupils with disabilities in a district maintaining special classes;
- (v) transportation from one educational facility to another within the district for resident 104.31 pupils enrolled on a shared-time basis in educational programs, and necessary transportation 104.32 required by sections 125A.18, and 125A.26 to 125A.48, for resident pupils with disabilities 104.33

105.2

105.3

105.4

105.5

105.6

105.7

105.8

105.9

who are provided special instruction and services on a shared-time basis or if resident pupils are not transported, the costs of necessary travel between public and private schools or neutral instructional sites by essential personnel employed by the district's program for children with a disability;

- (vi) transportation for resident pupils with disabilities to and from board and lodging facilities when the pupil is boarded and lodged for educational purposes;
- (vii) transportation of pupils for a curricular field trip activity on a school bus equipped with a power lift when the power lift is required by a student's disability or section 504 plan; and
- (viii) services described in clauses (i) to (vii), when provided for pupils with disabilities in conjunction with a summer instructional program that relates to the pupil's individualized education program or in conjunction with a learning year program established under section 124D.128.
- For purposes of computing special education initial aid under section 125A.76, the cost 105.14 of providing transportation for children with disabilities includes (A) the additional cost of 105.15 transporting a student in a shelter care facility as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 105.16 30, a student placed in a family foster home as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 105.17 16b, a homeless student in another district to the school of origin, or a formerly homeless 105.18 student from a permanent home in another district to the school of origin but only through 105.19 the end of the academic year; and (B) depreciation on district-owned school buses purchased 105.20 after July 1, 2005, and used primarily for transportation of pupils with disabilities, calculated 105.21 according to paragraph (a), clauses (ii) and (iii). Depreciation costs included in the disabled 105.22 transportation category must be excluded in calculating the actual expenditure per pupil 105.23 transported in the regular and excess transportation categories according to paragraph (a). 105.24 For purposes of subitem (A), a school district may transport a child who does not have a 105.25 school of origin to the same school attended by that child's sibling, if the siblings are homeless 105.26 or in a shelter care facility. 105.27
- 105.28 (5) "Nonpublic nonregular transportation" is:
- (i) transportation from one educational facility to another within the district for resident pupils enrolled on a shared-time basis in educational programs, excluding transportation for nonpublic pupils with disabilities under clause (4);
  - (ii) transportation within district boundaries between a nonpublic school and a public school or a neutral site for nonpublic school pupils who are provided pupil support services pursuant to section 123B.44; and

105.32

105.33

106.4

106.5

106.1	(iii) late transportation home from school or between schools within a district for
106.2	nonpublic school pupils involved in after-school activities.

- (c) "Mobile unit" means a vehicle or trailer designed to provide facilities for educational programs and services, including diagnostic testing, guidance and counseling services, and health services. A mobile unit located off nonpublic school premises is a neutral site as defined in section 123B.41, subdivision 13.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.128, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Commissioner designation.** (a) A state-approved alternative program designated by the state must be a site. A state-approved alternative program must provide services to students who meet the criteria in section 124D.68 and who are enrolled in:
- 106.11 (1) a district that is served by the state-approved alternative program; or
- 106.12 (2) a charter school located within the geographic boundaries of a district that is served 106.13 by the state-approved alternative program.
- 106.14 (b) To be designated, a state-approved alternative program must demonstrate to the commissioner that it will:
- 106.16 (1) provide a program of instruction that permits pupils to receive instruction throughout
  106.17 the entire year; and
- (2) develop and maintain a separate record system that, for purposes of section 126C.05, 106.18 permits identification of membership attributable to pupils participating in the program. 106.19 The record system and identification must ensure that the program will not have the effect 106.20 of increasing the total average daily membership attributable to an individual pupil as a 106.21 result of a learning year program. The record system must include the date the pupil originally 106.22 enrolled in a learning year program, the pupil's grade level, the date of each grade promotion, 106.23 the average daily membership generated in each grade level, the number of credits or 106.24 standards earned, and the number needed to graduate. 106.25
- (c) A student who has not completed a school district's graduation requirements may continue to enroll in courses the student must complete in order to graduate until the student satisfies the district's graduation requirements or the student is 21 years old, whichever comes first. A student with a disability as set forth in section 125A.02 may continue to enroll in courses until the student graduates with a regular high school diploma or the student is 22 years old, whichever comes first.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.68, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Eligible pupils.** (a) A pupil under the age of 21 or who meets the requirements of section 120A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), is eligible to participate in the graduation incentives program, if the pupil:
- 107.5 (1) performs substantially below the performance level for pupils of the same age in a locally determined achievement test;
- 107.7 (2) is behind in satisfactorily completing coursework or obtaining credits for graduation;
- 107.8 (3) is pregnant or is a parent;
- 107.9 (4) has been assessed as having substance use disorder;
- 107.10 (5) has been excluded or expelled according to sections 121A.40 to 121A.56;
- 107.11 (6) has been referred by a school district for enrollment in an eligible program or a program pursuant to section 124D.69;
- 107.13 (7) is a victim of physical or sexual abuse;
- 107.14 (8) has experienced mental health problems;
- 107.15 (9) has experienced homelessness sometime within six months before requesting a transfer to an eligible program;
- (10) speaks English as a second language or is an English learner;
- 107.18 (11) has withdrawn from school or has been chronically truant; or
- 107.19 (12) is being treated in a hospital in the seven-county metropolitan area for cancer or other life threatening illness or is the sibling of an eligible pupil who is being currently treated, and resides with the pupil's family at least 60 miles beyond the outside boundary of the seven-county metropolitan area.
- (b) A pupil otherwise qualifying under paragraph (a) who is at least 21 years of age and not yet 22 years of age, and is an English learner with an interrupted formal education according to section 124D.59, subdivision 2a, or is a pupil with a disability as set forth in section 125A.02, is eligible to participate in the graduation incentives program under section 124D.68 and in concurrent enrollment courses offered under section 124D.09, subdivision 107.28 10, and is funded in the same manner as other pupils under this section.

108.2

108.3

108.4

108.5

108.6

108.7

108.8

108.9

108.10

108.11

108.18

108.19

108.20

108.21

108.22

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 125A.03, is amended to read:

## 125A.03 SPECIAL INSTRUCTION FOR CHILDREN WITH A DISABILITY.

- (a) As defined in paragraph (b), every district must provide special instruction and services, either within the district or in another district, for all children with a disability, including providing required services under Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 300.121, paragraph (d), to those children suspended or expelled from school for more than ten school days in that school year, who are residents of the district and who are disabled as set forth in section 125A.02. For purposes of state and federal special education laws, the phrase "special instruction and services" in the state Education Code means a free and appropriate public education provided to an eligible child with disabilities. "Free appropriate public education" means special education and related services that:
- (1) are provided at public expense, under public supervision and direction, and without charge;
- 108.14 (2) meet the standards of the state, including the requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B or C;
- 108.16 (3) include an appropriate preschool, elementary school, or secondary school education; 108.17 and
  - (4) are provided to children ages three through 21 in conformity with an individualized education program that meets the requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, subpart A, sections 300.320 to 300.324, and provided to infants and toddlers in conformity with an individualized family service plan that meets the requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, subpart A, sections 303.300 to 303.346.
- 108.23 (b) Notwithstanding any age limits in laws to the contrary, special instruction and services must be provided from birth until July 1 after the child with a disability becomes 21 years 108.24 old until the child with a disability becomes 22 years old but shall not extend beyond 108.25 secondary school or its equivalent, except as provided in section 124D.68, subdivision 2. 108.26 Local health, education, and social service agencies must refer children under age five who are known to need or suspected of needing special instruction and services to the school 108.28 108.29 district. Districts with less than the minimum number of eligible children with a disability as determined by the commissioner must cooperate with other districts to maintain a full 108.30 range of programs for education and services for children with a disability. This section 108.31 does not alter the compulsory attendance requirements of section 120A.22. 108.32

109.2

109.3

109.4

109.5

109.6

109.7

109.8

109.9

109.10

109.11

109.12

CM

(c) At the board's discretion, a school district that participates in a reciprocity agreement with a neighboring state under section 124D.041 may enroll and provide special instruction and services to a child from an adjoining state whose family resides at a Minnesota address as assigned by the United States Postal Service if the district has completed child identification procedures for that child to determine the child's eligibility for special education services, and the child has received developmental screening under sections 121A.16 to 121A.19.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 125A.08, is amended to read:

## 125A.08 INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAMS.

- (a) At the beginning of each school year, each school district shall have in effect, for each child with a disability, an individualized education program.
  - (b) As defined in this section, every district must ensure the following:
- (1) all students with disabilities are provided the special instruction and services which 109.13 are appropriate to their needs. Where the individualized education program team has 109.14 determined appropriate goals and objectives based on the student's needs, including the extent to which the student can be included in the least restrictive environment, and where 109.17 there are essentially equivalent and effective instruction, related services, or assistive technology devices available to meet the student's needs, cost to the district may be among 109.18 the factors considered by the team in choosing how to provide the appropriate services, 109.19 instruction, or devices that are to be made part of the student's individualized education 109.20 program. The individualized education program team shall consider and may authorize services covered by medical assistance according to section 256B.0625, subdivision 26. 109.22 Before a school district evaluation team makes a determination of other health disability 109.23 under Minnesota Rules, part 3525.1335, subparts 1 and 2, item A, subitem (1), the evaluation 109.24 team must seek written documentation of the student's medically diagnosed chronic or acute 109.25 health condition signed by a licensed physician or a licensed health care provider acting 109.26 within the scope of the provider's practice. The student's needs and the special education 109.27 instruction and services to be provided must be agreed upon through the development of 109.28 an individualized education program. The program must address the student's need to develop 109.29 skills to live and work as independently as possible within the community. The individualized 109.30 education program team must consider positive behavioral interventions, strategies, and 109.31 supports that address behavior needs for children. During grade 9, the program must address 109.32 the student's needs for transition from secondary services to postsecondary education and 109.33 training, employment, community participation, recreation, and leisure and home living. In 109.34

110.1

110.2

110.3

110.4

110.5

110.6

110.7

110.8

110.13

110.15

110.22

110.24

110.25

developing the program, districts must inform parents of the full range of transitional goals and related services that should be considered. The program must include a statement of the needed transition services, including a statement of the interagency responsibilities or linkages or both before secondary services are concluded. If the individualized education program meets the plan components in section 120B.125, the individualized education program satisfies the requirement and no additional transition plan is needed;

- (2) children with a disability under age five and their families are provided special instruction and services appropriate to the child's level of functioning and needs;
- (3) children with a disability and their parents or guardians are guaranteed procedural 110.9 110.10 safeguards and the right to participate in decisions involving identification, assessment including assistive technology assessment, and educational placement of children with a 110.11 disability; 110 12
  - (4) eligibility and needs of children with a disability are determined by an initial evaluation or reevaluation, which may be completed using existing data under United States Code, title 20, section 33, et seq.;
- 110.16 (5) to the maximum extent appropriate, children with a disability, including those in public or private institutions or other care facilities, are educated with children who are not 110.17 disabled, and that special classes, separate schooling, or other removal of children with a disability from the regular educational environment occurs only when and to the extent that 110.19 the nature or severity of the disability is such that education in regular classes with the use 110.20 of supplementary services cannot be achieved satisfactorily; 110.21
  - (6) in accordance with recognized professional standards, testing and evaluation materials, and procedures used for the purposes of classification and placement of children with a disability are selected and administered so as not to be racially or culturally discriminatory; and
- (7) the rights of the child are protected when the parents or guardians are not known or 110.26 not available, or the child is a ward of the state. 110.27
- (c) For all paraprofessionals employed to work in programs whose role in part is to 110.28 provide direct support to students with disabilities, the school board in each district shall ensure that: 110.30
- (1) before or beginning at the time of employment, each paraprofessional must develop 110.31 sufficient knowledge and skills in emergency procedures, building orientation, roles and 110.32 responsibilities, confidentiality, vulnerability, and reportability, among other things, to begin

111.2

111.3

111.4

111.5

111.6

111.7

111.8

111.9

111.10

111.11

111.12

111.13

111.14

111.15

111.16

111.17

111.18

111.19

111.21

111.22

111.23

111.24

111.25

111.26

111.27

meeting the needs, especially disability-specific and behavioral needs, of the students with whom the paraprofessional works;

- (2) before beginning work alone with an individual student with a disability, the assigned paraprofessional must be either given paid time, or time during the school day, to review a student's individualized education program or be briefed on the student's specific needs by appropriate staff;
- (2) (3) annual training opportunities are required to enable the paraprofessional to continue to further develop the knowledge and skills that are specific to the students with whom the paraprofessional works, including understanding disabilities, the unique and individual needs of each student according to the student's disability and how the disability affects the student's education and behavior, following lesson plans, and implementing follow-up instructional procedures and activities; and
- (4) a minimum of 16 hours of paid orientation or professional development must be provided annually to all paraprofessionals, Title I aides, and other instructional support staff. Eight of the 16 hours must be completed before the first instructional day of the school year or within 30 days of hire. The orientation or professional development must be relevant to the employee's occupation and may include collaboration time with classroom teachers and planning for the school year. For paraprofessionals who provide direct support to students, at least 50 percent of the professional development or orientation must be dedicated to meeting the requirements of this section. Professional development for paraprofessionals may also address the requirements of section 120B.363, subdivision 3. A school administrator must provide an annual certification of compliance with this requirement to the commissioner. The annual certification must include the prior year expenses associated with the training provided under this clause; and
- (3) (5) a districtwide process obligates each paraprofessional to work under the ongoing direction of a licensed teacher and, where appropriate and possible, the supervision of a school nurse.
- (d) A school district may conduct a functional behavior assessment as defined in
  Minnesota Rules, part 3525.0210, subpart 22, as a stand-alone evaluation without conducting
  a comprehensive evaluation of the student in accordance with prior written notice provisions
  in section 125A.091, subdivision 3a. A parent or guardian may request that a school district
  conduct a comprehensive evaluation of the parent's or guardian's student.

112.1	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 125A.76, subdivision 2e, is amended to read:						
112.2	Subd. 2e. Cross subsidy reduction aid. (a) A school district's annual cross subsidy						
112.3	reduction aid equals the school district's initial special education cross subsidy for the						
112.4	previous fiscal year times the cross subsidy aid factor for that fiscal year.						
112.5	(b) The cross subsidy aid factor equals 2.6 percent for fiscal year 2020 and 6.43 percent						
112.6	for fiscal year 2021 40 percent for fiscal year 2024, 47.3 percent for fiscal year 2025, and						
112.7	60 percent for fiscal year 2026 and later.						
112.8	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later.						
112.9	Sec. 10. [125A.81] SPECIAL EDUCATION SEPARATE SITES AND PROGRAMS						
112.10	AID.						
112.11	Subdivision 1. <b>Definition.</b> For purposes of this section, "special education separate site						
112.12	and program" means a public separate day school facility attended by students with						
112.13	disabilities for 50 percent or more of their school day.						
112.14	Subd. 2. Eligibility for special education separate sites and programs aid. An						
112.15	education cooperative under section 471.59, education district under section 123A.15,						
112.16	service cooperative under section 123A.21, or intermediate school district under section						
112.17	136D.01 qualifies for additional state funding to special education separate sites and programs						
112.18	for every kindergarten through grade 12 child with a disability, as defined in section 125A.02,						
112.19	served in a special education separate site or program as defined in subdivision 1.						
112.20	Subd. 3. Uses of special education separate sites and programs aid. Additional state						
112.21	funding to special education separate sites and programs under this section may be used for						
112.22	the same purposes as are permitted for state special education aid under section 125A.76.						
112.23	Subd. 4. Special education separate sites and programs aid. For fiscal year 2024 and						
112.24	later, additional state funding to special education separate sites and programs equals \$1,689						
112.25	times the adjusted kindergarten through grade 12 pupil units served in special education						
112.26	separate sites and programs under subdivision 1.						
112.27	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later.						
112.28	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0625, subdivision 26, is amended to read:						
112.29	Subd. 26. Special education services. (a) Medical assistance covers evaluations necessary						
112.30	in making a determination for eligibility for individualized education program and						
112.31	individualized family service plan services and for medical services identified in a recipient's						

113.1

113.2

113.3

113.4

113.5

113.6

113.7

113.8

113.9

113.10

113.11

113.13

113.14

113.15

113.16

113.17

113.18

113.19

113.20

113.21

113.23

113.24

113.25

113.26

113.29

individualized education program and individualized family service plan and covered under the medical assistance state plan. Covered services include occupational therapy, physical therapy, speech-language therapy, clinical psychological services, nursing services, school psychological services, school social work services, personal care assistants serving as management aides, assistive technology devices, transportation services, health assessments, and other services covered under the medical assistance state plan. Mental health services eligible for medical assistance reimbursement must be provided or coordinated through a children's mental health collaborative where a collaborative exists if the child is included in the collaborative operational target population. The provision or coordination of services does not require that the individualized education program be developed by the collaborative.

The services may be provided by a Minnesota school district that is enrolled as a medical assistance provider or its subcontractor, and only if the services meet all the requirements otherwise applicable if the service had been provided by a provider other than a school district, in the following areas: medical necessity; physician's, advanced practice registered nurse's, or physician assistant's orders; documentation; personnel qualifications; and prior authorization requirements. The nonfederal share of costs for services provided under this subdivision is the responsibility of the local school district as provided in section 125A.74. Services listed in a child's individualized education program are eligible for medical assistance reimbursement only if those services meet criteria for federal financial participation under the Medicaid program.

- (b) Approval of health-related services for inclusion in the individualized education program does not require prior authorization for purposes of reimbursement under this chapter. The commissioner may require physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant review and approval of the plan not more than once annually or upon any modification of the individualized education program that reflects a change in health-related services.
- (c) Services of a speech-language pathologist provided under this section are covered 113.27 notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0390, subpart 1, item L, if the person: 113.28
  - (1) holds a masters degree in speech-language pathology;
- (2) is licensed by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board as an 113.30 educational speech-language pathologist; and 113.31
- (3) either has a certificate of clinical competence from the American Speech and Hearing 113.32 Association, has completed the equivalent educational requirements and work experience 113.33

114.4

114.5

114.6

114.7

114.8

114.9

114.10

114.11

114.12

114.13

114.15

114.16

114.17

114.18

114.19

114.20

114.21

114.31

114.32

114.33

114.34

necessary for the certificate or has completed the academic program and is acquiring supervised work experience to qualify for the certificate.

- (d) Medical assistance coverage for medically necessary services provided under other subdivisions in this section may not be denied solely on the basis that the same or similar services are covered under this subdivision.
- (e) The commissioner shall develop and implement package rates, bundled rates, or per diem rates for special education services under which separately covered services are grouped together and billed as a unit in order to reduce administrative complexity.
- (f) The commissioner shall develop a cost-based payment structure for payment of these services. Only costs reported through the designated Minnesota Department of Education data systems in distinct service categories qualify for inclusion in the cost-based payment structure. The commissioner shall reimburse claims submitted based on an interim rate, and shall settle at a final rate once the department has determined it. The commissioner shall notify the school district of the final rate. The school district has 60 days to appeal the final rate. To appeal the final rate, the school district shall file a written appeal request to the commissioner within 60 days of the date the final rate determination was mailed. The appeal request shall specify (1) the disputed items and (2) the name and address of the person to contact regarding the appeal.
- (g) Effective July 1, 2000, medical assistance services provided under an individualized education program or an individual family service plan by local school districts shall not count against medical assistance authorization thresholds for that child.
- (h) Nursing services as defined in section 148.171, subdivision 15, and provided as an 114.22 individualized education program health-related service, are eligible for medical assistance payment if they are otherwise a covered service under the medical assistance program. 114.24 Medical assistance covers the administration of prescription medications by a licensed nurse 114.25 who is employed by or under contract with a school district when the administration of 114.26 medications is identified in the child's individualized education program. The simple 114.27 administration of medications alone is not covered under medical assistance when 114.28 administered by a provider other than a school district or when it is not identified in the 114.29 child's individualized education program. 114.30
  - (i) School social work services provided by a mental health professional, as defined in section 245I.04, subdivision 2, or mental health practitioner, as defined in section 245I.04, subdivision 4, under the supervision of a mental health professional, are eligible for medical assistance payment. A mental health practitioner performing school social work services

115.1	under this section must provide services within the mental health practitioner's licensure						
115.2	scope of practice, if applicable, and within the mental health practitioner scope of practice						
115.3	under section 245I.04, subdivision 5.						
115.4	(j) Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0371, a special education evaluation,						
115.5	ndividualized education program, or individual family service plan may be used to determine						
115.6	medical necessity and eligibility for school social work services under paragraph (i) instead						
115.7	of a diagnostic assessment if the special education evaluation, individualized education						
115.8	program, or individual family service plan includes a sign, symptom, or condition						
115.9	ICD-10-CM code for the student.						
115.10	(k) A school social worker or school providing mental health services under paragraph						
115.11	(i) is not required to be certified to provide children's therapeutic services and supports						
115.12	under section 256B.0943.						
115.13	(l) Covered mental health services provided by a school social worker under paragraph						
115.14	(i) include but are not limited to:						
115.15	(1) administering and reporting standardized measures;						
115.16	(2) care coordination;						
115.17	(3) children's mental health crisis assistance, planning, and response services;						
115.18	(4) children's mental health clinical care consultation;						
115.19	(5) dialectical behavioral therapy for adolescents;						
115.20	(6) direction of mental health behavioral aides;						
115.21	(7) family psychoeducation;						
115.22	(8) individual, family, and group psychotherapy;						
115.23	(9) mental health behavioral aide services;						
115.24	(10) skills training; and						
115.25	(11) treatment plan development and review.						
115.26	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2024, or upon federal approval,						
115.27	whichever is later. The commissioner shall notify the revisor of statutes when federal						
115.28	approval has been obtained.						

Sec. 12. **APPROPRIATIONS.** 

Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are
appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years
designated.

Subd. 2. Aid for children with disabilities. (a) For aid under Minnesota Statutes, section

116.6 125A.75, subdivision 3, for children with disabilities placed in residential facilities within

the district boundaries for whom no district of residence can be determined:

116.8 <u>\$ 1,674,000 ..... 2024</u> 116.9 \$ 1,888,000 ..... 2025

(b) If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available.

Subd. 3. Court-placed special education revenue. For reimbursing serving school
districts for unreimbursed eligible expenditures attributable to children placed in the serving
school district by court action under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.79, subdivision 4:

116.15 <u>\$</u> <u>26,000</u> ..... <u>2024</u> 116.16 \$ 27,000 ..... 2025

Subd. 4. Paraprofessional training. For reimbursement of prior year expenses associated with paid orientation and professional development for paraprofessionals under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.08:

116.20 <u>\$</u> <u>0</u> <u>.....</u> 2024 116.21 <u>\$</u> 14,105,000 ..... 2025

(b) The 2025 appropriation includes \$0 for 2024 and \$14,105,000 for 2025.

Subd. 5. Special education out-of-state tuition. For special education out-of-state tuition under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.79, subdivision 8:

116.25 \$ 250,000 ..... 2024 116.26 \$ 250,000 ..... 2025

Subd. 6. Special education; regular. (a) For special education aid under Minnesota

Statutes, section 125A.75:

(b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$229,860,000 for 2023 and \$2,007,634,000 for 116.32 2024.

- **ENGROSSMENT** (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$282,617,000 for 2024 and \$2,174,078,000 for 117.1 117.2 2025. 117.3 Subd. 7. Special education separate sites and programs. (a) For aid for special education separate sites and programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.81, subdivision 117.4 117.5 4:
- <u>.....</u> <u>20</u>24 \$ 4,378,000 117.6
- \$ <u>.....</u> <u>2025</u> 5,083,000 117.7
- (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$0 for 2023 and \$4,378,000 for 2024. 117.8
- (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$486,000 for 2024 and \$4,597,000 for 2025. 117.9
- Subd. 8. Travel for home-based services. (a) For aid for teacher travel for home-based 117.10 services under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.75, subdivision 1: 117.11
- \$ 117.12 334,000 .... 2024
- \$ .... 2025 117.13 348,000
- (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$32,000 for 2023 and \$302,000 for 2024. 117.14
- (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$33,000 for 2024 and \$315,000 for 2025. 117.15

**ARTICLE 6** 117.16 **FACILITIES** 117.17

for individual district projects under subdivision 1.

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 123B.595, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 117.18
- Subd. 3. Intermediate districts and other cooperative units. (a) Upon approval through 117.19 the adoption of a resolution by each member district school board of an intermediate district 117.20 or other cooperative units unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, or a joint powers 117.21 district under section 471.59, and the approval of the commissioner of education, a school 117.22 district may include in its authority under this section a proportionate share of the long-term 117.23 maintenance costs of the intermediate district or, cooperative unit, or joint powers district. 117.24 The cooperative unit or joint powers district may issue bonds to finance the project costs 117.25 or levy for the costs, using long-term maintenance revenue transferred from member districts 117.26 to make debt service payments or pay project costs or, for leased facilities, pay the portion of lease costs attributable to the amortized cost of long-term facilities maintenance projects 117.28
- (b) The resolution adopted under paragraph (a) may specify which member districts will 117.31 share the project costs under this subdivision, except that debt service payments for bonds 117.32

completed by the landlord. Authority under this subdivision is in addition to the authority

117.29

117.30

118.4

118.5

118.6

118.7

118.8

118.9

118.11

118.12

118.13

118.14

118.16

118.17

118.18

118.19

118.20

118.21

118.22

118.23

118.24

118.25

118.26

118.27

118.28

118.29

118.30

118.31

118.32

118.33

CM

issued by a cooperative unit or joint powers district to finance long-term maintenance project 118.1 costs must be the responsibility of all member districts. 118.2

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2025 and later.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.40, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. To lease building or land. (a) When an independent or a special school district or a group of independent or special school districts finds it economically advantageous to rent or lease a building or land for any instructional purposes or for school storage or furniture repair, and it determines that the operating capital revenue authorized under section 126C.10, subdivision 13, is insufficient for this purpose, it may apply to the commissioner for permission to make an additional capital expenditure levy for this purpose. An application for permission to levy under this subdivision must contain financial justification for the proposed levy, the terms and conditions of the proposed lease, and a description of the space to be leased and its proposed use.

- (b) The criteria for approval of applications to levy under this subdivision must include: the reasonableness of the price, the appropriateness of the space to the proposed activity, the feasibility of transporting pupils to the leased building or land, conformity of the lease to the laws and rules of the state of Minnesota, and the appropriateness of the proposed lease to the space needs and the financial condition of the district. The commissioner must not authorize a levy under this subdivision in an amount greater than the cost to the district of renting or leasing a building or land for approved purposes. The proceeds of this levy must not be used for custodial or other maintenance services. A district may not levy under this subdivision for the purpose of leasing or renting a district-owned building or site to itself.
- (c) For agreements finalized after July 1, 1997, a district may not levy under this subdivision for the purpose of leasing: (1) a newly constructed building used primarily for regular kindergarten, elementary, or secondary instruction; or (2) a newly constructed building addition or additions used primarily for regular kindergarten, elementary, or secondary instruction that contains more than 20 percent of the square footage of the previously existing building.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), a district may levy under this subdivision for the purpose of leasing or renting a district-owned building or site to itself only if the amount is needed by the district to make payments required by a lease purchase agreement, installment purchase agreement, or other deferred payments agreement authorized by law, and the levy meets the requirements of paragraph (c). A levy authorized for a district by the commissioner

119.2

119.3

CM

agreement authorized by law, provided that any agreement include a provision giving the school districts the right to terminate the agreement annually without penalty. 119.4

- (e) The total levy under this subdivision for a district for any year must not exceed \$212 119.5 times the adjusted pupil units for the fiscal year to which the levy is attributable. 119.6
- (f) For agreements for which a review and comment have been submitted to the 119.7 Department of Education after April 1, 1998, the term "instructional purpose" as used in 119.8 this subdivision excludes expenditures on stadiums. 119.9
- (g) The commissioner of education may authorize a school district to exceed the limit 119.10 in paragraph (e) if the school district petitions the commissioner for approval. The 119.11 commissioner shall grant approval to a school district to exceed the limit in paragraph (e) 119.12 for not more than five years if the district meets the following criteria: 119.13
- (1) the school district has been experiencing pupil enrollment growth in the preceding 119.14 119.15 five years;
- (2) the purpose of the increased levy is in the long-term public interest; 119.16
- (3) the purpose of the increased levy promotes colocation of government services; and 119.17
- (4) the purpose of the increased levy is in the long-term interest of the district by avoiding 119.18 over construction of school facilities. 119.19
- (h) A school district that is a member of an intermediate school district or other 119.20 cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, or a joint powers district under 119.21 section 471.59 may include in its authority under this section the costs associated with leases 119.22 of administrative and classroom space for intermediate school district programs of the 119.23 intermediate school district or other cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 119.24 2, or joint powers district under section 471.59. This authority must not exceed \$65 times 119.25 the adjusted pupil units of the member districts. This authority is in addition to any other 119.26 authority authorized under this section. The intermediate school district, other cooperative 119.27 unit, or joint powers district may specify which member districts will levy for lease costs 119.28 under this paragraph. 119.29
  - (i) In addition to the allowable capital levies in paragraph (a), for taxes payable in 2012 to 2023, a district that is a member of the "Technology and Information Education Systems" data processing joint board, that finds it economically advantageous to enter into a lease agreement to finance improvements to a building and land for a group of school districts

119.30

119.31

119.32

119.33

120.1

120.2

120.3

120.4

120.5

120.6

120.7

120.8

120.9

120.10

120.11

120.12

120.13

120.14

120.15

120.16

120.17

120.22

120.23

120.24

120.25

120.28

120.29

120.31

or special school districts for staff development purposes, may levy for its portion of lease costs attributed to the district within the total levy limit in paragraph (e). The total levy authority under this paragraph shall not exceed \$632,000.

- (i) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a district may levy under this subdivision for the purpose of leasing administrative space if the district can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commissioner that the lease cost for the administrative space is no greater than the lease cost for instructional space that the district would otherwise lease. The commissioner must deny this levy authority unless the district passes a resolution stating its intent to lease instructional space under this section if the commissioner does not grant authority under this paragraph. The resolution must also certify that the lease cost for administrative space under this paragraph is no greater than the lease cost for the district's proposed instructional lease.
- (j) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a district may levy under this subdivision for the district's proportionate share of deferred maintenance expenditures for a district-owned building or site leased to a cooperative unit under section 123A.24, subdivision 2, or a joint powers district under section 471.59 for any instructional purposes or for school storage.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2025 and later.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.40, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 120.18
- Subd. 6. Lease purchase; installment buys. (a) Upon application to, and approval by, 120.19 the commissioner in accordance with the procedures and limits in subdivision 1, paragraphs 120.20 (a) and (b), a district, as defined in this subdivision, may: 120.21
  - (1) purchase real or personal property under an installment contract or may lease real or personal property with an option to purchase under a lease purchase agreement, by which installment contract or lease purchase agreement title is kept by the seller or vendor or assigned to a third party as security for the purchase price, including interest, if any; and
- (2) annually levy the amounts necessary to pay the district's obligations under the 120.26 120.27 installment contract or lease purchase agreement.
  - (b) The obligation created by the installment contract or the lease purchase agreement must not be included in the calculation of net debt for purposes of section 475.53, and does not constitute debt under other law. An election is not required in connection with the execution of the installment contract or the lease purchase agreement.
- (c) The proceeds of the levy authorized by this subdivision must not be used to acquire 120.32 a facility to be primarily used for athletic or school administration purposes. 120.33

121.1	(d) For the purposes of this subdivision, "district" means:							
121.2	(1) Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis, Independent School District No. 625,							
121.3	St. Paul, Independent School District No. 709, Duluth, or Independent School District No.							
121.4	535, Rochester, if the district's desegregation plan has been determined by the commissioner							
121.5	o be in compliance with Department of Education rules relating to equality of educational							
121.6	opportunity and where the acquisition of property under this subdivision is determined by							
121.7	the commissioner to contribute to the implementation of the desegregation plan; or							
121.8	(2) other districts eligible for revenue under section 124D.862 if the facility acquired							
121.9	under this subdivision is to be primarily used for a joint program for interdistrict							
121.10	desegregation and the commissioner determines that the joint programs are being undertaken							
121.11	to implement the districts' desegregation plan.							
121.12	(e) Notwithstanding subdivision 1, the prohibition against a levy by a district to lease							
121.13	or rent a district-owned building to itself does not apply to levies otherwise authorized by							
121.14	this subdivision.							
121.15	(f) For the purposes of this subdivision, any references in subdivision 1 to building or							
121.16	land shall include personal property.							
121.17	(g) This subdivision is subject to review and comment under section 123B.71, subdivision							
121.18	<u>8.</u>							
121.19	Sec. 4. LEASE LEVY FOR TRANSPORTATION HUB FOR EASTERN CARVER							
121.20	COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT.							
121.21	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.40, subdivision 1, Independent School							
121.22	District No. 112, Eastern Carver County Schools, may lease a transportation hub under							
121.23	Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.40, subdivision 1, if the district demonstrates to the							
121.24	satisfaction of the commissioner of education that the transportation hub will result in							
121.25	significant financial savings for the school district. Levy authority under this section must							
121.26	be included within the total levy authority under Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.40,							
121.27	subdivision 1, paragraph (e).							
121.28	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxes payable in 2024 and later.							
121.29	Sec. 5. <u>FUND TRANSFER</u> ; <u>BURNSVILLE-EAGAN-SAVAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT.</u>							
121.30	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.51, subdivision 4, paragraph (b),							
	or any law to the contrary any remaining net proceeds received by the district in connection							

with a lease of real property that is not needed for school purposes, or part of the property

122.1	that is not needed for school purposes as permitted under Minnesota Statutes, section
122.2	123B.51, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), and which the school board of Independent School
122.3	District No. 191, Burnsville-Eagan-Savage, specifically identified in the district's open
122.4	facilities action plan, may be deposited in the district's general unrestricted fund following
122.5	the deposit of such proceeds, as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.51,
122.6	subdivision 4, paragraph (b).
122.7	(b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.51, subdivision 6, paragraphs (c)
122.8	to (f), or any law to the contrary, any remaining proceeds of the sale or exchange of school
122.9	buildings or real property of Independent School District No. 191, Burnsville-Eagan-Savage,
122.10	specifically identified in the district's open facilities action plan may be deposited in the
122.11	district's general unrestricted fund following application of such proceeds, as required under
122.12	Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.51, subdivision 6, paragraph (b).
122.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon compliance by Independent School
122.14	District No. 191, Burnsville-Eagan-Savage, with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
122.15	subdivisions 2 and 3.
122.16	Sec. 6. LONG-TERM FACILITIES MAINTENANCE REVENUE ADJUSTMENT.
122.17	Subdivision 1. Eligibility. A school board that purchases a nonschool facility and converts
122.18	that facility to a school building may document to the commissioner of education, in the
122.19	form and manner specified by the commissioner, that the purchase and subsequent remodeling
122.20	of the facility is less expensive than constructing a new facility for the same space and is
122.21	eligible for an adjustment to its long-term facilities maintenance revenue according to
122.22	subdivision 2.
122.23	Subd. 2. Inclusion in plan and revenue. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
122.24	123B.595, or any other law to the contrary, an eligible school district under subdivision 1
122.25	may include in its long-term facilities maintenance ten-year plan any heating, ventilation,
122.26	and air conditioning projects necessary to improve air handling performance sufficient to
122.27	satisfy the requirements for a certificate of occupancy for the space for its intended use as
122.28	a school facility. The Department of Education must adjust an eligible school district's
122.29	long-term facilities maintenance revenue to include these costs.
122.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment and
122.31	applies to a nonschool facility purchased between January 1, 2019, and June 30, 2023.

123.1	Sec. 7. FUND TRANSFER; MOORHEAD AREA PUBLIC SCHOOLS.								
123.2	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.595, subdivisions 10 and 11, 123B.79,								
123.3	or 123B.80, on June 30, 2023, Independent School District No. 152, Moorhead Area Public								
123.4	Schools, may permanently transfer up to \$5,000,000 from the long term facilities maintenance								
123.5	reserve account in the general fund to the operating capital account in the general fund.								
123.6	Transferred funds must be used to pay for increased costs of constructing, furnishing, and								
123.7	equipping the new Moorhead High School facility.								
123.8	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.								
123.9	Sec. 8. APPROPRIATIONS.								
123.10	Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are								
123.11	appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years								
123.12	designated.								
123.13	Subd. 2. Debt service equalization aid. (a) For debt service equalization aid under								
123.14	Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.53, subdivision 6:								
123.15	<u>\$</u> <u>24,511,000</u> <u></u> <u>2024</u>								
123.16	<u>\$ 21,351,000 2025</u>								
123.17	(b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$2,424,000 for 2023 and \$22,087,000 for 2024.								
123.18	(c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$2,454,000 for 2024 and \$18,897,000 for 2025.								
123.19	Subd. 3. Equity in telecommunications access. (a) For equity in telecommunications								
123.20	access:								
123.21	<u>\$</u> <u>3,750,000</u> <u>2024</u>								
123.22	<u>\$</u> 3,750,000 2025								
123.23	(b) If the appropriation amount is insufficient, the commissioner shall reduce the								
123.24	reimbursement rate in Minnesota Statutes, section 125B.26, subdivisions 4 and 5, and the								
123.25	revenue for fiscal years 2024 and 2025 shall be prorated.								
123.26	(c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.								
123.27	Subd. 4. Historic school building preservation grants. (a) For grants to school districts								
123.28	and the Minnesota State Academies for the Deaf and the Blind for historic school building								
123.29	preservation:								
123.30	<u>\$</u> <u>400,000</u> <u></u> <u>2024</u>								

\$

123.31

400,000

<u>.....</u> <u>2025</u>

### 124.19

124.20

124.21

124.1

124.2

124.3

124.4

124.5

124.6

124.7

124.8

124.9

124.10

124.11

124.12

124.13

124.14

124.15

124.16

124.17

#### 124D.1158 SCHOOL BREAKFAST PROGRAM. 124.22

Subdivision 1. Purpose; eligibility. (a) The purpose of the school breakfast program is 124.23 to provide affordable morning nutrition to children so that they can effectively learn. 124.24

(b) A school district, charter school, nonpublic school, or other participant in the federal 124.25 school breakfast program may receive state breakfast aid. 124.26

(c) Schools shall encourage all children to eat a nutritious breakfast, either at home or 124.27 at school, and shall work to eliminate barriers to breakfast participation at school such as 124.28 inadequate facilities and transportation. 124.29

125.1	Subd. 3. Program reimbursement. Each school year, the state must reimburse each						
125.2	participating school either:						
125.3	(1) 30 cents for each reduced-price breakfast, 55 cents for each fully paid breakfast						
125.4	served to students in grades 1 to 12, and \$1.30 for each fully paid breakfast served to a						
125.5	prekindergarten student enrolled in an approved voluntary prekindergarten program under						
125.6	section 124D.151, early childhood special education student participating in a program						
125.7	authorized under section 124D.151, or a kindergarten student; or						
125.8	(2) if the school participates in the free school meals program under section 124D.111,						
125.9	subdivision 1c, state aid as provided in section 124D.111, subdivision 1d.						
125.10	Subd. 4. No fees. A school that receives school breakfast aid under this section must						
125.11	make breakfast available without charge to all participating students in grades 1 to 12 who						
125.12	qualify for free or reduced-price meals and to all prekindergarten students enrolled in an						
125.13	approved voluntary prekindergarten program under section 124D.151, early childhood						
125.14	special education students participating in a program authorized under section 124D.151,						
125.15	and all kindergarten students.						
125.16	Sec. 2. [124D.901] PUBLIC SCHOOL LIBRARIES AND MEDIA CENTERS.						
125.17	A school district or charter school library or school library media center provides equitable						
125.18	and free access to students, teachers, and administrators.						
125.19	A school library or school library media center must have the following characteristics:						
125.20	(1) ensures every student has equitable access to resources and is able to locate, access,						
125.21	and use resources that are organized and cataloged;						
125.22	(2) has a collection development plan that includes but is not limited to materials selection						
125.23	and deselection, a challenged materials procedure, and an intellectual and academic freedom						
125.24	statement;						
125.25	(3) is housed in a central location that provides an environment for expanded learning						
125.26	and supports a variety of student interests;						
125.27	(4) has technology and Internet access; and						
125.28	(5) is served by a licensed school library media specialist or licensed school librarian.						
125.29	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 134.355, subdivision 1, is amended to read:						
125.30	Subdivision 1. Appropriations. (a) Basic system support aid and regional library						
125.31	telecommunications aid provide the appropriations for the basic regional library system.						

126.1	(b) For fiscal year 2026 and later, basic system support aid equals the aid entitlement					
126.2	amount for the previous fiscal year times one plus the percent increase in the basic formula					
126.3	allowance under section 126C.10, subdivision 2, from the previous school year to the current					
126.4	school year.					
126.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2026 and later.					
126.6	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 134.355, subdivision 5, is amended to read:					
126.7	Subd. 5. Base aid distribution. Five Fifteen percent of the available aid funds shall be					
126.8	paid to each system as base aid for basic system services.					
126.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for state aid for fiscal year 2024 and					
126.10	<u>later.</u>					
126.11	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 134.355, subdivision 6, is amended to read:					
126.12	Subd. 6. Adjusted net tax capacity per capita distribution. Twenty-five Fifteen percent					
126.13	of the available aid funds shall be distributed to regional public library systems based upon					
126.14	the adjusted net tax capacity per capita for each member county or participating portion of					
126.15	a county as calculated for the second third year preceding the fiscal year for which aid is					
126.16	provided. Each system's entitlement shall be calculated as follows:					
126.17	(a) (1) multiply the adjusted net tax capacity per capita for each county or participating					
126.18	portion of a county by .0082-;					
126.19	(b) (2) add sufficient aid funds that are available under this subdivision to raise the					
126.20	amount of the county or participating portion of a county with the lowest value calculated					
126.21	according to paragraph (a) clause (1) to the amount of the county or participating portion					
126.22	of a county with the next highest value calculated according to paragraph (a) clause (1).					
126.23	Multiply the amount of the additional aid funds by the population of the county or					
126.24	participating portion of a county-:					
126.25	(e) (3) continue the process described in paragraph (b) clause (2) by adding sufficient					
126.26	aid funds that are available under this subdivision to the amount of a county or participating					
126.27	portion of a county with the next highest value calculated in paragraph (a) clause (1) to raise					
126.28	it and the amount of counties and participating portions of counties with lower values					
126.29	calculated in paragraph (a) clause (1) up to the amount of the county or participating portion					
126.30	of a county with the next highest value, until reaching an amount where funds available					
126.31	under this subdivision are no longer sufficient to raise the amount of a county or participating					
126.32	portion of a county and the amount of counties and participating portions of counties with					

127.1	lower values up to the amount of the next highest county or participating portion of a county-;						
127.2	and						
127.3	(d) (4) if the point is reached using the process in paragraphs (b) and (c) clauses (2) and						
127.4	(3) at which the remaining aid funds under this subdivision are not adequate for raising the						
127.5	amount of a county or participating portion of a county and all counties and participating						
127.6	portions of counties with amounts of lower value to the amount of the county or participating						
127.7	portion of a county with the next highest value, those funds are to be divided on a per capital						
127.8	basis for all counties or participating portions of counties that received aid funds under the						
127.9	calculation in <del>paragraphs (b) and (c)</del> <u>clauses (2) and (3)</u> .						
127.10	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for state aid for fiscal year 2024 and						
127.11	<u>later.</u>						
127.12	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 134.355, subdivision 7, is amended to read:						
127.13	Subd. 7. <b>Population determination.</b> A regional public library system's population shall						
127.14	be determined according to must be calculated using the most recent estimate available						
127.15	<u>under</u> section 477A.011, subdivision 3, at the time the aid amounts are calculated, which						
127.16	must be by April 1 in the year the calculation is made.						
127.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for state aid for fiscal year 2024 and						
127.18	<u>later.</u>						
127.19	Sec. 7. [134.356] SCHOOL LIBRARY AID.						
127.20	Subdivision 1. School library aid. For fiscal year 2024 and later, school library aid for						
127.21	a district or charter school equals the greater of \$15 times the district's adjusted pupil units						
127.22	for the school year or \$50,000.						
127.23	Subd. 2. Uses of school library aid. School library aid must be reserved and used for						
127.24	directly funding the costs of the following purposes within a library:						
127.25	(1) the salaries and benefits of a school library media specialist;						
127.26	(2) electronic, computer, and audiovisual equipment;						
127.27	(3) information technology infrastructure and digital tools;						
127.28	(4) electronic and material resources; or						
127.29	(5) furniture, equipment, or supplies.						

**ENGROSSMENT** 

Subd. 3. Material access for students. Recognizing the difference between school 128.1 libraries, school computer labs, and school media centers, which serve unique educational 128.2 128.3 purposes, and public libraries, which are designed for public inquiry, a school library within a school site must restrict student access to materials as required under section 125B.15. 128.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later. 128.5 Sec. 8. Laws 2023, chapter 18, section 4, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 128.6 Subd. 2. School lunch. For school lunch aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.111, 128.7 including the amounts for the free school meals program: 128.8 190,863,000 128.9 \$ 190,897,000 ..... 2024 128.10 197,902,000 128.11 \$ 197,936,000 ..... 2025 128.12 Sec. 9. Laws 2023, chapter 18, section 4, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 128.13 Subd. 3. School breakfast. For school breakfast aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 128.14 124D.1158: 128.15 25,731,000 128.16 128.17 \$ 25,912,000 .... 2024 26,538,000 128.18 \$ 26,719,000 ..... 2025 128.19 Sec. 10. APPROPRIATIONS. 128.20 Subdivision 1. **Department of Education.** The sums indicated in this section are 128.21 appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years 128.22 designated. Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 128.23 Subd. 2. Kindergarten milk. For kindergarten milk aid under Minnesota Statutes, 128.24 128.25 section 124D.118: 659,000 128.26 \$ .... 2024 \$ <u>.....</u> 2025 659,000 128.27 Subd. 3. Summer school food service replacement. For summer school food service 128.28 replacement aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.119: 128.29

\$

\$

150,000

150,000

..... 2024

..... 2025

128.30

128.31

HF2497 FIRST UNOFFICIAL

**ENGROSSMENT** 

Subd. 4. Basic system support. (a) For basic system support aid under Minnesota 129.1 129.2 Statutes, section 134.355:

129.3 \$ 17,570,000 .... 2024

\$ 129.4 17,570,000 ..... 2025

(b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$1,357,000 for 2023 and \$16,213,000 for 2024. 129.5

(c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$1,801,000 for 2024 and \$15,769,000 for 2025. 129.6

Subd. 5. Electronic library for Minnesota. For statewide licenses to online databases 129.7 selected in cooperation with the Minnesota Office of Higher Education for school media 129.8 centers, public libraries, state government agency libraries, and public or private college or 129.9 university libraries: 129.10

\$ 900,000 <u>.....</u> 2024 129.11

\$ 900,000 ..... 2025 129 12

Subd. 6. Licensed library media specialists. (a) For aid to multicounty, multitype 129.13 library systems to increase the number of licensed library media specialists: 129.14

\$ 1,000,000 129.15 .... 2024

\$ <u>.....</u> 2025 129.16

(b) The aid awarded under this subdivision must be used for activities associated with 129.17 increasing the number of licensed library media specialists, including but not limited to 129.18 conducting a census of licensed library media specialists currently working in Minnesota 129.19 schools, conducting a needs-based assessment to identify gaps in licensed library media 129.20 specialist services, providing professional development opportunities for licensed library 129.21 media specialists, and providing tuition support to candidates seeking to attain school library 129.22

media specialist licensure. 129.23

(c) This is a onetime appropriation. 129.24

Subd. 7. Multicounty, multitype library systems. (a) For aid under Minnesota Statutes, 129.25 sections 134.353 and 134.354, to multicounty, multitype library systems: 129.26

129.27 \$ 2,000,000 <u>.....</u> 2024

\$ ..... 2025 129.28 2,000,000

129.29 (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$130,000 for 2023 and \$1,870,000 for 2024.

(c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$207,000 for 2024 and \$1,793,000 for 2025. 129.30

129.31 Subd. 8. Regional library telecommunications. (a) For regional library

telecommunications aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 134.355: 129.32

	HF2497 FIRST UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT			REVISOR	CM	UEH2497-1		
130.1	<u>\$</u>	2,300,000	<u></u> <u>2024</u>					
130.2	<u>\$</u>	2,300,000	<u></u> <u>2025</u>					
130.3	(b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$230,000 for 2023 and \$2,070,000 for 2024.							
130.4	(c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$230,000 for 2024 and \$2,070,000 for 2025.							
130.5	Subd. 9	. School library	aid. (a) For s	school library ai	d under Minnesota	Statutes, section		
130.6	<u>134.356:</u>							
130.7	<u>\$</u>	28,066,000	<u></u> <u>2024</u>					
130.8	<u>\$</u>	31,207,000	<u></u> <u>2025</u>					
130.9	(b) The	2024 appropriat	ion includes	\$0 for 2023 and	1 \$28,066,000 for	2024.		
130.10	(c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$3,119,000 for 2024 and \$28,088,000 for 2025.							
130.11	ARTICLE 8							
130.12			EARL	Y EDUCATIO	N			
130.13	Section 1	. Minnesota Stat	tutes 2022, se	ection 119A.52,	is amended to rea	ıd:		
130.14	119A.52	2 DISTRIBUTI	ON OF API	PROPRIATIO	N.			
130.15	(a) The	commissioner o	f education m	nust distribute m	noney appropriated	d for that purpose		
130.16	to federally designated Head Start programs to expand services and to serve additional							
130.17	low-income	e children <del>. Migr</del>	ant and India	n reservation p	ograms must be i	nitially allocated		
130.18	money base	ed on the progra	ms' share of t	<del>federal funds.</del> , <u>v</u>	which may include	e costs associated		
130.19	with progra	ım operations, ir	nfrastructure,	or reconfigurat	ion to serve child	ren from birth to		
130.20	age five in center-based services. The distribution must occur in the following order: (1)							
130.21	10.72 perce	ent of the total H	ead Start app	propriation mus	t be initially alloca	ated to federally		
130.22	designated Tribal Head Start programs; (2) the Tribal Head Start portion of the appropriation							
130.23	must be initially allocated to Tribal Head Start programs based on the programs' share of							

must be initially allocated to Tribal Head Start programs based on the programs' share of
federal funds; and (3) migrant programs must be initially allocated funding based on the
programs' share of federal funds. The remaining money must be initially allocated to the
remaining local agencies based equally on the agencies' share of federal funds and on the
proportion of eligible children in the agencies' service area who are not currently being
served. A Head Start program must be funded at a per child rate equal to its contracted,
federally funded base level at the start of the fiscal year. For all agencies without a federal
land. Early Head Start rate, the state average federal cost per child for Early Head Start applies.

130.31

130.32

In allocating funds under this paragraph, the commissioner of education must assure that

each Head Start program in existence in 1993 is allocated no less funding in any fiscal year

131.2

131.3

131.4

131.5

131.6

131.7

131.8

131.9

131.10

131.11

131.13

131.14

131.15

131.17

131.18

131.19

131.20

131.21

131.22

131.24

131.25

131.26

131.27

131.28

131.29

131.30

131.31

131.32

131.34

than was allocated to that program in fiscal year 1993. Before paying money to the programs, the commissioner must notify each program of its initial allocation and how the money must be used. Each program must present a plan under section 119A.535. For any program that cannot utilize its full allocation at the beginning of the fiscal year, the commissioner must reduce the allocation proportionately. Money available after the initial allocations are reduced must be redistributed to eligible programs.

- (b) The commissioner must develop procedures to make payments to programs based upon the number of children reported to be enrolled during the required time period of program operations. Enrollment is defined by federal Head Start regulations. The procedures must include a reporting schedule, corrective action plan requirements, and financial consequences to be imposed on programs that do not meet full enrollment after the period of corrective action. Programs reporting chronic underenrollment, as defined by the commissioner, will have their subsequent program year allocation reduced proportionately. Funds made available by prorating payments and allocations to programs with reported underenrollment will be made available to the extent funds exist to fully enrolled Head Start programs through a form and manner prescribed by the department.
  - (c) Programs with approved innovative initiatives that target services to high-risk populations, including homeless families and families living in homeless shelters and transitional housing, are exempt from the procedures in paragraph (b). This exemption does not apply to entire programs. The exemption applies only to approved innovative initiatives that target services to high-risk populations, including homeless families and families living in homeless shelters, transitional housing, and permanent supportive housing.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 121A.19, is amended to read: 131.23

## 121A.19 DEVELOPMENTAL SCREENING AID.

Each school year, the state must pay a district for each child or student screened by the district according to the requirements of section 121A.17. The amount of state aid for each child or student screened shall be: (1) \$75 \$98 for a child screened at age three; (2) \$50 \$65 for a child screened at age four; (3) \$40 \$52 for a child screened at age five or six prior to kindergarten; and (4) \$30 \$39 for a student screened within 30 days after first enrolling in a public school kindergarten if the student has not previously been screened according to the requirements of section 121A.17. If this amount of aid is insufficient, the district may permanently transfer from the general fund an amount that, when added to the aid, is sufficient. Developmental screening aid shall not be paid for any student who is screened 131.33 more than 30 days after the first day of attendance at a public school kindergarten, except

132.1	if a student transfers to another public school kindergarten within 30 days after first enrolling						
132.2	in a Minnesota public school kindergarten program. In this case, if the student has not been						
132.3	screened, the district to which the student transfers may receive developmental screening						
132.4	aid for screening that student when the screening is performed within 30 days of the transfer						
132.5	date.						
132.6	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.151, subdivision 6, is amended to read:						
132.7	Subd. 6. Participation limits. (a) Notwithstanding section 126C.05, subdivision 1,						
132.8	paragraph (d), the pupil units for a voluntary prekindergarten program for an eligible school						
132.9	district or charter school must not exceed 60 percent of the kindergarten pupil units for that						
132.10	school district or charter school under section 126C.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (e).						
132.11	(b) In reviewing applications under subdivision 5, the commissioner must limit the total						
132.12	number of participants in the voluntary prekindergarten and school readiness plus programs						
132.13	under Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 8, section 9, to not more than 7,160						
132.14	participants for fiscal years 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, and 2023, and 3,160 participants for						
132.15	fiscal years 2024 and later per fiscal year.						
132.16	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later.						
132.17	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.165, subdivision 2, is amended to read:						
132.18	Subd. 2. Family eligibility. (a) For a family to receive an early learning scholarship,						
132.19	parents or guardians must meet the following eligibility requirements:						
132.20	(1) have an eligible child; and						
132.21	(2) have income equal to or less than $\frac{185}{200}$ percent of federal poverty level income						
132.22	in the current calendar year, or be able to document their child's current participation in the						
132.23	free and reduced-price lunch program or Child and Adult Care Food Program, National						
132.24	School Lunch Act, United States Code, title 42, sections 1751 and 1766; the Food						
132.25	Distribution Program on Indian Reservations, Food and Nutrition Act, United States Code,						
132.26	title 7, sections 2011-2036; Head Start under the federal Improving Head Start for School						
132.27	Readiness Act of 2007; Minnesota family investment program under chapter 256J; child						
132.28	care assistance programs under chapter 119B; the supplemental nutrition assistance program;						
132.29	or placement in foster care under section 260C.212.						
132.30	(b) An "eligible child" means a child who has not yet enrolled in kindergarten and is:						

(1) at least three but not yet five years of age on September 1 of the current school year;

**ENGROSSMENT** (2) a sibling from birth to age five of a child who has been awarded a scholarship under 133.1 this section provided the sibling attends the same program as long as funds are available; 133.2 (3) the child of a parent under age 21 who is pursuing a high school degree or a course 133.3 of study for a high school equivalency test; or 133.4 133.5 (4) homeless, in foster care, or in need of child protective services. (c) A child who has received a scholarship under this section must continue to receive 133.6 a scholarship each year until that child is eligible for kindergarten under section 120A.20 133.7 and as long as funds are available. 133.8 (d) Early learning scholarships may not be counted as earned income for the purposes 133.9 of medical assistance under chapter 256B, MinnesotaCare under chapter 256L, Minnesota 133.10 family investment program under chapter 256J, child care assistance programs under chapter 133.11 119B, or Head Start under the federal Improving Head Start for School Readiness Act of 133.12 2007. 133.13 (e) A child from an adjoining state whose family resides at a Minnesota address as 133.14 assigned by the United States Postal Service, who has received developmental screening under sections 121A.16 to 121A.19, who intends to enroll in a Minnesota school district, and whose family meets the criteria of paragraph (a) is eligible for an early learning 133.17 scholarship under this section. 133.18 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.165, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 133.19 Subd. 3. Administration. (a) The commissioner shall establish application timelines 133.20 and determine the schedule for awarding scholarships that meets operational needs of eligible 133.21 families and programs. The commissioner must give highest priority to applications from 133.22 children who: 133.23 (1) have a parent under age 21 who is pursuing a high school diploma or a course of 133.24 study for a high school equivalency test; 133.25 (2) are in foster care or otherwise in need of protection or services; or; 133.26 (3) have been referred as in need of child protection services; 133.27 133.28 (4) have an incarcerated parent; (5) have a parent in a substance use treatment program; 133.29

133.30

133.31

(6) have a parent in a mental health treatment program;

(7) have experienced domestic violence;

134.3

134.4

134.8

134.9

134.21

134.23

134.24

134.25

134.26

134.27

134.28

134.29

134.30

134.1	(8) have family income less than or equal to 185 percent of federal poverty level income
134.2	in the current calendar year; or

- (3) (9) have experienced homelessness in the last 24 months, as defined under the federal McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, United States Code, title 42, section 11434a.
- 134.5 The commissioner may prioritize applications on additional factors including family income, geographic location, and whether the child's family is on a waiting list for a publicly 134.6 funded program providing early education or child care services. 134.7
  - (b) The commissioner shall establish a target for the average scholarship amount per child based on the results of the rate survey conducted under section 119B.02.
- (c) A four-star rated program that has children eligible for a scholarship enrolled in or 134.10 on a waiting list for a program beginning in July, August, or September may notify the 134.11 commissioner, in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, each year of the 134.12 program's desire to enhance program services or to serve more children than current funding 134.13 provides. The commissioner may designate a predetermined number of scholarship slots 134.14 for that program and notify the program of that number. For fiscal year 2018 and later, the 134.15 statewide amount of funding directly designated by the commissioner must not exceed the 134.16 funding directly designated for fiscal year 2017. Beginning July 1, 2016, a school district 134.17 or Head Start program qualifying under this paragraph may use its established registration 134.18 process to enroll scholarship recipients and may verify a scholarship recipient's family 134.19 income in the same manner as for other program participants. 134.20
  - (d) A scholarship is awarded for a 12-month period. If the scholarship recipient has not been accepted and subsequently enrolled in a rated program within ten months of the awarding of the scholarship, the scholarship cancels and the recipient must reapply in order to be eligible for another scholarship. A child may not be awarded more than one scholarship in a 12-month period.
  - (e) A child who receives a scholarship who has not completed development screening under sections 121A.16 to 121A.19 must complete that screening within 90 days of first attending an eligible program or within 90 days after the child's third birthday if awarded a scholarship under the age of three.
- (f) For fiscal year 2017 and later, a school district or Head Start program enrolling scholarship recipients under paragraph (c) may apply to the commissioner, in the form and 134.31 manner prescribed by the commissioner, for direct payment of state aid. Upon receipt of 134.32 the application, the commissioner must pay each program directly for each approved 134.33

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 126C.10, subdivision 2d, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2d. **Declining enrollment revenue.** (a) A school district's declining enrollment revenue equals the greater of zero or the product of: (1) 28 percent of the formula allowance for that year and (2) the difference between the adjusted pupil units for the preceding year and the adjusted pupil units for the current year.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for fiscal year 2024 only, prekindergarten pupil units under section 126C.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (d), must be excluded from the calculation of declining enrollment revenue.
- 135.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later.
- 135.12 Sec. 7. APPROPRIATIONS.

135.2

- Subdivision 1. Department of Education. The sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years designated.
- Subd. 2. <u>Developmental screening aid.</u> (a) For developmental screening aid under

  Minnesota Statutes, sections 121A.17 and 121A.19:
- \$ 4,350,000 ..... 2024
- 135.19 \$ 4,375,000 ..... 2025
- (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$349,000 for 2023 and \$4,001,000 for 2024.
- (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$445,000 for 2024 and \$3,930,000 for 2025.
- Subd. 3. Early childhood family education aid. (a) For early childhood family education aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.135:
- <u>\$ 37,497,000 ..... 2024</u>
- (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$3,518,000 for 2023 and \$33,979,000 for 2024.
- (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$3,775,000 for 2024 and \$36,968,000 for 2025.
- Subd. 4. Early childhood programs at Tribal contract schools. (a) For early childhood
- 135.29 family education programs at Tribal contract schools under Minnesota Statutes, section
- 135.30 124D.83, subdivision 4:

	HF2497 FIR ENGROSSM	ST UNOFFICIAL IENT		REVISOR	CM	UEH2497-1				
136.1	<u>\$</u>	68,000	<u></u> 2024							
136.2	<u>\$</u>		2025							
136.3		balance in the	first year does	s not cancel but	is available in the	second year.				
136.4	Subd. 5	. Early childho	od teacher sl	<b>hortage.</b> (a) For	transfer to the O	ffice of Higher				
136.5	Education 1	Education for grants to Minnesota institutions of higher education to address the early								
136.6	childhood education teacher shortage:									
136.7	<u>\$</u>	490,000	<u></u> <u>2024</u>							
136.8	<u>\$</u>	490,000	<u></u> <u>2025</u>							
136.9	(b) Grai	nt funds may be	used to provi	ide tuition and o	ther supports to s	tudents.				
136.10	(c) Up to five percent of the grant amount is available for grant administration and									
136.11	· ·									
136.12	(d) Any	balance in the	first year does	s not cancel but	is available in the	second year.				
136.13	(e) The	base for fiscal y	ear 2026 and	later is \$700,00	00.					
136.14	Subd. 6	. Early learnin	g scholarship	os. (a) For the ea	orly learning schol	larship program				
136.15	under Minr	nesota Statutes,	section 124D	.165:						
136.16	<u>\$</u>	205,968,000	<u></u> <u>2024</u>							
136.17	<u>\$</u>	205,969,000	<u></u> 2025							
136.18	(b) This	appropriation i	s subject to th	ne requirements	under Minnesota	Statutes, section				
136.19	124D.165,	subdivision 6.								
136.20	(c) The	base for fiscal y	ear 2026 and	later is \$105,97	74,000 <u>.</u>					
136.21	Subd. 7	. Educate pare	nts partnersl	hip. (a) For the	educate parents pa	artnership under				
136.22	Minnesota	Statutes, section	n 124D.129:							
136.23	<u>\$</u>	49,000	<u></u> 2024							
136.24	<u>\$</u>	49,000	<u></u> <u>2025</u>							
136.25	(b) Any	balance in the	first year does	s not cancel but	is available in the	second year.				
136.26	Subd. 8	. Head Start pı	rogram. (a) F	or Head Start pr	ograms under Mi	nnesota Statutes,				
136.27	section 119	A.52:								
136.28	<u>\$</u>	35,100,000	<u></u> 2024							
136.29	<u>\$</u>	35,100,000	<u></u> <u>2025</u>							
136.30	(b) Any	balance in the	first year does	s not cancel but	is available in the	second year.				

**ENGROSSMENT** Subd. 9. Home visiting aid. (a) For home visiting aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 137.1 137.2 124D.135: 137.3 \$ 391,000 ..... 2024 \$ 137.4 309,000 ..... 2025 (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$41,000 for 2023 and \$350,000 for 2024. 137.5 (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$38,000 for 2024 and \$271,000 for 2025. 137.6 Subd. 10. Kindergarten entrance assessment initiative and intervention program. For 137.7 the kindergarten entrance assessment initiative and intervention program under Minnesota 137.8 Statutes, section 124D.162: 137.9 <u>.....</u> <u>202</u>4 \$ 281,000 137.10 \$ 137.11 281,000 ..... 2025 137.12 Subd. 11. Learning with Music program. (a) For a grant to the MacPhail Center for Music to expand the Learning with Music program: 137.13 137.14 \$ 250,000 <u>.....</u> 2024 \$ ..... 2025 250,000 137.15 (b) The MacPhail Center for Music must use the grant funds received under this 137.16 subdivision to: 137.17 (1) expand direct programming to four early childhood center locations in each year of 137.18 the grant, with a focus on meeting the needs of children experiencing economic hardship 137.19 in the metropolitan area; and 137.20 (2) create and deliver professional development training opportunities to early childhood 137.21 educators statewide, both online and in person, that are based on current successful elements 137.22 of the Learning with Music program. 137.23

(c) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

(d) The base for fiscal year 2026 is \$0.

Subd. 12. **ParentChild+ program.** For a grant to the ParentChild+ program:

<u>\$</u> <u>1,800,000</u> ..... <u>2024</u>

137.28 <u>\$ 1,800,000</u> ..... 2025

(b) The grant must be used for an evidence-based and research-validated early childhood
 literacy and school readiness program for children ages 16 months to four years at its existing

Subd. 15. **School readiness.** (a) For revenue for school readiness programs under 138.29 138.30 Minnesota Statutes, sections 124D.15 and 124D.16:

\$ 33,683,000 138.31 .... 2024 \$ <u>.....</u> <u>2</u>025 138.32 33,683,000

138.1

138.2

138.3

138.4

138.5

138.6

138.7

138.8

138.9

138.11

138.17

138.19

138.28

(c) The grant recipient must fully implement the plan on a statewide basis by 2030.

FN	GRC	226	MF.	NT

(b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$3,368,000 for 2023 and \$30,315,000 for 2024. 139.1 (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$3,368,000 for 2024 and \$30,315,000 for 2025. 139.2 139.3 **ARTICLE 9** COMMUNITY EDUCATION AND LIFELONG LEARNING 139.4 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.20, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 139.5 Subd. 3. **General community education revenue.** The general community education 139.6 revenue for a district equals \$5.23 for fiscal years 2005 and 2006 and \$5.42 for fiscal year 139.7 2007 through fiscal year 2024 and \$7.00 for fiscal year 2025 and later, times the greater of 139.8 1,335 or the population of the district. The population of the district is determined according 139.9 to section 275.14. 139.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2025 and later. 139.11 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.20, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 139.12 Subd. 5. Total community education levy. To obtain total community education revenue, 139.13 a district may levy the amount raised by a maximum tax rate of 0.94 percent through fiscal 139.14 year 2024, 0.409 percent in fiscal year 2025, 0.3687 percent in fiscal year 2026, and 0.35 139.15 percent in fiscal year 2027 and later, times the adjusted net tax capacity of the district. If 139.16 the amount of the total community education levy would exceed the total community 139.17 education revenue, the total community education levy shall be determined according to subdivision 6. 139.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2025 and later. 139.20 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.2211, is amended to read: 139.21 124D.2211 AFTER-SCHOOL COMMUNITY LEARNING PROGRAMS. 139.22 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** A competitive statewide after-school community learning 139.23 grant program is established to provide grants to community or nonprofit organizations, 139.24 political subdivisions, for-profit or nonprofit child care centers, or school-based programs 139.25 that serve support eligible organizations to provide culturally affirming and enriching 139.26 after-school and summer learning programs for school-age youth after school or during 139.27 nonschool hours. Grants must be used to offer a broad array of academic enrichment activities 139.28 that promote positive after-school and summer learning activities, including art, music, 139.29 community engagement, literacy, science, technology, engineering, math, health, and 139.30

139.31

recreation programs. The commissioner shall develop criteria for after-school community

140.1	learning programs that promote partnerships and active collaboration with the schools that
140.2	participating students attend. The commissioner may award grants under this section to
140.3	community or nonprofit organizations, culturally specific organizations, American Indian
140.4	organizations, Tribal Nations, political subdivisions, public libraries, or school-based
140.5	programs that serve youth after school, during the summer, or during nonschool hours.
140.6	Subd. 2. Program outcomes Objectives. The expected outcomes objectives of the
140.7	after-school community learning programs are to increase:
140.8	(1) school connectedness of participants;
140.9	(2) academic achievement of participating students in one or more core academic areas;
140.10	(3) the capacity of participants to become productive adults; and
140.11	(4) prevent truancy from school and prevent juvenile crime.
140.12	(1) increase access to comprehensive and culturally affirming after-school and summer
140.13	learning and enrichment opportunities that meet the academic, social, and emotional needs
140.14	of historically underserved students;
140.15	(2) promote engagement in learning and connections to school and community; and
140.16	(3) encourage school attendance and improve academic performance.
140.17	Subd. 3. <b>Grants.</b> (a) An applicant shall must submit an after-school community learning
140.18	program proposal to the commissioner. The submitted plan proposal must include:
140.19	(1) collaboration with and leverage of existing community resources that have
140.20	demonstrated effectiveness;
140.21	(2) outreach to children and youth; and
140.22	(3) involvement of local governments, including park and recreation boards or schools,
140.23	unless no government agency is appropriate.
140.24	Proposals will be reviewed and approved by the commissioner.
140.25	(1) an assessment of the needs and available resources for the after-school community
140.26	learning program and a description of how the proposed program will address the needs
140.27	identified, including how students and families were engaged in the process;
140.28	(2) a description of the partnership between a school and another eligible entity;
140.29	(3) an explanation of how the proposal will support the objectives identified in subdivision
140 30	2 including the use of best practices:

141.1	(4) a plan to implement effective after-school and summer learning practices and provide
141.2	staff access to professional development opportunities; and
141.3	(5) a description of the data they will use to evaluate the impact of the program.
141.4	(b) The commissioner must review proposals and award grants to programs that:
141.5	(1) primarily serve historically underserved students; and
141.6	(2) provide opportunities for academic enrichment and a broad array of additional services
141.7	and activities to meet program objectives.
141.8	(c) To the extent practicable, the commissioner must award grants equitably among the
141.9	geographic areas of Minnesota, including rural, suburban, and urban communities.
141.10	Subd. 4. Technical assistance and continuous improvement. (a) The commissioner
141.11	must monitor and evaluate the performance of grant recipients to assess the effectiveness
141.12	of after-school community learning programs in meeting the objectives identified in
141.13	subdivision 2.
141.14	(b) The commissioner must provide technical assistance, capacity building, and
141.15	professional development to grant recipients, including guidance on effective practices for
141.16	after-school and summer learning programs.
141.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
141.18	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.531, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
141.19	Subdivision 1. State total adult basic education aid. (a) The state total adult basic
141.20	education aid for fiscal year 2011 2024 equals \$44,419,000 \$52,781,000, plus any amount
141.21	that is not paid during the previous fiscal year as a result of adjustments under subdivision
141.22	4, paragraph (a), or section 124D.52, subdivision 3. The state total adult basic education
141.23	aid for later fiscal years equals:
141.24	(1) the state total adult basic education aid for the preceding fiscal year plus any amount
141.25	that is not paid for during the previous fiscal year, as a result of adjustments under subdivision
141.26	4, paragraph (a), or section 124D.52, subdivision 3; times
141.27	(2) the lesser of:
141.28	(i) 1.03; or
141.29	(ii) the greater of: (A) one plus the percent change in the formula allowance under section
141.30	126C.10, subdivision 2, from the previous fiscal year to the current fiscal year; or (B) the
141.31	average growth in state total contact hours over the prior ten program years.

	E. GROSSIVE. (1
142.1	Three percent of the state total adult basic education aid must be set aside for adult basic
142.2	education supplemental service grants under section 124D.522.
142.3	(b) The state total adult basic education aid, excluding basic population aid, equals the
142.4	difference between the amount computed in paragraph (a), and the state total basic population
142.5	aid under subdivision 2.
142.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2024 and later.
142.7	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.531, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
142.8	Subd. 4. Adult basic education program aid limit. (a) Notwithstanding subdivisions
142.9	2 and 3, the total adult basic education aid for a program per prior year contact hour must
142.10	not exceed \$22 \$30 per prior year contact hour computed under subdivision 3, clause (2).
142.11	(b) The aid for a program under subdivision 3, clause (2), adjusted for changes in program
142.12	membership, must not exceed the aid for that program under subdivision 3, clause (2), for
142.13	the first preceding fiscal year by more than the greater of 11 percent or \$10,000.
142.14	(c) Adult basic education aid is payable to a program for unreimbursed costs occurring
142.15	in the program year as defined in section 124D.52, subdivision 3.
142.16	(d) Any adult basic education aid that is not paid to a program because of the program
142.17	aid limitation under paragraph (a) must be added to the state total adult basic education aid
142.18	for the next fiscal year under subdivision 1. Any adult basic education aid that is not paid
142.19	to a program because of the program aid limitations under paragraph (b) must be reallocated
142.20	among programs by adjusting the rate per contact hour under subdivision 3, clause (2).
142.21	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.55, is amended to read:
142.22	124D.55 COMMISSIONER-SELECTED HIGH SCHOOL EQUIVALENCY TEST
142.23	FEES.
142.24	(a) The commissioner shall pay 60 percent of the fee that is charged to an eligible
142.25	individual for the full battery of the commissioner-selected high school equivalency tests,
142.26	but not more than \$40 for an eligible individual.
142.27	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for fiscal years 2020 and 2021 2023 through 2027
142.28	only, subject to the availability of funds, the commissioner shall pay 100 percent of the fee
142.29	charged to an eligible individual for the full battery of the commissioner-selected high
142.30	school equivalency tests, but not more than the cost of one full battery of tests per year for

142.31 any individual.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.56, is amended to r	read:
---	-------

143.2	124D.56 COMMUNITY EDUCATION PROGRAM REVENUE; ADULTS WITH
143.3	DISABILITIES.
143.4	Subdivision 1. <b>Revenue amount.</b> A district that is eligible according to section 124D.20,
143.5	subdivision 2, may receive revenue for a program for adults with disabilities. Revenue for
143.6	the program for adults with disabilities for a district or a group of districts equals the lesser
143.7	of:
143.8	(1) the actual expenditures for approved programs and budgets; or
143.9	(2) \$60,000 the greater of (i) \$0.67 times the population of the school district as
143.10	determined according to section 275.14, or (ii) the district's adults with disabilities revenue
143.11	for fiscal year 2023. If the district does not levy the entire amount permitted, the district's
143.12	adults with disabilities aid is reduced in proportion to the actual amount levied.
143.13	Subd. 2. <b>Aid.</b> Program aid for adults with disabilities equals the lesser of:
143.14	(1) one-half of the actual expenditures for approved programs and budgets; or
143.15	(2) \$30,000 difference between the district's adults with disabilities revenue and the
143.16	district's adults with disabilities levy.
143.17	Subd. 3. <b>Levy.</b> A district may levy for a program for adults with disabilities <u>in</u> an amount
143.18	up to the amount designated in subdivision 2. In the case of a program offered by a group
143.19	of districts, the levy amount must be apportioned among the districts according to the
143.20	agreement submitted to the department. not to exceed the lesser of:
143.21	(1) the district's revenue under subdivision 1; or
143.22	(2) the product of a tax rate not to exceed .006 percent in fiscal year 2025, .0053 percent
143.23	in fiscal year 2026, and .005 percent in fiscal year 2027 and later, times the district's adjusted
143.24	net tax capacity for the year prior to the year the levy is certified.
143.25	Subd. 4. <b>Outside revenue.</b> A district may receive money from public or private sources
143.26	to supplement revenue for the program for adults with disabilities. Aid may not be reduced
143.27	as a result of receiving money from these sources.
143.28	Subd. 5. <b>Use of revenue.</b> Revenue for the program for adults with disabilities may be

Subd. 6. Cooperation encouraged. A school district offering programming for adults 143.30 with disabilities is encouraged to provide programming in cooperation with other school 143.31

used only to provide programs for adults with disabilities.

143.29

 $\mathsf{CM}$ 

144.1	districts and other public and private organizations providing services to adults with
144.2	<u>disabilities.</u>
144.3	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2025 and later.
144.4	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.99, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
144.5	Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For purposes of this section the terms defined in this subdivision
144.6	have the meanings given them.
144.7	(b) "Tier 1 grant" "Neighborhood partnership grant" means a sustaining grant for the
144.8	ongoing operation, stability, and expansion of existing education partnership program
144.9	locations serving a defined geographic area within a single municipality.
144.10	(c) "Tier 2 grant" "Regional neighborhood partnership grant" means an implementation
144.11	grant for expanding activity in the ongoing operation, stability, and expansion of activity
144.12	of existing education partnership program locations serving a defined geographic area
144.13	encompassing an entire municipality or part of or all of multiple municipalities.
144.14	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.99, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
144.15	Subd. 3. Administration; design. (a) The commissioner shall establish program
144.16	requirements, an application process and timeline for each tier of grants grant specified in
144.17	subdivision 4, criteria for evaluation of applications, and a grant awards process. The
144.18	commissioner's process must minimize administrative costs, minimize burdens for applicants
144.19	and grant recipients, and provide a framework that permits flexibility in program design
144.20	and implementation among grant recipients.
144.21	(b) To the extent practicable, the commissioner shall design the program to align with
144.22	programs implemented or proposed by organizations in Minnesota that:
144.23	(1) identify and increase the capacity of organizations that are focused on achieving
144.24	data-driven, locally controlled positive outcomes for children and youth throughout an entire
144.25	neighborhood or geographic area through programs such as Strive Together, Promise
144.26	Neighborhood, and the Education Partnerships Coalition members;
144.27	(2) build a continuum of educational family and community supports with academically
144.28	rigorous schools at the center;
144.29	(3) maximize program efficiencies by integrating programmatic activities and eliminating
144.30	administrative barriers;

CM

145.1	(4) develop local infrastructure needed to sustain and scale up proven and effective						
145.2	solutions beyond the initial neighborhood or geographic area;						
145.3	(5) utilize appropriate outcome measures based on unique community needs and interests						
145.4	and apply rigorous evaluation on a periodic basis to be used to both monitor outcomes and						
145.5	allow for continuous improvements to systems;						
145.6	(6) collect and utilize data to improve student outcomes;						
145.7	(7) share disaggregated performance data with the community to set community-level						
145.8	outcomes;						
145.9	(8) employ continuous improvement processes;						
145.10	(9) have a Tribal entity, community foundation, higher education institution, or						
145.11	community-based organization as an anchor entity managing the partnership;						
145.12	(10) convene a cross-sector leadership group and have a documented accountability						
145.13	structure; and						
145.14	(11) demonstrate use of nonstate funds, from multiple sources, including in-kind						
145.15	contributions.						
145.16	(c) A grant recipient's supportive services programming must address:						
145.17	(1) kindergarten readiness and youth development;						
145.18	(2) grade 3 reading proficiency;						
145.19	(3) middle school mathematics;						
145.20	(4) high school graduation;						
145.21	(5) postsecondary educational enrollment;						
145.22	(6) postsecondary education completion or attainment;						
145.23	(7) physical and mental health;						
145.24	(8) development of career skills and readiness;						
145.25	(9) parental engagement and development;						
145.26	(10) community engagement and programmatic alignment; and						
145.27	(11) reduction of remedial education.						
145.28	(d) The commissioner, in consultation with grant recipients, must:						

146.22 146.23

146.1

146.2

146.3

146.4

146.5

146.6

146.7

146.8

146.9

146.11

146.14

146.16

146.17

146.18

146.19

(b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$71,000 for 2023 and \$639,000 for 2024. 146.24

(c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$71,000 for 2024 and \$2,171,000 for 2025. 146.25

Subd. 4. After school community learning grant program. (a) For grants for after 146.26 school community learning programs in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 146.27 124D.2211: 146.28

\$ 40,000,000 ..... 2024 146.29 <u>.....</u> <u>2025</u> \$ 146.30

- 147.1 out a state-wide system of support for continuous improvement. 147.2
- 147.3 (c) Up to \$2,250,000 is available for grant administration, monitoring, providing technical assistance, and program evaluation. 147.4
- 147.5 (d) This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027.
- Subd. 5. Community education aid. (a) For community education aid under Minnesota 147.6 147.7 Statutes, section 124D.20:
- \$ 147.8 98,000 .... 2024
- ..... 2025 \$ 8,684,000 147.9
- (b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$14,000 for 2023 and \$84,000 for 2024. 147.10
- (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$9,000 for 2024 and \$8,675,000 for 2025. 147.11
- Subd. 6. Deaf, deafblind, and hard-of-hearing adults. For programs for deaf, deafblind, 147.12
- and hard-of-hearing adults under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.57: 147.13
- 147.14 \$ 70,000 .... 2024
- <u>.....</u> <u>2025</u> \$ 147.15 70,000
- Subd. 7. High school equivalency tests. (a) For payment of the costs of the 147.16
- commissioner-selected high school equivalency tests under Minnesota Statutes, section 147.17
- 124D.55: 147.18
- \$ ..... 2024 147.19 615,000
- <u>.....</u> 2025 \$ 125,000 147.20
- (b) Of the amounts in paragraph (a), \$490,000 in fiscal year 2024 is available until June 147.21
- 30, 2027. 147.22
- Subd. 8. Minnesota Alliance of Boys and Girls Clubs. (a) For a grant to the Minnesota 147.23
- Alliance of Boys and Girls Clubs to support the establishment and expansion of Boys and 147.24
- Girls Clubs in Minnesota beyond existing service areas to support after-school and summer 147.25
- programming that address learning loss: 147.26
- \$ 2,500,000 .... 2024 147.27
- \$ 147.28 2,500,000 ..... 2025
- (b) The grant recipient must take into consideration multiple factors, including need, 147.29
- feasibility, and community engagement when determining where to establish and expand 147.30
- 147.31 Boys and Girls Clubs programming. Need may be analyzed using available data from the
- department. Feasibility must be determined by proximity to supporting organizations, staffing 147.32

148.22

148.23

148.24

148 25 Subd. 11. School-age care aid. (a) For school-age care aid under Minnesota Statutes,

section 124D.22: 148.26

148.1

148.2

148.3

148.4

148.5

148.6

148.7

148.8

148.9

148.10

148.11

148.13

148.15

148.17

148.27 \$ 1,000 ..... 2024

\$ 1,000 ..... 2025 148.28

(b) The 2024 appropriation includes \$0 for 2023 and \$1,000 for 2024. 148.29

148.30 (c) The 2025 appropriation includes \$0 for 2024 and \$1,000 for 2025.

UEH2497-1

149.1	ARTICLE 10					
149.2	STATE AGENCIES					
149.3	Section 1. [121A.20] LICENSED SCHOOL NURSE.					
149.4	Subdivision 1. Purpose and duties. (a) The Department of Education must employ a					
149.5	school health services specialist to:					
149.6	(1) provide technical assistance to school districts and charter schools for the					
149.7	education-related health needs of students;					
149.8	(2) serve as the primary source of information and support for schools in addressing					
149.9	emergency readiness, public health, and the needs of children and youth with acute and					
149.10						
149.11	(3) serve as the primary liaison to the Department of Health and other state agencies to					
149.12	coordinate school-based, health-related services for students.					
149.13	(b) The school health services specialist's duties include:					
149.14	(1) increasing professional awareness and competencies of school nurses and other					
149.15	specialized instructional support personnel, using the competencies defined in the most					
149.16	recent edition of the document jointly prepared by the American Nurses Association and					
149.17	the National Association of School Nurses identified as "School Nursing; Scope and					
149.18	Standards of Practice" to meet the educational needs of students with acute or chronic health					
149.19	$\underline{conditions\ or\ students\ identified\ with\ risk\ characteristics\ associated\ with\ health\ and\ mental}$					
149.20	health;					
149.21	(2) developing implementation guidance to assist general education and special education					
149.22	teachers in (i) recognizing health-related educational needs of children and youth, and (ii)					
149.23	improving students' attendance and full participation in instruction and other school activities;					
149.24	(3) developing implementation guidance to assist teachers, specialized instructional					
149.25	support personnel, and school administrators in prevention of and intervention with					
149.26	health-harming behavior and mental health; and					
149.27	(4) increasing the availability of online and asynchronous professional development					
149.28	programs and materials for school staff.					
149.29	Subd. 2. <b>Definition.</b> For purposes of this section, "health services specialist" means a					
149.30	professional registered nurse who:					
149.31	(1) is licensed as a public health nurse in Minnesota;					
149.32	(2) is licensed as a school nurse in Minnesota;					

(3) has a minimum of three years of experience in school nursing services or as a public

CM

150.1

150.2	health nurse serving schools;					
150.3	(4) has experience in managing a districtwide health policy, overseeing a budget, and					
150.4	supervising personnel; and					
150.5	(5) has a graduate degree in nursing, public health, education, or a related field.					
150.6	Subd. 3. Requirements for position. The Department of Education's school health					
150.7	services specialist must be highly trained in school nursing, which includes knowledge					
150.8	about child growth and development; public health; health education; and special education					
150.9	with a focus on the impact of health on learning, comprehensive assessment of					
150.10	learning-related health using interventions that are evidence-based, and documentation and					
150.11	evaluation of child health knowledge, skills, status, and education implications. The specialist					
150.12	must have knowledge of section 504 plans, health insurance and third-party reimbursement,					
150.13	health privacy, and emergency preparedness. The specialist must also have skills in					
150.14	interdisciplinary collaboration, policy development, parent involvement, health teaching					
150.15	and learning, and staff development.					
150.16	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 121A.582, subdivision 1, is amended to read:					
150.17	Subdivision 1. Reasonable force standard. (a) A teacher or school principal, in					
150.18	exercising the person's lawful authority, may use reasonable force when it is necessary under					
150.19	the circumstances to correct or restrain a student or to prevent imminent bodily harm or					
150.20	death to the student or to another.					
150.21	(b) A school employee, school bus driver, or other agent of a district, in exercising the					
150.22	person's lawful authority, may use reasonable force when it is necessary under the					
150.23	circumstances to restrain a student or to prevent bodily harm or death to the student or to					
150.24	another.					
150.25	(c) Paragraphs (a) and (b) do not authorize conduct prohibited under section 125A.0942.					
150.26	(d) Districts must report data on their use of any reasonable force used on a student with					
150.27	a disability to correct or restrain the student to prevent imminent bodily harm or death to					
150.28	the student or another that is consistent with the definition of physical holding under section					
150.29	125A.0941, paragraph (c), as outlined in section 125A.0942, subdivision 3, paragraph (b).					
150.30	(e) Beginning with the 2024-2025 school year, districts must report annually by July					
150.31	15, in a form and manner determined by the commissioner, data from the prior school year					
150.32	about any reasonable force used on a general education student to correct or restrain the					

151.1	student to prevent imminent bodily harm or death to the student or another that is consistent						
151.2	with the definition of physical holding under section 125A.0941, paragraph (c).						
151.3	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.13, is amended by adding a subdivision to						
151.4	read:						
151.5	Subd. 12a. Support staff. (a) The department must employ two full-time equivalent						
151.6	staff to serve as resources for programs described in this section. The staff persons must						
151.7	provide operational support and guidance to programs, including but not limited to providing						
151.8	professional development and education support, assisting with marketing and outreach,						
151.9	and facilitating collaborations with public and private organizations serving families.						
151.10	(b) Each staff person described in this subdivision must hold a valid license as a teacher						
151.11	of parent and family education.						
151.12	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 125A.71, subdivision 1, is amended to read:						
151.13	Subdivision 1. Rental income; appropriation. Rental income, excluding rent for land						
151.14	and living residences, must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a revolving						
151.15	fund of the academies. Money in the revolving fund for rental income is annually						
151.16	appropriated to the academies for staff development purposes. Payment from the revolving						
151.17	fund for rental income may be made only according to vouchers authorized by the						
151.18	administrator of the academies.						
151.19	Sec. 5. [127A.21] OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL.						
151.20	Subdivision 1. Establishment of Office of the Inspector General; powers; duties. The						
151.21	commissioner must establish within the department an Office of the Inspector General. The						
151.22	Office of the Inspector General is charged with protecting the integrity of the department						
151.23	and the state by detecting and preventing fraud, waste, and abuse in department programs.						
151.24	The Office of the Inspector General must conduct independent and objective investigations						
151.25	to promote the integrity of the department's programs and operations. When fraud or other						
151.26	misuse of public funds is detected, the Office of the Inspector General must report it to the						
151.27	appropriate law enforcement entity and collaborate and cooperate with law enforcement to						
151.28	assist in the investigation and any subsequent civil and criminal prosecution.						
151.29	Subd. 2. Data practices; hiring; reporting. The Office of the Inspector General has						
151.30	access to all program data, regardless of classification under chapter 13, held by the						
151.31	department, school districts or charter schools, grantees, and any other recipient of funds						
151.32	from the department. The commissioner, or the commissioner's designee, must hire an						

CM

	ENGROSSMENT					
152.1	inspector general to lead the Office of the Inspector General. The inspector general must					
152.2	hire a deputy inspector general and, at the discretion of the inspector general, sufficient					
152.3	assistant inspectors general to carry out the duties of the office. In a form and manner					
152.4	determined by the inspector general, the Office of the Inspector General must develop a					
152.5	public platform for the public to report instances of potential fraud, waste, or abuse of public					
152.6	funds administered by the department.					
152.7	Sec. 6. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 11, section 4, subdivision 2,					
152.8	is amended to read:					
152.9	Subd. 2. <b>Department.</b> (a) For the Department of Education:					
152.10	\$ 30,837,000 2022					
152.11	26,287,000					
152.12	\$ <u>25,187,000</u> 2023					
152.13	Of these amounts:					
152.14	(1) \$319,000 each year is for the Board of School Administrators;					
152.15	(2) \$1,000,000 each year is for regional centers of excellence under Minnesota Statutes,					
152.16	section 120B.115;					
152.17	(3) \$250,000 each year is for the School Finance Division to enhance financial data					
152.18	analysis;					
152.19	(4) \$720,000 each year is for implementing Minnesota's Learning for English Academic					
152.20						
152.21	(5) \$123,000 each year is for a dyslexia specialist;					
152.22	(6) \$480,000 each year is for the Department of Education's mainframe update;					
152.23	(7) \$4,500,000 in fiscal year 2022 only is for legal fees and costs associated with					
152.24	litigation; and					
152.25	(8) \$340,000 in fiscal years 2022 and 2023 only are for voluntary prekindergarten					
152.26	programs.					
152.27	(b) None of the amounts appropriated under this subdivision may be used for Minnesota's					
152.28	Washington, D.C., office.					

152.29

(c) The expenditures of federal grants and aids as shown in the biennial budget document

152.30 and its supplements are approved and appropriated and must be spent as indicated.

(d) This appropriation includes funds for information technology project services and

153.1

153.2	support subject to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 16E.21. Any ongoing						
153.3	information technology costs will be incorporated into the service level agreement and will						
153.4	be paid to the Office of MN.IT Services by the Department of Education under the rates						
153.5	and mechanisms specified in that agreement.						
153.6	(e) To account for the base adjustments provided in Laws 2018, chapter 211, article 21,						
153.7	section 1, paragraph (a), and section 3, paragraph (a), the base for fiscal year 2024 and later						
153.8	is \$25,965,000.						
153.9	(f) On the effective date of this act, \$1,500,000 from the fiscal year 2022 appropriation						
153.10	for legal fees and costs associated with litigation is canceled to the general fund.						
153.11	Sec. 7. GRANT AUTHORITY.						
153.12	(a) The commissioner of education may transfer funding for grant administration and						
153.13	monitoring within the Department of Education as the commissioner determines necessary						
153.14	with the advance approval of the commissioner of management and budget. All transfers						
153.15	under this section must be intrafund.						
153.16	(b) Unless a different amount is specified by law, the commissioner of education may						
153.17	retain up to four percent of amounts appropriated for grants for the purpose of grant						
153.18	administration and monitoring.						
153.19	Sec. 8. FINANCIAL REVIEW OF GRANT AND BUSINESS SUBSIDY						
153.20	RECIPIENTS.						
153.21	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the						
153.22	meanings given.						
153.23	(b) "Grant" means a grant or business subsidy funded by an appropriation in this act.						
153.24	(c) "Grantee" means a business entity as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 5.001.						
153.25	Subd. 2. Financial information required; determination of ability to perform. Before						
153.26	an agency awards a competitive, legislatively named, single source, or sole source grant,						
153.27	the agency must assess the risk that a grantee cannot or would not perform the required						
153.28	duties. In making this assessment, the agency must review the following information:						
153.29	(1) the grantee's history of performing duties similar to those required by the grant,						
153.30	whether the size of the grant requires the grantee to perform services at a significantly						

154.1	increased scale, and whether the size of the grant will require significant changes to the					
154.2	operation of the grantee's organization;					
154.3	(2) for a grantee that is a nonprofit organization, the grantee's Form 990 or Form 990-EZ					
154.4	filed with the Internal Revenue Service in each of the prior three years. If the grantee has					
154.5	not been in existence long enough or is not required to file Form 990 or Form 990-EZ, the					
154.6	grantee must demonstrate to the grantor's satisfaction that the grantee is exempt and must					
154.7	instead submit the grantee's most recent board-reviewed financial statements and					
154.8	documentation of internal controls;					
154.9	(3) for a for-profit business, three years of federal and state tax returns, current financial					
154.10	statements, certification that the business is not under bankruptcy proceedings, and disclosure					
154.11	of any liens on its assets. If a business has not been in business long enough to have three					
154.12	years of tax returns, the grantee must demonstrate to the grantor's satisfaction that the grantee					
154.13	has appropriate internal financial controls;					
154.14	(4) evidence of registration and good standing with the secretary of state under Minnesota					
154.15	Statutes, chapter 317A, or other applicable law;					
154.16	(5) if the grantee's total annual revenue exceeds \$750,000, the grantee's most recent					
154.17	financial audit performed by an independent third party in accordance with generally accepted					
154.18	accounting principles; and					
154.19	(6) certification, provided by the grantee, that none of its principals have been convicted					
154.20	of a financial crime.					
154.21	Subd. 3. Additional measures for some grantees. The agency may require additional					
154.22	information and must provide enhanced oversight for grants that have not previously received					
154.23	state or federal grants for similar amounts or similar duties and so have not yet demonstrated					
154.24	the ability to perform the duties required under the grant on the scale required.					
154.25	Subd. 4. Assistance from administration. An agency without adequate resources or					
154.26	experience to perform obligations under this section may contract with the commissioner					
154.27	of administration to perform the agency's duties under this section.					
154.28	Subd. 5. Agency authority to not award grant. If an agency determines that there is					
154.29	an appreciable risk that a grantee receiving a competitive, single source, or sole source grant					
154.30	cannot or would not perform the required duties under the grant agreement, the agency must					
154.31	notify the grantee and the commissioner of administration and give the grantee an opportunity					
154.32	to respond to the agency's concerns. If the grantee does not satisfy the agency's concerns					
154.33	within 45 days, the agency must not award the grant.					

155.1	Subd. 6. Legislatively-named grantees. If an agency determines that there is an						
155.2	appreciable risk that a grantee receiving a legislatively named grant cannot or would not						
155.3	perform the required duties under the grant agreement, the agency must notify the grantee,						
155.4	the commissioner of administration, and the chair and ranking minority members of Ways						
155.5	and Means Committee in the house of representatives, the chairs and ranking minority						
155.6	members of the Finance Committee in the senate, and the chairs and ranking minority						
155.7	members of the committees in the house of representatives and the senate with primary						
155.8	jurisdiction over the bill in which the money for the grant was appropriated. The agency						
155.9	must give the grantee an opportunity to respond to the agency's concerns. If the grantee						
155.10	does not satisfy the agency's concerns within 45 days, the agency must delay award of the						
155.11	grant until adjournment of the next regular or special legislative session.						
155.12	Subd. 7. Subgrants. If a grantee will disburse the money received from the grant to						
155.13	other organizations to perform duties required under the grant agreement, the agency must						
155.14	be a party to agreements between the grantee and a subgrantee. Before entering agreements						
155.15	for subgrants, the agency must perform the financial review required under this section with						
155.16	respect to the subgrantees.						
155.17	Subd. 8. Effect. The requirements of this section are in addition to other requirements						
155.18	imposed by law, the commissioner of administration under Minnesota Statutes, sections						
155.19	16B.97 to 16B.98, or agency grant policy.						
155.20	Sec. 9. APPROPRIATIONS; DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.						
155.21	Subdivision 1. Department of Education. Unless otherwise indicated, the sums indicated						
155.22	in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for						
155.23	the fiscal years designated. Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in						
155.24	the second year.						
155.25	Subd. 2. Department. (a) For the Department of Education:						
155.26	<u>\$</u> <u>36,759,000</u> <u>2024</u>						
155.27	<u>\$</u> 31,193,000 2025						
155.28	Of these amounts:						
155.29	(1) \$405,000 each year is for the Board of School Administrators;						
155.30	(2) \$1,000,000 each year is for regional centers of excellence under Minnesota Statutes,						
155.31	section 120B.115;						

CM

	ENGROSSMEN I						
156.1	(3) \$720,000 each year is for implementing Minnesota's Learning for English Academic						
156.2	Proficiency and Success Act (LEAPS) under Laws 2014, chapter 272, article 1, as amended;						
156.3	(4) \$480,000 each year is for the Department of Education's mainframe update;						
156.4	(5) \$7,500,000 in fiscal year 2024 only is for legal fees and costs associated with						
156.5	litigation;						
156.6	(6) \$595,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$2,609,000 in fiscal year 2025 are for modernizing						
156.7	district data submissions. The base amount for the allocation under this clause is \$2,359,000						
156.8	in fiscal year 2026 and later; and						
156.9	(7) \$2,000,000 each year is for the Office of the Inspector General established under						
156.10	section 127A.21.						
156.11	(b) None of the amounts appropriated under this subdivision may be used for Minnesota's						
156.12	Washington, D.C., office.						
156.13	(c) The expenditures of federal grants and aids as shown in the biennial budget document						
156.14	and its supplements are approved and appropriated, and must be spent as indicated.						
156.15	(d) This appropriation includes funds for information technology project services and						
156.16	support subject to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 16E.21. Any ongoing						
156.17	information technology costs may be incorporated into the service level agreement and may						
156.18	be paid to the Department of Information Technology Services by the Department of						
156.19	Education under the rates and mechanisms specified in that agreement.						
156.20	(e) The base for fiscal year 2026 is \$30,939,000. The base for fiscal year 2027 and later						
156.21	<u>is \$30,935,000.</u>						
156.22	Sec. 10. APPROPRIATIONS; MINNESOTA STATE ACADEMIES.						
156.23	(a) The sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the						
156.24	Minnesota State Academies for the Deaf and the Blind for the fiscal years designated:						
156.25	<u>\$</u> <u>17,445,000</u> <u></u> <u>2024</u>						
156.26	\$ 17,189,000 2025						
156.27	Of these amounts:						
/							

156.29 equipment; and

156.28

(1) \$125,000 in fiscal year 2024 only is for an audiology booth and related testing

157.1

157.2

157.3

157.4

157.5

157.6

157.7

157.8

157.9

\$ ..... 2025 8,435,000 157.11

Of these amounts, \$300,000 in fiscal year 2024 only is for furniture replacement in the 157.12

agency's dormitory and classrooms, including costs associated with moving and disposal. 157.13

157.14 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

#### Sec. 12. APPROPRIATIONS; PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR LICENSING AND 157.15

STANDARDS BOARD. 157.16

Subdivision 1. Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board. (a) The sums 157.17 indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Professional Educator 157.18

Licensing and Standards Board for the fiscal years designated: 157.19

157.20 \$ 3,417,000 .... 2024

\$ 3,561,000 ..... 2025 157.21

(b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. 157.22

(c) This appropriation includes funds for information technology project services and 157.23

support subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 16E.21. Any ongoing information technology 157.24

costs may be incorporated into an interagency agreement and may be paid to the Department 157.25

of Information Technology Services by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards 157.26

Board under the mechanism specified in that agreement. 157.27

Subd. 2. Licensure by portfolio. (a) For licensure by portfolio: 157.28

<u>....</u>. 2024 157.29 \$ 34,000

\$ <u>.....</u> <u>20</u>25 34,000 157.30

158.16 158.17

Subd. 3. Enrollment options transportation. For transportation of pupils attending 158.18 postsecondary institutions under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, or for transportation 158.19 of pupils attending nonresident districts under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.03: 158.20

\$ ..... 2022 158.21 12,000 13,000 158.22 ..... 2023 \$ 16,000 158.23

158.1

158.2

158.3

158.4

158.5

158.6

158.7

158.8

158.9

158.10

158.11

158.12

158.13

158.14

Sec. 3. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 1, section 10, subdivision 4, 158.24 is amended to read: 158.25

Subd. 4. Abatement aid. For abatement aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 127A.49: 158.26

\$ 2,897,000 ..... 2022 158.27 3,558,000 158.28 .... 2023 \$ 1,434,000 158.29

The 2022 appropriation includes \$269,000 for 2021 and \$2,628,000 for 2022. 158.30

The 2023 appropriation includes \$291,000 for 2022 and \$3,267,000 \$1,143,000 for

159.2 2023.

Sec. 4. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 1, section 10, subdivision 5,

is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Consolidation transition aid. For districts consolidating under Minnesota

159.6 Statutes, section 123A.485:

159.7 \$ 309,000 ..... 2022

159.8 <del>373,000</del>

159.9 \$ <u>95,000</u> ..... 2023

The 2022 appropriation includes \$30,000 for 2021 and \$279,000 for 2022.

The 2023 appropriation includes \$31,000 for 2022 and \$342,000 \$64,000 for 2023.

159.12 Sec. 5. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 1, section 10, subdivision 6,

159.13 is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Nonpublic pupil education aid. For nonpublic pupil education aid under

159.15 Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.40 to 123B.43 and 123B.87:

159.16 \$ 16,991,000 ..... 2022

159.17 **17,450,000** 

159.18 \$ 19,003,000 ..... 2023

The 2022 appropriation includes \$1,903,000 for 2021 and \$15,088,000 for 2022.

The 2023 appropriation includes \$1,676,000 for 2022 and <del>\$15,774,000</del> \$17,327,000 for

159.21 2023.

159.22 Sec. 6. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 1, section 10, subdivision 7,

159.23 is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Nonpublic pupil transportation.** For nonpublic pupil transportation aid under

159.25 Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.92, subdivision 9:

159.26 \$ 19,770,000 ..... 2022

159.27 **19,906,000** 

159.28 \$ 21,027,000 ..... 2023

The 2022 appropriation includes \$1,910,000 for 2021 and \$17,860,000 for 2022.

The 2023 appropriation includes \$1,984,000 for 2022 and <del>\$17,922,000</del> \$19,043,000 for

159.31 2023.

is amended to read: 160.2

Subd. 9. Career and technical aid. For career and technical aid under Minnesota 160.3

Statutes, section 124D.4531, subdivision 1b: 160.4

\$ .... 2022 160.5 2,668,000

2,279,000 160.6

\$ 1,914,000 ..... 2023 160.7

The 2022 appropriation includes \$323,000 for 2021 and \$2,345,000 for 2022. 160.8

160.9 The 2023 appropriation includes \$260,000 for 2022 and \$2,019,000 \$1,654,000 for

160.10 2023.

160.11

### **B. EDUCATION EXCELLENCE**

Sec. 8. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 2, section 4, subdivision 2, is 160.12

amended to read: 160.13

Subd. 2. Achievement and integration aid. For achievement and integration aid under 160.14

Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.862: 160.15

\$ 84,057,000 ..... 2022 160.16

83,431,000 160.17

\$ 81,579,000 ..... 2023 160.18

The 2022 appropriation includes \$8,868,000 for 2021 and \$75,189,000 for 2022. 160.19

The 2023 appropriation includes \$8,353,000 for 2022 and \$75,078,000 \$73,226,000 for 160.20

160.21 2023.

Sec. 9. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 2, section 4, subdivision 3, is 160.22

amended to read: 160.23

Subd. 3. American Indian education aid. For American Indian education aid under 160.24

Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.81, subdivision 2a: 160.25

\$ 11,351,000 ..... 2022 160.26

11,775,000 160.27

\$ 11,575,000 ..... 2023 160.28

The 2022 appropriation includes \$1,102,000 for 2021 and \$10,249,000 for 2022. 160.29

The 2023 appropriation includes \$1,138,000 for 2022 and \$10,637,000 \$10,437,000 for 160.30

160.31 2023.

Sec. 10. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 2, section 4, subdivision 4,

is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Charter school building lease aid. For building lease aid under Minnesota

161.4 Statutes, section 124E.22:

161.5 \$ 93,547,000 ..... 2022

161.6 **99,819,000** 

\$ 90,864,000 ..... 2023

The 2022 appropriation includes \$8,617,000 for 2021 and \$84,930,000 for 2022.

The 2023 appropriation includes \$9,436,000 for 2022 and \$90,383,000 \$81,428,000 for

161.10 2023.

Sec. 11. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 2, section 4, subdivision 12,

161.12 is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Interdistrict desegregation or integration transportation grants. For

161.14 interdistrict desegregation or integration transportation grants under Minnesota Statutes,

161.15 section 124D.87:

161.16 \$ 12,310,000 ..... 2022

161.17 **14,823,000** 

161.18 \$ 13,785,000 ..... 2023

Sec. 12. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 2, section 4, subdivision 27,

161.20 is amended to read:

Subd. 27. **Tribal contract school aid.** For Tribal contract school aid under Minnesota

161.22 Statutes, section 124D.83:

161.23 \$ 2,743,000 ..... 2022

161.24 **3,160,000** 

161.25 \$ 2,581,000 ..... 2023

The 2022 appropriation includes \$240,000 for 2021 and \$2,503,000 for 2022.

The 2023 appropriation includes \$278,000 for 2022 and \$2,882,000 \$2,303,000 for

161.28 2023.

	HF2497 FIRST UNOFFIC ENGROSSMENT	IAL	REVISOR	СМ	UEH2497-1			
162.1	C. TEACHERS							
162.2	Sec. 13. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 3, section 7, subdivision 7,							
162.3	is amended to read:							
162.4	Subd. 7. <b>Alternative teacher compensation aid.</b> (a) For alternative teacher compensation							
162.5	aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.415, subdivision 4:							
162.6	\$ 88,896,00	00 2022						
162.7 162.8	\$ 88,898,00 \$ 88,308,00	•						
162.9	(b) The 2022 appropriation includes \$8,877,000 for 2021 and \$80,019,000 for 2022.							
162.10	(c) The 2023 appropriation includes \$8,891,000 for 2022 and \$80,007,000 \$79,417,000							
162.11	for 2023.							
162.12	D. SPECIAL EDUCATION							
162.13	Sec. 14. Laws 2021, 1	First Special Se	ssion chapter 13, a	article 5, section 3	s, subdivision 2,			
162.14	is amended to read:							
162.15	Subd. 2. <b>Special edu</b>	ıcation; regula	r. For special educa	ation aid under Mi	nnesota Statutes,			
162.16	section 125A.75:							
162.17	\$ 1,822,998,00	00 2022						
162.18	1,945,533,00	•						
162.19	\$ <u>1,859,205,00</u>	<u>00</u> 2023						
162.20	The 2022 appropria	tion includes \$2	215,125,000 for 20	021 and \$1,607,87	73,000 for 2022.			
162.21	The 2023 appropria	tion includes \$2	226,342,000 for 20	)22 and <del>\$1,719,1</del> 9	<del>)1,000</del>			
162.22	\$1,632,863,000 for 2023.							
162.23	Sec. 15. Laws 2021, I	First Special Se	ssion chapter 13, a	article 5, section 3	s, subdivision 3,			

162.24 is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Aid for children with disabilities. For aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 162.25

125A.75, subdivision 3, for children with disabilities placed in residential facilities within 162.26

the district boundaries for whom no district of residence can be determined: 162.27

\$ 1,818,000 ..... 2022 162.28 2,010,000 162.29 \$ 1,484,000 ..... 2023 162.30

If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available.

Sec. 16. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 5, section 3, subdivision 4,

is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Travel for home-based services.** For aid for teacher travel for home-based

services under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.75, subdivision 1:

163.7 \$ 465,000 ..... 2022 163.8 512,000

\$ 337,000 ..... 2023

The 2022 appropriation includes \$23,000 for 2021 and \$442,000 for 2022.

The 2023 appropriation includes \$49,000 for 2022 and \$463,000 \$288,000 for 2023.

163.12 E. FACILITIES

Sec. 17. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 7, section 2, subdivision 2,

is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Debt service equalization aid.** For debt service equalization aid under

163.16 Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.53, subdivision 6:

163.17 \$ 25,001,000 ..... 2022

163.18 **24.286.000** 

163.19 \$ 24,315,000 ..... 2023

The 2022 appropriation includes \$2,588,000 for 2021 and \$22,413,000 for 2022.

The 2023 appropriation includes \$2,490,000 for 2022 and \$21,796,000 \$21,825,000 for

163.22 2023.

Sec. 18. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 7, section 2, subdivision 3,

is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Long-term facilities maintenance equalized aid. For long-term facilities

maintenance equalized aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.595, subdivision 9:

163.27 \$ 108,582,000 ..... 2022

163.28 <del>111,077,000</del>

163.29 \$ <u>108,269,000</u> ..... 2023

The 2022 appropriation includes \$10,660,000 for 2021 and \$97,922,000 for 2022.

	HF2497 FIRST U		REVISOI	R CM	M UEH2497-1		
164.1	The 2023 appropriation includes \$10,880,000 for 2022 and \$100,197,000 \$97,389,00						
164.2	for 2023.						
164.3			F. NUTRITI	ON			
164.4	Sec. 19. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 8, section 3, subdivision 2,						
164.5	is amended to 1	read:					
164.6	Subd. 2. Scl	<b>hool lunch.</b> Fo	r school lunch aid und	ler Minnesota St	atutes, section 124D.111,		
164.7	and Code of Fe	ederal Regulati	ons, title 7, section 2	10.17:			
164.8	\$ 1	6,661,000 .	2022				
164.9		6,954,000					
164.10	\$ <u>1</u>	<u>5,984,000</u> .	2023				
164.11	Sec. 20. Law	s 2021, First S	pecial Session chapte	er 13, article 8, s	section 3, subdivision 3,		
164.12	is amended to 1	read:					
164.13	Subd. 3. Scl	hool breakfast	. For traditional scho	ol breakfast aid u	under Minnesota Statutes,		
164.14	section 124D.1	158:					
164.15	\$ 1	1,848,000 .	2022				
164.16		2,200,000					
164.17	\$ <u>1</u>	0,802,000 .	2023				
164.18	Sec. 21. Law	s 2021, First S	pecial Session chapte	er 13, article 8, s	section 3, subdivision 4,		
164.19	is amended to 1	read:					
164.20	Subd. 4. <b>Ki</b>	ndergarten m	i <b>lk.</b> For kindergarter	ı milk aid under	Minnesota Statutes,		
164.21	section 124D.1		S		,		
164.22	\$	656,000 .	2022				
164.23		658,000					
164.24	\$	<u>659,000</u> .	2023				
164.25			G. EARLY EDUC	CATION			
164.26	Sec. 22. Law	s 2021, First S	pecial Session chapte	er 13, article 9, s	section 4, subdivision 5,		
164.27	is amended to 1	•	•				

Subd. 5. Early childhood family education aid. (a) For early childhood family education 164.28 aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.135: 164.29

\$ 35,003,000 ..... 2022 164.30 36,478,000 164.31

\$ 35,180,000 .... 2023 164.32

165.8 165.9 165.10

165.1

165.2

165.3

165.4

165.5

165.6

165.7

165.11

165.12 165.13 2023.

Sec. 24. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 9, section 4, subdivision 12, 165.14 is amended to read: 165.15

Subd. 12. **Home visiting aid.** (a) For home visiting aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 165.16 124D.135: 165.17

.... 2022 \$ 462,000 165.18 444,000 165.19 \$ 415,000 ..... 2023 165.20

(b) The 2022 appropriation includes \$47,000 for 2021 and \$415,000 for 2022. 165.21

(c) The 2023 appropriation includes \$46,000 for 2022 and \$398,000 \$369,000 for 2023. 165.22

#### H. COMMUNITY EDUCATION AND LIFELONG LEARNING 165.23

Sec. 25. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 10, section 1, subdivision 2, 165.24 is amended to read: 165.25

Subd. 2. Community education aid. For community education aid under Minnesota 165.26

Statutes, section 124D.20: 165.27

..... 2022 \$ 180,000 165.28 155,000 165.29 \$ 150,000 ..... 2023 165.30

The 2022 appropriation includes \$22,000 for 2021 and \$158,000 for 2022. 165.31

The 2023 appropriation includes \$17,000 for 2022 and \$138,000 \$133,000 for 2023.

Sec. 26. Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 13, article 10, section 1, subdivision 8,

is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Adult basic education aid. For adult basic education aid under Minnesota

166.5 Statutes, section 124D.531:

166.6 \$ 53,191,000 ..... 2022

166.7 **54,768,000** 

166.8 \$ 51,948,000 ..... 2023

The 2022 appropriation includes \$5,177,000 for 2021 and \$48,014,000 for 2022.

The 2023 appropriation includes \$5,334,000 for 2022 and \$49,434,000 \$46,614,000 for

166.11 2023.

# APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: UEH2497-1

#### 122A.06 DEFINITIONS.

Subd. 4. Comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction. (a) "Comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction" includes a program or collection of instructional practices that is based on valid, replicable evidence showing that when these programs or practices are used, students can be expected to achieve, at a minimum, satisfactory reading progress. The program or collection of practices must include, at a minimum, effective, balanced instruction in all five areas of reading: phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary development, and reading comprehension.

Comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction also includes and integrates instructional strategies for continuously assessing, evaluating, and communicating the student's reading progress and needs in order to design and implement ongoing interventions so that students of all ages and proficiency levels can read and comprehend text, write, and apply higher level thinking skills. For English learners developing literacy skills, districts are encouraged to use strategies that teach reading and writing in the students' native language and English at the same time.

- (b) "Fluency" is the ability of students to read text with speed, accuracy, and proper expression.
- (c) "Phonemic awareness" is the ability of students to notice, think about, and manipulate individual sounds in spoken syllables and words.
- (d) "Phonics" is the understanding that there are systematic and predictable relationships between written letters and spoken words. Phonics instruction is a way of teaching reading that stresses learning how letters correspond to sounds and how to apply this knowledge in reading and spelling.
- (e) "Reading comprehension" is an active process that requires intentional thinking during which meaning is constructed through interactions between text and reader. Comprehension skills are taught explicitly by demonstrating, explaining, modeling, and implementing specific cognitive strategies to help beginning readers derive meaning through intentional, problem-solving thinking processes.
- (f) "Vocabulary development" is the process of teaching vocabulary both directly and indirectly, with repetition and multiple exposures to vocabulary items. Learning in rich contexts, incidental learning, and use of computer technology enhance the acquiring of vocabulary.
- (g) Nothing in this subdivision limits the authority of a school district to select a school's reading program or curriculum.

## 268.085 ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS; PAYMENTS THAT AFFECT BENEFITS.

- Subd. 8. **Services for school contractors.** (a) Wage credits from an employer are subject to subdivision 7, if:
- (1) the employment was provided under a contract between the employer and an elementary or secondary school; and
- (2) the contract was for services that the elementary or secondary school could have had performed by its employees.
  - (b) Wage credits from an employer are not subject to subdivision 7 if:
- (1) those wage credits were earned by an employee of a private employer performing work under a contract between the employer and an elementary or secondary school; and
  - (2) the employment was related to food services provided to the school by the employer.

# APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Session Laws: UEH2497-1

Laws 2023, chapter 18, section 4, subdivision 5

# Sec. 4. APPROPRIATION; SCHOOL MEALS.

Subd. 5. Additional general education aid. (a) For additional general education aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.13, subdivision 4, for compensatory revenue under section 3:

<u>\$</u> <u>5,434,000</u> <u>.....</u> <u>2025</u>

(b) The aid for fiscal year 2026 is \$604,000. The base for fiscal year 2027 and later is \$0.