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State of Minnesota HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES First Division Engrossment H. F. No. 1935

NINETY-FIRST SESSION

03/04/2019	Authored by Nelson The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means
	Division Action
04/11/2019	Referred by Chair to the State Government Finance Division Division action, to adopt as amended and return to the Committee on Ways and Means

A bill for an act

relating to the operation of state government; appropriating money for the 12 legislature, the governor's office, state auditor, attorney general, secretary of state, 1.3 certain agencies, boards, councils, and retirement funds; changing provisions in 1.4 state government operations; providing for the 2020 census; requiring legislative 1.5 accessibility measures; eliminating the legislative budget office; allowing 1.6 appointment of certain county officers; ratifying a labor agreement; providing for 1.7 redistricting; making changes to campaign finance, election and voting rights, state 1.8 payments terminology, and racing and gaming; prohibiting state contracts with 1.9 state sponsors of terrorism; requiring compliance with federal law related to conflict 1.10 minerals; requiring reports; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 3.8843, 1.11 subdivision 7; 3.886, subdivision 6; 10.60, subdivision 4; 10A.01, subdivisions 4, 1.12 7, 9, 11, 16a, 17c, 18, 20, 26, 27, 28, by adding a subdivision; 10A.12, subdivisions 1.13 1, 2; 10A.121, subdivisions 1, 2; 10A.13, subdivision 1; 10A.17, subdivision 4; 1.14 1.15 10A.20, subdivisions 3, 6a, by adding a subdivision; 10A.244; 10A.25, subdivision 3a; 10A.27, subdivision 15; 13.607, by adding a subdivision; 15.191, subdivisions 1.16 1, 3; 15A.083, subdivision 6a; 16A.013, by adding a subdivision; 16A.065; 16A.13, 1.17 subdivision 2a; 16A.15, subdivision 3; 16A.272, subdivision 3; 16A.40; 16A.42, 1.18 subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 16A.671, subdivision 1; 16A.90; 16B.32, 1.19 subdivision 1a; 16B.323, subdivision 2; 16B.37, subdivision 4; 16C.055, 1.20 subdivision 2; 16C.10, subdivision 2; 16C.19; 16C.251; 16D.03, subdivision 2; 1.21 16D.09, subdivision 1; 16E.03, subdivision 1, by adding subdivisions; 21.116; 1.22 43A.32, subdivision 1; 80A.65, subdivision 9; 84A.23, subdivision 4; 84A.33, 1.23 subdivision 4; 84A.52; 88.12, subdivision 1; 94.522; 94.53; 116J.64, subdivision 1 24 7; 123B.09, subdivision 5b; 127A.34, subdivision 1; 127A.40; 136F.70, subdivision 1.25 3; 138.081; 138.31, by adding a subdivision; 138.34; 138.40; 138.665, subdivision 1.26 2; 138.666; 138.667; 138.763, subdivision 1; 155A.25, subdivision 1a; 155A.28, 1.27 by adding a subdivision; 174.24, by adding a subdivision; 176.181, subdivision 1.28 2; 176.581; 176.591, subdivision 3; 192.55; 201.014, by adding a subdivision; 1.29 201.022, subdivision 1; 201.071, subdivision 1; 201.091, subdivision 4, by adding 1.30 a subdivision; 201.161; 203B.001; 203B.01, by adding a subdivision; 203B.03, 1.31 subdivision 1; 203B.04, subdivision 5; 203B.05, subdivision 1; 203B.06, 1.32 subdivisions 1, 3; 203B.081, subdivision 1; 203B.085; 203B.121, subdivisions 1, 1.33 2, 3, 4, 5, by adding a subdivision; 204B.28, subdivision 2; 204B.35, by adding a 1.34 subdivision; 204B.45, subdivisions 1, 2; 204C.03, by adding a subdivision; 1.35 204C.10; 204C.15, subdivision 1; 204C.24, subdivision 1; 204D.19, subdivision 1.36 2; 204D.195; 204D.22, subdivision 3; 204D.23, subdivision 2; 205.13, subdivision 1.37 2; 206.58, subdivision 1; 206.61, by adding a subdivision; 206.80; 206.82, 1.38

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2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10 2.11 2.12 2.13 2.14 2.15 2.16 2.17 2.18 2.19 2.20 2.21 2.22 2.23	3; 207A.11; 207A. 240.01, by adding 5; 240.10; 240.12; subdivision 6; 240 subdivisions 2, 3; 2 subdivisions 2, 3; 2 subdivisions 4, 5; 2 352.04, subdivision 7; 375.08; 375A.10 383B.041; 401.15, 1; 469.074, by add subdivision 5; 525 Minnesota Statutes 204D; 206; 208; 24 Minnesota Statutes 3.8853; 3.8854; 10 subdivisions 1, 3, 4 383B.045; 383B.0 383B.052; 383B.0 First Special Session	12; 207A.14, sul a subdivision; 24 240.13, subdivision 240.22; 240.27; 2 B.20; 299C.21; 2 B	bdivision 2; 207 40.02, subdivision ion 5; 240.131, s n 1; 240.16, subdivision 240.30, subdivision 307.08; 326A.01 isions 4, 5, by ac 27, subdivision 3c 375A.12, subdivision 3c 375A.12, subdivision 3c 46A.16, subdivision n; 473.408, by ac ubdivision 1; pro- ; 10A; 16A; 16B 575A; 504B; pro- repealing Minnet on 6; 43A.17, sub- division 3; 383B 83B.048; 383B.0 83B.055; 383B.0 icle 2, sections 1 d; Laws 2018, c	sion; 206.89, subdivis A.15, subdivision 2; 2 ons 2, 6; 240.08, subdivision 7; 240.135 divisions 1, 2; 240.135 divisions 1, 2; 240.18 ion 9; 240A.09; 244. , subdivision 2; 326A dding a subdivision; 3 c; 353.505; 354.42, sub vision 2; 382.01; 382 dision 1; 462A.18, sub dding a subdivision; 4 oposing coding for new sota Statutes 2018, sub division 9; 155A.28 3.042; 383B.043; 383 049; 383B.05; 383B.0 056; 383B.057; Laws , as amended; 3, as an hapter 214, article 5,	237.30; livision ; 240.15, , 19, A.04, 326A.10; bdivision .02; division 473.606, ew law in B; 204B; w law as ections , B.044; 051; 2017, mended;
2.24	BE IT ENACTED BY			STATE OF MINNES	OTA:
2.25	CT	A ATE GOVERN	ARTICLE 1	ADDIATIONS	
2.26				I RIATIONS	
2.27	Section 1. APPROPRI	ATIONS.			
2.28	The sums shown in t	he columns mark	ed "Appropriation	ons" are appropriated t	o the agencies
2.29	and for the purposes sp	ecified in this art	ticle. The approp	priations are from the	general fund,
2.30	or another named fund,	and are availabl	e for the fiscal y	years indicated for each	ch purpose.
2.31	The figures "2020" and	"2021" used in t	his article mean	that the appropriation	s listed under
2.32	them are available for t	he fiscal year en	ding June 30, 20	20, or June 30, 2021,	, respectively.
2.33	"The first year" is fisca	l year 2020. "Th	e second year" is	s fiscal year 2021. "T	he biennium"
2.34	is fiscal years 2020 and	2021.			
2.35 2.36 2.37 2.38				APPROPRIATIO Available for the Ending June 3 2020	Year
2.39	Sec. 2. LEGISLATUR	E			
2.40	Subdivision 1. Total A	ppropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>88,669,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>92,220,000</u>
2.41	Appropri	ations by Fund			
2.42		2020	2021		
2.43	General	88,541,000	92,092,000		
2.44	Health Care Access	128,000	128,000		

	HF1935 FIRST DIVISION ENGROSSMENT	REVIS	OR SGS	DIVH1935-1
3.1	The amounts that may be s	pent for each		
3.2	purpose are specified in the	e following		
3.3	subdivisions.			
3.4	Subd. 2. Senate		32,105,000	<u>32,105,000</u>
3.5	Subd. 3. House of Represe	entatives	37,420,000	38,857,000
3.6	Subd. 4. Legislative Coord	linating Commissio	<u>19,144,000</u>	<u>21,258,000</u>
3.7	Appropriatio	ns by Fund		
3.8	General 1	9,016,000 21,13	0,000	
3.9	Health Care Access	128,000 123	8,000	
3.10	(a) \$161,000 the first year	and \$156,000 the		
3.11	second year are to support	the Office on the		
3.12	Economic Status of Wome	n and other duties		
3.13	under Minnesota Statutes,	section 3.303,		
3.14	subdivision 7.			
3.15	(b) \$140,000 the first year a	nd \$1,039,000 the		
3.16	second year are to impleme	nt the accessibility		
3.17	standards established in M	nnesota Statutes,		
3.18	section 3.199, including su	pport for the		
3.19	working group on the legisla	ture's accessibility		
3.20	measures established in arti	cle 2. The base for		
3.21	this appropriation is \$780,0	000 each year		
3.22	beginning in fiscal year 202	22.		
3.23	(c) \$218,000 the second ye	ar is for the		
3.24	Redistricting Advisory Con	nmission		
3.25	established in Minnesota S	tatutes, section		
3.26	2.032. The base for the cor	nmission is		
3.27	\$190,000 in fiscal year 202	2 and \$0 in fiscal		
3.28	year 2023.			
3.29	(d) \$135,000 the first year	and \$130,000 the		
3.30	second year are for the Leg	islative		
3.31	Commission on Data Pract	ices and Personal		
3.32	Data Privacy.			

	HF1935 FIRST DIVISION ENGROSSMENT	Ī	REVISOR	SGS	DIVH1935-1
4.1	(e) \$10,000 each year is	s for purposes of	the		
4.2	legislators' forum, throu	1gh which Minne	esota		
4.3	legislators meet with co	unterparts from S	South		
4.4	Dakota, North Dakota,	and Manitoba to	<u>.</u>		
4.5	discuss issues of mutua	l concern.			
4.6	Legislative Auditor. \$7	2,205,000 the firs	t year		
4.7	and \$7,596,000 the seco	ond year are for	the		
4.8	Office of the Legislativ	e Auditor.			
4.9	Revisor of Statutes. \$6	,768,000 the firs	t year		
4.10	and \$7,207,000 the seco	ond year are for	the		
4.11	Office of the Revisor of	f Statutes.			
4.12	Legislative Reference	Library. \$1,664	,000		
4.13	the first year and \$1,77	5,000 the second	l year		
4.14	are for the Legislative F	Reference Librar	<u>y.</u>		
4.15 4.16	Sec. 3. GOVERNOR A GOVERNOR	AND LIEUTEN	<u>ANT</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>3,972,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>3,972,000</u>
4.17	(a) This appropriation is	s to fund the Off	ice of		
4.18	the Governor and Lieut	enant Governor.			
4.19	(b) \$350,000 each year	is for the Office	of		
4.20	Public Engagement.				
4.21	(c) Up to \$19,000 each	year is for neces	ssary		
4.22	expenses in the normal	performance of	the		
4.23	governor's and lieutenar	nt governor's duti	es for		
4.24	which no other reimbur	sement is provid	led.		
4.25	Sec. 4. STATE AUDIT	OR	<u>\$</u>	<u>10,669,000</u> <u>\$</u>	10,943,000
4.26	Sec. 5. ATTORNEY G	ENERAL	<u>\$</u>	<u>26,681,000</u> <u>\$</u>	27,740,000
4.27	Appropri	ations by Fund			
4.28		2020	2021		
4.29	General	23,822,000	24,824,000		
4.30 4.31	State Government Special Revenue	2,464,000	2,521,000		
4.32	Environmental	145,000	145,000		
4.33	Remediation	250,000	250,000		
4.34	Sec. 6. SECRETARY	OF STATE	<u>\$</u>	<u>7,525,000</u> <u>\$</u>	7,411,000

	HF1935 FIRST DIVISION ENGROSSMENT]	REVISOR	SGS	DIVH1935-1
5.1	\$163,000 the first year is tran	nsferred from	the		
5.2	general fund to the Help Am	nerica Vote Ac	<u>et</u>		
5.3	account under Minnesota St	atutes, section	<u>.</u>		
5.4	5.30, and is credited to the s	tate match			
5.5	requirement of the Omnibus	Appropriation	ns		
5.6	Act of 2018, Public Law 11:	5-1410, and th	e		
5.7	Help America Vote Act of 2	002, Public La	aw		
5.8	107-252, section 101. This i	s a onetime			
5.9	appropriation.				
5.10 5.11	Sec. 7. <u>CAMPAIGN FINA</u> DISCLOSURE BOARD	NCE AND PI	<u>UBLIC</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>1,173,000 \$</u>	<u>1,123,000</u>
5.12	\$50,000 the first year is for	updates to the			
5.13	Campaign Finance Reporter	application. T	his		
5.14	is a onetime appropriation.				
5.15	Sec. 8. STATE BOARD O	F INVESTMI	<u>ENT </u> §	<u>139,000</u> <u>\$</u>	139,000
5.16	Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATIV	E HEARING	<u>\$</u>	<u>8,231,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,231,000
5.17	Appropriation	s by Fund			
5.18			2021		
5.19	General	400,000	400,000		
5.20					
5.21	Workers'Compensation7	,831,000	7,831,000		
5.21 5.22	Compensation 7				
5.22	Compensation 7 \$263,000 each year is for mu	nicipal bound	ary	<u>17,379,000 \$</u>	<u>12,079,000</u>
5.22 5.23	Compensation7\$263,000 each year is for muadjustments.	nicipal bound	ary <u>S </u> §	<u>17,379,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>12,079,000</u>
5.22 5.23 5.24	Compensation7\$263,000 each year is for muadjustments.Sec. 10. OFFICE OF MN.J	nicipal bound T SERVICE r and \$7,350,0	ary <u>S </u> §	<u>17,379,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>12,079,000</u>
5.225.235.245.25	Compensation7\$263,000 each year is for muadjustments.Sec. 10. OFFICE OF MN.J(a) \$12,650,000 the first year	IT SERVICE r and \$7,350,0 ncements to	<u>ary</u> <u>§ §</u> 000	<u>17,379,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>12,079,000</u>
 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 	Compensation7\$263,000 each year is for multipleadjustments.Sec. 10. OFFICE OF MN.I(a) \$12,650,000 the first yearthe second year are for enhance	T SERVICE r and \$7,350,0 ncements to overnment. Th	<u>ary</u> <u>8</u> <u>\$</u>)000 <u>e</u>	<u>17,379,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>12,079,000</u>
 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 	Compensation7\$263,000 each year is for muadjustments.Sec. 10. OFFICE OF MN.J(a) \$12,650,000 the first yearthe second year are for enhatcybersecurity across state go	Inicipal bound IT SERVICE r and \$7,350,0 ncements to overnment. Th fiscal years 20	<u>ary</u> <u>8</u> <u>\$</u>)000 <u>e</u>	<u>17,379,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>12,079,000</u>
 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 	Compensation7.\$263,000 each year is for multiplicationadjustments.Sec. 10. OFFICE OF MN.J(a) \$12,650,000 the first yearthe second year are for enhancecybersecurity across state gobase for this appropriation in	Inicipal bound (T SERVICE) r and \$7,350,0 ncements to overnment. Th fiscal years 20 n year.	<u>ary</u> <u>§</u> <u>§</u> <u>)000</u> <u>e</u> <u>)22</u>	<u>17,379,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>12,079,000</u>
 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29 	Compensation7.\$263,000 each year is for multiplicationadjustments.Sec. 10. OFFICE OF MN.I(a) \$12,650,000 the first yearthe second year are for enhatcybersecurity across state gobase for this appropriation inand 2023 is \$7,347,000 each	IT SERVICE T and \$7,350,0 ncements to overnment. Th fiscal years 20 n year. o expand the st	<u>ary</u> <u>8</u> <u>\$</u> <u>900</u> <u>e</u> <u>922</u> <u>ate</u>	<u>17,379,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>12,079,000</u>
 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29 5.30 	Compensation7.\$263,000 each year is for multiplicationadjustments.Sec. 10. OFFICE OF MN.J(a) \$12,650,000 the first yearthe second year are for enhatcybersecurity across state gobase for this appropriation inand 2023 is \$7,347,000 each(b) \$2,050,000 each year is to	IT SERVICE T and \$7,350,0 ncements to overnment. Th fiscal years 20 n year. o expand the st ect portfolio a	<u>ary</u> <u>S</u> <u>S</u> <u>000</u> <u>e</u> <u>022</u> <u>ate</u> <u>nd</u>	<u>17,379,000 \$</u>	<u>12,079,000</u>
 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29 5.30 5.31 	Compensation7.\$263,000 each year is for muladjustments.adjustments.Sec. 10. OFFICE OF MN.J(a) \$12,650,000 the first yearthe second year are for enhatcybersecurity across state gobase for this appropriation inand 2023 is \$7,347,000 each(b) \$2,050,000 each year is toinformation technology projet	IT SERVICE IT SERVICE IT and \$7,350,0 ncements to overnment. The fiscal years 20 in year. o expand the state ect portfolio a the across state	$\frac{s}{2}$ $\frac{s}{2}$ $\frac{s}{2}$ $\frac{s}{2}$ $\frac{s}{2}$ $\frac{s}{2}$	<u>17,379,000 \$</u>	<u>12,079,000</u>

6.1	in fiscal years 2022 and 2023 is \$1,200,000			
6.2	each year.			
6.3	(c) The commissioner of management and			
6.4	budget is authorized to provide cash flow			
6.5	assistance of up to \$50,000,000 from the			
6.6	special revenue fund or other statutory general			
6.7	funds as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section			
6.8	16A.671, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), to the			
6.9	Office of MN.IT Services for the purpose of			
6.10	managing revenue and expenditure			
6.11	differences. These funds shall be repaid with			
6.12	interest by the end of the fiscal year 2021			
6.13	closing period.			
6.14	(d) During the biennium ending June 30, 2021,			
6.15	the Office of MN.IT Services must not charge			
6.16	fees to a public noncommercial educational			
6.17	television broadcast station eligible for funding			
6.18	under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 129D, for			
6.19	access to state broadcast infrastructure. If the			
6.20	access fees not charged to public			
6.21	noncommerical educational television			
6.22	broadcast stations total more than \$400,000			
6.23	for the biennium, the office may charge for			
6.24	access fees in excess of that amount.			
6.25	Sec. 11. ADMINISTRATION			
6.26	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>28,826,000</u> <u>\$</u>	25,661,000
6.27	The amounts that may be spent for each			
6.28	purpose are specified in the following			
6.29	subdivisions.			
6.30	Subd. 2. Government and Citizen Services		11,983,000	10,013,000
6.31	(a) \$100,000 each year is for website			
6.32	accessibility grants under Minnesota Statutes,			
6.33	section 16B.90.			

- 7.1 (b) \$30,000 the second year is for the Capitol
- 7.2 flag program established in Minnesota
- 7.3 Statutes, section 16B.276. This is a onetime
- 7.4 appropriation and is available until June 30,
- 7.5 <u>2023.</u>

7.6 **Council on Developmental Disabilities.**

- 7.7 <u>\$74,000 each year is for the Council on</u>
- 7.8 Developmental Disabilities.

7.9 **Office of State Procurement.** \$2,862,000

- 7.10 each year is for the Office of State
- 7.11 **Procurement.**
- 7.12 Of this amount, \$441,000 each year is for the
- 7.13 state match to the Procurement Technical
- 7.14 Assistance Center. This is a onetime
- 7.15 appropriation. The base for the Office of State
- 7.16 **Procurement is \$2,421,000 in fiscal year 2022**
- 7.17 and each year thereafter.
- 7.18 **State Demographer.** \$2,739,000 the first year
- 7.19 and \$739,000 the second year are for the state
- 7.20 demographer. Of this amount, \$2,000,000 the
- 7.21 first year is for Minnesota Census 2020
- 7.22 mobilization, including the grant program
- 7.23 required under article 2.
- 7.24 **State Historic Preservation Office.** \$527,000
- 7.25 each year is for the State Historic Preservation
- 7.26 <u>Office.</u>
- 7.27
 Subd. 3. Strategic Management Services
 2,671,000
 2,651,000

 7.28
 Subd. 4. Fiscal Agent
 14,172,000
 12,997,000
- 7.29 **In-Lieu of Rent.** \$9,391,000 each year is for
- 7.30 space costs of the legislature and veterans
- 7.31 organizations, ceremonial space, and
- 7.32 statutorily free space.

- 8.1 **Public Television.** (a) \$1,550,000 each year
- 8.2 <u>is for matching grants for public television.</u>
- 8.3 (b) \$250,000 each year is for public television
- 8.4 equipment grants under Minnesota Statutes,
- 8.5 section 129D.13.
- 8.6 (c) The commissioner of administration must
- 8.7 consider the recommendations of the
- 8.8 Minnesota Public Television Association
- 8.9 before allocating the amounts appropriated in
- 8.10 paragraphs (a) and (b) for equipment or
- 8.11 matching grants.
- 8.12 **Public Radio.** (a) \$492,000 each year is for
- 8.13 community service grants to public
- 8.14 educational radio stations. This appropriation
- 8.15 <u>may be used to disseminate emergency</u>
- 8.16 information in foreign languages.
- 8.17 (b) \$142,000 each year is for equipment grants
- 8.18 to public educational radio stations. This
- 8.19 appropriation may be used for the repair,
- 8.20 rental, and purchase of equipment including
- 8.21 equipment under \$500.
- 8.22 (c) \$510,000 each year is for equipment grants
- 8.23 to Minnesota Public Radio, Inc., including
- 8.24 upgrades to Minnesota's Emergency Alert and
- 8.25 AMBER Alert Systems.
- 8.26 (d) The appropriations in paragraphs (a) to (c)
- 8.27 <u>may not be used for indirect costs claimed by</u>
- 8.28 <u>an institution or governing body.</u>
- 8.29 (e) The commissioner of administration must
- 8.30 consider the recommendations of the
- 8.31 Association of Minnesota Public Educational
- 8.32 <u>Radio Stations before awarding grants under</u>
- 8.33 Minnesota Statutes, section 129D.14, using
- 8.34 the appropriations in paragraphs (a) and (b).

9

No grantee is eligible for a grant unless they 9.1 are a member of the Association of Minnesota 9.2 9.3 Public Educational Radio Stations on or before July 1, 2019. 9.4 (f) \$75,000 the first year is for a grant to the 9.5 Association of Minnesota Public Educational 9.6 Radio Stations for statewide programming to 9.7 promote the Veterans' Voices program. The 9.8 grant must be used to educate and engage 9.9 communities regarding veterans' contributions, 9.10 knowledge, skills, and experiences with an 9.11 emphasis on Korean War veterans. 9.12 (g) Any unencumbered balance remaining the 9.13 first year for grants to public television or 9.14 public radio stations does not cancel and is 9.15 available for the second year. 9.16 (h) \$1,600,000 the first year is for grants to 9.17 Twin Cities Public Television and to the 9.18 Association of Minnesota Public Educational 9.19 Radio Stations to produce the Beyond Opioids 9.20 9.21 Project in collaboration with the stations of the Minnesota Public Television Association. 9.22 Seventy percent of this appropriation must be 9.23 for a grant to Twin Cities Public Television 9.24 and 30 percent must be for a grant to the 9.25 Association of Minnesota Public Educational 9.26 Radio Stations. The commissioner of 9.27 administration may use up to five percent of 9.28 9.29 the total appropriation under this paragraph for administrative costs. 9.30 9.31 (i) \$162,000 each year is for transfer to the Minnesota Film and TV Board. The 9.32 appropriation in each year is available only 9.33 upon receipt by the board of \$1 in matching 9.34 contributions of money or in-kind 9.35

Article 1 Sec. 11.

	HF1935 FIRST DIVISION ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	DIVH1935-1
10.1	contributions from nonstate sources for e	every		
10.2	\$3 provided by this appropriation, except	t that		
10.3	each year up to \$50,000 is available on J	uly		
10.4	1 even if the required matching contribut	tion		
10.5	has not been received by that date. Begin	ning		
10.6	in fiscal year 2022, these amounts are ad	lded		
10.7	to the base for the Film and TV Board in	the		
10.8	Department of Employment and Econon	nic		
10.9	Development.			
10.10 10.11	Sec. 12. <u>CAPITOL AREA ARCHITEC</u> AND PLANNING BOARD	CTURAL §	<u>351,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>351,000</u>
10.12 10.13	Sec. 13. <u>MINNESOTA MANAGEMEN</u> <u>BUDGET</u>	NT AND §	<u>33,223,000 §</u>	<u>27,591,000</u>
10.14	(a) \$1,168,000 the first year and \$868,000	0 the		
10.15	second year are for efforts to support enha	nced		
10.16	sexual harassment prevention activities,	to		
10.17	support the Office of Inclusion and Equit	ty, to		
10.18	fund state workforce recruitment activiti	es,		
10.19	and to implement a statewide compensat	tion		
10.20	study.			
10.21	(b) \$205,000 the first year and \$252,000	the		
10.22	second year are to enhance capacity to pro	ovide		
10.23	legislators, executive branch officials, lo	cal		
10.24	governments, and other Minnesota			
10.25	stakeholders access to data-driven information	ution.		
10.26	(c) \$5,500,000 the first year is for system	n		
10.27	security and risk management. This is a			
10.28	onetime appropriation.			
10.29	Sec. 14. <u>REVENUE</u>			
10.30	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>165,005,000</u> §	<u>167,204,000</u>
10.31	Appropriations by Fund			
10.32	2020	2021		
10.33	General 160,745,000	162,944,000		
10.34	Health Care Access 1,760,000	1,760,000		

	HF1935 FIRST DIVISION ENGROSSMENT	[REVISOR	SGS	DIVH1935-1
11.1 11.2	Highway User Tax Distribution	2,195,000	<u>2,195,000</u>		
11.3	Environmental	305,000	305,000		
11.4	Subd. 2. Tax System M	lanagement		136,190,000	137,892,000
11.5	Appropri	ations by Fund			
11.6		<u>2020</u>	2021		
11.7	General	131,930,000	133,632,000		
11.8	Health Care Access	1,760,000	1,760,000		
11.9 11.10	Highway User Tax Distribution	2,195,000	2,195,000		
11.11	Environmental	305,000	305,000		
11.12	Subd. 3. Debt Collection	on Managemei	<u>nt</u>	28,815,000	29,312,000
11.13	Sec. 15. GAMBLING	CONTROL	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,472,000 §</u>	3,472,000
11.14	These appropriations ar	e from the law	ful		
11.15	gambling regulation acc	count in the spe	ecial		
11.16	revenue fund.				
11.17	Sec. 16. RACING CO	MMISSION	<u>\$</u>	<u>913,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>913,000</u>
11.18	These appropriations ar	e from the raci	ng and		
11.19	card playing regulation	accounts in the	special		
11.20	revenue fund.				
11.21	Sec. 17. STATE LOTT	TERY			
11.22	Notwithstanding Minne	esota Statutes, s	ection		
11.23	349A.10, subdivision 3	, the State Lotte	ery's		
11.24	operating budget must n	ot exceed \$35,0	00,000		
11.25	in fiscal year 2020 and	\$36,500,000 in	fiscal		
11.26	year 2021.				
11.27	Sec. 18. AMATEUR S	PORTS COM	MISSION §	<u>1,266,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>306,000</u>
11.28	(a) \$600,000 the first ye	ear is for grants	under		
11.29	Minnesota Statutes, sec	tion 240A.09 <u>,</u>			
11.30	paragraph (b).				
11.31	(b) \$250,000 the first ye	ear is for grants	<u>s to</u>		
11.32	reimburse local government	ments that made	e		
11.33	improvements between	January 1, 201	7, and		

	HF1935 FIRST DIVISION ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	DIVH1935-1
12.1	the effective date of this section that would	ld		
12.2	have been eligible for grants under Minnes	sota		
12.3	Statutes, section 240A.09, paragraph (b),	if		
12.4	funding had been available.			
12.5	(c) \$75,000 the first year is to determine a	site		
12.6	and plans for a new velodrome for track			
12.7	cycling.			
12.8 12.9	Sec. 19. <u>COUNCIL FOR MINNESOTA</u> <u>AFRICAN HERITAGE</u>	<u>ANS OF</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>681,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>682,000</u>
12.10	Sec. 20. COUNCIL ON LATINO AFFA	<u>AIRS </u> \$	<u>679,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>685,000</u>
12.11 12.12	Sec. 21. <u>COUNCIL ON ASIAN-PACIF</u> <u>MINNESOTANS</u>	<u>IC</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>609,000</u> <u>\$</u>	616,000
12.13	Sec. 22. INDIAN AFFAIRS COUNCIL	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,119,000 §</u>	<u>1,106,000</u>
12.14	\$533,000 the first year and \$520,000 the			
12.15	second year are to implement Minnesota			
12.16	Statutes, section 307.08.			
12.17 12.18	Sec. 23. <u>MINNESOTA HISTORICAL</u> <u>SOCIETY</u>			
12.19	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>24,063,000</u> <u>\$</u>	24,213,000
12.20	The amounts that may be spent for each			
12.21	purpose are specified in the following			
12.22	subdivisions.			
12.23	Subd. 2. Operations and Programs		23,342,000	23,892,000
12.24	\$395,000 each year is for digital preservation	tion		
12.25	and access to preserve and make available	<u>e</u>		
12.26	resources related to Minnesota history.			
12.27	Subd. 3. Fiscal Agent			
12.28	(a) Global Minnesota		<u>39,000</u>	<u>39,000</u>
12.29	(b) Minnesota Air National Guard Museu	m	17,000	17,000
12.30	(c) Minnesota Military Museum		450,000	<u>50,000</u>
12.31	Of these amounts, \$400,000 the first year	is		
12.32	<u>to:</u>			

	HF1935 FIRST DIVISION ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	DIVH1935-1	
13.1	(1) care for, catalog, and display the re	cently			
13.2	acquired collection of the personal and	<u>.</u>			
13.3	professional effects belonging to Generation	al John			
13.4	W. Vessey, Minnesota's most decorated	1			
13.5	veteran; and				
13.6	(2) conduct a statewide story-sharing pr	ogram			
13.7	to honor the distinct service of post 9/1	1			
13.8	veterans in anticipation of the 2021				
13.9	anniversary.				
13.10	(d) Farmamerica		115,000	<u>115,000</u>	
13.11	(e) Hockey Hall of Fame		50,000	50,000	
13.12	Any unencumbered balance remaining	in this			
13.13	subdivision the first year does not can	el but			
13.14	is available for the second year of the				
13.15	biennium.				
12.16					
13.16	Sec. 24. BOARD OF THE ARTS				
13.16	Sec. 24. BOARD OF THE ARTS Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>8,241,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>7,541,000</u>	
			<u>8,241,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>7,541,000</u>	
13.17	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation		<u>8,241,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>7,541,000</u>	
13.17 13.18	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation The amounts that may be spent for eac		<u>8,241,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>7,541,000</u>	
13.17 13.18 13.19	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation The amounts that may be spent for eac purpose are specified in the following		<u>8,241,000</u> <u>\$</u> <u>1,302,000</u>	<u>7,541,000</u> <u>602,000</u>	
13.1713.1813.1913.20	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation The amounts that may be spent for eac purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.	<u>h</u>			
13.1713.1813.1913.2013.21	Subdivision 1.Total AppropriationThe amounts that may be spent for eachpurpose are specified in the followingsubdivisions.Subd. 2.Operations and Services	<u>h</u> g and			
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 	Subdivision 1.Total AppropriationThe amounts that may be spent for eachpurpose are specified in the followingsubdivisions.Subd. 2.Operations and Services\$700,000 in the first year is for moving	<u>h</u> g and ng and			
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 	Subdivision 1.Total AppropriationThe amounts that may be spent for eachpurpose are specified in the followingsubdivisions.Subd. 2.Operations and Services\$700,000 in the first year is for movingrelocation expenses for the board. Movi	<u>h</u> g and ng and lesign			
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 	Subdivision 1.Total AppropriationThe amounts that may be spent for eachpurpose are specified in the followingsubdivisions.Subd. 2.Operations and Services\$700,000 in the first year is for movingrelocation expenses for the board. Movingrelocation expenses are limited to the operation	<u>h</u> g and ng and lesign			
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 	Subdivision 1.Total AppropriationThe amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.Subd. 2.Operations and Services\$700,000 in the first year is for moving relocation expenses for the board. Movi relocation expenses are limited to the operation of new leased office set	<u>h</u> g and ng and lesign space;			
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 	Subdivision 1. Total AppropriationThe amounts that may be spent for eachpurpose are specified in the followingsubdivisions.Subd. 2. Operations and Services\$700,000 in the first year is for movingrelocation expenses for the board. Movingrelocation expenses are limited to the openation of new leased office secondmoving, installing and reconfiguring	<u>h</u> <u>g and</u> <u>ng and</u> <u>lesign</u> space;			
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27 	Subdivision 1. Total AppropriationThe amounts that may be spent for eachpurpose are specified in the followingsubdivisions.Subd. 2. Operations and Services\$700,000 in the first year is for movingrelocation expenses for the board. Movingrelocation expenses are limited to the operation of new leased office andmoving, installing and reconfiguringinformation technology systems and and	<u>h</u> ng and lesign space; udio			
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27 13.28 	Subdivision 1. Total AppropriationThe amounts that may be spent for eachpurpose are specified in the followingsubdivisions.Subd. 2. Operations and Services\$700,000 in the first year is for movingrelocation expenses for the board. Movingrelocation expenses are limited to the operation of new leased office andand construction of new leased office andmoving, installing and reconfiguringinformation technology systems and andvisual equipment; purchasing and installing	<u>h</u> <u>g and</u> <u>ng and</u> <u>lesign</u> <u>space;</u> <u>udio</u> <u>ulling</u> <u>g</u>			
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27 13.28 13.29 	Subdivision 1. Total AppropriationThe amounts that may be spent for eachpurpose are specified in the followingsubdivisions.Subd. 2. Operations and Services\$700,000 in the first year is for movingrelocation expenses for the board. Movirelocation expenses are limited to the operation of new leased office andand construction of new leased office andmoving, installing and reconfiguringinformation technology systems and andvisual equipment; purchasing and installingwork stations; and professional moving	h g and ng and lesign space; udio lling g cation.			
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27 13.28 13.29 13.30 	Subdivision 1. Total AppropriationThe amounts that may be spent for eachpurpose are specified in the followingsubdivisions.Subd. 2. Operations and Services\$700,000 in the first year is for movingrelocation expenses for the board. Movingrelocation expenses are limited to the operation of new leased office andand construction of new leased office andmoving, installing and reconfiguringinformation technology systems and andvisual equipment; purchasing and installingwork stations; and professional movingservices necessary to complete the relocation	h g and ng and lesign space; udio llling g cation. 00 for			

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14.1	office relocation. On June 30, 2020, any			
14.2	unexpended amounts appropriated for mov	ving		
14.3	and relocation expenses cancel to the gene	eral		
14.4	fund.			
14.5	Subd. 3. Grants Program		4,800,000	4,800,000
14.6	Subd. 4. Regional Arts Councils		2,139,000	2,139,000
14.7	Any unencumbered balance remaining in	this		
14.8	section the first year does not cancel, but	is		
14.9	available for the second year.			
14.10	Money appropriated in this section and			
14.11	distributed as grants may only be spent or	<u>1</u>		
14.12	projects located in Minnesota. A recipient	t of		
14.13	a grant funded by an appropriation in this			
14.14	section must not use more than five perce	ent		
14.15	of the total grant for costs related to trave	<u>1</u>		
14.16	outside the state of Minnesota.			
14.17 14.18	Sec. 25. <u>MINNESOTA HUMANITIES</u> <u>CENTER</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>700,000 §</u>	700,000
14.19	\$325,000 each year is for grants under			
14.20	Minnesota Statutes, section 138.912. No m	nore		
14.21	than three percent of the appropriation ma	ay		
14.22	be used for the nonprofit administration of	the		
14.23	program. Beginning in fiscal year 2022, th	nese		
14.24	amounts are added to the base in the			
14.25	Department of Agriculture.			
14.26	Sec. 26. BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY	<u>\$</u>	<u>736,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>667,000</u>
14.27	\$50,000 the first year is to update the onli	ine		
14.28	permitting system. The base in fiscal year	-		
14.29	<u>2023 is \$657,000.</u>			
14.30 14.31 14.32 14.33	Sec. 27. BOARD OF ARCHITECTUR ENGINEERING, LAND SURVEYING LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE, GEOSCIENCE, AND INTERIOR DES	<u>,</u>	<u>905,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>851,000</u>

	HF1935 FIRST DIVISION ENGROSSMENT		REVISOR	SGS	DIVH1935-1	
15.1	\$50,000 the first year is to update the online					
15.2	permitting system. The ba	se in fiscal year	r			
15.3	2022 is \$831,000 and in fiscal year 2023 is					
15.4	\$821,000.					
15.5 15.6	Sec. 28. <u>BOARD OF CO</u> <u>EXAMINERS</u>	<u>SMETOLOG</u>	<u>IST</u> <u>§</u>	<u>2,916,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>2,935,000</u>	
15.7	Sec. 29. BOARD OF BA	RBER EXAM	INERS <u>\$</u>	<u>343,000</u> <u>\$</u>	343,000	
15.8 15.9	Sec. 30. <u>GENERAL CON</u> <u>ACCOUNTS</u>	NTINGENT	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,000,000 §</u>	<u>500,000</u>	
15.10	Appropriati	ons by Fund				
15.11		2020	2021			
15.12	General	500,000	<u>-0-</u>			
15.13	State Government					
15.14	Special Revenue	400,000	400,000			
15.15 15.16	Workers' Compensation	100,000	100,000			
15.17	(a) The appropriations in th	is section may	only			
15.18	be spent with the approval	of the governo	or			
15.19	after consultation with the	Legislative				
15.20	Advisory Commission pur	suant to Minne	sota			
15.21	Statutes, section 3.30.					
15.22	(b) If an appropriation in th	is section for ei	ther			
15.23	year is insufficient, the ap	propriation for	the			
15.24	other year is available for	<u>it.</u>				
15.25	(c) If a contingent account	appropriation	is			
15.26	made in one fiscal year, it	should be				
15.27	considered a biennial appr	opriation.				
15.28	Sec. 31. TORT CLAIMS		<u>\$</u>	<u>161,000 §</u>	<u>161,000</u>	
15.29	These appropriations are t	o be spent by th	ne			
15.30	commissioner of managen	nent and budge	<u>t</u>			
15.31	according to Minnesota St	atutes, section				
15.32	3.736, subdivision 7. If the	e appropriation	for			
15.33	either year is insufficient,	the appropriation	on			
15.34	for the other year is availa	ble for it.				

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16.1 16.2	Sec. 32. <u>MINNESOTA STATE RETIR</u> <u>SYSTEM</u>	<u>EMENT</u>		
16.3	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>15,111,000</u> <u>\$</u>	15,151,000
16.4	The amounts that may be spent for each			
16.5	purpose are specified in the following			
16.6	subdivisions.			
16.7 16.8	Subd. 2. Combined Legislators and Constitutional Officers Retirement Pla	<u>ın</u>	<u>9,111,000</u>	9,151,000
16.9	Under Minnesota Statutes, sections 3A.0	<u>3,</u>		
16.10	subdivision 2; 3A.04, subdivisions 3 and	4;		
16.11	and 3A.115.			
16.12	If an appropriation in this section for eith	ner		
16.13	year is insufficient, the appropriation for	the		
16.14	other year is available for it.			
16.15	Subd. 3. Judges Retirement Plan		6,000,000	6,000,000
16.16	For transfer to the judges retirement fund	<u>1</u>		
16.17	under Minnesota Statutes, section 490.12	23.		
16.18	This transfer continues each fiscal year u	ntil		
16.19	the judges retirement plan reaches 100 per	rcent		
16.20	funding as determined by an actuarial			
16.21	valuation prepared according to Minneso	ota		
16.22	Statutes, section 356.214.			
16.23 16.24	Sec. 33. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIR ASSOCIATION	<u>EMENT</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>20,500,000 §</u>	25,000,000
16.25	General employees retirement plan of the	<u>e</u>		
16.26	Public Employees Retirement Association	<u>on</u>		
16.27	relating to the merged former MERF divis	sion.		
16.28	State payments from the general fund to	the		
16.29	Public Employees Retirement Association	n on		
16.30	behalf of the former MERF division acco	ount		
16.31	are \$16,000,000 on September 15, 2019,	and		
16.32	\$16,000,000 on September 15, 2020.			
16.33	These amounts are estimated to be neede	ed		
16.34	under Minnesota Statutes, section 353.50	<u>)5.</u>		

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17.1 17.2	Sec. 34. <u>TEACHERS RETIREMEN</u> ASSOCIATION	<u>T</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>29,831,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>29,831,000</u>
17.3	The amounts estimated to be needed an	re as		
17.4	follows:			
17.5	Special Direct State Aid. \$27,331,000) each		
17.6	year is for special direct state aid author	orized		
17.7	under Minnesota Statutes, section 354.	.436.		
17.8	Special Direct State Matching Aid.			
17.9	\$2,500,000 each year is for special direct	ct state		
17.10	matching aid authorized under Minnes	ota		
17.11	Statutes, section 354.435.			
17.12 17.13	Sec. 35. <u>ST. PAUL TEACHERS RET</u> FUND	IREMENT <u>\$</u>	<u>14,827,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>14,827,000</u>
17.14	The amounts estimated to be needed for	or		
17.15	special direct state aid to the first class	city		
17.16	teachers retirement fund association auth	norized		
17.17	under Minnesota Statutes, section 354	A.12 <u>,</u>		
17.18	subdivisions 3a and 3c.			
17.19	Sec. 36. <u>APPROPRIATION; SECH</u>	RETARY OF STA	<u>TE; COURT ORL</u>	DERED
17.20	ATTORNEY FEES.			
17.21	\$1,290,000 is appropriated in fiscal	l year 2019 from th	ne general fund to th	e secretary of
17.22	state for the payment of attorney fees a	warded by court o	rder in Minnesota V	oters Alliance
17.23	v. Mansky. This is a onetime appropria	tion.		
17.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	is effective the da	y following final en	actment.
17.25	Sec. 37. CONTRACTS FOR PROI	FESSIONAL OR	TECHNICAL SE	RVICES.
17.26	(a) During the biennium ending Jur	ne 30, 2021, the co	mmissioner of man	agement and
17.27	budget must reduce total general fund	appropriations acr	oss all executive bra	anch state
17.28	agencies for planned expenditures on c	contracts for profes	ssional or technical	services by at
17.29	least \$890,000. Contracts that provide s	services to support	client-facing health	care workers,
17.30	corrections officers, public safety work	kers, mental health	workers, and state	cybersecurity
17.31	systems; contracts that support the ente	erprise resource pl	anning system repla	cement at the

17.32 Minnesota State Colleges and Universities; and contracts that support information technology

- systems or services that were not part of an agency's base budget prior to the effective date 18.1 18.2 of this act may not be reduced under this paragraph. 18.3 (b) The commissioner of management and budget, in consultation with the commissioner of administration, may authorize an agency to exceed the expenditure restriction provided 18.4 18.5 by this section if a contract for professional or technical services is required to respond to an emergency. 18.6 (c) For purposes of this section: 18.7 (1) "professional or technical services" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, 18.8 section 16C.08, subdivision 1; 18.9 (2) "emergency" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 16C.02, subdivision 18.10 6b; and 18.11 (3) "executive branch state agency" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 18.12 16A.011, subdivision 12a, and includes the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities. 18.13 Sec. 38. HELP AMERICA VOTE ACT TRANSFERS AND APPROPRIATIONS; 18.14 18.15 **SECRETARY OF STATE.** (a) \$6,595,610 is appropriated in fiscal year 2019 from the HAVA account established 18.16 in Minnesota Statutes, section 5.30, to the secretary of state for the purposes of improving 18.17 the administration and security of elections as authorized by federal law. Use of the 18.18 18.19 appropriation is limited to the following activities: (1) modernizing, securing, and updating the statewide voter registration system and for 18.20 cybersecurity upgrades as authorized by federal law; 18.21 (2) improving accessibility; 18.22 (3) preparing training materials and training local election officials; and 18.23 (4) implementing security improvements for election systems. 18.24 (b) Any amount earned in interest on the amount appropriated under paragraph (a) is 18.25 appropriated from the HAVA account to the secretary of state for purposes of improving 18.26 the administration and security of elections as authorized by federal law. 18.27 (c) The appropriations under paragraphs (a) and (b) are onetime and available until 18.28 March 23, 2023. 18.29 (d) \$167,000 expended by the secretary of state in fiscal years 2018 and 2019 for 18.30
- 18.31 increasing secure access to the statewide voter registration system is deemed:

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19.1	(1) to be money used for ca	rrying out the purposes au	thorized under	the Omnibus
19.2	Appropriations Act of 2018, Pu	blic Law 115-1410, and the	e Help Americ	a Vote Act of 2002,
19.3	Public Law 107-252, section 1	01; and		
19.4	(2) to be credited toward an	y match required by those	laws.	
19.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	section is effective the day	y following fir	al enactment.
19.6		ARTICLE 2		
19.7	STATE	GOVERNMENT OPER	ATIONS	
19.8	Section 1. [3.199] ACCESSI	BILITY IN THE LEGIS	LATURE'S I	NFORMATION
19.9	TECHNOLOGY.			
19.10	Subdivision 1. Definitions.	(a) For purposes of this se	ection, the follo	owing term has the
19.11	meaning given.			
19.12	(b) "Responsible authority"	means:		
19.13	(1) for the house of representation (1) for the house of representation (1) for the house of the house o	ntatives, the chief clerk of	the house;	
19.14	(2) for the senate, the secret	tary of the senate;		
19.15	(3) for the Office of the Rev	visor of Statutes, the reviso	or of statutes;	
19.16	(4) for the Office of the Leg	gislative Auditor, the legisl	ative auditor;	
19.17	(5) for the Legislative Refe	rence Library, the library d	lirector;	
19.18	(6) for the Legislative Budg	get Office, the director of th	ne Legislative	Budget Office; and
19.19	(7) for any entity administe	red by the legislative brand	ch not listed in	clauses (1) to (6),
19.20	the director of the Legislative (Coordinating Commission.		
19.21	Subd. 2. Accessibility stand	lards; compliance. The se	nate, the house	of representatives,
19.22	and joint legislative offices and	l commissions must compl	y with accessi	bility standards
19.23	adopted for state agencies by the	e chief information officer	under section 1	6E.03, subdivision
19.24	9, for technology, software, and	l hardware procurement, ur	nless the respon	nsible authority for
19.25	a legislative body or office has	approved an exception for	a standard for	that body or office.
19.26	Subd. 3. Not subject to MN	.IT authority. The chief in	formation offic	er is not authorized
19.27	to manage or direct compliance	e of the legislature with acc	cessibility stan	dards.
19.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	section is effective Septen	nber 1, 2021.	

- 20.1 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 3.8843, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- 20.2 Subd. 7. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2019 2026.
- 20.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 20.4 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 3.886, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 20.5 Subd. 6. Expiration. This section expires July 1, 2019 2025.
- 20.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

20.7 Sec. 4. [5.42] DISPLAY OF BUSINESS ADDRESS ON WEBSITE.

20.8 (a) A business entity may request in writing that all addresses submitted by the business

20.9 <u>entity to the secretary of state be omitted from display on the secretary of state's website.</u>

20.10 A business entity may only request that all addresses be omitted from display if the entity

- 20.11 certifies that:
- 20.12 (1) there is only one shareholder, member, manager, or owner of the business entity;
- 20.13 (2) the shareholder, manager, member, or owner is a natural person; and
- 20.14 (3) at least one of the addresses provided is the residential address of the sole shareholder,

20.15 manager, member, or owner.

20.16 The secretary of state shall post a notice that this option is available and a link to the form

20.17 needed to make a request on the secretary's website. The secretary of state shall also attach

20.18 a copy of the request form to all business filing forms provided in a paper format that require

- 20.19 <u>a business entity to submit an address.</u>
- 20.20 (b) This section does not change the classification of data under chapter 13 and addresses
- 20.21 <u>shall be made available to the public in response to requests made by telephone, mail, e-mail,</u>
- 20.22 and facsimile transmission.
- 20.23 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019, and applies to business
 20.24 entity filings filed with the secretary of state on or after that date.
- 20.25 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10.60, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Permitted material.** (a) Material specified in this subdivision may be included on a website or in a publication, but only if the material complies with subdivision 2. This subdivision is not a comprehensive list of material that may be contained on a website or in a publication, if the material complies with subdivision 2.

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(b) A website or publication may include biographical information about an elected or 21.1 appointed official, and a single official photograph of the official, and. Except during the 21.2 period beginning 60 days after adjournment sine die of the legislature in an even-numbered 21.3 year and ending the day after the state general election in that year, a website or publication 21.4 may also contain photographs of the official performing functions related to the office. 21.5 There is no limitation on photographs, webcasts, archives of webcasts, and audio or video 21.6 files that facilitate access to information or services or inform the public about the duties 21.7 and obligations of the office or that are intended to promote trade or tourism. Except during 21.8

the period beginning 60 days after adjournment sine die of the legislature in an

21.10 <u>even-numbered year and ending the day after the state general election in that year, a state</u>
21.11 website or publication may include photographs or information involving civic or charitable
21.12 work done by the governor's spouse, provided that these activities relate to the functions of

21.13 the governor's office.

(c) A website or publication may include press releases, proposals, policy positions, and
other information directly related to the legal functions, duties, and jurisdiction of a public
official or organization.

(d) The election-related website maintained by the Office of the Secretary of State shallprovide links to:

(1) the campaign website of any candidate for legislative, constitutional, judicial, or
federal office who requests or whose campaign committee requests such a link and provides
in writing a valid URL address to the Office of the Secretary of State; and

(2) the website of any individual or group advocating for or against or providing neutral
information with respect to any ballot question, where the individual or group requests such
a link and provides in writing a valid website address and valid e-mail address to the Office
of the Secretary of State.

These links must be provided on the election-related website maintained by the Office of the Secretary of State from the opening of filing for the office in question until the business day following the day on which the State Canvassing Board has declared the results of the state general election, or November 30 of the year in which the election has taken place, whichever date is earlier. The link must be activated on the election-related website maintained by the Office of the Secretary of State within two business days of receipt of

21.32 the request from a qualified candidate or committee.

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Subd. 6a. Administrative law judge; salaries. The salary of the chief administrative law judge is 98.52 percent of the salary of a chief district court judge. The salaries of the assistant chief administrative law judge and administrative law judge supervisors are 93.60 <u>100</u> percent of the salary of a chief district court judge. The salary of an administrative law judge employed by the Office of Administrative Hearings is 98.52 percent of the salary of a district court judge as set under section 15A.082, subdivision 3.

22.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2019.

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.013, is amended by adding a subdivision toread:
- 22.11 Subd. 1a. Opportunity to make gifts via website. The commissioner of management
- 22.12 and budget must maintain a secure website which permits any person to make a gift of
- 22.13 money electronically for any purpose authorized by subdivision 1. Gifts made using the
- 22.14 website are subject to all other requirements of this section, sections 16A.014 to 16A.016,
- 22.15 and any other applicable law governing the receipt of gifts by the state and the purposes for
- 22.16 which a gift may be used. The website must include historical data on the total amount of
- 22.17 gifts received using the site, itemized by month.

22.18 Sec. 8. [16A.1335] EMPLOYEE SALARIES AND BENEFITS IN EVENT OF STATE 22.19 GOVERNMENT SHUTDOWN.

- 22.20 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** As used in this section, "government shutdown" means that,
- 22.21 as of July 1 of an odd-numbered year, legislation appropriating money for the general
- 22.22 <u>operations of:</u>
- 22.23 (1) an executive agency;

22.24 (2) an office or department of the legislature, including each house of the legislature and

- 22.25 <u>the Legislative Coordinating Commission; or</u>
- 22.26 (3) a judicial branch agency or department, including a court;
- 22.27 <u>has not been enacted for the biennium beginning July 1 of that year.</u>
- 22.28 Subd. 2. Payment required. Notwithstanding section 16A.17, subdivision 8, state
- 22.29 employees must be provided payment for lost salary and benefits resulting from their absence
- 22.30 from work during a government shutdown. An employee is eligible for a payment under
- 22.31 this section only upon the employee's return to work.

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23.1	Subd. 3. Appropriation; limitation. (a) In the event of a government shutdown, the
23.2	amount necessary to pay the salary and benefits of employees of any impacted agency,
23.3	office, or department is appropriated beginning on that July 1 to that agency, office, or
23.4	department. The appropriation is made from the fund or funds from which an appropriation
23.5	was made in the previous fiscal year for salary and benefits paid to each affected employee.
23.6	(b) Amounts appropriated under this subdivision may not exceed the amount or amounts
23.7	appropriated for general operations of the affected agency, office, or department in the
23.8	previous fiscal year.
23.9	Subd. 4. Certification of amount for employees in the legislative and judicial
23.10	branches. By June 25 of an odd-numbered year, if a government shutdown appears
23.11	imminent, the chief clerk of the house of representatives, the secretary of the senate, and
23.12	the chief clerk of the supreme court must each certify to the commissioner of management
23.13	and budget the amount needed for salaries and benefits for each fiscal year of the next
23.14	biennium, and the commissioner of management and budget shall make the certified amount
23.15	available on July 1 of that year, or on another schedule that permits payment of all salary
23.16	and benefit obligations required by this section in a timely manner.
23.17	Subd. 5. Subsequent appropriations. A subsequent appropriation to the agency, office,
23.18	or department for regular operations for a biennium in which this section has been applied

may only supersede and replace the appropriation provided by subdivision 3 by express

23.20 reference to this section.

23.21 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.90, is amended to read:

23.22 **16A.90 EMPLOYEE GAINSHARING SYSTEM.**

Subdivision 1. Commissioner must establish program. (a) The commissioner shall 23.23 establish a program to provide onetime bonus compensation to state employees for efforts 23.24 made to reduce suggestions that are implemented and result in a reduction of the costs of 23.25 operating state government or for ways of providing better or more efficient state services. 23.26 The commissioner may authorize an executive branch appointing authority to make a onetime 23.27 award to an employee or group of employees whose suggestion or involvement in a project 23.28 is determined by the commissioner to have resulted in documented cost-savings to the state. 23.29 Before authorizing awards under this section, the commissioner shall establish guidelines 23.30 for the program including but not limited to: 23.31

24.1 (1) the maximum award is ten percent of the documented savings in the first fiscal year
24.2 within the first year after implementation of the employee suggestion in which the savings
24.3 are realized up to \$50,000;

(2) the award must be paid from the appropriation to which the savings accrued; and
(3) (2) employees whose primary job responsibility is to identify cost savings or ways
of providing better or more efficient state services are generally not eligible for bonus
compensation under this section except in extraordinary circumstances as defined by the
commissioner; and

24.9

(3) employees are eligible for awards under this section notwithstanding chapter 179A.

(b) The program required by this section must be in addition to any existing monetary
or nonmonetary performance-based recognition programs for state employees, including
achievement awards, continuous improvement awards, and general employee recognitions.

24.13 Subd. 2. Biannual Legislative report. No later than August 1, 2017, and biannually

<u>July 1, 2020, and annually</u> thereafter, the commissioner must report to the chairs and ranking
minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction
over Minnesota Management and Budget on the status of the program required by this
section. The report must detail:

(1) the specific program guidelines established by the commissioner as required bysubdivision 1, if the guidelines have not been described in a previous report;

(2) any proposed modifications to the established guidelines under consideration by thecommissioner, including the reason for the proposed modifications; and

24.22 (3) the methods used by the commissioner to promote the program to state employees,
24.23 if the methods have not been described in a previous report;

24.24 (4) a summary of the results of the program that includes the following, categorized by
24.25 agency:

24.26 (i) the number of state employees whose suggestions or involvement in a project were
24.27 considered for possible bonus compensation, and a description of each suggestion or project
24.28 that was considered;

24.29 (ii) the total amount of bonus compensation actually awarded, itemized by each suggestion
 24.30 or project that resulted in an award and the amount awarded for that suggestion or project;
 24.31 and

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(iii) the total amount of documented cost-savings that accrued to the agency as a result 25.1 of each suggestion or project for which bonus compensation was granted; and 25.2 (5) (3) any recommendations for legislation that, in the judgment of the commissioner, 25.3 would improve the effectiveness of the bonus compensation program established by this 25.4 section or which would otherwise increase opportunities for state employees to actively 25.5 participate in the development and implementation of strategies for reducing the costs of 25.6 operating state government or for providing better or more efficient state services. 25.7 Subd. 3. Pilot program. To the extent that appropriations are not available to fully 25.8 implement the program required by subdivision 1, the commissioner must use available 25.9 25.10 resources to implement a pilot program that meets the requirements of subdivision 1 within a single agency designated by the commissioner. If established, details on the pilot program 25.11 must be included in the legislative report required under subdivision 2. 25.12 Sec. 10. [16B.276] CAPITOL FLAG PROGRAM. 25.13 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) The terms used in this section have the meanings given 25.14 25.15 them. 25.16 (b) "Active service" has the meaning given in section 190.05, subdivision 5. (c) "Eligible family member" means a surviving spouse, parent or legal guardian, child, 25.17 or sibling of (1) a public safety officer killed in the line of duty, or (2) a person who has 25.18 died while serving honorably in active service in the United States armed forces. For purposes 25.19 of this section, an eligibility relationship may be established by birth or adoption. 25.20 (d) "Killed in the line of duty" has the meaning given in section 299A.41, subdivision 25.21 25.22 3. (e) "Public safety officer" has the meaning given in section 299A.41, subdivision 4. 25.23 25.24 Subd. 2. Establishment. A Capitol flag program is established. The purpose of the program is to make a Minnesota state flag and an American flag that was flown over the 25.25 Minnesota State Capitol available to the family members of a public safety officer killed 25.26 in the line of duty or a member of the United States armed forces who died while in active 25.27 service. In addition to appropriations provided by law, the commissioner of management 25.28 25.29 and budget may receive gifts to support the program as authorized in sections 16A.013 to 16A.016. The program established by this section is required only to the extent that sufficient 25.30

25.31 <u>funds are available through appropriations or gifts to support its operations.</u>

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26.1	Subd. 3. Submission of request; presentation. (a) A flag request may only be made
26.2	by a legislator or state constitutional officer on behalf of an eligible family member, after
26.3	verification of the family member's eligibility under the procedures adopted under subdivision
26.4	4. The request must be made to the commissioner of administration, and must indicate the
26.5	type of flag requested, a certification that the family member's eligibility has been verified,
26.6	special requests for the date the flag is flown over the Capitol, and the method of presentment.
26.7	The commissioner may adopt a form to be used for this purpose. With at least 30 days'
26.8	notice, the commissioner must honor a request that a flag be flown on a specific
26.9	commemorative date.
26.10	(b) Upon receipt of a request, the commissioner must present a flag to the eligible family
26.11	member, or to the requesting legislator or constitutional officer for coordination of a later
26.12	presentment ceremony. If relevant information is made available, the commissioner shall
26.13	provide a certificate memorializing the details of the occasion and the date the flag was
26.14	flown with each flag presented.
26.15	Subd. 4. Verification of eligibility. The house of representatives, the senate, and each
26.16	constitutional officer must adopt procedures for the administration of flag requests received
26.17	from eligible family members, including a procedure for verification of a family member's
26.18	eligibility to receive a flag.
26.19	Subd. 5. No fee for first flag. The family of a public safety officer killed in the line of
26.20	duty or service member of the United States armed forces who died in active service is
26.21	entitled to receive one United States flag and one Minnesota state flag free of charge under
26.22	this section. If multiple flags of the same type are requested to be flown in honor of the
26.23	same decedent, the commissioner may charge a reasonable fee that does not exceed the
26.24	actual cost of flying each flag and preparing a certificate memorializing the occasion.
26.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2020.
26.26	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16B.32, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
26.27	Subd. 1a. Onsite Energy generation from renewable sources. A state agency that
26.28	prepares a predesign for a new building must consider meeting at least two percent of the
26.29	energy needs of the building from renewable sources located on the building site. For

purposes of this subdivision, "renewable sources" are limited to wind and the sun. The
predesign must include an explicit cost and price analysis of complying with the two-percent
requirement compared with the present and future costs of energy supplied by a public
utility from a location away from the building site and the present and future costs of
controlling carbon emissions. If the analysis concludes that the building should not meet at

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27.1 least two percent of its energy needs from renewable sources located on the building site, 27.2 the analysis must provide explicit reasons why not. The building may not receive further 27.3 state appropriations for design or construction unless at least two percent of its energy needs 27.4 are designed to be met from renewable sources, unless the commissioner finds that the 27.5 reasons given by the agency for not meeting the two-percent requirement were supported 27.6 by evidence in the record.

27.7 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16B.323, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Solar energy system. (a) As provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), a project for
the construction or major renovation of a state building, after the completion of a cost-benefit
analysis, may include installation of solar energy systems of up to 300 kilowatts capacity
on, adjacent, or in proximity to the state building on state-owned buildings and land.

(b) The capacity of a solar energy system must be less than 300 kilowatts to the extent
necessary to match the electrical load of the building, or the capacity must be no more than
necessary to keep the costs for the installation below the five percent maximum set by
paragraph (c).

(c) The cost of the solar energy system must not exceed five percent of the appropriations
from the bond proceeds fund for the construction or renovation of the state building. Purchase
and installation of a solar thermal system may account for no more than 25 percent of the
cost of a solar energy system installation.

(d) A project subject to this section is ineligible to receive a rebate for the installation
of a solar energy system under section 116C.7791 or from any utility.

(e) If a solar energy system generates electricity above the energy need of the building,
the surplus electricity must be sold to a utility. Proceeds from the sale must be transferred
to the commissioner of commerce to support energy assistance programs for low-income
<u>Minnesotans.</u>

27.26 Sec. 13. [16B.372] OFFICE OF ENTERPRISE SUSTAINABILITY.

Subdivision 1. Enterprise sustainability. The Office of Enterprise Sustainability is
 established under the jurisdiction of the commissioner to assist all state agencies in making
 measurable progress toward improving the sustainability of government operations by
 reducing the impact on the environment, controlling unnecessary waste of natural resources
 and public funds, and spurring innovation. The office shall create new tools and share best

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28.1	practices, assist state agencies to pl	an for and implement im	provements, and	monitor progress
28.2	toward achieving intended outcom	mes. Specific duties incl	ude but are not	limited to:
28.3	(1) managing a sustainability r	netrics and reporting sys	tem, including a	public dashboard
28.4	that allows Minnesotans to track	progress;		
28.5	(2) assisting agencies in devel	oping and executing sus	stainability plans	s; and
28.6	(3) publishing an annual report	r <u>t.</u>		
28.7	Subd. 2. Local governments.	The Office of Enterpris	se Sustainability	shall make
28.8	reasonable attempts to share tools	s and best practices with	local governme	ents.
28.9	Sec. 14. [16B.90] WEBSITE A	CCESSIBILITY GRA	ANTS; ADVISC	ORY COUNCIL.
28.10	Subdivision 1. Grant progra	m established. A websi	te accessibility g	grant program is
28.11	established. Within available app	ropriations, grants must	be awarded by t	he commissioner
28.12	to local governments to improve t	he accessibility of local	government we	bsites for persons
28.13	with disabilities.			
28.14	Subd. 2. Website Accessibilit	y Grant Advisory Cou	uncil. (a) A Web	site Accessibility
28.15	Grant Advisory Council is establi	shed. The purpose of th	e advisory coun	cil is to assist the
28.16	commissioner in awarding grants	under subdivision 1. Th	e advisory coun	cil consists of the
28.17	following members:			
28.18	(1) one representative of the I	League of Minnesota Cit	ties, appointed b	y the league;
28.19	(2) one representative of the A	Association of Minnesot	a Counties, appo	ointed by the
28.20	association;			
28.21	(3) one representative of the N	linnesota Council on Di	sability, appointe	ed by the council;
28.22	(4) one member of the public	who is a self-advocate,	appointed by the	e governor; and
28.23	(5) the state chief information	officer, or a designee.		
28.24	(b) The terms, compensation,	and removal of member	rs is governed by	y section 15.059.
28.25	The council must elect a chair from	m among its members.		
28.26	(c) The advisory council is sub	pject to chapter 13D. The	e council must m	neet at the request
28.27	of the commissioner or the chair,	but no fewer than two t	imes per year to	fulfill its duties.
28.28	The commissioner must provide m	eeting space and other a	dministrative ass	istance to support
28.29	the work of the council.			
28.30	(d) The council must review a	pplications from local g	governments for	grant funding to

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29.1 for the award of grants. The commissioner may not award a grant unless it has been reviewed

29.2 by the advisory council. Consistent with the policies and procedures established by the

29.3 commissioner under sections 16B.97 and 16B.98, the council must establish uniform,

29.4 objective criteria to be used in evaluating grant applications. The criteria must include

29.5 standards to ensure grant funding is distributed equitably across the state, and that grant

29.6 <u>funds are available without regard to a local government's population size.</u>

29.7 Subd. 3. Report to legislature. No later than January 15, 2020, and annually thereafter,

29.8 the commissioner must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the

29.9 legislative committees with jurisdiction over state government finance and local government

29.10 detailing the grants awarded under this section, including the number of grant applications

29.11 received, the number of grants awarded, the geographic distribution of grant applications

and awards, and the amount of each grant awarded and how it was used.

29.13 Sec. 15. [16C.0531] PROHIBITING STATE CONTRACTS WITH STATE 29.14 SPONSORS OF TERRORISM AND FOREIGN TERRORIST ORGANIZATIONS.

(a) A state contract for goods or services must require the vendor to certify that the 29.15 29.16 vendor is not currently engaged in, and agrees for the duration of the contract not to engage in, business with countries designated as state sponsors of terrorism by the State Department 29.17 and groups designated by the United States Secretary of State as foreign terrorist 29.18 organizations. This section applies to all state agencies, including the Minnesota State 29.19 Colleges and Universities and to contracts entered into by entities in the legislative branch. 29.20 29.21 (b) The commissioners of the Department of Administration and Minnesota Management and Budget shall exercise appropriate due diligence in selecting vendors for goods or services 29.22 to avert contracting with countries designated as state sponsors of terrorism and groups 29.23 designated as foreign terrorist organizations or with vendors who do business with countries 29.24 designated as state sponsors of terrorism and groups designated as foreign terrorist 29.25 organizations. The commissioners shall implement measures designed to meet the objective 29.26 of this section and take the steps necessary to confirm that vendors have satisfied the 29.27 29.28 requirement of this section.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16C.055, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Restriction. An agency may not enter into a contract or otherwise agree with
a nongovernmental entity to receive total nonmonetary consideration valued at more than
\$100,000 annually in exchange for the agency providing nonmonetary consideration, unless
such an agreement is specifically authorized by law. This subdivision does not apply to the

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30.1 State Lottery, state-owned optical fiber, or private aquaculture businesses involved in state

30.2 stocking contracts.

30.3 Sec. 17. [16C.067] CONFLICT-FREE MINERALS.

- 30.4 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The following terms have the meanings given them.
- 30.5 (b) "Conflict mineral" means a mineral or mineral derivative determined under federal
- 30.6 law to be financing human conflict. Conflict mineral includes columbite-tantalite (coltan),
- 30.7 <u>cassiterite, gold, wolframite, or derivatives of those minerals.</u>
- 30.8 (c) "Noncompliant person" means a person:
- 30.9 (1) who is required to disclose under federal law information relating to conflict minerals
- 30.10 that originated in the Democratic Republic of the Congo or its neighboring countries; and
- 30.11 (2) for whom the disclosure is not filed, is considered under federal law to be an unreliable
- 30.12 determination, or contains false information.
- 30.13 Subd. 2. Compliance. By execution of a state contract to provide goods or services, a
- 30.14 vendor attests that it is not a noncompliant person and is in compliance with the required
- 30.15 disclosures under federal law related to conflict minerals.
- 30.16 Subd. 3. Exemption; commissioner may waive. (a) This section does not apply to
 30.17 contracts with a value of less than \$100,000.
- 30.18 (b) The commissioner may waive application of this section in a contract if the
 30.19 commissioner determines that compliance is not practicable or in the best interest of the
 30.20 state.
- 30.21 Subd. 4. Notice. In any solicitation for supplies or services, a commissioner shall provide
 30.22 notice of the requirements of this section.
- 30.23 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019, and applies to solicitations
 30.24 issued on or after that date.

30.25 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16C.10, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Emergency acquisition. The solicitation process described in this chapter and
<u>chapter 16B</u> is not required in emergencies. In emergencies, the commissioner may make
<u>or authorize</u> any purchases necessary for the <u>design</u>, <u>construction</u>, repair, rehabilitation, and
improvement of a <u>state-owned publicly owned</u> structure or may <u>make or</u> authorize an <u>agency</u>
to do so and may purchase, or may authorize an <u>agency to purchase, any purchases of goods</u>,
services, or utility services directly for immediate use.

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31.1 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16C.19, is amended to read:

31.2 **16C.19 ELIGIBILITY; RULES.**

31.3 (a) A small business wishing to participate in the programs under section 16C.16,

31.4 subdivisions 4 to 7, must be certified by the commissioner or, if authorized by the

31.5 commissioner, by a nationally recognized certifying organization. The commissioner may

31.6 choose to authorize a nationally recognized certifying organization if the certification

31.7 requirements are substantially the same as those adopted under the rules authorized in this

31.8 section and the business meets the requirements in section 16C.16, subdivision 2.

31.9 (b) The commissioner shall adopt by rule standards and procedures for certifying that 31.10 small targeted group businesses, small businesses located in economically disadvantaged 31.11 areas, and veteran-owned small businesses are eligible to participate under the requirements 31.12 of sections 16C.16 to 16C.21. The commissioner shall adopt by rule standards and procedures 31.13 for hearing appeals and grievances and other rules necessary to carry out the duties set forth 31.14 in sections 16C.16 to 16C.21.

31.15 (b) (c) The commissioner may make rules which exclude or limit the participation of
 31.16 nonmanufacturing business, including third-party lessors, brokers, franchises, jobbers,
 31.17 manufacturers' representatives, and others from eligibility under sections 16C.16 to 16C.21.

31.18 (c) (d) The commissioner may make rules that set time limits and other eligibility limits 31.19 on business participation in programs under sections 16C.16 to 16C.21.

31.20 (d) (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for purposes of sections 16C.16 to 16C.21, a
31.21 veteran-owned small business, the principal place of business of which is in Minnesota, is
31.22 certified if:

(1) it has been verified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs as being
either a veteran-owned small business or a service-disabled veteran-owned small business,
in accordance with Public Law 109-461 and Code of Federal Regulations, title 38, part 74;
or

31.27 (2) the veteran-owned small business supplies the commissioner with proof that the31.28 small business is majority-owned and operated by:

(i) a veteran as defined in section 197.447; or

31.30 (ii) a veteran with a service-connected disability, as determined at any time by the United
31.31 States Department of Veterans Affairs.

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32.1 (e) (f) Until rules are adopted pursuant to paragraph (a) for the purpose of certifying
veteran-owned small businesses, the provisions of Minnesota Rules, part 1230.1700, may
be read to include veteran-owned small businesses. In addition to the documentation required
in Minnesota Rules, part 1230.1700, the veteran owner must have been discharged under
honorable conditions from active service, as indicated by the veteran owner's most current
United States Department of Defense form DD-214.

32.7 (f) (g) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for purposes of sections 16C.16 to 16C.21, a
 32.8 minority- or woman-owned small business, the principal place of business of which is in
 32.9 Minnesota, is certified if it has been certified by the Minnesota unified certification program
 32.10 under the provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, part 26.

32.11 (g) (h) The commissioner may adopt rules to implement the programs under section
 32.12 16C.16, subdivisions 4 to 7, using the expedited rulemaking process in section 14.389.

32.13 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16C.251, is amended to read:

32.14 **16C.251 BEST AND FINAL OFFER.**

A "best and final offer" solicitation process may not be used for building and construction
 contracts awarded based on competitive bids.

32.17 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16E.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

32.18 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this chapter, the following terms
32.19 have the meanings given them.

(b) "Information and telecommunications technology systems and services" means all
computing and telecommunications hardware and software, the activities undertaken to
secure that hardware and software, and the activities undertaken to acquire, transport, process,
analyze, store, and disseminate information electronically. "Information and
telecommunications technology systems and services" includes all proposed expenditures
for computing and telecommunications hardware and software, security for that hardware
and software, and related consulting or other professional services.

32.27 (c) "Information and telecommunications technology project" means an effort to acquire
 32.28 or produce information and telecommunications technology systems and services.

32.29 (d) "Telecommunications" means voice, video, and data electronic transmissions
32.30 transported by wire, wireless, fiber-optic, radio, or other available transport technology.

33.1	(e) "Cyber security" means the protection of data and systems in networks connected to
33.2	the Internet.
33.3	(f) "State agency" means an agency in the executive branch of state government and
33.4	includes the Minnesota Office of Higher Education, but does not include the Minnesota
33.5	State Colleges and Universities unless specifically provided elsewhere in this chapter.
33.6	(g) "Total expected project cost" includes direct staff costs, all supplemental contract
33.7	staff and vendor costs, and costs of hardware and software development or purchase.
33.8	Breaking a project into several phases does not affect the cost threshold, which must be
33.9	computed based on the full cost of all phases.
33.10	(h) "Cloud computing" has the meaning described by the National Institute of Standards
33.11	and Technology of the United States Department of Commerce in special publication
33.12	800-145, September 2011.
22.12	See 22 Minnesote Statutes 2018 section 16E 02 is amended by adding a subdivision to
33.13	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16E.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
33.14	
33.15	Subd. 4a. Cloud computing services. The project evaluation procedure required by
33.16	subdivision 4 must include a review of cloud computing service options, including any
33.17	security benefits and cost savings associated with purchasing those service options from a
33.18	cloud computing service provider.
33.19	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16E.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to
33.20	read:
33.21	Subd. 11. Technical support to the legislature. The chief information officer, or a
33.22	designee, must provide technical support to assist the legislature to comply with accessibility
33.23	standards under section 3.199, subdivision 2. Support under this subdivision must include:
33.24	(1) clarifying the requirements of the accessibility standards;
33.25	(2) providing templates for common software applications used in developing documents
33.26	used by the legislature;
33.27	(3) assisting the development of training for staff to comply with the accessibility
33.28	standards and assisting in providing the training; and
33.29	(4) assisting the development of technical applications that enable legislative documents
33.30	to be fully accessible.
33.31	The chief information officer must provide these services at no cost to the legislature.

34.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
34.2	Sec. 24. [16E.031] USER ACCEPTANCE TESTING.
34.3	Subdivision 1. Applicability. As used in this section:
34.4	(1) "primary user" means an employee or agent of a state agency or local unit of
34.5	government who uses an information technology business software application to perform
34.6	an official function; and
34.7	(2) "local unit of government" does not include a school district.
34.8	Subd. 2. User acceptance testing. (a) A state agency implementing a new information
34.9	technology business software application or new business software application functionality
34.10	that significantly impacts the operations of a primary user must provide opportunities for
34.11	user acceptance testing, unless the testing is deemed not feasible or necessary by the relevant
34.12	agency commissioner, in consultation with the chief information officer and representatives
34.13	of the primary user.
34.14	(b) The requirements in paragraph (a) do not apply to routine software upgrades or
34.15	application changes that are primarily intended to comply with federal law, rules, or
34.16	regulations.
34.17	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 43A.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
34.18	Subdivision 1. Prohibition. (a) No employee shall, directly or indirectly, during hours
34.19	of employment solicit or receive funds for political purposes engage in political activity, or
34.20	use official authority or influence to compel an employee in the classified service to apply
34.21	for membership in or become a member of any political organization, to pay or promise to
34.22	pay any assessment, subscription, or contribution or to take part in any political activity.
34.23	(b) As used in this subdivision, "political activity" means any activity intended to
34.24	influence, directly or indirectly, voting at a federal, state, or local election and includes but
34.25	is not limited to:
34.26	(1) engaging in any of the following activity on behalf of a candidate, committee, or
34.27	political party unit:
34.28	(i) soliciting or receiving contributions;
34.29	(ii) recording contribution receipts;
34.30	(iii) sending contribution thank-you notes or contribution receipt forms to contributors;

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35.1	(iv) preparing reports required to be filed under chapters 10A and 211A, or applicable			
35.2	federal law;			
35.3	(2) design or production of camp	baign material for an	election;	
35.4	(3) participating in campaign pla	nning or training for	candidates; or	
35.5	(4) preparing a written campaign	n plan for a candidate	<u>-</u>	
35.6	(c) A constitutional officer, and a	any employee in the	unclassified servi	ice serving in the
35.7	executive offices of a constitutional officer, may not prepare or distribute, or assist in the			
35.8	preparation or distribution of, newsletters, questionnaires, or other mass mailings, or			
35.9	individualized letters of congratulation	ions during the period	d beginning 60 d	ays after
35.10	adjournment sine die of the legislatu	ire in an even-numbe	red year and end	ing the day after
35.11	the state general election in that year	r. A constitutional of	ficer or employed	e subject to the
35.12	restrictions provided by this paragra	ph may not circumve	ent those restricti	ons by directing
35.13	other employees to engage in a prohi	bited activity on the c	onstitutional offic	cer or employee's
35.14	behalf.			
35.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	on is effective the da	y following final	enactment.
35.16	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2018,	section 138.081, is a	mended to read:	

35.17 **138.081 FEDERAL FUNDS, ACTS.**

Subdivision 1. Department of Administration as agency to accept federal funds. The 35.18 Department of Administration is hereby designated the state agency with power to accept 35.19 any and all money provided for or made available to this state by the United States of 35.20 America or any department or agency thereof for surveys, restoration, construction, 35.21 equipping, or other purposes relating to the State Historic sites Preservation Program in 35.22 accordance with the provisions of federal law and any rules or regulations promulgated 35.23 thereunder and are further authorized to do any and all things required of this state by such 35.24 federal law and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder in order to obtain such 35.25 federal money. 35.26

Subd. 2. Commissioner's responsibilities. The commissioner as the state historic
preservation officer shall be responsible for the preparation, implementation and
administration of the State Historic Preservation Plan and shall administer the State Historic
Preservation Program authorized by the National Historic Preservation Act (United States
Code, title 16 54, section 470 300101 et seq. as amended). The commissioner shall review
and approve in writing all grants-in-aid for architectural, archaeological and historic

act providing for the preservation of historical and archaeological data, United States Code, 36.5 title 16 54, sections 469 to 469C section 312501, as amended, insofar as the provisions of 36.6 the act provide for implementation by the state. 36.7 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 138.31, is amended by adding a subdivision to 36.8 36.9 read: Subd. 13a. State Historic Preservation Office. "State Historic Preservation Office" 36.10 means the State Historic Preservation Office at the Department of Administration. 36.11 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 138.34, is amended to read: 36.12 **138.34 ADMINISTRATION OF THE ACT.** 36.13 The state archaeologist shall act as the agent of the state to administer and enforce the 36.14 provisions of sections 138.31 to 138.42. Some enforcement provisions are shared with the 36.15 society and the State Historic Preservation Office. 36.16 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 138.40, is amended to read: 36.17 **138.40 COOPERATION OF STATE AGENCIES; DEVELOPMENT PLANS.** 36.18 Subdivision 1. Cooperation. The Department of Natural Resources, the Department of 36.19 Transportation, and all other state agencies whose activities may be affected, shall cooperate 36.20 with the historical society, the State Historic Preservation Office, and the state archaeologist 36.21 to carry out the provisions of sections 138.31 to 138.42 and the rules issued thereunder, but 36.22 36.23 sections 138.31 to 138.42 are not meant to burden persons who wish to use state property for recreational and other lawful purposes or to unnecessarily restrict the use of state property. 36.24 36.25 Subd. 2. Compliance, enforcement, preservation. State and other governmental agencies shall comply with and aid in the enforcement of provisions of sections 138.31 to 138.42. 36.26 Conservation officers and other enforcement officers of the Department of Natural Resources 36.27 shall enforce the provisions of sections 138.31 to 138.42 and report violations to the director 36.28 of the society state archeologist. When archaeological or historic sites are known or, based 36.29 on scientific investigations are predicted to exist on public lands or waters, the agency or 36.30 department controlling said lands or waters shall use the professional services of 36.31 Article 2 Sec. 29. 36

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preservation made by state agencies and funded by the state or a combination of state and

Subd. 3. Administration of federal act. The Department of Administration Minnesota

Historical Society is designated as the state agency to administer the provisions of the federal

federal funds in accordance with the State Historic Preservation Program.

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archaeologists from the University of Minnesota, Minnesota Historical Society, or other
qualified professional archaeologists, to preserve these sites. In the event that archaeological
excavation is required to protect or preserve these sites, state and other governmental agencies
may use their funds for such activities.

Subd. 3. Review of plans. When significant archaeological or historic sites are known 37.5 or, based on scientific investigations, are predicted to exist on public lands or waters, the 37.6 agency or department controlling said lands or waters shall submit construction or 37.7 37.8 development plans to the state archaeologist and the director of the society State Historic Preservation Office for review prior to the time bids are advertised. The state archaeologist 37.9 and the society State Historic Preservation Office shall promptly review such plans and 37.10 within 30 days of receiving the plans shall make recommendations for the preservation of 37.11 archaeological or historic sites which may be endangered by construction or development 37.12 activities. When archaeological or historic sites are related to Indian history or religion, the 37.13 state archaeologist shall submit the plans to the Indian Affairs Council for the council's 37.14 review and recommend action. 37.15

37.16 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 138.665, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Mediation Review process. The state, state departments, agencies, and political 37.17 subdivisions, including the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota, have a 37.18 37.19 responsibility to protect the physical features and historic character of properties designated in sections 138.662 and 138.664 or listed on the National Register of Historic Places created 37.20 by Public Law 89-665. Before carrying out any undertaking that will affect designated or 37.21 listed properties, or funding or licensing an undertaking by other parties, the state department 37.22 or agency shall consult with the State Historic Preservation Office pursuant to the society's 37.23 the State Historic Preservation Office's established procedures to determine appropriate 37.24 treatments and to seek ways to avoid and mitigate any adverse effects on designated or 37.25 listed properties. If the state department or agency and the State Historic Preservation Office 37.26 agree in writing on a suitable course of action, the project may proceed. If the parties cannot 37.27 agree, any one of the parties may request that the governor appoint and convene a mediation 37.28 task force consisting of five members, two appointed by the governor, the chair of the State 37.29 Review Board of the State Historic Preservation Office, the commissioner of administration 37.30 37.31 or the commissioner's designee, and one member who is not an employee of the Minnesota Historical Society appointed by the director of the Minnesota Historical Society. The two 37.32 appointees of the governor and the one of the director of the society shall be qualified by 37.33 training or experience in one or more of the following disciplines: (1) history; (2) 37.34 archaeology; and (3) architectural history. The mediation task force is not subject to the 37.35

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- conditions of section 15.059. This subdivision does not apply to section 138.662, subdivision
 24, and section 138.664, subdivisions 8 and 111.
- 38.3 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 138.666, is amended to read:

38.4 **138.666 COOPERATION.**

38.5 The state, state departments and agencies, political subdivisions, and the Board of Regents

38.6 of the University of Minnesota shall cooperate with the Minnesota Historical Society and

38.7 <u>the State Historic Preservation Office in safeguarding state historic sites and in the</u>

38.8 preservation of historic and archaeological properties.

38.9 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 138.667, is amended to read:

38.10 **138.667 HISTORIC PROPERTIES; CHANGES.**

Properties designated as historic properties by sections 138.661 to 138.664 may be 38.11 changed from time to time, and the Minnesota Historical Society and the State Historic 38.12 Preservation Office shall notify the legislature of the need for changes, and shall make 38.13 recommendations to keep the state historic sites network and the state register of historic 38.14 38.15 places current and complete. The significance of properties proposed for designation under section 138.663, subdivision 2, shall be documented under the documentation standards 38.16 established by the Minnesota Historical Society State Historic Preservation Office. This 38.17 Documentation shall include the opinion of the Minnesota Historical Society for the historic 38.18 sites network under section 138.661, subdivision 3, or the State Historic Preservation Office 38.19 for the state register of historic places under section 138.663, subdivision 2, as to whether 38.20 the property meets the selection criteria. 38.21

38.22 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 138.763, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Membership. There is a St. Anthony Falls Heritage Board consisting of 38.23 22 members with the director of the Minnesota Historical Society as chair. The members 38.24 include the mayor; the chair of the Hennepin County Board of Commissioners or the chair's 38.25 designee; the president of the Minneapolis Park and Recreation Board or the president's 38.26 designee; the superintendent of the park board; two members each from the house of 38.27 representatives appointed by the speaker, the senate appointed by the Rules Committee, the 38.28 city council, the Hennepin County Board, and the park board; one member each from the 38.29 preservation commission, the State Historic Preservation Office, Hennepin County Historical 38.30 Society, and the society; one person appointed by the park board; and two persons appointed 38.31 by the chair of the board. 38.32

- 39.1 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 155A.25, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- 39.2 Subd. 1a. Schedule. (a) The schedule for fees and penalties is as provided in this
- 39.3 subdivision.
- 39.4 (b) Three-year license fees are as follows:
- 39.5 (1) \$195 initial practitioner, manager, or instructor license, divided as follows:
- 39.6 (i) \$155 for each initial license; and
- 39.7 (ii) \$40 for each initial license application fee;
- 39.8 (2) \$115 renewal of practitioner license, divided as follows:
- 39.9 (i) \$100 for each renewal license; and
- 39.10 (ii) \$15 for each renewal application fee;
- 39.11 (3) \$145 renewal of manager or instructor license, divided as follows:
- 39.12 (i) \$130 for each renewal license; and
- 39.13 (ii) \$15 for each renewal application fee;
- 39.14 (4) \$350 initial salon license, divided as follows:
- 39.15 (i) \$250 for each initial license; and
- 39.16 (ii) \$100 for each initial license application fee;
- 39.17 (5) \$225 renewal of salon license, divided as follows:
- 39.18 (i) \$175 for each renewal; and
- 39.19 (ii) \$50 for each renewal application fee;
- 39.20 (6) \$4,000 initial school license, divided as follows:
- 39.21 (i) \$3,000 for each initial license; and
- 39.22 (ii) \$1,000 for each initial license application fee; and
- 39.23 (7) \$2,500 renewal of school license, divided as follows:
- 39.24 (i) \$2,000 for each renewal; and
- 39.25 (ii) \$500 for each renewal application fee.
- 39.26 (c) Penalties may be assessed in amounts up to the following:
- 39.27 (1) reinspection fee, \$150;

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(2) manager and owner with expired practitioner found on inspection, \$150 each; 40.1 (3) expired practitioner or instructor found on inspection, \$200; 40.2 (4) expired salon found on inspection, \$500; 40.3 (5) expired school found on inspection, \$1,000; 40.4 (6) failure to display current license, \$100; 40.5 (7) failure to dispose of single-use equipment, implements, or materials as provided 40.6 under section 155A.355, subdivision 1, \$500; 40.7 (8) use of prohibited razor-type callus shavers, rasps, or graters under section 155A.355, 40.8 subdivision 2, \$500; 40.9 (9) performing nail or cosmetology services in esthetician salon, or performing esthetician 40.10 or cosmetology services in a nail salon, \$500; 40.11 (10) owner and manager allowing an operator to work as an independent contractor, 40.12 \$200; 40.13 (11) operator working as an independent contractor, \$100; 40.14 (12) refusal or failure to cooperate with an inspection, \$500; 40.15 (13) practitioner late renewal fee, \$45; and 40.16 (14) salon or school late renewal fee, \$50. 40.17 (d) Administrative fees are as follows: 40.18 (1) homebound service permit, \$50 three-year fee; 40.19 40.20 (2) name change, \$20; (3) certification of licensure, \$30 each; 40.21 (4) duplicate license, \$20; 40.22 (5) special event permit, \$75 per year; 40.23 (6) registration of hair braiders, \$20 per year; 40.24 (7) (6) \$100 for each temporary military license for a cosmetologist, nail technician, 40.25 esthetician, or advanced practice esthetician one-year fee; 40.26 (8) (7) expedited initial individual license, \$150; 40.27 (9) (8) expedited initial salon license, \$300; 40.28

41.1	(10) (9) instructor continuing education provider approval, \$150 each year; and					
41.2	(11) (10) practitioner continuing education provider approval, \$150 each year.					
41.3	Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 155A.28, is amended by adding a subdivision					
41.4	to read:					
41.5	Subd. 5. Hair braiders exempt. The practice of hair braiding is exempt from the					
41.6	requirements of this chapter.					
41.7	Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to					
41.8	read:					
41.9	Subd. 18a. Racing or gaming-related vendor. "Racing or gaming-related vendor"					
41.10	means any person or entity that manufactures, sells, provides, distributes, repairs or maintains					
41.11	equipment or supplies used at a Class A facility, or provides services to a Class A facility					
41.12	or Class B license holder that are directly related to the running of a horse race, simulcasting,					
41.13	pari-mutuel betting, or card playing.					
41.14	Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:					
41.15	Subd. 2. Qualifications. A member of the commission must have been a resident of					
41.16	Minnesota for at least five years before appointment, and must have a background and					
41.17	experience as would qualify for membership on the commission. A member must, before					
41.18	taking a place on the commission, file a bond in the principal sum of \$100,000 payable to					
41.19	the state, conditioned upon the faithful performance of duties. No commissioner, nor any					
41.20	member of the commissioner's immediate family residing in the same household, may hold					
41.21	a license issued by the commission or have a direct or indirect financial interest in a					
41.22	corporation, partnership, or association which holds a license issued by the commission.					
41.23	Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:					
41.24	Subd. 6. Annual Biennial report. The commission shall on February 15 of each					
41.25	odd-numbered year submit a report to the governor and legislature on its activities,					
41.26	organizational structure, receipts and disbursements, including specific detail on the use of					
41.27	amounts statutorily appropriated to the commission under this chapter, and recommendations					
41.28	for changes in the laws relating to racing and pari-mutuel betting.					

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Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.08, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 42.1 Subd. 5. Revocation and suspension. (a) After providing a licensee with notice and an 42.2 opportunity to be heard, the commission may: 42.3 (1) revoke a class C license for a violation of law or rule which in the commission's 42.4 42.5 opinion adversely affects the integrity of horse racing in Minnesota, the public health, welfare, or safety, or for an intentional false statement made in a license application-; or 42.6 42.7 The commission may (2) suspend a class C license for up to one year five years for a violation of law, order or rule. If the license expires during the term of suspension, the 42.8 licensee shall be ineligible to apply for another license from the commission until the 42.9 expiration of the term of suspension. 42.10 (b) The commission may delegate to its designated agents the authority to impose 42.11 suspensions of class C licenses, and. 42.12 (c) Except as provided in paragraph (d), the revocation or suspension of a class C license 42.13 may be appealed to the commission according to its rules. 42.14 (b) A license revocation or suspension for more than 90 days is a contested case under 42.15 sections 14.57 to 14.69 of the Administrative Procedure Act and is in addition to criminal 42.16 penalties imposed for a violation of law or rule. 42.17 42.18 (d) If the commission revokes or suspends a class C license for more than one year, the licensee has the right to appeal by requesting a contested case hearing under chapter 14. 42.19 The request must be made in writing and sent to the commission by certified mail or personal 42.20 service. A request sent by certified mail must be postmarked within ten days after the licensee 42.21 receives the order of revocation or suspension from the commission. A request sent by 42.22 personal service must be received by the commission within ten days after the licensee 42.23 42.24 receives the order of revocation or suspension from the commission. (e) The commission may summarily suspend a license for more than up to 90 days prior 42.25 to a contested case hearing where it is necessary to ensure the integrity of racing or to protect 42.26 42.27 the public health, welfare, or safety. A contested case hearing must be held within 30 days of the summary suspension and the administrative law judge's report must be issued within 42.28 30 days from the close of the hearing record. In all cases involving summary suspension 42.29 the commission must issue its final decision within 30 days from receipt of the report of 42.30 the administrative law judge and subsequent exceptions and argument under section 14.61. 42.31 The licensee has the right to appeal a summary suspension to the commission according to 42.32 its rules. 42.33

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

43.2 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.10, is amended to read:

43.3 **240.10 LICENSE FEES.**

(a) The fee for a class A license is \$253,000 per year and must be remitted on July 1.
The fee for a class B license is \$500 for each assigned racing day and \$100 for each day on
which simulcasting is authorized and must be remitted on July 1. The fee for a class D
license is \$50 for each assigned racing day on which racing is actually conducted. Fees
imposed on class D licenses must be paid to the commission at a time and in a manner as
provided by rule of the commission.

43.10 (b) The commission shall by rule establish an annual license fee for each occupation it43.11 licenses under section 240.08.

43.12 (c) The initial annual license application fee for a class C license to provide advance
43.13 deposit wagering on horse racing under this chapter is \$10,000 and an annual license fee
43.14 of \$2,500 applies thereafter.

43.15 (d) Notwithstanding section 16A.1283, the commission shall by rule establish an annual
43.16 license fee for each type of racing or gaming-related vendor it licenses, not to exceed \$2,500.

43.17 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.12, is amended to read:

43.18 **240.12 LICENSE AGREEMENTS.**

The commission may enter into agreements or compacts with comparable bodies in
other racing jurisdictions for the mutual recognition of occupational licenses issued by each
body. The commission may by rule provide for and may charge a fee for the registration of
each license issued in another jurisdiction.

43.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

43.24 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.13, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Purses. (a) From the amounts deducted from all pari-mutuel pools by a licensee,
<u>including breakage</u>, an amount equal to not less than the following percentages of all money
in all pools must be set aside by the licensee and used for purses for races conducted by the
licensee, provided that a licensee may agree by contract with an organization representing
a majority of the horsepersons racing the breed involved to set aside amounts in addition
to the following percentages, if the contract is in writing and <u>filed with reviewed by</u> the
commission for compliance with this subdivision:

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(1) for live races conducted at a class A facility, 8.4 percent of handle;

(2) for simulcasts conducted any day a class A facility is licensed, not less than 37 percent
of the takeout amount remaining after deduction for the state pari-mutuel tax, payment to
the breeders fund, and payment to the sending out-of-state racetrack for receipt of the signal.

44.5 The commission may by rule provide for the administration and enforcement of this subdivision. The deductions for payment to the sending out-of-state racetrack must be actual, 44.6 except that when there exists any overlap of ownership, control, or interest between the 44.7 sending out-of-state racetrack and the receiving licensee, the deduction must not be greater 44.8 than three percent unless agreed to between the licensee and the horsepersons' organization 44.9 44.10 representing the majority of horsepersons racing the breed racing the majority of races during the existing racing meeting or, if outside of the racing season, during the most recent 44.11 racing meeting. 44.12

The licensee shall pay to the commission for deposit in the Minnesota breeders fund
5-1/2 percent of the takeout from all pari-mutuel pools generated by wagering at the licensee's
facility on simulcasts of races not conducted in this state.

(b) From the money set aside for purses, The licensee shall pay to the horseperson's 44.16 organization representing the majority of the horsepersons racing the breed involved and 44.17 contracting with the licensee with respect to purses and the conduct of the racing meetings 44.18 and providing representation to its members, an amount as may be determined by agreement 44.19 by the licensee and the horsepersons' organization sufficient to provide benevolent programs, 44.20 benefits, and services for horsepersons and their on-track employees. The amount paid may 44.21 be deducted only from the money set aside for purses to be paid in races for the breed 44.22 represented by the horseperson's organization or may be paid from breakage retained by 44.23 the licensee from live or simulcast wagering as agreed between the licensee and horsepersons' 44.24 44.25 organization. With respect to racing meetings where more than one breed is racing, the 44.26 licensee may contract independently with the horseperson's organization representing each breed racing. The contract must be in writing and reviewed by the commission for compliance 44.27 with this subdivision. 44.28

(c) Notwithstanding sections 325D.49 to 325D.66, a horseperson's organization
representing the majority of the horsepersons racing a breed at a meeting, and the members
thereof, may agree to withhold horses during a meeting.

(d) Money set aside for purses from wagering on simulcasts must be used for purses for
live races involving the same breed involved in the simulcast except that money set aside
for purses and payments to the breeders fund from wagering on simulcasts of races not

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conducted in this state, occurring during a live mixed meet, must be allotted to the purses 45.1 and breeders fund for each breed participating in the mixed meet as agreed upon by the 45.2 breed organizations participating in the live mixed meet. The agreement shall be in writing 45.3 and filed with reviewed by the commission for compliance with this subdivision prior to 45.4 the first day of the live mixed meet. In the absence of a written agreement filed with reviewed 45.5 by the commission, the money set aside for purses and payments to the breeders fund from 45.6 wagering on simulcasts, occurring during a live mixed meet, shall be allotted to each breed 45.7 45.8 participating in the live mixed meet in the same proportion that the number of live races run by each breed bears to the total number of live races conducted during the period of the 45.9 mixed meet. 45.10

45.11 (e) The allocation of money set aside for purses to particular racing meets may be
45.12 adjusted, relative to overpayments and underpayments, by contract between the licensee
45.13 and the horsepersons' organization representing the majority of horsepersons racing the
45.14 breed involved at the licensee's facility. The contract must be in writing and reviewed by
45.15 the commission for compliance with this subdivision.

(f) Subject to the provisions of this chapter, money set aside from pari-mutuel pools for 45.16 purses must be for the breed involved in the race that generated the pool, except that if the 45.17 breed involved in the race generating the pari-mutuel pool is not racing in the current racing 45.18 meeting, or has not raced within the preceding 12 months at the licensee's class A facility, 45.19 money set aside for purses may be distributed proportionately to those breeds that have run 45.20 during the preceding 12 months or paid to the commission and used for purses or to promote 45.21 racing for the breed involved in the race generating the pari-mutuel pool, or both, in a manner 45.22 prescribed by the commission. 45.23

45.24 (g) This subdivision does not apply to a class D licensee.

45.25 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.131, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Payments to state. (a) A regulatory fee is imposed at the rate of one percent 45.26 of all amounts wagered by Minnesota residents with an authorized advance deposit wagering 45.27 provider. The fee shall be declared on a form prescribed by the commission. The ADW 45.28 provider must pay the fee to the commission no more than seven 15 days after the end of 45.29 the month in which the wager was made. Fees collected under this paragraph must be 45.30 deposited in the state treasury and credited to a racing and card-playing regulation account 45.31 in the special revenue fund and are appropriated to the commission to offset the costs 45.32 associated with regulating horse racing and pari-mutuel wagering in Minnesota. 45.33

(b) A breeders fund fee is imposed in the amount of one-quarter of one percent of all 46.1 amounts wagered by Minnesota residents with an authorized advance deposit wagering 46.2 provider. The fee shall be declared on a form prescribed by the commission. The ADW 46.3 provider must pay the fee to the commission no more than seven 15 days after the end of 46.4 the month in which the wager was made. Fees collected under this paragraph must be 46.5 deposited in the state treasury and credited to a racing and card-playing regulation account 46.6 in the special revenue fund and are appropriated to the commission to offset the cost of 46.7 46.8 administering the breeders fund and promote horse breeding in Minnesota.

46.9 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.135, is amended to read:

46.10 **240.135 CARD CLUB REVENUE.**

(a) From the amounts received from charges authorized under section 240.30, subdivision
46.12 4, the licensee shall set aside the amounts specified in this section to be used for purse
46.13 payments. These amounts are in addition to the breeders fund and purse requirements set
46.14 forth elsewhere in this chapter.

46.15 (1) For amounts between zero and \$6,000,000, the licensee shall set aside not less than
46.16 ten percent to be used as purses.

46.17 (2) For amounts in excess of \$6,000,000, the licensee shall set aside not less than 14
46.18 percent to be used as purses.

(b) From all amounts set aside under paragraph (a), the licensee shall set aside ten percentto be deposited in the breeders fund.

(c) It is the intent of the legislature that the proceeds of the card playing activities 46.21 authorized by this chapter be used to improve the horse racing industry by improving purses. 46.22 The licensee and the horseperson's organization representing the majority of horsepersons 46.23 who have raced at the racetrack during the preceding 12 months may negotiate percentages 46.24 that exceed those stated in this section if the agreement is in writing and filed with reviewed 46.25 by the commission for compliance with this section. The commission shall annually review 46.26 the financial details of card playing activities and determine if the present use of card playing 46.27 proceeds is consistent with the policy established by this paragraph. If the commission 46.28 determines that the use of the proceeds does not comply with the policy set forth herein, 46.29 then the commission shall direct the parties to make the changes necessary to ensure 46.30 compliance. If these changes require legislation, the commission shall make the appropriate 46.31 recommendations to the legislature. 46.32

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47.1 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.15, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Disposition of proceeds; account.** The commission shall distribute all money 47.2 received under this section, and, except as provided otherwise by section 240.131, all money 47.3 received from license fees, regulatory fees, and fines it collects, according to this subdivision. 47.4 All money designated for deposit in the Minnesota breeders fund must be paid into that 47.5 fund for distribution under section 240.18 except that all money generated by simulcasts 47.6 must be distributed as provided in section 240.18, subdivisions 2, paragraph (d), clauses 47.7 47.8 (1), (2), and (3); and 3. Revenue from an admissions tax imposed under subdivision 1 must be paid to the local unit of government at whose request it was imposed, at times and in a 47.9 manner the commission determines. Taxes received under this section must be paid to the 47.10 commissioner of management and budget for deposit in the general fund. All revenues from 47.11 licenses and other fees imposed by the commission must be deposited in the state treasury 47.12 and credited to a racing and card playing regulation account in the special revenue fund. 47.13 Receipts in this account are available for the operations of the commission up to the amount 47.14 authorized in biennial appropriations from the legislature. If a fiscal biennium ends without 47.15 the enactment of an appropriation to the commission for the following biennium, receipts 47.16 in this account are annually appropriated to the commission for the operations of the 47.17 commission up to the amount authorized in the second year of the most recently enacted 47.18

47.19 <u>biennial appropriation, until a biennial appropriation is enacted.</u>

47.20 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.155, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Reimbursement account credit. Money received by the commission as 47.21 reimbursement for the costs of services provided by veterinarians, stewards, and medical 47.22 testing of horses, and fees received by the commission in the form of fees for regulatory 47.23 services must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a racing reimbursement 47.24 account in the special revenue fund, except as provided under subdivision 2. Receipts are 47.25 appropriated, within the meaning of Article XI, section 1, of the Minnesota Constitution, 47.26 to the commission to pay the costs of providing the services and all other costs necessary 47.27 to allow the commission to fulfill its regulatory oversight duties required by chapter 240 47.28 and commission rule. If the major appropriation bills needed to finance state government 47.29 are not enacted by the beginning of a fiscal biennium, the commission shall continue 47.30 47.31 operations as required by chapter 240 and commission rule.

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48.1 Sec. 47. [240.1561] APPROPRIATION FOR FUNCTIONS SUPPORTING ONGOING 48.2 OPERATION OF THE RACING COMMISSION.

If, by July 1 of an odd-numbered year, legislation has not been enacted to appropriate 48.3 money for the next biennium to the commissioner of management and budget for central 48.4 48.5 accounting, procurement, payroll, and human resources functions, amounts necessary to operate those functions associated with operation of the Racing Commission under chapter 48.6 240 are appropriated for the next biennium from the general fund to the commissioner of 48.7 management and budget. As necessary, the commissioner may transfer a portion of this 48.8 appropriation to other state agencies to support carrying out these functions. Any subsequent 48.9 appropriation to the commissioner of management and budget for a biennium in which this 48.10 section has been applied shall supersede and replace the funding authorized in this section. 48.11

48.12 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Powers and duties.** All horse races run at a licensed racetrack must be presided over by a board of three stewards, who must be appointees of the commission or persons approved by it. The commission shall designate one steward as chair. At least two stewards for all races either shall be employees of the commission who shall serve in the unclassified service, or shall be under contract with the commission to serve as stewards. The commission may delegate the following duties and powers to a board of stewards:

48.19 (1) to ensure that races are run in accordance with the commission's rules;

48.20 (2) to supervise the conduct of racing to ensure the integrity of the sport;

(3) to settle disputes arising from the running of horse races, and to certify official results;

(4) to impose on licensees, for violation of law or commission rules, fines not exceeding
\$5,000 and license suspensions not exceeding 90 days of up to \$10,000, suspensions of up
to one year, and other sanctions as delegated by the commission or permitted under its rules;

- (5) to recommend to the commission where warranted penalties in excess of those inclause (4);
- (6) to otherwise enforce the laws and rules of racing; and
- 48.28 (7) to perform other duties and have other powers assigned by the commission.
- 48.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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- Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 49.1 Subd. 2. Appeals; hearings. Except as provided by section 240.08, subdivision 5, a 49.2 ruling of a board of stewards may be appealed to the commission or be reviewed by it. The 49.3 commission may review any ruling by the board of stewards on its own initiative. The 49.4 49.5 commission may provide for appeals to be heard by less than a quorum of the commission. A hearing on a penalty imposed by a board of stewards must be granted on request. 49.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 49.7 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.18, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 49.8 Subd. 2. Thoroughbred and quarterhorse categories. (a) With respect to available 49.9 money apportioned in the thoroughbred and quarterhorse categories, 20 percent must be 49.10 expended as follows: 49.11 (1) at least one-half in the form of grants, contracts, or expenditures for equine research 49.12 49.13 and related education at the University of Minnesota School of Veterinary Medicine public institutions of postsecondary learning in the state; and 49.14
- 49.15 (2) the balance in the form of grants, contracts, or expenditures for one or more of the49.16 following:

49.17 (i) additional equine research and related education;

49.18 (ii) substance abuse programs for licensed personnel at racetracks in this state; and

(iii) promotion and public information regarding industry and commission activities;
racehorse breeding, ownership, and management; and development and expansion of
economic benefits from racing.

49.22 (b) As a condition of a grant, contract, or expenditure under paragraph (a), the commission
49.23 shall require an annual report from the recipient on the use of the funds to the commission,
49.24 the chair of the house of representatives Committee on General Legislation, Veterans Affairs,
49.25 and Gaming, and the chair of the senate committee on Gaming Regulation.

49.26 (c) The commission shall include in its <u>annual biennial</u> report a summary of each grant,
49.27 contract, or expenditure under paragraph (a), clause (2), and a description of how the
49.28 commission has coordinated activities among recipients to ensure the most efficient and
49.29 effective use of funds.

49.30 (d) After deducting the amount for paragraph (a), the balance of the available proceeds49.31 in each category may be expended by the commission to:

(1) supplement purses for races held exclusively for Minnesota-bred or Minnesota-foaled
horses, and supplement purses for Minnesota-bred or Minnesota-foaled horses racing in
nonrestricted races in that category;
(2) pay breeders' or owners' awards to the breeders or owners of Minnesota-bred horses
in that category which win money at <u>licensed pari-mutuel</u> racetracks <u>in the state licensed</u>
by any state or province; and

- 50.7 (3) provide other financial incentives to encourage the horse breeding industry in50.8 Minnesota.
- 50.9 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.18, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Standardbred category. (a) With respect to the available money apportioned
in the standardbred category, 20 percent must be expended as follows:

- 50.12 (1) one-half of that amount to supplement purses for standardbreds at non-pari-mutuel50.13 racetracks in the state; and
- 50.14 (2) one-fourth of that amount for the development of non-pari-mutuel standardbred
 50.15 tracks in the state; and
- 50.16 (3) one-fourth (2) one-half of that amount as grants for equine research and related 50.17 education at public institutions of postsecondary learning in the state.

(b) After deducting the amount for paragraph (a), the balance of the available proceedsin the standardbred category must be expended by the commission to:

- 50.20 (1) supplement purses for races held exclusively for Minnesota-bred and Minnesota-foaled50.21 standardbreds;
- 50.22 (2) pay breeders or owners awards to the breeders or owners of Minnesota-bred50.23 standardbreds which win money at licensed racetracks in the state; and
- 50.24 (3) provide other financial incentives to encourage the horse breeding industry in50.25 Minnesota.
- 50.26 Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.22, is amended to read:
- 50.27 **240.22 FINES.**

(a) The commission shall by rule establish a schedule of civil fines of up to \$50,000 for
 <u>a class C licensee and up to \$200,000 for a class A, B, or D licensee</u> for violations of laws
 related to horse racing or of the commission's rules. The schedule must be based on and

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reflect the culpability, frequency and severity of the violator's actions. The commission may 51.1 impose a fine from this schedule on a licensee for a violation of those rules or laws relating 51.2 51.3 to horse racing. The fine is in addition to any criminal penalty imposed for the same violation. Except as provided in paragraph (b), fines may be appealed to the commission according 51.4 to its rules. Fines imposed by the commission must be paid to the commission and except 51.5 as provided in paragraph (c), forwarded to the commissioner of management and budget 51.6 for deposit in the state treasury and credited to a racing and card-playing regulation account 51.7 51.8 in the special revenue fund and appropriated to the commission to distribute in the form of grants, contracts, or expenditures to support racehorse adoption, retirement, and repurposing. 51.9

(b) If the commission issues a fine in excess of \$5,000 \$10,000, the license holder has the right to request a contested case hearing under chapter 14, to be held as set forth in Minnesota Rules, chapter 1400. The appeal of a fine must be made in writing to the commission by certified mail or personal service. An appeal sent by certified mail must be postmarked within ten days after the license holder receives the fine order from the commission. An appeal sent by personal service must be received by the commission within ten days after the license holder receives the fine order from the commission. An appeal sent by personal service must be received by the commission within ten days after the license holder receives the fine order from the commission.

(c) If the commission is the prevailing party in a contested case proceeding, the
commission may recover, from amounts to be forwarded under paragraph (a), reasonable
attorney fees and costs associated with the contested case.

51.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

51.21 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.27, is amended to read:

51.22 **240.27 EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN PERSONS.**

51.23 Subdivision 1. Persons excluded. The commission may exclude from any and all licensed
51.24 racetracks in the state a person who:

51.25 (1) has been convicted of a felony under the laws of any state or the United States;

(2) has had a license suspended, revoked, or denied by the commission or by the racing
authority of any other jurisdiction; or

(3) is determined by the commission, on the basis of evidence presented to it, to be a
threat to the public safety or the integrity of racing or card playing in Minnesota.

Subd. 2. Hearing; appeal. An order to exclude <u>a an unlicensed</u> person from any or all
licensed racetracks in the state must be made by the commission <u>at following</u> a public
hearing of which the person to be excluded must have had at least five days' notice. If present

at the hearing, the person must be permitted to show cause why the exclusion should not
be ordered. An appeal of the order may be made in the same manner as other appeals under
section 240.20.

52.4 Subd. 3. **Notice to racetracks.** Upon issuing an order excluding a person from any or 52.5 all licensed racetracks, the commission shall send a copy of the order to the excluded person 52.6 and to all racetracks or teleracing facilities named in it, along with other information as it 52.7 deems necessary to permit compliance with the order.

52.8 Subd. 4. **Prohibitions.** It is a gross misdemeanor for a person named in an exclusion 52.9 order to enter, attempt to enter, or be on the premises of a racetrack named in the order 52.10 while it is in effect, and for a person licensed to conduct racing or operate a racetrack 52.11 knowingly to permit an excluded person to enter or be on the premises.

52.12 Subd. 5. Exclusions by racetrack. The holder of a license to conduct racing may eject and exclude from its premises any licensee or any other person who is in violation of any 52.13 state law or commission rule or order or who is a threat to racing integrity or the public 52.14 safety. A person so excluded from racetrack premises may appeal the exclusion to the 52.15 commission and must be given a public hearing on the appeal upon request. At the hearing 52.16 the person must be given the opportunity to show cause why the exclusion should not have 52.17 been ordered. If the commission after the hearing finds that the integrity of racing and the 52.18 public safety do not justify the exclusion, it shall order the racetrack making the exclusion 52.19 to reinstate or readmit the person. An appeal of a commission order upholding the exclusion 52.20 is governed by section 240.20. A licensed racetrack may eject and exclude from its premises 52.21 any person for any lawful reason. If a licensed racetrack excludes a person for a suspected 52.22 or potential violation of law or rule, or if a licensed racetrack excludes any person for more 52.23 than five days, the licensed racetrack shall provide the person's name and reason for the 52.24 exclusion to the commission within 72 hours. 52.25

52.26 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240.30, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

52.27 Subd. 9. **Reimbursement to commission.** The commission shall require that the licensee 52.28 reimburse it for the commission's actual costs, including personnel costs, of regulating the 52.29 card club. Amounts received under this subdivision must be deposited as provided in section 52.30 240.155, subdivision 1, and are appropriated to the commission.

52.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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53.1 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 240A.09, is amended to read:

53.2 **240A.09 PLAN DEVELOPMENT; CRITERIA.**

53.3 The Minnesota Amateur Sports Commission shall develop a plan to promote the 53.4 development of proposals for new statewide public ice facilities including proposals for ice 53.5 centers and matching grants based on the criteria in this section.

(a) For ice center proposals, the commission will give priority to proposals that come
from more than one local government unit. Institutions of higher education are not eligible
to receive a grant.

(b) The commission must give priority to grant applications for indoor air qualityimprovements and projects that eliminate R-22. For purposes of this section:

(1) "indoor air quality improvements" means: (i) renovation or replacement of heating,
ventilating, and air conditioning systems in existing indoor ice arenas whose ice resurfacing
and ice edging equipment are not powered by electricity in order to reduce concentrations
of carbon monoxide and nitrogen dioxide; and (ii) acquisition of zero-emission ice resurfacing
and ice edging equipment. The new or renovated systems may include continuous electronic
air monitoring devices to automatically activate the ventilation systems when the
concentration of carbon monoxide or nitrogen dioxide reaches a predetermined level; and

(2) "projects that eliminate R-22," means replacement of ice-making systems in existing
public facilities that use R-22 as a refrigerant, with systems that use alternative
non-ozone-depleting refrigerants.

(c) In the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, the commission
is encouraged to give priority to the following proposals:

53.23 (1) proposals for construction of two or more ice sheets in a single new facility;

53.24 (2) proposals for construction of an additional sheet of ice at an existing ice center;

(3) proposals for construction of a new, single sheet of ice as part of a sports complex
with multiple sports facilities; and

(4) proposals for construction of a new, single sheet of ice that will be expanded to atwo-sheet facility in the future.

(d) The commission shall administer a site selection process for the ice centers. The
commission shall invite proposals from cities or counties or consortia of cities. A proposal
for an ice center must include matching contributions including in-kind contributions of

54.1 land, access roadways and access roadway improvements, and necessary utility services,54.2 landscaping, and parking.

(e) Proposals for ice centers and matching grants must provide for meeting the demand
for ice time for female groups by offering up to 50 percent of prime ice time, as needed, to
female groups. For purposes of this section, prime ice time means the hours of 4:00 p.m.
to 10:00 p.m. Monday to Friday and 9:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. on Saturdays and Sundays.

54.7 (f) The location for all proposed facilities must be in areas of maximum demonstrated54.8 interest and must maximize accessibility to an arterial highway.

(g) To the extent possible, all proposed facilities must be dispersed equitably, must be
located to maximize potential for full utilization and profitable operation, and must
accommodate noncompetitive family and community skating for all ages.

(h) The commission may also use the money to upgrade current facilities, purchase girls'
ice time, or conduct amateur women's hockey and other ice sport tournaments.

54.14 (i) To the extent possible, 50 percent of all grants must be awarded to communities in54.15 greater Minnesota.

(j) To the extent possible, technical assistance shall be provided to Minnesota
communities by the commission on ice arena planning, design, and operation, including the
marketing of ice time and on projects described in paragraph (b).

54.19 (k) A grant for new facilities may not exceed \$250,000.

(1) The commission may make grants for rehabilitation and renovation. A rehabilitation or renovation grant for air quality may not exceed \$200,000 and a rehabilitation or renovation grant for R-22 elimination may not exceed \$50,000 for indirect cooling systems and may not exceed \$400,000 for direct cooling systems. Priority must be given to grant applications for indoor air quality improvements, including zero emission ice resurfacing equipment, and for projects that eliminate R-22.

54.26 (m) Grant money may be used for ice centers designed for sports other than hockey.

(n) Grant money may be used to upgrade existing facilities to comply with the bleachersafety requirements of section 326B.112.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 54.29

55.1 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 307.08, is amended to read:

307.08 DAMAGES; ILLEGAL MOLESTATION OF HUMAN REMAINS; BURIALS; CEMETERIES; PENALTY; AUTHENTICATION ASSESSMENT.

- 55.4 Subdivision 1. Legislative intent; scope. It is a declaration and statement of legislative 55.5 intent that all human burials, human remains, and <u>human burial grounds cemeteries</u> shall 55.6 be accorded equal treatment and respect for human dignity without reference to their ethnic 55.7 origins, cultural backgrounds, or religious affiliations. The provisions of this section shall 55.8 apply to all human burials, human remains, or <u>human burial grounds cemeteries</u> found on 55.9 or in all public or private lands or waters in Minnesota.
- 55.10 Subd. 2. Felony; gross misdemeanor. (a) A person who intentionally, willfully, and 55.11 knowingly does any of the following is guilty of a felony:
- (1) destroys, mutilates, or injures human burials or human burial grounds cemetery, or
 associated grave goods; or
- (2) without the consent of the appropriate authority, disturbs human burial grounds <u>a</u>
 <u>cemetery</u> or removes human remains <u>or associated grave goods</u>.
- (b) A person who, without the consent of the appropriate authority and the landowner,
 intentionally, willfully, and knowingly does any of the following is guilty of a gross
 misdemeanor:
- (1) removes any tombstone, monument, or structure placed in any public or private
 cemetery or authenticated human burial ground assessed cemetery; or
- (2) removes any fence, railing, or other work erected for protection or ornament, or any
 tree, shrub, or plant or grave goods and artifacts within the limits of a public or private
 cemetery or authenticated human burial ground; or
- (3) discharges any firearms upon or over the grounds of any public or private cemetery
 or authenticated burial ground.
- Subd. 3. **Protective posting.** Upon the agreement of the appropriate authority and the landowner, an authenticated or recorded human burial ground a cemetery may be posted for protective purposes every 75 feet around its perimeter with signs listing the activities prohibited by subdivision 2 and the penalty for violation of it. Posting is at the discretion of the Indian affairs council in the case of <u>American</u> Indian <u>burials cemeteries</u> or at the discretion of the state archaeologist in the case of <u>non-Indian burials non-American Indian</u> cemeteries. This subdivision does not require posting of a <u>burial ground</u> cemetery. The size,

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- description, location, and information on the signs used for protective posting must beapproved by the appropriate authority and the landowner.
- 56.3 Subd. 3a. Authentication Cemeteries; records and condition assessments. The state archaeologist shall authenticate all burial grounds for purposes of this section. The state 56.4 56.5 archaeologist may retain the services of a qualified professional archaeologist, a qualified physical anthropologist, or other appropriate experts for the purpose of gathering information 56.6 that the state archaeologist can use to authenticate or identify burial grounds. If probable 56.7 Indian burial grounds are to be disturbed or probable Indian remains analyzed, the Indian 56.8 Affairs Council must approve the professional archaeologist, qualified anthropologist, or 56.9 other appropriate expert. Authentication is at the discretion of the state archaeologist based 56.10 on the needs identified in this section or upon request by an agency, a landowner, or other 56.11 appropriate authority. (a) Cemeteries shall be assessed according to this subdivision. 56.12 (b) The state archaeologist shall implement and maintain a system of records identifying 56.13 the location of known, recorded, or suspected cemeteries. The state archaeologist shall 56.14 provide access to the records as provided in subdivision 11. 56.15 (c) The cemetery condition assessment of non-American Indian cemeteries is at the 56.16 discretion of the state archaeologist based on the needs identified in this section or upon 56.17 request by an agency, a landowner, or other appropriate authority. 56.18 56.19 (d) The cemetery condition assessment of American Indian cemeteries is at the discretion of the Indian Affairs Council based on the needs identified in this section or upon request 56.20 by an agency, a landowner, or other appropriate authority. 56.21 (e) The cemetery condition assessment of cemeteries that include American Indian and 56.22 non-American Indian remains or include remains whose ancestry cannot be determined 56.23 shall be assessed at the discretion of the state archaeologist in collaboration with the Indian 56.24 Affairs Council based on the needs identified in this section or upon request by an agency, 56.25 a landowner, or other appropriate authority. 56.26 (f) The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council shall have 90 days from the 56.27 date a request is received to conduct a cemetery condition assessment or provide notice to 56.28 the requester whether or not a condition assessment of a cemetery is needed. 56.29 (g) The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council may retain the services of a 56.30 qualified professional archaeologist, a qualified forensic anthropologist, or other appropriate 56.31
- 56.32 experts for the purpose of gathering information that the state archaeologist or the Indian
- 56.33 Affairs Council can use to assess or identify cemeteries.

Subd. 5. Cost; use of data. The cost of authentication condition assessment, recording, 57.1 surveying, and marking burial grounds cemeteries and the cost of identification, analysis, 57.2 rescue, and reburial of human remains on public lands or waters shall be the responsibility 57.3 of the state or political subdivision controlling the lands or waters. On private lands or waters 57.4 these costs shall be borne by the state, but may be borne by the landowner upon mutual 57.5 agreement with the state. The state archaeologist must make the data collected for this 57.6 activity available using standards adopted by the Office of MN.IT Services and geospatial 57.7 57.8 technology standards and guidelines published by the Minnesota Geospatial Information

57.9 Office. Costs associated with this data delivery must be borne by the state.

57.10 Subd. 7. **Remains found outside of recorded cemeteries.** (a) All unidentified human 57.11 remains or burials found outside of recorded cemeteries or unplatted graves or burials found 57.12 within recorded cemeteries and in contexts which indicate antiquity greater than 50 years 57.13 shall be <u>treated with utmost respect for all human dignity and dealt with according to the</u> 57.14 provisions of this section.

57.15 (b) If deemed necessary for identification purposes by the Indian Affairs Council,
57.16 removed remains shall be studied in a timely and respectful manner by appropriate experts
57.17 designated by the Indian Affairs Council.

57.18 (c) If such the burials are not American Indian or their ethnic identity cannot be 57.19 ascertained, as determined by the state archaeologist, they shall be dealt with in accordance 57.20 with provisions established by the state archaeologist and other appropriate authority, as 57.21 specified in subdivision 3a, paragraph (e).

(d) If such the burials are include American Indian remains, as determined by the state
archaeologist, efforts shall be made by they must be dealt with as provided by the provisions
of subdivision 3a, paragraph (d). The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council to
shall ascertain their tribal identity. If their probable tribal identity can be determined and
the remains have been removed from their original context, such remains shall be turned
over to contemporary tribal leaders for disposition. of the remains in consultation with
appropriate experts designated by the Indian Affairs Council.

(e) If tribal identity of the remains cannot be determined, the <u>American Indian remains</u>
must be dealt with in accordance with provisions established by the state archaeologist and
the Indian Affairs Council if they are from public land. If removed Indian remains are from
private land they shall be dealt with in accordance with provisions established by the Indian
Affairs Council.

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- If it is deemed desirable by the state archaeologist or the Indian Affairs Council, removed
 remains shall be studied in a timely and respectful manner by a qualified professional
 archaeologist or a qualified physical anthropologist before being delivered to tribal leaders
 or before being reburied.
- 58.5 <u>Subd. 7a.</u> Landowner responsibilities. (a) Application by a landowner for permission
 58.6 to develop or disturb nonburial areas within authenticated an assessed or recorded burial
 58.7 grounds cemetery shall be made to the:
- 58.8 (1) to the state archaeologist and other appropriate authority in the case of non-Indian
 58.9 non-American Indian burials; and
- 58.10 (2) to the Indian Affairs Council and other appropriate authority in the case of <u>American</u>
 58.11 Indian burials.
- 58.12 (b) Landowners with authenticated known or suspected human burial grounds cemeteries
 58.13 on their property are obligated to inform prospective buyers of the burial ground cemetery.
- Subd. 8. Burial ground Cemetery relocation. No non-Indian burial ground 58.14 non-American Indian cemetery may be relocated without the consent of the appropriate 58.15 authority. No American Indian burial ground cemetery may be relocated unless the request 58.16 to relocate is approved by the Indian Affairs Council. When a burial ground cemetery is 58.17 located on public lands or waters, any burial relocations must be duly licensed under section 58.18 138.36 and the cost of removal is the responsibility of and shall be paid by the state or 58.19 political subdivision controlling the lands or waters. If burial grounds cemeteries are 58.20 authenticated assessed on private lands, efforts may be made by the state to purchase and 58.21 protect them instead of removing them to another location. 58.22
- Subd. 9. Interagency cooperation. (a) The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs
 Council shall enter into a memorandum of understanding to coordinate their responsibilities
 under this section.
- (b) The Department of Natural Resources, the Department of Transportation, and all
 other state agencies and local governmental units whose activities may be affected, shall
 cooperate with the state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council to carry out the
 provisions of this section.
- 58.30 Subd. 10. Construction and development plan review. When human burials are known 58.31 or suspected to cemeteries exist, on public lands or waters, the state or political subdivision 58.32 controlling the lands or waters or, in the case of private lands, the landowner or developer, 58.33 shall submit construction and development plans to the state archaeologist for review prior

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to the time bids are advertised and prior to any disturbance within the burial area cemetery. 59.1 If the known or suspected burials are the cemetery is thought to be Indian American Indian, 59.2 or the project is within 300 feet of American Indian cemeteries, American Indian burial 59.3 features, historic American Indian villages, or historic American Indian cultural features, 59.4 plans shall also be submitted to the Indian Affairs Council. The state archaeologist and the 59.5 Indian Affairs Council shall review the plans within 30 45 days of receipt and make 59.6 recommendations for the preservation in place or removal of the human burials cemetery 59.7 59.8 or remains, which may be endangered by construction or development activities. Subd. 11. Burial sites data. (a) Burial sites locational and related data maintained by 59.9 data under the authority of the Office of the State Archaeologist and accessible through the 59.10 office's "Unplatted Burial Sites and Earthworks in Minnesota" website or Indian Affairs 59.11 Council are security information for purposes of section 13.37. Persons who gain access to 59.12 the data maintained on the site this data are subject to liability under section 13.08 and the 59.13 penalty established by section 13.09 if they improperly use or further disseminate the data. 59.14 (b) The Indian Affairs Council or state archaeologist may bring legal action to prosecute 59.15 any violation of this subdivision. A violation may be prosecuted by the city or county 59.16 attorney or by the attorney general. 59.17 Subd. 12. Right of entry. The state archaeologist or designee may enter on property for 59.18 the purpose of authenticating burial sites. identifying or assessing cemetery sites. A 59.19 designated representative of the Indian Affairs Council may enter on property, in 59.20 collaboration with the state archaeologist, for the purpose of identifying or assessing 59.21 American Indian cemeteries. Only after obtaining permission from the property owner or 59.22 lessee, descendants of persons buried in burial grounds cemeteries covered by this section 59.23 may enter the burial grounds cemetery for the purpose of conducting religious or 59.24 commemorative ceremonies. This right of entry must not unreasonably burden property 59.25 owners or unnecessarily restrict their use of the property. The right of entry cannot be denied 59.26 unless an unreasonable burden can be shown by the property owners. 59.27 Subd. 13. Definitions. As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings 59.28 given. 59.29

(a) "Abandoned cemetery" means a cemetery where the cemetery association hasdisbanded or the cemetery is neglected and contains marked graves older than 50 years.

59.32 (b) "Appropriate authority" means:

59.33 (1) the trustees when the trustees have been legally defined to administer burial grounds
 59.34 cemetery sites;

- 60.1 (2) the Indian Affairs Council in the case of <u>American Indian burial grounds cemetery</u>
 60.2 <u>sites</u> lacking trustees;
- 60.3 (3) the county board in the case of abandoned cemeteries under section 306.243; and
- 60.4 (4) the state archaeologist in the case of non-Indian burial grounds non-American Indian
 60.5 <u>cemetery sites</u> lacking trustees or not officially defined as abandoned.
- 60.6 (c) "Artifacts" means natural or artificial articles, objects, implements, or other items of
 60.7 archaeological interest.
- (d) "Authenticate" "Assess" means to establish the presence of or high potential of human
 burials for a cemetery or human skeletal remains being located in a discrete area, delimit
 the boundaries of human burial grounds the cemetery or graves, and attempt to determine
 the ethnic, cultural, or religious affiliation of individuals interred.
- 60.12 (e) "Burial" means the organic remnants of the human body that were intentionally60.13 interred as part of a mortuary process.
- 60.14 (f) "Burial ground" means a discrete location that is known to contain or has high potential
 60.15 to contain human remains based on physical evidence, historical records, or reliable informant
 60.16 accounts.
- $\begin{array}{ll} 60.17 & (\underline{g})(\underline{f}) \text{ "Cemetery" means a discrete location that is known to contain or intended to be} \\ 60.18 & used for the interment of human remains, or has high potential to contain human remains} \\ 60.19 & based on physical evidence, historical records, or reliable informant accounts. \end{array}$
- 60.20 (h) (g) "Disturb" means any activity that significantly harms the physical integrity or
 60.21 setting of a human burial or human burial ground cemetery.
- 60.22 (i) (h) "Grave goods" means objects or artifacts directly associated with human burials
 60.23 or human burial grounds cemeteries that were placed as part of a mortuary ritual at the time
 60.24 of interment.
- 60.25 (j) (i) "Human remains" means the calcified portion of the human body the body of a
 60.26 deceased person in whole or in parts, regardless of the state of decomposition, not including
- 60.27 isolated teeth, or cremated remains deposited in a container or discrete feature.
- $\begin{array}{ll} 60.28 & (k)(j) \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ 60.29 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ 60.30 \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ 60.30 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \\ \\$

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61.1	(k) "American Indian cemetery" means a discrete location that is known to contain or					
61.2	has a high potential to contain American Indian human remains based on physical evidence,					
61.3	historical records, or reliable informant accounts.					
61.4	(l) "Marked" means a burial that has a recognizable tombstone or obvious grave marker					
61.5	in place or a legible sign identifying an area as a burial ground or cemetery.					
61.6	(m) "Qualified physical forensic anthropologist" means a specialist in identifying human					
61.7	remains who holds an advanced degree in <u>forensic</u> anthropology or a closely related field.					
61.8	(n) "Qualified professional archaeologist" means an archaeologist who meets the United					
61.9	States Secretary of the Interior's professional qualification standards in Code of Federal					
61.10	Regulations, title 36, part 61, appendix A, or subsequent revisions.					
61.11	(o) "Recorded cemetery" means a cemetery that has a surveyed plat filed in a county					
61.12	recorder's office.					
61.13	(p) "State" or "the state" mea	ns the state of Minnesota	or an agency o	or official of the		
61.14	state acting in an official capacity.					
61.15	(q) "Trustees" means the recognized representatives of the original incorporators, board					
61.16	of directors, or cemetery association.					
61.17	Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 20	18, section 326A.01, sub	division 2, is an	mended to read:		
61.18	Subd. 2. Attest. "Attest" means providing any of the following services:					
61.19	(1) an audit or other engagement performed in accordance with the Statements on					
61.20	Auditing Standards (SAS);					
61.21	(2) an audit or other engagement performed in accordance with the Generally Accepted					
61.22	Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS);					
61.23	(3) a review of a financial sta	tement performed in acc	ordance with th	e Statements on		
61.24	Standards for Accounting and Review Services (SSARS);					
61.25	(3) (4) an examination of prospective financial information performed in accordance					
61.26	with the Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAE);					
61.27	(4)(5) an engagement performed in accordance with the standards of the Public Company					
61.28	Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB); and					
61.29	(5)(6) an examination, review, or agreed-upon procedures engagement performed in					
61.30	accordance with SSAE, other that	an an examination descril	bed in clause (3).		

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62.1 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 326A.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

- Subd. 4. **Program of learning.** Each licensee shall participate in a program of learning designed to maintain professional competency. The program of learning must comply with rules adopted by the board. The board may by rule create an exception to this requirement for licensees who do not perform or offer to perform for the public one or more kinds of services involving the use of accounting or auditing skills, including issuance of reports on financial statements or of one or more kinds of: attest or compilation engagements, management advisory <u>services</u>, financial advisory <u>services</u>, or consulting services, or the
- 62.9 preparation of tax returns or the furnishing of advice on tax matters. A licensee granted such
 62.10 an exception by the board must place the word "inactive" or "retired," if applicable, adjacent
 62.11 to the CPA title on any business card, letterhead, or any other document or device, with the
- 62.12 exception of the licensee's certificate on which the CPA title appears.
- 62.13 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 326A.04, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 62.14 Subd. 5. Fee. (a) The board shall charge a fee for each application for initial issuance
 62.15 or renewal of a certificate or temporary military certificate under this section as provided
 62.16 in paragraph (b). The fee for the temporary military certificate is \$100.
- 62.17 (b) The board shall charge the following fees:
- 62.18 (1) initial issuance of certificate, \$150;
- 62.19 (2) renewal of certificate with an active status, \$100 per year;
- 62.20 (3) initial CPA firm permits, except for sole practitioners, \$100;
- (4) renewal of CPA firm permits, except for sole practitioners and those firms specified
 in clause (17) (16), \$35 per year;
- (5) initial issuance and renewal of CPA firm permits for sole practitioners, except for
 those firms specified in clause (17) (16), \$35 per year;
- 62.25 (6) annual late processing delinquency fee for permit, certificate, or registration renewal
 62.26 applications not received prior to expiration date, \$50;
- 62.27 (7) copies of records, per page, 25 cents;
- (8) registration of noncertificate holders, nonlicensees, and nonregistrants in connection
 with renewal of firm permits, \$45 per year;
- 62.30 (9) applications for reinstatement, \$20;
- 62.31 (10) initial registration of a registered accounting practitioner, \$50;

- 63.1 (11) initial registered accounting practitioner firm permits, \$100;
- 63.2 (12) renewal of registered accounting practitioner firm permits, except for sole
- 63.3 practitioners, \$100 per year;
- 63.4 (13) renewal of registered accounting practitioner firm permits for sole practitioners,
- 63.5 **\$35** per year;
- 63.6 (14) CPA examination application, \$40;
- (15)(14) CPA examination, fee determined by third-party examination administrator;
- (16) (15) renewal of certificates with an inactive status, \$25 per year; and
- (17) (16) renewal of CPA firm permits for firms that have one or more offices located
- 63.10 in another state, \$68 per year; and
- 63.11 (17) temporary military certificate, \$100.
- 63.12 Sec. 60. [326A.045] RETIRED STATUS.
- 63.13 <u>Subdivision 1. Retired status requirements.</u> The board shall grant retired status to a
 63.14 person who meets the following criteria:
- 63.15 (1) is age 55 or older;
- 63.16 (2) holds a current active license to practice public accounting under this chapter with
- 63.17 <u>a license status of active, inactive, or exempt under Minnesota Rules, part 1105.3700;</u>
- 63.18 (3) declares that he or she is not practicing public accounting in any jurisdiction;
- 63.19 (4) was in good standing with the board at the time the person last held a license under
- 63.20 this chapter; and
- 63.21 (5) submits an application for retired status on a form provided by the board.
- 63.22 Subd. 2. **Retired status effect.** Retired status is an honorific status. Retired status is not
- a license to engage in the practice of public accounting. A person granted retired status shall
- 63.24 not perform or offer to perform services for which a license under this chapter is required.
- 63.25 Subd. 3. Documentation of status. The board shall provide to a person granted retired
- 63.26 status a document stating that retired status has been granted.
- 63.27 Subd. 4. **Representation to the public.** A person granted retired status may represent
- 63.28 themselves as "Certified Public Accountant Retired," "CPA Retired," "Retired Certified
- 63.29 Public Accountant," or "Retired CPA," but shall not represent themselves or allow themselves
- 63.30 to be represented to the public as a current licensee of the board.

- Subd. 5. Continuing education not required. A person is not required to comply with 64.1 the continuing education requirements in section 326A.04, subdivision 4, to acquire or 64.2 64.3 maintain retired status.
- Subd. 6. **Renewal not required.** A person granted retired status is not required to renew 64.4 64.5 the person's registration or pay renewal fees to maintain retired status.
- Subd. 7. Change to active or inactive status. The board shall change a license status 64.6 from retired to active or inactive if a person with retired status requests a status change and 64.7 meets requirements for reactivation prescribed by rule. 64.8
- Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 326A.08, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 64.9

Subd. 4. Cease and desist orders. (a) The board, or the complaint committee if 64.10 64.11 authorized by the board, may issue and have served upon a certificate holder, a permit holder, a registration holder, a person with practice privileges granted under section 326A.14, 64.12 a person who has previously been subject to a disciplinary order by the board, or an 64.13 unlicensed firm or person an order requiring the person or firm to cease and desist from the 64.14 act or practice constituting a violation of the statute, rule, or order. The order must be 64.15 64.16 calculated to give reasonable notice of the rights of the person or firm to request a hearing and must state the reasons for the entry of the order. No order may be issued until an 64.17 investigation of the facts has been conducted pursuant to section 214.10. 64.18

- 64.19 (b) Service of the order is effective when the order is served on the person, firm, or counsel of record personally, or by certified mail to the most recent address provided to the 64.20 board for the person, firm, or counsel of record. may be by first class United States mail, 64.21 including certified United States mail, or overnight express mail service, postage prepaid 64.22 64.23 and addressed to the party at the party's last known address. Service by United States mail, including certified mail, is complete upon placing the order in the mail or otherwise delivering 64.24 the order to the United States mail service. Service by overnight express mail service is 64.25 complete upon delivering the order to an authorized agent of the express mail service.
- (c) Unless otherwise agreed by the board, or the complaint committee if authorized by 64.27
- the board, and the person or firm requesting the hearing, the hearing must be held no later 64.28 than 30 days after the request for the hearing is received by the board. 64.29
- (d) The administrative law judge shall issue a report within 30 days of the close of the 64.30 contested case hearing record, notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 1400.8100, subpart 64.31 64.32 3. Within 30 days after receiving the report and any exceptions to it, the board shall issue

64.26

a further order vacating, modifying, or making permanent the cease and desist orders as thefacts require.

(e) If no hearing is requested within 30 days of service of the order, the order becomesfinal and remains in effect until it is modified or vacated by the board.

(f) If the person or firm to whom a cease and desist order is issued fails to appear at the
hearing after being duly notified, the person or firm is in default and the proceeding may
be determined against that person or firm upon consideration of the cease and desist order,
the allegations of which may be considered to be true.

(g) In lieu of or in addition to the order provided in paragraph (a), the board may require
the person or firm to provide to the board a true and complete list of the person's or firm's
clientele so that they can, if deemed necessary, be notified of the board's action. Failure to
do so, or to provide an incomplete or inaccurate list, is an act discreditable.

65.13 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 326A.08, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Actions against persons or firms. (a) The board may, by order, deny, refuse 65.14 to renew, suspend, temporarily suspend, or revoke the application, or practice privileges, 65.15 registration or certificate of a person or firm; censure or reprimand the person or firm; 65.16 prohibit the person or firm from preparing tax returns or reporting on financial statements; 65.17 65.18 limit the scope of practice of any licensee; limit privileges under section 326A.14; refuse to permit a person to sit for examination; or refuse to release the person's examination grades 65.19 if the board finds that the order is in the public interest and that, based on a preponderance 65.20 of the evidence presented, the person or firm: 65.21

(1) has violated a statute, rule, or order that the board has issued or is empowered toenforce;

(2) has engaged in conduct or acts that are fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest whether
or not the conduct or acts relate to performing or offering to perform professional services,
providing that the fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest conduct or acts reflect adversely on
the person's or firm's ability or fitness to provide professional services;

(3) has engaged in conduct or acts that are negligent or otherwise in violation of the
standards established by board rule, where the conduct or acts relate to providing professional
services, including in the filing or failure to file the licensee's income tax returns;

(4) has been convicted of, has pled guilty or nolo contendere to, or has been sentenced
as a result of the commission of a felony or crime, an element of which is dishonesty or
fraud; has been shown to have or admitted to having engaged in acts or practices tending

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to show that the person or firm is incompetent; or has engaged in conduct reflecting adversely
on the person's or firm's ability or fitness to provide professional services, whether or not
a conviction was obtained or a plea was entered or withheld and whether or not dishonesty
or fraud was an element of the conduct;

66.5 (5) employed fraud or deception in obtaining a certificate, permit, registration, practice
66.6 privileges, renewal, or reinstatement or in passing all or a portion of the examination;

(6) has had the person's or firm's permit, registration, practice privileges, certificate,
right to examine, or other similar authority revoked, suspended, canceled, limited, or not
renewed for cause, or has committed unprofessional acts for which the person or firm was
otherwise disciplined or sanctioned, including, but not limited to, being ordered to or agreeing
to cease and desist from prescribed conduct, in any state or any foreign country;

(7) has had the person's or firm's right to practice before any federal, state, other
government agency, or Public Company Accounting Oversight Board revoked, suspended,
canceled, limited, or not renewed for cause, or has committed unprofessional acts for which
the person or firm was otherwise disciplined or sanctioned, including, but not limited to,
being ordered to or agreeing to cease and desist from prescribed conduct;

66.17 (8) failed to meet any requirement for the issuance or renewal of the person's or firm's66.18 certificate, registration or permit, or for practice privileges;

(9) with respect to temporary suspension orders, has committed an act, engaged in
conduct, or committed practices that may result or may have resulted, in the opinion of the
board or the complaint committee if authorized by the board, in an immediate threat to the
public;

(10) has engaged in any conduct reflecting adversely upon the person's or firm's fitness
to perform services while a licensee, individual granted privileges under section 326A.14,
or a person registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b); or

(11) has, prior to a voluntary surrender of a certificate or permit to the board, engaged
in conduct which at any time resulted in the discipline or sanction described in clause (6)
or (7).

(b) In lieu of or in addition to any remedy provided in paragraph (a), the board, or the
complaint committee if authorized by the board, may require, as a condition of continued
possession of a certificate, a registration, or practice privileges, termination of suspension,
reinstatement of permit, registration of a person or firm or of practice privileges under

section 326A.14, a certificate, an examination, or release of examination grades, that theperson or firm:

67.3 (1) submit to a peer review of the person's or firm's ability, skills, or quality of work,
67.4 conducted in a fashion and by persons, entity, or entities as required by the board; and

67.5 (2) complete to the satisfaction of the board continuing professional education courses67.6 specified by the board.

67.7 (c) Service of the order is effective if the order is served on the person, firm, or counsel of record personally or by certified mail to the most recent address provided to the board 67.8 for the person, firm, or counsel of record. may be by first class United States mail, including 67.9 certified United States mail, or overnight express mail service, postage prepaid and addressed 67.10 to the party at the party's last known address. Service by United States mail, including 67.11 67.12 certified mail, is complete upon placing the order in the mail or otherwise delivering the order to the United States mail service. Service by overnight express mail service is complete 67.13 upon delivering the order to an authorized agent of the express mail service. The order shall 67.14 state the reasons for the entry of the order. 67.15

67.16 (d) All hearings required by this subdivision must be conducted in accordance with
67.17 chapter 14 except with respect to temporary suspension orders as provided for in subdivision
67.18 6.

(e) In addition to the remedies authorized by this subdivision, the board, or the complaint
committee if authorized by the board, may enter into an agreement with the person or firm
for corrective action and may unilaterally issue a warning to a person or firm.

(f) The board shall not use agreements for corrective action or warnings in any situation
where the person or firm has been convicted of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to a felony
or crime and the felony or crime is the basis of the board's action against the person or firm,
where the conduct of the person or firm indicates a pattern of related violations of paragraph
or the rules of the board, or where the board concludes that the conduct of the person or
firm will not be deterred other than by disciplinary action under this subdivision or
subdivision 4 or 6.

(g) Agreements for corrective action may be used by the board, or the complaint
committee if authorized by the board, where the violation committed by the person or firm
does not warrant disciplinary action pursuant to this subdivision or subdivision 4 or 6, but
where the board, or the complaint committee if authorized by the board, determines that
corrective action is required to prevent further such violations and to otherwise protect the
public. Warnings may be used by the board, or the complaint committee if authorized by

the board, where the violation of the person or firm is de minimus, does not warrant
disciplinary action under this subdivision or subdivision 4 or 6, and does not require
corrective action to protect the public.

(h) Agreements for corrective action must not be considered disciplinary action against
the person's or firm's application, permit, registration or certificate, or practice privileges
under section 326A.14. However, agreements for corrective action are public data. Warnings
must not be considered disciplinary action against the person's or firm's application, permit,
registration, or certificate or person's practice privileges and are private data.

68.9 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 326A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision68.10 to read:

68.11 Subd. 10. Actions against lapsed license, certificate, or permit. If a person's or firm's

68.12 permit, registration, practice privileges, license, certificate, or other similar authority lapses,

68.13 expires, is surrendered, withdrawn, terminated, canceled, limited, not renewed, or otherwise

68.14 becomes invalid, the board may institute a proceeding under this subdivision within two

68.15 years after the date the license, certificate, or permit was last effective and enter a revocation

68.16 or suspension order as of the last date on which the license, certificate, or permit was in

68.17 effect, or impose a civil penalty as provided for in subdivision 7.

68.18 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 326A.10, is amended to read:

68.19 **326A.10**

326A.10 UNLAWFUL ACTS.

(a) Only a licensee and individuals who have been granted practice privileges under 68.20 section 326A.14 may issue a report on financial statements of any person, firm, organization, 68.21 or governmental unit that results from providing attest services, or offer to render or render 68.22 68.23 any attest service. Only a certified public accountant, an individual who has been granted practice privileges under section 326A.14, a CPA firm, or, to the extent permitted by board 68.24 rule, a person registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), may issue a report on financial 68.25 statements of any person, firm, organization, or governmental unit that results from providing 68.26 compilation services or offer to render or render any compilation service. These restrictions 68.27 68.28 do not prohibit any act of a public official or public employee in the performance of that person's duties or prohibit the performance by any nonlicensee of other services involving 68.29 the use of accounting skills, including the preparation of tax returns, management advisory 68.30 services, and the preparation of financial statements without the issuance of reports on them. 68.31 Nonlicensees may prepare financial statements and issue nonattest transmittals or information 68.32 on them which do not purport to be in compliance with the Statements on Standards for 68.33

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Accounting and Review Services (SSARS). Nonlicensees registered under section 326A.06,
paragraph (b), may, to the extent permitted by board rule, prepare financial statements and
issue nonattest transmittals or information on them.

(b) Licensees and individuals who have been granted practice privileges under section
326A.14 performing attest or compilation services must provide those services in accordance
with professional standards. To the extent permitted by board rule, registered accounting
practitioners performing compilation services must provide those services in accordance
with standards specified in board rule.

(c) A person who does not hold a valid certificate issued under section 326A.04 or a
practice privilege granted under section 326A.14 shall not use or assume the title "certified
public accountant," the abbreviation "CPA," or any other title, designation, words, letters,
abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the person is a certified public
accountant.

(d) A firm shall not provide attest services or assume or use the title "certified public
accountants," the abbreviation "CPA's," or any other title, designation, words, letters,
abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the firm is a CPA firm unless (1)
the firm has complied with section 326A.05, and (2) ownership of the firm is in accordance
with this chapter and rules adopted by the board.

(e) A person or firm that does not hold a valid certificate or permit issued under section 69.19 326A.04 or 326A.05 or has not otherwise complied with section 326A.04 or 326A.05 as 69.20 required in this chapter shall not assume or use the title "certified accountant," "chartered 69.21 accountant," "enrolled accountant," "licensed accountant," "registered accountant," 69.22 "accredited accountant," "accounting practitioner," "public accountant," "licensed public 69.23 accountant," or any other title or designation likely to be confused with the title "certified 69.24 public accountant," or use any of the abbreviations "CA," "LA," "RA," "AA," "PA," "AP," 69.25 69.26 "LPA," or similar abbreviation likely to be confused with the abbreviation "CPA." The title "enrolled agent" or "EA" may only be used by individuals so designated by the Internal 69.27 Revenue Service. 69.28

(f) Persons registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), may use the title "registered
accounting practitioner" or the abbreviation "RAP." A person who does not hold a valid
registration under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), shall not assume or use such title or
abbreviation.

(g) Except to the extent permitted in paragraph (a), nonlicensees may not use languagein any statement relating to the financial affairs of a person or entity that is conventionally

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used by licensees in reports on financial statements or on an attest service. In this regard, 70.1 the board shall issue by rule safe harbor language that nonlicensees may use in connection 70.2 with such financial information. A person or firm that does not hold a valid certificate or 70.3 permit, or a registration issued under section 326A.04, 326A.05, or 326A.06, paragraph (b), 70.4 or has not otherwise complied with section 326A.04 or 326A.05 as required in this chapter 70.5 shall not assume or use any title or designation that includes the word "accountant" or 70.6 "accounting" in connection with any other language, including the language of a report, that 70.7 implies that the person or firm holds such a certificate, permit, or registration or has special 70.8 competence as an accountant. A person or firm that does not hold a valid certificate or 70.9 permit issued under section 326A.04 or 326A.05 or has not otherwise complied with section 70.10 326A.04 or 326A.05 as required in this chapter shall not assume or use any title or designation 70.11 that includes the word "auditor" in connection with any other language, including the 70.12 70.13 language of a report, that implies that the person or firm holds such a certificate or permit or has special competence as an auditor. However, this paragraph does not prohibit any 70.14 officer, partner, member, manager, or employee of any firm or organization from affixing 70.15 that person's own signature to any statement in reference to the financial affairs of such firm 70.16 or organization with any wording designating the position, title, or office that the person 70.17 holds, nor prohibit any act of a public official or employee in the performance of the person's 70.18 duties as such. 70.19

(h)(1) No person holding a certificate or registration or firm holding a permit under this
chapter shall use a professional or firm name or designation that is misleading about the
legal form of the firm, or about the persons who are partners, officers, members, managers,
or shareholders of the firm, or about any other matter. However, names of one or more
former partners, members, managers, or shareholders may be included in the name of a firm
or its successor.

(2) A common brand name or network name part, including common initials, used by
a CPA firm in its name, is not misleading if the firm is a network firm as defined in the
American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) Code of Professional Conduct
in effect July 1, 2011 incorporated by reference in Minnesota Rules, part 1105.0250, and
when offering or rendering services that require independence under AICPA standards, the
firm must comply with the AICPA code's applicable standards on independence.

(i) Paragraphs (a) to (h) do not apply to a person or firm holding a certification,
designation, degree, or license granted in a foreign country entitling the holder to engage
in the practice of public accountancy or its equivalent in that country, if:

(1) the activities of the person or firm in this state are limited to the provision of
professional services to persons or firms who are residents of, governments of, or business
entities of the country in which the person holds the entitlement;

(2) the person or firm performs no attest or compilation services and issues no reports
with respect to the information of any other persons, firms, or governmental units in this
state; and

(3) the person or firm does not use in this state any title or designation other than the
one under which the person practices in the foreign country, followed by a translation of
the title or designation into English, if it is in a different language, and by the name of the
country.

(j) No holder of a certificate issued under section 326A.04 may perform attest services
through any business form that does not hold a valid permit issued under section 326A.05.

(k) No individual licensee may issue a report in standard form upon a compilation of
financial information through any form of business that does not hold a valid permit issued
under section 326A.05, unless the report discloses the name of the business through which
the individual is issuing the report, and the individual:

71.17 (1) signs the compilation report identifying the individual as a certified public accountant;

71.18 (2) meets the competency requirement provided in applicable standards; and

(3) undergoes no less frequently than once every three years, a peer review conducted
in a manner specified by the board in rule, and the review includes verification that the
individual has met the competency requirements set out in professional standards for such
services.

(1) No person registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), may issue a report in
standard form upon a compilation of financial information unless the board by rule permits
the report and the person:

(1) signs the compilation report identifying the individual as a registered accountingpractitioner;

71.28 (2) meets the competency requirements in board rule; and

(3) undergoes no less frequently than once every three years a peer review conducted
in a manner specified by the board in rule, and the review includes verification that the
individual has met the competency requirements in board rule.

(m) Nothing in this section prohibits a practicing attorney or firm of attorneys from

72.2 preparing or presenting records or documents customarily prepared by an attorney or firm

72.3 of attorneys in connection with the attorney's professional work in the practice of law.

(n) The board shall adopt rules that place limitations on receipt by a licensee or a person
who holds a registration under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), of:

72.6 (1) contingent fees for professional services performed; and

(2) commissions or referral fees for recommending or referring to a client any productor service.

(o) Anything in this section to the contrary notwithstanding, it shall not be a violation
of this section for a firm not holding a valid permit under section 326A.05 and not having
an office in this state to provide its professional services in this state so long as it complies
with the applicable requirements of section 326A.05, subdivision 1.

72.13 Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 353.27, subdivision 3c, is amended to read:

Subd. 3c. Former MERF members; member and employer contributions. (a) For
the period July 1, 2015 2019, through December 31, 2031, the member contributions for
former members of the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund and by the former
Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund-covered employing units are governed by this
subdivision.

(b) The member contribution for a public employee who was a member of the former
Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund on June 29, 2010, is 9.75 percent of the salary of
the employee.

(c) The employer regular contribution with respect to a public employee who was a
member of the former Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund on June 29, 2010, is 9.75
percent of the salary of the employee.

(d) The annual employer supplemental contribution is the employing unit's share of
 \$31,000,000. For calendar years 2017 and 2018, the employer supplemental contribution
 is the employing unit's share of \$21,000,000.

(e) Each employing unit's share under paragraph (d) is the amount determined from an
allocation between each employing unit in the portion equal to the unit's employer
supplemental contribution paid or payable under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 353.50,
during calendar year 2014.

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(f) The employer supplemental contribution amount under paragraph (d) for calendar 73.1 year 2015 2019 must be invoiced by the executive director of the Public Employees 73.2 Retirement Association by July 1, 2015. The calendar year 2015 payment is payable in a 73.3 single amount on or before September 30, 2015 2019. For subsequent calendar years, the 73.4 employer supplemental contribution under paragraph (d) must be invoiced on January 31 73.5 of each year and. The employer supplemental contribution is payable in two parts, with the 73.6 first half payable on or before July 31 and with the second half payable on or before 73.7 73.8 December 15. Late payments are payable with interest, compounded annually, at the applicable rate or rates specified in section 356.59, subdivision 3, per month for each month 73.9 or portion of a month that has elapsed after the due date. 73.10 (g) The employer supplemental contribution under paragraph (d) terminates on December 73.11 31, 2031. 73.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 73.13 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 353.505, is amended to read: 73.14 353.505 STATE CONTRIBUTIONS; FORMER MERF DIVISION. 73.15 (a) On September 15, 2019, and annually thereafter, the state shall pay to the general 73.16 73.17 employees retirement plan of the Public Employees Retirement Association, with respect to the former MERF division, \$6,000,000 \$16,000,000. 73.18 (b) On September 15, 2017, and September 15, 2018, the state shall pay to the general 73.19 employees retirement plan of the Public Employees Retirement Association, with respect 73.20 to the former MERF division, \$16,000,000. 73.21 (e) (b) State contributions under this section end on September 15, 2031. 73.22 (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall pay the contribution specified 73.23 in this section. The amount required is appropriated annually from the general fund to the 73.24 commissioner of management and budget. 73.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 73.26 Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 375.08, is amended to read: 73.27 **375.08 BOARD TO FILL VACANCIES IN COUNTY OFFICES.** 73.28 When a vacancy occurs in the office of an elected county auditor, county treasurer, 73.29 73.30 county recorder, sheriff, county attorney, county surveyor, or coroner, the county board shall fill it by appointment. For that purpose it shall meet at the usual place of meeting, upon 73.31

one day's notice from the chair or clerk, which shall be served personally upon each member in the same manner as a district court summons. The person appointed shall give the bond and take the oath required by law, and serve the remainder of the term, and until a successor qualifies. When a vacancy occurs in an office that has a chief deputy or first assistant, the chief deputy or first assistant may perform all the duties and functions of the office until it is filled by appointment by the county board.

74.7 Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 375A.10, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Auditor-treasurer. In any county exercising the option provided in subdivision
2, clause (c), the office shall be known thereafter as the office of auditor-treasurer, if the
office is to remain elective. If the board chooses to make the office of auditor-treasurer
elective, and not require a referendum, it must act with the concurrence of <u>at least</u> 80 percent
of its members.

In the exercise of this option, the county board shall direct which of the offices of auditor or treasurer shall be terminated for the purpose of providing for the election to the single office of auditor-treasurer. The duties, functions and responsibilities which have been heretofore and which shall hereafter be required by statute to be performed by the county auditor and the county treasurer shall be vested in and performed by the auditor-treasurer without diminishing, prohibiting or avoiding those specific duties required by statute to be performed by the county auditor and the county treasurer.

Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude the county from exercising the option to make
the combined office of auditor-treasurer appointive as if it had been specifically enumerated
in subdivision 2. If the combined office is to be appointive, a referendum under section
375A.12 shall be necessary, except as provided by section 375A.1205.

74.24 If the combined office is to be elective, a referendum under section 375A.12 shall be74.25 necessary if:

74.26 (a) the county board requires a referendum; or

(b) a referendum is required by a petition of a number of voters equal to ten percent of
those voting in the county at the last general election that is received by the county auditor
within 30 days after the second publication of the board resolution that orders the
combination.

The persons last elected to the positions of auditor and treasurer before adoption of the resolution shall serve in those offices and perform the duties of those offices until the completion of the terms to which they were elected.

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Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 375A.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 75.1 Subd. 2. Form of government options. Except as provided in section 375A.1205 or by 75.2 special law, the options provided in sections 375A.01 to 375A.10 shall be adopted in any 75.3 county only after an affirmative vote of the voters in the county on the question of the 75.4 adoption of the option. Except as provided in section 375A.01, only one such plan may be 75.5 submitted at any one election. 75.6 75.7 Sec. 70. [375A.1205] APPOINTING COUNTY OFFICERS. Subdivision 1. Authority to appoint certain officers. A county board may appoint the 75.8 county auditor, county treasurer, or county recorder under section 375A.10, subdivision 2, 75.9 or the auditor-treasurer under section 375A.10, subdivision 5, by following the process 75.10 outlined in this section. Notwithstanding section 375A.12, a referendum is not required if 75.11 the appointment is made pursuant to this section. A county board shall only use the authority 75.12 to appoint under the following circumstances: 75.13 (1) there is a vacancy in the office as provided in section 351.02; 75.14 (2) the current office holder has notified the county board that the officer will not file 75.15 for the office, as provided in subdivision 2; or 75.16 (3) there is a signed contract with the county board and the incumbent auditor, treasurer, 75.17 auditor-treasurer, or recorder that provides that the incumbent officer will be appointed to 75.18 the position and retain tenure, pay, and benefits equal to or greater than length of service. 75.19 75.20 Subd. 2. Responsibility of county officer. At least 104 days before the filing date for office under section 204B.09, an elected county officer must notify the county board in 75.21 writing whether the officer will be filing for another term. If the officer indicates in writing 75.22 that the officer will not file for the office and the county board has passed a resolution under 75.23 subdivision 6, affidavits of candidacy will not be accepted for that office, and the office 75.24 will not be placed on the ballot. 75.25 Subd. 3. Board controls; may change as long as duties done. Upon adoption of a 75.26 resolution by the county board of commissioners and subject to subdivisions 5 and 6, the 75.27 duties of an elected official required by statute whose office is made appointive as authorized 75.28 by this section must be discharged by the county board of commissioners acting through a 75.29 department head appointed by the board for that purpose. Reorganization, reallocation, 75.30 75.31 delegation, or other administrative change or transfer does not diminish, prohibit, or avoid

75.32 the discharge of duties required by statute.

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76.1	Subd. 4. Discharge or demotion. (a) A county auditor, county treasurer, county
76.2	auditor-treasurer, or county recorder who was elected at the most recent election for that
76.3	office prior to a county board resolution to make the office an appointed position, and the
76.4	elected official is subsequently appointed by the county board to the office, may not be
76.5	involuntarily demoted or discharged except for incompetency or misconduct.
76.6	(b) Prior to demoting or discharging an office holder under this subdivision, the board
76.7	must notify the office holder in writing and state its grounds for the proposed demotion or
76.8	discharge in reasonable detail. Within ten days after receipt of this notification, the office
76.9	holder may make a written request for a hearing before an arbitrator and the request must
76.10	be granted before final action is taken. Failure to request a hearing before an arbitrator
76.11	during this period is considered acquiescence to the board's action. The board may suspend
76.12	an office holder with pay pending the conclusion of the hearing and determination of the
76.13	issues raised in the hearing after charges have been filed which constitute grounds for
76.14	demotion or discharge. If an office holder has been charged with a felony and the underlying
76.15	conduct that is the subject of the felony charge is grounds for a proposed discharge, the
76.16	suspension pending the conclusion of the hearing and determination of the issues may be
76.17	without pay. If a hearing under this subdivision is held, the board must reimburse the office
76.18	holder for any salary or compensation withheld if the final decision of the arbitrator does
76.19	not result in a penalty or discharge of the office holder.
76.20	(c) If the office holder and the board are unable to mutually agree on an arbitrator, the
76.21	board must request from the Bureau of Mediation Services a list of seven persons qualified
76.22	to serve as an arbitrator. If the office holder and the board are unable to mutually agree on
76.23	an arbitrator from the list provided, the parties shall alternately strike names from the list
76.24	until the name of one arbitrator remains. The person remaining after the striking procedure
76.25	must be the arbitrator. If the parties are unable to agree on who shall strike the first name,
76.26	the question must be decided by a flip of a coin. The office holder and the board must share
76.27	equally the costs and fees of the arbitrator except as set forth in paragraph (g).
76.28	(d) The arbitrator shall determine, by a preponderance of the evidence, whether the
76.29	grounds for discharge or demotion exist to support the proposed discharge or demotion. A
76.30	lesser penalty than demotion or discharge may be imposed by the arbitrator only to the
76.31	extent that either party proposes such lesser penalty in the proceeding. In making the
76.32	determination, the arbitration proceeding is governed by sections 572B.15 to 572B.28.
76.33	(e) An arbitration hearing conducted under this subdivision is a meeting for preliminary

76.34 consideration of allegations or charges within the meaning of section 13D.05, subdivision

76.35 3, paragraph (a), and must be closed, unless the office holder requests it to be open.

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77.1	(f) The arbitrator's award is f	inal and binding on the pa	rties, subject to	sections 572B.18
77.2	to 572B.28.			
77.3	(g) In the event the arbitrato	r rules not to demote or di	scharge the offi	ce holder, the
77.4	board shall pay all of the costs a	and fees of the arbitrator a	nd the attorney	fees of the office
77.5	holder.			
77.6	Subd. 5. Incumbents to con	nnlete term. The person e	elected at the las	t general election
77.7	to an office made appointive un			
77.8	duties, functions, and responsib			
77.9	of office to which the person wa	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
77.10	occurs earlier.		5	
77.11	Subd. 6. Publishing resolut	ion: netition: referendur	n (a) Before th	e adoption of the
77.12	resolution to provide for the app			-
77.13	county board must publish a pro-			
77.14	the issue once each week, for tw		-	
77.15	county. Following publication a			
77.16	board shall provide an opportur	· · · · ·		· · · · ·
77.17	to the issue. After the public con	mment opportunity, at the	same meeting of	or a subsequent
77.18	meeting, the county board of co	mmissioners may adopt a	resolution that	provides for the
77.19	appointment of the office or off	ices as permitted in this se	ection. The reso	lution must be
77.20	approved by at least 80 percent	of the members of the cou	unty board. The	resolution may
77.21	take effect 30 days after it is add	opted, or at a later date sta	ted in the resolution	ution, unless a
77.22	petition is filed as provided in p	aragraph (b).		
77.23	(b) Except when an office is	made appointive under su	bdivision 1, cla	use (3), within 30
77.24	days after the county board ado	pts the resolution, a petition	on requesting a	referendum may
77.25	be filed with the county auditor	. The petition must be sign	ned by at least to	en percent of the
77.26	registered voters of the county.	The petition must meet the	e requirements of	of the secretary of
77.27	state, as provided in section 204	B.071, and any rules adopt	oted to impleme	ent that section. If
77.28	the petition is sufficient, the cou	inty board resolution is re-	scinded.	
77.29	Subd. 7. Reverting to elected	ed offices. (a) The county	board may ado	pt a resolution to
77.30	provide for the election of an of	fice that was made an appo	ointed position u	under this section,
77.31	but not until at least three years a	after the office was made a	n appointed pos	sition. The county
77.32	board must publish a proposed	resolution notifying the pu	ublic of its inten	t to consider the
77.33	issue once each week, for two c	onsecutive weeks, in the c	official publicat	ion of the county.
77.34	Following publication and befo	re formally adopting the re	esolution, the co	ounty board must

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- provide an opportunity at its next regular meeting for public comment relating to the issue.
 After the public comment opportunity, at the same meeting or a subsequent meeting, the
 county board of commissioners may adopt the resolution. The resolution must be approved
 by at least 60 percent of the members of the county board and is effective August 1 following
 adoption of the resolution.
- 78.6 (b) The question of whether an office that was made an appointed position under this
- 78.7 section must be made an elected office must be placed on the ballot at the next general
- 78.8 <u>election if (1) the position has been an appointed position for at least three years; (2) a</u>
- 78.9 petition signed by at least ten percent of the registered voters of the county is filed with the
- 78.10 office of the county auditor by August 1 of the year in which the general election is held;
- 78.11 and (3) the petition meets the requirements of the secretary of state, as provided in section
- 78.12 204B.071, and any rules adopted to implement that section. If a majority of the voters of
- 78.13 the county voting on the question vote in favor of making the office an elected position, the
- 78.14 election for that office must be held at the next regular or special election.

78.15 Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 382.01, is amended to read:

78.16 **382.01 OFFICERS ELECTED; TERMS.**

In every county in this state there shall be elected at the general election in 1918 a county
auditor, a county treasurer, sheriff, county recorder, county attorney, and coroner.

78.19 The terms of office of these officers shall be four years and shall begin on the first

78.20 Monday in January next succeeding their election. They shall hold office until their successors

are elected and qualified. <u>Each of these offices shall must</u> be filled by election every four

78.22 years thereafter, unless an office is consolidated with another county office or made

78.23 appointive under chapter 375A or other general or special law.

78.24 Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 382.02, is amended to read:

78.25 **382.02 VACANCIES, HOW FILLED.**

78.26 Any appointment made to fill a vacancy in any of the offices named in section 382.01

that has not been made appointive under chapter 375A or other general or special law shall

^{78.28} be for the balance of such entire term, and be made by the county board.

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- 79.1 Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 469.074, is amended by adding a subdivision
 79.2 to read:
- 79.3 Subd. 3. Meetings by telephone or other electronic means. The port authority may
 79.4 conduct meetings as provided by section 13D.015.
- 79.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 79.6 Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 473.606, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Employees, others, affirmative action; prevailing wage. The corporation 79.7 shall have the power to appoint engineers and other consultants, attorneys, and such other 79.8 officers, agents, and employees as it may see fit, who shall perform such duties and receive 79.9 such compensation as the corporation may determine notwithstanding the provisions of 79.10 section 43A.17, subdivision 9, and be removable at the pleasure of the corporation. The 79.11 corporation must adopt an affirmative action plan, which shall be submitted to the appropriate 79.12 agency or office of the state for review and approval. The plan must include a yearly progress 79.13 report to the agency or office. Whenever the corporation performs any work within the 79.14 limits of a city of the first class, or establishes a minimum wage for skilled or unskilled 79.15 79.16 labor in the specifications or any contract for work within one of the cities, the rate of pay to such skilled and unskilled labor must be the prevailing rate of wage for such labor in that 79.17 city. 79.18

79.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

79.20 Sec. 75. [504B.279] ACCESS TO MULTIUNIT FACILITIES BY UNITED STATES 79.21 CENSUS EMPLOYEES.

Subdivision 1. Access required. It is unlawful for a person, either directly or indirectly, 79.22 to deny access to an apartment house, dormitory, nursing home, manufactured home park, 79.23 other multiple unit facility used as a residence, or an area in which two or more single-family 79.24 dwellings are located on private roadways, to an employee of the United States Census who 79.25 displays a current, valid census credential and who is engaged in official census business. 79.26 An employee granted access under this section must be permitted to leave census materials 79.27 for residents at their doors, except that the manager of a nursing home may direct that the 79.28 79.29 materials be left at a central location within the facility. The materials must be left in an orderly manner. 79.30

79.31 Subd. 2. Limitations. This section does not prohibit:

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80.1	(1) denial of admittance in	to a particular apartment, ro	oom, manufacti	ured home, or
80.2	personal residential unit;			
80.3	(2) in the case of a nursing	home or a registered housi	ng with service	es establishment
80.4	providing assisted living servi	ices meeting the requirement	ts of Minnesot	a Statutes, section
80.5	144G.03, subdivision 2, denial	of permission to visit certai	n persons for va	llid health reasons;
80.6	(3) limiting visits to a reas	onable number of census er	nployees or rea	sonable hours;
80.7	(4) requiring a prior appoint	ntment to gain access to the	facility; or	
80.8	(5) denial of admittance to	or expulsion of an individu	al employee fr	om a multiple unit
80.9	dwelling for good cause.			
80.10	Subd. 3. Compliance with	1 federal law. A person in c	compliance with	h United States
80.11	Code, title 13, section 223, an	d any guidance or rules add	pted by the Un	ited States
80.12	Department of Commerce, Bu	areau of the Census, govern	ing access to a	facility described
80.13	in subdivision 1 is considered	to be in compliance with the	ne requirements	s of this section.
80.14	Subd. 4. Applicability. Th	is section is effective from	January 1 to De	ecember 31 in any
80.15	year during which a decennial	census is conducted under	the authority of	f the United States
80.16	Constitution, article I, section	<u>2.</u>		
80.17	Sec. 76. <u>MINNESOTA CE</u>	NSUS 2020 MOBILIZAT	ION.	
80.18	Subdivision 1. Duty of co	mmissioner of administra	tion; grants ar	nd contracts. (a)
80.19	The commissioner of administ	ration must, in collaboration	n with the Minne	esota Census 2020
80.20	Mobilization Partnership, faci	litate the administration of	a census mobili	ization program.
80.21	The purpose of the program n	nust be to increase the partic	cipation of Min	nesotans in the
80.22	2020 United States Census by	implementing the outreach	and mobilizati	ion activities
80.23	described in subdivisions 2 to	5.		
80.24	(b) At least 45 percent of an	ny appropriation provided to	the commission	ner for the program
80.25	required by this section must	be allocated for a grant to the	ne Minnesota C	council on
80.26	Foundations. The Minnesota	Council on Foundations mu	st use the grant	to issue subgrants
80.27	of up to \$5,000 to the identified	ed fiscal hosts of any Minne	esota-based cor	nplete count
80.28	committees. To be eligible for	a subgrant, a complete cou	int committee n	nust be registered
80.29	with the United States Census I	Bureau and be a tribal nation	, political subdiv	vision, nonpartisan
80.30	nonprofit community organization	ation, or public or private co	ollege or univer	rsity engaged in
80.31	census mobilization work in M	Minnesota. The commission	er must advanc	e up to 50 percent
80.32	of the grant and the Minnesot	a Council on Foundations n	nay advance all	or a portion of a
80.33	subgrant awarded under this s	ection. Any appropriations	not allocated for	or grants may be

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81.1	used by the commissioner to fur	ther implement the outrea	ich and mobiliz	ation activities
81.2	described in subdivisions 2 to 5	by contract or by directin	g the work of th	ne office of the
81.3	state demographer.			
81.4	(c) The commissioner of adn	ninistration may waive ap	plication of all	or any portion of
81.5	Minnesota Statutes, sections 16	B.97 to 16B.991, in award	ling grants; Mir	nnesota Statutes,
81.6	chapter 16C, in entering contrac	ts; and Minnesota Statute	s, chapter 16E,	in purchasing
81.7	technology systems and software	e under this section to fac	ilitate the timel	y distribution of
81.8	funds and to maximize the impa	ct of the outreach and mo	bilization activi	ities.
81.9	Notwithstanding the waivers aut	norized by this paragraph,	the commission	ner may not waive
81.10	application of policies or proced	ures designed to ensure d	iversity and the	inclusion of
81.11	traditionally underrepresented g	roups among grant recipie	ents and contrac	et vendors.
81.12	(d) The commissioner must of	contract with Community	Connection La	bs to purchase
81.13	communication and technical to	ols designed to support ce	ensus outreach e	efforts. If the
81.14	commissioner is unable to enter	this contract, the commiss	sioner may cont	tract with another
81.15	vendor or vendors offering comp	parable products and tools	s, or may award	grants to support
81.16	the purchase of comparable com	munication and technolog	gy tools.	
81.17	Subd. 2. Engaging hard to I	each households. The ce	ensus mobilizati	ion partnership
81.18	program must support:			
81.19	(1) initiatives to increase cen	sus response rates among	households ou	tside of the
81.20	11-county metropolitan area whe	o receive mail through a p	oost office box;	and
81.21	(2) initiatives to increase awa	areness among census em	ployees, multiu	nit apartment
81.22	managers and owners, and rente	rs on the laws governing	access to multit	unit apartment
81.23	buildings by census employees.			
81.24	Subd. 3. Adapting to the elec	tronic census. The census	mobilization pa	rtnership program
81.25	must support:			
81.26	(1) opportunities for Minneso	otans to submit their censu	s response elect	ronically through
81.27	online portals provided in comm	on gathering spaces with	in a community	; and
81.28	(2) commit-to-the-census init	tiatives that organize Min	nesotans to com	mit to participate
81.29	in the census and include electro	onic reminders to facilitate	e their participa	tion.
81.30	Subd. 4. Reaching historica	lly undercounted comm	unities. The cer	nsus mobilization
81.31	partnership program must suppo	<u>rt:</u>		
81.32	(1) job sourcing initiatives th	at encourage a sufficient	pool of qualifie	ed candidates to
81.33	apply for positions with the Cens	sus Bureau, and efforts to e	ensure that the p	bool of candidates

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82.1	reflects the diversity of Minnesota	l's communities, includi	ng those commu	unities historically
82.2	undercounted in census reports; a	nd		
82.3	(2) initiatives that engage histo	orically undercounted c	ommunities and	d reduce census
82.4	participation gaps in these commu	unities compared to Mir	nnesota's histori	ically high overall
82.5	census response rate.			
82.6	Subd. 5. Shared services. The	e census mobilization pa	artnership prog	ram must support
82.7	efficiency in census mobilization	efforts by providing sha	ared services to	support local and
82.8	community census outreach, inclu	uding development of m	ultilingual edu	cational and
82.9	promotional materials and tools to	o reach respondents thro	ough a variety c	of communication
82.10	platforms and services.			
82.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective the day	y following fina	al enactment.
82.12	Sec. 77. <u>LEGISLATIVE EMP</u>	LOYEE WORKING	GROUP ON T	HE
82.13	LEGISLATURE'S ACCESSIB	ILITY MEASURES.		
82.14	Subdivision 1. Membership.	The legislative employee	working group	on the legislature's
82.15	accessibility measures consists of	12 members. The senat	e majority lead	er and the speaker
82.16	of the house must each appoint for	ur employees from amor	ng the following	g offices that serve
82.17	the respective bodies: media office	es, information technolog	gy offices, legal	and fiscal analysis
82.18	offices, the secretary of the senate	, the chief clerk of the h	ouse of represen	ntatives, and other
82.19	offices considered appropriate. The	e chair of the Legislativ	e Coordinating	Commission must
82.20	appoint four members from amon	ig the employees who se	erve in the Offic	ce of the Revisor
82.21	of Statutes, the Legislative Refere	ence Library, the Legisla	ative Coordinat	ing Commission,
82.22	and the Office of the Legislative	Auditor. In conducting i	ts work, the wo	orking group may
82.23	consult with the MN.IT Office of	Accessibility; the Com	mission of Dea	f, Deafblind and
82.24	Hard of Hearing; the Minnesota C	Council on Disability; S	tate Services fo	r the Blind; and
82.25	other groups that may be of assist	ance. Appointments to	the working gro	oup must be made
82.26	by June 1, 2019.			
82.27	Subd. 2. Duties; report. (a) T	he employee working g	roup must subr	nit a report to the
82.28	chairs and ranking minority mem	bers of the legislative co	ommittees with	jurisdiction over
82.29	rules and to the chair and vice-chai	ir of the Legislative Coo	rdinating Comn	nission by January
82.30	15, 2020. The report must:			
82.31	(1) identify ways the legislatu	re's accessibility measur	res do not meet	accessibility
82.32	standards applicable to state agence	eies under Minnesota Sta	tutes, section 10	6E.03, subdivision
82.33	<u>9;</u>			

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83.1	(2) identify issues and techn	ologies that may present l	parriers to com	pliance;
83.2	(3) suggest a compliance ex	ception process;		
83.3	(4) describe a plan to update	the legislature's accessib	ility measures	to be comparable
83.4	to those required of state agence	es under Minnesota Statu	tes, section 16	E.03, subdivision
83.5	<u>9; and</u>			
83.6	(5) estimate the costs for up	dates to the legislature's a	ccessibility me	asures.
83.7	(b) For purposes of this repo	ort, the employee working	group does no	t need to consider
83.8	making archived documents, re	cordings, or publications	accessible.	
83.9	Subd. 3. First meeting; cha	ir. The executive director	of the Legisla	tive Coordinating
83.10	Commission must convene the	first meeting of the working	ng group by Ju	ly 15, 2019. At the
83.11	first meeting, the members mus	t elect a chair.		
83.12	Subd. 4. Compensation; re	imbursement. Members	serve without o	compensation but
83.13	may be reimbursed for expense	<u>s.</u>		
83.14	Subd. 5. Administrative su	pport. The Legislative Co	oordinating Co	mmission must
83.15	provide administrative support	to the working group.		
83.16	Subd. 6. Expiration. The wo	orking group expires Janua	ry 15, 2020, or a	a later date selected
83.17	by agreement of the appointing	authorities in subdivision	1, but not late	r than January 15,
83.18	<u>2025.</u>			
83.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	section is effective the day	y following fin	al enactment.
83.20	Sec. 78. <u>LEGISLATIVE BU</u>	DGET OFFICE ELIMI	NATED.	
83.21	All operations of the Legislat	ive Budget Office establis	hed in Minnesc	ta Statutes, section
83.22	3.8853, and the Legislative Bud	get Office Oversight Com	mission establi	ished in Minnesota
83.23	Statutes, section 3.8854, must b	e ended no later than July	7 1, 2019. Notw	vithstanding any
83.24	laws in effect at the time of their	r appointment, the term o	f employment	of all Legislative
83.25	Budget Office employees is tern	ninated effective July 1, 20)19. The house	of representatives,
83.26	senate, and Legislative Coordin	ating Commission must o	offer reasonable	e opportunities for
83.27	comparable employment in othe	er offices of the legislature	e to employees	whose positions
83.28	are terminated by this section, t	o the extent that is practic	<u>al.</u>	
83.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	section is effective the day	y following fin	al enactment.

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Sec. 79. WORLD WAR I PLAQUE. 84.1 Subdivision 1. Purpose. The state wishes to honor all Minnesota veterans who have 84.2 honorably and bravely served in the United States armed forces, both at home and abroad, 84.3 during World War I. 84.4 84.5 Subd. 2. Replacement plaque authorized. The commissioner of administration shall place a memorial plaque in the court of honor on the Capitol grounds to recognize the valiant 84.6 service of Minnesota veterans who have honorably and bravely served in the United States 84.7 armed forces, both at home and abroad, during World War I. This plaque will replace the 84.8 current plaque honoring veterans who served abroad during World War I. The Capitol Area 84.9

- 84.10 Architectural and Planning Board shall solicit design submissions from the public. Each
- 84.11 design submission must include a commitment to furnish the plaque at no cost to the state.
- 84.12 The Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board shall select a design from those submitted
- 84.13 to use as a basis for final production. The selected design must be approved by the
- 84.14 commissioner of veterans affairs and must be furnished by the person or group who submitted
- 84.15 <u>the design at no cost to the state.</u>
- 84.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

84.17 Sec. 80. CAPITOL FLAG PROGRAM STUDY.

(a) The commissioner of administration, in consultation with the Legislative Coordinating
Commission and the commissioners of veterans affairs, military affairs, and public safety,
must study and develop recommendations to implement a Capitol flag program consistent
with the program enacted in Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.276. The study must include
recommendations to address any expected challenges in implementing the program, including
the uncertainty of sufficient funding to serve all families that may be eligible for a flag, and
challenges in verifying a family member's eligibility.

(b) The commissioner must report the results of the study, including any

84.26 recommendations, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees

- 84.27 with jurisdiction over state government finance and veterans affairs no later than January
- 84.28 <u>15, 2020.</u>

84.29 Sec. 81. MAINTENANCE AND UPKEEP OF STATE OFFICE BUILDING.

84.30 No later than January 1, 2020, the commissioner of administration must enter a contract

84.31 with the house of representatives for the regular maintenance and upkeep of space occupied

84.32 by the house of representatives in the State Office Building.

HF1935 FIRST DIVISION REVISOR SGS DIVH1935-1 ENGROSSMENT Sec. 82. MINNESOTA LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSOCIATION LABOR 85.1 AGREEMENT. 85.2 The labor agreement between the state of Minnesota and the Minnesota Law Enforcement 85.3 Association, submitted to the Legislative Coordinating Commission Subcommittee on 85.4 Employee Relations on April 5, 2019, is ratified. 85.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 85.6 Sec. 83. REPEALER. 85.7 Subdivision 1. Hair braiding. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 155A.28, subdivisions 85.8 85.9 1, 3, and 4, are repealed. Subd. 2. Legislative Budget Office. Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 3.8853; and 85.10 3.8854, and Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 4, article 2, sections 1, as amended 85.11 by Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 10; 3, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter 214, 85.12 article 5, section 11; 7; 8; 9, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 12; 85.13 and 58, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 13; and Laws 2018, chapter 85.14 214, article 5, sections 1; 2; 3; 4; 5; 6; 7; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12; 13; 14; and 15, are repealed. 85.15 Subd. 3. Local government compensation limits. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 85.16 43A.17, subdivision 9, is repealed, effective the day following final enactment. 85.17 **ARTICLE 3** 85.18 STATE PAYMENTS TERMINOLOGY 85.19 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 15.191, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 85.20 Subdivision 1. Emergency disbursements. Imprest cash funds for the purpose of making 85.21 minor disbursements, providing for change, and providing employees with travel advances 85.22 or a portion or all of their payroll warrant where the warrant payment has not been received 85.23 through the payroll system, may be established by state departments or agencies from 85.24 existing appropriations in the manner prescribed by this section. 85.25 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 15.191, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 85.26 Subd. 3. Warrant Payment against designated appropriation. Imprest cash funds 85.27 established under this section shall be created by warrant drawn payment issued against the 85.28 appropriation designated by the commissioner of management and budget. 85.29

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86.1 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.065, is amended to read:

86.2 16A.065 PREPAY SOFTWARE, SUBSCRIPTIONS, UNITED STATES 86.3 DOCUMENTS.

Notwithstanding section 16A.41, subdivision 1, the commissioner may allow an agency 86.4 to make advance deposits or payments for software or software maintenance services for 86.5 state-owned or leased electronic data processing equipment, for information technology 86.6 hosting services, for sole source maintenance agreements where it is not cost-effective to 86.7 pay in arrears, for exhibit booth space or boat slip rental when required by the renter to 86.8 guarantee the availability of space, for registration fees where advance payment is required 86.9 or advance payment discount is provided, and for newspaper, magazine, and other 86.10 subscription fees, and other costs where advance payment discount is provided or are 86.11 customarily paid for in advance. The commissioner may also allow advance deposits by 86.12 any department with the Library of Congress and federal Supervisor of Documents for items 86.13 to be purchased from those federal agencies. 86.14

86.15 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.13, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. Procedure. The commissioner shall see that the deduction for the withheld 86.16 tax is made from an employee's pay on the payroll abstract. The commissioner shall approve 86.17 one warrant payable payment to the commissioner for the total amount deducted on the 86.18 abstract. Deductions from the pay of an employee paid direct by an agency shall be made 86.19 86.20 by the employee's payroll authority. A later deduction must correct an error made on an earlier deduction. The paying authority shall see that a warrant or check payment for the 86.21 deductions is promptly sent to the commissioner. The commissioner shall deposit the amount 86.22 of the warrant or check payment to the credit of the proper federal authority or other person 86.23 authorized by federal law to receive it. 86.24

86.25 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Allotment and encumbrance. (a) A payment may not be made without prior 86.26 obligation. An obligation may not be incurred against any fund, allotment, or appropriation 86.27 86.28 unless the commissioner has certified a sufficient unencumbered balance or the accounting system shows sufficient allotment or encumbrance balance in the fund, allotment, or 86.29 appropriation to meet it. The commissioner shall determine when the accounting system 86.30 may be used to incur obligations without the commissioner's certification of a sufficient 86.31 unencumbered balance. An expenditure or obligation authorized or incurred in violation of 86.32 this chapter is invalid and ineligible for payment until made valid. A payment made in 86.33

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violation of this chapter is illegal. An employee authorizing or making the payment, or 87.1 taking part in it, and a person receiving any part of the payment, are jointly and severally 87.2 liable to the state for the amount paid or received. If an employee knowingly incurs an 87.3 obligation or authorizes or makes an expenditure in violation of this chapter or takes part 87.4 in the violation, the violation is just cause for the employee's removal by the appointing 87.5 authority or by the governor if an appointing authority other than the governor fails to do 87.6 so. In the latter case, the governor shall give notice of the violation and an opportunity to 87.7 87.8 be heard on it to the employee and to the appointing authority. A claim presented against an appropriation without prior allotment or encumbrance may be made valid on investigation, 87.9 review, and approval by the agency head in accordance with the commissioner's policy, if 87.10 the services, materials, or supplies to be paid for were actually furnished in good faith 87.11 without collusion and without intent to defraud. The commissioner may then draw a warrant 87.12 to pay the claim just as properly allotted and encumbered claims are paid. 87.13

(b) The commissioner may approve payment for materials and supplies in excess of the
obligation amount when increases are authorized by section 16C.03, subdivision 3.

(c) To minimize potential construction delay claims, an agency with a project funded
by a building appropriation may allow a contractor to proceed with supplemental work
within the limits of the appropriation before money is encumbered. Under this circumstance,
the agency may requisition funds and allow contractors to expeditiously proceed with a
construction sequence. While the contractor is proceeding, the agency shall immediately
act to encumber the required funds.

87.22 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.272, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Section 7.19 <u>16A.271</u> to apply. The provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1941,
section 7.19 <u>16A.271</u>, shall apply to deposits of securities made pursuant to this section.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.40, is amended to read:

87.26 **16A.40 WARRANTS AND ELECTRONIC FUND TRANSFERS.**

Money must not be paid out of the state treasury except upon the warrant of the
commissioner or an electronic fund transfer approved by the commissioner. Warrants must
be drawn on printed blanks that are in numerical order. The commissioner shall enter, in
numerical order in a warrant payment register, the number, amount, date, and payee for
every warrant payment issued.

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- 88.1 The commissioner may require payees to supply their bank routing information to enable88.2 the payments to be made through an electronic fund transfer.
- 88.3 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.42, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Approval. If the claim is approved, the commissioner shall complete and sign
 a warrant issue a payment in the amount of the claim.
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.42, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 read:
- <u>Subd. 5.</u> Invalid claims. If the commissioner determines that a claim is invalid after
 issuing a warrant, the commissioner may void an unpaid warrant. The commissioner is not
 liable to any holder who took the void warrant for value.
- 88.11 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.671, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Authority; advisory recommendation. To ensure that cash is available when needed to <u>pay warrants make payments</u> drawn on the general fund under appropriations and allotments, the commissioner may (1) issue certificates of indebtedness in anticipation of the collection of taxes levied for and other revenues appropriated to the general fund for expenditure during each biennium; and (2) issue additional certificates to refund outstanding certificates and interest on them, under the constitution, article XI, section 6.
- 88.18 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16B.37, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Work of department for another. To avoid duplication and improve efficiency, the commissioner may direct an agency to do work for another agency or may direct a division or section of an agency to do work for another division or section within the same agency and shall require reimbursement for the work. Reimbursements received by an agency are reappropriated to the account making the original expenditure in accordance with the transfer warrant procedure established by the commissioner of management and budget.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16D.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. State agency reports. State agencies shall report quarterly to the commissioner
of management and budget the debts owed to them. The commissioner of management and
budget, in consultation with the commissioners of revenue and human services, and the
attorney general, shall establish internal guidelines for the recognition, tracking, <u>and</u>

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reporting, and collection of debts owed the state. The internal guidelines must include
accounting standards, performance measurements, and uniform reporting requirements
applicable to all state agencies. The commissioner of management and budget shall require
a state agency to recognize, track, report, and attempt to collect debts according to the
internal guidelines. The commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of management
and budget and the attorney general, shall establish internal guidelines for the collection of

89.7 debt owed to the state.

89.8 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16D.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Generally. (a) When a debt is determined by a state agency to be 89.9 uncollectible, the debt may be written off by the state agency from the state agency's financial 89.10 accounting records and no longer recognized as an account receivable for financial reporting 89.11 purposes. A debt is considered to be uncollectible when (1) all reasonable collection efforts 89.12 have been exhausted, (2) the cost of further collection action will exceed the amount 89.13 89.14 recoverable, (3) the debt is legally without merit or cannot be substantiated by evidence, (4) the debtor cannot be located, (5) the available assets or income, current or anticipated, 89.15 that may be available for payment of the debt are insufficient, (6) the debt has been 89.16 discharged in bankruptcy, (7) the applicable statute of limitations for collection of the debt 89.17 has expired, or (8) it is not in the public interest to pursue collection of the debt. The 89.18 determination of the uncollectibility of a 89.19

(b) Uncollectible debt must be reported by the state agency along with the basis for that 89.20 decision as part of its quarterly reports to the commissioner of management and budget. 89.21 The basis for the determination of the uncollectibility of the debt must be maintained by 89.22 the state agency. If an uncollectible debt equals or exceeds \$100,000, the agency shall notify 89.23 the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction 89.24 over the state agency's budget at the time the debt is determined to be uncollectible. The 89.25 information reported shall contain the entity associated with the uncollected debt, the amount 89.26 of the debt, the revenue type, the reason the debt is considered uncollectible, and the duration 89.27 the debt has been outstanding. The commissioner of management and budget shall report 89.28 to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction 89.29 over Minnesota Management and Budget an annual summary of the number and dollar 89.30 89.31 amount of debts determined to be uncollectible during the previous fiscal year by October 31 of each year. Determining that the debt is uncollectible does not cancel the legal obligation 89.32 of the debtor to pay the debt. 89.33

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21.116 EXPENSES.

All necessary expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of sections 21.111 to 21.122 and the compensation of officers, inspectors, and employees appointed, designated, or employed by the commissioner, as provided in such sections, together with their necessary traveling expenses, together with the traveling expenses of the members of the advisory seed potato certification committee, and other expenses necessary in attending committee meetings, shall be paid from, and only from, the seed potato inspection account, on order of the commissioner and commissioner of management and <u>budget's voucher warrant budget</u>.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 21.116, is amended to read:

90.10 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 80A.65, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Generally. No filing for which a fee is required shall be deemed to be filed or 90.11 given any effect until the proper fee is paid. All fees and charges collected by the 90.12 administrator shall be covered into the state treasury. When any person is entitled to a refund 90.13 under this section, the administrator shall certify to the commissioner of management and 90.14 budget the amount of the fee to be refunded to the applicant, and the commissioner of 90.15 management and budget shall issue a warrant in payment thereof out of the fund to which 90.16 such fee was credited in the manner provided by law. There is hereby appropriated to the 90.17 person entitled to such refunds from the fund in the state treasury to which such fees were 90.18 credited an amount to make such refunds and payments. 90.19

90.20 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84A.23, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Drainage ditch bonds; reports. (a) Immediately after a project is approved
and accepted and then after each distribution of the tax collections on the June and November
tax settlements, the county auditor shall certify to the commissioner of management and
budget the following information relating to bonds issued to finance or refinance public
drainage ditches wholly or partly within the projects, and the collection of assessments
levied on account of the ditches:

90.27 (1) the amount of principal and interest to become due on the bonds before the next tax90.28 settlement and distribution;

90.29 (2) the amount of money collected from the drainage assessments and credited to the90.30 funds of the ditches; and

90.31 (3) the amount of the deficit in the ditch fund of the county chargeable to the ditches.

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91.1 (b) On approving the certificate, the commissioner of management and budget shall
91.2 draw a warrant issue a payment, payable out of the fund pertaining to the project, for the
91.3 amount of the deficit in favor of the county.

(c) As to public drainage ditches wholly within a project, the amount of money paid to
or for the benefit of the county under paragraph (b) must never exceed the principal and
interest of the bonds issued to finance or refinance the ditches outstanding at the time of
the passage and approval of sections 84A.20 to 84A.30, less money on hand in the county
ditch fund to the credit of the ditches. The liabilities must be reduced from time to time by
the amount of all payments of assessments after April 25, 1931, made by the owners of
lands assessed before that date for benefits on account of the ditches.

91.11 (d) As to public drainage ditches partly within and partly outside a project, the amount paid from the fund pertaining to the project to or for the benefit of the county must never 91.12 exceed a certain percentage of bonds issued to finance and refinance the ditches so 91.13 outstanding, less money on hand in the county ditch fund to the credit of the ditches on 91.14 April 25, 1931. The percentage must bear the same proportion to the whole amount of these 91.15 bonds as the original benefits assessed against lands within the project bear to the original 91.16 total benefits assessed to the entire system of the ditches. This liability shall be reduced 91.17 from time to time by the payments of all assessments extended after April 25, 1931, made 91.18 by the owners of lands within the project of assessments for benefits assessed before that 91.19 date on account of a ditch. 91.20

(e) The commissioner of management and budget may provide and prescribe forms for
reports required by sections 84A.20 to 84A.30 and require any additional information from
county officials that the commissioner of management and budget considers necessary for
the proper administration of sections 84A.20 to 84A.30.

91.25 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84A.33, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Ditch bonds; funds; payments to counties. (a) Upon the approval and
acceptance of a project and after each distribution of the tax collections for the June and
November tax settlements, the county auditor shall certify to the commissioner of
management and budget the following information about bonds issued to finance or refinance
public drainage ditches wholly or partly within the projects, and the collection of assessments
levied for the ditches:

91.32 (1) the amount of principal and interest to become due on the bonds before the next tax91.33 settlement and distribution;

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92.1 (2) the amount of money collected from the drainage assessments and credited to the
92.2 funds of the ditches, not already sent to the commissioner of management and budget as
92.3 provided in sections 84A.31 to 84A.42; and

92.4 (3) the amount of the deficit in the ditch fund of the county chargeable to the ditches.

92.5 (b) On approving this certificate of the county auditor, the commissioner of management and budget shall draw a warrant issue a payment, payable out of the fund provided for in 92.6 sections 84A.31 to 84A.42, and send it to the county treasurer of the county. These funds 92.7 must be credited to the proper ditch of the county and placed in the ditch bond fund of the 92.8 county, which is created, and used only to pay the ditch bonded indebtedness of the county 92.9 92.10 assumed by the state under sections 84A.31 to 84A.42. The total amount of warrants drawn payments issued must not exceed in any one year the total amount of the deficit provided 92.11 for under this section. 92.12

92.13 (c) The state is subrogated to all title, right, interest, or lien of the county in or on the92.14 lands so certified within these projects.

(d) As to public drainage ditches wholly within a project, the amount paid to, or for the
benefit of, the county under this subdivision must never exceed the principal and interest
of the bonds issued to finance or refinance a ditch outstanding on April 22, 1933, less money
on hand in the county ditch fund to the credit of a ditch. These liabilities must be reduced
from time to time by the amount of any payments of assessments extended after April 22,
1933, made by the owners of lands assessed before that date for benefits on account of the
ditches.

As to public drainage ditches partly within and partly outside a project the amount paid 92.22 from the fund pertaining to the project to or for the benefit of the county must never exceed 92.23 a certain percentage of bonds issued to finance and refinance a ditch so outstanding, less 92.24 money on hand in the county ditch fund to the credit of a ditch on April 22, 1932. The 92.25 percentage must bear the same proportion to the whole amount of the bonds as the original 92.26 benefits assessed against these lands within the project bear to the original total benefits 92.27 92.28 assessed to the entire system for a ditch. This liability must be reduced from time to time by the payments of all assessments extended after April 22, 1933, made by the owners of 92.29 lands within the project of assessments for benefits assessed before that date on account of 92.30 a ditch. 92.31

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Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84A.52, is amended to read:

93.2 **84A.52 ACCOUNTS; EXAMINATION, APPROPRIATION, PAYMENT.**

(a) As a part of the examination provided for by section 6.481, of the accounts of the 93.3 several counties within a game preserve, area, or project established under section 84A.01, 93.4 84A.20, or 84A.31, the state auditor shall segregate the audit of the accounts reflecting the 93.5 receipt and disbursement of money collected or disbursed under this chapter or from the 93.6 sale of tax-forfeited lands held by the state under section 84A.07, 84A.26, or 84A.36. The 93.7 auditor shall also include in the reports required by section 6.481 summary statements as 93.8 of December 31 before the examination that set forth the proportionate amount of principal 93.9 and interest due from the state to the individual county and any money due the state from 93.10 the county remaining unpaid under this chapter, or from the sale of any tax-forfeited lands 93.11 referred to in this section, and other information required by the commissioner of management 93.12 and budget. On receiving a report, the commissioner of management and budget shall 93.13 determine the net amount due to the county for the period covered by the report and shall 93.14 draw a warrant issue a payment upon the state treasury payable out of the consolidated fund 93.15 for that amount. It must be paid to and received by the county as payment in full of all 93.16 amounts due for the period stated on the warrants payments from the state under any 93.17 provision of this chapter. 93.18

(b) Money to pay the warrants make the payments is appropriated to the counties entitled
to payment from the consolidated fund in the state treasury.

93.21 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 88.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Limitation. The compensation and expenses of persons temporarily 93.22 employed in emergencies in suppression or control of wildfires shall be fixed by the 93.23 commissioner of natural resources or an authorized agent and paid as provided by law. Such 93.24 compensation shall not exceed the maximum rate for comparable labor established as 93.25 provided by law or rules, but shall not be subject to any minimum rate so established. The 93.26 commissioner is authorized to draw and expend from money appropriated for the purposes 93.27 of sections 88.03 to 88.22 a reasonable sum and through forest officers or other authorized 93.28 agent be used in paying emergency expenses, including just compensation for services 93.29 rendered by persons summoned and for private property used, damaged, or appropriated 93.30 under sections 88.03 to 88.22. The commissioner of management and budget is authorized 93.31 to draw a warrant issue a payment for this sum when duly approved by the commissioner. 93.32 The commissioner or agent in charge shall take proper subvouchers or receipts from all 93.33 persons to whom these moneys are paid, and after these subvouchers have been approved 93.34

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94.1 they shall be filed with the commissioner of management and budget. Authorized funds as
94.2 herein provided at any time shall be deposited, subject to withdrawal or disbursement by
94.3 check or otherwise for the purposes herein prescribed, in a bank authorized and bonded to
94.4 receive state deposits; and the bond of this bank to the state shall cover and include this
94.5 deposit.

94.6 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 94.522, is amended to read:

94.7 94.522 WARRANTS PAYMENTS TO COUNTY TREASURERS; USE OF 94.8 PROCEEDS.

It shall be the duty of the commissioner of management and budget to transmit warrants on payments from the state treasury to the county treasurer of the respective counties for the sums that may be due in accordance with section 94.521, which sums are hereby appropriated out of the state treasury from the amounts received from the United States government pursuant to the aforesaid acts of Congress, and such money shall be used by the counties receiving the same for the purposes and in the proportions herein provided.

94.15 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 94.53, is amended to read:

94.16 94.53 WARRANTS PAYMENTS TO COUNTY TREASURERS; FEDERAL

94.17 LOANS TO COUNTIES.

It shall be the duty of the commissioner of management and budget to transmit warrants 94.18 on payments from the state treasury to the county treasurers of the respective counties for 94.19 the sum that may be due in accordance with sections 94.52 to 94.54, which sum or sums 94.20 are hereby appropriated out of the state treasury from the amounts received from the United 94.21 States government pursuant to the aforesaid act of Congress. The commissioner of 94.22 management and budget, upon being notified by the federal government or any agencies 94.23 thereof that a loan has been made to any such county the repayment of which is to be made 94.24 from such fund, is authorized to transmit a warrant or warrants payment to the federal 94.25 government or any agency thereof sufficient to repay such loan out of any money apportioned 94.26 94.27 or due to such county under the provisions of such act of Congress, approved May 23, 1908 (Statutes at Large, volume 35, page 260). 94.28

94.29 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116J.64, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Processing. (a) An Indian desiring a loan for the purpose of starting a business
enterprise or expanding an existing business shall make application to the appropriate tribal
government. The application shall be forwarded to the appropriate eligible organization, if

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it is participating in the program, for consideration in conformity with the plans submitted
by said tribal governments. The tribal government may approve the application if it
determines that the loan would advance the goals of the Indian business loan program. If
the tribal government is not participating in the program, the agency may directly approve
or deny the loan application.

(b) If the application is approved, the tribal government shall forward the application,
together with all relevant documents pertinent thereto, to the commissioner of the agency,
who shall <u>cause a warrant request a payment</u> to be <u>drawn in favor of issued to the applicant</u>
<u>or</u> the applicable tribal government, or the agency, if it is administering the loan, with
appropriate notations identifying the borrower.

(c) The tribal government, eligible organization, or the agency, if it is administering the 95.11 loan, shall maintain records of transactions for each borrower in a manner consistent with 95.12 good accounting practice. The interest rate on a loan shall be established by the tribal 95.13 government or the agency, but may be no less than two percent per annum nor more than 95.14 ten percent per annum. When any portion of a debt is repaid, the tribal government, eligible 95.15 organization, or the agency, if it is administering the loan, shall remit the amount so received 95.16 plus interest paid thereon to the commissioner of management and budget through the 95.17 agency. The amount so received shall be credited to the Indian business loan account. 95.18

(d) On the placing of a loan, additional money equal to ten percent of the total amount
made available to any tribal government, eligible organization, or the agency, if it is
administering the loan, for loans during the fiscal year shall be paid to the tribal government,
eligible organization, or the agency, prior to December 31 for the purpose of financing
administrative costs.

95.24 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 127A.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Copy to commissioner of management and budget; appropriation. The
commissioner shall furnish a copy of the apportionment of the school endowment fund to
the commissioner of management and budget, who thereupon shall draw warrants on issue
payments from the state treasury, payable to the several districts, for the amount due each
district. There is hereby annually appropriated from the school endowment fund the amount
of such apportionments.

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96.1 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 127A.40, is amended to read:

96.2 **127A.40 MANNER OF PAYMENT OF STATE AIDS.**

It shall be the duty of the commissioner to deliver to the commissioner of management and budget a certificate for each district entitled to receive state aid under the provisions of this chapter. Upon the receipt of such certificate, it shall be the duty of the commissioner of management and budget to draw a warrant in favor of issue a payment to the district for the amount shown by each certificate to be due to the district. The commissioner of management and budget shall transmit such warrants <u>payments</u> to the district together with a copy of the certificate prepared by the commissioner.

96.10 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 136F.70, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Refunds. The board may make refunds to students for tuition, activity fees,
union fees, and any other fees from imprest cash funds. The imprest cash fund shall be
reimbursed periodically by checks or warrants drawn on payments issued from the funds
and accounts to which the refund should ultimately be charged. The amounts necessary to
pay the refunds are appropriated from the funds and accounts to which they are charged.

96.16 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 176.181, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Compulsory insurance; self-insurers. (a) Every employer, except the state 96.17 and its municipal subdivisions, liable under this chapter to pay compensation shall insure 96.18 payment of compensation with some insurance carrier authorized to insure workers' 96.19 compensation liability in this state, or obtain a written order from the commissioner of 96.20 commerce exempting the employer from insuring liability for compensation and permitting 96.21 self-insurance of the liability. The terms, conditions and requirements governing 96.22 self-insurance shall be established by the commissioner pursuant to chapter 14. The 96.23 commissioner of commerce shall also adopt, pursuant to paragraph (d), rules permitting 96.24 two or more employers, whether or not they are in the same industry, to enter into agreements 96.25 to pool their liabilities under this chapter for the purpose of qualifying as group self-insurers. 96.26 With the approval of the commissioner of commerce, any employer may exclude medical, 96.27 chiropractic and hospital benefits as required by this chapter. An employer conducting 96.28 distinct operations at different locations may either insure or self-insure the other portion 96.29 of operations as a distinct and separate risk. An employer desiring to be exempted from 96.30 insuring liability for compensation shall make application to the commissioner of commerce, 96.31 showing financial ability to pay the compensation, whereupon by written order the 96.32 commissioner of commerce, on deeming it proper, may make an exemption. An employer 96.33

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may establish financial ability to pay compensation by providing financial statements of 97.1 the employer to the commissioner of commerce. Upon ten days' written notice the 97.2 commissioner of commerce may revoke the order granting an exemption, in which event 97.3 the employer shall immediately insure the liability. As a condition for the granting of an 97.4 exemption the commissioner of commerce may require the employer to furnish security the 97.5 commissioner of commerce considers sufficient to insure payment of all claims under this 97.6 chapter, consistent with subdivision 2b. If the required security is in the form of currency 97.7 97.8 or negotiable bonds, the commissioner of commerce shall deposit it with the commissioner of management and budget. In the event of any default upon the part of a self-insurer to 97.9 abide by any final order or decision of the commissioner of labor and industry directing and 97.10 awarding payment of compensation and benefits to any employee or the dependents of any 97.11 deceased employee, then upon at least ten days' notice to the self-insurer, the commissioner 97.12 of commerce may by written order to the commissioner of management and budget require 97.13 the commissioner of management and budget to sell the pledged and assigned securities or 97.14 a part thereof necessary to pay the full amount of any such claim or award with interest 97.15 thereon. This authority to sell may be exercised from time to time to satisfy any order or 97.16 award of the commissioner of labor and industry or any judgment obtained thereon. When 97.17 securities are sold the money obtained shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit 97.18 of the commissioner of commerce and awards made against any such self-insurer by the 97.19 commissioner of commerce shall be paid to the persons entitled thereto by the commissioner 97.20 of management and budget upon warrants prepared payments requested by the commissioner 97.21 of commerce out of the proceeds of the sale of securities. Where the security is in the form 97.22 of a surety bond or personal guaranty the commissioner of commerce, at any time, upon at 97.23 least ten days' notice and opportunity to be heard, may require the surety to pay the amount 97.24 of the award, the payments to be enforced in like manner as the award may be enforced. 97.25

(b) No association, corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship, trust or other business 97.26 97.27 entity shall provide services in the design, establishment or administration of a group self-insurance plan under rules adopted pursuant to this subdivision unless it is licensed, or 97.28 exempt from licensure, pursuant to section 60A.23, subdivision 8, to do so by the 97.29 commissioner of commerce. An applicant for a license shall state in writing the type of 97.30 activities it seeks authorization to engage in and the type of services it seeks authorization 97.31 to provide. The license shall be granted only when the commissioner of commerce is satisfied 97.32 that the entity possesses the necessary organization, background, expertise, and financial 97.33 integrity to supply the services sought to be offered. The commissioner of commerce may 97.34 issue a license subject to restrictions or limitations, including restrictions or limitations on 97.35

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the type of services which may be supplied or the activities which may be engaged in. The 98.1 license is for a two-year period. 98.2 (c) To assure that group self-insurance plans are financially solvent, administered in a 98.3 fair and capable fashion, and able to process claims and pay benefits in a prompt, fair and 98.4 equitable manner, entities licensed to engage in such business are subject to supervision 98.5 and examination by the commissioner of commerce. 98.6 (d) To carry out the purposes of this subdivision, the commissioner of commerce may 98.7 promulgate administrative rules pursuant to sections 14.001 to 14.69. These rules may: 98.8 (1) establish reporting requirements for administrators of group self-insurance plans; 98.9 (2) establish standards and guidelines consistent with subdivision 2b to assure the 98.10 adequacy of the financing and administration of group self-insurance plans; 98.11 (3) establish bonding requirements or other provisions assuring the financial integrity 98.12 of entities administering group self-insurance plans; 98.13 (4) establish standards, including but not limited to minimum terms of membership in 98.14 self-insurance plans, as necessary to provide stability for those plans; 98.15 (5) establish standards or guidelines governing the formation, operation, administration, 98.16 and dissolution of self-insurance plans; and 98.17 (6) establish other reasonable requirements to further the purposes of this subdivision. 98.18 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 176.581, is amended to read: 98.19 **176.581 PAYMENT TO STATE EMPLOYEES.** 98.20 Upon a warrant request prepared by the commissioner of administration, and in 98.21 accordance with the terms of the order awarding compensation, the commissioner of 98.22 management and budget shall pay compensation to the employee or the employee's 98.23 dependent. These payments shall be made from money appropriated for this purpose. 98.24 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 176.591, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 98.25 98.26 Subd. 3. Compensation payments upon warrants request. The commissioner of management and budget shall make compensation payments from the fund only as authorized 98.27

98.28 by this chapter upon warrants request of the commissioner of administration.

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Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 192.55, is amended to read:

99.2 **192.55 PAYMENTS TO BE MADE THROUGH ADJUTANT GENERAL.**

All pay and allowances and necessary expenses for any of the military forces shall, when 99.3 approved by the adjutant general, be paid by commissioner of management and budget's 99.4 warrants issued budget to the several officers and enlisted members entitled thereto; provided, 99.5 that upon the request of the adjutant general, approved by the governor, the sum required 99.6 for any such pay or allowances and necessary expenses shall be paid by commissioner of 99.7 management and budget's warrant budget to the adjutant general, who shall immediately 99.8 pay and distribute the same to the several officers or enlisted members entitled thereto or 99.9 to their commanding officers or to a finance officer designated by the adjutant general. The 99.10 receipt of any such commanding officer or finance officer for any such payment shall 99.11 discharge the adjutant general from liability therefor. Every commanding officer or finance 99.12 officer receiving any such payment shall, as soon as practicable, pay and distribute the same 99.13 to the several officers or enlisted members entitled thereto. The officer making final payment 99.14 shall, as evidence thereof, secure the signature of the person receiving the same upon a 99.15 payroll or other proper voucher. 99.16

99.17 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 237.30, is amended to read:

99.18 **237.30 TELEPHONE INVESTIGATION FUND; APPROPRIATION.**

A Minnesota Telephone Investigation Fund shall exist for the use of the Department of 99.19 Commerce and of the attorney general in investigations, valuations, and revaluations under 99.20 section 237.295. All sums paid by the telephone companies to reimburse the department 99.21 for its expenses pursuant to section 237.295 shall be credited to the revolving fund and shall 99.22 be deposited in a separate bank account and not commingled with any other state funds or 99.23 moneys, but any balance in excess of \$25,000 in the revolving fund at the end of each fiscal 99.24 year shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the general fund. All subsequent 99.25 credits to said revolving fund shall be paid upon the warrant of by the commissioner of 99.26 management and budget upon application of the department or of the attorney general to 99.27 an aggregate amount of not more than one-half of such sums to each of them, which 99.28 proportion shall be constantly maintained in all credits and withdrawals from the revolving 99.29 99.30 fund.

99.31 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 244.19, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

99.32 Subd. 7. Certificate of counties entitled to state aid. On or before January 1 of each
99.33 year, until 1970 and on or before April 1 thereafter, the commissioner of corrections shall

deliver to the commissioner of management and budget a certificate in duplicate for each county of the state entitled to receive state aid under the provisions of this section. Upon the receipt of such certificate, the commissioner of management and budget shall draw a warrant in favor of issue a payment to the county treasurer for the amount shown by each certificate to be due to the county specified. The commissioner of management and budget shall transmit such warrant payment to the county treasurer together with a copy of the certificate prepared by the commissioner of corrections.

100.8 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 256B.20, is amended to read:

100.9 **256B.20 COUNTY APPROPRIATIONS.**

The providing of funds necessary to carry out the provisions hereof on the part of the counties and the manner of administering the funds of the counties and the state shall be as follows:

(1) The board of county commissioners of each county shall annually set up in its budget 100.13 an item designated as the county medical assistance fund and levy taxes and fix a rate 100.14 therefor sufficient to produce the full amount of such item, in addition to all other tax levies 100.15 and tax rate, however fixed or determined, sufficient to carry out the provisions hereof and 100.16 sufficient to pay in full the county share of assistance and administrative expense for the 100.17 ensuing year; and annually on or before October 10 shall certify the same to the county 100.18 auditor to be entered by the auditor on the tax rolls. Such tax levy and tax rate shall make 100.19 proper allowance and provision for shortage in tax collections. 100.20

(2) Any county may transfer surplus funds from any county fund, except the sinking or
ditch fund, to the general fund or to the county medical assistance fund in order to provide
money necessary to pay medical assistance awarded hereunder. The money so transferred
shall be used for no other purpose, but any portion thereof no longer needed for such purpose
shall be transferred back to the fund from which taken.

(3) Upon the order of the county agency the county auditor shall draw a warrant on the 100.26 proper fund in accordance with the order, and the county treasurer shall pay out the amounts 100.27 ordered to be paid out as medical assistance hereunder. When necessary by reason of failure 100.28 to levy sufficient taxes for the payment of the medical assistance in the county, the county 100.29 auditor shall carry any such payments as an overdraft on the medical assistance funds of 100.30 the county until sufficient tax funds shall be provided for such assistance payments. The 100.31 board of county commissioners shall include in the tax levy and tax rate in the year following 100.32 the year in which such overdraft occurred, an amount sufficient to liquidate such overdraft 100.33 in full. 100.34

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(4) Claims for reimbursement and reports shall be presented to the state agency by the 101.1 respective counties as required under section 256.01, subdivision 2, paragraph (p). The state 101.2 agency shall audit such claims and certify to the commissioner of management and budget 101.3 the amounts due the respective counties without delay. The amounts so certified shall be 101.4 paid within ten days after such certification, from the state treasury upon warrant payment 101.5 101.6 of the commissioner of management and budget from any money available therefor. The money available to the state agency to carry out the provisions hereof, including all federal 101.7 101.8 funds available to the state, shall be kept and deposited by the commissioner of management and budget in the revenue fund and disbursed upon warrants in the same manner as other 101.9 state funds. 101.10

101.11 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 299C.21, is amended to read:

101.12 299C.21 PENALTY ON LOCAL OFFICER REFUSING INFORMATION.

If any public official charged with the duty of furnishing to the bureau fingerprint records, 101.13 biological specimens, reports, or other information required by sections 299C.06, 299C.10, 101.14 299C.105, 299C.11, 299C.17, shall neglect or refuse to comply with such requirement, the 101.15 bureau, in writing, shall notify the state, county, or city officer charged with the issuance 101.16 of a warrant for the payment of the salary of such official. Upon the receipt of the notice 101.17 the state, county, or city official shall withhold the issuance of a warrant for the payment 101.18 of the salary or other compensation accruing to such officer for the period of 30 days 101.19 101.20 thereafter until notified by the bureau that such suspension has been released by the performance of the required duty. 101.21

101.22 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 352.04, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Erroneous deductions, canceled warrants payments. (a) Deductions taken
from the salary of an employee for the retirement fund in excess of required amounts must,
upon discovery and verification by the department making the deduction, be refunded to
the employee.

(b) If a deduction for the retirement fund is taken from a salary warrant or check payment, and the check payment is canceled or the amount of the warrant or check payment returned to the funds of the department making the payment, the sum deducted, or the part of it required to adjust the deductions, must be refunded to the department or institution if the department applies for the refund on a form furnished by the director. The department's payments must likewise be refunded to the department.

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(c) If erroneous employee deductions and employer contributions are caused by an error 102.1 in plan coverage involving the plan and any other plans specified in section 356.99, that 102.2 section applies. If the employee should have been covered by the plan governed by chapter 102.3 352D, 353D, 354B, or 354D, the employee deductions and employer contributions taken 102.4 in error must be directly transferred to the applicable employee's account in the correct 102.5 retirement plan, with interest at the applicable monthly rate or rates specified in section 102.6 356.59, subdivision 2, compounded annually, from the first day of the month following the 102.7 102.8 month in which coverage should have commenced in the correct defined contribution plan until the end of the month in which the transfer occurs. 102.9

102.10 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 353.05, is amended to read:

102.11 **353.05 CUSTODIAN OF FUNDS.**

The commissioner of management and budget shall be ex officio treasurer of the 102.12 retirement funds of the association and the general bond of the commissioner of management 102.13 and budget to the state must be so conditioned as to cover all liability for acts as treasurer 102.14 of these funds. All money of the association received by the commissioner of management 102.15 and budget must be set aside in the state treasury to the credit of the proper fund or account. 102.16 The commissioner of management and budget shall transmit monthly to the executive 102.17 director a detailed statement of all amounts so received and credited to the funds. Payments 102.18 out of the funds may only be made on warrants as payments issued by the commissioner of 102.19 102.20 management and budget, upon abstracts signed by the executive director; provided that abstracts for investment may be signed by the executive director of the State Board of 102.21 Investment. 102.22

102.23 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 354.42, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Erroneous salary deductions or direct payments. (a) Any deductions taken from the salary of an employee for the retirement fund in excess of amounts required must be refunded to the employee upon the discovery of the error and after the verification of the error by the employing unit making the deduction. The corresponding excess employer contribution and excess additional employer contribution amounts attributable to the erroneous salary deduction must be refunded to the employing unit.

(b) If salary deductions and employer contributions were erroneously transmitted to the
retirement fund and should have been transmitted to the plan covered by chapter 352D,
353D, 354B, or 354D, the executive director must transfer these salary deductions and
employer contributions to the account of the appropriate person under the applicable plan.

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The transfer to the applicable defined contribution plan account must include interest at the
rate of 0.71 percent per month, compounded annually, from the first day of the month
following the month in which coverage should have commenced in the defined contribution
plan until the end of the month in which the transfer occurs.

(c) A potential transfer under paragraph (b) that would cause the plan to fail to be a 103.5 qualified plan under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, must not be 103.6 made by the executive director. Within 30 days after being notified by the Teachers 103.7 103.8 Retirement Association of an unmade potential transfer under this paragraph, the employer of the affected person must transmit an amount representing the applicable salary deductions 103.9 and employer contributions, without interest, to the account of the applicable person under 103.10 the appropriate plan. The retirement association must provide a credit for the amount of the 103.11 erroneous salary deductions and employer contributions against future contributions from 103.12 the employer. 103.13

(d) If a salary <u>warrant or check payment</u> from which a deduction for the retirement fund
was taken has been canceled or the amount of the <u>warrant or if a check payment</u> has been
returned to the funds of the employing unit making the payment, a refund of the amount
deducted, or any portion of it that is required to adjust the salary deductions, must be made
to the employing unit.

(e) Erroneous direct payments of member-paid contributions or erroneous salary
deductions that were not refunded during the regular payroll cycle processing must be
refunded to the member, plus interest computed using the rate and method specified in
section 354.49, subdivision 2.

(f) Any refund under this subdivision that would cause the plan to fail to be a qualified
plan under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, may not be refunded
and instead must be credited against future contributions payable by the employer. The
employer is responsible for refunding to the applicable employee any amount that was
erroneously deducted from the salary of the employee, with interest as specified in paragraph
(e).

(g) If erroneous employee deductions and employer contributions are caused by an error
in plan coverage involving the plan and any other plan specified in section 356.99, that
section applies.

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104.1 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 401.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Certified statements; determinations; adjustments. Within 60 days 104.2 of the end of each calendar quarter, participating counties which have received the payments 104.3 authorized by section 401.14 shall submit to the commissioner certified statements detailing 104.4 the amounts expended and costs incurred in furnishing the correctional services provided 104.5 in sections 401.01 to 401.16. Upon receipt of certified statements, the commissioner shall, 104.6 in the manner provided in sections 401.10 and 401.12, determine the amount each 104.7 104.8 participating county is entitled to receive, making any adjustments necessary to rectify any disparity between the amounts received pursuant to the estimate provided in section 401.14 104.9 and the amounts actually expended. If the amount received pursuant to the estimate is greater 104.10 than the amount actually expended during the quarter, the commissioner may withhold the 104.11 difference from any subsequent monthly payments made pursuant to section 401.14. Upon 104.12 certification by the commissioner of the amount a participating county is entitled to receive 104.13 under the provisions of section 401.14 or of this subdivision the commissioner of 104 14 management and budget shall thereupon issue a state warrant payment to the chief fiscal 104.15 officer of each participating county for the amount due together with a copy of the certificate 104.16 prepared by the commissioner. 104.17

104.18 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 446A.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

104.19 Subdivision 1. Functions of commissioner of management and budget. Except as otherwise provided in this section, money of the authority must be paid to the commissioner 104.20 of management and budget as agent of the authority and the commissioner shall not 104.21 commingle the money with other money. The money in the accounts of the authority must 104.22 be paid out only on warrants drawn by the commissioner of management and budget on 104.23 requisition of the chair of the authority or of another officer or employee as the authority 104.24 authorizes. Deposits of the authority's money must, if required by the commissioner or the 104.25 authority, be secured by obligations of the United States or of the state of a market value 104 26 equal at all times to the amount of the deposit and all banks and trust companies are 104.27 authorized to give security for the deposits. 104.28

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 462A.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Functions of commissioner of management and budget. All moneys
of the agency, except as otherwise authorized or provided in this section, shall be paid to
the commissioner of management and budget as agent of the agency, who shall not
commingle such moneys with any other moneys. The moneys in such accounts shall be

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paid out on warrants drawn by the commissioner on requisition of the chair of the agency
or of such other officer or employee as the agency shall authorize to make such requisition.
All deposits of such moneys shall, if required by the commissioner or the agency, be secured
by obligations of the United States or of the state of a market value equal at all times to the
amount of the deposit and all banks and trust companies are authorized to give such security
for such deposits.

105.7 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 525.841, is amended to read:

105.8 **525.841 ESCHEAT RETURNED.**

In all such cases the commissioner of management and budget shall be furnished with 105.9 a certified copy of the court's order assigning the escheated property to the persons entitled 105.10 thereto, and upon notification of payment of the estate tax, the commissioner of management 105.11 and budget shall draw a warrant issue a payment or execute a proper conveyance to the 105.12 persons designated in such order. In the event any escheated property has been sold pursuant 105.13 to sections 11A.04, clause (9), and 11A.10, subdivision 2, or 16B.281 to 16B.287, then the 105.14 warrant payment shall be for the appraised value as established during the administration 105.15 of the decedent's estate. There is hereby annually appropriated from any moneys in the state 105.16 treasury not otherwise appropriated an amount sufficient to make payment to all such 105.17 designated persons. No interest shall be allowed on any amount paid to such persons. 105.18

105.19 Sec. 41. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

The revisor of statutes shall replace, as the context requires, "warrant," "warrants," or 105.20 "warrant or check" with "payment" or "payments" in the following sections and subdivisions 105.21 of Minnesota Statutes: 15.0596; 16A.134; 16A.17, subdivision 5; 16A.42, subdivision 4; 105.22 16A.56; 43A.30, subdivision 2; 43A.49; 49.24, subdivisions 13 and 16; 69.031, subdivision 105.23 1; 84A.40; 126C.55, subdivisions 2 and 9; 126C.68, subdivision 3; 126C.69, subdivision 105.24 14; 136F.46, subdivision 1; 162.08, subdivisions 10 and 11; 162.14, subdivisions 4 and 5; 105.25 105.26 162.18, subdivision 4; 162.181, subdivision 4; 163.051, subdivision 3; 196.052; 198.16; 241.13, subdivision 1; 260B.331, subdivision 2; 260C.331, subdivision 2; 273.121, 105.27 subdivision 1; 287.08; 297I.10, subdivision 1; 348.05; 352.05; 352.115, subdivision 12; 105.28 352.12, subdivision 13; 353.27, subdivision 7; 354.52, subdivisions 4 and 4b; 446A.086, 105.29 subdivision 4; and 475A.04, subdivision 1. 105.30

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ARTICLE 4

ELECTIONS AND VOTING RIGHTS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 13.607, is amended by adding a subdivisionto read:

Subd. 9. Data derived from driver's license applications. Data on an application for
 a driver's license, a Minnesota identification card, or a learner's permit transferred to the
 secretary of state that are provided by a person whom the secretary of state determines is
 not eligible to vote are governed by section 201.161.

106.9 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 123B.09, subdivision 5b, is amended to read:

Subd. 5b. Appointments to fill vacancies; special elections. (a) Any vacancy on the 106.10 board, other than a vacancy described in subdivision 4, must be filled by board appointment 106.11 at a regular or special meeting. The appointment shall be evidenced by a resolution entered 106.12 in the minutes and shall be effective 30 days following adoption of the resolution, subject 106.13 to paragraph (b). If the appointment becomes effective, it shall continue until an election is 106.14 held under this subdivision. All elections to fill vacancies shall be for the unexpired term. 106.15 A special election to fill the vacancy must be held no later than the first Tuesday after the 106.16 106.17 first Monday in November following the vacancy. If the vacancy occurs less than 90 days prior to the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the year in which the vacancy 106.18 occurs, the special election must be held no later than the first Tuesday after the first Monday 106.19 in November of the following calendar year. If the vacancy occurs less than 90 days prior 106.20 to the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the third year of the term, no 106.21 special election is required. If the vacancy is filled by a special election, the person elected 106.22 at that election for the ensuing term shall take office immediately after receiving the 106.23 certificate of election, filing the bond, and taking the oath of office the appointee shall serve 106.24 for the remainder of the unexpired term. 106.25

(b) An appointment made under paragraph (a) shall not be effective if a petition to reject 106.26 the appointee is filed with the school district clerk. To be valid, a petition to reject an 106.27 appointee must be signed by a number of eligible voters residing in the district equal to at 106.28 106.29 least five percent of the total number of voters voting in the district at the most recent state general election, and must be filed within 30 days of the board's adoption of the resolution 106.30 making the appointment. If a valid petition is filed according to the requirements of this 106.31 paragraph, the appointment by the school board is ineffective and the board must name a 106.32 new appointee as provided in paragraph (a). 106.33

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107.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sec	tion is effective Augus	t 1, 2019, and ap	plies to vacancies
107.2	created on or after that date.			
107.3 107.4	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, read:	, section 174.24, is amo	ended by adding	a subdivision to
107.5	Subd. 7a. Transit service on e	lection day. An eligibl	e recipient of op	erating assistance
107.6	under this section who contracts or	has contracted to prov	ide fixed route p	oublic transit shall
107.7	provide fixed route public transit s	service free of charge of	n a day a state g	general election is
107.8	held.			

107.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2020.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 201.014, is amended by adding a subdivision toread:

107.12 Subd. 2a. Felony conviction; restoration of civil right to vote. An individual convicted

107.13 of a felony has the civil right to vote restored when the individual completes any incarceration

107.14 imposed and executed by the court for the offense or upon sentencing if no incarceration is

107.15 imposed. If the individual is later incarcerated for the same offense, the individual's civil

107.16 right to vote is lost only during the period of incarceration.

107.17 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 201.022, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

107.18 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The secretary of state shall maintain a statewide voter 107.19 registration system to facilitate voter registration and to provide a central database containing 107.20 voter registration information from around the state. The system must be accessible to the 107.21 county auditor of each county in the state. The system must also:

(1) provide for voters to submit their voter registration applications to any county auditor,
the secretary of state, or the Department of Public Safety;

(2) provide for the definition, establishment, and maintenance of a central database forall voter registration information;

107.26 (3) provide for entering data into the statewide registration system;

(4) provide for electronic transfer of completed voter registration applications from theDepartment of Public Safety to the secretary of state or the county auditor;

107.29 (5) assign a unique identifier to each legally registered voter in the state;

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108.1 (6) provide for the acceptance of the Minnesota driver's license number, Minnesota state

identification number, and last four digits of the Social Security number for each voterrecord;

108.4 (7) coordinate with other agency databases within the state;

108.5 (8) allow county auditors and the secretary of state to add or modify information in the108.6 system to provide for accurate and up-to-date records;

(9) allow county auditors, municipal and school district clerks, and the secretary of state
to have electronic access to the statewide registration system for review and search
capabilities;

(10) provide security and protection of all information in the statewide registration
 system and ensure that unauthorized access is not allowed;

108.12 (11) provide access to municipal clerks to use the system;

(12) provide a system for each county to identify the precinct to which a voter shouldbe assigned for voting purposes;

(13) provide daily reports accessible by county auditors on the driver's license numbers,
 state identification numbers, or last four digits of the Social Security numbers submitted on
 voter registration applications that have been verified as accurate by the secretary of state;
 and

(14) provide reports on the number of absentee ballots transmitted to and returned and
 cast by voters under section 203B.16-; and

108.21 (15) provide reports necessary for early voting.

108.22 The appropriate state or local official shall provide security measures to prevent 108.23 unauthorized access to the computerized list established under section 201.021.

108.24 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 201.071, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Form. Both paper and electronic voter registration applications must 108 25 contain the same information unless otherwise provided by law. A voter registration 108.26 application must contain spaces for the following required information: voter's first name, 108.27 108.28 middle name, and last name; voter's previous name, if any; voter's current address; voter's previous address, if any; voter's date of birth; voter's municipality and county of residence; 108.29 voter's telephone number, if provided by the voter; date of registration; current and valid 108.30 Minnesota driver's license number or Minnesota state identification number, or if the voter 108.31 has no current and valid Minnesota driver's license or Minnesota state identification, the 108.32

109.1 last four digits of the voter's Social Security number; and voter's signature. The paper

109.2 registration application may include the voter's e-mail address, if provided by the voter. The

109.3 electronic voter registration application must include the voter's e-mail address. The

109.4 registration application may include the voter's interest in serving as an election judge, if

indicated by the voter. The application must also contain the following certification of votereligibility:

^{109.7} "I certify that I:

109.8 (1) will be at least 18 years old on election day;

109.9 (2) am a citizen of the United States;

109.10 (3) will have resided in Minnesota for 20 days immediately preceding election day;

109.11 (4) maintain residence at the address given on the registration form;

(5) am not under court-ordered guardianship in which the court order revokes my rightto vote;

109.14 (6) have not been found by a court to be legally incompetent to vote;

109.15 (7) have the right to vote because, if I have been convicted of a felony, my felony sentence

109.16 has expired (been completed) or I have been discharged from my sentence am not currently

109.17 incarcerated for a felony offense; and

(8) have read and understand the following statement: that giving false information is a
felony punishable by not more than five years imprisonment or a fine of not more than
\$10,000, or both."

109.21 The certification must include boxes for the voter to respond to the following questions:

109.22 "(1) Are you a citizen of the United States?" and

109.23 "(2) Will you be 18 years old on or before election day?"

109.24 And the instruction:

"If you checked 'no' to either of these questions, do not complete this form."

109.26 The form of the voter registration application and the certification of voter eligibility

109.27 must be as provided in this subdivision and approved by the secretary of state. Voter

109.28 registration forms authorized by the National Voter Registration Act must also be accepted

109.29 as valid. The federal postcard application form must also be accepted as valid if it is not

109.30 deficient and the voter is eligible to register in Minnesota.

110.1 An individual may use a voter registration application to apply to register to vote in 110.2 Minnesota or to change information on an existing registration.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 201.091, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Public information lists. The county auditor shall make available for inspection 110.4 a public information list which must contain the name, address, year of birth, and voting 110.5 history of each registered voter in the county. The list must not include the party choice of 110.6 110.7 any voter who voted in the most recent a presidential nomination primary. The telephone number must be included on the list if provided by the voter. The public information list 110.8 may also include information on voting districts. The county auditor may adopt reasonable 110.9 rules governing access to the list. No individual inspecting the public information list shall 110.10 tamper with or alter it in any manner. No individual who inspects the public information 110.11 list or who acquires a list of registered voters prepared from the public information list may 110.12 use any information contained in the list for purposes unrelated to elections, political 110.13 110.14 activities, or law enforcement. The secretary of state may provide copies of the public information lists and other information from the statewide registration system for uses 110.15 related to elections, political activities, or in response to a law enforcement inquiry from a 110.16 public official concerning a failure to comply with any criminal statute or any state or local 110.17 tax statute. 110.18

Before inspecting the public information list or obtaining a list of voters or other information from the list, the individual shall provide identification to the public official having custody of the public information list and shall state in writing that any information obtained from the list will not be used for purposes unrelated to elections, political activities, or law enforcement. Requests to examine or obtain information from the public information lists or the statewide registration system must be made and processed in the manner provided in the rules of the secretary of state.

Upon receipt of a statement signed by the voter that withholding the voter's name from the public information list is required for the safety of the voter or the voter's family, the secretary of state and county auditor must withhold from the public information list the name of a registered voter.

110.30 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019, and applies to presidential
 110.31 nomination primaries conducted on or after that date.

- 111.1 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 201.091, is amended by adding a subdivision to 111.2 read:
- 111.3 Subd. 4a. Presidential primary political party list. For each major political party that
- 111.4 participated in the presidential nomination primary, the secretary of state must maintain a
- 111.5 list of the voters who voted in the presidential nomination primary and selected that political
- 111.6 party. Information maintained on the lists is private data on individuals as defined under
- section 13.02, subdivision 12, except that the secretary of state must provide to the chair of
- 111.8 each major political party a list of voters who selected the chair's party for the most recent
- 111.9 presidential nomination primary.

111.10 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019, and applies to presidential 111.11 nomination primaries conducted on or after that date.

111.12 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 201.161, is amended to read:

111.13 201.161 AUTOMATIC REGISTRATION OF DRIVER'S LICENSE,

111.14 INSTRUCTION PERMIT, AND IDENTIFICATION CARD APPLICATIONS 111.15 APPLICANTS.

- 111.16 Subdivision 1. Automatic registration. An individual who properly completes an
- application for a new or renewed Minnesota driver's license, instruction permit, or
- identification card, and who is eligible to vote under section 201.014, must be registered to
- 111.19 vote as provided in this section, unless the applicant declines to be registered.

Subd. 2. Applications. The Department commissioner of public safety, in consultation 111.20 with the secretary of state, shall change its the applications for an original, duplicate, or 111.21 change of address driver's license, instruction permit, or identification card so that the forms 111.22 may also serve as voter registration applications. The forms must contain spaces for all 111.23 information collected by voter registration applications prescribed by the secretary of state-111.24 Applicants for driver's licenses or identification cards must be asked if they want to register 111.25 to vote at the same time and that and a box for the applicant to decline to be registered to 111.26 vote. The form must clearly state that it is a felony for a person who is not eligible to vote 111.27 to register to vote or cast a ballot. Unless the applicant has declined to be registered to vote 111.28 or has provided an address other than the applicant's address of residence under section 111.29 171.12, subdivision 7, paragraph (d), the commissioner shall transmit the information must 111.30 be transmitted at least weekly daily by electronic means to the secretary of state. Pursuant 111.31 to the Help America Vote Act of 2002, Public Law 107-252, the computerized driver's 111.32 license record containing the voter's name, address, date of birth, citizenship, driver's license 111.33 number or state identification number, county, town, and city or town must be made available 111.34

- for access by the secretary of state and interaction with the statewide voter registrationsystem.
- 112.3 Subd. 3. Registration. (a) The secretary of state shall determine whether the applicant is currently registered in the statewide voter registration system. For each currently registered 112.4 112.5 voter whose registration is not changed, the secretary of state shall update the voter's registration date in the statewide voter registration system. For each currently registered 112.6 voter whose registration is changed, the secretary of state shall transmit the registration 112.7 daily by electronic means to the county auditor of the county where the voter resides. 112.8 (b) If the applicant is not currently registered in the statewide voter registration system, 112.9 112.10 the secretary of state shall determine whether the applicant is 18 years of age or older and a citizen of the United States and compare the voter registration information received under 112.11 section 201.145 to determine whether the applicant is eligible to vote. If an applicant is less 112.12 than 18 years of age, the secretary of state shall wait until the applicant has turned 18 years 112.13 of age to determine whether the applicant is eligible to vote. For each applicant the secretary 112.14 of state determines is an eligible voter, the secretary of state shall transmit the registration 112.15 daily by electronic means to the county auditor of the county where the voter resides. 112.16 (c) Any data on applicants who the secretary determines are not eligible to vote are 112.17 private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12. 112.18 112.19 Subd. 4. Notice. Upon receipt of the registration, the county auditor shall mail to the voter the notice of registration required by section 201.121, subdivision 2. 112.20 Subd. 5. Registering 20 days before election. An application for registration that is 112.21 dated during the 20 days before an election in any jurisdiction within which the voter resides 112.22 is not effective until the day after the election. 112.23 Subd. 6. System certification. An applicant for a Minnesota driver's license, instruction 112.24 permit, or identification card must not be registered to vote until the commissioner of public 112.25 112.26 safety has certified that the department's systems have been tested and can accurately provide the necessary data, and the secretary of state has certified that the system for automatic 112.27 registration of those applicants has been tested and is capable of properly determining 112.28 whether an applicant is eligible to vote. 112.29 112.30 Subd. 7. Implementation costs. The secretary of state and commissioner of public safety must absorb any costs associated with implementation of this section using existing 112.31 appropriations provided to the secretary or commissioner by law. 112.32

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ENGROSSMENTREVISORSGSDIVH1935-1113.1Sec. 10. [201.276] DUTIES OF SECRETARY OF STATE; INFORMATION ABOUT113.2VOTING RIGHTS.

- 113.3 The secretary of state shall develop accurate and complete information in a single
- 113.4 publication about the voting rights of people who have been charged with or convicted of
- a crime. This publication must be made available electronically to the state court administrator
- 113.6 for distribution to judges, court personnel, probation officers, and the commissioner of
- 113.7 corrections for distribution to corrections officials, parole and supervised release agents,
- 113.8 and the public.

113.9 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.001, is amended to read:

113.10 **203B.001 ELECTION LAW APPLICABILITY.**

113.11 The Minnesota Election Law is applicable to voting by absentee ballot and early voting
113.12 unless otherwise provided in this chapter.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.01, is amended by adding a subdivisionto read:

Subd. 5. Early voting. "Early voting" means voting in person before election day at the
 office of the county auditor or designated municipal clerk within the time period provided
 in section 203B.31.

113.18 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

113.19 Subdivision 1. Violation. (a) No individual shall intentionally:

(1) make or sign any false certificate required by this chapter;

(2) make any false or untrue statement in any application for absentee ballots;

(3) apply for absentee ballots more than once in any election with the intent to cast anillegal ballot;

(4) exhibit a ballot marked by that individual to any other individual;

(5) do any act in violation of the provisions of this chapter for the purpose of casting an
illegal vote in any precinct or for the purpose of aiding another to cast an illegal vote;

(6) use information from absentee ballot <u>or early voting materials or records for purposes</u>
unrelated to elections, political activities, or law enforcement;

(7) provide assistance to an absentee or early voter except in the manner provided by
section 204C.15, subdivision 1;

(8) solicit the vote of an absentee <u>or early</u> voter while in the immediate presence of the
voter during the time the individual knows the absentee <u>or early</u> voter is voting; or

(9) alter an absentee ballot application after it has been signed by the voter, except byan election official for administrative purposes.

(b) Before inspecting information from absentee ballot <u>or early voting materials</u> or
records, an individual shall provide identification to the public official having custody of
the material or information.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.04, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

114.9 Subd. 5. Permanent absentee voter status. (a) An eligible voter may apply to a county auditor or municipal clerk to automatically receive an absentee ballot application before 114.10 each election, other than an election by mail conducted under section 204B.45, and to have 114.11 the status as a permanent absentee voter indicated on the voter's registration record. The 114.12 secretary of state must prescribe a form for this purpose. An eligible voter listed as an 114.13 ongoing absentee voter as of July 31, 2013, pursuant to laws in effect on that date, shall be 114.14 treated as if the voter applied for status as a permanent absentee voter pursuant to this 114.15 114.16 subdivision.

(b) A voter who applies under paragraph (a) must automatically be provided an absentee
ballot application for each eligible election. A voter's permanent absentee status ends and
automatic ballot application delivery must be terminated on:

114.20 (1) the voter's written request;

114.21 (2) the voter's death;

114.22 (3) return of an absentee ballot as undeliverable; or

(4) a change in the voter's status to "challenged" or "inactive" in the statewide voterregistration system.

114.25 (c) The secretary of state shall adopt rules governing procedures under this subdivision.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to elections
 conducted on or after that date.

114.28 Sec. 15. [203B.045] VOTERS WITH A DISABILITY.

114.29 Subdivision 1. Transmitting ballot and certificate of voter eligibility. (a) A voter with

114.30 <u>a temporary or permanent disability may include in an application for absentee ballots a</u>

114.31 request that the ballots, instructions, and a certificate of voter eligibility meeting the

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115.1 requirements of section 203B.21, subdivision 3, be transmitted to the voter electronically

in an accessible format, including ballots with the ability to be marked by accessible software

115.3 or devices. Upon receipt of a properly completed application requesting accessible electronic

115.4 <u>transmission, the county auditor shall electronically transmit the requested materials to the</u>
115.5 voter.

(b) Electronic materials provided by a county auditor to a voter under this subdivision

- must comply with the accessibility standards developed under section 16E.03, subdivision
- 115.8 <u>9.</u>

115.9 (c) The county auditor or municipal clerk must provide a return envelope containing

115.10 first class postage to a voter requesting a ballot and ballot materials under this subdivision.

115.11 <u>Subd. 2.</u> Marking ballots. The voter may electronically mark the ballot using accessible
115.12 software or devices.

Subd. 3. <u>Returning voted ballots.</u> The voter must return the voted ballots and the
certificate of voter eligibility to the county auditor in a sealed envelope.

115.15 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

115.16 Subdivision 1. **Generally.** The full-time clerk of any city or town shall administer the 115.17 provisions of sections 203B.04 to 203B.15 if:

(1) the county auditor of that county has designated the clerk to administer them; or

(2) the clerk has given the county auditor of that county notice of intention to administerthem.

115.21 The designation or notice must specify whether the clerk will be responsible for the 115.22 administration of a ballot board as provided in section 203B.121.

A clerk of a city that is located in more than one county may only administer the 115.23 provisions of sections 203B.04 to 203B.15 and 203B.30 to 203B.35 if the clerk has been 115.24 designated by each of the county auditors or has provided notice to each of the county 115.25 115.26 auditors that the city will administer absentee voting. A clerk may only administer the provisions of sections 203B.04 to 203B.15 if the clerk has technical capacity to access the 115.27 statewide voter registration system in the secure manner prescribed by the secretary of state. 115 28 The secretary of state must identify hardware, software, security, or other technical 115.29 prerequisites necessary to ensure the security, access controls, and performance of the 115.30 statewide voter registration system. A clerk must receive training approved by the secretary 115.31 of state on the use of the statewide voter registration system before administering this section. 115.32

116.1 A clerk may not use the statewide voter registration system until the clerk has received the

required training. The county auditor must notify the secretary of state of any municipal

clerk who will be administering the provisions of this section and the duties that the clerkwill administer.

116.5 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Printing and delivery of forms. Each county auditor and municipal
clerk shall prepare and print a sufficient number of blank application forms for absentee
ballots. The county auditor or municipal clerk shall deliver a blank application form to any
voter who requests one pursuant to section 203B.04. Blank application forms must be mailed
to eligible voters who have requested an application pursuant to section 203B.04, subdivision
5, at least 60 days before:

116.12 (1) each regularly scheduled primary for federal, state, county, city, or school board
116.13 office;

116.14 (2) each regularly scheduled general election for city or school board office for which
116.15 a primary is not held; and

116.16 (3) a special primary to fill a federal or county office vacancy or special election to fill

116.17 a federal or county office vacancy, if a primary is not required to be held pursuant to section

116.18 204D.03, subdivision 3, or 204D.07, subdivision 3; and

116.19 (4) any election held in conjunction with an election described in clauses (1) to (3);

116.20 or at least 45 days before any other primary or other election for which a primary is not
116.21 held.

116.22 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to elections
 116.23 conducted on or after that date.

116.24 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.06, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Delivery of ballots. (a) <u>The county auditor or municipal clerk, or full-time</u>
clerk of any city or town administering an election pursuant to section 203B.05, shall mail

- absentee ballots to voters on the permanent absentee ballot list pursuant to section 203B.04,
- 116.28 <u>subdivision 5, at least 45 days before:</u>
- (1) each regularly scheduled primary or general election for federal, state, county, city,
 or school board office;

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- 117.1 (2) each special primary or special election to fill a federal, state, county, city, or school
 117.2 board vacancy; except
- 117.3 (3) town clerks administering absentee ballots for a town general election held in March
 117.4 shall deliver absentee ballots at least 30 days before the election.

117.5 (b) The commissioner of corrections must provide the secretary of state with a list of the names and mailing addresses of state adult correctional facilities. An application for an 117.6 absentee ballot that provides an address included on the list provided by the commissioner 117.7 of corrections must not be accepted and an absentee ballot must not be provided to the 117.8 applicant. The county auditor or municipal clerk must promptly transmit a copy of the 117.9 application to the county attorney. The Department of Corrections must implement procedures 117.10 to ensure that absentee ballots issued under this chapter are not received or mailed by 117.11 offenders incarcerated at state adult correctional facilities. 117 12

117.13 (b)(c) If an application for absentee ballots is accepted at a time when absentee ballots 117.14 are not yet available for distribution, the county auditor, or municipal clerk accepting the 117.15 application shall file it and as soon as absentee ballots are available for distribution shall 117.16 mail them to the address specified in the application. If an application for absentee ballots 117.17 is accepted when absentee ballots are available for distribution or 117.18 municipal clerk accepting the application shall promptly:

(1) mail the ballots to the voter whose signature appears on the application if the
application is submitted by mail and does not request commercial shipping under clause
(2);

(2) ship the ballots to the voter using a commercial shipper requested by the voter at thevoter's expense;

(3) deliver the absentee ballots directly to the voter if the application is submitted inperson; or

(4) deliver the absentee ballots in a sealed transmittal envelope to an agent who has been
designated to bring the ballots, as provided in section 203B.11, subdivision 4, to a voter
who would have difficulty getting to the polls because of incapacitating health reasons, or
who is disabled, or who is a patient in a health care facility, a resident of a facility providing
assisted living services governed by chapter 144G, a participant in a residential program
for adults licensed under section 245A.02, subdivision 14, or a resident of a shelter for
battered women as defined in section 611A.37, subdivision 4.

118.1 (c) (d) If an application does not indicate the election for which absentee ballots are 118.2 sought, the county auditor or municipal clerk shall mail or deliver only the ballots for the 118.3 next election occurring after receipt of the application. Only one set of ballots may be mailed, 118.4 shipped, or delivered to an applicant for any election, except as provided in section 203B.121, 118.5 subdivision 2, or when a replacement ballot has been requested by the voter for a ballot that 118.6 has been spoiled or lost in transit.

118.7 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to elections 118.8 conducted on or after that date.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.081, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

118.10 Subdivision 1. Location; timing. (a) An eligible voter may vote by absentee ballot in

118.11 the office of the county auditor and at any other polling place designated by the county

118.12 auditor or by a municipal clerk authorized to conduct absentee balloting under section

118.13 <u>203B.05</u> during the 46 days before the election, except as provided in this section.

(b) A polling place location, other than the office of the county auditor, may be opened

118.15 for fewer than 46 days. If a polling place is open fewer than 46 days before the election,

118.16 the county auditor or municipal clerk must post the polling place location and hours of

118.17 operation on the jurisdiction's website and must inform the secretary of state of the polling

118.18 place's location and hours.

118.19 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.085, is amended to read:

118.20203B.085 COUNTY AUDITOR'S AND MUNICIPAL CLERK'S OFFICES TO118.21REMAIN OPEN DURING CERTAIN HOURS PRECEDING ELECTION.

The county auditor's office in each county and the clerk's office in each city or town 118.22 authorized under section 203B.05 to administer absentee balloting must be open for 118.23 acceptance of absentee ballot applications and casting of absentee ballots from 8:00 a.m. 118.24 to 12:00 noon on the day immediately preceding an election subject to early voting under 118.25 section 203B.30 unless that day falls on a Sunday. When performing the duties of the county 118.26 auditor in an election not subject to early voting under section 203B.30, the clerk's office 118.27 must be open from 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. on Saturday and until 5:00 p.m. on the day 118.28 immediately preceding a primary, special, or general election unless that day falls on a 118.29 Saturday or Sunday. Town clerks' offices must be open for absentee voting from 10:00 a.m. 118.30 to 12:00 noon on the Saturday before a town general election held in March. The school 118.31 district clerk, when performing the county auditor's election duties, need not comply with 118.32 this section. 118.33

119.1 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.121, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Establishment; applicable laws. (a) The governing body of each county, municipality, and school district with responsibility to accept and reject absentee ballots <u>or</u> <u>to administer early voting must</u>, by ordinance or resolution, establish a ballot board. The board must consist of a sufficient number of election judges trained in the handling of absentee ballots and appointed as provided in sections 204B.19 to 204B.22. The board may include deputy county auditors or deputy city clerks who have received training in the processing and counting of absentee ballots.

(b) Each jurisdiction must pay a reasonable compensation to each member of thatjurisdiction's ballot board for services rendered during an election.

(c) Except as otherwise provided by this section, all provisions of the Minnesota ElectionLaw apply to a ballot board.

119.13 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.121, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Duties of ballot board; absentee ballots. (a) The members of the ballot board
shall take possession of all return envelopes delivered to them in accordance with section
203B.08. Upon receipt from the county auditor, municipal clerk, or school district clerk,
two or more members of the ballot board shall examine each return envelope and shall mark
it accepted or rejected in the manner provided in this subdivision. Election judges performing
the duties in this section must be of different major political parties, unless they are exempt
from that requirement under section 205.075, subdivision 4, or section 205A.10, subdivision
2.

(b) The members of the ballot board shall mark the return envelope "Accepted" and
initial or sign the return envelope below the word "Accepted" if a majority of the members
of the ballot board examining the envelope are satisfied that:

(1) the voter's name and address on the return envelope are the same as the informationprovided on the absentee ballot application or voter record;

(2) the voter signed the certification on the envelope;

(3) the voter's Minnesota driver's license, state identification number, or the last four
digits of the voter's Social Security number are the same as a number on the voter's absentee
ballot application or voter record. If the number does not match, the election judges must
compare the signature provided by the applicant to determine whether the ballots were
returned by the same person to whom they were transmitted;

(4) the voter is registered and eligible to vote in the precinct or has included a properlycompleted voter registration application in the return envelope;

(5) the certificate has been completed as prescribed in the directions for casting anabsentee ballot; and

(6) the voter has not already voted at that election, either in person or, if it is after theclose of business on the seventh day before the election, by absentee ballot.

120.7 The return envelope from accepted ballots must be preserved and returned to the county120.8 auditor.

(c)(1) If a majority of the members of the ballot board examining a return envelope find that an absentee voter has failed to meet one of the requirements provided in paragraph (b), they shall mark the return envelope "Rejected," initial or sign it below the word "Rejected," list the reason for the rejection on the envelope, and return it to the county auditor. There is no other reason for rejecting an absentee ballot beyond those permitted by this section. Failure to place the ballot within the security envelope before placing it in the outer white envelope is not a reason to reject an absentee ballot.

(2) If an envelope has been rejected at least five days before the election, the envelope
must remain sealed and the official in charge of the ballot board shall provide the voter with
a replacement absentee ballot and return envelope in place of the rejected ballot.

(3) If an envelope is rejected within five days of the election, the envelope must remain
sealed and the official in charge of the ballot board must attempt to contact the voter by
telephone or e-mail to notify the voter that the voter's ballot has been rejected. The official
must document the attempts made to contact the voter.

(d) The official in charge of the absentee ballot board must mail the voter a written notice
of absentee ballot rejection between six and ten weeks following the election. If the official
determines that the voter has otherwise cast a ballot in the election, no notice is required.
If an absentee ballot arrives after the deadline for submission provided by this chapter, the
notice must be provided between six to ten weeks after receipt of the ballot. A notice of
absentee ballot rejection must contain the following information:

(1) the date on which the absentee ballot was rejected or, if the ballot was received afterthe required deadline for submission, the date on which the ballot was received;

120.31 (2) the reason for rejection; and

(3) the name of the appropriate election official to whom the voter may direct furtherquestions, along with appropriate contact information.

(e) An absentee ballot return envelope marked "Rejected" may not be opened or subject
to further review except in an election contest filed pursuant to chapter 209.

121.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to elections 121.4 conducted on or after that date.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.121, is amended by adding a subdivisionto read:

Subd. 2a. Duties of ballot board; early voting. The members of the ballot board shall
administer the process of early voting as prescribed in section 203B.35, and shall make a
record of voters who cast ballots early and count those ballots as provided in subdivisions
<u>4 and 5.</u>

121.11 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.121, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

121.12 Subd. 3. **Record of voting.** (a) When applicable, the county auditor or municipal clerk

must immediately record that a voter's absentee ballot has been accepted or that the voter has cast a ballot pursuant to the early voting procedures provided in this chapter. A voter

has cast a ballot pursuant to the early voting procedures provided in this chapter. A voter
whose record indicates that the voter has cast an early ballot must not be permitted to cast

121.15 whose record indicates that the voter has cast an early ballot must not be permitted to cas
121.16 another ballot in that election. After the close of business on the seventh day before the

121.17 election day prior to the beginning of the early voting period as provided in section 203B.31,

121.18 a voter whose record indicates that an absentee ballot has been accepted must not be permitted

121.19 to cast another ballot at that election. In a state primary, general, or state special election

121.20 for federal or, state, or county office, the auditor or clerk must also record this information

121.21 in the statewide voter registration system.

(b) The roster must be marked, and a supplemental report of absentee <u>and early</u> voters
who submitted a voter registration application with their ballot must be created, no later
than the start of voting on election day to indicate the voters that have already cast a ballot
at the election. The roster may be marked either:

121.26 (1) by the county auditor or municipal clerk before election day;

121.27 (2) by the ballot board before election day; or

121.28 (3) by the election judges at the polling place on election day.

The record of a voter whose absentee ballot was received after the close of business on the seventh day before the election is not required to be marked on the roster or contained in a supplemental report as required by this paragraph.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.121, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Opening of envelopes.** After the close of business on the seventh day before the election, the ballots from return envelopes marked "Accepted" may be opened, duplicated as needed in the manner provided in section 206.86, subdivision 5, initialed by the members of the ballot board, and deposited in the appropriate ballot box. If more than one <u>voted ballot</u> is enclosed in the ballot envelope, the ballots must be returned in the manner provided by section 204C.25 for return of spoiled ballots, and may not be counted.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.121, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Storage and counting of absentee <u>and early voting ballots.</u> (a) On a day on
which absentee <u>or early voting ballots are inserted into a ballot box, two members of the</u>
ballot board must:

122.12 (1) remove the ballots from the ballot box at the end of the day;

(2) without inspecting the ballots, ensure that the number of ballots removed from the
ballot box is equal to the number of voters who cast early votes and whose absentee ballots
were accepted that day; and

(3) seal and secure all voted and unvoted ballots present in that location at the end ofthe day.

(b) After the polls have closed on election day, two members of the ballot board must 122.18 count the ballots, tabulating the vote in a manner that indicates each vote of the voter and 122.19 the total votes cast for each candidate or question. In state primary and state general elections, 122.20 the results must indicate the total votes cast for each candidate or question in each precinct 122.21 and report the vote totals tabulated for each precinct. The count must be recorded on a 122.22 summary statement in substantially the same format as provided in section 204C.26. The 122.23 ballot board shall submit at least one completed summary statement to the county auditor 122.24 or municipal clerk. The county auditor or municipal clerk may require the ballot board to 122.25 submit a sufficient number of completed summary statements to comply with the provisions 122.26 of section 204C.27, or the county auditor or municipal clerk may certify reports containing 122.27 the details of the ballot board summary statement to the recipients of the summary statements 122.28 designated in section 204C.27. 122.29

In state primary and state general elections, these vote totals shall be added to the vote totals on the summary statements of the returns for the appropriate precinct. In other elections, these vote totals may be added to the vote totals on the summary statement of returns for the appropriate precinct or may be reported as a separate total. 123.1 The count shall be public. No vote totals from ballots may be made public before the123.2 close of voting on election day.

123.3 (c) In addition to the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b), if the task has not been completed previously, the members of the ballot board must verify as soon as possible, but 123.4 no later than 24 hours after the end of the hours for voting, that voters whose absentee ballots 123.5 arrived after the rosters were marked or supplemental reports were generated and whose 123.6 ballots were accepted did not vote in person on election day. An absentee ballot submitted 123.7 by a voter who has voted in person on election day must be rejected. All other accepted 123.8 absentee ballots must be opened, duplicated if necessary, and counted by members of the 123.9 ballot board. The vote totals from these ballots must be incorporated into the totals with the 123.10 other absentee ballots and handled according to paragraph (b). 123.11

123.12 Sec. 27. [203B.30] EARLY VOTING; APPLICABILITY.

(a) Any eligible voter may vote in person in a federal, state, or county election prior to
the date of the election, in the manner provided in sections 203B.31 to 203B.35.

123.15 (b)(1) Subject to clause (2), for city elections not held in conjunction with a federal,

123.16 state, or county election, the city may authorize eligible voters to vote in the manner provided

123.17 in sections 203B.31 to 203B.35 upon resolution of the governing body of the city, adopted

123.18 prior to the first day for filing affidavits of candidacy for the election. In the case of a home

123.19 rule charter city, authorization may alternatively be made by amendment to the city's charter

- 123.20 for this purpose.
- (2) A city may only authorize voting under sections 203B.31 to 203B.35 if the municipal
 clerk has the technical capacity to access the statewide voter registration system in the secure
 manner prescribed by the secretary of state. The secretary of state must identify hardware,
 software, security, or other technical prerequisites necessary to ensure the security, access
 controls, and performance of the statewide voter registration system. The clerk must receive
 training approved by the secretary of state on the use of the statewide voter registration
 system before administering voting authorized under this paragraph. The clerk may not use
- 123.28 the statewide voter registration system until the clerk has received the required training.

123.29 Sec. 28. [203B.31] TIME PERIOD FOR EARLY VOTING.

123.30 Early voting must be available to any eligible voter as provided in section 203B.32 for

123.31 every primary, general, and special election subject to early voting under section 203B.30

123.32 from 30 days before the election through 5:00 p.m. on the third day before the election. All

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124.1 voters in line at 5:00 p.m. on the third day before the election must be allowed to vote in

124.2 the same manner as provided in section 204C.05, subdivision 2.

124.3 Sec. 29. [203B.32] HOURS FOR EARLY VOTING.

Early voting must be available between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. on each

124.5 weekday during the time period provided in section 203B.31, from 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.

124.6 on at least one weekday, and from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. on the two Saturdays before the

124.7 <u>election.</u>

124.8 Sec. 30. [203B.33] LOCATIONS FOR EARLY VOTING.

124.9 (a) Early voting must be made available at polling places designated in the county

124.10 auditor's offices in county-owned or operated buildings, at the municipal clerk's office in

124.11 every municipality that has been delegated the responsibility to administer absentee voting

124.12 as provided in section 203B.05 or which is conducting an election that includes early voting,

124.13 as authorized in section 203B.30, and at any other county or city-owned or operated buildings

124.14 designated by the county auditor or municipal clerk. At least one voting station and one

124.15 <u>ballot marking device for disabled voters must be made available in each polling place.</u>

124.16 (b) The county auditor or municipal clerk must make an electronic ballot counter available

124.17 in each polling place.

124.18 Sec. 31. [203B.34] NOTICE TO VOTERS.

124.19 The county auditor or municipal clerk must prepare a notice to the voters of the days,

124.20 times, and locations for early voting. This notice must be posted on the county's website,

124.21 if applicable, and the website for each municipality in the county where an early voting

124.22 location is designated for the election at least 14 days before the first day for early voting.

124.23 If a county or municipality does not have a website, the county auditor or municipal clerk

124.24 must publish the notice at least once in the jurisdiction's official newspaper at least seven

124.25 days and not more than 14 days before the first day for early voting.

124.26 Sec. 32. [203B.35] PROCEDURES FOR EARLY VOTING.

124.27 Subdivision 1. Voting procedure. Each voter shall sign the certification provided in

124.28 section 204C.10. An individual who is not registered to vote must register in the manner

124.29 provided in section 201.061, subdivision 3.

124.30 After the voter has signed the certification, a member of the ballot board must provide

124.31 <u>a ballot to the voter. Ballots must be prepared and distributed by members of the ballot</u>

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125.1	board in the manner provided in se	ection 204C.09. The vote	er must mark the ba	allot and deposit
125.2	it in either a precinct voting system	m or a sealed ballot box.	. A voter may not l	eave the polling
125.3	place with the ballot.			
125.4	Subd. 2. Processing of ballot	s. <u>Ballots cast pursuant</u>	to sections 203B.	30 to 203B.35
125.5	must be processed and counted b	y a ballot board.		
125.6	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 20	18, section 204B.28, sul	bdivision 2, is ame	ended to read:
125.7	Subd. 2. Election supplies; d	luties of county audito	rs and clerks. <u>(a)</u>	Except as
125.8	otherwise provided for absentee	ballots in this section an	d in section 204B.	.35, subdivision
125.9	4, the county auditor shall compl	ete the preparation of th	e election materia	ls for which the
125.10	auditor is responsible at least four	days before every state	primary and state g	general election.
125.11	At any time after all election materials are available from the county auditor but not later			
125.12	than four days before the election	each municipal clerk sh	all secure from the	county auditor:
125.13	$\frac{(a)}{(1)}$ the forms that are requ	ired for the conduct of t	the election;	
125.14	(b) (2) any printed voter instr	uction materials furnish	ed by the secretary	y of state;
125.15	(e) (3) any other instructions	for election officers; and	d	
125.16	(d) (4) a sufficient quantity of	the official ballots, regi	istration files, enve	elopes for ballot
125.17	returns, and other supplies and m	aterials required for each	h precinct in order	to comply with
125.18	the provisions of the Minnesota H	Election Law. The count	y auditor may furr	hish the election
125.19	supplies to the municipal clerks in	the same manner as the	supplies are furnis	hed to precincts
125.20	in unorganized territory pursuant	to section 204B.29, sub	odivision 1.	
125.21	(b) The county auditor must p	prepare and make availa	ble election mater	ials for early
125.22	voting to city clerks designated to	o administer early votin	g under section 20	3B.05 at least
125.23	one day prior to the beginning of	the early voting period	as provided in sec	ction 203B.31.
125.24	Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 20	18, section 204B.35, is a	amended by addin	g a subdivision

125.25 to read:

125.26 Subd. 6. Electronic voting systems. Notwithstanding sections 204B.35 to 204B.44 and

125.27 <u>chapter 204D</u>, a jurisdiction may employ an electronic voting system provided by section

125.28 206.80, paragraph (b), clause (3), displaying the required ballot information on an electronic

125.29 device in a format that substantially meets the requirements of law.

126.1 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 204B.45, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Authorization. A town of any size not located in a metropolitan county 126.2 as defined by section 473.121, or a city having fewer than 400 registered voters on June 1 126.3 of an election year and not located in a metropolitan county as defined by section 473.121, 126.4 may provide balloting by mail at any municipal, county, or state election with no polling 126.5 place other than the office of the auditor or clerk or other locations designated by the auditor 126.6 or clerk. The governing body may apply to the county auditor for permission to conduct 126.7 balloting by mail. The county board may provide for balloting by mail in unorganized 126.8 territory. The governing body of any municipality may designate for mail balloting any 126.9 precinct having fewer than 100 registered voters, subject to the approval of the county 126.10 auditor. 126.11

Voted ballots may be returned in person to any location designated by the county auditoror municipal clerk.

126.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to elections
 126.15 conducted on or after that date.

126.16 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 204B.45, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Procedure.** Notice of the election and the special mail procedure must be given 126.17 at least ten weeks prior to the election. Not more than 46 days nor later than 14 days before 126.18 a regularly scheduled election and not more than 30 days nor later than 14 days before any 126.19 other election, the auditor shall mail ballots by nonforwardable mail to all voters registered 126.20 in the city, town, or unorganized territory. No later than 14 days before the election, the 126.21 auditor must make a subsequent mailing of ballots to those voters who register to vote after 126.22 the initial mailing but before the 20th day before the election. Eligible voters not registered 126.23 at the time the ballots are mailed and eligible voters with a temporary or permanent disability 126.24 may apply for ballots as provided in chapter 203B. Ballot return envelopes, with return 126.25 postage provided, must be preaddressed to the auditor or clerk and the voter may return the 126.26 ballot by mail or in person to the office of the auditor or clerk. The auditor or clerk must 126.27 appoint a ballot board to examine the mail and absentee ballot return envelopes and mark 126.28 them "accepted" or "rejected" within three days of receipt if there are 14 or fewer days 126.29 before election day, or within five days of receipt if there are more than 14 days before 126.30 election day. The board may consist of deputy county auditors or deputy municipal clerks 126.31 who have received training in the processing and counting of mail ballots, who need not be 126.32 affiliated with a major political party. Election judges performing the duties in this section 126.33 must be of different major political parties, unless they are exempt from that requirement 126.34

under section 205.075, subdivision 4, or section 205A.10. If an envelope has been rejected at least five days before the election, the ballots in the envelope must remain sealed and the auditor or clerk shall provide the voter with a replacement ballot and return envelope in place of the spoiled ballot. If the ballot is rejected within five days of the election, the envelope must remain sealed and the official in charge of the ballot board must attempt to contact the voter by telephone or e-mail to notify the voter that the voter's ballot has been rejected. The official must document the attempts made to contact the voter.

127.8 If the ballot is accepted, the county auditor or municipal clerk must mark the roster to 127.9 indicate that the voter has already cast a ballot in that election. After the close of business 127.10 on the seventh day before the election, the ballots from return envelopes marked "Accepted" 127.11 may be opened, duplicated as needed in the manner provided by section 206.86, subdivision 127.12 5, initialed by the members of the ballot board, and deposited in the ballot box.

In all other respects, the provisions of the Minnesota Election Law governing depositand counting of ballots apply.

The mail and absentee ballots for a precinct must be counted together and reported as one vote total. No vote totals from mail or absentee ballots may be made public before the close of voting on election day.

127.18 The costs of the mailing shall be paid by the election jurisdiction in which the voter 127.19 resides. Any ballot received by 8:00 p.m. on the day of the election must be counted.

127.20 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 204C.03, is amended by adding a subdivision127.21 to read:

Subd. 5. Transit service. Certain requirements for transit service on the date of a state
 general election are as provided in sections 174.24, subdivision 7a, and 473.408, subdivision
 111.

127.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2020.

127.26 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 204C.10, is amended to read:

127.27 204C.10 POLLING PLACE ROSTER; VOTER SIGNATURE CERTIFICATE; 127.28 VOTER RECEIPT.

(a) An individual seeking to vote shall sign a polling place roster or voter signaturecertificate which states that the individual:

127.31 (1) is at least 18 years of age;

128.1 (2) a citizen of the United States;

128.2 (3) has resided in Minnesota for 20 days immediately preceding the election;

128.3 (4) maintains residence at the address shown;

128.4 (5) is not under a guardianship in which the court order revokes the individual's right to 128.5 vote;;

128.6 (6) has not been found by a court of law to be legally incompetent to vote or;

128.7 (7) has the right to vote because, if the individual was convicted of a felony, the felony 128.8 sentence has expired or been completed or the individual has been discharged from the 128.9 sentence, completed the term of incarceration, if any, for the felony offense;

128.10 (8) is registered; and

128.11 (9) has not already voted in the election.

The roster must also state: "I understand that deliberately providing false information is a felony punishable by not more than five years imprisonment and a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both."

(b) At the presidential nomination primary, the polling place roster must also state: "I am in general agreement with the principles of the party for whose candidate I intend to vote, and I understand that my choice of a party's ballot will be public information." This statement must appear separately from the statements required in paragraph (a). The felony penalty provided for in paragraph (a) does not apply to this paragraph.

 $\frac{(c)}{(b)}$ A judge may, before the applicant signs the roster or voter signature certificate, confirm the applicant's name, address, and date of birth.

(d) (c) After the applicant signs the roster or voter signature certificate, the judge shall
give the applicant a voter's receipt. The voter shall deliver the voter's receipt to the judge
in charge of ballots as proof of the voter's right to vote, and thereupon the judge shall hand
to the voter the ballot. The voters' receipts must be maintained during the time for notice
of filing an election contest.

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129.1 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 204C.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Physical assistance in marking ballots. A voter who claims a need for 129.2 assistance because of inability to read English or physical inability to mark a ballot may 129.3 obtain the aid of two election judges who are members of different major political parties. 129.4 The election judges shall mark the ballots as directed by the voter and in as secret a manner 129.5 as circumstances permit. A voter in need of assistance may alternatively obtain the assistance 129.6 of any individual the voter chooses. Only the following persons may not provide assistance 129.7 to a voter: the voter's employer, an agent of the voter's employer, an officer or agent of the 129.8 voter's union, or a candidate for election. The person who assists the voter shall, 129.9

unaccompanied by an election judge, retire with that voter to a booth and mark the ballot 129.10 as directed by the voter. No person who assists another voter as provided in the preceding 129.11 sentence shall mark the ballots of more than three voters at one election. Before the ballots 129 12 are deposited, the voter may show them privately to an election judge to ascertain that they 129.13 are marked as the voter directed. An election judge or other individual assisting a voter shall 129.14 not in any manner request, persuade, induce, or attempt to persuade or induce the voter to 129.15 vote for any particular political party or candidate. The election judges or other individuals 129.16 who assist the voter shall not reveal to anyone the name of any candidate for whom the 129.17 voter has voted or anything that took place while assisting the voter. 129.18

129.19 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 204C.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Information requirements. Precinct summary statements shall be
submitted by the election judges in every precinct. For all elections, the election judges
shall complete three or more copies of the summary statements, and each copy shall contain
the following information for each kind of ballot:

(1) the number of ballots delivered to the precinct as adjusted by the actual count made
by the election judges, the number of unofficial ballots made, and the number of absentee
ballots delivered to the precinct;

(2) the number of votes each candidate received or the number of yes and no votes on
each question, the number of undervotes, the number of overvotes, and the number of
defective ballots with respect to each office or question;

(3) the number of spoiled ballots, the number of duplicate ballots made, the number of
absentee ballots rejected, and the number of unused ballots, presuming that the total count
provided on each package of unopened prepackaged ballots is correct;

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(4) the number of voted ballots indicating only a voter's choices as provided by section
206.80, paragraph (b), clause (3);

(4) (5) the number of individuals who voted at the election in the precinct which must equal the total number of ballots cast in the precinct, as required by sections 204C.20 and 206.86, subdivision 1;

130.6 (5) (6) the number of voters registering on election day in that precinct; and

(6)(7) the signatures of the election judges who counted the ballots certifying that all of the ballots cast were properly piled, checked, and counted; and that the numbers entered by the election judges on the summary statements correctly show the number of votes cast for each candidate and for and against each question.

130.11 At least two copies of the summary statement must be prepared for elections not held 130.12 on the same day as the state elections.

130.13 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 204D.19, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Special election when legislature will be in session. Except for vacancies in 130.14 130.15 the legislature which occur at any time between the last day of session in an odd-numbered year and the 40th 54th day prior to the opening day of session in the succeeding 130.16 even-numbered year, when a vacancy occurs and the legislature will be in session so that 130.17 the individual elected as provided by this section could take office and exercise the duties 130.18 of the office immediately upon election, the governor shall issue within five days after the 130.19 vacancy occurs a writ calling for a special election. The special election shall be held as 130.20 soon as possible, consistent with the notice requirements of section 204D.22, subdivision 130.21 130.22 3, but in no event more than 35 49 days after the issuance of the writ. A special election must not be held during the four days before or the four days after a holiday as defined in 130.23 section 645.44, subdivision 5. 130 24

130.25 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019, and applies to vacancies 130.26 occurring on or after that date.

130.27 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 204D.195, is amended to read:

130.28 **204D.195 DATE OF SPECIAL ELECTION; CERTAIN TIMES PROHIBITED.**

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a special primary and special general electionmay not be held:

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- 131.1 (1) for a period beginning the day following the date of the state primary election and 131.2 ending the day prior to the date of the state general election-; or
- (2) on a holiday, or during the four days before or the four days after a holiday, as defined
 in section 645.44, subdivision 5.
- 131.5
 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
- 131.6 applies to special elections for vacancies in office occurring on or after that date.
- 131.7 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 204D.22, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Notice of special election. The county auditor of a county in which a special election is to be held shall direct the clerk of each municipality in which the election is to be held to post a notice of the special primary and special election at least seven 14 days before the special primary and at least 14 21 days before the special election in the manner provided in sections 204B.33 and 204B.34. If the special primary is to be held 14 21 days before the special election, a single notice of both elections may be posted seven days before the primary.

When the special primary or special election is to be held on the same day as any other election, notice of the special primary or special election may be included in the notice of the other election, if practicable.

131.18 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019, and applies to vacancies 131.19 occurring on or after that date.

131.20 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 204D.23, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Time of filing. Except as provided in subdivision 3, the affidavits and petitions
shall be filed no later than 14 <u>21</u> days before the special primary.

131.23 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019, and applies to vacancies
 131.24 occurring on or after that date.

131.25 Sec. 45. [204D.275] LOCAL REIMBURSEMENT FOR SPECIAL ELECTIONS.

131.26 Subdivision 1. **Reimbursement authorized.** Each county and municipality shall be

- 131.27 reimbursed for the cost of conducting a special election as defined in section 200.02,
- 131.28 subdivision 4, for a federal or state office.
- 131.29 Subd. 2. Expenses eligible for reimbursement. The secretary of state shall reimburse
 131.30 each county and municipality for the cost of:

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132.1	(1) preparation and printing of	ballots and other election	n materials for th	e special election;
132.2	(2) postage for absentee ballot	<u>s;</u>		
132.3	(3) publication of the sample b	ballot;		
132.4	(4) preparation of polling plac	es;		
132.5	(5) preparation of electronic v	oting systems;		
132.6	(6) compensation paid to the c	ounty canvassing board	d members;	
132.7	(7) election judge salaries; and	<u>1</u>		
132.8	(8) other reasonable costs of a	dministering the electio	n, as approved b	y the secretary of
132.9	state.			
132.10	Reimbursable costs do not include	salaries of permanent lo	ocal officials or th	ne cost of reusable
132.11	supplies and equipment.			
132.12	Subd. 3. Reimbursement req	uests. (a) Not more than	n 90 days after th	e special election,
132.13	the county auditor must submit a	request for reimbursem	ent of the costs	incurred by the
132.14	county for conducting the special	election and the munic	ipal clerk must s	submit a request
132.15	for reimbursement of the costs inc	curred by the municipal	lity for conductin	ng the special
132.16	election. The request for reimburs	sement must be submitt	ed to the secreta	ry of state and
132.17	must be accompanied by an itemiz	ed description of actual	county or munic	cipal expenditures
132.18	including copies of invoices. In ac	ldition, the county audit	tor or municipal	clerk must certify
132.19	that the request for reimbursemen	t is based on actual cos	ts incurred by th	e county or
132.20	municipality in the special election	n. The secretary of stat	e shall provide e	each county and
132.21	municipality with the appropriate	forms for requesting pa	ayment and certi	fying expenses
132.22	under this subdivision.			
132.23	(b) The secretary of state must	t not reimburse expense	es unless the requ	uest for payment
132.24	and certification of costs has been	submitted as provided	in this subdivisi	on. The secretary
132.25	of state must complete the issuance	ce of reimbursements to	the counties an	d municipalities
132.26	for qualifying claims no later than	120 days after the spe	cial election. An	nounts necessary
132.27	to pay qualifying claims are appro	priated from the genera	al fund to the sec	retary of state for
132.28	that purpose.			

132.29 Sec. 46. [204E.01] APPLICABILITY.

132.30This chapter applies to all elections expressly authorized by law to use ranked-choice

132.31 voting. All other provisions of the Minnesota Election Law also apply, to the extent they

132.32 are not inconsistent with this chapter.

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133.1	Sec. 47. [204E.02] DEFINITIO	DNS.		
133.2	Subdivision 1. Scope. The def	initions in this section a	apply to this cha	apter.
133.3	Subd. 2. Batch elimination. "H	Batch elimination" mean	s a simultaneous	s defeat of multiple
133.4	continuing candidates that have n	o mathematical chance	of being elected	<u>d.</u>
133.5	Subd. 3. Chief election officia	al. "Chief election offici	ial" means the p	principal officer in
133.6	the jurisdiction charged with dution	es relating to elections.		
133.7	Subd. 4. Duplicate ranking.	'Duplicate ranking" me	ans a voter has	ranked the same
133.8	candidate at multiple rankings for	the office being counter	<u>ed.</u>	
133.9	Subd. 5. Exhausted ballot. "E	Exhausted ballot" means	s a ballot that ca	an no longer be
133.10	advanced under the procedures in	section 204E.06.		
133.11	Subd. 6. Highest continuing	anking. "Highest conti	nuing ranking"	means the ranking
133.12	on a voter's ballot with the lowest	numerical value for a c	continuing cand	lidate.
133.13	Subd. 7. Mathematically imp	ossible to be elected. "	Mathematically	y impossible to be
133.14	elected" means either:			
133.15	(1) the candidate cannot be ele	ected because the candid	date's current vo	ote total plus all
133.16	votes that could possibly be trans	ferred to the candidate i	n future rounds	from candidates
133.17	with fewer votes or an equal num			ot be enough to
133.18	surpass the candidate with the nex	t higher current vote to	tal; or	
133.19	(2) the candidate has a lower of	current vote total than a	candidate who	is described by
133.20	clause (1).			
133.21	Subd. 8. Overvote. "Overvote	" means a voter has ran	ked more than	one candidate at
133.22	the same ranking.			
133.23	Subd. 9. Partially defective b	allot. "Partially defection	ve ballot" mean	is a ballot that is
133.24	defective to the extent that the elec	tion judges are unable t	o determine the	voter's intent with
133.25	respect to the office being counter	<u>d.</u>		
133.26	Subd. 10. Ranked-choice vot	ing. "Ranked-choice vo	ting" means an	election method
133.27	in which voters rank candidates for	or an office in order of t	heir preference	, with each vote
133.28	counting for the highest-ranked co	ontinuing candidate on e	ach ballot until	that candidate has
133.29	been elected or defeated by the m	ethod established in this	s chapter.	
133.30	Subd. 11. Ranked-choice vot	ing tabulation center.	'Ranked-choice	voting tabulation
133.31	center" means the place selected f	for the automatic or mai	nual processing	and tabulation of

133.32 ballots.

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134.1	Subd. 12. Ranking. "Ranking" means the number assigned by a voter to a candidate to
134.2	express the voter's preference for that candidate. Ranking number one is the highest ranking.
134.3	A ranking of lower numerical value indicates a greater preference for a candidate than a
134.4	ranking of higher numerical value.
134.5	Subd. 13. Round. "Round" means an instance of the sequence of voting tabulation steps
134.6	established in section 204E.06.
134.7	Subd. 14. Skipped ranking. "Skipped ranking" means a voter has left a ranking blank
134.8	and ranks a candidate at a subsequent ranking.
134.9	Subd. 15. Surplus. "Surplus" means the total number of votes cast for an elected
134.10	candidate in excess of the threshold.
134.11	Subd. 16. Surplus fraction of a vote. "Surplus fraction of a vote" means the proportion
134.12	of each vote to be transferred when a surplus is transferred. The surplus fraction is calculated
134.13	by dividing the surplus by the total votes cast for the elected candidate, calculated to four
134.14	decimal places, ignoring any remainder.
134.15	Subd. 17. Threshold. "Threshold" means the number of votes sufficient for a candidate
134.16	to be elected. In any given election, the threshold equals the total votes counted in the first
134.17	round after removing defective ballots, divided by the sum of one plus the number of offices
134.18	to be filled and adding one to the quotient, disregarding any fractions.
134.19	Subd. 18. Transfer value. "Transfer value" means the fraction of a vote that a transferred
134.20	ballot will contribute to the next ranked continuing candidate on that ballot. The transfer
134.21	value of a vote cast for an elected candidate is calculated by multiplying the surplus fraction
134.22	of each vote by its current value, calculated to four decimal places, ignoring any remainder.
134.23	The transfer value of a vote cast for a defeated candidate is the same as its current value.
134.24	Subd. 19. Transferable vote. "Transferable vote" means a vote or a fraction of a vote
134.25	for a candidate who has been either elected or defeated.
134.26	Subd. 20. Totally defective ballot. "Totally defective ballot" means a ballot that is
134.27	defective to the extent that election judges are unable to determine the voter's intent for any
134.28	office on the ballot.
134.29	Subd. 21. Undervote. "Undervote" means a voter did not rank any candidates for an
134.30	office.

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135.1	Sec. 48. [204E.03] AUTHORIZ	ZATION TO ADOPT	RANKED-CH	OICE VOTING;	
135.2	IMPLEMENTATION.				
135.3	(a) The following political subd	ivisions may adopt, in t	he manner provid	ded in this section,	
135.4	ranked-choice voting as a method of	of voting for local offic	es within the pol	itical subdivision:	
135.5	(1) home rule charter or statute	ory cities;			
135.6	(2) counties;				
135.7	(3) townships; and				
135.8	(4) school districts.				
135.9	(b) A jurisdiction that adopts ra	inked-choice voting ma	ay do so by adop	ting an ordinance	
135.10	or resolution or by a ballot question	on presented to the vote	ers. The ranked-	choice voting	
135.11	method may be repealed by one of	f the same methods pro	ovided for adopt	ion.	
135.12	(c) A home rule charter jurisdie	ction that adopts a ranl	ked-choice votin	g system in its	
135.13	charter may adopt this chapter by	reference in an ordinar	nce, but is not re	quired to do so.	
135.14	Nothing in this chapter prevents a	home rule charter juris	sdiction from ad	opting another	
135.15	voting method in its charter.				
135.16	(d) Ranked-choice voting shall	only be used to elect l	ocal offices at a	general or special	
135.17	election, or at a primary election which serves as a party-nominating election for a partisan				
135.18	office. A primary election must not	t be held for any nonpar	rtisan offices that	t are elected using	
135.19	ranked-choice voting.				
135.20	(e) A jurisdiction that adopts the	e use of ranked-choice	e voting in local	elections must do	
135.21	so no later than 30 days before the	first day for filing aff	idavits of candid	lacy for the office	
135.22	for which ranked-choice voting is	to be used as the meth	od of election.		
135.23	(f) Repeal of ranked-choice vo	ting must be no later th	an 30 days befor	re the first day for	
135.24	filing affidavits of candidacy for o	ffices for which ranke	d-choice voting	is used as the	
135.25	method of election.				
135.26	(g) The chief election official s	hall notify the secretar	ry of state and, it	f applicable, the	
135.27	county auditor within 30 days follo	owing adoption or repo	eal of ranked-ch	oice voting.	
135.28	Sec. 49. [204E.04] BALLOTS.				
135.29	Subdivision 1. Ballot format.	(a) If there are three or	more qualified ca	andidates, a ballot	
135.30	must allow a voter to rank at least	three candidates for ea	ach office in orde	er of preference	
125 21	and must also allow the voter to a	d write_in candidates			

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136.1	(b) A ballot must:			
136.2	(1) include instructions to voter	s that clearly indicate	how to mark the	ballot;
136.3	(2) include instructions to voter	s that clearly indicate	how to rank cane	didates in order
136.4	of the voter's preference; and			
136.5	(3) indicate the number of seats	to be elected for each	office.	
136.6	(c) A jurisdiction may use ballo	ots compatible with alp	hanumeric chara	acter recognition
136.7	voting equipment.			
136.8	Subd. 2. Mixed-election metho	od ballots. If elections	are held in whic	h ranked-choice
136.9	voting is used in addition to other	nethods of voting, the	ranked-choice v	oting and
136.10	non-ranked-choice voting elections	s must be on the same	ballot card if pos	ssible, with
136.11	ranked-choice voting and non-rank	ed-choice voting portion	ons clearly separa	ated on the ballot
136.12	card. A separate ballot card may be	e used if necessary. A	jurisdiction may	deviate from the
136.13	standard ballot order of offices to a	llow separation of ran	ked-choice votin	ig and
136.14	non-ranked-choice voting elections	<u>S.</u>		
136.15	Subd. 3. Ballot format rules.	The chief election offic	tial shall establis	h administrative
136.16	rules for ballot format after a votin	g mechanism has beer	selected, consis	tent with this
136.17	section.			
136.18	Sec. 50. [204E.05] RANKED-C	HOICE VOTING TA	ABULATION C	ENTER.
136.19	Subdivision 1. Tabulation of vo	otes; generally. The ch	ief election offici	al shall designate
136.20	one location to serve as the ranked	-choice voting tabulati	on center. The co	enter must be
136.21	accessible to the public for the purp	ose of observing the ve	ote tabulation. Ta	bulation of votes
136.22	must be conducted as described in	section 204E.06.		
136.23	Subd. 2. Precinct tabulation.	When the hours for vot	ing have ended a	and all voting has
136.24	concluded, the election judges in ea	ch precinct shall recor	d and publicly de	clare the number
136.25	of first choices cast for each candida	te in that precinct. The	election judges m	nust then securely
136.26	transfer all electronic voting data a	nd ballots from the pre	ecinct to the rank	ed-choice voting
136.27	tabulation center designated under	this section. Upon rec	eipt at the ranked	d-choice voting
136.28	tabulation center, all electronic vot	ing data and ballots sh	all be secured.	
136.29	Subd. 3. Notice of recess in co	unt. At any time follo	wing receipt of n	naterials under
136.30	subdivision 1, the chief election of	ficial may declare a re	cess. Notice of th	ne recess must
136.31	include the date, time, and location	at which the process	of recording and	tabulating votes

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- will resume and the reason for the recess. Notice must be posted on the city's official bulletin
 board and on the door of the ranked-choice voting tabulation center.
- 137.3 Subd. 4. Recording write-in votes. At a time set by the chief election official, the
- 137.4 <u>election judges shall convene at the ranked-choice voting tabulation center to examine</u>
- 137.5 <u>ballots on which voters have indicated a write-in choice, and record the names and number</u>
- 137.6 of votes received by each write-in candidate. In the event that votes cast for the write-in
- 137.7 category are not eliminated as provided in section 204E.06, the results must be entered into
- 137.8 <u>the ranked-choice voting tabulation software.</u>
- 137.9 <u>Subd. 5.</u> Ranked-choice vote tabulation. After all votes have been recorded, and at a
- 137.10 time set by the chief election official, the process of tabulating votes cast for offices to be
- 137.11 <u>elected using the ranked-choice method must begin. The counting must continue until</u>
- 137.12 preliminary results for all races are determined, subject to subdivision 3.
- 137.13 Sec. 51. [204E.06] TABULATION OF VOTES.
- 137.14 (a) Tabulation of votes at the ranked-choice voting tabulation center must proceed in
- 137.15 rounds for each office to be counted. The threshold must be calculated and publicly declared.
- 137.16 Each round must proceed sequentially as follows:
- 137.17 (1) the number of votes cast for each candidate for the current round must be counted.
- 137.18 If the number of candidates whose vote totals equal or exceed the threshold are equal to the
- 137.19 <u>number of seats to be filled, those candidates who are continuing candidates are elected and</u>
- 137.20 the tabulation is complete. If the number of candidates whose vote totals are equal to or
- 137.21 greater than the threshold is not equal to the number of seats to be filled, a new round begins
- 137.22 and the tabulation must continue as provided in the remainder of this paragraph;
- 137.23 (2) surplus votes for any candidates whose vote totals are equal to or greater than the
- 137.24 <u>threshold must be calculated;</u>
- 137.25 (3) after any surplus votes are calculated but not yet transferred, all candidates for whom
- 137.26 it is mathematically impossible to be elected must be defeated by batch elimination. Votes
- 137.27 for the defeated candidates must be transferred to each ballot's next-ranked continuing
- 137.28 candidate, and the tabulation process reiterates beginning with clause (2). If no candidate
- 137.29 <u>can be defeated mathematically, the tabulation must continue as described in clause (4);</u>
- 137.30 (4) the transfer value of each vote cast for an elected candidate must be transferred to
- 137.31 the next continuing candidate on that ballot. Of the candidates whose vote totals reach or
- 137.32 exceed the threshold, the candidate with the largest surplus is declared elected and that
- 137.33 candidate's surplus is transferred. A tie between two or more candidates must immediately

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and publicly be resolved by lot by the chief election official at the tabulation center. The

138.2 surplus of the candidate chosen by lot must be transferred before other transfers are made.

138.3 The result of the tie resolution must be recorded and reused in the event of a recount. If no

138.4 <u>candidate has a surplus, the tabulation must continue as described in clause (5); otherwise,</u>

138.5 the tabulation process must reiterate beginning with clause (2);

- 138.6 (5) if there are no transferable surplus votes, the candidate with the fewest votes is
- 138.7 defeated. Votes for the defeated candidate must be transferred to each ballot's next-ranked
- 138.8 <u>continuing candidate. Ties between candidates with the fewest votes must be decided by</u>

138.9 lot, and the candidate chosen by lot must be defeated. The result of the tie resolution must

- 138.10 be recorded and reused in the event of a recount. The tabulation process must reiterate
- 138.11 beginning with clause (2); and
- 138.12 (6) the procedures in clauses (2) to (5) must be repeated until the number of candidates

138.13 whose vote totals are equal to or exceed the threshold is equal to the number of seats to be

138.14 <u>filled, or until the number of continuing candidates is equal to the number of offices yet to</u>

138.15 be elected. If the number of continuing candidates is equal to the number of offices yet to

138.16 <u>be elected</u>, the remaining continuing candidates must be declared elected. In the case of a

138.17 <u>tie between two continuing candidates, the tie must be d</u>ecided by lot as provided in section

138.18 204C.34, and the candidate chosen by lot must be defeated. The result of the tie resolution

138.19 <u>must be recorded and reused in the event of a recount.</u>

(b) When a single skipped ranking is encountered on a ballot, that ballot must count

138.21 toward the next nonskipped ranking. If any ballot cannot be advanced because no further

138.22 candidates are ranked on that ballot, because a voter has skipped more than one ranking, or

138.23 because an undervote, overvote, or duplicate ranking is encountered, the ballot must not

138.24 <u>count toward any candidate in that round or in subsequent rounds for the office being</u>

138.25 <u>counted.</u>

138.26 Sec. 52. [204E.07] REPORTING RESULTS.

(a) Each precinct must print a precinct summary statement, which must include the
 number of first choices cast for each candidate in that precinct.

(b) The ranked-choice voting tabulation center must print a summary statement with the

138.30 <u>following information: total votes cast; number of undervotes; number of totally defective</u>

138.31 and spoiled ballots; threshold calculation; total first choice rankings for all candidates;

138.32 round-by-round tabulation results, including simultaneous batch eliminations, surplus

138.33 transfers, and defeated candidate transfers; and exhausted ballots at each round.

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139.1 (c) The election abstract must include the information required in the ranked-choice

139.2 voting tabulation center summary statement, with the addition of the number of registered

- voters by precinct, the number of same-day voter registrations, and the number of absentee
 voters.
- 139.5 Sec. 53. [204E.08] RECOUNTS.
- (a) A candidate defeated in the final round of tabulation may request a recount as provided
 in section 204C.36.
- (b) A candidate defeated in the final round of tabulation when the vote difference is 139.8 greater than that provided in section 204C.36 may request a recount at the candidate's own 139.9 expense. A candidate defeated in an earlier round of tabulation may request a recount at the 139.10 candidate's own expense. The candidate is responsible for all expenses associated with the 139.11 recount, regardless of the vote difference between the candidates in the round in which the 139.12 requesting candidate was defeated. The requesting candidate shall file with the filing officer 139.13 a bond, cash, or surety in an amount set by the filing officer for the payment of the recount 139.14 expenses. Expenses must be determined as provided in section 204C.36, subdivision 4. 139.15 139.16 (c) Rules adopted by the secretary of state under section 204C.36 for recounts apply to recounts conducted under this section. 139.17
- 139.18
 Sec. 54. [204E.09] RULES.
- 139.19The secretary of state may adopt rules necessary to implement the requirements and139.20procedures established by this chapter.

139.21 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 205.13, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Notice of filing dates. At least two weeks before the first day to file affidavits 139.22 of candidacy, the municipal clerk shall publish a notice stating the first and last dates on 139.23 which affidavits of candidacy may be filed in the clerk's office and the closing time for 139.24 filing on the last day for filing. The clerk shall post a similar notice at least ten days before 139.25 139.26 the first day to file affidavits of candidacy. The notice must indicate the method of election to be used for the offices on the ballot. The notice must separately list any office for which 139.27 affidavits of candidacy may be filed to fill the unexpired portion of a term when a special 139.28 election is being held to fill a vacancy as provided in section 412.02, subdivision 2a. 139.29

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140.1 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 206.58, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Municipalities. (a) The governing body of a municipality, at a regular 140.2 140.3 meeting or at a special meeting called for the purpose, may provide for the use of an electronic voting system in one or more precincts and at all elections in the precincts, subject 140.4 to approval by the county auditor. The governing body shall disseminate information to the 140.5 public about the use of a new voting system at least 60 days prior to the election and shall 140.6 provide for instruction of voters with a demonstration voting system in a public place for 140.7 140.8 the six weeks immediately prior to the first election at which the new voting system will be used. 140.9

140.10 (b) No system may be adopted or used unless it has been approved by the secretary of 140.11 state pursuant to section 206.57.

140.12 (c) The governing body of a municipality may provide for the use of an electronic voting

140.13 system that has been approved by the secretary of state under section 206.57 but includes

an automatic tabulating equipment reallocation feature that has not been approved by the

140.15 secretary of state if the municipal clerk certifies to the secretary of state, within 30 days

140.16 <u>from the date of adoption under paragraph (a)</u>, that the reallocation feature:

140.17 (1) has been certified as required under section 206.57, subdivision 6; and

140.18 (2) meets the municipality's ordinance requirements for electronic voting systems.

140.19 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 206.61, is amended by adding a subdivision to 140.20 read:

140.21 Subd. 1a. Availability of alternate ballot formats. In precincts using a ballot format

140.22 authorized by section 206.80, paragraph (b), clause (3), voters must be provided the option

- 140.23 of voting a regularly printed optical scan ballot.
- 140.24 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 206.80, is amended to read:

140.25 **206.80 ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.**

- 140.26 (a) An electronic voting system may not be employed unless it:
- 140.27 (1) permits every voter to vote in secret;
- 140.28 (2) permits every voter to vote for all candidates and questions for whom or upon which
- 140.29 the voter is legally entitled to vote;
- 140.30 (3) provides for write-in voting when authorized;

(4) automatically rejects, except as provided in section 206.84 with respect to write-in
votes, all votes for an office or question when the number of votes cast on it exceeds the
number which the voter is entitled to cast;

(5) permits a voter at a primary election to select secretly the party for which the voterwishes to vote;

(6) automatically rejects all votes cast in a primary election by a voter when the voter
votes for candidates of more than one party; and

(7) provides every voter an opportunity to verify votes recorded on the permanent paper
ballot, either visually or using assistive voting technology, and to change votes or correct
any error before the voter's ballot is cast and counted, produces an individual, discrete,
permanent, paper ballot cast by the voter, and preserves the paper ballot as an official record
available for use in any recount.

(b) An electronic voting system purchased on or after June 4, 2005, may not be employedunless it:

(1) accepts and tabulates, in the polling place or at a counting center, a marked optical
scan ballot; or

(2) creates a marked optical scan ballot that can be tabulated in the polling place or at a
counting center by automatic tabulating equipment certified for use in this state-; or

141.19 (3) creates a marked paper ballot indicating, at a minimum, the date of the election, the

141.20 name of the precinct, an electronically readable precinct identifier or ballot style indicator,

141.21 and the voter's votes for each office or question, generated from the voter's use of a touch

141.22 screen or other electronic device on which a complete ballot meeting the information

141.23 requirements of any applicable law was displayed electronically.

141.24 (c) Jurisdictions using multiple ballot formats must not record the ballot formats of
141.25 electronic voting system used by a particular voter.

141.26 Sec. 59. [206.802] ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS; PURCHASING.

141.27 Any new voting equipment purchased for use in Minnesota for the purpose of replacing

141.28 <u>a voting system must have the ability to:</u>

141.29 (1) capture and store ballot data;

- 141.30 (2) keep data anonymous;
- 141.31 (3) accept ranked or cumulative voting data under a variety of tabulation rules;

(7) be programmable to print a zero tape indicating all rankings for all candidates in a
ranked-choice voting election.

142.8 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon certification by the secretary of 142.9 state that equipment meeting the standards required by this section is available for purchase 142.10 and implementation.

142.11 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 206.82, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Program.** A program or programs for use in an election conducted by 142.12 means of an electronic voting system or using an electronic ballot marker shall be prepared 142.13 at the direction of the county auditor or municipal clerk who is responsible for the conduct 142.14 142.15 of the election and shall be independently verified by a competent person designated by that official. The term "competent person" as used in this section means a person who can 142.16 demonstrate knowledge as a computer programmer and who is other than and wholly 142.17 independent of any person operating or employed by the counting center or the corporation 142.18 or other preparer of the program. A test deck prepared by a competent person shall be used 142.19 for independent verification of the program; it shall test the maximum digits used in totaling 142.20 the returns and shall be usable by insertion during the tabulation process as well as prior to 142.21 tabulation. A test deck must also be prepared using the electronic ballot marker program 142.22 and must also be used to verify that all valid votes counted by the vote tabulator may be 142.23 selected using the electronic ballot marker. The computer program for any election and an 142.24 exact duplicate of the program for use as backup must be completed and delivered to the 142.25 election jurisdiction or the county auditor in charge of a common central counting center 142.26 at least 40 days prior to the election. The secretary of state shall adopt rules further specifying 142.27 test procedures. 142.28

142.29 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 206.83, is amended to read:

142.30 **206.83 TESTING OF VOTING SYSTEMS.**

142.31 (a) Within 14_37 days before election day, the official in charge of elections shall have 142.32 the voting system tested to ascertain that the system will correctly mark ballots using all

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methods supported by the system, including ranked-choice voting if applicable, and through 143.1 assistive technology, and count the votes cast for all candidates and on all questions. Public 143.2 143.3 notice of the time and place of the test must be given at least two days in advance by publication once in official newspapers. The test must be observed by at least two election 143.4 judges, who are not of the same major political party, and must be open to representatives 143.5 of the political parties, candidates, the press, and the public. The test must be conducted by 143.6 (1) processing a preaudited group of ballots punched or marked to record a predetermined 143.7 143.8 number of valid votes for each candidate and on each question, and must include for each office one or more ballot cards which have votes in excess of the number allowed by law 143.9 in order to test the ability of the voting system tabulator and electronic ballot marker to 143 10 reject those votes; and (2) processing an additional test deck of ballots marked using the 143.11 electronic ballot marker for the precinct, including ballots marked using the electronic ballot 143.12 display, audio ballot reader, and any assistive voting technology used with the electronic 143.13 ballot marker. If an election is to be conducted using ranked-choice voting, the equipment 143.14

143.15 <u>must also be tested to ensure that each ranking for each candidate is recorded properly.</u>

(b) If any error is detected, the cause must be ascertained and corrected and an errorless
count must be made before the voting system may be used in the election.

(c) After the completion of the test, the programs used and ballot cards must be sealed,
retained, and disposed of as provided for paper ballots.

143.20 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 206.86, is amended by adding a subdivision to143.21 read:

Subd. 5a. Ballots in precincts with multiple styles of voting system. (a) This subdivision
applies only to precincts using a ballot format as provided by section 206.80, paragraph (b),
clause (3), that was used by ten or fewer voters.

(b) In the event the results of a precinct are subject to a recount under section 204C.35
or 204C.36, or are subject to postelection review under section 206.89, the election judges
from that precinct are not eligible to participate in conducting a recount or postelection
review in that precinct.

143.29 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 206.89, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

143.30 Subd. 2. Selection for review; notice. At the canvass of the state primary, the county

143.31 canvassing board in each county must set the date, time, and place for the postelection

143.32 review of the state general election to be held under this section. In jurisdictions where

143.33 ranked-choice voting is used, the date, time, and place for postelection review must be set

by the county auditor at least 30 days before the election. The postelection review must not
begin before the 11th day after the state general election and must be complete no later than
the 18th day after the state general election.

At the canvass of the state general election, the county canvassing boards must select 144.4 the precincts to be reviewed by lot. The ballots to be reviewed for a precinct include both 144.5 the ballots counted at the polling place for that precinct and the absentee ballots counted 144.6 centrally by a ballot board for that precinct. The county canvassing board of a county with 144.7 fewer than 50,000 registered voters must conduct a postelection review of a total of at least 144.8 two precincts. The county canvassing board of a county with between 50,000 and 100,000 144.9 registered voters must conduct a review of a total of at least three precincts. The county 144.10 canvassing board of a county with over 100,000 registered voters must conduct a review 144.11 of a total of at least four precincts, or three percent of the total number of precincts in the 144.12 county, whichever is greater. At least one precinct selected in each county must have had 144.13 more than 150 votes cast at the general election. 144 14

The county auditor must notify the secretary of state of the precincts that have been chosen for review and the time and place the postelection review for that county will be conducted, as soon as the decisions are made. If the selection of precincts has not resulted in the selection of at least four precincts in each congressional district, the secretary of state may require counties to select by lot additional precincts to meet the congressional district requirement. The secretary of state must post this information on the office website.

144.21 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 206.89, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Scope and conduct of review. The county canvassing board shall appoint the 144.22 postelection review official as defined in subdivision 1. The postelection review must be 144.23 conducted of the votes cast for president or governor; United States senator; and United 144.24 States representative. In jurisdictions where ranked-choice voting is used, the review must 144.25 also include at least one single-seat ranked-choice voting election and at least one 144.26 multiple-seat ranked-choice voting election, if such an election occurred. A postelection 144.27 review of a ranked-choice voting election must be conducted for elections decided most 144.28 closely in the final round, by percentage. The postelection review official may conduct 144.29 postelection review of the votes cast for additional offices. 144.30

The postelection review must be conducted in public at the location where the voted ballots have been securely stored after the state general election or at another location chosen by the county canvassing board. The postelection review official for each precinct selected must conduct the postelection review and may be assisted by election judges designated by

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the postelection review official for this purpose. The party balance requirement of section 204B.19 applies to election judges designated for the review. The postelection review must consist of a manual count of the ballots used in the precincts selected and must be performed in the manner provided by section 204C.21. The postelection review must be conducted in the manner provided for recounts under section 204C.361 to the extent practicable, and where ranked-choice voting is used, must include testing of the accumulation software using stored electronic data for those precincts that are not reviewed by manual count. The review

must be completed no later than two days before the meeting of the state canvassing board

145.9 to certify the results of the state general election.

145.10 Sec. 65. [206.97] ELECTION SECURITY AND ADMINISTRATION GRANTS.

145.11 Subdivision 1. Grants authorized. The secretary of state must disburse \$1,000,000 in

145.12 grants from funds governed by section 5.30 to political subdivisions as authorized by this

145.13 section. In evaluating an application for a grant, the secretary of state shall consider only

145.14 the information set forth in the application and is not subject to chapter 14.

145.15 Subd. 2. Use of grants. A grant awarded under this section may be used for the following:

145.16 (1) updated hardware or software used for administering elections;

145.17 (2) additional physical security for election equipment storage;

145.18 (3) increased polling place accessibility; or

145.19 (4) cybersecurity or physical security training for election officials or election judges.

145.20 Subd. 3. Application. The secretary of state may award a grant to a political subdivision

145.21 after receiving an application from the political subdivision. The application must identify:

145.22 (1) the date the application is submitted;

145.23 (2) the name of the political subdivision;

145.24 (3) the name and title of the individual who prepared the application;

145.25 (4) the total number of registered voters as of the date of the application in each precinct

- 145.26 <u>in the political subdivision;</u>
- 145.27 (5) the total amount of the grant requested;
- 145.28 (6) the hardware, software, security improvements, accessibility improvements, or
- 145.29 training to be acquired or conducted with the grant money;

145.30 (7) the proposed schedule for purchasing and implementing the proposed items and what

145.31 precincts will be impacted by their implementation;

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- 146.1 (8) whether the political subdivision has previously applied for a grant under this
- 146.2 <u>subdivision and the disposition of that application;</u>
- (9) a certified statement by the political subdivision that the grant will be used only for
 purposes authorized under subdivision 2; and
- 146.5 (10) any other information required by the secretary of state.
- 146.6 <u>Subd. 4.</u> Legislative report. No later than January 15, 2020, and annually thereafter
- 146.7 <u>until the appropriations provided for grants under this section have been exhausted, the</u>
- 146.8 secretary of state must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
- 146.9 legislative committees with jurisdiction over elections policy on grants awarded by this
- 146.10 section. The report must detail each grant awarded, including the jurisdiction, the amount
- 146.11 of the grant, and how the grant was used.

146.12 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 207A.11, is amended to read:

146.13 **207A.11 PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION PRIMARY ESTABLISHED.**

(a) A presidential nomination primary must be held each year in which a president andvice president of the United States are to be nominated and elected.

(b) The party chairs must jointly submit to the secretary of state, no later than March 1 in a year prior to a presidential election year, the single date on which the parties have agreed to conduct the presidential nomination primary in the next year. The date selected must not be the date of the town general election provided in section 205.075, subdivision 1. If a date is not jointly submitted by the deadline, the presidential nomination primary must be held on the first Tuesday in March in the year of the presidential election. No other election may be conducted on the date of the presidential nomination primary.

(c) The secretary of state must adopt rules to implement the provisions of this chapter.
The secretary of state shall consult with the party chairs throughout the rulemaking process,
including seeking advice about possible rules before issuing a notice of intent to adopt rules,
consultation before the notice of comment is published, consultation on the statement of
need and reasonableness, consultation in drafting and revising the rules, and consultation
regarding any modifications to the rule being considered.

146.29 (d) This chapter only applies to a major political party that selects delegates at the

146.30 presidential nomination primary to send to a national convention. A major political party

- 146.31 that does not participate in a national convention is not eligible to participate in the
- 146.32 presidential nomination primary.

147.3 nomination primary.

147.4 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019, and applies to presidential 147.5 nomination primaries conducted on or after that date.

147.6 Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 207A.12, is amended to read:

147.7 **207A.12 CONDUCTING PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION PRIMARY.**

(a) Except as otherwise provided by law, the presidential nomination primary must be
conducted, and the results canvassed and returned, in the manner provided by law for the
state primary.

(b) An individual seeking to vote at the presidential nomination primary must be 147.11 147.12 registered to vote pursuant to section 201.054, subdivision 1. The voter must request the ballot of the party for whose candidate the individual wishes to vote. Notwithstanding section 147.13 204C.18, subdivision 1, the election judge must record in the polling place roster the name 147.14 of the political party whose ballot the voter requested. When posting voter history pursuant 147.15 to section 201.171, the county auditor must include the name of the political party whose 147.16 147.17 ballot the voter requested. The voter instruction posters, pamphlets, and other informational 147.18 materials prepared for a presidential primary by the secretary of state pursuant to section 204B.27 must include information about the requirements of this paragraph, including a 147.19 notice that the voter's choice of a political party's ballot will be recorded and is public 147.20 information The political party ballot selected by a voter is private data on individuals as 147.21 defined under section 13.02, subdivision 12, except as provided in section 201.091, 147.22 subdivision 4a. 147.23 (c) Immediately after the state canvassing board declares the results of the presidential 147.24

147.25 nomination primary, the secretary of state must notify the chair of each party of the results.
147.26 (d) The results of the presidential nomination primary must bind the election of delegates
147.27 in each party.

147.28 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019, and applies to presidential 147.29 nomination primaries conducted on or after that date.

147.30 Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 207A.14, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- 147.31 Subd. 2. Sample Example ballots. No later than 70 days before the presidential
- 147.32 nomination primary, the secretary of state must supply each county auditor with sample

148.1 <u>example</u> ballots to be used at the presidential nomination primary. The <u>sample</u> <u>example</u>

ballots must illustrate the format required for the ballots used in the presidential nominationprimary.

148.4 Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 207A.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Reimbursable local expenses. (a) The secretary of state shall reimburse the 148.5 counties and municipalities for expenses incurred in the administration of the presidential 148.6 148.7 nomination primary from money contained in the presidential nomination primary elections account. The following expenses are eligible for reimbursement: preparation and printing 148.8 of ballots; postage for absentee ballots; publication of the sample ballot; preparation of 148.9 polling places in an amount not to exceed \$150 per polling place; preparation of electronic 148.10 voting systems in an amount not to exceed \$100 per precinct; compensation for temporary 148.11 staff or overtime payments; salaries of election judges; and compensation of county 148.12 canvassing board members; and other expenses as approved by the secretary of state. 148.13

(b) Within 60 days after the results of a presidential nomination primary are certified 148.14 by the State Canvassing Board, the county auditor must submit a request for payment of 148.15 148.16 the costs incurred by the county for conducting the presidential nomination primary, and the municipal clerk must submit a request for payment of the costs incurred by the 148.17 municipality for conducting the presidential nomination primary. The request for payment 148.18 must be submitted to the secretary of state, and must be accompanied by an itemized 148.19 description of actual county or municipal expenditures, including copies of invoices. In 148.20 addition, the county auditor or municipal clerk must certify that the request for reimbursement 148.21 is based on actual costs incurred by the county or municipality in the presidential nomination 148.22 148.23 primary.

(c) The secretary of state shall provide each county and municipality with the appropriate forms for requesting payment and certifying expenses under this subdivision. The secretary of state must not reimburse expenses unless the request for payment and certification of costs has been submitted as provided in this subdivision. The secretary of state must complete the issuance of reimbursements to the counties and municipalities no later than 90 days after the results of the presidential nomination primary have been certified by the State Canvassing Board.

148.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019, and applies to presidential 148.32 nomination primaries conducted on or after that date.

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149.1	Sec. 70. [208.051] AGREEM	IENT AMONG THE ST	ATES TO EL	ECT THE
149.2	PRESIDENT BY NATIONAL	L POPULAR VOTE.		
149.3	The Agreement Among the	States to Elect the Preside	ent by National	l Popular Vote is
149.4	enacted into law and entered int	to with all other states lega	ally joining in	it in substantially
149.5	the following form:			
149.6		Article I - Membership		
149.7	Any state of the United State	es and the District of Colu	ımbia may bec	come a member of
149.8	this agreement by enacting this	agreement.		
149.9	<u>Article II - F</u>	Right of the People in Mer	nber States to	
149.10	Vote	for President and Vice Pre	esident	
149.11	Each member state shall cor	nduct a statewide popular	election for pr	esident and vice
149.12	president of the United States.			
149.13	Article III - Manner of	Appointing Presidential E	lectors in Mer	nber States
149.14	Prior to the time set by law	for the meeting and voting	g by the presid	ential electors, the
149.15	chief election official of each m	ember state shall determine	ne the number	of votes for each
149.16	presidential slate in each state of	f the United States and in t	the District of	Columbia in which
149.17	votes have been cast in a statew	vide popular election and s	hall add such	votes together to
149.18	produce a "national popular vote	e total" for each presidentia	al slate. The ch	ief election official
149.19	of each member state shall desig	gnate the presidential slate	with the large	est national popular
149.20	vote total as the "national popul	ar vote winner." The pres	idential elector	r certifying official
149.21	of each member state shall certi	fy the appointment in that	official's own	state of the elector
149.22	slate nominated in that state in a	association with the nation	nal popular vo	te winner. At least
149.23	six days before the day fixed by	law for the meeting and v	oting by the pr	esidential electors,
149.24	each member state shall make a	final determination of the	e number of po	opular votes cast in
149.25	the state for each presidential sl	ate and shall communicat	e an official st	atement of such
149.26	determination within 24 hours to	o the chief election officia	l of each other	member state. The
149.27	chief election official of each m	ember state shall treat as	conclusive an	official statement
149.28	containing the number of popul	ar votes in a state for each	n presidential s	late made by the
149.29	day established by federal law f	for making a state's final d	etermination c	conclusive as to the
149.30	counting of electoral votes by C	Congress. In event of a tie	for the nationa	al popular vote
149.31	winner, the presidential elector	certifying official of each	member state	shall certify the
149.32	appointment of the elector slate r	nominated in association w	rith the preside	ntial slate receiving
149.33	the largest number of popular v	otes within that official's official's official's official's official's official's official states of the second s	own state. If, f	or any reason, the

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150.1	number of presidential electors nominated in a member state in association with the national
150.2	popular vote winner is less than or greater than that state's number of electoral votes, the
150.3	presidential candidate on the presidential slate that has been designated as the national
150.4	popular vote winner shall have the power to nominate the presidential electors for that state
150.5	and that state's presidential elector certifying official shall certify the appointment of such
150.6	nominees. The chief election official of each member state shall immediately release to the
150.7	public all vote counts or statements of votes as they are determined or obtained. This article
150.8	shall govern the appointment of presidential electors in each member state in any year in
150.9	which this agreement is, on July 20, in effect in states cumulatively possessing a majority
150.10	of the electoral votes.
150.11	Article IV - Other Provisions
150.12	This agreement shall take effect when states cumulatively possessing a majority of the
150.13	electoral votes have enacted this agreement in substantially the same form and the enactments
150.14	by such states have taken effect in each state. Any member state may withdraw from this
150.15	agreement, except that a withdrawal occurring six months or less before the end of a
150.16	president's term shall not become effective until a president or vice president shall have
150.17	been qualified to serve the next term. The chief executive of each member state shall promptly
150.18	notify the chief executive of all other states of when this agreement has been enacted and
150.19	has taken effect in that official's state, when the state has withdrawn from this agreement,
150.20	and when this agreement takes effect generally. This agreement shall terminate if the electoral
150.21	college is abolished. If any provision of this agreement is held invalid, the remaining
150.22	provisions shall not be affected.
150.23	Article V - Definitions
150.24	For purposes of this agreement,
150.25	"chief executive" means the governor of a state of the United States or the mayor of the
150.26	District of Columbia;
150.27	"elector slate" means a slate of candidates who have been nominated in a state for the
150.28	position of presidential elector in association with a presidential slate;
150.29	"chief election official" means the state official or body that is authorized to certify the
150.30	total number of popular votes for each presidential slate;
150.31	"presidential elector" means an elector for president and vice president of the United
150.32	States;

151.1	"presidential elector certifying official" means the state official or body that is authorized
151.2	to certify the appointment of the state's presidential electors;
151.3	"presidential slate" means a slate of two persons, the first of whom has been nominated
151.4	as a candidate for president of the United States and the second of whom has been nominated
151.5	as a candidate for vice president of the United States, or any legal successors to such persons,
151.6	regardless of whether both names appear on the ballot presented to the voter in a particular
151.7	state;
151.8	"state" means a state of the United States and the District of Columbia; and
151.9	"statewide popular election" means a general election in which votes are cast for
151.10	presidential slates by individual voters and counted on a statewide basis.
151.11	Sec. 71. [243.205] NOTICE OF RESTORATION OF RIGHT TO VOTE.
151.12	Subdivision 1. Correctional facilities; designation of official. The chief executive
151.13	officer of each state and local correctional facility shall designate an official within the
151.14	facility to provide the notice and application required under this section to persons to whom
151.15	the civil right to vote is restored by reason of the persons' release from actual incarceration.
151.16	The official shall maintain an adequate supply of voter registration applications and
151.17	informational materials for this purpose.
151.18	Subd. 2. Notice requirement. A notice of restoration of the civil right to vote and a
151.19	voter registration application must be provided as follows:
151.20	(1) the chief executive officer of each state and local correctional facility shall provide
151.21	the notice and application to a person being released from the facility following incarceration
151.22	for a felony-level offense; and
151.23	(2) a probation officer or supervised release agent shall provide the notice and application
151.24	to all individuals under correctional supervision for a felony-level offense.
151.25	Subd. 3. Form of notice. The notice required by subdivision 2 must appear substantially
151.26	<u>as follows:</u>
151.27	"NOTICE OF RESTORATION OF YOUR RIGHT TO VOTE.
151.28	Your receipt of this notice today means that your right to vote in Minnesota has been
151.29	restored. Before you can vote on election day, you still need to register to vote. To register,
151.30	you may complete a voter registration application and return it to the Office of the Minnesota
151.31	Secretary of State. You may also register to vote in your polling place on election day. You
151.32	will not be permitted to cast a ballot until you register to vote. The first time you appear at

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152.1	your polling place to cast a ballot, you	may be required to p	rovide proof of y	our current
152.2	residence."			
152.3	Subd. 4. Failure to provide notice	. A failure to provide	proper notice as	required by
152.4	this section does not prevent the restor	ation of the person's	civil right to vote	<u>).</u>
152.5	Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2018, se	ction 473.408, is ame	ended by adding	a subdivision
152.6	to read:			

152.7 <u>Subd. 11.</u> Transit service on election day. (a) The Metropolitan Council shall provide
 152.8 regular route transit, as defined under section 473.385, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), free
 152.9 of charge on a day a state general election is held.

- 152.10 (b) The requirements under this subdivision apply to operators of regular route transit
- 152.11 (1) receiving financial assistance under section 473.388, or (2) operating under section
- 152.12 473.405, subdivision 12.

152.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.** This section is effective July 1, 2020, and

- 152.14 applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington.
- 152.15 Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 609.165, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

152.16 Subdivision 1. **Restoration.** Except as provided in section 201.014, subdivision 2a,

when a person has been deprived of civil rights by reason of conviction of a crime and is thereafter discharged, such discharge shall restore the person to all civil rights and to full citizenship, with full right to vote and hold office, the same as if such conviction had not taken place, and the order of discharge shall so provide.

- 152.21 Sec. 74. <u>REPEALER; EARLY VOTING.</u>
- 152.22 Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 203B.081, subdivision 3, is repealed.

152.23 Sec. 75. EFFECTIVE DATE; EARLY VOTING.

152.24The provisions of this article related to early voting are effective when the secretary of152.25state has certified that:

- 152.26 (1) the statewide voter registration system has been tested and shown to properly allow
- 152.27 for the tracking of the information required to conduct early voting, and can handle the
- 152.28 expected volume of use; and
- 152.29 (2) precinct voting equipment that can tabulate at least 30 different ballot styles has been
- 152.30 certified for use in this state. Upon certification pursuant to this section, the provisions of

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153.1	this act related to early voting ap	ply to all federal, state, and	d county election	ns held on August
153.2	1, 2019, and thereafter. A jurise	liction may implement the	requirements c	of this act prior to
153.3	the date provided in this section	, if the secretary of state ha	s made the requ	ired certifications
153.4	at least 90 days prior to the date	e of the election at which e	arly voting will	l be used.
153.5		ARTICLE 5		
153.6		CAMPAIGN FINANCE	£	
153.7	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes	2018, section 10A.01, su	bdivision 4, is a	mended to read:
153.8	Subd. 4. Approved expend	iture. "Approved expendi	ture" means an o	expenditure made
153.9	on behalf of a candidate or a loc	al candidate by an entity o	ther than the car	ndidate's principal
153.10	campaign committee of the cane	lidate or the local candidat	e, if the expend	iture is made with
153.11	the authorization or expressed of	or implied consent of, or in	1 cooperation of	in concert with,
153.12	or at the request or suggestion of	of the candidate or local ca	ndidate, the car	ididate's principal
153.13	campaign committee, or the can	didate's <u>or local candidate'</u>	<u>s ag</u> ent. An appi	roved expenditure
153.14	is a contribution to that candida	te or local candidate.		
153.15	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 20	18, section 10A.01, subdi	vision 7, is ame	nded to read:
153.16	Subd. 7. Ballot question. "B	allot question" means a qu	estion or propos	ition that is placed
153.17	on the ballot and that may be ve	oted on by:		
153.18	(1) all voters of the state:			
153.19	(2) all voters of Hennepin C	ounty;		
153.20	(3) all voters of any home ru	ile charter city or statutory	y city located w	holly within
153.21	Hennepin County and having a			
153.22	(4) all voters of Special Sch	ool District No. 1.		
153.23	"Promoting or defeating a b	allot question" includes ac	ctivities, other th	han lobbying
153.24	activities, related to qualifying	the question for placemen	t on the ballot.	
153.25	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 20	18, section 10A.01, subdi-	vision 9, is ame	nded to read:
153.26	Subd. 9. Campaign expend	iture. "Campaign expend	iture" or "exper	nditure" means a
153.27	purchase or payment of money			
153.28	incurred for the purpose of influ	C		ndidate <u>or a local</u>
153.29	candidate or for the purpose of	promoting or defeating a	ballot question.	

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An expenditure is considered to be made in the year in which the candidate made the 154.1

purchase of goods or services or incurred an obligation to pay for goods or services.

An expenditure made for the purpose of defeating a candidate or a local candidate is 154.3

considered made for the purpose of influencing the nomination or election of that candidate 154.4

154.5 or local candidate or any opponent of that candidate or local candidate.

Except as provided in clause (1), "expenditure" includes the dollar value of a donation 154.6 in kind. 154.7

"Expenditure" does not include: 154.8

(1) noncampaign disbursements as defined in subdivision 26; 154.9

154.10 (2) services provided without compensation by an individual volunteering personal time on behalf of a candidate or a local candidate, ballot question, political committee, political 154.11

fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit; 154.12

(3) the publishing or broadcasting of news items or editorial comments by the news 154.13 media; or 154.14

(4) an individual's unreimbursed personal use of an automobile owned by the individual 154.15 and used by the individual while volunteering personal time. 154.16

154.17 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 154.18

Subd. 10d. Local candidate. "Local candidate" means an individual who seeks 154.19 nomination or election to: 154.20

154.21 (1) any county office in Hennepin County;

(2) any city office in any home rule charter city or statutory city located wholly within 154.22

Hennepin County and having a population of 75,000 or more; or 154.23

(3) the school board in Special School District No. 1. 154.24

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.01, subdivision 11, is amended to read: 154.25

Subd. 11. Contribution. (a) "Contribution" means money, a negotiable instrument, or 154.26 a donation in kind that is given to a political committee, political fund, principal campaign 154.27 committee, local candidate, or party unit. An allocation by an association of general treasury 154.28 money to be used for activities that must be or are reported through the association's political 154.29 fund is considered to be a contribution for the purposes of disclosure required by this chapter. 154.30

(b) "Contribution" includes a loan or advance of credit to a political committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, <u>local candidate</u>, or party unit, if the loan or advance of credit is: (1) forgiven; or (2) repaid by an individual or an association other than the political committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, <u>local candidate</u>, or party unit to which the loan or advance of credit was made. If an advance of credit or a loan is forgiven or repaid as provided in this paragraph, it is a contribution in the year in which the loan or advance of credit was made.

(c) "Contribution" does not include services provided without compensation by an
individual volunteering personal time on behalf of a candidate, <u>local candidate</u>, ballot
question, political committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit;
the publishing or broadcasting of news items or editorial comments by the news media; or
an individual's unreimbursed personal use of an automobile owned by the individual while
volunteering personal time.

155.14 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.01, subdivision 16a, is amended to read:

155.15 Subd. 16a. Expressly advocating. "Expressly advocating" means:

(1) that a communication clearly identifies a candidate or a local candidate and uses
 words or phrases of express advocacy-; or

(2) that a communication when taken as a whole and with limited reference to external
 events, such as the proximity to the election, is susceptible of no reasonable interpretation
 other than as an appeal advocating the election or defeat of one or more clearly identified
 candidates.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019, except that clause (2)
 is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to expenditures and electioneering communications
 made on or after that date.

155.25 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.01, subdivision 17c, is amended to read:

Subd. 17c. General treasury money. "General treasury money" means money that an association other than a principal campaign committee, party unit, or political committee accumulates through membership dues and fees, donations to the association for its general purposes, and income from the operation of a business. General treasury money does not include money collected to influence the nomination or election of candidates <u>or local</u> candidates or to promote or defeat a ballot question.

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156.1 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.01, subdivision 18, is amended to read:

Subd. 18. Independent expenditure. "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure 156.2 expressly advocating the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or local candidate, 156.3 if the expenditure is made without the express or implied consent, authorization, or 156.4 cooperation of, and not in concert with or at the request or suggestion of, any candidate or 156.5 any candidate's principal campaign committee or agent or any local candidate or local 156.6 candidate's agent. An independent expenditure is not a contribution to that candidate or 156.7 156.8 local candidate. An independent expenditure does not include the act of announcing a formal public endorsement of a candidate or local candidate for public office, unless the act is 156.9 simultaneously accompanied by an expenditure that would otherwise qualify as an 156.10 independent expenditure under this subdivision. 156.11

156.12 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.01, subdivision 20, is amended to read:

Subd. 20. Loan. "Loan" means an advance of money or anything of value made to a
political committee, political fund, principal campaign committee, <u>local candidate</u>, or party
unit.

156.16 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.01, subdivision 26, is amended to read:

Subd. 26. Noncampaign disbursement. (a) "Noncampaign disbursement" means a
purchase or payment of money or anything of value made, or an advance of credit incurred,
or a donation in kind received, by a principal campaign committee for any of the following
purposes:

156.21 (1) payment for accounting and legal services;

156.22 (2) return of a contribution to the source;

156.23 (3) repayment of a loan made to the principal campaign committee by that committee;

156.24 (4) return of a public subsidy;

(5) payment for food, beverages, and necessary utensils and supplies, entertainment,and facility rental for a fund-raising event;

(6) services for a constituent by a member of the legislature or a constitutional officerin the executive branch as provided in section 10A.173, subdivision 1;

(7) payment for food and beverages consumed by a candidate or volunteers while theyare engaged in campaign activities;

- (8) payment for food or a beverage consumed while attending a reception or meetingdirectly related to legislative duties;
- (9) payment of expenses incurred by elected or appointed leaders of a legislative caucusin carrying out their leadership responsibilities;
- (10) payment by a principal campaign committee of the candidate's expenses for servingin public office, other than for personal uses;
- 157.7 (11) costs of child care for the candidate's children when campaigning;
- 157.8 (12) fees paid to attend a campaign school;
- (13) costs of a postelection party during the election year when a candidate's name willno longer appear on a ballot or the general election is concluded, whichever occurs first;
- 157.11 (14) interest on loans paid by a principal campaign committee on outstanding loans;
- 157.12 (15) filing fees;
- (16) post-general election holiday or seasonal cards, thank-you notes, or advertisements
 in the news media mailed or published prior to the end of the election cycle;
- (17) the cost of campaign material purchased to replace defective campaign material, ifthe defective material is destroyed without being used;
- 157.17 (18) contributions to a party unit;
- 157.18 (19) payments for funeral gifts or memorials;
- (20) the cost of a magnet less than six inches in diameter containing legislator contactinformation and distributed to constituents;
- (21) costs associated with a candidate attending a political party state or nationalconvention in this state;
- (22) other purchases or payments specified in board rules or advisory opinions as being
 for any purpose other than to influence the nomination or election of a candidate or to
 promote or defeat a ballot question;
- (23) costs paid to a third party for processing contributions made by a credit card, debitcard, or electronic check;
- (24) a contribution to a fund established to support a candidate's participation in a recount
 of ballots affecting that candidate's election;

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(25) costs paid by a candidate's principal campaign committee for a single reception
given in honor of the candidate's retirement from public office after the filing period for
affidavits of candidacy for that office has closed;

(26) a donation from a terminating principal campaign committee to the state generalfund; and

(27) a donation from a terminating principal campaign committee to a county obligated
 to incur special election expenses due to that candidate's resignation from state office; and

(28) payment of expenses for home security cameras, an electronic home security system,
 and identity theft monitoring services for a candidate and any immediate family members
 of the candidate residing in the candidate's household.

(b) The board must determine whether an activity involves a noncampaign disbursementwithin the meaning of this subdivision.

(c) A noncampaign disbursement is considered to be made in the year in which the
candidate made the purchase of goods or services or incurred an obligation to pay for goods
or services.

158.16 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.01, subdivision 27, is amended to read:

Subd. 27. Political committee. "Political committee" means an association whose major
 purpose is to influence the nomination or election of one or more candidates or local
 <u>candidates</u> or to promote or defeat a ballot question, other than a principal campaign
 committee, local candidate, or a political party unit.

158.21 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.01, subdivision 28, is amended to read:

Subd. 28. **Political fund.** "Political fund" means an accumulation of dues or voluntary contributions by an association other than a political committee, principal campaign committee, or party unit, if the accumulation is collected or expended to influence the nomination or election of one or more candidates <u>or local candidates</u> or to promote or defeat a ballot question. The term political fund as used in this chapter may also refer to the association acting through its political fund.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 Subdivision 1. When required for contributions and approved expenditures. An
 association other than a political committee or party unit may not contribute more than \$750

^{158.31} in aggregate in any calendar year to candidates, local candidates, political committees, or

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party units or make approved expenditures of more than \$750 in aggregate in any calendaryear unless the contribution or expenditure is made through a political fund.

159.3 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Commingling prohibited. The contents of an association's political fund may 159.4 not be commingled with other funds or with the personal funds of an officer or member of 159.5 the association or the fund. It is not commingling for an association that uses only its own 159.6 general treasury money to make expenditures and disbursements permitted under section 159.7 10A.121, subdivision 1, directly from the depository used for its general treasury money. 159.8 An association that accepts more than \$1,500 in aggregate in contributions to influence the 159.9 nomination or election of candidates or local candidates or more than \$5,000 in contributions 159.10 to promote or defeat a ballot question must establish a separate depository for those 159.11 contributions. 159.12

159.13 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.121, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Permitted disbursements. An independent expenditure political
committee or fund, or a ballot question political committee or fund, may:

(1) pay costs associated with its fund-raising and general operations;

159.17 (2) pay for communications that do not constitute contributions or approved expenditures;

(3) make contributions to independent expenditure or ballot question political committeesor funds;

159.20 (4) make independent expenditures;

159.21 (5) make expenditures to promote or defeat ballot questions;

(6) return a contribution to its source;

(7) for a political fund, record bookkeeping entries transferring the association's general
treasury money allocated for political purposes back to the general treasury of the association;
and

(8) for a political fund, return general treasury money transferred to a separate depository
to the general depository of the association-; and

159.28 (9) make disbursements for electioneering communications.

159.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to

159.30 expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date.

160.1 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.121, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Penalty.** (a) An independent expenditure political committee or independent expenditure political fund is subject to a civil penalty of up to four times the amount of the contribution or approved expenditure if it does the following:

(1) makes a contribution to a candidate, local candidate, party unit, political committee,
 or political fund other than an independent expenditure political committee or an independent
 expenditure political fund; or

160.8 (2) makes an approved expenditure.

(b) No other penalty provided in law may be imposed for conduct that is subject to acivil penalty under this section.

160.11 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Accounts; penalty. The treasurer of a political committee, political fund,
principal campaign committee, or party unit must keep an account of:

(1) the sum of all contributions, except any donation in kind valued at \$20 or less, made
to the committee, fund, or party unit;

(2) the name and address of each source of a contribution made to the committee, fund,
or party unit in excess of \$20, together with the date and amount of each;

(3) each expenditure made by the committee, fund, or party unit, together with the dateand amount;

160.20 (4) each approved expenditure made on behalf of the committee, fund, or party unit,

160.21 together with the date and amount; and

(5) the name and address of each political committee, political fund, principal campaign
committee, <u>local candidate</u>, or party unit to which contributions in excess of \$20 have been
made, together with the date and amount.

Any individual who knowingly violates this subdivision is subject to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up to \$1,000.

160.27 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.17, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Independent expenditures. An individual, political committee, political fund,
principal campaign committee, or party unit that independently solicits or accepts
contributions or makes independent expenditures on behalf of a candidate or local candidate

161.1	must publicly disclose that the expenditure is an independent expenditure. All written and
161.2	broadcast communications with those from whom contributions are independently solicited
161.3	or accepted or to whom independent expenditures are made on behalf of a candidate or local
161.4	<u>candidate</u> must contain a statement in substantially the form provided in section 211B.04,
161.5	subdivision 2. The statement must be on the front page of all written communications and
161.6	at the end of all broadcast communications made by that individual, political committee,
161.7	political fund, principal campaign committee, or party unit on the candidate's or local
161.8	candidate's behalf.
161.9	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.20, is amended by adding a subdivision to
161.10	read:
161.11	Subd. 2a. Local election reports. (a) This subdivision applies to a political committee,
161.12	political fund, or political party unit that during a nongeneral election year:
161.13	(1) spends in aggregate more than \$200 to influence the nomination or election of local
161.14	candidates;
161.15	(2) spends in aggregate more than \$200 to make independent expenditures on behalf of
161.16	local candidates; or
161.17	(3) spends in aggregate more than \$200 to promote or defeat ballot questions defined
161.18	in section 10A.01, subdivision 7, clause (2), (3), or (4).
161.19	(b) In addition to the reports required under subdivision 2, the entities listed in paragraph
161.20	(a) must file the following reports in each nongeneral election year:
161.21	(1) a first-quarter report covering the calendar year through March 31, which is due
161.22	<u>April 14;</u>
161.23	(2) a report covering the calendar year through May 31, which is due June 14;
161.24	(3) a pre-primary-election report due 15 days before the local primary election date
161.25	specified in section 205.065;
161.26	(4) a pre-general-election report due 42 days before the local general election; and
161.27	(5) a pre-general-election report due ten days before a local general election.
161.28	The reporting obligations in this paragraph begin with the first report due after the
161.29	reporting period in which the entity reaches the spending threshold specified in paragraph
161.30	<u>(a).</u>

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162.1 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.20, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Contents of report.** (a) The report required by this section must include each of the items listed in paragraphs (b) to (q) that are applicable to the filer. The board shall prescribe forms based on filer type indicating which of those items must be included on the filer's report.

(b) The report must disclose the amount of liquid assets on hand at the beginning of thereporting period.

(c) The report must disclose the name, address, employer, or occupation if self-employed, 162.8 and registration number if registered with the board, of each individual or association that 162.9 has made one or more contributions to the reporting entity, including the purchase of tickets 162.10 for a fund-raising effort, that in aggregate within the year exceed \$200 for legislative or 162.11 statewide candidates or more than \$500 for ballot questions, together with the amount and 162.12 date of each contribution, and the aggregate amount of contributions within the year from 162.13 each source so disclosed. A donation in kind must be disclosed at its fair market value. An 162.14 approved expenditure must be listed as a donation in kind. A donation in kind is considered 162.15 consumed in the reporting period in which it is received. The names of contributors must 162.16 be listed in alphabetical order. Contributions from the same contributor must be listed under 162.17 the same name. When a contribution received from a contributor in a reporting period is 162.18 added to previously reported unitemized contributions from the same contributor and the 162.19 aggregate exceeds the disclosure threshold of this paragraph, the name, address, and 162.20 employer, or occupation if self-employed, of the contributor must then be listed on the 162.21 report. 162.22

(d) The report must disclose the sum of contributions to the reporting entity during thereporting period.

(e) The report must disclose each loan made or received by the reporting entity within the year in aggregate in excess of \$200, continuously reported until repaid or forgiven, together with the name, address, occupation, principal place of business, if any, and registration number if registered with the board of the lender and any endorser and the date and amount of the loan. If a loan made to the principal campaign committee of a candidate is forgiven or is repaid by an entity other than that principal campaign committee, it must be reported as a contribution for the year in which the loan was made.

(f) The report must disclose each receipt over \$200 during the reporting period nototherwise listed under paragraphs (c) to (e).

(g) The report must disclose the sum of all receipts of the reporting entity during thereporting period.

163.3 (h) The report must disclose the <u>following</u>:

(1) the name, address, and registration number if registered with the board of each
individual or association to whom aggregate expenditures, approved expenditures,
independent expenditures, and ballot question expenditures, and disbursements for
electioneering communications have been made by or on behalf of the reporting entity
within the year in excess of \$200, together with;

163.9 (2) the amount, date, and purpose of each expenditure, including an explanation of how
 163.10 the expenditure was used, and;

(3) the name and address of, and office sought by, each candidate or local candidate on
whose behalf the expenditure was made, or, in the case of electioneering communications,
each candidate identified positively in the communication;

163.14 (4) identification of the ballot question that the expenditure was intended to promote or 163.15 defeat and an indication of whether the expenditure was to promote or to defeat the ballot 163.16 question; and

(5) in the case of independent expenditures made in opposition to a candidate, local 163.17 candidate, or electioneering communications in which a candidate is identified negatively, 163.18 the candidate's or local candidate's name, address, and office sought. A reporting entity 163.19 making an expenditure on behalf of more than one candidate for state or legislative office 163.20 must allocate the expenditure among the candidates or local candidates on a reasonable cost 163.21 basis and report the allocation for each candidate or local candidate. The report must list 163 22 on separate schedules any independent expenditures made on behalf of local candidates and 163.23 any expenditures made for ballot questions as defined in section 10A.01, subdivision 7, 163.24 clause (2), (3), or (4). 163.25

(i) The report must disclose the sum of all expenditures made by or on behalf of thereporting entity during the reporting period.

(j) The report must disclose the amount and nature of an advance of credit incurred by
the reporting entity, continuously reported until paid or forgiven. If an advance of credit
incurred by the principal campaign committee of a candidate is forgiven by the creditor or
paid by an entity other than that principal campaign committee, it must be reported as a
donation in kind for the year in which the advance of credit was made.

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(k) The report must disclose the name, address, and registration number if registered
with the board of each political committee, political fund, principal campaign committee,
<u>local candidate, or party unit to which contributions have been made that aggregate in excess</u>
of \$200 within the year and the amount and date of each contribution. <u>The report must list</u>
<u>on separate schedules any contributions made to state candidates' principal campaign</u>
committees and any contributions made to local candidates.

(1) The report must disclose the sum of all contributions made by the reporting entity
 during the reporting period and must separately disclose the sum of all contributions made
 to local candidates by the reporting entity during the reporting period.

(m) The report must disclose the name, address, and registration number if registered with the board of each individual or association to whom noncampaign disbursements have been made that aggregate in excess of \$200 within the year by or on behalf of the reporting entity and the amount, date, and purpose of each noncampaign disbursement, including an explanation of how the expenditure was used.

(n) The report must disclose the sum of all noncampaign disbursements made withinthe year by or on behalf of the reporting entity.

(o) The report must disclose the name and address of a nonprofit corporation that provides
administrative assistance to a political committee or political fund as authorized by section
211B.15, subdivision 17, the type of administrative assistance provided, and the aggregate
fair market value of each type of assistance provided to the political committee or political
fund during the reporting period.

(p) Legislative, statewide, and judicial candidates, party units, and political committees 164.22 and funds must itemize contributions that in aggregate within the year exceed \$200 for 164.23 legislative or statewide candidates or more than \$500 for ballot questions on reports submitted 164.24 to the board. The itemization must include the date on which the contribution was received, 164.25 the individual or association that provided the contribution, and the address of the contributor. 164.26 Additionally, the itemization for a donation in kind must provide a description of the item 164.27 or service received. Contributions that are less than the itemization amount must be reported 164.28 as an aggregate total. 164.29

(q) Legislative, statewide, and judicial candidates, party units, political committees and
funds, and committees to promote or defeat a ballot question must itemize expenditures and
noncampaign disbursements that in aggregate exceed \$200 in a calendar year on reports
submitted to the board. The itemization must include the date on which the committee made
or became obligated to make the expenditure or disbursement, the name and address of the

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vendor that provided the service or item purchased, and a description of the service or item

purchased, including an explanation of how the expenditure was used. Expenditures and

165.3 noncampaign disbursements must be listed on the report alphabetically by vendor.

EFFECTIVE DATE. The amendments related to electioneering communications are
 effective January 1, 2020, and apply to expenditures and electioneering communications
 made on or after that date.

165.7 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.20, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:

Subd. 6a. **Statement of independence.** An individual, political committee, political fund, or party unit filing a report or statement disclosing an independent expenditure under subdivision 3 or 6 must file with the report a sworn statement that the disclosed expenditures were not made with the authorization or expressed or implied consent of, or in cooperation or in concert with, or at the request or suggestion of any candidate or; any candidate's principal campaign committee or agent; or any local candidate or any local candidate's agent.

165.15 Sec. 22. [10A.201] ELECTIONEERING COMMUNICATIONS.

165.16 Subdivision 1. Electioneering communication. (a) "Electioneering communication"

165.17 means a communication distributed by television, radio, satellite, the Internet, or cable

165.18 broadcasting system; by means of printed material, signs, or billboards; through the use of

165.19 telephone communications; or by electronic communication, including electronic mail or

- 165.20 electronic text messaging that:
- 165.21 (1) refers to a clearly identified candidate;
- 165.22 (2) is made within:
- (i) 30 days before a primary election or special primary election for the office sought
 by the candidate; or
- (ii) 60 days before a general election or special election for the office sought by the
- 165.26 <u>candidate;</u>
- 165.27 (3) is targeted to the relevant electorate; and
- 165.28 (4) is made without the express or implied consent, authorization, or cooperation of, and
- 165.29 not in concert with or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate or a candidate's principal
- 165.30 campaign committee or agent.
- 165.31 (b) Electioneering communication does not include:

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166.1	(1) the publishing or broade	casting of news items or ec	litorial commen	ts by the news
166.2	media;			
166.3	(2) a communication that co	onstitutes an approved exp	enditure or an in	ndependent
166.4	expenditure;			
166.5	(3) a voter guide, which is a	pamphlet or similar printed	d material, inten	ded to help voters
166.6	compare candidates' positions of	on a set of issues, as long a	as each of the fo	llowing is true:
166.7	(i) the guide does not focus	on a single issue or a narr	ow range of issu	ues, but includes
166.8	questions and subjects sufficient	t to encompass major issues	s of interest to the	e entire electorate;
166.9	(ii) the questions and any of	ther description of the issu	es are clear and	unbiased in both
166.10	their structure and content;			
166.11	(iii) the questions posed and	d provided to the candidate	es are identical t	to those included
166.12	in the guide;			
166.13	(iv) each candidate included	d in the guide is given a re	asonable amour	nt of time and the
166.14	same opportunity as other cand	lidates to respond to the qu	iestions;	
166.15	(v) if the candidate is given	limited choices for an ans	swer to a questic	on, for example:
166.16	"support," "oppose," "yes," or '	'no," the candidate is also	given an opport	unity, subject to
166.17	reasonable limits, to explain the	e candidate's position in th	e candidate's ov	vn words; the fact
166.18	that a candidate provided an ex	planation is clearly indica	ted in the guide	; and the guide
166.19	clearly indicates that the explan	nations will be made availa	able for public in	nspection, subject
166.20	to reasonable conditions;			
166.21	(vi) answers included in the	guide are those provided	by the candidate	es in response to
166.22	questions, the candidates' answ	ers are unedited, and the a	inswers appear i	n close proximity
166.23	to the question to which they re-	espond;		
166.24	(vii) if the guide includes can	ndidates' positions based or	n information oth	her than responses
166.25	provided directly by the candid	late, the positions are base	d on recorded v	otes or public
166.26	statements of the candidates an	d are presented in an uned	lited and unbiase	ed manner; and
166.27	(viii) the guide includes all	major party candidates for	r each office list	ed in the guide;
166.28	(4) a candidate forum or deb	pate hosted by one or more	nonprofit organ	izations that does
166.29	not endorse, support, or oppose	e candidates, as long as ead	ch of the follow	ing is true:
166.30	(i) the forum or debate inclu	udes the participation of at	t least two candi	dates for each
166.31	office featured;			

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167.1	(ii) the forum or debate is str	ructured so that it does not	ot promote one ca	andidate or one
167.2	candidate's issues of interest over	er another; and		
167.3	(iii) candidates are selected f	For participation in the fo	orum or debate ba	sed on
167.4	preestablished, objective criteria	<u>ı;</u>		
167.5	(5) any other communication	n specified in board rules	s or advisory opin	iions as being
167.6	excluded from the definition of	electioneering communi	cation; or	
167.7	(6) a communication that:			
167.8	(i) refers to a clearly identifie	ed candidate who is an inc	cumbent member	of the legislature
167.9	or a constitutional officer;			
167.10	(ii) refers to a clearly identifi	ied issue that is or was be	efore the legislatu	are in the form of
167.11	an introduced bill; and			
167.12	(iii) is made when the legisla	ature is in session or with	nin ten days after	the last day of a
167.13	regular session of the legislature	<u>.</u>		
167.14	(c) A communication that me	eets the requirements of	paragraph (a) but	is made with the
167.15	authorization or express or impl	ied consent of, or in coo	peration or in cor	ncert with, or at
167.16	the request or suggestion of a ca	ndidate, a candidate's pr	incipal campaign	committee, or a
167.17	candidate's agent is an approved	expenditure.		
167.18	(d) Distributing a voter guide	e questionnaire, survey, o	or similar docum	ent to candidates
167.19	and communications with candie	dates limited to obtaining	their responses,	without more, do
167.20	not constitute communications t	hat would result in the v	oter guide being	an approved
167.21	expenditure on behalf of the can	ididate.		
167.22	Subd. 2. Targeted to releva	nt electorate. (a) For pu	rposes of this sec	tion, a
167.23	communication that refers to a cle	early identified candidate	is targeted to the r	elevant electorate
167.24	if the communication is distribut	ted to or can be received	by more than 1,5	00 persons in the
167.25	district the candidate seeks to re	present, in the case of a	candidate for the	house of
167.26	representatives, senate, or a dist	rict court judicial office	or by more than 6	6,000 persons in
167.27	the state, in the case of a candida	te for constitutional offic	e or appellate cou	art judicial office.
167.28	When determining the number of	f persons to whom a con	nmunication in th	e form of printed
167.29	material, telephone communicat	ion, electronic mail, or e	electronic text me	essaging is
167.30	distributed, an association may	exclude communications	distributed to its	own members.
167.31	(b) A communication consis	ting of printed materials	, other than signs	, billboards, or
167.32	advertisements published in the	print media, is targeted to	o the relevant elec	ctorate if it meets

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168.1	the requirements of paragraph (a) and is distributed to vo	ters by means of	f United States
168.2	mail or through direct delivery to	o a resident's home or bu	siness.	
168.3	Subd. 3. Disclosure of electi	oneering communicatio	ons. (a) Election	eering
168.4	communications made by a polit	tical committee, a party u	nit, or a princip	al campaign
168.5	committee must be disclosed on	the periodic reports of re	ceipts and expe	nditures filed by
168.6	the association on the schedule a	and in accordance with th	e terms of section	on 10A.20.
168.7	(b) An association other than	a political committee, pa	arty unit, or prin	cipal campaign
168.8	committee may register a politic	al fund with the board an	d disclose its el	ectioneering
168.9	communications on the reports of	f receipts and expenditur	es filed by the p	olitical fund. If it
168.10	does so, it must disclose its disbur	sements for electioneering	g communication	ns on the schedule
168.11	and in accordance with the terms	s of section 10A.20.		
168.12	(c) An association that does n	not disclose its disbursem	nents for election	neering
168.13	communications under paragraph	n (a) or (b) must disclose i	ts electioneering	communications
168.14	according to the requirements of	subdivision 4.		
168.15	Subd. 4. Statement required	l for electioneering com	munications. (a	a) Except for
168.16	associations providing disclosure	e as specified in subdivis	ion 3, paragraph	n (a) or (b), every
168.17	person who makes a disburseme	nt for the costs of produc	ing or distributi	ng electioneering
168.18	communications that aggregate r	nore than \$1,500 in a cal	endar year must	, within 24 hours
168.19	of each disclosure date, file with	the board a disclosure stat	ement containin	g the information
168.20	described in this subdivision.			
168.21	(b) Each statement required t	o be filed under this sect	ion must contair	n the following
168.22	information:			
168.23	(1) the names of: (i) the assoc	iation making the disburs	sement; (ii) any	person exercising
168.24	direction or control over the activ	vities of the association v	with respect to th	ne disbursement;
168.25	and (iii) the custodian of the fina	uncial records of the asso	ciation making t	he disbursement;
168.26	(2) the address of the associa	tion making the disburse	ment;	
168.27	(3) the amount of each disbur	rsement of more than \$20	00 during the pe	riod covered by
168.28	the statement, a description of the	e purpose of the disburser	ment, and the ide	entification of the
168.29	person to whom the disbursement	nt was made;		
168.30	(4) the names of the candidat	tes identified or to be iden	ntified in the con	mmunication;
168.31	(5) if the disbursements were	paid out of a segregated b	ank account that	consists of funds
168.32	donated specifically for election	eering communications, t	the name and ad	dress of each
168.33	person who gave the association	more than \$200 in aggre	gate to that acco	ount during the

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period beginning on the first day of the preceding calendar year and ending on the disclosure 169.1 169.2 date; and 169.3 (6) if the disbursements for electioneering communications were made using general treasury money of the association, an association that has paid more than \$5,000 in aggregate 169.4 169.5 for electioneering communications during the calendar year must file with its disclosure 169.6 statement a written statement that includes the name, address, and amount attributable to each person that paid the association membership dues or fees, or made donations to the 169.7 169.8 association that, in total, aggregate more than \$5,000 of the money used by the association for electioneering communications. The statement must also include the total amount of the 169.9 disbursements for electioneering communications attributable to persons not subject to 169.10 itemization under this clause. The statement must be certified as true by an officer of the 169.11 169.12 association that made the disbursements for the electioneering communications. (c) To determine the amount of the membership dues or fees, or donations made by a 169.13 person to an association and attributable to the association's disbursements for electioneering 169.14 communications, the association must separately prorate the total disbursements made for 169.15 electioneering communications during the calendar year over all general treasury money 169.16 received during the calendar year. 169.17 (d) If the amount spent for electioneering communications exceeds the amount of general 169.18 treasury money received by the association during that year: 169.19 169.20 (1) the electioneering communications must be attributed first to all receipts of general treasury money received during the calendar year in which the electioneering communications 169.21 were made; 169.22 169.23 (2) any amount of current year electioneering communications that exceeds the total of all receipts of general treasury money during the current calendar year must be prorated 169.24 over all general treasury money received in the preceding calendar year; and 169.25 169.26 (3) if the allocation made in clauses (1) and (2) is insufficient to cover the subject of electioneering communications, no further allocation is required. 169.27 (e) After a portion of the general treasury money received by an association from a 169.28 person has been designated as the source of a disbursement for electioneering 169.29 communications, that portion of the association's general treasury money received from that 169.30 person may not be designated as the source of any other disbursement for electioneering 169.31 communications or as the source for any contribution to an independent expenditure political 169.32 committee or fund. 169.33

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170.1	Subd. 5. Disclosure date. F	or purposes of this section,	the term "disclo	osure date" means
170.2	the earlier of:			
170.3	(1) the first date on which a	n electioneering communi	cation is public	y distributed,
170.4	provided that the person making	g the electioneering commu	inication has ma	de disbursements
170.5	for the direct costs of producing	g or distributing one or mo	re electioneerin	g communication
170.6	aggregating in excess of \$1,500); or		
170.7	(2) any other date during the	e same calendar year on w	hich an election	eering
170.8	communication is publicly dist	ributed, provided that the	person making t	he electioneering
170.9	communication has made disbu	rsements for the direct cos	sts of distributir	ng one or more
170.10	electioneering communication	aggregating in excess of \$	1,500 since the	most recent
170.11	disclosure date.			
170.12	Subd. 6. Contracts to disb	urse. For purposes of this	section, a person	n shall be treated
170.13	as having made a disbursement	if the person has entered i	into an obligatio	on to make the
170.14	disbursement.			
170.15	Subd. 7. Statement of attri	bution. (a) An electioneer	ing communica	tion must include
	a statement of attribution.	<u>(() </u>	8 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
170 17	(1) For communications dis	tributed by printed materia	al signs and hi	lboards the
170.17	statement must say, in conspice	~ *		
170.18				
170.19	(2) For communications dist	ributed by television, radio	o, satellite, or a c	able broadcasting
170.20	system, the statement must be i			
170.21	state at a volume and speed that a	a person of ordinary hearing	g can comprehen	d: "The preceding
170.22	communication was paid for by	the [association name]."		
170.23	(3) For communications dis	tributed by telephone, the	statement must	precede the
170.24	communication and must orally	state at a volume and speed	that a person of	fordinary hearing
170.25	can comprehend: "The following	ng communication is paid	for by the [asso	ciation name]."
170.26	(b) If the communication is	paid for by an association	registered with	the board, the
170.27	statement of attribution must us	se the association's name a	s it is registered	with the board.
170.28	If the communication is paid for	by an association not regist	tered with the bo	ard, the statement
170.29	of attribution must use the asso	ciation's name as it is disc	losed to the boa	rd on the
170.30	association's disclosure stateme	ent associated with the con	nmunication.	
170.31	Subd. 8. Failure to file; per	nalty. (a) If a person fails to	o file a statemer	nt required by this
170.32	section by the date the statement	nt is due, the board may in	pose a late filir	ng fee of \$50 per
170.33	day, not to exceed \$1,000, com	mencing the day after the	statement was d	ue.

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- (b) The board must send notice by certified mail to a person who fails to file a statement 171.1 within ten business days after the statement was due that the person may be subject to a 171.2 171.3 civil penalty for failure to file the statement. A person who fails to file the statement within seven days after the certified mail notice was sent by the board is subject to a civil penalty 171.4 imposed by the board of up to \$1,000. 171.5 (c) An association that provides disclosure under section 10A.20 rather than under this 171.6
- section is subject to the late filing fee and civil penalty provisions of section 10A.20 and is 171.7
- not subject to the penalties provided in this subdivision. 171.8
- (d) An association that makes electioneering communications under this section and 171.9
- 171.10 willfully fails to provide the statement required by subdivision 4, paragraph (b), clause (6),
- within the time specified is subject to an additional civil penalty of up to four times the 171.11
- amount of the electioneering communications disbursements that should have been included 171.12
- on the statement. 171.13

171.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to

- expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date. 171.15
- 171.16 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.244, is amended to read:

10A.244 VOLUNTARY INACTIVE STATUS; POLITICAL FUNDS. 171.17

Subdivision 1. Election of voluntary inactive status. An association that has a political 171.18 171.19 fund registered under this chapter may elect to have the fund placed on voluntary inactive status if the following conditions are met: 171.20

(1) the association makes a written request for inactive status; 171.21

171.22 (2) the association has filed all periodic reports required by this chapter and has received no contributions into its political fund and made no expenditures or disbursements, including 171.23 disbursements for electioneering communications, through its political fund since the last 171.24

- date included on the association's most recent report; and 171.25
- 171.26 (3) the association has satisfied all obligations to the state for late filing fees and civil penalties imposed by the board or the board has waived this requirement. 171.27
- Subd. 2. Effect of voluntary inactive status. After an association has complied with 171.28 the requirements of subdivision 1: 171.29
- (1) the board must notify the association that its political fund has been placed in 171.30 voluntary inactive status and of the terms of this section; 171.31

(2) the board must stop sending the association reports, forms, and notices of report duedates that are periodically sent to entities registered with the board;

(3) the association is not required to file periodic disclosure reports for its political fund
as otherwise required under this chapter;

(4) the association may not accept contributions into its political fund and may not make
 expenditures, contributions, or disbursements, including disbursements for electioneering
 <u>communications</u>, through its political fund; and

(5) if the association maintains a separate depository account for its political fund, it
may continue to pay bank service charges and receive interest paid on that account while
its political fund is in inactive status.

172.11 Subd. 3. **Resumption of active status or termination.** (a) An association that has placed 172.12 its political fund in voluntary inactive status may resume active status upon written notice 172.13 to the board.

(b) A political fund placed in voluntary inactive status must resume active status within 172.15 14 days of the date that it has accepted contributions or made expenditures, contributions, 172.16 or disbursements, including disbursements for electioneering communications, that aggregate 172.17 more than \$750 since the political fund was placed on inactive status. If, after meeting this 172.18 threshold, the association does not notify the board that its fund has resumed active status, 172.19 the board may place the association's political fund in active status and notify the association 172.20 of the change in status.

(c) An association that has placed its political fund in voluntary inactive status mayterminate the registration of the fund without returning it to active status.

Subd. 4. Penalty for financial activity while in voluntary inactive status. If an
association fails to notify the board of its political fund's resumption of active status under
subdivision 3, the board may impose a civil penalty of \$50 per day, not to exceed \$1,000
commencing on the 15th calendar day after the fund resumed active status.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to
 expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date.

172.29 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.25, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

172.30 Subd. 3a. Independent expenditures <u>and electioneering communications</u>. The principal

172.31 campaign committee of a candidate must not make independent expenditures or

172.32 disbursements for electioneering communications. If the principal campaign committee of

a candidate makes a contribution to an independent expenditure committee or independent
expenditure fund on or after January 1 of the year the candidate's office will appear on the
ballot, the independent expenditure committee or independent expenditure fund must not
make an independent expenditure for that candidate.

173.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to

173.6 expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date.

173.7 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 10A.27, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. Contributions or use of general treasury money. (a) An association may,
if not prohibited by other law, contribute its general treasury money to an independent
expenditure or ballot question political committee or fund, including its own independent
expenditure or ballot question political committee or fund, without complying with
subdivision 13.

(b) Before the day when the recipient committee or fund's next report must be filed with 173.13 the board under section 10A.20, subdivision 2 or 5, an association that has contributed more 173.14 than \$5,000 in aggregate to independent expenditure political committees or funds during 173.15 the calendar year or has contributed more than \$5,000 in aggregate to ballot question political 173 16 committees or funds during the calendar year must provide in writing to the recipient's 173.17 treasurer a statement that includes the name, address, and amount attributable to each person 173.18 that paid the association dues or fees, or made donations to the association that, in total, 173.19 aggregate more than \$5,000 of the contribution from the association to the independent 173.20 expenditure or ballot question political committee or fund. The statement must also include 173.21 173.22 the total amount of the contribution attributable to persons not subject to itemization under this section. The statement must be certified as true by an officer of the donor association. 173.23

(c) To determine the amount of membership dues or fees, or donations made by a person
to an association and attributable to the association's contribution to the independent

173.26 expenditure or ballot question political committee or fund, the donor association must-

173.27 separately prorate the total independent expenditures and ballot question expenditures made

173.28 during the calendar year over all general treasury money received during the calendar year.

(1) apply a pro rata calculation to all unrestricted dues, fees, and contributions received
by the donor association in the calendar year; or

(2) as provided in paragraph (d), identify the specific individuals or associations whose
 dues, fees, or contributions are included in the contribution to the independent expenditure
 political committee or fund.

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- (d) Dues, fees, or contributions from an individual or association must be identified in a contribution to an independent expenditure political committee or fund under paragraph (c), clause (2), if:
- 174.4 (1) the individual or association has specifically authorized the donor association to use
 174.5 the individual's or association's dues, fees, or contributions for this purpose; or
- 174.6 (2) the individual's or association's dues, fees, or contributions to the donor association
- 174.7 are unrestricted and the donor association designates them as the source of the subject
- 174.8 contribution to the independent expenditure political committee or fund.
- 174.9 (d) If the amount contributed to independent expenditure and ballot question political
- 174.10 committees or funds in a calendar year exceeds the amount of general treasury money
- 174.11 received by the association during that year:
- 174.12 (1) the contributions must be attributed first to all receipts of general treasury money
- 174.13 received during the calendar year in which the contributions were made;
- 174.14 (2) any amount of current-year contributions that exceeds the total of all receipts of
- 174.15 general treasury money during the current calendar year must be prorated over all general
- 174.16 treasury money received in the preceding calendar year; and
- (3) if the allocation made in clauses (1) and (2) is insufficient to cover the subject
- 174.18 independent expenditures and ballot question expenditures, no further allocation is required.
- (e) After a portion of the general treasury money received by an association from a
- 174.20 person has been designated as the source of a contribution to an independent expenditure
- 174.21 or ballot question political committee or fund, that portion of the association's general
- 174.22 treasury money received from that person may not be designated as the source of any other
- 174.23 contribution to an independent expenditure or ballot question political committee or fund,
- 174.24 or as the source of funds for a disbursement for electioneering communications made by
- 174.25 <u>that association</u>.

174.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to 174.27 expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date.

174.28 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 383B.041, is amended to read:

174.29 **383B.041 CAMPAIGN FINANCING, DISCLOSURE OF ECONOMIC**

174.30 **INTERESTS.**

174.31 Subdivision 1. Hennepin County candidates. Sections 383B.041 to 383B.058 apply

174.32 to the financing of campaigns for county elections in Hennepin County and for city elections

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in home rule charter cities and statutory cities located wholly within Hennepin County, 175.1 having a population of 75,000 or more, and for school board elections in the Special School 175.2 175.3 District No. 1, Minneapolis, and to disclosure of economic interests by candidates and elected public officials of those jurisdictions. The provisions of sections 211A.02 to 211A.07 175.4 do not apply to the financing of campaigns for elections subject to the provisions of sections 175.5 383B.041 to 383B.058. Candidates for county commissioner, county attorney, and sheriff 175.6 of Hennepin County must file campaign disclosure forms with the filing officer for Hennepin 175.7 175.8 County. These candidates are subject to the provisions of chapter 211A. Subd. 2. Political subdivision candidates. Candidates for elected city, school board, 175.9 park commissioner, and other political subdivision offices within Hennepin County shall 175.10 file campaign disclosure forms with the filing officer for the political subdivision for which 175.11 the candidate is seeking office. These candidates are subject to the provisions of chapter 175.12

175.13 <u>211A.</u>

175.14 <u>Subd. 3.</u> Political committees, political funds, and independent expenditures. (a)

175.15 The provisions of chapter 10A apply to political committees as defined in section 10A.01,

175.16 subdivision 27; political funds as defined in section 10A.01, subdivision 28; and independent

175.17 expenditures as defined in section 10A.01, subdivision 18, related to:

- 175.18 (1) a campaign for the nomination or election of a candidate for:
- (i) a county office in Hennepin County;
- (ii) a city office in a home rule charter or statutory city located wholly within Hennepin
- 175.21 County with a population of 75,000 or more; or
- 175.22 (iii) the school board in Special School District No. 1; and
- 175.23 (2) a ballot question or proposition that may be voted on by:
- (i) all voters in Hennepin County;
- (ii) all voters of a home rule charter or statutory city located wholly within Hennepin
- 175.26 County and having a population of 75,000 or more; or
- 175.27 (iii) all voters in Special School District No. 1.
- (b) The provisions of chapter 211A apply to a campaign for nomination or election for
- 175.29 an office in the following political subdivisions:
- 175.30 (1) a home rule or statutory city located wholly within Hennepin County and having a
- 175.31 population of less than 75,000; and

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176.1	(2) a school district located w	holly within Hennepin C	County other th	an Special School
176.2	District No. 1.			<u></u>
1,0.2			_	
176.3	(c) The provisions of chapter	211A apply to a ballot q	uestion or prop	position that may
176.4	be voted on by:			
176.5	(1) all voters of a home rule α	or statutory city located w	vholly within H	Iennepin County
176.6	and having a population of less t	han 75,000; and		
176.7	(2) all voters of a school distr	rict located wholly withir	h Hennepin Co	unty other than
176.8	Special School District No. 1.			
176.9	Subd. 4. Local ordinances a	nd chartars suparsodad	This section of	supersedes the
	provisions of any ordinance or re			
176.10	or any existing special law or ho			
176.11				
176.12	Hennepin County requiring disc			nemg of election
176.13	<u>campaigns.</u>			
176.14	Subd. 5. Economic interest of	lisclosure; Special Schoo	ol District No.	1. Every candidate
176.15	for school board in Special School	l District No. 1, Minneapo	olis, must file ar	original statement
176.16	of economic interest with the sch	nool district within 14 day	ys of the filing	of an affidavit or
176.17	petition to appear on the ballot.	An elected official in Spe	cial School Di	strict No. 1,
176.18	Minneapolis, must file the annua	l statement required in se	ction 10A.09, s	subdivision 6, with
176.19	the school district for every year	that the individual serves	in office. An c	original and annual
176.20	statement must contain the inform	ation listed in section 10A		n 5. The provisions
176.21	of section 10A.09, subdivisions	6a, 7, and 9, apply to stat	ements require	ed under this
176.22	subdivision.			
176.23	Sec. 27. <u>REPEALER.</u>			
176.24	Minnesota Statutes 2018, secti	ons 10A.15, subdivision 6	; 383B.042; 38	3B.043; 383B.044;
176.25	<u>383B.045; 383B.046; 383B.047;</u>	383B.048; 383B.049; 38	83B.05; 383B.0	051; 383B.052;
176.26	<u>383B.053; 383B.054; 383B.055;</u>	383B.056; and 383B.05	7, are repealed	<u>-</u>
176.27		ARTICLE 6		
176.28		REDISTRICTING		
176.29	Section 1. [2.032] REDISTRI	CTING COMMISSION	<u>N.</u>	
176.30	Subdivision 1. Commission	membership; duties. In	each year endi	ng in one, a
176.31	redistricting commission is creat	ed to draw the boundarie	s of congressio	nal and legislative
176.32	districts in accordance with the p	principles established in s	ection 2.035.	The commission
	Article 6 Section 1.	176		

- 177.1 consists of 12 public members, to be appointed in the manner provided in subdivision 2,
- and five retired judges of the appellate or district courts of this state who have not served
- 177.3 in a party-designated or party-endorsed position, such as legislator, to be appointed in the
- 177.4 <u>manner provided in subdivision 3.</u>
- 177.5 <u>Subd. 2.</u> Public members; appointment. (a) The secretary of state shall supervise the
 177.6 appointment of public members to the redistricting commission.
- (b) By January 15 of each year ending in zero, the secretary of state shall open a widely
- 177.8 publicized process that encourages eligible residents of this state to apply for membership
- 177.9 <u>on the redistricting commission. The secretary of state shall solicit recommendations for</u>
- 177.10 appointment to the redistricting commission from nongovernmental organizations with an
- 177.11 interest in the elections process.
- (c) The secretary of state shall provide an application form which must be designed to
- 177.13 show: (1) that an applicant meets the requirements of this subdivision; (2) that the application
- 177.14 must be submitted under oath affirming the truthfulness of its contents under penalty of
- 177.15 perjury; and (3) the applicant's demographic information, such as gender, race, ethnicity,
- 177.16 <u>and age.</u>
- 177.17 (d) The following persons are not eligible to serve as a commissioner:
- 177.18 (1) a person who is not eligible to vote;
- 177.19 (2) a person under a contract with, or who serves as a consultant or staff to, or who has
- an immediate family relationship with the governor, a member of the legislature, or a member
- 177.21 of congress; and
- (3) a person, or member of the person's immediate family, who has done any of the
- 177.23 following during the ten years immediately preceding the date of application:
- (i) has been appointed to, elected to, or a candidate for federal or state office;
- (ii) served as an officer, employee, or paid consultant of a political party or of the
- 177.26 campaign committee of a candidate for elective federal or state office;
- 177.27 (iii) served as an elected or appointed member of a political party state central committee;
- 177.28 (iv) registered as a federal, state, or local lobbyist or principal;
- (v) served as paid congressional or legislative staff; or
- 177.30 (vi) violated the candidate contribution limits in section 10A.27.

178.1	(e) For purposes of this subdivision, a member of a person's immediate family means a
178.2	sibling, spouse, parent or stepparent, child or stepchild, or in-law.
178.3	(f) The secretary of state shall process applications as they are received and remove from
178.4	the applicant pool any person not eligible to serve as a commissioner and notify the person
178.5	of the reason the person was removed. To be considered, applications must be received by
178.6	September 15 of the year ending in zero. An applicant must provide with the application
178.7	two positive references from community leaders or groups that promote civic engagement
178.8	with whom the applicant has worked and demonstrate that the applicant:
178.9	(1) has experience with outreach to community groups to encourage civic participation
178.10	with an emphasis on historically disenfranchised groups; or
178.11	(2) has an interest in or experience with government, elections, or civic life.
178.12	(g) The secretary of state shall, based on a review of the applications, prepare a list of
178.13	120 applicant finalists who have demonstrated based on their application an ability to be
178.14	impartial and respect the diversity of this state's many communities. The list must, to the
178.15	extent practicable, reflect the gender, socioeconomic, age, racial, language, ethnic, and
178.16	geographic diversity of the state.
178.17	(h) The list must include:
178.18	(1) 40 applicant finalists identifying with the largest major political party in Minnesota;
178.19	(2) 40 applicant finalists identifying with the second largest major political party in
178.20	Minnesota; and
178.21	(3) 40 applicant finalists identifying their political party preference as belonging to a
178.22	party not described in clause (1) or (2) or to no party.
178.23	For purposes of this paragraph, the two largest political parties are the parties whose
178.24	candidates received the greatest and second greatest number of votes at the most recent two
178.25	gubernatorial elections.
178.26	(i) By December 15 of the year ending in zero, the secretary of state shall give the list
178.27	of finalists and their applications to the majority and minority leaders of the senate, the
178.28	speaker of the house, and the minority leader of the house of representatives. At an open
178.29	meeting, each of the four leaders shall remove 21 applicant finalists from the list: seven
178.30	applicant finalists identifying their political party preference with the majority party in the
178.31	house of representatives, seven applicant finalists identifying their political party preference
178.32	with the minority party in the house of representatives, and seven applicant finalists who
178.33	identified their political party preference with a party different than the majority party in

- the house of representatives and the minority party of the house of representatives or with 179.1 no party. The leaders shall remove applicants one at a time in the order listed above, unless 179.2 179.3 the leaders agree to a different order. (j) By January 15 of each year ending in one, after the process of removing applicants 179.4 179.5 from the list is completed, each of the four leaders of the house of representatives and senate 179.6 shall give the list of finalists and their applications to the secretary of state. The secretary of state shall randomly draw four names from the remaining applicants identifying their 179.7 179.8 political party preference as belonging to the majority party of the house of representatives, four identifying their political party preference as belonging to the minority party of the 179.9 house of representatives, and four identifying their political party preference as belonging 179.10 to a different party than the majority party in the house of representatives and the minority 179.11 179.12 party of the house of representatives or to no party. These 12 persons shall serve as public member commissioners. 179.13 (k) The secretary of state's actions under this subdivision are not subject to chapter 14. 179.14 Subd. 3. Retired judges; appointment. By January 15 of each year ending in one, the 179.15 four leaders of the house of representatives and senate shall each appoint one retired judge, 179.16 after consulting with each other in an effort to attain geographic balance in their 179.17 appointments. If the legislative leaders do not make the appointment by the deadline, the 179.18 chief justice of the supreme court shall make the appointment by January 22 of that year. 179.19 The director of the Legislative Coordinating Commission shall convene a meeting of the 179.20 four retired judges by January 29 of that year. The four retired judges shall then appoint the 179.21 179.22 fifth retired judge by a vote of at least three judges. Subd. 4. Code of conduct. (a) In performing their duties, the five retired judges serving 179.23 as commissioners shall abide by the Code of Judicial Conduct and are considered judicial 179.24 officers as defined in section 609.415. 179.25 (b) Public members of the commission exercise the function of a public officer as defined 179.26 in section 609.415. 179.27 179.28 Subd. 5. Removal; filling vacancies. (a) A commissioner can be removed with two-thirds vote of the commission after notice and a hearing for reasons that would justify recall of a 179.29 state official under section 211C.02. 179.30 (b) The commission must remove a commissioner who participates in a communication 179.31
- 179.32 that violates subdivision 8.

180.1	(c) Except for vacancies filled by the chief justice, vacancies on the commission must
180.2	be filled by the appointing authority that made the initial appointment within 30 days after
180.3	the vacancy occurs. The appointing authority for public members is the secretary of state
180.4	and must be filled by drawing from the same partisan pool as the vacant position. If no
180.5	applicants in the pool are available for service, the secretary of state shall establish a new
180.6	pool, as provided in subdivision 2.
180.7	Subd. 6. Open records. The commission is subject to chapter 13, except that a plan is
180.8	not public data until it has been submitted to the commission for its consideration.
180.9	Subd. 7. Open meetings. The commission is subject to chapter 13D.
180.10	Subd. 8. Certain communications prohibited. (a) Commissioners and commission
180.11	staff must not communicate with anyone except other commissioners or staff regarding the
180.12	content of a plan. The prohibition under this paragraph does not apply to open meetings of
180.13	the commission.
180.14	(b) A commissioner may not direct, request, suggest, or recommend an interpretation
180.15	of a districting principle or a change to a district boundary to commission staff except during
180.16	open meetings of the commission. Commission staff shall report to the commission attempts
180.17	made to exert influence over the staff's role in the drafting of plans.
180.18	Subd. 9. Lobbyist registration. Action of the commission to submit a redistricting plan
180.19	to the legislature is an administrative action for purposes of section 10A.01, subdivision
180.20	21, requiring certain persons to register as a lobbyist.
180.21	Subd. 10. Compensation and expenses. Commissioners must be compensated for their
180.22	commission activity as provided in section 15.059, subdivision 3.
180.23	Subd. 11. Plans submitted to commission. The commission shall adopt a schedule for
180.24	interested persons to submit proposed plans and to respond to plans proposed by others.
180.25	The commission shall also adopt standards to govern the format of plans submitted. The
180.26	schedule and standards adopted by the commission under this subdivision are not rules.
180.27	Chapter 14 and section 14.386 do not apply to this section.
180.28	Subd. 12. Public hearings. The commission shall hold at least one public hearing in
180.29	each congressional district before adopting the first congressional and legislative district
180.30	plans. The commission must ask for input on defining communities of interest for
180.31	consideration. The commission must publish on its website preliminary drafts of the
180.32	congressional and legislative district plans and each preliminary draft's accompanying

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- reports at least one week before a hearing required under this subdivision and allow the 181.1 181.2 public at least 30 days to submit comments after publication. 181.3 Subd. 13. Deadlines. (a) By April 30 of each year ending in one, the commission shall submit plans to the legislature for congressional and legislative districts. Each plan must be 181.4 181.5 accompanied by a report summarizing information and testimony received by the commission in the course of the hearings and including any comments and conclusions the commissioners 181.6 deem appropriate on the information and testimony received at the hearings or otherwise 181.7 presented. Any plan submitted to the legislature must be approved by an affirmative vote 181.8 of at least 13 members of the commission. 181.9 181.10 (b) The legislature intends that a bill be introduced to enact each plan and that the bill be brought to a vote in either the senate or the house of representatives under a procedure 181.11 or rule permitting no amendments except those of a purely corrective nature, not less than 181.12 one week after the report of the commission was received and made available to the members 181.13 of the legislature. The legislature further intends that the bill be brought to a vote in the 181.14 second body within one week after final passage in the first body under a similar procedure 181.15 or rule. If either the senate or the house of representatives fails to approve a first plan 181.16 submitted by the commission, within one week after the failure the secretary of the senate 181.17 or the chief clerk of the house of representatives must notify the commission of the failure, 181.18 including any information that the senate or house of representatives may direct by resolution 181.19 regarding reasons why the plan was not approved. If the governor vetoes a plan, the veto 181.20 message serves as the notice. 181.21 (c) The commission shall submit a second plan within two weeks after the commission 181.22 received the notice, unless by then the legislature has adjourned the regular session in the 181 23 year ending in one, in which case the second plan must be submitted to the legislature at 181.24 the opening of its regular session in the year ending in two. The legislature intends that a 181.25 second plan be considered by the legislature under the same procedure as provided for a 181.26 first plan under paragraph (b). 181.27 181.28 (d) If the commission fails to submit a plan by either of these two deadlines, the legislature may proceed to enact a plan in place of the missing plan without waiting for the commission 181.29 181.30 to submit a plan. (e) If the secretary of the senate or the chief clerk of the house of representatives notifies 181.31 the commission that a second plan has failed, or the governor vetoes a second plan, the 181.32 commission shall submit a third plan within two weeks after the commission received the 181.33 notice, unless by then the legislature has adjourned the regular session in the year ending

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183.1	Subd. 4. Population equality. (a) Congressional districts must be as nearly equal in
183.2	population as practicable.
183.3	(b) Legislative districts must be substantially equal in population. The population of a
183.4	legislative district must not deviate from the ideal by more than one percent.
183.5	Subd. 5. Contiguity. The districts must be contiguous allowing for easy travel throughout
183.6	the district. Contiguity by water is sufficient if the water is not a serious obstacle to travel
183.7	within the district. Districts with areas that touch only at a point are not contiguous.
183.8	Subd. 6. Minority representation. (a) Each district must be drawn in compliance with
183.9	all state and federal laws. A district must not be drawn with either the purpose or effect of
183.10	diluting, denying, or abridging the right of any citizen of the United States to vote on account
183.11	of race, ethnicity, or membership in a language minority group, whether by themselves or
183.12	when voting in concert with other people.
183.13	(b) Racial, ethnic, and language minorities must have an equal opportunity to participate
183.14	in the political process and elect candidates of their choice. Racial, ethnic, and language
183.15	minorities who constitute less than a voting-age majority of a district must have an
183.16	opportunity to substantially influence the outcome of an election.
183.17	Subd. 7. Communities of interest. District boundaries shall recognize communities of
183.18	interest. A community of interest is a contiguous population sharing common social and
183.19	economic interests that should be included within a single district for purposes of the
183.20	community's effective and fair representation. Communities of interest include but are not
183.21	limited to geographic areas where there are clearly recognizable similarities of social,
183.22	cultural, ethnic, economic, or other interests. Examples of shared interests are those common
183.23	to an urban area, rural area, industrial area, or agricultural area and those common to areas
183.24	in which the people share similar living standards, have similar work opportunities, or have
183.25	access to the same media of communication relevant to the election process. Communities
183.26	of interest shall not include relationships with political parties, incumbents, or political
183.27	candidates.
183.28	Subd. 8. Political subdivisions. Counties, cities, and municipalities should be preserved
183.29	to the greatest extent possible and in compliance with the other principles to preserve rather
183.30	than divide them among multiple districts.
183.31	Subd. 9. Incumbents. The residence of incumbents shall not be taken into consideration

183.32 in the development or approval of a proposed plan.

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184.1	Subd. 10. Compactness. C	Compactness must be measure	ed by using one	or more statistical
184.2	tests and must be compact.			
184.3	Subd. 11. Partisan symm	etry and bias. A district mu	st not be drawn	in a manner that
184.4	unduly favors or disfavors an	y political party. The commi	ssion shall use j	judicial standards
184.5	and the best available scientif	ic and statistical methods to	assess whether	a plan unduly
184.6	favors or disfavors a political	party.		
184.7	Subd. 12. Numbering. (a)) Congressional district num	bers must begin	with district one
184.8	in the southeast corner of the	state and end with the distric	et with the high	est number in the
184.9	northeast corner of the state.			
184.10	(b) Legislative districts m	ust be numbered in a regular	series, beginni	ng with house
184.11	district 1A in the northwest co	orner of the state and proceed	ling across the s	state from west to
184.12	east, north to south. In a county	y that includes more than one	whole senate di	strict, the districts
184.13	must be numbered consecutiv	vely.		
184.14	Sec. 3. [2.036] LEGISLAT	TVE COORDINATING C	OMMISSION:	
184.15	REDISTRICTING.			-
184.16		ative support. The Legislat	iva Coordinatin	a Commission
	shall provide administrative s			g commission
184.17	· · ·	··		
184.18	Subd. 2. Database. The g	eographic areas and populati	ion counts used	in maps, tables,
184.19	and legal descriptions of cong	ressional and legislative distr	ricts considered	by the legislature
184.20	must be those used by the Geo	ographic Information Service	es (GIS) Office	of the Legislative
184.21	Coordinating Commission. T	he population counts shall be	e the block pop	ulation counts
184.22	provided to the state under Pu	ublic Law 94-171 after each	decennial censu	is, subject to
184.23	correction of any errors ackno	wledged by the United States	s Census Bureau	u. The GIS Office
184.24	must make the database availa	able to the public on the GIS	Office website	<u>).</u>
184.25	Subd. 3. Publication; cons	sideration of plans. A redistr	icting plan must	not be considered
184.26	for adoption by the senate or	house of representatives unti	il the redistriction	ng plan's block
184.27	equivalency file has been sub	mitted to the GIS Office in a	form prescribe	ed by the GIS
184.28	Office. The block equivalency	y file must show the district	to which each c	ensus block has
184.29	been assigned. The GIS Offic	e shall publish each plan sub	omitted to it on	the GIS Office
184.30	website.			
184.31	Subd. 4. Reports. Publica	tion of a plan must include t	he following re	ports:
184.32	(1) a population equality r	eport, listing each district in	the plan, its po	pulation as the
184.33	total number of persons, and	deviations from the ideal as	both a number of	of persons and as

a percentage of the population. The report must also show the populations of the larg	est				
and smallest districts and the overall range of deviations of the districts;					
185.3 (2) a contiguity report, listing each district that is noncontiguous either because tw	/0				
areas of a district do not touch or because they are linked by a point;					
185.5 (3) a minority voting-age population report, listing for each district the voting age					
185.6 population of each racial or language minority and the total minority voting age popula	tion,				
185.7 according to the categories recommended by the United States Department of Justice	according to the categories recommended by the United States Department of Justice. The				
185.8 report must also highlight each district with 30 percent or more total minority popula	ion;				
185.9 (4) a communities of interest report, if the chief author of a plan asserts that it pres	erves				
a community of interest, maps of the plan must include a layer identifying the census b	ocks				
185.11 within the community of interest. Publication of the plan must also include a report the	iat				
185.12 lays out the research and process used to identify the communities of interest and list	s the				
185.13 district or districts to which the community of interest has been assigned. The report	nust				
185.14 include the number of communities of interest that are split and the number of times	he				
185.15 <u>communities were split;</u>					
185.16 (5) a political subdivision splits report, listing the split counties, cities, towns, unorga	nized				
185.17 territories, and precincts, and the district to which each portion of a split subdivision	S				
assigned. The report must also show the number of subdivisions split and the number	assigned. The report must also show the number of subdivisions split and the number of				
185.19 <u>times a subdivision is split;</u>					
185.20 (6) a plan components report, listing for each district the names and populations of	f the				
185.21 <u>counties within it and, where a county is split between or among districts, the names</u>	and				
185.22 populations of the portion of the split county and each of the split county's whole or p	artial				
185.23 <u>cities, townships, unorganized territories, and precincts within each district.</u>					
185.24 (7) a measures of compactness report, listing for each district at least the results of	f the				
185.25 Reock, Polsby-Popper, Minimum Convex Hull, Population Polygon, Population Circ	le <u>,</u>				
185.26 Ehrenburg, Length-Width, measures of compactness. The report must also state for a	l the				
185.27 districts in a plan the sum of its perimeters and the mean of its other measurements.	<u>`he</u>				
185.28 commission may consider other tests of compactness; and					
185.29 (8) a partisan bias report, listing multiple measures of partisan symmetry or other					
185.30 measures of partisan bias as accepted in political science literature and the best available	ble				
185.31 scientific and statistical methods.					

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186.1	Sec. 4. [204B.136] REDISTRICTING OF LOCAL ELECTION DISTRICTS.
186.2	Subdivision 1. Redistricting plan standards; Redistricting Commission. The principles
186.3	provided in section 2.035 must be applied to the redistricting of:
186.4	(1) county commissioner districts, county park districts, and soil and water conservation
186.5	supervisor districts in counties with a population greater than 100,000; and
186.6	(2) wards in cities with a population greater than 75,000.
186.7	Subd. 2. Population variance. The minimum population variance permitted for county
186.8	districts and wards may be up to 1.5 percent of the mean population for all districts or wards
186.9	in a redistricting plan adopted as provided in this section.
186.10	Subd. 3. Procedure. Redistricting plans required by this section shall be prepared and
186.11	adopted by the charter commission, or where such a commission does not exist, by a
186.12	redistricting commission of no fewer than seven and no more than 15 members appointed
186.13	by the chief judge of the district court in which a majority of the population of the affected
186.14	jurisdiction reside. Members of a commission appointed under this subdivision must meet
186.15	the qualification standards for a public member of the Redistricting Commission as described
186.16	in section 2.032, subdivision 2, paragraph (d).

3.8853 LEGISLATIVE BUDGET OFFICE.

Subdivision 1. **Establishment; duties.** The Legislative Budget Office is established to provide the house of representatives and senate with nonpartisan, accurate, and timely information on the fiscal impact of proposed legislation, without regard to political factors.

Subd. 2. **Director; staff.** The Legislative Budget Office Oversight Commission must appoint a director and establish the director's duties. The director may hire staff necessary to do the work of the office. The director serves in the unclassified service for a term of six years and may not be removed during a term except for cause after a public hearing.

Subd. 3. **Uniform standards and procedures.** The director of the Legislative Budget Office must adopt uniform standards and procedures governing the timely preparation of fiscal notes as required by this section and section 3.98. The standards and procedures are not effective until they are approved by the Legislative Budget Office Oversight Commission. Upon approval, the standards and procedures must be published in the State Register and on the office's website.

Subd. 4. Access to data; treatment. Upon request of the director of the Legislative Budget Office, the head or chief administrative officer of each department or agency of state government, including the supreme court, must promptly supply data that are used to prepare a fiscal note, including data that are not public data under section 13.64 or other applicable law, unless there are federal laws or regulations that prohibit the provision of the not public data for this purpose. Not public data supplied under this subdivision may only be used by the Legislative Budget Office to review a department or agency's work in preparing a fiscal note and may not be used or disseminated for any other purpose, including use by or dissemination to a legislator or to any officer, department, agency, or committee within the legislative branch. Violation of this subdivision by the director or other staff of the Legislative Budget Office is cause for removal, suspension without pay, or immediate dismissal at the direction of the oversight commission.

Subd. 5. **Fiscal note delivery and posting.** The director of the Legislative Budget Office must deliver a completed fiscal note to the legislative committee chair who made the request, and to the chief author of the legislation to which it relates. Within 24 hours of completion of a fiscal note, the director of the Legislative Budget Office must post a completed fiscal note on the office's public website. This subdivision does not apply to an unofficial fiscal note that is not public data under section 13.64, subdivision 3.

3.8854 LEGISLATIVE BUDGET OFFICE OVERSIGHT COMMISSION.

- (a) The Legislative Budget Office Oversight Commission consists of:
- (1) two members of the senate appointed by the senate majority leader;
- (2) two members of the senate appointed by the senate minority leader;
- (3) two members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house; and
- (4) two members of the house of representatives appointed by the minority leader.

The director of the Legislative Budget Office is the executive secretary of the commission. The chief nonpartisan fiscal analyst of the house of representatives, the lead nonpartisan fiscal analyst of the senate, the commissioner of management and budget or a designee, and the legislative auditor are ex-officio, nonvoting members of the commission.

(b) Members serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority, or until they are not members of the legislative body from which they were appointed. Appointing authorities shall fill vacancies on the commission within 30 days of a vacancy being created.

(c) The commission shall meet in January of each odd-numbered year to elect its chair and vice-chair. They shall serve until successors are elected. The chair and vice-chair shall alternate biennially between the senate and the house of representatives. The commission shall meet at the call of the chair. The members shall serve without compensation but may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses consistent with the rules of the legislature governing expense reimbursement.

(d) The commission shall review the work of the Legislative Budget Office and make recommendations, as the commission determines necessary, to improve the office's ability to fulfill its duties, and shall perform other functions as directed by this section, and sections 3.8853 and 3.98.

10A.15 CONTRIBUTIONS.

Subd. 6. **Contributions from Hennepin County registered associations.** In lieu of registration with the board, an association registered with the Hennepin County filing officer under sections 383B.041 to 383B.058 that makes contributions of more than \$200 to a committee or fund in a calendar year may notify the recipient committee of its registration with Hennepin County, including its registration number, and instruct the recipient committee to include the notice when the recipient committee discloses receipt of the contribution.

43A.17 SALARY LIMITS, RATES, RANGES AND EXCEPTIONS.

Subd. 9. **Political subdivision compensation limit.** (a) The salary and the value of all other forms of compensation of a person employed by a political subdivision of this state, excluding a school district, may not exceed 110 percent of the salary of the governor as set under section 15A.082, except as provided in this subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision, "political subdivision of this state" includes a statutory or home rule charter city, county, town, metropolitan or regional agency, or other political subdivision, but does not include a hospital, clinic, or health maintenance organization owned by such a governmental unit.

(b) Beginning in 2006, the limit in paragraph (a) must be adjusted annually in January. The limit must equal the limit for the prior year increased by the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index for all-urban consumers from October of the second prior year to October of the immediately prior year.

(c) Deferred compensation and payroll allocations to purchase an individual annuity contract for an employee are included in determining the employee's salary. Other forms of compensation which must be included to determine an employee's total compensation are all other direct and indirect items of compensation which are not specifically excluded by this subdivision. Other forms of compensation which must not be included in a determination of an employee's total compensation for the purposes of this subdivision are:

(1) employee benefits that are also provided for the majority of all other full-time employees of the political subdivision, vacation and sick leave allowances, health and dental insurance, disability insurance, term life insurance, and pension benefits or like benefits the cost of which is borne by the employee or which is not subject to tax as income under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

(2) dues paid to organizations that are of a civic, professional, educational, or governmental nature; and

(3) reimbursement for actual expenses incurred by the employee which the governing body determines to be directly related to the performance of job responsibilities, including any relocation expenses paid during the initial year of employment.

The value of other forms of compensation is the annual cost to the political subdivision for the provision of the compensation.

(d) The salary of a medical doctor or doctor of osteopathic medicine occupying a position that the governing body of the political subdivision has determined requires an M.D. or D.O. degree is excluded from the limitation in this subdivision.

(e) The commissioner may increase the limitation in this subdivision for a position that the commissioner has determined requires special expertise necessitating a higher salary to attract or retain a qualified person. The commissioner shall review each proposed increase giving due consideration to salary rates paid to other persons with similar responsibilities in the state and nation. The commissioner may not increase the limitation until the commissioner has presented the proposed increase to the Legislative Coordinating Commission and received the commission's recommendation on it. The recommendation is advisory only. If the commission does not give its recommendation on a proposed increase within 30 days from its receipt of the proposal, the commission is deemed to have made no recommendation. If the commissioner grants or granted an increase under this paragraph, the new limitation must be adjusted beginning in August 2005 and in each subsequent calendar year in January by the percentage increase equal to the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index for all-urban consumers from October of the second prior year to October of the immediately prior year.

155A.28 HAIR BRAIDING.

Subdivision 1. **Registration.** Any person engaged in hair braiding solely for compensation as a profession, except persons licensed as cosmetologists, shall register with the Minnesota Board of Cosmetologist Examiners in a form determined by the board.

Subd. 3. **Requirements.** In order to qualify for initial registration, any person engaged in hair braiding solely for compensation as a profession, except persons licensed as cosmetologists, shall satisfactorily complete instruction at either an accredited school, professional association, or by an individual approved by the board. Instruction includes coursework covering the topics of health, safety, infection control, and state laws related to cosmetology not to exceed 30 hours. The coursework is encouraged to be provided in a foreign language format and such availability shall be reported to and posted by the Minnesota Board of Cosmetologist Examiners.

Subd. 4. **Curriculum.** An accredited school, professional association, or an individual approved by the board desiring to provide the coursework required under subdivision 3 shall have curriculum in place by January 1, 2008.

203B.081 LOCATIONS AND METHODS FOR ABSENTEE VOTING IN PERSON.

Subd. 3. Alternative procedure. (a) The county auditor may make available a ballot counter and ballot box for use by the voters during the seven days before the election. If a ballot counter and ballot box is provided, a voter must be given the option either (1) to vote using the process provided in section 203B.08, subdivision 1, or (2) to vote in the manner provided in this subdivision.

(b) If a voter chooses to vote in the manner provided in this subdivision, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and date of birth to the county auditor or municipal clerk. The voter shall sign a voter's certificate, which must include the voter's name, identification number, and the certification required by section 201.071, subdivision 1. The signature of an individual on the voter's certificate and the issuance of a ballot to the individual is evidence of the intent of the individual to vote at that election.

(c) After signing the voter's certificate, the voter shall be issued a ballot and immediately retire to a voting station or other designated location in the polling place to mark the ballot. The ballot must not be taken from the polling place. If the voter spoils the ballot, the voter may return it to the election official in exchange for a new ballot. After completing the ballot, the voter shall deposit the ballot into the ballot box.

(d) The election official must immediately record that the voter has voted in the manner provided in section 203B.121, subdivision 3.

(e) The election duties required by this subdivision must be performed by the county auditor, municipal clerk, or a deputy of the auditor or clerk.

383B.042 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. For county campaign finance provisions. For the purposes of sections 383B.041 to 383B.058, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them. The terms defined in chapter 200 also apply to sections 383B.041 to 383B.058, unless a different meaning is specified in this section.

Subd. 2. Advance of credit. "Advance of credit" means any money owed for goods provided or services rendered. An advance of credit is an expenditure in the year in which the goods or services are used or consumed. "Advance of credit" does not mean "loan" as defined in subdivision 12.

Subd. 3. **Association.** "Association" means a business, corporation, firm, partnership, committee, labor organization, club, or any other group of two or more persons, which includes more than an immediate family, acting in concert.

Subd. 4. **Business with which the individual is associated.** "Business with which the individual is associated" means any association in connection with which the individual is compensated in excess of \$50 except for actual and reasonable expenses in any month as a director, officer, owner, member, partner, employer or employee, or is a holder of securities worth \$2,500 or more at fair market value.

Subd. 5. **Candidate.** "Candidate" means an individual, not within the definition of candidate of section 10A.01, subdivision 10, who seeks nomination or election to any county office in Hennepin County, to any city office in any home rule charter city or statutory city located wholly within Hennepin County and having a population of 75,000 or more or to the school board of Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis.

Subd. 6. **City.** "City" means any statutory or home rule charter city wholly within Hennepin County and having a population of 75,000 or more.

Subd. 7. Contribution. "Contribution" means a transfer of funds or a donation in kind.

"Contribution" includes any loan or advance of credit to a political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee, if that loan or advance of credit is (a) forgiven, or (b) paid by an entity other than the political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee to which the loan or advance of credit is made.

"Contribution" does not include services provided without compensation by an individual volunteering personal time on behalf of a candidate, political committee or political fund, or the publishing or broadcasting of news items or editorial comments by the news media.

Subd. 8. **Donation in kind.** "Donation in kind" means anything of value other than money or negotiable instruments given by an individual or association to a political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee for the purpose of influencing the outcome of an election.

Subd. 9. Election. "Election" means any election held to nominate or elect any candidate or to decide any question on a county ballot in Hennepin County or on the ballot of any home rule charter city or statutory city located wholly within Hennepin County and having a population of 75,000 or more, or on the ballot of Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis.

Subd. 10. **Expenditure.** "Expenditure" means a purchase or payment of money or anything of value, or an advance of credit, made or incurred for the purpose of influencing the outcome of any election. "Expenditure" does not include services provided without compensation by an individual volunteering personal time on behalf of a candidate, political committee or political fund, or the publishing or broadcasting of news items or editorial comments by the news media.

Subd. 11. **Filing officer.** "Filing officer" means the official responsible under law for administration of the election laws for Hennepin county.

Subd. 12. Loan. "Loan" means an advance of money or anything of value made to a political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee.

Subd. 13. **Political committee.** "Political committee" means any political party, association or person other than an individual that seeks as its major purpose to influence the outcome of any election for a city ballot issue or for any city office in the city of Bloomington; for a city or school district ballot issue and for any city or school district office in the city of Minneapolis, and in Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis; or for any countywide ballot issue or county office in Hennepin County; and not to influence the outcome of any other election.

Subd. 14. **Political fund.** "Political fund" means any accumulation of dues or voluntary contributions by an association other than a political committee, which accumulation is collected or expended for the purpose of influencing the outcome of any election for a city ballot issue or for any city office in the city of Bloomington; for a city or school district ballot issue and for any city or school district office in the city of Minneapolis, and in Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis; or for any countywide ballot issue or county office in Hennepin County; and not for the purpose of influencing the outcome of any other election.

Subd. 15. **Population.** "Population" means population as determined by the most recent federal census.

Subd. 16. **Principal campaign committee.** "Principal campaign committee" means the single political committee designated by a candidate for election for any city office in the city of Bloomington; for any city office in the city of Minneapolis; for any school district office in Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis; or for any county office in Hennepin County.

Subd. 17. **Transfer of funds.** "Transfer of funds" or "transfer" means money or negotiable instruments given by an individual or association to a political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee for the purpose of influencing the outcome of any election.

383B.043 POLITICAL COMMITTEES; COUNTY AND CERTAIN OTHER ELECTIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Officers.** Every political committee shall have a chair and a treasurer, who may be the same individual. The treasurer may designate deputy treasurers and shall be responsible for their accounts. The treasurer shall designate a single depository and account for all contributions received by the political committee.

Subd. 2. **Prohibitions; acceptance of certain contributions; commingling of funds.** No contribution shall be accepted and no expenditure shall be made by or on behalf of a political committee while the office of treasurer is vacant. No anonymous contribution in excess of \$20 shall

be retained by the political committee but shall be forwarded to the state campaign finance and public disclosure board and deposited in the general fund. No funds of the political committee shall be commingled with the personal funds of any officer, member or associate of the committee. Any individual who violates a provision of this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor.

383B.044 POLITICAL FUNDS.

Subdivision 1. **When required.** No association other than a political committee shall transfer more than \$100 in aggregate in any one year to candidates or political committees or make any expenditure unless the transfer or expenditure is made from a political fund.

Subd. 2. **Treasurer; commingling of funds; anonymous contributions.** Each association which has a political fund shall elect or appoint a treasurer of the political fund. No contributions to the political fund shall be accepted and no expenditures from the fund shall be made while the office of treasurer is vacant. The contents of the political fund shall not be commingled with any other funds or with the personal funds of any officer or member of the fund. No anonymous contribution in excess of \$20 shall be retained by the political fund but shall be forwarded to the state campaign finance and public disclosure board and deposited in the general fund.

Subd. 3. Use of dues and membership fees. Notwithstanding subdivision 1, the association may, if not prohibited by other law, deposit in its political fund money derived from dues or membership fees. The treasurer of the fund, in any report required by section 383B.049, shall disclose the name of any member whose dues, membership fees and contributions deposited in the political fund in any one year exceed \$50 in the aggregate.

Subd. 4. **Penalty.** Any person who knowingly violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

383B.045 PRINCIPAL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE.

Every candidate who receives contributions or makes expenditures in excess of \$100 shall designate and cause to be formed a single political committee which shall be known as the candidate's principal campaign committee. The candidate shall make expenditures only through the candidate's principal campaign committee. The candidate may be the chair and treasurer of the principal campaign committee.

383B.046 REGISTRATION OF POLITICAL COMMITTEES, POLITICAL FUNDS, AND PRINCIPAL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEES.

Subdivision 1. Filing office; deadline. Every political committee, political fund and principal campaign committee as defined in section 383B.042, subdivisions 13, 14, and 16, shall register with the filing officer within 14 days after the date by which the committee or fund has received contributions or made expenditures in excess of \$100. A political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee that is registered with the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board under section 10A.14 need not register under this section.

Subd. 2. **Statement required.** A political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee registers by filing a statement of organization that includes:

(a) the name and address of the political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee;

- (b) the name and address of the chair, the treasurer, and any deputy treasurers;
- (c) the name and address of the depository used by the committee or fund;
- (d) the name and address of any supporting association of a political fund; and
- (e) a statement as to whether the committee is a principal campaign committee.

The statement of organization shall be filed by the treasurer of the political committee, political fund or principal campaign committee.

383B.047 ACCOUNTS WHICH MUST BE KEPT.

Subdivision 1. **Contributions; expenditures; transfers.** The treasurer of any political committee, political fund or principal campaign committee shall keep an account of:

(1) the sum of all contributions made to the political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee;

(2) the name and address of each source of a transfer or donation in kind, together with the date and amount;

(3) each expenditure made by or on behalf of the committee or fund together with the date and amount; and

(4) the name and address of each political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee to which transfers have been made, together with the date and amount.

Subd. 2. Authorization of expenditures; receipts. Each expenditure by a political committee, political fund or principal campaign committee shall be authorized by the treasurer. The treasurer may authorize not more than \$20 per week as petty cash for miscellaneous expenditures. The treasurer shall obtain a receipted bill stating the particulars for every expenditure made by or on behalf of the political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee.

383B.048 CAMPAIGN REPORTS.

Subdivision 1. **Committees required to report; deadlines.** (a) The treasurer of any political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee required to register pursuant to section 383B.046 shall file campaign reports with the filing officer. In each year in which the name of the candidate is on the ballot, the report of the principal campaign committee shall be filed one week before a regular primary and a regular election. Political committees and political funds shall file campaign reports or regular election.

(b) The treasurer of a principal campaign committee shall file reports one week before a special primary or other special election and 30 days after a special election.

(c) The reports shall cover the period from the day after the end of the previous reporting period to one week before the filing date.

(d) A campaign report shall be filed by all treasurers on January 31 of each year covering the period from the day after the end of the previous reporting period to December 31 of the preceding calendar year.

Subd. 2. Content of reports. Each campaign report required under this section shall disclose:

(1) the amount of liquid assets on hand at the beginning of the reporting period;

(2) the name, address and employer, or occupation if self-employed, of each individual, committee or political fund that made transfers or donations in kind to the political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee in an aggregate amount or value in excess of \$100, together with the amount and date;

(3) the sum of all contributions made to the political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee;

(4) each loan made or received by the political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee within the year in aggregate in excess of \$100, together with the name, address, occupation and the principal place of business, if any, of the lender and any endorser and the date and amount of the loan. A loan made to a political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee which is forgiven or is repaid by an entity other than that political committee or fund shall be reported as a contribution;

(5) the sum of all receipts, including all contributions and loans, during the reporting period;

(6) the name and address of each person to whom aggregate expenditures have been made by or on behalf of the political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee within the year in excess of \$100, the amount, date and purpose of each expenditure and the ballot question or the name and address of the candidate supported or opposed by the expenditure;

(7) the sum of all expenditures made by the political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee;

(8) the amount and nature of any advance of credit incurred by the political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee continuously reported until paid or forgiven. An advance of credit incurred by a political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee which is forgiven or is paid by an entity other than that political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee shall be reported as a donation in kind;

(9) the name and address of each political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee to which aggregate transfers in excess of \$100 have been made within the year, together with the amount and date of each transfer;

(10) the sum of all transfers made to political committees, political funds, or principal campaign committees; and

(11) the sum of all disbursements not made to influence the outcome of an election.

Subd. 3. **Party sample ballots.** Expenditures by a political party as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 7, or a substate unit of such a party, for the preparation, display and distribution of an official party sample ballot containing the names of three or more individuals whose names are to appear on the ballot shall not be considered contributions or expenditures on behalf of any candidate.

Subd. 4. **Termination reports.** (a) A political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee created pursuant to section 383B.046 may dissolve upon filing of a termination report indicating that the committee or fund has settled all of its debts and disposed of all assets in excess of \$100. The termination report shall include all information required in a periodic campaign report.

(b) Political committees and political funds that were created for purposes of supporting or opposing candidates or ballot issues beyond the scope of those identified in section 383B.042, subdivision 5, 13, or 14, may terminate their registration with Hennepin County. Termination of a registration under this provision does not require termination of the political committee or political fund and does not require settlement of all debts and disposition of all assets in excess of \$100.

383B.049 EXPENDITURES BY INDIVIDUALS.

Subdivision 1. **Reports.** Except as provided in subdivision 2, any individual who makes expenditures in an aggregate amount of \$100 or more in any year, which expenditures are not required to be reported by any political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee as contributions to that political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee, shall file campaign reports in the form required by section 383B.048 with respect to those expenditures.

Subd. 2. Exception; independent expenditures. An individual shall not be required to report any expenditure which is made without the cooperation or express or implied consent of any candidate, political committee, political fund, or agent of a candidate, political committee, or political fund, unless the expenditure expressly advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or the approval or rejection of a clearly identified county or city ballot question at any election.

383B.05 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO BE DISCLOSED.

Subdivision 1. **Earmarked contributions.** Any individual, political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee that receives a contribution from any person or association in an aggregate in excess of \$50 with the express or implied condition that the contribution or any part of it be directed to a particular candidate shall disclose to the ultimate recipient and in any report required by section 383B.048, the original source of the contribution, the fact that it was earmarked and the candidate to whom it is directed. The ultimate recipient of any earmarked contribution shall also disclose the original source and the individual, political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee that knowingly accepts earmarked funds and fails to make the disclosure required by this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Subd. 2. **Bills when rendered and paid.** Every person who has a bill, charge or claim against any political committee, political fund, or principal campaign committee for any expenditure shall render in writing to the treasurer of the committee or fund the bill, charge or claim within 60 days after the material or service is provided. Failure to present the bill, charge or claim as required by this subdivision is a petty misdemeanor.

383B.051 CIRCUMVENTION PROHIBITED.

Any person who attempts to circumvent disclosure of the source or amount of contributions or expenditures by redirecting funds through or contributing funds on behalf of another person is guilty of a misdemeanor.

383B.052 ECONOMIC REPRISALS PROHIBITED.

No individual or association shall engage in economic reprisals or threaten loss of employment or physical coercion against any individual or association because of the political contributions or

political activity of that individual or association. This subdivision does not apply to compensation for employment or loss of employment when the political affiliation or viewpoint of the employee is a bona fide occupational qualification of the employment. Any individual or association that violates this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor.

383B.053 ECONOMIC INTEREST DISCLOSURE.

Subdivision 1. **Officials required to file; deadlines.** Every candidate for county office, every elected official of Hennepin County, every candidate for office and every elected official of a home rule charter city or statutory city located wholly within Hennepin County and having a population of 75,000 or more, and every candidate for school board and every elected official in Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis shall file statements of economic interest as required by this section with the filing officer. A candidate shall file an original statement within 14 days of the filing of an affidavit or petition to appear on the ballot. Every individual required to file a statement shall file a supplementary statement on April 15 of each year in which the individual remains a candidate or elected official. An official required to file a statement of economic interest under section 10A.09 is not required to comply with this section.

Subd. 2. **Content of statement.** An individual required to file a statement of economic interest shall disclose:

(1) the individual's name, address, occupation and principal place of business;

(2) the name of each business with which the individual is associated and the nature of that association;

(3) a listing of all real property within the state, excluding homestead property, in which the individual holds: (i) a fee simple interest, a mortgage, a contract for deed as buyer or seller, or an option to buy, whether direct or indirect, and which interest has a market value in excess of \$2,500 as shown on the real estate tax statement for the property or (ii) an option to buy, which property has a fair market value of \$50,000 or more;

(4) a listing of all real property within the state in which a partnership of which the individual is a member holds: (i) a fee simple interest, a mortgage, a contract for deed as buyer or seller, or an option to buy, whether direct or indirect, if the individual's share of the partnership interest has a market value in excess of \$2,500 as shown on the real estate tax statement for the property or (ii) an option to buy, which property has a fair market value of \$50,000 or more; and

(5) in supplementary statements only, the amount of each honorarium in excess of \$50 received since the last statement, together with the name and address of the source.

Any listing under clause (3) or (4) shall indicate the street address and the municipality or the section, township range and approximate acreage, whichever applies, and the county wherein the property is located.

383B.054 REPORTS AND STATEMENTS; REQUIREMENTS.

Subdivision 1. **Certification.** A report or statement required by sections 383B.046 to 383B.054 shall be signed and certified as true by the individual required to file the report. Any individual who signs and certifies to be true a report or statement which the individual knows contains false information or who knowingly omits required information is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Subd. 2. **Transmittal, retention, public inspection.** The filing officer shall promptly transmit to the appropriate city clerk a copy of each statement and report filed by a candidate for city office, a political committee or fund that discloses contributions or expenditures to influence a city or an elected city official. The filing officer and each city clerk shall retain the statements, reports and copies and make them available for public inspection for a period of five years after the date of receipt by the filing officer.

Subd. 3. **Changes and corrections.** Any material changes in information previously submitted and any corrections to a report or statement shall be reported in writing to the filing officer within ten days following the date of the event prompting the change or the date upon which the individual filing became aware of the inaccuracy. The change or correction shall identify the form and the paragraph containing the information to be changed or corrected. Any individual who willfully fails to report a material change or correction is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Subd. 4. **Record keeping.** Each individual required to file any report or statement or to keep any account pursuant to sections 383B.046 to 383B.054 shall maintain and preserve for four years the records, including any vouchers, canceled checks, bills, invoices, worksheets and receipts, that

will provide in sufficient detail the necessary information from which the accounts and the filed reports and statements may be verified, explained, clarified and checked for accuracy and completeness.

Subd. 5. **Penalties.** The filing officer shall notify by certified mail or personal service any individual who fails to file a statement or report required by sections 383B.046 to 383B.054. Except for any campaign report of a principal campaign committee due before an election, if an individual fails to file any statement or report within seven days after receiving a notice, the filing officer may impose a late filing fee of \$5 per day, not to exceed \$100, commencing on the eighth day after receiving notice. If a treasurer of a principal campaign committee fails to file a campaign report due before an election within three days of the date due, regardless of whether the treasurer has received any notice, the filing officer may impose a late filing fee of \$50 per day, not to exceed \$500, commencing on the fourth day after the date the statement was due. The filing officer shall further notify by certified mail or personal service any individual who fails to file any statement or report within 21 days after receiving a first notice that the individual may be subject to a criminal penalty for failure to file the statement or report. An individual who knowingly fails to file the statement or report within seven days after receiving a second notice from the filing officer is guilty of a misdemeanor. A filing officer who violates any provision of this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Subd. 6. **Recovery of late filing fees.** A filing officer may bring an action in the Fourth Judicial District Court to recover any late filing fee imposed pursuant to subdivision 5. All money recovered shall be deposited in the general fund of Hennepin County.

Subd. 7. **Reports of violations.** If any individual other than a county official or candidate for county office fails to file the required statement or report within seven days after a second notice as provided in subdivision 5, the filing officer shall inform the Hennepin County attorney that a second notice was sent and that the individual failed to file the required statement or report. If a county official or candidate fails to file a report or statement after a second notice as provided in subdivision 5, the filing officer shall notify the attorney general.

Subd. 8. **Report by subordinate.** (a) Any deputy, clerk, employee or other subordinate of a filing officer who has knowledge or reason to believe that a violation of sections 383B.041 to 383B.057 has occurred, shall immediately transmit a report of that knowledge or belief to that filing officer, together with any evidence of the violation coming into the subordinate's possession.

(b) Any filing officer who has knowledge or reason to believe that a violation of sections 383B.041 to 383B.058 has occurred shall immediately transmit a report of that knowledge or belief to the county attorney of the county in which the violation is thought to have occurred, together with any evidence of the violation coming into the filing officer's possession.

(c) The filing officer shall also immediately send a copy of the report to the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board.

(d) A violation of this subdivision is a misdemeanor.

383B.055 DUTIES OF CAMPAIGN FINANCE BOARD; FILING OFFICERS.

Subdivision 1. **Board: advisory opinions, disclosure exemptions.** The state Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board shall:

(1) issue and publish advisory opinions concerning the requirements of sections 383B.041 to 383B.057 upon application in writing by the county filing officer of Hennepin County or any individual or association who wishes to use the opinion to guide the applicant's own conduct; and

(2) exempt any individual or association required to disclose information under sections 383B.046 to 383B.05 from any requirement of those sections in the same manner as it exempts any individual or association from disclosure requirements under chapter 10A. An individual or association exempted from the disclosure provisions of chapter 10A, shall also be exempt from the disclosure provisions of sections 383B.05.

Subd. 2. Filing officer: develop, distribute needed forms. The county filing officer of Hennepin County shall develop forms for all statements and reports required to be filed under sections 383B.041 to 383B.054. The filing officer shall furnish sufficient copies of the forms to all officers with whom candidates file affidavits or applications of candidacy and nominating petitions.

Subd. 3. **Candidacy filing officer: forms to candidates; penalty.** An officer who receives affidavits or applications of candidacy or nominating petitions shall mail or deliver a copy of each form required to be filed by a candidate to each candidate who files an affidavit, application or

petition with that officer or for whom a write-in vote is cast on the ballot of that jurisdiction. Any officer who fails to carry out the duties imposed by this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor.

383B.056 PENALTIES.

Except as expressly provided to the contrary in sections 383B.041 to 383B.055, a violation of sections 383B.041 to 383B.055 is not a crime.

383B.057 PROSECUTION OF VIOLATIONS.

Except as otherwise provided in this section, a violation of a criminal provision of sections 383B.041 to 383B.056 shall be prosecuted by the Hennepin County attorney in the Fourth Judicial District Court. A violation by a county official or candidate shall be prosecuted by the attorney general in the district court of Ramsey County.

Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 4, article 2, section 1, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 10

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 4, article 2, section 3, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 11

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 4, article 2, section 58, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 13

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018. *Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 4, article 2, section 7*

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 3.98, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Preparation:** <u>duties.</u> (a) The head or chief administrative officer of each department or agency of the state government, including the Supreme Court, shall <u>cooperate with the Legislative Budget Office and the Legislative Budget Office must prepare a fiscal note at the request of the chair of the standing committee to which a bill has been referred, or the chair of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee, or the chair of the senate Committee on Finance.</u>

(b) Upon request of the Legislative Budget Office, the head or chief administrative officer of each department or agency of state government, including the Supreme Court, must promptly supply all information necessary for the Legislative Budget Office to prepare an accurate and timely fiscal note.

(c) The Legislative Budget Office may adopt standards and guidelines governing timing of responses to requests for information and governing access to data, consistent with laws governing access to data. Agencies must comply with these standards and guidelines and the Legislative Budget Office must publish them on the office's Web site.

(d) For purposes of this subdivision, "Supreme Court" includes all agencies, committees, and commissions supervised or appointed by the state Supreme Court or the state court administrator.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 8, 2019. *Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 4, article 2, section 8*

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 3.98, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Uniform procedure. The commissioner of management and budget Legislative Budget Office shall prescribe a uniform procedure to govern the departments and agencies of the state in complying with the requirements of this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 8, 2019.

Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 4, article 2, section 9, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 12

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018. *Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 1*

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 3.8853, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Establishment; duties.** The Legislative Budget Office is established under control of the Legislative Coordinating Commission to provide the house of representatives and senate with nonpartisan, accurate, and timely information on the fiscal impact of proposed legislation, without regard to political factors.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018. *Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 10*

Sec. 10. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 4, article 2, section 1, the effective date, is amended to read:

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 8, 2019 July 1, 2018.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018. *Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 11*

Sec. 11. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 4, article 2, section 3, the effective date, is amended to read:

EFFECTIVE DATE. Except where otherwise provided by law, this section is effective January 8, 2019 July 1, 2018.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018. *Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 12*

Sec. 12. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 4, article 2, section 9, the effective date, is amended to read:

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 8, 2019 September 1, 2019.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018. *Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 13*

Sec. 13. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 4, article 2, section 58, the effective date, is amended to read:

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 8, 2019. September 1, 2019. The contract required under this section must be approved by the Legislative Budget Office Oversight Commission and be executed no later than November 1, 2018, and must provide for transfer of operational control of the fiscal note tracking system to the Legislative Budget Office effective September 1, 2019.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018. *Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 14*

Sec. 14. <u>LEGISLATIVE BUDGET OFFICE OVERSIGHT COMMISSION; FIRST</u> <u>APPOINTMENTS; FIRST CHAIR; FIRST MEETING.</u>

Appointments to the Legislative Budget Office Oversight Commission under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.8854, must be made by July 1, 2018. The chair of the Legislative Coordinating Commission must designate one appointee to convene the commission's first meeting and serve as its chair until a chair is elected by the commission as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 3.8854. The designated appointee must convene the first meeting no later than July 15, 2018. *Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 15*

Sec. 15. LEGISLATIVE BUDGET OFFICE DIRECTOR ORIENTATION AND TRAINING.

Before September 1, 2019, the commissioner of management and budget shall provide orientation and training to the director of the Legislative Budget Office and any staff of the Legislative Budget Office designated by the director on the use of the fiscal note system. The commissioner of management and budget must provide opportunities to the director of the Legislative Budget Office and staff designated by the director of the Legislative Budget Office to learn from the Department of Management and Budget's work on fiscal note requests during the 2019 regular legislative session to facilitate the transfer of duties required by this act. *Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 2*

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 3.8853, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Director; staff.** The Legislative Coordinating Commission Legislative Budget Office Oversight Commission must appoint a director who and establish the director's duties. The director may hire staff necessary to do the work of the office. The director serves in the unclassified service for a term of six years and may not be removed during a term except for cause after a public hearing.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018. *Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 3*

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 3.8853, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

<u>Subd. 3.</u> Uniform standards and procedures. The director of the Legislative Budget Office must adopt uniform standards and procedures governing the timely preparation of fiscal notes as required by this section and section 3.98. The standards and procedures are not effective until they are approved by the Legislative Budget Office Oversight Commission. Upon approval, the standards and procedures must be published in the State Register and on the office's Web site.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2019, except that the uniform standards and procedures to be used may be developed and adopted by the oversight commission prior to the effective date of this section. *Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 4*

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 3.8853, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. Access to data; treatment. Upon request of the director of the Legislative Budget Office, the head or chief administrative officer of each department or agency of state government, including the Supreme Court, must promptly supply data that are used to prepare a fiscal note, including data that are not public data under section 13.64 or other applicable law, unless there are federal laws or regulations that prohibit the provision of the not public data for this purpose. Not public data supplied under this subdivision may only be used by the Legislative Budget Office to review a department or agency's work in preparing a fiscal note and may not be used or disseminated for any other purpose, including use by or dissemination to a legislator or to any officer, department, agency, or committee within the legislative branch. Violation of this subdivision by the director or other staff of the Legislative Budget Office is cause for removal, suspension without pay, or immediate dismissal at the direction of the oversight commission.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2019. *Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 5*

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 3.8853, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. Fiscal note delivery and posting. The director of the Legislative Budget Office must deliver a completed fiscal note to the legislative committee chair who made the request, and to the chief author of the legislation to which it relates. Within 24 hours of completion of a fiscal note, the director of the Legislative Budget Office must post a completed fiscal note on the office's public Web site. This subdivision does not apply to an unofficial fiscal note that is not public data under section 13.64, subdivision 3.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2019. *Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 6*

Sec. 6. [3.8854] LEGISLATIVE BUDGET OFFICE OVERSIGHT COMMISSION.

(a) The Legislative Budget Office Oversight Commission consists of:

(1) two members of the senate appointed by the senate majority leader;

(2) two members of the senate appointed by the senate minority leader;

(3) two members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house; and

(4) two members of the house of representatives appointed by the minority leader.

The director of the Legislative Budget Office is the executive secretary of the commission. The chief nonpartisan fiscal analyst of the house of representatives, the lead nonpartisan fiscal analyst of the senate, the commissioner of management and budget or a designee, and the legislative auditor are ex-officio, nonvoting members of the commission.

(b) Members serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority, or until they are not members of the legislative body from which they were appointed. Appointing authorities shall fill vacancies on the commission within 30 days of a vacancy being created.

(c) The commission shall meet in January of each odd-numbered year to elect its chair and vice-chair. They shall serve until successors are elected. The chair and vice-chair shall alternate biennially between the senate and the house of representatives. The commission shall meet at the call of the chair. The members shall serve without compensation but may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses consistent with the rules of the legislature governing expense reimbursement.

(d) The commission shall review the work of the Legislative Budget Office and make recommendations, as the commission determines necessary, to improve the office's ability to fulfill its duties, and shall perform other functions as directed by this section, and sections 3.8853 and 3.98.

Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 7

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 3.98, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Preparation; duties.** (a) The head or chief administrative officer of each department or agency of the state government, including the Supreme Court, shall cooperate with the Legislative Budget Office and the Legislative Budget Office must prepare a fiscal note <u>consistent</u> with the standards and procedures adopted under section 3.8853, at the request of the chair of the standing committee to which a bill has been referred, or the chair of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee, or the chair of the senate Committee on Finance.

(b) Upon request of the Legislative Budget Office, the head or chief administrative officer of each department or agency of state government, including the Supreme Court, must promptly supply all information necessary for the Legislative Budget Office to prepare an accurate and timely fiscal note.

(c) The Legislative Budget Office may adopt standards and guidelines governing timing of responses to requests for information and governing access to data, consistent with laws governing access to data. Agencies must comply with these standards and guidelines and the Legislative Budget Office must publish them on the office's Web site.

(d) (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "Supreme Court" includes all agencies, committees, and commissions supervised or appointed by the state Supreme Court or the state court administrator.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2019. *Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 8*

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 10A.01, subdivision 35, is amended to read:

Subd. 35. Public official. "Public official" means any:

(1) member of the legislature;

(2) individual employed by the legislature as secretary of the senate, legislative auditor, <u>director</u> <u>of the Legislative Budget Office</u>, chief clerk of the house of representatives, revisor of statutes, or researcher, legislative analyst, fiscal analyst, or attorney in the Office of Senate Counsel, Research, and Fiscal Analysis, House Research, or the House Fiscal Analysis Department;

(3) constitutional officer in the executive branch and the officer's chief administrative deputy;

(4) solicitor general or deputy, assistant, or special assistant attorney general;

(5) commissioner, deputy commissioner, or assistant commissioner of any state department or agency as listed in section 15.01 or 15.06, or the state chief information officer;

(6) member, chief administrative officer, or deputy chief administrative officer of a state board or commission that has either the power to adopt, amend, or repeal rules under chapter 14, or the power to adjudicate contested cases or appeals under chapter 14;

(7) individual employed in the executive branch who is authorized to adopt, amend, or repeal rules under chapter 14 or adjudicate contested cases under chapter 14;

(8) executive director of the State Board of Investment;

(9) deputy of any official listed in clauses (7) and (8);

(10) judge of the Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals;

(11) administrative law judge or compensation judge in the State Office of Administrative Hearings or unemployment law judge in the Department of Employment and Economic Development;

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(12) member, regional administrator, division director, general counsel, or operations manager of the Metropolitan Council;

(13) member or chief administrator of a metropolitan agency;

(14) director of the Division of Alcohol and Gambling Enforcement in the Department of Public Safety;

(15) member or executive director of the Higher Education Facilities Authority;

(16) member of the board of directors or president of Enterprise Minnesota, Inc.;

(17) member of the board of directors or executive director of the Minnesota State High School League;

(18) member of the Minnesota Ballpark Authority established in section 473.755;

(19) citizen member of the Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota Resources;

(20) manager of a watershed district, or member of a watershed management organization as defined under section 103B.205, subdivision 13;

(21) supervisor of a soil and water conservation district;

(22) director of Explore Minnesota Tourism;

(23) citizen member of the Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council established in section 97A.056;

(24) citizen member of the Clean Water Council established in section 114D.30;

(25) member or chief executive of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority established in section 473J.07;

(26) district court judge, appeals court judge, or Supreme Court justice;

(27) county commissioner;

(28) member of the Greater Minnesota Regional Parks and Trails Commission; or

(29) member of the Destination Medical Center Corporation established in section 469.41.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018. *Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 5, section 9*

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 13.64, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. Fiscal note data must be shared with Legislative Budget Office. A head or chief administrative officer of a department or agency of the state government, including the Supreme Court, must provide data that are used to prepare a fiscal note, including data that are not public data under this section to the director of the Legislative Budget Office upon the director's request and consistent with section 3.8853, subdivision 4, unless there are federal laws or regulations that prohibit the provision of the not public data for this purpose. The data must be supplied according to any standards and procedures adopted under section 3.8853, subdivision 3, including any standards and procedures governing timeliness. Notwithstanding section 13.05, subdivision 9, a responsible authority may not require the Legislative Budget Office to pay a cost for supplying data requested under this subdivision.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2019.