This Document can be made available in alternative formats upon request

State of Minnesota

Printed Page No.

38

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES H. F. No. 390 NINETIETH SESSION

01/23/2017	Authored by Zerwas, Cornish, Franson, McDonald, Johnson, B., and others
	The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Public Safety and Security Policy and Finance
02/23/2017	Adoption of Report: Placed on the General Register
	Read for the Second Time
05/22/2017	Pursuant to Rule 4.20, returned to the Committee on Public Safety and Security Policy and Finance
03/19/2018	Adoption of Report: Placed on the General Register as Amended
	Read for the Second Time
05/08/2018	Calendar for the Day
	Read for the Third Time
	Passed by the House and transmitted to the Senate
05/14/2018	Passed by the Senate and returned to the House
05/16/2018	Presented to Governor
05/19/2018	Governor Veto

1.1	A bill for an ac

- relating to public safety; increasing penalties for obstructing trunk highway, airport, 1.2 or transit traffic; amending Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 609.74; 609.855, 13
- subdivision 2. 1.4

1.5

1.6

1.7

18

1.9

1.13

1.14

1.15

1.16

1.17

1.18

1.19

1.20

1.21

1.22

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.74, is amended to read:

609.74 PUBLIC NUISANCE.

- (a) Whoever by an act or failure to perform a legal duty intentionally does any of the following is guilty of maintaining a public nuisance, which is a misdemeanor:
- (1) maintains or permits a condition which unreasonably annoys, injures or endangers 1.10 the safety, health, morals, comfort, or repose of any considerable number of members of 1.11 the public; or 1 12
 - (2) except as provided in paragraph (b), interferes with, obstructs, or renders dangerous for passage, any public highway or right-of-way, or waters used by the public; or
 - (3) is guilty of any other act or omission declared by law to be a public nuisance and for which no sentence is specifically provided.
 - (b) It is a gross misdemeanor for a person to interfere with or obstruct traffic that is entering, exiting, or on a freeway or entering, exiting, or on a public roadway within the boundaries of airport property with the intent to interfere with, obstruct, or otherwise disrupt traffic. This paragraph does not apply to the actions of law enforcement or other emergency responders, road or airport authorities, or utility officials, or their agents, employees, or contractors when carrying out duties imposed by law or contract. For purposes of this

Section 1. 1 2.4

2.5

2.7

2.8

2.9

2.10

2.11

2.12

2.13

2.14

2.15

2.19

2.20

2.21

2.1	paragraph: (1) "airport" means an airport that has a control tower and airline service; and
2.2	(2) "freeway" means any section of a divided highway where the only access and egress for
2.3	vehicular traffic is from entrance and exit ramps.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.855, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 2.6
 - Subd. 2. Unlawful interference with transit operator. (a) Whoever intentionally commits an act that interferes with or obstructs, or tends to interfere with or obstruct, the operation of a transit vehicle is guilty of unlawful interference with a transit operator a crime and may be sentenced as provided in paragraph (c).
 - (b) An act that is committed on a transit vehicle that distracts the driver from the safe operation of the vehicle, restricts passenger access to the transit vehicle, or that endangers passengers is a violation of this subdivision if an authorized transit representative has clearly warned the person once to stop the act.
 - (c) A person who violates this subdivision may be sentenced as follows:
- (1) to imprisonment for not more than three years or to payment of a fine of not more 2.16 than \$5,000, or both, if the violation was accompanied by force or violence or a 2.17 communication of a threat of force or violence; or 2.18
 - (2) to imprisonment for not more than 90 days one year or to payment of a fine of not more than \$1,000 \$3,000, or both, if the violation was not accompanied by force or violence or a communication of a threat of force or violence.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018, and applies to crimes 2.22 committed on or after that date. 2.23

Sec. 2. 2