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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Unofficial Engrossment

State of Minnesota

House Engrossment of a Senate File

NINETY-SECOND SESSION

S. F. No. 972

04/15/2021	Companion to House File No. 1031. (Authors:Stephenson, Long and Lee) Read First Time and Sent for Comparison
04/16/2021	Substituted for H. F. No. 1031
	Read for the Second Time
04/20/2021	Calendar for the Day
	Bill was laid on the Table
04/21/2021	Bill was taken from the Table
	Amended
	Read Third Time as Amended
	Passed by the House as Amended and transmitted to the Senate to include Floor Amendments
04/22/2021	Refused to concur and a Conference Committee was appointed

A bill for an act

relating to commerce; establishing a biennial budget for Department of Commerce 12 and energy activities; modifying various provisions governing and administered 1.3 by the Department of Commerce; establishing a prescription drug affordability 1.4 board and related regulations; modifying various provisions governing insurance; 1.5 establishing a student loan borrower bill of rights; modifying and adding consumer 1.6 protections; modifying provisions governing collections agencies and debt buyers; 1.7 establishing and modifying energy conservation programs; establishing energy 1.8 transition programs; establishing programs to combat climate change; establishing 1.9 and modifying electric vehicle and solar energy programs; modifying other 1.10 provisions governing renewable energy and utility regulation; modifying various 1.11 fees and standards; making technical changes; establishing penalties; requiring 1.12 reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 13.712, 1.13 by adding a subdivision; 16B.86; 16B.87; 16C.135, subdivision 3; 16C.137, 1.14 subdivision 1; 45.305, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 45.306, by adding 1.15 a subdivision; 45.33, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 47.59, subdivision 1.16 2; 47.60, subdivision 2; 47.601, subdivisions 2, 6; 48.512, subdivisions 2, 3, 7; 1.17 53.04, subdivision 3a; 56.131, subdivision 1; 60A.092, subdivision 10a, by adding 1.18 a subdivision; 60A.0921, subdivision 2; 60A.14, subdivision 1; 60A.71, subdivision 1.19 7; 61A.245, subdivision 4; 62J.23, subdivision 2; 65B.15, subdivision 1; 65B.43, 1.20 subdivision 12; 65B.472, subdivision 1; 79.55, subdivision 10; 80G.06, subdivision 1.21 1; 82.57, subdivisions 1, 5; 82.62, subdivision 3; 82.81, subdivision 12; 82B.021, 1.22 subdivision 18, by adding subdivisions; 82B.03, by adding a subdivision; 82B.11, 1.23 subdivision 3; 82B.195, by adding a subdivision; 115B.40, subdivision 1; 115C.094; 1.24 116C.779, subdivision 1; 168.27, by adding a subdivision; 174.29, subdivision 1; 1.25 174.30, subdivisions 1, 10; 216B.096, subdivisions 2, 3; 216B.097, subdivisions 1.26 1, 2, 3; 216B.16, subdivisions 6, 13; 216B.164, subdivision 4, by adding a 1.27 subdivision; 216B.1641; 216B.1645, subdivisions 1, 2; 216B.1691, subdivisions 1.28 1, 2a, 2b, 2d, 2e, 2f, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, by adding subdivisions; 216B.2401; 216B.241, 1.29 subdivisions 1a, 1c, 1d, 1f, 1g, 2, 2b, 3, 5, 7, 8, by adding subdivisions; 216B.2412, 1.30 subdivision 3; 216B.2422, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, by adding subdivisions; 1.31 216B.2424, by adding subdivisions; 216B.243, subdivision 8; 216B.62, subdivision 1.32 3b; 216C.05, subdivision 2; 216E.01, subdivision 9a; 216E.03, subdivisions 7, 10; 1.33 216E.04, subdivision 2; 216F.012; 216F.04; 216H.02, subdivision 1; 221.031, 1.34 subdivision 3b; 256B.0625, subdivisions 10, 17; 308A.201, subdivision 12; 1.35 325E.21, by adding subdivisions; 325F.171, by adding a subdivision; 325F.172, 1.36 by adding a subdivision; 326B.106, subdivision 1; 332.31, subdivisions 3, 6, by 1.37 adding subdivisions; 332.311; 332.32; 332.33, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, 5a, 7, 8, by 1.38

	SF972 FIRST UNOFFICIA ENGROSSMENT	AL	REVISOR	RSI	UES0972-1
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10	subdivision 3; 332 12c; 386.375, subd 4; 514.974; 514.97 law in Minnesota S 216C; 216F; 239; 3 Minnesota Statutes 45.017; 45.306, su	.42, subdivision livision 3; 514.9 7; 515.07; 515B Statutes, chapter 325E; 325F; 332 s, chapter 58B; r bdivision 1; 60A 6B.1691, subdiv	s 1, 2; 349.11; 3 72, subdivision .2-103; 515B.3 s 16B; 60A; 62 2; 500; proposir epealing Minne A.98; 60A.981; vision 2; 216B.2	332.37; 332.385; 332 349.12, subdivisions s 4, 5; 514.973, subd -102; proposing codi J; 62Q; 80G; 82B; 1 ng coding for new lay esota Statutes 2020, s 60A.982; 115C.13; 2 241, subdivisions 1, 1	12a, 12b, livisions 3, ng for new 16J; 216B; w as sections 216B.16,
2.11	BE IT ENACTED BY	THE LEGISLA	TURE OF THE	STATE OF MINNE	SOTA:
2.12		P	ARTICLE 1		
2.13		COMM	IERCE FINAN	NCE	
2.14	Section 1. APPROPRI	ATIONS.			
2.15	The sums shown in t	he columns mark	ked "Appropriat	ions" are appropriated	l to the agencies
2.16	and for the purposes sp	ecified in this ar	ticle. The appro	priations are from th	e general fund,
2.17	or another named fund,	and are availab	le for the fiscal	years indicated for e	ach purpose.
2.18	The figures "2022" and	"2023" used in 1	this article mean	n that the appropriation	ons listed under
2.19	them are available for t	he fiscal year en	ding June 30, 2	022, or June 30, 202	3, respectively.
2.20	"The first year" is fisca	l year 2022. "Th	e second year"	is fiscal year 2023. "	The biennium"
2.21	is fiscal years 2022 and	2023. If an app	ropriation in th	is act is enacted more	e than once in
2.22	the 2021 legislative ses	sion, the approp	riation must be	given effect only on	ce.
2.23 2.24 2.25 2.26				APPROPRIAT Available for th Ending June 2022	e Year
2.27	Sec. 2. DEPARTMEN	T OF COMME	ERCE		
2.28	Subdivision 1. Total A	ppropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>27,603,000</u> <u>\$</u>	26,920,000
2.29	Appropri	ations by Fund			
2.30		2022	2023		
2.31	General	24,267,000	24,061,000		
2.32	Special Revenue	2,570,000	2,093,000		
2.33 2.34	Workers' Compensation Fund	766,000	766,000		
2.35	The amounts that may	be spent for eacl	<u>1</u>		
2.36	purpose are specified ir	n the following			
2.37	subdivisions.				
2.38	Subd. 2. Financial Inst	<u>titutions</u>		1,923,000	<u>1,941,000</u>

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	ENGROSSME	NT			
3.1		Appropriations by Fund			
3.2	General	1,923,000	1,941,000		
3.3	<u>(a) \$400,000</u>	each year is for a grant to P	repare		
3.4	and Prosper	to develop, market, evaluat	e, and		
3.5	distribute a f	inancial services inclusion			
3.6	program that	(1) assists low-income and	<u>1</u>		
3.7	financially u	nderserved populations to	ouild		
3.8	savings and s	trengthen credit, and (2) pro	ovides		
3.9	services to a	ssist low-income and finan	cially_		
3.10	underserved	populations to become mo	re		
3.11	financially st	able and secure. Money			
3.12	remaining af	ter the first year is availabl	e for		
3.13	the second y	ear.			
3.14	<u>(b) \$254,000</u>	each year is to administer	the		
3.15	requirements	of Minnesota Statutes, ch	apter		
3.16	<u>58B.</u>				
3.17	<u>Subd. 3.</u> Adu	ministrative Services		9,346,000	8,821,000
3.18	<u>(a) \$392,000</u>	in the first year and \$401,	000 in		
3.19	the second ye	ear are for additional comp	liance		
3.20	efforts with u	unclaimed property. The			
3.21	commissione	er may issue contracts for t	hese		
3.22	services.				
3.23	<u>(b) \$5,000 ea</u>	ach year is for Real Estate			
3.24	Appraisal Ac	lvisory Board compensation	<u>n</u>		
3.25	pursuant to N	Minnesota Statutes, section			
3.26	<u>82B.073, sub</u>	odivision 2a.			
3.27	<u>(c)</u> \$353,000	each year is for system			
3.28	modernizatio	on and cybersecurity upgrad	es for		
3.29	the unclaime	d property program.			
3.30	<u>(d) \$564,000</u>	each year is for additional			
3.31	operations of	the unclaimed property pro	gram.		
3.32	<u>(e) \$832,000</u>	in the first year and \$208,0	<u>000 in</u>		
3.33	the second y	ear are for IT system			

	SF972 FIRST UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT		REVISOR	RSI	UES0972-1
4.1	modernization. The base	in fiscal year 20	024		
4.2	and beyond is \$0.				
4.3	Subd. 4. Telecommunica	tions		3,443,000	3,183,000
4.4	Appropriati	ions by Fund			
4.5	General	1,073,000	1,090,000		
4.6	Special Revenue	2,370,000	2,093,000		
4.7	\$2,370,000 in the first yea	r and \$2,093,0	<u>00 in</u>		
4.8	the second year are from	the			
4.9	telecommunications acces	ss Minnesota fi	und		
4.10	account in the special reve	enue fund for t	he		
4.11	following transfers:				
4.12	(1) \$1,620,000 each year	is to the			
4.13	commissioner of human s	ervices to			
4.14	supplement the ongoing o	perational expe	enses		
4.15	of the Commission of Dea	af, DeafBlind,	and		
4.16	Hard-of-Hearing Minneso	otans. This tran	sfer		
4.17	is subject to Minnesota St	atutes, section			
4.18	<u>16A.281;</u>				
4.19	(2) \$290,000 each year is	to the chief			
4.20	information officer to coo	rdinate techno	logy		
4.21	accessibility and usability	<u>,</u>			
4.22	(3) \$410,000 in the first ye	ear and \$133,0	00 in		
4.23	the second year are to the	Legislative			
4.24	Coordinating Commission	n for captioning	g		
4.25	legislative coverage. This	transfer is sub	ject		
4.26	to Minnesota Statutes, sec	ction 16A.281.			
4.27	Notwithstanding any law	to the contrary	, the		
4.28	commissioner of managem	ent and budget	must		
4.29	determine whether \$310,0	000 of the			
4.30	expenditures authorized u	nder this claus	e for		
4.31	the first year are eligible u	uses of federal			
4.32	funding received under the	e Coronavirus	State		
4.33	Fiscal Recovery Fund or a	any other feder	al		
4.34	funds received by the state	under the Ame	rican		

5.2 commissioner of management and budget	
5.3 determines an expenditure is eligible for	
5.4 funding under Public Law 117-2, the amount	
5.5 of the eligible expenditure is appropriated	
5.6 from the account where the federal funds have	
5.7 been deposited and the corresponding	
5.8 Telecommunications Access Minnesota Fund	
5.9 amounts appropriated under this clause cancel	
5.10 to the Telecommunications Access Minnesota	
5.11 Fund; and	
5.12 (4) $$50,000$ each year is to the Office of	
5.13 MN.IT Services for a consolidated access fund	
5.14 to provide grants or services to other state	
5.15 agencies related to accessibility of web-based	
5.16 services.	
5.17 Subd. 5. Enforcement 6,231,000 5	,632,000
5.18 Appropriations by Fund	
5.19 <u>General</u> <u>5,825,000</u> <u>5,426,000</u>	
5.20 Workers' 5.21 Compensation 206,000 206,000	
5.22 Special Revenue	
5.23 <u>Fund</u> <u>200,000</u> <u>-0-</u>	
5.24 (a) \$283,000 in the first year and \$286,000 in	
5.25 the second year are for health care	
5.26 <u>enforcement.</u>	
5.27 (b) \$201,000 each year is from the workers'	
5.28 <u>compensation fund.</u>	
5.29 (c) \$5,000 each year is from the workers'	
5.30 compensation fund for insurance fraud	
5.31 specialist salary increases.	
5.32 (d) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,	
5.33 section 297I.11, subdivision 2, \$200,000 in	
5.34 the first year is from the auto theft prevention	

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7,343,000

6.1	catalytic converter theft prevention pilot
6.2	project. This balance does not cancel but is
6.3	available in the second year.
6.4	(e) \$190,000 in the first year is from the
6.5	general fund for the catalytic converter theft
6.6	prevention pilot project. This balance does not
6.7	cancel but is available in the second year. The
6.8	general fund base for the catalytic converter
6.9	theft prevention pilot project in fiscal year
6.10	2024 and fiscal year 2025 is \$92,000.
6.11	(f) \$300,000 in the first year is transferred
6.12	from the consumer education account in the
6.13	special revenue fund to the general fund.
6.14	\$300,000 in the first year is to the
6.15	commissioner of education to issue grants of
6.16	\$150,000 each year to the Minnesota Council
6.17	on Economic Education. This balance does
6.18	not cancel but is available in the second year.
6.18 6.19	not cancel but is available in the second year.Subd. 6. Insurance6,660,000
	č
6.19	<u>Subd. 6.</u> <u>Insurance</u> <u>6,660,000</u>
6.19 6.20	Subd. 6. Insurance 6,660,000 Appropriations by Fund
6.196.206.216.22	Subd. 6. Insurance 6,660,000 Appropriations by Fund 6,000,000 General 6,100,000 6,783,000 Workers' 6,100,000 6,783,000
6.196.206.216.226.23	Subd. 6. Insurance 6,660,000 Appropriations by Fund 6 General 6,100,000 6,783,000 Workers' 560,000 560,000
 6.19 6.20 6.21 6.22 6.23 6.24 	Subd. 6. Insurance $6,660,000$ Appropriations by FundGeneral $6,100,000$ $6,783,000$ Workers'Compensation $560,000$ (a) \$656,000 in the first year and \$671,000 in
 6.19 6.20 6.21 6.22 6.23 6.24 6.25 	Subd. 6. Insurance $6,660,000$ Appropriations by FundGeneral $6,100,000$ General $6,783,000$ Workers'Compensation $560,000$ (a) \$656,000 in the first year and \$671,000 inthe second year are for health insurance rate
 6.19 6.20 6.21 6.22 6.23 6.24 6.25 6.26 	Subd. 6. Insurance6,660,000Appropriations by Fund6General6,100,000General6,100,000Workers'6Compensation560,000(a) \$656,000 in the first year and \$671,000 inthe second year are for health insurance ratereview staffing.
 6.19 6.20 6.21 6.22 6.23 6.24 6.25 6.26 6.27 	Subd. 6. Insurance $6,660,000$ Appropriations by Fund $6,660,000$ General $6,100,000$ $6,783,000$ Workers' $560,000$ $560,000$ Compensation $560,000$ $560,000$ (a) \$656,000 in the first year and \$671,000 in 116 the second year are for health insurance rate 120 review staffing. 100 (b) \$421,000 in the first year and \$431,000 in
 6.19 6.20 6.21 6.22 6.23 6.24 6.25 6.26 6.27 6.28 	Subd. 6. Insurance $6,660,000$ Appropriations by FundGeneral $6,100,000$ General $6,100,000$ $6,783,000$ Workers'Compensation $560,000$ (a) \$656,000 in the first year and \$671,000 inthe second year are for health insurance ratereview staffing.(b) \$421,000 in the first year and \$431,000 inthe second year are for actuarial work to
 6.19 6.20 6.21 6.22 6.23 6.24 6.25 6.26 6.27 6.28 6.29 	Subd. 6. Insurance6,660,000Appropriations by FundGeneral6,100,000General6,100,000Workers'Compensation560,000(a) \$656,000 in the first year and \$671,000 inthe second year are for health insurance ratereview staffing.(b) \$421,000 in the first year and \$431,000 inthe second year are for actuarial work toprepare for implementation of principle-based
 6.19 6.20 6.21 6.22 6.23 6.24 6.25 6.26 6.27 6.28 6.29 6.30 	Subd. 6. Insurance6,660,000Appropriations by FundGeneral6,100,000General6,100,000Morkers'Compensation560,000Second year are for health insurance ratereview staffing.(b) \$421,000 in the first year and \$431,000 inthe second year are for actuarial work toprepare for implementation of principle-basedreserves.
 6.19 6.20 6.21 6.22 6.23 6.24 6.25 6.26 6.27 6.28 6.29 6.30 6.31 	Subd. 6. Insurance6,660,000Appropriations by FundGeneral6,100,000General6,100,000Morkers'Compensation560,000(a) \$656,000 in the first year and \$671,000 inthe second year are for health insurance ratereview staffing.(b) \$421,000 in the first year and \$431,000 inthe second year are for actuarial work toprepare for implementation of principle-basedreserves.(c) \$30,000 in the first year is to pay for two

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- 7.1 (d) \$428,000 in the first year and \$432,000 in
- 7.2 <u>the second year are for licensing activities</u>
- 7.3 under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 62W. Of
- 7.4 this amount, \$246,000 each year must be used
- 7.5 <u>only for staff costs associated with two</u>
- 7.6 enforcement investigators to enforce
- 7.7 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 62W.
- 7.8 (e) \$560,000 each year is from the workers'

7.9 <u>compensation fund.</u>

7.10 (f) \$197,000 in the first year is to establish the

- 7.11 Prescription Drug Affordability Board under
- 7.12 Minnesota Statutes, section 62J.87. Following
- 7.13 the first meeting of the board and prior to June
- 7.14 <u>30, 2022, the commissioner shall transfer any</u>
- 7.15 <u>funds remaining from this appropriation to the</u>
- 7.16 **board.**
- 7.17 (g) \$358,000 in the second year is to the
- 7.18 Prescription Drug Affordability Board
- 7.19 established under Minnesota Statutes, section
- 7.20 <u>62J.87</u>, to implement the Prescription Drug

7.21 Affordability Act.

- 7.22 (h) \$456,000 in the second year is to the
- 7.23 attorney general's office to enforce the
- 7.24 <u>Prescription Drug Affordability Act.</u>

7.25 Sec. 3. <u>CANCELLATION; FISCAL YEAR 2021.</u>

- 7.26 \$1,220,000 of the fiscal year 2021 general fund appropriation under Laws 2019, First
- 7.27 Special Session chapter 7, article 1, section 6, subdivision 3, is canceled.
- 7.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

7.29 Sec. 4. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE; APPROPRIATION.

- 7.30 (a) \$4,000 in fiscal year 2021 is appropriated from the workers' compensation fund to
- 7.31 the commissioner of commerce for insurance fraud specialist salary increases.

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8.1	(b) \$97,000 in fiscal year 202	1 is appropriated from the	general fund to	the commissioner
8.2	of commerce for enforcement.			
8.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This s	section is effective the day	/ following fina	ıl enactment.
8.4	Sec. 5. TRANSFER.			
8.5	Notwithstanding any law to	the contrary, in fiscal year	: 2024 the Minn	nesota
8.6	Comprehensive Health Associat	tion shall transfer the remain	aining balance f	from the premium
8.7	security plan account in the spec	cial revenue fund to the co	ommissioner of	commerce. Any
8.8	amount transferred to the commi	ssioner of commerce shall	l be deposited ir	the general fund.
8.9		ARTICLE 2		
8.10	PRESCRIPTIO	ON DRUG AFFORDAB	ILITY BOAR	D
8.11	Section 1. [62J.85] CITATIO	<u>N.</u>		
8.12	Sections 62J.85 to 62J.95 ma	ay be cited as the "Prescri	ption Drug Aff	ordability Act."
0.10		NG		
8.13	Sec. 2. [62J.86] DEFINITIO	<u>IND.</u>		
8.14	Subdivision 1. Definitions.	For the purposes of section	ns 62J.85 to 62J	.95, the following
8.15	terms have the meanings given	them.		
8.16	Subd. 2. Advisory council. ".	Advisory council" means the	he Prescription I	Drug Affordability
8.17	Advisory Council established un	nder section 62J.88.		
8.18	Subd. 3. Biologic. "Biologic	" means a drug that is prod	uced or distribu	ited in accordance
8.19	with a biologics license applicat	ion approved under Code	of Federal Reg	gulations, title 42,
8.20	section 447.502.			
8.21	Subd. 4. Biosimilar. "Biosin	nilar" has the meaning giv	en in section 62	2J.84, subdivision
8.22	2, paragraph (b).			
8.23	Subd. 5. Board. "Board" me	ans the Prescription Drug	Affordability l	Board established
8.24	under section 62J.87.			
8.25	Subd. 6. Brand name drug.	"Brand name drug" has the	e meaning given	in section 62J.84,
8.26	subdivision 2, paragraph (c).			
8.27	Subd. 7. Generic drug. "Ge	neric drug" has the meani	ng given in sec	tion 62J.84,
8.28	subdivision 2, paragraph (e).	~	<i></i>	

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9.1	Subd. 8. Group purchaser.	"Group purchaser" has the	meaning given	in section 62J.03,
9.2	subdivision 6, and includes pha	rmacy benefit managers, a	as defined in sec	tion 62W.02,
9.3	subdivision 15.			
9.4	Subd. 9. Manufacturer. "M	lanufacturer" means an ent	tity that:	
9.5	(1) engages in the manufacture	ure of a prescription drug p	product or enters	into a lease with
9.6	another manufacturer to market	and distribute a prescription	on drug product	under the entity's
9.7	own name; and			
9.8	(2) sets or changes the whol	esale acquisition cost of th	ne prescription d	rug product it
9.9	manufacturers or markets.			
9.10	Subd. 10. Prescription drug	g product. "Prescription d	rug product" me	ans a brand name
9.11	drug, a generic drug, a biologic	, or a biosimilar.		
9.12	Subd. 11. Wholesale acquis	ition cost or WAC. "Whol	lesale acquisition	n cost" or "WAC"
9.13	has the meaning given in Unite	d States Code, title 42, sec	tion 1395W-3a(c)(6)(B).
9.14	Sec. 3. [62J.87] PRESCRIP	ΓΙΟΝ DRUG AFFORDA	BILITY BOA	RD.
9.15	Subdivision 1. Establishme	ent. The commissioner of o	commerce shall	establish the
9.16	Prescription Drug Affordability	Board, which shall be go	verned as a boar	d under section
9.17	15.012, paragraph (a), to protect	et consumers, state and loc	al governments,	health plan
9.18	companies, providers, pharmac	ies, and other health care s	system stakehold	lers from
9.19	unaffordable costs of certain pr	escription drugs.		
9.20	Subd. 2. Membership. (a)	The Prescription Drug Affe	ordability Board	consists of nine
9.21	members appointed as follows:			
9.22	(1) seven voting members a	ppointed by the governor;		
9.23	(2) one nonvoting member a	appointed by the majority	leader of the ser	ate; and
9.24	(3) one nonvoting member a	appointed by the speaker o	f the house.	
9.25	(b) All members appointed	must have knowledge and	demonstrated ex	xpertise in
9.26	pharmaceutical economics and	finance or health care econ	nomics and fina	nce. A member
9.27	must not be an employee of, a b	poard member of, or a cons	sultant to a manu	ufacturer or trade
9.28	association for manufacturers o	r a pharmacy benefit mana	ager or trade ass	ociation for
9.29	pharmacy benefit managers.			
9.30	(c) Initial appointments shal	ll be made by January 1. 2	022.	

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10.1	Subd. 3. Terms. (a) Board ap	pointees shall serve four-	year terms, exce	pt that initial
10.2	appointees shall serve staggered	terms of two, three, or fo	ur years as deter	mined by lot by
10.3	the secretary of state. A board m	ember shall serve no mor	e than two conse	ecutive terms.
10.4	(b) A board member may res	ign at any time by giving	written notice to	the board.
10.5	Subd. 4. Chair; other office	rs. (a) The governor shall	designate an ac	ting chair from
10.6	the members appointed by the g	overnor. The acting chair	shall convene th	e first meeting
10.7	of the board.			
10.8	(b) The board shall elect a ch	air to replace the acting c	hair at the first r	neeting of the
10.9	board by a majority of the memb	pers. The chair shall serve	for one year.	
10.10	(c) The board shall elect a vio	ee-chair and other officers	from the board's	s membership as
10.11	the board deems necessary.			
10.12	Subd. 5. Staff; technical ass	istance. (a) The board sha	all hire an execu	tive director and
10.13	other staff, who shall serve in th	e unclassified service. Th	e executive direc	ctor must have
10.14	knowledge and demonstrated exp	ertise in pharmacoeconom	nics, pharmacolog	gy, health policy,
10.15	health services research, medicin	ne, or a related field or dis	scipline. The boa	rd may employ
10.16	or contract for professional and te	echnical assistance as the b	oard deems nece	essary to perform
10.17	the board's duties.			
10.18	(b) The attorney general shal	l provide legal services to	the board.	
10.19	Subd. 6. Compensation. The	e board members shall no	t receive comper	nsation but may
10.20	receive reimbursement for exper	nses as authorized under s	ection 15.059, sr	ubdivision 3.
10.21	Subd. 7. Meetings. (a) Meeti	ngs of the board are subjec	et to chapter 13D	. The board shall
10.22	meet publicly at least every three	e months to review preser	iption drug prod	uct information
10.23	submitted to the board under sec	tion 62J.90. If there are n	o pending submi	ssions, the chair
10.24	of the board may cancel or postp	oone the required meeting	. The board may	meet in closed
10.25	session when reviewing proprieta	ry information, as determin	ned under the star	ndards developed
10.26	in accordance with section 62J.9	1, subdivision 4.		
10.27	(b) The board shall announce	e each public meeting at lo	east two weeks p	prior to the
10.28	scheduled date of the meeting. A	any materials for the meet	ing shall be mad	le public at least
10.29	one week prior to the scheduled	date of the meeting.		
10.30	(c) At each public meeting, t	he board shall provide the	opportunity for	comments from
10.31	the public, including the opportu	unity for written comment	s to be submitted	d to the board
10.32	prior to a decision by the board.			

11.1	Sec. 4. [62J.88] PRESCRIPTION DRUG AFFORDABILITY ADVISORY COUNCIL.
11.2	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The governor shall appoint a 12-member stakeholder
11.3	advisory council to provide advice to the board on drug cost issues and to represent
11.4	stakeholders' views. The members of the advisory council shall be appointed based on the
11.5	members' knowledge and demonstrated expertise in one or more of the following areas: the
11.6	pharmaceutical business; practice of medicine; patient perspectives; health care cost trends
11.7	and drivers; clinical and health services research; and the health care marketplace.
11.8	Subd. 2. Membership. The council's membership shall consist of the following:
11.9	(1) two members representing patients and health care consumers;
11.10	(2) two members representing health care providers;
11.11	(3) one member representing health plan companies;
11.12	(4) two members representing employers, with one member representing large employers
11.13	and one member representing small employers;
11.14	(5) one member representing government employee benefit plans;
11.15	(6) one member representing pharmaceutical manufacturers;
11.16	(7) one member who is a health services clinical researcher;
11.17	(8) one member who is a pharmacologist; and
11.18	(9) one member with expertise in health economics representing the commissioner of
11.19	health.
11.20	Subd. 3. Terms. (a) The initial appointments to the advisory council shall be made by
11.21	January 1, 2022. The initial appointed advisory council members shall serve staggered terms
11.22	of two, three, or four years determined by lot by the secretary of state. Following the initial
11.23	appointments, the advisory council members shall serve four-year terms.
11.24	(b) Removal and vacancies of advisory council members is governed by section 15.059.
11.25	Subd. 4. Compensation. Advisory council members may be compensated according to
11.26	section 15.059.
11.27	Subd. 5. Meetings. Meetings of the advisory council are subject to chapter 13D. The
11.28	advisory council shall meet publicly at least every three months to advise the board on drug
11.29	cost issues related to the prescription drug product information submitted to the board under
11.30	section 62J.90.

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12.1 Subd. 6. Exemption. Notwithstanding section 15.059, the advisory council does not

12.2 <u>expire.</u>

12.3 Sec. 5. [62J.89] CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.

Subdivision 1. Definition. For purposes of this section, "conflict of interest" means a 12.4 financial or personal association that has the potential to bias or have the appearance of 12.5 biasing a person's decisions in matters related to the board, the advisory council, or in the 12.6 conduct of the board's or council's activities. A conflict of interest includes any instance in 12.7 which a person, a person's immediate family member, including a spouse, parent, child, or 12.8 12.9 other legal dependent, or an in-law of any of the preceding individuals has received or could receive a direct or indirect financial benefit of any amount deriving from the result or findings 12.10 of a decision or determination of the board. For purposes of this section, a financial benefit 12.11 includes honoraria, fees, stock, the value of the member's, immediate family member's, or 12.12 in-law's stock holdings, and any direct financial benefit deriving from the finding of a review 12.13 12.14 conducted under sections 62J.85 to 62J.95. Ownership of securities is not a conflict of interest if the securities are: (1) part of a diversified mutual or exchange traded fund; or (2) 12.15 in a tax-deferred or tax-exempt retirement account that is administered by an independent 12.16 trustee. 12.17 Subd. 2. General. (a) Prior to the acceptance of an appointment or employment, or prior 12.18 to entering into a contractual agreement, a board or advisory council member, board staff 12.19 member, or third-party contractor must disclose to the appointing authority or the board 12.20 any conflicts of interest. The information disclosed shall include the type, nature, and 12.21 magnitude of the interests involved. 12.22 (b) A board member, board staff member, or third-party contractor with a conflict of 12.23 interest with regard to any prescription drug product under review must recuse themselves 12.24 from any discussion, review, decision, or determination made by the board relating to the 12.25 prescription drug product. 12.26 (c) Any conflict of interest must be disclosed in advance of the first meeting after the 12.27 conflict is identified or within five days after the conflict is identified, whichever is earlier. 12.28 Subd. 3. Prohibitions. Board members, board staff, or third-party contractors are 12.29 prohibited from accepting gifts, bequeaths, or donations of services or property that raise 12.30 the specter of a conflict of interest or have the appearance of injecting bias into the activities 12.31

12.32 of the board.

Sec. 6. [62J.90] PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRICE INFORMATION; DECISION TO 13.1 **CONDUCT COST REVIEW.** 13.2 13.3 Subdivision 1. Drug price information from the commissioner of health and other sources. (a) The commissioner of health shall provide to the board the information reported 13.4 to the commissioner by drug manufacturers under section 62J.84, subdivisions 3, 4, and 5. 13.5 The commissioner shall provide this information to the board within 30 days of the date the 13.6 information is received from drug manufacturers. 13.7 (b) The board shall subscribe to one or more prescription drug pricing files, such as 13.8 Medispan or FirstDatabank, or as otherwise determined by the board. 13.9 Subd. 2. Identification of certain prescription drug products. (a) The board, in 13.10 consultation with the advisory council, shall identify the following prescription drug products: 13.11 13.12 (1) brand name drugs or biologics for which the WAC increases by more than ten percent or by more than \$10,000 during any 12-month period or course of treatment if less than 12 13.13 months, after adjusting for changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI); 13.14 (2) brand name drugs or biologics that have been introduced at a WAC of \$30,000 or 13.15 13.16 more per calendar year or per course of treatment; (3) biosimilar drugs that have been introduced at a WAC that is not at least 15 percent 13.17 lower than the referenced brand name biologic at the time the biosimilar is introduced; and 13.18 (4) generic drugs for which the WAC: 13.19 (i) is \$100 or more, after adjusting for changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), for: 13.20 (A) a 30-day supply lasting a patient for a period of 30 consecutive days based on the 13.21 recommended dosage approved for labeling by the United States Food and Drug 13.22 Administration (FDA); 13.23 13.24 (B) a supply lasting a patient for fewer than 30 days based on recommended dosage approved for labeling by the FDA; or 13.25 13.26 (C) one unit of the drug if the labeling approved by the FDA does not recommend a finite dosage; and 13.27 (ii) is increased by 200 percent or more during the immediate preceding 12-month period, 13.28 as determined by the difference between the resulting WAC and the average of the WAC 13.29 reported over the preceding 12 months, after adjusting for changes in the Consumer Price 13.30 Index (CPI). 13.31

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14.1	(b) The board, in consultation with the advisory council, shall identify prescription drug
14.2	products not described in paragraph (a) that may impose costs that create significant
14.3	affordability challenges for the state health care system or for patients, including but not
14.4	limited to drugs to address public health emergencies.
14.5	(c) The board shall make available to the public the names and related price information
14.6	of the prescription drug products identified under this subdivision, with the exception of
14.7	information determined by the board to be proprietary under the standards developed by
14.8	the board under section 62J.91, subdivision 4.
14.9	Subd. 3. Determination to proceed with review. (a) The board may initiate a cost
14.10	review of a prescription drug product identified by the board under this section.
14.11	(b) The board shall consider requests by the public for the board to proceed with a cost
14.12	review of any prescription drug product identified under this section.
14.13	(c) If there is no consensus among the members of the board with respect to whether or
14.14	not to initiate a cost review of a prescription drug product, any member of the board may
14.15	request a vote to determine whether or not to review the cost of the prescription drug product.
14.16	Sec. 7. [62J.91] PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRODUCT REVIEWS.
14.17	Subdivision 1. General. Once a decision by the board has been made to proceed with
14.17 14.18	Subdivision 1. General. Once a decision by the board has been made to proceed with a cost review of a prescription drug product, the board shall conduct the review and make
14.18	a cost review of a prescription drug product, the board shall conduct the review and make
14.18 14.19	a cost review of a prescription drug product, the board shall conduct the review and make a determination as to whether appropriate utilization of the prescription drug under review,
14.18 14.19 14.20	a cost review of a prescription drug product, the board shall conduct the review and make a determination as to whether appropriate utilization of the prescription drug under review, based on utilization that is consistent with the United States Food and Drug Administration
14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21	a cost review of a prescription drug product, the board shall conduct the review and make a determination as to whether appropriate utilization of the prescription drug under review, based on utilization that is consistent with the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) label or standard medical practice, has led or will lead to affordability challenges
14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22	a cost review of a prescription drug product, the board shall conduct the review and make a determination as to whether appropriate utilization of the prescription drug under review, based on utilization that is consistent with the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) label or standard medical practice, has led or will lead to affordability challenges for the state health care system or for patients.
 14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22 14.23 	a cost review of a prescription drug product, the board shall conduct the review and make a determination as to whether appropriate utilization of the prescription drug under review, based on utilization that is consistent with the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) label or standard medical practice, has led or will lead to affordability challenges for the state health care system or for patients. Subd. 2. Review considerations. In reviewing the cost of a prescription drug product,
 14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22 14.23 14.24 	a cost review of a prescription drug product, the board shall conduct the review and make a determination as to whether appropriate utilization of the prescription drug under review, based on utilization that is consistent with the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) label or standard medical practice, has led or will lead to affordability challenges for the state health care system or for patients. Subd. 2. Review considerations. In reviewing the cost of a prescription drug product, the board may consider the following factors:
 14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22 14.23 14.24 14.25 	 a cost review of a prescription drug product, the board shall conduct the review and make a determination as to whether appropriate utilization of the prescription drug under review, based on utilization that is consistent with the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) label or standard medical practice, has led or will lead to affordability challenges for the state health care system or for patients. Subd. 2. Review considerations. In reviewing the cost of a prescription drug product, the board may consider the following factors: (1) the price at which the prescription drug product has been and will be sold in the state;
 14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22 14.23 14.24 14.25 14.26 	 a cost review of a prescription drug product, the board shall conduct the review and make a determination as to whether appropriate utilization of the prescription drug under review, based on utilization that is consistent with the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) label or standard medical practice, has led or will lead to affordability challenges for the state health care system or for patients. Subd. 2. Review considerations. In reviewing the cost of a prescription drug product, the board may consider the following factors: (1) the price at which the prescription drug product has been and will be sold in the state; (2) the average monetary price concession, discount, or rebate the manufacturer provides
 14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22 14.23 14.24 14.25 14.26 14.27 	 a cost review of a prescription drug product, the board shall conduct the review and make a determination as to whether appropriate utilization of the prescription drug under review, based on utilization that is consistent with the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) label or standard medical practice, has led or will lead to affordability challenges for the state health care system or for patients. Subd. 2. Review considerations. In reviewing the cost of a prescription drug product, the board may consider the following factors: (1) the price at which the prescription drug product has been and will be sold in the state; (2) the average monetary price concession, discount, or rebate the manufacturer provides to a group purchaser in this state as reported by the manufacturer and the group purchaser
 14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22 14.23 14.24 14.25 14.26 14.27 14.28 	 a cost review of a prescription drug product, the board shall conduct the review and make a determination as to whether appropriate utilization of the prescription drug under review, based on utilization that is consistent with the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) label or standard medical practice, has led or will lead to affordability challenges for the state health care system or for patients. Subd. 2. Review considerations. In reviewing the cost of a prescription drug product, the board may consider the following factors: (1) the price at which the prescription drug product has been and will be sold in the state; (2) the average monetary price concession, discount, or rebate the manufacturer provides to a group purchaser in this state as reported by the manufacturer and the group purchaser expressed as a percent of the WAC for prescription drug product under review;
 14.18 14.19 14.20 14.21 14.22 14.23 14.24 14.25 14.26 14.27 14.28 14.29 	 a cost review of a prescription drug product, the board shall conduct the review and make a determination as to whether appropriate utilization of the prescription drug under review, based on utilization that is consistent with the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) label or standard medical practice, has led or will lead to affordability challenges for the state health care system or for patients. Subd. 2. Review considerations. In reviewing the cost of a prescription drug product, the board may consider the following factors: (1) the price at which the prescription drug product has been and will be sold in the state; (2) the average monetary price concession, discount, or rebate the manufacturer provides to a group purchaser in this state as reported by the manufacturer and the group purchaser expressed as a percent of the WAC for prescription drug product under review; (3) the price at which therapeutic alternatives have been or will be sold in the state;

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15.1	(5) the cost to group purchase	rs based on patient access	consistent with	the United States
15.2	Food and Drug Administration (l	FDA) labeled indications	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
15.3	(6) the impact on patient acce	ss resulting from the cost	of the prescript	ion drug product
15.4	relative to insurance benefit desig	gn;		
15.5	(7) the current or expected do	llar value of drug-specific	e patient access p	programs that are
15.6	supported by manufacturers;			
15.7	(8) the relative financial imparts	acts to health, medical, or	other social ser	vices costs that
15.8	can be quantified and compared	to baseline effects of exis	ting therapeutic	alternatives;
15.9	(9) the average patient co-pay	v or other cost-sharing for	the prescription	drug product in
15.10	the state;			
15.11	(10) any information a manuf	facturer chooses to provid	le; and	
15.12	(11) any other factors as deter	rmined by the board.		
15.13	Subd. 3. Further review facto	ors. If, after considering th	e factors describ	ed in subdivision
15.14	2, the board is unable to determin	ne whether a prescription	drug product wi	ll produce or has
15.15	produced an affordability challer	nge, the board may consid	ler:	
15.16	(1) manufacturer research and	d development costs, as in	ndicated on the 1	manufacturer's
15.17	federal tax filing for the most rec	ent tax year in proportion	n to the manufac	turer's sales in
15.18	the state;			
15.19	(2) that portion of direct-to-co	onsumer marketing costs	eligible for favo	rable federal tax
15.20	treatment in the most recent tax y	ear that are specific to the	e prescription dru	ug product under
15.21	review and that are multiplied by	the ratio of total manufa	cturer in-state sa	ales to total
15.22	manufacturer sales in the United	States for the product un	der review;	
15.23	(3) gross and net manufacture	er revenues for the most r	ecent tax year;	
15.24	(4) any information and resear	ch related to the manufact	urer's selection of	f the introductory
15.25	price or price increase, including	but not limited to:		
15.26	(i) life cycle management;			
15.27	(ii) market competition and c	ontext; and		
15.28	(iii) projected revenue; and			
15.29	(5) any additional factors dete	ermined by the board to b	e relevant.	

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16.1	Subd. 4. Public data; proprietary information. (a) Any submission made to the board
16.2	related to a drug cost review shall be made available to the public, with the exception of
16.3	information determined by the board to be proprietary.
16.4	(b) The board shall establish the standards for the information to be considered proprietary
16.5	under paragraph (a) and section 62J.90, subdivision 2, including standards for heightened
16.6	consideration of proprietary information for submissions for a cost review of a drug that is
16.7	not yet approved by the FDA.
16.8	(c) Prior to the board establishing the standards under paragraph (b), the public shall be
16.9	provided notice and the opportunity to submit comments.
16.10	Subdivision 1. Upner payment limit. (a) In the event the board finds that the spanding
16.11	Subdivision 1. Upper payment limit. (a) In the event the board finds that the spending
16.12 16.13	on a prescription drug product reviewed under section 62J.91 creates an affordability challenge for the state health care system or for patients, the board shall establish an upper
16.14	payment limit after considering:
16.15	(1) the cost to administer the drug;
16.16	(2) the cost to deliver the drug to consumers;
16.17	(3) the range of prices at which the drug is sold in the United States according to one or
16.18	more pricing files accessed under section 62J.90, subdivision 1, and the range at which
16.19	pharmacies are reimbursed in Canada; and
16.20	(4) any other relevant pricing and administrative cost information for the drug.
16.21	(b) The upper payment limit shall apply to all public and private purchases, payments,
16.22	and payer reimbursements for the prescription drug product that is intended for individuals
16.23	in the state in person, by mail, or by other means.
16.24	Subd. 2. Noncompliance. (a) The failure of an entity to comply with an upper payment
16.25	limit established by the board under this section shall be referred to the Office of the Attorney
16.26	General.
16.27	(b) If the Office of the Attorney General finds that an entity was noncompliant with the
16.28	upper payment limit requirements, the attorney general may pursue remedies consistent
16.29	with chapter 8 or appropriate criminal charges if there is evidence of intentional profiteering.
16.30	(c) An entity who obtains price concessions from a drug manufacturer that result in a
16.31	lower net cost to the stakeholder than the upper payment limit established by the board shall
16.32	not be considered to be in noncompliance.

- 17.3 Subd. 3. Appeals. (a) A person affected by a decision of the board may request an appeal
- 17.4 of the board's decision within 30 days of the date of the decision. The board shall hear the
- 17.5 appeal and render a decision within 60 days of the hearing.
- 17.6 (b) All appeal decisions are subject to judicial review in accordance with chapter 14.

17.7 Sec. 9. [62J.93] REPORTS.

- 17.8 Beginning March 1, 2022, and each March 1 thereafter, the board shall submit a report
- 17.9 to the governor and legislature on general price trends for prescription drug products and
- 17.10 the number of prescription drug products that were subject to the board's cost review and
- 17.11 analysis, including the result of any analysis as well as the number and disposition of appeals
- 17.12 and judicial reviews.

17.13 Sec. 10. [62J.94] ERISA PLANS AND MEDICARE DRUG PLANS.

- 17.14 (a) Nothing in sections 62J.85 to 62J.95 shall be construed to require ERISA plans or
- 17.15 Medicare Part D plans to comply with decisions of the board, but are free to choose to
- 17.16 exceed the upper payment limit established by the board under section 62J.92.
- 17.17 (b) Providers who dispense and administer drugs in the state must bill all payers no more
- 17.18 than the upper payment limit without regard to whether or not an ERISA plan or Medicare
- 17.19 Part D plan chooses to reimburse the provider in an amount greater than the upper payment
- 17.20 limit established by the board.
- 17.21 (c) For purposes of this section, an ERISA plan or group health plan is an employee
- 17.22 welfare benefit plan established by or maintained by an employer or an employee
- 17.23 organization, or both, that provides employer sponsored health coverage to employees and
- 17.24 the employee's dependents and is subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act
- 17.25 of 1974 (ERISA).

17.26 Sec. 11. [62J.95] SEVERABILITY.

- 17.27 If any provision of sections 62J.85 to 62J.94 or the application of sections 62J.85 to
- 17.28 <u>62J.94 to any person or circumstance is held invalid for any reason in a court of competent</u>
- 17.29 jurisdiction, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or any other application of sections
- 17.30 <u>62J.85 to 62J.94 that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.</u>

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18.1		ARTICLE 3		
18.2		INSURANCE		
18.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 202	0, section 60A.092, sub	odivision 10a, is	amended to read:
18.4	Subd. 10a. Other jurisdictions	. The reinsurance is ce	ded and credit	allowed to an
18.5	assuming insurer not meeting the r	equirements of subdivi	sion 2, 3, 4, 5,	or 10, <u>or 10b, </u> but
18.6	only with respect to the insurance of	of risks located in juris	dictions where	the reinsurance is
18.7	required by applicable law or regul	lation of that jurisdiction	on.	
18.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	ion is effective January	1, 2022, and app	lies to reinsurance
18.9	contracts entered into or renewed of	on or after that date.		
18.10	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020,	section 60A.092, is am	ended by addin	g a subdivision to
18.11	read:			
18.12	Subd. 10b. Credit allowed; red	ciprocal jurisdiction.	(a) Credit shall	be allowed when
18.13	the reinsurance is ceded to an assur	ming insurer meeting e	each of the follo	wing conditions:
18.14	(1) the assuming insurer must h	ave its head office in c	or be domiciled	in, as applicable.
	and be licensed in a reciprocal juris			
18.16	that is:	<u>_</u>	,	j
		•		1 1
18.17	(i) a non-United States jurisdict			
18.18	the United States, each within its le			
18.19	between the United States and the	European Union, is a n	nember state of	the European
18.20	Union. For purposes of this subdivis	sion, a "covered agreem	ent" means an a	agreement entered
18.21	into pursuant to the Dodd-Frank W	all Street Reform and C	Consumer Prote	ection Act, United
18.22	States Code, title 31, sections 313	and 314, that is current	ly in effect or in	n a period of
18.23	provisional application and addresse	es the elimination, under	specified condi	tions, of collateral
18.24	requirements as a condition for enter	ring into any reinsuranc	e agreement wi	th a ceding insurer
18.25	domiciled in Minnesota or for allow	ing the ceding insurer to	o recognize crec	lit for reinsurance;
18.26	(ii) a United States jurisdiction	that meets the requirer	nents for accred	litation under the
18.27	National Association of Insurance	Commissioners (NAIC	C) financial stan	dards and
18.28	accreditation program; or			
18.29	(iii) a qualified jurisdiction, as o	letermined by the com	nissioner which	h is not otherwise
		-		
18.30	described in item (i) or (ii) and whic	Ē	-	ments, consistent
18.31	with the terms and conditions of in	-Iorce covered agreem	ents:	

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19.1	(A) provides that an insurer which has its head office or is domiciled in such qualified
19.2	jurisdiction shall receive credit for reinsurance ceded to a United States-domiciled assuming
19.3	insurer in the same manner as credit for reinsurance is received for reinsurance assumed by
19.4	insurers domiciled in such qualified jurisdiction;
19.5	(B) does not require a United States-domiciled assuming insurer to establish or maintain
19.6	a local presence as a condition for entering into a reinsurance agreement with any ceding
19.7	insurer subject to regulation by the non-United States jurisdiction or as a condition to allow
19.8	the ceding insurer to recognize credit for such reinsurance;
19.9	(C) recognizes the United States state regulatory approach to group supervision and
19.10	group capital, by providing written confirmation by a competent regulatory authority, in
19.11	such qualified jurisdiction, that insurers and insurance groups that are domiciled or maintain
19.12	their headquarters in this state or another jurisdiction accredited by the NAIC shall be subject
19.13	only to worldwide prudential insurance group supervision including worldwide group
19.14	governance, solvency and capital, and reporting, as applicable, by the commissioner or the
19.15	commissioner of the domiciliary state and will not be subject to group supervision at the
19.16	level of the worldwide parent undertaking of the insurance or reinsurance group by the
19.17	qualified jurisdiction; and
19.18	(D) provides written confirmation by a competent regulatory authority in such qualified
19.19	jurisdiction that information regarding insurers and their parent, subsidiary, or affiliated
19.20	entities, if applicable, shall be provided to the commissioner in accordance with a
19.21	memorandum of understanding or similar document between the commissioner and such
19.22	qualified jurisdiction, including but not limited to the International Association of Insurance
19.23	Supervisors Multilateral Memorandum of Understanding or other multilateral memoranda
19.24	of understanding coordinated by the NAIC;
19.25	(2) the assuming insurer must have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, minimum capital
19.26	and surplus, or its equivalent, calculated according to the methodology of its domiciliary
19.27	jurisdiction, on at least an annual basis as of the preceding December 31 or on the date
19.28	otherwise statutorily reported to the reciprocal jurisdiction, in the following amounts:
19.29	(i) no less than \$250,000,000; or
19.30	(ii) if the assuming insurer is an association, including incorporated and individual
19.31	unincorporated underwriters:
19.32	(A) minimum capital and surplus equivalents, net of liabilities, or own funds of the
19.33	equivalent of at least \$250,000,000; and

20.1	(B) a central fund containing a balance of the equivalent of at least \$250,000,000;
20.2	(3) the assuming insurer must have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, a minimum
20.3	solvency or capital ratio, as applicable, as follows:
20.4	(i) if the assuming insurer has its head office or is domiciled in a reciprocal jurisdiction
20.5	defined in clause (1), item (i), the ratio specified in the applicable covered agreement;
20.6	(ii) if the assuming insurer is domiciled in a reciprocal jurisdiction defined in clause (1),
20.7	item (ii), a risk-based capital ratio of 300 percent of the authorized control level, calculated
20.8	in accordance with the formula developed by the NAIC; or
20.9	(iii) if the assuming insurer is domiciled in a Reciprocal Jurisdiction defined in clause
20.10	(1), item (iii), after consultation with the reciprocal jurisdiction and considering any
20.11	recommendations published through the NAIC Committee Process, such solvency or capital
20.12	ratio as the commissioner determines to be an effective measure of solvency;
20.13	(4) the assuming insurer must agree and provide adequate assurance in the form of a
20.14	properly executed Form AR-1, Form CR-1, and Form RJ-1 of its agreement to the following:
20.15	(i) the assuming insurer must provide prompt written notice and explanation to the
20.16	commissioner if it falls below the minimum requirements set forth in clause (2) or (3), or
20.17	if any regulatory action is taken against the assuming insurer for serious noncompliance
20.18	with applicable law;
20.19	(ii) the assuming insurer must consent in writing to the jurisdiction of the courts of
20.20	Minnesota and to the appointment of the commissioner as agent for service of process. The
20.21	commissioner may require that consent for service of process be provided to the
20.22	commissioner and included in each reinsurance agreement. Nothing in this subdivision shall
20.23	limit or in any way alter the capacity of parties to a reinsurance agreement to agree to
20.24	alternative dispute resolution mechanisms, except to the extent such agreements are
20.25	unenforceable under applicable insolvency or delinquency laws;
20.26	(iii) the assuming insurer must consent in writing to pay all final judgments, wherever
20.27	enforcement is sought, obtained by a ceding insurer or its legal successor, that have been
20.28	declared enforceable in the jurisdiction where the judgment was obtained;
20.29	(iv) each reinsurance agreement must include a provision requiring the assuming insurer
20.30	to provide security in an amount equal to 100 percent of the assuming insurer's liabilities
20.31	attributable to reinsurance ceded pursuant to that agreement if the assuming insurer resists
20.32	enforcement of a final judgment that is enforceable under the law of the jurisdiction in which

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21.1	it was obtained or a property enforceable arbitration award whether obtained by the adding
21.1	it was obtained or a properly enforceable arbitration award, whether obtained by the ceding
21.2	insurer or by its legal successor on behalf of its resolution estate;
21.3	(v) the assuming insurer must confirm that it is not presently participating in any solvent
21.4	scheme of arrangement which involves this state's ceding insurers, and agree to notify the
21.5	ceding insurer and the commissioner and to provide security in an amount equal to 100
21.6	percent of the assuming insurer's liabilities to the ceding insurer, should the assuming insurer
21.7	enter into such a solvent scheme of arrangement. The security shall be in a form consistent
21.8	with sections 60A.092, subdivision 10, 60A.093, 60A.096, and 60A.097. For purposes of
21.9	this section, the term "solvent scheme of arrangement" means a foreign or alien statutory
21.10	or regulatory compromise procedure subject to requisite majority creditor approval and
21.11	judicial sanction in the assuming insurer's home jurisdiction either to finally commute
21.12	liabilities of duly noticed classed members or creditors of a solvent debtor, or to reorganize
21.13	or restructure the debts and obligations of a solvent debtor on a final basis, and which may
21.14	be subject to judicial recognition and enforcement of the arrangement by a governing
21.15	authority outside the ceding insurer's home jurisdiction; and
21.16	(vi) the assuming insurer must agree in writing to meet the applicable information filing
21.17	requirements set forth in clause (5);
21.18	(5) the assuming insurer or its legal successor must provide, if requested by the
21.19	commissioner, on behalf of itself and any legal predecessors, the following documentation
21.20	to the commissioner:
21.21	(i) for the two years preceding entry into the reinsurance agreement and on an annual
21.22	basis thereafter, the assuming insurer's annual audited financial statements, in accordance
21.23	with the applicable law of the jurisdiction of its head office or domiciliary jurisdiction, as
21.24	applicable, including the external audit report;
21.25	(ii) for the two years preceding entry into the reinsurance agreement, the solvency and
21.26	financial condition report or actuarial opinion, if filed with the assuming insurer's supervisor;
21.27	(iii) prior to entry into the reinsurance agreement and not more than semiannually
21.28	thereafter, an updated list of all disputed and overdue reinsurance claims outstanding for
21.29	90 days or more, regarding reinsurance assumed from ceding insurers domiciled in the
21.30	United States; and
21.31	(iv) prior to entry into the reinsurance agreement and not more than semiannually
21.31	thereafter, information regarding the assuming insurer's assumed reinsurance by ceding
21.33	insurer, ceded reinsurance by the assuming insurer, and reinsurance recoverable on paid

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22.1	and unpaid losses by the assumin	g insurer to allow for the	evaluation of th	e criteria set forth
22.2	in clause (6);			
22.3	(6) the assuming insurer mus	t maintain a practice of p	prompt payment	of claims under
22.4	reinsurance agreements. The lacl	x of prompt payment wil	l be evidenced i	f any of the
22.5	following criteria is met:			
22.6	(i) more than 15 percent of the	e reinsurance recoverabl	les from the ass	uming insurer are
22.7	overdue and in dispute as reported	ed to the commissioner;		
22.8	(ii) more than 15 percent of the	he assuming insurer's ceo	ding insurers or	reinsurers have
22.9	overdue reinsurance recoverable	on paid losses of 90 days	s or more which	are not in dispute
22.10	and which exceed for each cedin	g insurer \$100,000, or as	s otherwise spec	ified in a covered
22.11	agreement; or			
22.12	(iii) the aggregate amount of	reinsurance recoverable	on paid losses v	which are not in
22.13	dispute, but are overdue by 90 day	ys or more, exceeds \$50,0	000,000, or as of	therwise specified
22.14	in a covered agreement;			
22.15	(7) the assuming insurer's sup	pervisory authority must	confirm to the c	commissioner by
22.16	December 31, 2021, and annual	y thereafter, or at the ann	ual date otherw	vise statutorily
22.17	reported to the reciprocal jurisdic	ction, that the assuming i	insurer complies	s with the
22.18	requirements set forth in clauses	(2) and (3); and		
22.19	(8) nothing in this subdivision	n precludes an assuming	insurer from pr	oviding the
22.20	commissioner with information of	on a voluntary basis.		
22.21	(b) The commissioner shall the	mely create and publish	a list of recipro	cal jurisdictions.
22.22	The commissioner's list shall incl	ude any reciprocal jurisd	liction as defined	d under paragraph
22.23	(a), clause (1), items (i) and (ii), a	nd shall consider any oth	er reciprocal jur	isdiction included
22.24	on the NAIC list. The commission	ner may approve a jurisd	liction that does	not appear on the
22.25	NAIC list of reciprocal jurisdiction	ns in accordance with cri	teria developed	under rules issued
22.26	by the commissioner. The commis	ssioner may remove a juri	isdiction from th	e list of reciprocal
22.27	jurisdictions upon a determinatio	n that the jurisdiction no	longer meets th	e requirements of
22.28	a reciprocal jurisdiction, in accor	dance with a process set	forth in rules is	ssued by the
22.29	commissioner, except that the co	mmissioner shall not ren	nove from the li	ist a reciprocal
22.30	jurisdiction as defined under para	agraph (a), clause (1), ite	ems (i) and (ii).	Upon removal of
22.31	a reciprocal jurisdiction from the	list, credit for reinsuran	ce ceded to an a	ssuming insurer
22.32	which has its home office or is d	omiciled in that jurisdict	ion shall be allc	wed, if otherwise
22.33	allowed pursuant to law.			

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23.1	(c) The commissioner shall timely create and publish a list of assuming insurers that
23.2	have satisfied the conditions set forth in this subdivision and to which cessions shall be
23.3	granted credit in accordance with this subdivision. The commissioner may add an assuming
23.4	insurer to the list if an NAIC accredited jurisdiction has added the assuming insurer to a list
23.5	of assuming insurers or if, upon initial eligibility, the assuming insurer submits the
23.6	information to the commissioner as required under paragraph (a), clause (4), and complies
23.7	with any additional requirements that the commissioner may impose by rule, except to the
23.8	extent that they conflict with an applicable covered agreement.
23.9	(i) If an NAIC-accredited jurisdiction has determined that the conditions set forth in
23.10	paragraph (a), clause (2), have been met, the commissioner has the discretion to defer to
23.11	that jurisdiction's determination, and add such assuming insurer to the list of assuming
23.12	insurers to which cessions shall be granted credit in accordance with this paragraph. The
23.13	commissioner may accept financial documentation filed with another NAIC-accredited
23.14	jurisdiction or with the NAIC in satisfaction of the requirements of paragraph (a), clause
23.15	<u>(2);</u>
23.16	(ii) When requesting that the commissioner defer to another NAIC-accredited
23.17	jurisdiction's determination, an assuming insurer must submit a properly executed Form
23.18	RJ-1 and additional information as the commissioner may require. A state that has received
23.19	such a request will notify other states through the NAIC Committee Process and provide
23.20	relevant information with respect to the determination of eligibility.
23.21	(d) If the commissioner determines that an assuming insurer no longer meets one or
23.22	more of the requirements under this subdivision, the commissioner may revoke or suspend
23.23	the eligibility of the assuming insurer for recognition under this subdivision in accordance
23.24	with procedures set forth in rule. While an assuming insurer's eligibility is suspended, no
23.25	reinsurance agreement issued, amended, or renewed after the effective date of the suspension
23.26	qualifies for credit, except to the extent that the assuming insurer's obligations under the
23.27	contract are secured in accordance with this section. If an assuming insurer's eligibility is
23.28	revoked, no credit for reinsurance may be granted after the effective date of the revocation
23.29	with respect to any reinsurance agreements entered into by the assuming insurer, including
23.30	reinsurance agreements entered into prior to the date of revocation, except to the extent that
23.31	the assuming insurer's obligations under the contract are secured in a form acceptable to
23.32	the commissioner and consistent with the provisions of this section.
23.33	(e) Before denying statement credit or imposing a requirement to post security with
23.34	respect to paragraph (d) or adopting any similar requirement that will have substantially the

23.35 same regulatory impact as security, the commissioner shall:

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24.1	(1) communicate with the ceding insurer, the assuming insurer, and the assuming insurer's
24.2	supervisory authority that the assuming insurer no longer satisfies one of the conditions
24.3	listed in paragraph (a), clause (2);
24.4	(2) provide the assuming insurer with 30 days from the initial communication to submit
24.5	a plan to remedy the defect, and 90 days from the initial communication to remedy the
24.6	defect, except in exceptional circumstances in which a shorter period is necessary for
24.7	policyholder and other consumer protection;
24.8	(3) after the expiration of 90 days or less, as set out in clause (2), if the commissioner
24.9	determines that no or insufficient action was taken by the assuming insurer, the commissioner
24.10	may impose any of the requirements as set out in this paragraph; and
24.11	(4) provide a written explanation to the assuming insurer of any of the requirements set
24.12	out in this paragraph.
24.13	(f) If subject to a legal process of rehabilitation, liquidation, or conservation, as applicable,
24.14	the ceding insurer, or its representative, may seek and, if determined appropriate by the
24.15	court in which the proceedings are pending, may obtain an order requiring that the assuming
24.16	insurer post security for all outstanding ceded liabilities.
24.17	(g) Nothing in this subdivision limits or in any way alters the capacity of parties to a
24.18	reinsurance agreement to agree on requirements for security or other terms in the reinsurance
24.19	agreement, except as expressly prohibited by applicable law or rule.
24.20	(h) Credit may be taken under this subdivision only for reinsurance agreements entered
24.21	into, amended, or renewed on or after the effective date of this subdivision, and only with
24.22	respect to losses incurred and reserves reported on or after the later of: (1) the date on which
24.23	the assuming insurer has met all eligibility requirements pursuant to this subdivision; and
24.24	(2) the effective date of the new reinsurance agreement, amendment, or renewal. This
24.25	paragraph does not alter or impair a ceding insurer's right to take credit for reinsurance, to
24.26	the extent that credit is not available under this subdivision, as long as the reinsurance
24.27	qualifies for credit under any other applicable provision of law. Nothing in this subdivision
24.28	shall authorize an assuming insurer to withdraw or reduce the security provided under any
24.29	reinsurance agreement, except as permitted by the terms of the agreement. Nothing in this
24.30	subdivision shall limit, or in any way alter, the capacity of parties to any reinsurance
24.31	agreement to renegotiate the agreement.
24.32	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to reinsurance

24.33 <u>contracts entered into or renewed on or after that date.</u>

25.1 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 60A.0921, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. Certification procedure. (a) The commissioner shall post notice on the
 department's website promptly upon receipt of any application for certification, including
 instructions on how members of the public may respond to the application. The commissioner
 may not take final action on the application until at least 30 days after posting the notice.
- (b) The commissioner shall issue written notice to an assuming insurer that has applied and been approved as a certified reinsurer. The notice must include the rating assigned the certified reinsurer in accordance with subdivision 1. The commissioner shall publish a list of all certified reinsurers and their ratings.
- 25.10 (c) In order to be eligible for certification, the assuming insurer must:
- (1) be domiciled and licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in a qualified
 jurisdiction, as determined by the commissioner under subdivision 3;
- (2) maintain capital and surplus, or its equivalent, of no less than \$250,000,000 calculated
 in accordance with paragraph (d), clause (8). This requirement may also be satisfied by an
 association including incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters having
 minimum capital and surplus equivalents net of liabilities of at least \$250,000,000 and a
 central fund containing a balance of at least \$250,000,000;
- (3) maintain financial strength ratings from two or more rating agencies acceptable to
 the commissioner. These ratings shall be based on interactive communication between the
 rating agency and the assuming insurer and shall not be based solely on publicly available
 information. These financial strength ratings shall be one factor used by the commissioner
 in determining the rating that is assigned to the assuming insurer. Acceptable rating agencies
 include the following:
- 25.24 (i) Standard & Poor's;
- 25.25 (ii) Moody's Investors Service;
- 25.26 (iii) Fitch Ratings;
- 25.27 (iv) A.M. Best Company; or
- 25.28 (v) any other nationally recognized statistical rating organization; and
- (4) ensure that the certified reinsurer complies with any other requirements reasonablyimposed by the commissioner.
- (d) Each certified reinsurer shall be rated on a legal entity basis, with due consideration
 being given to the group rating where appropriate, except that an association including

26.1 incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters that has been approved to do

business as a single certified reinsurer may be evaluated on the basis of its group rating.
Factors that may be considered as part of the evaluation process include, but are not limited
to:

(1) certified reinsurer's financial strength rating from an acceptable rating agency. The
maximum rating that a certified reinsurer may be assigned will correspond to its financial
strength rating as outlined in the table below. The commissioner shall use the lowest financial
strength rating received from an approved rating agency in establishing the maximum rating
of a certified reinsurer. A failure to obtain or maintain at least two financial strength ratings
from acceptable rating agencies will result in loss of eligibility for certification;

26.11	Ratings	Best	S&P	Moody's	Fitch
26.12	Secure - 1	A++	AAA	Aaa	AAA
26.13	Secure - 2	A+	AA+, AA, AA-	Aa1, Aa2, Aa3	AA+, AA, AA-
26.14	Secure - 3	А	A+, A	A1, A2	A+, A
26.15	Secure - 4	A-	A-	A3	A-
26.16 26.17	Secure - 5	B++, B-	BBB+, BBB, BBB-	Baa1, Baa2, Baa3	BBB+, BBB, BBB-
26.18 26.19 26.20	Vulnerable - 6	B, B-C++, C+, C, C-, D, E, F		Ba1, Ba2, Ba3, B1, B2, B3, Caa, Ca, C	

26.21 (2) the business practices of the certified reinsurer in dealing with its ceding insurers,
26.22 including its record of compliance with reinsurance contractual terms and obligations;

26.23 (3) for certified reinsurers domiciled in the United States, a review of the most recent26.24 applicable NAIC annual statement;

26.25 (4) for certified reinsurers not domiciled in the United States, a review annually of such
26.26 forms as may be required by the commissioner;

26.27 (5) the reputation of the certified reinsurer for prompt payment of claims under
26.28 reinsurance agreements, based on an analysis of ceding insurers' reporting of overdue
26.29 reinsurance recoverables, including the proportion of obligations that are more than 90 days
26.30 past due or are in dispute, with specific attention given to obligations payable to companies
26.31 that are in administrative supervision or receivership;

26.32 (6) regulatory actions against the certified reinsurer;

26.33 (7) the report of the independent auditor on the financial statements of the insurance26.34 enterprise, on the basis described in clause (8);

(8) for certified reinsurers not domiciled in the United States, audited financial statements
(audited United States GAAP basis if available, audited IFRS basis statements are allowed,
but must include an audited footnote reconciling equity and net income to a United States
GAAP basis, or, with permission of the commissioner, audited IFRS statements with
reconciliation to United States GAAP certified by an officer of the company). Upon the
initial application for certification, the commissioner will consider audited financial
statements for the last three two years filed with its non-United States jurisdiction supervisor;

(9) the liquidation priority of obligations to a ceding insurer in the certified reinsurer's
domiciliary jurisdiction in the context of an insolvency proceeding;

(10) a certified reinsurer's participation in any solvent scheme of arrangement, or similar
procedure, which involves United States ceding insurers. The commissioner must receive
prior notice from a certified reinsurer that proposes participation by the certified reinsurer
in a solvent scheme of arrangement; and

27.14 (11) other information as determined by the commissioner.

(e) Based on the analysis conducted under paragraph (d), clause (5), of a certified
reinsurer's reputation for prompt payment of claims, the commissioner may make appropriate
adjustments in the security the certified reinsurer is required to post to protect its liabilities
to United States ceding insurers, provided that the commissioner shall, at a minimum,
increase the security the certified reinsurer is required to post by one rating level under
paragraph (d), clause (1), if the commissioner finds that:

(1) more than 15 percent of the certified reinsurer's ceding insurance clients have overdue
reinsurance recoverables on paid losses of 90 days or more which are not in dispute and
which exceed \$100,000 for each cedent; or

(2) the aggregate amount of reinsurance recoverables on paid losses which are not in
dispute that are overdue by 90 days or more exceeds \$50,000,000.

(f) The assuming insurer must submit such forms as required by the commissioner as 27.26 evidence of its submission to the jurisdiction of this state, appoint the commissioner as an 27.27 agent for service of process in this state, and agree to provide security for 100 percent of 27.28 the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by United States ceding 27.29 insurers if it resists enforcement of a final United States judgment. The commissioner shall 27.30 not certify an assuming insurer that is domiciled in a jurisdiction that the commissioner has 27.31 determined does not adequately and promptly enforce final United States judgments or 27.32 arbitration awards. 27.33

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(g) The certified reinsurer must agree to meet filing requirements as determined by the
commissioner, both with respect to an initial application for certification and on an ongoing
basis. All data submitted by certified reinsurers to the commissioner is nonpublic under
section 13.02, subdivision 9. The certified reinsurer must file with the commissioner:

(1) a notification within ten days of any regulatory actions taken against the certified
reinsurer, any change in the provisions of its domiciliary license, or any change in rating
by an approved rating agency, including a statement describing such changes and the reasons
therefore;

(2) an annual report regarding reinsurance assumed, in a form determined by thecommissioner;

(3) an annual report of the independent auditor on the financial statements of the insurance
enterprise, on the basis described in clause (4);

(4) an annual audited financial statement, regulatory filings, and actuarial opinion filed
with the certified reinsurer's supervisor. Upon the initial certification, audited financial
statements for the last three two years filed with the certified reinsurer's supervisor;

(5) at least annually, an updated list of all disputed and overdue reinsurance claims
 regarding reinsurance assumed from United States domestic ceding insurers;

- (6) a certification from the certified reinsurer's domestic regulator that the certified
 reinsurer is in good standing and maintains capital in excess of the jurisdiction's highest
 regulatory action level; and
- 28.21 (7) any other relevant information as determined by the commissioner.

28.22 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to reinsurance 28.23 contracts entered into or renewed on or after that date.

28.24 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 60A.14, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

28.25 Subdivision 1. Fees other than examination fees. In addition to the fees and charges 28.26 provided for examinations, the following fees must be paid to the commissioner for deposit 28.27 in the general fund:

- 28.28 (a) by township mutual fire insurance companies:
- 28.29 (1) for filing certificate of incorporation \$25 and amendments thereto, \$10;
- 28.30 (2) for filing annual statements, \$15;
- 28.31 (3) for each annual certificate of authority, \$15;

- 29.1 (4) for filing bylaws \$25 and amendments thereto, \$10;
- 29.2 (b) by other domestic and foreign companies including fraternals and reciprocal29.3 exchanges:
- (1) for filing an application for an initial certification of authority to be admitted to
 transact business in this state, \$1,500;
- 29.6 (2) for filing certified copy of certificate of articles of incorporation, \$100;
- 29.7 (3) for filing annual statement, $\frac{225}{300}$;
- 29.8 (4) for filing certified copy of amendment to certificate or articles of incorporation, \$100;
- 29.9 (5) for filing bylaws, \$75 or amendments thereto, \$75;
- 29.10 (6) for each company's certificate of authority, <u>\$575</u> <u>\$750</u>, annually;
- 29.11 (c) the following general fees apply:
- 29.12 (1) for each certificate, including certified copy of certificate of authority, renewal,

29.13 valuation of life policies, corporate condition or qualification, \$25;

29.14 (2) for each copy of paper on file in the commissioner's office 50 cents per page, and
29.15 \$2.50 for certifying the same;

29.16 (3) for license to procure insurance in unadmitted foreign companies, \$575;

(4) for valuing the policies of life insurance companies, one cent two cents per \$1,000
of insurance so valued, provided that the fee shall not exceed \$13,000 \$26,000 per year for
any company. The commissioner may, in lieu of a valuation of the policies of any foreign
life insurance company admitted, or applying for admission, to do business in this state,
accept a certificate of valuation from the company's own actuary or from the commissioner
of insurance of the state or territory in which the company is domiciled;

- 29.23 (5) for receiving and filing certificates of policies by the company's actuary, or by the
 29.24 commissioner of insurance of any other state or territory, \$50;
- 29.25 (6) for each appointment of an agent filed with the commissioner, \$30;

(7) for filing forms, rates, and compliance certifications under section 60A.315, \$140
per filing, or \$125 per filing when submitted via electronic filing system. Filing fees may
be paid on a quarterly basis in response to an invoice. Billing and payment may be made
electronically;

29.30 (8) for annual renewal of surplus lines insurer license, \$300 \$400.

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30.1	The commissioner shall adop	ot rules to define filings th	hat are subject to	o a fee.
30.2	Sec. 5. [60A.985] DEFINITIO	DNS.		
30.3	Subdivision 1. Terms. As use	ed in sections 60A.985 to	60A.9857, the	following terms
30.4	have the meanings given.			
30.5	Subd. 2. Authorized individ	ual. "Authorized individ	ual" means an ii	ndividual known
30.6	to and screened by the licensee a	and determined to be nece	essary and appro	opriate to have
30.7	access to the nonpublic informat	ion held by the licensee a	and its informati	on systems.
30.8	Subd. 3. Consumer. "Consu	ner" means an individual	l, including but	not limited to an
30.9	applicant, policyholder, insured, b	eneficiary, claimant, and	certificate holder	r who is a resident
30.10	of this state and whose nonpubli	c information is in a licer	nsee's possession	n, custody, or
30.11	control.			
30.12	Subd. 4. Cybersecurity ever	it. "Cybersecurity event"	means an event	resulting in
30.13	unauthorized access to, or disrup	tion or misuse of, an info	ormation system	or nonpublic
30.14	information stored on an information	ation system.		
30.15	Cybersecurity event does not	nclude the unauthorized a	acquisition of end	crypted nonpublic
30.16	information if the encryption, pro	ocess, or key is not also ad	equired, released	l, or used without
30.17	authorization.			
30.18	Cybersecurity event does not	include an event with re	gard to which th	ne licensee has
30.19	determined that the nonpublic inf	formation accessed by an	unauthorized pe	rson has not been
30.20	used or released and has been re	turned or destroyed.		
30.21	Subd. 5. Encrypted. "Encrypted."	oted" means the transform	nation of data in	to a form which
30.22	results in a low probability of ass	signing meaning without	the use of a prot	tective process or
30.23	key.			
30.24	Subd. 6. Information securi	ty program. "Informatic	on security progr	cam" means the
30.25	administrative, technical, and ph	ysical safeguards that a l	icensee uses to a	access, collect,
30.26	distribute, process, protect, store	, use, transmit, dispose o	f, or otherwise h	nandle nonpublic
30.27	information.			
30.28	Subd. 7. Information system	1. "Information system" 1	means a discrete	set of electronic
30.29	information resources organized	for the collection, proces	ssing, maintenar	nce, use, sharing,
30.30	dissemination, or disposition of n	onpublic electronic infor	mation, as well a	as any specialized
30.31	system such as industrial or proc	ess controls systems, tele	ephone switchin	g and private
30.32	branch exchange systems, and en	nvironmental control syst	tems.	

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31.1	Subd. 8. Licensee. "Licensee" means any person licensed, authorized to operate, or
31.2	registered, or required to be licensed, authorized, or registered by the Department of
31.3	Commerce or the Department of Health under chapters 59A to 62M and 62Q to 79A.
31.4	Subd. 9. Multifactor authentication. "Multifactor authentication" means authentication
31.5	through verification of at least two of the following types of authentication factors:
31.6	(1) knowledge factors, such as a password;
31.7	(2) possession factors, such as a token or text message on a mobile phone; or
31.8	(3) inherence factors, such as a biometric characteristic.
31.9	Subd. 10. Nonpublic information. "Nonpublic information" means electronic information
31.10	that is not publicly available information and is:
31.11	(1) any information concerning a consumer which because of name, number, personal
31.12	mark, or other identifier can be used to identify the consumer, in combination with any one
31.13	or more of the following data elements:
31.14	(i) Social Security number;
31.15	(ii) driver's license number or nondriver identification card number;
31.16	(iii) financial account number, credit card number, or debit card number;
31.17	(iv) any security code, access code, or password that would permit access to a consumer's
31.18	financial account; or
31.19	(v) biometric records; or
31.20	(2) any information or data, except age or gender, in any form or medium created by or
31.21	derived from a health care provider or a consumer that can be used to identify a particular
31.22	consumer and that relates to:
31.23	(i) the past, present, or future physical, mental, or behavioral health or condition of any
31.24	consumer or a member of the consumer's family;
31.25	(ii) the provision of health care to any consumer; or
31.26	(iii) payment for the provision of health care to any consumer.
31.27	Subd. 11. Person. "Person" means any individual or any nongovernmental entity,
31.28	including but not limited to any nongovernmental partnership, corporation, branch, agency,
31.29	or association.

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32.1	Subd. 12. Publicly available information. "Publicly available information" means any
32.2	information that a licensee has a reasonable basis to believe is lawfully made available to
32.3	the general public from: federal, state, or local government records; widely distributed
32.4	media; or disclosures to the general public that are required to be made by federal, state, or
32.5	local law.
32.6	For the purposes of this definition, a licensee has a reasonable basis to believe that
32.7	information is lawfully made available to the general public if the licensee has taken steps
32.8	to determine:
32.9	(1) that the information is of the type that is available to the general public; and
32.10	(2) whether a consumer can direct that the information not be made available to the
32.11	general public and, if so, that such consumer has not done so.
32.12	Subd. 13. Risk assessment. "Risk assessment" means the risk assessment that each
32.13	licensee is required to conduct under section 60A.9853, subdivision 3.
32.14	Subd. 14. State. "State" means the state of Minnesota.
32.15	Subd. 15. Third-party service provider. "Third-party service provider" means a person,
32.16	not otherwise defined as a licensee, that contracts with a licensee to maintain, process, or
32.17	store nonpublic information, or is otherwise permitted access to nonpublic information
32.18	through its provision of services to the licensee.
32.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021.
32.20	Sec. 6. [60A.9851] INFORMATION SECURITY PROGRAM.
32.21	Subdivision 1. Implementation of an information security program. Commensurate
32.22	with the size and complexity of the licensee, the nature and scope of the licensee's activities,
32.23	including its use of third-party service providers, and the sensitivity of the nonpublic
32.24	information used by the licensee or in the licensee's possession, custody, or control, each
32.25	licensee shall develop, implement, and maintain a comprehensive written information
32.26	security program based on the licensee's risk assessment and that contains administrative,
32.27	technical, and physical safeguards for the protection of nonpublic information and the
32.28	licensee's information system.
32.29	Subd. 2. Objectives of an information security program. A licensee's information
32.30	security program shall be designed to:
32.31	(1) protect the security and confidentiality of nonpublic information and the security of
32.32	the information system;

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33.1	(2) protect against any threats or hazards to the security or integrity of nonpublic			
33.2	information and the information system;			
33.3	(3) protect against unauthoriz	ed access to, or use of, non	public information	on, and minimize
33.4	the likelihood of harm to any co	nsumer; and		
33.5	(4) define and periodically re	evaluate a schedule for re	tention of nonpu	blic information
33.6	and a mechanism for its destruction when no longer needed.			
33.7	Subd. 3. Risk assessment. The licensee shall:			
33.8	(1) designate one or more em	ployees, an affiliate, or an	outside vendor	authorized to act
33.9	on behalf of the licensee who is	responsible for the inform	nation security p	rogram;
33.10	(2) identify reasonably fores	eeable internal or external	threats that cou	ld result in
33.11	unauthorized access, transmission	n, disclosure, misuse, alter	ation, or destruct	tion of nonpublic
33.12	information, including threats to	the security of information	on systems and 1	nonpublic
33.13	information that are accessible to, or held by, third-party service providers;			<u>s;</u>
33.14	(3) assess the likelihood and p	potential damage of the th	eats identified p	ursuant to clause
33.15	(2), taking into consideration the sensitivity of the nonpublic information;			
33.16	(4) assess the sufficiency of policies, procedures, information systems, and other			, and other
33.17	safeguards in place to manage these threats, including consideration of threats in each			reats in each
33.18	relevant area of the licensee's op	erations, including:		
33.19	(i) employee training and management;			
33.20	(ii) information systems, incl	uding network and softwa	re design, as we	ll as information
33.21	classification, governance, proce	essing, storage, transmissi	on, and disposal	; and
33.22	(iii) detecting, preventing, and	l responding to attacks, int	rusions, or other	systems failures;
33.23	and			
33.24				
	(5) implement information sa	afeguards to manage the t	hreats identified	in its ongoing
33.25	(5) implement information sa assessment, and no less than annu			
33.25 33.26	· / •			
	assessment, and no less than annu	ally, assess the effectivene	ess of the safegua	rds' key controls,
33.26	assessment, and no less than annu systems, and procedures.	ally, assess the effectivene Based on its risk assessm	ess of the safegua	rds' key controls, e shall:
33.26 33.27	assessment, and no less than annu systems, and procedures. Subd. 4. Risk management.	Based on its risk assessm urity program to mitigate th	ess of the safegua nent, the licensee he identified risk	rds' key controls, e shall: s, commensurate
33.2633.2733.28	assessment, and no less than annu systems, and procedures. Subd. 4. Risk management. (1) design its information sect	Based on its risk assessm urity program to mitigate the licensee, the nature and	ess of the safeguanent, the licensee he identified risk	rds' key controls, e shall: s, commensurate ensee's activities,

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34.1	(2) determine which of the following security measures are appropriate and implement			
34.2	any appropriate security measu	res:		
34.3	(i) place access controls on i	information systems, inclu	iding controls to	authenticate and
34.4	permit access only to authorized	l individuals, to protect ag	ainst the unautho	rized acquisition
34.5	of nonpublic information;			
34.6	(ii) identify and manage the data, personnel, devices, systems, and facilities that enable			lities that enable
34.7	the organization to achieve busi	iness purposes in accordar	nce with their rela	ative importance
34.8	to business objectives and the organization's risk strategy;			
34.9	(iii) restrict physical access to nonpublic information to authorized individuals only;			
34.10	(iv) protect, by encryption o	r other appropriate means	, all nonpublic in	formation while
34.11	being transmitted over an extern	al network and all nonpub	lic information s	tored on a laptop
34.12	computer or other portable computing or storage device or media;			
34.13	(v) adopt secure development	nt practices for in-house d	eveloped applica	tions utilized by
34.14	the licensee;			
34.15	(vi) modify the information s	system in accordance with	the licensee's info	ormation security
34.16	program;			
34.17	(vii) utilize effective control	s, which may include mult	ifactor authentic	ation procedures
34.18	for any authorized individual accessing nonpublic information;			
34.19	(viii) regularly test and mon	itor systems and procedur	res to detect actua	al and attempted
34.20	attacks on, or intrusions into, in	formation systems;		
34.21	(ix) include audit trails with	in the information security	y program desigr	ned to detect and
34.22	respond to cybersecurity events	and designed to reconstru	ict material finan	icial transactions
34.23	sufficient to support normal ope	erations and obligations of	f the licensee;	
34.24	(x) implement measures to p	protect against destruction	, loss, or damage	e of nonpublic
34.25	information due to environmenta	al hazards, such as fire and	water damage, ot	her catastrophes,
34.26	or technological failures; and			
34.27	(xi) develop, implement, and	d maintain procedures for	the secure dispo	sal of nonpublic
34.28	information in any format;			
34.29	(3) include cybersecurity ris	ks in the licensee's enterp	rise risk manage	ment process;
34.30	(4) stay informed regarding	emerging threats or vulne	rabilities and uti	lize reasonable
34.31	security measures when sharing	g information relative to th	e character of the	e sharing and the
34.32	type of information shared; and			

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35.1	(5) provide its personnel with cybersecurity awareness training that is updated as			
35.2	necessary to reflect risks identified by the licensee	necessary to reflect risks identified by the licensee in the risk assessment.		
35.3	3 Subd. 5. Oversight by board of directors. If the	e licensee has a board	of directors, the	
35.4	4 <u>board or an appropriate committee of the board sha</u>	ll, at a minimum:		
35.5	5 (1) require the licensee's executive management	or its delegates to deve	elop, implement,	
35.6	and maintain the licensee's information security pro	and maintain the licensee's information security program;		
35.7	7 (2) require the licensee's executive management	(2) require the licensee's executive management or its delegates to report in writing, at		
35.8	least annually, the following information:			
35.9	9 (i) the overall status of the information security	program and the licens	see's compliance	
35.10	10 with this act; and			
35.11	(ii) material matters related to the information se	curity program, addres	ssing issues such	
35.12	as risk assessment, risk management and control de	cisions, third-party ser	vice provider	
35.13	arrangements, results of testing, cybersecurity even	ts or violations and ma	nagement's	
35.14	14 responses thereto, and recommendations for change	es in the information se	curity program;	
35.15	15 <u>and</u>			
35.16	16 (3) if executive management delegates any of it	s responsibilities under	this section, it	
35.17	17 shall oversee the development, implementation, and r	naintenance of the licens	see's information	
35.18	security program prepared by the delegate and shal	l receive a report from	the delegate	
35.19	complying with the requirements of the report to th	e board of directors.		
35.20	20 Subd. 6. Oversight of third-party service provi	ider arrangements. (a)	A licensee shall	
35.21	exercise due diligence in selecting its third-party se	rvice provider.		
35.22	(b) A licensee shall require a third-party service	provider to implement	t appropriate	
35.23	administrative, technical, and physical measures to	protect and secure the	information	
35.24	systems and nonpublic information that are accessib	ole to, or held by, the th	ird-party service	
35.25	25 provider.			
35.26	Subd. 7. Program adjustments. The licensee s	hall monitor, evaluate,	and adjust, as	
35.27	appropriate, the information security program cons	istent with any relevant	t changes in	
35.28	technology, the sensitivity of its nonpublic informa	tion, internal or externa	al threats to	
35.29	information, and the licensee's own changing busin	ess arrangements, such	as mergers and	
35.30	acquisitions, alliances and joint ventures, outsourci	ng arrangements, and c	changes to	
35.31	information systems.			
35.32	32 Subd. 8. Incident response plan. (a) As part of	its information securit	y program, each	
25.22	22 licensee shall establish a written incident response	plan designed to promr	tly respond to	

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36.1	and recover from, any cybersecurity event that compromises the confidentiality, integrity,			
36.2	or availability of nonpublic infor	mation in its possession, th	e licensee's info	rmation systems,
36.3	or the continuing functionality of	of any aspect of the license	e's business or	operations.
36.4	(b) The incident response plan shall address the following areas:			
36.5	(1) the internal process for responding to a cybersecurity event;			
36.6	(2) the goals of the incident response plan;			
36.7	(3) the definition of clear roles, responsibilities, and levels of decision-making authority;			
36.8	(4) external and internal communications and information sharing;			
36.9	(5) identification of requiren	nents for the remediation of	of any identified	weaknesses in
36.10	information systems and associa	ated controls;		
36.11	(6) documentation and reporting regarding cybersecurity events and related incident			
36.12	response activities; and			
36.13	(7) the evaluation and revision, as necessary, of the incident response plan following a			
36.14	cybersecurity event.			
36.15	Subd. 9. Annual certification	on to commissioner. (a) S	ubject to paragr	aph (b), by April
36.16	15 of each year, an insurer domic	ciled in this state shall certi	fy in writing to t	he commissioner
36.17	that the insurer is in compliance	with the requirements set	forth in this sect	ion. Each insurer
36.18	shall maintain all records, sched	ules, and data supporting t	his certificate fo	or a period of five
36.19	years and shall permit examinat	ion by the commissioner.	To the extent an	insurer has
36.20	identified areas, systems, or processes that require material improvement, updating, or			
36.21	redesign, the insurer shall document the identification and the remedial efforts planned and			
36.22	underway to address such areas, s	systems, or processes. Such	documentation	must be available
36.23	for inspection by the commission	ner.		
36.24	(b) The commissioner must p	oost on the department's we	ebsite, no later tl	nan 60 days prior
36.25	to the certification required by p	paragraph (a), the form and	l manner of sub	mission required
36.26	and any instructions necessary t	o prepare the certification.	<u>.</u>	
36.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This s	section is effective August	1, 2021. License	ees have one year
36.28	from the effective date to imple	ment subdivisions 1 to 5 ar	nd 7 to 9, and tw	vo years from the
36.29	effective date to implement sub-	division 6.		

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37.1	Sec. 7. [60A.9852] INVESTIGATION OF A CYBERSECURITY EVENT.
37.2	Subdivision 1. Prompt investigation. If the licensee learns that a cybersecurity event
37.3	has or may have occurred, the licensee, or an outside vendor or service provider designated
37.4	to act on behalf of the licensee, shall conduct a prompt investigation.
37.5	Subd. 2. Investigation contents. During the investigation, the licensee, or an outside
37.6	vendor or service provider designated to act on behalf of the licensee, shall, at a minimum
37.7	and to the extent possible:
37.8	(1) determine whether a cybersecurity event has occurred;
37.9	(2) assess the nature and scope of the cybersecurity event, if any;
37.10	(3) identify whether any nonpublic information was involved in the cybersecurity event
37.11	and, if so, what nonpublic information was involved; and
37.12	(4) perform or oversee reasonable measures to restore the security of the information
37.13	systems compromised in the cybersecurity event in order to prevent further unauthorized
37.14	acquisition, release, or use of nonpublic information in the licensee's possession, custody,
37.15	or control.
37.16	Subd. 3. Third-party systems. If the licensee learns that a cybersecurity event has or
37.17	may have occurred in a system maintained by a third-party service provider, the licensee
37.18	will complete the steps listed in subdivision 2 or confirm and document that the third-party
37.19	service provider has completed those steps.
37.20	Subd. 4. Records. The licensee shall maintain records concerning all cybersecurity
37.21	events for a period of at least five years from the date of the cybersecurity event and shall
37.22	produce those records upon demand of the commissioner.
37.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021.
37.24	Sec. 8. [60A.9853] NOTIFICATION OF A CYBERSECURITY EVENT.
37.25	Subdivision 1. Notification to the commissioner. Each licensee shall notify the
37.26	commissioner of commerce or commissioner of health, whichever commissioner otherwise
37.27	regulates the licensee, without unreasonable delay but in no event later than three business
37.28	days from a determination that a cybersecurity event has occurred when either of the
37.29	following criteria has been met:
37.30	(1) this state is the licensee's state of domicile, in the case of an insurer, or this state is
37.31	the licensee's home state, in the case of a producer, as those terms are defined in chapter
37.32	60K and the cybersecurity event has a reasonable likelihood of materially harming:

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38.1	(i) any consumer residing in this state; or				
38.2	(ii) any part of the normal operations of the licensee; or				
38.3	(2) the licensee reasonably be	lieves that the nonpublic	information invol	ved is of 250	
38.4	or more consumers residing in thi	s state and that is either	of the following:		
38.5	(i) a cybersecurity event impac	ting the licensee of whicl	notice is required	to be provided	
38.6	to any government body, self-regu	ulatory agency, or any of	ther supervisory bo	ody pursuant	
38.7	to any state or federal law; or				
38.8	(ii) a cybersecurity event that	has a reasonable likeliho	ood of materially h	arming:	
38.9	(A) any consumer residing in	this state; or			
38.10	(B) any part of the normal ope	erations of the licensee.			
38.11	Subd. 2. Information; notific	ation. A licensee makin	g the notification	required under	
38.12	subdivision 1 shall provide the in	formation in electronic f	orm as directed by	v the	
38.13	commissioner. The licensee shall	have a continuing oblig	ation to update and	l supplement	
38.14	initial and subsequent notifications to the commissioner concerning material changes to				
38.15	previously provided information relating to the cybersecurity event. The licensee shall				
38.16	provide as much of the following information as possible:				
38.17	(1) date of the cybersecurity event;				
38.18	(2) description of how the info	rmation was exposed, lo	st, stolen, or breac	hed, including	
38.19	the specific roles and responsibili	ties of third-party servic	e providers, if any	<u>;</u>	
38.20	(3) how the cybersecurity even	nt was discovered;			
38.21	(4) whether any lost, stolen, or	breached information h	as been recovered	and, if so, how	
38.22	this was done;				
38.23	(5) the identity of the source of	f the cybersecurity even	<u>t;</u>		
38.24	(6) whether the licensee has fi	led a police report or ha	s notified any regu	latory,	
38.25	government, or law enforcement a	agencies and, if so, when	such notification	was provided;	
38.26	(7) description of the specific	types of information acc	juired without auth	orization.	
38.27	Specific types of information mea	ns particular data eleme	nts including, for e	example, types	
38.28	of medical information, types of f	inancial information, or	types of informati	on allowing	
38.29	identification of the consumer;				
38.30	(8) the period during which the	information system was o	compromised by the	e cybersecurity	
38.31	event;				

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39.1	(9) the number of total consumers in this state affected by the cybersecurity event. The
39.2	licensee shall provide the best estimate in the initial report to the commissioner and update
39.3	this estimate with each subsequent report to the commissioner pursuant to this section;
39.4	(10) the results of any internal review identifying a lapse in either automated controls
39.5	or internal procedures, or confirming that all automated controls or internal procedures were
39.6	followed;
39.7	(11) description of efforts being undertaken to remediate the situation which permitted
39.8	the cybersecurity event to occur;
39.9	(12) a copy of the licensee's privacy policy and a statement outlining the steps the licensee
39.10	will take to investigate and notify consumers affected by the cybersecurity event; and
39.11	(13) name of a contact person who is familiar with the cybersecurity event and authorized
39.12	to act for the licensee.
39.13	Subd. 3. Notification to consumers. (a) If a licensee is required to submit a report to
39.14	the commissioner under subdivision 1, the licensee shall notify any consumer residing in
39.15	Minnesota if, as a result of the cybersecurity event reported to the commissioner, the
39.16	consumer's nonpublic information was or is reasonably believed to have been acquired by
39.17	an unauthorized person, and there is a reasonable likelihood of material harm to the consumer
39.18	as a result of the cybersecurity event. Consumer notification is not required for a
39.19	cybersecurity event resulting from the good faith acquisition of nonpublic information by
39.20	an employee or agent of the licensee for the purposes of the licensee's business, provided
39.21	the nonpublic information is not used for a purpose other than the licensee's business or
39.22	subject to further unauthorized disclosure. The notification must be made in the most
39.23	expedient time possible and without unreasonable delay, consistent with the legitimate needs
39.24	of law enforcement or with any measures necessary to determine the scope of the breach,
39.25	identify the individuals affected, and restore the reasonable integrity of the data system.
39.26	The notification may be delayed to a date certain if the commissioner determines that
39.27	providing the notice impedes a criminal investigation. The licensee shall provide a copy of
39.28	the notice to the commissioner.
39.29	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, notice required under paragraph (a) must be provided
39.30	by one of the following methods:
39.31	(1) written notice to the consumer's most recent address in the licensee's records;
39.32	(2) electronic notice, if the licensee's primary method of communication with the
39.33	consumer is by electronic means or if the notice provided is consistent with the provisions

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40.1	regarding electronic records and	signatures in United Stat	es Code, title 15	, section 7001;	
40.2	or				
40.3	(3) if the cost of providing needed.	otice exceeds \$250,000, th	he affected class	of consumers to	
40.4	be notified exceeds 500,000, or	the licensee does not have	e sufficient conta	act information	
40.5	for the subject consumers, notic	e as follows:			
40.6	(i) e-mail notice when the lic	ensee has an e-mail addre	ess for the subjec	et consumers;	
40.7	(ii) conspicuous posting of the	ne notice on the website p	age of the licens	see; and	
40.8	(iii) notification to major stat	tewide media.			
40.9	(c) Notwithstanding paragrap	h (b), a licensee that mainta	ains its own notif	ication procedure	
40.10	as part of its information securit	y program that is consiste	nt with the timir	ng requirements	
40.11	of this subdivision is deemed to	comply with the notificat	ion requirement	s if the licensee	
40.12	notifies subject consumers in ac	cordance with its program	<u>1.</u>		
40.13	(d) A waiver of the requirem	ents under this subdivision	n is contrary to p	ublic policy, and	
40.14	is void and unenforceable.				
40.15	Subd. 4. Notice regarding c	ybersecurity events of th	ird-party servic	ce providers. (a)	
40.16	In the case of a cybersecurity even	ent in a system maintained	by a third-party	service provider,	
40.17	of which the licensee has become aware, the licensee shall treat such event as it would under				
40.18	subdivision 1 unless the third-party service provider provides the notice required under				
40.19	subdivision 1.				
40.20	(b) The computation of a lice	ensee's deadlines shall beg	in on the day afte	er the third-party	
40.21	service provider notifies the lice	ensee of the cybersecurity	event or the lice	ensee otherwise	
40.22	has actual knowledge of the cyb	ersecurity event, whichev	er is sooner.		
40.23	(c) Nothing in this act shall p	prevent or abrogate an agr	eement between	a licensee and	
40.24	another licensee, a third-party se	ervice provider, or any oth	er party to fulfil	l any of the	
40.25	investigation requirements impos	sed under section 60A.985	4 or notice requi	rements imposed	
40.26	under this section.				
40.27	Subd. 5. Notice regarding c	ybersecurity events of re	einsurers to ins	urers. (a) In the	
40.28	case of a cybersecurity event inv	volving nonpublic inform	ation that is used	l by the licensee	
40.29	that is acting as an assuming ins	urer or in the possession,	custody, or cont	rol of a licensee	
40.30	that is acting as an assuming inst	urer and that does not have	e a direct contrac	tual relationship	
40.31	with the affected consumers, the	e assuming insurer shall n	otify its affected	ceding insurers	
40.32	and the commissioner of its state of domicile within three business days of making the				
40.33	determination that a cybersecuri	ty event has occurred.			

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41.1	(b) The ceding insurers that have a direct contractual relationship with affected consumers
41.2	shall fulfill the consumer notification requirements imposed under subdivision 3 and any
41.3	other notification requirements relating to a cybersecurity event imposed under this section.
41.4	(c) In the case of a cybersecurity event involving nonpublic information that is in the
41.5	possession, custody, or control of a third-party service provider of a licensee that is an
41.6	assuming insurer, the assuming insurer shall notify its affected ceding insurers and the
41.7	commissioner of its state of domicile within three business days of receiving notice from
41.8	its third-party service provider that a cybersecurity event has occurred.
41.9	(d) The ceding insurers that have a direct contractual relationship with affected consumers
41.10	shall fulfill the consumer notification requirements imposed under subdivision 3 and any
41.11	other notification requirements relating to a cybersecurity event imposed under this section.
41.12	(e) Any licensee acting as an assuming insurer shall have no other notice obligations
41.13	relating to a cybersecurity event or other data breach under this section.
41.14	Subd. 6. Notice regarding cybersecurity events of insurers to producers of record. (a)
41.15	In the case of a cybersecurity event involving nonpublic information that is in the possession,
41.16	custody, or control of a licensee that is an insurer or its third-party service provider and for
41.17	which a consumer accessed the insurer's services through an independent insurance producer,
41.18	the insurer shall notify the producers of record of all affected consumers no later than the
41.19	time at which notice is provided to the affected consumers.
41.20	(b) The insurer is excused from this obligation for those instances in which it does not
41.21	have the current producer of record information for any individual consumer or in those
41.22	instances in which the producer of record is no longer appointed to sell, solicit, or negotiate
41.23	on behalf of the insurer.
41.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021.
41.25	Sec. 9. [60A.9854] POWER OF COMMISSIONER.
41.26	(a) The commissioner of commerce or commissioner of health, whichever commissioner
41.27	otherwise regulates the licensee, shall have power to examine and investigate into the affairs
41.28	of any licensee to determine whether the licensee has been or is engaged in any conduct in

- 41.29 violation of sections 60A.985 to 60A.9857. This power is in addition to the powers which
- 41.30 the commissioner has under section 60A.031. Any such investigation or examination shall
- 41.31 be conducted pursuant to section 60A.031.
- 41.32 (b) Whenever the commissioner of commerce or commissioner of health has reason to
 41.33 believe that a licensee has been or is engaged in conduct in this state which violates sections

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42.1	60A.985 to 60A.9857, the commissioner of commerce or commissioner of health may take				
42.2	action that is necessary or appropriate to enforce those sections.				
42.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021.				
42.4	Sec. 10. [60A.9855] CONFI	DENTIALITY.			
42.5	Subdivision 1. Licensee in	formation. Any documents	s, materials, or o	other information	
42.6	in the control or possession of the	ne department that are furnis	shed by a license	ee or an employee	
42.7	or agent thereof acting on beha	lf of a licensee pursuant to	section 60A.98	51, subdivision	
42.8	9; section 60A.9853, subdivisi	on 2, clauses (2), (3), (4), (3	5), (8), (10), and	d(11); or that are	
42.9	obtained by the commissioner	in an investigation or exam	ination pursuar	nt to section	
42.10	60A.9854 shall be classified as	s confidential, protected nor	npublic, or both	i; shall not be	
42.11	subject to subpoena; and shall	not be subject to discovery	or admissible in	n evidence in any	
42.12	private civil action. However, th	e commissioner is authorize	d to use the doci	uments, materials,	
42.13	or other information in the furt	herance of any regulatory of	or legal action b	orought as a part	
42.14	of the commissioner's duties.				
42.15	Subd. 2. Certain testimon	y prohibited. Neither the co	ommissioner no	or any person who	
42.16	received documents, materials, or other information while acting under the authority of the				
42.17	commissioner shall be permitted or required to testify in any private civil action concerning				
42.18	any confidential documents, materials, or information subject to subdivision 1.				
42.19	Subd. 3. Information shari	ng. In order to assist in the p	erformance of th	ne commissioner's	
42.20	duties under this act, the comm	nissioner:			
42.21	(1) may share documents, m	naterials, or other information	on, including the	e confidential and	
42.22	privileged documents, material	ls, or information subject to	subdivision 1,	with other state,	
42.23	federal, and international regul	atory agencies, with the Na	ational Associat	tion of Insurance	
42.24	Commissioners, its affiliates or	r subsidiaries, and with stat	e, federal, and i	international law	
42.25	enforcement authorities, provid	ded that the recipient agrees	s in writing to n	naintain the	
42.26	confidentiality and privileged	status of the document, mat	erial, or other in	nformation;	
42.27	(2) may receive documents	, materials, or information,	including other	wise confidential	
42.28	and privileged documents, mat	erials, or information, from	n the National A	Association of	
42.29	Insurance Commissioners, its a	affiliates or subsidiaries, an	d from regulato	ory and law	
42.30	enforcement officials of other	foreign or domestic jurisdic	ctions, and shall	maintain as	
42.31	confidential or privileged any	document, material, or info	rmation receive	ed with notice or	
42.32	the understanding that it is con	fidential or privileged unde	er the laws of the	e jurisdiction that	
42.33	is the source of the document,	material, or information;			

43.1	(3) may share documents, materials, or other information subject to subdivision 1, with
43.2	a third-party consultant or vendor provided the consultant agrees in writing to maintain the
43.3	confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material, or other information; and
43.4	(4) may enter into agreements governing sharing and use of information consistent with
43.5	this subdivision.
43.6	Subd. 4. No waiver of privilege or confidentiality. No waiver of any applicable privilege
43.7	or claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials, or information shall occur as a result
43.8	of disclosure to the commissioner under this section or as a result of sharing as authorized
43.9	in subdivision 3. Any document, material, or information disclosed to the commissioner
43.10	under this section about a cybersecurity event must be retained and preserved by the licensee
43.11	for the time period under section 541.05, or longer if required by the licensee's document
43.12	retention policy.
43.13	Subd. 5. Certain actions public. Nothing in sections 60A.985 to 60A.9857 shall prohibit
43.14	the commissioner from releasing final, adjudicated actions that are open to public inspection
43.15	pursuant to chapter 13 to a database or other clearinghouse service maintained by the National
43.16	Association of Insurance Commissioners, its affiliates, or subsidiaries.
42 17	Subd 6 Classification protection and use of information by others Decuments
43.17	Subd. 6. Classification, protection, and use of information by others. Documents,
43.18	materials, or other information in the possession or control of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners or a third-party consultant pursuant to sections 60A.985 to
43.19	
43.20	60A.9857 are classified as confidential, protected nonpublic, and privileged; are not subject
43.21	to subpoena; and are not subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in a private civil
43.22	action.
43.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021.
43.24	Sec. 11. [60A.9856] EXCEPTIONS.
43.25	Subdivision 1. Generally. The following exceptions shall apply to sections 60A.985 to
43.26	<u>60A.9857:</u>
43.27	(1) a licensee with fewer than 25 employees is exempt from sections 60A.9851 and
43.28	<u>60A.9852;</u>
43.29	(2) a licensee subject to and in compliance with the Health Insurance Portability and
43.30	Accountability Act, Public Law 104-191, 110 Stat. 1936 (HIPAA), is considered to comply
43.31	with sections 60A.9851, 60A.9852, and 60A.9853, subdivisions 3 to 5, provided the licensee
43.32	submits a written statement certifying its compliance with HIPAA;

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44.1	(3) a licensee affiliated with a depository institution that maintains an information security			
44.2	program in compliance with the interagency guidelines establishing standards for			
44.3	safeguarding customer information as set forth pursuant to United States Code, title 15,			
44.4	sections 6801 and 6805, shall be considered to meet the requirements of section 60A.9851			
44.5	provided that the licensee produce, upon request, documentation satisfactory to the			
44.6	commission that independently validates the affiliated depository institution's adoption of			
44.7	an information security program that satisfies the interagency guidelines;			
44.8	(4) an employee, agent, representative, or designee of a licensee, who is also a licensee,			
44.9	is exempt from sections 60A.9851 and 60A.9852 and need not develop its own information			
44.10	security program to the extent that the employee, agent, representative, or designee is covered			
44.11	by the information security program of the other licensee; and			
44.12	(5) an employee, agent, representative, or designee of a producer licensee, as defined			
44.13	under section 60K.31, subdivision 6, who is also a licensee, is exempt from sections 60A.985			
44.14	<u>to 60A.9857.</u>			
44.15	Subd. 2. Exemption lapse; compliance. In the event that a licensee ceases to qualify			
44.16	for an exception, such licensee shall have 180 days to comply with this act.			
44.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021.			
44.18	Sec. 12. [60A.9857] PENALTIES.			
44.19	In the case of a violation of sections 60A.985 to 60A.9856, a licensee may be penalized			
44.20				
	in accordance with section 60A.052.			
44.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021.			
44.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021.			
44.21 44.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021. Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 61A.245, subdivision 4, is amended to read:			
44.2144.2244.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021. Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 61A.245, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. Minimum values. The minimum values as specified in subdivisions 5, 6, 7, 8			
44.2144.2244.2344.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021. Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 61A.245, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. Minimum values. The minimum values as specified in subdivisions 5, 6, 7, 8 and 10 of any paid-up annuity, cash surrender or death benefits available under an annuity			
 44.21 44.22 44.23 44.24 44.25 	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021. Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 61A.245, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. Minimum values. The minimum values as specified in subdivisions 5, 6, 7, 8 and 10 of any paid-up annuity, cash surrender or death benefits available under an annuity contract shall be based upon minimum nonforfeiture amounts as defined in this subdivision.			
 44.21 44.22 44.23 44.24 44.25 44.26 	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021. Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 61A.245, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. Minimum values. The minimum values as specified in subdivisions 5, 6, 7, 8 and 10 of any paid-up annuity, cash surrender or death benefits available under an annuity contract shall be based upon minimum nonforfeiture amounts as defined in this subdivision. (a) The minimum nonforfeiture amount at any time at or prior to the commencement of			
 44.21 44.22 44.23 44.24 44.25 44.26 44.27 	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021. Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 61A.245, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. Minimum values. The minimum values as specified in subdivisions 5, 6, 7, 8 and 10 of any paid-up annuity, cash surrender or death benefits available under an annuity contract shall be based upon minimum nonforfeiture amounts as defined in this subdivision. (a) The minimum nonforfeiture amount at any time at or prior to the commencement of any annuity payments shall be equal to an accumulation up to that time at rates of interest			
 44.21 44.22 44.23 44.24 44.25 44.26 44.27 44.28 	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021. Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 61A.245, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. Minimum values. The minimum values as specified in subdivisions 5, 6, 7, 8 and 10 of any paid-up annuity, cash surrender or death benefits available under an annuity contract shall be based upon minimum nonforfeiture amounts as defined in this subdivision. (a) The minimum nonforfeiture amount at any time at or prior to the commencement of any annuity payments shall be equal to an accumulation up to that time at rates of interest as indicated in paragraph (b) of the net considerations, as defined in this subdivision, paid			
 44.21 44.22 44.23 44.24 44.25 44.26 44.27 44.28 44.29 	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021. Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 61A.245, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. Minimum values. The minimum values as specified in subdivisions 5, 6, 7, 8 and 10 of any paid-up annuity, cash surrender or death benefits available under an annuity contract shall be based upon minimum nonforfeiture amounts as defined in this subdivision. (a) The minimum nonforfeiture amount at any time at or prior to the commencement of any annuity payments shall be equal to an accumulation up to that time at rates of interest as indicated in paragraph (b) of the net considerations, as defined in this subdivision, paid prior to that time, decreased by the sum of clauses (1) through (4):			

45.1 (2) an annual contract charge of \$50, accumulated at rates of interest as indicated in
45.2 paragraph (b);

(3) any premium tax paid by the company for the contract and not subsequently credited
back to the company, such as upon early termination of the contract, in which case this
decrease must not be taken, accumulated at rates of interest as indicated in paragraph (b);
and

45.7 (4) the amount of any indebtedness to the company on the contract, including interest45.8 due and accrued.

The net considerations for a given contract year used to define the minimum nonforfeiture amount shall be an amount equal to 87.5 percent of the gross considerations credited to the contract during that contract year.

(b) The interest rate used in determining minimum nonforfeiture amounts must be an
annual rate of interest determined as the lesser of three percent per annum and the following,
which must be specified in the contract if the interest rate will be reset:

(1) the five-year constant maturity treasury rate reported by the Federal Reserve as of a
date, or average over a period, rounded to the nearest 1/20 of one percent, specified in the
contract no longer than 15 months prior to the contract issue date or redetermination date
under clause (4);

45.19 (2) reduced by 125 basis points;

45.20 (3) where the resulting interest rate is not less than $\frac{0.15}{0.15}$ percent; and

(4) the interest rate shall apply for an initial period and may be redetermined for additional
periods. The redetermination date, basis, and period, if any, shall be stated in the contract.
The basis is the date or average over a specified period that produces the value of the
five-year constant maturity treasury rate to be used at each redetermination date.

(c) During the period or term that a contract provides substantive participation in an 45.25 equity indexed benefit, it may increase the reduction described in clause (2) by up to an 45.26 45.27 additional 100 basis points to reflect the value of the equity index benefit. The present value at the contract issue date, and at each redetermination date thereafter, of the additional 45.28 reduction must not exceed the market value of the benefit. The commissioner may require 45.29 a demonstration that the present value of the additional reduction does not exceed the market 45.30 value of the benefit. Lacking such a demonstration that is acceptable to the commissioner, 45.31 the commissioner may disallow or limit the additional reduction. 45.32

45.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following enactment.

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46.1 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 62J.23, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- 46.2 Subd. 2. **Restrictions.** (a) From July 1, 1992, until rules are adopted by the commissioner 46.3 under this section, the restrictions in the federal Medicare antikickback statutes in section 46.4 1128B(b) of the Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1320a-7b(b), and 46.5 rules adopted under the federal statutes, apply to all persons in the state, regardless of whether 46.6 the person participates in any state health care program.
- 46.7 (b) Nothing in paragraph (a) shall be construed to prohibit an individual from receiving
 46.8 a discount or other reduction in price or a limited-time free supply or samples of a prescription
 46.9 drug, medical supply, or medical equipment offered by a pharmaceutical manufacturer,
 46.10 medical supply or device manufacturer, health plan company, or pharmacy benefit manager,
 46.11 so long as:
- 46.12 (1) the discount or reduction in price is provided to the individual in connection with
 46.13 the purchase of a prescription drug, medical supply, or medical equipment prescribed for
 46.14 that individual;
- 46.15 (2) it otherwise complies with the requirements of state and federal law applicable to46.16 enrollees of state and federal public health care programs;
- 46.17 (3) the discount or reduction in price does not exceed the amount paid directly by the46.18 individual for the prescription drug, medical supply, or medical equipment; and
- 46.19 (4) the limited-time free supply or samples are provided by a physician, advanced practice
 46.20 registered nurse, or pharmacist, as provided by the federal Prescription Drug Marketing
 46.21 Act.
- 46.22 For purposes of this paragraph, "prescription drug" includes prescription drugs that are
 46.23 administered through infusion, injection, or other parenteral methods, and related services
 46.24 and supplies.
- 46.25 (c) No benefit, reward, remuneration, or incentive for continued product use may be
 46.26 provided to an individual or an individual's family by a pharmaceutical manufacturer,
 46.27 medical supply or device manufacturer, or pharmacy benefit manager, except that this
 46.28 prohibition does not apply to:
- 46.29 (1) activities permitted under paragraph (b);
- 46.30 (2) a pharmaceutical manufacturer, medical supply or device manufacturer, health plan
 46.31 company, or pharmacy benefit manager providing to a patient, at a discount or reduced
 46.32 price or free of charge, ancillary products necessary for treatment of the medical condition

- 47.1 for which the prescription drug, medical supply, or medical equipment was prescribed or47.2 provided; and
- 47.3 (3) a pharmaceutical manufacturer, medical supply or device manufacturer, health plan
 47.4 company, or pharmacy benefit manager providing to a patient a trinket or memento of
 47.5 insignificant value.
- 47.6 (d) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit a health plan company
 47.7 from offering a tiered formulary with different co-payment or cost-sharing amounts for
 47.8 different drugs.

47.9 Sec. 15. [62Q.472] SCREENING AND TESTING FOR OPIOIDS.

- 47.10 (a) A health plan company shall not place a lifetime or annual limit on screenings and
- 47.11 <u>urinalysis testing for opioids for an enrollee in an inpatient or outpatient substance use</u>
- 47.12 disorder treatment program when the screening or testing is ordered by a health care provider
- 47.13 and performed by an accredited clinical laboratory. A health plan company is not prohibited
- 47.14 from conducting a medical necessity review when screenings or urinalysis testing for an
- 47.15 enrollee exceeds 24 tests in any 12-month period.
- 47.16 (b) This section does not apply to managed care plans or county-based purchasing plans
- 47.17 when the plan provides coverage to public health care program enrollees under chapter
- 47.18 <u>256B or 256L.</u>
- 47.19 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022, and applies to health
 47.20 plans offered, issued, or renewed on or after that date.
- 47.21 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 256B.0625, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- 47.22 Subd. 10. Laboratory and x-ray services. (a) Medical assistance covers laboratory and
 47.23 x-ray services.
- 47.24 (b) Medical assistance covers screening and urinalysis tests for opioids without lifetime
 47.25 or annual limits.
- 47.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2022.

47.27 Sec. 17. <u>STUDY AND REPORT ON DISPARITIES BETWEEN GEOGRAPHIC</u> 47.28 <u>RATING AREAS IN INDIVIDUAL AND SMALL GROUP MARKET HEALTH</u>

47.29 **INSURANCE RATES.**

47.30 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Study and recommendations. (a) The commissioner of commerce must
47.31 study disparities between Minnesota's nine geographic rating areas in individual and small

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48.1	group market health insurance rates, and recommend ways to reduce or eliminate rate
48.2	disparities between the geographic rating areas and provide stability for the individual and
48.3	small group health insurance markets in Minnesota. The commissioner of commerce must:
48.4	(1) identify the factors that cause higher individual and small group market health
48.5	insurance rates in certain geographic rating areas, and determine the extent to which each
48.6	identified factor contributes to the higher rates;
48.7	(2) identify the impact of referral centers on individual and small group market health
48.8	insurance rates in southeastern Minnesota, and identify ways to reduce the rate disparity
48.9	between southeastern Minnesota and the metropolitan area, taking into consideration the
48.10	patterns of referral center usage by patients in those regions;
48.11	(3) determine the extent to which individuals and small employers located in a geographic
48.12	rating area with higher health insurance rates than surrounding geographic rating areas have
48.13	obtained health insurance in a lower-cost geographic rating area, identify the strategies that
48.14	individuals and small employers use to obtain health insurance in a lower-cost geographic
48.15	rating area, and measure the effects of this practice on the rates of the individuals and small
48.16	employers remaining in the geographic rating area with higher health insurance rates; and
48.17	(4) develop proposals to redraw the boundaries of Minnesota's geographic rating areas
48.18	and calculate the effect each proposal would have on rates in each of the proposed rating
48.19	areas. The commissioner of commerce must examine at least three options for redrawing
48.20	the boundaries of Minnesota's geographic rating areas, at least one of which must reduce
48.21	the number of geographic rating areas. All options for redrawing Minnesota's geographic
48.22	rating areas considered by the commissioner of commerce must be designed:
48.23	(i) to reduce or eliminate rate disparities between geographic rating areas and provide
48.24	for stability of the individual and small group health insurance markets in Minnesota;
48.25	(ii) after considering the composition of existing provider networks and referral patterns
48.26	in regions of Minnesota; and
48.27	(iii) in compliance with the requirements for geographic rating areas in Code of Federal
48.28	Regulations, title 45, section 147.102(b), and other applicable federal law and guidance.
48.29	(b) Health carriers that cover Minnesota residents, health systems that provide care to
48.30	Minnesota residents, and the commissioner of health must cooperate with any requests for
48.31	information from the commissioner of commerce that the commissioner of commerce
48.32	determines is necessary to conduct the study.

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49.1	(c) The commissioner of commerce may recommend one or more proposals for redrawing
49.2	Minnesota's geographic rating areas if the commissioner of commerce determines that the
49.3	proposal would reduce or eliminate individual and small group market health insurance rate
49.4	disparities between the geographic rating areas and provide stability for the individual and
49.5	small group health insurance markets in Minnesota.
49.6	Subd. 2. Contract. The commissioner of commerce may contract with another entity
49.7	for technical assistance in conducting the study and developing recommendations according
49.8	to subdivision 1.
49.9	Subd. 3. Report. The commissioner of commerce shall complete the study and
49.10	recommendations by January 1, 2022, and submit a report on the study and recommendations
49.11	by that date to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
49.12	jurisdiction over health care and health insurance. The commissioner of commerce shall
49.13	complete the study using existing appropriations.
49.14	Sec. 18. <u>REPEALER.</u>
49.15	Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 60A.98; 60A.981; and 60A.982, are repealed.
49.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021.
49.17	ARTICLE 4
49.17 49.18	ARTICLE 4 CONSUMER PROTECTION
49.18	CONSUMER PROTECTION
49.18 49.19	CONSUMER PROTECTION Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13.712, is amended by adding a subdivision
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49.18 49.19 49.20	CONSUMER PROTECTION Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13.712, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
49.18 49.19 49.20 49.21	CONSUMER PROTECTION Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13.712, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 7. Student loan servicers. Data collected, created, received, maintained, or
 49.18 49.19 49.20 49.21 49.22 	CONSUMER PROTECTION Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13.712, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 7. Student loan servicers. Data collected, created, received, maintained, or disseminated under chapter 58B are governed by section 58B.10.
 49.18 49.19 49.20 49.21 49.22 49.23 	CONSUMER PROTECTION Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13.712, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 7. Student loan servicers. Data collected, created, received, maintained, or disseminated under chapter 58B are governed by section 58B.10. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 47.59, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 49.18 49.19 49.20 49.21 49.22 49.23 49.24 	CONSUMER PROTECTION Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13.712, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 7. Student loan servicers. Data collected, created, received, maintained, or disseminated under chapter 58B are governed by section 58B.10. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 47.59, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Application. Extensions of credit or purchases of extensions of credit by
 49.18 49.19 49.20 49.21 49.22 49.23 49.24 49.25 	CONSUMER PROTECTION Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13.712, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 7. Student loan servicers.</u> Data collected, created, received, maintained, or disseminated under chapter 58B are governed by section 58B.10. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 47.59, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Application. Extensions of credit or purchases of extensions of credit by financial institutions under sections 47.20, 47.21, 47.201, 47.204, 47.58, 47.60, 48.153,
 49.18 49.19 49.20 49.21 49.22 49.23 49.24 49.25 49.26 	CONSUMER PROTECTION Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13.712, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 7. Student loan servicers. Data collected, created, received, maintained, or disseminated under chapter 58B are governed by section 58B.10.</u> Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 47.59, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Application. Extensions of credit or purchases of extensions of credit by financial institutions under sections 47.20, 47.21, 47.201, 47.204, 47.58, 47.60, 48.153, 48.185, 48.195, 59A.01 to 59A.15, 334.01, 334.011, 334.012, 334.022, 334.06, and 334.061
 49.18 49.19 49.20 49.21 49.22 49.23 49.24 49.25 49.26 49.27 	CONSUMER PROTECTION Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13.712, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 7. Student loan servicers. Data collected, created, received, maintained, or disseminated under chapter 58B are governed by section 58B.10.</u> Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 47.59, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Application. Extensions of credit or purchases of extensions of credit by financial institutions under sections 47.20, 47.21, 47.201, 47.204, 47.58, 47.60, 48.153, 48.185, 48.195, 59A.01 to 59A.15, 334.01, 334.011, 334.012, 334.022, 334.06, and 334.061 to 334.19 may, but need not, be made according to those sections in lieu of the authority
 49.18 49.19 49.20 49.21 49.22 49.23 49.24 49.25 49.26 49.27 49.28 	CONSUMER PROTECTION Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13.712, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 7. Student loan servicers. Data collected, created, received, maintained, or disseminated under chapter 58B are governed by section 58B.10.</u> Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 47.59, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Application. Extensions of credit or purchases of extensions of credit by financial institutions under sections 47.20, 47.21, 47.201, 47.204, 47.58, 47.60, 48.153, 48.185, 48.195, 59A.01 to 59A.15, 334.01, 334.011, 334.012, 334.022, 334.06, and 334.061 to 334.19 may, but need not, be made according to those sections in lieu of the authority set forth in this section to the extent those sections authorize the financial institution to make
 49.18 49.19 49.20 49.21 49.22 49.23 49.23 49.24 49.25 49.26 49.27 49.28 49.29 	CONSUMER PROTECTION Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 13.712, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 7. Student loan servicers. Data collected, created, received, maintained, or disseminated under chapter 58B are governed by section 58B.10.</u> Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 47.59, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Application. Extensions of credit or purchases of extensions of credit by financial institutions under sections 47.20, 47.21, 47.201, 47.204, 47.58, 47.60, 48.153, 48.185, 48.195, 59A.01 to 59A.15, 334.01, 334.011, 334.012, 334.022, 334.06, and 334.061 to 334.19 may, but need not, be made according to those sections in lieu of the authority set forth in this section to the extent those sections authorize the financial institution to make extensions of credit or purchase extensions of credit under those sections. If a financial

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subject to those sections and not this section, except this subdivision, and except as expressly 50.1 provided in those sections. A financial institution may also charge an organization a rate of 50.2 interest and any charges agreed to by the organization and may calculate and collect finance 50.3 and other charges in any manner agreed to by that organization. Except for extensions of 50.4 credit a financial institution elects to make under section 334.01, 334.011, 334.012, 334.022, 50.5 334.06, or 334.061 to 334.19, chapter 334 does not apply to extensions of credit made 50.6 according to this section or the sections listed in this subdivision. This subdivision does not 50.7 50.8 authorize a financial institution to extend credit or purchase an extension of credit under any of the sections listed in this subdivision if the financial institution is not authorized to 50.9 do so under those sections. A financial institution extending credit under any of the sections 50.10 listed in this subdivision shall specify in the promissory note, contract, or other loan document 50.11

50.12 the section under which the extension of credit is made.

50.13 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to consumer 50.14 short-term loans and small loans originated on or after that date.

50.15 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 47.60, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Authorization, terms, conditions, and prohibitions. (a) In lieu of the interest,
finance charges, or fees in any other law, A consumer small loan lender may charge the
following: interest, finance charges, and fees. The sum of any interest, finance charges, and
fees must not exceed an annual percentage rate, as defined in section 47.59, subdivision 1,
paragraph (b), of 36 percent.

- 50.21 (1) on any amount up to and including \$50, a charge of \$5.50 may be added;
- 50.22 (2) on amounts in excess of \$50, but not more than \$100, a charge may be added equal
 50.23 to ten percent of the loan proceeds plus a \$5 administrative fee;
- 50.24 (3) on amounts in excess of \$100, but not more than \$250, a charge may be added equal
 50.25 to seven percent of the loan proceeds with a minimum of \$10 plus a \$5 administrative fee;
- 50.26 (4) for amounts in excess of \$250 and not greater than the maximum in subdivision 1,

50.27 paragraph (a), a charge may be added equal to six percent of the loan proceeds with a
50.28 minimum of \$17.50 plus a \$5 administrative fee.

(b) The term of a loan made under this section shall be for no more than 30 calendardays.

50.31 (c) After maturity, the contract rate must not exceed 2.75 percent per month of the 50.32 remaining loan proceeds after the maturity date calculated at a rate of 1/30 of the monthly 50.33 rate in the contract for each calendar day the balance is outstanding.

51.1 (d) No insurance charges or other charges must be permitted to be charged, collected, 51.2 or imposed on a consumer small loan except as authorized in this section.

- 51.3 (e) On a loan transaction in which cash is advanced in exchange for a personal check,
- a return check charge may be charged as authorized by section 604.113, subdivision 2,
- 51.5 paragraph (a). The civil penalty provisions of section 604.113, subdivision 2, paragraph

51.6 (b), may not be demanded or assessed against the borrower.

(f) A loan made under this section must not be repaid by the proceeds of another loan made under this section by the same lender or related interest. The proceeds from a loan made under this section must not be applied to another loan from the same lender or related interest. No loan to a single borrower made pursuant to this section shall be split or divided and no single borrower shall have outstanding more than one loan with the result of collecting higher charge than permitted by this section or in an aggregate amount of principal exceed at any one time the maximum of \$350.

51.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to consumer 51.15 short-term loans and small loans originated on or after that date.

51.16 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 47.601, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

51.17 Subd. 2. **Consumer short-term loan contract.** (a) No contract or agreement between 51.18 a consumer short-term loan lender and a borrower residing in Minnesota may contain the 51.19 following:

(1) a provision selecting a law other than Minnesota law under which the contract isconstrued or enforced;

51.22 (2) a provision choosing a forum for dispute resolution other than the state of Minnesota;
51.23 or

51.24 (3) a provision limiting class actions against a consumer short-term lender for violations
51.25 of subdivision 3 or for making consumer short-term loans:

51.26 (i) without a required license issued by the commissioner; or

(ii) in which interest rates, fees, charges, or loan amounts exceed those allowable under
section 47.59, subdivision 6, or 47.60, subdivision 2, other than by de minimis amounts if
no pattern or practice exists.

51.30 (b) Any provision prohibited by paragraph (a) is void and unenforceable.

- (c) A consumer short-term loan lender must furnish a copy of the written loan contract
 to each borrower. The contract and disclosures must be written in the language in which
 the loan was negotiated with the borrower and must contain:
 - 52.4 (1) the name; address, which may not be a post office box; and telephone number of the52.5 lender making the consumer short-term loan;
 - 52.6 (2) the name and title of the individual employee or representative who signs the contract52.7 on behalf of the lender;
 - 52.8 (3) an itemization of the fees and interest charges to be paid by the borrower;
 - (4) in bold, 24-point type, the annual percentage rate as computed under United States52.10 Code, chapter 15, section 1606; and
 - 52.11 (5) a description of the borrower's payment obligations under the loan.
 - (d) The holder or assignee of a check or other instrument evidencing an obligation of a
 borrower in connection with a consumer short-term loan takes the instrument subject to all
 claims by and defenses of the borrower against the consumer short-term lender.
 - 52.15 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to consumer
 52.16 short-term loans and small loans originated on or after that date.
 - 52.17 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 47.601, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
 - 52.18 Subd. 6. **Penalties for violation; private right of action.** (a) Except for a "bona fide 52.19 error" as set forth under United States Code, chapter 15, section 1640, subsection (c), an 52.20 individual or entity who violates subdivision 2 or 3 is liable to the borrower for:
 - 52.21 (1) all money collected or received in connection with the loan;
 - 52.22 (2) actual, incidental, and consequential damages;
 - 52.23 (3) statutory damages of up to \$1,000 per violation;
 - 52.24 (4) costs, disbursements, and reasonable attorney fees; and
 - 52.25 (5) injunctive relief.
 - 52.26 (b) In addition to the remedies provided in paragraph (a), a loan is void, and the borrower 52.27 is not obligated to pay any amounts owing if the loan is made:
 - 52.28 (1) by a consumer short-term lender who has not obtained an applicable license from52.29 the commissioner;
 - 52.30 (2) in violation of any provision of subdivision 2 or 3; or

- 53.1 (3) in which interest, fees, charges, or loan amounts exceed the interest, fees, charges,
- or loan amounts allowable under sections 47.59, subdivision 6, and section 47.60, subdivision
 2.

53.4 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to consumer 53.5 short-term loans and small loans originated on or after that date.

53.6 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 48.512, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

53.7 Subd. 2. **Required information.** Before opening or authorizing signatory power over 53.8 a transaction account, a financial intermediary shall require one applicant to provide the 53.9 following information on an application document signed by the applicant:

- 53.10 (a) full name;
- 53.11 (b) birth date;
- 53.12 (c) address of residence;
- 53.13 (d) address of current employment, if employed;
- 53.14 (e) telephone numbers of residence and place of employment, if any;
- 53.15 (f) Social Security number;

(g) driver's license or identification card number issued pursuant to section 171.07. If
the applicant does not have a driver's license or identification card, the applicant may provide
an identification document number issued for identification purposes by any state, federal,
or foreign government if the document includes the applicant's photograph, full name, birth
date, and signature. A valid Wisconsin driver's license without a photograph may be accepted
in satisfaction of the requirement of this paragraph until January 1, 1985;

(h) whether the applicant has had a transaction account at the same or another financial
intermediary within 12 months immediately preceding the application, and if so, the name
of the financial intermediary;

(i) whether the applicant has had a transaction account closed by a financial intermediary
without the applicant's consent within 12 months immediately preceding the application,
and if so, the reason the account was closed; and

(j) whether the applicant has been convicted of a criminal offense because of the use ofa check or other similar item within 24 months immediately preceding the application.

53.30 A financial intermediary may require an applicant to disclose additional information.

54.1 An applicant who makes a false material statement that the applicant does not believe 54.2 to be true in an application document with respect to information required to be provided 54.3 by this subdivision is guilty of perjury. The financial intermediary shall notify the applicant 54.4 of the provisions of this paragraph.

54.5 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 48.512, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

54.6 Subd. 3. **Confirm no involuntary closing.** (a) Before opening or authorizing signatory 54.7 power over a transaction account, the financial intermediary shall attempt to verify the 54.8 information disclosed for subdivision 2, clause (i). Inquiries made to verify this information 54.9 through persons in the business of providing such information must include an inquiry based 54.10 on the applicant's identification number provided under subdivision 2, clause (g).

54.11 (b) The financial intermediary may not open or authorize signatory power over a transaction account if (i) the applicant had a transaction account closed by a financial 54.12 intermediary without consent because of issuance by the applicant of dishonored checks 54.13 within 12 months immediately preceding the application, or (ii) the applicant has been 54.14 convicted of a criminal offense because of the use of a check or other similar item within 54.15 54.16 24 months immediately preceding the application. This paragraph does not apply to programs designed to expand access to financial services to individuals who do not possess a transaction 54.17 account. 54.18

54.19 (c) If the transaction account is refused pursuant to this subdivision, the reasons for the 54.20 refusal shall be given to the applicant in writing and the applicant shall be allowed to provide 54.21 additional information.

54.22 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 48.512, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

54.23 Subd. 7. **Transaction account service charges and charges relating to dishonored** 54.24 **checks.** (a) The establishment of transaction account service charges and the amounts of 54.25 the charges not otherwise limited or prescribed by law or rule is a business decision to be 54.26 made by each financial intermediary according to sound business judgment and safe, sound 54.27 financial institution operational standards. In establishing transaction account service charges, 54.28 the financial intermediary may consider, but is not limited to considering:

54.29 (1) costs incurred by the institution, plus a profit margin, in providing the service;

54.30 (2) the deterrence of misuse by customers of financial institution services;

54.31 (3) the establishment of the competitive position of the financial institution in accordance
54.32 with the institution's marketing strategy; and

55.1

55.2 (b) Transaction account service charges must be reasonable in relation to these

55.3 considerations and should be arrived at by each financial intermediary on a competitive

basis and not on the basis of any agreement, arrangement, undertaking, or discussion withother financial intermediaries or their officers.

(c) A financial intermediary may not impose a service charge in excess of \$4 \$10 for a
 dishonored check on any person other than the issuer of the check.

55.8 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 53.04, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. Loans. (a) The right to make loans, secured or unsecured, at the rates and on 55.9 the terms and other conditions permitted under chapters 47 and 334. Loans made under this 55.10 authority must be in amounts in compliance with section 53.05, clause (7). A licensee making 55.11 a loan under this chapter secured by a lien on real estate shall comply with the requirements 55.12 of section 47.20, subdivision 8. A licensee making a loan that is a consumer small loan, as 55.13 defined in section 47.60, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), must comply with section 47.60. A 55.14 licensee making a loan that is a consumer short-term loan, as defined in section 47.601, 55.15 subdivision 1, paragraph (d), must comply with section 47.601. 55.16

(b) Loans made under this subdivision may be secured by real or personal property, or both. If the proceeds of a loan secured by a first lien on the borrower's primary residence are used to finance the purchase of the borrower's primary residence, the loan must comply with the provisions of section 47.20.

(c) An agency or instrumentality of the United States government or a corporation 55.21 otherwise created by an act of the United States Congress or a lender approved or certified 55.22 by the secretary of housing and urban development, or approved or certified by the 55.23 administrator of veterans affairs, or approved or certified by the administrator of the Farmers 55.24 Home Administration, or approved or certified by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage 55.25 Corporation, or approved or certified by the Federal National Mortgage Association, that 55.26 engages in the business of purchasing or taking assignments of mortgage loans and undertakes 55.27 direct collection of payments from or enforcement of rights against borrowers arising from 55.28 mortgage loans, is not required to obtain a certificate of authorization under this chapter in 55.29 order to purchase or take assignments of mortgage loans from persons holding a certificate 55.30 of authorization under this chapter. 55.31

(d) This subdivision does not authorize an industrial loan and thrift company to makeloans under an overdraft checking plan.

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56.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to consumer				
56.2	short-term loans and small loans or	riginated on or after the	at date.		
56.3	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020	, section 56.131, subdi	vision 1, is ame	nded to read:	
56.4	Subdivision 1. Interest rates a	nd charges. (a) On any	y loan in a princi	ipal amount not	
56.5	exceeding \$100,000 or 15 percent	of a Minnesota corpora	ate licensee's cap	bital stock and	
56.6	surplus as defined in section 53.01	5, if greater, a licensee	may contract fo	r and receive	
56.7	interest, finance charges, and other	charges as provided in	section 47.59.		
56.8	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph	(a), a licensee making	a loan that is a c	onsumer small	
56.9	loan, as defined in section 47.60, s	ubdivision 1, paragrap	h (a), must comp	bly with section	
56.10	47.60. A licensee making a loan th	at is a consumer short-	term loan, as de	fined in section	
56.11	47.601, subdivision 1, paragraph (d), must comply with s	ection 47.601.		
56.12	(b) (c) With respect to a loan se	cured by an interest in	real estate, and h	naving a maturity	
56.13	of more than 60 months, the origina	al schedule of installme	ent payments mu	st fully amortize	
56.14	the principal and interest on the loan	n. The original schedul	e of installment j	payments for any	
56.15	other loan secured by an interest in	real estate must provi	de for payment a	amounts that are	
56.16	sufficient to pay all interest schedu	led to be due on the lo	an.		
56.17	(e) (d) A licensee may contract	for and collect a deline	quency charge as	s provided for in	
56.18	section 47.59, subdivision 6, parag	raph (a), clause (4).			
56.19	(d) (e) A licensee may grant ex	tensions, deferments, c	or conversions to	interest-bearing	
56.20	as provided in section 47.59, subdi	vision 5.			
56.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sect	tion is effective August	1, 2021, and apr	olies to consumer	
56.22	short-term loans and small loans or				

- 56.23 Sec. 11. [58B.01] TITLE.
- 56.24 This chapter may be cited as the "Student Loan Borrower Bill of Rights."
- 56.25 Sec. 12. [58B.02] DEFINITIONS.
- 56.26 Subdivision 1. Scope. For purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the meanings
 56.27 given them.
- 56.28 Subd. 2. Borrower. "Borrower" means a resident of this state who has received or agreed
- 56.29 to pay a student loan or a person who shares responsibility with a resident for repaying a
- 56.30 student loan.

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57.1	Subd. 3. Commissioner. "Co	mmissioner" means the c	commissioner of	f commerce.
57.2	Subd. 4. Financial institutio	n. "Financial institution"	means any of th	ne following
57.3	organized under the laws of this	state, any other state, or t	the United State	s: a bank, bank
57.4	and trust, trust company with bar	nking powers, savings ba	nk, savings asso	ociation, or credit
57.5	union.			
57.6	Subd. 5. Person in control.	Person in control" means	s any member o	f senior
57.7	management, including owners of	or officers, and other pers	ons who directl	y or indirectly
57.8	possess the power to direct or cau	se the direction of the ma	nagement polici	es of an applicant
57.9	or student loan servicer under thi	is chapter, regardless of v	whether the pers	on has any
57.10	ownership interest in the application	nt or student loan service	er. Control is pre	sumed to exist if
57.11	a person directly or indirectly ow	vns, controls, or holds wi	th power to vote	e ten percent or
57.12	more of the voting stock of an ap	plicant or student loan so	ervicer or of a p	erson who owns,
57.13	controls, or holds with power to v	vote ten percent or more o	of the voting sto	ck of an applicant
57.14	or student loan servicer.			
57.15	Subd. 6. Servicing. "Servicin	g" means:		
57.16	(1) receiving any scheduled p	periodic payments from a	borrower or no	tification of
57.17	payments, and applying payment	ts to the borrower's accou	ant pursuant to t	he terms of the
57.18	student loan or of the contract go	overning servicing;		
57.19	(2) during a period when no p	ayment is required on a s	tudent loan, ma	intaining account
57.20	records for the loan and commun	icating with the borrowe	r regarding the l	oan, on behalf of
57.21	the loan's holder; and			
57.22	(3) interacting with a borrowe	r, including activities to h	elp prevent defa	ult on obligations
57.23	arising from student loans, condu	acted to facilitate the requ	uirements in cla	uses (1) and (2).
57.24	Subd. 7. Student loan. "Stud	ent loan" means a govern	ment, commerc	ial, or foundation
57.25	loan for actual costs paid for tuit	ion and reasonable educa	tion and living	expenses.
57.26	Subd. 8. Student loan servic	er. "Student loan service	r" means any pe	erson, wherever
57.27	located, responsible for the servi	cing of any student loan	to any borrower	, including a
57.28	nonbank covered person, as define	ned in Code of Federal R	egulations, title	12, section
57.29	1090.101, who is responsible for	the servicing of any stud	lent loan to any	borrower.
57.30	Sec. 13. [58B.03] LICENSING	G OF STUDENT LOAN	N SERVICERS	<u>.</u>
57.31	Subdivision 1. License requi	red. No person shall dire	ectly or indirectl	y act as a student
57.32	loan servicer without first obtain	ing a license from the co	mmissioner.	

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58.1	Subd. 2. Exempt persons. T	he following persons are	exempt from the	e requirements of
58.2	this chapter:			
58.3	(1) a financial institution;			
58.4	(2) a person servicing studen	t loans made with the pe	rson's own funds	s, if no more than
58.5	three student loans are made in a	any 12-month period;		
58.6	(3) an agency, instrumentality	y, or political subdivision	of this state that	t makes, services,
58.7	or guarantees student loans;			
58.8	(4) a person acting in a fiduc	iary capacity, such as a t	rustee or receive	r, as a result of a
58.9	specific order issued by a court			
58.10	(5) the University of Minnes	ota; or		
58.11	(6) a person exempted by or	der of the commissioner.		
58.12	Subd. 3. Application for lice	ensure. (a) Any person s	eeking to act wit	thin the state as a
58.13	student loan servicer must apply	for a license in a form a	nd manner speci	fied by the
58.14	commissioner. At a minimum, th	he application must inclu	lde:	
58.15	(1) a financial statement prepa	ared by a certified public	accountant or a p	ublic accountant;
58.16	(2) the history of criminal cor	victions, excluding traffi	c violations, for	persons in control
58.17	of the applicant;			
58.18	(3) any information requeste	d by the commissioner re	elated to the hist	ory of criminal
58.19	convictions disclosed under clau	use (2);		
58.20	(4) a nonrefundable license f	fee established by the cor	nmissioner; and	
58.21	(5) a nonrefundable investigation	ation fee established by t	he commissione	<u>r.</u>
58.22	(b) The commissioner may c	onduct a state and nation	al criminal histo	ory records check
58.23	of the applicant and of each pers	son in control or employe	ee of the application	nt.
58.24	Subd. 4. Issuance of a licens	se. (a) Upon receipt of a c	complete applica	tion for an initial
58.25	license and the payment of fees	for a license and investig	gation, the comm	issioner must
58.26	investigate the financial condition	on and responsibility, cha	racter, financial	and business
58.27	experience, and general fitness of	of the applicant. The com	missioner may i	ssue a license if
58.28	the commissioner finds:			
58.29	(1) the applicant's financial c	condition is sound;		
58.30	(2) the applicant's business w	vill be conducted honestl	y, fairly, equitab	ly, carefully, and
58.31	efficiently within the purposes a	nd intent of this chapter;		

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59.1	(3) each person in control of	the applicant is in all resp	pects properly q	ualified and of
59.2	good character;			
59.3	(4) no person, on behalf of the function of	he applicant, has knowing	ly made any inc	correct statement
59.4	of a material fact in the applicat	ion or in any report or stat	tement made pu	rsuant to this
59.5	section;			
59.6	(5) no person, on behalf of the	e applicant, has knowingly	omitted any info	ormation required
59.7	by the commissioner from an ap	plication, report, or statem	ent made pursua	ant to this section;
59.8	(6) the applicant has paid the	e fees required under this s	section; and	
59.9	(7) the application has met other the second sec	ner similar requirements as	determined by t	he commissioner.
59.10	(b) A license issued under the	is chapter is not transferal	ble or assignabl	<u>e.</u>
59.11	Subd. 5. Notification of a cl	nange in status. <u>An applic</u>	ant or student l	oan servicer must
59.12	notify the commissioner in writ	ing of any change in the ir	nformation prov	vided in the initial
59.13	application for a license or the m	ost recent renewal applicat	tion for a license	e. The notification
59.14	must be received no later than te	en business days after the c	late of an event	that results in the
59.15	information becoming inaccurat	e.		
59.16	Subd. 6. Term of license. Li	censes issued under this c	hapter expire or	n December 31 of
59.17	each year and are renewable on	January 1.		
59.18	Subd. 7. Exemption from a	pplication. (a) A person i	s exempt from	the application
59.19	procedures under subdivision 3	if the commissioner detern	nines that the p	erson is servicing
59.20	student loans in this state pursua	ant to a contract awarded l	by the United S	tates Secretary of
59.21	Education under United States (Code, title 20, section 108	7f. Documentat	ion of eligibility
59.22	for this exemption shall be in a	form and manner determin	ned by the com	missioner.
59.23	(b) A person determined to b	e eligible for the exemptio	n under paragra	ph (a) shall, upon
59.24	payment of the fees under subdi	vision 3, be issued a licen	se and deemed	to meet all of the
59.25	requirements of subdivision 4.			
59.26	Subd. 8. Notice. (a) A perso	n issued a license under su	ubdivision 7 mu	ist provide the
59.27	commissioner with written notic	e no less than seven days a	after the date the	person's contract
59.28	under United States Code, title 2	20, section 1087f, expires,	, is revoked, or	is terminated.
		e under subdivision 7 has	30 days from th	e date the
59.29	(b) A person issued a license		ee aage nem m	
59.29 59.30	(b) A person issued a license notification under paragraph (a)		-	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	is provided to complete th	ne requirements	of subdivision 3.

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Sec. 14. [58B.04] LICENSING MULTIPLE PLACES OF BUSINESS. 60.1 A person licensed to act as a student loan servicer in this state is prohibited from servicing 60.2 student loans under any other name or at any other place of business than that named in the 60.3 license. Any time a student loan servicer changes the location of the servicer's place of 60.4 60.5 business, the servicer must provide prior written notice to the commissioner. A student loan servicer may not maintain more than one place of business under the same license. The 60.6 commissioner may issue more than one license to the same student loan servicer, provided 60.7 that the servicer complies with the application procedures in section 58B.03 for each license. 60.8 Sec. 15. [58B.05] LICENSE RENEWAL. 60.9 Subdivision 1. Term. Licenses are renewable on January 1 of each year. 60.10 60.11 Subd. 2. Timely renewal. (a) A person whose application is properly and timely filed who has not received notice of denial of renewal is considered approved for renewal. The 60.12 60.13 person may continue to act as a student loan servicer whether or not the renewed license has been received on or before January 1 of the renewal year. An application for renewal 60.14 of a license is considered timely filed if the application is received by the commissioner, or 60.15 60.16 mailed with proper postage and postmarked, by the December 15 before the renewal year. An application for renewal is considered properly filed if the application is made upon forms 60.17 duly executed, accompanied by fees prescribed by this chapter, and containing any 60.18 information that the commissioner requires. 60.19 (b) A person who fails to make a timely application for renewal of a license and who 60.20 has not received the renewal license as of January 1 of the renewal year is unlicensed until 60.21 the renewal license has been issued by the commissioner and is received by the person. 60.22 Subd. 3. Contents of renewal application. An application for renewal of an existing 60.23 license must contain the information specified in section 58B.03, subdivision 3, except that 60.24 only the requested information having changed from the most recent prior application need 60.25 be submitted. 60.26 60.27 Subd. 4. Cancellation. A student loan servicer ceasing an activity or activities regulated by this chapter and desiring to no longer be licensed shall inform the commissioner in writing 60.28 and, at the same time, surrender the license and all other symbols or indicia of licensure. 60.29 The licensee shall include a plan for the withdrawal from student loan servicing, including 60.30 a timetable for the disposition of the student loans being serviced. 60.31

60.32 Subd. 5. Renewal fees. The following fees must be paid to the commissioner for a

60.33 <u>renewal license:</u>

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61.1	(1) a nonrefundable renewa	l license fee established by	the commission	ner; and
61.2	(2) a nonrefundable renewa	l investigation fee establis	hed by the comm	nissioner.
61.3	Sec. 16. [58B.06] DUTIES C	DF STUDENT LOAN SE	RVICERS.	
61.4	Subdivision 1. Response re	quirements. Upon receivi	ng a written com	munication from
61.5	a borrower, a student loan servi	cer must:		
61.6	(1) acknowledge receipt of	the communication in less	than ten days fr	om the date the
61.7	communication is received; and	<u>1</u>		
61.8	(2) provide information rela	ting to the communication	and, if applicab	ole, the action the
61.9	student loan servicer will take t	o either (i) correct the bor	rower's issue or	(ii) explain why
61.10	the issue cannot be corrected. T	he information must be pro-	ovided less than	30 days after the
61.11	date the written communication	n was received by the stude	ent loan servicer	<u>-</u>
61.12	Subd. 2. Overpayments. (a)) A student loan servicer mu	ıst ask a borrowe	er in what manner
61.13	the borrower would like any ov	rerpayment to be applied to	o a student loan.	A borrower's
61.14	instruction regarding the applic	ation of overpayments is e	effective for the	term of the loan
61.15	or until the borrower provides a	a different instruction.		
61.16	(b) For purposes of this subc	division, "overpayment" m	eans a payment	on a student loan
61.17	that exceeds the monthly amou	nt due.		
61.18	Subd. 3. Partial payments.	(a) A student loan service	r must apply a p	artial payment in
61.19	a manner intended to minimize	late fees and the negative	impact on the b	orrower's credit
61.20	history. If a borrower has multi	ple student loans with the	same student loa	an servicer, upon
61.21	receipt of a partial payment the	servicer must apply the pa	ayments to satisf	fy as many
61.22	individual loan payments as po	ssible.		
61.23	(b) For purposes of this sub	division, "partial payment	' means a payme	ent on a student
61.24	loan that is less than the month	ly amount due.		
61.25	Subd. 4. Transfer of studer	nt loan. (a) If a borrower's	student loan ser	rvicer changes
61.26	pursuant to the sale, assignment,	or transfer of the servicing	, the original stud	dent loan servicer
61.27	<u>must:</u>			
61.28	(1) require the new student	loan servicer to honor all b	enefits that were	e made available,
61.29	or which may have become ava	ilable, to a borrower from	the original stude	ent loan servicer;
61.30	and			

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62.1	(2) transfer to the new student	loan servicer all inform	ation regarding t	he borrower, the
62.2	account of the borrower, and the b	oorrower's student loan,	including but no	t limited to the
62.3	repayment status of the student lo	an and the benefits desc	cribed in clause (1 <u>).</u>
62.4	(b) The student loan servicer n	•		
62.5	less than 45 days from the date of	the sale, assignment, or	r transfer of the s	ervicing.
62.6	(c) A sale, assignment, or trans	fer of the servicing mus	t be completed no	o less than seven
62.7	days from the date the next payment	ent is due on the student	t loan.	
62.8	(d) A new student loan service	er must adopt policies a	nd procedures to	verify that the
62.9	original student loan servicer has	met the requirements of	f paragraph (a).	
62.10	Subd. 5. Income-driven repa	yment. A student loan s	servicer must eva	luate a borrower
62.11	for eligibility for an income-drive	n repayment program b	efore placing a b	orrower in
62.12	forbearance or default.			
62.13	Subd. 6. Records. A student lo	an servicer must maintai	n adequate record	s of each student
62.14	loan for not less than two years fo	llowing the final payme	ent on the student	loan or the sale,
62.15	assignment, or transfer of the serv	vicing.		
62.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This set	ction is effective July 1.	2021, and applie	s to student loan

62.16 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2021, and applies to student loan 62.17 contracts executed on or after that date.

62.18 Sec. 17. [58B.07] PROHIBITED CONDUCT.

62.19 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Misleading borrowers.</u> A student loan servicer must not directly or
 62.20 <u>indirectly attempt to mislead a borrower.</u>

Subd. 2. Misrepresentation. A student loan servicer must not engage in any unfair or
 deceptive practice or misrepresent or omit any material information in connection with the
 servicing of a student loan, including but not limited to misrepresenting the amount, nature,
 or terms of any fee or payment due or claimed to be due on a student loan, the terms and
 conditions of the loan agreement, or the borrower's obligations under the loan.

62.26 <u>Subd. 3.</u> Misapplication of payments. A student loan servicer must not knowingly or 62.27 negligently misapply student loan payments.

- 62.28 Subd. 4. Inaccurate information. A student loan servicer must not knowingly or
- 62.29 <u>negligently provide inaccurate information to any consumer reporting agency.</u>
- 62.30 Subd. 5. Reporting of payment history. A student loan servicer must not fail to report
- 62.31 <u>both the favorable and unfavorable payment history of the borrower to a consumer reporting</u>

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63.1	agency at least annually, if the	student loan servicer regul	arly reports pay	ment history
63.2	information.			
63.3	Subd. 6. Refusal to commu	inicate with a borrower's	s representativo	e. A student loan
63.4	servicer must not refuse to com	nunicate with a representation	tive of the borrov	wer who provides
63.5	a written authorization signed b	by the borrower. The stude	ent loan servicer	may adopt
63.6	procedures reasonably related to	o verifying that the represe	entative is in fact	t authorized to act
63.7	on behalf of the borrower.			
63.8	Subd. 7. False statements a	and omissions. A student	loan servicer mi	ıst not knowingly
63.9	or negligently make any false st	atement or omission of ma	aterial fact in con	nnection with any
63.10	application, information, or rep	orts filed with the commis	sioner or any ot	her federal, state,
63.11	or local government agency.			
63.12	Subd. 8. Noncompliance wi	ith applicable laws. A stud	dent loan service	er must not violate
63.13	any other federal, state, or local	l laws, including those rela	ated to frauduler	nt, coercive, or
63.14	dishonest practices.			
63.15	Subd. 9. Incorrect informa	tion regarding student l	oan forgiveness	<u>A student loan</u>
63.16	servicer must not misrepresent	the availability of student	loan forgivenes	s for which the
63.17	servicer has reason to know the	borrower is eligible. This	includes but is	not limited to
63.18	student loan forgiveness progra	ms specific to military bo	rrowers, borrow	ers working in
63.19	public service, or borrowers wi	th disabilities.		
63.20	Subd. 10. Compliance with	servicer duties. A studer	nt loan servicer r	nust comply with
63.21	the duties and obligations unde	r section 58B.06.		
63.22	Sec. 18. [58B.08] EXAMINA	ATIONS.		
63.23	The commissioner has the s	ame powers with respect t	to examinations	of student loan
63.24	servicers under this chapter that	t the commissioner has un	der section 46.0	<u>14.</u>
63.25	Sec. 19. [58B.09] DENIAL;	SUSPENSION; REVOC	ATION OF LI	CENSES.
63.26	Subdivision 1. Powers of co	ommissioner. (a) The com	missioner may	by order take any
63.27	or all of the following actions:			
63.28	(1) bar a person from engag	ing in student loan servici	<u>ng;</u>	
63.29	(2) deny, suspend, or revoke	e a student loan servicer lie	cense;	
63.30	(3) censure a student loan se	ervicer;		
63.31	(4) impose a civil penalty, a	s provided in section 45.0	27, subdivision	6;

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64.1	(5) order restitution to the b	orrower, if applicable; or		
64.2	(6) revoke an exemption.			
64.3	(b) In order to take the action	on in paragraph (a), the com	missioner mu	st find:
64.4	(1) the order is in the public (1)	interest; and		
64.5	(2) the student loan service	r, applicant, person in contr	ol, employee,	or agent has:
64.6	(i) violated any provision of	f this chapter or a rule or or	der adopted or	issued under this
64.7	chapter;			
64.8	(ii) violated a standard of co	onduct or engaged in a frau-	dulent, coerciv	ve, deceptive, or
64.9	dishonest act or practice, includ	ling but not limited to negli	igently making	g a false statement
64.10	or knowingly omitting a materi	al fact, whether or not the a	act or practice	involves student
64.11	loan servicing;			
64.12	(iii) engaged in an act or pra	actice that demonstrates unt	trustworthines	s, financial
64.13	irresponsibility, or incompetence	ce, whether or not the act or	r practice invo	lves student loan
64.14	servicing;			
64.15	(iv) pled guilty or nolo conte	endere to or been convicted	of a felony, gr	oss misdemeanor,
64.16	or misdemeanor;			
64.17	(v) paid a civil penalty or be	en the subject of a disciplin	ary action by	the commissioner,
64.18	order of suspension or revocation	on, cease and desist order, i	njunction orde	r, or order barring
64.19	involvement in an industry or p	profession issued by the cor	nmissioner or	any other federal,
64.20	state, or local government agen	icy;		
64.21	(vi) been found by a court of	of competent jurisdiction to	have engaged	in conduct
64.22	evidencing gross negligence, fr	aud, misrepresentation, or	deceit;	
64.23	(vii) refused to cooperate w	ith an investigation or exan	nination by the	e commissioner;
64.24	(viii) failed to pay any fee of	or assessment imposed by the	ne commission	ier; or
64.25	(ix) failed to comply with st	tate and federal tax obligati	ons.	
64.26	Subd. 2. Orders of the con	missioner. To begin a proc	ceeding under	this section, the
64.27	commissioner shall issue an or	der requiring the subject of	the proceeding	g to show cause
64.28	why action should not be taken	against the person accordin	g to this section	on. The order must
64.29	be calculated to give reasonable	e notice of the time and place	ce for the hear	ing and must state
64.30	the reasons for entry of the orde	er. The commissioner may	by order sumn	narily suspend a
64.31	license or exemption or summa	urily bar a person from enga	aging in studer	nt loan servicing

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- 65.1 pending a final determination of an order to show cause. If a license or exemption is
- 65.2 summarily suspended or if the person is summarily barred from any involvement in the
- 65.3 servicing of student loans pending final determination of an order to show cause, a hearing
- on the merits must be held within 30 days of the issuance of the order of summary suspension
- or bar. All hearings must be conducted under chapter 14. After the hearing, the commissioner
- 65.6 shall enter an order disposing of the matter as the facts require. If the subject of the order
- 65.7 fails to appear at a hearing after having been duly notified, the person is considered in default
- and the proceeding may be determined against the subject of the order upon consideration
- of the order to show cause, the allegations of which may be considered to be true.
- 65.10 Subd. 3. Actions against lapsed license. If a license or certificate of exemption lapses;
- 65.11 is surrendered, withdrawn, or terminated; or otherwise becomes ineffective, the commissioner
- 65.12 may (1) institute a proceeding under this subdivision within two years after the license or
- 65.13 certificate of exemption was last effective and enter a revocation or suspension order as of
- 65.14 the last date on which the license or certificate of exemption was in effect, and (2) impose
- a civil penalty as provided for in this section or section 45.027, subdivision 6.
- 65.16 Sec. 20. [58B.10] DATA PRACTICES.

65.17 Subdivision 1. Classification of data. Data collected, created, received, maintained, or

- disseminated by the Department of Commerce under this chapter are governed by section
 46.07.
- 65.20 Subd. 2. Data sharing. To the extent data collected, created, received, maintained, or

65.21 disseminated under this chapter are not public data as defined by section 13.02, subdivision

- 65.22 <u>8a, the data may, when necessary to accomplish the purpose of this chapter, be shared</u>
- 65.23 between:
- 65.24 (1) the United States Department of Education;
- 65.25 (2) the Office of Higher Education;
- 65.26 (3) the Department of Commerce;
- 65.27 (4) the Office of the Attorney General; and
- 65.28 (5) any other local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies.

65.29 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 65B.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- 65.30 Subdivision 1. Grounds and notice. No cancellation or reduction in the limits of liability
- of coverage during the policy period of any policy shall be effective unless notice thereof

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is given and unless based on one or more reasons stated in the policy which shall be limitedto the following:

66.3 1. nonpayment of premium; or

66.4 2. the policy was obtained through a material misrepresentation; or

3. any insured made a false or fraudulent claim or knowingly aided or abetted anotherin the presentation of such a claim; or

4. the named insured failed to disclose fully motor vehicle accidents and moving traffic
violations of the named insured for the preceding 36 months if called for in the written
application; or

5. the named insured failed to disclose in the written application any requested information
necessary for the acceptance or proper rating of the risk; or

66.12 6. the named insured knowingly failed to give any required written notice of loss or notice of lawsuit commenced against the named insured, or, when requested, refused to cooperate in the investigation of a claim or defense of a lawsuit; or

66.15 7. the named insured or any other operator who either resides in the same household, or
66.16 customarily operates an automobile insured under such policy, unless the other operator is
66.17 identified as a named insured in another policy as an insured:

(a) has, within the 36 months prior to the notice of cancellation, had that person's driver's
license under suspension or revocation because the person committed a moving traffic
violation or because the person refused to be tested under section 169A.20, subdivision 1;
or

(b) is or becomes subject to epilepsy or heart attacks, and such individual does not
produce a written opinion from a physician testifying to that person's medical ability to
operate a motor vehicle safely, such opinion to be based upon a reasonable medical
probability; or

(c) has an accident record, conviction record (criminal or traffic), physical condition or
mental condition, any one or all of which are such that the person's operation of an automobile
might endanger the public safety; or

(d) has been convicted, or forfeited bail, during the 24 months immediately preceding
the notice of cancellation for criminal negligence in the use or operation of an automobile,
or assault arising out of the operation of a motor vehicle, or operating a motor vehicle while
in an intoxicated condition or while under the influence of drugs; or leaving the scene of

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67.1	an accident without stopping to report; or making false statements in an application for a
67.2	driver's license, or theft or unlawful taking of a motor vehicle; or
67.3	(e) has been convicted of, or forfeited bail for, one or more violations within the 18
67.4	months immediately preceding the notice of cancellation, of any law, ordinance, or rule
67.5	which justify a revocation of a driver's license; or
67.6	8. the insured automobile is:
67.7	(a) so mechanically defective that its operation might endanger public safety; or
67.8	(b) used in carrying passengers for hire or compensation, provided however that the use
67.9	of an automobile for a car pool or a private passenger vehicle used by a volunteer driver,
67.10	as defined under section 65B.472, subdivision 1, paragraph (h), shall not be considered use
67.11	of an automobile for hire or compensation; or
67.12	(c) used in the business of transportation of flammables or explosives; or
67.13	(d) an authorized emergency vehicle; or
67.14	(e) subject to an inspection law and has not been inspected or, if inspected, has failed
67.15	to qualify within the period specified under such inspection law; or
67.16	(f) substantially changed in type or condition during the policy period, increasing the
67.17	risk substantially, such as conversion to a commercial type vehicle, a dragster, sports car
67.18	or so as to give clear evidence of a use other than the original use.
67.19	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 65B.43, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
67.20	Subd. 12. Commercial vehicle. "Commercial vehicle" means:
67.21	(a) any motor vehicle used as a common carrier,
67.22	(b) any motor vehicle, other than a passenger vehicle defined in section 168.002,
67.23	subdivision 24, which has a curb weight in excess of 5,500 pounds apart from cargo capacity,
67.24	or
67.25	(c) any motor vehicle while used in the for-hire transportation of property.
67.26	Commercial vehicle does not include a "commuter van," which for purposes of this
67.27	chapter shall mean means (1) a motor vehicle having a capacity of seven to 16 persons
67.28	which is used principally to provide prearranged transportation of persons to or from their
67.29	place of employment or to or from a transit stop authorized by a local transit authority which
67.30	vehicle is to be operated by a person who does not drive the vehicle as a principal occupation
67.31	but is driving it only to or from the principal place of employment, to or from a transit stop

68.3 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 65B.472, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

68.4 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) Unless a different meaning is expressly made applicable,
68.5 the terms defined in paragraphs (b) through (g) have the meanings given them for the
68.6 purposes of this chapter.

- (b) A "digital network" means any online-enabled application, software, website, or
 system offered or utilized by a transportation network company that enables the
 prearrangement of rides with transportation network company drivers.
- 68.10 (c) A "personal vehicle" means a vehicle that is used by a transportation network company
 68.11 driver in connection with providing a prearranged ride and is:
- 68.12 (1) owned, leased, or otherwise authorized for use by the transportation network company68.13 driver; and
- 68.14 (2) not a taxicab, limousine, or for-hire vehicle, or a private passenger vehicle driven
 68.15 by a volunteer driver.
- (d) A "prearranged ride" means the provision of transportation by a driver to a rider,
 beginning when a driver accepts a ride requested by a rider through a digital network
 controlled by a transportation network company, continuing while the driver transports a
 requesting rider, and ending when the last requesting rider departs from the personal vehicle.
 A prearranged ride does not include transportation provided using a taxicab, limousine, or
 other for-hire vehicle.
- (e) A "transportation network company" means a corporation, partnership, sole
 proprietorship, or other entity that is operating in Minnesota that uses a digital network to
 connect transportation network company riders to transportation network company drivers
 who provide prearranged rides.
- 68.26

(f) A "transportation network company driver" or "driver" means an individual who:

(1) receives connections to potential riders and related services from a transportation
 network company in exchange for payment of a fee to the transportation network company;
 and

(2) uses a personal vehicle to provide a prearranged ride to riders upon connection
through a digital network controlled by a transportation network company in return for
compensation or payment of a fee.

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(g) A "transportation network company rider" or "rider" means an individual or persons
who use a transportation network company's digital network to connect with a transportation
network driver who provides prearranged rides to the rider in the driver's personal vehicle
between points chosen by the rider.

69.5 (h) A "volunteer driver" means an individual who transports persons or goods on behalf
 69.6 of a nonprofit entity or governmental unit in a private passenger vehicle and receives no
 69.7 compensation for services provided other than the reimbursement of actual expenses.

69.8 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 174.29, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Definition. For the purpose of sections 174.29 and 174.30 "special 69.9 transportation service" means motor vehicle transportation provided on a regular basis by 69.10 a public or private entity or person that is designed exclusively or primarily to serve 69.11 individuals who are elderly or disabled and who are unable to use regular means of 69.12 transportation but do not require ambulance service, as defined in section 144E.001, 69.13 subdivision 3. Special transportation service includes but is not limited to service provided 69.14 by specially equipped buses, vans, taxis, and volunteers driving private automobiles, as 69.15 69.16 defined in section 65B.472, subdivision 1, paragraph (h). Special transportation service also means those nonemergency medical transportation services under section 256B.0625, 69.17 subdivision 17, that are subject to the operating standards for special transportation service 69.18 69.19 under sections 174.29 to 174.30 and Minnesota Rules, chapter 8840.

69.20 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 174.30, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

69.21 Subdivision 1. Applicability. (a) The operating standards for special transportation
69.22 service adopted under this section do not apply to special transportation provided by:

(1) a public transit provider receiving financial assistance under sections 174.24 or
473.371 to 473.449;

69.25 (2) a volunteer driver, as defined in section 65B.472, subdivision 1, paragraph (h), using
69.26 a private automobile;

69.27 (3) a school bus as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 71; or

69.28 (4) an emergency ambulance regulated under chapter 144.

(b) The operating standards adopted under this section only apply to providers of special
transportation service who receive grants or other financial assistance from either the state
or the federal government, or both, to provide or assist in providing that service; except that
the operating standards adopted under this section do not apply to any nursing home licensed

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under section 144A.02, to any board and care facility licensed under section 144.50, or to 70.1 any day training and habilitation services, day care, or group home facility licensed under 70.2 sections 245A.01 to 245A.19 unless the facility or program provides transportation to 70.3 nonresidents on a regular basis and the facility receives reimbursement, other than per diem 70.4 payments, for that service under rules promulgated by the commissioner of human services. 70.5 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), the operating standards adopted under this section 70.6 do not apply to any vendor of services licensed under chapter 245D that provides 70.7 70.8 transportation services to consumers or residents of other vendors licensed under chapter 245D and transports 15 or fewer persons, including consumers or residents and the driver. 70.9 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 174.30, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 70.10 Subd. 10. Background studies. (a) Providers of special transportation service regulated 70.11 under this section must initiate background studies in accordance with chapter 245C on the 70.12 following individuals: 70.13 (1) each person with a direct or indirect ownership interest of five percent or higher in 70.14 the transportation service provider; 70.15 (2) each controlling individual as defined under section 245A.02; 70.16 (3) managerial officials as defined in section 245A.02; 70.17 (4) each driver employed by the transportation service provider; 70.18 (5) each individual employed by the transportation service provider to assist a passenger 70.19 during transport; and 70.20 (6) all employees of the transportation service agency who provide administrative support, 70.21 including those who: 70.22 (i) may have face-to-face contact with or access to passengers, their personal property, 70.23 or their private data; 70.24 (ii) perform any scheduling or dispatching tasks; or 70.25 (iii) perform any billing activities. 70.26 (b) The transportation service provider must initiate the background studies required 70.27 under paragraph (a) using the online NETStudy system operated by the commissioner of 70.28 human services. 70.29

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(c) The transportation service provider shall not permit any individual to provide any
 service or function listed in paragraph (a) until the transportation service provider has
 received notification from the commissioner of human services indicating that the individual:

71.4 (1) is not disqualified under chapter 245C; or

(2) is disqualified, but has received a set-aside of that disqualification according to
sections 245C.22 and 245C.23 related to that transportation service provider.

71.7 (d) When a local or contracted agency is authorizing a ride under section 256B.0625, subdivision 17, by a volunteer driver, as defined in section 65B.472, subdivision 1, paragraph 71.8 (h), and the agency authorizing the ride has reason to believe the volunteer driver has a 71.9 history that would disqualify the individual or that may pose a risk to the health or safety 71.10 of passengers, the agency may initiate a background study to be completed according to 71.11 chapter 245C using the commissioner of human services' online NETStudy system, or 71.12 through contacting the Department of Human Services background study division for 71.13 assistance. The agency that initiates the background study under this paragraph shall be 71.14 responsible for providing the volunteer driver with the privacy notice required under section 71.15 245C.05, subdivision 2c, and payment for the background study required under section 71.16 245C.10, subdivision 11, before the background study is completed. 71.17

71.18 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 221.031, subdivision 3b, is amended to read:

Subd. 3b. Passenger transportation; exemptions. (a) A person who transports
passengers for hire in intrastate commerce, who is not made subject to the rules adopted in
section 221.0314 by any other provision of this section, must comply with the rules for
hours of service of drivers while transporting employees of an employer who is directly or
indirectly paying the cost of the transportation.

- 71.24 (b) This subdivision does not apply to:
- 71.25 (1) a local transit commission;
- 71.26 (2) a transit authority created by law; or
- 71.27 (3) persons providing transportation:
- (i) in a school bus as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 71;
- (ii) in a Head Start bus as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 34;
- 71.30 (iii) in a commuter van;
- (iv) in an authorized emergency vehicle as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 3;

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(v) in special transportation service certified by the commissioner under section 174.30; 72.1 (vi) that is special transportation service as defined in section 174.29, subdivision 1, 72.2 when provided by a volunteer driver, as defined in section 65B.472, subdivision 1, paragraph 72.3 (h), operating a private passenger vehicle as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 52; 72.4 72.5 (vii) in a limousine the service of which is licensed by the commissioner under section 221.84; or 72.6 72.7 (viii) in a taxicab, if the fare for the transportation is determined by a meter inside the taxicab that measures the distance traveled and displays the fare accumulated. 72.8 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 256B.0625, subdivision 17, is amended to read: 72.9 Subd. 17. Transportation costs. (a) "Nonemergency medical transportation service" 72.10 means motor vehicle transportation provided by a public or private person that serves 72.11 Minnesota health care program beneficiaries who do not require emergency ambulance 72.12 72.13 service, as defined in section 144E.001, subdivision 3, to obtain covered medical services. (b) Medical assistance covers medical transportation costs incurred solely for obtaining 72.14 emergency medical care or transportation costs incurred by eligible persons in obtaining 72.15 emergency or nonemergency medical care when paid directly to an ambulance company, 72.16 nonemergency medical transportation company, or other recognized providers of 72.17 transportation services. Medical transportation must be provided by: 72.18 (1) nonemergency medical transportation providers who meet the requirements of this 72.19 subdivision; 72.20 (2) ambulances, as defined in section 144E.001, subdivision 2; 72.21 (3) taxicabs that meet the requirements of this subdivision; 72.22 (4) public transit, as defined in section 174.22, subdivision 7; or 72.23 (5) not-for-hire vehicles, including volunteer drivers, as defined in section 65B.472, 72.24 subdivision 1, paragraph (h). 72.25 (c) Medical assistance covers nonemergency medical transportation provided by 72.26 nonemergency medical transportation providers enrolled in the Minnesota health care 72.27 72.28 programs. All nonemergency medical transportation providers must comply with the operating standards for special transportation service as defined in sections 174.29 to 174.30 72.29

and Minnesota Rules, chapter 8840, and all drivers must be individually enrolled with the
commissioner and reported on the claim as the individual who provided the service. All

72.32 nonemergency medical transportation providers shall bill for nonemergency medical

73.1	transportation services in accordance with Minnesota health care programs criteria. Publicly
73.2	operated transit systems, volunteers, and not-for-hire vehicles are exempt from the
73.3	requirements outlined in this paragraph.
73.4	(d) An organization may be terminated, denied, or suspended from enrollment if:
73.5	(1) the provider has not initiated background studies on the individuals specified in
73.6	section 174.30, subdivision 10, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3); or
73.7	(2) the provider has initiated background studies on the individuals specified in section
73.8	174.30, subdivision 10, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3), and:
73.9	(i) the commissioner has sent the provider a notice that the individual has been
73.10	disqualified under section 245C.14; and
73.11	(ii) the individual has not received a disqualification set-aside specific to the special
73.12	transportation services provider under sections 245C.22 and 245C.23.
73.13	(e) The administrative agency of nonemergency medical transportation must:
73.14	(1) adhere to the policies defined by the commissioner in consultation with the
73.15	Nonemergency Medical Transportation Advisory Committee;
73.16	(2) pay nonemergency medical transportation providers for services provided to
73.17	Minnesota health care programs beneficiaries to obtain covered medical services;
73.18	(3) provide data monthly to the commissioner on appeals, complaints, no-shows, canceled
73.19	trips, and number of trips by mode; and
73.20	(4) by July 1, 2016, in accordance with subdivision 18e, utilize a web-based single
73.21	administrative structure assessment tool that meets the technical requirements established
73.22	by the commissioner, reconciles trip information with claims being submitted by providers,
73.23	and ensures prompt payment for nonemergency medical transportation services.
73.24	(f) Until the commissioner implements the single administrative structure and delivery
73.25	system under subdivision 18e, clients shall obtain their level-of-service certificate from the
73.26	commissioner or an entity approved by the commissioner that does not dispatch rides for
73.27	clients using modes of transportation under paragraph (i), clauses (4), (5), (6), and (7).
73.28	(g) The commissioner may use an order by the recipient's attending physician, advanced
73.29	practice registered nurse, or a medical or mental health professional to certify that the
73.30	recipient requires nonemergency medical transportation services. Nonemergency medical
73.31	transportation providers shall perform driver-assisted services for eligible individuals, when

73.32 appropriate. Driver-assisted service includes passenger pickup at and return to the individual's

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residence or place of business, assistance with admittance of the individual to the medical
facility, and assistance in passenger securement or in securing of wheelchairs, child seats,
or stretchers in the vehicle.

74.4 Nonemergency medical transportation providers must take clients to the health care 74.5 provider using the most direct route, and must not exceed 30 miles for a trip to a primary 74.6 care provider or 60 miles for a trip to a specialty care provider, unless the client receives 74.7 authorization from the local agency.

Nonemergency medical transportation providers may not bill for separate base rates for the continuation of a trip beyond the original destination. Nonemergency medical transportation providers must maintain trip logs, which include pickup and drop-off times, signed by the medical provider or client, whichever is deemed most appropriate, attesting to mileage traveled to obtain covered medical services. Clients requesting client mileage reimbursement must sign the trip log attesting mileage traveled to obtain covered medical services.

(h) The administrative agency shall use the level of service process established by the
commissioner in consultation with the Nonemergency Medical Transportation Advisory
Committee to determine the client's most appropriate mode of transportation. If public transit
or a certified transportation provider is not available to provide the appropriate service mode
for the client, the client may receive a onetime service upgrade.

74.20 (i) The covered modes of transportation are:

(1) client reimbursement, which includes client mileage reimbursement provided to
clients who have their own transportation, or to family or an acquaintance who provides
transportation to the client;

74.24 (2) volunteer transport, which includes transportation by volunteers using their own74.25 vehicle;

(3) unassisted transport, which includes transportation provided to a client by a taxicab
or public transit. If a taxicab or public transit is not available, the client can receive
transportation from another nonemergency medical transportation provider;

(4) assisted transport, which includes transport provided to clients who require assistance
by a nonemergency medical transportation provider;

(5) lift-equipped/ramp transport, which includes transport provided to a client who is
dependent on a device and requires a nonemergency medical transportation provider with
a vehicle containing a lift or ramp;

(6) protected transport, which includes transport provided to a client who has received
a prescreening that has deemed other forms of transportation inappropriate and who requires
a provider: (i) with a protected vehicle that is not an ambulance or police car and has safety
locks, a video recorder, and a transparent thermoplastic partition between the passenger and
the vehicle driver; and (ii) who is certified as a protected transport provider; and

(7) stretcher transport, which includes transport for a client in a prone or supine position
and requires a nonemergency medical transportation provider with a vehicle that can transport
a client in a prone or supine position.

(j) The local agency shall be the single administrative agency and shall administer and reimburse for modes defined in paragraph (i) according to paragraphs (m) and (n) when the commissioner has developed, made available, and funded the web-based single administrative structure, assessment tool, and level of need assessment under subdivision 18e. The local agency's financial obligation is limited to funds provided by the state or federal government.

75.14 (k) The commissioner shall:

(1) in consultation with the Nonemergency Medical Transportation Advisory Committee,
 verify that the mode and use of nonemergency medical transportation is appropriate;

75.17 (2) verify that the client is going to an approved medical appointment; and

75.18 (3) investigate all complaints and appeals.

(1) The administrative agency shall pay for the services provided in this subdivision and
seek reimbursement from the commissioner, if appropriate. As vendors of medical care,
local agencies are subject to the provisions in section 256B.041, the sanctions and monetary
recovery actions in section 256B.064, and Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.2160 to 9505.2245.

(m) Payments for nonemergency medical transportation must be paid based on the client's
assessed mode under paragraph (h), not the type of vehicle used to provide the service. The
medical assistance reimbursement rates for nonemergency medical transportation services
that are payable by or on behalf of the commissioner for nonemergency medical
transportation services are:

75.28 (1) \$0.22 per mile for client reimbursement;

(2) up to 100 percent of the Internal Revenue Service business deduction rate for volunteer
transport;

(3) equivalent to the standard fare for unassisted transport when provided by public

transit, and \$11 for the base rate and \$1.30 per mile when provided by a nonemergency 76.2

76.3 medical transportation provider;

(4) \$13 for the base rate and \$1.30 per mile for assisted transport; 76.4

76.5 (5) \$18 for the base rate and \$1.55 per mile for lift-equipped/ramp transport;

(6) \$75 for the base rate and \$2.40 per mile for protected transport; and 76.6

76.7 (7) \$60 for the base rate and \$2.40 per mile for stretcher transport, and \$9 per trip for an additional attendant if deemed medically necessary. 76.8

76.9 (n) The base rate for nonemergency medical transportation services in areas defined

under RUCA to be super rural is equal to 111.3 percent of the respective base rate in 76.10

paragraph (m), clauses (1) to (7). The mileage rate for nonemergency medical transportation 76.11

services in areas defined under RUCA to be rural or super rural areas is: 76.12

(1) for a trip equal to 17 miles or less, equal to 125 percent of the respective mileage 76.13 rate in paragraph (m), clauses (1) to (7); and 76.14

(2) for a trip between 18 and 50 miles, equal to 112.5 percent of the respective mileage 76.15 rate in paragraph (m), clauses (1) to (7). 76.16

(o) For purposes of reimbursement rates for nonemergency medical transportation 76.17 services under paragraphs (m) and (n), the zip code of the recipient's place of residence 76.18 shall determine whether the urban, rural, or super rural reimbursement rate applies. 76.19

(p) For purposes of this subdivision, "rural urban commuting area" or "RUCA" means 76.20 a census-tract based classification system under which a geographical area is determined 76.21 to be urban, rural, or super rural. 76.22

(q) The commissioner, when determining reimbursement rates for nonemergency medical 76.23 76.24 transportation under paragraphs (m) and (n), shall exempt all modes of transportation listed under paragraph (i) from Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0445, item R, subitem (2). 76.25

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 325E.21, is amended by adding a subdivision 76.26 to read: 76.27

76.28 Subd. 2b. Purchase of catalytic converters. (a) Any person who purchases or receives a catalytic converter must comply with this section. 76.29

76.30 (b) Every scrap metal dealer, including an agent, employee, or representative of the

dealer, must create a permanent record, written in English and using an electronic record 76.31

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77.1	program, at the time of each catal	ytic converter purchase	or acquisition. Th	ne record must
77.2	include:			
77.3	(1) the vehicle identification n	umber of the vehicle fr	om which the cata	alytic converter
77.4	was removed; and			
77.5	(2) the name of the person whe	o removed the catalytic	converter.	
77.6	(c) A scrap metal dealer must	make the information u	ınder paragraph (b) available for
77.7	examination by a law enforcemen	t agency or a person wh	no has reported the	eft of a catalytic
77.8	converter.			
77.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ction is effective the da	y following final	enactment.
77.10	Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 202	0, section 325E.21, is a	mended by adding	g a subdivision
77.11	to read:			
77.12	Subd. 2c. Catalytic converter	theft prevention pilot p	project. (a) The ca	talytic converter
77.13	theft prevention pilot project is cre	eated to deter the theft of	of catalytic conver	ters by marking
77.14	catalytic converters with vehicle i	dentification numbers of	or other unique ide	entifiers.
77.15	(b) The commissioner must es	tablish a procedure to r	nark the catalytic	converters of
77.16	vehicles most likely to be targeted	for theft with unique id	entification numb	ers using labels,
77.17	engraving, theft deterrence paint,	or other methods that p	ermanently mark	the catalytic
77.18	converter without damaging the c	atalytic converter's fund	ction.	
77.19	(c) The commissioner must we	ork with law enforcement	nt agencies, insura	ince companies,
77.20	and scrap metal dealers to (1) ident	tify vehicles that are mo	ost frequently targe	ted for catalytic
77.21	converter theft, and (2) establish th	e most effective method	ls for marking cata	lytic converters.
77.22	(d) Materials purchased under	this program may be di	istributed to deale	rs, as defined in
77.23	section 168.002, subdivision 6, aut	omobile repair shops an	d service centers, l	aw enforcement
77.24	agencies, and community organization	ations to arrange the cat	alytic converters of	of vehicles most
77.25	likely to be targeted for theft to be	e marked at no cost to the	he vehicle owners	<u>.</u>
77.26	(e) The commissioner may pri	oritize distribution of m	naterials to areas e	xperiencing the
77.27	highest rates of catalytic converter	r theft.		
77.28	(f) The commissioner must mak	ce educational information	on resulting form t	he pilot program
77.29	available to law enforcement agence	cies and scrap metal deal	lers, and is encoura	iged to publicize
77.30	the program to the general public.			
77.31	(g) The commissioner must in	clude a report on the pi	lot project in the r	eport required
77.32	under section 65B.84, subdivision	2. The report must desc	cribe the progress,	results, and any

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78.1	findings of the pilot project inclu	ding the total number of c	atalytic converte	ers marked under
78.2	the program, and, to the extent k	mown, whether any catal	ytic converters m	narked under the
78.3	pilot project were stolen and the	outcome of any criminal	investigation int	to the thefts.
78.4	Sec. 31. [325E.80] ABNORM	AL MARKET DISRUP	TIONS: UNCO	NSCIONABLY
78.5	EXCESSIVE PRICES.		,	
78.6	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this sec	tion, the terms ir	this subdivision
78.7	have the meanings given.			
78.8	(b) "Abnormal market disrup	tion" means a change in th	ne market resultin	ng from a natural
78.9	or man-made disaster, a national	or local emergency, a pub	lic health emerg	ency, or an event
78.10	resulting in a declaration of a sta	te of emergency by the g	overnor; and occ	curs when
78.11	specifically declared by the gove	ernor. The governor's dec	laration of an ab	normal market
78.12	disruption must note the geograp	hic area to which this sec	tion applies. An a	abnormal market
78.13	disruption terminates no later that	in 30 days after the end of	the state of emer	rgency for which
78.14	the abnormal market disruption	was activated.		
78.15	(c) "Essential consumer good	l or service" means a goo	d or service vita	l and necessary
78.16	for the health, safety, and welfar	e of the public, including	without limitati	on: food; water;
78.17	fuel; gasoline; shelter; transporta	ation; health care services	; pharmaceutica	ls; and medical,
78.18	personal hygiene, sanitation, and	l cleaning supplies.		
78.19	(d) "Seller" means a manufac	cturer, supplier, wholesald	er, distributor, or	retail seller of
78.20	goods or services.			
78.21	(e) "Unconscionably excessive	ve" means there is a gross	s disparity betwe	en the seller's
78.22	price of a good or service offered	d for sale or sold in the us	ual course of bus	siness during the
78.23	30 days immediately prior to the	e governor's declaration o	f an abnormal m	arket disruption
78.24	and the seller's price of the same	or similar good or servic	e after the gover	nor's declaration
78.25	of an abnormal market disruptio	n, and the gross disparity	is not substantia	ally related to an
78.26	increase in the cost of obtaining	or selling the good or of	providing the set	rvice. A gross
78.27	disparity between the price of a	good or service does not	occur when the a	amount charged
78.28	after the abnormal market disrup	ption increased the price 3	30 percent or less	<u>s.</u>
78.29	Subd. 2. Prohibition. If the	governor declares an abno	ormal market dis	ruption a person
78.30	is prohibited from selling or offe	ering to sell an essential c	onsumer good o	r service for an
78.31	amount that represents an uncon	scionably excessive price	<u>).</u>	

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79.1	Subd. 3. Civil penalty. A per-	son who is found to have	e violated this se	ection is subject
79.2	to a civil penalty of not more than	n \$1,000 per sale or tran	saction, with a n	naximum penalty
79.3	of \$10,000 per day.			
79.4	Subd. 4. Enforcement autho	rity. The attorney generation	al may investiga	te an alleged
79.5	violation of this section. The auth	nority of the attorney gen	neral under this	section includes
79.6	but is not limited to the authority	provided under section	8.31.	
79.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective the da	y following fina	l enactment.
79.8	Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 202	20, section 325F.171, is a	amended by add	ing a subdivision
79.9	to read:			
79.10	Subd. 5. Enforcement. This s	ection may be enforced a	s provided under	r sections 325F.10
79.11	to 325F.12, 325F.14 to 325F.16, a	and 45.027, subdivisions	s 1 to 6. The con	nmissioner may
79.12	coordinate with the commissione	r of the Pollution Contro	ol Agency and th	ne commissioner
79.13	of health to enforce this section.			
79.14	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 202	20, section 325F.172, is a	amended by add	ing a subdivision
79.15	to read:			
79.16	Subd. 4. Enforcement. Section	ons 325F.173 to 325F.17	5 may be enforce	ed as provided
79.17	under sections 325F.10 to 325F.1	2, 325F.14 to 325F.16, a	and 45.027, subd	livisions 1 to 6.
79.18	The commissioner may coordinat	e with the commissioner	r of the Pollution	n Control Agency
79.19	and the commissioner of health to	o enforce this section.		
79.20	Sec. 34. [325F.179] ENFORC	EMENT.		
79.21	Sections 325F.177 and 325F.1	78 may be enforced as	provided under s	sections 325F.10
79.22	to 325F.12, 325F.14 to 325F.16, a	and 45.027, subdivisions	s 1 to 6. The con	nmissioner may
79.23	coordinate with the commissione	r of the Pollution Contro	ol Agency and th	ne commissioner
79.24	of health to enforce this section.			
79.25	Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 202	20, section 514.972, sub-	division 4, is an	nended to read:
79.26	Subd. 4. Denial of access. Upo	on default, the owner shal	l mail notice of d	efault as provided
79.27	under section 514.974. The owne	r may deny the occupan	t access to the p	ersonal property
79.28	contained in the self-service stora	nge facility after default,	service of the n	otice of default,
79.29	expiration of the date stated for d	enial of access, and appl	lication of any s	ecurity deposit to
79.30	unpaid rent. The notice of default	must state the date that t	he occupant will	be denied access
79.31	to the occupant's personal proper	ty in the self-service stor	rage facility and	that access will

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- 80.1 be denied until the owner's claim has been satisfied. The notice of default must state that
- any dispute regarding denial of access can be raised by the occupant beginning legal action
- 80.3 in court. Notice of default must further state the rights of the occupant contained in
- 80.4 subdivision 5.

80.6

80.5 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 514.972, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Access to certain items. The occupant may remove from the self-service storage

facility personal papers, health aids, personal clothing of the occupant and the occupant's
dependents, and personal property that is necessary for the livelihood of the occupant, that
has a market value of less than \$50 per item, if demand is made to any of the persons listed
in section 514.976, subdivision 1. The occupant shall present a list of the items, and may
remove them during the facility's ordinary business hours prior to the sale authorized by
section 514.973. If the owner unjustifiably denies the occupant access for the purpose of

80.13 removing the items specified in this subdivision, the occupant is entitled to an order allowing

80.14 access to the storage unit for removal of the specified items. The self-service storage facility

80.15 is liable to the occupant for the costs, disbursements and attorney fees expended by the

80.16 occupant to obtain this order. (a) Any occupant may remove from the self-storage facility

80.17 personal papers and health aids upon demand made to any of the persons listed in section

80.18 <u>514.976</u>, subdivision 1.

80.19 (b) An occupant who provides documentation from a government or nonprofit agency
80.20 or legal aid office that the occupant is a recipient of relief based on need, is eligible for legal
80.21 aid services, or is a survivor of domestic violence or sexual assault may remove, in addition
80.22 to the items provided in paragraph (a), personal clothing of the occupant and the occupant's
80.23 dependents and tools of the trade that are necessary for the livelihood of the occupant that
80.24 has a market value not to exceed \$125 per item.

(c) The occupant shall present a list of the items and may remove the items during the
 facility's ordinary business hours prior to the sale authorized by section 514.973. If the
 owner unjustifiably denies the occupant access for the purpose of removing the items
 specified in this subdivision, the occupant is entitled to request relief from the court for an

80.29 order allowing access to the storage space for removal of the specified items. The self-service

- <u>______</u>
- 80.30 storage facility is liable to the occupant for the costs, disbursements, and attorney fees
- 80.31 expended by the occupant to obtain this order.
- 80.32 (d) For the purposes of this subdivision, "relief based on need" includes but is not limited
- 80.33 to receipt of a benefit from the Minnesota family investment program and diversionary
- 80.34 work program, medical assistance, general assistance, emergency general assistance,

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81.1	Minnesota supplemental aid, Minnesota supplemental aid housing assistance, MinnesotaCare,
81.2	Supplemental Security Income, energy assistance, emergency assistance, Supplemental
81.3	Nutrition Assistance Program benefits, earned income tax credit, or Minnesota working
81.4	family tax credit. Relief based on need can also be proven by providing documentation from
81.5	a legal aid organization that the individual is receiving legal aid assistance, or by providing
81.6	documentation from a government agency, nonprofit, or housing assistance program that
81.7	the individual is receiving assistance due to domestic violence or sexual assault.
81.8	Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 514.973, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
81.9	Subd. 3. Contents of notice. The notice must include:
81.10	(1) a statement of the amount owed for rent and other charges and demand for payment
81.11	within a specified time not less than 14 days after delivery of the notice;
81.12	(2) pursuant to section 514.972, subdivision 4, a notice of denial of access to the storage
81.13	space, if this denial is permitted under the terms of the rental agreement;
81.14	(3) the date that the occupant will be denied access to the occupant's personal property
81.15	in the self-service storage facility;
81.16	(4) a statement that access will be denied until the owner's claim has been satisfied;
81.17	(5) a statement that any dispute regarding denial of access can be raised by an occupant
81.18	beginning legal action in court;
81.19	(3) (6) the name, street address, and telephone number of the owner, or of the owner's
81.20	designated agent, whom the occupant may contact to respond to the notice;
81.21	(4) (7) a conspicuous statement that unless the claim is paid within the time stated in
81.22	the notice, the personal property will be advertised for sale. The notice must specify the
81.23	time and place of the sale; and
81.24	(5) (8) a conspicuous statement of the items that the occupant may remove without
81.25	charge pursuant to section 514.972, subdivision 5, if the occupant is denied general access
81.26	to the storage space.
01.05	See 28 Minnegete Statutes 2020 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 1.14 1
81.27	Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 514.973, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
81.28	Subd. 4. Sale of property. (a) A sale of personal property may take place no sooner
81.29	than 45 days after default or, if the personal property is a motor vehicle or watercraft, no

sooner than 60 days after default.

(b) After the expiration of the time given in the notice, the sale must be published once 82.1 a week for two weeks consecutively in a newspaper of general circulation where the sale 82.2 is to be held. The sale may take place no sooner than 15 days after the first publication. If 82.3 the lien is satisfied before the second publication occurs, the second publication is waived. 82.4 If there is no qualified newspaper under chapter 331A where the sale is to be held, the 82.5 advertisement may be posted on an independent, publicly accessible website that advertises 82.6 self-storage lien sales or public notices. The advertisement must include a general description 82.7 82.8 of the goods, the name of the person on whose account the goods are being held, and the time and place of the sale. 82.9

82.10 (c) A sale of the personal property must conform to the terms of the notification.

(d) A sale of the personal property must be public and must be either:

82.12 (1) held via an online auction; or

82.13 (2) held at the storage facility, or at the nearest suitable place at which the personal82.14 property is held or stored.

82.15 Owners shall require all bidders, including online bidders, to register and agree to the rules82.16 of the sale.

(e) The sale must be conducted in a commercially reasonable manner. A sale is
commercially reasonable if the property is sold in conformity with the practices among
dealers in the property sold or sellers of similar distressed property sales.

82.20 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 514.974, is amended to read:

82.21 **514.974 ADDITIONAL NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.**

Notification of the proposed sale of personal property must include a notice of denial of access to the personal property until the owner's claim has been satisfied. Any notice the owner is required to mail to the occupant under sections 514.970 to 514.979 shall be sent to:

82.26 (1) the e-mail address, if consented to by the occupant, as provided in section 514.973,
82.27 subdivision 2;

(2) the mailing address and any alternate mailing address provided by the occupant inthe rental agreement; or

(3) the last known mailing address of the occupant, if the last known mailing address
differs from the mailing address listed by the occupant in the rental agreement and the owner
has reason to believe that the last known mailing address is more current.

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83.1 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 514.977, is amended to read:

83.2 514.977 DEFAULT ADDITIONAL REMEDIES.

- 83.3 Subdivision 1. **Default; breach of rental agreement.** If an occupant defaults in the
- 83.4 payment of rent for the storage space or otherwise breaches the rental agreement, the owner
- 83.5 may commence an eviction action under chapter 504B to terminate the rental agreement,
- recover possession of the storage space, remove the occupant, and dispose of the stored
- 83.7 personal property. The action shall be conducted in accordance with the Minnesota Rules
- 83.8 of Civil Procedure, except as provided in this section.
- 83.9 Subd. 2. Service of summons. The summons must be served at least seven days before
 83.10 the date of the court appearance as provided in subdivision 3.
- 83.11 Subd. 3. Appearance. Except as provided in subdivision 4, in an action filed under this
- section the appearance shall be not less than seven or more than 14 days from the day of
 issuing the summons.
- 83.14 Subd. 4. Expedited hearing. If the owner files a motion and affidavit stating specific
 83.15 facts and instances in support of an allegation that the occupant is causing a nuisance or
 83.16 engaging in illegal or other behavior that seriously endangers the safety of others, others'
 83.17 property, or the storage facility's property, the appearance shall be not less than three days
- 83.18 nor more than seven days from the date the summons is issued. The summons in an expedited
- 83.19 hearing shall be served upon the occupant within 24 hours of issuance unless the court
- 83.20 orders otherwise for good cause shown.
- 83.21 Subd. 5. Answer; trial; continuance. At the court appearance specified in the summons,
- 83.22 the defendant may answer the complaint, and the court shall hear and decide the action,
- unless it grants a continuance of the trial, which may be for no longer than six days, unless
 all parties consent to longer continuance.
- Subd. 6. Counterclaims. The occupant is prohibited from bringing counterclaims in the
 action that are unrelated to the possession of the storage space. Nothing in this section
 prevents the occupant from bringing the claim in a separate action.
- Subd. 7. Judgment; writ. Judgment in matters adjudicated under this section shall be
 in accordance with section 504B.345, paragraph (a). Execution of a writ issued under this
 section shall be in accordance with section 504B.365.

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84.1	Sec. 41. THIRD-PARTY FOOD DELIVERY FEES; LIMITATION.
84.2	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this
84.3	subdivision have the meanings given.
84.4	(b) "Delivery fee" means a fee charged by a third-party food delivery service to a food
84.5	and beverage establishment for a service that delivers food or beverages from the
84.6	establishment to customers. Delivery fee does not include (1) any other fee that may be
84.7	charged by a third-party food delivery service to a food and beverage establishment, including
84.8	but not limited to fees for marketing, listing, or advertising the food and beverage
84.9	establishment on the third-party food delivery service platform, or (2) fees related to
84.10	processing an online order.
84.11	(c) "Food and beverage establishment" or "establishment" means a retail business that
84.12	sells prepared food or beverages to the public.
84.13	(d) "Online order" means an order, including a telephone order, placed by a customer
84.14	through or with the assistance of a platform provided by a third-party food delivery service.
84.15	(e) "Purchase price" means the total price of the items contained in an online order that
84.16	are listed on the menu of the food and beverage establishment where the order is placed.
84.17	Purchase price does not include taxes, gratuities, or other fees that may make up the total
84.18	cost of a customer's online order.
84.19	(f) "Third-party food delivery service" means a platform offered through an
84.20	online-enabled application, software, website, or other Internet service that offers or arranges
84.21	for the sale of food and beverages prepared by, delivered by, or picked up from a food and
84.22	beverage establishment.
84.23	Subd. 2. Limitation on food delivery fees. (a) A third-party food delivery service is
84.24	prohibited from:
84.25	(1) charging a food and beverage establishment a delivery fee that totals more than ten
84.26	percent of an online order's purchase price;
84.27	(2) charging a food and beverage establishment any fee, other than the delivery fee
84.28	described in clause (1), to use the third-party delivery service that totals more than five
84.29	percent of an online order's purchase price;
84.30	(3) charging a customer a purchase price that is higher than the price set by the food and
84.31	beverage establishment or, if no price is set by the food and beverage establishment, the
84.32	price listed on the establishment's menu; or

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85.1	(4) reducing the compensation rat	tes paid to third-part	y food delivery ser	vice drivers as
85.2	a result of the limitations on fees inst			
85.3	(b) A food and beverage establish	ment may choose b	ut a third-party for	d delivery
85.4	service is prohibited from requiring,			
85.5	and beverage establishment on the th			
85.6	limitations in paragraph (a).			
85.7	Subd. 3. Enforcement by attorn		ittorney general mu	ist enforce this
85.8	section under Minnesota Statutes, see	<u>ction 8.31.</u>		
85.9	(b) In addition to the remedies oth	erwise provided by la	aw, a person injured	l by a violation
85.10	of subdivision 2 may bring a civil ac	tion and recover dan	nages, together with	h costs and
85.11	disbursements, including costs of inv	restigation and reaso	nable attorney fees	, and receive
85.12	other equitable relief as determined b	by the court.		
85.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	on is effective the day	y following final er	nactment and
85.14	expires 60 days after the peacetime e	mergency declared b	by the governor in a	an executive
85.15	order that relates to the infectious dis	ease known as COV	ID-19 is terminated	d or rescinded.
0516		ARTICLE 5		
85.16 85.17		ANTICLE 5		
	COLLECTION A	GENCIES AND D	EBT BUYERS	
03.17	COLLECTION A	GENCIES AND D	EBT BUYERS	
85.18	COLLECTION A Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020			nded to read:
		, section 332.31, sub	odivision 3, is amer	
85.18	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020), section 332.31, sub lection agency" <u>or "1</u>	odivision 3, is amer licensee" means an	d includes any
85.18 85.19	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020 Subd. 3. Collection agency. "Col), section 332.31, sub lection agency" <u>or "l</u> of collection for othe	odivision 3, is amer licensee" means an ers any account, bil	d includes any ll <u>,</u> or other
85.18 85.19 85.20	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020 Subd. 3. Collection agency. "Col (1) a person engaged in the business), section 332.31, sub lection agency" <u>or "l</u> of collection for othe rovided <u>; or (2) a deb</u>	odivision 3, is amer licensee" means an ers any account, bil <u>et buyer</u> . It includes	d includes any ll <u>,</u> or other persons who
85.1885.1985.2085.21	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020 Subd. 3. Collection agency. "Col (1) a person engaged in the business indebtedness, except as hereinafter p	, section 332.31, sub lection agency" <u>or "l</u> of collection for othe rovided <u>; or (2) a deb</u> name which simulate	odivision 3, is amer licensee" means an ers any account, bil <u>et buyer</u> . It includes es the name of a col	d includes any ll <u>,</u> or other persons who lection agency
 85.18 85.19 85.20 85.21 85.22 	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020 Subd. 3. Collection agency. "Col (1) a person engaged in the business indebtedness, except as hereinafter p furnish collection systems carrying a	o, section 332.31, sub lection agency" <u>or "1</u> of collection for othe rovided <u>; or (2) a deb</u> name which simulate s to be used by the cr	odivision 3, is amer <u>licensee"</u> means an ers any account, bil <u>et buyer</u> . It includes es the name of a col reditor, even though	d includes any ll, or other persons who lection agency h such forms
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business of collection for others an account, bill, or other indebtedness except as otherwise
provided in this chapter.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.31, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 read:
- Subd. 8. Debt buyer. "Debt buyer" means a business engaged in the purchase of any
 charged-off account, bill, or other indebtedness for collection purposes, whether the business
 collects the account, bill, or other indebtedness, hires a third party for collection, or hires
 an attorney for litigation related to the collection.
- 86.7 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.31, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 86.8 read:

86.9 Subd. 9. Affiliated company. "Affiliated company" means a company that: (1) directly 86.10 or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another company 86.11 or companies; (2) has the same executive management team or owner that exerts control 86.12 over the business operations of the company; (3) maintains a uniform network of corporate

and compliance policies and procedures; and (4) does not engage in active collection of

86.14 <u>debts.</u>

86.15 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.311, is amended to read:

86.16 **332.311 TRANSFER OF ADMINISTRATIVE FUNCTIONS.**

The powers, duties, and responsibilities of the consumer services section under sections 332.31 to 332.44 relating to collection agencies and debt buyers are hereby transferred to and imposed upon the commissioner of commerce.

86.20 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.32, is amended to read:

86.21 **332.32 EXCLUSIONS.**

(a) The term "collection agency" shall does not include persons whose collection activities 86.22 86.23 are confined to and are directly related to the operation of a business other than that of a collection agency such as, but not limited to banks when collecting accounts owed to the 86.24 banks and when the bank will sustain any loss arising from uncollectible accounts, abstract 86.25 companies doing an escrow business, real estate brokers, public officers, persons acting 86.26 under order of a court, lawyers, trust companies, insurance companies, credit unions, savings 86.27 associations, loan or finance companies unless they are engaged in asserting, enforcing or 86.28 prosecuting unsecured claims which have been purchased from any person, firm, or 86.29 association when there is recourse to the seller for all or part of the claim if the claim is not 86.30 collected. 86.31

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(b) The term "collection agency" shall not include a trade association performing services
authorized by section 604.15, subdivision 4a, but the trade association in performing the
services may not engage in any conduct that would be prohibited for a collection agency
under section 332.37.

87.5 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Requirement. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, no person 87.6 87.7 shall conduct within this state a collection agency or engage within this state in the business of collecting claims for others business in Minnesota as a collection agency or debt buyer, 87.8 as defined in sections 332.31 to 332.44, without having first applied for and obtained a 87.9 collection agency license. A person acting under the authority of a collection agency, debt 87.10 buyer, or as a collector, must first register with the commissioner under this section. A 87.11 registered collector may use one additional assumed name only if the assumed name is 87.12 registered with and approved by the commissioner. A business that operates as a debt buyer 87.13 87.14 must submit a completed license application no later than January 1, 2022. A debt buyer who has filed an application with the commissioner for a collection agency license prior to 87.15 January 1, 2022, and whose application remains pending with the commissioner thereafter, 87.16 may continue to operate without a license until the commissioner approves or denies the 87.17 application. 87.18

87.19 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.33, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Penalty.** A person who carries on business as a collection agency <u>or debt buyer</u> without first having obtained a license or acts as a collector without first having registered with the commissioner pursuant to sections 332.31 to 332.44, or who carries on this business after the revocation, suspension, or expiration of a license or registration is guilty of a misdemeanor.

87.25 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.33, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Collection agency License rejection. On finding that an applicant for a
collection agency license is not qualified under sections 332.31 to 332.44, the commissioner
shall reject the application and shall give the applicant written notice of the rejection and
the reasons for the rejection.

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88.1 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.33, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

Subd. 5a. Individual collector registration. A licensed collection agency licensee, on 88.2 behalf of an individual collector, must register with the state all individuals in the collection 88.3 agency's licensee's employ who are performing the duties of a collector as defined in sections 88.4 332.31 to 332.44. The collection agency licensee must apply for an individual collection 88.5 registration in a form prescribed by the commissioner. The collection agency licensee shall 88.6 verify on the form that the applicant has confirmed that the applicant meets the requirements 88.7 88.8 to perform the duties of a collector as defined in sections 332.31 to 332.44. Upon submission of the application to the department, the individual may begin to perform the duties of a 88.9 collector and may continue to do so unless the licensed collection agency licensee is informed 88.10 by the commissioner that the individual is ineligible. 88.11

88.12 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.33, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Changes; notice to commissioner. (a) A licensed collection agency licensee
must give the commissioner written notice of a change in company name, address, or
ownership not later than ten days after the change occurs. A registered individual collector
must give written notice of a change of address, name, or assumed name no later than ten
days after the change occurs.

(b) Upon the death of any collection agency licensee, the license of the decedent may
be transferred to the executor or administrator of the estate for the unexpired term of the
license. The executor or administrator may be authorized to continue or discontinue the
collection business of the decedent under the direction of the court having jurisdiction of
the probate.

88.23 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.33, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Screening process requirement. (a) Each licensed collection agency licensee
must establish procedures to follow when screening an individual collector applicant prior
to submitting an applicant to the commissioner for initial registration and at renewal.

(b) The screening process for initial registration must be done at the time of hiring. The
process must include a national criminal history record search, an attorney licensing search,
and a county criminal history search for all counties where the applicant has resided within
the five years immediately preceding the initial registration, to determine whether the
applicant is eligible to be registered under section 332.35. Each licensed collection agency
<u>licensee</u> shall use a vendor that is a member of the National Association of Professional

- Background Screeners, or an equivalent vendor, to conduct this background screeningprocess.
- (c) Screening for renewal of individual collector registration must include a national 89.3 criminal history record search and a county criminal history search for all counties where 89.4 the individual has resided during the immediate preceding year. Screening for renewal of 89.5 individual collector registrations must take place no more than 60 days before the license 89.6 expiration or renewal date. A renewal screening is not required if an individual collector 89.7 89.8 has been subjected to an initial background screening within 12 months of the first registration renewal date. A renewal screening is required for all subsequent annual registration renewals. 89.9 89.10 (d) The commissioner may review the procedures to ensure the integrity of the screening
- 89.11 process. Failure by a licensed collection agency licensee to establish these procedures is
 89.12 subject to action under section 332.40.
- 89.13 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.33, is amended by adding a subdivision to89.14 read:
- 89.15 Subd. 9. Affiliated companies. The commissioner must permit affiliated companies to
 89.16 operate under a single license and be subject to a single examination, provided that all of
 89.17 the affiliated company names are listed on the license.
- 89.18 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.34, is amended to read:

89.19 **332.34 BOND.**

The commissioner of commerce shall require each collection agency licensee to file and 89.20 maintain in force a corporate surety bond, in a form to be prescribed by, and acceptable to, 89.21 the commissioner, and in a sum of at least \$50,000 plus an additional \$5,000 for each 89.22 \$100,000 received by the collection agency from debtors located in Minnesota during the 89.23 previous calendar year, less commissions earned by the collection agency on those collections 89.24 for the previous calendar year. The total amount of the bond shall not exceed \$100,000. A 89.25 collection agency licensee may deposit cash in and with a depository acceptable to the 89.26 commissioner in an amount and in the manner prescribed and approved by the commissioner 89.27 89.28 in lieu of a bond.

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90.1 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.345, is amended to read:

90.2 **332.345 SEGREGATED ACCOUNTS.**

A payment collected by a collector or collection agency on behalf of a customer shall be held by the collector or collection agency in a separate trust account clearly designated for customer funds. The account must be in a bank or other depository institution authorized or chartered under the laws of any state or of the United States. This section does not apply to a debt buyer, except to the extent the debt buyer engages in third-party debt collection <u>for others.</u>

90.9 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.355, is amended to read:

90.10 **332.355 AGENCY RESPONSIBILITY FOR COLLECTORS.**

90.11 The commissioner may take action against a <u>collection agency licensee</u> for any violations
90.12 of debt collection laws by its debt collectors. The commissioner may also take action against
90.13 the debt collectors themselves for these same violations.

90.14 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.37, is amended to read:

90.15 **332.37 PROHIBITED PRACTICES.**

90.16 (a) No collection agency, debt buyer, or collector shall:

90.17 (1) in collection letters or publications, or in any communication, oral or written threaten
90.18 wage garnishment or legal suit by a particular lawyer, unless it has actually retained the
90.19 lawyer;

90.20 (2) use or employ sheriffs or any other officer authorized to serve legal papers in
90.21 connection with the collection of a claim, except when performing their legally authorized
90.22 duties;

90.23 (3) use or threaten to use methods of collection which violate Minnesota law;

90.24 (4) furnish legal advice or otherwise engage in the practice of law or represent that it is90.25 competent to do so;

90.26 (5) communicate with debtors in a misleading or deceptive manner by using the stationery
90.27 of a lawyer, forms or instruments which only lawyers are authorized to prepare, or
90.28 instruments which simulate the form and appearance of judicial process;

90.29 (6) exercise authority on behalf of a <u>creditor client</u> to employ the services of lawyers
90.30 unless the <u>creditor client</u> has specifically authorized the agency in writing to do so and the

91.1 agency's course of conduct is at all times consistent with a true relationship of attorney and
91.2 client between the lawyer and the <u>creditor client;</u>

91.3 (7) publish or cause to be published any list of debtors except for credit reporting
91.4 purposes, use shame cards or shame automobiles, advertise or threaten to advertise for sale
91.5 any claim as a means of forcing payment thereof, or use similar devices or methods of
91.6 intimidation;

91.7 (8) refuse to return any claim or claims and all valuable papers deposited with a claim
91.8 or claims upon written request of the <u>creditor client</u>, claimant or forwarder after tender of
91.9 the amounts due and owing to <u>the a collection</u> agency within 30 days after the request;
91.10 refuse or intentionally fail to account to its clients for all money collected within 30 days
91.11 from the last day of the month in which the same is collected; or, refuse or fail to furnish
91.12 at intervals of not less than 90 days upon written request of the claimant or forwarder, a
91.13 written report upon claims received from the claimant or forwarder;

91.14 (9) operate under a name or in a manner which implies that the <u>collection</u> agency or debt
91.15 <u>buyer</u> is a branch of or associated with any department of federal, state, county or local
91.16 government or an agency thereof;

91.17 (10) commingle money collected for a customer with the <u>collection</u> agency's operating
91.18 funds or use any part of a customer's money in the conduct of the <u>collection</u> agency's
91.19 business;

91.20 (11) transact business or hold itself out as a debt <u>prorater_settlement company, debt</u>
91.21 <u>management company</u>, debt adjuster, or any person who settles, adjusts, prorates, pools,
91.22 liquidates or pays the indebtedness of a debtor, unless there is no charge to the debtor, or
91.23 the pooling or liquidation is done pursuant to court order or under the supervision of a
91.24 creditor's committee;

91.25 (12) violate any of the provisions of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act of 1977,
91.26 Public Law 95-109, while attempting to collect on any account, bill or other indebtedness;

91.27 (13) communicate with a debtor by use of a recorded message utilizing an automatic
91.28 dialing announcing device unless the recorded message is immediately preceded by a live
91.29 operator who discloses prior to the message the name of the collection agency and the fact
91.30 the message intends to solicit payment and the operator obtains the consent of the debtor
91.31 to hearing the message after the debtor expressly informs the agency or collector to cease
91.32 communication utilizing an automatic dialing announcing device;

(14) in collection letters or publications, or in any communication, oral or written, imply

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92.2 or suggest that health care services will be withheld in an emergency situation;

92.1

92.3 (15) when a debtor has a listed telephone number, enlist the aid of a neighbor or third
92.4 party to request that the debtor contact the licensee or collector, except a person who resides
92.5 with the debtor or a third party with whom the debtor has authorized the licensee or collector
92.6 to place the request. This clause does not apply to a call back message left at the debtor's
92.7 place of employment which is limited to the licensee's or collector's telephone number and
92.8 name;

92.9 (16) when attempting to collect a debt, fail to provide the debtor with the full name of
92.10 the collection agency or debt buyer as it appears on its license or as listed on any "doing
92.11 business as" or "d/b/a" registered with the Department of Commerce;

92.12 (17) collect any money from a debtor that is not reported to a <u>creditor or client;</u>

92.13 (18) fail to return any amount of overpayment from a debtor to the debtor or to the state 92.14 of Minnesota pursuant to the requirements of chapter 345;

92.15 (18) (19) accept currency or coin as payment for a debt without issuing an original receipt
92.16 to the debtor and maintaining a duplicate receipt in the debtor's payment records;

92.17 (19) (20) attempt to collect any amount of money, including any interest, fee, charge,

92.18 or expense incidental to the charge-off obligation, from a debtor or unless the amount is

92.19 expressly authorized by the agreement creating the debt or is otherwise permitted by law;

92.20 (21) charge a fee to a <u>creditor client</u> that is not authorized by agreement with the client;

92.21 (20) (22) falsify any collection agency documents with the intent to deceive a debtor, 92.22 creditor, or governmental agency;

92.23 (21)(23) when initially contacting a Minnesota debtor by mail, fail to include a disclosure 92.24 on the contact notice, in a type size or font which is equal to or larger than the largest other 92.25 type of type size or font used in the text of the notice. The disclosure must state: "This 92.26 collection agency is licensed by the Minnesota Department of Commerce" or "This debt 92.27 buyer is licensed by the Minnesota Department of Commerce" as applicable; or

92.28 (22)(24) commence legal action to collect a debt outside the limitations period set forth 92.29 in section 541.053.

92.30 (b) Paragraph (a), clauses (6), (8), (10), (17), and (21), do not apply to debt buyers except
92.31 to the extent the debt buyer engages in third-party debt collection for others.

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93.1 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.385, is amended to read:

93.2 **332.385 NOTIFICATION TO COMMISSIONER.**

93.3 The collection agency or debt buyer licensee shall notify the commissioner of any
93.4 employee termination within ten days of the termination if it the termination is based in
93.5 whole or in part based on a violation of this chapter.

93.6 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.40, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Commissioner's powers. (a) For the purpose of any investigation or proceeding 93.7 under sections 332.31 to 332.44, the commissioner or any person designated by the 93.8 commissioner may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena collection agencies, debt 93.9 buyers, or collectors and compel their attendance, take evidence and require the production 93.10 of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, agreements or other documents or 93.11 records which the commissioner deems relevant or material to the inquiry. The subpoena 93.12 shall contain a written statement setting forth the circumstances which have reasonably 93.13 caused the commissioner to believe that a violation of sections 332.31 to 332.44 may have 93.14 occurred. 93.15

93.16 (b) In the event that the collection agency, debt buyer, or collector refuses to obey the 93.17 subpoena, or should the commissioner, upon completion of the examination of the collection 93.18 agency, debt buyer, or collector, reasonably conclude that a violation has occurred, the 93.19 commissioner may examine additional witnesses, including third parties, as may be necessary 93.20 to complete the investigation.

93.21 (c) Any subpoena issued pursuant to this section shall be served by certified mail or by
 93.22 personal service. Service shall be made at least 15 days prior to the date of appearance.

93.23 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.42, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Verified financial statement. The commissioner of commerce may at
any time require a collection agency licensee to submit a verified financial statement for
examination by the commissioner to determine whether the collection agency licensee is
financially responsible to carry on a collection agency business within the intents and
purposes of sections 332.31 to 332.44.

93.29 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 332.42, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

93.30 Subd. 2. Record keeping. The commissioner shall require the collection agency or debt
 93.31 <u>buyer</u> licensee to keep such books and records in the licensee's place of business in this

94.1	state as will enable the commissioner to determine whether there has been compliance with
94.2	the provisions of sections 332.31 to 332.44, unless the agency is a foreign corporation duly
94.3	authorized, admitted, and licensed to do business in this state and complies with all the
94.4	requirements of chapter 303 and with all other requirements of sections 332.31 to 332.44.
94.5	Every collection agency licensee shall preserve the records of final entry used in such
94.6	business for a period of five years after final remittance is made on any amount placed with
94.7	the licensee for collection or after any account has been returned to the claimant on which
94.8	one or more payments have been made. Every debt buyer licensee must preserve the records
94.9	of final entry used in the business for a period of five years after final collection of any
94.10	purchased account.
94.11	Sec. 22. GARNISHMENT PROHIBITIONS ON COVID-19 GOVERNMENT
94.12	ASSISTANCE.
94.13	(a) Federal, state, local, and tribal governmental payments issued to relieve the adverse
94.14	economic impact caused by the COVID-19 pandemic are exempt from all claims for
94.15	garnishments and levies of consumer debtors of debt primarily for personal, family, or
94.16	household purposes governed by Minnesota Statutes, chapters 550, 551, and 571.
94.17	(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to domestic support orders and obligations, including
94.18	child support and spousal maintenance obligations, including but not limited to orders and
94.19	obligations under Minnesota Statutes, chapters 518 and 518A.
94.20	(c) This section expires on December 31, 2022.
94.21	EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION. This section is effective the day following
94.22	final enactment and applies to government assistance provided on or after March 13, 2020.
94.23	ARTICLE 6
94.24	COMMERCE MISCELLANEOUS
94.25	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 45.305, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
94.26	Subdivision 1. Appraiser and Insurance Internet prelicense courses. The design and
94.27	delivery of an appraiser prelicense education course or an insurance prelicense education
94.28	course must be approved by the International Distance Education Certification Center
94.29	(IDECC) before the course is submitted for the commissioner's approval.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 45.305, is amended by adding a subdivision to 95.1 95.2 read: 95.3 Subd. 1a. Appraiser Internet prelicense courses. The requirements for the design and delivery of an appraiser prelicense education course are the requirements established by the 95.4 Appraiser Qualifications Board of the Appraisal Foundation and published in the most 95.5 recent version of the Real Property Appraiser Qualification Criteria. 95.6 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 45.306, is amended by adding a subdivision to 95.7 read: 95.8 Subd. 1a. Appraiser Internet continuing education courses. The requirements for the 95.9 design and delivery of an appraiser continuing education course are the requirements 95.10 established by the Appraiser Qualifications Board of the Appraisal Foundation and published 95.11 in the most recent version of the Real Property Appraiser Qualification Criteria. 95.12 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 45.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 95.13 Subdivision 1. Prohibitions. In connection with an approved course, coordinators and 95.14 95.15 instructors must not: (1) recommend or promote the services or practices of a particular business; 95.16 95.17 (2) encourage or recruit individuals to engage the services of, or become associated with, a particular business; 95.18 (3) use materials, clothing, or other evidences of affiliation with a particular entity, 95.19 except as provided under subdivision 3; 95.20 95.21 (4) require students to participate in other programs or services offered by the instructor, coordinator, or education provider; 95.22 95.23 (5) attempt, either directly or indirectly, to discover questions or answers on an examination for a license; 95.24 95.25 (6) disseminate to any other person specific questions, problems, or information known or believed to be included in licensing examinations; 95.26 (7) misrepresent any information submitted to the commissioner; 95.27 (8) fail to cover, or ensure coverage of, all points, issues, and concepts contained in the 95.28 course outline approved by the commissioner during the approved instruction; and 95.29 (9) issue inaccurate course completion certificates. 95.30

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96.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
96.2	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 45.33, is amended by adding a subdivision to
96.3	read:
96.4	Subd. 3. Exceptions. In connection with an approved course, coordinators and instructors
96.5	may:
96.6	(1) display a company or course provider's logo or branding;
96.7	(2) establish a trade-show or conference booth outside the classroom where the
96.8	educational content is being delivered that is separate from a registration location used to
90.8 96.9	track or facilitate student attendance;
90.9	
96.10	(3) display the logo or branding associated with a particular entity to thank the entity as
96.11	an organizational partner of the course provider during a scheduled and approved break in
96.12	the delivery of course content. The display must be separate from a registration location
96.13	used to track or facilitate student attendance; and
96.14	(4) display a third-party logo, promotion, advertisement, or affiliation with a particular
96.15	entity as part of a course program or advertising for an approved course. For purposes of
96.16	this subdivision, course program means digital or paper literature describing the schedule
96.17	of the events, presenters, duration, or background information of the approved course or
96.18	courses. A course program may be made available in the classroom or at a registration
96.19	location used to track or facilitate student attendance.
96.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
96.21	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 60A.71, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
96.22	Subd. 7. Duration; fees. (a) Each applicant for a reinsurance intermediary license shall
96.23	pay to the commissioner a fee of \$200 for an initial two-year license and a fee of \$150 for
96.24	each renewal. Applications shall be submitted on forms prescribed by the commissioner.
96.25	(b) Initial licenses issued under this chapter are valid for a period not to exceed 24 months
96.26	and expire on October 31 of the renewal year assigned by the commissioner. Each renewal
96.27	reinsurance intermediary license is valid for a period of 24 months. Licensees who submit
96.28	renewal applications postmarked or delivered on or before October 15 of the renewal year
96.29	may continue to transact business whether or not the renewal license has been received by
96.30	November 1. Licensees who submit applications postmarked or delivered after October 15
96.31	of the renewal year must not transact business after the expiration date of the license until
96.32	the renewal license has been received.

- 97.1 (c) All fees are nonreturnable, except that an overpayment of any fee may be refunded97.2 upon proper application.
- 97.3 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 79.55, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- 97.4 Subd. 10. Duties of commissioner; report. The commissioner shall issue a report by
- 97.5 March 1 of each year, comparing the average rates charged by workers' compensation
- 97.6 insurers in the state to the pure premium base rates filed by the association, as reviewed by
- 97.7 the Rate Oversight Commission. The Rate Oversight Commission shall review the
- 97.8 commissioner's report and if the experience indicates that rates have not reasonably reflected
- 97.9 changes in pure premiums, the rate oversight commission shall recommend to the legislature
- 97.10 appropriate legislative changes to this chapter.
- 97.11 (a) By March 1 of each year, the commissioner must issue a report that evaluates the
- 97.12 competitiveness of the workers' compensation market in Minnesota in order to evaluate
- 97.13 whether the competitive rating law is working.
- 97.14 (b) The report under this subdivision must: (1) compare the average rates charged by
- 97.15 workers' compensation insurers in Minnesota with the pure premium base rates filed by the
- 97.16 association; and (2) provide market information, including but not limited to the number of
- 97.17 carriers, market shares, the loss-cost multipliers used by companies, and the residual market
 97.18 and self-insurance.
- 97.19 (c) The commissioner must provide the report to the Rate Oversight Commission for
- 97.20 review. If after reviewing the report the Rate Oversight Commission concludes that concerns
- 97.21 exist regarding the competitiveness of the workers' compensation market in Minnesota, the
- 97.22 Rate Oversight Commission must recommend to the legislature appropriate modifications
- 97.23 to this chapter.
- 97.24 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 80G.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 97.25 Subdivision 1. Surety bond requirement. (a) Every dealer shall maintain a current, 97.26 valid surety bond issued by a surety company admitted to do business in Minnesota in an 97.27 amount based on the transactions <u>conducted with Minnesota consumers</u> (purchases from 97.28 and sales to consumers at retail) during the 12-month period prior to registration, or renewal,
- 97.29 whichever is applicable.
- 97.30 (b) The amount of the surety bond shall be as specified in the table below:

97.31	Transaction Amount in Preceding	Surety Bond Required
97.32	12-month Period	
97.33	<u>\$25,000 \$0</u> to \$200,000	\$25,000

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98.1	\$200,000.01 to \$500,000	\$50,000		
98.2	\$500,000.01 to \$1,000,000	\$100,000		
98.3	\$1,000,000.01 to \$2,000,000	\$150,000		
98.4	Over \$2,000,000	\$200,000		

98.5 Sec. 9. [80G.11] NOTIFICATION TO COMMISSIONER.

A dealer must notify the commissioner of any dealer representative termination within
 ten days of the termination if the termination is based in whole or in part on a violation of
 this chapter.

98.9 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 82.57, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

98.10 Subdivision 1. Amounts. The following fees shall be paid to the commissioner:

98.11 (a) a fee of \$150 for each initial individual broker's license, and a fee of \$100 for each
98.12 renewal thereof;

98.13 (b) a fee of \$70 for each initial salesperson's license, and a fee of \$40 for each renewal98.14 thereof;

98.15 (c) a fee of \$85 for each initial real estate closing agent license, and a fee of \$60 for each
98.16 renewal thereof;

98.17 (d) a fee of \$150 for each initial corporate, limited liability company, or partnership
98.18 license, and a fee of \$100 for each renewal thereof;

98.19 (e) a fee for payment to the education, research and recovery fund in accordance with 98.20 section 82.86;

98.21 (f) a fee of \$20 for each transfer;

98.22 (g) a fee of \$50 for license reinstatement;

98.23 (h) (g) a fee of \$20 for reactivating a corporate, limited liability company, or partnership
 98.24 license; and

98.25 (i) (h) in addition to the fees required under this subdivision, individual licensees under
98.26 clauses (a) and (b) shall pay, for each initial license and renewal, a technology surcharge
98.27 of up to \$40 under section 45.24, unless the commissioner has adjusted the surcharge as
98.28 permitted under that section.

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99.1 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 82.57, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
99.2 Subd. 5. Initial license expiration; fee reduction. If an initial license issued under
99.3 subdivision 1, paragraph (a), (b), (c), or (d) expires less than 12 months after issuance, the
99.4 license fee shall be reduced by an amount equal to one-half the fee for a renewal of the
99.5 license. An initial license issued under this chapter expires in the year that results in the
99.6 term of the license being at least 12 months, but no more than 24 months.

99.7 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 82.62, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

99.8 Subd. 3. Timely renewals. A person whose application for a license renewal has not 99.9 been timely submitted and who has not received notice of approval of renewal may not 99.10 continue to transact business either as a real estate broker, salesperson, or closing agent 99.11 after June 30 of the renewal year until approval of renewal is received. Application for 99.12 renewal of a license is timely submitted if: all requirements for renewal, including continuing 99.13 education requirements, have been completed and reported pursuant to section 45.43, 99.14 subdivision 1.

99.15 (1) all requirements for renewal, including continuing education requirements, have
99.16 been completed by June 15 of the renewal year; and

99.17 (2) the application is submitted before the renewal deadline in the manner prescribed
99.18 by the commissioner, duly executed and sworn to, accompanied by fees prescribed by this
99.19 chapter, and containing any information the commissioner requires.

99.20 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 82.81, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Fraudulent, deceptive, and dishonest practices. (a) Prohibitions. For the
purposes of section 82.82, subdivision 1, clause (b), the following acts and practices constitute
fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest practices:

(1) act on behalf of more than one party to a transaction without the knowledge andconsent of all parties;

99.26 (2) act in the dual capacity of licensee and undisclosed principal in any transaction;

(3) receive funds while acting as principal which funds would constitute trust funds if
received by a licensee acting as an agent, unless the funds are placed in a trust account.
Funds need not be placed in a trust account if a written agreement signed by all parties to
the transaction specifies a different disposition of the funds, in accordance with section
82.82, subdivision 1;

100.1 (4) violate any state or federal law concerning discrimination intended to protect the100.2 rights of purchasers or renters of real estate;

(5) make a material misstatement in an application for a license or in any informationfurnished to the commissioner;

(6) procure or attempt to procure a real estate license for himself or herself the procuring
 individual or any person by fraud, misrepresentation, or deceit;

100.7 (7) represent membership in any real estate-related organization in which the licensee100.8 is not a member;

(8) advertise in any manner that is misleading or inaccurate with respect to properties,
terms, values, policies, or services conducted by the licensee;

(9) make any material misrepresentation or permit or allow another to make any materialmisrepresentation;

(10) make any false or misleading statements, or permit or allow another to make any
false or misleading statements, of a character likely to influence, persuade, or induce the
consummation of a transaction contemplated by this chapter;

(11) fail within a reasonable time to account for or remit any money coming into thelicensee's possession which belongs to another;

(12) commingle with his or her the individual's own money or property trust funds or
any other money or property of another held by the licensee;

100.20 (13) <u>a</u> demand from a seller for a commission to <u>or</u> compensation to which the licensee 100.21 is not entitled, knowing that <u>he or she the individual</u> is not entitled to the commission <u>or</u> 100.22 compensation;

(14) pay or give money or goods of value to an unlicensed person for any assistance or
information relating to the procurement by a licensee of a listing of a property or of a
prospective buyer of a property (this item does not apply to money or goods paid or given
to the parties to the transaction);

100.27 (15) fail to maintain a trust account at all times, as provided by law;

(16) engage, with respect to the offer, sale, or rental of real estate, in an anticompetitiveactivity;

(17) represent on advertisements, cards, signs, circulars, letterheads, or in any other
 manner, that <u>he or she the individual</u> is engaged in the business of financial planning unless
 <u>he or she the individual</u> provides a disclosure document to the client. The document must

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101.1 be signed by the client and a copy must be left with the client. The disclosure document

101.2 must contain the following:

- 101.3 (i) the basis of fees, commissions, or other compensation received by him or her an
- 101.4 <u>individual</u> in connection with rendering of financial planning services or financial counseling

101.5 or advice in the following language:

- ^{101.6} "My compensation may be based on the following:
- 101.7 (a) ... commissions generated from the products I sell you;
- 101.8 (b) ... fees; or
- 101.9 (c) ... a combination of (a) and (b). [Comments]";

101.10 (ii) the name and address of any company or firm that supplies the financial services or

101.11 products offered or sold by him or her an individual in the following language:

- 101.12 "I am authorized to offer or sell products and/or services issued by or through the101.13 following firm(s):
- 101.14 [List]

101.15 The products will be traded, distributed, or placed through the clearing/trading firm(s) 101.16 of:

101.17 [List]";

(iii) the license(s) held by the person under this chapter or chapter 60A or 80A in thefollowing language:

101.20 "I am licensed in Minnesota as a(n):

101.21 (a) ... insurance agent;

- 101.22 (b) ... securities agent or broker/dealer;
- 101.23 (c) ... real estate broker or salesperson;
- 101.24 (d) ... investment adviser"; and

101.25 (iv) the specific identity of any financial products or services, by category, for example

101.26 mutual funds, stocks, or limited partnerships, the person is authorized to offer or sell in the101.27 following language:

- ^{101.28} "The license(s) entitles me to offer and sell the following products and/or services:
- 101.29 (a) ... securities, specifically the following: [List];

102.1 (b) ... real property;

- 102.2 (c) ... insurance; and
- 102.3 (d) ... other: [List]."

(b) Determining violation. A licensee shall be deemed to have violated this section if
the licensee has been found to have violated sections 325D.49 to 325D.66, by a final decision
or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

(c) Commissioner's authority. Nothing in this section limits the authority of the
 commissioner to take actions against a licensee for fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest
 practices not specifically described in this section.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 82B.021, is amended by adding a subdivisionto read:

102.12 Subd. 14a. Evaluation. "Evaluation" means an estimate of the value of real property,

102.13 made in accordance with the Interagency Appraisal and Evaluation Guidelines provided to

102.14 an entity regulated by a federal financial institution's regulatory agency, for use in a real

102.15 estate-related financial transaction for which an appraisal is not required by federal law.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 82B.021, is amended by adding a subdivisionto read:

Subd. 16a. Interagency Appraisal and Evaluation Guidelines. "Interagency Appraisal
 and Evaluation Guidelines" means the appraisal and evaluation guidelines provided by a
 federal financial institution's regulatory agency, as provided by Federal Register, volume
 75, page 77450 (2010), as amended.

102.22 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 82B.021, subdivision 18, is amended to read:

102.23 Subd. 18. Licensed real property appraiser. "Licensed real property appraiser" means 102.24 an individual licensed under this chapter to perform appraisals on noncomplex one-family 102.25 to four-family residential units or agricultural property having a transactional value of less 102.26 than \$1,000,000 and complex one-family to four-family residential units or agricultural 102.27 property having a transactional value of less than \$250,000 \$400,000.

- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 82B.03, is amended by adding a subdivision toread:
- Subd. 3. Evaluation. A licensed real estate appraiser may provide an evaluation. When
 providing an evaluation, a licensed real estate appraiser is not engaged in real estate appraisal
 activity and is not subject to this chapter. An evaluation by a licensed real estate appraiser
 under this subdivision must contain a disclosure that the evaluation is not an appraisal.
- 103.7 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 82B.11, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Licensed residential real property appraiser. A licensed residential real
property appraiser may appraise noncomplex residential property or agricultural property
having a transaction value less than \$1,000,000 and complex residential or agricultural
property having a transaction value less than \$250,000 \$400,000.

- 103.12 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 82B.195, is amended by adding a subdivision103.13 to read:
- 103.14Subd. 5. Evaluation. When providing an evaluation, a licensed real estate appraiser is103.15not required to comply with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice.

103.16 Sec. 20. [82B.25] VALUATION BIAS.

- 103.17 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Definition. For the purposes of this section, "valuation bias" means to
- 103.18 explicitly, implicitly, or structurally select data and apply that data to an appraisal
- 103.19 methodology or technique in a biased manner that harms a protected class, as defined by
- 103.20 the Fair Housing Act of 1968, as amended.
- 103.21 Subd. 2. Education. Within two years of receiving a license under this chapter, and as
- 103.22 required by the Appraiser Qualifications Board, a real property appraiser shall provide to
- 103.23 the commissioner evidence of satisfactory completion of a continuing education course on
- 103.24 the valuation bias of real property.
- 103.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective September 1, 2021. A real property
- 103.26 <u>appraiser who has received their license prior to the effective date of this section must</u>
- 103.27 complete the course required by this section by August 31, 2023.

104.1 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115C.094, is amended to read:

104.2 **115C.094 ABANDONED UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS.**

- 104.3 (a) As used in this section, an abandoned underground petroleum storage tank means104.4 an underground petroleum storage tank that was:
- 104.5 (1) taken out of service prior to December 22, 1988; or

104.6 (2) taken out of service on or after December 22, 1988, if the current property owner

104.7 did not know of the existence of the underground petroleum storage tank and could not have

reasonably been expected to have known of the tank's existence at the time the owner first
acquired right, title, or interest in the tank-; or

104.10 (3) taken out of service and is located on property that is being held by the state in trust
104.11 for local taxing districts under section 281.25.

104.12 (b) The board may contract for:

104.13 (1) a statewide assessment in order to determine the quantity, location, cost, and feasibility
104.14 of removing abandoned underground petroleum storage tanks;

104.15 (2) the removal of an abandoned underground petroleum storage tank; and

(3) the removal and disposal of petroleum-contaminated soil if the removal is requiredby the commissioner at the time of tank removal.

(c) Before the board may contract for removal of an abandoned petroleum storage tank,
the tank owner must provide the board with written access to the property and release the
board from any potential liability for the work performed.

104.21 (d) If at the time of the forfeiture of property identified under paragraph (a), clause (3),

104.22 the property owner or the owner's heirs, devisees, or representatives, or any person to whom

104.23 the right to pay taxes was granted by statute, mortgage, or other agreement, repurchases the

104.24 property under section 282.241, the board's contracted costs for the underground storage

104.25 tank removal project must be included as a special assessment included in the repurchase

104.26 price, as provided under section 282.251, and must be returned to the board upon the sale

104.27 of the property.

(d) (e) Money in the fund is appropriated to the board for the purposes of this section.

104.29 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 308A.201, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

104.30 Subd. 12. Electric cooperative powers. (a) An electric cooperative has the power and 104.31 authority to:

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- 105.1 (1) make loans to its members;
- 105.2 (2) prerefund debt;

105.3 (3) obtain funds through negotiated financing or public sale;

- 105.4 (4) borrow money and issue its bonds, debentures, notes, or other evidence of105.5 indebtedness;
- 105.6 (5) mortgage, pledge, or otherwise hypothecate its assets as may be necessary;

105.7 (6) invest its resources;

(7) deposit money in state and national banks and trust companies authorized to receivedeposits; and

105.10 (8) exercise all other powers and authorities granted to cooperatives.

(b) A cooperative organized to provide rural electric power may enter agreements and contracts with other electric power cooperatives or with a cooperative constituted of electric power cooperatives to share losses and risk of losses to their transmission and distribution lines, transformers, substations, and related appurtenances from storm, sleet, hail, tornado, cyclone, hurricane, or windstorm. An agreement or contract or a cooperative formed to share losses under this paragraph is not subject to the laws of this state relating to insurance and insurance companies.

105.18 (c) An electric cooperative, an affiliate of the cooperative formed to provide broadband,

- 105.19 or another entity pursuant to an agreement with the cooperative or the cooperative's affiliate
- 105.20 may use the cooperative, affiliate, or entity's existing or subsequently acquired electric
- 105.21 transmission or distribution easements for broadband infrastructure and to provide broadband

105.22 service, which may include an agreement to lease fiber capacity. To exercise rights granted

- 105.23 <u>under this paragraph, the cooperative must provide to the property owner on which the</u>
- 105.24 easement is located two written notices, at least two months apart, that the cooperative

105.25 intends to use the easement for broadband purposes. The use of the easement for broadband

- 105.26 services vests and runs with the land beginning six months after the first notice is provided
- 105.27 under paragraph (d) unless a court action challenging the use of the easement for broadband
- 105.28 purposes has been filed before that time by the property owner as provided under paragraph
- 105.29 (e). The cooperative must also file evidence of the notices for recording with the county
- 105.30 recorder.
- 105.31 (d) The cooperative's notices under paragraph (c) must be sent by first class mail to the
- 105.32 last known address of the owner of the property on which the easement is located or by
- 105.33 printed insertion in the property owner's utility bill. The notice must include the following:

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106.1	(1) the name and mailing addre	ess of the cooperative;		
106.2	(2) a narrative describing the na	ature and purpose of the	e intended easen	nent use;
106.3	(3) a description of any trenchi	ng or other undergroun	d work expected	l to result from
106.4	the intended use, including the ant	icipated time frame for	the work;	
106.5	(4) a phone number of a cooper	rative employee to cont	act regarding th	e easement; and
106.6	(5) the following statement, in 1	oold red lettering: "It is	important to ma	ke any challenge
106.7	by the deadline to preserve any leg	al rights you may have		
106.8	(e) A property owner, within size	a months after receiving	g notice under pa	ragraph (d), may
106.9	commence an action seeking to rec	cover damages for an el	lectric cooperation	ve's use of an
106.10	electric transmission or distribution	n easement for broadba	nd service purpo	oses. If the claim
106.11	for damages is under \$15,000, the	claim may be brought i	in conciliation co	ourt.
106.12	Notwithstanding any other law to t	the contrary, the proced	ures and substar	ntive matters set
106.13	forth in this subdivision govern an	action under this parag	raph and are the	exclusive means
106.14	to bring a claim for compensation with respect to a notice of intent to use a cooperative			
106.15	transmission or distribution easement for broadband purposes. To commence an action			
106.16	under this paragraph, the property of	wner must serve a comp	laint upon the ele	ectric cooperative
106.17	as in a civil action and file the com	plaint with the district	court for the cou	unty in which the
106.18	easement is located. The complaint	must state whether the	property owner ((1) is challenging
106.19	the electric cooperative's right to u	se the easement for bro	adband services	or infrastructure
106.20	as authorized under paragraph (c),	(2) is seeking damages	as provided und	ler paragraph (f),
106.21	<u>or (3) both.</u>			
106.22	(f) If the property owner is seel	king damages, the elect	ric cooperative 1	nay, at any time
106.23	after answering the complaint, (1)	deposit with the court a	administrator an	amount equal to
106.24	the cooperative's estimate of dama	ges, up to \$5,000, and ((2) after making	the deposit, use
106.25	the electric transmission or service	line easements for broa	adband purposes	s, conditioned on
106.26	an obligation to pay the amount of	damages determined by	y the court. If the	e property owner
106.27	is challenging the electric cooperat	ive's right to use the eas	sement for broad	lband services or
106.28	infrastructure as authorized under	paragraph (c), after the	electric coopera	tive answers the
106.29	complaint the district court must pr	omptly hold a hearing o	n the property ov	wner's challenge.
106.30	If the district court denies the prop	erty owner's challenge,	the electric coo	perative may
106.31	proceed to make a deposit and mal	ke use of the easement	for broadband se	ervice purposes,
106.32	as provided under clause (2).			
106.33	(g) In an action involving a pro	perty owner's claim for	damages, the la	indowner has the

106.34 <u>burden to prove the existence and amount of any net reduction in the fair market value of</u>

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107.1	the property, considering the existence, installation, construction, maintenance, modification,				
107.2	operation, repair, replacement, or removal of broadband infrastructure in the easement, as				
107.3	well as any benefit to the property from access to broadband service. Consequential or				
107.4	special damages must not be awarded. Evidence of revenue, profits, fees, income, or similar				
107.5	benefits to the electric cooperative, the cooperative's affiliate, or a third party is inadmissible				
107.6	Any fees or costs incurred as a result of an action under this subdivision must be paid by				
107.7	the party that incurred the fees or costs.				
107.8	(h) Nothing in this section limits in any way an electric cooperative's existing easement				
107.9	rights, including but not limited to rights an electric cooperative has or may acquire to				
107.10	transmit communications for electric system operations or otherwise.				
107.11	(i) Placement of broadband infrastructure for use in providing broadband service under				
107.12	paragraphs (c) to (h) in any portion of an electric transmission or distribution easement				
107.13	located in the public right-of-way is subject to local government permitting and right-of-way				
107.14	management authority under section 237.163, and the placement must be coordinated with				
107.15	the relevant local government unit to minimize potential future relocations. The cooperative				
107.16	must notify a local government unit prior to placing infrastructure for broadband service in				
107.17	an easement that is in or adjacent to the local government unit's public right-of-way.				
107.18	(j) For purposes of this subdivision:				
107.19	(1) "broadband infrastructure" has the meaning given in section 116J.394; and				
107.20	(2) "broadband service" means broadband infrastructure and any services provided over				
107.21	the infrastructure that offer advanced telecommunications capability and Internet access.				
107.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.				
107.23	Sec. 23. [332.61] INFORMATIVE DISCLOSURE.				

- 107.24 A lead generator must prominently make the following disclosure on all print, electronic,
- 107.25 and nonprint solicitations, including advertising on websites, radio, or television: "This
- 107.26 company does not actually provide any of the credit services you are seeking. We ONLY
- 107.27 refer you to companies that want to provide some or all of those services."

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108.1	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes	s 2020, section 349.11, is amo	ended to read:			
108.2	349.11 PURPOSE.					
108.3	The purpose of sections 349.11 to 349.22 is to regulate lawful gambling, to insure					
108.4	integrity of operations, and to provide for the use of net profits only for lawful purposes,					
108.5	and to authorize only those games or game features discussed in this chapter.					
108.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 6, 2022.					
108.7	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes	s 2020, section 349.12, subdi	vision 12a, is ame	ended to read:		
108.8	Subd. 12a. Electronic bingo device. "Electronic bingo device" means a handheld and					
108.9	portable electronic device that:					
108.10	(1) is used by a bingo pla	yer to:				
108.11	(i) monitor bingo paper sh	eets or a facsimile of a bingo p	paper sheet purcha	ased and played		
108.12	at the time and place of an organization's bingo occasion, or to play an electronic bingo					
108.13	game that is linked with other permitted premises;					
108.14	(ii) activate numbers announced or displayed, and to compare the numbers to the bingo					
108.15	faces previously stored in the memory of the device;					
108.16	(iii) identify a winning bi	ngo pattern or game requiren	nent; and			
108.17	(iv) play against other bir	ngo players;				
108.18	(2) limits the play of bing	to faces to 36 faces per game;				
108.19	(3) requires coded entry to activate play but does not allow the use of a coin, currency,					
108.20	or tokens to be inserted to activate play;					
108.21	(4) may only be used for	play against other bingo play	ers in a bingo gar	ne;		
108.22	(5) may only display the results of the electronic bingo game in a manner typically					
108.23	associated with bingo played in a paper format, may only display the grid of numbers and					
108.24	letters typically associated with paper bingo, and may not display or simulate any other					
108.25	form of gambling, entertainment, slot machines, electronic video lotteries, or video games					
108.26	of chance;					
108.27	(6) has no spinning reels	or other representations that 1	nimic a slot macl	nine, including		
108.28	but not limited to nonstraight	t win line graphics, nonstraig	ht pay line graphi	cs, open all		
108.29	features, single button press reveals, hold and spin features, delayed reveals, cascading or					
108.30	tumbling reveals, bonus gam	es, bonus wheels, free play, f	ree spins, or scree	ens or game		
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109.1 <u>features that are triggered after the initial symbols are revealed that display the results of</u>

109.2 the game;

- 109.3 (5)(7) has no additional function as an amusement or gambling device other than as an electronic pull-tab game defined under section 349.12, subdivision 12c;
- (6) (8) has the capability to ensure adequate levels of security internal controls;
- 109.6 (7)(9) has the capability to permit the board to electronically monitor the operation of
- 109.7 the device and the internal accounting systems; and
- (8) (10) has the capability to allow use by a player who is visually impaired.
- 109.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective September 6, 2022.

109.10 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 349.12, subdivision 12b, is amended to read:

Subd. 12b. Electronic pull-tab device. "Electronic pull-tab device" means a handheldand portable electronic device that:

109.13 (1) is used to play one or more electronic pull-tab games;

109.14 (2) requires coded entry to activate play but does not allow the use of coin, currency, or109.15 tokens to be inserted to activate play;

(3) requires that a player must <u>manually</u> activate or open each electronic pull-tab ticket
 and <u>also manually activate or open each individual</u> line, row, or column of <u>each electronic</u>
 pull-tab ticket symbols on each electronic pull-tab ticket with a separate push of a button,
 and must display the underlying symbols in a given line, row, or column immediately after

109.20 the player manually activates or opens the applicable line, row, or column of symbols;

(4) maintains information pertaining to accumulated win credits that may be applied togames in play or redeemed upon termination of play;

109.23 (5) may only display the results of the electronic pull-tab game in a manner typically

109.24 associated with paper pull-tabs tickets, may only display symbols typically associated with

109.25 paper pull-tab tickets, may not include continuation play, bonus games, or additional screens

109.26 or game features that display the results of the game after the initial symbols are revealed,

109.27 and may not display or simulate any other form of gambling, entertainment, slot machines,

109.28 electronic video lotteries, or video games of chance;

- 109.29 (5) (6) has no spinning reels or other representations that mimic a video slot machine,
- 109.30 including but not limited to nonstraight win line graphics, nonstraight pay line graphics,
- 109.31 open all features, single button press reveals, hold and spin features, delayed reveals,

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110.1 cascading or tumbling reveals, bonus games, bonus wheels, free play, free spins, progressive

110.2 prizes or jackpots, or screens or game features that are triggered after the initial symbols

110.3 are revealed that display the results of the game;

110.4 (6)(7) has no additional function as a gambling device other than as an electronic-linked 110.5 bingo game played on a device defined under section 349.12, subdivision 12a;

110.6 (7)(8) may incorporate an amusement game feature as part of the pull-tab game but 110.7 may not require additional consideration for that feature or award any prize, or other benefit 110.8 for that feature;

110.9 (8)(9) may have auditory or visual enhancements to promote or provide information 110.10 about the game being played, provided the component does not affect the outcome of a 110.11 game or display the results of a game;

110.12 (9) (10) maintains, on nonresettable meters, a printable, permanent record of all

110.13 transactions involving each device and electronic pull-tab games played on the device;

(10)(11) is not a pull-tab dispensing device as defined under subdivision 32a; and

110.15 (11)(12) has the capability to allow use by a player who is visually impaired.

110.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective September 6, 2022.

110.17 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 349.12, subdivision 12c, is amended to read:

Subd. 12c. Electronic pull-tab game. "Electronic pull-tab game" means a pull-tab gamecontaining:

110.20 (1) facsimiles of pull-tab tickets that are played on an electronic pull-tab device, provided

110.21 that any game with multiple lines, rows, or columns of symbols requires a separate push of

a button to reveal the symbols underneath the applicable line, row, or column and results

110.23 are displayed pursuant to subdivision 12b;

(2) a predetermined, finite number of winning and losing tickets, not to exceed 7,500
tickets;

110.26 (3) the same price for each ticket in the game;

110.27 (4) a price paid by the player of not less than 25 cents per ticket;

110.28 (5) tickets that are in conformance with applicable board rules for pull-tabs;

(6) winning tickets that comply with prize limits under section 349.211;

110.30 (7) a unique serial number that may not be regenerated;

- (8) an electronic flare that displays the game name; form number; predetermined, finitenumber of tickets in the game; and prize tier; and
- (9) no spinning reels or other representations that mimic a video slot machine as provided
- 111.4 <u>in subdivision 12b, clause (6)</u>.
- 111.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective September 6, 2022.
- 111.6 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 386.375, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 111.7 Subd. 3. **Consumer education information.** (a) A person other than the mortgagor or 111.8 fee owner who transfers or offers to transfer an abstract of title shall present to the mortgagor 111.9 or fee owner basic information in plain English about abstracts of title. This information 111.10 must be sent in a form prepared and approved by the commissioner of commerce and must 111.11 contain at least the following items:
- 111.12 (1) a definition and description of abstracts of title;
- 111.13 (2) an explanation that holders of abstracts of title must maintain it with reasonable care;
- (3) an approximate cost or range of costs to replace a lost or damaged abstract of title;
 and
- (4) an explanation that abstracts of title may be required to sell, finance, or refinance
 real estate; and
- 111.18 (5) (4) an explanation of options for storage of abstracts.
- (b) The commissioner shall prepare the form for use under this subdivision as soon as
 possible. This subdivision does not apply until 60 days after the form is approved by the
 commissioner.
- (c) A person violating this subdivision is subject to a penalty of \$200 for each violation.

111.23 Sec. 29. APPRAISER INTERNET COURSE REQUIREMENTS.

- 111.24 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 45.305, subdivision 1a, and 45.306,
- 111.25 subdivision 1a, education providers may submit to the commissioner of commerce for
- approval a classroom course under Minnesota Statutes, section 45.25, subdivision 2a, clause
- 111.27 (3), or a distance learning course, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 45.25, subdivision
- 111.28 5a, that has not been approved by the International Distance Education Certification Center.

111.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and

111.30 expires after the peacetime emergency declared by the governor in an executive order that

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112.1	relates to the infectious disease kn	nown as COVID-19 is terr	ninated or rescind	led or December
112.2	31, 2021, whichever is later.			
112.3	Sec. 30. MINNESOTA COU	NCIL ON ECONOMIC	EDUCATION.	
112.4	(a) The Minnesota Council or	n Economic Education, w	rith funds made av	vailable through
112.5	grants from the commissioner of	education in fiscal years	2022 and 2023,	must:
112.6	(1) provide professional deve	elopment to Minnesota's l	kindergarten thro	ugh grade 12
112.7	teachers implementing state grad	luation standards in learn	ing areas related	to economic
112.8	education;			
112.9	(2) support the direct-to-stude	ent ancillary economic an	d personal financ	e programs that
112.10	Minnesota teachers supervise an	d coach; and		
112.11	(3) provide support to geogra	phically diverse affiliated	d higher educatio	n-based centers
112.12	for economic education, includin			
112.13	Minnesota State University Moo			
112.14	and the University of St. Thomas	s, as the centers' work rela	tes to activities ir	n clauses (1) and
112.15	<u>(2).</u>			
112.16	(b) By February 15 of each ye	ear following the receipt of	of a grant, the Mi	nnesota Council
112.17	on Economic Education must re	port to the commissioner	of education on t	the number and
112.18	type of in-person and online tead	cher professional develop	ment opportuniti	es provided by
112.19	the Minnesota Council on Econo	omic Education or affiliat	ed state centers.	The report must
112.20	include a description of the cont	ent, length, and location of	of the programs;	the number of
112.21	preservice and licensed teachers	receiving professional de	velopment through	gh each of these
112.22	opportunities; and a summary of	evaluations of profession	nal opportunities	for teachers.
112.23	(c) On August 15, 2021, the	Department of Education	must pay the ful	l amount of the
112.24	grant for fiscal year 2022 to the	Minnesota Council on Ec	onomic Educatio	on. On August
112.25	15, 2022, the Department of Edu	cation must pay the full a	mount of the gran	nt for fiscal year
112.26	2023 to the Minnesota Council on	Economic Education. The	e Minnesota Coun	cil on Economic
112.27	Education must submit its fiscal	reporting in the form and	l manner specifie	d by the
112.28	commissioner. The commissioner	er may request additional	information as n	ecessary.
112.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This s	ection is effective the day	y following final	enactment.

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113.1	Sec. 31. CONSUMER DEB	T COLLECTION LANG	UAGE BARRI	ER WORKING
113.2	GROUP.			
113.3	Subdivision 1. Establishme	ent. The commissioner of co	ommerce shall co	onvene a working
113.4	group to review language barr	iers and the effect on credite	ors, debt collect	ors, and limited
113.5	English proficient communitie	<u>es.</u>		
113.6	Subd. 2. Membership. The	e working group consists of	the following r	nembers:
113.7	(1) the commissioner of co	mmerce or a designee;		
113.8	(2) one member appointed	by the Attorney General's (Office;	
113.9	(3) two members of the pul	blic representing creditors o	or debt collector	s, appointed by
113.10	the industry and subject to app	proval by the commissioner	of commerce;	
113.11	(4) two members of the pul	blic representing consumer	rights, appointe	ed by consumer
113.12	rights advocate organizations a	and subject to approval by t	he commissione	er of commerce;
113.13	(5) one member appointed	by the Council for Minneso	otans of African	Heritage;
113.14	(6) one member appointed	by the Minnesota Council of	on Latino Affair	<u>·S;</u>
113.15	(7) one member appointed	by the Council on Asian-Pa	acific Minnesota	ans;
113.16	(8) two members appointed	d by the Indian Affairs Cour	ncil; and	
113.17	(9) one member appointed	by Mid-Minnesota Legal A	.id.	
113.18	Subd. 3. Report. (a) By Jan	nuary 1, 2022, the commiss	ioner of comme	erce shall report
113.19	to the chairs and ranking mino	ority members of the house of	of representative	es and senate
113.20	committees with jurisdiction o	over commerce with the wor	king group's re	commendations
113.21	to address language barriers be	etween creditors, debt collec	ctors, and consu	imers.
113.22	(b) The working group sha	ll examine:		
113.23	(1) current practices for con	mmunicating with consume	ers in the consur	ner's preferred
113.24	language when attempting to c	collect a debt or enforce a lie	en;	
113.25	(2) the availability of trans	lation services or a written	glossary of fina	ncial terms for
113.26	consumers whose primary lang	guage is not English; and		
113.27	(3) state and federal laws in	nvolving issues under claus	es (1) and (2).	
113.28	Sec. 32. COLLECTION AC	GENCY EMPLOYEES; V	VORK FROM	HOME.
113.29	An employee of a collectio	on agency licensed under M	innesota Statute	es, chapter 332,
113.30	may work from a location othe	er than the licensee's busine	ss location if th	e licensee and

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114.1	employee comply with all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 332.33, that
114.2	would apply if the employee were working at the business location. The fee for a collector
114.3	registration or renewal under Minnesota Statutes, section 332.33, subdivision 3, entitles the
114.4	individual collector to work at a licensee's business location or a location otherwise acceptable
114.5	under this section. An additional branch license is not required for a location used under
114.6	this section. This section expires May 31, 2022.
114.7	Sec. 33. <u>REPEALER.</u>
114.8	Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 45.017; 45.306, subdivision 1; and 115C.13, are
114.9	repealed.
114.10	ARTICLE 7 ENERGY CONSERVATION AND STORAGE
114.11	ENERGY CONSERVATION AND STORAGE
114.12	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16B.86, is amended to read:
114.13	16B.86 PRODUCTIVITY STATE BUILDING ENERGY CONSERVATION
114.14	IMPROVEMENT REVOLVING LOAN ACCOUNT.
114.15	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section and section 16B.87, the
114.16	following terms have the meanings given.
114.17	(b) "Energy conservation" has the meaning given in section 216B.241, subdivision 1,
114.18	paragraph (d).
114.19	(c) "Energy conservation improvement" has the meaning given in section 216B.241,
114.20	subdivision 1, paragraph (e).
114.21	(d) "Energy efficiency" has the meaning given in section 216B.241, subdivision 1,
114.22	paragraph (f).
114.23	(e) "Project" means the energy conservation improvements financed by a loan made
114.24	under this section.
114.25	(f) "State building" means an existing building owned by the state of Minnesota.
114.26	Subd. 2. Account established. The productivity state building energy conservation
114.27	improvement revolving loan account is established as a special separate account in the state
114.28	treasury. The commissioner shall manage the account and shall credit to the account
114.29	investment income, repayments of principal and interest, and any other earnings arising
114.30	from assets of the account. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of
114.31	administration to make loans to finance agency projects that will result in either reduced

- 115.1 operating costs or increased revenues, or both, for a state agency state agencies to implement
- 115.2 energy conservation and energy efficiency improvements in state buildings under section
- 115.3 <u>16B.87</u>.
- 115.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 115.5 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 16B.87, is amended to read:

115.6 16B.87 AWARD AND REPAYMENT OF PRODUCTIVITY STATE BUILDING 115.7 ENERGY IMPROVEMENT CONSERVATION LOANS.

115.8 Subdivision 1. Committee. The Productivity State Building Energy Conservation

115.9 Improvement Loan Committee consists of the commissioners of administration, management

115.10 and budget, and revenue commerce. The commissioner of administration serves as chair of

115.11 the committee. The members serve without compensation or reimbursement for expenses.

115.12 Subd. 2. Award and terms of loans. (a) An agency shall apply for a loan on a form

115.13 provided developed by the commissioner of administration- that requires an applicant to

- 115.14 submit the following information:
- 115.15 (1) a description of the proposed project, including existing equipment, structural
- 115.16 elements, operating characteristics, and other conditions affecting energy use that the energy
- 115.17 conservation improvements financed by the loan modify or replace;
- 115.18 (2) the total estimated project cost and the loan amount sought;
- 115.19 (3) a detailed project budget;
- 115.20 (4) projections of the proposed project's expected energy and monetary savings;
- (5) information demonstrating the agency's ability to repay the loan;
- 115.22 (6) a description of the energy conservation programs offered by the utility providing

115.23 service to the state building from which the applicant seeks additional funding for the project;

- 115.24 <u>and</u>
- 115.25 (7) any additional information requested by the commissioner.

115.26 (b) The committee shall review applications for loans and shall award a loan based upon

115.27 criteria adopted by the committee. The committee shall determine the amount, interest, and

115.28 other terms of the loan. The time for repayment of a loan may not exceed five years. A loan

- 115.29 made under this section must:
- (1) be at or below the market rate of interest, including a zero interest loan; and
- 115.31 (2) have a term no longer than seven years.

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116.1	(c) In making awards, the co	mmittee shall give prefer	ence to:	
116.2	(1) applicants that have soug	ht funding for the project	through energy	conservation
116.3	projects offered by the utility ser	ving the state building tha	at is the subject o	f the application;
116.4	and			
116.5	(2) to the extent feasible, appl	ications for state building	s located within	the electric retail
116.6	service area of the utility that is	subject to section 116C.7	79.	
116.7	Subd. 3. Repayment. An age	ency receiving a loan unde	er this section sha	all repay the loan
116.8	according to the terms of the loan	n agreement. The principa	al and interest m	ust be paid to the
116.9	commissioner of administration,	who shall deposit it in the	productivity state	e building energy
116.10	conservation improvement revol	ving loan fund account. I	Payments of loar	n principal and
116.11	interest must begin no later than	one year after the project	t is completed.	
116.12	Sec. 3. [216B.1698] INNOVA	TIVE CLEAN TECHN	OLOGIES.	
116.13	(a) For purposes of this section	on, "innovative clean tech	nnology" means	advanced energy
116.14	technology that is:			
116.15	(1) environmentally superior	to technologies currently	v in use;	
116.16	(2) expected to offer energy-	related, environmental, o	r economic bene	fits; and
116.17	(3) not widely deployed by the	ne utility industry.		
116.18	(b) A public utility may petit	ion the commission for a	uthorization to in	nvest in a project
116.19	or projects to deploy one or more	e innovative clean technol	ogies to further t	he development,
116.20	commercialization, and deploym	ent of innovative clean te	chnologies that b	penefit the public
116.21	utility's customers.			
116.22	(c) The commission may app	prove a petition under par	agraph (b) if it fi	inds:
116.23	(1) the technologies proposed	d are innovative clean tec	hnologies;	
116.24	(2) the investment in an innov	vative clean energy techno	ology is likely to	provide benefits
116.25	to customers that exceed the tech	nnology's cost;		
116.26	(3) the public utility is meeting	ng its energy conservation	n goals under se	ction 216B.241;
116.27	and			
116.28	(4) the project complies with	the spending limits unde	er paragraph (d).	
116.29	(d) Over any three consecutiv	ve years, a public utility m	ust not spend mo	ore on innovative
116.30	clean technologies under this see	ction than:		

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117.1	(1) for a public utility providing	service to 200,000 or 1	more retail Minn	esota customers,
117.2	\$6,000,000; or			
117.3	(2) for a public utility providing s	service to fewer than 20	0,000 retail Mini	iesota customers,
117.4	\$3,000,000.			
117.5	(e) The commission may author	rize a public utility to f	ile a rate schedu	le containing
117.6	provisions that automatically adjus	t charges for public uti	lity service in di	rect relation to
117.7	changes in prudent costs incurred b	by a public utility unde	r this section, up	to the amounts
117.8	allowed under paragraph (d). To the	e extent the public utili	ty investment ur	Ider this section
117.9	is for a capital asset, the utility may	y request that the asset	be included in the	ne utility's rate
117.10	base.			
117.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sect	tion is effective the day	y following final	enactment.
117.12	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020,	section 216B.2401, is	amended to read	ł:
117.13	216B.2401 ENERGY SAVINO	GS <u>AND OPTIMIZA</u>	FION POLICY	GOAL.
117.14	(a) The legislature finds that ener	rgy savings are an energ	y resource, and t	hat cost-effective
117.15	energy savings are preferred over a	Ill other energy resource	es. In addition,	the legislature
117.16	finds that optimizing the timing and	d method used by ener	gy consumers to	manage energy
117.17	use provides significant benefits to	the consumers and to t	he utility system	<u>1 as a whole.</u> The
117.18	legislature further finds that cost-ef	ffective energy savings	and load manag	gement programs
117.19	should be procured systematically	and aggressively in ord	ler to reduce util	ity costs for
117.20	businesses and residents, improve th	ne competitiveness and	profitability of b	ousinesses, create
117.21	more energy-related jobs, reduce th	e economic burden of f	uel imports, and	reduce pollution

- and emissions that cause climate change. Therefore, it is the energy policy of the state of
- 117.23 Minnesota to achieve annual energy savings equal equivalent to at least $\frac{1.5}{2.5}$ percent of
- annual retail energy sales of electricity and natural gas through cost-effective energy
- 117.25 conservation improvement programs and rate design, energy efficiency achieved by energy
- 117.26 consumers without direct utility involvement, energy codes and appliance standards, programs
- 117.27 designed to transform the market or change consumer behavior, energy savings resulting
- 117.28 from efficiency improvements to the utility infrastructure and system, and other efforts to
- 117.29 promote energy efficiency and energy conservation. multiple measures, including but not
- 117.30 <u>limited to:</u>
- (1) cost-effective energy conservation improvement programs and efficient fuel-switching
 utility programs under sections 216B.2402 to 216B.241;
- 117.33 (2) rate design;

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118.1	(3) energy efficiency achieved	d by energy consumers v	without direct uti	lity involvement;
118.2	(4) advancements in statewide	e energy codes and cost-	effective applian	ce and equipment
118.3	standards;			
118.4	(5) programs designed to tran	sform the market or cha	inge consumer b	ehavior;
118.5	(6) energy savings resulting f	rom efficiency improve	ments to the utili	ty infrastructure
118.6	and system; and			
118.7	(7) other efforts to promote efforts	nergy efficiency and ene	ergy conservation	<u>n.</u>
118.8	(b) A utility is encouraged to	design and offer to custo	omers load mana	gement programs
118.9	that enable: (1) customers to maxi	mize the economic value	gained from the	energy purchased
118.10	from the customer's utility servic	e provider; and (2) utili	ties to optimize t	he infrastructure
118.11	and generation capacity needed to	o effectively serve custo	mers and facilita	te the integration
118.12	of renewable energy into the ene	rgy system.		
118.13	(c) The commissioner must p	rovide a reasonable estin	mate of progress	made toward the
118.14	statewide energy-savings goal und	ler paragraph (a) in the a	nnual report requ	ired under section
118.15	216B.241, subdivision 1c, and m	ake recommendations f	or administrative	or legislative
118.16	initiatives to increase energy sav	ings toward that goal. T	he commissione	r must annually
118.17	report on the energy productivity	of the state's economy b	y estimating the	ratio of economic
118.18	output produced in the most rece	ntly completed calendar	year to the prim	ary energy inputs
118.19	used in that year.			
118.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This set	ection is effective the da	y following fina	l enactment.
118.21	Sec. 5. [216B.2402] DEFINIT	IONS.		
118.22	Subdivision 1. Definitions. F	or the purposes of section	on 216B.16, sub	division 6b, and
118.23	sections 216B.2401 to 216B.241	, the following terms ha	ve the meanings	given them.
118.24	Subd. 2. Consumer-owned u	tility. "Consumer-owne	ed utility" means	a municipal gas
118.25	utility, a municipal electric utility	y, or a cooperative electr	ric association.	
118.26	Subd. 3. Cumulative lifetime	e savings. "Cumulative	lifetime savings'	' means the total
118.27	electric energy or natural gas savin	ngs in a given year from e	energy conservation	on improvements
118.28	installed in that given year and en	nergy conservation impr	covements instal	led in previous
118.29	years that are still in operation.			
118.30	Subd. 4. Efficient fuel-switch	ing improvement. "Effi	cient fuel-switch	ing improvement"
118.31	means a project that:			

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119.1	(1) replaces a fuel used by a customer with electricity or natural gas delivered at retail
119.2	by a utility subject to section 216B.2403 or 216B.241;
119.3	(2) results in a net increase in the use of electricity or natural gas and a net decrease in
119.4	source energy consumption on a fuel-neutral basis;
119.5	(3) otherwise meets the criteria established for consumer-owned utilities in section
119.6	216B.2403, subdivision 8, and for public utilities under section 216B.241, subdivisions 11
119.7	and 12; and
119.8	(4) requires the installation of equipment that utilizes electricity or natural gas, resulting
119.9	in a reduction or elimination of the previous fuel used.
119.10	An efficient fuel-switching improvement is not an energy conservation improvement or
119.11	energy efficiency even if it results in a net reduction in electricity or natural gas consumption.
119.12	Subd. 5. Energy conservation. "Energy conservation" means an action that results in
119.13	a net reduction in electricity or natural gas consumption. Energy conservation does not
119.14	include an efficient fuel-switching improvement.
119.15	Subd. 6. Energy conservation improvement. "Energy conservation improvement"
119.16	means a project that results in energy efficiency or energy conservation. Energy conservation
119.17	improvement may include waste heat that is recovered and converted into electricity or used
119.18	as thermal energy, but does not include electric utility infrastructure projects approved by
119.19	the commission under section 216B.1636.
119.20	Subd. 7. Energy efficiency. "Energy efficiency" means measures or programs, including
119.21	energy conservation measures or programs, that: (1) target consumer behavior, equipment,
119.22	processes, or devices; (2) are designed to reduce the consumption of electricity or natural
119.23	gas on either an absolute or per unit of production basis; and (3) do not reduce the quality
119.24	or level of service provided to an energy consumer.
119.25	Subd. 8. Fuel. "Fuel" means energy, including electricity, propane, natural gas, heating
119.26	oil, gasoline, diesel fuel, or steam, consumed by a retail utility customer.
119.27	Subd. 9. Fuel neutral. "Fuel neutral" means an approach that compares the use of various
119.28	fuels for a given end use, using a common metric.
119.29	Subd. 10. Gross annual retail energy sales. "Gross annual retail energy sales" means
119.30	a utility's annual electric sales to all Minnesota retail customers, or natural gas throughput
119.31	to all retail customers, including natural gas transportation customers, on a utility's
119.32	distribution system in Minnesota. Gross annual retail energy sales does not include:

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120.1 <u>(1) gas sales to:</u>

120.2 (i) a large energy facility;

120.3 (ii) a large customer facility whose natural gas utility has been exempted by the

120.4 commissioner under section 216B.241, subdivision 1a, paragraph (a), with respect to natural

120.5 gas sales made to the large customer facility; or

120.6 (iii) a commercial gas customer facility whose natural gas utility has been exempted by

120.7 the commissioner under section 216B.241, subdivision 1a, paragraph (b), with respect to

120.8 natural gas sales made to the commercial gas customer facility;

120.9 (2) electric sales to a large customer facility whose electric utility has been exempted

120.10 by the commissioner under section 216B.241, subdivision 1a, paragraph (a), with respect

120.11 to electric sales made to the large customer facility; or

120.12 (3) the amount of electric sales prior to December 31, 2032, that are associated with a

120.13 utility's program, rate, or tariff for electric vehicle charging based on a methodology and

120.14 assumptions developed by the department in consultation with interested stakeholders no

120.15 later than December 31, 2021. After December 31, 2032, incremental sales to electric

120.16 vehicles must be included in calculating a utility's gross annual retail sales.

Subd. 11. Investments and expenses of a public utility. "Investments and expenses of
 a public utility" means the investments and expenses incurred by a public utility in connection
 with an energy conservation improvement.

120.20 Subd. 12. Large customer facility. "Large customer facility" means all buildings,

120.21 structures, equipment, and installations at a single site that in aggregate: (1) impose a peak

120.22 electrical demand on an electric utility's system of at least 20,000 kilowatts, measured in

120.23 the same manner as the utility that serves the customer facility measures electric demand

120.24 for billing purposes; or (2) consume at least 500,000,000 cubic feet of natural gas annually.

120.25 When calculating peak electrical demand, a large customer facility may include demand

120.26 offset by on-site cogeneration facilities and, if engaged in mineral extraction, may include

120.27 peak energy demand from the large customer facility's mining processing operations.

Subd. 13. Large energy facility. "Large energy facility" has the meaning given in section
216B.2421, subdivision 2, clause (1).

120.30 Subd. 14. Lifetime energy savings. "Lifetime energy savings" means the amount of

120.31 savings a particular energy conservation improvement is projected to produce over the

120.32 improvement's effective useful lifetime.

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121.1	Subd. 15. Load management. "L	oad management"	means an activity, se	rvice, or
121.2	technology that changes the timing or	the efficiency of a c	ustomer's use of ener	gy that allows
121.3	a utility or a customer to: (1) respond	to local and regiona	al energy system con	ditions; or (2)
121.4	reduce peak demand for electricity or n	atural gas. Load ma	nagement that reduce	s a customer's
121.5	net annual energy consumption is also	o energy conservat	ion.	
121.6	Subd. 16. Low-income household	I. "Low-income hou	isehold" means a hou	sehold whose
121.7	household income is 60 percent or les	ss of the state medi	an household income	<u>).</u>
121.8	Subd. 17. Low-income programs	s. "Low-income pro	grams" means energy	conservation
121.9	improvement programs that directly s	serve the needs of l	ow-income househol	ds, including
121.10	low-income renters.			
121.11	Subd. 18. Member. "Member" ha	s the meaning given	n in section 308B.003	5, subdivision
121.12	<u>15.</u>			
121.13	Subd. 19. Multifamily building.	"Multifamily build	ing" means a residen	tial building
121.14	containing five or more dwelling unit	ts.		
121.15	Subd. 20. Preweatherization me	asure. "Preweather	ization measure" me	ans an
121.16	improvement that is necessary to allo	w energy conserva	tion improvements to	be installed
121.17	in a home.			
121.18	Subd. 21. Qualifying utility. "Qua	alifying utility" mea	ns a utility that suppli	ies a customer
121.19	with energy that enables the customer	r to qualify as a lar	ge customer facility.	
121.20	Subd. 22. Waste heat recovered	and used as therm	al energy. "Waste h	eat recovered

121.21 and used as thermal energy" means the capture of heat energy that would otherwise be

121.22 exhausted or dissipated to the environment from machinery, buildings, or industrial processes,

121.23 and productively using the recovered thermal energy where it was captured or distributing

121.24 it as thermal energy to other locations where it is used to reduce demand-side consumption

121.25 of natural gas, electric energy, or both.

121.26 Subd. 23. Waste heat recovery converted into electricity. "Waste heat recovery

121.27 <u>converted into electricity</u>" means an energy recovery process that converts to electricity

121.28 energy from the heat of exhaust stacks or pipes used for engines or manufacturing or

121.29 industrial processes, or from the reduction of high pressure in water or gas pipelines, that

121.30 would otherwise be lost.

121.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

SF972 FIRST UNOFFICIAL REVISOR RSI UES0972-1 ENGROSSMENT Sec. 6. [216B.2403] CONSUMER-OWNED UTILITIES; ENERGY CONSERVATION 122.1 122.2 AND OPTIMIZATION. 122.3 Subdivision 1. Applicability. This section applies to: 122.4 (1) a cooperative electric association that provides retail service to more than 5,000 122.5 members; (2) a municipality that provides electric service to more than 1,000 retail customers; and 122.6 122.7 (3) a municipality with more than 1,000,000,000 cubic feet in annual throughput sales to natural gas retail customers. 122.8 122.9 Subd. 2. Consumer-owned utility; energy-savings goal. (a) Each individual consumer-owned utility subject to this section has an annual energy-savings goal equivalent 122.10 to 1.5 percent of gross annual retail energy sales, which must be met with a minimum of 122.11 energy savings from energy conservation improvements equivalent to at least one percent 122.12 of the consumer-owned utility's gross annual retail energy sales. The balance of energy 122.13 savings toward the annual energy-savings goal may be achieved only by the following 122.14 consumer-owned utility activities: 122.15 (1) energy savings from additional energy conservation improvements; 122.16 (2) electric utility infrastructure projects, as defined in section 216B.1636, subdivision 122.17 1, that result in increased efficiency greater than would have occurred through normal 122.18 122.19 maintenance activity; (3) net energy savings from efficient fuel-switching improvements that meet the criteria 122.20 under subdivision 8; or 122.21 122.22 (4) subject to department approval, demand-side natural gas or electric energy displaced by use of waste heat recovered and used as thermal energy, including the recovered thermal 122.23 energy from a cogeneration or combined heat and power facility. 122.24 122.25 (b) The energy-savings goals specified in this section must be calculated based on weather-normalized sales averaged over the most recent three years. A consumer-owned 122.26 utility may elect to carry forward energy savings in excess of 1.5 percent for a year to the 122.27 next three years, except that energy savings from electric utility infrastructure projects may 122.28 be carried forward for five years. A particular energy savings can only be used to meet one 122.29 year's goal. 122.30 (c) A consumer-owned utility subject to this section is not required to make energy 122.31 conservation improvements that are not cost-effective, even if the improvement is necessary 122.32

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- 123.1 to attain the energy-savings goal. A consumer-owned utility subject to this section must
- 123.2 make reasonable efforts to implement energy conservation improvements that exceed the
- 123.3 minimum level established under this subdivision if cost-effective opportunities and funding
- are available, considering other potential investments the consumer-owned utility intends
- to make to benefit customers during the term of the plan filed under subdivision 3.
- 123.6 Subd. 3. Consumer-owned utility; energy conservation and optimization plans. (a)
- By June 1, 2022, and at least every three years thereafter, each consumer-owned utility must
- 123.8 file with the commissioner an energy conservation and optimization plan that describes the
- 123.9 programs for energy conservation, efficient fuel-switching, load management, and other
- 123.10 measures the consumer-owned utility intends to offer to achieve the utility's energy savings123.11 goal.
- (b) A plan's term may extend up to three years. A multiyear plan must identify the total
- 123.13 energy savings and energy savings resulting from energy conservation improvements that
- 123.14 are projected to be achieved in each year of the plan. A multiyear plan that does not, in each
- 123.15 year of the plan, meet both the minimum energy savings goal from energy conservation
- 123.16 improvements and the total energy savings goal of 1.5 percent, or lower goals adjusted by
- 123.17 the commissioner under paragraph (k), must:
- 123.18 (1) state why each goal is projected to be unmet; and
- 123.19 (2) demonstrate how the consumer-owned utility proposes to meet both goals on an
- 123.20 average basis over the duration of the plan.
- 123.21 (c) A plan filed under this subdivision must provide:
- 123.22 (1) for existing programs, an analysis of the cost-effectiveness of the consumer-owned
- 123.23 utility's programs offered under the plan, using a list of baseline energy- and capacity-savings
- 123.24 assumptions developed in consultation with the department; and
- (2) for new programs, a preliminary analysis upon which the program will proceed, in
 parallel with further development of assumptions and standards.
- 123.27 (d) The commissioner must evaluate a plan filed under this subdivision based on the
- 123.28 plan's likelihood to achieve the energy-savings goals established in subdivision 2. The
- 123.29 commissioner may make recommendations to a consumer-owned utility regarding ways to
- 123.30 increase the effectiveness of the consumer-owned utility's energy conservation activities
- 123.31 and programs under this subdivision. The commissioner may recommend that a
- 123.32 consumer-owned utility implement a cost-effective energy conservation program, including

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124.1	an energy conservation program suggested by an outside source, including but not limited
124.2	to a political subdivision, nonprofit corporation, or community organization.
124.3	(e) Beginning June 1, 2023, and every June 1 thereafter, each consumer-owned utility
124.4	must file: (1) an annual update identifying the status of the plan filed under this subdivision,
124.5	including: (i) total expenditures and investments made to date under the plan; and (ii) any
124.6	intended changes to the plan; and (2) a summary of the annual energy-savings achievements
124.7	under a plan. An annual filing made in the last year of a plan must contain a new plan that
124.8	complies with this section.
124.9	(f) When evaluating the cost-effectiveness of a consumer-owned utility's energy
124.10	conservation programs, the consumer-owned utility and the commissioner must consider
124.11	the costs and benefits to ratepayers, the utility, participants, and society. The commissioner
124.12	must also consider the rate at which the consumer-owned utility is increasing energy savings
124.13	and expenditures on energy conservation, and lifetime energy savings and cumulative energy
124.14	savings.
124.15	(g) A consumer-owned utility may annually spend and invest up to ten percent of the
124.16	total amount spent and invested on energy conservation improvements on research and
124.17	development projects that meet the definition of energy conservation improvement.
124.18	(h) A generation and transmission cooperative electric association or municipal power
124.19	agency that provides energy services to consumer-owned utilities may file a plan under this
124.20	subdivision on behalf of the consumer-owned utilities to which the association or agency
124.21	provides energy services and may make investments, offer conservation programs, and
124.22	otherwise fulfill the energy-savings goals and reporting requirements under this subdivision
124.23	for the consumer-owned utilities on an aggregate basis.
124.24	(i) A consumer-owned utility is prohibited from spending for or investing in energy
124.25	conservation improvements that directly benefit a large energy facility or a large electric
124.26	customer facility the commissioner has exempted under section 216B.241, subdivision 1a.
124.27	(j) The energy conservation and optimization plan of a consumer-owned utility may
124.28	include activities to improve energy efficiency in the public schools served by the utility.
124.29	These activities may include programs to:
124.30	(1) increase the efficiency of the school's lighting and heating and cooling systems;
124.31	(2) recommission buildings;
124.32	(3) train building operators; and

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125.1	(4) provide opportunities to e	ducate students, teachers	, and staff regar	ding energy
125.2	efficiency measures implemented	d at the school.		
125.3	(k) A consumer-owned utility	y may request that the con	mmissioner adju	ist the
125.4	consumer-owned utility's minimu	um goal for energy savin	gs from energy	conservation
125.5	improvements under subdivision	2, paragraph (a), for the	duration of the	plan filed under
125.6	this subdivision. The request mu	st be made by January 1	of the year the c	onsumer-owned
125.7	utility is required to file a plan un	nder this subdivision. The	e request must b	e based on:
125.8	(1) historical energy conserva-	ation improvement progra	am achievement	<u>s;</u>
125.9	(2) customer class makeup;			
125.10	(3) projected load growth;			
125.11	(4) an energy conservation po	otential study that estimat	tes the amount o	f cost-effective
125.12	energy conservation potential that	at exists in the consumer-	owned utility's	service territory;
125.13	(5) the cost-effectiveness and	quality of the energy con	nservation progr	ams offered by
125.14	the consumer-owned utility; and			
125.15	(6) other factors the commiss	ioner and consumer-own	ed utility detern	nine warrant an
125.16	adjustment.			
125.17	The commissioner must adjust the	energy savings goal to a l	evel the commiss	sioner determines
125.18	is supported by the record, but m	nust not approve a minim	um energy savir	ngs goal from
125.19	energy conservation improvement	nts that is less than an ave	rage of one perc	ent per year over
125.20	the consecutive years of the plan's	s duration, including the y	ear the minimu	m energy savings
125.21	goal is adjusted.			
125.22	Subd. 4. Consumer-owned u	tility; energy savings inv	v estment. (a) Ex	cept as otherwise
125.23	provided, a consumer-owned util	lity that the commissione	r determines fal	ls short of the
125.24	minimum energy savings goal from	om energy conservation i	improvements es	stablished in
125.25	subdivision 2, paragraph (a), for the	hree consecutive years du	ring which the ut	ility has annually
125.26	spent on energy conservation imp	rovements less than 1.5 pe	ercent of gross op	perating revenues
125.27	for an electric utility, or less than	0.5 percent of gross ope	rating revenues	for a natural gas
125.28	utility, must spend no less than the	following amounts for en	ergy conservation	on improvements:
125.29	(1) for a municipality, 0.5 per	rcent of gross operating r	evenues from th	e sale of gas and
125.30	1.5 percent of gross operating reve	enues from the sale of elec	ctricity, excludin	g gross operating
125.31	revenues from electric and gas se	ervice provided in Minne	sota to large ele	ctric customer
125.32	facilities; and			

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126.1	(2) for a cooperative electric association, 1.5 percent of gross operating revenues from
126.2	service provided in Minnesota, excluding gross operating revenues from service provided
126.3	in Minnesota to large electric customers facilities indirectly through a distribution cooperative
126.4	electric association.
126.5	(b) The commissioner must not impose the spending requirement under this subdivision
126.6	if the commissioner has determined that the utility has followed the commissioner's
126.7	recommendations, if any, provided under subdivision 3, paragraph (d).
126.8	(c) Upon request of a consumer-owned utility, the commissioner may reduce the amount
126.9	or duration of the spending requirement imposed under this subdivision, or both, if the
126.10	commissioner determines that the consumer-owned utility's failure to maintain the minimum
126.11	energy savings goal is the result of:
126.12	(1) a natural disaster or other emergency that is declared by the executive branch through
126.13	an emergency executive order that affects the consumer-owned utility's service area;
126.14	(2) a unique load distribution experienced by the consumer-owned utility; or
126.15	(3) other factors that the commissioner determines justifies a reduction.
126.16	(d) Unless the commissioner reduces the duration of the spending requirement under
126.17	paragraph (c), the spending requirement under this subdivision remains in effect until the
126.18	consumer-owned utility has met the minimum energy savings goal for three consecutive
126.19	years.
126.20	Subd. 5. Energy conservation programs for low-income households. (a) A
126.21	consumer-owned utility subject to this section must provide energy conservation programs
126.22	to low-income households. The commissioner must evaluate a consumer-owned utility's
126.23	plans under this section by considering the consumer-owned utility's historic spending on
126.24	energy conservation programs directed to low-income households, the rate of customer
126.25	participation in and the energy savings resulting from those programs, and the number of
126.26	low-income persons residing in the consumer-owned utility's service territory. A municipal
126.27	utility that furnishes natural gas service must spend at least 0.2 percent of the municipal
126.28	utility's most recent three-year average gross operating revenue from residential customers
126.29	in Minnesota on energy conservation programs for low-income households. A
126.30	consumer-owned utility that furnishes electric service must spend at least 0.2 percent of the
126.31	consumer-owned utility's gross operating revenue from residential customers in Minnesota
126.32	on energy conservation programs for low-income households. The requirement under this
126.33	paragraph applies to each generation and transmission cooperative association's aggregate

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gross operating revenue from the sale of electricity to residential customers in Minnesota 127.1 127.2 by all of the association's member distribution cooperatives. 127.3 (b) To meet all or part of the spending requirements of paragraph (a), a consumer-owned utility may contribute money to the energy and conservation account established in section 127.4 127.5 216B.241, subdivision 2a. An energy conservation optimization plan must state the amount of contributions the consumer-owned utility plans to make to the energy and conservation 127.6 account. Contributions to the account must be used for energy conservation programs serving 127.7 low-income households, including renters, located in the service area of the consumer-owned 127.8 utility making the contribution. Contributions must be remitted to the commissioner by 127.9 127.10 February 1 each year. 127.11 (c) The commissioner must establish energy conservation programs for low-income households funded through contributions made to the energy and conservation account 127.12 under paragraph (b). When establishing energy conservation programs for low-income 127.13 households, the commissioner must consult political subdivisions, utilities, and nonprofit 127.14 and community organizations, including organizations providing energy and weatherization 127.15 assistance to low-income households. The commissioner must record and report expenditures 127.16 and energy savings achieved as a result of energy conservation programs for low-income 127.17 households funded through the energy and conservation account in the report required under 127.18 section 216B.241, subdivision 1c, paragraph (f). The commissioner may contract with a 127.19 political subdivision, nonprofit or community organization, public utility, municipality, or 127.20 consumer-owned utility to implement low-income programs funded through the energy and 127.21 127.22 conservation account. (d) A consumer-owned utility may petition the commissioner to modify the required 127.23 spending under this subdivision if the consumer-owned utility and the commissioner were 127.24 unable to expend the amount required for three consecutive years. 127.25 127.26 (e) The commissioner must develop and establish guidelines for determining the eligibility of multifamily buildings to participate in energy conservation programs provided to 127.27 low-income households. Notwithstanding the definition of low-income household in section 127.28 216B.2402, a consumer-owned utility or association may apply the most recent guidelines 127.29 127.30 published by the department for purposes of determining the eligibility of multifamily buildings to participate in low-income programs. The commissioner must convene a 127.31 stakeholder group to review and update these guidelines by July 1, 2022, and at least once 127.32 127.33 every five years thereafter. The stakeholder group must include but is not limited to representatives of public utilities; municipal electric or gas utilities; electric cooperative 127.34 127.35 associations; multifamily housing owners and developers; and low-income advocates.

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128.1	(f) Up to 15 percent of a consumer-owned utility's spending on low-income energy
128.2	conservation programs may be spent on preweatherization measures. A consumer-owned
128.3	utility is prohibited from claiming energy savings from preweatherization measures toward
128.4	the consumer-owned utility's energy savings goal.
128.5	(g) The commissioner must, by order, establish a list of preweatherization measures
128.6	eligible for inclusion in low-income energy conservation programs no later than March 15,
128.7	<u>2022.</u>
128.8	(h) A consumer-owned utility may elect to contribute money to the Healthy AIR account
128.9	under section 216B.241, subdivision 7, paragraph (h), to provide preweatherization measures
128.10	for households eligible for weatherization assistance from the state weatherization assistance
128.11	program in section 216C.264. Remediation activities must be executed in conjunction with
128.12	federal weatherization assistance program services.
128.13	Subd. 6. Recovery of expenses. The commission must allow a cooperative electric
128.14	association subject to rate regulation under section 216B.026 to recover expenses resulting
128.15	from: (1) a plan under this section; and (2) assessments and contributions to the energy and
128.16	conservation account under section 216B.241, subdivision 2a.
128.17	Subd. 7. Ownership of preweatherization measure or energy conservation
128.18	improvement. (a) A preweatherization measure or energy conservation improvement
128.19	installed in a building under this section, excluding a system owned by a consumer-owned
128.20	utility that is designed to turn off, limit, or vary the delivery of energy, is the exclusive
128.21	property of the building owner, except to the extent that the improvement is subject to a
128.22	security interest in favor of the consumer-owned utility in case of a loan to the building
128.23	owner for the improvement.
128.24	(b) A consumer-owned utility has no liability for loss, damage, or injury directly or
128.25	indirectly caused by a preweatherization measure or energy conservation improvement,
128.26	unless a consumer-owned utility is determined to have been negligent in purchasing,
128.27	installing, or modifying a preweatherization measure or energy conservation improvement.
128.28	Subd. 8. Criteria for efficient fuel-switching improvements. (a) A fuel-switching
128.29	improvement is deemed efficient if, applying the technical criteria established under section
128.30	216B.241, subdivision 1d, paragraph (b), the improvement, relative to the fuel being
128.31	displaced:
128.32	(1) results in a net reduction in the amount of source energy consumed for a particular
128.33	use, measured on a fuel-neutral basis;

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129.1	(2) results in a net reduction of statewide greenhouse gas emissions, as defined in section		
129.2	216H.01, subdivision 2, over the lifetime of the improvement. For an efficient fuel-switching		
129.3	improvement installed by an electric consumer-owned utility, the reduction in emissions		
129.4	must be measured based on the hourly emissions profile of the consumer-owned utility or		
129.5	the utility's electricity supplier, as reported in the most recent resource plan approved by		
129.6	the commission under section 216B.2422. If the hourly emissions profile is not available,		
129.7	the commissioner must develop a method consumer-owned utilities must use to estimate		
129.8	that value;		
129.9	(3) is cost-effective, considering the costs and benefits from the perspective of the		
129.10	consumer-owned utility, participants, and society; and		
129.11	(4) is installed and operated in a manner that improves the consumer-owned utility's		
129.12	system load factor.		
129.13	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "source energy" means the total amount of primary		
129.14	energy required to deliver energy services, adjusted for losses in generation, transmission,		
129.15	and distribution, and expressed on a fuel-neutral basis.		
129.16	Subd. 9. Manner of filing and service. (a) A consumer-owned utility must submit the		
129.17	filings required under this section to the department using the department's electronic filing		
129.18	system. The commissioner may approve an exemption from this requirement if a		
129.19	consumer-owned utility is unable to submit filings via the department's electronic filing		
129.20	system. All other interested parties must submit filings to the department via the department's		
129.21	electronic filing system whenever practicable but may also file by personal delivery or by		
129.22	<u>mail.</u>		
129.23	(b) The submission of a document to the department's electronic filing system constitutes		
129.24	service on the department. If a department rule requires service of a notice, order, or other		
129.25	document by the department, a consumer-owned utility, or an interested party upon persons		
129.26	on a service list maintained by the department, service may be made by personal delivery,		
129.27	mail, or electronic service. Electronic service may be made only to persons on the service		
129.28	list that have previously agreed in writing to accept electronic service at an e-mail address		
129.29	provided to the department for electronic service purposes.		
129.30	Subd. 10. Assessment. The commission or department may assess consumer-owned		
129.31	utilities subject to this section to carry out the purposes of section 216B.241, subdivisions		
129.32	1d, 1e, and 1f. An assessment under this subdivision must be proportionate to a		
129.33	consumer-owned utility's gross operating revenue from sales of gas or electric service in		
129.34	Minnesota during the previous calendar year, as applicable. Assessments under this		

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130.1	subdivision are not subject to the	cap on assessments und	er section 216B.	62 or any other
130.2	law.			
130.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This set	ection is effective the day	/ following final	enactment.
130.4	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 202	0, section 216B.241, sub	division 1a, is a	nended to read:
130.5	Subd. 1a. Investment, expen	diture, and contribution	ı; public utility	Large customer
130.6	facility. (a) For purposes of this	subdivision and subdivis	ion 2, "public ut	ility" has the
130.7	meaning given it in section 216B	.02, subdivision 4. Each	public utility sh	all spend and
130.8	invest for energy conservation in	provements under this s	ubdivision and s	ubdivision 2 the
130.9	following amounts:			
130.10	(1) for a utility that furnishes	gas service, 0.5 percent of	of its gross operation	ating revenues
130.11	from service provided in the state	 ,		
130.12	(2) for a utility that furnishes	electric service, 1.5 perce	nt of its gross op	erating revenues
130.13	from service provided in the state	e; and		
130.14	(3) for a utility that furnishes c	lectric service and that op	erates a nuclear-	-powered electric
130.15	generating plant within the state,	two percent of its gross	operating revent	tes from service
130.16	provided in the state.			
130.17	For purposes of this paragrap	h (a), "gross operating re	venues" do not	include revenues
130.18	from large customer facilities ex-	empted under paragraph	(b), or from con	umercial gas
130.19	customers that are exempted und	er paragraph (c) or (e).		
130.20	(b) (a) The owner of a large c	ustomer facility may peti	tion the commis	sioner to exempt
130.21	both electric and gas utilities serv	ving the large customer fa	acility from the	investment and
130.22	expenditure requirements of para	graph (a) contributing to	investments and	d expenditures
130.23	made under an energy and conse	rvation optimization plan	n filed under sub	division 2 or
130.24	section 216B.2403, subdivision 3	3, with respect to retail re	evenues attributa	ble to the large
130.25	customer facility. The filing mus	t include a discussion of	the competitive	or economic
130.26	pressures facing the owner of the	e facility and the efforts ta	aken by the own	er to identify,
130.27	evaluate, and implement energy	conservation and efficien	cy improvemen	ts. A filing
130.28	submitted on or before October 1	of any year must be appr	oved within 90 o	lays and become
130.29	effective January 1 of the year for	llowing the filing, unless	the commission	ner finds that the
130.30	owner of the large customer facil	ity has failed to take reas	sonable measure	s to identify,
130.31	evaluate, and implement energy	conservation and efficien	cy improvemen	ts. If a facility

qualifies as a large customer facility solely due to its peak electrical demand or annualnatural gas usage, the exemption may be limited to the qualifying utility if the commissioner

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finds that the owner of the large customer facility has failed to take reasonable measures to 131.1 identify, evaluate, and implement energy conservation and efficiency improvements with 131.2 respect to the nonqualifying utility. Once an exemption is approved, the commissioner may 131.3 request the owner of a large customer facility to submit, not more often than once every 131.4 five years, a report demonstrating the large customer facility's ongoing commitment to 131.5 energy conservation and efficiency improvement after the exemption filing. The 131.6 commissioner may request such reports for up to ten years after the effective date of the 131.7 exemption, unless the majority ownership of the large customer facility changes, in which 131.8 case the commissioner may request additional reports for up to ten years after the change 131.9 in ownership occurs. The commissioner may, within 180 days of receiving a report submitted 131.10 under this paragraph, rescind any exemption granted under this paragraph upon a 131.11 determination that the large customer facility is not continuing to make reasonable efforts 131.12 131.13 to identify, evaluate, and implement energy conservation improvements. A large customer facility that is, under an order from the commissioner, exempt from the investment and 131.14 expenditure requirements of paragraph (a) as of December 31, 2010, is not required to 131.15 submit a report to retain its exempt status, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph 131.16 with respect to ownership changes. No exempt large customer facility may participate in a 131.17 utility conservation improvement program unless the owner of the facility submits a filing 131.18 with the commissioner to withdraw its exemption. 131.19

(c) (b) A commercial gas customer that is not a large customer facility and that purchases 131.20 or acquires natural gas from a public utility having fewer than 600,000 natural gas customers 131.21 in Minnesota may petition the commissioner to exempt gas utilities serving the commercial 131.22 gas customer from the investment and expenditure requirements of paragraph (a) contributing 131.23 to investments and expenditures made under an energy and conservation optimization plan 131.24 filed under subdivision 2 or section 216B.2403, subdivision 3, with respect to retail revenues 131.25 attributable to the commercial gas customer. The petition must be supported by evidence 131.26 demonstrating that the commercial gas customer has acquired or can reasonably acquire 131.27 the capability to bypass use of the utility's gas distribution system by obtaining natural gas 131.28 directly from a supplier not regulated by the commission. The commissioner shall grant the 131.29 exemption if the commissioner finds that the petitioner has made the demonstration required 131.30 by this paragraph. 131.31

(d) The commissioner may require investments or spending greater than the amounts
 required under this subdivision for a public utility whose most recent advance forecast
 required under section 216B.2422 or 216C.17 projects a peak demand deficit of 100
 megawatts or greater within five years under midrange forecast assumptions.

132.1 (e) (c) A public utility, consumer-owned utility, or owner of a large customer facility

132.2 may appeal a decision of the commissioner under paragraph (a) or (b), (c), or (d) to the

132.3 commission under subdivision 2. In reviewing a decision of the commissioner under

132.4 paragraph (a) or (b), (c), or (d), the commission shall rescind the decision if it finds that the

132.5 required investments or spending will:

132.6 (1) not result in cost-effective energy conservation improvements; or

132.7 (2) otherwise the decision is not be in the public interest.

132.8 (d) A public utility is prohibited from spending for or investing in energy conservation

improvements that directly benefit a large energy facility or a large electric customer facility

132.10 to which the commissioner has issued an exemption under this section.

132.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

132.12 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.241, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

Subd. 1c. <u>Public utility; energy-saving goals.</u> (a) The commissioner shall establish
energy-saving goals for energy conservation <u>improvement expenditures improvements</u> and
shall evaluate an energy conservation improvement program on how well it meets the goals
set.

(b) Each individual A public utility and association shall have providing electric service 132.17 has an annual energy-savings goal equivalent to 1.5 1.75 percent of gross annual retail 132.18 energy sales unless modified by the commissioner under paragraph (d). (c). A public utility 132.19 providing natural gas service has an annual energy-savings goal equivalent to one percent 132.20 of gross annual retail energy sales, which must not be lowered by the commissioner. The 132.21 savings goals must be calculated based on the most recent three-year weather-normalized 132.22 average. A public utility or association providing electric service may elect to carry forward 132.23 energy savings in excess of 1.5 1.75 percent for a year to the succeeding three calendar 132.24 years, except that savings from electric utility infrastructure projects allowed under paragraph 132.25 (d) may be carried forward for five years. A public utility providing natural gas service may 132.26 132.27 elect to carry forward energy savings in excess of one percent for a year to the succeeding three calendar years. A particular energy savings can only be used only for to meet one 132.28 year's goal. 132.29

(c) The commissioner must adopt a filing schedule that is designed to have all utilities
 and associations operating under an energy-savings plan by calendar year 2010.

(d) (c) In its energy conservation improvement and optimization plan filing, a public
 utility or association may request the commissioner to adjust its annual energy-savings

133.1 percentage goal based on its historical conservation investment experience, customer class

makeup, load growth, a conservation potential study, or other factors the commissioner

133.3 determines warrants an adjustment.

133.4 (d) The commissioner may not approve a plan of a public utility that provides for an

annual energy-savings goal of less than one percent of gross annual retail energy sales fromenergy conservation improvements.

A utility or association may include in its energy conservation plan energy savings from
 The balance of the 1.75 percent annual energy savings goal may be achieved through energy
 activity of the planet.

133.9 savings from:

133.10 (1) additional energy conservation improvements;

133.11 (2) electric utility infrastructure projects approved by the commission under section

133.12 216B.1636 that result in increased efficiency greater than would have occurred through

133.13 <u>normal maintenance activity;</u> or waste heat recovery converted into electricity projects that

133.14 may count as energy savings in addition to a minimum energy-savings goal of at least one

133.15 percent for energy conservation improvements. Energy savings from electric utility

133.16 infrastructure projects, as defined in section 216B.1636, may be included in the energy

133.17 conservation plan of a municipal utility or cooperative electric association. Electric utility

133.18 infrastructure projects must result in increased energy efficiency greater than that which

133.19 would have occurred through normal maintenance activity

133.20 (3) subject to department approval, demand-side natural gas or electric energy displaced

133.21 by use of waste heat recovered and used as thermal energy, including the recovered thermal

133.22 <u>energy from a cogeneration or combined heat and power facility</u>.

133.23 (e) An energy-savings goal is not satisfied by attaining the revenue expenditure

133.24 requirements of subdivisions 1a and 1b, but can only be satisfied by meeting the

133.25 energy-savings goal established in this subdivision.

(f) An association or (e) A public utility is not required to make energy conservation investments to attain the energy-savings goals of this subdivision that are not cost-effective even if the investment is necessary to attain the energy-savings goals. For the purpose of this paragraph, in determining cost-effectiveness, the commissioner shall consider: (1) the costs and benefits to ratepayers, the utility, participants, and society. In addition, the commissioner shall consider; (2) the rate at which an association or municipal a public utility is increasing both its energy savings and its expenditures on energy conservation; and (3) the public utility's lifetime energy savings and cumulative energy savings.

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(g) (f) On an annual basis, the commissioner shall produce and make publicly available 134.1 a report on the annual energy and capacity savings and estimated carbon dioxide reductions 134.2 134.3 achieved by the energy conservation improvement programs under this section and section 216B.2403 for the two most recent years for which data is available. The report must also 134.4 include information regarding any annual energy sales or generation capacity increases 134.5 resulting from efficient fuel-switching improvements. The commissioner shall report on 134.6 program performance both in the aggregate and for each entity filing an energy conservation 134.7 134.8 improvement plan for approval or review by the commissioner, and must estimate progress made toward the statewide energy-savings goal under section 216B.2401. 134.9

- 134.10 (h) By January 15, 2010, the commissioner shall report to the legislature whether the
- 134.11 spending requirements under subdivisions 1a and 1b are necessary to achieve the
- 134.12 energy-savings goals established in this subdivision.
- 134.13 (i) This subdivision does not apply to:
- 134.14 (1) a cooperative electric association with fewer than 5,000 members;
- 134.15 (2) a municipal utility with fewer than 1,000 retail electric customers; or
- 134.16 (3) a municipal utility with less than 1,000,000,000 cubic feet in annual throughput sales
- 134.17 to retail natural gas customers.
- 134.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 134.19 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.241, subdivision 1d, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1d. **Technical assistance.** (a) The commissioner shall evaluate energy conservation improvement programs <u>filed under this section and section 216B.2403</u> on the basis of cost-effectiveness and the reliability of the technologies employed. The commissioner shall, by order, establish, maintain, and update energy-savings assumptions that must be used <u>by</u> <u>utilities</u> when filing energy conservation improvement programs. <u>The department must track</u> <u>a public utility's or consumer-owned utility's lifetime energy savings and cumulative lifetime</u> energy savings reported in plans submitted under this section and section 216B.2403.
- (b) The commissioner shall establish an inventory of the most effective energy
 conservation programs, techniques, and technologies, and encourage all Minnesota utilities
 to implement them, where appropriate, in their service territories. The commissioner shall
 describe these programs in sufficient detail to provide a utility reasonable guidance
 concerning implementation. The commissioner shall prioritize the opportunities in order of
 potential energy savings and in order of cost-effectiveness.

(c) The commissioner may contract with a third party to carry out any of the
 commissioner's duties under this subdivision, and to obtain technical assistance to evaluate
 the effectiveness of any conservation improvement program.

135.4 (d) The commissioner may assess up to \$850,000 annually for the purposes of this 135.5 subdivision. The assessments must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the 135.6 energy and conservation account created under subdivision 2a. An assessment made under 135.7 this subdivision is not subject to the cap on assessments provided by section 216B.62, or 135.8 any other law.

(b) Of the assessment authorized under paragraph (a), the commissioner may expend
up to \$400,000 annually for the purpose of developing, operating, maintaining, and providing
technical support for a uniform electronic data reporting and tracking system available to
all utilities subject to this section, in order to enable accurate measurement of the cost and
energy savings of the energy conservation improvements required by this section. This
paragraph expires June 30, 2018.

- (e) The commissioner must work with stakeholders to develop technical guidelines that
 public utilities and consumer-owned utilities must use to:
- 135.17 (1) determine whether deployment of a fuel-switching improvement meets the criteria
- established in subdivision 11, paragraph (e), or section 216B.2403, subdivision 8, as
- 135.19 applicable; and

135.20 (2) calculate the amount of energy saved by deploying a fuel-switching improvement.

135.21 The guidelines under this paragraph must be issued by the commissioner by order no later

135.22 than March 15, 2022, and must be updated as the commissioner determines is necessary.

135.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

135.24 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.241, subdivision 1f, is amended to read:

Subd. 1f. Facilities energy efficiency. (a) The commissioner of administration and the commissioner of commerce shall maintain and, as needed, revise the sustainable building design guidelines developed under section 16B.325.

(b) The commissioner of administration and the commissioner of commerce shall maintain
and update the benchmarking tool developed under Laws 2001, chapter 212, article 1, section
3, so that all public buildings can use the benchmarking tool to maintain energy use
information for the purposes of establishing energy efficiency benchmarks, tracking building
performance, and measuring the results of energy efficiency and conservation improvements.

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(c) The commissioner shall require that utilities include in their conservation improvement
plans programs that facilitate professional engineering verification to qualify a building as
Energy Star-labeled, Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) certified, or
Green Globes-certified. The state goal is to achieve certification of 1,000 commercial
buildings as Energy Star-labeled, and 100 commercial buildings as LEED-certified or Green
Globes-certified by December 31, 2010.

(d) The commissioner may assess up to \$500,000 annually for the purposes of this
subdivision. The assessments must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the
energy and conservation account created under subdivision 2a. An assessment made under
this subdivision is not subject to the cap on assessments provided by section 216B.62, or
any other law.

136.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

136.13 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.241, subdivision 1g, is amended to read:

Subd. 1g. Manner of filing and service. (a) A public utility, generation and transmission 136.14 cooperative electric association, municipal power agency, cooperative electric association, 136.15 136.16 and municipal utility shall submit filings to the department via the department's electronic filing system. The commissioner may approve an exemption from this requirement in the 136.17 event an affected a public utility or association is unable to submit filings via the department's 136.18 electronic filing system. All other interested parties shall submit filings to the department 136.19 via the department's electronic filing system whenever practicable but may also file by 136.20 personal delivery or by mail. 136.21

(b) Submission of a document to the department's electronic filing system constitutes service on the department. Where department rule requires service of a notice, order, or other document by the department, <u>public</u> utility, association, or interested party upon persons on a service list maintained by the department, service may be made by personal delivery, mail, or electronic service, except that electronic service may only be made upon persons on the service list who have previously agreed in writing to accept electronic service at an electronic address provided to the department for electronic service purposes.

136.29

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

136.30 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.241, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

136.31 Subd. 2. **Programs Public utility; energy conservation and optimization plans.** (a)

136.32 The commissioner may require <u>a public utilities utility</u> to make investments and expenditures

in energy conservation improvements, explicitly setting forth the interest rates, prices, and
 terms under which the improvements must be offered to the customers. The required
 programs must cover no more than a three-year period.

(b) A public utilities utility shall file an energy conservation improvement plans and 137.4 optimization plan by June 1, on a schedule determined by order of the commissioner, but 137.5 at least every three years. Plans received As provided in subdivisions 11 to 13, plans may 137.6 include programs for efficient fuel-switching improvements and load management. An 137.7 137.8 individual utility program may combine elements of energy conservation, load management, or efficient fuel-switching. The plan must estimate the lifetime energy savings and cumulative 137.9 lifetime energy savings projected to be achieved under the plan. A plan filed by a public 137.10 utility by June 1 must be approved or approved as modified by the commissioner by 137.11

137.12 December 1 of that same year.

(c) The commissioner shall evaluate the program plan on the basis of cost-effectiveness 137.13 and the reliability of technologies employed. The commissioner's order must provide to the 137.14 extent practicable for a free choice, by consumers participating in the an energy conservation 137.15 program, of the device, method, material, or project constituting the energy conservation 137.16 improvement and for a free choice of the seller, installer, or contractor of the energy 137.17 conservation improvement, provided that the device, method, material, or project seller, 137.18 installer, or contractor is duly licensed, certified, approved, or qualified, including under 137.19 the residential conservation services program, where applicable. 137.20

(b) (d) The commissioner may require a utility subject to subdivision 1c to make an
energy conservation improvement investment or expenditure whenever the commissioner
finds that the improvement will result in energy savings at a total cost to the utility less than
the cost to the utility to produce or purchase an equivalent amount of new supply of energy.
The commissioner shall nevertheless ensure that every public utility operate one or more
programs under periodic review by the department.

(e) (e) Each public utility subject to this subdivision 1a may spend and invest annually
up to ten percent of the total amount required to be spent and invested on energy conservation
improvements under this section by the <u>public</u> utility on research and development projects
that meet the definition of energy conservation improvement in subdivision 1 and that are
funded directly by the public utility.

(d) A public utility may not spend for or invest in energy conservation improvements
 that directly benefit a large energy facility or a large electric customer facility for which the
 commissioner has issued an exemption pursuant to subdivision 1a, paragraph (b).

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(f) The commissioner shall consider and may require a <u>public</u> utility to undertake <u>a an</u>
 <u>energy conservation</u> program suggested by an outside source, including a political
 subdivision, a nonprofit corporation, or community organization.

(e) (g) A public utility, a political subdivision, or a nonprofit or community organization 138.4 that has suggested a an energy conservation program, the attorney general acting on behalf 138.5 of consumers and small business interests, or a public utility customer that has suggested a 138.6 an energy conservation program and is not represented by the attorney general under section 138.7 138.8 8.33 may petition the commission to modify or revoke a department decision under this section, and the commission may do so if it determines that the energy conservation program 138.9 is not cost-effective, does not adequately address the residential conservation improvement 138.10 needs of low-income persons, has a long-range negative effect on one or more classes of 138.11 customers, or is otherwise not in the public interest. The commission shall reject a petition 138.12 that, on its face, fails to make a reasonable argument that a an energy conservation program 138.13 is not in the public interest. 138.14

(f) (h) The commissioner may order a public utility to include, with the filing of the 138.15 public utility's annual status report, the results of an independent audit of the public utility's 138.16 conservation improvement programs and expenditures performed by the department or an 138.17 auditor with experience in the provision of energy conservation and energy efficiency 138.18 services approved by the commissioner and chosen by the public utility. The audit must 138.19 specify the energy savings or increased efficiency in the use of energy within the service 138.20 territory of the public utility that is the result of the public utility's spending and investments. 138.21 The audit must evaluate the cost-effectiveness of the public utility's conservation programs. 138.22

(g) A gas utility may not spend for or invest in energy conservation improvements that
 directly benefit a large customer facility or commercial gas customer facility for which the
 commissioner has issued an exemption pursuant to subdivision 1a, paragraph (b), (c), or
 (e). The commissioner shall consider and may require a utility to undertake a program
 suggested by an outside source, including a political subdivision, a nonprofit corporation,
 or a community organization.

(i) The energy conservation and optimization plan of each public utility subject to this
 section must include activities to improve energy efficiency in public schools served by the
 utility. As applicable to each public utility, at a minimum the activities must include programs
 to increase the efficiency of the school's lighting and heating and cooling systems, and to
 provide for building recommissioning, building operator training, and opportunities to
 educate students, teachers, and staff regarding energy efficiency measures implemented at

138.35 <u>the school.</u>

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(j) The commissioner may require investments or spending greater than the amounts
 proposed in a plan filed under this subdivision or section 216C.17 for a public utility whose
 most recent advanced forecast required under section 216B.2422 projects a peak demand
 deficit of 100 megawatts or more within five years under midrange forecast assumptions.
 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.241, subdivision 2b, is amended to read: 139.6 Subd. 2b. Recovery of expenses. (a) The commission shall allow a public utility to 139.7 recover expenses resulting from a an energy conservation improvement program required 139.8 and optimization plan approved by the department under this section and contributions and 139.9 assessments to the energy and conservation account, unless the recovery would be 139.10 139.11 inconsistent with a financial incentive proposal approved by the commission. The commission shall allow a cooperative electric association subject to rate regulation under section 139.12 216B.026, to recover expenses resulting from energy conservation improvement programs, 139.13 load management programs, and assessments and contributions to the energy and 139.14 conservation account unless the recovery would be inconsistent with a financial incentive 139.15 139.16 proposal approved by the commission. In addition,

(b) A public utility may file annually, or the Public Utilities Commission may require 139.17 the public utility to file, and the commission may approve, rate schedules containing 139.18 provisions for the automatic adjustment of charges for utility service in direct relation to 139.19 changes in the expenses of the public utility for real and personal property taxes, fees, and 139.20 permits, the amounts of which the public utility cannot control. A public utility is eligible 139.21 to file for adjustment for real and personal property taxes, fees, and permits under this 139.22 subdivision only if, in the year previous to the year in which it files for adjustment, it has 139.23 spent or invested at least 1.75 percent of its gross revenues from provision of electric service, 139.24 excluding gross operating revenues from electric service provided in the state to large electric 139.25 customer facilities for which the commissioner has issued an exemption under subdivision 139.26 1a, paragraph (b), and 0.6 percent of its gross revenues from provision of gas service, 139.27 139.28 excluding gross operating revenues from gas services provided in the state to large electric customer facilities for which the commissioner has issued an exemption under subdivision 139.29 1a, paragraph (b), for that year for energy conservation improvements under this section. 139.30

139.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

140.1 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.241, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

140.2 Subd. 3. Ownership of preweatherization measure or energy conservation

improvement. An (a) A preweatherization measure or energy conservation improvement
made to or installed in a building in accordance with this section, except systems owned by
the <u>a public</u> utility and designed to turn off, limit, or vary the delivery of energy, are the
exclusive property of the owner of the building except to the extent that the improvement
is subjected to a security interest in favor of the <u>public</u> utility in case of a loan to the building
owner. The

(b) A public utility has no liability for loss, damage, or injury caused directly or indirectly
by an a preweatherization measure or energy conservation improvement except for negligence
by the utility in purchase, installation, or modification of the product. purchasing, installing,
or modifying a preweatherization measure or energy conservation improvement.

140.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

140.14 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.241, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Efficient lighting program. (a) Each public utility, cooperative electric association, and municipal and consumer-owned utility that provides electric service to retail customers and is subject to subdivision 1c or section 216B.2403 shall include as part of its conservation improvement activities a program to strongly encourage the use of LED lamps. The program must include at least a public information campaign to encourage use of LED lamps and proper management of spent lamps by all customer classifications.

(b) A public utility that provides electric service at retail to 200,000 or more customers
shall establish, either directly or through contracts with other persons, including lamp
manufacturers, distributors, wholesalers, and retailers and local government units, a system
to collect for delivery to a reclamation or recycling facility spent fluorescent and
high-intensity discharge lamps from households and from small businesses as defined in
section 645.445 that generate an average of fewer than ten spent lamps per year.

(c) A collection system must include establishing reasonably convenient locations for
collecting spent lamps from households and financial incentives sufficient to encourage
spent lamp generators to take the lamps to the collection locations. Financial incentives may
include coupons for purchase of new LED lamps, a cash back system, or any other financial
incentive or group of incentives designed to collect the maximum number of spent lamps
from households and small businesses that is reasonably feasible.

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(d) A public utility that provides electric service at retail to fewer than 200,000 customers,
a cooperative electric association, or a municipal or a consumer-owned utility that provides
electric service at retail to customers may establish a collection system under paragraphs
(b) and (c) as part of conservation improvement activities required under this section.

(e) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency may not, unless clearly required
by federal law, require a public utility, cooperative electric association, or municipality or
<u>consumer-owned utility</u> that establishes a household fluorescent and high-intensity discharge
lamp collection system under this section to manage the lamps as hazardous waste as long
as the lamps are managed to avoid breakage and are delivered to a recycling or reclamation
facility that removes mercury and other toxic materials contained in the lamps prior to
placement of the lamps in solid waste.

(f) If a public utility, cooperative electric association, or municipal or consumer-owned
utility contracts with a local government unit to provide a collection system under this
subdivision, the contract must provide for payment to the local government unit of all the
unit's incremental costs of collecting and managing spent lamps.

(g) All the costs incurred by a public utility, cooperative electric association, or municipal
 or consumer-owned utility to promote the use of LED lamps and to collect fluorescent and
 high-intensity discharge collect LED lamps under this subdivision are conservation
 improvement spending under this section.

(h) For the purposes of this subdivision, "LED lamp" means a light-emitting diode lamp
that consists of a solid state device that emits visible light when an electric current passes
through a semiconductor bulb or lighting product.

141.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

141.24 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.241, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Low-income programs. (a) The commissioner shall ensure that each public 141.25 utility and association subject to subdivision 1c provides low-income energy conservation 141.26 141.27 programs to low-income households. When approving spending and energy-savings goals for low-income programs, the commissioner shall consider historic spending and participation 141.28 levels, energy savings for achieved by low-income programs, and the number of low-income 141.29 persons residing in the utility's service territory. A municipal utility that furnishes gas service 141.30 must spend at least 0.2 percent, and a public utility furnishing gas service must spend at 141.31 141.32 least 0.4 0.8 percent, of its most recent three-year average gross operating revenue from

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that furnishes electric service must spend at least 0.1 0.4 percent of its gross operating
revenue from residential customers in the state on low-income programs. For a generation
and transmission cooperative association, this requirement shall apply to each association's
members' aggregate gross operating revenue from sale of electricity to residential customers
in the state. Beginning in 2010, a utility or association that furnishes electric service must
spend 0.2 percent of its gross operating revenue from residential customers in the state on

142.7 low-income programs.

(b) To meet the requirements of paragraph (a), a public utility or association may

142.9 contribute money to the energy and conservation account established under subdivision 2a.

142.10 An energy conservation improvement plan must state the amount, if any, of low-income

142.11 energy conservation improvement funds the <u>public</u> utility or association will contribute to

142.12 the energy and conservation account. Contributions must be remitted to the commissioner

142.13 by February 1 of each year.

142.14 (c) The commissioner shall establish low-income <u>energy conservation</u> programs to utilize

142.15 money contributed contributions made to the energy and conservation account under

paragraph (b). In establishing low-income programs, the commissioner shall consult political
subdivisions, utilities, and nonprofit and community organizations, especially organizations
engaged in providing energy and weatherization assistance to low-income persons

households. Money contributed Contributions made to the energy and conservation account 142.19 under paragraph (b) must provide programs for low-income persons households, including 142.20 low-income renters, in the service territory of the public utility or association providing the 142.21 money. The commissioner shall record and report expenditures and energy savings achieved 142.22 as a result of low-income programs funded through the energy and conservation account in 142.23 the report required under subdivision 1c, paragraph $\frac{g}{g}$ (f). The commissioner may contract 142.24 with a political subdivision, nonprofit or community organization, public utility, municipality, 142.25 or cooperative electric association consumer-owned utility to implement low-income 142.26 programs funded through the energy and conservation account. 142.27

(d) A <u>public</u> utility or association may petition the commissioner to modify its required
spending under paragraph (a) if the utility or association and the commissioner have been
unable to expend the amount required under paragraph (a) for three consecutive years.

142.31 (e) The commissioner must develop and establish guidelines to determine the eligibility

142.32 of multifamily buildings to participate in low-income energy conservation programs.

142.33 Notwithstanding the definition of low-income household in section 216B.2402, for purposes

142.34 of determining the eligibility of multifamily buildings for low-income programs a public

142.35 utility may apply the most recent guidelines published by the department. The commissioner

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must convene a stakeholder group to review and update guidelines by July 1, 2022, and at 143.1 least once every five years thereafter. The stakeholder group must include but is not limited 143.2 143.3 to representatives of public utilities as defined in section 216B.02, subdivision 4; municipal electric or gas utilities; electric cooperative associations; multifamily housing owners and 143.4 developers; and low-income advocates. 143.5 (f) Up to 15 percent of a public utility's spending on low-income programs may be spent 143.6 on preweatherization measures. A public utility is prohibited from claiming energy savings 143.7 from preweatherization measures toward the public utility's energy savings goal. 143.8 (g) The commissioner must, by order, establish a list of preweatherization measures 143.9 eligible for inclusion in low-income programs no later than March 15, 2022. 143.10 (h) A Healthy AIR (Asbestos Insulation Removal) account is established as a separate 143.11 account in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. A public utility may elect to 143.12 contribute money to the Healthy AIR account to provide preweatherization measures to 143.13 households eligible for weatherization assistance under section 216C.264. Remediation 143.14 activities must be executed in conjunction with federal weatherization assistance program 143.15 services. Money contributed to the account counts toward: (1) the minimum low-income 143.16 spending requirement in paragraph (a); and (2) the cap on preweatherization measures under 143.17 paragraph (f). Money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner of 143.18

143.19 commerce to pay for Healthy AIR-related activities.

(e) (i) The costs and benefits associated with any approved low-income gas or electric conservation improvement program that is not cost-effective when considering the costs and benefits to the <u>public</u> utility may, at the discretion of the utility, be excluded from the calculation of net economic benefits for purposes of calculating the financial incentive to the <u>public</u> utility. The energy and demand savings may, at the discretion of the <u>public</u> utility, be applied toward the calculation of overall portfolio energy and demand savings for purposes of determining progress toward annual goals and in the financial incentive mechanism.

143.27

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.241, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
Subd. 8. Assessment. The commission or department may assess <u>public</u> utilities subject
to this section in proportion to their respective to carry out the purposes of subdivisions 1d,
<u>1e</u>, and 1f. An assessment under this subdivision must be proportionate to a public utility's
gross operating revenue from sales of gas or electric service within the state <u>Minnesota</u>
during the last calendar year to carry out the purposes of subdivisions 1d, 1e, and 1f. Those

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144.1	assessments, as applicable. Assessments made under this subdivision are not subject to the					
144.2	cap on assessments provided by section 216B.62, or any other law.					
144.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	section is effective the day	/ following fina	l enactment.		
144.4	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 20	020, section 216B.241, is a	amended by add	ing a subdivision		
144.5	to read:					
144.6	Subd. 11. Programs for efficient fuel-switching improvements; electric utilities. (a)					
144.7	A public utility providing electr	ric service at retail may inc	clude in the plar	n required under		
144.8	subdivision 2 programs to implement efficient fuel-switching improvements or combinations					
144.9	of energy conservation improvements, fuel-switching improvements, and load management.					
144.10	For each program, the public ut	ility must provide a propo	sed budget, an a	analysis of the		
144.11	program's cost-effectiveness, ar	nd estimated net energy an	d demand savin	gs.		
144.12	(b) The department may app	prove proposed programs f	for efficient fuel	-switching		
144.13	improvements if the department	t determines the improvem	nents meet the r	equirements of		
144.14	paragraph (d). For fuel-switchin	ng improvements that requ	ire the deploym	ent of electric		
144.15	technologies, the department m	ust also consider whether	the fuel-switchi	ng improvement		
144.16	can be operated in a manner that	t facilitates the integration	n of variable ren	ewable energy		
144.17	into the electric system. The net	benefits from an efficient	fuel-switching i	mprovement that		
144.18	is integrated with an energy efficient	ciency program approved u	under this section	n may be counted		
144.19	toward the net benefits of the er	nergy efficiency program i	f the departmen	t determines the		
144.20	primary purpose and effect of the	ne program is energy efficient	iency.			
144.21	(c) A public utility may file a	rate schedule with the con	nmission that pr	ovides for annual		
144.22	cost recovery of reasonable and	prudent costs incurred to	implement and	promote efficient		
144.23	fuel-switching programs. The co	mmission may not approve	a financial incer	ntive to encourage		
144.24	efficient fuel-switching program	ns operated by a public uti	lity providing e	lectric service.		
144.25	(d) A fuel-switching improv	ement is deemed efficient	if, applying the	technical criteria		
144.26	established under section 216B.	241, subdivision 1d, parag	graph (b), the im	provement meets		
144.27	the following criteria, relative to	o the fuel that is being disp	placed:			
144.28	(1) results in a net reduction	in the amount of source e	nergy consume	d for a particular		
144.29	use, measured on a fuel-neutral	basis;				
144.30	(2) results in a net reduction	of statewide greenhouse ga	as emissions as o	defined in section		
144.31	216H.01, subdivision 2, over the	lifetime of the improveme	nt. For an efficie	ent fuel-switching		
144.32	improvement installed by an ele	ectric utility, the reduction	in emissions m	ust be measured		

SP972 FIRST UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENTREVISORRSIUES0972-1145.1based on the hourly emission profile of the electric utility, using the hourly emissions profile in the most recent resource plan approved by the commission under section 216B.2422;145.3(3) is cost-effective, considering the costs and benefits from the perspective of the utility, participants, and society; and145.4(4) is installed and operated in a manner that improves the utility's system load factor.145.5(4) is installed and operated in a manner that improves the utility's system load factor.145.6(e) For purposes of this subdivision, "source energy" means the total amount of primary energy required to deliver energy services, adjusted for losses in generation, transmission, and distribution, and expressed on a fuel-neutral basis.145.9EFFECTIVE DATE., This section is effective the day following final enactment.145.10Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.241, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:145.11Subd. 12. Programs for efficient fuel-switching improvements; natural gas utilities, (a) As part of a public utility's plan filed under subdivision 2, a public utility that provides natural gas service to Minnesota retail customers may propose as an energy145.12conservation improvement one or more programs to install electric technologies that reduce the consumption of natural gas by the utility's retail customers. The commissioner may approve a proposed program if the commissioner, applying the technical criteria developed under section 216B.241, subdivision 1d, paragraph (b), determines:145.19(1) the electric technology to be installed meets the criteria established under section<					
 in the most recent resource plan approved by the commission under section 216B.2422; (3) is cost-effective, considering the costs and benefits from the perspective of the utility, participants, and society; and (4) is installed and operated in a manner that improves the utility's system load factor. (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "source energy" means the total amount of primary energy required to deliver energy services, adjusted for losses in generation, transmission, and distribution, and expressed on a fuel-neutral basis. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.241, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 12. Programs for efficient fuel-switching improvements; natural gas</u> utilities. (a) As part of a public utility's plan filed under subdivision 2, a public utility that provides natural gas service to Minnesota retail customers may propose as an energy conservation improvement one or more programs to install electric technologies that reduce the consumption of natural gas by the utility's retail customers. The commissioner may approve a proposed program if the commissioner, applying the technical criteria developed under section 216B.241, subdivision 1d, paragraph (b), determines: 			REVISOR	RSI	UES0972-1
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	145.17	approve a proposed program if the	e commissioner, applyin	ng the technical cri	teria developed
(1) the electric technology to be installed meets the criteria established under section	145.18	under section 216B.241, subdivis	ion 1d, paragraph (b), d	etermines:	
	145.19	(1) the electric technology to \mathbf{b}	be installed meets the cr	riteria established	under section

145.20 <u>216B.241</u>, subdivision 11, paragraph (d), clauses (1) and (2); and

(2) the program is cost-effective, considering the costs and benefits to ratepayers, the
utility, participants, and society.

(b) If a program is approved by the commission under this subdivision, the public utility
 may count the program's energy savings toward the public utility's energy savings goal

145.25 <u>under section 216B.241</u>, subdivision 1c. Notwithstanding section 216B.2402, subdivision

- 4, efficient fuel-switching achieved through programs approved under this subdivision is
 energy conservation.
- (c) A public utility may file rate schedules with the commission that provide annual
 cost-recovery for programs approved by the department under this subdivision, including
 reasonable and prudent costs incurred to implement and promote the programs.
- 145.31 (d) The commission may approve, modify, or reject a proposal made by the department
- 145.32 or a utility for an incentive plan to encourage efficient fuel-switching programs approved

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146.1 under this subdivision, applying the considerations established under section 216B.16,

146.2 subdivision 6c, paragraphs (b) and (c). The commission may approve a financial incentive

146.3 mechanism that is calculated based on the combined energy savings and net benefits that

146.4 the commission determines have been achieved by a program approved under this

146.5 subdivision, provided the commission determines that the financial incentive mechanism

146.6 is in the ratepayers' interest.

146.7 (e) A public utility is not eligible for a financial incentive for an efficient fuel-switching

146.8 program under this subdivision in any year in which the utility achieves energy savings

146.9 below one percent of gross annual retail energy sales, excluding savings achieved through

146.10 fuel-switching programs.

146.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

146.12 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.241, is amended by adding a subdivision146.13 to read:

146.14 Subd. 13. Cost-effective load management programs. (a) A public utility may include

146.15 in the utility's plan required under subdivision 2 programs to implement load management

146.16 activities, or combinations of energy conservation improvements, fuel-switching

146.17 improvements, and load management activities. For each program the public utility must

146.18 provide a proposed budget, cost-effectiveness analysis, and estimated net energy and demand
146.19 savings.

(b) The commissioner may approve a proposed program if the commissioner determines
 the program is cost-effective, considering the costs and benefits to ratepayers, the utility,
 participants, and society.

(c) A public utility providing retail service to Minnesota customers may file rate schedules
 with the commission that provide for annual cost recovery of reasonable and prudent costs
 incurred to implement and promote cost-effective load management programs approved by

146.26 the department under this subdivision.

146.27 (d) In determining whether to approve, modify, or reject a proposal made by the

146.28 department or a public utility for an incentive plan to encourage investments in load

146.29 management programs, the commission shall consider whether the plan:

146.30 (1) is needed to increase the public utility's investment in cost-effective load management;

146.31 (2) is compatible with the interest of the public utility's ratepayers; and

- SF972 FIRST UNOFFICIAL REVISOR RSI ENGROSSMENT (3) links the incentive to the public utility's performance in achieving cost-effective load 147.1 147.2 management. 147.3 (e) The commission may structure an incentive plan to encourage cost-effective load management programs as an asset on which a public utility earns a rate of return at a level 147.4 147.5 the commission determines is reasonable and in the public interest. (f) The commission may include the net benefits from a load management activity 147.6 integrated with an energy efficiency program approved under this section in the net benefits 147.7 of the energy efficiency program for purposes of a financial incentive program under section 147.8 216B.16, subdivision 6c, if the department determines the primary purpose of the load 147.9 management activity is energy efficiency. 147.10 (g) A public utility is not eligible for a financial incentive for a load management program 147.11 in any year in which the utility achieves energy savings below one percent of gross annual 147.12 retail energy sales, excluding savings achieved through load management programs. 147.13 147.14 (h) The commission may include net benefits from a particular load management activity in an incentive plan under this subdivision or section 216B.16, subdivision 6c, but not both. 147.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 147.16 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.241, is amended by adding a subdivision 147.17
- to read: 147.18

Subd. 14. Minnesota efficient technology accelerator. (a) A nonprofit organization 147.19

with extensive experience implementing energy efficiency programs and conducting 147.20

energy-efficient technology research in Minnesota may file a proposal with the commissioner 147.21

for a program to accelerate deployment and reduce the cost of emerging and innovative 147.22

efficient technologies and approaches and result in lower energy costs for Minnesota 147.23

ratepayers. The program must include strategic initiatives with technology manufacturers 147.24

to improve the efficiency and performance of products, and with equipment installers and 147.25

other key actors in the technology supply chain. The program's goals are to achieve 147.26

147.27 cost-effective energy savings for Minnesota utilities, provide bill savings to Minnesota

- utility consumers, enhance employment opportunities in Minnesota, and avoid greenhouse 147.28
- 147.29 gas emissions.

147.30 (b) Prior to developing and filing a proposal, the nonprofit must submit to the

commissioner a notice of intent to file a proposal under this subdivision that describes the 147.31

nonprofit's eligibility with respect to the requirements of paragraph (a). The commissioner 147.32

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shall review the notice of intent and issue a determination of eligibility within 30 days of 148.1 148.2 the date the notice of intent is filed. 148.3 (c) Upon receiving approval from the commissioner to file a proposal under this section, a nonprofit organization must engage interested stakeholders in discussions regarding, at a 148.4 148.5 minimum, the following elements required of a program proposal under this subdivision: (1) a proposed budget and operational guidelines for the accelerator; 148.6 148.7 (2) proposed methodologies to estimate, evaluate, and allocate energy savings and net benefits from program activities. Energy savings and net benefits from program activities 148.8 must be allocated to participating utilities and must be considered when determining the 148.9 cost-effectiveness of energy savings achieved by the program and related incentives; 148.10 (3) a process to identify and select technologies that: 148.11 (i) address energy use in residential, commercial, and industrial buildings; and 148.12 (ii) benefit utility customers in proportion to the funds contributed to the program by 148.13 electric and natural gas utilities, respectively; and 148.14 (4) a process to identify and track performance metrics for each technology selected so 148.15 that progress toward achieving energy savings can be measured, including one or more 148.16 methods to evaluate cost-effectiveness. 148.17 (d) No earlier than 180 days from the date of the commissioner's eligibility determination 148.18 under paragraph (b), the nonprofit may file a program proposal under this subdivision. The 148.19 filing must address each of the elements listed in paragraph (c), clauses (1) to (4), and the 148.20 recommendations and concerns identified in the stakeholder engagement process required 148.21 under paragraph (c). Within 90 days of the filing of the proposal, after notice and comment, 148.22 and after the commissioner has considered the estimated program costs and benefits from 148.23 the perspectives of ratepayers, utilities, and society, the commissioner shall approve, modify, 148.24 or reject the proposal. An approved program may have a term extending up to five years, 148.25 and may be renewed by the commissioner one or more times for additional terms of up to 148.26 148.27 five years. (e) Upon approval of a program under paragraph (d), each public utility with over 30,000 148.28 customers must participate in the program and contribute to the approved program budget 148.29 in proportion to the public utility's gross operating revenue from sales of gas or electric 148.30 service in Minnesota, excluding revenues from large customer facilities exempted under 148.31 subdivision 1a. A participating utility is not required to contribute more than the following 148.32 percentages of the utility's spending approved by the commission in the plan filed under 148.33

SF972 FIRST UNOFFICIAL REVISOR RSI UES0972-1 ENGROSSMENT subdivision 2: (1) two percent in the program's initial two years; (2) 3.5 percent in the 149.1 program's third and fourth years; and (3) five percent each year thereafter. Other utilities 149.2 149.3 may elect to participate in an approved program. (f) A participating utility may request the commissioner to adjust its approved annual 149.4 budget under subdivision 2, if necessary to meet approved energy savings goals under 149.5 subdivision 2. Other utilities may elect to participate in the accelerator program. 149.6 (g) Costs incurred by a public utility under this subdivision are recoverable under 149.7 subdivision 2b as an assessment to the energy and conservation account. Amounts provided 149.8 to the account under this subdivision are not subject to the cap on assessments in section 149.9 149.10 216B.62. The commissioner may make expenditures from the account for the purposes of this subdivision, including amounts necessary to reimburse administrative costs incurred 149.11 by the department under this subdivision. Costs for research projects under this subdivision 149.12 that the commissioner determines may be duplicative to projects that would be eligible for 149.13 funding under subdivision 1e, paragraph (a), may be deducted from the assessment under 149.14

149.15 <u>subdivision le for utilities participating in the accelerator.</u>

149.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective immediately upon enactment.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.2412, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 149.17 149.18 Subd. 3. Pilot programs. The commission shall allow one or more rate-regulated utilities to participate in a pilot program to assess the merits of a rate-decoupling strategy to promote 149.19 energy efficiency and conservation. Each pilot program must utilize the criteria and standards 149.20 established in subdivision 2 and be designed to determine whether a rate-decoupling strategy 149.21 achieves energy savings. On or before a date established by the commission, the commission 149.22 shall require electric and gas utilities that intend to implement a decoupling program to file 149.23 a decoupling pilot plan, which shall be approved or approved as modified by the commission. 149.24 A pilot program may not exceed three years in length. Any extension beyond three years 149.25 can only be approved in a general rate case, unless that decoupling program was previously 149.26 approved as part of a general rate case. The commission shall report on the programs annually 149.27 to the chairs of the house of representatives and senate committees with primary jurisdiction 149.28 over energy policy. 149.29

149.30

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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150.1	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.2422, is amended by adding a subdivision
150.2	to read:
150.3	Subd. 7a. Energy storage systems; installation. The commission shall, as part of an
150.4	order with respect to a public utility's integrated resource plan filed under this section,
150.5	require a public utility to install one or more energy storage systems, provided that the
150.6	commission finds the investments are reasonable, prudent, and in the public interest. In
150.7	determining the aggregate capacity of the energy storage systems ordered under this
150.8	subdivision, the commission must consider the public utility's assessment of energy storage
150.9	systems contained in the public utility's integrated resource plan, as required under
150.10	subdivision 7.
150.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
150.12	applies to any order issued to a public utility by the commission in an integrated resource
150.13	plan proceeding after July 1, 2021.
150.14	Sec. 24. [216B.2427] ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM; APPLICATION.
50.15	Subdivision 1. Definition. For the purposes of this section, "energy storage system" has
150.16	the meaning given in section 216B.2422, subdivision 1, paragraph (f).
150.17	Subd. 2. Application requirement. No later than one year following the commission's
150.18	order to a public utility in an integrated resource plan proceeding under section 216B.2422,
150.19	the public utility must submit an application to the commission for review and approval to
150.20	install one or more energy storage systems whose aggregate capacity meets or exceeds that
150.21	ordered by the commission in the public utility's most recent integrated resource plan
150.22	proceeding under section 216B.2422, subdivision 7a.
150.23	Subd. 3. Application contents. (a) Each application submitted under this section shall
150.24	contain the following information:
50.25	(1) technical specifications of the energy storage system, including but not limited to:
150.26	(i) the maximum amount of electric output that the energy storage system can provide;
150.27	(ii) the length of time the energy storage system can sustain maximum output;
150.28	(iii) the location of the project and a description of the analysis conducted to determine
50.29	the location;
150.30	(iv) a description of the public utility's electric system needs that the proposed energy
50.31	storage system address;

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151.1	(v) a description of the types o	f services the energy stor	age system is exp	pected to provide;
151.2	and			
151.3	(vi) a description of the techn	ology required to constr	uct, operate, and	maintain the
151.4	energy storage system, including	any data or communicat	tion system nece	essary to operate
151.5	the energy storage system;			
151.6	(2) the estimated cost of the p	project, including:		
151.7	(i) capital costs;			
151.8	(ii) the estimated cost per uni	t of energy delivered by	the energy stora	ge system; and
151.9	(iii) an evaluation of the cost-	effectiveness of the ener	gy storage syste	<u>m;</u>
151.10	(3) the estimated benefits of t	he energy storage system	n to the public ut	tility's electric
151.11	system, including but not limited	to:		
151.12	(i) deferred investments in ge	neration, transmission, c	r distribution ca	pacity;
151.13	(ii) reduced need for electrici	ty during times of peak c	lemand;	
151.14	(iii) improved reliability of th	e public utility's transmi	ssion or distribu	tion system; and
151.15	(iv) improved integration of t	he public utility's renewa	able energy reso	urces;
151.16	(4) how the addition of an end	ergy storage system com	plements propos	ed actions of the
151.17	public utility described in the mo	st recent integrated resou	arce plan submit	ted under section
151.18	216B.2422 to meet expected den	hand with the least cost c	combination of r	esources; and
151.19	(5) any additional information	n required by the commi	ssion.	
151.20	(b) A public utility must inclu	de in the application an e	evaluation of the	potential to store
151.21	energy in the public utility's elect	ric system and must ident	ify geographic a	reas in the public
151.22	utility's service area where the de	eployment of energy stor	age systems has	the greatest
151.23	potential to achieve the economic	e benefits identified in pa	aragraph (a), cla	use (3).
151.24	Subd. 4. Commission review	The commission shall	review each proj	oosal submitted
151.25	under this section and may appro-	ove, reject, or modify the	proposal. The c	ommission shall
151.26	approve a proposal the commissi	on determines is in the p	ublic interest an	d reasonably
151.27	balances the value derived from t	he deployment of an ene	rgy storage syste	em for ratepayers
151.28	and the public utility's operations	s with the costs of procur	ring, constructing	g, operating, and
151.29	maintaining the energy storage s	ystem.		
151.30	Subd. 5. Cost recovery. A pu	blic utility may recover f	rom ratepayers a	ll costs prudently
151.31	incurred by the public utility to de	ploy an energy storage sy	stem approved by	y the commission

152.1 <u>under this section, net of any revenues generated by the operation of the energy storage</u>

152.2 <u>system.</u>

152.3 Subd. 6. Commission authority; orders. The commission may issue orders necessary
152.4 to implement and administer this section.

152.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

152.6 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216C.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

152.7 Subd. 2. Energy policy goals. It is the energy policy of the state of Minnesota that:

(1) annual energy savings equal to at least 1.5 percent of annual retail energy sales of
electricity and natural gas be is achieved through cost-effective energy efficiency;

152.10 (2) the per capita use of fossil fuel as an energy input be is reduced by 15 percent by the

152.11 year 2015, through increased reliance on energy efficiency and renewable energy alternatives;

(3) 25 percent of the total energy used in the state be Minnesota is derived from renewable
energy resources by the year 2025; and

- 152.14 (4) statewide greenhouse gas emissions from energy use in existing commercial and
- 152.15 residential buildings is reduced by 50 percent by 2035 through: (i) continued use of the

152.16 most effective current energy-saving incentives programs, evaluated by participation and

152.17 efficacy; and (ii) development and implementation of new programs, prioritizing solutions

152.18 that achieve the highest overall carbon reduction; and

152.19 (4)(5) retail electricity rates for each customer class <u>be are</u> at least five percent below 152.20 the national average.

152.21 Sec. 26. [216C.402] REBUILD RIGHT GRANT PROGRAM.

152.22 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
152.23 the meanings given.

- 152.24 (b) "Cold climate air-source heat pump" means a mechanism that heats and cools indoor
- 152.25 <u>air by transferring heat from outdoor or indoor air using a fan, a refrigerant-filled heat</u>
- 152.26 exchanger, and an inverter-driven compressor that varies the pressure of the refrigerant to
- 152.27 warm or cool the refrigerant vapor.
- 152.28 (c) "Commercial building" means a building:
- 152.29 (1) with an occupant that is (i) engaged in wholesale or retail trade or the provision of
- 152.30 services, or (ii) a restaurant; or

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153.1	(2) that contains four or more	dwelling units.		
153.2	(d) "Energy conservation" has	the meaning given in s	ection 216B.241	, subdivision 1,
153.3	paragraph (e).			
153.4	(e) "Energy efficiency" has the	e meaning given in sect	ion 216B.241, st	ubdivision 1,
153.5	paragraph (f).			
153.6	(f) "Energy storage system" ha	as the meaning given in	section 216B.24	122, subdivision
153.7	<u>1, paragraph (f).</u>			
153.8	(g) "Envelope" means the phys	sical elements separating	g a building's inte	erior and exterior.
153.9	(h) "Grantee" means a person	awarded a grant by the	commissioner u	nder this section.
153.10	(i) "Ground-source heat pump	" means an earth-coupl	ed heating or coo	oling device
153.11	consisting of a sealed closed-loop	piping system installed	l in the ground to	o transfer heat
153.12	between the surrounding earth and	d a building.		
153.13	(j) "Institutional building" mea	ans a building with occ	upants that provi	de health care,
153.14	educational, or government service	ces.		
153.15	(k) "Preweatherization measure	e" means a general repai	r or measure that	affects the health
153.16	or safety of residents of a dwellin	g unit and that is requir	ed under federal	law in order for
153.17	weatherization services to be prov	vided to the dwelling ur	<u>nit.</u>	
153.18	(l) "Qualified energy technolo	gy" means:		
153.19	(1) a solar energy system;			
153.20	(2) a measure installed in a bu	ilding that results in en	ergy efficiency o	r energy
153.21	conservation, excluding a natural	gas furnace that does n	ot function solel	y as a backup to
153.22	a primary heating system utilizing	g a ground-source heat	pump or a cold c	limate air-source
153.23	heat pump; or			
153.24	(3) an energy storage system.			
153.25	(m) "Residential building" me	ans a building containing	ng one to three re	esidential units.
153.26	(n) "Solar energy system" has	the meaning given in s	ection 216C.06,	subdivision 17.
153.27	Subd. 2. Program establishm	ent. A rebuild right gra	int program is es	tablished in the
153.28	Department of Commerce to away	rd grants to incorporate	qualified energy	v technologies as
153.29	part of the renovation or new const	truction of buildings dat	naged or destroy	ed by civil unrest
153.30	in May and June 2020.			

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154.1	Subd. 3. Application. (a) An	application for a grant u	nder this section	must be made to
154.2	the commissioner on a form devel	oped by the commission	er. The application	on must include:
154.3	(1) evidence substantiating the	e applicant's experience	required under si	ubdivision 4,
154.4	paragraph (b);			
154.5	(2) information detailing how	property owners are not	tified that financi	al assistance is
154.6	available;			
154.7	(3) the geographic area within	which an applicant prop	oses to target fina	ncial assistance;
154.8	(4) information detailing (i) h	ow the applicant determ	ines whether a pr	coposed project
154.9	meets the applicable energy stand	lards required under sub	division 5, and (i	i) what
154.10	post-implementation methods are	used to assess whether	the standards hav	ve been met;
154.11	(5) information detailing how	the applicant evaluates	and ranks project	t proposals; and
154.12	(6) any other information requ	aired by the commission	er.	
154.13	(b) The commissioner must de	evelop administrative pro	ocedures and pro	cesses to review
154.14	applications and award grants une	der this section.		
154.15	Subd. 4. Eligible applicants.	(a) Multiple organization	s, including polit	ical subdivisions
154.16	and nonprofit organizations, may	jointly file a single appl	lication for a gran	nt award under
154.17	this section.			
154.18	(b) Applicants for a grant awa	rded under this section	must have experi	ence:
154.19	(1) analyzing the energy and ec	conomic impacts of instal	ling qualified ene	rgy technologies
154.20	<u>in buildings;</u>			
154.21	(2) working with contractors	o implement projects th	at install qualifie	d energy
154.22	technologies in buildings; and			
154.23	(3) successfully working with	small businesses, comn	nunity groups, an	d residents of
154.24	neighborhoods where a preponde	rance of the total numbe	er of households a	are low-income
154.25	households.			
154.26	Subd. 5. Eligible activities; en	nergy standards. (a) Ex	cept as provided	in paragraph (b),
154.27	a renovated or newly constructed	commercial or institutio	nal building awa	rded grant funds
154.28	under this section must meet, at a	minimum, the current S	Sustainable Build	ing 2030 energy
154.29	performance standards adopted u	nder section 216B.241,	subdivision 9.	
154.30	(b) A renovated or newly con	structed residential build	ling or a commer	cial building
15/ 21	containing four or more dwelling	units awarded grant fun	de under this sec	tion must meet

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155.1	at a minimum, the current energy	gy performance standards	for new residenti	al construction
155.2	or renovations, as applicable, con	ntained in the International	Passive House Sta	andard promoted
155.3	by the North American Passive	House Network or the Uni	ted States Depart	ment of Energy's
155.4	Zero Energy Ready Home.			
155.5	Subd. 6. Eligible propertie	s. A property is eligible to	o receive a grant a	warded under
155.6	this section if the property: (1)	was damaged or destroyed	d by civil unrest t	hat occurred in
155.7	the state in May and June 2020	; and (2) is being renovate	ed or constructed	to operate as a
155.8	residential, commercial, or inst	itutional property.		
155.9	Subd. 7. Eligible expenditu	ires. An appropriation ma	de to support acti	vities under this
155.10	section may be used to:			
155.11	(1) conduct outreach activit	ies to:		
155.12	(i) cities and business associ	ations affected by the civil	unrest that occur	red in Minnesota
155.13	in May and June 2020;			
155.14	(ii) persons listed in subdivi	sion 8, clause (1), items (i) to (iv); and	
155.15	(iii) potential building owne	ers who may receive servi	ces under the pro	gram;
155.16	(2) purchase and install qua	lified energy technologies	s in buildings;	
155.17	(3) pay the reasonable costs	incurred by the departme	ent to administer t	his section; and
155.18	(4) compensate task force n	nembers under subdivision	<u>n 12.</u>	
155.19	Subd. 8. Grant priorities.	When awarding grants und	der this section, th	e commissioner
155.20	must give priority to application	ns that:		
155.21	(1) commit to conduct aggre	essive outreach programs	to provide assista	nce under this
155.22	section to eligible owners of bu	ildings:		
155.23	(i) located in census tracts in	n which 50 percent or mo	re of households	have household
155.24	incomes at or below 60 percent	of the state median house	ehold income;	
155.25	(ii) located in census tracts	designated by the governo	or as Opportunity	Zones under
155.26	United States Code, title 26, see	ction 1400Z-1, et. seq.;		
155.27	(iii) containing minority-ow	ned businesses, as define	d in section 116J.	8737; or
155.28	(iv) containing women-own	ed businesses, as defined	in section 116J.8	737;
155.29	(2) commit to employ contr	actors that pay employees	a wage compara	ble to, as
155.30	determined by the commissione	er, the prevailing wage rat	e, as defined in se	ection 177.42; or

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156.1	(3) leverage additional funding to be used for the purposes of this section.
156.2	Subd. 9. Limits. Grant funds awarded under this section to support the renovation or
156.3	construction of building envelopes and energy systems in commercial or institutional
156.4	buildings may be used to pay the difference between (1) the cost to renovate or construct a
156.5	building's envelope or energy system to meet the current applicable energy code, and (2)
156.6	the cost to meet the standards required under subdivision 5. The commissioner must develop
156.7	a methodology to calculate the cost to renovate or construct a commercial or institutional
156.8	building's envelope and energy system to meet current applicable energy code standards,
156.9	which must be used by a grantee to determine the amount awarded to a building owner.
156.10	Subd. 10. Awards to building owners. A commercial or institutional building owner
156.11	seeking funding from a grant awarded under this section must submit an application to the
156.12	grantee that includes:
156.13	(1) evidence that the building is eligible to receive a grant under this section, including
156.14	documentation of damage done to the building;
156.15	(2) a description of the project, including cost estimates for major project elements;
156.16	(3) documentation that the measures funded result in the building meeting the applicable
156.17	energy standards of subdivision 5; and
156.18	(4) any other information required by a grantee.
156.19	Subd. 11. Grantee reports. Recipients of a grant awarded under this section must file
156.20	semiannual reports with the commissioner containing:
156.21	(1) a list of properties where grant funds have been expended, the amount of the
156.22	expenditures, and the nature of the energy efficiency measures and renewable energy systems
156.23	installed;
156.24	(2) estimated energy savings and greenhouse gas emissions reductions resulting from
156.25	expenditures made under this section compared with estimated levels of energy use and
156.26	greenhouse gas emissions associated with those properties in 2019; and
156.27	(3) any other information required by the commissioner.
156.28	Subd. 12. Advisory task force. (a) Within 60 days of the effective date of this act, the
156.29	commissioner must select and appoint eight members to a Rebuild Right Advisory Task
156.30	Force and must convene the initial meeting of the task force. The advisory task force must
156.31	include:
156.32	(1) one representative of the public utility subject to section 116C.779, subdivision 1;

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157.1	(2) one representative of the Pr	airie Island Indian Cor	nmunity;	
157.2	(3) one representative of organ	ized labor;		
157.3	(4) two representatives of organ	nizations with expertise	e installing ener	gy conservation
157.4	measures and renewable energy pr	ograms in buildings;		
157.5	(5) one representative of organ	izations that advocate f	for energy polici	ies addressing
157.6	low-income households; and			
157.7	(6) two representatives of organ	nizations representing	businesses locat	ed in areas that
157.8	experienced extensive property da	mage from civil unrest	in Minnesota ir	n May and June
157.9	<u>2020.</u>			
157.10	(b) Within 60 days of the effect	tive date of this act, the	e state senators a	and state
157.11	representatives representing Minne	eapolis neighborhoods	that suffered ex	tensive property
157.12	damage from civil unrest in May an	nd June 2020 must join	tly appoint as ta	sk force members
157.13	two residents who live in the neigh	borhoods where the pr	coperty damage	occurred.
157.14	(c) Within 60 days of the effect	tive date of this act, the	e state senators a	and state
157.15	representatives representing St. Pau	ll neighborhoods that su	iffered extensive	property damage
157.16	from civil unrest in May and June	2020 must jointly appo	oint as task force	e members two
157.17	residents who live in the neighborh	noods where the proper	rty damage occu	ırred.
157.18	(d) Members of the advisory ta	sk force appointed und	ler paragraph (a), clauses (1) to
157.19	(3), are nonvoting members. All of	ther members are votin	g members.	
157.20	(e) The Department of Commer	ce must serve as staff a	nd provide admi	inistrative support
157.21	to the advisory task force.			
157.22	(f) The advisory task force mus	st advise the commission	oner throughout	the development
157.23	of the request for proposal and gran	nt award process, and m	nay recommend	funding priorities
157.24	in addition to those listed in subdivi	sion 8. Within 60 days	of the initial mee	eting, the advisory
157.25	task force must present recommend	dations to the commiss	ioner regarding	the content of the
157.26	request for proposal.			
157.27	(g) An organization that is repr	esented on the advisor	y task force mus	st not be awarded
157.28	a grant under this section.			
157.29	(h) Notwithstanding section 15	.059, subdivision 6, ad	visory task forc	e members may
157.30	be compensated as provided under	section 15.059, subdiv	vision 3.	
157.31	(i) The advisory task force estal	olished under this subdi	ivision expires t	wo years after the
157.32	effective date of this act.			

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- Subd. 13. Report. Beginning January 15, 2022, and continuing each January 15 through
 2026, the commissioner must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members
 of the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over energy policy.
 The report must contain:
 (1) a list of the grant awards made under this section;
- 158.6 (2) summaries of the grantee reports submitted under subdivision 10; and
- 158.7 (3) other information deemed relevant by the commissioner.
- 158.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 158.9 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 326B.106, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

158.10 Subdivision 1. Adoption of code. (a) Subject to paragraphs (c) and (d) and sections 326B.101 to 326B.194, the commissioner shall by rule and in consultation with the 158.11 Construction Codes Advisory Council establish a code of standards for the construction, 158.12 reconstruction, alteration, and repair of buildings, governing matters of structural materials, 158.13 design and construction, fire protection, health, sanitation, and safety, including design and 158.14 construction standards regarding heat loss control, illumination, and climate control. The 158.15 code must also include duties and responsibilities for code administration, including 158.16 procedures for administrative action, penalties, and suspension and revocation of certification. 158.17 The code must conform insofar as practicable to model building codes generally accepted 158.18 and in use throughout the United States, including a code for building conservation. In the 158.19 preparation of the code, consideration must be given to the existing statewide specialty 158.20 codes presently in use in the state. Model codes with necessary modifications and statewide 158.21 specialty codes may be adopted by reference. The code must be based on the application 158.22 of scientific principles, approved tests, and professional judgment. To the extent possible, 158.23 the code must be adopted in terms of desired results instead of the means of achieving those 158.24 results, avoiding wherever possible the incorporation of specifications of particular methods 158.25 or materials. To that end the code must encourage the use of new methods and new materials. 158.26 Except as otherwise provided in sections 326B.101 to 326B.194, the commissioner shall 158.27 administer and enforce the provisions of those sections. 158.28

(b) The commissioner shall develop rules addressing the plan review fee assessed to
similar buildings without significant modifications including provisions for use of building
systems as specified in the industrial/modular program specified in section 326B.194.
Additional plan review fees associated with similar plans must be based on costs
commensurate with the direct and indirect costs of the service.

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(c) Beginning with the 2018 edition of the model building codes and every six years thereafter, the commissioner shall review the new model building codes and adopt the model codes as amended for use in Minnesota, within two years of the published edition date. The commissioner may adopt amendments to the building codes prior to the adoption of the new building codes to advance construction methods, technology, or materials, or, where necessary to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public, or to improve the efficiency or the use of a building.

159.8 (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), the commissioner shall act on each new model residential energy code and the new model commercial energy code in accordance with 159.9 federal law for which the United States Department of Energy has issued an affirmative 159.10 determination in compliance with United States Code, title 42, section 6833. Beginning in 159.11 2022, the commissioner shall act on the new model commercial energy code by adopting 159.12 each new published edition of ASHRAE 90.1 or a more efficient standard, and amending 159.13 the standard as necessary to achieve a minimum of eight percent energy efficiency with 159.14 each edition, as measured against energy consumption by an average building in each 159.15 applicable building sector in 2003. These amendments must achieve a net zero energy 159.16 standard for new commercial buildings by 2036 and thereafter. The commissioner may 159.17 adopt amendments prior to adoption of the new energy codes, as amended for use in 159.18 Minnesota, to advance construction methods, technology, or materials, or, where necessary 159.19 to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public, or to improve the efficiency or use 159.20 159.21 of a building.

159.22 Sec. 28. <u>SUPPLEMENTING WEATHERIZATION SERVICES.</u>

159.23 (a) The state may implement preweatherization measures and qualified energy

159.24 technologies in dwelling units of low-income households that are: (1) receiving

159.25 weatherization services delivered under the federal Weatherization Assistance Program

authorized under United States Code, title 42, section 6861, et. seq.; and (2) located in

159.27 neighborhoods adjacent to areas that experienced property damage resulting from civil

- 159.28 unrest in May and June 2020, as determined by the commissioner of commerce.
- (b) Minnesota Statutes, section 216C.264, subdivisions 1 to 3 and 6, apply to assistance
 provided under this section.
- 159.31 (c) The commissioner of commerce may require the design heating load of a dwelling
- 159.32 unit receiving assistance under this section to be no more than 12 British Thermal Units per
- 159.33 hour per square foot after all preweatherization measures financed under this section,

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160.1	qualified energy technologies fi	nanced under this section.	, and weatheriza	tion measures
160.2	provided under the federal weat	therization program are im	plemented.	
160.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	section is effective the day	y following fina	l enactment.
160.4	Sec. 29. TASK FORCE ON	EXPANDING THE PRO	OVISION OF	
160.5	WEATHERIZATION SERVI	<u>CES.</u>		
160.6	Subdivision 1. Definitions.	(a) For purposes of this se	ection, the follow	ving terms have
160.7	the meanings given.			
160.8	(b) "Commissioner" means	the commissioner of comr	merce.	
160.9	(c) "Weatherization Assistar	nce Program" means the fe	deral program d	lescribed in Code
160.10	of Federal Regulations, title 10,	part 440 et. seq., designed	to assist low-in	come households
160.11	to cost-effectively reduce energ	y use.		
160.12	(d) "Weatherization service	providers" means the netw	vork of contract	ed entities that
160.13	administer the Weatherization A	Assistance Program.		
160.14	(e) "Weatherization assistanc	e services" means the energ	gy conservation r	neasures installed
160.15	in households under the Weather	erization Assistance Progra	am.	
160.16	Subd. 2. Establishment. A	task force is established to	explore ways to	o expand existing
160.17	funding sources and identify po	tential new funding source	es in order to inc	rease the number
160.18	of low-income Minnesota house	eholds served or the scope	e of services pro	vided by the
160.19	Weatherization Assistance Prog	ram.		
160.20	Subd. 3. Membership. (a) N	No later than August 1, 202	1, the commission	oner must appoint
160.21	members to the task force repre	senting the following stak	eholders:	
160.22	(1) a statewide association r	epresenting Weatherizatio	n Assistance Pro	ogram providers;
160.23	(2) individual Weatherizatio	n Assistance Program serv	vice providers;	
160.24	(3) investor-owned utilities;			
160.25	(4) electric cooperatives and	l municipal utilities;		
160.26	(5) low-income energy advo	ocates;		
160.27	(6) Tribal nations; and			
160.28	(7) delivered fuel dealers.			
160.29	(b) Task force members serv	ve without compensation.		

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161.1	(c) The commissioner must f	ill task force vacancies to	o maintain the re	presentation
161.2	required under paragraph (a).			
161.3	Subd. 4. Meetings; officers.	(a) The commissioner m	ust convene the	first meeting of
161.4	the task force no later than Augu	st 15, 2021.		
161.5	(b) At the first meeting, the ta	usk force must elect a cha	ir and vice-chair	from among the
161.6	task force's members and may el	ect other officers as nece	essary.	
161.7	(c) The task force must meet	according to a schedule	determined by th	e task force and
161.8	may also meet at the call of the c	hair. The task force must	t meet as often as	s necessary to
161.9	accomplish the duties listed under subdivision 5.			
161.10	(d) Task force meetings are su	bject to the open meeting	provisions of Mi	nnesota Statutes,
161.11	chapter 13D.			
161.12	Subd. 5. Duties. The task for	<u>ce must:</u>		
161.13	(1) develop a strategy to redu	ice, each year, a targeted	number of eligib	le households
161.14	denied weatherization services d	ue to unaddressed health	, environmental,	or structural
161.15	hazards in the home;			
161.16	(2) explore new sources of fu	Inding in order to increas	e the number of	households
161.17	receiving weatherization assistar	nce services;		
161.18	(3) analyze existing program	models in other states the	at offer services	that complement
161.19	the Weatherization Assistance Pr	ogram;		
161.20	(4) analyze the current distrib	oution of weatherization s	services across e	thnic groups;
161.21	among different regions of Minne	esota; in urban, suburban	, and rural areas;	and with respect
161.22	to other demographic factors in o	rder to determine how to	distribute weathe	rization services
161.23	more equitably throughout Minn	esota;		
161.24	(5) discuss how additional fur	nding would impact the ab	oility of weathering	zation assistance

- 161.25 service providers to provide weatherization assistance services to more eligible households;
- 161.26 (6) identify services that a supplemental funding program could provide to address
- 161.27 necessary repairs to homes that the federal Weatherization Assistance Program requires
- 161.28 before weatherization assistance is provided, but which cannot be funded with federal
- 161.29 Weatherization Assistance Program funds; and
- 161.30 (7) examine other related issues the task force deems relevant.
- 161.31 Subd. 6. Administrative support. The commissioner must provide administrative
- 161.32 support and physical or virtual meeting space needed to complete the task force's work.

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162.1	Subd. 7. Report. No later than	February 1, 2022, the	task force must su	ıbmit a report on
162.2	the task force's findings and recom	mendations to the chai	irs and ranking m	inority members
162.3	of the senate and house of represent	ntatives committees wi	th jurisdiction ov	ver energy. The
162.4	report must include recommendation	ons for legislation to s	upplement fundir	ng for the

- 162.5 Weatherization Assistance Program.
- 162.6 Subd. 8. Expiration. This section expires April 15, 2022.
- 162.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2021.

162.8 Sec. 30. TRANSFER.

- 162.9 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j),
- 162.10 **§5,000,000** in fiscal year 2022 and **\$5,000,000** in fiscal year 2023 are transferred from the
- 162.11 renewable development account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779,
- 162.12 subdivision 1, to the commissioner of administration for deposit in the state building energy
- 162.13 conservation improvement account established in Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.86, to
- 162.14 provide loans to state agencies for energy conservation projects under Minnesota Statutes,
- 162.15 section 16B.87.
- 162.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

162.17 Sec. 31. <u>APPROPRIATION.</u>

162.18 Subdivision 1. State building energy conservation loan account. Notwithstanding

162.19 Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$249,000 in fiscal year

162.20 2022 and \$137,000 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from the renewable development

162.21 account to the commissioner of administration for software and administrative costs

162.22 associated with the state building energy conservation improvement revolving loan program

under Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.87. The base in fiscal years 2024 and 2025 is
\$137,000.

162.25 Subd. 2. Building energy codes. \$146,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the

162.26 general fund to the commissioner of labor and industry to implement new commercial

- 162.27 <u>energy codes</u>, as described in Minnesota Statutes, section 326B.106, subdivision 1. This is
- 162.28 <u>a onetime appropriation.</u>
- 162.29 Subd. 3. Rebuild right grants. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779,
- 162.30 subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from the
- 162.31 renewable development account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779,
- 162.32 subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce to award rebuild right grants to building

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163.1	owners, as described in Minnesc	ota Statutes, section 216C.	402. This is a c	onetime
163.2	appropriation.			
163.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This s	ection is effective July 1,	2021.	
163.4	Sec. 32. <u>REPEALER.</u>			
163.5	Minnesota Statutes 2020, sec	ction 216B.241, subdivisio	ons 1, 1b, 2c, 4,	and 10, are
163.6	repealed.			
163.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This s	ection is effective the day	following fina	l enactment.
163.8		ARTICLE 8		
163.9	I	ENERGY TRANSITION	V	
163.10	Section 1. [116J.5491] ENER	GY TRANSITION OFF	ICE.	
163.11	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of section	ns 116J.5491 to	116J.5493, the
163.12	following terms have the meaning	ngs given.		
163.13	(b) "Impacted facility" means	an electric generating uni	t that is or was o	owned by a public
163.14	utility, as defined in section 216	B.02, subdivision 4, and the	hat:	
163.15	(1) is currently operating and	(i) is scheduled to cease of	perations, or (ii) whose cessation
163.16	of operations has been proposed	in an integrated resource p	lan filed with th	ne Public Utilities
163.17	Commission under section 216B	B.2422; or		
163.18	(2) ceased operations or was	removed from the local p	roperty tax base	e no earlier than
163.19	five years before the effective da	ate of this section.		
163.20	(c) "Impacted community" m	eans a municipality, Tribal	l government, o	r county in which
163.21	an impacted facility is located.			
163.22	(d) "Impacted worker" means	s a Minnesota resident:		
163.23	(1) employed at an impacted t	facility and who is facing t	he loss of emplo	oyment as a result
163.24	of the impacted facility's retirem	ent; or		
163.25	(2) employed by a company	that, under contract, regul	arly performs c	construction,
163.26	maintenance, or repair work at an	impacted facility, and who	is facing the lo	ss of employment
163.27	or of work opportunities as a res	ult of the impacted facilit	y's retirement.	
163.28	Subd. 2. Office established;	director. (a) The Energy	Transition Offi	ce is established
163.29	in the Department of Employme	nt and Economic Develop	oment.	

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164.1	(b) The director of the Energy	Transition Office is app	pointed by the go	overnor. The
164.2	director must be qualified by expe	rience in issues related t	o energy, econor	nic development,
164.3	and the environment.			
164.4	(c) The office may employ stat	f necessary to carry out	the duties requir	ed in this section.
164.5	Subd. 3. Purpose. The purpos	e of the office is to:		
164.6	(1) address economic dislocat	ions experienced by imp	pacted workers a	fter an impacted
164.7	facility is retired;			
164.8	(2) implement recommendation	ons of the Minnesota end	ergy transition p	lan developed in
164.9	section 116J.5493;			
164.10	(3) improve communication a	mong local, state, federa	al, and private er	ntities regarding
164.11	impacted facility retirement plann	ning and implementation	<u>1;</u>	
164.12	(4) address local tax and fisca	l issues related to the im	pacted facility's	retirement and
164.13	develop strategies to reduce econo	omic dislocations of imp	pacted communit	ties and impacted
164.14	workers; and			
164.15	(5) assist the establishment and	implementation of econ	omic support pro	ograms, including
164.16	but not limited to property tax reve	enue replacement, comm	unity energy tra	nsition programs,
164.17	and economic development tools,	for impacted communi	ties and impacte	d workers.
164.18	Subd. 4. Duties. The office is	authorized to:		
164.19	(1) administer programs to sup	oport impacted commun	ities and impact	ed workers;
164.20	(2) coordinate resources at loca	l, state, and federal levels	s to support impa	cted communities
164.21	and impacted workers that are sul	oject to significant econ-	omic transition;	
164.22	(3) coordinate the development	nt of a statewide policy of	on impacted con	nmunities and
164.23	impacted workers;			
164.24	(4) deliver programs and reso	urces to impacted comm	nunities and imp	acted workers;
164.25	(5) support impacted workers	by establishing benefits	and educating i	mpacted workers
164.26	on applying for benefits;			
164.27	(6) act as a liaison among impa	acted communities, impa	acted workers, an	nd state agencies;
164.28	(7) assist state agencies to (i) a	address local tax, land u	se, economic de	velopment, and
164.29	fiscal issues related to an impacted	l facility's retirement, and	d (ii) develop stra	ategies to support
164.30	impacted communities and impact	ted workers;		

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165.1	(8) review existing programs	supporting impacted wo	rkers and identif	y gaps that need
165.2	to be addressed;			
165.3	(9) support the activities of the	ne energy transition advis	sory committee r	nembers;
165.4	(10) monitor transition effort	s in other states and local	lities;	
165.5	(11) identify impacted facility	closures and estimate job	losses and the et	ffect on impacted
165.6	communities and impacted work	ters;		
165.7	(12) maintain communication	n regarding closure dates	with all affected	l parties; and
165.8	(13) monitor and participate in	administrative proceedin	gs that affect the	office's activities,
165.9	including matters before the Pub	lic Utilities Commission	, the Department	t of Commerce,
165.10	the Department of Revenue, and	other entities.		
165.11	Subd. 5. Reporting. (a) Begin	nning January 15, 2023, ai	nd each year there	eafter, the Energy
165.12	Transition Office must submit a	written report to the chain	rs and ranking m	inority members
165.13	of the legislative committees wit	h jurisdiction over energy	v, economic deve	lopment, and tax
165.14	policy and finance on the office'	s activities during the pre	vious year.	
165.15	(b) The report must contain:			
165.16	(1) a list of impacted facility	closures, projected assoc	iated job losses,	and the effect on
165.17	impacted communities and impa	cted workers;		
165.18	(2) recommendations to supp	port impacted communitie	es and impacted	workers;
165.19	(3) information on the admini	istration of assistance pro	grams administe	red by the office;
165.20	and			
165.21	(4) updates on implementation	on of the Minnesota energ	gy transition plar	<u>ı.</u>
165.22	Subd. 6. Gifts; grants; dona	tions. The office may ac	cept gifts and gr	ants on behalf of
165.23	the state that constitute donation	s to the state. Funds rece	ived under this s	ubdivision are
165.24	appropriated to the commissione	er of employment and eco	onomic developm	nent to support
165.25	the purposes of the office.			
165.26	Sec. 2. [116J.5492] ENERGY	TRANSITION ADVIS	ORY COMMI	ITEE.
165.27	Subdivision 1. Creation; pu	rpose. The Energy Trans	ition Advisory C	Committee is
165.28	established to develop a statewic	le energy transition plan	and to advise the	e governor, the
165.29	commissioner, and the legislatur	e on transition issues, est	ablished transition	on programs,

165.30 economic initiatives, and transition policy.

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166.1	Subd. 2. Membership. (a)	The advisory committee co	onsists of 18 voti	ng members and
166.2	seven ex officio nonvoting me	mbers.		
166.3	(b) The voting members of	the advisory committee are	e appointed by th	he commissioner
166.4	of employment and economic	development, except as spe	cified below:	
166.5	(1) two members of the ser	nate, one appointed by the n	najority leader o	f the senate and
166.6	one appointed by the minority	leader of the senate;		
166.7	(2) two members of the ho	use of representatives, one a	appointed by the	e speaker of the
166.8	house of representatives and o	ne appointed by the minorit	ty leader of the l	nouse of
166.9	representatives;			
166.10	(3) one representative of the	e Prairie Island Indian com	munity;	
166.11	(4) four representatives of i	mpacted communities, of w	hich two must re	epresent counties
166.12	and two must represent munici	palities, and, to the extent p	ossible, of the in	npacted facilities
166.13	in those communities, at least	one must be a coal plant, at	least one must be	e a nuclear plant,
166.14	and at least one must be a natu	ıral gas plant;		
166.15	(5) three representatives of	impacted workers at impac	eted facilities;	
166.16	(6) one representative of im	pacted workers employed b	y companies tha	t, under contract,
166.17	regularly perform construction	n, maintenance, or repair wo	ork at an impacte	ed facility;
166.18	(7) one representative with	professional economic deve	elopment or wor	kforce retraining
166.19	experience;			
166.20	(8) two representatives of u	utilities that operate an impa	acted facility;	
166.21	(9) one representative from	a nonprofit organization w	vith expertise and	d experience
166.22	delivering energy efficiency an	nd conservation programs; a	and	
166.23	(10) one representative from	m the Coalition of Utility C	tities.	
166.24	(c) The ex officio nonvotin	g members of the advisory	committee cons	ist of:
166.25	(1) the governor or the gov	ernor's designee;		
166.26	(2) the commissioner of em	ployment and economic de	velopment or the	e commissioner's
166.27	designee;			
166.28	(3) the commissioner of co	mmerce, or the commission	ner's designee;	
166.29	(4) the commissioner of lab	bor and industry or the com	missioner's desi	gnee;
166.30	(5) the commissioner of re-	venue or the commissioner'	s designee;	

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167.1	(6) the executive secretary of the (6)	e Public Utilities Comm	nission or the sect	retary's designee;
167.2	and			
167.3	(7) the commissioner of the Po	ollution Control Agency	y or the commiss	ioner's designee.
167.4	Subd. 3. Initial appointments	and first meeting. Th	e appointing autl	horities must
167.5	appoint the members of the advise	ory committee by Augu	st 1, 2021. The c	commissioner of
167.6	employment and economic develo	opment must convene th	ne first meeting b	y September 1,
167.7	2021, and must act as chair until t	he advisory committee	elects a chair at t	the first meeting.
167.8	Subd. 4. Officers. The commi	ttee must elect a chair a	nd vice-chair fro	om among the
167.9	voting members for terms of two	years.		
167.10	Subd. 5. Open meetings. Adv	isory committee meetin	ngs are subject to	chapter 13D.
167.11	Subd. 6. Conflict of interest.	An advisory committee	member is proh	ibited from
167.12	discussing or voting on issues rela	ting to an organization	in which the mer	mber has either a
167.13	direct or indirect financial interest	<u>.</u>		
167.14	Subd. 7. Gifts; grants; donati	ons. The advisory com	mittee may accep	t gifts and grants
167.15	on behalf of the state and that con	stitute donations to the	state. Funds rece	eived under this
167.16	subdivision are appropriated to the	commissioner of employ	yment and econor	mic development
167.17	to support the activities of the adv	isory committee.		
167.18	Subd. 8. Meetings. The advisor	ry committee must meet	monthly until the	energy transition
167.19	plan is submitted to the governor a	nd the legislature. The c	chair may call add	ditional meetings
167.20	as necessary.			
167.21	Subd. 9. Staff. The Departmen	t of Employment and E	conomic Develop	oment shall serve
167.22	as staff for the advisory committe	<u>e.</u>		
167.23	Subd. 10. Expiration. This see	ction expires the day afte	er the Minnesota	energy transition
167.24	plan required under section 116J.	5493 is submitted to the	e legislature and t	the governor.
167.25	Sec. 3. [116J.5493] MINNESO	TA ENERGY TRANS	SITION PLAN.	
167.26	(a) By July 1, 2022, the Energy	y Transition Advisory (Committee establ	ished in section
167.27	116J.5492 must submit a statewid	e energy transition plan	to the governor	and the chairs
167.28	and ranking minority members of	the legislative committ	ees having jurisc	liction over
167.29	economic development and energ	<u>y.</u>		
167.30	(b) The energy transition plan	must, at a minimum, fo	or each impacted	facility:

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168.1	(1) identify the timing and l	ocation of impacted facility	y retirements a	nd projected job
168.2	losses in communities;			
168.3	(2) analyze the estimated fit	scal impact of impacted fac	ility retiremen	ts on local
168.4	governments;			
168.5	(3) describe the statutes and	l administrative processes the	hat govern hov	w retired utility
168.6	property impacts a local govern	nment tax base;		
168.7	(4) review existing state prog	grams that might support imp	pacted commun	nities and impacted
168.8	workers, and a projection of hov	v effective or ineffective the	programs migh	nt be in responding
168.9	to the effects of impacted facili	ty retirements; and		
168.10	(5) recommend how to effe	ctively respond to the econo	omic effects of	f impacted facility
168.11	retirements.			
168.12	Sec. 4. [116J.5501] MINNES	SOTA INNOVATION FIN	ANCE AUTI	HORITY.
168.13	Subdivision 1. Definitions.	(a) For the purposes of this s	section, the fol	lowing terms have
168.14	the meanings given.			
168.15	(b) "Authority" means the M	Minnesota Innovation Finan	nce Authority.	
168.16	(c) "Clean energy project" h	nas the meaning given to qu	alified project	t in paragraph (j),
168.17	clauses (1) to (4).			
168.18	(d) "Credit enhancement" n	neans a pool of capital set a	side to cover p	potential losses on
168.19	loans made by private lenders,	including but not limited to) loan loss rese	erves and loan
168.20	guarantees.			
168.21	(e) "Energy storage system'	' has the meaning given in s	section 216B.2	2422, subdivision
168.22	1, paragraph (f).			
168.23	(f) "Fuel cell" means a cell	that converts the chemical e	energy of hydr	ogen directly into
168.24	electricity through electrochem	ical reactions.		
168.25	(g) "Greenhouse gas emissi	ons" has the meaning given	<u>ı to statewide ş</u>	greenhouse gas
168.26	emissions in section 216H.01,	subdivision 2.		
168.27	(h) "Loan loss reserve" mea	nns a pool of capital set asid	le to reimburse	e a private lender
168.28	if a customer defaults on a loan	, up to an agreed upon perce	entage of loans	s originated by the
168.29	private lender.			

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169.1	(i) "Microgrid system" means	an electrical grid that so	erves a discrete g	eographical area
169.2	from distributed energy resources	s and can operate indepe	endently from the	central electric
169.3	grid on a temporary basis.			
169.4	(j) "Qualified project" means:			
169.5	(1) a project, technology, proc	luct, service, or measure	e that:	

- 169.6 (i) reduces energy use while providing the same level and quality of service or output
- 169.7 obtained before the application of the project;
- 169.8 (ii) shifts the use of electricity by retail customers in response to changes in the price of
- 169.9 electricity that vary over time, or other incentives designed to shift electricity demand from
- 169.10 times when market prices are high or when system reliability is jeopardized; or
- 169.11 (iii) significantly reduces greenhouse gas emissions relative to greenhouse gas emissions
- 169.12 produced before implementing the project, excluding projects that generate power from the
- 169.13 combustion of fossil fuels;
- 169.14 (2) the development, construction, deployment, alteration, or repair of any:
- 169.15 (i) project, technology, product, service, or measure that generates electric power from
 169.16 renewable energy; or
- (ii) distributed generation system, energy storage system, smart grid technology, microgrid
 system, fuel cell system, or combined heat and power system;
- 169.19 (3) the installation, construction, or use of end-use electric technology that replaces
- 169.20 existing fossil fuel-based technology;
- 169.21 (4) a project, technology, product, service, or measure that supports the development
- 169.22 and deployment of electric vehicle charging stations and associated infrastructure;
- 169.23 (5) agriculture projects that reduce net greenhouse gas emissions or improve climate
- 169.24 resiliency, including but not limited to reforestation, afforestation, forestry management,
- 169.25 and regenerative agriculture;
- 169.26 (6) the construction or enhancement of infrastructure that is planned, designed, and
- 169.27 operated in a manner that anticipates, prepares for, and adapts to current and projected
- 169.28 changing climate conditions so that the infrastructure withstands, responds to, and more
- 169.29 readily recovers from disruptions caused by the current and projected changing climate
- 169.30 conditions; and
- (7) the development, construction, deployment, alteration, or repair of any project,
 technology, product, service, or measure that:

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170.1	(i) reduces water use while pro-	oviding the same or bett	er level and qua	lity of service or
170.2	output that was obtained before in	nplementing the water-s	saving approach	; or
170.3	(ii) protects, restores, or preserved	rves the quality of grour	ndwater and surf	ace waters,
170.4	including but not limited to action	ns that further the purpos	ses of the Clean	Water Legacy
170.5	Act, as provided in section 114D.	10, subdivision 1.		
170.6	(k) "Regenerative agriculture"	means the deployment	of farming meth	ods that reduce
170.7	agriculture's contribution to clima	te change by increasing	the soil's ability	to absorb
170.8	atmospheric carbon and convert the	he atmospheric carbon t	o soil carbon.	
170.9	(l) "Renewable energy" means	s energy generated from	the following so	ources:
170.10	<u>(1) solar;</u>			
170.11	<u>(2) wind;</u>			
170.12	(3) geothermal;			
170.13	<u>(4) hydro;</u>			
170.14	(5) trees or other vegetation;			
170.15	(6) anaerobic digestion of orga	anic waste streams; and		
170.16	(7) fuel cells using energy sou	rces listed in this parage	aph.	
170.17	(m) "Smart grid" means a digi	tal technology that allow	ws for two-way	communication
170.18	between a utility and the utility's of	customers that enables t	he utility to cont	trol power flow
170.19	and load in real time.			
170.20	(n) "Task force" means the tas	k force of the Minnesot	a Innovation Fin	ance Authority.
170.21	Subd. 2. Establishment; purj	oose. (a) By October 15	, 2021, the Minn	esota Innovation
170.22	Finance Authority Task Force esta	ablished in this section 1	nust establish th	e Minnesota
170.23	Innovation Finance Authority as a	nonprofit corporation u	nder chapter 317	A and must seek
170.24	designation as a charitable tax-exe	empt organization under	section 501(c)	3) of the Internal
170.25	Revenue Code of 1986, as amend	ed.		
170.26	(b) When incorporated, the au	thority's purpose is to ac	ccelerate the dep	loyment of clean
170.27	energy and other qualified projects	s by reducing the upfront	t and total cost of	fadoption, which
170.28	the authority achieves by leveragi	ng existing public sourc	es and additionates	al private sources
170.29	of capital through the strategic de	ployment of public fund	ls in the form of	loans, credit
170.30	enhancements, and other financin	g mechanisms. The init	al directors of th	ne nonprofit
170.31	corporation must include at least	a majority of the membe	ers of the task fo	rce and must

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- 171.1 <u>include, as nonvoting ex officio members, the commissioner of commerce or the</u>
- 171.2 commissioner's designee and the commissioner of employment and economic development
- 171.3 or the commissioner's designee. The task force must engage independent legal counsel with
- 171.4 relevant experience in nonprofit corporation law and clean energy financing.
- 171.5 (c) The Minnesota Innovation Finance Authority must:
- 171.6 (1) identify underserved markets for qualified projects in Minnesota, develop programs
- 171.7 to overcome market impediments, and provide access to financing to serve the projects and
- 171.8 <u>underserved markets;</u>
- 171.9 (2) strategically use authority funds to leverage private investment in qualified projects,
- achieving a high ratio of private to public funds invested through funding mechanisms that
 support, enhance, and complement private investment;
- 171.12 (3) coordinate with existing government- and utility-based programs to make the most

171.13 efficient use of the authority's funds, ensure that financing terms and conditions offered are

171.14 well-suited to qualified projects, and ensure the authority's activities add to and complement

- 171.15 the efforts of these partners;
- 171.16 (4) stimulate demand for qualified projects by serving as a single point of access for a
- 171.17 customer to obtain technical information on energy conservation and renewable energy
- 171.18 measures, for contractors who install energy conservation and renewable energy measures,
- 171.19 and for financing to reduce the upfront and total costs to borrowers, including through:
- 171.20 (i) serving as a clearinghouse for information about federal, state, and utility financial
- 171.21 assistance for qualifying projects in targeted underserved markets, including coordinating
- 171.22 efforts with the energy conservation programs administered by the customer's utility under
- 171.23 section 216B.241 and other programs offered to low-income households;
- 171.24 (ii) forming partnerships with contractors and educating contractors regarding the
- 171.25 <u>authority's financing programs;</u>
- 171.26 (iii) coordinating multiple contractors on projects that install multiple qualifying
- 171.27 technologies; and
- (iv) developing innovative marketing strategies to stimulate project owner interest in
 targeted underserved markets;
- 171.30 (5) develop rules, policies, and procedures specifying borrower eligibility and other
- 171.31 terms and conditions of financial support offered by the authority;

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172.1	(6) develop consumer protection	on standards governing	the authority's in	ivestments to
172.2	ensure the authority and partners p	rovide financial suppor	t in a responsible	e and transparent
172.3	manner that is in the financial inte	rest of participating pro	ject owners;	
172.4	(7) develop and administer pole	icies to collect reasonab	ble fees for autho	rity services that
172.5	are sufficient to support ongoing a	uthority activities;		
172.6	(8) develop and adopt a workp	lan to accomplish all of	the activities re	quired of the
172.7	authority, and update the workplan	n on an annual basis; an	<u>d</u>	
172.8	(9) establish and maintain a co	mprehensive website p	roviding access	to all authority
172.9	programs and financial products, i	ncluding rates, terms, a	nd conditions of	fall financing
172.10	support programs, unless disclosur	re of the information co	onstitutes a trade	secret or
172.11	confidential commercial or finance	ial information.		
172.12	Subd. 3. Additional authorize	ed activities. The autho	rity is authorized	<u>1 to:</u>
172.13	(1) engage in any activities of a	Minnesota nonprofit co	rporation operati	ng under chapter
172.14	<u>317A;</u>			
172.15	(2) develop and employ the fol	lowing financing metho	ods to support qu	ualified projects:
172.16	(i) credit enhancement mechan	isms that reduce financ	ial risk for priva	te lenders by
172.17	providing assurance that a limited	portion of a loan is ass	umed by the aut	nority by means
172.18	of a loan loss reserve, loan guaran	tee, or other mechanisn	<u>n;</u>	
172.19	(ii) co-investment, in which the	e authority invests direc	etly in a clean en	ergy project
172.20	through the provision of senior or	subordinated debt, equi	ity, or other mec	hanisms in
172.21	conjunction with a private financia	er's investment; and		
172.22	(iii) serve as an aggregator of ma	any small and geographi	ically dispersed c	ualified projects,
172.23	in which the authority may provide	e direct lending, investn	nent, or other fin	ancial support in
172.24	order to diversify risk;			
172.25	(3) serve as the designated stat	e entity to apply for and	d accept federal	funds authorized
172.26	by Congress under a federal climate	bank, federal green ban	k, or other simila	r entity, provided
172.27	that the commissioner of commerce	ce authorizes the applic	ation; and	
172.28	(4) seek to qualify as a Commu	unity Development Fina	ancial Institution	under United
172.29	States Code, title 12, section 4702,	in which case the author	ority must be trea	ted as a qualified
172.30	community development entity for	the purposes of sections	s 45D and 1400(1	m) of the Internal
172.31	Revenue Code.			

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173.1	Subd. 4. Task force; membership. (a) The task force of the Minnesota Innovat	tion
173.2	Finance Authority is established and consists of nine members as follows:	
173.3	(1) the commissioner of commerce or the commissioner's designee, as a nonvot	ting ex
173.4	officio member;	
173.5	(2) the commissioner of employment and economic development or the commission	sioner's
173.6	designee, as a nonvoting ex officio member;	
173.7	(3) three additional members appointed by the governor;	
173.8	(4) two additional members appointed by the speaker of the house of representation	atives;
173.9	and	
173.10	(5) two additional members appointed by the president of the senate.	
173.11	(b) The members appointed to the task force under paragraph (a), clauses (3) to (5) (2)	5), must
173.12	have expertise in matters relating to energy conservation, clean energy, economic	
173.13	development, banking, law, finance, or other matters relevant to the work of the task	k force.
173.14	When appointing a member to the task force, consideration must be given to wheth	er the
173.15	task force members collectively reflect the geographical and ethnic diversity of Min	inesota.
173.16	(c) Task force members must be appointed by August 15, 2021.	
173.17	(d) The task force expires when the authority is established as a nonprofit corpo	oration
173.18	under chapter 317A.	
173.19	Subd. 5. Report. By June 30, 2022, and by June 30 each year thereafter, the aut	thority
173.20	must submit a comprehensive annual report on the authority's activities to the gover	nor and
173.21	to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with prin	nary
173.22	jurisdiction over energy policy. The report must contain, at a minimum, informatio	<u>n on:</u>
173.23	(1) the amount of authority capital invested, by project type;	
173.24	(2) the amount of private capital leveraged as a result of authority investments, by	project
173.25	type;	
173.26	(3) the number of qualified projects supported, by project type, and the location	of the
173.27	projects within Minnesota;	
173.28	(4) the estimated number of jobs created and tax revenue generated as a result of	of the
173.29	authority's activities;	
173.30	(5) the number of clean energy projects financed in low- and moderate-income	
173.31	households; and	

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174.1 (6) the authority's financial statements.

174.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.16, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

174.4 Subd. 6. Factors considered, generally. The commission, in the exercise of its powers under this chapter to determine just and reasonable rates for public utilities, shall give due 174.5 consideration to the public need for adequate, efficient, and reasonable service and to the 174.6 need of the public utility for revenue sufficient to enable it to meet the cost of furnishing 174.7 the service, including adequate provision for depreciation of its utility property used and 174.8 useful in rendering service to the public, and to earn a fair and reasonable return upon the 174.9 investment in such property. In determining the rate base upon which the utility is to be 174.10 allowed to earn a fair rate of return, the commission shall give due consideration to evidence 174.11 of the cost of the property when first devoted to public use, to prudent acquisition cost to 174.12 the public utility less appropriate depreciation on each, to construction work in progress, to 174.13 offsets in the nature of capital provided by sources other than the investors, and to other 174.14 expenses of a capital nature. For purposes of determining rate base, the commission shall 174.15 consider the original cost of utility property included in the base and shall make no allowance 174.16 for its estimated current replacement value. If the commission orders a generating facility 174.17 to terminate its operations before the end of the facility's physical life in order to comply 174.18 with a specific state or federal energy statute or policy, the commission may allow the public 174.19 utility to recover any positive net book value of the facility as determined by the commission. 174.20

174.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

174.22 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.16, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. Economic and community development. The commission may allow a
public utility to recover from ratepayers the <u>reasonable</u> expenses incurred (1) for economic
and community development, and (2) to employ local workers to construct and maintain
generation facilities that supply power to the utility's customers.

174.27 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to dockets 174.28 initiated at the Public Utilities Commission on or after that date.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1645, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

174.30 Subdivision 1. Commission authority. Upon the petition of a public utility, the Public

174.31 Utilities Commission shall approve or disapprove power purchase contracts, investments,

174.32 or expenditures entered into or made by the utility to satisfy the wind and biomass mandates

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contained in sections 216B.169, 216B.2423, and 216B.2424, and to satisfy the renewable 175.1 and solar energy objectives and standards set forth in section 216B.1691, and to provide

additional clean energy resources beyond the proportions required by the mandates and 175.3

standards, including reasonable investments and expenditures, net of revenues, made to: 175.4

(1) transmit the electricity generated from sources developed under those sections that 175.5 is ultimately used to provide service to the utility's retail customers, including studies 175.6 necessary to identify new transmission facilities needed to transmit electricity to Minnesota 175.7 175.8 retail customers from generating facilities constructed to satisfy the renewable energy objectives and standards, provided that the costs of the studies have not been recovered 175.9 previously under existing tariffs and the utility has filed an application for a certificate of 175.10 need or for certification as a priority project under section 216B.2425 for the new 175.11 transmission facilities identified in the studies; 175.12

(2) provide storage facilities for renewable energy generation facilities that contribute 175.13 to the reliability, efficiency, or cost-effectiveness of the renewable facilities; or 175.14

(3) develop renewable energy sources from the account required in section 116C.779. 175.15

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to dockets 175.16 initiated at the Public Utilities Commission on or after that date. 175.17

175.18 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1645, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Cost recovery. The expenses incurred by the utility over the duration of the 175.19 approved contract or useful life of the investment and, expenditures made pursuant to section 175.20 116C.779 shall be, and the expenses incurred to employ local workers to construct and 175.21 maintain generation facilities that supply power to the utility's customers are recoverable 175.22 from the ratepayers of the utility; to the extent they the expenses or expenditures are not 175.23 offset by utility revenues attributable to the contracts, investments, or expenditures, and if 175.24 the expenses or expenditures are deemed reasonable by the commission. Upon petition by 175.25 a public utility, the commission shall approve or approve as modified a rate schedule 175.26 providing for the automatic adjustment of charges to recover the expenses or costs approved 175.27 by the commission under subdivision 1, which, in the case of transmission expenditures, 175.28 are limited to the portion of actual transmission costs that are directly allocable to the need 175.29 to transmit power from the renewable sources of energy. The commission may not approve 175.30 recovery of the costs for that portion of the power generated from sources governed by this 175.31 section that the utility sells into the wholesale market. 175.32

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to dockets
 initiated at the Public Utilities Commission on or after that date.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) Unless otherwise specified in law, "eligible energy
 technology" means an energy technology that generates electricity from the following
 renewable energy sources:

176.7 (1) solar;

176.8 (2) wind;

176.9 (3) hydroelectric with a capacity of less than 100 megawatts;

(4) hydrogen, provided that after January 1, 2010, the hydrogen must be generated from
the resources listed in this paragraph; or

(5) biomass, which includes, without limitation, landfill gas; an anaerobic digester
system; the predominantly organic components of wastewater effluent, sludge, or related
by-products from publicly owned treatment works, but not including incineration of
wastewater sludge to produce electricity; and, except as provided in subdivision 1a, an
energy recovery facility used to capture the heat value of mixed municipal solid waste or
refuse-derived fuel from mixed municipal solid waste as a primary fuel.

(b) "Electric utility" means a public utility providing electric service, a generation andtransmission cooperative electric association, a municipal power agency, or a power district.

(c) "Total retail electric sales" means the kilowatt-hours of electricity sold in a year by
an electric utility to retail customers of the electric utility or to a distribution utility for
distribution to the retail customers of the distribution utility. "Total retail electric sales"
does not include the sale of hydroelectricity supplied by a federal power marketing
administration or other federal agency, regardless of whether the sales are directly to a
distribution utility or are made to a generation and transmission utility and pooled for further
allocation to a distribution utility.

176.27 (d) "Carbon-free" means a technology that generates electricity without emitting carbon
 176.28 dioxide.

(e) "Area of concern for environmental justice" means an area in Minnesota that meets
 one or more of the following conditions:

(1) 50 percent or more of the population is nonwhite, based on the most recent data
 published by the United States Census Bureau;

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177.1 (2) 40 percent or more of the households have an income at or below 185 percent of the

177.2 <u>federal poverty level, based on the most recent data published by the United States Census</u>

177.3 Bureau; or

177.4 (3) is within Indian country, as defined in United State Code, title 18, section 1151.

177.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:

177.8 Subd. 1a. Exception; solid waste incinerators. (a) An energy recovery facility used to

177.9 capture the heat value of mixed municipal solid waste or refuse-derived fuel from mixed

177.10 municipal solid waste as a primary fuel is not an eligible energy technology, as defined in

177.11 subdivision 1, if:

177.12 (1) air pollutants emitted by the facility are deposited in an environmental justice area;
177.13 and

177.14 (2) the facility has a permitted maximum capacity of 1,000 tons per day or more.

177.15 (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, "environmental justice area" has the meaning

177.16 given to area of concern for environmental justice under subdivision 1, paragraph (e).

177.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

177.18 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. Eligible energy technology standard. (a) Except as provided in paragraph
(b), Each electric utility shall generate or procure sufficient electricity generated by an
eligible energy technology to provide its retail customers in Minnesota, or the retail customers
of a distribution utility to which the electric utility provides wholesale electric service, so
that at least the following standard percentages of the electric utility's total retail electric
sales to retail customers in Minnesota are generated by eligible energy technologies by the
end of the year indicated:

177.26	(1)	2012	12 percent
177.27	(2)	2016	17 percent
177.28	(3)	2020	20 percent
177.29	(4)	2025	25 <u>40</u> percent .
177.30	<u>(5)</u>	2035	55 percent.

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(b) An electric utility that owned a nuclear generating facility as of January 1, 2007,
must meet the requirements of this paragraph rather than paragraph (a). An electric utility
subject to this paragraph must generate or procure sufficient electricity generated by an
eligible energy technology to provide its retail customers in Minnesota or the retail customer
of a distribution utility to which the electric utility provides wholesale electric service so
that at least the following percentages of the electric utility's total retail electric sales to
retail customers in Minnesota are generated by eligible energy technologies by the end of

178.8 the year indicated:

(1)2010 178.9 15 percent (2)2012 18 percent 178.10 2016 25 percent 178.11 (3)2020 30 percent. 178.12 (4)

Of the 30 percent in 2020, at least 25 percent must be generated by solar energy or wind energy conversion systems and the remaining five percent by other eligible energy technology. Of the 25 percent that must be generated by wind or solar, no more than one percent may be solar generated and the remaining 24 percent or greater must be wind generated.

178.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

178.19 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:

178.20 Subd. 2b. **Modification or delay of standard.** (a) The commission shall modify or delay 178.21 the implementation of a standard obligation under subdivision 2a, 2f, or 2g, in whole or in

178.22 part, if the commission determines it is in the public interest to do so. The commission,

178.23 when requested to modify or delay implementation of a standard, must consider:

(1) the impact of implementing the standard on its customers' utility costs, including the
economic and competitive pressure on the utility's customers;

(2) the environmental costs that would be incurred as a result of a delay or modification,
 based on the full range of environmental cost values established in section 216B.2422,
 subdivision 3;

178.29 (2) (3) the effects of implementing the standard on the reliability of the electric system;

178.30 (3) (4) technical advances or technical concerns;

178.31 (4)(5) delays in acquiring sites or routes due to rejection or delays of necessary siting 178.32 or other permitting approvals;

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- 179.1 (5) (6) delays, cancellations, or nondelivery of necessary equipment for construction or 179.2 commercial operation of an eligible energy technology facility;
- 179.3 (6) (7) transmission constraints preventing delivery of service; and
- (7) (8) other statutory obligations imposed on the commission or a utility; and
- 179.5 (9) impacts on areas of concern for environmental justice.
- 179.6 The commission may modify or delay implementation of a standard obligation under
- 179.7 clauses (1) to (3) (4) only if it finds implementation would cause significant rate impact,
- 179.8 requires significant measures to address reliability, or raises significant technical issues.
- 179.9 The commission may modify or delay implementation of a standard obligation under clauses
- 179.10 (4) (5) to (6) (7) only if it finds that the circumstances described in those clauses were due
- 179.11 to circumstances beyond an electric utility's control and make compliance not feasible.
- (b) When evaluating transmission capacity constraints under paragraph (a), clause (7),
 the commission must consider whether the utility has:
- 179.14 (1) undertaken reasonable measures under the utility's control and consistent with the
- 179.15 utility's obligations under local, state, and federal laws and regulations, and the utility's
- 179.16 obligations as a member of a regional transmission organization or independent system
- 179.17 operator, to acquire sites, necessary permit approvals, and necessary equipment to develop
- and construct new transmission lines or upgrade existing transmission lines to transmit
- 179.19 electricity generated by eligible energy technologies; and
- 179.20 (2) taken all reasonable operational measures to maximize cost-effective electricity
- 179.21 delivery from eligible energy technologies in advance of transmission availability.
- 179.22(b) (c) When considering whether to delay or modify implementation of a standard179.23obligation, the commission must give due consideration to a preference for electric generation179.24through use of eligible energy technology and to the achievement of the standards set by179.25this section.
- $\frac{(e) (d)}{(e) (d)}$ An electric utility requesting a modification or delay in the implementation of a standard must file a plan to comply with its standard obligation in the same proceeding that in which it is requesting requests the delay.
- 179.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 179.30 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, subdivision 2d, is amended to read:
- 179.31 Subd. 2d. Commission order. The commission shall issue necessary orders detailing
- 179.32 the criteria and standards by which it will used to measure an electric utility's efforts to meet

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180.1 the renewable energy objectives of subdivision 2 standards under subdivisions 2a, 2f, and 180.2 2g, and to determine whether the utility is making the required good faith effort achieving 180.3 the standards. In this order, the commission shall include criteria and standards that protect 180.4 against undesirable impacts on the reliability of the utility's system and economic impacts 180.5 on the utility's ratepayers and that consider technical feasibility.

180.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

180.7 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, subdivision 2e, is amended to read:

Subd. 2e. Rate impact of standard compliance; report. Each electric utility must 180.8 submit to the commission and the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over 180.9 energy policy a report containing an estimation of the rate impact of activities of the electric 180.10 utility necessary to comply with this section. In consultation with the Department of 180.11 Commerce, the commission shall determine a uniform reporting system to ensure that 180.12 individual utility reports are consistent and comparable, and shall, by order, require each 180.13 electric utility subject to this section to use that reporting system. The rate impact estimate 180.14 must be for wholesale rates and, if the electric utility makes retail sales, the estimate shall 180.15 180.16 also be for the impact on the electric utility's retail rates. Those activities include, without limitation, energy purchases, generation facility acquisition and construction, and 180.17 transmission improvements. An initial report must be submitted within 150 days of May 180.18 28, 2011. After the initial report, A report must be updated and submitted as part of each 180.19 integrated resource plan or plan modification filed by the electric utility under section 180.20 216B.2422. The reporting obligation of an electric utility under this subdivision expires 180.21 December 31, 2025, for an electric utility subject to subdivision 2a, paragraph (a), and 180.22 December 31, 2020, for an electric utility subject to subdivision 2a, paragraph (b) 2040. 180.23

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

180.25 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, subdivision 2f, is amended to read:

Subd. 2f. Solar energy standard. (a) In addition to the requirements of subdivisions 2a and 2b 2g, each public utility shall generate or procure sufficient electricity generated by solar energy to serve its retail electricity customers in Minnesota so that by the end of 2020, at least 1.5 percent of the utility's total retail electric sales to retail customers in Minnesota is generated by solar energy.

(b) For a public utility with more than 200,000 retail electric customers, at least ten
percent of the 1.5 percent goal must be met by solar energy generated by or procured from
solar photovoltaic devices with a nameplate capacity of 40 kilowatts or less.

181.1 (c) A public utility with between 50,000 and 200,000 retail electric customers:

(1) must meet at least ten percent of the 1.5 percent goal with solar energy generated by
or procured from solar photovoltaic devices with a nameplate capacity of 40 kilowatts or

181.4 less; and

(2) may apply toward the ten percent goal in clause (1) individual customer subscriptions
of 40 kilowatts or less to a community solar garden program operated by the public utility
that has been approved by the commission.

(d) The solar energy standard established in this subdivision is subject to all the provisions
of this section governing a utility's standard obligation under subdivision 2a.

(e) It is an energy goal of the state of Minnesota that, by 2030, ten percent of the retailelectric sales in Minnesota be generated by solar energy.

(f) For the purposes of calculating the total retail electric sales of a public utility underthis subdivision, there shall be excluded retail electric sales to customers that are:

(1) an iron mining extraction and processing facility, including a scram mining facility
as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 6130.0100, subpart 16; or

(2) a paper mill, wood products manufacturer, sawmill, or oriented strand boardmanufacturer.

181.18 Those customers may not have included in the rates charged to them by the public utility 181.19 any costs of satisfying the solar standard specified by this subdivision.

(g) A public utility may not use energy used to satisfy the solar energy standard under
this subdivision to satisfy its standard obligation under subdivision 2a. A public utility may
not use energy used to satisfy the standard obligation under subdivision 2a to satisfy the
solar standard under this subdivision.

(h) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a solar renewable energy credit associated
with a solar photovoltaic device installed and generating electricity in Minnesota after
August 1, 2013, but before 2020 may be used to meet the solar energy standard established
under this subdivision.

(i) Beginning July 1, 2014, and each July 1 through 2020, each public utility shall file
 a report with the commission reporting its progress in achieving the solar energy standard
 established under this subdivision.

181.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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- 182.1 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, is amended by adding a subdivision182.2 to read:
- 182.3Subd. 2g. Carbon-free standard. In addition to the requirements under subdivisions182.42a and 2f, each electric utility must generate or procure sufficient electricity generated from182.5a carbon-free energy technology to provide the utility's retail customers in Minnesota, or182.6the retail customers of a distribution utility to which the electric utility provides wholesale182.7electric service, so that at least the following standard percentages of the electric utility's182.8total retail electric sales to retail customers in Minnesota are generated from carbon-free182.9energy technologies by the end of the year indicated:
- 182.10 (1) 2025 <u>65 percent</u>
- $\frac{182.11}{(2)} \quad \frac{2030}{2030} \quad \frac{80 \text{ percent}}{(2)}$
- 182.12 (3) 2035 90 percent
- 182.13 (4) 2040 100 percent.

182.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

182.15 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Utility plans filed with commission. (a) Each electric utility shall report on its plans, activities, and progress with regard to the objectives and standards of standard obligations under this section in its filings under section 216B.2422 or in a separate report submitted to the commission every two years, whichever is more frequent, demonstrating to the commission the utility's effort to comply with this section. In its resource plan or a separate report, each electric utility shall provide a description of:

182.22 (1) the status of the utility's renewable energy mix relative to the objective and standards
182.23 standard obligations;

182.24 (2) efforts taken to meet the objective and standards standard obligations;

- (3) any obstacles encountered or anticipated in meeting the objective or standards; and
 182.26 standard obligations;
- 182.27 (4) potential solutions to the obstacles-;
- 182.28 (5) the number of Minnesotans employed to construct facilities designed to meet the
- 182.29 <u>utility's standard obligations under this section;</u>
- 182.30 (6) efforts taken to retain and retrain workers employed at electric generating facilities
- 182.31 that the utility has ceased operating or designated to cease operating for new positions
- 182.32 constructing or operating facilities to meet a utility's standard obligation;

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183.1 (7) impacts of facilities designed to meet the utility's standard obligations under this

183.2 section on areas of concern for environmental justice; and

183.3 (8) efforts to increase the diversity of both its workforce and vendors.

(b) The commissioner shall compile the information provided to the commission under paragraph (a), and report to the chairs of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over energy and environment policy issues as to the progress of utilities in the state, including the progress of each individual electric utility, in increasing the amount of renewable energy provided to retail customers, with any recommendations for regulatory or legislative action, by January 15 of each odd-numbered year.

183.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

183.11 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Renewable energy credits. (a) To facilitate compliance with this section, the 183.12 commission, by rule or order, shall establish by January 1, 2008, a program for tradable 183.13 renewable energy credits for electricity generated by eligible energy technology. The credits 183.14 must represent energy produced by an eligible energy technology, as defined in subdivision 183.15 1. Each kilowatt-hour of renewable energy credits must be treated the same as a kilowatt-hour 183.16 of eligible energy technology generated or procured by an electric utility if it is produced 183.17 183.18 by an eligible energy technology. The program must permit a credit to be used only once. 183.19 The program must treat all eligible energy technology equally and shall not give more or less credit to energy based on the state where the energy was generated or the technology 183.20 with which the energy was generated. The commission must determine the period in which 183.21 the credits may be used for purposes of the program. 183.22

(b) In lieu of generating or procuring energy directly to satisfy the eligible energy
technology objective or a standard of obligation under this section, an electric utility may
utilize renewable energy credits allowed under the program to satisfy the objective or
standard.

(c) The commission shall facilitate the trading of renewable energy credits betweenstates.

(d) The commission shall require all electric utilities to participate in a
commission-approved credit-tracking system or systems. Once a credit-tracking system is
in operation, the commission shall issue an order establishing protocols for trading credits.
(e) An electric utility subject to subdivision 2a, paragraph (b), may not sell renewable

183.33 energy credits to an electric utility subject to subdivision 2a, paragraph (a), until 2021.

184.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

184.2 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Technology based on fuel combustion. (a) Electricity produced by fuel
combustion through fuel blending or co-firing under paragraph (b) may only count toward
a utility's objectives or standards standard obligation if the generation facility:

(1) was constructed in compliance with new source performance standards promulgated
under the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., for a
generation facility of that type; or

(2) employs the maximum achievable or best available control technology available fora generation facility of that type.

(b) An eligible energy technology may blend or co-fire a fuel listed in subdivision 1,
paragraph (a), clause (5), with other fuels in the generation facility, but only the percentage
of electricity that is attributable to a fuel listed in that clause can be counted toward an
electric utility's renewable energy objectives standard obligation.

184.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

184.16 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Compliance. The commission must regularly investigate whether an electric 184.17 utility is in compliance with its good faith objective under subdivision 2 and standard 184.18 obligation under subdivision subdivisions 2a, 2f, and 2g. If the commission finds 184.19 noncompliance, it may order the electric utility to construct facilities, purchase energy 184.20 generated by eligible energy technology, purchase renewable energy credits, or engage in 184.21 184.22 other activities to achieve compliance. If an electric utility fails to comply with an order under this subdivision, the commission may impose a financial penalty on the electric utility 184.23 in an amount not to exceed the estimated cost of the electric utility to achieve compliance. 184.24 The penalty may not exceed the lesser of the cost of constructing facilities or purchasing 184.25 184.26 credits. The commission must deposit financial penalties imposed under this subdivision in the energy and conservation account established in the special revenue fund under section 184.27 216B.241, subdivision 2a. This subdivision is in addition to and does not limit any other 184.28 authority of the commission to enforce this section. 184.29

184.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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185.1	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
185.2	Subd. 9. Local benefits. (a) The commission shall take all reasonable actions within its
185.3	statutory authority to ensure this section is implemented to maximize in a manner that
185.4	maximizes net benefits to all Minnesota citizens, balancing throughout the state, including
185.5	but not limited to:
185.6	(1) the creation of high-quality jobs in Minnesota paying wages that support families;
185.7	(2) recognition of the rights of workers to organize and unionize;
185.8	(3) ensuring that workers have the necessary tools, opportunities, and economic assistance
185.9	to adapt successfully during the energy transition, particularly in areas of concern for
185.10	environmental justice;
185.11	(4) ensuring that all Minnesotans share the benefits of clean and renewable energy, and
185.12	the opportunity to participate fully in the clean energy economy;
185.13	(5) ensuring that statewide air emissions are reduced, particularly in areas of concern
185.14	for environmental justice; and
185.15	(6) the provision of affordable electric service to Minnesotans, particularly to low-income
185.16	consumers.
185.17	(b) The commission must also implement this section in a manner that balances factors
185.18	such as local ownership of or participation in energy production, development and ownership
185.19	of eligible energy technology facilities by independent power producers, Minnesota utility
185.20	ownership of eligible energy technology facilities, the costs of energy generation to satisfy
185.21	the renewable standard and carbon-free standards, and the reliability of electric service to
185.22	Minnesotans.
185.23	(c) When making investments to meet the requirements under this section, utilities are
185.24	encouraged to locate new energy generating facilities in Minnesota communities where
185.25	fossil-fuel generating plants have been retired or are scheduled for retirement.
185.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
185.27	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
185.28	Subd. 10. Utility acquisition of resources. A competitive resource acquisition process
185.29	established by the commission prior to June 1, 2007, shall not apply to a utility for the
185.30	construction, ownership, and operation of generation facilities used to satisfy the requirements
185.31	of this section unless, upon a finding that it is in the public interest, the commission issues

185.32 an order on or after June 1, 2007, that requires compliance by a utility with a competitive

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resource acquisition process. A utility that owns a nuclear generation facility and intends
to construct, own, or operate facilities under this section shall file with the commission on
or before March 1, 2008, as part of the utility's filing under section 216B.2422 a renewable
energy plan setting forth the manner in which the utility proposes to meet the requirements
of this section. The utility shall update the plan as necessary in its filing under section
216B.2422. The commission shall approve the plan unless it determines, after public hearing
and comment, that the plan is not in the public interest. As part of its determination of public

186.8 interest, the commission shall consider the plan's impact on balancing the state's interest in:

(1) promoting the policy of economic development in rural areas through the developmentof renewable energy projects, as expressed in subdivision 9;

186.11 (2) maintaining the reliability of the state's electric power grid; and

186.12 (3) minimizing cost impacts on ratepayers.

186.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

186.14 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.2422, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in thissubdivision have the meanings given them.

(b) "Utility" means an entity with the capability of generating 100,000 kilowatts or more
of electric power and serving, either directly or indirectly, the needs of 10,000 retail
customers in Minnesota. Utility does not include federal power agencies.

(c) "Renewable energy" means electricity generated through use of any of the followingresources:

- 186.22 (1) wind;
- 186.23 (2) solar;
- 186.24 (3) geothermal;
- 186.25 (4) hydro;
- 186.26 (5) trees or other vegetation;
- 186.27 (6) landfill gas; or

(7) predominantly organic components of wastewater effluent, sludge, or related
by-products from publicly owned treatment works, but not including incineration of
wastewater sludge.

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(d) "Resource plan" means a set of resource options that a utility could use to meet the

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service needs of its customers over a forecast period, including an explanation of the supply
and demand circumstances under which, and the extent to which, each resource option
would be used to meet those service needs. These resource options include using,
refurbishing, and constructing utility plant and equipment, buying power generated by other
entities, controlling customer loads, and implementing customer energy conservation.
(e) "Refurbish" means to rebuild or substantially modify an existing electricity generating

187.8 resource of 30 megawatts or greater.

187.9 (f) "Energy storage system" means a commercially available technology that:

187.10 (1) uses mechanical, chemical, or thermal processes to:

(i) store energy, including energy generated from renewable resources and energy that
 would otherwise be wasted, and deliver the stored energy for use at a later time; or

(ii) store thermal energy for direct use for heating or cooling at a later time in a mannerthat reduces the demand for electricity at the later time;

187.15 (2) is composed of stationary equipment;

187.16 (3)(2) if being used for electric grid benefits, is (i) operationally visible to the distribution

187.17 or transmission entity managing it, and (ii) capable of being controlled by the distribution

187.18 or transmission entity managing it, to enable and optimize the safe and reliable operation

187.19 of the electric system; and

187.20 (4) (3) achieves any of the following:

187.21 (i) reduces peak or electrical demand;

(ii) defers the need or substitutes for an investment in electric generation, transmission,or distribution assets;

(iii) improves the reliable operation of the electrical transmission or distribution systems,
 while ensuring transmission or distribution needs are not created; or and

(iv) lowers customer costs produces a net ratepayer benefit by storing energy when the
cost of generating or purchasing it energy is low and delivering it energy to customers when
the costs are high.

187.29 (g) Clean energy resource means:

187.30 (1) renewable energy, as defined in section 216B.2422, subdivision 1, paragraph (c);

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188.1	(2) an energy storage system sto	oring energy generate	ed by renewable energy	y or a
188.2	carbon-free resource;			
188.3	(3) energy efficiency, as defined	l in section 216B.241	, subdivision 1;	
188.4	(4) load management, as defined	d in section 216B.24	1, subdivision 1; or	
188.5	(5) a carbon-free resource that the	e commission has de	termined is cost compo	etitive under
188.6	subdivision 4, paragraph (g).			
188.7	(h) "Carbon-free resource" mean	ns a generation techn	ology that, when oper	ating, does
188.8	not contribute to statewide greenho	use gas emissions, as	s defined in section 21	6H.01,
188.9	subdivision 2.			
188.10	(i) "Nonrenewable energy facili	ty" means a generation	on facility that does no	ot use a
188.11	renewable energy or other clean energy	ergy resource. Nonre	newable facility does	not include
188.12	a nuclear facility.			
188.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sect	ion is effective Augu	ust 1, 2021, and applies	s to dockets
188.14	initiated at the Public Utilities Com	mission on or after th	hat date.	

commission shall approve, reject, or modify the plan of a public utility, as defined in section
216B.02, subdivision 4, consistent with the public interest.
(b) In the resource plan proceedings of all other utilities, the commission's order shall
be advisory and the order's findings and conclusions shall constitute prima facie evidence
which may be rebutted by substantial evidence in all other proceedings. With respect to
utilities other than those defined in section 216B.02, subdivision 4, the commission shall

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.2422, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Resource plan filing and approval. (a) A utility shall file a resource plan with

the commission periodically in accordance with rules adopted by the commission. The

188.24 consider the filing requirements and decisions in any comparable proceedings in another188.25 jurisdiction.

(c) As a part of its resource plan filing, a utility shall include the least cost plan for
meeting 50 and, 75, and 100 percent of all energy needs from both new and refurbished
generating facilities through a combination of conservation and renewable clean energy and
carbon-free resources.

188.30 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to dockets
 188.31 initiated at the Public Utilities Commission on or after that date.

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- 189.1 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.2422, is amended by adding a subdivision
 189.2 to read:
- 189.3 Subd. 2d. Plan to minimize impacts to workers due to facility retirement. A utility
- 189.4 required to file a resource plan under subdivision 2 that has scheduled the retirement of an

189.5 <u>electric generating facility located in Minnesota must include in the filing a narrative</u>

- 189.6 describing the utility's efforts, in conjunction with the utility's workers and the workers'
- 189.7 designated representatives, to develop a plan to minimize the dislocations employees may
- 189.8 suffer as a result of the facility's retirement. The narrative must address, at a minimum,
- 189.9 plans to:
- 189.10 (1) minimize financial losses to workers;
- 189.11 (2) provide a transition timeline to ensure certainty for workers;
- 189.12 (3) protect pension benefits;
- 189.13 (4) extend or replace health insurance, life insurance, and other employment benefits;
- 189.14 (5) identify and maximize employment opportunities within the utility for dislocated
- 189.15 workers, including providing incentives for the utility to retain as many workers as possible;
- (6) provide training and skill development for workers who must or choose to leave the
 utility;
- (7) create targeted transition plans for workers at all locations impacted by the facility
 retirement; and
- (8) quantify any additional costs the utility would incur and specifying what costs, if
 any, the utility would request be recovered in the utility's rates as a result of efforts made
- 189.22 <u>under this subdivision to minimize impacts to workers.</u>

189.23 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.2422, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

189.24 Subd. 3. Environmental costs. (a) The commission shall, to the extent practicable using

- 189.25 <u>the best available scientific and economic information and data</u>, quantify and establish a
- 189.26 range of environmental costs associated with each method of electricity generation. The
- 189.27 commission shall adopt and apply the interim cost of greenhouse gas emissions valuations
- 189.28 presented in Technical Support Document: Social Cost of Carbon, Methane, and Nitrous
- 189.29 Oxide Interim Estimates, released by the federal government in February 2021, adopting
- 189.30 the 300-year time horizon and the full range of discount rates from 2.5 to five percent, with
- 189.31 three percent as the central estimate, and shall update the parameters as necessary to conform

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- with updates released by the federal Interagency Working Group on the Social Cost of 190.1 190.2 Greenhouse Gases or successors that are above the February 2021 interim valuations. 190.3 (b) When evaluating and selecting resource options in all proceedings before the commission, including but not limited to proceedings regarding power purchase agreements, 190.4 190.5 resource plans, and certificates of need, a utility shall must use the values established by 190.6 the commission in conjunction with other external factors, including socioeconomic costs, when evaluating and selecting resource options in all proceedings before the commission, 190.7 190.8 including resource plan and certificate of need proceedings. under this subdivision to quantify and monetize greenhouse gas and other emissions from the full lifecycle of fuels used for 190.9 in-state or imported electricity generation, including extraction, processing, transport, and 190.10 combustion. 190.11 (c) When evaluating resource options, the commission must include and consider the 190.12 environmental cost values adopted under this subdivision. When considering the costs of a 190.13 nonrenewable energy facility under this section, the commission must consider only nonzero 190.14 values for the environmental costs analyzed under this subdivision, including both the low 190.15 and high values of any cost range adopted by the commission. 190.16 (b) The commission shall establish interim environmental cost values associated with 190.17 each method of electricity generation by March 1, 1994. These values expire on the date 190.18 the commission establishes environmental cost values under paragraph (a). 190.19 190.20 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to dockets initiated at the Public Utilities Commission on or after that date. 190.21 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.2422, is amended by adding a subdivision 190.22 to read: 190.23 Subd. 3a. Favored electric resources; state policy. It is the policy of the state that: (1) 190.24 in order to hasten the achievement of the greenhouse gas reduction goals under section 190.25 216H.02, the renewable energy standard under section 216B.1691, subdivision 2a, and the 190.26 solar energy standard under section 216B.1691, subdivision 2f; and (2) given the significant 190.27 and continuing reductions in the cost of wind technologies, solar technologies, energy 190.28 storage systems, demand-response technologies, and energy efficiency technologies and 190.29 strategies, the favored method to meet electricity demand in Minnesota is a combination of 190.30 clean energy resources. 190.31 190.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to dockets
- 190.33 initiated at the Public Utilities Commission on or after that date.

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191.1 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.2422, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

- Subd. 4. Preference for renewable clean energy facility resources. (a) The commission 191.2 191.3 shall not approve a new or refurbished nonrenewable energy facility in an integrated resource plan or a certificate of need, pursuant to section 216B.243, nor shall the commission approve 191.4 191.5 a power purchase agreement or allow rate recovery pursuant to section 216B.16 for such a nonrenewable energy facility, unless the utility has demonstrated by clear and convincing 191.6 evidence that a renewable energy facility, alone or in combination with other clean energy 191.7 191.8 resources, is not in the public interest. When making the public interest determination, the commission must consider: 191.9
- 191.10 (1) whether the resource plan helps the utility achieve the greenhouse gas reduction
- 191.11 goals under section 216H.02, the renewable energy standard under section 216B.1691, or

191.12 the solar energy standard under section 216B.1691, subdivision 2f;

- 191.13 (2) impacts on local and regional grid reliability;
- 191.14 (3) utility and ratepayer impacts resulting from the intermittent nature of renewable

191.15 energy facilities, including but not limited to the costs of purchasing wholesale electricity

191.16 in the market and the costs of providing ancillary services; and

191.17 (4) utility and ratepayer impacts resulting from reduced exposure to fuel price volatility,
 191.18 changes in transmission costs, portfolio diversification, and environmental compliance

- 191.19 costs.
- 191.20 (b) In order to determine that a renewable energy facility, alone or in combination with
- 191.21 other clean energy resources, is not in the public interest, the commission must find by clear

191.22 and convincing evidence that using renewable or clean energy resources to meet the need

- 191.23 for resources is not affordable or reliable when compared with a nonrenewable energy
- 191.24 <u>facility or nonclean energy resource.</u>
- (c) When determining whether a renewable or clean energy resource is not affordable,
 the commission must consider utility and ratepayer effects resulting from:
- 191.27 (1) the intermittent nature of renewable energy facilities, including but not limited to
- 191.28 the cost to purchase wholesale electricity in the market and the cost to provide ancillary
- 191.29 <u>services;</u>
- 191.30 (2) reduced exposure to fuel price volatility, changes in transmission and distribution
- 191.31 costs, portfolio diversification, and environmental compliance costs; and
- 191.32 (3) other environmental costs resulting from a nonrenewable energy facility, as determined
- 191.33 by the commission under subdivision 3.

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192.1	(d) When determining whether a renewable or clean energy resource is reliable, the
192.2	commission must consider, to the extent reasonable, the ability of the resources or facilities
192.3	of the utility and the regional electric grid to provide essential reliability services, including
192.4	frequency response, balancing services, and voltage control.
192.5	(e) The commission must make a written determination describing the commission's
192.6	findings and the reasoning behind the conclusions regarding whether a renewable or clean
192.7	energy resource is affordable and reliable under this subdivision. When making the public
192.8	interest determination under paragraph (a), the commission must also consider and make a
192.9	written determination as to whether the energy resources approved by the commission:
192.10	(1) help the state achieve the greenhouse gas reduction goals under section 216H.02;
192.11	(2) help the utility achieve the renewable energy standard under section 216B.1691,
192.12	subdivision 2a, or the solar energy standard under section 216B.1691, subdivision 2f; and
192.13	(3) will result in any positive or harmful effects on the economy of northeastern
192.14	Minnesota, including but not limited to mining, logging, and the clean energy industry.
192.15	(f) Nothing in this section impacts a decision to continue operating a nuclear facility
192.16	that is generating energy in Minnesota as of June 1, 2020. If a decision is made to retire an
192.17	existing nuclear electric generating unit, paragraphs (a) to (e) govern the process to identify
192.18	replacement resources.
192.19	(g) The commission may, by order, add to the list of resources the commission determines
192.20	are clean energy resources for the purposes of this section upon finding that the resource is
192.21	carbon-free and cost competitive when compared with other carbon-free alternatives.
192.22	(h) If the commission approves a public utility's integrated resource plan that includes
192.23	the retirement of a facility that contributes to statewide greenhouse gas emissions, the public
192.24	utility is entitled to own at least a portion of the generation, transmission, and other facilities
192.25	necessary to replace the accredited capacity and energy of the retiring facility, as determined
192.26	by the commission, provided that:
192.27	(1) for a public utility with more than 200,000 retail electric customers in Minnesota,
192.28	the approved resource plan projects that the public utility's contribution to statewide
192.29	greenhouse gas emissions are reduced by 80 percent or more, measured from 2005 to 2030;
192.30	(2) for a public utility with more than 100,000 but fewer than 200,000 retail electric
192.31	customers, the approved resource plan projects that the public utility's contribution to
192.32	statewide greenhouse gas emissions are reduced by 80 percent or more, measured from

192.33 <u>2005 to 2035;</u>

(3) for a public utility with fewer than 100,000 retail electric customers in Minnesota, 193.1 the approved resource plan projects that the public utility's contribution to statewide 193.2 193.3 greenhouse gas emissions are reduced by 65 percent or more, measured from 2005 to 2030; 193.4 and (4) the commission determines that the public utility's ownership of clean energy and 193.5 carbon-free resources that replace retired facilities is reasonable and in the public interest. 193.6 193.7 (i) Utility purchases or contracts to purchase capacity, energy, or ancillary services from an independent systems operator, an auction, or other market administered by an independent 193.8 systems operator, and whose term is one year or less, are not subject to this subdivision. 193.9 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to dockets 193.10 initiated at the Public Utilities Commission on or after that date. 193.11 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.2422, is amended by adding a subdivision 193.12 193.13 to read: Subd. 4a. Preference for local job creation. As part of a resource plan filing, a utility 193.14 must report on associated local job impacts and the steps the utility and the utility's energy 193.15 suppliers and contractors are taking to maximize the availability of construction employment 193.16 opportunities for local workers. The commission must consider local job impacts and give 193.17 preference to proposals that maximize the creation of construction employment opportunities 193.18 for local workers, consistent with the public interest, when evaluating any utility proposal 193.19 that involves the selection or construction of facilities used to generate or deliver energy to 193.20 serve the utility's customers, including but not limited to an integrated resource plan, a 193.21 certificate of need, a power purchase agreement, or commission approval of a new or 193.22 refurbished electric generation facility. The commission must, to the maximum extent 193.23 possible, prioritize the hiring of workers from communities hosting retiring electric generation 193.24 193.25 facilities, including workers previously employed at those facilities. 193.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to dockets initiated at the Public Utilities Commission on or after that date. 193.27 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.2422, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 193.28 Subd. 5. Bidding; exemption from certificate of need proceeding. (a) A utility may

193.29 select resources to meet its projected energy demand through a bidding process approved 193.30 or established by the commission. A utility shall use the environmental cost estimates 193.31

- determined under subdivision 3 in and consider local job impacts when evaluating bids
 submitted in a process established under this subdivision.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if an electric power generating
 plant, as described in section 216B.2421, subdivision 2, clause (1), is selected in a bidding
 process approved or established by the commission, a certificate of need proceeding under
 section 216B.243 is not required.
- (c) A certificate of need proceeding is also not required for an electric power generating
 plant that has been selected in a bidding process approved or established by the commission,
 or such other selection process approved by the commission, to satisfy, in whole or in part,
 the wind power mandate of section 216B.2423 or the biomass mandate of section 216B.2424.
- 194.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to dockets
 194.12 initiated at the Public Utilities Commission on or after that date.
- 194.13 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.2422, is amended by adding a subdivision194.14 to read:
- 194.15
 Subd. 8. Transmission planning in advance of generation retirement. A utility must
- 194.16 identify in a resource plan each nonrenewable energy facility on the utility's system that
- 194.17 has a depreciation term, probable service life, or operating license term that ends within 15
- 194.18 years of the resource plan filing date. For each nonrenewable energy facility identified, the
- 194.19 <u>utility must include in the resource plan an initial plan to: (1) replace the nonrenewable</u>
- 194.20 energy facility; and (2) upgrade any transmission or other grid capabilities needed to support
- 194.21 the retirement of that nonrenewable energy facility.
- 194.22 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to dockets
 194.23 initiated at the Public Utilities Commission on or after that date.

194.24 Sec. 32. [216B.2427] NATURAL GAS UTILITY INNOVATION PLANS.

194.25 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section and section 216B.2428,
194.26 the following terms have the meanings given.

- 194.27 (b) "Biogas" means gas produced by the anaerobic digestion of biomass, gasification of
 194.28 biomass, or other effective conversion processes.
- 194.29 (c) "Carbon capture" means the capture of greenhouse gas emissions that would otherwise
- 194.30 be released into the atmosphere.

195.1	(d) "Carbon-free resource" means an electricity generation facility whose operation does
195.2	not contribute to statewide greenhouse gas emissions, as defined in section 216H.01,
195.3	subdivision 2.
195.4	(e) "District energy" means a heating or cooling system that is solar thermal powered
195.5	or that uses the constant temperature of the earth or underground aquifers as a thermal
195.6	exchange medium to heat or cool multiple buildings connected through a piping network.
195.7	(f) "Energy efficiency" has the meaning given in section 216B.241, subdivision 1,
195.8	paragraph (f), but does not include energy conservation investments that the commissioner
195.9	determines could reasonably be included in a utility's conservation improvement program.
195.10	(g) "Greenhouse gas emissions" means emissions of carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous
195.11	oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride emitted by
195.12	anthropogenic sources within Minnesota and from the generation of electricity imported
195.13	from outside the state and consumed in Minnesota, excluding carbon dioxide that is injected
195.14	into geological formations to prevent its release to the atmosphere in compliance with
195.15	applicable laws.
195.16	(h) "Innovative resource" means biogas, renewable natural gas, power-to-hydrogen,
195.17	power-to-ammonia, carbon capture, strategic electrification, district energy, and energy
195.18	efficiency.
195.19	(i) "Lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions" means the aggregate greenhouse gas emissions
195.20	resulting from the production, processing, transmission, and consumption of an energy
195.21	resource.
195.22	(j) "Lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions intensity" means lifecycle greenhouse gas
195.23	emissions per unit of energy.
195.24	(k) "Nonexempt customer" means a utility customer that has not been included in a
195.25	utility's innovation plan under subdivision 3, paragraph (f).
195.26	(1) "Power-to-ammonia" means the production of ammonia from hydrogen produced
195.27	via power-to-hydrogen using a process that has a lower lifecycle greenhouse gas intensity
195.28	than does natural gas produced from conventional geologic sources.
195.29	(m) "Power-to-hydrogen" means the use of electricity generated by a carbon-free resource
195.30	to produce hydrogen.
195.31	(n) "Renewable energy" has the meaning given in section 216B.2422, subdivision 1.

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196.1	(o) "Renewable natural gas"	means biogas that has bee	n processed to be	e interchangeable
196.2	with, and that has a lower lifecy	cle greenhouse gas intens	sity than, natural	gas produced
196.3	from conventional geologic sou	irces.		
196.4	(p) "Solar thermal" has the r	neaning given to qualifyir	ng solar thermal	project in section
196.5	216B.2411, subdivision 2, para	graph (d).		
196.6	(q) "Strategic electrification	" means the installation of	electric end-use	e equipment in an
196.7	existing building in which natur	ral gas is a primary or bac	k-up fuel source	, or in a newly
196.8	constructed building in which a	customer receives natura	l gas service for	one or more
196.9	end-uses, provided that the elec	tric end-use equipment:		
196.10	(1) results in a net reduction	in statewide greenhouse ga	as emissions, as o	defined in section
196.11	216H.01, subdivision 2, over the	e life of the equipment wh	en compared to	the most efficient
196.12	commercially available natural	gas alternative; and		
196.13	(2) is installed and operated	in a manner that improves	s the load factor	of the customer's
196.14	electric utility.			
196.15	Strategic electrification does no	t include investments that	the commission	ner determines
196.16	could reasonably be included in	the natural gas utility's co	nservation impro	ovement program
196.17	under section 216B.241.			
196.18	(r) "Total incremental cost"	means the calculation of t	he following con	mponents of a
196.19	utility's innovation plan approve	ed by the commission und	ler subdivision 2	·
196.20	(1) the sum of:			
196.21	(i) return of and on capital in	nvestments for the produc	tion, processing	, pipeline
196.22	interconnection, storage, and di	stribution of innovative re	esources;	
196.23	(ii) incremental operating co	osts associated with capital	l investments in	infrastructure for
196.24	the production, processing, pipe	line interconnection, stora	ige, and distribut	ion of innovative
196.25	resources;			
196.26	(iii) incremental costs to pro	ocure innovative resources	from third parti	es;
196.27	(iv) incremental costs to dev	velop and administer prog	rams; and	
196.28	(v) incremental costs for res	earch and development re	lated to innovati	ive resources;
196.29	(2) less the sum of:			
196.30	(i) value received by the util	ity upon the resale of inno	ovative resource	s or innovative
196.31	resource by-products, including	any environmental credit	ts included with	the resale of

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197.1	renewable gaseous fuels or value	e received by the utility wh	nen innovative re	esources are used
197.2	as vehicle fuel;			
197.3	(ii) cost savings achieved thr	ough avoidance of purcha	uses of natural or	as produced from
197.4	conventional geologic sources, i			
197.5	or avoided pipeline costs; and			
		1 .1 .111	.1 11 . 1.1	
197.6	(iii) other revenues received		ctly attributable	to the utility's
197.7	implementation of an innovation	n plan.		
197.8	(s) "Utility" means a public t	utility, as defined in section	on 216B.02, sub	division 4, that
197.9	provides natural gas sales or nat	ural gas transportation ser	vices to custom	ers in Minnesota.
197.10	Subd. 2. Innovation plans.	(a) A natural gas utility m	ay file an innov	ation plan with
197.11	the commission. The utility's pla	an must include, as applic	able, the follow	ing components:
197.12	(1) the innovative resource of	r resources the utility play	ns to implement	to contribute to
197.12	meeting the state's greenhouse g		-	
197.14	in section 216C.05, subdivision			
197.15	the requirements and limitations			<u> </u>
				.1 .111
197.16	(2) research and developmen	it investments related to in	inovative resour	rces the utility
197.17	plans to undertake;			
197.18	(3) total lifecycle greenhouse	gas emissions that the utili	ty projects are re	educed or avoided
197.19	through implementing the plan;			
197.20	(4) a comparison of the estim	nate in clause (3) to total e	missions from n	atural gas use by
197.21	utility customers in 2020;			
197.22	(5) a description of each pilo	ot program included in the	plan that is rela	ited to the
197.23	development or provision of inn		-	
197.24	costs to implement each pilot pr			
105.05			-1-4-1-6	
197.25	(6) the cost-effectiveness of i			-
197.26	utility, society, the utility's nonp	* *	· ·	<u> </u>
197.27	customers compared to other inn			
197.28	the same greenhouse gas emissio	ns largeled for reduction b	y me unity's pro	poseu mnovative
197.29	resource;			
197.30	(7) for any pilot program not		part of the utility	's most recent
107 21	innovation plan a third party an	alvere of:		

197.31 innovation plan, a third-party analysis of:

SF972 FIRST UNOFFICIAL REVISOR RSI UES0972-1 ENGROSSMENT (i) the lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions intensity of the proposed innovative resources; 198.1 198.2 and 198.3 (ii) the forecasted lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions reduced or avoided if the proposed pilot program is implemented; 198.4 198.5 (8) an explanation of the methodology used by the utility to calculate the lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions avoided or reduced by each pilot program included in the plan, 198.6 including descriptions of how the utility's method deviated, if at all, from the carbon 198.7 accounting frameworks established by the commission under section 216B.2428; 198.8 (9) a discussion of whether the plan supports the development and use of alternative 198.9 agricultural products, waste reduction, reuse, or anaerobic digestion of organic waste, and 198.10 the recovery of energy from wastewater, and, if it does, a description of the geographic 198.11 areas of the state in which the benefits are realized; 198.12 (10) a description of third-party systems and processes the utility plans to use to: 198.13 (i) track the innovative resources included in the plan so that environmental benefits 198.14 produced by the plan are not claimed for any other program; and 198.15 (ii) verify the environmental attributes and greenhouse gas emissions intensity of 198.16 innovative resources included in the plan; 198.17 198.18 (11) projected local job impacts resulting from implementation of the plan and a description of steps the utility and the utility's energy suppliers and contractors are taking 198.19 to maximize the availability of construction employment opportunities for local workers; 198.20 198.21 (12) a description of how the utility proposes to recover annual total incremental costs of the plan; 198.22 (13) steps the utility has taken or proposes to take to reduce the expected cost of the plan 198.23 on low- and moderate-income residential customers and to ensure that low- and 198.24 moderate-income residential customers benefit from innovative resources included in the 198.25 plan; 198.26 (14) a report on the utility's progress toward implementing the utility's previously 198.27 approved innovation plan, if applicable; 198.28 (15) a report of the utility's progress toward achieving the cost-effectiveness objectives 198.29 established by the commission with respect to the utility's previously approved innovation 198.30 plan, if applicable; and 198.31

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199.1	(16) collections of pilot progra	ms that the utility estimat	es would, if impl	emented, provide

approximately 50 percent, 150 percent, and 200 percent of the greenhouse gas reduction or

199.3 avoidance benefits of the utility's proposed plan.

199.4 (b) The commission must approve, modify, or reject a plan. The commission must not

199.5 approve an innovation plan unless the commission finds:

199.6 (1) the size, scope, and scale of the plan produces net benefits under the cost-benefit

199.7 framework established by the commission in section 216B.2428;

199.8 (2) the plan promotes the use of renewable energy resources and reduces or avoids

199.9 greenhouse gas emissions at a cost level consistent with subdivision 3;

199.10 (3) the plan promotes local economic development;

199.11 (4) the innovative resources included in the plan have a lower lifecycle greenhouse gas

199.12 intensity than natural gas produced from conventional geologic sources;

- 199.13 (5) the systems used to track and verify the environmental attributes of the innovative
- 199.14 resources included in the plan are reasonable, considering available third-party tracking and
- 199.15 verification systems;

199.16 (6) the costs and revenues projected under the plan are reasonable in comparison to other

199.17 innovative resources the utility could deploy to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, considering

199.18 other benefits of the innovative resources included in the plan;

199.19 (7) the total amount of estimated greenhouse gas emissions reduction or avoidance to

199.20 be achieved under the plan is reasonable considering the state's greenhouse gas and renewable

199.21 energy goals, including those established in section 216C.05, subdivision 2, clause (3), and

199.22 section 216H.02, subdivision 1; customer cost; and the total amount of greenhouse gas

199.23 emissions reduction or avoidance achieved under the utility's previously approved plans, if

199.24 applicable; and

(8) any renewable natural gas purchased by a utility under the plan that is produced from
 the anaerobic digestion of manure is certified as being produced at an agricultural livestock

199.27 production facility that does not increase the number of animal units at the facility solely

199.28 or primarily to produce renewable natural gas for the plan.

199.29 (c) In seeking to recover costs under a plan approved by the commission under this

199.30 section, the utility must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commission that the actual

199.31 total incremental costs incurred to implement the approved innovation plan are reasonable.

199.32 Prudently incurred costs under an approved plan, including prudently incurred costs to

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200.1	obtain the third-party analysis rec	quired in paragraph (a), cl	auses (6) and (7	7), are recoverable
200.2	either:			
200.3	(1) under section 216B.16, su	ubdivision 7, clause (2), v	via the utility's p	ourchased gas
200.4	adjustment;			
200.5	(2) in the utility's next genera	ll rate case; or		
200.6	(3) via annual adjustments, p	rovided that after notice a	and comment th	ne commission
200.7	determines that the costs included	d for recovery through rate	es are prudently	incurred. Annual
200.8	adjustments must include a rate	of return, income taxes or	n the rate of ret	urn, incremental
200.9	property taxes, incremental depres	ciation expense, and increm	mental operation	n and maintenance
200.10	expenses. The rate of return must	t be at the level approved	by the commiss	sion in the utility's
200.11	last general rate case, unless the	commission determines t	hat a different	rate of return is in
200.12	the public interest.			
200.13	(d) Upon approval of a utility	's plan, the commission s	shall establish c	cost-effectiveness
200.14	objectives for the plan based on	the cost-benefit test for in	movative resou	irces developed
200.15	under section 216B.2428. The co	ost-effectiveness objective	e for each plan	must demonstrate
200.16	incremental progress from the pr	reviously approved plan's	cost-effectiver	ness objective.
200.17	(e) A utility operating under a	n approved plan must file	annual reports	to the commission
200.18	on work completed under the pla	an, including:		
200.19	(1) costs incurred;			
200.20	(2) lifecycle greenhouse gas	emissions reductions or a	voidance achie	ved;
200.21	(3) a description of the proce	sses used to track and ver	rify the innovat	ive resources and
200.22	to retire the associated environm	ental attributes;		
200.23	(4) an assessment of the degr	ee to which the lifecycle	greenhouse gas	s accounting
200.24	methodology is consistent with o	current science;		
200.25	(5) the economic impact of the theorem (5) theorem	ne plan, including job crea	ation;	
200.26	(6) the utility's progress towa	rd achieving the cost-effe	ectiveness obje	ctives established
200.27	by the commission; and			
200.28	(7) modifications to elements	s of the plan proposed by	the utility.	
200.29	(f) When evaluating a utility'	s annual report, the comn	nission may:	
200.30	(1) approve the continuation	of a pilot program includ	ed in the plan,	with or without
200.31	modifications;			

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201.1	(2) require the utility to file a r	new or modified pilot p	rogram or plan; or	
201.2	(3) disapprove the continuation	n of a pilot program or	plan.	
201.3	(g) An innovation plan has a te	erm of five years. A sub	osequent innovation	plan must be
201.4	filed no later than four years after		-	
201.5	that, if approved, the new plan tak	es effect immediately u	pon expiration of th	e previous
201.6	<u>plan.</u>			
201.7	(h) For purposes of this section	and the commission's	lifecycle carbon acc	ounting
201.8	framework and cost-benefit test for	or innovative resources	under section 216B.	2428, any
201.9	required analysis of lifecycle green	house gas emissions rec	ductions or avoidance	e, or lifecycle
201.10	greenhouse gas intensity:			
201.11	(1) must include but is not limit	ited to estimates of:		
201.12	(i) avoided or reduced greenho	use gas emissions attri	butable to utility ope	erations;
201.13	(ii) avoided or reduced greenho	ouse gas emissions fror	n the production, pro	ocessing, and
201.14	transmission of fuels prior to recei	pt by the utility; and		
201.15	(iii) avoided or reduced greenh	ouse gas emissions at t	he point of end use;	
201.16	(2) must not count any unit of	greenhouse gas emissio	ons avoidance or red	uction more
201.17	than once; and			
201.18	(3) may, where direct measure	ment is not technically	or economically fea	sible, rely on
201.19	emissions factors, default values, o	r engineering estimates	from a publicly acce	essible source
201.20	accepted by a federal or state gove	ernment agency, provid	ed that the emission	s factors,
201.21	default values, or engineering estin	mates can be demonstra	ated to the satisfaction	on of the
201.22	commission to produce a reasonab	ole estimate of greenho	use gas emissions re	ductions,
201.23	avoidance, or intensity.			
201.24	(i) Strategic electrification imp	lemented in a plan app	roved by the commi	ssion under
201.25	this section is not eligible for a final	ancial incentive under s	section 216B.241, su	bdivision 2c.
201.26	Electric end-use equipment install	ed under a plan approv	ed by the commission	on under this
201.27	section is the exclusive property o	f the building owner.		
201.28	Subd. 3. Limitations on utility	<mark>y customer costs.</mark> (a) E	Except as provided in	ı paragraph
201.29	(b), the first innovation plan submi	tted to the commission	by a utility must not	propose, and
201.30	the commission must not approve,	annual total increment	tal costs exceeding the	he lesser of:
201.31	(1) 1.75 percent of the utility's g	ross operating revenues	from natural gas ser	vice provided
201.32	in Minnesota at the time of plan fi	ling; or		

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202.1	(2) $$20$ per nonexempt custom	ner, based on the propose	ed annual total ir	ncremental costs
202.2	for each year of the plan divided	by the total number of no	onexempt utility	customers.
202.3	(b) The commission may appr	ove additional annual co	osts up to the less	ser of:
202.4	(1) an additional 0.25 percent	of the utility's gross ope	rating revenues f	from service
202.5	provided in Minnesota at the time	e of plan filing; or		
202.6	(2) $$5$ per nonexempt custome	er, based on the proposed	d annual total inc	cremental costs
202.7	for each year of the plan divided l	by the total number of ne	onexempt utility	customers of
202.8	incremental costs, provided that the	he additional costs under	r this paragraph	are associated
202.9	exclusively with the purchase of 1	renewable natural gas pr	oduced from:	
202.10	(i) food waste diverted from a	landfill;		

- 202.11 (ii) a municipal wastewater treatment system; or
- 202.12 (iii) an organic mixture that includes at least 15 percent, by volume, sustainably harvested
- 202.13 <u>native prairie grasses or locally appropriate cover crops, as determined by a local soil and</u>
- 202.14 water conservation district or the United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources
- 202.15 Conservation Service.
- 202.16 (c) If the commission determines that the utility has successfully achieved the
- 202.17 cost-effectiveness objectives established in the utility's most recently approved innovation
- 202.18 plan, except as provided in paragraph (d), the next subsequent plan filed by the utility under
- 202.19 this section is subject to the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b), except that:
- 202.20 (1) the cap on total incremental costs in paragraph (a) with respect to the second plan is 202.21 the lesser of:
- 202.22 (i) 2.75 percent of the utility's gross operating revenues from natural gas service in
- 202.23 Minnesota at the time of the plan's filing; or
- 202.24 (ii) \$35 per nonexempt customer; and
- 202.25 (2) the cap on additional costs in paragraph (b) is the lesser of:
- 202.26 (i) an additional 0.75 percent of the utility's gross operating revenues from natural gas
- 202.27 service in Minnesota at the time of the plan's filing; or
- 202.28 (ii) \$10 per nonexempt customer.
- 202.29 (d) If the commission determines that the utility has successfully achieved the
- 202.30 cost-effectiveness objectives established in two of the same utility's previously approved

203.5	(i) four percent of the utility's gross operating revenues from natural gas service in
203.6	Minnesota at the time of the plan's filing; or
203.7	(ii) \$50 per nonexempt customer; and
203.8	(2) the cap on additional costs in paragraph (b) is the lesser of:
203.9	(i) an additional 1.5 percent of the utility's gross operating revenues from natural gas
203.10	service in Minnesota at the time of the plan's filing; or
203.11	(ii) \$20 per nonexempt customer.
203.12	(e) For purposes of paragraphs (a) to (d), the limits on annual total incremental costs
203.13	must be calculated at the time the innovation plan is filed as the average of the utility's
203.14	forecasted total incremental costs over the five-year term of the plan.
203.15	(f) A large customer facility that the commissioner of commerce has exempted from a
203.16	utility's conservation improvement program under section 216B.241, subdivision 1a,
203.17	paragraph (b), is exempt from the utility's innovation plan offerings and must not be charged
203.18	any costs incurred to implement an approved innovation plan unless the large customer
203.19	facility files a request with the commissioner to be included in a utility's innovation plan.
203.20	The commission may prohibit large customer facilities exempt from innovation plan costs
203.21	from participating in innovation plans.
203.22	(g) A utility filing an innovation plan may include annual spending and investments on
203.23	research and development of up to ten percent of the proposed total incremental costs related
203.24	to innovative plans, subject to the limitations in paragraphs (a) to (e).
203.25	(h) For purposes of this subdivision, gross operating revenues do not include revenues
203.26	from large customer facilities exempt from innovation plan costs.
203.27	Subd. 4. Innovative resources procured outside of an innovation plan. (a) Without
203.28	filing an innovation plan, a natural gas utility may propose and the commission may approve
203.29	cost recovery for:
203.30	(1) innovative resources acquired to satisfy a commission-approved green tariff program
203.31	that allows customers to choose to meet a portion of the customers' energy needs through
203.32	innovative resources; or
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innovation plans, all subsequent plans filed by the utility under this section are subject to

(1) the cap on total incremental costs in paragraph (a) with respect to the third or

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subsequent plan is the lesser of:

the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b), except that:

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204.1	(2) utility expenditures for innovative resources procured at a cost that is within five
204.2	percent of the average of Ventura and Demarc index prices for natural gas produced from
204.3	conventional geologic sources at the time of the transaction per unit of natural gas that the
204.4	innovative resource displaces.
204.5	(b) An approved green tariff program must include provisions to ensure that reasonable
204.6	systems are used to track and verify the environmental attributes of innovative resources
204.7	included in the program, taking into account any available third-party tracking or verification
204.8	systems.
204.9	(c) For the purposes of this subdivision, "Ventura and Demarc index prices" means the
204.10	daily index price of wholesale natural gas sold at the Northern Natural Gas Company's
204.11	Ventura trading hub in Hancock County, Iowa, and its demarcation point in Clifton, Kansas.
204.12	Subd. 5. Power-to-ammonia. When determining whether to approve a power-to-ammonia
204.13	pilot program as part of an innovative plan, the commission must consider:
204.14	(1) the risk of exposing any person to unhealthy concentrations of ammonia;
204.15	(2) the risk that any home or business might be affected by ammonia odors;
204.16	(3) whether the greenhouse gas emissions addressed by the proposed power-to-ammonia
204.17	project could be more efficiently addressed using power-to-hydrogen; and
204.18	(4) whether the power-to-ammonia project achieves lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions
204.19	reductions in the agricultural sector more effectively than power-to-hydrogen.
204.20	Subd. 6. Thermal energy audits. The first innovation plan filed under this section by
204.21	a utility with more than 800,000 customers must include a pilot program to provide thermal
204.22	energy audits to small- and medium-sized business in order to identify opportunities to
204.23	reduce or avoid greenhouse gas emissions from natural gas use. The pilot program must
204.24	provide incentives for businesses to implement recommendations made by the audit. The
204.25	utility must develop criteria to identify businesses that achieve significant emissions
204.26	reductions by implementing audit recommendations and must recognize the businesses as
204.27	thermal energy leaders.
204.28	Subd. 7. Innovative resources for certain industrial processes. The first innovation
204.29	plan filed under this section by a utility with more than 800,000 customers must include a
204.30	pilot program to provide innovative resources to industrial facilities whose manufacturing
204.31	processes, for technical reasons, are not amenable to electrification. A large customer facility
204.32	
204.52	exempt from innovation plan offerings under subdivision 3, paragraph (f), is not eligible to

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205.1	Subd. 8. Electric cold climate air-source heat pumps. (a) The first innovation plan
205.2	filed under this section by a utility with more than 800,000 customers must include a pilot
205.3	program that facilitates deep energy retrofits and the installation of cold climate electric
205.4	air-source heat pumps in existing residential homes that have natural gas heating systems.
205.5	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "deep energy retrofit" means the installation of any
205.6	measure or combination of measures, including air sealing and addressing thermal bridges,
205.7	that under normal weather and operating conditions can reasonably be expected to reduce
205.8	a building's calculated design load to ten or fewer British Thermal Units per hour per square
205.9	foot of conditioned floor area. Deep energy retrofit does not include the installation of
205.10	photovoltaic electric generation equipment, but may include the installation of a qualifying
205.11	solar thermal energy project.
205.12	Subd. 9. District energy. The first innovation plan filed under this section by a utility
205.13	with more than 800,000 customers must include a pilot program to facilitate the development,
205.14	expansion, or modification of district energy systems in Minnesota. This subdivision does
205.15	not require the utility to propose, construct, maintain, or own district energy infrastructure.
205.16	Subd. 10. Throughput goal. It is the goal of the state of Minnesota that through the
205.17	Natural Gas Innovation Act and Conservation Improvement Program, utilities reduce the
205.18	overall amount of natural gas produced from conventional geologic sources delivered to
205.19	customers.
205.20	Subd. 11. Utility system report and forecasts. (a) A public utility filing an innovation
205.21	plan shall concurrently submit a report to the commission containing the following
205.22	information:
205.23	(1) methane gas emissions attributed to venting or leakage across the utility's system,
205.24	including emissions information reported to the Environmental Protection Agency and gas
205.25	leaks considered to be hazardous or nonhazardous, and a narrative description of the utility's
205.26	expectations regarding the cost and performance of the utility's leakage reduction programs
205.27	over the next five years;
205.28	(2) total system greenhouse gas emissions and greenhouse gas emissions projected to
205.29	be reduced or avoided through innovative resource investments and energy conservation
205.30	investments, and a narrative description of the costs required to achieve the reductions over
205.31	the next five years through investments in innovative resources and energy conservation;
205.32	(3) the quantity of pipe in service in the utility's natural gas network in Minnesota, by
205.33	material, size, coating, operating pressure, and decade of installation, based on utility

205.34 information reported to the United States Department of Transportation;

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206.1	(4) a narrative description of other significant equipment owned and operated by the
206.2	utility through which gas is transported or stored, including regulator stations and storage
206.3	facilities, a discussion of the function of the equipment, how the equipment is maintained,
206.4	and utility efforts to prevent leaks from the equipment;
206.5	(5) a five-year forecast of fuel prices and anticipated purchases including, as available,
206.6	natural gas produced from conventional geologic sources, renewable natural gas, and
206.7	alternative fuels;
206.8	(6) a five-year forecast of potential capital investments by the utility in existing
206.9	infrastructure and new infrastructure for natural gas produced from conventional geologic
206.10	sources and for innovative resources; and
206.11	(7) an inventory of the utility's current financial incentive programs for natural gas,
206.12	including rebates and incentives offered for new and existing buildings and a description
206.13	of the utility's projected changes in incentives the utility is likely to implement over the next
206.14	five years.
206.15	(b) Information filed under this subdivision is intended to be used by the commission
206.16	to evaluate a utility's innovation plan in the context of the utility's other planned investments
206.17	and activities with respect to natural gas produced from conventional geologic sources.
206.18	Information filed under this subdivision must not be used by the commission to set or limit
206.19	utility rate recovery.
206.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2022.
206.21	Sec. 33. [216B.2428] LIFECYCLE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS
206.21	ACCOUNTING FRAMEWORK; COST-BENEFIT TEST FOR INNOVATIVE
206.22	RESOURCES.
206.24	By June 1, 2022, the commission shall, by order, issue frameworks the commission must
206.24	use to calculate lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions intensities of each innovative resource,
206.26	as follows:
206.27	(1) a general framework to compare the lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions intensities
206.28	of power-to-hydrogen, strategic electrification, renewable natural gas, district energy, energy
206.29	efficiency, biogas, carbon capture, and power-to-ammonia; and
206.30	(2) a cost-benefit analytic framework to be applied to innovative resources and innovation
206.30	plans filed under section 216B.2427 that the commission must use to compare the
206.31	cost-effectiveness of those resources and plans. This analytic framework must take into
206.33	account:
200.55	

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207.1	(i) the total incremental cost	of the plan or resource a	nd the lifecycle g	reenhouse gas
207.2	emissions avoided or reduced by	the innovative resource	or plan, using th	e framework
207.3	developed under clause (1);			
207.4	(ii) additional economic costs	and benefits, programm	atic costs and be	nefits, additional
207.5	environmental costs and benefits	s, and other costs or bene	fits that may be e	expected under a
207.6	plan; and			
207.7	(iii) baseline cost-effectivene	ss criteria against which	an innovation pl	an should be
207.8	compared. When establishing ba	seline criteria, the comm	nission must take	into account
207.9	options available to reduce lifecy	cle greenhouse gas emi	ssions from natur	al gas end uses
207.10	and the goals in section 216C.05,	subdivision 2, clause (3)	, and section 216H	1.02, subdivision
207.11	1. To the maximum reasonable e	xtent, the cost-benefit fr	amework must be	e consistent with
207.12	environmental cost values establ	ished under section 216	B.2422, subdivisi	on 3, and other
207.13	calculations of the social value of	f greenhouse gas emissi	ons reductions us	ed by the
207.14	commission. The commission m	ay update frameworks e	stablished under	this section as
207.15	necessary.			
207.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This s	ection is effective the da	y following final	enactment.
207.17	Sec. 34. [216B.247] BENEFIC	CIAL BUILDING ELE	CTRIFICATIO	<u>N.</u>
207.18	(a) It is the goal of the state of	f Minnesota to promote	energy end uses	powered by
207.19	electricity in the building sector	that result in a net reduc	tion in greenhous	e gas emissions
207.20	and improvements to public heal	th, consistent with the g	oal established u	nder section
207.21	216H.02, subdivision 1.			
207.22	(b) To the maximum reasonal	ble extent, the implemen	tation of benefici	al electrification
207.23	in the building sector should price	pritize investment and ac	tivity in low-inco	ome and
207.24	under-resourced communities, m	naintain or improve the c	uality of electric	ity service,
207.25	maximize customer savings, impr	ove the integration of ren	ewable and carbo	on-free resources,
207.26	and prioritize job creation.			
207.27	Sec. 35. [216B.248] PUBLIC	UTILITY BENEFICIA	AL BUILDING	
207.28	ELECTRIFICATION.			
				_

207.29 (a) A public utility may submit to the commission a plan to promote energy end uses

207.30 powered by electricity within the public utility's service area in residential and commercial

207.31 buildings. To the maximum reasonable extent, a plan must:

207.32 (1) maximize consumer savings over the lifetime of the investment;

208.1	(2) mitigate cost and avoid duplication with the utility's conservation improvement plan		
208.2	under section 216B.241;		
208.3	(3) maintain or enhance the reliability of electricity service;		
208.4	(4) quantify the acres of land needed for new generation, transmission, and distribution		
208.5	facilities to provide the additional electricity required under the plan;		
208.6	(5) maintain or enhance public health and safety when temperatures fall below 25 degrees		
208.7	below zero Fahrenheit;		
208.8	(6) support the integration of renewable and carbon-free resources;		
208.9	(7) encourage demand response and load shape management opportunities and the use		
208.10	of energy storage that reduce overall system costs;		
208.11	(8) prioritize electrification projects in economically disadvantaged communities;		
208.12	(9) consider cost protections for low- and moderate-income customers;		
208.13	(10) produce a net reduction in greenhouse gas emissions, based on the electricity		
208.14	generation portfolio of the public utility proposing the plan, or based on the electricity		
208.15	serving the end-use in the event that a public utility providing retail natural gas service		
208.16	proposes the plan, either over the lifetime of the conversion or by 2050, whichever is sooner;		
208.16 208.17	proposes the plan, either over the lifetime of the conversion or by 2050, whichever is sooner; and		
208.17	and		
208.17 208.18	<u>and</u> (11) consider local job impacts and give preference to proposals that maximize the		
208.17 208.18 208.19	and (11) consider local job impacts and give preference to proposals that maximize the creation of construction employment opportunities for local workers.		
208.17 208.18 208.19 208.20	and (11) consider local job impacts and give preference to proposals that maximize the creation of construction employment opportunities for local workers. (b) The commission must approve, reject, or modify the public utility's plan, consistent		
208.17 208.18 208.19 208.20 208.21	and (11) consider local job impacts and give preference to proposals that maximize the creation of construction employment opportunities for local workers. (b) The commission must approve, reject, or modify the public utility's plan, consistent with the public interest. Plans approved by the commission under this subdivision are eligible		
208.17 208.18 208.19 208.20 208.21 208.22	and (11) consider local job impacts and give preference to proposals that maximize the creation of construction employment opportunities for local workers. (b) The commission must approve, reject, or modify the public utility's plan, consistent with the public interest. Plans approved by the commission under this subdivision are eligible for cost recovery under section 216B.1645.		
208.17 208.18 208.19 208.20 208.21 208.22 208.23	and (11) consider local job impacts and give preference to proposals that maximize the creation of construction employment opportunities for local workers. (b) The commission must approve, reject, or modify the public utility's plan, consistent with the public interest. Plans approved by the commission under this subdivision are eligible for cost recovery under section 216B.1645. Sec. 36. [216B.491] DEFINITIONS.		
208.17 208.18 208.19 208.20 208.21 208.22 208.23 208.23	and (11) consider local job impacts and give preference to proposals that maximize the creation of construction employment opportunities for local workers. (b) The commission must approve, reject, or modify the public utility's plan, consistent with the public interest. Plans approved by the commission under this subdivision are eligible for cost recovery under section 216B.1645. Sec. 36. [216B.491] DEFINITIONS. Subdivision 1. Scope. For the purposes of sections 216B.491 to 216B.4991, the terms		
208.17 208.18 208.19 208.20 208.21 208.22 208.23 208.23 208.24 208.25	and (11) consider local job impacts and give preference to proposals that maximize the creation of construction employment opportunities for local workers. (b) The commission must approve, reject, or modify the public utility's plan, consistent with the public interest. Plans approved by the commission under this subdivision are eligible for cost recovery under section 216B.1645. Sec. 36. [216B.491] DEFINITIONS. Subdivision 1. Scope. For the purposes of sections 216B.491 to 216B.4991, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given.		
208.17 208.18 208.19 208.20 208.21 208.22 208.23 208.24 208.25 208.26	and (11) consider local job impacts and give preference to proposals that maximize the creation of construction employment opportunities for local workers. (b) The commission must approve, reject, or modify the public utility's plan, consistent with the public interest. Plans approved by the commission under this subdivision are eligible for cost recovery under section 216B.1645. Sec. 36. [216B.491] DEFINITIONS. Subdivision 1. Scope. For the purposes of sections 216B.491 to 216B.4991, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given. Subd. 2. Ancillary agreement. "Ancillary agreement" means any bond, insurance policy,		
208.17 208.18 208.19 208.20 208.21 208.22 208.23 208.24 208.25 208.26 208.27	and (11) consider local job impacts and give preference to proposals that maximize the creation of construction employment opportunities for local workers. (b) The commission must approve, reject, or modify the public utility's plan, consistent with the public interest. Plans approved by the commission under this subdivision are eligible for cost recovery under section 216B.1645. Sec. 36. [216B.491] DEFINITIONS. Subdivision 1. Scope. For the purposes of sections 216B.491 to 216B.4991, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given. Subd. 2. Ancillary agreement. "Ancillary agreement" means any bond, insurance policy, letter of credit, reserve account, surety bond, interest rate lock or swap arrangement, liquidity		

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209.1	Subd. 3. Assignee. "Assignee"	means any person to wh	nich an interest in	energy transition
209.2	property is sold, assigned, transferr	ed, or conveyed, other t	han as security, a	and any successor
209.3	to or subsequent assignee of the pe	erson.		
209.4	Subd. 4. Bondholder. "Bondho	older" means any holde	er or owner of en	ergy transition
209.5	bonds.			
209.6	Subd. 5. Clean energy resour	ce. "Clean energy resou	arce" means:	
209.7	(1) renewable energy, as define	ed in section 216B.2422	2, subdivision 1;	
209.8	(2) an energy storage system; o	<u>or</u>		
209.9	(3) energy efficiency and load n	nanagement, as defined	l in section 216B	.241, subdivision
209.10	<u>1.</u>			
209.11	Subd. 6. Customer. "Customer	r" means a person who	takes electric se	rvice from an
209.12	electric utility for consumption of	electricity in Minnesot	<u>a.</u>	
209.13	Subd. 7. Electric generating fa	acility. "Electric genera	ating facility" me	eans a facility that
209.14	generates electricity, is owned in w	whole or in part by an e	lectric utility, an	d is used to serve
209.15	customers in Minnesota. Electric ge	nerating facility include	s any interconnec	cted infrastructure
209.16	or facility used to transmit or deliver	ver electricity to Minne	sota customers.	
209.17	Subd. 8. Electric utility. "Elec	tric utility" means an el	lectric utility pro	viding electricity
209.18	to Minnesota customers, including	g the electric utility's su	ccessors or assig	gnees.
209.19	Subd. 9. Energy storage syste	m. "Energy storage sys	stem" means a co	ommercially
209.20	available technology that uses mee	chanical, chemical, or t	hermal processe	<u>s to:</u>
209.21	(1) store energy and deliver the	e stored energy for use	at a later time; o	<u>r</u>
209.22	(2) store thermal energy for dir	rect use for heating or c	ooling at a later	time in a manner
209.23	that reduces the demand for electric	icity at the later time.		
209.24	Subd. 10. Energy transition bo	onds. "Energy transition	n bonds" means le	ow-cost corporate
209.25	securities, including but not limite	d to senior secured bon	ds, debentures, 1	notes, certificates
209.26	of participation, certificates of bene	ficial interest, certificate	es of ownership, o	or other evidences
209.27	of indebtedness or ownership that	have a scheduled matur	rity of no longer	than 30 years and
209.28	a final legal maturity date that is n	ot later than 32 years fi	rom the issue da	te, that are rated
209.29	AA or Aa2 or better by a major in	dependent credit rating	agency at the ti	me of issuance,
209.30	and that are issued by an electric u	tility or an assignee un	der a financing	order.
209.31	Subd. 11. Energy transition c	harge. "Energy transiti	ion charge" mean	ns a charge that:

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210.1	(1) is imposed on all customer by	ills by an electric utili	ty that is the subje	ect of a financing
210.2	order, or the electric utility's succes	sors or assignees;		
210.3	(2) is separate from the utility's	base rates; and		
210.4	(3) provides a source of revenue	e solely to repay, fina	nce, or refinance e	energy transition
210.5	costs.			
210.6	Subd. 12. Energy transition co	sts. "Energy transitio	on costs" means:	
210.7	(1) as approved by the commiss	ion in a financing ord	er issued under se	ection 216B.492,
210.8	the pretax costs that the electric utilit	y has incurred or will	incur that are caus	ed by, associated
210.9	with, or remain as a result of retirin	g or replacing electri	c generating facili	ties serving
210.10	Minnesota retail customers; and			
210.11	(2) pretax costs that an electric (2)	utility has previously	incurred related to	o the closure or
210.12	replacement of electric infrastructur	re or facilities occurri	ng before the effe	ctive date of this
210.13	act.			
210.14	Energy transition costs do not inclu	de any monetary pen	alty, fine, or forfe	iture assessed
210.15	against an electric utility by a gover	rnment agency or cou	urt under a federal	or state
210.16	environmental statute, rule, or regu	lation.		
210.17	Subd. 13. Energy transition pr	operty. "Energy tran	sition property" m	ieans:
210.18	(1) all rights and interests of an	electric utility or suc	cessor or assignee	of an electric
210.19	utility under a financing order for the	he right to impose, bi	ll, collect, receive	, and obtain
210.20	periodic adjustments to energy trans	sition charges authori	zed under a financ	ing order issued
210.21	by the commission; and			
210.22	(2) all revenue, collections, claim	ms, rights to payment	ts, payments, mon	ey, or proceeds
210.23	arising from the rights and interests	specified in clause (1), regardless of w	whether any are
210.24	commingled with other revenue, co	llections, rights to pa	yment, payments,	, money, or
210.25	proceeds.			
210.26	Subd. 14. Energy transition re	venue. "Energy trans	ition revenue" me	ans revenue,
210.27	receipts, collections, payments, mo	ney, claims, or other	proceeds arising f	rom energy
210.28	transition property.			
210.29	Subd. 15. Financing costs. "Fir	nancing costs" means	<u>:</u>	
210.30	(1) principal, interest, and reden	nption premiums that	are payable on er	nergy transition
210.31	bonds;			

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211.1	(2) payments required under an ancillary agreement and amounts required to fund or
211.2	replenish a reserve account or other accounts established under the terms of any indenture,
211.3	ancillary agreement, or other financing document pertaining to the bonds;
211.4	(3) other demonstrable costs related to issuing, supporting, repaying, refunding, and
211.5	servicing the bonds, including but not limited to servicing fees, accounting and auditing
211.6	fees, trustee fees, legal fees, consulting fees, financial advisor fees, administrative fees,
211.7	placement and underwriting fees, capitalized interest, rating agency fees, stock exchange
211.8	listing and compliance fees, security registration fees, filing fees, information technology
211.9	programming costs, and any other demonstrable costs necessary to otherwise ensure and
211.10	guarantee the timely payment of the bonds or other amounts or charges payable in connection
211.11	with the bonds;
211.12	(4) taxes and license fees imposed on the revenue generated from collecting an energy
211.13	transition charge;
211.14	(5) state and local taxes, including franchise, sales and use, and other taxes or similar
211.15	charges, including but not limited to regulatory assessment fees, whether paid, payable, or
211.16	accrued; and
211.17	(6) costs incurred by the commission to hire and compensate additional temporary staff
211.18	needed to perform the commission's responsibilities under this section and, in accordance
211.19	with section 216B.494, to engage specialized counsel and expert consultants experienced
211.20	in securitized electric utility ratepayer-backed bond financing similar to energy transition
211.21	bonds.
211.22	Subd. 16. Financing order. "Financing order" means an order issued by the commission
211.23	under section 216B.492 that authorizes an applicant to (1) issue energy transition bonds in
211.24	one or more series, (2) impose, charge, and collect energy transition charges, and (3) create
211.25	energy transition property.
211.26	Subd. 17. Financing party. "Financing party" means a holder of energy transition bonds
211.27	and a trustee, collateral agent, a party under an ancillary agreement, or any other person
211.28	acting for the benefit of energy transition bondholders.
211.29	Subd. 18. Nonbypassable. "Nonbypassable" means that the payment of an energy
211.30	transition charge required to repay bonds and related costs may not be avoided by any retail
211.31	customer located within an electric utility service area.
211.32	Subd. 19. Pretax costs. "Pretax costs" means costs approved by the commission,
211.33	including but not limited to:

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212.1	(1) unrecovered capitalized co	osts of retired or replace	d electric genera	ting facilities;
212.2	(2) costs to decommission and	l restore the site of an el	ectric generating	g facility;

212.3 (3) other applicable capital and operating costs, accrued carrying charges, deferred

212.4 expenses, reductions for applicable insurance, and salvage proceeds; and

- 212.5 (4) costs to retire any existing indebtedness, fees, costs, and expenses to modify existing
- 212.6 debt agreements, or for waivers or consents related to existing debt agreements.
- 212.7 Subd. 20. Successor. "Successor" means a legal entity that succeeds by operation of law
- to the rights and obligations of another legal entity as a result of bankruptcy, reorganization,
- 212.9 restructuring, other insolvency proceeding, merger, acquisition, consolidation, or sale or
- 212.10 transfer of assets.
- 212.11 Sec. 37. [216B.492] FINANCING ORDER.
- 212.12 Subdivision 1. Application. (a) An electric utility that has received approval from the

212.13 commission to retire an electric generating facility owned by the utility prior to the full

212.14 depreciation of the electric generating facility's value may file an application with the

212.15 <u>commission for the issuance of a financing order to enable the utility to recover energy</u>

212.16 transition costs through the issuance of energy transition bonds under this section.

212.17 (b) The application must include all of the following information:

212.18 (1) a description of the electric generating facility to be retired;

212.19 (2) the undepreciated value remaining in the electric generating facility that is proposed

212.20 to be financed through the issuance of bonds under sections 216B.491 to 216B.499, and

- 212.21 the method used to calculate the amount;
- 212.22 (3) the estimated savings to electric utility customers if the financing order is issued as
- 212.23 requested in the application, calculated by comparing the costs to customers that are expected

212.24 to result from implementing the financing order and the estimated costs associated with

212.25 implementing traditional electric utility financing mechanisms with respect to the same

- 212.26 <u>undepreciated balance, expressed in net present value terms;</u>
- 212.27 (4) an estimated schedule for the electric generating facility's retirement;
- 212.28 (5) a description of the nonbypassable energy transition charge electric utility customers

212.29 would be required to pay in order to fully recover financing costs, and the method and

212.30 assumptions used to calculate the amount;

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213.1	(6) a proposed methodology for allocating the revenue requirement for the energy
213.2	transition charge among the utility's customer classes;
213.3	(7) a description of a proposed adjustment mechanism to be implemented when necessary
213.4	to correct any overcollection or undercollection of energy transition charges, in order to
213.5	complete payment of scheduled principal and interest on energy transition bonds and other
213.6	financing costs in a timely fashion;
213.7	(8) a memorandum with supporting exhibits from a securities firm that is experienced
213.8	in the marketing of bonds and that is approved by the commissioner of management and
213.9	budget indicating the proposed issuance satisfies the current published AA or Aa2 or higher
213.10	rating or equivalent rating criteria of at least one nationally recognized securities rating
213.11	organization for issuances similar to the proposed energy transition bonds;
213.12	(9) an estimate of the timing of the issuance and the term of the energy transition bonds,
213.13	or series of bonds, provided that the scheduled final maturity for each bond issuance does
213.14	not exceed 30 years;
213.15	(10) identification of plans to sell, assign, transfer, or convey, other than as a security,
213.16	interest in energy transition property, including identification of an assignee, and
213.17	demonstration that the assignee is a financing entity wholly owned, directly or indirectly,
213.18	by the electric utility;
213.19	(11) identification of ancillary agreements that may be necessary or appropriate;
213.20	(12) one or more alternative financing scenarios in addition to the preferred scenario
213.21	contained in the application; and
213.22	(13) a workforce transition plan that includes estimates of:
213.23	(i) the number of workers currently employed at the electric generating facility to be
213.24	retired by the electric utility and, separately reported, by contractors, including workers that
213.25	directly deliver fuel to the electric generating facility;
213.26	(ii) the number of workers identified in item (i) who, as a result of the retirement of the
213.27	electric generating facility:
213.28	(A) are offered employment by the electric utility in the same job classification;
213.29	(B) are offered employment by the electric utility in a different job classification;
213.30	(C) are not offered employment by the electric utility;
213.31	(D) are offered early retirement by the electric utility; and

214.1	(E) retire as planned; and
214.2	(iii) if the electric utility plans to replace the retiring generating facility with a new
214.3	electric generating facility owned by the electric utility, the number of jobs at the new
214.4	generating facility outsourced to contractors or subcontractors; and
214.5	(14) a plan to replace the retired electric generating facilities with other electric generating
214.6	facilities owned by the utility or power purchase agreements that meet the requirements of
214.7	subdivision 3, clause (15), and a schedule reflecting that the replacement resources are
214.8	operational or available at the time the retiring electric generating facilities cease operation.
214.9	Subd. 2. Findings. After providing notice and holding a public hearing on an application
214.10	filed under subdivision 1, the commission may issue a financing order if the commission
214.11	finds that:
214.12	(1) the energy transition costs described in the application related to the retirement of
214.13	electric generation facilities are reasonable;
214.14	(2) the proposed issuance of energy transition bonds and the imposition and collection
214.15	of energy transition charges:
214.16	(i) are just and reasonable;
214.17	(ii) are consistent with the public interest;
214.18	(iii) constitute a prudent and reasonable mechanism to finance the energy transition costs
214.19	described in the application; and
214.20	(iv) provide tangible and quantifiable benefits to customers that are substantially greater
214.21	than the benefits that would have been achieved absent the issuance of energy transition
214.22	bonds; and
214.23	(3) the proposed structuring, marketing, and pricing of the energy transition bonds:
214.24	(i) significantly lower overall costs to customers or significantly mitigate rate impacts
214.25	to customers relative to traditional methods of financing; and
214.26	(ii) achieve the maximum net present value of customer savings, as determined by the
214.27	commission in a financing order, consistent with market conditions at the time of sale and
214.28	the terms of the financing order.
214.29	Subd. 3. Contents. (a) A financing order issued under this section must:
214.30	(1) determine the maximum amount of energy transition costs that may be financed from
214.31	proceeds of energy transition bonds issued pursuant to the financing order;

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215.1	(2) describe the proposed cust	omer billing mechanism	for energy trans	sition charges and
215.2	include a finding that the mechanism is just and reasonable;			
215.3	(3) describe the financing cost	s that may be recovered t	through energy	transition charges
215.4	and the period over which the cos	sts may be recovered, wh	nich must end n	o earlier than the
215.5	date of final legal maturity of the	energy transition bonds;	• •	
215.6	(4) describe the energy transit	ion property that is creat	ted and that may	y be used to pay
215.7	and secure the payment of the ene	ergy transition bonds and	financing costs	authorized in the
215.8	financing order;			
215.9	(5) authorize the electric utilit	y to finance energy trans	sition costs thro	ugh the issuance
215.10	of one or more series of energy tra	ansition bonds. An electr	ric utility is not	required to secure
215.11	a separate financing order for each	issuance of energy trans	sition bonds or f	or each scheduled
215.12	phase of the retirement or replace	ement of electric generat	ing facilities ap	proved in the
215.13	financing order;			
215.14	(6) include a formula-based m	echanism that must be u	sed to make exp	peditious periodic
215.15	adjustments to the energy transiti	on charge authorized by	the financing o	rder that are
215.16	necessary to correct for any overc	collection or undercollec	tion, or to other	rwise guarantee
215.17	the timely payment of energy tran	sition bonds, financing c	costs, and other	required amounts
215.18	and charges payable in connection	n with energy transition	bonds;	
215.19	(7) specify the degree of flexi	bility afforded to the ele	ctric utility in e	stablishing the
215.20	terms and conditions of the energy	y transition bonds, inclue	ding but not lim	ited to repayment
215.21	schedules, expected interest rates	, and other financing cos	sts;	
215.22	(8) specify that the energy tran	nsition bonds must be iss	ued as soon as f	feasible following
215.23	issuance of the financing order;			
215.24	(9) require the electric utility,	at the same time as ener	gy transition ch	arges are initially
215.25	collected and independent of the s	chedule to close and deco	ommission the e	electric generating
215.26	facility, to remove the electric gen	nerating facility to be ret	tired from the u	tility's rate base
215.27	and commensurately reduce the u	tility's base rates;		
215.28	(10) specify a future ratemakin	g process to reconcile any	y difference betw	veen the projected
215.29	pretax costs included in the amount	nt financed by energy tra	nsition bonds a	nd the final actual
215.30	pretax costs incurred by the electric	ic utility to retire or repla	ce the electric g	enerating facility;
215.31	(11) specify information regar	ding bond issuance and	repayments, fir	nancing costs,
215.32	energy transaction charges, energ	y transition property, and	d related matter	rs that the electric
215.33	utility is required to provide to the	commission on a schedu	le determined by	y the commission;

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(12) allow and may require the creation of an electric utility's energy transition property
to be conditioned on, and occur simultaneously with, the sale or other transfer of the energy
transition property to an assignee and the pledge of the energy transition property to secure
the energy transition bonds;
(13) ensure that the structuring, marketing, and pricing of energy transition bonds result
in the lowest securitization bond charges and maximize net present value customer savings,
consistent with market conditions and the terms of the financing order;
(14) specify that the electric utility is prohibited from, after the electric generating
facilities subject to the finance order are removed from the electric utility's base rate:
(i) operating the electric generating facilities; or
(ii) selling the electric generating facilities to another entity to be operated as electric
generating facilities; and
(15) specify that the electric utility must send a payment from energy transition bond
proceeds equal to 15 percent of the net present value of electric utility cost savings estimated
by the commission under subdivision 2, clause (3), item (ii), to the commissioner of
employment and economic development for deposit in the energy worker transition account
established in section 216B.4991, and that the balance of the proceeds:
(i) must not be used to acquire, construct, finance, own, operate, or purchase energy
from an electric generating facility that is not powered by a clean energy resource; and
(ii) may be used to construct, finance, operate, own, or purchase energy from, an electric
generating facility that complies with item (i), under conditions determined by the
commission, including the capacity of generating assets, the estimated date the asset is
placed into service, and any other factors deemed relevant by the commission, taking into
account the electric utility's resource plan most recently approved by the commission under
section 216B.2422.
(b) A financing order issued under this section may:
(1) include conditions different from those requested in the application that the
commission determines are necessary to:
(i) promote the public interest; and
(ii) maximize the financial benefits or minimize the financial risks of the transaction to
customers and to directly impacted Minnesota workers and communities; and
(2) specify the selection of one or more underwriters of the energy transition bonds.

217.1	Subd. 4. Duration; irrevocability; subsequent order. (a) A financing order remains
217.2	in effect until the energy transition bonds issued under the financing order and all financing
217.3	costs related to the bonds have been paid in full.
217.4	(b) A financing order remains in effect and unabated notwithstanding the bankruptcy,
217.5	reorganization, or insolvency of the electric utility to which the financing order applies or
217.6	any affiliate, successor, or assignee of the electric utility.
217.7	(c) Subject to judicial review as provided for in section 216B.52, a financing order is
217.8	irrevocable and is not reviewable by future commissions. The commission may not reduce,
217.9	impair, postpone, or terminate energy transition charges approved in a financing order, or
217.10	impair energy transition property or the collection or recovery of energy transition revenue.
217.11	(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), the commission may, on the commission's own
217.12	motion or at the request of an electric utility or any other person, commence a proceeding
217.13	and issue a subsequent financing order that provides for refinancing, retiring, or refunding
217.14	energy transition bonds issued under the original financing order if:
217.15	(1) the commission makes all of the findings specified in subdivision 2 with respect to
217.16	the subsequent financing order; and
217.17	(2) the modification contained in the subsequent financing order does not in any way
217.18	impair the covenants and terms of the energy transition bonds to be refinanced, retired, or
217.19	refunded.
217.20	Subd. 5. Effect on commission jurisdiction. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b),
217.21	the commission, in exercising the powers and carrying out the duties under this section, is
217.22	prohibited from:
217.23	(1) considering energy transition bonds issued under this section to be debt of the electric
217.24	utility other than for income tax purposes, unless it is necessary to consider the energy
217.25	transition bonds to be debt in order to achieve consistency with prevailing utility debt rating
217.26	methodologies;
217.27	(2) considering the energy transition charges paid under the financing order to be revenue
217.28	of the electric utility;
217.29	(3) considering the energy transition costs or financing costs specified in the financing
217.30	order to be the regulated costs or assets of the electric utility; or
217.31	(4) determining any prudent action taken by an electric utility that is consistent with the
217.32	financing order is unjust or unreasonable.

218.1	(b) Nothing in this subdivision:
218.2	(1) affects the authority of the commission to apply or modify any billing mechanism
218.3	designed to recover energy transition charges;
218.4	(2) prevents or precludes the commission from investigating an electric utility's
218.5	compliance with the terms and conditions of a financing order and requiring compliance

- 218.6 with the financing order; or
- 218.7 (3) prevents or precludes the commission from imposing regulatory sanctions against
- 218.8 an electric utility for failure to comply with the terms and conditions of a financing order
- 218.9 or the requirements of this section.
- 218.10 (c) The commission is prohibited from refusing to allow the recovery of any costs
- 218.11 associated with the retirement or replacement of electric generating facilities by an electric
- 218.12 <u>utility solely because the electric utility has elected to finance those activities through a</u>
- 218.13 financing mechanism other than energy transition bonds.

218.14 Sec. 38. [216B.493] POST-ORDER COMMISSION DUTIES.

- 218.15 Subdivision 1. Financing cost review. Within 120 days after the date energy transition
- 218.16 bonds are issued, an electric utility subject to a financing order must file with the commission
- 218.17 the actual initial and ongoing financing costs, the final structure and pricing of the energy
- 218.18 transition bonds, and the actual energy transition charge. The commission must review the
- 218.19 prudence of the electric utility's actions to determine whether the actual financing costs are
- 218.20 the lowest that could reasonably be achieved given the terms of the financing order and
- 218.21 market conditions prevailing at the time of the bond's issuance.
- 218.22 Subd. 2. Enforcement. If the commission determines that an electric utility's actions
- 218.23 under this section are not prudent or are inconsistent with the financing order, the commission
- 218.24 may apply any remedies available, provided that any remedy applied may not directly or
- 218.25 indirectly impair the security for the energy transition bonds.

218.26 Sec. 39. [216B.494] USE OF OUTSIDE EXPERTS.

- 218.27 (a) In carrying out the duties under this section, the commission may:
- 218.28 (1) contract with outside consultants and counsel experienced in securitized electric
- 218.29 <u>utility customer-backed bond financing similar to energy transition bonds; and</u>
- 218.30 (2) hire and compensate additional temporary staff as needed.

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219.1	Expenses incurred by the commiss	sion under this paragrap	ph must be treate	ed as financing
219.2	costs and included in the energy tr	ansition charge. The co	osts incurred und	ler clause (1) are
219.3	not an obligation of the state and a	re assigned solely to the	ne transaction.	
219.4	(b) If a utility's application for	a financing order is de	nied or withdraw	vn for any reason
219.5	and energy transition bonds are not	issued, the commission	's costs to retain e	expert consultants
219.6	under this subdivision must be paid	by the applicant utility a	and are deemed b	y the commission
219.7	to be a prudent deferred expense e	ligible for recovery in	the utility's futur	e rates.
219.8	Sec. 40. [216B.495] ENERGY 7	FRANSITION CHAR	GE; BILLING	TREATMENT.
219.9	(a) An electric utility that obtain	ins a financing order ar	nd causes energy	transition bonds
219.10	to be issued must:			
219.11	(1) include on each customer's	monthly electricity bil	<u>l:</u>	
219.12	(i) a statement that a portion of the formula of the statement of the s	the charges represents e	nergy transition	charges approved
219.13	in a financing order;			
219.14	(ii) the amount and rate of the	energy transition charg	e as a separate li	ne item titled
219.15	"energy transition charge"; and			
219.16	(iii) if energy transition proper	ty has been transferred	to an assignee, a	a statement that
219.17	the assignee is the owner of the right	nts to energy transition	charges and that	the electric utility
219.18	or other entity, if applicable, is act	ing as a collection agen	t or servicer for	the assignee; and
219.19	(2) file annually with the comm	nission:		
219.20	(i) a calculation of the impact t	hat financing the retire	ment or replacer	nent of electric
219.21	generating facilities has had on cu	stomer electricity rates	, by customer cla	ass; and
219.22	(ii) evidence demonstrating that	at energy transition revo	enues are applied	d solely to the
219.23	repayment of energy transition bor	nds and other financing	g costs.	
219.24	(b) Energy transition charges a	re nonbypassable and 1	nust be paid by a	all existing and
219.25	future customers receiving service	from the electric utilit	y or the utility's	successors or
219.26	assignees under commission-appro	oved rate schedules or	special contracts	<u>'•</u>
219.27	(c) An electric utility's failure t	to comply with this sec	tion does not inv	validate, impair,
219.28	or affect any financing order, energy	gy transition property, e	nergy transition	charge, or energy
219.29	transition bonds, but does subject th	e electric utility to pena	lties under applic	cable commission
219.30	rules.			

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220.1 Sec. 41. [216B.496] ENERGY TRANSITION PROPERTY.

Subdivision 1. General. (a) Energy transition property is an existing present property
 right or interest in a property right even though the imposition and collection of energy
 transition charges depends on the electric utility's collecting energy transition charges and
 on future electricity consumption. The property right or interest exists regardless of whether
 the revenues or proceeds arising from the energy transition property have been billed, have
 accrued, or have been collected.

- (b) Energy transition property exists until all energy transition bonds issued under a
 financing order are paid in full and all financing costs and other costs of the energy transition
 bonds have been recovered in full.
- (c) All or any portion of energy transition property described in a financing order issued
 to an electric utility may be transferred, sold, conveyed, or assigned to a successor or assignee
- 220.13 that is wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by the electric utility and is created for the
- 220.14 limited purpose of acquiring, owning, or administering energy transition property or issuing
- 220.15 <u>energy transition bonds as authorized by the financing order. All or any portion of energy</u>
- 220.16 transition property may be pledged to secure energy transition bonds issued under a financing
- 220.17 order, amounts payable to financing parties and to counterparties under any ancillary
- 220.18 agreements, and other financing costs. Each transfer, sale, conveyance, assignment, or
- 220.19 pledge by an electric utility or an affiliate of an electric utility is a transaction in the ordinary
 220.20 course of business.

(d) If an electric utility defaults on any required payment of charges arising from energy
transition property described in a financing order, a court, upon petition by an interested
party and without limiting any other remedies available to the petitioner, must order the
sequestration and payment of the revenues arising from the energy transition property to
the financing parties.

(e) The interest of a transferee, purchaser, acquirer, assignee, or pledgee in energy
transition property specified in a financing order issued to an electric utility, and in the
revenue and collections arising from that property, is not subject to setoff, counterclaim,
surcharge, or defense by the electric utility or any other person, or in connection with the
reorganization, bankruptcy, or other insolvency of the electric utility or any other entity.
(f) A successor to an electric utility, whether resulting from a reorganization, bankruptcy,

220.32 or other insolvency proceeding, merger or acquisition, sale, other business combination,
 220.33 transfer by operation of law, electric utility restructuring, or otherwise, must perform and
 220.34 satisfy all obligations of, and has the same duties and rights under, a financing order as the

- 221.1 electric utility to which the financing order applies, and must perform the duties and exercise
- 221.2 the rights in the same manner and to the same extent as the electric utility, including
- 221.3 collecting and paying to any person entitled to receive revenues, collections, payments, or
- 221.4 proceeds of energy transition property.
- 221.5 Subd. 2. Security interests in energy transition property. (a) The creation, perfection,
- 221.6 and enforcement of any security interest in energy transition property to secure the repayment
- 221.7 of the principal and interest on energy transition bonds, amounts payable under any ancillary
- 221.8 agreement, and other financing costs are governed solely by this section.
- 221.9 (b) A security interest in energy transition property is created, valid, and binding when:
- 221.10 (1) the financing order that describes the energy transition property is issued;
- 221.11 (2) a security agreement is executed and delivered; and
- 221.12 (3) value is received for the energy transition bonds.
- 221.13 (c) Once a security interest in energy transition property is created, the security interest
- 221.14 attaches without any physical delivery of collateral or any other act. The lien of the security
- 221.15 interest is valid, binding, and perfected against all parties having claims of any kind in tort,
- 221.16 contract, or otherwise against the person granting the security interest, regardless of whether
- 221.17 the parties have notice of the lien, upon the filing of a financing statement with the secretary
- 221.18 <u>of state.</u>
- 221.19 (d) The description or indication of energy transition property in a transfer or security
- agreement and a financing statement is sufficient only if the description or indication refers
- 221.21 to this section and the financing order creating the energy transition property.
- 221.22 (e) A security interest in energy transition property is a continuously perfected security 221.23 interest and has priority over any other lien, created by operation of law or otherwise, which
- 221.24 may subsequently attach to the energy transition property unless the holder of the security
- 221.25 interest has agreed otherwise in writing.
- (f) The priority of a security interest in energy transition property is not affected by the
 commingling of energy transition property or energy transition revenue with other money.
 An assignee, bondholder, or financing party has a perfected security interest in the amount
 of all energy transition property or energy transition revenue that is pledged to pay energy
 transition bonds, even if the energy transition property or energy transition revenue is
 deposited in a cash or deposit account of the electric utility in which the energy transition
- 221.32 revenue is commingled with other money. Any other security interest that applies to the
- 221.33 other money does not apply to the energy transition revenue.

222.1	(g) Neither a subsequent commission order amending a financing order under section
222.2	216B.492, subdivision 4, nor application of an adjustment mechanism, authorized by a
222.3	financing order under section 216B.492, subdivision 3, affects the validity, perfection, or
222.4	priority of a security interest in or transfer of energy transition property.
222.5	(h) A valid and enforceable security interest in energy transition property is perfected
222.6	only when it has attached and when a financing order has been filed with the secretary of
222.7	state in accordance with procedures the secretary of state may establish. The financing order
222.8	must name the pledgor of the energy transition property as debtor and identify the property.
222.9	Subd. 3. Sales of energy transition property. (a) A sale, assignment, or transfer of
222.10	energy transition property is an absolute transfer and true sale of, and not a pledge of or
222.11	secured transaction relating to, the seller's right, title, and interest in, to, and under the energy
222.12	transition property if the documents governing the transaction expressly state that the
222.13	transaction is a sale or other absolute transfer. A transfer of an interest in energy transition
222.14	property may be created when:
222.15	(1) the financing order creating and describing the energy transition property is effective;
222.16	(2) the documents evidencing the transfer of the energy transition property are executed
222.17	and delivered to the assignee; and
222.18	(3) value is received.
222.19	(b) A transfer of an interest in energy transition property must be filed with the secretary
222.20	of state against all third persons and perfected under sections 336.9-301 to 336.9-342,
222.21	including any judicial lien or other lien creditors or any claims of the seller or creditors of
222.22	the seller, other than creditors holding a prior security interest, ownership interest, or
222.23	assignment in the energy transition property previously perfected under this subdivision or
222.24	subdivision 2.
222.25	(c) The characterization of a sale, assignment, or transfer as an absolute transfer and
222.26	true sale, and the corresponding characterization of the property interest of the assignee is
222.27	not affected or impaired by:
222.28	(1) commingling of energy transition revenue with other money;
222.29	(2) the retention by the seller of:
222.30	(i) a partial or residual interest, including an equity interest, in the energy transition
222.31	property, whether direct or indirect, or whether subordinate or otherwise; or

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223.1	(ii) the right to recover costs a	associated with taxes, franc	hise fees, or lice	ense fees imposed
223.2	on the collection of energy trans	sition revenue;		
223.3	(3) any recourse that the pure	chaser may have against tl	he seller;	
223.4	(4) any indemnification right	ts, obligations, or repurcha	ase rights made	or provided by
223.5	the seller;			
223.6	(5) an obligation of the seller	r to collect energy transitio	on revenues on	behalf of an
223.7	assignee;			
223.8	(6) the treatment of the sale,	assignment, or transfer for	tax, financial r	eporting, or other
223.9	purposes;			
223.10	(7) any subsequent financing	order amending a financir	ng order under s	section 216B.492,
223.11	subdivision 4, paragraph (d); or			
223.12	(8) any application of an adj	ustment mechanism under	section 216B.4	492, subdivision
223.13	3, paragraph (a), clause (6).			
223.14	Sec. 42. [216B.497] ENERGY	Y TRANSITION BOND	<u>S.</u>	
223.15	(a) Banks, trust companies, sa	vings and loan associations	, insurance com	panies, executors,
223.16	administrators, guardians, truste	es, and other fiduciaries n	nay legally inve	est any money
223.17	within the individual's or entity's	s control in energy transiti	on bonds.	
223.18	(b) Energy transition bonds i	ssued under a financing o	rder are not del	ot of or a pledge
223.19	of the faith and credit or taxing	power of the state, any age	ency of the stat	e, or any political
223.20	subdivision. Holders of energy t	ransition bonds may not h	ave taxes levie	d by the state or a
223.21	political subdivision in order to p	pay the principal or interes	t on energy tran	sition bonds. The
223.22	issuance of energy transition bo	nds does not directly, indi	rectly, or contir	gently obligate
223.23	the state or a political subdivision	n to levy any tax or make a	ny appropriatio	n to pay principal
223.24	or interest on the energy transiti	on bonds.		
223.25	(c) The state pledges to and a	grees with holders of energ	gy transition bo	nds, any assignee,
223.26	and any financing parties that th	e state must not:		
223.27	(1) take or permit any action	that impairs the value of	energy transitic	on property; or
223.28	(2) reduce, alter, or impair en	nergy transition charges th	at are imposed	, collected, and
223.29	remitted for the benefit of holders	s of energy transition bonds	s, any assignee,	and any financing
223.30	parties, until any principal, inter	est, and redemption premi	um payable on	energy transition
223.31	bonds, all financing costs, and al	l amounts to be paid to an a	assignee or fina	ncing party under
223.32	an ancillary agreement are paid	in full.		

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224.1	(d) A person who issues end	ergy transition bonds may	include the pled	lge specified in
224.2	paragraph (c) in the energy tran	sition bonds, ancillary agr	eements, and do	ocumentation
224.3	related to the issuance and mar	keting of the energy transi	tion bonds.	
224.4	Sec. 43. [216B.498] ASSIGN	NEE OF FINANCING PA	ARTY NOT SU	BJECT TO
224.5	COMMISSION REGULATI	<u>ON.</u>		
224.6	An assignee or financing pa	rty that is not already regul	lated by the com	mission does not
224.7	become subject to commission	regulation solely as a resu	lt of engaging in	n any transaction
224.8	authorized by or described in se	ections 216B.491 to 216B.	<u>499.</u>	
224.9	Sec. 44. [216B.499] EFFEC	I ON OTHER LAWS.		
224.10	(a) If any provision of section	ons 216B.491 to 216B.499	conflicts with a	any other law
224.11	regarding the attachment, assig	nment, perfection, effect o	f perfection, or	priority of any
224.12	security interest in or transfer of	f energy transition property	v, sections 216B	.491 to 216B.499
224.13	govern.			
224.14	(b) Nothing in this subdivis	ion precludes an electric u	tility for which	the commission
224.15	has initially issued a financing	order from applying to the	commission fo	<u>r:</u>
224.16	(1) a subsequent financing c	order amending the financi	ng order under s	ection 216B.492,
224.17	subdivision 4, paragraph (d); or	<u>r</u>		
224.18	(2) approval to issue energy	transition bonds to refund	all or a portion	of an outstanding
224.19	series of energy transition bond			
224.20	Sec. 45. [216B.4991] ENER	GY WORKER TRANSI	ΓΙΟΝ ΑCCOU	NT.
224.21	Subdivision 1. Account esta	blished. The energy worke	er transition acco	ount is established
224.22	as a separate account in the spe	cial revenue fund in the st	ate treasury. The	e commissioner
224.23	of employment and economic of	levelopment must credit to	the account ap	propriations and
224.24	transfers to the account, and pa	yments of proceeds from t	he sale of bonds	s realized by an
224.25	electric utility operating under	a financing order issued by	y the commissio	n under section
224.26	216B.492. Earnings, including	but not limited to interest, o	dividends, and a	ny other earnings
224.27	arising from assets of the accou	nt, must be credited to the	account. Money	remaining in the
224.28	account at the end of a fiscal ye	ear does not cancel to the g	general fund but	remains in the
224.29	account until expended. The cor	nmissioner of employment	and economic d	levelopment must
224.30	manage the account.			

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225.1	Subd. 2. Expenditures. (a) Money in the account may be used only to provide assistance
225.2	to workers whose employment was terminated by an electric utility that has ceased operation
225.3	and issued bonds under a financing order issued by the Public Utilities Commission under
225.4	section 216B.492. The types of assistance that may be provided from the account are:
225.5	(1) transition, support, and training services listed under section 116L.17, subdivision
225.6	<u>4, clauses (1) to (5);</u>
225.7	(2) employment and training services, as defined in section 116L.19, subdivision 4;
225.8	(3) income maintenance and support services, as defined in section 116L.19, subdivision
225.9	<u>5;</u>
225.10	(4) assistance to workers in starting a business, as described in section 116L.17,
225.11	subdivision 11; and
225.12	(5) extension of unemployment benefits.
225.13	(b) No more than five percent of the money in the account may be used to pay the
225.14	department's costs to administer the account.
225.15	(c) The commissioner may make grants to a state or local government unit, nonprofit
225.16	organization, community action agency, business organization or association, or labor
225.17	organization to provide the services allowed under this subdivision. No more than ten percent
225.18	of the money allocated to a grantee may be used to pay administrative costs.
225.19	Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216E.03, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Final decision.** (a) No site permit shall be issued in violation of the site selection standards and criteria established in this section and in rules adopted by the commission. When the commission designates a site, it shall issue a site permit to the applicant with any appropriate conditions. The commission shall publish a notice of its decision in the State Register within 30 days of issuance of the site permit.

(b) No route permit shall be issued in violation of the route selection standards and
criteria established in this section and in rules adopted by the commission. When the
commission designates a route, it shall issue a permit for the construction of a high-voltage
transmission line specifying the design, routing, right-of-way preparation, and facility
construction it deems necessary, and with any other appropriate conditions. The commission
may order the construction of high-voltage transmission line facilities that are capable of
expansion in transmission capacity through multiple circuiting or design modifications. The

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226.1	commission shall publish a notice of its decision in the State Register within 30 days of
226.2	issuance of the permit.

(c) The commission shall require as a condition of permit issuance that the recipient of 226.3 a site permit to construct a large electric power generating plant and all of the permit 226.4 226.5 recipient's construction contractors and subcontractors on the project pay no less than the prevailing wage rate, as defined in section 177.42. The commission shall also require as a 226.6 condition of modifying a site permit for a large electric power generating plant repowering 226.7 project, as defined in section 216B.243, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), that the recipient of 226.8 the site permit and all of the permit recipient's construction contractors and subcontractors 226.9 on the repowering project pay no less than the prevailing wage rate, as defined in section 226.10 177.42. 226.11 (d) The commission may require as a condition of permit issuance that the recipient of 226.12 a site permit to construct a large electric power generating plant and all of the permit 226.13 recipient's construction contractors and subcontractors on the project participate in 226.14 apprenticeship programs that are registered with the Department of Labor and Industry or 226.15 the Office of Apprenticeship of the United States Department of Labor for the relevant work 226.16 on the project. The commission may also require as a condition of modifying a site permit 226.17 for a large electric power generating plant repowering project, as defined in section 216B.243, 226.18 subdivision 8, paragraph (b), that the recipient of the site permit and all of the permit 226.19 recipient's construction contractors and subcontractors on the repowering project participate 226.20 in apprenticeship programs that are registered with the Department of Labor and Industry 226.21 or the Office of Apprenticeship of the United States Department of Labor for the relevant 226.22

work on the project. When deciding whether to require participation in apprenticeship

- 226.24 programs that are registered with the Department of Labor and Industry or the Office of
- 226.25 Apprenticeship of the United States Department of Labor under this paragraph, the
- 226.26 commission shall consider relevant factors, including the direct and indirect economic
- 226.27 impact as well as the quality, efficiency, and safety of construction on the project.

226.28 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to dockets 226.29 initiated at the Public Utilities Commission on or after that date.

226.30 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216F.04, is amended to read:

226.31 **216F.04 SITE PERMIT.**

(a) No person may construct an LWECS without a site permit issued by the PublicUtilities Commission.

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(b) Any person seeking to construct an LWECS shall submit an application to the
commission for a site permit in accordance with this chapter and any rules adopted by the
commission. The permitted site need not be contiguous land.

(c) The commission shall make a final decision on an application for a site permit for
an LWECS within 180 days after acceptance of a complete application by the commission.
The commission may extend this deadline for cause.

(d) The commission may place conditions in a permit and may deny, modify, suspend,or revoke a permit.

(e) The commission shall require as a condition of permit issuance that the recipient of 227.9 a site permit to construct an LWECS with a nameplate capacity above 25,000 kilowatts and 227.10 all of the permit recipient's construction contractors and subcontractors on the project pay 227.11 no less than the prevailing wage rate, as defined in section 177.42. The commission shall 227.12 also require as a condition of modifying a site permit for an LWECS repowering project as 227.13 defined in section 216B.243, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), that the recipient of the site permit 227.14 and all of the permit recipient's construction contractors and subcontractors on the repowering 227.15 project pay no less than the prevailing wage rate, as defined in section 177.42. 227.16

(f) The commission may require as a condition of permit issuance that the recipient of 227.17 a site permit to construct an LWECS with a nameplate capacity above 25,000 kilowatts and 227.18 all of the permit recipient's construction contractors and subcontractors on the project 227.19 participate in apprenticeship programs that are registered with the Department of Labor and 227.20 Industry or the Office of Apprenticeship of the United States Department of Labor for the 227.21 relevant work on the project. The commission may also require as a condition of modifying 227.22 a site permit for an LWECS repowering project as defined in section 216B.243, subdivision 227.23 8, paragraph (b), that the recipient of the site permit and all of the permit recipient's 227.24 construction contractors and subcontractors on the repowering project participate in 227.25 apprenticeship programs that are registered with the Department of Labor and Industry or 227.26 the Office of Apprenticeship of the United States Department of Labor for the relevant work 227.27 on the project. When deciding whether to require participation in apprenticeship programs 227.28 that are registered with the Department of Labor and Industry or the Office of Apprenticeship 227.29 of the United States Department of Labor under this paragraph, the commission shall consider 227.30 relevant factors, including the direct and indirect economic impact as well as the quality, 227.31 efficiency, and safety of construction on the project. 227.32

227.33 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2021, and applies to dockets 227.34 initiated at the Public Utilities Commission on or after that date.

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228.1	Sec. 48. <u>PUBLIC UTILITI</u>	ES COMMISSION; EVAI	LUATION OF	THE ROLE OF
228.2	NATURAL GAS UTILITIE	S IN ACHIEVING STATI	E GREENHOU	JSE GAS
228.3	REDUCTION GOALS.			
228.4	By August 1, 2021, the Pub	lic Utilities Commission mus	st initiate a proc	eeding to evaluate
228.5	changes to natural gas utility r	egulatory and policy structu	ares needed to s	upport the state's
228.6	greenhouse gas emissions reduc	ctions goals, including those	established in M	linnesota Statutes,
228.7	section 216H.02, subdivision	l, and to achieve net zero gro	eenhouse gas er	nissions by 2050,
228.8	as determined by the Intergove	ernmental Panel on Climate	Change.	
228.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	s section is effective the day	following fina	l enactment.
228.10	Sec. 49. <u>APPROPRIATIO</u>	NS.		
228.11	Subdivision 1. Construction	on materials; environmen	tal impact stud	ly. (a) \$100,000
228.12	in fiscal year 2022 is appropria	ated from the general fund t	to the commissi	oner of
228.13	administration to complete the	e study required under this s	ection. This is a	a onetime
228.14	appropriation.			
228.15	(b) The commissioner of a	dministration must contract	with the Cente	r for Sustainable
228.16	Building Research at the Unive	ersity of Minnesota to examin	ne the feasibility	y, economic costs,
228.17	and environmental benefits of	requiring a bid that propose	s to use or cons	truct one or more
228.18	eligible materials in the constr	uction or major renovation of	of a new state b	uilding to include
228.19	a supply-chain specific type III	environmental product decla	ration for each	of those materials,
228.20	which information must be take	en into consideration in makin	ng a contract aw	ard. In conducting
228.21	the study, the Center for Susta	inable Building Research m	ust examine and	d evaluate similar
228.22	programs adopted in other stat	tes.		
228.23	(c) By February 1, 2022, th	ne commissioner of adminis	tration must su	bmit the findings
228.24	and recommendations of the st	udy to the chairs and ranking	g minority mem	bers of the senate
228.25	and house of representatives c	ommittees with primary jur	isdiction over e	nvironmental
228.26	policy.			
228.27	(d) For purposes of this see	ction, the following terms have	ave the meaning	gs given:
228.28	(1) "eligible materials" me	ans any of the following ma	terials that fund	ction as part of a
228.29	structural system or structural	assembly:		
228.30	(i) concrete, including stru	ctural cast in place, shortcre	ete, and precast;	<u>.</u>
228.31	(ii) unit masonry;			
228.32	(iii) metal of any type; and			

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229.1	(iv) wood of any type, including	ng but not limited to wood	composites and v	wood-laminated
229.2	products;			
229.3	(2) "engineered wood" means	s a product manufactured	by banding or fix	xing strands,
229.4	particles, fiber, or veneers of boa	ords of wood by means of	adhesives, comb	ined with heat
229.5	and pressure, or other methods to	o form composite materia	<u>ll;</u>	
229.6	(3) "state building" means a b	building owned by the sta	te of Minnesota;	
229.7	(4) "structural" means a build	ling material or compone	nt that supports g	ravity loads of
229.8	building floors, roofs, or both, and	l is the primary lateral syst	em resisting wind	and earthquake
229.9	loads, including but not limited t	o shear walls, braced or r	noment frames, f	oundations,
229.10	below-grade walls, and floors;			
229.11	(5) "supply-chain specific" m	ieans an environmental p	roduct declaration	n that includes
229.12	supply-chain specific data for pro-	oduction processes that c	ontribute to 80 pe	ercent or more
229.13	of a product's lifecycle global wa	arming potential. For eng	ineered wood pro	oducts,
229.14	"supply-chain specific" also mea	ns an environmental prod	luct declaration t	hat reports:
229.15	(i) any chain of custody certi	fication; and		
229.16	(ii) the percentage of wood, b	by volume, used in the pro-	oduct that is source	ced:
229.17	(A) by state or province and o	country;		
229.18	(B) by type of owner, whethe	er federal, state, private, o	r other; and	
229.19	(C) with forest management of	certification; and		
229.20	(6) "type III environmental pro	oduct declaration" means a	document verifie	ed and registered
229.21	by a third party that contains a life	e-cycle assessment of the	environmental im	pacts, including
229.22	but not limited to the use of water	r, land, and energy resource	ces in the manufac	cturing process,
229.23	of a specific product constructed	or manufactured by a sp	ecific firm and th	at meets the
229.24	applicable standards developed a	and maintained for such a	ssessments by the	e International
229.25	Organization for Standardization	<u>ı (ISO).</u>		
229.26	<u>Subd. 2.</u> Natural gas innova	tion plan; implementati	i on. (a) \$189,000	in fiscal year
229.27	2022 and \$189,000 in fiscal year	2023 are appropriated fr	om the general fu	and to the
229.28	commissioner of commerce for a	activities associated with	a utility's implem	entation of a
229.29	natural gas innovation plan unde	r Minnesota Statutes, sec	tion 216B.2427.	
229.30	(b) \$112,000 in fiscal year 20	22 and \$112,000 in fiscal	year 2023 are app	propriated from
229.31	the general fund to the Public Ut	ilities Commission for th	e activities associ	iated with a

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utility's implementation of a natural gas innovation plan under Minnesota Statutes, section 230.1 230.2 216B.2427. 230.3 Subd. 3. Energy Transition Office. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$450,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$450,000 in fiscal 230.4 230.5 year 2023 are appropriated from the renewable development account established in Minnesota 230.6 Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of employment and economic development to operate the Energy Transition Office established under Minnesota Statutes, 230.7 230.8 section 116J.5491. Subd. 4. Minnesota Innovation Finance Authority. Notwithstanding Minnesota 230.9 Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 is 230.10 appropriated from the renewable development account established under Minnesota Statutes, 230.11 section 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce to transfer to the 230.12 Minnesota Innovation Finance Authority established under Minnesota Statutes, section 230.13 216C.441. This is a onetime appropriation. Of this amount, the Minnesota Innovation Finance 230.14 Authority may obligate up to \$50,000 for start-up expenses, including but not limited to 230.15 expenses incurred prior to incorporation. 230.16 Subd. 5. Beneficial electrification. (a) \$30,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$30,000 in fiscal 230.17 year 2023 are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of commerce to 230.18 participate in Public Utilities Commission proceedings regarding utility beneficial 230.19 electrification plans, as described in Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.248. 230.20 (b) \$56,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$28,000 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from 230.21 the general fund to the Public Utilities Commission for activities associated with utility 230.22 beneficial electrification plans, as described in Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.248. 230.23 Subd. 6. Securitization. (a) \$126,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$126,000 in fiscal year 230.24 2023 are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of commerce to implement 230.25 Minnesota Statutes, sections 216B.491 to 216B.4991. 230.26 (b) \$207,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$147,000 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from 230.27 the general fund to the Public Utilities Commission to implement Minnesota Statutes, 230.28 sections 216B.491 to 216B.4991. 230.29 230.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 50. REPEALER. 230.31

230.32

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Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.1691, subdivision 2, is repealed.

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231.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective the day	y following final	enactment.
231.2		ARTICLE 9		
231.3		CLIMATE CHANGE		
231.4	Section 1. [16B.312] CONSTR	RUCTION MATERIAI	LS; ENVIRONN	MENTAL
231.5	ANALYSIS.			
231.6	Subdivision 1. Title. This sec	tion may be known and	cited as the "Buy	y Clean and Buy
231.7	Fair Minnesota Act."			
231.8	Subd. 2. Definitions. For purp	poses of this section, the fe	ollowing terms h	ave the meanings
231.9	given.			
231.10	(a) "Carbon steel" means stee	l in which the main alloy	ving element is ca	arbon and whose
231.11	properties are chiefly dependent	on the percentage of carl	oon present.	
231.12	(b) "Department" means the I	Department of Administr	ration.	
231.13	(c) "Eligible material categor	y" means:		
231.14	(1) carbon steel rebar;			
231.15	(2) structural steel;			
231.16	(3) photovoltaic devices, as d	efined in section 216C.0	6, subdivision 1	<u>6; or</u>
231.17	(4) an energy storage system,	as defined in section 216	B.2421, subdivis	sion 1, paragraph
231.18	(f), that is installed as part of an o	eligible project.		
231.19	(d) "Eligible project" means:			
231.20	(1) new construction of a state	e building larger than 50,	000 gross square	e feet of occupied
231.21	or conditioned space; or			
231.22	(2) renovation of more than 5	0,000 gross square feet o	of occupied or co	onditioned space
231.23	in a state building whose renovation	on cost exceeds 50 percer	nt of the building	's assessed value.
231.24	(e) "Environmental product d	eclaration" means a supp	oly chain specifi	c type III
231.25	environmental product declaration	on that:		
231.26	(1) contains a lifecycle assess	ment of the environmen	tal impacts of ma	anufacturing a
231.27	specific product by a specific firm	n, including the impacts	of extracting an	d producing the
231.28	raw materials and components th	at compose the product;		
231.29	(2) is verified and registered	by a third party; and		

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232.1	(3) meets the applicable stand	dards developed and main	ntained for such	assessments by
232.2	the International Organization for	or Standardization (ISO).		
232.3	(f) "Global warming potentia	l" has the meaning given	in section 216H	I.10, subdivision
232.4	<u>5.</u>			
232.5	(g) "Greenhouse gas" has the	meaning given to statew	ide greenhouse	gas emissions in
232.6	section 216H.01, subdivision 2.			
232.7	(h) "Lifecycle" means an ana	lysis that includes the env	vironmental imp	bacts of all stages
232.8	of a specific product's production	n, from mining and proce	ssing the produc	ct's raw materials
232.9	to the process of manufacturing	the product.		
232.10	(i) "Rebar" means a steel reir	nforcing bar or rod encase	ed in concrete.	
232.11	(j) "State building" means a b	uilding whose construction	on or renovation	is funded wholly
232.12	or partially from the proceeds of	bonds issued by the state	e of Minnesota.	
232.13	(k) "Structural steel" means s	teel that is classified by t	he shapes of its	cross-sections,
232.14	such as I, T, and C shapes.			
232.15	(l) "Supply chain specific" m	eans an environmental pr	oduct declaration	on that includes
232.16	specific data for the production p	processes of the materials	and component	ts composing a
232.17	product that contribute at least 80	percent of the product's li	fecycle global w	arming potential,
232.18	as defined in International Organ	nization for Standardization	on standard 219	<u>30.</u>
232.19	Subd. 3. Standard; maximu	m global warming poter	ntial. <u>(</u> a) No late	r than September
232.20	1, 2022, the commissioner shall e	stablish and publish a max	imum acceptabl	e global warming
232.21	potential for each eligible materi	al used in an eligible pro	ject, in accordar	nce with the
232.22	following requirements:			
232.23	(1) the commissioner shall, a	fter considering nationall	y or internation	ally recognized
232.24	databases of environmental prod	uct declarations for an eli	gible material ca	ategory, establish
232.25	the maximum acceptable global	warming potential at the	industry average	e global warming
232.26	potential for that eligible materia	al category; and		
232.27	(2) the commissioner may set	different maximums for	different specifi	c products within
232.28	each eligible material category.			
232.29	The global warming potential sh	all be provided in a manr	ner that is consis	tent with criteria
232.30	in an environmental product dec	laration.		
232.31	(b) No later than September 1	, 2025, and every three ye	ears thereafter, t	he commissioner
232.32	shall review the maximum accept	otable global warming por	tential for each o	eligible materials

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233.1 category and for specific products within an eligible materials category established under

233.2 paragraph (a). The commissioner may adjust those values downward for any eligible material

233.3 category or product to reflect industry improvements if the commissioner, based on the

233.4 process described in paragraph (a), clause (1), determines that the industry average has

233.5 declined. The commissioner must not adjust the maximum acceptable global warming

233.6 potential upward for any eligible material category or product.

233.7 Subd. 4. Bidding process. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (c), the department shall

233.8 require in a specification for bids for an eligible project that the global warming potential

233.9 reported by a bidder in the environmental product declaration for any eligible material

233.10 category must not exceed the maximum acceptable global warming potential for that eligible

233.11 material category or product established under subdivision 2. The department may require

233.12 in a specification for bids for an eligible project a global warming potential for any eligible

233.13 material that is lower than the maximum acceptable global warming potential for that

233.14 material established under subdivision 2.

233.15 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), a successful bidder for a contract must not use

233.16 or install any eligible material on the project until the commissioner has provided notice to

233.17 the bidder in writing that the commissioner has determined that a supply chain-specific

233.18 environmental product declaration submitted by the bidder for that material meets the

233.19 requirements of this subdivision.

233.20 (c) A bidder may be exempted from the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) if the

233.21 commissioner determines that complying with the provisions of paragraph (a) would create

233.22 <u>financial hardship for the bidder. The commissioner shall make a determination of hardship</u>

233.23 <u>if the commissioner finds that:</u>

233.24 (1) the bidder has made a good faith effort to obtain the data required in an environmental
233.25 product declaration; and

233.26 (2) the bidder has provided all the data obtained in pursuit of an environmental product
 233.27 declaration to the commissioner; and

233.28 (3) based on a detailed estimate of the costs of obtaining an environmental product

233.29 declaration, and taking into consideration the bidder's annual gross revenues, complying

233.30 with paragraph (a) would cause the bidder financial hardship; or

233.31 (4) complying with paragraph (a) would disrupt the bidder's ability to perform contractual
 233.32 obligations.

Article 9 Section 1.

234.1	Subd. 5. Pilot program. (a) No later than July 1, 2022, the department must establish
234.2	a pilot program that seeks to obtain from vendors an estimate of the lifecycle greenhouse
234.3	gas emissions, including greenhouse gas emissions from mining raw materials, of products
234.4	selected by the department from among the products the department procures. The pilot
234.5	program must encourage but must not require a product vendor to submit the following data
234.6	for each selected product that represents at least 90 percent of the total cost of the materials
234.7	or components used in the selected product:
234.8	(1) the quantity of the product purchased by the department;

- 234.9 (2) a current environmental product declaration for the product;
- 234.10 (3) the name and location of the product's manufacturer;
- 234.11 (4) a copy of the product vendor's Supplier Code of Conduct, if any;
- 234.12 (5) names and locations of the product's actual production facilities; and
- 234.13 (6) an assessment of employee working conditions at the product's actual production
- 234.14 <u>facilities</u>.
- 234.15 (b) The department must construct a publicly accessible database posted on the
- 234.16 department's website containing the data reported under this subdivision. The data must be
- 234.17 reported in a manner that precludes, directly, or in combination with other publicly available
- 234.18 data, the identification of the product manufacturer.
- 234.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 234.20 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216H.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 234.21 Subdivision 1. Greenhouse gas emissions-reduction goal. (a) It is the goal of the state
- 234.22 to reduce statewide greenhouse gas emissions across all sectors producing those emissions
- 234.23 to a level at least 15 percent below 2005 levels by 2015, to a level at least 30 percent below
- 234.24 2005 levels by 2025, and to a level at least 80 percent below 2005 levels by 2050. by at
- 234.25 least the following amounts, compared with the level of emissions in 2005:
- 234.26 (1) 15 percent by 2015;
- 234.27 (2) 30 percent by 2025;
- 234.28 (3) 45 percent by 2030; and
- 234.29 (4) net zero by 2050.
- 234.30 (b) The levels targets shall be reviewed based on the climate change action plan study.
- 234.31 annually by the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency, taking into account the

- 235.1 latest scientific research on the impacts of climate change and strategies to reduce greenhouse
- 235.2 gas emissions published by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. The
- 235.3 commissioner shall forward any recommended changes to the targets to the chairs and
- 235.4 ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees with
- 235.5 primary jurisdiction over climate change and environmental policy.
- 235.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 235.7 Sec. 3. [239.7912] FUTURE FUELS ACT.
- 235.8 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
 235.9 <u>the meanings given.</u>
- 235.10 (b) "Carbon dioxide equivalent" means the number of metric tons of carbon dioxide
- 235.11 <u>emissions that have the same global warming potential as one metric ton of another</u>
- 235.12 greenhouse gas.
- 235.13 (c) "Carbon intensity" means the quantity of life cycle greenhouse gas emissions
- 235.14 associated with a unit of a specific transportation fuel, expressed in grams of carbon dioxide
- 235.15 equivalent per megajoule of transportation fuel, as calculated by the most recent version of
- 235.16 Argonne National Laboratory's GREET model and adapted to Minnesota by the department
- 235.17 through rulemaking or administrative process.
- 235.18 (d) "Clean fuel" means a transportation fuel that has a carbon intensity level that is below
- 235.19 the clean fuels carbon intensity standard in a given year.
- 235.20 (e) "Credit" means a unit of measure equal to one metric ton of carbon dioxide equivalent,
- 235.21 and that serves as a quantitative measure of the degree to which a fuel provider's
- 235.22 transportation fuel volume is lower than the carbon intensity embodied in an applicable
- 235.23 <u>clean fuels standard.</u>
- 235.24 (f) "Credit generator" means an entity involved in supplying a clean fuel.
- 235.25 (g) "Deficit" means a unit of measure (1) equal to one metric ton of carbon dioxide
- 235.26 equivalent, and (2) that serves as a quantitative measure of the degree to which a fuel
- 235.27 provider's volume of transportation fuel is greater than the carbon intensity embodied in an
- 235.28 applicable future fuels standard.
- 235.29 (h) "Deficit generator" means a fuel provider who generates deficits and who first
- 235.30 produces or imports a transportation fuel for use in Minnesota.
- 235.31 (i) "Fuel life cycle" means the total aggregate greenhouse gas emissions resulting from
- 235.32 all stages of a fuel pathway for a specific transportation fuel.

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236.1	(j) "Fuel pathway" means a	detailed description of all	stages of a trans	portation fuel's
236.2	production and use, including e	xtraction, processing, tran	sportation, distri	bution, and
236.3	combustion or use by an end-us	er.		
236.4	(k) "Fuel provider" means an	n entity that supplies a tra	nsportation fuel	for use in
236.5	Minnesota.			
236.6	(1) "Global warming potentia	al" or "GWP" means a qua	ntitative measure	of a greenhouse
236.7	gas emission's potential to contr	ribute to global warming c	over a 100-year p	eriod, expressed
236.8	in terms of the equivalent carbo	n dioxide emission neede	d to produce the	same 100-year
236.9	warming effect.			
236.10	(m) "Greenhouse gas" means	carbon dioxide methane 1	nitrous oxide hyd	rofluorocarbons
236.11	perfluorocarbons, or sulfur hexa		intous oxide, nyd	<u>nonuoroeuroonis,</u>
250.11	<u> </u>			
236.12	(n) "Motor vehicle" has the	meaning given in section	<u>169.011, subdivi</u>	sion 42.
236.13	(o) "Relevant petroleum-onl	y portion of transportation	n fuels" means th	e component of
236.14	gasoline or diesel fuel prior to b	elending with ethanol, bio	diesel, or other b	iofuel.
236.15	(p) "Technology provider" n	neans a manufacturer of a	n end-use consur	ner technology
236.16	involved in supplying clean fue	<u>ls.</u>		
236.17	(q) "Transportation fuel" me	ans electricity or a liquid o	or gaseous fuel th	at (1) is blended,
236.18	sold, supplied, offered for sale,	or used to propel a motor	vehicle, includin	g but not limited
236.19	to train, light rail vehicle, ship,	aircraft, forklift, or other i	road or nonroad	vehicle in
236.20	Minnesota, and (2) meets applic	cable standards, specificat	tions, and testing	requirements
236.21	under this chapter. Transportation	on fuel includes but is not	limited to electri	city used as fuel
236.22	in a motor vehicle, gasoline, dies	sel, ethanol, biodiesel, rene	ewable diesel, pro	pane, renewable
236.23	propane, natural gas, renewable	natural gas, hydrogen, av	viation fuel, and l	piomethane.
236.24	Subd. 2. Clean fuels standa	rd; establishment by rule	e ; goals. (a) No la	ater than October
236.25	1, 2021, the commissioner must	publish notice of the inten	it to adopt rules, a	s required under
236.26	section 14.22, that implement a	clean fuels standard and	other provisions	of this section.
236.27	The timing requirement to publi	sh a notice of intent to ado	pt rules or notice	of hearing under
236.28	section 14.125 does not apply to	o rules adopted under this	subdivision.	
236.29	(b) The commissioner must c	consult with the commissio	ners of transporta	tion, agriculture,
236.30	and the Pollution Control Agene	cy when developing the r	ules under this su	bdivision. The
236.31	commissioner may gather input	from stakeholders throug	h various means,	including a task
236.32	force, working groups, and pub	lic workshops. The comm	issioner, collabo	rating with the
236.33	Department of Transportation, 1	may consult with stakehol	ders, including b	ut not limited to
		22.6		

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237.1	fuel providers; consumers; rural, urb	an, and Tribal commu	nities; agricultur	e; environmental
237.2	and environmental justice organizat	ions; technology prov	iders; and other	businesses.
237.3	(c) When developing the rule, th	ne commissioner must	endeavor to ma	ke available to
237.4	Minnesota a fuel-neutral clean fuels	s portfolio that:		
237.5	(1) creates broad rural and urbar	n economic developm	ent;	
237.6	(2) provides benefits for commu	inities, consumers, cle	an fuel provider	s, technology
237.7	providers, and feedstock suppliers;			
237.8	(3) increases energy security fro	m expanded reliance	on domestically	produced fuels;
237.9	(4) supports equitable transporta	tion electrification that	at benefits all con	mmunities and is
237.10	powered primarily with low-carbon	and carbon-free elect	ricity;	
237.11	(5) improves air quality and pub	lic health, targeting co	ommunities that	bear a
237.12	disproportionate health burden from			
237.13	(6) supports state solid waste rec	cycling goals by facili	tating credit gen	eration from
237.14	renewable natural gas produced from			
237.15	(7) aims to support, through crea	dit generation or other	financial means	s voluntary
237.16	farmer-led efforts to adopt agricultu	~~~~		<u> </u>
237.17	while contributing to lower life cycl	<u>.</u>		
227.10				
237.18	(8) maximizes benefits to the en			
237.19 237.20	and incentives to protect natural lan biodiversity; and	ids, and enhances envi	nonmental integ	my, menualing
237.20				
237.21	(9) is the result of extensive outr			
237.22	a disproportionate health burden fro		sportation or from	m the production
237.23	and transportation of transportation	tuels.		
237.24	Subd. 3. Clean fuels standard;	establishment. (a) A o	clean fuels stand	ard is established
237.25	that requires the aggregate carbon in	ntensity of transportation	on fuel supplied	to Minnesota be
237.26	reduced to at least 20 percent below	the 2018 baseline lev	vel by the end of	<u>2035. In</u>
237.27	consultation with the Pollution Contr			
237.28	of Transportation, the commissione	-		annual standards
237.29	that steadily decreases the carbon in	ntensity of transportati	on fuels.	
237.30	(b) When determining the schedu	ale of annual standards	, the commission	her must consider
237.31	the cost of compliance, the technolo	gies available to a pro	vider to achieve	the standard, the

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238.1	need to maintain fuel quality and	l availability, and the pol	icy goals under s	subdivision 2,
238.2	paragraph (c).			
238.3	(c) Nothing in this chapter pr	ecludes the department f	rom adopting ru	les that allow the
238.4	generation of credits associated v	with electric or alternativ	e transportation	fuels or
238.5	infrastructure that existed prior to	the effective date of this	section or the star	t date of program
238.6	requirements.			
238.7	Subd. 4. Clean fuels standar	d; baseline calculation	. The department	t must calculate
238.8	the baseline carbon intensity of t	he relevant petroleum-or	nly portion of tra	nsportation fuels
238.9	for the 2018 calendar year after n	eviewing and considering	ng the best availa	ble applicable
238.10	scientific data and calculations.			
238.11	Subd. 5. Clean fuels standar	r d; compliance. A defici	it generator may	comply with this
238.12	section by:			
238.13	(1) producing or importing tr	ansportation fuels whose	e carbon intensity	y is at or below
238.14	the level of the applicable year's	standard; or		
238.15	(2) purchasing sufficient credit	ts to offset any aggregate	e deficits resulting	g from the carbon
238.16	intensity of the deficit generator'	s transportation fuels exe	ceeding the appli	cable year's
238.17	standard.			
238.18	Subd. 6. Clean fuel credits.	The commissioner must	establish by rule	a program for
238.19	tradeable credits and deficits. Th	e commissioner must ad	opt rules to fairly	y and reasonably
238.20	operate a credit market that may	include:		
238.21	(1) a market mechanism that	allows credits to be trade	ed or banked for	future use;
238.22	(2) transaction fees associated	d with the credit market;	and	
238.23	(3) procedures to verify the v	alidity of credits and def	ficits generated b	y a fuel provider
238.24	under this section.			
238.25	Subd. 7. Fuel pathway and c	carbon intensity determ	lination. The con	mmissioner must
238.26	establish a process to determine	the carbon intensity of tr	ansportation fue	ls, including but
238.27	not limited to the review by the co	mmissioner of a fuel patl	nway submitted b	y a fuel provider.
238.28	Fuel pathways must be calculate	d using the most recent	version of the Ar	gonne National
238.29	Laboratory's GREET model adaption of the second sec	oted to Minnesota, as de	termined by the a	commissioner.
238.30	The fuel pathway determination	process must (1) be cons	sistent for all fue	l types, (2) be
238.31	science- and engineering-based,	and (3) reflect difference	es in vehicle fuel	efficiency and
238.32	drive trains. The commissioner m	ust consult with the Depa	rtment of Agricul	lture, Department
238.33	of Transportation, and Pollution	Control Agency to deter	mine fuel pathwa	ays, and may

- 239.6 for credit and deficit generators to submit required compliance reporting.
- 239.7 Subd. 9. Enforcement. The commissioner of commerce may enforce this section under
 239.8 section 45.027.
- 239.9 Subd. 10. Report to legislature. No later than 48 months after the effective date of a

239.10 rule implementing a clean fuels standard, the commissioner must submit a report detailing

- 239.11 program implementation to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and
- 239.12 house committees with jurisdiction over transportation and climate change. The commissioner
- 239.13 must make summary information on the program available to the public.

239.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

239.15 Sec. 4. <u>INTEGRATING GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTIONS INTO STATE</u> 239.16 ACTIVITIES; PLAN.

239.17 By February 15, 2022, the Climate Change Subcabinet established in Executive Order

239.18 <u>19-37 must provide to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of</u>

239.19 representatives committees with jurisdiction over climate and energy a preliminary report

- 239.20 on a Climate Transition Plan for incorporating the statewide greenhouse gas emission
- 239.21 reduction targets under Minnesota Statutes, section 216H.02, subdivision 1, into all aspects
- 239.22 of state agency activities, including but not limited to planning, awarding grants, purchasing,
- 239.23 regulating, funding, and permitting. The preliminary report must identify statutory changes
- 239.24 required for this purpose. The Pollution Control Agency must collaborate with the
- 239.25 Department of Administration to estimate greenhouse gas emissions from governmental
- 239.26 activities. The final Climate Transition Plan is due August 1, 2022, and must identify any
- 239.27 additional resources required to implement the plan's recommendations.

239.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

239.29 Sec. 5. SMALL-AREA CLIMATE MODEL PROJECTIONS FOR MINNESOTA.

239.30 (a) The Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota is requested to conduct a study

239.31 that generates climate model projections for the entire state of Minnesota at a level of detail

239.32 as small as three square miles in area. At a minimum, the study must:

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240.1	(1) use resources at the Minnesota Supercomputing Institute to analyze high-performing
240.2	climate models under varying greenhouse gas emissions scenarios and develop a series of
240.3	projections of temperature, precipitation, snow cover, and a variety of other climate
240.4	parameters through the year 2100;
240.5	(2) downscale the climate impact results under clause (1) to areas as small as three square
240.6	<u>miles;</u>
240.7	(3) develop a publicly accessible data portal website to:
240.8	(i) allow other universities, nonprofit organizations, businesses, and government agencies
240.9	to use the model projections; and
240.10	(ii) educate and train users to use the data most effectively; and
240.11	(4) incorporate information on how to use the model results in the University of
240.12	Minnesota Extension's climate education efforts, in partnership with the Minnesota Climate
240.13	Adaptation Partnership.
240.14	(b) In conjunction with the study, the university must conduct at least two "train the
240.15	trainer" workshops for state agencies, municipalities, and other stakeholders to educate
240.16	attendees regarding how to use and interpret the model data as a basis for climate adaptation
240.17	and resilience efforts.
240.18	(c) Beginning July 1, 2022, and continuing each July 1 through 2024, the University of
240.19	Minnesota must provide a written report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
240.20	senate and house of representatives committees with primary jurisdiction over agriculture,
240.21	energy, and environment. The report must document the progress made on the study and
240.22	study results and must note any obstacles encountered that could prevent successful
240.23	completion of the study.
240.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
240.25	Sec. 6. APPROPRIATIONS.
240.26	Subdivision 1. Buy clean, buy fair. \$176,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$40,000 in fiscal
240.27	year 2023 are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of administration for
240.28	costs to establish (1) maximum global warming potential standards for certain construction
240.29	materials, and (2) the pilot program for vendors under Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.312.
240.30	The base in fiscal year 2024 is \$40,000 and the base in fiscal year 2025 is \$90,000. The

240.31 base in fiscal year 2026 is \$0.

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241.1	Subd. 2. Clean fuels report. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779,
241.2	subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$100,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from the renewable
241.3	development account established in Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1,
241.4	to the commissioner of commerce to pay for costs incurred to create the report under
241.5	Minnesota Statutes, section 239.7912, subdivision 10. The money from this appropriation
241.6	does not cancel but remains available until expended. This is a onetime appropriation.
241.7	Subd. 3. Small-area climate-model projections. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
241.8	section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$583,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated
241.9	from the renewable development account established under Minnesota Statutes, section
241.10	116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce for a grant to the Board of
241.11	Regents of the University of Minnesota to conduct the study requested under section 5 that
241.12	generates climate model projections for the entire state of Minnesota, at a level of detail as
241.13	small as three square miles in area. This is a onetime appropriation.
241.14	Subd. 4. Climate Transition Plan. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
241.15	116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j):
241.16	(1) \$500,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from the renewable development account
241.17	established in Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of
241.18	the Pollution Control Agency to contract with an independent consultant to produce a plan,
241.19	as directed by the Climate Change Subcabinet, to incorporate the state's greenhouse gas
241.20	emissions reduction targets into all activities of state agencies;
241.21	(2) \$118,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from the renewable development account
241.22	established in Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of
241.23	administration to develop greenhouse gas emissions reduction targets that apply to all state
241.24	agency activities; and
241.25	(3) \$128,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from the renewable development account
241.26	established in Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of
241.27	the Pollution Control Agency for costs associated with managing the contract under clause
241.28	(1), and to assist the Department of Administration to develop greenhouse gas emissions
241.29	reduction targets that apply to all state agency activities.

241.30 (b) All the appropriations in this subdivision are onetime appropriations.

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242.1		ARTICLE 10		
242.2	ELECTRIC VEHICLES			
242.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2	020, section 16C.135, su	bdivision 3, is a	amended to read:
242.4	Subd. 3. Vehicle purchases. (a) Consistent with sectio	n 16C.137, sub	division 1, when
242.5	purchasing a motor vehicle for the	e central motor pool or f	or use by an age	ency, the
242.6	commissioner or the agency shall	purchase a motor vehicle	that is capable (of being powered
242.7	by cleaner fuels, or a motor vehicle	e powered by electricity (ə r by a combina	tion of electricity
242.8	and liquid fuel, if the total life-cyc	ele cost of ownership is l	ess than or com	parable to that of
242.9	other vehicles and if the vehicle is a	capable the motor vehicle	in conformity v	with the following
242.10	hierarchy of preferences:			
242.11	(1) an electric vehicle;			
242.12	(2) a hybrid electric vehicle;			
242.13	(3) a vehicle capable of being	powered by cleaner fuel	s; and	
242.14	(4) a vehicle powered by gaso	line or diesel fuel.		
242.15	(b) The commissioner may on	ly reject a vehicle type th	hat is higher on	the hierarchy of
242.16	preferences if:			
242.17	(1) the vehicle type is incapab	<u>le</u> of carrying out the pu	rpose for which	it is purchased . ;
242.18	or			
242.19	(2) the total life-cycle cost of (2)	ownership of a preferred	vehicle type is	more than ten
242.20	percent higher than the next lower	r preference vehicle type	<u>.</u>	
242.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ction is effective the day	following final	enactment.
242.22	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020	, section 16C.137, subdi	vision 1, is ame	ended to read:
242.23	Subdivision 1. Goals and act	ions. Each state departm	ent must, when	ever legally,
242.24	technically, and economically fea	sible, subject to the spec	ific needs of the	e department and
242.25	responsible management of agence	ey finances:		
242.26	(1) ensure that all new on-road	l vehicles purchased , exe	cluding emerger	ncy and law
242.27	enforcement vehicles:, are purcha	sed in conformity with t	he hierarchy of	preferences
242.28	established in section 16C.135, su	ubdivision 3;		
242.29	(i) use "cleaner fuels" as that t	erm is defined in section	- 16C.135, subd	ivision 1;

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- 243.1 (ii) have fuel efficiency ratings that exceed 30 miles per gallon for city usage or 35 miles
- 243.2 per gallon for highway usage, including but not limited to hybrid electric cars and
- 243.3 hydrogen-powered vehicles; or

243.4 (iii) are powered solely by electricity;

(2) increase its use of renewable transportation fuels, including ethanol, biodiesel, andhydrogen from agricultural products; and

(3) increase its use of web-based Internet applications and other electronic information
technologies to enhance the access to and delivery of government information and services
to the public, and reduce the reliance on the department's fleet for the delivery of such
information and services.

243.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

243.12 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 168.27, is amended by adding a subdivision to 243.13 read:

243.14 Subd. 2a. Dealer training; electric vehicles. (a) A new motor vehicle dealer licensed

243.15 <u>under this chapter that operates under an agreement or franchise from a manufacturer and</u>

243.16 sells electric vehicles must maintain at least one employee who is certified as having

- 243.17 completed a training course offered by a Minnesota motor vehicle dealership association
- 243.18 that addresses at least the following elements:
- 243.19 (1) fundamentals of electric vehicles;
- 243.20 (2) electric vehicle charging options and costs;
- 243.21 (3) publicly available electric vehicle incentives;
- 243.22 (4) projected maintenance and fueling costs for electric vehicles;

243.23 (5) reduced tailpipe emissions, including greenhouse gas emissions, produced by electric

- 243.24 <u>vehicles;</u>
- 243.25 (6) the impacts of Minnesota's cold climate on electric vehicle operation; and
- 243.26 (7) best practices to sell electric vehicles.
- 243.27 (b) This subdivision does not apply to a licensed dealer selling new electric vehicles of
- 243.28 a manufacturer's own brand, but who is not operating under a franchise agreement with the
- 243.29 manufacturer.
- 243.30 (c) For the purposes of this section, "electric vehicle" has the meaning given in section
- 243.31 <u>169.011</u>, subdivision 26a, paragraphs (a) and (b), clause (3).

Article 10 Sec. 3.

244.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2022.
244.2	Sec. 4. [216B.1615] ELECTRIC VEHICLE DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM.
244.3	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
244.4	the meanings given.
244.5	(b) "Battery exchange station" means a physical location deploying equipment that
244.6	enables a used electric vehicle battery to be removed and exchanged for a fresh electric
244.7	vehicle battery.
244.8	(c) "Electric vehicle" has the meaning given in section 169.011, subdivision 26a.
244.9	(d) "Electric vehicle charging station" means a physical location deploying equipment
244.10	that:
244.11	(1) transfers electricity to an electric vehicle battery; or
244.12	(2) dispenses hydrogen, produced by electrolysis, into an electric vehicle that uses a fuel
244.13	cell to convert the hydrogen to electricity.
244.14	(e) "Electric vehicle infrastructure" means electric vehicle charging stations and battery
244.15	exchange stations, and any associated machinery, equipment, and infrastructure necessary
244.16	to support the operation of electric vehicles and to make electricity from a public utility's
244.17	electric distribution system available to electric vehicle charging stations or battery exchange
244.18	stations.
244.19	(f) "Electrolysis" means the process of using electricity to split water into hydrogen and
244.20	oxygen.
244.21	(g) "Fuel cell" means a cell that converts the chemical energy of hydrogen directly into
244.22	electricity through electrochemical reactions.
244.23	(h) "Public utility" has the meaning given in section 216B.02, subdivision 4.
244.24	Subd. 2. Transportation electrification plan; contents. (a) By June 1, 2022, and by
244.25	June 1 every three years thereafter, a public utility serving retail electric customers in a city
244.26	of the first class, as defined in section 410.01, must file a transportation electrification plan
244.27	with the commission that is designed to maximize the overall benefits of electrified
244.28	transportation while minimizing overall costs and to promote:
244.29	(1) the purchase of electric vehicles by the public utility's customers; and
244.30	(2) the deployment of electric vehicle infrastructure in the public utility's service territory.

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245.1	(b) A transportation electric	fication plan may include b	ut is not limited	to the following
245.2	elements:			
245.3	(1) programs to educate and	l increase the awareness and	d benefits of elec	etric vehicles and
245.4	electric vehicle charging equip	ment to potential users and	deployers, inclu	ding individuals,
245.5	electric vehicle dealers, single-	family and multifamily ho	using developers	s and property
245.6	management companies, and v	whicle fleet managers;		
245.7	(2) utility investments and	incentives to facilitate the c	leployment of el	ectric vehicles,
245.8	customer- or utility-owned elec	etric vehicle charging station	ns, electric vehic	le infrastructure,
245.9	and other electric utility infras	tructure;		
245.10	(3) research and demonstra	tion projects to publicize a	nd measure the v	value electric
245.11	vehicles provide to the electric	grid;		
245.12	(4) rate structures or progra	ums, including time-varving	g rates and charg	ing optimization
245.13	programs, that encourage elect			
245.14	and			
245.15	(5) programs to increase ac	cess to the benefits of elect	tricity as a transr	portation fuel by
245.16	low-income customers and cor			
245.17	infrastructure in neighborhood	~		
245.18	households, the deployment of	electric vehicle infrastructu	re in community	v-based locations
245.19	or multifamily residences, car	share programs, and electrif	fication of public	transit vehicles.
245.20	(c) A public utility must give	ve priority under this sectio	on to making inv	estments in
245.21	communities whose governing	body has enacted a resolut	tion or goal supp	orting electric
245.22	vehicle adoption.			
245.23	(d) A public utility must we	ork with local communities	to identify suita	ble high-density
245.24	locations, consistent with a con			
245.25	infrastructure may be strategic	ally deployed.		
245.26	Subd. 3. Transportation e	lectrification plan; review	and implemen	tation. The
245.27	commission must review a tran	• *	•	
245.28	180 days of receiving the plan	. The commission may app	rove, modify, or	reject a
245.29	transportation electrification p	lan. When reviewing a pub	lic utility's trans	portation
245.30	electrification plan, the commi	ssion must consider whethe	r the programs a	nd expenditures:
245.31	(1) improve electric grid op	peration and the integration	of renewable er	ergy sources;
245.32	(2) increase access to the b	enefits of electricity as a tra	ansportation fuel	in low-income
245.33	and rural communities;			

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246.1	(3) reduce statewide greenhous	se gas emissions, as de	fined in section 2	216H.01, and
246.2	emissions of other air pollutants th	nat impair the environn	nent and public h	nealth;
246.3	(4) stimulate private capital inv	estment and the creation	on of skilled jobs	as a consequence
246.4	of widespread electric vehicle dep	loyment;		
246.5	(5) educate potential customers	s about the benefits of	electric vehicles;	2
246.6	(6) support increased consumer	choice with respect to	electrical vehicle	charging options
246.7	and related infrastructure; and			
246.8	(7) are transparent and incorpo	rate sufficient and freq	uent public repo	rting of program
246.9	activities to facilitate changes in pr	rogram design and con	nmission policy	with respect to
246.10	electric vehicles.			
246.11	Subd. 4. Cost recovery. (a) No.	otwithstanding any othe	er provision of th	nis chapter, the
246.12	commission may approve, with res	spect to any prudent an	d reasonable inv	estment made by
246.13	a public utility to administer and in	mplement a transportat	tion electrification	n plan approved
246.14	under subdivision 3:			
246.15	(1) a rider or other tariff mecha	nism for the automatic	e annual adjustm	ent of charges;
246.16	(2) performance-based incentiv	ves; or		
246.17	(3) placing the investment, inclu	uding rebates, in the pul	blic utility's rate l	base and allowing
246.18	the public utility to earn a rate of r	eturn on the investmen	t at (i) the public	e utility's average
246.19	weighted cost of capital, including	the rate of return on eq	uity, approved by	y the commission
246.20	in the public utility's most recent g	general rate case, or (ii)	another rate det	ermined by the
246.21	commission.			
246.22	(b) Notwithstanding section 21	6B.16, subdivision 8, j	paragraph (a), cl	ause (3), the
246.23	commission must approve recover	y costs for expenses re	easonably incurre	ed by a public
246.24	utility to provide public advertiseme	ent as part of a transport	tation electrification	ion plan approved
246.25	by the commission under subdivis	<u>ion 3.</u>		
246.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sec	ction is effective the da	y following fina	l enactment.
246.27	Sec. 5. [216B.1616] ELECTRIC	C SCHOOL BUS DE	PLOYMENT P	ROGRAM.
246.28	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a)	For the purposes of this	s section, the follo	owing terms have
246.29	the meanings given them.			
246.30	(b) "Battery exchange station"	means a physical locat	tion where equip	ment is deployed
246.31	that enables a used electric vehicle	e battery to be exchang	ed for a fully cha	arged battery.

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247.1	(c) "Electric school bus" mean	ns an electric vehicle tha	t is a school bus	<u>s.</u>
247.2	(d) "Electric vehicle" has the	meaning given in section	n 169.011, subd	ivision 26a.
247.3	(e) "Electric vehicle charging	station" means a physica	al location depl	oying equipment
247.4	that delivers electricity to a batter	ry in an electric vehicle.		
247.5	(f) "Electric vehicle infrastruc	cture" means electric vehi	icle charging st	ations and battery
247.6	exchange stations, and any other	infrastructure necessary	to make electric	city from a public
247.7	utility's electric distribution system	m available to electric ve	hicle charging	stations or battery
247.8	exchange stations.			
247.9	(g) "Poor air quality" means:			
247.10	(1) ambient air levels that air r	nonitoring data reveals ap	oproach or exce	ed state or federal
247.11	air quality standards or chronic h	ealth inhalation risk bend	chmarks for any	y of the following
247.12	pollutants:			
247.13	(i) total suspended particulate	<u>-s;</u>		
247.14	(ii) particulate matter less that	n ten microns wide (PM-	<u>·10);</u>	
247.15	(iii) particulate matter less that	an 2.5 microns wide (PM	-2.5);	
247.16	(iv) sulfur dioxide; or			
247.17	(v) nitrogen dioxide; or			
247.18	(2) levels of asthma among ch	nildren that significantly	exceed the state	ewide average.
247.19	(h) "School bus" has the mean	ning given in section 169	0.011, subdivisio	on 71.
247.20	Subd. 2. Program. (a) A publ	lic utility may file with th	he commission	a program to
247.21	promote deployment of electric s	chool buses.		
247.22	(b) The program may include	but is not limited to the	following elem	ents:
247.23	(1) a school district may purch	hase one or more electric	e school buses;	
247.24	(2) the public utility may prov	vide a rebate to the schoo	l district for the	e incremental cost
247.25	the school district incurs to purch	nase one or more electric	school buses co	ompared with
247.26	fossil-fuel-powered school buses	;		
247.27	(3) at the request of a school d	istrict, the public utility m	nay deploy on th	ne school district's
247.28	real property electric vehicle infr	astructure required for ch	narging electric	school buses;

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248.1	(4) for any electric school b	us purchased by a school o	listrict with a re	ebate provided by
248.2	the public utility, the school dis	strict must enter into a cont	tract with the pu	ublic utility under
248.3	which the school district:			
248.4	(i) accepts any and all liabil	ity for operation of the ele	ctric school bus	<u>;;</u>
248.5	(ii) accepts responsibility to	maintain and repair the el	ectric school bu	is; and
248.6	(iii) must allow the public u	tility the option to own the	e electric school	l bus's battery at
248.7	the time the battery is retired fr	om the electric school bus	; and	
248.8	(5) in collaboration with a s	chool district, prioritize the	e deployment o	f electric school
248.9	buses in areas of the school dis	trict that suffer from poor a	air quality.	
248.10	Subd. 3. Program review and implementation. The commission must approve, modify,			
248.11	or reject a proposal for a progra	am filed under this section	within 180 day	s of the date the
248.12	proposal is received, based on t	he proposal's likelihood to	, through prude	nt and reasonable
248.13	utility investments:			
248.14	(1) accelerate deployment of	f electric school buses in th	e public utility's	s service territory,
248.15	particularly in areas with poor a	air quality; and		
248.16	(2) reduce emissions of gree	enhouse gases and particul	ates compared t	to those produced
248.17	by fossil-fuel-powered school b	ouses.		
248.18	Subd. 4. Cost recovery. (a)	The commission may allo	w any prudent	and reasonable
248.19	investment made by a public ut	tility on electric vehicle inf	frastructure inst	alled on a school
248.20	district's real property, or a reba	ate provided under subdivi	sion 2, to be pla	aced in the public
248.21	utility's rate base and earn a rate of return as determined by the commission.			
248.22	(b) Notwithstanding any oth	ner provision of this chapte	er, the commissi	ion may approve
248.23	a tariff mechanism for the automatic annual adjustment of charges for prudent and reasonable			
248.24	investments made by a public utility to implement and administer a program approved by			
248.25	the commission under subdivis	<u>ion 3.</u>		
248.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	section is effective the day	y following fina	l enactment.
249.07	Sec. 6 1216C 4011 ELECTR	IC VEHICI E DEDATE	c	
248.27	Sec. 6. [216C.401] ELECTR	AIC VEHICLE REBAIE	<u>5.</u>	
248.28	Subdivision 1. Definitions.	(a) For purposes of this se	ection and section	on 216C.402, the
248.29	terms in this subdivision have t	he meanings given.		
248.30	(b) "Dealer" means a persor	n, firm, or corporation that	possesses a nev	w motor vehicle
248.31	license under chapter 168 and:			

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249.1	(1) regularly engages in the business of manufacturing or selling, purchasing, and			
249.2	generally dealing in new and unused motor vehicles;			
249.3	(2) has an established place of	f business to sell, trade, ar	nd display new a	and unused motor
249.4	vehicles; and			
249.5	(3) possesses new and unused	d motor vehicles to sell or	trade the moto	or vehicles.
249.6	(c) "Electric vehicle" means a	a passenger vehicle, as de	fined in section	n 169.011,
249.7	subdivision 52, that is also an ele	ectric vehicle, as defined	in section 169.0)11, subdivision
249.8	26a, paragraph (a). Electric vehic	cle does not include a plu	g-in hybrid elec	ctric vehicle, as
249.9	defined in section 169.011, subd	ivision 54a.		
249.10	(d) "Eligible new electric veh	icle" means an electric ve	hicle that meets	the requirements
249.11	of subdivision 2, paragraph (a).			
249.12	(e) "Eligible used electric veh	icle" means an electric ve	hicle that meets	the requirements
249.13	of subdivision 2, paragraph (c).			
249.14	(f) "Lease" means a business	transaction under which	a dealer furnish	es an eligible
249.15	electric vehicle to a person for a	fee under a bailor-bailee	relationship wh	ere no incidences
249.16	of ownership transferred, other the	han the right to use the ve	chicle for a term	n of at least 24
249.17	months.			
249.18	(g) "Lessee" means a person	who leases an eligible ele	ectric vehicle fro	om a dealer.
249.19	(h) "New eligible electric veh	nicle" means an eligible e	lectric vehicle t	hat has not been
249.20	registered in any state.			
249.21	Subd. 2. Eligible vehicle. (a)	A new electric vehicle is	eligible for a r	ebate under this
249.22	section if the vehicle meets all of	f the following conditions	s, and, if applica	able, one of the
249.23	conditions of paragraph (b):			
249.24	(1) has not been previously or	wned or has been returned	l to a dealer bef	fore the purchaser
249.25	or lessee takes delivery, even if t	he electric vehicle is regi	stered in Minne	esota;
249.26	(2) has not been modified fro	m the original manufactu	rer's specificati	ons;
249.27	(3) has a base manufacturer's	suggested retail price that	it does not exce	ed \$50,000;
249.28	(4) is purchased or leased after	er the effective date of this	s act for use by t	the purchaser and
249.29	not for resale; and			
249.30	(5) is purchased or leased from (5)	m a dealer or directly from	m an original eo	quipment
249.31	manufacturer that does not have	licensed franchised deale	rs in Minnesota	<u>ı.</u>

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250.1	(b) A new electric vehicle is e	eligible for a rebate unde	r this section if,	in addition to
250.2	meeting all of the conditions of p	aragraph (a), it also mee	ts one or more c	of the following
250.3	conditions, if applicable:			
250.4	(1) is used by a dealer as a flow (1)	or model or test drive vel	hicle and has not	t been previously
250.5	registered in Minnesota or any ot	her state; or		
250.6	(2) is returned to a dealer by a	a purchaser or lessee with	hin two weeks o	f purchase or
250.7	leasing or when a purchaser's fina	ancing for the new electr	ric vehicle has b	een disapproved.
250.8	(c) A used electric vehicle is eligible for an electric vehicle rebate under this section if			
250.9	the electric vehicle has previously been owned in this state or another state and has not been			
250.10	modified from the original manufacturer's specifications.			
250.11	Subd. 3. Eligible purchaser or lessee. A person who purchases or leases an eligible			
250.12	new or used electric vehicle is eli	gible for a rebate under	this section if th	e purchaser or
250.13	lessee:			
250.14	(1) is one of the following:			
250.15	(i) a resident of Minnesota, as	defined in section 290.0)1, subdivision 7	7, paragraph (a),
250.16	when the electric vehicle is purch	nased or leased;		
250.17	(ii) a business that has a valid	address in Minnesota fr	om which busin	ess is conducted;
250.18	(iii) a nonprofit corporation ir	ncorporated under chapte	er 317A; or	
250.19	(iv) a political subdivision of	the state;		
250.20	(2) has not received a rebate of	or tax credit for the purch	ase or lease of a	n electric vehicle
250.21	from Minnesota; and			
250.22	(3) registers the electric vehic	le in Minnesota.		
250.23	Subd. 4. Rebate amounts. (a)) A \$2,000 rebate may b	e issued under tl	nis section to an
250.24	eligible purchaser to purchase or	lease an eligible new ele	ectric vehicle.	
250.25	(b) A \$500 rebate may be issu	ed under this section to	an eligible purcl	haser or lessee of
250.26	an eligible used electric vehicle.			
250.27	(c) A purchaser or lessee whose (c)	e household income at th	e time the eligib	le electric vehicle
250.28	is purchased or leased is less than	150 percent of the curr	ent federal pove	rty guidelines
250.29	established by the Department of	Health and Human Serv	vices is eligible f	for a rebate in
250.30	addition to a rebate under paragra	aph (a) or (b), as applical	ble, of \$500 to p	ourchase or lease

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- an eligible new electric vehicle and \$100 to purchase or lease an eligible used electric
- 251.2 vehicle.
- 251.3 Subd. 5. Limits. The number of rebates allowed under this section is limited to:
- 251.4 (1) no more than one rebate per resident per household; and
- 251.5 (2) no more than one rebate per business entity per year.
- 251.6 Subd. 6. Program administration. (a) Rebate applications under this section must be
- 251.7 <u>filed with the commissioner on a form developed by the commissioner.</u>
- 251.8 (b) The commissioner must develop administrative procedures governing the application
- 251.9 and rebate award process. Applications must be reviewed and rebates awarded by the
- 251.10 <u>commissioner on a first-come, first-served basis.</u>
- 251.11 (c) The commissioner must, in coordination with dealers and other state agencies as

251.12 applicable, develop a procedure to allow a rebate to be used by an eligible purchaser or

251.13 lessee at the point of sale so that the rebate amount may be subtracted from the selling price

- 251.14 of the eligible electric vehicle.
- 251.15 (d) The commissioner may reduce the rebate amounts provided under subdivision 4 or 251.16 restrict program eligibility based on fund availability or other factors.
- 251.17 Subd. 7. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2025.
- 251.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

251.19 Sec. 7. [216C.402] GRANT PROGRAM; MANUFACTURERS' CERTIFICATION 251.20 OF AUTO DEALERS TO SELL ELECTRIC VEHICLES.

251.21 Subdivision 1. Establishment. A grant program is established in the Department of

251.22 Commerce to award grants to dealers to offset the costs of obtaining the necessary training

and equipment that is required by electric vehicle manufacturers in order to certify a dealer
to sell electric vehicles produced by the manufacturer.

- 251.25 <u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Application.</u> <u>An application for a grant under this section must be made to the</u> 251.26 <u>commissioner on a form developed by the commissioner.</u> The commissioner must develop 251.27 administrative procedures and processes to review applications and award grants under this
- 251.28 <u>section.</u>
- 251.29 Subd. 3. Eligible applicants. An applicant for a grant awarded under this section must
- 251.30 be a dealer of new motor vehicles licensed under chapter 168 operating under a franchise
- 251.31 from a manufacturer of electric vehicles.

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252.1	Subd. 4. Eligible expenditures. Appropriations made to support the activities of this			
252.2	section must be used only to reir	nburse:		
252.3	(1) a dealer for the reasonable	e costs to obtain training	and certification	for the dealer's
252.4	employees from the electric vehi	icle manufacturer that aw	varded the franch	ise to the dealer;
252.5	(2) a dealer for the reasonable	e costs to purchase and in	nstall equipment	to service and
252.6	repair electric vehicles, as required by the electric vehicle manufacturer that awarded the			
252.7	franchise to the dealer; and			
252.8	(3) the department for the reasonable costs to administer this section.			
252.9	Subd. 5. Limitation. A grant	awarded under this sect	ion to a single de	ealer must not
252.10	exceed \$40,000.			
252.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This s	ection is effective the day	y following final	enactment.
252.12	Sec. 8. ELECTRIC VEHICL		<u>ONS; INSTALI</u>	LATIONS IN
252.13	STATE AND REGIONAL PAI	<u>RKS.</u>		
252.14	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a	a) For the purposes of this	section, the follo	owing terms have
252.15	the meanings given.			
252.16	(b) "DC Fast charger" means	electric vehicle charging	station equipme	ent that transfers
252.17	direct current electricity directly	to an electric vehicle's b	attery.	
252.18	(c) "Electric vehicle" has the	meaning given in Minne	esota Statutes, se	ction 169.011,
252.19	subdivision 26a.			
252.20	(d) "Electric vehicle charging	g station" means infrastru	icture that conne	cts an electric
252.21	vehicle to a Level 2 or DC Fast	charger to recharge the el	ectric vehicle's b	patteries.
252.22	(e) "Level 2 charger" means	electric vehicle charging	station equipme	nt that transfers
252.23	208- to 240-volt alternating curre	ent electricity to a device i	in an electric veh	icle that converts
252.24	alternating current to direct curre	ent to recharge an electric	e vehicle battery.	<u>-</u>
252.25	Subd. 2. Program. The com	missioner of natural reso	urces, in consult	ation with the
252.26	commissioners of the Pollution (Control Agency, adminis	tration, and com	merce, must
252.27	develop and fund the installation	of a network of electric	vehicle charging	g stations in
252.28	Minnesota state parks located with	thin the retail electric serv	vice area of a pub	lic utility subject
252.29	to Minnesota Statutes, section 11	16C.779, subdivision 1. 7	The commissione	ers must issue a
252.30	request for proposals to entities t	that have experience insta	alling, owning, c	perating, and
252.31	maintaining electric vehicle char	ging stations. The reques	st for proposal m	ust establish

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253.1 technical specifications that electric vehicle charging stations are required to meet and must

253.2 request responders to address:

- 253.3 (1) the optimal number and location of charging stations installed in a given state park;
- 253.4 (2) alternative arrangements that may be made to allocate responsibility for electric
- 253.5 vehicle charging station (i) ownership, operation, and maintenance, and (ii) billing
- 253.6 procedures; and
- 253.7 (3) any other issues deemed relevant by the commissioners.
- 253.8 Subd. 3. Deployment; regional parks. The commissioner of natural resources may
- 253.9 allocate a portion of the appropriation under this section to install electric vehicle charging
- 253.10 stations in regional parks located within the retail electric service area of a public utility
- 253.11 that is subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1.
- 253.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

253.13 Sec. 9. <u>ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATIONS; INSTALLATIONS AT</u> 253.14 COUNTY GOVERNMENT CENTERS.

- 253.15 <u>Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have</u>
 253.16 <u>the meanings given.</u>
- 253.17 (b) "DC Fast charger" means electric vehicle charging station equipment that transfers
 253.18 direct current electricity directly to an electric vehicle's battery.
- 253.19 (c) "Electric vehicle" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 169.011,
 253.20 subdivision 26a.
- 253.21 (d) "Electric vehicle charging station" means infrastructure that connects an electric
- 253.22 vehicle to a Level 2 or DC Fast charger to recharge the electric vehicle's batteries.

253.23 (e) "Level 2 charger" means electric vehicle charging station equipment that transfers

253.24 208- to 240-volt alternating current electricity to a device in an electric vehicle that converts

- 253.25 <u>alternating current to direct current to recharge an electric vehicle battery.</u>
- 253.26 Subd. 2. Program. The commissioner of commerce must develop and fund the installation
- 253.27 of a network of electric vehicle charging stations in public parking facilities at county
- 253.28 government centers located in Minnesota. The commissioner must issue a request for
- 253.29 proposals to entities that have experience installing, owning, operating, and maintaining
- 253.30 electric vehicle charging stations. The request for proposal must establish technical
- 253.31 specifications that electric vehicle charging stations are required to meet and must request
- 253.32 responders to address:

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254.1	(1) the optimal number and loc	ation of charging station	ons installed at e	each county
254.2	government center;			
254.3	(2) alternative arrangements the	at may be made to allo	cate responsibil	ity for electric
254.4	vehicle charging station (i) owners	ship, operation, and ma	intenance, and ((ii) billing
254.5	procedures;			
254.6	(3) software used to allow pay	ment for electricity cor	nsumed at the ch	arging stations;
254.7	and			
254.8	(4) any other issues deemed re	levant by the commissi	ioner.	
254.9	Subd. 3. County role. (a) A co	unty has a right of first	refusal with res	pect to ownership
254.10	of electric vehicle charging station	s receiving funding und	der this section a	nd installed at the
254.11	county government center.			
254.12	(b) A county may enter into ag	reements to (1) wholly	or partially ow	n, operate, or
254.13	maintain an electric vehicle chargi	ng system receiving fu	unding under this	s section and
254.14	installed at the county government	t center, or (2) receive	reports on the el	ectric vehicle
254.15	charging system operations.			
254.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This see	ction is effective the da	y following fina	l enactment.
254.17	Sec. 10. METROPOLITAN CO	DUNCIL; ELECTRI	C BUS PURCH	ASES.
254.18	Beginning on the effective date	e of this act, any bus pu	urchased by the	Metropolitan
254.19	Council for Metro Transit bus serv	vice must operate solel	y on electricity p	provided by
254.20	rechargeable on-board batteries. T	he appropriation in sec	ction 11, subdivi	sion 8, must be
254.21	used to pay the incremental cost o	f buses that operate sol	lely on electricit	y provided by
254.22	rechargeable on-board batteries ov	ver the cost of diesel-op	perated buses the	at are otherwise
254.23	comparable in size, features, and p	performance.		
254.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This see	tion is effective the da	y following fina	l enactment and
254.25	expires the day after the appropria	tion under section 11, s	subdivision 8, ha	is been spent or is
254.26	canceled.			
254.27	Sec. 11. APPROPRIATIONS.			
254.28	Subdivision 1. Electric vehicle	rebates; Xcel service	area. Notwithst	anding Minnesota
254.29	Statutes, section 116C.779, subdiv	ision 1, paragraph (j), \$	69,000,000 in fis	cal year 2022 and
254.30	\$8,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 are	appropriated from the	renewable deve	lopment account
254.31	under Minnesota Statutes, section 1	16C.779, subdivision 1	, to the commissi	oner of commerce

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- to award rebates to purchase or lease eligible electric vehicles under Minnesota Statutes, 255.1 section 216C.401. Rebates must be awarded under this paragraph only to eligible purchasers 255.2 255.3 located within the retail electric service area of the public utility that is subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779. These are onetime appropriations. 255.4 255.5 Subd. 2. Electric vehicle rebates; non-Xcel service area. \$2,500,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of commerce to award 255.6 rebates to purchase or lease eligible electric vehicles under Minnesota Statutes, section 255.7 216C.401. Rebates must be awarded under this paragraph only to eligible purchasers located 255.8 255.9 outside the retail electric service area of the public utility that is subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779. The commissioner of commerce may use up to three percent of the 255.10 appropriation made in this subdivision to pay for reasonable costs incurred to administer 255.11 255.12 the rebate program. This is a onetime appropriation. Subd. 3. Auto dealer grants; Xcel service area. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 255.13 section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated 255.14 from the renewable development account under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, 255.15 subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce to award grants under Minnesota Statutes, 255.16 section 216C.402, to automobile dealers seeking certification from an electric vehicle 255.17 manufacturer to sell electric vehicles. Rebates must be awarded under this paragraph only 255.18 to eligible dealers located within the retail electric service area of the public utility that is 255.19 subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779. The commissioner of commerce may use 255.20 up to three percent of the appropriation made in this subdivision to pay for reasonable costs 255.21 incurred to administer the rebate program. This is a onetime appropriation. 255.22 Subd. 4. Auto dealer grants; non-Xcel service area. \$500,000 in fiscal year 2022 is 255.23 appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of commerce to award grants under 255.24 Minnesota Statutes, section 216C.402, to automobile dealers seeking certification to sell 255.25 electric vehicles. Rebates must be awarded under this paragraph only to eligible dealers 255.26 located outside the retail electric service area of the public utility that is subject to Minnesota 255.27 Statutes, section 116C.779. This is a onetime appropriation. 255.28 Subd. 5. Transportation electrification plan. \$28,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$28,000 255.29 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from the general fund to the Public Utilities Commission 255.30 for activities associated with the implementation of transportation electrification plans under 255.31 Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.1615. 255.32
- 255.33 Subd. 6. Electric school buses. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
 255.34 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from

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256.1	the renewable development account established under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779,
256.2	subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce to purchase electric school buses under
256.3	Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.1616. This is a onetime appropriation.
256.4	(b) \$30,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$30,000 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from
256.5	the general fund to the commissioner of commerce for activities associated with the electric
256.6	school bus deployment program under Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.161. These are
256.7	onetime appropriations.
256.8	(c) \$28,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$28,000 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from
256.9	the general fund to the Public Utilities Commission for activities associated with the electric
256.10	school bus deployment program under Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.161. These are
256.11	onetime appropriations.
256.12	Subd. 7. Charging stations; parks. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
256.13	116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$59,000 in fiscal
256.14	year 2023 are appropriated from the renewable development account established in Minnesota
256.15	Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce for transfer to
256.16	the commissioner of natural resources to install electric vehicle charging stations in state
256.17	and regional parks located in a county some portion of which is within the retail electric
256.18	service area of the public utility subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision
256.19	1, as described in section 8.
256.20	Subd. 8. Charging stations; counties. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
256.21	116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from
256.22	the renewable development account established in Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779,
256.23	subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce to install electric vehicle charging stations
256.24	in parking facilities at county government centers located in a county some portion of which
256.25	is within the retail electric service area of the public utility subject to Minnesota Statutes,
256.26	section 116C.779, subdivision 1, as described in section 9. The commissioner of commerce
256.27	may use up to three percent of the appropriation made in this subdivision to pay for
256.28	reasonable costs incurred to administer the charging station installation program. This is a
256.29	onetime appropriation.
256.30	Subd. 9. Electric buses; Metropolitan Council. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
256.31	section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated
256.32	from the renewable development account under Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779,

256.33 subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce for transfer to the Metropolitan Council

256.34 to defray the cost of purchasing electric buses, as described in section 10. This appropriation

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257.1	does not cancel and is available	until there is insufficient	money remaining	g to completely
257.2	defray the cost of purchasing on	e additional electric bus,	as described in se	ection 10. Any
257.3	remaining money cancels back to	o the renewable develop	ment account und	er Minnesota
257.4	Statutes, section 116C.779, subd	ivision 1. This is a oneti	me appropriation.	
257.5		ARTICLE 11		
257.6		SOLAR ENERGY		
257.7	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2	020, section 216B.164, is	amended by addi	ng a subdivision
257.8	to read:			
257.9	Subd. 12. Customer's access	s to electricity usage day	ta. A utility shall	provide a
257.10	customer's electricity usage data			
257.11	the customer that is accompanied			
257.12	interconnection of a qualifying f			
257.13	subdivision, "electricity usage da	-		
257.14	electricity used by a customer mo			
257.15	a tariff where costs vary by time-	of-use, and usage data that	at is used to calcul	ate a customer's
257.16	demand charge.			
257.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This s	ection is effective the day	y following final	enactment.
257.18	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 202	0, section 216B.1641, is	amended to read	:
257.19	216B.1641 COMMUNITY	SOLAR GARDEN.		
257.20	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a	a) For the purposes of this	section, the follo	wing terms have
257.21	the meanings given.			
257.22	(b) "Subscribed energy" mean	ns electricity generated by	y the community s	solar garden that
257.23	is attributable to a subscriber's su		<u>, </u>	
257.24	(c) "Subscriber" means a reta		na or mora subser	intions of a
257.24	community solar garden intercor			
			<u>_</u>	
257.26	(d) "Subscription" means a co	ntract between a subscrib	er and the owner of	of a solar garden.
257.27	Subd. 2. Solar garden; proj	<mark>ect requirements.</mark> (a) Th	ne public utility su	ubject to section
257.28	116C.779 shall file by Septembe	er 30, 2013, a plan with the	ne commission to	operate a
257.29	community solar garden program	n which shall begin oper	ations within 90 c	lays after
257.30	commission approval of the plan	a. Other public utilities m	ay file an applica	tion at their
257.31	election. The community solar g	arden program must be c	lesigned to offset	the energy use

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of not less than five subscribers in each community solar garden facility of which no single subscriber has more than a 40 percent interest. The owner of the community solar garden may be a public utility or any other entity or organization that contracts to sell the output from the community solar garden to the utility under section 216B.164. There shall be no limitation on the number or cumulative generating capacity of community solar garden facilities other than the limitations imposed under section 216B.164, subdivision 4c, or other limitations provided in law or regulations.

258.8 (b) A solar garden is a facility that generates electricity by means of a ground-mounted or roof-mounted solar photovoltaic device whereby subscribers receive a bill credit for the 258.9 electricity generated in proportion to the size of their subscription. The solar garden must 258.10 have a nameplate capacity of no more than one megawatt three megawatts. Each subscription 258.11 shall be sized to represent at least 200 watts of the community solar garden's generating 258.12 capacity and to supply, when combined with other distributed generation resources serving 258.13 the premises, no more than 120 percent of the average annual consumption of electricity 258.14 by each subscriber at the premises to which the subscription is attributed. 258.15

(c) The solar generation facility must be located in the service territory of the public
utility filing the plan. Subscribers must be retail customers of the public utility <u>and</u>, <u>unless</u>
the facility has a minimum setback of 100 feet from the nearest residential property, must
<u>be</u> located in the same county or a county contiguous to where the facility is located.

(d) The public utility must purchase from the community solar garden all energy generated 258.20 by the solar garden. Unless specified elsewhere in this section, the purchase shall be at the 258.21 most recent three-year average of the rate calculated under section 216B.164, subdivision 258.22 10, or, until that rate for the public utility has been approved by the commission, the 258.23 applicable retail rate. A public utility may only purchase energy generated by the solar 258.24 garden at the rate calculated under section 216B.164, subdivision 10, if the owner of the 258.25 community solar garden has certified to the utility that no child labor or slave labor was 258.26 used to extract the materials that compose the community garden's solar panels. A solar 258.27 garden is eligible for any incentive programs offered under section 116C.7792. A subscriber's 258.28 portion of the purchase shall be provided by a credit on the subscriber's bill. 258.29

258.30 <u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Solar garden plan; requirements; nonutility status.</u> (e) (a) The commission
258.31 may approve, disapprove, or modify a community solar garden <u>program plan</u>. Any plan
258.32 approved by the commission must:

(1) reasonably allow for the creation, financing, and accessibility of community solargardens;

(2) establish uniform standards, fees, and processes for the interconnection of community 259.1 solar garden facilities that allow the utility to recover reasonable interconnection costs for 259.2

259.3 each community solar garden;

- (3) not apply different requirements to utility and nonutility community solar garden 259.4 facilities; 259.5
- (4) be consistent with the public interest; 259.6
- 259.7 (5) identify the information that must be provided to potential subscribers to ensure fair
- disclosure of future costs and benefits of subscriptions; 259.8
- (6) include a program implementation schedule; 259.9
- (7) identify all proposed rules, fees, and charges; and 259.10
- 259.11 (8) identify the means by which the program will be promoted.;
- (9) require that residential subscribers have a right to cancel a community solar garden 259.12
- subscription within three business days, as provided under section 325G.07; 259.13
- (10) require that the following information is provided by the solar garden owner in 259.14
- writing to any prospective subscriber asked to make a prepayment to the solar garden owner 259.15
- prior to the delivery of subscribed energy by the solar garden: 259.16
- (i) an estimate of the annual generation of subscribed energy, based on the methodology 259.17 approved by the commission; and 259.18
- (ii) an estimate of the length of time required to fully recover a subscriber's prepayments 259.19
- made to the owner of the solar garden prior to the delivery of subscribed energy, calculated 259.20
- using the formula developed by the commission under paragraph (d); and 259.21
- (11) require new residential subscription agreements that require a prepayment to allow 259.22
- the subscriber to transfer the subscription to other new or current subscribers, or to cancel 259.23 the subscription, on commercially reasonable terms; and 259.24
- (12) require an owner of a solar garden to submit a report that meets the requirements 259.25
- of section 216C.51, subdivisions 3 and 4, each year the solar garden is in operation. 259.26
- (f) (b) Notwithstanding any other law, neither the manager of nor the subscribers to a 259.27 community solar garden facility shall be considered a utility solely as a result of their 259.28 participation in the community solar garden facility. 259.29
- (g) (c) Within 180 days of commission approval of a plan under this section, a utility 259.30 shall begin crediting subscriber accounts for each community solar garden facility in its 259.31

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260.1	service territory, and shall file w	ith the commissioner of c	ommerce a dese	cription of its
260.2	crediting system.			
260.3	(h) For the purposes of this s	ection, the following term	ns have the mea	nings given:
260.4	(1) "subscriber" means a retai	l customer of a utility who) owns one or m	ore subscriptions
260.5	of a community solar garden fac	ility interconnected with	that utility; and	
260.6	(2) "subscription" means a con	ntract between a subscribe	r and the owner	of a solar garden.
260.7	Subd. 4. Community access	project; eligibility. (a) A	an owner of a co	ommunity solar
260.8	garden may apply to the utility to	be designated as a comm	nunity access pr	oject at any time:
260.9	(1) before the owner makes a	n initial payment under a	n interconnectio	on agreement
260.10	entered into with a public utility	or		
260.11	(2) if the owner made an initiation of the owner made and initiatin owner made and initiation of th	al payment under an inter	rconnection agr	eement between
260.12	January 1, 2021, and the effectiv		-	
260.13	(b) The utility must designate	a solar garden as a comm	unity access pro	oject if the owner
260.14	of a solar garden commits in wri	ting to meet the following	g conditions:	
260.15	(1) at least 50 percent of the so	lar garden's generating ca	pacity is subscri	bed by residential
260.16	customers;			
260.17	(2) the contract between the over	wner of the solar garden ar	nd the public util	ity that purchases
260.18	the garden's electricity, and any a	agreement between the ut	ility or owner of	f the solar garden
260.19	and subscribers, states that the or	wner of the solar garden of	loes not discrim	ninate against or
260.20	screen subscribers based on inco	me or credit score and the	at any customer	of a utility with
260.21	a community solar garden plan a	pproved by the commission	on under subdiv	ision 3 is eligible
260.22	to become a subscriber;			
260.23	(3) the solar garden is operated	l by an entity that maintain	s a physical add	ress in Minnesota
260.24	and has designated a contact pers	on in Minnesota who resp	onds to subscri	ber inquiries; and
260.25	(4) the agreement between the	e owner of the solar gard	en and subscrib	ers states that the
260.26	owner must adequately publicize	e and convene at least one	e meeting annua	lly to provide an
260.27	opportunity for subscribers to po	ose questions to the manag	ger or owner.	
260.28	Subd. 5. Community access	project; financial arran	gements. (a) If	a solar garden is
260.29	approved by the utility as a comm	munity access project:		
260.30	(1) the public utility purchasing	ng the electricity generated	by the commun	ity access project
260.31	may charge the owner of the con	nmunity access project no	more than one	cent per watt

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261.1	alternating current based on the sola	ar garden's generating c	capacity for any re-	fundable deposit
261.2	the utility requires of a solar garde	n during the application	on process;	
261.3	(2) notwithstanding subdivision	n 2, paragraph (d), the	public utility mus	st purchase all
261.4	energy generated by the communit	ty access project at the	retail rate; and	
261.5	(3) all renewable energy credits	s generated by the con	munity access pr	oject belong to
261.6	subscribers unless the owner of the	e solar garden:		
261.7	(i) contracts to:			
261.8	(A) sell the credits to a third pa	urty; or		
261.9	(B) sell or transfer the credits to	o the utility; and		
261.10	(ii) discloses a sale or transfer t	to subscribers at the tin	ne the subscribers	s enter into a
261.11	subscription.			
261.12	(b) If at any time after commer	cial operation begins a	ı solar garden app	roved by the
261.13	utility as a community access proje	ect fails to meet the co	nditions under sul	bdivision 4, the
261.14	solar garden is no longer subject to	o the provisions of this	subdivision and s	subdivision 6,
261.15	and must operate under the program	n rules established by	the commission for	or a solar garden
261.16	that does not qualify as a commun	ity access project.		
261.17	(c) An owner of a solar garden	whose designation as	a community acco	ess project is
261.18	revoked under this subdivision ma	y reapply to the comm	ission at any time	e to have the
261.19	designation as a community access	s project reinstated und	der subdivision 4.	
261.20	Subd. 6. Community access p	roject; reporting. <u>The</u>	e owner of a comr	nunity access
261.21	project must include the following	information in an annu	al report to the co	mmunity access
261.22	project subscribers and the utility:			
261.23	(1) a description of the process	by which subscribers	can provide input	to solar garden
261.24	policy and decision making;			
261.25	(2) the amount of revenues reco	eived by the solar gard	len in the previous	s year that were
261.26	allocated to categories that include	but are not limited to op	perating costs, deb	ot service, profits
261.27	distributed to subscribers, and prot	fits distributed to other	s; and	
261.28	(3) an estimate of the proportion	on of low- and moderat	te-income subscri	bers, and a
261.29	description of one or more of the f	following methods use	d to make the esti	mate:
261.30	(i) evidence provided by a subs	criber that the subscrib	er or a member of	the subscriber's
261.31	household receives assistance from	n any of the following	sources:	

- 262.1 (A) the federal Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program;
- 262.2 (B) federal Section 8 housing assistance;
- 262.3 (C) medical assistance;
- 262.4 (D) the federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program; or
- 262.5 (E) the federal National School Lunch Program;
- 262.6 (ii) characterization of the census tract where the subscriber resides as low- or
- 262.7 moderate-income by the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council; or
- 262.8 (iii) other methods approved by the commission.
- 262.9 Subd. 7. Commission order. Within 180 days of the effective date of this section, the
- 262.10 commission must issue an order addressing the requirements of this section.
- 262.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

262.12 Sec. 3. [216C.375] SOLAR FOR SCHOOLS PROGRAM.

- 262.13 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section and section 216C.376,
- 262.14 the following terms have the meanings given.
- 262.15 (b) "Developer" means an entity that installs a solar energy system on a school building
- 262.16 that has been awarded a grant under this section.
- 262.17 (c) "Photovoltaic device" has the meaning given in section 216C.06, subdivision 16.
- 262.18 (d) "School" means a school that operates as part of an independent or special school
- 262.19 <u>district.</u>
- 262.20 (e) "School district" means an independent or special school district.
- 262.21 (f) "Solar energy system" means photovoltaic or solar thermal devices.
- 262.22 Subd. 2. Establishment; purpose. A solar for schools program is established in the

262.23 Department of Commerce. The purpose of the program is to (1) provide grants to stimulate

262.24 the installation of solar energy systems on or adjacent to school buildings by reducing the

- 262.25 cost, and (2) enable schools to use the solar energy system as a teaching tool that can be
- 262.26 integrated into the school's curriculum.
- 262.27 Subd. 3. Establishment of account. (a) A solar for schools program account is
- 262.28 established in the special revenue fund. Money received from the general fund must be
- 262.29 transferred to the commissioner of commerce and credited to the account. Money deposited

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263.1	in the account remains in the account u	intil expended and	d does not cancel t	o the general
263.2	fund.			
263.3	(b) When a grant is awarded under t	his section, the co	mmissioner must 1	reserve the grant
263.4	amount in the account.			
263.5	Subd. 4. Expenditures. (a) Money	in the account mu	ist be used only:	
263.6	(1) to award grants under this section	on; and		
263.7	(2) to pay the reasonable costs incu	rred by the depart	ment to administe	r this section.
263.8	(b) Grant awards made with money	in the account mu	ist be used only for	grants for solar
263.9	energy systems installed on or adjacent	t to school buildin	igs receiving retail	electric service
263.10	from a utility that is not subject to sect	ion 116C.779, sub	odivision 1.	
263.11	Subd. 5. Eligible system. (a) A gra	nt may be awarde	ed to a school unde	r this section
263.12	only if the solar energy system that is t	he subject of the	grant:	
263.13	(1) is installed on or adjacent to the so	chool building that	consumes the elec	tricity generated
263.14	by the solar energy system, on property	y within the service	ce territory of the u	tility currently
263.15	providing electric service to the school	building; and		
263.16	(2) has a capacity that does not exc.	eed the lesser of 4	0 kilowatts or 120	percent of the
263.17	estimated annual electricity consumption	on of the school b	ouilding at which t	he solar energy
263.18	system is installed.			
263.19	(b) A school district that receives a	rebate or other fin	nancial incentive u	inder section
263.20	216B.241 for a solar energy system and	d that demonstrate	es considerable ne	ed for financial
263.21	assistance, as determined by the comm	issioner, is eligibl	e for a grant under	this section for
263.22	the same solar energy system.			
263.23	Subd. 6. Application process. (a)	The commissioner	must issue a reque	est for proposals
263.24	to utilities, schools, and developers wh	o may wish to ap	ply for a grant und	er this section
263.25	on behalf of a school.			
263.26	(b) A utility or developer must sub-	nit an application	to the commission	ner on behalf of
263.27	a school on a form prescribed by the co	ommissioner. The	form must include	, at a minimum,
263.28	the following information:			
263.29	(1) the capacity of the proposed sol	ar energy system	and the amount of	electricity that
263.30	is expected to be generated;			
263.31	(2) the current energy demand of the	school building or	n which the solar er	nergy generating
263.32	system is to be installed, and information	n regarding any dis	stributed energy res	ource, including

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264.1	subscription to a community so	lar garden, that currently p	provides electricit	y to the school
264.2	building;			
264.3	(3) a description of any solar	thermal devices proposed	as part of the solar	r energy system;
264.4	(4) the total cost to purchase	e and install the solar energy	gy system and the	e solar energy
264.5	system's life-cycle cost, includi	ng removal and disposal a	t the end of the sy	ystem's life;
264.6	(5) a copy of the proposed c	ontract agreement between	n the school and t	the utility or
264.7	developer that includes provision	ons addressing responsibili	ity for maintenan	ce of the solar
264.8	energy system;			
264.9	(6) the school's plan to make	e the solar energy system s	erve as a visible l	earning tool for
264.10	students, teachers, and visitors t	to the school, including ho	w the solar energ	y system may
264.11	be integrated into the school's c	urriculum and provisions	for real-time mon	itoring of the
264.12	solar energy system performance	e for display in a promine	nt location in the	school or
264.13	on-demand in the classroom;			
264.14	(7) information that demonst	rates the school district's lev	vel of need for fina	ancial assistance
264.15	available under this section;			
264.16	(8) information that demons	trates the school's readine	ss to implement t	he project,
264.17	including but not limited to the	availability of the site on	which the solar en	nergy system is
264.18	to be installed and the level of t	he school's engagement w	ith the utility pro-	viding electric
264.19	service to the school building of	n which the solar energy s	ystem is to be ins	stalled on issues
264.20	relevant to the implementation	of the project, including m	etering and other	· issues;
264.21	(9) with respect to the instal	lation and operation of the	solar energy sys	tem, the
264.22	willingness and ability of the de	eveloper or the utility to:		
264.23	(i) pay employees and contr	actors a prevailing wage ra	ate, as defined in	section 177.42,
264.24	subdivision 6; and			
264.25	(ii) adhere to the provisions	of section 177.43;		
264.26	(10) how the developer or u	tility plans to reduce the so	chool's initial cap	ital expense to
264.27	purchase and install the solar en	ergy system, and to provid	le financial benef	its to the school
264.28	from the utilization of federal as	nd state tax credits, utility	incentives, and o	ther financial
264.29	incentives; and			
264.30	(11) any other information d	leemed relevant by the cor	nmissioner.	
264.31	(c) The commissioner must	administer an open applic	ation process und	er this section
264.32	at least twice annually.			

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265.1	(d) The commissioner must de	velop administrative pro	cedures governi	ng the application
265.2	and grant award process.			
265.3	Subd. 7. Energy conservation	n review. At the commis	sioner's request,	a school awarded
265.4	a grant under this section shall pr	ovide the commissioner	information reg	garding energy
265.5	conservation measures implement	ted at the school building	g at which the so	lar energy system
265.6	is installed. The commissioner m	ay make recommendation	ons to the schoo	l regarding
265.7	cost-effective conservation measu	ires it can implement and	l may provide te	chnical assistance
265.8	and direct the school to available	financial assistance pro	grams.	
265.9	Subd. 8. Technical assistance	e. The commissioner mu	ist provide techi	nical assistance to
265.10	schools to develop and execute p	rojects under this section	<u>n.</u>	
265.11	Subd. 9. Grant payments. Th	ne commissioner must a	ward a grant fro	m the account
265.12	established under subdivision 3 to	o a school for the necess	sary costs associ	ated with the
265.13	purchase and installation of a sola	ar energy system. The ar	mount of the gra	ant must be based
265.14	on the commissioner's assessmen	t of the school's need fo	r financial assis	tance.
265.15	Subd. 10. Limitations. (a) No.	more than 50 percent c	of the grant payr	ments awarded to
265.16	schools under this section may be	e awarded to schools wh	ere the proporti	on of students
265.17	eligible for free and reduced-pric	e lunch under the Nation	nal School Lunc	h Program is less
265.18	than 50 percent.			
265.19	(b) No more than ten percent	of the total amount of g	rants awarded u	nder this section
265.20	may be awarded to schools that a	re part of the same scho	ol district.	
265.21	Subd. 11. Application deadli	ne. No application may	be submitted ur	nder this section
265.22	after December 31, 2025.			
265.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This se	ection is effective the da	y following fina	l enactment.
265.24	Sec. 4. [216C.376] SOLAR FO	R SCHOOLS PROGR	AM FOR CER	TAIN UTILITY
265.25	SERVICE TERRITORY.			
265.26	Subdivision 1. Establishmen	t; purpose. The utility s	subject to section	n 116C.779 must
265.27	operate a program to develop and	l to supplement with add	litional funding	financial
265.28	arrangements that enable schools	to install and operate so	olar energy syste	ems that can be
265.29	used as teaching tools and integra	ated into the school curr	iculum.	
265.30	Subd. 2. Required plan. (a) H	By October 1, 2021, the	public utility m	ust file a plan for
265.31	the solar for schools program with	n the commissioner. The	plan must conta	in, at a minimum,
265.32	the following elements:			

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266.1	(1) a description of how the public utility proposes to utilize funds appropriated to the
266.2	program to assist schools to install solar energy systems;
266.3	(2) an estimate of the amount of financial assistance that the public utility proposes to
266.4	provide to a school, on a per kilowatt-hour produced basis, and the length of time the public
266.5	utility estimates financial assistance is provided to a school;
266.6	(3) administrative procedures governing the application and financial benefit award
266.7	process, and the costs the public utility is projected to incur to administer the program;
266.8	(4) the public utility's proposed process for periodic reevaluation and modification of
266.9	the program; and
266.10	(5) any additional information required by the commissioner.
266.11	(b) The public utility may not implement the program until the commissioner approves
266.12	the public utility's plan submitted under this subdivision. The commissioner may modify a
266.13	plan, and no later than December 31, 2021, the commissioner must approve a plan and the
266.14	financial incentives the plan provides the public utility if the commissioner determines both
266.15	are in the public interest. Any proposed modifications to the plan approved under this
266.16	subdivision must be approved by the commissioner.
266.17	Subd. 3. System eligibility. A solar energy system is eligible to receive financial benefits
266.18	under this section if the solar energy system meets all of the following conditions:
266.19	(1) the solar energy system must be located on or adjacent to a school building receiving
266.20	retail electric service from the public utility and completely located within the public utility's
266.21	electric service territory, provided that any land situated between the school building and
266.22	the site where the solar energy system is installed is owned by the school district in which
266.23	the school building operates; and
266.24	(2) the total aggregate nameplate capacity of all distributed generation serving the school
266.25	building, including any subscriptions to a community solar garden under section 216B.1641,
266.26	does not exceed the lesser of one megawatt alternating current or 120 percent of the average
266.27	annual electric energy consumption of the school building.
266.28	Subd. 4. Application process. (a) A school seeking financial assistance under this section
266.29	must submit an application to the public utility, including a plan for how the school uses
266.30	the solar energy system as a visible learning tool for students, teachers, and visitors to the
266.31	school, and how the solar energy system may be integrated into the school's curriculum.
266.32	(b) The public utility must award financial assistance under this section on a first-come,
266.33	first-served basis.

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267.1	(c) The public utility must c	liscontinue accepting appl	ications under th	nis section after
267.2	all funds appropriated to the pro	ogram are allocated to prog	gram participants	s, including funds
267.3	from canceled projects.			
267.4	Subd. 5. Benefits informat	ion. Before signing an ag	reement with the	public utility to
267.5	receive financial assistance und	ler this section, a school m	ust obtain from t	he developer and
267.6	provide to the public utility info	ormation the developer sha	red with potentia	al investors in the
267.7	project regarding future financi	al benefits to be realized f	rom installation	of a solar energy
267.8	system at the school and potent	tial financial risks.		
267.9	Subd. 6. Cost recovery; re	newable energy credits. ((a) Payments by	the public utility
267.10	to a school receiving financial	assistance under this section	on are fully reco	verable by the
267.11	public utility through the public	c utility's fuel clause adjus	tment.	
267.12	(b) The renewable energy c	redits associated with the	electricity gener	ated by a solar
267.13	energy system receiving financi	al assistance under this sec	ction are the prop	perty of the public
267.14	utility that is subject to this sec	tion.		
267.15	Subd. 7. Limitation. (a) No.	more than 50 percent of	the financial assi	istance provided
267.16	by the public utility to schools	under this section may be	provided to scho	ools where the
267.17	proportion of students eligible	for free and reduced-price	lunch under the	National School
267.18	Lunch Program is less than 50	percent.		
267.19	(b) No more than ten percer	nt of the total amount of fir	nancial assistance	e provided by the
267.20	public utility to schools under t	his section may be provid	ed to schools that	at are part of the
267.21	same school district.			
267.22	Subd. 8. Technical assistar	Ice. The commissioner mu	ist provide techn	ical assistance to
267.23	schools to develop and execute	projects under this section	<u>n.</u>	
267.24	Subd. 9. Application dead	line. No application may b	be submitted und	er this section
267.25	after December 31, 2025.			
267.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	section is effective the da	y following fina	l enactment.
267.27	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 20	20, section 216E.01, subd	ivision 9a, is am	nended to read:
267.28	Subd. 9a. Solar energy gen	erating system. "Solar en	ergy generating	system" means a
267.29	set of devices whose primary pu	rpose is to produce electri	city by means of	any combination
267.30	of collecting, transferring, or co	onverting solar-generated	energy, and may	include
267.31	transmission lines designed for	and capable of operating	at 100 kilovolts	or less that
267.32	interconnect a solar energy gen	erating system with a high	n voltage transm	ission line.

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268.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	s section is effective the day	following final	enactment.
268.2	Sec. 6. [500.216] LIMITS (<u>ON CERTAIN RESIDENT</u>	<u>'IAL SOLAR E</u>	NERGY
268.3	SYSTEMS PROHIBITED.			
268.4	Subdivision 1. General ru	le. A private entity must not	t prohibit or refu	ise to permit
268.5	installation, maintenance, or u	se of a roof-mounted solar e	energy system by	y the owner of a
268.6	single-family dwelling, notwit	hstanding any covenant, res	triction, or cond	ition contained
268.7	in a deed, security instrument,	homeowners association do	cument, or any o	other instrument
268.8	affecting the transfer, sale of, o	or an interest in real propert	y, except as prov	vided in this
268.9	section.			
268.10	Subd. 2. Applicability. Th	is section applies to single-f	amily detached of	dwellings whose
268.11	owner is the sole owner of the	entire building in which the	e dwelling is loc:	ated and who is
268.12	solely responsible for the main	ntenance, repair, replacemen	it, and insurance	of the entire
268.13	building.			
268.14	Subd. 3. Definitions. (a) T	he definitions in this subdiv	ision apply to th	is section.
268.15	(b) "Private entity" means	a homeowners association, o	community asso	ciation, or other
268.16	association that is subject to a	homeowners association do	cument.	
268.17	(c) "Homeowners associati	on document" means a docu	ment containing	the declaration,
268.18	articles of incorporation, bylav			<u>, </u>
				a a a ulla a a f
268.19		munity, as defined in sectio		egardless of
268.20	whether the common interest of	community is subject to cha	pter 515B; and	
268.21	(2) a residential communit	y that is not a common inter	est community.	
268.22	(d) "Solar energy system"	nas the meaning given in sec	<u>ction 216C.06, s</u>	ubdivision 17.
268.23	Subd. 4. Allowable condit	ions. (a) This section does r	10t prohibit a pri	vate entity from
268.24	requiring that:			
268.25	(1) a licensed contractor in	stall a solar energy system;		
268.26	(2) a roof-mounted solar en	nergy system not extend abo	ove the peak of a	pitched roof or
268.27	beyond the edge of the roof;			
268.28	(3) the owner or installer of	f a solar energy system inde	mnify or reimbu	urse the private
268.29	entity or the private entity's me	embers for loss or damage c	aused by the ins	tallation,
268.30	maintenance, use, repair, or re	moval of a solar energy syst	zem;	

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269.1	(4) the owner and each successive owner of a solar energy system list the private entity
269.2	as a certificate holder on the homeowner's insurance policy; or
269.3	(5) the owner and each successive owner of a solar energy system be responsible for
269.4	removing the system if reasonably necessary for the repair, maintenance, or replacement
269.5	of common elements or limited common elements, as defined in section 515B.1-103.
269.6	(b) A private entity may impose other reasonable restrictions on the installation,
269.7	maintenance, or use of solar energy systems, provided that those restrictions do not decrease
269.8	the projected generation of energy by a solar energy system by more than 20 percent or
269.9	increase the solar energy system's cost by more than (1) 20 percent for a solar water heater,
269.10	or (2) \$2,000 for a solar photovoltaic system, compared with the generation of energy and
269.11	the cost of labor and materials certified by the designer or installer of the solar energy system
269.12	as originally proposed without the restrictions. A private entity may obtain an alternative
269.13	bid and design from a solar energy system designer or installer for the purposes of this
269.14	paragraph.
269.15	(c) A solar energy system must meet applicable standards and requirements imposed by
269.16	the state and by governmental units, as defined in section 462.384.
269.17	(d) A solar energy system for heating water must be certified by the Solar Rating
269.18	Certification Corporation (SRCC) or an equivalent certification agency. A solar energy
269.19	system for producing electricity must meet all applicable safety and performance standards
269.20	established by the National Electrical Code, the Institute of Electrical and Electronics
269.21	Engineers and accredited testing laboratories including but not limited to Underwriters
269.22	Laboratories and, where applicable, rules of the Public Utilities Commission regarding
269.23	safety and reliability.
269.24	(e) If approval by a private entity is required to install or use a solar energy system, the
269.25	application for approval must be processed and approved in the same manner as an
269.26	application for approval of an architectural modification to the property, and must not be
269.27	willfully avoided or delayed.
269.28	(f) An application for approval must be made in writing and must contain certification
269.29	that the applicant meets any conditions required by a private entity under this subdivision.
269.30	An application must include a copy of the interconnection application submitted to the
269.31	applicable electric utility.
269.32	(g) A private entity shall approve or deny an application in writing. If an application is
269.33	not denied in writing within 60 days from the date of receipt of the application, the application

269.34 is deemed approved unless the delay is the result of a reasonable request for additional

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270.1	information. If a private entity rec	eives an incomplete appl	ication that it det	termines prevents

it from reaching a decision to approve or disapprove the application, a new 60-day limit

^{270.3} begins only if the private entity sends written notice to the applicant, within 15 business

270.4 days of receiving the incomplete application, informing the applicant what additional

270.5 information is required.

270.6 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 515.07, is amended to read:

270.7 **515.07 COMPLIANCE WITH COVENANTS, BYLAWS, AND RULES.**

270.8 Each apartment owner shall comply strictly with the bylaws and with the administrative rules adopted pursuant thereto, as either of the same may be lawfully amended from time 270.9 to time, and with the covenants, conditions, and restrictions set forth in the declaration or 270.10 in the owner's deed to the apartment. Failure to comply with any of the same shall be ground 270.11 for an action to recover sums due, for damages or injunctive relief or both maintainable by 270.12 the manager or board of directors on behalf of the association of apartment owners or, in a 270.13 proper case, by an aggrieved apartment owner. This chapter is subject to section sections 270.14 500.215 and 500.216. 270.15

270.16 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 515B.2-103, is amended to read:

270.17 515B.2-103 CONSTRUCTION AND VALIDITY OF DECLARATION AND 270.18 BYLAWS.

270.19 (a) All provisions of the declaration and bylaws are severable.

(b) The rule against perpetuities may not be applied to defeat any provision of the
declaration or this chapter, or any instrument executed pursuant to the declaration or this
chapter.

(c) In the event of a conflict between the provisions of the declaration and the bylaws,
the declaration prevails except to the extent that the declaration is inconsistent with this
chapter.

(d) The declaration and bylaws must comply with section sections 500.215 and 500.216.

270.27 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 515B.3-102, is amended to read:

270.28 515B.3-102 POWERS OF UNIT OWNERS' ASSOCIATION.

(a) Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e), and subject to the provisions
of the declaration or bylaws, the association shall have the power to:

(1) adopt, amend and revoke rules and regulations not inconsistent with the articles of 271.1 incorporation, bylaws and declaration, as follows: (i) regulating the use of the common 271.2 elements; (ii) regulating the use of the units, and conduct of unit occupants, which may 271.3 jeopardize the health, safety or welfare of other occupants, which involves noise or other 271.4 disturbing activity, or which may damage the common elements or other units; (iii) regulating 271.5 or prohibiting animals; (iv) regulating changes in the appearance of the common elements 271.6 and conduct which may damage the common interest community; (v) regulating the exterior 271.7 271.8 appearance of the common interest community, including, for example, balconies and patios, window treatments, and signs and other displays, regardless of whether inside a unit; (vi) 271.9 implementing the articles of incorporation, declaration and bylaws, and exercising the 271.10 powers granted by this section; and (vii) otherwise facilitating the operation of the common 271.11 interest community; 271.12

(2) adopt and amend budgets for revenues, expenditures and reserves, and levy and
collect assessments for common expenses from unit owners;

(3) hire and discharge managing agents and other employees, agents, and independentcontractors;

(4) institute, defend, or intervene in litigation or administrative proceedings (i) in its
own name on behalf of itself or two or more unit owners on matters affecting the common
elements or other matters affecting the common interest community or, (ii) with the consent
of the owners of the affected units on matters affecting only those units;

271.21 (5) make contracts and incur liabilities;

(6) regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement, and modification of the commonelements and the units;

(7) cause improvements to be made as a part of the common elements, and, in the caseof a cooperative, the units;

(8) acquire, hold, encumber, and convey in its own name any right, title, or interest to
real estate or personal property, but (i) common elements in a condominium or planned
community may be conveyed or subjected to a security interest only pursuant to section
515B.3-112, or (ii) part of a cooperative may be conveyed, or all or part of a cooperative
may be subjected to a security interest, only pursuant to section 515B.3-112;

(9) grant or amend easements for public utilities, public rights-of-way or other public
purposes, and cable television or other communications, through, over or under the common
elements; grant or amend easements, leases, or licenses to unit owners for purposes authorized

by the declaration; and, subject to approval by a vote of unit owners other than declarant

or its affiliates, grant or amend other easements, leases, and licenses through, over or under
the common elements;

(10) impose and receive any payments, fees, or charges for the use, rental, or operation
of the common elements, other than limited common elements, and for services provided
to unit owners;

(11) impose interest and late charges for late payment of assessments and, after notice
and an opportunity to be heard before the board or a committee appointed by it, levy
reasonable fines for violations of the declaration, bylaws, and rules and regulations of the
association;

(12) impose reasonable charges for the review, preparation and recordation of
amendments to the declaration, resale certificates required by section 515B.4-107, statements
of unpaid assessments, or furnishing copies of association records;

(13) provide for the indemnification of its officers and directors, and maintain directors'
and officers' liability insurance;

(14) provide for reasonable procedures governing the conduct of meetings and electionof directors;

(15) exercise any other powers conferred by law, or by the declaration, articles ofincorporation or bylaws; and

(16) exercise any other powers necessary and proper for the governance and operationof the association.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) the declaration or bylaws may not impose limitations on the power of the association to deal with the declarant which are more restrictive than the limitations imposed on the power of the association to deal with other persons.

(c) Notwithstanding subsection (a), powers exercised under this section must comply
with section sections 500.215 and 500.216.

(d) Notwithstanding subsection (a)(4) or any other provision of this chapter, the
association, before instituting litigation or arbitration involving construction defect claims
against a development party, shall:

(1) mail or deliver written notice of the anticipated commencement of the action to each
unit owner at the addresses, if any, established for notices to owners in the declaration and,
if the declaration does not state how notices are to be given to owners, to the owner's last

known address. The notice shall specify the nature of the construction defect claims to be
alleged, the relief sought, and the manner in which the association proposes to fund the cost
of pursuing the construction defect claims; and

(2) obtain the approval of owners of units to which a majority of the total votes in the 273.4 273.5 association are allocated. Votes allocated to units owned by the declarant, an affiliate of the declarant, or a mortgagee who obtained ownership of the unit through a foreclosure sale 273.6 are excluded. The association may obtain the required approval by a vote at an annual or 273.7 special meeting of the members or, if authorized by the statute under which the association 273.8 is created and taken in compliance with that statute, by a vote of the members taken by 273.9 electronic means or mailed ballots. If the association holds a meeting and voting by electronic 273.10 means or mailed ballots is authorized by that statute, the association shall also provide for 273.11 voting by those methods. Section 515B.3-110(c) applies to votes taken by electronic means 273.12 or mailed ballots, except that the votes must be used in combination with the vote taken at 273.13 a meeting and are not in lieu of holding a meeting, if a meeting is held, and are considered 273.14 for purposes of determining whether a quorum was present. Proxies may not be used for a 273.15 vote taken under this paragraph unless the unit owner executes the proxy after receipt of 273.16 the notice required under subsection (d)(1) and the proxy expressly references this notice. 273.17

(e) The association may intervene in a litigation or arbitration involving a construction defect claim or assert a construction defect claim as a counterclaim, crossclaim, or third-party claim before complying with subsections (d)(1) and (d)(2) but the association's complaint in an intervention, counterclaim, crossclaim, or third-party claim shall be dismissed without prejudice unless the association has complied with the requirements of subsection (d) within 90 days of the association's commencement of the complaint in an intervention or the assertion of the counterclaim, crossclaim, or third-party claim.

273.25 Sec. 10. PHOTOVOLTAIC DEMAND CREDIT RIDER.

By October 1, 2021, an investor-owned utility that has not already done so must submit 273.26 to the Public Utilities Commission a photovoltaic demand credit rider that reimburses all 273.27 demand metered customers with solar photovoltaic systems greater than 40 kilowatts 273.28 alternating current for the demand charge overbilling that occurs. The utility may submit 273.29 to the commission multiple options to calculate reimbursement for demand charge overbilling. 273.30 At least one submission must use a capacity value stack methodology. The commission is 273.31 prohibited from approving a photovoltaic demand credit rider unless the rider allows 273.32 stand-alone photovoltaic systems and photovoltaic systems coupled with storage. The 273.33 commission must approve the photovoltaic demand credit rider by June 30, 2022. 273.34

SF972 FIRST UNOFFICIAL REVISOR RSI UES0972-1 ENGROSSMENT **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 274.1 Sec. 11. SITING SOLAR ENERGY GENERATING SYSTEMS ON PRIME 274.2 FARMLAND. 274.3 (a) The Public Utilities Commission must amend Minnesota Rules, section 7850.4400, 274.4 subpart 4, to allow the siting of a solar energy generating system on prime farmland that 274.5 meets any of the following conditions: 274.6 (1) the site has been identified as a sensitive groundwater area by the Department of 274.7 Natural Resources under Minnesota Statutes, section 103H.101; 274.8 (2) the owner of the solar energy generating system has entered into an agreement with 274.9 the Board of Soil and Water Resources committing the owner to comply with the provisions 274.10 of Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.1642, by establishing on the site perennial vegetation 274.11 and foraging habitat beneficial to game birds, songbirds, and pollinators, and to report to 274.12 274.13 the board every three years on progress made toward establishing beneficial habitat; or (3) the solar energy generating system is colocated with and does not disrupt the operation 274.14 of agricultural uses, including but not limited to grazing and harvesting forage. 274.15 274.16 (b) The commission shall comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 14.389, in adopting rules under this section. 274.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 274.18 Sec. 12. DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION; MASTER SOLAR CONTRACT 274.19 PROGRAM. 274.20 274.21 The Department of Administration shall not extend the term of its current on-site solar photovoltaic master contract, but shall instead, no later than February 1, 2022, announce 274.22 an open request for proposals for a new statewide on-site solar photovoltaic master contract 274.23 to allow additional applicants to submit proposals to enable their participation in the state's 274.24 solar master contract program. 274.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 274.26 274.27 Sec. 13. APPROPRIATIONS. Subdivision 1. Solar on schools; non-Xcel service territory. \$1,737,000 in fiscal year 274.28 2022 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of commerce to provide 274.29 financial assistance to schools to purchase and install solar energy generating systems under 274.30

274.31 Minnesota Statutes, section 216C.375. This appropriation remains available until expended

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and does not cancel to the general fund. This appropriation must be expended on schools 275.1 located outside the electric service territory of the public utility that is subject to Minnesota 275.2 275.3 Statutes, section 116C.779. The base in fiscal year 2024 is \$388,000. Subd. 2. Solar on schools; Xcel service territory. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 275.4 275.5 section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from the renewable development account established 275.6 in Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce 275.7 to provide financial assistance to schools to purchase and install solar energy generating 275.8 systems under Minnesota Statutes, section 216C.376. This appropriation remains available 275.9 until expended and does not cancel to the renewable development account. This appropriation 275.10 must be expended on schools located within the electric service territory of the public utility 275.11 275.12 that is subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779. These are onetime appropriations. Subd. 3. Solar devices; state parks. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 275.13 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from 275.14 the renewable development account established in Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, 275.15 subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce for transfer to the commissioner of natural 275.16 resources to install solar photovoltaic devices in state parks located within the retail electric 275.17 service area of a public utility subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 275.18 1. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2023. This is a onetime appropriation. 275.19 275.20 Subd. 4. Solar devices; state buildings. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$4,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from 275.21 the renewable development account established in Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, 275.22 subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce for transfer to the commissioner of 275.23 administration to install solar photovoltaic devices on state-owned buildings that are located 275.24 within the retail electric service area of the public utility subject to Minnesota Statutes, 275.25 section 116C.779, subdivision 1. 275.26 (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph 275.27 (j), \$59,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$38,000 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from the 275.28 renewable development account to the commissioner of administration for costs to administer 275.29 275.30 the installation of solar photovoltaic devices on state-owned buildings that are located within the retail electric service area of the public utility subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 275.31 116C.779, subdivision 1. 275.32

275.33Subd. 5. Solar on prime farmland. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section275.34116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$14,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$14,000 in fiscal

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- 276.1 year 2023 are appropriated from the renewable development account established under
- 276.2 <u>Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce for</u>
- 276.3 transfer to the Board of Water and Soil Resources for activities associated with installing
- 276.4 solar energy generating systems on prime farmland, as described in section 6.
- (b) \$46,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated from the general fund to the Public
- 276.6 Utilities Commission for activities associated with installing solar energy systems on prime
- 276.7 farmland, as described in section 6. This is a onetime appropriation.
- Subd. 6. Mountain Iron solar plant expansion. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
 section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$5,500,000 in fiscal year 2021 is appropriated
 from the renewable development account established in Minnesota Statutes, section
- 276.11 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of employment and economic development
- 276.12 for a grant to the Mountain Iron Economic Development Authority to expand a city-owned
- solar module manufacturing plant building in the city's Renewable Energy Industrial Park.
- 276.14 This is a onetime appropriation. Any unexpended funds remaining as of June 30, 2022,
- 276.15 <u>must be returned to the renewable development account under Minnesota Statutes, section</u>
- 276.16 <u>116C.779</u>, subdivision 1.
- Subd. 7. Northfield distribution system upgrades. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 276.17 section 116C. 779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$550,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated 276.18 from the renewable development account established in Minnesota Statutes, section 276.19 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce for transfer to the public utility 276.20 that is subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, to upgrade the utility's 276.21 distribution system in and bordering on the city of Northfield to enable the interconnection 276.22 of additional customer-sited solar deployment. No later than October 15, 2021, the public 276.23 utility that is to receive the transferred funds must submit a report to the commissioner of 276.24 commerce, the Public Utilities Commission, and to the chairs and ranking minority members 276.25 of the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over energy policy 276.26
- 276.27 and finance describing how the utility proposes to utilize the transfer made under this
- 276.28 subdivision, including the specific locations identified for additional equipment installation,
- 276.29 the nature of the equipment, and the amount of incremental capacity that results from the
- 276.30 installation of the equipment. The commissioner must not transfer the funds appropriated
- 276.31 under this subdivision to the public utility until the commissioner and the Public Utilities
- 276.32 Commission have reviewed and approved the report.

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ARTICLE 12

277.1 277.2

ENERGY MISCELLANEOUS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115B.40, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 277.3 Subdivision 1. Response to releases. The commissioner may take any environmental 277.4 response action, including emergency action, related to a release or threatened release of a 277.5 277.6 hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant, or decomposition gas from a qualified facility that the commissioner deems reasonable and necessary to protect the public health or welfare 277.7 or the environment under the standards required in sections 115B.01 to 115B.20. The 277.8 commissioner may undertake studies necessary to determine reasonable and necessary 277.9 environmental response actions at individual facilities. The commissioner may develop 277.10 general work plans for environmental studies, presumptive remedies, and generic remedial 277.11 designs for facilities with similar characteristics, as well as implement reuse and 277.12 redevelopment strategies. Prior to selecting environmental response actions for a facility, 277.13 the commissioner shall hold at least one public informational meeting near the facility and 277.14 provide for receiving and responding to comments related to the selection. The commissioner 277.15 shall design, implement, and provide oversight consistent with the actions selected under 277.16 this subdivision. 277.17

277.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

277.19 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Renewable development account. (a) The renewable development 277.20 account is established as a separate account in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. 277.21 Appropriations and transfers to the account shall be credited to the account. Earnings, such 277.22 as interest, dividends, and any other earnings arising from assets of the account, shall be 277.23 credited to the account. Funds remaining in the account at the end of a fiscal year are not 277.24 canceled to the general fund but remain in the account until expended. The account shall 277.25 be administered by the commissioner of management and budget as provided under this 277.26 section. 277.27

(b) On July 1, 2017, the public utility that owns the Prairie Island nuclear generating plant must transfer all funds in the renewable development account previously established under this subdivision and managed by the public utility to the renewable development account established in paragraph (a). Funds awarded to grantees in previous grant cycles that have not yet been expended and unencumbered funds required to be paid in calendar

year 2017 under paragraphs (f) and (g), and sections 116C.7792 and 216C.41, are not subject
to transfer under this paragraph.

(c) Except as provided in subdivision 1a, beginning January 15, 2018, and continuing 278.3 each January 15 thereafter, the public utility that owns the Prairie Island nuclear generating 278.4 plant must transfer to the renewable development account \$500,000 each year for each dry 278.5 cask containing spent fuel that is located at the Prairie Island power plant for each year the 278.6 plant is in operation, and \$7,500,000 each year the plant is not in operation if ordered by 278.7 the commission pursuant to paragraph (i). The fund transfer must be made if nuclear waste 278.8 is stored in a dry cask at the independent spent-fuel storage facility at Prairie Island for any 278.9 part of a year. 278.10

(d) Except as provided in subdivision 1a, beginning January 15, 2018, and continuing 278.11 each January 15 thereafter, the public utility that owns the Monticello nuclear generating 278.12 plant must transfer to the renewable development account \$350,000 each year for each dry 278.13 cask containing spent fuel that is located at the Monticello nuclear power plant for each 278.14 year the plant is in operation, and \$5,250,000 each year the plant is not in operation if ordered 278.15 by the commission pursuant to paragraph (i). The fund transfer must be made if nuclear 278.16 waste is stored in a dry cask at the independent spent-fuel storage facility at Monticello for 278.17 any part of a year. 278.18

(e) Each year, the public utility shall withhold from the funds transferred to the renewable development account under paragraphs (c) and (d) the amount necessary to pay its obligations under paragraphs (f) and (g), and sections 116C.7792 and 216C.41, for that calendar year.

(f) If the commission approves a new or amended power purchase agreement, the 278.22 termination of a power purchase agreement, or the purchase and closure of a facility under 278.23 section 216B.2424, subdivision 9, with an entity that uses poultry litter to generate electricity, 278.24 the public utility subject to this section shall enter into a contract with the city in which the 278.25 poultry litter plant is located to provide grants to the city for the purposes of economic 278.26 development on the following schedule: \$4,000,000 in fiscal year 2018; \$6,500,000 each 278.27 fiscal year in 2019 and 2020; and \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2021. The grants shall be paid 278.28 by the public utility from funds withheld from the transfer to the renewable development 278.29 account, as provided in paragraphs (b) and (e). 278.30

(g) If the commission approves a new or amended power purchase agreement, or the termination of a power purchase agreement under section 216B.2424, subdivision 9, with an entity owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by two municipal utilities located north of Constitutional Route No. 8, that was previously used to meet the biomass mandate in

section 216B.2424, the public utility that owns a nuclear generating plant shall enter into a grant contract with such entity to provide \$6,800,000 per year for five years, commencing 30 days after the commission approves the new or amended power purchase agreement, or the termination of the power purchase agreement, and on each June 1 thereafter through 2021, to assist the transition required by the new, amended, or terminated power purchase agreement. The grant shall be paid by the public utility from funds withheld from the transfer to the renewable development account as provided in paragraphs (b) and (e).

(h) The collective amount paid under the grant contracts awarded under paragraphs (f)
and (g) is limited to the amount deposited into the renewable development account, and its
predecessor, the renewable development account, established under this section, that was
not required to be deposited into the account under Laws 1994, chapter 641, article 1, section
10.

(i) After discontinuation of operation of the Prairie Island nuclear plant or the Monticello 279.13 nuclear plant and each year spent nuclear fuel is stored in dry cask at the discontinued 279.14 facility, the commission shall require the public utility to pay \$7,500,000 for the discontinued 279.15 Prairie Island facility and \$5,250,000 for the discontinued Monticello facility for any year 279.16 in which the commission finds, by the preponderance of the evidence, that the public utility 279.17 did not make a good faith effort to remove the spent nuclear fuel stored at the facility to a 279.18 permanent or interim storage site out of the state. This determination shall be made at least 279.19 every two years. 279.20

(j) Funds in the account may be expended only for any of the following purposes:

(1) to stimulate research and development of renewable electric energy technologies;

(2) to encourage grid modernization, including, but not limited to, projects that implement
electricity storage, load control, and smart meter technology; and

(3) to stimulate other innovative energy projects that reduce demand and increase system
efficiency and flexibility.

Expenditures from the fund must benefit Minnesota ratepayers receiving electric service
from the utility that owns a nuclear-powered electric generating plant in this state or the
Prairie Island Indian community or its members.

The utility that owns a nuclear generating plant is eligible to apply for grants under thissubdivision.

(k) For the purposes of paragraph (j), the following terms have the meanings given:

(1) "renewable" has the meaning given in section 216B.2422, subdivision 1, paragraph
(c), clauses (1), (2), (4), and (5); and

280.3 (2) "grid modernization" means:

280.4 (i) enhancing the reliability of the electrical grid;

(ii) improving the security of the electrical grid against cyberthreats and physical threats;and

(iii) increasing energy conservation opportunities by facilitating communication between
the utility and its customers through the use of two-way meters, control technologies, energy
storage and microgrids, technologies to enable demand response, and other innovative
technologies.

(1) A renewable development account advisory group that includes, among others, 280.11 representatives of the public utility and its ratepayers, and includes at least one representative 280.12 of the Prairie Island Indian community appointed by that community's Tribal council, shall 280.13 develop recommendations on account expenditures. The advisory group must design a 280.14 request for proposal and evaluate projects submitted in response to a request for proposals. 280.15 The advisory group must utilize an independent third-party expert to evaluate proposals 280.16 submitted in response to a request for proposal, including all proposals made by the public 280.17 utility. A request for proposal for research and development under paragraph (j), clause (1), 280.18 may be limited to or include a request to higher education institutions located in Minnesota 280.19 for multiple projects authorized under paragraph (j), clause (1). The request for multiple 280.20 projects may include a provision that exempts the projects from the third-party expert review 280.21 and instead provides for project evaluation and selection by a merit peer review grant system. 280.22 In the process of determining request for proposal scope and subject and in evaluating 280.23 responses to request for proposals, the advisory group must strongly consider, where 280.24 reasonable,: 280.25

280.26 (1) potential benefit to Minnesota citizens and businesses and the utility's ratepayers.; 280.27 and

280.28 (2) the proposer's commitment to increasing the diversity of the proposer's workforce
 280.29 and vendors.

(m) The advisory group shall submit funding recommendations to the public utility,
which has full and sole authority to determine which expenditures shall be submitted by
the advisory group to the legislature. The commission may approve proposed expenditures,
may disapprove proposed expenditures that it finds not to be in compliance with this

subdivision or otherwise not in the public interest, and may, if agreed to by the public utility,

281.2 modify proposed expenditures. The commission shall, by order, submit its funding

 $\label{eq:281.3} recommendations to the legislature as provided under paragraph (n).$

(n) The commission shall present its recommended appropriations from the account to
the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over energy policy and
finance annually by February 15 following any year in which the commission has acted on
recommendations submitted by the advisory group and the public utility. Expenditures from
the account must be appropriated by law. In enacting appropriations from the account, the
legislature:

(1) may approve or disapprove, but may not modify, the amount of an appropriation fora project recommended by the commission; and

(2) may not appropriate money for a project the commission has not recommendedfunding.

(o) A request for proposal for renewable energy generation projects must, when feasible
and reasonable, give preference to projects that are most cost-effective for a particular energy
source.

(p) The advisory group must annually, by February 15, report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over energy policy on projects funded by the account for the prior year and all previous years. The report must, to the extent possible and reasonable, itemize the actual and projected financial benefit to the public utility's ratepayers of each project.

(q) By February 1, 2018, and each February 1 thereafter, the commissioner of
management and budget shall submit a written report regarding the availability of funds in
and obligations of the account to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate
and house committees with jurisdiction over energy policy and finance, the public utility,
and the advisory group.

(r) A project receiving funds from the account must produce a written final report that
includes sufficient detail for technical readers and a clearly written summary for nontechnical
readers. The report must include an evaluation of the project's financial, environmental, and
other benefits to the state and the public utility's ratepayers. <u>A project receiving funds from</u>
the account must submit a report that meets the requirements of section 216C.51, subdivisions
3 and 4, each year the project funded by the account is in progress.

(s) Final reports, any mid-project status reports, and renewable development account
financial reports must be posted online on a public website designated by the commissioner
of commerce.

(t) All final reports must acknowledge that the project was made possible in whole or
part by the Minnesota renewable development account, noting that the account is financed
by the public utility's ratepayers.

(u) Of the amount in the renewable development account, priority must be given tomaking the payments required under section 216C.417.

282.9 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.096, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) The terms used in this section have the meanings given themin this subdivision.

(b) "Cold weather period" means the period from October <u>15_1</u> through April <u>15_30</u> of the following year.

282.14 (c) "Customer" means a residential customer of a utility.

(d) "Disconnection" means the involuntary loss of utility heating service as a result of
a physical act by a utility to discontinue service. Disconnection includes installation of a
service or load limiter or any device that limits or interrupts utility service in any way.

(e) "Household income" means the combined income, as defined in section 290A.03,
subdivision 3, of all residents of the customer's household, computed on an annual basis.
Household income does not include any amount received for energy assistance.

(f) "Reasonably timely payment" means payment within five working days of agreed-upondue dates.

(g) "Reconnection" means the restoration of utility heating service after it has beendisconnected.

(h) "Summary of rights and responsibilities" means a commission-approved notice thatcontains, at a minimum, the following:

282.27 (1) an explanation of the provisions of subdivision 5;

282.28 (2) an explanation of no-cost and low-cost methods to reduce the consumption of energy;

282.29 (3) a third-party notice;

282.30 (4) ways to avoid disconnection;

283.1 (5) information regarding payment agreements;

(6) an explanation of the customer's right to appeal a determination of income by the
utility and the right to appeal if the utility and the customer cannot arrive at a mutually
acceptable payment agreement; and

(7) a list of names and telephone numbers for county and local energy assistance and
weatherization providers in each county served by the utility.

(i) "Third-party notice" means a commission-approved notice containing, at a minimum,the following information:

(1) a statement that the utility will send a copy of any future notice of proposed
disconnection of utility heating service to a third party designated by the residential customer;

283.11 (2) instructions on how to request this service; and

(3) a statement that the residential customer should contact the person the customer
intends to designate as the third-party contact before providing the utility with the party's
name.

(j) "Utility" means a public utility as defined in section 216B.02, and a cooperative electric association electing to be a public utility under section 216B.026. Utility also means a municipally owned gas or electric utility for nonresident consumers of the municipally owned utility and a cooperative electric association when a complaint in connection with utility heating service during the cold weather period is filed under section 216B.17, subdivision 6 or 6a.

(k) "Utility heating service" means natural gas or electricity used as a primary heating
source, including electricity service necessary to operate gas heating equipment, for the
customer's primary residence.

(1) "Working days" means Mondays through Fridays, excluding legal holidays. The day
of receipt of a personally served notice and the day of mailing of a notice shall not be counted
in calculating working days.

283.27 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.096, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Utility obligations before cold weather period. Each year, between September <u>4 August 15</u> and October <u>15 1</u>, each utility must provide all customers, personally, by first class mail, or electronically for those requesting electronic billing, a summary of rights and responsibilities. The summary must also be provided to all new residential customers when service is initiated.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

284.2 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.097, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Application; notice to residential customer. (a) A municipal utility or a cooperative electric association must not disconnect and must reconnect the utility service of a residential customer during the period between October <u>15 1</u> and April <u>15 30</u> if the disconnection affects the primary heat source for the residential unit and all of the following conditions are met:

(1) The household income of the customer is at or below 50 percent of the state median
household income. A municipal utility or cooperative electric association utility may (i)
verify income on forms it provides or (ii) obtain verification of income from the local energy
assistance provider. A customer is deemed to meet the income requirements of this clause
if the customer receives any form of public assistance, including energy assistance, that
uses an income eligibility threshold set at or below 50 percent of the state median household
income.

(2) A customer enters into and makes reasonably timely payments under a paymentagreement that considers the financial resources of the household.

(3) A customer receives referrals to energy assistance, weatherization, conservation, orother programs likely to reduce the customer's energy bills.

(b) A municipal utility or a cooperative electric association must, between August 15 and October 15 <u>1</u> each year, notify all residential customers of the provisions of this section.

284.21 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.097, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Notice to residential customer facing disconnection. Before disconnecting service to a residential customer during the period between October 15 and April 15 30, a municipal utility or cooperative electric association must provide the following information to a customer:

284.26 (1) a notice of proposed disconnection;

284.27 (2) a statement explaining the customer's rights and responsibilities;

284.28 (3) a list of local energy assistance providers;

284.29 (4) forms on which to declare inability to pay; and

(5) a statement explaining available time payment plans and other opportunities to securecontinued utility service.

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285.1 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.097, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Restrictions if disconnection necessary.** (a) If a residential customer must be involuntarily disconnected between October <u>15 1</u> and April <u>15 30</u> for failure to comply with subdivision 1, the disconnection must not occur:

(1) on a Friday, unless the customer declines to enter into a payment agreement offered
that day in person or via personal contact by telephone by a municipal utility or cooperative
electric association;

285.8 (2) on a weekend, holiday, or the day before a holiday;

285.9 (3) when utility offices are closed; or

(4) after the close of business on a day when disconnection is permitted, unless a field
representative of a municipal utility or cooperative electric association who is authorized
to enter into a payment agreement, accept payment, and continue service, offers a payment
agreement to the customer.

Further, the disconnection must not occur until at least 20 days after the notice required in subdivision 2 has been mailed to the customer or 15 days after the notice has been personally delivered to the customer.

(b) If a customer does not respond to a disconnection notice, the customer must not be disconnected until the utility investigates whether the residential unit is actually occupied. If the unit is found to be occupied, the utility must immediately inform the occupant of the provisions of this section. If the unit is unoccupied, the utility must give seven days' written notice of the proposed disconnection to the local energy assistance provider before making a disconnection.

(c) If, prior to disconnection, a customer appeals a notice of involuntary disconnection,
as provided by the utility's established appeal procedure, the utility must not disconnect
until the appeal is resolved.

285.26 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.164, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Purchases; wheeling; costs.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c), this subdivision shall apply to all qualifying facilities having 40-kilowatt capacity or more as well as qualifying facilities as defined in subdivision 3 and net metered facilities under subdivision 3a, if interconnected to a cooperative electric association or municipal utility, or 1,000-kilowatt capacity or more if interconnected to a public utility, which elect to be governed by its provisions.

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(b) The utility to which the qualifying facility is interconnected shall purchase all energy 286.1 and capacity made available by the qualifying facility. The qualifying facility shall be paid 286.2 286.3 the utility's full avoided capacity and energy costs as negotiated by the parties, as set by the commission, or as determined through competitive bidding approved by the commission. 286.4 The full avoided capacity and energy costs to be paid a qualifying facility that generates 286.5 electric power by means of a renewable energy source are the utility's least cost renewable 286.6 energy facility or the bid of a competing supplier of a least cost renewable energy facility, 286.7 286.8 whichever is lower, unless the commission's resource plan order, under section 216B.2422, subdivision 2, provides that the use of a renewable resource to meet the identified capacity 286.9 need is not in the public interest. 286.10

(c) For all qualifying facilities having 30-kilowatt capacity or more, the utility shall, at
the qualifying facility's or the utility's request, provide wheeling or exchange agreements
wherever practicable to sell the qualifying facility's output to any other Minnesota utility
having generation expansion anticipated or planned for the ensuing ten years. The
commission shall establish the methods and procedures to insure that except for reasonable
wheeling charges and line losses, the qualifying facility receives the full avoided energy
and capacity costs of the utility ultimately receiving the output.

286.18 (d) The commission shall set rates for electricity generated by renewable energy.

286.19 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.2424, is amended by adding a subdivision 286.20 to read:

Subd. 5b. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of subdivision 5c, the following terms have
 the meanings given.

(b) "Agreement period" means the period beginning January 1, 2023, and ending
December 31, 2024.

286.25 (c) "Ash" means all species of the genus *Fraxinus*.

286.26 (d) "Cogeneration facility" means the St. Paul district heating and cooling system

286.27 cogeneration facility that uses waste wood as the facility's primary fuel source, provides

286.28 thermal energy to St. Paul, and sells electricity to a public utility through a power purchase

agreement approved by the Public Utilities Commission.

286.30 (e) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture.

(f) "Emerald ash borer" means the insect known as emerald ash borer, *Agrilus planipennis*Fairmaire, in any stage of development.

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287.1	(g) "Renewable energy techr	ology" has the meaning giv	ven to "eligible e	nergy technology"
287.2	in section 216B.1691, subdivis	ion 1.		
287.3	(h) "St. Paul district heating	and cooling system" mean	ns a system of bo	oilers, distribution
287.4	pipes, and other equipment that	t provides energy for heat	ing and cooling	in St. Paul, and
287.5	includes the cogeneration facility	ity.		
287.6	(i) "Waste wood from ash tr	rees" means ash logs and l	umber, ash tree	waste, and ash
287.7	chips and mulch.			
287.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	section is effective the da	y following fina	ll enactment.
287.9	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2	020, section 216B.2424, is	amended by add	ling a subdivision
287.10	to read:			
287.11	Subd. 5c. New power purc	hase agreement. (a) No la	ater than August	t 1, 2021, a public
287.12	utility subject to subdivision 5	and the cogeneration facil	ity may file a pr	oposal with the
287.13	commission to enter into a pow	ver purchase agreement the	at governs the p	ublic utility's
287.14	purchase of electricity generated	l by the cogeneration facili	ty. The power pu	irchase agreement
287.15	may extend no later than Decer	mber 31, 2024, and must r	not be extended	beyond that date
287.16	except as provided in paragrap	<u>h (f).</u>		
287.17	(b) The commission is prohi	bited from approving a ne	w power purchas	se agreement filed
287.18	under this subdivision that doe	s not meet all of the follow	ving conditions:	
287.19	(1) the cogeneration facility	agrees that any waste wo	od from ash tree	es removed from
287.20	Minnesota counties that have b	een designated as quarant	ined areas in Se	ction IV of the
287.21	Minnesota State Formal Quara	ntine for Emerald Ash Bor	er, issued by the	commissioner of
287.22	agriculture under section 18G.0	06, effective November 14	, 2019, as amend	led, for utilization
287.23	as biomass fuel by the cogener	ation facility must be acco	ompanied by evi	dence:
287.24	(i) demonstrating that the tr	ansport of biomass fuel fr	om processed w	aste wood from
287.25	ash trees to the cogeneration fac	ility complies with the dep	artment's regula	tory requirements
287.26	under the Minnesota State Form	nal Quarantine for Emera	ld Ash Borer, w	hich may consist
287.27	<u>of:</u>			
287.28	(A) a certificate authorized o	r prepared by the commissi	ioner of agricultu	re or an employee
287.29	of the Animal and Plant Health	Inspection Service of the	United States E	Department of
287.30	Agriculture verifying complian	ice; or		
287.31	(B) shipping documents der	nonstrating compliance; c	<u>or</u>	

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288.1	(ii) certifying that the waste wood from ash trees has been chipped to one inch or less					
288.2	in two dimensions, and was chip	ped within the county fro	m which the ash	trees were		
288.3	originally removed;					
288.4	(2) the price per megawatt hour of electricity paid by the public utility demonstrates					
288.5	significant savings compared to	the existing power purcha	ase agreement, wi	ith a price that		
288.6	does not exceed \$98 per megawa	att hour;				
288.7	(3) the proposal includes a pr	oposal to the commission	n for one or more	electrification		
288.8	projects that result in the St. Pau	l district heating and cool	ing system being	powered by		
288.9	electricity generated from renew	able energy technologies.	. The plan must e	valuate		
288.10	electrification at three or more le	vels from ten to 100 perc	ent, including 10	0 percent of the		
288.11	energy used by the St. Paul distr	ict heating and cooling sy	stem to be imple	mented by		
288.12	December 31, 2027. The propos	al may also evaluate alter	native dates for in	nplementation.		
288.13	For each level of electrification a	analyzed, the proposal mu	ist contain:			
288.14	(i) a description of the alterna	ative electrification technology	ologies evaluated	and whose		
288.15	implementation is proposed as p	art of the electrification p	roject;			
288.16	(ii) an estimate of the cost of	the electrification project	t to the public util	ity, the impact		
288.17	on the monthly energy bills of th	e public utility's Minnesc	ota customers, and	the impact on		
288.18	the monthly energy bills of St. P	aul district heating and co	ooling system cus	tomers;		
288.19	(iii) an estimate of the reduct	ion in greenhouse gas em	issions resulting	from the		
288.20	electrification project, including g	greenhouse gas emissions	associated with th	e transportation		
288.21	of waste wood;					
288.22	(iv) estimated impacts on the	operations of the St. Pau	l district heating	and cooling		
288.23	system; and					
288.24	(v) a timeline for the electrifi	cation project; and				
288.25	(4) the power purchase agree	ment provides a net bene	fit to the utility cu	istomers or the		
288.26	state.					
288.27	(c) The commission may app	rove, or approve as modi	fied, a proposed of	electrification		
288.28	project that meets the requirement	nts of this subdivision if i	t finds the electri	fication project		
288.29	is in the public interest, or the co	mmission may reject the	project if it finds	that the project		
288.30	is not in the public interest. Whe	n determining whether ar	electrification p	roject is in the		
288.31	public interest, the commission r	nay consider the effects of	f the electrification	on project on air		
288.32	emissions from the St. Paul distr	ict heating and cooling sy	stem and how th	e emissions		
288.33	impact the environment and resid	dents of affected neighbor	rhoods.			

289.1	(d) During the agreement period, the cogeneration facility must attempt to obtain funding
289.2	to reduce the cost of generating electricity and enable the facility to continue to operate
289.3	beyond the agreement period to address the removal of ash trees, as described in paragraph
289.4	(b), clause (1), without any subsidy or contribution from any power purchase agreement
289.5	after December 31, 2024. The cogeneration facility must submit periodic reports to the
289.6	commission regarding the efforts made under this paragraph.
289.7	(e) Upon approval of the new power purchase agreement, the commission must require
289.8	periodic reporting regarding progress toward development of a proposal for an electrification
289.9	project.
289.10	(f) The commission is prohibited from approving either an extension of an existing
289.11	power purchase agreement or a new power purchase agreement that operates after the
289.12	agreement period unless it approves an electrification project. Nothing in this section requires
289.13	any utility to enter into a power purchase agreement with the cogeneration facility after
289.14	December 31, 2024.
289.15	(g) Upon approval of an electrification project, the commission must require periodic
289.16	reporting regarding the progress toward implementation of the electrification project.
289.17	(h) If the commission approves the proposal submitted under paragraph (b), clause (3),
289.18	the commission may allow the public utility to recover prudently incurred costs net of
289.19	revenues resulting from the electrification project through an automatic cost recovery
289.20	mechanism that allows for cost recovery outside of a general rate case. The cost recovery
289.21	mechanism approved by the commission must:
289.22	(1) allow a reasonable return on the capital invested in the electrification project by the
289.23	public utility, as determined by the commission; and
289.24	(2) recover costs only from the public utility's Minnesota electric service customers.
289.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
289.26	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.243, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
289.27	Subd. 8. Exemptions. (a) This section does not apply to:
289.28	(1) cogeneration or small power production facilities as defined in the Federal Power
289.29	Act, United States Code, title 16, section 796, paragraph (17), subparagraph (A), and
289.30	paragraph (18), subparagraph (A), and having a combined capacity at a single site of less
289.31	than 80,000 kilowatts; plants or facilities for the production of ethanol or fuel alcohol; or

any case where the commission has determined after being advised by the attorney generalthat its application has been preempted by federal law;

(2) a high-voltage transmission line proposed primarily to distribute electricity to serve
the demand of a single customer at a single location, unless the applicant opts to request
that the commission determine need under this section or section 216B.2425;

(3) the upgrade to a higher voltage of an existing transmission line that serves the demand
of a single customer that primarily uses existing rights-of-way, unless the applicant opts to
request that the commission determine need under this section or section 216B.2425;

(4) a high-voltage transmission line of one mile or less required to connect a new orupgraded substation to an existing, new, or upgraded high-voltage transmission line;

(5) conversion of the fuel source of an existing electric generating plant to using naturalgas;

(6) the modification of an existing electric generating plant to increase efficiency, as
long as the capacity of the plant is not increased more than ten percent or more than 100
megawatts, whichever is greater;

(7) a <u>large wind energy conversion system, as defined in section 216F.01, subdivision</u>
290.17 <u>2</u>, or <u>a solar electric energy generation facility system, as defined in section 216E.01,</u>
290.18 <u>subdivision 9a,</u> if the system or facility is owned and operated by an independent power
290.19 producer and the electric output of the system or facility:

290.20 (i) is not sold to an entity that provides retail service in Minnesota or wholesale electric 290.21 service to another entity in Minnesota other than an entity that is a federally recognized 290.22 regional transmission organization or independent system operator; or

(ii) is sold to an entity that provides retail service in Minnesota or wholesale electric
service to another entity in Minnesota other than an entity that is a federally recognized
regional transmission organization or independent system operator, provided that the system
represents solar or wind capacity that the entity purchasing the system's electric output was
ordered by the commission to develop in the entity's most recent integrated resource plan
approved under section 216B.2422; or

(8) a large wind energy conversion system, as defined in section 216F.01, subdivision
290.30 2, or a solar energy generating large energy facility, as defined in section 216B.2421,
290.31 subdivision 2, engaging in a repowering project that:

(i) will not result in the facility exceeding the nameplate capacity under its most recentinterconnection agreement; or

291.1 (ii) will result in the facility exceeding the nameplate capacity under its most recent

291.2 interconnection agreement, provided that the Midcontinent Independent System Operator

has provided a signed generator interconnection agreement that reflects the expected netpower increase.

291.5 (b) For the purpose of this subdivision, "repowering project" means:

(1) modifying a large wind energy conversion system or a solar energy generating large
 energy facility to increase its efficiency without increasing its nameplate capacity;

(2) replacing turbines in a large wind energy conversion system without increasing thenameplate capacity of the system; or

291.10 (3) increasing the nameplate capacity of a large wind energy conversion system.

291.11 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.62, subdivision 3b, is amended to read:

Subd. 3b. Assessment for department regional and national duties. In addition to 291.12 other assessments in subdivision 3, the department may assess up to \$500,000 per fiscal 291.13 year for performing its duties under section 216A.07, subdivision 3a. The amount in this 291.14 291.15 subdivision shall be assessed to energy utilities in proportion to their respective gross operating revenues from retail sales of gas or electric service within the state during the last 291.16 calendar year and shall be deposited into an account in the special revenue fund and is 291.17 appropriated to the commissioner of commerce for the purposes of section 216A.07, 291.18 subdivision 3a. An assessment made under this subdivision is not subject to the cap on 291.19 assessments provided in subdivision 3 or any other law. For the purpose of this subdivision, 291.20 an "energy utility" means public utilities, generation and transmission cooperative electric 291.21 associations, and municipal power agencies providing natural gas or electric service in the 291.22 state. This subdivision expires June 30, 2021. 291.23

291.24

.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

291.25 Sec. 13. [216B.631] COMPENSATION FOR PARTICIPANTS IN PROCEEDINGS.

291.26 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have 291.27 the meaning given.

291.28 (b) "Participant" means a person who meets the requirements of subdivision 2 and who:

(1) files comments or appears in a commission proceeding, other than public hearings,
 concerning one or more public utilities; or

292.1	(2) is permitted by the commission to intervene in a commission proceeding concerning
292.2	one or more public utilities; and
292.3	(3) files a request for compensation under this section.
292.4	(c) "Proceeding" means an undertaking of the commission in which it seeks to resolve
292.5	an issue affecting one or more public utilities and which results in a commission order.
292.6	(d) "Public utility" has the meaning given in section 216B.02, subdivision 4.
292.7	Subd. 2. Participants; eligibility. Any of the following participants is eligible to receive
292.8	compensation under this section:
292.9	(1) a nonprofit organization that is:
292.10	(i) exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue
292.11	Code;
292.12	(ii) incorporated in Minnesota; and
292.13	(iii) governed under chapter 317A;
292.14	(2) a Tribal government of a federally recognized Indian Tribe that is located in
292.15	Minnesota; or
292.16	(3) a Minnesota resident, except that an individual who owns a for-profit business that
292.17	has earned revenue from a Minnesota utility in the past two years is not eligible for
292.18	compensation.
292.19	Subd. 3. Compensation; conditions. (a) The commission may order a public utility to
292.20	compensate all or part of an eligible participant's reasonable costs of participation in a
292.21	proceeding that comes before the commission when the commission finds that the participant
292.22	has materially assisted the commission's deliberation.
292.23	(b) In determining whether a participant has materially assisted the commission's
292.24	deliberation, the commission must find that:
292.25	(1) the participant made a unique contribution to the record and represented an interest
292.26	that would not otherwise have been adequately represented;
292.27	(2) the evidence or arguments presented or the positions taken by the participant were
292.28	an important factor in producing a fair decision;
292.29	
	(3) the participant's position promoted a public purpose or policy;
292.30	 (3) the participant's position promoted a public purpose or policy; (4) the evidence presented, arguments made, issues raised, or positions taken by the

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293.1	(5) the participant was activ	e in any stakeholder proce	ess made part of	the proceeding;
293.2	and			
293.3	(6) the proceeding resulted	in a commission order that	adopted, in whe	ole or in part, a
293.4	position advocated by the partie	cipant.		
293.5	(c) In reviewing a compensation	ation request, the commiss	ion must consid	er whether the
293.6	costs presented in the participation	nt's claim are reasonable.		
293.7	Subd. 4. Compensation; a	nount. (a) Compensation	must not exceed	\$50,000 for a
293.8	single participant in any procee	× <i>,</i>		
293.9	(1) if a proceeding extends lo	onger than 12 months, a part	icipant may requ	est compensation
293.10	of up to \$50,000 for costs incu			
293.11	(2) in a general rate case pro	oceeding under section 216	5B.16 or an inte	grated resource
293.12	plan proceeding under section 2			
293.13	must not exceed \$75,000.			
293.14	(b) A single participant mus	st not be granted more than	\$200,000 unde	r this section in a
293.15	single calendar year.			
293.16	(c) Compensation requests f	rom joint participants mus	t be presented as	a single request.
293.17	(d) Notwithstanding paragra	aphs (a) and (b), the comm	ission must not,	in any calendar
293.18	year, require a single public uti	lity to pay aggregate comp	ensation under t	this section that
293.19	exceeds the following amounts	<u>:</u>		
293.20	(1) \$100,000, for a public ut	ility with up to \$300,000,00)0 annual gross c	operating revenue
293.21	in Minnesota;			
293.22	(2) \$275,000, for a public uti	lity with more than \$300,00	00,000 but less th	nan \$900,000,000
293.23	annual gross operating revenue	in Minnesota;		
293.24	(3) \$375,000, for a public u	tility with more than \$900.	,000,000 but les	s than
293.25	\$2,000,000,000 annual gross op	perating revenue in Minnes	sota; and	
293.26	(4) \$1,250,000, for a public t	utility with more than \$2,00	0,000,000 annua	al gross operating
293.27	revenue in Minnesota.	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>
293.28	(e) When requests for compe	nsation from any public util	ity approach the	limits established
293.29	in paragraph (d), the commission			
293.30	less than \$150,000 in total com			

294.1	Subd. 5. Compensation; process. (a) A participant seeking compensation must file a
294.2	request and an affidavit of service with the commission, and serve a copy of the request on
294.3	each party to the proceeding. The request must be filed no more than 30 days after the later
294.4	of: (1) the expiration of the period within which a petition for rehearing, amendment,
294.5	vacation, reconsideration, or reargument must be filed; or (2) the date the commission issues
294.6	an order following rehearing, amendment, vacation, reconsideration, or reargument.
294.7	(b) A compensation request must include:
294.8	(1) the name and address of the participant or nonprofit organization the participant is
294.9	representing;
294.10	(2) evidence of the organization's nonprofit, tax-exempt status;
294.11	(3) the name and docket number of the proceeding for which compensation is requested;
294.12	(4) a list of actual annual revenue secured and expenses incurred for participation in
294.13	commission proceedings separately for the preceding and current year, and projected revenue,
294.14	revenue sources, and expenses for participation in commission proceedings for the current
294.15	year;
294.16	(5) amounts of compensation awarded to the participant under this section during the
294.17	current year and any pending requests for compensation, by docket;
294.18	(6) an itemization of the participant's costs, including hours worked and associated hourly
294.19	rates for each individual contributing to the participation, not including overhead costs,
294.20	participant revenues for the proceeding, and the total compensation request; and
294.21	(7) a narrative describing the unique contribution made to the proceeding by the
294.22	participant.
294.23	(c) A participant shall comply with reasonable requests for information by the commission
294.24	and other participants. A participant shall reply to information requests within ten calendar
294.25	days of the date the request is received, unless this would place an extreme hardship upon
294.26	the replying participant. The replying participant must provide a copy of the information
294.27	to any other participant or interested person upon request. Disputes regarding information
294.28	requests may be resolved by the commission.
294.29	(d) Within 30 days after service of the request for compensation, a party may file a
294.30	response, together with an affidavit of service, with the commission. A copy of the response
294.31	must be served on the requesting participant and all other parties to the proceeding.

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295.1	(e) Within 15 days after the	e response is filed, the part	icipant may file	a reply with the
295.2	commission. A copy of the rep	oly and an affidavit of serv	ice must be serv	red on all other
295.3	parties to the proceeding.			
295.4	(f) If additional costs are in	ncurred by a participant as	a result of addit	ional proceedings
295.5	following the commission's ini	itial order, the participant m	ay file an amend	ded request within
295.6	30 days after the commission	issues an amended order. P	aragraphs (b) to	(e) apply to an
295.7	amended request.			
295.8	(g) The commission must i	issue a decision on particip	ant compensation	on within 60 days
295.9	of the date a request for compo	ensation is filed by a partic	ipant.	
295.10	(h) The commission may e	extend the deadlines in para	graphs (d), (e),	and (g) for up to
295.11	60 days upon the request of a pa	articipant or on the commis	sion's own initia	tive, if applicable.
295.12	(i) A participant may reque	st reconsideration of the cor	nmission's com	pensation decision
295.13	within 30 days of the decision	date.		
295.14	Subd. 6. Compensation; or	rders. (a) If the commission	issues an order	requiring payment
295.15	of participant compensation, the	he public utility that was th	ne subject of the	proceeding must
295.16	pay the compensation to the pa	articipant and file proof of	payment with th	ne commission
295.17	within 30 days after the later o	f: (1) the expiration of the	period within w	hich a petition for
295.18	reconsideration of the commis	ssion's compensation decisi	on must be filed	d; or (2) the date
295.19	the commission issues an orde	er following reconsideration	n of the commis	sion's order on
295.20	participant compensation.			
295.21	(b) If the commission issue	es an order requiring payme	ent of participan	t compensation in
295.22	a proceeding involving multipl	e public utilities, the comm	ission shall appo	ortion costs among
295.23	the public utilities in proportion	on to each public utility's ar	nnual revenue.	
295.24	(c) The commission may is	ssue orders necessary to all	ow a public util	ity to recover the
295.25	costs of participant compensat	tion on a timely basis.		
295.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This	s section is effective the da	y following fina	al enactment.
295.27	Sec. 14. [216C.51] UTILIT	Y DIVERSITY REPORT	TING.	
295.28	Subdivision 1. Policy. It is	the policy of this state to e	encourage each u	utility that serves
295.29	Minnesota residents to focus of	on and improve the diversit	y of the utility's	workforce and
295.30	suppliers.			
295.31	Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) F	or the purposes of this sect	ion, the following	ng terms have the
295.32	meanings given.			

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296.1	(b) "Certification" means off	icial recognition by a gov	rernmental unit t	hat a business is
296.2	a preferred vendor as a result of	the characteristics of the	business owner	or owners or the
296.3	location of the business.			
296.4	(c) "Utility" has the meaning	given in section 216C.06	5, subdivision 18	<u>.</u>
296.5	Subd. 3. Annual report. (a)	Beginning March 15, 202	2, and each Mar	ch 15 thereafter,
296.6	each utility authorized to do bus	iness in Minnesota must f	file an annual div	versity report to
296.7	the commissioner on:			
296.8	(1) the utility's goals and effo	rts to increase diversity in	the workplace, i	ncluding current
296.9	workforce representation number	ers and percentages; and		
296.10	(2) all procurement goals and	l actual spending for fema	ale-owned, minc	ority-owned,
296.11	veteran-owned, and small busine	ess enterprises during the	previous calend	ar year.
296.12	(b) The goals under paragrap	h (a), clause (2), must be	expressed as a p	percentage of the
296.13	total work performed by the util	ity submitting the report.	The actual spend	ling for
296.14	female-owned, minority-owned,	veteran-owned, and small	ll business enter	prises must also
296.15	be expressed as a percentage of the	ne total work performed by	y the utility subm	nitting the report.
296.16	Subd. 4. Report elements. E	ach utility required to repo	ort under this sect	tion must include
296.17	the following in the annual report	<u>rt:</u>		
296.18	(1) an explanation of the plan	to increase diversity in the	e utility's workfo	rce and suppliers
296.19	during the next year;			
296.20	(2) an explanation of the plan	n to increase the goals;		
296.21	(3) an explanation of the cha	llenges faced to increase	workforce and su	upplier diversity,
296.22	including suggestions regarding	actions the department co	uld take to help i	dentify potential
296.23	employees and vendors;			
296.24	(4) a list of the certifications	the company recognizes;		
296.25	(5) a point of contact for a point of (5) a point of	otential employee or vend	or that wishes to	work for or do
296.26	business with the utility; and			
296.27	(6) a list of successful action	s taken to increase workfo	orce and supplies	r diversity, in
296.28	order to encourage other compar	nies to emulate best practi	ices.	
296.29	Subd. 5. State data. Each an	nual report must include	as much state-sp	ecific data as
296.30	possible. If the submitting utility	does not submit state-spe	cific data, the uti	lity must include
296.31	any relevant national data the ut	ility possesses, explain w	hy the utility cou	ıld not submit

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297.1 state-specific data, and explain how the utility intends to include state-specific data in future
297.2 reports, if possible.

297.3 Subd. 6. Publication; retention. The department must publish an annual report on the
297.4 department's website and must maintain each annual report for at least five years.

297.5 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216E.03, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Considerations in designating sites and routes. (a) The commission's site and route permit determinations must be guided by the state's goals to conserve resources, minimize environmental impacts, minimize human settlement and other land use conflicts, and ensure the state's electric energy security through efficient, cost-effective power supply and electric transmission infrastructure.

(b) To facilitate the study, research, evaluation, and designation of sites and routes, thecommission shall be guided by, but not limited to, the following considerations:

(1) evaluation of research and investigations relating to the effects on land, water and
air resources of large electric power generating plants and high-voltage transmission lines
and the effects of water and air discharges and electric and magnetic fields resulting from
such facilities on public health and welfare, vegetation, animals, materials and aesthetic
values, including baseline studies, predictive modeling, and evaluation of new or improved
methods for minimizing adverse impacts of water and air discharges and other matters
pertaining to the effects of power plants on the water and air environment;

297.20 (2) environmental evaluation of sites and routes proposed for future development and 297.21 expansion and their relationship to the land, water, air and human resources of the state;

(3) evaluation of the effects of new electric power generation and transmission
technologies and systems related to power plants designed to minimize adverse environmental
effects;

(4) evaluation of the potential for beneficial uses of waste energy from proposed largeelectric power generating plants;

(5) analysis of the direct and indirect economic impact of proposed sites and routes
including, but not limited to, productive agricultural land lost or impaired;

(6) evaluation of adverse direct and indirect environmental effects that cannot be avoidedshould the proposed site and route be accepted;

(7) evaluation of alternatives to the applicant's proposed site or route proposed pursuantto subdivisions 1 and 2;

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(8) evaluation of potential routes that would use or parallel existing railroad and highwayrights-of-way;

298.3 (9) evaluation of governmental survey lines and other natural division lines of agricultural
298.4 land so as to minimize interference with agricultural operations;

(10) evaluation of the future needs for additional high-voltage transmission lines in the
same general area as any proposed route, and the advisability of ordering the construction
of structures capable of expansion in transmission capacity through multiple circuiting or
design modifications;

(11) evaluation of irreversible and irretrievable commitments of resources should theproposed site or route be approved; and

(12) when appropriate, consideration of problems raised by other state and federal
 agencies and local entities:

(13) evaluation of the benefits of the proposed facility with respect to the protection and
 enhancement of environmental quality, and to the reliability of state and regional energy
 supplies; and

298.16 (14) evaluation of the proposed project's impact on socioeconomic factors.

(c) If the commission's rules are substantially similar to existing regulations of a federal
agency to which the utility in the state is subject, the federal regulations must be applied by
the commission.

298.20 (d) No site or route shall be designated which violates state agency rules.

(e) The commission must make specific findings that it has considered locating a route for a high-voltage transmission line on an existing high-voltage transmission route and the use of parallel existing highway right-of-way and, to the extent those are not used for the route, the commission must state the reasons.

298.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

298.26 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216E.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Applicable projects. The requirements and procedures in this section apply tothe following projects:

(1) large electric power generating plants with a capacity of less than 80 megawatts;

298.30 (2) large electric power generating plants that are fueled by natural gas;

298.31 (3) high-voltage transmission lines of between 100 and 200 kilovolts;

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(4) high-voltage transmission lines in excess of 200 kilovolts and less than five <u>30</u> miles
in length in Minnesota;

(5) high-voltage transmission lines in excess of 200 kilovolts if at least 80 percent of
the distance of the line in Minnesota will be located along existing high-voltage transmission
line right-of-way;

(6) a high-voltage transmission line service extension to a single customer between 200
and 300 kilovolts and less than ten miles in length;

(7) a high-voltage transmission line rerouting to serve the demand of a single customer
when the rerouted line will be located at least 80 percent on property owned or controlled
by the customer or the owner of the transmission line; and

299.11 (8) large electric power generating plants that are powered by solar energy.

299.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

299.13 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216F.012, is amended to read:

299.14 216F.012 SIZE ELECTION.

(a) A wind energy conversion system of less than 25 megawatts of nameplate capacity
as determined under section 216F.011 is a small wind energy conversion system if, by July
1, 2009, the owner so elects in writing and submits a completed application for zoning
approval and the written election to the county or counties in which the project is proposed
to be located. The owner must notify the Public Utilities Commission of the election at the
time the owner submits the election to the county.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a wind energy conversion system with a nameplate capacity exceeding five megawatts that is proposed to be located wholly or partially within a wind access buffer adjacent to state lands that are part of the outdoor recreation system, as enumerated in section 86A.05, is a large wind energy conversion system. The Department of Natural Resources shall negotiate in good faith with a system owner regarding siting and may support the system owner in seeking a variance from the system setback requirements if it determines that a variance is in the public interest.

(c) The Public Utilities Commission shall issue an annual report to the chairs and ranking
 minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with primary
 jurisdiction over energy policy and natural resource policy regarding any variances applied
 for and not granted for systems subject to paragraph (b).

299.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

SF972 FIRST UNOFFICIAL REVISOR RSI UES0972-1 ENGROSSMENT Sec. 18. [216F.084] WIND TURBINE LIGHTING SYSTEMS. 300.1 300.2 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given. 300.3 (b) "Duration" means the length of time during which the lights of a wind turbine lighting 300.4 300.5 system are lit. (c) "Intensity" means the brightness of a wind turbine lighting system's lights. 300.6 300.7 (d) "Light-mitigating technology" means a sensor-based system that reduces the duration or intensity of wind turbine lighting systems by: 300.8 300.9 (1) using radio frequency or other sensors to detect aircraft approaching one or more wind turbines, or detecting visibility conditions at turbine sites; and 300.10 300.11 (2) automatically activating appropriate obstruction lights until the lights are no longer needed by the aircraft and are turned off or dimmed. 300.12 A light-mitigating technology may include an audio feature that transmits an audible warning 300.13 message to provide a pilot additional information regarding a wind turbine the aircraft is 300.14 300.15 approaching. (e) "Repowering project" has the meaning given in section 216B.243, subdivision 8, 300.16 paragraph (b). 300.17 (f) "Wind turbine lighting system" means a system of lights installed on an LWECS that 300.18 meets the applicable Federal Aviation Administration requirements. 300.19 Subd. 2. Application. This section applies to an LWECS issued a site permit or site 300.20 permit amendment, including a site permit amendment for an LWECS repowering project, 300.21 300.22 by the commission under section 216F.04 or by a county under section 216F.08, provided that the application for a site permit or permit amendment is filed after July 1, 2021. 300.23 Subd. 3. Required lighting system. (a) An LWECS subject to this section must be 300.24 equipped with a light-mitigating technology that meets the requirements established in 300.25 Chapter 14 of the Federal Aviation Administration's Advisory Circular 70/760-1, Obstruction 300.26 Marking and Lighting, as updated, unless the Federal Aviation Administration, after 300.27 reviewing the LWECS site plan, rejects the use of the light-mitigating technology for the 300.28 LWECS. A light-mitigating technology installed on a wind turbine in Minnesota must be 300.29 purchased from a vendor approved by the Federal Aviation Administration. 300.30 (b) If the Federal Aviation Administration, after reviewing the LWECS site plan, rejects 300.31 the use of a light-mitigating technology for the LWECS under paragraph (a), the LWECS 300.32

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must be equipped with a wind turbine lighting system that minimizes the duration or intensity 301.1 of the lighting system while maintaining full compliance with the lighting standards 301.2 301.3 established in Chapter 13 of the Federal Aviation Administration's Advisory Circular 70/760-1, Obstruction Marking and Lighting, as updated. 301.4 301.5 Subd. 4. Exemptions. (a) The Public Utilities Commission or a county that has assumed 301.6 permitting authority under section 216F.08 must grant an owner of an LWECS an exemption from subdivision 3, paragraph (a), if the Federal Aviation Administration denies the owner's 301.7 301.8 application to equip an LWECS with a light-mitigating technology. 301.9 (b) The Public Utilities Commission or a county that has assumed permitting authority 301.10 under section 216F.08 must grant an owner of an LWECS an exemption from or an extension of time to comply with subdivision 3, paragraph (a), if after notice and public hearing the 301.11 owner of the LWECS demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commission or county that: 301.12 (1) equipping an LWECS with a light-mitigating technology is technically infeasible; 301.13 301.14 (2) equipping an LWECS with a light-mitigating technology imposes a significant financial burden on the permittee; or 301.15 301.16 (3) a vendor approved by the Federal Aviation Administration cannot deliver a light-mitigating technology to the LWECS owner in a reasonable amount of time. 301.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 301.18 Sec. 19. TRIBAL ADVOCACY COUNCIL ON ENERGY; DEPARTMENT OF 301.19 **COMMERCE SUPPORT.** 301.20 (a) The Department of Commerce must provide technical support and subject matter 301.21 expertise to help facilitate efforts taken by the 11 federally recognized Indian Tribes in 301.22 Minnesota to establish and operate a Tribal advocacy council on energy. 301.23 301.24 (b) When requested by a Tribal advocacy council on energy, the Department of Commerce must assist the council to: 301.25 301.26 (1) assess and evaluate common Tribal energy issues, including: (i) identifying and prioritizing energy issues; 301.27 301.28 (ii) facilitating idea sharing among the Tribes to generate solutions to energy issues; and (iii) assisting decision making with respect to resolving energy issues; 301.29 (2) develop new statewide energy policies or proposed legislation, including: 301.30 (i) organizing stakeholder meetings; 301.31

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302.1	(ii) gathering input and other rel	evant information;		
302.2	(iii) assisting with policy propos	sal development, eval	uation, and decisi	on making; and
302.3	(iv) helping facilitate actions tal	ten to submit, and obt	tain approval for	or have enacted,
302.4	policies or legislation approved by	the council;		
302.5	(3) make efforts to raise awarene	ess of and provide educ	cational opportun	ities with respect
302.6	to Tribal energy issues among Triba	al members by:		
302.7	(i) identifying information resou	irces;		
302.8	(ii) gathering feedback on issue	s and topics the counc	il identifies as ar	eas of interest;
302.9	and			
302.10	(iii) identifying topics for and h	elping to facilitate edu	ucational forums;	and
302.11	(4) identify, evaluate, dissemina	te, and implement suc	ccessful energy-re	elated practices.
302.12	(c) Nothing in this section requi	res or otherwise oblig	gates the 11 federa	ally recognized
302.13	Indian Tribes in Minnesota to estab	lish a Tribal advocac	y council on energy	gy, nor does it
302.14	require or obligate a federally recog	gnized Indian Tribe in	Minnesota to par	rticipate in or
302.15	implement a decision or support an	effort made by a Trib	al advocacy cour	ncil on energy.
302.16	(d) Any support provided by the	Department of Comn	nerce to a Tribal a	dvocacy council
302.17	on energy under this section must be	provided only upon re	equest of the coun	cil and is limited
302.18	to issues and areas where the Depar	rtment of Commerce's	s expertise and as	sistance is
302.19	requested.			
302.20	Sec. 20. PILOT PROJECT; RE	PORTING REQUI	REMENTS.	
302.21	Upon completion of the solar er	ergy pilot project des	cribed in section	21, subdivision
302.22	3, paragraph (b), or by January 15,	2023, whichever is ea	rlier, the commis	sioner of the
302.23	Pollution Control Agency, in cooper	ration with the electric	cooperative asso	ciation operating
302.24	the pilot project, must report to the	chairs and ranking m	inority members	of the legislative

302.25 <u>committees with jurisdiction over capital investment, energy, and environment on the</u>

- 302.26 **following:**
- 302.27 (1) project accomplishments and milestones, including any project growth, developments,
 302.28 or agreements that resulted from the project;
- 302.29 (2) challenges or barriers faced during development or after completion of the project;
- 302.30 (3) project financials, including expenses, utility agreements, and project viability; and
- 302.31 (4) replicability of the pilot project to other future closed landfill projects.

303.2	Sec. 21. APPROPRIATIONS.
303.3	Subdivision 1. Microgrid research and application. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota
303.4	Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$2,400,000 in fiscal year 2022 and
303.5	\$1,200,000 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from the renewable development account
303.6	established in Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of
303.7	commerce for transfer to the University of St. Thomas Center for Microgrid Research for
303.8	the purposes of paragraph (b). The base in fiscal year 2024 is \$1,000,000, and the base in
303.9	fiscal year 2025 is \$400,000. The base in fiscal year 2026 is \$400,000.
303.10	(b) The appropriations in this section must be used by the University of St. Thomas
303.11	Center for Microgrid Research to:
303.12	(1) increase the center's capacity to provide industry partners opportunities to test
303.13	near-commercial microgrid products on a real-world scale and to multiply opportunities for
303.14	innovative research;
303.15	(2) procure advanced equipment and controls to enable the extension of the university's
303.16	microgrid to additional buildings; and
303.17	(3) expand (i) hands-on educational opportunities to better understand the operations of
303.18	microgrids to undergraduate and graduate electrical engineering students, and (ii) partnerships
303.19	with community colleges.
303.20	Subd. 2. Clean energy training; pilot project. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
303.21	section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$2,500,000 in fiscal year 2022 is appropriated
303.22	from the renewable development account to the commissioner of employment and economic
303.23	development for a grant to Northgate Development, LLC, for a pilot project to provide
303.24	training pathways into careers in clean energy for students and young adults in underserved
303.25	communities. Any unexpended funds remaining at the end of the biennium cancel to the
303.26	renewable development account. This is a onetime appropriation.
303.27	(b) The pilot project must develop skills among program participants, short of the level
303.28	required for licensing under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 326B, that are relevant to the design,
303.29	construction, operation, or maintenance of:
303.30	(1) systems producing solar or wind energy;
303.31	(2) improvements in energy efficiency, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section
303.32	216B.241, subdivision 1;

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REVISOR

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

SF972 FIRST UNOFFICIAL

ENGROSSMENT

303.1

	SF972 FIRST UNOFFICIAL ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	RSI	UES0972-1
304.1	(3) energy storage systems c	onnected to renewable en	ergy facilities, i	ncluding battery
304.2	technology;			
304.3	(4) infrastructure for chargin	g all-electric or electric h	ybrid vehicles; o	<u>or</u>
304.4	(5) grid technologies that ma	nage load and provide se	rvices to the dist	ribution grid that
304.5	reduce energy consumption or s	hift demand to off-peak p	periods.	
304.6	(c) Training must be designe	d to create pathways to a	postsecondary c	legree, industry
304.7	certification, or to a registered a	pprenticeship program ur	nder chapter 178	that is related to
304.8	the fields in paragraph (b) and the	hen to stable career emplo	oyment at a livin	ig wage.
304.9	(d) Training must be provide	ed at a location that is acc	essible by public	c transportation
304.10	and must prioritize the inclusion of	of communities of color, ir	ndigenous people	e, and low-income
304.11	individuals.			
304.12	(e) Grant funds may be used	for all expenses related t	o the training pr	ogram, including
304.13	curriculum, instructors, equipme	ent, materials, and leasing	g and improving	space for use by
304.14	the program.			
304.15	(f) No later than January 15,	2022, and by January 15	of 2023 and 202	24, Northgate
304.16	Development, LLC, shall submi	t an annual report to the c	commissioner of	employment and
304.17	economic development that mus	st include, at a minimum,	information on:	
304.18	(1) program expenditures, in	cluding but not limited to	amounts spent	on curriculum,
304.19	instructors, equipment, materials	s, and leasing and improv	ing space for use	by the program;
304.20	(2) other public or private fu	nding sources, including	in-kind donatior	ns, supporting the
304.21	pilot program;			
304.22	(3) the number of program p	articipants;		
304.23	(4) demographic information	on program participants	including but no	ot limited to race,
304.24	age, gender, and income; and			
304.25	(5) the number of program p	articipants placed in a po	stsecondary pro-	gram, industry
304.26	certification program, or register	red apprenticeship progra	um under Minnes	sota Statutes,
304.27	chapter 178.			
304.28	Subd. 3. Landfill bond prepa	ayment; solar pilot proje	ct. (a) Notwithsta	anding Minnesota
304.29	Statutes, section 116C.779, subc	livision 1, paragraph (j), S	\$100,000 in fisc	al year 2022 is
304.30	appropriated from the renewable	development account esta	blished under M	innesota Statutes,
304.31	section 116C.779, subdivision 1	, to the commissioner of	commerce for tr	ansfer to the
304.32	commissioner of management a	nd budget to prepay and o	defease any outs	tanding general

305.1	obligation bonds used to acquire property, finance improvements and betterments, or pay
305.2	any other associated financing costs at the Anoka-Ramsey closed landfill. This amount may
305.3	be deposited, invested, and applied to accomplish the purposes of this section as provided
305.4	in Minnesota Statutes, section 475.67, subdivisions 5 to 10 and 13. Upon the prepayment
305.5	and defeasance of all associated debt on the real property and improvements, all conditions
305.6	set forth in Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.695, subdivision 3, are deemed to have been
305.7	satisfied and the real property and improvements no longer constitute state bond financed
305.8	property under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.695. This is a onetime appropriation. Any
305.9	funds appropriated under this section that remain unexpended after the purposes in this
305.10	paragraph have been met cancel to the renewable development account.
305.11	(b) Once the purposes in paragraph (a) have been met, the commissioner of the Pollution
305.12	Control Agency may take actions and execute agreements to facilitate the beneficial reuse
305.13	of the Anoka-Ramsey closed landfill, and may specifically authorize the installation of a
305.14	solar energy generating system, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.01,
305.15	subdivision 9a, as a pilot project at the closed landfill to be owned and operated by a
305.16	cooperative electric association that has more than 130,000 customers in Minnesota. The
305.17	appropriation in paragraph (a) must not be used to finance the pilot project, procure land
305.18	rights, or to manage the solar energy generating system.
305.19	Subd. 4. Participant compensation. (a) \$30,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$30,000 in
305.20	fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of commerce
305.21	to address participant compensation issues in Public Utilities Commission proceedings, as
305.22	described in Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.631.
305.23	(b) \$28,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$28,000 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from
305.24	the general fund to the Public Utilities Commission to address participant compensation
305.25	issues under Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.631.
305.26	Subd. 5. Commerce department; Energy Resources Division. \$3,493,000 in fiscal
305.27	year 2022 and \$3,547,000 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from the general fund to the
305.28	commissioner of commerce for general operating activities of the Energy Resources Division.
305.29	Subd. 6. Weatherization; vermiculite remediation. \$150,000 in fiscal year 2022 and
305.30	\$150,000 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
305.31	of commerce to remediate vermiculite insulation from households that are eligible for
305.32	weatherization assistance under Minnesota's weatherization assistance program state plan
305.33	under Minnesota Statutes, section 216C.264. Remediation must be done in conjunction with

- 306.1Subd. 7. Energy regulation and planning. \$851,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$870,000306.2in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of commerce306.3for activities of the energy regulation and planning unit staff.
- 306.4Subd. 8. "Made in Minnesota" administration. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,306.5section 116C. 779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$100,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$100,000306.6in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from the renewable development account established306.7in Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce306.8to administer the "Made in Minnesota" solar energy production incentive program under306.9Minnesota Statutes, section 216C.417. Any remaining unspent funds cancel back to the
- 306.10 renewable development account at the end of the biennium.
- 306.11 Subd. 9. Grant cycle; proposal evaluation. \$500,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$500,000
- 306.12 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from the renewable development account established
- 306.13 in Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of commerce
- 306.14 for costs associated with any third-party expert evaluation of a proposal submitted in response
- 306.15 to a request for proposal to the renewable development advisory group under Minnesota
- 306.16 Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (1). No portion of this appropriation
- 306.17 <u>may be expended or retained by the commissioner of commerce. Any funds appropriated</u>
- 306.18 <u>under this paragraph that are unexpended at the end of a fiscal year cancel to the renewable</u>
- 306.19 development account.
- 306.20 <u>Subd. 10.</u> Petroleum Tank Release Compensation Board. \$1,056,000 in fiscal year 306.21 <u>2022 and \$1,056,000 in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from the petroleum tank fund to</u> 306.22 the Petroleum Tank Pelaces Compensation Board for its ensuring
- 306.22 the Petroleum Tank Release Compensation Board for its operations.
- 306.23Subd. 11. Public Utilities Commission. \$8,073,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$8,202,000306.24in fiscal year 2023 are appropriated from the general fund to the Public Utilities Commission306.25for its general operations.
- 306.26 Subd. 12. Study; human rights impact of enactment. Notwithstanding Minnesota
- 306.27 Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (j), \$100,000 in fiscal year 2022 is
- 306.28 appropriated from the renewable development account established under Minnesota Statutes,
- 306.29 section 116C.779, subdivision 1, to the commissioner of human rights to conduct a study
- 306.30 of the impact of the enactment of articles 7 to 12 of this act on human rights in the Democratic
- 306.31 <u>Republic of the Congo and the Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region of the People's Republic</u>
- 306.32 of China. The report must be submitted to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
- 306.33 senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over energy policy and
- 306.34 <u>finance no later than February 1, 2022</u>.

307.1 Sec. 22. <u>**REPEALER.**</u>

- 307.2 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 216B.16, subdivision 10, is repealed.
- 307.3 (b) Laws 2017, chapter 5, section 1, is repealed.
- 307.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: UES0972-1

No active language found for: 45.017

45.306 CONTINUING EDUCATION COURSES OFFERED OVER THE INTERNET.

No active language found for: 45.306.1

No active language found for: 60A.98

No active language found for: 60A.981

No active language found for: 60A.982

No active language found for: 115C.13

216B.16 RATE CHANGE; PROCEDURE; HEARING.

Subd. 10. **Intervenor compensation.** (a) A nonprofit organization or an individual granted formal intervenor status by the commission is eligible to receive compensation.

(b) The commission may order a utility to compensate all or part of an eligible intervenor's reasonable costs of participation in a general rate case that comes before the commission when the commission finds that the intervenor has materially assisted the commission's deliberation and when a lack of compensation would present financial hardship to the intervenor. Compensation may not exceed \$50,000 for a single intervenor in any proceeding. For the purpose of this subdivision, "materially assisted" means that the intervenor's participation and presentation was useful and seriously considered, or otherwise substantially contributed to the commission's deliberations in the proceeding.

(c) In determining whether an intervenor has materially assisted the commission's deliberation, the commission must consider, among other factors, whether:

(1) the intervenor represented an interest that would not otherwise have been adequately represented;

(2) the evidence or arguments presented or the positions taken by the intervenor were an important factor in producing a fair decision;

(3) the intervenor's position promoted a public purpose or policy;

(4) the evidence presented, arguments made, issues raised, or positions taken by the intervenor would not have been a part of the record without the intervenor's participation; and

(5) the administrative law judge or the commission adopted, in whole or in part, a position advocated by the intervenor.

(d) In determining whether the absence of compensation would present financial hardship to the intervenor, the commission must consider:

(1) whether the costs presented in the intervenor's claim reflect reasonable fees for attorneys and expert witnesses and other reasonable costs; and

(2) the ratio between the costs of intervention and the intervenor's unrestricted funds.

(e) An intervenor seeking compensation must file a request and an affidavit of service with the commission, and serve a copy of the request on each party to the proceeding. The request must be filed 30 days after the later of (1) the expiration of the period within which a petition for rehearing, amendment, vacation, reconsideration, or reargument must be filed or (2) the date the commission issues an order following rehearing, amendment, vacation, reconsideration, or reargument.

(f) The compensation request must include:

(1) the name and address of the intervenor or representative of the nonprofit organization the intervenor is representing;

(2) proof of the organization's nonprofit, tax-exempt status;

(3) the name and docket number of the proceeding for which compensation is requested;

(4) a list of actual annual revenues and expenses of the organization the intervenor is representing for the preceding year and projected revenues, revenue sources, and expenses for the current year;

(5) the organization's balance sheet for the preceding year and a current monthly balance sheet;

(6) an itemization of intervenor costs and the total compensation request; and

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: UES0972-1

(7) a narrative explaining why additional organizational funds cannot be devoted to the intervention.

(g) Within 30 days after service of the request for compensation, a party may file a response, together with an affidavit of service, with the commission. A copy of the response must be served on the intervenor and all other parties to the proceeding.

(h) Within 15 days after the response is filed, the intervenor may file a reply with the commission. A copy of the reply and an affidavit of service must be served on all other parties to the proceeding.

(i) If additional costs are incurred as a result of additional proceedings following the commission's initial order, the intervenor may file an amended request within 30 days after the commission issues an amended order. Paragraphs (e) to (h) apply to an amended request.

(j) The commission must issue a decision on intervenor compensation within 60 days of a filing by an intervenor.

(k) A party may request reconsideration of the commission's compensation decision within 30 days of the decision.

(1) If the commission issues an order requiring payment of intervenor compensation, the utility that was the subject of the proceeding must pay the compensation to the intervenor, and file with the commission proof of payment, within 30 days after the later of (1) the expiration of the period within which a petition for reconsideration of the commission's compensation decision must be filed or (2) the date the commission issues an order following reconsideration of its order on intervenor compensation.

216B.1691 RENEWABLE ENERGY OBJECTIVES.

Subd. 2. Eligible energy objectives. Each electric utility shall make a good faith effort to generate or procure sufficient electricity generated by an eligible energy technology to provide its retail consumers, or the retail customers of a distribution utility to which the electric utility provides wholesale electric service, so that commencing in 2005, at least one percent of the electric utility's total retail electric sales to retail customers in Minnesota is generated by eligible energy technologies and seven percent of the electric utility's total retail electric sales to retail customers in Minnesota is generated by eligible energy technologies by 2010 is generated by eligible energy technologies.

216B.241 PUBLIC UTILITIES; ENERGY CONSERVATION AND OPTIMIZATION.

No active language found for: 216B.241.1

No active language found for: 216B.241.1b

No active language found for: 216B.241.2c

No active language found for: 216B.241.4

No active language found for: 216B.241.10

Laws 2017, chapter 5, section 1

Section 1. NATURAL GAS COMBINED CYCLE ELECTRIC GENERATION PLANT.

(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.243 and Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216E, a public utility may, at its sole discretion, construct, own, and operate a natural gas combined cycle electric generation plant as the utility proposed to the Public Utilities Commission in docket number E-002/RP-15-21, or as revised by the utility and approved by the Public Utilities Commission in the latest resource plan filed after the effective date of this section, provided that the plant is located on property in Sherburne County, Minnesota, already owned by the public utility, and will be constructed after January 1, 2018.

(b) Reasonable and prudently incurred costs and investments by a public utility under this section may be recovered pursuant to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.16.

(c) No less than 20 months prior to the start of construction, a public utility intending to construct a plant under this section shall file with the commission an evaluation of the utility's forecasted costs prepared by an independent evaluator and may ask the commission to establish a sliding scale rate of return mechanism for this capital investment to provide an incentive for the utility to complete the project at or under the forecasted costs.