## SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-SECOND SESSION

S.F. No. 959

(SENATE AUTHORS: INGEBRIGTSEN)

DATE D-PG OFFICIAL STATUS 339 Introduction and first reading

Referred to Environment and Natural Resources Finance
04/12/2021 1724a Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance

04/15/2021 Comm report: To pass as amended

Second reading

1.1 A bill for an act

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relating to state government; appropriating money for environment and natural resources and tourism; modifying fees and programs; creating accounts; authorizing sales and conveyances of certain state land; modifying forestry provisions; modifying game and fish laws; modifying water law; modifying natural resource and environment provisions; requiring reports; making technical corrections; amending Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 17.4982, subdivisions 6, 8, 9, 12, by adding subdivisions; 17.4985, subdivisions 2, 3, 5; 17.4986, subdivisions 2, 4; 17.4991, subdivision 3; 17.4992, subdivision 2; 17.4993, subdivision 1; 84.027, subdivisions 13a, 18, by adding a subdivision; 84.415, by adding a subdivision; 84.63; 84.631; 84.82, subdivisions 1a, 7a; 84.92, subdivision 8; 84.943, subdivisions 3, 5; 84.944, subdivision 1; 84.946, subdivision 4; 84D.02, subdivision 3; 84D.11, subdivision 1a; 85.052, subdivisions 1, 2, 6; 85.053, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 85.054, subdivision 1; 85.43; 89.021, by adding a subdivision; 89.17; 89A.11; 92.50, by adding a subdivision; 92.502; 94.3495, subdivision 3; 97A.015, subdivision 29; 97A.075, subdivisions 1, 7; 97A.126, by adding a subdivision; 97A.137, subdivision 5; 97A.401, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 97A.421, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 97A.475, subdivisions 2, 3, 3a, 4; 97A.505, subdivision 3b; 97B.022, by adding a subdivision; 97B.036; 97B.055, subdivision 2; 97B.071; 97B.086; 97B.311; 97B.415; 97B.645, subdivision 9; 97B.715, subdivision 1; 97B.801; 97B.811, subdivision 4a; 97C.005, subdivision 3; 97C.081, subdivisions 3, 3a; 97C.211, subdivision 2a; 97C.342, subdivision 2; 97C.515, subdivision 2; 97C.805, subdivision 2; 97C.836; 103A.212; 103C.315, subdivision 4; 103G.201; 103G.223; 103G.271, subdivisions 4a, 7, by adding subdivisions; 103G.287, subdivisions 4, 5; 103G.289; 103G.401; 115.03, subdivision 1; 115.455; 115.77, subdivision 1; 115.84, subdivisions 2, 3; 115A.03, subdivisions 25, 25d, 27, 28, 34, 35, 36, by adding subdivisions; 115A.565, subdivision 1; 115B.40, subdivision 1; 116.03, subdivision 2b; 116.06, subdivision 22; 116.07, subdivisions 2, 4d, 7, by adding a subdivision; 116.155, by adding a subdivision; 116D.04, subdivision 2a; 116G.07, by adding a subdivision; 116G.15, by adding a subdivision; 127A.353, subdivision 4; 282.08; 290C.04; Laws 2016, chapter 154, sections 16; 48; Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2, subdivision 9, as amended; Laws 2017, chapter 96, section 2, subdivision 9, as amended; Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 4, section 2, subdivision 6; Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 4, article 1, section 2, subdivision 9; article 3, section 109, as amended; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 11A; 84; 92; 103F; 103G; 115A; 115B; 116; 116P; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 85.0505,

subdivision 3; 85.0507; 85.054, subdivision 19; 97C.515, subdivisions 4, 5; Laws 2.1 2013, chapter 121, section 53; Minnesota Rules, part 6232.0350. 2.2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA: 2.3 **ARTICLE 1** 2.4 ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES APPROPRIATIONS 2.5 Section 1. ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES APPROPRIATIONS. 2.6 The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies 2.7 and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, 2.8 or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. 2.9 The figures "2022" and "2023" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under 2.10 them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, or June 30, 2023, respectively. 2.11 "The first year" is fiscal year 2022. "The second year" is fiscal year 2023. "The biennium" 2.12 is fiscal years 2022 and 2023. Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, are 2.13 effective the day following final enactment. 2.14 **APPROPRIATIONS** 2.15 2.16 Available for the Year 2.17 **Ending June 30** 2022 2023 2.18 Sec. 2. POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY 2.19 Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation \$ 115,120,000 \$ 112,130,000 2.20 Appropriations by Fund 2.21 2022 2023 2.22 General 5,214,000 5,114,000 2.23 State Government 2.24 Special Revenue 75,000 75,000 2.25 91,941,000 90,651,000 Environmental 2.26 Remediation 14,290,000 14,290,000 2.27 Closed Landfill 2.28 Investment 3,600,000 2,000,000 2.29 2.30 The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following 2.31 subdivisions. 2.32 The commissioner must present the agency's 2.33 biennial budget for fiscal years 2024 and 2025 2.34 2.35 to the legislature in a transparent way by

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3.1	agency division, including the propo	sed				
3.2	budget bill and presentations of the b	oudget to				
3.3	committees and divisions with jurisd	liction_				
3.4	over the agency's budget.					
3.5	Subd. 2. Environmental Analysis ar	nd Outcomes	15,407,000	13,906,000		
3.6	Appropriations by Fur	<u>nd</u>				
3.7	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>				
3.8	<u>General</u> <u>115,000</u>	115,000				
3.9	Environmental 15,091,000	13,590,000				
3.10	Remediation 201,000	201,000				
3.11	(a) \$89,000 the first year and \$89,00	0 the				
3.12	second year are from the environmen	ntal fund				
3.13	<u>for:</u>					
3.14	(1) a municipal liaison to assist munic	cipalities				
3.15	in implementing and participating in	the				
3.16	rulemaking process for water quality standards					
3.17	and navigating the NPDES/SDS permitting					
3.18	process;					
3.19	(2) enhanced economic analysis in the	<u>ne</u>				
3.20	rulemaking process for water quality	7 -				
3.21	standards, including more-specific an	<u>nalysis</u>				
3.22	and identification of cost-effective per	rmitting;				
3.23	(3) developing statewide economic a	nalyses				
3.24	and templates to reduce the amount of	<u>of</u>				
3.25	information and time required for					
3.26	municipalities to apply for variances	from				
3.27	water quality standards; and					
3.28	(4) coordinating with the Public Faci	<u>ilities</u>				
3.29	Authority to identify and advocate for	or the				
3.30	resources needed for municipalities to	achieve				
3.31	permit requirements.					
3.32	(b) \$205,000 the first year and \$205,	000 the				
3.33	second year are from the environmen	ntal fund				

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4.1	for air monitoring programs under Minnesota
4.2	Statutes, section 116.454.
4.3	(c) \$115,000 the first year and \$115,000 the
4.4	second year are for monitoring water quality
4.5	and operating assistance programs.
4.6	(d) \$347,000 the first year and \$347,000 the
4.7	second year are from the environmental fund
4.8	for monitoring ambient air for hazardous
4.9	pollutants.
4.10	(e) \$90,000 the first year and \$90,000 the
4.11	second year are from the environmental fund
4.12	for duties related to harmful chemicals in
4.13	children's products under Minnesota Statutes,
4.14	sections 116.9401 to 116.9407. Of this
4.15	amount, \$57,000 each year is transferred to
4.16	the commissioner of health.
4.17	(f) \$109,000 the first year and \$109,000 the
4.18	second year are from the environmental fund
4.19	for registering wastewater laboratories.
4.20	(g) \$926,000 the first year and \$926,000 the
4.21	second year are from the environmental fund
4.22	to continue perfluorochemical biomonitoring
4.23	in eastern metropolitan communities, as
4.24	recommended by the Environmental Health
4.25	Tracking and Biomonitoring Advisory Panel,
4.26	and to address other environmental health
4.27	risks, including air quality. The communities
4.28	must include Hmong and other immigrant
4.29	farming communities. Of this amount, up to
4.30	\$689,000 the first year and \$689,000 the
4.31	second year are for transfer to the Department
4.32	of Health.
4.33	(h) \$51,000 the first year and \$51,000 the
4.34	second year are from the environmental fund

5.1	for the listing procedures for impaired waters
5.2	required under this act.
5.3	(i) \$141,000 the first year and \$141,000 the
5.4	second year are from the environmental fund
5.5	to implement and enforce Minnesota Statutes,
5.6	section 325F.071. Of this amount, up to
5.7	\$65,000 each year may be transferred to the
5.8	commissioner of health.
5.9	(j) \$350,000 the first year is from the
5.10	environmental fund for completing the St.
5.11	Louis River Mercury Total Maximum Daily
5.12	Load study. This is a onetime appropriation.
5.13	(k) \$500,000 the first year is from the
5.14	environmental fund to develop and implement
5.15	an initiative to reduce sources of
5.16	$\underline{perfluoroalkyl\ and\ polyfluoroalkyl\ substances}$
5.17	(PFAS) in the environment that are eventually
5.18	conveyed to municipal wastewater treatment
5.19	facilities. In developing and implementing the
5.20	initiative, the commissioner must work in
5.21	cooperation with the Department of Health
5.22	and with an advisory group consisting of one
5.23	representative designated by each of the
5.24	following: the League of Minnesota Cities;
5.25	the Coalition of Greater Minnesota Cities; the
5.26	Minnesota Environmental Science and
5.27	Economic Review Board; the Minnesota
5.28	$\underline{Municipal\ Utilities\ Association;\ Metropolitan}$
5.29	Council Environmental Services; Minnesota
5.30	Association of Small Cities; National Waste
5.31	and Recycling Association; Minnesota Rural
5.32	Water Association; Association of Minnesota
5.33	Counties; Solid Waste Administrators
5.34	Association; Partnership on Waste and Energy;
5.35	Minnesota Resource Recovery Association;

6.1	Minnesota InterCounty Association;
6.2	Minnesota Manufacturer's Coalition; and the
6.3	Association of Metropolitan Municipalities.
6.4	In developing and implementing the municipal
6.5	initiative, the commissioner must:
6.6	(1) identify sources of PFAS introduced into
6.7	the environment that are eventually conveyed
6.8	to municipal wastewater treatment facilities
6.9	and contained in solid waste that are disposed
6.10	at solid waste facilities;
6.11	(2) identify source reduction strategies that
6.12	can effectively reduce the amount of PFAS
6.13	entering the environment that are eventually
6.14	conveyed to municipal wastewater treatment
6.15	facilities or are disposed at solid waste
6.16	facilities;
6.17	(3) publish and distribute throughout the state
6.18	guidance documents for local governments
6.19	that include education materials about
6.20	effective strategies to reduce PFAS sources;
6.21	(4) identify issues for future study; and
6.22	(5) by January 31, 2023, report to the chairs
6.23	and ranking minority members of the house
6.24	of representatives and senate committees and
6.25	divisions with jurisdiction over the
6.26	environment and natural resources on the
6.27	development and implementation of the
6.28	initiative. This is a onetime appropriation.
6.29	(1) \$128,000 the first year is from the
6.30	environmental fund for an analysis of the
6.31	Green Tier Program under article 2, section
6.32	151. This is a onetime appropriation.
6.33	(m) \$248,000 the first year and \$248,000 the
6.34	second year are from the environmental fund

7.1	for the state implementat	ion plan revision	<u>ns</u>		
7.2	under article 2, section 1:	52. This is a one	<u>time</u>		
7.3	appropriation.				
7.4	(n) \$96,000 the first year	and \$96,000 th	<u>e</u>		
7.5	second year are from the	environmental	fund		
7.6	for agency oversight of th	ne mattress recyc	eling		
7.7	program.				
7.8	(o) \$671,000 the first year	ar and \$41,000 t	<u>he</u>		
7.9	second year are from the	environmental	fund		
7.10	for whole effluent toxicit	y rulemaking ur	nder		
7.11	article 2, section 149.				
7.12	Subd. 3. Industrial			15,604,000	15,773,000
7.13	Appropria	tions by Fund			
7.14		2022	<u>2023</u>		
7.15	Environmental	14,603,000	14,772,000		
7.16	Remediation	1,001,000	1,001,000		
7.17	(a) \$1,001,000 the first y	ear and \$1,001,0	000		
7.18	the second year are from	the remediation	<u>fund</u>		
7.19	for the leaking undergrou	and storage tank	:		
7.20	program to investigate, c	lean up, and pre	vent		
7.21	future releases from unde	erground petrole	<u>eum</u>		
7.22	storage tanks and for the	petroleum_			
7.23	remediation program for	vapor assessme	<u>nt</u>		
7.24	and remediation. These s	ame annual amo	<u>ounts</u>		
7.25	are transferred from the p	oetroleum tank f	<u>fund</u>		
7.26	to the remediation fund.				
7.27	(b) \$393,000 the first year	ar and \$393,000	the		
7.28	second year are from the	environmental i	<u>fund</u>		
7.29	to further evaluate the us	e and reduction	<u>of</u>		
7.30	trichloroethylene around	Minnesota and			
7.31	identify its potential heal	th effects on			
7.32	communities. Of this amo	ount, up to \$121	,000		
7.33	each year may be transfe	rred to the			
7.34	commissioner of health.				

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Subd. 4. Municipal 8,611,000 8,611,000 8.1 Appropriations by Fund 8.2 2022 2023 8.3 Environmental 8,536,000 8,536,000 8.4 State Government 8.5 Special Revenue 75,000 75,000 8.6 (a) \$164,000 the first year and \$164,000 the 8.7 second year are from the environmental fund 8.8 for: 8.9 (1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities 8.10 8.11 in implementing and participating in the 8.12 rulemaking process for water quality standards and navigating the NPDES/SDS permitting 8.13 8.14 process; 8.15 (2) enhanced economic analysis in the rulemaking process for water quality 8.16 standards, including more-specific analysis 8.17 and identification of cost-effective permitting; 8.18 8.19 (3) developing statewide economic analyses and templates to reduce the amount of 8.20 information and time required for 8.21 municipalities to apply for variances from 8.22 water quality standards; and 8.23 (4) coordinating with the Public Facilities 8.24 Authority to identify and advocate for the 8.25 resources needed for municipalities to achieve 8.26 permit requirements. 8.27 (b) \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the 8.28 second year are from the environmental fund 8.29 for transfer to the Office of Administrative 8.30 Hearings to establish sanitary districts. 8.31 8.32 (c) \$952,000 the first year and \$952,000 the second year are from the environmental fund 8.33 8.34 for subsurface sewage treatment system

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9.1	(SSTS) program administration and
9.2	community technical assistance and education,
9.3	including grants and technical assistance to
9.4	communities for water-quality protection. Of
9.5	this amount, \$129,000 each year is for
9.6	assistance to counties through grants for SSTS
9.7	program administration. A county receiving
9.8	a grant from this appropriation must submit
9.9	the results achieved with the grant to the
9.10	commissioner as part of its annual SSTS
9.11	report. Any unexpended balance in the first
9.12	year does not cancel but is available in the
9.13	second year.
9.14	(d) \$784,000 the first year and \$784,000 the
9.15	second year are from the environmental fund
9.16	to address the need for continued increased
9.17	activity in new technology review, technical
9.18	assistance for local governments, and
9.19	enforcement under Minnesota Statutes,
9.20	sections 115.55 to 115.58, and to complete the
9.21	requirements of Laws 2003, chapter 128,
9.22	article 1, section 165.
9.23	(e) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
9.24	section 16A.28, the appropriations
9.25	encumbered on or before June 30, 2023, as
9.26	grants or contracts for subsurface sewage
9.27	treatment systems, surface water and
9.28	groundwater assessments, storm water, and
9.29	water-quality protection in this subdivision
9.30	are available until June 30, 2026.
9.31	Subd. 5. <b>Operations</b> 10,015,000 9,928,000
9.32	Appropriations by Fund
9.33	2022 $2023$
9.34	<u>General</u> <u>2,156,000</u> <u>2,056,000</u>

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10.1	Environmental	5,778,000	5,791,000					
10.2	Remediation	2,081,000	2,081,000					
10.3	(a) \$1,003,000 the first year and \$1,003,000							
10.4	the second year	are from the remediat	ion fund					
10.5	for the leaking u	underground storage t	<u>ank</u>					
10.6	program to inve	estigate, clean up, and	prevent					
10.7	future releases f	from underground pet	roleum					
10.8	storage tanks an	nd for the petroleum						
10.9	remediation pro	gram for vapor asses	sment					
10.10	and remediation	a. These same annual a	amounts					
10.11	are transferred f	from the petroleum ta	nk fund					
10.12	to the remediation	on fund.						
10.13	(b) \$2,056,000 t	the first year and \$2,0	056,000					
10.14	the second year	are to support agency	<u>y</u>					
10.15	information tech	nnology services prov	vided at					
10.16	the enterprise ar	nd agency level.						
10.17	(c) \$800,000 the	e first year and \$800,0	000 the					
10.18	second year are	from the environmen	ntal fund					
10.19	to develop and r	maintain systems to s	upport					
10.20	permitting and r	regulatory business pr	rocesses					
10.21	and agency data	<u>ı.</u>						
10.22	(d) \$100,000 the	e first year is for transf	fer to the					
10.23	commissioner o	f management and bu	udget to					
10.24	prepay and defe	ease any outstanding g	general					
10.25	obligation bond	s used to acquire proj	perty,					
10.26	finance improve	ements and betterment	s, or pay					
10.27	any other associ	iated financing costs	at the					
10.28	Anoka-Ramsey	closed landfill. This	amount					
10.29	may be deposite	ed, invested, and appl	ied to					
10.30	accomplish the	purposes of this parag	graph as					
10.31	provided in Min	nnesota Statutes, secti	<u>on</u>					
10.32	475.67, subdivis	sions 5 to 10 and 13. U	Jpon the					
10.33	prepayment and	l defeasance of all ass	sociated					
10.34	debt on the real	property and improve	ements,					
10.35	all conditions se	et forth in Minnesota	Statutes,					

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11.1	section 16A.695, subdivision 3, shall be
11.2	deemed to have been satisfied and the real
11.3	property and improvements shall no longer
11.4	constitute state bond financed property under
11.5	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.695. Any
11.6	funds appropriated under this section that
11.7	remain unexpended after the purposes in this
11.8	paragraph have been met cancel to the general
11.9	<u>fund.</u>
11.10	(e) Once the purposes in paragraph (d) have
11.11	been met, the commissioner of the Pollution
11.12	Control Agency may take actions and execute
11.13	agreements to facilitate the beneficial reuse of
11.14	the Anoka-Ramsey closed landfill, and may
11.15	specifically authorize the installation of a solar
11.16	energy generating system, as defined in
11.17	Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.01,
11.18	subdivision 9a, as a pilot project at the closed
11.19	landfill, to be owned and operated by a
11.20	cooperative electric association that has more
11.21	than 130,000 customers in Minnesota. The
11.22	appropriation in paragraph (d) may not be used
11.23	to finance the pilot project, procure land rights,
11.24	or to manage the solar energy generating
11.25	system.
11.26	(f) Upon completion of the pilot project
11.27	described in paragraph (d), or by January 15,
11.28	2023, whichever is earlier, the commissioner
11.29	of the Pollution Control Agency, in
11.30	cooperation with the electric cooperative
11.31	association, must report to the chairs and
11.32	ranking minority members of the legislative
11.33	committees with jurisdiction over capital
11.34	investment, energy, and environment on the
11.35	following:

				C	
12.1	(1) project accomplishments and milest	ones			
12.2	including any project growth, developments,				
12.3	or agreements that resulted from the pro-	oject;			
12.4	(2) challenges or barriers faced during				
12.5	development or after completion of the				
12.6	project;				
12.7	(3) project financials, including expense	es,			
12.8	utility agreements, and project viability	; and			
12.9	(4) replicability of the pilot project to o	<u>ther</u>			
12.10	future closed landfill projects.				
12.11	Subd. 6. Remediation		14,881,000	13,281,000	
12.12	Appropriations by Fund				
12.13	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>			
12.14	Environmental 508,000	508,000			
12.15	<u>Remediation</u> <u>10,773,000</u>	10,773,000			
12.16 12.17	Closed Landfill Investment 3,600,000	2,000,000			
12.18	(a) All money for environmental respon	ıse,			
12.19	compensation, and compliance in the				
12.20	remediation fund not otherwise appropri	riated			
12.21	is appropriated to the commissioners of	the			
12.22	Pollution Control Agency and agricultu	re for			
12.23	purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section	<u>1</u>			
12.24	115B.20, subdivision 2, clauses (1), (2)	<u>, (3),</u>			
12.25	(6), and (7). At the beginning of each fi	scal			
12.26	year, the two commissioners must joint	<u>ly</u>			
12.27	submit to the commissioner of manager	ment			
12.28	and budget an annual spending plan tha	<u>ıt</u>			
12.29	maximizes resource use and appropriate	<u>ely</u>			
12.30	allocates the money between the two				
12.31	departments. This appropriation is avail	<u>lable</u>			
12.32	<u>until June 30, 2023.</u>				
12.33	(b) \$363,000 the first year and \$363,000	0 the			
12.34	second year are from the environmental	l fund			

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4.1	Appropri	iations by Fund	
4.2		<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
14.3	Environmental	40,267,000	40,296,000
14.4	(a) Up to \$150,000 the	first year and \$15	50,000
14.5	the second year may be	e transferred from	m the
14.6	environmental fund to	the small busine	ess
14.7	environmental improve	ement loan accou	<u>unt</u>
14.8	under Minnesota Statut	tes, section 116.	993.
14.9	(b) \$700,000 the first y	rear and \$700,00	00 the
14.10	second year are from the	ne environmenta	1 fund
14.11	for competitive recycli	ng grants under	
14.12	Minnesota Statutes, sec	etion 115A.565.	This
14.13	appropriation is availab	ole until June 30,	2025.
14.14	Any unencumbered gra	nt balances in th	ne first
14.15	year do not cancel but a	are available for	<u>grants</u>
14.16	in the second year.		
14.17	(c) \$694,000 the first y	ear and \$694,00	0 the
14.18	second year are from the	ne environmenta	1 fund
14.19	for emission-reduction	activities and gra	ants to
14.20	small businesses and o	<u>ther</u>	
14.21	nonpoint-emission-red	uction efforts. O	<u>f this</u>
14.22	amount, \$100,000 the f	irst year and \$10	00,000
14.23	the second year are to o	continue work w	<u>rith</u>
14.24	Clean Air Minnesota, a	and the commiss	<u>ioner</u>
14.25	may enter into an agree	ement with	
14.26	Environmental Initiativ	e to support this	effort.
14.27	Any unencumbered gra	ant balances in th	ne first
14.28	year do not cancel but a	are available for	<u>grants</u>
14.29	in the second year.		
14.30	(d) \$20,550,000 the firs	t year and \$20,55	50,000
14.31	the second year are from	m the environme	<u>ental</u>
14.32	fund for SCORE block	grants to countie	s. Any
14.33	unencumbered grant ba	lances in the firs	st year
14.34	do not cancel but are a	vailable for gran	ts in
14.35	the second year.		

15.1	(e) \$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 the
15.2	second year are from the environmental fund
15.3	for environmental assistance grants or loans
15.4	under Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.0716.
15.5	Any unencumbered grant and loan balances
15.6	in the first year do not cancel but are available
15.7	for grants and loans in the second year.
15.8	(f) \$400,000 the first year and \$400,000 the
15.9	second year are from the environmental fund
15.10	for grants to develop and expand recycling
15.11	markets for Minnesota businesses.
15.12	(g) \$750,000 the first year and \$750,000 the
15.13	second year are from the environmental fund
15.14	for reducing and diverting food waste,
15.15	redirecting edible food for consumption, and
15.16	removing barriers to collecting and recovering
15.17	organic waste. Of this amount, \$500,000 each
15.18	year is for grants to increase food rescue and
15.19	waste prevention. This appropriation is
15.20	available until June 30, 2025. Any
15.21	unencumbered grant balances in the first year
15.22	do not cancel but are available for grants in
15.23	the second year.
15.24	(h) \$2,719,000 the first year and \$2,719,000
15.25	the second year are from the environmental
15.26	fund for the purposes of Minnesota Statutes,
15.27	section 473.844.
15.28	(i) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
15.29	section 16A.28, the appropriations
15.30	encumbered on or before June 30, 2023, as
15.31	contracts or grants for environmental
15.32	assistance awarded under Minnesota Statutes,
15.33	section 115A.0716; technical and research
15.34	assistance under Minnesota Statutes, section
15.35	115A.152; technical assistance under

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16.1	Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.52; and						
16.2	pollution prevention assistance under						
16.3	Minnesota Statutes, s	Minnesota Statutes, section 115D.04, are					
16.4	available until June 3	0, 2025.					
16.5	Subd. 8. Watershed			9,158,000	9,158,000		
16.6	Appropriations by Fund						
16.7		<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>				
16.8	General	1,959,000	1,959,000				
16.9	Environmental	6,965,000	6,965,000				
16.10	Remediation	234,000	112,000				
16.11	(a) \$1,959,000 the fir	st year and \$1,959	,000				
16.12	the second year are for	or grants to delegat	ted				
16.13	counties to administe	r the county feedlo	<u>ot</u>				
16.14	program under Minne	esota Statutes, sect	<u>ion</u>				
16.15	116.0711, subdivision	ns 2 and 3. Money					
16.16	remaining after the fi	rst year is availabl	e for				
16.17	the second year.						
16.18	(b) \$208,000 the first year and \$208,000 the						
16.19	second year are from	the environmental	fund				
16.20	for the costs of imple	menting general					
16.21	operating permits for	feedlots over 1,00	0				
16.22	animal units.						
16.23	(c) \$122,000 the first	year and \$122,000	) the				
16.24	second year are from	the remediation fur	nd for				
16.25	the leaking undergrou	the leaking underground storage tank program					
16.26	to investigate, clean up, and prevent future						
16.27	releases from underground petroleum storage						
16.28	tanks and for the petroleum remediation						
16.29	program for vapor assessment and						
16.30	remediation. These sa	ame annual amoun	ts are				
16.31	transferred from the p	etroleum tank fun	d to				
16.32	the remediation fund.						
16.33	Subd. 9. Environmen	ntal Quality Boar	<u>d</u>	1,177,000	1,177,000		

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17.1	Appropriations by Fund						
17.2		2022	2023				
17.3	General	984,000	984,000				
17.4	Environmental	193,000	193,000				
17.5	Subd. 10. Trans	fers					
17.6	The commission	ner must transfer up t	0				
17.7	\$44,000,000 fro	m the environmental	fund to				
17.8	the remediation	fund for purposes of	the				
17.9	remediation fund	d under Minnesota S	tatutes,				
17.10	section 116.155,	subdivision 2.					
17.11	Sec. 3. NATUR	AL RESOURCES					
17.12	Subdivision 1. T	Cotal Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	311,707,000 \$	307,882,000		
17.13	<u>A</u>	ppropriations by Fur	<u>ıd</u>				
17.14		<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>				
17.15	General	84,598,000	83,579,000				
17.16	Natural Resource	<u>109,352,000</u>	107,697,000				
17.17	Game and Fish	116,628,000	115,477,000				
17.18	Remediation	111,000	111,000				
17.19	Permanent Scho	<u>1,018,000</u>	1,018,000				
17.20	The amounts that	at may be spent for ea	ach_				
17.21	purpose are spec	cified in the followin	<u>g</u>				
17.22	subdivisions.						
17.23 17.24	Subd. 2. Land a Management	and Mineral Resour	<u>ces</u>	6,404,000	6,404,000		
17.25	A	ppropriations by Fur	<u>ıd</u>				
17.26		2022	2023				
17.27	General	1,685,000	1,685,000				
17.28	Natural Resourc	<u>4,157,000</u>	4,157,000				
17.29	Game and Fish	344,000	344,000				
17.30	Permanent Scho	<u>218,000</u>	218,000				
17.31	(a) \$319,000 the	e first year and \$319,	000 the				
17.32	second year are from the minerals						
17.33	management account in the natural resources						

18.1	fund for environmental research relating to						
18.2	mine permitting.						
18.3	(b) \$3,083,000 the first year and \$3,083,000						
18.4	the second year are from	the minerals					
18.5	management account in	the natural resou	<u>irces</u>				
18.6	fund for use as provided	under Minnesot	<u>a</u>				
18.7	Statutes, section 93.2230	6, paragraph (c),	for				
18.8	mineral resource manage	ement, projects t	<u> </u>				
18.9	enhance future mineral i	ncome, and proj	ects				
18.10	to promote new mineral	-resource					
18.11	opportunities.						
18.12	(c) \$218,000 the first ye	ar and \$218,000	the				
18.13	second year are from the	state forest susp	ense				
18.14	account in the permanent	school fund to se	ecure_				
18.15	maximum long-term eco	onomic return fro	<u>om</u>				
18.16	the school trust lands con	sistent with fidu	ciary_				
18.17	responsibilities and sour	d natural resour	ces				
18.18	conservation and manag	ement principles	<u>S.</u>				
18.19	(d) \$338,000 the first ye	ar and \$338,000	the				
18.20	second year are from the	water managen	<u>nent</u>				
18.21	account in the natural re	sources fund for					
18.22	mining hydrology.						
18.23	Subd. 3. Ecological and	Water Resource	ces	35,589,000	35,489,000		
18.24	<u>Appropria</u>	tions by Fund					
18.25		<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>				
18.26	General	16,647,000	16,547,000				
18.27	Natural Resources	12,281,000	12,281,000				
18.28	Game and Fish	6,661,000	6,661,000				
18.29	(a) \$4,222,000 the first year and \$4,222,000						
18.30	the second year are from the invasive species						
18.31	account in the natural resources fund,						
18.32	\$2,331,000 the first year	and \$2,331,000	the				
18.33	second year are from the general fund, and						
18.34	\$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the						

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19.1	second year are from the heritage enhancement
19.2	account in the game and fish fund for
19.3	management, public awareness, assessment
19.4	and monitoring research, and water access
19.5	inspection to prevent the spread of invasive
19.6	species; management of invasive plants in
19.7	public waters; and management of terrestrial
19.8	invasive species on state-administered lands.
19.9	(b) \$5,556,000 the first year and \$5,556,000
19.10	the second year are from the water
19.11	management account in the natural resources
19.12	fund for only the purposes specified in
19.13	Minnesota Statutes, section 103G.27,
19.14	subdivision 2.
19.15	(c) \$124,000 the first year and \$124,000 the
19.16	second year are for a grant to the Mississippi
19.17	Headwaters Board for up to 50 percent of the
19.18	cost of implementing the comprehensive plan
19.19	for the upper Mississippi within areas under
19.20	the board's jurisdiction.
19.21	(d) \$10,000 the first year and \$10,000 the
19.22	second year are for payment to the Leech Lake
19.23	Band of Chippewa Indians to implement the
19.24	band's portion of the comprehensive plan for
19.25	the upper Mississippi River.
19.26	(e) \$264,000 the first year and \$264,000 the
19.27	second year are for grants for up to 50 percent
19.28	of the cost of implementing the Red River
19.29	mediation agreement.
19.30	(f) \$2,548,000 the first year and \$2,548,000
19.31	the second year are from the heritage
19.32	enhancement account in the game and fish
19.33	fund for only the purposes specified in

20.1	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
20.2	paragraph (h), clause (1).
20.3	(g) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
20.4	the second year are from the nongame wildlife
20.5	management account in the natural resources
20.6	fund for nongame wildlife management.
20.7	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
20.8	290.431, \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000
20.9	the second year may be used for nongame
20.10	wildlife information, education, and
20.11	promotion.
20.12	(h) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
20.13	section 84.943, \$50,000 the first year and
20.14	\$50,000 the second year from the critical
20.15	habitat private sector matching account may
20.16	be used to publicize the critical habitat license
20.17	plate match program.
20.18	(i) \$5,250,000 the first year and \$5,250,000
20.19	the second year are for the following activities:
20.20	(1) financial reimbursement and technical
20.21	support to soil and water conservation districts
20.22	or other local units of government for
20.23	groundwater-level monitoring;
20.24	(2) surface water monitoring and analysis,
20.25	including installing monitoring gauges;
20.26	(3) groundwater analysis to assist with
20.27	water-appropriation permitting decisions;
20.28	(4) permit application review incorporating
20.29	surface water and groundwater technical
20.30	analysis;
20.31	(5) precipitation data and analysis to improve
20.32	irrigation use;

21.1	(6) information technology, including		
21.2	electronic permitting and integrated data		
21.3	systems; and		
21.4	(7) compliance and monitoring.		
21.5	(j) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the		
21.6	second year are from the heritage enhancement		
21.7	account in the game and fish fund for grants		
21.8	to the Minnesota Aquatic Invasive Species		
21.9	Research Center at the University of		
21.10	Minnesota to prioritize, support, and develop		
21.11	research-based solutions that can reduce the		
21.12	effects of aquatic invasive species in		
21.13	Minnesota by preventing spread, controlling		
21.14	populations, and managing ecosystems and to		
21.15	advance knowledge to inspire action by others.		
21.16	(k) \$100,000 the first year is for a grant to the		
21.17	city of Minneiska to dredge and remove		
21.18	sediment from the boat launch area of the		
21.19	Minneiska boat landing. This is a onetime		
21.20	appropriation.		
21.21	(l) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,		
21.22	section 297A.94, \$387,000 the first year and		
21.23	\$387,000 the second year are from the heritage		
21.24	enhancement account in the game and fish		
21.25	fund for additional costs associated with		
21.26	hydrological analyses for proposed water		
21.27	appropriation permit applications that have		
21.28	been denied due to the effects to a calcareous		
21.29	<u>fen.</u>		
21.30	Subd. 4. Forest Management	51,352,000	49,932,000
21.31	Appropriations by Fund		
21.32	<u>2022</u> <u>2023</u>	3	
21.33	<u>General</u> <u>32,406,000</u> <u>31,48</u>	86,000	

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22.1	Natural Resour	ces 17,529,000	17,029,000						
22.2	Game and Fish								
	(a) \$7,521,000 the first year and \$7,521,000								
22.3		•	<u>321,000</u>						
22.4		are for prevention,	ta of						
22.5		and suppression cos							
22.6		fighting and other co Minnesota Statutes, s							
22.7									
22.8		and suppression cost							
22.9		appropriated from th	<u></u>						
22.10		**							
22.11		ry 15 of each year, th	_						
22.12		f natural resources mu							
22.13		hairs and ranking mi	<u></u>						
22.14		house and senate co							
22.15		aving jurisdiction oven	<del></del>						
22.16 22.17									
22.17		efighting costs incurs s received in the prio							
22.19		propriations may not							
22.19		reimbursement of fir							
22.21		ade to the commission	<u></u>						
22.22	•	er than federal mobili							
22.23		ted into the general for							
22.23									
22.24	(b) \$15,386,000	the first year and \$15	5,386,000						
22.25		are from the forest							
22.26		vestment account in the							
22.27		for only the purposes							
22.28		tatutes, section 89.03	9,						
22.29	subdivision 2.								
22.30	(c) \$1,417,000	the first year and \$1,	417,000						
22.31	the second year	are from the heritag	<u>e</u>						
22.32	enhancement ac	ecount in the game ar	nd fish						
22.33	fund to advance ecological classification								
22.34	systems (ECS) scientific management tools								
22.35	for forest and ir	nvasive species mana	gement.						

					8		
23.1	(d) \$829,000 the first ye	ar and \$829,000	) the				
23.2	second year are for the Forest Resources						
23.3	Council to implement the Sustainable Forest						
23.4	Resources Act.						
23.5	(e) \$1,143,000 the first y	year and \$1,143,	000				
23.6	the second year are from	the forest					
23.7	management investment	account in the na	<u>atural</u>				
23.8	resources fund for the N	ext Generation	Core				
23.9	Forestry data system.						
23.10	(f) \$500,000 the first year	ar and \$500,000	the				
23.11	second year are from the	e forest manager	nent				
23.12	investment account in th	e natural resour	ces				
23.13	fund for forest road main	ntenance on stat	<u>e</u>				
23.14	forest roads.						
23.15	(g) \$500,000 the first ye	ar and \$500.000	) the				
23.16	second year are for fores						
23.17	on county forest roads.						
		:- C 41 C-					
23.18	(h) \$500,000 the first ye						
23.19	management investment account in the natural						
23.20	resources fund for collecting light detection						
23.21	and ranging data for force	-					
23.22	a onetime appropriation	and is available	unui				
23.23	June 30, 2024.						
23.24	(i) \$920,000 the first year	er is to refund tin	<u>mber</u>				
23.25	permit payments under a	article 2, section	148.				
23.26	This is a onetime appropriation.						
23.27	Subd. 5. Parks and Trails Management 90,273,000 89,118,000						
23.28	Appropria	tions by Fund					
23.29		<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>				
23.30	General	26,480,000	26,480,000				
23.31	Natural Resources	61,493,000	60,338,000				
23.32	Game and Fish	<u>2,300,000</u>	<u>2,300,000</u>				
23.33	(a) \$1,075,000 the first year and \$1,075,000						
23.34	the second year are from the water recreation						

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24.1	account in the natural resources fund for
24.2	maintaining and enhancing public
24.3	water-access facilities.
24.4	(b) \$7,685,000 the first year and \$6,685,000
24.5	the second year are from the natural resources
24.6	fund for state trail, park, and recreation area
24.7	operations. This appropriation is from revenue
24.8	deposited in the natural resources fund under
24.9	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
24.10	paragraph (h), clause (2).
24.11	(c) \$17,828,000 the first year and \$18,828,000
24.12	the second year are from the state parks
24.13	account in the natural resources fund to
24.14	operate and maintain state parks and state
24.15	recreation areas.
24.16	(d) \$1,140,000 the first year and \$1,140,000
24.17	the second year are from the natural resources
24.18	fund for park and trail grants to local units of
24.19	government on land to be maintained for at
24.20	least 20 years for parks or trails. This
24.21	appropriation is from revenue deposited in the
24.22	natural resources fund under Minnesota
24.23	Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (h),
24.24	clause (4). Any unencumbered balance does
24.25	not cancel at the end of the first year and is
24.26	available for the second year.
24.27	(e) \$9,624,000 the first year and \$9,624,000
24.28	the second year are from the snowmobile trails
24.29	and enforcement account in the natural
24.30	resources fund for the snowmobile
24.31	grants-in-aid program. Any unencumbered
24.32	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
24.33	year and is available for the second year.

25.1	(f) \$2,435,000 the first year and \$2,435,000
25.2	the second year are from the natural resources
25.3	fund for the off-highway vehicle grants-in-aid
25.4	program. Of this amount, \$1,960,000 each
25.5	year is from the all-terrain vehicle account;
25.6	\$150,000 each year is from the off-highway
25.7	motorcycle account; and \$325,000 each year
25.8	is from the off-road vehicle account. Any
25.9	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
25.10	end of the first year and is available for the
25.11	second year.
25.12	(g) \$1,250,000 the first year and \$2,250,000
25.13	the second year are from the state land and
25.14	water conservation account in the natural
25.15	resources fund for priorities established by the
25.16	commissioner for eligible state projects and
25.17	administrative and planning activities
25.18	consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section
25.19	84.0264, and the federal Land and Water
25.20	Conservation Fund Act. Any unencumbered
25.21	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
25.22	year and is available for the second year.
25.23	(h) \$950,000 the first year is appropriated from
25.24	the all-terrain vehicle account in the natural
25.25	resources fund to the commissioner of natural
25.26	resources for a grant to St. Louis County to
25.27	match other funding sources for design,
25.28	right-of-way acquisition, permitting, and
25.29	construction of Phase I of the Voyageur
25.30	Country ATV Trail connections in the areas
25.31	of Cook, Orr, Ash River, Kabetogama
25.32	Township, and International Falls to the
25.33	Voyageur Country ATV Trail system. This is
25.34	a onetime appropriation and is available until
25.35	June 30, 2025.

		8				
26.1	(i) \$955,000 the first year is appropriated from					
26.2	the all-terrain vehicle account in the natural					
26.3	resources fund to the commissioner of natural					
26.4	resources for a grant to the city of Ely for new					
26.5	trail connections and a new bridge across the					
26.6	Beaver River connecting the Prospector trail					
26.7	system to the Taconite State Trail. This is a					
26.8	onetime appropriation and is available until					
26.9	June 30, 2025.					
26.10	(j) \$250,000 the first year is appropriated from					
26.11	the all-terrain vehicle account in the natural					
26.12	resources fund for an all-terrain vehicle master					
26.13	plan. Of this amount, \$200,000 is for a					
26.14	statewide all-terrain vehicle trails master plan					
26.15	broken out by the Department of Natural					
26.16	Resources administrative regions, and \$50,000					
26.17	is for an all-terrain vehicle trails and route					
26.18	inventory from all cooperating agencies with					
26.19	available data broken out by the Department					
26.20	of Natural Resources administrative regions.					
26.21	The all-terrain vehicle master plan and					
26.22	inventory must be completed by February 1,					
26.23	2023. This is a onetime appropriation.					
26.24	Subd. 6. Fish and Wildlife Management 79,577,000	78,427,000				
26.25	Appropriations by Fund					
26.26	<u>2022</u> <u>2023</u>					
26.27	<u>Natural Resources</u> <u>1,982,000</u> <u>1,982,000</u>					
26.28	Game and Fish <u>77,595,000</u> <u>76,445,000</u>					
26.29	(a) \$8,658,000 the first year and \$8,658,000					
26.30	the second year are from the heritage					
26.31	enhancement account in the game and fish					
26.32	fund only for activities specified under					
26.33	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,					
26.34	paragraph (h), clause (1). Notwithstanding					
26.35	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94, five					

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27.1	percent of this appropriation may be used for						
27.2	expanding hunter and angler recruitment and						
27.3	retention.						
27.4	(b) \$2,950,000 the first year and \$1,950,000						
27.5	the second year are from the game and fish						
27.6	fund for planning for and emergency response						
27.7	to disease outbreaks in wildlife. The						
27.8	commissioner and board must each submit						
27.9	quarterly reports on the activities funded under						
27.10	this paragraph to the chairs and ranking						
27.11	minority members of the legislative						
27.12	committees and divisions with jurisdiction						
27.13	over environment and natural resources and						
27.14	agriculture.						
27.15	(c) \$8,546,000 the first year and \$8,546,000						
27.16	the second year are from the deer management						
27.17	account for the purposes identified in						
27.18	Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.075,						
27.19	subdivision 1.						
27.20	(d) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,						
27.21	section 297A.94, \$275,000 the first year and						
27.22	\$125,000 the second year are appropriated						
27.23	from the heritage enhancement account in the						
27.24	game and fish fund for shooting sports facility						
27.25	grants under Minnesota Statutes, section						
27.26	87A.10, including grants for archery facilities.						
27.27	Grants must be matched with a nonstate						
27.28	match, which may include in-kind						
27.29	contributions. This is a onetime appropriation.						
27.30	Of the amount in the first year, \$50,000 is to						
27.31	upgrade the Department of Natural Resources						
27.32	shooting range database.						
27.33	Subd. 7. Enforcement	47,145,000	47,145,000				
27.34	Appropriations by Fund						
27.35	<u>2022</u> <u>2023</u>						

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28.1	General	7,193,0	000	7,194,000				
28.2	Natural Resource	<u>11,530,0</u>	000	11,530,000				
28.3	Game and Fish	28,311,0	000	28,310,000				
28.4	Remediation	111,0	000	111,000				
28.5	(a) \$1,550,000 to	the first year and S	S1,550	0,000				
28.6	the second year	are from the gene	ral fu	nd for				
28.7	enforcement eff	forts to prevent the	e sprea	ad of				
28.8	aquatic invasive	e species.						
28.9	(b) \$1,748,000	the first year and S	\$1,748	3,000				
28.10	the second year	are from the herit	age					
28.11	enhancement ac	ecount in the game	and f	<u>rīsh</u>				
28.12	fund for only th	e purposes specifi	ed un	<u>der</u>				
28.13	Minnesota Statu	ites, section 297A	.94,					
28.14	paragraph (h), c	lause (1).						
28.15	(c) \$1,082,000 to	the first year and S	51,082	2,000				
28.16	the second year	are from the water	r recr	eation_				
28.17	account in the na	atural resources fur	nd for	grants_				
28.18	to counties for b	ooat and water saf	ety. A	<u>ny</u>				
28.19	unencumbered	balance does not c	ancel	at the				
28.20	end of the first	year and is availab	ole for	the				
28.21	second year.							
28.22	(d) \$315,000 th	e first year and \$3	15,00	0 the				
28.23	second year are	from the snowmo	bile tı	<u>rails</u>				
28.24	and enforcemen	at account in the n	atural					
28.25	resources fund	for grants to local	<u>law</u>					
28.26	enforcement ag	encies for snowm	<u>obile</u>					
28.27	enforcement act	tivities. Any unen	cumbe	ered				
28.28	balance does no	t cancel at the end	d of th	e first				
28.29	year and is avai	lable for the secon	nd yea	<u>r.</u>				
28.30	(e) \$250,000 the	e first year and \$2	50,00	0 the				
28.31	second year are	from the all-terra	in veh	<u>icle</u>				
28.32	account in the na	atural resources fur	nd for	grants_				
28.33	to qualifying or	ganizations to ass	ist in s	safety				
28.34	and environmen	ntal education and	moni	toring				
28.35	trails on public lands under Minnesota							

29.1	Statutes, section 84.9011. Grants issued under
29.2	this paragraph must be issued through a formal
29.3	agreement with the organization. By
29.4	December 15 each year, an organization
29.5	receiving a grant under this paragraph must
29.6	report to the commissioner with details on
29.7	expenditures and outcomes from the grant. Of
29.8	this appropriation, \$25,000 each year is for
29.9	administering these grants. Any unencumbered
29.10	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
29.11	year and is available for the second year.
29.12	(f) \$510,000 the first year and \$510,000 the
29.13	second year are from the natural resources
29.14	fund for grants to county law enforcement
29.15	agencies for off-highway vehicle enforcement
29.16	and public education activities based on
29.17	off-highway vehicle use in the county. Of this
29.18	amount, \$498,000 each year is from the
29.19	all-terrain vehicle account, \$11,000 each year
29.20	is from the off-highway motorcycle account,
29.21	and \$1,000 each year is from the off-road
29.22	vehicle account. The county enforcement
29.23	agencies may use money received under this
29.24	appropriation to make grants to other local
29.25	enforcement agencies within the county that
29.26	have a high concentration of off-highway
29.27	vehicle use. Of this appropriation, \$25,000
29.28	each year is for administering these grants.
29.29	Any unencumbered balance does not cancel
29.30	at the end of the first year and is available for
29.31	the second year.
29.32	(g) \$176,000 the first year and \$176,000 the
29.33	second year are from the game and fish fund
29.34	for an ice safety program.

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30.1	Subd. 8. Pass	s Through Fui	<u>ıds</u>		1,367,000	1,367,000
30.2		Appropriation	ns by Fund			
30.3		<u>2</u> 0	022	<u>2023</u>		
30.4	General		187,000	187,000		
30.5	Natural Reso	urces	380,000	380,000		
30.6	Permanent So	chool	800,000	800,000		
30.7	(a) \$380,000	the first year a	nd \$380,000 tl	<u>he</u>		
30.8	second year a	are from the na	tural resources	<u>3</u>		
30.9	fund for gran	ts to be divided	l equally betwe	<u>een</u>		
30.10	the city of St.	Paul for the Co	omo Park Zoo a	<u>and</u>		
30.11	Conservatory	and the city o	f Duluth for th	<u>e</u>		
30.12	Lake Superio	r Zoo. This app	ropriation is fr	<u>om</u>		
30.13	revenue depo	sited to the natu	ral resources fu	<u>ınd</u>		
30.14	under Minne	sota Statutes, s	ection 297A.9	<u>4,</u>		
30.15	paragraph (h)	), clause (5).				
30.16	(b) \$187,000	the first year a	nd \$187,000 t	<u>he</u>		
30.17	second year a	are for the Offic	e of School Tr	rust		
30.18	Lands.					
30.19	(c) \$300,000	the first year a	nd \$300,000 tl	<u>he</u>		
30.20	second year a	are transferred	from the fores	<u>try</u>		
30.21	suspense acc	ount to the peri	manent school			
30.22	fund, and are	appropriated from	om the perman	ent		
30.23	school fund f	for the Office o	f School Trust			
30.24	Lands.					
30.25	(d) \$500,000	the first year a	nd \$500,000 ti	<u>he</u>		
30.26	second year a	are transferred	from the fores	<u>t</u>		
30.27	suspense acc	ount to the peri	manent school			
30.28	fund, and are	appropriated fr	om the perman	ent		
30.29	school fund f	for the Office o	f School Trust			
30.30	Lands for cos	ts related to the	Boundary Wat	ters		
30.31	Canoe Area V	Wilderness land	l exchanges. T	<u>'his</u>		
30.32	is a onetime	appropriation.				
30.33 30.34	Sec. 4. BOA	RD OF WATE	CR AND SOII	<u>\$</u>	14,117,000	<u>\$</u> <u>14,109,000</u>

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31.1	(a) \$3,423,000 the first year and \$3,423,000
31.2	the second year are for natural resources block
31.3	grants to local governments to implement the
31.4	Wetland Conservation Act and shoreland
31.5	management program under Minnesota
31.6	Statutes, chapter 103F, and local water
31.7	management responsibilities under Minnesota
31.8	Statutes, chapter 103B. The board may reduce
31.9	the amount of the natural resources block grant
31.10	to a county by an amount equal to any
31.11	reduction in the county's general services
31.12	allocation to a soil and water conservation
31.13	district from the county's previous year
31.14	allocation when the board determines that the
31.15	reduction was disproportionate.
31.16	(b) \$3,116,000 the first year and \$3,116,000
31.17	the second year are for grants and payments
31.18	to soil and water conservation districts for the
31.19	purposes of Minnesota Statutes, sections
31.20	103C.321 and 103C.331, and for general
31.21	purposes, nonpoint engineering, and
31.22	implementation and stewardship of the
31.23	reinvest in Minnesota reserve program.
31.24	Expenditures may be made from these
31.25	appropriations for supplies and services
31.26	benefiting soil and water conservation
31.27	districts. Any district receiving a payment
31.28	under this paragraph must maintain a web page
31.29	that publishes, at a minimum, its annual report,
31.30	annual audit, annual budget, and meeting
31.31	notices.
31.32	(c) \$710,000 the first year and \$710,000 the
31.33	second year are to implement, enforce, and
31.34	provide oversight for the Wetland
31.35	Conservation Act, including administering the

32.2	mechanism.
32.3	(d) \$1,460,000 the first year and \$1,460,000
32.4	the second year are for the following
32.5	programs:
32.6	(1) \$260,000 each year is for the feedlot water
32.7	quality cost-sharing program for feedlots under
32.8	500 animal units and nutrient and manure
32.9	management projects in watersheds where
32.10	there are impaired waters; and
32.11	(2) \$1,200,000 each year is for cost-sharing
32.12	programs of soil and water conservation
32.13	districts for riparian buffers, erosion control,
32.14	water retention and treatment, and other
32.15	high-priority conservation practices.
32.16	(e) \$166,000 the first year and \$166,000 the
32.17	second year are to provide technical assistance
32.18	to local drainage management officials and
32.19	for the costs of the Drainage Work Group. The
32.20	board must coordinate with the Drainage Work
32.21	Group according to Minnesota Statutes,
32.22	section 103B.101, subdivision 13.
32.23	(f) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
32.24	second year are for a grant to the Red River
32.25	Basin Commission for water quality and
32.26	floodplain management, including
32.27	administration of programs. This appropriation
32.28	must be matched by nonstate funds.
32.29	(g) \$140,000 the first year and \$140,000 the
32.30	second year are for grants to Area II
32.31	Minnesota River Basin Projects for floodplain
32.32	management.

33.1	(h) \$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the
33.2	second year are for conservation easement
33.3	stewardship.
33.4	(i) \$240,000 the first year and \$240,000 the
33.5	second year are for a grant to the Lower
33.6	Minnesota River Watershed District to defray
33.7	the annual cost of operating and maintaining
33.8	sites for dredge spoil to sustain the state,
33.9	national, and international commercial and
33.10	recreational navigation on the lower Minnesota
33.11	River.
33.12	(j) \$4,637,000 the first year and \$4,629,000
33.13	the second year are for agency administration
33.14	and operation of the Board of Water and Soil
33.15	Resources.
33.16	(k) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
33.17	section 103C.501, the board may shift money
33.18	between paragraphs (a) to (i) in this section
33.19	and may adjust the technical and
33.20	administrative assistance portion of the funds
33.21	to leverage federal or other nonstate funds or
33.22	to address accountability, oversight, local
33.23	government performance, or high-priority
33.24	needs identified in local water management
33.25	plans or comprehensive watershed
33.26	management plans.
33.27	(l) The appropriations for grants and payments
33.28	in this section are available until June 30,
33.29	2025, except that returned grants and payments
33.30	are available for two years after they are
33.31	returned or regranted, whichever is later.
33.32	Funds must be regranted consistent with the
33.33	purposes of this section. If an appropriation
33.34	for grants in either year is insufficient, the

34.1	appropriation in the other year is available for
34.2	<u>it.</u>
34.3	(m) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
34.4	section 16B.97, grants awarded from
34.5	appropriations in this section are exempt from
34.6	the Department of Administration, Office of
34.7	Grants Management Policy 08-08 Grant
34.8	Payments and 08-10 Grant Monitoring.
34.9	(n) The Lower Minnesota River Watershed
34.10	District may use up to \$111,000 from money
34.11	appropriated in either fiscal year under Laws
34.12	2019, First Special Session chapter 4, article
34.13	1, section 4, paragraph (j), to cover costs
34.14	associated with the Seminary Fen Stabilization
34.15	Project to reduce sedimentation to Seminary
34.16	Fen and the Minnesota River.
34.17	Sec. 5. METROPOLITAN COUNCIL \$ 9,140,000 \$ 9,140,000
34.18	Appropriations by Fund
34.18 34.19	Appropriations by Fund  2022 2023
34.19	<u>2022</u> <u>2023</u>
34.19 34.20	<u>2022</u> <u>2023</u> <u>General</u> <u>1,790,000</u> <u>1,790,000</u>
34.19 34.20 34.21	Z022     Z023       General     1,790,000     1,790,000       Natural Resources     7,350,000     7,350,000
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22	2022     2023       General     1,790,000     1,790,000       Natural Resources     7,350,000     7,350,000       (a) \$1,790,000 the first year and \$1,790,000
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23	Z022         Z023           General         1,790,000         1,790,000           Natural Resources         7,350,000         7,350,000           (a) \$1,790,000 the first year and \$1,790,000         the second year are for metropolitan-area
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24	General 1,790,000 1,790,000  Natural Resources 7,350,000 7,350,000  (a) \$1,790,000 the first year and \$1,790,000 the second year are for metropolitan-area regional parks operation and maintenance
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24 34.25	General 1,790,000 1,790,000  Natural Resources 7,350,000 7,350,000  (a) \$1,790,000 the first year and \$1,790,000 the second year are for metropolitan-area regional parks operation and maintenance according to Minnesota Statutes, section
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24 34.25 34.26	General 1,790,000 1,790,000  Natural Resources 7,350,000 7,350,000  (a) \$1,790,000 the first year and \$1,790,000 the second year are for metropolitan-area regional parks operation and maintenance according to Minnesota Statutes, section 473.351.
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24 34.25 34.26	General 1,790,000 1,790,000  Natural Resources 7,350,000 7,350,000  (a) \$1,790,000 the first year and \$1,790,000 the second year are for metropolitan-area regional parks operation and maintenance according to Minnesota Statutes, section  473.351.  (b) \$7,350,000 the first year and \$7,350,000
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24 34.25 34.26 34.27 34.28	General 1,790,000 1,790,000  Natural Resources 7,350,000 7,350,000  (a) \$1,790,000 the first year and \$1,790,000  the second year are for metropolitan-area regional parks operation and maintenance according to Minnesota Statutes, section 473.351.  (b) \$7,350,000 the first year and \$7,350,000 the second year are from the natural resources
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24 34.25 34.26 34.27 34.28 34.29	General 1,790,000 1,790,000  Natural Resources 7,350,000 7,350,000  (a) \$1,790,000 the first year and \$1,790,000  the second year are for metropolitan-area regional parks operation and maintenance according to Minnesota Statutes, section 473.351.  (b) \$7,350,000 the first year and \$7,350,000 the second year are from the natural resources fund for metropolitan-area regional parks and
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24 34.25 34.26 34.27 34.28 34.29 34.30	General 1,790,000 1,790,000  Natural Resources 7,350,000 7,350,000  (a) \$1,790,000 the first year and \$1,790,000  the second year are for metropolitan-area regional parks operation and maintenance according to Minnesota Statutes, section 473.351.  (b) \$7,350,000 the first year and \$7,350,000 the second year are from the natural resources fund for metropolitan-area regional parks and trails maintenance and operations. This
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24 34.25 34.26 34.27 34.28 34.29 34.30 34.31	General 1,790,000 1,790,000  Natural Resources 7,350,000 7,350,000  (a) \$1,790,000 the first year and \$1,790,000  the second year are for metropolitan-area regional parks operation and maintenance according to Minnesota Statutes, section 473.351.  (b) \$7,350,000 the first year and \$7,350,000 the second year are from the natural resources fund for metropolitan-area regional parks and trails maintenance and operations. This appropriation is from revenue deposited in the

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35.1 35.2	Sec. 6. CONSERVAT	TION CORPS	<u>\$</u>	<u>945,000</u> \$	945,000
35.3	Approp	riations by Fund			
35.4		<u>2022</u>	2023		
35.5	General	455,000	455,000		
35.6	Natural Resources	490,000	490,000		
35.7	Conservation Corps N	Minnesota may re	eceive		
35.8	money appropriated fr	om the natural res	sources		
35.9	fund under this section	n only as provide	d in an		
35.10	agreement with the co	ommissioner of n	<u>atural</u>		
35.11	resources.				
35.12	Sec. 7. <b>ZOOLOGIC</b>	AL BOARD	<u>\$</u>	9,999,000 \$	9,999,000
35.13	Approp	oriations by Fund	1		
35.14		<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>		
35.15	General	9,809,000	9,809,000	1	
35.16	Natural Resources	190,000	190,000	<u>)</u>	
35.17	\$190,000 the first year	r and \$190,000 t	<u>he</u>		
35.18	second year are from	the natural resou	rces		
35.19	fund from revenue dep	osited under Mir	nnesota		
35.20	Statutes, section 297A	A.94, paragraph (	<u>h),</u>		
35.21	clause (5).				
35.22	Sec. 8. SCIENCE M	<u>USEUM</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,079,000</u> \$	1,079,000
35.23	Sec. 9. EXPLORE M	IINNESOTA TO	OURISM \$	<u>15,224,000</u> §	14,344,000
35.24	(a) \$500,000 the first	year and \$500,00	00 the		
35.25	second year must be r	natched from no	<u>nstate</u>		
35.26	sources to develop ma	aximum private s	sector		
35.27	involvement in touris	m. Each \$1 of sta	<u>ate</u>		
35.28	incentive must be mat	ched with \$6 of	private		
35.29	sector money. "Match	ed" means reven	ue to		
35.30	the state or document	ed cash expendit	ures		
35.31	directly expended to s	support Explore			
35.32	Minnesota Tourism pr	rograms. Up to or	ne-half		
35.33	of the private sector c	ontribution may	<u>be</u>		
35.34	in-kind or soft match.	The incentive in	fiscal		

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36.1	year 2022 is based on fiscal year 2021 private
36.2	sector contributions. The incentive in fiscal
36.3	year 2023 is based on fiscal year 2022 private
36.4	sector contributions. This incentive is ongoing.
36.5	(b) Money for marketing grants is available
36.6	either year of the biennium. Unexpended grant
36.7	money from the first year is available in the
36.8	second year.
36.9	(c) \$100,000 each year is for a grant to the
36.10	Northern Lights International Music Festival.
36.11	(d) \$880,000 the first year is for a recovery
36.12	grant program for tourism, meetings and
36.13	conventions, and events assistance and
36.14	promotions. This is a onetime appropriation.
36.15	Sec. 10. FISCAL YEAR 2021 GENERAL FUND CANCELLATIONS.
36.16	\$2,008,000 of the fiscal year 2021 general fund appropriations for the Department of
36.17	Natural Resources under Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 4, article 1, section 3, is
36.18	canceled. Of this amount:
36.19	(1) \$42,000 is canceled from subdivision 2, Land and Mineral Resources Management;
36.20	(2) \$427,000 is canceled from subdivision 3, Ecological and Water Resources;
36.21	(3) \$751,000 is canceled from subdivision 4, Forest Management;
36.22	(4) \$614,000 is canceled from subdivision 5, Parks and Trails Management;
36.23	(5) \$6,000 is canceled from subdivision 6, Fish and Wildlife Management; and
36.24	(6) \$168,000 is canceled from subdivision 7, Enforcement.
36 25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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37.1 ARTICLE 2

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### ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES POLICY

# Section 1. [11A.236] ACCOUNT TO INVEST FINANCIAL ASSURANCE MONEY FROM PERMITS TO MINE.

Subdivision 1. Establishment; appropriation. (a) The State Board of Investment, when requested by the commissioner of natural resources, may invest money collected by the commissioner as part of financial assurance provided under a permit to mine issued under chapter 93. The State Board of Investment may establish one or more accounts into which money may be deposited for the purposes of this section, subject to the policies and procedures of the State Board of Investment. Use of any money in the account is restricted to the financial assurance purposes identified in sections 93.46 to 93.51 and rules adopted thereunder and as authorized under any trust fund agreements or other conditions established under a permit to mine.

(b) Money in an account established under paragraph (a) is appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes for which the account is established under this section.

Subd. 2. Account maintenance and investment. The commissioner of natural resources may deposit money in the appropriate account and may withdraw money from the appropriate account for the financial assurance purposes identified in sections 93.46 to 93.51 and rules adopted thereunder and as authorized under any trust fund agreements or other conditions established under the permit to mine for which the financial assurance is provided, subject to the policies and procedures of the State Board of Investment. Investment strategies related to an account established under this section must be determined jointly by the commissioner of natural resources and the executive director of the State Board of Investment. The authorized investments for an account are the investments authorized under section 11A.24 that are made available for investment by the State Board of Investment. Investment transactions must be at a time and in a manner determined by the executive director of the State Board of Investment. Decisions to withdraw money from the account must be determined by the commissioner of natural resources, subject to the policies and procedures of the State Board of Investment. <u>Investment earnings must be credited to the appropriate</u> account for financial assurance under the identified permit to mine. An account may be terminated by the commissioner of natural resources at any time, so long as the termination is in accordance with applicable statutes, rules, trust fund agreements, or other conditions established under the permit to mine, subject to the policies and procedures of the State Board of Investment.

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Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 17.4982, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 38.1 Subd. 6. Certifiable diseases. "Certifiable diseases" includes any of the following 38.2 expressed as clinical symptoms or based on the presence of the pathogen: channel catfish 38.3 virus, Renibacterium salmoninarum (bacterial kidney disease), Aeromonas salmonicida 38.4 (bacterial furunculosis), Yersinia ruckeri (enteric redmouth disease), Edwardsiella ictaluri 38.5 (enteric septicemia of catfish), infectious hematopoietic necrosis virus, infectious pancreatic 38.6 necrosis virus, Myxobolus cerebralis (whirling disease), Tetracapsuloides bryosalmonae 38.7 (proliferative kidney disease), viral hemorrhagic septicemia virus, epizootic epitheliotropic 38.8 virus, Ceratomyxa shasta (ceratomyxosis), and any emergency fish disease. 38.9 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 17.4982, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 38.10 Subd. 8. Containment facility. "Containment facility" means a licensed facility for 38.11 salmonids, catfish, or species on the viral hemorrhagic septicemia (VHS) susceptible list 38.12 published by the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health 38.13 Inspection Services, VHS-susceptible-species list that complies with clauses (1), (3), and 38.14 (4), or clauses (2), (3), and (4): 38.15 38.16 (1) disinfects its effluent to the standards in section 17.4991 before the effluent is discharged to public waters; 38.17 38.18 (2) does not discharge to public waters or to waters of the state directly connected to public waters; 38.19 (3) raises aquatic life that is prohibited from being released into the wild and must be 38.20 kept in a facility approved by the commissioner unless processed for food consumption; 38.21 (4) contains aquatic life requiring a fish health inspection prior to transportation. 38.22 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 17.4982, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 38.23 Subd. 9. Emergency fish disease. "Emergency fish disease" means designated fish 38.24 diseases or pathogens not already present in this state that could impact populations of 38.25 aquatic life if inadvertently released by infected aquatic life, including channel catfish virus, 38.26 viral hemorrhagic septicemia virus, infectious hematopoietic necrosis virus, infectious 38.27 pancreatic necrosis virus, whirling disease, ceratomyxosis, proliferative kidney disease, and 38.28

38.29

epizootic epitheliotropic virus disease.

39.1	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 17.4982, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
39.2	Subd. 12. Fish health inspection. (a) "Fish health inspection" means an on-site,
39.3	statistically based sampling, collection, and testing of fish in accordance with processes in
39.4	the Fish Health Blue Book or the Diagnostic Manual for Aquatic Animal Diseases, published
39.5	by the International Office of Epizootics (OIE) to test for causative pathogens. The samples
39.6	for inspection must be collected by a fish health inspector or a fish collector in cooperation
39.7	with the producer. Testing of samples must be done by an approved laboratory.
39.8	(b) The inspection for viral hemorrhagic septicemia (VHS), infectious pancreatic necrosis
39.9	(IPN), and infectious hematopoietic necrosis (IHN) in salmonids and for VHS in
39.10	nonsalmonids must include at a minimum viral testing of ovarian fluids at the 95 percent
39.11	confidence level of detecting two percent incidence of disease.
39.12	(c) The inspection for certifiable diseases and pathogens for wild fish must follow the
39.13	guidelines of the Fish Health Blue Book or the Diagnostic Manual for Aquatic Animal
39.14	Diseases.
39.15	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 17.4982, is amended by adding a subdivision to
39.16	read:
39.17	Subd. 21a. VHS-susceptible species. "VHS-susceptible species" are aquatic species
39.18	that are natural hosts for viral hemorrhagic septicemia according to the Fish Health Blue
39.19	Book or the book's successor.
39.20	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 17.4982, is amended by adding a subdivision to
39.21	read:
39.21	
39.22	Subd. 21b. VHS-susceptible-species list. "VHS-susceptible-species list" is the
39.23	VHS-susceptible species listed in the Fish Health Blue Book that are found in or that can
39.24	survive in the Great Lakes region.
39.25	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 17.4985, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
39.26	Subd. 2. Bill of lading. (a) A state-issued bill of lading is required for:
39.27	(1) intrastate transportation of aquatic life other than salmonids, catfish, or species on
39.28	the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published by the United
39.29	States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services,
39.30	VHS-susceptible-species list between licensed private fish hatcheries, aquatic farms, or
39.31	aquarium facilities licensed for the species being transported if the aquatic life is being

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transported into a watershed where it is not currently present, if walleyes whose original source is south of marked State Highway 210 are being transported to a facility north of marked State Highway 210, or if the original source of the aquatic life is outside Minnesota and contiguous states; and

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- (2) stocking of waters other than public waters with aquatic life other than salmonids, catfish, or species on the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published by the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services VHS-susceptible-species list.
- (b) When aquatic life is transported under paragraph (a), a copy of the bill of lading must be submitted to the regional fisheries manager at least 72 hours before the transportation.
  - (c) For transportation and stocking of waters that are not public waters:
- (1) a bill of lading must be submitted to the regional fisheries manager 72 hours before 40.12 transporting fish for stocking; 40.13
  - (2) a bill of lading must be submitted to the regional fisheries manager within five days after stocking if the waters to be stocked are confirmed by telecopy or telephone prior to stocking by the regional fisheries office not to be public waters; or
  - (3) a completed bill of lading may be submitted to the regional fisheries office by telecopy prior to transporting fish for stocking. Confirmation that the waters to be stocked are not public waters may be made by returning the bill of lading by telecopy or in writing, in which cases additional copies need not be submitted to the Department of Natural Resources.
  - (d) Bill of lading forms may only be issued by the Department of Natural Resources in St. Paul, and new bill of lading forms may not be issued until all previously issued forms have been returned.
  - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 17.4985, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
    - Subd. 3. Exemptions for transportation permits and bills of lading. (a) A state-issued bill of lading or transportation permit is not required by an aquatic farm licensee for importation of importing animals not on the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published by the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services; transportation of VHS-susceptible-species list, transporting animals not on the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published by the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services; or export for VHS-susceptible-species list, or exporting the following:

(1) minnows taken under an aquatic farm license in this state and transported intrastate;

- (2) aquarium or ornamental fish including goldfish and tropical, subtropical, and saltwater species that cannot survive in the waters of the state, which may be imported or transported if accompanied by shipping documents;
- (3) fish or fish eggs that have been processed for use as food, bait, or other purposes unrelated to fish propagation;
- (4) live fish from a licensed aquatic farm, which may be transported directly to an outlet for processing or for other food purposes if accompanied by shipping documents;
  - (5) fish being exported if accompanied by shipping documents;
- (6) sucker eggs, sucker fry, or fathead minnows transported intrastate for bait propagation or feeding of cultural aquatic life, except that if either species becomes listed on the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published by the United States

  Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services
- 41.14 <u>VHS-susceptible-species list</u>, then a transportation permit is required;
- 41.15 (7) species of fish that are found within the state used in connection with public shows, 41.16 exhibits, demonstrations, or fishing pools for periods not exceeding 14 days;
  - (8) fish being transported through the state if accompanied by shipping documents; or
  - (9) intrastate transportation of aquatic life between or within licensed private fish hatcheries, aquatic farms, or aquarium facilities licensed for the species being transported, except where required in subdivision 2 and except that salmonids, catfish, or species on the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published by the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services, VHS-susceptible-species list may only be transferred or transported intrastate without a transportation permit if they had no record of bacterial kidney disease or viral hemorrhagic septicemia at the time they were imported into the state and if they have had a fish health inspection within the preceding year that has shown no certifiable diseases to be present.
- Aquatic life being transferred between licensed private fish hatcheries, aquatic farms,
  or aquarium facilities must be accompanied by shipping documents and salmonids, catfish,
  or species on the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published
  by the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services,
  VHS-susceptible-species list being transferred or transported intrastate without a
  transportation permit must be accompanied by a copy of their most recent fish health
  inspection.

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provided in this section.

(b) Shipping documents required under paragraph (a) must show the place of origin, owner or consignee, destination, number, and species.

- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 17.4985, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Permit application.** An application for a transportation permit must be made on forms provided by the commissioner. An incomplete application must be rejected. An application for a transportation permit for salmonids, catfish, or species on the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published by the United States

  Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services,

  VHS-susceptible-species list; their eggs; or their sperm must be accompanied by certification that the source of the eggs or sperm are free of certifiable diseases, except that eggs with enteric redmouth, whirling disease, or furunculosis may be imported, transported, or stocked following treatment approved by the commissioner, and fish with bacterial kidney disease or viral hemorrhagic septicemia may be imported, transported, or stocked into areas where the disease has been identified as being present. A copy of the transportation permit showing

the date of certification inspection must accompany the shipment of fish while in transit

and must be available for inspection by the commissioner. By 14 days after a completed

application is received, the commissioner must approve or deny the importation permits as

- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 17.4986, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Licensed facilities.** (a) The commissioner shall issue transportation permits to import:
  - (1) indigenous and naturalized species except trout, salmon, catfish, or species on the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published by the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services, VHS-susceptible-species list and sperm from any source to a standard facility;
    - (2) trout, salmon, catfish, or species on the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published by the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services, VHS-susceptible-species list from a nonemergency enzootic disease area to a containment facility if the fish are certified within the previous year to be free of certifiable diseases, except that eggs with enteric redmouth, whirling disease, or furunculosis may be imported following treatment approved by the commissioner, and fish with bacterial kidney disease or viral hemorrhagic septicemia may be imported into areas where the disease has been identified as being present; and

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- (3) trout, salmon, catfish, or species on the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published by the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services, VHS-susceptible-species list from a facility in a nonemergency enzootic disease area with a disease-free history of three years or more to a standard facility, except that eggs with enteric redmouth, whirling disease, or furunculosis may be imported following treatment approved by the commissioner, and fish with bacterial kidney disease or viral hemorrhagic septicemia may be imported into areas where the disease has been identified as being present.
- (b) If a source facility in a nonemergency enzootic disease area cannot demonstrate a history free from disease, aquatic life may only be imported into a quarantine facility.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 17.4986, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 4. **Disease-free history.** Disease-free histories required under this section must include the results of a fish health inspection. When disease-free histories of more than one year are required for importing salmonids, catfish, or species on the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published by the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services VHS-susceptible-species list, the disease history must be of consecutive years that include the year previous to, or the year of, the transportation request.
  - Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 17.4991, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 3. **Fish health inspection.** (a) An aquatic farm propagating salmonids, catfish, or species on the viral hemorrhagic septicemia (VHS) susceptible list published by the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services, VHS-susceptible-species list and having an effluent discharge from the aquatic farm into public waters must have a fish health inspection conducted at least once every 12 months by a certified fish health inspector. Testing must be conducted according to laboratory methods of the Fish Health Blue Book or the Diagnostic Manual for Aquatic Animal Diseases, published by the International Office of Epizootics (OIE).
  - (b) An aquatic farm propagating any species on the VHS susceptible list and having an effluent discharge from the aquatic farm into public waters must test for VHS virus using the guidelines of the Fish Health Blue Book or the Diagnostic Manual for Aquatic Animal Diseases. The commissioner may, by written order published in the State Register, prescribe alternative testing time periods and methods from those prescribed in the Fish Health Blue Book or the OIE Diagnostic Manual if the commissioner determines that biosecurity measures

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will not be compromised. These alternatives are not subject to the rulemaking provisions
of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply. The commissioner must provide reasonable
notice to affected parties of any changes in testing requirements.

- (c) Results of fish health inspections must be provided to the commissioner for all fish that remain in the state. All data used to prepare and issue a fish health certificate must be maintained for three years by the issuing fish health inspector, approved laboratory, or accredited veterinarian.
- (d) A health inspection fee must be charged based on each lot of fish sampled. The fee by check or money order payable to the Department of Natural Resources must be prepaid or paid at the time a bill or notice is received from the commissioner that the inspection and processing of samples is completed.
- (e) Upon receipt of payment and completion of inspection, the commissioner shall notify the operator and issue a fish health certificate. The certification must be made according to the Fish Health Blue Book or the Diagnostic Manual for Aquatic Animal Diseases by a person certified as a fish health inspector.
- (f) All aquatic life in transit or held at transfer stations within the state may be inspected by the commissioner. This inspection may include the collection of stock for purposes of pathological analysis. Sample size necessary for analysis will follow guidelines listed in the Fish Health Blue Book or the Diagnostic Manual for Aquatic Animal Diseases.
- (g) Salmonids, catfish, or species on the VHS susceptible list must have a fish health inspection before being transported from a containment facility, unless the fish are being transported directly to an outlet for processing or other food purposes or unless the commissioner determines that an inspection is not needed. A fish health inspection conducted for this purpose need only be done on the lot or lots of fish that will be transported. The commissioner must conduct a fish health inspection requested for this purpose within five working days of receiving written notice. Salmonids and catfish may be immediately transported from a containment facility to another containment facility once a sample has been obtained for a health inspection or once the five-day notice period has expired.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 17.4992, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Restriction on the sale of fish.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), species on the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published by the

  United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services,

  VHS-susceptible-species list must be free of viral hemorrhagic septicemia and species of

the family salmonidae or ictaluridae, except bullheads, must be free of certifiable diseases if sold for stocking or transfer to another aquatic farm.

(b) The following exceptions apply to paragraph (a):

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- (1) eggs with enteric redmouth, whirling disease, or furunculosis may be transferred between licensed facilities or stocked following treatment approved by the commissioner;
- 45.6 (2) fish with bacterial kidney disease or viral hemorrhagic septicemia may be transferred 45.7 between licensed facilities or stocked in areas where the disease has been identified as being 45.8 present; and
- 45.9 (3) the commissioner may allow transfer between licensed facilities or stocking of fish 45.10 with enteric redmouth or furunculosis when the commissioner determines that doing so 45.11 would pose no threat to the state's aquatic resources.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 17.4993, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Taking from public waters.** (a) Under an aquatic farm license, a licensee may take <u>only</u> minnow sperm, minnow eggs, and live minnows for aquatic farm purposes from <del>public waters that have</del> a water body if:
- 45.16 (1) the water body has been tested for viral hemorrhagic septicemia when and the testing
  45.17 indicates the disease is not present; or
- 45.18 (2) the water body is located within a viral-hemorrhagic-septicemia-free zone posted on
  45.19 the Department of Natural Resources website.
- (b) A licensee may take sucker eggs and sperm only in approved waters with a sucker egg license endorsement as provided by section 17.4994.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 84.027, subdivision 13a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13a. Game and fish Natural resources expedited permanent rules. (a) In addition to the authority granted in subdivision 13, the commissioner of natural resources may adopt rules under section 14.389 that are authorized under:
  - (1) chapters 97A, 97B, and 97C to describe zone or permit area boundaries, to designate fish spawning beds or fish preserves, to select hunters or anglers for areas, to provide for registration of game or fish, to prevent or control wildlife disease, or to correct errors or omissions in rules that do not have a substantive effect on the intent or application of the original rule; or

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46.1	(2) sect	ion 84D.12 to designa	ate prohibited inv	rasive species, regulate	ed invasive species,
46.2	and unregu	lated nonnative speci-	es- <u>; or</u>		
46.3	(3) sect	ion 116G.15 to chang	e the placement	and boundaries of land	d use districts
46.4	established	in the Mississippi Ri	ver Corridor Crit	cical Area.	
46.5	(b) The	commissioner of natu	ural resources ma	ay adopt rules under se	ection 14.389 that
46.6	are authoriz	zed under chapters 97	'A, 97B, and 97C	c, for purposes in addit	tion to those listed
46.7	in paragrap	oh (a), clause (1), subj	ect to the notice	and public hearing pro	ovisions of section
46.8	14.389, sub	odivision 5.			
46.9	Sec. 17. N	Minnesota Statutes 20	20, section 84.02	27, is amended by addi	ng a subdivision to
46.10	read:				
46.11	Subd. 1	4c. Unadopted rules	The commission	ner of natural resource	es must not enforce
46.12	or attempt t	to enforce an unadopt	ed rule. For purpo	oses of this subdivision	n, "unadopted rule"
46.13	means a gu	ideline, bulletin, crite	rion, manual star	ndard, interpretive stat	ement, policy plan,
46.14	or similar p	pronouncement if the	guideline, bulleti	n, criterion, manual sta	andard, interpretive
46.15	statement, j	policy plan, or similar	r pronouncement	has not been adopted	according to the
46.16	rulemaking	g process provided un	der chapter 14. If	f an unadopted rule is	challenged under
46.17	section 14.	381, the commissione	er must cease enfo	orcement of the unado	pted rule and
46.18	overcome a	presumption that the u	unadopted rule mi	ust be adopted accordin	ng to the rulemaking

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 84.027, subdivision 18, is amended to read: 46.20

process provided under chapter 14.

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- Subd. 18. Permanent school fund authority; reporting. (a) The commissioner of 46.21 natural resources has the authority and responsibility to administer school trust lands under 46.22 sections 92.122 and 127A.31. The commissioner shall biannually biennially report to the 46.23 Legislative Permanent School Fund Commission and the legislature on the management of 46.24 the school trust lands that shows how the commissioner has and will continue to achieve 46.25 the following goals: 46.26
  - (1) manage the school trust lands efficiently and in a manner that reflects the undivided loyalty to the beneficiaries consistent with the commissioner's fiduciary duties;
- 46.29 (2) reduce the management expenditures of school trust lands and maximize the revenues deposited in the permanent school trust fund; 46.30
- 46.31 (3) manage the sale, exchange, and commercial leasing of school trust lands, requiring returns of not less than fair market value, to maximize the revenues deposited in the 46.32

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permanent school trust fund and retain the value from the long-term appreciation of the school trust lands;

- (4) manage the school trust lands to maximize the long-term economic return for the permanent school trust fund while maintaining sound natural resource conservation and management principles;
- (5) optimize school trust land revenues and maximize the value of the trust consistent with balancing short-term and long-term interests, so that long-term benefits are not lost in an effort to maximize short-term gains; and
- (6) maintain the integrity of the trust and prevent the misapplication of its lands and its revenues.
  - (b) When the commissioner finds an irresolvable conflict between maximizing the long-term economic return and protecting natural resources and recreational values on school trust lands, the commissioner shall give precedence to the long-term economic return in managing school trust lands. By July 1, 2018, the permanent school fund must be compensated for all school trust lands included under a designation or policy provision that prohibits long-term economic return. The commissioner shall submit recommendations to the appropriate legislative committees and divisions on methods of funding for the compensation required under this paragraph, including recommendations for appropriations from the general fund, nongeneral funds, and the state bond fund. Any uncompensated designation or policy provision restrictions on the long-term economic return on school trust lands remaining after July 1, 2018, must be compiled and submitted to the Legislative Permanent School Fund Commission for review.
  - (c) By December 31, 2013, the report required under paragraph (a) must provide an inventory and identification of all school trust lands that are included under a designation or policy provision that prohibits long-term economic return. The report must include a plan to compensate the permanent school fund through the purchase or exchange of the lands or a plan to manage the school trust land to generate long-term economic return to the permanent school fund. Subsequent reports under paragraph (a) must include a status report of the commissioner's progress in maximizing the long-term economic return on lands identified in the 2013 report.
- (d) When management practices, policies, or designations by the commissioner diminish or prohibit the long-term economic return on school trust land, the conflict must be resolved as provided in section 92.122.

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Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 84.415, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. Reimbursing costs. In addition to fees specified in this section or in rules adopted by the commissioner, the applicant must reimburse the state for costs incurred for cultural resources review, monitoring, or other services provided by the Minnesota Historical Society under contract with the commissioner of natural resources or the State Historic Preservation Office of the Department of Administration in connection with the license application, preparing the license terms, or constructing the utility line.

### Sec. 20. [84.625] CONVEYANCE OF CONSERVATION EASEMENTS.

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the commissioner of natural resources may, on state-owned lands administered by the commissioner and on behalf of the state, convey conservation easements as defined in section 84C.01, upon such terms and conditions, including reversion in the event of nonuse, as the commissioner may determine. Any terms and conditions obligating the state to incur costs related to monitoring or maintaining a conservation easement must acknowledge the state is liable for the costs only to the extent of an available appropriation according to section 16A.138.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 84.63, is amended to read:

# 84.63 CONVEYANCE OF INTERESTS IN LANDS TO STATE AND, FEDERAL, AND TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS.

- (a) Notwithstanding any existing law to the contrary, the commissioner of natural resources is hereby authorized on behalf of the state to convey to the United States, to a federally recognized Indian Tribe, or to the state of Minnesota or any of its subdivisions, upon state-owned lands under the administration of the commissioner of natural resources, permanent or temporary easements for specified periods or otherwise for trails, highways, roads including limitation of right of access from the lands to adjacent highways and roads, flowage for development of fish and game resources, stream protection, flood control, and necessary appurtenances thereto, such conveyances to be made upon such terms and conditions including provision for reversion in the event of non-user as the commissioner of natural resources may determine.
- (b) In addition to the fee for the market value of the easement, the commissioner of natural resources shall assess the applicant the following fees:

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- (1) an application fee of \$2,000 to cover reasonable costs for reviewing the application and preparing the easement; and
- (2) a monitoring fee to cover the projected reasonable costs for monitoring the construction of the improvement for which the easement was conveyed and preparing special terms and conditions for the easement. The commissioner must give the applicant an estimate of the monitoring fee before the applicant submits the fee.
- (c) The applicant shall pay these fees to the commissioner of natural resources. The commissioner shall not issue the easement until the applicant has paid in full the application fee, the monitoring fee, and the market value payment for the easement.
- (d) Upon completion of construction of the improvement for which the easement was conveyed, the commissioner shall refund the unobligated balance from the monitoring fee revenue. The commissioner shall not return the application fee, even if the application is withdrawn or denied.
- (e) Money received under paragraph (b) must be deposited in the land management account in the natural resources fund and is appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources to cover the reasonable costs incurred for issuing and monitoring easements.
- (f) A county or joint county regional railroad authority is exempt from all fees specified under this section for trail easements on state-owned land.
- (g) In addition to fees specified in this section, the applicant must reimburse the state for costs incurred for cultural resources review, monitoring, or other services provided by the Minnesota Historical Society under contract with the commissioner of natural resources or the State Historic Preservation Office of the Department of Administration in connection with the easement application, preparing the easement terms, or constructing the trail, highway, road, or other improvements.
- 49.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment, except that paragraph (g) is effective July 1, 2021. 49.26
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 84.631, is amended to read: 49.27

### 84.631 ROAD EASEMENTS ACROSS STATE LANDS.

(a) Except as provided in section 85.015, subdivision 1b, the commissioner of natural resources, on behalf of the state, may convey a road easement across state land under the commissioner's jurisdiction to a private person requesting an easement for access to property owned by the person only if the following requirements are met: (1) there are no reasonable

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alternatives to obtain access to the property; and (2) the exercise of the easement will not cause significant adverse environmental or natural resource management impacts.

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- (b) The commissioner shall:
- (1) require the applicant to pay the market value of the easement;
- (2) limit the easement term to 50 years if the road easement is across school trust land; 50.5
  - (3) provide that the easement reverts to the state in the event of nonuse; and
- (4) impose other terms and conditions of use as necessary and appropriate under the 50.7 circumstances. 50.8
  - (c) An applicant shall submit an application fee of \$2,000 with each application for a road easement across state land. The application fee is nonrefundable, even if the application is withdrawn or denied.
  - (d) In addition to the payment for the market value of the easement and the application fee, the commissioner of natural resources shall assess the applicant a monitoring fee to cover the projected reasonable costs for monitoring the construction of the road and preparing special terms and conditions for the easement. The commissioner must give the applicant an estimate of the monitoring fee before the applicant submits the fee. The applicant shall pay the application and monitoring fees to the commissioner of natural resources. The commissioner shall not issue the easement until the applicant has paid in full the application fee, the monitoring fee, and the market value payment for the easement.
  - (e) Upon completion of construction of the road, the commissioner shall refund the unobligated balance from the monitoring fee revenue.
  - (f) Fees collected under paragraphs (c) and (d) must be credited to the land management account in the natural resources fund and are appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources to cover the reasonable costs incurred under this section.
  - (g) In addition to fees specified in this section, the applicant must reimburse the state for costs incurred for cultural resources review, monitoring, or other services provided by the Minnesota Historical Society under contract with the commissioner of natural resources or the State Historic Preservation Office of the Department of Administration in connection with the easement application, preparing the easement terms, or constructing the road.
- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 84.82, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: 50.30
- Subd. 1a. **General requirements.** A person may not operate or transport a snowmobile 50.31 unless the snowmobile has been registered under this section. A person may not sell a 50.32

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snowmobile without furnishing the buyer a bill of sale on a form prescribed by the commissioner.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 84.82, subdivision 7a, is amended to read:

Subd. 7a. Collector snowmobiles; limited use. The commissioner may issue a special permit to a person or organization to operate or transport a collector snowmobile without registration in parades or organized group outings, such as races, rallies, and other promotional events and for up to ten days each year for personal transportation. The commissioner may impose a reasonable restriction on a permittee and may revoke, amend, suspend, or modify a permit for cause.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 84.92, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. All-terrain vehicle or vehicle. "All-terrain vehicle" or "vehicle" means a motorized vehicle with: (1) not less than three, but not more than six <del>low pressure or</del> non-pneumatic tires; (2) a total dry weight of 2,000 3,000 pounds or less; and (3) a total width from outside of tire rim to outside of tire rim that is 65 inches or less. All-terrain vehicle includes a class 1 all-terrain vehicle and class 2 all-terrain vehicle. All-terrain vehicle does not include a golf cart, mini-truck, dune buggy, or go-cart or a vehicle designed and used specifically for lawn maintenance, agriculture, logging, or mining purposes.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 84.943, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

### Subd. 3. Appropriations matched by private funds or state bond fund appropriations. (a) Appropriations transferred to the critical habitat private sector matching account and money credited to the account under section 168.1296, subdivision 5, may be expended only to the extent that they are matched equally with contributions from private sources or; by funds contributed to the nongame wildlife management account; or by appropriations from the bond proceeds fund for projects that benefit critical natural habitat. The private contributions may be made in cash, property, land, or interests in land. Appropriations transferred to the account that are not matched within three years from the date of the appropriation shall cancel to the source of the appropriation. For the purposes of this section, the private contributions of property, land, or interests in land that are retained by the commissioner shall be valued in accordance with their appraised value.

(b) For every dollar used as a match under paragraph (a), the commissioner may expend up to two dollars from the account for the purposes described in subdivision 5.

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52.1	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 84.943, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
52.2	Subd. 5. Pledges and contributions. (a) The commissioner of natural resources may
52.3	accept contributions and pledges to the critical habitat private sector matching account. A
52.4	pledge that is made contingent on an appropriation is acceptable and shall be reported with
52.5	other pledges as required in this section. The commissioner may agree to match a contribution
52.6	contingent on a future appropriation. In the budget request for each biennium, the
52.7	commissioner shall report the balance of contributions in the account and the amount that
52.8	has been pledged for payment in the succeeding two calendar years.
52.9	(b) Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources only
52.10	for the direct acquisition, restoration, or improvement enhancement of land or interests in
52.11	land as provided in section 84.944. To the extent of available appropriations other than bond
52.12	proceeds, the money matched to the nongame wildlife management account may be used
52.13	for the management of nongame wildlife projects as specified in section 290.431. Acquisition
52.14	includes:
52.15	(1) purchase of land or an interest in land by the commissioner; or
52.16	(2) acceptance by the commissioner of gifts of land or interests in land as program
52.17	projects.
52.18	(c) To the extent of available appropriations other than bond proceeds, the money matched
52.19	to the nongame wildlife management account may be used for:
52.20	(1) the management of nongame wildlife projects as specified in section 290.431;
52.21	(2) restoration and enhancement activities for critical natural habitat; or
52.22	(3) monitoring and evaluation activities for rare resources and native plant communities
52.23	that inform the management of critical natural habitat.
52.24	No more than 30 percent of the nongame wildlife management account appropriations each
52.25	fiscal year may be used to match money from the critical habitat private sector matching
52.26	account for monitoring and evaluation activities.
52.27	Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 84.944, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
52.28	Subdivision 1. Acquisition, restoration, and enhancement considerations. (a) In
52.29	determining what critical natural habitat shall be acquired or improved, restored, or enhanced,
52.30	the commissioner shall consider:
52.31	(1) the significance of the land or water as existing or potential habitat for fish and

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wildlife and providing fish and wildlife oriented recreation;

53.1	(2) the significance of the land, water, or habitat improvement to maintain or enhance
33.2	native plant, fish, or wildlife species designated as endangered or threatened under section
33.3	84.0895;
53.4	(3) the presence of native ecological communities that are now uncommon or diminishing;
3.5	and
53.6	(4) the significance of the land, water or habitat improvement to protect or enhance
3.7	natural features within or contiguous to natural areas including fish spawning areas, wildlife
33.8	management areas, scientific and natural areas, riparian habitat and fish and wildlife
3.9	management projects.
3.10	(b) Based on the above clauses, the commissioner by rule must establish a process to
3.11	prioritize what critical habitat shall be acquired or improved.
3.12	Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 84.946, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
3.13	Subd. 4. Priorities; report. The commissioner of natural resources must establish
3.14	priorities for natural resource asset preservation and replacement projects. By January 15
3.15	March 1 each year, the commissioner must submit to the commissioner of management and
3.16	budget a list of the projects that have been paid for with money from a natural resource
3.17	asset preservation and replacement appropriation during the preceding calendar year.
2 10	See 20 Minnesote Statutes 2020 section 84D 02 subdivision 2 is amended to read
3.18	Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 84D.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
3.19	Subd. 3. Management plan. By December 31, 2021, and every ten years thereafter, the
33.20	commissioner shall must prepare and maintain a long-term plan, which may include specific
33.21	plans for individual species and actions, for the statewide management of invasive species
33.22	of aquatic plants and wild animals. The plan must address:
33.23	(1) coordinated detection and prevention of accidental introductions;
3.24	(2) coordinated dissemination of information about invasive species of aquatic plants
3.25	and wild animals among resource management agencies and organizations;
3.26	(3) a coordinated public education and awareness campaign;

on lands and public waters;

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in the development and implementation of local management efforts;

(4) coordinated control of selected invasive species of aquatic plants and wild animals

(5) participation by lake associations, local citizen groups, and local units of government

54.1	(6) a reasonable and workable inspection requirement for watercraft and equipment
54.2	including those participating in organized events on the waters of the state;
54.3	(7) the closing of points of access to infested waters, if the commissioner determines it
54.4	is necessary, for a total of not more than seven days during the open water season for control
54.5	or eradication purposes;
54.6	(8) maintaining public accesses on infested waters to be reasonably free of aquatic
54.7	macrophytes; and
54.8	(9) notice to travelers of the penalties for violation of laws relating to invasive species
54.9	of aquatic plants and wild animals.
54.10	Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 84D.11, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
54.11	Subd. 1a. <b>Permit for invasive carp.</b> The commissioner may issue a permit to
54.12	departmental divisions for tagging bighead, black, grass, or silver carp for research or
54.13	control. Under the permit, the carp may be released into the water body from which the carp
54.14	was captured. This subdivision expires December 31, 2021.
54.15	Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 85.052, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
54.16	Subdivision 1. Authority to establish. (a) The commissioner may establish, by written
54.17	order, provisions for the use of state parks for the following:
54.18	(1) special parking space for automobiles or other motor-driven vehicles in a state park
54.19	or state recreation area;
54.20	(2) special parking spurs, campgrounds for automobiles, sites for tent camping, other
54.21	types of lodging, camping, or day use facilities, and special auto trailer coach parking spaces,
54.22	for the use of the individual charged for the space or facility;
54.23	(3) improvement and maintenance of golf courses already established in state parks, and
54.24	charging reasonable use fees; and
54.25	(4)(3) providing water, sewer, and electric service to trailer or tent campsites and charging
54.26	a reasonable use fee; and
54.27	(4) administrative penalties related to courtesy warnings and letters issued for failure to

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(b) Provisions established under paragraph (a) are exempt from section 16A.1283 and

display a state park permit as required under section 85.053, subdivision 2.

the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14. Section 14.386 does not apply.

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55.1	(c) For the purposes of this subdivision, "lodging" means an enclosed shelter, room, or
55.2	building with furnishings for overnight use.
55.3	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 85.052, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. **State park <u>pageants</u> <u>special events</u>**. (a) The commissioner may stage state park <u>pageants special events</u> in a state park, municipal park, or on other land near or adjoining a state park and charge an entrance or use fee for the <u>pageant special event</u>. All receipts from the <u>pageants special events</u> must be used in the same manner as though the <u>pageants</u> special events were conducted in a state park.
- (b) The commissioner may establish, by written order, state park <u>pageant special event</u> areas to hold historical or other <u>pageants special events</u> conducted by the commissioner of a state agency or other public agency. Establishment of the areas is exempt from the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14<sub>2</sub> and section 14.386 does not apply.
- Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 85.052, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **State park reservation system.** (a) The commissioner may, by written order, develop reasonable reservation policies for campsites and other lodging. These policies are exempt from rulemaking provisions under chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply.
- (b) The revenue collected from the state park reservation fee established under subdivision 5, including interest earned, shall be deposited in the state park account in the natural resources fund and is annually appropriated to the commissioner for the cost of <u>operating</u> the state park reservation <u>and point-of-sale system</u>.
- Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 85.053, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Requirement.** Except as provided in section 85.054, a motor vehicle may not enter a state park, state recreation area, or state wayside over 50 acres in area, without a state park permit issued under this section or a state parks and trails plate issued under section 168.1295. Except for vehicles permitted under subdivisions 7, paragraph (a), clause (2), and 8, the state park permit must be affixed to the lower right corner windshield of the motor vehicle and must be completely affixed by its own adhesive to the windshield, or the commissioner may, by written order, provide an alternative means to display and validate state park permits. A motor vehicle owner or lessee is responsible for ensuring the owner's or lessee's vehicle has a state park permit, and the commissioner may issue warnings and citations under section 84.0835 to the owner or lessee of a vehicle not in compliance.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 85.053, is amended by adding a subdivision to 56.1 56.2 read: Subd. 5a. Free permit; members of federally recognized tribes. (a) The commissioner 56.3 must issue an annual state park permit for no charge to any member of the 11 federally 56.4 recognized tribes in Minnesota. To qualify for a free state park permit under this subdivision, 56.5 an individual must present a qualifying tribal identification, as determined by each of the 56.6 tribal governments, to the park attendant on duty or other designee of the commissioner. 56.7 (b) For vehicles permitted under paragraph (a), the permit issued under this subdivision 56.8 is valid only when displayed on a vehicle owned and occupied by the person to whom the 56.9 56.10 permit is issued. (c) The commissioner may issue a daily state park permit free of charge to an individual 56.11 56.12 who qualifies under paragraph (a) and does not own or operate a motor vehicle. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2022. 56.13 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 85.054, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 56.14 56.15 Subdivision 1. State Park Open House Days. (a) A state park permit is not required for a motor vehicle to enter a state park, state monument, state recreation area, or state 56.16 wayside, on four days each calendar year at each park, which the commissioner shall 56.17 56.18 designate as State Park Open House Days. The commissioner may designate two consecutive days as State Park Open House Days, if the open house is held in conjunction with a special 56.19 pageant event described in section 85.052, subdivision 2. 56.20 (b) The commissioner shall announce the date of each State Park Open House Day at 56.21 least 30 days in advance of the date it occurs. 56.22 (c) The purpose of State Park Open House Days is to acquaint the public with state 56.23 parks, recreation areas, and waysides. 56.24 (d) On State Park Open House Days, registered overnight guests in state parks and state 56.25 recreation areas are exempt from the requirements for a state park permit under section 56.26 85.053 until after the camping or lodging check-out time of the following day in the park 56.27 where the overnight stay occurred. 56.28

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 85.43, is amended to read:

### 85.43 DISPOSITION OF RECEIPTS; PURPOSE.

- (a) Fees from cross-country-ski passes shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a cross-country-ski account in the natural resources fund and, except for the electronic licensing system commission established by the commissioner under section 84.027, subdivision 15, are appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for the following purposes:
- 57.8 (1) grants-in-aid for cross-country-ski trails to:

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- 57.9 (i) counties and municipalities for construction and maintenance of cross-country-ski 57.10 trails; and
- 57.11 (ii) special park districts as provided in section 85.44 for construction and maintenance 57.12 of cross-country-ski trails; <del>and</del>
- 57.13 (2) <u>administration of administering</u> the cross-country-ski trail grant-in-aid program-:
  57.14 and
- 57.15 (3) developing and maintaining state cross-country-ski trails.
- 57.16 (b) Development and maintenance of state cross-country-ski trails are eligible for funding
  57.17 from the cross-country-ski account if the money is appropriated by law.
- 57.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2019.
- Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 89.021, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- 57.21 Subd. 42a. Riverlands State Forest.
- Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 89.17, is amended to read:
- **89.17 LEASES AND PERMITS.** 
  - (a) Notwithstanding the permit procedures of chapter 90, the commissioner may grant and execute, in the name of the state, leases and permits for the use of any forest lands under the authority of the commissioner for any purpose that in the commissioner's opinion is not inconsistent with the maintenance and management of the forest lands, on forestry principles for timber production. Every such lease or permit is revocable at the discretion of the commissioner at any time subject to such conditions as may be agreed on in the lease. The approval of the commissioner of administration is not required upon any such lease or

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permit. No such lease or permit for a period exceeding 21 years shall be granted except with
the approval of the Executive Council.

- (b) Public access to the leased land for outdoor recreation is the same as access would be under state management.
- (c) Notwithstanding section 16A.125, subdivision 5, after deducting the reasonable costs incurred for preparing and issuing the lease, all remaining proceeds from leasing school trust land and university land for roads on forest lands must be deposited into the respective permanent fund for the lands.
- (d) The commissioner may require a performance bond, security deposit, or other form of security for removing any improvements or personal property left on the leased premises by the lessee upon termination or cancellation of the lease.
- (e) In addition to other payments required by this section, the applicant must reimburse
  the state for costs incurred for cultural resources review, monitoring, or other services
  provided by the Minnesota Historical Society under contract with the commissioner of
  natural resources or the State Historic Preservation Office of the Department of
  Administration in connection with reviewing the lease request, preparing the lease terms,
  or monitoring construction of improvements on the leased premises.
- Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 89A.11, is amended to read:
- 58.19 **89A.11 SUNSET.**
- 58.20 Sections 89A.01; 89A.02; 89A.03; 89A.04; 89A.05; 89A.06; 89A.07; 89A.08; 89A.09; 89A.10; 89A.105; and 89A.11 are repealed expire June 30, <del>2021</del> 2028.
- Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 92.50, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 4. Reimbursing costs. In addition to other payments required by this section, the
  applicant must reimburse the state for costs incurred for cultural resources review, monitoring,
  or other services provided by the Minnesota Historical Society under contract with the
  commissioner of natural resources or the State Historic Preservation Office of the Department
  of Administration in connection with reviewing the lease request, preparing the lease terms,
  or constructing improvements on the leased premises.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 92.502, is amended to read:

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### 92.502 LEASE OF TAX-FORFEITED AND STATE LANDS.

- (a) Notwithstanding section 282.04 or other law to the contrary, St. Louis County may enter a 30-year lease of tax-forfeited land for a wind energy project.
- (b) The commissioner of natural resources may enter a 30-year lease of land administered by the commissioner for a wind energy project.
- (c) The commissioner of natural resources may enter a 30-year lease of land administered by the commissioner for recreational trails and facilities. The commissioner may assess the lease applicant a monitoring fee to cover the projected reasonable costs of monitoring construction of the recreational trail or facility and preparing special terms and conditions of the license to ensure proper construction. The commissioner must give the applicant an estimate of the monitoring fee before the applicant is required to submit the fee. Upon completion of construction of the trail or facility, the commissioner must refund the unobligated balance from the monitoring fee revenue.
- (d) Notwithstanding section 282.04 or other law to the contrary, Lake and St. Louis Counties may enter into 30-year leases of tax-forfeited land for recreational trails and facilities.
  - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

### 59.19 Sec. 44. [92.503] CONSERVATION PLANNING LEASES.

- The commissioner of natural resources may lease state-owned lands as defined in section
  92.01 for a term not to exceed 21 years for the purpose of investigating, analyzing, and
  developing conservation easements that provide ecosystem services benefits. Leases granted
  under this section are not subject to section 92.50, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), with respect
  to Executive Council approval for commercial leases or section 92.50, subdivision 1,
  paragraph (d).
- Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 94.3495, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Valuation of land.** (a) In an exchange of class 1 land for class 2 or 3 land, the value of all the land shall be determined by the commissioner of natural resources, but the county board must approve the value determined for the class 2 land, and the governmental subdivision of the state must approve the value determined for the class 3 land. In an exchange of class 2 land for class 3 land, the value of all the land shall be determined by

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the county board of the county in which the land lies, but the governmental subdivision of the state must approve the value determined for the class 3 land.

- (b) To determine the value of the land, the parties to the exchange may either (1) cause the land to be appraised, or (2) determine the value for each 40-acre tract or lot, or a portion thereof, using the most current township or county assessment schedules within the preceding two years for similar land types from the county assessor of the county in which the lands are located. Merchantable timber value should be considered in finalizing valuation of the lands.
- (c) Except for school trust lands and university lands, the lands exchanged under this section shall be exchanged only for lands of at least substantially equal value. For the purposes of this subdivision, "substantially equal value" has the meaning given under section 94.343, subdivision 3, paragraph (b). No payment is due either party if the lands, other than school trust lands or university lands, are of substantially equal value but are not of the same value.
- (d) School trust lands and university lands exchanged under this section must be exchanged only for lands of equal or greater value.
- Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.015, subdivision 29, is amended to read:
- Subd. 29. **Minnows.** "Minnows" means: (1) members of the minnow family, Cyprinidae, except carp and goldfish; (2) members of the mudminnow family, Umbridae; (3) members of the sucker family, Catostomidae, not over 12 inches in length; (4) bullheads, ciscoes, lake whitefish, goldeyes, and mooneyes, not over seven inches long; (5) leeches; and (6)
- tadpole madtoms (willow cats) and stonecats.
- Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.075, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Deer, bear, and lifetime licenses.** (a) For purposes of this subdivision,
- "deer license" means a license issued under section 97A.475, subdivisions 2, clauses (5),
- 60.26 (6), (7), (13) (15), (14) (16), and (15) (17); 3, paragraph (a), clauses (2), (3), (4), (10) (12),
- 60.27 (11) (13), and (12) (14); and 8, paragraph (b), and licenses issued under section 97B.301,
- 60.28 subdivision 4.
- (b) The deer management account is established as an account in the game and fish fund and may be used only for deer habitat improvement or deer management programs, including a computerized licensing system. The following amounts must be credited to the deer management account:

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- (1) \$16 from each annual deer license issued under section 97A.475, subdivisions 2, clauses (5), (6), and (7); 3, paragraph (a), clauses (2), (3), and (4); and 8, paragraph (b);
- (2) \$2 from each annual deer license issued under sections 97A.475, subdivisions 2, clauses (13) (15), (14) (16), and (15) (17); and 3, paragraph (a), clauses (10) (12), (11) (13), and (12) (14); and 97B.301, subdivision 4; and
  - (3) \$16 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund, established under section 97A.4742, for each license issued to a person 18 years of age or older under section 97A.473, subdivision 4, and \$2 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund for each license issued to a person under 18 years of age.
  - (c) \$1 from each annual deer license and each bear license and \$1 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund, established in section 97A.4742, for each license issued under section 97A.473, subdivision 4, must be credited to the deer and bear management account and is appropriated to the commissioner for deer- and bear-management programs, including a computerized licensing system.
  - (d) Fifty cents from each deer license is credited to the emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health-management account and is appropriated for emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health management. Money appropriated for emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health management is available until expended.
- (e) When the unencumbered balance in the appropriation for emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health management exceeds \$2,500,000 at the end of a fiscal year, the unencumbered balance over \$2,500,000 is canceled and is available for deer- and bear-management programs and computerized licensing.
- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.075, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Wolf licenses; account established.** (a) For purposes of this subdivision, "wolf license" means a license or permit issued under section 97A.475, subdivision 2, clause (20) (22); 3, paragraph (a), clause (16) (18); or 20, paragraph (b).
  - (b) A wolf management and monitoring account is created in the game and fish fund. Revenue from wolf licenses must be credited to the wolf management and monitoring account and is appropriated to the commissioner only for wolf management, research, damage control, enforcement, and education. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, money credited to the account may not be used to pay indirect costs or agency shared services.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.126, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 3. Walk-in-access hunter validation; fee. The fee for a walk-in-access hunter validation is \$3.
- 62.5 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.137, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 5. **Portable stands.** (a) Prior to the Saturday on or nearest September 16, a portable stand may be left overnight in a wildlife management area by a person with a valid bear license who is hunting within 100 yards of a bear bait site that is legally tagged and registered as prescribed under section 97B.425. Any person leaving a portable stand overnight under this subdivision must affix a tag with: (1) the person's name and address; (2) the licensee's driver's license number; or (3) the "MDNR#" license identification number issued to the licensee. The tag must be affixed to the stand in a manner that it can be read from the ground.
  - (b) From November 1 through December 31, a portable stand may be left overnight by a person possessing a license to take deer in a wildlife management area located in whole or in part north and west of a line described as follows:
- State Trunk Highway 1 from the west boundary of the state to State Trunk Highway 89; then north along State Trunk Highway 89 to Fourtown; then north on County State-Aid Highway 44, Beltrami County, to County Road 704, Beltrami County; then north on County Road 704 to Dick's Parkway State Forest Road; then north on Dick's Parkway to County State-Aid Highway 5, Roseau County; then north on County State-Aid Highway 5 to Warroad; then north on State Trunk Highway 11 to State Trunk Highway 313; then north on State Trunk Highway 313 to the north boundary of the state.
  - A person leaving a portable stand overnight under this paragraph must affix a tag with: (1) the person's name and address; (2) the licensee's driver's license number; or (3) the "MDNR#" license identification number issued to the licensee. The tag must be affixed to the stand so that it can be read from the ground and must be made of a material sufficient to withstand weather conditions. A person leaving a portable stand overnight in a wildlife management area under this paragraph may not leave more than two portable stands in any one wildlife management area. Unoccupied portable stands left overnight under this paragraph may be used by any member of the public. This paragraph expires December 31, 2019.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2019, and
  Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.137, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), is revived and reenacted
  as of that date.

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- Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.401, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 63.1 Subdivision 1. Commissioner's authority. The commissioner may issue special permits 63.2
- for the activities in this section. A special permit may be issued in the form of a general 63.3
- permit to a governmental subdivision or to the general public to conduct one or more 63.4
- 63.5 activities under subdivisions 2 to 7 8.
- Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.401, is amended by adding a subdivision 63.6
- to read: 63.7
- Subd. 8. Snakes, lizards, and salamanders. The commissioner must prescribe conditions 63.8
- and may issue permits to breed, propagate, and sell snakes, lizards, and salamanders. A 63.9
- snake, lizard, or salamander that is obtained from a permitted breeder or that was possessed 63.10
- 63.11 before August 1, 2021, may be possessed as a pet.
- Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.421, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 63.12
- Subdivision 1. General. (a) The annual license of a person convicted of a violation of 63.13
- the game and fish laws relating to the license or wild animals covered by the license is void 63.14
- when: 63.15
- (1) a second conviction occurs within three years under a license to trap fur-bearing 63.16
- animals, take small game, or to take fish by angling or spearing; 63.17
- (2) a third second conviction occurs within one year three years under a minnow dealer's 63.18
- license; 63.19
- (3) a second conviction occurs within three years for violations of section 97A.425 that 63.20
- do not involve falsifications or intentional omissions of information required to be recorded, 63.21
- or attempts to conceal unlawful acts within the records; 63.22
- (4) two or more misdemeanor convictions occur within a three-year period under a 63.23
- private fish hatchery license; 63.24
- (5) the conviction occurs under a license not described in clause (1), (2), or (4) or is for 63.25
- a violation of section 97A.425 not described in clause (3); or 63.26
- (6) the conviction is related to assisting a person in the illegal taking, transportation, or 63.27
- possession of wild animals, when acting as a hunting or angling guide. 63.28
- (b) Except for big-game licenses and as otherwise provided in this section, for one year 63.29
- after the conviction the person may not obtain the kind of license or take wild animals under 63.30

a lifetime license, issued under section 97A.473 or 97A.474, relating to the game and fish 64.1 law violation. 64.2 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.421, is amended by adding a subdivision 64.3 to read: 64.4 Subd. 3b. Issuance after conviction; night vision or thermal imaging equipment. (a) 64.5 A person who is convicted of a violation under paragraph (b) and who possessed night 64.6 vision or thermal imaging equipment during the violation may not obtain a hunting license 64.7 or hunt wild animals for five years from the date of conviction. 64.8 (b) The revocation under this subdivision applies to convictions for: 64.9 64.10 (1) trespassing; (2) hunting game in closed season; 64.11 64.12 (3) hunting game in closed hours; (4) possessing night vision or thermal imaging equipment while taking wild animals in 64.13 violation of section 97B.086; or 64.14 (5) possessing unlawful firearms in deer zones in violation of section 97B.041. 64.15 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.475, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 64.16 Subd. 2. Resident hunting. Fees for the following licenses, to be issued to residents 64.17 only, are: 64.18 (1) for persons age 18 or over and under age 65 to take small game, \$15.50; 64.19 64.20 (2) for persons age 65 or over, \$7 to take small game; (3) for persons age 18 or over to take turkey, \$26; 64.21 64.22 (4) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take turkey, \$5; (5) for persons age 18 or over to take deer with firearms during the regular firearms 64.23 season, \$34; 64.24 (6) for persons age 18 or over to take deer by archery, \$34; 64.25

- 64.26 (7) for persons age 18 or over to take deer by muzzleloader during the muzzleloader 64.27 season, \$34;
- (8) to take moose, for a party of not more than six persons, \$356;
- (9) for persons age 18 or over to take bear, \$44;

- (10) to take elk, for a party of not more than two persons, \$287;
- 65.2 (11) to take Canada geese during a special season, \$4;
- 65.3 (12) to take light geese during the light goose conservation order, \$2.50;
- 65.4 (13) to take sandhill crane during the sandhill crane season, \$3;
- 65.5  $\frac{(12)}{(14)}$  to take prairie chickens, \$23;
- 65.6 (13) (15) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer with firearms during 65.7 the regular firearms season, \$5;
- 65.8 (14) (16) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer by archery, \$5;
- 65.9 (15) (17) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer by muzzleloader during the muzzleloader season, \$5;
- 65.11 (18) for persons age 10, 11, or 12 to take bear, no fee;
- 65.12 (17) (19) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take bear, \$5;
- (18) (20) for persons age 18 or over to take small game for a consecutive 72-hour period
- selected by the licensee, \$19, of which an amount equal to one-half of the fee for the
- 65.15 migratory-waterfowl stamp under subdivision 5, clause (1), shall be deposited in the
- waterfowl habitat improvement account under section 97A.075, subdivision 2; one-half of
- 65.17 the fee for the pheasant stamp under subdivision 5, clause (2), shall be deposited in the
- 65.18 pheasant habitat improvement account under section 97A.075, subdivision 4; and one-half
- of the small-game surcharge under subdivision 4, shall be deposited in the wildlife acquisition
- 65.20 account;
- 65.21 (19) (21) for persons age 16 or over and under age 18 to take small game, \$5;
- (20) (22) to take wolf, \$30;
- 65.23 (21) (23) for persons age 12 and under to take turkey, no fee;
- 65.24 (24) for persons age 10, 11, or 12 to take deer by firearm, no fee;
- (23) (25) for persons age 10, 11, or 12 to take deer by archery, no fee; and
- 65.26  $\frac{(24)}{(26)}$  for persons age 10, 11, or 12 to take deer by muzzleloader during the
- 65.27 muzzleloader season, no fee.
- 65.28 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.475, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Nonresident hunting. (a) Fees for the following licenses, to be issued to
- 65.30 nonresidents, are:

- (1) for persons age 18 or over to take small game, \$90.50;
- 66.2 (2) for persons age 18 or over to take deer with firearms during the regular firearms season, \$180;
- (3) for persons age 18 or over to take deer by archery, \$180;
- 66.5 (4) for persons age 18 or over to take deer by muzzleloader during the muzzleloader season, \$180;
- (5) for persons age 18 or over to take bear, \$225;
- (6) for persons age 18 or over to take turkey, \$91;
- (7) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take turkey, \$5;
- (8) to take raccoon or bobcat, \$178;
- (9) to take Canada geese during a special season, \$4;
- (10) to take light geese during the light goose conservation order, \$2.50;
- (11) to take sandhill crane during the sandhill crane season, \$3;
- 66.14 (10) (12) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer with firearms during
  the regular firearms season in any open season option or time period, \$5;
- 66.16 (11) (13) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer by archery, \$5;
- 66.17 (12) (14) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer during the muzzleloader season, \$5;
- 66.19 (13) (15) for persons age 13 or over and under 18 to take bear, \$5;
- 66.20 (14) (16) for persons age 18 or over to take small game for a consecutive 72-hour period
- selected by the licensee, \$75, of which an amount equal to one-half of the fee for the
- 66.22 migratory-waterfowl stamp under subdivision 5, clause (1), shall be deposited in the
- waterfowl habitat improvement account under section 97A.075, subdivision 2; one-half of
- 66.24 the fee for the pheasant stamp under subdivision 5, clause (2), shall be deposited in the
- pheasant habitat improvement account under section 97A.075, subdivision 4; and one-half
- of the small-game surcharge under subdivision 4, shall be deposited into the wildlife
- 66.27 acquisition account;
- (15) (17) for persons age 16 or 17 to take small game, \$5;
- (16) (18) to take wolf, \$250;
- 66.30 (17) (19) for persons age 12 and under to take turkey, no fee;

- 67.1 (18) (20) for persons age ten, 11, or 12 to take deer by firearm, no fee;
- 67.2 (19) (21) for persons age ten, 11, or 12 to take deer by archery, no fee;
- (20) (22) for persons age ten, 11, or 12 to take deer by muzzleloader during the
- 67.4 muzzleloader season, no fee; and
- 67.5 (21) (23) for persons age 10, 11, or 12 to take bear, no fee.
- (b) A \$5 surcharge shall be added to nonresident hunting licenses issued under paragraph
- 67.7 (a), clauses (1) to (6) and (8). An additional commission may not be assessed on this
- 67.8 surcharge.
- Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.475, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- 67.10 Subd. 3a. **Deer license donation and surcharge.** (a) A person may agree to add a
- donation of \$1, \$3, or \$5 to the fees for annual resident and nonresident licenses to take
- deer by firearms or archery established under subdivisions 2, clauses (5), (6), (7), (13), (15),
- 67.13 (14) (16), and (15) (17), and 3, paragraph (a), clauses (2), (3), (4), (10) (12), (11) (13), and
- 67.14 <del>(12)</del> (14).
- (b) Beginning March 1, 2008, fees for bonus licenses to take deer by firearms or archery
- established under section 97B.301, subdivision 4, must be increased by a surcharge of \$1.
- 67.17 (c) An additional commission may not be assessed on the donation or surcharge.
- 67.18 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.475, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Small-game surcharge and donation. (a) Fees for annual licenses to take
- 67.20 small game must be increased by a surcharge of \$6.50, except licenses under subdivisions
- 67.21 2, clauses (18) (20) and (19) (21); and 3, paragraph (a), clause (14) (16) and (17). An
- additional commission may not be assessed on the surcharge and the following statement
- 67.23 must be included in the annual small-game-hunting regulations: "This \$6.50 surcharge is
- 67.24 being paid by hunters for the acquisition and development of wildlife lands."
- (b) A person may agree to add a donation of \$1, \$3, or \$5 to the fees for annual resident
- and nonresident licenses to take small game. An additional commission may not be assessed
- on the donation. The following statement must be included in the annual small-game-hunting
- 67.28 regulations: "The small-game license donations are being paid by hunters for administration
- 67.29 of the walk-in access program."

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97A.505, subdivision 3b, is amended to read: 68.1 Subd. 3b. Wild animals taken on Red Lake Reservation lands within Northwest 68.2 Angle. Wild animals taken and tagged on the Red Lake Reservation lands in accordance 68.3 with the Red Lake Band's Conservation Code on the Red Lake Reservation lands in 68.468.5 Minnesota north of the 49th parallel shall be and all applicable federal law are considered lawfully taken and possessed under state law. Possessing wild animals harvested under this 68.6 subdivision is in addition to any state limits. 68.7 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97B.022, is amended by adding a subdivision 68.8 68.9 to read: Subd. 3. **Apprentice-hunter validation**; **fee.** The fee for an apprentice-hunter validation 68.10 is \$3.50. Fees collected must be deposited in the firearms safety training account, except 68.11 for the electronic licensing system commission established by the commissioner under 68.12 section 84.027, subdivision 15, and issuing fees collected under section 97A.485, subdivision 68.13 6, and are appropriated annually to the Enforcement Division of the Department of Natural 68.14 Resources for administering the firearm safety course program. 68.15 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97B.036, is amended to read: 68.16 97B.036 CROSSBOW HUNTING DURING FIREARMS SEASON. 68.17 Notwithstanding section 97B.035, subdivisions 1 and 2, a person may take deer, bear, 68.18 or turkey by crossbow during the respective regular firearms seasons. The transportation 68.19 requirements of section 97B.051 apply to crossbows during the regular firearms deer, bear, 68.20 or turkey season. Crossbows must meet the requirements of section 97B.106, subdivision 68.21 2. A person taking deer, bear, or turkey by crossbow under this section must have a valid 68.22 firearms license to take the respective game by firearm. This section does not allow the use 68.23 of a crossbow by licensed muzzleloader hunters during the muzzleloader firearms deer 68.24 season under section 97B.311. 68.25 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97B.055, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 68.26Subd. 2. Restrictions related to motor vehicles. (a) A person may not take a wild 68.27 animal with a firearm or by archery from a motor vehicle except as permitted in this section. 68.28 (b) A person may not shoot at a decoy of a wild animal that is placed by a licensed peace 68.29 68.30 officer by:

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(1) discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle; or

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- (c) Notwithstanding section 97B.091, a person may transport a bow uncased while in a motorized watercraft and may take rough fish while in the boat as provided in section 97C.376, subdivision 3.
- Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97B.071, is amended to read:

## 97B.071 CLOTHING <u>AND GROUND BLIND</u> REQUIREMENTS; BLAZE ORANGE OR BLAZE PINK.

- (a) Except as provided in rules adopted under paragraph (e) (d), a person may not hunt or trap during the open season where deer may be taken by firearms under applicable laws and ordinances, unless the visible portion of the person's cap and outer clothing above the waist, excluding sleeves and gloves, is blaze orange or blaze pink. Blaze orange or blaze pink includes a camouflage pattern of at least 50 percent blaze orange or blaze pink within each foot square. This section does not apply to migratory-waterfowl hunters on waters of this state or in a stationary shooting location or to trappers on waters of this state.
- (b) Except as provided in rules adopted under paragraph (d) and in addition to the requirements under paragraph (a), during the open season where deer may be taken by firearms under applicable laws and ordinances, a person in a fabric or synthetic ground blind on public land must have:
- 69.19 (1) a blaze orange or blaze pink safety covering on the top of the blind visible for 360 degrees around the blind; or
- 69.21 (2) at least 144 square inches of blaze orange or blaze pink material on each side of the blind.
  - (b) (c) Except as provided in rules adopted under paragraph (e) (d), and in addition to the requirement requirements in paragraph paragraphs (a) and (b), a person may not take small game other than turkey, migratory birds, raccoons, and predators, except while trapping, unless a visible portion of at least one article of the person's clothing above the waist is blaze orange or blaze pink. This paragraph does not apply to a person when in a stationary location while hunting deer by archery or when hunting small game by falconry.
- 69.29 (e) (d) The commissioner may, by rule, prescribe an alternative color in cases where
  69.30 paragraph (a) or (b) paragraphs (a) to (c) would violate the Religious Freedom Restoration
  69.31 Act of 1993, Public Law 103-141.

70.1	(d) (e) A violation of paragraph (b) shall (c) does not result in a penalty, but is punishable
70.2	only by a safety warning.
70.3	Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97B.086, is amended to read:
70.4	97B.086 POSSESSING NIGHT VISION OR THERMAL IMAGING EQUIPMENT.
70.5	(a) A person may not possess night vision or thermal imaging equipment while taking
70.6	wild animals or while having in possession, either individually or as one of a group of
70.7	persons, a firearm, bow, or other implement that could be used to take wild animals.
70.8	(b) This section does not apply to a firearm that is:
70.9	(1) unloaded;
70.10	(2) in a gun case expressly made to contain a firearm that fully encloses the firearm by
70.11	being zipped, snapped, buckled, tied, or otherwise fastened without any portion of the
70.12	firearm exposed; and
70.13	(3) in the closed trunk of a motor vehicle.
70.14	(c) This section does not apply to a bow that is:
70.15	(1) completely encased or unstrung; and
70.16	(2) in the closed trunk of a motor vehicle.
70.17	(d) If the motor vehicle under paragraph (b) or (c) does not have a trunk, the firearm or
70.18	bow must be placed in the rearmost location of the vehicle.
70.19	(e) This section does not apply to night vision, night vision enhanced with an infrared
70.20	illuminator, or thermal imaging equipment possessed by:
70.21	(1) peace officers or military personnel while exercising their duties; or
70.22	(2) a person taking coyote or fox as provided under section 97B.075 and rules adopted
70.23	under section 97B.605, but the equipment must not be possessed during the regular firearms
70.24	deer season.
70.25	Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97B.311, is amended to read:
70.26	97B.311 DEER SEASONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

(a) Except as provided under paragraph (c), the commissioner may, by rule, prescribe restrictions and designate areas where deer may be taken, including hunter selection criteria for special hunts established under section 97A.401, subdivision 4. The commissioner may, by rule, prescribe the open seasons for deer within the following periods:

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71.1	(1) taking with firearms, other than muzzle-loading firearms, between November 1 and
71.2	December 15;
71.3	(2) taking with muzzle-loading firearms between September 1 and December 31; and
71.4	(3) taking by archery between September 1 and December 31.
71.5	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the commissioner may establish special seasons
71.6	within designated areas at any time of year.
71.7	(c) The commissioner may not impose an antler point restriction other than that imposed
71.8	under Minnesota Rules, part 6232.0200, subpart 6.
71.9	Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97B.415, is amended to read:
71.10	97B.415 TAKING BEAR TO PROTECT PROPERTY; SPECIAL PERMIT FOR
71.11	TAKING NUISANCE BEAR.
71.12	(a) A person may take a bear at any time to protect the person's property. The person
71.13	must report the bear taken to a conservation officer within 48 hours. The bear may be
71.14	disposed of as prescribed by the commissioner.
71.15	(b) The commissioner must issue a bear control special permit according to section
71.16	97A.401 for wildlife control operators to take nuisance bear by live trapping and relocating
71.17	the bear. When a bear is trapped and released, an enforcement officer or a wildlife manager
71.18	must approve the release location. The commissioner must provide specific training to
71.19	wildlife control operators who are issued a permit under this paragraph, including a refresher
71.20	course every five years. The commissioner may not charge a fee for the bear control special
71.21	permit or training. A wildlife control operator with a special permit issued under this
71.22	paragraph may use remote surveillance equipment to monitor live traps.
71.23	Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97B.645, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
71.24	Subd. 9. <b>Open season.</b> There shall be no (a) The commissioner must prescribe an annual
71.25	open season for wolves until after unless the wolf is delisted listed under the federal
71.26	Endangered Species Act of 1973. After that time, the commissioner may prescribe open
71.27	seasons and restrictions for taking wolves but must provide opportunity for public comment.
71.28	The season, restrictions, and any other requirements must be consistent with the goals
71.29	identified in the wolf management plan adopted under section 97B.646.
71.30	(b) The commissioner must annually consult with the commissioner of agriculture and
71.31	the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service,

- before determining the season, restrictions, and other requirements of the open season
- 72.2 required under this section. The consultation must include a review of available data on
- wolf depredation on livestock and pets and other incidents of human conflict.
- Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97B.715, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Stamp required.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) or section
- 97A.405, subdivision 2, a person required to possess a small-game license may not hunt
- 72.7 pheasants without a pheasant stamp validation.
- 72.8 (b) The following persons are exempt from this subdivision:
- 72.9 (1) residents and nonresidents under age 18 and residents over age 65;
- 72.10 (2) persons hunting on licensed commercial shooting preserves;
- 72.11 (3) resident disabled veterans with a license issued under section 97A.441, subdivision
- 72.12 6a; and
- 72.13 (4) residents and nonresidents hunting on licenses issued under section 97A.475,
- subdivision 2, clause  $\frac{(18)}{(20)}$ ; or 3, paragraph (a), clause  $\frac{(14)}{(16)}$ .
- Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97B.801, is amended to read:
- 72.16 97B.801 MINNESOTA MIGRATORY-WATERFOWL STAMP REQUIRED.
- 72.17 (a) Except as provided in this section or section 97A.405, subdivision 2, a person required
- 72.18 to possess a small-game license may not take migratory waterfowl without a
- 72.19 migratory-waterfowl stamp validation.
- 72.20 (b) Residents under age 18 or over age 65; resident disabled veterans with a license
- issued under section 97A.441, subdivision 6a; and persons hunting on their own property
- 72.22 are not required to possess a stamp validation under this section.
- 72.23 (c) Residents and nonresidents with licenses issued under section 97A.475, subdivision
- 72.24 2, clause  $\frac{(18)}{(20)}$ ; or 3, paragraph (a), clause  $\frac{(14)}{(16)}$ , are not required to possess a stamp
- 72.25 validation under this section.
- Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97B.811, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4a. **Restrictions on certain motorized decoys.** From the opening day of the duck
- 72.28 season through the Saturday nearest October 8, a person may not use a motorized decoy,
- 72.29 or other motorized device designed to attract migratory waterfowl. During the remainder
- 72.30 of the duck season, the commissioner may, by rule, designate all or any portion of a wetland

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or lake closed to the use of motorized decoys or motorized devices designed to attract migratory waterfowl. On water bodies and lands fully contained within wildlife management area boundaries, a person may not use motorized decoys or motorized devices designed to attract migratory waterfowl at any time during the duck season.

- Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97C.005, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Seasons, limits, and other rules.** The commissioner may, in accordance with the procedures in subdivision 2, paragraphs (c) and (e), or by rule under chapter 14, establish open seasons, limits, methods, and other requirements for taking fish on special management waters. The commissioner may, by written order published in the State Register, amend daily, possession, or size limits to make midseason adjustments based on available harvest, angling pressure, and population data to manage the fisheries in the 1837 Ceded Territory in compliance with the court orders in Mille Lacs Band of Chippewa v. Minnesota, 119 S. Ct. 1187 (1999) and in the state waters of Upper Red Lake. The midseason adjustments in daily, possession, or size limits are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply. Before the written order is effective, the commissioner shall attempt to notify persons or groups of persons affected by the written order by public announcement, posting, and other appropriate means as determined by the commissioner.
- 73.18 Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97C.081, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Contests requiring permit.** (a) Unless subdivision 3a applies, a person must have a permit from the commissioner to conduct a fishing contest if:
- (1) there are more than 25 boats for open-water contests, more than 150 participants for ice-fishing contests, or more than 100 participants for shore-fishing contests;
- 73.23 (2) entry fees are more than \$25 per person; or
- 73.24 (3) the contest is limited to trout species.
- (b) The commissioner shall charge a fee for the permit that recovers the costs of issuing the permit and of monitoring the activities allowed by the permit. Notwithstanding section 16A.1283, the commissioner may, by written order published in the State Register, establish contest permit fees. The fees are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and section 14.386 does not apply.
- 73.30 (c) The commissioner may require the applicant to furnish evidence of financial 73.31 responsibility in the form of a surety bond or bank letter of credit in the amount of \$25,000

- if entry fees are over \$25 per person, or total prizes are valued at more than \$25,000, and if the applicant has either:
- 74.3 (1) not previously conducted a fishing contest requiring a permit under this subdivision; 74.4 or
- 74.5 (2) ever failed to make required prize awards in a fishing contest conducted by the applicant.
- 74.7 (d) The permit fee for any individual contest may not exceed the following amounts:
- 74.8 (1) \$70 for an open-water contest not exceeding 50 boats and without off-site weigh-in;
- 74.9 (2) \$225 for an open-water contest with more than 50 boats and without off-site weigh-in;
- 74.10 (3) \$280 for an open-water contest not exceeding 50 boats with off-site weigh-in;
- 74.11 (4) \$560 for an open-water contest with more than 50 boats with off-site weigh-in; or
- 74.12 (5) \$135 for an ice-fishing contest with more than 150 participants.; or
- 74.13 (6) \$50 for a contest where all participants are age 18 years or under.
- 74.14 Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97C.081, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. **No permit required.** A person may conduct a fishing contest without a permit from the commissioner if:
- 74.17 (1) the contest is not limited to specifically named waters;
- 74.18 (2) all the contest participants are age 18 years or under;
- 74.19 (3) (2) the contest is limited to rough fish and participants are required to fish with a hook and line; or
- 74.21 (4) (3) the total prize value is \$500 or less.
- Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97C.211, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2a. **Acquiring fish.** (a) A private fish hatchery may not obtain fish outside of the state unless the fish or the source of the fish are approved by the commissioner. The
- 74.25 commissioner may apply more stringent requirements to fish or a source of fish from outside
- 74.26 the state than are applied to fish and sources of fish from within the state. The commissioner
- must either approve or deny the acquisition within 30 days after receiving a written request
- 74.28 for approval. Minnows acquired must be processed and not released into public waters,

75.1	except as provided in section 97C.515, subdivision 4. A request may be for annual
75.2	acquisition.
75.3	(b) If the commissioner denies approval, a written notice must be submitted to the
75.4	applicant stating the reasons for the denial and the commissioner must:
75.5	(1) designate approved sources to obtain the desired fish or fish eggs; or
75.6	(2) sell the fish or fish eggs from state fish hatcheries at fair market value.
75.7	Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97C.342, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
75.8	Subd. 2. Bait restrictions. (a) Frozen or dead fish on the official list of viral hemorrhagic
75.9	septicemia susceptible species published by the United States Department of Agriculture,
75.10	Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services VHS-susceptible-species list under section
75.11	17.4982, subdivision 21b; cisco (all Coregonus, including lake herring and tullibee); and
75.12	smelt (all Osmerus, Spirincus, Hypomesus, and Allosmerus) being used as bait in waters of
75.13	the state must originate from water bodies certified disease-free. A water body is certified
75.14	as disease-free if:
75.15	(1) the water body has been tested for viral hemorrhagic septicemia and the testing
75.16	indicates the disease is not present; or
75.17	(2) the water body is located within a viral-hemorrhagic-septicemia-free zone posted on
75.18	the Department of Natural Resources website.
75.19	(b) Certification for these individually tested water bodies is valid for one year from the
75.20	date of test results. Certification of water bodies within a viral-hemorrhagic-septicemia-free
75.21	zone posted on the Department of Natural Resources website is valid for the dates included
75.22	in the posting. A viral-hemorrhagic-septicemia-free certification is also referred to as a fish
75.23	health certification.
75.24	Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97C.515, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
75.25	Subd. 2. Permit for transportation importation. (a) A person may transport import
75.26	live minnows through into the state with a permit from the commissioner. The permit must
75.27	state the name and address of the person, the number and species of minnows, the point of
75.28	entry into the state, the destination, and the route through the state. The permit is not valid
75.29	for more than 12 hours after it is issued. A person must not import minnows into the state
75.30	except as provided in this section.

76.1	(b) Minnows transported under this subdivision must be in a tagged container. The tag
76.2	number must correspond with tag numbers listed on the minnow transportation permit.
76.3	(c) The commissioner may require the person transporting minnow species found on
76.4	the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published by the United
76.5	States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services, to provide
76.6	health certification for viral hemorrhagic septicemia. The certification must disclose any
76.7	incidentally isolated replicating viruses, and must be dated within the 12 months preceding
76.8	<del>transport.</del>
76.9	(b) Minnows must be certified as healthy according to standards of the World
76.10	Organisation for Animal Health or the Fish Health Section Blue Book of the American
76.11	Fisheries Society.
76.12	(c) Minnows must be certified free of viral hemorrhagic septicemia, infectious
76.13	hematopoietic necrosis, infectious pancreatic necrosis, spring viremia of carp virus, fathead
76.14	minnow nidovirus, and Heterosporis within the past 12 months.
76.15	(d) Minnows must originate from a biosecure facility that has tested negative for invasive
76.16	species in the past 12 months.
76.17	(e) Only a person that holds a minnow dealer's license issued under section 97C.501,
76.18	subdivision 2, may obtain a permit to import minnows.
76.19	(f) The following information must be available to the commissioner upon request for
76.20	each load of imported minnows:
76.21	(1) the date minnows were imported;
76.22	(2) the number of pounds or gallons imported;
76.23	(3) the facility name from which the minnows originated; and
76.24	(4) a fish health certificate for the minnows.
76.25	(g) Minnows may be imported to feed hatchery fish if the requirements in paragraphs
76.26	(a) to (f) are met.
76.27	Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97C.805, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
76.28	Subd. 2. <b>Restrictions.</b> (a) The Netting of lake whitefish and ciscoes is subject to the
76.29	restrictions in this subdivision.
76.30	(b) A person may not use:
76.31	(1) more than <del>two nets</del> one net;

- 77.1 (2) a net more than 100 feet long; or
- 77.2 (3) a net more than three feet wide.
- (c) The mesh size of the nets net may not be less than:
- 77.4 (1) 1-3/4 inches, stretch measure, for nets used to take ciscoes; and
- 77.5 (2) 3-1/2 inches, stretch measure, for all other nets.
- 77.6 (d) A net may not be set in water, including ice thickness, deeper than six feet.
- (e) The commissioner may designate waters where nets may be set so that portions of the net extend into water deeper than six feet under conditions prescribed by the commissioner to protect game fish. A pole or stake must project at least two feet above the
- surface of the water or ice at one end of each the net.
- (f) A net may not be set within 50 feet of another net.
- 77.12 (g) A person may not have angling equipment in possession while netting lake whitefish 77.13 or ciscoes.
- Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97C.836, is amended to read:

## 97C.836 LAKE SUPERIOR LAKE TROUT; EXPANDED ASSESSMENT

## 77.16 **HARVEST.**

- The commissioner shall provide for taking of lake trout by licensed commercial operators
- in Lake Superior management zones MN-3 and MN-2 for expanded assessment and sale.
- 77.19 The commissioner shall authorize expanded assessment taking and sale of lake trout in Lake
- 77.20 Superior management zone MN-3 beginning annually in 2007 and zone MN-2 beginning
- annually in 2010. Total assessment taking and sale may not exceed 3,000 lake trout in zone
- 77.22 MN-3 and 2,000 lake trout in zone MN-2 and may be reduced when necessary to protect
- the lake trout population or to manage the effects of invasive species or fish disease. Taking
- 177.24 lake trout for expanded assessment and sale shall be allowed from June 1 to September 30,
- but may end earlier in the respective zones if the quotas are reached. The quotas must be
- reassessed at the expiration of the current ten-year Fisheries Management Plan for the
- 77.27 Minnesota Waters of Lake Superior <del>dated September 2006</del>.
- Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 103A.212, is amended to read:

### 77.29 **103A.212 WATERSHED MANAGEMENT POLICY.**

- Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** The quality of life of every Minnesotan depends on water.
- 77.31 Minnesota's rivers, lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater provide a foundation for

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drinking water and the state's recreational, municipal, commercial, industrial, agricultural, environmental, aesthetic, and economic well-being. The legislature finds that it is in the public interest to manage groundwater and surface water resources from the perspective of aquifers, watersheds, and river basins to achieve protection, preservation, enhancement, and restoration of the state's valuable groundwater and surface water resources.

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- Subd. 2. Coordination and cooperation. In implementing the policy under this section, state agencies and local and regional governments with authority over local water management, conservation, land use, land management, and development plans must take into consideration the manner in which their plans are consistent with the policy. To the extent practicable, state agencies and local and regional governments must endeavor to enter into formal and informal agreements and arrangements to jointly use staff and educational, technical, and financial resources to deliver programs or conduct activities to achieve the purposes of the policy.
- Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 103C.315, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Compensation. A supervisor shall receive compensation for services up to \$75 78.15 78.16 \$125 per day, and may be reimbursed for expenses, including traveling expenses, necessarily incurred in the discharge of duties. A supervisor may be reimbursed for the use of the 78.17 supervisor's own automobile in the performance of official duties at a rate up to the maximum 78.18 78.19 tax-deductible mileage rate permitted under the federal Internal Revenue Code.
  - Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 103G.201, is amended to read:

#### 103G.201 PUBLIC WATERS INVENTORY.

- (a) The commissioner shall must maintain a public waters inventory map of each county that shows the waters of this state that are designated as public waters under the public waters inventory and classification procedures prescribed under Laws 1979, chapter 199, and shall must provide access to a copy of the maps. As county public waters inventory maps are revised according to this section, the commissioner shall must send a notification or a copy of the maps to the auditor of each affected county.
- (b) The commissioner is authorized to revise the map of public waters established under Laws 1979, chapter 199, to reclassify those types 3, 4, and 5 wetlands previously identified as public waters wetlands under Laws 1979, chapter 199, as public waters or as wetlands under section 103G.005, subdivision 19. The commissioner may only reclassify public waters wetlands as public waters if:

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79.1	(1) they are assigned a shoreland management classification by the commissioner under
79.2	sections 103F.201 to 103F.221:

- (2) they are classified as lacustrine wetlands or deepwater habitats according to Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States (Cowardin, et al., 1979 edition); or
- (3) the state or federal government has become titleholder to any of the beds or shores of the public waters wetlands, subsequent to the preparation of the public waters inventory map filed with the auditor of the county, pursuant to paragraph (a), and the responsible state or federal agency declares that the water is necessary for the purposes of the public ownership.
- (c) The commissioner must provide notice of the a reclassification under paragraph (b) or a revision under paragraph (e) to the local government unit, the county board, the watershed district, if one exists for the area, and the soil and water conservation district. Within 60 days of receiving notice from the commissioner, a party required to receive the notice may provide a resolution stating objections to the reclassification or revision. If the commissioner receives an objection from a party required to receive the notice, the reclassification or revision is not effective. If the commissioner does not receive an objection from a party required to receive the notice, the reclassification of a wetland under paragraph (b) or revision under paragraph (e) is effective 60 days after the notice is received by all of the parties.
- 79.21 (d) The commissioner <u>shall must</u> give priority to the reclassification of public waters 79.22 wetlands that are or have the potential to be affected by public works projects.
  - (e) The commissioner may revise the public waters inventory map of each county:
- 79.24 (1) to reflect the changes authorized in paragraph (b); and
- 79.25 (2) as needed, to:
- 79.26 (i) correct errors in the original inventory;
- 79.27 (ii) add or subtract trout stream tributaries within sections that contain a designated trout 79.28 stream following written notice to the landowner;
- 79.29 (iii) add depleted quarries, and sand and gravel pits, when the body of water exceeds 50 acres and the shoreland has been zoned for residential development; and
- 79.31 (iv) add or subtract public waters that have been created or eliminated as a requirement 79.32 of a permit authorized by the commissioner under section 103G.245.

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Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 103G.223, is amended to read:

#### 103G.223 CALCAREOUS FENS.

- (a) Calcareous fens, as identified by the commissioner by written order published in the State Register, may not be filled, drained, or otherwise degraded, wholly or partially, by any activity, unless the commissioner, under an approved management plan, decides some alteration is necessary or as provided in paragraph (b). Identifications made by the commissioner are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply.
- (b) The commissioner may allow water appropriations that result in temporary reductions in groundwater resources on a seasonal basis under an approved calcareous fen management plan.
- (c) If the commissioner determines that a water appropriation permit cannot be issued or renewed because of this section, the commissioner must, within one year of the date of denial and at no cost to the applicant, provide the applicant with a groundwater and surface water hydrologic evaluation that demonstrates by a preponderance of the evidence the basis for that conclusion.
- (d) An applicant whose permit is denied under this section may file a written request with the commissioner to designate a mutually agreed upon third party expert to review the evaluation provided under paragraph (c) at no cost to the applicant, and to make recommendations to the commissioner about whether or not the permit should be issued. The third party expert must agree to provide the commissioner and applicant with the expert's recommendations within 90 days of agreeing to review the evaluation.
- (e) A permit applicant may file for a contested case hearing under chapter 14 within 30 days of the later of the following:
  - (1) the date by which the hydrologic evaluation was required to have been provided to the applicant under paragraph (c);
- (2) receiving the recommendations of the third party who is reviewing the evaluation 80.27 under paragraph (d); or 80.28
- 80.29 (3) determining that no mutually agreed upon third party expert can be found.
- (f) Any permit applicant who has had a water appropriation permit previously denied 80.30 under this section may resubmit a permit application under this section and is entitled to all 80.31 rights and reviews available under this section. 80.32

CKM Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 103G.271, subdivision 4a, is amended to read: 81.1 Subd. 4a. Mt. Simon-Hinckley aquifer. (a) The commissioner may not issue new 81.2 water-use permits that will appropriate water from the Mt. Simon-Hinckley aquifer in a 81.3 metropolitan county, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4, unless the appropriation 81.4 is for potable water use, there are no feasible or practical alternatives to this source, and a 81.5 water conservation plan is incorporated with the permit. 81.6 (b) The commissioner shall terminate all permits authorizing appropriation and use of 81.7 water from the Mt. Simon-Hinckley aquifer for once-through systems in a metropolitan 81.8 county, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4, by December 31, 1992. 81.9 Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 103G.271, is amended by adding a subdivision 81.10 81.11 to read: Subd. 4b. Bulk transport or sale. (a) To maintain the supply of drinking water for future 81.12 generations and except as provided under paragraph (b), the commissioner may not issue 81.13 a new water-use permit to appropriate water in excess of one million gallons per year for 81.14 81.15 bulk transport or sale of water for consumptive use to a location more than 50 miles from 81.16 the point of the proposed appropriation. (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a water-use permit for a public water supply, as 81.17 81.18 defined under section 144.382, subdivision 4, issued to a local unit of government, rural water district established under chapter 116A, or Tribal unit of government if: 81.19 (1) the use is solely for the public water supply; 81.20 (2) the local unit of government, rural water district established under chapter 116A, or 81.21 Tribal unit of government has a property interest at the point of the appropriation; 81.22 (3) the communities that will use the water are located within 100 miles of the point of 81.23 appropriation; and 81.24 (4) the requirements in sections 103G.265, 103G.285, and 103G.287 are met. 81.25 Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 103G.271, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 81.26

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Subd. 7. Transferring permit. (a) A water-use permit may be transferred to a successive

owner of real property if the permittee conveys the real property where the source of water

is located. The new owner must notify the commissioner immediately after the conveyance

and request transfer of the permit. The commissioner must not deny the transfer of a permit

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- (b) When transferring a permit, the commissioner must not require additional conditions on the permit, reduce the appropriation, reduce the term, or require any testing.
- Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 103G.271, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
  - Subd. 8. Management plans; effect on land values. Before a management plan for appropriating water is prepared, the commissioner must provide estimates of the impact of any new restriction or policy on land values in the affected area. Strategies to address adverse impacts to land values must be included in the plan.
- 82.11 Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 103G.287, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 4. Groundwater management areas. (a) The commissioner may designate groundwater management areas and limit total annual water appropriations and uses within a designated area to ensure sustainable use of groundwater that protects ecosystems, water quality, and the ability of future generations to meet their own needs. Water appropriations and uses within a designated management area must be consistent with a groundwater management area plan approved by the commissioner that addresses water conservation requirements and water allocation priorities established in section 103G.261. During development of a groundwater management area plan, the commissioner and employees and agents of the department may disseminate information related to the timing, location, and agendas of meetings related to the plan, but must otherwise limit public information related to the groundwater management area plan to direct factual responses to public and media inquiries. At least 30 days prior to implementing or modifying a groundwater management area plan under this subdivision, the commissioner shall consult with the advisory team established in paragraph (c).
  - (b) Notwithstanding section 103G.271, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), and Minnesota Rules, within designated groundwater management areas, the commissioner may require general permits as specified in section 103G.271, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), for water users using less than 10,000 gallons per day or 1,000,000 gallons per year and water suppliers serving less than 25 persons for domestic purposes. The commissioner may waive the requirements under section 103G.281 for general permits issued under this paragraph, and the fee specified in section 103G.301, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), does not apply to general permits issued under this paragraph.

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(c) When designating a groundwater management area, the commissioner shall assemble
an advisory team to assist in developing a groundwater management area plan for the area.
The advisory team members shall be selected from public and private entities that have an
interest in the water resources affected by the groundwater management area. A majority
of the advisory team members shall be public and private entities that currently hold water-use
permits for water appropriations from the affected water resources. The commissioner shall
consult with the League of Minnesota Cities, the Association of Minnesota Counties, the
Minnesota Association of Watershed Districts, and the Minnesota Association of Townships
in appointing the local government representatives to the advisory team. The advisory team
may also include representatives from the University of Minnesota, the Minnesota State
Colleges and Universities, other institutions of higher learning in Minnesota, political
subdivisions with jurisdiction over water issues, nonprofits with expertise in water, and
federal agencies.
(d) Before designating a groundwater management area, the commissioner must provide
estimates of the impact of any new restriction or policy on land values in the affected area.
Strategies to address adverse impacts to land values must be included in any plan.
Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 103G.287, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
Subd. 5. Sustainability standard. (a) The commissioner may issue water-use permits

- for appropriation from groundwater only if the commissioner determines that the groundwater use is sustainable to supply the needs of future generations and the proposed use will not harm ecosystems, degrade water, or reduce water levels beyond the reach of public water supply and private domestic wells constructed according to Minnesota Rules, chapter 4725.
- (b) For the purposes of this subdivision and subdivision 4, "sustainable" means a change in hydrologic regime of 20 percent or less relative to the August median stream flow.
- Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 103G.289, is amended to read:

# 103G.289 WELL INTERFERENCE; WELL SEALING VALIDATION; **CONTESTED CASE.**

(a) The commissioner shall not validate a claim for well interference elaim if the affected well has been sealed prior to the completion of the commissioner's investigation of the complaint. If the well is sealed prior to completion of the investigation, the commissioner must dismiss the complaint.

84.1	(b) When validating a claim for well interference, the commissioner must take into
84.2	account the condition of the affected well.
84.3	(c) Within 30 days after the commissioner's decision on a claim for well interference, a
84.4	party ordered by the commissioner to contribute to an affected well owner may petition for
84.5	a contested case hearing under sections 14.57 to 14.62. The commissioner must grant the
84.6	petitioner a contested case hearing on the commissioner's decision.
84.7	Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 103G.401, is amended to read:
84.8	103G.401 APPLICATION TO ESTABLISH LAKE LEVELS.
84.9	(a) Applications for authority to establish and maintain levels of public waters and
84.10	applications to establish the natural ordinary high-water level of public waters may be made
84.11	to the commissioner by a public body or authority or by a majority of the riparian owners
84.12	on the public waters.
84.13	(b) To conserve or utilize the water resources of the state, the commissioner may initiate
84.14	proceedings to establish and maintain the level of public waters.
84.15	(c) When establishing an ordinary high-water level, the commissioner must provide
84.16	written or electronic notice of the order to the local units of government where the public
84.17	water is located.
84.18	Sec. 91. [103G.413] APPEAL OF ORDER ESTABLISHING ORDINARY
84.19	HIGH-WATER LEVEL.
84.20	Subdivision 1. Petition. A local unit of government may petition for review of the
84.21	ordinary high-water level. A petition may be filed on behalf of the local unit of government
84.22	or riparian landowner affected by the ordinary high-water level. The petition must be filed
84.23	by the local unit of government and include reasons why the determination should be
84.24	reviewed and evidence to be considered as part of the review.
84.25	Subd. 2. Review. If a local unit of government files a petition under this section, the
84.26	commissioner must review the petition within 90 days of the request and issue a final order.
84.27	The commissioner may extend this period by 90 days by providing written notice of the
84.28	extension to the applicant. Any further extension requires the agreement of the petitioner.
84.29	Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
84.30	Subdivision 1. <b>Generally.</b> (a) The agency is hereby given and charged with the following
84.31	powers and duties:

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(a) (1) to administer and enforce all laws relating to the pollution of any of the waters of the state;

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(b) (2) to investigate the extent, character, and effect of the pollution of the waters of this state and to gather data and information necessary or desirable in the administration or enforcement of pollution laws, and to make such classification of the waters of the state as it may deem advisable;

- (e) (3) to establish and alter such reasonable pollution standards for any waters of the state in relation to the public use to which they are or may be put as it shall deem necessary for the purposes of this chapter and, with respect to the pollution of waters of the state, chapter 116;
- 85.11 (d) (4) to encourage waste treatment, including advanced waste treatment, instead of stream low-flow augmentation for dilution purposes to control and prevent pollution;
  - (e) (5) to adopt, issue, reissue, modify, deny, or revoke, enter into or enforce reasonable orders, permits, variances, standards, rules, schedules of compliance, and stipulation agreements, under such conditions as it may prescribe, in order to prevent, control or abate water pollution, or for the installation or operation of disposal systems or parts thereof, or for other equipment and facilities:
  - (1) (i) requiring the discontinuance of the discharge of sewage, industrial waste or other wastes into any waters of the state resulting in pollution in excess of the applicable pollution standard established under this chapter;
  - (2) (ii) prohibiting or directing the abatement of any discharge of sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes, into any waters of the state or the deposit thereof or the discharge into any municipal disposal system where the same is likely to get into any waters of the state in violation of this chapter and, with respect to the pollution of waters of the state, chapter 116, or standards or rules promulgated or permits issued pursuant thereto, and specifying the schedule of compliance within which such prohibition or abatement must be accomplished;
  - (3) (iii) prohibiting the storage of any liquid or solid substance or other pollutant in a manner which does not reasonably assure proper retention against entry into any waters of the state that would be likely to pollute any waters of the state;
  - (4) (iv) requiring the construction, installation, maintenance, and operation by any person of any disposal system or any part thereof, or other equipment and facilities, or the reconstruction, alteration, or enlargement of its existing disposal system or any part thereof,

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or the adoption of other remedial measures to prevent, control or abate any discharge or deposit of sewage, industrial waste or other wastes by any person;

(5) (v) establishing, and from time to time revising, standards of performance for new sources taking into consideration, among other things, classes, types, sizes, and categories of sources, processes, pollution control technology, cost of achieving such effluent reduction, and any nonwater quality environmental impact and energy requirements. Said standards of performance for new sources shall encompass those standards for the control of the discharge of pollutants which reflect the greatest degree of effluent reduction which the agency determines to be achievable through application of the best available demonstrated control technology, processes, operating methods, or other alternatives, including, where practicable, a standard permitting no discharge of pollutants. New sources shall encompass buildings, structures, facilities, or installations from which there is or may be the discharge of pollutants, the construction of which is commenced after the publication by the agency of proposed rules prescribing a standard of performance which will be applicable to such source. Notwithstanding any other provision of the law of this state, any point source the construction of which is commenced after May 20, 1973, and which is so constructed as to meet all applicable standards of performance for new sources shall, consistent with and subject to the provisions of section 306(d) of the Amendments of 1972 to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, not be subject to any more stringent standard of performance for new sources during a ten-year period beginning on the date of completion of such construction or during the period of depreciation or amortization of such facility for the purposes of section 167 or 169, or both, of the Federal Internal Revenue Code of 1954, whichever period ends first. Construction shall encompass any placement, assembly, or installation of facilities or equipment, including contractual obligations to purchase such facilities or equipment, at the premises where such equipment will be used, including preparation work at such premises;

(6) (vi) establishing and revising pretreatment standards to prevent or abate the discharge of any pollutant into any publicly owned disposal system, which pollutant interferes with, passes through, or otherwise is incompatible with such disposal system;

(7) (vii) requiring the owner or operator of any disposal system or any point source to establish and maintain such records, make such reports, install, use, and maintain such monitoring equipment or methods, including where appropriate biological monitoring methods, sample such effluents in accordance with such methods, at such locations, at such intervals, and in such a manner as the agency shall prescribe, and providing such other information as the agency may reasonably require;

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(8) (viii) notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, and with respect to the pollution of waters of the state, chapter 116, requiring the achievement of more stringent limitations than otherwise imposed by effluent limitations in order to meet any applicable water quality standard by establishing new effluent limitations, based upon section 115.01, subdivision 13, clause (b), including alternative effluent control strategies for any point source or group of point sources to insure the integrity of water quality classifications, whenever the agency determines that discharges of pollutants from such point source or sources, with the application of effluent limitations required to comply with any standard of best available technology, would interfere with the attainment or maintenance of the water quality classification in a specific portion of the waters of the state. Prior to establishment of any such effluent limitation, the agency shall hold a public hearing to determine the relationship of the economic and social costs of achieving such limitation or limitations, including any economic or social dislocation in the affected community or communities, to the social and economic benefits to be obtained and to determine whether or not such effluent limitation can be implemented with available technology or other alternative control strategies. If a person affected by such limitation demonstrates at such hearing that, whether or not such technology or other alternative control strategies are available, there is no reasonable relationship between the economic and social costs and the benefits to be obtained, such limitation shall not become effective and shall be adjusted as it applies to such person;

(9) (ix) modifying, in its discretion, any requirement or limitation based upon best available technology with respect to any point source for which a permit application is filed after July 1, 1977, upon a showing by the owner or operator of such point source satisfactory to the agency that such modified requirements will represent the maximum use of technology within the economic capability of the owner or operator and will result in reasonable further progress toward the elimination of the discharge of pollutants; and

(10) (x) requiring that applicants for wastewater discharge permits evaluate in their applications the potential reuses of the discharged wastewater;

(f) (6) to require to be submitted and to approve plans and specifications for disposal systems or point sources, or any part thereof and to inspect the construction thereof for compliance with the approved plans and specifications thereof;

(g) (7) to prescribe and alter rules, not inconsistent with law, for the conduct of the agency and other matters within the scope of the powers granted to and imposed upon it by this chapter and, with respect to pollution of waters of the state, in chapter 116, provided

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that every rule affecting any other department or agency of the state or any person other than a member or employee of the agency shall be filed with the secretary of state;

(h) (8) to conduct such investigations, issue such notices, public and otherwise, and hold such hearings as are necessary or which it may deem advisable for the discharge of its duties under this chapter and, with respect to the pollution of waters of the state, under chapter 116, including, but not limited to, the issuance of permits, and to authorize any member, employee, or agent appointed by it to conduct such investigations or, issue such notices and hold such hearings;

(i) (9) for the purpose of water pollution control planning by the state and pursuant to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, to establish and revise planning areas, adopt plans and programs and continuing planning processes, including, but not limited to, basin plans and areawide waste treatment management plans, and to provide for the implementation of any such plans by means of, including, but not limited to, standards, plan elements, procedures for revision, intergovernmental cooperation, residual treatment process waste controls, and needs inventory and ranking for construction of disposal systems;

(j) (10) to train water pollution control personnel, and charge such fees therefor as are for the training as necessary to cover the agency's costs. The fees under this clause are subject to legislative approval under section 16A.1283. All such fees received shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Pollution Control Agency training account;

(k) (11) to impose as additional conditions in permits to publicly owned disposal systems appropriate measures to insure compliance by industrial and other users with any pretreatment standard, including, but not limited to, those related to toxic pollutants, and any system of user charges ratably as is hereby required under state law or said Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, or any regulations or guidelines promulgated thereunder;

(1) (12) to set a period not to exceed five years for the duration of any national pollutant discharge elimination system permit or not to exceed ten years for any permit issued as a state disposal system permit only;

(m) (13) to require each governmental subdivision identified as a permittee for a wastewater treatment works to evaluate in every odd-numbered year the condition of its existing system and identify future capital improvements that will be needed to attain or maintain compliance with a national pollutant discharge elimination system or state disposal system permit; and

(n) (14) to train subsurface sewage treatment system personnel, including persons who design, construct, install, inspect, service, and operate subsurface sewage treatment systems,

and charge fees <u>for the training</u> as necessary to pay the agency's costs. <u>The fees under this</u> <u>clause are subject to legislative approval under section 16A.1283.</u> All fees received must be paid into the state treasury and credited to the agency's training account. Money in the account is appropriated to the agency to pay expenses related to training.

- (b) The information required in paragraph (a), clause (m) (13), must be submitted in every odd-numbered year to the commissioner on a form provided by the commissioner. The commissioner shall provide technical assistance if requested by the governmental subdivision.
- 89.9 (c) The powers and duties given the agency in this subdivision also apply to permits 89.10 issued under chapter 114C.
- Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115.455, is amended to read:

#### 115.455 EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS; COMPLIANCE.

- To the extent allowable under federal law, for a municipality that constructs a publicly owned treatment works or for an industrial national pollutant discharge elimination system and state disposal system permit holder that constructs a treatment works to comply with a new or modified effluent limitation, compliance with any new or modified effluent limitation adopted after construction begins that would require additional capital investment is required no sooner than 16 years after the date the facility begins operating.
- Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115.77, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Fees.** The agency shall collect fees in amounts necessary, but no greater than the amounts necessary, to cover the reasonable costs of reviewing applications and issuing certifications. The fees under this subdivision are subject to legislative approval under section 16A.1283.
- 89.24 Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115.84, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Rules.** The agency may adopt rules to govern certification of laboratories according to this section. Notwithstanding section 16A.1283, the agency may adopt rules establishing fees.
- Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115.84, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Fees.** (a) Until the agency adopts a rule establishing fees for certification, the agency shall collect fees from laboratories registering with the agency, but not accredited

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by the commissioner of health under sections 144.97 to 144.99, in amounts necessary to cover the reasonable costs of the certification program, including reviewing applications, issuing certifications, and conducting audits and compliance assistance. The fees under this paragraph are subject to legislative approval under section 16A.1283.

- (b) Fees under this section must be based on the number, type, and complexity of analytical methods that laboratories are certified to perform.
- 90.7 (c) Revenue from fees charged by the agency for certification shall must be credited to the environmental fund.
- Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
  - Subd. 1a. Advanced recycling. "Advanced recycling" means a manufacturing process for converting post-use polymers and recovered feedstocks into basic hydrocarbon raw materials, feedstocks, chemicals, liquid fuels, and other products like waxes and lubricants through processes that include pyrolysis, gasification, depolymerization, catalytic cracking, reforming, hydrogenation, solvolysis, and other similar technologies. The recycled products produced at advanced recycling facilities include but are not limited to monomers, oligomers, plastics, plastics and chemical feedstocks, basic and unfinished chemicals, crude oil, naphtha, liquid transportation fuels, waxes, lubricants, coatings, and other basic hydrocarbons.

    Advanced recycling is not processing, treatment, resource recovery, incineration, or waste management.
- 90.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1b. Advanced recycling facility. "Advanced recycling facility" means a facility

  that receives, stores, and converts post-use polymers and recovered feedstocks it receives

  using advanced recycling. An advanced recycling facility is a manufacturing facility subject

  to applicable agency manufacturing regulations for air, water, waste, and land use. An

  advanced recycling facility is not a solid waste facility, waste facility, or resource recovery

  facility.
- 90.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 91.1 91.2 to read: 91.3 Subd. 7b. **Depolymerization.** "Depolymerization" means a manufacturing process where post-use polymers are broken into smaller molecules such as monomers and oligomers or 91.4 raw, intermediate, or final products, plastics and chemical feedstocks, basic and unfinished 91.5 chemicals, crude oil, naphtha, liquid transportation fuels, waxes, lubricants, coatings, and 91.6 other basic hydrocarbons. 91.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 91.8 Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 91.9 91.10 to read: Subd. 10b. Gasification. "Gasification" means a manufacturing process through which 91.11 recovered feedstocks are heated and converted into a fuel-gas mixture in an oxygen-deficient 91.12 91.13 atmosphere and the mixture is converted into valuable raw materials and intermediate and final products, including but not limited to plastic monomers, chemicals, waxes, lubricants, 91.14 91.15 chemical feedstocks, crude oil, diesel, gasoline, diesel and gasoline blend stocks, home 91.16 heating oil, and other fuels including ethanol and transportation fuel, that are returned to economic utility in the form of raw materials, products, or fuels. 91.17 91.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 91.19 Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 91.20 Subd. 24c. Post-use polymers. "Post-use polymers" means plastic that: 91.21 (1) is derived from any industrial, commercial, agricultural, or domestic activities; 91.22 (2) is not mixed with solid waste or hazardous waste on site or during processing at the 91.23 advanced recycling facility; 91.24 (3) is used or intended to be used as a feedstock for manufacturing crude oil, fuels, 91.25 feedstocks, blend stocks, raw materials, or other intermediate products or final products 91.26 91.27 using advanced recycling; 91.28 (4) has been sorted from solid waste and other regulated waste but may contain residual amounts of solid waste such as organic material and incidental contaminants or impurities 91.29

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such as paper labels and metal rings; and

(5) is processed at an advanced recycling facility or held at an advanced recycling facility 92.1 before processing. 92.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 92.3 Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 92.4 to read: 92.5 Subd. 24d. Pyrolysis. "Pyrolysis" means a manufacturing process through which post-use 92.6 polymers are heated in an oxygen-deficient atmosphere until melted and thermally 92.7decomposed and then cooled, condensed, and converted into valuable raw materials and 92.8 intermediate and final products, including but not limited to plastic monomers, chemicals, 92.9 waxes, lubricants, chemical feedstocks, crude oil, diesel, gasoline, diesel and gasoline blend 92.10 stocks, home heating oil, and other fuels including ethanol and transportation fuel, that are 92.11 returned to economic utility in the form of raw materials, products, or fuels. 92.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 92.13 Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115A.03, subdivision 25, is amended to read: 92.14 Subd. 25. Processing. "Processing" means the treatment of waste after collection and 92.15 before disposal. Processing includes but is not limited to reduction, storage, separation, 92.16 exchange, resource recovery, physical, chemical, or biological modification, and transfer 92.17 from one waste facility to another. Processing does not include advanced recycling. 92.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 92.19 Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115A.03, subdivision 25d, is amended to read: 92.20 92.21 Subd. 25d. **Refuse-derived fuel.** "Refuse-derived fuel" means a product resulting from the processing of mixed municipal solid waste in a manner that reduces the quantity of 92.22 92.23 noncombustible material present in the waste, reduces the size of waste components through shredding or other mechanical means, and produces a fuel suitable for combustion in existing 92.24 or new solid fuel-fired boilers. Fuels produced using advanced recycling are not 92.25 refuse-derived fuels. 92.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 92.27

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Subd. 32e. Solvolysis. "Solvolysis" means a manufacturing process through which

post-use polymers are reacted with the aid of solvents while heated at low temperatures or

pressurized, or both, to make useful products while allowing additives and contaminants to

94.29 transfer station, waste-to-energy facility, health care facility, educational facility, military

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producer of the mattress.

(b) "Brand" means a name, symbol, word, or mark that attributes a mattress to the

(c) "Covered entity" means a political subdivision of the state, mattress retailer, permitted

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base, or commercial or nonprofit lodging establishment that possesses a discarded mattress
that was used and discarded in this state. Covered entity does not include a renovator,
refurbisher, or person that only transports a discarded mattress.

- (d) "Discarded mattress" means a mattress that a consumer discarded, intends to discard, or abandoned in the state, but does not include a mattress that cannot be safely recycled because it is contaminated by putrescible solid waste or is substantially soiled, is infested with bedbugs, or poses a risk to worker health or equipment, which mattress should be disposed of through the existing solid waste system.
- (e) "Energy recovery" means the process by which all or a portion of solid waste materials are processed or combusted to use the heat content or other forms of energy derived from the solid waste materials.
- (f) "Foundation" means any ticking-covered structure that is used to support a mattress and that is composed of one or more of the following: a constructed frame, foam, or a box spring, whether stationary, adjustable, or foldable. Foundation does not include any bed frame or base made of wood, metal, or other material that rests upon the floor and that serves as a brace for a mattress.
- (g) "Mattress" means any resilient material or combination of materials that is enclosed by ticking, used alone or in combination with other products, and that is intended or promoted for sleeping upon. Mattress includes any foundation and any used or renovated mattress. Mattress does not include any mattress pad; mattress topper; sleeping bag; pillow; car bed; carriage; basket; dressing table; stroller; playpen; infant carrier; lounge pad; crib or bassinet mattress; crib bumper; liquid or gaseous filled ticking, including any water bed and any air mattress that does not contain upholstery material between the ticking and the mattress core; or upholstered furniture, including a sleeper sofa.
- (h) "Mattress core" means the principal support system that is present in a mattress, including but not limited to springs, foam, air bladder, water bladder, or resilient filling.
- (i) "Mattress recycling council" or "council" means the nonprofit organization created by producers or created by any trade association that represents producers who account for a majority of mattress production in the United States to design, submit, and implement the mattress stewardship program described in subdivision 2.
- (j) "Mattress stewardship fee" means the amount added to the purchase price of a mattress sold to a consumer or to an ultimate end user in this state that is necessary to cover the cost of collecting, transporting, and processing discarded mattresses by the council according to the mattress stewardship program.

96.1	(k) "Mattress stewardship program" or "program" means the statewide program described
96.2	in subdivision 2 and implemented according to the mattress stewardship plan developed
96.3	under subdivision 2.
96.4	(l) "Mattress topper" means an item that contains resilient filling, with or without ticking,
96.5	that is intended to be used with or on top of a mattress.
96.6	(m) "Performance goal" means a metric proposed by the council to annually measure
96.7	the performance of the mattress stewardship program, taking into consideration technical
96.8	and economic feasibilities, in achieving continuous, meaningful improvement in the rate
96.9	of mattress recycling in the state and any other specified goal of the program.
96.10	(n) "Producer" means a person who manufactures or renovates a mattress that is sold,
96.11	offered for sale, or distributed in the state under the producer's own name or brand. Producer
96.12	includes:
96.13	(1) the owner of a trademark or brand under which a mattress is sold, offered for sale,
96.14	or distributed in this state, whether or not the trademark or brand is registered in this state;
96.15	<u>and</u>
96.16	(2) a person who imports a mattress into the United States that is sold or offered for sale
96.17	in this state and that is manufactured or renovated by a person who does not have a presence
96.18	in the United States.
96.19	(o) "Recycling" means a process in which discarded mattresses, components, and
96.20	by-products may lose their original identity or form as they are transformed into new, usable,
96.21	or marketable materials. Recycling does not include using destructive incineration.
96.22	(p) "Renovate" or "renovation" means altering a mattress for resale, including any one
96.23	or a combination of the following: replacing the ticking or filling, adding additional filling,
96.24	or replacing components with new or recycled materials. Renovate or renovation does not
96.25	include:
96.26	(1) stripping a mattress of its ticking or filling without adding new material;
96.27	(2) sanitizing or sterilizing a mattress without otherwise altering the mattress; or
96.28	(3) a renovator altering a mattress for a person who retains the altered mattress for
96.29	personal use, in accordance with chapter 325F.
96.30	(q) "Renovator" means a person who renovates discarded mattresses to resell the
96.31	mattresses to consumers.

97.1	(r) "Retailer" means a person who sells mattresses to a consumer or to an ultimate end
97.2	user in this state or offers mattresses to a consumer in this state.
97.3	(s) "Sale" means transfer of title of a mattress for consideration to a consumer or an
97.4	ultimate end user in the state, including but not limited to by means of a sales outlet, catalog,
97.5	website, or similar electronic means.
97.6	(t) "Sanitizing" means directly applying chemicals to a mattress to kill human
97.7	disease-causing pathogens.
97.8	(u) "Sterilizing" means mitigating deleterious substances or organisms, including human
97.9	disease-causing pathogens, fungi, and insects, from a mattress or filling material using a
97.10	chemical or heat process.
97.11	(v) "Ticking" means the outermost layer of fabric or material of a mattress. Ticking does
97.12	not include any layer of fabric or material quilted together with, or otherwise attached to,
97.13	the outermost layer of fabric or material of a mattress.
97.14	(w) "Upholstery material" means all material, loose or attached, between the ticking and
97.15	the core of a mattress.
97.16	Subd. 2. Mattress recycling council; required plan. (a) Within 180 days after the
97.17	effective date of this section, each producer or the producer's designee must join the mattress
97.18	recycling council. Within 180 days after the effective date of this section, the council must
97.19	submit a plan for approval by the commissioner to establish a statewide mattress stewardship
97.20	program, as described in this paragraph. Retailers may participate in the council. The mattress
97.21	stewardship program must, to the extent technologically feasible and economically practical:
97.22	(1) provide for free, convenient, and accessible statewide opportunities for receiving
97.23	discarded mattresses from any person in the state with a discarded mattress that was used
97.24	and discarded in the state, including but not limited to participating covered entities that
97.25	accumulate and segregate a minimum of 100 discarded mattresses for collection at one time;
97.26	(2) provide for free collection of discarded mattresses from transfer stations that
97.27	accumulate and segregate fewer than 50 mattresses, provided the transfer stations require
97.28	the collection due to space or permit requirements;
97.29	(3) provide for council-financed end-of-life management for discarded mattresses
97.30	collected according to clauses (1) and (2);
97.31	(4) provide suitable storage containers at or make other mutually agreeable storage and
97.32	transport arrangements for permitted transfer stations for segregated, discarded mattresses,
97 33	at no cost to the municipality provided the transfer station makes space available for the

98.1	purpose and imposes no fee for placement of the storage container on the transfer station's
98.2	premises;
98.3	(5) provide that the council will conduct research as needed related to improving used
98.4	mattress collection, dismantling, and recycling operations, including pilot programs to test
98.5	new processes, methods, or equipment on a local, regional, or otherwise limited basis; and
98.6	(6) include a mattress stewardship fee that is sufficient to cover the costs of operating
98.7	and administering the program.
98.8	(b) The plan submitted according to paragraph (a) must:
98.9	(1) identify each producer participating in the program;
98.10	(2) describe the fee structure for the program;
98.11	(3) establish performance goals for the first two years of the program;
98.12	(4) identify proposed facilities to be used by the program;
98.13	(5) set convenience goals and a timeline for implementing and achieving convenient
98.14	access to the program;
98.15	(6) detail how the program will promote recycling discarded mattresses consistent with
98.16	the state's solid waste management hierarchy; and
98.17	(7) include a description of public education regarding the program.
98.18	(c) The council must set the amount of the mattress stewardship fee that is added to the
98.19	purchase price of a mattress at the point of sale. The council must establish and implement
98.20	a fee structure that covers but does not exceed the costs of developing the plan described
98.21	in paragraph (b), operating and administering the program described in paragraph (a), and
98.22	maintaining a financial reserve sufficient to operate the program over multiple years in a
98.23	fiscally prudent and responsible manner. The council must set the fee as a flat rate and not
98.24	as a percentage of the purchase price. The council must maintain all records relating to the
98.25	program for not less than three years.
98.26	(d) Under the program, recycling is preferred over any other disposal method for
98.27	mattresses, to the extent that recycling is technologically feasible and economically practical.
98.28	(e) The commissioner must approve the plan for establishing the mattress stewardship
98.29	program if the plan meets the requirements of paragraphs (a) to (d). No later than 90 days
98.30	after the council submits the plan according to this section, the commissioner must make a
98.31	determination whether to approve the plan. Before making the determination, the
98.32	commissioner must post the plan on the agency's website and solicit public comments on

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the plan. If the commissioner disapproves the plan because the plan does not meet the requirements of paragraphs (a) to (d), the commissioner must describe the reasons for the disapproval in a notice of determination that the commissioner provides to the council. The council must revise and resubmit the plan to the commissioner no later than 45 days after receiving notice of the commissioner's disapproval. No later than 45 days after receiving the revised plan, the commissioner must review and approve or disapprove the revised plan and provide a notice of determination to the council. The council may resubmit a revised plan to the commissioner for approval no more than twice. If the council fails to submit a plan that is acceptable to the commissioner because it does not meet the requirements of paragraphs (a) to (d), the commissioner must modify a submitted plan to make it conform to the requirements of paragraphs (a) to (d) and approve it. No later than 180 days after approval of a plan according to this paragraph, the council must implement the mattress stewardship program. Regardless of when the program begins, the program's fiscal year begins January 1.

- (f) The council must submit any proposed substantial change to the program to the commissioner for approval. If the commissioner does not disapprove a proposed substantial change within 90 days of receiving notice of the proposed substantial change, the proposed substantial change is deemed approved. For purposes of this paragraph, "substantial change" means:
- (1) a change in the processing facilities to be used for discarded mattresses collected 99.20 under the program; or 99.21
- (2) a material change to the system for collecting mattresses. 99.22
- (g) Within 90 days after the end of the program's second fiscal year, the council must 99.23 submit updated performance goals to the commissioner that are based on the experience of 99.24 99.25 the program during the first two years of the program.
- (h) The council must notify the commissioner of other material changes to the program 99.26 on an ongoing basis, without resubmitting the plan to the commissioner for approval. Material changes include but are not limited to a change in the composition, officers, or contact information of the council. 99.29
  - (i) Within 90 days after the end of the program's second fiscal year and every two years thereafter, the council must propose a mattress stewardship fee for all mattresses sold in this state. The council may propose a change to the mattress stewardship fee more frequently than once every two years if the council determines the change is needed to avoid funding shortfalls or excesses for the mattress stewardship program. Any proposed mattress

stewardship fee must be reviewed by an auditor to ensure that the assessment does not exceed the cost to fund the mattress stewardship program described in paragraph (a) and to maintain financial reserves sufficient to operate the program over multiple years in a fiscally prudent and responsible manner. Not later than 60 days after the council proposes a mattress stewardship fee, the auditor must render an opinion to the commissioner as to whether the proposed mattress stewardship fee is reasonable to achieve the goals set forth in this section. If the auditor concludes that the mattress stewardship fee is reasonable, then the proposed fee goes into effect. If the auditor concludes that the mattress stewardship fee is not reasonable, the auditor must provide the council with written notice explaining the auditor's opinion. No later than 60 days after the council receives the auditor's opinion, the council 100.10 may either propose a new mattress stewardship fee or provide written comments on the 100.11 auditor's opinion. If the auditor concludes that the fee is not reasonable, the commissioner 100.12 100.13 must decide, based on the auditor's opinion and any comments provided by the council, whether to approve the proposed mattress stewardship fee. The council must select the 100.14 auditor. The cost of any work performed by the auditor under this paragraph and paragraph 100.15 (k) must be paid by the mattress stewardship fee. 100.16

- (j) Not later than October 15 each year, the council must submit an annual report to the commissioner for the most recently completed fiscal year. The commissioner must post the annual report on the agency's website. The report must include:
- (1) the tonnage of mattresses collected under the program from: 100.20
- 100.21 (i) transfer stations;
- (ii) retailers; and 100.22

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- 100.23 (iii) all other covered entities;
- (2) the tonnage of mattresses diverted for recycling; 100.24
- 100.25 (3) the weight of mattress materials recycled, as indicated by the weight of each of the commodities sold to secondary markets; 100.26
- 100.27 (4) the weight of mattress materials sent for disposal at:
- (i) waste-to-energy facilities; 100.28
- 100.29 (ii) landfills; and
- (iii) any other facilities; 100.30
- 100.31 (5) a summary of the public education that supports the program;

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101.1	(6) an evaluation of the effectiveness of methods and processes used to achieve
101.2	performance goals of the program; and
101.3	(7) recommendations for any changes to the program.

- (k) Two years after the program is implemented according to paragraph (e) and every three years thereafter or upon the request of the commissioner, but not more frequently than once a year, the council must cause an audit of the program to be conducted by an auditor as described in paragraph (i). The audit must review the accuracy of the council's data concerning the program and provide any other information requested by the commissioner, consistent with the requirements of this section, provided the request does not require the disclosure of proprietary information or trade or business secrets. The council must pay for the audit. The council must maintain all records relating to the program for at least three years.
- 101.13 Subd. 3. Charging fee; producer participation. Upon implementation of the mattress stewardship program, each manufacturer, renovator, retailer, or distributor that sells a 101.14 mattress to a consumer or to an ultimate end user in the state must add the mattress 101.15 stewardship fee to the purchase price for the mattress and must remit the fee collected to 101.16 the council. In each transaction, the fee must appear on the invoice and must be accompanied 101.17 by a brief description of the fee. The council must determine the rules and procedures 101.18 necessary to implement collection of the fee in a fair, efficient, and lawful manner. Any 101.19 101.20 producer who fails to participate in the program must not sell mattresses in this state.
- Subd. 4. Receipt of discarded mattresses. Upon implementation of the mattress 101.21 stewardship program according to subdivision 2, paragraph (e), a covered entity that 101.22 participates in the program must not charge for the receipt of discarded mattresses that are 101.23 101.24 discarded in this state, except that covered entities may charge a fee for providing the service of collecting mattresses and may restrict the acceptance of mattresses by number, source, 101.25 101.26 or physical condition.
- 101.27 Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115A.565, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Grant program established. The commissioner shall must make 101.28 competitive grants to political subdivisions or federally recognized tribes to establish curbside 101.30 recycling or composting, increase recycling or composting, reduce the amount of recyclable materials entering disposal facilities, or reduce the costs associated with hauling waste by 101.31 locating collection sites as close as possible to the site where the waste is generated. To be 101.32 eligible for grants under this section, a political subdivision or federally recognized tribe 101.33

must be located outside the seven-county metropolitan area and a city must have a population of less than 45,000.

Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 115B.40, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Response to releases.** The commissioner may take any environmental response action, including emergency action, related to a release or threatened release of a hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant, or decomposition gas from a qualified facility that the commissioner deems reasonable and necessary to protect the public health or welfare or the environment under the standards required in sections 115B.01 to 115B.20. The commissioner may undertake studies necessary to determine reasonable and necessary environmental response actions at individual facilities. The commissioner may develop general work plans for environmental studies, presumptive remedies, and generic remedial designs for facilities with similar characteristics, as well as implement reuse and redevelopment strategies. Prior to selecting environmental response actions for a facility, the commissioner shall hold at least one public informational meeting near the facility and

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

provide for receiving and responding to comments related to the selection. The commissioner

shall design, implement, and provide oversight consistent with the actions selected under

## Sec. 115. [115B.422] CLOSED LANDFILL EMERGENCY ACCOUNT.

Subdivision 1. **Establishment; appropriation.** A closed landfill emergency account is established in the remediation fund. Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner for environmental response actions at qualified facilities or priority qualified facilities where there is an imminent and substantial danger to the health and welfare of the people of the state resulting from the potential contamination of drinking water supplies or the potential for direct human contact with a release or threatened release of a hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant, or decomposition gas.

Subd. 2. Annual report. No later than February 1 each year, the commissioner must report activities and expenditures under this section to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over environment finance.

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Sec. 116. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116.03, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:

Subd. 2b. Permitting efficiency. (a) It is the goal of the state that environmental and resource management permits be issued or denied within 90 days for tier 1 permits or 150 days for tier 2 permits following submission of a permit application. The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall establish management systems designed to achieve the goal. For the purposes of this section, "tier 1 permits" are permits that do not require individualized actions or public comment periods, and "tier 2 permits" are permits that require individualized actions or public comment periods.

- (b) The commissioner shall must prepare an annual semiannual permitting efficiency report reports that includes include statistics on meeting the tier 2 goal in paragraph (a) and the criteria for tier 2 by permit categories. The report is reports are due on February 1 and August 1 each year. For permit applications that have not met the goal, the each report must state the reasons for not meeting the goal. In stating the reasons for not meeting the goal, the commissioner shall must separately identify delays caused by the responsiveness of the proposer, lack of staff, scientific or technical disagreements, or the level of public engagement. The Each report must specify the number of days from initial submission of the application to the day of determination that the application is complete. The Each report must aggregate the data for the year reporting period and assess whether program or system changes are necessary to achieve the goal. Whenever a report required by this subdivision states the number of permits completed within a particular period, the report must, immediately after the number and in parentheses, state the percentage of total applications received for that permit category that the number represents. Whenever a report required by this subdivision states the number of permits completed within a particular period, the report must separately state completion data for industrial and municipal permits. The report reports must be posted on the agency's website and submitted to the governor and the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees having jurisdiction over environment policy and finance.
- (c) The commissioner shall allow electronic submission of environmental review and permit documents to the agency.
- (d) Within 30 business days of application for a permit subject to paragraph (a), the 103.30 commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall notify the permit applicant, in writing, whether the application is complete or incomplete. If the commissioner determines that an 103.32 application is incomplete, the notice to the applicant must enumerate all deficiencies, citing 103.33 specific provisions of the applicable rules and statutes, and advise the applicant on how the 103.34 deficiencies can be remedied. If the commissioner determines that the application is complete, 103.35

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the notice must confirm the application's tier 1 or tier 2 permit status. If the commissioner believes that a complete application for a tier 2 construction permit cannot be issued within the 150-day goal, the commissioner must provide notice to the applicant with the commissioner's notice that the application is complete and, upon request of the applicant, provide the permit applicant with a schedule estimating when the agency will begin drafting the permit and issue the public notice of the draft permit. This paragraph does not apply to an application for a permit that is subject to a grant or loan agreement under chapter 446A.

- 104.8 (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "permit professional" means an individual not employed by the Pollution Control Agency who: 104.9
- 104.10 (1) has a professional license issued by the state of Minnesota in the subject area of the permit; 104.11
- 104.12 (2) has at least ten years of experience in the subject area of the permit; and
- (3) abides by the duty of candor applicable to employees of the Pollution Control Agency 104.13 under agency rules and complies with all applicable requirements under chapter 326. 104.14
- (f) Upon the agency's request, an applicant relying on a permit professional must 104.15 participate in a meeting with the agency before submitting an application: 104.16
- (1) at least two weeks prior to the preapplication meeting, the applicant must submit at 104.17 least the following: 104.18
- (i) project description, including, but not limited to, scope of work, primary emissions 104.19 points, discharge outfalls, and water intake points; 104.20
- 104.21 (ii) location of the project, including county, municipality, and location on the site;
- (iii) business schedule for project completion; and 104.22
- 104.23 (iv) other information requested by the agency at least four weeks prior to the scheduled 104.24 meeting; and
- (2) during the preapplication meeting, the agency shall provide for the applicant at least 104.25 104.26 the following:
- (i) an overview of the permit review program; 104.27
- (ii) a determination of which specific application or applications will be necessary to 104.28 complete the project; 104.29
- (iii) a statement notifying the applicant if the specific permit being sought requires a 104.30 mandatory public hearing or comment period; 104.31

- 105.1 (iv) a review of the timetable established in the permit review program for the specific permit being sought; and
  - (v) a determination of what information must be included in the application, including a description of any required modeling or testing.
- 105.5 (g) The applicant may select a permit professional to undertake the preparation of the permit application and draft permit.
  - (h) If a preapplication meeting was held, the agency shall, within seven business days of receipt of an application, notify the applicant and submitting permit professional that the application is complete or is denied, specifying the deficiencies of the application.
- (i) Upon receipt of notice that the application is complete, the permit professional shall submit to the agency a timetable for submitting a draft permit. The permit professional shall submit a draft permit on or before the date provided in the timetable. Within 60 days after the close of the public comment period, the commissioner shall notify the applicant whether the permit can be issued.
- 105.15 (j) Nothing in this section shall be construed to modify:
- 105.16 (1) any requirement of law that is necessary to retain federal delegation to or assumption 105.17 by the state; or
- 105.18 (2) the authority to implement a federal law or program.
- (k) The permit application and draft permit shall identify or include as an appendix all studies and other sources of information used to substantiate the analysis contained in the permit application and draft permit. The commissioner shall request additional studies, if needed, and the permit applicant shall submit all additional studies and information necessary for the commissioner to perform the commissioner's responsibility to review, modify, and determine the completeness of the application and approve the draft permit.
- Sec. 117. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116.06, subdivision 22, is amended to read:
- Subd. 22. **Solid waste.** "Solid waste" means garbage, refuse, sludge from a water supply treatment plant or air contaminant treatment facility, and other discarded waste materials and sludges, in solid, semisolid, liquid, or contained gaseous form, resulting from industrial, commercial, mining, and agricultural operations, and from community activities, but does not include:
- 105.31 (1) hazardous waste;

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105.32 (2) animal waste used as fertilizer;

- 106.1 (3) earthen fill, boulders, or rock;
- 106.2 (4) concrete diamond grinding and saw slurry associated with the construction, 106.3 improvement, or repair of a road when deposited on the road project site in a manner that 106.4 is in compliance with best management practices and rules of the agency;
- 106.5 (5) sewage sludge;
- 106.6 (6) solid or dissolved material in domestic sewage or other common pollutants in water resources, such as silt, dissolved or suspended solids in industrial wastewater effluents or discharges which that are point sources subject to permits under section 402 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, or dissolved materials in irrigation return flows;
- 106.11 (7) source, special nuclear, or by-product material as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended-; or
- 106.13 (8) post-use polymers or recovered feedstocks converted at an advanced recycling facility
  106.14 or held at an advanced recycling facility before being converted.
- 106.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 118. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

106.17 Subd. 2. Adopting standards. (a) The Pollution Control Agency shall improve air quality by promoting, in the most practicable way possible, the use of energy sources and 106.18 waste disposal methods which produce or emit the least air contaminants consistent with 106.19 the agency's overall goal of reducing all forms of pollution. The agency shall also adopt 106.20 standards of air quality, not including maximum allowable standards of emission of air 106.21 contaminants from motor vehicles, recognizing that due to variable factors, no single standard 106.22 of purity of air is applicable to all areas of the state. In adopting standards the Pollution 106.23 Control Agency shall give due recognition to the fact that the quantity or characteristics of 106.24 air contaminants or the duration of their presence in the atmosphere, which may cause air 106.25 pollution in one area of the state, may cause less or not cause any air pollution in another 106.26 area of the state, and it shall take into consideration in this connection such factors, including 106.27 others which it may deem proper, as existing physical conditions, zoning classifications, 106.28 topography, prevailing wind directions and velocities, and the fact that a standard of air 106.29 quality which may be proper as to an essentially residential area of the state, may not be 106.30 proper as to a highly developed industrial area of the state. Such standards of air quality 106.31 shall be premised upon scientific knowledge of causes as well as effects based on technically 106.32 substantiated criteria and commonly accepted practices. No local government unit shall set 106.33

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standards of air quality which are more stringent than those set by the Pollution Control Agency.

- (b) The Pollution Control Agency shall promote solid waste disposal control by encouraging the updating of collection systems, elimination of open dumps, and improvements in incinerator practices. The agency shall also adopt standards for the control of the collection, transportation, storage, processing, and disposal of solid waste and sewage sludge for the prevention and abatement of water, air, and land pollution, recognizing that due to variable factors, no single standard of control is applicable to all areas of the state. In adopting standards, the Pollution Control Agency shall give due recognition to the fact that elements of control which may be reasonable and proper in densely populated areas of the state may be unreasonable and improper in sparsely populated or remote areas of the state, and it shall take into consideration in this connection such factors, including others which it may deem proper, as existing physical conditions, topography, soils and geology, climate, transportation, and land use. Such standards of control shall be premised on technical criteria and commonly accepted practices.
- (c) The Pollution Control Agency shall also adopt standards describing the maximum 107.16 levels of noise in terms of sound pressure level which may occur in the outdoor atmosphere, 107.17 recognizing that due to variable factors no single standard of sound pressure is applicable 107.18 to all areas of the state. Such standards shall give due consideration to such factors as the 107.19 intensity of noises, the types of noises, the frequency with which noises recur, the time 107.20 period for which noises continue, the times of day during which noises occur, and such 107.21 other factors as could affect the extent to which noises may be injurious to human health 107.22 or welfare, animal or plant life, or property, or could interfere unreasonably with the 107.23 enjoyment of life or property. In adopting standards, the Pollution Control Agency shall 107.24 give due recognition to the fact that the quantity or characteristics of noise or the duration 107.25 of its presence in the outdoor atmosphere, which may cause noise pollution in one area of 107.26 the state, may cause less or not cause any noise pollution in another area of the state, and 107.27 it shall take into consideration in this connection such factors, including others which it 107.28 may deem proper, as existing physical conditions, zoning classifications, topography, meteorological conditions and the fact that a standard which may be proper in an essentially 107.30 residential area of the state, may not be proper as to a highly developed industrial area of 107.31 the state. Such noise standards shall be premised upon scientific knowledge as well as effects 107.32 based on technically substantiated criteria and commonly accepted practices. No local 107.33 governing unit shall set standards describing the maximum levels of sound pressure which 107.34 are more stringent than those set by the Pollution Control Agency.

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- (d) The Pollution Control Agency shall adopt standards for the identification of hazardous waste and for the management, identification, labeling, classification, storage, collection, transportation, processing, and disposal of hazardous waste, recognizing that due to variable factors, a single standard of hazardous waste control may not be applicable to all areas of the state. In adopting standards, the Pollution Control Agency shall recognize that elements of control which may be reasonable and proper in densely populated areas of the state may be unreasonable and improper in sparsely populated or remote areas of the state. The agency shall consider existing physical conditions, topography, soils, and geology, climate, transportation and land use. Standards of hazardous waste control shall be premised on technical knowledge, and commonly accepted practices. Hazardous waste generator licenses may be issued for a term not to exceed five years. No local government unit shall set standards of hazardous waste control which are in conflict or inconsistent with those set by the Pollution Control Agency.
- (e) A person who generates less than 100 kilograms of hazardous waste per month is exempt from the following agency hazardous waste rules:
  - (1) rules relating to transportation, manifesting, storage, and labeling for photographic fixer and x-ray negative wastes that are hazardous solely because of silver content; and
- 108.18 (2) any rule requiring the generator to send to the agency or commissioner a copy of
  108.19 each manifest for the transportation of hazardous waste for off-site treatment, storage, or
  108.20 disposal, except that counties within the metropolitan area may require generators to provide
  108.21 manifests.
  - Nothing in this paragraph exempts the generator from the agency's rules relating to on-site accumulation or outdoor storage. A political subdivision or other local unit of government may not adopt management requirements that are more restrictive than this paragraph.
  - (f) In any rulemaking proceeding under chapter 14 to adopt standards for air quality, solid waste, or hazardous waste under this chapter, or standards for water quality under chapter 115, the statement of need and reasonableness must include:
    - (1) an assessment of any differences between the proposed rule and:
- (i) existing federal standards adopted under the Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7412(b)(2); the Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 33, sections 1312(a) and 1313(c)(4); and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, United States Code, title 42, section 6921(b)(1);
  - (ii) similar standards in states bordering Minnesota; and

109.1 (iii) similar standards in states within the Environmental Protection Agency Region 5; 109.2 and

(2) a specific analysis of the need and reasonableness of each difference.

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**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 119. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116.07, subdivision 4d, is amended to read:

Subd. 4d. **Permit fees.** (a) The agency may collect permit fees in amounts not greater than those necessary to cover the reasonable costs of developing, reviewing, and acting upon applications for agency permits and implementing and enforcing the conditions of the permits pursuant to agency rules. Permit fees shall must not include the costs of litigation. The fee schedule must reflect reasonable and routine direct and indirect costs associated with permitting, implementation, and enforcement. The agency may impose an additional enforcement fee to be collected for a period of up to two years to cover the reasonable costs of implementing and enforcing the conditions of a permit under the rules of the agency. Water fees under this paragraph are subject to legislative approval under section 16A.1283. Any money collected under this paragraph shall must be deposited in the environmental fund.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the agency shall collect an annual fee from the owner or operator of all stationary sources, emission facilities, emissions units, air contaminant treatment facilities, treatment facilities, potential air contaminant storage facilities, or storage facilities subject to a notification, permit, or license requirement under this chapter, subchapters I and V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., or rules adopted thereunder. The annual fee shall must be used to pay for all direct and indirect reasonable costs, including legal costs, required to develop and administer the notification, permit, or license program requirements of this chapter, subchapters I and V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., or rules adopted thereunder. Those costs include the reasonable costs of reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit; implementing and enforcing statutes, rules, and the terms and conditions of a permit; emissions, ambient, and deposition monitoring; preparing generally applicable regulations; responding to federal guidance; modeling, analyses, and demonstrations; preparing inventories and tracking emissions; and providing information to the public about these activities.

(c) The agency shall set fees that:

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(1) will result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each volatile organic compound; pollutant regulated under United States Code, title 42, section 7411 or 7412 (section 111 or 112 of the federal Clean Air Act); and each pollutant, except carbon monoxide, for which a national primary ambient air quality standard has been promulgated;

- (2) may result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each pollutant not listed in clause (1) that is regulated under this chapter or air quality rules adopted under this chapter; and
- (3) shall collect, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), the amount 110.9 needed to match grant funds received by the state under United States Code, title 42, section 110.10 7405 (section 105 of the federal Clean Air Act). 110.11
- 110.12 The agency must not include in the calculation of the aggregate amount to be collected under clauses (1) and (2) any amount in excess of 4,000 tons per year of each air pollutant 110.13 from a source. The increase in air permit fees to match federal grant funds shall be is a surcharge on existing fees. The commissioner may not collect the surcharge after the grant 110.15 funds become unavailable. In addition, the commissioner shall use nonfee funds to the extent 110.16 practical to match the grant funds so that the fee surcharge is minimized. 110.17
- (d) To cover the reasonable costs described in paragraph (b), the agency shall provide in the rules promulgated under paragraph (c) for an increase in the fee collected in each year by the percentage, if any, by which the Consumer Price Index for the most recent calendar year ending before the beginning of the year the fee is collected exceeds the Consumer Price Index for the calendar year 1989. For purposes of this paragraph, the 110.22 Consumer Price Index for any calendar year is the average of the Consumer Price Index for 110.23 all-urban consumers published by the United States Department of Labor, as of the close of the 12-month period ending on August 31 of each calendar year. The revision of the 110.25 110.26 Consumer Price Index that is most consistent with the Consumer Price Index for calendar year 1989 shall must be used.
  - (e) Any money collected under paragraphs (b) to (d) must be deposited in the environmental fund and must be used solely for the activities listed in paragraph (b).
- (f) Permit applicants who wish to construct, reconstruct, or modify a project may offer 110.30 to reimburse the agency for the costs of staff time or consultant services needed to expedite 110.31 the preapplication process and permit development process through the final decision on 110.32 the permit, including the analysis of environmental review documents. The reimbursement 110.33 shall be is in addition to permit application fees imposed by law. When the agency determines 110.34

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that it needs additional resources to develop the permit application in an expedited manner, and that expediting the development is consistent with permitting program priorities, the agency may accept the reimbursement. The commissioner must give the applicant an estimate of costs to be incurred by the commissioner. The estimate must include a brief description of the tasks to be performed, a schedule for completing the tasks, and the estimated cost for each task. The applicant and the commissioner must enter into a written agreement detailing the estimated costs for the expedited permit decision-making process to be incurred by the agency. The agreement must also identify staff anticipated to be assigned to the project. The commissioner must not issue a permit until the applicant has paid all fees in full. The commissioner must refund any unobligated balance of fees paid. Reimbursements accepted by the agency are appropriated to the agency for the purpose of developing the permit or analyzing environmental review documents. Reimbursement by a permit applicant shall must precede and not be contingent upon issuance of a permit; shall must not affect the agency's decision on whether to issue or deny a permit, what conditions are included in a permit, or the application of state and federal statutes and rules governing permit determinations; and shall must not affect final decisions regarding environmental review.

- (g) The fees under this subdivision are exempt from section 16A.1285.
- Sec. 120. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116.07, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 111.18
- 111.19 Subd. 7. Counties; processing applications for animal lot permits. (a) Any Minnesota county board may, by resolution, with approval of the Pollution Control Agency, assume 111.20 responsibility for processing applications for permits required by the Pollution Control 111.21 Agency under this section for livestock feedlots, poultry lots or other animal lots. The 111.22 responsibility for permit application processing, if assumed by a county, may be delegated 111.23 by the county board to any appropriate county officer or employee. 111.24
  - (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "processing" includes:
- (1) the distribution to applicants of forms provided by the Pollution Control Agency; 111.26
- (2) the receipt and examination of completed application forms, and the certification, 111.27 in writing, to the Pollution Control Agency either that the animal lot facility for which a 111.28 permit is sought by an applicant will comply with applicable rules and standards, or, if the 111.29 111.30 facility will not comply, the respects in which a variance would be required for the issuance of a permit; and 111.31
- 111.32 (3) rendering to applicants, upon request, assistance necessary for the proper completion of an application. 111.33

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(c) For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "processing" may include, at the option of the county board, issuing, denying, modifying, imposing conditions upon, or revoking permits pursuant to the provisions of this section or rules promulgated pursuant to it, subject to review, suspension, and reversal by the Pollution Control Agency. The Pollution Control Agency shall, after written notification, have 15 days to review, suspend, modify, or reverse the issuance of the permit. After this period, the action of the county board is final, subject to appeal as provided in chapter 14. For permit applications filed after October 1, 2001, section 15.99 applies to feedlot permits issued by the agency or a county pursuant to this subdivision.

- (d) For the purpose of administration of rules adopted under this subdivision, the commissioner and the agency may provide exceptions for cases where the owner of a feedlot has specific written plans to close the feedlot within five years. These exceptions include waiving requirements for major capital improvements.
- (e) For purposes of this subdivision, a discharge caused by an extraordinary natural event such as a precipitation event of greater magnitude than the 25-year, 24-hour event, tornado, or flood in excess of the 100-year flood is not a "direct discharge of pollutants."
- (f) In adopting and enforcing rules under this subdivision, the commissioner shall 112.17 cooperate closely with other governmental agencies. 112.18
- 112.19 (g) The Pollution Control Agency shall work with the Minnesota Extension Service, the Department of Agriculture, the Board of Water and Soil Resources, producer groups, local 112.20 units of government, as well as with appropriate federal agencies such as the Natural 112.21 Resources Conservation Service and the Farm Service Agency, to notify and educate 112.22 producers of rules under this subdivision at the time the rules are being developed and 112.23 adopted and at least every two years thereafter. 112.24
- (h) The Pollution Control Agency shall adopt rules governing the issuance and denial 112.25 of permits for livestock feedlots, poultry lots or other animal lots pursuant to this section. 112.26 Pastures are exempt from the rules authorized under this paragraph. No feedlot permit shall 112.27 include any terms or conditions that impose any requirements related to any pastures owned 112.28 or utilized by the feedlot operator other than restrictions under a manure management plan. 112.29 A feedlot permit is not required for livestock feedlots with more than ten but less than 50 112.30 animal units; provided they are not in shoreland areas. A livestock feedlot permit does not 112.31 become required solely because of a change in the ownership of the buildings, grounds, or 112.32 feedlot. These rules apply both to permits issued by counties and to permits issued by the 112.33

- Pollution Control Agency directly. No feedlot permit issued by the Pollution Control Agency
  shall include terms or conditions that:
- (1) impose requirements related to pastures owned or used by the feedlot operator other than restrictions under a manure management plan;
- 113.5 (2) prohibit application of solid manure during February and March;
- 113.6 (3) require establishing a cover crop as a condition of allowing application of manure
  113.7 in September; or
- (4) require implementing nitrogen best management practices as a condition of allowing
   application of manure in October.
- (i) The Pollution Control Agency shall exercise supervising authority with respect to the processing of animal lot permit applications by a county.
- (j) Any new rules or amendments to existing rules proposed under the authority granted in this subdivision, or to implement new fees on animal feedlots, must be submitted to the members of legislative policy and finance committees with jurisdiction over agriculture and the environment prior to final adoption. The rules must not become effective until 90 days after the proposed rules are submitted to the members.
- 113.17 (k) Until new rules are adopted that provide for plans for manure storage structures, any plans for a liquid manure storage structure must be prepared or approved by a registered professional engineer or a United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service employee.
- (l) A county may adopt by ordinance standards for animal feedlots that are more stringent than standards in Pollution Control Agency rules.
- (m) After January 1, 2001, a county that has not accepted delegation of the feedlot permit program must hold a public meeting prior to the agency issuing a feedlot permit for a feedlot facility with 300 or more animal units, unless another public meeting has been held with regard to the feedlot facility to be permitted.
- (n) After the proposed rules published in the State Register, volume 24, number 25, are finally adopted, the agency may not impose additional conditions as a part of a feedlot permit, unless specifically required by law or agreed to by the feedlot operator.
- 113.30 (o) For the purposes of feedlot permitting, a discharge from land-applied manure or a
  113.31 manure stockpile that is managed according to agency rule must not be subject to a fine for
  113.32 a discharge violation.

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- (q) Unless the upgrade is needed to correct an immediate public health threat under section 145A.04, subdivision 8, or the facility is determined to be a concentrated animal feeding operation under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 122.23, in effect on April 15, 2003, the agency may not require a feedlot operator:
- (1) to spend more than \$3,000 to upgrade an existing feedlot with less than 300 animal units unless cost-share money is available to the feedlot operator for 75 percent of the cost of the upgrade; or
- 114.14 (2) to spend more than \$10,000 to upgrade an existing feedlot with between 300 and 500 animal units, unless cost-share money is available to the feedlot operator for 75 percent of the cost of the upgrade or \$50,000, whichever is less.
  - (r) A feedlot operator who stores and applies up to 100,000 gallons per calendar year of private truck wash wastewater resulting from trucks that transport animals or supplies to and from the feedlot does not require a permit to land-apply industrial by-products if the feedlot operator stores and applies the wastewater in accordance with Pollution Control Agency requirements for land applications of industrial by-product that do not require a permit.
- 114.23 (s) A feedlot operator who holds a permit from the Pollution Control Agency to land-apply industrial by-products from a private truck wash is not required to have a certified 114.24 land applicator apply the private truck wash wastewater if the wastewater is applied by the 114.25 feedlot operator to cropland owned or leased by the feedlot operator or by a commercial 114.26 animal waste technician licensed by the commissioner of agriculture under chapter 18C. 114.27 114.28 For purposes of this paragraph and paragraph (r), "private truck wash" means a truck washing facility owned or leased, operated, and used only by a feedlot operator to wash trucks owned 114.29 or leased by the feedlot operator and used to transport animals or supplies to and from the 114.30 feedlot. 114.31
- 114.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from February 1, 2021.

115.1	Sec. 121. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116.07, is amended by adding a subdivision
115.2	to read:
115.3	Subd. 13. Unadopted rules. The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must
115.4	not enforce or attempt to enforce an unadopted rule. For purposes of this subdivision,
115.5	"unadopted rule" means a guideline, bulletin, criterion, manual standard, interpretive
115.6	statement, policy plan, or similar pronouncement if the guideline, bulletin, criterion, manua
115.7	standard, interpretive statement, policy plan, or similar pronouncement has not been adopted
115.8	according to the rulemaking process provided under chapter 14. If an unadopted rule is
115.9	challenged under section 14.381, the commissioner must cease enforcement of the unadopted
115.10	rule and overcome a presumption that the unadopted rule must be adopted according to the
115.11	rulemaking process provided under chapter 14.
115.12	Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116.155, is amended by adding a subdivision
115.13	to read:
115.14	Subd. 5c. Closed landfill emergency account. The closed landfill emergency account
115.15	is as described in section 115B.422.
115.16	Sec. 123. [116.157] REDUCTION OF AIR POLLUTION THROUGH SUPPORT
115.17	OF ZERO EMISSION VEHICLE CHOICE.
115.18	Subdivision 1. Policy. It is the policy of this state:
115.19	(1) to reduce air pollution by supporting the market for zero emission vehicles;
115.20	(2) to do so by ensuring consumers have access to the most desirable zero emission
115.21	vehicles; and
115.22	(3) to maximize consumer access to desirable zero emission vehicles by ensuring that
115.23	undesirable zero emission vehicles do not take up space on automobile dealer lots that could
115.24	be used to offer more desirable zero emission vehicles.
115.25	Subd. 2. Duty to purchase vehicle. In order to further the policies described in
115.26	subdivision 1, if the Pollution Control Agency adopts a requirement that a certain percentage
115.27	of the passenger cars and light duty trucks that each automobile manufacturer annually
115.28	delivers for sale in Minnesota must be vehicles with zero tailpipe emissions, then the agency
115.29	must purchase from an automobile dealer any zero emission vehicle that has remained
115.30	unsold on the dealer's lot for more than 90 days if requested to do so by the automobile
115.31	dealer.

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Subd. 3. **Appropriation.** There is annually appropriated from the environmental fund to the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency a sum sufficient to purchase vehicles as required under subdivision 2.

**CKM** 

Sec. 124. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116D.04, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2a. When prepared. (a) Where there is potential for significant environmental effects resulting from any major governmental action, the action must be preceded by a detailed environmental impact statement prepared by the responsible governmental unit. The environmental impact statement must be an analytical rather than an encyclopedic document that describes the proposed action in detail, analyzes its significant environmental impacts, discusses appropriate alternatives to the proposed action and their impacts, and explores methods by which adverse environmental impacts of an action could be mitigated. The environmental impact statement must also analyze those economic, employment, and sociological effects that cannot be avoided should the action be implemented. To ensure its use in the decision-making process, the environmental impact statement must be prepared as early as practical in the formulation of an action.
- (b) The board shall by rule establish categories of actions for which environmental impact statements and for which environmental assessment worksheets must be prepared as well as categories of actions for which no environmental review is required under this section. A mandatory environmental assessment worksheet is not required for the expansion of an ethanol plant, as defined in section 41A.09, subdivision 2a, paragraph (b), or the conversion of an ethanol plant to a biobutanol facility or the expansion of a biobutanol facility as defined in section 41A.15, subdivision 2d, based on the capacity of the expanded or converted facility to produce alcohol fuel, but must be required if the ethanol plant or biobutanol facility meets or exceeds thresholds of other categories of actions for which environmental assessment worksheets must be prepared. The responsible governmental unit for an ethanol plant or biobutanol facility project for which an environmental assessment worksheet is prepared is the state agency with the greatest responsibility for supervising or approving the project as a whole.
- (c) A mandatory environmental impact statement is not required for a facility or plant located outside the seven-county metropolitan area that produces less than 125,000,000 gallons of ethanol, biobutanol, or cellulosic biofuel annually, or produces less than 400,000 tons of chemicals annually, if the facility or plant is: an ethanol plant, as defined in section 41A.09, subdivision 2a, paragraph (b); a biobutanol facility, as defined in section 41A.15, subdivision 2d; or a cellulosic biofuel facility. A facility or plant that only uses a cellulosic

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feedstock to produce chemical products for use by another facility as a feedstock is not considered a fuel conversion facility as used in rules adopted under this chapter.

- (d) The responsible governmental unit shall promptly publish notice of the completion of an environmental assessment worksheet by publishing the notice in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the geographic area where the project is proposed, by posting the notice on a website that has been designated as the official publication site for publication of proceedings, public notices, and summaries of a political subdivision in which the project is proposed, or in any other manner determined by the board and shall provide copies of the environmental assessment worksheet to the board and its member agencies. Comments on the need for an environmental impact statement may be submitted to the responsible governmental unit during a 30-day period following publication of the notice that an environmental assessment worksheet has been completed. The responsible governmental unit may extend the 30-day comment period for an additional 30 days one time. Further extensions of the comment period may not be made unless approved by the project's proposer. The responsible governmental unit's decision on the need for an environmental impact statement must be based on the environmental assessment worksheet and the comments received during the comment period, and must be made within 15 days after the close of the comment period. The board's chair may extend the 15-day period by not more than 15 additional days upon the request of the responsible governmental unit.
- (e) An environmental assessment worksheet must also be prepared for a proposed action whenever material evidence accompanying a petition by not less than 100 individuals who reside or own property in the state a county where the proposed action will be undertaken or in one or more adjoining counties, submitted before the proposed project has received final approval by the appropriate governmental units, demonstrates that, because of the nature or location of a proposed action, there may be potential for significant environmental effects. Petitions requesting the preparation of an environmental assessment worksheet must be submitted to the board. The chair of the board shall determine the appropriate responsible governmental unit and forward the petition to it. A decision on the need for an environmental assessment worksheet must be made by the responsible governmental unit within 15 days after the petition is received by the responsible governmental unit. The board's chair may extend the 15-day period by not more than 15 additional days upon request of the responsible governmental unit.
- (f) Except in an environmentally sensitive location where Minnesota Rules, part 4410.4300, subpart 29, item B, applies, the proposed action is exempt from environmental review under this chapter and rules of the board, if:

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- (i) an animal feedlot facility with a capacity of less than 1,000 animal units; or
- (ii) an expansion of an existing animal feedlot facility with a total cumulative capacity of less than 1,000 animal units;
  - (2) the application for the animal feedlot facility includes a written commitment by the proposer to design, construct, and operate the facility in full compliance with Pollution Control Agency feedlot rules; and
  - (3) the county board holds a public meeting for citizen input at least ten business days before the Pollution Control Agency or county issuing a feedlot permit for the animal feedlot facility unless another public meeting for citizen input has been held with regard to the feedlot facility to be permitted. The exemption in this paragraph is in addition to other exemptions provided under other law and rules of the board.
  - (g) The board may, before final approval of a proposed project, require preparation of an environmental assessment worksheet by a responsible governmental unit selected by the board for any action where environmental review under this section has not been specifically provided for by rule or otherwise initiated.
  - (h) An early and open process must be used to limit the scope of the environmental impact statement to a discussion of those impacts that, because of the nature or location of the project, have the potential for significant environmental effects. The same process must be used to determine the form, content, and level of detail of the statement as well as the alternatives that are appropriate for consideration in the statement. In addition, the permits that will be required for the proposed action must be identified during the scoping process. Further, the process must identify those permits for which information will be developed concurrently with the environmental impact statement. The board shall provide in its rules for the expeditious completion of the scoping process. The determinations reached in the process must be incorporated into the order requiring the preparation of an environmental impact statement.
  - (i) The responsible governmental unit shall, to the extent practicable, avoid duplication and ensure coordination between state and federal environmental review and between environmental review and environmental permitting. Whenever practical, information needed by a governmental unit for making final decisions on permits or other actions required for a proposed project must be developed in conjunction with the preparation of an environmental impact statement. When an environmental impact statement is prepared for a project requiring multiple permits for which two or more agencies' decision processes

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include either mandatory or discretionary hearings before a hearing officer before the agencies' decision on the permit, the agencies may, notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, conduct the hearings in a single consolidated hearing process if requested by the proposer. All agencies having jurisdiction over a permit that is included in the consolidated hearing shall participate. The responsible governmental unit shall establish appropriate procedures for the consolidated hearing process, including procedures to ensure that the consolidated hearing process is consistent with the applicable requirements for each permit regarding the rights and duties of parties to the hearing, and shall use the earliest applicable hearing procedure to initiate the hearing. All agencies having jurisdiction over a permit identified in the draft environmental assessment worksheet scoping document must begin reviewing any permit application upon publication of the notice of preparation of the environmental impact statement.

- (j) An environmental impact statement must be prepared and its adequacy determined within 280 days after notice of its preparation unless the time is extended by consent of the parties or by the governor for good cause. The responsible governmental unit shall determine the adequacy of an environmental impact statement, unless within 60 days after notice is published that an environmental impact statement will be prepared, the board chooses to determine the adequacy of an environmental impact statement. If an environmental impact statement is found to be inadequate, the responsible governmental unit has 60 days to prepare an adequate environmental impact statement.
- (k) The proposer of a specific action may include in the information submitted to the responsible governmental unit a preliminary draft environmental impact statement under this section on that action for review, modification, and determination of completeness and adequacy by the responsible governmental unit. A preliminary draft environmental impact statement prepared by the project proposer and submitted to the responsible governmental unit must identify or include as an appendix all studies and other sources of information used to substantiate the analysis contained in the preliminary draft environmental impact statement. The responsible governmental unit shall require additional studies, if needed, and obtain from the project proposer all additional studies and information necessary for the responsible governmental unit to perform its responsibility to review, modify, and determine the completeness and adequacy of the environmental impact statement.

Sec. 125. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116G.07, is amended by adding a subdivision 120.1 120.2 to read: 120.3 Subd. 4. Exemption; Mississippi River Corridor Critical Area. Plans and regulations of local units of government within the Mississippi River Corridor Critical Area are exempt 120.4 120.5 from subdivisions 1 to 3 and are subject to section 116G.15, subdivision 8. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 120.6 Sec. 126. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 116G.15, is amended by adding a subdivision 120.7 to read: 120.8 120.9 Subd. 8. Reviewing and approving local plans and regulations. (a) In the Mississippi River Corridor Critical Area, the commissioner of natural resources is responsible for 120.10 120.11 carrying out the duties of the board and the Metropolitan Council is responsible for carrying out the duties of the regional development commission under sections 116G.07 to 116G.10. 120.12 Notwithstanding sections 116G.07, subdivisions 2 and 3, and 116G.10, subdivision 3, the 120.13 responsibilities and procedures for reviewing and approving local plans and regulations in the Mississippi River Corridor Critical Area, and amendments thereto, are subject to this 120.15 120.16 subdivision. (b) Within 60 days of receiving a draft plan from a local unit of government, the 120.17 120.18 commissioner, in coordination with the Metropolitan Council, must review the plan to determine the plan's consistency with: 120.19 120.20 (1) this section; (2) Minnesota Rules, chapter 6106; and 120.21 120.22 (3) the local unit of government's comprehensive plan. (c) Within 60 days of receiving draft regulations from a local unit of government, the 120.23 commissioner must review the regulations to determine the regulations' consistency with: 120.24 (1) Minnesota Rules, chapter 6106; and 120.25 (2) the commissioner-approved plan adopted by the local unit of government under 120.26 paragraph (b). 120.27 120.28 (d) Upon review of a draft plan and regulations under paragraphs (b) and (c), the commissioner must: 120.29

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(1) conditionally approve the draft plan and regulations by written decision; or

121.1	(2) return the draft plan and regulations to the local unit of government for modification,
121.2	along with a written explanation of the need for modification.
121.3	(i) When the commissioner returns a draft plan and regulations to the local unit of
121.4	government for modification, the local unit of government must revise the draft plan and
121.5	regulations within 60 days after receiving the commissioner's written explanation and must
121.6	resubmit the revised draft plan and regulations to the commissioner.
121.7	(ii) The Metropolitan Council and the commissioner must review the revised draft plan
121.8	and regulations upon receipt from the local unit of government as provided under paragraphs
121.9	(b) and (c).
121.10	(iii) If the local unit of government or the Metropolitan Council requests a meeting, a
121.11	final revision need not be made until a meeting is held with the commissioner on the draft
121.12	plan and regulations. The request extends the 60-day time limit specified in item (i) until
121.13	after the meeting is held.
121.14	(e) Only plans and regulations receiving final approval from the commissioner have the
121.15	force and effect of law. The commissioner must grant final approval under this section only
121.16	<u>if:</u>
121.17	(1) the plan is an element of a comprehensive plan that is authorized by the Metropolitan
121.18	Council according to sections 473.175 and 473.858; and
121.19	(2) the local unit of government adopts a plan and regulations that are consistent with
121.20	the draft plan and regulations conditionally approved under paragraph (d).
121.21	(f) The local unit of government must implement and enforce the commissioner-approved
121.22	plan and regulations after the plan and regulations take effect.
121.23	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
121.24	Sec. 127. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 127A.353, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
121.25	Subd. 4. <b>Duties; powers.</b> (a) The school trust lands director shall:
121.26	(1) take an oath of office before assuming any duties as the director;
121.27	(2) evaluate the school trust land asset position;
121.28	(3) determine the estimated current and potential market value of school trust lands;
121.29	(4) advise the governor, Executive Council, commissioner of natural resources, and the
121.30	Legislative Permanent School Fund Commission on the management of school trust lands,
121.31	including:

- (i) Department of Natural Resources school trust land management plans;
- 122.2 (ii) leases of school trust lands;
- 122.3 (iii) royalty agreements on school trust lands;
- 122.4 (iv) land sales and exchanges;
- 122.5 (v) cost certification; and
- (vi) revenue generating options;
- 122.7 (5) propose to the Legislative Permanent School Fund Commission legislative changes 122.8 that will improve the asset allocation of the school trust lands;
- (6) develop a ten-year strategic plan and a 25-year framework for management of school trust lands, in conjunction with the commissioner of natural resources, that is updated every five years and implemented by the commissioner, with goals to:
- 122.12 (i) retain core real estate assets;
- (ii) increase the value of the real estate assets and the cash flow from those assets;
- 122.14 (iii) rebalance the portfolio in assets with high performance potential and the strategic 122.15 disposal of selected assets;
- 122.16 (iv) establish priorities for management actions; and
- (v) balance revenue enhancement and resource stewardship; and
- (vi) advance strategies on school trust lands to capitalize on ecosystem services markets;
- 122.19 (7) submit to the Legislative Permanent School Fund Commission for review an annual budget and management plan for the director; and
- 122.21 (8) keep the beneficiaries, governor, legislature, and the public informed about the work 122.22 of the director by reporting to the Legislative Permanent School Fund Commission in a 122.23 public meeting at least once during each calendar quarter.
- 122.24 (b) In carrying out the duties under paragraph (a), the school trust lands director shall have the authority to:
- (1) direct and control money appropriated to the director;
- (2) establish job descriptions and employ up to five employees in the unclassified service, within the limitations of money appropriated to the director;
- (3) enter into interdepartmental agreements with any other state agency;

(4) enter into joint powers agreements under chapter 471;

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- (5) evaluate and initiate real estate development projects on school trust lands with the advice of the Legislative Permanent School Fund Commission in order to generate long-term economic return to the permanent school fund;
- 123.5 (6) serve as temporary trustee of school trust land for school trust lands subject to 123.6 proposed or active eminent domain proceedings; and
- 123.7 (7) submit recommendations on strategies for school trust land leases, sales, or exchanges 123.8 to the commissioner of natural resources and the Legislative Permanent School Fund 123.9 Commission.
- Sec. 128. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 282.08, is amended to read:

## 282.08 APPORTIONMENT OF PROCEEDS TO TAXING DISTRICTS.

- The net proceeds from the sale or rental of any parcel of forfeited land, or from the sale of products from the forfeited land, must be apportioned by the county auditor to the taxing districts interested in the land, as follows:
- (1) the portion required to pay any amounts included in the appraised value under section 282.01, subdivision 3, as representing increased value due to any public improvement made after forfeiture of the parcel to the state, but not exceeding the amount certified by the appropriate governmental authority must be apportioned to the governmental subdivision entitled to it;
- (2) the portion required to pay any amount included in the appraised value under section 282.019, subdivision 5, representing increased value due to response actions taken after forfeiture of the parcel to the state, but not exceeding the amount of expenses certified by the Pollution Control Agency or the commissioner of agriculture, must be apportioned to the agency or the commissioner of agriculture and deposited in the fund from which the expenses were paid;
- 123.26 (3) the portion of the remainder required to discharge any special assessment chargeable 123.27 against the parcel for drainage or other purpose whether due or deferred at the time of 123.28 forfeiture, must be apportioned to the governmental subdivision entitled to it; and
- 123.29 (4) any balance must be apportioned as follows:
- 123.30 (i) The county board may annually by resolution set aside no more than 30 percent of 123.31 the receipts remaining to be used for forest development on tax-forfeited land and dedicated

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- memorial forests, to be expended under the supervision of the county board. It must be expended only on projects improving the health and management of the forest resource.
- (ii) The county board may annually by resolution set aside no more than 20 percent of 124.3 the receipts remaining to be used for the acquisition and maintenance of county parks or 124.4 recreational areas as defined in sections 398.31 to 398.36, to be expended under the 124.5 supervision of the county board. 124.6
- (iii) The county board may by resolution set aside up to 100 percent of the receipts 124.7 remaining to be used: 124.8
- (A) according to section 282.09, subdivision 2; 124.9
- (B) for remediating contamination at tax-forfeited properties; or 124.10
- (C) for correcting blighted conditions at tax-forfeited properties. 124.11
- An election made under this item is effective for a minimum of five years, unless the county 124.12 board specifies a shorter duration. 124.13
- (iv) Any balance remaining must be apportioned as follows: county, 40 percent; town 124.14 or city, 20 percent; and school district, 40 percent, provided, however, that in unorganized 124.15 territory that portion which would have accrued to the township must be administered by 124.16 the county board of commissioners. 124.17
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 124.18
- Sec. 129. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 290C.04, is amended to read: 124.19

## 290C.04 APPLICATIONS. 124.20

(a) A landowner may apply to enroll forest land for the sustainable forest incentive 124.21 program under this chapter. The claimant must complete, sign, and submit an application 124.22 to the commissioner by October 31 in order for the land to become eligible beginning in 124.23 the next year. The application shall be on a form prescribed by the commissioners of revenue 124.24 and natural resources and must include the information the commissioners deem necessary. 124.25 At a minimum, the application must show the following information for the land and the 124.26 claimant: (i) the claimant's Social Security number or state or federal business tax registration 124.27 number and date of birth, (ii) the claimant's address, (iii) the claimant's signature, (iv) the 124.28 county's parcel identification numbers for the tax parcels that completely contain the 124.29 claimant's forest land that is sought to be enrolled, (v) the number of acres eligible for 124.30 enrollment in the program, (vi) the approved plan writer's signature and identification 124.31 number, (vii) (vi) proof, in a form specified by the commissioner, that the claimant has 124.32

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executed and acknowledged in the manner required by law for a deed, and recorded, a covenant that the land is not and shall not be developed in a manner inconsistent with the requirements and conditions of this chapter, and (viii) (vii) a registration number for the forest management plan, issued by the commissioner of natural resources. The covenant shall state in writing that the covenant is binding on the claimant and the claimant's successor or assignee, and that it runs with the land for a period of not less than eight years unless the claimant requests termination of the covenant after a reduction in payments due to changes in the payment formula under section 290C.07 or as a result of executive action, the amount of payment a claimant is eligible to receive under section 290C.07 is reduced or limited. The commissioner shall specify the form of the covenant and provide copies upon request. The covenant must include a legal description that encompasses all the forest land that the claimant wishes to enroll under this section or the certificate of title number for that land if it is registered land. The commissioner of natural resources shall record the area eligible for enrollment into the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act as electronic geospatial data, as defined in section 16E.30, subdivision 10.

- (b) The commissioner shall provide by electronic means data sufficient for the commissioner of natural resources to determine whether the land qualifies for enrollment. The commissioner must make the data available within 30 days of receipt of the application filed by the claimant or by October 1, whichever is sooner. The commissioner of natural resources must notify the commissioner whether the land qualifies for enrollment within 30 days of the data being available, and if the land qualifies for enrollment, the commissioner of natural resources shall specify the number of qualifying acres per tax parcel.
- (c) The commissioner shall notify the claimant within 90 days after receipt of a completed application that either the land has or has not been approved for enrollment. A claimant whose application is denied may appeal the denial as provided in section 290C.13.
- (d) Within 90 days after the denial of an application, or within 90 days after the final resolution of any appeal related to the denial, the commissioner shall execute and acknowledge a document releasing the land from the covenant required under this chapter. The document must be mailed to the claimant and is entitled to be recorded.
- (e) The Social Security numbers collected from individuals under this section are private data as provided in section 13.355. The federal business tax registration number and date of birth data collected under this section are also private data on individuals or nonpublic data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivisions 9 and 12, but may be shared with county assessors for purposes of tax administration and with county treasurers for purposes of the revenue recapture under chapter 270A.

Sec. 130. Laws 2016, chapter 154, section 16, is amended to read:

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## Sec. 16. EXCHANGE OF STATE LAND; AITKIN, BELTRAMI, AND KOOCHICHING COUNTIES.

(a) Notwithstanding the riparian restrictions in Minnesota Statutes, section 94.342, subdivision 3, and subject to the valuation restrictions described in paragraph (c), the commissioner of natural resources may, with the approval of the Land Exchange Board as required under the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 10, and according to the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, sections 94.342 to 94.347, exchange the state-owned land leased for farming wild rice described in paragraph (b).

1st Engrossment

- 126.10 (b) The state land that may be exchanged is held under the following state leases for 126.11 farming of wild rice:
- (1) Lease LAGR001305, covering 175.1 acres in Aitkin County;
- (2) Lease LMIS010040, covering 107.1 acres in Beltrami County;
- 126.14 (3) Lease LMIS010096, covering 137.4 acres in Beltrami County; and
- (4) Lease LAGR001295, covering 264.40 acres in Koochiching County.
- 126.16 (c) For the appraisal of the land, no improvements paid for by the lessee shall be included 126.17 in the estimate of market value.
- (d) Additional adjoining state lands may be added to the exchanges if mutually agreed upon by the commissioner and the exchange partner to avoid leaving unmanageable parcels of land in state ownership after an exchange or to meet county zoning standards or other regulatory needs for the wild rice farming operations.
- (e) The state land administered by the commissioner of natural resources in Koochiching
  County borders the Lost River. The lands to be exchanged are not required to provide at
  least equal opportunity for access to waters by the public, but the lands must be at least
  equal in value and have the potential to generate revenue for the school trust lands.
- (f) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 94.343, subdivision 8a, lessees must
  pay to the commissioner all costs, as determined by the commissioner, that are associated
  with each exchange transaction, including valuation expenses; legal fees; survey expenses;
  costs of title work, advertising, and public hearings; transactional staff costs; and closing
  costs.

SF959 REVISOR CKM S0959-1 1st Engrossment

Sec. 131. Laws 2016, chapter 154, section 48, is amended to read:

## Sec. 48. EXCHANGE OF STATE LAND; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

- 127.3 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Exchange of land. (a) Notwithstanding the riparian restrictions in
- 127.4 Minnesota Statutes, section 94.342, subdivision 3, the commissioner of natural resources
- may, with the approval of the Land Exchange Board as required under the Minnesota
- 127.6 Constitution, article XI, section 10, and according to the remaining provisions of Minnesota
- 127.7 Statutes, sections 94.342 to 94.347, exchange the riparian land described in paragraph (b).
- (b) The state land that may be exchanged is located in St. Louis County and is described
- as: Government Lot 5, Section 35, Township 64 North, Range 12 West.
- (c) The state land administered by the commissioner of natural resources borders Low
- 127.11 Lake. The land to be exchanged is forest land that includes areas bordering the Whiteface
- 127.12 River. While the land does not provide at least equal opportunity for access to waters by
- the public, the land to be acquired by the commissioner in the exchange will improve access
- 127.14 to adjacent state forest lands.
- Subd. 2. **Gifts of land.** Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 94.342 or 94.343,
- or any other law to the contrary, the Land Exchange Board may consider a gift of land from
- the exchange partner pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 84.085, subdivision 1, paragraph
- 127.18 (d), in addition to land proposed for exchange with the state land referenced in subdivision
- 127.19 1, paragraph (b), in determining whether the proposal is in the best interests of the school
- 127.20 trust.

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- 127.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 132. Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 4, article 1, section 2, subdivision 9,
- 127.23 is amended to read:
- 127.24 Subd. 9. **Environmental Quality Board** 1,774,000 1,274,000

127.25 Appropriations by Fund
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127.26		2020	2021
127.27	General	1,081,000	1,081,000
127.28	Environmental	393,000	193,000
127.29	Remediation	300,000	-0-

- 127.30 (a) \$200,000 the first year is from the
- 127.31 environmental fund to begin to develop and
- 127.32 assemble the material required under Code of

Federal Regulations, title 40, section 233.10, 128.1 to have the state of Minnesota assume the 128.2 section 404 permitting program of the Federal 128.3 Clean Water Act. The Board may execute 128.4 contracts or interagency agreements to 128.5 128.6 facilitate developing the required agreements and materials. By February 1, <del>2021</del> 2022, the 128.7 128.8 board must submit a report on the additional funding necessary to secure section 404 128.9 assumption and the additional funding needed 128.10 to fully implement the state-assumed program 128.11 to the chairs and ranking minority members 128.12 128.13 of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the environment and 128.14 128.15 natural resources. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 128.16 128.17 2022. (b) \$300,000 the first year is from the 128.18 remediation fund to conduct a study of the 128.19 potential to deploy solar photovoltaic devices 128.20 on closed landfill program sites. This is a 128.21 onetime appropriation. By December 1, 2020, 128.22 the board, in consultation with the Pollution 128.23 Control Agency and the commissioners of 128.24 administration, commerce, and management 128.25 and budget, must provide to the chairs and 128.26 128.27 ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction 128.28 over environment and natural resources policy 128.29 and finance and energy policy and finance a 128.30 report on the use of properties in the state's 128.31 closed landfill program for solar energy 128.32 production. The report must include: 128.33

129.1	(1) identification and assessment of properties
129.2	in the closed landfill program with the highest
129.3	potential for solar energy production;
129.4	(2) identification of potential barriers to solar
129.5	energy production and potential ways to
129.6	address those barriers; and
129.7	(3) policy recommendations that would
129.8	facilitate solar energy production on closed
129.9	landfill program sites in a manner that would
129.10	contribute to state and local government
129.11	sustainability goals.
129.12	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively from January 31, 2021.
129.13	Sec. 133. Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 4, article 3, section 109, as amended
129.14	by Laws 2020, chapter 83, article 1, section 100, is amended to read:
129.15	Sec. 109. APPLYING STORM WATER RULES TO CITIES AND TOWNSHIPS.
129.16	Until the Pollution Control Agency amends rules for storm water, Minnesota Rules, part
129.17	7090.1010, subpart 1, item B, subitem (1), applies only to the portions of a city, a town,
129.18	and unorganized areas of counties or township that are designated as urbanized under Code
129.19	of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 122.26 (a)(9)(i)(A), and other platted areas within
129.20	that jurisdiction those jurisdictions.
129.21	Sec. 134. ADDITIONS TO STATE PARKS.
129.22	Subdivision 1. [85.012] [Subd. 18.] Fort Snelling State Park, Dakota County. The
129.23	following areas are added to Fort Snelling State Park, Dakota County:
129.24	(1) that part of Section 28, Township 28 North, Range 23 West, Dakota County,
129.25	Minnesota, bounded by the Dakota County line along the Minnesota River and the following
129.26	described lines:
129.27	Beginning at the intersection of the south line of Lot 18 of Auditor's Subdivision Number
129.28	29 of Mendota, according to the plat on file in the Office of the Dakota County Recorder,
129.29	with the westerly right-of-way line of the existing Sibley Memorial Highway; thence
129.30	northerly along said westerly right-of-way line to the north line of said Lot 18; thence
129.31	westerly along the north line of said Lot 18 to the easterly right-of-way line of the

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130.1	Chicago and Northwestern Railroad; thence northerly and northeasterly along said
130.2	easterly right-of-way to the east line of said Section 28;
130.3	(2) that part of Section 33, Township 28 North, Range 23 West, Dakota County,
130.4	Minnesota, lying westerly of the easterly right-of-way of the Chicago and Northwestern
130.5	Railroad;
130.6	(3) that part of Government Lot 6 of Section 33, Township 28 North, Range 23 West,
130.7	Dakota County, Minnesota, lying East of the easterly right-of-way of the Chicago and
130.8	Northwestern Railroad and West of the westerly right-of-way of Sibley Memorial Highway
130.9	and North of the South 752 feet of said Government Lot 6;
130.10	(4) the North 152 feet of the South 752 feet of that part of Government Lot 6 of Section
130.11	33, Township 28 North, Range 23 West, Dakota County, Minnesota, lying East of the
130.12	easterly right-of-way of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad and West of the westerly
130.13	right-of-way of Sibley Memorial Highway;
130.14	(5) the North 270 feet of the South 600 feet of that part of Government Lot 6 lying
130.15	between the westerly right-of-way of Sibley Memorial Highway and the easterly right-of-way
130.16	of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad in Section 33, Township 28 North, Range 23
130.17	West, Dakota County, Minnesota;
130.18	(6) that part of the South 20 rods of Government Lot 6 of Section 33, Township 28
130.19	North, Range 23 West, Dakota County, Minnesota, lying East of the easterly right-of-way
130.20	of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad and West of the westerly right-of-way of Sibley
130.21	Memorial Highway, excepting therefrom that part described as follows:
130.22	Commencing at the southeast corner of said Government Lot 6; thence North 89 degrees
130.23	56 minutes 54 seconds West assumed bearing along the south line of said Government
130.24	Lot 6 a distance of 260.31 feet to the point of beginning of the property to be described;
130.25	thence continue North 89 degrees 56 minutes 54 seconds West a distance of 71.17 feet;
130.26	thence northwesterly a distance of 37.25 feet along a nontangential curve concave to
130.27	the East having a radius of 4,098.00 feet and a central angle of 00 degrees 31 minutes
130.28	15 seconds the chord of said curve bears North 23 degrees 31 minutes 27 seconds West;
130.29	thence northerly a distance of 127.39 feet along a compound curve concave to the East
130.30	having a radius of 2,005.98 feet and a central angle of 03 degrees 38 minutes 19 seconds;
130.31	thence North 70 degrees 22 minutes 29 seconds East not tangent to said curve a distance
130.32	of 65.00 feet; thence southerly a distance of 123.26 feet along a nontangential curve
130.33	concave to the East having a radius of 1,940.98 feet and a central angle of 03 degrees
130.34	38 minutes 19 seconds the chord of said curve bears South 21 degrees 26 minutes 40

seconds East; thence southerly a distance of 65.42 feet to the point of beginning along 131.1 a compound curve concave to the East having a radius of 4,033.00 feet and a central 131.2 131.3 angle of 00 degrees 55 minutes 46 seconds; (7) that part of Government Lot 5 of Section 33, Township 28 North, Range 23 West, 131.4 131.5 Dakota County, Minnesota, lying East of the easterly right-of-way of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad and West of the westerly right-of-way of Sibley Memorial Highway, 131.6 excepting therefrom that part described as follows: 131.7 Commencing at the southeast corner of said Government Lot 5; thence North 89 degrees 131.8 56 minutes 18 seconds West assumed bearing along the south line of said Government 131.9 131.10 Lot 5 a distance of 70.48 feet to the point of beginning of the property to be described; thence continue North 89 degrees 56 minutes 18 seconds West along said south line of 131.11 Government Lot 5 a distance of 40.01 feet; thence North 01 degree 30 minutes 25 seconds 131.12 East a distance of 6.08 feet; thence northerly a distance of 185.58 feet along a tangential 131.13 curve concave to the West having a radius of 4,427.00 feet and a central angle of 02 131.14 degrees 24 minutes 07 seconds; thence South 89 degrees 06 minutes 18 seconds West 131.15 not tangent to said curve a distance of 25.00 feet; thence North 00 degrees 53 minutes 131.16 42 seconds West a distance of 539.13 feet; thence northerly a distance of 103.77 feet 131.17 along a tangential curve concave to the West having a radius of 1,524.65 feet and a 131.18 central angle of 03 degrees 53 minutes 59 seconds; thence northerly a distance of 159.33 131.19 feet along a compound curve concave to the West having a radius of 522.45 feet and a 131.20 central angle of 17 degrees 28 minutes 23 seconds; thence northwesterly a distance of 131.21 86.78 feet along a tangential curve concave to the West having a radius of 1,240.87 feet 131.22 131.23 and a central angle of 04 degrees 00 minutes 25 seconds; thence North 26 degrees 16 minutes 30 seconds West tangent to said curve a distance of 92.39 feet; thence 131.24 northwesterly a distance of 178.12 feet along a tangential curve concave to the East 131.25 having a radius of 4,098.00 feet and a central angle of 02 degrees 29 minutes 25 seconds 131.26 to a point on the north line of said Government Lot 5 which is 331.48 feet from the 131.27 northeast corner thereof as measured along said north line; thence South 89 degrees 56 131.28 131.29 minutes 54 seconds East along said north line of Government Lot 5 a distance of 71.17 feet; thence southeasterly a distance of 146.53 feet along a nontangential curve concave 131.30 to the East having a radius of 4,033.00 feet and a central angle of 02 degrees 04 minutes 131.31 54 seconds the chord of said curve bears South 25 degrees 14 minutes 03 seconds East; 131.32 thence South 26 degrees 16 minutes 30 seconds East tangent to said curve a distance of 131.33 92.39 feet; thence southerly a distance of 91.33 feet along a tangential curve concave 131.34 to the West having a radius of 1,305.87 feet and a central angle of 04 degrees 00 minutes 131.35

132.1	25 seconds; thence southerly a distance of 179.15 feet along a tangential curve concave
132.2	to the West having a radius of 587.45 feet and a central angle of 17 degrees 28 minutes
132.3	23 seconds; thence southerly a distance of 108.20 feet along a compound curve concave
132.4	to the West having a radius of 1,589.65 feet and a central angle of 03 degrees 53 minutes
132.5	59 seconds; thence South 00 degrees 53 minutes 42 seconds East tangent to said curve
132.6	a distance of 539.13 feet; thence southerly a distance of 187.26 feet along a tangential
132.7	curve concave to the West having a radius of 4,467.00 feet and a central angle of 02
132.8	degrees 24 minutes 07 seconds; thence South 01 degree 30 minutes 25 seconds West
132.9	tangent to said curve a distance of 5.07 feet to the point of beginning; and
132.10	(8) that part of Government Lot 4 of Section 33, Township 28 North, Range 23 West,
132.11	Dakota County, Minnesota, lying East of the easterly right-of-way of the Chicago and
132.12	Northwestern Railroad and northerly of the following described line:
132.13	Commencing at the southeast corner of said Government Lot 4; thence North 89 degrees
132.14	55 minutes 42 seconds West assumed bearing along the south line of said Government
132.15	Lot 4 a distance of 312.44 feet to corner B205, MNDOT Right-of-Way Plat No. 19-93,
132.16	according to the recorded map thereof; thence continue North 89 degrees 55 minutes 42
132.17	seconds West along said south line of Government Lot 4 a distance of 318.00 feet to the
132.18	easterly right-of-way of Chicago and Northwestern Railroad; thence northerly along
132.19	said railroad right-of-way a distance of 387.97 feet along a nontangential curve concave
132.20	to the West having a radius of 2,963.54 feet and a central angle of 07 degrees 30 minutes
132.21	03 seconds, the chord of said curve bears North 00 degrees 42 minutes 41 seconds East;
132.22	thence North 03 degrees 02 minutes 21 seconds West tangent to said curve along said
132.23	railroad right-of-way a distance of 619.45 feet to the point of beginning of the line to
132.24	be described; thence North 89 degrees 35 minutes 27 seconds East a distance of 417.92
132.25	feet; thence North 18 degrees 18 minutes 58 seconds East a distance of 317.52 feet to a
132.26	point on the north line of said Government Lot 4 which is 135.00 feet from the northeast
132.27	corner thereof as measured along said north line and there terminating.
132.28	Subd. 2. [85.012] [Subd. 38A.] Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State
132.29	Park, St. Louis County. The following areas are added to Lake Vermilion-Soudan
132.30	<u>Underground Mine State Park, St. Louis County, and are designated as the Granelda Unit:</u>
132.31	(1) Lot 3 of Section 28 and Lot 5 of Section 29 in Township 63 North of Range 17, all
132.32	West of the 4th Principal Meridian, according to the United States Government Survey
132.33	thereof;

133.1	(2) the Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, the Northwest Quarter, the Southeast
133.2	Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, and Lots
133.3	numbered 1, 2, 3, and 4 of Section 29 in Township 63 North of Range 17, all West of the
133.4	4th Principal Meridian, according to the United States Government survey thereof;
133.5	(3) Lots 1 and 2 of Section 32 in Township 63 North of Range 17, all West of the 4th
133.6	Principal Meridian, according to the United States Government Survey thereof; and
133.7	(4) Lot 4 of Section 23 in Township 63 North of Range 18, all West of the 4th Principal
133.8	Meridian, according to the United States Government Survey thereof.
133.9	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
133.10	Sec. 135. ADDITION TO STATE RECREATION AREA.
133.11	[85.013] [Subd. 12a.] Iron Range Off-Highway Vehicle Recreation Area, St. Louis
133.12	County. The following area is added to Iron Range Off-Highway Vehicle Recreation Area,
133.13	St. Louis County: that part of the South Half of the Northwest Quarter of Section 15,
133.14	Township 58 North, Range 17 West, St. Louis County, Minnesota, lying northerly of the
133.15	following described line:
133.16	Commencing at the West quarter corner of said Section 15; thence North 01 degree 24
133.17	minutes 27 seconds West, bearing assumed, along the west line of said South Half of
133.18	the Northwest Quarter a distance of 1,034.09 feet to a 3/4-inch rebar with plastic cap
133.19	stamped "MN DNR LS 44974" (DM) and the point of beginning; thence South 62 degrees
133.20	44 minutes 07 seconds East 405.24 feet to a DM; thence South 82 degrees 05 minutes
133.21	24 seconds East 314.95 feet to a DM; thence South 86 degrees 18 minutes 01 second
133.22	East 269.23 feet to a DM; thence North 81 degrees 41 minutes 24 seconds East 243.61
133.23	feet to a DM; thence North 71 degrees 48 minutes 05 seconds East 478.17 feet to a DM;
133.24	thence North 60 degrees 53 minutes 38 seconds East 257.32 feet to a DM; thence South
133.25	09 degrees 16 minutes 07 seconds East 179.09 feet to a DM; thence South 49 degrees
133.26	16 minutes 00 seconds East 127.27 feet to a DM; thence South 50 degrees 16 minutes
133.27	11 seconds East 187.13 feet to a DM; thence South 67 degrees 11 minutes 35 seconds
133.28	East 189.33 feet to a DM; thence South 67 degrees 13 minutes 16 seconds East 209.43
133.29	feet to a DM; thence South 80 degrees 39 minutes 19 seconds East 167.59 feet to a DM
133.30	on the east line of said South Half of the Northwest Quarter, and there terminating.
133.31	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.

134.1 Sec. 136. **DELETIONS FROM STATE PARKS.** 

Subdivision 1. [85.012] [Subd. 18.] Fort Snelling State Park, Dakota County. The 134.2 following areas are deleted from Fort Snelling State Park, Dakota County: 134.3 134.4 (1) all of Section 33, Township 28 North, Range 23 West of the 4th Principal Meridian 134.5 lying westerly of the westerly right-of-way line of the existing Minnesota Trunk Highway No. 13, excepting the right-of-way owned by the Chicago and Northwestern railway 134.6 134.7 company; and 134.8 (2) all of Section 28, Township 28 North, Range 23 West of the 4th Principal Meridian bounded by the Dakota County line along the Minnesota River and the following described 134.9 lines: Beginning at the south line of said Section 28 at its intersection with the westerly 134.10 right-of-way line of the existing Minnesota Trunk Highway No. 13; thence northerly along 134.11 the said westerly right-of-way line of existing Minnesota Trunk Highway No. 13 to the 134.12 southerly right-of-way line of existing Minnesota Trunk Highway Nos. 55 and 100; thence 134.13 along the existing southerly right-of-way line of Minnesota Trunk Highway Nos. 55 and 134.14 100 to the westerly right-of-way line owned by the Chicago and Northwestern railway 134.15 company; thence northeasterly along the said westerly right-of-way line of the Chicago and 134.16 Northwestern railway to the east line of said Section 28, excepting therefrom the right-of-way 134.17 owned by the Chicago and Northwestern railway company. 134.18 134.19 Subd. 2. [85.012] [Subd. 43.] Minneopa State Park, Blue Earth County. The following area is deleted from Minneopa State Park, Blue Earth County: a tract of land located in the 134.20 Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 21, Township 108 North, Range 27 134.21 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Blue Earth County, Minnesota, more particularly 134.22 described as follows: 134.23 Commencing at the northwest corner of said Section 21; thence on an assumed bearing 134.24 of South 01 degree 31 minutes 27 seconds East, along the west line of the Northwest 134.25 Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of said Section 21, a distance of 545.00 feet, to the 134.26 south line of the North 545.00 feet of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter 134.27 134.28 of said Section 21, also being the south line of Minneopa Cemetery and the point of beginning of the tract to be herein described; thence North 88 degrees 22 minutes 26 134.29 seconds East, along said south line of Minneopa Cemetery, a distance of 228.95 feet; 134.30 thence southwesterly 58.5 feet, more or less, to the intersection of the west line of Block 134.31 188 and the northerly line of the railroad right-of-way, said point of intersection being 134.32 31.90 feet distant, measured at right angles from the south line of said Minneopa 134.33 Cemetery; thence continue southwesterly along said railroad right-of-way 187 feet, more 134.34

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

136.1	Sec. 138. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND; LAKE OF THE WOODS
136.2	COUNTY.
136.3	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 94.09 to 94.16, the commissioner of
136.4	natural resources may sell by private sale the surplus land that is described in paragraph (c).
136.5	(b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct
136.6	errors and ensure accuracy.
136.7	(c) The land to be conveyed is located in Lake of the Woods County and is described
136.8	as: a strip of land lying in Government Lot 3, Section 5, Township 163 North, Range 34
136.9	West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Lake of the Woods County, Minnesota; said strip of
136.10	land being 33.00 feet in width lying 16.50 feet on each side of the following described
136.11	centerline:
136.12	Commencing at the southeast corner of said Government Lot 3; thence North 00 degrees
136.13	09 minutes 28 seconds West, assumed bearing, along the east line of said Government
136.14	Lot 3, a distance of 690 feet, more or less, to the south line of that particular tract of land
136.15	deeded to the State of Minnesota according to Document No. 75286, on file and of record
136.16	in the Office of the Recorder, Lake of the Woods County, Minnesota; thence South 89
136.17	degrees 50 minutes 32 seconds West, along said south line of that particular tract of
136.18	land, a distance of 200.00 feet; thence South 00 degrees 09 minutes 28 seconds East,
136.19	parallel with the east line of said Government Lot 3, a distance of 40.00 feet; thence
136.20	South 89 degrees 50 minutes 32 seconds West, a distance of 16.50 feet to the point of
136.21	beginning of the centerline to be herein described; thence South 00 degrees 09 minutes
136.22	28 seconds East, parallel with the east line of said Government Lot 3, a distance of 650.5
136.23	feet, more or less, to the south line of said Government Lot 3 and said centerline there
136.24	terminating.
136.25	(d) The Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed for
136.26	natural resource purposes and that the state's land management interests would best be
136.27	served if the land was returned to private ownership.
136.28	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
136.29	Sec. 139. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS STATE LAND; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
136.30	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 94.09 to 94.16, the commissioner of
136.31	natural resources may convey the surplus land that is described in paragraph (c) to a local
136.32	unit of government for no consideration.

137.1	(b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct
137.2	errors and ensure accuracy.
137.3	(c) The land to be conveyed is located in St. Louis County and is described as: that part
137.4	of the Southwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 27, Township 52 North, Range
137.5	17 West, St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows:
137.6	Commencing at the quarter corner between Sections 27 and 28 of said Township 52
137.7	North, Range 17 West; thence running East 624 feet; thence North 629 feet to the point
137.8	of beginning; thence North 418 feet; thence East 208 feet; thence South 418 feet; thence
137.9	West 208 feet to the point of beginning.
137.10	(d) The Department of Natural Resources has determined that the land is not needed for
137.11	natural resource purposes and that the state's land management interests would best be
137.12	served if the land were conveyed to a local unit of government.
137.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
137.14	Sec. 140. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LANDS; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
137.15	(a) Notwithstanding the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, or
137.16	other law to the contrary, St. Louis County may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited lands
137.17	described in paragraph (c).
137.18	(b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney
137.19	general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
137.20	(c) The lands to be sold are located in St. Louis County and are described as:
137.21	(1) Lot 5, Block 9, including part of vacated Seafield Street adjacent, Bristol Beach 1st
137.22	Division, Duluth (parcel 010-0300-01030); and
137.23	(2) that part of the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Township 58, Range
137.24	15, Section 5, lying northerly of the northerly right-of-way line of the town of White road
137.25	running in an east-west direction connecting County Road No. 138 with State Highway No.
137.26	135 and lying westerly of the following described line: commencing at the northeast corner
137.27	of Government Lot 3; thence South 89 degrees 46 minutes 22 seconds West along the north
137.28	line of Government Lot 3 558.28 feet; thence South 27 degrees 50 minutes 01 second West
137.29	102.75 feet; thence South 41 degrees 51 minutes 46 seconds West 452.29 feet; thence South
137.30	28 degrees 19 minutes 22 seconds West 422.74 feet; thence South 30 degrees 55 minutes
137.31	42 seconds West 133.79 feet; thence southwesterly 210.75 feet along a tangential curve
137.32	concave to the southeast having a radius of 300 feet and a central angle of 40 degrees 15

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138.1	minutes 00 seco	onds; thence Sou	1th 09 degrees 19 i	minutes 19 seconds l	East tangent to said
138.2					rter of the Northwest
138.3				seconds East along sa	
138.4	feet to the point	t of beginning of	f the line; thence S	outh 09 degrees 19 i	minutes 19 seconds
138.5	East 148 feet, m	nore or less, to sa	id right-of-way lin	ne and said line there	terminating. Surface
138.6	only (parcel 57	0-0021-00112).			
138.7	(d) The coun	nty has determin	ned that the county	's land management	interests would best
138.8	be served if the	lands were retu	rned to private ow	nership.	
138.9	EFFECTIV	E DATE. This	section is effective	e the day following f	inal enactment.
138.10	Sec. 141. <b>PU</b> I	BLIC SALE OI	F SURPLUS STA	TE LAND BORDE	CRING PUBLIC
138.11		DENA COUNT			
138.12	(a) Notwiths	standing Minnes	sota Statutes, section	on 92.45, the commi	ssioner of natural
138.13					ater that is described
138.14	in paragraph (c)		•		
138.15	(b) The com	missioner may	make necessarv ch	nanges to the legal de	escription to correct
138.16	errors and ensu		J		
138.17	(c) The land	that may be sol	d is located in Wa	dena County and is o	described as: the
138.17					136 North, Range 34
138.19			-	t described as follow	
138.20	Beginning a	at the northeast c	orner of said Nort	heast Quarter of the	Southwest Quarter;
138.21	thence West	10 rods; thence	South 8 rods; the	nce East 10 rods; the	ence North 8 rods to
138.22	the point of	beginning and t	here terminating.		
138.23	(d) The land	l borders the Re	deye River. The D	epartment of Natura	l Resources has
138.24	determined that	the land is not n	eeded for natural 1	resource purposes an	d that the state's land
138.25	management in	terests would be	est be served if the	land were returned t	o private ownership.
138.26	<b>EFFECTIV</b>	/E DATE. This	section is effective	e the day following f	final enactment.
138.27	Sec. 142. <u>RIV</u>	/ERLANDS ST	ATE FOREST; I	BOUNDARIES.	
138.28	[89.021] [St	ubd. 42a.] Rive	rlands State Fore	<b>st.</b> The following are	eas are designated as
138.29	the Riverlands	<u>-</u>		J	
10.47	and ixiverialius	Juic 1 Olest.			

138.31 <u>follows:</u>

(1) those parts of Carlton County in Township 49 North, Range 16 West, described as

- (i) Government Lots 4, 5, and 6, the westerly 50 feet of Government Lot 3, the easterly 139.1 139.2 50 feet of Government Lot 8, and Government Lot 7 except that part conveyed to the State 139.3 of Minnesota for highway right-of-way, Section 30; (ii) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12 and all of Government Lot 139.4 139.5 14 except the North 890 feet of the West 765 feet and except the railroad right-of-way, Section 31; and
- 139.6
- (iii) the South Half of the Northwest Quarter and the Southwest Quarter of Section 32; 139.7
- 139.8 (2) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 50 North, Range 17 West, described as follows: 139.9
- (i) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, and 6 and the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter 139.10 of Section 7; 139.11
- (ii) Government Lots 1, 2, and 3, that part of the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast 139.12
- Quarter lying south of Township Road 5703, the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest 139.13
- Quarter, the Northeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, the Southwest Quarter of the 139.14
- Southeast Quarter, the Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, the Northwest Quarter 139.15
- of the Southeast Quarter, and the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Section 15; 139.16
- (iii) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, Section 16; 139.17
- (iv) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, Section 17; 139.18
- 139.19 (v) Government Lots 1 and 2, Section 18;
- (vi) Government Lots 3, 7, 8, and 9, Section 22; 139.20
- (vii) that part of the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter lying within 50 feet of 139.21
- 139.22 the St. Louis River in Section 23;
- (viii) Government Lots 11 and 12 and that part of Government Lot 6 lying South of the 139.23
- North 700 feet, except the railroad right-of-way, Section 26; and 139.24
- (ix) Government Lot 3 in Section 27; 139.25
- (3) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 50 North, Range 18 West, described as 139.26 follows: 139.27
- (i) Government Lots 2, 3, 4, 7, 9, and 10, the Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, 139.28
- the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, the Northwest Quarter of the Southeast 139.29
- Quarter, the Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, reserving a 66-foot-wide access 139.30
- easement across Government Lot 2 for access to Grantor's property in Section 31, Township 139.31

140.1	51 North, Range 17 West, and that part of Government Lot 6, Section 1, and Government
140.2	Lot 6, Section 2, described as follows:
140.3	Commencing at an iron pin at the centerline curve point of Trunk Highway No. 2, being
140.4	the Minnesota Department of Transportation Station No. 2637 + 00, said point bears
140.5	North 76 degrees 18 minutes 00 seconds West, assumed bearing 762.00 feet from the
140.6	point of intersection of the tangent of said Trunk Highway No. 2, being an
140.7	aluminum-capped monument on the cap of which are stamped the figures "2644 62.0"
140.8	and the letters "PI," "Minn Highway Dept. Monument," thence South 13 degrees 42
140.9	minutes 00 seconds West 100.00 feet along the prolongation of the radial line from said
140.10	curve point, to the southerly right-of-way line of said Trunk Highway No. 2, the point
140.11	of beginning of the tract to be herein described; thence easterly 622.50 feet along said
140.12	southerly right-of-way line, along a nontangential curve, concave to the North, having
140.13	a radius of 5,830.00 feet, a central angle of 6 degrees 07 minutes 04 seconds, and the
140.14	chord of said curve bears South 79 degrees 21 minutes 32 seconds East; thence South
140.15	26 degrees 25 minutes 57 seconds West 284.19 feet; thence South 88 degrees 07 minutes
140.16	14 seconds West 769 feet, more or less, to the shore of the St. Louis River; thence
140.17	northerly along said shore to its intersection with a line that bears North 76 degrees 18
140.18	minutes 00 seconds West from the point of beginning; thence South 76 degrees 18
140.19	minutes 00 seconds East 274 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning, Section 1; and
140.20	(ii) Government Lot 1, Section 12;
140.21	(4) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 51 North, Range 17 West, described as
140.22	<u>follows:</u>
140.23	(i) Government Lots 3, 4, 5, 6, and 8, Section 3;
140.24	(ii) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 and the Northwest Quarter of the
140.25	Northeast Quarter, Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, and East Half of the Southeast
140.26	Quarter, Section 9;
140.27	(iii) Government Lots 1, 2, 5, and 8 and the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter,
140.28	Section 16;
140.29	(iv) Government Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 and the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast
140.30	Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Section 20;
140.31	(v) Government Lot 1 and the Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, Section 29;
140.32	(vi) Government Lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12 and the Northeast Quarter of
140.33	Southwest Quarter, Section 30; and

- 141.1 (vii) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, Section 31;
- 141.2 (5) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 51 North, Range 18 West, described as
- 141.3 follows:
- (i) Government Lots 1 and 2, Section 27;
- (ii) Government Lot 1, Section 28, except railroad right-of-way;
- (iii) Government Lots 2, 3, and 4, Section 28;
- (iv) Government Lots 3 and 4, Section 29;
- (v) Government Lots 2, 3, and 4, Section 30;
- (vi) Government Lots 3 and 4, Section 35; and
- (vii) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 and the Northeast Quarter of the Northwest
- 141.11 Quarter, Northeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Southeast Quarter of the Southeast
- 141.12 Quarter, and Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Section 36, reserving a
- 141.13 <u>66-foot-wide access easement across Government Lots 5 and 6 and the Southwest Quarter</u>
- of the Southeast Quarter for access to Grantor's property in Section 31, Township 51 North,
- 141.15 Range 17 West;
- 141.16 (6) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 51 North, Range 19 West, described as
- 141.17 **follows:**
- (i) that part of Government Lots 1, 2, and 3, Section 26, lying North of the St. Louis
- 141.19 River and Government Lot 7, Section 28;
- (ii) Government Lot 8, Section 28, lying northerly of G.N. right-of-way and Government
- 141.21 Lot 5, Section 30;
- (iii) Government Lots 7 and 10, Section 30, except right-of-way;
- (iv) Government Lot 9, Section 30; and
- (v) Government Lot 1, Section 31, lying northerly of the northerly railroad right-of-way
- 141.25 line;
- 141.26 (7) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 51 North, Range 20 West, described as
- 141.27 follows:
- (i) Government Lot 2, Section 16;
- (ii) Government Lot 8, Section 22;
- (iii) Government Lot 3, Section 26;

- (iv) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, Section 36; and
- (v) Government Lots 6, 7, and 8, Section 36, except railroad right-of-way;
- 142.3 (8) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 52 North, Range 15 West, described as
- 142.4 follows:
- (i) Government Lots 3, 4, 5, and 6, Section 16;
- (ii) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8, Section 17, and Government Lot 6, Section
- 142.7 17, except the West 330 feet; and
- 142.8 (iii) Government Lots 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, Section 19;
- (9) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 52 North, Range 16 West, described as
- 142.10 follows:
- (i) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 and the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter,
- Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, and Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter,
- 142.13 <u>Section 21;</u>
- (ii) Government Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10 and the Northeast Quarter of the
- 142.15 Northwest Quarter and Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Section 22;
- 142.16 (iii) Government Lot 3, Section 23;
- (iv) Government Lot 2, Section 24;
- 142.18 (v) Government Lots 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, Section 25;
- (vi) Government Lot 1, Section 26;
- (vii) Government Lots 2 and 7, Section 26;
- (viii) Government Lots 3 and 4, Section 27, reserving unto Grantor and Grantor's
- successors and assigns a 66-foot-wide access road easement across said Government Lot 3
- 142.23 for the purpose of access to Grantor's or Grantor's successors or assigns land and Grantor's
- 142.24 presently owned land that may be sold, assigned, or transferred in Government Lot 1, Section
- 142.25 27, said access road being measured 33 feet from each side of the centerline of that road
- 142.26 that is presently existing at various widths and running in a generally
- 142.27 <u>southwesterly-northeasterly direction;</u>
- 142.28 (ix) Government Lots 1 and 2, Section 28;
- (x) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, and 5 and the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter
- 142.30 and Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Section 29;

(xi) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, Section 31, reserving unto Grantor and Grantor's 143.1 successors and assigns a 66-foot-wide access road easement across said Government Lots 143.2 143.3 1, 2, and 3 for the purpose of access to Grantor's or Grantor's successors or assigns land and Grantor's presently owned lands that may be sold, assigned, or transferred in Government 143.4 Lot 4, Section 29, said access road being measured 33 feet from each side of the centerline 143.5 of that road that is presently existing at various widths and running in a generally East-West 143.6 direction and any future extensions thereof as may be reasonably necessary to provide the 143.7 143.8 access contemplated herein; (xii) Government Lots 5, 7, 8, and 9, Section 31; 143.9 143.10 (xiii) Government Lots 1 and 2, an undivided two-thirds interest in the Northeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, an undivided two-thirds interest in the Southeast Quarter of the 143.11 Northwest Quarter, and an undivided two-thirds interest in the Southwest Quarter of the 143.12 Northwest Quarter, Section 32, reserving unto Grantor and Grantor's successors and assigns 143.13 an access road easement across the West 66 feet of the North 66 feet of said Government 143.14 Lot 1 for the purpose of access to Grantor's or Grantor's successors or assigns land and 143.15 Grantor's presently owned land that may be sold, assigned, or transferred in Government Lot 4, Section 29; and 143.17 (xiv) Northeast Quarter of Northeast Quarter, Section 35; 143.18(10) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 52 North, Range 17 West, described 143.19 as follows: 143.20 (i) the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter and Southeast Quarter of the Southwest 143.21 Quarter, Section 24, reserving unto Grantor and Grantor's successors and assigns a 143.22 66-foot-wide access road easement across said Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter 143.23 for the purpose of access to Grantor's or Grantor's successors or assigns land and Grantor's 143.24 presently owned land that may be sold, assigned, or transferred in Government Lot 4, Section 143.25 29, Township 52 North, Range 16 West, said access road being measured 33 feet from each 143.26 side of the centerline of that road that is presently existing at various widths and running in 143.27 a generally North-South direction; 143.28 (ii) Government Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7 and the Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, 143.29 Section 25, reserving unto Grantor and Grantor's successors and assigns a 66-foot-wide 143.30 access road easement across said Government Lots 2 and 5 for the purpose of access to 143.31 Grantor's or Grantor's successors or assigns land and Grantor's presently owned land that 143.32 may be sold, assigned, or transferred in Government Lot 6, Section 25, said access road 143.33 being measured 33 feet from each side of the centerline of that road that is presently existing 143.34

at various widths and running in a generally northwesterly-southeasterly direction and any 144.1 future extensions thereof as may be reasonably necessary to provide the access contemplated 144.2 144.3 herein; (iii) Government Lots 2, 4, 5, and 6 and all that part of Government Lot 3 lying East of 144.4 144.5 U.S. Highway 53, Section 26, reserving unto Grantor and Grantor's successors and assigns a 66-foot-wide access road easement across said Government Lots 2 and 3 for the purpose 144.6 of access to Grantor's or Grantor's successors or assigns land and Grantor's presently owned 144.7 144.8 land that may be sold, assigned, or transferred in Government Lot 1, Section 26, said access road being measured 33 feet from each side of the centerline of that road that is presently 144.9 existing at various widths and running in a generally southwesterly-northeasterly direction 144.10 and reserving unto Grantor and Grantor's successors and assigns a 66-foot-wide access road 144.11 easement across said Government Lots 4, 5, and 6 for the purpose of access to Grantor's or 144.12 Grantor's successors or assigns land and Grantor's presently owned land that may be sold, 144.13 assigned, or transferred in Government Lot 6, Section 25, said access road being measured 144.14 33 feet from each side of the centerline of that road that is presently existing at various 144.15 widths and running in a generally southwesterly-northeasterly direction and any future 144.16 extensions thereof as may be reasonably necessary to provide the access contemplated 144.17 herein; and 144.18 (iv) Government Lots 1, 2, and 3, Section 36, reserving unto Grantor and Grantor's 144 19 successors and assigns an access road easement across the West 66 feet of said Government 144.20 Lot 2 for the purpose of access to Grantor's or Grantor's successors or assigns land and 144.21 Grantor's presently owned land that may be sold, assigned, or transferred in the Southwest 144.22 144.23 Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Section 36; (11) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 52 North, Range 19 West, described 144.24 as follows: 144.25 144.26 (i) Government Lot 1, Section 16; (ii) Government Lots 1 and 2, Section 17; and 144.27 144.28 (iii) Government Lot 1, Section 19; (12) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 52 North, Range 20 West, described 144.29 as follows: 144.30 (i) Government Lots 2, 3, and 4, Section 13; 144.31 (ii) Government Lot 6, Section 24; 144.32

144.33

(iii) that part of Government Lot 8, Section 24, described as follows:

145.1	Commencing at the West Quarter corner of said Section 24, which is also the northwest
145.2	corner of Government Lot 8; thence South 01 degree 36 minutes 01 second East (bearing
145.3	assigned) 1,230.11 feet along the west line of Government Lot 8 to the centerline of St.
145.4	Louis County Highway 29 and the point of beginning; thence North 46 degrees 59
145.5	minutes 59 seconds East along said centerline 445.91 feet; thence South 43 degrees 00
145.6	minutes 01 second East 82.57 feet to an iron pipe monument on the westerly bank of
145.7	the St. Louis River; thence continuing South 43 degrees 00 minutes 01 second East 30
145.8	feet, more or less, to the water's edge of the St. Louis River; thence southwesterly along
145.9	said water's edge to the west line of said Government Lot 8; thence North 01 degree 36
145.10	minutes 01 second West along the west line of said Government Lot 8 to the point of
145.11	beginning;
145.12	(iv) Government Lots 3, 4, and 5 and the Southeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter,
145.13	Section 26; and
145.14	(v) Government Late 1 2 3 and 4 Section 34:
143.14	(v) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, Section 34;
145.15	(13) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 53 North, Range 13 West, described
145.16	as follows:
145.17	(i) all that part of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter lying North and West
145.18	of the Little Cloquet River, Section 4;
145.19	(ii) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter,
145.20	Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter,
145.21	Northeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter,
145.22	Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, and Southwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter,
145.23	Section 5;
145.24	(iii) Government Lots 1, 2, and 4 and the Northwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter,
145.25	Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter,
145.26	Southeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, and Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter,
145.27	Section 6;
145.28	(iv) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 and the Northwest Quarter of the Northeast
145.29	Quarter, Northeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Northwest Quarter of the Northwest
145.30	Quarter, Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Southwest Quarter of the Northwest
145.31	Quarter, Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, and Northeast Quarter of the Southwest
145.32	Quarter, Section 7;

- (v) Government Lots 1 and 2 and the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter,
- Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter,
- Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter,
- Northwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, and Southwest Quarter of the Southwest
- 146.5 Quarter, Section 8;
- (vi) the Northeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Northwest Quarter of the Northwest
- 146.7 Quarter, Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, and Southwest Quarter of the Northwest
- 146.8 Quarter, Section 17;
- (vii) Government Lots 1 and 4, Section 29;
- (viii) Government Lots 1 and 2 and the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter,
- 146.11 Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter,
- Northeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter,
- 146.13 Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, and Southwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter,
- 146.14 <u>Section 30; and</u>
- 146.15 (ix) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, Section 31;
- 146.16 (14) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, Section 36, Township 53 North,
- 146.17 Range 14 West, St. Louis County;
- 146.18 (15) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 53 North, Range 18 West, described
- 146.19 as follows:
- 146.20 (i) Government Lots 3, 6, 7, and 8, Section 6; and
- (ii) Government Lots 1 and 2, Section 7;
- 146.22 (16) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 53 North, Range 19 West, described
- 146.23 as follows:
- (i) all that part of Government Lot 5 lying within 50 feet of the St. Louis River, Section
- 146.25 5, and Government Lots 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, and 8, Section 12;
- 146.26 (ii) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, and 9, Section 13;
- (iii) all that portion of Government Lot 1, Section 23, that lies within 50 feet of the East
- bank of the Whiteface River at mean stage of water;
- (iv) all that portion of Government Lots 2, 4, and 5, Section 23, that lies within 50 feet
- of the West bank of the Whiteface River at mean stage of water;

(v) all that part of Government Lot 7, Section 23, lying West of the former DM&IR

- railroad right-of-way;
- (vi) Government Lots 8 and 10, Section 23;
- (vii) all that part of the Northwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Section 23, lying
- 147.5 West of the former DM&IR railroad right-of-way;
- (viii) Government Lots 5, 7, and 8, Section 31; and
- 147.7 (ix) Government Lot 5, Section 33;
- 147.8 (17) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 54 North, Range 13 West, described
- 147.9 as follows:
- (i) Government Lots 1, 4, 5, 6, and 7, Section 20;
- (ii) Government Lots 3, 4, 6, 7, and 8 and the Southeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter,
- 147.12 <u>Section 21;</u>
- 147.13 (iii) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7, Section 29;
- 147.14 (iv) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, and 10, Section 30; and
- (v) Government Lots 5, 6, and 7 and the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter,
- 147.16 Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter,
- 147.17 Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, and Northwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter,
- 147.18 Section 31;
- 147.19 (18) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 54 North, Range 16 West, described
- 147.20 as follows:
- (i) Government Lots 2, 3, and 4 and the Northwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter,
- 147.22 Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter,
- 147.23 and Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Section 1;
- (ii) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, and 8 and the Northwest Quarter of the Southeast
- 147.25 Quarter, Northeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Southwest Quarter of the Southeast
- 147.26 Quarter, Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Southeast Quarter of the Southwest
- 147.27 Quarter, and Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Section 2;
- (iii) all that part of Government Lot 9 lying South of the Whiteface River and West of
- 147.29 County Road 547, also known as Comstock Lake Road, Section 3; and
- (iv) Government Lots 3 and 4 and the Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter and
- 147.31 Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Section 10;

148.1	(19) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 54 North, Range 18 West, described
148.2	as follows:
148.3	(i) the South Half of the Southwest Quarter, except the railroad right-of-way, Section
148.4	<u>15;</u>
148.5	(ii) Government Lot 2, except the North 660 feet of the East 990 feet, Section 16;
148.6	(iii) Government Lots 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, Section 16;
148.7	(iv) Government Lot 3, Section 20;
148.8	(v) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, Section 21;
148.9	(vi) Government Lots 1, 4, 5, and 7, Section 22;
148.10	(vii) those parts of Government Lots 2 and 9, except railroad right-of-way, Section 22;
148.11	(viii) all that part of Government Lot 6, Section 22, lying West of the Duluth Mesaba
148.12	and Northern Railway Company's right-of-way;
148.13	(ix) Government Lot 9, Section 22, except the following parcels:
148.14	(A) beginning at a point where the south line of company road, called Kelsey Road,
148.15	intersects with the west line of the right-of-way of the Duluth, Missabe and Northern Railway
148.16	on the Northeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Section 22, Township 54, Range 18;
148.17	thence West along the south line of said company road 627 feet; thence South 348 1/3 feet
148.18	thence East 627 feet to the west line of the right-of-way of the Duluth, Missabe and Northern
148.19	Railway; thence North on the west line of said right-of-way 348 1/3 feet to commencement
148.20	(B) beginning at the quarter corner between Sections 22 and 23, Township 54, Range
148.21	18; thence running North along the section line 114 feet, 6 inches, to the south line of Kelsey
148.22	Road; thence northwesterly along the south line of Kelsey Road 348 feet, 8 inches, to the
148.23	boundary of the right-of-way of the Duluth, Missabe and Northern Railway, thence South
148.24	along the easterly boundary of the right-of-way of the Duluth, Missabe and Northern Railway
148.25	274 feet to the quarter line on Section 22; thence easterly along said quarter line 304 feet,
148.26	6 inches, to the point of beginning; and
148.27	(C) commencing at the southwest corner of Riverside Cemetery as recorded in "P" of
148.28	Plats, Page 15; thence easterly along the south line of said cemetery to a point where said
148.29	cemetery line intersects the westerly line of Highway No. 7, also known as Mesaba Trunk
148.30	Highway; thence southerly along the westerly line of said Highway No. 7 to a point where
148.31	said westerly line of said Highway No. 7 intersects the south line of Lot 9, Section 22,
148.32	Township 54, Range 18; thence westerly along the southerly line of said Lot 9 to a point

- where the southerly line intersects the easterly line of the DM & N Railway Company's
- right-of-way; thence northerly along the easterly side of said DM & N Railway Company's
- right-of-way to beginning;
- 149.4 (x) Government Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, Section 29;
- 149.5 (xi) Government Lots 5 and 6, Section 30; and
- (xii) Government Lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, and 12, Section 31;
- 149.7 (20) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 54 North, Range 19 West, described
- 149.8 as follows:
- (i) Government Lots 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, Section 5;
- (ii) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, Section 8;
- 149.11 (iii) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, Section 20;
- (iv) Government Lots 2 and 3, Section 29;
- (v) Government Lot 1, Section 32;
- (vi) Government Lot 5, except the South 1,320 feet, Section 32; and
- (vii) Government Lot 2, Section 33;
- 149.16 (21) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 55 North, Range 15 West, described
- 149.17 as follows:
- (i) Governments Lot 1 and 2, Section 11;
- (ii) Government Lot 9, except Highway 4 right-of-way, Section 11;
- (iii) Government Lot 10, except Highway 4 right-of-way, Section 11;
- (iv) Government Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, Section 15;
- (v) Government Lots 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, and 8 and the Northeast Quarter of Southwest Quarter,
- 149.23 Section 21;
- (vi) the Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, reserving unto Grantor and Grantor's
- successors and assigns a 66-foot-wide access easement across said Southwest Quarter of
- the Northeast Quarter for the purpose of access to Grantor's or Grantor's successors or
- assigns land and Grantor's presently owned land that may be sold, assigned, or transferred
- in Government Lot 4, Section 21, Township 55 North, Range 15 West, said access road
- being measured 33 feet on each side of the centerline of that road that is presently existing
- 149.30 and known as the Whiteface Truck Trail, Section 21;

- (vii) Government Lots 1, 2, and 3, Section 22;
- (viii) Government Lots 1 and 2 and the Northeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter,
- 150.3 Section 28;
- (ix) Government Lots 1, 4, 6, 8, and 9 and the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter,
- Northeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, and Northwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter,
- 150.6 <u>Section 29;</u>
- (x) Government Lots 3 and 4 and the Northeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter,
- Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, and Southeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter,
- 150.9 <u>Section 30;</u>
- 150.10 (xi) Government Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, and 11 and the Northeast Quarter of the
- 150.11 Southwest Quarter, Section 31; and
- 150.12 (xii) Government Lot 1, Section 32;
- 150.13 (22) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 55 North, Range 16 West, described
- 150.14 <u>as follows:</u>
- (i) the Southwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, reserving unto Grantor and Grantor's
- 150.16 successors and assigns a 66-foot-wide access road easement across said Southwest Quarter
- of the Southeast Quarter for the purpose of access to Grantor's or Grantor's successors or
- assigns land and Grantor's presently owned land that may be sold, assigned, or transferred
- in Government Lot 5, Section 1, Township 54 North, Range 16 West, Section 35; and
- (ii) the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, reserving unto Grantor and Grantor's
- successors and assigns a 66-foot-wide access road easement across said Southeast Quarter
- of the Southeast Quarter for the purpose of access to Grantor's or Grantor's successors or
- assigns land and Grantor's presently owned land that may be sold, assigned, or transferred
- in Government Lot 5, Section 1, Township 54 North, Range 16 West, Section 35;
- 150.25 (23) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 55 North, Range 19 West, described
- 150.26 as follows:
- (i) an undivided two-thirds interest in Government Lot 1, Section 2;
- 150.28 (ii) Government Lots 2, 9, 10, and 12, Section 2;
- (iii) Government Lot 11, Section 2, except railroad right-of-way;
- 150.30 (iv) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6, Section 10;
- (v) Government Lot 4, Section 11;

151.1	(vi) Government Lots 1, 2, 6, 7, and 13, Section 15;				
151.2	(vii) Government Lots 1 and 2, Section 16;				
151.3	(viii) Government Lots 1 and 3 and the Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter and				
151.4	Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Section 22;				
151.5	(ix) Government Lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 and the Northeast Quarter of the Northwest				
151.6	Quarter, Section 29;				
151.7	(x) Government Lot 6, Section 30; and				
151.8	(xi) Government Lots 4, 7, 8, 9, and 10, Section 31;				
151.9	(24) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 56 North, Range 17 West, described				
151.10	as follows:				
151.11	(i) Government Lots 2 and 8 and the Northwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter and				
151.12	Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter, Section 3;				
151.13	(ii) Government Lots 4, 5, 6, 7, and 9, Section 3; and				
151.14	(iii) Government Lots 6 and 9, that part of Government Lot 8 lying North of Highway				
151.15	No. 53, and that part of Government Lot 7 lying West of Highway No. 53, Section 4;				
151.16	(25) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 56 North, Range 18 West, described				
151.17	as follows:				
151.18	(i) Government Lots 5 and 6, Section 2;				
151.19	(ii) Government Lots 5, 7, and 9 and the Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter,				
151.20	Section 3;				
151.21	(iii) all that part of Government Lot 11, except the following described parcel of land:				
151.22	Beginning at a point that is located 958 feet North of the southeast corner of said				
151.23	Government Lot 11, which corner is also the southeast corner of said Section 3, and 33				
151.24	feet West of the east line of said Lot 11; thence running North parallel with the east line				
151.25	of said Lot 11 a distance of 700.5 feet to a point; thence southwesterly to a point that is				
151.26	331.5 feet West and 1226 feet North of the southeast corner of said Lot 11; thence				
151.27	southerly parallel with the east line of said lot, a distance of 268 feet to a point; thence				
151.28	easterly a distance of 298.5 feet to the place of beginning, Section 3;				
151.29	(iv) Government Lot 12, Section 3, except the following described parcels of land:				
151.30	(A) commencing at a point along the East and West One-Quarter line of said Section 3,				
151.31	which point is 33 feet West of the East One-Quarter corner of said Section 3, said point				

- being on the west right-of-way line of County Highway No. 7; thence westerly along said
- quarter line for a distance of 300 feet to a point; thence southerly at right angles and parallel
- to the highway right-of-way in question for a distance of 300 feet to a point; thence easterly
- 152.4 for a distance of 300 feet to a point in the west right-of-way line of County Highway No.
- 152.5 7; thence northerly along the west right-of-way line of County Highway No. 7 for a distance
- of 300 feet to the point of beginning;
- (B) commencing at the East Quarter corner of said Section 3; thence westerly along the
- East/West Quarter line of said Section 3 a distance of 33.00 feet to the westerly right-of-way
- line of County Highway No. 7; thence continuing westerly along said East/West Quarter
- 152.10 line a distance of 300.00 feet to the point of beginning; thence southerly, parallel with the
- westerly right-of-way line of County Highway No. 7 a distance of 400.00 feet; thence
- westerly, parallel with said East/West Quarter line to the easterly right-of-way line of the
- 152.13 DM&IR Railroad; thence northerly along said easterly right-of-way line to said East/West
- Ouarter line; thence easterly along said East/West Quarter line to the point of beginning;
- 152.15 <u>and</u>
- 152.16 (C) the East 33 feet of the North 300 feet of said Government Lot 12;
- (v) the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Section 4;
- (vi) the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Section 7;
- (vii) Government Lots 6 and 7, Section 8;
- (viii) Government Lots 1 and 2, Section 9;
- (ix) Government Lots 2 and 3, Section 17;
- 152.22 (x) Government Lots 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13 and the Southeast Quarter of the
- Northwest Quarter, Section 18;
- (xi) Government Lots 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, and 12 and the Northeast Quarter of the Northwest
- 152.25 Quarter, Section 19;
- 152.26 (xii) Government Lots 1, 5, 8, and 9, Section 20;
- (xiii) Government Lots 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 and Government Lot 3, except for 1.0 acre for
- cemetery, Section 29;
- 152.29 (xiv) Government Lot 9, Section 30;
- 152.30 (xv) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 6, 8, 9, 10, and 11, Section 31; and
- 152.31 (xvi) Government Lots 1 and 2, Section 32;

153.1	(26) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 36 North, Range 19 West, described
153.2	as follows:
153.3	(i) Government Lot 1, Section 35;
153.4	(ii) Government Lot 2, Section 35; and
153.5	(iii) Government Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 and the Southeast Quarter of the
153.6	Southeast Quarter and Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter, Section 36;
153.7	(27) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 57 North, Range 16 West, described
153.8	as follows:
153.9	(i) the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Northwest Quarter of the Northeast
153.10	$\underline{Quarter, Southwest\ Quarter\ of\ the\ Southwest\ Quarter, and\ Northeast\ Quarter\ of\ the\ Southwest}}$
153.11	Quarter, Section 12; and
153.12	(ii) the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter, Section 15; and
153.13	(28) those parts of St. Louis County in Township 57 North, Range 17 West, described
153.14	as follows:
153.15	(i) the Northeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter and Southwest Quarter of the
153.16	Southwest Quarter, Section 25; and
153.17	(ii) the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter and the Northeast Quarter of the
153.18	Southeast Quarter, Section 26.
153.19	Sec. 143. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND; AITKIN COUNTY.
153.20	(a) Notwithstanding the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, or
153.21	other law to the contrary, Aitkin County may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited land
153.22	described in paragraph (c).
153.23	(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney
153.24	general may make changes to the land description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
153.25	(c) The land to be sold is located in Aitkin County and is described as:
153.26	The North Half of the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter lying East of 275th
153.27	Avenue in Section 11, Township 47 North, Range 25 West, Aitkin County, Minnesota
153.28	(part of parcel 15-0-017700).
153.29	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would best
153.30	be served if the land was returned to private ownership.

154.1	Sec. 144.	<b>GOODHUE</b>	<b>COUNTY</b> ;	<b>LAND</b>	TRANSFERS.
			,		

Subdivision 1. Land transfers. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 373.01, 154.2 subdivision 1, Goodhue County may sell, lease, or otherwise convey county-owned land 154.3 that abuts Lake Byllesby to adjoining property owners who after the transfer will have direct 154.4 154.5 access to Lake Byllesby. Any sale, lease, or other conveyance must be for the market value of the property as appraised by the county. A sale, lease, or other conveyance under this 154.6 section must reserve to the county mineral rights according to Minnesota Statutes, section 154.7 373.01, and flowage easements relating to water levels of Lake Byllesby. 154.8 (b) This section does not apply to any county-owned land that has been developed by 154.9 the county as public parkland. 154.10

Subd. 2. Effective date; local approval. This section is effective the day after the governing body of Goodhue County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

## 154.14 Sec. 145. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LANDS; ITASCA COUNTY.

- (a) Notwithstanding the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, or other law to the contrary, Itasca County may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited lands described in paragraph (c).
- (b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
- (c) The lands to be sold are located in Itasca County and are described as:
- (1) all that part of Government Lot 2, Section 27, Township 145 North, Range 26 West, 154.21 lying northeasterly of the northeasterly right-of-way line of CSAH 39 and northwesterly of 154.22 the following described line: Commencing at the northwest corner of said Government Lot 154.23 2; thence South 89 degrees 21 minutes East, along the north line of said Government Lot 154.24 2 a distance of 286 feet, more or less, to a point on the northeasterly right-of-way line of 154.25 the CSAH 39 right-of-way; thence South 51 degrees 01 minute East, 260.41 feet to the point 154.26 of beginning of the line to be described; thence North 42 degrees 11 minutes East to intersect 154.27 the water's edge of Ball Club Lake and there said line terminates; and 154.28
- (2) the South two rods of the East 16 rods of Government Lot 14, Section 4, Township

  60 North, Range 26 West of the Fourth Principle Meridian, containing approximately 0.20

  acres.

155.1	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would best				
155.2	be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.				
155.3	Sec. 146. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS LAND BORDERING PUBLIC WATERS;				
155.4	ROSEAU COUNTY.				
155.5	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45, 94.09, and 94.10, the				
155.6	commissioner of natural resources may sell by private sale the surplus island located in				
155.7	public water that is described in paragraph (d) to a local unit of government for less than				
155.8	market value.				
155.9	(b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct				
155.10	errors and ensure accuracy.				
155.11	(c) The land described in paragraph (d) may be sold by quit claim deed and the				
155.12	conveyance must provide that the land described in paragraph (d) be used for the public				
155.13	and reverts to the state if the local unit of government fails to provide for public use or				
155.14	abandons the public use of the land. The conveyance is subject to a flowage easement held				
155.15	by the United States of America.				
155.16	(d) The land that may be conveyed is located in Roseau County and is described as: an				
155.17	unsurveyed island located in the approximate center of the South Half of the Southeast				
155.18	Quarter of Section 29, Township 163 North, Range 36 West, Roseau County, Minnesota;				
155.19	said island contains 6.7 acres, more or less (parcel identification number 563199100).				
155.20	(e) The island is located in Warroad River and was created after statehood when dredge				
155.21	spoils were deposited on a sandbar in the Warroad River. The Department of Natural				
155.22	Resources has determined that the land is not needed for natural resource purposes, the				
155.23	conveyance would further the public interest, and the state's land management interests				
155.24	would best be served if the land was conveyed to a local unit of government for a public				
155.25	park and other public use.				
155.26	Sec. 147. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LANDS; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.				
155.27	(a) Notwithstanding the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, or				
155.28	other law to the contrary, St. Louis County may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited lands				
155.29	described in paragraph (c).				
155.30	(b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney				
155.31	general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure accuracy.				

155.32

(c) The lands to be sold are located in St. Louis County and are described as:

156.1	(1) the South Half of the North Half of the South Half of the Southwest Quarter of the
156.2	Northwest Quarter, except the East 470 feet and except the part taken for a road, Township
156.3	50 North, Range 15 West, Section 29 (parcel identification number 395-0010-08713);
156.4	(2) the East 271 feet of the West 371 feet of the North 669.94 feet of the Northwest
156.5	Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 34, Township 61 North, Range 15 West of the
156.6	Fourth Principal Meridian. Together with the West 100 feet of the North 669.94 feet of the
156.7	Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 34, Township 61 North, Range 15
156.8	West of the Fourth Principal Meridian, which lies South of the North 300 feet thereof (part
156.9	of parcel identification number 410-0024-00550);
156.10	(3) the West 371 feet of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 34,
156.11	Township 61 North, Range 15 West of the Fourth Principal Meridian, which lies South of
156.12	the North 669.94 feet thereof (part of parcel identification number 410-0024-00550); and
156.13	(4) the Northeast Quarter, except the Southwest Quarter, and the North Half of the
156.14	Northwest Quarter, Township 52 North, Range 19 West, Section 24 (part of parcel
156.15	identification number 470-0010-03830).
156.16	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would best
156.17	be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.
156.18	Sec. 148. ST. LOUIS COUNTY; LAND LEASE.
156.19	Subdivision 1. St. Louis County; lease. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections
156.20	16A.695 and 282.04, St. Louis County may lease property legally described as part of
156.21	Government Lot 5 except the lake portion of Embarrass Mine, Township 58, Range 15
156.22	West, Section 5, for use as a water intake and water treatment project under Laws 2018,
156.23	chapter 214, article 1, section 22, subdivision 6, for consideration of more than \$12,000 per
156.24	year and for a period exceeding ten years.
156.25	Subd. 2. Department of Natural Resources; lease. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
156.26	section 92.50, or other law to the contrary, the commissioner may lease property in Township
156.27	58, Range 15, Section 5, for use as a water intake and water treatment project under Laws
156.28	2018, chapter 214, article 1, section 22, subdivision 6, for a period exceeding 21 years,
156.29	including a lease term of 40 years.
156.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.

157.1	Sec. 149. CONVEYANCE OF CERTAIN PARCELS; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
157.2	(a) Notwithstanding conflicting requirements in section 373.01, St. Louis County may
157.3	convey, at no charge, small parcels of nonconforming property to the adjoining or
157.4	surrounding owners subject to the following conditions:
157.5	(1) the parcels must be five acres or less in size;
157.6	(2) the parcels were acquired prior to December 31, 1960;
157.7	(3) the conveyance will be restricted to the adjoining or surrounding property;
157.8	(4) the adjoining parcel that the county land is to be conveyed to must abut the county
157.9	parcel on two or more sides; and
157.10	(5) no delinquent property taxes are owed on the adjoining or surrounding property to
157.11	be eligible for the conveyance.
157.12	(b) This section shall be liberally construed to encourage the transfer of ownership of
157.13	nonconforming real property and promote its return to the tax rolls.
157.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of St.
157.15	Louis County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
157.16	subdivisions 2 and 3.
157.17	Sec. 150. PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND; BELTRAMI COUNTY.
157.18	(a) Notwithstanding the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, or
157.19	other law to the contrary, Beltrami County may sell by private sale the tax-forfeited lands
157.20	described in paragraph (c).
157.21	(b) The conveyances must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney
157.22	general may make changes to the land descriptions to correct errors and ensure accuracy.
157.23	(c) The lands to be sold are located in Beltrami County and are described as:
157.24	(1) the East 285 feet of the North 55 feet of the South Half of the Southeast Quarter,
157.25	Section 13, Township 149 North, Range 32 West of the Fifth Principle Meridian (parcel
157.26	identification number 16.00170.00);
157.27	(2) Lot 6, Block 12, Plat of Redby, Section 19, Township 151 North, Range 33 West
157.28	(parcel identification number 36.00027.00);
157.29	(3) Lot 7, Block 16, Plat of Redby, Section 20, Township 151 North, Range 33 West
157.30	(parcel identification number 36.00052.00);

158.1	(4) Lot 8, Block 16, Plat of Redby, Section 20, Township 151 North, Range 33 West
158.2	(parcel identification number 36.00053.00);
158.3	(5) Lot 9, Block 16, Plat of Redby, Section 20, Township 151 North, Range 33 West
158.4	(parcel identification number 36.00054.00);
158.5	(6) Lots 10, 11, and 12, Block 16, Plat of Redby, Section 20, Township 151 North,
158.6	Range 33 West (parcel identification number 36.00055.00);
158.7	(7) the southerly 200 feet of vacated Block 28, Plat of Redby, less the northerly 75 feet
158.8	of the westerly 150 feet thereof and less the easterly 170 feet thereof, Section 20, Township
158.9	151 North, Range 33 West (parcel identification number 36.00077.00);
158.10	(8) Lot 4, Block 29, Plat of Redby, Section 20, Township 151 North, Range 33 West
158.11	(parcel identification number 36.00081.00); and
158.12	(9) Lot 1, Block 62, Plat of Redby, Section 19, Township 151 North, Range 33 West
158.13	(parcel identification number 36.00148.00).
158.14	(d) The county has determined that the county's land management interests would best
158.15	be served if the lands were returned to private ownership.
158.16	Sec. 151. PRIVATE SALE OF SURPLUS LAND BORDERING PUBLIC WATER;
158.17	SHERBURNE COUNTY.
158.18	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45, 94.09, and 94.10, the
158.19	commissioner of natural resources may sell by private sale the surplus land bordering public
158.20	water that is described in paragraph (c) to a local unit of government for less than market
158.21	value.
158.22	(b) The commissioner may make necessary changes to the legal description to correct
158.23	errors and ensure accuracy.
158.24	(c) The land that may be sold is located in Sherburne County and is described as: that
158.25	part of Government Lot 3, Section 24, Township 33 North, Range 28 West, described as
158.26	<u>follows:</u>
158.27	The East 400 feet of Government Lot 3, Section 24, Township 33 North, Range 28 West,
158.28	
	according to the United States Government survey thereof.
158.29	according to the United States Government survey thereof.  (d) The land borders Big Lake. The Department of Natural Resources has determined
158.29 158.30 158.31	(d) The land borders Big Lake. The Department of Natural Resources has determined

159.1	Sec. 152. RULEMAKING; WALLEYE AND SAUGER POSSESSION LIMIT.
159.2	(a) By March 1, 2022, the commissioner of natural resources must amend Minnesota
159.3	Rules, part 6262.0200, subpart 1, item F, to provide that the daily and possession limit for
159.4	walleye and sauger in all inland waters is six in aggregate and no more than four may be
159.5	walleye.
159.6	(b) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes,
159.7	section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this section, and Minnesota
159.8	Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply, except as provided under Minnesota Statutes,
159.9	section 14.388.
159.10	Sec. 153. AMENDING FEEDLOT PERMITS.
159.11	The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must, when necessary, amend all
159.12	general and individual permits for feedlots to conform with Minnesota Statutes, section
159.13	116.07, subdivision 7, paragraph (h).
159.14	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively from February 1, 2021.
159.15	Sec. 154. TIMBER PERMITS; CANCELLATION AND EXTENSION.
159.16	Subdivision 1. Eligibility. (a) For the purposes of this section, an "eligible permit" is a
159.17	timber permit issued before July 1, 2020.
159.18	(b) In order to be eligible under this section, a permit holder must not be delinquent or
159.19	have an active willful trespass with the state.
159.20	(c) In order to be eligible under subdivisions 2, 4, and 5, a permit holder must submit
159.21	the written request to the commissioner of natural resources before the expiration of the
159.22	permit or by July 1, 2021, whichever is earlier.
159.23	Subd. 2. Extensions. Upon written request to the commissioner of natural resources by
159.24	the holder of an eligible permit with more than 30 percent of the total permit volume in any
159.25	combination of spruce or balsam fir, the commissioner may grant an extension of the permit
159.26	for two years without penalty or interest.
159.27	Subd. 3. Unused balsam fir. The commissioner of natural resources may cancel any
159.28	provision in a timber sale that requires the security payment for or removal of all or part of
159.29	the balsam fir when the permit contains more than 50 cords of balsam fir. The commissioner
159.30	may require the permit holder to fell or pile the balsam fir to meet management objectives.

160.1	Subd. 4. Refunds. (a) Upon written request to the commissioner of natural resources
160.2	by the holder of an eligible permit that is inactive and intact with more than 30 percent of
160.3	the total permit volume in any combination of spruce or balsam fir, the commissioner may
160.4	cancel the permit and refund the sale security, advance payments, or bid guarantee as
160.5	applicable for the permit to the permit holder.
160.6	(b) Upon written request to the commissioner of natural resources by the holder of an
160.7	eligible active permit with more than 30 percent of the total permit volume in any
160.8	combination of spruce or balsam fir and a previously existing cutting block agreement, the
160.9	commissioner may cancel any intact cutting block designated in the permit that was not
160.10	bonded or bonded before July 1, 2020, and refund security, as applicable, for the cutting
160.11	block to the permit holder. Any partially harvested cutting block is ineligible to be canceled
160.12	under this paragraph. The remaining provisions of the permit remain in effect.
160.13	Subd. 5. Good Neighbor Authority. The commissioner of natural resources, in
160.14	consultation with the United States Forest Service, may negotiate and provide holders of
160.15	eligible permits with more than 30 percent of the total permit volume in any combination
160.16	of spruce or balsam fir a method to voluntarily return intact cutting blocks designated in
160.17	Good Neighbor Authority permits. Upon written request by the eligible permit holder, the
160.18	commissioner may cancel any intact cutting block designated in the permit that was not
160.19	bonded or bonded before July 1, 2020, and refund applicable security for the cutting block
160.20	to the permit holder. Any partially harvested cutting block is ineligible to be canceled under
160.21	this subdivision. The remaining provisions of the permit remain in effect.
160.22	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
160.23	Sec. 155. WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY RULEMAKING.
160.24	(a) By January 31, 2022, the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must adopt
160.25	rules on:
160.26	(1) evaluating and applying whole effluent toxicity (WET) as water-quality-based effluent
160.27	limitations and permit conditions for discharges occurring outside the Lake Superior basin;
160.28	<u>and</u>
160.29	(2) the applicability and standards for acute and chronic mixing zones.
160.30	(b) Rules adopted under this section must be substantially identical to Minnesota Rules,
160.31	parts 7052.0210, subparts 1 and 2, and 7052.0240, so that, to the greatest extent possible,
160.32	dischargers in all parts of the state are subject to the same mixing zones requirements and
160.33	acute and chronic WET requirements for establishing permit conditions.

161.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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the effluent quality.

- (a) From the effective date of this act until the rules under section 155 are adopted, to the extent allowable under the federal Clean Water Act or other federal laws, this section applies to discharges occurring outside the Lake Superior basin.
- (b) If a whole effluent toxicity test, as defined under Minnesota Rules, part 7050.0218, 161.6 subpart 3, item AAA, is performed on the effluent of a point source discharger and results 161.7 in less than 50 percent mortality of the test organisms or if a demonstration is provided 161.8 under Minnesota Rules, part 7052.0210, subpart 1, that 0.3 acute toxic units can be met at 161.9 the edge of an approved acute mixing zone, the effluent must not be considered acutely 161.10 toxic or lethal to aquatic organisms unless the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency 161.11 finds that the test species do not represent sensitive organisms in the affected surface water 161.12 body or the whole effluent toxicity test was performed on a sample not representative of 161.13
- (c) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must establish whole effluent toxicity mixing zones and whole effluent toxicity water-quality-based effluent limitations and permit conditions according to Minnesota Rules, parts 7052.0210, subparts 1 and 2, and 7052.0240.
- 161.19 (d) The antibacksliding provisions of Minnesota Rules, part 7001.1080, subpart 9, do
  161.20 not apply to new or revised permit conditions established under paragraph (c).
- 161.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

## 161.22 Sec. 157. ANALYSIS OF WISCONSIN'S GREEN TIER PROGRAM.

- The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must conduct an analysis of the 161.23 Green Tier Program operated in Wisconsin under Wisconsin Statutes, section 299.83, which 161.24 recognizes and rewards environmental performance that voluntarily exceeds legal 161.25 161.26 requirements related to health, safety, and the environment resulting in continuous improvement in Wisconsin's environment, economy, and quality of life. By February 1, 161.27 2022, the commissioner must report the results of the analysis to the chairs and ranking 161.28 minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with 161.29 jurisdiction over environment and natural resources. The report must include: 161.30
- (1) an overview of how the program operates in Wisconsin;

162.1	(2) an assessment of benefits and challenges that would likely accompany the adoption
162.2	of a similar program in Minnesota;
162.3	(3) a comparison of the program with the Minnesota XL permit project operated under
162.4	Minnesota Statutes, sections 114C.10 to 114C.19;
1.60.5	
162.5	(4) an assessment of what policy changes, legal changes, and funding would be required
162.6	to successfully implement a similar program in Minnesota; and
162.7	(5) any other related matters deemed relevant by the commissioner.
162.8	Sec. 158. STATE IMPLEMENTATION PLAN REVISIONS.
162.9	(a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must seek approval from the
162.10	federal Environmental Protection Agency for revisions to the state's federal Clean Air Act
162.11	state implementation plan so that under the revised plan, the Pollution Control Agency is
162.12	prohibited from applying a national or state ambient air quality standard in a permit issued
162.13	solely to authorize operations to continue at an existing facility with unmodified emissions
162.14	levels. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the commissioner to apply for
162.15	a revision that would prohibit the agency from applying a national or state ambient air
162.16	quality standard in a permit that authorizes an increase in emissions due to construction of
162.17	a new facility or in a permit that authorizes changes to existing facilities that result in a
162.18	significant net emissions increase of a regulated NSR pollutant, as defined in Code of Federal
162.19	Regulations, title 40, section 52.21(b)(50).
162.20	(b) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must report quarterly to the chairs
162.21	and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees and
162.22	divisions with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources policy on the status of
162.23	efforts to implement paragraph (a) until the revisions required by paragraph (a) have been
162.24	either approved or denied.
162.25	Sec. 159. FACILITATE ORIENTED STRAND BOARD MANUFACTURING
162.26	FACILITY; ITASCA COUNTY.
162.27	(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a business corporation that proposes an
162.28	economic development project to build an oriented strand board manufacturing facility in
162.29	Itasca County, and that receives approval of financial incentives to be provided for that
162.30	project from both the Department of Employment and Economic Development and the
162.31	Department of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation anytime during 2021, may apply

162.32 for and receive construction stormwater, temporary dewatering, and land use construction

163.1	permits required to begin grading, grubbing, and clearing the project site prior to completion
163.2	of the environmental review processes necessary to commence construction of the facility.
163.3	(b) Prior to commencing any grading, grubbing, and clearing work at the project site
163.4	pursuant to this section, the commissioner of employment and economic development shall
163.5	require and receive a bond or other security or other financial assurance satisfactory to the
163.6	commissioner to provide for the restoration of all disturbed land to its previous condition
163.7	if the environmental review process does not lead to successful permitting of the project.
163.8	Sec. 160. CONDITIONS UPON TERMINATING CERTAIN MINERAL LEASES
163.9	IN 2021.
103.9	<u>IIV 2021.</u>
163.10	If the commissioner of natural resources terminates state mineral leases associated with
163.11	a mine permit for an operation to mine, provide direct reduction of ore, and make steel in
163.12	calendar year 2021, the commissioners of natural resources and the Pollution Control Agency
163.13	must wait at least two years after the termination before initiating action to terminate
163.14	environmental permits associated with the mining or processing of iron ore from the lands,
163.15	unless earlier termination is necessary to ensure environmental protection or if otherwise
163.16	governed by federal law. Nothing in this section prohibits a permittee from proposing to
163.17	amend or otherwise exercise any existing rights to transfer or cancel permits under existing
163.18	law. Nothing in this section precludes the commissioner of natural resources from terminating
163.19	or transferring any state mineral leases issued in association with the properties listed above,
163.20	provided the termination or transfer complies with all other requirements of Minnesota
163.21	Statutes, chapter 93.
163.22	Sec. 161. REPEALER.
163.23	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 85.0505, subdivision 3; 85.0507; 85.054,
163.24	subdivision 19; and 97C.515, subdivisions 4 and 5, are repealed.
163.25	(b) Laws 2013, chapter 121, section 53, is repealed.
163.26	(c) Minnesota Rules, part 6232.0350, is repealed.
163.27	ARTICLE 3
163.28	2021 ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST FUND
163.29	APPROPRIATIONS
163.30	Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS.
163.31	The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies
163.32	and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the environment

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1st Engrossment

164.1	and natural resources trust fund, or another nam	ed fund, a	nd are available	for the fiscal	
164.2	years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2	020" and '	'2021" used in t	his article mean	
164.3	that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30,				
164.4	2020, or June 30, 2021, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2020. "The second year"				
164.5	is fiscal year 2021. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2020 and 2021.				
164.6 164.7 164.8 164.9			APPROPRIA Available for t Ending Jun 2020	he Year	
164.10	Sec. 2. MINNESOTA RESOURCES				
164.11 164.12	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> \$	61,387,000	
164.13	The amounts that may be spent for each				
164.14	purpose are specified in the following				
164.15	subdivisions. Appropriations in the second				
164.16	year are available for four years beginning				
164.17	July 1, 2020, unless otherwise stated in the				
164.18	appropriation. Any unencumbered balance				
164.19	remaining in the first year does not cancel and				
164.20	is available for the second year or until the				
164.21	end of the appropriation.				
164.22	Subd. 2. Definition				
164.23	"Trust fund" means the Minnesota				
164.24	environment and natural resources trust fund				
164.25	established under the Minnesota Constitution,				
164.26	article XI, section 14.				
164.27 164.28 164.29	Subd. 3. Foundational Natural Resource Data and Information		<u>-0-</u>	7,245,000	
164.30 164.31	(a) Geologic Atlases for Water Resource  Management				
164.32	\$2,000,000 the second year is from the trust				
164.33	fund to the Board of Regents of the University				
164.34	of Minnesota, Minnesota Geological Survey,				
164.35	to continue producing county geologic atlases				
164.36	to inform management of surface water and				

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1st Engrossment

165.35

Hydrology Monitoring Network that will

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1st Engrossment

166.1	provide critical knowledge of wetland
166.2	hydrology dynamics. This appropriation is
166.3	available until June 30, 2025, by which time
166.4	the project must be completed and final
166.5	products delivered.
166.6	(e) Voyageurs Wolf Project - Phase II
166.7	\$575,000 the second year is from the trust
166.8	fund to the Board of Regents of the University
166.9	of Minnesota to study summertime wolf
166.10	predation on deer, moose, and other species
166.11	in the Voyageurs region to inform
166.12	management of wildlife. This appropriation
166.13	is available until June 30, 2025, by which time
166.14	the project must be completed and final
166.15	products delivered.
166.16 166.17	(f) Expanding Restoration and Promoting Awareness of Native Mussels
166.18	\$489,000 the second year is from the trust
166.19	fund to the Minnesota Zoological Garden to
166.20	promote mussel conservation by rearing
166.21	juvenile mussels for reintroduction,
166.22	researching methods to improve growth and
166.23	survival in captivity, and encouraging public
166.24	action to benefit water quality. This
166.25	appropriation is available until June 30, 2025,
166.26	by which time the project must be completed
166.27	and final products delivered.
166.28 166.29	(g) Bobcat and Fisher Habitat Use and Interactions
166.30	\$400,000 the second year is from the trust
166.31	fund to the Board of Regents of the University
166.32	of Minnesota for the Natural Resources
166.33	Research Institute in Duluth to identify
166.34	potential solutions to reverse the fisher
166.35	population decline through better

167.1	understanding of habitat, diet, and activity
167.2	patterns of bobcats and fishers.
167.3 167.4	(h) Healthy Prairies III: Restoring Minnesota Prairie Plant Diversity
167.5	\$500,000 the second year is from the trust
167.6	fund to the Board of Regents of the University
167.7	of Minnesota to improve Minnesota prairie
167.8	resiliency by increasing locally sourced seed
167.9	availability and diversity, evaluating use of
167.10	beneficial microbes in prairie restorations, and
167.11	assessing adaptation and adaptive capacity of
167.12	prairie plant populations.
167.13 167.14	(i) Freshwater Sponges and AIS: Engaging Citizen Scientists
167.15	\$400,000 the second year is from the trust
167.16	fund to the Board of Regents of the University
167.17	of Minnesota, Crookston, to use citizen
167.18	scientists to study the geographic distribution,
167.19	taxonomic diversity, and antifouling potential
167.20	of freshwater sponges against aquatic invasive
167.21	species.
167.22 167.23	(j) Do Beavers Buffer Against Droughts and Floods?
167.24	\$168,000 the second year is from the trust
167.25	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
167.26	for an agreement with Voyageurs National
167.27	Park to analyze existing data sets to determine
167.28	the role of beaver populations and beaver
167.29	ponds in buffering the region against droughts
167.30	and floods.
167.31 167.32	(k) Enhancing Bat Recovery by Optimizing Artificial Roost Structures
167.33	\$190,000 the second year is from the trust
167.34	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
167.35	to improve the survival of bats by identifying

168.1	characteristics of successful artificial bat roost		
168.2	structures and optimizing the structures for		
168.3	bat use and reproduction. This appropriation		
168.4	is available until June 30, 2025, by which time		
168.5	the project must be completed and final		
168.6	products delivered.		
168.7 168.8	(l) Conserving Black Terns and Forster's Terns in Minnesota		
168.9	\$198,000 the second year is from the trust		
168.10	fund to the Board of Regents of the University		
168.11	of Minnesota for the Natural Resources		
168.12	Research Institute in Duluth to assess the		
168.13	distribution and breeding status of black tern		
168.14	and Forster's tern and to make conservation		
168.15	and restoration recommendations to improve		
168.16	the suitability of habitat for these two bird		
168.17	species in Minnesota.		
168.18	Subd. 4. Water Resources	<u>-0-</u>	2,662,000
168.19 168.20	Subd. 4. Water Resources  (a) Managing Highly Saline Waste from  Municipal Water Treatment	<u>-0-</u>	2,662,000
168.19	(a) Managing Highly Saline Waste from	<u>-0-</u>	<u>2,662,000</u>
168.19 168.20	(a) Managing Highly Saline Waste from Municipal Water Treatment	<u>-0-</u>	2,662,000
168.19 168.20 168.21	(a) Managing Highly Saline Waste from Municipal Water Treatment  \$250,000 the second year is from the trust	<u>-0-</u>	<u>2,662,000</u>
168.19 168.20 168.21 168.22	(a) Managing Highly Saline Waste from  Municipal Water Treatment  \$250,000 the second year is from the trust  fund to the Board of Regents of the University	<u>-0-</u>	2,662,000
168.19 168.20 168.21 168.22 168.23	(a) Managing Highly Saline Waste from Municipal Water Treatment  \$250,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to develop a cost- and	<u>-0-</u>	2,662,000
168.19 168.20 168.21 168.22 168.23 168.24	(a) Managing Highly Saline Waste from Municipal Water Treatment  \$250,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to develop a cost- and energy-efficient method of managing the	<u>-0-</u>	<u>2,662,000</u>
168.19 168.20 168.21 168.22 168.23 168.24 168.25	(a) Managing Highly Saline Waste from Municipal Water Treatment  \$250,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to develop a cost- and energy-efficient method of managing the concentrated saline waste from a municipal	<u>-0-</u>	2,662,000
168.19 168.20 168.21 168.22 168.23 168.24 168.25 168.26	(a) Managing Highly Saline Waste from Municipal Water Treatment  \$250,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to develop a cost- and energy-efficient method of managing the concentrated saline waste from a municipal water treatment plant to increase the feasibility	<u>-0-</u>	2,662,000
168.19 168.20 168.21 168.22 168.23 168.24 168.25 168.26	(a) Managing Highly Saline Waste from Municipal Water Treatment  \$250,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to develop a cost- and energy-efficient method of managing the concentrated saline waste from a municipal water treatment plant to increase the feasibility of using reverse osmosis for centralized water	<u>-0-</u>	2,662,000
168.19 168.20 168.21 168.22 168.23 168.24 168.25 168.26 168.27	(a) Managing Highly Saline Waste from Municipal Water Treatment  \$250,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to develop a cost- and energy-efficient method of managing the concentrated saline waste from a municipal water treatment plant to increase the feasibility of using reverse osmosis for centralized water softening and sulfate removal. This	<u>-0-</u>	2,662,000
168.19 168.20 168.21 168.22 168.23 168.24 168.25 168.26 168.27 168.28	(a) Managing Highly Saline Waste from Municipal Water Treatment  \$250,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to develop a cost- and energy-efficient method of managing the concentrated saline waste from a municipal water treatment plant to increase the feasibility of using reverse osmosis for centralized water softening and sulfate removal. This appropriation is subject to Minnesota Statutes,	<u>-0-</u>	2,662,000
168.19 168.20 168.21 168.22 168.23 168.24 168.25 168.26 168.27 168.28 168.29 168.30	(a) Managing Highly Saline Waste from Municipal Water Treatment  \$250,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to develop a cost- and energy-efficient method of managing the concentrated saline waste from a municipal water treatment plant to increase the feasibility of using reverse osmosis for centralized water softening and sulfate removal. This appropriation is subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.10.  (b) Technology for Energy-Generating On-site	<u>-0-</u>	2,662,000
168.19 168.20 168.21 168.22 168.23 168.24 168.25 168.26 168.27 168.28 168.29 168.30	(a) Managing Highly Saline Waste from Municipal Water Treatment  \$250,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota to develop a cost- and energy-efficient method of managing the concentrated saline waste from a municipal water treatment plant to increase the feasibility of using reverse osmosis for centralized water softening and sulfate removal. This appropriation is subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.10.  (b) Technology for Energy-Generating On-site Industrial Wastewater Treatment	<u>-0-</u>	2,662,000

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169.1	generate cost savings by developing off the
169.2	shelf technology that treats industrial
169.3	wastewater on-site and turns pollutants into
169.4	hydrogen and methane for energy. This
169.5	appropriation is subject to Minnesota Statutes,
169.6	section 116P.10.
169.7 169.8	(c) Developing Strategies to Manage PFAS in Land-Applied Biosolids
169.9	\$1,034,000 the second year is from the trust
169.10	fund to the commissioner of the Pollution
169.11	Control Agency to help municipal wastewater
169.12	plants, landfills, and compost facilities protect
169.13	human health and the environment by
169.14	developing strategies to manage per- and
169.15	polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) in
169.16	land-applied biosolids.
169.17 169.18	(d) Quantifying New Urban Precipitation and Water Reality
169.19	\$500,000 the second year is from the trust
169.20	fund to the Board of Regents of the University
169.21	of Minnesota to better guide storm water
169.22	management by evaluating the groundwater
169.23	and surface water interactions contributing to
169.24	high water tables and damage to home
169.25	basements and underground infrastructure in
169.26	urban areas.
169.27 169.28	(e) Innovative Solution for Protecting Minnesota from PFAS Contamination
169.29	\$250,000 the second year is from the trust
169.30	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
169.31	for an agreement with Dem-Con Companies
169.32	to demonstrate a new technology for
169.33	protecting the state's drinking water and
169.34	natural resources by eliminating per- and
169.35	polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) from point

170.1	source discharges. This appropriation is	
170.2	subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.10,	
170.3	related to royalties, copyrights, patents, and	
170.4	sale of products and assets.	
170.5 170.6	(f) Expanding Protection of Minnesota Water through Industrial Conservation	
170.7	\$178,000 the second year is from the trust	
170.8	fund to the Board of Regents of the University	
170.9	of Minnesota for the Minnesota technical	
170.10	assistance program in partnership with the	
170.11	Minnesota Rural Water Association to provide	
170.12	technical assistance to businesses to decrease	
170.13	industrial and commercial water use in	
170.14	communities at risk for inadequate	
170.15	groundwater supply or quality.	
170.16 170.17 170.18	Subd. 5. Technical Assistance, Outreach, and Environmental Education -0- 2,121,000	0
		_
170.19 170.20	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series	
170.19	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via	
170.19 170.20	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series	
170.19 170.20 170.21	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series  \$300,000 the second year is from the trust	
170.19 170.20 170.21 170.22	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series  \$300,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources	
170.19 170.20 170.21 170.22 170.23	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series  \$300,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Pioneer Public	
170.19 170.20 170.21 170.22 170.23 170.24	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series  \$300,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Pioneer Public  Television to produce approximately 25 new	
170.19 170.20 170.21 170.22 170.23 170.24 170.25	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series  \$300,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Pioneer Public  Television to produce approximately 25 new episodes of a statewide outdoor public	
170.19 170.20 170.21 170.22 170.23 170.24 170.25 170.26	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series  \$300,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Pioneer Public Television to produce approximately 25 new episodes of a statewide outdoor public television series designed to inspire	
170.19 170.20 170.21 170.22 170.23 170.24 170.25 170.26	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series  \$300,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Pioneer Public Television to produce approximately 25 new episodes of a statewide outdoor public television series designed to inspire Minnesotans to connect with the outdoors and	
170.19 170.20 170.21 170.22 170.23 170.24 170.25 170.26 170.27 170.28	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series  \$300,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Pioneer Public Television to produce approximately 25 new episodes of a statewide outdoor public television series designed to inspire Minnesotans to connect with the outdoors and restore and protect the environment.  (b) Mentoring Next Generation of Conservation	
170.19 170.20 170.21 170.22 170.23 170.24 170.25 170.26 170.27 170.28	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series  \$300,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Pioneer Public Television to produce approximately 25 new episodes of a statewide outdoor public television series designed to inspire Minnesotans to connect with the outdoors and restore and protect the environment.  (b) Mentoring Next Generation of Conservation Professionals	
170.19 170.20 170.21 170.22 170.23 170.24 170.25 170.26 170.27 170.28 170.29 170.30	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series  \$300,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Pioneer Public Television to produce approximately 25 new episodes of a statewide outdoor public television series designed to inspire Minnesotans to connect with the outdoors and restore and protect the environment.  (b) Mentoring Next Generation of Conservation Professionals  \$500,000 the second year is from the trust	
170.19 170.20 170.21 170.22 170.23 170.24 170.25 170.26 170.27 170.28 170.29 170.30 170.31	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series  \$300,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Pioneer Public Television to produce approximately 25 new episodes of a statewide outdoor public television series designed to inspire Minnesotans to connect with the outdoors and restore and protect the environment.  (b) Mentoring Next Generation of Conservation Professionals  \$500,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources	
170.19 170.20 170.21 170.22 170.23 170.24 170.25 170.26 170.27 170.28 170.29 170.30 170.31 170.32 170.33	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series  \$300,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Pioneer Public Television to produce approximately 25 new episodes of a statewide outdoor public television series designed to inspire Minnesotans to connect with the outdoors and restore and protect the environment.  (b) Mentoring Next Generation of Conservation Professionals  \$500,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Minnesota Valley	
170.19 170.20 170.21 170.22 170.23 170.24 170.25 170.26 170.27 170.28 170.30 170.31 170.32 170.33	(a) Statewide Environmental Education via Public Television Outdoor Series  \$300,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Pioneer Public Television to produce approximately 25 new episodes of a statewide outdoor public television series designed to inspire Minnesotans to connect with the outdoors and restore and protect the environment.  (b) Mentoring Next Generation of Conservation Professionals  \$500,000 the second year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Minnesota Valley National Wildlife Refuge Trust, Inc., to	

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171.1	in the conservation field from United States
171.2	Fish and Wildlife Service professionals while
171.3	working at the Minnesota Valley National
171.4	Wildlife Refuge and Wetland Management
171.5	District.
171.6 171.7	(c) Jay C. Hormel Nature Center Supplemental Teaching Staff
171.8	\$225,000 the second year is from the trust
171.9	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
171.10	for an agreement with the city of Austin to
171.11	expand the Jay C. Hormel Nature Center
171.12	environmental education program beyond the
171.13	city of Austin to students in southeastern
171.14	Minnesota for three years.
171.15 171.16	(d) 375 Underserved Youth Learn Minnesota Ecosystems by Canoe
171.17	\$375,000 the second year is from the trust
171.18	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
171.19	for an agreement with the YMCA of the
171.20	Greater Twin Cities to connect approximately
171.21	375 underserved and diverse teens from urban
171.22	areas and first-ring suburbs to environmental
171.23	sciences in the natural world through canoeing
171.24	and learning expeditions with experienced
171.25	outdoor education counselors. This
171.26	appropriation is available until June 30, 2025,
171.27	by which time the project must be completed
171.28	and final products delivered.
171.29 171.30	(e) YES! Students Take on Water Quality Challenge - Phase II
171.31	\$199,000 the second year is from the trust
171.32	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
171.33	for an agreement with Prairie Woods
171.34	Environmental Learning Center to mobilize
171.35	local watershed stewardship efforts in

172.1	approximately 20 communities through
172.2	student-driven action projects.
172.3 172.4	(f) Engaging Minnesotans with Phenology: Radio, Podcasts, Citizen Science
172.5	\$198,000 the second year is from the trust
172.6	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
172.7	for an agreement with Northern Community
172.8	Radio, Inc., in partnership with the Board of
172.9	Regents of the University of Minnesota to
172.10	build the next generation of conservationists
172.11	using phenology, radio broadcasts, podcasts,
172.12	and an online, interactive map interface to
172.13	inspire teachers, students, and the public to
172.14	get outside and experience nature.
172.15 172.16	(g) Driving Conservation Behavior for Native Mussels and Water Quality
172.17	\$191,000 the second year is from the trust
172.18	fund to the Minnesota Zoological Garden to
172.19	develop research-supported strategies to
172.20	engage the public in specific conservation
172.21	behaviors to improve water quality and native
172.22	mussel health across the state.
172.23 172.24	(h) Workshops and Outreach to Protect Raptors from Lead Poisoning
172.25	\$133,000 the second year is from the trust
172.26	fund to the Board of Regents of the University
172.27	of Minnesota, Raptor Center, in cooperation
172.28	with the Department of Natural Resources and
172.29	other conservation partners, to provide hunters
172.30	with outreach and workshops on alternatives
172.31	to lead hunting ammunition, including copper
172.32	ammunition as an alternative, and to promote
172.33	voluntary selection of nontoxic ammunition
172.34	to protect raptors and other wildlife in

173.1	Minnesota from accidental lead poisoning			
173.2	caused by ingestion of ammunition fragments.			
173.3 173.4	Subd. 6. Aquatic and Terrestrial Invasive Species	<u>-</u> 1	<u>0-</u>	10,425,000
173.5 173.6	(a) Minnesota Invasive Terrestrial Plants and Pests Center (MITPPC) - Phase V			
173.7	\$5,000,000 the second year is from the trust			
173.8	fund to the Board of Regents of the University			
173.9	of Minnesota to support the Minnesota			
173.10	Invasive Terrestrial Plants and Pests Center			
173.11	to fund approximately 15 new, high-priority			
173.12	research projects that will lead to better			
173.13	management of invasive plants, pathogens,			
173.14	and pests on Minnesota's natural and			
173.15	agricultural lands. This appropriation is subject			
173.16	to Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.10. This			
173.17	appropriation is available until June 30, 2026,			
173.18	by which time the project must be completed			
173.19	and final products delivered.			
173.20 173.21	(b) Protect Community Forests by Managing Ash for Emerald Ash Borer			
173.22	\$3,500,000 the second year is from the trust			
173.23	fund to the commissioner of natural resources			
173.24	to reduce emerald ash borer by providing			
173.25	surveys, assessments, trainings, assistance,			
173.26	and grants for communities to manage emerald			
173.27	ash borer, plant a diversity of trees, and engage			
173.28	citizens in community forestry activities. This			
173.29	appropriation is available until June 30, 2025,			
173.30	by which time the project must be completed			
173.31	and final products delivered.			
173.32 173.33	(c) Biological Control of White-Nose Syndrome in Bats - Phase III			
173.34	\$440,000 the second year is from the trust			
173.35	fund to the Board of Regents of the University			

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(d) Applying New Tools and Techniques Against

174.5 **Invasive Carp** 

\$478,000 the second year is from the trust 174.6

fund to the commissioner of natural resources 174.7

to apply new monitoring, outreach, and 174.8

removal techniques and to continue work with 174.9

commercial anglers to protect Minnesota 174.10

waters from invasive carp. 174.11

(e) Emerald Ash Borer and Black Ash: 174.12

**Maintaining Forests and Benefits** 174.13

\$700,000 the second year is from the trust 174.14

174.15 fund to the Board of Regents of the University

of Minnesota to use ongoing experiments to 174.16

174.17 determine statewide long-term emerald ash

174.18 borer impacts on water, vegetation, and

wildlife; to determine optimal replacement 174.19

174.20 species and practices for forest diversification;

and to develop criteria for prioritizing 174.21

mitigation activities. This appropriation is 174.22

available until June 30, 2026, by which time 174.23

the project must be completed and final 174.24

products delivered. 174.25

174.26 (f) Testing Effectiveness of Aquatic Invasive

**Species Removal Methods** 174.27

\$110,000 the second year is from the trust 174.28

fund to the Board of Regents of the University 174.29

of Minnesota for the Natural Resources 174.30

Research Institute in Duluth to test how well 174.31

boat-cleaning methods work, to provide the 174.32

Department of Natural Resources with a risk 174.33

assessment, and to provide recommendations 174.34

for improving boat-launch cleaning stations 174.35

175.1	to prevent the spread of aquatic invasive		
175.2	species.		
175.3 175.4	(g) Invasive <i>Didymosphenia</i> Threatens North Shore Streams		
175.5	\$197,000 the second year is from the trust		
175.6	fund to the Science Museum of Minnesota to		
175.7	evaluate the recent spread, origin, cause, and		
175.8	economic and ecological threat of didymo		
175.9	formation in North Shore streams and Lake		
175.10	Superior to inform management and outreach.		
175.11	Subd. 7. Air Quality and Renewable Energy	<u>-0-</u>	573,000
175.12 175.13	(a) Storing Renewable Energy in Flow Battery for Grid Use		
175.14	\$250,000 the second year is from the trust		
175.15	fund to the Board of Regents of the University		
175.16	of Minnesota, on behalf of the Morris campus,		
175.17	to analyze the potential of adding a flow		
175.18	battery and solar energy generation to the		
175.19	University of Minnesota Morris's existing		
175.20	renewable-energy-intensive microgrid.		
175.21 175.22	(b) Eco-Friendly Plastics from Cloquet Pulp-Mill Lignin		
175.23	\$193,000 the second year is from the trust		
175.24	fund to the Board of Regents of the University		
175.25	of Minnesota to reduce environmental		
175.26	pollution from plastics by creating eco-friendly		
175.27	replacements using lignin from the pulp mill		
175.28	in Cloquet, Minnesota. This appropriation is		
175.29	subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.10.		
175.30 175.31	(c) Diverting Unsold Food from Landfills and Reducing Greenhouse Gases		
175.32	\$130,000 the second year is from the trust		
175.33	fund to the commissioner of natural resources		
175.34	for an agreement with Second Harvest		
175.35	Heartland to prevent food from going to		

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176.1	landfills and reduce greenhouse gas emissions		
176.2	by helping businesses donate unsold prepared		
176.3	food to food shelves.		
176.4 176.5	Subd. 8. Methods to Protect or Restore Land, Water, and Habitat	<u>-0-</u>	2,393,000
176.6 176.7	(a) Lignin-Coated Fertilizers for Phosphate Control		
176.8	\$250,000 the second year is from the trust		
176.9	fund to the Board of Regents of the University		
176.10	of Minnesota for the Natural Resources		
176.11	Research Institute in Duluth to test a new,		
176.12	natural, slow-release fertilizer coating made		
176.13	from processed wood to decrease phosphorus		
176.14	runoff from farmland while also storing carbon		
176.15	in soils. This appropriation is subject to		
176.16	Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.10.		
176.17 176.18	(b) Implementing Hemp Crop Rotation to Improve Water Quality		
176.19	\$700,000 the second year is from the trust		
176.20	fund to the Minnesota State Colleges and		
176.21	Universities System for Central Lakes College		
176.22	to evaluate how hemp crops reduce nitrogen		
176.23	contamination of surface water and		
176.24	groundwater in conventional crop rotations		
176.25	and demonstrate the environmental and		
176.26	economic benefits of hemp production. This		
176.27	appropriation is available until June 30, 2025,		
176.28	by which time the project must be completed		
176.29	and final products delivered.		
176.30 176.31	(c) Developing Cover-Crop Systems for Sugar Beet Production		
176.32	\$300,000 the second year is from the trust		
176.33	fund to the Board of Regents of the University		
176.34	of Minnesota to develop agronomic guidelines		
176.35	to support growers adopting cover-crop		

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177.1	practices in sugar beet production in
177.2	west-central and northwest Minnesota.
177.3 177.4	(d) Native Eastern Larch Beetle Decimating Minnesota's Tamarack Forests
177.5	\$398,000 the second year is from the trust
177.6	fund to the Board of Regents of the University
177.7	of Minnesota to understand conditions
177.8	triggering eastern larch beetle outbreaks and
177.9	develop management techniques to protect
177.10	tamarack forests from this native insect. This
177.11	appropriation is available until June 30, 2025,
177.12	by which time the project must be completed
177.13	and final products delivered.
177.14 177.15	(e) Habitat Associations of Mississippi Bottomland Forest Marsh Birds
177.16	\$275,000 the second year is from the trust
177.17	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
177.18	for an agreement with the National Audubon
177.19	Society, Minnesota office, to evaluate habitat
177.20	associations of bottomland forest birds in
177.21	response to restoration actions to better target
177.22	restoration efforts for wildlife. This
177.23	appropriation is available until June 30, 2025,
177.24	by which time the project must be completed
177.25	and final products delivered.
177.26 177.27	(f) Peatland Restoration in the Lost River State Forest
177.28	\$135,000 the second year is from the trust
177.29	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
177.30	for an agreement with the Roseau River
177.31	Watershed District to collect physical attribute
177.32	data from drained peatlands, incorporate the
177.33	data into a decision matrix, and generate a
177.34	report detailing peatland restoration potential
177.35	throughout the Lost River State Forest.

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179.1 179.2	(b) Private Native Prairie Conservation through Native Prairie Bank
179.3	\$2,000,000 the second year is from the trust
179.4	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
179.5	to provide technical stewardship assistance to
179.6	private landowners, restore and enhance native
179.7	prairie protected by easements in the native
179.8	prairie bank, and acquire easements for the
179.9	native prairie bank in accordance with
179.10	Minnesota Statutes, section 84.96, including
179.11	preparing initial baseline property assessments.
179.12	Up to \$60,000 of this appropriation may be
179.13	deposited in the natural resources conservation
179.14	easement stewardship account, created in
179.15	Minnesota Statutes, section 84.69, proportional
179.16	to the number of easement acres acquired.
179.17 179.18	(c) Minnesota State Parks and State Trails Inholdings
179.19	\$2,500,000 the second year is from the trust
179.20	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
179.21	to acquire high-priority inholdings from
179.22	willing sellers within the legislatively
179.23	authorized boundaries of state parks,
179.24	recreation areas, and trails to protect
179.25	Minnesota's natural heritage, enhance outdoor
179.26	recreation, and promote tourism.
179.27 179.28	(d) Grants for Local Parks, Trails, and Natural Areas
179.29	\$2,400,000 the second year is from the trust
179.30	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
179.31	to solicit, rank, and fund competitive matching
179.32	grants for local parks, trail connections, and
179.33	natural and scenic areas under Minnesota
179.34	Statutes, section 85.019. This appropriation is
179.35	for local nature-based recreation, connections
179.36	to regional and state natural areas, and

180.1	recreation facilities and may not be used for
180.2	athletic facilities such as sport fields, courts,
180.3	and playgrounds.
180.4 180.5	(e) Mississippi River Aquatic Habitat Restoration and Mussel Reintroduction
180.6	\$1,800,000 the second year is from the trust
180.7	fund. Of this amount, \$1,549,000 is to the
180.8	commissioner of natural resources for an
180.9	agreement with the Minneapolis Park and
180.10	Recreation Board and \$251,000 is to the
180.11	commissioner of natural resources to restore
180.12	lost habitat and reintroduce mussels in the
180.13	Mississippi River above St. Anthony Falls.
180.14	This work includes creating habitat and
180.15	species restoration plans, implementing the
180.16	restoration plans, and monitoring effectiveness
180.17	of the restoration for multiple years after
180.18	implementation. This appropriation is
180.19	available until June 30, 2027, by which time
180.20	the project must be completed and final
180.21	products delivered.
180.22 180.23	(f) Minnesota Hunter Walking Trails: Public Land Recreational Access
180.24	\$300,000 the second year is from the trust
180.25	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
180.26	for an agreement with the Ruffed Grouse
180.27	Society to improve Minnesota's hunter
180.28	walking trail system by restoring or upgrading
180.29	trailheads and trails, developing new walking
180.30	trails, and compiling enhanced maps for use
180.31	by managers and the public.
180.32 180.33	(g) Turning Back to Rivers: Environmental and Recreational Protection
180.34	\$1,000,000 the second year is from the trust
180.35	fund to the commissioner of natural resources

181.1	for an agreement with The Trust for Public
181.2	Land to help local communities acquire
181.3	priority land along the Mississippi, St. Croix,
181.4	and Minnesota Rivers and their tributaries to
181.5	protect natural resources, provide buffers for
181.6	flooding, and improve access for recreation.
181.7 181.8	(h) Metropolitan Regional Parks System Land Acquisition - Phase VI
181.9	\$1,000,000 the first year is from the trust fund
181.10	to the Metropolitan Council for grants to
181.11	acquire land within the approved park
181.12	boundaries of the metropolitan regional park
181.13	system. This appropriation must be matched
181.14	by at least 40 percent of nonstate money.
181.15	(i) Minnesota State Trails Development
181.16	\$994,000 the second year is from the trust
181.17	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
181.18	to expand high-priority recreational
181.19	opportunities on Minnesota's state trails by
181.20	rehabilitating, improving, and enhancing
181.21	existing state trails. The high-priority trail
181.22	bridges to be rehabilitated or replaced under
181.23	this appropriation include, but are not limited
181.24	to, those on the Taconite, Great River Ridge,
181.25	and C. J. Ramstad/Northshore State Trails.
181.26	(j) Elm Creek Restoration - Phase IV
181.27	\$500,000 the second year is from the trust
181.28	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
181.29	for an agreement with the city of Champlin to
181.30	conduct habitat and stream restoration of
181.31	approximately 0.7 miles of Elm Creek
181.32	shoreline above Mill Pond Lake and through
181.33	the Elm Creek Protection Area.
181.34 181.35	(k) Superior Hiking Trail as Environmental Showcase

182.1	\$450,000 the second year is from the trust
182.2	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
182.3	for an agreement with the Superior Hiking
182.4	Trail Association to rebuild damaged and
182.5	dangerous segments and create a new trail
182.6	segment of the Superior Hiking Trail to
182.7	minimize environmental impacts, make the
182.8	trail safer for users, and make the trail more
182.9	resilient for future use and conditions.
182.10	(1) Upper St. Anthony Falls Enhancements
182.11	\$2,800,000 the second year is from the trust
182.12	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
182.13	for an agreement with the Friends of the Lock
182.14	and Dam in partnership with the city of
182.15	Minneapolis to design and install green
182.16	infrastructure, public access, and habitat
182.17	restorations on riverfront land at Upper St.
182.18	Anthony Falls for water protection, recreation,
182.19	and environmental education purposes. Of this
182.20	amount, up to \$600,000 is for planning,
182.21	design, and engagement. No funds from this
182.22	appropriation may be spent until Congress
182.23	directs the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers to
182.24	convey an interest in the Upper St. Anthony
182.25	Falls property to the city of Minneapolis for
182.26	use as a visitor center. After this congressional
182.27	act is signed into law, up to \$100,000 of the
182.28	planning, design, and engagement funds may
182.29	be spent. The remaining planning, design, and
182.30	engagement funds may be spent after a binding
182.31	agreement has been secured to acquire the land
182.32	or access and use rights to the land for at least
182.33	25 years. Any remaining balance of the
182.34	appropriation may be spent on installing
182.35	enhancements after the Upper St. Anthony

183.1	Falls land has been acquired by the city of
183.2	Minneapolis.
183.3 183.4	(m) Whiskey Creek and Mississippi River Water Quality, Habitat, and Recreation
183.5	\$500,000 the second year is from the trust
183.6	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
183.7	for an agreement with the Mississippi
183.8	Headwaters Board to acquire and transfer
183.9	approximately 13 acres of land to the city of
183.10	Baxter for future construction of water quality,
183.11	habitat, and recreational improvements to
183.12	protect the Mississippi River.
183.13 183.14	(n) Perham to Pelican Rapids Regional Trail (West Segment)
183.15	\$2,600,000 the second year is from the trust
183.16	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
183.17	for an agreement with Otter Tail County to
183.18	construct the west segment of the 32-mile
183.19	Perham to Pelican Rapids Regional Trail that
183.20	will connect the city of Pelican Rapids to
183.21	Maplewood State Park.
183.22 183.23	(o) Crow Wing County Community Natural Area Acquisition
183.24	\$400,000 the second year is from the trust
183.25	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
183.26	for an agreement with Crow Wing County to
183.27	acquire approximately 65 acres of land
183.28	adjacent to the historic fire tower property to
183.29	allow for diverse recreational opportunities
183.30	while protecting wildlife habitat and
183.31	preventing forest fragmentation. Any revenue
183.32	generated from selling products or assets
183.33	developed or acquired with this appropriation
183.34	must be repaid to the trust fund unless a plan
183.35	is approved for reinvestment of income in the

184.1	project as provided under Minnesota Statutes,
184.2	section 116P.10.
184.3	(p) Rocori Trail - Phase III
184.4	\$1,200,000 the second year is from the trust
184.5	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
184.6	for an agreement with the Rocori Trail
184.7	Construction Board to design and construct
184.8	Phase III of the Rocori Trail along the old
184.9	Burlington Northern Santa Fe rail corridor
184.10	between the cities of Cold Spring and
184.11	Rockville.
184.12 184.13	(q) Mesabi Trail: New Trail and Additional Funding
184.14	\$1,000,000 the second year is from the trust
184.15	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
184.16	for an agreement with the St. Louis and Lake
184.17	Counties Regional Railroad Authority for
184.18	constructing the Mesabi Trail beginning at the
184.19	intersection of County Road 20 and Minnesota
184.20	State Highway 135 and terminating at 1st
184.21	Avenue North and 1st Street North in the city
184.22	of Biwabik in St. Louis County. This
184.23	appropriation may not be spent until all
184.24	Mesabi Trail projects funded with trust fund
184.25	appropriations before fiscal year 2020, with
184.26	the exception of the project funded under Laws
184.27	2017, chapter 96, section 2, subdivision 9,
184.28	paragraph (g), are completed.
184.29 184.30	(r) Ranier Safe Harbor and Transient Dock on Rainy Lake
184.31	\$762,000 the second year is from the trust
184.32	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
184.33	for an agreement with the city of Ranier to
184.34	construct a dock that accommodates boats 26
184.35	feet or longer with the goal of increasing

184.1

185.1	public access for boat recreation on Rainy
185.2	Lake. Any revenue generated from selling
185.3	products or assets developed or acquired with
185.4	this appropriation must be repaid to the trust
185.5	fund unless a plan is approved for
185.6	reinvestment of income in the project as
185.7	provided under Minnesota Statutes, section
185.8	<u>116P.10.</u>
185.9 185.10	(s) Crane Lake Voyageurs National Park Campground and Visitor Center
185.11	\$3,100,000 the second year is from the trust
185.12	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
185.13	for an agreement with the town of Crane Lake
185.14	to design and construct a new campground
185.15	and to plan and preliminarily prepare a site
185.16	for constructing a new Voyageurs National
185.17	Park visitor center on land acquired for these
185.18	purposes in Crane Lake. Any revenue
185.19	generated from selling products or assets
185.20	developed or acquired with this appropriation
185.21	must be repaid to the trust fund unless a plan
185.22	is approved for reinvestment of income in the
185.23	project as provided under Minnesota Statutes,
185.24	section 116P.10.
185.25 185.26	(t) Chippewa County Acquisition, Recreation, and Education
185.27	\$160,000 the second year is from the trust
185.28	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
185.29	for an agreement with Chippewa County to
185.30	acquire wetland and floodplain forest and
185.31	abandoned gravel pits along the Minnesota
185.32	River to provide water filtration, education,
185.33	and recreational opportunities.
185.34 185.35	(u) Sportsmen's Training and Developmental Learning Center

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187.1	(b) Wastewater Pond Optimization
187.2	\$750,000 the second year is from the trust
187.3	fund to the commissioner of the Minnesota
187.4	Pollution Control Agency, in partnership with
187.5	the Minnesota Rural Water Association and
187.6	the University of Minnesota's technical
187.7	assistance program, to implement a program
187.8	to optimize existing pond wastewater
187.9	treatment systems to increase nutrient removal
187.10	and improve efficiency without requiring
187.11	costly upgrades.
187.12	(c) Applied Research in State Mineral and
187.13	Water Resources
187.14	\$750,000 the second year is from the trust
187.15	fund to the Board of Regents of the University
187.16	of Minnesota for academic and applied
187.17	research through the MnDRIVE program at
187.18	the Natural Resources Research Institute to
187.19	develop and demonstrate technologies that
187.20	enhance the long-term health and management
187.21	of Minnesota's mineral and water resources.
187.22	Of this amount, \$300,000 is to support
187.23	demonstration of three sulfate reduction
187.24	technologies for improved water quality, and
187.25	\$450,000 is for continued characterization of
187.26	Minnesota iron resources and for developing
187.27	next-generation technologies and iron
187.28	products. This research must be conducted in
187.29	consultation with the Mineral Coordinating
187.30	Committee established under Minnesota
187.31	Statutes, section 93.0015.
187.32	(d) Chloride Pollution Reduction
187.33	\$500,000 the second year is from the trust
187.34	fund to the commissioner of the Pollution
187.35	Control Agency for activities, training, and

188.1	grants that reduce chloride pollution. Of this
188.2	amount, \$250,000 is for grants for upgrading,
188.3	optimizing, or replacing water softener units.
188.4	Priority for grants must be given to facilities
188.5	needing improvements to comply with
188.6	chloride water quality standards.
188.7	(e) Wastewater Grants for Small Communities
188.8	(1) \$1,500,000 the second year is from the
188.9	trust fund to the Public Facilities Authority
188.10	for grants to home rule and statutory cities and
188.11	towns with a population under 5,000 for
188.12	projects in the water infrastructure funding
188.13	program under Minnesota Statutes, section
188.14	446A.072, and the point source
188.15	implementation program under Minnesota
188.16	Statutes, section 446A.073; and
188.17	(2) \$500,000 the second year is from the trust
188.18	fund to the commissioner of the Pollution
188.19	Control Agency for a grant to West Central
188.20	Initiative, a nonprofit corporation, to provide
188.21	grants to cities and towns with a population
188.22	under 5,000 for water infrastructure projects
188.23	required to comply with state or federal water
188.24	quality standards. A grant under this paragraph
188.25	shall not exceed \$100,000. A city or town shall
188.26	be eligible for a grant under this paragraph if
188.27	the city or town has undertaken or plans to
188.28	undertake a project for which the resulting
188.29	estimated annual cost per household in the
188.30	project service area will exceed twice the
188.31	annual Twin Cities metropolitan area weighted
188.32	average retail charge per household, as
188.33	determined in the most recent Survey of
188.34	Municipal Residential Wastewater Rates

189.1	prepared by Metropolitan Council
189.2	Environmental Services.
189.3	(f) Rural Septic System Assistance Grants
189.4	\$500,000 the second year is from the trust
189.5	fund to the commissioner of agriculture to
189.6	provide grants to rural landowners to replace
189.7	failing septic systems that inadequately protect
189.8	groundwater. Grants shall be administered
189.9	through the agriculture best management
189.10	practices loan program. Rural landowners, as
189.11	defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 17.117,
189.12	subdivision 4, with income below 300 percent
189.13	of the federal poverty guidelines for the
189.14	applicable family size, shall be eligible for a
189.15	grant under this section. A grant awarded
189.16	under this section shall not exceed the lesser
189.17	of \$5,000 or 35 percent of the cost of replacing
189.18	the failed or failing septic system. The
189.19	issuance of a loan under Minnesota Statutes,
189.20	section 17.117, for the purpose of replacing a
189.21	failed septic system shall not preclude a rural
189.22	landowner from obtaining a grant under this
189.23	section or vice versa. Nothing in this section
189.24	shall be construed to authorize the
189.25	commissioner to issue a grant that conflicts
189.26	with the requirements and limitations of the
189.27	Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 14.
189.28 189.29	(g) Father Hennepin State Park Water Protection
189.30	\$1,000,000 the second year is from the trust
189.31	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
189.32	for wastewater treatment pond improvements
189.33	at Father Hennepin State Park.
189.34 189.35	(h) Water Volume, Quality, and Storage Program

190.1	\$788,000 the second year is from the trust
190.2	fund to the Board of Water and Soil Resources
190.3	for the water volume, quality, and storage
190.4	program under Minnesota Statutes, section
190.5	103F.05. This appropriation is available until
190.6	June 30, 2025.
190.7 190.8	(i) Blue Earth County Storm Water Management
190.9	\$14,000 the second year is from the trust fund
190.10	to the commissioner of natural resources for
190.11	a grant to Blue Earth County for a study of
190.12	flood control and storm water management
190.13	options for South Bend Township.
190.14	(j) Madelia Floodplain Modeling
190.15	\$105,000 the second year is from the trust
190.16	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
190.17	for a grant to the city of Madelia for surveying,
190.18	modeling, and designing floodplain
190.19	improvements along the Watonwan River. The
190.20	city must submit a copy of the study to the
190.21	commissioner of natural resources and to the
190.22	Federal Emergency Management Agency for
190.23	possible incorporation into the Watonwan
190.24	County digital flood insurance rate maps.
190.25	(k) Waterville River Gauge and Flood Study
190.26	\$513,000 the second year is from the trust
190.27	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
190.28	for a grant to the city of Waterville. Of this
190.29	amount:
190.30	(1) \$13,000 is to purchase and install a flood
190.31	warning gauge on the Cannon River. The city
190.32	must work with the commissioner to integrate
100.22	
190.33	the gauge with the state's enhanced flood

191.1	(2) \$500,000 is for a flood study of the Cannon
191.2	River dam system. The study must include
191.3	data collection and calibration, structure
191.4	surveying, HEC-HMS model development
191.5	and calibration, HEC-RAS model generation,
191.6	and modeling alternative mitigation options.
191.7	(l) Storm Water Retention in Urban Areas
191.8	\$564,000 the second year is from the trust
191.9	fund to the commissioner of the Pollution
191.10	Control Agency to evaluate the impact of
191.11	storm water retention and infiltration in urban
191.12	areas on groundwater and surface water,
191.13	including the potential for contamination from
191.14	pollutants and the effects on stream water
191.15	flow, lake levels, and groundwater recharge.
191.16	The commissioner must develop
191.17	recommendations for when and where storm
191.18	water retention and infiltration should be
191.19	encouraged and discouraged. The
191.20	commissioner must submit a report with the
191.21	recommendations to the chairs and ranking
191.22	minority members of the house of
191.23	representatives and senate committees and
191.24	divisions with jurisdiction over environment
191.25	and natural resources by January 15, 2022.
191.26	(m) Water Storage and Quality Plan
191.27	\$248,000 the second year is from the trust
191.28	fund to the Board of Water and Soil Resources
191.29	to develop a plan to increase water storage in
191.30	strategic locations across the state. The plan
191.31	must:
191.32	(1) include recommendations for enhancing
191.33	flood protection, providing flood control, and

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193.1	Commission on Minnesota Resources. Money
193.2	appropriated in this section must not be spent
193.3	on indirect costs or other institutional overhead
193.4	charges that are not directly related to and
193.5	necessary for a specific appropriation. Costs
193.6	that are directly related to and necessary for
193.7	an appropriation, including financial services,
193.8	human resources, information services, rent,
193.9	and utilities, are eligible only if the costs can
193.10	be clearly justified and individually
193.11	documented specific to the appropriation's
193.12	purpose and would not be generated by the
193.13	recipient but for receipt of the appropriation.
193.14	No broad allocations for costs in either dollars
193.15	or percentages are allowed. Unless otherwise
193.16	provided, the amounts in this section are
193.17	available until June 30, 2024, when projects
193.18	must be completed and final products
193.19	delivered. For acquisition of real property, the
193.20	appropriations in this section are available for
193.21	an additional fiscal year if a binding contract
193.22	for acquisition of the real property is entered
193.23	into before the expiration date of the
193.24	appropriation. If a project receives a federal
193.25	grant, the time period of the appropriation is
193.26	extended to equal the federal grant period.
193.27	Subd. 13. Data Availability Requirements
193.28	Data collected by the projects funded under
193.29	this section must conform to guidelines and
193.30	standards adopted by MN.IT Services. Spatial
193.31	data must also conform to additional
193.32	guidelines and standards designed to support
193.33	data coordination and distribution that have
193.34	been published by the Minnesota Geospatial
193.35	Information Office. Descriptions of spatial

194.1	data must be prepared as specified in the state's
194.2	geographic metadata guideline and must be
194.3	submitted to the Minnesota Geospatial
194.4	Information Office. All data must be
194.5	accessible and free to the public unless made
194.6	private under the Data Practices Act,
194.7	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13. To the extent
194.8	practicable, summary data and results of
194.9	projects funded under this section should be
194.10	readily accessible on the Internet and
194.11	identified as having received funding from the
194.12	environment and natural resources trust fund.
194.13	Subd. 14. Project Requirements
194.14	(a) As a condition of accepting an
194.15	appropriation under this section, an agency or
194.16	entity receiving an appropriation or a party to
194.17	an agreement from an appropriation must
194.18	comply with paragraphs (b) to (l) and
194.19	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116P, and must
194.20	submit a work plan and annual or semiannual
194.21	progress reports in the form determined by the
194.22	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
194.23	Resources for any project funded in whole or
194.24	in part with funds from the appropriation.
194.25	Modifications to the approved work plan and
194.26	budget expenditures must be made through
194.27	the amendment process established by the
194.28	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
194.29	Resources.
194.30	(b) A recipient of money appropriated in this
194.31	section that conducts a restoration using funds
194.32	appropriated in this section must use native
194.33	plant species according to the Board of Water
194.34	and Soil Resources' native vegetation
194.35	establishment and enhancement guidelines

195.1	and include an appropriate diversity of native
195.2	species selected to provide habitat for
195.3	pollinators throughout the growing season as
195.4	required under Minnesota Statutes, section
195.5	<u>84.973.</u>
195.6	(c) For all restorations conducted with money
195.7	appropriated under this section, a recipient
195.8	must prepare an ecological restoration and
195.9	management plan that, to the degree
195.10	practicable, is consistent with the
195.11	highest-quality conservation and ecological
195.12	goals for the restoration site. Consideration
195.13	should be given to soil, geology, topography,
195.14	and other relevant factors that would provide
195.15	the best chance for long-term success and
195.16	durability of the restoration project. The plan
195.17	must include the proposed timetable for
195.18	implementing the restoration, including site
195.19	preparation, establishment of diverse plant
195.20	species, maintenance, and additional
195.21	enhancement to establish the restoration;
195.22	identify long-term maintenance and
195.23	management needs of the restoration and how
95.24	the maintenance, management, and
195.25	enhancement will be financed; and take
95.26	advantage of the best-available science and
195.27	include innovative techniques to achieve the
195.28	best restoration.
195.29	(d) An entity receiving an appropriation in this
195.30	section for restoration activities must provide
195.31	an initial restoration evaluation at the
195.32	completion of the appropriation and an
195.33	evaluation three years after the completion of
195.34	the expenditure. Restorations must be
195.35	evaluated relative to the stated goals and

196.1	standards in the restoration plan, current
196.2	science, and, when applicable, the Board of
196.3	Water and Soil Resources' native vegetation
196.4	establishment and enhancement guidelines.
196.5	The evaluation must determine whether the
196.6	restorations are meeting planned goals,
196.7	identify any problems with implementing the
196.8	restorations, and, if necessary, give
196.9	recommendations on improving restorations.
196.10	The evaluation must be focused on improving
196.11	<u>future restorations.</u>
196.12	(e) All restoration and enhancement projects
196.13	<u>funded</u> with money appropriated in this section
196.14	must be on land permanently protected by a
196.15	conservation easement or public ownership.
196.16	(f) A recipient of money from an appropriation
196.17	under this section must give consideration to
196.18	contracting with Conservation Corps
196.19	Minnesota for contract restoration and
196.20	enhancement services.
196.21	(g) All conservation easements acquired with
196.22	money appropriated under this section must:
196.23	(1) be permanent;
196.24	(2) specify the parties to an easement in the
196.25	easement;
196.26	(3) specify all of the provisions of an
196.27	agreement that are permanent;
196.28	(4) be sent to the Legislative-Citizen
196.29	Commission on Minnesota Resources in an
196.30	electronic format at least ten business days
196.31	before closing;

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198.1	(k) To ensure public accountability for using
198.2	public funds, a recipient of money
198.3	appropriated under this section must, within
198.4	60 days of the transaction, provide to the
198.5	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
198.6	Resources documentation of the selection
198.7	process used to identify parcels acquired and
198.8	provide documentation of all related
198.9	transaction costs, including but not limited to
198.10	appraisals, legal fees, recording fees,
198.11	commissions, other similar costs, and
198.12	donations. This information must be provided
198.13	for all parties involved in the transaction. The
198.14	recipient must also report to the
198.15	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
198.16	Resources any difference between the
198.17	acquisition amount paid to the seller and the
198.18	state-certified or state-reviewed appraisal, if
198.19	a state-certified or state-reviewed appraisal
198.20	was conducted.
198.21	(l) A recipient of an appropriation from the
198.22	trust fund under this section must acknowledge
198.23	financial support from the environment and
198.24	natural resources trust fund in project
198.25	publications, signage, and other public
198.26	communications and outreach related to work
198.27	completed using the appropriation.
198.28	Acknowledgment may occur, as appropriate,
198.29	through use of the trust fund logo or inclusion
198.30	of language attributing support from the trust
198.31	fund. Each direct recipient of money
198.32	appropriated in this section, as well as each
198.33	recipient of a grant awarded pursuant to this
198.34	section, must satisfy all reporting and other
198.35	requirements incumbent upon constitutionally
198.36	dedicated funding recipients as provided in

199.1	Minnesota Statutes, section 3.303, subdivision
199.2	10, and chapter 116P.
199.3 199.4	Subd. 15. Payment Conditions and Capital-Equipment Expenditures
199.5	(a) All agreements, grants, or contracts
199.6	referred to in this section must be administered
199.7	on a reimbursement basis unless otherwise
199.8	provided in this section. Notwithstanding
199.9	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.41,
199.10	expenditures made on or after July 1, 2020,
199.11	or the date the work plan is approved,
199.12	whichever is later, are eligible for
199.13	reimbursement unless otherwise provided in
199.14	this section. Periodic payments must be made
199.15	upon receiving documentation that the
199.16	deliverable items articulated in the approved
199.17	work plan have been achieved, including
199.18	partial achievements as evidenced by approved
199.19	progress reports. Reasonable amounts may be
199.20	advanced to projects to accommodate
199.21	cash-flow needs or match federal money. The
199.22	advances must be approved as part of the work
199.23	plan. No expenditures for capital equipment
199.24	are allowed unless expressly authorized in the
199.25	project work plan.
199.26	(b) Single-source contracts as specified in the
199.27	approved work plan are allowed.
199.28 199.29	Subd. 16. Purchasing Recycled and Recyclable Materials
199.30	A political subdivision, public or private
199.31	corporation, or other entity that receives an
199.32	appropriation under this section must use the
199.33	appropriation in compliance with Minnesota
199.34	Statutes, section 16C.0725, regarding
199.35	purchasing recycled, repairable, and durable

200.1	materials and Minnesota Statutes, section
200.2	16C.073, regarding purchasing and using
200.3	paper stock and printing.
200.4 200.5	Subd. 17. Energy Conservation and Sustainable Building Guidelines
200.6	A recipient to whom an appropriation is made
200.7	under this section for a capital improvement
200.8	project must ensure that the project complies
200.9	with the applicable energy conservation and
200.10	sustainable building guidelines and standards
200.11	contained in law, including Minnesota
200.12	Statutes, sections 16B.325, 216C.19, and
200.13	216C.20, and rules adopted under those
200.14	sections. The recipient may use the energy
200.15	planning, advocacy, and State Energy Office
200.16	units of the Department of Commerce to
200.17	obtain information and technical assistance
200.18	on energy conservation and alternative-energy
200.19	development relating to planning and
200.20	constructing the capital improvement project.
200.21	Subd. 18. Accessibility
200.22	Structural and nonstructural facilities must
200.23	meet the design standards in the Americans
200.24	with Disabilities Act (ADA) accessibility
200.25	guidelines.
200.26	Subd. 19. Carryforward; Extension
200.27	(a) The availability of the appropriations for
200.28	the following projects is extended to June 30,
200.29	<u>2022:</u>
200.30	(1) Laws 2017, chapter 96, section 2,
200.31	subdivision 8, paragraph (k), Conservation
200.32	Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP)
200.33	Outreach and Implementation; and

- 201.1 (2) Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 4, section
- 201.2 2, subdivision 6, paragraph (b), Palmer
- 201.3 Amaranth Detection and Eradication
- 201.4 Continuation.
- 201.5 (b) The availability of the appropriations for
- 201.6 the following projects is extended to June 30,
- 201.7 2023:
- 201.8 (1) Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 4, section
- 201.9 2, subdivision 10, Emerging Issues Account;
- 201.10 (2) Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter
- 201.11 4, article 2, section 2, subdivision 8, paragraph
- 201.12 (f), Lawns to Legumes; and
- 201.13 (3) Laws 2017, chapter 96, section 2,
- 201.14 subdivision 9, paragraph (h), Tower Trailhead
- 201.15 Boat Landing and Habitat Improvement -
- 201.16 **Phase II.**
- 201.17 (c) The availability of the appropriation under
- 201.18 Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 4, section 2,
- 201.19 subdivision 4, paragraph (l), Lake Agnes
- 201.20 Treatment, is extended to June 30, 2024.
- 201.21 Subd. 20. Transfers
- 201.22 The appropriation in Laws 2019, First Special
- 201.23 Session chapter 4, article 2, section 2,
- 201.24 subdivision 8, paragraph (c), Sauk River Dam
- 201.25 Removal and Rock Rapids Replacement, in
- 201.26 the amount of \$2,768,000, no longer needed
- 201.27 for its original purpose, is transferred to the
- 201.28 Board of Water and Soil Resources for the
- 201.29 water volume, quality, and storage program
- 201.30 under Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.05.
- 201.31 This appropriation is available until June 30,
- 201.32 <u>2025.</u>

202.1	Sec. 3. [103F.05] WATER VOLUME, QUALITY, AND STORAGE.
202.2	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision
202.3	have the meanings given them.
202.4	(b) "Board" means the Board of Water and Soil Resources.
202.5	(c) "Local units of government" has the meaning given under section 103B.305,
202.6	subdivision 5, and includes tribal governments.
202.7	Subd. 2. Establishment. The board must establish a program to protect, conserve,
202.8	preserve, and enhance the state's water quality and related natural resources benefits by
202.9	providing financial assistance or grants to local units of government to control water volume
202.10	and rates of flow, to reduce water quality impairment caused by flooding, and to construct
202.11	infrastructure and improvements to facilitate these goals.
202.12	Subd. 3. Financial assistance or grants. (a) The board may provide financial assistance
202.13	or grants to local units of government to cover the costs of water volume control projects,
202.14	water storage projects, and other water quality practices consistent with a plan approved
202.15	according to chapter 103B, 103C, or 103D. The board may acquire conservation easements
202.16	under sections 103F.501 to 103F.531 as necessary to implement a project or practice under
202.17	this section.
202.18	(b) The board must enter into agreements with local units of government receiving
202.19	financial assistance or grants under this section. The agreements must specify the terms of
202.20	state and local cooperation, including the financing arrangement for constructing any
202.21	structures and assuring maintenance of the structures after completion.
202.22	Subd. 4. Eligible costs. Eligible costs for financial assistance or grants include:
202.23	(1) surveying, modeling, and design of floodplain improvements;
202.24	(2) design of local flood control and storm water management improvements;
202.25	(3) purchase and installation of flood warning and stream flow monitoring equipment;
202.26	(4) costs to assess and design water control and water volume rates for the major river
202.27	basins in Minnesota;
202.28	(5) assessments of local infrastructure, and technical specifications for storm water and
202.29	wastewater infrastructure eligible for state bonding;
202.30	(6) costs for property acquisition, equipment acquisition, and site improvements that are
202.31	not eligible for state bonding; and

203.1	(7) costs of soil health and related water quality practices that would assist with reducing
203.2	water runoff, flood prevention, and water storage.
203.3	Subd. 5. Matching contribution and maximum awards. (a) The board must require
203.4	a matching contribution when providing financial assistance under this section and may
203.5	adjust matching requirements if federal funds are available for the project.
203.6	(b) The board must establish maximum award amounts when providing financial
203.7	assistance or grants under this section.
203.8	Subd. 6. Technical assistance. (a) The board may employ or contract with an engineer
203.9	or hydrologist to work on the technical implementation of the program established under
203.10	this section.
203.11	(b) When implementing the program, the board must:
203.12	(1) assist local units of government in achieving the goals of the program;
203.13	(2) review and analyze projects and project sites; and
203.14	(3) evaluate the effectiveness of completed projects constructed under the program.
203.15	(c) The board must cooperate with the commissioner of natural resources, the
203.16	commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency, the United States Department of Agriculture
203.17	Natural Resources Conservation Service, and other agencies as needed to analyze
203.18	hydrological and engineering information on proposed sites.
203.19	Subd. 7. Requirements. (a) A local unit of government applying for financial assistance
203.20	or grants under this section must provide a copy of a resolution or other documentation of
203.21	the local unit of government's support for the project. The documentation must include
203.22	provisions for local funding and management, the proposed method of obtaining necessary
203.23	land rights for the proposed project, and an assignment of responsibility for maintaining
203.24	any structures or practices upon completion.
203.25	(b) A local unit of government, with the assistance of the board, must evaluate the public
203.26	benefits that are reasonably expected upon completing the proposed project, and must
203.27	specifically identify the way in which the proposed project will further enhance the protection,
203.28	conservation, preservation, and enhancement of the state's water quality. The evaluation
203.29	must be submitted to the board before the final design.
203.30	Subd. 8. Interstate cooperation. The board may enter into or approve working
203.31	agreements with neighboring states or their political subdivisions to accomplish projects
203.32	consistent with the program established under this section.

204.1	Subd. 9. Federal aid availability. The board must regularly a	ınalyze the	availability of
204.2	federal funds and programs to supplement or complement state as	nd local eff	orts consistent
204.3	with the purposes of this section.		
204.4	Sec. 4. Laws 2016, chapter 186, section 2, subdivision 9, as am	ended by L	aws 2018,
204.5	chapter 214, article 4, section 6, is amended to read:		
204.6	Subd. 9. Land Acquisition, Habitat, and	0	0.702.000
204.7	Recreation	-0-	8,793,000
204.8	(a) Scientific and Natural Area Restoration		
204.9	\$1,386,000 the second year is from the trust		
204.10	fund to the commissioner of natural resources		
204.11	to restore and improve approximately 750		
204.12	acres of scientific and natural areas. A list of		
204.13	proposed restorations must be provided as part		
204.14	of the required work plan. This appropriation		
204.15	is available until June 30, 2019, by which time		
204.16	the project must be completed and final		
204.17	products delivered.		
204.18 204.19	(b) Minnesota Point Pine Forest Scientific and Natural Area Acquisition		
204.20	\$500,000 the second year is from the trust		
204.21	fund to the commissioner of natural resources		
204.22	in cooperation with the Duluth Airport		
204.23	Authority to acquire approximately ten acres		
204.24	as an addition to the designated Minnesota		
204.25	Point Pine Forest Scientific and Natural Area		
204.26	located along the shores of Lake Superior in		
204.27	Duluth. Any balance remaining in the		
204.28	appropriation not needed for the acquisition		
204.29	is available to the commissioner for a grant to		
204.30	the Duluth Airport Authority to use to protect		
204.31	the Minnesota Point Pine Forest Scientific and		
204.32	Natural Area by relocating an airport runway.		
204.33	The appropriation is available until June 30,		
204.34	2022.		

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(c)	Conservation	<b>Easements</b>	in	Avon	Hills	-
-	***					

Phase III

205.1 205.2

\$1,300,000 the second year is from the trust 205.3 fund to the commissioner of natural resources 205.4 for an agreement with Saint John's University 205.5 in cooperation with Minnesota Land Trust to 205.6 secure permanent conservation easements on 205.7 approximately 500 acres of high-quality 205.8 habitat in Stearns County, prepare 205.9 conservation management plans, and provide 205.10 public outreach. A list of proposed easement 205.11 acquisitions must be provided as part of the 205.12 required work plan. An entity that acquires a 205.13 conservation easement with appropriations 205.14 from the trust fund must have a long-term 205.15 stewardship plan for the easement and a fund 205.16 established for monitoring and enforcing the 205.17 agreement. Funding for the long-term 205.18 monitoring and enforcement fund must come 205.19 from nonstate sources for easements acquired 205.20 with this appropriation. The state may enforce 205.21 requirements in the conservation easements 205.22 on land acquired with this appropriation and 205.23 the conservation easement document must 205.24 state this authority and explicitly include 205.25 205.26 requirements for water quality and quantity protection. This appropriation is available until 205.27 June 30, 2019, by which time the project must 205.28 be completed and final products delivered. 205.29 (d) Lincoln Pipestone Rural Water System 205.30 **Acquisition for Wellhead Protection** 205.31 \$1,500,000 the second year is from the trust 205.32 fund to the commissioner of natural resources 205.33

under an approved wellhead protection plan. 205.36

205.34

205.35

for an agreement with Lincoln Pipestone Rural

Water to acquire and restore lands designated

206.1	Lands acquired with this appropriation must
206.2	be from willing sellers and be identified by
206.3	the Department of Health as targeted
206.4	vulnerable lands for wellhead protection.
206.5	Lands must be restored to permanent
206.6	vegetative cover, but may be used for
206.7	recreation and renewable energy if adequate
206.8	protection of the drinking water aquifer is
206.9	provided. A list of proposed acquisitions must
206.10	be provided as part of the required work plan.
206.11	Plant and seed materials must follow the Board
206.12	of Water and Soil Resources' native vegetation
206.13	establishment and enhancement guidelines.
206.14	Income derived from the lands acquired with
206.15	funds appropriated under this paragraph is
206.16	exempt from Minnesota Statutes, section
206.17	116P.10, if used for additional wellhead
206.18	protection as provided under this paragraph
206.19	until adequate wellhead protection has been
206.20	achieved, as determined by the commissioner
206.21	of health. Any income earned after that must
206.22	be returned to the environment and natural
206.23	resources trust fund. This appropriation is
206.24	available until June 30, 2019, by which time
206.25	the project must be completed and final
206.26	products delivered.
206.27	(e) Mesabi Trail Segment from Highway 135 to
206.28	Town of Embarrass
206.29	\$1,200,000 the second year is from the trust
206.30	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
206.31	for an agreement with the St. Louis and Lake
206.32	Counties Regional Railroad Authority for
206.33	engineering and construction of segments of
206.34	the Mesabi Trail, totaling approximately six
206.35	miles between Highway 135 and the town of
206.36	Embarrass. This appropriation is available

	ž
207.1	until June 30, 2019, by which time the project
207.2	must be completed and final products
207.3	delivered.
207.4	(f) Tower Historic Harbor Trail Connections
207.5	\$679,000 the second year is from the trust
207.6	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
207.7	for an agreement with the city of Tower to
207.8	construct recreational trails along the harbor
207.9	in Tower and to connect to the Mesabi Trail.
207.10	This appropriation is available until June 30,
207.11	2019, by which time the project must be
207.12	completed and final products delivered.
207.13 207.14	(g) Otter Tail River Recreational Trail Acquisition
207.15	\$600,000 the second year is from the trust
207.16	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
207.17	for an agreement with the city of Fergus Falls
207.18	to acquire land along the Otter Tail River for
207.19	a recreational trail and park. This appropriation
207.20	is contingent on at least a 40 percent match of
207.21	nonstate money. Prior to the acquisition, a
207.22	phase 1 environmental assessment must be
207.23	completed and the city must not accept any
207.24	liability for previous contamination of lands
207.25	acquired with this appropriation.
207.26	Sec. 5. Laws 2017, chapter 96, section 2, subdivision 9, as amended by Laws 2019, First
207.27	Special Session chapter 4, article 2, section 4, is amended to read:
207.28 207.29	Subd. 9. Land Acquisition, Habitat, and Recreation 999,000 13,533,000 -0-
207.30 207.31	(a) Metropolitan Regional Parks System Land Acquisition
207.32	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund
207.32	to the Metropolitan Council for grants to
207.33	acquire approximately 70 acres of land within
	the approved park boundaries of the
201.33	the approved park boundaries of the

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208.1	metropolitan regional park system. This		
208.2	appropriation may not be used to purchase		
208.3	habitable residential structures. A list of		
208.4	proposed fee title acquisitions must be		
208.5	provided as part of the required work plan.		
208.6	This appropriation must be matched by at least		
208.7	40 percent of nonstate money that must be		
208.8	committed by December 31, 2017. This		
208.9	appropriation is available until June 30, 2020,		
208.10	by which time the project must be completed		
208.11	and final products delivered.		
208.12 208.13	(b) Scientific and Natural Areas Acquisition and Restoration, Citizen Science, and Engagement		
208.14	\$2,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
208.15	to the commissioner of natural resources to		
208.16	acquire land with high-quality native plant		
208.17	communities and rare features to be		
208.18	established as scientific and natural areas as		
208.19	provided in Minnesota Statutes, section		
208.20	86A.05, subdivision 5, restore and improve		
208.21	scientific and natural areas, and provide		
208.22	technical assistance and outreach, including		
208.23	site steward events. At least one-third of the		
208.24	appropriation must be spent on restoration		
208.25	activities. A list of proposed acquisitions and		
208.26	restorations must be provided as part of the		
208.27	required work plan. Land acquired with this		
208.28	appropriation must be sufficiently improved		
208.29	to meet at least minimum management		
208.30	standards, as determined by the commissioner		
208.31	of natural resources. When feasible,		
208.32	consideration must be given to accommodate		
208.33	trails on lands acquired. This appropriation is		
208.34	available until June 30, 2020, by which time		
208.35	the project must be completed and final		
208.36	products delivered.		

209.1 209.2	(c) Minnesota State Parks and State Trails Land Acquisition		
209.3	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
209.4	to the commissioner of natural resources to		
209.5	acquire approximately 373 acres from willing		
209.6	sellers for authorized state trails and critical		
209.7	parcels within the statutory boundaries of state		
209.8	parks. State park land acquired with this		
209.9	appropriation must be sufficiently improved		
209.10	to meet at least minimum management		
209.11	standards, as determined by the commissioner		
209.12	of natural resources. A list of proposed		
209.13	acquisitions must be provided as part of the		
209.14	required work plan. This appropriation is		
209.15	available until June 30, 2020, by which time		
209.16	the project must be completed and final		
209.17	products delivered.		
209.18 209.19	(d) Minnesota State Trails Acquisition, Development, and Enhancement		
209.20	\$999,000 in fiscal year 2017 and \$39,000 the		
209.21	first year are from the trust fund to the		
209.22	commissioner of natural resources for state		
209.22 209.23	commissioner of natural resources for state trail acquisition, development, and		
209.23	trail acquisition, development, and		
209.23 209.24	trail acquisition, development, and enhancement in southern Minnesota. A		
209.23 209.24 209.25	trail acquisition, development, and enhancement in southern Minnesota. A proposed list of trail projects on authorized		
209.23 209.24 209.25 209.26	trail acquisition, development, and enhancement in southern Minnesota. A proposed list of trail projects on authorized state trails must be provided as part of the		
209.23 209.24 209.25 209.26 209.27	trail acquisition, development, and enhancement in southern Minnesota. A proposed list of trail projects on authorized state trails must be provided as part of the required work plan. This appropriation is		
209.23 209.24 209.25 209.26 209.27 209.28	trail acquisition, development, and enhancement in southern Minnesota. A proposed list of trail projects on authorized state trails must be provided as part of the required work plan. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2020, by which time		
209.23 209.24 209.25 209.26 209.27 209.28 209.29	trail acquisition, development, and enhancement in southern Minnesota. A proposed list of trail projects on authorized state trails must be provided as part of the required work plan. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2020, by which time the project must be completed and final		
209.23 209.24 209.25 209.26 209.27 209.28 209.29 209.30	trail acquisition, development, and enhancement in southern Minnesota. A proposed list of trail projects on authorized state trails must be provided as part of the required work plan. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2020, by which time the project must be completed and final products delivered.  (e) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank		
209.23 209.24 209.25 209.26 209.27 209.28 209.29 209.30 209.31 209.32	trail acquisition, development, and enhancement in southern Minnesota. A proposed list of trail projects on authorized state trails must be provided as part of the required work plan. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2020, by which time the project must be completed and final products delivered.  (e) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition		
209.23 209.24 209.25 209.26 209.27 209.28 209.29 209.30 209.31 209.32 209.33	trail acquisition, development, and enhancement in southern Minnesota. A proposed list of trail projects on authorized state trails must be provided as part of the required work plan. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2020, by which time the project must be completed and final products delivered.  (e) Native Prairie Stewardship and Prairie Bank Easement Acquisition  \$2,675,000 the first year is from the trust fund		

210.1	84.96, on approximately 250 acres, prepare	
210.2	baseline property assessments, restore and	
210.3	enhance native prairie sites, and provide	
210.4	technical assistance to landowners. Of this	
210.5	amount, up to \$132,000 may be deposited in	
210.6	a conservation easement stewardship account.	
210.7	Deposits into the conservation easement	
210.8	stewardship account must be made upon	
210.9	closing on conservation easements or at a time	
210.10	otherwise approved in the work plan. A list of	
210.11	proposed easement acquisitions must be	
210.12	provided as part of the required work plan.	
210.13	This appropriation is available until June 30,	
210.14	2020, by which time the project must be	
210.15	completed and final products delivered.	
210.16	(f) Leech Lake Acquisition	
210.17	\$1,500,000 the first year is from the trust fund	
210.18	to the commissioner of natural resources for	
210.19	an agreement with the Leech Lake Band of	
210.20	Ojibwe to acquire approximately 45 acres,	
210.21	including 0.67 miles of shoreline of	
210.22	high-quality aquatic and wildlife habitat at the	
210.23	historic meeting place between Henry	
210.24	Schoolcraft and the Anishinabe people. The	
210.25	land must be open to public use including	
210.26	hunting and fishing. The band must provide a	
210.27	commitment that land will not be put in a	
210.28	federal trust through the Bureau of Indian	
210.29	Affairs.	
210.30	(g) Mesabi Trail Development	
210.31	\$2,269,000 the first year is from the trust fund	
210.32	to the commissioner of natural resources for	
210.33	an agreement with the St. Louis and Lake	
210.34	Counties Regional Railroad Authority for	
210.35	engineering and constructing segments of the	

211.1	Mesabi Trail. This appropriation is available
211.2	until June 30, 2020, by which time the project
211.3	must be completed and final products
211.4	delivered.
211.5 211.6	(h) Tower Trailhead Boat Landing and Habitat Improvement - Phase II
211.7	\$600,000 the first year is from the trust fund
211.8	to the commissioner of natural resources for
211.9	an agreement with the city of Tower to
211.10	construct a trailhead, trail connection to the
211.11	Mesabi Trail, and boat landing and to restore
211.12	vegetative habitat on city-owned property.
211.13	Plant and seed materials must follow the Board
211.14	of Water and Soil Resources' native vegetation
211.15	establishment and enhancement guidelines.
211.16	This appropriation is available until June 30,
211.17	2020, by which time the project must be
211.18	completed and final products delivered.
211.19 211.20	(i) Land Acquisition for Voyageurs National Park Crane Lake Visitors Center
211.21	\$950,000 the first year is from the trust fund
211.22	to the commissioner of natural resources for
211.23	an agreement with the town of Crane Lake, in
211.24	partnership with Voyageurs National Park and
211.25	the Department of Natural Resources, to
211.26	acquire approximately 30 acres to be used for
211.27	a visitor center and campground. Income
211.28	generated by the campground may be used to
211.29	support the facility.
211.30	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2017.
211.31	Sec. 6. Laws 2018, chapter 214, article 4, section 2, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
211.32 211.33	Subd. 6. Aquatic and Terrestrial Invasive Species -0- 5,760,000
211.34 211.35	(a) Minnesota Invasive Terrestrial Plants and Pests Center - Phase 4

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212.1	\$3,500,000 the second year is from the trust		
212.2	fund to the Board of Regents of the University		
212.3	of Minnesota for high-priority research at the		
212.4	Invasive Terrestrial Plants and Pests Center		
212.5	to protect Minnesota's natural and agricultural		
212.6	resources from terrestrial invasive plants,		
212.7	pathogens, and pests as identified through the		
212.8	center's strategic prioritization process. This		
212.9	appropriation is available until June 30, 2023,		
212.10	by which time the project must be completed		
212.11	and final products delivered.		
212.12 212.13	(b) Palmer Amaranth Detection and Eradication Continuation		
212.14	\$431,000 the second year is from the trust		
212.15	fund to the commissioner of agriculture to		
212.16	continue to monitor, ground survey, and		
212.17	control Palmer amaranth and other prohibited		
212.18	eradicate species of noxious weeds primarily		
212.19	in conservation plantings natural areas and to		
212.20	develop and implement aerial-survey methods		
212.21	to prevent infestation and protect prairies,		
212.22	other natural areas, and agricultural crops.		
212.23 212.24	(c) Evaluate Control Methods for Invasive Hybrid Cattails		
212.25	\$131,000 the second year is from the trust		
212.26	fund to the commissioner of natural resources		
212.27	for an agreement with Voyageurs National		
212.28	Park to evaluate the effectiveness of		
212.29	mechanical harvesting and managing muskrat		
212.30	populations to remove exotic hybrid cattails		
212.31	and restore fish and wildlife habitat in		
212.32	Minnesota wetlands. This appropriation is		
212.33	available until June 30, 2021, by which time		
212.34	the project must be completed and final		
212.35	products delivered.		

213.1 213.2	(d) Developing RNA Interference to Control Zebra Mussels
213.3	\$500,000 the second year is from the trust
213.4	fund to the commissioner of natural resources
213.5	for an agreement with the United States
213.6	Geological Survey to develop a genetic control
213.7	tool that exploits the natural process of RNA
213.8	silencing to specifically target and effectively
213.9	control zebra mussels without affecting other
213.10	species or causing other nontarget effects. This
213.11	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021,
213.12	by which time the project must be completed
213.13	and final products delivered.
213.14 213.15	(e) Install and Evaluate an Invasive Carp Deterrent for Mississippi River Locks and Dams
213.16	\$998,000 the second year is from the trust
213.17	fund to the Board of Regents of the University
213.18	of Minnesota in cooperation with the United
213.19	States Army Corps of Engineers and the
213.20	United States Fish and Wildlife Service to
213.21	install, evaluate, and optimize a system in
213.22	Mississippi River locks and dams to deter
213.23	passage of invasive carp without negatively
213.24	impacting native fish and to evaluate the
213.25	ability of predator fish in the pools above the
213.26	locks and dams to consume young carp. The
213.27	project must conduct a cost comparison of
213.28	equipment purchase versus lease options and
213.29	choose the most effective option. This
213.30	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021,
213.31	by which time the project must be completed
213.32	and final products delivered.
213.33 213.34	(f) Determining Risk of Toxic Alga in Minnesota Lakes
213.35	\$200,000 the second year is from the trust
213.36	fund to the Science Museum of Minnesota for

214.1	the St. Croix Watershed Research Station to	
214.2	determine the historical distribution,	
214.3	abundance, and toxicity of the invasive	
214.4	blue-green alga, Cylindrospermopsis	
214.5	raciborskii, in about 20 lakes across Minnesota	
214.6	and inform managers and the public about the	
214.7	alga's spread and health risks. This	
214.8	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021,	
214.9	by which time the project must be completed	
214.10	and final products delivered.	
214.11	ARTICLE 4	
214.12 214.13	2022 ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST FUND APPROPRIATIONS	
214.14	Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS.	
01415		
214.15	The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies	
214.16		
214.17	and natural resources trust fund and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each	
214.18 214.19	purpose. The figures "2022" and "2023" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, or June 30, 2023,	
214.19	respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2022. "The second year" is fiscal year 2023. "The	
214.20	biennium" is fiscal years 2022 and 2023.	
217.21	olemnam is fiscal years 2022 and 2023.	
214.22 214.23	APPROPRIATIONS Available for the Year	
214.24	Ending June 30	
214.25	$\underline{2022} \qquad \underline{2023}$	
214.26	Sec. 2. MINNESOTA RESOURCES	
214.27	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation \$ 70,881,000 \$ -0-	
214.28	The amounts that may be spent for each	
214.29	purpose are specified in the following	
214.30	subdivisions. Appropriations in the first year	
214.31	are available for three years beginning July 1,	
214.32	2021, unless otherwise stated in the	
214.33	appropriation. Any unencumbered balance	
214.34	remaining in the first year does not cancel and	

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215.1	is available for the second year or until the		
215.2	end of the appropriation.		
215.3	Subd. 2. <b>Definition</b>		
215.4	"Trust fund" means the Minnesota		
215.5	environment and natural resources trust fund		
215.6	established under the Minnesota Constitution,		
215.7	article XI, section 14.		
215.8 215.9	Subd. 3. Foundational Natural Resource Data and Information	10,459,000	<u>-0-</u>
215.10 215.11	(a) What's Bugging Minnesota's Insect-Eating Birds?		
215.12	\$199,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
215.13	to the Board of Regents of the University of		
215.14	Minnesota for the Natural Resources Research		
215.15	Institute to examine the relationship between		
215.16	insect abundance, timing of insect availability,		
215.17	and breeding success for multiple bird species		
215.18	across land-use intensities to develop		
215.19	comprehensive guidelines to conserve bird		
215.20	and insect diversity.		
215.21 215.22	(b) Protecting Minnesota's Beneficial Macroalgae: All Stoneworts Aren't Starry		
215.23	\$811,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
215.24	to the commissioner of natural resources to		
215.25	conduct a statewide inventory to provide		
215.26	baseline data and build in-state knowledge of		
215.27	Minnesota's native stoneworts, a diverse group		
215.28	of aquatic plants that support clear lakes and		
215.29	healthy fish habitat.		
215.30	(c) County Groundwater Atlas		
215.31	\$1,875,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
215.32	to the commissioner of natural resources to		
215.33	continue producing county groundwater		
215 34	atlases to inform management of surface water		

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217.1	\$800,000 the first year is from the trust fund
217.2	to the commissioner of the Pollution Control
217.3	Agency to improve protection of groundwater
217.4	resources for drinking water by expanding the
217.5	web-based interactive groundwater
217.6	contamination mapping system to include all
217.7	other state hazardous and solid waste cleanup
217.8	programs and by upgrading the system to
217.9	collect monitoring data.
217.10 217.11	(g) Geologic Atlases for Water Resource <u>Management</u>
217.12	\$3,092,000 the first year is from the trust fund
217.13	to the Board of Regents of the University of
217.14	Minnesota, Minnesota Geological Survey, to
217.15	continue producing county geologic atlases to
217.16	inform management of surface water and
217.17	groundwater resources. This appropriation is
217.18	to complete Part A, which focuses on the
217.19	properties and distribution of earth materials
217.20	to define aquifer boundaries and the
217.21	connection of aquifers to the land surface and
217.22	surface water resources.
217.23 217.24	(h) Redwood County Reinvest in Minnesota Easement Evaluation and Public Outreach
217.25	\$197,000 the first year is from the trust fund
217.26	to the commissioner of natural resources for
217.27	an agreement with Redwood County for the
217.28	Redwood Soil and Water Conservation District
217.29	to inventory vegetation, evaluate wetland
217.30	conditions, and create a countywide
217.31	stewardship plan for lands protected with
217.32	permanent conservation easements. This
217.33	appropriation may also be spent to conduct
217.34	outreach to volunteers and landowners on
217.35	effective prairie and wetland habitat
217.36	management.

218.1 218.2	Monitoring Program
218.3	\$644,000 the first year is from the trust fund
218.4	to the commissioner of natural resources to
218.5	work with tribal partners to create a
218.6	collaborative and comprehensive monitoring
218.7	program to conserve wild-rice waters, develop
218.8	remote sensing tools for statewide estimates
218.9	of wild rice coverage, and collect consistent
218.10	field data on wild rice health and abundance.
218.11 218.12	(j) Morrison County Performance Drainage and Hydrology Management II
218.13	\$197,000 the first year is from the trust fund
218.14	to the commissioner of natural resources for
218.15	an agreement with the Morrison Soil and
218.16	Water Conservation District to complete the
218.17	Morrison County culvert inventory started in
218.18	2016 to help solve landowner conflicts, protect
218.19	wetlands, improve water quality, and design
218.20	additional water storage throughout the
218.21	county.
218.22 218.23	(k) Exploring Minnesota's Wetlands: Our Resource for Future Medicine
218.24	\$210,000 the first year is from the trust fund
218.25	to the Board of Regents of the University of
218.26	Minnesota, Crookston, to work with White
218.27	Earth Tribal and Community College to
218.28	catalog bog microbe diversity in Minnesota's
218.29	ecoregions, test for potential
218.30	antibiotic-producing microorganisms, and
218.31	establish methods to enhance any antibiotic
218.32	cultures discovered.
218.33 218.34	(l) A Biodiversity Checkup for Minnesota's Big Woods

110.1	\$100,000 the first reason is formed to the first of the state of the s		
219.1	\$109,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
219.2	to the Board of Regents of the University of		
219.3	Minnesota to inform conservation strategies		
219.4	by comparing the historic and contemporary		
219.5	flora of Minnesota's Big Woods to determine		
219.6	if all species have survived in the small		
219.7	remaining remnants of that ecosystem.		
219.8 219.9	(m) Microbiome in Raptors: A New Tool for Conservation		
219.10	\$129,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
219.11	to the Board of Regents of the University of		
219.12	Minnesota for the Raptor Center to improve		
219.13	wildlife care and environmental stewardship		
219.14	by evaluating the impact of antibiotics		
219.15	administered during captivity on raptor gut		
219.16	microbiome, rehabilitation success, and the		
219.17	potential spread of antimicrobial resistance in		
219.18	the natural environment.		
219.19 219.20	(n) Bioacoustics for Broad-Scale Species Monitoring and Conservation		
219.21	\$305,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
219.22	to the Board of Regents of the University of		
219.23	Minnesota to improve wildlife conservation		
219.24	efforts by using passive acoustic monitoring		
219.25	devices to determine statewide distribution		
219.26	and reproduction of red-headed woodpeckers		
219.27	and developing a protocol for future use of		
219.28	this technology to monitor population trends		
219.29	and responses to habitat management. This		
219.30	appropriation is available until June 30, 2025,		
219.31	by which time the project must be completed		
219.32	and final products delivered.		
219.33	Subd. 4. Water Resources	4,771,000	<u>-0-</u>
219.34	(a) Trout Stream Habitat Restoration Success		

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	\$319,000 the first year is from the trust fund
220.2	to the Board of Regents of the University of
220.3	Minnesota for the Natural Resources Research
220.4	Institute to evaluate the effectiveness and
220.5	durability of previous trout stream habitat
220.6	restoration projects to improve the success and
220.7	cost effectiveness of future projects. This
220.8	appropriation is available until June 30, 2025,
220.9	by which time the project must be completed
220.10	and final products delivered.
220.11 220.12	(b) Novel Nutrient Recovery Process from Wastewater Treatment Plants
220.13	\$200,000 the first year is from the trust fund
220.14	to the Board of Regents of the University of
220.15	Minnesota to conduct lab- and pilot-scale tests
220.16	of a new process to promote nutrient removal
220.17	and recovery at rural municipal and industrial
220.18	wastewater treatment plants for water
220.19	protection and renewable energy production.
220.20 220.21	(c) Monitoring Emerging Viruses in Minnesota's Urban Water Cycles
	\$416,000 the first year is from the trust found
220.22	\$416,000 the first year is from the trust fund
220.22 220.23	to the Board of Regents of the University of
220.23	to the Board of Regents of the University of
220.23 220.24	to the Board of Regents of the University of  Minnesota to develop rapid testing,
220.23 220.24 220.25	to the Board of Regents of the University of  Minnesota to develop rapid testing,  quantification, and human exposure risk
220.23 220.24 220.25 220.26	to the Board of Regents of the University of  Minnesota to develop rapid testing,  quantification, and human exposure risk  assessment models for enveloped viruses such
220.23 220.24 220.25 220.26 220.27	to the Board of Regents of the University of  Minnesota to develop rapid testing,  quantification, and human exposure risk  assessment models for enveloped viruses such as coronaviruses in urban wastewater and
220.23 220.24 220.25 220.26 220.27 220.28	to the Board of Regents of the University of  Minnesota to develop rapid testing, quantification, and human exposure risk assessment models for enveloped viruses such as coronaviruses in urban wastewater and drinking water treatment processes.  (d) Microgeographic Impact of Antibiotics
220.23 220.24 220.25 220.26 220.27 220.28 220.29 220.30	to the Board of Regents of the University of  Minnesota to develop rapid testing, quantification, and human exposure risk assessment models for enveloped viruses such as coronaviruses in urban wastewater and drinking water treatment processes.  (d) Microgeographic Impact of Antibiotics Released from Identified Hotspots
220.23 220.24 220.25 220.26 220.27 220.28 220.29 220.30	to the Board of Regents of the University of  Minnesota to develop rapid testing, quantification, and human exposure risk assessment models for enveloped viruses such as coronaviruses in urban wastewater and drinking water treatment processes.  (d) Microgeographic Impact of Antibiotics Released from Identified Hotspots  \$508,000 the first year is from the trust fund
220.23 220.24 220.25 220.26 220.27 220.28 220.29 220.30 220.31	to the Board of Regents of the University of  Minnesota to develop rapid testing, quantification, and human exposure risk assessment models for enveloped viruses such as coronaviruses in urban wastewater and drinking water treatment processes.  (d) Microgeographic Impact of Antibiotics Released from Identified Hotspots  \$508,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the Board of Regents of the University of

the virus that causes COVID-19.

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223.1	\$383,000 the first year is from the trust fund
223.2	to the commissioner of natural resources for
223.3	an agreement with Wolf Ridge Environmental
223.4	Learning Center to provide scholarships for
223.5	equitable access to hands-on learning
223.6	experiences in the outdoors related to outdoor
223.7	recreation, air and energy, water, habitat, and
223.8	fish and wildlife. This appropriation is
223.9	available until June 30, 2025, by which time
223.10	the project must be completed and final
223.11	products delivered.
223.12	(b) Pollinator Education in the Science Classroom
223.14	\$366,000 the first year is from the trust fund
223.15	to the Board of Regents of the University of
223.16	Minnesota to educate approximately 5,000
223.17	students about pollinator conservation by
223.18	providing professional development for
223.19	science teachers to integrate pollinator
223.20	education curriculum and materials into their
223.21	classrooms and by evaluating the program to
223.22	improve its effectiveness.
223.23	(c) Minnesota Freshwater Quest: Environmental Education for Youth
223.25	\$699,000 the first year is from the trust fund
223.26	to the commissioner of natural resources for
223.27	an agreement with Wilderness Inquiry to
223.28	provide place-based STEM environmental
223.29	education to approximately 15,000 diverse
223.30	and underserved Minnesota youth through
223.31	exploration of local ecosystems and waterways
223.32	in the Minnesota Freshwater Quest program.
223.33 223.34	(d) Minnesota Master Naturalist: Nature for New Minnesotans

224.1	\$293,000 the first year is from the trust fund
224.2	to the Board of Regents of the University of
224.3	Minnesota in partnership with
224.4	English-language-learning organizations to
224.5	adapt and incorporate materials developed for
224.6	Minnesota Master Naturalists into
224.7	English-language-learning programs to
224.8	introduce immigrants and English-language
224.9	learners to Minnesota's great outdoors.
224.10	(e) The Voyageurs Classroom Initiative
224.11	\$348,000 the first year is from the trust fund
224.12	to the commissioner of natural resources for
224.13	an agreement with Voyageurs Conservancy
224.14	to launch a new initiative to connect
224.15	Minnesota youth, young adults, and their
224.16	families to Voyageurs National Park by
224.17	learning about the park's waters, wildlife, and
224.18	forests and by engaging in the park's
224.18 224.19	forests and by engaging in the park's preservation.
224.19 224.20	preservation.  (f) Restoring Land and Reviving Heritage:
224.19 224.20 224.21	preservation.  (f) Restoring Land and Reviving Heritage: Conservation Through Indigenous Culture
224.19 224.20 224.21 224.22	preservation.  (f) Restoring Land and Reviving Heritage: Conservation Through Indigenous Culture  \$420,000 the first year is from the trust fund
224.19 224.20 224.21 224.22 224.22	(f) Restoring Land and Reviving Heritage: Conservation Through Indigenous Culture \$420,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for
224.19 224.20 224.21 224.22 224.23 224.24	(f) Restoring Land and Reviving Heritage: Conservation Through Indigenous Culture \$420,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Belwin Conservancy in
224.19 224.20 224.21 224.22 224.23 224.24 224.25	(f) Restoring Land and Reviving Heritage: Conservation Through Indigenous Culture \$420,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Belwin Conservancy in partnership with Anishinabe Academy to
224.29 224.21 224.22 224.23 224.24 224.25 224.26	(f) Restoring Land and Reviving Heritage: Conservation Through Indigenous Culture \$420,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Belwin Conservancy in partnership with Anishinabe Academy to conduct environmental education
224.19 224.20 224.21 224.22 224.23 224.24 224.25 224.26 224.27	(f) Restoring Land and Reviving Heritage: Conservation Through Indigenous Culture \$420,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Belwin Conservancy in partnership with Anishinabe Academy to conduct environmental education programming that incorporates ecology and
224.19 224.20 224.21 224.22 224.23 224.24 224.25 224.26 224.27 224.28	(f) Restoring Land and Reviving Heritage: Conservation Through Indigenous Culture \$420,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Belwin Conservancy in partnership with Anishinabe Academy to conduct environmental education programming that incorporates ecology and indigenous land traditions and to restore an
224.29 224.21 224.22 224.23 224.24 224.25 224.26 224.27 224.28 224.29	(f) Restoring Land and Reviving Heritage: Conservation Through Indigenous Culture \$420,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Belwin Conservancy in partnership with Anishinabe Academy to conduct environmental education programming that incorporates ecology and indigenous land traditions and to restore an ecologically significant area of land using
224.29 224.29 224.21 224.22 224.23 224.24 224.25 224.26 224.27 224.28 224.29 224.30	(f) Restoring Land and Reviving Heritage: Conservation Through Indigenous Culture \$420,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Belwin Conservancy in partnership with Anishinabe Academy to conduct environmental education programming that incorporates ecology and indigenous land traditions and to restore an ecologically significant area of land using modern scientific standards and traditional
224.19 224.20 224.21 224.22 224.23 224.24 224.25 224.26 224.27 224.28 224.29 224.30 224.31	(f) Restoring Land and Reviving Heritage: Conservation Through Indigenous Culture \$420,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Belwin Conservancy in partnership with Anishinabe Academy to conduct environmental education programming that incorporates ecology and indigenous land traditions and to restore an ecologically significant area of land using modern scientific standards and traditional ecological knowledge.  (g) Expanding Access to Environmental

225.1	Minnesota for the Raptor Center to build		
225.2	environmental literacy and engagement by		
225.3	delivering an environmental education		
225.4	program featuring live raptors and		
225.5	standards-based curriculum to approximately		
225.6	300 classrooms in underserved communities		
225.7	throughout Minnesota.		
225.8 225.9	Subd. 6. Aquatic and Terrestrial Invasive Species	6,148,000	<u>-0-</u>
225.10 225.11	(a) Starch Allocation Patterns of Invasive Starry Stonewort Harvested from Lake Koronis		
225.12	\$101,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
225.13	to the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota		
225.14	State Colleges and Universities System for		
225.15	Minnesota State University, Mankato, to		
225.16	evaluate the starch allocation patterns of the		
225.17	invasive starry stonewort to identify		
225.18	weaknesses in the plant's growth that could be		
225.19	targeted for management.		
225.20 225.21	(b) Long-Term Efficacy of Invasive Removal in Floodplain Forests		
225.22	\$25,000 the first year is from the trust fund to		
225.23	the commissioner of natural resources for an		
225.24	agreement with Macalester College to begin		
225.25	a long-term scientific study at the Ordway		
225.26	Field Station to provide information to land		
225.27	managers on protecting Minnesota's floodplain		
225.28	forests from combined threats of overabundant		
225.29	deer, invasive shrubs, and earthworms. This		
225.30	appropriation is available until June 30, 2025,		
225.31	by which time the project must be completed		
225.32	and final products delivered. A report on the		
225.33	results of the long-term study must be		
225.34	submitted at the end of the appropriation and		
225.35	an update must be submitted five years after		

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# 228.16 (c) Agrivoltaics to Improve the Environment and Farm Resiliency

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228.18 \$646,000 the first year is from the trust fund

228.19 to the Board of Regents of the University of

228.20 Minnesota, West Central Research and

228.21 Outreach Center, Morris, to model and

228.22 evaluate alternative solar energy system

228.23 <u>designs to maximize energy production while</u>

228.24 providing other benefits to cattle and farmers.

## 228.25 (d) Behavioral Response of Bald Eagles to

228.26 Acoustic Stimuli

\$28.27 \$261,000 the first year is from the trust fund

228.28 to the Board of Regents of the University of

228.29 Minnesota, St. Anthony Falls Laboratory, to

228.30 protect wildlife by designing and

228.31 implementing an acoustic deterrence protocol

228.32 to discourage bald eagles from entering

228.33 hazardous air space near wind energy

228.34 installations.

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230.1	Water Conservation District to partner with
230.2	the Nature Conservancy and Great River
230.3	Greening to develop forest stewardship plans,
230.4	restore habitat, and conduct prescribed burns
230.5	to advance forest restoration and enhancement
230.6	on public and private lands within an
230.7	approximate ten-mile radius around Camp
230.8	Ripley. Notwithstanding subdivision 13,
230.9	paragraph (e), this appropriation may be spent
230.10	on forest management plans, fires, and
230.11	restoration on lands with a long-term contract
230.12	commitment for forest conservation. The
230.13	restoration must follow the Board of Water
230.14	and Soil Resources' native vegetation
230.15	establishment and enhancement guidelines.
230.16 230.17	(b) Restoring Mussels in Streams and Lakes - Continuation
230.18	\$619,000 the first year is from the trust fund
230.19	to the commissioner of natural resources to
230.20	restore native freshwater mussel assemblages
230.21	and the ecosystem services they provide in the
230.22	Mississippi, Cedar, and Cannon Rivers and to
230.23	inform the public on mussels and mussel
230.24	conservation.
230.25 230.26	(c) Pollinator Central II: Habitat Improvement With Community Monitoring
230.27	\$631,000 the first year is from the trust fund
230.28	to the commissioner of natural resources for
230.29	an agreement with Great River Greening to
230.30	restore and enhance pollinator habitat in the
230.31	metropolitan area to benefit pollinators and
230.32	people and to build knowledge of the impact
230.33	through community-based monitoring.
230.34 230.35	(d) Preserving Minnesota's Only Ball Cactus Population

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233.1	\$16,000 the first year is from the trust fund to
233.2	the commissioner of natural resources for an
233.3	agreement with Foundation for Health Care
233.4	Continuum, doing business as Country Manor
233.5	Campus, LLC, to construct a trail for public
233.6	recreational use on land owned by the senior
233.7	living facility in central Minnesota.
233.8 233.9	(I) Urban Pollinator and Native American Cultural Site Restoration
233.10	\$213,000 the first year is from the trust fund
233.11	to the commissioner of natural resources for
233.12	an agreement with Friends of the Mississippi
233.13	River to restore three urban natural areas,
233.14	including an iconic Native American cultural
233.15	site, to native prairie and forest with a focus
233.16	on important pollinator and culturally
233.17	significant native plants.
233.18 233.19 233.20	(m) Demonstrating Real-World Economic and Soil Benefits of Cover Crops and Alternative Tillage
233.21	\$288,000 the first year is from the trust fund
233.22	to the commissioner of natural resources for
233.23	an agreement with Redwood County for the
233.24	Redwood Soil and Water Conservation District
233.25	to increase farmer adoption of conservation
233.26	practices by demonstrating soil improvements
233.27	and cost savings of cover crops and alternative
233.28	tillage compared to conventional practices on
233.29	working farms. This appropriation is available
233.30	until June 30, 2025, by which time the project
233.31	must be completed and final products
233.32	delivered.
233.33 233.34	(n) Creating Cost-Effective Forage and Management Actions for Pollinators
233.35	\$198,000 the first year is from the trust fund
233.36	to the Board of Regents of the University of
233.30	in the same of the

234.1	Minnesota to evaluate pollinator forage across
234.2	time and in response to burning and mowing
234.3	and to design an open-access web-based tool
234.4	to share these data for land managers across
234.5	Minnesota to inform restoration seed mix
234.6	selection.
234.7 234.8	(o) Shoreline Stabilization, Fishing, and ADA Improvements at Silverwood Park
234.9	\$200,000 the first year is from the trust fund
234.10	to the commissioner of natural resources for
234.11	an agreement with the Three Rivers Park
234.12	District to provide water quality improvements
234.13	through shoreline stabilization, shoreline
234.14	fishing improvements, and shoreline ADA
234.15	access on the island in Silver Lake within
234.16	Silverwood Park.
234.17	(p) Lawns to Legumes Program - Phase II
234.18	\$993,000 the first year is from the trust fund
234.19	to the Board of Water and Soil Resources to
234.20	provide grants, cost-sharing, and technical
234.21	assistance to plant residential lawns,
234.22	community parks, and school landscapes with
234.23	native vegetation and pollinator-friendly forbs
234.24	and legumes to protect a diversity of
234.25	pollinators. Notwithstanding subdivision 13,
234.26	paragraph (e), this appropriation may be spent
234.27	on pollinator plantings on lands with a
234.28	long-term commitment from the landowner.
234.29 234.30	(q) Reintroducing Bison to Spring Lake Park Reserve
234.31	\$560,000 the first year is from the trust fund
234.32	to the commissioner of natural resources for
234.33	an agreement with Dakota County, in
234.34	partnership with the Minnesota Bison
234.35	Conservation Herd, to establish the holding

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	\$330,000 the first year is from the trust fund
238.2	to the commissioner of natural resources for
238.3	an agreement with the city of Moose Lake to
238.4	design and construct a nonmotorized
238.5	recreational trail in an off-street pedestrian
238.6	corridor along Highway 73 to connect to
238.7	several existing regional trails in the Moose
238.8	Lake area.
238.9 238.10	(j) SNA Acquisition, Restoration, Citizen-Science, and Outreach
238.11	\$3,336,000 the first year is from the trust fund
238.12	to the commissioner of natural resources for
238.13	the scientific and natural areas (SNA) program
238.14	to restore, improve, and enhance wildlife
238.15	habitat on SNAs; increase public involvement
238.16	and outreach; and strategically acquire lands
238.17	that meet criteria for SNAs under Minnesota
238.18	Statutes, section 86A.05, from willing sellers.
238.19 238.20	(k) Precision Acquisition for Restoration, Groundwater Recharge, and Habitat
238.21	\$467,000 the first year is from the trust fund
238.21	\$467,000 the first year is from the trust fund
238.21 238.22	\$467,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for
238.21 238.22 238.23	\$467,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the Shell Rock River
238.21 238.22 238.23 238.24	\$467,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the Shell Rock River  Watershed District to acquire and restore to
238.21 238.22 238.23 238.24 238.25	\$467,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the Shell Rock River Watershed District to acquire and restore to wetland a key parcel of land to reduce
238.21 238.22 238.23 238.24 238.25 238.26	\$467,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the Shell Rock River  Watershed District to acquire and restore to wetland a key parcel of land to reduce downstream flooding while providing water
238.21 238.22 238.23 238.24 238.25 238.26 238.27	\$467,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the Shell Rock River  Watershed District to acquire and restore to wetland a key parcel of land to reduce downstream flooding while providing water storage, groundwater recharge, nutrient
238.21 238.22 238.23 238.24 238.25 238.26 238.27 238.28	\$467,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the Shell Rock River  Watershed District to acquire and restore to wetland a key parcel of land to reduce downstream flooding while providing water storage, groundwater recharge, nutrient reduction, and pollinator and wildlife habitat.
238.21 238.22 238.23 238.24 238.25 238.26 238.27 238.28	\$467,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the Shell Rock River  Watershed District to acquire and restore to wetland a key parcel of land to reduce downstream flooding while providing water storage, groundwater recharge, nutrient reduction, and pollinator and wildlife habitat.  (I) Lake Brophy Single-Track Trail Expansion
238.21 238.22 238.23 238.24 238.25 238.26 238.27 238.28 238.29 238.30	\$467,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the Shell Rock River  Watershed District to acquire and restore to wetland a key parcel of land to reduce downstream flooding while providing water storage, groundwater recharge, nutrient reduction, and pollinator and wildlife habitat.  (I) Lake Brophy Single-Track Trail Expansion \$100,000 the first year is from the trust fund
238.21 238.22 238.23 238.24 238.25 238.26 238.27 238.28 238.29 238.30 238.31	\$467,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the Shell Rock River  Watershed District to acquire and restore to wetland a key parcel of land to reduce downstream flooding while providing water storage, groundwater recharge, nutrient reduction, and pollinator and wildlife habitat.  (I) Lake Brophy Single-Track Trail Expansion \$100,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for
238.21 238.22 238.23 238.24 238.25 238.26 238.27 238.28 238.29 238.30 238.31 238.32	\$467,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the Shell Rock River  Watershed District to acquire and restore to wetland a key parcel of land to reduce downstream flooding while providing water storage, groundwater recharge, nutrient reduction, and pollinator and wildlife habitat.  (I) Lake Brophy Single-Track Trail Expansion  \$100,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Douglas County in

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241.1	\$4,266,000 the first year is from the trust fund
241.2	to the commissioner of natural resources to
241.3	expand recreational opportunities on
241.4	Minnesota state trails by rehabilitating and
241.5	enhancing existing state trails and replacing
241.6	or repairing existing state trail bridges. Priority
241.7	must be given to funding projects in the
241.8	metropolitan area or in other areas of southern
241.9	Minnesota. For purposes of this paragraph,
241.10	southern Minnesota is defined as the area of
241.11	the state south of and including St. Cloud.
241.12	(t) Highbanks Ravine Bat Hibernaculum Project
241.13	\$825,000 the first year is from the trust fund
241.14	to the commissioner of natural resources for
241.15	an agreement with the city of St. Cloud to
241.16	reroute and upgrade an existing storm water
241.17	system in the Highbanks Ravine area to
241.18	improve an existing bat hibernaculum, reduce
241.19	erosion, and create additional green space for
	11.11.0 1 1 1
241.20	wildlife habitat.
<ul><li>241.20</li><li>241.21</li></ul>	wildlife habitat.  (u) State Parks and State Trails Inholdings
241.21	(u) State Parks and State Trails Inholdings
241.21 241.22	(u) State Parks and State Trails Inholdings \$2,560,000 the first year is from the trust fund
241.21 241.22 241.23	(u) State Parks and State Trails Inholdings \$2,560,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to
241.21 241.22 241.23 241.24	(u) State Parks and State Trails Inholdings \$2,560,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire high-priority inholdings from willing
241.21 241.22 241.23 241.24 241.25	(u) State Parks and State Trails Inholdings \$2,560,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire high-priority inholdings from willing sellers within the legislatively authorized
241.21 241.22 241.23 241.24 241.25 241.26	(u) State Parks and State Trails Inholdings \$2,560,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire high-priority inholdings from willing sellers within the legislatively authorized boundaries of state parks, recreation areas, and
241.21 241.22 241.23 241.24 241.25 241.26 241.27	(u) State Parks and State Trails Inholdings \$2,560,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire high-priority inholdings from willing sellers within the legislatively authorized boundaries of state parks, recreation areas, and trails to protect Minnesota's natural heritage,
241.21 241.22 241.23 241.24 241.25 241.26 241.27 241.28	(u) State Parks and State Trails Inholdings \$2,560,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire high-priority inholdings from willing sellers within the legislatively authorized boundaries of state parks, recreation areas, and trails to protect Minnesota's natural heritage, enhance outdoor recreation, and improve the
241.21 241.22 241.23 241.24 241.25 241.26 241.27 241.28 241.29	(u) State Parks and State Trails Inholdings \$2,560,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire high-priority inholdings from willing sellers within the legislatively authorized boundaries of state parks, recreation areas, and trails to protect Minnesota's natural heritage, enhance outdoor recreation, and improve the efficiency of public land management.  (v) Accessible Fishing Piers and Shore Fishing
241.21 241.22 241.23 241.24 241.25 241.26 241.27 241.28 241.29 241.30 241.31	(u) State Parks and State Trails Inholdings \$2,560,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire high-priority inholdings from willing sellers within the legislatively authorized boundaries of state parks, recreation areas, and trails to protect Minnesota's natural heritage, enhance outdoor recreation, and improve the efficiency of public land management.  (v) Accessible Fishing Piers and Shore Fishing Areas
241.21 241.22 241.23 241.24 241.25 241.26 241.27 241.28 241.29 241.30 241.31	(u) State Parks and State Trails Inholdings \$2,560,000 the first year is from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire high-priority inholdings from willing sellers within the legislatively authorized boundaries of state parks, recreation areas, and trails to protect Minnesota's natural heritage, enhance outdoor recreation, and improve the efficiency of public land management.  (v) Accessible Fishing Piers and Shore Fishing Areas \$340,000 the first year is from the trust fund

242.1	communities, underserved populations, and		
242.2	anglers with disabilities.		
242.3	Subd. 10. Administrative and Emerging Issues	2,120,000	<u>-0-</u>
242.4	(a) Contract Agreement Reimbursement		
242.5	\$135,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
242.6	to the commissioner of natural resources, at		
242.7	the direction of the Legislative-Citizen		
242.8	Commission on Minnesota Resources, for		
242.9	expenses incurred in preparing and		
242.10	administering contracts for the agreements		
242.11	specified in this section. The commissioner		
242.12	must provide documentation to the		
242.13	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota		
242.14	Resources on the expenditure of these funds.		
242.15 242.16	(b) Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota Resources (LCCMR) Administration		
242.17	\$1,750,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
242.18	to the Legislative-Citizen Commission on		
242.19	Minnesota Resources for administration in		
242.20	fiscal years 2022 and 2023 as provided in		
242.21	Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.09,		
242.22	subdivision 5. This appropriation is available		
242.23	until June 30, 2023. Notwithstanding		
242.24	Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.11,		
242.25	paragraph (b), Minnesota Statutes, section		
242.26	16A.281, applies to this appropriation.		
242.27	(c) Emerging Issues Account		
242.28	\$233,000 the first year is from the trust fund		
242.29	to an emerging issues account authorized in		
242.30	Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.08,		
242.31	subdivision 4, paragraph (d).		
242.32 242.33	(d) Legislative Coordinating Commission (LCC) Administration		

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the Legislative Coordinating Commission for
the website required in Minnesota Statutes,
section 3.303, subdivision 10.
Subd. 11. Availability of Appropriations
Money appropriated in this section may not
be spent on activities unless they are directly
related to and necessary for a specific
appropriation and are specified in the work
plan approved by the Legislative-Citizen
Commission on Minnesota Resources. Money
appropriated in this section must not be spent
on indirect costs or other institutional overhead
charges that are not directly related to and
necessary for a specific appropriation. Costs
that are directly related to and necessary for
an appropriation, including financial services,
human resources, information services, rent,
and utilities, are eligible only if the costs can
be clearly justified and individually
documented specific to the appropriation's
purpose and would not be generated by the
recipient but for receipt of the appropriation.
No broad allocations for costs in either dollars
or percentages are allowed. Unless otherwise
provided, the amounts in this section are
available until June 30, 2024, when projects
must be completed and final products
delivered. For acquisition of real property, the
appropriations in this section are available for
an additional fiscal year if a binding contract
for acquisition of the real property is entered
into before the expiration date of the
appropriation. If a project receives a federal

244.1	grant, the period of the appropriation is
244.2	extended to equal the federal grant period.
244.3	Subd. 12. Data Availability Requirements
244.4	Data collected by the projects funded under
244.5	this section must conform to guidelines and
244.6	standards adopted by Minnesota IT Services.
244.7	Spatial data must also conform to additional
244.8	guidelines and standards designed to support
244.9	data coordination and distribution that have
244.10	been published by the Minnesota Geospatial
244.11	Information Office. Descriptions of spatial
244.12	data must be prepared as specified in the state's
244.13	geographic metadata guideline and must be
244.14	submitted to the Minnesota Geospatial
244.15	Information Office. All data must be
244.16	accessible and free to the public unless made
244.17	private under the Data Practices Act,
244.18	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13. To the extent
244.19	practicable, summary data and results of
244.20	projects funded under this section should be
244.21	readily accessible on the Internet and
244.22	identified as having received funding from the
244.23	environment and natural resources trust fund.
244.24	Subd. 13. Project Requirements
244.25	(a) As a condition of accepting an
244.26	appropriation under this section, an agency or
244.27	entity receiving an appropriation or a party to
244.28	an agreement from an appropriation must
244.29	comply with paragraphs (b) to (l) and
244.30	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116P, and must
244.31	submit a work plan and annual or semiannual
244.32	progress reports in the form determined by the
244.33	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
244.34	Resources for any project funded in whole or
244.35	in part with funds from the appropriation.

245.1	Modifications to the approved work plan and
245.2	budget expenditures must be made through
245.3	the amendment process established by the
245.4	<u>Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota</u>
245.5	Resources.
245.6	(b) A recipient of money appropriated in this
245.7	section that conducts a restoration using funds
245.8	appropriated in this section must use native
245.9	plant species according to the Board of Water
245.10	and Soil Resources' native vegetation
245.11	establishment and enhancement guidelines
245.12	and include an appropriate diversity of native
245.13	species selected to provide habitat for
245.14	pollinators throughout the growing season as
245.15	required under Minnesota Statutes, section
245.16	<u>84.973.</u>
245.17	(c) For all restorations conducted with money
245.18	appropriated under this section, a recipient
245.19	must prepare an ecological restoration and
245.20	management plan that, to the degree
245.21	practicable, is consistent with the
245.22	highest-quality conservation and ecological
245.23	goals for the restoration site. Consideration
245.24	should be given to soil, geology, topography,
245.25	and other relevant factors that would provide
245.26	the best chance for long-term success and
245.27	durability of the restoration project. The plan
245.28	must include the proposed timetable for
245.29	implementing the restoration, including site
245.30	preparation, establishment of diverse plant
245.31	species, maintenance, and additional
245.32	enhancement to establish the restoration;
245.33	identify long-term maintenance and
245.34	management needs of the restoration and how
245.35	the maintenance, management, and

246.1	enhancement will be financed; and take
246.2	advantage of the best-available science and
246.3	include innovative techniques to achieve the
246.4	best restoration.
246.5	(d) An entity receiving an appropriation in this
246.6	section for restoration activities must provide
246.7	an initial restoration evaluation at the
246.8	completion of the appropriation and an
246.9	evaluation three years after the completion of
246.10	the expenditure. Restorations must be
246.11	evaluated relative to the stated goals and
246.12	standards in the restoration plan, current
246.13	science, and, when applicable, the Board of
246.14	Water and Soil Resources' native vegetation
246.15	establishment and enhancement guidelines.
246.16	The evaluation must determine whether the
246.17	restorations are meeting planned goals,
246.18	identify any problems with implementing the
246.19	restorations, and, if necessary, give
246.20	recommendations on improving restorations.
246.21	The evaluation must be focused on improving
246.22	<u>future restorations.</u>
246.23	(e) All restoration and enhancement projects
246.24	funded with money appropriated in this section
246.25	must be on land permanently protected by a
246.26	conservation easement or public ownership.
246.27	(f) A recipient of money from an appropriation
246.28	under this section must give consideration to
246.29	contracting with Conservation Corps
246.30	Minnesota for contract restoration and
246.31	enhancement services.
246.32	(g) All conservation easements acquired with
246.33	money appropriated under this section must:
246.34	(1) be permanent;

247.1	(2) specify the parties to an easement in the
247.2	easement;
247.3	(3) specify all provisions of an agreement that
247.4	are permanent;
247.5	(4) be sent to the Legislative-Citizen
247.6	Commission on Minnesota Resources in an
247.7	electronic format at least ten business days
247.8	before closing;
247.9	(5) include a long-term monitoring and
247.10	enforcement plan and funding for monitoring
247.11	and enforcing the easement agreement; and
247.12	(6) include requirements in the easement
247.13	document to protect the quantity and quality
247.14	of groundwater and surface water through
247.15	specific activities such as keeping water on
247.16	the landscape, reducing nutrient and
247.17	contaminant loading, and not permitting
247.18	artificial hydrological modifications.
247.19	(h) For any acquisition of lands or interest in
247.20	lands, a recipient of money appropriated under
247.21	this section must not agree to pay more than
247.22	100 percent of the appraised value for a parcel
247.23	of land using this money to complete the
247.24	purchase, in part or in whole, except that up
247.25	to ten percent above the appraised value may
247.26	be allowed to complete the purchase, in part
247.27	or in whole, using this money if permission is
247.28	received in advance of the purchase from the
247.29	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
247.30	Resources.
247.31	(i) For any acquisition of land or interest in
247.32	land, a recipient of money appropriated under
247.33	this section must give priority to high-quality

248.1	natural resources or conservation lands that
248.2	provide natural buffers to water resources.
248.3	(j) For new lands acquired with money
248.4	appropriated under this section, a recipient
248.5	must prepare an ecological restoration and
248.6	management plan in compliance with
248.7	paragraph (c), including sufficient funding for
248.8	implementation unless the work plan addresses
248.9	why a portion of the money is not necessary
248.10	to achieve a high-quality restoration.
248.11	(k) To ensure public accountability for using
248.12	public funds, a recipient of money
248.13	appropriated under this section must, within
248.14	60 days of the transaction, provide to the
248.15	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
248.16	Resources documentation of the selection
248.17	process used to identify parcels acquired and
248.18	provide documentation of all related
248.19	transaction costs, including but not limited to
248.20	appraisals, legal fees, recording fees,
248.21	commissions, other similar costs, and
248.22	donations. This information must be provided
248.23	for all parties involved in the transaction. The
248.24	recipient must also report to the
248.25	Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
248.26	Resources any difference between the
248.27	acquisition amount paid to the seller and the
248.28	state-certified or state-reviewed appraisal, if
248.29	a state-certified or state-reviewed appraisal
248.30	was conducted.
248.31	(l) A recipient of an appropriation from the
248.32	trust fund under this section must acknowledge
248.33	financial support from the environment and
248.34	natural resources trust fund in project
248.35	publications, signage, and other public

249.1	communications and outreach related to work
249.2	completed using the appropriation.
249.3	Acknowledgment may occur, as appropriate,
249.4	through use of the trust fund logo or inclusion
249.5	of language attributing support from the trust
249.6	fund. Each direct recipient of money
249.7	appropriated in this section, as well as each
249.8	recipient of a grant awarded pursuant to this
249.9	section, must satisfy all reporting and other
249.10	requirements incumbent upon constitutionally
249.11	dedicated funding recipients as provided in
249.12	Minnesota Statutes, section 3.303, subdivision
249.13	10, and chapter 116P.
249.14	Subd. 14. Payment Conditions and
249.15	Capital-Equipment Expenditures
249.16	(a) All agreements, grants, or contracts
249.17	referred to in this section must be administered
249.18	on a reimbursement basis unless otherwise
249.19	provided in this section. Notwithstanding
249.20	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.41,
249.21	expenditures made on or after July 1, 2021,
249.22	or the date the work plan is approved,
249.23	whichever is later, are eligible for
249.24	reimbursement unless otherwise provided in
249.25	this section. Periodic payments must be made
249.26	upon receiving documentation that the
249.27	deliverable items articulated in the approved
249.28	work plan have been achieved, including
249.29	partial achievements as evidenced by approved
249.30	progress reports. Reasonable amounts may be
249.31	advanced to projects to accommodate
249.32	cash-flow needs or match federal money. The
249.33	advances must be approved as part of the work
249.34	plan. No expenditures for capital equipment
249.35	are allowed unless expressly authorized in the
249.36	project work plan.

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of money appropriated on or after that date.

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# APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: S0959-1

#### 85.0505 FOOD AND BEVERAGE SERVICE IN STATE PARKS.

Subd. 3. Fort Ridgely State Park. The commissioner of public safety, with the approval of the commissioner of natural resources, may issue to a concessionaire, lessee, or person holding a contract with the Department of Natural Resources an on-sale license for the sale of intoxicating liquor at the Fort Ridgely State Park golf course. The annual fee for the license issued pursuant to this subdivision shall be set by the commissioner of public safety at an amount comparable to the fee charged by the surrounding counties for a similar license. All provisions of chapter 340A not inconsistent with this subdivision shall apply to the sale of intoxicating liquor at the Fort Ridgely State Park golf course.

#### 85.0507 FORT RIDGELY GOLF COURSE; GOLF CARTS.

The commissioner may by contract, concession agreement, or lease authorize the use of golf carts on the golf course at Fort Ridgely State Park.

#### 85.054 STATE PARK PERMIT EXEMPTIONS.

Subd. 19. **Fort Ridgely golf course.** The commissioner may by contract, concession agreement, or lease waive a state park permit and associated fee for motor vehicle entry or parking for persons playing golf at the Fort Ridgely State Park golf course provided that the contract, concession agreement, or lease payment to the state is set, in part, to compensate the state park system for the loss of the state park fees.

#### 97C.515 IMPORTED MINNOWS.

- Subd. 4. **Private fish hatchery or aquatic farm.** Live minnows used for feeding fish at a licensed private fish hatchery or aquatic farm must be obtained within the state. Dead minnows may be imported for feeding hatchery or aquatic farm fish according to section 97C.341, paragraph (d).
- Subd. 5. **Special permits.** (a) The commissioner may issue a special permit, without a fee, to allow a person with a private fish hatchery license, which private fish hatchery has been designated as a containment facility under section 17.4982, subdivision 8, to import live minnows from other states for export. A containment facility for the purposes of this section applies to live minnows imported for later export and does not need to comply with section 17.4982, subdivision 8, clause (4). The permit shall include conditions necessary to avoid spreading aquatic invasive species and fish pathogens. Permits shall not be issued to containment facilities located within a 25-year floodplain.
- (b) An applicant for a permit under this subdivision shall submit to the commissioner sufficient information to identify potential threats to native plant and animal species and an evaluation of the feasibility of the proposal. The permit may include reasonable restrictions on importation, transportation, possession, containment, disease certification, and disposal of minnows to ensure that native species are protected. The permit may have a term of up to two years and may be modified, suspended, or revoked by the commissioner for cause, including violation of a condition of the permit.
- (c) The premises, property, vehicles, private aquatic life, and equipment that are part of a containment facility permitted under this subdivision are subject to reasonable and necessary inspections at reasonable times by a fish health specialist delegated by the commissioner. The owner, operator, or designee may be present when inspections are conducted. During the inspection, a representative sample of imported minnows may be collected for the purpose of fish pathogen or invasive species screening.
- (d) The commissioner may require the applicant to furnish evidence of financial responsibility at the time of application for a permit under this section, as prescribed by the commissioner.

#### **APPENDIX**

Repealed Minnesota Session Laws: S0959-1

Laws 2013, chapter 121, section 53

## Sec. 53. ANTLER POINT RESTRICTIONS.

The commissioner of natural resources may not impose an antler point restriction in areas outside the Series 300 deer permit areas, other than that imposed under Minnesota Rules, part 6232.0200, subpart 6, unless the legislature approves the antler point restriction.

### APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rules: S0959-1

# 6232.0350 RESTRICTIONS FOR TAKING DEER; 300 SERIES DEER PERMIT AREAS.

Notwithstanding part 6232.0200, subpart 6, in all 300 series deer permit areas, a legal buck is defined as a deer with a minimum of four antler points on at least one antler. Bucks with fewer antler points than the minimum defined points are protected and not legal for harvest. Youth hunters, age 10 to 17, are exempt from this part.