02/04/13 REVISOR SS/MB 13-1449 as introduced

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA EIGHTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

S.F. No. 443

(SENATE AUTHORS: GOODWIN, Eaton, Dahle and Torres Ray)

1.7

1.8

19

1 10

1 11

1.12

1.13

1.14

1.15

1.16

1.17

1.18

1.19

1.20

1.21

1.22

DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
02/14/2013	228	Introduction and first reading Referred to State and Local Government
02/28/2013 04/02/2013	404a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Judiciary Comm report: To pass as amended Second reading

1.1 A bill for an act
1.2 relating to state government; establishing expectations for classified employees as
1.3 nonpartisan resources to all decision makers; providing additional whistleblower
1.4 protection to state employees; amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, section
1.5 181.932, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes,
1.6 chapter 43A.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. [43A.015] CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE COMMUNICATIONS WITH DECISION MAKERS.

State employees in the classified service are expected to provide objective information in a timely manner to both executive and legislative decision makers. State employees shall provide assistance to legislative decision makers in a manner that is consistent with the need to perform the employees' other duties. A classified state employee shall make a good-faith effort to maintain the confidentiality of budget or policy discussions with a member of the legislature or the member's staff person, unless otherwise directed by that member or staff person. This section does not authorize or require an employee to disclose data otherwise protected by law.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 181.932, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Prohibited action.** An employer shall not discharge, discipline, threaten, otherwise discriminate against, or penalize an employee regarding the employee's compensation, terms, conditions, location, or privileges of employment because:

Sec. 2.

(1) the employee, or a person acting on behalf of an employee, in good faith, rep		
a violation or suspected violation of any federal or state law or rule adopted pursuant t		
law to an employer or to any governmental body or law enforcement official;		
(2) the employee is requested by a public body or office to participate in an		
investigation, hearing, inquiry;		
(3) the employee refuses an employer's order to perform an action that the employee		
has an objective basis in fact to believe violates any state or federal law or rule or		
regulation adopted pursuant to law, and the employee informs the employer that the order		
is being refused for that reason;		
(4) the employee, in good faith, reports a situation in which the quality of health care		
services provided by a health care facility, organization, or health care provider violates a		
standard established by federal or state law or a professionally recognized national clinical		
or ethical standard and potentially places the public at risk of harm; or		
(5) a public employee communicates the findings of a scientific or technical study		
that the employee, in good faith, believes to be truthful and accurate, including reports		
to a governmental body or law enforcement official-; or		
(6) an employee in the classified service of state government communicates		
information that the employee, in good faith, believes to be truthful and accurate, and that		
relates to state services, including the financing of state services to:		
(i) a legislator or the legislative auditor; or		

(ii) a constitutional officer.

2.1

2.2

2.3

2.4

2.5

2.6

2.7

2.8

2.9

2.10

2.11

2.12

2.13

2.14

2.15

2.16

2.17

2.18

2.19

2.20

2.21

2.22

2.23

The disclosures protected pursuant to this section do not authorize the disclosure of data otherwise protected by law.

2.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. 2