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SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-SECOND SESSION

S.F. No. 340

(SENATE AUTI	HORS: DIBB	LE)
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
01/25/2021	163	Introduction and first reading Referred to Health and Human Services Finance and Policy

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6	relating to health care; authorizing pharmacists to dispense HIV preexposure prophylaxis and HIV postexposure prophylaxis without a prescription; amending Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 151.01, subdivision 27; 151.06, subdivision 6; 151.37, by adding subdivisions; 214.122; 256B.0625, subdivision 13; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 62Q.
1.7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.8	Section 1. [62Q.1842] PROHIBITION ON USE OF STEP THERAPY FOR
1.9	ANTIRETROVIRAL DRUGS.
1.10	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following definitions
1.11	apply.
1.12	(b) "Health plan" has the meaning given in section 62Q.01, subdivision 3, and includes
1.13	health coverage provided by a managed care plan or a county-based purchasing plan
1.14	participating in a public program under chapter 256B or 256L, or an integrated health
1.15	partnership under section 256B.0755.
1.16	(c) "Step therapy protocol" has the meaning given in section 62Q.184.
1.17	Subd. 2. Prohibition on use of step therapy protocols. (a) A health plan that covers
1.18	antiretroviral drugs that are medically necessary for the prevention of AIDS/HIV, including
1.19	preexposure prophylaxis and postexposure prophylaxis, must not limit or exclude coverage
1.20	for the antiretroviral drugs by requiring prior authorization or by requiring an enrollee to
1.21	follow a step therapy protocol, except as provided in paragraph (b).
1.22	(b) If the United States Food and Drug Administration has approved one or more
1.23	therapeutic equivalents of a drug, device, or product for the prevention of AIDS/HIV, a

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2.1	health plan is	s not required to co	over all of the the	rapeutically equivalent v	ersions without
2.2				uirement so long as at le	
2.3	therapeutical	ly equivalent versi	on is covered wit	hout requiring prior auth	norization or the
2.4	use of a step	therapy protocol.			
2.5	Sec. 2. [62	Q.524] COVERA	GE FOR HIV P	REEXPOSURE PROP	HYLAXIS AND
2.6	HIV POSTE	EXPOSURE PRO	PHYLAXIS.		
2.7	<u>(a)</u> A hea	lth plan that provid	les prescription c	overage must provide co	verage for
2.8	preexposure	and postexposure p	orophylaxis disper	nsed by a pharmacist und	er section 151.37,
2.9	subdivision 1	7 or 18, under the s	same terms of cov	erage that would apply ha	nd the prescription
2.10	drug been di	spensed according	to a valid prescri	ption drug order.	
2.11	<u>(b)</u> A hea	lth plan is not requ	ired to cover pre	exposure prophylaxis or	postexposure
2.12	prophylaxis	if dispensed by an	out-of-network p	harmacy unless the healt	h plan covers
2.13	prescription	drugs dispensed by	out-of-network	pharmacies.	
2.14	<u>(c)</u> A hea	lth plan is not requ	ired to cover pre-	exposure prophylaxis dis	pensed by a
2.15	pharmacist a	s authorized by see	ction 151.37, sub	division 17, if the enrolle	e has already
2.16	received a 60	-day supply withir	n a two-year perio	d unless the preexposure	prophylaxis drug
2.17	is dispensed	by the pharmacist	pursuant to a vali	d prescription drug orde	<u>r.</u>
2.18	<u>(d)</u> A hea	lth plan company	must not prohibit	or permit a pharmacy be	enefit manager to
2.19	prohibit a ph	armacy provider fi	com dispensing p	reexposure prophylaxis o	or postexposure
2.20	prophylaxis a	as a term or condit	ion of a pharmac	y in-network contract.	
2.21	Sec. 3. Mir	nnesota Statutes 20	20, section 151.0	1, subdivision 27, is ame	ended to read:
2.22	Subd. 27.	Practice of pharm	macy. "Practice c	f pharmacy" means:	
2.23	(1) interp	retation and evaluation	ation of prescripti	on drug orders;	
2.24	(2) comp	ounding, labeling,	and dispensing d	rugs and devices (except	labeling by a
2.25	manufacture	r or packager of no	nprescription drug	gs or commercially packa	aged legend drugs
2.26	and devices)	•			
2.27	(3) partic	ipation in clinical i	nterpretations and	l monitoring of drug ther	apy for assurance
2.28	of safe and e	ffective use of drug	gs, including the	performance of laborator	ry tests that are
2.29	waived under	r the federal Clinica	al Laboratory Imp	rovement Act of 1988, U	nited States Code,
2.30	title 42, sectio	on 263a et seq., pro	vided that a pharm	nacist may interpret the re-	sults of laboratory
2.31	tests but may	modify drug thera	apy only pursuant	t to a protocol or collabo	rative practice
2.32	agreement;				

3.1 (4) participation in drug and therapeutic device selection; drug administration for first
3.2 dosage and medical emergencies; intramuscular and subcutaneous administration used for
3.3 the treatment of alcohol or opioid dependence; drug regimen reviews; and drug or
3.4 drug-related research;

3.5 (5) drug administration, through intramuscular and subcutaneous administration used
3.6 to treat mental illnesses as permitted under the following conditions:

- 3.7 (i) upon the order of a prescriber and the prescriber is notified after administration is
 3.8 complete; or
- (ii) pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice agreement as defined by section 3.9 151.01, subdivisions 27b and 27c, and participation in the initiation, management, 3.10 modification, administration, and discontinuation of drug therapy is according to the protocol 3.11 or collaborative practice agreement between the pharmacist and a dentist, optometrist, 3.12 physician, podiatrist, or veterinarian, or an advanced practice registered nurse authorized 3.13 to prescribe, dispense, and administer under section 148.235. Any changes in drug therapy 3.14 or medication administration made pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice agreement 3.15 must be documented by the pharmacist in the patient's medical record or reported by the 3.16 pharmacist to a practitioner responsible for the patient's care; 3.17
- (6) participation in administration of influenza vaccines and vaccines approved by the
 United States Food and Drug Administration related to COVID-19 or SARS-CoV-2 to all
 eligible individuals six years of age and older and all other vaccines to patients 13 years of
 age and older by written protocol with a physician licensed under chapter 147, a physician
 assistant authorized to prescribe drugs under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice registered
 nurse authorized to prescribe drugs under section 148.235, provided that:
- 3.24 (i) the protocol includes, at a minimum:
- 3.25 (A) the name, dose, and route of each vaccine that may be given;
- 3.26 (B) the patient population for whom the vaccine may be given;
- 3.27 (C) contraindications and precautions to the vaccine;
- 3.28 (D) the procedure for handling an adverse reaction;

3.29 (E) the name, signature, and address of the physician, physician assistant, or advanced
3.30 practice registered nurse;

3.31 (F) a telephone number at which the physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice
3.32 registered nurse can be contacted; and

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(G) the date and time period for which the protocol is valid;

(ii) the pharmacist has successfully completed a program approved by the Accreditation 4.2 Council for Pharmacy Education specifically for the administration of immunizations or a 4.3 program approved by the board; 4.4

4.5 (iii) the pharmacist utilizes the Minnesota Immunization Information Connection to assess the immunization status of individuals prior to the administration of vaccines, except 4.6 when administering influenza vaccines to individuals age nine and older; 4.7

(iv) the pharmacist reports the administration of the immunization to the Minnesota 4.8 Immunization Information Connection: and 4.9

(v) the pharmacist complies with guidelines for vaccines and immunizations established 4.10 by the federal Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices, except that a pharmacist 4.11 does not need to comply with those portions of the guidelines that establish immunization 4.12 schedules when administering a vaccine pursuant to a valid, patient-specific order issued 4.13 by a physician licensed under chapter 147, a physician assistant authorized to prescribe 4.14 drugs under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice registered nurse authorized to prescribe 4.15 drugs under section 148.235, provided that the order is consistent with the United States 4.16 Food and Drug Administration approved labeling of the vaccine; 4.17

(7) participation in the initiation, management, modification, and discontinuation of 4.18 drug therapy according to a written protocol or collaborative practice agreement between: 4.19 (i) one or more pharmacists and one or more dentists, optometrists, physicians, podiatrists, 4.20 or veterinarians; or (ii) one or more pharmacists and one or more physician assistants 4.21 authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under chapter 147A, or advanced practice 4.22 registered nurses authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under section 148.235. 4.23 Any changes in drug therapy made pursuant to a protocol or collaborative practice agreement 4.24 must be documented by the pharmacist in the patient's medical record or reported by the 4.25 pharmacist to a practitioner responsible for the patient's care; 4.26

4.27

(8) participation in the storage of drugs and the maintenance of records;

(9) patient counseling on therapeutic values, content, hazards, and uses of drugs and 4.28 devices; 4.29

(10) offering or performing those acts, services, operations, or transactions necessary 4.30 in the conduct, operation, management, and control of a pharmacy; 4.31

(11) participation in the initiation, management, modification, and discontinuation of 4.32 therapy with opiate antagonists, as defined in section 604A.04, subdivision 1, pursuant to: 4.33

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5.1	(i) a writ	ten protocol as allo	wed under clause	(7); or	
5.2	(ii) a writ	tten protocol with a	community health	board medical consultar	t or a practitioner
5.3		-		wed under section 151.3'	-
5.4	and				
5.5	(12) pres	cribing self-admin	istered hormonal	contraceptives; nicotine	replacement
5.6	medications	; and opiate antago	nists for the treatr	nent of an acute opiate o	verdose pursuant
5.7	to section 15	51.37, subdivision	14, 15, or 16 . ; and	-	
5.8	(13) the a	administration of H	IIV preexposure p	rophylaxis and HIV pos	texposure
5.9	prophylaxis	as authorized unde	er section 151.37,	subdivision 17 or 18.	
5.10	Sec. 4. Mi	nnesota Statutes 20	020, section 151.0	6, subdivision 6, is amen	ded to read:
5.11	Subd. 6.	Information prov	ision; sources of	lower cost prescription	drugs. (a) The
5.12	board shall p	publish a page on it	ts website that pro	vides regularly updated	information
5.13	concerning:				
5.14	(1) patier	nt assistance progra	ams offered by dru	ıg manufacturers, includ	ing information
5.15	on how to ac	ccess the programs	•		
5.16	(2) the in	sulin safety net pro	ogram established	in section 151.74, inclu	ding information
5.17	on how to ac	ccess the program;			
5.18	(3) the pr	rescription drug ass	sistance program	established by the Minne	sota Board of
5.19	Aging under	r section 256.975, s	subdivision 9;		
5.20	(4) the w	ebsites through wh	ich individuals car	access information cond	cerning eligibility
5.21	for and enro	llment in Medicare	e, medical assistan	ce, MinnesotaCare, and	other
5.22	government	-funded programs t	hat help pay for the	ne cost of health care;	
5.23	(5) availa	ability of providers	that are authorize	ed to participate under se	ction 340b of the
5.24	federal Publ	ic Health Services	Act, United States	s Code, title 42, section 2	256b;
5.25	(6) havin	g a discussion with	the pharmacist or	the consumer's health ca	re provider about
5.26	alternatives	to a prescribed drug	, including a lower	r cost or generic drug if th	e drug prescribed
5.27	is too costly	for the consumer;	and		
5.28	(7) the av	vailability of HIV p	preexposure and H	IIV postexposure prophy	laxis, including
5.29	how to obtai	n these drugs with	or without a presci	ription, in accordance wit	h section 151.37,
5.30	subdivision	17 or 18; and			

- 6.1 (7)(8) any other resource that the board deems useful to individuals who are attempting
 6.2 to purchase prescription drugs at lower costs.
 6.3 (b) The board must prepare educational materials, including brochures and posters, based
 6.4 on the information it provides on its website under paragraph (a). The materials must be in
- a form that can be downloaded from the board's website and used for patient education by
 pharmacists and by health care practitioners who are licensed to prescribe. The board is not
 required to provide printed copies of these materials.
- 6.8 (c) The board shall require pharmacists and pharmacies to make available to patients
 6.9 information on sources of lower cost prescription drugs, including information on the
 6.10 availability of the website established under paragraph (a).
- 6.11 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 151.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 6.12 read:
- 6.13 Subd. 17. HIV preexposure prophylaxis. (a) For purposes of this subdivision, the
 6.14 following definitions apply:
- 6.15 (1) "preexposure prophylaxis" means a fixed dose combination of tenofovir disoproxil
- 6.16 fumarate (TDF) (300 milligrams) with emtricitabine (FTC) (200 milligrams), or another
- 6.17 drug or drug combination determined by the board to meet the same clinical eligibility
- 6.18 recommendations provided in United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
 6.19 (CDC) guidelines; and
- 6.20 (2) "CDC guidelines" means the "2017 Preexposure Prophylaxis for the Prevention of
- 6.21 <u>HIV Infection in the United States-2017 Update: A Clinical Practice Guidelines" or any</u>
 6.22 subsequent guidelines published by the CDC.
- 6.23 (b) A pharmacist may dispense HIV preexposure prophylaxis without a prescription
 6.24 drug order in accordance with this subdivision.
- 6.25 (c) Before dispensing a preexposure prophylaxis to a patient, a pharmacist must complete
- 6.26 <u>a training program approved by the board on the use of preexposure prophylaxis and</u>
- 6.27 postexposure prophylaxis. The training program must include information on financial
- 6.28 assistance programs for preexposure prophylaxis and postexposure prophylaxis, including
- 6.29 patient assistance programs offered by drug manufacturers and the AIDS drug assistance
- 6.30 program administered by the Department of Human Services. The board must approve a
- 6.31 training program in consultation with the Board of Medical Practice, the commissioners of
- 6.32 human services and health, and other relevant stakeholders by January 1, 2022.

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7.1	(d) If a pharmacist completes the training program required under paragraph (c), the
7.2	pharmacist may dispense a preexposure prophylaxis to a patient if the patient:
7.3	(1) is HIV negative, as documented by a negative HIV test result obtained within the
7.4	previous seven days from an HIV antigen/antibody test, an antibody only test, or a rapid,
7.5	point-of-care finger stick blood test approved by the United States Food and Drug
7.6	Administration. If the test results are not provided directly to the pharmacist, the pharmacist
7.7	must verify the test results to the pharmacist's satisfaction. If the patient does not provide
7.8	evidence of a negative HIV test in accordance with this clause, the pharmacist must either
7.9	administer an HIV test to the patient or provide the patient with information on where to
7.10	locally obtain an HIV test. If the pharmacist does not receive documentation of a negative
7.11	HIV test to the satisfaction of the pharmacist, the pharmacist may dispense up to a ten-day
7.12	supply of preexposure prophylaxis to the patient if the patient satisfies clauses (2) and (3).
7.13	If the patient tests positive for HIV, the pharmacist must direct the patient to the patient's
7.14	primary care provider. If the patient does not have a primary care provider, the pharmacist
7.15	must provide the patient with a list of local providers and clinics;
7.16	(2) does not report any signs or symptoms of acute HIV infection on a self-reported
	checklist of acute HIV infection signs and symptoms; and
7.17	checknist of acute III v infection signs and symptoms, and
7.18	(3) does not report taking any contraindicated medications.
7.19	(e) The pharmacist must provide counseling to the patient on the ongoing use of
7.20	preexposure prophylaxis. The counseling may include education on possible side effects,
7.21	safety during pregnancy and breastfeeding, adherence to recommended dosing, and the
7.22	importance of timely testing and treatment as applicable for HIV, renal function, hepatitis
7.23	B, hepatitis C, sexually transmitted diseases, and pregnancy for patients of childbearing
7.24	capacity. The pharmacist must inform the patient that the patient must be seen by a health
7.25	care provider to receive subsequent prescriptions of preexposure prophylaxis.
7.26	(f) After dispensing the preexposure prophylaxis to the patient, the pharmacist must,
7.27	with the patient's consent, inform the patient's primary care provider that the pharmacist
7.28	has dispensed preexposure prophylaxis to the patient and has provided the required counseling
7.29	in accordance with paragraph (e). If the patient does not have a primary care provider or
7.30	refuses consent to notify the patient's primary care provider, the pharmacist must provide
7.31	the patient with a list of providers to contact regarding ongoing care for preexposure
7.32	
	prophylaxis. The pharmacist must maintain a record of the services provided to the patient
7.33	prophylaxis. The pharmacist must maintain a record of the services provided to the patient and of the preexposure prophylaxis dispensed to the patient. The record must be maintained

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8.1	Sec. 6. Mi	nnesota Statutes 202	20, section 151.37	, is amended by adding	a subdivision to
8.2	read:				
8.3	<u>Subd. 18</u>	. HIV postexposur	e prophylaxis. (a) For purposes of this su	bdivision, the
8.4	following de	efinitions apply:			
8.5	<u>(1)</u> "post	exposure prophylax	is" means any of	the following:	
8.6	(i) tenofo	ovir disoproxil fuma	rate (TDF) (300 m	nilligrams) with emtricita	abine (FTC) (200
8.7	milligrams),	taken once daily, in	combination with	either raltegravir (400 m	nilligrams), taken
8.8	twice daily,	or dolutegravir (50 r	milligrams), taker	once daily;	
8.9	(ii) tenof	òvir disoproxil fuma	arate (TDF) (300 r	nilligrams) and emtricita	abine (FTC) (200
8.10	<u>milligrams)</u> ,	taken once daily, in	combination with	darunavir (800 milligra	ms) and ritonavir
8.11	<u>(100 milligr</u>	ams), taken once da	ily; or		
8.12	<u>(iii)</u> anot	her drug or drug con	nbination determin	ned by the board to meet	the same clinical
8.13	eligibility re	commendations pro	vided in the CDC	guidelines; and	
8.14	<u>(2)</u> "CDO	C guidelines" means	the "Updated Gu	idelines for Antiretrovir	al Postexposure
8.15	Prophylaxis	After Sexual, Inject	tion Drug Use, or	Other Nonoccupational	Exposure to
8.16	HIV-United	States, 2016" or any	y subsequent guid	elines published by the	CDC.
8.17	<u>(b)</u> A ph	armacist may disper	nse a postexposure	e prophylaxis without a	prescription drug
8.18	order in acc	ordance with this su	bdivision.		
8.19	(c) Befor	e dispensing a poster	xposure prophylax	is to a patient, a pharmac	ist must complete
8.20	a training pr	ogram approved by	the board on the	use of preexposure prop	hylaxis and
8.21	postexposur	e prophylaxis. The t	raining program 1	nust include information	n about financial
8.22	assistance p	rograms for preexpo	osure prophylaxis	and postexposure proph	ylaxis, including
8.23	patient assis	tance programs offe	ered by drug manu	facturers and the AIDS	drug assistance
8.24	program adr	ninistered by the De	epartment of Hum	an Services. The board	must approve a
8.25	training prog	gram in consultation	with the Board o	f Medical Practice, the c	commissioners of
8.26	human servi	ces and health, and	other relevant stal	keholders by January 1,	2022.
8.27	<u>(d) If a p</u>	harmacist complete	s the training prog	gram required under para	agraph (c), the
8.28	pharmacist 1	nay dispense a com	plete course of po	stexposure prophylaxis	to a patient after
8.29	the pharmac	ist:			
8.30	<u>(1) scree</u>	ns the patient and de	etermines that exp	osure occurred within the	he previous 72
8.31	hours and th	e patient meets the c	linical criteria for	postexposure prophylax	is consistent with
8.32	CDC guidel	ines; and			

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9.1	(2) provides HIV testing to the patient that is classified as waived under the federal
9.2	Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (United States Code, title 42, section
9.3	263a) or the pharmacist determines that the patient is willing to undergo HIV testing
9.4	consistent with CDC guidelines. If the patient refuses to undergo HIV testing but is otherwise
9.5	eligible for postexposure prophylaxis under this subdivision, the pharmacist may dispense
9.6	postexposure prophylaxis to the patient.
9.7	(e) The pharmacist must provide counseling to the patient on the use of postexposure
9.8	prophylaxis consistent with CDC guidelines. The counseling may include education on
9.9	possible side effects, safety during pregnancy and breastfeeding, adherence to recommended
9.10	dosing, and the importance of timely testing and treatment for HIV and sexually transmitted
9.11	diseases. The pharmacist must inform the patient of the availability of preexposure
9.12	prophylaxis for individuals who are at substantial risk of acquiring HIV.
9.13	(f) After dispensing the postexposure prophylaxis to the patient, the pharmacist must,
9.14	with the patient's consent, inform the patient's primary care provider of the postexposure
9.15	prophylaxis treatment. If the patient does not have a primary care provider, or refuses consent
9.16	to notify the patient's primary care provider, the pharmacist must provide the patient with
9.17	a list of providers to contact regarding follow up care for postexposure prophylaxis. The
9.18	pharmacist must maintain a record of the services provided to the patient and the postexposure
9.19	prophylaxis dispensed to the patient. The record must be maintained in the same manner
9.20	required for prescription drug orders dispensed under this section.

9.21 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 214.122, is amended to read:

9.22 214.122 INFORMATION PROVISION; PHARMACEUTICAL ASSISTANCE 9.23 PROGRAMS.

(a) The Board of Medical Practice and the Board of Nursing shall at least annually inform 9.24 licensees who are authorized to prescribe prescription drugs of the availability of the Board 9.25 of Pharmacy's website that contains information on resources and programs to assist patients 9.26 with the cost of prescription drugs. The boards shall provide licensees with the website 9.27 address established by the Board of Pharmacy under section 151.06, subdivision 6, and the 9.28 materials described under section 151.06, subdivision 6, paragraph (b). The boards shall 9.29 also ensure that licensees are provided with information on the insulin safety net program 9.30 established in section 151.74, and a link to the Board of Pharmacy's information sheet on 9.31 how patients can apply for the program. 9.32

(b) Licensees must make available to patients information on sources of lower cost
prescription drugs, including information on the availability of the website established by
the Board of Pharmacy under section 151.06, subdivision 6.

(c) The Board of Medical Practice and the Board of Nursing shall ensure that licensees
 are provided with information regarding the availability of preexposure or postexposure
 prophylaxis if the licensee has patients who are at high risk for HIV or may have been
 potentially exposed to HIV.

10.8 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 256B.0625, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. **Drugs.** (a) Medical assistance covers drugs, except for fertility drugs when specifically used to enhance fertility, if prescribed by a licensed practitioner and dispensed by a licensed pharmacist, by a physician enrolled in the medical assistance program as a dispensing physician, or by a physician, a physician assistant, or an advanced practice registered nurse employed by or under contract with a community health board as defined in section 145A.02, subdivision 5, for the purposes of communicable disease control.

10.15 (b) The dispensed quantity of a prescription drug must not exceed a 34-day supply,10.16 unless authorized by the commissioner.

(c) For the purpose of this subdivision and subdivision 13d, an "active pharmaceutical 10.17 10.18 ingredient" is defined as a substance that is represented for use in a drug and when used in the manufacturing, processing, or packaging of a drug becomes an active ingredient of the 10.19 drug product. An "excipient" is defined as an inert substance used as a diluent or vehicle 10.20 10.21 for a drug. The commissioner shall establish a list of active pharmaceutical ingredients and excipients which are included in the medical assistance formulary. Medical assistance covers 10.22 10.23 selected active pharmaceutical ingredients and excipients used in compounded prescriptions when the compounded combination is specifically approved by the commissioner or when 10.24 a commercially available product: 10.25

10.26 (1) is not a therapeutic option for the patient;

10.27 (2) does not exist in the same combination of active ingredients in the same strengths10.28 as the compounded prescription; and

(3) cannot be used in place of the active pharmaceutical ingredient in the compoundedprescription.

(d) Medical assistance covers the following over-the-counter drugs when prescribed by
a licensed practitioner or by a licensed pharmacist who meets standards established by the
commissioner, in consultation with the board of pharmacy: antacids, acetaminophen, family

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planning products, aspirin, insulin, products for the treatment of lice, vitamins for adults 11.1 with documented vitamin deficiencies, vitamins for children under the age of seven and 11.2 pregnant or nursing women, and any other over-the-counter drug identified by the 11.3 commissioner, in consultation with the Formulary Committee, as necessary, appropriate, 11.4 and cost-effective for the treatment of certain specified chronic diseases, conditions, or 11.5 disorders, and this determination shall not be subject to the requirements of chapter 14. A 11.6 pharmacist may prescribe over-the-counter medications as provided under this paragraph 11.7 11.8 for purposes of receiving reimbursement under Medicaid. When prescribing over-the-counter drugs under this paragraph, licensed pharmacists must consult with the recipient to determine 11.9 necessity, provide drug counseling, review drug therapy for potential adverse interactions, 11.10 and make referrals as needed to other health care professionals. 11.11

(e) Effective January 1, 2006, medical assistance shall not cover drugs that are coverable 11.12 under Medicare Part D as defined in the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and 11.13 Modernization Act of 2003, Public Law 108-173, section 1860D-2(e), for individuals eligible 11.14 for drug coverage as defined in the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and 11.15 Modernization Act of 2003, Public Law 108-173, section 1860D-1(a)(3)(A). For these 11.16 individuals, medical assistance may cover drugs from the drug classes listed in United States 11.17 Code, title 42, section 1396r-8(d)(2), subject to this subdivision and subdivisions 13a to 11.18 13g, except that drugs listed in United States Code, title 42, section 1396r-8(d)(2)(E), shall 11.19 not be covered. 11.20

(f) Medical assistance covers drugs acquired through the federal 340B Drug Pricing
Program and dispensed by 340B covered entities and ambulatory pharmacies under common
ownership of the 340B covered entity. Medical assistance does not cover drugs acquired
through the federal 340B Drug Pricing Program and dispensed by 340B contract pharmacies.

(g) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), medical assistance covers self-administered hormonal
contraceptives prescribed and dispensed by a licensed pharmacist in accordance with section
151.37, subdivision 14; nicotine replacement medications prescribed and dispensed by a
licensed pharmacist in accordance with section 151.37, subdivision 15; and opiate antagonists
used for the treatment of an acute opiate overdose prescribed and dispensed by a licensed
pharmacist in accordance with section 151.37, subdivision 16.

(h) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), medical assistance covers preexposure prophylaxis
 dispensed by a licensed pharmacist in accordance with section 151.37, subdivision 17, and
 postexposure prophylaxis dispensed by a licensed pharmacist in accordance with section
 11.33 151.37, subdivision 18.