LCB

# **SENATE** STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-FIRST SESSION

# S.F. No. 278

(SENATE AUTHORS: JENSEN, Dahms, Wiklund, Draheim and Benson)					
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS			
01/17/2019	118	Introduction and first reading			
		Referred to Health and Human Services Finance and Policy			
03/11/2019	745a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Commerce and Consumer Protection Finance and Policy			
03/21/2019	1072a	Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance			
04/03/2019		Comm report: To pass as amended			
		Second reading			

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3	relating to health care; creating licensure and regulations for pharmacy benefit managers; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, section
1.4 1.5	151.21, subdivision 7, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 62W; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections
1.6	151.214, subdivision 2; 151.60; 151.61; 151.62; 151.63; 151.64; 151.65; 151.66;
1.7	151.67; 151.68; 151.69; 151.70; 151.71.
1.8	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.9	Section 1. [62W.01] CITATION.
1.10	This chapter may be cited as the "Minnesota Pharmacy Benefit Manager Licensure and
1.11	Regulation Act."
1.12	Sec. 2. [62W.02] DEFINITIONS.
1.13	Subdivision 1. Scope. For purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the meanings
1.14	given.
1.15	Subd. 2. Aggregate retained rebate. "Aggregate retained rebate" means the percentage
1.16	of all rebates received by a pharmacy benefit manager from a drug manufacturer for drug
1.17	utilization that is not passed on to the pharmacy benefit manager's client.
1.18	Subd. 3. Claims processing service. "Claims processing service" means the
1.19	administrative services performed in connection with the processing and adjudicating of
1.20	claims relating to pharmacy services that includes:
1.21	(1) receiving payments for pharmacy services;
1.22	(2) making payments to pharmacists or pharmacies for pharmacy services; or

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2.1	<u>(3) both</u>	clause (1) and clause	(2).		
2.2	<u>Subd. 4</u> .	<u>Commissioner.</u> "Co	mmissioner" me	ans the commissioner	of commerce.
2.3	<u>Subd. 5.</u>	<u>Enrollee.</u> "Enrollee"	means a natural	person covered by a	health plan and
2.4	includes an	insured, policyholder	, subscriber, con	tract holder, member,	covered person, or
2.5	certificate h	nolder.			
2.6	Subd. 6.	<u>Health carrier.</u> "Health	alth carrier" has	the meaning given in	section 62A.011,
2.7	subdivision	<u>12.</u>			
2.8	<u>Subd. 7.</u>	<u>Health plan.</u> "Health	n plan" means a	policy, contract, certif	ficate, or agreement
2.9	defined in s	section 62A.011, subd	ivision 3.		
2.10	Subd. 8.	<u>.</u> Mail order pharma	<b>cy.</b> "Mail order j	pharmacy" means a pl	harmacy whose
2.11	primary bus	siness is to receive pre	scriptions by ma	il, fax, or through elec	tronic submissions,
2.12	dispense pr	escription drugs to en	rollees through t	he use of the United S	States mail or other
2.13	common ca	urrier services, and pro	ovide consultatio	n with patients electro	onically rather than
2.14	face-to-face	<u>e.</u>			
2.15	<u>Subd. 9</u> .	<u>Maximum allowabl</u>	e cost price. "M	aximum allowable co	ost price" means the
2.16	<u>maximum a</u>	amount that a pharmac	ey benefit manag	er will reimburse a ph	armacy for a group
2.17	of therapeu	tically and pharmaceu	tically equivaler	nt multiple source dru	gs. The maximum
2.18	allowable c	ost price does not incl	lude a dispensing	g or professional fee.	
2.19	Subd. 10	0. <mark>Multiple source d</mark> i	<b>ugs.</b> "Multiple s	source drugs" means a	therapeutically
2.20	equivalent o	drug that is available f	from at least two	manufacturers.	
2.21	<u>Subd.</u> 1	1. Network pharmac	y. "Network pha	rmacy" means a retai	l or other licensed
2.22	pharmacy p	provider that directly c	contracts with a p	pharmacy benefit man	ager.
2.23	<u>Subd. 12</u>	2. Other prescription	n drug or device	e services. "Other pres	scription drug or
2.24	device serve	ices" means services of	other than claims	processing services,	provided directly or
2.25	indirectly, w	whether in connection w	with or separate f	rom claims processing	services, including:
2.26	<u>(1) nego</u>	otiating rebates, discou	unts, or other fin	ancial incentives and	arrangements with
2.27	drug manuf	facturers;			
2.28	(2) disb	ursing or distributing	rebates;		
2.29	<u>(3) man</u>	aging or participating	in incentive pro	grams or arrangement	ts for pharmacy
2.30	services;				
2.31	<u>(4) nego</u>	tiating or entering into	contractual arrai	ngements with pharma	cists or pharmacies,
2.32	or both;				

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3.1	(5) develop	oing prescription dr	ug formularies;		
3.2	(6) designi	ng prescription ben	efit programs; o	<u>or</u>	
3.3	(7) advertis	sing or promoting s	ervices.		
3.4	<u>Subd. 13.</u>	Pharmacist. "Pharr	nacist" means a	n individual with a val	lid license issued by
3.5	the Board of P	harmacy under cha	pter 151.		
3.6		•		acy provider" means a	•
3.7				151 in which prescri	
3.8				pervision of a pharm	
3.9			<u> </u>	harmacy benefit manag	
3.10 3.11		including but not lin	-	n sponsor to perform p	bharmacy benefits
				· . · · ·	• .• • ·
3.12	<u> </u>	her covered individ	<b>-</b>	rmacies to provide pro	escription drugs to
3.13					
3.14	<u>(2) adminis</u>	stering a prescriptio	on drug benefit;		
3.15	(3) process	sing or paying pharr	nacy claims;		
3.16	(4) creating	g or updating preser	ription drug for	nularies;	
3.17	(5) making	; or assisting in mak	ting prior autho	rization determination	is on prescription
3.18	drugs;				
3.19	<u>(6)</u> adminis	stering rebates on p	rescription drug	<u>s; or</u>	
3.20	(7) establis	shing a pharmacy ne	etwork.		
3.21	<u>(b) Pharma</u>	icy benefit manager	does not inclue	le the Department of	Human Services.
3.22	<u>Subd. 16.</u>	Plan sponsor. "Plar	n sponsor" mear	s a group purchaser a	s defined under
3.23	section 62J.03	; an employer in the	e case of an emp	ployee health benefit	plan established or
3.24	maintained by	a single employer;	or an employee	e organization in the c	ase of a health plan
3.25	established or	maintained by an er	nployee organiz	ation, an association,	joint board trustees,
3.26	<u>a committee, c</u>	or other similar grou	p that establish	es or maintains the he	alth plan. This term
3.27	includes a pers	son or entity acting	for a pharmacy	benefit manager in a	contractual or
3.28	employment re	elationship in the per	rformance of ph	armacy benefit manag	ement. Plan sponsor
3.29	does not inclu	de the Department of	of Human Servi	ces.	
3.30	Subd. 17.	Specialty drug. "Sp	pecialty drug" m	neans a prescription dr	rug that: (1) is not
3.31	available for o	rder or purchase by	a retail pharma	acy, regardless if the d	rug is meant to be

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4.1	self-adminis	stered; and (2) requires	special storage	and has distribution or ir	ventory limitations
4.2	that are not	available at a retail p	harmacy.		
4.3	Subd. 1	8. Retail pharmacy.	'Retail pharmac	y" means a chain pharm	acy, a supermarket
4.4	pharmacy, a	an independent pharm	acy, or a netwo	rk of independent phar	macies, licensed
4.5	under chapt	ter 151, that dispenses	s prescription dr	ugs to the public.	
4.6	Subd. 1	9. Rebates. "Rebates'	' means all price	e concessions paid by a	drug manufacturer
4.7	to a pharma	acy benefit manager o	r plan sponsor,	including discounts and	l other price
4.8	concessions	s that are based on the	e actual or estim	ated utilization of a pre	scription drug.
4.9	Rebates als	o include price conce	ssions based on	the effectiveness of a p	rescription drug as
4.10	<u>in a value-b</u>	based or performance-	based contract.		
4.11	<u>Subd. 20</u>	0. <mark>Specialty pharmac</mark>	y. "Specialty ph	armacy" means a pharm	acy that specializes
4.12	in dispensir	ng specialty drugs for	patients with se	rious health conditions	requiring complex
4.13	therapies ar	nd high cost biotech a	nd injectable m	edications. A pharmacy	v benefit manager
4.14	or health ca	rrier may require a sp	ecialty pharmac	y to be accredited as a s	specialty pharmacy
4.15	from one of	f the following accred	iting organizati	ons:	
4.16	<u>(1) Utili</u>	zation Review Accre	ditation Commi	ssion (URAC);	
4.17	(2) Acc	reditation Commission	ner for Health C	Care, Inc.;	
4.18	(3) Cent	ter for Pharmacy Prac	tice Accreditati	on; or	
4.19	<u>(4) Join</u>	t Accreditation Comn	nission.		
4.20	Sec. 3. [6]	2W.03] LICENSE T	O DO BUSINE	SS.	
4.21	Subdivi	sion 1. <b>General.</b> (a) E	Beginning Janua	ry 1, 2020, no person s	hall perform, act,
4.22	or do busin	ess in this state as a p	harmacy benefi	t manager unless the pe	erson has a valid
4.23	license issu	ed under this chapter	by the commiss	ioner of commerce.	
4.24	<u>(b) A lic</u>	cense issued in accord	lance with this c	hapter is nontransferab	<u>ole.</u>
4.25	Subd. 2	Application. (a) A p	harmacy benefi	t manager seeking a lic	ense shall apply to
4.26	the commis	sioner of commerce of	n a form prescri	bed by the commission	er. The application
4.27	form must	include at a minimum	the following i	nformation:	
4.28	(1) the r	name, address, and tel	ephone number	of the pharmacy benef	it manager;
4.29	(2) the r	name and address of the	he pharmacy be	nefit manager agent for	service of process
4.30	in this state	; and			

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5.1	(3) the name, address, official position, and professional qualifications of each person
5.2	responsible for the conduct of affairs of the pharmacy benefit manager, including all members
5.3	of the board of directors, board of trustees, executive committee, or other governing board
5.4	or committee; the principal officers in the case of a corporation; or the partners or members
5.5	in the case of a partnership or association.
5.6	(b) Each application for licensure must be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee of \$8,500.
5.7	The fees collected under this subdivision shall be deposited in the general fund.
5.0	(a) Within 20 down of manipulation on annihilation the commission on maximum additional
5.8	(c) Within 30 days of receiving an application, the commissioner may require additional
5.9	information or submissions from an applicant and may obtain any document or information
5.10	reasonably necessary to verify the information contained in the application. Within 90 days
5.11	after receipt of a completed application and the applicable license fee, the commissioner
5.12	shall review the application and issue a license if the applicant is deemed qualified under
5.13	this section. If the commissioner determines the applicant is not qualified, the commissioner
5.14	shall notify the applicant and shall specify the reason or reasons for the denial.
5.15	Subd. 3. Renewal. (a) A license issued under this chapter is valid for one year. To renew
5.16	a license, an applicant must submit a completed renewal application on a form prescribed
5.17	by the commissioner and a renewal fee of \$8,500. The fees collected under this paragraph
5.18	shall be deposited in the general fund. The commissioner may request a renewal applicant
5.19	to submit additional information to clarify any new information presented in the renewal
5.20	application.
5.21	(b) A renewal application submitted after the renewal deadline date must be accompanied
5.22	by a nonrefundable late fee of \$500. The fees collected under this paragraph shall be
5.23	deposited in the general fund.
5.24	(c) The commissioner may deny the renewal of a license for any of the following reasons:
5.25	(1) the pharmacy benefit manager has been determined by the commissioner to be in
5.26	violation or noncompliance with federal or state law; or
5.27	(2) the pharmacy benefit manager has failed to timely submit a renewal application and
5.28	the information required under paragraph (a).
5.29	In lieu of a denial of a renewal application, the commissioner may permit the pharmacy
5.30	benefit manager to submit to the commissioner a corrective action plan to cure or correct
5.31	deficiencies.

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6.1	Subd. 4. Ov	ersight. (a) The c	ommissioner m	ay suspend, revoke, or	place on probation
6.2				r this chapter for any o	
6.3	circumstances:				
6.4	(1) the phar	macy benefit man	ager has engag	ed in fraudulent activity	y that constitutes a
6.5	violation of stat	te or federal law;			
6.6	(2) the com	nissioner has rece	ived consumer	complaints that justify a	an action under this
6.7	<u> </u>	protect the safety a			
6.8	(3) the pharm	macy benefit mana	ager fails to pay	an application license	or renewal fee; and
6.9	(4) the phar	macy benefit man	ager fails to con	mply with a requiremer	nt set forth in this
6.10	chapter.				
6.11	(b) The com	missioner may iss	ue a license sub	ject to restrictions or lin	nitations, including
6.12	the types of ser	vices that may be	supplied or the	activities in which the	pharmacy benefit
6.13	manager may b	e engaged.			
6.14	Subd. 5. Per	<b>nalty.</b> If a pharma	cy benefit man	ager acts without a lice	nse, the pharmacy
6.15	benefit manage	r may be subject t	o a fine of \$5,0	00 per day for the period	od the pharmacy
6.16	benefit manage	r is found to be in	violation. Any	penalties collected und	ler this subdivision
6.17	shall be deposit	ted in the general f	fund.		
6.18	<u>Subd. 6.</u> En	forcement. The co	ommissioner sha	all enforce this chapter u	under the provisions
6.19	of chapter 45.				
6.20	Sec. 1 [67W		V RENEEIT M	IANAGER GENERA	I BUSINESS
6.21	PRACTICES.	<u>04] I HARMAC I</u>			
6.22		aav banafit mana	or must overei	se good faith and fair d	coling in the
6.23	<u> </u>			n in a contract between	
6.24				nacy that attempts to wa	
6.25	obligation is vo			lacy that attempts to wa	
6.26	(b) A pharm	 nacy benefit mana	er must notify	a health carrier in writ	ing of any activity
6.27		•		ger that directly or indi	
6.28	<u> </u>	rest with the duties	-		reetry presents u
0.28	connet of inter	est with the duties	s imposed in th	is section.	
6.29	Sec. 5. [62W.	05] PHARMACY	Y BENEFIT M	IANAGER NETWOR	K ADEQUACY.
6.30	(a) A pharm	acy benefit manag	ger must provid	le an adequate and acce	essible pharmacy
6.31	network for the	provision of presc	ription drugs. N	Iail order pharmacies m	nust not be included

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7.1	in the calcu	lations of determining	the adequacy of	the pharmacy benefit	manager's pharmacy
7.2		der section 62K.10.			
7.3	(b) A pl	narmacy benefit mana	iger must not req	uire pharmacy accre	ditation standards or
7.4	<u> </u>	ion requirements to pa			
7.5	stringent th	an, or in addition to f	ederal and state	requirements for lice	nsure as a pharmacy
7.6	in this state	unless authorized un	der this chapter.		
7.7	Sec. 6. <u>[6</u>	2W.06] PHARMAC	Y BENEFIT M	ANAGER TRANSI	PARENCY.
7.8	Subdivi	sion 1. Transparency	y to plan sponso	ors. (a) Beginning in	the second quarter
7.9	after the eff	ective date of a contra	ct between a pha	rmacy benefit manage	er and a plan sponsor,
7.10	the pharma	cy benefit manager m	ust disclose, upo	on the request of the	plan sponsor, the
7.11	following in	nformation with respe	ct to prescription	drug benefits specifi	c to the plan sponsor:
7.12	(1) the a	aggregate wholesale a	cquisition costs	from a drug manufac	turer or wholesale
7.13	drug distrib	outor for each therape	utic category of	prescription drugs;	
7.14	<u>(2) the a</u>	aggregate amount of r	ebates received	by the pharmacy ben	efit manager by
7.15	therapeutic	category of prescript	ion drugs. The a	ggregate amount of r	ebates must include
7.16	any utilizat	ion discounts the phar	rmacy benefit ma	anager receives from	a drug manufacturer
7.17	or wholesal	le drug distributor;			
7.18	<u>(3) any</u>	other fees received fr	om a drug manu	facturer or wholesale	drug distributor;
7.19	(4) whet	ther the pharmacy bene	efit manager has a	a contract, agreement,	or other arrangement
7.20	with a drug	manufacturer to excl	usively dispense	or provide a drug to	a plan sponsor's
7.21	employees	or enrollees, and the ap	plication of all co	onsideration or econor	nic benefits collected
7.22	or received	pursuant to the arran	gement;		
7.23	<u>(5) prese</u>	cription drug utilizatio	n information for	r the plan sponsor's er	nployees or enrollees
7.24	that is not s	specific to any individ	ual employee or	enrollee;	
7.25	<u>(6) the a</u>	aggregate amount of p	ayments made b	by the pharmacy bene	efit manager to
7.26	pharmacies	owned or controlled	by the pharmacy	v benefit manager;	
7.27	(7) the a	aggregate amount of p	bayments made b	by the pharmacy bene	efit manager to
7.28	pharmacies	not owned or control	lled by the pharm	nacy benefit manager	r; and
7.29	<u>(8) the a</u>	aggregate amount of th	ne fees imposed of	on, or collected from,	network pharmacies
7.30	or other ass	essments against netw	ork pharmacies, i	including point-of-sal	e fees and retroactive
7.31	charges, an	d the application of the	nose amounts col	llected pursuant to th	e contract with the
7.32	plan sponse	or.			

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8.1	(b) A pharmacy benefit manager may require a plan sponsor to agree to a nondisclosure
8.2	agreement that specifies that the information reported under this subdivision is proprietary
8.3	information. The pharmacy benefit manager is not required to disclose the information to
8.4	the plan sponsor until the plan sponsor has executed the nondisclosure agreement, if required
8.5	by the pharmacy benefit manager.
8.6	Subd. 2. Transparency report to the commissioner. (a) Beginning June 1, 2020, and
8.7	annually thereafter, each pharmacy benefit manager must submit to the commissioner a
8.8	transparency report containing data from the prior calendar year. The report must contain
8.9	the following information:
8.10	(1) the aggregate wholesale acquisition costs from a drug manufacturer or wholesale
8.11	drug distributor for each therapeutic category of prescription drugs for all of the pharmacy
8.12	benefit manager's plan sponsor clients, unless providing this information even in the aggregate
8.13	permits the determination of a specific drug manufacturer;
8.14	(2) the aggregate amount of all rebates that the pharmacy benefit manager received from
8.15	all drug manufacturers for all of the pharmacy benefit manager's plan sponsor clients. The
8.16	aggregate amount of rebates must include any utilization discounts the pharmacy benefit
8.17	manager receives from a drug manufacturer or wholesale drug distributor;
8.18	(3) the aggregate retained rebates that the pharmacy benefit manager received from all
8.19	drug manufacturers that were not passed through to plan sponsors;
8.20	(4) the aggregate retained rebate percentage; and
8.21	(5) the highest, lowest, and mean aggregate retained rebate percentage for all of the
8.22	pharmacy benefit manager's plan sponsor clients.
8.23	(b) Within 60 days upon receipt of the transparency report, the commissioner shall
8.24	publish the report from each pharmacy benefit manager on the Department of Commerce's
8.25	website, with the exception of data considered trade secret information under section 13.37.
8.26	(c) For purposes of this subdivision, the aggregate retained rebate percentage must be
8.27	calculated for each plan sponsor for rebates in the previous calendar year as follows:
8.28	(1) the sum total dollar amount of rebates from all drug manufacturers for all utilization
8.29	of enrollees of a plan sponsor that was not passed through to the plan sponsor; and
8.30	(2) divided by the sum total dollar amount of all rebates received from all drug
8.31	manufacturers for all enrollees of a plan sponsor.

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9.1	Subd. 3	. Penalty. The commi	ssioner may imp	oose civil penalties of r	not more than \$1,000
9.2		violation of this secti		<b>I</b>	· · · · · ·
	· · · · ·				
9.3	Sec. 7. <u>[6</u> 2	2W.07] PHARMACY	OWNERSHIP	PINTEREST; PHARM	MACY SERVICES.
9.4	<u>(a)</u> A pł	narmacy benefit manag	er that has an ow	vnership interest either	directly or indirectly,
9.5	or through	an affiliate or subsidia	ary, in a pharma	cy must disclose to a	plan sponsor that
9.6	contracts w	vith the pharmacy bene	efit manager an	y difference between t	he amount paid to
9.7	that pharm	acy and the amount ch	barged to the pla	an sponsor.	
9.8	<u>(b) A pł</u>	narmacy benefit manag	er or health carr	ier is prohibited from p	enalizing, requiring,
9.9	or providin	g financial incentives, i	ncluding variati	ons in premiums, deduc	ctibles, co-payments,
9.10	or coinsura	nce, to an enrollee as a	in incentive to u	se a retail pharmacy, n	nail order pharmacy,
9.11	specialty p	harmacy, or other netw	vork pharmacy	provider in which a pl	narmacy benefit
9.12	manager ha	as an ownership intere	st or in which t	he pharmacy provider	has an ownership
9.13	interest in	the pharmacy benefit 1	nanager.		
9.14	(c) Para	graph (b) does not app	ly if the pharma	acy benefit manager or	health carrier offers
9.15	an enrollee	the same financial inc	centives for usin	ng a network retail pha	armacy, mail order
9.16	pharmacy,	specialty pharmacy, o	r other network	pharmacy in which th	e pharmacy benefit
9.17	manager ha	as no ownership interes	st and the netwo	rk pharmacy has agree	ed to accept the same
9.18	pricing terr	ns, conditions, and rea	quirements relat	ted to the cost of the p	rescription drug and
9.19	the cost of	dispensing the prescri	ption drug that	are in the agreement v	vith a network
9.20	pharmacy i	in which the pharmacy	v benefit manag	er has an ownership ir	nterest.
9.21	<u>(d)</u> A p	harmacy benefit mana	ger or health ca	rrier is prohibited fror	n imposing limits,
9.22	including c	quantity limits or refill	frequency limi	ts, on a patient's acces	s to medication that
9.23	differ base	d solely on whether th	e health carrier	or pharmacy benefit n	nanager has an
9.24	ownership	interest in a pharmacy	or the pharmacy	has an ownership inte	rest in the pharmacy
9.25	benefit ma	nager.			
9.26	Sec. 8. [6	2W.075] THERAPE	UTIC ALTER	NATIVE PRESCRIP	TION DRUG.
9.27	A phari	nacy benefit manager	or health carrie	r must not require a pl	narmacy to dispense
9.28	a therapeut	ically equivalent or th	erapeutically al	ternative drug that cos	ts the enrollee more
9.29	out-of-poc	ket than the prescribed	l drug, unless th	e switch is made for r	nedical reasons that
9.30	benefit the	patient. Before a swit	ch is made unde	er this section, the pha	rmacy must obtain
9.31	approval fr	om the prescribing pr	actitioner and m	nust inform the enrolle	e of the reason for
9.32	the switch.				

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1	Sec. 9. [62W.0	76] SPECIALTY P	HARMACY.		

10.2 A pharmacy benefit manager that contracts with a specialty pharmacy must disclose to

an enrollee, upon request, the enrollee's out-of-pocket costs at the specialty pharmacy for

10.4 the prescription drug referenced by the enrollee and the enrollee's out-of-pocket cost at a

network retail pharmacy that is identified by the enrollee that is within the enrollee's health
plan network.

# 10.7 Sec. 10. [62W.077] PREFERRED NETWORK.

10.8A pharmacy benefit manager that uses a preferred network of pharmacies must disclose10.9to an enrollee upon request the enrollee's out-of-pocket cost at the preferred pharmacy for10.10the prescription drug referenced by the enrollee and the enrollee's out-of-pocket cost at a10.11nonpreferred pharmacy identified by the enrollee that is within the enrollee's health plan

10.12 <u>network.</u>

10.1

# 10.13 Sec. 11. [62W.08] MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE COST PRICING.

10.14 (a) With respect to each contract and contract renewal between a pharmacy benefit

10.15 manager and a pharmacy, the pharmacy benefits manager must:

10.16(1) provide to the pharmacy, at the beginning of each contract and contract renewal, the10.17sources utilized to determine the maximum allowable cost pricing of the pharmacy benefit

10.18 <u>manager;</u>

10.19 (2) update any maximum allowable cost price list at least every seven business days,

10.20 noting any price changes from the previous list, and provide a means by which network

10.21 pharmacies may promptly review current prices in an electronic, print, or telephonic format

10.22 within one business day at no cost to the pharmacy;

10.23(3) maintain a procedure to eliminate products from the list of drugs subject to maximum10.24allowable cost pricing in a timely manner in order to remain consistent with changes in the

10.25 <u>marketplace;</u>

10.26 (4) ensure that the maximum allowable cost prices are not set below sources utilized by
 10.27 the pharmacy benefits manager; and

- 10.28 (5) upon request of a network pharmacy, disclose the sources utilized for setting
- 10.29 <u>maximum allowable cost price rates on each maximum allowable cost price list included</u>
- 10.30 <u>under the contract and identify each maximum allowable cost price list that applies to the</u>
- 10.31 network pharmacy. A pharmacy benefit manager must make the list of the maximum

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11.1	allowable c	costs available to a con	tracted pharma	cy in a format that is re	adily accessible and
11.2	usable to th	ne network pharmacy.			
11.3	<u>(b)</u> A pl	harmacy benefit mana	ger must not pl	ace a prescription drug	g on a maximum
11.4	allowable c	cost list unless the drug	g is available for	purchase by pharmac	ies in this state from
11.5	a national o	or regional drug whole	esaler and is not	obsolete.	
11.6	<u>(c)</u> Eacl	h contract between a p	harmacy benef	t manager and a pharr	nacy must include a
11.7	process to a	appeal, investigate, and	d resolve dispu	tes regarding maximum	m allowable cost
11.8	pricing that	t includes:			
11.9	<u>(1) a 15</u>	-business-day limit or	the right to ap	peal following the init	ial claim;
11.10	<u>(2) a ree</u>	quirement that the app	eal be investiga	ted and resolved with	in seven business
11.11	days after t	he appeal is received;	and		
11.12	<u>(3) a rec</u>	quirement that a pharm	acy benefit man	ager provide a reason f	for any appeal denial
11.13	and identif	y the national drug coo	de of a drug tha	t may be purchased by	the pharmacy at a
11.14	price at or l	below the maximum al	lowable cost pr	ice as determined by the	he pharmacy benefit
11.15	manager.				
11.16	<u>(d) If ar</u>	n appeal is upheld, the	pharmacy bene	efit manager must mak	te an adjustment to
11.17	the maximu	um allowable cost pric	e no later than	one business day after	the date of
11.18	determinat	ion. The pharmacy ber	nefit manager n	nust make the price ad	justment applicable
11.19	to all simila	arly situated network p	pharmacy provi	ders as defined by the	plan sponsor.
11.20	Sec. 12. ]	[62W.09] PHARMAC	CY AUDITS.		
11.21	Subdivi	ision 1. Procedure and	d process for c	onducting and repor	ting an audit. <u>(a)</u>
11.22	Unless othe	erwise prohibited by for	ederal requirem	ents or regulations, an	y entity conducting
11.23	<u>a pharmacy</u>	y audit must follow the	e following pro	cedures:	
11.24	<u>(1) a ph</u>	armacy must be given	notice 14 days	before an initial on-site	e audit is conducted;
11.25	<u>(2) an a</u>	udit that involves clin	ical or profession	onal judgment must be	e conducted by or in
11.26	consultatio	n with a licensed phar	macist; and		
11.27	<u>(3) each</u>	n pharmacy shall be au	idited under the	same standards and p	arameters as other
11.28	similarly si	ituated pharmacies.			
11.29	<u>(b)</u> Unle	ess otherwise prohibite	ed by federal re	quirements or regulati	ons, for any entity
11.30	conducting	a pharmacy audit the	following item	s apply:	

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12.1	(1) the pe	eriod covered by the	audit may not e	xceed 24 months from	the date that the
12.2				y, unless a longer perio	
12.3	state or feder	ral law;			
12.4	(2) if an e	entity uses random s	ampling as a me	thod for selecting a set	of claims for
12.5		•	<b>• •</b>	e for a statistically relia	
12.6				ity shall provide the ph	
12.7				ange that the auditing e	
12.8	audit;	· ·		<u> </u>	
12.9	(3) an on	-site audit may not t	ake place during	the first five business	days of the month
12.9		nted to by the pharm		, the first five busiless	days of the month
12.10	uniess conse	nice to by the pharm	idey,		
12.11				unless escorted where	
12.12			e extent possibl	e must be out of sight a	and hearing range
12.13	of the pharm	acy customers;			
12.14	<u>(5)</u> any re	ecoupment will not be	e deducted again	st future remittances un	til after the appeals
12.15	process and	both parties have rec	eived the result	s of the final audit;	
12.16	(6) a pha	rmacy benefit manag	ger may not requ	nire information to be v	vritten on a
12.17	prescription	unless the information	on is required to	be written on the prese	cription by state or
12.18	federal law.	Recoupment may be	assessed for ite	ms not written on the p	rescription if:
12.19	<u>(i)</u> additio	onal information is r	equired in the pr	rovider manual; or	
12.20	(ii) the in	formation is require	d by the Food a	nd Drug Administration	n (FDA); or
12.21	(iii) the in	nformation is require	d by the drug m	anufacturer's product s	afety program; and
12.22	(iv) the in	nformation in item (i	), (ii), or (iii) is	not readily available fo	or the auditor at the
12.23	time of the a	udit; and			
12.24	(7) the au	diting company or a	gent may not re	ceive payment based o	n a percentage of
12.25	the amount r	ecovered. This section	on does not prev	vent the entity conducti	ng the audit from
12.26	charging or a	ssessing the responsi	ble party, directl	y or indirectly, based on	amounts recouped
12.27	if both of the	e following condition	ns are met:		
12.28	(i) the pla	an sponsor and the en	ntity conducting	the audit have a contra	act that explicitly
12.29	states the per	rcentage charge or as	ssessment to the	plan sponsor; and	
12.30	<u>(ii) a com</u>	mission to an agent of	or employee of t	ne entity conducting the	e audit is not based,
12.31	directly or in	directly, on amounts	s recouped.		

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13.1	<u>(c)</u> An ar	mendment to pharma	cy audit terms	in a contract between a	pharmacy benefit
13.2	manager and	d a pharmacy must b	e disclosed to th	ne pharmacy at least 60	) days prior to the
13.3	effective dat	te of the proposed ch	ange.		
13.4	Subd. 2.	<b>Requirement for re</b>	coupment or cl	nargeback. For recoup	ment or chargeback,
13.5	the followin	g criteria apply:			
13.6	<u>(1) audit</u>	parameters must con	sider consumer-	oriented parameters ba	sed on manufacturer
13.7	listings;				
13.8	<u>(2) a pha</u>	rmacy's usual and cu	stomary price f	for compounded medic	ations is considered
13.9	the reimburs	sable cost unless the	pricing method	ology is outlined in the	pharmacy provider
13.10	<u>contract;</u>				
13.11	<u>(3) a finc</u>	ling of overpayment	or underpaymer	nt must be based on the	actual overpayment
13.12	or underpay	ment and not a proje	ction based on	the number of patients	served having a
13.13	similar diag	nosis or on the numb	er of similar or	ders or refills for simil	ar drugs;
13.14	(4) the en	ntity conducting the	audit shall not u	use extrapolation in cal	culating the
13.15	recoupment	or penalties for audi	ts unless require	ed by state or federal la	w or regulations;
13.16	<u>(5) calcu</u>	lations of overpayme	ents must not in	clude dispensing fees u	inless a prescription
13.17	was not actu	ally dispensed, the p	prescriber denie	d authorization, the pre	escription dispensed
13.18	was a medic	ation error by the ph	armacy, or the	identified overpayment	t is solely based on
13.19	an extra disp	pensing fee;			
13.20	<u>(6)</u> an en	tity may not consider	any clerical or re	ecord-keeping error, suc	h as a typographical
13.21	error, scrive	ner's error, or compu	ter error regardi	ng a required documen	t or record as fraud,
13.22	however suc	ch errors may be sub	ject to recoupm	ent;	
13.23	(7) in the	e case of errors that h	ave no actual f	inancial harm to the pa	tient or plan, the
13.24	pharmacy be	enefit manager must	not assess any	chargebacks. Errors that	at are a result of the
13.25	pharmacy fa	iling to comply with	a formal correct	tive action plan may be	subject to recovery;
13.26	and				
13.27	<u>(8) intere</u>	est may not accrue di	uring the audit p	period for either party,	beginning with the
13.28	notice of the	e audit and ending wi	ith the final aud	it report.	
13.29	<u>Subd. 3.</u>	<b>Documentation.</b> (a)	To validate the p	bharmacy record and de	livery, the pharmacy
13.30	may use aut	hentic and verifiable	statements or re	cords including medica	ation administration
13.31	records of a	nursing home, assist	ed living facilit	y, hospital, physician,	or other authorized
13.32	practitioner	or additional audit d	ocumentation p	arameters located in th	e provider manual.

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(b) Any legal prescription that meets the requirements in this chapter may be used to 14.1 validate claims in connection with prescriptions, refills, or changes in prescriptions, including 14.2 medication administration records, faxes, e-prescriptions, or documented telephone calls 14.3 from the prescriber or the prescriber's agents. 14.4 Subd. 4. Appeals process. The entity conducting the audit must establish a written 14.5 appeals process which must include appeals of preliminary reports and final reports. 14.6 Subd. 5. Audit information and reports. (a) A preliminary audit report must be delivered 14.7 to the pharmacy within 60 days after the conclusion of the audit. 14.8 (b) A pharmacy must be allowed at least 45 days following receipt of the preliminary 14.9 audit to provide documentation to address any discrepancy found in the audit. 14.10 (c) A final audit report must be delivered to the pharmacy within 120 days after receipt 14.11 14.12 of the preliminary audit report or final appeal, whichever is later. (d) An entity shall remit any money due to a pharmacy or pharmacist as a result of an 14.13 underpayment of a claim within 45 days after the appeals process has been exhausted and 14.14 the final audit report has been issued. 14.15 14.16 Subd. 6. Disclosure to plan sponsor. Where contractually required, an auditing entity must provide a copy to the plan sponsor of its claims that were included in the audit, and 14.17 any recouped money shall be returned to the plan sponsor. 14.18 14.19 Subd. 7. Applicability of other laws and regulations. This section does not apply to any investigative audit that involves suspected fraud, willful misrepresentation, abuse, or 14.20 any audit completed by Minnesota health care programs. 14.21 14.22 Subd. 8. Definitions. For purposes of this section, "entity" means a pharmacy benefit manager or any person or organization that represents a pharmacy benefit manager. 14.23 Sec. 13. [62W.10] SYNCHRONIZATION. 14.24 (a) For purposes of this section, "synchronization" means the coordination of prescription 14.25 drug refills for a patient taking two or more medications for one or more chronic conditions, 14.26 to allow the patient's medications to be refilled on the same schedule for a given period of 14.27 time. 14.28 (b) A contract between a pharmacy benefit manager and a pharmacy must allow for 14.29 14.30 synchronization of prescription drug refills for a patient on at least one occasion per year, if the following criteria are met: 14.31

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	(1) the prescription drugs are covered under the patient's health plan or have been
	approved by a formulary exceptions process;
	(2) the prescription drugs are maintenance medications as defined by the health plan
8	and have one or more refills available at the time of synchronization;
	(3) the prescription drugs are not Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substances;
	(4) the patient meets all utilization management criteria relevant to the prescription drug
<u>a</u>	t the time of synchronization;
	(5) the prescription drugs are of a formulation that can be safely split into short-fill
F	periods to achieve synchronization; and
	(6) the prescription drugs do not have special handling or sourcing needs that require a
S	ingle, designated pharmacy to fill or refill the prescription.
	(c) When necessary to permit synchronization, the pharmacy benefit manager must apply
a	prorated, daily patient cost-sharing rate to any prescription drug dispensed by a pharmacy
u	inder this section. The dispensing fee must not be prorated, and all dispensing fees shall
b	be based on the number of prescriptions filled or refilled.
	Sec. 14. [62W.11] GAG CLAUSE PROHIBITION. (a) No contract between a pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier and a pharmacy
C	or pharmacist shall prohibit, restrict, or penalize a pharmacy or pharmacist from disclosing
	o an enrollee any health care information that the pharmacy or pharmacist deems appropriate
	egarding the nature of treatment; the risks or alternatives; the availability of alternative
	nerapies, consultations, or tests; the decision of utilization reviewers or similar persons to
<u>a</u>	uthorize or deny services; the process that is used to authorize or deny health care services
0	r benefits; or information on financial incentives and structures used by the health carrier
0	r pharmacy benefit manager.
	(b) A pharmacy or pharmacist must provide to an enrollee information regarding the
6	enrollee's total cost for each prescription drug dispensed where part or all of the cost of the
ľ	prescription is being paid or reimbursed by the employer-sponsored plan or by a health
(	carrier or pharmacy benefit manager, in accordance with section 151.214.
	(c) A pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier must not prohibit a pharmacist or
]	pharmacy from discussing information regarding the total cost for pharmacy services for a
]	prescription drug, including the patient's co-payment amount and the pharmacy's own usual

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<u>(d)</u>	A pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier must not prohibit a pharmacist or
pharma	cy from discussing the availability of any therapeutically equivalent alternative
prescri	ption drugs or alternative methods for purchasing the prescription drug, including
out not	limited to paying out-of-pocket the pharmacy's usual and customary price when that
moun	t is less expensive to the enrollee than the amount the enrollee is required to pay for
he pre	scription drug under the enrollee's health plan.
Sec. 1	15. [62W.12] POINT OF SALE.
No	pharmacy benefit manager or health carrier shall require an enrollee to make a
baymei	nt at the point of sale for a covered prescription drug in an amount greater than the
esser c	<u>of:</u>
<u>(1)</u>	the applicable co-payment for the prescription drug;
(2)	the allowable claim amount for the prescription drug;
<u>(3)</u>	the amount an enrollee would pay for the prescription drug if the enrollee purchased
the pres	scription drug without using a health plan or any other source of prescription drug
oenefit	s or discounts; or
(4)	the amount the pharmacy will be reimbursed for the prescription drug from the
oharma	cy benefit manager or health carrier.
Sec.	6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.21, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Sub	d. 7. Drug formulary. This section Subdivision 3 does not apply when a pharmacist
is dispe	ensing a prescribed drug to persons covered under a managed health care plan that
maintai	ins a mandatory or closed drug formulary.
Sec. 1	7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 151.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to
read:	
Sub	d. 7a. Coverage by substitution. (a) When a pharmacist receives a prescription
order b	y paper or hard copy, by electronic transmission, or by oral instruction from the
prescri	ber, in which the prescriber has not expressly indicated that the prescription is to be
dispens	sed as communicated and the drug prescribed is not covered under the purchaser's
health	plan or prescription drug plan, the pharmacist may dispense a therapeutically
equival	ent and interchangeable prescribed drug or biological product that is covered under
the pur	chaser's plan if the pharmacist has a written protocol with the prescriber that outlines

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17.1 17.2		<u> </u>		gned for the same ind	
17.3	(b) The phar	macist must inform	m the purchaser	if the pharmacist is di	spensing a drug or
17.4	biological produ	ict other than the s	specific drug or	biological product pre	scribed and the
17.5	reason for the su	ibstitution.			
17.6 17.7	<u> </u>		•	prescriber the name an ason for the substitution	
17.8	with the written	protocol.			
17.9		ROPRIATION.			
17.10	· · · · · ·	2	,	iscal year 2021 are app	•
17.11	general fund to t	the commissioner	of commerce fo	or licensing activities u	inder Minnesota
17.12	Statutes, chapter	62W. The base for	or this appropria	tion is \$365,000 in fis	scal year 2022 and
17.13	<u>\$365,000 in fisc</u>	al year 2023. \$246	5,000 each year	shall be used solely for	r staff costs for two
17.14	enforcement inve	estigators solely fo	r enforcement a	ctivities under Minneso	ota Statutes, chapter
17.15	<u>62W.</u>				
17.16	Sec. 19. <u>REPI</u>	EALER.			

- 17.17 Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 151.214, subdivision 2; 151.60; 151.61; 151.62;
- 17.18 <u>151.63; 151.64; 151.65; 151.66; 151.67; 151.68; 151.69; 151.70; and 151.71, are repealed.</u>

#### **151.214 PAYMENT DISCLOSURE.**

Subd. 2. **No prohibition on disclosure.** No contracting agreement between an employer-sponsored health plan or health plan company, or its contracted pharmacy benefit manager, and a resident or nonresident pharmacy registered under this chapter, may prohibit the pharmacy from disclosing to patients information a pharmacy is required or given the option to provide under subdivision 1.

# 151.60 PHARMACY AUDIT INTEGRITY PROGRAM.

The pharmacy audit integrity program is established to provide standards for an audit of pharmacy records carried out by a pharmacy benefits manager or any entity that represents pharmacy benefits managers.

# **151.61 DEFINITIONS.**

Subdivision 1. **Scope.** For the purposes of sections 151.60 to 151.70, the following terms have the meanings given.

Subd. 2. **Entity.** "Entity" means a pharmacy benefits manager or any person or organization that represents these companies, groups, or organizations.

Subd. 3. **Pharmacy benefits manager or PBM.** "Pharmacy benefits manager" or "PBM" means a person, business, or other entity that performs pharmacy benefits management. The term includes a person or entity acting for a PBM in a contractual or employment relationship in the performance of pharmacy benefits management.

Subd. 4. **Plan sponsor.** "Plan sponsor" means the employer in the case of an employee benefit plan established or maintained by a single employer, a group purchaser as defined in section 62J.03, subdivision 6, or the employee organization in the case of a plan established or maintained by an employee organization, an association, joint board trustees, a committee, or other similar group that establishes or maintains the plan.

#### **151.62 PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGER CONTRACT.**

An amendment to pharmacy audit terms in a contract between a PBM and a pharmacy must be disclosed to the pharmacy at least 60 days prior to the effective date of the proposed change.

#### 151.63 PROCEDURE AND PROCESS FOR CONDUCTING AND REPORTING AN AUDIT.

Subdivision 1. Audit procedures. Unless otherwise prohibited by federal requirements or regulations, any entity conducting a pharmacy audit must follow the following procedures.

(1) A pharmacy must be given notice 14 days before an initial on-site audit is conducted.

(2) An audit that involves clinical or professional judgment must be conducted by or in consultation with a licensed pharmacist.

(3) Each pharmacy shall be audited under the same standards and parameters as other similarly situated pharmacies.

Subd. 2. Audit process. Unless otherwise prohibited by federal requirements or regulations, for any entity conducting a pharmacy audit the following audit items apply.

(1) The period covered by the audit may not exceed 24 months from the date that the claim was submitted to or adjudicated by the entity, unless a longer period is required under state or federal law.

(2) If an entity uses random sampling as a method for selecting a set of claims for examination, the sample size must be appropriate for a statistically reliable sample. Notwithstanding section 151.69, the auditing entity shall provide the pharmacy a masked list that provides a prescription number or date range that the auditing entity is seeking to audit.

(3) An on-site audit may not take place during the first five business days of the month unless consented to by the pharmacy.

(4) Auditors may not enter the pharmacy area unless escorted where patient-specific information is available and to the extent possible must be out of sight and hearing range of the pharmacy customers.

(5) Any recoupment will not be deducted against future remittances until after the appeals process and both parties have received the results of the final audit.

(6) A PBM may not require information to be written on a prescription unless the information is required to be written on the prescription by state or federal law. Recoupment may be assessed for items not written on the prescription if:

(i) additional information is required in the provider manual; or

(ii) the information is required by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA); or

(iii) the information is required by the drug manufacturer's product safety program; and

(iv) the information in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) is not readily available for the auditor at the time of the audit.

(7) The auditing company or agent may not receive payment based on a percentage of the amount recovered. This section does not prevent the entity conducting the audit from charging or assessing the responsible party, directly or indirectly, based on amounts recouped if both of the following conditions are met:

(i) the plan sponsor and the entity conducting the audit have a contract that explicitly states the percentage charge or assessment to the plan sponsor; and

(ii) a commission to an agent or employee of the entity conducting the audit is not based, directly or indirectly, on amounts recouped.

# 151.64 REQUIREMENTS FOR RECOUPMENT OR CHARGEBACK.

For recoupment or chargeback, the following criteria apply.

(1) Audit parameters must consider consumer-oriented parameters based on manufacturer listings.

(2) A pharmacy's usual and customary price for compounded medications is considered the reimbursable cost unless the pricing methodology is outlined in the provider contract.

(3) A finding of overpayment or underpayment must be based on the actual overpayment or underpayment and not a projection based on the number of patients served having a similar diagnosis or on the number of similar orders or refills for similar drugs.

(4) The entity conducting the audit shall not use extrapolation in calculating the recoupment or penalties for audits unless required by state or federal law or regulations.

(5) Calculations of overpayments must not include dispensing fees unless a prescription was not actually dispensed, the prescriber denied authorization, the prescription dispensed was a medication error by the pharmacy, or the identified overpayment is solely based on an extra dispensing fee.

(6) An entity may not consider any clerical or record-keeping error, such as a typographical error, scrivener's error, or computer error regarding a required document or record as fraud, however such errors may be subject to recoupment.

(7) In the case of errors that have no actual financial harm to the patient or plan, the PBM must not assess any chargebacks. Errors that are a result of the pharmacy failing to comply with a formal corrective action plan may be subject to recovery.

(8) Interest may not accrue during the audit period for either party, beginning with the notice of the audit and ending with the final audit report.

#### **151.65 DOCUMENTATION.**

(a) To validate the pharmacy record and delivery, the pharmacy may use authentic and verifiable statements or records including medication administration records of a nursing home, assisted living facility, hospital, physician, or other authorized practitioner or additional audit documentation parameters located in the provider manual.

(b) Any legal prescription that meets the requirements in this chapter may be used to validate claims in connection with prescriptions, refills, or changes in prescriptions, including medication administration records, faxes, e-prescriptions, or documented telephone calls from the prescriber or the prescriber's agents.

#### **151.66 APPEALS PROCESS.**

The entity conducting the audit must establish a written appeals process which must include appeals of preliminary reports and final reports.

# **151.67 AUDIT INFORMATION AND REPORTS.**

(a) A preliminary audit report must be delivered to the pharmacy within 60 days after the conclusion of the audit.

(b) A pharmacy must be allowed at least 45 days following receipt of the preliminary audit to provide documentation to address any discrepancy found in the audit.

(c) A final audit report must be delivered to the pharmacy within 120 days after receipt of the preliminary audit report or final appeal, whichever is later.

(d) An entity shall remit any money due to a pharmacy or pharmacist as a result of an underpayment of a claim within 45 days after the appeals process has been exhausted and the final audit report has been issued.

### 151.68 DISCLOSURES TO PLAN SPONSOR.

Where contractually required, an auditing entity must provide a copy to the plan sponsor of its claims that were included in the audit, and any recouped money shall be returned to the plan sponsor.

## 151.69 APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

Sections 151.62 to 151.67 do not apply to any investigative audit that involves suspected fraud, willful misrepresentation, abuse, or any audit completed by Minnesota health care programs.

#### **151.70 VIOLATIONS.**

Violations of sections 151.62 to 151.68 may be grounds for action, but are not deemed misdemeanors as described in section 151.29.

# 151.71 MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE COST PRICING.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply.

(b) "Health plan company" has the meaning provided in section 62Q.01, subdivision 4.

(c) "Pharmacy benefit manager" means an entity doing business in this state that contracts to administer or manage prescription drug benefits on behalf of any health plan company that provides prescription drug benefits to residents of this state.

Subd. 2. **Pharmacy benefit manager contracts with pharmacies; maximum allowable cost pricing.** (a) In each contract between a pharmacy benefit manager and a pharmacy, the pharmacy shall be given the right to obtain from the pharmacy benefit manager a current list of the sources used to determine maximum allowable cost pricing. The pharmacy benefit manager shall update the pricing information at least every seven business days and provide a means by which contracted pharmacies may promptly review current prices in an electronic, print, or telephonic format within one business day at no cost to the pharmacy. A pharmacy benefit manager shall maintain a procedure to eliminate products from the list of drugs subject to maximum allowable cost pricing in a timely manner in order to remain consistent with changes in the marketplace.

(b) In order to place a prescription drug on a maximum allowable cost list, a pharmacy benefit manager shall ensure that the drug is generally available for purchase by pharmacies in this state from a national or regional wholesaler and is not obsolete.

(c) Each contract between a pharmacy benefit manager and a pharmacy must include a process to appeal, investigate, and resolve disputes regarding maximum allowable cost pricing that includes:

(1) a 15-business day limit on the right to appeal following the initial claim;

(2) a requirement that the appeal be investigated and resolved within seven business days after the appeal is received; and

(3) a requirement that a pharmacy benefit manager provide a reason for any appeal denial and identify the national drug code of a drug that may be purchased by the pharmacy at a price at or below the maximum allowable cost price as determined by the pharmacy benefit manager.

(d) If an appeal is upheld, the pharmacy benefit manager shall make an adjustment to the maximum allowable cost price no later than one business day after the date of determination. The

pharmacy benefit manager shall make the price adjustment applicable to all similarly situated network pharmacy providers as defined by the plan sponsor.