XX/AA

14-4972

## **SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA EIGHTY-EIGHTH SESSION**

## S.F. No. 2687

(SENATE AUTHORS: PETERSEN, B.)

D-PG

DATE 03/17/2014

**OFFICIAL STATUS** 6276 Introduction and first reading Referred to Judiciary

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2	relating to public safety; regulating the use of unmanned aerial vehicles by law
1.3	enforcement; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 626.
1.4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.5	Section 1. [626.19] USE OF UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLES.
1.6	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms in this
1.7	subdivision have the meanings given them.
1.8	(b) "Adverse result" means:
1.9	(1) endangering the life or physical safety of an individual;
1.10	(2) flight from prosecution;
1.11	(3) destruction of or tampering with evidence;
1.12	(4) intimidation of potential witnesses; or
1.13	(5) otherwise seriously jeopardizing an investigation or unduly delaying a trial.
1.14	(c) "Governmental entity" means any entity of the state executive, legislative,
1.15	or judicial branches; the University of Minnesota; the Minnesota State Colleges and
1.16	Universities; and local entities, including, but not limited to, a county; home rule, charter,
1.17	or statutory city; town; school district; metropolitan or regional agency; public corporation;
1.18	political subdivision; or special district as defined in section 6.465, subdivision 3.
1.19	(d) "Unmanned aerial vehicle" or "UAV" means an aircraft that is operated without
1.20	the possibility of direct human intervention from within or on the aircraft.
1.21	Subd. 2. Use of unmanned aerial vehicles limited. Except as provided in
1.22	subdivision 3, a governmental entity may not operate an unmanned aerial vehicle without
1.23	a search warrant issued pursuant to chapter 626.

2.1	Subd. 3. Exceptions. (a) A governmental entity may operate an unmanned aerial
2.2	vehicle and disclose information collected from such operation in an emergency situation
2.3	that involves an imminent threat to the life or safety of a person. A governmental entity
2.4	that deploys a UAV pursuant to this paragraph must document the factual basis for the
2.5	emergency on a form created for that purpose by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension and
2.6	submit a sworn statement with the district court setting forth the grounds for the emergency
2.7	use not later than 48 hours after operation of an unmanned aerial vehicle commenced.
2.8	(b) A governmental entity may operate an unmanned aerial vehicle to collect
2.9	information from a public area if a court, upon motion, determines that there are specific
2.10	and articulable facts demonstrating reasonable suspicion of criminal activity, that the
2.11	operation of the public unmanned aircraft system will uncover such activity, and that
2.12	alternative methods of data collection are either cost-prohibitive or present a significant
2.13	risk to any person's bodily safety. Such an order shall not be issued for a period greater
2.14	than 48 hours. Extensions of an order may be granted but shall be no longer than the
2.15	authorizing judge deems necessary to achieve the purposes for which it was granted
2.16	and in no event for longer than 30 days.
2.17	Subd. 4. Limitations on use. (a) A governmental entity operating a UAV must fully
2.18	comply with all Federal Aviation Administration requirements and guidelines.
2.19	(b) Acquisition of unmanned aerial vehicles must be approved by the governmental
2.20	entity's legislative body.
2.21	(c) A UAV shall be operated in a manner to collect data only on a clearly and
2.22	narrowly defined target and to avoid data collection on individuals, homes, or areas other
2.23	than the defined target.
2.24	(d) A governmental entity may not deploy facial recognition or other biometric
2.25	matching technology via a UAV unless expressly authorized to do so through a court order.
2.26	(e) Unmanned aerial vehicles may not be equipped with weapons.
2.27	Subd. 5. Consensual disclosure of information. A governmental entity may
2.28	disclose or receive information about any person acquired through the operation of an
2.29	unmanned aerial vehicle if such person has given written consent to such disclosure.
2.30	Subd. 6. Data retention and classification. (a) No data collected on an individual,
2.31	home, or area other than the subject identified in the warrant or order may be used, copied,
2.32	or disclosed for any purpose except as provided in subdivision 5. The data must be deleted
2.33	as soon as possible, and in no event later than 24 hours after collection.
2.34	(b) Data collected pursuant to this section shall be classified as criminal investigative
2.35	data under section 13.82, subdivision 7.

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3.1	Subd. 7. Evidence. Information obtained or collected by a governmental entity in								
3.2	violation of this section is not admissible as evidence in a criminal prosecution in any								
3.3	court of law	court of law in this state.							
3.4	Subd. 8. Notice. (a) Notice must be given to the subject of a search warrant or								
3.5	order issued	order issued under this section.							
3.6	(b) Unless delayed notice is ordered under paragraph (c), the governmental entity								
3.7	shall provide notice to the subject within three days of completing surveillance with a								
3.8	UAV. The no	UAV. The notice must be made by service or delivered by registered or first-class mail,							
3.9	e-mail, or any other means reasonably calculated to be effective as specified by the court								
3.10	issuing the w	arrant. The notice	must contain th	e following information:					
3.11	(1) the	nature of the law	enforcement inq	uiry, with reasonable spec	ificity;				
3.12	(2) the	time period that th	ne subject was un	nder surveillance by a UA	V; and				
3.13	(3) whe	(3) whether the notification was delayed pursuant to paragraph (c) and, if so, the							
3.14	court that gra	inted the delay and	d the reasons for	granting the delay.					
3.15	<u>(c)</u> A ge	overnmental entity	y may include in	the application for a warr	ant a request for				
3.16	an order to de	elay the notification	on required unde	r this section for a period	not to exceed				
3.17	ten days. The court shall issue the order if the court determines that there is reason to								
3.18	believe that n	notification may have	ave an adverse r	esult. Upon expiration of	the period of				
3.19	delay granted under this subdivision and any extension granted under paragraph (d),								
3.20	the governme	ental entity shall p	rovide the subje	ct a copy of the warrant to	ogether with a				
3.21	notice pursua	nt to paragraph (b	<u>)).</u>						
3.22	<u>(d)</u> The	court, upon appli	cation, may grar	t one or more extensions	of orders granted				
3.23	under paragra	aph (c) for up to a	n additional ten	days.					
3.24	Subd. 9	<b>Remedies for v</b>	v <b>iolation.</b> An ag	grieved party may initiate	a civil action				
3.25	against a gov	ernmental entity t	o obtain all appr	opriate relief in order to p	revent or remedy				
3.26	a violation of	f this section.							
3.27	Subd. 1	0. <b>Reporting.</b> (a)	) In June of each	year, each governmental	entity that uses				
3.28	unmanned ae	rial vehicles shall	report to the leg	islature and make public of	on its Web site:				
3.29	(1) the	number of times a	n unmanned aeri	al vehicle was used, organ	nized by the types				
3.30	of incidents a	and the types of ju	stification for de	eployment;					
3.31	(2) the	number of crimin	al investigations	aided by the use of unma	nned aerial				
3.32	vehicles, incl	uding a descriptio	on of how the un	manned aerial vehicle was	helpful to each				
3.33	investigation	- 2							
3.34	(3) the	number of uses of	unmanned aeria	l vehicles for reasons othe	er than criminal				
3.35	investigation	s, including a desc	cription of how t	he unmanned aerial vehicl	e was helpful in				
3.36	each instance	<u>,</u>							

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4.1	(4) the fr	equency and typ	e of data collect	ed on individuals or area	s other than			
4.2	targets; and							
4.3	(5) the total cost of the entity's unmanned aerial vehicle program.							
4.4	(b) In January of each year, any judge who has issued a warrant or order under this							
4.5	section that expired during the preceding year, or who has denied approval during that							
4.6	year, shall report to the State Court Administrator:							
4.7	(1) the fact that an order or extension was applied for;							
4.8	(2) the kind of order or extension applied for;							
4.9	(3) the fact that the order or extension was granted as applied for, was modified,							
4.10	or was denied;							
4.11	(4) the pe	eriod of unmann	ed aerial vehicle	use authorized by the or	der, and the			
4.12	number and duration of any extensions of the order;							
4.13	(5) the offense specified in the order or application, or extension of an order; and							
4.14	(6) the identity of the applying governmental entity making the application and the							
4.15	person authoriz	zing the applicat	ion.					
4.16	<u>(c)</u> In Jur	ne of each year,	the State Court	Administrator shall transi	nit to the			
4.17	legislature and	post on the Supr	eme Court's Wel	o site a full and complete	report concerning			
4.18	the number of	applications for	orders authorizin	ng or approving operation	of unmanned			
4.19	aerial vehicles	or disclosure of i	information from	the operation of unmann	ed aerial vehicles			
4.20	pursuant to this	s section and the	number of orders	s and extensions granted of	or denied pursuant			
4.21	to this section of	during the preced	ding calendar ye	ar. The report shall incluc	le a summary and			
4.22	analysis of the	data required to b	be filed with the S	State Court Administrator	by paragraph (b).			