EAP/BR

14-4416

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA EIGHTY-EIGHTH SESSION

S.F. No. 1831

(SENATE AUTHORS: REST, Skoe, Gazelka, Koenen and Bonoff)

DATE 02/25/2014

D-PG OFFICIAL STATUS 5834 Introduction and first reading Referred to Taxes

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2	relating to taxation; estate and gift; establishing a unified transfer tax system;
1.3	modifying base, rate, administrative, and procedural provisions; repealing
1.4	obsolete provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 270C.585;
1.5	289A.01; 289A.02, subdivision 5; 289A.10, subdivisions 2, 3; 289A.18,
1.6	subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 289A.19, subdivision 4, by adding a
1.7	subdivision; 289A.20, by adding a subdivision; 289A.30, subdivision 2, by
1.8	adding a subdivision; 289A.35; 289A.38, subdivisions 6, 7; 289A.50, subdivision
1.9	1; 289A.56, subdivision 3; 289A.60, subdivision 1; 291.03, by adding a
1.10	subdivision; Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, sections 289A.10, subdivision
1.11	1; 291.005, subdivision 1; 291.03, subdivision 1; 292.16; 292.17, subdivision
1.12	1, by adding subdivisions; 292.20; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota
1.13	Statutes, chapters 291; 292; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 290.01,
1.14	subdivision 20e; 291.03, subdivision 1b; 291.41; 291.42; 291.43; 291.44;
1.15	291.45; 291.46; 291.47; Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, sections 291.03,
1.16	subdivisions 1c, 8, 9, 10, 11; 292.17, subdivisions 2, 3; 292.18; 292.19; 292.21.
1.17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.18	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 270C.585, is amended to read:

1.19

270C.585 TRANSFEREE LIABILITY FOR ESTATE AND GIFT TAX.

1.20

(a) The personal representative and person to whom property that is subject to

- 1.21 taxation under chapter 291 is transferred, other than a bona fide purchaser, mortgagee, or
- 1.22 lessee, is personally liable for that tax, until its payment, to the extent of the value of the
- 1.23 property at the time of the transfer. Personal liability also does not extend to subsequent
- 1.24 transferees from bona fide purchasers, mortgagees, and lessees.
- (b) The person to whom property that is subject to taxation under chapter 292 is
 transferred, other than a bona fide purchaser, mortgagee, or lessee, is personally liable for
 that tax, until its payment, to the extent of the value of the property at the time of transfer.
 The personal representative, if required to file a gift tax return, is personally liable for that
- 1.29 tax, until its payment, to the extent of the value of the probate property at the time of the

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2.1	decedent's dea	uth Personal liab	ility also does no	ot extend to subsequent tr	ansferees from	
2.2	decedent's death. Personal liability also does not extend to subsequent transferees from bona fide purchasers, mortgagees, and lessees.					
2.3			his section is effe	ective retroactively for tax	able gifts made	
2.4	<u>after June 30, 2013.</u>					
2.5	Sec. 2 Mit	nnesota Statutes '	2012 section 28	9A.01, is amended to read	4.	
					1.	
2.6		APPLICATIO			lan abantana 200	
2.7				by the commissioner und	ler chapters 290,	
2.8	290A, 291, <u>29</u>	02, and 297A, and	1 sections 298.0	1 and 298.015.		
2.9	EFFEC	TIVE DATE. Th	nis section is effe	ective retroactively for tax	able gifts made	
2.10	after June 30,	2013.				
2.11	Sec. 3. Mir	nesota Statutes 2	2012, section 28	9A.02, subdivision 5, is an	nended to read:	
2.12	Subd. 5.	Other words.	Unless specifical	ly defined in this chapter,	, or unless the	
2.13	context clearly	/ indicates otherw	vise, the words u	sed in this chapter have the	ie same meanings	
2.14	as they are def	fined in chapters	290, 290A, 291,	<u>292, and 297A.</u>		
2.15	EFFEC	TIVE DATE. <u>Th</u>	nis section is effe	ective retroactively for tax	able gifts made	
2.16	after June 30,	2013.				
2.17	Sec. 4. Mi	nnesota Statutes	2013 Supplement	nt, section 289A.10, subd	ivision 1, is	
2.18	amended to re	ad:				
2.19	Subdivis	sion 1. Estate an	<u>d gift tax</u> retur	n required. (a) In the cas	e of a decedent	
2.20	who has an int	terest in property	with a situs in N	Ainnesota, the personal re	presentative must	
2.21	submit a Minr	nesota estate tax i	return to the con	missioner, on a in the for	m and manner	
2.22	prescribed by	the commissione	er, if:			
2.23	(1) a fed	leral estate tax ret	turn is required t	to be filed; or		
2.24	(2) the s	um of the federal	gross estate and	federal adjusted taxable	gifts made within	
2.25	three years of	the date of the de	ecedent's death a	s defined in section 2001	b) of the Internal	
2.26	Revenue Code	<u>e</u> exceeds \$1,000	,000			
2.27	The retu	rn must contain a	a computation of	The Minnesota estate tax	due. The return	
2.28	must be signed	d by the personal	representative.			
2.29	<u>(b) Any</u>	individual who n	nakes a Minneso	ota taxable gift during the	taxable year	
2.30	must file a gif	t tax return in the	e form and mann	er prescribed by the com	missioner. If	
2.31	the individual dies before filing the return, the personal representative of the individual					

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3.1	donor's estate	must file the retu	rn. If the individ	dual becomes legally incom	petent before	
3.2	filing the return, the individual's guardian or conservator must file the return.					
3.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made					
3.4	after June 30,					
5.1		2013.				
3.5	Sec. 5. Mir	nnesota Statutes 2	2012, section 28	9A.10, subdivision 2, is ame	ended to read:	
3.6	Subd. 2.	Documents rec	quired. The con	missioner may designate or	n the return	
3.7	estate and gif	t tax returns the	documents that a	re required to be filed toget	her with the	
3.8	return to deter	mine the comput	tation of tax.			
3.9	EFFEC	TIVE DATE. Th	nis section is effe	ctive for the estates of deced	ents dying after	
3.10	December 31,	2013, and is effe	ctive retroactive	y for taxable gifts made after	c June 30, 2013.	
3.11	Sec. 6. Min	nnesota Statutes 2	2012, section 28	9A.10, subdivision 3, is ame	ended to read:	
3.12	Subd. 3.	Definitions. Fo	or purposes of th	is section, the definitions ee	ntained in	
3.13	section section	ns 291.005 and 2	92.16 apply.			
3.14	EFFEC	TIVE DATE. T	nis section is effe	ective retroactively for taxab	ole gifts made	
3.15	after June 30,	2013.				
3.16	Sec. 7. Min	nnesota Statutes 2	2012, section 28	9A.18, subdivision 3, is ame	nded to read:	
3.17	Subd. 3	. Estate tax ret	urns. An estate	tax return must be filed wit	h the	
3.18	commissioner	within nine mor	ths after the dec	edent's death. Except in the	-case of the	
3.19	estate of a dee	edent dying after	December 31, 2	2009, and before December	17, 2010, then	
3.20	an estate tax r	eturn must be file	ed with the com	missioner within nine month	ns after the	
3.21	decedent's dea	th; within the tir	ne provided by s	ection 289A.19, subdivisior	+4; or before	
3.22	September 20	, 2011; whicheve	er is later.			
3.23	EFFEC	TIVE DATE. <u>T</u> i	nis section is effe	ective for estates of deceden	ts dying after	
3.24	December 31,	2013.				
3.25	Sec. 8. Min	nnesota Statutes 2	2012, section 28	9A.18, is amended by addin	g a subdivision	
3.26	to read:					
3.27	Subd. 31	o. Gift tax retur	ns. <u>A gift tax ret</u>	urn must be filed with the co	ommissioner by	
3.28	April 15 follov	wing the close of	the calendar yes	ar during which the gift was	made.	
3.29	EFFEC	TIVE DATE. Th	nis section is effe	ective retroactively for taxab	ole gifts made	
3.30	after June 30,	2013.				

Sec. 8.

4.1	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.19, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
4.2	Subd. 4. Estate tax returns. The time for filing an estate tax return shall be
4.3	extended for either six months or. If an estate is required to file a federal estate tax return,
4.4	the time for filing an estate tax return shall be extended for another six months or the
4.5	amount of time granted under section 6081 of the Internal Revenue Code to file the federal
4.6	estate tax return, whichever is longer.
4.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after
4.8	December 31, 2013.
4.9	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.19, is amended by adding a
4.10	subdivision to read:
4.11	Subd. 4a. Gift tax returns. The time for filing a gift tax return shall be extended
4.12	for the amount of time granted under section 6075 of the Internal Revenue Code to file
4.13	the federal gift tax return.
4.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made
4.15	after June 30, 2013.
4.16	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.20, is amended by adding a
4.17	subdivision to read:
4.18	Subd. 3b. Gift tax. Taxes imposed by chapter 292 must be paid by April 15
4.19	following the close of the calendar year during which the gift was made.
4.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made
4.21	after June 30, 2013.
4.22	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.30, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
4.23	Subd. 2. Estate tax. (a) Where good cause exists, the commissioner may extend the
4.24	time for payment of estate tax for a period of not more than six months.
4.25	(b) If an estate is required to file a federal estate tax return and an extension to pay
4.26	the federal estate tax has been granted under section 6161 of the Internal Revenue Code,
4.27	the time for payment of the estate tax without penalty is extended for that period. A
4.28	taxpayer who owes at least \$5,000 in taxes and who, under section 6161 or 6166 of the
4.29	Internal Revenue Code has been granted an extension for payment of the tax shown on the
4.30	return, may elect to pay the tax due to the commissioner in equal amounts at the same time
4.31	as required for federal purposes. A taxpayer electing to pay the tax in installments shall
4.32	defer a percentage of tax that does not exceed the percentage of federal tax deferred and

5.1	must notify the commissioner in writing no later than nine months after the death of the
5.2	person whose estate is subject to taxation. If the taxpayer fails to pay an installment on
5.3	time, unless it is shown that the failure is due to reasonable cause, the election is revoked
5.4	and the entire amount of unpaid tax plus accrued interest is due and payable 90 days after
5.5	the date on which the installment was payable.
5.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after
5.7	December 31, 2013.
5.8	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.30, is amended by adding a
5.9	subdivision to read:
5.10	Subd. 3. Gift tax. (a) Where good cause exists, the commissioner may extend the
5.11	time for payment of the gift tax for a period of not more than six months.
5.12	(b) If an individual is required to file a federal gift tax return and an extension to pay
5.13	the federal gift tax has been granted under section 6161 of the Internal Revenue Code, the
5.14	time for payment of the gift tax without penalty is extended for that period.
5.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made
5.16	after June 30, 2013.
5.17	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.35, is amended to read:
5.18	289A.35 ASSESSMENTS ON RETURNS.
5.19	(a) The commissioner may audit and adjust the taxpayer's computation of federal
5.20	taxable income, items of federal tax preferences, or federal credit amounts to make them
5.21	conform with the provisions of chapter 290 or section 298.01. If a return has been filed,
5.22	the commissioner shall enter the liability reported on the return and may make any audit
5.23	or investigation that is considered necessary.
5.24	(b) The commissioner may audit and adjust the taxpayer's computation of tax under
5.25	chapter chapters 291 and 292. In the case of a return filed pursuant to section 289A.10,
5.26	the commissioner shall notify the estate no later than nine months after the filing date,
5.27	as provided by section 289A.38, subdivision 2, whether the return is under examination
5.28	or the return has been processed as filed.
5.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made
5.30	after June 30, 2013.

5.31 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.38, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

6.1	Subd. 6. Omission in excess of 25 percent. Additional taxes may be assessed
6.2	within 6-1/2 years after the due date of the return or the date the return was filed,
6.3	whichever is later, if:
6.4	(1) the taxpayer omits from gross income an amount properly includable in it that is
6.5	in excess of 25 percent of the amount of gross income stated in the return;
6.6	(2) the taxpayer omits from a sales, use, or withholding tax return an amount of taxes
6.7	in excess of 25 percent of the taxes reported in the return; or
6.8	(3) the taxpayer omits from the gross estate assets in excess of 25 percent of the
6.9	gross estate reported in the return; or
6.10	(4) the taxpayer omits from Minnesota taxable gifts the value of gifts in excess of 25
6.11	percent of the value of the Minnesota taxable gifts reported in the return.

6.12 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made 6.13 after June 30, 2013.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.38, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 6.14 Subd. 7. Federal tax changes. If the amount of income, items of tax preference, 6.15 deductions, or credits for any year of a taxpayer, or the wages paid by a taxpayer for 6.16 6.17 any period, as reported to the Internal Revenue Service is changed or corrected by the commissioner of Internal Revenue or other officer of the United States or other competent 6.18 authority, or where a renegotiation of a contract or subcontract with the United States 6.19 results in a change in income, items of tax preference, deductions, credits, or withholding 6.20 tax, or, in the case of estate or gift tax, where there are adjustments to the taxable estate or 6.21 taxable gifts, the taxpayer shall report the change or correction or renegotiation results 6.22 in writing to the commissioner. The report must be submitted within 180 days after the 6.23 final determination and must be in the form of either an amended Minnesota estate, gift, 6.24 withholding tax, corporate franchise tax, or income tax return conceding the accuracy of 6.25 the federal determination or a letter detailing how the federal determination is incorrect 6.26 or does not change the Minnesota tax. An amended Minnesota income tax return must 6.27 be accompanied by an amended property tax refund return, if necessary. A taxpayer 6.28 filing an amended federal tax return must also file a copy of the amended return with the 6.29 commissioner of revenue within 180 days after filing the amended return. 6.30

6.31 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made 6.32 after June 30, 2013.

6.33 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.50, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. General right to refund. (a) Subject to the requirements of this
section and section 289A.40, a taxpayer who has paid a tax in excess of the taxes lawfully
due and who files a written claim for refund will be refunded or credited the overpayment
of the tax determined by the commissioner to be erroneously paid.

(b) The claim must specify the name of the taxpayer, the date when and the period
for which the tax was paid, the kind of tax paid, the amount of the tax that the taxpayer
claims was erroneously paid, the grounds on which a refund is claimed, and other
information relative to the payment and in the form required by the commissioner. An
income tax, estate tax, <u>gift tax, or corporate franchise tax return</u>, or amended return
claiming an overpayment constitutes a claim for refund.

(c) When, in the course of an examination, and within the time for requesting a
refund, the commissioner determines that there has been an overpayment of tax, the
commissioner shall refund or credit the overpayment to the taxpayer and no demand
is necessary. If the overpayment exceeds \$1, the amount of the overpayment must
be refunded to the taxpayer. If the amount of the overpayment is less than \$1, the
commissioner is not required to refund. In these situations, the commissioner does not
have to make written findings or serve notice by mail to the taxpayer.

(d) If the amount allowable as a credit for withholding, estimated taxes, or dependent
care exceeds the tax against which the credit is allowable, the amount of the excess is
considered an overpayment. The refund allowed by section 290.06, subdivision 23, is also
considered an overpayment. The requirements of section 270C.33 do not apply to the
refunding of such an overpayment shown on the original return filed by a taxpayer.

(e) If the entertainment tax withheld at the source exceeds by \$1 or more the taxes,
penalties, and interest reported in the return of the entertainment entity or imposed by
section 290.9201, the excess must be refunded to the entertainment entity. If the excess is
less than \$1, the commissioner need not refund that amount.

(f) If the surety deposit required for a construction contract exceeds the liability ofthe out-of-state contractor, the commissioner shall refund the difference to the contractor.

(g) An action of the commissioner in refunding the amount of the overpayment does
not constitute a determination of the correctness of the return of the taxpayer.

(h) There is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue theamount necessary to pay refunds allowed under this section.

7.33 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made 7.34 after June 30, 2013.

7.35 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.56, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Withholding tax, entertainer withholding tax, withholding from payments to out-of-state contractors, estate tax, gift tax, and sales tax overpayments. When a refund is due for overpayments of withholding tax, entertainer withholding tax, or withholding from payments to out-of-state contractors, interest is computed from the date of payment to the date the refund is paid or credited. For purposes of this subdivision, the date of payment is the later of the date the tax was finally due or was paid.

- 8.7 For the purposes of computing interest on estate tax refunds, interest is paid from
 8.8 the later of the date of overpayment, the date the estate tax return is due, or the date the
 8.9 original estate tax return is filed to the date the refund is paid.
- 8.10 For the purpose of computing interest on gift tax refunds, interest is paid from the
 8.11 later of the date of overpayment, the date the gift tax return is due, or the date the original
 8.12 gift tax return is filed to the date the refund is paid.
- 8.13 For purposes of computing interest on sales and use tax refunds, interest is paid from 8.14 the date of payment to the date the refund is paid or credited, if the refund claim includes a 8.15 detailed schedule reflecting the tax periods covered in the claim. If the refund claim 8.16 submitted does not include a detailed schedule reflecting the tax periods covered in the 8.17 claim, interest is computed from the date the claim was filed.
- 8.18 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made
 8.19 after June 30, 2013.
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 289A.60, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 Subdivision 1. Penalty for failure to pay tax. (a) If a corporate franchise,
 fiduciary income, mining company, estate, gift, partnership, S corporation, or nonresident
 entertainer tax is not paid within the time specified for payment, a penalty of six percent
 is added to the unpaid tax, except that if a corporation or mining company meets the
 requirements of section 289A.19, subdivision 2, the penalty is not imposed.
- (b) For the taxes listed in paragraph (a), in addition to the penalty in that paragraph, 8.26 whether imposed or not, if a return or amended return is filed after the due date, without 8.27 regard to extensions, and any tax reported as remaining due is not remitted with the return 8.28 or amended return, a penalty of five percent of the tax not paid is added to the tax. If the 8 2 9 commissioner issues an order assessing additional tax for a tax listed in paragraph (a), 8 30 and the tax is not paid within 60 days after the mailing of the order or, if appealed, within 8.31 60 days after final resolution of the appeal, a penalty of five percent of the unpaid tax 8.32 is added to the tax. 8.33
- 8.34 (c) If an individual income tax is not paid within the time specified for payment, a
 8.35 penalty of four percent is added to the unpaid tax. There is a presumption of reasonable

9.1 cause for the late payment if the individual: (i) pays by the due date of the return at
9.2 least 90 percent of the amount of tax, after credits other than withholding and estimated
9.3 payments, shown owing on the return; (ii) files the return within six months after the due
9.4 date; and (iii) pays the remaining balance of the reported tax when the return is filed.

- 9.5 (d) If the commissioner issues an order assessing additional individual income tax,
 9.6 and the tax is not paid within 60 days after the mailing of the order or, if appealed, within
 9.7 60 days after final resolution of the appeal, a penalty of four percent of the unpaid tax
 9.8 is added to the tax.
- 9.9 (e) If a withholding or sales or use tax is not paid within the time specified for
 9.10 payment, a penalty must be added to the amount required to be shown as tax. The penalty
 9.11 is five percent of the tax not paid on or before the date specified for payment of the tax
 9.12 if the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional penalty of five percent of
 9.13 the amount of tax remaining unpaid during each additional 30 days or fraction of 30 days
 9.14 during which the failure continues, not exceeding 15 percent in the aggregate.

9.15 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made 9.16 after June 30, 2013.

- 9.17 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 291.005, subdivision 1, is
 9.18 amended to read:
- 9.19 Subdivision 1. Scope. Unless the context otherwise clearly requires, the following
 9.20 terms used in this chapter shall have the following meanings:
- 9.21 (1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue or any person to whom the9.22 commissioner has delegated functions under this chapter.
- 9.23 (2) "Federal gross estate" means the gross estate of a decedent as required to be valued
 9.24 and otherwise determined for federal estate tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code.
 9.25 (3) "Internal Revenue Code" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of
- 9.26 1986, as amended through January 3, 2013, but without regard to the provisions of section
 9.27 2011, paragraph (f), of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 9.28 (4) "Minnesota adjusted taxable estate" means federal adjusted taxable estate as
 9.29 defined by section 2011(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus
- 9.30 (i) the amount of deduction for state death taxes allowed under section 2058 of the
- 9.31 Internal Revenue Code;
- 9.32 (ii) the amount of taxable gifts, as defined in section 292.16, and made by the
 9.33 decedent within three years of the decedent's date of death; less

(iii) (A) the value of qualified small business property under section 291.03, 10.1 10.2 subdivision 9, and the value of qualified farm property under section 291.03, subdivision 10, or (B) \$4,000,000, whichever is less. 10.3

(5) (4) "Minnesota gross estate" means the federal gross estate of a decedent 10.4 after (a) excluding therefrom any property included therein which has its situs outside 10.5 Minnesota, and (b) including therein any property omitted from the federal gross estate 10.6 which is includable therein, has its situs in Minnesota, and was not disclosed to federal 10.7 taxing authorities. 10.8

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10.9
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(6) (5) "Nonresident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of death was not in Minnesota. 10.10

(7) (6) "Personal representative" means the executor, administrator or other person 10.11 10.12 appointed by the court to administer and dispose of the property of the decedent. If there is no executor, administrator or other person appointed, qualified, and acting within this 10.13 state, then any person in actual or constructive possession of any property having a situs in 10.14 10.15 this state which is included in the federal gross estate of the decedent shall be deemed to be a personal representative to the extent of the property and the Minnesota estate tax 10.16 due with respect to the property. 10.17

(8) (7) "Resident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of 10.18 death was in Minnesota. 10.19

(9) (8) "Situs of property" means, with respect to: 10.20

(i) real property, the state or country in which it is located; 10.21

(ii) tangible personal property, the state or country in which it was normally kept 10.22 10.23 or located at the time of the decedent's death or for a gift of tangible personal property within three years of death, the state or country in which it was normally kept or located 10.24 when the gift was executed; and 10.25

10.26 (iii) intangible personal property, the state or country in which the decedent was domiciled at death or for a gift of intangible personal property within three years of death, 10.27 the state or country in which the decedent was domiciled when the gift was executed. 10.28

For a nonresident decedent with an ownership interest in a pass-through entity 10.29 with assets that include real or tangible personal property, situs of the real or tangible 10.30 personal property is determined as if the pass-through entity does not exist and the real 10.31 or tangible personal property is personally owned by the decedent. If the pass-through 10.32 entity is owned by a person or persons in addition to the decedent, ownership of the 10.33 property is attributed to the decedent in proportion to the decedent's capital ownership 10.34 share of the pass-through entity. 10.35

10.36

(10) (9) "Pass-through entity" includes the following:

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11.1	(i) an e	entity electing S co	orporation status	under section 1362 of the	Internal Revenue
11.2	Code;		-		
11.3	(ii) an	entity taxed as a p	artnership under	subchapter K of the Interna	al Revenue Code;
11.4	(iii) a s	single-member lin	nited liability con	npany or similar entity, re	gardless of
11.5	whether it is	taxed as an assoc	ciation or is disre	garded for federal income	tax purposes
11.6	under Code	of Federal Regula	tions, title 26, se	ction 301.7701-3; or	
11.7	(iv) a ti	rust to the extent tl	ne property is inc	ludible in the decedent's fea	leral gross estate.
11.8	EFFE	CTIVE DATE. <u>T</u>	his section is effe	ective for estates of decede	ents dying after
11.9	December 3	1, 2013, and is effe	ective retroactive	ly for taxable gifts made af	er June 30, 2013.
11.10	Sec. 21.	[291.016] MINNI	ESOTA TAXAB	LE ESTATE.	
11.11	Subdiv	vision 1. General	For purposes of	the tax under this chapter.	, the Minnesota
11.12	taxable estat	e equals the feder	al taxable estate	as provided under section	2051 of the
11.13	Internal Rev	enue Code, witho	ut regard to whet	her the estate is subject to	the federal estate
11.14	tax, increase	ed by the additions	s under subdivisi	on 2.	
11.15	Subd.	2. Additions. Th	e following amou	unts, to the extent deducted	1 in computing
11.16	the federal ta	axable estate, mus	t be added in cor	nputing the Minnesota taxa	able estate:
11.17	<u>(1) the</u>	amount of the de	duction for state	death taxes allowed under	section 2058 of
11.18	the Internal	Revenue Code;			
11.19	<u>(2) the</u>	amount of the de	duction for forei	gn death taxes allowed un	der section
11.20	2053(d) of the	he Internal Reven	ue Code;		
11.21	(3) the	aggregate amoun	t of all taxable g	ifts as defined in section 29	2.16 and made
11.22	by the deced	lent after June 30,	2013; and		
11.23	(4) the	amount of any tax	x paid by the dec	edent or the estate under ch	apter 292 during
11.24	the three-yea	ar period ending o	n the date of the	decedent's death.	
11.25	EFFE	CTIVE DATE. <u>T</u>	his section is effe	ective for estates of decede	ents dying after
11.26	December 3	1, 2013.			
11.27	Sec. 22	Minnesota Statute	os 2013 Sunnlem	ent, section 291.03, subdiv	vision 1 is
11.27	amended to		is 2015 Supplem		151011 1, 15
11.29			unt (a) The tay	imposed shall be an amou	nt agual to the
				th taxes computed under s	-
11.30				ta adjusted taxable estate in	
11.31			C	2	
11.32	-		-	estate bears to the value of	'i me reueral
11.33	gross estate.	The tax is reduce	lu by.		

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12.1	(1) the gift tax paid by the decedent un	nder section 292.17 on gifts included in the			
12.2	Minnesota adjusted taxable estate and not subtracted as qualified farm or small business				
12.3	property; and				
12.4	(2) any credit allowed under subdivision	on le.			
12.5	(b) The tax determined under this subd	livision must not be greater than the sum of			
12.6	the following amounts multiplied by a fraction	on, the numerator of which is the Minnesota			
12.7	gross estate and the denominator of which is	the federal gross estate:			
12.8	(1) the rates and brackets under section	n 2001(e) of the Internal Revenue Code			
12.9	multiplied by the sum of:				
12.10	(i) the taxable estate, as defined under so	ection 2051 of the Internal Revenue Code; plus			
12.11	(ii) adjusted taxable gifts, as defined in	section 2001(b) of the Internal Revenue			
12.12	Code; less				
12.13	(iii) the lesser of (A) the sum of the va	due of qualified small business property			
12.14	under subdivision 9, and the value of qualified	ed farm property under subdivision 10, or			
12.15	(B) \$4,000,000; less				
12.16	(2) the amount of tax allowed under se	ection 2001(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue			
12.17	Code; and less				
12.18	(3) the federal credit allowed under sec	ction 2010 of the Internal Revenue Code.			
12.19	(c) For purposes of this subdivision, "I	nternal Revenue Code" means the Internal			
12.20	Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through	December 31, 2000. must be computed			
12.21	by applying to the Minnesota taxable estate	the following schedule of rates and then			
12.22	multiplying the resulting amount by a fraction	on, not greater than one, the numerator			
12.23	of which is the value of the Minnesota gross	s estate, plus the aggregate amount of all			
12.24	Minnesota taxable gifts as defined in section	292.16, and made by the decedent after June			
12.25	30, 2013, and the denominator of which is th	e federal gross estate plus the value of taxable			
12.26	gifts as defined in section 292.16, and made	by the decedent after June 30, 2013:			
12.27	AMOUNT OF MINNESOTA TAXABLE				
12.28		DATE OF TAV			
	ESTATE	RATE OF TAX			
12.29	Not over \$5,000,000	None			
12.30		None 16 percent of the excess over \$5,000,000			
	Not over \$5,000,000	None			
12.30 12.31	<u>Not over \$5,000,000</u> Over \$5,000,000, but not over \$7,000,000	None 16 percent of the excess over \$5,000,000 \$320,000, plus 18 percent of the excess over			

12.36 after December 31, 2013.

13.1	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 291.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
13.2	to read:
13.3	Subd. 1d. Elections. (a) For the purposes of this section, the value of the Minnesota
13.4	taxable estate is determined by taking into account the deduction available under section
13.5	2056(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. An election under section 2056(b) of the Internal
13.6	Revenue Code may be made for state estate tax purposes regardless of whether the
13.7	election is made for federal estate tax purposes. The value of the gross estate includes
13.8	the value of any property in which the decedent had a qualifying income interest for life
13.9	for which an election was made under this subdivision.
13.10	(b) Except for an election made under section 2056(b) of the Internal Revenue Code,
13.11	no federal election is allowable in computing the tax under this chapter unless the estate is
13.12	required to file a federal estate tax return, the election is made on the federal estate tax
13.13	return, and the election is allowed under federal law.
13.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after
13.14	December 31, 2013.
19.19	<u></u>
13.16	Sec. 24. [291.031] CREDITS.
13.16 13.17	Sec. 24. [291.031] CREDITS. Subdivision 1. Gift tax credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under
	Sec. 24. [291.031] CREDITS. Subdivision 1. Gift tax credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under this chapter for gift tax paid by the decedent under section 292.17 on gifts included in the
13.17	Subdivision 1. Gift tax credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under
13.17 13.18	Subdivision 1. Gift tax credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under this chapter for gift tax paid by the decedent under section 292.17 on gifts included in the
13.17 13.18 13.19	Subdivision 1. Gift tax credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under this chapter for gift tax paid by the decedent under section 292.17 on gifts included in the Minnesota adjusted taxable estate.
13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20	Subdivision 1. Gift tax credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under this chapter for gift tax paid by the decedent under section 292.17 on gifts included in the Minnesota adjusted taxable estate. Subd. 2. Nonresident decedent tax credit. (a) The estate of a nonresident decedent
13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21	Subdivision 1. Gift tax credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under this chapter for gift tax paid by the decedent under section 292.17 on gifts included in the Minnesota adjusted taxable estate. Subd. 2. Nonresident decedent tax credit. (a) The estate of a nonresident decedent that is subject to tax under this chapter on the value of Minnesota situs property held in
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 	Subdivision 1. Gift tax credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under this chapter for gift tax paid by the decedent under section 292.17 on gifts included in the Minnesota adjusted taxable estate. Subd. 2. Nonresident decedent tax credit. (a) The estate of a nonresident decedent that is subject to tax under this chapter on the value of Minnesota situs property held in a pass-through entity is allowed a credit against the tax due under this section equal to
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 	Subdivision 1. Gift tax credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under this chapter for gift tax paid by the decedent under section 292.17 on gifts included in the Minnesota adjusted taxable estate. Subd. 2. Nonresident decedent tax credit. (a) The estate of a nonresident decedent that is subject to tax under this chapter on the value of Minnesota situs property held in a pass-through entity is allowed a credit against the tax due under this section equal to the lesser of:
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 	Subdivision 1. Gift tax credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under this chapter for gift tax paid by the decedent under section 292.17 on gifts included in the Minnesota adjusted taxable estate. Subd. 2. Nonresident decedent tax credit. (a) The estate of a nonresident decedent that is subject to tax under this chapter on the value of Minnesota situs property held in a pass-through entity is allowed a credit against the tax due under this section equal to the lesser of: (1) the amount of estate or inheritance tax paid to another state that is attributable to
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 	Subdivision 1. Gift tax credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under this chapter for gift tax paid by the decedent under section 292.17 on gifts included in the Minnesota adjusted taxable estate. Subd. 2. Nonresident decedent tax credit. (a) The estate of a nonresident decedent that is subject to tax under this chapter on the value of Minnesota situs property held in a pass-through entity is allowed a credit against the tax due under this section equal to the lesser of: (1) the amount of estate or inheritance tax paid to another state that is attributable to the Minnesota situs property held in the pass-through entity; or
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 	Subdivision 1. Gift tax credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under this chapter for gift tax paid by the decedent under section 292.17 on gifts included in the Minnesota adjusted taxable estate. Subd. 2. Nonresident decedent tax credit. (a) The estate of a nonresident decedent that is subject to tax under this chapter on the value of Minnesota situs property held in a pass-through entity is allowed a credit against the tax due under this section equal to the lesser of: (1) the amount of estate or inheritance tax paid to another state that is attributable to the Minnesota situs property held in the pass-through entity; or (2) the amount of tax paid under this section attributable to the Minnesota situs
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27 	Subdivision 1. Gift tax credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under this chapter for gift tax paid by the decedent under section 292.17 on gifts included in the Minnesota adjusted taxable estate. Subd. 2. Nonresident decedent tax credit. (a) The estate of a nonresident decedent that is subject to tax under this chapter on the value of Minnesota situs property held in a pass-through entity is allowed a credit against the tax due under this section equal to the lesser of: (1) the amount of estate or inheritance tax paid to another state that is attributable to the Minnesota situs property held in the pass-through entity; or (2) the amount of tax paid under this section attributable to the Minnesota situs property held in the pass-through entity.
 13.17 13.18 13.19 13.20 13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25 13.26 13.27 13.28 	Subdivision 1. Gift tax credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under this chapter for gift tax paid by the decedent under section 292.17 on gifts included in the Minnesota adjusted taxable estate. Subd. 2. Nonresident decedent tax credit. (a) The estate of a nonresident decedent that is subject to tax under this chapter on the value of Minnesota situs property held in a pass-through entity is allowed a credit against the tax due under this section equal to the lesser of: (1) the amount of estate or inheritance tax paid to another state that is attributable to the Minnesota situs property held in the pass-through entity; or (2) the amount of tax paid under this section attributable to the Minnesota situs property held in the pass-through entity. (b) The amount of tax attributable to the Minnesota situs property held in the

13.32 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after 13.33 December 31, 2013.

	01/30/14	REVISOR	EAP/BR	14-4416	as introduced
14.1	Sec. 25. Mi	nnesota Statutes 2	2013 Supplement, sect	ion 292.16, is amended	l to read:
14.2	292.16 D	EFINITIONS.			
14.3	(a) For p	urposes of this ch	apter, the following de	efinitions apply.	
14.4	(b) The c	lefinitions of term	s defined in section 29	91.005 apply.	
14.5	<u>(c)</u> "Min	nesota taxable gif	ts" means taxable gifts	s after:	
14.6	<u>(1) exclu</u>	ding taxable gifts	of any property that h	as its situs outside Min	nesota; and
14.7	(2) inclue	ding taxable gifts	of any property that h	as its situs in Minnesot	a and were
14.8	not disclosed t	o federal taxing a	uthorities.		

- 14.9 (d) "Nonresident" means an individual whose domicile at the time of transfer of
- 14.10 <u>the property by gift was not in Minnesota.</u>
- 14.11 (c) (e) "Resident" has the meaning given in section 290.01, subdivision 7, paragraph
- 14.12 (a) means an individual whose domicile at the time of transfer of property was Minnesota.
- 14.13 (d) (f) "Taxable gifts" means:
- 14.14 (1) the transfers by gift which are included in taxable gifts for federal gift tax
- 14.15 purposes under the following sections of the Internal Revenue Code:
- 14.16 (i) section 2501(a)(4);
- 14.17 (i) (ii) section 2503;
- 14.18 (ii) (iii) sections 2511 to 2514; and
- 14.19 (iii) (iv) sections 2516 to 2519; less
- 14.20 (v) section 529; and
- 14.21 (vi) section 530; less
- 14.22 (2) the deductions allowed in sections 2522 to 2524 of the Internal Revenue Code.

14.23 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made 14.24 after June 30, 2013.

14.25 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 292.17, subdivision 1, is14.26 amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Imposition. (a) For calendar year 2013 and each year thereafter, a tax
is imposed on the transfer of property by gift made after June 30, 2013, by any individual
resident or nonresident in an amount equal to ten percent of the amount of the taxable gift.
(b) The donor is liable for payment of the tax. If the gift tax is not paid when due,

14.31 the donce of any gift is personally liable for the tax to the extent of the value of the gift.

14.32 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made 14.33 after June 30, 2013.

	01/30/14	REVISOR	EAP/BR	14-4416	as introduced	
15.1	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 292.17, is amended by adding a					
15.2	subdivision t	o read:				
15.3	Subd.	la. Rate of tax.	The tax impos	ed for each calendar year is	s computed by	
15.4	applying to t	he aggregate of N	Iinnesota taxa	ble gifts made by the donor	during the donor's	
15.5	lifetime the f	following schedul	e of rates:			
15.6		OF MINNESOT	A TAXABLE			
15.7	<u>GIFTS</u> Not over \$5	000 000		RATE OF TAX		
15.8 15.9	<u>Not over \$5</u>	,000,000 ,000, but not over	r \$7 000 000	None 16 percent of the excess ov	ver \$5 000 000	
15.10	<u></u>	,000, 000 1100 000	<u>, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	\$320,000, plus 18 percent	<u> </u>	
15.11	<u>Over \$7,000</u>	,000, but not over	r \$10,000,000	\$7,000,000		
15.12 15.13	<u>Over \$10,00</u>	0,000		<u>\$860,000, plus 20 percent</u> <u>\$10,000,000</u>	of the excess over	
15.14	EFFE	CTIVE DATE. <u>T</u>	his section is	effective retroactively for ta	xable gifts made	
15.15	after June 30	<u>, 2013.</u>				
		Constant Start 1	2012 G			
15.16			s 2013 Supple	ment, section 292.17, is among	ended by adding a	
15.17	subdivision t		° f. J I I	In a lucinistania a tha damaa		
15.18				In administering the tax u		
15.19				of sections 2701 to 2704 o delegate," as used in those		
15.20		enue Code, mean			sections of the	
15.21				<u>oner.</u>		
15.22	EFFE (CTIVE DATE. <u>T</u>	his section is o	effective retroactively for ta	xable gifts made	
15.23	after June 30	, 2013.				
15.24	Sec. 29. N	Ainnesota Statute	s 2013 Supple	ment, section 292.17, is among	ended by adding a	
15.25	subdivision t	o read:				
15.26	Subd. :	5. Elections. (a)	For the purpos	es of this section, the value	of the Minnesota	
15.27				ount the deduction available		
15.28	2523(f) of th	e Internal Revenu	ie Code. An e	lection under section 2523(1	f) of the Internal	
15.29	Revenue Coo	le may be made f	or state gift ta	x purposes regardless of wh	ether the election	
15.30	is made for f	ederal gift tax pu	rposes. The va	alue of the Minnesota taxab	le estate shall	
15.31	include the v	alue of any prope	erty in which the	he decedent had a qualifying	g income interest	
15.32	for life for w	hich an election v	was made und	er this subdivision.		
15.33	<u>(b) Exc</u>	ept for an electio	n made under	section 2523(f) of the Interr	nal Revenue Code,	
15.34	no federal ele	ection is allowabl	e in computing	g the tax under this chapter,	unless the donor is	

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16.1	required to file a federal gift tax return, the election is made on the federal gift tax return,					
16.2	and the election is allowed under federal law.					
16.2	FFFF	TIVE DATE T	his sostion is offe	active retractively for taxa	hla gifta mada	
16.3 16.4	after June 30,			ective retroactively for taxa		
10.1	<u>unter suite so,</u>	2013.				
16.5	Sec. 30. [2	292.171] CRED	ITS.			
16.6	Subdivis	sion 1. Gift tax	credit. A credit i	s allowed against the tax in	nposed on the	
16.7	donor under th	nis chapter for g	ift tax paid on gif	ts included in Minnesota ta	xable gifts on	
16.8	a prior return.					
16.9	Subd. 2.	Nonresident t	<mark>ax credit.</mark> (a) A n	onresident that is subject to	tax under this	
16.10	chapter on the	value of Minne	sota situs propert	y held in a pass-through en	tity is allowed a	
16.11	credit against	the tax due unde	er this section equ	al to the lesser of:		
16.12	<u>(1) the a</u>	mount of gift ta	x paid to another	state that is attributable to t	the Minnesota	
16.13	situs property	held in the pass	-through entity; c	<u>or</u>		
16.14	(2) the a	mount of tax pa	id under this char	pter attributable to the Min	nesota situs	
16.15	property held	in the pass-thro	ugh entity.			
16.16	(b) The	amount of tax a	ttributable to the	Minnesota situs property h	eld in the	
16.17	pass-through e	entity must be d	etermined by the	increase in the gift tax that	results from	
16.18	including the	market value of	the property in th	e value of Minnesota taxab	<u>le gifts.</u>	
16.19	EFFEC	TIVE DATE. <u>T</u>	This section is effe	ective retroactively for taxa	ble gifts made	
16.20	after June 30,	2013.				
16.21	Sec. 31. M	innesota Statute	s 2013 Suppleme	nt, section 292.20, is amend	ded to read:	
16.22	292.20 A	APPRAISAL O	F PROPERTY;	DECLARATION BY DO	NOR.	
16.23	The com	missioner may	require the donor	or the donee to show the pr	roperty subject	
16.24	to the tax und	er section 292.1	7 to the commiss	ioner upon demand and ma	y employ	
16.25	a suitable pers	son to appraise t	he property. The	donor shall submit a declar	ration, in a	
16.26	form prescribe	ed by the comm	issioner and inclu	iding any certification requi	ired by the	
16.27	commissioner	, that the proper	ty shown by the c	lonor on the gift tax return	includes all of	
16.28	the property the	ransferred by git	ft for the calendar	year and not deductible ur	nder section	
16.29	292.16, parag	raph (d) (f) , clau	ise (2).			
16.30	EFFEC	TIVE DATE. <u>T</u>	This section is effe	ective retroactively for taxa	ble gifts made	
16.31	after June 30,	2013.				

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17.1	Sec. 32. DEFINITION OF TAXABLE GIFT FOR DECEDENTS DYING
17.2	BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2014.
17.3	For estates of decedents dying before January 1, 2014, "taxable gift" as used by
17.4	Minnesota Statutes, section 291.005, subdivision 1, paragraph (4), means a transfer by gift
17.5	which is included in taxable gifts for federal gift tax purposes under the following sections
17.6	of the Internal Revenue Code: section 529; section 530; section 2501(a)(4); section 2503;
17.7	sections 2511 to 2514; and sections 2516 to 2519; less the deductions allowed in sections
17.8	2522 to 2524 of the Internal Revenue Code, and after excluding taxable gifts of any
17.9	property that has its situs outside Minnesota and including taxable gifts of any property
17.10	tax that has its situs in Minnesota and were not disclosed to federal taxing authorities.
17.11 17.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made after June 30, 2013.
17.13	Sec. 33. <u>REPEALER.</u>
17.14	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 290.01, subdivision 20e; 291.03, subdivision
17.15	1b; 291.41; 291.42; 291.43; 291.44; 291.45; 291.46; and 291.47, are repealed.
17.16	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, sections 291.03, subdivisions 1c, 8, 9, 10,
17.17	and 11; 292.17, subdivisions 2 and 3; 292.18; 292.19; and 292.21, are repealed.
17.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for decedents dying after December
17.19	31, 2013, and is effective retroactively for taxable gifts made after June 30, 2013.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: 14-4416

290.01 DEFINITIONS.

Subd. 20e. Modification in computing taxable income of the estate of a decedent. Amounts allowable under section 2053 or 2054 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 in computing federal estate tax liability shall not be allowed as a deduction (or as an offset against the sales price of property in determining gain or loss) in computing the taxable income of the estate or any person unless an election is made for federal income tax purposes under section 642(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. The election made for federal tax purposes under section 642(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is binding for Minnesota tax purposes.

291.03 RATES.

Subd. 1b. **Qualified terminable interest property.** For estates of decedents dying after December 31, 2009, and before January 1, 2011, if a federal election under section 301(c) of the Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010, Public Law 111-312, is made, the executor may make a qualified terminable interest property election, as defined in section 2056(b)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code, for purposes of computing the tax under this chapter. The election may not reduce the taxable estate under this chapter below \$3,500,000. The election must be made on the tax return under this chapter and is irrevocable. All tax under this chapter must be determined using the qualified terminable interest property election made on the Minnesota return. For purposes of applying sections 2044 and 2207A of the Internal Revenue Code when computing the tax under this chapter for the estate of the decedent's surviving spouse, regardless of the date of death of the surviving spouse, amounts for which a qualified terminable interest property election has been made under this section 2056(b)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code has been made.

Subd. 1c. **Nonresident decedent tax credit.** (a) The estate of a nonresident decedent that is subject to tax under this chapter on the value of Minnesota situs property held in a pass-through entity is allowed a credit against the tax due under this section equal to the lesser of:

(1) the amount of estate or inheritance tax paid to another state that is attributable to the Minnesota situs property held in the pass-through entity; or

(2) the amount of tax paid under this section attributable to the Minnesota situs property held in the pass-through entity.

(b) The amount of tax attributable to the Minnesota situs property held in the pass-through entity must be determined by the increase in the estate or inheritance tax that results from including the market value of the property in the estate or treating the value as a taxable inheritance to the recipient of the property.

Subd. 8. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given in this subdivision.

(b) "Family member" means a family member as defined in section 2032A(e)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, or a trust whose present beneficiaries are all family members as defined in section 2032A(e)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(c) "Qualified heir" means a family member who acquired qualified property upon the death of the decedent and satisfies the requirement under subdivision 9, clause (7), or subdivision 10, clause (5), for the property.

(d) "Qualified property" means qualified small business property under subdivision 9 and qualified farm property under subdivision 10.

Subd. 9. **Qualified small business property.** Property satisfying all of the following requirements is qualified small business property:

(1) The value of the property was included in the federal adjusted taxable estate.

(2) The property consists of the assets of a trade or business or shares of stock or other ownership interests in a corporation or other entity engaged in a trade or business. Shares of stock in a corporation or an ownership interest in another type of entity do not qualify under this subdivision if the shares or ownership interests are traded on a public stock exchange at any time during the three-year period ending on the decedent's date of death. For purposes of this subdivision, an ownership interest includes the interest the decedent is deemed to own under sections 2036, 2037, and 2038 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(3) During the taxable year that ended before the decedent's death, the trade or business must not have been a passive activity within the meaning of section 469(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the decedent or the decedent's spouse must have materially participated in the trade or business within the meaning of section 469(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding

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section 469(h)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and any other provision provided by United States Treasury Department regulation that substitutes material participation in prior taxable years for material participation in the taxable year that ended before the decedent's death.

(4) The gross annual sales of the trade or business were \$10,000,000 or less for the last taxable year that ended before the date of the death of the decedent.

(5) The property does not consist of cash, cash equivalents, publicly traded securities, or assets not used in the operation of the trade or business. For property consisting of shares of stock or other ownership interests in an entity, the value of cash, cash equivalents, publicly traded securities, or assets not used in the operation of the trade or business held by the corporation or other entity must be deducted from the value of the property qualifying under this subdivision in proportion to the decedent's share of ownership of the entity on the date of death.

(6) The decedent continuously owned the property, including property the decedent is deemed to own under sections 2036, 2037, and 2038 of the Internal Revenue Code, for the three-year period ending on the date of death of the decedent. In the case of a sole proprietor, if the property replaced similar property within the three-year period, the replacement property will be treated as having been owned for the three-year period ending on the date of death of the decedent.

(7) For three years following the date of death of the decedent, the trade or business is not a passive activity within the meaning of section 469(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, and a family member materially participates in the operation of the trade or business within the meaning of section 469(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding section 469(h)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and any other provision provided by United States Treasury Department regulation that substitutes material participation in prior taxable years for material participation in the three years following the date of death of the decedent.

(8) The estate and the qualified heir elect to treat the property as qualified small business property and agree, in the form prescribed by the commissioner, to pay the recapture tax under subdivision 11, if applicable.

Subd. 10. **Qualified farm property.** Property satisfying all of the following requirements is qualified farm property:

(1) The value of the property was included in the federal adjusted taxable estate.

(2) The property consists of agricultural land and is owned by a person or entity that is either not subject to or is in compliance with section 500.24.

(3) For property taxes payable in the taxable year of the decedent's death, the property is classified as class 2a property under section 273.13, subdivision 23, and is classified as agricultural homestead, agricultural relative homestead, or special agricultural homestead under section 273.124.

(4) The decedent continuously owned the property, including property the decedent is deemed to own under sections 2036, 2037, and 2038 of the Internal Revenue Code, for the three-year period ending on the date of death of the decedent either by ownership of the agricultural land or pursuant to holding an interest in an entity that is not subject to or is in compliance with section 500.24.

(5) The property is classified for property tax purposes as class 2a property under section 273.13, subdivision 23, for three years following the date of death of the decedent.

(6) The estate and the qualified heir elect to treat the property as qualified farm property and agree, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, to pay the recapture tax under subdivision 11, if applicable.

Subd. 11. **Recapture tax.** (a) If, within three years after the decedent's death and before the death of the qualified heir, the qualified heir disposes of any interest in the qualified property, other than by a disposition to a family member, or a family member ceases to satisfy the requirement under subdivision 9, clause (7); or 10, clause (5), an additional estate tax is imposed on the property. In the case of a sole proprietor, if the qualified heir replaces qualified small business property excluded under subdivision 9 with similar property, then the qualified heir will not be treated as having disposed of an interest in the qualified property.

(b) The amount of the additional tax equals the amount of the exclusion claimed by the estate under subdivision 8, paragraph (d), multiplied by 16 percent.

(c) The additional tax under this subdivision is due on the day which is six months after the date of the disposition or cessation in paragraph (a).

291.41 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Scope.** For the purposes of sections 291.41 to 291.47 the terms defined in this section shall have the meanings ascribed to them.

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Subd. 2. **Executor.** "Executor" means an executor of the will or administrator of the estate of the decedent, but does not include an ancillary administrator.

Subd. 3. **Taxing official.** "Taxing official" means the commissioner of revenue of this state and the officer or body designated as such in the statute of a reciprocal state substantially similar to sections 291.41 to 291.47.

Subd. 4. **Death tax.** "Death tax" means any tax levied by a state on account of the transfer or shifting of economic benefits in property at death, or in contemplation thereof, or intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment at or after death, whether denominated an "inheritance tax," "transfer tax," "succession tax," "estate tax," "death duty," "death dues," or otherwise.

Subd. 5. **Interested person.** "Interested person" means any person who may be entitled to receive, or who has received any property or interest which may be required to be considered in computing the death tax of any state involved.

291.42 ELECTION TO INVOKE.

In any case in which this state and one or more other states each claims that it was the domicile of a decedent at the time of death, at any time prior to the commencement of legal action for determination of domicile within this state or within 60 days thereafter, any executor, or the taxing official of any such state, may elect to invoke the provisions of sections 291.41 to 291.47. Such executor or taxing official shall send a notice of such election by certified mail, receipt requested, to the taxing official of each such state and to each executor, ancillary administrator, and interested person. Within 40 days after the receipt of such notice of election any executor may reject such election by sending a notice, by certified mail, receipt requested, to the taxing officials involved and to all other executors and to all interested parties. When an election has been rejected no further proceedings shall be had under sections 291.41 to 291.47. If such election is not rejected within the 40-day period, the dispute as to death taxes shall be determined solely in accordance with the provisions of sections 291.41 to 291.47. No other proceedings to determine or assess such death taxes shall thereafter be instituted in any court of this state or otherwise.

291.43 AGREEMENTS AS TO DEATH TAX.

In any case in which an election is made and not rejected the commissioner of revenue of this state may enter into a written agreement with the other taxing officials involved and with the executors to accept a certain sum in full payment of any death taxes, together with interest and penalties, that may be due this state, provided this agreement fixes the amount to be paid the other states involved in the dispute.

291.44 DETERMINATION OF DOMICILE.

If in any such case it appears that an agreement cannot be reached, as provided in section 291.43, or if one year shall have elapsed from the date of the election without such an agreement having been reached, the domicile of the decedent at the time of death shall be determined solely for death tax purposes as follows:

(1) Where only this state and one other state are involved, the commissioner of revenue and the taxing official of the other state shall each appoint a member of a board of arbitration, and these members shall appoint the third member of the board. If this state and more than one other state are involved, the taxing officials thereof shall agree upon the authorities charged with the duty of administering death tax laws in three states not involved in the dispute and each of these authorities shall appoint a member of the board of arbitration. The board shall select one of its members as chair.

(2) Such board shall hold hearing at such places as are deemed necessary, upon reasonable notice to the executors, ancillary administrators, all other interested persons, and to the taxing officials of the states involved, all of whom are entitled to be heard.

(3) Such board may administer oaths, take testimony, subpoena witnesses and require their attendance, require the production of books, papers, and documents, issue commissions to take testimony. Subpoenas may be issued by any member of the board. Failure to obey a subpoena may be punished by any court of record in the same manner as if the subpoena had been issued by such court.

(4) Whenever practicable such board shall apply the Rules of Evidence then prevailing in the federal courts under the federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

(5) Such board shall determine the domicile of the decedent at the time of death. This determination is final and conclusive and binds this state, and all of its judicial and administrative officials on all questions concerning the domicile of the decedent for death tax purpose.

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(6) The reasonable compensation and expenses of the members of the board and its employees shall be agreed upon among such members, the taxing officials involved, and the executors. If an agreement cannot be reached, such compensation and expenses shall be determined by such taxing officials; and, if they cannot agree, by the appropriate court having probate jurisdiction of the state determined to be the domicile. Such amount shall be borne by the estate and shall be deemed an administration expense.

(7) The determination of such board and the record of its proceeding shall be filed with the authority having jurisdiction to assess the death tax in the state determined to be the domicile of the decedent and with the authorities which would have had jurisdiction to assess the death tax in each of the other states involved if the decedent had been found to be domiciled therein.

291.45 ACCEPTANCE OF AGREED SUM IN FULL PAYMENT.

Notwithstanding the commencement of a legal action for determination of domicile within this state or the commencement of an arbitration proceeding, as provided in section 291.44, the commissioner of revenue of this state may in any case enter into a written agreement with the other taxing officials involved and with the executors to accept a certain sum in full payment of any death tax, together with interest and penalties, that may be due this state, provided this agreement fixes the amount to be paid the other states involved in the dispute, at any time before such proceeding is concluded. Upon the filing of this agreement with the authority which would have jurisdiction to assess the death tax of this state, if the decedent died domiciled in this state, an assessment shall be made as provided in such agreement, and this assessment finally and conclusively fixes the amount of death tax due this state. If the aggregate amount payable under such agreement or under an agreement made in accordance with the provisions of section 291.43 to the states involved is less than the minimum credit allowable to the estate against the United States estate tax imposed with respect thereto, the executor forthwith shall also pay to the commissioner of revenue of this state the same percentage of the difference between such aggregate amount of such credit as the amount payable to such commissioner under such agreement bears to such aggregate amount.

291.46 PENALTIES, INTEREST; LIMITATION.

When in any case the board of arbitration determines that a decedent died domiciled in this state, the total amount of interest and penalties for nonpayment of the tax, between the date of the election and the final determination of the board, shall not exceed ten percent of the amount of the taxes per annum.

291.47 APPLICATION.

Sections 291.41 to 291.47 apply only to cases in which each of the states involved in the dispute has in effect therein a law substantially similar to sections 291.41 to 291.47.

292.17 GIFT TAX.

Subd. 2. Lifetime credit. A credit is allowed against the tax imposed under this section equal to \$100,000. This credit applies to the cumulative amount of taxable gifts made by the donor during the donor's lifetime.

Subd. 3. Out-of-state gifts. Taxable gifts exclude the transfer of:

(1) real property located outside of this state;

(2) tangible personal property that was normally kept at a location outside of the state on the date the gift was executed; and

(3) intangible personal property made by an individual who is not a resident at the time the gift was executed.

292.18 RETURNS.

(a) Any individual who makes a taxable gift during the taxable year shall file a gift tax return in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner.

(b) If the donor dies before filing the return, the executor of the donor's will or the administrator of the donor's estate shall file the return. If the donor becomes legally incompetent before filing the return, the guardian or conservator shall file the return.

(c) The return must include:

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(1) each gift made during the calendar year which is to be included in computing the taxable gifts;

(2) the deductions claimed and allowable under section 292.16, paragraph (d), clause (2);

(3) a description of the gift, and the donee's name, address, and Social Security number;

(4) the fair market value of gifts not made in money; and

(5) any other information the commissioner requires to administer the gift tax.

292.19 FILING REQUIREMENTS.

Gift tax returns must be filed by the April 15 following the close of the calendar year, except if a gift is made during the calendar year in which the donor dies, the return for the donor must be filed by the last date, including extensions, for filing the gift tax return for federal gift tax purposes for the donor.

292.21 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Payment of tax; penalty for late payment.** The tax imposed under section 292.17 is due and payable to the commissioner by the April 15 following the close of the calendar year during which the gift was made. The return required under section 292.19 must be included with the payment. If a taxable gift is made during the calendar year in which the donor dies, the due date is the last date, including extensions, for filing the gift tax return for federal gift tax purposes for the donor. If any person fails to pay the tax due within the time specified under this section, a penalty applies equal to ten percent of the amount due and unpaid or \$100, whichever is greater. The unpaid tax and penalty bear interest at the rate under section 270C.40 from the due date of the return.

Subd. 2. **Extensions.** The commissioner may, for good cause, extend the time for filing a gift tax return, if a written request is filed with a tentative return accompanied by a payment of the tax, which is estimated in the tentative return, on or before the last day for filing the return. Any person to whom an extension is granted must pay, in addition to the tax, interest at the rate under section 270C.40 from the date on which the tax would have been due without the extension.

Subd. 3. Changes in federal gift tax. If the amount of a taxpayer's taxable gifts for federal gift tax purposes, as reported on the taxpayer's federal gift tax return for any calendar year, is changed or corrected by the Internal Revenue Service or other officer of the United States or other competent authority, the taxpayer shall report the change or correction in federal taxable gifts within 180 days after the final determination of the change or correction, and concede the accuracy of the determination or provide a letter detailing how the federal determination is incorrect or does not change the Minnesota gift tax. Any taxpayer filing an amended federal gift tax return shall also file within 180 days an amended return under this chapter and shall include any information the commissioner requires. The time for filing the report or amended return may be extended by the commissioner upon due cause shown. Notwithstanding any limitation of time in this chapter, if, upon examination, the commissioner finds that the taxpayer is liable for the payment of an additional tax, the commissioner shall, within a reasonable time from the receipt of the report or amended return, notify the taxpayer of the amount of additional tax, together with interest computed at the rate under section 270C.40 from the date when the original tax was due and payable. Within 30 days of the mailing of the notice, the taxpayer shall pay the commissioner the amount of the additional tax and interest. If, upon examination of the report or amended return and related information, the commissioner finds that the taxpayer has overpaid the tax due the state, the commissioner shall refund the overpayment to the taxpayer.

Subd. 4. **Application of federal rules.** In administering the tax under this chapter, the commissioner shall apply the provisions of sections 2701 to 2704 of the Internal Revenue Code. The words "secretary or his delegate," as used in those sections of the Internal Revenue Code, mean the commissioner.