SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

S.F. No. 1497

(SENATE AUTHORS: LIMMER)

DATE
02/09/2023
759 Introduction and first reading
Referred to Judiciary and Public Safety
03/09/2023
1468a Comm report: To pass as amended
1471 Second reading
Referred to for comparison with HF1581
04/11/2023
4247 Rule 45; subst. General Orders HF1581, SF indefinitely postponed

1.1 A bill for an act

relating to legislative enactments; making miscellaneous technical corrections to 1 2 laws and statutes; correcting erroneous, obsolete, and omitted text and references; 1.3 removing redundant, conflicting, and superseded provisions; amending Minnesota 1.4 Statutes 2022, sections 3.8854; 13.46, subdivision 7; 16A.151, subdivision 2; 1.5 17.81, subdivision 3; 62A.307, subdivision 2; 62A.3091, subdivision 2; 62J.581, 1.6 subdivision 1; 62M.02, subdivision 4; 62U.03, subdivisions 2, 3; 84.83, subdivision 1.7 3; 85.34, subdivision 3; 86A.05, subdivisions 2, 4, 9, 11, 12; 86A.21; 92.70, 1.8 subdivision 3; 93.52; 103A.43; 103B.211, subdivision 1; 103F.405, subdivision 1.9 1; 103F.511, subdivision 10; 103F.705; 103F.711, subdivision 6; 103F.715; 1.10 103G.005, subdivision 19; 115.55, subdivision 1; 115A.192, subdivision 1; 1.11 115A.33; 115A.38, subdivision 1; 115A.39; 115A.54, subdivision 2a; 115A.918, 1.12 subdivision 2; 116.07, subdivision 4a; 116D.04, subdivision 5a; 119B.011, 1.13 subdivision 20; 119B.03, subdivision 3; 119B.13, subdivisions 3a, 6; 122A.20, 1.14 subdivision 2; 124D.19, subdivision 3; 124D.68, subdivision 3; 125A.02, 1.15 subdivision 1; 144.55, subdivision 2; 144.608, subdivision 1; 144A.471, subdivision 1.16 7; 147A.09, subdivision 2; 147D.27, subdivision 6; 148.211, subdivision 1a; 1.17 148.724, subdivision 1; 148B.06, subdivision 2; 148B.5301, subdivision 1; 1.18 148E.130, subdivision 1a; 160.10, subdivision 8; 161.14, subdivision 89; 167.60; 1.19 168.013, subdivisions 1a, 1e, 3, 18, 23; 168.04, subdivision 2; 168.1253, subdivision 1.20 2; 168.1256, subdivision 1; 168.1296, subdivision 1; 168.187, subdivisions 2, 7, 1.21 9, 10, 11, 12, 27; 168.61, subdivision 2; 168A.09, subdivision 1; 168A.24, 1.22 subdivision 2; 168B.09, subdivision 2; 169.09, subdivision 13; 169.223, subdivision 1.23 4; 169.4581; 169.64, subdivision 9; 169.751; 169A.25, subdivision 1; 169A.26, 1.24 subdivision 1; 169A.27, subdivision 1; 169A.28, subdivision 2; 169A.46, 1.25 subdivision 1; 171.0701, subdivisions 1, 1a; 171.0705, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 1.26 8; 171.26, subdivision 1; 173.02, subdivision 6; 173.13, subdivision 6; 174.03, 1.27 1.28 subdivision 3; 174.30, subdivision 3; 174.75, subdivision 3; 174.84, subdivision 1; 176.101, subdivision 4; 214.40, subdivision 1; 219.073; 219.165; 219.18; 1.29 1.30 219.501, subdivision 1; 219.551, subdivision 6; 219.561, subdivision 1; 221.031, subdivision 9; 221.0314, subdivision 3a; 221.221, subdivision 2; 221.81, 1.31 1.32 subdivision 3e; 245.4661, subdivisions 2, 6; 245.4885, subdivision 1a; 245.814, subdivision 1; 245.91, subdivision 5; 245A.02, subdivision 5a; 245A.04, subdivision 1.33 7; 245A.14, subdivision 4; 245A.16, subdivision 1; 245A.52, subdivision 1; 1.34 245C.04, subdivision 10; 245D.03, subdivision 1; 245I.02, subdivision 5; 245I.04, 1.35 1.36 subdivision 5; 246.18, subdivision 2a; 254A.19, subdivision 4; 254B.04, subdivision 1; 254B.09, subdivision 2; 256.0112, subdivision 7; 256.975, subdivision 10; 1.37 256B.04, subdivision 1b; 256B.0575, subdivision 2; 256B.0625, subdivisions 17, 1.38

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57; 256B.0671; 256B.0943, subdivision 1; 256B.0947, subdivision 3a; 256B.4912, 2.1 subdivision 4; 256B.50, subdivision 1; 256B.76, subdivision 1; 256G.08, 2.2 subdivision 1; 256J.54, subdivision 1; 256L.07, subdivision 4; 268.136, subdivision 2.3 3; 272.02, subdivisions 49, 102, 103; 273.1387, subdivision 2; 273.165, subdivision 2.4 1; 290.067, subdivision 1; 290.0671, subdivision 1; 290.0677, subdivisions 1, 2; 2.5 290.068, subdivision 3; 290.9705, subdivision 3; 297A.70, subdivision 2; 297A.71, 2.6 subdivision 44; 297B.10; 297B.12; 297E.021, subdivision 3; 297F.01, subdivision 2.7 22b; 297I.20, subdivision 1; 327C.015, subdivision 11; 349.12, subdivision 25; 2.8 352.91, subdivision 3f; 360.013, subdivision 50; 360.0161, subdivision 2; 360.061, 2.9 subdivision 1; 360.067, subdivision 4; 360.511, subdivision 24; 383B.058; 402.02, 2.10 subdivision 2; 403.03, subdivision 2; 403.11, subdivisions 1, 6; 403.15, subdivision 2.11 3; 403.161, subdivision 7; 473H.02, subdivision 4; 477C.03, subdivision 3; 2.12 504B.371, subdivision 7; 507.24, subdivision 2; 609.035, subdivision 2; 626.892, 2.13 subdivision 7; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 13.461, subdivision 4; 2.14 13.7191, subdivision 16; 147D.27, subdivision 5; 160.165, subdivision 3; 165.14; 2.15 168.013, subdivision 16; 168.271, subdivision 2; 174.285, subdivision 7; 219.662, 2.16 subdivision 2; 256B.051, subdivision 7; 256B.439, subdivision 3b; 290.068, 2.17 subdivisions 6a, 7; 295.50, subdivision 10b; 297B.04; 297B.05; 299F.851, 2.18 subdivision 7; Laws 2021, chapter 30, article 17, section 16; Minnesota Rules, 2.19 parts 5530.1000; 7805.0300; 8810.4100. 2.20

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.8854, is amended to read:

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3.8854 LEGISLATIVE BUDGET OFFICE OVERSIGHT COMMISSION.

- (a) The Legislative Budget Office Oversight Commission consists of:
- (1) two members of the senate appointed by the senate majority leader;
- 2.26 (2) two members of the senate appointed by the senate minority leader;
- 2.27 (3) two members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house; 2.28 and
- 2.29 (4) two members of the house of representatives appointed by the minority leader.
- 2.30 The director of the Legislative Budget Office is the executive secretary of the commission.
- 2.31 The chief nonpartisan fiscal analyst of the house of representatives, the lead principal
- 2.32 nonpartisan fiscal analyst of the senate, the commissioner of management and budget or a
- designee, and the legislative auditor are ex-officio, nonvoting members of the commission.
 - (b) Members serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority, or until they are not members of the legislative body from which they were appointed. Appointing authorities
- shall fill vacancies on the commission within 30 days of a vacancy being created.
 - (c) The commission shall meet in January of each odd-numbered year to elect its chair and vice-chair. They shall serve until successors are elected. The chair and vice-chair shall alternate biennially between the senate and the house of representatives. The commission shall meet at the call of the chair. The members shall serve without compensation but may

Section 1. 2

be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses consistent with the rules of the legislature governing expense reimbursement.

- (d) The commission shall review the work of the Legislative Budget Office and make recommendations, as the commission determines necessary, to improve the office's ability to fulfill its duties, and shall perform other functions as directed by this section, and sections 3.8853 and 3.98.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 13.46, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Mental health data.** (a) Mental health data are private data on individuals and shall not be disclosed, except:
- (1) pursuant to section 13.05, as determined by the responsible authority for the community mental health center, mental health division, or provider;
- 3.12 (2) pursuant to court order;

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- (3) pursuant to a statute specifically authorizing access to or disclosure of mental health data or as otherwise provided by this subdivision;
- (4) to personnel of the welfare system working in the same program or providing services to the same individual or family to the extent necessary to coordinate services, provided that a health record may be disclosed only as provided under section 144.293;
- (5) to a health care provider governed by sections 144.291 to 144.298, to the extent necessary to coordinate services; or
- 3.20 (6) with the consent of the client or patient.
 - (b) An agency of the welfare system may not require an individual to consent to the release of mental health data as a condition for receiving services or for reimbursing a community mental health center, mental health division of a county, or provider under contract to deliver mental health services.
 - (c) Notwithstanding section 245.69, subdivision 2, paragraph (f), or any other law to the contrary, a community mental health center, mental health division of a county, or a mental health provider must disclose mental health data to a law enforcement agency if the law enforcement agency provides the name of a client or patient and communicates that the:
 - (1) client or patient is currently involved in a mental health crisis as defined in section 256B.0624, subdivision 2, paragraph (j), to which the law enforcement agency has responded; and

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(2) data is necessary to protect the health or safety of the client or patient or of another person.

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The scope of disclosure under this paragraph is limited to the minimum necessary for law enforcement to safely respond to the mental health crisis. Disclosure under this paragraph may include the name and telephone number of the psychiatrist, psychologist, therapist, mental health professional, practitioner, or case manager of the client or patient, if known; and strategies to address the mental health crisis. A law enforcement agency that obtains mental health data under this paragraph shall maintain a record of the requestor, the provider of the data, and the client or patient name. Mental health data obtained by a law enforcement agency under this paragraph are private data on individuals and must not be used by the law enforcement agency for any other purpose. A law enforcement agency that obtains mental health data under this paragraph shall inform the subject of the data that mental health data was obtained.

- (d) In the event of a request under paragraph (a), clause (6), a community mental health center, county mental health division, or provider must release mental health data to Criminal Mental Health Court personnel in advance of receiving a copy of a consent if the Criminal Mental Health Court personnel communicate that the:
 - (1) client or patient is a defendant in a criminal case pending in the district court;
- (2) data being requested is limited to information that is necessary to assess whether the defendant is eligible for participation in the Criminal Mental Health Court; and
- (3) client or patient has consented to the release of the mental health data and a copy of the consent will be provided to the community mental health center, county mental health division, or provider within 72 hours of the release of the data.

For purposes of this paragraph, "Criminal Mental Health Court" refers to a specialty criminal calendar of the Hennepin County District Court for defendants with mental illness and brain injury where a primary goal of the calendar is to assess the treatment needs of the defendants and to incorporate those treatment needs into voluntary case disposition plans. The data released pursuant to this paragraph may be used for the sole purpose of determining whether the person is eligible for participation in mental health court. This paragraph does not in any way limit or otherwise extend the rights of the court to obtain the release of mental health data pursuant to court order or any other means allowed by law.

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Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

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Subd. 2. **Exceptions.** (a) If a state official litigates or settles a matter on behalf of specific injured persons or entities, this section does not prohibit distribution of money to the specific injured persons or entities on whose behalf the litigation or settlement efforts were initiated. If money recovered on behalf of injured persons or entities cannot reasonably be distributed to those persons or entities because they cannot readily be located or identified or because the cost of distributing the money would outweigh the benefit to the persons or entities, the money must be paid into the general fund.

- (b) Money recovered on behalf of a fund in the state treasury other than the general fund may be deposited in that fund.
- (c) This section does not prohibit a state official from distributing money to a person or entity other than the state in litigation or potential litigation in which the state is a defendant or potential defendant.
- (d) State agencies may accept funds as directed by a federal court for any restitution or monetary penalty under United States Code, title 18, section 3663(a)(3), or United States Code, title 18, section 3663A(a)(3). Funds received must be deposited in a special revenue account and are appropriated to the commissioner of the agency for the purpose as directed by the federal court.
- (e) Tobacco settlement revenues as defined in section 16A.98, subdivision 1, paragraph (t), may be deposited as provided in section 16A.98, subdivision 12.
- (f) Any money received by the state resulting from a settlement agreement or an assurance of discontinuance entered into by the attorney general of the state, or a court order in litigation brought by the attorney general of the state, on behalf of the state or a state agency, related to alleged violations of consumer fraud laws in the marketing, sale, or distribution of opioids in this state or other alleged illegal actions that contributed to the excessive use of opioids, must be deposited in the settlement account established in the opiate epidemic response fund under section 256.043, subdivision 1. This paragraph does not apply to attorney fees and costs awarded to the state or the Attorney General's Office, to contract attorneys hired by the state or Attorney General's Office, or to other state agency attorneys.
- (g) Notwithstanding paragraph (f), if money is received from a settlement agreement or an assurance of discontinuance entered into by the attorney general of the state or a court order in litigation brought by the attorney general of the state on behalf of the state or a state agency against a consulting firm working for an opioid manufacturer or opioid wholesale drug distributor, the commissioner shall deposit any money received into the settlement

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account established within the opiate epidemic response fund under section 256.042, 6.1 subdivision 1. Notwithstanding section 256.043, subdivision 3a, paragraph (a), any amount 6.2 deposited into the settlement account in accordance with this paragraph shall be appropriated 6.3 to the commissioner of human services to award as grants as specified by the opiate epidemic 6.4 response advisory council in accordance with section 256.043, subdivision 3a, paragraph 6.5

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Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.81, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. Agricultural land. "Agricultural land" means land which is in agricultural use, and which has been identified as agricultural land by a local unit of government pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 366.10 to 366.181, or sections 394.21 to 394.37, 462.351 to 462.364, 366.10 to 366.181 or 473H.04, or which is composed of predominantly class I, II, III, or IV soils as identified in the land capability classification system of the United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service and the county soil survey, if completed.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62A.307, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Requirement. Coverage described in subdivision 1 that covers prescription drugs must provide the same coverage for a prescription written by a health care provider authorized to prescribe the particular drug covered by the health coverage described in subdivision 1, regardless of the type of health care provider that wrote the prescription. This section is intended to prohibit denial of coverage based on the prescription having been written by an advanced practice registered nurse under section 148.235, a physician assistant under section 147A.185, or any other nonphysician health care provider authorized to prescribe the particular drug.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62A.3091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Requirement. Coverage described in subdivision 1 that covers laboratory tests, diagnostic tests, and x-rays must provide the same coverage, without requiring additional signatures, for all such tests ordered by an advanced practice registered nurse operating pursuant to chapter 148 or a physician assistant practicing pursuant to chapter 147A. Nothing in this section shall be construed to interfere with any written agreement between a physician and an advanced practice registered nurse or between a physician and a physician assistant.

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Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62J.581, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

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Subdivision 1. Minnesota uniform remittance advice. All group purchasers shall provide a uniform claim payment/advice transaction to health care providers when a claim is adjudicated. The uniform claim payment/advice transaction shall comply with section 62J.536, subdivision 1b 1, paragraph (b), and rules adopted under section 62J.536, subdivision 2.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62M.02, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Attending health care professional. "Attending health care professional" means the health care professional providing care within the scope of the professional's practice and with primary responsibility for the care provided to an enrollee. Attending health care professional shall include only physicians; chiropractors; dentists; mental health professionals as defined in section 245.462, subdivision 18, or 245.4871, subdivision 27; podiatrists; and advanced practice registered nurses.
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62U.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 7.14
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply. 7.15
- (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health. 7.16
- (c) "Health plan company" has the meaning provided in section 62Q.01, subdivision 4. 7.17
- (d) "Personal clinician" means a physician licensed under chapter 147, a physician 7.18 assistant licensed and practicing under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice registered 7.19 nurse licensed and registered to practice under chapter 148. 7.20
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62U.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 7.21
- Subd. 3. Development and implementation of standards. (a) The commissioner of 7.22 health shall develop and implement standards of certification for health care homes. In 7.23 developing these standards, the commissioner shall consider existing standards developed 7.24 by national independent accrediting and medical home organizations. The standards 7.25 developed by the commissioner must meet the following criteria: 7.26
 - (1) emphasize, enhance, and encourage the use of primary care, and include the use of primary care physicians, advanced practice registered nurses, and physician assistants as personal clinicians;
 - (2) focus on delivering high-quality, efficient, and effective health care services;

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(3) encourage patient-centered care, including active participation by the patient and family or a legal guardian, or a health care agent as defined in chapter 145C, as appropriate in decision making and care plan development, and providing care that is appropriate to the patient's race, ethnicity, and language;

- (4) provide patients with a consistent, ongoing contact with a personal clinician or team of clinical professionals to ensure continuous and appropriate care for the patient's condition;
- (5) ensure that health care homes develop and maintain appropriate comprehensive care plans for their patients with complex or chronic conditions, including an assessment of health risks and chronic conditions;
- (6) enable and encourage utilization of a range of qualified health care professionals, including dedicated care coordinators, in a manner that enables providers to practice to the fullest extent of their license;
- (7) focus initially on patients who have or are at risk of developing chronic health conditions;
 - (8) incorporate measures of quality, resource use, cost of care, and patient experience;
- (9) ensure the use of health information technology and systematic follow-up, including the use of patient registries; and
- (10) encourage the use of scientifically based health care, patient decision-making aids that provide patients with information about treatment options and their associated benefits, risks, costs, and comparative outcomes, and other clinical decision support tools.
- (b) In developing these standards, the commissioner shall consult with national and local organizations working on health care home models, physicians, relevant state agencies, health plan companies, hospitals, other providers, patients, and patient advocates.
- (c) For the purposes of developing and implementing these standards, the commissioner may use the expedited rulemaking process under section 14.389.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 84.83, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Purposes; allocation.** (a) The money deposited in the account and interest earned on that money may be expended only as appropriated by law for the following purposes:
 - (1) for a grant-in-aid program to counties and municipalities for construction and maintenance of snowmobile trails that are determined by the commissioner to be part of the state's grant-in-aid system, including maintenance of trails on lands and waters of

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Voyageurs National Park; on Lake of the Woods; on Rainy Lake; on the following lakes in St. Louis County: Burntside, Crane, Little Long, Mud, Pelican, Shagawa, and Vermilion; and on the following lakes in Cook County: Devil Track and Hungry Jack. The commissioner may establish a performance-based funding formula for annual grants-in-aid. The procedures and criteria for grants-in-aid are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and section 14.386 does not apply. In administering the performance-based grants-in-aid, the commissioner must:

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- (i) determine annual grant amounts based on a funding formula that includes consideration of historical costs, snowfall, use, and tourism;
- (ii) make grant payments based on:
- (A) successful completion of performance benchmarks;
- 9.12 (B) reimbursement of eligible expenditures; or
- 9.13 (C) a combination of subitems (A) and (B); and
- 9.14 (iii) assess penalties to nonperforming grant-in-aid recipients, which may include 9.15 withholding grant payments or making the grantee or trail system ineligible for future 9.16 grant-in-aid funding;
 - (2) to acquire, develop, and maintain state recreational snowmobile trails;
- 9.18 (3) for snowmobile safety programs; and
- 9.19 (4) to administer and enforce sections 84.81 to 84.91 84.9011 and appropriated grants to local law enforcement agencies.
 - (b) No less than 60 percent of revenue collected from snowmobile registration and snowmobile state trail sticker fees must be expended for grants-in-aid to develop, maintain, and groom trails and acquire easements.
- 9.24 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 85.34, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. **Sale of intoxicating liquor.** The commissioner of public safety with the approval of the Executive Council may issue to the lessee or developer of the property leased pursuant to subdivision 1, an on-sale license for the sale of intoxicating liquor upon the leased property. The annual fee for the license issued pursuant to this subdivision shall be set by the commissioner of public safety at an amount comparable to the fee charged by municipalities in the surrounding area for a similar license. All provisions of chapter 340 340A shall apply to the sale of intoxicating liquor upon the leased property.

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Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 86A.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 2. State park; purpose; resource and site qualifications; administration. (a) A state park shall be established to protect and perpetuate extensive areas of the state possessing those resources which illustrate and exemplify Minnesota's natural phenomena and to provide for the use, enjoyment, and understanding of such resources without impairment for the enjoyment and recreation of future generations.
- (b) No unit shall be authorized as a state park unless its proposed location substantially satisfies the following criteria:
- (1) exemplifies the natural characteristics of the major landscape regions of the state, as shown by accepted classifications, in an essentially unspoiled or restored condition or in a condition that will permit restoration in the foreseeable future; or contains essentially unspoiled natural resources of sufficient extent and importance to meaningfully contribute to the broad illustration of the state's natural phenomena; and
- (2) contains natural resources, sufficiently diverse and interesting to attract people from throughout the state; and
- (3) is sufficiently large to permit protection of the plant and animal life and other natural resources which give the park its qualities and provide for a broad range of opportunities for human enjoyment of these qualities.
- (c) State parks shall be administered by the commissioner of natural resources in a manner which is consistent with the purposes of this subdivision to preserve, perpetuate, and interpret natural features that existed in the area of the park prior to settlement and other significant natural, scenic, scientific, or historic features that are present. Management shall seek to maintain a balance among the plant and animal life of the park and to reestablish desirable plants and animals that were formerly indigenous to the park area but are now missing. Programs to interpret the natural features of the park shall be provided. Outdoor recreation activities to utilize the natural features of the park that can be accommodated without material disturbance of the natural features of the park or the introduction of undue artificiality into the natural scene may be permitted. Park use shall be primarily for aesthetic, cultural, and educational purposes, and shall not be designed to accommodate all forms or unlimited volumes of recreational use. Physical development shall be limited to those facilities necessary to complement the natural features and the values being preserved.

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Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 86A.05, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. State trail; purpose; resource and site qualifications; administration;
designation. (a) A state trail shall be established to provide a recreational travel route which
connects units of the outdoor recreation system or the national trail system, provides access
to or passage through other areas which have significant scenic, historic, scientific, or
recreational qualities or reestablishes or permits travel along an historically prominent travel
route or which provides commuter transportation.

- (b) No unit shall be authorized as a state trail unless its proposed location substantially satisfies the following criteria:
- 11.10 (1) permits travel in an appropriate manner along a route which provides at least one of 11.11 the following recreational opportunities:
- 11.12 (i) travel along a route which connects areas or points of natural, scientific, cultural, and
 11.13 historic interest;
- (ii) travel through an area which possesses outstanding scenic beauty;
- 11.15 (iii) travel over a route designed to enhance and utilize the unique qualities of a particular 11.16 manner of travel in harmony with the natural environment;
 - (iv) travel along a route which is historically significant as a route of migration, commerce, or communication; or
- 11.19 (v) travel between units of the state outdoor recreation system or the national trail system; 11.20 and
- 11.21 (2) utilizes, to the greatest extent possible consistent with the purposes of this subdivision,
 11.22 public lands, rights-of-way, and the like; and
 - (3) provides maximum potential for the appreciation, conservation, and enjoyment of significant scenic, historical, natural, or cultural qualities of the areas through which the trail may pass; and
- 11.26 (4) takes into consideration predicted public demand and future use.
 - (c) State trails shall be administered by the commissioners of transportation or natural resources as specified by law in a manner which is consistent with the purposes of this subdivision. State trails established by the commissioner of natural resources shall be managed to provide a travel route through an area with a minimum disturbance of the natural environment and recognizing other multiple land use activities. Trail markers shall be limited to those providing safety information and interpretation.

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(d) Facilities for the rest and comfort of trail users shall be provided primarily within units of the outdoor recreation system through which the trail passes. When additional facilities are required to insure the rest and comfort of the traveler, the managing agency may develop such facilities along the trail and shall designate the facilities as trail waysides. In addition to the foregoing purpose, trail waysides shall be developed for the preservation and interpretation of the trail's natural, historic, or scenic values, and may include facilities for primitive camping, picnicking, sanitation, and parking for access to the trail.

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- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 86A.05, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. State water-access site; purpose; resource and site qualifications; administration. (a) A state water-access site shall be established to provide public access to rivers and lakes which are suitable for outdoor water recreation and where the access is necessary to permit public use.
- (b) No unit shall be authorized as a state water-access site unless its proposed location substantially satisfies the following criteria:
- (1) the body of water to which access is being provided and surrounding lands can withstand additional recreational use without undue damage to the environment or undue risks to the health and safety of water users; and
 - (2) public access to the body of water is either nonexistent or inadequate.
- (c) State water-access sites shall be administered by the commissioner of natural resources or the commissioner of transportation in a manner which is consistent with the purposes of this subdivision to provide public access to water. Access roads, off-road parking areas, refuse containers, sanitary facilities, and facilities for limited picnicking and primitive camping may be provided when the commissioner determines that these activities are justifiable and are compatible with the resource and the natural environment.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 86A.05, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
- 12.26 Subd. 11. State historic sites; purpose; resource and site qualifications; administration; designation. (a) A state historic site shall be established to preserve, 12.27 restore, and interpret buildings and other structures, locales, sites, antiquities, and related 12.28 lands which aptly illustrate significant events, personalities, and features of the history and 12.29 archaeology of the state or nation. 12.30
- 12.31 (b) No unit shall be authorized as a state historic site unless it is historically important for any of the following reasons: 12.32

Sec. 16. 12 (1) is the site of or directly associated with a significant historical event; or

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- (2) is associated with persons whose lives and accomplishments are historically unique or important; or
- (3) embodies the distinctive characteristics of an architectural style or method of construction which represents a particular and significant historical period, or the work of a master builder, designer, or architect; or
- (4) has yielded, or is likely to yield, historical or archaeological artifacts, records, or other original data or information; or
- (5) is a geographical feature of outstanding significance and includes, by way of example, the highest point in the state, the continental divide, and the source of the Mississippi River.
- (c) State historic sites shall be administered by the commissioner of natural resources, the Minnesota Historical Society, the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota, governmental subdivisions of the state, or by county historical societies jointly or independently as designated by law in a manner which is consistent with the purposes of this subdivision to maintain and, if necessary, restore the historical integrity of the site to commemorate or illustrate its historical importance. Ancient features of significance shall be protected from disturbance until archaeological research has been completed. Interpretive programs for visitors shall be provided including, where practicable, interpretation of research programs under supervised conditions. Recreational use of natural features shall be permitted only where this can be accomplished without detriment to historical values. Physical development shall be limited to those facilities necessary to achieve the management and use objectives.
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 86A.05, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 12. State rest area; purpose; resource and site qualifications;
- administration. (a) A state rest area shall be established to promote a safe, pleasurable, and informative travel experience along Minnesota highways by providing areas and facilities at reasonable intervals for information, emergencies, or the rest and comfort of travelers.
 - (b) No unit shall be authorized as a state rest area unless its proposed location substantially satisfies the following criteria:
 - (1) is adjacent to or in near proximity to a trunk or interstate highway;
- 13.31 (2) is developed at appropriate intervals based on the type of road system, traffic and traffic projections and known or projected usage of the proposed development; and

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(3) may be near or associated with a place or area of natural, scientific, cultural, or historic interest.

- (c) Rest areas shall be administered by the commissioner of transportation in cooperation with other agencies as appropriate in a manner which is consistent with the purposes of this subdivision. State rest areas may be managed to provide parking, resting, restroom, picnicking, orientation, travel information, and other facilities for the convenience of the traveling public. Where located in conjunction with features of interest, state rest areas shall provide interpretive exhibits or other facilities if appropriate to promote understanding and enjoyment of the features.
- 14.10 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 86A.21, is amended to read:

86A.21 POWERS AND DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER.

- (a) The commissioner may:
- (1) acquire, construct, and maintain small craft harbors, channels, and facilities for recreational watercraft in the navigable waters lying within the locations identified in Laws 1993, chapter 333, section 1;
- (2) acquire by purchase, lease, gift, or condemnation the lands, rights-of-way, easements, and other interests necessary for small craft harbors, channels, mooring facilities, marinas, launching ramps, and facilities normally used to support harbors of refuge, channels, docks, and launching ramps;
- (3) provide the public within the boundaries of small craft harbors, through leases of public property, with mooring facilities and marinas developed and operated by public or nonpublic entities at no cost to the state or its political subdivisions;
- (4) charge fees for both seasonal and daily moorage at state-operated or state-assisted small craft harbors and mooring facilities; and
- (5) collect the proceeds from the sale of marine fuel at small craft harbors or mooring facilities operated by the state.
- (b) Fees and proceeds collected under paragraph (a) must be credited to the water recreation account. The sale prices of marine fuel and petroleum supplies and fees under paragraph (a) are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and section 14.386 does not apply. The commissioner may establish the fees under paragraph (a) notwithstanding section 16A.1283. The fees and proceeds are appropriated to the commissioner of natural

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resources and must be used for purposes relating to mooring facilities and small craft harbors, including:

- (1) operation and maintenance;
- 15.4 (2) purchase of marine fuel and other petroleum supplies;
- 15.5 (3) replacement or expansion; or

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- 15.6 (4) debt service on funds provided through the sale of state bonds.
 - (c) Fees collected at small craft harbors and boating facilities constructed or operated by local units of government with financial assistance from the state shall, after payment of the costs of operating and maintaining the facilities, be used for purposes relating to mooring facilities and small craft harbors, including:
- 15.11 (1) operation and maintenance;
- 15.12 (2) replacement or expansion; or
- 15.13 (3) debt service on funds provided through the sale of state bonds.
- 15.14 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 92.70, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Willful trespass.** (a) A person who willfully and knowingly uses public land for personal use or personal economic gain where the use is prohibited is guilty of trespass and a misdemeanor and is liable to the state or county for a civil penalty three times the amount of the damage.
 - (b) A person violating paragraph (a) may be issued a ticket and summons for a court appearance. The prosecuting authority shall prosecute the misdemeanor and shall bring an action for the civil penalty or, on failure to do so, the attorney general at the request of the public agency responsible for managing the land may prosecute the misdemeanor and shall bring an action for the civil penalty.
 - (c) Damages must be determined as the greater of:
- 15.25 (1) the cost to restore the public land to the condition it was in before the trespass occurred
 15.26 plus an amount to compensate the public for the loss of use; or
- 15.27 (2) the economic gain realized by the person committing the trespass.
- (d) The civil penalty shall be paid to the court and the court administrator shall pay:
- 15.29 (1) for a trespass on county land, the entire amount to the county to be used for restoration 15.30 of the trespass and county land improvement purposes; and

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(2) for a trespass on state land, the civil penalty to the state agency responsible for managing the public land which is appropriated for restoration of the trespass and state land improvement purposes.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 93.52, is amended to read:

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93.52 OWNERSHIP OF SEVERED MINERAL INTERESTS.

Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** The purpose of sections 93.52 to 93.58 93.551 is to identify and clarify the obscure and divided ownership condition of severed mineral interests in this state. Because the ownership condition of many severed mineral interests is becoming more obscure and further fractionalized with the passage of time, the development of mineral interests in this state is often impaired. Therefore, it is in the public interest and serves a public purpose to identify and clarify these interests.

Subd. 2. Verified statement filing requirement. Except as provided in subdivision 3, from and after January 1, 1970, every owner of a fee simple interest in minerals, hereafter referred to as a mineral interest, in lands in this state, which interest is owned separately from the fee title to the surface of the property upon or beneath which the mineral interest exists, shall record in the office of the county recorder or, if registered property, in the office of the registrar of titles in the county where the mineral interest is located a verified statement, in triplicate, citing sections 93.52 to 93.58 93.551 and setting forth the owner's address, interest in the minerals, and both (1) the legal description of the property upon or beneath which the interest exists, and (2) the book and page number or the document number, in the records of the county recorder or registrar of titles, of the instrument by which the mineral interest is created or acquired. No statement may be recorded which contains mineral interests from more than one government section unless the instrument by which the mineral interest is created or acquired includes mineral interests from more than one government section. The county recorder and registrar of titles shall file with the county auditor a copy of each document so recorded within 60 days after recording in the office of county recorder or registrar of titles.

Subd. 3. **Exemptions.** Sections 93.52 to 93.58 93.551 do not apply to the following owners of mineral interests: the United States of America, the state of Minnesota, and any American Indian tribe or band owning reservation lands in this state.

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Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103A.43, is amended to read:

103A.43 WATER ASSESSMENTS AND REPORTS.

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- (a) The Environmental Quality Board shall consolidate the assessments required in paragraphs (b) and (c) with the policy report in section 103A.204 and submit a single report to the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over the environment, natural resources, and agriculture and the Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota Resources by September 15, 2010, and every five years thereafter.
- (b) The Pollution Control Agency and the Department of Agriculture shall provide an assessment and analysis of water quality, groundwater degradation trends, and efforts to reduce, prevent, minimize, and eliminate degradation of water. The assessment and analysis must include an analysis of relevant monitoring data.
- (c) The Department of Natural Resources shall provide an assessment and analysis of the quantity of surface water and ground water groundwater in the state and the availability of water to meet the state's needs.
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103B.211, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 17.15
- Subdivision 1. Authority. (a) Any agreement under section 471.59 to jointly or 17.16 cooperatively manage or plan for the management of surface water in a watershed delineated 17.17 pursuant to subdivision 2, as required by sections 103B.205 to 103B.255, may provide, in 17.18 addition to other provisions authorized by section 471.59, for a joint board having: 17.19
- (1) the authority to prepare, adopt, and implement a plan for the watershed meeting the 17.20 requirements of section 103B.231;
- (2) the authority to review and approve local water management plans as provided in 17.22 section 103B.235; 17.23
 - (3) the authority of a watershed district under chapter 103D to regulate the use and development of land in the watershed when one or more of the following conditions exists:
- (i) the local government unit exercising planning and zoning authority over the land 17.26 under Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 366.10 to 366.181, or sections 394.21 to 394.37, 17.27 or 462.351 to 462.364, does not have a local water management plan approved and adopted 17.28 in accordance with the requirements of section 103B.235 or has not adopted the 17.29 implementation program described in the plan; 17.30

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- (ii) an application to the local government unit for a permit for the use and development 18.1 of land requires an amendment to or variance from the adopted local water management 18.2 plan or implementation program of the local unit; or 18.3 (iii) the local government unit has authorized the organization to require permits for the 18.4 18.5 use and development of land; 18.6
 - (4) the authority of a watershed district under section 103D.625, to accept the transfer of drainage systems in the watershed, to repair, improve, and maintain the transferred drainage systems, and to construct all new drainage systems and improvements of existing drainage systems in the watershed, provided that: (i) projects may be carried out under the powers granted in sections 103B.205 to 103B.255 or chapter 103D or 103E; and (ii) proceedings of the board with respect to the systems must be in conformance with the watershed plan adopted under section 103B.231;
 - (5) the authority of a watershed district under section 103D.911 to adopt a budget and decide on the total amount necessary to be raised from ad valorem tax levies to meet the budget;
- (6) the authority of a watershed district under section 103D.915 to certify its budget with 18.16 the auditor of each county having territory within the joint powers watershed management 18.17 organization; 18.18
 - (7) the authority of a watershed district under section 103D.901 to file approved assessment statements with each affected county; and
 - (8) other powers necessary to exercise the authority under clauses (1) to (3), including the power to enter into contracts for the performance of functions with governmental units or persons.
 - (b) The Board of Water and Soil Resources shall adopt rules prescribing minimum requirements for the content of watershed management organization joint powers agreements.
- (c) Decisions by a joint powers board may not require more than a majority vote, except 18.26 18.27 a decision on a capital improvement project, which may require no more than a two-thirds vote. 18.28
- 18.29 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103F.405, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Authority. Each statutory or home rule charter city, town, or county that 18.30 has planning and zoning authority under Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 366.10 to 18.31 366.181, or sections 394.21 to 394.37, or 462.351 to 462.365 is encouraged to adopt a soil 18.32

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loss ordinance. The soil loss ordinance must use the soil loss tolerance for each soil series described in the United States Natural Resources Conservation Service Field Office Technical Guide, or another method approved by the Board of Water and Soil Resources, to determine the soil loss limits, but the soil loss limits must be attainable by the best practicable soil conservation practice. Ordinances adopted by local governments must be consistent with a comprehensive plan, local water management plan, or watershed management plan developed or amended, adopted, and approved according to chapter 103B, 103C, or 103D.

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Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103F.511, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. Wetland. "Wetland" means land that has a predominance of hydric soils and that is inundated or saturated by surface water or ground water groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, or that periodically does support, a predominance of hydrophytic vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103F.705, is amended to read:

103F.705 PURPOSE.

It is the purpose of the legislature in enacting sections 103F.701 to 103F.755 to protect, enhance, and restore surface water and ground water groundwater in the state, through financial and technical assistance to local units of government to prevent water pollution, including that associated with land use and land management activities, and to provide a legal basis for state implementation of federal laws controlling nonpoint source water pollution.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103F.711, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Nonpoint source. "Nonpoint source" is a land management activity or land use activity that contributes or may contribute to ground groundwater and surface water pollution as a result of runoff, seepage, or percolation and that is not defined as a point source in section 115.01, subdivision 11. Nonpoint sources include rural and urban land management activities and land use activities and specialty land use activities such as transportation.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103F.715, is amended to read:

103F.715 CLEAN WATER PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM ESTABLISHED.

A clean water partnership program is established as provided in sections 103F.701 to 103F.755. The agency shall administer the program in accordance with these sections. The

Sec. 27. 19 agency shall provide financial and technical assistance in accordance with section 103F.725 to local units of government for projects in geographical areas that contribute to surface water or ground water groundwater flows. The projects shall provide for protection, enhancement, or restoration of surface water and ground water groundwater.

- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103G.005, subdivision 19, is amended to read:
- Subd. 19. **Wetlands.** (a) "Wetlands" means lands transitional between terrestrial and aquatic systems where the water table is usually at or near the surface or the land is covered by shallow water. For purposes of this definition, wetlands must have the following three attributes:
 - (1) have a predominance of hydric soils;

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- 20.11 (2) are inundated or saturated by surface water or ground water groundwater at a
 20.12 frequency and duration sufficient to support a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation typically
 20.13 adapted for life in saturated soil conditions; and
- 20.14 (3) under normal circumstances support a prevalence of such vegetation.
- 20.15 (b) For the purposes of regulation under this chapter, the term wetlands does not include public waters wetlands as defined in subdivision 15a.
- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115.55, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to sections 115.55 to 115.56.
- 20.20 (b) "Advisory committee" means the Advisory Committee on Subsurface Sewage
 20.21 Treatment Systems established under the subsurface sewage treatment system rules. The
 20.22 advisory committee must be appointed to ensure geographic representation of the state and
 20.23 include elected public officials.
 - (c) "Applicable requirements" means:
- 20.25 (1) local ordinances that comply with the subsurface sewage treatment system rules, as required in subdivision 2; or
- 20.27 (2) in areas without compliant ordinances described in clause (1), the subsurface sewage treatment system rules.
- 20.29 (d) "Building sewer connected to a subsurface sewage treatment system" means the pipe 20.30 that connects a structure to a subsurface sewage treatment system. Building sewers connected

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to subsurface sewage treatment systems are codefined as both plumbing and subsurface sewage treatment system components.

(e) "City" means a statutory or home rule charter city.

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- 21.4 (f) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency.
- 21.5 (g) "Dwelling" means a building or place used or intended to be used by human occupants 21.6 as a single-family or two-family unit.
- (h) "Subsurface sewage treatment system" or "system" means a sewage treatment system, or part thereof, that uses subsurface soil treatment and disposal, or a holding tank, serving a dwelling, other establishment, or a group thereof, and that does not require a state permit. Subsurface sewage treatment system includes a building sewer connected to a subsurface sewage treatment system.
- 21.12 (i) "Subsurface sewage treatment system professional" means an inspector, installer, 21.13 designer, service provider, or maintainer.
 - (j) "Subsurface sewage treatment system rules" means rules adopted by the agency that establish minimum standards and criteria for the design, location, installation, use, maintenance, and closure of subsurface sewage treatment systems.
 - (k) "Inspector" means a person who inspects subsurface sewage treatment systems for compliance with the applicable requirements.
- 21.19 (l) "Installer" means a person who constructs or repairs subsurface sewage treatment systems.
- 21.21 (m) "Local unit of government" means a township, city, or county.
- 21.22 (n) "Performance-based system" means a system that is designed specifically for
 21.23 environmental conditions on a site and is designed to adequately protect the public health
 21.24 and the environment and provide consistent, reliable, long-term performance. At a minimum,
 21.25 a performance-based system must ensure that applicable water quality standards are met in
 21.26 both ground groundwater and surface water that ultimately receive the treated sewage.
 - (o) "Maintainer" means a person who removes solids and liquids from and maintains and repairs components of subsurface sewage treatment systems including, but not limited to, sewage, aerobic, and holding tanks.
- 21.30 (p) "Seasonal dwelling" means a dwelling that is occupied or used for less than 180 days
 21.31 per year and less than 120 consecutive days.

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(q) "Septic system tank" means any covered receptacle designed, constructed, and installed as part of a subsurface sewage treatment system.

(r) "Designer" means a person who:

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- 22.4 (1) investigates soils and site characteristics to determine suitability, limitations, and sizing requirements; and
 - (2) designs subsurface sewage treatment systems.
- 22.7 (s) "Straight-pipe system" means a sewage disposal system that transports raw or partially treated sewage directly to a lake, a stream, a drainage system, or ground surface.
- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.192, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Request for proposals.** The commissioner shall issue requests for proposals for the development and operation of a stabilization and containment facility. The request must be designed to obtain detailed information about the qualifications of a respondent to develop and operate the facility; the capital and operating costs of the facility and the sources and methods by which the respondent plans to finance the facility; the technical specifications of the proposed facility and the technologies to be employed for processing, stabilization, containment, and monitoring; the requirements of the site for the proposed facility; the schedule for developing and commencing operation of the facility; and other matters which the commissioner deems necessary for the agency to evaluate and select a developer and operator for the facility. Before issuing the requests, the commissioner shall prepare a draft of clauses (a) to (e) (1) to (5) of the report required by section 115A.193, paragraph (a). The draft must accompany the requests for proposals.
- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.33, is amended to read:

115A.33 ELIGIBILITY; REQUEST FOR REVIEW.

- 22.24 (a) The following persons shall be are eligible to request supplementary review by the board pursuant to sections 115A.32 to 115A.39:
- 22.26 (a) (1) a generator of sewage sludge within the state who has been issued permits by the
 22.27 agency for a facility to dispose of sewage sludge or solid waste resulting from sewage
 22.28 treatment;
- 22.29 (b) (2) a political subdivision which that has been issued permits by the agency, or a political subdivision acting on behalf of a person who has been issued permits by the agency,

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for a solid waste facility which that is no larger than 250 acres, not including any proposed buffer area, and located outside the metropolitan area;

- (e) (3) a generator of hazardous waste within the state who has been issued permits by the agency for a hazardous waste facility to be owned and operated by the generator, on property owned by the generator, and to be used by the generator for managing the hazardous wastes produced by the generator only;
- (d) (4) a person who has been issued permits by the agency for a commercial hazardous waste processing facility at a site included in the board's inventory of preferred sites for such facilities adopted pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1996, section 115A.09; and
- (e) (5) a person who has been issued permits by the agency for a disposal facility for the nonhazardous sludge, ash, or other solid waste generated by a permitted hazardous waste processing facility operated by the person.
 - (b) The board may require completion of a plan conforming to the requirements of section 115A.46, before granting review under paragraph (a), clause (b) (2). A request for supplementary review shall must show that the required permits for the facility have been issued by the agency and that a political subdivision has refused to approve the establishment or operation of the facility.
- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.38, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Reports to legislative commission.** At least 30 days before making a final decision under section 115A.37 in a review brought pursuant to section 115A.33, paragraph (a), clause (d) (4), the chair of the board may report to the legislative commission describing permit conditions or requirements being considered which that are not within the existing authority of the agency or the board or which that would require legislation or public financial assistance. In any such report, the chair of the board may request intervention in the review pursuant to subdivisions 2 and 3.
- Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.39, is amended to read:

115A.39 JUDICIAL REVIEW.

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Judicial review with respect to conduct or decisions in supplementary reviews brought pursuant to section 115A.33, paragraph (a), clause (e) (3) or (d) (4), shall be is as provided in section 115A.30.

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Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.54, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

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Subd. 2a. **Solid waste management projects.** (a) The commissioner shall provide technical and financial assistance for the acquisition and betterment of solid waste management projects as provided in this subdivision and section 115A.52. Money appropriated for the purposes of this subdivision must be distributed as grants.

- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) or (d), a project may receive grant assistance up to 25 percent of the capital cost of the project or \$2,000,000, whichever is less, except that projects constructed as a result of intercounty cooperative agreements may receive (1) grant assistance up to 25 percent of the capital cost of the project; or (2) \$2,000,000 times the number of participating counties, whichever is less.
- (c) A recycling project or a project to compost or cocompost waste may receive grant assistance up to 50 percent of the capital cost of the project or \$2,000,000, whichever is less, except that projects completed as a result of intercounty cooperative agreements may receive (1) grant assistance up to 50 percent of the capital cost of the project; or (2) \$2,000,000 times the number of participating counties, whichever is less.
- 24.16 (d) The following projects may also receive grant assistance in the amounts specified in this paragraph (c):
 - (1) a project to improve control of or reduce air emissions at an existing resource recovery facility; and
 - (2) a project to substantially increase the recovery of materials or energy, substantially reduce the amount or toxicity of waste processing residuals, or expand the capacity of an existing resource recovery facility to meet the resource recovery needs of an expanded region if each county from which waste is or would be received has achieved a recycling rate in excess of the goals in section 115A.551, and is implementing aggressive waste reduction and household hazardous waste management programs.
 - (d) (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (e) (f), the commissioner may award grants for transfer stations that will initially transfer waste to landfills if the transfer stations are part of a planned resource recovery project, the county where the planned resource recovery facility will be located has a comprehensive solid waste management plan approved by the commissioner, and the solid waste management plan proposes the development of the resource recovery facility. If the proposed resource recovery facility is not in place and operating within 16 years of the date of the grant award, the recipient shall repay the grant amount to the state.

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(e) (f) Projects without resource recovery are not eligible for assistance.

(f) (g) In addition to any assistance received under paragraph (b) or, (c), or (d), a project may receive grant assistance for the cost of tests necessary to determine the appropriate pollution control equipment for the project or the environmental effects of the use of any product or material produced by the project.

- (g) (h) In addition to the application requirements of section 115A.51, an application for a project serving eligible jurisdictions in only a single county must demonstrate that cooperation with jurisdictions in other counties to develop the project is not needed or not feasible. Each application must also demonstrate that the project is not financially prudent without the state assistance, because of the applicant's financial capacity and the problems inherent in the waste management situation in the area, particularly transportation distances and limited waste supply and markets for resources recovered.
- (h) (i) For the purposes of this subdivision, a "project" means a processing facility, together with any transfer stations, transmission facilities, and other related and appurtenant facilities primarily serving the processing facility. The commissioner shall adopt rules for the program by July 1, 1985.
- (i) (j) Notwithstanding anything in this subdivision to the contrary, a project to construct a new mixed municipal solid waste transfer station that has an enforceable commitment of at least ten years, or of sufficient length to retire bonds sold for the facility, to serve an existing resource recovery facility may receive grant assistance up to 75 percent of the capital cost of the project if addition of the transfer station will increase substantially the geographical area served by the resource recovery facility and the ability of the resource recovery facility to operate more efficiently on a regional basis and the facility meets the criteria in paragraph (e) (d), the second clause (2). A transfer station eligible for assistance under this paragraph is not eligible for assistance under any other paragraph of this subdivision.
- Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115A.918, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Closure.** "Closure" means actions that will prevent, mitigate, or minimize the threat to public health and the environment posed by a closed solid waste disposal facility including application of final cover; grading and seeding of final cover; installation of an adequate monitoring system, if necessary; and construction of ground groundwater and surface water diversion structures.

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Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116.07, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

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Subd. 4a. **Permits.** (a) The Pollution Control Agency may issue, continue in effect or deny permits, under such conditions as it may prescribe for the prevention of pollution, for the emission of air contaminants, or for the installation or operation of any emission facility, air contaminant treatment facility, treatment facility, potential air contaminant storage facility, or storage facility, or any part thereof, or for the sources or emissions of noise pollution.

- (b) The Pollution Control Agency may also issue, continue in effect or deny permits, under such conditions as it may prescribe for the prevention of pollution, for the storage, collection, transportation, processing, or disposal of waste, or for the installation or operation of any system or facility, or any part thereof, related to the storage, collection, transportation, processing, or disposal of waste.
- (c) The agency may not issue a permit to a facility without analyzing and considering the cumulative levels and effects of past and current environmental pollution from all sources on the environment and residents of the geographic area within which the facility's emissions are likely to be deposited, provided that the facility is located in a community in a city of the first class in Hennepin County that meets all of the following conditions:
- (1) is within a half mile of a site designated by the federal government as an EPA superfund site due to residential arsenic contamination;
- (2) a majority of the population are low-income persons of color and American Indians;
- (3) a disproportionate percent of the children have childhood lead poisoning, asthma, or other environmentally related health problems;
- (4) is located in a city that has experienced numerous air quality alert days of dangerous air quality for sensitive populations between February 2007 and February 2008; and
- (5) is located near the junctions of several heavily trafficked state and county highways and two one-way streets which carry both truck and auto traffic.
- (d) The Pollution Control Agency may revoke or modify any permit issued under this subdivision and section 116.081 whenever it is necessary, in the opinion of the agency, to prevent or abate pollution.
- (e) The Pollution Control Agency has the authority for approval over the siting, expansion, or operation of a solid waste facility with regard to environmental issues. However, the agency's issuance of a permit does not release the permittee from any liability, penalty, or duty imposed by any applicable county ordinances. Nothing in this chapter precludes, or

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shall be construed to preclude, a county from enforcing land use controls, regulations, and 27.1 ordinances existing at the time of the permit application and adopted pursuant to Minnesota 27.2 Statutes 2020, sections 366.10 to 366.181, or sections 394.21 to 394.37, or 462.351 to 27.3 462.365, with regard to the siting, expansion, or operation of a solid waste facility. 27.4 (f) Except as prohibited by federal law, a person may commence construction, 27.5 reconstruction, replacement, or modification of any facility prior to the issuance of a 27.6 construction permit by the agency. 27.7 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116D.04, subdivision 5a, is amended to read: 27.8 Subd. 5a. Rules. The board shall, by January 1, 1981, promulgate rules in conformity 27.9 with this chapter and the provisions of chapter 15, establishing: 27.10 (1) the governmental unit which shall be responsible for environmental review of a 27.11 proposed action; 27.12 27.13 (2) the form and content of environmental assessment worksheets; (3) a scoping process in conformance with subdivision 2a, paragraph (g) (h); 27.14 27.15 (4) a procedure for identifying during the scoping process the permits necessary for a proposed action and a process for coordinating review of appropriate permits with the 27.16 preparation of the environmental impact statement; 27.17 (5) a standard format for environmental impact statements; 27.18 (6) standards for determining the alternatives to be discussed in an environmental impact 27.19 statement; 27.20 (7) alternative forms of environmental review which are acceptable pursuant to 27.21 subdivision 4a; 27.22 (8) a model ordinance which may be adopted and implemented by local governmental 27.23 units in lieu of the environmental impact statement process required by this section, providing 27.24 for an alternative form of environmental review where an action does not require a state 27.25 agency permit and is consistent with an applicable comprehensive plan. The model ordinance 27.26 shall provide for adequate consideration of appropriate alternatives, and shall ensure that 27.27 decisions are made in accordance with the policies and purposes of Laws 1980, chapter 27.28 447; 27.29

(9) procedures to reduce paperwork and delay through intergovernmental cooperation

and the elimination of unnecessary duplication of environmental reviews;

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(10) procedures for expediting the selection of consultants by the governmental unit responsible for the preparation of an environmental impact statement; and

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- (11) any additional rules which are reasonably necessary to carry out the requirements of this section.
- Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 119B.011, subdivision 20, is amended to read:
- Subd. 20. **Transition year families.** "Transition year families" means families who have received MFIP assistance, or who were eligible to receive MFIP assistance after choosing to discontinue receipt of the cash portion of MFIP assistance under section 256J.31, subdivision 12, or families who have received DWP assistance under section 256J.95 for at least one of the last six months before losing eligibility for MFIP or DWP. Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, parts 3400.0040, subpart 10, and 3400.0090, subpart 2, transition year child care may be used to support employment, approved education or training programs, or job search that meets the requirements of section 119B.10. Transition year child care is not available to families who have been disqualified from MFIP or DWP due to fraud.
 - Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 119B.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Eligible participants.** Families that meet the eligibility requirements under sections 119B.09 and 119B.10, except MFIP participants, diversionary work program participants, and transition year families, are eligible for child care assistance under the basic sliding fee program. Families enrolled in the basic sliding fee program shall be continued until they are no longer eligible. Child care assistance provided through the child care fund is considered assistance to the parent.
 - Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 119B.13, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3a. **Provider rate differential for accreditation.** A family child care provider or child care center shall be paid a 15 percent differential above the maximum rate established in subdivision 1, up to the actual provider rate, if the provider or center holds a current early childhood development credential or is accredited. For a family child care provider, early childhood development credential and accreditation includes an individual who has earned a child development associate degree, a child development associate credential, a diploma in child development from a Minnesota state technical college, or a bachelor's or post baccalaureate degree in early childhood education from an accredited college or university, or who is accredited by the National Association for Family Child Care or the Competency Based Training and Assessment Program. For a child care center, accreditation includes

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accreditation that meets the following criteria: the accrediting organization must demonstrate the use of standards that promote the physical, social, emotional, and cognitive development of children. The accreditation standards shall include, but are not limited to, positive interactions between adults and children, age-appropriate learning activities, a system of tracking children's learning, use of assessment to meet children's needs, specific qualifications for staff, a learning environment that supports developmentally appropriate experiences for children, health and safety requirements, and family engagement strategies. Based on an application process developed by the commissioner in conjunction with the commissioners of education and health, the Department of Human Services must accept applications from accrediting organizations beginning on July 1, 2013, and on an annual basis thereafter. The provider rate differential shall be paid to centers holding an accreditation from an approved accrediting organization beginning on a billing cycle to be determined by the commissioner, no later than the last Monday in February of a calendar year. The commissioner shall annually publish a list of approved accrediting organizations. An approved accreditation must be reassessed by the commissioner every two years. If an approved accrediting organization is determined to no longer meet the approval criteria, the organization and centers being paid the differential under that accreditation must be given a 90-day notice by the commissioner and the differential payment must end after a 15-day notice to affected families and centers as directed in Minnesota Rules, part 3400.0185, subparts 3 and 4. The following accreditations shall be recognized for the provider rate differential until an approval process is implemented: the National Association for the Education of Young Children, the Council on Accreditation, the National Early Childhood Program Accreditation, the National School-Age Care Association, or the National Head Start Association Program of Excellence. For Montessori programs, accreditation includes the American Montessori Society, Association of Montessori International-USA, or the National Center for Montessori Education.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 119B.13, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Provider payments.** (a) A provider shall bill only for services documented according to section 119B.125, subdivision 6. The provider shall bill for services provided within ten days of the end of the service period. Payments under the child care fund shall be made within 21 days of receiving a complete bill from the provider. Counties or the state may establish policies that make payments on a more frequent basis.

(b) If a provider has received an authorization of care and been issued a billing form for an eligible family, the bill must be submitted within 60 days of the last date of service on the bill. A bill submitted more than 60 days after the last date of service must be paid if the

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county determines that the provider has shown good cause why the bill was not submitted within 60 days. Good cause must be defined in the county's child care fund plan under section 119B.08, subdivision 3, and the definition of good cause must include county error. Any bill submitted more than a year after the last date of service on the bill must not be paid.

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- (c) If a provider provided care for a time period without receiving an authorization of care and a billing form for an eligible family, payment of child care assistance may only be made retroactively for a maximum of three months from the date the provider is issued an authorization of care and a billing form. For a family at application, if a provider provided child care during a time period without receiving an authorization of care and a billing form, a county may only make child care assistance payments to the provider retroactively from the date that child care began, or from the date that the family's eligibility began under section 119B.09, subdivision 7, or from the date that the family meets authorization requirements, not to exceed six months from the date that the provider is issued an authorization of care and a billing form, whichever is later.
- (d) A county or the commissioner may refuse to issue a child care authorization to a certified, licensed, or legal nonlicensed provider; revoke an existing child care authorization to a certified, licensed, or legal nonlicensed provider; stop payment issued to a certified, licensed, or legal nonlicensed provider; or refuse to pay a bill submitted by a certified, licensed, or legal nonlicensed provider if:
- (1) the provider admits to intentionally giving the county materially false information on the provider's billing forms;
- (2) a county or the commissioner finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the provider intentionally gave the county materially false information on the provider's billing forms, or provided false attendance records to a county or the commissioner;
- (3) the provider is in violation of child care assistance program rules, until the agency determines those violations have been corrected;
 - (4) the provider is operating after:
 - (i) an order of suspension of the provider's license issued by the commissioner;
- (ii) an order of revocation of the provider's license issued by the commissioner; or 30.30
- (iii) an order of decertification issued to the provider; 30.31
 - (5) the provider submits false attendance reports or refuses to provide documentation of the child's attendance upon request;

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(6) the provider gives false child care price information; or

- (7) the provider fails to report decreases in a child's attendance as required under section 119B.125, subdivision 9.
- (e) For purposes of paragraph (d), clauses (3), (5), (6), and (7), the county or the commissioner may withhold the provider's authorization or payment for a period of time not to exceed three months beyond the time the condition has been corrected.
- (f) A county's payment policies must be included in the county's child care plan under section 119B.08, subdivision 3. If payments are made by the state, in addition to being in compliance with this subdivision, the payments must be made in compliance with section 16A.124.
- (g) If the commissioner or responsible county agency suspends or refuses payment to a provider under paragraph (d), clause (1) or (2), or chapter 245E and the provider has:
- 31.13 (1) a disqualification for wrongfully obtaining assistance under section 256.98, 31.14 subdivision 8, paragraph (c);
- 31.15 (2) an administrative disqualification under section 256.046, subdivision 3; or
- 31.16 (3) a termination under section 245E.02, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), clause (4), or 245E.06;
- then the provider forfeits the payment to the commissioner or the responsible county agency, regardless of the amount assessed in an overpayment, charged in a criminal complaint, or ordered as criminal restitution.
- Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Mandatory reporting.** (a) A school board, superintendent, charter school board, charter school executive director, or charter school authorizer must report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, the Board of School Administrators, or the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, whichever has jurisdiction over the teacher's or administrator's license, when its teacher or administrator is discharged or resigns from employment after a charge is filed with the school board under section 122A.41, subdivisions 6, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (2), and (3), and 7, or after charges are filed that are grounds for discharge under section 122A.40, subdivision 13, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (5), or when a teacher or administrator is suspended or resigns while an investigation is pending under section 122A.40, subdivision 13, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (5), or chapter 260E; or 122A.41, subdivisions 6, clauses (1), (2), and (3),

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and 7; or when a teacher or administrator is suspended without an investigation under section 122A.41, subdivisions 6, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (2), and (3), and 7, or chapter 260E. The report must be made to the appropriate licensing board within ten days after the discharge, suspension, or resignation has occurred. The licensing board to which the report is made must investigate the report for violation of subdivision 1 and the reporting board, administrator, or authorizer must cooperate in the investigation. Notwithstanding any provision in chapter 13 or any law to the contrary, upon written request from the licensing board having jurisdiction over the license, a board, charter school, authorizer, charter school executive director, or school superintendent shall provide the licensing board with information about the teacher or administrator from the district's files, any termination or disciplinary proceeding, any settlement or compromise, or any investigative file. Upon written request from the appropriate licensing board, a board or school superintendent may, at the discretion of the board or school superintendent, solicit the written consent of a student and the student's parent to provide the licensing board with information that may aid the licensing board in its investigation and license proceedings. The licensing board's request need not identify a student or parent by name. The consent of the student and the student's parent must meet the requirements of chapter 13 and Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 99.30. The licensing board may provide a consent form to the district. Any data transmitted to any board under this section is private data under section 13.02, subdivision 12, notwithstanding any other classification of the data when it was in the possession of any other agency.

- (b) The licensing board to which a report is made must transmit to the Attorney General's Office any record or data it receives under this subdivision for the sole purpose of having the Attorney General's Office assist that board in its investigation. When the Attorney General's Office has informed an employee of the appropriate licensing board in writing that grounds exist to suspend or revoke a teacher's license to teach, that licensing board must consider suspending or revoking or decline to suspend or revoke the teacher's or administrator's license within 45 days of receiving a stipulation executed by the teacher or administrator under investigation or a recommendation from an administrative law judge that disciplinary action be taken.
- (c) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board and Board of School Administrators must report to the appropriate law enforcement authorities a revocation, suspension, or agreement involving a loss of license, relating to a teacher or administrator's inappropriate sexual conduct with a minor. For purposes of this section, "law enforcement authority" means a police department, county sheriff, or tribal police department. A report by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board to appropriate law enforcement

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authorities does not diminish, modify, or otherwise affect the responsibilities of a school board or any person mandated to report abuse under chapter 260E.

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- Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.19, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Community education director.** (a) Except as provided under paragraphs (b) and (c), each board shall employ a licensed community education director. The board shall submit the name of the person who is serving as director of community education under this section on the district's annual community education report to the commissioner.
- (b) A board may apply to the Minnesota Board of School Administrators under Minnesota Rules, part 3512.0505, subpart 9 3512.5300, subpart 11, for authority to use an individual who is not licensed as a community education director.
- (c) A board of a district with a total population of 6,000 or less may identify an employee who holds a valid superintendent license under Minnesota Rules, chapter 3512, to serve as director of community education. To be eligible for an exception under this paragraph, the board shall certify in writing to the commissioner that the district has not placed a licensed director of community education on unrequested leave. A principal serving as a community education director under this paragraph on June 1, 2011, may continue to serve in that capacity.
- Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.68, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Eligible programs.** (a) A pupil who is eligible according to subdivision 2 may enroll in a state-approved alternative program under sections 123A.05 to 123A.08.
 - (b) A pupil who is eligible according to subdivision 2 and who is a high school junior or senior may enroll in postsecondary courses under section 124D.09.
- 33.23 (c) A pupil who is eligible under subdivision 2, may enroll in any public elementary or secondary education program.
 - (d) A pupil who is eligible under subdivision 2, may enroll in any nonpublic, nonsectarian school that has contracted with the serving school district to provide educational services. However, notwithstanding other provisions of this section, only a pupil who is eligible under subdivision 2, <u>paragraph (a)</u>, clause (12), may enroll in a contract alternative school that is specifically structured to provide educational services to such a pupil.
- (e) A pupil who is between the ages of 16 and 21 may enroll in any adult basic education programs approved under section 124D.52 and operated under the community education program contained in section 124D.19.

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Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 125A.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

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Subdivision 1. Child with a disability. "Child with a disability" means a child identified under federal and state special education law as deaf or hard-of-hearing, blind or visually impaired, deafblind, or having a speech or language impairment, a physical impairment, other health disability, developmental cognitive disability, an emotional or behavioral disorder, specific learning disability, autism spectrum disorder, traumatic brain injury, or severe multiple impairments, and who needs special education and related services, as determined by the rules of the commissioner. A licensed physician, an advanced practice registered nurse, a physician assistant, or a licensed psychologist is qualified to make a diagnosis and determination of attention deficit disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder for purposes of identifying a child with a disability.

- Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.55, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision 34.13 have the meanings given them. 34.14
 - (b) "Outpatient surgical center" or "center" means a facility organized for the specific purpose of providing elective outpatient surgery for preexamined, prediagnosed, low-risk patients. An outpatient surgical center is not organized to provide regular emergency medical services and does not include a physician's, advanced practice registered nurse's, physician assistant's, or dentist's office or clinic for the practice of medicine, the practice of dentistry, or the delivery of primary care.
 - (c) "Approved accrediting organization" means any organization recognized as an accreditation organization by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
- Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.608, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 34.23
- 34.24 Subdivision 1. Trauma Advisory Council established. (a) A Trauma Advisory Council is established to advise, consult with, and make recommendations to the commissioner on 34.25 the development, maintenance, and improvement of a statewide trauma system. 34.26
 - (b) The council shall consist of the following members:
- (1) a trauma surgeon certified by the American Board of Surgery or the American 34.28 Osteopathic Board of Surgery who practices in a level I or II trauma hospital; 34.29
 - (2) a general surgeon certified by the American Board of Surgery or the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery whose practice includes trauma and who practices in a designated rural area as defined under section 144.1501, subdivision 1, paragraph (e) (f);

Sec. 47. 34 (3) a neurosurgeon certified by the American Board of Neurological Surgery who practices in a level I or II trauma hospital;

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- (4) a trauma program nurse manager or coordinator practicing in a level I or II trauma hospital;
- (5) an emergency physician certified by the American Board of Emergency Medicine or the American Osteopathic Board of Emergency Medicine whose practice includes emergency room care in a level I, II, III, or IV trauma hospital;
- (6) a trauma program manager or coordinator who practices in a level III or IV trauma hospital;
 - (7) a physician certified by the American Board of Family Medicine or the American Osteopathic Board of Family Practice whose practice includes emergency department care in a level III or IV trauma hospital located in a designated rural area as defined under section 144.1501, subdivision 1, paragraph (e) (f);
- (8) a nurse practitioner, as defined under section 144.1501, subdivision 1, paragraph (1) (m), or a physician assistant, as defined under section 144.1501, subdivision 1, paragraph (o) (p), whose practice includes emergency room care in a level IV trauma hospital located in a designated rural area as defined under section 144.1501, subdivision 1, paragraph (e) (f);
 - (9) a physician certified in pediatric emergency medicine by the American Board of Pediatrics or certified in pediatric emergency medicine by the American Board of Emergency Medicine or certified by the American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics whose practice primarily includes emergency department medical care in a level I, II, III, or IV trauma hospital, or a surgeon certified in pediatric surgery by the American Board of Surgery whose practice involves the care of pediatric trauma patients in a trauma hospital;
 - (10) an orthopedic surgeon certified by the American Board of Orthopaedic Surgery or the American Osteopathic Board of Orthopedic Surgery whose practice includes trauma and who practices in a level I, II, or III trauma hospital;
- 35.28 (11) the state emergency medical services medical director appointed by the Emergency
 35.29 Medical Services Regulatory Board;
- 35.30 (12) a hospital administrator of a level III or IV trauma hospital located in a designated 35.31 rural area as defined under section 144.1501, subdivision 1, paragraph (e) (f);

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(13) a rehabilitation specialist whose practice includes rehabilitation of patients with 36.1 major trauma injuries or traumatic brain injuries and spinal cord injuries as defined under 36.2 36.3 section 144.661; (14) an attendant or ambulance director who is an EMT, EMT-I AEMT, or EMT-P 36.4 paramedic within the meaning of section 144E.001 and who actively practices with a licensed 36.5 ambulance service in a primary service area located in a designated rural area as defined 36.6 under section 144.1501, subdivision 1, paragraph (e) (f); and 36.7 (15) the commissioner of public safety or the commissioner's designee. 36.8 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144A.471, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 36.9 Subd. 7. Comprehensive home care license provider. Home care services that may 36.10 be provided with a comprehensive home care license include any of the basic home care 36.11 services listed in subdivision 6, and one or more of the following: 36.12 36.13 (1) services of an advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant, registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, physical therapist, respiratory therapist, occupational therapist, 36.14 speech-language pathologist, dietitian or nutritionist, or social worker; 36.15 (2) tasks delegated to unlicensed personnel by a registered nurse or assigned by a licensed 36.16 health professional within the person's scope of practice; 36.17 (3) medication management services; 36.18 (4) hands-on assistance with transfers and mobility; 36.19 (5) treatment and therapies; 36.20 (6) assisting clients with eating when the clients have complicating eating problems as 36.21 identified in the client record or through an assessment such as difficulty swallowing, 36.22 recurrent lung aspirations, or requiring the use of a tube or parenteral or intravenous 36.23 instruments to be fed; or 36.24 (7) providing other complex or specialty health care services. 36.25 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 147A.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 36.26 Subd. 2. Patient services. Patient services may include, but are not limited to, the 36.27 following: 36.28 (1) taking patient histories and developing medical status reports; 36.29 (2) performing physical examinations; 36.30

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37.1	(3) interpreting and evaluating patient data;
37.2	(4) ordering, performing, or reviewing diagnostic procedures, including the use of
37.3	radiographic imaging systems in compliance with Minnesota Rules 2007, chapter 4732, but
37.4	excluding interpreting computed tomography scans, magnetic resonance imaging scans,
37.5	positron emission tomography scans, nuclear scans, and mammography;
37.6	(5) ordering or performing therapeutic procedures including the use of ionizing radiation
37.7	in compliance with Minnesota Rules 2007, chapter 4732;
37.8	(6) providing instructions regarding patient care, disease prevention, and health
37.9	promotion;
37.10	(7) providing patient care in the home and in health care facilities;
37.11	(8) creating and maintaining appropriate patient records;
37.12	(9) transmitting or executing specific orders;
37.13	(10) prescribing, administering, and dispensing drugs, controlled substances, and medical
37.14	devices, including administering local anesthetics, but excluding anesthetics injected in
37.15	connection with an operating room procedure, inhaled anesthesia, and spinal anesthesia;
37.16	(11) functioning as an emergency medical technician with permission of the ambulance
37.17	service and in compliance with section 144E.127, and ambulance service rules adopted by
37.18	the commissioner of health;
37.19	(12) initiating evaluation and treatment procedures essential to providing an appropriate
37.20	response to emergency situations;
37.21	(13) certifying a patient's eligibility for a disability parking certificate under section
37.22	169.345, subdivision 2;
37.23	(14) assisting at surgery; and
37.24	(15) providing medical authorization for admission for emergency care and treatment
37.25	of a patient under section 253B.05 , subdivision 2 <u>253B.051</u> , subdivision 1.
37.26	Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 147D.27, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
37.27	Subd. 6. Additional Other fees. (a) The following fees also apply The board may also
37.28	charge the following nonrefundable fees:

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(1) traditional midwifery annual registration fee, \$100;

(2) traditional midwifery application fee, \$100;

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pathophysiology; advanced health assessment; and pharmacokinetics and pharmacotherapeutics of all broad categories of agents; or

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- (ii) must demonstrate compliance with the advanced practice <u>registered</u> nursing educational requirements that were in effect in Minnesota at the time the applicant completed the advanced practice registered nursing education program;
- (4) must be currently certified by a national certifying body recognized by the board in the APRN role and population foci appropriate to educational preparation;
- (5) must report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea, or other plea arrangement in lieu of conviction; and
- (6) must not have committed any acts or omissions which are grounds for disciplinary action in another jurisdiction or, if these acts have been committed and would be grounds for disciplinary action as set forth in section 148.261, the board has found, after investigation, that sufficient restitution has been made.
 - Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148.724, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **National test.** All applicants for licensure as a physical therapist assistant must take and pass the National Physical Therapy Examination (NPTE) for physical therapist assistants administered by the Federation of State Boards of Physical Therapy (FSBPT) or an alternate national examination determined by the board to be equivalent. For purposes of this section, passing scores are defined in subdivisions 2 to 4 and 3.
- Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148B.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Hearing.** In lieu of the notice and hearing requirements of section 148B.175 148B.371, when a licensee or applicant is required to obtain a clearance certificate under this subdivision, a contested case hearing must be held if the licensee or applicant requests a hearing in writing to the commissioner of revenue within 30 days of the date of the notice required in subdivision 1. The hearing must be held within 45 days of the date the commissioner of revenue refers the case to the Office of Administrative Hearings. Notwithstanding any other law, the licensee or applicant must be served with 20 days' notice in writing specifying the time and place of the hearing and the allegations against the licensee or applicant. The notice may be served personally or by mail.

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SF1497 JSK REVISOR S1497-1 1st Engrossment Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148B.5301, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 40.1 Subdivision 1. General requirements. (a) To be licensed as a licensed professional 40.2 clinical counselor (LPCC), an applicant must provide satisfactory evidence to the board 40.3 that the applicant: 40.4 40.5 (1) is at least 18 years of age; (2) is of good moral character; 40.6 40.7 (3) has completed a master's or doctoral degree program in counseling or a related field, as determined by the board based on the criteria in items (i) to (x), that includes a minimum 40.8 of 48 semester hours or 72 quarter hours and a supervised field experience in counseling 40.9 that is not fewer than 700 hours. The degree must be from a counseling program recognized 40.10 by the Council for Accreditation of Counseling and Related Education Programs (CACREP) 40.11 or from an institution of higher education that is accredited by a regional accrediting 40.12 organization recognized by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation (CHEA). Specific 40.13 academic course content and training must include coursework in each of the following 40.14 subject areas: 40.15 (i) helping relationship, including counseling theory and practice; 40.16 (ii) human growth and development; 40.17 (iii) lifestyle and career development; 40.18 (iv) group dynamics, processes, counseling, and consulting; 40.19 (v) assessment and appraisal; 40.20 (vi) social and cultural foundations, including multicultural issues; 40.21 (vii) principles of etiology, treatment planning, and prevention of mental and emotional 40.22 disorders and dysfunctional behavior; 40.23

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(viii) family counseling and therapy;

(x) professional counseling orientation and ethics;

(4) has demonstrated competence in professional counseling by passing the National

Clinical Mental Health Counseling Examination (NCMHCE), administered by the National

Board for Certified Counselors, Inc. (NBCC) and ethical, oral, and situational examinations

(ix) research and evaluation; and

as prescribed by the board;

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(5) has earned graduate-level semester credits or quarter-credit equivalents in the 41.1 following clinical content areas as follows: 41.2 (i) six credits in diagnostic assessment for child or adult mental disorders; normative 41.3 development; and psychopathology, including developmental psychopathology; 41.4 41.5 (ii) three credits in clinical treatment planning, with measurable goals; (iii) six credits in clinical intervention methods informed by research evidence and 41.6 41.7 community standards of practice; (iv) three credits in evaluation methodologies regarding the effectiveness of interventions; 41.8 (v) three credits in professional ethics applied to clinical practice; and 41.9 (vi) three credits in cultural diversity; and 41.10 (6) has demonstrated successful completion of 4,000 hours of supervised, post-master's 41.11 degree professional practice in the delivery of clinical services in the diagnosis and treatment 41.12 of child and adult mental illnesses and disorders, conducted according to subdivision 2. 41.13 (b) If coursework in paragraph (a) was not completed as part of the degree program 41.14 required by paragraph (a), clause (3), the coursework must be taken and passed for credit, 41.15 and must be earned from a counseling program or institution that meets the requirements 41.16 of paragraph (a), clause (3). 41.17 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148E.130, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: 41.18 41.19 Subd. 1a. Increased clock hours required effective August 1, 2011. (a) Notwithstanding the requirements in subdivision 8, the clock hours specified in subdivisions subdivision 1 41.20 and 4 to 6 apply to all new licenses issued effective August 1, 2011, under section 148E.055. 41.21 (b) Any licensee issued a license prior to August 1, 2011, under Minnesota Statutes 41.22 2010, section 148D.055, must comply with the increased clock hours in subdivisions 41.23 subdivision 1 and 4 to 6, and must document the clock hours at the first two-year renewal 41.24 term after August 1, 2011. 41.25 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 160.10, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 41.26 41.27 Subd. 8. Section construction. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the

power of any road authority including road authorities of cities to vacate a road by or under

any other provision of law. Nothing herein shall affect contractual rights or obligations in

existence as of the date of the passage of this section July 1, 1959, between the road authority

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and the owner or lessee of mining lands.

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Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 161.14, subdivision 89, is amended to read:

- Subd. 89. Captain Jeffrey Vollmer Memorial Highway. That segment of marked Trunk Highway 25 from marked Trunk Highway 7 to Carver County Road State-Aid Highway 30 is designated as "Captain Jeffrey Vollmer Memorial Highway." Subject to section 161.139, the commissioner must adopt a suitable design to mark this highway and
- Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 167.60, is amended to read:

167.60 DEBT-FINANCING MANAGEMENT POLICY.

- (a) By July 1, 2010, The commissioner shall develop a debt-financing management policy for trunk highway bonds, federal advanced construction funds, and other forms of highway financing based on debt or future repayment. The policy must be used by the department to guide decision making related to debt financing. The commissioner may update the policy as necessary. In developing and updating the policy, the commissioner shall consult with the commissioner of management and budget and the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives legislative committees with jurisdiction over transportation finance.
- 42.17 (b) The debt-financing management policy must address relevant financial issues, 42.18 including, but not limited to:
- 42.19 (1) limits on cumulative amounts of debt for the trunk highway system from all state 42.20 and federal sources;
- 42.21 (2) eligibility of projects for debt-financing funds;
- 42.22 (3) allocation and use of funds;

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erect appropriate signs.

- 42.23 (4) terms of debt service and methods of repayment;
- 42.24 (5) management of trunk highway fund balance impacts; and
- 42.25 (6) mitigation of risks from different forms of debt financing.
- 42.26 (c) Upon creation or formal revision of the debt-financing management policy, the
 42.27 commissioner shall distribute electronic copies to the members of the senate and house of
 42.28 representatives legislative committees with jurisdiction over transportation finance, and as
 42.29 required for reports to the legislature under section 3.195, subdivision 1.

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Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.013, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: 43.1 Subd. 1a. Passenger automobile; hearse. (a) On passenger automobiles as defined in 43.2 section 168.002, subdivision 24, and hearses, except as otherwise provided, the registration 43.3 tax is calculated as \$10 plus: 43.4 43.5 (1) for a vehicle initially registered in Minnesota prior to November 16, 2020, 1.25 percent of the manufacturer's suggested retail price of the vehicle and the destination charge, 43.6 subject to the adjustments in paragraphs (e) and (f) and (g); or 43.7 (2) for a vehicle initially registered in Minnesota on or after November 16, 2020, 1.285 43.8 percent of the manufacturer's suggested retail price of the vehicle, subject to the adjustments 43.9 in paragraphs (e) and (f) and (g). 43.10 (b) The registration tax calculation must not include the cost of each accessory or item 43.11 of optional equipment separately added to the vehicle and the manufacturer's suggested 43.12 retail price. The registration tax calculation must not include a destination charge, except 43.13 for a vehicle previously registered in Minnesota prior to November 16, 2020. 43.14 (c) In the case of the first registration of a new vehicle sold or leased by a licensed dealer, 43.15 the dealer may elect to individually determine the registration tax on the vehicle using 43.16 manufacturer's suggested retail price information provided by the manufacturer. The registrar 43.17 must use the manufacturer's suggested retail price determined by the dealer as provided in 43.18 paragraph (d). A dealer that elects to make the determination must retain a copy of the 43.19 manufacturer's suggested retail price label or other supporting documentation with the 43.20 vehicle transaction records maintained under Minnesota Rules, part 7400.5200. 43.21 (d) (c) The registrar must determine the manufacturer's suggested retail price: 43.22 (1) using list price information published by the manufacturer or any nationally 43.23 recognized firm or association compiling such data for the automotive industry; 43.24 (2) if the list price information is unavailable, using the amount determined by a licensed 43.25 dealer under paragraph (c); 43.26 (3) (2) if a dealer does not determine the amount, using the retail price label as provided 43.27 by the manufacturer under United States Code, title 15, section 1232; or 43.28 (4) (3) if the retail price label is not available, using the actual sales price of the vehicle. 43.29

If the registrar is unable to ascertain the manufacturer's suggested retail price of any registered

vehicle in the foregoing manner, the registrar may use any other available source or method.

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(e) (d) The registrar must calculate the registration tax using information available to dealers and deputy registrars at the time the initial application for registration is submitted.

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(f) (e) The amount under paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), must be calculated based on a percentage of the manufacturer's suggested retail price, as follows: during the first year of vehicle life, upon 100 percent of the price; for the second year, 90 percent of the price; for the third year, 80 percent of the price; for the fourth year, 70 percent of the price; for the fifth year, 60 percent of the price; for the sixth year, 50 percent of the price; for the seventh year, 40 percent of the price; for the eighth year, 30 percent of the price; for the ninth year, 20 percent of the price; and for the tenth year, ten percent of the price.

(g) (f) For the 11th and each succeeding year, the amount under paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), must be calculated as \$25.

(h) (g) Except as provided in subdivision 23, for any vehicle previously registered in Minnesota and regardless of prior ownership, the total amount due under this subdivision and subdivision 1m must not exceed the smallest total amount previously paid or due on the vehicle.

Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.013, subdivision 1e, is amended to read:

Subd. 1e. Truck; tractor; combination; exceptions. (a) On trucks and tractors except those in this chapter defined as farm trucks, and on truck-tractor and semitrailer combinations except those defined as farm combinations, and on commercial zone vehicles, the tax based on total gross weight shall be graduated according to the Minnesota base rate schedule prescribed in this subdivision, but in no event less than \$120.

44.22	Minnesota Base Rate Schedule					
44.23	Scheduled taxes include five percent					
44.24	surtax provided for in subdivision 14					
44.25	TOTAL (GROSS WEIG	HT IN	N POUNDS	ТАХ	ζ
44.26	A	0	-	1,500	\$ 1:	5
44.27	В	1,501	-	3,000	20)
44.28	C	3,001	-	4,500	2:	5
44.29	D	4,501	-	6,000	3:	5
44.30	E	6,001	-	10,000	4:	5
44.31	F	10,001	-	12,000	70)
44.32	G	12,001	-	15,000	10:	5
44.33	Н	15,001	-	18,000	14:	5

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45.1	I	18,001	-	21,000	190
45.2	J	21,001	-	26,000	270
45.3	K	26,001	-	33,000	360
45.4	L	33,001	-	39,000	475
45.5	M	39,001	-	45,000	595
45.6	N	45,001	-	51,000	715
45.7	O	51,001	-	57,000	865
45.8	P	57,001	-	63,000	1015
45.9	Q	63,001	-	69,000	1185
45.10	R	69,001	-	73,280	1325
45.11	S	73,281	-	78,000	1595
45.12	Т	78,001	-	80,000	1760

(b) For purposes of the Minnesota base rate schedule, for vehicles with six or more axles in the "S" and "T" categories, the base rates are \$1,520 and \$1,620 respectively.

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- (c) For each vehicle with a gross weight in excess of 80,000 pounds an additional tax of \$50 is imposed for each ton or fraction thereof in excess of 80,000 pounds, subject to subdivision 12 or section 169.86, subdivision 5a, as applicable.
- (d) For purposes of registration identification, for vehicles registered in the "O" category, the owner must declare at the time of registration whether the vehicle will carry a weight of 55,000 pounds or more and therefore be subject to the federal heavy vehicle use tax. For those owners who declare a weight less than 55,000 pounds, a distinctive weight sticker must be issued and the owner is restricted to a gross vehicle weight of less than 55,000 pounds.
- (e) Truck-tractors except those herein defined as farm and commercial zone vehicles shall be taxed in accordance with the foregoing gross weight tax schedule on the basis of the combined gross weight of the truck-tractor and any semitrailer or semitrailers which the applicant proposes to combine with the truck-tractor.
- (f) Commercial zone trucks include only trucks, truck-tractors, and semitrailer combinations which are operated by an interstate carrier registered under section 221.60, or by a carrier receiving operating authority under chapter 221, and operated solely within a zone exempt from regulation pursuant to United States Code, title 49, section 13506.
- (g) The license plates issued for commercial zone vehicles shall be plainly marked. A person operating a commercial zone vehicle outside the zone or area in which its operation is authorized is guilty of a misdemeanor and, in addition to the misdemeanor penalty, the registrar shall revoke the registration of the vehicle as a commercial zone vehicle and shall

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require that the vehicle be registered at 100 percent of the full annual tax prescribed in the Minnesota base rate schedule, and no part of this tax may be refunded during the balance of the registration year.

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- (h) On commercial zone trucks the tax shall be based on the total gross weight of the vehicle and during each of the first eight years of vehicle life is 75 percent of the Minnesota base rate schedule. During the ninth and succeeding years of vehicle life the tax is 50 percent of the Minnesota base rate schedule.
- (i) (f) On trucks, truck-tractors and semitrailer combinations, except those defined as farm trucks and farm combinations, and except for those commercial zone vehicles specifically provided for in this subdivision, the tax for each of the first eight years of vehicle life is 100 percent of the tax imposed in the Minnesota base rate schedule, and during the ninth and succeeding years of vehicle life, the tax is 75 percent of the Minnesota base rate prescribed by this subdivision.
- (i) (g) For the purpose of registration, trailers coupled with a truck-tractor, semitrailer combination are semitrailers.
- Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.013, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Application; cancellation; excessive gross weight forbidden. (a) The applicant for all licenses based on gross weight shall state the unloaded weight of the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer and the maximum load the applicant proposes to carry on it, the sum of which constitutes the gross weight upon which the license tax must be paid. However, the declared gross weight upon which the tax is paid must not be less than 1-1/4 times the declared unloaded weight of the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer to be registered, except recreational vehicles taxed under subdivision 1g, school buses taxed under subdivision 18, and tow trucks or towing vehicles defined in section 168B.011, subdivision 12a. The gross weight of a tow truck or towing vehicle is the actual weight of the tow truck or towing vehicle fully equipped, but does not include the weight of a wrecked or disabled vehicle towed or drawn by the tow truck or towing vehicle.
- (b) Except as provided by special permit issued under section 169.86, the gross weight of a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer must not exceed the gross weight upon which the license tax has been paid by more than four percent or 1,000 pounds, whichever is greater; provided that, a vehicle transporting unfinished forest products on a highway, other than a highway that is part of the system of interstate and defense highways, unless a federal exemption is granted, in accordance with paragraph (d), clause (3):

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(1) shall not exceed its gross vehicle weight upon which the license tax has been paid, or gross axle weight on any axle, by more than five percent and, notwithstanding other law to the contrary, is not subject to any fee, fine, or other assessment or penalty for exceeding a gross vehicle or axle weight by up to five percent. This clause applies year round to suppliers of unfinished forest products to mills; and

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- (2) is not subject to any provision of paragraph (d) or chapter 169 limiting the gross axle weight of any individual axle unless the entire vehicle also exceeds its gross vehicle weight plus its weight allowance allowed in clause (1) and plus any weight allowance permitted under section 169.826 or 169.8261, in which case the vehicle is subject to all applicable penalties for excess weight violations.
- (c) The gross weight of the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer for which the license tax is paid must be indicated by a distinctive character on the license plate or plates except as provided in subdivision 12 or section 169.86, subdivision 5a, as applicable, and the plate or plates must be kept clean and clearly visible at all times.
- (d) The owner, driver, or user of a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer, upon conviction for transporting a gross weight in excess of the gross weight for which it was registered or for operating a vehicle with an axle weight exceeding the maximum lawful axle load weight, is guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to increased registration or reregistration according to the following schedule:
- (1) Upon conviction for transporting a gross weight in excess of the gross weight for which a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer is registered by more than the allowance set forth in paragraph (b) but less than 25 percent, or for operating or using a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer with an axle weight exceeding the maximum lawful axle load as provided in sections 169.822 to 169.829 by more than the allowance set forth in paragraph (b) but less than 25 percent, the owner, driver, or user of the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer used to commit the violation, in addition to any penalty imposed for the misdemeanor, shall apply to the registrar to increase the authorized gross weight to be carried on the vehicle to a weight equal to or greater than the gross weight the owner, driver, or user was convicted of carrying. The increase is computed for the balance of the calendar year on the basis of 1/12 of the annual tax for each month remaining in the calendar year beginning with the first day of the month in which the violation occurred. If the additional registration tax computed upon that weight, plus the tax already paid, amounts to more than the regular tax for the maximum gross weight permitted for the vehicle under sections 169.822 to 169.829, that additional amount must nevertheless be paid into the highway fund, but the additional tax thus paid does not authorize or permit any person to operate the

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vehicle with a gross weight in excess of the maximum legal weight as provided by sections 169.822 to 169.829. Unless the owner within 30 days after a conviction applies to increase the authorized weight and pays the additional tax as provided in this section, the registrar shall revoke the registration on the vehicle and demand the return of the registration card and plates issued on that registration.

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- (2) Upon conviction of an owner, driver, or user of a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer for transporting a gross weight in excess of the gross weight for which the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer was registered by 25 percent or more or for operating or using the vehicle or trailer with an axle weight exceeding the maximum lawful axle load as provided in sections 169.822 to 169.829 by 25 percent or more, and in addition to any penalty imposed for the misdemeanor, the registrar shall either (i) cancel the reciprocity privileges on the vehicle involved if the vehicle is being operated under reciprocity or (ii) if the vehicle is not being operated under reciprocity, cancel the certificate of registration on the vehicle operated and demand the return of the registration certificate and registration plates. The registrar may not cancel the registration or reciprocity privileges for any vehicle found in violation of seasonal load restrictions imposed under section 169.87 unless the axle weight exceeds the year-round weight limit for the highway on which the violation occurred. The registrar may investigate any allegation of gross weight violations and demand that the operator show cause why all future operating privileges in the state should not be revoked unless the additional tax assessed is paid.
- (3) Clause (1) does not apply to the first haul of unprocessed or raw farm products or unfinished forest products, when the registered gross weight is not exceeded by more than ten percent. For purposes of this clause, "first haul" means (i) the first, continuous transportation of unprocessed or raw farm products from the place of production or on-farm storage site to any other location within 100 miles of the place of production or on-farm storage site, or (ii) the continuous or noncontinuous transportation of unfinished forest products from the place of production to the place of final processing or manufacture located within 200 miles of the place of production.
- (4) When the registration on a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer is revoked by the registrar according to this section, the vehicle must not be operated on the highways of the state until it is registered or reregistered, as the case may be, and new plates issued, and the registration fee is the annual tax for the total gross weight of the vehicle at the time of violation. The reregistration pursuant to this subdivision of any vehicle operating under reciprocity agreements pursuant to section 168.181 or 168.187 must be at the full annual registration fee without regard to the percentage of vehicle miles traveled in this state.

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Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.013, subdivision 18, is amended to read:

Subd. 18. **School buses.** Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision 1, school buses used exclusively for the transportation of students under contract with a school district, used in connection with transportation for nonprofit educational institutions, or used as provided under section 169.4475, shall be taxed during each year of the vehicle life of such bus <u>in</u> the amount of \$25.

- Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.013, subdivision 23, is amended to read:
- Subd. 23. **Adjustments to registration tax.** (a) Except as provided in this subdivision, the commissioner must not adjust the manufacturer's suggested retail price or destination charge for any vehicle in a subsequent registration period following initial registration in Minnesota.
 - (b) The commissioner must adjust the registration tax amount of any vehicle to correct an error or omission that was made in determining or entering the registration tax amount or the destination charge amount. For a vehicle with a registration tax determined based on the actual sales price, the commissioner must adjust the registration tax within two years of the initial registration using one of the methods described in subdivision 1a, paragraph (d) (c), clauses (1) to (3) (2). The adjusted registration tax amount is effective starting with the vehicle's next registration period. The commissioner must not collect any amount that would have been paid but for the error or omission.
 - (c) When the commissioner makes an adjustment to the registration tax amount pursuant to this subdivision, the commissioner must mail written notice to the owner of the vehicle stating that an adjustment was made to the registration tax amount, the reason for the adjustment, and contact information so that the owner may contact the department to ask questions.
- 49.25 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Licensed by armed forces.** The provisions of this chapter, requiring the registration and taxation of motor vehicles and the display of license number plates shall not apply to a motor vehicle operated by the owner or authorized agent while the owner is engaged in active service in the armed forces of the United States, subject to the following conditions and limitations:
- 49.31 (1) that such vehicle is properly registered with, and displays the license number plates 49.32 of, the armed forces of the United States in a foreign country;

Sec. 64. 49

(2) that such vehicle is used only for personal transportation or for transportation of the 50.1 owner or authorized agent's personal property; 50.2 (3) that such vehicle shall be subject to all provisions of law applicable to vehicles owned 50.3 by Minnesota residents except to the extent that exemption from said law is provided by 50.4 50.5 this section; and (4) that the exemption provided by this subdivision shall be valid only for a period of 50.6 30 days after a vehicle has arrived in this state. 50.7 Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.1253, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 50.8 Subd. 2. **Issuance**; eligibility. Beginning October 1, 2009, The commissioner shall issue 50.9 special plates bearing the inscription "GOLD STAR" to an applicant who: 50.10 (1) is an owner or joint owner of a motor vehicle; 50.11 (2) is an eligible person; and 50.12 (3) complies with all laws relating to the registration and licensing of motor vehicles 50.13 and drivers. 50.14 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.1256, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 50.15 Subdivision 1. Issuance of plates. The commissioner shall issue retired law enforcement 50.16 license special plates or a single motorcycle plate to an applicant who: 50.17 (1) is a registered owner of a passenger automobile, noncommercial one-ton pickup 50.18 truck, motorcycle, or recreational vehicle; 50.19 (2) is a retired peace officer as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c) 50.20 or (d); 50.21 (3) provides a letter from the chief law enforcement officer affirming that the applicant 50.22 is a retired peace officer who served ten or more years and separated in good standing; 50.23 (4) pays a fee in the amount specified for special plates under section 168.12, subdivision 50.24 5, for each set of plates, along with any other fees required by this chapter; 50.25 (5) pays the registration tax as required under section 168.013; and 50.26 (6) complies with this chapter and rules governing registration of motor vehicles and 50.27 licensing of drivers. 50.28

Sec. 66. 50

SF1497 JSK REVISOR S1497-1 1st Engrossment Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.1296, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 51.1 Subdivision 1. General requirements and procedures. (a) The commissioner shall 51.2 issue critical habitat plates to an applicant who: 51.3 (1) is a registered owner of a passenger automobile or recreational vehicle; 51.4 (2) pays a fee in the amount specified for special plates under section 168.12, subdivision 51.5 5; 51.6 51.7 (3) pays the registration tax required under section 168.013; (4) pays the fees required under this chapter; 51.8 (5) contributes a minimum of \$30 annually to the Minnesota critical habitat private 51.9 sector matching account established in section 84.943; and 51.10 (6) complies with this chapter and rules governing registration of motor vehicles and 51.11 licensing of drivers. 51.12 (b) The critical habitat plate application must indicate that the annual contribution 51.13 specified under paragraph (a), clause (5), is a minimum contribution to receive the plate 51.14 and that the applicant may make an additional contribution to the account. 51.15 (c) Owners of recreational vehicles under paragraph (a), clause (1), are eligible only for 51.16 special critical habitat license plates for which the designs are selected under subdivision 51.17 2, on or after January 1, 2006. 51.18 (d) (c) Special critical habitat license plates, the designs for which are selected under 51.19 subdivision 2, on or after January 1, 2006, may be personalized according to section 168.12, 51.20 subdivision 2a. 51.21

Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.187, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (1) (a) The words, terms and phrases defined in section 168.002, when used in this section, shall have the same meanings herein as is ascribed to them in section 168.002, unless the context otherwise requires, or unless a different definition is given in this section.

(2) (b) The words and phrases hereafter defined in this section shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them when used in this section, except when the context otherwise requires.

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Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.187, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Authority for registration agreements, arrangements or declarations. (a) The commissioner of public safety may enter into any agreement or arrangement with the duly authorized representatives of other states or make any independent declaration, granting to vehicles or to owners of vehicles which are properly registered or licensed in another state, benefits, privileges, and exemptions from the payment, wholly, or partially, of any registration taxes, fees, or other charges imposed upon such vehicles or owners with respect to the operation or ownership of such vehicles under the laws of this state, upon such conditions as are specified therein, provided the terms or conditions of such agreement, arrangement, or declaration are not inconsistent with any law of this state.

- (b) Any such agreement or arrangement shall be made in writing and shall provide that vehicles properly registered or licensed in this state, when operated upon highways of the other state, shall receive exemptions, benefits, and privileges of a similar kind or to a similar degree as are extended to vehicles properly registered or licensed in such state when operated in this state. Any such declaration shall contemplate and provide for mutual benefits, reciprocal privileges or equitable treatment of the owners of vehicles registered in this and the other state. Each such agreement, arrangement, or declaration shall, in the judgment of the commissioner of public safety, be in the best interest of this state and the citizens thereof and shall be fair and equitable with respect to the benefits which the agreement brings to the economy of this state.
- Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.187, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Required provisions.** (1) (a) Every agreement, arrangement, and declaration, and amendment thereto and cancellation thereof, shall be in writing and shall be filed in the office of the commissioner of public safety. A copy of each agreement, arrangement or declaration, and of each amendment thereto and cancellation thereof, shall be filed in the office of the commissioner of public safety within ten days after execution or the effective date of the instrument, whichever is later. The commissioner of public safety shall provide copies for public distribution upon request and the payment of a reasonable charge.
- (2) (b) Every agreement, arrangement and declaration made under authority of this section shall contain a provision authorizing the commissioner of public safety to cancel and revoke the agreement with respect to this state upon 30 days' notice to the other party or parties thereto.
- (3) (c) All agreements, arrangements, and declarations made under authority of this section shall contain a provision specifying that no registration, permit privilege or exemption

Sec. 70. 52

issued or accruing thereunder, shall excuse the operator or owner of any vehicle from compliance with the laws of this state, except those requiring registration.

- Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.187, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- Subd. 10. **Fees for proportional registration.** (1) (a) "Total fleet miles" means the total number of miles operated in all states during the preceding year by the motor vehicles in a fleet during such year.
- 53.7 (2) (b) "In-state miles" means the total number of miles operated in this state during the preceding year by the motor vehicles in a fleet during such year.
- 53.9 (3) (c) The registration fees for proratable vehicles of a fleet based in another state shall be determined as follows:
- 53.11 (A) (1) Divide in-state miles by total fleet miles.
- 53.12 (B) (2) Determine the total amount which would be required under the laws of this state 53.13 for full registration of each and every vehicle in the fleet, at the regular annual or applicable 53.14 fees, for the unexpired portion of the registration year.
- 53.15 (C) (3) Multiply the sum obtained under clause (3) (B) (2) by the quotient obtained under 53.16 clause (3) (A) (1).
- 53.17 (4) (d) The registration fees for proratable vehicles of a fleet based in this state shall be determined as follows:
- 53.19 (A) (1) Divide in-state miles plus all other fleet miles not subjected to charges in other states nor declared for other prorate agreement states by total fleet miles.
- 53.21 (B) (2) Determine the total amount which would be required under the laws of this state for full registration of each and every vehicle in the fleet, at the regular annual or applicable fees for the unexpired portion of the registration year.
- 53.24 (C) (3) Multiply the sum obtained under clause $\frac{(4)(B)}{(2)}$ by the quotient under clause 53.25 (4)(A) (1).
- 53.26 (5) (e) The provisions of this section shall constitute complete authority for the registration of the proratable vehicles of a fleet upon a proportional registration basis without reference to or application of any other statutes of this state except as in this section expressly provided.

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Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.187, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

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Subd. 11. **Application for proportional registration.** (1) (a) Any owner of one or more fleets may file an application for proportional registration of the vehicles of one or more of such fleets with the commissioner of public safety, in lieu of registration of such vehicles under other sections of this chapter. The application shall be in such form and shall contain such information as the commissioner shall require.

- (2) (b) Applications for proportional registration shall be filed annually at such time or times as the commissioner establishes by rule. Every application for proportional registration shall at the time and in the manner required by the commissioner be supported by the payment of the registration fees in the amount determined in the manner provided in subdivision 10.
- Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.187, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. **Registration of proratable vehicles.** (1) (a) The commissioner of public safety shall register proratable vehicles of a fleet upon application and payment of registration fees as provided in subdivision 11. Payment of an additional fee for each vehicle so registered may be required by the commissioner in an amount not to exceed \$5 per motor powered vehicle, for issuance of a plate, sticker, or other suitable identification for each vehicle. A registration card shall be issued for each vehicle registered, which shall appropriately identify the vehicle for which it is issued. Such registration card shall be carried in or upon the vehicle for which it has been issued, at all times, except that the registration cards for all vehicles in a combination of vehicles may be carried in or upon the vehicle supplying the motive power.
- (2) (b) Fleet vehicles registered as provided in (1) shall be deemed fully registered in this state for any type of movement or operation, except that when a state grant of authority is required for any movement or operation, no such vehicle shall be operated in this state unless the owner or operator thereof has been granted authority or rights therefor by the state and unless said vehicle is being operated in conformity with such authority or rights. No registration under this section shall excuse the owner or operator of any vehicle from compliance with the laws of this state, except those requiring registration and licensing.
 - Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.187, subdivision 27, is amended to read:
- Subd. 27. **Prohibited operation.** (a) The commissioner of public safety shall refuse to issue a vehicle registration, license plate, or permit to a vehicle licensed under this section if the vehicle is assigned to a commercial motor carrier who has been prohibited from

Sec. 74. 54

operating in interstate commerce by a federal agency with authority to do so under federal law.

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- (b) The commissioner of public safety may revoke the registration of a vehicle licensed under this section if the vehicle is assigned to a commercial motor carrier who has been prohibited from operating in interstate commerce by a federal agency with authority to do so under federal law.
- (c) If the prohibition by the federal agency is rescinded, the commissioner of public safety may reinstate a vehicle registration under this section if registration taxes and fees have been paid.
- Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.61, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Registration and taxation.** For the calendar year 1958 and during each year thereafter Intercity buses shall be are subject to registration and taxation as motor vehicles on an apportionment basis.
 - Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168A.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Application, issuance, form, bond, and notice.** (a) In the event a certificate of title is lost, stolen, mutilated, destroyed, or becomes illegible, the owner or legal representative of the owner named in the certificate may submit an application to the department or a deputy registrar for a duplicate in a format prescribed by the department. The department or deputy registrar must issue a duplicate certificate of title if satisfied that the applicant is entitled to the duplicate certificate of title. The duplicate certificate of title must be plainly marked as a duplicate and mailed or delivered to the owner. The department or deputy registrar must indicate in the driver and vehicle information system records that a duplicate certificate of title has been issued. As a condition to issuing a duplicate certificate of title, the department may require a bond from the applicant in the manner and format prescribed in section 168A.07, subdivision 1, clause (2). The duplicate certificate of title must contain the legend: "This duplicate certificate of title may be subject to the rights of a person under the original certificate."
 - (b) On and after August 1, 2018, The commissioner must allow duplicate certificate of title issuance by a deputy registrar, subject to procedures established by the commissioner.
 - Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168A.24, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Powers; rules.** The department may:

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(1) make necessary investigations to procure information required to carry out the 56.1 provisions of sections 168A.01 to 168A.31; 56.2 (2) assign a new identifying number to a vehicle if it has none, or its identifying number 56.3 is destroyed or obliterated; 56.4 56.5 (3) adopt and enforce such rules as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 168A.01 to 168A.31; 56.6 56.7 (4) adopt and enforce such rules as the department may deem necessary or appropriate to require the payment of fees imposed by section 168.54, as a condition for deferring 56.8 application for a certificate of title by a dealer or secured party in cases provided for in 56.9 section 168A.11 or 168A.12, subdivision 2. Such rules shall permit the use of the "Transfer 56.10 Filing Fee" stamp prescribed by section 168.54, when feasible; and 56.11 56.12 (5) adopt a rule which may require the owner or secured party, as the case may be, to deposit the certificate of title with the department during the period when the vehicle for 56.13 which such certificate was issued is registered pursuant to section 168.31, subdivision 4, or 56.14 is subject to the lien imposed by section 168.31, subdivision 6. 56.15 Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168B.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 56.16 Subd. 2. Local laws. Units of government may adopt ordinances and regulations to 56.17 control the matter subject in accordance with to sections 168B.01 to 168B.101, so long as 56.18 the ordinances and regulations are not less stringent than the provisions of sections 168B.01 56.19 to 168B.101 or the rules of the agency. 56.20 Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.09, subdivision 13, is amended to read: 56.21 Subd. 13. Reports confidential; evidence, fee, penalty, appropriation. (a) All reports 56.22 and supplemental information required under this section must be for the use of the 56.23 commissioner of public safety and other appropriate state, federal, county, and municipal 56.24 governmental agencies for accident analysis purposes, except: 56.25 56.26 (1) upon written request, the commissioner of public safety or any law enforcement agency shall disclose the report required under subdivision 8 to: 56.27 (i) any individual involved in the accident, the representative of the individual's estate, 56.28 or the surviving spouse, or one or more surviving next of kin, or a trustee appointed under 56.29

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(ii) any other person injured in person, property, or means of support, or who incurs 57.1 other pecuniary loss by virtue of the accident; 57.2 (iii) legal counsel of a person described in item (i) or (ii); 57.3 (iv) a representative of the insurer of any person described in item (i) or (ii); or 57.4 (v) a city or county attorney or an attorney representing the state in an implied consent 57.5 action who is charged with the prosecution of a traffic or criminal offense that is the result 57.6 57.7 of a traffic crash investigation conducted by law enforcement; (2) the commissioner of public safety shall, upon written request, provide the driver 57.8 filing a report under subdivision 7 with a copy of the report filed by the driver; 57.9 (3) (2) the commissioner of public safety may verify with insurance companies vehicle 57.10 insurance information to enforce sections 65B.48, 169.792, 169.793, 169.796, and 169.797; 57.11 (4) (3) the commissioner of public safety shall provide the commissioner of transportation 57.12 the information obtained for each traffic accident involving a commercial motor vehicle, 57.13 for purposes of administering commercial vehicle safety regulations; 57.14 (5) (4) upon specific request, the commissioner of public safety shall provide the 57.15 commissioner of transportation the information obtained regarding each traffic accident 57.16 involving damage to identified state-owned infrastructure, for purposes of debt collection 57.17 under section 161.20, subdivision 4; and 57.18 (6) (5) the commissioner of public safety may give to the United States Department of 57.19 Transportation commercial vehicle accident information in connection with federal grant 57.20 programs relating to safety. 57.21 (b) Accident reports and data contained in the reports are not discoverable under any 57.22 provision of law or rule of court. No report shall be used as evidence in any trial, civil or 57.23 criminal, or any action for damages or criminal proceedings arising out of an accident. 57.24 However, the commissioner of public safety shall furnish, upon the demand of any person 57.25 who has or claims to have made a report or upon demand of any court, a certificate showing 57.26 57.27 that a specified accident report has or has not been made to the commissioner solely to prove

(c) Nothing in this subdivision prevents any individual who has made a report under this section from providing information to any individuals involved in an accident or their representatives or from testifying in any trial, civil or criminal, arising out of an accident, as to facts within the individual's knowledge. It is intended by this subdivision to render

compliance or failure to comply with the requirements that the report be made to the

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privileged the reports required, but it is not intended to prohibit proof of the facts to which the reports relate.

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- (d) Disclosing any information contained in any accident report, except as provided in this subdivision, section 13.82, subdivision 3 or 6, or other statutes, is a misdemeanor.
- (e) The commissioner of public safety shall charge authorized persons as described in paragraph (a) a \$5 fee for a copy of an accident report. Ninety percent of the \$5 fee collected under this paragraph must be deposited in the special revenue fund and credited to the driver services operating account established in section 299A.705 and ten percent must be deposited in the general fund. The commissioner may also furnish an electronic copy of the database of accident records, which must not contain personal or private data on an individual, to private agencies as provided in paragraph (g), for not less than the cost of preparing the copies on a bulk basis as provided in section 13.03, subdivision 3.
- (f) The fees specified in paragraph (e) notwithstanding, the commissioner and law enforcement agencies shall charge commercial users who request access to response or incident data relating to accidents a fee not to exceed 50 cents per record. "Commercial user" is a user who in one location requests access to data in more than five accident reports per month, unless the user establishes that access is not for a commercial purpose. Of the money collected by the commissioner under this paragraph, 90 percent must be deposited in the special revenue fund and credited to the driver services operating account established in section 299A.705 and ten percent must be deposited in the general fund.
- (g) The fees in paragraphs (e) and (f) notwithstanding, the commissioner shall provide an electronic copy of the accident records database to the public on a case-by-case basis using the cost-recovery charges provided for under section 13.03, subdivision 3. The database provided must not contain personal or private data on an individual. However, unless the accident records database includes the vehicle identification number, the commissioner shall include the vehicle registration plate number if a private agency certifies and agrees that the agency:
 - (1) is in the business of collecting accident and damage information on vehicles;
- (2) will use the vehicle registration plate number only for identifying vehicles that have been involved in accidents or damaged, to provide this information to persons seeking access to a vehicle's history and not for identifying individuals or for any other purpose; and
 - (3) will be subject to the penalties and remedies under sections 13.08 and 13.09.

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Subd. 4. **Headlight requirement.** The provisions of section 169.974, subdivision 5, paragraph (i), apply to motorized bicycles that are equipped with headlights. After June 1, 1987, A new motorized bicycle sold or offered for sale in Minnesota must be equipped with a headlight.

Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.223, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.4581, is amended to read:

169.4581 CRIMINAL CONDUCT ON SCHOOL BUS.

By January 1, 1995, Each local law enforcement agency shall adopt a written policy regarding procedures for responding to criminal incidents on school buses. In adopting a policy, each law enforcement agency shall consult with local school officials, with representatives of private companies that contract with school districts to provide transportation, and with parents of students. The policy must recognize that responding to reports of criminal conduct on school buses is the responsibility of law enforcement officials.

Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.64, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Warning lamp on vehicles collecting solid waste or recycling. A solid waste vehicle or recycling vehicle may be equipped with a single amber warning lamp that meets the most current Society of Automotive Engineers SAE International standard for authorized maintenance and service vehicles, Class 2. The lamp may be operated only when the collection vehicle is in the process of collecting solid waste or recycling and is either:

- (1) stopped at an establishment where solid waste or recycling is to be collected; or
- (2) traveling at a speed that is at least ten miles per hour below the posted speed limit 59.21 and moving between establishments where solid waste or recycling is to be collected. 59.22
- Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169.751, is amended to read: 59.23

169.751 DEFINITIONS.

- 59.25 (a) For the purposes of sections 169.751 to 169.753 the following words shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section: have the meanings given. 59.26
 - (a) (b) "First aid equipment" shall mean means equipment for the purpose of rendering first aid to sick or injured persons as prescribed by the Department of Public Safety for its State Patrol vehicles, such equipment to include including materials for the application of splints to fractures.

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60.1	(b) (c) "Patrol motor vehicles" shall mean means the State Patrol motor vehicles used
60.2	in law enforcement of the Department of Public Safety, the county sheriffs, and the various
60.3	city, town, and other local police departments.
60.4	Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.25, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
60.5	Subdivision 1. Degree described. (a) A person who violates section 169A.20, subdivision
60.6	1, 1a, 1b, or 1e (driving while impaired crime), is guilty of second-degree driving while
60.7	impaired if two or more aggravating factors were present when the violation was committed.
60.8	(b) A person who violates section 169A.20, subdivision 2 (refusal to submit to chemical
60.9	test crime), is guilty of second-degree driving while impaired if one aggravating factor was
60.10	present when the violation was committed.
60.11	Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.26, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
60.12	Subdivision 1. Degree described. (a) A person who violates section 169A.20, subdivision
60.13	1 , 1a, 1b, or 1e (driving while impaired crime), is guilty of third-degree driving while
60.14	impaired if one aggravating factor was present when the violation was committed.
60.15	(b) A person who violates section 169A.20, subdivision 2 (refusal to submit to chemical
60.16	test crime), is guilty of third-degree driving while impaired.
60.17	Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.27, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
60.18	Subdivision 1. Degree described. A person who violates section 169A.20, subdivision
60.19	1, 1a, 1b, or 1e (driving while impaired crime), is guilty of fourth-degree driving while
60.20	impaired.
60.21	Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.28, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
60.22	Subd. 2. Permissive consecutive sentences; multiple offenses. (a) When a person is
60.23	being sentenced for a violation of a provision listed in paragraph (e), the court may sentence
60.24	the person to a consecutive term of imprisonment for a violation of any other provision
60.25	listed in paragraph (e), notwithstanding the fact that the offenses arose out of the same
60.26	course of conduct, subject to the limitation on consecutive sentences contained in section
60.27	609.15, subdivision 2, and except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c).
60.28	(b) When a person is being sentenced for a violation of section 171.09 (violation of
60.29	condition of restricted license), 171.20 (operation after revocation, suspension, cancellation,
60.30	or disqualification), 171.24 (driving without valid license), or 171.30 (violation of condition

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of limited license), the court may not impose a consecutive sentence for another violation 61.1 of a provision in chapter 171 (drivers' licenses and training schools). 61.2

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- (c) When a person is being sentenced for a violation of section 169.791 (failure to provide proof of insurance) or 169.797 (failure to provide vehicle insurance), the court may not impose a consecutive sentence for another violation of a provision of sections 169.79 to 169.7995.
- (d) This subdivision does not limit the authority of the court to impose consecutive sentences for crimes arising on different dates or to impose a consecutive sentence when a person is being sentenced for a crime and is also in violation of the conditions of a stayed or otherwise deferred sentence under section 609.135 (stay of imposition or execution of sentence).
- 61.12 (e) This subdivision applies to misdemeanor and gross misdemeanor violations of the following if the offender has two or more prior impaired driving convictions within the past 61.13 61.14 ten years:
- (1) section 169A.20, subdivision 1, 1a, 1b, or 1e (driving while impaired; impaired 61.15 driving offenses); 61.16
- (2) section 169A.20, subdivision 2 (driving while impaired; test refusal offense); 61.17
- (3) section 169.791; 61.18
- (4) section 169.797; 61.19
- (5) section 171.09 (violation of condition of restricted license); 61.20
- (6) section 171.20, subdivision 2 (operation after revocation, suspension, cancellation, 61.21 or disqualification); 61.22
- (7) section 171.24; and 61.23
- (8) section 171.30. 61.24
- Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.46, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 61.25
- Subdivision 1. **Impairment occurred after driving ceased.** If proven by a preponderance 61.26 of the evidence, it is an affirmative defense to a violation of section 169A.20, subdivision 61.27 1, clause (5); 1a, clause (5); 1b, clause (5); or 1c, clause (5) (driving while impaired, alcohol 61.28 concentration within two hours of driving), or 169A.20 by a person having an alcohol 61.29 61.30 concentration of 0.16 or more as measured at the time, or within two hours of the time, of 61.31 the offense, that the defendant consumed a sufficient quantity of alcohol after the time of

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the violation and before the administration of the evidentiary test to cause the defendant's alcohol concentration to exceed the level specified in the applicable clause. Evidence that the defendant consumed alcohol after the time of the violation may not be admitted in defense to any alleged violation of section 169A.20, unless notice is given to the prosecution prior to the omnibus or pretrial hearing in the matter.

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- Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 171.0701, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Driver education requirements.** (a) The commissioner shall adopt rules requiring a minimum of 30 minutes of instruction, beginning January 1, 2007, relating to organ and tissue donations and the provisions of section 171.07, subdivision 5, for persons enrolled in driver education programs offered at public schools, private schools, and commercial driver training schools.
- (b) The commissioner shall adopt rules for persons enrolled in driver education programs offered at public schools, private schools, and commercial driver training schools, requiring inclusion in the course of instruction, by January 1, 2009, a section on awareness and safe interaction with commercial motor vehicle traffic. The rules must require classroom instruction and behind-the-wheel training that includes, but is not limited to, truck stopping distances, proper distances for following trucks, identification of truck blind spots, and avoidance of driving in truck blind spots.
- (c) By January 1, 2012, The commissioner shall adopt rules for persons enrolled in driver education programs offered at public schools, private schools, and commercial driver training schools, requiring inclusion in the course of instruction of a section on carbon monoxide poisoning. The instruction must include but is not limited to (1) a description of the characteristics of carbon monoxide, (2) a review of the risks and potential speed of death from carbon monoxide poisoning, and (3) specific suggestions regarding vehicle idling practices.
- Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 171.0701, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- 62.27 Subd. 1a. Supplemental parental curriculum. (a) For purposes of this subdivision, "driver education instructor" means an instructor as defined under section 171.33, subdivision 62.28 2, or a person licensed by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board for 62.29 driver training as required under section 122A.26, subdivision 2. 62.30
 - (b) By July 1, 2014, The commissioner shall establish optional supplemental parental curriculum to provide instruction and information to primary driving supervisors in conjunction with persons enrolled in driver education programs at public schools, private

Sec. 90. 62 schools, and commercial driver training schools. Each school must establish a schedule or procedure for providing the supplemental parental curriculum to any primary driving supervisor who chooses to receive it.

- (c) At a minimum, the supplemental parental curriculum must:
- 63.5 (1) be at least 90 minutes in length;

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- (2) be provided by or in the presence of a driver education instructor; and
- (3) provide information concerning graduated driver licensing, safety risks associated with novice drivers, potential influence of adults on driving behavior of novice drivers, and additional resources.
- 63.10 Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 171.0705, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Driver's manual; bicycle traffic.** The commissioner shall include in each edition of the driver's manual published by the department after August 1, 1995, a section relating to bicycle traffic laws, including any changes in the law which affect bicycle traffic.
- 63.14 Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 171.0705, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Driver's manual; carbon monoxide.** The commissioner shall include in each edition of the driver's manual published by the department after August 1, 2011, a section that includes up-to-date lifesaving information on carbon monoxide poisoning.
- 63.18 Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 171.0705, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Driver's manual; crosswalk right-of-way.** The commissioner shall include in each edition of the driver's manual published by the department after August 1, 1996, a section relating to the circumstances under which a driver must stop to yield the right-of-way to a pedestrian in a crosswalk and the penalties for failure to yield.
- 63.23 Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 171.0705, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Driver's manual; driving in right lane.** The commissioner shall include in each edition of the driver's manual published by the department after August 1, 2010, instructions relating to circumstances under which a driver of a motor vehicle should drive in the right-hand lane of a highway that is divided into more than one lane in the same direction of travel.

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Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 171.0705, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Driver's manual; interaction with commercial motor vehicle.** The commissioner shall include in each edition of the driver's manual published by the department after August 1, 2008, a section that includes information on awareness and safe interaction with commercial motor vehicle traffic.

- Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 171.0705, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Driver's manual; organ and tissue donation.** The commissioner shall include in each edition of the driver's manual published by the department after August 1, 2002, a section that includes information on the shortage of organs and tissues for transplant, basic facts about donation, use of the driver's license as an indication of donation intent, and the importance of informing family members of the driver's decision.
- Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 171.26, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Driver services operating account.** All money received under this chapter must be paid into the state treasury and credited to the driver services operating account in the special revenue fund specified under sections 299A.705, except as provided in subdivision 2 of that section; 171.06, subdivision 2a; 171.07, subdivision 11, paragraph (g); 171.20, subdivision 4, paragraph (d); and 171.29, subdivision 2, paragraph (b).
- Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 173.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Various signs and notices defined.** Directional and other official signs and notices shall mean:
 - (a) "Official signs and notices" mean means signs and notices erected and maintained by public officers or public agencies within their territorial jurisdiction and pursuant to and in accordance with direction or authorization contained in federal or state law for the purposes of carrying out an official duty or responsibility. Historical markers authorized by state law and erected by state or local governmental agencies or nonprofit historical societies, and municipal identification entrance signs erected in accordance with section 173.025, may be considered official signs.
- (b) "Public utility signs" mean means warning signs, notices, or markers which are customarily erected and maintained by publicly or privately owned public utilities, as essential to their operations.

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(c) "Service club and religious notices" mean means signs and notices, not exceeding eight square feet in advertising area, whose erection is authorized by law, relating to meetings and location of nonprofit service clubs or charitable associations, or religious services.

- (d) "Directional signs" means signs containing directional information about public places owned or operated by public authorities as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 23, section 460.2, paragraph (b), or their agencies, publicly or privately owned natural phenomena, historic, cultural, scientific, educational, and religious sites, and areas of natural scenic beauty or naturally suited for outdoor recreation, deemed to be in the interest of the traveling public. To qualify for directional signs, privately owned attractions must be nationally or regionally known, and of outstanding interest to the traveling public.
- (e) All definitions in this subdivision are intended to be in conformity with the national standards for directional and other official signs.
- Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 173.13, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Expiration; renewal; fee.** Permits shall expire on the last day of June of each year. They may be renewed upon payment of the annual fee and filing of a renewal application form to be provided by the commissioner, but without the filing of a new permit application. There shall be proration of the fee for the year in which the permit is first obtained, and the portion of any fees for a permit on any advertising device paid under this chapter, allocable to the period July 1, 1971, through December 31, 1971, shall be deemed to have been paid upon and shall apply to payment of the fees required by Laws 1971, ehapter 883 or refunded. There shall be no additional fee or permit required for change in advertising copy.
 - Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 174.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Relationship with national and local plans. The statewide plan shall recognize established national transportation policies. The plan shall include matters of local or regional concern if this inclusion is needed to insure_ensure a comprehensive, statewide perspective on transportation policies and priorities. The commissioner shall recognize and attempt to accommodate the local or regional transportation plans. However, the statewide plan shall supersede a local or regional plan to the extent inconsistent on a matter which the commissioner demonstrates is of statewide concern. A political subdivision may challenge the commissioner's determination that a portion of a local or regional plan is superseded by the statewide plan. The subdivision shall institute the challenge by filing a petition with the commissioner within 30 days after being notified by the commissioner that the local or

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regional plan is superseded. The challenge shall be resolved by the commissioner as a contested case pursuant to chapter 14.

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Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 174.30, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. Other standards; wheelchair securement; protected transport. (a) A special transportation service that transports individuals occupying wheelchairs is subject to the provisions of sections 299A.11 to 299A.17 concerning wheelchair securement devices. The commissioners of transportation and public safety shall cooperate in the enforcement of this section and sections 299A.11 to 299A.17 so that a single inspection is sufficient to ascertain compliance with sections 299A.11 to 299A.17 and with the standards adopted under this section. Representatives of the Department of Transportation may inspect wheelchair securement devices in vehicles operated by special transportation service providers to determine compliance with sections 299A.11 to 299A.17 and to issue certificates under section 299A.14, subdivision 4.
- (b) In place of a certificate issued under section 299A.14, the commissioner may issue a decal under subdivision 4 for a vehicle equipped with a wheelchair securement device if the device complies with sections 299A.11 to 299A.17 and the decal displays the information in section 299A.14, subdivision 4.
- (c) For vehicles designated as protected transport under section 256B.0625, subdivision
 17, paragraph (i) (l), the commissioner of transportation, during the commissioner's
 inspection, shall check to ensure the safety provisions contained in that paragraph are in
 working order.
- Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 174.75, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Report.** Beginning in 2011, The commissioner shall report on the implementation of the complete streets policy in the agency's biennial budget submission under section 174.02.
 - Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 174.84, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **General plan requirements.** By January 15, 2000, The commissioner shall adopt a commuter rail system plan to ensure that if commuter rail facilities are acquired, developed, constructed, owned, and operated in Minnesota, these activities will be done in an efficient, cost-effective manner, and in coordination with buses and other transportation modes and facilities. The commissioner shall consult with affected regional railroad authorities and may incorporate into its plan elements of the plans of regional railroad

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authorities in order to avoid duplication of efforts. The commissioner may periodically 67.1 update the system plan. 67.2

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Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 176.101, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

- Subd. 4. Permanent total disability. For permanent total disability, as defined in subdivision 5, the compensation shall be 66-2/3 percent of the daily wage at the time of the injury, subject to a maximum weekly compensation equal to the maximum weekly compensation for a temporary total disability and a minimum weekly compensation equal to 65 percent of the statewide average weekly wage. This compensation shall be paid during the permanent total disability of the injured employee but after a total of \$25,000 of weekly compensation has been paid, the amount of the weekly compensation benefits being paid by the employer shall be reduced by the amount of any disability benefits being paid by any government disability benefit program if the disability benefits are occasioned by the same injury or injuries which give rise to payments under this subdivision. This reduction shall also apply to any old age and survivor insurance benefits. Payments shall be made at the intervals when the wage was payable, as nearly as may be. In case an employee who is permanently and totally disabled becomes an inmate of a public institution, no compensation shall be payable during the period of confinement in the institution, unless there is wholly dependent on the employee for support some person named in section 176.111, subdivision 1, 2 or 3, in which case the compensation provided for in section 176.111, during the period of confinement, shall be paid for the benefit of the dependent person during dependency. The dependency of this person shall be determined as though the employee were deceased. Permanent total disability shall cease at age 72, except that if an employee is injured after age 67, permanent total disability benefits shall cease after five years after of those benefits have been paid.
- Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 214.40, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 67.25
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section. 67.26
- (b) "Administrative services unit" means the administrative services unit for the 67.27 health-related licensing boards. 67.28
 - (c) "Charitable organization" means a charitable organization within the meaning of section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that has as a purpose the sponsorship or support of programs designed to improve the quality, awareness, and availability of health care services and that serves as a funding mechanism for providing those services.

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(d) "Health care facility or organization" means a health care facility licensed under chapter 144 or 144A, or a charitable organization.

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- (e) "Health care provider" means a physician licensed under chapter 147, physician assistant licensed and practicing under chapter 147A, nurse licensed and registered to practice under chapter 148, dentist, dental hygienist, or dental therapist licensed under chapter 150A, or an advanced dental therapist licensed and certified under chapter 150A.
- (f) "Health care services" means health promotion, health monitoring, health education, diagnosis, treatment, minor surgical procedures, the administration of local anesthesia for the stitching of wounds, and primary dental services, including preventive, diagnostic, restorative, and emergency treatment. Health care services do not include the administration of general anesthesia or surgical procedures other than minor surgical procedures.
- (g) "Medical professional liability insurance" means medical malpractice insurance as defined in section 62F.03 insurance against loss, damage, or expense incident to a claim arising out of the death or injury of any person as the result of negligence or malpractice in rendering licensed health care provider professional services as defined by section 62I.03, subdivision 8.
- Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 219.073, is amended to read:

219.073 COMMISSIONER'S RULES ON GRADE CROSSINGS.

In accordance with chapter 14, the commissioner of transportation shall adopt rules by December 1, 1991, that contain standards governing the establishment, vacation, relocation, consolidation, and separation of grades at public grade crossings. In adopting standards, the commissioner shall consider that the number of grade crossings in this state should be reduced and that public safety will be enhanced by reducing the number of grade crossings.

Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 219.165, is amended to read:

219.165 SAFETY RULES FOR PRIVATE RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING.

- 68.26 By December 31, 1992, The commissioner shall adopt rules establishing minimum safety standards at all private railroad grade crossings in the state.
- 68.28 Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 219.18, is amended to read:

68.29 **219.18 RAILROAD TO ERECT SIGN.**

At each grade crossing established after April 23, 1925, and where and when crossing signs existing as of April 24, 1925, are replaced, the A railway company operating the

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railroad at that each grade crossing shall erect and maintain one or more uniform crossbuck signs. The signs must be on each side of the railroad tracks and within 50 feet from the nearest rail, or at a distance greater than 50 feet as determined by the commissioner.

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- Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 219.501, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Duty to provide walkways. (a) Rail carriers must provide walkways adjacent to those portions of yard tracks where rail carrier employees frequently work on the ground performing switching activities. For purposes of this section, "frequently work" means at least five days per week, one shift per day.
 - (b) This section applies to reconstruction and new construction of yard track completed after July 1, 2008.
 - (c) This section does not apply to an entity that owns or operates track in this state other than class one and class two Class I and Class II rail carriers as classified by the Federal Railroad Administration.
- Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 219.551, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 69.14
 - Subd. 6. Toilet. Each operating unit purchased new, not reconditioned, and put into service from an initial terminal must be equipped with a dry hopper, gas or electric incinerator, or other suitable toilet facility, if the operating unit is used for a road operation of 50 miles or more away from the initial terminal. After July 1, 1972, Each consist used in road operations of 50 miles or more away from the initial terminal must have at least one operating unit equipped with a dry hopper, gas or electric incinerator, or other suitable toilet facility; provided, however, in the case of transfer or switching service or emergency or emergency need for additional diesel power equipment, this requirement does not apply. When put into service from an initial terminal, diesel toilet facilities must be sanitary, clean, and operating. Unless otherwise actually required by operating conditions or an emergency, the operating unit having the toilet facilities must be positioned at the head end of a consist.
 - Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 219.561, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Lights. From and after January 1, 1950, A person, firm, or corporation 69.27 operating or controlling a railroad shall equip each of its track motor cars used during the 69.28 period from 30 minutes before sunset to 30 minutes after sunrise with: 69.29
 - (1) an electric headlight of such construction and of sufficient candlepower to render plainly visible at a distance of not less than 300 feet in advance of the track motor car a track obstruction, landmark, warning sign, or grade crossing; and

Sec. 111. 69 70.1 (2) a rear electric red light of such construction and of sufficient candlepower as to be plainly visible at a distance of 300 feet.

- Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 221.031, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Out-of-service criteria adopted by reference.** The North American Uniform

 Driver, Vehicle, and Hazardous Materials Standard Out-Of-Service Criteria developed and adopted by the Federal Highway Administration and the Commercial Vehicle Safety Alliance are adopted in Minnesota.
- Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 221.0314, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. **Waiver for other medical condition.** (a) The commissioner may grant a waiver to a person who is not physically qualified to drive under Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 391.41, paragraph (b)(3), (b)(10), or (b)(11). A waiver granted under this subdivision applies to intrastate transportation only.
 - (b) A person who wishes to obtain a waiver under this subdivision must give the commissioner the following information:
- 70.15 (1) the applicant's name, address, and telephone number;

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- 70.16 (2) the name, address, and telephone number of an employer coapplicant, if any;
- 70.17 (3) a description of the applicant's experience in driving the type of vehicle to be operated under the waiver;
- 70.19 (4) a description of the type of driving to be done under the waiver;
- 70.20 (5) a description of any modifications to the vehicle the applicant intends to drive under 70.21 the waiver that are designed to accommodate the applicant's medical condition or disability;
- 70.22 (6) whether the applicant has been granted another waiver under this subdivision;
- 70.23 (7) a copy of the applicant's current driver's license;
- 70.24 (8) a copy of a medical examiner's report and medical examiner's certificate showing 70.25 that the applicant is medically unqualified to drive unless a waiver is granted;
- 70.26 (9) a statement from the applicant's treating physician that includes:
- (i) the extent to which the physician is familiar with the applicant's medical history;
- 70.28 (ii) a description of the applicant's medical condition for which a waiver is necessary;

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(iii) assurance that the applicant has the ability and willingness to follow any course of treatment prescribed by the physician, including the ability to self-monitor or manage the medical condition; and

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- (iv) the physician's professional opinion that the applicant's condition will not adversely affect the applicant's ability to operate a commercial motor vehicle safely; and
- (10) any other information considered necessary by the commissioner including requiring a physical examination or medical report from a physician who specializes in a particular field of medical practice.
- (c) In granting a waiver under this subdivision, the commissioner may impose conditions the commissioner considers necessary to ensure that an applicant is able to operate a motor vehicle safely and that the safety of the general public is protected.
 - (d) A person who is granted a waiver under this subdivision must:
- (1) at intervals specified in the waiver, give the commissioner periodic reports from the person's treating physician, or a medical specialist if the commissioner so requires in the waiver, that contain the information described in paragraph (b), clause (9), together with a description of any episode that involved the person's loss of consciousness or loss of ability to operate a motor vehicle safely; and
- (2) immediately report the person's involvement in an accident for which a report is required under section 169.09, subdivision 7.
- (e) The commissioner may deny an application or may immediately revoke a waiver granted under this subdivision. Notice of the commissioner's reasons for denying an application or for revoking a waiver must be in writing and must be mailed to the applicant's or waiver holder's last known address by certified mail, return receipt requested. A person whose application is denied or whose waiver is revoked is entitled to a hearing under chapter 14.
- 71.26 (f) A waiver granted under this subdivision expires on the date of expiration shown on 71.27 the medical examiner's certificate described in paragraph (b), clause (8).
- Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 221.221, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Enforcement powers.** (a) Transportation program specialists and hazardous material program specialists of the department are authorized to enforce (1) this chapter, sections 169.781 to 169.783 relating to commercial vehicle inspections, and sections 168D.05 and 168D.12 relating to motor carrier licenses and trip permits, (2) Code of Federal

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Regulations, title 49, parts 40 and 382, (3) the applicable rules, orders, or directives of the commissioner of transportation and the commissioner of revenue, issued under this chapter and chapter 168D or 296A, and (4) the North American <u>Uniform Standard Out-Of-Service Criteria</u>, including issuing out-of-service orders, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 383.5, and they may conduct inspections at designated highway weigh stations or under other appropriate circumstances.

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- (b) Transportation program specialists and hazardous material program specialists of the department must not be armed and, except as provided in this section, have none of the other powers and privileges reserved to peace officers, including the power to enforce traffic laws and regulations.
- Sec. 115. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 221.81, subdivision 3e, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3e. **Safety rules.** (a) A building mover must comply with the rules adopted in section 221.0314: (1) subdivision 6 for driving of motor vehicles; (2) subdivision 7 for parts and accessories necessary for the safe operation, except as provided in paragraph (b); (3) subdivision 10 for inspection, repair, and maintenance; (4) subdivision 8 for accident reporting; and, (5) on and after August 1, 1994, subdivisions 2 to 5 for driver qualifications.
 - (b) A towed vehicle, other than a full trailer, pole trailer, or semitrailer, as those terms are defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 390.5, used by a building mover to move a building on a highway is not required to comply with rules for parts and accessories necessary for safe operation.
- Sec. 116. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245.4661, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Program design and implementation.** Adult mental health initiatives shall be responsible for designing, planning, improving, and maintaining a mental health service delivery system for adults with serious and persistent mental illness that would:
- 72.25 (1) provide an expanded array of services from which clients can choose services 72.26 appropriate to their needs;
- 72.27 (2) be based on purchasing strategies that improve access and coordinate services without cost shifting;
- 72.29 (3) prioritize evidence-based services and implement services that are promising practices 72.30 or theory-based practices so that the service can be evaluated according to subdivision 5a;
- 72.31 (4) incorporate existing state facilities and resources into the community mental health 72.32 infrastructure through creative partnerships with local vendors; and

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(5) utilize existing categorical funding streams and reimbursement sources in combined and creative ways, except appropriations to regional treatment centers and all funds that are attributable to the operation of state-operated services are excluded unless appropriated specifically by the legislature for a purpose consistent with this section or section 246.0136, subdivision 1.

- Sec. 117. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245.4661, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Duties of commissioner.** (a) For purposes of adult mental health initiatives, the commissioner shall facilitate integration of funds or other resources as needed and requested by each adult mental health initiative. These resources may include:
- 73.10 (1) community support services funds administered under Minnesota Rules, parts 9535.1700 to 9535.1760;
- 73.12 (2) other mental health special project funds;

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- 73.13 (3) medical assistance, MinnesotaCare, and housing support under chapter 256I if 73.14 requested by the adult mental health initiative's managing entity and if the commissioner 73.15 determines this would be consistent with the state's overall health care reform efforts; and
- 73.16 (4) regional treatment center resources consistent with section 246.0136, subdivision 1.
- 73.17 (b) The commissioner shall consider the following criteria in awarding grants for adult mental health initiatives:
- 73.19 (1) the ability of the initiatives to accomplish the objectives described in subdivision 2;
- 73.20 (2) the size of the target population to be served; and
- 73.21 (3) geographical distribution.
- 73.22 (c) The commissioner shall review overall status of the initiatives at least every two
 years and recommend any legislative changes needed by January 15 of each odd-numbered
 year.
- 73.25 (d) The commissioner may waive administrative rule requirements that are incompatible with the implementation of the adult mental health initiative.
- (e) The commissioner may exempt the participating counties from fiscal sanctions for noncompliance with requirements in laws and rules that are incompatible with the implementation of the adult mental health initiative.

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(f) The commissioner may award grants to an entity designated by a county board or group of county boards to pay for start-up and implementation costs of the adult mental health initiative.

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- Sec. 118. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245.4885, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1a. **Emergency admission.** Effective July 1, 2006, if a child is admitted to a treatment foster care setting, residential treatment facility, or held for emergency care by a regional treatment center under section 253B.05, subdivision 1 253B.051, subdivision 2, the level of care determination must occur within five working days of admission.
- Sec. 119. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245.814, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Insurance for foster home providers.** The commissioner of human services shall within the appropriation provided purchase and provide insurance to individuals licensed as foster home providers to cover their liability for:
- 74.13 (1) injuries or property damage caused or sustained by persons in foster care in their 74.14 home; and
- 74.15 (2) actions arising out of alienation of affections sustained by the birth parents of a foster 74.16 child or birth parents or children of a foster adult.
- For purposes of this subdivision, insurance for homes licensed to provide adult foster care shall be limited to family adult foster care homes as defined in section 144D.01, subdivision 7 245A.02, subdivision 6f, and family adult day services licensed under section 245A.143.
- Sec. 120. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245.91, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Regional center.** "Regional center" means a <u>regional center state-operated</u>
 treatment program as defined in section 253B.02, subdivision 18d.
- Sec. 121. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245A.02, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5a. **Controlling individual.** (a) "Controlling individual" means an owner of a program or service provider licensed under this chapter and the following individuals, if applicable:
- 74.28 (1) each officer of the organization, including the chief executive officer and chief 74.29 financial officer;

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75.1 (2) the individual designated as the authorized agent under section 245A.04, subdivision 1, paragraph (b);

- (3) the individual designated as the compliance officer under section 256B.04, subdivision 21, paragraph (g);
- 75.5 (4) each managerial official whose responsibilities include the direction of the 75.6 management or policies of a program; and
 - (5) the individual designated as the primary provider of care for a special family child care program under section 245A.14, subdivision 4, paragraph (i) (d).
 - (b) Controlling individual does not include:

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- (1) a bank, savings bank, trust company, savings association, credit union, industrial loan and thrift company, investment banking firm, or insurance company unless the entity operates a program directly or through a subsidiary;
 - (2) an individual who is a state or federal official, or state or federal employee, or a member or employee of the governing body of a political subdivision of the state or federal government that operates one or more programs, unless the individual is also an officer, owner, or managerial official of the program, receives remuneration from the program, or owns any of the beneficial interests not excluded in this subdivision;
- 75.18 (3) an individual who owns less than five percent of the outstanding common shares of a corporation:
- 75.20 (i) whose securities are exempt under section 80A.45, clause (6); or
- 75.21 (ii) whose transactions are exempt under section 80A.46, clause (2);
- (4) an individual who is a member of an organization exempt from taxation under section 290.05, unless the individual is also an officer, owner, or managerial official of the program or owns any of the beneficial interests not excluded in this subdivision. This clause does not exclude from the definition of controlling individual an organization that is exempt from taxation; or
 - (5) an employee stock ownership plan trust, or a participant or board member of an employee stock ownership plan, unless the participant or board member is a controlling individual according to paragraph (a).
- (c) For purposes of this subdivision, "managerial official" means an individual who has the decision-making authority related to the operation of the program, and the responsibility for the ongoing management of or direction of the policies, services, or employees of the

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program. A site director who has no ownership interest in the program is not considered to be a managerial official for purposes of this definition.

- Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245A.04, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Grant of license; license extension.** (a) If the commissioner determines that the program complies with all applicable rules and laws, the commissioner shall issue a license consistent with this section or, if applicable, a temporary change of ownership license under section 245A.043. At minimum, the license shall state:
- 76.8 (1) the name of the license holder;
- 76.9 (2) the address of the program;
- 76.10 (3) the effective date and expiration date of the license;
- 76.11 (4) the type of license;
- 76.12 (5) the maximum number and ages of persons that may receive services from the program; 76.13 and
- 76.14 (6) any special conditions of licensure.
- 76.15 (b) The commissioner may issue a license for a period not to exceed two years if:
- 76.16 (1) the commissioner is unable to conduct the evaluation or observation required by subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (4) (3), because the program is not yet operational;
- 76.18 (2) certain records and documents are not available because persons are not yet receiving services from the program; and
- 76.20 (3) the applicant complies with applicable laws and rules in all other respects.
- 76.21 (c) A decision by the commissioner to issue a license does not guarantee that any person or persons will be placed or cared for in the licensed program.
- 76.23 (d) Except as provided in paragraphs (f) and (g), the commissioner shall not issue or 76.24 reissue a license if the applicant, license holder, or controlling individual has:
- 76.25 (1) been disqualified and the disqualification was not set aside and no variance has been granted;
- 76.27 (2) been denied a license under this chapter, within the past two years;
- 76.28 (3) had a license issued under this chapter revoked within the past five years;
- 76.29 (4) an outstanding debt related to a license fee, licensing fine, or settlement agreement 76.30 for which payment is delinquent; or

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(5) failed to submit the information required of an applicant under subdivision 1, paragraph (f) or (g), after being requested by the commissioner.

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When a license issued under this chapter is revoked under clause (1) or (3), the license holder and controlling individual may not hold any license under chapter 245A for five years following the revocation, and other licenses held by the applicant, license holder, or controlling individual shall also be revoked.

- (e) The commissioner shall not issue or reissue a license under this chapter if an individual living in the household where the services will be provided as specified under section 245C.03, subdivision 1, has been disqualified and the disqualification has not been set aside and no variance has been granted.
- (f) Pursuant to section 245A.07, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), when a license issued under this chapter has been suspended or revoked and the suspension or revocation is under appeal, the program may continue to operate pending a final order from the commissioner. If the license under suspension or revocation will expire before a final order is issued, a temporary provisional license may be issued provided any applicable license fee is paid before the temporary provisional license is issued.
- (g) Notwithstanding paragraph (f), when a revocation is based on the disqualification of a controlling individual or license holder, and the controlling individual or license holder is ordered under section 245C.17 to be immediately removed from direct contact with persons receiving services or is ordered to be under continuous, direct supervision when providing direct contact services, the program may continue to operate only if the program complies with the order and submits documentation demonstrating compliance with the order. If the disqualified individual fails to submit a timely request for reconsideration, or if the disqualification is not set aside and no variance is granted, the order to immediately remove the individual from direct contact or to be under continuous, direct supervision remains in effect pending the outcome of a hearing and final order from the commissioner.
- (h) For purposes of reimbursement for meals only, under the Child and Adult Care Food Program, Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, subtitle B, chapter II, subchapter A, part 226, relocation within the same county by a licensed family day care provider, shall be considered an extension of the license for a period of no more than 30 calendar days or until the new license is issued, whichever occurs first, provided the county agency has determined the family day care provider meets licensure requirements at the new location.
- (i) Unless otherwise specified by statute, all licenses issued under this chapter expire at 12:01 a.m. on the day after the expiration date stated on the license. A license holder must

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apply for and be granted a new license to operate the program or the program must not be operated after the expiration date.

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- (j) The commissioner shall not issue or reissue a license under this chapter if it has been determined that a tribal licensing authority has established jurisdiction to license the program or service.
- Sec. 123. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245A.14, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 78.6
- Subd. 4. Special family child care homes. (a) Nonresidential child care programs serving 14 or fewer children that are conducted at a location other than the license holder's own residence shall be licensed under this section and the rules governing family child care or group family child care if: 78.10
- (a) (1) the license holder is the primary provider of care and the nonresidential child 78.11 care program is conducted in a dwelling that is located on a residential lot; 78.12
- 78.13 (b) (2) the license holder is an employer who may or may not be the primary provider of care, and the purpose for the child care program is to provide child care services to 78.14 children of the license holder's employees; 78.15
- (e) (3) the license holder is a church or religious organization; 78.16
- (d) (4) the license holder is a community collaborative child care provider. For purposes 78.17 of this subdivision, a community collaborative child care provider is a provider participating 78.18 in a cooperative agreement with a community action agency as defined in section 256E.31; 78.19
 - (e) (5) the license holder is a not-for-profit agency that provides child care in a dwelling located on a residential lot and the license holder maintains two or more contracts with community employers or other community organizations to provide child care services. The county licensing agency may grant a capacity variance to a license holder licensed under this paragraph clause to exceed the licensed capacity of 14 children by no more than five children during transition periods related to the work schedules of parents, if the license holder meets the following requirements:
- (1) (i) the program does not exceed a capacity of 14 children more than a cumulative 78.27 total of four hours per day; 78.28
- (2) (ii) the program meets a one to seven staff-to-child ratio during the variance period; 78.29
- (3) (iii) all employees receive at least an extra four hours of training per year than required 78.30 in the rules governing family child care each year; 78.31

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- (4) (iv) the facility has square footage required per child under Minnesota Rules, part 79.1 9502.0425; 79.2
- (5) (v) the program is in compliance with local zoning regulations; 79.3
- (6) (vi) the program is in compliance with the applicable fire code as follows: 79.4
- (i) (A) if the program serves more than five children older than 2-1/2 years of age, but 79.5 no more than five children 2-1/2 years of age or less, the applicable fire code is educational 79.6 occupancy, as provided in Group E Occupancy under the Minnesota State Fire Code 2015, 79.7
- Section 202; or 79.8
- (ii) (B) if the program serves more than five children 2-1/2 years of age or less, the 79.9 applicable fire code is Group I-4 Occupancies, as provided in the Minnesota State Fire Code 79.10 2015, Section 202, unless the rooms in which the children are cared for are located on a 79.11 level of exit discharge and each of these child care rooms has an exit door directly to the 79.12 exterior, then the applicable fire code is Group E occupancies, as provided in the Minnesota 79.13
- State Fire Code 2015, Section 202; and 79.14
- (7) (vii) any age and capacity limitations required by the fire code inspection and square 79.15 footage determinations shall be printed on the license; or 79.16
- (f) (6) the license holder is the primary provider of care and has located the licensed 79.17 child care program in a commercial space, if the license holder meets the following 79.18 requirements: 79.19
- (1) (i) the program is in compliance with local zoning regulations; 79.20
- (2) (ii) the program is in compliance with the applicable fire code as follows: 79.21
- (i) (A) if the program serves more than five children older than 2-1/2 years of age, but 79.22
- no more than five children 2-1/2 years of age or less, the applicable fire code is educational 79.23
- occupancy, as provided in Group E Occupancy under the Minnesota State Fire Code 2015, 79.24
- Section 202; or 79.25
- (ii) (B) if the program serves more than five children 2-1/2 years of age or less, the 79.26
- applicable fire code is Group I-4 Occupancies, as provided under the Minnesota State Fire 79.27
- Code 2015, Section 202; 79.28
- (3) (iii) any age and capacity limitations required by the fire code inspection and square 79.29
- footage determinations are printed on the license; and 79.30

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(4) (iv) the license holder prominently displays the license issued by the commissioner which contains the statement "This special family child care provider is not licensed as a child care center."

- (g) (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 9502.0335, subpart 12, the commissioner may issue up to four licenses to an organization licensed under paragraph (b) (a), (c), or (e) clause (2), (3), or (5). Each license must have its own primary provider of care as required under paragraph (i) (d). Each license must operate as a distinct and separate program in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.
- (h) (c) For licenses issued under paragraph (b) (a), (c), (d), (e), or (f), clause (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6), the commissioner may approve up to four licenses at the same location or under one contiguous roof if each license holder is able to demonstrate compliance with all applicable rules and laws. Each licensed program must operate as a distinct program and within the capacity, age, and ratio distributions of each license.
 - (i) (d) For a license issued under paragraph (b) (a), (c), or (e), clause (2), (3), or (5) the license holder must designate a person to be the primary provider of care at the licensed location on a form and in a manner prescribed by the commissioner. The license holder shall notify the commissioner in writing before there is a change of the person designated to be the primary provider of care. The primary provider of care:
 - (1) must be the person who will be the provider of care at the program and present during the hours of operation;
 - (2) must operate the program in compliance with applicable laws and regulations under chapter 245A and Minnesota Rules, chapter 9502;
- (3) is considered a child care background study subject as defined in section 245C.02, 80.23 subdivision 6a, and must comply with background study requirements in chapter 245C; 80.24
- 80.25 (4) must complete the training that is required of license holders in section 245A.50; and 80.26
- 80.27 (5) is authorized to communicate with the county licensing agency and the department on matters related to licensing. 80.28
- (i) (e) For any license issued under this subdivision, the license holder must ensure that 80.29 any other caregiver, substitute, or helper who assists in the care of children meets the training 80.30 requirements in section 245A.50 and background study requirements under chapter 245C. 80.31

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Sec. 124. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245A.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

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Subdivision 1. **Delegation of authority to agencies.** (a) County agencies and private agencies that have been designated or licensed by the commissioner to perform licensing functions and activities under section 245A.04 and background studies for family child care under chapter 245C; to recommend denial of applicants under section 245A.05; to issue correction orders, to issue variances, and recommend a conditional license under section 245A.06; or to recommend suspending or revoking a license or issuing a fine under section 245A.07, shall comply with rules and directives of the commissioner governing those functions and with this section. The following variances are excluded from the delegation of variance authority and may be issued only by the commissioner:

- (1) dual licensure of family child care and child foster care, dual licensure of child and adult foster care, and adult foster care and family child care;
- 81.13 (2) adult foster care maximum capacity;
- 81.14 (3) adult foster care minimum age requirement;
- 81.15 (4) child foster care maximum age requirement;
- (5) variances regarding disqualified individuals except that, before the implementation of NETStudy 2.0, county agencies may issue variances under section 245C.30 regarding disqualified individuals when the county is responsible for conducting a consolidated reconsideration according to sections 245C.25 and 245C.27, subdivision 2, clauses (a) and (b), of a county maltreatment determination and a disqualification based on serious or recurring maltreatment;
- 81.22 (6) the required presence of a caregiver in the adult foster care residence during normal sleeping hours;
- 81.24 (7) variances to requirements relating to chemical use problems of a license holder or a 81.25 household member of a license holder; and
 - (8) variances to section 245A.53 for a time-limited period. If the commissioner grants a variance under this clause, the license holder must provide notice of the variance to all parents and guardians of the children in care.
- Except as provided in section 245A.14, subdivision 4, paragraph (e) (a), clause (5), a county agency must not grant a license holder a variance to exceed the maximum allowable family child care license capacity of 14 children.

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(b) A county agency that has been designated by the commissioner to issue family child care variances must:

- (1) publish the county agency's policies and criteria for issuing variances on the county's public website and update the policies as necessary; and
- (2) annually distribute the county agency's policies and criteria for issuing variances to all family child care license holders in the county.
- (c) Before the implementation of NETStudy 2.0, county agencies must report information about disqualification reconsiderations under sections 245C.25 and 245C.27, subdivision 2, paragraphs (a) and (b), and variances granted under paragraph (a), clause (5), to the commissioner at least monthly in a format prescribed by the commissioner.
- (d) For family child care programs, the commissioner shall require a county agency to conduct one unannounced licensing review at least annually.
- 82.13 (e) For family adult day services programs, the commissioner may authorize licensing
 82.14 reviews every two years after a licensee has had at least one annual review.
- (f) A license issued under this section may be issued for up to two years.
- 82.16 (g) During implementation of chapter 245D, the commissioner shall consider:
- 82.17 (1) the role of counties in quality assurance;

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- 82.18 (2) the duties of county licensing staff; and
- (3) the possible use of joint powers agreements, according to section 471.59, with counties through which some licensing duties under chapter 245D may be delegated by the commissioner to the counties.
- Any consideration related to this paragraph must meet all of the requirements of the corrective action plan ordered by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
 - (h) Licensing authority specific to section 245D.06, subdivisions 5, 6, 7, and 8, or successor provisions; and section 245D.061 or successor provisions, for family child foster care programs providing out-of-home respite, as identified in section 245D.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (1), is excluded from the delegation of authority to county and private agencies.
 - (i) A county agency shall report to the commissioner, in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, the following information for a licensed family child care program:

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(1) the results of each licensing review completed, including the date of the review, and any licensing correction order issued;

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- (2) any death, serious injury, or determination of substantiated maltreatment; and
- (3) any fires that require the service of a fire department within 48 hours of the fire. The information under this clause must also be reported to the state fire marshal within two business days of receiving notice from a licensed family child care provider.
- Sec. 125. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245A.52, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 83.7
 - Subdivision 1. **Means of escape.** (a)(1) At least one emergency escape route separate from the main exit from the space must be available in: (1) each room used for sleeping by anyone receiving licensed care; and (2) a basement used for child care. One means of escape must be a stairway or door leading to the floor of exit discharge. The other must be a door or window leading directly outside. A window used as an emergency escape route must be openable without special knowledge.
 - (b) In homes with construction that began before May 2, 2016, the interior of the window leading directly outside must have a net clear opening area of not less than 4.5 square feet or 648 square inches and have minimum clear opening dimensions of 20 inches wide and 20 inches high. The opening must be no higher than 48 inches from the floor. The height to the window may be measured from a platform if a platform is located below the window.
 - (c) In homes with construction that began on or after May 2, 2016, the interior of the window leading directly outside must have minimum clear opening dimensions of 20 inches wide and 24 inches high. The net clear opening dimensions shall be the result of normal operation of the opening. The opening must be no higher than 44 inches from the floor.
 - (d) Additional requirements are dependent on the distance of the openings from the ground outside the window: (1) windows or other openings with a sill height not more than 44 inches above or below the finished ground level adjacent to the opening (grade-floor emergency escape and rescue openings) must have a minimum opening of five square feet; and (2) non-grade-floor emergency escape and rescue openings must have a minimum opening of 5.7 square feet.
 - Sec. 126. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245C.04, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 10. Child protection workers or social services staff having responsibility for child protective duties. The commissioner shall conduct background studies of employees of county social services and local welfare agencies having responsibility for child protection

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duties when the background study is initiated according to section 626.559, subdivision 1b 260E.36, subdivision 3.

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Sec. 127. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245D.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Applicability. (a) The commissioner shall regulate the provision of home and community-based services to persons with disabilities and persons age 65 and older pursuant to this chapter. The licensing standards in this chapter govern the provision of basic support services and intensive support services.

- (b) Basic support services provide the level of assistance, supervision, and care that is necessary to ensure the health and welfare of the person and do not include services that are specifically directed toward the training, treatment, habilitation, or rehabilitation of the person. Basic support services include:
- (1) in-home and out-of-home respite care services as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 15, and under the brain injury, community alternative care, community access for disability inclusion, developmental disabilities, and elderly waiver plans, excluding out-of-home respite care provided to children in a family child foster care home licensed under Minnesota Rules, parts 2960.3000 to 2960.3100, when the child foster care license holder complies with the requirements under section 245D.06, subdivisions 5, 6, 7, and 8, or successor provisions; and section 245D.061 or successor provisions, which must be stipulated in the statement of intended use required under Minnesota Rules, part 2960.3000, subpart 4;
- (2) adult companion services as defined under the brain injury, community access for disability inclusion, community alternative care, and elderly waiver plans, excluding adult companion services provided under the Corporation for National and Community Services Senior Companion Program established under the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973, Public Law 98-288;
 - (3) personal support as defined under the developmental disabilities waiver plan;
- (4) 24-hour emergency assistance, personal emergency response as defined under the community access for disability inclusion and developmental disabilities waiver plans;
- (5) night supervision services as defined under the brain injury, community access for disability inclusion, community alternative care, and developmental disabilities waiver plans;
- (6) homemaker services as defined under the community access for disability inclusion, brain injury, community alternative care, developmental disabilities, and elderly waiver

Sec. 127. 84 plans, excluding providers licensed by the Department of Health under chapter 144A and those providers providing cleaning services only;

- (7) individual community living support under section 256S.13; and
- (8) individualized home supports services as defined under the brain injury, community alternative care, and community access for disability inclusion, and developmental disabilities waiver plans.
- (c) Intensive support services provide assistance, supervision, and care that is necessary to ensure the health and welfare of the person and services specifically directed toward the training, habilitation, or rehabilitation of the person. Intensive support services include:
- (1) intervention services, including:

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- (i) positive support services as defined under the brain injury and community access for disability inclusion, community alternative care, and developmental disabilities waiver plans;
- (ii) in-home or out-of-home crisis respite services as defined under the brain injury, community access for disability inclusion, community alternative care, and developmental disabilities waiver plans; and
- (iii) specialist services as defined under the current brain injury, community access for disability inclusion, community alternative care, and developmental disabilities waiver plans;
- (2) in-home support services, including:
- (i) in-home family support and supported living services as defined under the developmental disabilities waiver plan;
- 85.23 (ii) independent living services training as defined under the brain injury and community 85.24 access for disability inclusion waiver plans;
- 85.25 (iii) semi-independent living services;
- (iv) individualized home support with training services as defined under the brain injury, community alternative care, community access for disability inclusion, and developmental disabilities waiver plans; and
- (v) individualized home support with family training services as defined under the brain injury, community alternative care, community access for disability inclusion, and developmental disabilities waiver plans;

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(3) residential supports and services, including:

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- (i) supported living services as defined under the developmental disabilities waiver plan provided in a family or corporate child foster care residence, a family adult foster care residence, a community residential setting, or a supervised living facility;
- (ii) foster care services as defined in the brain injury, community alternative care, and community access for disability inclusion waiver plans provided in a family or corporate child foster care residence, a family adult foster care residence, or a community residential setting;
- (iii) community residential services as defined under the brain injury, community alternative care, community access for disability inclusion, and developmental disabilities waiver plans provided in a corporate child foster care residence, a community residential setting, or a supervised living facility;
- (iv) family residential services as defined in the brain injury, community alternative care, community access for disability inclusion, and developmental disabilities waiver plans provided in a family child foster care residence or a family adult foster care residence; and
- (v) residential services provided to more than four persons with developmental disabilities in a supervised living facility, including ICFs/DD;
 - (4) day services, including:
 - (i) structured day services as defined under the brain injury waiver plan;
- (ii) day services under sections 252.41 to 252.46, and as defined under the brain injury, community alternative care, community access for disability inclusion, and developmental disabilities waiver plans;
 - (iii) day training and habilitation services under sections 252.41 to 252.46, and as defined under the developmental disabilities waiver plan; and
 - (iv) prevocational services as defined under the brain injury, community alternative care, community access for disability inclusion, and developmental disabilities waiver plans; and
 - (5) employment exploration services as defined under the brain injury, community alternative care, community access for disability inclusion, and developmental disabilities waiver plans;
 - (6) employment development services as defined under the brain injury, community alternative care, community access for disability inclusion, and developmental disabilities waiver plans;

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(7) employment support services as defined under the brain injury, community alternative care, community access for disability inclusion, and developmental disabilities waiver plans; and

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- (8) integrated community support as defined under the brain injury and community access for disability inclusion waiver plans beginning January 1, 2021, and community alternative care and developmental disabilities waiver plans beginning January 1, 2023.
- Sec. 128. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245I.02, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 87.8 Subd. 5. **Case manager.** "Case manager" means a client's case manager according to section 256B.0596; 256B.0621; 256B.0625, subdivision 20; 256B.092, subdivision 1a; 256B.0924; 256B.093, subdivision 3a; 256B.094; or 256B.49.
- 87.11 Sec. 129. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245I.04, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 5. **Mental health practitioner scope of practice.** (a) A mental health practitioner under the treatment supervision of a mental health professional or certified rehabilitation specialist may provide an adult client with client education, rehabilitative mental health services, functional assessments, level of care assessments, and treatment plans. A mental health practitioner under the treatment supervision of a mental health professional may provide skill-building services to a child client and complete treatment plans for a child client.
 - (b) A mental health practitioner must not provide treatment supervision to other staff persons. A mental health practitioner may provide direction to mental health rehabilitation workers and mental health behavioral aides.
- (c) A mental health practitioner who provides services to clients according to section 256B.0624 or 256B.0944 may perform crisis assessments and interventions for a client.
- Sec. 130. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 246.18, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2a. **Disposition of interest for the behavioral health fund.** Beginning July 1, 1991, interest earned on cash balances on deposit with the commissioner of management and budget derived from receipts from substance use disorder programs affiliated with state-operated facilities under the commissioner of human services must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a substance use disorder account the behavioral health fund under subdivision 2. Any interest earned is appropriated to the commissioner to operate substance use disorder programs according to subdivision 2.

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Sec. 131. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 254A.19, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

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Subd. 4. **Civil commitments.** A Rule 25 assessment, under Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6615, does not need to be completed for an individual being committed as a chemically dependent person, as defined in section 253B.02, and for the duration of a civil commitment under section 253B.065, 253B.095 or 253B.095 in order for a county to access the behavioral health fund under section 254B.04. The county must determine if the individual meets the financial eligibility requirements for the behavioral health fund under section 254B.04. Nothing in this subdivision prohibits placement in a treatment facility or treatment program governed under this chapter or Minnesota Rules, parts 9530.6600 to 9530.6655.

- Sec. 132. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 254B.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Eligibility.** (a) Persons eligible for benefits under Code of Federal Regulations, title 25, part 20, who meet the income standards of section 256B.056, subdivision 4, and are not enrolled in medical assistance, are entitled to behavioral health fund services. State money appropriated for this paragraph must be placed in a separate account established for this purpose.
 - (b) Persons with dependent children who are determined to be in need of ehemical dependency substance use disorder treatment pursuant to an assessment under section 260E.20, subdivision 1, or in need of chemical dependency treatment pursuant to a case plan under section 260C.201, subdivision 6, or 260C.212, shall be assisted by the local agency to access needed treatment services. Treatment services must be appropriate for the individual or family, which may include long-term care treatment or treatment in a facility that allows the dependent children to stay in the treatment facility. The county shall pay for out-of-home placement costs, if applicable.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), persons enrolled in medical assistance are eligible for room and board services under section 254B.05, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (12).
 - Sec. 133. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 254B.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **American Indian agreements.** The commissioner may enter into agreements with federally recognized tribal units to pay for substance use disorder treatment services provided under Laws 1986, chapter 394, sections 8 to 20. The agreements must clarify how the governing body of the tribal unit fulfills local agency responsibilities regarding:
 - (1) the form and manner of invoicing; and.

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(2) provide that only invoices for eligible vendors according to section 254B.05 will be included in invoices sent to the commissioner for payment, to the extent that money allocated under subdivisions 4 and 5 is used.

- Sec. 134. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256.0112, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Contracts with community mental health boards.** A local agency within the geographic area served by a community mental health board authorized by sections 245.61 to 245.69 245.66, may contract directly with the community mental health board. However, if a local agency outside of the geographic area served by a community mental health board wishes to purchase services from the board, the local agency must follow the requirements under subdivision 6.
- 89.11 Sec. 135. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256.975, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- Subd. 10. **Communities for a lifetime.** (a) For purposes of this subdivision, "communities for a lifetime" means partnerships of small cities, counties, municipalities, statutory or home rule charter cities, or towns, whose citizens seek to affirmatively extend to persons ages 65 and older the opportunities, supports, and services that will enable them to continue to be contributing, civically engaged residents.
- 89.17 (b) The opportunities extended within a reasonable distance to senior residents by
 89.18 communities for a lifetime must include, but not be limited to:
- 89.19 (1) the opportunity to contribute time and talents through volunteer community service;
- 89.20 (2) the opportunity to participate in the paid workforce, with flexibility of hours and scheduling;
 - (3) the opportunity for socializing, recreation, and wellness activities, including both physical exercise and mental stimulation;
- (4) the opportunity to "age in place" and choose among a variety of affordable, accessible housing options, including single-family housing, independent congregate senior housing, and senior housing with services;
- 89.27 (5) the opportunity to access quality long-term care in the setting of the senior's own choice; and
- 89.29 (6) the opportunity for community-wide mobility and to access public transportation, 89.30 including door-to-door assistance and weekend and evening access.

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(c) Communities for a lifetime must demonstrate the availability of supports and services 90.1 for senior residents that include, but are not limited to: 90.2 (1) an array of home and community-based services to support seniors' options to remain 90.3 in an independent living setting as they age and become more frail; 90.4 90.5 (2) access to contemporary remote medical technology for cost-effective home-based monitoring of medical conditions; 90.6 90.7 (3) access to nutrition programs, including congregate meal and home-delivered meal opportunities; 90.8 (4) access to a comprehensive caregiver support system for family members and volunteer 90.9 caregivers, including: 90.10 (i) technological support for caregivers remaining in the paid workforce to manage 90.11 caregiver responsibilities effectively; and 90.12 (ii) respite care that offers temporary substitute care and supervision for frail seniors; 90.13 (5) personal assistance in accessing services and supports, and in seeking financing for 90.14 these services and supports; 90.15 (6) high-quality assisted living facilities within a senior's geographic setting of choice; 90.16 (7) high-quality nursing care facilities within a senior's geographic setting of choice; 90.17 and 90.18 (8) the protection offered to vulnerable seniors by a publicly operated adult protective 90.19 service. 90.20 (d) Communities for a lifetime must also: 90.21 (1) establish an ongoing local commission to advise the community for a lifetime on its 90.22 provision of the opportunities, services, and supports identified in paragraphs (b) and (c); 90.23 (2) offer training and learning opportunities for businesses, civic groups, fire and police 90.24 personnel, and others frequently interacting with seniors on appropriate methods of interacting 90.25 with seniors; and 90.26 (3) incorporate into its local plan, developed in accordance with sections Minnesota 90.27 Statutes 2020, section 366.10, and sections 394.232, and 462.353, elements that address the 90.28 impact of the forecast change in population age structure on land use, housing, public 90.29 facilities, transportation, capital improvement, and other areas addressed by local plans;

provisions addressing the availability of the opportunities, supports, and services identified

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in paragraphs (b) and (c); and strategies to develop physical infrastructure responsive to the needs of the projected population.

(e) In implementing this subdivision, the Minnesota Board on Aging shall:

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- (1) consult with, and when appropriate work through, the area agencies on aging;
- (2) consult with the commissioners of human services, health, and employment and economic development, and the League of Minnesota Cities and other organizations representing local units of government; and
- 91.8 (3) review models of senior-friendly community initiatives from other states and organizations.
- 91.10 (f) The Board on Aging shall report to the legislature by February 28, 2010, with 91.11 recommendations on (1) a process for communities to request and receive the designation 91.12 of community for a lifetime, and (2) funding sources to implement these communities.
- 91.13 Sec. 136. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.04, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 1b. Contract for administrative services for American Indian children. Notwithstanding subdivision 1, the commissioner may contract with federally recognized Indian tribes with a reservation in Minnesota for the provision of early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment administrative services for American Indian children, according to section 256B.0625, subdivision 58, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 441, subpart B, and Minnesota Rules, part 9505.1693 et seq., when the tribe chooses to provide such services. For purposes of this subdivision, "American Indian" has the meaning given to persons to whom services will be provided for in Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, section 36.12. Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 9505.1748, subpart 1, The commissioner, the local agency, and the tribe may contract with any entity for the provision of early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment administrative services.
- 91.26 Sec. 137. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0575, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Reasonable expenses.** For the purposes of subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (9), reasonable expenses are limited to expenses that have not been previously used as a deduction from income and were not:
- 91.30 (1) for long-term care expenses incurred during a period of ineligibility as defined in section 256B.0595, subdivision 2;

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(2) incurred more than three months before the month of application associated with the 92.1 current period of eligibility; 92.2 (3) for expenses incurred by a recipient that are duplicative of services that are covered 92.3 under chapter 256B; 92.4 92.5 (4) nursing facility expenses incurred without a timely assessment as required under section 256B.0911; or 92.6 92.7 (5) for private room fees incurred by an assisted living elient resident, as defined in section 144G.01, subdivision 3 144G.08, subdivision 59. 92.8 92.9 Sec. 138. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0625, subdivision 17, is amended to read: 92.10 Subd. 17. Transportation costs. (a) "Nonemergency medical transportation service" 92.11 means motor vehicle transportation provided by a public or private person that serves 92.12 92.13 Minnesota health care program beneficiaries who do not require emergency ambulance service, as defined in section 144E.001, subdivision 3, to obtain covered medical services. 92.14 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "rural urban commuting area" or "RUCA" means 92.15 a census-tract based classification system under which a geographical area is determined 92.16 to be urban, rural, or super rural. 92.17 (b) (c) Medical assistance covers medical transportation costs incurred solely for obtaining 92.18 emergency medical care or transportation costs incurred by eligible persons in obtaining 92.19 emergency or nonemergency medical care when paid directly to an ambulance company, 92.20 nonemergency medical transportation company, or other recognized providers of 92.21 transportation services. Medical transportation must be provided by: 92.22 (1) nonemergency medical transportation providers who meet the requirements of this 92.23 subdivision; 92.24 (2) ambulances, as defined in section 144E.001, subdivision 2; 92.25 (3) taxicabs that meet the requirements of this subdivision; 92.26 (4) public transit, as defined in section 174.22, subdivision 7; or 92.27 92.28 (5) not-for-hire vehicles, including volunteer drivers, as defined in section 65B.472, subdivision 1, paragraph (h). 92.29 (e) (d) Medical assistance covers nonemergency medical transportation provided by 92.30

nonemergency medical transportation providers enrolled in the Minnesota health care

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programs. All nonemergency medical transportation providers must comply with the
operating standards for special transportation service as defined in sections 174.29 to 174.30
and Minnesota Rules, chapter 8840, and all drivers must be individually enrolled with the
commissioner and reported on the claim as the individual who provided the service. All
nonemergency medical transportation providers shall bill for nonemergency medical
transportation services in accordance with Minnesota health care programs criteria. Publicly
operated transit systems, volunteers, and not-for-hire vehicles are exempt from the
requirements outlined in this paragraph.
(d) (e) An organization may be terminated, denied, or suspended from enrollment if:
(1) the provider has not initiated background studies on the individuals specified in
section 174.30, subdivision 10, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3); or
(2) the provider has initiated background studies on the individuals specified in section
174.30, subdivision 10, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3), and:
(i) the commissioner has sent the provider a notice that the individual has been
disqualified under section 245C.14; and
(ii) the individual has not received a disqualification set-aside specific to the special
transportation services provider under sections 245C.22 and 245C.23.
(e) (f) The administrative agency of nonemergency medical transportation must:
(1) adhere to the policies defined by the commissioner;
(2) pay nonemergency medical transportation providers for services provided to
Minnesota health care programs beneficiaries to obtain covered medical services;
(3) provide data monthly to the commissioner on appeals, complaints, no-shows, canceled
trips, and number of trips by mode; and
(4) by July 1, 2016, in accordance with subdivision 18e, utilize a web-based single
administrative structure assessment tool that meets the technical requirements established
by the commissioner, reconciles trip information with claims being submitted by providers,
and ensures prompt payment for nonemergency medical transportation services.
(f) (g) Until the commissioner implements the single administrative structure and delivery
system under subdivision 18e, clients shall obtain their level-of-service certificate from the
commissioner or an entity approved by the commissioner that does not dispatch rides for

clients using modes of transportation under paragraph (i) (1), clauses (4), (5), (6), and (7).

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(g) (h) The commissioner may use an order by the recipient's attending physician, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant, or a medical or mental health professional to certify that the recipient requires nonemergency medical transportation services. Nonemergency medical transportation providers shall perform driver-assisted services for eligible individuals, when appropriate. Driver-assisted service includes passenger pickup at and return to the individual's residence or place of business, assistance with admittance of the individual to the medical facility, and assistance in passenger securement or in securing of wheelchairs, child seats, or stretchers in the vehicle.

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- (i) Nonemergency medical transportation providers must take clients to the health care provider using the most direct route, and must not exceed 30 miles for a trip to a primary care provider or 60 miles for a trip to a specialty care provider, unless the client receives authorization from the local agency.
- (j) Nonemergency medical transportation providers may not bill for separate base rates for the continuation of a trip beyond the original destination. Nonemergency medical transportation providers must maintain trip logs, which include pickup and drop-off times, signed by the medical provider or client, whichever is deemed most appropriate, attesting to mileage traveled to obtain covered medical services. Clients requesting client mileage reimbursement must sign the trip log attesting mileage traveled to obtain covered medical services.
- (h) (k) The administrative agency shall use the level of service process established by the commissioner to determine the client's most appropriate mode of transportation. If public transit or a certified transportation provider is not available to provide the appropriate service mode for the client, the client may receive a onetime service upgrade.
 - (i) (l) The covered modes of transportation are:
- (1) client reimbursement, which includes client mileage reimbursement provided to clients who have their own transportation, or to family or an acquaintance who provides transportation to the client;
- (2) volunteer transport, which includes transportation by volunteers using their own vehicle;
- (3) unassisted transport, which includes transportation provided to a client by a taxicab or public transit. If a taxicab or public transit is not available, the client can receive transportation from another nonemergency medical transportation provider;

(4) assisted transport, which includes transport provided to clients who require assistance by a nonemergency medical transportation provider;

- (5) lift-equipped/ramp transport, which includes transport provided to a client who is dependent on a device and requires a nonemergency medical transportation provider with a vehicle containing a lift or ramp;
- (6) protected transport, which includes transport provided to a client who has received a prescreening that has deemed other forms of transportation inappropriate and who requires a provider: (i) with a protected vehicle that is not an ambulance or police car and has safety locks, a video recorder, and a transparent thermoplastic partition between the passenger and the vehicle driver; and (ii) who is certified as a protected transport provider; and
- (7) stretcher transport, which includes transport for a client in a prone or supine position and requires a nonemergency medical transportation provider with a vehicle that can transport a client in a prone or supine position.
- (i) (m) The local agency shall be the single administrative agency and shall administer and reimburse for modes defined in paragraph (i) (l) according to paragraphs (m) (p) and (n) (q) when the commissioner has developed, made available, and funded the web-based single administrative structure, assessment tool, and level of need assessment under subdivision 18e. The local agency's financial obligation is limited to funds provided by the state or federal government.
 - (k) (n) The commissioner shall:

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- (1) verify that the mode and use of nonemergency medical transportation is appropriate;
- 95.22 (2) verify that the client is going to an approved medical appointment; and
- 95.23 (3) investigate all complaints and appeals.
 - (1) (o) The administrative agency shall pay for the services provided in this subdivision and seek reimbursement from the commissioner, if appropriate. As vendors of medical care, local agencies are subject to the provisions in section 256B.041, the sanctions and monetary recovery actions in section 256B.064, and Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.2160 to 9505.2245.
 - (m) (p) Payments for nonemergency medical transportation must be paid based on the client's assessed mode under paragraph (h) (k), not the type of vehicle used to provide the service. The medical assistance reimbursement rates for nonemergency medical transportation services that are payable by or on behalf of the commissioner for nonemergency medical transportation services are:

(1) \$0.22 per mile for client reimbursement;

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- 96.2 (2) up to 100 percent of the Internal Revenue Service business deduction rate for volunteer transport;
 - (3) equivalent to the standard fare for unassisted transport when provided by public transit, and \$11 for the base rate and \$1.30 per mile when provided by a nonemergency medical transportation provider;
 - (4) \$13 for the base rate and \$1.30 per mile for assisted transport;
- 96.8 (5) \$18 for the base rate and \$1.55 per mile for lift-equipped/ramp transport;
 - (6) \$75 for the base rate and \$2.40 per mile for protected transport; and
- 96.10 (7) \$60 for the base rate and \$2.40 per mile for stretcher transport, and \$9 per trip for an additional attendant if deemed medically necessary.
- (n) (q) The base rate for nonemergency medical transportation services in areas defined under RUCA to be super rural is equal to 111.3 percent of the respective base rate in paragraph (m) (p), clauses (1) to (7). The mileage rate for nonemergency medical transportation services in areas defined under RUCA to be rural or super rural areas is:
- 96.16 (1) for a trip equal to 17 miles or less, equal to 125 percent of the respective mileage 96.17 rate in paragraph (m) (p), clauses (1) to (7); and
 - (2) for a trip between 18 and 50 miles, equal to 112.5 percent of the respective mileage rate in paragraph (m) (p), clauses (1) to (7).
 - (o) (r) For purposes of reimbursement rates for nonemergency medical transportation services under paragraphs (m) (p) and (n) (q), the zip code of the recipient's place of residence shall determine whether the urban, rural, or super rural reimbursement rate applies.
 - (p) For purposes of this subdivision, "rural urban commuting area" or "RUCA" means a census-tract based classification system under which a geographical area is determined to be urban, rural, or super rural.
- 96.26 (q) (s) The commissioner, when determining reimbursement rates for nonemergency medical transportation under paragraphs (m) (p) and (n) (q), shall exempt all modes of transportation listed under paragraph (i) (l) from Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0445, item R, subitem (2).

97.1 Sec. 139. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0625, subdivision 57, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 57. **Payment for Part B Medicare crossover claims.** (a) Effective for services provided on or after January 1, 2012, medical assistance payment for an enrollee's cost-sharing associated with Medicare Part B is limited to an amount up to the medical assistance total allowed, when the medical assistance rate exceeds the amount paid by Medicare.
- (b) Excluded from this limitation are payments for mental health services and payments for dialysis services provided to end-stage renal disease patients. The exclusion for mental health services does not apply to payments for physician services provided by psychiatrists and advanced practice registered nurses with a specialty in mental health.
- 97.12 (c) Excluded from this limitation are payments to federally qualified health centers,
 97.13 Indian Health Services, rural health clinics, and CCBHCs subject to the prospective payment
 97.14 system under subdivision 5m.
- 97.15 Sec. 140. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0671, is amended to read:

97.16 **256B.0671 COVERED MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES.**

- 97.17 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) "Clinical trainee" means a staff person who is qualified under section 245I.04, subdivision 6.
- 97.19 (b) "Mental health practitioner" means a staff person who is qualified under section 97.20 245I.04, subdivision 4.
- 97.21 (c) "Mental health professional" means a staff person who is qualified under section 97.22 245I.04, subdivision 2.
- 97.23 Subd. 2. **Generally.** (a) An individual, organization, or government entity providing mental health services to a client under this section must obtain a criminal background study of each staff person or volunteer who is providing direct contact services to a client.
- (b) An individual, organization, or government entity providing mental health services to a client under this section must comply with all responsibilities that chapter 245I assigns to a license holder, except section 245I.011, subdivision 1, unless all of the individual's, organization's, or government entity's treatment staff are qualified as mental health professionals.

(c) An individual, organization, or government entity providing mental health services 98.1 to a client under this section must comply with the following requirements if all of the 98.2 license holder's treatment staff are qualified as mental health professionals: 98.3 (1) provider qualifications and scopes of practice under section 245I.04; 98.4 98.5 (2) maintaining and updating personnel files under section 245I.07; (3) documenting under section 245I.08; 98.6 98.7 (4) maintaining and updating client files under section 245I.09; (5) completing client assessments and treatment planning under section 245I.10; 98.8 (6) providing clients with health services and medications under section 245I.11; and 98.9 (7) respecting and enforcing client rights under section 245I.12. 98.10 Subd. 3. Adult day treatment services. (a) Subject to federal approval, Medical 98.11 assistance covers adult day treatment (ADT) services that are provided under contract with 98.12 the county board. Adult day treatment payment is subject to the conditions in paragraphs 98.13 (b) to (e). The provider must make reasonable and good faith efforts to report individual 98.14 client outcomes to the commissioner using instruments, protocols, and forms approved by 98.15 the commissioner. 98.16 (b) Adult day treatment is an intensive psychotherapeutic treatment to reduce or relieve 98.17 the effects of mental illness on a client to enable the client to benefit from a lower level of 98.18 care and to live and function more independently in the community. Adult day treatment 98.19 services must be provided to a client to stabilize the client's mental health and to improve 98.20 the client's independent living and socialization skills. Adult day treatment must consist of 98.21 at least one hour of group psychotherapy and must include group time focused on 98.22 rehabilitative interventions or other therapeutic services that a multidisciplinary team provides 98.23 to each client. Adult day treatment services are not a part of inpatient or residential treatment 98.24 98.25 services. The following providers may apply to become adult day treatment providers: (1) a hospital accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health 98.26 Organizations and licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.55; 98.27 (2) a community mental health center under section 256B.0625, subdivision 5; or 98.28 (3) an entity that is under contract with the county board to operate a program that meets 98.29 the requirements of section 245.4712, subdivision 2, and Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.0170 98.30

(c) An adult day treatment services provider must:

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(1) ensure that the commissioner has approved of the organization as an adult day 99.1 treatment provider organization; 99.2 (2) ensure that a multidisciplinary team provides ADT services to a group of clients. A 99.3 mental health professional must supervise each multidisciplinary staff person who provides 99.4 ADT services; 99.5 (3) make ADT services available to the client at least two days a week for at least three 99.6 consecutive hours per day. ADT services may be longer than three hours per day, but medical 99.7 assistance may not reimburse a provider for more than 15 hours per week; 99.8 (4) provide ADT services to each client that includes group psychotherapy by a mental 99.9 health professional or clinical trainee and daily rehabilitative interventions by a mental 99.10 health professional, clinical trainee, or mental health practitioner; and 99.11 (5) include ADT services in the client's individual treatment plan, when appropriate. 99.12 The adult day treatment provider must: 99.13 (i) complete a functional assessment of each client under section 245I.10, subdivision 99.14 9; 99.15 (ii) notwithstanding section 245I.10, subdivision 8, review the client's progress and 99.16 update the individual treatment plan at least every 90 days until the client is discharged 99.17 from the program; and 99.18 (iii) include a discharge plan for the client in the client's individual treatment plan. 99.19 (d) To be eligible for adult day treatment, a client must: 99.20 (1) be 18 years of age or older; 99.21 (2) not reside in a nursing facility, hospital, institute of mental disease, or state-operated 99.22 treatment center unless the client has an active discharge plan that indicates a move to an 99.23 99.24 independent living setting within 180 days; (3) have the capacity to engage in rehabilitative programming, skills activities, and 99.25 99.26 psychotherapy in the structured, therapeutic setting of an adult day treatment program and demonstrate measurable improvements in functioning resulting from participation in the 99.27 adult day treatment program; 99.28 (4) have a level of care assessment under section 245I.02, subdivision 19, recommending 99.29 that the client participate in services with the level of intensity and duration of an adult day 99.30

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treatment program; and

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- (5) have the recommendation of a mental health professional for adult day treatment services. The mental health professional must find that adult day treatment services are medically necessary for the client.
- (e) Medical assistance does not cover the following services as adult day treatment services:
- 100.6 (1) services that are primarily recreational or that are provided in a setting that is not 100.7 under medical supervision, including sports activities, exercise groups, craft hours, leisure 100.8 time, social hours, meal or snack time, trips to community activities, and tours;
- 100.9 (2) social or educational services that do not have or cannot reasonably be expected to have a therapeutic outcome related to the client's mental illness;
- 100.11 (3) consultations with other providers or service agency staff persons about the care or progress of a client;
- (4) prevention or education programs that are provided to the community;
- 100.14 (5) day treatment for clients with a primary diagnosis of a substance use disorder;
- 100.15 (6) day treatment provided in the client's home;

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- 100.16 (7) psychotherapy for more than two hours per day; and
- 100.17 (8) participation in meal preparation and eating that is not part of a clinical treatment plan to address the client's eating disorder.
- Subd. 4. **Explanation of findings.** (a) Subject to federal approval, Medical assistance covers an explanation of findings that a mental health professional or clinical trainee provides when the provider has obtained the authorization from the client or the client's representative to release the information.
 - (b) A mental health professional or clinical trainee provides an explanation of findings to assist the client or related parties in understanding the results of the client's testing or diagnostic assessment and the client's mental illness, and provides professional insight that the client or related parties need to carry out a client's treatment plan. Related parties may include the client's family and other natural supports and other service providers working with the client.
- (c) An explanation of findings is not paid for separately when a mental health professional or clinical trainee explains the results of psychological testing or a diagnostic assessment to the client or the client's representative as part of the client's psychological testing or a diagnostic assessment.

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Subd. 5. Family psychoeducation services. (a) Subject to federal approval, Medical assistance covers family psychoeducation services provided to a child up to age 21 with a diagnosed mental health condition when identified in the child's individual treatment plan and provided by a mental health professional or a clinical trainee who has determined it medically necessary to involve family members in the child's care.

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- (b) "Family psychoeducation services" means information or demonstration provided to an individual or family as part of an individual, family, multifamily group, or peer group session to explain, educate, and support the child and family in understanding a child's symptoms of mental illness, the impact on the child's development, and needed components of treatment and skill development so that the individual, family, or group can help the child to prevent relapse, prevent the acquisition of comorbid disorders, and achieve optimal mental health and long-term resilience.
- Subd. 6. Dialectical behavior therapy. (a) Subject to federal approval, Medical assistance covers intensive mental health outpatient treatment for dialectical behavior therapy. A dialectical behavior therapy provider must make reasonable and good faith efforts to report individual client outcomes to the commissioner using instruments and protocols that are approved by the commissioner.
- (b) "Dialectical behavior therapy" means an evidence-based treatment approach that a 101.18 mental health professional or clinical trainee provides to a client or a group of clients in an 101.19 intensive outpatient treatment program using a combination of individualized rehabilitative and psychotherapeutic interventions. A dialectical behavior therapy program involves: 101.21 individual dialectical behavior therapy, group skills training, telephone coaching, and team 101.22 consultation meetings. 101.23
 - (c) To be eligible for dialectical behavior therapy, a client must:
- (1) have mental health needs that available community-based services cannot meet or 101.25 that the client must receive concurrently with other community-based services; 101.26
- (2) have either: 101.27
- (i) a diagnosis of borderline personality disorder; or 101.28
- (ii) multiple mental health diagnoses, exhibit behaviors characterized by impulsivity or 101.29 intentional self-harm, and be at significant risk of death, morbidity, disability, or severe 101.30 dysfunction in multiple areas of the client's life; 101.31

(3) be cognitively capable of participating in dialectical behavior therapy as an intensive therapy program and be able and willing to follow program policies and rules to ensure the safety of the client and others; and

- (4) be at significant risk of one or more of the following if the client does not receive dialectical behavior therapy:
- (i) having a mental health crisis;
 - (ii) requiring a more restrictive setting such as hospitalization;
- 102.8 (iii) decompensating; or

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- (iv) engaging in intentional self-harm behavior.
 - (d) Individual dialectical behavior therapy combines individualized rehabilitative and psychotherapeutic interventions to treat a client's suicidal and other dysfunctional behaviors and to reinforce a client's use of adaptive skillful behaviors. A mental health professional or clinical trainee must provide individual dialectical behavior therapy to a client. A mental health professional or clinical trainee providing dialectical behavior therapy to a client must:
- 102.15 (1) identify, prioritize, and sequence the client's behavioral targets;
- 102.16 (2) treat the client's behavioral targets;
- 102.17 (3) assist the client in applying dialectical behavior therapy skills to the client's natural environment through telephone coaching outside of treatment sessions;
- 102.19 (4) measure the client's progress toward dialectical behavior therapy targets;
- 102.20 (5) help the client manage mental health crises and life-threatening behaviors; and
- 102.21 (6) help the client learn and apply effective behaviors when working with other treatment providers.
 - (e) Group skills training combines individualized psychotherapeutic and psychiatric rehabilitative interventions conducted in a group setting to reduce the client's suicidal and other dysfunctional coping behaviors and restore function. Group skills training must teach the client adaptive skills in the following areas: (1) mindfulness; (2) interpersonal effectiveness; (3) emotional regulation; and (4) distress tolerance.
- (f) Group skills training must be provided by two mental health professionals or by a mental health professional co-facilitating with a clinical trainee or a mental health practitioner.

 Individual skills training must be provided by a mental health professional, a clinical trainee, or a mental health practitioner.

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(g) Before a program provides dialectical behavior therapy to a client, the commissioner 103.1 must certify the program as a dialectical behavior therapy provider. To qualify for 103.2 certification as a dialectical behavior therapy provider, a provider must: 103.3 (1) allow the commissioner to inspect the provider's program; 103.4 103.5 (2) provide evidence to the commissioner that the program's policies, procedures, and practices meet the requirements of this subdivision and chapter 245I; 103.6 103.7 (3) be enrolled as a MHCP provider; and (4) have a manual that outlines the program's policies, procedures, and practices that 103.8 meet the requirements of this subdivision. 103.9 103.10 Subd. 7. Mental health clinical care consultation. (a) Subject to federal approval, Medical assistance covers clinical care consultation for a person up to age 21 who is 103.11 diagnosed with a complex mental health condition or a mental health condition that co-occurs 103.12 with other complex and chronic conditions, when described in the person's individual 103.13 treatment plan and provided by a mental health professional or a clinical trainee. 103.14 (b) "Clinical care consultation" means communication from a treating mental health 103.15 professional to other providers or educators not under the treatment supervision of the 103.16 treating mental health professional who are working with the same client to inform, inquire, 103.17 and instruct regarding the client's symptoms; strategies for effective engagement, care, and 103.18 intervention needs; and treatment expectations across service settings and to direct and coordinate clinical service components provided to the client and family. 103.20 Subd. 8. Neuropsychological assessment. (a) Subject to federal approval, Medical 103.21 assistance covers a client's neuropsychological assessment. 103.22 (b) "Neuropsychological assessment" means a specialized clinical assessment of the 103.23 client's underlying cognitive abilities related to thinking, reasoning, and judgment that is 103.24 conducted by a qualified neuropsychologist. A neuropsychological assessment must include 103.25 a face-to-face interview with the client, interpretation of the test results, and preparation 103.26 103.27 and completion of a report. (c) A client is eligible for a neuropsychological assessment if the client meets at least 103.28 one of the following criteria: 103.29

103.33 disorder, significant exposure to neurotoxins, central nervous system infection, metabolic

(1) the client has a known or strongly suspected brain disorder based on the client's

medical history or the client's prior neurological evaluation, including a history of significant

head trauma, brain tumor, stroke, seizure disorder, multiple sclerosis, neurodegenerative

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or toxic encephalopathy, fetal alcohol syndrome, or congenital malformation of the brain; or

- (2) the client has cognitive or behavioral symptoms that suggest that the client has an organic condition that cannot be readily attributed to functional psychopathology or suspected neuropsychological impairment in addition to functional psychopathology. The client's symptoms may include:
- (i) having a poor memory or impaired problem solving;
- 104.8 (ii) experiencing change in mental status evidenced by lethargy, confusion, or disorientation;
- (iii) experiencing a deteriorating level of functioning;

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- (iv) displaying a marked change in behavior or personality;
- 104.12 (v) in a child or an adolescent, having significant delays in acquiring academic skill or 104.13 poor attention relative to peers;
- 104.14 (vi) in a child or an adolescent, having reached a significant plateau in expected
 104.15 development of cognitive, social, emotional, or physical functioning relative to peers; and
- 104.16 (vii) in a child or an adolescent, significant inability to develop expected knowledge, skills, or abilities to adapt to new or changing cognitive, social, emotional, or physical demands.
- (d) The neuropsychological assessment must be completed by a neuropsychologist who:
- 104.20 (1) was awarded a diploma by the American Board of Clinical Neuropsychology, the
 104.21 American Board of Professional Neuropsychology, or the American Board of Pediatric
 104.22 Neuropsychology;
- 104.23 (2) earned a doctoral degree in psychology from an accredited university training program and:
- 104.25 (i) completed an internship or its equivalent in a clinically relevant area of professional psychology;
- 104.27 (ii) completed the equivalent of two full-time years of experience and specialized training, 104.28 at least one of which is at the postdoctoral level, supervised by a clinical neuropsychologist 104.29 in the study and practice of clinical neuropsychology and related neurosciences; and
- 104.30 (iii) holds a current license to practice psychology independently according to sections 104.31 148.88 to 148.98;

(3) is licensed or credentialed by another state's board of psychology examiners in the 105.1 specialty of neuropsychology using requirements equivalent to requirements specified by 105.2 one of the boards named in clause (1); or 105.3 (4) was approved by the commissioner as an eligible provider of neuropsychological 105.4 105.5 assessments prior to December 31, 2010. Subd. 9. Neuropsychological testing. (a) Subject to federal approval, Medical assistance 105.6 covers neuropsychological testing for clients. 105.7 (b) "Neuropsychological testing" means administering standardized tests and measures 105.8 designed to evaluate the client's ability to attend to, process, interpret, comprehend, 105.9 communicate, learn, and recall information and use problem solving and judgment. 105.10 (c) Medical assistance covers neuropsychological testing of a client when the client: 105.11 105.12 (1) has a significant mental status change that is not a result of a metabolic disorder and that has failed to respond to treatment; 105.13 (2) is a child or adolescent with a significant plateau in expected development of 105.14 cognitive, social, emotional, or physical function relative to peers; 105.15 (3) is a child or adolescent with a significant inability to develop expected knowledge, 105.16 skills, or abilities to adapt to new or changing cognitive, social, physical, or emotional demands; or 105.18 (4) has a significant behavioral change, memory loss, or suspected neuropsychological 105.19 impairment in addition to functional psychopathology, or other organic brain injury or one 105.20 of the following: 105.21 105.22 (i) traumatic brain injury; 105.23 (ii) stroke; (iii) brain tumor; 105.24 (iv) substance use disorder; 105.25 (v) cerebral anoxic or hypoxic episode; 105.26 (vi) central nervous system infection or other infectious disease; 105.27 (vii) neoplasms or vascular injury of the central nervous system; 105.28 (viii) neurodegenerative disorders; 105.29 (ix) demyelinating disease; 105.30

(b) "Psychological testing" means the use of tests or other psychometric instruments to

determine the status of a client's mental, intellectual, and emotional functioning.

covers psychological testing of a client.

(c) The psychological testing must:

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(1) be administered or supervised by a licensed psychologist qualified under section 245I.04, subdivision 2, clause (3), who is competent in the area of psychological testing; and

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- (2) be validated in a face-to-face interview between the client and a licensed psychologist or a clinical trainee in psychology under the treatment supervision of a licensed psychologist under section 245I.06.
- (d) A licensed psychologist must supervise the administration, scoring, and interpretation of a client's psychological tests when a clinical psychology trainee, technician, psychometrist, or psychological assistant or a computer-assisted psychological testing program completes the psychological testing of the client. The report resulting from the psychological testing must be signed by the licensed psychologist who conducts the face-to-face interview with the client. The licensed psychologist or a staff person who is under treatment supervision must place the client's psychological testing report in the client's record and release one copy of the report to the client and additional copies to individuals authorized by the client to receive the report.
- Subd. 11. Psychotherapy. (a) Subject to federal approval, Medical assistance covers 107.16 psychotherapy for a client. 107.17
- (b) "Psychotherapy" means treatment of a client with mental illness that applies to the 107.18 most appropriate psychological, psychiatric, psychosocial, or interpersonal method that 107.19 conforms to prevailing community standards of professional practice to meet the mental 107.20 health needs of the client. Medical assistance covers psychotherapy if a mental health professional or a clinical trainee provides psychotherapy to a client. 107.22
 - (c) "Individual psychotherapy" means psychotherapy that a mental health professional or clinical trainee designs for a client.
- (d) "Family psychotherapy" means psychotherapy that a mental health professional or 107.25 clinical trainee designs for a client and one or more of the client's family members or primary caregiver whose participation is necessary to accomplish the client's treatment goals. Family 107.27 members or primary caregivers participating in a therapy session do not need to be eligible 107.28 for medical assistance for medical assistance to cover family psychotherapy. For purposes 107.29 of this paragraph, "primary caregiver whose participation is necessary to accomplish the 107.30 client's treatment goals" excludes shift or facility staff persons who work at the client's 107.31 residence. Medical assistance payments for family psychotherapy are limited to face-to-face 107.32 sessions during which the client is present throughout the session, unless the mental health 107.33 professional or clinical trainee believes that the client's exclusion from the family 107.34

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psychotherapy session is necessary to meet the goals of the client's individual treatment plan. If the client is excluded from a family psychotherapy session, a mental health professional or clinical trainee must document the reason for the client's exclusion and the length of time that the client is excluded. The mental health professional must also document any reason that a member of the client's family is excluded from a psychotherapy session.

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- (e) Group psychotherapy is appropriate for a client who, because of the nature of the client's emotional, behavioral, or social dysfunctions, can benefit from treatment in a group setting. For a group of three to eight clients, at least one mental health professional or clinical trainee must provide psychotherapy to the group. For a group of nine to 12 clients, a team of at least two mental health professionals or two clinical trainees or one mental health professional and one clinical trainee must provide psychotherapy to the group. Medical assistance will cover group psychotherapy for a group of no more than 12 persons.
- (f) A multiple-family group psychotherapy session is eligible for medical assistance if a mental health professional or clinical trainee designs the psychotherapy session for at least two but not more than five families. A mental health professional or clinical trainee must design multiple-family group psychotherapy sessions to meet the treatment needs of each client. If the client is excluded from a psychotherapy session, the mental health professional or clinical trainee must document the reason for the client's exclusion and the length of time that the client was excluded. The mental health professional or clinical trainee must document any reason that a member of the client's family was excluded from a psychotherapy session.
- Subd. 12. Partial hospitalization. (a) Subject to federal approval, Medical assistance covers a client's partial hospitalization.
- (b) "Partial hospitalization" means a provider's time-limited, structured program of psychotherapy and other therapeutic services, as defined in United States Code, title 42, chapter 7, subchapter XVIII, part E, section 1395x(ff), that a multidisciplinary staff person provides in an outpatient hospital facility or community mental health center that meets Medicare requirements to provide partial hospitalization services to a client.
- (c) Partial hospitalization is an appropriate alternative to inpatient hospitalization for a client who is experiencing an acute episode of mental illness who meets the criteria for an inpatient hospital admission under Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0520, subpart 1, and who has family and community resources that support the client's residence in the community. Partial hospitalization consists of multiple intensive short-term therapeutic services for a 108.32 client that a multidisciplinary staff person provides to a client to treat the client's mental illness.

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SF1497 **JSK** S1497-1 **REVISOR** 1st Engrossment Subd. 13. Diagnostic assessments. Subject to federal approval, Medical assistance 109.1 covers a client's diagnostic assessments that a mental health professional or clinical trainee 109.2 109.3 completes under section 245I.10. Sec. 141. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0943, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 109.4 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have 109.5 the meanings given them. 109.6 (a) (b) "Children's therapeutic services and supports" means the flexible package of 109.7 mental health services for children who require varying therapeutic and rehabilitative levels 109.8 of intervention to treat a diagnosed emotional disturbance, as defined in section 245.4871, 109.9 subdivision 15, or a diagnosed mental illness, as defined in section 245.462, subdivision 20. The services are time-limited interventions that are delivered using various treatment modalities and combinations of services designed to reach treatment outcomes identified 109.12 in the individual treatment plan. 109.13 (b) (c) "Clinical trainee" means a staff person who is qualified according to section 109.14 245I.04, subdivision 6. 109.15 (e) (d) "Crisis planning" has the meaning given in section 245.4871, subdivision 9a. 109.16 (d) (e) "Culturally competent provider" means a provider who understands and can 109.17 utilize to a client's benefit the client's culture when providing services to the client. A provider 109.18 may be culturally competent because the provider is of the same cultural or ethnic group 109.19 as the client or the provider has developed the knowledge and skills through training and 109.20 experience to provide services to culturally diverse clients. 109.21 (e) (f) "Day treatment program" for children means a site-based structured mental health 109.22 109.23 skills training provided by a team, under the treatment supervision of a mental health 109.24

program consisting of psychotherapy for three or more individuals and individual or group professional.

(f) "Standard diagnostic assessment" means the assessment described in 245I.10, subdivision 6.

(g) "Direct service time" means the time that a mental health professional, clinical trainee, mental health practitioner, or mental health behavioral aide spends face-to-face with a client and the client's family or providing covered services through telehealth as defined under section 256B.0625, subdivision 3b. Direct service time includes time in which the provider obtains a client's history, develops a client's treatment plan, records individual treatment outcomes, or provides service components of children's therapeutic services and supports.

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Direct service time does not include time doing work before and after providing direct 110.1 services, including scheduling or maintaining clinical records. 110.2

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- (h) "Direction of mental health behavioral aide" means the activities of a mental health professional, clinical trainee, or mental health practitioner in guiding the mental health behavioral aide in providing services to a client. The direction of a mental health behavioral aide must be based on the client's individual treatment plan and meet the requirements in subdivision 6, paragraph (b), clause (7).
- (i) "Emotional disturbance" has the meaning given in section 245.4871, subdivision 15. 110.8
- (j) "Individual treatment plan" means the plan described in section 245I.10, subdivisions 110.9 7 and 8. 110.10
- (k) "Mental health behavioral aide services" means medically necessary one-on-one 110.11 activities performed by a mental health behavioral aide qualified according to section 110.12 245I.04, subdivision 16, to assist a child retain or generalize psychosocial skills as previously 110.13 trained by a mental health professional, clinical trainee, or mental health practitioner and 110.14 as described in the child's individual treatment plan and individual behavior plan. Activities 110.15 involve working directly with the child or child's family as provided in subdivision 9, 110.16 paragraph (b), clause (4). 110.17
- (l) "Mental health certified family peer specialist" means a staff person who is qualified 110.18 according to section 245I.04, subdivision 12. 110.19
- (m) "Mental health practitioner" means a staff person who is qualified according to 110.20 section 245I.04, subdivision 4. 110.21
- (n) "Mental health professional" means a staff person who is qualified according to 110.22 section 245I.04, subdivision 2. 110.23
 - (o) "Mental health service plan development" includes:
- (1) development and revision of a child's individual treatment plan; and 110.25
- (2) administering and reporting the standardized outcome measurements in section 110.26 245I.10, subdivision 6, paragraph (d), clauses (3) and (4), and other standardized outcome 110.27 measurements approved by the commissioner, as periodically needed to evaluate the 110.28 effectiveness of treatment. 110.29
- (p) "Mental illness," for persons at least age 18 but under age 21, has the meaning given 110.30 in section 245.462, subdivision 20, paragraph (a).

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- (q) "Psychotherapy" means the treatment described in section 256B.0671, subdivision 111.2
- (r) "Rehabilitative services" or "psychiatric rehabilitation services" means interventions 111.3 to: (1) restore a child or adolescent to an age-appropriate developmental trajectory that had 111.4 been disrupted by a psychiatric illness; or (2) enable the child to self-monitor, compensate 111.5 for, cope with, counteract, or replace psychosocial skills deficits or maladaptive skills 111.6 acquired over the course of a psychiatric illness. Psychiatric rehabilitation services for 111.7 111.8 children combine coordinated psychotherapy to address internal psychological, emotional, and intellectual processing deficits, and skills training to restore personal and social 111.9 functioning. Psychiatric rehabilitation services establish a progressive series of goals with 111.10 each achievement building upon a prior achievement. 111.11
- (s) "Skills training" means individual, family, or group training, delivered by or under the supervision of a mental health professional, designed to facilitate the acquisition of psychosocial skills that are medically necessary to rehabilitate the child to an age-appropriate developmental trajectory heretofore disrupted by a psychiatric illness or to enable the child to self-monitor, compensate for, cope with, counteract, or replace skills deficits or maladaptive skills acquired over the course of a psychiatric illness. Skills training is subject to the service delivery requirements under subdivision 9, paragraph (b), clause (2).
- 111.19 (t) "Standard diagnostic assessment" means the assessment described in section 245I.10, subdivision 6.
- (t) (u) "Treatment supervision" means the supervision described in section 245I.06.
- Sec. 142. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0947, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. **Required service components.** (a) Intensive nonresidential rehabilitative mental health services, supports, and ancillary activities that are covered by a single daily rate per client must include the following, as needed by the individual client:
- (1) individual, family, and group psychotherapy;
- (2) individual, family, and group skills training, as defined in section 256B.0943, subdivision 1, paragraph (t) (u);
- (3) crisis planning as defined in section 245.4871, subdivision 9a;
- 111.31 (4) medication management provided by a physician, an advanced practice registered 111.32 nurse with certification in psychiatric and mental health care, or a physician assistant;

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112.1 (5) mental health case management as provided in section 256B.0625, subdivision 20;

- (6) medication education services as defined in this section;
- 112.3 (7) care coordination by a client-specific lead worker assigned by and responsible to the treatment team;
- 112.5 (8) psychoeducation of and consultation and coordination with the client's biological, 112.6 adoptive, or foster family and, in the case of a youth living independently, the client's 112.7 immediate nonfamilial support network;
- 112.8 (9) clinical consultation to a client's employer or school or to other service agencies or 112.9 to the courts to assist in managing the mental illness or co-occurring disorder and to develop 112.10 client support systems;
- (10) coordination with, or performance of, crisis intervention and stabilization services as defined in section 256B.0624;
- 112.13 (11) transition services;

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- 112.14 (12) co-occurring substance use disorder treatment as defined in section 245I.02, subdivision 11; and
- (13) housing access support that assists clients to find, obtain, retain, and move to safe and adequate housing. Housing access support does not provide monetary assistance for rent, damage deposits, or application fees.
- 112.19 (b) The provider shall ensure and document the following by means of performing the required function or by contracting with a qualified person or entity: client access to crisis intervention services, as defined in section 256B.0624, and available 24 hours per day and seven days per week.
- Sec. 143. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.4912, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Payment rate criteria.** (a) The payment methodologies under this section shall reflect the payment rate criteria in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d).
- (b) Payment rates shall reflect the reasonable, ordinary, and necessary costs of service delivery.
- (c) Payment rates shall be sufficient to enlist enough providers so that care and services are available at least to the extent that such care and services are available to the general population in the geographic area as required by section 1902(a)(30)(A) of the Social Security Act.

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(d) The commissioner must not reimburse: 113.1

(1) unauthorized service delivery;

fee-for-service basis.

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- (2) services provided under a receipt of a special grant; 113.3
- (3) services provided under contract to a local school district; 113.4
- (4) extended employment services under Minnesota Rules, parts 3300.2005 to 3300.3100 113.5 3300.6000 to 3300.6070, or vocational rehabilitation services provided under the federal 113.6 113.7 Rehabilitation Act, as amended, Title I, section 110, or Title VI-C, and not through use of medical assistance or county social service funds; or
- 113.9 (5) services provided to a client by a licensed medical, therapeutic, or rehabilitation practitioner or any other vendor of medical care which are billed separately on a 113.10
- Sec. 144. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.50, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 113.12
- Subdivision 1. Scope. A provider may appeal from a determination of a payment rate 113.13 established pursuant to this chapter or allowed costs under chapter 256R if the appeal, if successful, would result in a change to the provider's payment rate or to the calculation of 113.15 maximum charges to therapy vendors as provided by section 256R.54. Appeals must be 113.16 filed in accordance with procedures in this section. This section does not apply to a request 113.17 from a resident or long-term care facility for reconsideration of the classification of a resident 113.18 under section 144.0722 144.0724. 113.19
- Sec. 145. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.76, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 113.20
- 113.21 Subdivision 1. Physician reimbursement. (a) Effective for services rendered on or after October 1, 1992, the commissioner shall make payments for physician services as follows: 113.22
- 113.23 (1) payment for level one Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' common procedural coding system codes titled "office and other outpatient services," "preventive 113.24 medicine new and established patient," "delivery, antepartum, and postpartum care," "critical 113.25 care," cesarean delivery and pharmacologic management provided to psychiatric patients, 113.26 and level three codes for enhanced services for prenatal high risk, shall be paid at the lower 113.27 of (i) submitted charges, or (ii) 25 percent above the rate in effect on June 30, 1992; 113.28
- (2) payments for all other services shall be paid at the lower of (i) submitted charges, 113.29 or (ii) 15.4 percent above the rate in effect on June 30, 1992; and 113.30

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(3) all physician rates shall be converted from the 50th percentile of 1982 to the 50th percentile of 1989, less the percent in aggregate necessary to equal the above increases except that payment rates for home health agency services shall be the rates in effect on September 30, 1992.

- (b) Effective for services rendered on or after January 1, 2000, payment rates for physician and professional services shall be increased by three percent over the rates in effect on December 31, 1999, except for home health agency and family planning agency services. The increases in this paragraph shall be implemented January 1, 2000, for managed care.
- (c) Effective for services rendered on or after July 1, 2009, payment rates for physician and professional services shall be reduced by five percent, except that for the period July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2010, payment rates shall be reduced by 6.5 percent for the medical assistance and general assistance medical care programs, over the rates in effect on June 30, 2009. This reduction and the reductions in paragraph (d) do not apply to office or other outpatient visits, preventive medicine visits and family planning visits billed by physicians, advanced practice registered nurses, or physician assistants in a family planning agency or in one of the following primary care practices: general practice, general internal medicine, general pediatrics, general geriatrics, and family medicine. This reduction and the reductions in paragraph (d) do not apply to federally qualified health centers, rural health centers, and Indian health services. Effective October 1, 2009, payments made to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans under sections 256B.69, 256B.692, and 256L.12 shall reflect the payment reduction described in this paragraph.
- (d) Effective for services rendered on or after July 1, 2010, payment rates for physician and professional services shall be reduced an additional seven percent over the five percent reduction in rates described in paragraph (c). This additional reduction does not apply to physical therapy services, occupational therapy services, and speech pathology and related services provided on or after July 1, 2010. This additional reduction does not apply to physician services billed by a psychiatrist or an advanced practice registered nurse with a specialty in mental health. Effective October 1, 2010, payments made to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans under sections 256B.69, 256B.692, and 256L.12 shall reflect the payment reduction described in this paragraph.
- (e) Effective for services rendered on or after September 1, 2011, through June 30, 2013, payment rates for physician and professional services shall be reduced three percent from 114.32 the rates in effect on August 31, 2011. This reduction does not apply to physical therapy services, occupational therapy services, and speech pathology and related services. 114.34

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(f) Effective for services rendered on or after September 1, 2014, payment rates for physician and professional services, including physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech pathology, and mental health services shall be increased by five percent from the rates in effect on August 31, 2014. In calculating this rate increase, the commissioner shall not include in the base rate for August 31, 2014, the rate increase provided under section 256B.76, subdivision 7. This increase does not apply to federally qualified health centers, rural health centers, and Indian health services. Payments made to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans shall not be adjusted to reflect payments under this paragraph.

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- (g) Effective for services rendered on or after July 1, 2015, payment rates for physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech pathology and related services provided by a 115.10 hospital meeting the criteria specified in section 62Q.19, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause 115.11 (4), shall be increased by 90 percent from the rates in effect on June 30, 2015. Payments 115.12 made to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans shall not be adjusted to 115.13 reflect payments under this paragraph. 115.14
- (h) Any ratables effective before July 1, 2015, do not apply to early intensive developmental and behavioral intervention (EIDBI) benefits described in section 256B.0949. 115.16
- Sec. 146. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256G.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 115.17
- Subdivision 1. Commitment proceedings. In cases of voluntary admission or 115.18 commitment to state or other institutions, the committing county shall initially pay for all 115.19 costs. This includes the expenses of the taking into custody, confinement, emergency holds 115.20 under sections 253B.05 253B.051, subdivisions 1 and 2, and 253B.07, examination, 115.21 115.22 commitment, conveyance to the place of detention, rehearing, and hearings under section 253B.092, including hearings held under that section which are venued outside the county 115.23 of commitment. 115.24
 - Sec. 147. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256J.54, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Assessment of educational progress and needs. (a) The county agency 115.26 must document the educational level of each MFIP caregiver who is under the age of 20 115.27 and determine if the caregiver has obtained a high school diploma or its equivalent. If the 115.28 caregiver has not obtained a high school diploma or its equivalent, the county agency must 115.29 complete an individual assessment for the caregiver unless the caregiver is exempt from 115.30 the requirement to attend school under subdivision 5 or has chosen to have an employment 115.31 plan under section 256J.521, subdivision 2, as allowed in paragraph (b). The assessment 115.32 must be performed as soon as possible but within 30 days of determining MFIP eligibility 115.33

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for the caregiver. The assessment must provide an initial examination of the caregiver's educational progress and needs, literacy level, child care and supportive service needs, family circumstances, skills, and work experience. In the case of a caregiver under the age of 18, the assessment must also consider the results of either the caregiver's or the caregiver's minor child's child and teen checkup under Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.0275 and 9505.1693 to 9505.1748 section 256B.0625, subdivision 58, if available, and the effect of a child's development and educational needs on the caregiver's ability to participate in the program. The county agency must advise the caregiver that the caregiver's first goal must be to complete an appropriate education option if one is identified for the caregiver through the assessment and, in consultation with educational agencies, must review the various school completion options with the caregiver and assist in selecting the most appropriate option.

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(b) The county agency must give a caregiver, who is age 18 or 19 and has not obtained a high school diploma or its equivalent, the option to choose an employment plan with an education option under subdivision 3 or an employment plan under section 256J.521, subdivision 2.

Sec. 148. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256L.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 116.16

Subd. 4. Families with children in need of substance use disorder

treatment. Premiums for families with children when a parent has been determined to be in need of chemical dependency substance use disorder treatment pursuant to an assessment conducted by the county under section 260E.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (g), or in need of chemical dependency treatment pursuant to a case plan under section 260C.201, subdivision 6, or 260C.212, who are eligible for MinnesotaCare under section 256L.04, subdivision 1, may be paid by the county of residence of the person in need of treatment for one year from the date the family is determined to be eligible or if the family is currently enrolled in MinnesotaCare from the date the person is determined to be in need of substance use disorder treatment. Upon renewal, the family is responsible for any premiums owed under section 256L.15. If the family is not currently enrolled in MinnesotaCare, the local county human services agency shall determine whether the family appears to meet the eligibility requirements and shall assist the family in applying for the MinnesotaCare program.

Sec. 149. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 268.136, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 116.30

Subd. 3. Applicant requirements. (a) An applicant, in order to be paid unemployment 116.31 benefits under this section, must meet all of the requirements under section 268.069, 116.32

Sec. 149. 116 subdivision 1. The following provisions of section 268.085 do not apply to an applicant in an approved shared work plan:

1st Engrossment

(1) deductible earnings under subdivision 5;

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- 117.4 (2) the restriction under subdivision 2, clause (6) (5), if the applicant works exactly 32 hours in a week;
- (3) the requirement of being available for suitable employment under subdivision 1, clause (4), but only if the applicant is (i) available for the normal hours of work per week with the shared work employer, or (ii) is in a training program when not working; and
- (4) the requirement of actively seeking suitable employment under subdivision 1, clause 117.10 (5).
- (b) An applicant is ineligible for unemployment benefits under this section for any week, if the applicant works more than 32 hours in a week in employment with one or more employer.
- Sec. 150. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 272.02, subdivision 49, is amended to read:
- Subd. 49. **Agricultural historical society property.** Property is exempt from taxation if it is owned by a nonprofit charitable or educational organization that qualifies for exemption under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and meets the following criteria:
- (1) the property is primarily used for storing and exhibiting tools, equipment, and artifacts useful in providing an understanding of local or regional agricultural history. Primary use is determined each year based on the number of days the property is used solely for storage and exhibition purposes;
- 117.23 (2) the property is limited to a maximum of 40 acres per owner per county, but includes 117.24 the land and any taxable structures, fixtures, and equipment on the land;
- 117.25 (3) the property is not used for a revenue-producing activity for more than ten days in each calendar year; and
- 117.27 (4) the property is not used for residential purposes on either a temporary or permanent basis.
- For assessment year 2019 only, an exemption application under this subdivision must be filed with the county assessor by July 1, 2019.

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Sec. 151. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 272.02, subdivision 102, is amended to read: 118.1 Subd. 102. Certain property owned by an Indian tribe. (a) Property is exempt that: 118.2 (1) is located in a city of the first class with a population of more than 380,000 as of the 118.3 2010 federal census; 118.4 (2) was on January 1, 2016, and is for the current assessment, owned by a federally 118.5 recognized Indian tribe, or its instrumentality, that is located within the state of Minnesota; 118.6 118.7 and (3) is used exclusively as a pharmacy, as defined in section 151.01, subdivision 2. 118.8 118.9 (b) Property that qualifies for the exemption under this subdivision is limited to parcels and structures that do not exceed, in the aggregate, 4,000 square feet. Property acquired for 118.10 single-family housing, market-rate apartments, agriculture, or forestry does not qualify for 118.11 this exemption. 118.12 For assessment year 2019 only, an exemption application under this subdivision must be filed with the county assessor by July 1, 2019. The exemption created by this subdivision 118.14 expires with taxes payable in 2029. 118.15 Sec. 152. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 272.02, subdivision 103, is amended to read: 118.16 118.17 Subd. 103. Licensed child care facility. Property used as a licensed child care facility that accepts families participating in the child care assistance program under chapter 119B, 118.18 and that is owned and operated by a nonprofit charitable organization that qualifies for tax 118.19 exemption under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, is exempt. For the purposes 118.20 of this subdivision, "licensed child care facility" means a child care center licensed under 118.21 Minnesota Rules, chapter 9503, or a facility used to provide licensed family day care or 118.22 group family day care as defined under Minnesota Rules, chapter 9502. 118.23 For assessment year 2019 only, an exemption application under this subdivision must be 118.24 filed with the county assessor by July 1, 2019. 118.25 Sec. 153. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 273.1387, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 118.26 Subd. 2. Credit amount. For each qualifying property, the school building bond 118.27 agricultural credit is equal to the credit percent multiplied by 70 percent of the property's 118.28 eligible net tax capacity multiplied by the school debt tax rate determined under section 118.29 275.08, subdivision 1b. For property taxes payable prior to 2020, the credit percent is equal 118.30

to 40 percent. For property taxes payable in 2020, the credit percent is equal to 50 percent.

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For property taxes payable in 2021, the credit percent is equal to 55 percent. For property taxes payable in 2022, the credit percent is equal to 60 percent. For property taxes payable in 2023 and thereafter, the credit percent is equal to 70 percent.

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Sec. 154. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 273.165, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Mineral interest. "Mineral interest," for the purpose of this subdivision, means an interest in any minerals, including but not limited to gas, coal, oil, or other similar interest in real estate, which is owned separately and apart from the fee title to the surface of such real property. Mineral interests which are recorded in the office of either the county recorder or registrar of titles, whether or not filed pursuant to sections 93.52 to 93.58 93.551, are taxed as provided in this subdivision unless specifically excluded by this subdivision. A tax of 40 cents per acre or portion of an acre of mineral interest is imposed and is payable annually. If an interest is a fractional undivided interest in an area, the tax due on the interest per acre or portion of an acre is equal to the product obtained by multiplying the fractional interest times 40 cents, computed to the nearest cent. However, the minimum annual tax on any mineral interest is \$3.20. No such tax on mineral interests is imposed on the following: (1) mineral interests valued and taxed under other laws relating to the taxation of minerals, gas, coal, oil, or other similar interests; or (2) mineral interests which are exempt from taxation pursuant to constitutional or related statutory provisions. Taxes received under this subdivision must be apportioned to the taxing districts included in the area taxed in the same proportion as the surface interest local tax rate of a taxing district bears to the total local tax rate applicable to surface interests in the area taxed. The tax imposed by this subdivision is not included within any limitations as to rate or amount of taxes which may be imposed in an area to which the tax imposed by this subdivision applies. The tax imposed by this subdivision does not cause the amount of other taxes levied or to be levied in the area, which are subject to any such limitation, to be reduced in any amount. Twenty percent of the revenues received from the tax imposed by this subdivision must be distributed under the provisions of section 116J.64.

Sec. 155. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 290.067, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Amount of credit.** (a) A taxpayer may take as a credit against the tax due from the taxpayer and a spouse, if any, under this chapter an amount equal to the dependent care credit for which the taxpayer is eligible pursuant to the provisions of section 21 of the Internal Revenue Code except that in determining whether the child qualified as a dependent, income received as a Minnesota family investment program grant or allowance

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to or on behalf of the child must not be taken into account in determining whether the child received more than half of the child's support from the taxpayer.

- (b) If a child who has not attained the age of six years at the close of the taxable year is cared for at a licensed family day care home operated by the child's parent, the taxpayer is deemed to have paid employment-related expenses. If the child is 16 months old or younger at the close of the taxable year, the amount of expenses deemed to have been paid equals the maximum limit for one qualified individual under section 21(c) and (d) of the Internal Revenue Code. If the child is older than 16 months of age but has not attained the age of six years at the close of the taxable year, the amount of expenses deemed to have been paid equals the amount the licensee would charge for the care of a child of the same age for the same number of hours of care.
- 120.12 (c) If a married couple:

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- (1) has a child who has not attained the age of one year at the close of the taxable year;
- (2) files a joint tax return for the taxable year; and
- (3) does not participate in a dependent care assistance program as defined in section 129 120.15 of the Internal Revenue Code, in lieu of the actual employment related expenses paid for 120.16 that child under paragraph (a) or the deemed amount under paragraph (b), the lesser of (i) 120.17 the combined earned income of the couple or (ii) the amount of the maximum limit for one 120.18 qualified individual under section 21(c) and (d) of the Internal Revenue Code will be deemed 120.19 to be the employment related expense paid for that child. The earned income limitation of 120.20 section 21(d) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not apply to this deemed amount. These 120.21 deemed amounts apply regardless of whether any employment-related expenses have been 120.23 paid.
- (d) If the taxpayer is not required and does not file a federal individual income tax return for the tax year, no credit is allowed for any amount paid to any person unless:
- 120.26 (1) the name, address, and taxpayer identification number of the person are included on 120.27 the return claiming the credit; or
- (2) if the person is an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
 Code and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, the name
 and address of the person are included on the return claiming the credit.
- In the case of a failure to provide the information required under the preceding sentence, the preceding sentence does not apply if it is shown that the taxpayer exercised due diligence in attempting to provide the information required.

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- (e) In the case of a nonresident, part-year resident, or a person who has earned income not subject to tax under this chapter including earned income excluded pursuant to section 290.0132, subdivision 10, the credit determined under section 21 of the Internal Revenue Code must be allocated based on the ratio by which the earned income of the claimant and the claimant's spouse from Minnesota sources bears to the total earned income of the claimant and the claimant's spouse.
- (f) For residents of Minnesota, the subtractions for military pay under section 290.0132, subdivisions 11 and 12, are not considered "earned income not subject to tax under this chapter."
- 121.10 (g) For residents of Minnesota, the exclusion of combat pay under section 112 of the 121.11 Internal Revenue Code is not considered "earned income not subject to tax under this 121.12 chapter."
- (h) For taxpayers with federal adjusted gross income in excess of \$52,230, the credit is equal to the lesser of the credit otherwise calculated under this subdivision, or the amount equal to \$600 minus five percent of federal adjusted gross income in excess of \$52,230 for taxpayers with one qualified individual, or \$1,200 minus five percent of federal adjusted gross income in excess of \$52,230 for taxpayers with two or more qualified individuals, but in no case is the credit less than zero.
- Sec. 156. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 290.0671, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Credit allowed.** (a) An individual who is a resident of Minnesota is allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter equal to a percentage of earned income. To receive a credit, a taxpayer must be eligible for a credit under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that:
 - (1) a taxpayer with no qualifying children who has attained the age of 19, but not attained age 65 before the close of the taxable year and is otherwise eligible for a credit under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code may also receive a credit; and
 - (2) a taxpayer who is otherwise eligible for a credit under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code remains eligible for the credit even if the taxpayer's earned income or adjusted gross income exceeds the income limitation under section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (b) For individuals with no qualifying children, the credit equals 3.9 percent of the first \$7,150 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 2.0 percent of earned income or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of the phaseout threshold, but in no case is the credit less than zero.

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- (c) For individuals with one qualifying child, the credit equals 9.35 percent of the first \$11,950 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 6.0 percent of earned income or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of the phaseout threshold, but in no case is the credit less than zero.
- (d) For individuals with two qualifying children, the credit equals 11 percent of the first \$19,600 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 10.5 percent of earned income or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of the phaseout threshold, but in no case is the credit less than zero.
- (e) For individuals with three or more qualifying children, the credit equals 12.5 percent of the first \$20,000 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 10.5 percent of earned income or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of the phaseout threshold, but in no case is the credit less than zero.
- (f) For a part-year resident, the credit must be allocated based on the percentage calculated under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).
- (g) For a person who was a resident for the entire tax year and has earned income not subject to tax under this chapter, including income excluded under section 290.0132, subdivision 10, the credit must be allocated based on the ratio of federal adjusted gross income reduced by the earned income not subject to tax under this chapter over federal adjusted gross income. For purposes of this paragraph, the following clauses are not considered "earned income not subject to tax under this chapter":
- (1) the subtractions for military pay under section 290.0132, subdivisions 11 and 12;
- 122.22 (2) the exclusion of combat pay under section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- 122.23 (3) income derived from an Indian reservation by an enrolled member of the reservation while living on the reservation.
- (h) For the purposes of this section, the phaseout threshold equals:
- (1) \$14,570 for married taxpayers filing joint returns with no qualifying children;
- (2) \$8,730 for all other taxpayers with no qualifying children;
- (3) \$28,610 for married taxpayers filing joint returns with one qualifying child;
- (4) \$22,770 for all other taxpayers with one qualifying child;
- (5) \$32,840 for married taxpayers filing joint returns with two qualifying children;
- (6) \$27,000 for all other taxpayers with two qualifying children;

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123.1 (7) \$33,140 for married taxpayers filing joint returns with three or more qualifying children; and

- (8) \$27,300 for all other taxpayers with three or more qualifying children.
- 123.4 (i) The commissioner shall construct tables showing the amount of the credit at various income levels and make them available to taxpayers. The tables shall follow the schedule contained in this subdivision, except that the commissioner may graduate the transition between income brackets.
- Sec. 157. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 290.0677, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Credit allowed; current military service.** (a) An individual is allowed a credit against the tax due under this chapter equal to \$59 for each month or portion thereof that the individual was in active military service in a designated area after September 11, 2001, and before January 1, 2009, while a Minnesota domiciliary.
- (b) (a) An individual is allowed a credit against the tax due under this chapter equal to \$123.14 \$120 for each month or portion thereof that the individual was in active military service in a designated area after December 31, 2008, while a Minnesota domiciliary.
- (c) For active service performed after September 11, 2001, and before December 31, 2006, the individual may claim the credit in the taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1, 2007.
- (d) For active service performed after December 31, 2006, the (b) An individual may claim the credit for the taxable year in which the active service was performed.
- Sec. 158. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 290.0677, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
- 123.24 (b) "Designated area" means a:

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- (1) combat zone designated by Executive Order from the President of the United States;
- (2) qualified hazardous duty area, designated in Public Law; or
- 123.27 (3) location certified by the U. S. Department of Defense as eligible for combat zone 123.28 tax benefits due to the location's direct support of military operations.
- 123.29 (c) "Active military service" means active duty service in any of the United States armed 123.30 forces, the National Guard, or reserves.

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(d) "Qualified individual" means an individual who has:

(1) met one of the following criteria:

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- (i) has served at least 20 years in the military;
- 124.4 (ii) has a service-connected disability rating of 100 percent for a total and permanent 124.5 disability; or
- 124.6 (iii) has been determined by the military to be eligible for compensation from a pension 124.7 or other retirement pay from the federal government for service in the military, as computed 124.8 under United States Code, title 10, sections 1401 to 1414, 1447 to 1455, or 12733; and
- (2) separated from military service before the end of the taxable year.
- (e) "Adjusted gross income" has the meaning given in section 61 62 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- Sec. 159. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 290.068, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Limitation; carryover.** (a) The credit for a taxable year beginning before

 124.14 January 1, 2010, and after December 31, 2012, shall not exceed the liability for tax. If the

 124.15 amount of the credit allowed exceeds the liability for tax of the taxpayer, but is allowed as

 124.16 a result of the liability for tax of other members of the unitary group for the taxable year,

 124.17 the taxpayer must allocate the excess as a research credit to another member of the unitary

 124.18 group.
 - (b) In the case of a corporation which is a partner in a partnership, the credit allowed for the taxable year shall not exceed the lesser of the amount determined under paragraph (a) for the taxable year or an amount (separately computed with respect to the corporation's interest in the trade or business or entity) equal to the amount of tax attributable to that portion of taxable income which is allocable or apportionable to the corporation's interest in the trade or business or entity.
- (c) If the amount of the credit determined under this section for any taxable year exceeds the limitation under paragraph (a) or (b), including amounts allocated to other members of the unitary group, the excess shall be a research credit carryover to each of the 15 succeeding taxable years. The entire amount of the excess unused credit for the taxable year shall be carried first to the earliest of the taxable years to which the credit may be carried and then to each successive year to which the credit may be carried. The amount of the unused credit which may be added under this clause shall not exceed the taxpayer's liability for tax less the research credit for the taxable year.

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Sec. 160. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 290.9705, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 3. Waiver of withholding. The conditions in subdivisions subdivision 1 and 2 may be waived by the commissioner if (1) the contractor gives the commissioner a cash surety or a bond, secured by an insurance company licensed by Minnesota, conditioned that the contractor will comply with all applicable provisions of this chapter and chapter 297A, or (2) the contractor has done construction work in Minnesota at any time during the three calendar years prior to entering the contract and has fully complied with all the provisions of this chapter and chapter 297A for the three prior years.
- Sec. 161. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297A.70, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Sales to government.** (a) All sales, except those listed in paragraph (b), to the following governments and political subdivisions, or to the listed agencies or instrumentalities of governments and political subdivisions, are exempt:
 - (1) the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities;
- (2) school districts, local governments, the University of Minnesota, state universities, community colleges, technical colleges, state academies, the Perpich Minnesota Center for Arts Education, and an instrumentality of a political subdivision that is accredited as an optional/special function school by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools;
- 125.18 (3) hospitals and nursing homes owned and operated by political subdivisions of the 125.19 state of tangible personal property and taxable services used at or by hospitals and nursing 125.20 homes;
- (4) notwithstanding paragraph (d), the sales and purchases by the Metropolitan Council
 of vehicles and repair parts to equip operations provided for in section 473.4051 are exempt
 through December 31, 2016;
- 125.24 (5) (4) other states or political subdivisions of other states, if the sale would be exempt
 125.25 from taxation if it occurred in that state; and
- (6) (5) public libraries, public library systems, multicounty, multitype library systems as defined in section 134.001, county law libraries under chapter 134A, state agency libraries, the state library under section 480.09, and the Legislative Reference Library.
- (b) This exemption does not apply to the sales of the following products and services:
- 125.30 (1) building, construction, or reconstruction materials purchased by a contractor or a 125.31 subcontractor as a part of a lump-sum contract or similar type of contract with a guaranteed

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maximum price covering both labor and materials for use in the construction, alteration, or repair of a building or facility;

- (2) construction materials purchased by tax exempt entities or their contractors to be used in constructing buildings or facilities which will not be used principally by the tax exempt entities;
- 126.6 (3) the leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section 297B.01, subdivision 11, except 126.7 for leases entered into by the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities;
- (4) lodging as defined under section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause (2), and prepared food, candy, soft drinks, and alcoholic beverages as defined in section 297A.67, subdivision 2, except for lodging, prepared food, candy, soft drinks, and alcoholic beverages purchased directly by the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities; or
- (5) goods or services purchased by a local government as inputs to a liquor store, gas or electric utility, solid waste hauling service, solid waste recycling service, landfill, golf course, marina, campground, cafe, or laundromat.
- 126.15 (c) As used in this subdivision, "school districts" means public school entities and districts
 126.16 of every kind and nature organized under the laws of the state of Minnesota, and any
 126.17 instrumentality of a school district, as defined in section 471.59.
- 126.18 (d) For purposes of the exemption granted under this subdivision, "local governments" 126.19 has the following meaning:
- 126.20 (1) for the period prior to January 1, 2017, local governments means statutory or home 126.21 rule charter cities, counties, and townships; and
- (2) beginning January 1, 2017, local governments means statutory or home rule charter cities, counties, and townships; special districts as defined under section 6.465; any instrumentality of a statutory or home rule charter city, county, or township as defined in section 471.59; and any joint powers board or organization created under section 471.59.
- Sec. 162. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297A.71, subdivision 44, is amended to read:
- Subd. 44. **Building materials, capital projects.** (a) Materials and supplies used or consumed in and equipment incorporated into the construction or improvement of a capital project funded partially or wholly under section 297A.9905 are exempt, provided that the project has either:
- 126.31 (1) a total construction cost of at least \$40,000,000 within a 24-month period; or.

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(2) a total construction cost of at least \$100,000,000 for a sports facility project, including
infrastructure costs, if construction contracts are signed, that begins after July 1, 2016, and
before December 31, 2017.
(b) Materials and supplies used or consumed in and equipment incorporated into the
construction, remodeling, expansion, or improvement of an ice arena or other buildings or

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- facilities owned and operated by the city of Plymouth are exempt. For purposes of this paragraph, "facilities" include municipal streets and facilities associated with streets including but not limited to lighting, curbs and gutters, and sidewalks. The total amount of refund on all building materials, supplies, and equipment that the city may apply for under this
- 127.9 paragraph is \$2,500,000. 127.10
- 127.11 (c) The tax on purchases exempt under paragraph (a), clause (1), and paragraph (b), must be imposed and collected as if the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied 127 12 and then refunded in the manner provided in section 297A.75. Notwithstanding section 127.13 289A.40, the city of Plymouth must file for refund by December 31, 2017, for sales tax paid 127.14 on all eligible purchases under paragraph (b) made prior to December 31, 2015. 127.15
- (d) The exemption under paragraph (a), clause (2), expires one year after the date that 127.16 the first major sports game is played at the sports facility. 127.17
- (e) For purposes of paragraph (a), clause (2), the term "infrastructure" means plazas, 127.18 parking structures, transit facilities, rights-of-way, sidewalks, pedestrian bridges, bicycle 127.19 paths, skyways, tunnels, lighting, landscaping, drainage improvements, utilities, sewer, and 127.20 other such facilities and improvements that are: 127.21
- (1) on land controlled by the city of St. Paul, when construction is complete; 127.22
- (2) located within the sports facility site within the boundary of Snelling Avenue to the 127.23 west, University Avenue to the north, marked Interstate Highway 94 to the south, and Pascal 127.24 Street to the east, in St. Paul, Minnesota; and 127.25
- 127.26 (3) designed to facilitate public access to or to serve only the sports facility, and not to provide access to or serve any adjoining commercial or residential properties. 127.27
- Sec. 163. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297B.10, is amended to read: 127.28

297B.10 PENALTIES. 127.29

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(a) Any person, including persons other than the purchaser, who prepares, completes, or submits a false or fraudulent motor vehicle purchaser's certificate with intent to defeat 127.31 or evade the tax imposed under this chapter or any purchaser who fails to complete or submit 127.32

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a motor vehicle purchaser's certificate with intent to defeat or evade the tax or who attempts to defeat or evade the tax imposed under this chapter in any manner, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor unless the tax involved exceeds \$300, in which event the person is guilty of a felony. The term "person" as used in this section includes any officer or employee of a corporation or a member or employee of a partnership who as an officer, member, or employee is under a duty to perform the act with respect to which the violation occurs. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 628.26 or any other provision of the criminal laws of this state, an indictment may be found and filed, or a complaint filed, upon any criminal offense specified in this section, in the proper court within six years after the commission of the offense.

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- 128.11 (b) Any person who collects the tax imposed under this chapter from a purchaser and willfully fails to remit the tax is guilty of a felony.
- 128.13 (c) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this chapter, unless the violation 128.14 be of the type referred to in paragraph (a) or (b), is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- (d) When two or more offenses in paragraph (a) or (b) are committed by the same person within six months, the offenses may be aggregated; further, if the offenses are committed in more than one county, the accused may be prosecuted for all the offenses aggregated under this clause in any county in which one of the offenses was committed.
- Sec. 164. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297B.12, is amended to read:

297B.12 PRIVATE NATURE OF INFORMATION.

- It shall be unlawful for the motor vehicle registrar, deputy registrars, or any other public official or employee to divulge or otherwise make known in any manner any particulars acquired from the purchaser's records, officers, or employees except in connection with state or federal tax proceedings or upon request of the person named on the certificate purchaser. Nothing herein contained should be construed to prohibit the publishing of statistics so classified. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- Sec. 165. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297E.021, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Available revenues.** For purposes of this section, "available revenues" equals the amount determined under subdivision 2, plus up to \$20,000,000 each fiscal year from the taxes imposed under section 290.06, subdivision 1:
- (1) reduced by the following amounts paid for the fiscal year under:

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(i) the appropriation to principal and interest on appropriation bonds under section 129.1 16A.965, subdivision 8; 129.2 129.3 (ii) the appropriation from the general fund to make operating expense payments under section 473J.13, subdivision 2, paragraph (b); 129.4 129.5 (iii) the appropriation for contributions to the capital reserve fund under section 473J.13, subdivision 4, paragraph (c); 129.6 129.7 (iv) the appropriations under Laws 2012, chapter 299, article 4, for administration and any successor appropriation; 129.8 (v) the reduction in revenues resulting from the sales tax exemptions under section 129.9 297A.71, subdivision 43; 129.10 (vi) (v) reimbursements authorized by section 473J.15, subdivision 2, paragraph (d); 129.11 (vii) (vi) the compulsive gambling appropriations under section 297E.02, subdivision 129.12 3, paragraph (c), and any successor appropriation; and 129.13 (viii) (vii) the appropriation for the city of St. Paul under section 16A.726, paragraph 129.14 (c); and 129.15 (2) increased by the revenue deposited in the general fund under section 297A.994, 129.16 subdivision 4, clauses (1) to (3), for the fiscal year. 129.17 Sec. 166. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297F.01, subdivision 22b, is amended to read: 129.18 129.19 Subd. 22b. Nicotine solution products. (a) "Nicotine solution products" means any cartridge, bottle, or other package that contains nicotine made or derived from tobacco, that 129.20 129.21 is in a solution that is consumed, or meant to be consumed, through the use of a heating element, power source, electronic circuit, or other electronic, chemical, or mechanical means 129.22 that produces vapor or aerosol. This paragraph expires December 31, 2019. 129.23 (b) (a) Beginning January 1, 2020, "nicotine solution products" means any cartridge, 129.24 bottle, or other package that contains nicotine, including nicotine made or derived from 129.25 tobacco or sources other than tobacco, that is in a solution that is consumed, or meant to be 129.26 consumed, through the use of a heating element, power source, electronic circuit, or other 129.27 129.28 electronic, chemical, or mechanical means that produces vapor or aerosol. (e) (b) Nicotine solution products includes any electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, 129.29 electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe, electronic nicotine delivery system, electronic vaping 129.30 device, electronic vape pen, electronic oral device, electronic delivery device, or similar 129.31

product or device, and any batteries, heating elements, or other components, parts, or

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accessories sold with and meant to be used in the consumption of a solution containing 130.1 nicotine. 130.2

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- Sec. 167. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297I.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Guaranty association assessment offsets. (a) An insurance company or health maintenance organization may offset against its premium tax liability to this state any amount paid for assessments made for insolvencies under sections 60C.01 to 60C.22; and any amount paid for assessments under Minnesota Statutes 1992, sections 61B.01 to 61B.16, or under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32 as follows:
- (1) Each such assessment shall give rise to an amount of offset equal to 20 percent of the amount of the assessment for each of the five calendar years following the year in which 130.11 the assessment was paid.
 - (2) The amount of offset initially determined for each taxable year is the sum of the amounts determined under clause (1) for that taxable year.
 - (b)(1) Each year the commissioner shall compare total guaranty association assessments levied over the preceding five calendar years to the sum of all premium tax and corporate franchise tax revenues collected from insurance companies and health maintenance organizations, without reduction for any guaranty association assessment offset in the preceding calendar year, referred to in this subdivision as "preceding year insurance tax revenues."
 - (2) If total guaranty association assessments levied over the preceding five years exceed the preceding year insurance tax revenues, insurance companies and health maintenance organizations must be allowed only a proportionate part of the premium tax offset calculated under paragraph (a) for the current calendar year.
 - (3) The proportionate part of the premium tax offset allowed in the current calendar year is determined by multiplying the amount calculated under paragraph (a) by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction equals the preceding year insurance tax revenues, and its denominator equals total guaranty association assessments levied over the preceding five-year period.
- (4) The proportionate part of the premium tax offset that is not allowed must be carried 130.29 forward to subsequent tax years and added to the amount of premium tax offset calculated 130.30 under paragraph (a) prior to application of the limitation imposed by this paragraph. 130.31
- (5) Any amount carried forward from prior years must be allowed before allowance of 130.32 the offset for the current year calculated under paragraph (a). 130.33

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(6) The premium tax offset limitation must be calculated separately for (i) insurance companies subject to assessment under sections 60C.01 to 60C.22, and (ii) insurance companies or health maintenance organizations subject to assessment under sections 61B.01 to 61B.16, or 61B.18 to 61B.32.

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- (7) When the premium tax offset is limited by this provision, the commissioner shall notify affected insurance companies or health maintenance organizations on a timely basis for purposes of completing premium and corporate franchise tax returns.
- (8) The guaranty associations created under sections 60C.01 to 60C.22, 61B.01 to 61B.16, and 61B.18 to 61B.32, shall provide the commissioner with the necessary information on guaranty association assessments.
- (c)(1) If the offset determined by the application of paragraphs (a) and (b) exceeds the insurance company's or health maintenance organization's premium tax liability under this section prior to allowance of the credit for premium taxes, then the insurance company or health maintenance organization may carry forward the excess, referred to in this subdivision as the "carryforward credit" to subsequent taxable years.
- (2) The carryforward credit is allowed as an offset against premium tax liability for the first succeeding year to the extent that the premium tax liability for that year exceeds the amount of the allowable offset for the year determined under paragraphs (a) and (b).
- (3) The carryforward credit must be reduced, but not below zero, by the amount of the carryforward credit allowed as an offset against the premium tax under this paragraph. The remainder, if any, of the carryforward credit must be carried forward to succeeding taxable years until the entire carryforward credit has been credited against the insurance company's or health maintenance organization's liability for premium tax under this chapter if applicable for that taxable year.
- (d) When an insurer or health maintenance organization has offset against taxes its payment of an assessment of the Minnesota Life and Health Guaranty Association, and the association pays the insurer or health maintenance organization a refund with respect to the assessment under section 61B.07, subdivision 6, or 61B.24, subdivision 6, then the refund reduces the insurer's or health maintenance organization's carryforward credit under paragraph (c). If the refund exceeds the amount of the carryforward credit, the excess amount must be repaid to the state by the insurers or health maintenance organizations to the extent of the offset in the manner the commissioner requires.

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Sec. 168. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 327C.015, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 11. **Planning agency.** "Planning agency" means the planning commission or the planning department of a municipality as defined in section 462.352, the planning and zoning commission of a town as defined in <u>Minnesota Statutes 2020</u>, section 366.17, or the planning commission of a county, as defined in section 394.30, or if the municipality does not have a planning agency, the governing body of the municipality.
- Sec. 169. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 349.12, subdivision 25, is amended to read:
- Subd. 25. **Lawful purpose.** (a) "Lawful purpose" means one or more of the following:
- (1) any expenditure by or contribution to a 501(c)(3) or festival organization, as defined in subdivision 15c, provided that the organization and expenditure or contribution are in conformity with standards prescribed by the board under section 349.154, which standards must apply to both types of organizations in the same manner and to the same extent;
- (2) a contribution to or expenditure for goods and services for an individual or family suffering from poverty, homelessness, or disability, which is used to relieve the effects of that suffering;
- 132.16 (3) a contribution to a program recognized by the Minnesota Department of Human 132.17 Services for the education, prevention, or treatment of problem gambling;
 - (4) a contribution to or expenditure on a public or private nonprofit educational institution registered with or accredited by this state or any other state;
 - (5) a contribution to an individual, public or private nonprofit educational institution registered with or accredited by this state or any other state, or to a scholarship fund of a nonprofit organization whose primary mission is to award scholarships, for defraying the cost of education to individuals where the funds are awarded through an open and fair selection process;
- (6) activities by an organization or a government entity which recognize military service to the United States, the state of Minnesota, or a community, subject to rules of the board, provided that the rules must not include mileage reimbursements in the computation of the per diem reimbursement limit and must impose no aggregate annual limit on the amount of reasonable and necessary expenditures made to support:
- (i) members of a military marching or color guard unit for activities conducted within the state;

(ii) members of an organization solely for services performed by the members at funeral 133.1 services; 133.2 (iii) members of military marching, color guard, or honor guard units may be reimbursed 133.3 for participating in color guard, honor guard, or marching unit events within the state or 133.4 states contiguous to Minnesota at a per participant rate of up to \$50 per diem; or 133.5 (iv) active military personnel and their immediate family members in need of support 133.6 services; 133.7 (7) recreational, community, and athletic facilities and activities, intended primarily for 133.8 persons under age 21, provided that such facilities and activities do not discriminate on the 133.9 basis of gender and the organization complies with section 349.154, subdivision 3a; 133.10 (8) payment of local taxes authorized under this chapter, including local gambling taxes 133.11 authorized under section 349.213, subdivision 3, taxes imposed by the United States on 133.12 receipts from lawful gambling, the taxes imposed by section 297E.02, subdivisions 1, 5, 133.13 and 6, and the tax imposed on unrelated business income by section 290.05, subdivision 3; 133.14 (9) payment of real estate taxes and assessments on permitted gambling premises owned 133.15 by the licensed organization paying the taxes, or wholly leased by a licensed veterans organization under a national charter recognized under section 501(c)(19) of the Internal 133.17 Revenue Code; 133.18 (10) a contribution to the United States, this state or any of its political subdivisions, or 133.19 any agency or instrumentality thereof other than a direct contribution to a law enforcement 133.20 or prosecutorial agency; 133.21 (11) a contribution to or expenditure by a nonprofit organization which is a church or 133.22 body of communicants gathered in common membership for mutual support and edification 133.23 in piety, worship, or religious observances; 133.24 (12) an expenditure for citizen monitoring of surface water quality by individuals or 133.25 nongovernmental organizations that is consistent with section 115.06, subdivision 4, and 133.26 Minnesota Pollution Control Agency guidance on monitoring procedures, quality assurance protocols, and data management, provided that the resulting data is submitted to the 133.28 Minnesota Pollution Control Agency for review and inclusion in the state water quality 133.29 database; 133.30 (13) a contribution to or expenditure on projects or activities approved by the 133.31 commissioner of natural resources for: 133.32 (i) wildlife management projects that benefit the public at large; 133.33

(ii) grant-in-aid trail maintenance and grooming established under sections 84.83 and 134.1 84.927, and other trails open to public use, including purchase or lease of equipment for 134.2 134.3 this purpose; and (iii) supplies and materials for safety training and educational programs coordinated by 134.4 134.5 the Department of Natural Resources, including the Enforcement Division; (14) conducting nutritional programs, food shelves, and congregate dining programs 134.6 primarily for persons who are age 62 or older or disabled; 134.7 134.8 (15) a contribution to a community arts organization, or an expenditure to sponsor arts programs in the community, including but not limited to visual, literary, performing, or 134.9 musical arts; 134.10 (16) an expenditure by a licensed fraternal organization or a licensed veterans organization 134.11 for payment of water, fuel for heating, electricity, and sewer costs for: 134.12 (i) up to 100 percent for a building wholly owned or wholly leased by and used as the 134.13 primary headquarters of the licensed veteran or fraternal organization; or 134.14 (ii) a proportional amount subject to approval by the director and based on the portion 134.15 of a building used as the primary headquarters of the licensed veteran or fraternal 134.16 organization; 134.17 (17) expenditure by a licensed veterans organization of up to \$5,000 in a calendar year 134.18 in net costs to the organization for meals and other membership events, limited to members 134.19 and spouses, held in recognition of military service. No more than \$5,000 can be expended 134.20 in total per calendar year under this clause by all licensed veterans organizations sharing 134.21 the same veterans post home; 134.22 (18) payment of fees authorized under this chapter imposed by the state of Minnesota 134.23 to conduct lawful gambling in Minnesota; 134.24 (19) a contribution or expenditure to honor an individual's humanitarian service as 134.25 demonstrated through philanthropy or volunteerism to the United States, this state, or local 134.26 community; 134.27 (20) a contribution by a licensed organization to another licensed organization with prior 134.28 board approval, with the contribution designated to be used for one or more of the following 134.29 lawful purposes under this section: clauses (1) to (7), (11) to (15), (19), and (25); 134.30 134.31 (21) an expenditure that is a contribution to a parent organization, if the parent

organization: (i) has not provided to the contributing organization within one year of the

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contribution any money, grants, property, or other thing of value, and (ii) has received prior board approval for the contribution that will be used for a program that meets one or more of the lawful purposes under subdivision 7a;

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- (22) an expenditure for the repair, maintenance, or improvement of real property and capital assets owned by an organization, or for the replacement of a capital asset that can no longer be repaired, with a fiscal year limit of five percent of gross profits from the previous fiscal year, with no carryforward of unused allowances. The fiscal year is July 1 through June 30. Total expenditures for the fiscal year may not exceed the limit unless the board has specifically approved the expenditures that exceed the limit due to extenuating circumstances beyond the organization's control. An expansion of a building or bar-related expenditures are not allowed under this provision.
- (i) The expenditure must be related to the portion of the real property or capital asset that must be made available for use free of any charge to other nonprofit organizations, community groups, or service groups, and is used for the organization's primary mission or headquarters.
- 135.16 (ii) An expenditure may be made to bring an existing building that the organization owns 135.17 into compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act.
- (iii) An organization may apply the amount that is allowed under item (ii) to the erection or acquisition of a replacement building that is in compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act if the board has specifically approved the amount. The cost of the erection or acquisition of a replacement building may not be made from gambling proceeds, except for the portion allowed under this item;
 - (23) an expenditure for the acquisition or improvement of a capital asset with a cost greater than \$2,000, excluding real property, that will be used exclusively for lawful purposes under this section if the board has specifically approved the amount;
- 135.26 (24) an expenditure for the acquisition, erection, improvement, or expansion of real 135.27 property, if the board has first specifically authorized the expenditure after finding that the 135.28 real property will be used exclusively for lawful purpose under this section;
 - (25) an expenditure, including a mortgage payment or other debt service payment, for the erection or acquisition of a comparable building to replace an organization-owned building that was destroyed or made uninhabitable by fire or catastrophe or to replace an organization-owned building that was taken or sold under an eminent domain proceeding. The expenditure may be only for that part of the replacement cost not reimbursed by insurance for the fire or catastrophe or compensation not received from a governmental unit

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under the eminent domain proceeding, if the board has first specifically authorized the expenditure; or

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- (26) a contribution to a 501(c)(19) organization that does not have an organization license under section 349.16 and is not affiliated with the contributing organization, and whose owned or leased property is not a permitted premises under section 349.165. The 501(c)(19) organization may only use the contribution for lawful purposes under this subdivision or for the organization's primary mission. The 501(c)(19) organization may not use the contribution for expansion of a building or for bar-related expenditures. A contribution may not be made to a statewide organization representing a consortia of 501(c)(19) organizations.
- (b) Expenditures authorized by the board under paragraph (a), clauses (24) and (25), must be 51 percent completed within two years of the date of board approval; otherwise the organization must reapply to the board for approval of the project. "Fifty-one percent completed" means that the work completed must represent at least 51 percent of the value of the project as documented by the contractor or vendor.
 - (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), "lawful purpose" does not include:
- (1) any expenditure made or incurred for the purpose of influencing the nomination or election of a candidate for public office or for the purpose of promoting or defeating a ballot question;
- 136.19 (2) any activity intended to influence an election or a governmental decision-making process;
- (3) a contribution to a statutory or home rule charter city, county, or town by a licensed organization with the knowledge that the governmental unit intends to use the contribution for a pension or retirement fund; or
- 136.24 (4) a contribution to a 501(c)(3) organization or other entity with the intent or effect of not complying with lawful purpose restrictions or requirements.
- Sec. 170. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 352.91, subdivision 3f, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3f. Additional Department of Human Services personnel. (a) "Covered correctional service" means service by a state employee in one of the employment positions specified in paragraph (b) in the state-operated forensic services program or the Minnesota Sex Offender Program if at least 75 percent of the employee's working time is spent in direct contact with patients and the determination of this direct contact is certified to the executive director by the commissioner of human services.

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137.1 (b) The employment positions are:

137.2 (1) behavior analyst 2;

137.3 (2) behavior analyst 3;

137.4 (3) certified occupational therapy assistant 1;

137.5 (4) certified occupational therapy assistant 2;

137.6 (5) substance use disorder counselor senior;

137.7 (6) (5) client advocate;

137.8 (7) (6) clinical program therapist 2;

137.9 (8) (7) clinical program therapist 3;

137.10 (9) (8) clinical program therapist 4;

137.11 $\frac{(10)}{(9)}$ customer services specialist principal;

137.12 $\frac{(11)(10)}{(10)}$ dental assistant registered;

137.13 $\frac{(12)}{(11)}$ dental hygienist;

(13) (12) group supervisor;

137.15 $\frac{(14)}{(13)}$ group supervisor assistant;

137.16 (14) human services support specialist;

137.17 (16) (15) licensed alcohol and drug counselor;

(17) (16) licensed practical nurse;

137.19 (18) (17) management analyst 3;

137.20 (19) (18) occupational therapist;

(20) (19) occupational therapist, senior;

137.22 (21) (20) physical therapist;

137.23 (22) (21) psychologist 1;

137.24 (23) (22) psychologist 2;

137.25 (24) (23) psychologist 3;

(25) (24) recreation program assistant;

(26) (25) recreation therapist lead;

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(27) (26) recreation therapist senior; 138.1 (28) (27) rehabilitation counselor senior; 138.2 (29) (28) residential program lead; 138.3 (30) (29) security supervisor; 138.4 (31) (30) skills development specialist; 138.5 (32) (31) social worker senior; 138.6 (33) (32) social worker specialist; 138.7 (34) (33) social worker specialist, senior; 138.8 (35) (34) special education program assistant; 138.9 (36) (35) speech pathology clinician; 138.10 (36) substance use disorder counselor senior; 138.11 (37) work therapy assistant; and 138.12 (38) work therapy program coordinator. 138.13 Sec. 171. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 360.013, subdivision 50, is amended to read: 138.14 Subd. 50. Municipality. "Municipality" means a city of any class, including a city 138.15 organized under a charter framed pursuant to the Constitution of the state of Minnesota, 138.16 article 4 IV, section 36, article XI, section 4, or article XII, section 5, a county, a town, or 138.17 a statutory city in this state, the regents of the University of Minnesota, and any other political 138.18 subdivision, public corporation, authority, or district in this state which is or may be 138.19 authorized by law to acquire, establish, construct, maintain, improve, and operate airports 138.20 and other air navigation facilities. 138.21 Sec. 172. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 360.0161, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 138.22 Subd. 2. Approval of application; Federal Airport Act of 1946. No municipality in 138.23 this state, whether acting alone or jointly with another municipality or with the state, shall 138.24 submit to the administrator of civil aeronautics of the United States any project application 138.25 under the provisions of Section 9(a) of the Act of Congress approved May 13, 1946, being a Public Law 377, 79th Congress, known and hereinafter designated as the "Federal Airport 138.27 Act," Federal Airport Act, Public Law 79-377, or any amendment thereof, unless the project 138.28 and the project application have been first approved by the commissioner of transportation. 138.29

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Sec. 173. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 360.061, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- Subdivision 1. **Scope.** For the purposes of sections 360.061 to 360.074 the terms in this section have the meanings given.
- Sec. 174. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 360.067, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Administrative agent, appointment. In the case of an airport owned or operated
- by the state, the state airport zoning board adopting the zoning regulations for such airport,
- or the commissioner of transportation in case the zoning regulations are adopted by the
- commissioner as provided herein, shall appoint a local governmental official of a
- governmental unit in which the airport hazard area is located as the administrative agent.
- 139.10 The governmental official so appointed is hereby authorized and directed as part of official
- duties to exercise the powers and duties of the administrative agency as described in sections
- 139.12 360.067 this section and section 360.069.
- Sec. 175. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 360.511, subdivision 24, is amended to read:
- Subd. 24. **Fiscal year.** "Fiscal year" starts July 1 and ends June 30, effective July 1,
- 139.15 1966.

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- Sec. 176. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 383B.058, is amended to read:
- 383B.058 LOCAL ORDINANCES AND CHARTERS SUPERSEDED.
- (a) Except as provided in this section, sections section 383B.041 to 383B.057 supersede
- supersedes the provisions of any ordinance or resolution of a jurisdiction governed by
- sections 383B.041 to or 383B.058 or any existing special law or home rule charter provision
- 139.21 requiring disclosure of information related to the financing of election campaigns or requiring
- disclosure of economic interests by candidates and elected officials of that jurisdiction.
- (b) The governing body of Hennepin County, the governing body of any home rule
- charter city or statutory city located wholly in Hennepin County, and the school board of
- Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis may adopt or continue in force ordinances or
- 139.26 resolutions that:
- (1) impose limits on the amount that any individual or association may contribute to any
- 139.28 candidate for elected office in that jurisdiction;
- (2) require disclosure of economic interests in addition to those required to be disclosed
- 139.30 under section 383B.053; or
- (3) require other public officials of that jurisdiction to make such disclosure.

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140.1 (c) Any home rule charter city that adopts a charter provision modifying or superseding
140.2 any provision of sections section 383B.041 to 383B.057 shall file a copy of the charter
140.3 provision with the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board within 60 days of its
140.4 adoption.

- Sec. 177. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 402.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Powers and duties.** Notwithstanding the population requirements of sections 140.7 145A.11 to 145A.131 and 245.61 to 245.69 245.66 and chapter 401, a human services board shall possess all the powers and duties now assigned by law to:
- (a) manage the public resources devoted to human services delivered or purchased by the counties, which are subsidized or regulated by the Departments of Corrections, Health, and Human Services;
- (b) employ staff to carry out the purposes of sections 402.01 to 402.10;

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- 140.13 (c) deliver services directly or through contract with other governmental or 140.14 nongovernmental providers;
- (d) plan for the delivery of human services, which shall include corrections services, public health services, public assistance, developmental disability services, social services, mental health services, and others of similar classification;
- (e) receive and expend funds for the purposes of sections 402.01 to 402.10;
- (f) rent, purchase, sell, or otherwise dispose of real and personal property and equipment; and
- (g) county health boards, local social services agencies, and mental health boards.
- Sec. 178. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 403.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Telephone cardiopulmonary resuscitation program.** (a) On or before July 140.24 1, 2021, Every public safety answering point must maintain a telephone cardiopulmonary resuscitation program by either:
- 140.26 (1) providing each 911 telecommunicator with training in cardiopulmonary resuscitation; 140.27 or
- 140.28 (2) transferring callers to another public safety answering point with 911 140.29 telecommunicators that have received training in cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
- (b) Training in cardiopulmonary resuscitation must, at a minimum, include:

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(1) use of an evidence-based protocol or script for providing cardiopulmonary resuscitation instruction that has been recommended by an academic institution or a nationally recognized organization specializing in medical dispatch and, if the public safety answering point has a medical director, approved by that medical director; and

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- (2) appropriate continuing education, as determined by the evidence-based protocol for providing cardiopulmonary resuscitation instruction and, if the public safety answering point has a medical director, approved by that medical director.
 - (c) A public safety answering point that transfers callers to another public safety answering point must, at a minimum:
- 141.10 (1) use an evidence-based protocol for the identification of a person in need of cardiopulmonary resuscitation;
- (2) provide each 911 telecommunicator with appropriate training and continuing education to identify a person in need of cardiopulmonary resuscitation through the use of an evidence-based protocol; and
- 141.15 (3) ensure that any public safety answering point to which calls are transferred uses 911 telecommunicators who meet the training requirements under paragraph (b).
- 141.17 (d) Each public safety answering point shall conduct ongoing quality assurance of its telephone cardiopulmonary resuscitation program.
- 141.19 Sec. 179. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 403.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Emergency telecommunications service fee; account. (a) Each customer 141.20 of a wireless or wire-line switched or packet-based telecommunications service provider 141.21 connected to the public switched telephone network that furnishes service capable of 141.22 originating a 911 emergency telephone call is assessed a fee based upon the number of 141.23 wired or wireless telephone lines, or their equivalent, to cover the costs of ongoing maintenance and related improvements for trunking and central office switching equipment 141.25 for 911 emergency telecommunications service, to offset administrative and staffing costs 141.26 of the commissioner related to managing the 911 emergency telecommunications service 141.27 program, to make distributions provided for in section 403.113, and to offset the costs, 141.28 including administrative and staffing costs, incurred by the State Patrol Division of the 141.29 Department of Public Safety in handling 911 emergency calls made from wireless phones. 141.30
- 141.31 (b) Money remaining in the 911 emergency telecommunications service account after 141.32 all other obligations are paid must not cancel and is carried forward to subsequent years

Sec. 179. 141

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and may be appropriated from time to time to the commissioner to provide financial assistance to counties for the improvement of local emergency telecommunications services.

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- (c) The fee may not be more than 95 cents a month on or after July 1, 2010, for each customer access line or other basic access service, including trunk equivalents as designated by the Public Utilities Commission for access charge purposes and including wireless telecommunications services. With the approval of the commissioner of management and budget, the commissioner of public safety shall establish the amount of the fee within the limits specified and inform the companies and carriers of the amount to be collected. When the revenue bonds authorized under section 403.27, subdivision 1, have been fully paid or defeased, the commissioner shall reduce the fee to reflect that debt service on the bonds is no longer needed. The commissioner shall provide companies and carriers a minimum of 45 days' notice of each fee change. The fee must be the same for all customers, except that the fee imposed under this subdivision does not apply to prepaid wireless telecommunications service, which is instead subject to the fee imposed under section 403.161, subdivision 1, paragraph (a).
- (d) The fee must be collected by each wireless or wire-line telecommunications service provider subject to the fee. Fees are payable to and must be submitted to the commissioner monthly before the 25th of each month following the month of collection, except that fees may be submitted quarterly if less than \$250 a month is due, or annually if less than \$25 a month is due. Receipts must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a 911 emergency telecommunications service account in the special revenue fund. The money in the account may only be used for 911 telecommunications services.
- 142.23 (e) Competitive local exchanges carriers holding certificates of authority from the Public Utilities Commission are eligible to receive payment for recurring 911 services. 142.24
- Sec. 180. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 403.11, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 142.25
- Subd. 6. Report. (a) Beginning September 1, 2013, and continuing semiannually 142.26 thereafter, Each wireless telecommunications service provider shall semiannually report to 142.27 the commissioner, based on the mobile telephone number, both the total number of prepaid 142.28 wireless telecommunications subscribers sourced to Minnesota and the total number of 142.29 wireless telecommunications subscribers sourced to Minnesota. The report must be filed 142.30 on the same schedule as Federal Communications Commission Form 477. 142.31
- (b) The commissioner shall make a standard form available to all wireless 142.32 telecommunications service providers for submitting information required to compile the 142.33 report required under this subdivision. 142.34

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(c) The information provided to the commissioner under this subdivision is considered 143.1 trade secret information under section 13.37 and may only be used for purposes of 143.2 143.3 administering this chapter. Sec. 181. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 403.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 143.4 Subd. 3. Shared residential multiline telephone system. On and after January 1, 2005, 143.5 Operators of shared multiline telephone systems, whenever installed, serving residential 143.6 customers shall ensure that the shared multiline telephone system is connected to the public 143.7 switched network and that 911 calls from the system result in at least one distinctive 143.8 automatic number identification and automatic location identification for each residential 143.9 unit, except those requirements do not apply if the residential facility maintains one of the 143.10 following: 143.11 (1) automatic location identification for each respective emergency response location; 143.12 (2) the ability to direct emergency responders to the 911 caller's location through an 143.13 alternative and adequate means, such as the establishment of a 24-hour private answering point; or 143.15 (3) a connection to a switchboard operator, attendant, or other designated on-site 143.16 individual. 143.17 Sec. 182. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 403.161, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 143.18 Subd. 7. Fee changes. (a) The prepaid wireless E911 and telecommunications access 143.19 Minnesota fee must be proportionately increased or reduced upon any change to the fee 143.20 imposed under section 403.11, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), after July 1, 2013, or the fee 143.21 imposed under section 237.52, subdivision 2, as applicable. 143.22 (b) The department shall post notice of any fee changes on its website at least 30 days 143.23 in advance of the effective date of the fee changes. It is the responsibility of sellers to monitor 143.24 the department's website for notice of fee changes. 143.25 143.26 (c) Fee changes are effective 60 days after the first day of the first calendar month after the commissioner of public safety or the Public Utilities Commission, as applicable, changes 143.27 the fee. 143.28

Sec. 183. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 473H.02, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

zoning authority for the land specified in an application as provided under section 473H.05

Subd. 4. Authority. "Authority" means the unit of government exercising planning and

Sec. 183. 143

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and pursuant to sections 394.21 to 394.37, or 462.351 to 462.364, or Minnesota Statutes

2020, sections 366.10 to 366.181. Where both a county and a township have adopted zoning
regulations, the authority shall be the unit of government designated to prepare a

comprehensive plan pursuant to section 473.861, subdivision 2.

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- Sec. 184. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 477C.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Apportionment reduction; excess police state aid.** (a) The commissioner must reduce the apportionment of police state aid under this section for eligible municipalities by the amount of any excess police state aid calculated under this subdivision.
 - (b) The commissioner must calculate the amount of excess police state aid for each municipality as follows:
 - (1) for municipalities in which police retirement coverage is provided wholly by the public employees police and fire fund and all peace officers are members of the plan governed by sections 353.63 to 353.657, the excess police state aid amount equals the amount of police state aid apportioned under subdivision 2 that exceeds the employer's total prior calendar year obligation as defined in paragraph (c), as certified by the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association;
 - (2) for the Metropolitan Airports Commission, the excess police state aid amount equals the amount of apportioned police aid calculated under subdivision 2 that exceeds the commission's total prior calendar year obligation as defined in paragraph (c), as certified by the executive director of the Public Employees Retirement Association; and
 - (3) for the Departments of Natural Resources and Public Safety, the excess police state aid amount equals the amount of apportioned police aid calculated under subdivision 2 that exceeds the employer's total prior calendar year obligation under section 352B.02, subdivision 1c, for plan members who are peace officers, as certified by the executive director of the Minnesota State Retirement System.
- (c) The municipality's total prior calendar year obligation with respect to the public employees police and fire plan under paragraph (b), clause (1), is the total prior calendar year obligation under section 353.65, subdivision 3, for police officers as defined in section 353.64, subdivisions 1, la, and 2, and the actual total prior calendar year obligation under section 353.65, subdivision 3, for firefighters, as defined in section 353.64, subdivisions 1, la, and 2, but not to exceed for those firefighters the applicable following employer calendar year amount:

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145.1		Municipality	<i>I</i>	Maximum Amount
145.2		Albert Lea		\$54,157.01
145.3		Anoka		10,399.31
145.4		Apple Valley	y	5,442.44
145.5		Austin		49,864.73
145.6		Bemidji		27,671.38
145.7		Brooklyn Ce	enter	6,605.92
145.8		Brooklyn Pa	rk	24,002.26
145.9		Burnsville		15,956.00
145.10		Cloquet		4,260.49
145.11		Coon Rapids	S	39,920.00
145.12		Cottage Gro	ve	8,588.48
145.13		Crystal		5,855.00
145.14		East Grand I	Forks	51,009.88
145.15		Edina		32,251.00
145.16		Elk River		5,216.55
145.17		Ely		13,584.16
145.18		Eveleth		16,288.27
145.19		Fergus Falls		6,742.00
145.20		Fridley		33,420.64
145.21		Golden Valle	ey	11,744.61
145.22		Hastings		16,561.00
145.23		Hopkins		4,324.23
145.24		International	l Falls	14,400.69
145.25		Lakeville		782.35
145.26		Lino Lakes		5,324.00
145.27		Little Falls		7,889.41
145.28		Maple Grove	e	6,707.54
145.29		Maplewood		8,476.69
145.30		Minnetonka		10,403.00
145.31		Montevideo		1,307.66
145.32		Moorhead		68,069.26
145.33		New Hope		6,739.72
145.34		North St. Pa	ul	4,241.14
145.35		Northfield		770.63
145.36		Owatonna		37,292.67
145.37		Plymouth		6,754.71
145.38		Red Wing		3,504.01

1st Engrossment

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	SF1497	REVISOR	JSK	S1497-1	1st Engrossment
146.1		Richfield		53,757.96	
146.2		Rosemount		1,712.55	
146.3		Roseville		9,854.51	
146.4		St. Anthony		33,055.00	
146.5		St. Louis Park		53,643.11	
146.6		Thief River Fa	lls	28,365.04	
146.7		Virginia		31,164.46	
146.8		Waseca		11,135.17	
146.9		West St. Paul		15,707.20	
146.10		White Bear La	ke	6,521.04	
146.11		Woodbury		3,613.00	
146.12		any other muni	cipality	0.00	

(d) The total amount of excess police state aid must be deposited in the excess police state aid <u>holding</u> account in the general fund, and administered and distributed as provided in subdivision 4.

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Sec. 185. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 504B.371, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Exception.** Subdivisions 1, 4, and 6 5 do not apply in an action on a lease, against a tenant holding over after the expiration of the term of the lease, or a termination of the lease by a notice to quit, if the plaintiff gives a bond conditioned to pay all costs and damages if on the appeal the judgment of restitution is reversed and a new trial ordered. In such a case, the court shall issue a writ for recovery of premises and order to vacate notwithstanding the notice of appeal, as if no appeal had been taken, and the appellate court shall issue all needful writs and processes to carry out any judgment which may be rendered in the court.

Sec. 186. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 507.24, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Original signatures required.** (a) Unless otherwise provided by law, an instrument affecting real estate that is to be recorded as provided in this section or other applicable law must contain the original signatures of the parties who execute it and of the notary public or other officer taking an acknowledgment. However, a financing statement that is recorded as a filing pursuant to section 336.9-502(b) need not contain: (1) the signatures of the debtor or the secured party; or (2) an acknowledgment. An instrument acknowledged in a representative capacity as defined in section 358.52 on behalf of a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or trust that is otherwise entitled to be recorded shall be recorded if the acknowledgment made in a representative capacity is

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substantially in the form prescribed in chapter 358, without further inquiry into the authority of the person making the acknowledgment.

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- (b) Any electronic instruments, including signatures and seals, affecting real estate may only be recorded in conformance with standards implemented by the Electronic Real Estate Recording Commission created under the Minnesota Real Property Electronic Recording Act, sections 507.0941 to 507.0948. The Electronic Real Estate Recording Commission created under the Minnesota Real Property Electronic Recording Act may adopt or amend standards set by the task force created in Laws 2000, chapter 391, and the Electronic Real Estate Recording Task Force created under Laws 2005, chapter 156, article 2, section 41, and may set new or additional standards to the full extent permitted in section 507.0945. 147.10 Documents recorded in conformity with the standards created as part of a pilot project for 147.11 the electronic filing of real estate documents implemented by the task force created in Laws 2000, chapter 391, or by the Electronic Real Estate Recording Task Force created under 147.13 Laws 2005, chapter 156, article 2, section 41, are deemed to meet the requirements of this 147.14 section. 147.15
- (c) Notices filed pursuant to section 168A.141, subdivisions 1 and 3 168A.1412, 147.16 subdivisions 2, 3, and 6, need not contain an acknowledgment. 147.17
- Sec. 187. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.035, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 147.18
- Subd. 2. Consecutive sentences. (a) When a person is being sentenced for a violation 147.19
- of a provision listed in paragraph (e), the court may sentence the person to a consecutive 147.20
- term of imprisonment for a violation of any other provision listed in paragraph (e), 147.21
- notwithstanding the fact that the offenses arose out of the same course of conduct, subject 147.22
- to the limitation on consecutive sentences contained in section 609.15, subdivision 2, and 147.23
- except as provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (f). 147.24
- (b) When a person is being sentenced for a violation of section 171.09, 171.20, 171.24, 147.25
- or 171.30, the court may not impose a consecutive sentence for another violation of a 147.26
- provision in chapter 171. 147.27
- (c) When a person is being sentenced for a violation of section 169.791 or 169.797, the 147.28
- court may not impose a consecutive sentence for another violation of a provision of sections 147.29
- 147.30 169.79 to 169.7995.
- (d) This subdivision does not limit the authority of the court to impose consecutive 147.31
- sentences for crimes arising on different dates or to impose a consecutive sentence when a

Sec. 187. 147 person is being sentenced for a crime and is also in violation of the conditions of a stayed or otherwise deferred sentence under section 609.135.

- (e) This subdivision applies to misdemeanor and gross misdemeanor violations of the following if the offender has two or more prior impaired driving convictions as defined in section 169A.03 within the past ten years:
- (1) section 169A.20, subdivision 1, la, lb, or le, driving while impaired;
- (2) section 169A.20, subdivision 2, test refusal;

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- 148.8 (3) section 169.791, failure to provide proof of insurance;
- (4) section 169.797, failure to provide vehicle insurance;
- (5) section 171.09, violation of condition of restricted license;
- 148.11 (6) section 171.20, subdivision 2, operation after revocation, suspension, cancellation, or disqualification;
- 148.13 (7) section 171.24, driving without valid license; and
- 148.14 (8) section 171.30, violation of condition of limited license.
- (f) When a court is sentencing an offender for a violation of section 169A.20 and a violation of an offense listed in paragraph (e), and the offender has five or more qualified prior impaired driving incidents, as defined in section 169A.03, within the past ten years, the court shall sentence the offender to serve consecutive sentences for the offenses, notwithstanding the fact that the offenses arose out of the same course of conduct.
- Sec. 188. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 626.892, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Applicability of Minnesota Rules, <u>chapter chapters 5510 and 5530.</u> To the extent consistent with this section, the following provisions of Minnesota Rules apply to arbitrators on the roster of arbitrators established under this section:**
- (1) Minnesota Rules, part 5530.0500 (status of arbitrators);
- (2) Minnesota Rules, part 5530.0800 (arbitrator conduct and standards); and
- 148.26 (3) Minnesota Rules, part 5530.1000 (arbitration proceedings). <u>5510.5220 (arbitrator responsibilities);</u>
- (4) Minnesota Rules, part 5510.5230, subpart 4 (hearing transcripts and recordings);
- 148.29 (5) Minnesota Rules, part 5510.5260 (briefs); and
- (6) Minnesota Rules, part 5510.5295 (arbitrator fees and costs).

Sec. 188. 148

- 149.1 Sec. 189. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**
- In Minnesota Statutes, section 127A.85, Article II, section A, the revisor of statutes shall
- replace the range reference "United States Code, title 10, sections 1209 and 1211" with
- "United States Code, title 10, chapters 1209 and 1211.
- 149.5 Sec. 190. **REPEALER.**
- Subdivision 1. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 13.461,
- subdivision 4, is repealed.
- Subd. 2. Obsolete subdivision. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 13.7191, subdivision
- 149.9 16, is repealed.
- Subd. 3. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 147D.27, subdivision
- 149.11 5, is repealed.
- Subd. 4. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 160.165, subdivision
- 149.13 <u>3, is repealed.</u>
- Subd. 5. **Obsolete section.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 165.14, is repealed.
- Subd. 6. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.013, subdivision
- 149.16 16, is repealed.
- Subd. 7. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.271, subdivision
- 149.18 <u>2, is repealed.</u>
- Subd. 8. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 174.285, subdivision
- 149.20 7, is repealed.
- Subd. 9. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 219.662, subdivision
- 149.22 2, is repealed.
- Subd. 10. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.051, subdivision
- 149.24 7, is repealed.
- Subd. 11. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.439, subdivision
- 149.26 3b, is repealed.
- Subd. 12. **Obsolete subdivisions.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 290.068, subdivisions
- 149.28 6a and 7, are repealed.
- Subd. 13. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 295.50, subdivision

149.30 10b, is repealed.

Sec. 190. 149

150.1	Subd. 14. Obsolete section. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297B.04, is repealed.
150.2	Subd. 15. Obsolete section. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297B.05, is repealed.
150.3	Subd. 16. Obsolete subdivision. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.851, subdivision
150.4	7, is repealed.
150.5	Subd. 17. Obsolete rule part. Minnesota Rules, part 5530.1000, is repealed.
150.6	Subd. 18. Obsolete rule part. Minnesota Rules, part 7805.0300, is repealed.
150.7	Subd. 19. Obsolete rule part. Minnesota Rules, part 8810.4100, is repealed.
150.8	Subd. 20. Conflict resolution. Laws 2021, chapter 30, article 17, section 16, is repealed.
150.9	Sec. 191. SUPERSEDING ACTS.
150.10	Any amendments or repeals enacted in the 2023 session of the legislature to sections
150.11	also amended or repealed in this act supersede the amendments or repeals in this act,
150.12	regardless of order of enactment.

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S1497-1

REVISOR

1st Engrossment

SF1497

Sec. 191. 150

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: S1497-1

13.461 HUMAN SERVICES DATA CODED ELSEWHERE.

No active language found for: 13.461.4

13.7191 MISCELLANEOUS INSURANCE DATA CODED ELSEWHERE.

No active language found for: 13.7191.16

147D.27 FEES.

No active language found for: 147D.27.5

160.165 MITIGATING TRANSPORTATION PROJECT IMPACTS ON BUSINESS.

No active language found for: 160.165.3

No active language found for: 165.14

168.013 VEHICLE REGISTRATION TAXES.

No active language found for: 168.013.16

168.271 INFORMATIONAL LABELS ON PICKUP TRUCKS; PENALTY.

No active language found for: 168.271.2

174.285 MINNESOTA COUNCIL ON TRANSPORTATION ACCESS.

No active language found for: 174.285.7

219.662 SPEEDOMETER REQUIRED; REPORTS.

No active language found for: 219.662.2

256B.051 HOUSING STABILIZATION SERVICES.

No active language found for: 256B.051.7

256B.439 LONG-TERM CARE QUALITY PROFILES.

No active language found for: 256B.439.3b

290.068 CREDIT FOR INCREASING RESEARCH ACTIVITIES.

No active language found for: 290.068.6a

No active language found for: 290.068.7

295.50 DEFINITIONS.

No active language found for: 295.50.10b

No active language found for: 297B.04

No active language found for: 297B.05

299F.851 TEST METHOD AND PERFORMANCE STANDARD.

No active language found for: 299F.851.7

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Session Laws: S1497-1

Laws 2021, chapter 30, article 17, section 16 by Laws 2023, chapter 25, section 190

Subdivision 1. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 13.461, subdivision 4, is repealed.

- Subd. 2. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 13.7191, subdivision 16, is repealed.
- Subd. 3. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 147D.27, subdivision 5, is repealed.
- Subd. 4. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 160.165, subdivision 3, is repealed.
 - Subd. 5. **Obsolete section.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 165.14, is repealed.
- Subd. 6. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.013, subdivision 16, is repealed.
- Subd. 7. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168.271, subdivision 2, is repealed.
- Subd. 8. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 174.285, subdivision 7, is repealed.
- Subd. 9. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 219.662, subdivision 2, is repealed.
- Subd. 10. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.051, subdivision 7, is repealed.
- Subd. 11. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.439, subdivision 3b, is repealed.
- Subd. 12. **Obsolete subdivisions.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 290.068, subdivisions 6a and 7, are repealed.
- Subd. 13. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 295.50, subdivision 10b, is repealed.
 - Subd. 14. **Obsolete section.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297B.04, is repealed.
 - Subd. 15. **Obsolete section.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 297B.05, is repealed.
- Subd. 16. **Obsolete subdivision.** Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 299F.851, subdivision 7, is repealed.
 - Subd. 17. Obsolete rule part. Minnesota Rules, part 5530.1000, is repealed.
 - Subd. 18. **Obsolete rule part.** Minnesota Rules, part 7805.0300, is repealed.
 - Subd. 19. Obsolete rule part. Minnesota Rules, part 8810.4100, is repealed.
 - Subd. 20. Conflict resolution. Laws 2021, chapter 30, article 17, section 16, is repealed.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rules: S1497-1

5530.1000	[Repealed, L 2023 c 25 s 190]
7805.0300	[Repealed, L 2023 c 25 s 190]
8810.4100	[Repealed, L 2023 c 25 s 190]