

SENATE

STATE OF MINNESOTA

EIGHTY-NINTH SESSION

S.F. No. 1305

(SENATE AUTHORS: SPARKS)

DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
03/04/2015	522	Introduction and first reading Referred to Jobs, Agriculture and Rural Development See HF1554, Sec. 13-15, 17-18, 27 See SF5, Art. 2 (First Special Session)

A bill for an act

relating to state government; appropriating money for agriculture, environment, and natural resources; providing retail food establishment and food handler license fees; making policy and technical changes to various agricultural related provisions, including provisions related to pesticide control, plant protection, nursery law, seeds, food handlers, food, farmland, farming, and loans; establishing the farm opportunity loan program; modifying agency rulemaking; modifying fees and surcharges; creating accounts; regulating priority chemicals in children's products; modifying prior appropriations; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 13.643, subdivision 1; 13.7411, subdivision 8; 14.365; 18B.01, subdivisions 28, 29; 18B.32, subdivision 1; 18B.33, subdivision 1; 18B.34, subdivision 1; 18C.425, subdivision 6; 18G.10, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 18H.02, subdivision 20, by adding subdivisions; 18H.06, subdivision 2; 18H.07; 21.81, by adding subdivisions; 21.82, subdivisions 2, 4; 21.85, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 21.89, subdivision 2; 21.891, subdivisions 2, 5; 25.39, subdivision 1; 28A.03, by adding subdivisions; 28A.08, subdivision 1, by adding subdivisions; 28A.082, subdivision 1; 31.39, subdivision 1; 32.394, subdivisions 8, 8b; 41B.03, subdivision 6, by adding a subdivision; 41B.04, subdivision 17; 41B.043, subdivision 3; 41B.045, subdivisions 3, 4; 41B.046, subdivision 5; 41B.047, subdivisions 1, 4; 41B.048, subdivision 6; 41B.049, subdivision 4; 41B.055, subdivision 3; 41B.056, subdivision 2; 41B.06; 85.055, subdivision 1; 86B.415, subdivision 7; 116.07, subdivision 4d; 116.9401; 116.9402; 116.9403; 116.9405; 116.9406; 500.24, subdivision 4; Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 2, section 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 15; 41B; 84; 103B; 116; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 17.115; 28A.08, subdivision 3; 41A.12, subdivision 4; 84.68.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

ARTICLE 1

AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS.

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the

general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2016" and "2017" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, or June 30, 2017, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2016. "The second year" is fiscal year 2017. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2016 and 2017.

APPROPRIATIONS
Available for the Year
Ending June 30
2016 2017

Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

<u>Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>31,329,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>31,539,000</u>
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Appropriations by Fund

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
<u>General</u>	<u>29,951,000</u>	<u>30,161,000</u>
<u>Remediation</u>	<u>388,000</u>	<u>388,000</u>
<u>Agricultural</u>	<u>990,000</u>	<u>990,000</u>

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

<u>Subd. 2. Protection Services</u>	<u>10,733,000</u>	<u>10,733,000</u>
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Appropriations by Fund

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
<u>General</u>	<u>10,155,000</u>	<u>10,155,000</u>
<u>Agricultural</u>	<u>190,000</u>	<u>190,000</u>
<u>Remediation</u>	<u>388,000</u>	<u>388,000</u>

\$388,000 the first year and \$388,000 the second year are from the remediation fund for administrative funding for the voluntary cleanup program.

\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year are for compensation for destroyed or crippled animals under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.737. If the amount in the first year is insufficient, the amount in the second year is available in the first year.

3.1 \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second
 3.2 year are for compensation for crop damage
 3.3 under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.7371. If
 3.4 the amount in the first year is insufficient, the
 3.5 amount in the second year is available in the
 3.6 first year.

3.7 If the commissioner determines that claims
 3.8 made under Minnesota Statutes, section
 3.9 3.737 or 3.7371, are unusually high, amounts
 3.10 appropriated for either program may be
 3.11 transferred to the appropriation for the other
 3.12 program.

3.13 \$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the
 3.14 second year are for additional funding for
 3.15 dairy inspection services.

3.16 \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the
 3.17 second year are for additional funding for
 3.18 laboratory services operations.

3.19 \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000
 3.20 the second year are for additional meat
 3.21 inspection services.

3.22 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
 3.23 18B.05, \$90,000 the first year and \$90,000
 3.24 the second year are from the pesticide
 3.25 regulatory account in the agricultural fund
 3.26 for an increase in the operating budget for
 3.27 the Laboratory Services Division.

3.28 \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
 3.29 second year are from the pesticide regulatory
 3.30 account in the agricultural fund to update
 3.31 and modify applicator education and training
 3.32 materials.

3.33 Subd. 3. **Agricultural Marketing and**
 3.34 **Development**

3,873,000

3,873,000

4.1 \$186,000 the first year and \$186,000 the
4.2 second year are for transfer to the Minnesota
4.3 grown account and may be used as grants
4.4 for Minnesota grown promotion under
4.5 Minnesota Statutes, section 17.102. Grants
4.6 may be made for one year. Notwithstanding
4.7 Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the
4.8 appropriations encumbered under contract
4.9 on or before June 30, 2017, for Minnesota
4.10 grown grants in this paragraph are available
4.11 until June 30, 2019.

4.12 \$634,000 the first year and \$634,000 the
4.13 second year are for continuation of the dairy
4.14 development and profitability enhancement
4.15 and dairy business planning grant programs
4.16 established under Laws 1997, chapter
4.17 216, section 7, subdivision 2, and Laws
4.18 2001, First Special Session chapter 2,
4.19 section 9, subdivision 2. The commissioner
4.20 may allocate the available sums among
4.21 permissible activities, including efforts to
4.22 improve the quality of milk produced in the
4.23 state in the proportions that the commissioner
4.24 deems most beneficial to Minnesota's
4.25 dairy farmers. The commissioner must
4.26 submit a detailed accomplishment report
4.27 and a work plan detailing future plans for,
4.28 and anticipated accomplishments from,
4.29 expenditures under this program to the
4.30 chairs and ranking minority members of the
4.31 legislative committees with jurisdiction over
4.32 agricultural policy and finance on or before
4.33 the start of each fiscal year. If significant
4.34 changes are made to the plans in the course
4.35 of the year, the commissioner must notify the
4.36 chairs and ranking minority members.

5.1 The commissioner may use funds
 5.2 appropriated in this subdivision for annual
 5.3 cost-share payments to resident farmers
 5.4 or entities that sell, process, or package
 5.5 agricultural products in this state for the costs
 5.6 of organic certification. The commissioner
 5.7 may allocate these funds for assistance for
 5.8 persons transitioning from conventional to
 5.9 organic agriculture.

5.10 Subd. 4. **Bioenergy and Value-Added**
 5.11 **Agriculture**

10,235,000

10,235,000

5.12 \$10,235,000 the first year and \$10,235,000
 5.13 the second year are for the agricultural
 5.14 growth, research, and innovation program
 5.15 in Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.12. No
 5.16 later than February 1, 2016, and February
 5.17 1, 2017, the commissioner must report to
 5.18 the legislative committees with jurisdiction
 5.19 over agriculture policy and finance regarding
 5.20 the commissioner's accomplishments
 5.21 and anticipated accomplishments in
 5.22 the following areas: facilitating the
 5.23 start-up, modernization, or expansion of
 5.24 livestock operations including beginning
 5.25 and transitioning livestock operations;
 5.26 developing new markets for Minnesota
 5.27 farmers by providing more fruits, vegetables,
 5.28 meat, grain, and dairy for Minnesota school
 5.29 children; assisting value-added agricultural
 5.30 businesses to begin or expand, access new
 5.31 markets, or diversify products; facilitating
 5.32 the start-up, modernization, or expansion
 5.33 of other beginning and transitioning farms;
 5.34 research on conventional and cover crops;
 5.35 sustainable agriculture on farm research and
 5.36 demonstration; and research on bioenergy,

6.1 biobased content, or biobased formulated
6.2 products and other renewable energy
6.3 development.

6.4 The commissioner may use up to 4.5 percent
6.5 of this appropriation for costs incurred to
6.6 administer the program. Any unencumbered
6.7 balance does not cancel at the end of the first
6.8 year and is available for the second year.

6.9 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
6.10 16A.28, the appropriations encumbered
6.11 under contract on or before June 30, 2017, for
6.12 agricultural growth, research, and innovation
6.13 grants in this subdivision are available until
6.14 June 30, 2019.

6.15 Funds in this appropriation may be used for
6.16 grants under this paragraph. The NextGen
6.17 Energy Board, established in Minnesota
6.18 Statutes, section 41A.105, shall make
6.19 recommendations to the commissioner on
6.20 grants for owners of Minnesota facilities
6.21 producing bioenergy, biobased content,
6.22 or a biobased formulated product; for
6.23 organizations that provide for on-station,
6.24 on-farm field scale research and outreach to
6.25 develop and test the agronomic and economic
6.26 requirements of diverse strands of prairie
6.27 plants and other perennials for bioenergy
6.28 systems; or for certain nongovernmental
6.29 entities. For the purposes of this paragraph,
6.30 "bioenergy" includes transportation fuels
6.31 derived from cellulosic material, as well as
6.32 the generation of energy for commercial heat,
6.33 industrial process heat, or electrical power
6.34 from cellulosic materials via gasification or
6.35 other processes. Grants are limited to 50
6.36 percent of the cost of research, technical

7.1 assistance, or equipment related to bioenergy,
7.2 biobased content, or biobased formulated
7.3 product production or \$500,000, whichever
7.4 is less. Grants to nongovernmental entities
7.5 for the development of business plans and
7.6 structures related to community ownership
7.7 of eligible bioenergy facilities together may
7.8 not exceed \$150,000. The board shall make
7.9 a good-faith effort to select projects that have
7.10 merit and, when taken together, represent a
7.11 variety of bioenergy technologies, biomass
7.12 feedstocks, and geographic regions of the
7.13 state. Projects must have a qualified engineer
7.14 provide certification on the technology and
7.15 fuel source. Grantees must provide reports at
7.16 the request of the commissioner.

7.17 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
7.18 41A.12, subdivision 3, of the amount
7.19 appropriated in this subdivision, \$1,000,000
7.20 the first year and \$1,000,000 the second year
7.21 are for distribution in equal amounts to each
7.22 of the state's county fairs to preserve and
7.23 promote Minnesota agriculture.

7.24	<u>Subd. 5. Administration and Financial</u>		
7.25	<u>Assistance</u>	<u>6,488,000</u>	<u>6,698,000</u>

7.26	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>		
7.27		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
7.28	<u>General</u>	<u>5,688,000</u>	<u>5,898,000</u>
7.29	<u>Agricultural</u>	<u>800,000</u>	<u>800,000</u>

7.30 \$47,000 the first year and \$47,000 the second
7.31 year are for the Northern Crops Institute.

7.32 These appropriations may be spent to
7.33 purchase equipment.

7.34 \$18,000 the first year and \$18,000 the
7.35 second year are for a grant to the Minnesota
7.36 Livestock Breeders Association.

8.1 \$235,000 the first year and \$235,000 the
8.2 second year are for grants to the Minnesota
8.3 Agricultural Education and Leadership
8.4 Council for programs of the council under
8.5 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D.

8.6 \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the
8.7 second year are for payments to county and
8.8 district agricultural societies and associations
8.9 under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02,
8.10 subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and
8.11 district agricultural societies and associations
8.12 shall be disbursed no later than July 15 of
8.13 each year. These payments are the amount of
8.14 aid from the state for an annual fair held in
8.15 the previous calendar year.

8.16 \$1,000 the first year and \$1,000 the second
8.17 year are for grants to the Minnesota State
8.18 Poultry Association.

8.19 \$108,000 the first year and \$108,000 the
8.20 second year are for annual grants to the
8.21 Minnesota Turf Seed Council for basic
8.22 and applied research on: (1) the improved
8.23 production of forage and turf seed related to
8.24 new and improved varieties; and (2) native
8.25 plants, including plant breeding, nutrient
8.26 management, pest management, disease
8.27 management, yield, and viability. The grant
8.28 recipient may subcontract with a qualified
8.29 third party for some or all of the basic or
8.30 applied research.

8.31 \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
8.32 second year are for grants to Second Harvest
8.33 Heartland on behalf of Minnesota's six
8.34 Second Harvest food banks for the purchase
8.35 of milk for distribution to Minnesota's food

9.1 shelves and other charitable organizations
9.2 that are eligible to receive food from the food
9.3 banks. Milk purchased under the grants must
9.4 be acquired from Minnesota milk processors
9.5 and based on low-cost bids. The milk must be
9.6 allocated to each Second Harvest food bank
9.7 serving Minnesota according to the formula
9.8 used in the distribution of United States
9.9 Department of Agriculture commodities
9.10 under The Emergency Food Assistance
9.11 Program (TEFAP). Second Harvest
9.12 Heartland must submit quarterly reports
9.13 to the commissioner on forms prescribed
9.14 by the commissioner. The reports must
9.15 include, but are not limited to, information
9.16 on the expenditure of funds, the amount
9.17 of milk purchased, and the organizations
9.18 to which the milk was distributed. Second
9.19 Harvest Heartland may enter into contracts
9.20 or agreements with food banks for shared
9.21 funding or reimbursement of the direct
9.22 purchase of milk. Each food bank receiving
9.23 money from this appropriation may use up to
9.24 two percent of the grant for administrative
9.25 expenses.
9.26 \$94,000 the first year and \$94,000 the
9.27 second year are for transfer to the Board of
9.28 Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges
9.29 and Universities for statewide mental health
9.30 counseling support to farm families and
9.31 business operators through farm business
9.32 management programs at Central Lakes
9.33 College and Ridgewater College.
9.34 \$17,000 the first year and \$17,000 the
9.35 second year are for grants to the Minnesota
9.36 Horticultural Society.

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Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
section 18C.131, \$800,000 the first year
and \$800,000 the second year are from the
fertilizer account in the agricultural fund
for grants for fertilizer research as awarded
by the Minnesota Agricultural Fertilizer
Research and Education Council under
Minnesota Statutes, section 18C.71. The
amount appropriated in either fiscal year
must not exceed 57 percent of the inspection
fee revenue collected under Minnesota
Statutes, section 18C.425, subdivision 6,
during the previous fiscal year. No later
than February 1, 2017, the commissioner
shall report to the legislative committees
with jurisdiction over agriculture finance.
The report must include the progress and
outcome of funded projects as well as the
sentiment of the council concerning the need
for additional research funds.

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Sec. 3. <u>BOARD OF ANIMAL HEALTH</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,318,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,384,000</u>
Sec. 4. <u>AGRICULTURAL UTILIZATION</u>				
<u>RESEARCH INSTITUTE</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,643,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,643,000</u>

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ARTICLE 2

AGRICULTURE POLICY

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Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 13.643, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 Subdivision 1. **Department of Agriculture data.** (a) **Loan and grant applicant**
data. The following data on applicants, collected by the Department of Agriculture in its
 sustainable agriculture revolving loan and grant programs under ~~sections 17.115 and section~~
 17.116, are private or nonpublic: nonfarm income; credit history; insurance coverage;
 machinery and equipment list; financial information; and credit information requests.
 (b) **Farm advocate data.** The following data supplied by farmer clients to
 Minnesota farm advocates and to the Department of Agriculture are private data on

11.1 individuals: financial history, including listings of assets and debts, and personal and
11.2 emotional status information.

11.3 **Sec. 2. [15.445] RETAIL FOOD ESTABLISHMENT FEES.**

11.4 Subdivision 1. **Fees.** The fees in this section are required for retail food handler
11.5 and food and beverage service establishments, licensed under chapters 28A and 157.
11.6 Permanent retail food handler and food and beverage service establishments must pay
11.7 the applicable fee under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), (b), (c), or (d), and all applicable
11.8 fees under subdivision 4. Temporary food establishments and special events must pay the
11.9 applicable fee under subdivision 3.

11.10 Subd. 2. **Permanent food establishments.** (a) The Category 1 establishment
11.11 license fee is \$210 annually. "Category 1 establishment" means an establishment that
11.12 does one or more of the following:

11.13 (1) sells only prepackaged nonpotentially hazardous foods as defined in Minnesota
11.14 Rules, chapter 4626;

11.15 (2) provides cleaning for eating, drinking, or cooking utensils, when the only food
11.16 served is prepared off-site;

11.17 (3) operates a childcare facility licensed under section 245A.03 and Minnesota
11.18 Rules, chapter 9503; or

11.19 (4) operates as a retail food handler classified in section 28A.05 and has gross annual
11.20 sales of \$250,000 or less.

11.21 (b) The Category 2 establishment license fee is \$270. "Category 2 establishment"
11.22 means an establishment that is not a Category 1 establishment and is either:

11.23 (1) a food establishment where the method of food preparation meets the definition
11.24 of a low-risk establishment in section 157.20; or

11.25 (2) an elementary or secondary school as defined in section 120A.05.

11.26 (c) The Category 3 establishment license fee is \$460 annually. "Category 3
11.27 establishment" means an establishment that is not a Category 1 or 2 establishment and
11.28 the method of food preparation meets the definition of a medium-risk establishment in
11.29 section 157.20.

11.30 (d) The Category 4 establishment license fee is \$690 annually. "Category 4
11.31 establishment" means an establishment that is not a Category 1, 2, or 3 establishment
11.32 and is either:

11.33 (1) a food establishment where the method of food preparation meets the definition
11.34 of a high-risk establishment in section 157.20; or

(2) an establishment where 500 or more meals per day are prepared at one location and served at one or more separate locations.

Subd. 3. Temporary food establishments and special events. (a) The special event food stand license fee is \$50 annually. Special event food stand is where food is prepared or served in conjunction with celebrations, county fairs, or special events from a special event food stand as defined in section 157.15.

(b) The temporary food and beverage service license fee is \$210 annually. A temporary food and beverage service includes food carts, mobile food units, seasonal temporary food stands, retail food vehicles, portable structures, and seasonal permanent food stands.

Subd. 4. Additional applicable fees. (a) The individual private sewer or individual private water license fee is \$60 annually. Individual private water is a water supply other than a community public water supply as covered in Minnesota Rules, chapter 4720. Individual private sewer is an individual sewage treatment system which uses subsurface treatment and disposal.

(b) The additional food or beverage service license fee is \$165 annually. Additional food or beverage service is a location at a food service establishment, other than the primary food preparation and service area, used to prepare or serve food or beverages to the public. Additional food service does not apply to school concession stands.

(c) The large retail food handler license fee is .02 percent of gross sales or service including food service with a maximum fee of \$5,000 annually. Large retail food handler is a fee category added to a license for retail food handlers as classified in section 28A.05 with gross annual sales over \$10,000,000.

(d) The specialized processing license fee is \$400 annually. Specialized processing is a business that performs one or more specialized processes that require a HACCP as required in Minnesota Rules, chapter 4626.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.01, subdivision 28, is amended to read:

Subd. 28. Structural pest. "Structural pest" means a an invertebrate pest, other than a plant, or commensal rodent in, on, under, or near a structure such as a residential or commercial building.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.01, subdivision 29, is amended to read:

Subd. 29. Structural pest control. "Structural pest control" means the control of any structural pest through the use of a device, a procedure, or application of pesticides or through other means in or around a building or other structures, including trucks, boxcars,

13.1 ships, aircraft, docks, and fumigation vaults, ~~and the business activity related to use of a~~
13.2 ~~device, a procedure, or application of a pesticide.~~

13.3 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

13.4 Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** (a) A person may not engage in structural pest
13.5 control applications:

13.6 (1) for hire without a structural pest control license; and

13.7 (2) as a sole proprietorship, company, partnership, or corporation unless the person
13.8 is or employs a licensed master in structural pest control operations.

13.9 (b) A structural pest control licensee must have a valid license identification card
13.10 ~~when applying to purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must~~
13.11 display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law
13.12 enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information required by
13.13 the commissioner.

13.14 ~~(c) Notwithstanding the licensing requirements of this subdivision, a person may~~
13.15 ~~control the following nuisance or economically damaging wild animals, by trapping,~~
13.16 ~~without a structural pest control license:~~

13.17 ~~(1) fur-bearing animals, as defined in section 97A.015, with a valid trapping license~~
13.18 ~~or special permit from the commissioner of natural resources; and~~

13.19 ~~(2) skunks, woodchucks, gophers, porcupines, coyotes, moles, and weasels.~~

13.20 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

13.21 Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** (a) A person may not apply a pesticide for hire
13.22 without a commercial applicator license for the appropriate use categories or a structural
13.23 pest control license.

13.24 (b) A commercial applicator licensee must have a valid license identification card
13.25 ~~when applying to purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must~~
13.26 display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law
13.27 enforcement officer. The commissioner shall prescribe the information required on the
13.28 license identification card.

13.29 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18B.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

13.30 Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** (a) Except for a licensed commercial applicator,
13.31 certified private applicator, or licensed structural pest control applicator, a person,
13.32 including a government employee, may not purchase or use a restricted use pesticide in

14.1 performance of official duties without having a noncommercial applicator license for an
14.2 appropriate use category.

14.3 (b) A licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying pesticides
14.4 and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner
14.5 or a law enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information
14.6 required by the commissioner.

14.7 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18C.425, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

14.8 Subd. 6. **Payment of inspection fee.** (a) The person who registers and distributes in
14.9 the state a specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment under section 18C.411
14.10 shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner.

14.11 (b) The person licensed under section 18C.415 who distributes a fertilizer to a person
14.12 not required to be so licensed shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner, except as
14.13 exempted under section 18C.421, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

14.14 (c) The person responsible for payment of the inspection fees for fertilizers, soil
14.15 amendments, or plant amendments sold and used in this state must pay an inspection fee
14.16 of ~~30~~ 39 cents per ton, and until June 30, 2019, an additional 40 cents per ton, of fertilizer,
14.17 soil amendment, and plant amendment sold or distributed in this state, with a minimum of
14.18 \$10 on all tonnage reports. Products sold or distributed to manufacturers or exchanged
14.19 between them are exempt from the inspection fee imposed by this subdivision if the
14.20 products are used exclusively for manufacturing purposes.

14.21 (d) A registrant or licensee must retain invoices showing proof of fertilizer, plant
14.22 amendment, or soil amendment distribution amounts and inspection fees paid for a period
14.23 of three years.

14.24 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

14.25 Subd. 3. **Cooperative agreements.** The commissioner may enter into cooperative
14.26 agreements with federal and state agencies for administration of the export certification
14.27 program. ~~An exporter of plants or plant products desiring to originate shipments from~~
14.28 ~~Minnesota to a foreign country requiring a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate~~
14.29 ~~must submit an application to the commissioner.~~

14.30 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

14.31 Subd. 4. **Phytosanitary and export certificates.** An exporter of plants or plant
14.32 products desiring to originate shipments from Minnesota to a foreign country requiring
14.33 a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate must submit an application to the

15.1 commissioner. Application for phytosanitary certificates or export certificates must be
 15.2 made on forms provided or approved by the commissioner. The commissioner ~~shall~~ may
 15.3 conduct inspections of plants, plant products, or facilities for persons that have applied for
 15.4 or intend to apply for a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate from the commissioner.

15.5 ~~Inspections must include one or more of the following as requested or required:~~

15.6 ~~(1) an inspection of the plants or plant products intended for export under a~~
 15.7 ~~phytosanitary certificate or export certificate;~~

15.8 ~~(2) field inspections of growing plants to determine presence or absence of plant~~
 15.9 ~~diseases, if necessary;~~

15.10 ~~(3) laboratory diagnosis for presence or absence of plant diseases, if necessary;~~

15.11 ~~(4) observation and evaluation of procedures and facilities utilized in handling~~
 15.12 ~~plants and plant products, if necessary; and~~

15.13 ~~(5) review of United States Department of Agriculture, Federal Grain Inspection~~
 15.14 ~~Service Official Export Grain Inspection Certificate logs.~~

15.15 The commissioner may issue a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate if the
 15.16 plants or plant products satisfactorily meet the requirements of the importing foreign
 15.17 country and the United States Department of Agriculture requirements. The requirements
 15.18 of the destination countries must be met by the applicant.

15.19 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18G.10, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

15.20 Subd. 5. **Certificate fees.** (a) The commissioner shall assess ~~the fees in paragraphs~~
 15.21 ~~(b) to (f) fees sufficient to recover all costs~~ for the inspection, service, and work performed
 15.22 in carrying out the issuance of a phytosanitary certificate or export certificate. The
 15.23 ~~inspection fee must be based on mileage and inspection time.~~

15.24 ~~(b) Mileage charge: current United States Internal Revenue Service mileage rate.~~

15.25 ~~(c) Inspection time: \$50 per hour minimum or fee necessary to cover department~~
 15.26 ~~costs. Inspection time includes the driving time to and from the location in addition to~~
 15.27 ~~the time spent conducting the inspection.~~

15.28 ~~(d) (b)~~ If laboratory analysis or other technical analysis is required to issue a
 15.29 certificate, the commissioner must set and collect the fee to recover this additional cost.

15.30 ~~(e) (c)~~ The certificate fee for product value greater than \$250: is \$75 or a fee amount,
 15.31 not to exceed \$300, that is sufficient to recover all processing costs for each phytosanitary
 15.32 or export certificate issued for any single shipment valued at more than \$250 in addition to
 15.33 any mileage or inspection time charges that are assessed.

16.1 ~~(f) Certificate fee for product value less than \$250: \$25 for each phytosanitary or~~
16.2 ~~export certificate issued for any single shipment valued at less than \$250 in addition to~~
16.3 ~~any mileage or inspection time charges that are assessed.~~

16.4 ~~(g)~~ (d) For services provided for in subdivision 7 that are goods and services
16.5 provided for the direct and primary use of a private individual, business, or other entity,
16.6 the commissioner must set and collect the fees to cover the cost of the services provided.

16.7 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, subdivision 20, is amended to read:

16.8 Subd. 20. **Nursery stock.** "Nursery stock" means a plant intended for planting or
16.9 propagation, including, but not limited to, trees, shrubs, vines, perennials, biennials, grafts,
16.10 cuttings, and buds that may be sold for propagation, whether cultivated or wild, and all
16.11 viable parts of these plants. Nursery stock does not include:

- 16.12 (1) field and forage crops or sod;
- 16.13 (2) ~~the seeds of grasses, cereal grains, vegetable crops, and flowers~~;
- 16.14 (3) vegetable plants, bulbs, or tubers;
- 16.15 (4) cut flowers, unless stems or other portions are intended for propagation;
- 16.16 (5) annuals; or
- 16.17 (6) Christmas trees.

16.18 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
16.19 to read:

16.20 Subd. 32a. **Sod.** "Sod" means the upper portion of soil that contains the roots of
16.21 grasses and the living grass plants.

16.22 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
16.23 to read:

16.24 Subd. 35. **Tropical plant.** "Tropical plant" means a plant that has a United States
16.25 Department of Agriculture hardiness zone designation of zone 6 or greater, or an annual
16.26 minimum hardiness temperature of -9 degrees Fahrenheit.

16.27 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

16.28 Subd. 2. **Occasional sales.** (a) An individual may offer nursery stock for sale and be
16.29 exempt from the requirement to obtain a nursery stock ~~dealer~~ certificate if:

- 16.30 (1) the gross sales of all nursery stock in a calendar year do not exceed \$2,000;
- 16.31 (2) all nursery stock sold or distributed by the individual is intended for planting
16.32 in Minnesota;

(3) all nursery stock purchased or procured for resale or distribution was grown in Minnesota and has been certified by the commissioner; and

(4) conducts sales or distributions of nursery stock on ten or fewer days in a calendar year.

(b) The commissioner may prescribe the conditions of the exempt nursery sales under this subdivision and may conduct routine inspections of the nursery stock offered for sale.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 18H.07, is amended to read:

18H.07 FEE SCHEDULE.

Subdivision 1. **Establishment of fees.** The commissioner shall establish fees sufficient to allow for the administration and enforcement of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter, including the portion of general support costs and statewide indirect costs of the agency attributable to that function, with a reserve sufficient for up to six months. The commissioner shall review the fee schedule annually in consultation with the Minnesota Nursery and Landscape Advisory Committee. For the certificate year beginning January 1, 2006, the fees are as described in this section.

Subd. 2. **Nursery stock grower certificate.** (a) A nursery stock grower must pay an annual fee based on the area of all acreage on which nursery stock is grown ~~for~~ ~~certification~~ as follows:

- (1) less than one-half acre, \$150;
- (2) from one-half acre to two acres, \$200;
- (3) over two acres up to five acres, \$300;
- (4) over five acres up to ten acres, \$350;
- (5) over ten acres up to 20 acres, \$500;
- (6) over 20 acres up to 40 acres, \$650;
- (7) over 40 acres up to 50 acres, \$800;
- (8) over 50 acres up to 200 acres, \$1,100;
- (9) over 200 acres up to 500 acres, \$1,500; and
- (10) over 500 acres, \$1,500 plus \$2 for each additional acre.

(b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of ten percent of the fee due must be charged for each month, or portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a maximum of 30 percent for any application for renewal not postmarked by December 31 of the current year.

(c) A nursery stock grower found operating without a valid nursery stock grower certificate cannot offer for sale or sell nursery stock until (1) payment is received by the

commissioner for (i) the certificate fee due and (ii) a penalty equal to the certificate fee owed, and (2) a new certificate is issued to the nursery stock grower by the commissioner.

Subd. 3. **Nursery stock dealer certificate.** (a) A nursery stock dealer must pay an annual fee based on the dealer's gross sales of certified nursery stock per location during the most recent certificate year. A certificate applicant operating for the first time must pay the minimum fee. The fees per sales location are:

(1) gross sales up to \$5,000, \$150;

(2) gross sales over \$5,000 up to \$20,000, \$175;

(3) gross sales over \$20,000 up to \$50,000, \$300;

(4) gross sales over \$50,000 up to \$75,000, \$425;

(5) gross sales over \$75,000 up to \$100,000, \$550;

(6) gross sales over \$100,000 up to \$200,000, \$675; and

(7) gross sales over \$200,000, \$800.

(b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of ten percent of the fee due must be charged for each month, or portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a maximum of 30 percent for any application for renewal not postmarked by December 31 of the current year.

(c) A nursery stock dealer found operating without a valid nursery stock dealer certificate cannot offer for sale or sell nursery stock until (1) payment is received by the commissioner for (i) the certificate fee due and (ii) a penalty equal to the certificate fee owed, and (2) a new certificate is issued to the nursery stock dealer by the commissioner.

Subd. 4. **Reinspection; additional or optional inspection fees.** If a reinspection is required or an additional inspection is needed or requested a fee must be assessed based on mileage and inspection time as follows:

(1) mileage must be charged at the current United States Internal Revenue Service reimbursement rate; and

(2) inspection time must be charged at ~~the rate of \$50 per hour~~, a rate sufficient to recover all inspection costs including the driving time to and from the location in addition to the time spent conducting the inspection.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.81, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. **Address.** "Address" means the complete primary mailing address of the labeler or the person or firm selling seed. A complete address includes the street address, post office box, or rural route, and city, state, and zip code or postal code.

19.1 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.81, is amended by adding a subdivision
19.2 to read:

19.3 Subd. 27a. **Total viable.** "Total viable" means the sum of the germination
19.4 percentage, plus hard seeds, dormant seeds, or both.

19.5 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.82, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

19.6 Subd. 2. **Content.** For agricultural, vegetable, flower, or wildflower seeds offered
19.7 for sale as agricultural seed, except as otherwise provided in subdivisions 4, 5, and 6, the
19.8 label must contain:

19.9 (a) The name of the kind or kind and variety for each seed component in excess
19.10 of five percent of the whole and the percentage by weight of each in order of its
19.11 predominance. The commissioner shall by rule designate the kinds that are required to be
19.12 labeled as to variety. If the variety of those kinds generally labeled as to variety is not
19.13 stated and it is not required to be stated, the label shall show the name of the kind and the
19.14 words: "Variety not stated." The heading "pure seed" must be indicated on the seed label
19.15 in close association with other required label information.

19.16 (1) The percentage that is hybrid shall be at least 95 percent of the percentage of pure
19.17 seed shown unless the percentage of pure seed which is hybrid seed is shown separately.
19.18 If two or more kinds or varieties are present in excess of five percent and are named on
19.19 the label, each that is hybrid shall be designated as hybrid on the label. Any one kind or
19.20 kind and variety that has pure seed which is less than 95 percent but more than 75 percent
19.21 hybrid seed as a result of incompletely controlled pollination in a cross shall be labeled to
19.22 show the percentage of pure seed that is hybrid seed or a statement such as "contains from
19.23 75 percent to 95 percent hybrid seed." No one kind or variety of seed shall be labeled as
19.24 hybrid if the pure seed contains less than 75 percent hybrid seed. The word hybrid shall be
19.25 shown on the label in conjunction with the kind.

19.26 (2) Blends shall be listed on the label using the term "blend" in conjunction with
19.27 the kind.

19.28 (3) Mixtures shall be listed on the label using the term "mixture," "mix," or "mixed."

19.29 (b) Lot number or other lot identification.

19.30 (c) Origin, if known, or that the origin is unknown.

19.31 (d) Percentage by weight of all weed seeds present. This percentage may not exceed
19.32 one percent. The heading "weed seed" must be indicated on the seed label in close
19.33 association with other required label information.

20.1 (e) Name and rate of occurrence per pound of each kind of restricted noxious weed
20.2 seeds present. They must be listed under the heading "noxious weed seeds" in close
20.3 association with other required label information.

20.4 (f) Percentage by weight of seeds other than those kinds and varieties required
20.5 to be named on the label. They must be listed under the heading "other crop" in close
20.6 association with other required label information.

20.7 (g) Percentage by weight of inert matter. The heading "inert matter" must be
20.8 indicated on the seed label in close association with other required label information.

20.9 (h) Net weight of contents, to appear on either the container or the label.

20.10 (i) For each named kind or variety of seed:

20.11 (1) percentage of germination, exclusive of hard or dormant seed or both;

20.12 (2) percentage of hard or dormant seed or both, if present; and

20.13 (3) the calendar month and year the percentages were determined by test or the
20.14 statement "sell by (month and year)" which may not be more than 12 months from the
20.15 date of test, exclusive of the month of test.

20.16 The headings for "germination" and "hard seed or dormant seed" percentages must be
20.17 stated separately on the seed label. A separate percentage derived from combining these
20.18 percentages may also be stated on the seed label, ~~but the heading for this percentage must~~
20.19 ~~be "total germination and hard seed or dormant seed when applicable." They must not be~~
20.20 ~~stated as "total live seed," "total germination," or in any other unauthorized manner. as~~
20.21 "total viable."

20.22 (j) Name and address of the person who labeled the seed or who sells the seed within
20.23 this state, or a code number which has been registered with the commissioner.

20.24 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.82, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

20.25 Subd. 4. **Hybrid seed corn.** For hybrid seed corn purposes a label must contain:

20.26 (1) a statement indicating the number of seeds in the container may be listed along
20.27 with or in lieu of the net weight of contents; and

20.28 (2) for each variety of hybrid seed field corn, the day classification as determined
20.29 by the originator or owner. The day classification must approximate the number of days
20.30 of growing season necessary from emergence of the corn plant above ground to relative
20.31 maturity and must ~~conform to the day classification established by the director of~~ be
20.32 within three days of maturity ratings determined in comparative trials by the Minnesota
20.33 agricultural experiment station ~~for the appropriate zone.~~

20.34 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.85, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

21.1 Subd. 2. **Seed laboratory.** (a) The commissioner shall establish and maintain a seed
21.2 laboratory for seed testing, employing necessary agents and assistants to administer and
21.3 enforce sections 21.80 to 21.92, who shall be governed by chapter 43A.

21.4 (b) The laboratory procedures for testing official seed samples are the procedures
21.5 set forth in the Rules for Testing Seeds that is published annually by the Association of
21.6 Official Seed Analysts. If a laboratory procedure rule does not exist for a particular type
21.7 of seed, then laboratory procedures from other recognized seed testing sources may be
21.8 used, including procedures under the Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, part 201, or
21.9 the International Rules for Testing Seeds.

21.10 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.85, is amended by adding a subdivision
21.11 to read:

21.12 Subd. 15. **Prohibited and restricted seeds.** The commissioner shall determine
21.13 species that are considered prohibited weed seeds and restricted noxious weed seeds and
21.14 the allowable rate of occurrence of restricted noxious weed seeds.

21.15 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.89, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

21.16 Subd. 2. **Permits; issuance and revocation.** The commissioner shall issue a permit
21.17 to the initial labeler of agricultural, vegetable, flower, and wildflower seeds which are sold
21.18 for use in Minnesota and which conform to and are labeled under sections 21.80 to 21.92.
21.19 The categories of permits are as follows:

21.20 (1) for initial labelers who sell 50,000 pounds or less of agricultural seed each
21.21 calendar year, an annual permit issued for a fee established in section 21.891, subdivision
21.22 2, paragraph (b);

21.23 (2) for initial labelers who sell vegetable, flower, and wildflower seed packed for
21.24 use in home gardens or household plantings, and initial labelers who sell native grasses
21.25 and wildflower seed in commercial or agricultural quantities, an annual permit issued for
21.26 a fee established in section 21.891, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), based upon the gross
21.27 sales from the previous year; and

21.28 (3) for initial labelers who sell more than 50,000 pounds of agricultural seed
21.29 each calendar year, a permanent permit issued for a fee established in section 21.891,
21.30 subdivision 2, paragraph (d).

21.31 In addition, the person shall furnish to the commissioner an itemized statement of all
21.32 seeds sold in Minnesota for the periods established by the commissioner. This statement
21.33 shall be delivered, along with the payment of the fee, based upon the amount and type
21.34 of seed sold, to the commissioner no later than 30 days after the end of each reporting

period. Any person holding a permit shall show as part of the analysis labels or invoices on all agricultural, vegetable, flower, wildflower, tree, or shrub seeds all information the commissioner requires. The commissioner may revoke any permit in the event of failure to comply with applicable laws and rules.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.891, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Seed fee permits. (a) An initial labeler who wishes to sell seed in Minnesota must comply with section 21.89, subdivisions 1 and 2, and the procedures in this subdivision. Each initial labeler who wishes to sell seed in Minnesota must apply to the commissioner to obtain a permit. The application must contain the name and address of the applicant, the application date, and the name and title of the applicant's contact person.

(b) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause (1), must be accompanied by an application fee of ~~\$50~~ \$75.

(c) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause (2), must be accompanied by an application fee based on the level of annual gross sales as follows:

(1) for gross sales of \$0 to \$25,000, the annual permit fee is ~~\$50~~ \$75;

(2) for gross sales of \$25,001 to \$50,000, the annual permit fee is ~~\$100~~ \$150;

(3) for gross sales of \$50,001 to \$100,000, the annual permit fee is ~~\$200~~ \$300;

(4) for gross sales of \$100,001 to \$250,000, the annual permit fee is ~~\$500~~ \$750;

(5) for gross sales of \$250,001 to \$500,000, the annual permit fee is ~~\$1,000~~ \$1,500;

and

(6) for gross sales of \$500,001 ~~and above~~ to \$1,000,000, the annual permit fee is ~~\$2,000~~ \$3,000; and

(7) for gross sales of \$1,000,0001 and above, the annual permit fee is \$4,500.

(d) The application for a seed permit covered by section 21.89, subdivision 2, clause (3), must be accompanied by an application fee of ~~\$50~~ \$75. Initial labelers holding seed fee permits covered under this paragraph need not apply for a new permit or pay the application fee. Under this permit category, the fees for the following kinds of agricultural seed sold either in bulk or containers are:

(1) oats, wheat, and barley, ~~6-3~~ 9 cents per hundredweight;

(2) rye, field beans, soybeans, buckwheat, and flax, ~~8-4~~ 12 cents per hundredweight;

(3) field corn, ~~29-4~~ 17 cents per ~~hundredweight~~ 80,000 seed unit;

(4) forage, lawn and turf grasses, and legumes, ~~49~~ 69 cents per hundredweight;

(5) sunflower, ~~\$1-40~~ \$1.96 per hundredweight;

(6) sugar beet, ~~\$3-29~~ 12 cents per ~~hundredweight~~ 100,000 seed unit; and

23.1 (7) soybeans, 7.5 cents per 140,000 seed unit; and

23.2 ~~(7)~~ (8) for any agricultural seed not listed in clauses (1) to ~~(6)~~ (7), the fee for the crop
23.3 most closely resembling it in normal planting rate applies.

23.4 (e) If, for reasons beyond the control and knowledge of the initial labeler, seed is
23.5 shipped into Minnesota by a person other than the initial labeler, the responsibility for the
23.6 seed fees are transferred to the shipper. An application for a transfer of this responsibility
23.7 must be made to the commissioner. Upon approval by the commissioner of the transfer,
23.8 the shipper is responsible for payment of the seed permit fees.

23.9 (f) Seed permit fees may be included in the cost of the seed either as a hidden cost or
23.10 as a line item cost on each invoice for seed sold. To identify the fee on an invoice, the
23.11 words "Minnesota seed permit fees" must be used.

23.12 (g) All seed fee permit holders must file semiannual reports with the commissioner,
23.13 even if no seed was sold during the reporting period. Each semiannual report must be
23.14 submitted within 30 days of the end of each reporting period. The reporting periods are
23.15 October 1 to March 31 and April 1 to September 30 of each year or July 1 to December
23.16 31 and January 1 to June 30 of each year. Permit holders may change their reporting
23.17 periods with the approval of the commissioner.

23.18 (h) The holder of a seed fee permit must pay fees on all seed for which the permit
23.19 holder is the initial labeler and which are covered by sections 21.80 to 21.92 and sold
23.20 during the reporting period.

23.21 (i) If a seed fee permit holder fails to submit a semiannual report and pay the seed
23.22 fee within 30 days after the end of each reporting period, the commissioner shall assess a
23.23 penalty of \$100 or eight percent, calculated on an annual basis, of the fee due, whichever
23.24 is greater, but no more than \$500 for each late semiannual report. A \$15 penalty must be
23.25 charged when the semiannual report is late, even if no fee is due for the reporting period.
23.26 Seed fee permits may be revoked for failure to comply with the applicable provisions of
23.27 this paragraph or the Minnesota seed law.

23.28 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 21.891, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

23.29 Subd. 5. **Brand name registration fee.** The fee is ~~\$25~~ \$50 for each variety
23.30 registered for sale by brand name.

23.31 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 25.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

23.32 Subdivision 1. **Amount of fee.** (a) An inspection fee at the rate of ~~16~~ 26 cents per
23.33 ton must be paid to the commissioner on commercial feeds distributed in this state by the

24.1 ~~a person who first distributes the commercial feed, licensed under section 25.341 who~~
24.2 ~~distributes a commercial feed to a person not required to be licensed, except that:~~

24.3 ~~(1) no fee need be paid on:~~

24.4 ~~(i) (1) a commercial feed if the payment has been made by a previous distributor; or~~

24.5 ~~(ii) (2) customer formula feeds if the inspection fee is paid on the commercial feeds~~

24.6 ~~which are used as ingredients; or~~

24.7 ~~(2) a Minnesota feed distributor who can substantiate that greater than 50 percent~~

24.8 ~~of the distribution of commercial feed is to purchasers outside the state may purchase~~

24.9 ~~commercial feeds without payment of the inspection fee under a tonnage fee exemption~~

24.10 ~~permit issued by the commissioner. Such location specific permits shall be issued on a~~

24.11 ~~calendar year basis to commercial feed distributors who submit a \$100 nonrefundable~~

24.12 ~~application fee and comply with rules adopted by the commissioner relative to record~~

24.13 ~~keeping, tonnage of commercial feed distributed in Minnesota, total of all commercial~~

24.14 ~~feed tonnage distributed, and all other information which the commissioner may require~~

24.15 ~~so as to ensure that proper inspection fee payment has been made.~~

24.16 (b) In the case of pet food distributed in the state only in packages of ten pounds

24.17 or less, a listing of each product and a current label for each product must be submitted

24.18 annually on forms provided by the commissioner and accompanied by an annual fee

24.19 of \$50 for each product in lieu of the inspection fee. This annual fee is due by July 1.

24.20 The inspection fee required by paragraph (a) applies to pet food distributed in packages

24.21 exceeding ten pounds.

24.22 (c) In the case of specialty pet food distributed in the state only in packages of

24.23 ten pounds or less, a listing of each product and a current label for each product must

24.24 be submitted annually on forms provided by the commissioner and accompanied by an

24.25 annual fee of \$25 for each product in lieu of the inspection fee. This annual fee is due

24.26 by July 1. The inspection fee required by paragraph (a) applies to specialty pet food

24.27 distributed in packages exceeding ten pounds.

24.28 (d) The minimum inspection fee is ~~\$40~~ \$100 per annual reporting period.

24.29 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
24.30 to read:

24.31 Subd. 11. **HACCP plan.** "Hazard analysis critical control point (HACCP) plan"

24.32 means a written document that delineates the formal procedures for following the HACCP

24.33 principles developed by the National Advisory Committee on Microbiological Criteria

24.34 for Foods.

25.1 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
25.2 to read:

25.3 Subd. 12. **Statewide education and evaluation fee.** "Statewide education and
25.4 evaluation fee" means a fee to fund statewide retail food program development activities,
25.5 including training for inspection staff, technical assistance, maintenance of a statewide
25.6 integrated food safety and security information system, and other related statewide
25.7 activities that support the retail food program activities.

25.8 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

25.9 Subdivision 1. **General.** License fees, penalties for late renewal of licenses, and
25.10 penalties for not obtaining a license before conducting business in food handling that are set
25.11 in this section apply to the sections named except as provided under section 28A.09. Except
25.12 as specified herein, bonds and assessments based on number of units operated or volume
25.13 handled or processed which are provided for in said laws shall not be affected, nor shall any
25.14 penalties for late payment of said assessments, nor shall inspection fees, be affected by this
25.15 chapter. The penalties may be waived by the commissioner. Fees for all new licenses must
25.16 be based on the anticipated future gross annual food sales. If a firm is found to be operating
25.17 for multiple years without paying license fees, the state may collect the appropriate fees
25.18 and penalties for each year of operation. Food handlers must pay the highest applicable
25.19 fee under subdivisions 4 to 9, and must pay all applicable fees under subdivision 10.

25.20 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision
25.21 to read:

25.22 Subd. 4. **Retail food handler license fees.** Retail food handler license fees are set
25.23 forth under section 15.445.

25.24 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision
25.25 to read:

25.26 Subd. 5. **Wholesale food handler.** (a) Wholesale food handler license fees are
25.27 set forth under this subdivision.

25.28 (b) The Category 1 license fee is \$250. "Category 1" means a fee category as a
25.29 wholesale food handler as classified in section 28A.05 that has gross annual sales of
25.30 \$250,000 or less.

25.31 (c) The Category 2 license fee is \$500. "Category 2" means a fee category as a
25.32 wholesale food handler as classified in section 28A.05 that is not a Category 1 and where
25.33 food sales are limited to frozen storage or ambient, shelf-stable storage.

(d) The Category 3 license fee is \$1,000. "Category 3" means a fee category as a wholesale food handler as classified in section 28A.05 that is not Category 1 or 2 and where food sales include refrigerated storage or the distribution of perishable food products as defined in section 34A.01.

(e) The Category 4 license fee is \$1,500. "Category 4" means a fee category as a wholesale food handler as classified in section 28A.05 that is not Category 1, 2, or 3 and where food sales include one or more of the following:

(1) potentially hazardous foods that are considered ready-to-eat or are considered specialized processes as defined and required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, parts 113, 114, 120, and 123;

(2) high-risk production such as canning low-acid foods, acidifying foods, vacuum packaging, salvaging, smoking for preservation, or curing; or

(3) potentially hazardous food frequently implicated in foodborne illnesses.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. **Wholesale food processor or manufacturer.** (a) Wholesale food processor or manufacturer license fees are set forth under this subdivision.

(b) The Category 1 license fee is \$250. "Category 1" means a fee category as a wholesale food processor or manufacturer as classified in section 28A.05 that has gross annual sales of \$250,000 or less.

(c) The Category 2 license fee is \$600. "Category 2" means a fee category as a wholesale food processor or manufacturer as classified in section 28A.05 that is not a Category 1 and where food sales are limited to food that is not ready-to-eat or potentially hazardous.

(d) The Category 3 license fee is \$1,200. "Category 3" means a fee category as a wholesale food processor or manufacturer as classified in section 28A.05 that is not Category 1 or 2 and where food sales include foods that are either ready-to-eat or potentially hazardous, but not both.

(e) The Category 4 license fee is \$2,000. "Category 4" means a fee category as a wholesale food processor or manufacturer as classified in section 28A.05 that is not Category 1, 2, or 3 and where food sales include one or more of the following:

(1) potentially hazardous foods that are considered ready-to-eat or are considered specialized processes as defined and required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, parts 113, 114, 120, and 123;

27.1 (2) high-risk production such as canning low-acid foods, acidifying foods, vacuum
27.2 packaging, salvaging, smoking for preservation, or curing; or

27.3 (3) potentially hazardous food frequently implicated in foodborne illnesses.

27.4 (f) The fee for a wholesale food processor or manufacturer operating only at the
27.5 Minnesota State Fair is \$125.

27.6 (g) The fee for a wholesale food manufacturer that has the permission of the
27.7 commissioner to use the name Minnesota Farmstead cheese is \$30.

27.8 (h) The fee for a wholesale food manufacturer processing less than 700,000 pounds
27.9 of raw milk per year is \$30.

27.10 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision
27.11 to read:

27.12 Subd. 7. **Certain wholesale food processors.** (a) For purposes of this subdivision,
27.13 "wholesale food processor" means a wholesale food processor of meat or poultry products
27.14 that is solely under the supervision of the United States Department of Agriculture. The
27.15 wholesale food processor fees are set forth in this subdivision.

27.16 (b) For a wholesale food processor with:

27.17 (1) gross sales or service of less than \$250,000 for the immediately previous license
27.18 or fiscal year, the fee is \$250;

27.19 (2) \$250,001 to \$5,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous
27.20 license or fiscal year, the fee is \$435;

27.21 (3) \$5,000,001 to \$10,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous
27.22 license or fiscal year, the fee is \$680;

27.23 (4) \$10,000,001 to \$25,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous
27.24 license or fiscal year, the fee is \$1,335;

27.25 (5) \$25,000,001 to \$100,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous
27.26 license or fiscal year, the fee is \$1,685; or

27.27 (6) \$100,000,0001 or more gross sales or service for the immediately previous
27.28 license or fiscal year, the fee is \$1,860.

27.29 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision
27.30 to read:

27.31 Subd. 8. **Food broker.** The license fee for a food broker or wholesaler food handler
27.32 that does not take physical possession of food is \$250.

28.1 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision
28.2 to read:

28.3 Subd. 9. **Milk marketing organization.** The license fee for or a milk marketing
28.4 organization without facilities for processing or manufacturing that purchases milk from
28.5 milk producers for delivery to a licensed wholesale food processor or manufacturer is \$50.

28.6 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision
28.7 to read:

28.8 Subd. 10. **Additional applicable fees.** (a) The license fee for an individual private
28.9 sewer or individual private water is \$60. "Individual private water" means a fee category
28.10 with a water supply other than a community public water supply as defined in Minnesota
28.11 Rules, chapter 4720. "Individual private sewer" means a fee category with an individual
28.12 sewage treatment system that uses subsurface treatment and disposal.

28.13 (b) "Large wholesale food handler establishment" means a fee category added to
28.14 a license based on gross annual sales over \$10,000,000 for wholesale food handlers as
28.15 classified in section 28A.05. The fee for a large wholesale food handler establishment shall
28.16 equal 0.02 percent of gross sales or service, including food, with a maximum fee of \$7,500.

28.17 (c) "Large wholesale food processor or manufacturer establishment" means a fee
28.18 category added to a license based on gross annual sales over \$10,000,000 for wholesale
28.19 food processors or manufacturers as classified in section 28A.05. The fee for a large
28.20 wholesale food processor or manufacturer establishment shall equal 0.02 percent of
28.21 gross sales or service, including food, with a maximum fee of \$10,000. Wholesale food
28.22 processors or manufacturers paying license fees under section 28A.08, subdivision 7,
28.23 are exempt from this fee.

28.24 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision
28.25 to read:

28.26 Subd. 11. **Statewide education and evaluation fee.** Every person, individual, firm,
28.27 or corporation that operates as a retail food handler, retail mobile food handler, seasonal
28.28 temporary or permanent food stand, special event food stand, mobile food unit, or food
28.29 cart in Minnesota must submit to the commissioner a \$15 annual statewide education
28.30 and evaluation fee for each licensed activity. The fee for establishments licensed by
28.31 the Department of Agriculture is required at the same time the licensure fee is due. For
28.32 establishments licensed by local governments, the fee shall be collected by the local
28.33 board of health as described in section 28A.075 and paid to the commissioner by July
28.34 1 of each year.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. **Penalties.** The penalty for the late renewal of licenses or for not obtaining a license before conducting business in food handling is 50 percent of the total license fee and additional applicable fees as required under subdivisions 4 to 10.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 13. **Food handler license account; appropriation.** A food handler license fee account is created in the agricultural fund. Fees and penalties paid under this section must be deposited in the food handler license fee account. Money in the account, including interest accrued, is appropriated to the commissioner for the costs of the food handler inspection program.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 28A.082, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Fees; application.** The fees for review of food handler facility floor plans under the Minnesota Food Code are based upon the square footage of the structure being newly constructed, remodeled, or converted. The fees for the review shall be:

square footage	review fee
0 - 4,999	\$ 200.00 <u>600.00</u>
	275.00
5,000 - 24,999	\$ 825.00 <u>425.00</u>
	425.00
25,000 plus.....	\$ 1,275.00

The applicant must submit the required fee, review application, plans, equipment specifications, materials lists, and other required information on forms supplied by the department at least 30 days prior to commencement of construction, remodeling, or conversion. The commissioner may waive this fee after determining that the facility's principal mode of business is not the sale of food and that the facility sells only prepackaged foods.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 31.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Assessments.** The commissioner is hereby authorized and directed to collect from each commercial cannery an assessment for inspection and services furnished, and for maintaining a bacteriological laboratory and employing such bacteriologists and trained and qualified sanitarians as the commissioner may deem necessary. The assessment to be made on each commercial cannery, for each and every packing season,

shall not exceed one-half cent per case on all foods packed, canned, or preserved therein, nor shall the assessment in any one calendar year to any one cannery exceed ~~\$6,000~~ \$12,000, and the minimum assessment to any cannery in any one calendar year shall be \$100. The commissioner shall provide appropriate deductions from assessments for the net weight of meat, chicken, or turkey ingredients which have been inspected and passed for wholesomeness by the United States Department of Agriculture. The commissioner may, when the commissioner deems it advisable, graduate and reduce the assessment to such sum as is required to furnish the inspection and laboratory services rendered. The amount of the assessment shall be due and payable on or before December 31, of each year, and if not paid on or before February 15 following, shall bear interest after that date at the rate of seven percent per annum, and a penalty of ten percent on the amount of the assessment shall also be added and collected.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 32.394, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Grade A inspection fees.** A processor or marketing organization of milk, milk products, sheep milk, or goat milk who wishes to market Grade A milk or use the Grade A label must apply for Grade A inspection service from the commissioner. A pasteurization plant requesting Grade A inspection service must hold a Grade A permit and pay an annual inspection fee of no more than \$500. For Grade A farm inspection service, the fee must be no more than ~~\$50~~ \$150 per farm, paid annually by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons. For a farm requiring a reinspection in addition to the required biannual inspections, an additional fee must be paid by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons. The fee for reinspection of a farm with fewer than 100 cows is \$60 per reinspection. The fee for reinspection of a farm with 100 or more cows is \$150 per reinspection.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 32.394, subdivision 8b, is amended to read:

Subd. 8b. **Manufacturing grade farm certification.** A processor or marketing organization of milk, milk products, sheep milk, or goat milk who wishes to market other than Grade A milk must apply for a manufacturing grade farm certification inspection from the commissioner. A manufacturing plant that pasteurizes milk or milk by-products must pay an annual fee based on the number of pasteurization units. This fee must not exceed \$140 per unit. The fee for farm certification inspection must not be more than ~~\$25~~ \$75 per farm to be paid annually by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons. For a farm requiring more than the one inspection for certification, a

31.1 reinspection fee of \$45 must be paid by the processor or by the marketing organization
31.2 on behalf of its patrons.

31.3 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

31.4 Subd. 6. **Application fee.** The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable
31.5 application fee for each application submitted for a beginning farmer loan or a
31.6 seller-sponsored loan. The application fee is initially \$50. The authority may review the
31.7 fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fee must be deposited in the state
31.8 treasury and credited to ~~an account in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is~~
31.9 ~~appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of the beginning farmer~~
31.10 ~~and seller-sponsored loan programs~~ the Rural Finance Authority administrative account
31.11 established in subdivision 7.

31.12 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
31.13 to read:

31.14 Subd. 7. **Rural Finance Authority administrative account.** There is established
31.15 in the special revenue fund a Rural Finance Authority administrative account. Money in
31.16 the account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner for the administrative
31.17 expenses of the loan programs administered by the Rural Finance Authority.

31.18 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.04, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

31.19 Subd. 17. **Application and origination fee.** The authority may impose a reasonable
31.20 nonrefundable application fee for each application and an origination fee for each loan
31.21 issued under the loan restructuring program. The origination fee is 1.5 percent of the
31.22 authority's participation interest in the loan and the application fee is \$50. The authority
31.23 may review the fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fees must be
31.24 deposited in the state treasury and credited to ~~an account in the special revenue fund.~~
31.25 ~~Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses~~
31.26 ~~of the loan restructuring program~~ the Rural Finance Authority administrative account
31.27 established in section 41B.03.

31.28 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.043, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

31.29 Subd. 3. **Application and origination fee.** The authority may impose a reasonable
31.30 nonrefundable application fee for each application submitted for a participation issued
31.31 under the agricultural improvement loan program. The application fee is initially \$50. The
31.32 authority may review the fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fees must

32.1 be deposited in the state treasury and credited to ~~an account in the special revenue fund.~~
32.2 ~~Money in this account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of~~
32.3 ~~the agricultural improvement loan program~~ the Rural Finance Authority administrative
32.4 account established in section 41B.03.

32.5 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.045, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

32.6 Subd. 3. **Specifications.** ~~No loan may be made to refinance an existing debt.~~ Each
32.7 loan participation must be secured by a mortgage on real property and such other security
32.8 as the authority may require.

32.9 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.045, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

32.10 Subd. 4. **Application and origination fee.** The authority may impose a reasonable
32.11 nonrefundable application fee for each application for a loan participation and an
32.12 origination fee for each loan issued under the livestock expansion loan program. The
32.13 origination fee initially shall be set at 1.5 percent and the application fee at \$50. The
32.14 authority may review the fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The fees must
32.15 be deposited in the state treasury and credited to ~~an account in the special revenue fund.~~
32.16 ~~Money in this account is appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of~~
32.17 ~~the livestock expansion loan program~~ the Rural Finance Authority administrative account
32.18 established in section 41B.03.

32.19 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.046, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

32.20 Subd. 5. **Loans.** (a) The authority may participate in a stock loan with an eligible
32.21 lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 4. Participation is limited to 45
32.22 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$40,000, whichever is less. The interest
32.23 rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ from the
32.24 interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, but the
32.25 authority's interest rate must not exceed 50 percent of the lender's interest rate.

32.26 (b) No more than 95 percent of the purchase price of the stock may be financed
32.27 under this program.

32.28 (c) Security for stock loans must be the stock purchased, a personal note executed by
32.29 the borrower, and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.

32.30 (d) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each
32.31 application for a stock loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make
32.32 adjustments as necessary. The application fee is initially \$50. Application fees received

by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established in section ~~41B.06~~ Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.

(e) Stock loans under this program will be made using money in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06.

(f) The authority may not grant stock loans in a cumulative amount exceeding \$2,000,000 for the financing of stock purchases in any one cooperative.

(g) Repayments of financial assistance under this section, including principal and interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.047, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The authority shall establish and implement a disaster recovery loan program to help farmers:

(1) clean up, repair, or replace farm structures and septic and water systems, as well as replace seed, other crop inputs, feed, and livestock, when damaged by high winds, hail, tornado, or flood; ~~or~~

(2) purchase watering systems, irrigation systems, and other drought mitigation systems and practices when drought is the cause of the purchase; or

(3) restore farmland.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.047, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Loans.** (a) The authority may participate in a disaster recovery loan with an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 3. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$50,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ from the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, but the authority's interest rate must not exceed four percent.

(b) Standards for loan amortization shall be set by the Rural Finance Authority not to exceed ten years.

(c) Security for the disaster recovery loans must be a personal note executed by the borrower and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.

(d) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for a disaster recovery loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The application fee is initially \$50. Application fees received by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established under section ~~41B.06~~ Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.

(e) Disaster recovery loans under this program will be made using money in the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06.

(f) Repayments of financial assistance under this section, including principal and interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06.

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.048, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Loans.** (a) The authority may disburse loans through a fiscal agent to farmers and agricultural landowners who are eligible under subdivision 5. The total accumulative loan principal must not exceed \$75,000 per loan.

(b) The fiscal agent may impose a loan origination fee in the amount of one percent of the total approved loan. This fee is to be paid by the borrower to the fiscal agent at the time of loan closing.

(c) The loan may be disbursed over a period not to exceed 12 years.

(d) A borrower may receive loans, depending on the availability of funds, for planted areas up to 160 acres for up to:

(1) the total amount necessary for establishment of the crop;

(2) the total amount of maintenance costs, including weed control, during the first three years; and

(3) 70 percent of the estimated value of one year's growth of the crop for years four through 12.

(e) Security for the loan must be the crop, a personal note executed by the borrower, an interest in the land upon which the crop is growing, and whatever other security is required by the fiscal agent or the authority. All recording fees must be paid by the borrower.

(f) The authority may prescribe forms and establish an application process for applicants to apply for a loan.

(g) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for each application for a loan under this program. The application fee is initially \$50. Application fees received by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.

(h) Loans under the program must be made using money in the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06.

(i) All repayments of financial assistance granted under this section, including principal and interest, must be deposited into the revolving loan account established under section 41B.06.

(j) The interest payable on loans made by the authority for the agroforestry loan program must, if funded by revenue bond proceeds, be at a rate not less than the rate on the revenue bonds, and may be established at a higher rate necessary to pay costs associated with the issuance of the revenue bonds and a proportionate share of the cost of administering the program. The interest payable on loans for the agroforestry loan program funded from sources other than revenue bond proceeds must be at a rate determined by the authority.

(k) Loan principal balance outstanding plus all assessed interest must be repaid within 120 days of harvest, but no later than 15 years from planting.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.049, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Loans.** (a) The authority may make a direct loan or participate in a loan with an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 3. Repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ from repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan. Loans made under this section must be no-interest loans.

(b) Application for a direct loan or a loan participation must be made on forms prescribed by the authority.

(c) Standards for loan amortization shall be set by the Rural Finance Authority not to exceed ten years.

(d) Security for the loans must be a personal note executed by the borrower and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.

(e) No loan proceeds may be used to refinance a debt existing prior to application.

(f) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable application fee for each application for a direct loan or a loan participation. The authority may review the application fees annually and make adjustments as necessary. The application fee is initially set at \$100 for a loan under subdivision 1. The fees received by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06 Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.055, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Loans.** (a) The authority may participate in a livestock equipment loan equal to 90 percent of the purchased equipment value with an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible under subdivision 2. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$40,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may differ from the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, but the authority's interest rate must

not exceed three percent. The authority may review the interest annually and make adjustments as necessary.

(b) Standards for loan amortization must be set by the Rural Finance Authority and must not exceed ten years.

(c) Security for a livestock equipment loan must be a personal note executed by the borrower and whatever other security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.

(d) Refinancing of existing debt is not an eligible purpose.

(e) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for a livestock equipment loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as necessary. The initial application fee is \$50. Application fees received by the authority must be deposited in the ~~revolving loan account established in section 41B.06~~ Rural Finance Authority administrative account established in section 41B.03.

(f) Loans under this program must be made using money in the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.056, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.

(b) "Intermediary" means any lending institution or other organization of a for-profit or nonprofit nature that is in good standing with the state of Minnesota that has the appropriate business structure and trained personnel suitable to providing efficient disbursement of loan funds and the servicing and collection of loans.

(c) "Specialty crops" means agricultural crops, such as annuals, flowers, perennials, and other horticultural products, that are intensively cultivated.

(d) "Eligible livestock" means ~~poultry that has been allowed access to the outside, sheep, or goats~~ beef cattle, dairy cattle, swine, poultry, goats, mules, farmed cervidae, ratitae, bison, sheep, horses, and llamas.

Sec. 57. **[41B.057] FARM OPPORTUNITY LOAN PROGRAM.**

Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of agriculture shall establish a farm opportunity loan program to provide loans that enable farmers to:

(1) add value to crops or livestock produced in Minnesota;

(2) adopt best management practices that emphasize sufficiency and self-sufficiency;

(3) reduce or improve management of agricultural inputs resulting in environmental improvements; or

(4) increase production of on-farm energy.

37.1 Subd. 2. **Loan criteria.** (a) The farm opportunity loan program shall provide loans
37.2 for purchase of new or used equipment and installation of equipment for projects that
37.3 make environmental improvements and enhance farm profitability. The loan program
37.4 shall also be used to add value to crops or livestock produced in Minnesota by, but not
37.5 limited to, initiating or expanding livestock product processing; purchasing equipment to
37.6 initiate, upgrade, or modernize value-added agricultural businesses; or increasing farmers'
37.7 processing and aggregating capacity facilitating entry into farm-to-institution and other
37.8 markets. Eligible loan uses do not include expenses related to seeds, fertilizer, fuel, or
37.9 other operating expenses.

37.10 (b) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable application fee for a farm
37.11 opportunity loan. The authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as
37.12 necessary. The initial application fee is \$50. Application fees received by the authority
37.13 must be deposited in the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established
37.14 in section 41B.03.

37.15 (c) Loans may only be made to Minnesota residents engaged in farming. Standards
37.16 for loan amortization must be set by the Rural Finance Authority and must not exceed
37.17 ten years.

37.18 (d) The borrower must show the ability to repay the loan.

37.19 (e) Refinancing of existing debt is not an eligible expense.

37.20 (f) Loans under this program must be made using money in the revolving loan
37.21 account established in section 41B.06.

37.22 Subd. 3. **Loan participation.** The authority may participate in a farm opportunity
37.23 loan with an eligible lender, as defined in section 41B.02, subdivision 8, to a farmer or a
37.24 group of farmers on joint projects who are eligible under subdivision 2, paragraph (c),
37.25 and who are actively engaged in farming. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the
37.26 principal amount of the loan or \$45,000 per individual, whichever is less. For loans to a
37.27 group made up of four or more individuals, participation is limited to 45 percent of the
37.28 principal amount of the loan or \$180,000, whichever is less. The interest rate on the
37.29 loans must not exceed six percent.

37.30 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 41B.06, is amended to read:

37.31 **41B.06 RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY REVOLVING LOAN ACCOUNT.**

37.32 There is established in the rural finance administration fund a Rural Finance
37.33 Authority revolving loan account that is eligible to receive appropriations and the transfer
37.34 of loan funds from other programs. All repayments of financial assistance granted from
37.35 this account, including principal and interest, must be deposited into this account. Interest

earned on money in the account accrues to the account, and the money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture for purposes of the Rural Finance Authority livestock equipment, methane digester, disaster recovery, value-added agricultural product, agroforestry, ~~and agricultural microloan~~, and farm opportunity loan programs, including costs incurred by the authority to establish and administer the programs.

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 500.24, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Reports.** (a) The chief executive officer of every pension or investment fund, corporation, limited partnership, limited liability company, or entity that is seeking to qualify for an exemption from the commissioner, and the trustee of a family farm trust that holds any interest in agricultural land or land used for the breeding, feeding, pasturing, growing, or raising of livestock, dairy or poultry, or products thereof, or land used for the production of agricultural crops or fruit or other horticultural products, other than a bona fide encumbrance taken for purposes of security, or which is engaged in farming or proposing to commence farming in this state after May 20, 1973, shall file with the commissioner a report containing the following information and documents:

(1) the name of the pension or investment fund, corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability company and its place of incorporation, certification, or registration;

(2) the address of the pension or investment plan headquarters or of the registered office of the corporation in this state, the name and address of its registered agent in this state and, in the case of a foreign corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability company, the address of its principal office in its place of incorporation, certification, or registration;

(3) the acreage and location listed by quarter-quarter section, township, and county of each lot or parcel of agricultural land or land used for the keeping or feeding of poultry in this state owned or leased by the pension or investment fund, limited partnership, corporation, or limited liability company;

(4) the names and addresses of the officers, administrators, directors, or trustees of the pension or investment fund, or of the officers, shareholders owning more than ten percent of the stock, including the percent of stock owned by each such shareholder, the members of the board of directors of the corporation, and the members of the limited liability company, and the general and limited partners and the percentage of interest in the partnership by each partner;

(5) the farm products which the pension or investment fund, limited partnership, corporation, or limited liability company produces or intends to produce on its agricultural land;

39.1 (6) with the first report, a copy of the title to the property where the farming operations
39.2 are or will occur indicating the particular exception claimed under subdivision 3; and

39.3 (7) with the first or second report, a copy of the conservation plan proposed by the
39.4 soil and water conservation district, and with subsequent reports a statement of whether
39.5 the conservation plan was implemented.

39.6 The report of a corporation, trust, limited liability company, or partnership seeking
39.7 to qualify hereunder as a family farm corporation, an authorized farm corporation, an
39.8 authorized livestock farm corporation, a family farm partnership, an authorized farm
39.9 partnership, a family farm limited liability company, an authorized farm limited liability
39.10 company, or a family farm trust or under an exemption from the commissioner shall
39.11 contain the following additional information: the number of shares, partnership interests,
39.12 or governance and financial rights owned by persons or current beneficiaries of a family
39.13 farm trust residing on the farm or actively engaged in farming, or their relatives within
39.14 the third degree of kindred according to the rules of the civil law or their spouses; the
39.15 name, address, and number of shares owned by each shareholder, partnership interests
39.16 owned by each partner or governance and financial rights owned by each member, and a
39.17 statement as to percentage of gross receipts of the corporation derived from rent, royalties,
39.18 dividends, interest, and annuities. No pension or investment fund, limited partnership,
39.19 corporation, or limited liability company shall commence farming in this state until the
39.20 commissioner has inspected the report and certified that its proposed operations comply
39.21 with the provisions of this section.

39.22 (b) Every pension or investment fund, limited partnership, trust, corporation, or
39.23 limited liability company as described in paragraph (a) shall, prior to April 15 of each
39.24 year, file with the commissioner a report containing the information required in paragraph
39.25 (a), based on its operations in the preceding calendar year and its status at the end of the
39.26 year. A pension or investment fund, limited partnership, corporation, or limited liability
39.27 company that does not file the report by April 15 must pay a \$500 civil penalty. The
39.28 penalty is a lien on the land being farmed under subdivision 3 until the penalty is paid.

39.29 (c) The commissioner may, for good cause shown, issue a written waiver or
39.30 reduction of the civil penalty for failure to make a timely filing of the annual report
39.31 required by this subdivision. The waiver or reduction is final and conclusive with respect
39.32 to the civil penalty, and may not be reopened or modified by an officer, employee, or
39.33 agent of the state, except upon a showing of fraud or malfeasance or misrepresentation
39.34 of a material fact. The report required under paragraph (b) must be completed prior to a
39.35 reduction or waiver under this paragraph. The commissioner may enter into an agreement
39.36 under this paragraph only once for each corporation or partnership.

(d) All reports required by paragraph (a) shall include a filing fee of \$15. The fee must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to an account in the special revenue fund. Money in the account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner for the administrative expenses of this section.

~~(d)~~ (e) Failure to file a required report or the willful filing of false information is a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 60. **BALANCES TRANSFERRED; ACCOUNTS ABOLISHED.**

The balances in the accounts created under sections 41B.03, subdivision 6; 41B.04, subdivision 17; 41B.043, subdivision 3; and 41B.045, subdivision 4, are transferred to the Rural Finance Authority administrative account established under section 41B.03, subdivision 7, and the original accounts are abolished.

The balance in the account created under section 17.115 is transferred to the Rural Finance Authority revolving loan account established under section 41B.06, and the original account is abolished.

Sec. 61. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 17.115; 28A.08, subdivision 3; and 41A.12, subdivision 4, are repealed.

ARTICLE 3

ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. **ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES APPROPRIATIONS.**

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2016" and "2017" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, or June 30, 2017, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2016. "The second year" is fiscal year 2017. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2016 and 2017. Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, are effective the day following final enactment.

<u>APPROPRIATIONS</u>	
<u>Available for the Year</u>	
<u>Ending June 30</u>	
<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>

41.1	Sec. 2. <u>POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY</u>			
41.2	<u>Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation</u>	\$	<u>92,087,000</u>	\$ <u>93,615,000</u>
41.3	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>			
41.4		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	
41.5	<u>General</u>	<u>6,468,000</u>	<u>6,758,000</u>	
41.6	<u>State Government</u>			
41.7	<u>Special Revenue</u>	<u>75,000</u>	<u>75,000</u>	
41.8	<u>Environmental</u>	<u>73,930,000</u>	<u>74,998,000</u>	
41.9	<u>Remediation</u>	<u>11,614,000</u>	<u>11,784,000</u>	
41.10	<u>The amounts that may be spent for each</u>			
41.11	<u>purpose are specified in the following</u>			
41.12	<u>subdivisions.</u>			
41.13	<u>Subd. 2. Water</u>		<u>25,838,000</u>	<u>26,231,000</u>
41.14	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>			
41.15		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	
41.16	<u>General</u>	<u>3,757,000</u>	<u>3,777,000</u>	
41.17	<u>State Government</u>			
41.18	<u>Special Revenue</u>	<u>75,000</u>	<u>75,000</u>	
41.19	<u>Environmental</u>	<u>22,006,000</u>	<u>22,379,000</u>	
41.20	<u>\$1,959,000 the first year and \$1,959,000</u>			
41.21	<u>the second year are for grants to delegated</u>			
41.22	<u>counties to administer the county feedlot</u>			
41.23	<u>program under Minnesota Statutes, section</u>			
41.24	<u>116.0711, subdivisions 2 and 3. Money</u>			
41.25	<u>remaining after the first year is available for</u>			
41.26	<u>the second year.</u>			
41.27	<u>\$753,000 the first year and \$765,000 the</u>			
41.28	<u>second year are from the environmental</u>			
41.29	<u>fund to address the need for continued</u>			
41.30	<u>increased activity in the areas of new</u>			
41.31	<u>technology review, technical assistance</u>			
41.32	<u>for local governments, and enforcement</u>			
41.33	<u>under Minnesota Statutes, sections 115.55</u>			
41.34	<u>to 115.58, and to complete the requirements</u>			
41.35	<u>of Laws 2003, chapter 128, article 1, section</u>			
41.36	<u>165.</u>			

42.1 \$400,000 the first year and \$400,000
42.2 the second year are for the clean water
42.3 partnership program. Any unexpended
42.4 balance in the first year does not cancel but
42.5 is available in the second year. Priority shall
42.6 be given to projects preventing impairments
42.7 and degradation of lakes, rivers, streams,
42.8 and groundwater according to Minnesota
42.9 Statutes, section 114D.20, subdivision 2,
42.10 clause (4).

42.11 \$673,000 the first year and \$683,000 the
42.12 second year are from the environmental
42.13 fund for subsurface sewage treatment
42.14 system (SSTS) program administration
42.15 and community technical assistance and
42.16 education, including grants and technical
42.17 assistance to communities for water quality
42.18 protection. Of this amount, \$129,000 each
42.19 year is for assistance to counties through
42.20 grants for SSTS program administration.

42.21 A county receiving a grant from this
42.22 appropriation shall submit the results
42.23 achieved with the grant to the commissioner
42.24 as part of its annual SSTS report. Any
42.25 unexpended balance in the first year does not
42.26 cancel but is available in the second year.

42.27 \$107,000 the first year and \$109,000 the
42.28 second year are from the environmental fund
42.29 for registration of wastewater laboratories.

42.30 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
42.31 16A.28, the appropriations encumbered on or
42.32 before June 30, 2017, as grants or contracts
42.33 for SSTS's, surface water and groundwater
42.34 assessments, total maximum daily loads,
42.35 storm water, and water quality protection in

43.1

this subdivision are available until June 30,

43.2

2020.

43.3

Subd. 3. Air

15,640,000

16,087,000

43.4

Appropriations by Fund

43.5

20162017

43.6

Environmental15,640,00016,087,000

43.7

\$202,000 the first year and \$204,000 the

43.8

second year are from the environmental fund

43.9

for a monitoring program under Minnesota

43.10

Statutes, section 116.454.

43.11

Up to \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000

43.12

the second year may be transferred from the

43.13

environmental fund to the small business

43.14

environmental improvement loan account

43.15

established in Minnesota Statutes, section

43.16

116.993.

43.17

\$126,000 the first year and \$127,000 the

43.18

second year are from the environmental fund

43.19

for monitoring ambient air for hazardous

43.20

pollutants in the metropolitan area.

43.21

\$214,000 the first year and \$219,000 the

43.22

second year are from the environmental

43.23

fund for systematic, localized monitoring

43.24

efforts in the state that sample ambient air

43.25

to determine whether significant localized

43.26

differences exist. The commissioner, when

43.27

selecting areas to monitor, shall give priority

43.28

to areas where low income, indigenous

43.29

American Indians, and communities of

43.30

color are disproportionately impacted by

43.31

pollution from highway traffic, air traffic,

43.32

and industrial sources.

43.33

\$691,000 the first year and \$693,000 the

43.34

second year are from the environmental

43.35

fund for emission reduction activities and

44.1 grants to small businesses and other nonpoint
44.2 emission reduction efforts. Any unexpended
44.3 balance in the first year does not cancel but is
44.4 available in the second year.

44.5	<u>Subd. 4. Land</u>	<u>18,645,000</u>	<u>18,934,000</u>
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44.6	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>		
44.7		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
44.8	<u>Environmental</u>	<u>7,031,000</u>	<u>7,150,000</u>
44.9	<u>Remediation</u>	<u>11,614,000</u>	<u>11,784,000</u>

44.10 All money for environmental response,
44.11 compensation, and compliance in the
44.12 remediation fund not otherwise appropriated
44.13 is appropriated to the commissioners of the
44.14 Pollution Control Agency and agriculture
44.15 for purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section
44.16 115B.20, subdivision 2, clauses (1), (2),
44.17 (3), (6), and (7). At the beginning of each
44.18 fiscal year, the two commissioners shall
44.19 jointly submit an annual spending plan
44.20 to the commissioner of management and
44.21 budget that maximizes the utilization of
44.22 resources and appropriately allocates the
44.23 money between the two departments. This
44.24 appropriation is available until June 30, 2017.

44.25 \$4,279,000 the first year and \$4,343,000 the
44.26 second year are from the remediation fund
44.27 for purposes of the leaking underground
44.28 storage tank program to investigate, clean up,
44.29 and prevent future releases from underground
44.30 petroleum storage tanks, and to the petroleum
44.31 remediation program for purposes of vapor
44.32 assessment and remediation. These same
44.33 annual amounts are transferred from the
44.34 petroleum tank fund to the remediation fund.

45.1

\$252,000 the first year and \$252,000 the

45.2

second year are from the remediation fund

45.3

for transfer to the commissioner of health for

45.4

private water supply monitoring and health

45.5

assessment costs in areas contaminated

45.6

by unpermitted mixed municipal solid

45.7

waste disposal facilities and drinking water

45.8

advisories and public information activities

45.9

for areas contaminated by hazardous releases.

45.10

Subd. 5. Environmental Assistance and

45.11

Cross-Media

31,964,000

32,363,000

45.12	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>		
45.13		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
45.14	<u>Environmental</u>	<u>29,253,000</u>	<u>29,382,000</u>
45.15	<u>General</u>	<u>2,711,000</u>	<u>2,981,000</u>

45.16

\$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000

45.17

the second year are from the environmental

45.18

fund for SCORE block grants to counties.

45.19

\$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 the

45.20

second year are from the environmental

45.21

fund for environmental assistance grants

45.22

or loans under Minnesota Statutes, section

45.23

115A.0716. Any unencumbered grant and

45.24

loan balances in the first year do not cancel

45.25

but are available for grants and loans in the

45.26

second year.

45.27

\$90,000 the first year and \$90,000 the

45.28

second year are from the environmental fund

45.29

for duties related to harmful chemicals in

45.30

products under Minnesota Statutes, sections

45.31

116.9401 to 116.9407. Of this amount,

45.32

\$57,000 each year is transferred to the

45.33

commissioner of health.

45.34

\$203,000 the first year and \$207,000 the

45.35

second year are from the environmental

46.1 fund for the costs of implementing general
46.2 operating permits for feedlots over 1,000
46.3 animal units.

46.4 \$566,000 the first year and \$579,000 the
46.5 second year are from the general fund and
46.6 \$192,000 the first year and \$192,000 the
46.7 second year are from the environmental fund
46.8 for Environmental Quality Board operations
46.9 and support.

46.10 \$500,000 the first year from the general
46.11 fund is a onetime appropriation to
46.12 the Environmental Quality Board for
46.13 development of a Web-based environmental
46.14 review tool.

46.15 \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second
46.16 year are from the environmental fund for
46.17 transfer to the Office of Administrative
46.18 Hearings to establish sanitary districts.

46.19 \$503,000 the first year and \$507,000 the
46.20 second year are from the general fund for
46.21 the Environmental Quality Board to lead
46.22 an interagency team to provide technical
46.23 assistance regarding the mining, processing,
46.24 and transporting of silica sand.

46.25 \$900,000 the first year and \$900,000 the
46.26 second year are from the environmental fund
46.27 to develop and maintain systems to support
46.28 permitting and regulatory business processes
46.29 and agency data.

46.30 \$380,000 the first year and \$855,000 the
46.31 second year are from the general fund
46.32 for transfer to the Office of the Revisor
46.33 of Statutes to develop and maintain a
46.34 Web-based rulemaking system. The base
46.35 in fiscal year 2018 and fiscal year 2019 is

47.1 \$430,000 from the general fund for transfer
 47.2 to the Office of the Revisor of Statutes.

47.3 \$543,000 the first year and \$826,000 the
 47.4 second year are from the general fund to
 47.5 enhance awareness of and reduce priority
 47.6 chemicals in consumer products. Of this
 47.7 amount, \$104,000 the first year and \$124,000
 47.8 the second year are for transfer to the
 47.9 Department of Commerce and \$104,000 the
 47.10 first year and \$104,000 the second year are
 47.11 for transfer to the Department of Health.

47.12 This is a onetime appropriation from the
 47.13 general fund.

47.14 All money deposited in the environmental
 47.15 fund for the metropolitan solid waste
 47.16 landfill fee in accordance with Minnesota
 47.17 Statutes, section 473.843, and not otherwise
 47.18 appropriated, is appropriated for the purposes
 47.19 of Minnesota Statutes, section 473.844.

47.20 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
 47.21 16A.28, the appropriations encumbered on
 47.22 or before June 30, 2017, as contracts or
 47.23 grants for surface water and groundwater
 47.24 assessments; environmental assistance
 47.25 awarded under Minnesota Statutes, section
 47.26 115A.0716; technical and research assistance
 47.27 under Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.152;
 47.28 technical assistance under Minnesota
 47.29 Statutes, section 115A.52; and pollution
 47.30 prevention assistance under Minnesota
 47.31 Statutes, section 115D.04, are available until
 47.32 June 30, 2019.

47.33 **Sec. 3. NATURAL RESOURCES**

47.34 **Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation** **\$** **262,250,000** **\$** **263,798,000**

48.1	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>		
48.2		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
48.3	<u>General</u>	<u>74,245,000</u>	<u>74,307,000</u>
48.4	<u>Natural Resources</u>	<u>85,973,000</u>	<u>86,933,000</u>
48.5	<u>Game and Fish</u>	<u>101,732,000</u>	<u>102,258,000</u>
48.6	<u>Remediation</u>	<u>100,000</u>	<u>100,000</u>
48.7	<u>Permanent School</u>	<u>200,000</u>	<u>200,000</u>
48.8	<u>The amounts that may be spent for each</u>		
48.9	<u>purpose are specified in the following</u>		
48.10	<u>subdivisions.</u>		
48.11	<u>Subd. 2. Land and Mineral Resources</u>		
48.12	<u>Management</u>	<u>5,451,000</u>	<u>5,521,000</u>
48.13	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>		
48.14		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
48.15	<u>General</u>	<u>1,575,000</u>	<u>1,585,000</u>
48.16	<u>Natural Resources</u>	<u>3,332,000</u>	<u>3,392,000</u>
48.17	<u>Game and Fish</u>	<u>344,000</u>	<u>344,000</u>
48.18	<u>Permanent School</u>	<u>200,000</u>	<u>200,000</u>
48.19	<u>\$68,000 the first year and \$68,000 the</u>		
48.20	<u>second year are for minerals cooperative</u>		
48.21	<u>environmental research, of which \$34,000</u>		
48.22	<u>the first year and \$34,000 the second year are</u>		
48.23	<u>available only as matched by \$1 of nonstate</u>		
48.24	<u>money for each \$1 of state money. The</u>		
48.25	<u>match may be cash or in-kind.</u>		
48.26	<u>\$251,000 the first year and \$251,000 the</u>		
48.27	<u>second year are for iron ore cooperative</u>		
48.28	<u>research. Of this amount, \$200,000 each year</u>		
48.29	<u>is from the minerals management account</u>		
48.30	<u>in the natural resources fund. \$175,000 the</u>		
48.31	<u>first year and \$175,000 the second year are</u>		
48.32	<u>available only as matched by \$1 of nonstate</u>		
48.33	<u>money for each \$1 of state money. The match</u>		
48.34	<u>may be cash or in-kind. Any unencumbered</u>		
48.35	<u>balance from the first year does not cancel</u>		
48.36	<u>and is available in the second year.</u>		

49.1 \$2,755,000 the first year and \$2,815,000

49.2 the second year are from the minerals

49.3 management account in the natural resources

49.4 fund for use as provided in Minnesota

49.5 Statutes, section 93.2236, paragraph (c),

49.6 for mineral resource management, projects

49.7 to enhance future mineral income, and

49.8 projects to promote new mineral resource

49.9 opportunities.

49.10 \$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the

49.11 second year are from the state forest suspense

49.12 account in the permanent school fund to

49.13 accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and

49.14 commercial leasing of school trust lands and

49.15 to identify, evaluate, and lease construction

49.16 aggregate located on school trust lands. This

49.17 appropriation is to be used for securing

49.18 long-term economic return from the

49.19 school trust lands consistent with fiduciary

49.20 responsibilities and sound natural resources

49.21 conservation and management principles.

49.22 Subd. 3. Ecological and Water Resources

33,155,00033,443,000

49.23 Appropriations by Fund

49.24 2016

2017

49.25 General

16,920,00017,025,000

49.26 Natural Resources

11,445,00011,504,000

49.27 Game and Fish

4,790,0004,914,000

49.28 \$4,200,000 the first year and \$4,200,000 the

49.29 second year are from the invasive species

49.30 account in the natural resources fund and

49.31 \$3,206,000 the first year and \$3,206,000 the

49.32 second year are from the general fund for

49.33 management, public awareness, assessment

49.34 and monitoring research, and water access

49.35 inspection to prevent the spread of invasive

49.36 species; management of invasive plants in

50.1 public waters; and management of terrestrial
50.2 invasive species on state-administered lands.

50.3 \$5,000,000 the first year and \$5,000,000 the
50.4 second year are from the water management
50.5 account in the natural resources fund for only
50.6 the purposes specified in Minnesota Statutes,
50.7 section 103G.27, subdivision 2.

50.8 \$103,000 the first year and \$103,000 the
50.9 second year are for a grant to the Mississippi
50.10 Headwaters Board for up to 50 percent of
50.11 the cost of implementing the comprehensive
50.12 plan for the upper Mississippi within areas
50.13 under the board's jurisdiction.

50.14 \$10,000 the first year and \$10,000 the second
50.15 year are for payment to the Leech Lake Band
50.16 of Chippewa Indians to implement the band's
50.17 portion of the comprehensive plan for the
50.18 upper Mississippi.

50.19 \$264,000 the first year and \$264,000 the
50.20 second year are for grants for up to 50
50.21 percent of the cost of implementation of the
50.22 Red River mediation agreement.

50.23 \$2,393,000 the first year and \$2,393,000
50.24 the second year are from the heritage
50.25 enhancement account in the game and
50.26 fish fund for only the purposes specified
50.27 in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
50.28 paragraph (e), clause (1).

50.29 \$950,000 the first year and \$950,000 the
50.30 second year are from the nongame wildlife
50.31 management account in the natural resources
50.32 fund for the purpose of nongame wildlife
50.33 management. Notwithstanding Minnesota
50.34 Statutes, section 290.431, \$100,000 the first
50.35 year and \$100,000 the second year may

51.1 be used for nongame wildlife information,

51.2 education, and promotion.

51.3 \$6,000,000 the first year and \$6,000,000 the

51.4 second year are from the general fund for the

51.5 following activities:

51.6 (1) financial reimbursement and technical

51.7 support to soil and water conservation

51.8 districts or other local units of government

51.9 for groundwater level monitoring;

51.10 (2) surface water monitoring and analysis,

51.11 including installation of monitoring gauges;

51.12 (3) groundwater analysis to assist with water

51.13 appropriation permitting decisions;

51.14 (4) permit application review incorporating

51.15 surface water and groundwater technical

51.16 analysis;

51.17 (5) precipitation data and analysis to improve

51.18 the use of irrigation;

51.19 (6) information technology, including

51.20 electronic permitting and integrated data

51.21 systems; and

51.22 (7) compliance and monitoring.

51.23 Subd. 4. **Forest Management**

38,656,000

39,060,000

51.24 Appropriations by Fund

51.25		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
51.26	<u>General</u>	<u>26,246,000</u>	<u>26,650,000</u>
51.27	<u>Natural Resources</u>	<u>11,123,000</u>	<u>11,123,000</u>
51.28	<u>Game and Fish</u>	<u>1,287,000</u>	<u>1,287,000</u>

51.29 \$7,145,000 the first year and \$7,145,000

51.30 the second year are for prevention,

51.31 presuppression, and suppression costs of

51.32 emergency firefighting and other costs

51.33 incurred under Minnesota Statutes, section

51.34 88.12. The amount necessary to pay for

52.1 presuppression and suppression costs during
52.2 the biennium is appropriated from the general
52.3 fund.

52.4 By January 15 of each year, the commissioner
52.5 of natural resources shall submit a report to
52.6 the chairs and ranking minority members
52.7 of the house and senate committees
52.8 and divisions having jurisdiction over
52.9 environment and natural resources finance,
52.10 identifying all firefighting costs incurred
52.11 and reimbursements received in the prior
52.12 fiscal year. These appropriations may
52.13 not be transferred. Any reimbursement
52.14 of firefighting expenditures made to the
52.15 commissioner from any source other than
52.16 federal mobilizations shall be deposited into
52.17 the general fund.

52.18 \$11,123,000 the first year and \$11,123,000
52.19 the second year are from the forest
52.20 management investment account in the
52.21 natural resources fund for only the purposes
52.22 specified in Minnesota Statutes, section
52.23 89.039, subdivision 2.

52.24 \$1,287,000 the first year and \$1,287,000
52.25 the second year are from the heritage
52.26 enhancement account in the game and fish
52.27 fund to advance ecological classification
52.28 systems (ECS) scientific management tools
52.29 for forest and invasive species management.

52.30 This appropriation is from revenue deposited
52.31 in the game and fish fund under Minnesota
52.32 Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (e),
52.33 clause (1).

52.34 \$580,000 the first year and \$580,000 the
52.35 second year are for the Forest Resources

53.1 Council for implementation of the
 53.2 Sustainable Forest Resources Act.

53.3 \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
 53.4 second year are for the FORIST system.

53.5 Subd. 5. **Parks and Trails Management** 73,273,000 74,025,000

53.6 Appropriations by Fund

53.7		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
53.8	<u>General</u>	<u>23,577,000</u>	<u>23,777,000</u>
53.9	<u>Natural Resources</u>	<u>47,430,000</u>	<u>47,975,000</u>
53.10	<u>Game and Fish</u>	<u>2,266,000</u>	<u>2,273,000</u>

53.11 \$1,075,000 the first year and \$1,075,000 the
 53.12 second year are from the water recreation
 53.13 account in the natural resources fund for
 53.14 enhancing public water access facilities.

53.15 \$5,740,000 the first year and \$5,740,000 the
 53.16 second year are from the natural resources
 53.17 fund for state trail, park, and recreation area
 53.18 operations. This appropriation is from the
 53.19 revenue deposited in the natural resources
 53.20 fund under Minnesota Statutes, section
 53.21 297A.94, paragraph (e), clause (2).

53.22 \$1,005,000 the first year and \$1,005,000 the
 53.23 second year are from the natural resources
 53.24 fund for park and trail grants to local units of
 53.25 government on land to be maintained for at
 53.26 least 20 years for the purposes of the grants.
 53.27 This appropriation is from the revenue
 53.28 deposited in the natural resources fund
 53.29 under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
 53.30 paragraph (e), clause (4). Any unencumbered
 53.31 balance does not cancel at the end of the first
 53.32 year and is available for the second year.

53.33 \$8,424,000 the first year and \$8,424,000
 53.34 the second year are from the snowmobile
 53.35 trails and enforcement account in the

54.1 natural resources fund for the snowmobile
 54.2 grants-in-aid program. Any unencumbered
 54.3 balance does not cancel at the end of the first
 54.4 year and is available for the second year.

54.5 \$1,460,000 the first year and \$1,460,000 the
 54.6 second year are from the natural resources
 54.7 fund for the off-highway vehicle grants-in-aid
 54.8 program. Of this amount, \$1,210,000 each
 54.9 year is from the all-terrain vehicle account;
 54.10 \$150,000 each year is from the off-highway
 54.11 motorcycle account; and \$100,000 each year
 54.12 is from the off-road vehicle account. Any
 54.13 unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
 54.14 end of the first year and is available for the
 54.15 second year.

54.16 \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the second
 54.17 year are from the cross-country ski account
 54.18 in the natural resources fund for grooming
 54.19 and maintaining cross-country ski trails in
 54.20 state parks, trails, and recreation areas.

54.21 \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
 54.22 second year are from the state land and
 54.23 water conservation account (LAWCON)
 54.24 in the natural resources fund for priorities
 54.25 established by the commissioner for eligible
 54.26 state projects and administrative and
 54.27 planning activities consistent with Minnesota
 54.28 Statutes, section 84.0264, and the federal
 54.29 Land and Water Conservation Fund Act.

54.30 Any unencumbered balance does not cancel
 54.31 at the end of the first year and is available for
 54.32 the second year.

54.33 The base for parks and trails operations in
 54.34 fiscal year 2018 and thereafter is \$47,750,000.

54.35 Subd. 6. **Fish and Wildlife Management**

70,820,00071,503,000

55.1 Appropriations by Fund

55.2		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
55.3	<u>Natural Resources</u>	<u>1,908,000</u>	<u>1,912,000</u>
55.4	<u>Game and Fish</u>	<u>68,912,000</u>	<u>69,591,000</u>

55.5 \$8,167,000 the first year and \$8,167,000
 55.6 the second year are from the heritage
 55.7 enhancement account in the game and fish
 55.8 fund only for activities specified in Minnesota
 55.9 Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (e),
 55.10 clause (1). Notwithstanding Minnesota
 55.11 Statutes, section 297A.94, five percent of
 55.12 this appropriation may be used for expanding
 55.13 hunter and angler recruitment and retention.

55.14 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
 55.15 84.943, \$13,000 the first year and \$13,000
 55.16 the second year from the critical habitat
 55.17 private sector matching account may be used
 55.18 to publicize the critical habitat license plate
 55.19 match program.

55.20 The game and fish fund base for fish and
 55.21 wildlife management in fiscal year 2018 and
 55.22 thereafter is \$66,409,000.

55.23 Subd. 7. **Enforcement** 39,575,000 38,926,000

55.24 Appropriations by Fund

55.25		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
55.26	<u>General</u>	<u>4,927,000</u>	<u>4,270,000</u>
55.27	<u>Natural Resources</u>	<u>10,415,000</u>	<u>10,707,000</u>
55.28	<u>Game and Fish</u>	<u>24,133,000</u>	<u>23,849,000</u>
55.29	<u>Remediation</u>	<u>100,000</u>	<u>100,000</u>

55.30 \$870,000 the first year and \$130,000 the
 55.31 second year from the general fund and
 55.32 \$1,330,000 the first year and \$220,000 the
 55.33 second year from the game and fish fund are
 55.34 for aviation services. This appropriation is
 55.35 onetime.

56.1 \$1,718,000 the first year and \$1,718,000 the
56.2 second year are from the general fund for
56.3 enforcement efforts to prevent the spread of
56.4 aquatic invasive species.

56.5 \$1,537,000 the first year and \$1,580,000
56.6 the second year are from the heritage
56.7 enhancement account in the game and
56.8 fish fund for only the purposes specified
56.9 in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
56.10 paragraph (e), clause (1). The base for these
56.11 purposes in fiscal year 2018 and thereafter is
56.12 \$1,590,000.

56.13 \$1,082,000 the first year and \$1,082,000 the
56.14 second year are from the water recreation
56.15 account in the natural resources fund for
56.16 grants to counties for boat and water safety.

56.17 Any unencumbered balance does not cancel
56.18 at the end of the first year and is available for
56.19 the second year.

56.20 \$315,000 the first year and \$315,000 the
56.21 second year are from the snowmobile
56.22 trails and enforcement account in the
56.23 natural resources fund for grants to local
56.24 law enforcement agencies for snowmobile
56.25 enforcement activities. Any unencumbered
56.26 balance does not cancel at the end of the first
56.27 year and is available for the second year.

56.28 \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
56.29 second year are from the all-terrain vehicle
56.30 account for grants to qualifying organizations
56.31 to assist in safety and environmental
56.32 education and monitoring trails on public
56.33 lands under Minnesota Statutes, section
56.34 84.9011. Grants issued under this paragraph:
56.35 (1) must be issued through a formal

57.1 agreement with the organization; and
57.2 (2) must not be used as a substitute for
57.3 traditional spending by the organization.
57.4 By December 15 each year, an organization
57.5 receiving a grant under this paragraph shall
57.6 report to the commissioner with details on
57.7 expenditures and outcomes from the grant.
57.8 Of this appropriation, \$25,000 each year
57.9 is for administration of these grants. Any
57.10 unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
57.11 end of the first year and is available for the
57.12 second year.
57.13 \$510,000 the first year and \$510,000
57.14 the second year are from the natural
57.15 resources fund for grants to county law
57.16 enforcement agencies for off-highway
57.17 vehicle enforcement and public education
57.18 activities based on off-highway vehicle use
57.19 in the county. Of this amount, \$498,000 each
57.20 year is from the all-terrain vehicle account;
57.21 \$11,000 each year is from the off-highway
57.22 motorcycle account; and \$1,000 each year
57.23 is from the off-road vehicle account. The
57.24 county enforcement agencies may use
57.25 money received under this appropriation
57.26 to make grants to other local enforcement
57.27 agencies within the county that have a high
57.28 concentration of off-highway vehicle use.
57.29 Of this appropriation, \$25,000 each year
57.30 is for administration of these grants. Any
57.31 unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
57.32 end of the first year and is available for the
57.33 second year.
57.34 The natural resources fund base for
57.35 enforcement in fiscal year 2018 and
57.36 thereafter is \$10,834,000. The game and fish

58.1 fund base for enforcement in fiscal year 2018

58.2 and thereafter is \$23,988,000.

58.3 Subd. 8. Operations Support

1,320,000

1,320,000

58.4 Appropriations by Fund

58.5 2016 2017

58.6 General 1,000,000 1,000,000

58.7 Natural Resources 320,000 320,000

58.8 \$320,000 the first year and \$320,000 the

58.9 second year are from the natural resources

58.10 fund for grants to be divided equally between

58.11 the city of St. Paul for the Como Park Zoo

58.12 and Conservatory and the city of Duluth

58.13 for the Duluth Zoo. This appropriation

58.14 is from the revenue deposited to the fund

58.15 under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,

58.16 paragraph (e), clause (5).

58.17 The base is \$500,000 each year from the

58.18 general fund starting in fiscal year 2018.

58.19 Sec. 4. BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL

58.20 RESOURCES

\$

12,795,000

\$

12,769,000

58.21 \$3,423,000 the first year and \$3,423,000 the

58.22 second year are for natural resources block

58.23 grants to local governments. Grants must be

58.24 matched with a combination of local cash or

58.25 in-kind contributions. The base grant portion

58.26 related to water planning must be matched

58.27 by an amount as specified by Minnesota

58.28 Statutes, section 103B.3369. The board may

58.29 reduce the amount of the natural resources

58.30 block grant to a county by an amount equal to

58.31 any reduction in the county's general services

58.32 allocation to a soil and water conservation

58.33 district from the county's previous year

58.34 allocation when the board determines that

58.35 the reduction was disproportionate.

59.1 \$3,116,000 the first year and \$3,116,000 the
59.2 second year are for grants to soil and water
59.3 conservation districts for general purposes,
59.4 nonpoint engineering, and implementation of
59.5 the reinvest in Minnesota reserve program.
59.6 Expenditures may be made from these
59.7 appropriations for supplies and services
59.8 benefiting soil and water conservation
59.9 districts. Any district receiving a grant under
59.10 this paragraph shall maintain a Web page that
59.11 publishes, at a minimum, its annual report,
59.12 annual audit, annual budget, and meeting
59.13 notices.

59.14 \$1,560,000 the first year and \$1,560,000 the
59.15 second year are for the following cost-share
59.16 programs:

59.17 (1) \$260,000 each year is for feedlot water
59.18 quality grants for feedlots under 300 animal
59.19 units and nutrient and manure management
59.20 projects in watersheds where there are
59.21 impaired waters;

59.22 (2) \$1,200,000 each year is for soil and
59.23 water conservation district cost-sharing
59.24 contracts for perennially vegetated riparian
59.25 buffers, erosion control, water retention
59.26 and treatment, and other high-priority
59.27 conservation practices; and

59.28 (3) \$100,000 each year is for county
59.29 cooperative weed management programs and
59.30 to restore native plants in selected invasive
59.31 species management sites by providing local
59.32 native seeds and plants to landowners for
59.33 implementation.

59.34 \$386,000 the first year and \$386,000
59.35 the second year are for implementation,

60.1 enforcement, and oversight of the Wetland
60.2 Conservation Act.

60.3 \$166,000 the first year and \$166,000
60.4 the second year are to provide technical
60.5 assistance to local drainage management
60.6 officials and for the costs of the Drainage
60.7 Work Group.

60.8 \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000
60.9 the second year are for a grant to the
60.10 Red River Basin Commission for water
60.11 quality and floodplain management,
60.12 including administration of programs. This
60.13 appropriation must be matched by nonstate
60.14 funds. If the appropriation in either year is
60.15 insufficient, the appropriation in the other
60.16 year is available for it.

60.17 \$120,000 the first year and \$120,000
60.18 the second year are for grants to Area
60.19 II Minnesota River Basin Projects for
60.20 floodplain management.

60.21 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
60.22 103C.501, the board may shift cost-share
60.23 funds in this section and may adjust the
60.24 technical and administrative assistance
60.25 portion of the grant funds to leverage
60.26 federal or other nonstate funds or to address
60.27 high-priority needs identified in local water
60.28 management plans or comprehensive water
60.29 management plans.

60.30 The appropriations for grants in this
60.31 section are available until expended. If an
60.32 appropriation for grants in either year is
60.33 insufficient, the appropriation in the other
60.34 year is available for it.

61.1	Sec. 5. <u>METROPOLITAN COUNCIL</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>6,653,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>6,653,000</u>
61.2	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>				
61.3		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		
61.4	<u>General</u>	<u>2,236,000</u>	<u>2,236,000</u>		
61.5	<u>Natural Resources</u>	<u>4,417,000</u>	<u>4,417,000</u>		
61.6	<u>\$2,236,000 the first year and \$2,236,000 the</u>				
61.7	<u>second year are for metropolitan area regional</u>				
61.8	<u>parks operation and maintenance according</u>				
61.9	<u>to Minnesota Statutes, section 473.351.</u>				
61.10	<u>\$4,417,000 the first year and \$4,417,000 the</u>				
61.11	<u>second year are from the natural resources</u>				
61.12	<u>fund for metropolitan area regional parks</u>				
61.13	<u>and trails maintenance and operations. This</u>				
61.14	<u>appropriation is from the revenue deposited</u>				
61.15	<u>in the natural resources fund under Minnesota</u>				
61.16	<u>Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (e),</u>				
61.17	<u>clause (3).</u>				
61.18	<u>Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section</u>				
61.19	<u>473.351, none of the appropriations under</u>				
61.20	<u>this section may be distributed to the</u>				
61.21	<u>Minneapolis Park and Recreation Board</u>				
61.22	<u>under section 473.351, subdivision 3. For</u>				
61.23	<u>purposes of allocating appropriations under</u>				
61.24	<u>this section, the term "implementing agency,"</u>				
61.25	<u>as defined in section 473.351, subdivision</u>				
61.26	<u>1, paragraph (a), does not include the</u>				
61.27	<u>Minneapolis Park and Recreation Board.</u>				
61.28	Sec. 6. <u>CONSERVATION CORPS</u>				
61.29	<u>MINNESOTA</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>945,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>945,000</u>
61.30	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>				
61.31		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>		
61.32	<u>General</u>	<u>455,000</u>	<u>455,000</u>		
61.33	<u>Natural Resources</u>	<u>490,000</u>	<u>490,000</u>		
61.34	<u>Conservation Corps Minnesota may receive</u>				
61.35	<u>money appropriated from the natural</u>				

62.1 resources fund under this section only
 62.2 as provided in an agreement with the
 62.3 commissioner of natural resources.

62.4 Sec. 7. **ZOOLOGICAL BOARD** \$ **8,410,000** \$ **8,410,000**

62.5	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>		
62.6		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
62.7	<u>General</u>	<u>8,250,000</u>	<u>8,250,000</u>
62.8	<u>Natural Resources</u>	<u>160,000</u>	<u>160,000</u>

62.9 \$160,000 the first year and \$160,000 the
 62.10 second year are from the natural resources
 62.11 fund from the revenue deposited under
 62.12 Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
 62.13 paragraph (e), clause (5).

62.14 **ARTICLE 4**

62.15 **ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES STATUTORY CHANGES**

62.16 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 13.7411, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

62.17 Subd. 8. **Pollution Control Agency.** (a) Hazardous waste generators.

62.18 Information provided by hazardous waste generators under section 473.151 and for which
 62.19 confidentiality is claimed is governed by section 116.075, subdivision 2.

62.20 (b) Priority chemicals. Trade secret information and other information submitted
 62.21 to the Pollution Control Agency related to priority chemicals in children's products are
 62.22 classified under sections 116.9403 to 116.9411.

62.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

62.24 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 14.365, is amended to read:

62.25 **14.365 OFFICIAL RULEMAKING RECORD.**

62.26 (a) The agency shall maintain the official rulemaking record for every rule adopted
 62.27 under sections 14.05 to 14.389. The record must be available for public inspection. The
 62.28 record required by this section constitutes the official and exclusive agency rulemaking
 62.29 record with respect to agency action on or judicial review of the rule. The record must
 62.30 contain:

62.31 (1) copies of all publications in the State Register pertaining to the rule;

~~(2) all written petitions, and all requests, submissions, or comments received by the agency or the administrative law judge after publication of the notice of intent to adopt or the notice of hearing in the State Register pertaining to the rule;~~

~~(3) (2) the statement of need and reasonableness for the rule;~~

~~(4) the official transcript of the hearing if one was held, or the tape recording of the hearing if a transcript was not prepared;~~

~~(5) (3) the report of the administrative law judge, if any;~~

~~(6) (4) the rule in the form last submitted to the administrative law judge under sections 14.14 to 14.20 or first submitted to the administrative law judge under sections 14.22 to 14.28;~~

~~(7) (5) the administrative law judge's written statement of required modifications and of approval or disapproval by the chief administrative law judge, if any;~~

~~(8) any documents required by applicable rules of the Office of Administrative Hearings;~~

~~(9) (6) the agency's order adopting the rule;~~

~~(10) (7) the revisor's certificate approving the form of the rule; and~~

~~(11) (8) a copy of the adopted rule as filed with the secretary of state;~~

(9) all written petitions and requests, submissions, or comments pertaining to the rule received by the agency or the administrative law judge after publication of the notice of intent to adopt or the notice of hearing in the State Register;

(10) the official transcript of the hearing, if one was held, or the recording of the hearing if a transcript was not prepared; and

(11) any other document required by applicable rules of the Office of Administrative Hearings.

(b) The agency shall permanently maintain the documents described in paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (7). The agency shall maintain for at least seven years the documents described in paragraph (a), clauses (8) to (10). The agency may fulfill this duty by providing the documents to the revisor of statutes in the form and manner required by the revisor. The official rulemaking record must be available for public inspection. The official rulemaking record constitutes the official and exclusive agency rulemaking record with respect to agency action on or judicial review of the rule.

Sec. 3. [84.69] NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION EASEMENT STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNT.

Subdivision 1. Account established; sources. The natural resources conservation easement stewardship account is created in the special revenue fund. The account consists

64.1 of money credited to the account and interest and other earnings on money in the account.
64.2 The State Board of Investment must manage the account to maximize long-term gain. The
64.3 following revenue must be deposited in the natural resources conservation easement
64.4 stewardship account:

- 64.5 (1) contributions to the account or specified for any purpose of the account;
- 64.6 (2) contributions under subdivision 3; section 84.66, subdivision 11; or other
64.7 applicable law;
- 64.8 (3) money appropriated for any of the purposes described in subdivision 2;
- 64.9 (4) money appropriated for monitoring and enforcement of easements and earnings
64.10 on the money appropriated that revert to the state under section 97A.056, subdivision
64.11 17, or other applicable law; and
- 64.12 (5) gifts under section 84.085 for conservation easement stewardship.

64.13 Subd. 2. **Appropriation; purposes of account.** Five percent of the balance on
64.14 July 1 of each year in the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account
64.15 is annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources and may be spent
64.16 only to cover the costs of managing conservation easements held by the Department of
64.17 Natural Resources, including costs associated with monitoring, landowner contracts,
64.18 records storage and management, processing landowner notices, requests for approval
64.19 or amendments, enforcement, and legal services associated with conservation easement
64.20 management activities.

64.21 Subd. 3. **Financial contributions.** The commissioner shall seek a financial
64.22 contribution to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account for each
64.23 conservation easement acquired by or assigned to the Department of Natural Resources.
64.24 Unless otherwise provided by law, the commissioner shall determine the amount of the
64.25 contribution, which must be an amount calculated to earn sufficient money to meet
64.26 the costs of managing the conservation easement at a level that neither significantly
64.27 overrecovers nor underrecovers the costs. In determining the amount of the financial
64.28 contribution, the commissioner shall consider:

- 64.29 (1) the estimated annual staff hours needed to manage the conservation easement,
64.30 taking into consideration factors such as easement type, size, location, and complexity;
- 64.31 (2) the average hourly wages for the class or classes of employees expected to
64.32 manage the conservation easement;
- 64.33 (3) the estimated annual travel expenses to manage the conservation easement;
- 64.34 (4) the estimated annual miscellaneous costs to manage the conservation easement,
64.35 including supplies and equipment, information technology support, and aerial flyovers;

(5) the estimated annualized cost of legal services, including the cost to enforce the easement in the event of a violation; and
(6) the expected rate of return on investments in the account.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of this section are effective the day following final enactment. Subdivision 3 of this section is effective for conservation easements acquired with money appropriated on or after July 1, 2015, and for acquisitions of conservation easements by gift that are initiated on or after July 1, 2015.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.055, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Fees.** The fee for state park permits for:

- (1) an annual use of state parks is ~~\$25~~ \$30;
- (2) a second or subsequent vehicle state park permit is \$18;
- (3) a state park permit valid for one day is ~~\$5~~ \$6;
- (4) a daily vehicle state park permit for groups is \$3;
- (5) an annual permit for motorcycles is \$20;
- (6) an employee's state park permit is without charge; and
- (7) a state park permit for persons with disabilities under section 85.053, subdivision 7, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3), is \$12.

The fees specified in this subdivision include any sales tax required by state law.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.415, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Watercraft surcharge.** A ~~\$5~~ \$10 surcharge is placed on each watercraft licensed under subdivisions 1 to 5 for control, public awareness, law enforcement, monitoring, and research of aquatic invasive species such as zebra mussel, purple loosestrife, and Eurasian water milfoil in public waters and public wetlands.

Sec. 6. **[103B.103] EASEMENT STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNTS.**

Subdivision 1. **Accounts established; sources.** (a) The water and soil conservation easement stewardship account and the mitigation easement stewardship account are created in the special revenue fund. The accounts consist of money credited to the accounts and interest and other earnings on money in the accounts. The State Board of Investment must manage the accounts to maximize long-term gain.

(b) Revenue from contributions and money appropriated for any purposes of the account as described in subdivision 2 must be deposited in the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account. Revenue from contributions, wetland banking fees designated for stewardship purposes by the board, easement stewardship payments

authorized under subdivision 3, and money appropriated for any purposes of the account as described in subdivision 2 must be deposited in the mitigation easement stewardship account.

Subd. 2. Appropriation; purposes of accounts. Five percent of the balance on July 1 each year in the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account and five percent of the balance on July 1 each year in the mitigation easement stewardship account are annually appropriated to the board and may be spent only to cover the costs of managing easements held by the board, including costs associated with monitoring, landowner contracts, records storage and management, processing landowner notices, requests for approval or amendments, enforcement, and legal services associated with easement management activities.

Subd. 3. Financial contributions. The board shall seek a financial contribution to the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account for each conservation easement acquired by the board. The board shall seek a financial contribution or assess an easement stewardship payment to the mitigation easement stewardship account for each wetland banking easement acquired by the board. Unless otherwise provided by law, the board shall determine the amount of the contribution or payment, which must be an amount calculated to earn sufficient money to meet the costs of managing the easement at a level that neither significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers the costs. In determining the amount of the financial contribution, the board shall consider:

(1) the estimated annual staff hours needed to manage the conservation easement, taking into consideration factors such as easement type, size, location, and complexity;

(2) the average hourly wages for the class or classes of state and local employees expected to manage the easement;

(3) the estimated annual travel expenses to manage the easement;

(4) the estimated annual miscellaneous costs to manage the easement, including supplies and equipment, information technology support, and aerial flyovers;

(5) the estimated annualized costs of legal services, including the cost to enforce the easement in the event of a violation; and

(6) the expected rate of return on investments in the account.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of this section are effective the day following final enactment. Subdivision 3 of this section is effective for conservation easements acquired with money appropriated on or after July 1, 2015, and for acquisitions of conservation easements by gift or as a condition of approval for wetland mitigation as provided in Minnesota Rules, chapter 8420, that are initiated on or after July 1, 2015.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, subdivision 4d, is amended to read:

Subd. 4d. **Permit fees.** (a) The agency may collect permit fees in amounts not greater than those necessary to cover the reasonable costs of developing, reviewing, and acting upon applications for agency permits and implementing and enforcing the conditions of the permits pursuant to agency rules. Permit fees shall not include the costs of litigation. The fee schedule must reflect reasonable and routine direct and indirect costs associated with permitting, implementation, and enforcement. The agency may impose an additional enforcement fee to be collected for a period of up to two years to cover the reasonable costs of implementing and enforcing the conditions of a permit under the rules of the agency. Any money collected under this paragraph shall be deposited in the environmental fund.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the agency shall collect an annual fee from the owner or operator of all stationary sources, emission facilities, emissions units, air contaminant treatment facilities, treatment facilities, potential air contaminant storage facilities, or storage facilities ~~subject to the requirement to obtain a permit a notification, permit, or license requirement under subchapter this chapter, subchapters I and V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., or section 116.081 or rules adopted thereunder.~~ subject to the requirement to obtain a notification, permit, or license requirement under subchapter this chapter, subchapters I and V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., or section 116.081 or rules adopted thereunder. The annual fee shall be used to pay for all direct and indirect reasonable costs, including ~~attorney general~~ legal costs, required to develop and administer the notification, permit, or license program requirements of ~~subchapter this chapter, subchapters I and V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., and sections of this chapter and the~~ subchapter this chapter, subchapters I and V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., and sections of this chapter and the ~~or rules adopted under this chapter related to air contamination and noise thereunder.~~ Those costs include the reasonable costs of reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit; implementing and enforcing statutes, rules, and the terms and conditions of a permit; emissions, ambient, and deposition monitoring; preparing generally applicable regulations; responding to federal guidance; modeling, analyses, and demonstrations; preparing inventories and tracking emissions; and providing information to the public about these activities.

(c) The agency shall set fees that:

(1) will result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each volatile organic compound; pollutant regulated under United States Code, title 42, section 7411 or 7412 (section 111 or 112 of the federal Clean Air Act); and each pollutant, except carbon monoxide, for which a national primary ambient air quality standard has been promulgated;

(2) may result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each pollutant not listed in clause (1) that is regulated under this chapter or air quality rules adopted under this chapter; and

(3) shall collect, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), the amount needed to match grant funds received by the state under United States Code, title 42, section 7405 (section 105 of the federal Clean Air Act).

The agency must not include in the calculation of the aggregate amount to be collected under clauses (1) and (2) any amount in excess of 4,000 tons per year of each air pollutant from a source. The increase in air permit fees to match federal grant funds shall be a surcharge on existing fees. The commissioner may not collect the surcharge after the grant funds become unavailable. In addition, the commissioner shall use nonfee funds to the extent practical to match the grant funds so that the fee surcharge is minimized.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) to (c), the agency shall collect an annual fee from all owners or operators of facilities subject to a notification, permit, or license requirement under chapter 115 or rules adopted thereunder. The annual fee shall be used to pay for all direct and indirect reasonable costs, including legal costs, required to develop and administer the notification, permit, or license requirements under chapter 115 or rules adopted thereunder.

~~(d)~~ (e) To cover the reasonable costs described in ~~paragraph~~ paragraphs (b) and (d), the agency shall provide in the rules promulgated ~~under paragraph (e) to implement paragraphs (b) to (d)~~ for an increase in the fee collected in each year by the percentage, if any, by which the Consumer Price Index for the most recent calendar year ending before the beginning of the year the fee is collected exceeds the Consumer Price Index for the calendar year 1989. For purposes of this paragraph the Consumer Price Index for any calendar year is the average of the Consumer Price Index for all-urban consumers published by the United States Department of Labor, as of the close of the 12-month period ending on August 31 of each calendar year. The revision of the Consumer Price Index that is most consistent with the Consumer Price Index for calendar year 1989 shall be used.

~~(e)~~ (f) Any money collected under ~~paragraphs (b) to (d)~~ this subdivision must be deposited in the environmental fund and must be used solely for the activities listed in ~~paragraph~~ paragraphs (b) and (d).

~~(f)~~ (g) Permit applicants who wish to construct, reconstruct, or modify a facility may offer to reimburse the agency for the costs of staff time or consultant services needed to expedite the permit development process, including the analysis of environmental review documents. The reimbursement shall be in addition to permit application fees imposed by law. When the agency determines that it needs additional resources to develop the permit application in an expedited manner, and that expediting the development is consistent with permitting program priorities, the agency may accept the reimbursement. Reimbursements accepted by the agency are appropriated to the agency for the purpose of developing

the permit or analyzing environmental review documents. Reimbursement by a permit applicant shall precede and not be contingent upon issuance of a permit; shall not affect the agency's decision on whether to issue or deny a permit, what conditions are included in a permit, or the application of state and federal statutes and rules governing permit determinations; and shall not affect final decisions regarding environmental review.

~~(g)~~ (h) The fees under this subdivision are exempt from section 16A.1285.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9401, is amended to read:

116.9401 DEFINITIONS.

(a) For the purposes of sections 116.9401 to ~~116.9407~~ 116.9411, the following terms have the meanings given them.

(b) "Agency" means the Pollution Control Agency.

(c) "Alternative" means a substitute process, product, material, chemical, strategy, or combination of these that is technically feasible and serves a functionally equivalent purpose to a chemical in a children's product.

(d) "Chemical" means a substance with a distinct molecular composition or a group of structurally related substances and includes the breakdown products of the substance or substances that form through decomposition, degradation, or metabolism.

(e) "Chemical of high concern" means a chemical identified on the basis of credible scientific evidence by a state, federal, or international agency as being known or suspected with a high degree of probability to:

(1) harm the normal development of a fetus or child or cause other developmental toxicity;

(2) cause cancer, genetic damage, or reproductive harm;

(3) disrupt the endocrine or hormone system;

(4) damage the nervous system, immune system, or organs, or cause other systemic toxicity;

(5) be persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic; or

(6) be very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

(f) "Child" means a person under 12 years of age.

(g) "Children's product" means a consumer product intended for use by children, such as baby products, toys, car seats, personal care products, and clothing.

(h) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency.

(i) "Contaminant" means a trace amount of a chemical that is incidental to manufacturing and serves no intended function in the product component. Contaminant includes, but is not limited to, unintended by-products of chemical reactions that

70.1 occur during the manufacture of the product component, trace impurities in feedstock,
70.2 incompletely reacted chemical mixtures, and degradation products.

70.3 (j) "Department" means the Department of Health.

70.4 (k) "Distributor" means a person who sells consumer products to retail
70.5 establishments on a wholesale basis.

70.6 (l) "Green chemistry" means an approach to designing and manufacturing
70.7 products that minimizes the use and generation of toxic substances.

70.8 (m) "Manufacturer" means any person who manufactures a final consumer
70.9 product sold at retail or whose brand name is affixed to the consumer product. In the
70.10 case of a consumer product imported into the United States, manufacturer includes the
70.11 importer or domestic distributor of the consumer product if the person who manufactured
70.12 or assembled the consumer product or whose brand name is affixed to the consumer
70.13 product does not have a presence in the United States.

70.14 (n) "Practical quantification limit" means the lowest concentration of a chemical that
70.15 can be reliably measured within specified limits of precision, accuracy, representativeness,
70.16 completeness, and comparability under routine laboratory operating conditions, the value
70.17 of which:

70.18 (1) is based on scientifically defensible, standard analytical methods;

70.19 (2) may vary depending on the matrix and analytical method used; and

70.20 (3) will be determined jointly by the agency and the department, taking into
70.21 consideration practical quantification limits established by federal or state agencies.

70.22 (o) "Priority chemical" means a chemical identified by the Department of Health
70.23 as a chemical of high concern that meets the criteria in section 116.9403.

70.24 (p) "Product category" means the brick level of the GS1 Global Product
70.25 Classification (GPC) standard, which identifies products that serve a common purpose, are
70.26 of a similar form and material, and share the same set of category attributes.

70.27 (q) "Safer alternative" means an alternative whose potential to harm human health is
70.28 less than that of the use of a priority chemical that it could replace.

70.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

70.30 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9402, is amended to read:

70.31 **116.9402 IDENTIFICATION OF CHEMICALS OF HIGH CONCERN.**

70.32 (a) By July 1, 2010, the department shall, after consultation with the agency,
70.33 generate a list of chemicals of high concern.

(b) The department must periodically review and revise the list of chemicals of high concern at least every three years. The department may add chemicals to the list if the chemical meets one or more of the criteria in section 116.9401, paragraph (e). Any changes to the list of chemicals of high concern must be published on the department's Web site and in the State Register when a change is made.

(c) The department shall consider chemicals listed as a suspected carcinogen, reproductive or developmental toxicant, or as being persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic, or very persistent and very bioaccumulative by a state, federal, or international agency. These agencies may include, but are not limited to, the California Environmental Protection Agency, the Washington Department of Ecology, the United States Department of Health, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the United Nation's World Health Organization, and European Parliament Annex XIV concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and Restriction of Chemicals.

(d) The department may consider chemicals listed by another state as harmful to human health or the environment for possible inclusion in the list of chemicals of high concern.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9403, is amended to read:

116.9403 IDENTIFICATION OF PRIORITY CHEMICALS.

(a) The department, after consultation with the agency, may designate a chemical of high concern as a priority chemical if the department finds that the chemical:

(1) has been identified as a high-production volume chemical by the United States Environmental Protection Agency; and

(2) meets any of the following criteria:

(i) the chemical has been found through biomonitoring to be present in human blood, including umbilical cord blood, breast milk, urine, or other bodily tissues or fluids;

(ii) the chemical has been found through sampling and analysis to be present in household dust, indoor air, drinking water, or elsewhere in the home environment; or

(iii) the chemical has been found through monitoring to be present in fish, wildlife, or the natural environment.

(b) By February 1, 2011, the department shall publish a list of priority chemicals in the State Register and on the department's Internet Web site and shall update the published list whenever a new priority chemical is designated. Any proposed changes to the list of priority chemicals must be published on the department's Web site and in the State Register

72.1 and is subject to a minimum 60-day public comment period. After the department's
72.2 review and consideration of public comments, a final list of changes to the list of priority
72.3 chemicals must be published on the department's Web site and in the State Register.

72.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

72.5 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9405, is amended to read:

72.6 **116.9405 APPLICABILITY.**

72.7 The requirements of sections 116.9401 to ~~116.9407~~ 116.9411 do not apply to:

72.8 (1) chemicals in used children's products;

72.9 (2) priority chemicals used in the manufacturing process, but that are not present
72.10 in the final product;

72.11 (3) priority chemicals used in agricultural production;

72.12 (4) motor vehicles as defined in chapter 168 or watercraft as defined in chapter
72.13 86B or their component parts, except that the use of priority chemicals in detachable
72.14 car seats is not exempt;

72.15 (5) priority chemicals generated solely as combustion by-products or that are present
72.16 in combustible fuels;

72.17 (6) retailers;

72.18 (7) pharmaceutical products or biologics;

72.19 (8) a medical device as defined in the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, United
72.20 States Code, title 21, section 321(h);

72.21 ~~(9) food and food or beverage packaging, except a container containing baby food~~
72.22 ~~or infant formula;~~

72.23 ~~(10) consumer electronics products and electronic components, including but not~~
72.24 ~~limited to personal computers; audio and video equipment; calculators; digital displays;~~
72.25 ~~wireless phones; cameras; game consoles; printers; and handheld electronic and electrical~~
72.26 ~~devices used to access interactive software or their associated peripherals; or products that~~
72.27 ~~comply with the provisions of directive 2002/95/EC of the European Union, adopted by~~
72.28 ~~the European Parliament and Council of the European Union now or hereafter in effect; or~~

72.29 ~~(11)~~ (10) outdoor sport equipment, including snowmobiles as defined in section
72.30 84.81, subdivision 3; all-terrain vehicles as defined in section 84.92, subdivision 8;
72.31 personal watercraft as defined in section 86B.005, subdivision 14a; watercraft as defined
72.32 in section 86B.005, subdivision 18; and off-highway motorcycles, as defined in section
72.33 84.787, subdivision 7, and all attachments and repair parts for all of this equipment;

(11) a manufacturer or distributor of a children's product whose annual aggregate gross sales, both within and outside this state, as reported in the manufacturer's or distributor's most recently filed federal tax return, is below \$100,000; or

(12) a children's product if the annual production of the children's product is less than 3,000 units.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9406, is amended to read:

116.9406 DONATIONS TO THE STATE.

The commissioner may accept donations, grants, and other funds to carry out the purposes of sections 116.9401 to ~~116.9407~~ 116.9411. All donations, grants, and other funds must be accepted without preconditions regarding the outcomes of the regulatory oversight processes set forth in sections 116.9401 to ~~116.9407~~ 116.9411.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 13. **[116.9408] CHILDREN'S PRODUCTS; REPORTING INFORMATION ON PRIORITY CHEMICALS.**

Subdivision 1. Reporting; content. A manufacturer or distributor of a children's product offered for sale in this state that contains one or more priority chemicals designated under section 116.9403 must, unless the children's product is exempt under section 116.9405, provide the following information to the agency, on a form developed by the agency, for each priority chemical that is intentionally added to the children's product and present at or above the practical quantification limit or that is a contaminant present in a component of the children's product at a concentration above 100 parts per million:

(1) the name of the priority chemical;

(2) the Chemical Abstracts Service Registry number of the priority chemical;

(3) the concentration of each priority chemical contained in a children's product, a description of how the concentration was determined, and an evaluation of the accuracy of the determination. Concentrations at or above the practical quantification limit must be reported, but may be reported in the following ranges:

(i) greater than or equal to the practical quantification limit but less than 100 parts per million (ppm);

(ii) greater than or equal to 100 ppm but less than 500 ppm;

(iii) greater than or equal to 500 ppm but less than 1,000 ppm;

(iv) greater than or equal to 1,000 ppm but less than 5,000 ppm;

- 74.1 (v) greater than or equal to 5,000 ppm but less than 10,000 ppm; and
- 74.2 (vi) greater than or equal to 10,000 ppm;
- 74.3 (4) the product category of the children's product;
- 74.4 (5) the number of units of the children's product sold in Minnesota or nationally in
- 74.5 the most recently completed calendar year;
- 74.6 (6) information that the agency determines is necessary to determine the extent to
- 74.7 which a child is likely to be exposed to the priority chemical through normal use of the
- 74.8 product;
- 74.9 (7) any assessment conducted by the manufacturer or distributor of the children's
- 74.10 product or others regarding the use of safer alternatives to the priority chemical contained
- 74.11 in the children's product; and
- 74.12 (8) any additional information requested by the agency.
- 74.13 Subd. 2. **Report timing.** (a) A manufacturer or distributor subject to this section
- 74.14 must report the information required under this section to the agency no later than one
- 74.15 year after a priority chemical has been designated under section 116.9403 or, for a priority
- 74.16 chemical designated under section 116.9403 before July 1, 2011, on the following
- 74.17 schedule based on the manufacturer's or distributor's annual aggregate gross sales, both
- 74.18 within and outside the state, as reported in the manufacturer's or distributor's most recently
- 74.19 filed federal tax return:
- 74.20 (1) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$1,000,000,000, by
- 74.21 July 1, 2017;
- 74.22 (2) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$250,000,000 but
- 74.23 less than or equal to \$1,000,000,000, by January 1, 2018;
- 74.24 (3) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$100,000,000 but
- 74.25 less than or equal to \$250,000,000, by July 1, 2018;
- 74.26 (4) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$5,000,000 but less
- 74.27 than or equal to \$100,000,000, by July 1, 2019; and
- 74.28 (5) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$100,000 but less
- 74.29 than or equal to \$5,000,000, by July 1, 2020.
- 74.30 (b) Two years after submitting an initial report to the agency under this section,
- 74.31 a manufacturer or distributor of a children's product offered for sale in this state that
- 74.32 continues to contain one or more priority chemicals must submit an updated report
- 74.33 containing the information required under subdivision 1 and the 12-digit Universal
- 74.34 Product Code for the children's product. If the children's product continues to be offered
- 74.35 for sale in this state and to contain the priority chemical, the information required under
- 74.36 this paragraph must be submitted to the agency every two years.

Subd. 3. **Public data.** Notwithstanding section 13.37, subdivision 2, the presence and concentration of a priority chemical in a specific children's product reported to the agency under subdivision 1 are classified as public data.

Subd. 4. **Not misappropriation of trade secret.** Notwithstanding section 325C.01, subdivision 3, publication by the agency of the presence and concentration of a priority chemical in a specific children's product reported to the agency under subdivision 1 is not misappropriation of a trade secret.

Subd. 5. **Removal of priority chemical; reporting.** A manufacturer or distributor who removes a priority chemical from a children's product reported under this section must notify the agency of the removal at the earliest possible date. If the priority chemical removed is replaced by a safer alternative, the manufacturer or distributor must provide, on a form developed by the agency, the name of the safer alternative and its Chemical Abstracts Service Registry number or, if not replaced by a chemical alternative, a description of the techniques or design changes implemented. The safer alternative or nonchemical techniques or design changes may be designated as trade secrets. Upon verification that all priority chemicals in the product have been replaced by safer alternatives, the commissioner must promptly remove from state agency Web sites any reference to the relevant children's product of the manufacturer, and the manufacturer will no longer report or pay fees on that children's product.

Subd. 6. **Failure to report.** If the information required in subdivision 1 is not submitted in a timely fashion or is incomplete or otherwise unacceptable as determined by the agency, the agency may contract with an independent third party of the agency's choice to provide the information and may assess a fee on the manufacturer or distributor to pay the costs specified under section 116.9409.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 14. **[116.9409] FEES.**

(a) The agency shall collect a fee of \$1,000 for each priority chemical initially reported under section 116.9408. The fee doubles for each report subsequently filed with the agency under section 116.9408 for the same chemical contained in the same children's product.

(b) The agency shall collect a fee equal to the costs billed by the independent contractor plus the agency's actual incurred costs to bid and administer the contract for each contract issued under section 116.9408, subdivision 6.

(c) The commissioner shall deposit all fees received under this section in an account in the special revenue fund.

76.1 (d) Fees collected under this section are exempt from section 16A.1285.

76.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

76.3 Sec. 15. **[116.9410] ENFORCEMENT.**

76.4 The agency shall enforce sections 116.9401 to 116.9409 in the manner provided by
76.5 section 115.071, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5, and 6. Section 115.071, subdivision 2, does not
76.6 apply to violations of sections 116.9401 to 116.9409.

76.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

76.8 Sec. 16. **[116.9411] STATE AGENCY DUTIES.**

76.9 Subdivision 1. **Safer alternative grants.** If there is fee revenue collected under
76.10 section 116.9409, paragraph (a), in excess of program implementation costs, the
76.11 commissioner, in consultation with the commissioners of commerce and health, may
76.12 use that fee revenue to offer grants awarded competitively to manufacturers or other
76.13 researchers to develop safer alternatives to priority chemicals in children's products,
76.14 to establish alternatives as safer alternatives, or to accelerate the commercialization of
76.15 safer alternatives.

76.16 Subd. 2. **Education and outreach.** The commissioners of health and commerce
76.17 shall develop and implement an education and outreach effort regarding priority chemicals
76.18 in children's products.

76.19 Subd. 3. **Report.** By January 15, 2018, and every three years thereafter, the
76.20 commissioners of the Pollution Control Agency, health, and commerce shall report to
76.21 the legislative committees with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources,
76.22 commerce, and public health on the implementation of sections 116.9401 to 116.9411.

76.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

76.24 Sec. 17. **TRANSFERS.**

76.25 (a) On June 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer
76.26 to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in
76.27 Minnesota Statutes, section 84.69, the remaining balance:

76.28 (1) in the forests for the future conservation easement account under section 84.68;
76.29 and

76.30 (2) of all appropriations to the Department of Natural Resources from the outdoor
76.31 heritage fund for the establishment of conservation easement monitoring and enforcement
76.32 accounts.

(b) On June 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer to the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account, established in Minnesota Statutes, section 103B.103, the remaining balance of all appropriations to the board from the outdoor heritage fund for the establishment of conservation easement monitoring and enforcement accounts.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 18. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.68, is repealed.

ARTICLE 5

PARKS AND TRAILS FUND

Section 1. **PARKS AND TRAILS FUND APPROPRIATIONS.**

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the parks and trails fund and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2016" and "2017" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, or June 30, 2017, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2016. "The second year" is fiscal year 2017. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2016 and 2017. All appropriations in this article are onetime.

APPROPRIATIONS	
Available for the Year	
Ending June 30	
2016	2017

Sec. 2. **PARKS AND TRAILS**

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	\$	43,183,000	\$	45,151,000
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The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following sections.

Subd. 2. **Availability of Appropriation**

Money appropriated in this article may not be spent on activities unless they are directly related to and necessary for a specific appropriation. Money appropriated

78.1 in this article must be spent in accordance
78.2 with Minnesota Management and Budget's
78.3 Guidance to Agencies on Legacy Fund
78.4 Expenditure. Notwithstanding Minnesota
78.5 Statutes, section 16A.28, and unless
78.6 otherwise specified in this article, fiscal year
78.7 2016 appropriations are available until June
78.8 30, 2018, and fiscal year 2017 appropriations
78.9 are available until June 30, 2019. If a project
78.10 receives federal funds, the time period of
78.11 the appropriation is extended to equal the
78.12 availability of federal funding.

78.13	Sec. 3. <u>DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL</u>		
78.14	<u>RESOURCES</u>	<u>\$ 26,122,000</u>	<u>\$ 27,310,000</u>

78.15 (a) \$17,061,000 the first year and
78.16 \$17,841,000 the second year are for state
78.17 parks, recreation areas, and trails to:
78.18 (1) connect people to the outdoors;
78.19 (2) acquire land and create opportunities;
78.20 (3) maintain existing holdings; and
78.21 (4) improve cooperation by coordinating
78.22 with partners to implement the 25-year
78.23 long-range parks and trails legacy plan.
78.24 (b) \$8,530,000 the first year and \$8,920,000
78.25 the second year are for grants in accordance
78.26 with Minnesota Statutes, section 85.535,
78.27 for parks and trails of regional or statewide
78.28 significance outside of the metropolitan area,
78.29 as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section
78.30 473.121, subdivision 2. Up to 2.5 percent of
78.31 the total appropriation may be used by the
78.32 department for administering the grants. Up
78.33 to 4.5 percent of the total appropriation is for
78.34 a grant to the Greater Minnesota Regional

79.1 Parks and Trails Commission for operating
 79.2 costs.

79.3 (c) \$531,000 the first year and \$549,000 the
 79.4 second year are for coordination and projects
 79.5 between the department, Metropolitan
 79.6 Council, and the Greater Minnesota Regional
 79.7 Parks and Trails Commission; enhanced
 79.8 Web-based information for park and trail
 79.9 users; and support of activities of the Parks
 79.10 and Trails Legacy Advisory Committee.

79.11 (d) The commissioner shall contract for
 79.12 services with Conservation Corps Minnesota
 79.13 for restoration, maintenance, and other
 79.14 activities under this section for at least
 79.15 \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000 the
 79.16 second year.

79.17 (e) The implementing agencies receiving
 79.18 appropriations under this section shall
 79.19 give consideration to contracting with
 79.20 Conservation Corps Minnesota for
 79.21 restoration, maintenance, and other activities.

79.22 Sec. 4. **METROPOLITAN COUNCIL** **\$** **17,061,000** **\$** **17,841,000**

79.23 (a) \$17,061,000 the first year and
 79.24 \$17,841,000 the second year are for
 79.25 distribution according to Minnesota Statutes,
 79.26 section 85.53, subdivision 3.

79.27 (b) Money appropriated under this section
 79.28 and distributed to implementing agencies
 79.29 must be used to fund the list of recommended
 79.30 projects in the report submitted pursuant to
 79.31 Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 3, section
 79.32 4, paragraph (o). Projects funded by the
 79.33 money appropriated under this section must
 79.34 be substantially consistent with the project

80.1

descriptions and dollar amounts in the report.

80.2

Any funds remaining after completion of

80.3

the listed projects may be spent by the

80.4

implementing agencies on projects to support

80.5

parks and trails.

80.6

(c) Grant agreements entered into by the

80.7

Metropolitan Council and recipients of

80.8

money appropriated under this section must

80.9

ensure that the funds are used to supplement

80.10

and not substitute for traditional sources of

80.11

funding.

80.12

(d) The implementing agencies receiving

80.13

appropriations under this section shall

80.14

give consideration to contracting with

80.15

Conservation Corps Minnesota for

80.16

restoration, maintenance, and other activities.

80.17

ARTICLE 6

80.18

CLEAN WATER FUND

80.19

Section 1. CLEAN WATER FUND APPROPRIATIONS.

80.20

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the

80.21

agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the

80.22

clean water fund and are available for the fiscal years indicated for allowable activities

80.23

under the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 15. The figures "2016" and "2017"

80.24

used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the

80.25

fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, or June 30, 2017, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal

80.26

year 2016. "The second year" is fiscal year 2017. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2016

80.27

and 2017. The appropriations in this article are onetime.

80.28

80.29

80.30

80.31

<u>APPROPRIATIONS</u>	
<u>Available for the Year</u>	
<u>Ending June 30</u>	
<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>

80.32

Sec. 2. CLEAN WATER

80.33

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$

110,849,000

\$

110,849,000

81.1 The amounts that may be spent for each
81.2 purpose are specified in the following
81.3 sections.

81.4 Subd. 2. **Availability of Appropriation**

81.5 Money appropriated in this article may
81.6 not be spent on activities unless they are
81.7 directly related to and necessary for a
81.8 specific appropriation. Money appropriated
81.9 in this article must be spent in accordance
81.10 with Minnesota Management and Budget's
81.11 Guidance to Agencies on Legacy Fund
81.12 Expenditure. Notwithstanding Minnesota
81.13 Statutes, section 16A.28, and unless
81.14 otherwise specified in this article, fiscal year
81.15 2016 appropriations are available until June
81.16 30, 2017, and fiscal year 2017 appropriations
81.17 are available until June 30, 2018. If a project
81.18 receives federal funds, the time period of
81.19 the appropriation is extended to equal the
81.20 availability of federal funding.

81.21 Sec. 3. **DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE** \$ **8,360,000** \$ **8,560,000**

81.22 (a) \$350,000 the first year and \$350,000 the
81.23 second year are to increase monitoring for
81.24 pesticides and pesticide degradates in surface
81.25 water and groundwater and to use data
81.26 collected to assess pesticide use practices.

81.27 (b) \$2,600,000 the first year and \$2,700,000
81.28 the second year are for monitoring and
81.29 evaluating trends in the concentration of
81.30 nitrate in groundwater in areas vulnerable
81.31 to groundwater degradation; monitoring
81.32 for pesticides when nitrate is detected;
81.33 promoting, developing, and evaluating
81.34 regional and crop-specific nutrient best

82.1 management practices; assessing best
82.2 management practice adoption; education
82.3 and technical support from University of
82.4 Minnesota Extension; and other actions to
82.5 protect groundwater from degradation from
82.6 nitrate. This appropriation is available until
82.7 June 30, 2018.

82.8 (c) \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the
82.9 second year are for administering clean water
82.10 funds managed through the agriculture best
82.11 management practices loan program. Any
82.12 unencumbered balance at the end of the
82.13 second year shall be added to the corpus of
82.14 the loan fund.

82.15 (d) \$1,500,000 the first year and \$1,500,000
82.16 the second year are for technical assistance,
82.17 research, and demonstration projects on
82.18 proper implementation of best management
82.19 practices and more precise information on
82.20 nonpoint contributions to impaired waters.
82.21 This appropriation is available until June 30,
82.22 2020.

82.23 (e) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,100,000
82.24 the second year are for research to quantify
82.25 and reduce agricultural contributions to
82.26 impaired waters and for development and
82.27 evaluation of best management practices to
82.28 protect and restore water resources. This
82.29 appropriation is available until June 30, 2020.

82.30 (f) \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the
82.31 second year are for a research inventory
82.32 database containing water-related research
82.33 activities. Costs for information technology
82.34 development or support for this research
82.35 inventory database may be paid to the Office

83.1 of MN.IT Services. This appropriation is
83.2 available until June 30, 2018.

83.3 (g) \$2,500,000 the first year and \$2,500,000
83.4 the second year are to implement the
83.5 Minnesota agricultural water quality
83.6 certification program statewide. This
83.7 appropriation is available until June 30, 2020.

83.8 (h) \$110,000 the first year and \$110,000 the
83.9 second year are to provide funding for a
83.10 regional irrigation water quality specialist
83.11 through University of Minnesota Extension.

83.12 (i) \$175,000 the first year and \$175,000
83.13 the second year are to evaluate market
83.14 opportunities and develop markets for
83.15 crops that can be profitable for farmers and
83.16 beneficial for water quality and soil health.
83.17 This appropriation is available until June 30,
83.18 2018.

83.19 Sec. 4. **PUBLIC FACILITIES AUTHORITY** \$ **9,250,000** \$ **9,250,000**

83.20 (a) \$9,000,000 the first year and \$9,000,000
83.21 the second year are for the point source
83.22 implementation grants program under
83.23 Minnesota Statutes, section 446A.073. This
83.24 appropriation is available until June 30, 2020.

83.25 (b) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000
83.26 the second year are for small community
83.27 wastewater treatment grants and loans under
83.28 Minnesota Statutes, section 446A.075. This
83.29 appropriation is available until June 30, 2020.

83.30 (c) If there are any uncommitted funds at
83.31 the end of each fiscal year under paragraph
83.32 (a) or (b), the Public Facilities Authority
83.33 may transfer the remaining funds to eligible
83.34 projects under any of the programs listed

84.1 in this section based on their priority rank
 84.2 on the Pollution Control Agency's project
 84.3 priority list.

84.4 Sec. 5. **POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY** \$ **29,325,000** \$ **29,325,000**

84.5 (a) \$8,450,000 the first year and \$8,450,000
 84.6 the second year are for completion of 20
 84.7 percent of the needed statewide assessments
 84.8 of surface water quality and trends. Of this
 84.9 amount, \$500,000 each year is to monitor and
 84.10 assess contaminants of emerging concern in
 84.11 groundwater and surface water. If the amount
 84.12 in the first year is insufficient, the amount in
 84.13 the second year is available in the first year.

84.14 (b) \$10,600,000 the first year and
 84.15 \$10,600,000 the second year are to develop
 84.16 watershed restoration and protection
 84.17 strategies (WRAPS), which include total
 84.18 maximum daily load (TMDL) studies and
 84.19 TMDL implementation plans for waters
 84.20 listed on the Unites States Environmental
 84.21 Protection Agency approved impaired waters
 84.22 list in accordance with Minnesota Statutes,
 84.23 chapter 114D. The agency shall complete an
 84.24 average of ten percent of the TMDLs each
 84.25 year over the biennium.

84.26 (c) \$1,450,000 the first year and \$1,450,000
 84.27 the second year are for groundwater
 84.28 assessment, including enhancing the
 84.29 ambient monitoring network, modeling, and
 84.30 evaluating trends, including the reassessment
 84.31 of groundwater that was assessed ten to 15
 84.32 years ago and found to be contaminated.

84.33 (d) \$750,000 the first year and \$750,000
 84.34 the second year are for water quality

85.1 improvements in the lower St. Louis River
85.2 and Duluth harbor within the St. Louis River
85.3 System Area of Concern. This appropriation
85.4 must be matched at a rate of 65 percent
85.5 nonstate money to 35 percent state money.

85.6 (e) \$1,500,000 the first year and \$1,500,000
85.7 the second year are for the clean water
85.8 partnership program to provide grants
85.9 to protect and improve the basins and
85.10 watersheds of the state and provide financial
85.11 and technical assistance to study waters
85.12 with nonpoint source pollution problems.

85.13 Priority must be given to projects preventing
85.14 impairments and degradation of lakes, rivers,
85.15 streams, and groundwater in accordance
85.16 with Minnesota Statutes, section 114D.20,
85.17 subdivision 2, clause (4). Any balance
85.18 remaining in the first year does not cancel
85.19 and is available for the second year.

85.20 (f) \$275,000 the first year and \$275,000 the
85.21 second year are for storm water research and
85.22 guidance.

85.23 (g) \$1,150,000 the first year and \$1,150,000
85.24 the second year are for TMDL research and
85.25 database development.

85.26 (h) \$950,000 the first year and \$950,000
85.27 the second year are for national pollutant
85.28 discharge elimination system wastewater and
85.29 storm water TMDL implementation efforts.

85.30 (i) \$3,750,000 the first year and \$3,750,000
85.31 the second year are for enhancing the
85.32 county-level delivery systems for subsurface
85.33 sewage treatment system (SSTS) activities
85.34 necessary to implement Minnesota Statutes,
85.35 sections 115.55 and 115.56, for protection

86.1 of groundwater, including base grants
86.2 for all counties with SSTS programs and
86.3 competitive grants to counties with specific
86.4 plans to significantly reduce water pollution
86.5 by reducing the number of systems that
86.6 are an imminent threat to public health or
86.7 safety or are otherwise failing. Counties that
86.8 receive base grants must report the number
86.9 of sewage noncompliant properties upgraded
86.10 through SSTS replacement, connection
86.11 to a centralized sewer system, or other
86.12 means, including property abandonment
86.13 or buy-out. Counties also must report
86.14 the number of existing SSTS compliance
86.15 inspections conducted in areas under county
86.16 jurisdiction. These required reports are to
86.17 be part of established annual reporting for
86.18 SSTS programs. Counties that conduct SSTS
86.19 inventories or those with an ordinance in
86.20 place that requires an SSTS to be inspected
86.21 as a condition of transferring property or as a
86.22 condition of obtaining a local permit must be
86.23 given priority for competitive grants under
86.24 this paragraph. Of this amount, \$750,000
86.25 each year is available to counties for grants to
86.26 low-income landowners to address systems
86.27 that pose an imminent threat to public health
86.28 or safety or fail to protect groundwater. A
86.29 grant awarded under this paragraph may not
86.30 exceed \$500,000 for the biennium. A county
86.31 receiving a grant under this paragraph must
86.32 submit a report to the agency listing the
86.33 projects funded, including an account of the
86.34 expenditures.
86.35 (j) \$400,000 the first year and \$400,000 the
86.36 second year are for developing wastewater

87.1 treatment system designs and practices
 87.2 and providing technical assistance. The
 87.3 commissioner may provide financial support
 87.4 to the Board of Regents of the University of
 87.5 Minnesota for design teams with scientific
 87.6 and technical expertise pertaining to
 87.7 wastewater management and treatment.
 87.8 Design teams will include representatives
 87.9 from the University of Minnesota, Pollution
 87.10 Control Agency, and municipal wastewater
 87.11 utilities and other wastewater engineering
 87.12 experts. The design teams shall promote the
 87.13 use of new technology, designs, and practices
 87.14 to address existing and emerging wastewater
 87.15 treatment challenges, including the treatment
 87.16 of wastewater for reuse and the emergence
 87.17 of new and other unregulated contaminants.
 87.18 This appropriation is available until June 30,
 87.19 2018.
 87.20 (k) \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the
 87.21 second year are to support activities of the
 87.22 Clean Water Council according to Minnesota
 87.23 Statutes, section 114D.30, subdivision 1.
 87.24 (l) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
 87.25 section 16A.28, the appropriations in this
 87.26 section encumbered on or before June 30,
 87.27 2017, as grants or contracts are available
 87.28 until June 30, 2020.

87.29 **Sec. 6. DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL**
 87.30 **RESOURCES**

\$ 9,475,000 \$ 9,475,000

87.31 (a) \$2,000,000 the first year and \$2,000,000
 87.32 the second year are for stream flow
 87.33 monitoring.

- 88.1 (b) \$1,300,000 the first year and \$1,300,000
88.2 the second year are for lake Index of
88.3 Biological Integrity (IBI) assessments.
- 88.4 (c) \$135,000 the first year and \$135,000
88.5 the second year are for assessing mercury
88.6 and other contaminants of fish, including
88.7 monitoring to track the status of impaired
88.8 waters over time.
- 88.9 (d) \$1,940,000 the first year and \$1,940,000
88.10 the second year are for developing targeted,
88.11 science-based watershed restoration and
88.12 protection strategies.
- 88.13 (e) \$1,375,000 the first year and \$1,375,000
88.14 the second year are for water supply planning,
88.15 aquifer protection, and monitoring activities.
- 88.16 (f) \$1,300,000 the first year and \$1,300,000
88.17 the second year are for technical assistance
88.18 to support local implementation of nonpoint
88.19 source restoration and protection activities,
88.20 including water quality protection in forested
88.21 watersheds.
- 88.22 (g) \$850,000 the first year and \$850,000 the
88.23 second year are for applied research and tools,
88.24 including watershed hydrologic modeling;
88.25 maintaining and updating spatial data for
88.26 watershed boundaries, streams, and water
88.27 bodies and integrating high-resolution digital
88.28 elevation data; assessing effectiveness of
88.29 forestry best management practices for water
88.30 quality; and developing a biomonitoring
88.31 database.
- 88.32 (h) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000
88.33 the second year are for developing county
88.34 geologic atlases.

89.1 (i) \$325,000 the first year and \$325,000 the
 89.2 second year are for color infrared imagery
 89.3 and analysis to determine the extent of
 89.4 permanent vegetation in riparian areas.

89.5 **Sec. 7. BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL**
 89.6 **RESOURCES**

\$ 48,134,000 \$ 48,134,000

89.7 (a) \$6,000,000 the first year and \$6,000,000
 89.8 the second year are for grants to local
 89.9 government units organized for the
 89.10 management of water in a watershed or
 89.11 subwatershed that have multiyear plans
 89.12 that will result in a significant reduction in
 89.13 water pollution in a selected subwatershed.

89.14 The grants may be used for establishment
 89.15 of riparian buffers; practices to store
 89.16 water for natural treatment and infiltration,
 89.17 including rain gardens; capturing storm
 89.18 water for reuse; stream bank, shoreland, and
 89.19 ravine stabilization; enforcement activities;
 89.20 and implementation of best management
 89.21 practices for feedlots within riparian areas
 89.22 and other practices demonstrated to be
 89.23 most effective in protecting, enhancing, and
 89.24 restoring water quality in lakes, rivers, and
 89.25 streams and protecting groundwater from
 89.26 degradation. Grant recipients must identify
 89.27 a nonstate match and may use other legacy
 89.28 funds to supplement projects funded under
 89.29 this paragraph. Grants awarded under this
 89.30 paragraph are available for four years and
 89.31 priority must be given to the best designed
 89.32 plans each year.

89.33 (b) \$12,250,000 the first year and
 89.34 \$12,250,000 the second year are for grants
 89.35 to protect and restore surface water and

90.1 drinking water; to keep water on the land; to
90.2 protect, enhance, and restore water quality
90.3 in lakes, rivers, and streams; and to protect
90.4 groundwater and drinking water, including
90.5 feedlot water quality and subsurface sewage
90.6 treatment system projects and stream bank,
90.7 stream channel, shoreline restoration,
90.8 and ravine stabilization projects. The
90.9 projects must use practices demonstrated
90.10 to be effective, be of long-lasting public
90.11 benefit, include a match, and be consistent
90.12 with total maximum daily load (TMDL)
90.13 implementation plans, watershed restoration
90.14 and protection strategies (WRAPS), or local
90.15 water management plans or their equivalents.

90.16 (c) \$6,000,000 the first year and \$6,000,000
90.17 the second year are for targeted local
90.18 resource protection and enhancement grants
90.19 and statewide program enhancements for
90.20 technical assistance, citizen and community
90.21 outreach, and training and certification, as
90.22 well as projects, practices, and programs that
90.23 supplement or otherwise exceed current state
90.24 standards for protection, enhancement, and
90.25 restoration of water quality in lakes, rivers,
90.26 and streams or that protect groundwater from
90.27 degradation, including compliance.

90.28 (d) \$950,000 the first year and \$950,000
90.29 the second year are to provide state
90.30 oversight and accountability, evaluate
90.31 results, provide implementation tools, and
90.32 measure the value of conservation program
90.33 implementation by local governments,
90.34 including submission to the legislature by
90.35 March 1 each even-numbered year a biennial
90.36 report prepared by the board, in consultation

91.1 with the commissioners of natural resources,
91.2 health, agriculture, and the Pollution Control
91.3 Agency, detailing the recipients, the projects
91.4 funded under this section, and the amount of
91.5 pollution reduced.

91.6 (e) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
91.7 the second year are for grants to local units
91.8 of government to enhance compliance
91.9 with Minnesota Statutes, sections 103F.401
91.10 to 103F.455, and Minnesota Rules, part
91.11 6120.3300, subpart 7, including enforcement
91.12 efforts.

91.13 (f) \$6,000,000 the first year and \$6,000,000
91.14 the second year are to restore or preserve
91.15 permanent conservation on riparian buffers
91.16 adjacent to lakes, rivers, streams, and
91.17 tributaries, to keep water on the land in order
91.18 to decrease sediment, pollutant, and nutrient
91.19 transport; reduce hydrologic impacts to
91.20 surface waters; and increase infiltration for
91.21 groundwater recharge. This appropriation
91.22 may be used for restoration of riparian
91.23 buffers permanently protected by easements
91.24 purchased with this appropriation or contracts
91.25 to achieve permanent protection for riparian
91.26 buffers or stream bank restorations when the
91.27 riparian buffers have been restored. Up to
91.28 \$344,000 is for deposit in a monitoring and
91.29 enforcement account.

91.30 (g) \$1,750,000 the first year and \$1,750,000
91.31 the second year are for permanent
91.32 conservation easements on wellhead
91.33 protection areas under Minnesota Statutes,
91.34 section 103F.515, subdivision 2, paragraph
91.35 (d), or for grants to local units of government

92.1 for fee title acquisition to permanently
92.2 protect groundwater supply sources on
92.3 wellhead protection areas or for otherwise
92.4 assuring long-term protection of groundwater
92.5 supply sources as described under alternative
92.6 management tools in the Department
92.7 of Agriculture's Nitrogen Fertilizer
92.8 Management Plan, including low nitrogen
92.9 cropping systems or implementing nitrogen
92.10 fertilizer best management practices. Priority
92.11 must be placed on land that is located where
92.12 the vulnerability of the drinking water supply
92.13 is designated as high or very high by the
92.14 commissioner of health and where drinking
92.15 water protection plans have identified
92.16 specific activities that will achieve long-term
92.17 protection. Up to \$52,500 is for deposit in a
92.18 monitoring and enforcement account.

92.19 (h) \$750,000 the first year and \$750,000
92.20 the second year are for community partner
92.21 grants to local units of government for:
92.22 (1) structural or vegetative management
92.23 practices that reduce storm water runoff
92.24 from developed or disturbed lands to reduce
92.25 the movement of sediment, nutrients, and
92.26 pollutants for restoration, protection, or
92.27 enhancement of water quality in lakes, rivers,
92.28 and streams and to protect groundwater
92.29 and drinking water; and (2) installation
92.30 of proven and effective water retention
92.31 practices including, but not limited to, rain
92.32 gardens and other vegetated infiltration
92.33 basins and sediment control basins in order
92.34 to keep water on the land. The projects must
92.35 be of long-lasting public benefit, include a
92.36 local match, and be consistent with TMDL

93.1 implementation plans, watershed restoration
93.2 and protection strategies (WRAPS), or local
93.3 water management plans or their equivalents.
93.4 Local government unit costs may be used as
93.5 a match.

93.6 (i) \$84,000 the first year and \$84,000 the
93.7 second year are for a technical evaluation
93.8 panel to conduct ten restoration evaluations
93.9 under Minnesota Statutes, section 114D.50,
93.10 subdivision 6.

93.11 (j) \$2,100,000 the first year and \$2,100,000
93.12 the second year are for assistance, oversight,
93.13 and grants to local governments to transition
93.14 local water management plans to a watershed
93.15 approach as provided for in Minnesota
93.16 Statutes, chapters 103B, 103C, 103D, and
93.17 114D.

93.18 (k) \$750,000 the first year and \$750,000
93.19 the second year are for technical assistance
93.20 and grants for the conservation drainage
93.21 program in consultation with the Drainage
93.22 Work Group, coordinated under Minnesota
93.23 Statutes, section 103B.101, subdivision
93.24 13, that includes projects to improve
93.25 multipurpose water management under
93.26 Minnesota Statutes, section 103E.015.

93.27 (l) \$9,000,000 the first year and \$9,000,000
93.28 the second year are to purchase and restore
93.29 permanent conservation sites via easements
93.30 or contracts to treat and store water on the
93.31 land for water quality improvement purposes.
93.32 This work must be done in cooperation with
93.33 the United States Department of Agriculture
93.34 with a first priority use to accomplish
93.35 a conservation reserve enhancement

94.1 program, or equivalent, in the state. Up to
94.2 \$1,285,000 is for deposit in a monitoring and
94.3 enforcement account.

94.4 (m) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
94.5 the second year are to purchase permanent
94.6 conservation easements to protect lands
94.7 adjacent to public waters with good water
94.8 quality but threatened with degradation. Up
94.9 to \$190,000 is for deposit in a monitoring
94.10 and enforcement account.

94.11 (n) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000
94.12 the second year are for a program to
94.13 systematically collect data and produce
94.14 county, watershed, and statewide estimates
94.15 of soil erosion caused by water and wind
94.16 along with tracking adoption of conservation
94.17 measures to address erosion.

94.18 (o) The board shall contract for delivery
94.19 of services with Conservation Corps
94.20 Minnesota for restoration, maintenance, and
94.21 other activities under this section for up to
94.22 \$500,000 the first year and up to \$500,000
94.23 the second year.

94.24 (p) The board may shift grant or cost-share
94.25 funds in this section and may adjust the
94.26 technical and administrative assistance
94.27 portion of the funds to leverage federal or
94.28 other nonstate funds or to address oversight
94.29 responsibilities or high-priority needs
94.30 identified in local water management plans.

94.31 (q) The board shall require grantees to
94.32 specify the outcomes that will be achieved
94.33 by the grants prior to any grant awards.

94.34 (r) The appropriations in this section are
94.35 available until June 30, 2020. Returned grant

95.1 funds are available until expended and shall
 95.2 be regranted consistent with the purposes of
 95.3 this section.

95.4 Sec. 8. **DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH** \$ **4,805,000** \$ **4,605,000**

95.5 (a) \$1,250,000 the first year and \$1,250,000
 95.6 the second year are for addressing public
 95.7 health concerns related to contaminants
 95.8 found in Minnesota drinking water for which
 95.9 no health-based drinking water standards
 95.10 exist, including accelerating the development
 95.11 of health risk limits and improving the
 95.12 capacity of the department's laboratory to
 95.13 analyze unregulated contaminants.

95.14 (b) \$1,900,000 the first year and \$1,900,000
 95.15 the second year are for protection of drinking
 95.16 water sources.

95.17 (c) \$275,000 the first year and \$275,000 the
 95.18 second year are for cost-share assistance to
 95.19 public and private well owners for up to 50
 95.20 percent of the cost of sealing unused wells.

95.21 (d) \$450,000 the first year and \$450,000
 95.22 the second year are to develop and deliver
 95.23 groundwater restoration and protection
 95.24 strategies for use on a watershed scale for use
 95.25 in local water planning efforts and to provide
 95.26 resources to local governments for drinking
 95.27 water source protection activities.

95.28 (e) \$375,000 the first year and \$375,000 the
 95.29 second year are for studying the occurrence
 95.30 and magnitude of contaminants in private
 95.31 wells and developing guidance to ensure
 95.32 that new well placement minimizes the
 95.33 potential for risks, in cooperation with the
 95.34 commissioner of agriculture.

96.1 (f) \$105,000 the first year and \$105,000 the
 96.2 second year are for monitoring recreational
 96.3 beaches on Lake Superior for pollutants that
 96.4 may pose a public health risk and mitigating
 96.5 sources of bacterial contamination that are
 96.6 identified.

96.7 (g) \$275,000 the first year and \$75,000
 96.8 the second year are for development
 96.9 and implementation of a groundwater
 96.10 virus monitoring plan, including an
 96.11 epidemiological study to determine the
 96.12 association between groundwater virus
 96.13 concentration and community illness rates.

96.14 (h) \$175,000 the first year and \$175,000 the
 96.15 second year are to prepare a comprehensive
 96.16 study of and recommendations for regulatory
 96.17 and nonregulatory approaches to water reuse
 96.18 for use in the development of state policy for
 96.19 water reuse in Minnesota.

96.20 (i) Unless otherwise specified, the
 96.21 appropriations in this section are available
 96.22 until June 30, 2019.

96.23 Sec. 9. **METROPOLITAN COUNCIL** **\$** **1,500,000** **\$** **1,500,000**

96.24 (a) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
 96.25 the second year are to implement projects
 96.26 that address emerging drinking water supply
 96.27 threats, provide cost-effective regional
 96.28 solutions, leverage interjurisdictional
 96.29 coordination, support local implementation
 96.30 of water supply reliability projects, and
 96.31 prevent degradation of groundwater
 96.32 resources in the metropolitan area. These
 96.33 projects will provide to communities:

97.1 (1) potential solutions to leverage regional
97.2 water use through utilization of surface water,
97.3 storm water, wastewater, and groundwater;
97.4 (2) an analysis of infrastructure requirements
97.5 for different alternatives;
97.6 (3) development of planning level cost
97.7 estimates, including capital cost and
97.8 operation cost;
97.9 (4) identification of funding mechanisms
97.10 and an equitable cost-sharing structure
97.11 for regionally beneficial water supply
97.12 development projects; and
97.13 (5) development of subregional groundwater
97.14 models.

97.15 (b) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000
97.16 the second year are for the water demand
97.17 reduction grant program to encourage
97.18 implementation of water demand reduction
97.19 measures by municipalities in the
97.20 metropolitan area to ensure the reliability and
97.21 protection of drinking water supplies.

97.22 Sec. 10. Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 2, section 6, is amended to read:

97.23	Sec. 6. DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL			
97.24	RESOURCES	\$	12,635,000	\$ 9,450,000

97.25 (a) \$2,000,000 the first year and \$2,000,000
97.26 the second year are for stream flow
97.27 monitoring, including the installation of
97.28 additional monitoring gauges, and monitoring
97.29 necessary to determine the relationship
97.30 between stream flow and groundwater.

97.31 (b) \$1,300,000 the first year and \$1,300,000
97.32 the second year are for lake Index of
97.33 Biological Integrity (IBI) assessments.

- 98.1 (c) \$135,000 the first year and \$135,000
98.2 the second year are for assessing mercury
98.3 ~~contamination~~ and other contaminants of
98.4 fish, including monitoring to track the status
98.5 of waters impaired by mercury and mercury
98.6 reduction efforts over time.
- 98.7 (d) \$1,850,000 the first year and \$1,850,000
98.8 the second year are for developing targeted,
98.9 science-based watershed restoration and
98.10 protection strategies, including regional
98.11 technical assistance for TMDL plans and
98.12 development of a watershed assessment tool,
98.13 in cooperation with the commissioner of the
98.14 Pollution Control Agency. By January 15,
98.15 2016, the commissioner shall submit a report
98.16 to the chairs and ranking minority members
98.17 of the senate and house of representatives
98.18 committees and divisions with jurisdiction
98.19 over environment and natural resources
98.20 policy and finance providing the outcomes
98.21 to lakes, rivers, streams, and groundwater
98.22 achieved with this appropriation and
98.23 recommendations.
- 98.24 (e) \$1,375,000 the first year and \$1,375,000
98.25 the second year are for water supply planning,
98.26 aquifer protection, and monitoring activities.
- 98.27 (f) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
98.28 the second year are for technical assistance
98.29 to support local implementation of nonpoint
98.30 source restoration and protection activities,
98.31 including water quality protection in forested
98.32 watersheds.
- 98.33 (g) \$675,000 the first year and \$675,000
98.34 the second year are for applied research
98.35 and tools, including watershed hydrologic

99.1 modeling; maintaining and updating spatial
99.2 data for watershed boundaries, streams, and
99.3 water bodies and integrating high-resolution
99.4 digital elevation data; assessing effectiveness
99.5 of forestry best management practices for
99.6 water quality; and developing an ecological
99.7 monitoring database.

99.8 (h) \$615,000 the first year and \$615,000
99.9 the second year are for developing county
99.10 geologic atlases.

99.11 (i) \$85,000 the first year is to develop design
99.12 standards and best management practices
99.13 for public water access sites to maintain and
99.14 improve water quality by avoiding shoreline
99.15 erosion and runoff.

99.16 (j) \$3,000,000 the first year is for beginning
99.17 to develop and designate groundwater
99.18 management areas under Minnesota Statutes,
99.19 section 103G.287, subdivision 4. The
99.20 commissioner, in consultation with the
99.21 commissioners of the Pollution Control
99.22 Agency, health, and agriculture, shall
99.23 establish a uniform statewide hydrogeologic
99.24 mapping system that will include designated
99.25 groundwater management areas. The
99.26 mapping system must include wellhead
99.27 protection areas, special well construction
99.28 areas, groundwater provinces, groundwater
99.29 recharge areas, and other designated or
99.30 geographical areas related to groundwater.
99.31 This mapping system shall be used to
99.32 implement all groundwater-related laws
99.33 and for reporting and evaluations. This
99.34 appropriation is available until June 30, 2017.

100.1 (k) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000
100.2 the second year are for ~~grants~~ a grant
100.3 program to help counties and other local
100.4 units of government to adopt and implement
100.5 advanced shoreland protection ~~measures~~
100.6 standards. The grants awarded under this
100.7 paragraph shall be for up to \$100,000 and
100.8 must be used to ~~restore and enhance riparian~~
100.9 ~~areas~~ cover the costs of developing and
100.10 adopting ordinances with advanced shoreland
100.11 protection standards or implementing
100.12 advanced shoreland protection standards to
100.13 protect, enhance, and restore water quality in
100.14 public water lakes, public water wetlands,
100.15 and public water rivers; and streams. Grant
100.16 recipients must submit a report to the
100.17 commissioner on the outcomes achieved
100.18 with the grant. ~~To be eligible for a grant~~
100.19 ~~under this paragraph, a county or other local~~
100.20 ~~unit of government must be adopting or have~~
100.21 ~~adopted an ordinance for the subdivision,~~
100.22 ~~use, redevelopment, and development of~~
100.23 ~~shoreland that has been approved by the~~
100.24 ~~commissioner of natural resources as having~~
100.25 ~~advanced shoreland protection measures. An~~
100.26 ~~ordinance~~ Recipients will be reimbursed for
100.27 eligible costs upon adoption of ordinances
100.28 and completion of implementation activities
100.29 as provided in this paragraph and as
100.30 stipulated in the grant agreement. Ordinances
100.31 adopted under this grant program must be
100.32 approved by the commissioner and meet or
100.33 exceed the following standards:

100.34 (1) requires new sewage treatment systems
100.35 to be set back at least 100 feet from the
100.36 ordinary high water level for recreational

101.1 development lake shorelands and 75 feet for
101.2 general development lake shorelands;
101.3 (2) requires redevelopment and new
101.4 development on shoreland to have at least
101.5 a 50-foot vegetative buffer. An access path
101.6 and recreational use area may be allowed;
101.7 (3) requires mitigation when any variance to
101.8 standards designed to protect public water
101.9 lakes, public water wetlands, and public
101.10 water rivers; and streams is granted;
101.11 (4) requires best management practices to be
101.12 used to control storm water and sediment as
101.13 part of a land alteration;
101.14 (5) includes other ~~criteria~~ standards
101.15 developed by the commissioner; and
101.16 (6) has been adopted by July 1, ~~2015~~ 2017.
101.17 An ordinance that does not exceed all the
101.18 standards in clauses (1) to (5) is considered
101.19 to meet the requirement if the commissioner
101.20 determines that the ordinance provides
101.21 significantly greater protection for both
101.22 public waters and ~~shoreland~~ shorelands than
101.23 those standards. Implementation activities
101.24 funded under this grant program must meet
101.25 the advanced shoreland protection standards
101.26 and criteria described above. Grants awarded
101.27 under this program may not be used to
101.28 reimburse ordinance adoption or shoreland
101.29 protection implementation expenses incurred
101.30 prior to the date of a fully executed grant
101.31 agreement.
101.32 The commissioner of natural resources may
101.33 develop additional criteria for the grants
101.34 awarded under this ~~paragraph~~ program. In

102.1 developing the criteria, the commissioner
102.2 shall consider the proposed changes to
102.3 the department's shoreland rules discussed
102.4 during the rulemaking process authorized
102.5 under Laws 2007, chapter 57, article 1,
102.6 section 4, subdivision 3.

102.7 This appropriation is available until spent.

102.8 (l) \$100,000 the first year is for the
102.9 commissioner of natural resources for
102.10 rulemaking under Minnesota Statutes,
102.11 section 116G.15, subdivision 7.

102.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

102.13 Sec. 11. **CANCELLATION OF PRIOR APPROPRIATIONS.**

102.14 **(a) The unspent balance of the appropriation to the Public Facilities Authority for the**
102.15 **clean water legacy phosphorus reduction grant program under Minnesota Statutes, section**
102.16 **446A.074, in Laws 2009, chapter 172, article 2, section 3, paragraph (b), is canceled.**

102.17 **(b) The unspent balance of the appropriation to the Public Facilities Authority for**
102.18 **the clean water legacy phosphorus reduction grant program under Minnesota Statutes,**
102.19 **section 446A.074, in Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 6, article 2, section 4,**
102.20 **paragraph (b), is canceled.**

102.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

APPENDIX
Article locations in 15-2197

ARTICLE 1	AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS	Page.Ln 1.28
ARTICLE 2	AGRICULTURE POLICY	Page.Ln 10.24
	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES	
ARTICLE 3	APPROPRIATIONS	Page.Ln 40.18
	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES STATUTORY	
ARTICLE 4	CHANGES	Page.Ln 62.14
ARTICLE 5	PARKS AND TRAILS FUND	Page.Ln 77.9
ARTICLE 6	CLEAN WATER FUND	Page.Ln 80.17

No active language found for: 17.115

28A.08 LICENSE FEES; PENALTIES.
Subd. 3. Fees effective July 1, 2003.

Type of food handler	Penalties		
	License Fee Effective July 1, 2003	Late Renewal	NoLicense
1. Retail food handler			
(a) Having gross sales of only prepackaged nonperishable food of less than \$15,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year and filing a statement with the commissioner	\$ 50	\$ 17	\$ 33
(b) Having under \$15,000 gross sales or service including food preparation or having \$15,000 to \$50,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 77	\$ 25	\$ 51
(c) Having \$50,001 to \$250,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$155	\$ 51	\$102
(d) Having \$250,001 to \$1,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$276	\$ 91	\$182
(e) Having \$1,000,001 to \$5,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$799	\$264	\$527
(f) Having \$5,000,001 to \$10,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,162	\$383	\$767
(g) Having \$10,000,001 to \$15,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,376	\$454	\$908
(h) Having \$15,000,001 to \$20,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,607	\$530	\$1,061
(i) Having \$20,000,001 to \$25,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,847	\$610	\$1,219
(j) Having over \$25,000,001 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$2,001	\$660	\$1,321
2. Wholesale food handler			
(a) Having gross sales or service of less than \$25,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$ 57	\$ 19	\$ 38
(b) Having \$25,001 to \$250,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$284	\$ 94	\$187
(c) Having \$250,001 to \$1,000,000 gross sales or service from a mobile unit without a separate food facility for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$444	\$147	\$293

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(d) Having \$250,001 to \$1,000,000 gross sales or service not covered under paragraph (c) for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$590	\$195	\$389
(e) Having \$1,000,001 to \$5,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$769	\$254	\$508
(f) Having \$5,000,001 to \$10,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$920	\$304	\$607
(g) Having \$10,000,001 to \$15,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$990	\$327	\$653
(h) Having \$15,000,001 to \$20,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,156	\$381	\$763
(i) Having \$20,000,001 to \$25,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,329	\$439	\$877
(j) Having over \$25,000,001 or more gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,502	\$496	\$991
3. Food broker	\$150	\$ 50	\$ 99
4. Wholesale food processor or manufacturer			
(a) Having gross sales or service of less than \$125,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$169	\$ 56	\$112
(b) Having \$125,001 to \$250,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$392	\$129	\$259
(c) Having \$250,001 to \$1,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$590	\$195	\$389
(d) Having \$1,000,001 to \$5,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$769	\$254	\$508
(e) Having \$5,000,001 to \$10,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$920	\$304	\$607
(f) Having \$10,000,001 to \$15,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,377	\$454	\$909
(g) Having \$15,000,001 to \$20,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,608	\$531	\$1,061
(h) Having \$20,000,001 to \$25,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,849	\$610	\$1,220
(i) Having \$25,000,001 to \$50,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$2,090	\$690	\$1,379
(j) Having \$50,000,001 to \$100,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$2,330	\$769	\$1,538

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(k) Having \$100,000,000 or more gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$2,571	\$848	\$1,697
5. Wholesale food processor of meat or poultry products under supervision of the U.S. Department of Agriculture			
(a) Having gross sales or service of less than \$125,000 for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$112	\$ 37	\$ 74
(b) Having \$125,001 to \$250,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$214	\$ 71	\$141
(c) Having \$250,001 to \$1,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$333	\$110	\$220
(d) Having \$1,000,001 to \$5,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$425	\$140	\$281
(e) Having \$5,000,001 to \$10,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$521	\$172	\$344
(f) Having over \$10,000,001 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$765	\$252	\$505
(g) Having \$15,000,001 to \$20,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$893	\$295	\$589
(h) Having \$20,000,001 to \$25,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,027	\$339	\$678
(i) Having \$25,000,001 to \$50,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,161	\$383	\$766
(j) Having \$50,000,001 to \$100,000,000 gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,295	\$427	\$855
(k) Having \$100,000,001 or more gross sales or service for the immediately previous license or fiscal year	\$1,428	\$471	\$942
6. Wholesale food processor or manufacturer operating only at the State Fair	\$125	\$ 40	\$ 50
7. Wholesale food manufacturer having the permission of the commissioner to use the name Minnesota Farmstead cheese	\$ 30	\$ 10	\$ 15
8. Wholesale food manufacturer processing less than 700,000 pounds per year of raw milk	\$ 30	\$ 10	\$ 15
9. A milk marketing organization without facilities for processing or manufacturing that purchases milk from milk producers for delivery to a licensed wholesale food processor or manufacturer	\$ 50	\$ 15	\$ 25

41A.12 AGRICULTURAL GROWTH, RESEARCH, AND INNOVATION PROGRAM.

Subd. 4. **Sunset.** This section expires on June 30, 2025.

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No active language found for: 84.68