CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. No. 729

1.1

#### A bill for an act 1.2 relating to state government; appropriating money for jobs and economic 13 development, commerce and consumer protection, and housing; making 1.4 changes to labor and industry provisions; modifying and providing for 1.5 certain fees; modifying employment, economic development, and workforce 1.6 development provisions; making unemployment insurance changes; reducing 1.7 the unemployment insurance tax; establishing notice for contracts for deed 1.8 involving residential property; providing remedies; establishing the Office of 1.9 Broadband Development in the Department of Commerce and assigning it duties; 1.10 requiring the Department of Transportation to post a database on its Web site; 1.11 appropriating money to various boards, departments, and the Housing Finance 1.12 Agency; requiring reports; amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 60A.14, 1.13 subdivision 1; 116J.70, subdivision 2a; 116J.8731, subdivisions 2, 3, 8, 9; 1.14 116L.17, subdivision 4, by adding a subdivision; 116U.26; 136F.37; 154.001, by 1.15 adding a subdivision; 154.003; 154.02; 154.05; 154.06; 154.065, subdivision 2; 1.16 154.07, subdivision 1; 154.08; 154.09; 154.10, subdivision 1; 154.11, subdivision 117 1; 154.12; 154.14; 154.15, subdivision 2; 154.26; 155A.23, subdivisions 3, 8, 11; 1.18 155A.25, subdivisions 1a, 4; 155A.27, subdivisions 4, 10; 155A.29, subdivision 1.19 2; 155A.30, by adding a subdivision; 177.27, subdivision 4; 237.012, subdivision 1.20 3; 239.101, subdivision 3; 245.4712, subdivision 1; 268.051, subdivision 5; 1.21 268.07, subdivision 3b; 268.125, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5; 268.136, subdivisions 1.22 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, by adding a subdivision; 268.199; 268.23; 268A.13; 268A.14, 1.23 subdivision 1; 326.02, subdivision 5; 326A.04, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 7; 326A.10; 1.24 326B.081, subdivision 3; 326B.082, subdivision 11; 326B.093, subdivision 4; 1.25 326B.101; 326B.103, subdivision 11; 326B.121, subdivision 1; 326B.163, by 1 26 adding subdivisions; 326B.184, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a subdivision; 1.27 1.28 326B.187; 326B.31, by adding a subdivision; 326B.33, subdivisions 19, 21; 326B.36, subdivision 7; 326B.37, by adding a subdivision; 326B.43, subdivision 1.29 2; 326B.49, subdivisions 2, 3; 326B.89, subdivision 1; 327B.04, subdivision 1.30 4; 341.21, subdivision 3a; 341.221; 341.27; 341.29; 341.30, subdivision 4; 1.31 341.32, subdivision 2; 341.321; 507.235, subdivision 2; 559.211, subdivision 1.32 2; Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 2, article 2, section 3, subdivision 1 33 4; Laws 2012, chapter 201, article 1, section 3; proposing coding for new law 1.34 in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 116J; 116L; 154; 155A; 161; 179; 237; 268; 1.35 326B; 383D; 559; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 1.36 80G; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 116W.01; 116W.02; 116W.03; 1 37 116W.035; 116W.04; 116W.05; 116W.06; 116W.20; 116W.21; 116W.23; 1.38 116W.24; 116W.25; 116W.26; 116W.27; 116W.28; 116W.29; 116W.30; 116W.31; 1.39 116W.32; 116W.33; 116W.34; 155A.25, subdivision 1; 326A.03, subdivisions 1 40 2, 5, 8; 326B.31, subdivisions 18, 19, 22; 326B.978, subdivision 4; 507.235, 1.41 subdivision 4; Minnesota Rules, parts 1105.0600; 1105.2550; 1105.2700; 1.42

1.43	1307.0032	; 3800.3520.	subpart 5	, items C, I	D; 3800.3602.	subpart 2, in	tem B.

2.1 2.2 2.3	The Honorable Paul Thissen Speaker of the House of Rep		atives		May 15, 2013
2.4 2.5	The Honorable Sandra L. Pa President of the Senate	ppas			
2.6 2.7	We, the undersigned co items in dispute and recomm			report that we have a	agreed upon the
2.8 2.9	That the Senate recede amended as follows:	from	its amendments and	that H. F. No. 729	be further
2.10	Delete everything after	the er	nacting clause and ir	nsert:	
2.11			"ARTICLE 1		
2.12		A	APPROPRIATION	S	
2.13	Section 1. JOBS AND ECO	NOM	IC DEVELOPME	NT APPROPRIAT	IONS.
2.14	The amounts shown in	this se	ection summarize di	rect appropriations,	by fund, made
2.15	in this article.				<b></b>
2.16			2014	2015	Total
2.10	General	<u>\$</u>	197,787,000 \$	170,068,000 \$	367,855,000
2.18	Workforce Development	<u> </u>	21,469,000	20,951,000	42,420,000
2.10	Remediation		700,000	700,000	1,400,000
2.20	Workers' Compensation		23,535,000	23,325,000	46,860,000
2.21	Special Revenue		940,000	1,240,000	2,180,000
2.22	Petroleum Tank Release		1,052,000	1,052,000	2,104,000
2.23	Total	<u>\$</u>	245,483,000 \$	<u>217,336,000</u> <u>\$</u>	462,819,000
2.24	Sec. 2. JOBS AND ECON			_	
2.25	The sums shown in the	colun	nns marked "Approp	priations" are approp	briated to the
2.26	agencies and for the purpose	s spec	ified in this article.	The appropriations a	are from the
2.27	general fund, or another nam	ned fur	nd, and are available	e for the fiscal years	indicated
2.28	for each purpose. The figure	s "201	4" and "2015" used	in this article mean	that the
2.29	appropriations listed under th	nem ar	e available for the fi	scal year ending Jun	ne 30, 2014, or
2.30	June 30, 2015, respectively.	'The f	irst year" is fiscal ye	ar 2014. "The secon	d year" is fiscal
2.31	year 2015. "The biennium" i	s fisca	ll years 2014 and 20	<u>15.</u>	
2.32 2.33 2.34 2.35				<u>APPROPRIAT</u> <u>Available for th</u> <u>Ending June</u> 2014	e Year

## 2.36 Sec. 3. **DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT**

### 2.37 AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

3.1	Subdivision 1. Total Ap	propriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>107,134,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>97,364,000</u>	
3.2	Appropriat	ions by Fund				
3.3		2014	<u>2015</u>			
3.4	General	85,994,000	76,742,000			
3.5	Remediation	700,000	700,000			
3.6 3.7	Workforce Development	20,440,000	19,922,000			
5.7		20,110,000	17,722,000			
3.8	The amounts that may be	e spent for each	<u>h</u>			
3.9	purpose are specified in	the following				
3.10	subdivisions.					
3.11	Subd. 2. Business and	Community				
3.12	Development			53,642,000	45,407,000	
3.13	Appropriat	ions by Fund				
3.14	General	52,942,000	44,707,000			
3.15	Remediation	700,000	700,000			
3.16	(a)(1) \$15,000,000 each	year is for				
3.17	the Minnesota investmer	nt fund under				
3.18	Minnesota Statutes, secti	on 116J.8731.	This			
3.19	appropriation is available	e until spent.				
3.20	(2) Of the amount availa	ble under claus	se			
3.21	(1), up to \$3,000,000 in	(1), up to \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2014				
3.22	is for a loan to facilitate	initial investme	ent			
3.23	in the purchase and open	ration of a				
3.24	biopharmaceutical manu	facturing facili	<u>ty.</u>			
3.25	This loan is not subject to	the loan limita	ations			
3.26	under Minnesota Statutes	s, section 116J.	8731,			
3.27	and shall be forgiven by	the commissio	ner			
3.28	of employment and econ	omic developn	nent			
3.29	upon verification of meet	ting performan	ce			
3.30	goals. Purchases related	to and for the				
3.31	purposes of this loan awa	ard must be ma	nde			
3.32	between January 1, 2013	, and June 30, 2	2015.			
3.33	The amount under this cl	lause is availab	ble			
3.34	until expended.					

4.1	(3) Of the amount available under clause (1),
4.2	up to \$2,000,000 is available for subsequent
4.3	investment in the biopharmaceutical facility
4.4	project in clause (2). The amount under this
4.5	clause is available until expended. Loan
4.6	thresholds under clause (2) must be achieved
4.7	and maintained to receive funding. Loans
4.8	are not subject to the loan limitations under
4.9	Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.8731, and
4.10	shall be forgiven by the commissioner of
4.11	employment and economic development
4.12	upon verification of meeting performance
4.13	goals. Purchases related to and for the
4.14	purposes of loan awards must be made during
4.15	the biennium the loan was received.
4.16	(4) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary,
4.17	the biopharmaceutical manufacturing facility
4.18	in this paragraph shall be deemed eligible
4.19	for the Minnesota job creation fund under
4.20	Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.8748,
4.21	by having at least \$25,000,000 in capital
4.22	investment and 190 retained employees.
4.23	(5) For purposes of clauses (1) to (4),
4.24	"biopharmaceutical" and "biologics" are
4.25	interchangeable and mean medical drugs
4.26	or medicinal preparations produced using
4.27	technology that uses biological systems,
4.28	living organisms, or derivatives of living
4.29	organisms, to make or modify products or
4.30	processes for specific use. The medical drugs
4.31	or medicinal preparations include but are not
4.32	limited to proteins, antibodies, nucleic acids,
4.33	and vaccines.
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4.34	(b) \$12,000,000 each year is for the

4.35 Minnesota job creation fund under Minnesota

5.1	Statutes, section 116J.8748. Of this amount,
5.2	the commissioner of employment and
5.3	economic development may use up to three
5.4	percent for administrative expenses. This
5.5	appropriation is available until spent. The
5.6	base funding for this program shall be
5.7	\$12,500,000 each year in the fiscal year
5.8	<u>2016-2017 biennium.</u>
5.9	(c) \$1,272,000 each year is from the
5.10	general fund for contaminated site cleanup
5.11	and development grants under Minnesota
5.12	Statutes, sections 116J.551 to 116J.558. This
5.13	appropriation is available until expended.
5.14	(d) \$700,000 each year is from the
5.15	remediation fund for contaminated site
5.16	cleanup and development grants under
5.17	Minnesota Statutes, sections 116J.551 to
5.18	116J.558. This appropriation is available
5.19	until expended.
5.20	(e) \$1,425,000 the first year and \$1,425,000
5.21	the second year are from the general fund for
5.22	the business development competitive grant
5.23	program. Of this amount, up to five percent
5.24	is for administration and monitoring of the
5.25	business development competitive grant
5.26	program. All grant awards shall be for two
5.27	consecutive years. Grants shall be awarded
5.28	in the first year.
5.29	(f) \$4,195,000 each year is from the general
5.30	fund for the Minnesota job skills partnership
5.31	program under Minnesota Statutes, sections
5.32	116L.01 to 116L.17. If the appropriation for
5.33	either year is insufficient, the appropriation
5.34	for the other year is available. This
5.35	appropriation is available until spent.

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6.1	(g) \$6,000,000 the first year is from the
6.2	general fund for the redevelopment program
6.3	under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.571.
6.4	This is a onetime appropriation and is
6.5	available until spent.
6.6	(h) \$12,000 each year is from the general
6.7	fund for a grant to the Upper Minnesota Film
6.8	Office.
6.9	(i) \$325,000 each year is from the general
6.10	fund for the Minnesota Film and TV Board.
6.11	The appropriation in each year is available
6.12	only upon receipt by the board of \$1 in
6.13	matching contributions of money or in-kind
6.14	contributions from nonstate sources for every
6.15	\$3 provided by this appropriation, except that
6.16	each year up to \$50,000 is available on July
6.17	1 even if the required matching contribution
6.18	has not been received by that date.
6.19	(j) \$100,000 each year is for a grant to the
6.20	Northern Lights International Music Festival.
	(1) \$5,000,000 and wear is from the convert
6.21	(k) \$5,000,000 each year is from the general
6.22	fund for a grant to the Minnesota Film
6.23	and TV Board for the film production jobs
6.24	program under Minnesota Statutes, section
6.25	116U.26. This appropriation is available
6.26	until expended. The base funding for this
6.27	program shall be \$1,500,000 each year in the
6.28	fiscal year 2016-2017 biennium.
	(1) <b>(1)</b> (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
6.29	(1) \$375,000 each year is from the general
6.30	fund for a grant to Enterprise Minnesota, Inc.,
6.31	for the small business growth acceleration
6.32	program under Minnesota Statutes, section

6.33 <u>116O.115. This is a onetime appropriation.</u>

- (m) \$160,000 each year is from the general 7.1 7.2 fund for a grant to develop and implement a southern and southwestern Minnesota 7.3 initiative foundation collaborative pilot 7.4 project. Funds available under this paragraph 7.5 must be used to support and develop 7.6 7.7 entrepreneurs in diverse populations in southern and southwestern Minnesota. This 7.8 is a onetime appropriation and is available 7.9 until expended. 7.10 7.11 (n) \$100,000 each year is from the general fund for the Center for Rural Policy 7.12 and Development. This is a onetime 7.13 7.14 appropriation. (o) \$250,000 each year is from the general 7.15 fund for the Broadband Development Office. 7.16 (p) \$250,000 the first year is from the 7.17 general fund for a onetime grant to the St. 7.18 7.19 Paul Planning and Economic Development Department for neighborhood stabilization 7.20 use in NSP3. 7.21 (q) \$1,235,000 the first year is from the 7.22 7.23 general fund for a onetime grant to a city of the second class that is designated as an 7.24 economically depressed area by the United 7.25 States Department of Commerce. The 7.26 appropriation is for economic development, 7.27 redevelopment, and job creation programs 7.28 7.29 and projects. This appropriation is available until expended. 7.30 (r) \$875,000 each year is from the general 7.31 fund for the Host Community Economic 7.32 Development Program established in 7.33
- 7.34 <u>Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.548.</u>

8.1	(s) \$750,000 the first year is from the general		
8.2	fund for a onetime grant to the city of Morris		
8.3	for loans or grants to agricultural processing		
8.4	facilities for energy efficiency improvements.		
8.5	Funds available under this section shall be		
8.6	used to increase conservation and promote		
8.7	energy efficiency through retrofitting existing		
8.8	systems and installing new systems to		
8.9	recover waste heat from industrial processes		
8.10	and reuse energy. This appropriation is not		
8.11	available until the commissioner determines		
8.12	that at least \$1,250,000 is committed to		
8.13	the project from nonpublic sources. This		
8.14	appropriation is available until expended.		
8.15	Subd. 3. Workforce Development	16,386,000	14,881,000
8.16	Appropriations by Fund		
8.17	General 2,776,000 1,789,000		
8.18	Workforce		
8.19	<u>Development</u> <u>13,610,000</u> <u>13,092,000</u>		
8.20	(a) \$1,039,000 each year from the general		
8.21	fund and \$2,244,000 each year from the		
8.22	workforce development fund are for the adult		
8.23	workforce development competitive grant		
8.24	program. Of this amount, up to five percent		
8.25	is for administration and monitoring of the		
8.26	adult workforce development competitive		
8.27	grant program. All grant awards shall be		
8.28	for two consecutive years. Grants shall be		
8.29	awarded in the first year.		
8.30	(b) \$3,500,000 each year is from the		
8.31	workforce development fund for the		
8.32	Minnesota youth program under Minnesota		
8.33	Statutes, sections 116L.56 and 116L.561.		
0.24	(a) $\$1,000,000$ and year is from the		
8.34	(c) \$1,000,000 each year is from the		
8.35	workforce development fund and \$250,000		

9.1	each year is from the general fund for
9.2	the youthbuild program under Minnesota
9.3	Statutes, sections 116L.361 to 116L.366. Of
9.4	this appropriation and notwithstanding any
9.5	law to the contrary, \$250,000 each year is for
9.6	the Little Earth youthbuild program and is
9.7	available until expended. The appropriation
9.8	from the general fund and the appropriation to
9.9	Little Earth youthbuild program are onetime.
9.10	(d) \$200,000 each year is from the workforce
9.11	development fund for a grant to Minnesota
9.12	Diversified Industries, Inc., to provide
9.13	progressive development and employment
9.14	opportunities for people with disabilities.
9.15	(e) \$2,848,000 each year is from the
9.16	workforce development fund for the youth
9.17	workforce development competitive grant
9.18	program. Of this amount, up to five percent
9.19	is for administration and monitoring of the
9.20	youth workforce development competitive
9.21	grant program. All grant awards shall be
9.22	for two consecutive years. Grants shall be
9.23	awarded in the first year.
0.24	(f) \$1,500,000 each wear is from the
9.24	(f) \$1,500,000 each year is from the
9.25	workforce development fund for a grant
9.26	to FastTRAC - Minnesota Adult Careers
9.27	Pathways Program. Up to ten percent
9.28	of this appropriation may be used to
9.29	provide leadership, oversight, and technical
9.30	assistance services for low-skilled,
9.31	low-income adults.
9.32	(g) \$987,000 in fiscal year 2014 is a onetime
9.33	appropriation from the general fund for

9.34 <u>the pilot customized training program for</u>

Article1 Sec. 3.

10.1	manufacturing industries under article 3. Of
10.2	this amount:
10.3	(1) \$240,000 is for the commissioner for
10.4	coordination, oversight, and reporting
10.5	responsibilities related to the customized
10.6	training program;
10.7	(2) \$187,000 is for a grant to Alexandria
10.8	Technical College for the customized training
10.9	center;
10.10	(3) \$380,000 is for a grant to Century College
10.11	for the purposes of this paragraph;
10.12	(4) \$90,000 is for Hennepin Technical
10.13	College for the purposes of this paragraph;
10.14	and
10.15	(5) \$90,000 is for Central Lakes College for
10.16	the purposes of this paragraph.
10.17	(h) \$425,000 the first year and \$425,000
10.18	the second year are from the workforce
10.19	development fund for a grant to the
10.20	Minnesota High Tech Association to support
10.21	SciTechsperience, a program that supports
10.22	science, technology, engineering, and math
10.23	(STEM) internship opportunities for two-
10.24	and four-year college and university students
10.25	in their field of study. The internship
10.26	opportunities must match students with
10.27	paid internships within STEM disciplines
10.28	at small, for-profit companies located in the
10.29	seven-county metropolitan area, with fewer
10.30	than 150 total employees, or at small or
10.31	medium, for-profit companies located outside
10.32	of the seven-county metropolitan area, with
10.33	fewer than 250 total employees. At least 100

10.34 students must be matched in the first year

and at least 125 students must be matched in 11.1 11.2 the second year. Selected hiring companies shall receive from the grant 50 percent of the 11.3 wages paid to the intern, capped at \$2,500 11.4 per intern. The program must work toward 11.5 increasing the participation among women 11.6 11.7 or other underserved populations. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until 11.8 11.9 expended. (i) \$500,000 each year is from the workforce 11.10 11.11 development fund for the Opportunities Industrialization Center programs. This 11.12 appropriation shall be divided equally among 11.13 11.14 the eligible centers. 11.15 (j) \$450,000 the first year is from the 11.16 workforce development fund for the foreign-trained health care professionals 11.17 grant program modeled after the pilot 11.18 program conducted under Laws 2006, 11.19 chapter 282, article 11, section 2, subdivision 11.20 11.21 12, to encourage state licensure of foreign-trained health care professionals, 11.22 11.23 including: physicians, with preference given 11.24 to primary care physicians who commit to practicing for at least five years after 11.25 licensure in underserved areas of the state; 11.26 11.27 nurses; dentists; pharmacists; mental health professionals; and other allied health care 11.28 professionals. The commissioner must 11.29 collaborate with health-related licensing 11.30 boards and Minnesota workforce centers to 11.31 11.32 award grants to foreign-trained health care professionals sufficient to cover the actual 11.33 costs of taking a course to prepare health 11.34 care professionals for required licensing 11.35 examinations and the fee for the state 11.36

- 12.1 licensing examinations. When awarding
- 12.2 grants, the commissioner must consider the
- 12.3 <u>following factors:</u>
- 12.4 (1) whether the recipient's training involves
- 12.5 <u>a medical specialty that is in high demand in</u>
- 12.6 <u>one or more communities in the state;</u>
- 12.7 (2) whether the recipient commits to
- 12.8 practicing in a designated rural area or an
- 12.9 <u>underserved urban community, as defined in</u>
- 12.10 Minnesota Statutes, section 144.1501;
- 12.11 (3) whether the recipient's language skills
- 12.12 provide an opportunity for needed health care
- 12.13 access for underserved Minnesotans; and
- 12.14 (4) any additional criteria established
- 12.15 by the commissioner. This is a onetime
- 12.16 <u>appropriation and is available until expended.</u>
- 12.17 (k) \$68,000 the first year from the workforce
- 12.18 development fund is for a grant to Olmsted
- 12.19 County for employment supports and
- 12.20 independent living services to county
- 12.21 residents diagnosed with high-functioning
- 12.22 autism, Asperger's syndrome, nonverbal
- 12.23 learning disorders, and pervasive
- 12.24 <u>development disorder, not otherwise</u>
- 12.25 specified, and for education, outreach,
- 12.26 and support services to area employers
- 12.27 to encourage the hiring and promotion
- 12.28 of workers with high-functioning autism,
- 12.29 Asperger's syndrome, nonverbal learning
- 12.30 disorders, and pervasive development
- 12.31 disorder, not otherwise specified. This is a
- 12.32 <u>onetime appropriation and is available until</u>

12.33 <u>expended.</u>

- 13.1 (1) \$750,000 each year is from the workforce
- 13.2 development fund for a grant to the
- 13.3 <u>Minnesota Alliance of Boys and Girls</u>
- 13.4 <u>Clubs to administer a statewide project</u>
- 13.5 of youth jobs skills development. This
- 13.6 project, which may have career guidance
- 13.7 <u>components, including health and life skills,</u>
- 13.8 is to encourage, train, and assist youth in
- 13.9 job-seeking skills, workplace orientation,
- 13.10 and job-site knowledge through coaching.
- 13.11 This grant requires a 25 percent match from
- 13.12 <u>nonstate resources.</u>
- 13.13 (m) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
- 13.14 second year are appropriated from the general
- 13.15 <u>fund for the publication, dissemination,</u>
- 13.16 and use of labor market information under
- 13.17 Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.4011, and
- 13.18 for pilot programs in the workforce service
- 13.19 areas specified in this act, to combine career
- 13.20 and higher education advising.
- 13.21 (n) \$125,000 each year is from the workforce
- 13.22 development fund for a grant to Big
- 13.23 Brothers, Big Sisters of the Greater Twin
- 13.24 <u>Cities for workforce readiness, employment</u>
- 13.25 <u>exploration, and skills development for</u>
- 13.26 youth ages 12 to 21. The grant must serve
- 13.27 youth in the Twin Cities, Central Minnesota
- 13.28 and Southern Minnesota Big Brothers, Big
- 13.29 <u>Sisters chapters.</u>
- 13.30 Subd. 4. General Support Services
  - 1,168,000

2,322,000

1,168,000

2,292,000

- 13.31 <u>\$150,000 each year is from the general fund</u>
- 13.32 for the cost-of-living study required under
- 13.33 <u>Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.013.</u>

#### 13.34 Subd. 5. Minnesota Trade Office

- (a) \$330,000 in fiscal year 2014 and \$300,000 14.1 14.2 in fiscal year 2015 are for the STEP grants in Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.979. Of 14.3 the fiscal year 2014 appropriation, \$30,000 14.4 is for establishing trade, export, and cultural 14.5 exchange relations between the state of 14.6 Minnesota and east African nations. 14.7 14.8 (b) \$180,000 in fiscal year 2014 and \$180,000 in fiscal year 2015 are for the Invest 14.9 Minnesota marketing initiative in Minnesota 14.10 Statutes, section 116J.9801. Notwithstanding 14.11 any other law, this provision does not expire. 14.12 (c) \$270,000 each year is from the general 14.13 14.14 fund for the expansion of Minnesota Trade Offices under Minnesota Statutes, section 14.15 14.16 116J.978. 14.17 (d) \$50,000 each year is from the general 14.18 fund for the trade policy advisory group under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.9661. 14.19 (e) The commissioner of employment and 14.20 14.21 economic development, in consultation with the commissioner of agriculture, shall 14.22 identify and increase export opportunities for 14.23 14.24 Minnesota agricultural products. Subd. 6. Vocational Rehabilitation 27,691,000 14.25 Appropriations by Fund 14.26 14.27 General 20,861,000 20,861,000 14.28 Workforce 14.29 Development 6,830,000 6,830,000 (a) \$10,800,000 each year is from the general 14.30 14.31 fund for the state's vocational rehabilitation
  - 14.32 program under Minnesota Statutes, chapter
  - 14.33 <u>268A.</u>

27,691,000

- (b) \$2,261,000 each year is from the general 15.1 15.2 fund for grants to centers for independent living under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.3 15.4 268A.11. (c) \$5,745,000 each year from the general 15.5 15.6 fund and \$6,830,000 each year from the workforce development fund is for extended 15.7 employment services for persons with 15.8 severe disabilities under Minnesota Statutes, 15.9 section 268A.15. The allocation of extended 15.10 employment funds to Courage Center from 15.11 July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2013 must be 15.12 contracted to Allina Health systems from 15.13 15.14 July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014 to provide extended employment services in accordance 15.15 15.16 with Minnesota Rules, parts 3300.2005 to 3300.2055. 15.17 15.18 (d) \$2,055,000 each year is from the general fund for grants to programs that provide 15.19 employment support services to persons with 15.20 15.21 mental illness under Minnesota Statutes, sections 268A.13 and 268A.14. The base 15.22 appropriation for this program is \$1,555,000 15.23 each year in the fiscal year 2016-2017 15.24 biennium. 15.25 15.26 Subd. 7. Services for the Blind 5,925,000 Sec. 4. HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY 15.27 15.28 Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation \$ 58,748,000 \$ The amounts that may be spent for each 15.29 purpose are specified in the following 15.30 subdivisions. 15.31 Unless otherwise specified, this appropriation 15.32
- 15.33 is for transfer to the housing development
- 15.34 <u>fund for the programs specified in this</u>

5,925,000

42,748,000

19,203,000

9,203,000

- 16.1 <u>section</u>. Except as otherwise indicated, this
- 16.2 transfer is part of the agency's permanent
- 16.3 <u>budget base</u>.
- 16.4 Subd. 2. Challenge Program
- 16.5 (a) This appropriation is for the economic
- 16.6 development and housing challenge program
- 16.7 under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.33.
- 16.8 <u>The agency must continue to strengthen its</u>
- 16.9 <u>efforts to address the disparity rate between</u>
- 16.10 white households and indigenous American
- 16.11 Indians and communities of color. Of this
- 16.12 amount, \$1,208,000 each year shall be made
- 16.13 available during the first 11 months of the
- 16.14 <u>fiscal year exclusively for housing projects</u>
- 16.15 for American Indians. Any funds not
- 16.16 committed to housing projects for American
- 16.17 Indians in the first 11 months of the fiscal year
- 16.18 <u>shall be available for any eligible activity</u>
- 16.19 <u>under Minnesota Statues, section 462A.33.</u>
- 16.20 (b) Of this amount, \$10,000,000 is a onetime
- 16.21 appropriation and is targeted for housing in
- 16.22 <u>communities and regions that have:</u>
- 16.23 (1)(i) low housing vacancy rates; and
- 16.24 (ii) cooperatively developed a plan that
- 16.25 identifies current and future housing needs;
- 16.26 <u>and</u>
- 16.27 (2)(i) experienced job growth since 2005 and
- 16.28 have at least 2,000 jobs within the commuter
- 16.29 <u>shed;</u>
- 16.30 (ii) evidence of anticipated job expansion; or
- 16.31 (iii) a significant portion of area employees
- 16.32 who commute more than 30 miles between
- 16.33 <u>their residence and their employment.</u>

13,276,000

10,276,000

17.1	(c) Priority shall be given to programs and
17.2	projects that are land trust programs and
17.3	programs that work in coordination with a
17.4	land trust program.
17.5	(d) The base funding for this program in the
17.6	2016-2017 biennium is \$12,925,000 each
17.7	year.
17.8	Subd. 3. Housing Trust Fund
17.9	(a) This appropriation is for deposit in the
17.10	housing trust fund account created under
17.11	Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.201, and
17.12	may be used for the purposes provided in
17.13	that section. To the extent that these funds
17.14	are used for the acquisition of housing, the
17.15	agency shall give priority among comparable
17.16	projects to projects that focus on creating
17.17	safe and stable housing for homeless youth
17.18	or projects that provide housing to trafficked
17.19	women and children.
17.20	(b) \$2,000,000 in the first year is a onetime
17.21	appropriation for temporary rental assistance
17.22	for families with school-age children who
17.23	have changed school or home at least
17.24	once in the last school year. The agency,
17.25	in consultation with the Department of
17.26	Education, may establish additional targeting
17.27	criteria.
17.28	(c) Of this amount, \$500,000 the first year
17.29	is a onetime appropriation for temporary
17.30	rental assistance for adults who are in
17.31	the process of being released from state
17.32	correctional facilities or on supervised
17.33	release in the community who are homeless
17.34	or at risk of becoming homeless. The
17.35	agency, in consultation with the Department

18.1	of Corrections, may establish additional		
18.2	targeting criteria to identify those adults		
18.3	most at risk of reentering state correctional		
18.4	facilities.		
18.5	(d) Of this amount, \$500,000 the first year		
18.6	is a onetime appropriation for a grant to the		
18.7	nonprofit organization selected to administer		
18.8	the state demonstration project for high-risk		
18.9	adults established under Laws 2007, chapter		
18.10	54, article 1, section 19.		
18.11	(e) The base funding for this program in		
18.12	fiscal years 2016 and 2017 is \$11,471,000		
18.13	each year.		
18.14	Subd. 4. Rental Assistance for Mentally III	2,838,000	2,838,000
18.15	This appropriation is for the rental housing		
18.16	assistance program under Minnesota		
18.17	Statutes, section 462A.2097.		
18.18	Subd. 5. Family Homeless Prevention	7,862,000	7,862,000
18.19	This appropriation is for the family homeless		
18.20	prevention and assistance programs under		
18.21	Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.204.		
18.22	The base funding for this program in the		
18.23	2016-2017 biennium is \$8,519,000 each year.		
18.24	Subd. 6. Home Ownership Assistance Fund	830,000	830,000
18.25	This appropriation is for the home ownership		
18.26	assistance program under Minnesota		
18.27	Statutes, section 462A.21, subdivision 8.		
18.28	The agency shall continue to strengthen		
18.29	its efforts to address the disparity gap in		
18.30	the homeownership rate between white		
18.31	households and indigenous American Indians		
18.32	and communities of color.		

19.2       years 2016 and 2017 is \$885,000 each year.         19.3       Subd. 7. Affordable Rental Investment Fund       4,218,000	<u>)0</u>
19.3Subd. 7.Affordable Rental Investment Fund4,218,0004,218,000	00
19.4 (a) This appropriation is for the affordable	
19.5 rental investment fund program under	
19.6 Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.21,	
19.7 <u>subdivision 8b, to finance the acquisition,</u>	
19.8 rehabilitation, and debt restructuring of	
19.9 <u>federally assisted rental property and</u>	
19.10 for making equity take-out loans under	
19.11 Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.05,	
19.12 <u>subdivision 39.</u>	
19.13 (b) The owner of federally assisted rental	
19.14 property must agree to participate in	
19.15 the applicable federally assisted housing	
19.16 program and to extend any existing	
19.17 <u>low-income affordability restrictions on the</u>	
19.18 housing for the maximum term permitted.	
19.19 The owner must also enter into an agreement	
19.20 that gives local units of government,	
19.21 <u>housing and redevelopment authorities</u> ,	
19.22 and nonprofit housing organizations the	
19.23 right of first refusal if the rental property	
19.24 is offered for sale. Priority must be given	
19.25 <u>among comparable federally assisted rental</u>	
19.26 properties to properties with the longest	
19.27 remaining term under an agreement for	
19.28 <u>federal assistance</u> . Priority must also be	
19.29 given among comparable rental housing	
19.30 developments to developments that are or	
19.31 will be owned by local government units, a	
19.32 housing and redevelopment authority, or a	
19.33 <u>nonprofit housing organization.</u>	
19.34 (c) The appropriation also may be used to	
19.35 <u>finance the acquisition, rehabilitation, and</u>	

20.1	debt restructuring of existing supportive		
20.2	housing properties. For purposes of this		
20.3	subdivision, "supportive housing" means		
20.4	affordable rental housing with links to		
20.5	services necessary for individuals, youth, and		
20.6	families with children to maintain housing		
20.7	stability.		
20.8	Subd. 8. Housing Rehabilitation	2,772,000	2,772,000
20.9	This appropriation is for housing assistance		
20.10	for the rehabilitation of single-family homes		
20.11	under the housing rehabilitation program		
20.12	under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.05,		
20.13	subdivision 14.		
20.14 20.15	Subd. 9. Homeownership Education, Counseling, and Training	791,000	791,000
20.16	This appropriation is for the homeownership		
20.17	education, counseling, and training program		
20.18	under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.209.		
20.19	Priority may be given to funding programs		
20.20	that are aimed at culturally specific groups		
20.21	who are providing services to members of		
20.22	their communities.		
20.23	The base funding for this program in fiscal		
20.24	years 2016 and 2017 is \$857,000 each year.		
20.25	Subd. 10. Capacity Building Grants	375,000	375,000
20.26	This appropriation is for nonprofit capacity		
20.27	building grants under Minnesota Statutes,		
20.28	section 462A.21, subdivision 3b.		
20.29	Subd. 11. Grants	445,000	445,000
20.20	(a) This appropriation is for the grants in		
20.30	(a) This appropriation is for the grants in		
20.31	paragraphs (b) to (d) and is available until		
20.32	expended. This appropriation is added to the		
20.33	agency's base.		

21.1	(b) \$70,000 each year is for a grant to Open
21.2	Access Connection to provide free voice mail
21.3	services for homeless and low-income people
21.4	so that they have a reliable and consistent
21.5	communication tool to aid in their search
21.6	for affordable housing and their search for
21.7	and maintenance of jobs so that they have
21.8	income to maintain affordable housing. This
21.9	service is provided in the metropolitan area
21.10	and through a toll-free number in greater
21.11	Minnesota.
21.12	(a) $\$200,000$ each year is for a grant to
21.12	(c) \$200,000 each year is for a grant to
21.13	HOME Line for the tenant's rights advocacy
21.14	and services program.
21.15	(d) \$175,000 each year is for a grant to the
21.16	Voice of East African Women Organization
21.17	to provide safe housing for victims of
21.18	domestic abuse and trafficking. The program
21.19	shall provide shelter to East African women
21.20	and children in Minnesota and other victims
21.21	of domestic violence. This appropriation is
21.22	available in either year.
21.23	Subd. 12. Rental Rehabilitation
21.24	This appropriation is for the rental housing
21.25	rehabilitation loan program under Minnesota
21.26	Statutes, section 462A.05, subdivision 14.
21.27	The base funding for this program in fiscal
21.28	years 2016 and 2017 is \$3,743,000 each year.
21.28 21.29	years 2016 and 2017 is \$3,743,000 each year. Subd. 13. Transfers and Appropriations
21.29	Subd. 13. Transfers and Appropriations
21.29 21.30	Subd. 13.       Transfers and Appropriations         (a) The remaining balance of appropriations
21.29	Subd. 13.Transfers and Appropriations(a) The remaining balance of appropriationsin Laws 2012, First Special Session chapter
21.29 21.30	Subd. 13.       Transfers and Appropriations         (a) The remaining balance of appropriations

## <u>3,138,000</u> <u>3,138,000</u>

<sup>21.34 &</sup>lt;u>that is unobligated to loans to homeowners</u>

- 22.1 or rental property owners as of June 30, 22.2 2013, estimated to be \$3,000,000 is canceled to the general fund. By August 1, 2013, 22.3 the commissioner of the Housing Finance 22.4 Agency shall provide the commissioner of 22.5 management and budget with the information 22.6 necessary to determine the amount that is 22.7 uncommitted and available for transfer. 22.8 (b) The amount canceled to the general fund 22.9 22.10 under paragraph (a) is appropriated to the Housing Finance Agency from the general 22.11 fund for transfer to the housing development 22.12 fund for the rehabilitation loan program 22.13 22.14 under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.05, subdivision 14. Until August 1, 2014, 22.15 22.16 priority in the use of these funds shall be given to assistance for eligible homeowners 22.17
- residing in the area included in DR-4069
- 22.19 whose homes were damaged as a result of
- 22.20 the storms and flooding that occurred June
- 22.21 <u>14 to June 21, 2012.</u>

#### 22.22 Sec. 5. EXPLORE MINNESOTA TOURISM

- 22.23 <u>To develop maximum private sector</u>
- 22.24 involvement in tourism, \$500,000 in fiscal
- 22.25 year 2014 and \$500,000 in fiscal year 2015
- 22.26 <u>must be matched by Explore Minnesota</u>
- 22.27 <u>Tourism from nonstate sources. Each \$1 of</u>
- 22.28 state incentive must be matched with \$6 of
- 22.29 private sector funding. Cash match is defined
- 22.30 as revenue to the state or documented cash
- 22.31 expenditures directly expended to support
- 22.32 Explore Minnesota Tourism programs. Up
- 22.33 to one-half of the private sector contribution
- 22.34 <u>may be in-kind or soft match. The incentive</u>
- 22.35 in fiscal year 2014 shall be based on fiscal

#### <u>13,988,000</u> <u>\$</u>

\$

13,988,000

- 23.1 year 2013 private sector contributions. The
- 23.2 incentive in fiscal year 2015 shall be based on
- 23.3 <u>fiscal year 2014 private sector contributions.</u>
- 23.4 <u>This incentive is ongoing.</u>
- 23.5 Funding for the marketing grants is available
- 23.6 <u>either year of the biennium</u>. Unexpended
- 23.7 grant funds from the first year are available
- 23.8 <u>in the second year.</u>

INDUSTRY

23.10

#### 23.9 Sec. 6. <u>DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND</u>

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation \$ 22,966,000 22,966,000 \$ 23.11 Appropriations by Fund 23.12 2014 2015 23.13 General 1,066,000 1,066,000 23.14 Workers' 23.15 Compensation 20,871,000 20,871,000 23.16 Workforce 23.17 Development 1,029,000 1,029,000 23.18 The amounts that may be spent for each 23.19 purpose are specified in the following 23.20 subdivisions. 23.21 23.22 Subd. 2. Workers' Compensation 10,678,000 10,678,000 23.23 This appropriation is from the workers' compensation fund. 23.24 \$200,000 each year is for grants to the 23.25 Vinland Center for rehabilitation services. 23.26 23.27 Grants shall be distributed as the department refers injured workers to the Vinland Center 23.28 for rehabilitation services. 23.29 23.30 Subd. 3. Labor Standards and Apprenticeship 2,095,000 2,095,000 Appropriations by Fund 23.31 General 1,066,000 1,066,000 23.32 Workforce 23.33 23.34 Development 1,029,000 1,029,000

	H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15	5/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0/2
24.1	(a) \$816,000 each year is from the	
24.2	general fund for the labor standards and	
24.3	apprenticeship program.	
24.4	(b) \$150,000 each year is from the general	
24.5	fund for a child labor initiative for expanding	
24.6	education and outreach to high schools and	
24.7	targeted industries to ensure minors entering	
24.8	the workforce are safe.	
24.9	(c) \$879,000 each year is appropriated from	
24.10	the workforce development fund for the	
24.11	apprenticeship program under Minnesota	
24.12	Statutes, chapter 178, and includes	
24.13	\$100,000 each year for labor education and	
24.14	advancement program grants and to expand	
24.15	and promote registered apprenticeship	
24.16	training in nonconstruction trade programs.	
24.17	(d) \$150,000 each year is appropriated	
24.18	from the workforce development fund for	
24.19	prevailing wage enforcement.	
24.20	(e) \$70,000 each year is from the general	
24.21	fund for implementing and administering a	
24.22	minimum wage inflation adjustment. This	
24.23	appropriation is available only if a law is	
24.24	enacted in 2013 that includes an automatic	
24.25	inflation adjustment to the state minimum	
24.26	wage. The availability of this appropriation	
24.27	is effective in the same fiscal year that the	
24.28	inflation adjustment is first effective.	
24.29	(f) \$100,000 each year is from the general	
24.30	fund for wage enforcement.	
24.31	Subd. 4. Workplace Safety	4,154,000
24.32	This appropriation is from the workers'	
24.33	compensation fund.	
24.34	Subd. 5. General Support	6,039,000
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

4,154,000

6,039,000

- 25.1 This appropriation is from the workers'
- 25.2 <u>compensation fund.</u>

# 25.3 Sec. 7. <u>BUREAU OF MEDIATION</u> 25.4 <u>SERVICES</u>

- 25.5 (a) \$68,000 each year is for grants to area
- 25.6 <u>labor management committees.</u> Grants may
- 25.7 be awarded for a 12-month period beginning
- 25.8 July 1 each year. Any unencumbered balance
- 25.9 remaining at the end of the first year does not
- 25.10 <u>cancel but is available for the second year.</u>
- 25.11 (b) \$100,000 in fiscal year 2014 is
- 25.12 appropriated from the general fund to the
- 25.13 Bureau of Mediation Services for transfer
- 25.14 to the Office of Enterprise Technology to
- 25.15 <u>develop a new business management system</u>
- 25.16 for case and document management. This is
- 25.17 a onetime appropriation and is available for
- 25.18 spending until June 30, 2015. Any ongoing
- 25.19 information technology support or costs for
- 25.20 this application will be incorporated into the
- 25.21 service level agreement and will be paid to
- 25.22 <u>the Office of Enterprise Technology by the</u>
- 25.23 Bureau of Mediation Services under the rates
- and mechanism specified in that agreement.
- 25.25 Of this amount, \$25,000 each year is added
- 25.26 to the Bureau of Mediation Services base
- 25.27 <u>budget to cover the information technology</u>
- 25.28 <u>support costs for this application.</u>
- 25.29 (c) \$256,000 each year is from the general
- 25.30 <u>fund for the Office of Collaboration and</u>
- 25.31 Dispute Resolution under Minnesota
- 25.32 Statutes, section 179.90. Of this amount,
- 25.33 <u>\$160,000 each year is for grants under</u>
- 25.34 Minnesota Statutes, section 179.91, and
- 25.35 <u>\$96,000 each year is for intergovernmental</u>

<u>\$ 2,129,000</u> <u>\$ 2,033,000</u>

- 26.1 and public policy collaboration and operation
- 26.2 of the office.
- 26.3 (d) The bureau's general fund base
- 26.4 is \$2,058,000 in fiscal year 2016 and
- 26.5 **\$2,058,000** in fiscal year 2017.

26.6	Sec. 8. BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY	<u>\$</u>	<u>705,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>618,000</u>
26.7 26.8 26.9 26.10	Sec. 9. <u>BOARD OF ARCHITECTURE,</u> <u>ENGINEERING, LAND SURVEYING,</u> <u>LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE,</u> GEOSCIENCE, AND INTERIOR DESIGN	<u>\$</u>	774,000	<u>\$</u>	<u>774,000</u>
26.11 26.12	Sec. 10. BOARD OF COSMETOLOGIST EXAMINERS	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,346,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,346,000</u>
26.13	Sec. 11. BOARD OF BARBER EXAMINERS	<u>\$</u>	317,000	<u>\$</u>	<u>317,000</u>
26.14 26.15	Sec. 12. WORKERS' COMPENSATION COURT OF APPEALS	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,913,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,703,000</u>

- 26.16 This appropriation is from the workers'
- 26.17 <u>compensation fund.</u>
- 26.18 Of this appropriation, \$210,000 is a
- 26.19 onetime appropriation and is available for
- 26.20 spending until June 30, 2015. \$100,000 in
- 26.21 fiscal year 2014 is appropriated from the
- 26.22 workers' compensation fund to the Workers'
- 26.23 Compensation Court of Appeals for transfer
- 26.24 to the Office of Enterprise Technology to
- 26.25 <u>develop a paperless case management system</u>
- 26.26 and to ensure that services and hardware
- are accessible and compatible with systems
- 26.28 with which the Workers' Compensation
- 26.29 Court of Appeals must interact. This is a
- 26.30 <u>onetime appropriation and is available for</u>
- 26.31 spending until June 30, 2015. Any ongoing
- 26.32 information technology support or costs for
- 26.33 this application will be incorporated into the

- 27.1 service level agreement and will be paid to
- 27.2 the Office of Enterprise Technology by the
- 27.3 <u>Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals</u>
- 27.4 <u>under the rates and mechanism specified in</u>
- 27.5 <u>that agreement.</u>

### 27.6 Sec. 13. **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

27.7	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation		<u>\$</u>	<u>29,006,000</u> <u>\$</u>	27,038,000
27.8	Appropri	ations by Fund			
27.9		<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>		
27.10	General	26,263,000	23,995,000		
27.11	Special Revenue	940,000	1,240,000		
27.12	Petroleum Tank	1,052,000	1,052,000		
27.13	Workers'	751 000	751 000		
27.14	Compensation	751,000	751,000		
27.15	The amounts that may	be spent for eac	<u>h</u>		
27.16	purpose are specified in	n the following			
27.17	subdivisions.				
27.18	Subd. 2. Financial Ins	<u>titutions</u>		4,885,000	4,885,000
27.19	\$142,000 each year is f	or the regulation	<u>n of</u>		
27.20	mortgage originators an	nd servicers und	er		
27.21	Minnesota Statutes, cha	pters 58 and 58	<u>A.</u>		
27.22	Subd. 3. Petroleum Tank Release				
27.23	Compensation Board			1,052,000	1,052,000
27.24	This appropriation is fr	om the petroleu	<u>m</u>		
27.25	tank fund.				
27.26	Subd. 4. Administrati	ve Services		6,615,000	6,615,000
27.27	\$375,000 each year is	for additional			
27.28	compliance efforts with	unclaimed prop	perty.		
27.29	The commissioner may issue contracts for				
27.30	these services.				
27.31	\$25,000 each year is for	or newspaper			
27.32	advertising directed at persons who own or				
27.33	may own unclaimed pro	operty. By June	30		
27.34	of each year, the comm	issioner shall su	bmit		

28.1	a report to the house and senate committees		
28.2	with jurisdiction over the department of the		
28.3	results of the newspaper advertisements		
28.4	in returning property to the owners. This		
28.5	appropriation for newspaper advertising and		
28.6	the requirement of a report is for fiscal years		
28.7	2014 and 2015 only.		
28.8	\$100,000 each year is for the support of		
28.9	broadband development.		
28.10	Fees for the Weights and Measures Unit are		
28.11	increased by 30 percent during fiscal year		
28.12	2014. All fees are deposited to the general		
28.13	fund as nondedicated revenue.		
28.14	Subd. 5. Telecommunications	1,949,000	2,249,000
28.15	Appropriations by Fund		
28.16	<u>General</u> <u>1,009,000</u> <u>1,009,000</u>		
28.17	Special Revenue         940,000         1,240,000		
28.18	\$940,000 in fiscal year 2014 and \$1,240,000		
28.19	in fiscal year 2015 are appropriated to the		
28.20	commissioner from the telecommunication		
28.21	access fund for the following transfers. This		
28.22	appropriation is added to the department's		
28.23	base.		
28.24	(1) \$500,000 in fiscal year 2014 and \$800,000		
28.25	in fiscal year 2015 to the commissioner of		
28.26	human services to supplement the ongoing		
28.27	operational expenses of the Commission		
28.28	of Deaf, DeafBlind, and Hard-of-Hearing		
28.29	Minnesotans;		
28.30	(2) \$290,000 in fiscal year 2014 and \$290,000		
28.31	in fiscal year 2015 to the chief information		
28.32	officer for the purpose of coordinating		
28.33	technology accessibility and usability; and		

29.1	(3) \$150,000 in fiscal year 2014 and		
29.2	\$150,000 in fiscal year 2015 to the		
29.3	Legislative Coordinating Commission for		
29.4	captioning of legislative coverage.		
29.5	Subd. 6. Enforcement	4,824,000	4,820,000
29.6	Appropriations by Fund		
29.7	<u>General</u> <u>4,626,000</u> <u>4,622,000</u>		
29.8	Workers'		
29.9	<u>Compensation</u> <u>198,000</u> <u>198,000</u>		
29.10	Of the general fund amount, \$646,000 in		
29.11	fiscal year 2014 and \$642,000 in fiscal		
29.12	year 2015 is to establish the regulation of		
29.13	gold bullion dealers. This appropriation is		
29.14	only available if a law is enacted in 2013		
29.15	to establish the regulation of gold bullion		
29.16	dealers.		
29.17	Subd. 7. Energy Resources	5,766,000	3,502,000
29.18	\$2,000,000 the first year is for the		
29.19	weatherization assistance program. This is a		
29.20	onetime appropriation and is available until		
29.21	June 30, 2015.		
29.22	\$150,000 each year is for grants to		
29.23	providers of low-income weatherization		
29.24	services to install renewable energy		
29.25	equipment in households that are eligible for		
29.26	weatherization assistance under Minnesota's		
29.27	weatherization assistance program state		
29.28	plan as provided for in Minnesota Statutes,		
29.29	section 239.101.		
29.30	The general fund base budget for energy		
29.31	resources is \$3,424,000 in fiscal year 2016		
29.32	and \$3,415,000 in fiscal year 2017.		
29.33	Subd. 8. Insurance	3,915,000	3,915,000

30.1	Appropriations by Fund	
30.2	<u>General</u> <u>3,362,000</u> <u>3,362,000</u>	
30.3	Workers'	
30.4	<u>Compensation</u> <u>553,000</u> <u>553,000</u>	
30.5	Sec. 14. <u>PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION</u> <u>§</u> <u>6,457,000</u> <u>§</u> <u>6,441,000</u>	
30.6	The general fund base for the Public Utilities	
30.7	Commission is \$6,241,000 in fiscal year	
30.8	2016 and \$6,205,000 in fiscal year 2017.	
30.9	Sec. 15. TRANSFERS.	
30.10	(a) The deposits in each year of the biennium into the contingent account created	
30.11	under Minnesota Statutes, section 268.199, estimated to be \$7,500,000 each year, shall be	
30.12	transferred before the closing of each fiscal year to the general fund.	
30.13	(b) By June 30, 2014, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer	
30.14	\$10,000,000 in assets of the workers' compensation assigned risk plan created under	
30.15	Minnesota Statutes, section 79.252, to the general fund.	
20.16	ARTICLE 2	
30.16		
30.17	LABOR AND INDUSTRY	
30.18	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116J.70, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:	
30.19	Subd. 2a. License; exceptions. "Business license" or "license" does not include	
30.20	the following:	
30.21	(1) any occupational license or registration issued by a licensing board listed in	
30.22	section 214.01 or any occupational registration issued by the commissioner of health	
30.23	pursuant to section 214.13;	
30.24	(2) any license issued by a county, home rule charter city, statutory city, township, or	
30.25	other political subdivision;	
30.26	(3) any license required to practice the following occupation regulated by the	
30.27	following sections:	
30.28	(i) abstracters regulated pursuant to chapter 386;	
30.29	(ii) accountants regulated pursuant to chapter 326A;	
30.30	(iii) adjusters regulated pursuant to chapter 72B;	
30.31	(iv) architects regulated pursuant to chapter 326;	
30.32	(v) assessors regulated pursuant to chapter 270;	
30.33	(vi) athletic trainers regulated pursuant to chapter 148;	

(vii) attorneys regulated pursuant to chapter 481; 31.1 (viii) auctioneers regulated pursuant to chapter 330; 31.2 (ix) barbers and cosmetologists regulated pursuant to chapter 154; 31.3 (x) boiler operators regulated pursuant to chapter  $\frac{183}{226B}$ ; 31.4 (xi) chiropractors regulated pursuant to chapter 148; 31.5 (xii) collection agencies regulated pursuant to chapter 332; 31.6 (xiii) dentists, registered dental assistants, and dental hygienists regulated pursuant 31.7 to chapter 150A; 31.8 (xiv) detectives regulated pursuant to chapter 326; 31.9 (xv) electricians regulated pursuant to chapter 326 326B; 31.10 (xvi) mortuary science practitioners regulated pursuant to chapter 149A; 31.11 (xvii) engineers regulated pursuant to chapter 326; 31.12 (xviii) insurance brokers and salespersons regulated pursuant to chapter 60A; 31.13 (xix) certified interior designers regulated pursuant to chapter 326; 31.14 31.15 (xx) midwives regulated pursuant to chapter 147D; (xxi) nursing home administrators regulated pursuant to chapter 144A; 31.16 (xxii) optometrists regulated pursuant to chapter 148; 31.17 (xxiii) osteopathic physicians regulated pursuant to chapter 147; 31.18 (xxiv) pharmacists regulated pursuant to chapter 151; 31.19 (xxv) physical therapists regulated pursuant to chapter 148; 31.20 (xxvi) physician assistants regulated pursuant to chapter 147A; 31.21 (xxvii) physicians and surgeons regulated pursuant to chapter 147; 31.22 31.23 (xxviii) plumbers regulated pursuant to chapter 326 326B; (xxix) podiatrists regulated pursuant to chapter 153; 31.24 (xxx) practical nurses regulated pursuant to chapter 148; 31.25 31.26 (xxxi) professional fund-raisers regulated pursuant to chapter 309; (xxxii) psychologists regulated pursuant to chapter 148; 31.27 (xxxiii) real estate brokers, salespersons, and others regulated pursuant to chapters 31.28 82 and 83; 31.29 (xxxiv) registered nurses regulated pursuant to chapter 148; 31.30 (xxxv) securities brokers, dealers, agents, and investment advisers regulated 31.31 pursuant to chapter 80A; 31.32 (xxxvi) steamfitters regulated pursuant to chapter 326 326B; 31.33 (xxxvii) teachers and supervisory and support personnel regulated pursuant to 31.34 chapter 125; 31.35 (xxxviii) veterinarians regulated pursuant to chapter 156; 31.36

H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

32.1

(xxxix) water conditioning contractors and installers regulated pursuant to chapter <del>326</del> 326B; 32.2 (xl) water well contractors regulated pursuant to chapter 103I; 32.3 (xli) water and waste treatment operators regulated pursuant to chapter 115; 32.4 (xlii) motor carriers regulated pursuant to chapter 221; 32.5 (xliii) professional firms regulated under chapter 319B; 32.6 (xliv) real estate appraisers regulated pursuant to chapter 82B; 32.7 (xlv) residential building contractors, residential remodelers, residential roofers, 32.8 manufactured home installers, and specialty contractors regulated pursuant to chapter 32.9 32.10 <del>326</del> 326B; (xlvi) licensed professional counselors regulated pursuant to chapter 148B; 32.11 (4) any driver's license required pursuant to chapter 171; 32.12 (5) any aircraft license required pursuant to chapter 360; 32.13 (6) any watercraft license required pursuant to chapter 86B; 32.14 32.15 (7) any license, permit, registration, certification, or other approval pertaining to a regulatory or management program related to the protection, conservation, or use of or 32.16 interference with the resources of land, air, or water, which is required to be obtained 32.17 from a state agency or instrumentality; and 32.18 (8) any pollution control rule or standard established by the Pollution Control 32.19 Agency or any health rule or standard established by the commissioner of health or any 32.20 licensing rule or standard established by the commissioner of human services. 32.21 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 177.27, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 32.22 Subd. 4. Compliance orders. The commissioner may issue an order requiring 32.23 an employer to comply with sections 177.21 to 177.435, 181.02, 181.03, 181.031, 32.24 32.25 181.032, 181.101, 181.11, 181.12, 181.13, 181.14, 181.145, 181.15, 181.275, subdivision 2a, 181.722, and 181.79, or with any rule promulgated under section 177.28. The 32.26 commissioner shall issue an order requiring an employer to comply with sections 177.41 32.27 to 177.435 if the violation is repeated. For purposes of this subdivision only, a violation 32.28 is repeated if at any time during the two years that preceded the date of violation, the 32.29 commissioner issued an order to the employer for violation of sections 177.41 to 177.435 32.30 and the order is final or the commissioner and the employer have entered into a settlement 32.31 agreement that required the employer to pay back wages that were required by sections 32.32 177.41 to 177.435. The department shall serve the order upon the employer or the 32.33 employer's authorized representative in person or by certified mail at the employer's place 32.34 of business. An employer who wishes to contest the order must file written notice of 32.35

#### H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

objection to the order with the commissioner within 15 calendar days after being served
with the order. A contested case proceeding must then be held in accordance with sections
14.57 to 14.69. If, within 15 calendar days after being served with the order, the employer
fails to file a written notice of objection with the commissioner, the order becomes a
final order of the commissioner.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326.02, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 33.6 Subd. 5. Limitation. The provisions of sections 326.02 to 326.15 shall not apply 33.7 to the preparation of plans and specifications for the erection, enlargement, or alteration 33.8 of any building or other structure by any person, for that person's exclusive occupancy 33.9 or use, unless such occupancy or use involves the public health or safety or the health 33.10 or safety of the employees of said person, or of the buildings listed in section 326.03, 33.11 subdivision 2, nor to any detailed or shop plans required to be furnished by a contractor 33.12 to a registered engineer, landscape architect, architect, or certified interior designer, 33.13 33.14 nor to any standardized manufactured product, nor to any construction superintendent supervising the execution of work designed by an architect, landscape architect, engineer, 33.15 or certified interior designer licensed or certified in accordance with section 326.03, nor 33.16 to the planning for and supervision of the construction and installation of work by an 33.17 electrical or elevator contractor or master plumber as defined in and licensed pursuant to 33.18 chapter 326B, where such work is within the scope of such licensed activity and not 33.19 within the practice of professional engineering, or architecture, or where the person does 33.20 not claim to be a certified interior designer as defined in subdivision 2, 3, or 4b. 33.21

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.081, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Applicable law. "Applicable law" means the provisions of sections
181.723, 325E.66, 327.31 to 327.36, and this chapter, and chapter 341, and all rules,
orders, stipulation agreements, settlements, compliance agreements, licenses, registrations,
certificates, and permits adopted, issued, or enforced by the department under sections
181.723, 325E.66, 327.31 to 327.36, or this chapter, or chapter 341.

33.28 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.082, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
33.29 Subd. 11. Licensing orders; grounds; reapplication. (a) The commissioner may
33.30 deny an application for a permit, license, registration, or certificate if the applicant does
33.31 not meet or fails to maintain the minimum qualifications for holding the permit, license,
33.32 registration, or certificate, or has any unresolved violations or unpaid fees or monetary

penalties related to the activity for which the permit, license, registration, or certificate hasbeen applied for or was issued.

34.3 (b) The commissioner may deny, suspend, limit, place conditions on, or revoke a
34.4 person's permit, license, registration, or certificate, or censure the person holding the
34.5 permit, license, registration, or certificate, if the commissioner finds that the person:

34.6 (1) committed one or more violations of the applicable law;

- 34.7 (2) submitted false or misleading information to the state in connection with
  activities for which the permit, license, registration, or certificate was issued, or in
  connection with the application for the permit, license, registration, or certificate;
- 34.10 (3) allowed the alteration or use of the person's own permit, license, registration,34.11 or certificate by another person;
- 34.12 (4) within the previous five years, was convicted of a crime in connection with
  34.13 activities for which the permit, license, registration, or certificate was issued;
- 34.14 (5) violated: (i) a final administrative order issued under subdivision 7  $\Theta r$ , (ii) a final 34.15 stop order issued under subdivision 10,  $\Theta r$  (iii) injunctive relief issued under subdivision 9, 34.16 or (iv) a consent order or final order of the commissioner;
- 34.17 (6) failed to cooperate with a commissioner's request to give testimony, to produce
  34.18 documents, things, apparatus, devices, equipment, or materials, or to access property
  34.19 under subdivision 2;
- 34.20 (7) retaliated in any manner against any employee or person who is questioned by,
  34.21 cooperates with, or provides information to the commissioner or an employee or agent
  34.22 authorized by the commissioner who seeks access to property or things under subdivision 2;
- 34.23

(8) engaged in any fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest act or practice; or

- 34.24 (9) performed work in connection with the permit, license, registration, or
  34.25 certificate or conducted the person's affairs in a manner that demonstrates incompetence,
  34.26 untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility.
- (c) If the commissioner revokes or denies a person's permit, license, registration,
  or certificate under paragraph (b), the person is prohibited from reapplying for the same
  type of permit, license, registration, or certificate for at least two years after the effective
  date of the revocation or denial. The commissioner may, as a condition of reapplication,
  require the person to obtain a bond or comply with additional reasonable conditions the
  commissioner considers necessary to protect the public.
- 34.33 (d) If a permit, license, registration, or certificate expires, or is surrendered,
  34.34 withdrawn, or terminated, or otherwise becomes ineffective, the commissioner may
  34.35 institute a proceeding under this subdivision within two years after the permit, license,

registration, or certificate was last effective and enter a revocation or suspension order as
of the last date on which the permit, license, registration, or certificate was in effect.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.093, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 35.3 Subd. 4. Examination results. If the applicant receives a passing score on the 35.4 examination and meets all other requirements for licensure, the commissioner must 35.5 approve the application and notify the applicant of the approval within 60 days of the 35.6 date of the passing score. The applicant must, within 90 180 days after the notification 35.7 of approval, pay the license fee. Upon receipt of the license fee, the commissioner must 35.8 issue the license. If the applicant does not pay the license fee within 90 180 days after 35.9 the notification of approval, the commissioner will rescind the approval and must deny 35.10 the application. If the applicant does not receive a passing score on the examination, 35.11 the commissioner must deny the application. If the application is denied because of the 35.12 applicant's failure to receive a passing score on the examination, then the applicant cannot 35.13 35.14 submit a new application for the license until at least 30 days after the notification of denial.

35.15 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.101, is amended to read:

35.16

#### 326B.101 POLICY AND PURPOSE.

35.17 The State Building Code governs the construction, reconstruction, alteration, and repair, and use of buildings and other structures to which the code is applicable. The 35.18 commissioner shall administer and amend a state code of building construction which will 35.19 provide basic and uniform performance standards, establish reasonable safeguards for 35.20 health, safety, welfare, comfort, and security of the residents of this state and provide for 35.21 the use of modern methods, devices, materials, and techniques which will in part tend to 35.22 lower construction costs. The construction of buildings should be permitted at the least 35.23 possible cost consistent with recognized standards of health and safety. 35.24

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.103, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
Subd. 11. Public building. "Public building" means a building and its grounds the
cost of which is paid for by the state or a state agency regardless of its cost, and a school
district building project or charter school building project the cost of which is \$100,000
or more.

35.30 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.121, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

36.1	Subdivision 1. Application. (a) The State Building Code is the standard that applies
36.2	statewide for the construction, reconstruction, alteration, and repair, and use of buildings
36.3	and other structures of the type governed by the code.
36.4	(b) The State Building Code supersedes the building code of any municipality.
36.5	(c) The State Building Code does not apply to agricultural buildings except:
36.6	(1) with respect to state inspections required or rulemaking authorized by sections
36.7	103F.141; 216C.19, subdivision 9; and 326B.36; and
36.8	(2) translucent panels or other skylights without raised curbs shall be supported to
36.9	have equivalent load-bearing capacity as the surrounding roof.
36.10	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.163, is amended by adding a
36.11	subdivision to read:
36.12	Subd. 9. Direct supervision. "Direct supervision" means:
36.13	(1) an unlicensed individual is being directly supervised by an individual licensed
36.14	to perform the elevator work being supervised during the entire time the unlicensed
36.15	individual is performing elevator work;
36.16	(2) the licensed individual is physically present at the location where the unlicensed
36.17	individual is performing elevator work and immediately available to the unlicensed
36.18	individual at all times for assistance and direction;
36.19	(3) the licensed individual shall review the elevator work performed by the
36.20	unlicensed individual before the elevator work is operated; and
36.21	(4) the licensed individual is able to and does determine that all elevator work
36.22	performed by the unlicensed individual is performed in compliance with the elevator code.
36.23	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.163, is amended by adding a
36.24	subdivision to read:
36.25	Subd. 10. Elevator contractor. "Elevator contractor" means a licensed contractor
36.26	whose responsible licensed individual is a master elevator constructor. An elevator
36.27	contractor license does not itself qualify its holder to perform or supervise elevator work
36.28	authorized by holding a personal license issued by the commissioner.
36.29	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.163, is amended by adding a
36.30	subdivision to read:
36.31	Subd. 11. Limited elevator contractor. "Limited elevator contractor" means a
36.32	licensed contractor whose responsible licensed individual is a limited master elevator
36.33	constructor. A limited elevator contractor or its employees may only install, test, or alter

residential elevators, platform lifts, stairway chairlifts, dumbwaiters, material lifts, limited 37.1

37.2 use or limited application elevator equipment, conveyors, and special purpose personnel elevators. 37.3

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.163, is amended by adding a

37.4

subdivision to read: 37.5 Subd. 11a. Limited elevator work. "Limited elevator work" means the installing, 37.6 maintaining, altering, repairing, testing, planning, or laying out of residential elevators, 37.7 platform lifts, stairway chairlifts, dumbwaiters, material lifts, limited use or limited 37.8 application elevator equipment, conveyors, and special purpose personnel elevators 37.9 as covered by Minnesota Rules, chapters 1307 and 1315. Limited elevator work also 37.10 37.11 includes electrical wiring on the load side of the elevator equipment disconnect and the 37.12 decommissioning of elevator equipment to enable safe removal.

37.13 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.163, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 37.14

Subd. 12. Elevator work. "Elevator work" means the installing, maintaining, 37.15 37.16 altering, repairing, testing, planning, or laying out of elevator apparatus or equipment as covered by Minnesota Rules, chapters 1307 and 1315. Elevator work also includes the 37.17 disconnection of electrical wiring on the load side of the elevator equipment disconnect 37.18

and the decommissioning of elevator equipment to enable safe removal. 37.19

37.20 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.163, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 37.21

Subd. 13. Master elevator constructor. "Master elevator constructor" means 37.22 37.23 an individual having the necessary qualifications, training, experience, and technical knowledge to properly plan, lay out, supervise, and perform the installation, maintenance, 37.24 altering, testing, wiring, and repair of apparatus and equipment for elevators, including 37.25 electrical wiring on the load side of the elevator equipment disconnect and who is licensed 37.26

as a master elevator constructor by the commissioner. 37.27

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.163, is amended by adding a 37.28 subdivision to read: 37.29

Subd. 14. Limited master elevator constructor. "Limited master elevator 37.30

37.31 constructor" means an individual having the necessary qualifications, training, experience,

and technical knowledge to properly plan, lay out, supervise, and perform the testing, 37.32

#### H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

- altering, installation, maintenance, and repair of wiring, apparatus, and equipment for
- 38.2 residential elevators, platform lifts, stairway chairlifts, dumbwaiters, material lifts, limited
- 38.3 use or limited application elevator equipment, conveyors, and special purpose personnel
- 38.4 <u>elevators, including wiring on the load side of the elevator equipment disconnect and who</u>
- 38.5 is licensed as a limited master elevator constructor by the commissioner.
- 38.6 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.163, is amended by adding a
  38.7 subdivision to read:
- Subd. 14a. Limited journeyman elevator constructor. "Limited journeyman 38.8 elevator constructor" means an individual having the necessary qualifications, training, 38.9 experience, and technical knowledge to install, maintain, alter, test, and repair apparatus 38.10 and equipment for residential elevators, platform lifts, stairway chairlifts, dumbwaiters, 38.11 material lifts, limited use or limited application elevator equipment, conveyors, and 38.12 special purpose personnel elevators, including electrical wiring on the load side of the 38.13 38.14 elevator equipment disconnect and who is licensed as a limited journeyman elevator constructor by the commissioner. 38.15
- 38.16 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.163, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd. 15.</u> Journeyman elevator constructor. "Journeyman elevator constructor"
   <u>means an individual having the necessary qualifications, training, experience, and</u>
   <u>technical knowledge to install, maintain, alter, test, and repair apparatus and equipment for</u>
   elevators, including electrical wiring on the load side of the elevator equipment disconnect
- and who is licensed as a journeyman elevator constructor by the commissioner.
- 38.23 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.163, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

38.25 <u>Subd. 16.</u> Registered unlicensed elevator constructor. "Registered unlicensed
 38.26 elevator constructor" means an individual who has registered with the department but is
 38.27 not licensed by the commissioner to perform elevator work.

- 38.28 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.163, is amended by adding a
  38.29 subdivision to read:
- 38.30 Subd. 17. Residential dwelling. "Residential dwelling" is a single dwelling unit
   38.31 that is contained in a one-family, two-family, or multifamily dwelling. A residential
   38.32 dwelling also includes outdoor space at a one-family dwelling.

1	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.163, is amended by adding a
2	subdivision to read:
3	Subd. 18. Responsible licensed individual. "Responsible licensed individual"
	means an individual licensed as a master elevator constructor or limited master elevator
	constructor who is identified as the responsible licensed individual on an elevator
	contractor license application.
	Sec. 22. [326B.164] LICENSES.
	Subdivision 1. Master elevator constructor. (a) Except as otherwise provided by
	law, no individual shall perform or supervise elevator work, unless:
	(1) the individual is licensed by the commissioner as a master elevator constructor;
	and
	(2) the elevator work is for a licensed elevator contractor and the individual is an
	employee, partner, or officer of, or is the licensed contractor.
	(b) An applicant for a master elevator constructor license shall:
	(1) have at least one year of experience, acceptable to the commissioner, as a
	licensed journeyman elevator constructor; or
	(2) have at least six years' experience, acceptable to the commissioner, in planning
	for, laying out, supervising, and installing apparatus, equipment, and wiring for elevators.
	(c) Individuals licensed as master elevator constructors under section 326B.33,
	subdivision 11, as of December 31, 2013, shall not be required to pass an examination
	under this section but, effective January 1, 2014, shall be subject to the requirements of
	sections 326B.163 to 326B.191.
	(d) Except for the initial license term, as a condition of license renewal, master
	elevator constructors must attain a minimum of 16 hours of continuing education credit
	approved by the commissioner every renewal period. Not less than 12 hours shall be based
	on the Minnesota Elevator Code or elevator technology, and not less than four hours shall
	be based on the National Electrical Code.
	Subd. 2. Limited master elevator constructor. (a) Except as otherwise provided
	by law, no individual shall perform or supervise elevator work on residential elevators,
	platform lifts, stairway chairlifts, dumbwaiters, material lifts, limited use or limited
	application elevator equipment, conveyors, and special purpose personnel elevators, unless:
	(1) the individual is licensed by the commissioner as a limited master elevator
	constructor; and
	(2) the elevator work is for a limited elevator contractor and the individual is an
	employee, partner, or officer of, or is the licensed contractor.

40.1	(b) An applicant for a limited master elevator constructor license shall have at
40.2	least three years of experience, acceptable to the commissioner, in installing apparatus,
40.3	equipment, and wiring for elevators.
40.4	(c) Except for the initial license term, as a condition of license renewal, limited
40.5	master elevator constructors must attain a minimum of eight hours of continuing education
40.6	credit approved by the commissioner every renewal period. Not less than six hours shall
40.7	be based on the Minnesota Elevator Code or elevator technology, and not less than two
40.8	hours on the National Electrical Code.
40.9	Subd. 3. Journeyman elevator constructor. (a) Except as otherwise provided
40.10	by law, no individual shall perform and supervise elevator work except for planning or
40.11	laying out of elevator work, unless:
40.12	(1) the individual is licensed by the commissioner as a journeyman elevator
40.13	constructor; and
40.14	(2) the elevator work is for an elevator contractor, and the individual is an employee,
40.15	partner, or officer of the licensed elevator contractor.
40.16	(b) An applicant for a journeyman elevator constructor license shall have completed
40.17	a four-year elevator mechanics apprenticeship registered with the United States
40.18	Department of Labor or worked at least 9,000 hours in five consecutive years for a
40.19	licensed elevator contractor, acceptable to the commissioner, installing, maintaining,
40.20	modernizing, testing, wiring, and repairing elevators.
40.21	(c) Individuals licensed as journeyman elevator constructors under section 326B.33,
40.22	subdivision 8, as of December 31, 2013, shall not be required to pass an examination
40.23	under this section but, effective January 1, 2014, shall be subject to the requirements of
40.24	sections 326B.163 to 326B.191.
40.25	(d) As a condition of license renewal, journeyman elevator constructors must attain
40.26	a minimum of 16 hours of continuing education credit approved by the commissioner
40.27	every renewal period. Not less than 12 hours shall be based on the Minnesota Elevator
40.28	Code or elevator technology, and not less than four hours shall be based on the National
40.29	Electrical Code.
40.30	Subd. 3a. Limited journeyman elevator constructor. (a) Except as otherwise
40.31	provided by law, no individual shall perform or supervise elevator work on residential
40.32	elevators, platform lifts, stairway chairlifts, dumbwaiters, material lifts, limited use
40.33	or limited application elevator equipment, conveyors, and special purpose personnel
40.34	elevators, except for planning or laying out of elevator work, unless:
40.35	(1) the individual is licensed by the commissioner as a limited journeyman elevator
40.36	constructor; and

41.1 (2) the elevator work is for a limited elevator contractor or an elevator contractor,
41.2 and the individual is an employee, partner, or officer of the licensed limited elevator
41.3 contractor or licensed elevator contractor.

41.4 (b) An applicant for a limited journeyman elevator constructor license shall have

41.5 <u>at least two years of experience, acceptable to the commissioner, in installing apparatus,</u>

41.6 <u>equipment</u>, and wiring for elevators.

41.7 (c) Except for the initial license term, as a condition of license renewal, limited

- 41.8 journeyman elevator constructors must attain a minimum of eight hours of continuing
- 41.9 <u>education credit approved by the commissioner every renewal period. Not less than six</u>
- 41.10 hours shall be based on the Minnesota Elevator Code or elevator technology, and not less
- 41.11 than two hours on the National Electrical Code.

41.12 <u>Subd. 4.</u> <u>Registered unlicensed elevator constructor.</u> (a) An unlicensed individual
41.13 <u>shall not perform elevator work, unless the individual has first registered with the</u>
41.14 <u>department as an unlicensed elevator constructor. Except as allowed by subdivision 12, a</u>
41.15 <u>registered unlicensed elevator constructor shall not perform elevator work unless the work</u>
41.16 is performed under the direct supervision of an individual actually licensed to perform

41.17 <u>such work. The licensed elevator constructor and the registered unlicensed elevator</u>

41.18 <u>constructor must be employed by the same employer. Unlicensed individuals shall not</u>

41.19 supervise the performance of elevator work or make assignments of elevator work to

41.20 <u>unlicensed individuals</u>. Licensed elevator constructors shall provide direct supervision for

41.21 <u>no more than two registered unlicensed elevator constructors.</u>

41.22 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, no individual other than a
 41.23 master elevator constructor or limited master elevator constructor shall plan or lay out

41.24 <u>elevator wiring, apparatus, or equipment.</u>

41.25 (c) Contractors employing registered unlicensed elevator constructors performing

41.26 <u>elevator work shall maintain records establishing compliance with this subdivision that</u>

41.27 <u>shall identify all unlicensed individuals performing elevator work and shall permit the</u>

41.28 department to examine and copy all such records.

41.29 (d) When a licensed elevator constructor supervises the elevator work of an
41.30 unlicensed individual, the licensed elevator constructor is responsible for ensuring that the

- 41.31 <u>elevator work complies with this section and the Minnesota Elevator Code.</u>
- 41.32 (e) A registered unlicensed elevator constructor with a minimum of one year

41.33 experience may perform the following maintenance tasks for elevator equipment without

41.34 being provided with direct supervision: oiling, cleaning, greasing, painting, relamping,

41.35 and replacing of escalator and moving walk comb teeth.

Subd. 5. Registration of unlicensed individuals. (a) Unlicensed individuals 42.1 performing elevator work for a contractor shall register with the department in the manner 42.2 prescribed by the commissioner. Experience credit for elevator work performed in 42.3 Minnesota after January 1, 2009, by an applicant for a license identified in this section 42.4 shall not be granted where the applicant has not registered with the department or is 42.5 42.6 not licensed by the department. (b) As a condition of renewal of registration, unlicensed individuals shall attain a 42.7 minimum of two hours of continuing education credit, approved by the commissioner, 42.8 every renewal period. The continuing education course shall be based on the Minnesota 42.9 Elevator Code or elevator technology. 42.10 (c) Individuals registered under section 326B.33, subdivision 13, whose registration 42.11 expires after July 31, 2013, shall be subject to the registration requirements of this 42.12 subdivision and the requirements of sections 326B.163 to 326B.191. 42.13 Subd. 6. Contractor's license required. (a) No individual, other than an employee, 42.14 42.15 partner, or officer of a licensed contractor, as defined by section 326B.163, subdivision 10, shall perform or offer to perform elevator work with or without compensation, unless 42.16 the individual obtains a contractor's license. A contractor's license does not of itself 42.17 qualify its holder to perform or supervise the elevator work authorized by holding any 42.18 class of personal license. 42.19 (b) Companies licensed under section 326B.33, subdivision 14, as of July 31, 2013, 42.20 shall not be required to comply with this subdivision. 42.21 Subd. 7. Bond required. As a condition of licensing, each contractor shall give 42.22 42.23 and maintain bond to the state in the sum of \$25,000, conditioned upon the faithful and lawful performance of all work contracted for or performed by the contractor within the 42.24 state of Minnesota, and such bond shall be for the benefit of persons injured or suffering 42.25 42.26 financial loss by reason of failure of such performance. The bond shall be filed with the commissioner and shall be in lieu of all other license bonds to any other political 42.27 subdivision. The bond shall be written by a corporate surety licensed to do business 42.28 42.29 in the state of Minnesota. Subd. 8. Insurance required. Each elevator contractor shall have and maintain 42.30 in effect general liability insurance, which includes premises and operations insurance 42.31 and products and completed operations insurance, with limits of at least \$100,000 per 42.32 occurrence, \$300,000 aggregate limit for bodily injury, and property damage insurance 42.33 with limits of at least \$50,000, or a policy with a single limit for bodily injury and property 42.34 damage of \$300,000 per occurrence and \$300,000 aggregate limits. The insurance shall be 42.35 written by an insurer licensed to do business in the state of Minnesota, and each contractor 42.36

shall maintain on file with the commissioner a certificate evidencing such insurance. In the 43.1 event of a policy cancellation, the insurer shall send written notice to the commissioner at 43.2 the same time that a cancellation request is received from or a notice is sent to the insured. 43.3 43.4 Subd. 9. Employment of responsible individual. (a) Each elevator contractor must designate a responsible master elevator constructor or limited master elevator 43.5 constructor who shall be the responsible individual for the performance of all elevator 43.6 work in accordance with the requirements of sections 326B.163 to 326B.191, all rules 43.7 adopted under these sections, and all orders issued under section 326B.082. The classes of 43.8 work that a licensed contractor is authorized to perform shall be limited to the classes of 43.9 work that the responsible individual is allowed to perform. 43.10 (b) When a contractor's license is held by an individual, sole proprietorship, 43.11 partnership, limited liability company, or corporation, and the individual, proprietor, one 43.12 of the partners, one of the members, or an officer of the corporation, respectively, is not the 43.13 responsible master elevator constructor or limited master elevator constructor, all elevator 43.14 43.15 permits shall be submitted by the responsible master elevator constructor or limited master elevator constructor. If the contractor is an individual or a sole proprietorship, 43.16 the responsible master or limited master elevator constructor must be the individual, 43.17 proprietor, or managing employee. If the contractor is a partnership, the responsible 43.18 master or limited master elevator constructor must be a general partner or managing 43.19 43.20 employee. If the licensed contractor is a limited liability company, the responsible master or limited master elevator constructor must be a chief manager or managing employee. 43.21 If the contractor is a corporation, the responsible master or limited master elevator 43.22 43.23 constructor must be an officer or managing employee. If the responsible master or limited master elevator constructor is a managing employee, the responsible individual must be 43.24 actively engaged in performing elevator work on behalf of the contractor and cannot be 43.25 employed in any capacity performing elevator work for any other elevator contractor or 43.26 employer. An individual may be the responsible individual for only one contractor. 43.27 (c) All applications and renewals for contractor licenses shall include a verified 43.28 statement that the applicant and responsible individual are in compliance with this 43.29 subdivision. 43.30 Subd. 10. Examination. In addition to the other requirements described in this 43.31 section and sections 326B.091 to 326B.098, as a precondition to issuance of a personal 43.32 license, each applicant must pass a written or oral examination developed and administered 43.33 by the commissioner to ensure the competence of each applicant for license. An oral 43.34 examination shall be administered only to an applicant who furnishes a written statement 43.35 from a certified teacher or other professional, trained in the area of reading disabilities, 43.36

44.1	stating that the applicant has a specific reading disability that would prevent the applicant
44.2	from performing satisfactorily on a written test. The oral examination shall be structured
44.3	so that an applicant who passes the examination will not impair the applicant's own safety
44.4	or that of others while acting as a licensed individual.
44.5	Subd. 11. License, registration, and renewal fees; expiration. (a) Unless revoked
44.6	or suspended under this chapter, all licenses issued or renewed under this section expire on
44.7	the following schedule:
44.8	(1) master licenses expire March 1 of each odd-numbered year after issuance or
44.9	renewal;
44.10	(2) elevator contractor licenses expire March 1 of each even-numbered year after
44.11	issuance or renewal;
44.12	(3) journeyman elevator constructor licenses expire two years from the date of
44.13	original issuance and every two years thereafter; and
44.14	(4) registrations of unlicensed individuals expire one year from the date of original
44.15	issuance and every year thereafter.
44.16	(b) For purposes of calculating license fees and renewal license fees required under
44.17	section 326B.092:
44.18	(1) the registration of an unlicensed individual under subdivision 5 shall be
44.19	considered an entry-level license;
44.20	(2) the journeyman elevator constructor and the limited journeyman elevator
44.21	constructor shall be considered a journeyman license;
44.22	(3) the master elevator constructor and limited master elevator constructor licenses
44.23	shall be considered master licenses; and
44.24	(4) an elevator contractor license shall be considered a business license.
44.25	Subd. 12. Exemption from licensing. Employees of a licensed elevator contractor
44.26	or licensed limited elevator contractor are not required to hold or obtain a license
44.27	under this section or be provided with direct supervision by a licensed master elevator
44.28	constructor, licensed limited master elevator constructor, licensed elevator constructor,
44.29	or licensed limited elevator constructor to install, maintain, or repair platform lifts and
44.30	stairway chairlifts. Unlicensed employees performing elevator work under this exemption
44.31	must comply with subdivision 5. This exemption does not include the installation,
44.32	maintenance, repair, or replacement of electrical wiring for elevator equipment.
44.33	Subd. 13. Reciprocity. (a) The commissioner may enter into reciprocity agreements
44.34	for personal licenses with another state and issue a personal license without requiring the
44.35	applicant to pass an examination provided the applicant:
44.36	(1) submits an application under this section;

45.1	(2) pays the application and examination fee and license fee required under section
45.2	<u>326B.092; and</u>
45.3	(3) holds a valid comparable license in the state participating in the agreement.
45.4	(b) Reciprocity agreements are subject to the following:
45.5	(1) the parties to the agreement must administer a statewide licensing program that
45.6	includes examination and qualifying experience or training comparable to Minnesota's;
45.7	(2) the experience and training requirements under which an individual applicant
45.8	qualified for examination in the qualifying state must be deemed equal to or greater than
45.9	required for an applicant making application in Minnesota at the time the applicant
45.10	acquired the license in the qualifying state;
45.11	(3) the applicant must have acquired the license in the qualifying state through an
45.12	examination deemed equivalent to the same class of license examination in Minnesota.
45.13	A lesser class of license may be granted where the applicant has acquired a greater
45.14	class of license in the qualifying state, and the applicant otherwise meets the conditions
45.15	of this subdivision;
45.16	(4) at the time of application, the applicant must hold a valid license in the qualifying
45.17	state and have held the license continuously for at least one year before making application
45.18	in Minnesota;
45.19	(5) an applicant is not eligible for a license under this subdivision if the applicant has
45.20	failed the same or greater class of license examination in Minnesota, or if the applicant's
45.21	license of the same or greater class has been revoked or suspended; and
45.22	(6) an applicant who has failed to renew a personal license for two years or more
45.23	after its expiration is not eligible for a license under this subdivision.
45.24	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.184, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
45.25	Subdivision 1. Permits. No person may construct, install, alter, repair, or remove
45.26	an elevator without first filing an application for a permit with the department or a
45.27	municipality authorized by subdivision 4 to inspect elevators. A permit issued by the
45.28	department is valid for work commenced within 12 months of application and completed
45.29	within two years of application. Where no work is commenced within 12 months of
45.30	application, an applicant may cancel the permit and request a refund of inspection fees.

- 45.31 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.184, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- 45.33 Subd. 1a. Department permit and inspection fees. (a) The department permit and
  45.34 inspection fees to construct, install, alter, repair, or remove an elevator are as follows:

46.1	(1) the permit fee is \$100;
46.2	(2) the inspection fee is 0.015 of the total cost of the permitted work for labor and
46.3	materials, including related electrical and mechanical equipment. The inspection fee
46.4	covers two inspections. The inspection fee for additional inspections is \$80 per hour;
46.5	(3) when inspections scheduled by the permit submitter are not able to be completed
46.6	because the work is not complete, a fee equal to two hours at the hourly rate of \$80 must
46.7	be paid by the permit submitter; and
46.8	(4) when the owner or permit holder requests inspections be performed outside of
46.9	normal work hours or on weekends or holidays, an hourly rate of \$120 in addition to
46.10	the inspection fee must be paid.
46.11	(b) The department fees for inspection of existing elevators when requested by the
46.12	elevator owner or as a result of an accident resulting in personal injury are at an hourly rate

46.13 of \$80 during normal work hours or \$120 outside of normal work hours or on weekends or

46.14 <u>holidays, with a one-hour minimum.</u>

46.15

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.184, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 46.16 Subd. 2. Operating permits and fees; periodic inspections. (a) No person may 46.17 operate an elevator without first obtaining an annual operating permit from the department 46.18 or a municipality authorized by subdivision 4 to issue annual operating permits. A \$100 46.19 annual operating permit fee must be paid to the department for each annual operating 46.20 permit issued by the department, except that the original annual operating permit must 46.21 be included in the permit fee for the initial installation of the elevator. Annual operating 46.22 permits must be issued at 12-month intervals from the date of the initial annual operating 46.23 46.24 permit. For each subsequent year, an owner must be granted an annual operating permit for the elevator upon the owner's or owner's agent's submission of a form prescribed by 46.25 the commissioner and payment of the \$100 fee. Each form must include the location of 46.26 the elevator, the results of any periodic test required by the code, and any other criteria 46.27 established by rule. An annual operating permit may be revoked by the commissioner upon 46.28 an audit of the periodic testing results submitted with the application or a failure to comply 46.29 with elevator code requirements, inspections, or any other law related to elevators. Except 46.30 for an initial operating permit fee, hand-powered manlifts and electric endless belt manlifts, 46.31 and vertical reciprocating conveyors are not subject to a subsequent operating permit fee. 46.32 (b) All elevators are subject to periodic inspections by the department or a 46.33

46.34 municipality authorized by subdivision 4 to perform periodic inspections, except that46.35 hand-powered manlifts and electric endless belt manlifts are exempt from periodic

47.1	inspections. Periodic inspections by the department shall be performed at the following
47.2	intervals:
47.3	(1) a special purpose personnel elevator is subject to inspection not more than once
47.4	every five years;
47.5	(2) an elevator located within a house of worship that does not have attached school
47.6	facilities is subject to inspection not more than once every three years; and
47.7	(3) all other elevators are subject to inspection not more than once each year.
47.8	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.187, is amended to read:
47.9	326B.187 RULES.
47.10	The commissioner may adopt rules for the following purposes:
47.11	(1) to establish minimum qualifications for elevator inspectors that must include
47.12	possession of a current elevator constructor electrician's license issued by the department
47.13	and proof of successful completion of the national elevator industry education program
47.14	examination or equivalent experience;
47.15	(2) to establish minimum qualifications for limited elevator inspectors;
47.16	(3) to establish criteria for the qualifications of elevator contractors;
47.17	(4) to establish elevator standards under sections 326B.106, subdivisions 1 and 3,
47.18	and 326B.13;
47.19	(5) to establish procedures for appeals of decisions of the commissioner under
47.20	chapter 14 and procedures allowing the commissioner, before issuing a decision, to seek
47.21	advice from the elevator trade, building owners or managers, and others knowledgeable in
47.22	the installation, construction, and repair of elevators; and
47.23	(6) to establish requirements for the registration of all elevators.
47.24	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.31, is amended by adding a
47.25	subdivision to read:
47.26	Subd. 26a. Request for inspection. "Request for inspection" means the application
47.27	for and issuance of a permit for an electrical installation that is required to be inspected
47.28	under section 326B.36.

47.29 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.33, subdivision 19, is amended to read:
47.30 Subd. 19. License, registration, and renewal fees; expiration. (a) Unless
47.31 revoked or suspended under this chapter, all licenses issued or renewed under this section
47.32 expire on the date specified in this subdivision. Master licenses expire March 1 of each
47.33 odd-numbered year after issuance or renewal. Electrical contractor licenses expire March

48.1 1 of each even-numbered year after issuance or renewal. Technology system contractor
48.2 and satellite system contractor licenses expire August 1 of each even-numbered year after
48.3 issuance or renewal. All other personal licenses expire two years from the date of original
48.4 issuance and every two years thereafter. Registrations of unlicensed individuals expire
48.5 one year from the date of original issuance and every year thereafter.

48.6 (b) For purposes of calculating license fees and renewal license fees required under48.7 section 326B.092:

48.8 (1) the registration of an unlicensed individual under subdivision 12 shall be
48.9 considered an entry level license;

48.10 (2) the following licenses shall be considered journeyman licenses: Class A
48.11 journeyman electrician, Class B journeyman electrician, Class A installer, Class B
48.12 installer, elevator constructor, lineman, maintenance electrician, satellite system installer,
48.13 and power limited technician;

48.14 (3) the following licenses shall be considered master licenses: Class A master
48.15 electrician; and Class B master electrician, and master elevator constructor; and

(4) the following licenses shall be considered business licenses: Class A electrical
contractor, Class B electrical contractor, elevator contractor, satellite system contractor,
and technology systems contractor.

48.19 (c) For each filing of a certificate of responsible person by an employer, the fee is48.20 \$100.

48.21 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.33, subdivision 21, is amended to read:
48.22 Subd. 21. Exemptions from licensing. (a) An individual who is a maintenance
48.23 electrician is not required to hold or obtain a license under sections 326B.31 to 326B.399 if:

(1) the individual is engaged in the maintenance and repair of electrical equipment,
apparatus, and facilities that are owned or leased by the individual's employer and that are
located within the limits of property operated, maintained, and either owned or leased by
the individual's employer;

48.28 (2) the individual is supervised by:

(i) the responsible master electrician for a contractor who has contracted with theindividual's employer to provide services for which a contractor's license is required; or

(ii) a licensed master electrician, a licensed maintenance electrician, an electrical
engineer, or, if the maintenance and repair work is limited to technology circuits or
systems work, a licensed power limited technician; and

48.34 (3) the individual's employer has on file with the commissioner a current certificate48.35 of responsible person, signed by the responsible master electrician of the contractor, the

licensed master electrician, the licensed maintenance electrician, the electrical engineer, or 49.1 the licensed power limited technician, and stating that the person signing the certificate 49.2 is responsible for ensuring that the maintenance and repair work performed by the 49.3 employer's employees complies with the Minnesota Electrical Act and the rules adopted 49.4 under that act. The employer must pay a filing fee to file a certificate of responsible person 49.5 with the commissioner. The certificate shall expire two years from the date of filing. In 49.6 order to maintain a current certificate of responsible person, the employer must resubmit a 49.7 certificate of responsible person, with a filing fee, no later than two years from the date 49.8 of the previous submittal. 49.9

(b) Employees of a licensed electrical or technology systems contractor or other
employer where provided with supervision by a master electrician in accordance with
subdivision 1, or power limited technician in accordance with subdivision 7, paragraph
(a), clause (1), are not required to hold a license under sections 326B.31 to 326B.399
for the planning, laying out, installing, altering, and repairing of technology circuits or
systems except planning, laying out, or installing:

- 49.16 (1) in other than residential dwellings, class 2 or class 3 remote control circuits that
  49.17 control circuits or systems other than class 2 or class 3, except circuits that interconnect
  49.18 these systems through communication, alarm, and security systems are exempted from
  49.19 this paragraph;
- 49.20 (2) class 2 or class 3 circuits in electrical cabinets, enclosures, or devices containing
  49.21 physically unprotected circuits other than class 2 or class 3; or
- 49.22 (3) technology circuits or systems in hazardous classified locations as covered by49.23 chapter 5 of the National Electrical Code.
- 49.24 (c) Companies and their employees that plan, lay out, install, alter, or repair class
  49.25 2 and class 3 remote control wiring associated with plug or cord and plug connected
  49.26 appliances other than security or fire alarm systems installed in a residential dwelling are
  49.27 not required to hold a license under sections 326B.31 to 326B.399.
- (d) Heating, ventilating, air conditioning, and refrigeration contractors and their
  employees are not required to hold or obtain a license under sections 326B.31 to 326B.399
  when performing heating, ventilating, air conditioning, or refrigeration work as described
  in section 326B.38.
- (e) Employees of any electrical, communications, or railway utility, cable
  communications company as defined in section 238.02, or a telephone company as defined
  under section 237.01 or its employees, or of any independent contractor performing work
  on behalf of any such utility, cable communications company, or telephone company, shall
  not be required to hold a license under sections 326B.31 to 326B.399:

(1) while performing work on installations, materials, or equipment which are owned
or leased, and operated and maintained by such utility, cable communications company, or
telephone company in the exercise of its utility, antenna, or telephone function, and which
(i) are used exclusively for the generation, transformation, distribution, transmission,
or metering of electric current, or the operation of railway signals, or the transmission
of intelligence and do not have as a principal function the consumption or use of electric
current or provided service by or for the benefit of any person other than such utility, cable

50.8 communications company, or telephone company, and

(ii) are generally accessible only to employees of such utility, cable communicationscompany, or telephone company or persons acting under its control or direction, and

50.11 (iii) are not on the load side of the service point or point of entrance for50.12 communication systems;

50.13 (2) while performing work on installations, materials, or equipment which are a part50.14 of the street lighting operations of such utility; or

(3) while installing or performing work on outdoor area lights which are directly
connected to a utility's distribution system and located upon the utility's distribution poles,
and which are generally accessible only to employees of such utility or persons acting
under its control or direction.

(f) An owner shall not be required to hold or obtain a license under sections 326B.31to 326B.399.

50.21 (g) Companies and their employees licensed under section 326B.164 shall not be
 50.22 required to hold or obtain a license under sections 326B.31 to 326B.399 while performing
 50.23 elevator work.

- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.36, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
   Subd. 7. Exemptions from inspections. Installations, materials, or equipment shall
   not be subject to inspection under sections 326B.31 to 326B.399:
- (1) when owned or leased, operated and maintained by any employer whose
  maintenance electricians are exempt from licensing under sections 326B.31 to 326B.399,
  while performing electrical maintenance work only as defined by rule;
- (2) when owned or leased, and operated and maintained by any electrical,
  communications, or railway utility, cable communications company as defined in section
  238.02, or telephone company as defined under section 237.01, in the exercise of its
  utility, antenna, or telephone function; and
- 50.34 (i) are used exclusively for the generations, transformation, distribution,
  50.35 transmission, or metering of electric current, or the operation of railway signals, or the

51.1 transmission of intelligence, and do not have as a principal function the consumption or

use of electric current by or for the benefit of any person other than such utility, cablecommunications company, or telephone company; and

(ii) are generally accessible only to employees of such utility, cable communications
company, or telephone company or persons acting under its control or direction; and

51.6 (iii) are not on the load side of the service point or point of entrance for51.7 communication systems;

51.8

(3) when used in the street lighting operations of an electrical utility;

(4) when used as outdoor area lights which are owned and operated by an electrical
utility and which are connected directly to its distribution system and located upon the
utility's distribution poles, and which are generally accessible only to employees of such
utility or persons acting under its control or direction;

51.13 (5) when the installation, material, and equipment are in facilities subject to the 51.14 jurisdiction of the federal Mine Safety and Health Act; or

51.15 (6) when the installation, material, and equipment is part of an elevator installation for which the elevator contractor, licensed under section 326B.33 326B.164, is required to 51.16 obtain a permit from the authority having jurisdiction as provided by section 326B.184, 51.17 and the inspection has been or will be performed by an elevator inspector certified and 51.18 licensed by the department. This exemption shall apply only to installations, material, and 51.19 equipment permitted or required to be connected on the load side of the disconnecting 51.20 means required for elevator equipment under National Electrical Code Article 620, and 51.21 elevator communications and alarm systems within the machine room, car, hoistway, or 51.22 51.23 elevator lobby.

51.24 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

51.26 <u>Subd. 15.</u> <u>Utility interconnected wind generation installations.</u> (a) Fees

51.27 associated with utility interconnected generation installations consisting of one or more

51.28 generator sources interconnected with a utility power system and not supplying other

51.29 premises loads are calculated according to paragraph (b) or (c).

51.30 (b) The inspection fee is calculated according to subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and 6,

51.31 paragraphs (d), (f), (j), and (k). A fee must be included for the generators and utility

51.32 interconnect feeders, but not for a utility service.

51.33 (c) There is a plan review fee and an inspection fee for the entire electrical

51.34 installation. The plan review fee is based on the valuation of the electrical installation

51.35 related to one of the generator systems that is part of the overall installation, not to include

### H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

- 52.1 the supporting tower or other nonelectrical equipment or structures, calculated according
- 52.2 to section 326B.153, subdivision 2. The inspection fee is \$80 for each individual tower,
- 52.3 including any voltage matching transformers located at the tower, and the fee for the
- 52.4 <u>feeders interconnecting the individual towers to the utility power system is calculated</u>
- 52.5 according to subdivisions 4 and 6, paragraph (k).
- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.43, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
  Subd. 2. Agreement with municipality. The commissioner may enter into an
  agreement with a municipality, in which the municipality agrees to perform plan and
  specification reviews required to be performed by the commissioner under Minnesota
  Rules, part 4715.3130, if:
- 52.11 (a) the municipality has adopted:

52.12 (1) the plumbing code;

- 52.13 (2) an ordinance that requires plumbing plans and specifications to be submitted to,
  52.14 reviewed, and approved by the municipality, except as provided in paragraph (n);
- 52.15 (3) an ordinance that authorizes the municipality to perform inspections required by52.16 the plumbing code; and
- 52.17 (4) an ordinance that authorizes the municipality to enforce the plumbing code in its52.18 entirety, except as provided in paragraph (p);
- (b) the municipality agrees to review plumbing plans and specifications for all
  construction for which the plumbing code requires the review of plumbing plans and
  specifications, except as provided in paragraph (n);
- (c) the municipality agrees that, when it reviews plumbing plans and specificationsunder paragraph (b), the review will:
- 52.24 (1) reflect the degree to which the plans and specifications affect the public health52.25 and conform to the provisions of the plumbing code;
- (2) ensure that there is no physical connection between water supply systems thatare safe for domestic use and those that are unsafe for domestic use; and
- 52.28 (3) ensure that there is no apparatus through which unsafe water may be discharged52.29 or drawn into a safe water supply system;
- (d) the municipality agrees to perform all inspections required by the plumbing
  code in connection with projects for which the municipality reviews plumbing plans and
  specifications under paragraph (b);
- (e) the commissioner determines that the individuals who will conduct the inspections
  and the plumbing plan and specification reviews for the municipality do not have any
  conflict of interest in conducting the inspections and the plan and specification reviews;

(f) individuals who will conduct the plumbing plan and specification reviews forthe municipality are:

53.3 (1) licensed master plumbers;

53.4 (2) licensed professional engineers; or

(3) individuals who are working under the supervision of a licensed professional
engineer or licensed master plumber and who are licensed master or journeyman plumbers
or hold a postsecondary degree in engineering;

(g) individuals who will conduct the plumbing plan and specification reviews for
the municipality have passed a competency assessment required by the commissioner to
assess the individual's competency at reviewing plumbing plans and specifications;

(h) individuals who will conduct the plumbing inspections for the municipality
are licensed master or journeyman plumbers, or inspectors meeting the competency
requirements established in rules adopted under section 326B.135;

(i) the municipality agrees to enforce in its entirety the plumbing code on allprojects, except as provided in paragraph (p);

(j) the municipality agrees to keep official records of all documents received,
including plans, specifications, surveys, and plot plans, and of all plan reviews, permits
and certificates issued, reports of inspections, and notices issued in connection with
plumbing inspections and the review of plumbing plans and specifications;

(k) the municipality agrees to maintain the records described in paragraph (j) in the
official records of the municipality for the period required for the retention of public
records under section 138.17, and shall make these records readily available for review at
the request of the commissioner;

(1) the municipality and the commissioner agree that if at any time during the
agreement the municipality does not have in effect the plumbing code or any of ordinances
described in paragraph (a), or if the commissioner determines that the municipality is not
properly administering and enforcing the plumbing code or is otherwise not complying
with the agreement:

(1) the commissioner may, effective 14 days after the municipality's receipt ofwritten notice, terminate the agreement;

(2) the municipality may challenge the termination in a contested case before thecommissioner pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act; and

(3) while any challenge is pending under clause (2), the commissioner shall perform
plan and specification reviews within the municipality under Minnesota Rules, part
4715.3130;

(m) the municipality and the commissioner agree that the municipality may terminate
the agreement with or without cause on 90 days' written notice to the commissioner;

(n) the municipality and the commissioner agree that the municipality shall forward
to the state for review all plumbing plans and specifications for the following types of
projects within the municipality:

54.6 (1) hospitals, nursing homes, supervised living facilities licensed for eight or
54.7 more individuals, and similar health-care-related facilities regulated by the Minnesota
54.8 Department of Health state-licensed facilities as defined in section 326B.103, subdivision
54.9 13;

54.10 (2) buildings owned by the federal or state government public buildings as defined
54.11 in section 326B.103, subdivision 11; and

54.12 (3) projects of a special nature for which department review is requested by either54.13 the municipality or the state;

(o) where the municipality forwards to the state for review plumbing plans and
specifications, as provided in paragraph (n), the municipality shall not collect any fee for
plan review, and the commissioner shall collect all applicable fees for plan review; and
(p) no municipality shall revoke, suspend, or place restrictions on any plumbing
license issued by the state.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.49, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Fees for plan reviews and audits. Plumbing system plans and
specifications that are submitted to the commissioner for review shall be accompanied by
the appropriate plan examination fees. If the commissioner determines, upon review of
the plans, that inadequate fees were paid, the necessary additional fees shall be paid prior
to plan approval. The commissioner shall charge the following fees for plan reviews and
audits of plumbing installations for public, commercial, and industrial buildings:

54.26 (1) systems with both water distribution and drain, waste, and vent systems and54.27 having:

54.28 (i) 25 or fewer drainage fixture units, \$150;

54.29 (ii) 26 to 50 drainage fixture units, \$250;

54.30 (iii) 51 to 150 drainage fixture units, \$350;

54.31 (iv) 151 to 249 drainage fixture units, \$500;

54.32 (v) 250 or more drainage fixture units, \$3 per drainage fixture unit to a maximum
54.33 of \$4,000; and

54.34 (vi) interceptors, separators, or catch basins, \$70 per interceptor, separator, or catch
54.35 basin design;

(2) building sewer service only, \$150; 55.1 (3) building water service only, \$150; 55.2 (4) building water distribution system only, no drainage system, \$5 per supply 55.3 fixture unit or \$150, whichever is greater; 55.4 (5) storm drainage system, a minimum fee of \$150 or: 55.5 (i) \$50 per drain opening, up to a maximum of \$500; and 55.6 (ii) \$70 per interceptor, separator, or catch basin design; 55.7 (6) manufactured home park or campground, one to 25 sites, \$300; 55.8 (7) manufactured home park or campground, 26 to 50 sites, \$350; 55.9 (8) manufactured home park or campground, 51 to 125 sites, \$400; 55.10 (9) manufactured home park or campground, more than 125 sites, \$500; and 55.11 (10) accelerated review, double the regular fee, one-half to be refunded if no 55.12 response from the commissioner within 15 business days; and 55.13 (11) (10) revision to previously reviewed or incomplete plans: 55.14 55.15 (i) review of plans for which the commissioner has issued two or more requests for additional information, per review, \$100 or ten percent of the original fee, whichever 55.16 is greater; 55.17 (ii) proposer-requested revision with no increase in project scope, \$50 or ten percent 55.18 of original fee, whichever is greater; and 55.19 (iii) proposer-requested revision with an increase in project scope, \$50 plus the 55.20 difference between the original project fee and the revised project fee. 55.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2014. 55.22 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.49, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 55.23 Subd. 3. Inspection Permits; fees. The commissioner shall charge the following 55.24

55.25 fees for inspections under sections 326B.42 to 326B.49:

55.26	Residential inspection fee (each visit)	<del>\$</del>	<del>50</del>
55.27	Public, Commercial, and Industrial Inspections	Inspecti	<del>on Fee</del>
55.28	25 or fewer drainage fixture units	<del>\$</del>	<del>300</del>
55.29	26 to 50 drainage fixture units	<del>\$</del>	<del>900</del>
55.30	51 to 150 drainage fixture units	<del>\$</del>	<del>1,200</del>
55.31	151 to 249 drainage fixture units	<del>\$</del>	<del>1,500</del>
55.32	250 or more drainage fixture units	<del>\$</del>	<del>1,800</del>
55.33	Callback fee (each visit)	<del>\$</del>	<del>100</del>

(a) Before commencement of a plumbing installation to be inspected by the
 commissioner, the plumbing contractor or registered plumbing employer performing the

56.1	plumbing work must submit to the commissioner an application for a permit and the
56.2	permit and inspection fees in paragraphs (b) to (f).
56.3	(b) The permit fee is \$100.
56.4	(c) The residential inspection fee is \$50 for each inspection trip.
56.5	(d) The public, commercial, and industrial inspection fees are as follows:
56.6	(1) for systems with water distribution, drain, waste, and vent system connection:
56.7	(i) \$25 for each fixture, permanently connected appliance, floor drain, or other
56.8	appurtenance;
56.9	(ii) \$25 for each water conditioning, water treatment, or water filtration system; and
56.10	(iii) \$25 for each interceptor, separator, catch basin, or manhole;
56.11	(2) roof drains, \$25 for each drain;
56.12	(3) building sewer service only, \$100;
56.13	(4) building water service only, \$100;
56.14	(5) building water distribution system only, no drainage system, \$5 for each fixture
56.15	supplied;
56.16	(6) storm drainage system, a minimum fee of \$25 for each drain opening, interceptor,
56.17	separator, or catch basin;
56.18	(7) manufactured home park or campground, \$25 for each site;
56.19	(8) reinspection fee to verify corrections, regardless of the total fee submitted, \$100
56.20	for each reinspection; and
56.21	(9) each \$100 in fees paid covers one inspection trip.
56.22	(e) In addition to the fees in paragraph (c), the fee submitter must pay an hourly rate of
56.23	\$80 during regular business hours, or \$120 when inspections are requested to be performed
56.24	outside of normal work hours or on weekends and holidays, with a two-hour minimum
56.25	where the fee submitter requests inspections of installations as systems are being installed.
56.26	(f) The fee submitter must pay a fee equal to two hours at the hourly rate of \$80
56.27	when inspections scheduled by the submitter are not able to be completed because the
56.28	work is not complete.
56.29	Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326B.89, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
56 30	Subdivision 1 <b>Definitions</b> (a) For the purposes of this section the following terms

56.30 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms56.31 have the meanings given them.

(b) "Gross annual receipts" means the total amount derived from residential
contracting or residential remodeling activities, regardless of where the activities are
performed, and must not be reduced by costs of goods sold, expenses, losses, or any
other amount.

H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

57.1 (c) "Licensee" means a person licensed as a residential contractor or residential57.2 remodeler.

57.3 (d) "Residential real estate" means a new or existing building constructed for57.4 habitation by one to four families, and includes detached garages.

57.5 (e) "Fund" means the contractor recovery fund.

(f) "Owner" when used in connection with real property, means a person who has
any legal or equitable interest in real property and includes a condominium or townhome
association that owns common property located in a condominium building or townhome
building or an associated detached garage. Owner does not include any real estate
developer or any owner using, or intending to use, the property for a business purpose and
not as owner-occupied residential real estate.

57.12 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 327B.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
57.13 Subd. 4. License prerequisites. No application shall be granted nor license issued
57.14 until the applicant proves to the commissioner that:

(a) the applicant has a permanent, established place of business at each licensed 57.15 location. An "established place of business" means a permanent enclosed building other 57.16 57.17 than a residence, or a commercial office space, either owned by the applicant or leased by the applicant for a term of at least one year, located in an area where zoning regulations 57.18 allow commercial activity, and where the books, records and files necessary to conduct 57.19 the business are kept and maintained. The owner of a licensed manufactured home park 57.20 who resides in or adjacent to the park may use the residence as the established place of 57.21 business required by this subdivision, unless prohibited by local zoning ordinance. 57.22

57.23 If a license is granted, the licensee may use unimproved lots and premises for sale, 57.24 storage, and display of manufactured homes, if the licensee first notifies the commissioner 57.25 in writing;

57.26 (b) if the applicant desires to sell, solicit or advertise the sale of new manufactured 57.27 homes, it has a bona fide contract or franchise in effect with a manufacturer or distributor 57.28 of the new manufactured home it proposes to deal in;

(c) the applicant has secured: (1) a surety bond in the amount of \$20,000 for each agency and each subagency location that bears the applicant's name and the name under which the applicant will be licensed and do business in this state. Each bond is for the protection of consumer customers, and must be executed by the applicant as principal and issued by a surety company admitted to do business in this state. Each bond shall be exclusively for the purpose of reimbursing consumer customers and shall be conditioned upon the faithful compliance by the applicant with all of the laws and rules of this state

pertaining to the applicant's business as a dealer or manufacturer, including sections 325D.44, 325F.67 and 325F.69, and upon the applicant's faithful performance of all its legal obligations to consumer customers; and (2) a certificate of liability insurance in the amount of \$1,000,000 that provides aggregate coverage for the agency and each subagency location. In the event of a policy cancellation, the insurer shall send written notice to the commissioner at the same time that a cancellation request is received from or a notice is sent to the insured;

(d) the applicant has established a trust account as required by section 327B.08,
subdivision 3, unless the applicant states in writing its intention to limit its business to
selling, offering for sale, soliciting or advertising the sale of new manufactured homes; and
(e) the applicant has provided evidence of having had at least two years' prior

experience in the sale of manufactured homes, working for a licensed dealer. <u>The</u>
applicant does not have to satisfy the two-year prior experience requirement if:

- uppriorit does not nave to substy the two year prior experience requirement in:
- (1) the applicant sells or brokers used manufactured homes as permitted under
- 58.15 section 327B.01, subdivision 7; or
- (2) the applicant:
- 58.17 (i) has met all other licensing requirements;
- 58.18 (ii) is the owner of a manufactured home park; and
- 58.19 (iii) is selling new manufactured homes installed in the manufactured home park
- 58.20 that the applicant owns.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 341.21, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
Subd. 3a. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of labor
and industry or a duly designated representative of the commissioner who is either an
employee of the Department of Labor and Industry or a person working under contract
with the department.

- 58.26 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 341.221, is amended to read:
- 58.27

341.221 ADVISORY COUNCIL.

(a) The commissioner must appoint a Combative Sports Advisory Council to advisethe commissioner on the administration of duties under this chapter.

(b) The council shall have nine members appointed by the commissioner. One
member must be a retired judge of the Minnesota District Court, Minnesota Court of
Appeals, Minnesota Supreme Court, the United States District Court for the District of
Minnesota, or the Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals. At least four members must have
knowledge of the boxing industry. At least four members must have knowledge of the

59.1 mixed martial arts industry. The commissioner shall make serious efforts to appoint59.2 qualified women to serve on the council.

- 59.3 (c) Council members shall serve terms of four years with the terms ending on the59.4 first Monday in January.
- 59.5 (d) The council shall annually elect from its membership a chair.

(e) The commissioner shall convene the first meeting of the council by July 1, 2012.
The council shall elect a chair at its first meeting. Thereafter, Meetings shall be convened
by the commissioner, or by the chair with the approval of the commissioner.

(f) For the first appointments to the council, the commissioner shall appoint the
members currently serving on the Combative Sports Commission established under
section 341.22, to the council. The commissioner shall designate two of the members to
serve until the first Monday in January 2013; two members to serve until the first Monday
in January 2014; two members to serve until the first Monday in January 2015; and three
members to serve until the first Monday in January 2016.

59.15 (g) Removal of members, filling of vacancies, and compensation of members shall59.16 be as provided in section 15.059.

59.17 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 341.27, is amended to read:

59.18 **341.27 COMMISSIONER DUTIES.** 

59.19 The commissioner shall:

59.20 (1) issue, deny, renew, suspend, or revoke licenses;

59.21 (2) make and maintain records of its acts and proceedings including the issuance,

59.22 denial, renewal, suspension, or revocation of licenses;

59.23 (3) keep public records of the council open to inspection at all reasonable times;

59.24 (4) develop rules to be implemented under this chapter;

59.25 (5) conform to the rules adopted under this chapter;

(6) develop policies and procedures for regulating boxing and mixed martial arts; and 59.26 (7) immediately suspend an individual license for a medical condition, including but 59.27 not limited to a medical condition resulting from an injury sustained during a match, bout, 59.28 or contest that has been confirmed by the ringside physician. The medical suspension must 59.29 be lifted after the commissioner receives written information from a physician licensed in 59.30 the home state of the licensee indicating that the combatant may resume competition, and 59.31 any other information that the commissioner may by rule require. Medical suspensions 59.32 are not subject to section 214.10. 326B.082 or the contested case procedures provided 59.33 59.34 in sections 14.57 to 14.69; and

#### H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

- 60.1 (8) immediately suspend an individual combatant license for a mandatory rest period,
- 60.2 which must commence at the conclusion of every combative sports contest in which the
- 60.3 license holder competes and does not receive a medical suspension. A rest suspension
- 60.4 must automatically lift after seven calendar days from the date the combative sports
- 60.5 contest passed without notice or additional proceedings. Rest suspensions are not subject
- to section 326B.082 or the contested case procedures provided in sections 14.57 to 14.69.
- 60.7 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 341.29, is amended to read:
- 60.8

60.23

## **341.29 JURISDICTION OF COMMISSIONER.**

60.9 The commissioner shall:

(1) have sole direction, supervision, regulation, control, and jurisdiction over all
combative sport contests that are held within this state unless a contest is exempt from the
application of this chapter under federal law;

60.13 (2) have sole control, authority, and jurisdiction over all licenses required by this60.14 chapter; and

(3) grant a license to an applicant if, in the judgment of the commissioner, the
financial responsibility, experience, character, and general fitness of the applicant are
consistent with the public interest, convenience, or necessity and the best interests of
combative sports and conforms with this chapter and the commissioner's rules-<u>; and</u>

60.19 (4) deny, suspend, or revoke a license using the enforcement provisions of section
60.20 326B.082.

60.21Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 341.30, subdivision 4, is amended to read:60.22Subd. 4. Prelicensure requirements. (a) Before the commissioner issues a license

(1) provide the commissioner with a copy of any agreement between a combatantand the applicant that binds the applicant to pay the combatant a certain fixed fee or

to a promoter, corporation, or other business entity, the applicant shall:

60.26 percentage of the gate receipts;

60.27 (2) show on the application the owner or owners of the applicant entity and the
60.28 percentage of interest held by each owner holding a 25 percent or more interest in the
60.29 applicant;

60.30 (3) provide the commissioner with a copy of the latest financial statement of the60.31 entity; and

60.32 (4) provide the commissioner with a copy or other proof acceptable to the60.33 commissioner of the insurance contract or policy required by this chapter.

(b) Before the commissioner issues a license to a promoter, the applicant shall
deposit with the commissioner a cash bond or surety bond in an amount set by the
commissioner, which must not be less than \$10,000. The bond shall be executed in favor
of this state and shall be conditioned on the faithful performance by the promoter of the
promoter's obligations under this chapter and the rules adopted under it. An applicant for a
license as a promoter <u>and licensed promoters</u> shall submit an application <u>for each event a</u>
minimum of six weeks before the combative sport contest is scheduled to occur.

61.8

61.9

(c) Before the commissioner issues a license to a combatant, the applicant shall submit to the commissioner:

61.10 (1) a mixed martial arts combatant national identification number or federal boxing
 61.11 identification number that is unique to the applicant, or both; and

61.12 (2) the results of a current medical examination on forms furnished or approved by the commissioner. The medical examination must include an ophthalmological and 61.13 neurological examination, and documentation of test results for HBV, HCV, and HIV, and 61.14 61.15 any other blood test as the commissioner by rule may require. The ophthalmological examination must be designed to detect any retinal defects or other damage or condition 61.16 of the eye that could be aggravated by combative sports. The neurological examination 61.17 61.18 must include an electroencephalogram or medically superior test if the combatant has been knocked unconscious in a previous contest. The commissioner may also order an 61.19 electroencephalogram or other appropriate neurological or physical examination before 61.20 any contest if it determines that the examination is desirable to protect the health of the 61.21 combatant. The commissioner shall not issue a license to an applicant submitting positive 61.22 test results for HBV, HCV, or HIV. 61.23

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 341.32, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 61.24 61.25 Subd. 2. Expiration and renewal. A license issued after July 1, 2007, is valid for one year from the date it is issued and Licenses expire annually on December 31, and may 61.26 be renewed by filing an application for renewal with the commissioner and payment of the 61.27 license fees established in section 341.321. An application for a license and renewal of a 61.28 license must be on a form provided by the commissioner. There is a 30-day grace period 61.29 during which a license may be renewed if a late filing penalty fee equal to the license fee 61.30 is submitted with the regular license fee. A licensee that files late shall not conduct any 61.31 activity regulated by this chapter until the commissioner has renewed the license. If the 61.32 licensee fails to apply to the commissioner within the 30-day grace period, the licensee 61.33 must apply for a new license under subdivision 1. 61.34

- 62.1 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 341.321, is amended to read:
- 62.2 **341.321 FEE SCHEDULE.**
- 62.3 (a) The fee schedule for professional licenses issued by the commissioner is as62.4 follows:
- 62.5 (1) referees, <del>\$45</del> \$80 for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.6 (2) promoters, \$400 \$700 for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.7 (3) judges and knockdown judges, <u>\$45\_\$80</u> for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.8 (4) trainers, \$45 80 for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.9 (5) ring announcers,  $\frac{45}{80}$  for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.10 (6) seconds, \$45 80 for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.11 (7) timekeepers, \$45 <u>\$80</u> for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.12 (8) combatants,  $\frac{45}{100}$  for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.13 (9) managers, \$45 <u>\$80</u> for each initial license and each renewal; and
- 62.14 (10) ringside physicians,  $\frac{45}{80}$  for each initial license and each renewal.
- 62.15 In addition to the license fee and the late filing penalty fee in section 341.32, subdivision
- 62.16 2, if applicable, an individual who applies for a professional license on the same day the
- 62.17 combative sporting event is held shall pay a late fee of \$100 plus the original license fee of
- 62.18 \$45 \$120 at the time the application is submitted.
- (b) The fee schedule for amateur licenses issued by the commissioner is as follows:
- 62.20 (1) referees,  $\frac{45}{80}$  for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.21 (2) promoters, \$400 \$700 for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.22 (3) judges and knockdown judges,  $\frac{45}{80}$  for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.23 (4) trainers, \$45 \$80 for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.24 (5) ring announcers,  $\frac{45}{80}$  for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.25 (6) seconds,  $\frac{45}{80}$  for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.26 (7) timekeepers, <del>\$45</del> \$80 for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.27 (8) combatant,  $\frac{$25}{$60}$  for each initial license and each renewal;
- 62.28 (9) managers, \$45 <u>\$80</u> for each initial license and each renewal; and
- (10) ringside physicians, <del>\$45</del> \$80 for each initial license and each renewal.
- 62.30 (c) The commissioner shall establish a contest fee for each combative sport contest.
- 62.31 The professional combative sport contest fee is \$1,500 per event or not more than four
- 62.32 percent of the gross ticket sales, whichever is greater, as determined by the commissioner
- 62.33 when the combative sport contest is scheduled, except that the amateur combative sport
- 62.34 contest fee shall be \$500 \$1,500 or not more than four percent of the gross ticket sales,
- 62.35 whichever is greater. The commissioner shall consider the size and type of venue when
- 62.36 establishing a contest fee. The commissioner may establish the maximum number

- 63.1 of complimentary tickets allowed for each event by rule. A professional or amateur
- 63.2 combative sport contest fee is nonrefundable.
- (d) All fees and penalties collected by the commissioner must be deposited in thecommissioner account in the special revenue fund.

63.5	Sec. 44. <u><b>REPEALER.</b></u>
63.6	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 326B.31, subdivisions 18, 19, and 22; and
63.7	326B.978, subdivision 4, are repealed.
63.8	(b) Minnesota Rules, part 1307.0032, is repealed effective December 31, 2013.
63.9	(c) Minnesota Rules, parts 3800.3520, subpart 5, items C and D; and 3800.3602,
63.10	subpart 2, item B, subitems (5) and (6), are repealed.
63.11	ARTICLE 3
63.12 63.13	EMPLOYMENT, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, AND WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT
63.14	Section 1. [116J.013] COST-OF-LIVING STUDY; ANNUAL REPORT.
63.15	(a) The commissioner shall conduct an annual cost-of-living study in Minnesota.
63.16	The study shall include:
63.17	(1) a calculation of the statewide basic needs cost of living, adjusted for family size;
63.18	(2) a calculation of the basic needs cost of living, adjusted for family size, for each
63.19	<u>county;</u>
63.20	(3) an analysis of statewide and county cost-of-living data, employment data, and
63.21	job vacancy data; and
63.22	(4) recommendations to aid in the assessment of employment and economic
63.23	development planning needs throughout the state.
63.24	(b) The commissioner shall report on the cost-of-living study and recommendations
63.25	by February 1 of each year to the governor and to the chairs of the standing committees
63.26	of the house of representatives and the senate having jurisdiction over employment and
63.27	economic development issues.
63.28	Sec. 2. [116J.4011] LABOR MARKET INFORMATION DATA PRODUCTION
63.29	<u>REQUIREMENT.</u>
63.30	(a) As part of the commissioner's obligation under section 116J.401, the
63.31	commissioner must, in collaboration with the Office of Higher Education and local
63.32	workforce councils, produce and publish labor market analysis describing the alignment
63.33	between employer requirements and workforce qualifications.

64.1	(b) The analysis must include a description of job trends that supports career choice
64.2	and job seeking including:
64.3	(1) measures of current job growth, projected future job growth, and current job
64.4	vacancies;
64.5	(2) a breakdown of these measures, whenever feasible, by industry, occupation,
64.6	statewide and substate region, by educational requirement, state employee retirement
64.7	trends, and by racial trends;
64.8	(3) a description of industry- or occupation-based credentials and minimum
64.9	educational standards necessary for successful employment in each area; and
64.10	(4) a designation of areas of opportunity based on high growth, high vacancy, and
64.11	high pay conditions.
64.12	(c) The analysis must include a description of workforce supply and quality,
64.13	including:
64.14	(1) a description of the current educational attainment of the workforce and its
64.15	distribution across industries, occupations, and regions;
64.16	(2) the number and distribution of recent graduates of and current enrollees in
64.17	postsecondary institutions by academic concentration or major and by credential type; and
64.18	(3) the completion rate, employment outcome, and average debt for recent
64.19	postsecondary graduates by program of study, institution type, and credential.
64.20	(d) The analysis must be reviewed on a regular basis by representatives from the
64.21	business and postsecondary sectors, and any feedback should be incorporated into data
64.22	collection and presentation where feasible. This feedback may also include surveys of
64.23	employers on their skill, credential, and other workforce requirements when necessary.
64.24	(e) Analysis, data, and reports required by this section must be easily accessible, easily
64.25	readable, and prominently presented on the Department of Employment and Economic
64.26	Development Web site and Web sites of workforce centers. Information on job vacancies
64.27	and areas of potential employment opportunities should link to educational or credential
64.28	requirements, appropriate training or educational offerings, prevailing wages, and other
64.29	indicators of market conditions deemed important to career choosers and job seekers.
64.30	Sec. 3. [116J.548] HOST COMMUNITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
64.31	<u>GRANTS.</u>
64.32	Subdivision 1. Creation of account. A host community economic development

- 64.33 grant program is created in the Department of Employment and Economic Development.
- 64.34 Grants awarded under this section may only be spent for capital costs of an eligible project.
- 64.35 <u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Definitions.</u> For purposes of this section:

- (1) "Capital costs" means expenditures for the acquisition and betterment of public
   lands and buildings, and for other publicly owned capital improvements. Capital costs
   also include expenditures for predesign, design, engineering, and similar activities for
   specifically identified eligible projects.
- 65.5 (2) "Eligible project" means a development or redevelopment project that will
  65.6 generate economic development within a host community.
- 65.7 (3) "Economic development" means job creation, an increase in the tax base, the
  65.8 capacity of the eligible project to attract private investment, and other objective criteria
  65.9 established by the commissioner that demonstrate a public benefit to the host community.
  65.10 (4) "Host community" means a city located within the seven-county metropolitan
  65.11 area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, that is the site of a waste disposal
- 65.12 <u>facility that meets the standards in section 473.849, that accepts unprocessed mixed</u>
- 65.13 <u>municipal solid waste generated in the metropolitan area.</u>
- 65.14 Subd. 3. Application. Host communities may apply for a grant under this section
  65.15 on a form and in a manner prescribed by the commissioner. In awarding grants under
  65.16 this section, the commissioner shall give priority to eligible projects that, based on a
  65.17 cost-benefit analysis, provide the highest return on public investment. The commissioner
  65.18 must allocate available money between host communities as evenly as practicable.
  65.19 Subd. 4. No match required. Notwithstanding section 16A.86 or any other law to
- the contrary, the state share of a project covered by this section shall cover 100 percent of
  the total cost of the project.
- 65.22 <u>Subd. 5.</u> <u>Report.</u> The commissioner must report to committees of the legislature
  65.23 with jurisdiction over economic development by February 15 of each year on grants
  65.24 awarded under this section.
- 65.25

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116J.8731, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 65.26 Subd. 2. Administration. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 65.27 commissioner shall administer the fund as part of the Small Cities Development Block 65.28 Grant Program- and funds shall be made available to local communities and recognized 65.29 Indian tribal governments in accordance with the rules adopted for economic development 65.30 grants in the small cities community development block grant program, except that. 65.31 All units of general purpose local government are eligible applicants for Minnesota 65.32 investment funds. The commissioner may provide forgivable loans directly to a private 65.33 enterprise and not require a local community or recognized Indian tribal government 65.34 65.35 application other than a resolution supporting the assistance. Eligible applicants for the

66.1 <u>state-funded portion of the fund also include development authorities as defined in section</u>

66.2 116J.552, subdivision 4, provided that the governing body of the municipality approves,

66.3 by resolution, the application of the development authority. The commissioner may also

make funds available within the department for eligible expenditures under subdivision 3,
clause (2). A home rule charter or statutory city, county, or town may loan or grant money
received from repayment of funds awarded under this section to a regional development
commission, other regional entity, or statewide community capital fund as determined by
the commissioner, to capitalize or to provide the local match required for capitalization of
a regional or statewide revolving loan fund.

66.10 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116J.8731, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
66.11 Subd. 3. Eligible expenditures. The money appropriated for this section may
66.12 be used to:

66.13 (1) fund loans or grants for infrastructure, loans, loan guarantees, interest buy-downs,
66.14 and other forms of participation with private sources of financing, provided that a loan to
66.15 a private enterprise must be for a principal amount not to exceed one-half of the cost of
66.16 the project for which financing is sought;

(2) fund strategic investments in renewable energy market development, such as
low interest loans for renewable energy equipment manufacturing, training grants to
support renewable energy workforce, development of a renewable energy supply chain
that represents and strengthens the industry throughout the state, and external marketing
to garner more national and international investment into Minnesota's renewable sector.
Expenditures in external marketing for renewable energy market development are not
subject to the limitations in clause (1); and

66.24 (3) provide private entrepreneurs with training, other technical assistance, and66.25 financial assistance, as provided in the small cities development block grant program.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116J.8731, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
Subd. 8. Disaster contingency account; repayments. There is created a Minnesota
investment fund disaster contingency account in the special revenue fund. Repayment of
loan amounts to the local government unit <u>or development authority</u> under this section
shall be forwarded to the commissioner and deposited in the disaster contingency account
in the Minnesota investment fund to be appropriated by law for future disaster relief.

66.32 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116J.8731, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Requirements for assistance. (a) All awards under section 12A.07 are 67.1 subject to the following requirements in this subdivision. 67.2 (a) Eligible applicants include the following: 67.3 (b) Eligible applicants are subject to the following requirements: 67.4 (1) Applicants may be any business or nonprofit organization in the area included 67.5 in the disaster declaration that was directly and adversely affected by the disaster. This 67.6 includes: businesses, cooperatives, utilities, industrial, commercial, retail, and nonprofit 67.7 organizations, including those nonprofits that provide residential, health care, child care, 67.8 social, or other services on behalf of the Department of Human Services to residents 67.9 included in the disaster area. 67.10 (2) Business applicants must be organized as a proprietorship, partnership, LLC, or 67.11 a corporation. 67.12

67.13 (3) Applicants must have been in operation before the date of the disaster.

67.14 (b) Eligible activities. (c) Loan funds may be used to assist businesses only in their
 67.15 recovery efforts but are not available to provide relief from economic losses.

- 67.16 (c) Eligible costs. (d) Eligible costs may include the following: repair of buildings,
- 67.17 leasehold improvements, fixtures and/or equipment, loss of inventory, and cleanup costs.
- 67.18 (d) (e) Ineligible activities include all of the following:
- 67.19 (1) Incligible applicants. Any applicants not meeting the eligibility requirements
  67.20 outlined in this subdivision are ineligible to receive recovery loan funds.
- 67.21 (2) Ineligible activities. Funds may not be used for lending or investment operations,
  67.22 land speculation, or any activity deemed illegal by federal, state, or local law or ordinance.
- 67.23 (3) Ineligible costs. Ineligible costs include but are not limited to: economic injury
  67.24 losses, relocation, management fees, financing costs, franchise fees, debt consolidation,
- 67.25 moving costs, refinancing debt existing prior to the date of the disaster, and operating costs.
- 67.26 (e) (f) Loan application:

67.27 (1) Application process. All parties seeking recovery loan funds must file an
67.28 application with the local unit of government or development authority. Small Business
67.29 Administration (SBA) application forms may be used. Applications must be transmitted
67.30 in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner.

- 67.31 (f) Application information. (g) Only completed applications will be reviewed for
   67.32 consideration. Submittal of the following information constitutes a complete application:
- 67.33 (1) Minnesota investment fund recovery loan fund application;

67.34 (2) business SBA disaster application, if applicable;

67.35 (3) regional development organization or responsible local government application,67.36 if applicable;

(4) administrative contact; 68.1 (5) business release for local government to review SBA damage assessment/loss 68.2 verification, if applicable; 68.3 (6) proof of loss statement from insurer; 68.4 (7) construction cost estimates; 68.5 (8) invoices for work completed; 68.6 (9) quotes for equipment; 68.7 (10) proposed security; 68.8 (11) company historical financial statements for the 24 months immediately prior to 68.9 the application date; 68.10 (12) credit check release; 68.11 (13) number of jobs to be retained; 68.12 (14) wages paid; 68.13 (15) amount of loan request; 68.14 68.15 (16) documentation of damages incurred; (17) property taxes paid and current; 68.16 (18) judgments, liens, agreements, consent decrees, stipulations for settlements, or 68.17 other such actions which would prevent the applicant from participating in any program 68.18 administered by the responsible local, state, or regional government; 68.19 (19) compliance with all applicable local ordinances and plans; 68.20 (20) documentation through financial and tax records that the business was a viable 68.21 operating entity at the time of the flood; 68.22 68.23 (21) business tax identification number; and (22) other documentation as requested. 68.24 (g) (h) Incomplete applications will be assigned pending status and the applicant 68.25 will be informed in writing of the missing documentation. 68.26 (h) Determination of eligibility. (i) Applicant eligibility will be determined using 68.27 criteria enumerated in paragraph (a) (b). A credit check for the company and each of its 68.28 principal owners may be conducted. An owner's encumbrance report will be completed 68.29 by the Recorder's Office. 68.30 (j) A grant recipient is eligible for assistance provided under this section only after the 68.31 recipient has claimed all applicable private insurance and the recipient has utilized all other 68.32 sources of applicable assistance available under the act appropriating funding for the grant. 68.33

# 68.34 Sec. 8. [116J.8748] MINNESOTA JOB CREATION FUND.

69.1	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
69.2	have the meanings given.
69.3	(b) "Agreement" or "business subsidy agreement" means a business subsidy
69.4	agreement under section 116J.994 that must include, but is not limited to: specification
69.5	of the duration of the agreement, job goals and a timeline for achieving those goals over
69.6	the duration of the agreement, construction and other investment goals and a timeline for
69.7	achieving those goals over the duration of the agreement, and the value of benefits the
69.8	firm may receive following achievement of capital investment and employment goals.
69.9	The local government and business must report to the commissioner on the business
69.10	performance using the forms developed by the commissioner.
69.11	(c) "Business" means an individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability
69.12	company, association, or other entity.
69.13	(d) "Capital investment" means money that is expended for the purpose of building
69.14	or improving real fixed property where employees under paragraphs (g) and (h) are or
69.15	will be employed and also includes construction materials, services, and supplies, and the
69.16	purchase and installation of equipment and machinery as provided under subdivision 4,
69.17	paragraph (b), clause (5).
69.18	(e) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic
69.19	development.
69.20	(f) "Minnesota job creation fund business" means a business that is designated
69.21	by the commissioner under subdivision 3.
69.22	(g) "New full-time employee" means an employee who:
69.23	(1) begins work at a Minnesota job creation fund business facility noted in a business
69.24	subsidy agreement and following the designation as a job creation fund business; and
69.25	(2) has expected work hours of at least 2,080 hours annually.
69.26	(h) "Retained job" means a full-time position:
69.27	(1) that existed at the facility prior to the designation as a job creation fund business;
69.28	and
69.29	(2) has expected work hours of at least 2,080 hours annually.
69.30	(i) "Wages" has the meaning given in section 290.92, subdivision 1, clause (1).
69.31	Subd. 2. Application. (a) In order to qualify for designation as a Minnesota job
69.32	creation fund business under subdivision 3, a business must submit an application to the
69.33	local government entity where the facility is or will be located.
69.34	(b) A local government must submit the business application along with other
69.35	application materials to the commissioner for approval.

70.1	(c) The applications required under paragraphs (a) and (b) must be in the form and
70.2	be made under the procedures specified by the commissioner.
70.3	Subd. 3. Minnesota job creation fund business designation; requirements. (a)
70.4	To receive designation as a Minnesota job creation fund business, a business must satisfy
70.5	all of the following conditions:
70.6	(1) the business is or will be engaged in, within Minnesota, one of the following
70.7	as its primary business activity:
70.8	(i) manufacturing;
70.9	(ii) warehousing;
70.10	(iii) distribution;
70.11	(iv) information technology;
70.12	(v) finance;
70.13	(vi) insurance; or
70.14	(vii) professional or technical services;
70.15	(2) the business must not be primarily engaged in lobbying; gambling; entertainment;
70.16	professional sports; political consulting; leisure; hospitality; or professional services
70.17	provided by attorneys, accountants, business consultants, physicians, or health care
70.18	consultants, or primarily engaged in making retail sales to purchasers who are physically
70.19	present at the business's location;
70.20	(3) the business must enter into a binding construction and job creation business
70.21	subsidy agreement with the commissioner to expend at least \$500,000 in capital investment
70.22	in a capital investment project that includes a new, expanded, or remodeled facility within
70.23	one year following designation as a Minnesota job creation fund business and:
70.24	(i) create at least ten new full-time employee positions within two years of the
70.25	benefit date following the designation as a Minnesota job creation fund business; or
70.26	(ii) expend at least \$25,000,000, which may include the installation and purchase
70.27	of machinery and equipment, in capital investment and retain at least 200 employees for
70.28	projects located in the metropolitan area as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 24, and
70.29	75 employees for projects located outside the metropolitan area;
70.30	(4) positions or employees moved or relocated from another Minnesota location
70.31	of the Minnesota job creation fund business must not be included in any calculation or
70.32	determination of job creation or new positions under this paragraph; and
70.33	(5) a Minnesota job creation fund business must not terminate, lay off, or reduce
70.34	the working hours of an employee for the purpose of hiring an individual to satisfy job
70.35	creation goals under this subdivision.

71.1	(b) Prior to approving the proposed designation of a business under this subdivision,
71.2	the commissioner shall consider the following:
71.3	(1) the economic outlook of the industry in which the business engages;
71.4	(2) the projected sales of the business that will be generated from outside the state
71.5	of Minnesota;
71.6	(3) how the business will build on existing regional, national, and international
71.7	strengths to diversify the state's economy;
71.8	(4) whether the business activity would occur without financial assistance;
71.9	(5) whether the business is unable to expand at an existing Minnesota operation
71.10	due to facility or land limitations;
71.11	(6) whether the business has viable location options outside Minnesota;
71.12	(7) the effect of financial assistance on industry competitors in Minnesota;
71.13	(8) financial contributions to the project made by local governments; and
71.14	(9) any other criteria the commissioner deems necessary.
71.15	(c) Upon receiving notification of local approval under subdivision 2, the
71.16	commissioner shall review the determination by the local government and consider the
71.17	conditions listed in paragraphs (a) and (b) to determine whether it is in the best interests of
71.18	the state and local area to designate a business as a Minnesota job creation fund business.
71.19	(d) If the commissioner designates a business as a Minnesota job creation fund
71.20	business, the business subsidy agreement shall include the performance outcome
71.21	commitments and the expected financial value of any Minnesota job creation fund benefits.
71.22	(e) The commissioner may amend an agreement once, upon request of a local
71.23	government on behalf of a business, only if the performance is expected to exceed
71.24	thresholds stated in the original agreement.
71.25	(f) A business may apply to be designated as a Minnesota job creation fund business
71.26	at the same location more than once only if all goals under a previous Minnesota job
71.27	creation fund agreement have been met and the agreement is completed.
71.28	Subd. 4. Certification; benefits. (a) The commissioner may certify a Minnesota job
71.29	creation fund business as eligible to receive a specific value of benefit under paragraphs
71.30	(b) and (c) when the business has achieved its job creation and capital investment goals
71.31	noted in its agreement under subdivision 3.
71.32	(b) A qualified Minnesota job creation fund business may be certified eligible for the
71.33	benefits in this paragraph for up to five years for projects located in the metropolitan area
71.34	as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 24, and seven years for projects located outside
71.35	the metropolitan area, as determined by the commissioner when considering the best
71.36	interests of the state and local area. The eligibility for the following benefits begins the

72.1	date the commissioner certifies the business as a qualified Minnesota job creation fund
72.2	business under this subdivision:
72.3	(1) up to five percent rebate for projects located in the metropolitan area as
72.4	defined in section 200.02, subdivision 24, and 7.5 percent for projects located outside
72.5	the metropolitan area, on capital investment on qualifying purchases as provided in
72.6	subdivision 5 with the total rebate for a project not to exceed \$500,000;
72.7	(2) an award of up to \$500,000 based on full-time job creation and wages paid as
72.8	provided in subdivision 6 with the total award not to exceed \$500,000;
72.9	(3) up to \$1,000,000 in capital investment rebates and \$1,000,000 in job creation
72.10	awards are allowable for projects that have at least \$25,000,000 in capital investment
72.11	and 200 new employees;
72.12	(4) up to \$1,000,000 in capital investment rebates are allowable for projects that
72.13	have at least \$25,000,000 in capital investment and 200 retained employees for projects
72.14	located in the metropolitan area as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 24, and 75
72.15	employees for projects located outside the metropolitan area; and
72.16	(5) for clauses (3) and (4) only, the capital investment expenditure requirements may
72.17	include the installation and purchases of machinery and equipment. These expenditures
72.18	are not eligible for the capital investment rebate provided under subdivision 5.
72.19	(c) The job creation award may be provided in multiple years as long as the qualified
72.20	Minnesota job creation fund business continues to meet the job creation goals provided
72.21	for in its agreement under subdivision 3 and the total award does not exceed \$500,000
72.22	except as provided under paragraph (b), clauses (3) and (4).
72.23	(d) No rebates or award may be provided until the Minnesota job creation fund
72.24	business has at least \$500,000 in capital investment in the project and at least ten full-time
72.25	jobs have been created and maintained for at least one year or the retained employees, as
72.26	provided in paragraph (b), clause (4), remain for at least one year. The agreement may
72.27	require additional performance outcomes that need to be achieved before rebates and
72.28	awards are provided. If fewer retained jobs are maintained, but still above the minimum
72.29	under this subdivision, the capital investment award shall be reduced on a proportionate
72.30	basis.
72.31	(e) The forms needed to be submitted to document performance by the Minnesota
72.32	job creation fund business must be in the form and be made under the procedures specified
72.33	by the commissioner. The forms shall include documentation and certification by the
72.34	business that it is in compliance with the business subsidy agreement, sections 116J.871
72.35	and 116L.66, and other provisions as specified by the commissioner.

73.1	(f) Minnesota job creation fund businesses must pay each new full-time employee
73.2	added pursuant to the agreement total compensation, including benefits not mandated by
73.3	law, that on an annualized basis is equal to at least 110 percent of the federal poverty
73.4	level for a family of four.
73.5	(g) A Minnesota job creation fund business must demonstrate reasonable progress on
73.6	its capital investment expenditures within six months following designation as a Minnesota
73.7	job creation fund business to ensure that the capital investment goal in the agreement
73.8	under subdivision 1 will be met. Businesses not making reasonable progress will not be
73.9	eligible for benefits under the submitted application and will need to work with the local
73.10	government unit to resubmit a new application and request to be a Minnesota job creation
73.11	fund business. Notwithstanding the goals noted in its agreement under subdivision 1, this
73.12	action shall not be considered a default of the business subsidy agreement.
73.13	Subd. 5. Capital investment rebate. (a) A qualified Minnesota job creation fund
73.14	business is eligible for a rebate on the purchase and use of construction materials, services,
73.15	and supplies used for or consumed in the construction project as described in the goals
73.16	under the agreement provided under subdivision 1, paragraph (b).
73.17	(b) The rebate under this subdivision applies regardless of whether the purchases are
73.18	made by the qualified Minnesota job creation fund business or a contractor hired to perform
73.19	work or provide services at the qualified Minnesota job creation fund business location.
73.20	(c) Minnesota job creation fund businesses seeking the rebate for capital investment
73.21	provided under subdivision 4 must submit forms and applications to the Department of
73.22	Employment and Economic Development as prescribed by the commissioner of each
73.23	department.
73.24	Subd. 6. Job creation award. (a) A qualified Minnesota job creation fund business
73.25	is eligible for an annual award for each new job created and maintained by the business
73.26	using the following schedule: \$1,000 for each job position paying annual wages at least
73.27	\$26,000 but less than \$35,000; \$2,000 for each job position paying at least \$35,000 but
73.28	less than \$45,000; and \$3,000 for each job position paying at least \$45,000; and as noted
73.29	in the goals under the agreement provided under subdivision 1.
73.30	(b) The job creation award schedule must be adjusted annually using the percentage
73.31	increase in the federal poverty level for a family of four.
73.32	(c) Minnesota job creation fund businesses seeking an award credit provided under
73.33	subdivision 4 must submit forms and applications to the Department of Employment and
73.34	Economic Development as prescribed by the commissioner.

74.1	Subd. 7. Rulemaking. (a) If the commissioner's policies, procedures, or other
74.2	statements are rules, as defined in section 14.02, subdivision 4, the requirements in either
74.3	paragraph (b) or (c) apply, as applicable.
74.4	(b) Effective upon enactment until January 1, 2015:
74.5	(1) the commissioner shall publish notice of proposed rules in the State Register
74.6	after complying with section 14.07, subdivision 2;
74.7	(2) interested parties have 21 days to comment on the proposed rules. The
74.8	commissioner must consider comments it receives. After the commissioner has considered
74.9	all comments and has complied with section 14.07, subdivision 2, the commissioner shall
74.10	publish notice of the final rule in the State Register;
74.11	(3) if the adopted rules are the same as the proposed rules, the notice shall state that
74.12	the rules have been adopted as proposed and shall cite the prior publication. If the adopted
74.13	rules differ from the proposed rules, the portions of the adopted rules that differ from the
74.14	proposed rules shall be included in the notice of adoption, together with a citation to the
74.15	prior State Register that contained the notice of the proposed rules; and
74.16	(4) rules published in the State Register before January 1, 2014, take effect upon
74.17	publication of the notice. Rules published in the State Register on and after January 1,
74.18	2014, take effect 30 days after publication of the notice.
74.19	(c) Beginning January 1, 2015, the commissioner may adopt rules to implement any
74.20	provisions in this section using the expedited rulemaking process in section 14.389.
74.21	(d) The notice of proposed rules required in paragraph (b) must provide information
74.22	as to where the public may obtain a copy of the rules. The commissioner shall post the
74.23	proposed rules on the department Web site at the same time the notice is published in
74.24	the State Register.
74.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2014.
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74.26	Sec. 9. [116J.9661] TRADE POLICY ADVISORY COUNCIL.
74.27	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The Trade Policy Advisory Council is established to
74.28	advise and assist the governor and the legislature regarding United States trade agreements.
74.29	Subd. 2. Membership. (a) The Trade Policy Advisory Council shall have 15
74.30	members, as follows:
74.31	(1) the commissioner of employment and economic development or designee;
74.32	(2) the commissioner of agriculture or designee;
74.33	(3) the commissioner of administration or designee;
74.34	(4) two senators, including one appointed by the Subcommittee on Committees of

74.35 <u>the Committee on Rules and Administration, and one appointed by the minority leader;</u>

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76.1	(5) request information from the Office of the United States Trade Representative
76.2	necessary to conduct an appropriate review of government procurement agreements or
76.3	other trade issues; and
76.4	(6) receive information obtained by the United States Trade Representative's single
76.5	point of contact for Minnesota.
76.6	Subd. 9. Meeting. The Trade Policy Advisory Council shall meet at least once
76.7	per fiscal year.
76.8	Subd. 10. Sunset. The council shall sunset January 1, 2020.
76.9	Sec. 10. [116J.978] MINNESOTA TRADE OFFICES IN FOREIGN MARKETS.
76.10	(a) The commissioner of employment and economic development shall establish
76.11	three new Minnesota Trade Offices in key foreign markets selected for their potential to
76.12	increase Minnesota exports and attract foreign direct investment.
76.13	(b) The commissioner shall establish a performance rating system for the new offices
76.14	established under this section and create specific annual goals for the offices to meet. The
76.15	commissioner shall monitor activities of the office, including, but not limited to, the number
76.16	of inquiries and projects received and completed, meetings arranged between Minnesota
76.17	companies and potential investors, distributors, or customers, and agreements signed.
76.18	Sec. 11. [116J.979] MINNESOTA STEP GRANTS.
76.19	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of employment and economic
76.20	development shall create a State Trade and Export Promotion grants program, hereafter
76.21	STEP grants, to provide financial and technical assistance to eligible Minnesota small
76.22	businesses with an active interest in exporting products or services to foreign markets.
76.23	Subd. 2. Grants. Recipients may apply, on an application devised by the
76.24	commissioner, for up to \$7,500 in reimbursement for approved export-development
76.25	activities, including, but not limited to:
76.26	(1) participation in trade missions;
76.27	(2) export training;
76.28	(3) exhibition at trade shows or industry-specific events;
76.29	(4) translation of marketing materials;
76.30	(5) development of foreign language Web sites, Gold Key, or other business
76.31	matchmaking services;
76.32	(6) company-specific international sales activities; and
76.33	(7) testing and certification required to sell products in foreign markets.

#### Sec. 12. [116J.9801] INVEST MINNESOTA. 77.1 77.2 The commissioner shall establish the Invest Minnesota marketing initiative. This initiative must focus on branding the state's economic development initiatives and 77.3 promoting Minnesota business opportunities. The initiative may include measures to 77.4 communicate the benefits of doing business in Minnesota to companies considering 77.5 relocating, establishing a United States presence, or expanding. 77.6 Sec. 13. [116J.998] OFFICE OF BROADBAND DEVELOPMENT. 77.7 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms 77.8 have the meanings given them. 77.9 (b) "Broadband" or "broadband service" means any service providing advanced 77.10 77.11 telecommunications capability and Internet access with transmission speeds that, at a minimum, meet the Federal Communications Commission definition for broadband. 77.12 (c) "Local unit of government" has the meaning given in section 116G.03, 77.13 77.14 subdivision 3. (d) "Office" means the Office of Broadband Development established in subdivision 77.15 77.16 2, paragraph (a). 77.17 Subd. 2. Office established; purpose. (a) An Office of Broadband Development is established within the Department of Employment and Economic Development and shall 77.18 remain in existence until the commissioner certifies that the state has met the broadband 77.19 goals established in section 237.012. The director shall be appointed by the governor and 77.20 shall serve in the unclassified service. The director must be qualified by experience and 77.21 77.22 training in broadband. The office may employ staff necessary to carry out the office's duties under subdivision 4. 77.23 (b) The purpose of the office is to encourage, foster, develop, and improve broadband 77.24 77.25 within the state in order to: (1) drive job creation, promote innovation, and expand markets for Minnesota 77.26 businesses; 77.27 (2) serve the ongoing and growing needs of Minnesota's education systems, health 77.28 care system, public safety system, industries and businesses, governmental operations, 77.29 and citizens; and 77.30 (3) improve accessibility for underserved communities and populations. 77.31 Subd. 3. Organization. The office shall consist of a director of the Office of 77.32 Broadband Development, as well as any staff necessary to carry out the office's duties 77.33 under subdivision 4. 77.34

77.35 Subd. 4. Duties. (a) The office shall have the power and duty to:

78.1	(1) serve as the central broadband planning body for the state of Minnesota;
78.2	(2) coordinate with state, regional, local, and private entities to develop, to the
78.3	maximum extent practicable, a uniform statewide broadband access and usage policy;
78.4	(3) develop, recommend, and implement a statewide plan to encourage cost-effective
78.5	broadband access, and to make recommendations for increased usage, particularly in
78.6	rural and other underserved areas;
78.7	(4) coordinate efforts, in consultation and cooperation with the commissioner of
78.8	commerce, local units of government, and private entities, to meet the state's broadband
78.9	goals in section 237.012;
78.10	(5) develop, coordinate, and implement the state's broadband infrastructure
78.11	development program under section 116J.999;
78.12	(6) provide consultation services to local units of government or other project
78.13	sponsors in connection with the planning, acquisition, improvement, construction, or
78.14	development of any broadband deployment project;
78.15	(7) encourage public-private partnerships to increase deployment and adoption
78.16	of broadband services and applications, including recommending funding options and
78.17	possible incentives to encourage investment in broadband expansion;
78.18	(8) monitor the broadband development efforts of other states and nations in areas
78.19	such as business, education, public safety, and health;
78.20	(9) consult with the commissioner of commerce to monitor broadband-related
78.21	activities at the federal level, including regulatory and policy changes and the potential
78.22	impact on broadband deployment and sustainability in the state;
78.23	(10) serve as an information clearinghouse for federal programs providing financial
78.24	assistance to institutions located in rural areas seeking to obtain access to high-speed
78.25	broadband service, and use this information as an outreach tool to make institutions
78.26	located in rural areas that are unserved or underserved with respect to broadband service
78.27	aware of the existence of federal assistance;
78.28	(11) provide logistical and administrative support for the Governor's Broadband
78.29	Task Force;
78.30	(12) provide an annual report, as required by subdivision 5;
78.31	(13) coordinate an ongoing collaborative effort of stakeholders to evaluate and
78.32	address security, vulnerability, and redundancy issues in order to ensure the reliability of
78.33	broadband networks; and
78.34	(14) perform any other activities consistent with the office's purpose.

79.1	(b) In carrying out its duties under this subdivision, the Office of Broadband
79.2	Development shall have no authority to regulate or compel action on the part of any
79.3	provider of broadband service.
79.4	Subd. 5. Reporting. (a) Beginning January 15, 2014, and each year thereafter,
79.5	the Office of Broadband Development shall report to the legislative committees with
79.6	jurisdiction over broadband policy and finance on the office's activities during the previous
79.7	year.
79.8	(b) The report shall contain, at a minimum:
79.9	(1) an analysis of the current availability and use of broadband, including average
79.10	broadband speeds, within the state;
79.11	(2) information gathered from schools, libraries, hospitals, and public safety facilities
79.12	across the state, determining the actual speed and capacity of broadband currently in use
79.13	and the need, if any, for increases in speed and capacity to meet current or anticipated needs;
79.14	(3) an analysis of incumbent broadband infrastructure within the state and its ability
79.15	to spur economic development;
79.16	(4) an analysis of the degree to which new, additional, or improved broadband
79.17	infrastructure would spur economic development in the state;
79.18	(5) a summary of the office's activities in coordinating broadband infrastructure
79.19	development under section 116J.999;
79.20	(6) suggested policies, incentives, and legislation designed to accelerate the
79.21	achievement of the goals under section 237.012, subdivisions 1 and 2;
79.22	(7) any proposed legislative and policy initiatives; and
79.23	(8) any other information requested by the legislative committees with jurisdiction
79.24	over broadband policy and finance, or that the office deems necessary.
79.25	(c) The report may be submitted electronically and is subject to section 3.195,
79.26	subdivision 1.
79.27	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
79.28	Sec. 14. [116J.999] COORDINATION OF BROADBAND INFRASTRUCTURE
79.29	DEVELOPMENT.
79.30	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms
79.31	have the meanings given them.
79.32	(b) "Broadband" or "broadband service" has the meaning given in section 116J.998,
79.33	subdivision 1, paragraph (b).
79.34	(c) "Broadband conduit" means a conduit, pipe, innerduct, or microduct for fiber
79.35	optic or other cables that support broadband and wireless facilities for broadband service.

80.1	(d) "Local unit of government" has the meaning given in section 116G.03,
80.2	subdivision 3.
80.3	(e) "Office" means the Office of Broadband Development established in section
80.4	<u>116J.998.</u>
80.5	Subd. 2. Broadband infrastructure development. (a) The office shall, in
80.6	collaboration with the Department of Transportation and private entities, encourage and
80.7	coordinate "dig once" efforts for the planning, relocation, installation, or improvement of
80.8	broadband conduit within the right-of-way in conjunction with any current or planned
80.9	construction, including, but not limited to, trunk highways and bridges. To the extent
80.10	necessary, the office shall, in collaboration with the Department of Transportation,
80.11	evaluate engineering and design standards, procedures and criteria for contracts or lease
80.12	agreements with private entities, and pricing requirements, and provide for allocation
80.13	of risk, costs, and any revenue generated.
80.14	(b) The office shall, in collaboration with other state departments and agencies as the
80.15	office deems necessary, develop a strategy to facilitate the timely and efficient deployment
80.16	of broadband conduit or other broadband facilities on state-owned lands and buildings.
80.17	(c) To the extent practicable, the office shall encourage and assist local units of
80.18	government to adopt and implement policies similar to those under paragraphs (a) and (b)
80.19	for construction or other improvements to county state-aid highways, municipal state-aid
80.20	roads, and any other rights-of-way under the local unit of government's jurisdiction, and to
80.21	other lands or buildings owned by the local unit of government.
80.22	(d) Special consideration must be paid to projects under this subdivision that will
80.23	likely improve access to broadband by rural or underserved communities.
80.24	Subd. 3. Reporting. As part of its annual report under section 116J.998, subdivision
80.25	5, the office shall report on activities taken under this section, including, but not limited to,
80.26	the number of current and planned projects using the "dig once" approach, any gains in
80.27	broadband speed or access associated with the project, and any costs or cost savings to
80.28	the state, private entity, or end user of broadband services.
80.29	Subd. 4. No right of action. Nothing in this section shall be construed to create
80.30	any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any
80.31	party against the state of Minnesota; its departments, agencies, or entities; its officers,
80.32	employees, or agents; or any other person.
80.33	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.

## 80.34 Sec. 15. [116L.191] WORKFORCE CENTER; CREDENTIAL ASSISTANCE.

- (a) The commissioner shall provide at local workforce centers services that 81.1 assist individuals in identifying and obtaining industry-recognized credentials for jobs, 81.2 particularly jobs in high demand. The workforce centers must consult and cooperate 81.3 with training institutions, particularly postsecondary institutions, to identify credential 81.4 programs to individuals. 81.5 (b) Each workforce center shall provide information under section 116J.4011, 81.6 paragraph (b), clause (3), linked as a shortcut from the desktop of each workforce center 81.7 computer and available in hard copy. Prominent signs should be posted in workforce 81.8 centers directing individuals to where they can find a list of top job vacancies and related 81.9
- 81.10 <u>credential information.</u>

81.11 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116U.26, is amended to read:

81.12

## 116U.26 FILM PRODUCTION JOBS PROGRAM.

(a) The film production jobs program is created. The program shall be operated 81.13 by the Minnesota Film and TV Board with administrative oversight and control by the 81.14 81.15 commissioner of administration employment and economic development. The program shall make payment to producers of feature films, national television or Internet programs, 81.16 81.17 documentaries, music videos, and commercials that directly create new film jobs in 81.18 Minnesota. To be eligible for a payment, a producer must submit documentation to the Minnesota Film and TV Board of expenditures for production costs incurred in Minnesota 81.19 that are directly attributable to the production in Minnesota of a film product. 81.20

The Minnesota Film and TV Board shall make recommendations to the commissioner of administration employment and economic development about program payment, but the commissioner has the authority to make the final determination on payments. The commissioner's determination must be based on proper documentation of eligible production costs submitted for payments. No more than five percent of the funds appropriated for the program in any year may be expended for administration, including costs for independent audits and financial reviews of projects.

81.28

(b) For the purposes of this section:

- 81.29 (1) "production costs" means the cost of the following:
- (i) a story and scenario to be used for a film;
- 81.31 (ii) salaries of talent, management, and labor, including payments to personal

81.32 services corporations for the services of a performing artist;

81.33 (iii) set construction and operations, wardrobe, accessories, and related services;

- (iv) photography, sound synchronization, lighting, and related services;
- 81.35 (v) editing and related services;

- 82.1 (vi) rental of facilities and equipment; or
- (vii) other direct costs of producing the film in accordance with generally accepted
  entertainment industry practice; and
- 82.4 (viii) above-the-line talent fees for nonresident talent; or
- 82.5 (ix) costs incurred during postproduction; and
- (2) "film" means a feature film, television or Internet show, pilot, program, series, 82.6 documentary, music video, or television commercial, whether on film, video, or digital 82.7 media. Film does not include news, current events, public programming, or a program 82.8 that includes weather or market reports; a talk show; a production with respect to a 82.9 questionnaire or contest; a sports event or sports activity; a gala presentation or awards 82.10 show; a finished production that solicits funds; or a production for which the production 82.11 company is required under United States Code, title 18, section 2257, to maintain records 82.12 with respect to a performer portrayed in a single-media or multimedia program. 82.13
- 82.14 (c) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the Minnesota Film and TV Board 82.15 may make reimbursements of: (1) up to 20 25 percent of film production costs for films that 82.16 locate production outside the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 82.17 2, or that incur production costs in excess of \$5,000,000 a minimum Minnesota expenditure 82.18 of \$1,000,000 in the metropolitan area within a 12-month period; or (2) up to 15 2082.19 percent of film production costs for films that incur less than \$1,000,000 in Minnesota
- production costs of \$5,000,000 or less in the metropolitan area within a 12-month period.

#### 82.21

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

82.22 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 136F.37, is amended to read:

### 82.23 **136F.37 JOB PLACEMENT IMPACT ON PROGRAM REVIEW;**

82.24 INFORMATION TO STUDENTS.

82.25 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Colleges; technical occupational program. The board must 82.26 assess labor market data when conducting college program reviews. Colleges must 82.27 provide prospective students with the job placement rate for graduates of technical and 82.28 occupational programs offered at the colleges.

82.29 Subd. 2. DEED labor market survey; MnSCU usage and disclosure. The data
82.30 assessed under subdivision 1 must include labor market data compiled by the Department
82.31 of Employment and Economic Development under section 116J.4011. The board and its
82.32 colleges and universities must use this market data when deciding upon course and program
82.33 offerings. The board must provide a link to this labor market data on its Internet portal.

### 82.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

83.1	Sec. 18. [161.462] FIBER COLLABORATION DATABASE.
83.2	Subdivision 1. Purpose. The purpose of the fiber collaboration database is
83.3	to provide broadband providers with advance notice of upcoming Department of
83.4	Transportation construction projects so that they may notify the department of their
83.5	interest in installing broadband infrastructure within the right-of-way during construction
83.6	in order to minimize installation costs.
83.7	Subd. 2. Database. (a) The Department of Transportation shall post on its Web site,
83.8	and update annually, the list of upcoming construction projects contained in its statewide
83.9	transportation improvement program, including, for each project:
83.10	(1) the geographical location where construction will occur;
83.11	(2) the estimated start and end dates of construction; and
83.12	(3) a description of the nature of the construction project.
83.13	(b) The commissioner shall post the information required in paragraph (a) as far in
83.14	advance of the beginning of construction as is feasible.
83.15	(c) The department's Web site must allow a provider of broadband service to register
83.16	to receive from the department electronic information on proposed construction projects
83.17	added to the database in specific geographical areas of the state as soon as it is updated.
83.18	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
83.19	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 245.4712, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
83.20	Subdivision 1. Availability of community support services. (a) County boards
83.21	must provide or contract for sufficient community support services within the county to
83.22	meet the needs of adults with serious and persistent mental illness who are residents of the
83.23	county. Adults may be required to pay a fee according to section 245.481. The community
83.24	support services program must be designed to improve the ability of adults with serious
83.25	and persistent mental illness to:
83.26	(1) work in a regular or supported work environment find and maintain competitive
83.27	employment;
83.28	(2) handle basic activities of daily living;
83.29	(3) participate in leisure time activities;
83.30	(4) set goals and plans; and
83.31	(5) obtain and maintain appropriate living arrangements.
83.32	The community support services program must also be designed to reduce the

need for and use of more intensive, costly, or restrictive placements both in number ofadmissions and length of stay.

- (b) Community support services are those services that are supportive in nature and 84.1 not necessarily treatment oriented, and include: 84.2 (1) conducting outreach activities such as home visits, health and wellness checks, 84.3 and problem solving; 84.4 (2) connecting people to resources to meet their basic needs; 84.5 (3) finding, securing, and supporting people in their housing; 84 6 (4) attaining and maintaining health insurance benefits; 84.7 (5) assisting with job applications, finding and maintaining employment, and 84.8 securing a stable financial situation; 84.9 (6) fostering social support, including support groups, mentoring, peer support, and 84.10 other efforts to prevent isolation and promote recovery; and 84.11 (7) educating about mental illness, treatment, and recovery. 84.12 (c) Community support services shall use all available funding streams. The county 84.13 shall maintain the level of expenditures for this program, as required under section 84.14 84.15 245.4835. County boards must continue to provide funds for those services not covered by other funding streams and to maintain an infrastructure to carry out these services. The 84.16 county is encouraged to fund evidence-based practices such as Individual Placement and 84.17 Supported Employment and Illness Management and Recovery. 84.18 (d) The commissioner shall collect data on community support services programs, 84.19 including, but not limited to, demographic information such as age, sex, race, the number 84.20 of people served, and information related to housing, employment, hospitalization, 84.21
- 84.22 symptoms, and satisfaction with services.

84.23 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268A.13, is amended to read:

84.24 268A.13 EMPLOYMENT SUPPORT SERVICES FOR PERSONS WITH
84.25 MENTAL ILLNESS.

The commissioner of employment and economic development, in cooperation 84.26 with the commissioner of human services, shall develop a statewide program of grants 84.27 as outlined in section 268A.14 to provide services for persons with mental illness who 84.28 want to work in supported employment. Projects funded under this section must: (1) 84.29 assist persons with mental illness in obtaining and retaining competitive employment; (2) 84.30 emphasize individual community placements for clients client preferences; (3) ensure 84.31 interagency collaboration at the local level between vocational rehabilitation field offices, 84.32 county service agencies, community support programs operating under the authority of 84.33 section 245.4712, and community rehabilitation providers, in assisting clients; (4) ensure 84.34 services are integrated with mental health treatment; (5) provide benefits counseling; 84.35

(6) conduct rapid job search; and (4) (7) involve clients in the planning, development,
oversight, and delivery of support services. Project funds may not be used to provide
services in segregated settings such as the center-based employment subprograms as
defined in section 268A.01.

The commissioner of employment and economic development, in consultation with the commissioner of human services, shall develop a request for proposals which is consistent with the requirements of this section and section 268A.14 and which specifies the types of services that must be provided by grantees. Priority for funding shall be given to organizations with experience in developing innovative employment support services for persons with mental illness carrying out evidence-based practices. Each applicant for funds under this section shall submit an evaluation protocol as part of the grant application.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268A.14, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Employment support services and programs. The commissioner
of employment and economic development, in cooperation with the commissioner of
human services, shall operate a statewide system to reimburse providers for employment
support services for persons with mental illness. The system shall be operated to support
employment programs and services where:

85.18 (1) services provided are readily accessible to all persons with mental illness who
 85.19 want to work, including rapid competitive job search, so they can make progress toward
 85.20 economic self-sufficiency;

85.21 (2) services provided are made an integral part of all <u>mental health</u> treatment and
85.22 rehabilitation programs for persons with mental illness to ensure that they have the ability
85.23 and opportunity to consider a variety of work options;

(3) programs help persons with mental illness form long-range plans for employment
that fit their skills and abilities by ensuring that ongoing <u>time-unlimited</u> support, crisis
management, placement, and career planning services are available;

(4) services provided give persons with mental illness the information needed
to make informed choices about employment expectations and options, including
information on the types of employment available in the local community, the types of
employment services available, the impact of employment on eligibility for governmental
benefits, and career options;

(5) programs assess whether persons with mental illness being serviced are satisfied
with the services and outcomes. Satisfaction assessments shall address at least whether
persons like their jobs, whether quality of life is improved, whether potential for
advancement exists, and whether there are adequate support services in place;

(6) programs encourage persons with mental illness being served to be involved in
employment support services issues by allowing them to participate in the development of
individual rehabilitation plans and to serve on boards, committees, task forces, and review
bodies that shape employment services policies and that award grants, and by encouraging
and helping them to establish and participate in self-help and consumer advocacy groups;

(7) programs encourage employers to expand employment opportunities for
persons with mental illness and, to maximize the hiring of persons with mental illness,
educate employers about the needs and abilities of persons with mental illness and the
requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act;

(8) programs encourage persons with mental illness, vocational rehabilitation
professionals, and mental health professionals to learn more about current work incentive
provisions in governmental benefits programs;

(9) programs establish and maintain linkages with a wide range of other programs
and services, including educational programs, housing programs, economic assistance
services, community support services, and clinical services to ensure that persons with
mental illness can obtain and maintain employment;

86.17 (10) programs participate in ongoing training across agencies and service delivery
86.18 systems so that providers in human services systems understand their respective roles,
86.19 rules, and responsibilities and understand the options that exist for providing employment
86.20 and community support services to persons with mental illness; and

86.21 (11) programs work with local communities to expand system capacity to provide
86.22 access to employment services to all persons with mental illness who want them.

## 86.23 Sec. 22. [383D.412] DAKOTA COUNTY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT 86.24 AGENCY; MINNESOTA INVESTMENT FUND.

Subdivision 1. Treatment. As long as the conditions set forth in subdivision 2 are met
 and notwithstanding the provisions of section 116J.8731, the Dakota County Community
 Development Agency will be treated as if it were a general purpose local governmental unit
 and may apply for and receive state-funded money from the Minnesota investment fund.
 Subd. 2. Conditions precedent. Conditions precedent to the treatment of the
 Dakota County Community Development Agency as a general purpose local governmental
 unit as described in subdivision 1 are:

(a) the board of commissioners of Dakota County shall have adopted a resolution

- 86.33 approving such treatment of the Dakota County Community Development Agency, and
- 86.34 such resolution shall be in full force and effect and shall not have been revoked by

86.35 Dakota County; and

87.1 (b) the members of the board of commissioners of Dakota County shall be the same
87.2 persons as the members of the board of commissioners of the Dakota County Community
87.3 Development Agency.

#### Sec. 23. EMPLOYMENT SUPPORT AND INDEPENDENT LIVING SERVICES 87.4 FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGH-FUNCTIONING AUTISM, ASPERGER'S 87.5 SYNDROME, NONVERBAL LEARNING DISORDERS, AND PERVASIVE 87.6 **DEVELOPMENT DISORDER, NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; PILOT** 87.7 **PROGRAM.** 87.8 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms 87.9 have the meanings given them. 87.10 (b) "Communication" means the ability to effectively give and receive information 87.11 through spoken words, writing, speaking, listening, or other means of communication, 87.12 including but not limited to nonverbal expressions, gestures, or other adaptive methods. 87.13 (c) "Functional areas" means communication, interpersonal skills, mobility, self-care, 87.14 self-direction, preemployment skills, work tolerance, and independent living skills. 87.15

- 87.16 (d) "Independent living assessment" means an active, performance-based skill
- assessment in the functional areas of communication, interpersonal skills, mobility,
- 87.18 self-care, self-direction, preemployment skills, and independent living skills, that provides
- an analysis of the individual's ability to independently achieve certain skills and which
- 87.20 is performed through direct observation.
- 87.21 (e) "Interpersonal skills" means the ability to establish and maintain personal,
  87.22 family, work, and community relationships.
- 87.23 (f) "Mobility" means the physical and psychological ability to move about from
- 87.24 place to place, including travel to and from destinations in the community for activities
- 87.25 of daily living, training, or work.
- 87.26 (g) "Natural supports" means the process of assisting an employer to expand its
   87.27 capacity for training, supervising, and supporting workers with disabilities.
- 87.28 (h) "Ongoing employment support services" means any of the following services:
- 87.29 (1) facilitation of natural supports at the work site;
- 87.30 (2) disability awareness training for the worker, the worker's employer, supervisor,
- 87.31 <u>or coworkers;</u>
- 87.32 (3) services necessary to increase the worker's inclusion at the work site;
- 87.33 (4) job skills training at the work site;
- 87.34 (5) regular observation or supervision of the worker;
- 87.35 (6) coordination of support services;

88.1	(7) job-related safety training;
88.2	(8) job-related advocacy skills training to advance employment;
88.3	(9) training in independent living skills and support including self-advocacy, money
88.4	management and organization, grooming and personal care, communication, interpersonal
88.5	skills, problem solving, orientation and mobility, and using public transportation or
88.6	driver's training;
88.7	(10) follow-up services necessary to reinforce and stabilize employment, including
88.8	regular contact with the worker's employer, supervisor or coworkers, parents, family
88.9	members, advocates, legal representatives, other suitable professionals, and informed
88.10	advisors;
88.11	(11) training in job seeking skills; and
88.12	(12) internships or career planning to assist the individual's advancement in
88.13	meaningful employment.
88.14	(i) "Preemployment skills" means the abilities and skills to successfully apply for,
88.15	secure, and maintain competitive employment.
88.16	(j) "Self-care" means skills needed to manage one's self or living environment,
88.17	including but not limited to money management, personal health care, personal hygiene,
88.18	and safety needs, including medication management.
88.19	(k) "Self-direction" means the ability to plan, initiate, organize, or carry out
88.20	goal-directed activities or solve problems related to self-care, socialization, recreation, and
88.21	working independently.
88.22	(1) "Severe impairment to employment" means limitations experienced by persons
88.23	diagnosed with high-functioning autism, Asperger's syndrome, nonverbal learning
88.24	disorders, or pervasive development disorder, not otherwise specified, due to an extended
88.25	
00.20	history of unemployment or underemployment. limited education training or job skills.
	history of unemployment or underemployment; limited education, training, or job skills; and physical_intellectual_or emotional characteristics that seriously impair the individual's
88.26	and physical, intellectual, or emotional characteristics that seriously impair the individual's
88.26 88.27	and physical, intellectual, or emotional characteristics that seriously impair the individual's ability to obtain and retain permanent employment.
88.26 88.27 88.28	and physical, intellectual, or emotional characteristics that seriously impair the individual's ability to obtain and retain permanent employment. (m) "Work tolerance" means the ability to effectively and efficiently perform jobs
88.26 88.27 88.28 88.29	and physical, intellectual, or emotional characteristics that seriously impair the individual's ability to obtain and retain permanent employment. (m) "Work tolerance" means the ability to effectively and efficiently perform jobs with various levels of sensory and environmental components including scent, noise,
88.26 88.27 88.28	and physical, intellectual, or emotional characteristics that seriously impair the individual's ability to obtain and retain permanent employment. (m) "Work tolerance" means the ability to effectively and efficiently perform jobs
88.26 88.27 88.28 88.29	and physical, intellectual, or emotional characteristics that seriously impair the individual's ability to obtain and retain permanent employment. (m) "Work tolerance" means the ability to effectively and efficiently perform jobs with various levels of sensory and environmental components including scent, noise,
88.26 88.27 88.28 88.29 88.30	and physical, intellectual, or emotional characteristics that seriously impair the individual's ability to obtain and retain permanent employment. (m) "Work tolerance" means the ability to effectively and efficiently perform jobs with various levels of sensory and environmental components including scent, noise, visual stimuli, physical space, and psychological demands.
<ul> <li>88.26</li> <li>88.27</li> <li>88.28</li> <li>88.29</li> <li>88.30</li> <li>88.31</li> </ul>	and physical, intellectual, or emotional characteristics that seriously impair the individual's ability to obtain and retain permanent employment. (m) "Work tolerance" means the ability to effectively and efficiently perform jobs with various levels of sensory and environmental components including scent, noise, visual stimuli, physical space, and psychological demands. Subd. 2. Employment support plan and outcomes. An individual participating in
<ul> <li>88.26</li> <li>88.27</li> <li>88.28</li> <li>88.29</li> <li>88.30</li> <li>88.31</li> <li>88.32</li> </ul>	and physical, intellectual, or emotional characteristics that seriously impair the individual's ability to obtain and retain permanent employment. (m) "Work tolerance" means the ability to effectively and efficiently perform jobs with various levels of sensory and environmental components including scent, noise, visual stimuli, physical space, and psychological demands. Subd. 2. Employment support plan and outcomes. An individual participating in the program under this section must develop an employment support plan that includes:

(4) ongoing independent living services and employment supports necessary for the
 individual to secure, maintain, and advance in employment that best fits the individual's
 strengths and career goals.

# 89.4 Sec. 24. <u>CUSTOMIZED TRAINING PILOT PROGRAM FOR SKILLED</u> 89.5 MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES.

Subdivision 1. **Program.** The commissioner of employment and economic 89.6 development in consultation with the commissioner of labor and industry shall collaborate 89.7 with Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU) institutions and employers, 89.8 to develop a customized training program for skilled manufacturing industries that 89.9 integrates academic instruction and job-related learning in the workplace and MnSCU 89.10 institutions. The commissioner shall actively recruit participants in a customized training 89.11 program for skilled manufacturing industries from the following groups: secondary and 89.12 postsecondary school systems; individuals with disabilities; dislocated workers; retired 89.13 and disabled veterans; individuals enrolled in MFIP under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 89.14 89.15 256J; minorities; previously incarcerated individuals; individuals residing in labor surplus areas as defined by the United States Department of Labor; and any other disadvantaged 89.16 group as determined by the commissioner. 89.17 Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this 89.18 subdivision have the meanings given them. 89.19 89.20 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment and economic development. 89.21 (c) "Employer" means a skilled manufacturing industry employer within the state 89.22 who enters into the agreements with MnSCU institutions and the commissioner under 89.23 subdivisions 3 to 5. 89.24 (d) "MnSCU institution" means Alexandria Technical and Community College, 89.25 Century College, Hennepin Technical College, and Central Lakes College. 89.26 (e) "Participant" means an employee who enters into a customized training program 89.27 89.28 for skilled manufacturing industries participation agreement under subdivision 4. (f) "Related instruction" means classroom instruction or technical or vocational 89.29 training required to perform the duties of the skilled manufacturing job. 89.30 (g) "Skilled manufacturing" means occupations in manufacturing industry sectors 31 89.31 to 33 as defined by the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). 89.32

## 89.33 Subd. 3. Skilled manufacturing customized training program employer

89.34 **agreement.** (a) The commissioner, employer, and MnSCU institution shall enter into a

90.1	skilled manufacturing customized training program employer agreement that is specific to
90.2	the identified skilled manufacturing training needs of an employer.
90.3	(b) The agreement must contain the following:
90.4	(1) the name of the employer;
90.5	(2) a statement showing the number of hours to be spent by a participant in work and
90.6	the number of hours to be spent, if any, in concurrent, supplementary instruction in related
90.7	subjects. The maximum number of hours of work per week, not including time spent in
90.8	related instruction, for any participant shall not exceed either the number prescribed by
90.9	law or the customary regular number of hours per week for the employees of the employer.
90.10	A participant may be allowed to work overtime provided that the overtime work does not
90.11	conflict with supplementary instruction course attendance. All time spent by the participant
90.12	in excess of the number of hours of work per week as specified in the skilled manufacturing
90.13	customized training program participation agreement shall be considered overtime;
90.14	(3) the hourly wage to be paid to the participant and requirements for reporting to
90.15	the commissioner on actual wages paid to the participant;
90.16	(4) an explanation of how the employer agreement or participant agreement may
90.17	be terminated;
90.18	(5) a statement setting forth a schedule of the processes in the occupation in which
90.19	the participant is to be trained and the approximate time to be spent at each process;
90.20	(6) a statement by the MnSCU institution and the employer describing the related
90.21	instruction that will be offered, if any, under subdivision 5, paragraph (c); and
90.22	(7) any other provision the commissioner deems necessary to carry out the purposes
90.23	of this section.
90.24	(c) The commissioner may periodically review the adherence to the terms of the
90.25	customized training program employer agreement. If the commissioner determines that
90.26	an employer or employee has failed to comply with the terms of the agreement, the
90.27	commissioner shall terminate the agreement. An employer must report to the commissioner
90.28	any change in status for the participant within 30 days of the change in status.
90.29	Subd. 4. Skilled manufacturing customized training program participation
90.30	<b>agreement.</b> (a) The commissioner, the prospective participant, and the employer shall
90.31	enter into a skilled manufacturing customized training program participation agreement
90.32	that is specific to the training to be provided to the participant.
90.33	(b) The participation agreement must contain the following:
90.34	<ul><li>(1) the name of the employer;</li><li>(2) the name of the norticinent.</li></ul>
90.35	(2) the name of the participant;

91.1	(3) a statement setting forth a schedule of the processes of the occupation in which
91.2	the participant is to be trained and the approximate time to be spent at each process;
91.3	(4) a description of any related instruction;
91.4	(5) a statement showing the number of hours to be spent by a participant in work and
91.5	the number of hours to be spent, if any, in concurrent, supplementary instruction in related
91.6	subjects. The maximum number of hours of work per week, not including time spent in
91.7	related instruction, for any participant shall not exceed either the number prescribed
91.8	by law or the customary regular number of hours per week for the employees of the
91.9	employer. A participant may be allowed to work overtime provided that the overtime
91.10	work does not conflict with supplementary instruction course attendance. All time spent
91.11	by the participant in excess of the number of hours of work per week as specified in the
91.12	customized training program participation agreement shall be considered overtime;
91.13	(6) the hourly wage to be paid to the participant; and
91.14	(7) an explanation of how the parties may terminate the participation agreement.
91.15	(c) The commissioner may periodically review the adherence to the terms of the
91.16	customized training program participation agreement. If the commissioner determines
91.17	that an employer or participant has failed to comply with the terms of the agreement, the
91.18	commissioner shall terminate the agreement. An employer must report to the commissioner
91.19	any change in status for the participant within 30 days of the change in status.
91.20	Subd. 5. MnSCU instruction. (a) MnSCU institutions shall collaborate with
91.21	an employer to provide related instruction which the employer deems necessary to
91.22	instruct participants of a skilled manufacturing customized training program. The related
91.23	instruction provided must be, for the purposes of this section, career-level, as negotiated
91.24	by the commissioner and the MnSCU institution. The related instruction may be for credit
91.25	or noncredit, and credit earned may be transferable to a degree program, as determined by
91.26	the MnSCU institution.
91.27	(b) The commissioner, in conjunction with the MnSCU institution, shall issue a
91.28	certificate of completion to a participant who completes all required components of the
91.29	skilled manufacturing customized training program participation agreement.
91.30	(c) As part of the skilled manufacturing customized training program, an employer
91.31	shall collaborate with a MnSCU institution for any related instruction required to perform
91.32	the skilled manufacturing job. The agreement shall include:
91.33	(1) a detailed explanation of the related instruction; and
91.34	(2) the number of hours of related instruction needed to receive a certificate of
91.35	completion.

#### Sec. 25. SKILLED MANUFACTURING REPORTS. 92.1 92.2 (a) The commissioner of employment and economic development shall study the training needs of skilled manufacturing industry employers in the state and report study 92.3 findings and recommendations to the standing committees of the house of representatives 92.4 and the senate having jurisdiction over employment and workforce development by 92.5 March 1, 2014. 92.6 (b) The commissioner of employment and economic development shall coordinate 92.7 and monitor customized training programs for skilled manufacturing industries at Century 92.8 College, Alexandria Technical and Community College, Hennepin Technical College, and 92.9 Central Lakes College. By January 15, 2015, the commissioner, in conjunction with 92.10 each MnSCU institution listed in this section, shall report to the standing committees 92.11 92.12 of the house of representatives and the senate having jurisdiction over employment and workforce development. The report must address the progress and success of the 92.13 implementation of a customized training program for skilled manufacturing industries 92.14 92.15 at each MnSCU institution. The report must give recommendations on where a skilled manufacturing customized training program should next be implemented, taking into 92.16 consideration all current and potential skilled manufacturing training providers available. 92.17

## 92.18 Sec. 26. STATE BROADBAND STRATEGY; REPORT.

The Office of Broadband Development shall conduct research and produce a report 92.19 recommending a set of programs and strategies the state can pursue to promote the 92.20 improvement, more efficient and effective use, and expansion of broadband services in 92.21 92.22 ways that will have the greatest impact on the state's economic development, by which is 92.23 meant enhancing the ability of Minnesota citizens and businesses to develop their skills, to expand businesses to new markets, develop new products, reach more customers, and 92.24 92.25 lower costs. While the state's broadband goals in Minnesota Statutes, section 237.012, address the universal provision of greater broadband access and speed statewide, this report 92.26 must consider broadband as an economic development tool and must examine and analyze: 92.27 (1) how the state can best use its limited resources to adopt strategies and make 92.28 investments to improve the use of broadband services by subgroups of broadband users, 92.29 including mobile broadband users, that promise to deliver the greatest economic impact 92.30 per dollar of state investment; 92.31 (2) roles the state can play in addition to financial assistance for broadband 92.32 infrastructure, including supporting education and training for Minnesotans to enable 92.33

92.34 them to use broadband more effectively; and

- (3) strategies and opportunities for state investment to leverage additional amounts 93.1
- 93.2 of private capital and financial assistance from the federal government in order to achieve
- these goals. 93.3
- By January 15, 2014, the office shall submit the report to the chairs and ranking minority 93.4
- members of the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over 93.5
- broadband issues. 93.6
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 93.7

#### 93.8 Sec. 27. PILOT PROGRAMS; COMBINING CAREER AND HIGHER **EDUCATION ADVISING.** 93.9

- The workforce council in each of the workforce service areas of Hennepin/Carver, 93.10
- 93.11 Northeast Minnesota, Stearns/Benton, and rural Minnesota CEP must with at least one
- public school district in its service area, cooperate in operating a program to assist high 93.12
- school students in selecting careers of interest to a student and a postsecondary path to 93.13
- prepare for that career. The local workforce council shall individually advise a student on 93.14
- jobs in high demand in areas of interest to a student. Advising must include information 93.15
- 93.16 on various career paths and associated jobs, the salary profile of those jobs, and the
- credentials and other training desired by employers for those jobs. A district may assist 93.17
- the local workforce council by, among other activities: 93.18
- (1) describing to the local workforce council what kind of vocational exploration the 93.19 student already received; 93.20
- (2) identifying opportunities for the council to assist students by providing office 93.21
- space at school to meet with students, access to assemblies and other groups for testing 93.22
- and career exploration, access to teachers through in-service and in other manners, to 93.23
- 93.24 support students to use a pilot program; and
- (3) working with students after testing and advising by the local workforce council. 93.25

Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 237.012, subdivision 3, is repealed.

- Sec. 28. REPEALER. 93.26
- 93.27
- 93.28
- 93.29

### **ARTICLE 4**

- **UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE**
- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116L.17, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 93.30 Subd. 4. Use of funds. Funds granted by the board under this section may be used 93.31
- 93.32 for any combination of the following, except as otherwise provided in this section:

94.1 (1) employment transition services such as developing readjustment plans for
94.2 individuals; outreach and intake; early readjustment; job or career counseling; testing;
94.3 orientation; assessment of skills and aptitudes; provision of occupational and labor market
94.4 information; job placement assistance; job search; job development; prelayoff assistance;
94.5 relocation assistance; and programs provided in cooperation with employers or labor
94.6 organizations to provide early intervention in the event of plant closings or substantial
94.7 layoffs; and entrepreneurial training and business consulting;

94.8 (2) support services, including assistance to help the participant relocate to employ
94.9 existing skills; out-of-area job search assistance; family care assistance, including child
94.10 care; commuting assistance; emergency housing and rental assistance; counseling
94.11 assistance, including personal and financial; health care; emergency health assistance;
94.12 emergency financial assistance; work-related tools and clothing; and other appropriate
94.13 support services that enable a person to participate in an employment and training program
94.14 with the goal of reemployment;

94.15 (3) specific, short-term training to help the participant enhance current skills
94.16 in a similar occupation or industry; entrepreneurial training, customized training, or
94.17 on-the-job training; basic and remedial education to enhance current skills; and literacy
94.18 and work-related English training for non-English speakers; and

(4) long-term training in a new occupation or industry, including occupational skills 94.19 training or customized training in an accredited program recognized by one or more 94.20 relevant industries. Long-term training shall only be provided to dislocated workers 94.21 whose skills are obsolete and who have no other transferable skills likely to result in 94.22 employment at a comparable wage rate. Training shall only be provided for occupations or 94.23 industries with reasonable expectations of job availability based on the service provider's 94.24 thorough assessment of local labor market information where the individual currently 94.25 94.26 resides or is willing to relocate. This clause shall not restrict training in personal services or other such industries. 94.27

94.28 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 116L.17, is amended by adding a subdivision 94.29 to read:

94.30 Subd. 11. Converting layoffs into Minnesota businesses (CLIMB). Converting
 94.31 layoffs into Minnesota businesses (CLIMB) is created to assist dislocated workers in
 94.32 starting or growing a business. CLIMB must offer entrepreneurial training, business

94.33 <u>consulting</u>, and technical assistance to dislocated workers seeking to start or grow a

- 94.34 business. The commissioner, in cooperation with local workforce councils, must provide
- 94.35 the assistance in this subdivision by:

#### H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

- 95.1 (1) encouraging closer ties between the Small Business Development Center
- 95.2 network, Small Business Development Center training providers, and workforce centers,
- 95.3 as well as other dislocated worker program service providers; and
- 95.4 (2) eliminating grantee performance data disincentives that would otherwise prevent
   95.5 enrollment of dislocated workers in entrepreneurship-related training.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268.051, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 95.6 Subd. 5. Tax rate for new employers. (a) Each new taxpaying employer that does 95.7 not qualify for an experience rating under subdivision 3, except new employers in a high 95.8 experience rating industry, must be assigned, for a calendar year, a tax rate the higher of 95.9 (1) one percent, or (2) the tax rate computed, to the nearest 1/100 of a percent, by dividing 95.10 the total amount of unemployment benefits paid all applicants during the 48 calendar 95.11 months ending on June 30 of the prior calendar year by the total taxable wages of all 95.12 taxpaying employers during the same period, plus the applicable base tax rate and any 95.13 95.14 additional assessments under subdivision 2, paragraph (c).

(b) Each new taxpaying employer in a high experience rating industry that does not 95.15 qualify for an experience rating under subdivision 3, must be assigned, for a calendar year, 95.16 95.17 a tax rate the higher of (1) that assigned under paragraph (a), or (2) the tax rate, computed to the nearest 1/100 of a percent, by dividing the total amount of unemployment benefits 95.18 paid to all applicants from high experience rating industry employers during the 48 95.19 calendar months ending on June 30 of the prior calendar year by the total taxable wages 95.20 of all high experience rating industry employers during the same period, to a maximum 95.21 95.22 provided for under subdivision 3, paragraph (b), plus the applicable base tax rate and any additional assessments under subdivision 2, paragraph (c). 95.23

95.24

(c) An employer is considered to be in a high experience rating industry if:

95.25 (1) the employer is engaged in residential, commercial, or industrial construction,95.26 including general contractors;

95.27

(2) the employer is engaged in sand, gravel, or limestone mining;

95.28 (3) the employer is engaged in the manufacturing of concrete, concrete products,95.29 or asphalt; or

95.30 (4) the employer is engaged in road building, repair, or resurfacing, including bridge95.31 and tunnels and residential and commercial driveways and parking lots.

95.32 (d) Regardless of any law to the contrary, a taxpaying employer must be assigned a
95.33 tax rate under this subdivision if:

95.34 (1) the employer registers for a tax account under section 268.042 and for each of
95.35 the five calendar quarters after registering files a "no wages paid" report on wage detail

- 96.1 under section 268.044; or had no taxable wages during the experience rating period under
  96.2 subdivision 3.
- 96.3 (2) the employer has filed 14 consecutive quarterly "no wages paid" reports on
  96.4 wage detail under section 268.044.
- 96.5 (e) The commissioner must send to the new employer, by mail or electronic
  96.6 transmission, a determination of tax rate. An employer may appeal the determination of
  96.7 tax rate in accordance with the procedures in subdivision 6, paragraph (c).
- 96.8
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268.07, subdivision 3b, is amended to read: 96.9 Subd. 3b. Limitations on applications and benefit accounts. (a) An application for 96.10 96.11 unemployment benefits is effective the Sunday of the calendar week that the application was filed. An application for unemployment benefits may be backdated one calendar week 96.12 before the Sunday of the week the application was actually filed if the applicant requests 96.13 the backdating at the time the application is filed. An application may be backdated only if 96.14 the applicant had no employment was unemployed during the period of the backdating. 96.15 If an individual attempted to file an application for unemployment benefits, but was 96.16 prevented from filing an application by the department, the application is effective the 96.17 Sunday of the calendar week the individual first attempted to file an application. 96.18 (b) A benefit account established under subdivision 2 is effective the date the 96.19 application for unemployment benefits was effective. 96.20 (c) A benefit account, once established, may later be withdrawn only if: 96.21 (1) the applicant has not been paid any unemployment benefits on that benefit 96.22 account; and 96.23 (2) a new application for unemployment benefits is filed and a new benefit account is 96.24 established at the time of the withdrawal. 96.25 A determination or amended determination of eligibility or ineligibility issued under 96.26 section 268.101, that was sent before the withdrawal of the benefit account, remains in 96.27 effect and is not voided by the withdrawal of the benefit account. 96.28 (d) An application for unemployment benefits is not allowed before the Sunday 96.29 following the expiration of the benefit year on a prior benefit account. Except as allowed 96.30 under paragraph (c), an applicant may establish only one benefit account each 52 calendar 96.31 weeks. 96.32

96.33

96

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268.125, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Additional unemployment benefits; when available. Additional 97.1 unemployment benefits are available if: 97.2 (1) MS 2008 [Expired, 2008 c 300 s 15] 97.3 (2)(i) at a facility that had 100 or more employees, the employer reduced operations, 97.4 resulting within a one-month period in the layoff of 50 percent or more of the facility's 97.5 work force, including reductions caused as a result of a major natural disaster declared by 97.6 the president; 97.7 (ii) the employer has no expressed plan to resume operations that would lead to the 97.8 reemployment of those employees in the immediate future; and 97.9 (iii) the seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in the county that the facility is 97.10 located was ten percent or more during the month of the reduction or any of the three 97.11 months before or after the month of the reduction; or 97.12 (3) the applicant stopped working because of a lockout. The term "lockout" has the 97.13 meaning given in section 179.01, subdivision 9. This clause does not apply to professional 97.14 97.15 athletes who are locked out by a professional sports team. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 97.16 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268.125, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 97.17 Subd. 3. Eligibility conditions. (a) An applicant is eligible to receive additional 97.18 unemployment benefits for any week during the applicant's benefit year if: 97.19 (1) for any week during which benefits are available under subdivision 1, clause (1): 97.20 (i) the applicant resides in a county that meets the requirements of subdivision 1, 97.21 elause (1), and resided in that county each week that regular unemployment benefits 97.22 were paid; 97.23 (ii) the applicant was not paid unemployment benefits for any week in the 12 months 97.24 before the effective date of the applicant's benefit account; 97.25 (iii) the applicant meets the same eligibility requirements that are required for 97.26 regular unemployment benefits under section 268.069; and 97.27 (iv) MS 2008 [Expired, 2008 c 300 s 17] 97.28 (2) (1) the applicant was laid off from employment as a result of a reduction under 97.29 subdivision 1, clause (2), or was laid off because of lack of work from that employer 97.30 during the three-month period before, or the three-month period after, the month of the 97.31 reduction under subdivision 1, clause (2); 97.32 (3) (2) the applicant meets the same eligibility requirements that are required for 97.33 regular unemployment benefits under section 268.069; 97.34

- (4) (3) the applicant has exhausted regular unemployment benefits under section 98.1 268.07, is not entitled to receive extended unemployment benefits under section 268.115, 98.2 and is not entitled to receive unemployment benefits under any other state or federal law 98.3 for that week; and 98.4 (5) (4) a majority of the applicant's wage credits were from the employer that had a 98.5 reduction in operations under subdivision 1, clause (2). 98.6 (b) An applicant who stopped working because of a lockout is eligible to receive 98.7 additional unemployment benefits for any week if: 98.8 (1) the applicant meets the eligibility requirements under section 268.069; 98.9 (2) the applicant has exhausted regular unemployment benefits under section 268.07 98.10 or the law of another state; 98.11 (3) the applicant is not eligible for extended unemployment benefits or 98.12
- 98.13 <u>unemployment benefits under any federal law; and</u>
- 98.14 (4) the lockout is in active progress.
- 98.15 Section 268.085, subdivision 1, clause (2), does not apply to this paragraph.
- 98.16

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

98.17 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268.125, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
98.18 Subd. 4. Weekly unemployment benefit amount. An applicant's weekly additional
98.19 unemployment benefit amount is the same as the applicant's weekly <u>regular</u> unemployment
98.20 benefit amount during the current benefit year under section 268.07.

#### 98.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268.125, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 98.22 98.23 Subd. 5. Maximum amount of unemployment benefits. (a) For an applicant who qualifies for additional unemployment benefits under subdivision 1, clause (2), the 98.24 maximum amount of additional unemployment benefits available in the applicant's benefit 98.25 year is one-half of the applicant's maximum amount of regular unemployment benefits 98.26 available under section 268.07, subdivision 2. Extended unemployment benefits paid and 98.27 unemployment benefits paid under any federal law other than regular unemployment 98.28 benefits must be deducted from the maximum amount of additional unemployment 98.29 benefits available. 98.30 (b) For an applicant who qualifies for additional unemployment benefits under 98.31

98.32 <u>subdivision 1, clause (3), the applicant may receive additional unemployment benefits for</u>
98.33 up to 26 weeks so long as the lockout is in active progress.

#### 99.1

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

# 99.2 Sec. 9. [268.133] UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS WHILE IN 99.3 ENTREPRENEURIAL TRAINING.

99.4	Unemployment benefits are available to dislocated workers participating in the
99.5	converting layoffs into Minnesota businesses (CLIMB) program under section 116L.17,
99.6	subdivision 11. Applicants participating in CLIMB are considered in reemployment
99.7	assistance training under section 268.035, subdivision 21c. All requirements under section
99.8	268.069, subdivision 1, must be met, except the commissioner may waive:
99.9	(1) the deductible earnings provisions in section 268.085, subdivision 5; and
99.10	(2) the 32 hours of work limitation in section 268.085, subdivision 2, clause (6). A

99.11 maximum of 500 applicants may receive a waiver at any given time.

99.12 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268.136, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
99.13 Subdivision 1. Shared work agreement plan requirements. (a) An employer
99.14 may submit a proposed shared work plan for an employee group to the commissioner
99.15 for approval in a manner and format set by the commissioner. The proposed agreement
99.16 <u>shared work plan</u> must include:

- 99.17 (1) a certified statement that the normal weekly hours of work of all of the proposed
  99.18 participating employees were full time or regular part time but are now reduced, or will be
  99.19 reduced, with a corresponding reduction in pay, in order to prevent layoffs;
- 99.20 (2) the name and Social Security number of each participating employee;
- 99.21 (3) the number of layoffs that would have occurred absent the employer's ability to
  99.22 participate in a shared work plan;
- 99.23 (<u>4</u>) a certified statement of when that each participating employee was first hired by
  99.24 the employer, which must be at least one year before the proposed agreement shared work
  99.25 plan is submitted and is not a seasonal, temporary, or intermittent worker;

99.26 (4) (5) the hours of work each participating employee will work each week for
99.27 the duration of the agreement shared work plan, which must be at least 20 50 percent
99.28 of the normal weekly hours and but no more than 32 hours per week 90 percent of the
99.29 normal weekly hours, except that the agreement plan may provide for a uniform vacation
99.30 shutdown of up to two weeks;

99.31 (6) a certified statement that any health benefits and pension benefits provided by

- 99.32 the employer to participating employees will continue to be provided under the same
- 99.33 terms and conditions as though the participating employees' hours of work each week had
- 99.34 not been reduced;

- 100.1 (7) a certified statement that the terms and implementation of the shared work plan is 100.2 consistent with the employer's obligations under state and federal law;
- 100.3 (8) an acknowledgement that the employer understands that unemployment benefits
- 100.4 paid under a shared work plan will be used in computing the future tax rate of a taxpaying
- 100.5 employer or charged to the reimbursable account of a nonprofit or government employer;
- (5) (9) the proposed duration of the agreement shared work plan, which must be
   at least two months and not more than one year, although an agreement a plan may be
   extended for up to an additional year upon approval of the commissioner;
- 100.9 (6) (10) a starting date beginning on a Sunday at least 15 calendar days after the date 100.10 the proposed agreement shared work plan is submitted; and
- 100.11 (7) (11) a signature of an owner or officer of the employer who is listed as an owner 100.12 or officer on the employer's account under section 268.045.

100.13 (b) An agreement may not be approved for an employer that:

- 100.14 (1) has any unemployment tax or reimbursements, including any interest, fees,
   100.15 or penalties, due but unpaid; or
- 100.16 (2) has the maximum experience rating provided for under section 268.051,
   100.17 subdivision 3.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268.136, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 100.18 Subd. 2. Agreement Approval by commissioner. (a) The commissioner must 100.19 promptly review a proposed agreement shared work plan and notify the employer, by mail 100.20 or electronic transmission, within 15 days of receipt, whether the proposal satisfies the 100.21 100.22 requirements of this section and has been approved. If the proposal does not comply with this section, the commissioner must specifically state why the proposal is not in 100.23 compliance. If a proposed agreement complies with this section shared work plan has 100.24 100.25 been approved, it must be implemented according to its terms.
- (b) The commissioner may reject an agreement not approve a proposed shared work
  plan if the commissioner has cause to believe the proposal is not was submitted for the a
  purpose of other than preventing layoffs due to lack of work.
- (c) The commissioner may not approve a proposed shared work plan if the employer
   has any unemployment tax or reimbursements, including any interest, fees, or penalties,
   due but unpaid.
- (d) A shared work plan that has been approved by the commissioner is considered
   a contract that is binding on the employer and the department. This contract may be
   canceled or modified under subdivision 5.

101.1	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268.136, is amended by adding a subdivision
101.2	to read:
101.3	Subd. 2a. Notice to participating employee. The employer must provide written
101.4	notification to each participating employee that the employer has submitted a proposed
101.5	shared work plan. The notification must be provided to the employee no later than the
101.6	time the commissioner notifies the employer that a proposed shared work plan has been
101.7	approved. The notification must inform the employee of the proposed terms of the
101.8	shared work plan along with notice to the employee of the employee's right to apply for
101.9	unemployment benefits.
101.10	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268.136, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
101.11	Subd. 3. Applicant requirements. (a) An applicant, in order to be paid
101.12	unemployment benefits under this section, must meet all of the requirements under section
101.13	268.069, subdivision 1. The following provisions of section 268.085 do not apply to an
101.14	applicant under this section in an approved shared work plan:
101.15	(1) the deductible earnings provision of section 268.085, under subdivision 5;
101.16	(2) the restriction under section 268.085, subdivision $62$ , clause (6), if the applicant
101.17	works exactly 32 hours in a week;
101.18	(3) the requirement of being available for suitable employment <u>under subdivision 1</u> ,
101.19	clause (4), but only if the applicant is (i) available for the normal hours of work per week
101.20	with the shared work employer, or (ii) is in a training program when not working; and
101.21	(4) the requirement of actively seeking suitable employment <u>under subdivision</u>
101.22	<u>1, clause (5)</u> .
101.23	(b) An applicant is ineligible for unemployment benefits under this section for
101.24	any week, if:
101.25	(1) the applicant works more than 32 hours in a week in employment with one or
101.26	more employer <del>; or</del> .
101.27	(2) the applicant works more hours in a week for the shared work employer than
101.28	the reduced weekly hours provided for in the agreement.
101.29	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268.136, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
101.30	Subd. 4. Amount of unemployment benefits available. (a) The weekly benefit
101.31	amount and maximum amount of unemployment benefits available are computed
101.32	according to section 268.07, except that an applicant is paid the amount of benefits
101.33	available is a reduced amount in direct proportion to the reduction in hours set out in the
101.34	shared work plan from the lesser of (1) 40 hours per week; or (2) the normal weekly hours.

#### H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

(b) Regardless of paragraph (a), if the applicant works more hours or less hours in a 102.1

102.2 week for the shared work employer than provided for in the shared work plan, the amount

of unemployment benefits available is in direct proportion to the reduction in hours 102.3

- actually worked from the lesser of (1) 40 hours per week; or (2) the normal weekly hours. 102.4
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268.136, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 102.5 Subd. 5. Cancellation; modification. (a) An employer may cancel an agreement a 102.6 shared work plan at any time upon seven calendar days' notice to the commissioner in a 102.7 manner and format prescribed by the commissioner. The cancellation must be signed by 102.8 an owner or officer of the employer. 102.9
- (b) An employer may request that the commissioner allow modification of the shared 102.10 work plan as to the hours of work each participating employee will work each week. The 102.11 request must be sent in a manner and form prescribed by the commissioner. The request 102.12 must be signed by an owner or officer of the employer. The commissioner must notify the 102.13 102.14 employer as soon as possible if the modification is allowed.
- (b) (c) An employer that cancels an agreement or requests modification of a shared 102.15 work plan must provide written notice to each participating employee in the group of the 102.16 cancellation or requested modification at the time notice is sent to the commissioner. 102.17
- (e) (d) If an employer cancels an agreement a shared work plan before the expiration 102.18 date provided for in subdivision 1, a new agreement shared work plan may not be entered 102.19 into with approved for that employer under this section for at least 60 calendar days. 102.20
- (d) (e) The commissioner may immediately cancel any agreement shared work plan 102.21 102.22 if the commissioner determines the agreement plan was based upon false information or the employer is in breach has failed to adhere to the terms of the contract shared work plan. 102.23 The commissioner must immediately send written notice of cancellation to the employer. 102.24 102.25 An employer that receives notice of cancellation by the commissioner must provide written notice to each participating employer in the group employee of the cancellation. 102.26
- 102.27

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 268.23, is amended to read:

268.23 SEVERABLE. 102.28

In the event that If the United States Department of Labor or a court of competent 102.29 jurisdiction determines that any provision of the Minnesota Unemployment Insurance 102.30 Law, or any other provision of Minnesota Statutes relating to the unemployment insurance 102.31 program, is not in conformity with, or is inconsistent with, the requirements of federal 102.32 102.33 law, the provision has no force or effect; but. If only a portion of the provision, or the application to any person or circumstances, is held determined not in conformity, 102.34

103.1 or determined inconsistent, the remainder of the provision and the application of the

103.2 provision to other persons or circumstances are not affected.

103.3 Sec. 17. Laws 2012, chapter 201, article 1, section 3, the effective date, is amended to 103.4 read:

103.5 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2012, except the amendments
 103.6 to paragraph (d) are effective for penalties imposed credited on or after July 1, 2013.

103.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

#### 103.8 Sec. 18. UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE EMPLOYER TAX REDUCTION.

103.9 (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 268.051, subdivision 2, if, on

103.10 September 30, 2013, the balance in the Minnesota Unemployment Trust Fund is more than

103.11 \$800,000,000, the base tax rate for calendar year 2014 is 0.1 percent, and there will be no

additional assessment assigned. If, on September 30, 2014, the balance in the Minnesota

103.13 <u>Unemployment Trust Fund is more than \$900,000,000, the base tax rate for calendar year</u>

103.14 <u>2015 is 0.1 percent, and there will be no additional assessment assigned.</u>

103.15 (b) This section expires December 31, 2015.

## 103.16Sec. 19. COMMISSIONER AUTHORIZED TO REQUEST SHARED WORK

## 103.17 **FUNDS.**

103.18 The commissioner of employment and economic development is authorized to

103.19 request federal funding for Minnesota's shared work unemployment benefit program

- 103.20 under Minnesota Statutes, section 268.136. Federal funding is available under the Middle
- 103.21 Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012, Public Law 112-96. Federal funding
- 103.22 provided under that act for the shared work program must be immediately deposited in
- 103.23 the Minnesota Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund. The exception under Minnesota
- 103.24 Statutes, section 268.047, subdivision 2, clause (10), does not apply to the federal money.

#### 103.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

103.26 Sec. 20. <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u>

103.27Unless otherwise specified, this article is effective for shared work plans approved103.28on or after July 1, 2013.

104.1	ARTICLE 5
104.2	MISCELLANEOUS
104.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 16B.122, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
104.4	Subd. 2. Purchases; printing. (a) Whenever practicable, a public entity shall:
104.5	(1) purchase uncoated office paper and printing paper;
104.6	(2) purchase recycled content paper with at least ten percent postconsumer material
104.7	by weight;
104.8	(3) purchase paper which has not been dyed with colors, excluding pastel colors;
104.9	(4) purchase recycled content paper that is manufactured using little or no chlorine
104.10	bleach or chlorine derivatives;
104.11	(5) use no more than two colored inks, standard or processed, except in formats
104.12	where they are necessary to convey meaning;
104.13	(6) use reusable binding materials or staples and bind documents by methods that do
104.14	not use glue;
104.15	(7) use soy-based inks;-and
104.16	(8) produce reports, publications, and periodicals that are readily recyclable within
104.17	the state resource recovery program; and
104.18	(9) purchase paper which has been made on a paper machine located in Minnesota.
104.19	(b) Paragraph (a), clause (1), does not apply to coated paper that is made with at
104.20	least 50 percent postconsumer material.
104.21	(c) A public entity shall print documents on both sides of the paper where commonly
104.22	accepted publishing practices allow.
104.23	(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), clause (2), and section 16B.121, copier paper
104.24	purchased by a state agency must contain at least ten percent postconsumer material by
104.25	fiber content.
104.26	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.001, is amended by adding a subdivision
104.27	to read:
104.28	Subd. 4. Comprehensive examination. "Comprehensive examination" means all
104.29	parts of a test administered by the board, including but not limited to written, oral, and
104.30	practical components.
104.31	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.003, is amended to read:
104.32	154.003 FEES.

- 105.1 (a) The fees collected, as required in this chapter, chapter 214, and the rules of the
- board, shall be paid to the board. The board shall deposit the fees in the general fund
- in the state treasury.
- 105.4 (b) The board shall charge the following fees:
- 105.5 (1) examination and certificate, registered barber, \$85;
- 105.6 (2) retake of written examination, registered barber, \$10;
- 105.7 (2) (3) examination and certificate, apprentice, \$80;
- 105.8 (4) retake of written examination, apprentice, \$10;
- 105.9 (3) (5) examination, instructor, \$180;
- 105.10 (4) (6) certificate, instructor, \$65;
- 105.11 (5) (7) temporary teacher or apprentice permit, \$80;
- 105.12 (6) (8) renewal of license, registered barber, \$80;
- 105.13 (7) (9) renewal of license, apprentice, \$70;
- 105.14 (8) (10) renewal of license, instructor, \$80;
- 105.15 (9) (11) renewal of temporary teacher permit, \$65;
- 105.16 (10) (12) student permit, \$45;
- 105.17 (13) renewal of student permit, \$25;
- 105.18 (11)(14) initial shop registration, \$85;
- 105.19 (12) (15) initial school registration, \$1,030;
- 105.20 (13) (16) renewal shop registration, \$85;
- 105.21 (14)(17) renewal school registration, \$280;
- 105.22 (15)(18) restoration of registered barber license, \$95;
- 105.23 (16) (19) restoration of apprentice license, \$90;
- 105.24 (17) (20) restoration of shop registration, \$105;
- 105.25 (18)(21) change of ownership or location, \$55;
- 105.26 (19) (22) duplicate license, \$40; and
- 105.27 (20)(23) home study course,  $\frac{95}{575}$ ;
- 105.28 (24) letter of license verification, \$25; and
- 105.29 (25) reinspection, \$100.
- 105.30 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.02, is amended to read:
- 105.31 **154.02 WHAT CONSTITUTES BARBERING.**

Any one or any combination of the following practices when done upon the head and neck for cosmetic purposes and not for the treatment of disease or physical or mental ailments and when done for payment directly or indirectly or without payment for the public generally constitutes the practice of barbering within the meaning of sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26:
to shave the face or neck, trim the beard, cut or bob the hair of any person of either sex
for compensation or other reward received by the person performing such service or any
other person; to give facial and scalp massage or treatments with oils, creams, lotions,
or other preparations either by hand or mechanical appliances; to singe, shampoo the
hair, or apply hair tonics; or to apply cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, powders, oils,
clays, or lotions to hair, scalp, face, or neck.

106.8 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.05, is amended to read:

# 106.9 154.05 WHO MAY RECEIVE CERTIFICATES OF REGISTRATION AS A 106.10 REGISTERED BARBER.

106.11 A person is qualified to receive a certificate of registration as a registered barber:

106.12 (1) who is qualified under the provisions of section 154.06;

106.13 (2) who has practiced as a registered apprentice for a period of 12 months under the 106.14 immediate personal supervision of a registered barber; and

106.15 (3) who has passed an examination conducted by the board to determine fitness to106.16 practice barbering.

An <u>apprentice</u> applicant for a certificate of registration to practice as a registered barber who fails to pass the <u>comprehensive</u> examination conducted by the board <u>and</u> <u>who fails to pass a onetime retake of the written examination</u>, shall continue to practice as an apprentice for an additional <del>two months</del> <u>300 hours</u> before being <del>again entitled to</del> <del>take</del> <u>eligible to retake</u> the <u>comprehensive</u> examination for a registered <u>barber</u> as many times as necessary to pass.

106.23 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.06, is amended to read:

### 106.24 **154.06 WHO MAY RECEIVE CERTIFICATES OF REGISTRATION AS A**

- 106.25 **REGISTERED APPRENTICE.**
- 106.26 A person is qualified to receive a certificate of registration as a registered apprentice:
- 106.27 (1) who has completed at least ten grades of an approved school;
- 106.28 (2) who has graduated from a barber school approved by the <u>a barber</u> board within
  106.29 the previous four years; and
- 106.30 (3) who has passed an examination conducted by the board to determine fitness to
- 106.31 practice as a registered apprentice. An applicant who graduated from a barber school
- 106.32 approved by a barber board more than four years prior to application is required to
- 106.33 complete a further course of study of at least 500 hours.

An applicant for <u>a an initial</u> certificate of registration to practice as an apprentice<sub>2</sub> who fails to pass the <u>comprehensive</u> examination conducted by the board, and who fails to pass a onetime retake of the written examination, is required to complete a further course of study of at least 500 hours, of not more than eight hours in any one working day, in a barber school approved by the board <u>before being eligible to retake the comprehensive</u> examination as many times as necessary to pass.

A certificate of registration of an apprentice shall be valid for four years from the date the certificate of registration is issued by the board and shall not be renewed for a fifth year. During the four-year period the certificate of registration shall remain in full force and effect only if the apprentice complies with all the provisions of sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26, including the payment of an annual fee, and the rules of the board.

If a registered apprentice, during the term in which the certificate of registration is in
effect, enters full-time active duty in the armed forces of the United States of America,
the expiration date of the certificate of registration shall be extended by a period of time
equal to the period or periods of active duty.

107.17If a registered apprentice graduates from a barber school approved by the board and107.18is issued a certificate of registration while incarcerated by the Department of Corrections107.19of the Federal Bureau of Prisons, the expiration date of the certificate of registration shall107.20be extended one time so that it expires four years from the date of first release from a107.21correctional facility.

107.22Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.065, subdivision 2, is amended to read:107.23Subd. 2. Qualifications. A person is qualified to receive a certificate of registration

as an instructor of barbering who:

107.25 (1) is a graduate from of an approved high school, or its equivalent, as determined
107.26 by examination by the Department of Education;

107.27 (2) has qualified for a teacher's or instructor's vocational certificate; successfully
 107.28 completed vocational instructor training from a board-approved program or accredited
 107.29 college or university program that includes the following courses or their equivalents as
 107.30 determined by the board:

- 107.31 (i) introduction to career and technical education training;
- 107.32 (ii) philosophy and practice of career and technical education;
- 107.33 (iii) course development for career and technical education;
- 107.34 (iv) instructional methods for career and technical education; and
- 107.35 (v) human relations;

- 108.1 (3) <u>is currently a registered barber and has at least three years experience as a</u> 108.2 registered barber in this state, or its equivalent as determined by the board; and
- 108.3 (4) has passed an examination conducted by the board to determine fitness to108.4 instruct in barbering.
- A certificate of registration under this section is provisional until a teacher's or
   instructor's vocational certificate has been issued by the Department of Education. A
   provisional certificate of registration is valid for 30 days and is not renewable.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 108.8 108.9 Subdivision 1. Admission requirements; course of instruction. No barber school shall be approved by the board unless it requires, as a prerequisite to admission, ten grades 108.10 of an approved school or its equivalent, as determined by an examination conducted by 108.11 the commissioner of education, which shall issue a certificate that the student has passed 108.12 the required examination, and unless it requires, as a prerequisite to graduation, a course 108.13 108.14 of instruction of at least 1,500 hours, of not more than eight hours in any one working day. 108.15 The course of instruction must include the following subjects: scientific fundamentals for barbering; hygiene; practical study of the hair, skin, muscles, and nerves; structure of 108.16 108.17 the head, face, and neck; elementary chemistry relating to sterilization and antiseptics; diseases of the skin, hair, and glands; massaging and manipulating the muscles of the face 108.18 and neck; haircutting; shaving; trimming the beard; bleaching, tinting and dyeing the hair; 108.19 and the chemical waving and straightening of hair. 108.20

- 108.21 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.08, is amended to read:
- 108.22 **154.08 APPLICATION; FEE.**

Each applicant for an examination shall:

(1) make application to the Board of Barber Examiners on blank forms prepared and
 furnished by it, the application to contain proof under the applicant's oath of the particular
 qualifications and identity of the applicant;

- 108.27 (2) furnish to the board two five-inch x three-inch signed photographs of the
   applicant, one to accompany the application and one to be returned to the applicant,
- 108.29 to be presented to the board when the applicant appears for examination provide all
- 108.30 documentation required in support of the application; and
- 108.31 (3) pay to the board the required fee; and
- 108.32 (4) present a government-issued photo identification as proof of identity upon
   application and when the applicant appears for examination.

109.1 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.09, is amended to read:

# 109.2 **154.09 EXAMINATIONS, CONDUCT AND SCOPE.**

The board shall conduct examinations of applicants for certificates of registration to 109.3 practice as barbers and apprentices not more than six times each year, at such time and 109.4 place as the board may determine. Additional written examinations may be scheduled 109.5 by the board and conducted by board staff as designated by the board. The proprietor 109.6 of a barber school must file an affidavit shall be filed with the board by the proprietor 109.7 109.8 of a barber school that of hours completed by students applying to take the apprentice examination have completed. Students must complete 1,500 hours in a barber school 109.9 registered with approved by the board. 109.10

109.11 The examination of applicants for certificates of registration as barbers and 109.12 apprentices shall include both a practical demonstration and a written and oral test and 109.13 embrace. The examination must cover the subjects usually taught in barber schools 109.14 registered with the board.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Application. Each applicant for an initial certificate of registration
shall make application to the board on forms prepared and furnished by the board with
proof under oath of the particular qualifications <u>and identity</u> of each applicant. This
application shall be accompanied by a fee prescribed by law or the rules of the board to
defray the expenses of making investigation and for the examination of such applicant.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 109.21 Subdivision 1. Examination of nonresidents. A person who meets all of the 109.22 requirements for barber registration in sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 109.23 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 and either has a license, certificate 109.24 of registration, or an equivalent as a practicing barber or instructor of barbering from 109.25 another state or country which in the discretion of the board has substantially the same 109.26 requirements for registering barbers and instructors of barbering as required by sections 109.27 109.28 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 or can prove by sworn affidavits practice as a barber or instructor of barbering in another 109.29 state or country for at least five years immediately prior to making application in this state, 109.30 shall, upon payment of the required fee, be issued a certificate of registration without 109.31 examination, provided that the other state or country grants the same privileges to holders 109.32 109.33 of Minnesota certificates of registration.

110.1 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.12, is amended to read:

# 110.2 **154.12 EXAMINATION OF NONRESIDENT APPRENTICES.**

A person who meets all of the requirements for registration as a barber in sections 110.3 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 and 110.4 who has a license, a certificate of registration, or its equivalent as an apprentice in a state 110.5 or country which in the discretion of the board has substantially the same requirements for 110.6 registration as an apprentice as is provided by sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 110.7 110.8 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26, shall, upon payment of the required fee, be issued a certificate of registration without examination, provided that the other state 110.9 or country grants the same privileges to holders of Minnesota certificates of registration. 110.10

110.11 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.14, is amended to read:

# 110.12 154.14 CERTIFICATES OF REGISTRATION AND TEMPORARY PERMITS 110.13 TO BE DISPLAYED.

Every holder of a certificate of registration as a registered barber or registered 110.14 apprentice or temporary apprentice permit shall display it the certificate or permit, with a 110.15 photograph of the certificate or permit holder that meets the same standards as required for 110.16 a United States passport, in a conspicuous place adjacent to or near the chair where work 110.17 is performed. Every holder of a certificate of registration as an instructor of barbering or 110.18 as a barber school, of a temporary permit as an instructor of barbering, shall display the 110.19 certificate or permit, with a photograph of the certificate or permit holder that meets the 110.20 same standards as required for a United States passport, in a conspicuous place accessible 110.21 to the public. Every holder of a certificate of registration as a barber school and of a shop 110.22 registration card shall display it in a conspicuous place accessible to the public. 110.23

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 110.24 Subd. 2. Effect of failure to renew. A registered barber or a registered apprentice 110.25 who has not renewed a certificate of registration may be reinstated within one year four 110.26 years of such failure to renew without examination upon the payment of the required 110.27 restoration fee for each year the certificate is lapsed. A registered instructor of barbering 110.28 who has not renewed a certificate of registration may be reinstated within three four years 110.29 of such failure to renew without examination upon payment of the required restoration fee 110.30 for each year the certificate is lapsed. All registered barbers and registered apprentices 110.31 who allow their certificates of registration to lapse for more than one year four years shall 110.32 be required to reexamine before being issued a certificate of registration. All registered 110.33 110.34 instructors of barbering who allow their certificates of registration to lapse for more

#### H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

- 111.1 than three four years shall be required to reexamine before being issued a certificate of
- registration. A barber shop owner who has not renewed the barber shop certificate for more
- 111.3 than one year may reinstate the barber shop registration upon payment of the restoration
- 111.4 <u>fee for each year the shop card was lapsed. If lapsed or unlicensed status is discovered by</u>
- 111.5 the barber inspector during inspection, penalties under section 154.162 shall apply.

# 111.6 Sec. 16. [154.162] ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES.

- 111.7 The board shall impose and collect the following penalties:
- 111.8 (1) missing or lapsed shop registration discovered upon inspection; penalty imposed
- 111.9 <u>on shop owner: \$500;</u>
- 111.10 (2) unlicensed or unregistered apprentice or registered barber, first occurrence
- 111.11 discovered upon inspection; penalty imposed on shop owner and unlicensed or
- 111.12 <u>unregistered individual: \$500; and</u>
- 111.13 (3) unlicensed or unregistered apprentice or registered barber, second occurrence

discovered upon inspection; penalty imposed on shop owner and unlicensed or

111.15 <u>unregistered individual: \$1,000.</u>

111.16 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 154.26, is amended to read:

# 111.17 **154.26 MUNICIPALITIES MAY REGULATE HOURS; REGULATION**111.18 AUTHORIZED.

111.19 The governing body of any city of this state may regulate by ordinance the opening 111.20 and closing hours of barber shops within its municipal limits in addition to all other 111.21 applicable local regulations.

111.22 Sec. 18. [154.27] MISREPRESENTATION.

111.23No person shall represent themselves to the public, solicit business, advertise as a111.24licensed barber or as operating a licensed barber shop, use the title or designation of barber111.25or barber shop, engage in any other act or practice that would create the impression to111.26members of the public that the person is a licensed barber or is operating a licensed barber111.27shop unless the person holds the appropriate license under this chapter. Violation of this

111.28 <u>section is a petty misdemeanor.</u>

# 111.29 Sec. 19. [154.28] SYMBOLS; BARBER POLE.

111.30 No person shall place a barber pole in a location that would create or tend to create

111.31 the impression to the public that the business is a barber shop unless the operator holds a

111.32 valid license under this chapter. For the purposes of this section, "barber pole" means a

red and white or red, white, and blue striped vertical cylinder commonly recognized as a

112.2 barber pole. Violation of this section is a petty misdemeanor.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 155A.23, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Cosmetology. "Cosmetology" is the practice of personal services, for
compensation, for the cosmetic care of the hair, nails, and skin. These services include
cleaning, conditioning, shaping, reinforcing, coloring and enhancing the body surface in
the areas of the head, scalp, face, arms, hands, legs, and feet, and trunk of the body, except
where these services are performed by a barber under sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003,
154.01 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 155A.23, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
Subd. 8. Manager. A "manager" is any person who conducts, operates, or manages a
cosmetology school or salon and who also instructs in or provides any services, as defined
in subdivision 3. A school manager must maintain an active salon manager's license.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 155A.23, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
Subd. 11. Instructor. An "instructor" is any person employed by a school to prepare
and present the theoretical and practical education of cosmetology to persons who seek to
practice cosmetology. An instructor must maintain an active operator or manager's license
in the area in which the instructor holds an instructor's license.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 155A.25, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
Subd. 1a. Schedule. The fee schedule for licensees is as follows for licenses issued
after June 30, 2010, and prior to July 1, 2013:

112.22 (a) Three-year license fees:

112.23 (1) cosmetologist, manieurist nail technician, or esthetician:

(i) \$90 for each initial license and a \$40 nonrefundable initial license application fee,
for a total of \$130; and

(ii) \$60 for each renewal and a \$15 nonrefundable renewal application fee, fora total of \$75;

112.28 (2) instructor or manager:

(i) \$120 for each initial license and a \$40 nonrefundable initial license application
fee, for a total of \$160; and

(ii) \$90 for each renewal and a \$15 nonrefundable renewal application fee, for a
total of \$105;

113.1	(3) salon:
113.2	(i) \$130 for each initial license and a \$100 nonrefundable initial license application
113.3	fee, for a total of \$230; and
113.4	(ii) \$100 for each renewal and a \$50 nonrefundable renewal application fee, for a
113.5	total of \$150; and
113.6	(4) school:
113.7	(i) \$1,500 for each initial license and a \$1,000 nonrefundable initial license
113.8	application fee, for a total of \$2,500; and
113.9	(ii) \$1,500 for each renewal and a \$500 nonrefundable renewal application fee,
113.10	for a total of \$2,000.
113.11	(b) Penalties:
113.12	(1) reinspection fee, variable;
113.13	(2) manager and owner with lapsed practitioner found on inspection, \$150 each;
113.14	(3) lapsed practitioner or instructor found on inspection, \$200;
113.15	(4) lapsed salon found on inspection, \$500;
113.16	(5) lapsed school found on inspection, \$1,000;
113.17	(6) failure to display current license, \$100;
113.18	(7) failure to dispose of single-use equipment, implements, or materials as provided
113.19	under section 155A.355, subdivision 1, \$500;
113.20	(8) use of prohibited razor-type callus shavers, rasps, or graters under section
113.20 113.21	(8) use of prohibited razor-type callus shavers, rasps, or graters under section 155A.355, subdivision 2, \$500;
113.21	155A.355, subdivision 2, \$500;
113.21 113.22	<u>155A.355, subdivision 2, \$500;</u> (9) performing manicuring or cosmetology services in esthetician salon, or
113.21 113.22 113.23	<u>155A.355, subdivision 2, \$500;</u> (9) performing manicuring or cosmetology services in esthetician salon, or performing esthetician or cosmetology services in manicure salon, \$500;
<ul><li>113.21</li><li>113.22</li><li>113.23</li><li>113.24</li></ul>	<ul> <li><u>155A.355, subdivision 2, \$500;</u></li> <li>(9) performing manicuring or cosmetology services in esthetician salon, or</li> <li>performing esthetician or cosmetology services in manicure salon, \$500;</li> <li>(10) owner and manager allowing an operator to work as an independent contractor,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>113.21</li> <li>113.22</li> <li>113.23</li> <li>113.24</li> <li>113.25</li> </ul>	155A.355, subdivision 2, \$500;         (9) performing manicuring or cosmetology services in esthetician salon, or         performing esthetician or cosmetology services in manicure salon, \$500;         (10) owner and manager allowing an operator to work as an independent contractor,         \$200;
<ul> <li>113.21</li> <li>113.22</li> <li>113.23</li> <li>113.24</li> <li>113.25</li> <li>113.26</li> </ul>	155A.355, subdivision 2, \$500;         (9) performing manicuring or cosmetology services in esthetician salon, or         performing esthetician or cosmetology services in manicure salon, \$500;         (10) owner and manager allowing an operator to work as an independent contractor,         \$200;         (11) operator working as an independent contractor, \$100;
<ul> <li>113.21</li> <li>113.22</li> <li>113.23</li> <li>113.24</li> <li>113.25</li> <li>113.26</li> <li>113.27</li> </ul>	155A.355, subdivision 2, \$500;         (9) performing manicuring or cosmetology services in esthetician salon, or         performing esthetician or cosmetology services in manicure salon, \$500;         (10) owner and manager allowing an operator to work as an independent contractor,         \$200;         (11) operator working as an independent contractor, \$100;         (12) refusal or failure to cooperate with an inspection, \$500;
<ul> <li>113.21</li> <li>113.22</li> <li>113.23</li> <li>113.24</li> <li>113.25</li> <li>113.26</li> <li>113.27</li> <li>113.28</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><u>155A.355</u>, subdivision 2, \$500;</li> <li>(9) performing manicuring or cosmetology services in esthetician salon, or</li> <li><u>performing esthetician or cosmetology services in manicure salon, \$500;</u></li> <li>(10) owner and manager allowing an operator to work as an independent contractor,</li> <li><u>\$200;</u></li> <li>(11) operator working as an independent contractor, \$100;</li> <li>(12) refusal or failure to cooperate with an inspection, \$500;</li> <li>(<del>3</del>)(13) expired cosmetologist, manicurist, esthetician, manager, school manager,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>113.21</li> <li>113.22</li> <li>113.23</li> <li>113.24</li> <li>113.25</li> <li>113.26</li> <li>113.27</li> <li>113.28</li> <li>113.29</li> </ul>	155A.355, subdivision 2, \$500;         (9) performing manicuring or cosmetology services in esthetician salon, or         performing esthetician or cosmetology services in manicure salon, \$500;         (10) owner and manager allowing an operator to work as an independent contractor,         \$200;         (11) operator working as an independent contractor, \$100;         (12) refusal or failure to cooperate with an inspection, \$500;         (3) (13) expired cosmetologist, manicurist, esthetician, manager, school manager,         and instructor license, \$45; and
<ul> <li>113.21</li> <li>113.22</li> <li>113.23</li> <li>113.24</li> <li>113.25</li> <li>113.26</li> <li>113.27</li> <li>113.28</li> <li>113.29</li> <li>113.30</li> </ul>	155A.355, subdivision 2, \$500;         (9) performing manicuring or cosmetology services in esthetician salon, or         performing esthetician or cosmetology services in manicure salon, \$500;         (10) owner and manager allowing an operator to work as an independent contractor,         \$200;         (11) operator working as an independent contractor, \$100;         (12) refusal or failure to cooperate with an inspection, \$500;         (3) (13) expired cosmetologist, manicurist, esthetician, manager, school manager,         and instructor license, \$45; and         (4) (14) expired salon or school license, \$50.
<ul> <li>113.21</li> <li>113.22</li> <li>113.23</li> <li>113.24</li> <li>113.25</li> <li>113.26</li> <li>113.27</li> <li>113.28</li> <li>113.29</li> <li>113.30</li> <li>113.31</li> </ul>	155A.355, subdivision 2, \$500;         (9) performing manicuring or cosmetology services in esthetician salon, or         performing esthetician or cosmetology services in manicure salon, \$500;         (10) owner and manager allowing an operator to work as an independent contractor,         \$200;         (11) operator working as an independent contractor, \$100;         (12) refusal or failure to cooperate with an inspection, \$500;         (3) (13) expired cosmetologist, manicurist, esthetician, manager, school manager,         and instructor license, \$45; and         (4) (14) expired salon or school license, \$50.         (c) Administrative fees:
<ul> <li>113.21</li> <li>113.22</li> <li>113.23</li> <li>113.24</li> <li>113.25</li> <li>113.26</li> <li>113.27</li> <li>113.28</li> <li>113.29</li> <li>113.30</li> <li>113.31</li> <li>113.32</li> </ul>	155A.355, subdivision 2, \$500;         (9) performing manicuring or cosmetology services in esthetician salon, or         performing esthetician or cosmetology services in manicure salon, \$500;         (10) owner and manager allowing an operator to work as an independent contractor,         \$200;         (11) operator working as an independent contractor, \$100;         (12) refusal or failure to cooperate with an inspection, \$500;         (3) (13) expired cosmetologist, manicurist, esthetician, manager, school manager,         and instructor license, \$45; and         (4) (14) expired salon or school license, \$50.         (c) Administrative fees:         (1) certificate of identification, \$20;
<ul> <li>113.21</li> <li>113.22</li> <li>113.23</li> <li>113.24</li> <li>113.25</li> <li>113.26</li> <li>113.27</li> <li>113.28</li> <li>113.29</li> <li>113.30</li> <li>113.31</li> <li>113.32</li> <li>113.33</li> </ul>	155A.355, subdivision 2, \$500;         (9) performing manicuring or cosmetology services in esthetician salon, or         performing esthetician or cosmetology services in manicure salon, \$500;         (10) owner and manager allowing an operator to work as an independent contractor,         \$200;         (11) operator working as an independent contractor, \$100;         (12) refusal or failure to cooperate with an inspection, \$500;         (3) (13) expired cosmetologist, manicurist, esthetician, manager, school manager,         and instructor license, \$45; and         (4) (14) expired salon or school license, \$50.         (c) Administrative fees:         (1) certificate of identification, \$20;         (2) name change, \$20;

- 114.1 (6) special event permit, \$75 per year; and
- 114.2 (7) registration of hair braiders, \$20 per year.
- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 155A.25, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
  Subd. 4. License expiration date. The board shall, in a manner determined by the
  board and without the need for rulemaking under chapter 14, phase in changes to initial
  and renewal license expiration dates so that by January 1, 2014:
- (1) individual licenses expire on the last day of the licensee's birth month of theyear due; and
- (2) salon <u>and school</u> licenses expire on the last day of the month of initial licensureof the year due.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 155A.27, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. **Testing.** <u>All theory, practical, and Minnesota law and rule testing must</u> <u>be done by a board-approved provider.</u> Appropriate standardized tests shall be used and shall include subject matter relative to the application of Minnesota law. In every case, the primary consideration shall be to safeguard the health and safety of consumers by determining the competency of the applicants to provide the services indicated.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 155A.27, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Renewals. Renewal of license shall be for a period of three years
under conditions and process established by rule and subject to continuing education
requirements of section 155A.271.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 155A.27, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 114.21 114.22 Subd. 10. Nonresident licenses. (a) A nonresident cosmetologist, manicurist, or esthetician may be licensed in Minnesota if the individual has completed cosmetology 114.23 school in a state or country with the same or greater school hour requirements, has an 114.24 active license in that state or country, and has passed a board-approved theory and 114.25 practice-based examination, the Minnesota-specific written operator examination for 114.26 cosmetologist, manicurist, or esthetician. If a test is used to verify the qualifications of 114.27 trained cosmetologists, the test should be translated into the nonresident's native language 114.28 within the limits of available resources. Licenses shall not be issued under this subdivision 114.29 for managers or instructors. 114.30

114.31(b) If an individual has less than the required number of school hours, the individual114.32must have had a current active license in another state or country for at least three

115.1 years and have passed a board-approved theory and practice-based examination, or

115.2 the Minnesota-specific written operator examination for cosmetologist, manicurist, or

115.3 esthetician. If a test is used to verify the qualifications of trained cosmetologists, the test

- should be translated into the nonresident's native language within the limits of available
- resources. Licenses must not be issued under this subdivision for managers or instructors.
- (c) Applicants claiming training and experience in a foreign country shall supply
- 115.7 official English-language translations of all required documents from a board-approved
  115.8 source.

# 115.9 Sec. 28. [155A.271] CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS.

Subdivision 1. Continuing education requirements. Effective August 1, 2014, 115.10 115.11 to qualify for license renewal under this chapter as an individual cosmetologist, nail 115.12 technician, esthetician, or salon manager, the applicant must attest to the completion of four hours of continuing education credits from an accredited school or a professional 115.13 115.14 association of cosmetology during the three years prior to the applicant's renewal date. One credit hour of the requirement must include instruction pertaining to state 115.15 laws and rules governing the practice of cosmetology. Three credit hours must include 115.16 115.17 instruction pertaining to health, safety, and sanitation matters consistent with the United States Department of Labor's Occupational Safety and Health Administration standards 115.18 applicable to the practice of cosmetology, or other applicable federal health, sanitation, 115.19 and safety standards, and must be regularly updated so as to incorporate newly developed 115.20 standards and accepted professional best practices. Credit hours earned are valid for three 115.21 115.22 years and may be applied simultaneously to all individual licenses held by a licensee under 115.23 this chapter. This subdivision does not apply to instructors or inactive licenses. Subd. 2. Schools and professional associations. Only a board-licensed school of 115.24 115.25 cosmetology, a postsecondary institution as defined in section 136A.103, paragraph (a), or a board-recognized professional association may offer continuing education curriculum 115.26 for credit under this section. The school and professional association may offer online 115.27 and independent study options to achieve maximum involvement of licensees and is 115.28 encouraged to offer classes available in foreign language formats. 115.29 Subd. 3. Proof of credits. The school or professional association shall provide 115.30 to licensees who attend a class a receipt to prove completion of the class. Licensees 115.31 shall retain proof of their continuing education credits for one year beyond the credit's 115.32

- 115.33 expiration. The school or professional association shall retain documentation of all
- 115.34 licensees successfully completing a class and the licensee's credit hours for five years.

Subd. 4. Audit. The board shall conduct random audits of active licensees 116.1 116.2 periodically to ensure compliance with continuing education requirements. To initiate an audit, the board shall notify an active licensee of the audit and request proof of 116.3 credits earned during a specified period. The licensee must provide the requested proof 116.4 to the board within 30 days of an audit notice. The board may request that a school or 116.5 professional association verify a licensee's credits. The school or professional association 116.6 must furnish verification, or a written statement that the credits are not verified, within 116.7 15 days of the board's request for verification. If the board determines that a licensee has 116.8 failed to provide proof of necessary credits earned during the specified time, the board 116.9 may revoke the individual's license and may deem the individual a lapsed practitioner 116.10 subject to penalty under section 155A.25 or 155A.36. 116.11 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 155A.29, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 116.12 Subd. 2. Requirements. (a) The conditions and process by which a salon is licensed 116.13 116.14 shall be established by the board by rule. In addition to those requirements, no license shall be issued unless the board first determines that the conditions in clauses (1) to (5) 116.15 have been satisfied: 116.16 116.17 (1) compliance with all local and state laws, particularly relating to matters of sanitation, health, and safety; 116.18 (2) the employment of a manager, as defined in section 155A.23, subdivision 8; 116.19 (3) inspection and licensing prior to the commencing of business; 116.20 (4) (3) if applicable, evidence of compliance with section 176.182; and 116.21 116.22 (5) (4) evidence of continued professional liability insurance coverage of at least 116.23 \$25,000 for each claim and \$50,000 total coverage for each policy year for each operator. (b) A licensed esthetician or manicurist who complies with the health, safety, 116.24 116.25 sanitation, inspection, and insurance rules promulgated by the board to operate a salon solely for the performance of those personal services defined in section 155A.23, 116.26 subdivision 5, in the case of an esthetician, or subdivision 7, in the case of a manicurist. 116.27 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 155A.30, is amended by adding a 116.28 subdivision to read: 116.29 Subd. 11. Instruction requirements. (a) Instruction may be offered for no more 116.30

116.31 than ten hours per day per student.

(b) Instruction must be given within a licensed school building. Online instruction is

- 116.33 permitted for board-approved theory-based classes. Practice-based classes must not be
- 116.34 given online.

117.1	Sec. 31. [155A.355] PROHIBITED USES.
117.2	Subdivision 1. Single-use equipment and materials. Single-use equipment,
117.3	implements, or materials that are made or constructed of paper, wood, or other porous
117.4	materials must only be used for one application or client service. Presence of used articles
117.5	in the work area is prima facie evidence of reuse. Failure to dispose of the materials in this
117.6	subdivision is punishable by penalty under section 155A.25, subdivision 1a, paragraph
117.7	<u>(b)</u> , clause (7).
117.8	Subd. 2. Skin-cutting equipment. Razor-type callus shavers, rasps, or graters
117.9	designed and intended to cut growths of skin such as corns and calluses, including but not
117.10	limited to credo blades, are prohibited. Presence of these articles in the work area is prima
117.11	facie evidence of use and is punishable by penalty in section 155A.25, subdivision 1a,
117.12	paragraph (b), clause (8).
117.13	Subd. 3. Substances. Licensees must not use any of the following substances or
117.14	products in performing cosmetology services:
117.15	(1) methyl methacrylate liquid monomers, also known as MMA; and
117.16	(2) fumigants, including but not limited to formalin tablets or formalin liquids.
117.17	Sec. 32. [179.90] OFFICE OF COLLABORATION AND DISPUTE
117.18	RESOLUTION.
117.19	The commissioner of mediation services shall establish an Office of Collaboration
117.20	and Dispute Resolution within the bureau. The office must:
117.21	(1) promote the broad use of community mediation in the state, ensuring that all areas
117.22	of the state have access to services by providing grants to private nonprofits entities certified
117.23	by the state court administrator under chapter 494 that assist in resolution of disputes;
117.24	(2) assist state agencies, offices of the executive, legislative, and judicial branches,
117.25	and units of local government in improving collaboration and dispute resolution;
117.26	(3) support collaboration and dispute resolution in the public and private sector by
117.27	providing technical assistance and information on best practices and new developments in
117.28	dispute resolution options;
117.29	(4) educate the public and governmental entities on dispute resolution options; and
117.30	(5) promote and utilize collaborative dispute resolution models and processes based
117.31	on documented best practices including, but not limited to, the Minnesota Solutions model:
117.32	(i) establishing criteria and procedures for identification and assessment of dispute
117.33	resolution projects;
117.34	(ii) designating projects and appointing impartial convenors by the commissioner
117.35	or the commissioner's designee;

#### H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

# (iii) forming multidisciplinary conflict resolution teams; and

118.2 (iv) utilizing collaborative techniques, processes, and standards through facilitated

118.3 <u>meetings until consensus among parties is reached in resolving a dispute.</u>

118.4 Sec. 33. **[179.91] GRANTS.** 

Subdivision 1. Authority. The commissioner of mediation services shall to the 118.5 extent funds are appropriated for this purpose, make grants to private nonprofit community 118.6 mediation entities certified by the state court administrator under chapter 494 that assist 118.7 in resolution of disputes. The commissioner shall establish a grant review committee to 118.8 assist in the review of grant applications and the allocation of grants under this section. 118.9 Subd. 2. Eligibility. To be eligible for a grant under this section, a nonprofit 118.10 118.11 organization must meet the requirements of section 494.05, subdivision 1, clauses (1), (2), (4), and (5).118.12 Subd. 3. Conditions and exclusions. A nonprofit entity receiving a grant must 118.13 118.14 agree to comply with guidelines adopted by the state court administrator under section 494.015, subdivision 1. Sections 16B.97 and 16B.98 and policies adopted under those 118.15 sections apply to grants under this section. The exclusions in section 494.03 apply to 118.16 118.17 grants under this section. Subd. 4. Reporting. Grantees must report data required under chapter 494 to 118.18 118.19 evaluate quality and outcomes.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 298.22, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. The office of the commissioner of Iron Range resources and
rehabilitation. (1) The office of the commissioner of Iron Range resources and
rehabilitation is created as an agency in the executive branch of state government. The
governor shall appoint the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation under
section 15.06.

(2) The commissioner may hold other positions or appointments that are not 118.26 incompatible with duties as commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation. The 118.27 commissioner may appoint a deputy commissioner. All expenses of the commissioner, 118.28 including the payment of staff and other assistance as may be necessary, must be paid 118.29 out of the amounts appropriated by section 298.28 or otherwise made available by law 118.30 to the commissioner. Notwithstanding chapters 16A, 16B, and 16C, the commissioner 118.31 may utilize contracting options available under section 471.345 when the commissioner 118.32 118.33 determines it is in the best interest of the agency. The agency is not subject to sections

118.34 <u>16E.016 and 16C.05.</u>

(3) When the commissioner determines that distress and unemployment exists or 119.1 119.2 may exist in the future in any county by reason of the removal of natural resources or a possibly limited use of natural resources in the future and any resulting decrease in 119.3 employment, the commissioner may use whatever amounts of the appropriation made to 119.4 the commissioner of revenue in section 298.28 that are determined to be necessary and 119.5 proper in the development of the remaining resources of the county and in the vocational 119.6 training and rehabilitation of its residents, except that the amount needed to cover cost 119.7 overruns awarded to a contractor by an arbitrator in relation to a contract awarded by 119.8 the commissioner or in effect after July 1, 1985, is appropriated from the general fund. 119.9 For the purposes of this section, "development of remaining resources" includes, but is 119.10 not limited to, the promotion of tourism. 119.11

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 298.28, subdivision 9c, is amended to read: 119.12 Subd. 9c. Temporary Distribution; city of Eveleth. 0.20 cent per taxable ton 119.13 119.14 must be paid to the city of Eveleth for distribution in 2007 through 2011 only 2013 and thereafter, to be used for the support of the Hockey Hall of Fame, provided that it 119.15 continues to operate in that city, and provided that the city of Eveleth certifies to the St. 119.16 119.17 Louis County auditor that it has received donations for the support of the Hockey Hall of Fame from professional hockey organizations or other donors in an amount at least equal 119.18 to the amount of the distribution under this subdivision. If the Hockey Hall of Fame 119.19 ceases to operate in the city of Eveleth prior to receipt of the distribution in either any 119.20 year, and the governing body of the city determines that it is unlikely to resume operation 119.21 119.22 there within a six-month period, the distribution under this subdivision shall be made to 119.23 the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board. If the amount of the distribution authorized under this subdivision exceeds the total amount of donations for the support of 119.24 119.25 the Hockey Hall of Fame during the 12-month period ending 30 days before the date of the distribution, the amount by which 0.20 cent per ton exceeds the donations shall be 119.26 distributed to the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board. 119.27

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326A.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Timing. (a) Certificates must be initially issued and renewed for periods of
not more than three years annually but in any event must expire on December 31 in the year
prescribed by the board by rule. Applications for certificates must be made in the form, and
in the case of applications for renewal between the dates, specified by the board in rule.
The board shall grant or deny an application no later than 90 days after the application is
filed in proper form. If the applicant seeks the opportunity to show that issuance or renewal

of a certificate was mistakenly denied, or if the board is unable to determine whether it 120.1 120.2 should be granted or denied, the board may issue to the applicant a provisional certificate that expires 90 days after its issuance, or when the board determines whether or not to 120.3 issue or renew the certificate for which application was made, whichever occurs first. 120.4

(b) Certificate holders who do not provide professional services and do not use the 120.5 certified public accountant designation in any manner are not required to renew their 120.6 certificates provided they have notified the board as provided in board rule and comply 120.7 with the requirements for nonrenewal as specified in board rule. 120.8

(c) Applications for renewal of a certificate that are complete and timely filed with 120.9 the board and are not granted or denied by the board before January 1 are renewed on a 120.10 provisional basis as of January 1 and for 90 days thereafter, or until the board grants or 120.11 denies the renewal of the certificate, whichever occurs first, provided the licensee meets 120.12 the requirements in this chapter and rules adopted by the board. 120.13

#### EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for licenses issued or renewed after 120.14 January 1, 2014. 120.15

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326A.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 120.16 Subd. 3. Residents of other states. (a) With regard to an applicant who must 120.17 obtain a certificate in this state because the applicant does not qualify under the substantial 120.18 equivalency standard in section 326A.14, subdivision 1, the board shall issue a certificate 120.19 to a holder of a certificate, license, or permit issued by another state upon a showing that: 120.20 (1) the applicant passed the examination required for issuance of a certificate in 120.21 this state:

120.22

(2) the applicant had four years of experience of the type described in section 120.23 326A.03, subdivision 6, paragraph (b), if application is made on or after July 1, 2006, 120.24 or section 326A.03, subdivision 8, if application is made before July 1, 2006; or the 120.25 applicant meets equivalent requirements prescribed by the board by rule, after passing 120.26 the examination upon which the applicant's certificate was based and within the ten years 120.27 immediately preceding the application; 120.28

- (3) if the applicant's certificate, license, or permit was issued more than four years 120.29 prior to the application for issuance of an initial certificate under this subdivision, that the 120.30 applicant has fulfilled the requirements of continuing professional education that would 120.31 have been applicable under subdivision 4; and 120.32
- 120.33

(4) the applicant has met the qualifications prescribed by the board by rule.

(b) A certificate holder licensed by another state who establishes a principal place 120.34 120.35 of business in this state shall request the issuance of a certificate from the board prior to

#### H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

- 121.1 establishing the principal place of business. The board shall issue a certificate to the person
- 121.2 if the person's individual certified public accountant qualifications, upon verification, are
- 121.3 substantially equivalent to the certified public accountant licensure requirements of this
- 121.4 chapter or the person meets equivalent requirements as the board prescribes by rule.
- 121.5 Residents of this state who provide professional services in this state at an office location
- in this state shall be considered to have their principal place of business in this state.
- 121.7 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326A.04, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 121.8 Subd. 5. Fee. (a) The board shall charge a fee for each application for initial
- 121.9 issuance or renewal of a certificate under this section <u>as provided in paragraph (b)</u>.
- 121.10 (b) The board shall charge the following fees:
- 121.11 (1) initial issuance of certificate, \$150;
- 121.12 (2) renewal of certificate with an active status, \$100 per year;
- 121.13 (3) initial CPA firm permits, except for sole practitioners, \$100;
- 121.14 (4) renewal of CPA firm permits, except for sole practitioners and those firms
- 121.15 specified in clause (17), \$35 per year;
- 121.16 (5) initial issuance and renewal of CPA firm permits for sole practitioners, except for
- 121.17 those firms specified in clause (17), \$35 per year;
- 121.18 (6) annual late processing delinquency fee for permit, certificate, or registration
- 121.19 renewal applications not received prior to expiration date, \$50;
- 121.20 (7) copies of records, per page, 25 cents;
- 121.21 (8) registration of noncertificate holders, nonlicensees, and nonregistrants in
- 121.22 <u>connection with renewal of firm permits</u>, \$45 per year;
- 121.23 (9) applications for reinstatement, \$20;
- 121.24 (10) initial registration of a registered accounting practitioner, \$50;
- 121.25 (11) initial registered accounting practitioner firm permits, \$100;
- 121.26 (12) renewal of registered accounting practitioner firm permits, except for sole
- 121.27 practitioners, \$100 per year;
- 121.28 (13) renewal of registered accounting practitioner firm permits for sole practitioners,
- 121.29 <u>\$35 per year;</u>
- 121.30 (14) CPA examination application, \$40;
- 121.31 (15) CPA examination, fee determined by third-party examination administrator;
- 121.32 (16) renewal of certificates with an inactive status, \$25 per year; and
- 121.33 (17) renewal of CPA firm permits for firms that have one or more offices located in
- 121.34 <u>another state, \$68 per year.</u>

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326A.04, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Certificates issued by foreign countries. The board shall issue a
certificate to a holder of a generally equivalent foreign country designation, provided that:
(1) the foreign authority that granted the designation makes similar provision to
allow a person who holds a valid certificate issued by this state to obtain the foreign
authority's comparable designation;

122.7 (2) the foreign designation:

(i) was duly issued by a foreign authority that regulates the practice of publicaccountancy and the foreign designation has not expired or been revoked or suspended;

(ii) entitles the holder to issue reports upon financial statements; and

(iii) was issued upon the basis of educational, examination, and experiencerequirements established by the foreign authority or by law; and

122.13 (3) the applicant:

(i) received the designation, based on educational and examination standards
generally equivalent to those in effect in this state, at the time the foreign designation
was granted;

(ii) has, within the ten years immediately preceding the application, completed an
experience requirement that is generally equivalent to the requirement in section 326A.03,
subdivision 6, paragraph (b), if application is made on or after July 1, 2006, or section
326A.03, subdivision 8, if application is made before July 1, 2006, in the jurisdiction that
granted the foreign designation; completed four years of professional experience in this
state; or met equivalent requirements prescribed by the board by rule; and

(iii) passed a uniform qualifying examination in national standards and an
examination on the laws, regulations, and code of ethical conduct in effect in this state
as the board prescribes by rule.

122.26 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 326A.10, is amended to read:

122.27 **326A.10 UNLAWFUL ACTS.** 

(a) Only a licensee and individuals who have been granted practice privileges 122.28 under section 326A.14 may issue a report on financial statements of any person, firm, 122.29 organization, or governmental unit that results from providing attest services, or offer to 122.30 render or render any attest service. Only a certified public accountant, an individual who 122.31 has been granted practice privileges under section 326A.14, a CPA firm, or, to the extent 122.32 permitted by board rule, a person registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), may 122.33 issue a report on financial statements of any person, firm, organization, or governmental 122.34 unit that results from providing compilation services or offer to render or render any 122.35

compilation service. These restrictions do not prohibit any act of a public official or 123.1 public employee in the performance of that person's duties or prohibit the performance 123.2 by any nonlicensee of other services involving the use of accounting skills, including 123.3 the preparation of tax returns, management advisory services, and the preparation of 123.4 financial statements without the issuance of reports on them. Nonlicensees may prepare 123.5 financial statements and issue nonattest transmittals or information on them which do not 123.6 purport to be in compliance with the Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review 123.7 Services (SSARS). Nonlicensees registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), may, 123.8 to the extent permitted by board rule, prepare financial statements and issue nonattest 123.9 transmittals or information on them. 123.10

(b) Licensees and individuals who have been granted practice privileges under
section 326A.14 performing attest or compilation services must provide those services in
accordance with professional standards. To the extent permitted by board rule, registered
accounting practitioners performing compilation services must provide those services in
accordance with standards specified in board rule.

(c) A person who does not hold a valid certificate issued under section 326A.04
or a practice privilege granted under section 326A.14 shall not use or assume the title
"certified public accountant," the abbreviation "CPA," or any other title, designation,
words, letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the person is a
certified public accountant.

(d) A firm shall not provide attest services or assume or use the title "certified public
accountants," the abbreviation "CPA's," or any other title, designation, words, letters,
abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the firm is a CPA firm unless
(1) the firm has complied with section 326A.05, and (2) ownership of the firm is in
accordance with this chapter and rules adopted by the board.

(e) A person or firm that does not hold a valid certificate or permit issued under 123.26 section 326A.04 or 326A.05 or has not otherwise complied with section 326A.04 or 123.27 326A.05 as required in this chapter shall not assume or use the title "certified accountant," 123.28 "chartered accountant," "enrolled accountant," "licensed accountant," "registered 123.29 accountant," "accredited accountant," "accounting practitioner," "public accountant," 123.30 "licensed public accountant," or any other title or designation likely to be confused 123.31 with the title "certified public accountant," or use any of the abbreviations "CA," "LA," 123.32 "RA," "AA," "PA," "AP," "LPA," or similar abbreviation likely to be confused with the 123.33 abbreviation "CPA." The title "enrolled agent" or "EA" may only be used by individuals 123.34 so designated by the Internal Revenue Service. 123.35

(f) Persons registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), may use the title
"registered accounting practitioner" or the abbreviation "RAP." A person who does not
hold a valid registration under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), shall not assume or use
such title or abbreviation.

(g) Except to the extent permitted in paragraph (a), nonlicensees may not use 124.5 language in any statement relating to the financial affairs of a person or entity that is 124.6 conventionally used by licensees in reports on financial statements. In this regard, the 124.7 board shall issue by rule safe harbor language that nonlicensees may use in connection 124.8 with such financial information. A person or firm that does not hold a valid certificate or 124.9 permit, or a registration issued under section 326A.04, 326A.05, or 326A.06, paragraph 124.10 (b), or has not otherwise complied with section 326A.04 or 326A.05 as required in this 124.11 124.12 chapter shall not assume or use any title or designation that includes the word "accountant" or "accounting" in connection with any other language, including the language of a report, 124.13 that implies that the person or firm holds such a certificate, permit, or registration or has 124.14 124.15 special competence as an accountant. A person or firm that does not hold a valid certificate or permit issued under section 326A.04 or 326A.05 or has not otherwise complied with 124.16 section 326A.04 or 326A.05 as required in this chapter shall not assume or use any title 124.17 or designation that includes the word "auditor" in connection with any other language, 124.18 including the language of a report, that implies that the person or firm holds such a 124.19 certificate or permit or has special competence as an auditor. However, this paragraph 124.20 does not prohibit any officer, partner, member, manager, or employee of any firm or 124.21 organization from affixing that person's own signature to any statement in reference to the 124.22 124.23 financial affairs of such firm or organization with any wording designating the position, title, or office that the person holds, nor prohibit any act of a public official or employee in 124.24 the performance of the person's duties as such. 124.25

(h)(1) No person holding a certificate or registration or firm holding a permit under this chapter shall use a professional or firm name or designation that is misleading about the legal form of the firm, or about the persons who are partners, officers, members, managers, or shareholders of the firm, or about any other matter. However, names of one or more former partners, members, managers, or shareholders may be included in the name of a firm or its successor.

(2) A common brand name or network name part, including common initials, used
by a CPA firm in its name, is not misleading if the firm is a network firm as defined in
the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) Code of Professional
Conduct in effect July 1, 2011, and when offering or rendering services that require

independence under AICPA standards, the firm must comply with the AICPA code's
applicable standards on independence.

(i) Paragraphs (a) to (h) do not apply to a person or firm holding a certification,
designation, degree, or license granted in a foreign country entitling the holder to engage
in the practice of public accountancy or its equivalent in that country, if:

(1) the activities of the person or firm in this state are limited to the provision of
professional services to persons or firms who are residents of, governments of, or business
entities of the country in which the person holds the entitlement;

(2) the person or firm performs no attest or compilation services and issues no reports
with respect to the financial statements of any other persons, firms, or governmental
units in this state; and

(3) the person or firm does not use in this state any title or designation other than
the one under which the person practices in the foreign country, followed by a translation
of the title or designation into English, if it is in a different language, and by the name
of the country.

(j) No holder of a certificate issued under section 326A.04 may perform attest servicesthrough any business form that does not hold a valid permit issued under section 326A.05.

(k) No individual licensee may issue a report in standard form upon a compilation
of financial information through any form of business that does not hold a valid permit
issued under section 326A.05, unless the report discloses the name of the business through
which the individual is issuing the report, and the individual:

(1) signs the compilation report identifying the individual as a certified publicaccountant;

(2) meets the competency requirement provided in applicable standards; and

(3) undergoes no less frequently than once every three years, a peer review
conducted in a manner specified by the board in rule, and the review includes verification
that the individual has met the competency requirements set out in professional standards
for such services.

(1) No person registered under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), may issue a report
in standard form upon a compilation of financial information unless the board by rule
permits the report and the person:

(1) signs the compilation report identifying the individual as a registered accountingpractitioner;

(2) meets the competency requirements in board rule; and

(3) undergoes no less frequently than once every three years a peer review conducted
in a manner specified by the board in rule, and the review includes verification that the
individual has met the competency requirements in board rule.

(m) Nothing in this section prohibits a practicing attorney or firm of attorneys from
preparing or presenting records or documents customarily prepared by an attorney or firm
of attorneys in connection with the attorney's professional work in the practice of law.

(n) The board shall adopt rules that place limitations on receipt by a licensee or a
person who holds a registration under section 326A.06, paragraph (b), of:

126.9 (1) contingent fees for professional services performed; and

(2) commissions or referral fees for recommending or referring to a client anyproduct or service.

(o) Anything in this section to the contrary notwithstanding, it shall not be a violation
of this section for a firm not holding a valid permit under section 326A.05 and not having
an office in this state to provide its professional services in this state so long as it complies
with the applicable requirements of section 326A.05, subdivision 1.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 462.358, subdivision 2b, is amended to read: 126.16 Subd. 2b. Dedication. (a) The regulations may require that a reasonable portion of 126.17 the buildable land, as defined by municipal ordinance, of any proposed subdivision be 126.18 dedicated to the public or preserved for public use as streets, roads, sewers, electric, 126.19 gas, and water facilities, storm water drainage and holding areas or ponds and similar 126.20 utilities and improvements, parks, recreational facilities as defined in section 471.191, 126.21 126.22 playgrounds, trails, wetlands, or open space. The requirement must be imposed by ordinance or under the procedures established in section 462.353, subdivision 4a. 126.23

(b) If a municipality adopts the ordinance or proceeds under section 462.353, subdivision 4a, as required by paragraph (a), the municipality must adopt a capital improvement budget and have a parks and open space plan or have a parks, trails, and open space component in its comprehensive plan subject to the terms and conditions in this paragraph and paragraphs (c) to (i).

(c) The municipality may choose to accept a cash fee as set by ordinance from the applicant for some or all of the new lots created in the subdivision, based on the average fair market value of the unplatted land for which park fees have not already been paid that is, no later than at the time of final approval or under the city's adopted comprehensive plan, to be served by municipal sanitary sewer and water service or community septic and private well as authorized by state law. For purposes of redevelopment on developed land, the municipality may choose to accept a cash fee based on fair market value of the

land no later than the time of final approval. "Fair market value" means the value of theland as determined by the municipality annually based on tax valuation or other relevant

127.3 data. If the municipality's calculation of valuation is objected to by the applicant, then

127.4 the value shall be as negotiated between the municipality and the applicant, or based on

127.5 the market value as determined by the municipality based on an independent appraisal of

127.6 land in a same or similar land use category.

(d) In establishing the portion to be dedicated or preserved or the cash fee, the
regulations shall give due consideration to the open space, recreational, or common areas
and facilities open to the public that the applicant proposes to reserve for the subdivision.

(e) The municipality must reasonably determine that it will need to acquire thatportion of land for the purposes stated in this subdivision as a result of approval of thesubdivision.

(f) Cash payments received must be placed by the municipality in a special fund tobe used only for the purposes for which the money was obtained.

(g) Cash payments received must be used only for the acquisition and development
or improvement of parks, recreational facilities, playgrounds, trails, wetlands, or open
space based on the approved park systems plan. Cash payments must not be used for
ongoing operation or maintenance of parks, recreational facilities, playgrounds, trails,
wetlands, or open space.

(h) The municipality must not deny the approval of a subdivision based solely onan inadequate supply of parks, open spaces, trails, or recreational facilities within themunicipality.

(i) Previously subdivided property from which a park dedication has been received,
being resubdivided with the same number of lots, is exempt from park dedication
requirements. If, as a result of resubdividing the property, the number of lots is increased,
then the park dedication or per-lot cash fee must apply only to the net increase of lots.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 462A.37, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
have the meanings given.

127.30

(b) "Abandoned property" has the meaning given in section 117.025, subdivision 5.

(c) "Community land trust" means an entity that meets the requirements of section462A.31, subdivisions 1 and 2.

(d) "Debt service" means the amount payable in any fiscal year of principal,
premium, if any, and interest on housing infrastructure bonds and the fees, charges, and
expenses related to the bonds.

H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

(e) "Foreclosed property" means residential property where foreclosure proceedings
have been initiated or have been completed and title transferred or where title is transferred
in lieu of foreclosure.

(f) "Housing infrastructure bonds" means bonds issued by the agency under this 128.4 chapter that are qualified 501(c)(3) bonds, within the meaning of Section 145(a) of the 128.5 Internal Revenue Code, finance qualified residential rental projects within the meaning of 128.6 Section 142(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, or are tax-exempt bonds that are not private 128.7 activity bonds, within the meaning of Section 141(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, for the 128.8 purpose of financing or refinancing affordable housing authorized under this chapter. 128.9 (g) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. 128.10 (h) "Supportive housing" means housing that is not time-limited and provides or 128.11 coordinates with linkages to services necessary for residents to maintain housing stability 128.12 and maximize opportunities for education and employment. 128.13

### 128.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

128.15 Sec. 43. Laws 2006, chapter 269, section 2, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 331,

section 11, and Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 17, section 5, is amended to read:

128.17

# Sec. 2. DEDICATION FEE.

The Minneapolis Park and Recreation Board and the Minneapolis City Council 128.18 may jointly exercise the powers conferred under Minnesota Statutes, section 462.358, 128.19 with respect to requiring require that a reasonable portion of land be dedicated to the 128.20 public or imposing impose a dedication fee on in conjunction with the construction permit 128.21 required for new housing units and new commercial and industrial development in the 128.22 city, wherever located, for public parks, playgrounds, recreational facilities, wetlands, 128.23 trails, or open space. The dedication of land or dedication fee must be imposed by an 128.24 ordinance jointly enacted by the park board and the city council. The cash fee may be set 128.25 at a flat fee rate per net new residential unit. The ordinance may exclude senior housing 128.26 and affordable housing from paying the fee or the dedication of land. The provisions of 128.27 Minnesota Statutes, section 462.358, subdivisions 2b, paragraph (b), and 2c, apply to the 128.28 imposition, application, and use of the dedication of land or the dedication fee. 128.29

# EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the Minneapolis City Council and the Minneapolis Park and Recreation Board and their chief clerical officers timely complete their compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3, and applies to joint dedication fee ordinances adopted or amended by the city of Minneapolis and the Minneapolis Park and Recreation Board before, on, or after that

129.1 date, provided that no dedication of land or collection of park dedication fees can be

129.2 <u>effective until after December 31, 2013.</u>

# 129.3 Sec. 44. <u>CITY OF ST. PAUL DEDICATION FEE.</u>

The city of St. Paul may require that a reasonable portion of land be dedicated to the 129.4 public or impose a dedication fee in conjunction with the construction permit required for 129.5 new housing units and new commercial and industrial development in the city, wherever 129.6 located, for public parks, playgrounds, recreational facilities, wetlands, trails, or open 129.7 space. The dedication of land or dedication fee must be imposed by an ordinance enacted 129.8 by the city council. The cash fee may be set at a flat fee rate per net new residential 129.9 unit. The ordinance may exclude senior housing and affordable housing from paying the 129.10 fee or the dedication of land. The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 462.358, 129.11 subdivisions 2b, paragraph (b); and 2c, apply to the application and use of the dedication 129.12 of land or the dedication fee. 129.13

# 129.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2014, and applies to

dedication fee ordinances adopted or amended by the city of St. Paul before, on, or after
that date.

## 129.17 Sec. 45. GOOD CAUSE EXEMPTION.

129.18The Board of Cosmetology may amend Minnesota Rules so that they conform129.19with this article. The Board of Cosmetology may use the good cause exemption under129.20Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), in adopting the amendment,129.21and Minnesota Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply, except as it relates to Minnesota129.22Statutes, section 14.388.

129.23 Sec. 46. **2013 DISTRIBUTION ONLY.** 

For the 2013 distribution, a special fund is established to receive 38.7 cents per ton of 129.24 any excess of the balance remaining after distribution of amounts required under Minnesota 129.25 Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 6. The following amounts are allocated to St. Louis 129.26 129.27 County acting as the fiscal agent for the recipients for the following specific purposes: 129.28 (1) 5.1 cents per ton to the city of Hibbing for improvements to the city's water supply system; 129.29 (2) 4.3 cents per ton to the city of Mountain Iron for the cost of moving utilities 129.30 required as a result of actions undertaken by United States Steel Corporation; 129.31

(3) 2.5 cents per ton to the city of Biwabik for improvements to the city's water supply

129.33 system, payable upon agreement with ArcelorMittal to satisfy water permit conditions;

130.1	(4) 2.5 cents per ton to the city of Tower for the Tower Marina;
130.2	(5) 2.4 cents per ton to the city of Grand Rapids for an eco-friendly heat transfer
130.3	system to replace aging effluent lines and for parking lot repaving;
130.4	(6) 2.4 cents per ton to the city of Two Harbors for wastewater treatment plant
130.5	improvements;
130.6	(7) 0.9 cents per ton to the city of Ely for the sanitary sewer replacement project;
130.7	(8) 0.6 cents per ton to the town of Crystal Bay for debt service of the Claire Nelson
130.8	Intermodal Transportation Center;
130.9	(9) 0.5 cents per ton to the Greenway Joint Recreation Board for the Coleraine
130.10	hockey arena renovations;
130.11	(10) 1.2 cents per ton for the West Range Regional Fire Hall and Training Center
130.12	to merge the existing fire services of Coleraine, Bovey, Taconite Marble, Calumet, and
130.13	Greenway Township;
130.14	(11) 2.5 cents per ton to the city of Hibbing for the Memorial Building;
130.15	(12) 0.7 cents per ton to the city of Chisholm for public works infrastructure;
130.16	(13) 1.8 cents per ton to the Crane Lake Water and Sanitary District for sanitary
130.17	sewer extension;
130.18	(14) 2.5 cents per ton for the city of Buhl for the roof on the Mesabi Academy;
130.19	(15) 1.2 cents per ton to the city of Gilbert for the New Jersey/Ohio Avenue project;
130.20	(16) 1.5 cents per ton to the city of Cook for street improvements, business park
130.21	infrastructure, and a maintenance garage;
130.22	(17) 0.5 cents per ton to the city of Cook for a water line project;
130.23	(18) 1.8 cents per ton to the city of Eveleth to be used for Jones Street reconstruction
130.24	and the city auditorium;
130.25	(19) 0.5 cents for the city of Keewatin for an electrical substation and water line
130.26	replacements; and
130.27	(20) 3.3 cents for the city of Virginia for Fourth Street North infrastructure and
130.28	Franklin Park improvement.
130.29	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for the 2013 distribution, and all
130.30	payments must be made separately and within ten days of the date of the August 2013
130.31	payment.
130.32	Sec. 47. ST. PAUL RIVERCENTRE ARENA.
130.33	Notwithstanding Laws 1998, chapter 404, section 23, subdivision 6, as amended

130.34 by Laws 2002, chapter 220, Article 10, section 35, the repayment amounts due from the

130.35 city of St. Paul in fiscal years 2014 and 2015 shall be reduced by \$500,000 each year. No

#### H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

- repayments are required from the city of St. Paul from fiscal years 2016 through 2021.
- 131.2 Amounts scheduled to be repaid in fiscal years 2016 through 2021 must be used solely
- 131.3 to pay for or finance design, construction, or equipment to make arena improvements
- according to a project list mutually agreed to between the lessee and the city of St. Paul's
- 131.5 lease representative.

131.6 Sec. 48. <u>WHISKEY ROAD IMPROVEMENTS.</u>
131.7 The money held by St. Louis County for the Whiskey Road improvement project
131.8 shall accrue interest at the current market rate and must be used for improvements to
131.9 the road near the city of Biwabik.

# 131.10 Sec. 49. <u>**REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.</u>**</u>

- (a) The revisor of statutes shall change the term "manicurist" to "nail technician"
  wherever it appears in Minnesota Rules and Statutes.
- (b) The revisor of statutes shall change the term "licensed" to "registered" and
- 131.14 <u>"license" to "registration" wherever it appears in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 154, or</u>
- 131.15 applicable Minnesota Rules.

# 131.16 Sec. 50. <u>**REPEALER.**</u>

- (a) Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 116W.01; 116W.02; 116W.03; 116W.035; 131.17 116W.04; 116W.05; 116W.06; 116W.20; 116W.21; 116W.23; 116W.24; 116W.25; 131.18 116W.26; 116W.27; 116W.28; 116W.29; 116W.30; 116W.31; 116W.32; 116W.33; 131.19 131.20 116W.34; 155A.25, subdivision 1; and 326A.03, subdivisions 2, 5, and 8, are repealed. 131.21 (b) Minnesota Rules, parts 1105.0600; 1105.2550; and 1105.2700, are repealed. 131.22 **ARTICLE 6 COMMERCE AND CONSUMER PROTECTION POLICY** 131.23 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 45.0135, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 131.24 Subd. 6. Insurance fraud prevention account. The insurance fraud prevention 131.25 account is created in the state treasury. Money received from assessments under 131.26 subdivision 7 and transferred from the automobile theft prevention account in section 131.27 65B.84, subdivision 1, is deposited in the account. Money in this fund is appropriated 131.28 to the commissioner of commerce for the purposes specified in this section and sections 131.29 60A.951 to 60A.956. 131.30
- 131.31 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 60A.14, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Fees other than examination fees. In addition to the fees and 132.1 charges provided for examinations, the following fees must be paid to the commissioner 132.2 for deposit in the general fund: 132.3 (a) by township mutual fire insurance companies; 132.4 (1) for filing certificate of incorporation \$25 and amendments thereto, \$10; 132.5 (2) for filing annual statements, \$15; 132.6 (3) for each annual certificate of authority, \$15; 132.7 (4) for filing bylaws \$25 and amendments thereto, \$10; 132.8 (b) by other domestic and foreign companies including fraternals and reciprocal 132.9 exchanges; 132.10 (1) for filing an application for an initial certification of authority to be admitted 132.11 to transact business in this state, \$1,500; 132.12 (2) for filing certified copy of certificate of articles of incorporation, \$100; 132.13 (3) for filing annual statement, \$225; 132.14 132.15 (4) for filing certified copy of amendment to certificate or articles of incorporation, \$100; 132.16 (5) for filing bylaws, \$75 or amendments thereto, \$75; 132.17 (6) for each company's certificate of authority, \$575, annually; 132.18 (c) the following general fees apply: 132.19 (1) for each certificate, including certified copy of certificate of authority, renewal, 132.20 valuation of life policies, corporate condition or qualification, \$25; 132.21 (2) for each copy of paper on file in the commissioner's office 50 cents per page, 132.22 132.23 and \$2.50 for certifying the same; (3) for license to procure insurance in unadmitted foreign companies, \$575; 132.24 (4) for valuing the policies of life insurance companies, one cent per \$1,000 of 132.25 132.26 insurance so valued, provided that the fee shall not exceed \$13,000 per year for any company. The commissioner may, in lieu of a valuation of the policies of any foreign life 132.27 insurance company admitted, or applying for admission, to do business in this state, accept 132.28 a certificate of valuation from the company's own actuary or from the commissioner of 132.29 insurance of the state or territory in which the company is domiciled; 132.30 (5) for receiving and filing certificates of policies by the company's actuary, or by 132.31 the commissioner of insurance of any other state or territory, \$50; 132.32 (6) for each appointment of an agent filed with the commissioner, \$10 \$30; 132.33 (7) for filing forms, rates, and compliance certifications under section 60A.315, \$140 132.34 per filing, or \$125 per filing when submitted via electronic filing system. Filing fees 132.35

- may be paid on a quarterly basis in response to an invoice. Billing and payment may
- 133.2 be made electronically;
- 133.3 (8) for annual renewal of surplus lines insurer license, \$300.
- 133.4 The commissioner shall adopt rules to define filings that are subject to a fee.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 65B.84, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 Subdivision 1. Program described; commissioner's duties; appropriation. (a)
 The commissioner of commerce shall:

- (1) develop and sponsor the implementation of statewide plans, programs, and
  strategies to combat automobile theft, improve the administration of the automobile theft
  laws, and provide a forum for identification of critical problems for those persons dealing
  with automobile theft;
- (2) coordinate the development, adoption, and implementation of plans, programs,
  and strategies relating to interagency and intergovernmental cooperation with respect
  to automobile theft enforcement;
- (3) annually audit the plans and programs that have been funded in whole or in part
  to evaluate the effectiveness of the plans and programs and withdraw funding should the
  commissioner determine that a plan or program is ineffective or is no longer in need
  of further financial support from the fund;
- 133.19 (4) develop a plan of operation including:
- (i) an assessment of the scope of the problem of automobile theft, including areasof the state where the problem is greatest;
- (ii) an analysis of various methods of combating the problem of automobile theft;
- 133.23 (iii) a plan for providing financial support to combat automobile theft;
- 133.24 (iv) a plan for eliminating car hijacking; and

133.25 (v) an estimate of the funds required to implement the plan; and

133.26 (5) distribute money, in consultation with the commissioner of public safety,

133.27 pursuant to subdivision 3 from the automobile theft prevention special revenue account

- 133.28 for automobile theft prevention activities, including:
- (i) paying the administrative costs of the program;
- (ii) providing financial support to the State Patrol and local law enforcement
- 133.31 agencies for automobile theft enforcement teams;
- 133.32 (iii) providing financial support to state or local law enforcement agencies for
- 133.33 programs designed to reduce the incidence of automobile theft and for improved
- 133.34 equipment and techniques for responding to automobile thefts;

(iv) providing financial support to local prosecutors for programs designed to reduce
the incidence of automobile theft;

(v) providing financial support to judicial agencies for programs designed to reduce
the incidence of automobile theft;

(vi) providing financial support for neighborhood or community organizations or
business organizations for programs designed to reduce the incidence of automobile
theft and to educate people about the common methods of automobile theft, the models
of automobiles most likely to be stolen, and the times and places automobile theft is
most likely to occur; and

(vii) providing financial support for automobile theft educational and training
programs for state and local law enforcement officials, driver and vehicle services exam
and inspections staff, and members of the judiciary.

(b) The commissioner may not spend in any fiscal year more than ten percent of the 134.13 money in the fund for the program's administrative and operating costs. The commissioner 134.14 134.15 is annually appropriated and must distribute the amount of the proceeds credited to the automobile theft prevention special revenue account each year, less the transfer of 134.16 \$1,300,000 each year to the general fund described in section 168A.40, subdivision 4. 134.17 (c) At the end of each fiscal year, the commissioner may transfer any unobligated 134.18 balances in the auto theft prevention account to the insurance fraud prevention account 134.19 under section 45.0135, subdivision 6. 134.20

134.21 Sec. 4. [80G.01] REGISTRATION.

134.22 (a) The fee for each registration under this chapter shall be as follows:

- 134.23 (1) bullion coin dealers, \$25; and
- 134.24 (2) coin dealer representatives, \$10.

134.25 (b) The commissioner, based on the cost of processing registrations, may adjust the

134.26 registration fee on an annual basis as needed.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 239.101, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 134.27 Subd. 3. Petroleum inspection fee; appropriation, uses. (a) An inspection fee 134.28 is imposed (1) on petroleum products when received by the first licensed distributor, 134.29 and (2) on petroleum products received and held for sale or use by any person when the 134.30 petroleum products have not previously been received by a licensed distributor. The 134.31 petroleum inspection fee is \$1 for every 1,000 gallons received. The commissioner of 134.32 revenue shall collect the fee. The revenue from 81 89 cents of the fee is appropriated to 134.33 the commissioner of commerce for the cost of operations of the Division of Weights and 134.34

Measures, petroleum supply monitoring, and to make grants to providers of low-income
weatherization services to install renewable energy equipment in households that are
eligible for weatherization assistance under Minnesota's weatherization assistance
program state plan. The remainder of the fee must be deposited in the general fund.
(b) The commissioner of revenue shall credit a person for inspection fees previously

paid in error or for any material exported or sold for export from the state upon filing of a
report as prescribed by the commissioner of revenue.

(c) The commissioner of revenue may collect the inspection fee along with anytaxes due under chapter 296A.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 507.235, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 135.10 Subd. 2. Penalty for failure to file. (a) A vendee who fails to record a contract for 135.11 deed, as required by subdivision 1, is subject to a civil penalty, payable under subdivision 135.12 5, equal to two percent of the principal amount of the contract debt, unless the vendee 135.13 135.14 has not received a copy of the contract for deed in recordable form, as required under subdivision 1a. Payments of the penalty shall be deposited in the general fund of the 135.15 county. The penalty may be enforced as a lien against the vendee's interest in the property. 135.16 (b) A person receiving an assignment of a vendee's interest in a contract for deed 135.17 who fails to record the assignment as required by subdivision 1 is subject to a civil penalty, 135.18 payable under subdivision 5, equal to two percent of the original principal amount of the 135.19 contract debt. Payments of the penalty must be deposited in the general fund of the county. 135.20 The penalty may be enforced as a lien against the vendee's interest in the property. 135.21

135.22

#### Sec. 7. [559.201] DEFINITIONS.

135.23 Subdivision 1. Application. The definitions in this section apply to section 559.202.

135.24 <u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Business day.</u> "Business day" means any day other than a Saturday,

135.25 Sunday, or holiday as defined in section 645.44, subdivision 5.

135.26 Subd. 3. Family farm security loan. "Family farm security loan" has the meaning
135.27 given in Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 41.52, subdivision 5.

 135.28
 Subd. 4.
 Multiple seller.
 "Multiple seller" means a person that has acted as a seller

in four or more contracts for deed involving residential real property during the 12-month

- 135.30 period that precedes either: (1) the date on which the purchaser executes a purchase
- 135.31 agreement under section 559.202; or (2) if there is no purchase agreement, the date on
- 135.32 which the purchaser executes a contract for deed under section 559.202. A contract for
- 135.33 deed transaction that is exempt under section 559.202, subdivision 2, is a contract for deed
- 135.34 for the purposes of determining whether a seller is a multiple seller.

#### 136.1 Subd. 5. Person. "Person" means a natural person, partnership, corporation, limited 136.2 liability company, association, trust, or other legal entity, however organized. Subd. 6. Purchase agreement. "Purchase agreement" means a purchase agreement 136.3 for a contract for deed, an earnest money contract, or an executed option contemplating 136.4 that, at closing, the seller and the purchaser will enter into a contract for deed. 136.5 Subd. 7. Purchaser. "Purchaser" means a natural person who enters into a contract 136.6 for deed to purchase residential real property. Purchaser includes all purchasers who enter 136.7 into the same contract for deed to purchase residential real property. 136.8 Subd. 8. Residential real property. "Residential real property" means real property 136.9 consisting of one to four family dwelling units, one of which the purchaser intends to 136.10 occupy as the purchaser's principal place of residence. Residential real property does 136.11 not include property subject to a family farm security loan or a transaction subject to 136.12 sections 583.20 to 583.32. 136.13 136.14 Sec. 8. [559.202] CONTRACTS FOR DEED INVOLVING RESIDENTIAL **PROPERTY.** 136.15 Subdivision 1. Notice required. (a) In addition to the disclosures required under 136.16 sections 513.52 to 513.60, a multiple seller must deliver the notice specified under 136.17 subdivision 3 to a prospective purchaser as provided under this subdivision. 136.18 136.19 (b) If there is a purchase agreement, the notice must be affixed to the front of the purchase agreement. A contract for deed for which notice is required under this 136.20 subdivision may not be executed for five business days following the execution of the 136.21 136.22 purchase agreement and delivery of the notice and instructions for cancellation. (c) If there is no purchase agreement, a multiple seller must deliver the notice in a 136.23 document separate from any other document or writing to a prospective purchaser no less 136.24 136.25 than five business days before the prospective purchaser executes the contract for deed. (d) The notice must be: 136.26 (1) written in at least 12-point type; and 136.27 (2) signed and dated by the purchaser. 136.28 (e) If a dispute arises concerning whether or when the notice required by this 136.29 subdivision was provided to the purchaser, there is a rebuttable presumption that the notice 136.30 was not provided unless the original executed contract for deed contains the following 136.31 statement, initialed by the purchaser: "By initialing here ...... purchaser acknowledges 136.32 receipt at least five business days before signing this contract for deed of the disclosure 136.33 statement entitled "Important Information About Contracts for Deed" required by 136.34

136.35 Minnesota Statutes, section 559.202, subdivision 3."

- 137.1 Subd. 2. Exception. This section does not apply if the purchaser is represented
- 137.2 <u>throughout the transaction by either:</u>
- 137.3 (1) a person licensed to practice law in this state; or
- 137.4 (2) a person licensed as a real estate broker or salesperson under chapter 82,
- 137.5 provided that the representation does not create a dual agency, as that term is defined
- 137.6 <u>in section 82.55</u>, subdivision 6.
- 137.7 <u>Subd. 3.</u> Content of the notice. The notice must contain the following verbatim
  137.8 language:
- 137.9

# **"IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT CONTRACTS FOR DEED**

- 137.10 Know What You Are Getting Into
- 137.11 (1) A contract for deed is a complex legal agreement. You are NOT a tenant. Mortgage
- 137.12 <u>foreclosure laws don't apply.</u>

137.13 (2) You should know ALL of your obligations and rights before you sign a purchase

- 137.14 agreement or contract for deed.
- 137.15 (3) You (seller must circle one):
- 137.16 (a) DO NOT have to pay homeowner's insurance.
- 137.17 (b) DO DO NOT have to pay property taxes.
- 137.18(c)DODO NOThave to make and pay for some or all of the repairs or<br/>maintenance, as described in the contract for deed.
- 137.20 (4) After some time, you may need to make a large lump sum payment (called a "balloon
- 137.21 payment"). Know when it is due and how much it will be. You'll probably need to get a
- 137.22 <u>new mortgage</u>, another financial arrangement, or pay for the balance in cash at that time.
- 137.23 (5) If you miss just a single payment or can't make the balloon payment, the seller can
- 137.24 <u>cancel your contract</u>. You will likely lose all the money you have already paid. You will
- 137.25 <u>likely lose your ability to purchase the home</u>. The seller can begin an eviction action
- 137.26 <u>against you in just a few months.</u>
- 137.27 (6) Within four months of signing the contract for deed, you must "record" it in the office
- 137.28 of the county recorder or registrar of titles in the county in which the property is located.
- 137.29 If you do not do so, you could face a fine.
- 137.30 Key Things Highly Recommended Before You Sign
- 137.31 (1) Get advice from a lawyer or the Minnesota Home Ownership Center at 1-866-462-6466
- 137.32 or go to www.hocmn.org. To find a lawyer through the Minnesota State Bar Association,
- 137.33 go to www.mnfindalawyer.com.
- 137.34 (2) Get an independent, professional appraisal of the property to learn what it is worth.
- 137.35 (3) Get an independent, professional inspection of the property.
- 137.36 (4) Buy title insurance or ask a real estate lawyer for a "title opinion."

138.1	(5) Check with the city or county to find out if there are inspection reports or unpaid
138.2	utility bills.
138.3	(6) Check with a title company or the county where the property is located to find out if
138.4	there is a mortgage or other lien on the property and if the property taxes have been paid.
138.5	(7) Ensure that your interest rate does not exceed the maximum allowed by law by calling
138.6	the Department of Commerce at 651-297-7053 to get a recorded message for the current
138.7	month's maximum rate.
138.8	If You Are Entering into a Purchase Agreement
138.9	(1) If you haven't already signed the contract for deed, you can cancel the purchase
138.10	agreement (and get all your money back) if you do so within five business days after
138.11	getting this notice.
138.12	(2) To cancel the purchase agreement, you must follow the provisions of Minnesota
138.13	Statutes, section 559.217, subdivision 4. Ask a lawyer for help."
138.14	Subd. 4. Right to cancel purchase agreement. (a) A prospective purchaser may
138.15	cancel a purchase agreement within five business days after actually receiving the notice
138.16	required under subdivision 1 if a multiple seller fails to timely deliver the notice, provided
138.17	that the contract for deed has not been executed by all parties.
138.18	(b) A prospective purchaser may cancel the purchase agreement in accordance with
138.19	the provisions of section 559.217, subdivision 4.
138.20	(c) In the event of cancellation, the multiple seller may not impose a penalty and must
138.21	promptly refund all payments made by the prospective purchaser prior to cancellation.
138.22	Subd. 5. Remedies for failure to timely deliver notices. (a) Notwithstanding
138.23	any contrary provision in the purchase agreement or contract for deed, a purchaser has
138.24	a private right of action against a multiple seller who fails to timely deliver the notice
138.25	required under subdivision 1. The multiple seller is liable to the purchaser for:
138.26	(1) the greater of actual damages or statutory damages of $$2,500$ ; and
138.27	(2) reasonable attorney fees and court costs.
138.28	(b) A multiple seller who knowingly fails to timely deliver the notice required
138.29	under subdivision 1 is liable to the purchaser for triple the actual or statutory damages
138.30	available under paragraph (a), whichever is greater, provided that the purchaser must elect
138.31	the remedy provided under either paragraph (a) or this paragraph and may not recover
138.32	damages under both paragraphs.
138.33	(c) The rights and remedies provided in this subdivision are cumulative to, and not
138.34	a limitation of, any other rights and remedies provided under law. An action brought
138.35	pursuant to this subdivision must be commenced within four years from the date of the
138.36	alleged violation.

# 139.1 Subd. 6. Effects of violation. A violation of this section has no effect on the 139.2 validity of the contract.

- <u>Subd. 7.</u> Duty of multiple seller to account. Upon reasonable request by the
   purchaser and no more than once every 12-month period, a multiple seller must provide an
   accounting of all payments made pursuant to the contract for deed, the amount of interest
- 139.6 paid, and the amount remaining to satisfy the principal balance under the contract.
- 139.7 Subd. 8. No waiver. The provisions of this section may not be waived.

# 139.8EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2013, and applies to

transactions in which the contract for deed and the purchase agreement for the contractfor deed, if any, were both executed on or after that date.

139.11 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 559.211, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

139.12 Subd. 2. **Remedies additional.** The remedies provided in this section are in

addition to and do not limit other rights or remedies available to purchasers or vendors of

real estate. Subject to the provisions of sections 559.213 and 559.217, subdivision 7, this

139.15 section shall not be construed to bar a court from determining the validity, effectiveness,

139.16 or consequences of proceeding under section 559.21 or 559.217, or granting other relief in

139.17 connection therewith, by reason of the failure of a purchaser to seek or obtain relief under

139.18 this section prior to the purported effective date of the termination of the contract.

# 139.19 Sec. 10. Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 2, article 2, section 3, subdivision 4, 139.20 is amended to read:

139.21 Subd. 4. Administrative Services

4,247,000 4,247,000

139.22 \$375,000 each year is for additional

139.23 compliance efforts with unclaimed property.

139.24 The commissioner may issue contracts

- 139.25 for these services. This additional amount
- 139.26 shall be added to the base budget for fiscal
- 139.27 years 2014 and 2015 only. The enhanced
- 139.28 unclaimed property compliance program
- 139.29 shall sunset June 30, 2015.

# 139.30 Sec. 11. SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULES.

139.31 No solar photovoltaic module may be installed that is financed directly or indirectly,

139.32 wholly or in part, with money appropriated in this act, unless the solar photovoltaic

- 140.1 module is made in Minnesota as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.323,
- 140.2 <u>subdivision 1, paragraph (b).</u>

#### Sec. 12. INFORMATION ON COUNSELING AGENCIES. 140.3 The commissioner of commerce shall consult with interested stakeholders in 140.4 studying the possibility of providing on its Internet Web site a link, including contact 140.5 information, for each of the counseling certification entities identified in Minnesota 140.6 Statutes, section 58.13, subdivision 1, where a list of certified counselors and counseling 140.7 agencies, including designations for nonprofit organizations, is available. 140.8 Sec. 13. REPEALER. 140.9 Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 507.235, subdivision 4, is repealed effective the 140.10 day following final enactment. 140.11 **ARTICLE 7** 140.12 UTILITY REGULATION 140.13 140.14 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.16, subdivision 7b, is amended to read: 140.15 Subd. 7b. Transmission cost adjustment. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision 140.16 of this chapter, the commission may approve a tariff mechanism for the automatic annual 140.17 adjustment of charges for the Minnesota jurisdictional costs net of associated revenues of: 140.18 140.19 (i) new transmission facilities that have been separately filed and reviewed and approved by the commission under section 216B.243 or are certified as a priority project 140.20 or deemed to be a priority transmission project under section 216B.2425; and 140.21 140.22 (ii) new transmission facilities approved by the regulatory commission of the state in which the new transmission facilities are to be constructed, to the extent approval 140.23 is required by the laws of that state, and determined by the Midcontinent Independent 140.24 System Operator to benefit the utility or integrated transmission system; and 140.25 (iii) charges incurred by a utility under a federally approved tariff that accrue 140.26 from other transmission owners' regionally planned transmission projects that have been 140.27 determined by the Midwest Midcontinent Independent System Operator to benefit the 140.28 utility, as provided for under a federally approved tariff or integrated transmission system. 140.29 (b) Upon filing by a public utility or utilities providing transmission service, the 140.30 commission may approve, reject, or modify, after notice and comment, a tariff that: 140.31

(1) allows the utility to recover on a timely basis the costs net of revenues of 141.1 141.2 facilities approved under section 216B.243 or certified or deemed to be certified under section 216B.2425 or exempt from the requirements of section 216B.243; 141.3 (2) allows the utility to recover charges incurred by a utility under a federally 141.4 approved tariff that accrue from other transmission owners' regionally planned 141.5 transmission projects that have been determined by the Midwest Midcontinent Independent 141.6 System Operator to benefit the utility, as provided for under a federally approved tariff 141.7 or integrated transmission system. These charges must be reduced or offset by revenues 141.8 received by the utility and by amounts the utility charges to other regional transmission 141.9 owners, to the extent those revenues and charges have not been otherwise offset; 141.10 (3) allows the utility to recover on a timely basis the costs net of revenues of facilities 141.11 approved by the regulatory commission of the state in which the new transmission 141.12 facilities are to be constructed and determined by the Midcontinent Independent System 141.13 Operator to benefit the utility or integrated transmission system; 141.14 141.15 (4) allows a return on investment at the level approved in the utility's last general rate case, unless a different return is found to be consistent with the public interest; 141.16 (4) (5) provides a current return on construction work in progress, provided that 141.17 recovery from Minnesota retail customers for the allowance for funds used during 141.18 construction is not sought through any other mechanism; 141.19 (5) (6) allows for recovery of other expenses if shown to promote a least-cost project 141.20 option or is otherwise in the public interest; 141.21 (6) (7) allocates project costs appropriately between wholesale and retail customers; 141.22 141.23 (7) (8) provides a mechanism for recovery above cost, if necessary to improve the overall economics of the project or projects or is otherwise in the public interest; and 141.24 (8) (9) terminates recovery once costs have been fully recovered or have otherwise 141.25 141.26 been reflected in the utility's general rates. (c) A public utility may file annual rate adjustments to be applied to customer bills 141.27 paid under the tariff approved in paragraph (b). In its filing, the public utility shall provide: 141.28 (1) a description of and context for the facilities included for recovery; 141.29 (2) a schedule for implementation of applicable projects; 141.30 (3) the utility's costs for these projects; 141.31 (4) a description of the utility's efforts to ensure the lowest costs to ratepayers for 141.32 the project; and 141.33 (5) calculations to establish that the rate adjustment is consistent with the terms 141.34

141.35 of the tariff established in paragraph (b).

(d) Upon receiving a filing for a rate adjustment pursuant to the tariff established in
paragraph (b), the commission shall approve the annual rate adjustments provided that,
after notice and comment, the costs included for recovery through the tariff were or are
expected to be prudently incurred and achieve transmission system improvements at the
lowest feasible and prudent cost to ratepayers.

142.6 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.1635, is amended to read:

142.7 216B.1635 RECOVERY OF GAS UTILITY INFRASTRUCTURE COSTS.
 142.8 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) "Gas utility" means a public utility as defined in
 142.9 section 216B.02, subdivision 4, that furnishes natural gas service to retail customers.

(b) "Gas utility infrastructure costs" or "GUIC" means <u>costs incurred in gas utility</u>projects that:

(1) do not serve to increase revenues by directly connecting the infrastructurereplacement to new customers;

(2) are in service but were not included in the gas utility's rate base in its most recent
general rate case; and, or are planned to be in service during the period covered by the
report submitted under subdivision 2, but in no case longer than the one year forecast
period in the report; and

142.18 (3) replace or modify existing infrastructure if the replacement or modification does not constitute a betterment, unless the betterment is required by a political subdivision, 142.19 as evidenced by specific documentation from the government entity requiring the 142.20 replacement or modification of infrastructure do not constitute a betterment, unless the 142.21 betterment is based on requirements by a political subdivision or a federal or state agency, 142.22 142.23 as evidenced by specific documentation, an order, or other similar requirement from the government entity requiring the replacement or modification of infrastructure. 142.24 (c) "Gas utility projects" means relocation and: 142.25 (1) replacement of natural gas facilities located in the public right-of-way required 142.26 by the construction or improvement of a highway, road, street, public building, or other 142.27 public work by or on behalf of the United States, the state of Minnesota, or a political 142.28 subdivision-; and 142.29

(2) replacement or modification of existing natural gas facilities, including surveys,
 assessments, reassessment, and other work necessary to determine the need for replacement

142.32 <u>or modification of existing infrastructure that is required by a federal or state agency.</u>

Subd. 2. <u>Gas infrastructure filing.</u> (a) The commission may approve a gas utility's
petition for a rate schedule <u>A public utility submitting a petition to recover GUIC gas</u>
infrastructure costs under this section. <u>A gas utility may must submit to the commission</u>,

the department, and interested parties a gas infrastructure project plan report and a petition 143.1 143.2 the commission to recover a rate of return, income taxes on the rate of return, incremental property taxes, plus incremental depreciation expense associated with GUIC for rate 143.3 recovery of only incremental costs associated with projects under subdivision 1, paragraph 143.4 (c). The report and petition must be made at least 150 days in advance of implementation 143.5 of the rate schedule, provided that the rate schedule will not be implemented until the 143.6 petition is approved by the commission pursuant to subdivision 5. The report must be 143.7 for a forecast period of one year. 143.8 (b) The filing is subject to the following: 143.9 (1) A gas utility may submit a filing under this section no more than once per year. 143.10 (2) A gas utility must file sufficient information to satisfy the commission regarding 143.11 the proposed GUIC or be subject to denial by the commission. The information includes, 143.12 but is not limited to: 143.13 (i) the government entity ordering the gas utility project and the purpose for which 143.14 143.15 the project is undertaken; (ii) the location, description, and costs associated with the project; 143.16 (iii) a description of the costs, and salvage value, if any, associated with the existing 143.17 infrastructure replaced or modified as a result of the project; 143.18 (iv) the proposed rate design and an explanation of why the proposed rate design 143.19 143.20 is in the public interest; (v) the magnitude and timing of any known future gas utility projects that the utility 143.21 may seek to recover under this section; 143.22 143.23 (vi) the magnitude of GUIC in relation to the gas utility's base revenue as approved by the commission in the gas utility's most recent general rate case, exclusive of gas 143.24 purchase costs and transportation charges; 143.25 143.26 (vii) the magnitude of GUIC in relation to the gas utility's capital expenditures since its most recent general rate case; 143.27 (viii) the amount of time since the utility last filed a general rate case and the utility's 143.28 reasons for seeking recovery outside of a general rate case; and 143.29 (ix) documentation supporting the calculation of the GUIC. 143.30 Subd. 3. Gas infrastructure project plan report. The gas infrastructure project 143.31 plan report required to be filed under subdivision 2 shall include all pertinent information 143.32 and supporting data on each proposed project including, but not limited to, project 143.33 description and scope, estimated project costs, and project in-service date. 143.34 Subd. 4. Cost recovery petition for utility's facilities. Notwithstanding any other 143.35

143.36 provision of this chapter, the commission may approve a rate schedule for the automatic

# H.F. No. 729, Conference Committee Report - 88th Legislature (2013-2014)05/15/13 12:03 PM [ccrhf0729]

144.1	annual adjustment of charges for gas utility infrastructure costs net of revenues under
144.2	this section, including a rate of return, income taxes on the rate of return, incremental
144.3	property taxes, incremental depreciation expense, and any incremental operation and
144.4	maintenance costs. A gas utility's petition for approval of a rate schedule to recover
144.5	gas utility infrastructure costs outside of a general rate case under section 216B.16, is
144.6	subject to the following:
144.7	(1) a gas utility may submit a filing under this section no more than once per year; and
144.8	(2) a gas utility must file sufficient information to satisfy the commission regarding
144.9	the proposed GUIC. The information includes, but is not limited to:
144.10	(i) the information required to be included in the gas infrastructure project plan
144.11	report under subdivision 3;
144.12	(ii) the government entity ordering or requiring the gas utility project and the
144.13	purpose for which the project is undertaken;
144.14	(iii) a description of the estimated costs and salvage value, if any, associated with the
144.15	existing infrastructure replaced or modified as a result of the project;
144.16	(iv) a comparison of the utility's estimated costs included in the gas infrastructure
144.17	project plan and the actual costs incurred, including a description of the utility's efforts to
144.18	ensure the costs of the facilities are reasonable and prudently incurred;
144.19	(v) calculations to establish that the rate adjustment is consistent with the terms
144.20	of the rate schedule, including the proposed rate design and an explanation of why the
144.21	proposed rate design is in the public interest;
144.22	(vi) the magnitude and timing of any known future gas utility projects that the
144.23	utility may seek to recover under this section;
144.24	(vii) the magnitude of GUIC in relation to the gas utility's base revenue as approved
144.25	by the commission in the gas utility's most recent general rate case, exclusive of gas
144.26	purchase costs and transportation charges;
144.27	(viii) the magnitude of GUIC in relation to the gas utility's capital expenditures
144.28	since its most recent general rate case; and
144.29	
144.30	(ix) the amount of time since the utility last filed a general rate case and the utility's
	(ix) the amount of time since the utility last filed a general rate case and the utility's reasons for seeking recovery outside of a general rate case.
144.31	
144.31 144.32	reasons for seeking recovery outside of a general rate case.
	reasons for seeking recovery outside of a general rate case. Subd. 5. Commission action. Upon receiving a gas utility report and petition for
144.32	reasons for seeking recovery outside of a general rate case. Subd. 5. Commission action. Upon receiving a gas utility report and petition for cost recovery under subdivision 2 and assessment and verification under subdivision 4, the
144.32 144.33	reasons for seeking recovery outside of a general rate case. Subd. 5. Commission action. Upon receiving a gas utility report and petition for cost recovery under subdivision 2 and assessment and verification under subdivision 4, the commission may approve the annual GUIC rate adjustments provided that, after notice

<u>Subd. 6.</u> Rate of return. The return on investment for the rate adjustment shall be
at the level approved by the commission in the public utility's last general rate case, unless
the commission determines that a different rate of return is in the public interest.
Subd. <u>3.7</u>. Commission authority; rules. The commission may issue orders and
adopt rules necessary to implement and administer this section.

145.6

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.1691, subdivision 2e, is amended to read: 145.7 145.8 Subd. 2e. Rate impact of standard compliance; report. Each electric utility must submit to the commission and the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over 145.9 energy policy a report containing an estimation of the rate impact of activities of the 145.10 145.11 electric utility necessary to comply with this section. In consultation with the Department of Commerce, the commission shall determine a uniform reporting system to ensure that 145.12 individual utility reports are consistent and comparable, and shall, by order, require each 145.13 electric utility subject to this section to use that reporting system. The rate impact estimate 145.14 must be for wholesale rates and, if the electric utility makes retail sales, the estimate 145.15 shall also be for the impact on the electric utility's retail rates. Those activities include, 145.16 without limitation, energy purchases, generation facility acquisition and construction, and 145.17 transmission improvements. An initial report must be submitted within 150 days of May 145.18 28, 2011. After the initial report, a report must be updated and submitted as part of each 145.19 integrated resource plan or plan modification filed by the electric utility under section 145.20 216B.2422. The reporting obligation of an electric utility under this subdivision expires 145.21 December 31, 2025, for an electric utility subject to subdivision 2a, paragraph (a), and 145.22 December 31, 2020, for an electric utility subject to subdivision 2a, paragraph (b). 145.23

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.1692, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Qualifying projects. (a) Projects that may be approved for the
emissions reduction-rate rider allowed in this section must:

(1) be installed on existing large electric generating power plants, as defined in
section 216B.2421, subdivision 2, clause (1), that are located in the state and that are
currently not subject to emissions limitations for new power plants under the federal Clean
Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq.;

(2) not increase the capacity of the existing electric generating power plant more
than ten percent or more than 100 megawatts, whichever is greater; and
(3) result in the existing plant either:

(i) complying with applicable new source review standards under the federal CleanAir Act; or

(ii) emitting air contaminants at levels substantially lower than allowed for new
facilities by the applicable new source performance standards under the federal Clean
Air Act; or

(iii) reducing emissions from current levels at a unit to the lowest cost-effective level
when, due to the age or condition of the generating unit, the public utility demonstrates
that it would not be cost-effective to reduce emissions to the levels in item (i) or (ii).

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a project may be approved for the emission

146.10 reduction rate rider allowed in this section if the project is to be installed on existing

146.11 large electric generating power plants, as defined in section 216B.2421, subdivision 2,

146.12 <u>clause (1)</u>, that are located outside the state and are needed to comply with state or federal

146.13 air quality standards, but only if the project has received an advance determination of

146.14 prudence from the commission under section 216B.1695.

#### 146.15

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

146.16 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.1692, is amended by adding a 146.17 subdivision to read:

146.18Subd. 1a.Exemption.Subdivisions 2, 4, and 5, paragraph (c), clause (1), do not146.19apply to projects qualifying under subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

146.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.1692, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
Subd. 8. Sunset. This section is effective until December 31, 2015 2020, and
applies to plans, projects, and riders approved before that date and modifications made to
them after that date.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.1695, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 146.25 Subd. 5. Cost recovery. The utility may begin recovery of costs that have been 146.26 incurred by the utility in connection with implementation of the project in the next rate 146.27 case following an advance determination of prudence or in a rider approved under section 146.28 216B.1692. The commission shall review the costs incurred by the utility for the project. 146.29 The utility must show that the project costs are reasonable and necessary, and demonstrate 146.30 its efforts to ensure the lowest reasonable project costs. Notwithstanding the commission's 146.31 prior determination of prudence, it may accept, modify, or reject any of the project costs. 146.32

The commission may determine whether to require an allowance for funds used during 147.1 construction offset. 147.2

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 147.3

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.1695, is amended by adding a 147.4
- subdivision to read: 147.5
- Subd. 5a. Rate of return. The return on investment in the rider shall be at the 147.6
- level approved by the commission in the public utility's last general rate case, unless the 147.7
- commission determines that a different rate of return is in the public interest. 147.8
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 147.9
- Sec. 9. Laws 2005, chapter 97, article 10, section 3, is amended to read: 147.10
- Sec. 3. SUNSET. 147.11
- 147.12 Sections 1 and 2 shall expire on June 30, <del>2015</del> 2023.
- **ARTICLE 8** 147.13
- 147.14

- PACE
- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a 147.15 subdivision to read: 147.16
- Subd. 3a. Cost-effective energy improvements. "Cost-effective energy 147.17
- 147.18 improvements" mean energy improvements that have been identified in an energy audit
- or renewable energy system feasibility study as repaying their purchase and installation 147.19
- costs in 20 years or less, based on the amount of future energy saved and estimated future 147.20 energy prices. 147.21

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 147.22

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216C.435, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 147.23 Subd. 8. Qualifying real property. "Qualifying real property" means a 147.24 single-family or multifamily residential dwelling, or a commercial or industrial building, 147.25 that the implementing entity has determined, after review of an energy audit or renewable 147.26 energy system feasibility study, can be benefited by installation of cost-effective energy 147.27 improvements. 147.28

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 147.29

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216C.436, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 148.1

148.2 Subd. 2. Program requirements. A financing program must:

(1) impose requirements and conditions on financing arrangements to ensure timely 148.3 repayment; 148.4

(2) require an energy audit or renewable energy system feasibility study to be 148.5 conducted on the qualifying real property and reviewed by the implementing entity prior 148.6 to approval of the financing; 148.7

(3) require the inspection of all installations and a performance verification of at 148.8 least ten percent of the energy improvements financed by the program; 148.9

(4) not prohibit the financing of all cost-effective energy improvements not otherwise 148.10 prohibited by this section; 148.11

(5) require that all cost-effective energy improvements be made to a qualifying 148.12 real property prior to, or in conjunction with, an applicant's repayment of financing for 148.13 energy improvements for that property; 148.14

148.15 (5) (6) have energy improvements financed by the program performed by licensed contractors as required by chapter 326B or other law or ordinance; 148.16

(6) (7) require disclosures to borrowers by the implementing entity of the risks 148.17 involved in borrowing, including the risk of foreclosure if a tax delinquency results from 148.18 a default; 148.19

(7) (8) provide financing only to those who demonstrate an ability to repay; 148.20

(8) (9) not provide financing for a qualifying real property in which the owner is not 148.21 current on mortgage or real property tax payments; 148.22

148.23 (9) (10) require a petition to the implementing entity by all owners of the qualifying real property requesting collections of repayments as a special assessment under section 148.24 429.101; 148.25

148.26 (10) (11) provide that payments and assessments are not accelerated due to a default and that a tax delinquency exists only for assessments not paid when due; and 148.27

(11) (12) require that liability for special assessments related to the financing runs 148.28 with the qualifying real property. 148.29

148.30

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216C.436, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 148.31 Subd. 7. Repayment. An implementing entity that finances an energy improvement 148.32 under this section must: 148.33

(1) secure payment with a lien against the benefited qualifying real property; and 148.34

(2) collect repayments as a special assessment as provided for in section 429.101
or by charter, provided that special assessments may be made payable in up to 20 equal
annual installments.

If the implementing entity is an authority, the local government that authorized
the authority to act as implementing entity shall impose and collect special assessments
necessary to pay debt service on bonds issued by the implementing entity under subdivision
8, and shall transfer all collections of the assessments upon receipt to the authority.

149.8

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216C.436, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
Subd. 8. Bond issuance; repayment. (a) An implementing entity may issue
revenue bonds as provided in chapter 475 for the purposes of this section, provided the
revenue bond must not be payable more than 20 years from the date of issuance.

(b) The bonds must be payable as to both principal and interest solely from therevenues from the assessments established in subdivision 7.

(c) No holder of bonds issued under this subdivision may compel any exercise of the taxing power of the implementing entity that issued the bonds to pay principal or interest on the bonds, and if the implementing entity is an authority, no holder of the bonds may compel any exercise of the taxing power of the local government. Bonds issued under this subdivision are not a debt or obligation of the issuer or any local government that issued them, nor is the payment of the bonds enforceable out of any money other than the revenue pledged to the payment of the bonds.

149.22

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 429.101, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Procedure for assessment. Any special assessment levied under
subdivision 1 shall be payable in a single installment, or by up to ten equal annual
installments as the council may provide, except that a special assessment made under an
energy improvements financing program under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), may be
repayable in up to 20 equal installments. With this exception these exceptions, sections
429.061, 429.071, and 429.081 shall apply to assessments made under this section.

## 149.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

150.1	ARTICLE 9
150.2	DISTRIBUTED GENERATION
150.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.164, subdivision 2, is amended to
150.4	read:
150.5	Subd. 2. Applicability. This section as well as any rules promulgated by the
150.6	commission to implement this section or the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act
150.7	of 1978, Public Law 95-617, Statutes at Large, volume 92, page 3117, and the Federal
150.8	Energy Regulatory Commission regulations thereunder, Code of Federal Regulations,
150.9	title 18, part 292, shall, unless otherwise provided in this section, apply to all Minnesota
150.10	electric utilities, including cooperative electric associations and municipal electric utilities.
150.11	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.164, is amended by adding a
150.12	subdivision to read:
150.13	Subd. 2a. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms
150.14	have the meanings given them:
150.15	(b) "Aggregated meter" means a meter located on the premises of a customer's
150.16	owned or leased property that is contiguous with property containing the customer's
150.17	designated meter.
150.18	(c) "Capacity" means the number of megawatts alternating current (AC) at the point
150.19	of interconnection between a distributed generation facility and a utility's electric system.
150.20	(d) "Cogeneration" means a combined process whereby electrical and useful thermal
150.21	energy are produced simultaneously.
150.22	(e) "Contiguous property" means property owned or leased by the customer sharing
150.23	a common border, without regard to interruptions in contiguity caused by easements,
150.24	public thoroughfares, transportation rights-of-way, or utility rights-of-way.
150.25	(f) "Customer" means the person who is named on the utility electric bill for the
150.26	premises.
150.27	(g) "Designated meter" means a meter that is physically attached to the customer's
150.28	facility that the customer-generator designates as the first meter to which net metered
150.29	credits are to be applied as the primary meter for billing purposes when the customer is
150.30	serviced by more than one meter.
150.31	(h) "Distributed generation" means a facility that:
150.32	(1) has a capacity of ten megawatts or less;
150.33	(2) is interconnected with a utility's distribution system, over which the commission

151.1	(3) generates electricity from natural gas, renewable fuel, or a similarly clean fuel,
151.2	and may include waste heat, cogeneration, or fuel cell technology.
151.3	(i) "High-efficiency distributed generation" means a distributed energy facility
151.4	that has a minimum efficiency of 40 percent, as calculated under section 272.0211,
151.5	subdivision 1.
151.6	(j) "Net metered facility" means an electric generation facility constructed for the
151.7	purpose of offsetting energy use through the use of renewable energy or high-efficiency
151.8	distributed generation sources.
151.9	(k) "Renewable energy" has the meaning given in section 216B.2411, subdivision 2.
151.10	(1) "Standby charge" means a charge imposed by an electric utility upon a distributed
151.11	generation facility for the recovery of costs for the provision of standby services, as
151.12	provided for in a utility's tariffs approved by the commission, necessary to make electricity

151.13 service available to the distributed generation facility.

151.14 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.164, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. Purchases; small facilities. (a) This paragraph applies to cooperative 151.15 electric associations and municipal utilities. For a qualifying facility having less than 151.16 151.17 40-kilowatt capacity, the customer shall be billed for the net energy supplied by the utility according to the applicable rate schedule for sales to that class of customer. In the case 151.18 of net input into the utility system by a qualifying facility having less than 40-kilowatt 151.19 capacity, compensation to the customer shall be at a per kilowatt-hour rate determined 151.20 under paragraph (b) or (c) or (d). 151.21

(b) This paragraph applies to public utilities. For a qualifying facility having less 151.22 151.23 than 1,000-kilowatt capacity, the customer shall be billed for the net energy supplied by the utility according to the applicable rate schedule for sales to that class of customer. In 151.24 151.25 the case of net input into the utility system by a qualifying facility having: (1) more than 40-kilowatt but less than 1,000-kilowatt capacity, compensation to the customer shall be 151.26 at a per kilowatt-hour rate determined under paragraph (c); or (2) less than 40-kilowatt 151.27 capacity, compensation to the customer shall be at a per-kilowatt rate determined under 151.28 paragraph (d). 151.29

(c) In setting rates, the commission shall consider the fixed distribution costs to the utility not otherwise accounted for in the basic monthly charge and shall ensure that the costs charged to the qualifying facility are not discriminatory in relation to the costs charged to other customers of the utility. The commission shall set the rates for net input into the utility system based on avoided costs as defined in the Code of Federal Regulations, title 18, section 292.101, paragraph (b)(6), the factors listed in Code ofFederal Regulations, title 18, section 292.304, and all other relevant factors.

- (e) (d) Notwithstanding any provision in this chapter to the contrary, a qualifying facility having less than 40-kilowatt capacity may elect that the compensation for net input by the qualifying facility into the utility system shall be at the average retail utility energy rate. "Average retail utility energy rate" is defined as the average of the retail energy rates, exclusive of special rates based on income, age, or energy conservation, according to the applicable rate schedule of the utility for sales to that class of customer.
- (d) (e) If the qualifying facility or net metered facility is interconnected with a 152.9 nongenerating utility which has a sole source contract with a municipal power agency 152.10 or a generation and transmission utility, the nongenerating utility may elect to treat its 152.11 152.12 purchase of any net input under this subdivision as being made on behalf of its supplier and shall be reimbursed by its supplier for any additional costs incurred in making the 152.13 purchase. Qualifying facilities or net metered facilities having less than 40-kilowatt 152.14 152.15 1,000-kilowatt capacity if interconnected to a public utility, or less than 40-kilowatt capacity if interconnected to a cooperative electric association or municipal utility may, at 152.16
- the customer's option, elect to be governed by the provisions of subdivision 4.

152.18 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.164, is amended by adding a 152.19 subdivision to read:

152.20Subd. 3a. Net metered facility. (a) Except for customers receiving a value of152.21solar rate under subdivision 10, a customer with a net metered facility having more than152.2240-kilowatt and less than 1,000-kilowatt capacity that is interconnected to a public utility152.23may elect to be compensated for the customer's net input into the utility system in the form152.24of a kilowatt-hour credit on the customer's energy bill carried forward and applied to152.25subsequent energy bills. Any net input supplied by the customer into the utility system152.26that exceeds energy supplied to the customer by the utility during a calendar year must be

- 152.27 <u>compensated at the applicable rate.</u>
- (b) A public utility may not impose a standby charge on a net metered or qualifyingfacility:

152.30 (1) of 100 kilowatts or less capacity; or

(2) of more than 100 kilowatts capacity, except in accordance with an order of the
 commission establishing the allowable costs to be recovered through standby charges.

152.33 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.164, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Purchases; wheeling; costs. (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph
(c), this subdivision shall apply to all qualifying facilities having 40-kilowatt capacity or
more as well as qualifying facilities as defined in subdivision 3 <u>and net metered facilities</u>
<u>under subdivision 3a, if interconnected to a cooperative electric association or municipal</u>
<u>utility, or 1,000-kilowatt capacity or more if interconnected to a public utility,</u> which elect
to be governed by its provisions.

(b) The utility to which the qualifying facility is interconnected shall purchase all 153.7 energy and capacity made available by the qualifying facility. The qualifying facility shall 153.8 be paid the utility's full avoided capacity and energy costs as negotiated by the parties, as 153.9 set by the commission, or as determined through competitive bidding approved by the 153.10 commission. The full avoided capacity and energy costs to be paid a qualifying facility 153.11 that generates electric power by means of a renewable energy source are the utility's least 153.12 cost renewable energy facility or the bid of a competing supplier of a least cost renewable 153.13 energy facility, whichever is lower, unless the commission's resource plan order, under 153.14 153.15 section 216B.2422, subdivision 2, provides that the use of a renewable resource to meet the identified capacity need is not in the public interest. 153.16

(c) For all qualifying facilities having 30-kilowatt capacity or more, the utility 153.17 shall, at the qualifying facility's or the utility's request, provide wheeling or exchange 153.18 agreements wherever practicable to sell the qualifying facility's output to any other 153.19 Minnesota utility having generation expansion anticipated or planned for the ensuing ten 153.20 years. The commission shall establish the methods and procedures to insure that except 153.21 for reasonable wheeling charges and line losses, the qualifying facility receives the full 153.22 153.23 avoided energy and capacity costs of the utility ultimately receiving the output. (d) The commission shall set rates for electricity generated by renewable energy. 153.24

153.25 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.164, is amended by adding a 153.26 subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. Aggregation of meters. (a) For the purpose of measuring electricity
under subdivisions 3 and 3a, a public utility must aggregate for billing purposes a
customer's designated meter with one or more aggregated meters if a customer requests
that it do so. To qualify for aggregation under this subdivision, a meter must be owned by
the customer requesting the aggregation, must be located on contiguous property owned
by the customer requesting the aggregation, and the total of all aggregated meters must be
subject to the size limitation in this section.

153.34(b) A public utility must comply with a request by a customer-generator to aggregate153.35additional meters within 90 days. The specific meters must be identified at the time of the

154.1 request. In the event that more than one meter is identified, the customer must designate

154.2 the rank order for the aggregated meters to which the net metered credits are to be applied.

154.3 At least 60 days prior to the beginning of the next annual billing period, a customer may

amend the rank order of the aggregated meters, subject to this subdivision.

- (c) The aggregation of meters applies only to charges that use kilowatt-hours as the
   billing determinant. All other charges applicable to each meter account shall be billed to
   the customer.
- 154.8(d) A public utility will first apply the kilowatt-hour credit to the charges for the154.9designated meter and then to the charges for the aggregated meters in the rank order
- 154.10 specified by the customer. If the net metered facility supplies more electricity to the

154.11 public utility than the energy usage recorded by the customer-generator's designated and

154.12 <u>aggregated meters during a monthly billing period, the public utility shall apply credits to</u>

154.13 the customer's next monthly bill for the excess kilowatt-hours.

(e) With the commission's prior approval, a public utility may charge the

154.15 <u>customer-generator requesting to aggregate meters a reasonable fee to cover the</u>

154.16 administrative costs incurred in implementing the costs of this subdivision, pursuant to

154.17 <u>a tariff approved by the commission for a public utility.</u>

154.18 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.164, is amended by adding a 154.19 subdivision to read:

Subd. 4b. Limiting cumulative generation. The commission may limit the 154.20 cumulative generation of net metered facilities under subdivisions 3 and 3a. A public 154.21 154.22 utility may request the commission to limit the cumulative generation of net metered 154.23 facilities under subdivisions 3 and 3a upon a showing that such generation has reached four percent of the public utility's annual retail electricity sales. The commission may limit 154.24 154.25 additional net metering obligations under this subdivision only after providing notice and opportunity for public comment. In determining whether to limit additional net metering 154.26 obligations under this subdivision, the commission shall consider: 154.27 (1) the environmental and other public policy benefits of net metered facilities; 154.28 (2) the impact of net metered facilities on electricity rates for customers without 154.29 154.30 net metered systems;

154.31 (3) the effects of net metering on the reliability of the electric system;

- 154.32 (4) technical advances or technical concerns; and
- 154.33 (5) other statutory obligations imposed on the commission or on a utility.

155.1 The commission may limit additional net metering obligations under clauses (2) to (4) only

155.2 if it determines that additional net metering obligations would cause significant rate impact,

155.3 require significant measures to address reliability, or raise significant technical issues.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.164, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

 155.6
 Subd. 4c. Individual system capacity limits. (a) A public utility that provides retail

 155.7
 electric service may require customers with a facility of 40-kilowatt capacity or more

- and participating in net metering and net billing to limit the total generation capacity of
  individual distributed generation systems by either:
- 155.10 (1) for wind generation systems, limiting the total generation system capacity kilowatt
- 155.11 <u>alternating current to 120 percent of the customer's on-site maximum electric demand; or</u>
- 155.12 (2) for solar photovoltaic and other distributed generation limiting the total

155.13 generation system annual energy production kilowatt hours alternating current to 120

155.14 percent of the customer's on-site annual electric energy consumption.

(b) Limits under paragraph (a) must be based on standard 15-minute intervals,

155.16 measured during the previous 12 calendar months, or on a reasonable estimate of the

155.17 <u>average monthly maximum demand or average annual consumption if the customer has</u>

155.18 <u>either:</u>

(i) less than 12 calendar months of actual electric usage; or

155.20 (ii) no demand metering available.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.164, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
Subd. 6. Rules and uniform contract. (a) The commission shall promulgate rules
to implement the provisions of this section. The commission shall also establish a uniform
statewide form of contract for use between utilities and a <u>net metered or qualifying facility</u>
having less than 40-kilowatt 1,000-kilowatt capacity <u>if interconnected to a public utility</u>
or less than 40-kilowatt capacity if interconnected to a cooperative electric association
or municipal utility.

(b) The commission shall require the qualifying facility to provide the utility with reasonable access to the premises and equipment of the qualifying facility if the particular configuration of the qualifying facility precludes disconnection or testing of the qualifying facility from the utility side of the interconnection with the utility remaining responsible for its personnel.

(c) The uniform statewide form of contract shall be applied to all new and existinginterconnections established between a utility and a <u>net metered or qualifying facility</u>

having less than 40-kilowatt capacity, except that existing contracts may remain in force

156.2 until written notice of election that the uniform statewide contract form applies is given by

156.3 either party to the other, with the notice being of the shortest time period permitted under

156.4 the existing contract for termination of the existing contract by either party, but not less

156.5 than ten nor longer than 30 days terminated by mutual agreement between both parties.

156.6 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.164, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. Alternative tariff; compensation for resource value. (a) A public utility
 may apply for commission approval for an alternative tariff that compensates customers
 through a bill credit mechanism for the value to the utility, its customers, and society for

156.11 operating distributed solar photovoltaic resources interconnected to the utility system and

156.12 operated by customers primarily for meeting their own energy needs.

(b) If approved, the alternative tariff shall apply to customers' interconnections
 occurring after the date of approval. The alternative tariff is in lieu of the applicable
 rate under subdivisions 3 and 3a.

156.16 (c) The commission shall after notice and opportunity for public comment approve

156.17 the alternative tariff provided the utility has demonstrated the alternative tariff:

156.18 (1) appropriately applies the methodology established by the department and

156.19 approved by the commission under this subdivision;

(2) includes a mechanism to allow recovery of the cost to serve customers receiving
 the alternative tariff rate;

156.22 (3) charges the customer for all electricity consumed by the customer at the

156.23 <u>applicable rate schedule for sales to that class of customer;</u>

(4) credits the customer for all electricity generated by the solar photovoltaic device
 at the distributed solar value rate established under this subdivision;

156.26 (5) applies the charges and credits in clauses (3) and (4) to a monthly bill that

156.27 includes a provision so that the unused portion of the credit in any month or billing period

156.28 shall be carried forward and credited against all charges. In the event that the customer

156.29 has a positive balance after the 12-month cycle ending on the last day in February, that

- 156.30 <u>balance will be eliminated and the credit cycle will restart the following billing period</u>
- 156.31 beginning on March 1;
- 156.32 (6) complies with the size limits specified in subdivision 3a;
- 156.33 (7) complies with the interconnection requirements under section 216B.1611; and
- 156.34 (8) complies with the standby charge requirements in subdivision 3a, paragraph (b).

157.1	(d) A utility must provide to the customer the meter and any other equipment needed
157.2	to provide service under the alternative tariff.
157.3	(e) The department must establish the distributed solar value methodology in
157.4	paragraph (c), clause (1), no later than January 31, 2014. The department must submit
157.5	the methodology to the commission for approval. The commission must approve, modify
157.6	with the consent of the department, or disapprove the methodology within 60 days of its
157.7	submission. When developing the distributed solar value methodology, the department
157.8	shall consult stakeholders with experience and expertise in power systems, solar
157.9	energy, and electric utility ratemaking regarding the proposed methodology, underlying
157.10	assumptions, and preliminary data.
157.11	(f) The distributed solar value methodology established by the department must,
157.12	at a minimum, account for the value of energy and its delivery, generation capacity,
157.13	transmission capacity, transmission and distribution line losses, and environmental
157.14	value. The department may, based on known and measurable evidence of the cost or
157.15	benefit of solar operation to the utility, incorporate other values into the methodology,
157.16	including credit for locally manufactured or assembled energy systems, systems installed
157.17	at high-value locations on the distribution grid, or other factors.
157.18	(g) The credit for distributed solar value applied to alternative tariffs approved
157.19	under this section shall represent the present value of the future revenue streams of the
157.20	value components identified in paragraph (f).
157.21	(h) The utility shall recalculate the alternative tariff on an annual cycle, and shall file
157.22	the recalculated alternative tariff with the commission for approval.
157.23	(i) Renewable energy credits for solar energy credited under this subdivision belong
157.24	to the electric utility providing the credit.
157.25	(j) The commission may not authorize a utility to charge an alternative tariff rate
157.26	that is lower than the utility's applicable retail rate until three years after the commission
157.27	approves an alternative tariff for the utility.
157.28	(k) A utility must enter into a contract with an owner of a solar photovoltaic device
157.29	receiving an alternative tariff rate under this section that has a term of at least 20 years,
157.30	unless a shorter term is agreed to by the parties.
157.31	(1) An owner of a solar photovoltaic device receiving an alternative tariff rate
157.32	under this section must be paid the same rate per kilowatt-hour generated each year for
157.33	the term of the contract.

157.33 <u>the term of the contract.</u>

158.1	ARTICLE 10
158.2	SOLAR ENERGY
158.3	Section 1. [116C.7792] SOLAR ENERGY INCENTIVE PROGRAM.
158.4	The utility subject to section 116C.779 shall operate a program to provide solar
158.5	energy production incentives for solar energy systems of no more than a total nameplate
158.6	capacity of 20 kilowatts direct current. The program shall be operated for five consecutive
158.7	calendar years commencing in 2014. \$5,000,000 shall be allocated for each of the five
158.8	years from the renewable development account established in section 116C.779 to a
158.9	separate account for the purpose of the solar production incentive program. The solar
158.10	system must be sized to less than 120 percent of the customer's on-site annual energy
158.11	consumption. The production incentive must be paid for ten years commencing with
158.12	the commissioning of the system. The utility must file a plan to operate the program
158.13	with the commissioner of commerce. The utility may not operate the program until it is
158.14	approved by the commissioner.
158.15	Sec. 2. [216B.1641] COMMUNITY SOLAR GARDEN.
158.16	(a) The public utility subject to section 116C.779 shall file by September 30, 2013, a
158.17	plan with the commission to operate a community solar garden program which shall begin
158.18	operations within 90 days after commission approval of the plan. Other public utilities
158.19	may file an application at their election. The community solar garden program must be
158.20	designed to offset the energy use of not less than five subscribers in each community
158.21	solar garden facility of which no single subscriber has more than a 40 percent interest.
158.22	The owner of the community solar garden may be a public utility or any other entity or
158.23	organization that contracts to sell the output from the community solar garden to the
158.24	utility under section 216B.164. There shall be no limitation on the number or cumulative
158.25	generating capacity of community solar garden facilities other than the limitations imposed
158.26	under section 216B.164, subdivision 4c or other limitations provided in law or regulations.
158.27	(b) A solar garden is a facility that generates electricity by means of a ground
158.28	mounted or roof mounted solar photovoltaic device whereby subscribers receive a bill
158.29	credit for the electricity generated in proportion to the size of their subscription. The solar
158.30	garden must have a nameplate capacity of no more than one megawatt. Each subscription
158.31	shall be sized to represent at least 200 watts of the community solar garden's generating
158.32	capacity and to supply, when combined with other distributed generation resources serving
158.33	the premises, no more than 120 percent of the average annual consumption of electricity
158.34	by each subscriber at the premises to which the subscription is attributed.

159.1	(c) The solar generation facility must be located in the service territory of the public
159.2	utility filing the plan. Subscribers must be retail customers of the public utility located in
159.3	the same county or a county contiguous to where the facility is located.
159.4	(d) The public utility must purchase from the community solar garden all energy
159.5	generated by the solar garden. The purchase shall be at the rate calculated under section
159.6	216B.164, subdivision 10, or, until that rate for the public utility has been approved by
159.7	the commission, the applicable retail rate. A solar garden is eligible for any incentive
159.8	programs offered under either section 116C.7792 or section 216C.415. A subscriber's
159.9	portion of the purchase shall be provided by a credit on the subscriber's bill.
159.10	(e) The commission may approve, disapprove, or modify a community solar garden
159.11	program. Any plan approved by the commission must:
159.12	(1) reasonably allow for the creation, financing, and accessibility of community
159.13	solar gardens;
159.14	(2) establish uniform standards, fees, and processes for the interconnection
159.15	of community solar garden facilities that allow the utility to recover reasonable
159.16	interconnection costs for each community solar garden;
159.17	(3) not apply different requirements to utility and non-utility community solar
159.18	garden facilities;
159.19	(4) be consistent with the public interest;
159.20	(5) identify the information that must be provided to potential subscribers to ensure
159.21	fair disclosure of future costs and benefits of subscriptions;
159.22	(6) include a program implementation schedule;
159.23	(7) identify all proposed rules, fees, and charges; and
159.24	(8) identify the means by which the program will be promoted.
159.25	(f) Notwithstanding any other law, neither the manager of nor the subscribers to a
159.26	community solar garden facility shall be considered a utility solely as a result of their
159.27	participation in the community solar garden facility.
159.28	(g) Within 180 days of commission approval of a plan under this section, a utility
159.29	shall begin crediting subscriber accounts for each community solar garden facility in
159.30	its service territory, and shall file with the commissioner of commerce a description of
159.31	its crediting system.
159.32	(h) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given:
159.33	(1) "subscriber" means a retail customer of a utility who owns one or more
159.34	subscriptions of a community solar garden facility interconnected with that utility; and
159.35	(2) "subscription" means a contract between a subscriber and the owner of a solar
159.36	garden.

160.1	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.1691, is amended by adding a
160.2	subdivision to read:
160.3	Subd. 2f. Solar energy standard. (a) In addition to the requirements of subdivisions
160.4	2a and 2b, each public utility shall generate or procure sufficient electricity generated
160.5	by solar energy to serve its retail electricity customers in Minnesota so that by the end
160.6	of 2020, at least 1.5 percent of the utility's total retail electric sales to retail customers in
160.7	Minnesota is generated by solar energy. At least ten percent of the 1.5 percent goal must
160.8	be met by solar energy generated by or procured from solar photovoltaic devices with a
160.9	nameplate capacity of 20 kilowatts or less.
160.10	(b) The solar energy standard established in this subdivision is subject to all the
160.11	provisions of this section governing a utility's standard obligation under subdivision 2a.
160.12	(c) It is an energy goal of the state of Minnesota that by 2030, ten percent of the
160.13	retail electric sales in Minnesota be generated by solar energy.
160.14	(d) For the purposes of calculating the total retail electric sales of a public utility
160.15	under this subdivision, there shall be excluded retail electric sales to customers that are:
160.16	(1) an iron mining extraction and processing facility, including a scram mining
160.17	facility as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 6130.0100, subpart 16; or
160.18	(2) a paper mill, wood products manufacturer, sawmill, or oriented strand board
160.19	manufacturer.
160.20	Those customers may not have included in the rates charged to them by the public
160.21	utility any costs of satisfying the solar standard specified by this subdivision.
160.22	(e) A public utility may not use energy used to satisfy the solar energy standard
160.23	under this subdivision to satisfy its standard obligation under subdivision 2a. A public
160.24	utility may not use energy used to satisfy the standard obligation under subdivision 2a to
160.25	satisfy the solar standard under this subdivision.
160.26	(f) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a solar renewable energy credit
160.27	associated with a solar photovoltaic device installed and generating electricity in
160.28	Minnesota after the effective date of this act but before 2020 may be used to meet the solar
160.29	energy standard established under this subdivision.
160.30	(g) Beginning July 1, 2014, and each July 1 through 2020, each public utility shall
160.31	file a report with the commission reporting its progress in achieving the solar energy
160.32	standard established under this subdivision.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.2411, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 Subd. 3. Other provisions. (a) Electricity generated by a facility constructed with
 funds provided under this section and using an eligible renewable energy source may be

161.1	counted toward the renewable energy objectives in section 216B.1691, subject to the
161.2	provisions of that section, except as provided in paragraph (c).
161.3	(b) Two or more entities may pool resources under this section to provide assistance
161.4	jointly to proposed eligible renewable energy projects. The entities shall negotiate and
161.5	agree among themselves for allocation of benefits associated with a project, such as the
161.6	ability to count energy generated by a project toward a utility's renewable energy objectives
161.7	under section 216B.1691, except as provided in paragraph (c). The entities shall provide a
161.8	summary of the allocation of benefits to the commissioner. A utility may spend funds under
161.9	this section for projects in Minnesota that are outside the service territory of the utility.
161.10	(c) Electricity generated by a solar photovoltaic device constructed with funds
161.11	provided under this section may be counted toward a public utility's solar energy standard
161.12	under section 216B.1691, subdivision 2f.
161.13	ARTICLE 11
161.14	MADE IN MINNESOTA
101.11	
161.15	Section 1. [216C.411] DEFINITIONS.
161.16	For the purposes of sections 216C.411 to 216C.415, the following terms have the
161.17	meanings given.
161.18	(a) "Made in Minnesota" means the manufacture in this state of solar photovoltaic
161.19	modules:
161.20	(1) at a manufacturing facility located in Minnesota that is registered and authorized
161.21	to manufacture and apply the UL 1703 certification mark to solar photovoltaic modules by
161.22	Underwriters Laboratory (UL), CSA International, Intertek, or an equivalent UL-approved
161.23	independent certification agency;
161.24	(2) that bear UL 1703 certification marks from UL, CSA International, Intertek, or
161.25	an equivalent UL-approved independent certification agency, which must be physically
161.26	applied to the modules at a manufacturing facility described in clause (1); and
161.27	(3) that are manufactured in Minnesota:
161.28	(i) by manufacturing processes that must include tabbing, stringing, and lamination;
161.29	<u>or</u>
161.30	(ii) by interconnecting low-voltage direct current photovoltaic elements that produce
161.31	the final useful photovoltaic output of the modules.
161.32	A solar photovoltaic module that is manufactured by attaching microinverters, direct
161.33	current optimizers, or other power electronics to a laminate or solar photovoltaic

161.34 module that has received UL 1703 certification marks outside Minnesota from UL, CSA

162.1	International, Intertek, or an equivalent UL-approved independent certification agency is
162.2	not "Made in Minnesota" under this paragraph.
162.3	(b) "Solar photovoltaic module" has the meaning given in section 116C.7791,
162.4	subdivision 1, paragraph (e).
162.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
162.6	Sec. 2. [216C.412] "MADE IN MINNESOTA" SOLAR ENERGY PRODUCTION
162.7	INCENTIVE ACCOUNT.
162.8	Subdivision 1. Account established; account management. A "Made in
162.9	Minnesota" solar energy production incentive account is established as a separate account
162.10	in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. Earnings, such as interest, dividends,
162.11	and any other earnings arising from account assets, must be credited to the account.
162.12	Funds remaining in the account at the end of a fiscal year do not cancel to the general
162.13	fund but remain in the account. There is annually appropriated from the account to the
162.14	commissioner of commerce money sufficient to make the incentive payments under section
162.15	216C.415, the transfers under 216C.416, and to administer sections 216C.412 to 216C.415.
162.16	Subd. 2. Payments from public utilities. (a) Beginning January 1, 2014, and
162.17	each January 1 thereafter, through 2023, for a total of ten years, each electric public
162.18	utility subject to section 216B.241 must annually pay to the commissioner of commerce
162.19	five percent of the minimum amount it is required to spend on energy conservation
162.20	improvements under section 216B.241, subdivision 1a. Payments under this subdivision
162.21	must be included in the calculation of whether a utility's other spending on generation
162.22	exceeds the limits authorized for spending on generation under section 216B.2411,
162.22	subdivision 1, for investments proposed for commissioner of commerce approval after
162.23	July 1, 2013. The limits on spending in section 216B.2411 do not limit or apply to
162.24	payments required by this subdivision. Payments made under this paragraph count
162.25	towards satisfying expenditure obligations of a public utility under section 216B.241,
162.27	subdivision 1a. The commissioner shall, upon receipt of the funds, deposit them in the
162.28	account established in subdivision 1. A public utility subject to this paragraph must be
162.29	credited energy-savings for the purpose of satisfying its energy savings requirement under
162.30	section 216B.241, subdivision 1c, based on its payment to the commissioner.
162.30	(b) Notwithstanding section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraph (g), beginning
162.31	January 1, 2014, and continuing through January 1, 2023, for a total of ten years, the
162.32	public utility that manages the account under section 116C.779 must annually pay from
162.33	that account to the commissioner an amount that, when added to the total amount paid to
162.35	the commissioner of commerce under paragraph (a), totals \$15,000,000 annually. The

163.1	commissioner shall, upon receipt of the payment, deposit it in the account established in
163.2	subdivision 1.
163.3	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
163.4	Sec. 3. [216C.413] "MADE IN MINNESOTA" SOLAR ENERGY PRODUCTION
163.5	<b>INCENTIVE; QUALIFICATION.</b>
163.6	Subdivision 1. Application. A manufacturer of solar photovoltaic modules seeking
163.7	to qualify those modules as eligible to receive the "Made in Minnesota" solar energy
163.8	production incentive must submit an application to the commissioner of commerce on a
163.9	form prescribed by the commissioner. The application must contain:
163.10	(1) a technical description of the solar photovoltaic module and the processes used
163.11	to manufacture it, excluding proprietary details;
163.12	(2) documentation that the solar photovoltaic module meets all the required
163.13	applicable parts of the "Made in Minnesota" definition in section 216C.411, including
163.14	evidence of the UL 1703 right to mark for all solar photovoltaic modules seeking to
163.15	qualify as "Made in Minnesota";
163.16	(3) any additional nonproprietary information requested by the commissioner
163.17	of commerce; and
163.18	(4) certification signed by the chief executive officer of the manufacturing company
163.19	attesting to the truthfulness of the contents of the application and supporting materials
163.20	under penalty of perjury.
163.21	Subd. 2. Certification. If the commissioner determines that a manufacturer's solar
163.22	photovoltaic module meets the definition of "Made in Minnesota" in section 216C.411, the
163.23	commissioner shall issue the manufacturer a "Made in Minnesota" certificate containing
163.24	the name and model numbers of the certified solar photovoltaic modules and the date of
163.25	certification. The commissioner must issue or deny the issuance of a certificate within 90
163.26	days of receipt of a completed application. A copy of the certificate must be provided to
163.27	each purchaser of the solar photovoltaic module.
163.28	Subd. 3. Revocation of certification. The commissioner may revoke a certification
163.29	of a module as "Made in Minnesota" if the commissioner finds that the module no longer
163.30	meets the requirements to be certified. The revocation does not affect incentive payments
163.31	awarded prior to the revocation.
163.32	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.

164.1	Sec. 4. [216C.414] "MADE IN MINNESOTA" SOLAR ENERGY PRODUCTION
164.2	INCENTIVE.
164.3	Subdivision 1. Setting incentive. Within 90 days of a module being certified as
164.4	"Made in Minnesota" the commissioner of commerce shall set a solar energy production
164.5	incentive amount for that solar photovoltaic module for the purpose of the incentive
164.6	payment under section 216C.415. The incentive is a performance-based financial
164.7	incentive expressed as a per kilowatt-hour amount. The amount shall be used for incentive
164.8	applications approved in the year to which the incentive amount is applicable for the
164.9	ten-year duration of the incentive payments. An incentive amount must be calculated for
164.10	each module for each calendar year, through 2023.
164.11	Subd. 2. Criteria for determining incentive amount. (a) The commissioner shall
164.12	set the incentive payment amount by determining the average amount of incentive payment
164.13	required to allow an average owner of installed solar photovoltaic modules a reasonable
164.14	return on their investment. In setting the incentive amount the commissioner shall consider:
164.15	(1) an estimate of the installed cost per kilowatt-direct current, based on the cost data
164.16	supplied by the manufacturer in the application submitted under section 216C.413, and an
164.17	estimate of the average installation cost based on a representative sample of Minnesota
164.18	solar photovoltaic installed projects;
164.19	(2) the average insolation rate in Minnesota;
164.20	(3) an estimate of the decline in the generation efficiency of the solar photovoltaic
164.21	modules over time;
164.22	(4) the rate paid by public utilities to owners of solar photovoltaic modules under
164.23	section 216B.164 or other law;
164.24	(5) applicable federal tax incentives for installing solar photovoltaic modules; and
164.25	(6) the estimated levelized cost per kilowatt-hour generated.
164.26	(b) The commissioner shall annually, for incentive applications received in a year,
164.27	revise each incentive amount based on the factors in paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (6),
164.28	general market conditions, and the availability of other incentives. In no case shall the
164.29	"Made in Minnesota" incentive amount result in the "Made in Minnesota" incentives paid
164.30	exceeding 40 percent, net of average applicable taxes on the ten-year incentive payments,
164.31	of the average historic installation cost per kilowatt. The commissioner may exceed the 40
164.32	percent cap if the commissioner determines it is necessary to fully expend funds available
164.33	for incentive payments in a particular year.
164.34	Subd. 3. Metering of production. A public utility must, at the expense of a customer,
164.35	provide a meter to measure the production of a solar photovoltaic module system that is
164.36	approved to receive incentive payments. The public utility must furnish the commissioner

- 165.1 with information sufficient for the commissioner to determine the incentive payment. The
- 165.2 information must be provided on a calendar year basis by no later than March 1. The
- 165.3 commissioner shall provide a public utility with forms to use to provide the production
- 165.4 information. A customer must attest to the accuracy of the production information.
- 165.5 Subd. 4. Payment due date. Payments must be made no later than July 1 following
  165.6 the year of production.
- 165.7 <u>Subd. 5.</u> <u>Renewable energy credits.</u> <u>Renewable energy credits associated with</u>
  165.8 <u>energy provided to a public utility for which an incentive payment is made belong to</u>
  165.9 the utility.

## 165.10 Sec. 5. [216C.415] "MADE IN MINNESOTA" SOLAR ENERGY PRODUCTION 165.11 INCENTIVE; PAYMENT.

165.12 Subdivision 1. Incentive payment. Incentive payments may be made under this

165.13 section only to an owner of grid-connected solar photovoltaic modules with a total

165.14 <u>nameplate capacity below 40 kilowatts direct current who:</u>

- 165.15 (1) has submitted to the commissioner, on a form established by the commissioner,
- 165.16 an application to receive the incentive that has been approved by the commissioner;
- 165.17 (2) has received a "Made in Minnesota" certificate under section 216C.413 for
   165.18 the module; and
- (3) has installed on residential or commercial property solar photovoltaic modules
   that are generating electricity and has received a "Made in Minnesota" certificate under
   section 216C.413.
- 165.22Subd. 2. Application process. Applications for an incentive payment must be165.23received by the commissioner between January 1 and February 28. The commissioner
- 165.24 shall by a random method approve the number of applications the commissioner
- 165.25 reasonably determines will exhaust the funds available for payment for the ten-year period
- 165.26 of incentive payments. Applications for residential and commercial installations shall be
- 165.27 separately randomly approved.
- 165.28Subd. 3.Commissioner approval of incentive application.The commissioner165.29must approve an application for an incentive for an owner to be eligible for incentive165.30payments. The commissioner must not approve an application in a calendar year if the165.31commissioner determines there will not be sufficient funding available to pay an incentive165.32to the applicant for any portion of the ten-year duration of payment. The commissioner165.33shall annually establish a cap on the cumulative capacity for a program year based on165.34funds available and historic average installation costs. Receipt of an incentive is not

an entitlement and payment need only be made from available funds in the "Made in 166.1 166.2 Minnesota" solar production incentive account. Subd. 4. Eligibility window; payment duration. (a) Payments may be made under 166.3 this section only for electricity generated from new solar photovoltaic module installations 166.4 that are commissioned between January 1, 2014, and December 31, 2023. 166.5 (b) The payment eligibility window of the incentive begins and runs consecutively 166.6 from the date the solar system is commissioned. 166.7 (c) An owner of solar photovoltaic modules may receive payments under this 166.8 section for a particular module for a period of ten years provided that sufficient funds are 166.9 available in the account. 166.10 (d) No payment may be made under this section for electricity generated after 166.11 166.12 December 31, 2033. (e) An owner of solar photovoltaic modules may not first begin to receive payments 166.13 under this section after December 31, 2024. 166.14 166.15 Subd. 5. Allocation of payments. (a) If there are sufficient applications, approximately 50 percent of the incentive payment shall be for owners of eligible solar 166.16 photovoltaic modules installed on residential property, and approximately 50 percent shall 166.17 be for owners of eligible solar photovoltaic modules installed on commercial property. 166.18 (b) The commissioner shall endeavor to distribute incentives paid under this section 166.19 166.20 to owners of solar photovoltaic modules installed in a manner so that the amount of payments received in an area of the state reasonably approximates the amount of payments 166.21 166.22 made by a utility serving that area. 166.23 (c) For purposes of this subdivision: (1) "residential property" means residential real estate that is occupied and used as a 166.24 homestead by its owner or by a renter and includes "multifamily housing development" 166.25 as defined in section 462C.02, subdivision 5, except that residential property on which 166.26 solar photovoltaic modules (i) whose capacity exceeds 10 kilowatts is installed; or (ii) 166.27 connected to a utility's distribution system and whose electricity is purchased by several 166.28 residents, each of whom own a share of the electricity generated, shall be deemed 166.29 commercial property; and 166.30 (2) "commercial property" means real property on which is located a business, 166.31 166.32 government, or nonprofit establishment. Subd. 6. Limitation. An owner receiving an incentive payment under this section 166.33 may not receive a rebate under section 116C.7791 for the same solar photovoltaic modules. 166.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 166.35

### Sec. 6. [216C.416] SOLAR THERMAL REBATES. 167.1 Subdivision 1. Rebate program created. The commissioner of commerce shall 167.2 operate a program to provide rebates for the installation of "Made in Minnesota" solar 167.3 thermal systems in the state. "Solar thermal system" means a flat plate or evacuated tube 167.4 that meets the requirements of section 216C.25 with a fixed orientation that collects the 167.5 sun's radiant energy and transfers it to a storage medium for distribution as energy to heat 167.6 or cool air or water. A solar thermal system is "Made in Minnesota" if components of the 167.7 system are manufactured in Minnesota and the solar thermal system is certified by the 167.8 Solar Rating and Certification Corporation. The solar thermal system may be installed in 167.9 residential and commercial facilities for, among other purposes, hot water, space heating, 167.10 or pool heating purposes. 167.11 167.12 Subd. 2. Account; funding. (a) The solar thermal system rebate account is created as a separate account in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. Earnings, such as 167.13 interest, dividends, and any other earnings arising from account assets, must be credited to 167.14 167.15 the account. Funds in the account are appropriated to the commissioner of commerce for the purpose of making the rebate payments under this section and administering this section. 167.16 (b) Beginning January 1, 2014, and each January 1 thereafter to January 1, 2023, the 167.17 commissioner of commerce shall annually transfer \$250,000 from the account created in 167.18 section 216C.412, for deposit in the account created in this subdivision. 167.19 167.20 (c) To the extent there are sufficient applications, the commissioner shall annually spend for rebates under this section from 2014 to 2023, for a total of ten years, 167.21 approximately \$250,000 per year. If sufficient applications are not received to spend the 167.22 167.23 money available for rebates in a year under this section, the unspent money must be returned to the account from which it was transferred, provided that funds available for 167.24 2014 applications shall remain available for 2015 applications. 167.25 167.26 Subd. 3. Individual incentives. The maximum rebate for a single family residential dwelling installation is the lesser of 25 percent of the installed cost of a complete system or 167.27 \$2,500. The maximum rebate for a multiple family residential dwelling installation is the 167.28 lesser of 25 percent of the installed cost of a complete system or \$5,000. The maximum 167.29 rebate for a commercial installation is the lesser of 25 percent of the installation cost of 167.30 the complete system or \$25,000. The system must be installed by a factory authorized 167.31 installer. The commissioner shall allocate approximately 50 percent of the rebates in each 167.32 year to solar thermal hot water and 50 percent to solar thermal air projects if sufficient 167.33 applications are made for each. 167.34 Subd. 4. Application process. Applications for incentives must be made to the 167.35

167.36 <u>commissioner of commerce on forms provided by the commissioner. The commissioner</u>

168.1	shall use a random process for the selection of recipients of incentives except to the extent
168.2	necessary to allocate rebates as required by this section.
168.3	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
168.4	ARTICLE 12
168.5	ENERGY POLICY DEVELOPMENT
168.6	Section 1. [3.8852] PLANNING STRATEGY FOR SUSTAINABLE ENERGY
168.7	FUTURE.
168.8	(a) The Legislative Energy Commission, in consultation with the commissioner of
168.9	commerce and other state agencies, shall develop a framework for the state of Minnesota to
168.10	transition to a renewable energy economy that ends Minnesota's contribution to greenhouse
168.11	gases from burning fossil fuels within the next few decades. The framework and strategy
168.12	should aim to make Minnesota the first state in the nation to use only renewable energy.
168.13	(b) In developing the framework for this transition, the commission must consult
168.14	with stakeholders, including, but not limited to, representatives from cooperative,
168.15	municipal, and investor-owned utilities, natural resources and environmental advocacy
168.16	groups, labor and industry, and technical and scientific experts to examine the challenges
168.17	and opportunities involved to develop a strategy and timeline to protect the environment
168.18	and create jobs. The timeline must establish goals and strategies to reach the state's
168.19	renewable energy standards and prepare for the steps beyond reaching those standards. The
168.20	Department of Commerce, Division of Energy Resources shall provide technical support.
168.21	(c) The commission and its stakeholders must consider the following in creating
168.22	the framework:
168.23	(1) the economic and environmental costs of continued reliance on fossil fuels;
168.24	(2) the creation of jobs and industry in the state that result from moving ahead of
168.25	other states in transitioning to a sustainable energy economy;
168.26	(3) the appropriate energy efficiency and renewable energy investments in
168.27	Minnesota to reduce the economic losses to the Minnesota economy from importation
168.28	of fossil fuels; and
168.29	(4) the new technologies for energy efficiency, storage, transmission, and renewable
168.30	generation needed to reliably meet the demand for energy.
168.31	(d) The framework shall be modified as needed to take advantage of new
168.32	technological developments to facilitate ending fossil fuel use in power generation,
168.33	heating and cooling, industry, and transportation.

- (e) The commission shall report to the legislative committees and divisions with
- 169.2 jurisdiction over energy policy by January 15, 2014, and annually thereafter, on progress
- 169.3 towards achieving the framework goals.

169.4 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.2401, is amended to read:

## 169.5 **216B.2401 ENERGY CONSERVATION SAVINGS POLICY GOAL.**

The legislature finds that energy savings are an energy resource, and that 169.6 169.7 cost-effective energy savings are preferred over all other energy resources. The legislature further finds that cost-effective energy savings should be procured systematically and 169.8 aggressively in order to reduce utility costs for businesses and residents, improve the 169.9 169.10 competitiveness and profitability of businesses, create more energy-related jobs, reduce the economic burden of fuel imports, and reduce pollution and emissions that cause climate 169.11 change. Therefore, it is the energy policy of the state of Minnesota to achieve annual 169.12 energy savings equal to at least 1.5 percent of annual retail energy sales of electricity and 169.13 natural gas directly through cost-effective energy conservation improvement programs 169.14 169.15 and rate design, and indirectly through energy efficiency achieved by energy consumers without direct utility involvement, energy codes and appliance standards, programs 169.16 designed to transform the market or change consumer behavior, energy savings resulting 169.17 169.18 from efficiency improvements to the utility infrastructure and system, and other efforts to 169.19 promote energy efficiency and energy conservation.

169.20 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216C.05, is amended to read:

169.21

## 216C.05 FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

Subdivision 1. Energy planning. The legislature finds and declares that continued growth in demand for energy will cause severe social and economic dislocations, and that the state has a vital interest in providing for: increased efficiency in energy consumption, the development and use of renewable energy resources wherever possible, and the creation of an effective energy forecasting, planning, and education program.

169.27The legislature further finds and declares that the protection of life, safety, and169.28financial security for citizens during an energy crisis is of paramount importance.

Therefore, the legislature finds that it is in the public interest to review, analyze, and encourage those energy programs that will minimize the need for annual increases in fossil fuel consumption by 1990 and the need for additional electrical generating plants, and provide for an optimum combination of energy sources <u>and energy conservation</u> consistent with environmental protection and the protection of citizens.

The legislature intends to monitor, through energy policy planning and implementation, the transition from historic growth in energy demand to a period when demand for traditional fuels becomes stable and the supply of renewable energy resources is readily available and adequately utilized.

- The legislature further finds that for economic growth, environmental improvement,
   and protection of citizens, it is in the public interest to encourage those energy programs
- 170.7 that will provide an optimum combination of energy resources, including energy savings.
- 170.8 <u>Therefore, the legislature, through its committees, must monitor and evaluate</u>
- 170.9 progress towards greater reliance on cost-effective energy efficiency and renewable
- 170.10 <u>energy</u> and lesser dependence on fossil fuels in order to reduce the economic burden
- 170.11 of fuel imports, diversify utility-owned and consumer-owned energy resources, reduce
- 170.12 <u>utility costs for businesses and residents, improve the competitiveness and profitability of</u>
- 170.13 Minnesota businesses, create more energy-related jobs that contribute to the Minnesota
- 170.14 <u>economy</u>, and reduce pollution and emissions that cause climate change.
- Subd. 2. Energy policy goals. It is the energy policy of the state of Minnesota that:
   (1) annual energy savings equal to at least 1.5 percent of annual retail energy sales of
   electricity and natural gas be achieved through cost-effective energy efficiency;
- 170.18 (1) (2) the per capita use of fossil fuel as an energy input be reduced by 15 percent 170.19 by the year 2015, through increased reliance on energy efficiency and renewable energy 170.20 alternatives; and
- 170.21 (2)(3) 25 percent of the total energy used in the state be derived from renewable 170.22 energy resources by the year 2025.

# 170.23 Sec. 4. INTEGRATION AND TRANSMISSION STUDY FOR FUTURE 170.24 RENEWABLE ENERGY STANDARD.

170.25 (a) The commission shall order all Minnesota electric utilities, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.1691, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), and all transmission 170.26 companies, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.02, to conduct an engineering 170.27 study of the impacts on reliability and costs of, and to study and develop plans for the 170.28 transmission network enhancements necessary to support, increasing the renewable energy 170.29 standard established in Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.1691, subdivision 2a, to 40 170.30 percent by 2030, and to higher proportions thereafter, while maintaining system reliability. 170.31 (b) The Minnesota electric utilities and transmission companies must complete the 170.32 study work under the direction of the commissioner of commerce. Prior to the start of the 170.33 study, the commissioner, in consultation with Minnesota electric utilities and transmission 170.34 companies, shall appoint a technical review committee consisting of up to 15 individuals 170.35

171.1 with experience and expertise in electric transmission system engineering, electric power

171.2 systems operations, and renewable energy generation technology to review the study's

- 171.3 proposed methods and assumptions, ongoing work, and preliminary results.
- 171.4 (c) As part of the planning process, the Minnesota electric utilities and transmission
- companies must incorporate and build upon the analyses that have previously been done

171.6 or that are in progress including but not limited to the 2006 Minnesota Wind Integration

- 171.7 Study and ongoing work to address geographically dispersed development plans, the
- 171.8 2007 Minnesota Transmission for Renewable Energy Standard Study, the 2008 and 2009
- 171.9 Statewide Studies of Dispersed Renewable Generation, the 2009 Minnesota RES Update,
- 171.10 Corridor, and Capacity Validation Studies, the 2010 Regional Generation Outlet Study,
- 171.11 the 2011 Multi Value Project Portfolio Study, and recent and ongoing Midcontinent
- 171.12 Independent System Operator transmission expansion planning work. The utilities and
- 171.13 transmission companies shall collaborate with the Midcontinent Independent System
- 171.14 Operator to optimize and integrate, to the extent possible, Minnesota's transmission plans
- 171.15 with other regional considerations and to encourage the Midcontinent Independent System
- 171.16 Operator to incorporate Minnesota's planning work into its transmission expansion future
  171.17 planning.
- (d) The study must be completed and submitted to the Minnesota Public Utilities
- 171.19 Commission by November 1, 2014. The report shall include a description of the analyses
- 171.20 that have been conducted and the results, including:
- (1) a conceptual plan for transmission necessary for generation interconnection and
   delivery and for access to regional geographic diversity and regional supply and demand
   side flexibility; and
- (2) identification and development of potential solutions to any critical issues
- encountered to support increasing the renewable energy standard to 40 percent by 2030,
- and to higher proportions thereafter, while maintaining system reliability.

## 171.27 Sec. 5. VALUE OF ON-SITE ENERGY STORAGE STUDY.

- (a) The commissioner of commerce shall contract with an independent consultant
- 171.29 selected through a request for proposal process to produce a report analyzing the potential
- 171.30 costs and benefits of installing utility-managed, grid-connected energy storage devices in
- 171.31 residential and commercial buildings in this state. The study must:
- 171.32 (1) estimate the potential value of on-site energy storage devices as a
- 171.33 load-management tool to reduce costs for individual customers and for the utility, including
- 171.34 but not limited to reductions in energy, particularly peaking, costs, and capacity costs;

172.1	(2) examine the interaction of energy storage devices with on-site solar photovoltaic
172.2	devices; and
172.3	(3) analyze existing barriers to the installation of on-site energy storage devices by
172.4	utilities, and examine strategies and design potential economic incentives to overcome
172.5	those barriers.
172.6	(b) The commissioner of commerce shall assess an amount necessary under
172.7	Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.241, subdivision 1e, in addition to the assessment
172.8	already authorized under that subdivision, for the purpose of completing the study
172.9	described in this section.
172.10	(c) By January 1, 2014, the commissioner of commerce shall submit the study to
172.11	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction
172.12	over energy policy and finance.
172.13	Sec. 6. VALUE OF SOLAR THERMAL STUDY.
172.14	(a) The commissioner of commerce shall contract with an independent consultant
172.15	selected through a request for proposal process to produce a report analyzing the potential
172.16	costs and benefits of expanding the installation of solar thermal projects, as defined in
172.17	Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.2411, subdivision 2, in residential and commercial
172.18	buildings in this state. The study must examine the potential for solar thermal projects
172.19	to reduce heating and cooling costs for individual customers and to reduce costs at the
172.20	utility level as well. The study must also analyze existing barriers to the installation of
172.21	on-site energy storage devices by utilities and examine strategies and design potential
172.22	economic incentives to overcome those barriers. By January 1, 2014, the commissioner
172.23	of commerce shall submit the study to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
172.24	legislative committees with jurisdiction over energy policy and finance.
172.25	(b) The commissioner of commerce shall assess an amount necessary under

172.26 Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.241, subdivision 1e, in addition to the assessment

172.27 <u>already authorized under that subdivision</u>, for the purpose of completing the study

172.28 described in this section.

## 172.29 Sec. 7. SCOPING FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY STUDY.

172.30 (a) The commissioner of commerce, in consultation with the Legislative Energy

172.31 <u>Commission, shall develop the scope for a Minnesota energy future study on how</u>

- 172.32 Minnesota can achieve a sustainable energy system that does not rely on the burning
- 172.33 of fossil fuels.

### (b) The study must include energy use in the electrical, transportation, thermal and 173.1 industrial sectors of the state economy. The study shall evaluate options for different 173.2 mixes of renewable energy, efficiency, energy storage, and new technologies that can 173.3 best transform each sector of energy use to become fully sustainable and no longer rely 173.4 on fossil fuels in a cost-effective manner. 173.5 (c) The study must analyze both costs and benefits. The study must include at least 173.6 the following considerations: system reliability, utility rates, energy prices, jobs, economic 173.7 development, public health, and environmental quality. Calculation of costs and benefits 173.8 must be based on full cost, life-cycle accounting methods that include the benefits of 173.9 avoided externalities. The study must be designed to develop appropriate timelines and 173.10 accommodate modifications that will occur as new technologies and efficiencies develop. 173.11 173.12 (d) In developing the scope, the commissioner shall engage stakeholders concerning the study's parameters and assumptions. The commissioner must report the results of 173.13 the scoping process to the Legislative Energy Commission by January 1, 2014. The 173.14 173.15 commissioner may assess up to \$100,000 under Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.62, to scope and develop this energy study proposal. 173.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 173.17 Sec. 8. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE; DIVISION OF ENERGY 173.18 **RESOURCES; STUDY.** 173.19 (a) The Division of Energy Resources of the Department of Commerce must conduct 173.20 public meetings with stakeholders and members of the public and shall produce a report 173.21

- 173.22 <u>on findings and legislative recommendations to accomplish the following purposes:</u>
- 173.23 (1) clarify statewide energy-savings policies and utility energy-savings goals;
- 173.24 (2) maximize long-term cost-effective energy savings and minimize energy waste;
- 173.25 (3) maximize carbon reductions and economic benefits by increasing the efficiency
- 173.26 of all sectors of the state's energy system;
- (4) minimize total utility costs and rate impacts for ratepayers in all sectors;
- 173.28 (5) determine appropriate funding sources for nonconservation projects and
- 173.29 programs, cogeneration, and combined heat and power projects;
- 173.30 (6) determine the appropriate consideration in the integrated resource planning and
- 173.31 certificate of need processes of the requirements to meet the state's energy conservation
- 173.32 and renewable energy goals; and
- (7) provide the utility the appropriate incentives to meet the state's energy
- 173.34 <u>conservation and renewable energy goals.</u>

174.1	(b) The report must be submitted by January 15, 2014, to the chairs and ranking		
174.2	minority members of the committees of the legislature with primary jurisdiction over		
174.3	energy policy.		
174.4	(c) The division must provide public notice of the meetings.		
174.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.		
174.6	ARTICLE 13		
174.7	MISCELLANEOUS		
174.8	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 16C.144, subdivision 2, is amended to read:		
174.9	Subd. 2. Guaranteed energy-savings agreement. The commissioner may enter		
174.10	into a guaranteed energy-savings agreement with a qualified provider if:		
174.11	(1) the qualified provider is selected through a competitive process in accordance		
174.12	with the guaranteed energy-savings program guidelines within the Department of		
174.13	Administration;		
174.14	(2) the qualified provider agrees to submit an engineering report prior to the		
174.15	execution of the guaranteed energy-savings agreement. The cost of the engineering report		
174.16	may be considered as part of the implementation costs if the commissioner enters into a		
174.17	guaranteed energy-savings agreement with the provider;		
174.18	(3) the term of the guaranteed energy-savings agreement shall not exceed $\frac{15}{25}$		
174.19	years from the date of final installation;		
174.20	(4) the commissioner finds that the amount it would spend on the utility cost-savings		
174.21	measures recommended in the engineering report will not exceed the amount to be		
174.22	saved in utility operation and maintenance costs over 1525 years from the date of		
174.23	implementation of utility cost-savings measures;		
174.24	(5) the qualified provider provides a written guarantee that the annual utility,		
174.25	operation, and maintenance cost savings during the term of the guaranteed energy-savings		
174.26	agreement will meet or exceed the annual payments due under a lease purchase agreement.		
174.27	The qualified provider shall reimburse the state for any shortfall of guaranteed utility,		
174.28	operation, and maintenance cost savings; and		
174.29	(6) the qualified provider gives a sufficient bond in accordance with section		
174.30	574.26 to the commissioner for the faithful implementation and installation of the utility		
174.31	cost-savings measures.		
174.32	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.241, subdivision 1, is amended to read:		
174.33	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section and section 216B.16,		

174.34 subdivision 6b, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given them.

175.1 (a) "Commission" means the Public Utilities Commission.

(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of commerce.

175.3 (c) "Department" means the Department of Commerce.

(d) "Energy conservation" means demand-side management of energy supplies
resulting in a net reduction in energy use. Load management that reduces overall energy
use is energy conservation.

(e) "Energy conservation improvement" means a project that results in energy
efficiency or energy conservation. Energy conservation improvement may include waste
heat recovery that is recovered and converted into electricity, but does not include electric
utility infrastructure projects approved by the commission under section 216B.1636.

Energy conservation improvement also includes waste heat recovered and used as thermal
energy.

(f) "Energy efficiency" means measures or programs, including energy conservation 175.13 measures or programs, that target consumer behavior, equipment, processes, or devices 175.14 175.15 designed to produce either an absolute decrease in consumption of electric energy or natural gas or a decrease in consumption of electric energy or natural gas on a per unit of production 175.16 basis without a reduction in the quality or level of service provided to the energy consumer. 175.17 (g) "Gross annual retail energy sales" means annual electric sales to all retail 175.18 customers in a utility's or association's Minnesota service territory or natural gas 175.19 throughput to all retail customers, including natural gas transportation customers, on a 175.20 utility's distribution system in Minnesota. For purposes of this section, gross annual 175.21

175.22 retail energy sales exclude:

175.23 (1) gas sales to:

(i) a large energy facility;

(ii) a large customer facility whose natural gas utility has been exempted by the
commissioner under subdivision 1a, paragraph (b), with respect to natural gas sales made
to the large customer facility; and

(iii) a commercial gas customer facility whose natural gas utility has been exempted
by the commissioner under subdivision 1a, paragraph (c), with respect to natural gas sales
made to the commercial gas customer facility; and

(2) electric sales to a large customer facility whose electric utility has been exempted
by the commissioner under subdivision 1a, paragraph (b), with respect to electric sales
made to the large customer facility.

(h) "Investments and expenses of a public utility" includes the investments
and expenses incurred by a public utility in connection with an energy conservation
improvement, including but not limited to:

(1) the differential in interest cost between the market rate and the rate charged on a
no-interest or below-market interest loan made by a public utility to a customer for the
purchase or installation of an energy conservation improvement;

(2) the difference between the utility's cost of purchase or installation of energy
conservation improvements and any price charged by a public utility to a customer for
such improvements.

(i) "Large customer facility" means all buildings, structures, equipment, and 176.7 installations at a single site that collectively (1) impose a peak electrical demand on an 176.8 electric utility's system of not less than 20,000 kilowatts, measured in the same way as the 176.9 utility that serves the customer facility measures electrical demand for billing purposes or 176.10 (2) consume not less than 500 million cubic feet of natural gas annually. In calculating 176.11 peak electrical demand, a large customer facility may include demand offset by on-site 176.12 cogeneration facilities and, if engaged in mineral extraction, may aggregate peak energy 176.13 demand from the large customer facility's mining and processing operations. 176.14

(j) "Large energy facility" has the meaning given it in section 216B.2421,
subdivision 2, clause (1).

(k) "Load management" means an activity, service, or technology to change the
timing or the efficiency of a customer's use of energy that allows a utility or a customer to
respond to wholesale market fluctuations or to reduce peak demand for energy or capacity.
(l) "Low-income programs" means energy conservation improvement programs that
directly serve the needs of low-income persons, including low-income renters.

(m) "Qualifying utility" means a utility that supplies the energy to a customer thatenables the customer to qualify as a large customer facility.

(n) "Waste heat recovered and used as thermal energy" means capturing heat energy
 that would otherwise be exhausted or dissipated to the environment from machinery,
 buildings, or industrial processes and productively using such recovered thermal energy

176.27 where it was captured or distributing it as thermal energy to other locations where it is

176.28 <u>used to reduce demand side consumption of natural gas, electric energy, or both.</u>

(n) (o) "Waste heat recovery converted into electricity" means an energy recovery
 process that converts otherwise lost energy from the heat of exhaust stacks or pipes used
 for engines or manufacturing or industrial processes, or the reduction of high pressure
 in water or gas pipelines.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.241, subdivision 1e, is amended to read:
Subd. 1e. Applied research and development grants. (a) The commissioner
may, by order, approve and make grants for applied research and development projects

of general applicability that identify new technologies or strategies to maximize energy 177.1 savings, improve the effectiveness of energy conservation programs, or document 177.2 the carbon dioxide reductions from energy conservation programs. When approving 177.3 projects, the commissioner shall consider proposals and comments from utilities and 177.4 other interested parties. The commissioner may assess up to \$3,600,000 annually for the 177.5 purposes of this subdivision. The assessments must be deposited in the state treasury 177.6 and credited to the energy and conservation account created under subdivision 2a. An 177.7 assessment made under this subdivision is not subject to the cap on assessments provided 177.8 by section 216B.62, or any other law. 177.9

(b) The commissioner, as part of the assessment authorized under paragraph (a),shall annually assess and grant up to \$500,000 for the purpose of subdivision 9.

(c) The commissioner, as part of the assessment authorized under paragraph (a),

177.13 each state fiscal year shall assess \$500,000 for a grant to the partnership created by section

177.14 216C.385, subdivision 2. The grant must be used to exercise the powers and perform the

- 177.15 duties specified in section 216C.385, subdivision 3.
- 177.16 (d) By February 15 annually, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking
- 177.17 minority members of the committees of the legislature with primary jurisdiction over
- 177.18 <u>energy policy and energy finance on the assessments made under this subdivision for the</u>
- 177.19 previous calendar year and the use of the assessment. The report must clearly describe the
- 177.20 activities supported by the assessment and the parties that engaged in those activities.

# 177.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (c) is effective for assessments for state fiscal 177.22 years commencing on or after July 1, 2013.

- 177.23 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.241, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- 177.25 Subd. 10. Waste heat recovery; thermal energy distribution. Demand side
- 177.26 <u>natural gas or electric energy displaced by use of waste heat recovered and used as thermal</u>
- 177.27 energy, including the recovered thermal energy from a cogeneration or combined heat and
- 177.28 power facility, is eligible to be counted towards a utility's natural gas or electric energy
- 177.29 savings goals, subject to department approval.

## 177.30 Sec. 5. <u>SEVERABILITY.</u>

- 177.31 If any provision of this act is found to be unconstitutional and void, the remaining
  177.32 provisions of this act are valid.
- 177.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

178.1 Sec. 6. **REPEALER.** 

178.2

178.4

Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 216B.1637, is repealed."

178.3 Delete the title and insert:

## "A bill for an act

relating to state government; appropriating money for jobs and economic 178.5 development; modifying labor and industry; employment, economic 178.6 development, and workforce development; unemployment insurance; 178.7 miscellaneous provisions; commerce and consumer protection; utility regulation; 178.8 energy and solar energy regulations; creating various renewable energy 178.9 incentives; imposing penalties; increasing fees; requiring reports; authorizing 178.10 rulemaking; appropriating money to various state boards, agencies, and 178.11 departments; amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 16B.122, subdivision 178.12 2; 16C.144, subdivision 2; 45.0135, subdivision 6; 60A.14, subdivision 1; 178.13 65B.84, subdivision 1; 116J.70, subdivision 2a; 116J.8731, subdivisions 2, 178.14 3, 8, 9; 116L.17, subdivision 4, by adding a subdivision; 116U.26; 136F.37; 178.15 154.001, by adding a subdivision; 154.003; 154.02; 154.05; 154.06; 154.065, 178.16 subdivision 2; 154.07, subdivision 1; 154.08; 154.09; 154.10, subdivision 1; 178.17 154.11, subdivision 1; 154.12; 154.14; 154.15, subdivision 2; 154.26; 155A.23, 178.18 subdivisions 3, 8, 11; 155A.25, subdivisions 1a, 4; 155A.27, subdivisions 4, 178.19 7, 10; 155A.29, subdivision 2; 155A.30, by adding a subdivision; 177.27, 178.20 subdivision 4; 216B.16, subdivision 7b; 216B.1635; 216B.164, subdivisions 2, 3, 178.21 4, 6, by adding subdivisions; 216B.1691, subdivision 2e, by adding a subdivision; 178.22 216B.1692, subdivisions 1, 8, by adding a subdivision; 216B.1695, subdivision 178.23 5, by adding a subdivision; 216B.2401; 216B.241, subdivisions 1, 1e, by adding 178.24 a subdivision; 216B.2411, subdivision 3; 216C.05; 216C.435, subdivision 8, 178.25 by adding a subdivision; 216C.436, subdivisions 2, 7, 8; 239.101, subdivision 178.26 3; 245.4712, subdivision 1; 268.051, subdivision 5; 268.07, subdivision 3b; 178.27 268.125, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5; 268.136, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, by adding 178.28 a subdivision; 268.23; 268A.13; 268A.14, subdivision 1; 298.22, subdivision 178.29 1; 298.28, subdivision 9c; 326.02, subdivision 5; 326A.04, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 178.30 7; 326A.10; 326B.081, subdivision 3; 326B.082, subdivision 11; 326B.093, 178.31 subdivision 4; 326B.101; 326B.103, subdivision 11; 326B.121, subdivision 1; 178.32 326B.163, by adding subdivisions; 326B.184, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a 178.33 subdivision; 326B.187; 326B.31, by adding a subdivision; 326B.33, subdivisions 178.34 19, 21; 326B.36, subdivision 7; 326B.37, by adding a subdivision; 326B.43, 178.35 subdivision 2; 326B.49, subdivisions 2, 3; 326B.89, subdivision 1; 327B.04, 178.36 subdivision 4; 341.21, subdivision 3a; 341.221; 341.27; 341.29; 341.30, 178.37 subdivision 4; 341.32, subdivision 2; 341.321; 429.101, subdivision 2; 462.358, 178.38 subdivision 2b; 462A.37, subdivision 1; 507.235, subdivision 2; 559.211, 178.39 subdivision 2; Laws 2005, chapter 97, article 10, section 3; Laws 2006, chapter 178.40 269, section 2, as amended; Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 2, article 2, 178.41 section 3, subdivision 4; Laws 2012, chapter 201, article 1, section 3; proposing 178.42 coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 3; 116C; 116J; 116L; 154; 178.43 155A; 161; 179; 216B; 216C; 268; 326B; 383D; 559; proposing coding for 178.44 new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 80G; repealing Minnesota Statutes 178.45 2012, sections 116W.01; 116W.02; 116W.03; 116W.035; 116W.04; 116W.05; 178.46 116W.06; 116W.20; 116W.21; 116W.23; 116W.24; 116W.25; 116W.26; 116W.27; 178.47 116W.28; 116W.29; 116W.30; 116W.31; 116W.32; 116W.33; 116W.34; 155A.25, 178.48 subdivision 1; 216B.1637; 237.012, subdivision 3; 326A.03, subdivisions 2, 5, 8; 178.49 326B.31, subdivisions 18, 19, 22; 326B.978, subdivision 4; 507.235, subdivision 178.50 4; Minnesota Rules, parts 1105.0600; 1105.2550; 1105.2700; 1307.0032; 178.51 3800.3520, subpart 5, items C, D; 3800.3602, subpart 2, item B." 178.52

179.1 We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

179.2	House Conferees:	
179.3 179.4	Tim Mahoney	Joe Atkins
179.5 179.6	Karen Clark	Sheldon Johnson
179.7 179.8	Bob Gunther	
179.9	Senate Conferees:	
179.10 179.11	David J. Tomassoni	Tom Saxhaug
179.12 179.13	Dan Sparks	James P. Metzen
179.14 179.15	Torrey N. Westrom	