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REVISOR

## State of Minnesota

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES H. F. No. 4866

## NINETY-SECOND SESSION

05/06/2022

Authored by Hausman The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Transportation Finance and Policy

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3 1.4	relating to public safety; authorizing the use of automated traffic enforcement systems for certain speed violations; imposing a petty misdemeanor penalty; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 169.
1.4	
1.5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.6	Section 1. [169.142] AUTOMATED TRAFFIC ENFORCEMENT SYSTEMS;
1.7	CERTAIN SPEED VIOLATIONS.
1.8	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
1.9	the meanings given.
1.10	(b) "Automated traffic enforcement system" or "system" means an electronic system
1.11	consisting of one or more cameras and one or more motor vehicle sensors which is used to
1.12	enforce specified traffic laws.
1.13	(c) "Local government" means a county, city, or town.
1.14	(d) "Owner" means the registered owner of a vehicle except, for a leased vehicle, owner
1.15	means the lessee of the vehicle.
1.16	Subd. 2. Speeds of 20 miles per hour or more in excess of speed limit. (a) The owner
1.17	of a vehicle is guilty of a petty misdemeanor when the owner's vehicle is operated at a speed
1.18	of 20 miles per hour or more in excess of a speed limit established in section 169.06.
1.19	(b) A peace officer must not issue a citation to the owner if the owner or another person
1.20	is convicted of or cited for a violation of chapter 169 or 609 arising out of the incident
1.21	captured by the automated traffic enforcement system.
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2.1	(c) Paragraph (a) does not prohibit or limit the prosecution of a motor vehicle operator
2.2	for a violation of section 169.06.
2.3	(d) A violation under paragraph (a) does not constitute grounds for revocation or
2.4	suspension of the owner's or lessee's driver's license.
2.5	(e) This section does not apply to emergency or law enforcement vehicles.
2.6	(f) When a local government has adopted the use of automated traffic enforcement
2.7	systems, peace officers for that jurisdiction may enforce this section using an automated
2.8	traffic enforcement system as described in this section.
2.9	Subd. 3. Automated traffic enforcement system requirements. (a) Any automated
2.10	traffic enforcement system used by a government must:
2.11	(1) detect and record the speed of the vehicle;
2.12	(2) produce a recording, either by a series of photographs or video recording, of the
2.13	motor vehicle; and
2.14	(3) record the license plate of the vehicle.
2.15	(b) A local government may authorize the use of automated traffic enforcement systems
2.16	within the local government's jurisdiction as provided in subdivision 4.
2.17	(c) In a local government that implements the use of automated traffic enforcement
2.18	systems, peace officers must review the recordings captured by the system. If a peace officer
2.19	determines there was a violation and a citation should be issued to the owner of the vehicle,
2.20	the peace officer must use the license plate of the vehicle to determine the registered owner
2.21	and issue the citation to that person. If a peace officer issues a citation, the officer must
2.22	issue the citation within ten calendar days of the violation. When a citation is issued, the
2.23	peace officer must also provide to the owner a copy of the recording or photographs of the
2.24	violation. A peace officer may issue a citation to an owner through the United States Postal
2.25	Service. If a citation is mailed, the peace officer must mail the citation to the address on the
2.26	vehicle registration and it must be postmarked within ten calendar days of the violation.
2.27	Subd. 4. Implementation. (a) Prior to implementing the use of automated traffic
2.28	enforcement systems, the government must hold a public hearing on the subject and must
2.29	allow for members of the public to comment. For the first 30 days after implementing the
2.30	use of automated traffic enforcement systems, peace officers must not issue citations for
2.31	violations of this section, but may issue warnings.

	04/28/22	REVISOR	KRB/LN	22-07622
3.1	(b) A local government that impleme	ents the use of automat	ted traffic enforcemer	nt systems
3.2	must adopt an ordinance to govern the			
3.3	At a minimum, the ordinance must incl	ude:		
3.4	(1) the process of collecting the data $(1)$	a recorded by the sys	tem and how the data	a will be
3.5	reviewed by peace officers;			
3.6	(2) the process for issuing citations;			
3.7	(3) procedures for handling system	malfunctions or othe	r unforeseen issues;	
3.8	(4) procedures for testing and maint	aining the system to	ensure the system's a	ccuracy;
3.9	and			
3.10	(5) establish a process for promptly	answering questions	about the use of the	systems
3.11	and citations issued pursuant to this sec	etion.		
3.12	(c) A local government must place a	appropriate signs in a	reas where automate	d traffic
3.13	enforcement systems are in use to notif	y drivers of their use	<u>-</u>	
3.14	(d) A local government may use auto	omated traffic enforce	ement systems in scho	ool zones,
3.15	construction zones, or any other area de	etermined by the loca	l government to be n	ecessary.
3.16	Before installing an automated traffic e	nforcement system in	n an area other than a	school
3.17	zone or construction zone, the local gov	vernment must first:		
3.18	(1) determine that high speed is free	quently a safety conce	ern in the area;	
3.19	(2) determine that an automated enf	orcement system is a	n appropriate enforce	ement
3.20	mechanism for the area;			
3.21	(3) evaluate locations where systems	s are used to ensure th	ey are used in a cons	istent and
3.22	fair manner throughout the local govern	nment's jurisdiction;	and	
3.23	(4) ensure that systems are placed a	nd used in a manner	that is not racially bia	ased or
3.24	discriminatory and does not result in di	scriminatory enforce	ment practices.	
3.25	(e) The local government must public	cize the use of automa	ted traffic enforcemer	nt systems
3.26	and details of their use, including where	e a person may ask q	uestions about the us	e of the
3.27	systems. If the local government has a	website, the local gov	vernment must publis	sh the
3.28	information on that website.			
3.29	Subd. 5. Data. Data collected throug	h the use of an automa	ated traffic enforceme	nt system
3.30	are private data on individuals, as defin	ed in section 13.02, s	subdivision 12, subje	ct to the
3.31	following:			

3

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4.1	(1) if the individual requests a copy of the recording, data on other individuals who do
4.2	not consent to the data's release must be redacted from the copy;
4.3	(2) data that are the subject of a violation under this section may be disclosed to a law
4.4	enforcement agency;
4.5	(3) data that are criminal investigative data are governed by section 13.82, subdivision
4.6	<u>7; and</u>
4.7	(4) section 13.04, subdivision 2, does not apply to collection of the data.
4.8	Sec. 2. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
4.9	The legislature finds and declares that the increase in the number and severity of violations
4.10	of state traffic laws, especially the instances of drivers driving at very high speeds, is a
4.11	serious threat to the public. The legislature acknowledges that high-speed police chases also
4.12	present dangers to the public and are not always successful in detaining the driver. The use
4.13	of automated traffic enforcement cameras is one way to assist law enforcement in combating
4.14	very high-speed driving without the necessity of high-speed chases.

Sec. 2.