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# State of Minnesota

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-SECOND SESSION

H. F. No. **4294**

03/14/2022

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The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on State Government Finance and Elections

- 1.1 A bill for an act
- 1.2 relating to elections; authorizing a donation to an accredited educational institution
- 1.3 or other organization for the purpose of providing student scholarships to be
- 1.4 reported as a noncampaign disbursement; amending Minnesota Statutes 2021
- 1.5 Supplement, section 10A.01, subdivision 26.
- 1.6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
- 1.7 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2021 Supplement, section 10A.01, subdivision 26, is
- 1.8 amended to read:
- 1.9 Subd. 26. **Noncampaign disbursement.** (a) "Noncampaign disbursement" means a
- 1.10 purchase or payment of money or anything of value made, or an advance of credit incurred,
- 1.11 or a donation in kind received, by a principal campaign committee for any of the following
- 1.12 purposes:
- 1.13 (1) payment for accounting and legal services;
- 1.14 (2) return of a contribution to the source;
- 1.15 (3) repayment of a loan made to the principal campaign committee by that committee;
- 1.16 (4) return of a public subsidy;
- 1.17 (5) payment for food, beverages, and necessary utensils and supplies, entertainment,
- 1.18 and facility rental for a fund-raising event;
- 1.19 (6) services for a constituent by a member of the legislature or a constitutional officer
- 1.20 in the executive branch as provided in section 10A.173, subdivision 1;
- 1.21 (7) payment for food and beverages consumed by a candidate or volunteers while they
- 1.22 are engaged in campaign activities;

2.1 (8) payment for food or a beverage consumed while attending a reception or meeting  
2.2 directly related to legislative duties;

2.3 (9) payment of expenses incurred by elected or appointed leaders of a legislative caucus  
2.4 in carrying out their leadership responsibilities;

2.5 (10) payment by a principal campaign committee of the candidate's expenses for serving  
2.6 in public office, other than for personal uses;

2.7 (11) costs of child care for the candidate's children when campaigning;

2.8 (12) fees paid to attend a campaign school;

2.9 (13) costs of a postelection party during the election year when a candidate's name will  
2.10 no longer appear on a ballot or the general election is concluded, whichever occurs first;

2.11 (14) interest on loans paid by a principal campaign committee on outstanding loans;

2.12 (15) filing fees;

2.13 (16) post-general election holiday or seasonal cards, thank-you notes, or advertisements  
2.14 in the news media mailed or published prior to the end of the election cycle;

2.15 (17) the cost of campaign material purchased to replace defective campaign material, if  
2.16 the defective material is destroyed without being used;

2.17 (18) contributions to a party unit;

2.18 (19) payments for funeral gifts or memorials;

2.19 (20) the cost of a magnet less than six inches in diameter containing legislator contact  
2.20 information and distributed to constituents;

2.21 (21) costs associated with a candidate attending a political party state or national  
2.22 convention in this state;

2.23 (22) other purchases or payments specified in board rules or advisory opinions as being  
2.24 for any purpose other than to influence the nomination or election of a candidate or to  
2.25 promote or defeat a ballot question;

2.26 (23) costs paid to a third party for processing contributions made by a credit card, debit  
2.27 card, or electronic check;

2.28 (24) a contribution to a fund established to support a candidate's participation in a recount  
2.29 of ballots affecting that candidate's election;

(25) costs paid by a candidate's principal campaign committee for a single reception given in honor of the candidate's retirement from public office after the filing period for affidavits of candidacy for that office has closed;

(26) a donation from a terminating principal campaign committee to the state general fund;

(27) a donation from a terminating principal campaign committee to a county obligated to incur special election expenses due to that candidate's resignation from state office; ~~and~~

(28) a donation by a principal campaign committee to an accredited educational institution or other organization for the purpose of providing educational scholarships to students residing in the candidate's district; and

~~(28)~~ (29) during a period starting January 1 in the year following a general election and ending on December 31 of the year of general election, total payments of up to \$3,000 for security expenses for a candidate, including home security hardware, maintenance of home security hardware, identity theft monitoring services, and credit monitoring services.

(b) The board must determine whether an activity involves a noncampaign disbursement within the meaning of this subdivision.

(c) A noncampaign disbursement is considered to be made in the year in which the candidate made the purchase of goods or services or incurred an obligation to pay for goods or services.