A bill for an act
relating to state government; modifying provisions related to continuing care, health care, MNsure, Health Department, chemical and mental health, children and families, health-related licensing, human services forecast adjustments, health and human services appropriations, state government appropriations, state government, and public safety; making technical changes; adjusting rates for nursing facilities in border cities; limiting appropriations and transfers to MNsure; amending provisions relating to abortion; creating licenses relating to orthotics and genetic counselors; modifying barber licenses; modifying fees; canceling part of the senate carryforward account to the general fund; requiring savings from reducing salaries in the executive branch, instituting a hiring freeze, and limiting nonessential travel and advertising; requiring receipts from examinations by the state auditor be credited to the general fund; transferring funds in the state auditor enterprise fund to the general fund; suspending the public subsidy program for state elections to the end of fiscal year 2017; requiring the legislative auditor to participate in preparing fiscal notes, revenue estimates, and local impact notes; requiring county payments and political subdivision payments for state auditor costs be deposited in the general fund; requiring a centralized tracking list of agency projects over $100,000; limiting fee or fine increases; requiring disclosure to the legislative auditor on potential federal penalties for the purchase or sale of state bonds; requiring legislature be notified of certain costs in state construction projects; requiring approval for certain state building projects; requiring termination of state grant agreement if recipient is convicted of a criminal offense related to the grant agreement; prohibiting fees for general fund grant administration; requiring audit of delegated authority; adding a provision for targeted group business; limiting number of full-time employees; changing provisions in the Veterans Preference Act; changing a provision for the IRRRB; changing payments from the manufactured home relocation trust fund; requiring a public hearing if a proposed interim ordinance deals with housing; modifying health insurance provisions related to school districts and certain self-insurance pools; requiring reports; designating parking ramp financing; establishing Legislative Surrogacy Commission; requiring a study; increasing fine for certain traffic violations around school buses; enhancing penalties and establishing minimum fines for repeat violations of driving without a license; allowing alcohol use by sensory testing services; extending funding for avian influenza and agricultural emergency response; authorizing commissioner of corrections to negotiate for facility to house offenders; increasing maximum sentence for felony assault motivated by bias; prohibiting the use of unmanned vehicles near public safety helicopters; providing for a fund transfer from the correctional industries
revolving fund to the general fund; authorizing rulemaking; appropriating
money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 3.3005, subdivisions 3, 3b,
4, 5, 6, by adding subdivisions; 3.971, by adding a subdivision; 3.98; 3.987,
subdivision 1; 6.56, subdivision 2; 6.581, subdivision 4; 16A.103, by adding
a subdivision; 16A.1283; 16B.335, subdivision 1; 16C.03, subdivision 16;
16C.16, subdivision 5; 16E.0466; 16E.21, subdivision 2, by adding subdivisions;
62J.495, subdivision 4; 62J.496, subdivision 1; 62V.04, subdivisions 2, 3, 4,
62V.05, subdivision 2, by adding subdivisions; 62V.11, by adding a subdivision;
119B.13, subdivision 1; 144.05, by adding a subdivision; 144.293, subdivision
2; 144A.071, subdivisions 4c, 4d; 144A.073, subdivisions 13, 14, by adding a
subdivision; 144A.471, subdivision 9; 144A.611, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a
subdivision; 144A.75, subdivisions 5, 6, 8, by adding a subdivision; 145.4716,
subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 145.882, subdivisions 2, 3, 7; 145.925,
subdivisions 1, 1a, by adding subdivisions; 149A.50, subdivision 2; 154.001,
subdivisions 2, 154.002; 154.01; 154.02; 154.04; 154.05; 154.065, subdivisions 2,
4; 154.07; 154.08; 154.09; 154.10, subdivision 2; 154.11, subdivision 1; 154.14;
154.15; 154.161, subdivision 7; 154.162; 154.19; 154.21; 154.24; 154.25;
157.15, subdivision 14; 169.444, subdivision 2; 171.24; 197.455, subdivision
1; 243.166, subdivision 1b; 245.99, subdivision 2; 254B.03, subdivision 4;
254B.04, subdivision 2a; 254B.06, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision;
256.01, by adding a subdivision; 256B.042, by adding a subdivision; 256B.0621,
subdivision 10; 256B.0625, by adding subdivisions; 256B.0644; 256B.0924, by
adding a subdivision; 256B.15, subdivisions 1a, 2, by adding a subdivision;
256D.051, subdivision 6b; 256L.02, by adding a subdivision; 298.22, subdivision
1; 299A.41, subdivision 3; 327.14, subdivision 8; 327C.03, subdivision 6;
327C.095, subdivisions 12, 13; 353.01, subdivision 43; 462.355, subdivision
2; 471.6161, subdivision 8; 471.617, subdivision 2; 471.895, subdivision 1;
518.175, subdivision 5; 518A.34; 518A.36; 609.3241; 626.558, subdivisions
1, 2, by adding a subdivision; Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, sections
1; 6.481, subdivision 6; 16C.073, subdivision 2; 62V.03, subdivision 2; 144A.75,
subdivision 13; 145.4131, subdivision 1; 149A.92, subdivision 1; 154.003;
154.11, subdivision 3; 154.161, subdivision 4; 197.46; 245.735, subdivisions 3,
4; 256B.059, subdivision 5; 256B.0625, subdivisions 17a, 18a, 20; 256B.431,
subdivision 36; 256B.441, subdivisions 13, 53, 66; 256B.76, subdivisions
2, 4; 256B.766; 518A.26, subdivision 14; 518A.39, subdivision 2; 609.324,
subdivision 1; Laws 2015, chapter 65, article 1, section 18; Laws 2015, chapter
71, article 1, section 125; article 14, sections 2, subdivision 5, as amended; 4,
subdivisions 1, 3, 5, 10, 11; 9; Laws 2015, chapter 77, article 1, section 11,
subdivision 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters
16A; 16B; 16C; 43A; 45; 62V; 144; 145; 148; 245A; 254B; 256B; 325E; 518A;
609; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapters 147F;
153B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 3.886; 6.581, subdivision 1;
62V.01; 62V.02; 62V.03, subdivisions 1, 3; 62V.04; 62V.05, subdivisions 1, 2,
3, 4, 5, 9, 10; 62V.06; 62V.07; 62V.08; 62V.09; 62V.10; 62V.11, subdivisions
1, 2, 4; 144.058; 145.925, subdivision 2; 149A.92, subdivision 11; 154.03;
154.06; 154.11, subdivision 2; 154.12; 179A.50; 179A.51; 179A.52; 179A.53;
Minneapolis Statutes 2015 Supplement, sections 62V.03, subdivision 2; 62V.05,
subdivisions 6, 7, 8, 11; 62V.051; Minnesota Rules, parts 7700.0010; 7700.0020;
7700.0030; 7700.0040; 7700.0050; 7700.0060; 7700.0070; 7700.0080;
7700.0090; 7700.0100; 7700.0101; 7700.0105.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
ARTICLE 1

CONTINUING CARE

Section 1. [62V.055] ADDITIONAL NOTICE TO APPLICANTS.

The board, in consultation with the commissioner of human services, shall include in the combined application for medical assistance, MinnesotaCare, and qualified health plan coverage available through the MNsure portal, information and notice on the following:

(1) that when an applicant submits the combined application, eligibility for subsidized coverage will be determined in the following order:

(i) medical assistance;

(ii) MinnesotaCare;

(iii) advanced premium tax credits and cost-sharing subsidies; and

(iv) qualified health plan coverage without a subsidy;

(2) persons eligible for medical assistance are not eligible for MinnesotaCare, and persons eligible for medical assistance or MinnesotaCare are not eligible for advanced premium tax credits and cost-sharing subsidies; and

(3) if a person enrolls in medical assistance, the state may claim repayment for the cost of medical care or premiums paid for that care from the person's estate.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144A.071, subdivision 4c, is amended to read:

Subd. 4c. Exceptions for replacement beds after June 30, 2003. (a) The commissioner of health, in coordination with the commissioner of human services, may approve the renovation, replacement, upgrading, or relocation of a nursing home or boarding care home, under the following conditions:

(1) to license and certify an 80-bed city-owned facility in Nicollet County to be constructed on the site of a new city-owned hospital to replace an existing 85-bed facility attached to a hospital that is also being replaced. The threshold allowed for this project under section 144A.073 shall be the maximum amount available to pay the additional medical assistance costs of the new facility;

(2) to license and certify 29 beds to be added to an existing 69-bed facility in St. Louis County, provided that the 29 beds must be transferred from active or layaway status at an existing facility in St. Louis County that had 235 beds on April 1, 2003.

The licensed capacity at the 235-bed facility must be reduced to 206 beds, but the payment rate at that facility shall not be adjusted as a result of this transfer. The operating payment rate of the facility adding beds after completion of this project shall be the same as it was.
on the day prior to the day the beds are licensed and certified. This project shall not proceed unless it is approved and financed under the provisions of section 144A.073;

(3) to license and certify a new 60-bed facility in Austin, provided that: (i) 45 of the new beds are transferred from a 45-bed facility in Austin under common ownership that is closed and 15 of the new beds are transferred from a 182-bed facility in Albert Lea under common ownership; (ii) the commissioner of human services is authorized by the 2004 legislature to negotiate budget-neutral planned nursing facility closures; and (iii) money is available from planned closures of facilities under common ownership to make implementation of this clause budget-neutral to the state. The bed capacity of the Albert Lea facility shall be reduced to 167 beds following the transfer. Of the 60 beds at the new facility, 20 beds shall be used for a special care unit for persons with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias;

(4) to license and certify up to 80 beds transferred from an existing state-owned nursing facility in Cass County to a new facility located on the grounds of the Ah-Gwah-Ching campus. The operating cost payment rates for the new facility shall be determined based on the interim and settle-up payment provisions of Minnesota Rules, part 9549.0057, and the reimbursement provisions of section 256B.431. The property payment rate for the first three years of operation shall be $35 per day. For subsequent years, the property payment rate of $35 per day shall be adjusted for inflation as provided in section 256B.434, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), as long as the facility has a contract under section 256B.434;

(5) to initiate a pilot program to license and certify up to 80 beds transferred from an existing county-owned nursing facility in Steele County relocated to the site of a new acute care facility as part of the county's Communities for a Lifetime comprehensive plan to create innovative responses to the aging of its population. Upon relocation to the new site, the nursing facility shall delicense 28 beds. The property payment rate for the first three years of operation of external fixed costs for the new facility shall be increased by an amount as calculated according to items (i) to (v):

(i) compute the estimated decrease in medical assistance residents served by the nursing facility by multiplying the decrease in licensed beds by the historical percentage of medical assistance resident days;

(ii) compute the annual savings to the medical assistance program from the delicensure of 28 beds by multiplying the anticipated decrease in medical assistance residents, determined in item (i), by the existing facility's weighted average payment rate multiplied by 365;
(iii) compute the anticipated annual costs for community-based services by
multiplying the anticipated decrease in medical assistance residents served by the nursing
facility, determined in item (i), by the average monthly elderly waiver service costs for
individuals in Steele County multiplied by 12;

(iv) subtract the amount in item (iii) from the amount in item (ii); and

(v) divide the amount in item (iv) by an amount equal to the relocated nursing
facility's occupancy factor under section 256B.431, subdivision 3f, paragraph (c),
multiplied by the historical percentage of medical assistance resident days; and

For subsequent years, the adjusted property payment rate shall be adjusted for
inflation as provided in section 256B.434, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), as long as the
facility has a contract under section 256B.434; and

(6) to consolidate and relocate nursing facility beds to a new site in Goodhue County
and to integrate these services with other community-based programs and services under a
communities for a lifetime pilot program and comprehensive plan to create innovative
responses to the aging of its population. Eighty beds in the city of Red Wing shall be
transferred from the downsizing and relocation of an existing 84 bed, hospital owned
nursing facility and the entire closure or downsizing of beds from a 65 bed nonprofit
nursing facility in the community resulting in the delicensure of 69 beds in the two
existing facilities. Two nursing facilities, one for 84 beds and one for 65 beds, in the city of
Red Wing licensed on July 1, 2015, shall be consolidated into a newly renovated 64-bed
nursing facility resulting in the delicensure of 85 beds. Notwithstanding the carryforward
of the approval authority in section 144A.073, subdivision 11, the funding approved in
April 2009 by the commissioner of health for a project in Goodhue County shall not carry
forward. The closure of the 69 85 beds shall not be eligible for a planned closure rate
adjustment under section 256B.437. The construction project permitted in this clause shall
not be eligible for a threshold project rate adjustment under section 256B.434, subdivision
4f. The property payment rate for the first three years of operation of external fixed costs for
the new facility shall be increased by an amount as calculated according to items (i) to (vi):

(i) compute the estimated decrease in medical assistance residents served by both
nursing facilities by multiplying the difference between the occupied beds of the two
nursing facilities for the reporting year ending September 30, 2009, and the projected
occupancy of the facility at 95 percent occupancy by the historical percentage of medical
assistance resident days;

(ii) compute the annual savings to the medical assistance program from the
delicensure by multiplying the anticipated decrease in the medical assistance residents,
determined in item (i), by the hospital-owned nursing facility weighted average payment rate multiplied by 365;

(iii) compute the anticipated annual costs for community-based services by multiplying the anticipated decrease in medical assistance residents served by the facilities, determined in item (i), by the average monthly elderly waiver service costs for individuals in Goodhue County multiplied by 12;

(iv) subtract the amount in item (iii) from the amount in item (ii);

(v) multiply the amount in item (iv) by 48.5 / 57.2 percent; and

(vi) divide the difference of the amount in item (iv) and the amount in item (v) by an amount equal to the relocated nursing facility's occupancy factor under section 256B.431, subdivision 3f, paragraph (c), multiplied by the historical percentage of medical assistance resident days.

For subsequent years, the adjusted property payment rate shall be adjusted for inflation as provided in section 256B.434, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), as long as the facility has a contract under section 256B.434.

(b) Projects approved under this subdivision shall be treated in a manner equivalent to projects approved under subdivision 4a.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for rate years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, except that the amendment to paragraph (a), clause (6), transferring the rate adjustment in items (i) to (vi) from the property payment rate to the payment rate for external fixed costs, is effective for rate years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, or upon completion of the closure and new construction authorized in paragraph (a), clause (6), whichever is later. The commissioner of human services shall notify the revisor of statutes when the section is effective.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144A.071, subdivision 4d, is amended to read:

Subd. 4d. **Consolidation of nursing facilities.** (a) The commissioner of health, in consultation with the commissioner of human services, may approve a request for consolidation of nursing facilities which includes the closure of one or more facilities and the upgrading of the physical plant of the remaining nursing facility or facilities, the costs of which exceed the threshold project limit under subdivision 2, clause (a). The commissioners shall consider the criteria in this section, section 144A.073, and section 256B.437, in approving or rejecting a consolidation proposal. In the event the commissioners approve the request, the commissioner of human services shall calculate an external fixed costs rate adjustment according to clauses (1) to (3):
(1) the closure of beds shall not be eligible for a planned closure rate adjustment under section 256B.437, subdivision 6;

(2) the construction project permitted in this clause shall not be eligible for a threshold project rate adjustment under section 256B.434, subdivision 4f, or a moratorium exception adjustment under section 144A.073; and

(3) the property payment rate for external fixed costs for a remaining facility or facilities shall be increased by an amount equal to 65 percent of the projected net cost savings to the state calculated in paragraph (b), divided by the state's medical assistance percentage of medical assistance dollars, and then divided by estimated medical assistance resident days, as determined in paragraph (c), of the remaining nursing facility or facilities in the request in this paragraph. The rate adjustment is effective on the later of the first day of the month following completion of the construction upgrades in the consolidation plan or the first day of the month following the complete closure of a facility designated for closure in the consolidation plan. If more than one facility is receiving upgrades in the consolidation plan, each facility's date of construction completion must be evaluated separately.

(b) For purposes of calculating the net cost savings to the state, the commissioner shall consider clauses (1) to (7):

(1) the annual savings from estimated medical assistance payments from the net number of beds closed taking into consideration only beds that are in active service on the date of the request and that have been in active service for at least three years;

(2) the estimated annual cost of increased case load of individuals receiving services under the elderly waiver;

(3) the estimated annual cost of elderly waiver recipients receiving support under group residential housing;

(4) the estimated annual cost of increased case load of individuals receiving services under the alternative care program;

(5) the annual loss of license surcharge payments on closed beds;

(6) the savings from not paying planned closure rate adjustments that the facilities would otherwise be eligible for under section 256B.437; and

(7) the savings from not paying property external fixed costs payment rate adjustments from submission of renovation costs that would otherwise be eligible as threshold projects under section 256B.434, subdivision 4f.

(c) For purposes of the calculation in paragraph (a), clause (3), the estimated medical assistance resident days of the remaining facility or facilities shall be computed assuming 95 percent occupancy multiplied by the historical percentage of medical assistance.
resident days of the remaining facility or facilities, as reported on the facility's or facilities' most recent nursing facility statistical and cost report filed before the plan of closure is submitted, multiplied by 365.

(d) For purposes of net cost of savings to the state in paragraph (b), the average occupancy percentages will be those reported on the facility's or facilities' most recent nursing facility statistical and cost report filed before the plan of closure is submitted, and the average payment rates shall be calculated based on the approved payment rates in effect at the time the consolidation request is submitted.

(e) To qualify for the property external fixed costs payment rate adjustment under this provision subdivision, the closing facilities shall:

(1) submit an application for closure according to section 256B.437, subdivision 3; and

(2) follow the resident relocation provisions of section 144A.161.

(f) The county or counties in which a facility or facilities are closed under this subdivision shall not be eligible for designation as a hardship area under section 144A.071, subdivision 3, for five years from the date of the approval of the proposed consolidation. The applicant shall notify the county of this limitation and the county shall acknowledge this in a letter of support.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for rate years beginning on or after January 1, 2017.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144A.073, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. Moratorium exception funding. In fiscal year 2013, the commissioner of health may approve moratorium exception projects under this section for which the full annualized state share of medical assistance costs does not exceed $1,000,000 plus any carryover of previous appropriations for this purpose.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144A.073, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. Moratorium exception funding. In fiscal year 2015, the commissioner of health may approve moratorium exception projects under this section for which the full annualized state share of medical assistance costs does not exceed $1,000,000 plus any carryover of previous appropriations for this purpose.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144A.073, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Article 1 Sec. 6. 8
Subd. 15. **Moratorium exception funding.** In fiscal year 2017, the commissioner may approve moratorium exception projects under this section for which the full annualized state share of medical assistance costs does not exceed $1,000,000 plus any carryover of previous appropriations for this purpose.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144A.611, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Nursing homes and certified boarding care homes.** The actual costs of tuition and textbooks and reasonable expenses for the competency evaluation or the nursing assistant training program and competency evaluation approved under section 144A.61, which are paid to nursing assistants or adult training programs pursuant to subdivision subdivisions 2 and 4, are a reimbursable expense for nursing homes and certified boarding care homes under the provisions of chapter 256B and the rules promulgated thereunder section 256B.431, subdivision 36.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144A.611, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Nursing assistants Reimbursement for training program and competency evaluation costs.** A nursing assistant who has completed an approved competency evaluation or an approved training program and competency evaluation shall be reimbursed by the nursing home or certified boarding care home for actual costs of tuition and textbooks and reasonable expenses for the competency evaluation or the training program and competency evaluation 90 days after the date of employment, or upon completion of the approved training program, whichever is later.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144A.611, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. **Reimbursement for adult basic education components.** (a) Nursing facilities and certified boarding care homes shall provide reimbursement for costs related to additional adult basic education components of an approved nursing assistant training program, to:

(1) an adult training program that provided an approved nursing assistant training program to an employee of the nursing facility or boarding care home; or

(2) a nursing assistant who is an employee of the nursing facility or boarding care home and completed an approved nursing assistant training program provided by an adult training program.

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, adult basic education components of a nursing assistant training program must include the following, if needed: training in mathematics.
10.1 vocabulary, literacy skills, workplace skills, resume writing, and job interview skills.
10.2 Reimbursement provided under this subdivision shall not exceed 30 percent of the cost of
10.3 tuition, textbooks, and competency evaluation.
10.4 (c) An adult training program is prohibited from billing program students, nursing
10.5 facilities, or certified boarding care homes for costs under this subdivision until the
10.6 program student has been employed by the nursing facility as a certified nursing assistant
10.7 for at least 90 days.
10.8 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for costs incurred on or after October
10.9 1, 2016.
10.10 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.042, is amended by adding a
10.11 subdivision to read:
10.12 Subd. 1a. Additional notice to applicants. An application for medical assistance
10.13 must include a statement, prominently displayed, that if any person on the application
10.14 enrolls in medical assistance, the state may claim repayment for the cost of medical care
10.15 or premiums paid for care from that person's estate.
10.16 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 256B.059, subdivision 5,
10.17 is amended to read:
10.18 Subd. 5. Asset availability. (a) At the time of initial determination of eligibility for
10.19 medical assistance benefits following the first continuous period of institutionalization on
10.20 or after October 1, 1989, assets considered available to the institutionalized spouse shall
10.21 be the total value of all assets in which either spouse has an ownership interest, reduced by
10.22 the following amount for the community spouse:
10.23 (1) prior to July 1, 1994, the greater of:
10.24 (i) $14,148;
10.25 (ii) the lesser of the spousal share or $70,740; or
10.26 (iii) the amount required by court order to be paid to the community spouse;
10.27 (2) for persons whose date of initial determination of eligibility for medical
10.28 assistance following their first continuous period of institutionalization occurs on or after
10.29 July 1, 1994, the greater of:
10.30 (i) $20,000;
10.31 (ii) the lesser of the spousal share or $70,740; or
10.32 (iii) the amount required by court order to be paid to the community spouse.
The value of assets transferred for the sole benefit of the community spouse under section 256B.0595, subdivision 4, in combination with other assets available to the community spouse under this section, cannot exceed the limit for the community spouse asset allowance determined under subdivision 3 or 4. Assets that exceed this allowance shall be considered available to the institutionalized spouse. If the community spouse asset allowance has been increased under subdivision 4, then the assets considered available to the institutionalized spouse under this subdivision shall be further reduced by the value of additional amounts allowed under subdivision 4.

(b) An institutionalized spouse may be found eligible for medical assistance even though assets in excess of the allowable amount are found to be available under paragraph (a) if the assets are owned jointly or individually by the community spouse, and the institutionalized spouse cannot use those assets to pay for the cost of care without the consent of the community spouse, and if:

(i) the institutionalized spouse assigns to the commissioner the right to support from the community spouse under section 256B.14, subdivision 3;

(ii) the institutionalized spouse lacks the ability to execute an assignment due to a physical or mental impairment; or

(iii) the denial of eligibility would cause an imminent threat to the institutionalized spouse's health and well-being; or

(iv) the assets in excess of the amount under paragraph (a) are assets owned by the community spouse, and the denial of eligibility would cause an undue hardship to the family due to the loss of retirement funds for the community spouse or funds protected for the postsecondary education of a child under age 25. For purposes of this clause, only retirement assets held by the community spouse in a tax-deferred retirement account, including a defined benefit plan, defined contribution plan, an employer-sponsored individual retirement arrangement, or individually purchased individual retirement arrangement are protected, and are only protected until the community spouse is eligible to withdraw retirement funds from any or all accounts without penalty. For purposes of this clause, only funds in a plan designated under section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code on behalf of a child of either or both spouses who is under the age of 25 are protected. There shall not be an assignment of spousal support to the commissioner or a cause of action against the individual's spouse under section 256B.14, subdivision 3, for the funds in the protected retirement and college savings accounts.

(c) After the month in which the institutionalized spouse is determined eligible for medical assistance, during the continuous period of institutionalization, no assets of the...
community spouse are considered available to the institutionalized spouse, unless the
institutionalized spouse has been found eligible under paragraph (b).

(d) Assets determined to be available to the institutionalized spouse under this
section must be used for the health care or personal needs of the institutionalized spouse.

(e) For purposes of this section, assets do not include assets excluded under the
Supplemental Security Income program.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2016.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.15, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. *Estates subject to claims.* (a) If a person receives any medical assistance
hereunder, on the person's death, if single, or on the death of the survivor of a married
couple, either or both of whom received medical assistance, or as otherwise provided
for in this section, the total amount paid for medical assistance rendered for the person
and spouse shall be filed as a claim against the estate of the person or the estate of the
surviving spouse in the court having jurisdiction to probate the estate or to issue a decree
of descent according to sections 525.31 to 525.313.

(b) For the purposes of this section, the person's estate must consist of:

(1) the person's probate estate;

(2) all of the person's interests or proceeds of those interests in real property the
person owned as a life tenant or as a joint tenant with a right of survivorship at the time of
the person's death;

(3) all of the person's interests or proceeds of those interests in securities the person
owned in beneficiary form as provided under sections 524.6-301 to 524.6-311 at the time
of the person's death, to the extent the interests or proceeds of those interests become part
of the probate estate under section 524.6-307;

(4) all of the person's interests in joint accounts, multiple-party accounts, and
pay-on-death accounts, brokerage accounts, investment accounts, or the proceeds of
those accounts, as provided under sections 524.6-201 to 524.6-214 at the time of the
person's death to the extent the interests become part of the probate estate under section
524.6-207; and

(5) assets conveyed to a survivor, heir, or assign of the person through survivorship,
living trust, or other arrangements.

(c) For the purpose of this section and recovery in a surviving spouse's estate for
medical assistance paid for a predeceased spouse, the estate must consist of all of the legal
title and interests the deceased individual's predeceased spouse had in jointly owned or
marital property at the time of the spouse's death, as defined in subdivision 2b, and the
proceeds of those interests, that passed to the deceased individual or another individual, a
survivor, an heir, or an assign of the predeceased spouse through a joint tenancy, tenancy
in common, survivorship, life estate, living trust, or other arrangement. A deceased
recipient who, at death, owned the property jointly with the surviving spouse shall have
an interest in the entire property.

(d) For the purpose of recovery in a single person's estate or the estate of a survivor
of a married couple, "other arrangement" includes any other means by which title to all or
any part of the jointly owned or marital property or interest passed from the predeceased
spouse to another including, but not limited to, transfers between spouses which are
permitted, prohibited, or penalized for purposes of medical assistance.

(e) A claim shall be filed if medical assistance was rendered for either or both
persons under one of the following circumstances:

(1) the person was over 55 years of age, and received services under this chapter
prior to January 1, 2014;

(2) the person resided in a medical institution for six months or longer, received
services under this chapter, and, at the time of institutionalization or application for
medical assistance, whichever is later, the person could not have reasonably been expected
to be discharged and returned home, as certified in writing by the person's treating
physician. For purposes of this section only, a "medical institution" means a skilled
nursing facility, intermediate care facility, intermediate care facility for persons with
developmental disabilities, nursing facility, or inpatient hospital; or

(3) the person received general assistance medical care services under chapter
256D; or

(4) the person was 55 years of age or older and received medical assistance
services on or after January 1, 2014, that consisted of nursing facility services, home and
community-based services, or related hospital and prescription drug benefits.

(f) The claim shall be considered an expense of the last illness of the decedent for
the purpose of section 524.3-805. Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, a
state or county agency with a claim under this section must be a creditor under section
524.6-307. Any statute of limitations that purports to limit any county agency or the state
agency, or both, to recover for medical assistance granted hereunder shall not apply to any
claim made hereunder for reimbursement for any medical assistance granted hereunder.
Notice of the claim shall be given to all heirs and devisees of the decedent, and to other
persons with an ownership interest in the real property owned by the decedent at the time
of the decedent's death, whose identity can be ascertained with reasonable diligence. The
notice must include procedures and instructions for making an application for a hardship
waiver under subdivision 5; time frames for submitting an application and determination; and information regarding appeal rights and procedures. Counties are entitled to one-half of the nonfederal share of medical assistance collections from estates that are directly attributable to county effort. Counties are entitled to ten percent of the collections for alternative care directly attributable to county effort.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon federal approval and applies retroactively to services rendered on or after January 1, 2014.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. **Amending notices or liens arising out of notice.** (a) State agencies must amend notices of potential claims and liens arising from the notices, if the notice was filed after January 1, 2014, for medical assistance services rendered on or after January 1, 2014, to a recipient who at the time services were rendered was 55 years of age or older and who was not institutionalized as described in subdivision 1a, paragraph (e).

(b) The notices identified in paragraph (a) must be amended by removing the amount of medical assistance rendered that did not consist of nursing facility services, home and community-based services, as defined in subdivision 1a and related hospital and prescription drug services.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Limitations on claims.** (a) For services rendered prior to January 1, 2014, the claim shall include only the total amount of medical assistance rendered after age 55 or during a period of institutionalization described in subdivision 1a, paragraph (e), and the total amount of general assistance medical care rendered, and shall not include interest.

(b) For services rendered on or after January 1, 2014, the claim shall include only:

(1) the amount of medical assistance rendered to recipients 55 years of age or older and that consisted of nursing facility services, home and community-based services, and related hospital and prescription drug services; and

(2) the total amount of medical assistance rendered during a period of institutionalization described in subdivision 1a, paragraph (e).

The claim shall not include interest. For the purposes of this section, "home and community-based services" has the same meaning it has when used in United States Code, title 42, section 1396p, subsection (b), paragraph (1), subparagraph (B), clause (i).
(c) Claims that have been allowed but not paid shall bear interest according to section 524.3-806, paragraph (d). A claim against the estate of a surviving spouse who did not receive medical assistance, for medical assistance rendered for the predeceased spouse, shall be payable from the full value of all of the predeceased spouse's assets and interests which are part of the surviving spouse's estate under subdivisions 1a and 2b. Recovery of medical assistance expenses in the nonrecipient surviving spouse's estate is limited to the value of the assets of the estate that were marital property or jointly owned property at any time during the marriage. The claim is not payable from the value of assets or proceeds of assets in the estate attributable to a predeceased spouse whom the individual married after the death of the predeceased recipient spouse for whom the claim is filed or from assets and the proceeds of assets in the estate which the nonrecipient decedent spouse acquired with assets which were not marital property or jointly owned property after the death of the predeceased recipient spouse. Claims for alternative care shall be net of all premiums paid under section 256B.0913, subdivision 12, on or after July 1, 2003, and shall be limited to services provided on or after July 1, 2003. Claims against marital property shall be limited to claims against recipients who died on or after July 1, 2009.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon federal approval and applies to services rendered on or after January 1, 2014.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 256B.431, subdivision 36, is amended to read:

Subd. 36. Employee scholarship costs and training in English as a second language. (a) For the period between July 1, 2001, and June 30, 2003, the commissioner shall provide to each nursing facility reimbursed under this section, section 256B.434, or any other section, a scholarship per diem of 25 cents to the total operating payment rate. For the 27-month period beginning October 1, 2015, through December 31, 2017, the commissioner shall allow a scholarship per diem of up to 25 cents for each nursing facility with no scholarship per diem that is requesting a scholarship per diem to be added to the external fixed payment rate to be used:

(1) for employee scholarships that satisfy the following requirements:

(i) scholarships are available to all employees who work an average of at least ten hours per week at the facility except the administrator, and to reimburse student loan expenses for newly hired and recently graduated registered nurses and licensed practical nurses, and training expenses for nursing assistants as defined in section 144A.611, subdivisions 2 and 4, who are newly hired and have graduated within the last 12 months; and
(ii) the course of study is expected to lead to career advancement with the facility or in long-term care, including medical care interpreter services and social work; and

(2) to provide job-related training in English as a second language.

(b) All facilities may annually request a rate adjustment under this subdivision by submitting information to the commissioner on a schedule and in a form supplied by the commissioner. The commissioner shall allow a scholarship payment rate equal to the reported and allowable costs divided by resident days.

(c) In calculating the per diem under paragraph (b), the commissioner shall allow costs related to tuition, direct educational expenses, and reasonable costs as defined by the commissioner for child care costs and transportation expenses related to direct educational expenses.

(d) The rate increase under this subdivision is an optional rate add-on that the facility must request from the commissioner in a manner prescribed by the commissioner. The rate increase must be used for scholarships as specified in this subdivision.

(e) For instances in which a rate adjustment will be 15 cents or greater, nursing facilities that close beds during a rate year may request to have their scholarship adjustment under paragraph (b) recalculated by the commissioner for the remainder of the rate year to reflect the reduction in resident days compared to the cost report year.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 256B.441, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. **External fixed costs.** "External fixed costs" means costs related to the nursing home surcharge under section 256.9657, subdivision 1; licensure fees under section 144.122; family advisory council fee under section 144A.33; scholarships under section 256B.431, subdivision 36; planned closure rate adjustments under section 256B.437; consolidation rate adjustments under section 144A.071, subdivisions 4c, paragraph (a), clauses (5) and (6), and 4d; single bed room incentives under section 256B.431, subdivision 42; property taxes, assessments, and payments in lieu of taxes; employer health insurance costs; quality improvement incentive payment rate adjustments under subdivision 46c; performance-based incentive payments under subdivision 46d; special dietary needs under subdivision 51b; and PERA.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 256B.441, subdivision 53, is amended to read:

Subd. 53. **Calculation of payment rate for external fixed costs.** The commissioner shall calculate a payment rate for external fixed costs.
(a) For a facility licensed as a nursing home, the portion related to section 256.9657 shall be equal to $8.86. For a facility licensed as both a nursing home and a boarding care home, the portion related to section 256.9657 shall be equal to $8.86 multiplied by the result of its number of nursing home beds divided by its total number of licensed beds.

(b) The portion related to the licensure fee under section 144.122, paragraph (d), shall be the amount of the fee divided by actual resident days.

(c) The portion related to development and education of resident and family advisory councils under section 144A.33 shall be $5 divided by 365.

(d) The portion related to scholarships shall be determined under section 256B.431, subdivision 36.

(e) The portion related to planned closure rate adjustments shall be as determined under section 256B.437, subdivision 6, and Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 256B.436.

(f) The portion related to consolidation rate adjustments shall be as determined under section 144A.071, subdivisions 4c, paragraph (a), clauses (5) and (6), and 4d.

(6) (g) The single bed room incentives shall be as determined under section 256B.431, subdivision 42.

(h) The portions related to real estate taxes, special assessments, and payments made in lieu of real estate taxes directly identified or allocated to the nursing facility shall be the actual amounts divided by actual resident days.

(i) The portion related to employer health insurance costs shall be the allowable costs divided by resident days.

(j) The portion related to the Public Employees Retirement Association shall be actual costs divided by resident days.

(k) The portion related to quality improvement incentive payment rate adjustments shall be as determined under subdivision 46c.

(l) The portion related to performance-based incentive payments shall be as determined under subdivision 46d.

(m) The portion related to special dietary needs shall be the per diem amount determined under subdivision 51b.

(n) The payment rate for external fixed costs shall be the sum of the amounts in paragraphs (a) to (m).

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 256B.441, subdivision 66, is amended to read:

Subd. 66. Nursing facilities in border cities. (a) Rate increases under this section for a facility located in Breckenridge are effective for the rate year beginning January 1,
2016, and annually thereafter. Rate increases under this section for a facility located in Moorhead are effective for the rate year beginning January 1, 2020, and annually thereafter.

(b) Operating payment rates of a nonprofit nursing facility that exists on January 1, 2015, is located anywhere within the boundaries of the cities of Breckenridge or Moorhead, and is reimbursed under this section, section 256B.431, or section 256B.434, shall be adjusted to be equal to the median RUG's rates, including comparable rate components as determined by the commissioner, for the equivalent RUG's weight of the nonprofit nursing facility or facilities located in an adjacent city in another state and in cities contiguous to the adjacent city. The commissioner must make the comparison required under this subdivision on October 1 of each year. The adjustment under this subdivision applies to the rates effective on the following January 1.

(c) The Minnesota facility's operating payment rate with a weight of 1.0 shall be computed by dividing the adjacent city's nursing facilities median operating payment rate with a weight of 1.02 by 1.02. If the adjustments under this subdivision result in a rate that exceeds the limits in subdivisions 50 and 51 in a given rate year, the facility's rate shall not be subject to those limits for that rate year. If a facility's rate is increased under this subdivision, the facility is not subject to the total care-related limit in subdivision 50 and is not limited to the other operating price established in subdivision 51. This subdivision shall apply only if it results in a higher operating payment rate than would otherwise be determined under this section, section 256B.431, or section 256B.434.

Sec. 19. EMPLOYMENT SERVICES PILOT PROJECT; DAKOTA COUNTY.

(a) Within available appropriations, the commissioner of human services shall request, by October 1, 2016, necessary federal authority from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to implement a community-based employment services pilot project in Dakota County. The pilot project must be available to people who are receiving services through home and community-based waivers authorized under Minnesota Statutes, sections 256B.092 and 256B.49, using a rate methodology consistent with the principles under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.4914.

(b) Dakota County shall be:

(1) responsible for any portion of the state match of waiver expenses above the established disability waiver rates under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.4914; and

(2) allocated resources for supportive employment services incurred by the use of employment exploration services, employment development services, and employment support services in Dakota County for Dakota County residents.
(c) The pilot project must provide the following employment services to people receiving services through the home and community-based services waivers authorized under Minnesota Statutes, sections 256B.092 and 256B.49:

(1) "employment exploration services" defined as community-based orientation services that introduce a person to competitive employment opportunities in their community through individualized educational activities, learning opportunities, work experiences, and support services that result in the person making an informed decision about working in competitively paying jobs in community businesses;

(2) "employment development services" defined as individualized services that actively support a person to achieve paid employment in his or her community by assisting the person with finding paid employment, becoming self-employed, or establishing microenterprise businesses in the community; and

(3) "employment support services" defined as individualized services and supports that assist people with maintaining competitive, integrated employment by providing a broad range of training, coaching, and support strategies that not only assist individuals and work groups employed in paid job positions, but also support people working in self-employment opportunities and microenterprise businesses with all aspects of effective business operations. Employment support services must be provided in integrated community settings.

(d) The commissioner of human services shall consult with Dakota County on this pilot project and report the results of the project to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over human services policy and finance by January 15, 2019.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2016, or upon federal approval, whichever is later, and expires on January 15, 2019. The commissioner of human services shall notify the revisor of statutes when federal approval is obtained.

Sec. 20. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.

The revisor of statutes, in consultation with the Department of Human Services, shall change the cross-references in Minnesota Rules, chapters 2960, 9503, and 9525, resulting from the repealer adopted in rules found at 40 State Register 179. The revisor may make technical and other necessary changes to sentence structure to preserve the meaning of the text.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
ARTICLE 2

HEALTH CARE

Section 1. [256B.0562] IMPROVED OVERSIGHT OF MNSURE ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATIONS.

Subdivision 1. Implementation of OLA findings. (a) The commissioner shall ensure that medical assistance and MinnesotaCare eligibility determinations through the MNSure information technology system and through agency eligibility determination systems fully implement the recommendations made by the Office of the Legislative Auditor (OLA) in Report 14-22 – Oversight of MNSure Eligibility Determinations for Public Health Care Programs and Report 16-02 Oversight of MNSure Eligibility Determinations for Public Health Care Programs – Internal Controls and Compliance Audit.

(b) The commissioner may contract with a vendor to provide technical assistance to the commissioner in fully implementing the OLA report findings.

(c) The commissioner shall coordinate implementation of this section with the periodic data matching required under section 256B.0561.

Subd. 2. Duties of the commissioner. (a) In fully implementing the OLA report recommendations, the commissioner shall:

(1) adequately verify that persons enrolled in public health care programs through MNSure are eligible for those programs;

(2) provide adequate controls to ensure the accurate and complete transfer of recipient data from MNSure to the Department of Human Services' medical payment system, and to detect whether Office of MN.IT Services staff inappropriately access recipients' personal information;

(3) provide county human service eligibility workers with sufficient training on MNSure;

(4) reverify that medical assistance and MinnesotaCare enrollees who enroll through MNSure remain eligible for the program within the required time frames established in federal and state laws;

(5) establish an effective process to resolve discrepancies with Social Security numbers, citizenship or immigration status, or household income that MNSure identifies as needing further verification;

(6) eliminate payment of medical assistance and MinnesotaCare benefits for recipients whose income exceeds federal and state program limits;

(7) verify household size and member relationships when determining eligibility;
(8) ensure that applicants and recipients are enrolled in the correct public health

(9) eliminate payment of benefits for MinnesotaCare recipients who are also

enrolled in Medicare;

(10) verify that newborns turning age one remain eligible for medical assistance;

(11) correct MinnesotaCare billing errors, ensure that enrollees pay their premiums,

and terminate coverage for failure to pay premiums; and

(12) take all other steps necessary to fully implement the recommendations.

(b) The commissioner shall implement the OLA recommendations for medical

assistance and MinnesotaCare applications and renewals submitted on or after July 1, 2016.

The commissioner shall present quarterly reports to the OLA and the chairs and ranking

minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human

services policy and finance, beginning October 1, 2016, and each quarter thereafter. The

quarterly report submitted October 1, 2016, must include a timetable for fully implementing

the OLA recommendations. Each quarterly report must include information on:

(1) progress in implementing the OLA recommendations;

(2) the number of medical assistance and MinnesotaCare applicants and enrollees

whose eligibility status was affected by implementation of the OLA recommendations,

reported quarterly, beginning with the July 1, 2016 through September 30, 2016 calendar

quarter; and

(3) savings to the state from implementing the OLA recommendations.

Subd. 3. Office of Legislative Auditor. The legislative auditor shall review each

quarterly report submitted by the commissioner of human services under subdivision 2

for accuracy and shall review compliance by the Department of Human Services with the

OLA report recommendations. The legislative auditor shall notify the chairs and ranking

minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human

services policy and finance on whether or not these requirements are met.

Subd. 4. Special revenue account; use of savings. (a) A medical assistance audit

special revenue account is established in the general fund. The commissioner shall

deposit into this account: (1) all savings achieved from implementing this section for

applications and renewals submitted on or after July 1, 2016; (2) all savings achieved

from implementation of periodic data matching under section 256B.0561 that are

above the forecasted savings for that initiative; and (3) all state savings resulting from

implementation of the vendor contract under section 256B.0563, minus any payments to

the vendor made under the terms of the revenue sharing agreement.
(b) Once the medical assistance audit special revenue account fund balance has reached a sufficient level, the commissioner shall provide a onetime, five percent increase in medical assistance payment rates for intermediate care facilities for persons with developmental disabilities and the long-term care and community-based providers listed in Laws 2014, chapter 312, article 27, section 75, paragraph (b). The increase shall be limited to a 12-month period.

(c) Any further expenditures from the medical assistance audit special revenue account are subject to legislative authorization.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. [256B.0563] **ELIGIBILITY VERIFICATION.**

Subdivision 1. **Verification required; vendor contract.** (a) The commissioner shall ensure that medical assistance and MinnesotaCare eligibility determinations through the MNsure information technology system and through agency eligibility determination systems include the computerized verification of income, residency, identity, and, when applicable, assets.

(b) The commissioner shall contract with a vendor to verify the eligibility of all persons enrolled in medical assistance and MinnesotaCare during a specified audit period. This contract shall be exempt from sections 16C.08, subdivision 2, clause (1); 16C.09, paragraph (a), clause (1); 43A.047, paragraph (a), and any other law to the contrary.

(c) The contract must require the vendor to comply with enrollee data privacy requirements and to use encryption to safeguard enrollee identity. The contract must also provide penalties for vendor noncompliance.

(d) The contract must include a revenue sharing agreement, under which vendor compensation is limited to a portion of any savings to the state resulting from the vendor's implementation of eligibility verification initiatives under this section.

(e) The commissioner shall use existing resources to fund any agency administrative and technology-related costs incurred as a result of implementing this section.

Subd. 2. **Verification process; vendor duties.** (a) The verification process implemented by the vendor must include, but is not limited to, data matches of the name, date of birth, address, and Social Security number of each medical assistance and MinnesotaCare enrollee against relevant information in federal and state data sources, including the federal data hub established under the Affordable Care Act. In designing the verification process, the vendor, to the extent feasible, shall incorporate procedures that are compatible and coordinated with, and build upon or improve, existing procedures used by the MNsure information technology system and agency eligibility determination systems.
(b) The vendor, upon preliminary determination that an enrollee is eligible or ineligible, shall notify the commissioner. Within 20 business days of this notification, the commissioner shall accept the preliminary determination or reject it with a stated reason. The commissioner shall retain final authority over eligibility determinations. The vendor shall keep a record of all preliminary determinations of ineligibility communicated to the commissioner.

(c) The vendor shall recommend to the commissioner an eligibility verification process that will allow ongoing verification of enrollee eligibility under the MNsure information technology system and agency eligibility determination systems.

(d) The commissioner and the vendor, following the conclusion of the initial contract period, shall jointly submit an eligibility verification audit report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance. The report shall include, but is not limited to, information, in the form of unidentified summary data, on preliminary determinations of eligibility or ineligibility communicated by the vendor; the actions taken on those preliminary determinations by the commissioner; and the commissioner's reasons for rejecting preliminary determinations by the vendor. The report must also include the recommendations for ongoing verification of enrollee eligibility required under paragraph (e).

(e) An eligibility verification vendor contract shall be awarded for an initial one-year period. The commissioner shall renew the contract for up to three additional one-year periods and require additional eligibility verification audits, if the commissioner or the legislative auditor determines that the MNsure information technology system and agency eligibility determination systems cannot effectively verify the eligibility of medical assistance and MinnesotaCare enrollees.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 256B.0625, subdivision 17a, is amended to read:

Subd. 17a. Payment for ambulance services. (a) Medical assistance covers ambulance services. Providers shall bill ambulance services according to Medicare criteria. Nonemergency ambulance services shall not be paid as emergencies. Effective for services rendered on or after July 1, 2001, medical assistance payments for ambulance services shall be paid at the Medicare reimbursement rate or at the medical assistance payment rate in effect on July 1, 2000, whichever is greater.

(b) Effective for services provided on or after July 1, 2016, medical assistance payment rates for ambulance services identified in this paragraph are increased by five
percent. Capitation payments made to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans for ambulance services provided on or after January 1, 2017, shall be adjusted to reflect this rate increase. The increased rate described in this paragraph applies to:

(1) an ambulance service provider whose base of operations, as defined in section 144E.10, is located outside the metropolitan counties listed in section 473.121, subdivision 4, and outside the cities of Duluth, Mankato, Moorhead, St. Cloud, and Rochester; or

(2) an ambulance service provider whose base of operations, as defined in section 144E.10, is located within a municipality with a population of less than 1,000.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0625, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 60a. Community emergency medical technician services. (a) Medical assistance covers services provided by a community emergency medical technician (CEMT) who is certified under section 144E.275, subdivision 7, when the services are provided in accordance with this subdivision.

(b) A CEMT may provide a posthospital discharge visit when ordered by a treating physician. The posthospital discharge visit includes:

(1) verbal or visual reminders of discharge orders;
(2) recording and reporting of vital signs to the patient's primary care provider;
(3) medication access confirmation;
(4) food access confirmation; and
(5) identification of home hazards.

(c) Individuals who have repeat ambulance calls due to falls, have been discharged from a nursing home, or have been identified by their primary care provider as at risk for nursing home placement may receive a safety evaluation visit from a CEMT when ordered by a primary care provider in accordance with the individual's care plan. A safety evaluation visit includes:

(1) medication access confirmation;
(2) food access confirmation; and
(3) identification of home hazards.

(d) A CEMT shall be paid at $9.75 per 15-minute increment. A safety evaluation visit may not be billed for the same day as a posthospital discharge visit for the same recipient.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2017, or upon federal approval, whichever is later.
Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0644, is amended to read:

256B.0644 REIMBURSEMENT UNDER OTHER STATE HEALTH CARE PROGRAMS.

(a) A vendor of medical care, as defined in section 256B.02, subdivision 7, and a health maintenance organization, as defined in chapter 62D, must participate as a provider or contractor in the medical assistance program and MinnesotaCare as a condition of participating as a provider in health insurance plans and programs or contractor for state employees established under section 43A.18, the public employees insurance program under section 43A.316, for health insurance plans offered to local statutory or home rule charter city, county, and school district employees, the workers' compensation system under section 176.135, and insurance plans provided through the Minnesota Comprehensive Health Association under sections 62E.01 to 62E.19. The limitations on insurance plans offered to local government employees shall not be applicable in geographic areas where provider participation is limited by managed care contracts with the Department of Human Services. This section does not apply to dental service providers providing dental services outside the seven-county metropolitan area.

(b) For providers other than health maintenance organizations, participation in the medical assistance program means that:

(1) the provider accepts new medical assistance and MinnesotaCare patients;

(2) for providers other than dental service providers, at least 20 percent of the provider's patients are covered by medical assistance and MinnesotaCare as their primary source of coverage; or

(3) for dental service providers providing dental services in the seven-county metropolitan area, at least ten percent of the provider's patients are covered by medical assistance and MinnesotaCare as their primary source of coverage, or the provider accepts new medical assistance and MinnesotaCare patients who are children with special health care needs. For purposes of this section, "children with special health care needs" means children up to age 18 who: (i) require health and related services beyond that required by children generally; and (ii) have or are at risk for a chronic physical, developmental, behavioral, or emotional condition, including: bleeding and coagulation disorders; immunodeficiency disorders; cancer; endocrinopathy; developmental disabilities; epilepsy, cerebral palsy, and other neurological diseases; visual impairment or deafness; Down syndrome and other genetic disorders; autism; fetal alcohol syndrome; and other conditions designated by the commissioner after consultation with representatives of pediatric dental providers and consumers.
(c) Patients seen on a volunteer basis by the provider at a location other than the provider's usual place of practice may be considered in meeting the participation requirement in this section. The commissioner shall establish participation requirements for health maintenance organizations. The commissioner shall provide lists of participating medical assistance providers on a quarterly basis to the commissioner of management and budget, the commissioner of labor and industry, and the commissioner of commerce. Each of the commissioners shall develop and implement procedures to exclude as participating providers in the program or programs under their jurisdiction those providers who do not participate in the medical assistance program. The commissioner of management and budget shall implement this section through contracts with participating health and dental carriers.

(d) A volunteer dentist who has signed a volunteer agreement under section 256B.0625, subdivision 9a, shall not be considered to be participating in medical assistance or MinnesotaCare for the purpose of this section.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 256B.76, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Dental reimbursement. (a) Effective for services rendered on or after October 1, 1992, the commissioner shall make payments for dental services as follows:

(1) dental services shall be paid at the lower of (i) submitted charges, or (ii) 25 percent above the rate in effect on June 30, 1992; and

(2) dental rates shall be converted from the 50th percentile of 1982 to the 50th percentile of 1989, less the percent in aggregate necessary to equal the above increases.

(b) Beginning October 1, 1999, the payment for tooth sealants and fluoride treatments shall be the lower of (1) submitted charge, or (2) 80 percent of median 1997 charges.

(c) Effective for services rendered on or after January 1, 2000, payment rates for dental services shall be increased by three percent over the rates in effect on December 31, 1999.

(d) Effective for services provided on or after January 1, 2002, payment for diagnostic examinations and dental x-rays provided to children under age 21 shall be the lower of (1) the submitted charge, or (2) 85 percent of median 1999 charges.

(e) The increases listed in paragraphs (b) and (c) shall be implemented January 1, 2000, for managed care.

(f) Effective for dental services rendered on or after October 1, 2010, by a state-operated dental clinic, payment shall be paid on a reasonable cost basis that is based on the Medicare principles of reimbursement. This payment shall be effective for services...
rendered on or after January 1, 2011, to recipients enrolled in managed care plans or county-based purchasing plans.

(g) Beginning in fiscal year 2011, if the payments to state-operated dental clinics in paragraph (f), including state and federal shares, are less than $1,850,000 per fiscal year, a supplemental state payment equal to the difference between the total payments in paragraph (f) and $1,850,000 shall be paid from the general fund to state-operated services for the operation of the dental clinics.

(h) If the cost-based payment system for state-operated dental clinics described in paragraph (f) does not receive federal approval, then state-operated dental clinics shall be designated as critical access dental providers under subdivision 4, paragraph (b), and shall receive the critical access dental reimbursement rate as described under subdivision 4, paragraph (a).

(i) Effective for services rendered on or after September 1, 2011, through June 30, 2013, payment rates for dental services shall be reduced by three percent. This reduction does not apply to state-operated dental clinics in paragraph (f).

(j) Effective for services rendered on or after January 1, 2014, payment rates for dental services shall be increased by five percent from the rates in effect on December 31, 2013. This increase does not apply to state-operated dental clinics in paragraph (f), federally qualified health centers, rural health centers, and Indian health services. Effective January 1, 2014, payments made to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans under sections 256B.69, 256B.692, and 256L.12 shall reflect the payment increase described in this paragraph.

(k) Effective for services rendered on or after July 1, 2015, through December 31, 2016, the commissioner shall increase payment rates for services furnished by dental providers located outside of the seven-county metropolitan area by the maximum percentage possible above the rates in effect on June 30, 2015, while remaining within the limits of funding appropriated for this purpose. This increase does not apply to state-operated dental clinics in paragraph (f), federally qualified health centers, rural health centers, and Indian health services. Effective January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2016, payments to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans under sections 256B.69 and 256B.692 shall reflect the payment increase described in this paragraph. The commissioner shall require managed care and county-based purchasing plans to pass on the full amount of the increase, in the form of higher payment rates to dental providers located outside of the seven-county metropolitan area.

(l) Effective for services provided on or after January 1, 2017, the commissioner shall increase payment rates by 9.65 percent above the rates in effect on June 30, 2015.
for dental services provided outside of the seven-county metropolitan area. This increase
does not apply to state-operated dental clinics in paragraph (f), federally qualified health
centers, rural health centers, or Indian health services. Effective January 1, 2017,
payments to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans under sections
256B.69 and 256B.692 shall reflect the payment increase described in this paragraph.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 256B.76, subdivision 4, is
amended to read:

Subd. 4. Critical access dental providers. (a) Effective for dental services rendered
on or after January 1, 2002, The commissioner shall increase reimbursements to dentists
and dental clinics deemed by the commissioner to be critical access dental providers. For
dental services rendered on or after July 1, 2002, 2016, the commissioner shall increase
reimbursement by 35 36 percent above the reimbursement rate that would otherwise
be paid to the critical access dental provider, except as specified under paragraph (b).
For dental services rendered on or after July 1, 2017, the commissioner shall increase
reimbursement by 37 percent above the reimbursement rate that would otherwise be
paid to the critical access dental provider, except as specified in paragraph (b). The
commissioner shall pay the managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans in
amounts sufficient to reflect increased reimbursements to critical access dental providers
as approved by the commissioner.

(b) For dental services rendered on or after July 1, 2016, by a dental clinic or dental
group that meets the critical access dental provider designation under paragraph (d),
clause (4), and is owned and operated by a health maintenance organization licensed under
chapter 62D, the commissioner shall increase reimbursement by 35 percent above the
reimbursement rate that would otherwise be paid to the critical access provider.

(c) Critical access dental payments made under paragraph (a) or (b) for dental
services provided by a critical access dental provider to an enrollee of a managed care plan
or county-based purchasing plan must not reflect any capitated payments or cost-based
payments from the managed care plan or county-based purchasing plan. The managed
care plan or county-based purchasing plan must base the additional critical access dental
payment on the amount that would have been paid for that service had the dental provider
been paid according to the managed care plan or county-based purchasing plans fee
schedule that applies to dental providers that are not paid under a capitated payment
or cost-based payment.

(d) The commissioner shall designate the following dentists and dental clinics as
critical access dental providers:
(1) nonprofit community clinics that:
   (i) have nonprofit status in accordance with chapter 317A;
   (ii) have tax exempt status in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code, section 501(c)(3);
   (iii) are established to provide oral health services to patients who are low income, uninsured, have special needs, and are underserved;
   (iv) have professional staff familiar with the cultural background of the clinic's patients;
   (v) charge for services on a sliding fee scale designed to provide assistance to low-income patients based on current poverty income guidelines and family size;
   (vi) do not restrict access or services because of a patient's financial limitations or public assistance status; and
   (vii) have free care available as needed;
(2) federally qualified health centers, rural health clinics, and public health clinics;
(3) city or county hospital-based dental clinics owned and operated hospital-based dental clinics by a city, county, or former state hospital as defined in section 62Q.19, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (4);
(4) a dental clinic or dental group owned and operated by a nonprofit corporation in accordance with chapter 317A with more than 10,000 patient encounters per year with patients who are uninsured or covered by medical assistance or MinnesotaCare;
(5) a dental clinic owned and operated by the University of Minnesota or the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities system; and
(6) private practicing dentists if:
   (i) the dentist's office is located within a health professional shortage area as defined under Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, part 5, and United States Code, title 42, section 254E;
   (ii) more than the seven-county metropolitan area and more than 50 percent of the dentist's patient encounters per year are with patients who are uninsured or covered by medical assistance or MinnesotaCare; and or
   (iii) the level of service provided by the dentist is critical to maintaining adequate levels of patient access within the service area in which the dentist operates.
(ii) the dentist's office is located outside the seven-county metropolitan area and more than 25 percent of the dentist's patient encounters per year are uninsured or covered by medical assistance or MinnesotaCare.
Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 256B.766, is amended to read:

256B.766 REIMBURSEMENT FOR BASIC CARE SERVICES.

(a) Effective for services provided on or after July 1, 2009, total payments for basic care services, shall be reduced by three percent, except that for the period July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2011, total payments shall be reduced by 4.5 percent for the medical assistance and general assistance medical care programs, prior to third-party liability and spenddown calculation. Effective July 1, 2010, the commissioner shall classify physical therapy services, occupational therapy services, and speech-language pathology and related services as basic care services. The reduction in this paragraph shall apply to physical therapy services, occupational therapy services, and speech-language pathology and related services provided on or after July 1, 2010.

(b) Payments made to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans shall be reduced for services provided on or after October 1, 2009, to reflect the reduction effective July 1, 2009, and payments made to the plans shall be reduced effective October 1, 2010, to reflect the reduction effective July 1, 2010.

(c) Effective for services provided on or after September 1, 2011, through June 30, 2013, total payments for outpatient hospital facility fees shall be reduced by five percent from the rates in effect on August 31, 2011.

(d) Effective for services provided on or after September 1, 2011, through June 30, 2013, total payments for ambulatory surgery centers facility fees, medical supplies and durable medical equipment not subject to a volume purchase contract, prosthetics and orthotics, renal dialysis services, laboratory services, public health nursing services, physical therapy services, occupational therapy services, speech therapy services, eyeglasses not subject to a volume purchase contract, hearing aids not subject to a volume purchase contract, and anesthesia services shall be reduced by three percent from the rates in effect on August 31, 2011.

(e) Effective for services provided on or after September 1, 2014, payments for ambulatory surgery centers facility fees, hospice services, renal dialysis services, laboratory services, public health nursing services, eyeglasses not subject to a volume purchase contract, and hearing aids not subject to a volume purchase contract shall be increased by three percent and payments for outpatient hospital facility fees shall be increased by three percent. Payments made to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans shall not be adjusted to reflect payments under this paragraph.

(f) Payments for medical supplies and durable medical equipment not subject to a volume purchase contract, and prosthetics and orthotics, provided on or after July 1, 2014, through June 30, 2015, shall be decreased by .33 percent. Payments for medical supplies...
and durable medical equipment not subject to a volume purchase contract, and prosthetics
and orthotics, provided on or after July 1, 2015, shall be increased by three percent from
the rates as determined under paragraph (i).

(g) Effective for services provided on or after July 1, 2015, payments for outpatient
hospital facility fees, medical supplies and durable medical equipment not subject to a
volume purchase contract, prosthetics and orthotics, and laboratory services to a hospital
meeting the criteria specified in section 62Q.19, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (4),
shall be increased by 90 percent from the rates in effect on June 30, 2015. Payments made
to managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans shall not be adjusted to reflect
payments under this paragraph.

(h) This section does not apply to physician and professional services, inpatient
hospital services, family planning services, mental health services, dental services,
prescription drugs, medical transportation, federally qualified health centers, rural health
centers, Indian health services, and Medicare cost-sharing.

(i) Effective July 1, 2015, the medical assistance payment rate for durable medical
equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, or supplies shall be restored to the January 1, 2008,
medical assistance fee schedule, updated to include subsequent rate increases in the
Medicare and medical assistance fee schedules, and including following categories of
durable medical equipment shall be individually priced items for the following categories:
enteral nutrition and supplies, customized and other specialized tracheostomy tubes and
supplies, electric patient lifts, and durable medical equipment repair and service. This
paragraph does not apply to medical supplies and durable medical equipment subject to
a volume purchase contract, products subject to the preferred diabetic testing supply
program, and items provided to dually eligible recipients when Medicare is the primary
payer for the item. The commissioner shall not apply any medical assistance rate
reductions to durable medical equipment as a result of Medicare competitive bidding.

(j) Effective July 1, 2015, medical assistance payment rates for durable medical
equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, or supplies shall be increased as follows:

(1) payment rates for durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, or supplies
that were subject to the Medicare 2008 competitive bid shall be increased by 9.5 percent;

and

(2) payment rates for durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, or supplies
on the medical assistance fee schedule, whether or not subject to the Medicare 2008
competitive bid, shall be increased by 2.94 percent, with this increase being applied after
calculation of any increased payment rate under clause (1).
This paragraph does not apply to medical supplies and durable medical equipment subject
to a volume purchase contract, products subject to the preferred diabetic testing supply
program, items provided to dually eligible recipients when Medicare is the primary payer
for the item, and individually priced items identified in paragraph (i). Payments made to
managed care plans and county-based purchasing plans shall not be adjusted to reflect the
rate increases in this paragraph.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2015.

Sec. 9. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS.

Subdivision 1. Use of funds. Funding for state-sponsored health programs shall not
be used for funding abortions, except to the extent necessary for continued participation in
a federal program. This subdivision applies only to state-sponsored health programs that
are administered by the commissioner of human services. For purposes of this section,
abortion has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 144.343, subdivision 3.

Subd. 2. Severability. If any one or more provision, section, subdivision, sentence,
clause, phrase, or word of this section or the application of it to any person or circumstance
is found to be unconstitutional, it is declared to be severable and the balance of this section
shall remain effective notwithstanding such unconstitutionality. The legislature intends
that it would have passed this section, and each provision, section, subdivision, sentence,
clause, phrase, or word irrespective of the fact that any one provision, section, subdivision,
sentence, clause, phrase, or word is declared unconstitutional.

ARTICLE 3

MNSURE

Section 1. [45.0131] LEGISLATIVE ENACTMENT REQUIRED.

Subdivision 1. Agency agreements. The commissioner of commerce shall not
enter into or renew any interagency agreement or service level agreement with a value of
more than $100,000 a year, or related agreements with a cumulative value of more than
$100,000 a year, with a state department, state agency, or the Office of MN.IT Services,
unless the specific agreement is authorized by enactment of a new law. If an agreement,
including an agreement in effect as of the effective date of this section, does not have a
specific expiration date, the agreement shall expire two years from the effective date of
this section or the effective date of the agreement, whichever is later, unless the specific
agreement is authorized by enactment of a new law.
Subd. 2. **Transfers.** Notwithstanding section 16A.285, the commissioner shall not transfer appropriations and funds in amounts over $100,000 across agency accounts or programs, unless the specific transfer is authorized by enactment of a new law.

Subd. 3. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, "state department" has the meaning provided in section 15.01, and "state agency" has the meaning provided in section 15.012.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 62V.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Application of other law.** (a) MNsure must be reviewed by the legislative auditor under section 3.971. The legislative auditor shall audit the books, accounts, and affairs of MNsure once each year or less frequently as the legislative auditor's funds and personnel permit. Upon the audit of the financial accounts and affairs of MNsure, MNsure is liable to the state for the total cost and expenses of the audit, including the salaries paid to the examiners while actually engaged in making the examination. The legislative auditor may bill MNsure either monthly or at the completion of the audit. All collections received for the audits must be deposited in the general fund and are appropriated to the legislative auditor. Pursuant to section 3.97, subdivision 3a, the Legislative Audit Commission is requested to direct the legislative auditor to report by March 1, 2014, to the legislature on any duplication of services that occurs within state government as a result of the creation of MNsure. The legislative auditor may make recommendations on consolidating or eliminating any services deemed duplicative. The board shall reimburse the legislative auditor for any costs incurred in the creation of this report.

(b) Board members of MNsure are subject to sections 10A.07 and 10A.09. Board members and the personnel of MNsure are subject to section 10A.071.

(c) All meetings of the board and of the Minnesota Eligibility System Executive Steering Committee established under section 62V.056 shall comply with the open meeting law in chapter 13D.

(d) The board and the Web site are exempt from chapter 60K. Any employee of MNsure who sells, solicits, or negotiates insurance to individuals or small employers must be licensed as an insurance producer under chapter 60K.

(e) Section 3.3005 applies to any federal funds received by MNsure.

(f) A MNsure decision that requires a vote of the board, other than a decision that applies only to hiring of employees or other internal management of MNsure, is an "administrative action" under section 10A.01, subdivision 2.
Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 62V.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Appointment. (a) Board membership of MNsure consists of the following:

(1) three members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of both the senate and the house of representatives acting separately in accordance with paragraph (d), with one member representing the interests of individual consumers eligible for individual market coverage, one member representing individual consumers eligible for public health care program coverage, and one member representing small employers. Members are appointed to serve four-year terms following the initial staggered-term lot determination;

(2) three members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of both the senate and the house of representatives acting separately in accordance with paragraph (d) who have demonstrated expertise, leadership, and innovation in the following areas: one member representing the areas of health administration, health care finance, health plan purchasing, and health care delivery systems; one member representing the areas of public health, health disparities, public health care programs, and the uninsured; and one member representing health policy issues related to the small group and individual markets.

Members are appointed to serve four-year terms following the initial staggered-term lot determination; and

(3) the commissioner of human services or a designee, one member representing the interests of the general public, appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of both the senate and the house of representatives acting in accordance with paragraph (d). A member appointed under this clause shall serve a four-year term.

(b) Section 15.0597 shall apply to all appointments, except for the commissioner.

(c) The governor shall make appointments to the board that are consistent with federal law and regulations regarding its composition and structure. All board members appointed by the governor must be legal residents of Minnesota.

(d) Upon appointment by the governor, a board member shall exercise duties of office immediately. If both the house of representatives and the senate vote not to confirm an appointment, the appointment terminates on the day following the vote not to confirm in the second body to vote.

(e) Initial appointments shall be made by April 30, 2013.

(f) One of the six members appointed under paragraph (a), clause (1) or (2), must have experience in representing the needs of vulnerable populations and persons with disabilities.

(g) Membership on the board must include representation from outside the seven-county metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2.
Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 62V.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Terms. (a) Board members may serve no more than two consecutive terms, except for the commissioner or the commissioner's designee, who shall serve until replaced by the governor.

(b) A board member may resign at any time by giving written notice to the board.

(c) The appointed members under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), shall have an initial term of two, three, or four years, determined by lot by the secretary of state.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 62V.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Conflicts of interest. (a) Within one year prior to or at any time during their appointed term, board members appointed under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), shall not be employed by, be a member of the board of directors of, or otherwise be a representative of a health carrier, institutional health care provider or other entity providing health care, navigator, insurance producer, or other entity in the business of selling items or services of significant value to or through MNsure. For purposes of this paragraph, "health care provider or entity" does not include an academic institution.

(b) Board members must recuse themselves from discussion of and voting on an official matter if the board member has a conflict of interest. A conflict of interest means an association including a financial or personal association that has the potential to bias or have the appearance of biasing a board member's decisions in matters related to MNsure or the conduct of activities under this chapter.

(c) No board member shall have a spouse who is an executive of a health carrier.

(d) No member of the board may currently serve as a lobbyist, as defined under section 10A.01, subdivision 21.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 62V.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Operations funding. (a) Prior to January 1, 2015, MNsure shall retain or collect up to 1.5 percent of total premiums for individual and small group market health plans and dental plans sold through MNsure to fund the cash reserves of MNsure, but the amount collected shall not exceed a dollar amount equal to 25 percent of the funds collected under section 62E.11, subdivision 6, for calendar year 2012.

(b) Beginning January 1, 2015, MNsure shall retain or collect up to 3.5 percent of total premiums for individual and small group market health plans and dental plans sold through MNsure to fund the operations of MNsure, but the amount collected shall not
exceed a dollar amount equal to 50 percent of the funds collected under section 62E.11, subdivision 6, for calendar year 2012.

(c) Beginning January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2016, MNsure shall retain or collect up to 3.5 percent of total premiums for individual and small group market health plans and dental plans sold through MNsure to fund the operations of MNsure, but the amount collected may never exceed a dollar amount greater than 100 percent of the funds collected under section 62E.11, subdivision 6, for calendar year 2012.

(d) For fiscal years 2014 and 2015, the commissioner of management and budget is authorized to provide each flow assistance of up to $20,000,000 from the special revenue fund or the statutory general fund under section 16A.671, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), to MNsure. Any funds provided under this paragraph shall be repaid, with interest, by June 30, 2015.

(b) Beginning January 1, 2017, through December 31, 2017, MNsure shall retain or collect up to 1.75 percent of total premiums for individual and small group market health plans and dental plans sold through MNsure to fund the operation of MNsure.

(c) If an independent third party makes the certification specified in this paragraph, MNsure shall retain or collect up to 1.75 percent of total premiums for individual and small group market health plans and dental plans sold through MNsure to fund the operations of MNsure. This paragraph applies to a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2018, if in the previous calendar year the independent third party certified that MNsure met all of the following operational and technological benchmarks for the previous calendar year:

1. on a daily basis, MNsure successfully transferred to health carriers data in the EDI 834 format that were complete and accurate according to industry standards and that allowed the health carrier to enroll the consumer in the qualified health plan chosen by the consumer;
2. MNsure automatically processed enrollment renewals in qualified health plans and in public health care programs;
3. MNsure automatically processed invoices for and payments of MinnesotaCare premiums;
4. MNsure provided self-service functionality for account changes and changes necessitated by qualifying life events, including adding or removing household members, making changes to address or income, canceling coverage, and accessing online proof of coverage forms required by federal law;
5. MNsure transmitted 1095-A forms to enrollees by January 31 each year, or earlier if required by federal law; and
(6) MNsure call center response and resolution times met or exceeded industry standards.

(d) Beginning January 1, 2018, for any calendar year for which the independent third party did not make the certification specified in paragraph (c) for the previous calendar year, MNsure shall retain or collect up to 1.5 percent of total premiums for individual and small group market health plans and dental plans sold through MNsure to fund the operation of MNsure.

(e) Funding for the operations of MNsure shall cover any compensation provided to navigators participating in the navigator program.

(f) The amount collected by MNsure in a calendar year under this subdivision shall not exceed a dollar amount greater than 60 percent of the funds collected under section 62E.11, subdivision 6, for calendar year 2012.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 62V.05, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. **Processing qualifying life events and changes in circumstances.**

(a) The MNsure board and the commissioner of human services shall jointly develop procedures to require qualifying life events and changes in circumstances, reported by persons enrolled through the Minnesota eligibility technology system in a public health care program or a qualified health plan, to be processed within 30 days of receiving a report of a qualifying life event or change in circumstances. The procedures must be developed and implemented no later than September 1, 2016. The commissioner shall communicate these procedures to county staff in a timely manner and shall provide guidance and training as necessary to assist county staff in complying with this subdivision.

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, a qualifying life event or change in circumstances that must be processed within 30 days includes the following:

(1) a change of address;

(2) a change in enrollment in a federally recognized tribe;

(3) a change of a dependent through birth, adoption, foster care, or a child support order;

(4) a change in circumstances resulting in eligibility changes for advanced premium tax credits or cost-sharing reductions;

(5) a change in employer-sponsored insurance resulting in eligibility changes for advanced premium tax credits or cost-sharing reductions;

(6) loss of a dependent due to death or divorce;
38.1 (7) an achievement of citizenship, status as a United States national, or lawfully
38.2 present status;
38.3 (8) loss of health care coverage;
38.4 (9) marriage;
38.5 (10) being a victim of domestic abuse or spousal abandonment;
38.6 (11) a MNsure mistake related to enrollment, disenrollment, or failure to enroll
38.7 in a qualified health plan;
38.8 (12) a violation of a material provision of a qualified health plan contract; and
38.9 (13) other life events or changes in circumstances specified by the commissioner or
38.10 the MNsure board.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 62V.05, is amended by adding a subdivision
38.11 to read:
38.12 Subd. 12. Legislative enactment required. (a) The MNsure board shall not enter
38.13 into or renew any interagency agreement or service level agreement with a value of
38.14 more than $100,000 a year, or related agreements with a cumulative value of more than
38.15 $100,000 a year, with a state department, state agency, or the Office of MN.IT Services,
38.16 unless the specific agreement is authorized by enactment of a new law. If an agreement,
38.17 including an agreement in effect as of the effective date of this subdivision, does not have
38.18 an expiration date, the agreement shall expire two years from the effective date of this
38.19 subdivision or the effective date of the agreement, whichever is later, unless the specific
38.20 agreement is authorized by enactment of a new law.
38.21 (b) Notwithstanding section 16A.285, the board shall not transfer appropriations and
38.22 funds in amounts over $100,000 across agency accounts or programs unless the specific
38.23 transfer is authorized by enactment of a new law.
38.24 (c) For purposes of this subdivision, "state department" has the meaning provided in
38.25 section 15.01, and "state agency" has the meaning provided in section 15.012.
38.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 62V.05, is amended by adding a subdivision
38.28 to read:
38.29 Subd. 13. Limitation on appropriations and transfers. Notwithstanding any other
38.30 law to the contrary, effective July 1, 2016, no money in or from the general fund, health
38.31 care access fund, or any other state fund or account, may be: (1) appropriated or made
38.32 available to MNsure; or (2) transferred or otherwise provided to MNsure by any other
state agency or entity of state government, unless the appropriation, transfer, or transaction
is specifically authorized through the enactment of a new law.

Sec. 10. [62V.056] MINNESOTA ELIGIBILITY SYSTEM EXECUTIVE
STEERING COMMITTEE.

Subdivision 1. Definition; Minnesota eligibility system. For purposes of this
section, "Minnesota eligibility system" means the system that supports eligibility
determinations using a modified adjusted gross income methodology for medical
assistance under section 256B.056, subdivision 1a, paragraph (b), clause (1);
MinnesotaCare under chapter 256L; and qualified health plan enrollment under section
62V.05, subdivision 5, paragraph (c).

Subd. 2. Establishment; committee membership. The Minnesota Eligibility
System Executive Steering Committee is established to govern and administer the
Minnesota eligibility system. The steering committee shall be composed of one member
appointed by the commissioner of human services, one member appointed by the
board, one member appointed jointly by the Association of Minnesota Counties and
the Minnesota Inter-County Association, and one nonvoting member appointed by the
commissioner of MN.IT services who shall serve as the committee chairperson. Steering
committee costs must be paid from the budgets of the Department of Human Services, the
Office of MN.IT Services, and MNsure.

Subd. 3. Duties. (a) The Minnesota Eligibility System Executive Steering
Committee shall establish an overall governance structure for the Minnesota eligibility
system and shall be responsible for the overall governance of the system, including setting
system goals and priorities, allocating the system's resources, making major system
decisions, and tracking total funding and expenditures for the system from all sources.
The steering committee shall also report to the Legislative Oversight Committee on a
quarterly basis on Minnesota eligibility system funding and expenditures, including
amounts received in the most recent quarter by funding source and expenditures made in
the most recent quarter by funding source.

(b) The steering committee shall adopt bylaws, policies, and interagency agreements
necessary to administer the Minnesota eligibility system.

(c) In making decisions, the steering committee shall give particular attention to the
parts of the system with the largest enrollments and the greatest risks.

Subd. 4. Meetings. (a) All meetings of the steering committee must:

(1) be held in the State Office Building; and
(2) whenever possible, be available on the legislature's Web site for live streaming and downloading over the Internet.

(b) The steering committee must:

(1) as part of every steering committee meeting, provide the opportunity for oral and written public testimony and comments on steering committee governance of the Minnesota eligibility system; and

(2) provide documents under discussion or review by the steering committee to be electronically posted on the legislature's Web site. Documents must be provided and posted prior to the meeting at which the documents are scheduled for review or discussion.

(c) All votes of the steering committee must be recorded, with each member's vote identified.

Subd. 5. Administrative structure. The Office of MN.IT Services shall be responsible for the design, build, maintenance, operation, and upgrade of the information technology for the Minnesota eligibility system. The office shall carry out its responsibilities under the governance of the steering committee, this section, and chapter 16E.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 62V.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. Review of Minnesota eligibility system funding and expenditures. The committee shall review quarterly reports submitted by the Minnesota Eligibility System Executive Steering Committee under section 62V.055, subdivision 3, regarding Minnesota eligibility system funding and expenditures.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144.05, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. Legislative enactment required. (a) The commissioner of health shall not enter into or renew any interagency agreement or service level agreement with a value of more than $100,000 a year, or related agreements with a cumulative value of more than $100,000 a year, with a state department, state agency, or the Office of MN.IT Services, unless the specific agreement is authorized by enactment of a new law. If an agreement, including an agreement in effect as of the effective date of this subdivision, does not have an expiration date, the agreement shall expire two years from the effective date of this subdivision or the effective date of the agreement, whichever is later, unless the specific agreement is authorized by enactment of a new law.
(b) Notwithstanding section 16A.285, the commissioner shall not transfer appropriations and funds in amounts over $100,000 across agency accounts or programs unless the specific transfer is authorized by enactment of a new law.

(c) For purposes of this subdivision, "state department" has the meaning provided in section 15.01, and "state agency" has the meaning provided in section 15.012.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 41. **Legislative enactment required.** (a) The commissioner of human services shall not enter into or renew any interagency agreement or service level agreement with a value of more than $100,000 a year, or related agreements with a cumulative value of more than $100,000 a year, with a state department, state agency, or the Office of MN.IT Services, unless the specific agreement is authorized by enactment of a new law. If an agreement, including an agreement in effect as of the effective date of this subdivision, does not have an expiration date, the agreement shall expire two years from the effective date of this subdivision or the effective date of the agreement, whichever is later, unless the specific agreement is authorized by enactment of a new law.

(b) Notwithstanding section 16A.285, the commissioner shall not transfer appropriations and funds in amounts over $100,000 across agency accounts or programs unless the specific transfer is authorized by enactment of a new law.

(c) For purposes of this subdivision, "state department" has the meaning provided in section 15.01, and "state agency" has the meaning provided in section 15.012.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256L.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. **Federal waiver.** The commissioner shall apply for an innovation waiver under section 1332 of the Affordable Care Act, or any other applicable federal waiver, to allow persons eligible for MinnesotaCare the option of declining MinnesotaCare coverage and instead accessing advanced premium tax credits and cost-sharing reductions through the purchase of qualified health plans through MNsure or outside of MNsure directly from health plan companies. The commissioner shall submit this federal waiver request within nine months of the effective date of this subdivision. The commissioner shall coordinate this waiver request with the waiver request required by Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 12,
section 8. The commissioner shall submit a draft waiver proposal to the MNsure board and
the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction
over health and human services policy and finance at least 30 days before submitting a final
waiver proposal to the federal government. The commissioner shall notify the board and
the chairs and ranking minority members of any federal decision or action related to the
proposal. If federal approval is granted, the commissioner shall submit to the legislature
draft legislation and fiscal estimates necessary to implement the approved proposal.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 15. FEDERAL-STATE ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION AND
ENROLLMENT SYSTEM FOR INSURANCE AFFORDABILITY PROGRAMS.
Subdivision 1. Waiver request. (a) The commissioner of human services, in
consultation with the MNsure board, commissioner of commerce, and commissioner
of health, shall apply for an innovation waiver under section 1332 of the Affordable
Care Act, or any other applicable federal waiver, to establish and operate a federal-state
eligibility determination and enrollment system for state insurance affordability programs
for coverage beginning January 1, 2018. The federal-state eligibility determination and
enrollment system shall take the place of MNsure established under Minnesota Statutes,
chapter 62V. Under the federal-state eligibility determination and enrollment system:
(1) eligibility determinations and enrollment for persons applying for or renewing
coverage under medical assistance and MinnesotaCare shall be conducted by the
commissioner of human services; and
(2) enrollment in qualified health plans and eligibility determinations for any
applicable advanced premium tax credits and cost-sharing reductions shall be conducted
by the federally facilitated marketplace.
(b) For purposes of this section, "state insurance affordability programs" means
medical assistance, MinnesotaCare, and qualified health plan coverage with any applicable
advanced premium tax credits and cost-sharing reductions.
(c) The federal-state eligibility determination and enrollment system must
incorporate an asset test for adults without children who qualify for medical assistance
under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.055, subdivision 15, or MinnesotaCare under
Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256L, under which a household of two or more persons must
not own more than $20,000 in total net assets and a household of one person must not
own more than $10,000 in total net assets.
Subd. 2. Requirements of waiver application. In designing the federal-state eligibility determination and enrollment system and developing the waiver application, the commissioner shall:

(1) seek to incorporate, where appropriate and cost-effective, elements of the MNsure eligibility determination system and eligibility determination systems administered by the commissioner of human services;

(2) coordinate the waiver request with the waiver requests required by Minnesota Statutes, section 256L.02, subdivision 7, if enacted, and with the waiver request required by Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 12, section 8;

(3) regularly consult with stakeholder groups, including but not limited to representatives of state and county agencies, health care providers, health plan companies, brokers, and consumers; and

(4) seek all available federal grants and funds for state planning and development costs.

Subd. 3. Vendor contract; use of existing resources. The commissioner of human services, in consultation with the chief information officer of MN.IT, may contract with a vendor to provide technical assistance in developing the waiver request. The commissioner shall develop the waiver request and enter into any contract for technical assistance using existing resources.

Subd. 4. Reports to legislative committees. The commissioner of human services shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over commerce and health and human services policy and finance by January 1, 2017, on progress in seeking the waiver required by this section, and shall notify these chairs and ranking minority members of any federal decision related to the waiver request.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 16. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.

The revisor of statutes shall change cross-references to sections in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules that are repealed in this article when appropriate. The revisor may make technical and other necessary changes to sentence structure to preserve the meaning of the text.

Sec. 17. REPEALER.

(a) Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 62V.01; 62V.02; 62V.03, subdivisions 1 and 3; 62V.04; 62V.05, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, and 10; 62V.06; 62V.07; 62V.08; 62V.09; 62V.10; and 62V.11, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4, are repealed.
(b) Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, sections 62V.03, subdivision 2; 62V.05, subdivisions 6, 7, 8, and 11; and 62V.051, are repealed.

(c) Minnesota Rules, parts 7700.0010; 7700.0020; 7700.0030; 7700.0040; 7700.0050; 7700.0060; 7700.0070; 7700.0080; 7700.0090; 7700.0100; 7700.0101; and 7700.0105, are repealed.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon approval of the waiver request to establish and operate a federal-state eligibility determination and enrollment system, or January 1, 2018, whichever is later. The commissioner of human services shall notify the revisor of statutes when the waiver request is approved.

**ARTICLE 4**

**HEALTH DEPARTMENT**

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 62J.495, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Coordination with national HIT activities.** (a) The commissioner, in consultation with the e-Health Advisory Committee, shall update the statewide implementation plan required under subdivision 2 and released June 2008, to be consistent with the updated Federal HIT Strategic Plan released by the Office of the National Coordinator in accordance with section 3001 of the HITECH Act. The statewide plan shall meet the requirements for a plan required under section 3013 of the HITECH Act.

(b) The commissioner, in consultation with the e-Health Advisory Committee, shall work to ensure coordination between state, regional, and national efforts to support and accelerate efforts to effectively use health information technology to improve the quality and coordination of health care and the continuity of patient care among health care providers, to reduce medical errors, to improve population health, to reduce health disparities, and to reduce chronic disease. The commissioner's coordination efforts shall include but not be limited to:

1. assisting in the development and support of health information technology regional extension centers established under section 3012(c) of the HITECH Act to provide technical assistance and disseminate best practices; and
2. providing supplemental information to the best practices gathered by regional centers to ensure that the information is relayed in a meaningful way to the Minnesota health care community;
3. providing financial and technical support to Minnesota health care providers to encourage implementation of admission, discharge, and transfer alerts and care summary document exchange transactions, and to evaluate the impact of health information
technology on cost and quality of care. Communications about available financial and
technical support shall include clear information about the interoperable electronic health
record requirements in subdivision 1, including a separate statement in boldface type
clarifying the exceptions to those requirements;

(4) providing educational resources and technical assistance to health care providers
and patients related to state and national privacy, security, and consent laws governing
clinical health information, including the requirements of sections 144.291 to 144.298. In
carrying out these activities, the commissioner's technical assistance does not constitute
legal advice; and

(5) assessing Minnesota's legal, financial, and regulatory framework for health
information exchange, including the requirements of sections 144.291 to 144.298, and
making recommendations for modifications that would strengthen the ability of Minnesota
health care providers to securely exchange data in compliance with patient preferences
and in a way that is efficient and financially sustainable.

(c) The commissioner, in consultation with the e-Health Advisory Committee, shall
monitor national activity related to health information technology and shall coordinate
statewide input on policy development. The commissioner shall coordinate statewide
responses to proposed federal health information technology regulations in order to ensure
that the needs of the Minnesota health care community are adequately and efficiently
addressed in the proposed regulations. The commissioner's responses may include, but
are not limited to:

(1) reviewing and evaluating any standard, implementation specification, or
certification criteria proposed by the national HIT standards committee;

(2) reviewing and evaluating policy proposed by the national HIT policy committee
relating to the implementation of a nationwide health information technology infrastructure;

(3) monitoring and responding to activity related to the development of quality
measures and other measures as required by section 4101 of the HITECH Act. Any
response related to quality measures shall consider and address the quality efforts required
under chapter 62U; and

(4) monitoring and responding to national activity related to privacy, security, and
data stewardship of electronic health information and individually identifiable health
information.

(d) To the extent that the state is either required or allowed to apply, or designate an
entity to apply for or carry out activities and programs under section 3013 of the HITECH
Act, the commissioner of health, in consultation with the e-Health Advisory Committee
and the commissioner of human services, shall be the lead applicant or sole designating

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authority. The commissioner shall make such designations consistent with the goals and

(e) The commissioner of human services shall apply for funding necessary to
administer the incentive payments to providers authorized under title IV of the American

(f) The commissioner shall include in the report to the legislature information on the
activities of this subdivision and provide recommendations on any relevant policy changes
that should be considered in Minnesota.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 62J.496, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Account establishment. (a) An account is established to:

(1) finance the purchase of certified electronic health records or qualified electronic
health records as defined in section 62J.495, subdivision 1a;

(2) enhance the utilization of electronic health record technology, which may include
costs associated with upgrading the technology to meet the criteria necessary to be a
certified electronic health record or a qualified electronic health record;

(3) train personnel in the use of electronic health record technology; and

(4) improve the secure electronic exchange of health information.

(b) Amounts deposited in the account, including any grant funds obtained through
federal or other sources, loan repayments, and interest earned on the amounts shall
be used only for awarding loans or loan guarantees, as a source of reserve and security
for leveraged loans, for activities authorized in section 62J.495, subdivision 4, or for
the administration of the account.

(c) The commissioner may accept contributions to the account from private sector
entities subject to the following provisions:

(1) the contributing entity may not specify the recipient or recipients of any loan
issued under this subdivision;

(2) the commissioner shall make public the identity of any private contributor to the
loan fund, as well as the amount of the contribution provided;

(3) the commissioner may issue letters of commendation or make other awards that
have no financial value to any such entity; and

(4) a contributing entity may not specify that the recipient or recipients of any loan
use specific products or services, nor may the contributing entity imply that a contribution
is an endorsement of any specific product or service.
(d) The commissioner may use the loan funds to reimburse private sector entities for any contribution made to the loan fund. Reimbursement to private entities may not exceed the principle amount contributed to the loan fund.

(e) The commissioner may use funds deposited in the account to guarantee, or purchase insurance for, a local obligation if the guarantee or purchase would improve credit market access or reduce the interest rate applicable to the obligation involved.

(f) The commissioner may use funds deposited in the account as a source of revenue or security for the payment of principal and interest on revenue or general obligation bonds issued by the state if the proceeds of the sale of the bonds will be deposited into the loan fund.

(h) The commissioner shall not award new loans or loan guarantees after July 1, 2016.

Sec. 3. [144.1912] GREATER MINNESOTA FAMILY MEDICINE RESIDENCY GRANT PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health.

(c) "Eligible family medicine residency program" means a program that meets the following criteria:

(1) is located in Minnesota outside the seven-county metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4;

(2) is accredited as a family medicine residency program or is a candidate for accreditation;

(3) is focused on the education and training of family medicine physicians to serve communities outside the metropolitan area; and

(4) demonstrates that over the most recent three years, at least 25 percent of its graduates practice in Minnesota communities outside the metropolitan area.

Subd. 2. Program administration. (a) The commissioner shall award family medicine residency grants to existing, eligible, not-for-profit family medicine residency programs to support current and new residency positions. Funds shall be allocated first to proposed new family medicine residency positions, and remaining funds shall be allocated proportionally based on the number of existing residents in eligible programs. The commissioner may fund a new residency position for up to three years.

(b) Grant funds awarded may only be spent to cover the costs of:

(1) establishing, maintaining, or expanding training for family medicine residents;

(2) recruitment, training, and retention of residents and faculty;
(3) travel and lodging for residents; and

(4) faculty, resident, and preceptor salaries.

(c) Grant funds shall not be used to supplant any other government or private funds available for these purposes.

Subd. 3. Applications. Eligible family medicine residency programs seeking a grant must apply to the commissioner. The application must include objectives, a related work plan and budget, a description of the number of new and existing residency positions that will be supported using grant funds, and additional information the commissioner determines to be necessary. The commissioner shall determine whether applications are complete and responsive and may require revisions or additional information before awarding a grant.

Subd. 4. Program oversight. The commissioner may require and collect from family medicine residency programs receiving grants any information necessary to administer and evaluate the program.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144.293, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Patient consent to release of records. (a) A provider, or a person who receives health records from a provider, may not release a patient's health records to a person without:

(1) a signed and dated consent from the patient or the patient's legally authorized representative authorizing the release;

(2) specific authorization in law; or

(3) a representation from a provider that holds a signed and dated consent from the patient authorizing the release.

(b) Any consent form signed by a patient must include an option to indicate "yes" or "no" to individual items for which the provider is requesting consent. The provider may not condition the patient's receipt of treatment on the patient's willingness to release records.

Sec. 5. [144.7011] PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRICE REPORTING.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

(b) "Available discount" means any reduction in the usual and customary price offered for a 30-day supply of a prescription drug to individuals in Minnesota regardless of their health insurance coverage.
(c) "Retail pharmacy" means any pharmacy licensed under section 151.19, and in the community/outpatient category under Minnesota Rules, part 6800.0350, that has a physical presence in Minnesota.

(d) "Retail price" means the price maintained by pharmacies as the usual and customary price offered for a 30-day supply to individuals in Minnesota regardless of the individual's health insurance coverage.

Subd. 2. Prescription drug price information reporting. By July 1, 2017, the commissioner of health shall establish an interactive Web site that allows retail pharmacies, on a voluntary basis, to list retail prices and available discounts for one or more of the 150 most commonly dispensed prescription drugs in Minnesota. The Web site must report the retail prices for prescription drugs by participating pharmacy and any time period restriction on an available discount. The Web site must allow consumers to search for prescription drug retail prices by drug name and class, by available discount level, and by city, county, and zip code. The commissioner shall consult annually with the commissioner of human services to determine the list of the 150 most commonly filled prescription drugs, based on prescription drug utilization in the medical assistance and MinnesotaCare programs.

Subd. 3. Pharmacy duties. Beginning on June 1, 2017, and on a monthly basis thereafter, all participating retail pharmacies shall submit retail prices and available discounts to the commissioner using a form developed by the commissioner. A retail pharmacy may opt out of the reporting system at any time, but shall notify the commissioner at least 60 days prior to opting out.

Subd. 4. External vendors. In carrying out the duties of this section, the commissioner may contract with an outside vendor for collection of data from pharmacies, and may also contract with an outside vendor for development and hosting of the interactive application, if this contract complies with the requirements of section 16E.016, paragraph (c).

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144A.471, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Exclusions from home care licensure. The following are excluded from home care licensure and are not required to provide the home care bill of rights:

(1) an individual or business entity providing only coordination of home care that includes one or more of the following:

(i) determination of whether a client needs home care services, or assisting a client in determining what services are needed;

(ii) referral of clients to a home care provider;

(iii) administration of payments for home care services; or
(iv) administration of a health care home established under section 256B.0751;

(2) an individual who is not an employee of a licensed home care provider if the

individual:

(i) only provides services as an independent contractor to one or more licensed

home care providers;

(ii) provides no services under direct agreements or contracts with clients; and

(iii) is contractually bound to perform services in compliance with the contracting

home care provider's policies and service plans;

(3) a business that provides staff to home care providers, such as a temporary

employment agency, if the business:

(i) only provides staff under contract to licensed or exempt providers;

(ii) provides no services under direct agreements with clients; and

(iii) is contractually bound to perform services under the contracting home care

provider's direction and supervision;

(4) any home care services conducted by and for the adherents of any recognized

church or religious denomination for its members through spiritual means, or by prayer

for healing;

(5) an individual who only provides home care services to a relative;

(6) an individual not connected with a home care provider that provides assistance

with basic home care needs if the assistance is provided primarily as a contribution and

not as a business;

(7) an individual not connected with a home care provider that shares housing with

and provides primarily housekeeping or homemaking services to an elderly or disabled

person in return for free or reduced-cost housing;

(8) an individual or provider providing home-delivered meal services;

(9) an individual providing senior companion services and other older American

volunteer programs (OAVP) established under the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of

1973, United States Code, title 42, chapter 66;

(10) an employee of a nursing home or home care provider licensed under this

chapter or an employee of a boarding care home licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56

who responds to occasional emergency calls from individuals residing in a residential

setting that is attached to or located on property contiguous to the nursing home or

boarding care home, or location where home care services are also provided;

(11) an employee of a nursing home or home care provider licensed under this

chapter or an employee of a boarding care home licensed under sections 144.50 to

144.56 who provides occasional minor services free of charge to individuals residing in
a residential setting that is attached to or located on property contiguous to the nursing
home, boarding care home, or location where home care services are also provided, for the
occasional minor services provided free of charge;

(12) a member of a professional corporation organized under chapter 319B that
does not regularly offer or provide home care services as defined in section 144A.43,
subdivision 3;

(13) the following organizations established to provide medical or surgical
services that do not regularly offer or provide home care services as defined in section
144A.43, subdivision 3: a business trust organized under sections 318.01 to 318.04,
a nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A, a partnership organized under
chapter 323, or any other entity determined by the commissioner;

(14) an individual or agency that provides medical supplies or durable medical
equipment, except when the provision of supplies or equipment is accompanied by a
home care service;

(15) a physician licensed under chapter 147;

(16) an individual who provides home care services to a person with a
developmental disability who lives in a place of residence with a family, foster family, or
primary caregiver;

(17) a business that only provides services that are primarily instructional and
not medical services or health-related support services;

(18) an individual who performs basic home care services for no more than
14 hours each calendar week to no more than one client;

(19) an individual or business licensed as hospice as defined in sections 144A.75
to 144A.755 who is not providing home care services independent of hospice service;

(20) activities conducted by the commissioner of health or a community health
board as defined in section 145A.02, subdivision 5, including communicable disease
investigations or testing; or

(21) administering or monitoring a prescribed therapy necessary to control or
prevent a communicable disease, or the monitoring of an individual's compliance with a
health directive as defined in section 144.4172, subdivision 6.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144A.75, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Hospice provider. "Hospice provider" means an individual, organization,
association, corporation, unit of government, or other entity that is regularly engaged
in the delivery, directly or by contractual arrangement, of hospice services for a fee to
terminally ill hospice patients. A hospice must provide all core services.
Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144A.75, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
Subd. 6. Hospice patient. "Hospice patient" means an individual who has been diagnosed as terminally ill, with a probable life expectancy of under one year, as whose illness has been documented by the individual's attending physician and hospice medical director, who alone or, when unable, through the individual's family has voluntarily consented to and received admission to a hospice provider, and who:
(1) has been diagnosed as terminally ill, with a probable life expectancy of under one year; or
(2) is 21 years of age or younger; has been diagnosed with a chronic, complex, and life-threatening illness contributing to a shortened life expectancy; and is not expected to survive to adulthood.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144A.75, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
Subd. 8. Hospice services; hospice care. "Hospice services" or "hospice care" means palliative and supportive care and other services provided by an interdisciplinary team under the direction of an identifiable hospice administration to terminally ill hospice patients and their families to meet the physical, nutritional, emotional, social, spiritual, and special needs experienced during the final stages of illness, dying, and bereavement or during a chronic, complex, and life-threatening illness contributing to a shortened life expectancy for hospice patients who meet the criteria in subdivision 6, clause (2). These services are provided through a centrally coordinated program that ensures continuity and consistency of home and inpatient care that is provided directly or through an agreement.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 144A.75, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
Subd. 13. Residential hospice facility. (a) "Residential hospice facility" means a facility that resembles a single-family home modified to address life safety, accessibility, and care needs, located in a residential area that directly provides 24-hour residential and support services in a home-like setting for hospice patients as an integral part of the continuum of home care provided by a hospice and that houses:
(1) no more than eight hospice patients; or
(2) at least nine and no more than 12 hospice patients with the approval of the local governing authority, notwithstanding section 462.357, subdivision 8.
(b) Residential hospice facility also means a facility that directly provides 24-hour residential and support services for hospice patients and that:
(1) houses no more than 21 hospice patients;
(2) meets hospice certification regulations adopted pursuant to title XVIII of the
federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395, et seq.; and
(3) is located on St. Anthony Avenue in St. Paul, Minnesota, and was licensed as a
40-bed non-Medicare certified nursing home as of January 1, 2015.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144A.75, is amended by adding a
subdivision to read:

Subd. 13a. **Respite care.** "Respite care" means short-term care in an inpatient
facility, such as a residential hospice facility, when necessary to relieve the hospice
patient's family or other persons caring for the patient. Respite care may be provided on
an occasional basis.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 145.4131, subdivision 1,
is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Forms.** (a) Within 90 days of July 1, 1998, the commissioner shall
prepare a reporting form for use by physicians or facilities performing abortions. A copy
of this section shall be attached to the form. A physician or facility performing an abortion
shall obtain a form from the commissioner.

(b) The form shall require the following information:

(1) the number of abortions performed by the physician in the previous calendar
year, reported by month;

(2) the method used for each abortion;

(3) the approximate gestational age expressed in one of the following increments:

(i) less than nine weeks;

(ii) nine to ten weeks;

(iii) 11 to 12 weeks;

(iv) 13 to 15 weeks;

(v) 16 to 20 weeks;

(vi) 21 to 24 weeks;

(vii) 25 to 30 weeks;

(viii) 31 to 36 weeks; or

(ix) 37 weeks to term;

(4) the age of the woman at the time the abortion was performed;

(5) the specific reason for the abortion, including, but not limited to, the following:

(i) the pregnancy was a result of rape;

(ii) the pregnancy was a result of incest;
(iii) economic reasons;
(iv) the woman does not want children at this time;
(v) the woman's emotional health is at stake;
(vi) the woman's physical health is at stake;
(vii) the woman will suffer substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function if the pregnancy continues;
(viii) the pregnancy resulted in fetal anomalies; or
(ix) unknown or the woman refused to answer;
(6) the number of prior induced abortions;
(7) the number of prior spontaneous abortions;
(8) whether the abortion was paid for by:
(i) private coverage;
(ii) public assistance health coverage; or
(iii) self-pay;
(9) whether coverage was under:
(i) a fee-for-service plan;
(ii) a capitated private plan; or
(iii) other;
(10) complications, if any, for each abortion and for the aftermath of each abortion.

Space for a description of any complications shall be available on the form;
(11) the medical specialty of the physician performing the abortion; and
(12) if the abortion was performed via telemedicine, the facility code for the patient and the facility code for the physician; and
(+12)(13) whether the abortion resulted in a born alive infant, as defined in section 145.423, subdivision 4, and:
(i) any medical actions taken to preserve the life of the born alive infant;
(ii) whether the born alive infant survived; and
(iii) the status of the born alive infant, should the infant survive, if known.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2017.

Sec. 13. [145.417] LICENSURE OF CERTAIN FACILITIES THAT PERFORM ABORTIONS.

Subdivision 1. License required for facilities that perform ten or more abortions per month. (a) A clinic, health center, or other facility in which the pregnancies of ten or more women known to be pregnant are willfully terminated or aborted each month shall be licensed by the commissioner of health and, notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part...
4675.0100, subparts 8 and 9, subject to the licensure requirements provided in Minnesota
Rules, chapter 4675. The commissioner shall not require a facility licensed as a hospital or
as an outpatient surgical center, pursuant to sections 144.50 to 144.56, to obtain a separate
license under this section, but may subject these facilities to inspections and investigations
as permitted under subdivision 2.

(b) The commissioner of health, the attorney general, an appropriate county attorney,
or a woman upon whom an abortion has been performed or attempted to be performed
at an unlicensed facility may seek an injunction in district court against the continued
operation of the facility. Proceedings for securing an injunction may be brought by the
attorney general or by the appropriate county attorney.

(c) Sanctions provided in this subdivision do not restrict other available sanctions.

Subd. 2. Inspections; no notice required. No more than two times per year,
the commissioner of health shall perform routine and comprehensive inspections and
investigations of facilities described under subdivision 1. Every clinic, health center,
or other facility described under subdivision 1, and any other premises proposed to be
conducted as a facility by an applicant for a license, shall be open at all reasonable times
to inspection authorized in writing by the commissioner of health. No notice need be
given to any person prior to any inspection.

Subd. 3. Licensure fee. (a) The annual license fee for facilities required to be
licensed under this section is $3,712.

(b) Fees shall be collected and deposited according to section 144.122.

Subd. 4. Suspension, revocation, and refusal to renew. The commissioner of
health may refuse to grant or renew, or may suspend or revoke a license on any of the
following grounds:

(1) violation of any of the provisions of this section or Minnesota Rules, chapter 4675;
(2) permitting, aiding, or abetting the commission of any illegal act in the facility;
(3) conduct or practices detrimental to the welfare of the patient;
(4) obtaining or attempting to obtain a license by fraud or misrepresentation; or
(5) if there is a pattern of conduct that involves one or more physicians in the
facility who have a financial or economic interest in the facility, as defined in section
144.6521, subdivision 3, and who have not provided notice and disclosure of the financial
or economic interest as required by section 144.6521.

Subd. 5. Hearing. Prior to any suspension, revocation, or refusal to renew a license,
the licensee shall be entitled to notice and a hearing as provided by sections 14.57 to
14.69. At each hearing, the commissioner of health shall have the burden of establishing
that a violation described in subdivision 4 has occurred. If a license is revoked, suspended,
or not renewed, a new application for a license may be considered by the commissioner if
the conditions upon which revocation, suspension, or refusal to renew was based have
been corrected and evidence of this fact has been satisfactorily furnished. A new license
may be granted after proper inspection has been made and all provisions of this section
and Minnesota Rules, chapter 4675, have been complied with and a recommendation
for licensure has been made by the commissioner or by an inspector as an agent of the
commissioner.

Subd. 6. Severability. If any one or more provision, section, subdivision, sentence,
clause, phrase, or word of this section or the application of it to any person or circumstance
is found to be unconstitutional, it is declared to be severable and the balance of this section
shall remain effective notwithstanding such unconstitutionality. The legislature intends
that it would have passed this section, and each provision, section, subdivision, sentence,
clause, phrase, or word, regardless of the fact that any one provision, section, subdivision,
sentence, clause, phrase, or word is declared unconstitutional.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 145.4716, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Duties of director. The director of child sex trafficking prevention is
responsible for the following:

(1) developing and providing comprehensive training on sexual exploitation of
youth for social service professionals, medical professionals, public health workers, and
criminal justice professionals;

(2) collecting, organizing, maintaining, and disseminating information on sexual
exploitation and services across the state, including maintaining a list of resources on the
Department of Health Web site;

(3) monitoring and applying for federal funding for antitrafficking efforts that may
benefit victims in the state;

(4) managing grant programs established under sections 145.4716 to 145.4718
and 609.3241, paragraph (c), clause (3);

(5) managing the request for proposals for grants for comprehensive services,
including trauma-informed, culturally specific services;

(6) identifying best practices in serving sexually exploited youth, as defined in
section 260C.007, subdivision 31;

(7) providing oversight of and technical support to regional navigators pursuant to
section 145.4717;

(8) conducting a comprehensive evaluation of the statewide program for safe harbor
of sexually exploited youth; and
Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 145.4716, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. *Youth eligible for services.* Youth 24 years of age or younger shall be eligible for all services, support, and programs provided under this section and section 145.4717, and all shelter, housing beds, and services provided by the commissioner of human services to sexually exploited youth and youth at risk of sexual exploitation.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 145.882, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. *Allocation to commissioner of health.* (a) Beginning January 1, 1986, up to one-third of the total maternal and child health block grant money may be retained by the commissioner of health to:

1. meet federal maternal and child block grant requirements of a statewide needs assessment every five years and prepare the annual federal block grant application and report;
2. collect and disseminate statewide data on the health status of mothers and children within one year of the end of the year;
3. provide technical assistance to community health boards in meeting statewide outcomes;
4. evaluate the impact of maternal and child health activities on the health status of mothers and children;
5. provide services to children under age 16 receiving benefits under title XVI of the Social Security Act; and
6. perform other maternal and child health activities listed in section 145.88 and as deemed necessary by the commissioner.

(b) Any money under this subdivision used by the commissioner for grants for the provision of prepregnancy family planning services must be distributed under section 145.925.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2017.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 145.882, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. *Allocation to community health boards.* (a) The maternal and child health block grant money remaining after distributions made under subdivision 2 and
used for services other than prepregnancy family planning services must be allocated
according to the formula in section 145A.131, subdivision 2, for distribution to community
health boards. Maternal and child health block grant money used for the provision of
prepregnancy family planning services must be distributed under section 145.925.

(b) A community health board that receives funding under this section shall provide
at least a 50 percent match for funds received under United States Code, title 42, sections
701 to 709. Eligible funds must be used to meet match requirements. Eligible funds
include funds from local property taxes, reimbursements from third parties, fees, other
funds, donations, nonfederal grants, or state funds received under the local public health
grant defined in section 145A.131, that are used for maternal and child health activities as
described in subdivision 7.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2017.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 145.882, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Use of block grant money.** Maternal and child health block grant money
allocated to a community health board under this section must be used for qualified
programs for high risk and low-income individuals. Block grant money **allocated under
this section or for family planning services under section** 145.925 **must be used for
programs that:**

(1) specifically address the highest risk populations, particularly low-income and
minority groups with a high rate of infant mortality and children with low birth weight,
by providing services, including prepregnancy family planning services, calculated
to produce measurable decreases in infant mortality rates, instances of children with
low birth weight, and medical complications associated with pregnancy and childbirth,
including infant mortality, low birth rates, and medical complications arising from
chemical abuse by a mother during pregnancy;

(2) specifically target pregnant women whose age, medical condition, maternal
history, or chemical abuse substantially increases the likelihood of complications
associated with pregnancy and childbirth or the birth of a child with an illness, disability,
or special medical needs;

(3) specifically address the health needs of young children who have or are likely
to have a chronic disease or disability or special medical needs, including physical,
neurological, emotional, and developmental problems that arise from chemical abuse
by a mother during pregnancy;

(4) provide family planning and preventive medical care for specifically identified
target populations, such as minority and low-income teenagers, in a manner calculated to

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59.1 decrease the occurrence of inappropriate pregnancy and minimize the risk of complications
59.2 associated with pregnancy and childbirth;
59.3 (5) specifically address the frequency and severity of childhood and adolescent
59.4 health issues, including injuries in high risk target populations by providing services
59.5 calculated to produce measurable decreases in mortality and morbidity;
59.6 (6) specifically address preventing child abuse and neglect, reducing juvenile
59.7 delinquency, promoting positive parenting and resiliency in children, and promoting
59.8 family health and economic sufficiency through public health nurse home visits under
59.9 section 145A.17; or
59.10 (7) specifically address nutritional issues of women, infants, and young children
59.11 through WIC clinic services.
59.12
59.13 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2017.

59.14 Sec. 19. [145.908] GRANT PROGRAM: SCREENING AND TREATMENT FOR
59.15 PRE- AND POSTPARTUM MOOD AND ANXIETY DISORDERS.
59.16 Subdivision 1. Grant program established. Within the limits of federal funds
59.17 available specifically for this purpose, the commissioner of health shall establish a grant
59.18 program to provide culturally competent programs to screen and treat pregnant women
59.19 and women who have given birth in the preceding 12 months for pre- and postpartum
59.20 mood and anxiety disorders. Organizations may use grant funds to establish new screening
59.21 or treatment programs, or expand or maintain existing screening or treatment programs. In
59.22 establishing the grant program, the commissioner shall prioritize expanding or enhancing
59.23 screening for pre- and postpartum mood and anxiety disorders in primary care settings.
59.24 The commissioner shall determine the types of organizations eligible for grants.
59.25 Subd. 2. Allowable uses of funds. Grant funds awarded by the commissioner
59.26 under this section:
59.27 (1) must be used to provide health care providers with appropriate training
59.28 and relevant resources on screening, treatment, follow-up support, and links to
59.29 community-based resources for pre- and postpartum mood and anxiety disorders; and
59.30 (2) may be used to:
59.31 (i) enable health care providers to provide or receive psychiatric consultations to
59.32 treat eligible women for pre- and postpartum mood and anxiety disorders;
59.33 (ii) conduct a public awareness campaign;
59.34 (iii) fund startup costs for telephone lines, Web sites, and other resources to collect
59.35 and disseminate information about screening and treatment for pre- and postpartum mood
59.36 and anxiety disorders; or
Subd. 3. Federal funds. The commissioner shall apply for any available grant funds from the federal Department of Health and Human Services for this program.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 145.925, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Eligible organizations; Purpose. The commissioner of health may make special grants to cities, counties, groups of cities or counties, or nonprofit corporations to provide prepregnancy family planning services.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2017.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 145.925, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. Family-planning services; defined Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given them.

(b) "Community health board" has the meaning given in section 145A.02.

(c) "Family planning" means voluntary action by individuals to prevent or aid conception.

(d) "Family planning services" means counseling by trained personnel regarding family planning; distribution of information relating to family planning; referral to licensed physicians or local health agencies for consultation, examination, medical treatment, genetic counseling, and prescriptions for the purpose of family planning; and the distribution of family planning products, such as charts, thermometers, drugs, medical preparations, and contraceptive devices. For purposes of sections 145A.01 to 145A.14, family planning shall mean voluntary action by individuals to prevent or aid conception but does not include the performance, or make referrals for encouragement of voluntary termination of pregnancy.

(e) "Federally qualified health center" has the meaning given in section 145.9269.

(f) "Hospital" means a facility licensed as a hospital under section 144.55.

(g) "Public health clinic" means a health clinic operated by one or more local units of government or community health boards or by the University of Minnesota and that has as a primary focus the provision of primary and preventive health care services and immunizations.

(h) "Rural health clinic" means a rural health clinic as defined in United States Code, title 42, section 1395x(aa)(2) that is certified according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, part 491, subpart A.
Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 145.925, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1b. Commissioner to apply for federal Title X funds. For each federal Title X grant fund cycle, the commissioner shall apply to the federal Department of Health and Human Services for grant funds under Title X of the federal Public Health Service Act, United States Code, title 42, sections 300 to 300a-6.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2017.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 145.925, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1c. State and federal funds distributed according to this section. The commissioner shall distribute the following funds according to subdivision 1d:

(1) federal Title X funds received by the commissioner according to an application submitted under subdivision 1b;

(2) funds appropriated from the general fund and the federal TANF fund for purposes of grants under this section; and

(3) maternal and child health block grant funds used for prepregnancy family planning services.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2017.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 145.925, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1d. Distribution; eligible entities. The commissioner shall distribute the funds specified in subdivision 1c to public entities, including community health boards and public health clinics, that apply to the commissioner for funds to provide family planning services according to procedures established by the commissioner. If any funds remain after the commissioner fulfills all approved grant requests from public entities for the grant period, the commissioner may distribute the remaining funds to nonpublic entities that:

(1) are hospitals, federally qualified health centers, or rural health clinics;

(2) provide comprehensive primary and preventive health care services in addition to family planning services; and
(3) apply to the commissioner for funds to provide family planning services
according to procedures established by the commissioner.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2017.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 145.925, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1e. **Subgrants from public entities.** (a) A public entity that receives funds from the commissioner under subdivision 1d may distribute some or all of the funds as subgrants to other public or private entities to provide family planning services. Except as provided in paragraph (b), an entity is not eligible for a subgrant under this subdivision if the entity provides abortion services or has an affiliate that provides abortion services.

(b) An entity that provides abortion services or has an affiliate that provides abortion services is eligible for a subgrant under this subdivision if the entity or affiliate provides abortion services solely when the abortion is directly and medically necessary to save the life of the woman, provided a physician signs a certification stating the direct and medical necessity of the abortion.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2017.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 145.925, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. **Reporting and publication of grant and subgrant recipients.** At least once every grant cycle, a public entity that distributes funds under subdivision 1e shall provide the commissioner of health with a list of the entities that received subgrants to provide family planning services and the amount of each subgrant. At least once every grant cycle, the commissioner of health shall publish on the department's Web site a list of all the entities that received funds as a grant from the commissioner under subdivision 1d or a subgrant from a public entity under subdivision 1e, and the amount of the grant or subgrant received by each entity.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2017.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 149A.50, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Requirements for funeral establishment.** A funeral establishment licensed under this section must:

1. contain a comply with preparation and embalming room requirements as described in section 149A.92;
(2) contain office space for making arrangements; and
(3) comply with applicable local and state building codes, zoning laws, and ordinances.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 149A.92, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

**Subdivision 1. Establishment update.** (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 11, a funeral establishment with other establishment locations that uses one preparation and embalming room for all establishment locations has until July 1, 2017, to bring the other establishment locations that are not used for preparation or embalming into compliance with this section so long as the preparation and embalming room that is used complies with the minimum standards in this section.

(b) At the time that ownership of a funeral establishment changes, the physical location of the establishment changes, or the building housing the funeral establishment or business space of the establishment is remodeled the existing preparation and embalming room must be brought into compliance with the minimum standards in this section and in accordance with subdivision 11.

(a) Any room used by a funeral establishment for preparation and embalming must comply with the minimum standards of this section. A funeral establishment where no preparation and embalming is performed, but which conducts viewings, visitations, and services, or which holds human remains while awaiting final disposition, need not comply with the minimum standards of this section.

(b) Each funeral establishment must have a preparation and embalming room that complies with the minimum standards of this section, except that a funeral establishment that operates branch locations need only have one compliant preparation and embalming room for all locations.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 157.15, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

**Subd. 14. Special event food stand.** "Special event food stand" means a food and beverage service establishment which is used in conjunction with celebrations and special events, and which operates no more than three times annually for no more than ten total days within the applicable license period.
Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 327.14, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Recreational camping area. "Recreational camping area" means any area, whether privately or publicly owned, used on a daily, nightly, weekly, or longer basis for the accommodation of five or more tents or recreational camping vehicles free of charge or for compensation. "Recreational camping area" excludes:

(1) children's camps;
(2) industrial camps;
(3) migrant labor camps, as defined in Minnesota Statutes and state commissioner of health rules;
(4) United States Forest Service camps;
(5) state forest service camps;
(6) state wildlife management areas or state-owned public access areas which are restricted in use to picnicking and boat landing; and
(7) temporary holding areas for self-contained recreational camping vehicles created by and adjacent to motor sports facilities, if the chief law enforcement officer of an affected jurisdiction determines that it is in the interest of public safety to provide a temporary holding area; and
(8) a privately owned area used for camping no more than once a year and for no longer than seven consecutive days by members of a private club where the members pay annual dues to belong to the club.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 609.3241, is amended to read:

609.3241 PENALTY ASSESSMENT AUTHORIZED.

(a) When a court sentences an adult convicted of violating section 609.322 or 609.324, while acting other than as a prostitute, the court shall impose an assessment of not less than $500 and not more than $750 for a violation of section 609.324, subdivision 2, or a misdemeanor violation of section 609.324, subdivision 3; otherwise the court shall impose an assessment of not less than $750 and not more than $1,000. The assessment shall be distributed as provided in paragraph (c) and is in addition to the surcharge required by section 357.021, subdivision 6.

(b) The court may not waive payment of the minimum assessment required by this section. If the defendant qualifies for the services of a public defender or the court finds on the record that the convicted person is indigent or that immediate payment of the assessment would create undue hardship for the convicted person or that person's
immediate family, the court may reduce the amount of the minimum assessment to not less than $100. The court also may authorize payment of the assessment in installments.

(c) The assessment collected under paragraph (a) must be distributed as follows:

(1) 40 percent of the assessment shall be forwarded to the political subdivision that employs the arresting officer for use in enforcement, training, and education activities related to combating sexual exploitation of youth, or if the arresting officer is an employee of the state, this portion shall be forwarded to the commissioner of public safety for those purposes identified in clause (3);

(2) 20 percent of the assessment shall be forwarded to the prosecuting agency that handled the case for use in training and education activities relating to combating sexual exploitation activities of youth; and

(3) 40 percent of the assessment must be forwarded to the commissioner of public safety health to be deposited in the safe harbor for youth account in the special revenue fund and be appropriated to the commissioner for distribution to crime victims services organizations that provide services to sexually exploited youth, as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 31.

(d) A safe harbor for youth account is established as a special account in the state treasury.

Sec. 32. EXPANDING ELIGIBILITY FOR DESIGNATION AS A CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITAL.

(a) The commissioner of health is encouraged to contact Minnesota's federal elected officials and pursue all necessary changes to the Medicare rural hospital flexibility program established in United States Code, title 42, section 1395i-4 to expand the number of rural hospitals that are eligible for designation as a critical access hospital. In the request for program changes, the commissioner shall seek authority to designate any hospital that applies for designation as a critical access hospital if the hospital:

(1) is located in a Minnesota county that is a rural area as defined in United States Code, title 42, section 1395ww(d)(2)(D). A hospital is not required to be located 35 miles from another hospital, or 15 miles from another hospital if located in mountainous terrain or in an area with only secondary roads; and

(2) is licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56 and is certified to participate in the Medicare program.

(b) The commissioner shall determine other eligibility criteria for which program changes should be requested, in order to expand eligibility for designation as a critical access hospital to the greatest number of rural hospitals in the state. The commissioner
shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees
with jurisdiction over health care finance and policy by January 1, 2017, on the status of
the request for program changes.

Sec. 33. REPEALER.
(a) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 149A.92, subdivision 11, is repealed the day
following final enactment.
(b) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 145.925, subdivision 2, is repealed effective
July 1, 2017.

ARTICLE 5
CHEMICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 245.735, subdivision 3,
is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Reform projects Certified community behavioral health clinics. (a) The
commissioner shall establish standards for a state certification of clinics as process for
certified community behavioral health clinics, in accordance (CCBHCs) to be eligible for
the prospective payment system in paragraph (f). Entities that choose to be CCBHCs must:
(1) comply with the CCBHC criteria published on or before September 1, 2015, by
the United States Department of Health and Human Services. Certification standards
established by the commissioner shall require that:
(1) (2) employ or contract for clinic staff who have backgrounds in diverse
disciplines, include including licensed mental health professionals, and staff who are
culturally and linguistically trained to serve the needs of the clinic's patient population;
(2) (3) ensure that clinic services are available and accessible to patients of all ages
and genders and that crisis management services are available 24 hours per day;
(3) (4) establish fees for clinic services are established for non-medical assistance
patients using a sliding fee scale and that ensures that services to patients are not denied
or limited due to a patient's inability to pay for services;
(4) clinics provide coordination of care across settings and providers to ensure
seamless transitions for patients across the full spectrum of health services, including
acute, chronic, and behavioral needs. Care coordination may be accomplished through
partnerships or formal contracts with federally qualified health centers, inpatient
psychiatric facilities, substance use and detoxification facilities, community-based mental
health providers, and other community services, supports, and providers including
schools, child welfare agencies, juvenile and criminal justice agencies, Indian Health
Services clinics, tribally licensed health care and mental health facilities, urban Indian health clinics, Department of Veterans Affairs medical centers, outpatient clinics, drop-in centers, acute care hospitals, and hospital outpatient clinics;

(5) comply with quality assurance reporting requirements and other reporting requirements, including any required reporting of encounter data, clinical outcomes data, and quality data;

(5) services provided by clinics include (6) provide crisis mental health services, withdrawal management services, emergency crisis intervention services, and stabilization services; screening, assessment, and diagnosis services, including risk assessments and level of care determinations; patient-centered treatment planning; outpatient mental health and substance use services; targeted case management; psychiatric rehabilitation services; peer support and counselor services and family support services; and intensive community-based mental health services, including mental health services for members of the armed forces and veterans; and

(6) clinics comply with quality assurance reporting requirements and other reporting requirements, including any required reporting of encounter data, clinical outcomes data, and quality data.

(7) provide coordination of care across settings and providers to ensure seamless transitions for patients across the full spectrum of health services, including acute, chronic, and behavioral needs. Care coordination may be accomplished through partnerships or formal contracts with:

(i) counties, health plans, pharmacists, pharmacies, rural health clinics, federally qualified health centers, inpatient psychiatric facilities, substance use and detoxification facilities, and community-based mental health providers; and

(ii) other community services, supports, and providers including schools, child welfare agencies, juvenile and criminal justice agencies, Indian Health Services clinics, Department of Veterans Affairs medical centers, outpatient clinics, drop-in centers, acute care hospitals, and hospital outpatient clinics;

(8) be certified as mental health clinics under section 245.69, subdivision 2;

(9) comply with standards relating to integrated treatment for co-occurring mental illness and substance use disorders in adults or children under Minnesota Rules, chapter 9533;

(10) comply with standards relating to mental health services in Minnesota Rules, parts 9505.0370 to 9505.0372;
(11) be licensed to provide chemical dependency treatment under Minnesota Rules, parts 9530.6405 to 9530.6505;

(12) be certified to provide children's therapeutic services and supports under section 256B.0943;

(13) be certified to provide adult rehabilitative mental health services under section 256B.0623;

(14) be enrolled to provide mental health crisis response services under section 256B.0624;

(15) be enrolled to provide mental health targeted case management under section 256B.0625, subdivision 20;

(16) comply with standards relating to mental health case management in Minnesota Rules, parts 9520.0900 to 9520.0926; and

(17) provide services that comply with the evidence-based practices described in paragraph (e).

(b) If an entity is unable to provide one or more of the services listed in paragraph (a), clauses (6) to (17), the commissioner may certify the entity as a CCBHC, if the entity has a current contract with another entity that has the required authority to provide that service and that meets federal CCBHC criteria as a designated collaborating organization, or, to the extent allowed by the federal CCBHC criteria, the commissioner may approve a referral arrangement. The CCBHC must meet federal requirements regarding the type and scope of services to be provided directly by the CCBHC.

(c) Notwithstanding other law that requires a county contract or other form of county approval for certain services listed in paragraph (a), clause (6), a clinic that otherwise meets CCBHC requirements may receive the prospective payment under paragraph (f) for those services without a county contract or county approval. There is no county share when medical assistance pays the CCBHC prospective payment. As part of the certification process in paragraph (a), the commissioner shall require a letter of support from the CCBHC's host county confirming that the CCBHC and the counties it serves have an ongoing relationship to facilitate access and continuity of care, especially for individuals who are uninsured or who may go on and off medical assistance.

(d) In situations where the standards in paragraph (a) or other applicable standards conflict or address similar issues in duplicative or incompatible ways, the commissioner may grant variances to state requirements as long as the variances do not conflict with federal requirements. In situations where standards overlap, the commissioner may decide to substitute all or a part of a licensure or certification that is substantially the same as
another licensure or certification. The commissioner shall consult with stakeholders, as
described in subdivision 4, before granting variances under this provision.

(e) The commissioner shall issue a list of required and recommended evidence-based
practices to be delivered by CCBHCs. The commissioner may update the list to reflect
advances in outcomes research and medical services for persons living with mental
illnesses or substance use disorders. The commissioner shall take into consideration the
adequacy of evidence to support the efficacy of the practice, the quality of workforce
available, and the current availability of the practice in the state. At least 30 days before
issuing the initial list and any revisions, the commissioner shall provide stakeholders
with an opportunity to comment.

(f) The commissioner shall establish standards and methodologies for a
prospective payment system for medical assistance payments for mental health services
delivered by certified community behavioral health clinics, in accordance with guidance
issued on or before September 1, 2015, by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
Services. During the operation of the demonstration project, payments shall comply with
federal requirements for a 90 percent enhanced federal medical assistance percentage.
The commissioner may include quality bonus payments in the prospective payment
system based on federal criteria and on a clinic's provision of the evidence-based practices
in paragraph (e). The prospective payments system does not apply to MinnesotaCare.
Implementation of the prospective payment system is effective July 1, 2017, or upon
federal approval, whichever is later.

(g) The commissioner shall seek federal approval to continue federal financial
participation in payment for CCBHC services after the federal demonstration period
ends for clinics that were certified as CCBHCs during the demonstration period and
that continue to meet the CCBHC certification standards in paragraph (a). Payment
for CCBHC services shall cease effective July 1, 2019, if continued federal financial
participation for the payment of CCBHC services cannot be obtained.

(h) To the extent allowed by federal law, the commissioner may limit the number of
certified clinics so that the projected claims for certified clinics will not exceed the funds
budgeted for this purpose. The commissioner shall give preference to clinics that:

1. are located in both rural and urban areas, with at least one in each, as defined
   by federal criteria;

2. provide a comprehensive range of services and evidence-based practices for all
   age groups, with services being fully coordinated and integrated; and

3. enhance the state's ability to meet the federal priorities to be selected as a
   CCBHC demonstration state.
(i) The commissioner shall recertify CCBHCs at least every three years. The commissioner shall establish a process for decertification and shall require corrective action, medical assistance repayment, or decertification of a CCBHC that no longer meets the requirements in this section or that fails to meet the standards provided by the commissioner in the application and certification process.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 245.735, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Public participation. In developing the project and implementing certified community behavioral health clinics under subdivision 3, the commissioner shall consult, collaborate, and partner with stakeholders, including but not limited to mental health providers, substance use disorder treatment providers, advocacy organizations, licensed mental health professionals, counties, tribes, hospitals, other health care providers, and Minnesota public health care program enrollees who receive mental health services and their families.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245.99, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Rental assistance. The program shall pay up to 90 days of housing assistance for persons with a serious and persistent mental illness who require inpatient or residential care for stabilization. The commissioner of human services may extend the length of assistance on a case-by-case basis.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 254B.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Division of costs. (a) Except for services provided by a county under section 254B.09, subdivision 1, or services provided under section 256B.69 or 256D.03, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), the county shall, out of local money, pay the state for 22.95 percent of the cost of chemical dependency services, including those services provided to persons eligible for medical assistance under chapter 256B and general assistance medical care under chapter 256D. Counties may use the indigent hospitalization levy for treatment and hospital payments made under this section. 22.95 percent of any state collections from private or third-party pay, less 15 percent for the cost of payment and collections, must be distributed to the county that paid for a portion of the treatment under this section.

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(b) For fiscal year 2017 only, the county percent of cost of chemical dependency services shall be reduced from 22.95 percent to 15 percent.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 254B.04, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. **Eligibility for treatment in residential settings.** Notwithstanding provisions of Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6622, subparts 5 and 6, related to an assessor's discretion in making placements to residential treatment settings, a person eligible for services under this section must score at level 4 on assessment dimensions related to relapse, continued use, or recovery environment in order to be assigned to services with a room and board component reimbursed under this section. Whether a treatment facility has been designated an institution for mental diseases under United States Code, title 42, section 1396d, shall not be a factor in making placements.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 254B.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Allocation of collections.** (a) The commissioner shall allocate all federal financial participation collections to a special revenue account. The commissioner shall allocate 77.05 percent of patient payments and third-party payments to the special revenue account and 22.95 percent to the county financially responsible for the patient.

(b) For fiscal year 2017 only, the commissioner's allocation to the special revenue account shall be increased from 77.05 percent to 85 percent and the county financial responsibility shall be reduced from 22.95 percent to 15 percent.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 254B.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. **Reimbursement for institutions for mental diseases.** The commissioner shall not deny reimbursement to a program designated as an institution for mental diseases under United States Code, title 42, section 1396d, due to a reduction in federal financial participation and the addition of new residential beds.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.
Sec. 8. [254B.15] PILOT PROJECTS; TREATMENT FOR PREGNANT AND POSTPARTUM WOMEN WITH SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER.

Subdivision 1. Pilot projects established. (a) Within the limits of federal funds available specifically for this purpose, the commissioner of human services shall establish pilot projects to provide substance use disorder treatment and services to pregnant and postpartum women with a primary diagnosis of substance use disorder, including opioid use disorder. Pilot projects funded under this section must:

(1) promote flexible uses of funds to provide treatment and services to pregnant and postpartum women with substance use disorders;

(2) fund family-based treatment and services for pregnant and postpartum women with substance use disorders;

(3) identify gaps in services along the continuum of care that are provided to pregnant and postpartum women with substance use disorders; and

(4) encourage new approaches to service delivery and service delivery models.

(b) A pilot project funded under this section must provide at least a portion of its treatment and services to women who receive services on an outpatient basis.

Subd. 2. Federal funds. The commissioner shall apply for any available grant funds from the federal Center for Substance Abuse Treatment for these pilot projects.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0621, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. Payment rates. The commissioner shall set payment rates for targeted case management under this subdivision. Case managers may bill according to the following criteria:

(1) for relocation targeted case management, case managers may bill for direct case management activities, including face-to-face and telephone contacts, and interactive video contact in accordance with section 256B.0924, subdivision 4a, in the lesser of:

(i) 180 days preceding an eligible recipient's discharge from an institution; or

(ii) the limits and conditions which apply to federal Medicaid funding for this service;

(2) for home care targeted case management, case managers may bill for direct case management activities, including face-to-face and telephone contacts; and

(3) billings for targeted case management services under this subdivision shall not duplicate payments made under other program authorities for the same purpose.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 256B.0625, subdivision 20, is amended to read:
Subd. 20. Mental health case management. (a) To the extent authorized by rule
of the state agency, medical assistance covers case management services to persons with
serious and persistent mental illness and children with severe emotional disturbance.
Services provided under this section must meet the relevant standards in sections 245.461
to 245.4887, the Comprehensive Adult and Children's Mental Health Acts, Minnesota
Rules, parts 9520.0900 to 9520.0926, and 9505.0322, excluding subpart 10.
(b) Entities meeting program standards set out in rules governing family community
support services as defined in section 245.4871, subdivision 17, are eligible for medical
assistance reimbursement for case management services for children with severe
emotional disturbance when these services meet the program standards in Minnesota
Rules, parts 9520.0900 to 9520.0926 and 9505.0322, excluding subparts 6 and 10.
(c) Medical assistance and MinnesotaCare payment for mental health case
management shall be made on a monthly basis. In order to receive payment for an eligible
child, the provider must document at least a face-to-face contact with the child, the child's
parents, or the child's legal representative. To receive payment for an eligible adult, the
provider must document:
(1) at least a face-to-face contact with the adult or the adult's legal representative or a
contact by interactive video that meets the requirements of subdivision 20b; or
(2) at least a telephone contact with the adult or the adult's legal representative
and document a face-to-face contact or a contact by interactive video that meets the
requirements of subdivision 20b with the adult or the adult's legal representative within
the preceding two months.
(d) Payment for mental health case management provided by county or state staff
shall be based on the monthly rate methodology under section 256B.094, subdivision 6,
paragraph (b), with separate rates calculated for child welfare and mental health, and
within mental health, separate rates for children and adults.
(e) Payment for mental health case management provided by Indian health services
or by agencies operated by Indian tribes may be made according to this section or other
relevant federally approved rate setting methodology.
(f) Payment for mental health case management provided by vendors who contract
with a county or Indian tribe shall be based on a monthly rate negotiated by the host county
or tribe. The negotiated rate must not exceed the rate charged by the vendor for the same
service to other payers. If the service is provided by a team of contracted vendors, the
county or tribe may negotiate a team rate with a vendor who is a member of the team. The
team shall determine how to distribute the rate among its members. No reimbursement
received by contracted vendors shall be returned to the county or tribe, except to reimburse
the county or tribe for advance funding provided by the county or tribe to the vendor.

(g) If the service is provided by a team which includes contracted vendors, tribal
staff, and county or state staff, the costs for county or state staff participation in the team
shall be included in the rate for county-provided services. In this case, the contracted
vendor, the tribal agency, and the county may each receive separate payment for services
provided by each entity in the same month. In order to prevent duplication of services,
each entity must document, in the recipient's file, the need for team case management and
a description of the roles of the team members.

(h) Notwithstanding section 256B.19, subdivision 1, the nonfederal share of costs
for mental health case management shall be provided by the recipient's county of
responsibility, as defined in sections 256G.01 to 256G.12, from sources other than federal
funds or funds used to match other federal funds. If the service is provided by a tribal
agency, the nonfederal share, if any, shall be provided by the recipient's tribe. When this
service is paid by the state without a federal share through fee-for-service, 50 percent of
the cost shall be provided by the recipient's county of responsibility.

(i) Notwithstanding any administrative rule to the contrary, prepaid medical
assistance, general assistance medical care, and MinnesotaCare include mental health case
management. When the service is provided through prepaid capitation, the nonfederal
share is paid by the state and the county pays no share.

(j) The commissioner may suspend, reduce, or terminate the reimbursement to a
provider that does not meet the reporting or other requirements of this section. The county
of responsibility, as defined in sections 256G.01 to 256G.12, or, if applicable, the tribal
agency, is responsible for any federal disallowances. The county or tribe may share this
responsibility with its contracted vendors.

(k) The commissioner shall set aside a portion of the federal funds earned for county
expenditures under this section to repay the special revenue maximization account under
section 256.01, subdivision 2, paragraph (o). The repayment is limited to:

(1) the costs of developing and implementing this section; and

(2) programming the information systems.

(l) Payments to counties and tribal agencies for case management expenditures
under this section shall only be made from federal earnings from services provided
under this section. When this service is paid by the state without a federal share through
fee-for-service, 50 percent of the cost shall be provided by the state. Payments to
county-contracted vendors shall include the federal earnings, the state share, and the
county share.
(m) Case management services under this subdivision do not include therapy, treatment, legal, or outreach services.

(n) If the recipient is a resident of a nursing facility, intermediate care facility, or hospital, and the recipient's institutional care is paid by medical assistance, payment for case management services under this subdivision is limited to the lesser of:

1. the last 180 days of the recipient's residency in that facility and may not exceed more than six months in a calendar year; or

2. the limits and conditions which apply to federal Medicaid funding for this service.

(o) Payment for case management services under this subdivision shall not duplicate payments made under other program authorities for the same purpose.

(p) If the recipient is receiving care in a hospital, nursing facility, or a residential setting licensed under chapter 245A or 245D that is staffed 24 hours per day, seven days per week, mental health targeted case management services must actively support identification of community alternatives and discharge planning for the recipient.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0625, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 20b. Mental health targeted case management through interactive video.

(a) Subject to federal approval, contact made for targeted case management by interactive video shall be eligible for payment under section 256B.0924, subdivision 6, if:

1. the person receiving targeted case management services is residing in:
   
   i. a hospital;
   
   ii. a nursing facility; or
   
   iii. a residential setting licensed under chapter 245A or 245D, or a boarding and lodging establishment or a lodging establishment that provides supportive services or health supervision services according to section 157.17, that is staffed 24 hours per day, seven days per week;

2. interactive video is in the best interests of the person and is deemed appropriate by the person receiving targeted case management or the person's legal guardian, the case management provider, and the provider operating the setting where the person is residing;

3. the use of interactive video is approved as part of the person's written personal service or case plan taking into consideration the person's vulnerability and active personal relationships; and

4. interactive video is used for up to, but not more than, 50 percent of the minimum required face-to-face contacts.
(b) The person receiving targeted case management or the person’s legal guardian has the right to choose and consent to the use of interactive video under this subdivision and has the right to refuse the use of interactive video at any time.

c) The commissioner shall establish criteria that a targeted case management provider must attest to in order to demonstrate the safety or efficacy of delivering the service via interactive video. The attestation may include that the case management provider has:

(1) written policies and procedures specific to interactive video services that are regularly reviewed and updated;

(2) policies and procedures that adequately address client safety before, during, and after the interactive video services are rendered;

(3) established protocols addressing how and when to discontinue interactive video services; and

(4) established a quality assurance process related to interactive video services.

d) As a condition of payment, the targeted case management provider must document the following for each occurrence of targeted case management provided by interactive video:

(1) the time the service began and the time the service ended, including an a.m. and p.m. designation;

(2) the basis for determining that interactive video is an appropriate and effective means for delivering the service to the person receiving case management services;

(3) the mode of transmission of the interactive video services and records evidencing that a particular mode of transmission was utilized;

(4) the location of the originating site and the distant site; and

(5) compliance with the criteria attested to by the targeted case management provider as provided in paragraph (c).

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256B.0924, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4a. Targeted case management through interactive video. (a) Subject to federal approval, contact made for targeted case management by interactive video shall be eligible for payment under subdivision 6 if:

1. the person receiving targeted case management services is residing in:

   (i) a hospital;

   (ii) a nursing facility;

   (iii) a residential setting licensed under chapter 245A or 245D, or a boarding and lodging establishment or a lodging establishment that provides supportive services or
health supervision services according to section 157.17, that is staffed 24 hours per day, seven days per week;

(2) interactive video is in the best interests of the person and is deemed appropriate by the person receiving targeted case management or the person's legal guardian, the case management provider, and the provider operating the setting where the person is residing;

(3) the use of interactive video is approved as part of the person's written personal service or case plan; and

(4) interactive video is used for up to, but not more than, 50 percent of the minimum required face-to-face contacts.

(b) The person receiving targeted case management or the person's legal guardian has the right to choose and consent to the use of interactive video under this subdivision and has the right to refuse the use of interactive video at any time.

(c) The commissioner shall establish criteria that a targeted case management provider must attest to in order to demonstrate the safety or efficacy of delivering the service via interactive video. The attestation may include that the case management provider has:

(1) written policies and procedures specific to interactive video services that are regularly reviewed and updated;

(2) policies and procedures that adequately address client safety before, during, and after the interactive video services are rendered;

(3) established protocols addressing how and when to discontinue interactive video services; and

(4) established a quality assurance process related to interactive video services.

(d) As a condition of payment, the targeted case management provider must document the following for each occurrence of targeted case management provided by interactive video:

(1) the time the service began and the time the service ended, including an a.m. and p.m. designation;

(2) the basis for determining that interactive video is an appropriate and effective means for delivering the service to the person receiving case management services;

(3) the mode of transmission of the interactive video services and records evidencing that a particular mode of transmission was utilized;

(4) the location of the originating site and the distant site; and

(5) compliance with the criteria attested to by the targeted case management provider as provided in paragraph (c).

Sec. 13. COMMISSIONER DUTY TO SEEK FEDERAL APPROVAL.
The commissioner of human services shall seek federal approval that is necessary to implement Minnesota Statutes, sections 256B.0621, subdivision 10, and 256B.0625, subdivision 20, for interactive video contact.

Sec. 14. RURAL DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.

(a) Children's mental health collaboratives under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.493, are eligible to apply for grant funding under this section. The commissioner shall solicit proposals and select the proposal that best meets the requirements under paragraph (c).

(c) Only one demonstration project may be funded under this section.

(b) The demonstration project must:

(1) support youth served to achieve, within their potential, their personal goals in employment, education, living situation, personal effectiveness, and community life functioning;

(2) build on and streamline transition services by identifying rural youth ages 15 to 25 currently in the mental health system or with emerging mental health conditions;

(3) provide individualized motivational coaching;

(4) build needed social supports;

(5) demonstrate how services can be enhanced for youth to successfully navigate the complexities associated with their unique needs;

(6) utilize all available funding streams;

(7) evaluate the effectiveness of the project; and

(8) compare differences in outcomes and costs to youth without previous access to this project.

(c) The commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over mental health issues on the status and outcomes of the demonstration project by January 15, 2019. The children's mental health collaboratives administering the demonstration project shall collect and report outcome data, per guidelines approved by the commissioner, to support the development of this report.

ARTICLE 6

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 119B.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Subsidy restrictions. (a) Beginning February 3, 2014, the maximum rate paid for child care assistance in any county or county price cluster under the child care fund shall be the greater of the 25th percentile of the 2011 child care provider rate
survey or the maximum rate effective November 28, 2011. For a child care provider located inside the boundaries of a city located in two or more counties, the maximum rate paid for child care assistance shall be equal to the maximum rate paid in the county with the highest maximum reimbursement rates or the provider's charge, whichever is less. The commissioner may: (1) assign a county with no reported provider prices to a similar price cluster; and (2) consider county level access when determining final price clusters.

(b) A rate which includes a special needs rate paid under subdivision 3 may be in excess of the maximum rate allowed under this subdivision.

(c) The department shall monitor the effect of this paragraph on provider rates. The county shall pay the provider's full charges for every child in care up to the maximum established. The commissioner shall determine the maximum rate for each type of care on an hourly, full-day, and weekly basis, including special needs and disability care. The maximum payment to a provider for one day of care must not exceed the daily rate. The maximum payment to a provider for one week of care must not exceed the weekly rate.

(d) Child care providers receiving reimbursement under this chapter must not be paid activity fees or an additional amount above the maximum rates for care provided during nonstandard hours for families receiving assistance.

(e) When the provider charge is greater than the maximum provider rate allowed, the parent is responsible for payment of the difference in the rates in addition to any family co-payment fee.

(f) All maximum provider rates changes shall be implemented on the Monday following the effective date of the maximum provider rate.

(g) Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 3400.0130, subpart 7, maximum registration fees in effect on January 1, 2013, shall remain in effect.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective September 11, 2017.

Sec. 2. [245A.043] ELECTRONIC APPLICATION; INFORMATION.

(a) The commissioner, in consultation with child care providers, shall conduct a feasibility study regarding the development of a single, easily accessible Web site that complies with the requirements contained in the federal reauthorization of the federal Child Care Development Fund. In conducting the study, the commissioner shall review current child care licensing processes and regulations in order to determine methods by which the commissioner can streamline processes for current and prospective child care providers including but not limited to applications for licensure, license renewals, and provider record keeping. As part of this review, the commissioner must evaluate the
feasibility of developing an online system that would allow child care providers and
prospective child care providers to:

(1) access a guide on how to start a child care business;

(2) access all applicable statutes, administrative rules, and agency policies and
procedures, including training requirements;

(3) access up-to-date contact information for state and county agency licensing staff;

(4) access information on the availability of grant programs and other resources
for providers;

(5) use an online reimbursement tool for payment under the child care assistance
programs; and

(6) submit a single electronic application and license renewal, including all
supporting documentation required by the commissioner, information related to child
care assistance program registration, and application for rating in the quality rating and
improvement system.

(b) Within the available appropriation for the feasibility study, the commissioner
must evaluate each of the six issues listed in paragraph (a).

(c) The commissioner shall submit the feasibility study to the chairs and ranking
minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction
over child care by September 30, 2016.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. [245A.055] NOTIFICATION TO PROVIDER.

(a) When the county employee responsible for family child care and group family
child care licensing conducts a licensing inspection or conducts a home visit, the employee
must provide, prior to departure from the residence or facility, a written notification to
the licensee of any potential licensing violations noted. The notification must include
the condition that constitutes the violation, the action that must be taken to correct the
condition, and the time allowed to correct the violation.

(b) Providing this notification to the licensee does not relieve the county employee
from notifying the commissioner of the violation as required by statute and administrative
rule.

Sec. 4. [245A.23] POSITIVE SUPPORT STRATEGIES.

(a) The commissioner of human services, in conjunction with licensed programs that
provide group family day care and family day care under Minnesota Rules, chapter 9502,
and child care centers licensed under Minnesota Rules, chapter 9503, must review and
evaluate the applicability of Minnesota Rules, chapter 9544, the positive support strategies
and restrictive interventions rules, to child care programs. The commissioner must
consider the undue hardship, including increased cost and reduction in child care services,
experienced by child care providers and child care centers as a result of the application
of Minnesota Rules, chapter 9544. The commissioner must determine which rules must
apply to each type of program, to what extent each rule must apply, and consider granting
variances to the requirements to programs that submit a request for a variance. The
commissioner must complete this review and evaluation process of the applicability of
Minnesota Rules, chapter 9544, to child care programs no later than December 31, 2016.
Within available appropriations, the commissioner must submit a written plan to modify
application of rules for child care programs to the house of representatives and senate
committees with jurisdiction over child care no later than January 15, 2017.
(b) Until the commissioner has completed the review and evaluation process and
submitted a written plan to the legislature required under paragraph (a), programs licensed
as family day care and group family day care facilities under Minnesota Rules, chapter
9502, and programs licensed as child care centers under Minnesota Rules, chapter 9503,
are exempt from the following rules:
(1) Minnesota Rules, part 9544.0040, functional behavior assessment, unless the
child has a case manager under section 256B.092, subdivision 1a, paragraph (e); and
(2) Minnesota Rules, part 9544.0090, staff qualifications and training.
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
Sec. 5. [245A.55] TRAINING FOR COUNTY LICENSING STAFF ON FAMILY
CHILD CARE AND GROUP FAMILY CHILD CARE REQUIREMENTS;
SUPERVISION.
(a) Within the first two months of employment, county staff who license and inspect
family child care and group family child care programs must complete at least eight hours
of training on state statutes, administrative rules, and department policies related to the
licensing and regulation of family child care and group family child care programs. The
department must develop the training curriculum to ensure that all county staff who perform
licensing and inspection functions receive uniform training. This training must include:
(1) explicit instructions that county staff who license and perform inspections
must apply only state statutes, administrative rules, and Department of Human Services
policies in the performance of their duties. Training must reinforce that county staff are
prohibited from imposing standards or requirements that are not imposed by statute, rule,
or approved state policy;
(2) the rights of license holders, including their grievance and appeal rights. This
training must include information on the responsibility of the county staff to inform license
holders of their rights, including grievance and appeal rights; and
(3) the procedure for county staff to seek clarification from the Department of
Human Services prior to issuing a correction order or other notice of violation to a license
holder if there is a dispute between the license holder and the county licensor regarding
the applicability of a statute or rule to the alleged violation.

(b) To ensure consistency among all licensing staff, the commissioner must develop
a procedure by which the department will implement increased training and oversight of
county staff who perform licensing functions related to family child care licensing. This
procedure must ensure that the commissioner conducts at least biennial reviews of county
licensing performance.

c) Each calendar year, county agency staff who license and regulate family child
care providers and group family child care providers and their supervisors must receive
notice from the commissioner on new laws enacted or adopted in the previous 12-month
period relating to family child care providers and group family child care providers. The
commissioner shall provide the notices each year to include information on new laws and
disseminate the notices to county agencies.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256D.051, subdivision 6b, is amended to read:

Subd. 6b. Federal reimbursement. (a) Federal financial participation from
the United States Department of Agriculture for food stamp employment and training
expenditures that are eligible for reimbursement through the food stamp employment and
training program are dedicated funds and are annually appropriated to the commissioner
of human services for the operation of the food stamp employment and training program.

(b) The appropriation must be used for skill attainment through employment,
training, and support services for food stamp participants. By February 15, 2017, the
commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative
committees having jurisdiction over the food stamp program on the progress of securing
additional federal reimbursement dollars under this program.

c) Federal financial participation for the nonstate portion of food stamp employment
and training costs must be paid to the county agency or service provider that incurred
the costs.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518.175, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
83.1 Subd. 5. Modification of parenting plan or order for parenting time. (a) If a parenting plan or an order granting parenting time cannot be used to determine the number of overnights or overnight equivalents the child has with each parent, the court shall modify the parenting plan or order granting parenting time so that the number of overnights or overnight equivalents the child has with each parent can be determined. For purposes of this section, "overnight equivalents" has the meaning provided in section 518A.36, subdivision 1.

83.2 (b) If modification would serve the best interests of the child, the court shall modify the decision-making provisions of a parenting plan or an order granting or denying parenting time, if the modification would not change the child's primary residence.

83.3 Consideration of a child's best interest includes a child's changing developmental needs.

83.4 (b) (c) Except as provided in section 631.52, the court may not restrict parenting time unless it finds that:

83.5 (1) parenting time is likely to endanger the child's physical or emotional health or impair the child's emotional development; or

83.6 (2) the parent has chronically and unreasonably failed to comply with court-ordered parenting time.

83.7 A modification of parenting time which increases a parent's percentage of parenting time to an amount that is between 45.1 to 54.9 percent parenting time is not a restriction of the other parent's parenting time.

83.8 (e) (d) If a parent makes specific allegations that parenting time by the other parent places the parent or child in danger of harm, the court shall hold a hearing at the earliest possible time to determine the need to modify the order granting parenting time. Consistent with subdivision 1a, the court may require a third party, including the local social services agency, to supervise the parenting time or may restrict a parent's parenting time if necessary to protect the other parent or child from harm. If there is an existing order for protection governing the parties, the court shall consider the use of an independent, neutral exchange location for parenting time.

83.9 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018.

83.10 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 518A.26, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

83.11 Subd. 14. Obligor. "Obligor" means a person obligated to pay maintenance or support. For purposes of ordering medical support under section 518A.41, a parent who has primary physical custody of a child may be an obligor subject to a payment agreement
under section 518A.69. If a parent has more than 55 percent court-ordered parenting time, there is a rebuttable presumption that the parent shall have a zero-dollar basic support obligation. A party seeking to overcome this presumption must show, and the court must consider, the following:

(1) a significant income disparity, which may include potential income determined under section 518A.32;

(2) the benefit and detriment to the child and the ability of each parent to meet the needs of the child; and

(3) whether the application of the presumption would have an unjust or inappropriate result.

The presumption of a zero-dollar basic support obligation does not eliminate that parent's obligation to pay child support arrears pursuant to section 518A.60.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2018.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.34, is amended to read:

**518A.34 COMPUTATION OF CHILD SUPPORT OBLIGATIONS.**

(a) To determine the presumptive child support obligation of a parent, the court shall follow the procedure set forth in this section.

(b) To determine the obligor's basic support obligation, the court shall:

1. determine the gross income of each parent under section 518A.29;

2. calculate the parental income for determining child support (PICS) of each parent, by subtracting from the gross income the credit, if any, for each parent's nonjoint children under section 518A.33;

3. determine the percentage contribution of each parent to the combined PICS by dividing the combined PICS into each parent's PICS;

4. determine the combined basic support obligation by application of the guidelines in section 518A.35;

5. determine the obligor's each parent's share of the combined basic support obligation by multiplying the percentage figure from clause (3) by the combined basic support obligation in clause (4); and

6. determine the parenting expense adjustment, if any, as apply the parenting expense adjustment formula provided in section 518A.36, and adjust the obligor's basic support obligation accordingly to determine the obligor's basic support obligation. If the parenting time of the parties is presumed equal, section 518A.36, subdivision 2, applies.
to the calculation of the basic support obligation and a determination of which parent
is the obligor.
(c) If the parents have split custody of the joint children, child support shall be
calculated for each joint child as follows:

(1) the court shall determine each parent's basic support obligation under paragraph
(b) and shall include the amount of each parent's obligation in the court order. If the basic
support calculation results in each parent owing support to the other, the court shall offset
the higher basic support obligation with the lower basic support obligation to determine
the amount to be paid by the parent with the higher obligation to the parent with the
lower obligation. For the purpose of the cost-of-living adjustment required under section
518A.75, the adjustment must be based on each parent's basic support obligation prior to
offset. For the purposes of this paragraph, "split custody" means that there are two or more
joint children and each parent has at least one joint child more than 50 percent of the time;

(2) if each parent pays all child care expenses for at least one joint child, the court
shall calculate child care support for each joint child as provided in section 518A.40. The
court shall determine each parent's child care support obligation and include the amount of
each parent's obligation in the court order. If the child care support calculation results in
each parent owing support to the other, the court shall offset the higher child care support
obligation with the lower child care support obligation to determine the amount to be paid
by the parent with the higher obligation to the parent with the lower obligation; and

(3) if each parent pays all medical or dental insurance expenses for at least one
joint child, medical support shall be calculated for each joint child as provided in section
518A.41. The court shall determine each parent's medical support obligation and include
the amount of each parent's obligation in the court order. If the medical support calculation
results in each parent owing support to the other, the court shall offset the higher medical
support obligation with the lower medical support obligation to determine the amount to
be paid by the parent with the higher obligation to the parent with the lower obligation.
Unreimbursed and uninsured medical expenses are not included in the presumptive amount
of support owed by a parent and are calculated and collected as provided in section 518A.41.

(d) The court shall determine the child care support obligation for the obligor
as provided in section 518A.40.

(e) The court shall determine the medical support obligation for each parent as
provided in section 518A.41. Unreimbursed and uninsured medical expenses are not
included in the presumptive amount of support owed by a parent and are calculated and
collected as described in section 518A.41.
(e) (f) The court shall determine each parent's total child support obligation by
adding together each parent's basic support, child care support, and health care coverage
obligations as provided in this section.

(f) (g) If Social Security benefits or veterans' benefits are received by one parent as a
representative payee for a joint child based on the other parent's eligibility, the court shall
subtract the amount of benefits from the other parent's net child support obligation, if any.

(g) (h) The final child support order shall separately designate the amount owed for
basic support, child care support, and medical support. If applicable, the court shall use
the self-support adjustment and minimum support adjustment under section 518A.42 to
determine the obligor's child support obligation.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.36, is amended to read:

518A.36 PARENTING EXPENSE ADJUSTMENT.

Subdivision 1. General. (a) The parenting expense adjustment under this section
reflects the presumption that while exercising parenting time, a parent is responsible
for and incurs costs of caring for the child, including, but not limited to, food, clothing,
transportation, recreation, and household expenses. Every child support order shall specify
the percentage of parenting time granted to or presumed for each parent. For purposes
of this section, the percentage of parenting time means the percentage of time a child is
scheduled to spend with the parent during a calendar year according to a court order
averaged over a two-year period. Parenting time includes time with the child whether it is
designated as visitation, physical custody, or parenting time. The percentage of parenting
time may be determined by calculating the number of overnights or overnight equivalents
that a child parent spends with a parent, or child pursuant to a court order. For purposes of
this section, overnight equivalents are calculated by using a method other than overnights
if the parent has significant time periods on separate days where the child is in the parent's
physical custody and under the direct care of the parent but does not stay overnight. The
court may consider the age of the child in determining whether a child is with a parent
for a significant period of time.

(b) If there is not a court order awarding parenting time, the court shall determine
the child support award without consideration of the parenting expense adjustment. If a
parenting time order is subsequently issued or is issued in the same proceeding, then the
child support order shall include application of the parenting expense adjustment.
Subd. 2. Calculation of parenting expense adjustment. The obligor is entitled to a parenting expense adjustment calculated as provided in this subdivision. The court shall:

(1) find the adjustment percentage corresponding to the percentage of parenting time allowed to the obligor below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percentage Range of Parenting Time</th>
<th>Adjustment Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) less than 10 percent</td>
<td>no adjustment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) 10 percent to 45 percent</td>
<td>12 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) 45.1 percent to 50 percent</td>
<td>presume parenting time is equal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) multiply the adjustment percentage by the obligor's basic child support obligation to arrive at the parenting expense adjustment; and

(3) subtract the parenting expense adjustment from the obligor's basic child support obligation. The result is the obligor's basic support obligation after parenting expense adjustment.

(a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given:

(1) "parent A" means the parent with whom the child or children will spend the least number of overnights under the court order; and

(2) "parent B" means the parent with whom the child or children will spend the greatest number of overnights under the court order.

(b) The court shall apply the following formula to determine which parent is the obligor and calculate the basic support obligation:

(1) raise to the power of three the approximate number of annual overnights the child or children will likely spend with parent A;

(2) raise to the power of three the approximate number of annual overnights the child or children will likely spend with parent B;

(3) multiply the result of clause (1) times parent B's share of the combined basic support obligation as determined in section 518A.34, paragraph (b), clause (5);

(4) multiply the result of clause (2) times parent A's share of the combined basic support obligation as determined in section 518A.34, paragraph (b), clause (5);

(5) subtract the result of clause (4) from the result of clause (3); and

(6) divide the result of clause (5) by the sum of clauses (1) and (2).

(c) If the result is a negative number, parent A is the obligor, the negative number becomes its positive equivalent, and the result is the basic support obligation. If the result is a positive number, parent B is the obligor and the result is the basic support obligation.

Subd. 3. Calculation of basic support when parenting time presumed is equal.

(a) If the parenting time is equal and the parental incomes for determining child support of
the parents also are equal, no basic support shall be paid unless the court determines that
the expenses for the child are not equally shared.

(b) If the parenting time is equal but the parents' parental incomes for determining
child support are not equal, the parent having the greater parental income for determining
child support shall be obligated for basic child support, calculated as follows:

(1) multiply the combined basic support calculated under section 518A.34 by 0.75;
(2) prorate the amount under clause (1) between the parents based on each parent's
proportionate share of the combined PICS; and
(3) subtract the lower amount from the higher amount.

The resulting figure is the obligation after parenting expense adjustment for the
parent with the greater parental income for determining child support.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 518A.39, subdivision 2, is
amended to read:

Subd. 2. Modification. (a) The terms of an order respecting maintenance or support
may be modified upon a showing of one or more of the following, any of which makes
the terms unreasonable and unfair: (1) substantially increased or decreased gross income
of an obligor or obligee; (2) substantially increased or decreased need of an obligor or
obligee or the child or children that are the subject of these proceedings; (3) receipt of
assistance under the AFDC program formerly codified under sections 256.72 to 256.87
or 256B.01 to 256B.40, or chapter 256J or 256K; (4) a change in the cost of living for
either party as measured by the Federal Bureau of Labor Statistics; (5) extraordinary
medical expenses of the child not provided for under section 518A.41; (6) a change in
the availability of appropriate health care coverage or a substantial increase or decrease
in health care coverage costs; (7) the addition of work-related or education-related child
care expenses of the obligee or a substantial increase or decrease in existing work-related
or education-related child care expenses; or (8) upon the emancipation of the child, as
provided in subdivision 5.

(b) It is presumed that there has been a substantial change in circumstances under
paragraph (a) and the terms of a current support order shall be rebuttably presumed to be
unreasonable and unfair if:

(1) the application of the child support guidelines in section 518A.35, to the current
circumstances of the parties results in a calculated court order that is at least 20 percent
and at least $75 per month higher or lower than the current support order or, if the current
support order is less than $75, it results in a calculated court order that is at least 20
percent per month higher or lower;

(2) the medical support provisions of the order established under section 518A.41
are not enforceable by the public authority or the obligee;

(3) health coverage ordered under section 518A.41 is not available to the child for
whom the order is established by the parent ordered to provide;

(4) the existing support obligation is in the form of a statement of percentage and not
a specific dollar amount;

(5) the gross income of an obligor or obligee has decreased by at least 20 percent
through no fault or choice of the party; or

(6) a deviation was granted based on the factor in section 518A.43, subdivision 1,
clause (4), and the child no longer resides in a foreign country or the factor is otherwise no
longer applicable.

(c) A child support order is not presumptively modifiable solely because an obligor
or obligee becomes responsible for the support of an additional nonjoint child, which is
born after an existing order. Section 518A.33 shall be considered if other grounds are
alleged which allow a modification of support.

(d) If child support was established by applying a parenting expense adjustment
or presumed equal parenting time calculation under previously existing child support
guidelines and there is no parenting plan or order from which overnights or overnight
equivalents can be determined, there is a rebuttable presumption that the established
adjustment or calculation shall continue after modification so long as the modification is
not based on a change in parenting time. In determining an obligation under previously
existing child support guidelines, it is presumed that the court shall:

(1) if a 12 percent parenting expense adjustment was applied, multiply the obligor's
share of the combined basic support obligation calculated under section 518A.34,
paragraph (b), clause (5), by 0.88; or

(2) if the parenting time was presumed equal but the parents' parental incomes for
determining child support were not equal:

(i) multiply the combined basic support obligation under section 518A.34, paragraph
(b), clause (5), by 0.075;

(ii) prorate the amount under item (i) between the parents based on each parent's
proportionate share of the combined PICS; and

(iii) subtract the lower amount from the higher amount.

(e) On a motion for modification of maintenance, including a motion for the
extension of the duration of a maintenance award, the court shall apply, in addition to all

Article 6 Sec. 11.
other relevant factors, the factors for an award of maintenance under section 518.552 that
exist at the time of the motion. On a motion for modification of support, the court:

(1) shall apply section 518A.35, and shall not consider the financial circumstances of
each party's spouse, if any; and

(2) shall not consider compensation received by a party for employment in excess of
a 40-hour work week, provided that the party demonstrates, and the court finds, that:

(i) the excess employment began after entry of the existing support order;
(ii) the excess employment is voluntary and not a condition of employment;
(iii) the excess employment is in the nature of additional, part-time employment, or
overtime employment compensable by the hour or fractions of an hour;
(iv) the party's compensation structure has not been changed for the purpose of
affecting a support or maintenance obligation;
(v) in the case of an obligor, current child support payments are at least equal to the
guidelines amount based on income not excluded under this clause; and
(vi) in the case of an obligor who is in arrears in child support payments to the
obligee, any net income from excess employment must be used to pay the arrearages
until the arrearages are paid in full.

(f) A modification of support or maintenance, including interest that accrued
pursuant to section 548.091, may be made retroactive only with respect to any period
during which the petitioning party has pending a motion for modification but only from
the date of service of notice of the motion on the responding party and on the public
authority if public assistance is being furnished or the county attorney is the attorney of
record, unless the court adopts an alternative effective date under paragraph (l). The
court's adoption of an alternative effective date under paragraph (l) shall not be considered
a retroactive modification of maintenance or support.

g) Except for an award of the right of occupancy of the homestead, provided
in section 518.63, all divisions of real and personal property provided by section 518.58
shall be final, and may be revoked or modified only where the court finds the existence
of conditions that justify reopening a judgment under the laws of this state, including
motions under section 518.145, subdivision 2. The court may impose a lien or charge on
the divided property at any time while the property, or subsequently acquired property, is
owned by the parties or either of them, for the payment of maintenance or support money,
or may sequester the property as is provided by section 518A.71.

(h) The court need not hold an evidentiary hearing on a motion for modification
of maintenance or support.
(h) Sections 518.14 and 518A.735 shall govern the award of attorney fees for motions brought under this subdivision.

(i) Except as expressly provided, an enactment, amendment, or repeal of law does not constitute a substantial change in the circumstances for purposes of modifying a child support order.

(j) MS 2006 [Expired]

(k) On the first modification under the income shares method of calculation following implementation of amended child support guidelines, the modification of basic support may be limited if the amount of the full variance would create hardship for either the obligor or the obligee.

(l) The court may select an alternative effective date for a maintenance or support order if the parties enter into a binding agreement for an alternative effective date.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2018.

Sec. 12. [518A.79] CHILD SUPPORT TASK FORCE.

Subd. 1. Establishment; purpose. There is established the Child Support Task Force for the Department of Human Services. The purpose of the task force is to advise the commissioner of human services on matters relevant to maintaining effective and efficient child support guidelines that will best serve the children of Minnesota and take into account the changing dynamics of families.

Subd. 2. Members. (a) The task force must consist of:

(1) two members of the house of representatives, one appointed by the speaker of the house and one appointed by the minority leader;

(2) two members of the senate, one appointed by the majority leader and one appointed by the minority leader;

(3) one representative from the Minnesota County Attorneys Association;

(4) one staff member from the Department of Human Services Child Support Division;

(5) one representative from a tribe with an approved IV-D program appointed by resolution of the Minnesota Indian Affairs Council;

(6) one representative from the Minnesota Family Support Recovery Council;

(7) one child support magistrate, family court referee, or one district court judge or retired judge with experience in child support matters, appointed by the chief justice of the Supreme Court;
(8) four parents, at least two of whom represent diverse cultural and social communities, appointed by the commissioner with equal representation between custodial and noncustodial parents; 
(9) one representative from the Minnesota Legal Services Coalition; and 
(10) one representative from the Family Law Section of the Minnesota Bar Association.

(b) Section 15.059 governs the Child Support Task Force.

(c) Members of the task force shall be compensated as provided in section 15.059, subdivision 3.

Subd. 3. Organization. (a) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall convene the first meeting of the task force.

(b) The members of the task force shall annually elect a chair and other officers as the members deem necessary.

(c) The task force shall meet at least three times per year, with one meeting devoted to collecting input from the public.

Subd. 4. Staff. The commissioner shall provide support staff, office space, and administrative services for the task force.

Subd. 5. Duties of the task force. (a) General duties of the task force include, but are not limited to:

(1) serving in an advisory capacity to the commissioner of human services;
(2) reviewing the effects of implementing the parenting expense adjustment enacted by the 2016 legislature;
(3) at least every four years, preparing for and advising the commissioner on the development of the quadrennial review report;
(4) collecting and studying information and data relating to child support awards; and
(5) conducting a comprehensive review of child support guidelines, economic conditions, and other matters relevant to maintaining effective and efficient child support guidelines.

(b) The task force must review, address, and make recommendations on the following priority issues:

(1) the self-support reserve for custodial and noncustodial parents;
(2) simultaneous child support orders;
(3) obligors who are subject to child support orders in multiple counties;
(4) parents with multiple families;
(5) non-nuclear families, such as grandparents, relatives, and foster parents who are caretakers of children;
Subd. 6. Consultation. The chair of the task force must consult with the Cultural and Ethnic Communities Leadership Council at least annually on the issues under consideration by the task force.

Subd. 7. Report and recommendations. Beginning February 15, 2018, and biennially thereafter, if the task force is extended by the legislature, the commissioner shall prepare and submit to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees of the house of representatives and the senate with jurisdiction over child support matters a report that summarizes the activities of the task force, issues identified by the task force, methods taken to address the issues, and recommendations for legislative action, if needed.

Subd. 8. Expiration. The task force expires June 30, 2019, unless extended by the legislature.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.558, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Establishment of team. A county shall establish a multidisciplinary child protection team that may include, but not be limited to, the director of the local welfare agency or designees, the county attorney or designees, the county sheriff or designees, representatives of health and education, representatives of mental health or other appropriate human service or community-based agencies, and parent groups. As used in this section, a "community-based agency" may include, but is not limited to, schools, social service agencies, family service and mental health collaboratives, children's advocacy centers, early childhood and family education programs, Head Start, or other agencies serving children and families. A member of the team must be designated as the lead person of the team responsible for the planning process to develop standards for its activities with battered women's and domestic abuse programs and services.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.558, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Duties of team. A multidisciplinary child protection team may provide public and professional education, develop resources for prevention, intervention, and treatment, and provide case consultation to the local welfare agency or other interested community-based agencies. The community-based agencies may request case consultation from the multidisciplinary child protection team regarding a child or family for whom the community-based agency is providing services. As used in this section, "case consultation" means a case review process in which recommendations are made concerning services to
be provided to the identified children and family. Case consultation may be performed by
a committee or subcommittee of members representing human services, including mental
health and chemical dependency; law enforcement, including probation and parole; the
county attorney; a children's advocacy center; health care; education; community-based
agencies and other necessary agencies; and persons directly involved in an individual case
as designated by other members performing case consultation.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.558, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:

Subd. 4. Children's advocacy center; definition. (a) For purposes of this section,
"children's advocacy center" means an organization, using a multidisciplinary team
approach, whose primary purpose is to provide children who have been the victims of
abuse and their nonoffending family members with:

(1) support and advocacy;
(2) specialized medical evaluation;
(3) trauma-focused mental health services; and
(4) forensic interviews.
(b) Children's advocacy centers provide multidisciplinary case review and the
tracking and monitoring of case progress.

Sec. 16. Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 1, section 125, is amended to read:

Sec. 125. LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE; CHILD PROTECTION.
(a) A legislative task force is created to:
(1) review the efforts being made to implement the recommendations of the
Governor's Task Force on the Protection of Children, including a review of the roles and
functions of the Office of Ombudsperson for Families;
(2) expand the efforts into related areas of the child welfare system;
(3) work with the commissioner of human services and community partners to
establish and evaluate child protection grants to address disparities in child welfare
pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 256E.28; and
(4) identify additional areas within the child welfare system that need to be addressed
by the legislature;
(5) review and recommend alternatives to law enforcement responding to a
maltreatment report by removing the child, and evaluate situations in which it may
be appropriate for a social worker or other child protection worker to remove the child
from the home; and

Article 6 Sec. 16.
(6) clarify the definition of "substantial child endangerment," and provide language in bill form by January 1, 2017.

(b) Members of the legislative task force shall include:

(1) the four legislators who served as members of the Governor's Task Force on the Protection of Children;

(2) two four members from the house of representatives appointed by the speaker, one two from the majority party and one two from the minority party; and

(2) two (2) four members from the senate, including two members appointed by the senate majority leader, one from the majority party and one from the minority party two members appointed by the senate minority leader.

Members of the task force shall serve a term that expires on December 31 of the even-numbered year following the year they are appointed. The speaker and the majority leader shall each appoint a chair and vice-chair from the membership of the task force. The gavel chair shall rotate after each meeting, and the house of representatives shall assume the leadership of the task force first. The task force must meet at least quarterly.

(c) The task force may provide oversight and monitoring of:

(1) the efforts by the Department of Human Services, counties, and tribes to implement laws related to child protection;

(2) efforts by the Department of Human Services, counties, and tribes to implement the recommendations of the Governor's Task Force on the Protection of Children;

(3) efforts by agencies, including but not limited to the Minnesota Department of Education, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, the Minnesota Department of Corrections, and the Minnesota Department of Public Safety, to work with the Department of Human Services to assure safety and well-being for children at risk of harm or children in the child welfare system; and

(4) efforts by the Department of Human Services, other agencies, counties, and tribes to implement best practices to ensure every child is protected from maltreatment and neglect and to ensure every child has the opportunity for healthy development.

(d) The task force, in cooperation with the commissioner of human services, shall issue an annual report to the legislature and governor by February 1, 2016. The report must contain information on the progress toward implementation of changes to the child protection system, recommendations for additional legislative changes and procedures affecting child protection and child welfare, and funding needs to implement recommended changes.

(e) The task force shall convene upon the effective date of this section and shall continue until the last day of the 2016 legislative session.
(e) This section expires December 31, 2020.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 17. **CHILD CARE PROVIDER LIAISON AND ADVOCATE.**

The commissioner of human services must designate a full-time employee of the department to serve as a child care provider liaison and advocate. The child care provider liaison and advocate must be responsive to requests from providers by providing information or assistance in obtaining or renewing licenses, meeting state regulatory requirements, or resolving disputes with state agencies or other political subdivisions.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 18. **LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE ON CHILD CARE.**

Subdivision 1. **Creation.** A legislative task force on child care is created to review the loss of child care providers in the state, assess affordability issues for providers and parents, and identify areas that need to be addressed by the legislature.

Subd. 2. **Membership.** Task force members shall include:

(1) four members from the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house, two from the majority party and two from the minority party; and

(2) four members from the senate appointed by the majority leader, two from the majority party and two from the minority party.

Subd. 3. **Duties.** (a) The task force may:

(1) evaluate factors that contribute to child care costs for providers and families;

(2) assess the child care provider shortage in greater Minnesota;

(3) review the current preservice and in-service training requirements for family child care providers and child care center staff. The review shall include training required for licensure, including staff credentialing for child care center staff positions and the ways in which the training aligns with Minnesota's Career Lattice and Minnesota's Knowledge and Competency Framework for Early Childhood and School-Aged Care Practitioners;

(4) review the availability of training that is in place to meet the training needs of providers, including the content of the training, cost, and delivery methods;

(5) consider creation of a board of child care to be responsible for all matters related to licensing of child care providers, both in-home and center-based programs, and to employ an advocate for child care providers;

(6) review the process of issuing and resolving correction orders issued to child care providers;
(7) consider uniform training requirements for county employees and their
supervisors who perform duties related to licensing;
(8) review progress being made by the commissioner of human services to streamline
paperwork and reduce redundancies for child care providers;
(9) review the time it takes for the department to provide child care assistance
program reimbursement to providers; and
(10) consider options for conducting exit interviews with providers who leave the
child care field or choose not to be relicensed.
(b) Task force members may receive input from the commissioners of human
services and economic development, providers, and stakeholders to review all action items.

Subd. 4. Recommendations and report. The task force, in cooperation with the
commissioner of human services, shall issue a report to the legislature and governor by
December 31, 2016. The report must contain summary information obtained during
the task force meetings and recommendations for additional legislative changes and
procedures affecting child care.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment
and sunsets on December 31, 2016.

Sec. 19. DIRECTION TO COMMISSIONERS; INCOME AND ASSET
EXCLUSION.
(a) The commissioner of human services shall not count payments made to families
by the income and child development in the first three years of life demonstration
project as income or assets for purposes of determining or redetermining eligibility for
child care assistance programs under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 119B; the Minnesota
family investment program, work benefit program, or diversionary work program under
Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256J, during the duration of the demonstration.
(b) The commissioner of human services shall not count payments made to families
by the income and child development in the first three years of life demonstration project
as income for purposes of determining or redetermining eligibility for medical assistance
under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256B, and MinnesotaCare under Minnesota Statutes,
chapter 256L.
(c) For the purposes of this section, "income and child development in the first
three years of life demonstration project" means a demonstration project funded by the
United States Department of Health and Human Services National Institutes of Health to
evaluate whether the unconditional cash payments have a causal effect on the cognitive,
socioemotional, and brain development of infants and toddlers.
(d) This section shall only be implemented if Minnesota is chosen as a site for
the child development in the first three years of life demonstration project, and expires
January 1, 2022.
(e) The commissioner of human services shall provide a report to the chairs and
ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over human
services issues by January 1, 2023, informing the legislature on the progress and outcomes
of the demonstration under this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (b) is effective August 16, 2016, or upon federal
approval, whichever is later.

Sec. 20. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.
The revisor of statutes, in consultation with the commissioner of human services;
the Office of Senate Counsel, Research, and Fiscal Analysis; and House Research, shall
recodify the Maltreatment of Minors Act, Minnesota Statutes, section 626.556, and
related statutes in order to create internal consistency, eliminate redundant language,
separate provisions governing investigations of maltreatment in institutions, and otherwise
reorganize the statutes to facilitate interpretation and application of the law. The
recodification must be drafted in bill form for introduction in the 2017 session.

Sec. 21. REPEALER; HANDS OFF CHILD CARE.
Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 179A.50; 179A.51; 179A.52; and 179A.53, are
repealed.

ARTICLE 7
HEALTH-RELATED LICENSING
GENETIC COUNSELORS

Section 1. [147F.01] DEFINITIONS.
Subdivision 1. Applicability. For purposes of sections 147F.01 to 147F.17, the
terms defined in this section have the meanings given them.
Subd. 2. ABGC. "ABGC" means the American Board of Genetic Counseling, a
national agency for certification and recertification of genetic counselors, or its successor
organization or equivalent.
Subd. 3. ABMG. "ABMG" means the American Board of Medical Genetics,
a national agency for certification and recertification of genetic counselors, medical
geneticists, and Ph.D. geneticists, or its successor organization.
Subd. 4. **ACGC.** "ACGC" means the Accreditation Council for Genetic Counseling, a specialized program accreditation board for educational training programs granting master's degrees or higher in genetic counseling, or its successor organization.

Subd. 5. **Board.** "Board" means the Board of Medical Practice.

Subd. 6. **Eligible status.** "Eligible status" means an applicant who has met the requirements and received approval from the ABGC to sit for the certification examination.

Subd. 7. **Genetic counseling.** "Genetic counseling" means the provision of services described in section 147F.03 to help clients and their families understand the medical, psychological, and familial implications of genetic contributions to a disease or medical condition.

Subd. 8. **Genetic counselor.** "Genetic counselor" means an individual licensed under sections 147F.01 to 147F.17 to engage in the practice of genetic counseling.

Subd. 9. **Licensed physician.** "Licensed physician" means an individual who is licensed to practice medicine under chapter 147.

Subd. 10. **NSGC.** "NSGC" means the National Society of Genetic Counselors, a professional membership association for genetic counselors that approves continuing education programs.

Subd. 11. **Qualified supervisor.** "Qualified supervisor" means any person who is licensed under sections 147F.01 to 147F.17 as a genetic counselor or a physician licensed under chapter 147 to practice medicine in Minnesota.

Subd. 12. **Supervisee.** "Supervisee" means a genetic counselor with a provisional license.

Subd. 13. **Supervision.** "Supervision" means an assessment of the work of the supervisee, including regular meetings and file review, by a qualified supervisor according to the supervision contract. Supervision does not require the qualified supervisor to be present while the supervisee provides services.

Sec. 2. **[147F.03] SCOPE OF PRACTICE.**

The practice of genetic counseling by a licensed genetic counselor includes the following services:

1. obtaining and interpreting individual and family medical and developmental histories;
2. determining the mode of inheritance and the risk of transmitting genetic conditions and birth defects;
3. discussing the inheritance, features, natural history, means of diagnosis, and management of conditions with clients;
(4) identifying, coordinating, ordering, and explaining the clinical implications of
genetic laboratory tests and other laboratory studies;

(5) assessing psychosocial factors, including social, educational, and cultural issues;

(6) providing client-centered counseling and anticipatory guidance to the client or
family based on their responses to the condition, risk of occurrence, or risk of recurrence;

(7) facilitating informed decision-making about testing and management;

(8) identifying and using community resources that provide medical, educational,
financial, and psychosocial support and advocacy; and

(9) providing accurate written medical, genetic, and counseling information for
families and health care professionals.

Sec. 3. [147F.05] UNLICENSED PRACTICE PROHIBITED; PROTECTED

TITLES AND RESTRICTIONS ON USE.

Subdivision 1. Protected titles. No individual may use the title "genetic counselor,"
"genetic associate," or any words, letters, abbreviations, or insignia indicating or implying
that the individual is eligible for licensure by the state as a genetic counselor unless the
individual has been licensed as a genetic counselor according to sections 147F.01 to
147F.17.

Subd. 2. Unlicensed practice prohibited. Effective January 1, 2018, no individual
may practice genetic counseling unless the individual is licensed as a genetic counselor
sections 147F.01 to 147F.17 except as otherwise provided under sections 147F.01 to
147F.17.

Subd. 3. Other practitioners. (a) Nothing in sections 147F.01 to 147F.17 shall be construed to prohibit or restrict the practice of any profession or occupation licensed or registered by the state by an individual duly licensed or registered to practice the profession or occupation or to perform any act that falls within the scope of practice of the profession or occupation.

(b) Nothing in sections 147F.01 to 147F.17 shall be construed to require a license under sections 147F.01 to 147F.17 for:

(1) an individual employed as a genetic counselor by the federal government or a federal agency if the individual is providing services under the direction and control of the employer;

(2) a student or intern, having graduated within the past six months, or currently enrolled in an ACGC-accredited genetic counseling educational program providing genetic counseling services that are an integral part of the student's or intern's course
of study, are performed under the direct supervision of a licensed genetic counselor or
physician who is on duty in the assigned patient care area, and the student is identified by
the title "genetic counseling intern";

(3) a visiting ABGC- or ABMG-certified genetic counselor working as a consultant
in this state who permanently resides outside of the state, or the occasional use of services
from organizations from outside of the state that employ ABGC- or ABMG-certified
genetic counselors. This is limited to practicing for 30 days total within one calendar year.

Certified genetic counselors from outside of the state working as a consultant in this state
must be licensed in their state of residence if that credential is available; or

(4) an individual who is licensed to practice medicine under chapter 147.

Subd. 4. Sanctions. An individual who violates this section is guilty of a
misdemeanor and shall be subject to sanctions or actions according to section 214.11.

Sec. 4. [147F.07] LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS.

Subdivision 1. General requirements for licensure. To be eligible for licensure, an
applicant, with the exception of those seeking licensure by reciprocity under subdivision
2, must submit to the board:

(1) a completed application on forms provided by the board along with all fees
required under section 147F.17. The applicant must include:

(i) the applicant's name, Social Security number, home address and telephone
number, and business address and telephone number if currently employed;

(ii) the name and location of the genetic counseling or medical program the applicant
completed;

(iii) a list of degrees received from other educational institutions;

(iv) a description of the applicant's professional training;

(v) a list of registrations, certifications, and licenses held in other jurisdictions;

(vi) a description of any other jurisdiction's refusal to credential the applicant;

(vii) a description of all professional disciplinary actions initiated against the
applicant in any jurisdiction; and

(viii) any history of drug or alcohol abuse, and any misdemeanor or felony conviction;

(2) evidence of graduation from an education program accredited by the ACGC or
its predecessor or successor organization;

(3) a verified copy of a valid and current certification issued by the ABGC or ABMG
as a certified genetic counselor, or by the ABMG as a certified medical geneticist;
(4) additional information as requested by the board, including any additional
information necessary to ensure that the applicant is able to practice with reasonable skill
and safety to the public;

(5) a signed statement verifying that the information in the application is true and
correct to the best of the applicant's knowledge and belief; and

(6) a signed waiver authorizing the board to obtain access to the applicant's records
in this or any other state in which the applicant completed an educational program or
engaged in the practice of genetic counseling.

Subd. 2. **Licensure by reciprocity.** To be eligible for licensure by reciprocity,
the applicant must hold a current genetic counselor or medical geneticist registration
or license in another state, the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States,
whose standards for registration or licensure are at least equivalent to those of Minnesota,
and must:

(1) submit the application materials and fees as required by subdivision 1, clauses
(1), (2), and (4) to (6);

(2) provide a verified copy from the appropriate government body of a current
registration or license for the practice of genetic counseling in another jurisdiction that has
initial registration or licensing requirements equivalent to or higher than the requirements
in subdivision 1; and

(3) provide letters of verification from the appropriate government body in each
jurisdiction in which the applicant holds a registration or license. Each letter must state
the applicant's name, date of birth, registration or license number, date of issuance, a
statement regarding disciplinary actions, if any, taken against the applicant, and the terms
under which the registration or license was issued.

Subd. 3. **Licensure by equivalency.** (a) The board may grant a license to an
individual who does not meet the certification requirements in subdivision 1 but who
has been employed as a genetic counselor for a minimum of ten years and provides the
following documentation to the board no later than February 1, 2018:

(1) proof of a master's or higher degree in genetics or related field of study from an
accredited educational institution;

(2) proof that the individual has never failed the ABGC or ABMG certification
examination;

(3) three letters of recommendation, with at least one from an individual eligible for
licensure under sections 147F.01 to 147F.17, and at least one from an individual certified
as a genetic counselor by the ABGC or ABMG or an individual certified as a medical
geneticist by the ABMG. An individual who submits a letter of recommendation must
have worked with the applicant in an employment setting during the past ten years and
must attest to the applicant's competency; and
(4) documentation of the completion of 100 hours of NSGC-approved continuing
education credits within the past five years.
(b) This subdivision expires February 1, 2018.
Subd. 4. **License expiration.** A genetic counselor license shall be valid for one
year from the date of issuance.
Subd. 5. **License renewal.** To be eligible for license renewal, a licensed genetic
counselor must submit to the board:
(1) a renewal application on a form provided by the board;
(2) the renewal fee required under section 147F.17;
(3) evidence of compliance with the continuing education requirements in section
147F.11; and
(4) any additional information requested by the board.

Sec. 5. **[147F.09] BOARD ACTION ON APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSURE.**
(a) The board shall act on each application for licensure according to paragraphs
(b) to (d).
(b) The board shall determine if the applicant meets the requirements for licensure
under section 147F.07. The board may investigate information provided by an applicant to
determine whether the information is accurate and complete.
(c) The board shall notify each applicant in writing of action taken on the application,
the grounds for denying licensure if a license is denied, and the applicant's right to review
the board's decision under paragraph (d).
(d) Applicants denied licensure may make a written request to the board, within 30
days of the board's notice, to appear before the advisory council and for the advisory
council to review the board's decision to deny the applicant's license. After reviewing the
denial, the advisory council shall make a recommendation to the board as to whether
the denial shall be affirmed. Each applicant is allowed only one request for review per
licensure period.

Sec. 6. **[147F.11] CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS.**
(a) A licensed genetic counselor must complete a minimum of 25 hours of NSGC-
or ABMG-approved continuing education units every two years. If a licensee's renewal
term is prorated to be more or less than one year, the required number of continuing
education units is prorated proportionately.
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(b) The board may grant a variance to the continuing education requirements specified in this section if a licensee demonstrates to the satisfaction of the board that the licensee is unable to complete the required number of educational units during the renewal term. The board may allow the licensee to complete the required number of continuing education units within a time frame specified by the board. In no case shall the board allow the licensee to complete less than the required number of continuing education units.

Sec. 7. [147F.13] DISCIPLINE; REPORTING.
For purposes of sections 147F.01 to 147F.17, licensed genetic counselors and applicants are subject to sections 147.091 to 147.162.

Sec. 8. [147F.15] LICENSED GENETIC COUNSELOR ADVISORY COUNCIL.
Subdivision 1. Membership. The board shall appoint a five-member Licensed Genetic Counselor Advisory Council. One member must be a licensed physician with experience in genetics, three members must be licensed genetic counselors, and one member must be a public member.

Subd. 2. Organization. The advisory council shall be organized and administered as provided in section 15.059.

Subd. 3. Duties. The advisory council shall:
(1) advise the board regarding standards for licensed genetic counselors;
(2) provide for distribution of information regarding licensed genetic counselor practice standards;
(3) advise the board on enforcement of sections 147F.01 to 147F.17;
(4) review applications and recommend granting or denying licensure or license renewal;
(5) advise the board on issues related to receiving and investigating complaints, conducting hearings, and imposing disciplinary action in relation to complaints against licensed genetic counselors; and
(6) perform other duties authorized for advisory councils by chapter 214, as directed by the board.

Subd. 4. Expiration. Notwithstanding section 15.059, the advisory council does not expire.

Sec. 9. [147F.17] FEES.
Subdivision 1. Fees. Fees are as follows:
(1) license application fee, $200;
(2) initial licensure and annual renewal, $150;
(3) provisional license fee, $150; and
(4) late fee, $75.

Subd. 2. Proration of fees. The board may prorate the initial license fee. All licensees are required to pay the full fee upon license renewal.

Subd. 3. Penalty for late renewals. An application for registration renewal submitted after the deadline must be accompanied by a late fee in addition to the required fees.

Subd. 4. Nonrefundable fees. All fees are nonrefundable.

Subd. 5. Deposit. Fees collected by the board under this section shall be deposited in the state government special revenue fund.

SPoken LANGUAGE HEALTH CARE INTERPRETER

Sec. 10. [148.9981] DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. Applicability. The definitions in this section apply to sections 148.9981 to 148.9987.


Subd. 3. Code of ethics. "Code of ethics" means the National Code of Ethics for Interpreters in Health Care, as published by the National Council on Interpreting in Health Care or its successor, or the International Medical Interpreters Association or its successor.

Subd. 4. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health.

Subd. 5. Common languages. "Common languages" mean the ten most frequent languages without regard to dialect in Minnesota for which interpreters are listed on the registry.

Subd. 6. Interpreting standards of practice. "Interpreting standards of practice" means the interpreting standards of practice in health care as published by the National Council on Interpreting in Health Care or its successor, or the International Medical Interpreters Association or its successor.

Subd. 7. Registry. "Registry" means a database of spoken language health care interpreters in Minnesota who have met the qualifications described under section 148.9982, subdivision 2, 3, 4, or 5, which shall be maintained by the commissioner of health.

Subd. 8. Remote interpretation. "Remote interpretation" means providing spoken language interpreting services via a telephone or by video conferencing.
106.1 Subd. 9. **Spoken language health care interpreter or interpreter.** "Spoken language health care interpreter" or "interpreter" means an individual who receives compensation or other remuneration for providing spoken language interpreter services for patients with limited English proficiency within a medical setting either by face-to-face interpretation or remote interpretation.

106.6 Subd. 10. **Spoken language interpreting services.** "Spoken language interpreting services" means the conversion of one spoken language into another by an interpreter for the purpose of facilitating communication between a patient and a health care provider who do not share a common spoken language.

106.10 Sec. 11. [148.9982] REGISTRY.

106.11 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** (a) By July 1, 2017, the commissioner of health shall establish and maintain a registry for spoken language health care interpreters. The registry shall contain four separate tiers based on different qualification standards for education and training.

106.15 (b) An individual who wants to be listed on the registry must submit an application to the commissioner on a form provided by the commissioner along with all applicable fees required under section 148.9987. The form must include the applicant's name; Social Security number; business address and telephone number, or home address and telephone number if the applicant has a home office; the applicant's employer or the agencies with which the applicant is affiliated; the employer's or agencies' addresses and telephone numbers; and the languages the applicant is qualified to interpret.

106.22 (c) Upon receipt of the application, the commissioner shall determine if the applicant meets the requirements for the applicable registry tier. The commissioner may request further information from the applicant if the information provided is not complete or accurate. The commissioner shall notify the applicant of action taken on the application, and if the application is denied, the grounds for denying the application.

106.27 (d) If the commissioner denies an application, the applicant may apply for a lower tier or may reapply for the same tier at a later date. If an applicant applies for a different tier or reapplies for the same tier, the applicant must submit with the new application the applicable fees under section 148.9987.

106.31 (e) Applicants who qualify for different tiers for different languages shall only be required to complete one application and submit with the application the fee associated with the highest tier for which the applicant is applying.
(f) The commissioner may request, as deemed necessary, additional information from an applicant to determine or verify qualifications or collect information to manage the registry or monitor the field of health care interpreting.

Subd. 2. Tier 1 requirements. The commissioner shall include on the tier 1 registry an applicant who meets the following requirements:

(1) is at least 18 years of age;

(2) passes an examination approved by the commissioner on basic medical terminology in English;

(3) passes an examination approved by the commissioner on interpreter ethics and standards of practice; and

(4) affirms by signature, including electronic signature, that the applicant has read the code of ethics and interpreting standards of practice identified on the registry Web site and agrees to abide by them.

Subd. 3. Tier 2 requirements. The commissioner shall include on the tier 2 registry an applicant who meets the requirements for tier 1 described under subdivision 2 and who:

(1) effective July 1, 2017, to June 30, 2018, provides proof of successfully completing a training program for medical interpreters approved by the commissioner that is, at a minimum, 40 hours in length; or

(2) effective July 1, 2018, provides proof of successfully completing a training program for medical interpreters approved by the commissioner that is equal in length to the number of hours required by the Certification Commission for Healthcare Interpreters (CCHI) or National Council on Interpreting in Health Care (NCIHC) or their successors. If the number of hours required by CCHI or its successor and the number of hours required by the NCIHC or its successor differ, the number of hours required to qualify for the registry shall be the greater of the two. A training program of 40 hours or more approved by the commissioner and completed prior to July 1, 2017, may count toward the number of hours required.

Subd. 4. Tier 3 requirements. The commissioner shall include on the tier 3 registry an applicant who meets the requirements for tier 1 described under subdivision 2 and who:

(1) has a national certification in health care interpreting that does not include a performance examination from a certifying organization approved by the commissioner; or

(2) provides proof of successfully completing an interpreting certification program from an accredited United States academic institution approved by the commissioner that is, at a minimum, 18 semester credits.
Subd. 5. **Tier 4 requirements.** (a) The commissioner shall include on the tier 4 registry an applicant who meets the requirements for tier 1 described under subdivision 2 and who:

(1) has a national certification from a certifying organization approved by the commissioner in health care interpreting that includes a performance examination in the non-English language in which the interpreter is registering to interpret; or

(2)(i) has an associate's degree or higher in interpreting from an accredited United States academic institution. The degree and institution must be approved by the commissioner and the degree must include a minimum of three semester credits in medical terminology or medical interpreting; and

(ii) has achieved a score of "advanced mid" or higher on the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages Oral Proficiency Interview in a non-English language in which the interpreter is registering to interpret.

(b) The commissioner, in consultation with the advisory council, may approve alternative means of meeting oral proficiency requirements for tier 4 for languages in which the American Council of Teaching of Foreign Languages Oral Proficiency Interview is not available.

(c) The commissioner, in consultation with the advisory council, may approve a degree from an educational institution from a foreign country as meeting the associate's degree requirement in paragraph (a), clause (2). The commissioner may assess the applicant a fee to cover the cost of foreign credential evaluation services approved by the commissioner, in consultation with the advisory council, and any additional steps necessary to process the application. Any assessed fee must be paid by the interpreter before the interpreter will be registered.

Subd. 6. **Change of name and address.** Registered spoken language health care interpreters who change their name, address, or e-mail address must inform the commissioner in writing of the change within 30 days. All notices or other correspondence mailed to the interpreter's address or e-mail address on file with the commissioner shall be considered as having been received by the interpreter.

**Subd. 7. Data.** Section 13.41 applies to government data of the commissioner on applicants and registered interpreters.

Sec. 12. [148.9983] **RENEWAL.**

**Subdivision 1. Registry period.** Listing on the registry is valid for a one-year period. To renew inclusion on the registry, an interpreter must submit:

(1) a renewal application on a form provided by the commissioner;
(2) a continuing education report on a form provided by the commissioner as
specified under section 148.9985; and

(3) the required fees under section 148.9987.

Subd. 2. Notice. (a) Sixty days before the registry expiration date, the commissioner
shall send out a renewal notice to the spoken language health care interpreter's last known
address or e-mail address on file with the commissioner. The notice must include an
application for renewal and the amount of the fee required for renewal. If the interpreter
does not receive the renewal notice, the interpreter is still required to meet the deadline for
renewal to qualify for continuous inclusion on the registry.

(b) An application for renewal must be received by the commissioner or postmarked
at least 30 calendar days before the registry expiration date.

Subd. 3. Late fee. A renewal application submitted after the renewal deadline
date must include the late fee specified in section 148.9987. Fees for late renewal shall
not be prorated.

Subd. 4. Lapse in renewal. An interpreter whose registry listing has been expired
for a period of one year or longer must submit a new application to be listed on the registry
instead of a renewal application.

Sec. 13. [148.9984] DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS; OVERSIGHT OF

COMPLAINTS.

Subdivision 1. Prohibited conduct. (a) The following conduct is prohibited and is
grounds for disciplinary or corrective action:

(1) failure to provide spoken language interpreting services consistent with the
code of ethics and interpreting standards of practice, or performance of the interpretation
in an incompetent or negligent manner;

(2) conviction of a crime, including a finding or verdict of guilt, an admission of
guilt, or a no-contest plea, in any court in Minnesota or any other jurisdiction in the United
States, demonstrably related to engaging in spoken language health care interpreter
services. Conviction includes a conviction for an offense which, if committed in this
state, would be deemed a felony;

(3) conviction of violating any state or federal law, rule, or regulation that directly
relates to the practice of spoken language health care interpreters;

(4) adjudication as mentally incompetent or as a person who is dangerous to self
or adjudication pursuant to chapter 253B as chemically dependent, developmentally
disabled, mentally ill and dangerous to the public, or as a sexual psychopathic personality
or sexually dangerous person;
(5) violation or failure to comply with an order issued by the commissioner;
(6) obtaining money, property, services, or business from a client through the use of
undue influence, excessive pressure, harassment, duress, deception, or fraud;
(7) revocation of the interpreter's national certification as a result of disciplinary
action brought by the national certifying body;
(8) failure to perform services with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety due to the
use of alcohol or drugs or other physical or mental impairment;
(9) engaging in conduct likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public;
(10) demonstrating a willful or careless disregard for the health, welfare, or safety
of a client;
(11) failure to cooperate with the commissioner or advisory council in an
investigation or to provide information in response to a request from the commissioner
or advisory council;
(12) aiding or abetting another person in violating any provision of sections
148.9981 to 148.9987; and
(13) release or disclosure of a health record in violation of sections 144.291 to
144.298.

(b) In disciplinary actions alleging a violation of paragraph (a), clause (2), (3), or
(4), a copy of the judgment or proceeding under seal of the court administrator, or of the
administrative agency that entered the same, is admissible into evidence without further
authentication and constitutes prima facie evidence of its contents.

Subd. 2. Complaints. The commissioner may initiate an investigation upon
receiving a complaint or other oral or written communication that alleges or implies
a violation of subdivision 1. In the receipt, investigation, and hearing of a complaint
that alleges or implies a violation of subdivision 1, the commissioner shall follow the
procedures in section 214.10.

Subd. 3. Disciplinary actions. If the commissioner finds that an interpreter who
is listed on the registry has violated any provision of sections 148.9981 to 148.9987, the
commissioner may take any one or more of the following actions:
(1) remove the interpreter from the registry;
(2) impose limitations or conditions on the interpreter's practice, impose
rehabilitation requirements, or require practice under supervision; or
(3) censure or reprimand the interpreter.

Subd. 4. Reinstatement requirements after disciplinary action. Interpreters
who have been removed from the registry may request and provide justification for
reinstatement. The requirements of sections 148.9981 to 148.9987 for registry renewal
111.1 and any other conditions imposed by the commissioner must be met before the interpreter
111.2 may be reinstated on the registry.
111.3
111.4 Sec. 14. [148.9985] CONTINUING EDUCATION.
111.5 Subdivision 1. Course approval. The advisory council shall approve continuing
111.6 education courses and training. A course that has not been approved by the advisory
111.7 council may be submitted, but may be disapproved by the commissioner. If the course
111.8 is disapproved, it shall not count toward the continuing education requirement. The
111.9 interpreter must complete the following hours of continuing education during each
111.10 one-year registry period:
111.11 (1) for tier 2 interpreters, a minimum of four contact hours of continuing education;
111.12 (2) for tier 3 interpreters, a minimum of six contact hours of continuing education; and
111.13 (3) for tier 4 interpreters, a minimum of eight contact hours of continuing education.
111.14 Contact hours shall be prorated for interpreters who are assigned a registry cycle of
111.15 less than one year.
111.16 Subd. 2. Continuing education verification. Each spoken language health care
111.17 interpreter shall submit with a renewal application a continuing education report on a form
111.18 provided by the commissioner that indicates that the interpreter has met the continuing
111.19 education requirements of this section. The form shall include the following information:
111.20 (1) the title of the continuing education activity;
111.21 (2) a brief description of the activity;
111.22 (3) the sponsor, presenter, or author;
111.23 (4) the location and attendance dates;
111.24 (5) the number of contact hours; and
111.25 (6) the interpreter's notarized affirmation that the information is true and correct.
111.26 Subd. 3. Audit. The commissioner or advisory council may audit a percentage of
111.27 the continuing education reports based on a random selection.
111.28 Sec. 15. [148.9986] SPOKEN LANGUAGE HEALTH CARE INTERPRETER
111.29 ADVISORY COUNCIL.
111.30 Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner shall appoint 12 members to a
111.31 Spoken Language Health Care Interpreter Advisory Council consisting of the following
111.32 members:
111.33 (1) three members who are interpreters listed on the roster prior to July 1, 2017, or
111.34 on the registry after July 1, 2017, and who are Minnesota residents. Of these members,
111.35 each must be an interpreter for a different language; at least one must have a national
certification credential; and at least one must have been listed on the roster prior to July 1, 2017, or on the registry after July 1, 2017, as an interpreter in a language other than the common languages and must have completed a training program for medical interpreters approved by the commissioner that is, at a minimum, 40 hours in length:

(2) three members representing limited English proficient (LEP) individuals, of these members, two must represent LEP individuals who are proficient in a common language and one must represent LEP individuals who are proficient in a language that is not one of the common languages:

(3) one member representing a health plan company;

(4) one member representing a Minnesota health system who is not an interpreter;

(5) one member representing an interpreter agency;

(6) one member representing an interpreter training program or postsecondary educational institution program providing interpreter courses or skills assessment;

(7) one member who is affiliated with a Minnesota-based or Minnesota chapter of a national or international organization representing interpreters; and

(8) one member who is a licensed direct care health provider.

Subd. 2. Organization. The advisory council shall be organized and administered under section 15.059.

Subd. 3. Duties. The advisory council shall:

(1) advise the commissioner on issues relating to interpreting skills, ethics, and standards of practice, including reviewing and recommending changes to the examinations identified in section 148.9982, subdivision 2, on basic medical terminology in English and interpreter ethics and interpreter standards of practice;

(2) advise the commissioner on recommended changes to accepted spoken language health care interpreter qualifications, including degree and training programs and performance examinations;

(3) address barriers for interpreters to gain access to the registry, including barriers to interpreters of uncommon languages and interpreters in rural areas;

(4) advise the commissioner on methods for identifying gaps in interpreter services in rural areas and make recommendations to address interpreter training and funding needs;

(5) inform the commissioner on emerging issues in the spoken language health care interpreter field;

(6) advise the commissioner on training and continuing education programs;

(7) provide for distribution of information regarding interpreter standards and resources to help interpreters qualify for higher registry tier levels;
(8) make recommendations for necessary statutory changes to Minnesota interpreter law;

(9) compare the annual cost of administering the registry and the annual total collection of registration fees and advise the commissioner, if necessary, to recommend an adjustment to the registration fees;

(10) identify barriers to meeting tier requirements and make recommendations to the commissioner for addressing these barriers;

(11) identify and make recommendations to the commissioner for Web distribution of patient and provider education materials on working with an interpreter and on reporting interpreter behavior as identified in section 148.9984; and

(12) review and update as necessary the process for determining common languages.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

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Sec. 16. [148.9987] FEES.

Subdivision 1. Fees. (a) The initial and renewal application fees for interpreters listed on the registry shall be established by the commissioner not to exceed $90.

(b) The renewal late fee for the registry shall be established by the commissioner not to exceed $30.

(c) If the commissioner must translate a document to verify whether a foreign degree qualifies for registration for tier 4, the commissioner may assess a fee equal to the actual cost of translation and additional effort necessary to process the application.

Subd. 2. Nonrefundable fees. The fees in this section are nonrefundable.

Subd. 3. Deposit. Fees received under sections 148.9981 to 148.9987 shall be deposited in the state government special revenue fund.

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Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 256B.0625, subdivision 18a, is amended to read:

Subd. 18a. Access to medical services. (a) Medical assistance reimbursement for meals for persons traveling to receive medical care may not exceed $5.50 for breakfast, $6.50 for lunch, or $8 for dinner.

(b) Medical assistance reimbursement for lodging for persons traveling to receive medical care may not exceed $50 per day unless prior authorized by the local agency.

(c) Regardless of the number of employees that an enrolled health care provider may have, medical assistance covers sign and oral spoken language health care interpreter services when provided by an enrolled health care provider during the course of providing a direct, person-to-person covered health care service to an enrolled recipient with limited...
English proficiency or who has a hearing loss and uses interpreting services. Coverage
for face-to-face oral language spoken language health care interpreter services shall be
provided only if the oral language spoken language health care interpreter used by the
enrolled health care provider is listed on the registry or roster established under section
144.058 or the registry established under sections 148.9981 to 148.9987. Beginning July
1, 2018, coverage for spoken language health care interpreter services shall be provided
only if the spoken language health care interpreter used by the enrolled health care
provider is listed on the registry established under sections 148.9981 to 148.9987.

Sec. 18. STRATIFIED MEDICAL ASSISTANCE REIMBURSEMENT SYSTEM
FOR SPOKEN LANGUAGE HEALTH CARE INTERPRETERS.
(a) The commissioner of human services, in consultation with the commissioner
of health, the Spoken Language Health Care Interpreter Advisory Council established
under Minnesota Statutes, section 148.9986, and representatives from the interpreting
stakeholder community at large, shall study and make recommendations for creating a
tiered reimbursement system for the Minnesota public health care programs for spoken
language health care interpreters based on the different tiers of the spoken language health
care interpreters registry established by the commissioner of health under Minnesota
Statutes, sections 148.9981 to 148.9987.
(b) The commissioner of human services shall submit the proposed reimbursement
system, including the fiscal costs for the proposed system to the chairs and ranking
minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction
over health and human services policy and finance by January 15, 2017.
(c) The commissioner of health, in consultation with the Spoken Language Health
Care Interpreter Advisory Council, shall review the fees established under Minnesota
Statutes, section 148.9987, and make recommendations based on the results of the
study and recommendations under paragraph (a) whether the fees are established at an
appropriate level, including whether specific fees should be established for each tier of the
registry instead of one uniform fee for all tiers. The total fees collected must be sufficient
to recover the costs of the spoken language health care registry. If the commissioner
recommends different fees for the tier, the commissioner shall submit the proposed fees to
the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction
over health and human services policy and finance by January 15, 2018.

Sec. 19. INITIAL SPOKEN LANGUAGE HEALTH CARE ADVISORY
COUNCIL MEETING.
The commissioner of health shall convene the first meeting of the Spoken Language Health Care Advisory Council by October 1, 2016.

Sec. 20. SPOKEN LANGUAGE HEALTH CARE INTERPRETER REGISTRY FEES.
Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 148.9987, paragraph (a), the initial and renewal fees for interpreters listed on the spoken language health care registry shall be $50 between the period of July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, and shall be $70 between the period of July 1, 2018, through June 30, 2019. Beginning July 1, 2019, the fees shall be in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 148.9987.

Sec. 21. REPEALER.
Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144.058, is repealed effective July 1, 2018.

MINNESOTA ORTHOTIST, PROSTHETIST, AND PEDORTHIST PRACTICE ACT

Sec. 22. [153B.10] SHORT TITLE.
Chapter 153B may be cited as the "Minnesota Orthotist, Prosthetist, and Pedorthist Practice Act."

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2016.

Sec. 23. [153B.15] DEFINITIONS.
Subdivision 1. Application. For purposes of this act, the following words have the meanings given.


Subd. 3. Board. "Board" means the Board of Podiatric Medicine.

Subd. 4. Custom-fabricated device. "Custom-fabricated device" means an orthosis, prosthesis, or pedorthic device for use by a patient that is fabricated to comprehensive measurements or a mold or patient model in accordance with a prescription and which requires on-site or in-person clinical and technical judgment in its design, fabrication, and fitting.

Subd. 5. Licensed orthotic-prosthetic assistant. "Licensed orthotic-prosthetic assistant" or "assistant" means a person, licensed by the board, who is educated and trained to participate in comprehensive orthotic and prosthetic care while under the
supervision of a licensed orthotist or licensed prosthetist. Assistants may perform orthotic
and prosthetic procedures and related tasks in the management of patient care. The
assistant may fabricate, repair, and maintain orthoses and prostheses. The use of the title
"orthotic-prosthetic assistant" or representations to the public is limited to a person who is
licensed under this chapter as an orthotic-prosthetic assistant.

Subd. 6. Licensed orthotic fitter. "Licensed orthotic fitter" or "fitter" means a
person licensed by the board who is educated and trained in providing certain orthoses,
and is trained to conduct patient assessments, formulate treatment plans, implement
treatment plans, perform follow-up, and practice management pursuant to a prescription.
An orthotic fitter must be competent to fit certain custom-fitted, prefabricated, and
off-the-shelf orthoses as follows:

1. cervical orthoses, except those used to treat an unstable cervical condition;
2. prefabricated orthoses for the upper and lower extremities, except those used in:
   i. the initial or acute treatment of long bone fractures and dislocations;
   ii. therapeutic shoes and inserts needed as a result of diabetes; and
   iii. functional electrical stimulation orthoses;
3. prefabricated spinal orthoses, except those used in the treatment of scoliosis or
   unstable spinal conditions, including halo cervical orthoses; and
4. trusses.

The use of the title "orthotic fitter" or representations to the public is limited to a person
who is licensed under this chapter as an orthotic fitter.

Subd. 7. Licensed orthotist. "Licensed orthotist" means a person licensed by
the board who is educated and trained to practice orthotics, which includes managing
comprehensive orthotic patient care pursuant to a prescription. The use of the title
"orthotist" or representations to the public is limited to a person who is licensed under
this chapter as an orthotist.

Subd. 8. Licensed pedorthist. "Licensed pedorthist" means a person licensed by
the board who is educated and trained to manage comprehensive pedorthic patient care
and who performs patient assessments, formulates and implements treatment plans, and
performs follow-up and practice management pursuant to a prescription. A pedorthist may
fit, fabricate, adjust, or modify devices within the scope of the pedorthist's education and
training. Use of the title "pedorthist" or representations to the public is limited to a person
who is licensed under this chapter as a pedorthist.

Subd. 9. Licensed prosthetist. "Licensed prosthetist" means a person licensed by
the board who is educated and trained to manage comprehensive prosthetic patient care,
and who performs patient assessments, formulates and implements treatment plans, and
performs follow-up and practice management pursuant to a prescription. Use of the title "prosthetist" or representations to the public is limited to a person who is licensed under this chapter as a prosthetist.

Subd. 10. **Licensed prosthetist orthotist.** "Licensed prosthetist orthotist" means a person licensed by the board who is educated and trained to manage comprehensive prosthetic and orthotic patient care, and who performs patient assessments, formulates and implements treatment plans, and performs follow-up and practice management pursuant to a prescription. Use of the title "prosthetist orthotist" or representations to the public is limited to a person who is licensed under this chapter as a prosthetist orthotist.

Subd. 11. **NCOPE.** "NCOPE" means National Commission on Orthotic and Prosthetic Education, an accreditation program that ensures educational institutions and residency programs meet the minimum standards of quality to prepare individuals to enter the orthotic, prosthetic, and pedorthic professions.

Subd. 12. **Orthosis.** "Orthosis" means an external device that is custom-fabricated or custom-fitted to a specific patient based on the patient's unique physical condition and is applied to a part of the body to help correct a deformity, provide support and protection, restrict motion, improve function, or relieve symptoms of a disease, syndrome, injury, or postoperative condition.

Subd. 13. **Orthotics.** "Orthotics" means the science and practice of evaluating, measuring, designing, fabricating, assembling, fitting, adjusting, or servicing an orthosis pursuant to a prescription. The practice of orthotics includes providing the initial training necessary for fitting an orthotic device for the support, correction, or alleviation of neuromuscular or musculoskeletal dysfunction, disease, injury, or deformity.

Subd. 14. **Over-the-counter.** "Over-the-counter" means a prefabricated, mass-produced item that is prepackaged, requires no professional advice or judgment in size selection or use, and is currently available at retail stores without a prescription.

Over-the-counter items are not regulated by this act.

Subd. 15. **Off-the-shelf.** "Off-the-shelf" means a prefabricated device sized or modified for the patient's use pursuant to a prescription and which requires changes to be made by a qualified practitioner to achieve an individual fit, such as requiring the item to be trimmed, bent, or molded with or without heat, or requiring any other alterations beyond self adjustment.

Subd. 16. **Pedorthic device.** "Pedorthic device" means below-the-ankle partial foot prostheses for transmetatarsal and more distal amputations, foot orthoses, and subtalar-control foot orthoses to control the range of motion of the subtalar joint.

A prescription is required for any pedorthic device, modification, or prefabricated
below-the-knee orthosis addressing a medical condition that originates at the ankle or
down. Pedorthic devices do not include nontherapeutic inlays or footwear regardless
of method of manufacture; unmodified, nontherapeutic over-the-counter shoes; or
prefabricated foot care products.

Subd. 17. Pedorthics. "Pedorthics" means the science and practice of evaluating,
measuring, designing, fabricating, assembling, fitting, adjusting, or servicing a pedorthic
device pursuant to a prescription for the correction or alleviation of neuromuscular or
musculoskeletal dysfunction, disease, injury, or deformity. The practice of pedorthics
includes providing patient care and services pursuant to a prescription to prevent or
ameliorate painful or disabling conditions of the foot and ankle.

Subd. 18. Prescription. "Prescription" means an order deemed medically necessary
by a physician, podiatric physician, osteopathic physician, or a licensed health care
provider who has authority in this state to prescribe orthotic and prosthetic devices,
supplies, and services.

Subd. 19. Prosthesis. "Prosthesis" means a custom-designed, fabricated, fitted, or
modified device to treat partial or total limb loss for purposes of restoring physiological
function or cosmesis. Prosthesis does not include artificial eyes, ears, fingers, or toes;
dental appliances; external breast prosthesis; or cosmetic devices that do not have a
significant impact on the musculoskeletal functions of the body.

Subd. 20. Prosthetics. "Prosthetics" means the science and practice of evaluating,
measuring, designing, fabricating, assembling, fitting, adjusting, or servicing a prosthesis
pursuant to a prescription. It includes providing the initial training necessary to fit a
prosthesis in order to replace external parts of a human body lost due to amputation,
congenital deformities, or absence.

Subd. 21. Resident. "Resident" means a person who has completed a
NCOPE-approved education program in orthotics or prosthetics and is receiving clinical
training in a residency accredited by NCOPE.

Subd. 22. Residency. "Residency" means a minimum of an NCOPE-approved
program to acquire practical clinical training in orthotics and prosthetics in a patient
care setting.

Subd. 23. Supervisor. "Supervisor" means the licensed orthotist, prosthetist, or
pedorthist who oversees and is responsible for the delivery of appropriate, effective,
ethical, and safe orthotic, prosthetic, or pedorthic patient care.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2016.

Sec. 24. [153B.20] EXCEPTIONS.
Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit:

(1) a physician, osteopathic physician, or podiatric physician licensed by the state of Minnesota from providing services within the physician's scope of practice;

(2) a professional regulated in this state, including but not limited to physical therapists and occupational therapists, from providing services within the professional's scope of practice;

(3) the practice of orthotics, prosthetics, or pedorthics by a person who is employed by the federal government or any bureau, division, or agency of the federal government while in the discharge of the employee's official duties;

(4) the practice of orthotics, prosthetics, or pedorthics by:

(i) a student enrolled in an accredited or approved orthotics, prosthetics, or pedorthics education program who is performing activities required by the program;

(ii) a resident enrolled in an NCOPE-accredited residency program; or

(iii) a person working in a qualified, supervised work experience or internship who is obtaining the clinical experience necessary for licensure under this chapter; or

(5) an orthotist, prosthethist, pedothist orthotist, pedorthist, assistant, or fitter who is licensed in another state or territory of the United States or in another country that has equivalent licensure requirements as approved by the board from providing services within the professional's scope of practice subject to this paragraph, if the individual is qualified and has applied for licensure under this chapter. The individual shall be allowed to practice for no longer than six months following the filing of the application for licensure, unless the individual withdraws the application for licensure or the board denies the license.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

**Sec. 25.** [153B.25] ORTHOTICS, PROSTHETICS, AND PEDORTHICS

**ADVISORY COUNCIL.**

**Subdivision 1. Creation; membership.** (a) There is established an Orthotics, Prosthetics, and Pedorthics Advisory Council which shall consist of seven voting members appointed by the board. Five members shall be licensed and practicing orthotists, prosthetists, or pedorthists. Each profession shall be represented on the advisory council.

One member shall be a Minnesota-licensed doctor of podiatric medicine who is also a member of the Board of Podiatric Medicine, and one member shall be a public member.

(b) The council shall be organized and administered under section 15.059.

**Subd. 2. Duties.** The advisory council shall:

(1) advise the board on enforcement of the provisions contained in this chapter;
(2) review reports of investigations or complaints relating to individuals and make
recommendations to the board as to whether a license should be denied or disciplinary
action taken against an individual;
(3) advise the board regarding standards for licensure of professionals under this
chapter; and
(4) perform other duties authorized for advisory councils by chapter 214, as directed
by the board.
Subd. 3. Chair. The council must elect a chair from among its members.
Subd. 4. Administrative provisions. The Board of Podiatric Medicine must
provide meeting space and administrative services for the council.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2016.

Sec. 26. [153B.30] LICENSURE.

Subdivision 1. Application. An application for a license shall be submitted to the
board in the format required by the board and shall be accompanied by the required fee,
which is nonrefundable.

Subd. 2. Qualifications. (a) To be eligible for licensure as an orthotist, prosthetist,
or prosthetist orthotist, an applicant shall meet orthotist, prosthetist, or prosthetist orthotist
certification requirements of either the American Board for Certification in Orthotics,
Prosthetics, and Pedorthics or the Board of Certification/Accreditation requirements in
effect at the time of the individual's application for licensure and be in good standing
with the certifying board.

(b) To be eligible for licensure as a pedorthist, an applicant shall meet the pedorthist
certification requirements of either the American Board for Certification in Orthotics,
Prosthetics, and Pedorthics or the Board of Certification/Accreditation that are in effect
at the time of the individual's application for licensure and be in good standing with
the certifying board.

(c) To be eligible for licensure as an orthotic or prosthetic assistant, an applicant shall
meet the orthotic or prosthetic assistant certification requirements of the American Board
for Certification in Orthotics, Prosthetics, and Pedorthics that are in effect at the time of
the individual's application for licensure and be in good standing with the certifying board.

(d) To be eligible for licensure as an orthotic fitter, an applicant shall meet the
orthotic fitter certification requirements of either the American Board for Certification in
Orthotics, Prosthetics, and Pedorthics or the Board of Certification/Accreditation that are
in effect at the time of the individual's application for licensure and be in good standing
with the certifying board.
Subd. 3. **License term.** A license to practice is valid for a term of up to 24 months beginning on January 1 or commencing after initially fulfilling the license requirements and ending on December 31 of the following year.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

**Sec. 27. [153B.35] EMPLOYMENT BY AN ACCREDITED FACILITY; SCOPE OF PRACTICE.**

A licensed orthotist, prosthetist, pedorthist, assistant, or orthotic fitter may provide limited, supervised patient care services beyond their licensed scope of practice if all of the following conditions are met:

1. The licensee is employed by a patient care facility that is accredited by a national accrediting organization in orthotics, prosthetics, and pedorthics;
2. Written objective criteria are documented by the accredited facility to describe the knowledge and skills required by the licensee to demonstrate competency to provide additional specific and limited patient care services that are outside the licensee's scope of practice;
3. The licensee provides patient care only at the direction of a supervisor who is licensed as an orthotist, pedorthist, or prosthetist who is employed by the facility to provide the specific patient care or services that are outside the licensee's scope of practice; and
4. The supervised patient care occurs in compliance with facility accreditation standards.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

**Sec. 28. [153B.40] CONTINUING EDUCATION.**

Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** Each licensee shall obtain the number of continuing education hours required by the certifying board to maintain certification status pursuant to the specific license category.

Subd. 2. **Proof of attendance.** A licensee must submit to the board proof of attendance at approved continuing education programs during the license renewal period in which it was attended in the form of a certificate, statement of continuing education credits from the American Board for Certification in Orthotics, Prosthetics, and Pedorthics or the Board of Certification/Accreditation, descriptive receipt, or affidavit. The board may conduct random audits.

Subd. 3. **Extension of continuing education requirements.** For good cause, a licensee may apply to the board for a six-month extension of the deadline for obtaining
the required number of continuing education credits. No more than two consecutive
extensions may be granted. For purposes of this subdivision, "good cause" includes
unforeseen hardships such as illness, family emergency, or military call-up.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

Sec. 29. [153B.45] LICENSE RENEWAL.

Subdivision 1. **Submission of license renewal application.** A licensee must submit
to the board a license renewal application on a form provided by the board together with
the license renewal fee. The completed form must be postmarked no later than January 1
in the year of renewal. The form must be signed by the licensee in the place provided for
the renewal applicant's signature, include evidence of participation in approved continuing
education programs, and any other information as the board may reasonably require.

Subd. 2. **Renewal application postmarked after January 1.** A renewal application
postmarked after January 1 in the renewal year shall be returned to the licensee for addition
of the late renewal fee. A license renewal application postmarked after January 1 in the
renewal year is not complete until the late renewal fee has been received by the board.

Subd. 3. **Failure to submit renewal application.** (a) At any time after January 1 of
the applicable renewal year, the board shall send notice to a licensee who has failed to
apply for license renewal. The notice shall be mailed to the licensee at the last address on
file with the board and shall include the following information:

1. that the licensee has failed to submit application for license renewal;
2. the amount of renewal and late fees;
3. information about continuing education that must be submitted in order for
   the license to be renewed;
4. that the licensee must respond within 30 calendar days after the notice was sent
   by the board; and
5. that the licensee may voluntarily terminate the license by notifying the board
   or may apply for license renewal by sending the board a completed renewal application,
   license renewal and late fees, and evidence of compliance with continuing education
   requirements.

(b) Failure by the licensee to notify the board of the licensee's intent to voluntarily
terminate the license or to submit a license renewal application shall result in expiration
of the license and termination of the right to practice. The expiration of the license and
termination of the right to practice shall not be considered disciplinary action against the
licensee.

(c) A license that has been expired under this subdivision may be reinstated.
123.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

123.2 Sec. 30. [153B.50] **NAME AND ADDRESS CHANGE.**

(a) A licensee who has changed names must notify the board in writing within 90 days and request a revised license. The board may require official documentation of the legal name change.

(b) A licensee must maintain with the board a correct mailing address to receive board communications and notices. A licensee who has changed addresses must notify the board in writing within 90 days. Mailing a notice by United States mail to a licensee's last known mailing address constitutes valid mailing.

123.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

123.11 Sec. 31. [153B.55] **INACTIVE STATUS.**

(a) A licensee who notifies the board in the format required by the board may elect to place the licensee's credential on inactive status and shall be excused from payment of renewal fees until the licensee notifies the board in the format required by the board of the licensee's plan to return to practice.

(b) A person requesting restoration from inactive status shall be required to pay the current renewal fee and comply with section 153B.45.

(c) A person whose license has been placed on inactive status shall not practice in this state.

123.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

123.21 Sec. 32. [153B.60] **LICENSE LAPSE DUE TO MILITARY SERVICE.**

A licensee whose license has expired while on active duty in the armed forces of the United States, with the National Guard while called into service or training, or while in training or education preliminary to induction into military service may have the licensee's license renewed or restored without paying a late fee or license restoration fee if the licensee provides verification to the board within two years of the termination of service obligation.

123.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

123.28 Sec. 33. [153B.65] **ENDORSEMENT.**

The board may license, without examination and on payment of the required fee, an applicant who is an orthotist, prosthetist, prosthetist orthotist, pedorthist, assistant, or fitter who is certified by the American Board for Certification in Orthotics, Prosthetics,
and Pedorthics or a national certification organization with educational, experiential, and
testing standards equal to or higher than the licensing requirements in Minnesota.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

Sec. 34. **[153B.70] GROUNDS FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION.**

(a) The board may refuse to issue or renew a license, revoke or suspend a license, or
place on probation or reprimand a licensee for one or any combination of the following:

1. making a material misstatement in furnishing information to the board;
2. violating or intentionally disregarding the requirements of this chapter;
3. conviction of a crime, including a finding or verdict of guilt, an admission of
guilt, or a no-contest plea, in this state or elsewhere, reasonably related to the practice
of the profession. Conviction, as used in this clause, includes a conviction of an offense
which, if committed in this state, would be deemed a felony, gross misdemeanor, or
misdemeanor, without regard to its designation elsewhere, or a criminal proceeding where
a finding or verdict of guilty is made or returned but the adjudication of guilt is either
withheld or not entered;
4. making a misrepresentation in order to obtain or renew a license;
5. displaying a pattern of practice or other behavior that demonstrates incapacity or
incompetence to practice;
6. aiding or assisting another person in violating the provisions of this chapter;
7. failing to provide information within 60 days in response to a written request from
the board, including documentation of completion of continuing education requirements;
8. engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct;
9. engaging in conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public;
10. inability to practice due to habitual intoxication, addiction to drugs, or mental
or physical illness;
11. being disciplined by another state or territory of the United States, the federal
government, a national certification organization, or foreign nation, if at least one of the
grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to one of the grounds
in this section;
12. directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from a person, firm, corporation,
partnership, or association a fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for
professional services not actually or personally rendered;
13. incurring a finding by the board that the licensee, after the licensee has been
placed on probationary status, has violated the conditions of the probation;
14. abandoning a patient or client;
(15) willfully making or filing false records or reports in the course of the licensee's practice including, but not limited to, false records or reports filed with state or federal agencies;

(16) willfully failing to report child maltreatment as required under the Maltreatment of Minors Act, section 626.556; or

(17) soliciting professional services using false or misleading advertising.

(b) A license to practice is automatically suspended if (1) a guardian of a licensee is appointed by order of a court pursuant to sections 524.5-101 to 524.5-502, for reasons other than the minority of the licensee, or (2) the licensee is committed by order of a court pursuant to chapter 253B. The license remains suspended until the licensee is restored to capacity by a court and, upon petition by the licensee, the suspension is terminated by the board after a hearing. The licensee may be reinstated to practice, either with or without restrictions, by demonstrating clear and convincing evidence of rehabilitation. The regulated person is not required to prove rehabilitation if the subsequent court decision overrules previous court findings of public risk.

(c) If the board has probable cause to believe that a licensee or applicant has violated paragraph (a), clause (10), it may direct the person to submit to a mental or physical examination. For the purpose of this section, every person is deemed to have consented to submit to a mental or physical examination when directed in writing by the board and to have waived all objections to the admissibility of the examining physician's testimony or examination report on the grounds that the testimony or report constitutes a privileged communication. Failure of a regulated person to submit to an examination when directed constitutes an admission of the allegations against the person, unless the failure was due to circumstances beyond the person's control, in which case a default and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence. A regulated person affected under this paragraph shall at reasonable intervals be given an opportunity to demonstrate that the person can resume the competent practice of the regulated profession with reasonable skill and safety to the public. In any proceeding under this paragraph, neither the record of proceedings nor the orders entered by the board shall be used against a regulated person in any other proceeding.

(d) In addition to ordering a physical or mental examination, the board may, notwithstanding section 13.384 or 144.293, or any other law limiting access to medical or other health data, obtain medical data and health records relating to a licensee or applicant without the person's or applicant's consent if the board has probable cause to believe that a licensee is subject to paragraph (a), clause (10). The medical data may be requested from a provider as defined in section 144.291, subdivision 2, paragraph (i), an insurance

Article 7 Sec. 34.
company, or a government agency, including the Department of Human Services. A provider, insurance company, or government agency shall comply with any written request of the board under this subdivision and is not liable in any action for damages for releasing the data requested by the board if the data are released pursuant to a written request under this subdivision, unless the information is false and the provider giving the information knew, or had reason to know, the information was false. Information obtained under this subdivision is private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02.

(e) If the board issues an order of immediate suspension of a license, a hearing must be held within 30 days of the suspension and completed without delay.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

Sec. 35. [153B.75] INVESTIGATION; NOTICE AND HEARINGS.

The board has the authority to investigate alleged violations of this chapter, conduct hearings, and impose corrective or disciplinary action as provided in section 214.103.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

Sec. 36. [153B.80] UNLICENCED PRACTICE.

Subd. 1. License required. Effective January 1, 2018, no individual shall practice as an orthotist, prosthetist, prosthetist orthotist, pedorthist, orthotic or prosthetic assistant, or orthotic fitter, unless the individual holds a valid license issued by the board under this chapter, except as permitted under section 153B.20 or 153B.35.

Subd. 2. Designation. No individual shall represent themselves to the public as a licensed orthotist, prosthetist, prosthetist orthotist, pedorthist, orthotic or prosthetic assistant, or an orthotic fitter, unless the individual is licensed under this chapter.

Subd. 3. Penalties. Any individual who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor. The board shall have the authority to seek a cease and desist order against any individual who is engaged in the unlicensed practice of a profession regulated by the board under this chapter.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

Sec. 37. [153B.85] FEES.

(a) The application fee for initial licensure shall not exceed $600.

(b) The biennial renewal fee for a license to practice as an orthotist, prosthetist, prosthetist orthotist, or pedorthist shall not exceed $600.
127.1 (c) The biennial renewal fee for a license to practice as an assistant or a fitter shall
not exceed $300.
127.2 (d) For the first renewal period following initial licensure, the renewal fee is the fee
specified in paragraph (b) or (c), prorated to the nearest dollar that is represented by the
ratio of the number of days the license is held in the initial licensure period to 730 days.
127.3 (e) The fee for license restoration shall not exceed $600.
127.4 (f) The fee for late license renewal is the license renewal fee in effect at the time of
renewal plus $100.
127.5 (g) The fee for license verification shall not exceed $30.
127.6 (h) The fee to obtain a list of licensees shall not exceed $25.
127.7 (i) No fee may be refunded for any reason.
127.8 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2016.

127.13 Sec. 38. FIRST APPOINTMENTS, FIRST MEETING, AND FIRST CHAIR OF
127.14 THE ORTHOTICS, PROSTHETICS, AND PEDORTHICS ADVISORY COUNCIL.
127.15 The Board of Podiatric Medicine shall make its first appointments authorized
127.16 under Minnesota Statutes, section 153B.25, to the Orthotics, Prosthetics, and Pedorthics
127.17 Advisory Council, by September 1, 2016. The board shall designate four of its first
127.18 appointees to serve terms that are coterminous with the governor. The chair of the Board
127.19 of Podiatric Medicine or the chair's designee shall convene the first meeting of the council
127.20 by November 1, 2016. The council must elect a chair from among its members at the first
127.21 meeting of the council.
127.22 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2016.

127.23 ARTICLE 8
127.24 HUMAN SERVICES FORECAST ADJUSTMENTS

127.25 Section 1. HUMAN SERVICES APPROPRIATION.
127.26 The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are added to or, if shown
127.27 in parentheses, subtracted from the appropriations in Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 13,
127.28 from the general fund or any fund named to the Department of Human Services for the
127.29 purposes specified in this article, to be available for the fiscal year indicated for each
127.30 purpose. The figures "2016" and "2017" used in this article mean that the appropriations
127.31 listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, or June 30, 2017,
127.32 respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2016. "The second year" is fiscal year 2017.
127.33 "The biennium" is fiscal years 2016 and 2017.
128.12 Appropriations by Fund

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund</td>
<td>(307,806,000)</td>
<td>(246,029,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Care Access</td>
<td>(289,770,000)</td>
<td>(277,101,000)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Federal TANF</td>
<td>(18,336,000)</td>
<td>4,239,000</td>
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128.13 Subd. 2. Forecasted Programs

(a) MFIP/DWP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriations by Fund</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund</td>
<td>9,833,000</td>
<td>(8,799,000)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Federal TANF</td>
<td>(20,225,000)</td>
<td>4,212,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) MFIP Child Care Assistance

- 2016: (23,094,000)
- 2017: (7,760,000)

(c) General Assistance

- 2016: (2,120,000)
- 2017: (1,078,000)

(d) Minnesota Supplemental Aid

- 2016: (1,613,000)
- 2017: (1,650,000)

(e) Group Residential Housing

- 2016: (8,101,000)
- 2017: (7,954,000)

(f) Northstar Care for Children

- 2016: 2,231,000
- 2017: 4,496,000

(g) MinnesotaCare

- 2016: (227,821,000)
- 2017: (230,027,000)

These appropriations are from the health care access fund.

(h) Medical Assistance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriations by Fund</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund</td>
<td>(294,773,000)</td>
<td>(243,700,000)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Health Care Access</td>
<td>(61,949,000)</td>
<td>(47,074,000)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(i) Alternative Care Program

- 2016: -0-
- 2017: -0-

(j) CCDTF Entitlements

- 2016: 9,831,000
- 2017: 20,416,000
Subd. 3. **Technical Activities**  
1,889,000  
27,000

These appropriations are from the federal TANF fund.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

**ARTICLE 9**

**HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES APPROPRIATIONS**

Section 1. **HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES APPROPRIATIONS.**

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are added to or, if shown in parentheses, subtracted from the appropriations in Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 14, to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund or other named fund and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2016" and "2017" used in this article mean that the addition to or subtraction from the appropriation listed under them is available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, or June 30, 2017, respectively. Supplemental appropriations and reductions to appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, are effective the day following final enactment unless a different effective date is explicit.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPROPRIATIONS</th>
<th>Available for the Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ending June 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
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Sec. 2. **COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES**

Subdivision 1. **Total Appropriation**  
-0- (9,626,000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriations by Fund</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>(2,355,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Government</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Revenue</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>(7,296,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Care Access</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>-0-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal TANF</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>-0-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Subd. 2. **Central Office Operations**

(a) **Operations**  
-0- (11,179,000)
Base Adjustment. The general fund base is reduced by $12,026,000 in fiscal year 2018 and $12,028,000 in fiscal year 2019.

(b) Children and Families

(c) Health Care

Spoken Language Health Care

Interpreters. $25,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the state government special revenue fund is for the commissioner of human services to study and submit a proposed stratified medical assistance reimbursement system for spoken language health care interpreters.

Waiver to Allow MinnesotaCare-Eligible Persons to Purchase Coverage Through Qualified Health Plans. $213,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the health care access fund is for the commissioner to request a waiver to allow persons eligible for MinnesotaCare to instead purchase coverage from a qualified health plan and access advanced premium tax credits and cost-sharing reductions. This is a onetime appropriation.

Base Adjustment. The general fund base is increased by $142,000 in fiscal years 2018 and 2019. The health care access fund base is reduced by $4,112,000 in fiscal years 2018 and 2019.

(d) Continuing Care
Long-Term Care Simulation Model. (a) $200,000 in fiscal year 2017 is for the commissioner of human services to develop a Minnesota-specific long-term care financing microsimulation model. This is a onetime appropriation. The commissioner shall ensure that the model:

1. predicts the needs and future utilization of long-term care services and supports for Minnesotans based on demographic and economic factors; and
2. estimates the costs of care under various funding scenarios, including voluntary programs, to determine the impact of various financing options on state funds, out-of-pocket expenses, Medicare, and other insurance and financing products.

(b) The commissioner shall use the appropriation in paragraph (a) to create and implement the model to:

1. predict the cost of long-term care under various public and private financing options, including voluntary programs; and
2. determine the most appropriate options for the state.

(c) The commissioner shall report by January 15, 2018, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance on the development of the long-term care simulation model.
(d) Notwithstanding any contrary provision in this article, paragraphs (a) to (c) expire January 15, 2018.

Base Adjustment. The general fund base is increased by $2,000 in fiscal year 2018 and $4,000 in fiscal year 2019.

(c) Community Supports

Base Adjustment. The general fund base is increased by $543,000 in fiscal year 2018 and $503,000 in fiscal year 2019.

Subd. 3. Forecasted Programs

(a) MFIP/DWP

(b) MFIP Child Care Assistance

(c) General Assistance

(d) MN Supplemental Assistance

(e) Group Residential Housing

(f) Northstar Care for Children

(g) MinnesotaCare

These appropriations are from the health care access fund.

(h) Medical Assistance

Appropriations by Fund

(i) Alternative Care

(j) CD Treatment Fund

Transfer. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 254B.06, subdivision 1, the
133.1 commissioner shall transfer up to $2,000,000, if available, in fiscal year 2017 only, from the consolidated chemical dependency treatment fund administrative account in the special revenue fund to the general fund.

133.6 Subd. 4. Grant Programs

133.7 (a) Support Services Grants -0- -0-

133.8 (b) BSF Child Care Assistance Grants -0- -0-

133.9 Base Adjustment. The general fund base is increased by $174,000 in fiscal year 2018 and $232,000 in fiscal year 2019.

133.12 (c) Child Care Development Grants -0- -0-

133.13 (d) Child Support Enforcement Grants -0- -0-

133.14 (e) Children's Services Grants -0- -0-

133.15 (f) Children and Community Service Grants -0- 1,400,000

133.16 White Earth Band of Ojibwe Human Services Initiative Project. $1,400,000 in fiscal year 2017 is for a grant to the White Earth Band of Ojibwe for the direct implementation and administrative costs of the White Earth Human Services Initiative Project authorized under Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 9, article 9, section 18. This is a onetime appropriation.

133.25 (g) Children and Economic Support Grants -0- 934,000

133.26 Safe Harbor. $934,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the general fund is for emergency shelter and transitional and long-term housing beds for sexually exploited youth and youth at risk of sexual exploitation, and for statewide youth outreach workers to connect sexually exploited youth with shelter and services.

133.33 (h) Health Care Grants

Article 9 Sec. 2.
Appropriations by Fund

134.1 General -0- -0-
134.2 Health Care Access -0- (3,115,000)

134.4 **Base Adjustment.** The health care access fund base is reduced by $3,115,000 in fiscal years 2018 and 2019.

134.7 (i) **Other Long-Term Care Grants** -0- -0-
134.8 (j) **Aging and Adult Services Grants** -0- 40,000

134.9 **Advanced In-Home Activity Monitoring Systems.** $40,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the general fund is for a grant to a local research organization with expertise in identifying current and potential support systems and examining the capacity of those systems to meet the needs of the growing population of elderly persons, to conduct a comprehensive assessment of current literature, past research, and an environmental scan of the field related to advanced in-home activity monitoring systems for elderly persons.

The commissioner must report the results of the assessment by January 15, 2017, to the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance.

134.26 **Base Adjustment.** The general fund base is increased by $40,000 in fiscal years 2018 and 2019.

134.29 (k) **Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing Grants** -0- -0-
134.30 (l) **Disabilities Grants** -0- -0-
134.31 (m) **Adult Mental Health Grants** -0- 394,000

134.32 **Mental Health Pilot Project.** $394,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the general fund is for a grant to the Zumbro Valley Health
Center. The grant shall be used to continue a
pilot project to test an integrated behavioral
health care coordination model. The grant
recipient must report measurable outcomes
to the commissioner of human services by
December 1, 2018. This appropriation does
not expire and is available through June 30,
2018.

135.9 (n) Child Mental Health Grants

Children's Mental Health Collaboratives.
$600,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the general
fund is for a children's mental health grant
under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.4889,
for a rural demonstration project to assist
transition-aged youth and young adults
with emotional behavioral disturbance or
mental illnesses in making a successful
transition into adulthood. This is a onetime
appropriation.

135.20 (o) Chemical Dependency Treatment Support
Grants

Peer Specialists. $800,000 in fiscal year
2017 from the general fund is for grants
to recovery community organizations to
train, hire, and supervise peer specialists
to work with underserved populations as
part of the continuum of care for substance
use disorders. Recovery community
organizations located in Rochester,
Moorhead, and the Twin Cities metropolitan
area are eligible to receive grant funds.

135.32 Recovery Community Organizations.
$175,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the
general fund is for a grant to recovery
community organizations to create and
implement a public relations campaign

specific to reducing the stigma associated

with substance use disorders. Recovery

community organizations located in

Rochester, Moorhead, and the Twin Cities

metropolitan area are eligible to receive grant

funds.

**Base Adjustment.** The general fund base is

increased by $800,000 in fiscal years 2018

and 2019.

**Subd. 5. DCT State-Operated Services**

(a) DCT State-Operated Services Mental

Health

(b) DCT State-Operated Services Enterprise

Services

(c) DCT State-Operated Services Minnesota

Security Hospital

Subd. 6. DCT Minnesota Sex Offender

Program

Subd. 7. Technical Activities

**Sec. 3. COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH**

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

$ -0- $ 8,328,000

Appropriations by Fund

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>523,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Care Access</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>7,411,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Government</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>362,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Revenue</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriation modifications for each

purpose are shown in subdivisions 2 and 3.

**Subd. 2. Health Improvement**

Appropriations by Fund

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>523,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Care Access</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>7,411,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Greater Minnesota Family Medicine

Residency Grant Program. $3,705,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the health care access fund is for the commissioner of health to award grants for the greater Minnesota family medicine residency grant program.

Medical Education. $3,706,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the health care access fund is for the medical education program under Minnesota Statutes, section 62J.692.

Reporting on Health Care Costs and Volume. $174,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the general fund is for the commissioner of health to expand public reporting on average cost and volume information for those health care procedures, tests, and services that the commissioner determines most impact quality of care and patient outcomes. This funding does not cancel and is available through June 30, 2019. The commissioner shall identify these procedures, tests, and services through an analysis of commercial health plan and government health program data sources for services provided in Minnesota and border communities, and by consulting with stakeholder groups. The expanded reporting must be derived from existing data sources and must not require new data collection by providers. The expanded reporting must be at the medical group level and must include the average payment amount and volume for:

(1) select specialty-based physician procedures;
(2) select outpatient facility-based procedures;

(3) select physician and outpatient facility-based tests;

(4) select non-physician professional and outpatient facility services, such as physical therapy, occupational therapy, home care, and durable medical equipment; and

(5) other episode-based or bundled services.

The expanded reporting must be implemented by July 1, 2019. The commissioner may contract with an external vendor to identify the procedures, tests, and services, and to report cost and volume information for these procedures, tests, and services.

Family Planning. $28,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the general fund is for costs related to amendments to Minnesota Statutes, section 145.925.

Base Adjustments. The general fund base is increased by $2,267,000 in fiscal year 2018 and $2,472,000 in fiscal year 2019. The health care access fund base is increased by $7,085,000 in fiscal year 2018 and $7,074,000 in fiscal year 2019.

Subd. 3. Health Protection -0- 394,000

These appropriations are from the state government special revenue fund.

Spoken Language Health Care Interpreter Registry. $357,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the state government special revenue fund is for the spoken language health care interpreter registry. This amount includes
$280,000 for onetime start-up costs for the registry that is available until June 30, 2019.

Licensure of Certain Facilities That Perform Abortions. $32,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the state government special revenue fund is for licensing activities under Minnesota Statutes, section 145.417.

Sec. 4. HEALTH-RELATED BOARDS

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation $ -0- $ 97,000

This appropriation is from the state government special revenue fund.

Subd. 2. Board of Medical Practice -0- 22,000

Subd. 3. Board of Podiatric Medicine -0- 75,000

Sec. 5. EMS REGULATORY BOARD $ 70,000 $ 55,000

EMS Technology. Of these appropriations:

(1) $34,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $34,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for annual support, maintenance, and hosting of the comprehensive electronic licensing and agency operations software solution;

(2) $21,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $21,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for annual support, maintenance, and housing of the MNSTAR prehospital patient care report database; and

(3) $15,000 in fiscal year 2016 is for the board to purchase four 800-megahertz handheld radios to be used by field staff to meet board responsibilities for emergency communications during a regional or statewide emergency.

This provision is effective the day following final enactment.
Sec. 6. OMBUDSMAN FOR MENTAL HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES

$ -0- $ 250,000

These funds are for two positions for the Jensen Settlement and Minnesota's Olmstead Plan System Division, for oversight and systematic monitoring for the Jensen and Olmstead implementation plans and to fulfill the duties as a consultant to the court and all parties, as appointed by the federal court.

Sec. 7. Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 14, section 2, subdivision 5, as amended by Laws 2015, First Special Session chapter 6, section 1, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Grant Programs

The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each purpose are as follows:

(a) Support Services Grants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriations by Fund</th>
<th>General</th>
<th>Federal TANF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13,133,000</td>
<td>96,311,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8,715,000</td>
<td>96,311,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Basic Sliding Fee Child Care Assistance Grants

48,439,000 51,559,000

Basic Sliding Fee Waiting List Allocation.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 119B.03, $5,413,000 in fiscal year 2016 is to reduce the basic sliding fee program waiting list as follows:

(1) The calendar year 2016 allocation shall be increased to serve families on the waiting list. To receive funds appropriated for this purpose, a county must have:

(i) a waiting list in the most recent published waiting list month;
HF3467 THIRD ENGROSSMENT  REVISOR  LCB  h3467-3

(i) an average of at least ten families on the
most recent six months of published waiting
list; and

(iii) total expenditures in calendar year
2014 that met or exceeded 80 percent of the
county's available final allocation.

(2) Funds shall be distributed proportionately
based on the average of the most recent six
months of published waiting lists to counties
that meet the criteria in clause (1).

(3) Allocations in calendar years 2017
and beyond shall be calculated using the
allocation formula in Minnesota Statutes,
section 119B.03.

(4) The guaranteed floor for calendar year
2017 shall be based on the revised calendar
year 2016 allocation.

Base Level Adjustment. The general fund
base is increased by $810,000 in fiscal year
2018 and increased by $821,000 in fiscal
year 2019.

(c) Child Care Development Grants 1,737,000 1,737,000
(d) Child Support Enforcement Grants 50,000 50,000
(e) Children's Services Grants

Appropriations by Fund
General 39,015,000 38,665,000
Federal TANF 140,000 140,000

Safe Place for Newborns. $350,000 from
the general fund in fiscal year 2016 is to
distribute information on the Safe Place
for Newborns law in Minnesota to increase
public awareness of the law. This is a
onetime appropriation.
Child Protection. $23,350,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $23,350,000 in fiscal year 2017 are to address child protection staffing and services under Minnesota Statutes, section 256M.41. $1,650,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $1,650,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for child protection grants to address child welfare disparities under Minnesota Statutes, section 256E.28. Of the fiscal year 2017 appropriation to address child protection staffing and services in 2017 only, $1,600,000 is for a grant to the White Earth Band of Ojibwe for purposes of delivering child welfare services.

Title IV-E Adoption Assistance. Additional federal reimbursement to the state as a result of the Fostering Connections to Success and Increasing Adoptions Act's expanded eligibility for title IV-E adoption assistance is appropriated to the commissioner for postadoption services, including a parent-to-parent support network.

Adoption Assistance Incentive Grants. Federal funds available during fiscal years 2016 and 2017 for adoption incentive grants are appropriated to the commissioner for postadoption services, including a parent-to-parent support network.

(f) Children and Community Service Grants 56,301,000 56,301,000

(g) Children and Economic Support Grants 26,778,000 26,966,000

Mobile Food Shelf Grants. (a) $1,000,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $1,000,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for a grant to Hunger Solutions. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2017.
Hunger Solutions shall award grants up to $75,000 on a competitive basis. Grant applications must include:

1. The location of the project;
2. A description of the mobile program, including size and scope;
3. Evidence regarding the unserved or underserved nature of the community in which the project is to be located;
4. Evidence of community support for the project;
5. The total cost of the project;
6. The amount of the grant request and how funds will be used;
7. Sources of funding or in-kind contributions for the project that will supplement any grant award;
8. A commitment to mobile programs by the applicant and an ongoing commitment to maintain the mobile program; and
9. Any additional information requested by Hunger Solutions.

Priority may be given to applicants who:

1. Serve underserved areas;
2. Create a new or expand an existing mobile program;
3. Serve areas where a high amount of need is identified;
4. Provide evidence of strong support for the project from citizens and other institutions in the community;
(5) leverage funding for the project from other private and public sources; and

(6) commit to maintaining the program on a multilayer basis.

Homeless Youth Act. At least $500,000 of the appropriation for the Homeless Youth Act must be awarded to providers in greater Minnesota, with at least 25 percent of this amount for new applicant providers. The commissioner shall provide outreach and technical assistance to greater Minnesota providers and new providers to encourage responding to the request for proposals.

Stearns County Veterans Housing. $85,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $85,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for a grant to Stearns County to provide administrative funding in support of a service provider serving veterans in Stearns County. The administrative funding grant may be used to support group residential housing services, corrections-related services, veteran services, and other social services related to the service provider serving veterans in Stearns County.

Safe Harbor. $800,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $800,000 in fiscal year 2017 are from the general fund for emergency shelter and transitional and long-term housing beds for sexually exploited youth and youth at risk of sexual exploitation. Of this appropriation, $150,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $150,000 in fiscal year 2017 are from the general fund for statewide youth outreach workers connecting sexually exploited youth and youth at risk of sexual exploitation with shelter and services.
Minnesota Food Assistance Program.

Unexpended funds for the Minnesota food assistance program for fiscal year 2016 do not cancel but are available for this purpose in fiscal year 2017.

Base Level Adjustment. The general fund base is decreased by $816,000 in fiscal year 2018 and is decreased by $606,000 in fiscal year 2019.

(h) Health Care Grants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriations by Fund</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>536,000</td>
<td>2,482,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Care Access</td>
<td>3,341,000</td>
<td>3,465,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Grants for Periodic Data Matching for Medical Assistance and MinnesotaCare.

Of the general fund appropriation, $26,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $1,276,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for grants to counties for costs related to periodic data matching for medical assistance and MinnesotaCare recipients under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0561. The commissioner must distribute these grants to counties in proportion to each county's number of cases in the prior year in the affected programs.

Base Level Adjustment. The general fund base is increased by $1,637,000 in fiscal year 2018 and increased by $1,229,000 in fiscal year 2019.

(i) Other Long-Term Care Grants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1,551,000</th>
<th>3,069,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Transition Populations. $1,551,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $1,725,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for home and community-based services transition grants to assist in providing home and community-based services and treatment.
for transition populations under Minnesota Statutes, section 256.478.

**Base Level Adjustment.** The general fund base is increased by $156,000 in fiscal year 2018 and by $581,000 in fiscal year 2019.

(j) **Aging and Adult Services Grants** 28,463,000 28,162,000

**Dementia Grants.** $750,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $750,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for the Minnesota Board on Aging for regional and local dementia grants authorized in Minnesota Statutes, section 256.975, subdivision 11.

(k) **Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing Grants** 2,225,000 2,375,000

**Deaf, Deafblind, and Hard-of-Hearing Grants.** $350,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $500,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for deaf and hard-of-hearing grants. The funds must be used to increase the number of deafblind Minnesotans receiving services under Minnesota Statutes, section 256C.261, and to provide linguistically and culturally appropriate mental health services to children who are deaf, deafblind, and hard-of-hearing. This is a onetime appropriation.

**Base Level Adjustment.** The general fund base is decreased by $500,000 in fiscal year 2018 and by $500,000 in fiscal year 2019.

(l) **Disabilities Grants** 20,820,000 20,858,000

**State Quality Council.** $573,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $600,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for the State Quality Council to provide technical assistance and monitoring of person-centered outcomes related to inclusive community living and employment.
The funding must be used by the State Quality Council to assure a statewide plan for systems change in person-centered planning that will achieve desired outcomes including increased integrated employment and community living.

(m) **Adult Mental Health Grants**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriations by Fund</th>
<th>General</th>
<th>69,992,000</th>
<th>71,244,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Health Care Access</td>
<td>1,575,000</td>
<td>2,473,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lottery Prize</td>
<td>1,733,000</td>
<td>1,733,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Funding Usage.** Up to 75 percent of a fiscal year's appropriation for adult mental health grants may be used to fund allocations in that portion of the fiscal year ending December 31.

**Culturally Specific Mental Health Services.** $100,000 in fiscal year 2016 is for grants to nonprofit organizations to provide resources and referrals for culturally specific mental health services to Southeast Asian veterans born before 1965 who do not qualify for services available to veterans formally discharged from the United States armed forces.

**Problem Gambling.** $225,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $225,000 in fiscal year 2017 are from the lottery prize fund for a grant to the state affiliate recognized by the National Council on Problem Gambling. The affiliate must provide services to increase public awareness of problem gambling, education, and training for individuals and organizations providing effective treatment services to
problem gamblers and their families, and
research related to problem gambling.

**Sustainability Grants.** $2,125,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $2,125,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for sustainability grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0622, subdivision 11.

**Beltrami County Mental Health Services Grant.** $1,000,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $1,000,000 in fiscal year 2017 are from the general fund for a grant to Beltrami County to fund the planning and development of a comprehensive mental health services program under article 2, section 41, Comprehensive Mental Health Program in Beltrami County. This is a onetime appropriation.

**Base Level Adjustment.** The general fund base is increased by $723,000 in fiscal year 2018 and by $723,000 in fiscal year 2019.

The health care access fund base is decreased by $1,723,000 in fiscal year 2018 and by $1,723,000 in fiscal year 2019.

**Child Mental Health Grants**

*Services and Supports for First Episode Psychosis.* $177,000 in fiscal year 2017 is for grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.4889, to mental health providers to pilot evidence-based interventions for youth at risk of developing or experiencing a first episode of psychosis and for a public awareness campaign on the signs and symptoms of psychosis. The base for these grants is $236,000 in fiscal year 2018 and $301,000 in fiscal year 2019.
Adverse Childhood Experiences. The base for grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.4889, to children's mental health and family services collaboratives for adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) training grants and for an interactive Web site connection to support ACEs in Minnesota is $363,000 in fiscal year 2018 and $363,000 in fiscal year 2019.

Funding Usage. Up to 75 percent of a fiscal year's appropriation for child mental health grants may be used to fund allocations in that portion of the fiscal year ending December 31.

Base Level Adjustment. The general fund base is increased by $422,000 in fiscal year 2018 and is increased by $487,000 in fiscal year 2019.

(o) Chemical Dependency Treatment Support Grants

Chemical Dependency Prevention.

$150,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $150,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for grants to nonprofit organizations to provide chemical dependency prevention programs in secondary schools. When making grants, the commissioner must consider the expertise, prior experience, and outcomes achieved by applicants that have provided prevention programming in secondary education environments. An applicant for the grant funds must provide verification to the commissioner that the applicant has available and will contribute sufficient funds to match the grant given by the commissioner. This is a onetime appropriation.
Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Grants. $250,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $250,000 in fiscal year 2017 are for grants to be administered by the Minnesota Organization on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome to provide comprehensive, gender-specific services to pregnant and parenting women suspected of or known to use or abuse alcohol or other drugs. This appropriation is for grants to no fewer than three eligible recipients. Minnesota Organization on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome must report to the commissioner of human services annually by January 15 on the grants funded by this appropriation. The report must include measurable outcomes for the previous year, including the number of pregnant women served and the number of toxic-free babies born.

Base Level Adjustment. The general fund base is decreased by $150,000 in fiscal year 2018 and by $150,000 in fiscal year 2019.

Sec. 8. Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 14, section 4, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

| Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation | $ 19,902,000 | $ 19,852,000 |

This appropriation is from the state government special revenue fund. The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 9. Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 14, section 4, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subd. 3. Board of Dentistry</th>
<th>$2,192,000</th>
<th>$2,006,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1,342,000</td>
<td>1,342,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This appropriation includes $864,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $878,000 in fiscal year 2017 for the health professional services program.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 10. Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 14, section 4, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Board of Marriage and Family Therapy

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 11. Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 14, section 4, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. Board of Pharmacy

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 12. Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 14, section 4, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. Board of Physical Therapy

Health Professional Services Program. Of this appropriation, $850,000 in fiscal year 2016 and $864,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the state government special revenue fund are for the health professional services program.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 13. Laws 2015, chapter 71, article 14, section 9, is amended to read:

Sec. 9. COMMISSIONER OF COMMERCE $210,000 $213,000

The commissioner of commerce shall develop a proposal to allow individuals to purchase qualified health plans outside of MNsure directly from health plan companies and to allow eligible individuals to receive advanced premium tax credits and...
cost-sharing reductions when purchasing qualified health plans outside of MNsure.

**Sec. 14. EXPIRATION OF UNCODIFIED LANGUAGE.**

All uncodified language contained in this article expires on June 30, 2017, unless a different expiration date is explicit.

**Sec. 15. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

This article is effective the day following final enactment.

**ARTICLE 10**

**STATE GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS**

Section 1. **APPROPRIATIONS**

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are added to or subtracted from the appropriations in Laws 2015, chapter 77, article 1, to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2016" and "2017" used in this article mean that the addition to the appropriation listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, or June 30, 2017, respectively.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPROPRIATIONS</th>
<th>Available for the Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ending June 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sec. 2. **LEGISLATURE**

$3,140,000 from the senate carryforward account cancels to the general fund on July 1, 2016.

$440,000 from the Legislative Coordinating Commission carryforward account cancels to the general fund on July 1, 2016.

$318,000 is appropriated to the Office of the Legislative Auditor for new duties related to fiscal notes, revenue estimates, and local impact notes.
The appropriation to the Legislative

Coordinating Commission for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, is reduced by $133,000.

Sec. 3. STATE AUDITOR

$ -0- $ 6,951,000

Sec. 4. MN.IT SERVICES

$ -0- $ 500,000

This appropriation is for a study of enhanced cybersecurity across state government. This is a onetime appropriation.

Sec. 5. ADMINISTRATION

$ -0- $ 148,000

This appropriation is for continued implementation of the state's Olmstead plan.

Sec. 6. MINNESOTA MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

$ -0- $ (318,000)

To the extent possible, the appropriation reduction in this section must be implemented through savings achieved in not administering the fiscal note process.

Sec. 7. REVENUE

$1,000,000 of money previously appropriated to the department for fiscal year 2017 must be used for efforts to identify and reject attempted tax refund fraud.

Sec. 8. HUMAN RIGHTS

$ -0- $ 180,000

$180,000 is appropriated for a St. Cloud office. This amount is added to the base appropriation, for purposes of the St. Cloud office.

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, federal funds received by the Department of
Human Rights during the biennium ending June 30, 2017, must be deposited in the state general fund, to the extent permitted by agreements with the federal government. If agreements with the federal government do not permit federal funds received by the department to be deposited in the state general fund, the general fund appropriation to the department for the biennium ending June 30, 2017, is reduced by the amount of the federal funds received during the biennium.

Sec. 9. **VETERANS AFFAIRS** $ -0- $ 500,000

$100,000 is for a grant to Eagle's Healing Nest for assisting veterans who are reintegrating back into civilian and family life. $300,000 is for the state soldiers assistance fund, for housing assistance and health assistance to veterans. $100,000 is to support nonprofit organizations in providing rent subsidies for housing for veterans and their families at the Cottages of Anoka. The appropriations in this section are onetime.

Sec. 10. **MILITARY AFFAIRS** $ 1,562,000 $ 248,000

This appropriation is for security improvements at National Guard facilities. Any unencumbered balance remaining at the end of the first year does not cancel, but is available for the second year of the biennium.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 11. **PUBLIC SAFETY** $ -0- $ 260,000
$260,000 is appropriated for payment of public safety officer survivor benefits. This is added to the appropriation in Laws 2015, chapter 75, article 1, section 5, subdivision 2, paragraph (b).

Sec. 12. SAVINGS; APPROPRIATION REDUCTION FOR EXECUTIVE AGENCIES.

(a) The commissioner of management and budget must reduce general fund appropriations to executive agencies, including constitutional offices for agency operations for the biennium ending June 30, 2017, by $6,519,000. The Minnesota State Colleges and Universities system is not an executive agency for purposes of this section. The commissioner must not reduce appropriations to the Department of Veterans Affairs, Military Affairs, Human Services, Corrections, or Public Safety. To the greatest extent possible, these reductions must come from savings provided by the cost-savings measures contained in this article, including:

1. reductions in salaries of commissioners and deputy and assistant commissioners;
2. hiring freeze; and
3. reductions in agency expenditures on nonessential travel and advertising.

(b) The commissioner of management and budget must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate Finance Committee and the house of representatives Ways and Means and Finance Committees regarding the amount of reductions in spending by each agency under this section.

(c) Reductions made in fiscal year 2017 must be reflected as reductions in agency base budgets for fiscal years 2018 and 2019.

Sec. 13. HIRING FREEZE.

Subdivision 1. Application of freeze. A state employer may not hire any permanent or temporary employees before July 1, 2017. For purposes of this section, "state employer" means state elected officials, departments, boards, agencies, commissions, offices, and other hiring entities in the executive and legislative branches of state government, as those branches are defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 43A.02. State employer does not include the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities system.

Subd. 2. Freeze exceptions. (a) Subdivision 1 does not apply to:

1. a student in a work-study position; or
2. a position that is necessary to perform essential government services.
(b) A determination under paragraph (a), clause (2), must be made by the speaker of the house with respect to house employees, the chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration with respect to senate employees, and the Legislative Coordinating Commission with respect to its employees, by a constitutional officer with respect to employees of the constitutional office, and by the governor with respect to any other employee covered by this section. Exceptions granted under paragraph (a), clause (2), must be reported monthly by the entity granting the exception. The reports must be published on the entity's Web site, and copies must be provided to the chairs of the house of representatives Ways and Means and senate finance committees and to the Legislative Reference Library.

Sec. 14. NO NONESSENTIAL TRAVEL.

During the biennium ending June 30, 2017, state funds may not be used to pay for nonessential travel for employees of executive agencies. The governor must report any travel monthly on the governor's Web site, and by providing copies to the chairs of the house of representatives Ways and Means and senate finance committees and to the Legislative Reference Library.

Sec. 15. LIMIT ON EXPENDITURES FOR ADVERTISING.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, an executive branch agency's spending on advertising and promotions may not exceed 90 percent of the amount the agency spent on advertising and promotions during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. The commissioner of management and budget must ensure compliance with this limit, and may issue guidelines and policies to executive agencies. The commissioner may forbid an agency from engaging in advertising as the commissioner determines is necessary to ensure compliance with this section. This section does not apply to the Minnesota Lottery or Explore Minnesota Tourism. Spending during the biennium ending June 30, 2017, on advertising relating to a declared emergency, an emergency, or a disaster, as those terms are defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 12.03, is excluded for purposes of this section.

Sec. 16. EXECUTIVE AGENCY MANAGERS.

The salaries for the heads of all departments or agencies listed in Minnesota Statutes, section 15.06, subdivision 1, are reduced by five percent. The salaries for all deputy commissioners and assistant commissioners of agencies listed in Minnesota Statutes, section 15.06, subdivision 1, are reduced by five percent. The commissioner of management and budget must reduce the number of deputy commissioner and
assistant commissioner positions in agencies listed in Minnesota Statutes, section 15.06, subdivision 1, by five percent.

Sec. 17. TRANSITION; STATE AUDITOR ENTERPRISE FUND.
Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, receipts from examinations conducted by the state auditor must be credited to the general fund beginning July 1, 2016. Amounts in the state auditor enterprise fund are transferred to the general fund on July 1, 2016.

Sec. 18. PUBLIC SUBSIDY PROGRAM SUSPENDED.
Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the public subsidy program for state elections does not apply for the remainder of the biennium ending June 30, 2017. During this period:

(1) no appropriations or transfers shall be made from the general fund to the state elections campaign account;

(2) no public subsidy payments shall be made from the state elections campaign account for any general or special election; and

(3) any written agreements made by a candidate as a condition of receiving a payment are not effective for that election.

Amounts designated on income tax and property tax refund returns filed after the effective date of this section and before June 30, 2017, are not effective and remain in the general fund.

ARTICLE 11
STATE GOVERNMENT

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.3005, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. Application. This section applies to the expenditure of all federal money whether that federal money is appropriated under section 4.07 or another section, unless that federal money is specifically excluded from the requirements of this section.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.3005, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. State match. If a request to spend federal money is included in the governor's budget or spending the money is authorized by law but the amount of federal money received that has been awarded requires a state match greater than the amount that was included in the budget request or authorized by law, the amount federal funds
that have been awarded requires require an additional state match may be allotted for expenditure after the requirements of subdivision 5 or 6 are met.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.3005, subdivision 3b, is amended to read:

Subd. 3b. Increase in amount. If a request to spend federal money is included in a governor's budget request and approved according to subdivision 2 or 5 and the amount of money awarded and available to be expended increases after the request is made and authorized, the additional amount may be allotted for expenditure after a revised request is submitted according to subdivision 2, or the requirements of subdivision 5 or 6 are met.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.3005, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Interim procedures; urgencies. If federal money becomes available is awarded to the state for expenditure after the deadline in subdivision 2 or while the legislature is not in session, and the availability of money from that source or for that purpose or in that fiscal year could not reasonably have been anticipated and included in the governor's budget request, and an urgency requires that all or part of the money be allotted encumbered or expended before the legislature reconvenes or prior to the end of the 20-day period specified in subdivision 2, it may be allotted to a state agency after the requirements of subdivision 5 are met. Legislative Advisory Commission has reviewed the request. If the members of the commission make a positive recommendation or no recommendation, or if the commission has not reviewed the request within ten days after the date the request was submitted, the commissioner may approve the request and the federal money may be allotted for expenditure. If the commission makes a negative recommendation or a recommendation for further review on a request within ten days after the date the request was submitted, the commissioner shall not approve the expenditure of the federal money. If a request to expend federal money submitted under this subdivision receives a negative recommendation or a recommendation for further review, the request may be submitted again under subdivision 2 or 6. For the purposes of this subdivision, a recommendation of the commission must be made at a meeting of the commission unless a written recommendation is signed by all members entitled to vote on the item. For the purposes of this subdivision, an urgency means: (1) the expenditure of the federal funds would prevent imminent harm to life or property; or (2) failure to encumber or spend the federal funds before the expiration of the earliest time provided under this subdivision would clearly result in a loss of the federal funds.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.3005, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
Subd. 5. Legislative Advisory Commission review. Federal money that is awarded and becomes available under subdivision 3, 3a, 3b, or 4 may be allotted after the commissioner of management and budget has submitted the request to the members of the Legislative Advisory Commission for their review and recommendation for further review. If a recommendation is not made within ten days, no further review by the Legislative Advisory Commission is required, and the commissioner shall approve or disapprove the request. If a recommendation by any member is for further review the governor shall submit the request to the Legislative Advisory Commission for its review and recommendation. Failure or refusal of the commission to make a recommendation promptly is a negative recommendation. If a member of the commission makes a negative recommendation or requests further review on a request within 20 days after the date the request was submitted, the commissioner shall not approve the expenditure of that federal money. If a request to expend federal money submitted under this subdivision receives a negative recommendation or a request for further review, the request may be submitted again under subdivision 2. If the members of a commission make a positive recommendation or no recommendation, the commissioner may approve the request and the federal money may be allotted for expenditure.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.3005, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Interim procedures; nonurgencies. If federal money is awarded and becomes available to the state for expenditure after the deadline in subdivision 2 or while the legislature is not in session, and subdivision 4 does not apply, a request to expend the federal money may be submitted by the commissioner of management and budget to members of the Legislative Advisory Commission for their review and recommendation. This request must be submitted by the later of October 1 of any year or 100 days before the start of the next legislative session. If any member of the commission makes a negative recommendation or a recommendation for further review on a request by October 20 of the same year during the 20-day period beginning the day the commissioner submits the request, the commissioner shall not approve expenditure of that federal money. If a request to expend federal money submitted under this subdivision receives a negative recommendation or a recommendation for further review, the commissioner shall not approve the request until the request may be submitted again under subdivision 2. If the members of the commission make a positive recommendation or no recommendation, the commissioner shall approve or disapprove the request and the federal money may be allotted for expenditure.
Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.3005, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 9. **Withdrawal.** The commissioner of management and budget may, with written notice, withdraw any request to spend federal money under this section. The commissioner of an agency requesting to expend federal money under this section may, with written notice, withdraw any request to spend federal money under this section that was submitted by the commissioner's agency.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.971, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8a. **Fiscal notes and revenue estimates.** The legislative auditor shall participate in the fiscal note and revenue estimate process in the manner described in section 3.98. Authority of the legislative auditor and duties of employees and entities under section 3.978, subdivision 2, apply to the legislative auditor's work on fiscal notes and revenue estimates.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.98, is amended to read:

**3.98 FISCAL NOTES AND REVENUE ESTIMATES.**

Subdivision 1. Preparation. The head or chief administrative officer of each department or agency of the state government, including the Supreme Court, shall prepare a fiscal note at the request of the chair of the standing committee to which a bill has been referred, or the chair of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee, or the chair of the senate Committee on Finance.

For purposes of this subdivision, "Supreme Court" includes all agencies, committees, and commissions supervised or appointed by the state Supreme Court or the state court administrator. (a) The chair of the standing committee to which a bill has been referred, the chair of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee, and the chair of the senate Finance Committee may request a fiscal note. The chair of the house of representatives or senate Tax Committee may request a revenue estimate. A request for a fiscal note or revenue estimate must be filed with the legislative auditor.

(b) Upon receiving a request for a fiscal note or revenue estimate, the legislative auditor shall request appropriate agencies, offices, boards, or commissions in the executive, judicial, or legislative branch to provide the legislative auditor with an analysis of the financial and personnel impacts of the bill. The analysis must include a clear statement of the assumptions used in the analysis and the extent to which alternative assumptions were considered. Agencies, offices, boards, or commissions shall, after receiving a request
from the legislative auditor, submit the analysis in the time and manner requested by the
auditor. The legislative auditor may require agencies, offices, boards, or commissions to
use the fiscal note tracking system developed and maintained by the commissioner of
management and budget for submitting fiscal note information and analysis.

(c) The legislative auditor shall review the analysis submitted by agencies, offices, boards, or commissions and assess the reasonableness of the analysis, particularly the
reasonableness of the assumptions used in the analysis. The auditor may require agencies,
ofices, boards, or commissions to resubmit their analysis under new assumptions or
calculation parameters as defined by the auditor.

(d) When the legislative auditor accepts the final analysis from all relevant agencies,
ofices, boards, or commissions, the legislative auditor shall deliver the completed
fiscal note or revenue estimate. The note or estimate must contain the final analysis
and assumptions submitted to the legislative auditor by agencies, offices, boards, or
commissions, and a statement by the legislative auditor as to whether the legislative
auditor agrees with the final analysis and assumptions. The auditor must state the
reasons for any disagreements and may offer alternative analysis and assumptions for
consideration by the legislature. If the legislative auditor deems these disagreements
sufficiently large, the legislative auditor may submit an unofficial "unapproved" fiscal note
to the legislature for public consideration of both the analysis of the agencies, offices,
boards, or commissions, and of the legislative auditor.

Subd. 2. Contents. (a) The A fiscal note, where possible, shall:
(1) cite the effect in dollar amounts;
(2) cite the statutory provisions affected;
(3) estimate the increase or decrease in revenues or expenditures;
(4) include the costs which may be absorbed without additional funds;
(5) include the assumptions used in determining the cost estimates; and
(6) specify any long-range implication.

(b) The A revenue estimate must estimate the effect of a bill on state tax revenues.
(c) A fiscal note or revenue estimate may comment on technical or mechanical
defects in the bill but shall express no opinions concerning the merits of the proposal.

Subd. 3. Distribution. A copy of the a fiscal note shall be delivered to the chair
of the Ways and Means Committee of the house of representatives, the chair of the
Finance Committee of the senate, the chair of the standing committee to which the bill
has been referred, to the chief author of the bill and to the commissioner of management
and budget. A copy of a revenue estimate shall be delivered to the chairs of the house
of representatives and senate tax committees, to the chief author of the bill, and to the
commissioner of revenue.

Subd. 4. Uniform procedure. The commissioner of management and budget
legislative auditor shall prescribe a uniform procedure to govern the departments and
agencies of the state in complying with the requirements of this section.

Subd. 5. Tracking system. The commissioner of management and budget shall
provide the legislative auditor with manuals and other documentation requested by the
auditor for the fiscal note tracking system that is maintained by the commissioner.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.987, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Local impact notes. The commissioner of management and budget
legislative auditor shall coordinate the development of a local impact note for any proposed
legislation introduced after June 30, 1997, upon request of the chair or the ranking minority
member of either legislative Tax, Finance, or Ways and Means Committee. Upon receipt
of a request to prepare a local impact note, the commissioner auditor must notify the
authors of the proposed legislation that the request has been made. The local impact note
must be made available to the public upon request. If the action is among the exceptions
listed in section 3.988, a local impact note need not be requested nor prepared. The
commissioner auditor shall make a reasonable and timely estimate of the local fiscal impact
on each type of political subdivision that would result from the proposed legislation. The
commissioner of management and budget auditor may require any political subdivision or
the commissioner of an administrative agency of the state to supply in a timely manner
any information determined to be necessary to determine local fiscal impact. The political
subdivision, its representative association, or commissioner shall convey the requested
information to the commissioner of management and budget auditor with a signed
statement to the effect that the information is accurate and complete to the best of its ability.

The political subdivision, its representative association, or commissioner, when requested,
shall update its determination of local fiscal impact based on actual cost or revenue figures,
improved estimates, or both. Upon completion of the note, the commissioner auditor must
provide a copy to the authors of the proposed legislation and to the chair and ranking
minority member of each committee to which the proposed legislation is referred.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 6.481, subdivision 6, is
amended to read:

Subd. 6. Payments to state auditor. A county audited by the state auditor must
pay the state auditor for the costs and expenses of the audit. If the state auditor makes
additional examinations of a county whose audit is performed by a CPA firm, the county must pay the auditor for the cost of these examinations. Payments must be deposited in the state auditor enterprise general fund.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 6.56, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Billings by state auditor. Upon the examination of the books, records, accounts, and affairs of any political subdivision, as provided by law, such political subdivision shall be liable to the state for the total cost and expenses of such examination, including the salaries paid to the examiners while actually engaged in making such examination. The state auditor may bill such political subdivision periodically for service rendered and the officials responsible for approving and paying claims are authorized to pay said bill promptly. Said payments shall be without prejudice to any defense against said claims that may exist or be asserted. The state auditor enterprise general fund shall be credited with all collections made for any such examinations, including interest payments made pursuant to subdivision 3.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 6.581, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Reports to legislature. At least 30 days before implementing increased charges for examinations, the state auditor must report the proposed increases to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees in the house of representatives and the senate with jurisdiction over the budget of the state auditor. By January 15 of each odd-numbered year, the state auditor must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with primary jurisdiction over the budget of the state auditor a summary of the state auditor enterprise fund anticipated revenues, and expenditures related to examinations for the biennium ending June 30 of that year. The report must also include for the biennium the number of full-time equivalents paid by the fund in the audit practice division, any audit rate changes stated as a percentage, the number of audit reports issued, and the number of counties audited.

Sec. 14. [16A.0565] CENTRALIZED TRACKING LIST OF AGENCY PROJECTS.

Subdivision 1. Centralized tracking. The commissioner must maintain a centralized tracking list of new agency projects estimated to cost more than $100,000 that are paid for from the general fund.

Subd. 2. New agency project. (a) For purposes of this section a "new agency project" means:

Article 11 Sec. 14.
(1) any new agency program or activity with more than $100,000 in funding from
the general fund; and
(2) any preexisting agency program or activity with an increase of $100,000 or more
above the base level in general fund support.
(b) For purposes of this section, a new agency project does not include:
(1) general aid programs for units of local government, or entitlement programs
providing assistance to individuals; or
(2) a new program or activity or increase in a program or activity that is mandated
by law.

Subd. 3. Transparency requirements. The centralized tracking list maintained by
the commissioner must report the following for each new agency project:
(1) the name of the agency and title of the project;
(2) a brief description of the project and its purposes;
(3) the extent to which the project has been implemented; and
(4) the amount of money that has been spent on the project.

Subd. 4. Timing and reporting. The commissioner must display the information
required by subdivision 3 on the department's Web site. The list shall be maintained in a
widely available and common document format such as a spreadsheet that does not require
any new costs to develop. The commissioner must report this information to the chairs of
the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee and senate Finance Committee
quarterly, and must update the information on the Web site at least quarterly.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16A.103, is amended by adding a
subdivision to read:

Subd. 1h. Revenue uncertainty information. The commissioner shall report
to the legislature within 14 days of a forecast under subdivision 1 on uncertainty in
Minnesota's general fund revenue projections. The report shall present information on: (1)
the estimated range of forecast error for revenues; and (2) the data and methods used to
construct those measurements.

Sec. 16. [16A.104] FEDERAL FUNDS REPORT.

The commissioner must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
house of representatives Ways and Means and senate Finance Committee on receipt of
federal funds by the state. The report must be submitted with the governor's detailed
operating budget in accordance with section 16A.11, subdivision 1, in an odd-numbered
year and within ten days prior to the start of the regular session in accordance with section
3.3005, subdivision 2, in an even-numbered year. The report must include the total amount
of federal funds received by the state in the fiscal year ending the prior June 30 and the
total amount of federal funds anticipated to be received by the state in the current fiscal
year. For each category of federal funding, the report must list:

(1) the name of the federal grant or federal funding source, the federal agency

providing the funding, a federal identification number, and a brief description of the
purpose of the federal funding;

(2) the amount of federal funding the state received through that grant or source in

the fiscal year ending the prior June 30 and the total amount of federal funds anticipated to
be received by the state in the current fiscal year;

(3) if there is a federal maintenance-of-effort requirement associated with the funding;

(4) the number of full-time equivalent state employees needed to implement the
federal funding; and

(5) the amount of state funds spent, as a match or otherwise, in conjunction with
receipt of the federal funding in the fiscal year ending the prior June 30, and the amount of
state funds anticipated to be spent in the current fiscal year.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16A.1283, is amended to read:

16A.1283 LEGISLATIVE APPROVAL REQUIRED FOR FEES.

(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, an executive branch state agency may
not impose a new fee or increase an existing fee unless the new fee or increase is approved
by law. An agency must not propose a fee or fine increase of more than ten percent
in a biennium over the same fee or fine in law at the start of the same biennium. For
purposes of this section, a fee is any charge for goods, services, regulation, or licensure,
and, notwithstanding paragraph (b), clause (3), includes charges for admission to or for
use of public facilities owned by the state.

(b) This section does not apply to:

(1) charges billed within or between state agencies, or billed to federal agencies;

(2) the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities system;

(3) charges for goods and services provided for the direct and primary use of a
private individual, business, or other entity;

(4) charges that authorize use of state-owned lands and minerals administered by
the commissioner of natural resources by the issuance of leases, easements, cooperative
farming agreements, and land and water crossing licenses and charges for sales of
state-owned lands administered by the commissioner of natural resources; or

(5) state park fees and charges established by commissioner's order.
166.1 (c) An executive branch agency may reduce a fee that was set by rule before July 1, 2001, without legislative approval. Chapter 14 does not apply to fee reductions under this paragraph.

166.4 Sec. 18. [16A.6415] FEDERAL PENALTIES RELATING TO PURCHASE OR SALE OF STATE BONDS.

166.6 (a) The commissioner must disclose to the legislative auditor any situation that the commissioner believes potentially could subject the state or a state agency to payment of a penalty to the federal government in connection with the purchase or sale of bonds issued by the state. This disclosure must be made within ten days of the commissioner learning of the situation that has potential to subject the state to a federal penalty.

166.11 (b) Payment of a penalty to the federal government in connection with the purchase or sale of state bonds issued by the state must be made from funds appropriated for general operations of the department. If the commissioner determines that it is not feasible to pay the penalty from these funds, the commissioner may seek approval under the process in section 3.30 for use of contingent account appropriations.

166.16 (c) The commissioner must disclose to the legislative auditor and to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee, senate Finance Committee, and house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over capital investment the payment of a penalty by the commissioner or a state agency to the federal government in connection with the purchase or sale of bonds issued by the state. A disclosure under this paragraph must be made within ten days of the commissioner or a state agency paying the penalty.

166.23 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16B.335, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Construction and major remodeling. (a) The commissioner, or any other recipient to whom an appropriation is made to acquire or better public lands or buildings or other public improvements of a capital nature, must not prepare final plans and specifications for any construction, major remodeling, or land acquisition in anticipation of which the appropriation was made until the agency that will use the project has presented the program plan and cost estimates for all elements necessary to complete the project to the chair of the senate Finance Committee and the chair of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee and the chairs have made their recommendations, and the chair and ranking minority member of the senate Capital Investment Committee and the chair and ranking minority member of the house of representatives Capital Investment Committee are notified. "Construction or major
“remodeling” means construction of a new building, a substantial addition to an existing building, or a substantial change to the interior configuration of an existing building. The presentation must note any significant changes in the work that will be done, or in its cost, since the appropriation for the project was enacted or from the predesign submittal. The program plans and estimates must be presented for review at least two weeks before a recommendation is needed. The recommendations are advisory only. Failure or refusal to make a recommendation is considered a negative recommendation.

(b) The chairs and ranking minority members of the senate Finance and Capital Investment Committees and the house of representatives Capital Investment and Ways and Means Committees, and the house of representatives and senate budget committees or divisions with jurisdiction over the agency that will use the project must also be notified whenever there is a substantial change in a construction or major remodeling project, or in its cost. This notice must include the nature and reason for the change, and the anticipated cost of the change. The notice must be given no later than ten days after signing a change order or other document authorizing a change in the project, or if there is not a change order or other document, no later than ten days after the project owner becomes aware of a substantial change in the project or its cost.

(b) (c) Capital projects exempt from the requirements of this subdivision in paragraph (a) to seek recommendations before preparing final plans and specifications include demolition or decommissioning of state assets, hazardous material projects, utility infrastructure projects, environmental testing, parking lots, parking structures, park and ride facilities, bus rapid transit stations, light rail lines, passenger rail projects, exterior lighting, fencing, highway rest areas, truck stations, storage facilities not consisting primarily of offices or heated work areas, roads, bridges, trails, pathways, campgrounds, athletic fields, dams, floodwater retention systems, water access sites, harbors, sewer separation projects, water and wastewater facilities, port development projects for which the commissioner of transportation has entered into an assistance agreement under section 457A.04, ice centers, a local government project with a construction cost of less than $1,500,000, or any other capital project with a construction cost of less than $750,000.

The requirements in paragraph (b) to give notice of changes applies to these projects.

Sec. 20. [16B.336] NEW STATE BUILDINGS.

Any requirement for legislative approval of construction of a state building may be fulfilled only by approval of the entire legislature in a bill enacted into law, and may not be fulfilled by approval of one or more committees of the legislature.
Sec. 21. [16B.991] TERMINATION OF GRANT.

Each grant agreement subject to sections 16B.97 and 16B.98 must provide that the agreement will immediately be terminated if the recipient is convicted of a criminal offense relating to a state grant agreement.

Sec. 22. [16B.992] NO FEES FOR GENERAL FUND GRANT ADMINISTRATION.

An agency may not charge a recipient of a grant from the general fund a fee and may not deduct money from the grant to pay administrative expenses incurred by the agency in administering the grant.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16C.03, subdivision 16, is amended to read:

Subd. 16. Delegation of duties. (a) The commissioner may delegate duties imposed by this chapter to the head of an agency and to any subordinate of the agency head. At least once every three years the commissioner must audit use of authority under this chapter by each employee whom the commissioner has delegated duties.

(b) The commissioner must develop guidelines for agencies and employees to whom authority is delegated under this chapter that protect state legal interests. These guidelines may provide for review by the commissioner when a specific contract has potential to put the state's legal interests at risk.

Sec. 24. [16C.067] CONFLICT-FREE MINERALS.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given them.

(b) "Conflict mineral" means a mineral or mineral derivative determined under federal law to be financing human conflict. Conflict mineral includes columbite-tantalite (coltan), cassiterite, gold, wolframite, or derivatives of those minerals.

(c) "Noncompliant person" means a person:

(1) who is required to disclose under federal law information relating to conflict minerals that originated in the Democratic Republic of the Congo or its neighboring countries; and

(2) for whom the disclosure is not filed, is considered under federal law to be an unreliable determination, or contains false information.

Subd. 2. Prohibition. No commissioner, head, or chief administrative officer of an agency may knowingly procure goods or services from a noncompliant person.
Subd. 3. **Notice.** In any solicitation for goods or services, a commissioner, head, or chief administrative officer of an agency shall provide notice of the requirements of this section.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 16C.073, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Purchases.** (a) Whenever practicable, a public entity shall:

(1) purchase uncoated copy paper, office paper, and printing paper;

(2) purchase recycled content copy paper with at least 30 percent postconsumer material by weight and purchase printing and office paper with at least ten percent postconsumer material by weight;

(3) purchase copy, office, and printing paper which has not been dyed with colors, excluding pastel colors;

(4) purchase recycled content copy, office, and printing paper that is manufactured using little or no chlorine bleach or chlorine derivatives;

(5) use reusable binding materials or staples and bind documents by methods that do not use glue;

(6) use soy-based inks;

(7) purchase printer or duplication cartridges that:

(i) have ten percent postconsumer material; or

(ii) are purchased as remanufactured; or

(iii) are backed by a vendor-offered program that will take back the printer cartridges after their useful life, ensure that the cartridge is recycled, and comply with the definition of recycling in section 115A.03, subdivision 25b;

(7) (8) produce reports, publications, and periodicals that are readily recyclable; and

(8) (9) purchase paper which has been made on a paper machine located in Minnesota.

(b) Paragraph (a), clause (1), does not apply to coated paper that is made with at least 50 percent postconsumer material.

(c) A public entity shall print documents on both sides of the paper where commonly accepted publishing practices allow.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16C.16, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Designation of targeted groups.** (a) The commissioner of administration shall periodically designate businesses that are majority owned and operated by women, persons with a substantial physical disability, or specific minorities as targeted group businesses within purchasing categories as determined by the commissioner. A group
may be targeted within a purchasing category if the commissioner determines there is a
statistical disparity between the percentage of purchasing from businesses owned by
group members and the representation of businesses owned by group members among all
businesses in the state in the purchasing category.

(b) In addition to designations under paragraph (a): (1) an individual business may
be included as a targeted group business if the commissioner determines that inclusion is
necessary to remedy discrimination against the owner based on race, gender, or disability
in attempting to operate a business that would provide goods or services to public
agencies; and (2) an individual business must be included as a targeted group business if
the business agrees that its workforce will be composed of at least 40 percent minority
persons or veterans, and that this agreement will be expressed as a condition of any
contract between the state and the business.

(c) The designations of purchasing categories and businesses under paragraphs
(a) and (b) are not rules for purposes of chapter 14, and are not subject to rulemaking
procedures of that chapter.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16E.0466, is amended to read:

16E.0466 STATE AGENCY TECHNOLOGY PROJECTS.

(a) Every state agency with an information or telecommunications project must
consult with the Office of MN.IT Services to determine the information technology cost
of the project. Upon agreement between the commissioner of a particular agency and
the chief information officer, the agency must transfer the information technology cost
portion of the project to the Office of MN.IT Services. Service level agreements must
document all project-related transfers under this section. Those agencies specified in
section 16E.016, paragraph (d), are exempt from the requirements of this section.

(b) Notwithstanding section 16A.28, subdivision 3, any unexpended operating
balance appropriated to a state agency may be transferred to the information and
technology cost of a specific project, subject to the review of the Legislative Advisory
Commission, under section 16E.21, subdivision 3.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16E.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Charges. Upon agreement of the participating agency, the Office of
MN.IT Services may collect a charge or receive a fund transfer under section 16E.0466
for purchases of information and telecommunications technology systems and services
by state agencies and other governmental entities through state contracts for purposes
described in subdivision 1. Charges collected under this section must be credited to the
information and telecommunications technology systems and services account.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16E.21, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:

Subd. 3. Legislative Advisory Commission review. (a) No funds may be
transferred to the information and telecommunications technology systems and services
account under subdivision 2 or section 16E.0466 until the commissioner of management
and budget has submitted the proposed transfer to the members of the Legislative
Advisory Commission for review and recommendation. If the commission makes a
positive recommendation or no recommendation, or if the commission has not reviewed
the request within 20 days after the date the request to transfer funds was submitted,
the commissioner of management and budget may approve the request to transfer the
funds. If the commission recommends further review of a request to transfer funds, the
commissioner shall provide additional information to the commission. If the commission
makes a negative recommendation on the request within ten days of receiving further
information, the commissioner shall not approve the fund transfer. If the commission
makes a positive recommendation or no recommendation within ten days of receiving
further information, the commissioner may approve the fund transfer.

(b) A recommendation of the commission must be made at a meeting of the
commission unless a written recommendation is signed by all members entitled to vote on
the item as specified in section 3.30, subdivision 2. A recommendation of the commission
must be made by a majority of the commission.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16E.21, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:

Subd. 4. Lapse. Any portion of any receipt credited to the information and
telecommunications technology systems and services account from a fund transfer under
subdivision 2 that remains unexpended and unencumbered at the close of the fiscal year
four years after the funds were received in the account shall lapse to the fund from which
the receipt was transferred.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16E.21, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:

Subd. 5. Report. The chief information officer shall report by September 15 of
each odd-numbered year to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative
committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the Office of MN.IT Services regarding
the receipts credited to the account. The report must include a description of projects
funded through the information and telecommunications technology systems and services
account and each project's current status.

Sec. 32. [43A.035] LIMIT ON NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT
EMPLOYEES.

The total number of full-time equivalent employees employed in all executive
branch agencies may not exceed 31,691. As provided in article 1, section 13, an executive
branch agency may not hire a new employee during the biennium ending June 30, 2017,
except as authorized in article 10, section 13. Any reductions in staff should prioritize
protecting client-facing health care workers, corrections officers, public safety workers,
and mental health workers. As a means of achieving compliance with this requirement,
the commissioner may authorize an agency to provide an early retirement incentive to an
executive branch employee, under which the state will continue to make the employer
contribution for health insurance after the employee has terminated state service. The
commissioner must prescribe eligibility requirements and the maximum duration of the
payments. For purposes of this section, an "executive agency" does not include the
Minnesota State Colleges and Universities or statewide pension plans.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.001, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Board of Barber Examiners. (a) A Board of Barber Examiners is
established to consist of three four barber members and one public member, as defined in
section 214.02, appointed by the governor.

(b) The barber members shall be persons who have practiced as registered barbers in
this state for at least five years immediately prior to their appointment; shall be graduates
from the 12th grade of a high school or have equivalent education, and shall have
knowledge of the matters to be taught in registered barber schools, as set forth in section
154.07. One of the barber members shall be a member of, or recommended by, a union of
journeymen barbers that has existed at least two years, and one barber member shall be a
member of, or recommended by, a professional organization of barbers.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.002, is amended to read:

154.002 OFFICERS; COMPENSATION; FEES; EXPENSES.

The Board of Barber Examiners shall annually elect a chair and secretary. It shall
adopt and use a common seal for the authentication of its orders and records. The board
shall appoint an executive secretary or enter into an interagency agreement to procure the
services of an executive secretary. The executive secretary shall not be a member of the
board and shall be in the unclassified civil service. The position of executive secretary
may be a part-time position.

The executive secretary shall keep a record of all proceedings of the board. The
expenses of administering this chapter shall be paid from the appropriations made to
the Board of Barber Examiners.

Each member of the board shall take the oath provided by law for public officers.

A majority of the board, in meeting assembled, may perform and exercise all the
duties and powers devolving upon the board.

The members of the board shall receive compensation, as provided in section
214.09, for each day spent on board activities, but not to exceed 20 days in any calendar
month nor 100 days in any calendar year.

The board shall have authority to employ such inspectors, clerks, deputies, and other
assistants as it may deem necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 154.003, is amended to read:

154.003 FEES.

(a) The fees collected, as required in this chapter, chapter 214, and the rules of the
board, shall be paid to the board. The board shall deposit the fees in the general fund
in the state treasury.

(b) The board shall charge the following fees:

(1) examination and certificate, registered barber, $85;

(2) retake of written examination, registered barber, $10;

(3) examination and certificate, apprentice, $80;

(4) retake of written examination, apprentice, $10;

(5) (3) examination and certificate, instructor, $180;

(6) (4) certificate, instructor, $65;

(7) (5) temporary teacher or apprentice permit, $80;

(8) (6) temporary registered barber, military, $85;

(9) (7) temporary barber instructor, military, $180;

(10) temporary apprentice barber, military, $80;

(11) (8) renewal of registration, registered barber, $80;

(12) renewal of registration, apprentice, $70;

(13) (9) renewal of registration, instructor, $80;

(14) (10) renewal of temporary teacher permit, $65;
(15) (11) student permit, $45;
(16) (12) renewal of student permit, $25;
(17) (13) initial shop registration, $85;
(18) (14) initial school registration, $1,030;
(19) (15) renewal shop registration, $85;
(20) (16) renewal school registration, $280;
(21) (17) restoration of registered barber registration, $95;
(22) restoration of apprentice registration, $90;
(23) (18) restoration of shop registration, $105;
(24) (19) change of ownership or location, $55;
(25) (20) duplicate registration, $40;
(26) (21) home study course, $75;
(27) (22) letter of registration verification, $25; and
(28) (23) reinspection, $100.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.01, is amended to read:

154.01 REGISTRATION MANDATORY.

(a) The registration of the practice of barbering serves the public health and safety of
the people of the state of Minnesota by ensuring that individuals seeking to practice the
profession of barbering are appropriately trained in the use of the chemicals, tools, and
implements of barbering and demonstrate the skills necessary to conduct barber services
in a safe, sanitary, and appropriate environment required for infection control.

(b) No person shall practice, offer to practice, or attempt to practice barbering
without a current certificate of registration as a registered barber, issued pursuant to
provisions of sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.162, 154.19 to
154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 by the Board of Barber Examiners.

(b) No person shall serve, offer to serve, or attempt to serve as an apprentice under a
registered barber without a current certificate of registration as a registered apprentice or
temporary apprentice permit issued pursuant to provisions of sections 154.001, 154.002,
154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 by the Board of
Barber Examiners. The registered apprentice shall, prior to or immediately upon issuance
of the apprentice's certificate of registration, and immediately after changing employment,
advice the board of the name, address, and certificate number of the registered barber
under whom the registered apprentice is working.

(c) A registered barber must only provide barbering services in a registered barber
shop or barber school, unless prior authorization is given by the board.
(e) (d) No person shall operate a barber shop unless it is at all times under the direct supervision and management of a registered barber and the owner or operator of the barber shop possesses a current shop registration card, issued to the barber shop establishment address, under sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.162, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 154.28 by the Board of Barber Examiners.

(d) (e) No person shall serve, offer to serve, or attempt to serve as an instructor of barbering without a current certificate of registration as a registered instructor of barbering or a temporary permit as an instructor of barbering, as provided for the board by rule, issued under sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.162, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 154.28 by the Board of Barber Examiners. Barber instruction must be provided in registered barber schools only.

(e) (f) No person shall operate a barber school unless the owner or operator possesses a current certificate of registration as a barber school, issued under sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.162, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 154.28 by the Board of Barber Examiners.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.02, is amended to read:

154.02 WHAT CONSTITUTES BARBERING DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. What constitutes barbering. Any one or any combination of the following practices when done upon the head, face, and neck for cosmetic purposes and not for the treatment of disease or physical or mental ailments and when done for payment directly or indirectly or without payment for the public generally constitutes the practice of barbering within the meaning of sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.162, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 154.28: to shave the face or neck, trim the beard, clean, condition, cut or bob, color, shape, or straighten the hair of any person of either sex for compensation or other reward received by the person performing such service or any other person; to give facial and scalp massage or treatments with oils, creams, lotions, or other preparations either by hand or mechanical appliances; to singe, shampoo the hair, or apply hair tonics; or to apply cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, powders, oils, clays, or lotions to hair, scalp, face, or neck.

Subd. 2. Barber school. A "barber school" is a place that holds a registration as a barber school in which barbering, as defined in subdivision 1, is practiced by registered student barbers under the direction of registered barber instructors for the purpose of learning and teaching barber skills.
Subd. 3. Barber shop. A "barber shop" is a place other than a barber school that holds a registration as a barber shop under this chapter in which barbering, as defined in subdivision 1, is practiced.

Subd. 4. Certificate of registration. A "certificate of registration" means the certificate issued to an individual, barber shop, or barber school that is in compliance with the requirements of sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.162, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.28.

Subd. 5. Designated registered barber. The "designated registered barber" is a registered barber designated as the manager of a barber shop.

Subd. 6. Registered barber. A "registered barber" is an individual who, for compensation, performs the personal services as defined in subdivision 1, in compliance with this chapter.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.04, is amended to read:

154.04 PERSONS EXEMPT FROM REGISTRATION.

The following persons are exempt from the provisions of sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.164, 154.165, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26, 154.28 while in the proper discharge of their professional duties:

(1) persons authorized by the law of this state to practice medicine, surgery, osteopathy, and chiropractic;

(2) commissioned medical or surgical officers of the United States armed services;

(3) registered nurses, licensed practical nurses, and nursing aides performing services under the direction and supervision of a licensed physician or licensed registered nurse, provided, however, that no additional compensation shall be paid for such service and patients who are so attended shall not be charged for barbering;

(4) licensed cosmetologists, when providing cosmetology services as defined in section 155A.23, subdivision 3, provided, however, that cosmetologists shall not hold themselves out as barbers or, except in the case of nail technicians, practice their occupation in a barber shop; and

(5) persons who perform barbering services for charitable purposes in nursing homes, shelters, missions, individual homes, or other similar facilities, provided, however, that no direct or indirect compensation is received for the services, and that persons who receive barbering services are not charged for the services.
Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.05, is amended to read:

154.05 WHO MAY RECEIVE CERTIFICATES OF REGISTRATION AS A REGISTERED BARBER.

(a) A person is qualified to receive a certificate of registration as a registered barber if the person:

(1) who is qualified under the provisions of section 154.06 has successfully completed ten grades of education;

(2) who has practiced as a registered apprentice for a period of 12 months under the immediate personal supervision of a registered barber, and (2) has successfully completed 1,500 hours of study in a board-approved barber school; and

(3) who has passed an examination conducted by the board to determine fitness to practice barbering.

(3) has passed an examination conducted by the board to determine fitness to practice barbering.

An apprentice (b) A first-time applicant for a certificate of registration to practice as a registered barber who fails to pass the comprehensive examination conducted by the board and who fails to pass a onetime retake of the written examination, shall continue to practice as an apprentice for complete an additional 300-500 hours of barber education before being eligible to retake the comprehensive examination as many times as necessary to pass.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.065, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Qualifications. A person is qualified to receive a certificate of registration as an instructor of barbering who:

(1) is a graduate of an approved high school, or its equivalent, as determined by examination by the Department of Education;

(2) has successfully completed vocational instructor training from a board-approved program or accredited college or university program that includes the following courses or their equivalents as determined by the board:

(i) introduction to career and technical education training;

(ii) philosophy and practice of career and technical education;

(iii) course development for career and technical education;

(iv) instructional methods for career and technical education; and

(v) human relations;

(3) is currently a registered barber and has at least three years experience as a registered barber in this state, or its equivalent in another state or jurisdiction as determined by the board; and
(4) has passed an examination conducted by the board to determine fitness to
instruct in barbering.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.065, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Examinations. Examinations under this section shall be held not to exceed
twice a year at times and at a place or places to be determined by the board. In case of
an emergency, there being no registered instructor of barbering available, a temporary
certificate as an instructor of barbering, valid only until the results of the next examination
are released, may be issued upon such terms and conditions as the board may prescribe.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.07, is amended to read:

154.07 BARBER SCHOOLS; REQUIREMENTS.

Subdivision 1. Admission requirements; course of instruction. No barber school
shall be approved by the board unless it requires, as a prerequisite to admission, ten grades
of an approved school or its equivalent, as determined by educational transcript, high
school diploma, high school equivalency certificate, or an examination conducted by the
commissioner of education, which shall issue a certificate that the student has passed the
required examination, and unless it requires, as a prerequisite to graduation, a course of
instruction of at least 1,500 hours, of not more than eight ten hours of schooling in any
one working day. The course of instruction must include the following subjects: scientific
fundamentals for barbering; hygiene; practical study of the hair, skin, muscles, and
nerves; structure of the head, face, and neck; elementary chemistry relating to sanitation;
disinfection; sterilization and antiseptics; diseases of the skin, hair, and glands; massaging
and manipulating the muscles of the face and neck; haircutting; shaving; trimming the
beard; bleaching, tinting and dyeing the hair; and the chemical waving and straightening
of hair.

Subd. 3. Costs. It is permissible for barber schools to make a reasonable charge for
materials used and services rendered by students for work done in the schools by students.

Subd. 3a. Number of instructors. There must be one registered instructor of
barbering for every 47 20 students or minor fraction in excess of 17 in attendance at the
same time. Instruction must not be performed by persons not possessing a certificate of
registration as an instructor of barbering or a temporary permit as an instructor of barbering.

Subd. 4. Building requirements. Each barber school must be conducted and
operated in one building, or in connecting buildings, and a barber school must not have
any department or branch in a building completely separated or removed from the
remainder of the barber school.
Subd. 5. Owner's requirements. Any person may own and operate a barber school
if the person has had six years' continuous experience as a barber, provides the person first
secures from the board an annual certificate of registration as a barber school, keeps it
prominently displayed, and before commencing business:

(1) files with the secretary of state a bond to the state approved by the attorney
general in the sum of $25,000, conditioned upon the faithful compliance of the barber
school with sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.162, 154.19 to
154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26, and 154.28, and to pay all judgments that may be obtained
against the school, or the owners thereof, on account of fraud, misrepresentation, or deceit
practiced by them or their agents; and

(2) keeps prominently displayed on the exterior a substantial sign indicating that the
establishment is a barber school.

Subd. 5a. Student permits. All barber schools upon receiving students shall
immediately apply to the board for student permits upon forms for that purpose furnished
by the board.

Subd. 5b. Designated operator. All barber schools shall be operated by a barber
with no less than six years of continuous experience as a registered barber in this state or
another state or jurisdiction as determined by the board. When a person who owns a barber
school does not meet the requirements of this section to operate a barber school, the owner
shall notify the board in writing and under oath of the identity of the person designated to
operate the barber school and shall notify the board of any change of operator by telephone
within 24 hours of such change, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, and
shall notify the board in writing and under oath within 72 hours of such change.

Subd. 6. Operation by technical college or state institution. A public technical
college or a state institution may operate a barber school provided it has in its employment
a qualified instructor holding a current certificate of registration as a barber instructor and
provided that it secures from the board an annual certificate of registration and does so in
accordance with sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.162, 154.19
to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26, 154.28 and the rules of the board for barber schools but
without the requirement to file a performance bond with the secretary of state.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.08, is amended to read:

154.08 APPLICATION; FEE.

Each applicant for an examination shall:
(1) make application to the Board of Barber Examiners on blank forms prepared and furnished by it, the application to contain proof under the applicant's oath of the particular qualifications and identity of the applicant;

(2) provide all documentation required in support of the application;

(3) pay to the board the required fee; and

(4) present a government-issued photo identification as proof of identity upon acceptance of the notarized application and present a corresponding government-issued photo identification when the applicant appears for examination.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.09, is amended to read:

**154.09 EXAMINATIONS, CONDUCT AND SCOPE.**

The board shall conduct examinations of applicants for certificates of registration to practice as registered barbers and apprentices not more than six times each year, at such time and place as the board may determine. Additional written examinations may be scheduled by the board and conducted by board staff as designated by the board. The proprietor of a barber school must file an affidavit with the board of hours completed by students applying to take the apprentice registered barber examination. Students must complete 1,500 hours the full 1,500-hour curriculum in a barber school approved by the board within the past four years to be eligible for examination. Barber students who have completed barber school more than four years prior to application, that have not obtained a barber registration, license, or certificate in any jurisdiction must complete an additional 500 hours of barber school education to be eligible for the registered barber examination. Registered barbers that fail to renew their registration for four or more years are required to take the registered barber examination to reinstate the registration.

The examination of applicants for certificates of registration as barbers and apprentices shall include a practical demonstration and a written and oral test. The examination must cover the subjects usually taught in barber schools registered with the board, including applicable state statute and rule.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.10, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Certificates of registration; fees.** When the provisions of this chapter have been complied with, the board shall issue a certificate of registration as a registered barber, as a registered apprentice, as a registered instructor of barbering, or as a registered barber school, a temporary apprentice permit, a temporary permit as an instructor of barbering, or a barber shop registration card upon payment of the required fee. Certificates of registration, temporary permits, and shop registration cards are not transferable.
Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Examination of nonresidents. (a) A person who meets all of the requirements for barber registration in sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.16, 154.162, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26, or currently has a license, certificate of registration, or an equivalent as a practicing barber or instructor of barbering as verified from another state or, if presenting foreign country credentials as verified by a board-approved professional credential evaluation provider, which in the discretion of the board has substantially the same requirements for registering barbers and instructors of barbering as required by sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.16, 154.162, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 or can prove by sworn affidavits practice as a barber or instructor of barbering in another state or country for at least five years immediately prior to making application in this state, 154.28 shall, upon payment of the required fee, be issued a certificate of registration without examination.

(b) Individuals without a current documented license, certificate of registration, or equivalent, as verified in paragraph (a), must have a minimum of 1,500 hours of barber education as verified by the barber school attended in the other state or if presenting foreign country education as verified by a board-approved professional credential evaluation provider, completed within the previous four years, which, in the discretion of the board, has substantially the same requirements as required in sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.16, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.28 will be eligible for examination.

(c) Individuals unable to meet the requirements in paragraph (a) or (b) shall be subject to all the requirements of section 154.05.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 154.11, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Temporary military permits. (a) In accordance with section 197.4552, the board shall issue a temporary:

(1) permit for apprentice barbers;

(2) (1) certificate for registered barbers; and

(3) (2) certificate for registered barber instructors.

(b) Fees for temporary military permits and certificates of registration under this subdivision are listed under section 154.003.

(c) Permits or certificates of registration issued under this subdivision are valid for one year from the date of issuance, after which the individual must complete a full application as required by section 197.4552.
Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.14, is amended to read:

154.14 CERTIFICATES OF REGISTRATION AND TEMPORARY PERMITS TO BE DISPLAYED.

Every holder of a certificate of registration as a registered barber or registered apprentice or temporary apprentice permit shall display the certificate or permit, with a photograph of the certificate or permit holder that meets the same standards as required for a United States passport, in a conspicuous place adjacent to or near the chair where work is performed. Every holder of a certificate of registration as an instructor of barbering or a temporary permit as an instructor of barbering shall display the certificate or permit, with a photograph of the certificate or permit holder that meets the same standards as required for a United States passport, in a conspicuous place within the barber school that is accessible to the public. Every holder of a certificate of registration as a barber school and of a barber shop registration card shall display it in a conspicuous place within the establishment that is accessible to the public.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.15, is amended to read:

154.15 CERTIFICATES OF REGISTRATION MUST BE RENEWED ANNUALLY.

Subdivision 1. Annual renewal required. All registered barbers, registered apprentices, and registered instructors of barbering who continue in active practice or service shall, on or before December 31 each year, renew their certificates of registration for the following year and pay the required fee. Every certificate of registration which has not been renewed during the month of December in any year shall expire on the 31st day of December in that year. All shop registration cards shall be renewed on or before June 30 of each year upon payment of the required fee. All certificates of registration as a barber school shall be renewed on or before December 31 of each year upon payment of the required fee.

Subd. 2. Effect of failure to renew. A registered barber or a registered apprentice who has not renewed a certificate of registration may be reinstated within four years of such failure to renew without examination upon the payment of the required restoration fee for each year the certificate is lapsed. A registered instructor of barbering who has not renewed a certificate of registration may be reinstated within four years of such failure to renew without examination upon payment of the required restoration fee for each year the certificate is lapsed. All registered barbers, and registered apprentices who allow their certificates of registration to lapse for more than four years shall be required to reexamine before being issued a certificate of registration. All registered instructors of barbering who
allow their certificates of registration to lapse for more than four years shall be required
183.2 to reexamine before being issued a certificate of registration. A barber shop owner who
183.3 has not renewed the barber shop certificate for more than one year may reinstate the
183.4 barber shop registration upon payment of the restoration fee for each year the shop card
183.5 was lapsed. If lapsed or unregistered status is discovered by the barber inspector during
183.6 inspection, penalties under section 154.162 shall apply.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 154.161, subdivision 4, is
183.7 amended to read:
183.8 Subd. 4. Registration actions. (a) With respect to a person who is a holder of or
183.9 applicant for registration or a shop registration card under sections 154.001, 154.002,
183.10 154.003, 154.01 to 154.164 154.162, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 154.28, the
183.11 board may by order deny, refuse to renew, suspend, temporarily suspend, or revoke the
183.12 application, certificate of registration, or shop registration card, censure or reprimand the
183.13 person, refuse to permit the person to sit for examination, or refuse to release the person's
183.14 examination grades, if the board finds that such an order is in the public interest and that,
183.15 based on a preponderance of the evidence presented, the person has:
183.16 (1) violated a statute, rule, or order that the board has adopted or issued or is
183.17 empowered to enforce;
183.18 (2) engaged in conduct or acts that are fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest, whether
183.19 or not the conduct or acts relate to the practice of barbering, if the fraudulent, deceptive, or
183.20 dishonest conduct or acts reflect adversely on the person's ability or fitness to engage in
183.21 the practice of barbering;
183.22 (3) engaged in conduct or acts that constitute malpractice, are negligent, demonstrate
183.23 incompetence, or are otherwise in violation of the standards in the rules of the board,
183.24 where the conduct or acts relate to the practice of barbering;
183.25 (4) employed fraud or deception in obtaining a certificate of registration, shop
183.26 registration card, renewal, or reinstatement, or in passing all or a portion of the examination;
183.27 (5) had a certificate of registration or shop registration card, right to examine, or
183.28 other similar authority revoked in another jurisdiction;
183.29 (6) failed to meet any requirement for issuance or renewal of the person's certificate
183.30 of registration or shop registration card;
183.31 (7) practiced as a barber while having an infectious or contagious disease;
183.32 (8) advertised by means of false or deceptive statements;
183.33 (9) demonstrated intoxication or indulgence in the use of drugs, including but not
183.34 limited to narcotics as defined in section 152.01 or in United States Code, title 26, section
4731, barbiturates, amphetamines, benzodrine, dexedrine, or other sedatives, depressants, stimulants, or tranquilizers;

(10) demonstrated unprofessional conduct or practice;

(11) permitted an employee or other person under the person's supervision or control to practice as a registered barber, registered apprentice, or registered instructor of barbering unless that person has (i) a current certificate of registration as a registered barber, registered apprentice, or registered instructor of barbering, (ii) a temporary apprentice permit, or (iii) a temporary permit as an instructor of barbering;

(12) practices, offered to practice, or attempted to practice by misrepresentation;

(13) failed to display a certificate of registration as required by section 154.14;

(14) used any room or place of barbering that is also used for any other purpose, or used any room or place of barbering that violates the board's rules governing sanitation;

(15) in the case of a barber, apprentice, or other person working in or in charge of any barber shop, or any person in a barber school engaging in the practice of barbering, failed to use separate and clean towels for each customer or patron, or to discard and launder each towel after being used once;

(16) in the case of a barber or other person in charge of any barber shop or barber school, (i) failed to supply in a sanitary manner clean hot and cold water in quantities necessary to conduct the shop or barbering service for the school, (ii) failed to have water and sewer connections from the shop or barber school with municipal water and sewer systems where they are available for use, or (iii) failed or refused to maintain a receptacle for hot water of a capacity of at least five gallons;

(17) refused to permit the board to make an inspection permitted or required by sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.162, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26, or failed to provide the board or the attorney general on behalf of the board with any documents or records they request;

(18) failed promptly to renew a certificate of registration or shop registration card when remaining in practice, pay the required fee, or issue a worthless check;

(19) failed to supervise a registered apprentice or temporary apprentice, or permitted the practice of barbering by a person not registered with the board or not holding a temporary permit;

(20) refused to serve a customer because of race, color, creed, religion, disability, national origin, or sex;

(21) failed to comply with a provision of sections 136A.82 to 136A.834, or a provision of another chapter that relates to barber schools; or
(22) with respect to temporary suspension orders, has committed an act, engaged in conduct, or committed practices that the board, or complaint committee if authorized by the board, has determined may result or may have resulted in an immediate threat to the public.

(b) In lieu of or in addition to any remedy under paragraph (a), the board may as a condition of continued registration, termination of suspension, reinstatement of registration, examination, or release of examination results, require that the person:

(1) submit to a quality review of the person's ability, skills, or quality of work, conducted in a manner and by a person or entity that the board determines; or

(2) complete to the board's satisfaction continuing education as the board requires.

(c) Service of an order under this subdivision is effective if the order is served personally on, or is served by certified mail to the most recent address provided to the board by the certificate holder, applicant, or counsel of record. The order must state the reason for the entry of the order.

(d) Except as provided in subdivision 5, paragraph (c), all hearings under this subdivision must be conducted in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.161, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Reinstatement. The board may reinstate a suspended, revoked, or surrendered certificate of registration or shop registration card, on petition of the former or suspended registrant. The board may in its sole discretion place any conditions on reinstatement of a suspended, revoked, or surrendered certificate of registration or shop registration card that it finds appropriate and necessary to ensure that the purposes of sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.162, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 are met. No certificate of registration or shop registration card may be reinstated until the former registrant has completed at least one-half of the suspension period.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.162, is amended to read:

154.162 ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES.

The board shall impose and collect the following penalties:

(1) missing or lapsed shop registration discovered upon inspection; penalty imposed on shop owner: up to $500;

(2) unregistered apprentice or registered barber, first occurrence discovered upon inspection; penalty imposed on shop owner and unlicensed or unregistered individual: up to $500; and
(3) unregistered apprentice or registered barber, second occurrence discovered upon
inspection; penalty imposed on shop owner and unlicensed or unregistered individual:
up to $1,000.

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.19, is amended to read:

154.19 VIOLATIONS.

Each of the following constitutes a misdemeanor:

(1) The violation of any of the provisions of section 154.01;

(2) Permitting any person in one's employ, supervision, or control to practice as a
registered barber or registered apprentice unless that person has a certificate of registration
as a registered barber or registered apprentice;

(3) Obtaining or attempting to obtain a certificate of registration for money other
than the required fee, or any other thing of value, or by fraudulent misrepresentation;

(4) Practicing or attempting to practice by fraudulent misrepresentation;

(5) The willful failure to display a certificate of registration as required by section
154.14;

(6) The use of any room or place for barbering which is also used for residential or
business purposes, except the sale of hair tonics, lotions, creams, cutlery, toilet articles,
cigars, tobacco, candies in original package, and such commodities as are used and sold in
barber shops, and except that shoeshining and an agency for the reception and delivery of
laundry, or either, may be conducted in a barber shop without the same being construed
as a violation of this section, unless a substantial partition of ceiling height separates the
portion used for residential or business purposes, and where a barber shop is situated in a
residence, poolroom, confectionery, store, restaurant, garage, clothing store, liquor store,
hardware store, or soft drink parlor, there must be an outside entrance leading into the
barber shop independent of any entrance leading into such business establishment, except
that this provision as to an outside entrance shall not apply to barber shops in operation
at the time of the passage of this section and except that a barber shop and cosmetology salon
may be operated in conjunction, without the same being separated by
partition of ceiling height;

(7) The failure or refusal of any barber or other person in charge of any barber shop,
or any person in barber schools or colleges doing barber service work, to use separate
and clean towels for each customer or patron, or to discard and launder each towel after
once being used;

(8) The failure or refusal by any barber or other person in charge of any barber shop
or barber school or barber college to supply clean hot and cold water in such quantities as
may be necessary to conduct such shop, or the barbering service of such school or college, in a sanitary manner, or the failure or refusal of any such person to have water and sewer connections from such shop, or barber school or college, with municipal water and sewer systems where the latter are available for use, or the failure or refusal of any such person to maintain a receptacle for hot water of a capacity of not less than five gallons;

(9) For the purposes of this section, barbers, students, apprentices, or the proprietor or manager of a barber shop, or barber school or barber college, shall be responsible for all violations of the sanitary sanitation and disinfection provisions of this section, and if any barber workstation in any barber shop, or barber school or barber college, upon inspection, shall be found to be in an unsanitary condition, the person making such inspection shall immediately issue an order to place the barber shop, or barber school, or barber college, in a sanitary condition, in a manner and within a time satisfactory to the Board of Barber Examiners, and for the failure to comply with such order the board shall immediately file a complaint for the arrest of the persons upon whom the order was issued, and any registered barber who shall fail to comply with the rules adopted by the Board of Barber Examiners, with the approval of the state commissioner of health, or the violation or commission of any of the offenses described in this section and section 154.161, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (3), and (4) to (12), shall be fined not less than $10 or imprisoned for ten days and not more than $100 or imprisoned for 90 days.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.21, is amended to read:

154.21 PERJURY.

The willful making of any false statement as to a material matter in any oath or affidavit which is required by the provisions of sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.162, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 154.28 is perjury and punishable as such.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.24, is amended to read:

154.24 RULES.

The Board of Barber Examiners shall have authority to make reasonable rules for the administration of the provisions of sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.162, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 154.28 and prescribe sanitary sanitation and disinfection requirements for barber shops and barber schools, subject to the approval of the state commissioner of health. Any member of the board, or its agents or assistants, shall have authority to enter upon and to inspect any barber shop or barber school at any time during business hours. A copy of the rules adopted by the board shall be furnished by
it to the owner or manager of each barber shop or barber school and such copy shall be
posted in a conspicuous place in such barber shop or barber school.

The board shall keep a record of its proceedings relating to the issuance, refusal,
renewal, suspension, and revocation of certificates of registration. This record shall
contain the name, place of business, and residence of each registered barber and registered
apprentice, and the date and number of the certificate of registration. This record shall be
open to public inspection at all reasonable times.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 154.25, is amended to read:

154.25 NOT TO SERVE CERTAIN PERSONS.

No person practicing the occupation of a barber in any barber shop, barber school, or
college in this state shall knowingly serve a person afflicted, in a dangerous or infectious
state of the disease, with erysipelas, eczema, impetigo, syphilis, or any other contagious or
infectious disease. Any person so afflicted is hereby prohibited from being served in any
barber shop, barber school, or college in this state. Any violation of this section shall be
considered a misdemeanor as provided for in sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 197.455, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Application. (a) This section shall govern preference of a veteran
under the civil service laws, charter provisions, ordinances, rules or regulations of a
county, home rule charter or statutory city, town, school district, or other municipality
or political subdivision of this state. Any provision in a law, charter, ordinance, rule or
regulation contrary to the applicable provisions of this section is void to the extent of
such inconsistency.

(b) Sections 197.46 to 197.481 also apply to a veteran who is an incumbent in a
classified appointment in the state civil service and has completed the probationary period
for that position, as defined under section 43A.16. In matters of dismissal from such a
position, a qualified veteran has the irrevocable option of using the procedures described
in sections 197.46 to 197.481, or the procedures provided in the collective bargaining
agreement applicable to the person, but not both. For a qualified veteran electing to use
the procedures of sections 197.46 to 197.481, the matters governed by those sections must
not be considered grievances under a collective bargaining agreement, and if a veteran
elects to appeal the dispute through those sections, the veteran is precluded from making
an appeal under the grievance procedure of the collective bargaining agreement.
(c) A county, home rule charter or statutory city, town, school district, or other municipality or political subdivision may require a veteran to complete an initial hiring probationary period, as defined under section 43A.16. In matters of dismissal, a veteran employed by a county, home rule charter or statutory city, town, school district, or other municipality or political subdivision is entitled to the same rights and legal protections that state employees receive under paragraph (b).

Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 197.46, is amended to read:

197.46 VETERANS PREFERENCE ACT; REMOVAL FORBIDDEN; RIGHT OF MANDAMUS.

(a) Any person whose rights may be in any way prejudiced contrary to any of the provisions of this section, shall be entitled to a writ of mandamus to remedy the wrong. After any initial hiring probationary period expires, no person holding a position either in the state civil service or by appointment or employment in any county, cities home rule charter or statutory city, towns town, school districts and all district, or any other political subdivisions subdivision in the state, who is a veteran separated from the military service under honorable conditions, shall be removed from such the position or employment except for incompetency or misconduct shown after a hearing, upon due notice, upon stated charges, in writing.

(b) Any veteran who has been notified of the intent to discharge the veteran from an appointed position or employment pursuant to this section shall be notified in writing of such the intent to discharge and of the veteran's right to request a hearing within 60 days of receipt of the notice of intent to discharge. The failure of a veteran to request a hearing within the provided 60-day 30-day period shall constitute a waiver of the right to a hearing. Such The failure shall also waive all other available legal remedies for reinstatement.

Request for a hearing concerning such a discharge shall be made in writing and submitted by mail or personal service to the employment office of the concerned employer or other appropriate office or person. If the veteran requests a hearing under this section, such the written request must also contain the veteran's election to be heard by a civil service board or commission, a merit authority, or a three-person panel an arbitrator as defined in paragraph (c). If the veteran fails to identify the veteran's election, the governmental subdivision may select the hearing body.

(c) In all governmental subdivisions having an established civil service board or commission, or merit system authority, such the veteran may elect to have the hearing for removal or discharge shall be held before such the civil service board or commission or
merit system authority, or before an arbitrator as specified in this paragraph. Where no
such civil service board or commission or merit system authority exists, such hearing shall be held by a board of three persons appointed as follows: one by the governmental subdivision, one by the veteran, and the third by the two so selected an arbitrator. In cases where a hearing will be held by an arbitrator, the employer shall request from the Bureau of Mediation Services a list of seven persons to serve as an arbitrator. The employer shall strike the first name from the list and the parties shall alternately strike names from the list until the name of one arbitrator remains. After receiving each of the employer's elections to strike a person from the list, the veteran has 48 hours to strike a person from the list. The person remaining after the striking procedure must be the arbitrator. Upon the selection of the arbitrator, the employer shall notify the designated arbitrator and request available dates to hold the hearing. In the event that the hearing is authorized to be held before a three person board an arbitrator, the governmental subdivision's notice of intent to discharge shall state that the veteran must respond within 60 days of receipt of the notice of intent to discharge, and provide in writing to the governmental subdivision the name, United States mailing address, and telephone number of the veteran's selected representative for the three person board. The failure of a veteran to submit the name, address, and telephone number of the veteran's selected representative to the governmental subdivision by mail or by personal service within the provided notice's 60 day period, shall constitute a waiver of the veteran's right to the hearing and all other legal remedies available for reinstatement of the veteran’s employment position. In the event the two persons selected by the veteran and governmental subdivision do not appoint the third person within ten days after the appointment of the last of the two, then the judge of the district court of the county wherein the proceeding is pending, or if there be more than one judge in said county then any judge in chambers, shall have jurisdiction to appoint, and Upon application of either or both of the two so selected shall appoint, the third person to the board and the person so appointed by the judge with the two first selected shall constitute the board.

(d) Either the veteran or the governmental subdivision may appeal from the decision of the hearing body upon the charges to the district court by causing written notice of appeal, stating the grounds thereof of the appeal, to be served upon the other party within 15 days after notice of the decision and by filing the original notice of appeal with proof of service thereof in the office of the court administrator of the district court within ten days after service thereof. Nothing in section 197.455 or this section shall be construed to apply to the position of private secretary, superintendent of schools, or one chief deputy of any elected official or head of a department, or to any person holding a strictly confidential relation to the appointing officer. Nothing in this section shall be
construed to apply to the position of teacher. The burden of establishing such relationship shall be upon the appointing officer in all proceedings and actions relating thereto.

(e) For disputes heard by a civil service board, commission or merit system authority, or an arbitrator, the political governmental subdivisions shall bear all costs associated with the hearing but not including attorney fees for attorneys representing the veteran. For disputes heard by a three person panel, all parties shall bear equally all costs associated with the hearing, but not including attorney fees for attorneys representing the veteran. If the veteran prevails in a dispute heard by a civil service board or a three person panel, commission or merit system authority, or an arbitrator and the hearing reverses all aspects of the level of the alleged incompetency or misconduct requiring discharge, the governmental subdivision shall pay the veteran's reasonable attorney fees.

(f) All officers, boards, commissions, and employees shall conform to, comply with, and aid in all proper ways in carrying into effect the provisions of section 197.455 and this section notwithstanding any laws, charter provisions, ordinances or rules to the contrary. Any willful violation of such sections by officers, officials, or employees is a misdemeanor.

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 298.22, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The Office of the Commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation. (a) The Office of the Commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation is created as an agency in the executive branch of state government. The governor shall appoint the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation under section 15.06.

(b) The commissioner may hold other positions or appointments that are not incompatible with duties as commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation. The commissioner may appoint a deputy commissioner. All expenses of the commissioner, including the payment of staff and other assistance as may be necessary, must be paid out of the amounts appropriated by section 298.28 or otherwise made available by law to the commissioner. Notwithstanding chapters 16A, 16B, and 16C, the commissioner may utilize contracting options available under section 471.345 when the commissioner determines it is in the best interest of the agency. The agency is not subject to sections 16E.016 and 16C.05.

(c) When the commissioner determines that distress and unemployment exists or may exist in the future in any county by reason of the removal of natural resources or a possibly limited use of natural resources in the future and any resulting decrease in employment, the commissioner may use whatever amounts of the appropriation made to the commissioner of revenue in section 298.28 that are determined to be necessary and
Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 299A.41, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Killed in the line of duty. "Killed in the line of duty" does not include deaths from natural causes, except as provided in this subdivision. In the case of a peace public safety officer, "killed in the line of duty" includes the death of a peace public safety officer caused by accidental means while the peace public safety officer is acting in the course and scope of duties as a peace public safety officer. Killed in the line of duty also means if a public safety officer dies as the direct and proximate result of a heart attack, stroke, or vascular rupture, that officer shall be presumed to have died as the direct and proximate result of a personal injury sustained in the line of duty if:

(1) that officer, while on duty:
   (i) engaged in a situation, and that engagement involved nonroutine stressful or strenuous physical law enforcement, fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical services, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity; or
   (ii) participated in a training exercise, and that participation involved nonroutine stressful or strenuous physical activity;

(2) that officer died as a result of a heart attack, stroke, or vascular rupture suffered:
   (i) while engaging or participating under clause (1);
   (ii) while still on duty after engaging or participating under clause (1); or
   (iii) not later than 24 hours after engaging or participating under clause (1); and

(3) the presumption is not overcome by competent medical evidence to the contrary.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 327C.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Payment to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund.

In the event a park owner has been assessed under section 327C.095, subdivision 12, paragraph (c), the park owner may collect the $15 annual payment required by section 327C.095, subdivision 12, for participation in the relocation trust fund, as a lump sum or, along with monthly lot rent, a fee of no more than $1.25 per month to cover the cost of...
participating in the relocation trust fund. The $0.25 fee must be separately itemized and clearly labeled "Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund."

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 327C.095, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Payment to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund.

(a) If a manufactured home owner is required to move due to the conversion of all or a portion of a manufactured home park to another use, the closure of a park, or cessation of use of the land as a manufactured home park, the manufactured park owner shall, upon the change in use, pay to the commissioner of management and budget for deposit in the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund under section 462A.35, the lesser amount of the actual costs of moving or purchasing the manufactured home approved by the neutral third party and paid by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency under subdivision 13, paragraph (a) or (e), or $3,250 for each single section manufactured home, and $6,000 for each multisection manufactured home, for which a manufactured home owner has made application for payment of relocation costs under subdivision 13, paragraph (c). The manufactured home park owner shall make payments required under this section to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund within 60 days of receipt of invoice from the neutral third party.

(b) A manufactured home park owner is not required to make the payment prescribed under paragraph (a), nor is a manufactured home owner entitled to compensation under subdivision 13, paragraph (a) or (e), if:

(1) the manufactured home park owner relocates the manufactured home owner to another space in the manufactured home park or to another manufactured home park at the park owner's expense;

(2) the manufactured home owner is vacating the premises and has informed the manufactured home park owner or manager of this prior to the mailing date of the closure statement under subdivision 1;

(3) a manufactured home owner has abandoned the manufactured home, or the manufactured home owner is not current on the monthly lot rental, personal property taxes;

(4) the manufactured home owner has a pending eviction action for nonpayment of lot rental amount under section 327C.09, which was filed against the manufactured home owner prior to the mailing date of the closure statement under subdivision 1, and the writ of recovery has been ordered by the district court;

(5) the conversion of all or a portion of a manufactured home park to another use, the closure of a park, or cessation of use of the land as a manufactured home park is the
result of a taking or exercise of the power of eminent domain by a governmental entity
or public utility; or

(6) the owner of the manufactured home is not a resident of the manufactured home
park, as defined in section 327C.01, subdivision 9, or the owner of the manufactured home
is a resident, but came to reside in the manufactured home park after the mailing date of
the closure statement under subdivision 1.

(c) If the unencumbered fund balance in the manufactured home relocation trust
fund is less than $1,000,000 as of June 30 of each year, the commissioner of management
and budget shall assess each manufactured home park owner by mail the total amount
of $12 $15 for each licensed lot in their park, payable on or before September 15 of that
year. The commissioner of management and budget shall deposit any payments in the
Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund. On or before July 15 of each year,
the commissioner of management and budget shall prepare and distribute to park owners a
letter explaining whether funds are being collected for that year, information about the
collection, an invoice for all licensed lots, and a sample form for the park owners to collect
information on which park residents have been accounted for. If assessed under this
paragraph, the park owner may recoup the cost of the $12 $15 assessment as a lump sum
or as a monthly fee of no more than $1.25 $1.50 collected from park residents together with
monthly lot rent as provided in section 327C.03, subdivision 6. Park owners may adjust
payment for lots in their park that are vacant or otherwise not eligible for contribution to
the trust fund under section 327C.095, subdivision 12, paragraph (b), and deduct from the
assessment accordingly.

(d) This subdivision and subdivision 13, paragraph (c), clause (5), are enforceable by
the neutral third party, on behalf of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, or by action
in a court of appropriate jurisdiction. The court may award a prevailing party reasonable
attorney fees, court costs, and disbursements.

Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 327C.095, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. Change in use, relocation expenses; payments by park owner. (a)
that is being closed, up to a maximum of $4,000 $7,000 for a single-section and $8,000 $12,500 for a multisection manufactured home. The actual relocation costs must include the reasonable cost of taking down, moving, and setting up the manufactured home, including equipment rental, utility connection and disconnection charges, minor repairs, modifications necessary for transportation of the home, necessary moving permits and insurance, moving costs for any appurtenances, which meet applicable local, state, and federal building and construction codes.

(b) A manufactured home owner is not entitled to compensation under paragraph (a) if the manufactured home park owner is not required to make a payment to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund under subdivision 12, paragraph (b).

(c) Except as provided in paragraph (c), in order to obtain payment from the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund, the manufactured home owner shall submit to the neutral third party and the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, with a copy to the park owner, an application for payment, which includes:

1. a copy of the closure statement under subdivision 1;
2. a copy of the contract with a moving or towing contractor, which includes the relocation costs for relocating the manufactured home;
3. a statement with supporting materials of any additional relocation costs as outlined in subdivision 1;
4. a statement certifying that none of the exceptions to receipt of compensation under subdivision 12, paragraph (b), apply to the manufactured home owner;
5. a statement from the manufactured park owner that the lot rental is current and that the annual $42 $15 payments to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund have been paid when due; and
6. a statement from the county where the manufactured home is located certifying that personal property taxes for the manufactured home are paid through the end of that year.

(d) If the neutral third party has acted reasonably and does not approve or deny payment within 45 days after receipt of the information set forth in paragraph (c), the payment is deemed approved. Upon approval and request by the neutral third party, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall issue two checks in equal amount for 50 percent of the contract price payable to the mover and towing contractor for relocating the manufactured home in the amount of the actual relocation cost, plus a check to the home owner for additional certified costs associated with third-party vendors, that were necessary in relocating the manufactured home. The moving or towing contractor shall receive 50 percent upon execution of the contract and 50 percent upon completion of the relocation and approval by the manufactured home owner. The moving or towing
contractor may not apply the funds to any other purpose other than relocation of the
manufactured home as provided in the contract. A copy of the approval must be forwarded
by the neutral third party to the park owner with an invoice for payment of the amount
specified in subdivision 12, paragraph (a).

(e) In lieu of collecting a relocation payment from the Minnesota manufactured
home relocation trust fund under paragraph (a), the manufactured home owner may collect
an amount from the fund after reasonable efforts to relocate the manufactured home
have failed due to the age or condition of the manufactured home, or because there are
no manufactured home parks willing or able to accept the manufactured home within a
25-mile radius. A manufactured home owner may tender title of the manufactured home in
the manufactured home park to the manufactured home park owner, and collect an amount
to be determined by an independent appraisal. The appraiser must be agreed to by both
the manufactured home park owner and the manufactured home owner. If the appraised
market value cannot be determined, the tax market value, averaged over a period of five
years, can be used as a substitute. The maximum amount that may be reimbursed under
the fund is a maximum of $5,000 $8,000 for a single-section and $9,000 $14,500 for a
multisection manufactured home. The minimum amount that may be reimbursed under the
fund is $2,000 for a single section and $4,000 for a multisection manufactured home. The
manufactured home owner shall deliver to the manufactured home park owner the current
certificate of title to the manufactured home duly endorsed by the owner of record, and
valid releases of all liens shown on the certificate of title, and a statement from the county
where the manufactured home is located evidencing that the personal property taxes have
been paid. The manufactured home owner's application for funds under this paragraph
must include a document certifying that the manufactured home cannot be relocated, that
the lot rental is current, that the annual $42 $15 payments to the Minnesota manufactured
home relocation trust fund have been paid when due, that the manufactured home owner
has chosen to tender title under this section, and that the park owner agrees to make a
payment to the commissioner of management and budget in the amount established in
subdivision 12, paragraph (a), less any documented costs submitted to the neutral third
party, required for demolition and removal of the home, and any debris or refuse left on the
lot, not to exceed $1,000. The manufactured home owner must also provide a copy of the
certificate of title endorsed by the owner of record, and certify to the neutral third party,
with a copy to the park owner, that none of the exceptions to receipt of compensation under
subdivision 12, paragraph (b), clauses (1) to (6), apply to the manufactured home owner,
and that the home owner will vacate the home within 60 days after receipt of payment or the
date of park closure, whichever is earlier, provided that the monthly lot rent is kept current.
(f) The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must make a determination of the
amount of payment a manufactured home owner would have been entitled to under a local
ordinance in effect on May 26, 2007. Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the manufactured
home owner's compensation for relocation costs from the fund under section 462A.35, is
the greater of the amount provided under this subdivision, or the amount under the local
ordinance in effect on May 26, 2007, that is applicable to the manufactured home owner.

Nothing in this paragraph is intended to increase the liability of the park owner.

(g) Neither the neutral third party nor the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall
be liable to any person for recovery if the funds in the Minnesota manufactured home
relocation trust fund are insufficient to pay the amounts claimed. The Minnesota Housing
Finance Agency shall keep a record of the time and date of its approval of payment to a
claimant.

(h) The agency shall report to the chairs of the senate Finance Committee and
house of representatives Ways and Means Committee by January 15 of each year on
the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund, including the account balance,
payments to claimants, the amount of any advances to the fund, the amount of any
insufficiencies encountered during the previous calendar year, and any administrative
charges or expenses deducted from the trust fund balance. If sufficient funds become
available, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall pay the manufactured home
owner whose unpaid claim is the earliest by time and date of approval.

Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 353.01, subdivision 43, is amended to read:

Subd. 43. Line of duty death. "Line of duty death" means:

(1) a death that occurs while performing or as a direct result of performing normal or
less frequent duties which are specific to protecting the property and personal safety of
others and that present inherent dangers that are specific to the positions covered by the
public employees police and fire plan; or

(2) a death determined by the commissioner of public safety to meet the requirements
of section 299A.41, subdivision 3.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 462.355, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Interim ordinance. (a) If a municipality is conducting studies or has
authorized a study to be conducted or has held or has scheduled a hearing for the purpose
of considering adoption or amendment of a comprehensive plan or official controls
as defined in section 462.352, subdivision 15, or if new territory for which plans or
controls have not been adopted is annexed to a municipality, the governing body of the
municipality may adopt an interim ordinance applicable to all or part of its jurisdiction for
the purpose of protecting the planning process and the health, safety and welfare of its
citizens. The interim ordinance may regulate, restrict, or prohibit any use, development,
or subdivision within the jurisdiction or a portion thereof for a period not to exceed one
year from the date it is effective.

(b) If a proposed interim ordinance purports to regulate, restrict, or prohibit activities
relating to livestock production, a public hearing must be held following a ten-day notice
given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality before
the interim ordinance takes effect.

(c) If a proposed interim ordinance by a statutory or home rule charter city purports
to regulate, restrict, or prohibit activities relating to housing, a public hearing must be held
following a ten-day notice given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in
the municipality before the interim ordinance takes effect.

(d) The period of an interim ordinance applicable to an area that is affected by
a city's master plan for a municipal airport may be extended for such additional periods
as the municipality may deem appropriate, not exceeding a total additional period of 18
months. In all other cases, no interim ordinance may halt, delay, or impede a subdivision
that has been given preliminary approval, nor may any interim ordinance extend the
time deadline for agency action set forth in section 15.99 with respect to any application
filed prior to the effective date of the interim ordinance. The governing body of the
municipality may extend the interim ordinance after a public hearing and written findings
have been adopted based upon one or more of the conditions in clause (1), (2), or (3).

The public hearing must be held at least 15 days but not more than 30 days before the
expiration of the interim ordinance, and notice of the hearing must be published at least
ten days before the hearing. The interim ordinance may be extended for the following
conditions and durations, but, except as provided in clause (3), an interim ordinance may
not be extended more than an additional 18 months:

(1) up to an additional 120 days following the receipt of the final approval or review
by a federal, state, or metropolitan agency when the approval is required by law and the
review or approval has not been completed and received by the municipality at least 30
days before the expiration of the interim ordinance;

(2) up to an additional 120 days following the completion of any other process
required by a state statute, federal law, or court order, when the process is not completed at
least 30 days before the expiration of the interim ordinance; or
(3) up to an additional one year if the municipality has not adopted a comprehensive
plan under this section at the time the interim ordinance is enacted.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for interim ordinances proposed on
or after August 1, 2016.

Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 471.6161, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. School districts; group health insurance coverage. (a) Any entity
providing group health insurance coverage to a school district must provide the school
district with school district-specific nonidentifiable aggregate claims records for the most
recent 24 months within 30 days of the request.

(b) School districts shall request proposals for group health insurance coverage as
provided in subdivision 2 from a minimum of three potential sources of coverage. One of
these requests must go to an administrator governed by chapter 42A. Entities referenced
in subdivision 1 must respond to requests for proposals received directly from a school
district. School districts that are self-insured must also follow these provisions, except
as provided in paragraph (f). School districts must make requests for proposals at least
150 days prior to the expiration of the existing contract but not more frequently than once
every 24 months. The request for proposals must include the most recently available
24 months of nonidentifiable aggregate claims data. The request for proposals must be
publicly released at or prior to its release to potential sources of coverage.

(c) School district contracts for group health insurance must not be longer than two
five years unless the exclusive representative of the largest employment group and the
school district agree otherwise, except that contracts for group health insurance negotiated
in connection with a service cooperative, governed by section 123A.21, must not be
longer than four years.

(d) All initial proposals shall be sealed upon receipt until they are all opened no less
than 90 days prior to the plan's renewal date in the presence of up to three representatives
selected by the exclusive representative of the largest group of employees. Section 13.591,
subdivision 3, paragraph (b), applies to data in the proposals. The representatives of
the exclusive representative must maintain the data according to this classification and
are subject to the remedies and penalties under sections 13.08 and 13.09 for a violation
of this requirement.

(e) A school district, in consultation with the same representatives referenced in
paragraph (d), may continue to negotiate with any entity that submitted a proposal under
paragraph (d) in order to reduce costs or improve services under the proposal. Following
the negotiations any entity that submitted an initial proposal may submit a final proposal
incorporating the negotiations, which is due no less than 75 days prior to the plan's renewal date. All the final proposals submitted must be opened at the same time in the presence of up to three representatives selected by the exclusive representative of the largest group of employees. Notwithstanding section 13.591, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), following the opening of the final proposals, all the proposals, including any made under paragraph (d), and other data submitted in connection with the proposals are public data.

The school district may choose from any of the initial or final proposals without further negotiations and in accordance with subdivision 5, but not sooner than 15 days after the proposals become public data.

(f) School districts that are self-insured shall follow all of the requirements of this section, except that:

1. their requests for proposals may be for third-party administrator services, where applicable;

2. these requests for proposals must be from a minimum of three different sources, which may include both entities referenced in subdivision 1 and providers of third-party administrator services;

3. for purposes of fulfilling the requirement to request a proposal for group insurance coverage from an administrator governed by chapter 43A, self insured districts are not required to include in the request for proposal the coverage to be provided;

4. a district that is self-insured on or before the date of enactment, or that is self-insured with more than 1,000 insured lives, or a district in which the school board adopted a motion on or before May 14, 2014, to approve a self-insured health care plan to be effective July 1, 2014, may, but need not, request a proposal from an administrator governed by chapter 43A;

5. (3) requests for proposals must be sent to providers no less than 90 days prior to the expiration of the existing contract; and

6. (4) proposals must be submitted at least 60 days prior to the plan's renewal date and all proposals shall be opened at the same time and in the presence of the exclusive representative, where applicable.

(g) Nothing in this section shall restrict the authority granted to school district boards of education by section 471.59, except that districts will not be considered self insured for purposes of this subdivision solely through participation in a joint powers arrangement.

(h) An entity providing group health insurance to a school district under a multiyear contract must give notice of any rate or plan design changes applicable under the contract at least 90 days before the effective date of any change. The notice must be given to the school district and to the exclusive representatives of employees.
(i) The exclusive representative of the largest group of employees shall comply with this subdivision and must not exercise any of their abilities under section 43A.316, subdivision 5, notwithstanding anything contained in that section, or any other law to the contrary.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 471.617, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Jointly.** Any two or more statutory or home rule charter cities, counties, school districts, or instrumentalities thereof which together have more than 100 employees may jointly self-insure for any employee health benefits including long-term disability, but not for employee life benefits, subject to the same requirements as an individual self-insurer under subdivision 1. Self-insurance pools under this section are subject to section 62L.045.

A self-insurance pool established and operated by one or more service cooperatives governed by section 123A.21 to provide coverage described in this subdivision qualifies under this subdivision, but the individual school district members of such a pool shall not be considered to be self-insured for purposes of section 471.6161, subdivision 8, paragraph (f). The commissioner of commerce may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 14, providing standards or guidelines for the operation and administration of self-insurance pools.

Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 471.895, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.

(b) "Gift" has the meaning given it in section 10A.071, subdivision 1.

(c) "Interested person" means a person or a representative of a person or association that has a direct financial interest in a decision that a local official is authorized to make.

(d) "Local official" means:

1. an elected or appointed official of a county or city or of an agency, authority, or instrumentality of a county or city; and

2. an elected or appointed member of a school board, a school superintendent, a school principal, or a district school officer of any independent school district; and

3. anyone serving as an elected board member pursuant to section 123A.21.

4. subdivision 4; and

4. an elected or appointed member of the board of a local or statewide organization that is an exclusive representative of a Minnesota public employee.

Sec. 69. Laws 2015, chapter 77, article 1, section 11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Fiscal Agent

202.1 The appropriations under this section are to
202.2 the commissioner of administration for the
202.3 purposes specified.
202.4
202.5 In-Lieu of Rent. $8,158,000 the first year
202.6 and $8,158,000 the second year are for
202.7 space costs of the legislature and veterans
202.8 organizations, ceremonial space, and
202.9 statutorily free space. In-lieu of rent may be
202.10 used for rent loss and relocation expenses
202.11 related to the Capitol restoration in the fiscal
202.12 year 2014-2015 biennium and fiscal year
202.14
202.15 Relocation Expenses. $1,380,000 the first
202.16 year and $960,000 the second year are for
202.17 rent loss and relocation expenses related
202.18 to the Capitol renovation project. This is a
202.19 onetime appropriation.
202.20
202.21 Public Broadcasting. (a) $1,550,000 the
202.22 first year and $1,550,000 the second year are
202.23 for matching grants for public television.
202.24 (b) $550,000 the first year and $250,000
202.25 the second year are for public television
202.26 equipment grants under Minnesota Statutes,
202.27 section 129D.13.
202.28 (c) The commissioner of administration
202.29 must consider the recommendations of the
202.30 Minnesota Public Television Association
202.31 before allocating the amount appropriated
202.32 in paragraphs (a) and (b) for equipment or
202.33 matching grants.
202.34 (d) $592,000 the first year and $392,000 the
202.35 second year are for community service grants
202.36 to public educational radio stations. This
appropriation may be used to disseminate emergency information in foreign languages.

(e) \$167,000 the first year and \$117,000 the second year are for equipment grants to public educational radio stations. This appropriation may be used for the repair, rental, and purchase of equipment including equipment under \$500.

(f) \$560,000 the first year and \$310,000 the second year are for equipment grants to Minnesota Public Radio, Inc., including upgrades to Minnesota's Emergency Alert and AMBER Alert Systems.

(g) The appropriations in paragraphs (d), (e), and (f), may not be used for indirect costs claimed by an institution or governing body. The commissioner of administration must consider the recommendations of the Minnesota Public Educational Radio Stations before awarding grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 129D.14, using the appropriations in paragraphs (d), (e), and (f). No grantee is eligible for a grant of the appropriations in paragraphs (d) and (e) unless they are a member of the Association of Minnesota Public Educational Radio Stations on or before July 1, 2015.

(h) Any unencumbered balance remaining the first year for grants to public television or radio stations does not cancel and is available for the second year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2015.

Sec. 70. REPORT ON STATE EMPLOYEE OUT-OF-STATE TRAVEL EXPENSES.

Article 11 Sec. 70.
The commissioner of management and budget shall audit state employee out-of-state travel expenses incurred between July 1, 2013, and June 30, 2016. The audit shall identify the amount spent on nonessential travel. For purposes of this section, travel is nonessential unless it is necessary to protect the safety or other essential interests of the citizens of the state. The commissioner of management and budget shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees in the house of representatives and senate with jurisdiction over state employees by February 17, 2017. The commissioner must use the department's existing budget to fund the audit.

Sec. 71. STATE AUDITOR REPORT.

The state auditor must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate finance committees with jurisdiction over the Office of the State Auditor by January 15, 2017. The report must include a strategic plan to ensure that all local governments receive adequate oversight from the Office of the State Auditor. In preparing this strategic plan, the state auditor must assess what types of audits performed by the Office of the State Auditor are the most effective mechanisms for ensuring that public funds have been used appropriately, what types of audit work can be performed efficiently by certified public accounting (CPA) firms, and what is the most effective deployment of audit resources available to the Office of the State Auditor. The report must also evaluate the continuing importance of the reports, other than financial audits, that the Office of the State Auditor produces on a regular basis.

Sec. 72. PARKING RAMP FINANCING.

The debt service on the design and construction costs allocated to the parking garage located on the block bounded by Sherburne Avenue on the north, Park Street on the west, University Avenue on the south, and North Capitol Boulevard on the east must be paid for exclusively by fees charged to persons parking in that parking garage. No fees may be charged to members of the public parking in spaces designated for persons with a disability parking certificate.

Sec. 73. REPORT ON MNSURE COSTS TO COUNTIES.

The state auditor must report to the legislature by January 15, 2017, on costs incurred by Minnesota counties related to eligibility determinations and related enrollment activities for medical assistance enrollees and MinnesotaCare enrollees that are due to implementing the Minnesota Eligibility Technology System administered by MNsure.
Sec. 74. LEGISLATIVE SURROGACY COMMISSION.

Subdivision 1. Membership. The Legislative Commission on Surrogacy shall consist of 15 members, appointed as follows:

(1) three members of the senate appointed by the senate majority leader;
(2) three members of the senate appointed by the senate minority leader;
(3) three members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house;
(4) three members of the house of representatives appointed by the house of representatives minority leader;
(5) the commissioner of human services or the commissioner's designee;
(6) the commissioner of health or the commissioner's designee; and
(7) a family court referee appointed by the chief justice of the state Supreme Court.

Appointments must be made by June 1, 2016.

Subd. 2. Chair. The commission shall elect a chair from among its members.

Subd. 3. Meetings. The ranking majority member of the commission who is appointed by the senate majority leader shall convene the first meeting by July 1, 2016. The commission shall have at least six meetings but may not have more than ten meetings.

Subd. 4. Conflict of interest. A commission member may not participate in or vote on a decision of the commission in which the member has either a direct or indirect personal financial interest. A witness at a public meeting of the commission must disclose any financial conflict of interest.

Subd. 5. Duties. The commission shall develop recommendations on public policy and laws regarding surrogacy. To develop the recommendations, the commission shall study surrogacy through public hearings, research, and deliberation. Topics for study include, but are not limited to:

(1) potential health and psychological effects and benefits on women who serve as surrogates;
(2) potential health and psychological effects and benefits on children born of surrogates;
(3) business practices of the fertility industry, including attorneys, brokers, and clinics;
(4) considerations related to different forms of surrogacy;
(5) considerations related to the potential exploitation of women in surrogacy arrangements;
(6) contract law implications when a surrogacy contract is breached;
(7) potential conflicts with statutes governing private adoption and termination of parental rights;

(8) potential for legal conflicts related to third-party reproduction, including conflicts between or amongst the surrogate mother, the intended parents, the child, insurance companies, and medical professionals;

(9) public policy determinations of other jurisdictions with regard to surrogacy; and

(10) information to be provided to a child born of a surrogate about the child's biological and gestational parents.

Subd. 6. Reporting. The commission must submit a report including its recommendations and may draft legislation to implement its recommendations to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over health and judiciary in the house of representatives and senate by December 15, 2016. On topics where the commission fails to reach consensus, a majority and minority report shall be issued.

Subd. 7. Staffing. The Legislative Coordinating Commission shall provide staffing and administrative support to the commission.

Subd. 8. Expiration. The commission expires the day after submitting the report required under subdivision 6.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 75. LCPF STUDY OF JOINT BUDGET TARGET PROCESS; TIMING.

The Legislative Commission on Planning and Fiscal Policy shall study and make recommendations to the legislature by January 15, 2017, on the process and timing for the legislature to establish joint budget targets. In preparing its recommendations, the commission must take public testimony.

Sec. 76. RULEMAKING.

The Board of Barber Examiners may use expedited rulemaking procedures under Minnesota Statutes, section 14.389, to amend Minnesota Rules, chapter 2100, to conform with sections 33 to 56 and 77 to 78.

Sec. 77. TRANSITIONING APPRENTICE BARBERS TO REGISTERED BARBERS.

An apprentice barber practicing on August 1, 2016, is eligible to apply for registered barber status. An apprentice barber must take the registered barber examination to become
registered barber. All apprentice barber registrations will be discontinued on December 31, 2017.

Sec. 78. REPEALER.

(a) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 6.581, subdivision 1, is repealed.

(b) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 3.886, is repealed.

(c) Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 154.03; 154.06; 154.11, subdivision 2; and 154.12, are repealed.

Sec. 79. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 33 to 56, 76 to 77, and 78, paragraph (c), are effective August 1, 2016.

ARTICLE 12

PUBLIC SAFETY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 169.444, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Violations by drivers; penalties. (a) A person who fails to stop a vehicle or to keep it stopped, as required in subdivision 1, or who violates subdivision 1a, is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than $200 $500.

(b) A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor if the person fails to stop a motor vehicle or to keep it stopped, as required in subdivision 1, or who violates subdivision 1a, and commits either or both of the following acts:

(1) passes or attempts to pass the school bus in a motor vehicle on the right-hand, passenger-door side of the bus; or

(2) passes or attempts to pass the school bus in a motor vehicle when a school child is outside of and on the street or highway used by the school bus or on the adjacent sidewalk.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2016, and applies to violations committed on and after that date.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 171.24, is amended to read:

171.24 VIOLATIONS; DRIVING WITHOUT VALID LICENSE.

Subdivision 1. Driving after suspension; misdemeanor. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 5, a person is guilty of a misdemeanor if:

(1) the person's driver's license or driving privilege has been suspended;

(2) the person has been given notice of or reasonably should know of the suspension; and
208.1 (3) the person disobeys the order by operating in this state any motor vehicle, the
208.2 operation of which requires a driver's license, while the person's license or privilege
208.3 is suspended.
208.4 Subd. 2. **Driving after revocation; misdemeanor.** Except as otherwise provided
208.5 in subdivision 5, a person is guilty of a misdemeanor if:
208.6 (1) the person's driver's license or driving privilege has been revoked;
208.7 (2) the person has been given notice of or reasonably should know of the revocation;
208.8 and
208.9 (3) the person disobeys the order by operating in this state any motor vehicle, the
208.10 operation of which requires a driver's license, while the person's license or privilege is
208.11 revoked.
208.12 Subd. 3. **Driving after cancellation; misdemeanor.** Except as otherwise provided
208.13 in subdivision 5, a person is guilty of a misdemeanor if:
208.14 (1) the person's driver's license or driving privilege has been canceled;
208.15 (2) the person has been given notice of or reasonably should know of the
208.16 cancellation; and
208.17 (3) the person disobeys the order by operating in this state any motor vehicle, the
208.18 operation of which requires a driver's license, while the person's license or privilege is
208.19 canceled.
208.20 Subd. 4. **Driving after disqualification; misdemeanor.** Except as otherwise
208.21 provided in subdivision 5, a person is guilty of a misdemeanor if the person:
208.22 (1) has been disqualified from holding a commercial driver's license or been denied
208.23 the privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle;
208.24 (2) has been given notice of or reasonably should know of the disqualification; and
208.25 (3) disobeys the order by operating in this state a commercial motor vehicle while
208.26 the person is disqualified to hold the license or privilege.
208.27 Subd. 5. **Gross misdemeanor violations.** (a) A person is guilty of a gross
208.28 misdemeanor if:
208.29 (1) the person's driver's license or driving privilege has been canceled or denied
208.30 under section 171.04, subdivision 1, clause (10);
208.31 (2) the person has been given notice of or reasonably should know of the cancellation
208.32 or denial; and
208.33 (3) the person disobeys the order by operating in this state any motor vehicle, the
208.34 operation of which requires a driver's license, while the person's license or privilege is
208.35 canceled or denied.
(b) A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor if the person violates this section and causes a collision resulting in substantial bodily harm or death to another.

(c) A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor and is subject to the minimum penalty under subdivision 5a, paragraph (b), if the person violates this section within ten years of the first of two prior convictions under this section.

Subd. 5a. Minimum penalties. (a) A person who is convicted under this section a second time must, at a minimum, be sentenced to pay a fine of at least $750. This paragraph does not apply to penalties under subdivision 5, paragraph (c).

(b) A person who is convicted under this section a third or subsequent time must, at a minimum, be sentenced to pay a fine of at least $1,500.

(c) The court may order a person to perform community work service in lieu of all or a portion of the minimum fine required under this subdivision if the court makes specific findings on the record that the convicted person is indigent or that payment of the fine would create undue hardship for the convicted person or that person's immediate family.

Subd. 6. Responsibility for prosecution. (a) The attorney in the jurisdiction in which the violation occurred who is responsible for prosecution of misdemeanor violations of this section is also responsible for prosecution of gross misdemeanor violations of this section.

(b) Nothing in this section or section 609.035 or 609.04 shall limit the power of the state to prosecute or punish a person for conduct that constitutes any other crime under any other law of this state.

Subd. 7. Sufficiency of notice. (a) Notice of revocation, suspension, cancellation, or disqualification is sufficient if personally served, or if mailed by first class mail to the person's last known address or to the address listed on the person's driver's license. Notice is also sufficient if the person was informed that revocation, suspension, cancellation, or disqualification would be imposed upon a condition occurring or failing to occur, and where the condition has in fact occurred or failed to occur.

(b) It is not a defense that a person failed to file a change of address with the post office, or failed to notify the Department of Public Safety of a change of name or address as required under section 171.11.

Subd. 8. Definition. For the purposes of this section, "substantial bodily harm" has the meaning given in section 609.02, subdivision 7a.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2016, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 243.166, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:
Subd. 1b. **Registration required.** (a) A person shall register under this section if:

(1) the person was charged with or petitioned for a felony violation of or attempt to violate, or aiding, abetting, or conspiracy to commit, any of the following, and convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for that offense or another offense arising out of the same set of circumstances:

(i) murder under section 609.185, paragraph (a), clause (2);

(ii) kidnapping under section 609.25;

(iii) criminal sexual conduct under section 609.342; 609.343; 609.344; 609.345;

(iv) indecent exposure under section 617.23, subdivision 3;

(2) the person was charged with or petitioned for a violation of, or attempt to violate, or aiding, abetting, or conspiring to commit criminal abuse in violation of section 609.2325, subdivision 1, paragraph (b); false imprisonment in violation of section 609.255, subdivision 2; solicitation, inducement, or promotion of the prostitution of a minor or engaging in the sex trafficking of a minor in violation of section 609.322; a prostitution offense involving a minor under the age of 13 years in violation of section 609.324, subdivision 1, paragraph (a); soliciting a minor to engage in sexual conduct in violation of section 609.352, subdivision 2 or 2a, clause (1); using a minor in a sexual performance in violation of section 617.246; or possessing pornographic work involving a minor in violation of section 617.247, and convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for that offense or another offense arising out of the same set of circumstances;

(3) the person was sentenced as a patterned sex offender under section 609.3455, subdivision 3a; or

(4) the person was charged with or petitioned for, including pursuant to a court martial, violating a law of the United States, including the Uniform Code of Military Justice, similar to the offenses described in clause (1), (2), or (3), and convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for that offense or another offense arising out of the same set of circumstances.

(b) A person also shall register under this section if:

(1) the person was charged with or petitioned for an offense in another state that would be a violation of a law described in paragraph (a) if committed in this state and convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for that offense or another offense arising out of the same set of circumstances;

(2) the person enters this state to reside, work, or attend school, or enters this state and remains for 14 days or longer; and

(3) ten years have not elapsed since the person was released from confinement or, if the person was not confined, since the person was convicted of or adjudicated
delinquent for the offense that triggers registration, unless the person is subject to a longer
registration period under the laws of another state in which the person has been convicted
or adjudicated, or is subject to lifetime registration.

If a person described in this paragraph is subject to a longer registration period
in another state or is subject to lifetime registration, the person shall register for that
time period regardless of when the person was released from confinement, convicted, or
adjudicated delinquent.

(c) A person also shall register under this section if the person was committed
pursuant to a court commitment order under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 253B.185,
chapter 253D, Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 526.10, or a similar law of another state
or the United States, regardless of whether the person was convicted of any offense.

(d) A person also shall register under this section if:
(1) the person was charged with or petitioned for a felony violation or attempt to
violate any of the offenses listed in paragraph (a), clause (1), or a similar law of another
state or the United States, or the person was charged with or petitioned for a violation of
any of the offenses listed in paragraph (a), clause (2), or a similar law of another state or
the United States;
(2) the person was found not guilty by reason of mental illness or mental deficiency
after a trial for that offense, or found guilty but mentally ill after a trial for that offense, in
states with a guilty but mentally ill verdict; and
(3) the person was committed pursuant to a court commitment order under section
253B.18 or a similar law of another state or the United States.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2016, and applies to crimes
committed on or after that date.

Sec. 4. [325E.041] SENSORY TESTING RESEARCH.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have
the meanings given:
(1) "sensory testing firm" means a business that tests consumer reaction to physical
aspects of products for a third-party client;
(2) "trained sensory assessors" means members of the public at least 21 years of age
selected by sensory testing firms and trained for a minimum of one hour to test products;
(3) "sensory testing facility" means a facility specifically designed as a controlled
environment for testing; and
(4) "department" means the Department of Public Safety.
Subd. 2. **Allowed activities.** Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a sensory testing firm may possess and may purchase alcohol at retail or wholesale, and may allow consumption of that alcohol, by trained sensory assessors for testing purposes at their facility, provided that:

1. the firm must comply with section 340A.409 and all other state laws that do not conflict with this section;
2. firms choosing to serve alcohol must be licensed by the department, which may assess a fee sufficient to cover costs; and
3. records of testing protocols must be retained by the firm for at least one year.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 5. **[609.2233] FELONY ASSAULT MOTIVATED BY BIAS; INCREASED STATUTORY MAXIMUM SENTENCE.**

A person who violates section 609.221, 609.222, or 609.223 because of the victim's or another person's actual or perceived race, color, sex, sexual orientation, disability as defined in section 363A.03, age, or national origin is subject to a statutory maximum 60 percent longer than the maximum penalty otherwise applicable.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2016, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 609.324, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Engaging in, hiring, or agreeing to hire minor to engage in prostitution; penalties.** (a) Whoever intentionally does any of the following may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than 20 years or to payment of a fine of not more than $40,000, or both:

1. engages in prostitution with an individual under the age of 13 years; or
2. hires or offers or agrees to hire an individual under the age of 13 years to engage in sexual penetration or sexual contact; or
3. hires or offers or agrees to hire an individual who the actor reasonably believes to be under the age of 13 years to engage in sexual penetration or sexual contact.

(b) Whoever intentionally does any of the following may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than $20,000, or both:
213.1 (1) engages in prostitution with an individual under the age of 16 years but at least
213.2 13 years; or
213.3 (2) hires or offers or agrees to hire an individual under the age of 16 years but at
213.4 least 13 years to engage in sexual penetration or sexual contact; or
213.5 (3) hires or offers or agrees to hire an individual who the actor reasonably believes
213.6 to be under the age of 16 years but at least 13 years to engage in sexual penetration or
213.7 sexual contact.
213.8 (c) Whoever intentionally does any of the following may be sentenced to
213.9 imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than
213.10 $10,000, or both:
213.11 (1) engages in prostitution with an individual under the age of 18 years but at least
213.12 16 years;
213.13 (2) hires or offers or agrees to hire an individual under the age of 18 years but at
213.14 least 16 years to engage in sexual penetration or sexual contact; or
213.15 (3) hires or offers or agrees to hire an individual who the actor reasonably believes
213.16 to be under the age of 18 years but at least 16 years to engage in sexual penetration or
213.17 sexual contact.
213.18 Effective Date. This section is effective August 1, 2016, and applies to crimes
213.19 committed on or after that date.

213.20 Sec. 7. [609.5001] INTERFERING WITH PUBLIC SAFETY HELICOPTERS;
213.21 UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLES.
213.22 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms in this
213.23 subdivision have the meanings given them.
213.24 (b) "Public safety helicopter" is a helicopter operated by a law enforcement agency,
213.25 fire department, or emergency medical service provider.
213.26 (c) "Unmanned aerial vehicle" means a powered, aerial vehicle that:
213.27 (1) does not carry a human operator;
213.28 (2) can fly autonomously or be piloted remotely;
213.29 (3) uses aerodynamic forces to provide vehicle lift;
213.30 (4) can be expendable or recoverable; and
213.31 (5) can carry a lethal or nonlethal payload.
213.32 Subd. 2. Crime. Whoever knowingly operates an unmanned aerial vehicle within
213.33 one mile of a public safety helicopter during operations is guilty of a crime and shall
213.34 be punished as provided in subdivision 3.
213.35 Subd. 3. Penalty. (a) A person who violates subdivision 2 is guilty of a misdemeanor.
Sec. 8. Laws 2015, chapter 65, article 1, section 18, is amended to read:

Sec. 18. AVIAN INFLUENZA AND AGRICULTURAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 12.221, subdivision 6, for fiscal years 2016 and 2017 through June 30, 2019, only, the disaster contingency account, under Minnesota Statutes, section 12.221, subdivision 6, may be used to pay for costs of eligible avian influenza response activities for avian influenza and any agricultural emergency. By January 15, 2018, and again by January 15, 2020, the commissioner of management and budget must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate Finance Committee and the house of representatives Committee.
Sec. 9. CORRECTIONAL FACILITY CONTRACT.

The commissioner, in order to address bed capacity shortfalls, shall attempt to complete negotiations by January 1, 2017, of a contract to operate and purchase or lease to own an existing prison facility with a capacity of at least 1,500 beds located in Appleton, Minnesota. The contract negotiated under this section must be reviewed and approved by the legislature before its final execution.

Sec. 10. TRANSFER; APPROPRIATION.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 241.27, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer $1,000,000 in fiscal year 2017 from the Minnesota correctional industries revolving fund to the general fund. This is a onetime transfer.
APPENDIX
Article locations in H3467-3

ARTICLE 1  CONTINUING CARE................................................................. Page.Ln 3.1
ARTICLE 2  HEALTH CARE ................................................................. Page.Ln 20.1
ARTICLE 3  MNSURE ........................................................................ Page.Ln 32.21
ARTICLE 4  HEALTH DEPARTMENT .................................................. Page.Ln 44.10
ARTICLE 5  CHEMICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH ............................... Page.Ln 66.9
ARTICLE 6  CHILDREN AND FAMILIES ............................................. Page.Ln 78.29
ARTICLE 7  HEALTH-RELATED LICENSING ........................................ Page.Ln 98.21
ARTICLE 8  HUMAN SERVICES FORECAST ADJUSTMENTS ............... Page.Ln 127.23
ARTICLE 9  HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES APPROPRIATIONS ...... Page.Ln 129.5
ARTICLE 10 STATE GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS .................... Page.Ln 152.8
ARTICLE 11 STATE GOVERNMENT ..................................................... Page.Ln 157.20
ARTICLE 12 PUBLIC SAFETY ............................................................. Page.Ln 207.10
3.886 LEGISLATIVE WATER COMMISSION.
Subdivision 1. Establishment. A Legislative Water Commission is established.
Subd. 2. Membership. (a) The Legislative Water Commission consists of 12 members
appointed as follows:
   (1) six members of the senate, including three majority party members appointed by the
       majority leader and three minority party members appointed by the minority leader; and
   (2) six members of the house of representatives, including three majority party members
       appointed by the speaker of the house and three minority party members appointed by the
       minority leader.
(b) Members serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority and continue to serve until
their successors are appointed or until a member is no longer a member of the legislative body
that appointed the member to the commission. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner
as the original positions. Vacancies occurring on the commission do not affect the authority
of the remaining members of the Legislative Water Commission to carry out the function of
the commission.
(c) Members shall elect a chair, vice chair, and other officers as determined by the
commission. The chair may convene meetings as necessary to conduct the duties prescribed
by this section.
Subd. 3. Commission staffing. The Legislative Coordinating Commission must employ
staff and contract with consultants as necessary to enable the Legislative Water Commission to
carry out its duties and functions.
Subd. 4. Powers and duties. (a) The Legislative Water Commission shall review water
policy reports and recommendations of the Environmental Quality Board, the Board of Water
and Soil Resources, the Pollution Control Agency, the Department of Natural Resources, the
Metropolitan Council, and other water-related reports as may be required by law or the legislature.
(b) The commission may conduct public hearings and otherwise secure data and comments.
(c) The commission shall make recommendations as it deems proper to assist the
legislature in formulating legislation.
(d) Data or information compiled by the Legislative Water Commission or its
subcommittees shall be made available to the Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota
Resources, the Clean Water Council, and standing and interim committees of the legislature on
request of the chair of the respective commission, council, or committee.
(e) The commission shall coordinate with the Clean Water Council.
Subd. 5. Compensation. Members of the commission may receive per diem and expense
reimbursement incurred doing the work of the commission in the manner and amount prescribed
for per diem and expense payments by the senate Committee on Rules and Administration and the
house of representatives Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration.
Subd. 6. Expiration. This section expires July 1, 2019.

6.581 STATE AUDITOR ENTERPRISE FUND.
Subdivision 1. State auditor enterprise fund. A state auditor enterprise fund is established
in the state treasury. All amounts received for the costs and expenses of examinations performed
under this chapter shall be credited to the fund. Amounts credited to the fund are annually
appropriated to the state auditor to pay the costs and expenses related to the examinations
performed, including, but not limited to, salaries, office overhead, equipment, authorized
contracts, and other expenses.

62V.01 TITLE.
This chapter may be cited as the "MNsure Act."

62V.02 DEFINITIONS.
Subdivision 1. Scope. For the purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the
meanings given.
Subd. 2. Board. "Board" means the Board of Directors of MNsure specified in section
62V.04.
Subd. 3. Dental plan. "Dental plan" has the meaning defined in section 62Q.76, subdivision
3.
Subd. 4. **Health plan.** "Health plan" means a policy, contract, certificate, or agreement defined in section 62A.011, subdivision 3.

Subd. 5. **Health carrier.** "Health carrier" has the meaning defined in section 62A.011.

Subd. 6. **Individual market.** "Individual market" means the market for health insurance coverage offered to individuals.

Subd. 7. **Insurance producer.** "Insurance producer" has the meaning defined in section 60K.31.

Subd. 8. **MNsure.** "MNsure" means the state health benefit exchange as described in section 1311 of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, and further defined through amendments to the act and regulations issued under the act.

Subd. 9. **Navigator.** "Navigator" has the meaning described in section 1311(i) of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, and further defined through amendments to the act and regulations issued under the act.

Subd. 10. **Public health care program.** "Public health care program" means any public health care program administered by the commissioner of human services.

Subd. 11. **Qualified health plan.** "Qualified health plan" means a health plan that meets the definition in section 1301(a) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, and has been certified by the board in accordance with section 62V.05, subdivision 5, to be offered through MNsure.

Subd. 12. **Small group market.** "Small group market" means the market for health insurance coverage offered to small employers as defined in section 62L.02, subdivision 26.

Subd. 13. **Web site.** "Web site" means a site maintained on the World Wide Web by MNsure that allows for access to information and services provided by MNsure.

**62V.03 MNSURE: ESTABLISHMENT.**

**Subdivision 1. Creation.** MNsure is created as a board under section 15.012, paragraph (a), to:

(1) promote informed consumer choice, innovation, competition, quality, value, market participation, affordability, suitable and meaningful choices, health improvement, care management, reduction of health disparities, and portability of health plans;

(2) facilitate and simplify the comparison, choice, enrollment, and purchase of health plans for individuals purchasing in the individual market through MNsure and for employees and employers purchasing in the small group market through MNsure;

(3) assist small employers with access to small business health insurance tax credits and to assist individuals with access to public health care programs, premium assistance tax credits and cost-sharing reductions, and certificates of exemption from individual responsibility requirements;

(4) facilitate the integration and transition of individuals between public health care programs and health plans in the individual or group market and develop processes that, to the maximum extent possible, provide for continuous coverage; and

(5) establish and modify as necessary a name and brand for MNsure based on market studies that show maximum effectiveness in attracting the uninsured and motivating them to take action.

Subd. 2. **Application of other law.** (a) MNsure must be reviewed by the legislative auditor under section 3.971. The legislative auditor shall audit the books, accounts, and affairs of MNsure once each year or less frequently as the legislative auditor's funds and personnel permit. Upon the audit of the financial accounts and affairs of MNsure, MNsure is liable to the state for the total cost and expenses of the audit, including the salaries paid to the examiners while actually engaged in making the examination. The legislative auditor may bill MNsure either monthly or at the completion of the audit. All collections received for the audits must be deposited in the general fund and are appropriated to the legislative auditor. Pursuant to section 3.97, subdivision 3a, the Legislative Audit Commission is requested to direct the legislative auditor to report by March 1, 2014, to the legislature on any duplication of services that occurs within state government as a result of the creation of MNsure. The legislative auditor may make recommendations on consolidating or eliminating any services deemed duplicative. The board shall reimburse the legislative auditor for any costs incurred in the creation of this report.

(b) Board members of MNsure are subject to sections 10A.07 and 10A.09. Board members and the personnel of MNsure are subject to section 10A.071.

(c) All meetings of the board shall comply with the open meeting law in chapter 13D.

(d) The board and the Web site are exempt from chapter 60K. Any employee of MNsure who sells, solicits, or negotiates insurance to individuals or small employers must be licensed as an insurance producer under chapter 60K.
(e) Section 3.3005 applies to any federal funds received by MNsure.

(f) A MNsure decision that requires a vote of the board, other than a decision that applies only to hiring of employees or other internal management of MNsure, is an "administrative action" under section 10A.01, subdivision 2.

Subd. 3. **Continued operation of a private marketplace.** (a) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit: (1) a health carrier from offering outside of MNsure a health plan to a qualified individual or qualified employer; and (2) a qualified individual from enrolling in, or a qualified employer from selecting for its employees, a health plan offered outside of MNsure.

(b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to restrict the choice of a qualified individual to enroll or not enroll in a qualified health plan or to participate in MNsure. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to compel an individual to enroll in a qualified health plan or to participate in MNsure.

(c) For purposes of this subdivision, "qualified individual" and "qualified employer" have the meanings given in section 1312 of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, and further defined through amendments to the act and regulations issued under the act.

**62V.04 GOVERNANCE.**

Subdivision 1. **Board.** MNsure is governed by a board of directors with seven members.

Subd. 2. **Appointment.** (a) Board membership of MNsure consists of the following:

(1) three members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of both the senate and the house of representatives acting separately in accordance with paragraph (d), with one member representing the interests of individual consumers eligible for individual market coverage, one member representing individual consumers eligible for public health care program coverage, and one member representing small employers. Members are appointed to serve four-year terms following the initial staggered-term lot determination;

(2) three members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of both the senate and the house of representatives acting separately in accordance with paragraph (d) who have demonstrated expertise, leadership, and innovation in the following areas: one member representing the areas of health administration, health care finance, health plan purchasing, and health care delivery systems; one member representing the areas of public health, health disparities, public health care programs, and the uninsured; and one member representing health policy issues related to the small group and individual markets. Members are appointed to serve four-year terms following the initial staggered-term lot determination; and

(3) the commissioner of human services or a designee.

(b) Section 15.0597 shall apply to all appointments, except for the commissioner.

(c) The governor shall make appointments to the board that are consistent with federal law and regulations regarding its composition and structure. All board members appointed by the governor must be legal residents of Minnesota.

(d) Upon appointment by the governor, a board member shall exercise duties of office immediately. If both the house of representatives and the senate vote not to confirm an appointment, the appointment terminates on the day following the vote not to confirm in the second body to vote.

(e) Initial appointments shall be made by April 30, 2013.

(f) One of the six members appointed under paragraph (a), clause (1) or (2), must have experience in representing the needs of vulnerable populations and persons with disabilities.

(g) Membership on the board must include representation from outside the seven-county metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2.

Subd. 3. **Terms.** (a) Board members may serve no more than two consecutive terms, except for the commissioner or the commissioner's designee, who shall serve until replaced by the governor.

(b) A board member may resign at any time by giving written notice to the board.

(c) The appointed members under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), shall have an initial term of two, three, or four years, determined by lot by the secretary of state.

Subd. 4. **Conflicts of interest.** (a) Within one year prior to or at any time during their appointed term, board members appointed under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), shall not be employed by; be a member of the board of directors of; or otherwise be a representative of a health carrier, institutional health care provider or other entity providing health care, navigator, insurance producer, or other entity in the business of selling items or services of significant value to or through MNsure. For purposes of this paragraph, "health care provider or entity" does not include an academic institution.
(b) Board members must recuse themselves from discussion of and voting on an official matter if the board member has a conflict of interest. A conflict of interest means an association including a financial or personal association that has the potential to bias or have the appearance of biasing a board member's decisions in matters related to MNsure or the conduct of activities under this chapter.

(c) No board member shall have a spouse who is an executive of a health carrier.

(d) No member of the board may currently serve as a lobbyist, as defined under section 10A.01, subdivision 21.

Subd. 5. Acting chair; first meeting; supervision. (a) The governor shall designate as acting chair one of the appointees described in subdivision 2.

(b) The board shall hold its first meeting within 60 days of enactment.

(c) The board shall elect a chair to replace the acting chair at the first meeting.

Subd. 6. Chair. The board shall have a chair, elected by a majority of members. The chair shall serve for one year.

Subd. 7. Officers. The members of the board shall elect officers by a majority of members. The officers shall serve for one year.

Subd. 8. Vacancies. If a vacancy occurs, the governor shall appoint a new member within 90 days, and the newly appointed member shall be subject to the same confirmation process described in subdivision 2.

Subd. 9. Removal. (a) A board member may be removed by the appointing authority and a majority vote of the board following notice and hearing before the board. For purposes of this subdivision, the appointing authority or a designee of the appointing authority shall be a voting member of the board for purposes of constituting a quorum.

(b) A conflict of interest as defined in subdivision 4, shall be cause for removal from the board.

Subd. 10. Meetings. The board shall meet at least quarterly.

Subd. 11. Quorum. A majority of the members of the board constitutes a quorum, and the affirmative vote of a majority of members of the board is necessary and sufficient for action taken by the board.

Subd. 12. Compensation. (a) The board members shall be paid a salary not to exceed the salary limits established under section 15A.0815, subdivision 4. The salary for board members shall be set in accordance with this subdivision and section 15A.0815, subdivision 5. This paragraph expires December 31, 2015.

(b) Beginning January 1, 2016, the board members may be compensated in accordance with section 15.0575.

Subd. 13. Advisory committees. (a) The board shall establish and maintain advisory committees to provide insurance producers, health care providers, the health care industry, consumers, and other stakeholders with the opportunity to advise the board regarding the operation of MNsure as required under section 1311(d)(6) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148. The board shall regularly consult with the advisory committees. The advisory committees established under this paragraph shall not expire.

(b) The board may establish additional advisory committees, as necessary, to gather and provide information to the board in order to facilitate the operation of MNsure. The advisory committees established under this paragraph shall not expire, except by action of the board.

(c) Section 15.0597 shall not apply to any advisory committee established by the board under this subdivision.

(d) The board may provide compensation and expense reimbursement under section 15.059, subdivision 3, to members of the advisory committees.

62V.05 RESPONSIBILITIES AND POWERS OF MNSURE.

Subdivision 1. General. (a) The board shall operate MNsure according to this chapter and applicable state and federal law.

(b) The board has the power to:

1) employ personnel and delegate administrative, operational, and other responsibilities to the director and other personnel as deemed appropriate by the board. This authority is subject to chapters 43A and 179A. The director and managerial staff of MNsure shall serve in the unclassified service and shall be governed by a compensation plan prepared by the board, submitted to the commissioner of management and budget for review and comment within 14 days of its receipt, and approved by the Legislative Coordinating Commission and the legislature under section 3.855, except that section 15A.0815, subdivision 5, paragraph (e), shall not apply;

2) establish the budget of MNsure;
(3) seek and accept money, grants, loans, donations, materials, services, or advertising revenue from government agencies, philanthropic organizations, and public and private sources to fund the operation of MNsure. No health carrier or insurance producer shall advertise on MNsure;
(4) contract for the receipt and provision of goods and services;
(5) enter into information-sharing agreements with federal and state agencies and other entities, provided the agreements include adequate protections with respect to the confidentiality and integrity of the information to be shared, and comply with all applicable state and federal laws, regulations, and rules, including the requirements of section 62V.06; and
(6) exercise all powers reasonably necessary to implement and administer the requirements of this chapter and the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148.
(c) The board shall establish policies and procedures to gather public comment and provide public notice in the State Register.
(d) Within 180 days of enactment, the board shall establish bylaws, policies, and procedures governing the operations of MNsure in accordance with this chapter.

Subd. 2. Operations funding. (a) Prior to January 1, 2015, MNsure shall retain or collect up to 1.5 percent of total premiums for individual and small group market health plans and dental plans sold through MNsure to fund the cash reserves of MNsure, but the amount collected shall not exceed a dollar amount equal to 25 percent of the funds collected under section 62E.11, subdivision 6, for calendar year 2012.
(b) Beginning January 1, 2015, MNsure shall retain or collect up to 3.5 percent of total premiums for individual and small group market health plans and dental plans sold through MNsure to fund the operations of MNsure, but the amount collected shall not exceed a dollar amount equal to 50 percent of the funds collected under section 62E.11, subdivision 6, for calendar year 2012.
(c) Beginning January 1, 2016, MNsure shall retain or collect up to 3.5 percent of total premiums for individual and small group market health plans and dental plans sold through MNsure to fund the operations of MNsure, but the amount collected may never exceed a dollar amount greater than 100 percent of the funds collected under section 62E.11, subdivision 6, for calendar year 2012.
(d) For fiscal years 2014 and 2015, the commissioner of management and budget is authorized to provide cash flow assistance of up to $20,000,000 from the special revenue fund or the statutory general fund under section 16A.671, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), to MNsure. Any funds provided under this paragraph shall be repaid, with interest, by June 30, 2015.
(e) Funding for the operations of MNsure shall cover any compensation provided to navigators participating in the navigator program.

Subd. 3. Insurance producers. (a) By April 30, 2013, the board, in consultation with the commissioner of commerce, shall establish certification requirements that must be met by insurance producers in order to assist individuals and small employers with purchasing coverage through MNsure. Prior to January 1, 2015, the board may amend the requirements, only if necessary, due to a change in federal rules.
(b) Certification requirements shall not exceed the requirements established under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 155.220. Certification shall include training on health plans available through MNsure, available tax credits and cost-sharing arrangements, compliance with privacy and security standards, eligibility verification processes, online enrollment tools, and basic information on available public health care programs. Training required for certification under this subdivision shall qualify for continuing education requirements for insurance producers required under chapter 60K, and must comply with course approval requirements under chapter 45.
(c) Producer compensation shall be established by health carriers that provide health plans through MNsure. The structure of compensation to insurance producers must be similar for health plans sold through MNsure and outside MNsure.
(d) Any insurance producer compensation structure established by a health carrier for the small group market must include compensation for defined contribution plans that involve multiple health carriers. The compensation offered must be commensurate with other small group market defined health plans.
(e) Any insurance producer assisting an individual or small employer with purchasing coverage through MNsure must disclose, orally and in writing, to the individual or small employer at the time of the first solicitation with the prospective purchaser the following:
(1) the health carriers and qualified health plans offered through MNsure that the producer is authorized to sell, and that the producer may not be authorized to sell all the qualified health plans offered through MNsure;
(2) that the producer may be receiving compensation from a health carrier for enrolling the individual or small employer into a particular health plan; and
(3) that information on all qualified health plans offered through MNsure is available through the MNsure Web site.

For purposes of this paragraph, "solicitation" means any contact by a producer, or any person acting on behalf of a producer made for the purpose of selling or attempting to sell coverage through MNsure. If the first solicitation is made by telephone, the disclosures required under this paragraph need not be made in writing, but the fact that disclosure has been made must be acknowledged on the application.

(f) Beginning January 15, 2015, each health carrier that offers or sells qualified health plans through MNsure shall report in writing to the board and the commissioner of commerce the compensation and other incentives it offers or provides to insurance producers with regard to each type of health plan the health carrier offers or sells both inside and outside of MNsure. Each health carrier shall submit a report annually and upon any change to the compensation or other incentives offered or provided to insurance producers.

(g) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit an insurance producer from offering professional advice and recommendations to a small group purchaser based upon information provided to the producer.

(h) An insurance producer that offers health plans in the small group market shall notify each small group purchaser of which group health plans qualify for Internal Revenue Service approved section 125 tax benefits. The insurance producer shall also notify small group purchasers of state law provisions that benefit small group plans when the employer agrees to pay 50 percent or more of its employees' premium. Individuals who are eligible for cost-effective medical assistance will count toward the 75 percent participation requirement in section 62L.03, subdivision 3.

(i) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to limit the licensure requirements or regulatory functions of the commissioner of commerce under chapter 60K.

Subd. 4. Navigator; in-person assistants; call center. (a) The board shall establish policies and procedures for the ongoing operation of a navigator program, in-person assister program, call center, and customer service provisions for MNsure to be implemented beginning January 1, 2015.

(b) Until the implementation of the policies and procedures described in paragraph (a), the following shall be in effect:

(1) the navigator program shall be met by section 256.962;
(2) entities eligible to be navigators, including entities defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 155.210 (c)(2), may serve as in-person assistants;
(3) the board shall establish requirements and compensation for the navigator program and the in-person assister program by April 30, 2013. Compensation for navigators and in-person assistants must take into account any other compensation received by the navigator or in-person assister for conducting the same or similar services; and
(4) call center operations shall utilize existing state resources and personnel, including referrals to counties for medical assistance.

(c) The board shall establish a toll-free number for MNsure and may hire and contract for additional resources as deemed necessary.

(d) The navigator program and in-person assister program must meet the requirements of section 1311(i) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148. In establishing training standards for the navigators and in-person assistants, the board must ensure that all entities and individuals carrying out navigator and in-person assister functions have training in the needs of underserved and vulnerable populations; eligibility and enrollment rules and procedures; the range of available public health care programs and qualified health plan options offered through MNsure; and privacy and security standards. For calendar year 2014, the commissioner of human services shall ensure that the navigator program under section 256.962 provides application assistance for both qualified health plans offered through MNsure and public health care programs.

(e) The board must ensure that any information provided by navigators, in-person assistants, the call center, or other customer assistance portals be accessible to persons with disabilities and that information provided on public health care programs include information on other coverage options available to persons with disabilities.

Subd. 5. Health carrier and health plan requirements; participation. (a) Beginning January 1, 2015, the board may establish certification requirements for health carriers and health plans to be offered through MNsure that satisfy federal requirements under section 1311(c)(1) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148.

(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply if by June 1, 2013, the legislature enacts regulatory requirements that:

(1) apply uniformly to all health carriers and health plans in the individual market;
(2) apply uniformly to all health carriers and health plans in the small group market; and
(3) satisfy minimum federal certification requirements under section 1311(c)(1) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148.

(c) In accordance with section 1311(e) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, the board shall establish policies and procedures for certification and selection of health plans to be offered as qualified health plans through MNsure. The board shall certify and select a health plan as a qualified health plan to be offered through MNsure, if:

(1) the health plan meets the minimum certification requirements established in paragraph (a) or the market regulatory requirements in paragraph (b);

(2) the board determines that making the health plan available through MNsure is in the interest of qualified individuals and qualified employers;

(3) the health carrier applying to offer the health plan through MNsure also applies to offer health plans at each actuarial value level and service area that the health carrier currently offers in the individual and small group markets; and

(4) the health carrier does not apply to offer health plans in the individual and small group markets through MNsure under a separate license of a parent organization or holding company under section 60D.15, that is different from what the health carrier offers in the individual and small group markets outside MNsure.

(d) In determining the interests of qualified individuals and employers under paragraph (c), clause (2), the board may not exclude a health plan for any reason specified under section 1311(e)(1)(B) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148. The board may consider:

(1) affordability;

(2) quality and value of health plans;

(3) promotion of prevention and wellness;

(4) promotion of initiatives to reduce health disparities;

(5) market stability and adverse selection;

(6) meaningful choices and access;

(7) alignment and coordination with state agency and private sector purchasing strategies and payment reform efforts; and

(8) other criteria that the board determines appropriate.

(e) For qualified health plans offered through MNsure on or after January 1, 2015, the board shall establish policies and procedures under paragraphs (c) and (d) for selection of health plans to be offered as qualified health plans through MNsure by February 1 of each year, beginning February 1, 2014. The board shall consistently and uniformly apply all policies and procedures and any requirements, standards, or criteria to all health carriers and health plans. For any policies, procedures, requirements, standards, or criteria that are defined as rules under section 14.02, subdivision 4, the board may use the process described in subdivision 9.

(f) For 2014, the board shall not have the power to select health carriers and health plans for participation in MNsure. The board shall permit all health plans that meet the certification requirements under section 1311(c)(1) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, to be offered through MNsure.

(g) Under this subdivision, the board shall have the power to verify that health carriers and health plans are properly certified to be eligible for participation in MNsure.

(h) The board has the authority to decertify health carriers and health plans that fail to maintain compliance with section 1311(c)(1) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148.

(i) For qualified health plans offered through MNsure beginning January 1, 2015, health carriers must use the most current addendum for Indian health care providers approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services and the tribes as part of their contracts with Indian health care providers. MNsure shall comply with all future changes in federal law with regard to health coverage for the tribes.

Subd. 6. Appeals. (a) The board may conduct hearings, appoint hearing officers, and recommend final orders related to appeals of any MNsure determinations, except for those determinations identified in paragraph (d). An appeal by a health carrier regarding a specific certification or selection determination made by MNsure under subdivision 5 must be conducted as a contested case proceeding under chapter 14, with the report or order of the administrative law judge constituting the final decision in the case, subject to judicial review under sections 14.63 to 14.69. For other appeals, the board shall establish hearing processes which provide for a reasonable opportunity to be heard and timely resolution of the appeal and which are consistent with the requirements of federal law and guidance. An appealing party may be represented by legal counsel at these hearings, but this is not a requirement.

(b) MNsure may establish service-level agreements with state agencies to conduct hearings for appeals. Notwithstanding section 471.59, subdivision 1, a state agency is authorized to enter into service-level agreements for this purpose with MNsure.
(c) For proceedings under this subdivision, MNsure may be represented by an attorney who is an employee of MNsure.

(d) This subdivision does not apply to appeals of determinations where a state agency hearing is available under section 256.045.

(e) An appellant aggrieved by an order of MNsure issued in an eligibility appeal, as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 7700.0101, may appeal the order to the district court of the appellant's county of residence by serving a written copy of a notice of appeal upon MNsure and any other adverse party of record within 30 days after the date MNsure issued the order, the amended order, or order affirming the original order, and by filing the original notice and proof of service with the court administrator of the district court. Service may be made personally or by mail; service by mail is complete upon mailing; no filing fee shall be required by the court administrator in appeals taken pursuant to this subdivision. MNsure shall furnish all parties to the proceedings with a copy of the decision and a transcript of any testimony, evidence, or other supporting papers from the hearing held before the appeals examiner within 45 days after service of the notice of appeal.

(f) Any party aggrieved by the failure of an adverse party to obey an order issued by MNsure may compel performance according to the order in the manner prescribed in sections 586.01 to 586.12.

(g) Any party may obtain a hearing at a special term of the district court by serving a written notice of the time and place of the hearing at least ten days prior to the date of the hearing. The court may consider the matter in or out of chambers, and shall take no new or additional evidence unless it determines that such evidence is necessary for a more equitable disposition of the appeal.

(h) Any party aggrieved by the order of the district court may appeal the order as in other civil cases. No costs or disbursements shall be taxed against any party nor shall any filing fee or bond be required of any party.

(i) If MNsure or district court orders eligibility for qualified health plan coverage through MNsure, or eligibility for federal advance payment of premium tax credits or cost-sharing reductions contingent upon full payment of respective premiums, the premiums must be paid or provided pending appeal to the district court, Court of Appeals, or Supreme Court. Provision of eligibility by MNsure pending appeal does not render moot MNsure's position in a court of law.

Subd. 7. Agreements; consultation. (a) The board shall:

(1) establish and maintain an agreement with the commissioner of human services for cost allocation and services regarding eligibility determinations and enrollment for public health care programs that use a modified adjusted gross income standard to determine program eligibility. The board may establish and maintain an agreement with the commissioner of human services for other services;

(2) establish and maintain an agreement with the commissioners of commerce and health for services regarding enforcement of MNsure certification requirements for health plans and dental plans offered through MNsure. The board may establish and maintain agreements with the commissioners of commerce and health for other services; and

(3) establish interagency agreements to transfer funds to other state agencies for their costs related to implementing and operating MNsure, excluding medical assistance allocatable costs.

(b) The board shall consult with the commissioners of commerce and health regarding the operations of MNsure.

(c) The board shall consult with Indian tribes and organizations regarding the operation of MNsure.

(d) Beginning March 15, 2016, and each March 15 thereafter, the board shall submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees in the senate and house of representatives with primary jurisdiction over commerce, health, and human services on all the agreements entered into with the chief information officer of the Office of MN.IT Services, or the commissioners of human services, health, or commerce in accordance with this subdivision. The report shall include the agency in which the agreement is with; the time period of the agreement; the purpose of the agreement; and a summary of the terms of the agreement. A copy of the agreement must be submitted to the extent practicable.

Subd. 8. Rulemaking. The board may adopt rules to implement any provisions in this chapter using the expedited rulemaking process in section 14.389.

Subd. 9. Dental plans. (a) The provisions of this section that apply to health plans shall apply to dental plans offered as stand-alone dental plans through MNsure, to the extent practicable.

(b) A stand-alone dental plan offered through MNsure must meet all certification requirements under section 1311(c)(1) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, that are applicable to health plans, except for certification requirements that cannot be met because the dental plan only covers dental benefits.

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Subd. 10. Limitations; risk-bearing. (a) The board shall not bear insurance risk or enter into any agreement with health care providers to pay claims. (b) Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent MNSure from providing insurance for its employees.

Subd. 11. Prohibition on other product lines. MNSure is prohibited from certifying, selecting, or offering products and policies of coverage that do not meet the definition of health plan or dental plan as provided in section 62V.02.

62V.051 MNSURE; CONSUMER RETROACTIVE APPOINTMENT OF A NAVIGATOR OR PRODUCER PERMITTED.

Notwithstanding any other law or rule to the contrary, for up to six months after the effective date of the qualified health plan, MNSure must permit a qualified health plan policyholder, who has not designated a navigator or an insurance producer, to retroactively appoint a navigator or insuranceproducer. MNSure must provide notice of the retroactive appointment to the health carrier. The health carrier must retroactively pay commissions to the insurance producer if the producer can demonstrate that they were certified by MNSure at the time of the original enrollment, were appointed by the selected health carrier at the time of the enrollment, and that an agent of record agreement was executed prior to or at the time of the effective date of the policy. MNSure must adopt a standard form of agent of record agreement for purposes of this section.

62V.06 DATA PRACTICES.

Subdivision 1. Applicability. MNSure is a state agency for purposes of the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act and is subject to all provisions of chapter 13, in addition to the requirements contained in this section.

Subd. 2. Definitions. As used in this section:

(1) "individual" means an individual according to section 13.02, subdivision 8, but does not include a vendor of services; and

(2) "participating" means that an individual, employee, or employer is seeking, or has sought an eligibility determination, enrollment processing, or premium processing through MNSure.

Subd. 3. General data classifications. The following data collected, created, or maintained by MNSure are classified as private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, or nonpublic data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 9:

(a) data on any individual participating in MNSure;

(b) data on any individuals participating in MNSure as employees of an employer participating in MNSure; and

(c) data on employers participating in MNSure.

Subd. 4. Application and certification data. (a) Data submitted by an insurance producer in an application for certification to sell a health plan through MNSure, or submitted by an applicant seeking permission or a commission to act as a navigator or in-person assister, are classified as follows:

(1) at the time the application is submitted, all data contained in the application are private data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, or nonpublic data as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 9, except that the name of the applicant is public; and

(2) upon a final determination related to the application for certification by MNSure, all data contained in the application are public, with the exception of trade secret data as defined in section 13.37.

(b) Data created or maintained by a government entity as part of the evaluation of an application are protected nonpublic data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 13, until a final determination as to certification is made and all rights of appeal have been exhausted. Upon a final determination and exhaustion of all rights of appeal, these data are public, with the exception of trade secret data as defined in section 13.37 and data subject to attorney-client privilege or other protection as provided in section 13.393.

(c) If an application is denied, the public data must include the criteria used by the board to evaluate the application and the specific reasons for the denial, and these data must be published on the MNSure Web site.

Subd. 5. Data sharing. (a) MNSure may share or disseminate data classified as private or nonpublic in subdivision 3 as follows:

(1) to the subject of the data, as provided in section 13.04;

(2) according to a court order;

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(3) according to a state or federal law specifically authorizing access to the data;
(4) with other state or federal agencies, only to the extent necessary to verify the identity of, determine the eligibility of, process premiums for, process enrollment of, or investigate fraud related to an individual, employer, or employee participating in MNsure, provided that MNsure must enter into a data-sharing agreement with the agency prior to sharing data under this clause; and
(5) with a nongovernmental person or entity, only to the extent necessary to verify the identity of, determine the eligibility of, process premiums for, process enrollment of, or investigate fraud related to an individual, employer, or employee participating in MNsure, provided that MNsure must enter into a contract with the person or entity, as provided in section 13.05, subdivision 6 or 11, prior to disseminating data under this clause.

(b) MNsure may share or disseminate data classified as private or nonpublic in subdivision 4 as follows:
(1) to the subject of the data, as provided in section 13.04;
(2) according to a court order;
(3) according to a state or federal law specifically authorizing access to the data;
(4) with other state or federal agencies, only to the extent necessary to carry out the functions of MNsure, provided that MNsure must enter into a data-sharing agreement with the agency prior to sharing data under this clause; and
(5) with a nongovernmental person or entity, only to the extent necessary to carry out the functions of MNsure, provided that MNsure must enter a contract with the person or entity, as provided in section 13.05, subdivision 6 or 11, prior to disseminating data under this clause.

(c) Sharing or disseminating data outside of MNsure in a manner not authorized by this subdivision is prohibited. The list of authorized dissemination and sharing contained in this subdivision must be included in the Tennessen warning required by section 13.04, subdivision 2.

(d) Until July 1, 2014, state agencies must share data classified as private or nonpublic on individuals, employees, or employers participating in MNsure with MNsure, only to the extent such data are necessary to verify the identity of, determine the eligibility of, process premiums for, process enrollment of, or investigate fraud related to a MNsure participant. The agency must enter into a data-sharing agreement with MNsure prior to sharing any data under this paragraph.

Subd. 6. Notice and disclosures. (a) In addition to the Tennessen warning required by section 13.04, subdivision 2, MNsure must provide any data subject asked to supply private data with:
(1) a notice of rights related to the handling of genetic information, pursuant to section 13.386; and
(2) a notice of the records retention policy of MNsure, detailing the length of time MNsure will retain data on the individual and the manner in which it will be destroyed upon expiration of that time.

(b) All notices required by this subdivision, including the Tennessen warning, must be provided in an electronic format suitable for downloading or printing.

Subd. 7. Summary data. In addition to creation and disclosure of summary data derived from private data on individuals, as permitted by section 13.05, subdivision 7, MNsure may create and disclose summary data derived from data classified as nonpublic under this section.

Subd. 8. Access to data; audit trail. (a) Only individuals with explicit authorization from the board may enter, update, or access not public data collected, created, or maintained by MNsure. The ability of authorized individuals to enter, update, or access data must be limited through the use of role-based access that corresponds to the official duties or training level of the individual, and the statutory authorization that grants access for that purpose. All queries and responses, and all actions in which data are entered, updated, accessed, or shared or disseminated outside of MNsure, must be recorded in a data audit trail. Data contained in the audit trail are public, to the extent that the data are not otherwise classified by this section.

The board shall immediately and permanently revoke the authorization of any individual determined to have willfully entered, updated, accessed, shared, or disseminated data in violation of this section, or any provision of chapter 13. If an individual is determined to have willfully gained access to data without explicit authorization from the board, the board shall forward the matter to the county attorney for prosecution.

(b) This subdivision shall not limit or affect the authority of the legislative auditor to access data needed to conduct audits, evaluations, or investigations of MNsure or the obligation of the board and MNsure employees to comply with section 3.978, subdivision 2.

(c) This subdivision does not apply to actions taken by a MNsure participant to enter, update, or access data held by MNsure, if the participant is the subject of the data that is entered, updated, or accessed.
Subd. 9. Sale of data prohibited. MNsure may not sell any data collected, created, or maintained by MNsure, regardless of its classification, for commercial or any other purposes.

Subd. 10. Gun and firearm ownership. MNsure shall not collect information that indicates whether or not an individual owns a gun or has a firearm in the individual’s home.

62V.07 FUNDS.
(a) The MNsure account is created in the special revenue fund of the state treasury. All funds received by MNsure shall be deposited in the account. Funds in the account are appropriated to MNsure for the operation of MNsure. Notwithstanding section 11A.20, all investment income and all investment losses attributable to the investment of the MNsure account not currently needed, shall be credited to the MNsure account.
(b) The budget submitted to the legislature under section 16A.11 must include budget information for MNsure.

62V.08 REPORTS.
(a) MNsure shall submit a report to the legislature by January 15, 2015, and each January 15 thereafter, on: (1) the performance of MNsure operations; (2) meeting MNsure responsibilities; (3) an accounting of MNsure budget activities; (4) practices and procedures that have been implemented to ensure compliance with data practices laws, and a description of any violations of data practices laws or procedures; and (5) the effectiveness of the outreach and implementation activities of MNsure in reducing the rate of uninsurance.
(b) MNsure must publish its administrative and operational costs on a Web site to educate consumers on those costs. The information published must include: (1) the amount of premiums and federal premium subsidies collected; (2) the amount and source of revenue received under section 62V.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (3); (3) the amount and source of any other fees collected for purposes of supporting operations; and (4) any misuse of funds as identified in accordance with section 3.975. The Web site must be updated at least annually.

62V.09 EXPIRATION AND SUNSET EXCLUSION.
Notwithstanding section 15.059, the board and its advisory committees shall not expire, except as specified in section 62V.04, subdivision 13. The board and its advisory committees are not subject to review or sunsetting under chapter 3D.

62V.10 RIGHT NOT TO PARTICIPATE.
Nothing in this chapter infringes on the right of a Minnesota citizen not to participate in MNsure.

62V.11 LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.
Subdivision 1. Legislative oversight. (a) The Legislative Oversight Committee is established to provide oversight to the implementation of this chapter and the operation of MNsure.
(b) The committee shall review the operations of MNsure at least annually and shall recommend necessary changes in policy, implementation, and statutes to the board and to the legislature.
(c) MNsure shall present to the committee the annual report required in section 62V.08, the appeals process under section 62V.05, subdivision 6, and the actions taken regarding the treatment of multiemployer plans.
Subd. 2. Membership; meetings; compensation. (a) The Legislative Oversight Committee shall consist of five members of the senate, three members appointed by the majority leader of the senate, and two members appointed by the minority leader of the senate; and five members of the house of representatives, three members appointed by the speaker of the house, and two members appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives.
(b) Appointed legislative members serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority and shall continue to serve until their successors are appointed.
(c) The first meeting of the committee shall be convened by the chair of the Legislative Coordinating Commission. Members shall elect a chair at the first meeting. The chair must convene at least one meeting annually, and may convene other meetings as deemed necessary.
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Subd. 4. **Review of costs.** The board shall submit for review the annual budget of MNsure for the next fiscal year by March 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2014.

**144.058 INTERPRETER SERVICES QUALITY INITIATIVE.**
(a) The commissioner of health shall establish a voluntary statewide roster, and develop a plan for a registry and certification process for interpreters who provide high quality, spoken language health care interpreter services. The roster, registry, and certification process shall be based on the findings and recommendations set forth by the Interpreter Services Work Group required under Laws 2007, chapter 147, article 12, section 13.
(b) By January 1, 2009, the commissioner shall establish a roster of all available interpreters to address access concerns, particularly in rural areas.
(c) By January 15, 2010, the commissioner shall:
   (1) develop a plan for a registry of spoken language health care interpreters, including:
   (i) development of standards for registration that set forth educational requirements, training requirements, demonstration of language proficiency and interpreting skills, agreement to abide by a code of ethics, and a criminal background check;
   (ii) recommendations for appropriate alternate requirements in languages for which testing and training programs do not exist;
   (iii) recommendations for appropriate fees; and
   (iv) recommendations for establishing and maintaining the standards for inclusion in the registry; and
   (2) develop a plan for implementing a certification process based on national testing and certification processes for spoken language interpreters 12 months after the establishment of a national certification process.
(d) The commissioner shall consult with the Interpreter Stakeholder Group of the Upper Midwest Translators and Interpreters Association for advice on the standards required to plan for the development of a registry and certification process.
(e) The commissioner shall charge an annual fee of $50 to include an interpreter in the roster. Fee revenue shall be deposited in the state government special revenue fund.

**145.925 FAMILY PLANNING GRANTS.**
Subd. 2. **Prohibition.** The commissioner shall not make special grants pursuant to this section to any nonprofit corporation which performs abortions. No state funds shall be used under contract from a grantee to any nonprofit corporation which performs abortions. This provision shall not apply to hospitals licensed pursuant to sections 144.50 to 144.56, or health maintenance organizations certified pursuant to chapter 62D.

**149A.92 PREPARATION AND EMBALMING ROOM.**
Subd. 11. **Scope.** Notwithstanding the requirements in section 149A.50, this section applies only to funeral establishments where human remains are present for the purpose of preparation and embalming, private viewings, visitations, services, and holding of human remains while awaiting final disposition. For the purpose of this subdivision, "private viewing" means viewing of a dead human body by persons designated in section 149A.80, subdivision 2.

**154.03 APPRENTICES MAY BE EMPLOYED.**
A registered apprentice may practice barbering only if the registered apprentice is, at all times, under the immediate personal supervision of a registered barber and is in compliance with sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 and the rules of the board.

**154.06 WHO MAY RECEIVE CERTIFICATES OF REGISTRATION AS A REGISTERED APPRENTICE.**
(a) A person is qualified to receive a certificate of registration as a registered apprentice:
   (1) who has completed at least ten grades of an approved school;
   (2) who has graduated from a barber school approved by a barber board within the previous four years; and
   (3) who has passed an examination conducted by the board to determine fitness to practice as a registered apprentice. An applicant who graduated from a barber school approved by a
barber board more than four years prior to application is required to complete a further course of study of at least 500 hours.

(b) An applicant for an initial certificate of registration to practice as an apprentice, who fails to pass the comprehensive examination conducted by the board, and who fails to pass a onetime retake of the written examination, is required to complete a further course of study of at least 500 hours, of not more than eight hours in any one working day, in a barber school approved by the board before being eligible to retake the comprehensive examination as many times as necessary to pass.

(c) A certificate of registration of an apprentice shall be valid for four years and shall not be renewed for a fifth year. During the four-year period the certificate of registration shall remain in full force and effect only if the apprentice complies with all the provisions of sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26, including the payment of an annual fee, and the rules of the board.

(d) If a registered apprentice, during the term in which the certificate of registration is in effect, enters full-time active duty in the armed forces of the United States of America, the expiration date of the certificate of registration shall be extended by a period of time equal to the period or periods of active duty.

(e) If a registered apprentice graduates from a barber school approved by the board and is issued a certificate of registration while incarcerated by the Department of Corrections of the Federal Bureau of Prisons, the expiration date of the certificate of registration shall be extended one time so that it expires four years from the date of first release from a correctional facility.

154.11 EXAMINATION OF NONRESIDENT BARBERS AND INSTRUCTORS OF BARBERING; TEMPORARY APPRENTICE PERMITS; TEMPORARY MILITARY LICENSE AND APPRENTICE PERMITS.

Subd. 2. Temporary apprentice permits for nonresidents. Any person who qualifies for examination as a registered barber under this section may apply for a temporary apprentice permit which is effective no longer than six months. All persons holding a temporary apprentice permit are subject to all provisions of sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 and the rules adopted by the board under those sections concerning the conduct and obligations of registered apprentices.

154.12 EXAMINATION OF NONRESIDENT APPRENTICES.

A person who meets all of the requirements for registration as a barber in sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26 and who has a license, a certificate of registration, or its equivalent as an apprentice in a state or country which in the discretion of the board has substantially the same requirements for registration as an apprentice as is provided by sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26, shall, upon payment of the required fee, be issued a certificate of registration without examination.

179A.50 REPRESENTATION OF FAMILY CHILD CARE PROVIDERS.

Sections 179A.50 to 179A.52 shall be known as the Family Child Care Providers Representation Act.

179A.51 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. Scope. For the purposes of sections 179A.50 to 179A.52, the terms in this section have the meanings given them.

Subd. 2. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of mediation services.

Subd. 3. Exclusive representative. "Exclusive representative" means an employee organization that has been elected and certified under section 179A.52, thereby maintaining the right to represent family child care providers in their relations with the state.

Subd. 4. Family child care provider. "Family child care provider" means an individual, either licensed or unlicensed, who provides legal child care services as defined under section 245A.03, except for providers licensed under Minnesota Rules, chapter 9503, or excluded from licensure under section 245A.03, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (5), and who receives child
care assistance to subsidize child care services for a child or children currently in the individual's care, under sections 119B.03; 119B.05; and 119B.011, subdivisions 20 and 20a.

**179A.52 RIGHT TO ORGANIZE.**

Subdivision 1. **Rights of individual providers and participants.** For the purposes of the Public Employment Labor Relations Act, under chapter 179A, family child care providers shall be considered, by virtue of this section, executive branch state employees employed by the commissioner of management and budget or the commissioner's representative. This section does not require the treatment of family child care providers as public employees for any other purpose. Family child care providers are not state employees for purposes of section 3.736. Chapter 179A shall apply to family child care providers except as otherwise provided in this section. Notwithstanding section 179A.03, subdivision 14, paragraph (a), clause (5), chapter 179A shall apply to family child care providers regardless of part-time or full-time employment status. Family child care providers shall not have the right to strike.

Subd. 2. **Appropriate unit.** The only appropriate unit under this section shall be a statewide unit of all family child care providers who meet the definition in section 179A.51, and who have had an active registration under chapter 119B within the previous 12 months. The unit shall be treated as an appropriate unit under section 179A.10, subdivision 2.

Subd. 3. **Compilation of list.** The commissioner of human services shall, by July 1, 2013, and monthly thereafter, compile and maintain a list of the names and addresses of all family child care providers who meet the definition in section 179A.51, and who have had an active registration under chapter 119B within the previous 12 months. The list shall not include the name of any participant, or indicate that an individual provider is a relative of a participant or has the same address as a participant. The commissioner of human services shall share the lists with others as needed for the state to meet its obligations under chapter 179A as modified and made applicable to family child care providers under this section, and to facilitate the representational processes under this section.

Subd. 4. **List access.** Beginning July 1, 2013, upon a showing made to the commissioner of the Bureau of Mediation Services by any employee organization wishing to represent the appropriate unit of family child care providers that at least 500 family child care providers support such representation, the commissioner of human services shall provide to such organization within seven days the most recent list of actively registered family child care providers compiled under subdivision 3, and subsequent monthly lists upon request for an additional three months. When the list is made available to an employee organization under this subdivision, the list must be made publicly available.

Subd. 5. **Elections for exclusive representative.** After July 31, 2013, any employee organization wishing to represent the appropriate unit of family child care providers may seek exclusive representative status pursuant to section 179A.12. Certification elections for family child care providers shall be conducted by mail ballot, and such election shall be conducted upon an appropriate petition stating that at least 30 percent of the appropriate unit wishes to be represented by the petitioner. The family child care providers eligible to vote in any such election shall be those family child care providers on the monthly list of family child care providers compiled under this section, most recently preceding the filing of the election petition. Except as otherwise provided, elections under this subdivision shall be conducted in accordance with section 179A.12.

Subd. 6. **Meet and negotiate.** If the commissioner certifies an employee organization as the majority exclusive representative, the state, through the governor or the governor's designee, shall meet and negotiate in good faith with the exclusive representative of the family child care provider unit regarding grievance issues, child care assistance reimbursement rates under chapter 119B, and terms and conditions of service, but this obligation does not compel the state or its representatives to agree to a proposal or require the making of a concession. The governor or the governor's designee is authorized to enter into agreements with the exclusive representative. Negotiated agreements and arbitration decisions must be submitted to the legislature to be accepted or rejected in accordance with sections 3.855 and 179A.22.

Subd. 7. **Meet and confer.** The state has an obligation to meet and confer under chapter 179A with family child care providers to discuss policies and other matters relating to their service that are not terms and conditions of service.

Subd. 8. **Terms and conditions of service.** For purposes of this section, "terms and conditions of service" has the same meaning as given in section 179A.03, subdivision 19.

Subd. 9. **Rights.** Nothing in this section shall be construed to interfere with:

1. Parental rights to select and deselect family child care providers or the ability of family child care providers to establish the rates they charge to parents;
(2) the right or obligation of any state agency to communicate or meet with any citizen or organization concerning family child care legislation, regulation, or policy; or

(3) the rights and responsibilities of family child care providers under federal law.

Subd. 10. Membership status and eligibility for subsidies. Membership status in an employee organization shall not affect the eligibility of a family child care provider to receive payments under, or serve a child who receives payments under, chapter 119B.

179A.53 NO USE OF SCHOLARSHIPS FOR DUES OR FEES.

Early learning scholarships shall not be applied, through state withholding or otherwise, toward payment of dues or fees that are paid to exclusive representatives of family child care providers.
7700.0010 APPLICABILITY AND PURPOSE.

Subpart 1. Applicability. Parts 7700.0010 to 7700.0090 apply to an eligible entity that is an applicant to be certified to deliver consumer assistance services through MNsure.

Subp. 2. Purpose. Parts 7700.0010 to 7700.0090 establish the policies and procedures for certification as a consumer assistance partner through MNsure.

7700.0020 DEFINITIONS.

Subpart 1. Scope. As used in this chapter, the terms defined in this part have the meanings given them.

Subp. 2. Affordable Care Act. "Affordable Care Act" means the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010, Public Law 111-148, as further defined through amendments to the act and regulations issued under the act.

Subp. 3. Applicable staff. "Applicable staff" means any person who has access authorized under this chapter to data stored in the MNsure Web tool.

Subp. 4. Board. "Board" means the Board of MNsure specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 62V.04.

Subp. 5. Certified application counselor. "Certified application counselor, " described in Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 155.225, means any entity certified by MNsure to provide consumer assistance services without any compensation from MNsure.

Subp. 6. Conflict of interest. "Conflict of interest" means any business, private, or personal interest sufficient to influence or appear to influence the objective execution of an entity's or individual's official or professional responsibilities to the extent necessary to carry out the functions of MNsure.

Subp. 7. Consumer assistance partner. "Consumer assistance partner " means entities certified by MNsure to serve as a navigator, in-person assister, or certified application counselor.

Subp. 8. Cost-sharing reduction. "Cost-sharing reduction" means reductions in cost sharing for an eligible individual enrolled in a silver level plan through MNsure or for an individual who is an American Indian or Alaska Native enrolled in a QHP through MNsure.

Subp. 9. Enrollment. "Enrollment" means enrolling individuals in a QHP or public health care program through MNsure, including properly utilizing the appropriate system tools, resources, and data to perform this function.

Subp. 10. Individual tax credit. "Individual tax credit" means premium tax credits specified in section 36B of the Internal Revenue Code, as added by section 1401 of the Affordable Care Act, which are provided on an advance basis to an eligible individual enrolled in a QHP through MNsure according to sections 1402 and 1412 of the Affordable Care Act.

Subp. 11. In-person assister. "In-person assister" means any entity certified by MNsure to provide services consistent with the applicable requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 155.205,(c), (d), and (e), and is distinct from a navigator.

Subp. 12. Insurance producer. "Insurance producer" has the meaning defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 60K.31.

Subp. 13. MNsure. "MNsure" means the "Minnesota Insurance Marketplace" under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 62V, created as a state health benefit exchange as described in section 1311 of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, and further defined through amendments to the act and regulations issued under the act.

Subp. 14. Navigator. "Navigator" means any entity certified by MNsure to serve as a navigator and has the meaning described in section 1311(i) of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (ACA), Public Law 111-148, and further defined through amendments to the act and regulations issued under the act. For calendar year 2014, the navigator program shall be covered by Minnesota Statutes, section 256.962.

Subp. 15. Qualified health plan or QHP. "Qualified health plan" or "QHP" means a health plan that meets the definition in section 1301(a) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148, and has been certified by the board according to Minnesota Statutes, section 62V.05, subdivision 5, to be offered through MNsure.

7700.0030 ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS; CERTIFIED CONSUMER ASSISTANCE PARTNERS.

Subpart 1. Federal prohibitions.
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A. Consumer assistance partners must not be health insurance issuers, subsidiaries of a health insurance issuer, stop loss insurance issuers, subsidiaries of a stop loss insurance issuer, or professional associations that include members of or lobby on behalf of the insurance industry according to federal requirements in Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 155.210 (d).

B. Consumer assistance partners must not have a conflict of interest while serving as a consumer assistance partner.

1. Consumer assistance partners must not receive any compensation directly or indirectly from any health insurance issuer in connection with the enrollment of any individuals or employees in a qualified health plan or a nonqualified health plan as specified in Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 155.210 (d)(4).

2. Consumer assistance partners must follow the requirements pursuant to Minnesota's Level One Establishment Notice of Grant Award, Special Terms and Conditions, Attachment B, #19: "In order to provide services that meet the requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, sections 155.205 (d)-(e), and 155.405, individuals performing in-person assistance functions must operate in a fair and impartial manner and must meet and adhere to appropriate conflict of interest standards which include, but are not limited to the following: Do not receive any direct or indirect compensation from an issuer in connection with enrolling consumers in health plans; and are not subsidiaries of an issuer or associations that include members of, or lobby on behalf of, the insurance industry."

Subp. 2. Qualifications.

A. Consumer assistance partners must demonstrate the ability to carry out those responsibilities as defined by the board.

B. Consumer assistance partners must:

1) demonstrate proven connections to the communities MNsure will serve, or demonstrate the ability to form relationships with consumers, including uninsured and underinsured consumers;

2) successfully complete MNsure's certification training program; and

3) comply with any privacy and security standards applicable to MNsure.

Subp. 3. Eligible entities. Consumer assistance partners eligible for certification by MNsure are any of the following entities able to demonstrate to the board that the entity has existing relationships, or could readily establish relationships with consumers in Minnesota, including uninsured, underinsured, and vulnerable populations, likely to be eligible to enroll through MNsure: 501(c)(3) community-based organizations, for-profit businesses, government agencies, and any other entity recognized by the Office of the Secretary of State including, but not limited to:

A. community and consumer-focused nonprofit groups;

B. trade, industry, and professional associations;

C. farming organizations;

D. religious organizations;

E. chambers of commerce;

F. insurance producers, subject to subpart 1;

G. tribal organizations; and

H. state or local human services agencies.

MNsure will consider coalitions or collaboratives of entities meeting the requirements of subpart 3.

7700.0040 RESPONSIBILITIES OF CONSUMER ASSISTANCE PARTNERS; CONSUMER ASSISTANCE SERVICES.

Subpart 1. Duties and responsibilities. As required in Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 155.210 (e), consumer assistance partners, at a minimum, must perform the following activities:

A. maintain expertise in eligibility, enrollment, and program specifications and conduct public education activities;

B. provide information and services in a fair, accurate, and impartial manner, and this information must acknowledge other health programs;

C. facilitate enrollment in qualified health plans offered in MNsure;

D. provide referrals to any applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or health insurance ombudsman established under section 2793 of the Public Health Service Act, or any other appropriate state agency or agencies for any enrollee with a grievance, complaint,
or question regarding an enrollee's health plan, coverage, or a determination under such plan or coverage;

E. provide information in a manner that is culturally and linguistically appropriate to the needs of the population being served by MNsure including individuals with limited English proficiency, and ensure accessibility and usability of tools and functions for individuals with disabilities according to the Americans with Disabilities Act and section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act; and

F. comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, section 1557 of the Americans with Disabilities Act, and other applicable federal law and regulation.

Subp. 2. Consumer assistance services. Consumer assistance partners and insurance producers certified by MNsure shall guide consumers through the application and enrollment process and facilitate access to the range of health coverage options available through MNsure by providing the following services, including but not limited to:

A. informing consumers of health insurance options and the value of coverage, in addition to reviewing insurance options available through MNsure;

B. informing individuals of application processes, required documentation, mandated requirements, and any exemption criteria;

C. providing information and referrals to small employers on enrollment in the Small Business Health Options Program (SHOP) and any tax provisions, including credits and penalties, potentially affecting small employers;

D. gauging eligibility through MNsure and providing referrals to appropriate support services or programs for further assistance, such as free health clinics;

E. providing nonmedical referrals, to the extent possible, according to MNsure referral guidance;

F. explaining program eligibility rules and providing application assistance for Medicaid/CHIP, premium tax credits, and cost-sharing reductions;

G. assisting with the entry of information into enrollment tools and resources, including final submission of information;

H. advising American Indians and Alaskan Natives on benefits specified by the Affordable Care Act, such as cost-sharing reductions, income exclusions, special open enrollment periods, and exemption from minimum health care coverage mandate;

I. addressing questions regarding the submission of eligibility and enrollment verification documentation;

J. facilitating referrals to insurance producers for individuals and families enrolling in qualified health plans through MNsure and requesting plan enrollment assistance beyond the scope of consumer assistance partners;

K. facilitating referrals to community organizations, counties, or other appropriate nonprofit or public entities when individuals and families require technical expertise and assistance beyond the scope of the consumer assistance partner or insurance producer;

L. explaining, discussing, and interpreting coverage and policies with consumers to facilitate plan selection; and

M. assisting with plan comparison based upon individual priorities, including but not limited to metal tier levels, quality ranges, providers including, but not limited to, specialty care, pharmaceutical, dental and eye care, and total cost estimation including utilization and health status.

Regardless of services listed in this subpart, no consumer assistance partner may provide a service that requires licensure under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 60K, unless the consumer assistance partner has the appropriate licensure under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 60K.

7700.0050 CERTIFICATION TRAINING.

Subpart 1. Consumer assistance partners. MNsure shall develop a certification training program, administer Web-based training, and administer assessment of proficiency for navigators, in-person assisters, and certified application counselors. Training shall be made available to eligible entities by MNsure. MNsure may enter into agreements with third-party entities to deliver the MNsure certification training program curriculum. MNsure may audit any third-party entity program at any time and may terminate the training agreement at MNsure's discretion. Documentation of certification training completion shall be maintained by MNsure. To receive and maintain MNsure certification, all applicable staff of an entity serving as a navigator,
in-person assister, or certified application counselor must complete the following required training modules with a minimum passing score, determined by MNsure, on all assigned training coursework. Modules include, but are not limited to, those specified in items A to E.

A. MNsure Web tool that includes training on the use of the public Web site, online enrollment tools, and navigation of the navigator, in-person assister, or certified application counselor landing page.

B. Affordable Care Act 101 that includes training on basic information on available public health care programs, referrals to other consumer assistance partners and insurance producers certified by MNsure, underserved and vulnerable populations, privacy and security as specified in part 7700.0080, and conflict of interest as specified in part 7700.0070.

C. Public health care programs, premium tax credits, and cost-sharing reductions includes training on eligibility and enrollment rules and procedures, and means of appeal and dispute resolution.

D. Qualified health plan includes training on eligibility and enrollment rules and procedures, the range of qualified health plan options offered through MNsure, and the means of appeal and dispute resolution.

E. Overview of Minnesota licensure requirements to sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance.

Subp. 2. Insurance producers. MNsure shall establish minimum certification training standards for insurance producers certified to serve by MNsure. Training and assessment of proficiency for insurance producers shall be administered by MNsure. MNsure may enter into agreements with third-party entities to deliver the MNsure certification training program curriculum. MNsure may audit any third-party entity program at any time and may terminate the training agreement at MNsure's discretion. Training shall be made available to eligible insurance producers by MNsure. To receive and maintain MNsure certification, all applicable staff of an entity serving as a certified insurance producer must complete the required training modules in items A to E with a minimum passing score, determined by the board, on all assigned training coursework. Modules include, but are not limited to:

A. MNsure Web tool that includes training on the use of the public Web site, online enrollment tools, and navigation of the insurance producer landing page;

B. Affordable Care Act 101 that includes training on basic information on available public health care programs, referrals to consumer assistance partners serving MNsure, underserved and vulnerable populations, privacy and security as specified in part 7700.0080, and conflict of interest as specified in part 7700.0070;

C. public health care programs, premium tax credits, and cost-sharing reductions includes training on eligibility and enrollment rules and procedures, and the means of appeal and dispute resolution;

D. qualified health plans includes training on eligibility and enrollment rules and procedures, the range of qualified health plan options offered in MNsure, and the means of appeal and dispute resolution; and

E. defined contributions includes training on federal requirements and MNsure online enrollment tools for small employers to provide a defined contribution towards a qualified health plan for their employees.

7700.0060 CERTIFICATION.

Subpart 1. Consumer assistance partners. Before providing any services, a navigator, in-person assister, or certified application counselor must be certified by MNsure by meeting the criteria in items A to F:

A. enter into a formal agreement with MNsure by responding to MNsure's solicitation for navigators, in-person assistants, or certified application counselors;

B. select, manage, and monitor individuals performing consumer assistance services and direct them to meet MNsure certification training standards by ensuring that all applicable staff participate in required MNsure sponsored training under part 7700.0050;

C. comply with MNsure conflict of interest standards as specified in part 7700.0070;

D. comply with MNsure privacy and security standards as specified in part 7700.0080;

E. comply with MNsure account creation process; and

F. comply with recertification requirements to be determined by MNsure.

Subp. 2. Insurance producers. Before providing any services through MNsure, an insurance producer must be certified by MNsure by meeting the criteria in items A to G:
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A. maintain active status as an insurance producer under part 7700.0020, subdivision 12;
B. inform MNsure of the intent to be certified by MNsure;
C. ensure that all insurance producer and applicable staff and subcontractors participate in required MNsure certification training specified in part 7700.0050;
D. disclose to MNsure which health carrier's qualified health plans offered through MNsure the insurance producer is authorized to sell;
E. comply with MNsure privacy and security standards specified in part 7700.0080;
F. comply with the MNsure account creation process; and
G. comply with recertification requirements to be determined by MNsure.

Subp. 3. Noncompliance. At MNsure's discretion, certification may be withdrawn from a navigator, in-person assister, certified application counselor or individual for noncompliance with the certification requirements in subdivision 1. At MNsure's discretion, certification may be withdrawn from an insurance producer entity or individual for noncompliance with the certification requirements in subdivision 2.

Subp. 4. Monitored performance. At MNsure's discretion, a consumer assistance partner and MNsure certified insurance producer's performance may be monitored during the certification period. MNsure may require an underperforming entity to develop and implement a time-limited performance improvement plan. If performance is not to MNsure's satisfaction, certification to provide services through MNsure may be withdrawn.

7700.0070 CONFLICT OF INTEREST.

Subpart 1. Framework; consumer assistance partners. MNsure shall provide consumers with impartial, high-quality, community-based education and information, and in-person application and enrollment assistance through consumer assistance partners. In order to ensure the delivery of high quality services, to minimize or eliminate the existence of conflicts of interest and ensure integrity, MNsure will:
A. screen for potential conflicts of interest during the consumer assistance partner selection process and throughout the term of engagement with these entities;
B. require initial and ongoing training that includes instruction on providing impartial education and in-person assistance with consumer selection of a qualified health plan;
C. require the consumer assistance partner to disclose all affiliations that may present a direct, indirect, or perceived conflict of interest which includes submission of a written attestation that the consumer assistance partner is not a health insurance issuer or issuer of stop loss insurance, a subsidiary of a health insurance issuer or issuer of stop loss insurance, or an association that includes members of, or lobbies on behalf of, the insurance industry;
D. monitor the consumer assistance partner's performance and practice through reporting;
E. monitor the consumer assistance partner through feedback tools on the MNsure Web site and through qualitative and quantitative evaluation tools;
F. actively solicit customer satisfaction feedback on experience with MNsure; and
G. as circumstances command, where a conflict of interest arises, require mitigation, revocation of certification, or termination of partnership with a consumer assistance partner.

Subp. 2. Insurance producers. All current conflict of interest requirements in Minnesota Rules and Minnesota Statutes shall apply to insurance producers.

7700.0080 PRIVACY AND SECURITY.

Pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 155.260, MNsure shall require a navigator, in-person assister, certified application counselor, or insurance producer to annually attest that its data security and privacy practices are compliant with the applicable federal and state laws and supportive of MNsure data security and privacy practices. Any navigator, in-person assister, certified application counselor, or insurance producer must have specific authorization from MNsure prior to accessing data through MNsure according to Minnesota Statutes, section 62V.06, subdivision 8. The authorization must be immediately and permanently revoked under Minnesota Statutes, section 62V.06, subdivision 8, for any willful violation of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13. MNsure has the right to inspect, assess, and audit a navigator, in-person assister, certified application counselor, or insurance producer's data security and privacy practices. Inadequate data security and privacy practices may result in termination of certification at the discretion of MNsure.
7700.0090 COMPENSATION.

Subpart 1. Consumer assistance partners compensation. Consumer assistance partner compensation may include, but is not limited to, per enrollment payments, grants, and pay-for-performance payments. The type of compensation is dependent on the specific role of the consumer assistance partner. The amount or rate of compensation is dependent on the specific role of the consumer assistance partner. The rate of per enrollment payments shall be set by the board on an annual basis. The initial payment rate and any subsequent changes to the payment rate must be published in the State Register. The payment rate is effective upon publication and applicable for all work completed on or after the payment rate effective date.

A. Payment per enrollment.

(1) Consumer assistance partners may receive payment for each successful enrollment through MNsure. The rate of payment shall be set by MNsure. The initial payment rate and any subsequent changes to the payment rate shall be published in the State Register. The payment rate is effective upon publication and applicable for all work completed on or after the payment rate effective date. Payments shall be paid based on the availability of funding.

(2) Payments shall be made directly to the entity.

B. Grants.

(1) MNsure may award grants through a competitive process. The competitive process shall be based on solicitation, and at MNsure's discretion, grants shall be established based on the criteria outlined in the solicitation.

(2) Disbursements of grant funding shall be paid per contract agreed to between the entity and MNsure.

C. Pay-for-performance payments. At the discretion of MNsure, pay-for-performance payments shall be established to address specific performance measures including, but not limited to, targeted geographic areas, specific population barriers, disparities, or distinctive outreach activities.

Subp. 2. Insurance producers. Compensation for insurance producers is subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 62V.05, subdivision 3.

7700.0100 ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW OF MNSURE ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATIONS.

Subpart 1. Applicability. Parts 7700.0100 to 7700.0105 govern the administration of MNsure eligibility appeals. Parts 7700.0100 to 7700.0105 must be read in conjunction with the federal Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148; Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 155; and Minnesota Statutes, chapter 62V; and sections 256.045 and 256.0451.

Subp. 2. Applicability to medical assistance and MinnesotaCare. Although MNsure offers a unique single marketplace for consumers to compare several health insurance coverage options, including coverage under medical assistance and MinnesotaCare, appeals rights and processes for medical assistance and MinnesotaCare are found in applicable federal or state statute or rule, including, but not limited to, parts 9505.0130, 9505.5105, 9505.0545, and 9506.0070, and Minnesota Statutes, sections 256.045, 256.0451, and 256L.10. Nothing in these rules should be construed to supersede, abridge, or in any way limit the appeal rights of appellants contesting issues covered or not covered under these rules that are available under applicable federal or state statute or rule, including, but not limited to, parts 9505.0130, 9505.5105, 9505.0545, and 9506.0070, and Minnesota Statutes, sections 256.045, 256.0451, and 256L.10. However, nothing in these rules prevent any MNsure consumer from filing appeals through MNsure.

Subp. 3. Regulatory investigations. Nothing in these rules limits or supersedes the ability of the commissioners of commerce and health to conduct investigations or facilitate appeals as authorized by laws administered by the Departments of Commerce and Health.

7700.0101 DEFINITIONS.

Subpart 1. Scope. As used in parts 7700.0100 to 7700.0105, the terms defined in this part have the meanings given them.

Subp. 2. Agency. "Agency" means the entity that made the eligibility determination being contested. Agency includes MNsure and, where applicable, any entity involved under a contract, subcontract, grant, or subgrant with MNsure that provides or operates programs or services for which appeals are available. Agency does not include the Minnesota Department of Commerce or the Minnesota Department of Health.
Subp. 3. Appeal. "Appeal" means a challenge to or dispute of an initial determination or redetermination made by MNsure enumerated under part 7700.0105, subpart 1, item A.

Subp. 4. Appeal record. "Appeal record" means all relevant records pertaining to the contested issues, including eligibility records filed in the proceeding, the appeal decision, all papers and requests filed in the proceeding, and if a hearing is held, the recording of the hearing testimony or an official report containing the substance of what happened at the hearing and any exhibits introduced at the hearing.

Subp. 5. Appeals examiner. "Appeals examiner" means a person appointed to conduct hearings under this part by the MNsure board and includes human services judges of the Department of Human Services and administrative law judges of the Office of Administrative Hearings, when acting under a delegation of authority from the MNsure board.

Subp. 6. Appellant. "Appellant" means the applicant or enrollee, the employer, or small business employer or employee submitting an appeal. Appellant includes the appellant's attorney or representative. An appellant who is not a business owner may file and appeal on his or her own behalf or on behalf of the appellant's household.

Subp. 7. Business day. "Business day" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 645.44.

Subp. 8. Business hours. "Business hours" means the hours between 8:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Central Standard Time, on business days.

Subp. 9. Chief appeals examiner. "Chief appeals examiner" means the chief human services judge of the Department of Human Services and the chief administrative law judge of the Office of Administrative Hearings, when acting under a delegation of authority from the MNsure board.

Subp. 10. De novo review. "De novo review" means a review of an appeal without deference to prior decisions in the case and can include making new findings of fact based on the appeal record.

Subp. 11. Eligibility. "Eligibility" means meeting the stipulated requirements for participation in a program or access to a service or product.

Subp. 12. MNsure board or board. "MNsure board" or "board" means the entity established in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 62V, as a board under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.012, and should be understood to include any individual or entity to whom the board has delegated a specific power or authority either directly or through an interagency agreement when that individual or entity is exercising the delegation.

Subp. 13. Party or parties. "Party" or "parties" means the appellants and agencies that are involved in an appeal and who have the legal right to make claims and defenses, offer proof, and examine and cross-examine witnesses during the appeal.


Subp. 15. Preponderance of the evidence. "Preponderance of the evidence" means, in light of the record as a whole, the evidence leads the appeals examiner to believe that the finding of fact is more likely to be true than not true.

Subp. 16. Representative. "Representative" means a person who is empowered by the party to support, speak for, or act on behalf of the party. Representative includes legal counsel, relative, friend, or other spokesperson or authorized representative under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 155.227.

Subp. 17. Vacate. "Vacate" means to set aside a previous action.

7700.0105 MNsure Eligibility Appeals.

Subpart 1. Eligibility.

A. MNsure appeals are available for the following actions:

1. initial determinations and redeterminations made by MNsure of individual eligibility to purchase a qualified health plan through MNsure, made in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, sections 155.305, (a) and (b); 155.330; and 155.335;

2. initial determinations and redeterminations made by MNsure of eligibility for and level of advance payment of premium tax credit, and eligibility for and level of cost sharing reductions, made in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, sections 155.305 (f) to (g); 155.330; and 155.335;
(3) initial determinations and redeterminations made by MNsure of employer eligibility to purchase coverage for qualified employees through the Small Business Health Options Program under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 155.710 (a);

(4) initial determinations and redeterminations made by MNsure of employee eligibility to purchase coverage through the Small Business Health Options Program under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 155.710 (e);

(5) initial determinations and redeterminations made by MNsure of individual eligibility for an exemption from the individual responsibility requirement made in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 155.605;

(6) a failure by MNsure to provide timely notice of an eligibility determination in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, sections 155.310 (g); 155.330 (e)(1)(ii); 155.335 (h)(ii); 155.610 (i); and 155.715 (e) and (f);

(7) in response to a notice from MNsure under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 155.310 (h), a determination by MNsure that an employer does not provide minimum essential coverage through an employer-sponsored plan or that the employer does provide coverage but is not affordable coverage with respect to an employee; and

(8) in response to a denial of a request to vacate a dismissal made according to this chapter and in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 155.530 (d)(2).

B. If an individual has been denied eligibility for medical assistance under Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 155.302 (b), an appeal of a determination of eligibility for advanced payments of the premium tax credit or cost-sharing reduction must also be treated as an appeal of medical assistance determination of eligibility.

Subp. 2. Filing an appeal.

A. To initiate an appeal, an appellant must file the appeal with MNsure as follows:

(1) by mail;

(2) by telephone;

(3) by Internet; and

(4) in person.

B. MNsure must provide the necessary contact information for each method of filing an appeal with each eligibility determination and also through the MNsure Web site.

C. The agency must assist any potential appellant in filing an appeal when assistance is requested.

D. An appeal must be received by MNsure within 90 days from the date of the notice of eligibility determination. There is a rebuttable presumption that the date of the notice of eligibility determination is five business days later than the date printed on the notice. The person may rebut this presumption by presenting evidence or testimony that they received the notice five business days after the date printed on the notice. An appeal received more than 90 days after the date of the eligibility notice will be dismissed. If the deadline for filing an appeal falls on a day that is not a business day, the filing deadline is the next business day.

E. Appeal request forms will be available to persons through the Internet, by in-person request, by mail, and by telephone. The following information is requested, but not required, in an appeal:

(1) name;

(2) MNsure username;

(3) date of birth;

(4) address, including either an e-mail address, if available, or a mailing or physical address;

(5) MNsure programs involved in the appeal, for which a list must be provided on the appeal request form;

(6) reason for the appeal; and

(7) in appeals of redeterminations of eligibility, whether the appellant intends to continue at the level of eligibility and benefits before the redetermination being appealed until the appeal decision.

F. Appeals shall be accepted regardless of whether the requested information is provided on the form or the information is incomplete. However, failure by an appellant to provide all of the requested information may prevent resolution of the appeal or delivery of effective notice.
G. The date of official receipt of appeals submitted after business hours, whether filed through the Internet or by telephone, is the next business day.

Subp. 3. Notices and communications.

A. The parties to an appeal have the right to the following timely notices and communications:

1. acknowledgement of receipt of the appeal and a scheduling order, including information regarding the appellant's eligibility pending appeal and an explanation that any advance payments of the premium tax credit paid on behalf of the tax filer pending appeal are subject to reconciliation; and

2. the decision and order of the MNsure board.

B. Any notice sent to the appellant must also be sent to the appellant's attorney or representative.

C. An appeals examiner shall not have ex parte contact on substantive issues with the agency, the appellant, or any person involved in an appeal. No agency employee shall review, interfere with, change, or attempt to influence the recommended decision of the appeals examiner in any appeal, except through the procedures allowed herein. The limitations in this subpart do not affect the board's authority to review or make final decisions.

Subp. 4. Rescheduling.

A. Requests to reschedule a hearing must be made in person, by telephone, through the Internet, or mailed and postmarked to the appeals examiner at least five days in advance of the regularly scheduled hearing date. The rescheduling request may be made orally or in writing. The requesting party must provide the other party a copy of a written request or must otherwise notify the other party of the request.

B. Any rescheduling of a hearing with less than five days' advance notice will be at the discretion of the appeals examiner and granted only when the rescheduling does not prejudice any party to the rescheduling.

C. Unless a determination is made by the appeals examiner that a request to reschedule a hearing is made for the purpose of delay, a hearing must be rescheduled by the appeals examiner for good cause as determined by the appeals examiner. Good cause includes the following:

1. to accommodate a witness;

2. to obtain necessary evidence, preparation, or representation;

3. to review, evaluate, and respond to new evidence;

4. to permit negotiations of resolution between the parties;

5. to permit the agency to reconsider;

6. to permit actions not previously taken;

7. to accommodate a conflict of previously scheduled appointments;

8. to accommodate a physical or mental illness;

9. where an interpreter, translator, or other service necessary to accommodate a person with a disability is needed but not available; or

10. any other compelling reasons beyond the control of the party that prevents attendance at the originally scheduled time.

D. If requested by the appeals examiner, a written statement confirming the reasons for the rescheduling request must be provided to the appeals examiner by the requesting party.

Subp. 5. Telephone, videoconference, or in-person hearing.

A. A hearing may be conducted by telephone, videoconference, or in person. An in-person appeals hearing will only be held at the discretion of the appeals examiner, or if the person asserts that either the person or a witness has a physical or mental disability that would impair the person's ability to fully participate in a hearing held by interactive video technology. To have the hearing conducted by videoconference or in person, a person must make a specific request for that type of hearing.

B. When an in-person hearing is granted, the appeals examiner shall conduct the hearing in the county where the person involved resides, unless an alternate location is mutually agreed upon before the hearing.

C. Where federal law or regulation does not require a telephone, videoconference, or in-person hearing and allows for a review of documentary evidence through a desk review, a telephone, videoconference, or in-person hearing will only be provided when the appeals
examiner determines that such a hearing would materially assist in resolving the issues presented by the appeal.


A. An appellant has a right to request an emergency expedited appeal when there is an immediate need for health services because a standard appeal could seriously jeopardize the appellant’s life or health or ability to attain, maintain, or regain maximum function. An appellant must specify that an emergency expedited appeal is being requested when submitting the initial appeal.

B. If an emergency develops during a pending appeal such that there has developed an immediate need for health services because a standard appeal could seriously jeopardize the appellant’s life or health or ability to attain, maintain, or regain maximum function, an appellant may request an expedited appeal.

C. If a request for an expedited appeal is denied, the appellant will be notified according to the process and time period required under the applicable federal law.

D. If a request for an expedited appeal is accepted, the appeals examiner will issue a decision according to the process and time period required under the applicable federal law.

Subp. 7. Interpreter and translation services.

A. Appeals must be accessible to appellants who have limited English proficiency, appellants who require interpreter and translation services, and appellants with disabilities. An appeals examiner has a duty to inquire whether any person involved in the hearing needs the services of an interpreter, translator, or reasonable accommodations to accommodate a disability in order to participate in or to understand the appeal process.

B. Necessary interpreter services, translation services, or reasonable accommodations must be provided at no cost to the person involved in the appeal.

C. If an appellant requests interpreter services, translation services, or reasonable accommodations or it appears to the appeals examiner that necessary interpreter or translation services are needed but not available for the scheduled hearing, the hearing shall be rescheduled to the next available date when the appropriate services can be provided.

Subp. 8. Access to data.

A. Subject to the requirements of all applicable state and federal laws regarding privacy, confidentiality, and disclosure of personally identifiable information, the appellants and agencies involved in an appeals hearing must be allowed to access the appeal record upon request at a convenient place and time before and during the appeals hearing. Copies of the appeal record, including an electronic copy of the recorded hearing, must be provided at no cost and, upon request, must be mailed or sent by electronic transmission to the party or the party’s representative.

B. An appellant involved in an appeals hearing may enforce the right of access to data and copies of the case file by making a request to the appeals examiner. The appeals examiner shall make an appropriate order enforcing the appellant’s right of access, including but not limited to ordering access to files, data, and documents possessed by the agency; continuing or rescheduling an appeal hearing to allow adequate time for access to data; or prohibiting use by the agency of files, data, or documents that have been generated, collected, stored, or disseminated in violation of the requirements of state or federal law, or when the documents have not been provided to the appellant involved in the appeal.

Subp. 9. Data practices.

A. Data on individuals, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 13.02, subdivision 5, will be collected about persons and appellants throughout the appeals process. The purpose of this data collection is to conduct an appeal. A party to an appeal is not required to supply data for an appeal. However, deciding which evidence and testimony to submit may have an impact on the outcome of the appeal decision. Certain other government officials may have access to information provided throughout the appeals process if this is allowed by law or pursuant to a valid court order.

B. When an appeal proceeds beyond the MNSure appeals process to judicial review, the appeal record will be public unless the court with jurisdiction over the appeal issues a protective order. When the appeal proceeds outside of the MNSure appeals process to the United States Department of Health and Human Services, the record will be classified according to federal law governing the collection of data on individuals.

Subp. 10. Appeal summary. The agency must prepare an appeal summary for each appeal hearing. The appeal summary shall be delivered to each party and the MNSure appeals examiner at least three business days before the date of the appeal hearing. The appeals examiner shall confirm
that the appeal summary is delivered to the party involved in the appeal as required under this subpart. Each party shall be provided, through the appeal summary or other reasonable methods, appropriate information about the procedures for the appeal hearing and an adequate opportunity to prepare. The contents of the appeal summary must be adequate to inform each party of the evidence on which the agency relies and the legal basis for the agency's action or determination.

Subp. 11. **Representation during appeal.** An appellant may personally appear in any appeal hearing and may be represented by an attorney or representative. A partnership may be represented by any of its members, an attorney, or other representative. A corporation or association may be represented by an officer, an attorney, or other representative. In a case involving an unrepresented appellant, the appeals examiner shall examine witnesses and receive exhibits for the purpose of identifying and developing in the appeal record relevant facts necessary for making an informed and fair decision. An unrepresented appellant shall be provided an adequate opportunity to respond to testimony or other evidence presented by the agency at the appeal hearing. The appeals examiner shall ensure that an unrepresented appellant has a full and reasonable opportunity at the appeal hearing to establish a record for appeal. An agency may be represented by an employee or an attorney, including an attorney employed by the agency as authorized by law.

Subp. 12. **Dismissals.**

A. The appeals examiner must dismiss an appeal if the appellant:

1. withdraws the appeal orally or in writing;
2. fails to appear at a scheduled appeal hearing or prehearing conference and good cause is not shown;
3. fails to submit a valid appeal; or
4. dies while the appeal is pending.

B. If an appeal is dismissed, the appeals examiner must provide timely notice to the parties, which must include the reason for dismissal, an explanation of the dismissal's effect on the appellant's eligibility, and an explanation of how the appellant may show good cause why the dismissal should be vacated.

C. The appeals examiner must vacate a dismissal if the appellant makes a written request within 30 days of the date of the notice of dismissal showing good cause why the dismissal should be vacated. There is a rebuttable presumption that the date of the notice of dismissal is five business days later than the date printed on the notice. The person may rebut this presumption by presenting evidence or testimony that they received the notice earlier than five business days after the date printed on the notice. Good cause can be shown when there is:

1. a death or serious illness in the person's family;
2. a personal injury or physical or mental illness that reasonably prevents an appellant or witness from attending the hearing;
3. an emergency, crisis, including a mental health crisis, or unforeseen event that reasonably prevents an appellant or witness from attending the hearing;
4. an obligation or responsibility of an appellant or witness which a reasonable person, in the conduct of one's affairs, could reasonably determine takes precedence over attending the hearing;
5. lack of or failure to receive timely notice of the hearing in the preferred language of an appellant involved in the hearing;
6. excusable neglect, excusable inadvertence, or excusable mistake as determined by the appeals examiner; or
7. any other compelling reason beyond the control of the party as determined by the appeals examiner.

Subp. 13. **Prehearing conferences.**

A. The appeals examiner, at the examiner's discretion, prior to an appeal hearing may hold a prehearing conference to further the interests of justice or efficiency. The parties must participate in any prehearing conference held. A party may request a prehearing conference. The prehearing conference may be conducted by telephone, in writing, or in person. The prehearing conference may address the following issues:

1. disputes regarding access to files, evidence, subpoenas, or testimony;
2. the time required for the hearing or any need for expedited procedures or decision;
3. identification or clarification of legal or other issues that may arise at the hearing;
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(4) identification of and possible agreement to factual issues; and
(5) scheduling and any other matter that will aid in the proper and fair functioning
of the hearing.

B. The appeals examiner shall make a record or otherwise contemporaneously summarize
the prehearing conference in writing, which shall be sent to:
(1) the parties; and
(2) the party's attorney or representative.

A. The chief appeals examiner shall remove an appeals examiner from any case where
the appeals examiner believes that presiding over the case would create the appearance
of unfairness or impropriety. No appeals examiner may hear any case where any of the parties
to the appeal are related to the appeals examiner by blood or marriage. An appeals examiner must
not hear any case if the appeals examiner has a financial or personal interest in the outcome. An
appeals examiner having knowledge of such a relationship or interest must immediately notify the
chief appeals examiner and be removed from the case.
B. A party may move for the removal of an appeals examiner by written application of
the party together with a statement of the basis for removal. Upon the motion of the party, the
chief appeals examiner must decide whether the appeals examiner may hear the particular case.

Subp. 15. Status of eligibility and benefits pending appeal.
A. In appeals involving a redetermination of an appellant's eligibility, the appellant shall
continue at the level of eligibility and benefits before the redetermination being appealed only if
the appellant affirmatively elects to receive them during the appeal.
B. The appeal type, as specified in subpart 1, item A, determines what eligibility and
benefits are available to be continued pending appeal. The availability of a continuation of
eligibility and benefits is only available for appellants under subpart 1, item A, subitems (1) and
(2). If appealing eligibility for advanced payments of premium tax credits and/or cost-sharing
reductions, at issue is the amount of the advance payments of premium tax credits and/or
cost-sharing reductions; and if appealing the eligibility to purchase a QHP through MNsure, at
issue is the eligibility to purchase a QHP through MNsure.
C. Where an appellant continues at the level of eligibility before the redetermination
being appealed and the appeal decision upholds the redetermination being appealed, the appellant
is subject to reconciliation and repayment of any overpayment.

Subp. 16. Commencement and conduct of hearing.
A. The appeals examiner shall begin each hearing by describing the process to be
followed in the hearing, including the swearing in of witnesses, how testimony and evidence are
presented, the order of examining and cross-examining witnesses, and the opportunity for an
opening statement and a closing statement. The appeals examiner shall identify for the parties
the issues to be addressed at the hearing and shall explain to the parties the burden of proof that
applies to the appellant and the agency. The appeals examiner shall confirm, prior to proceeding
with the hearing, that the appeal summary, if prepared, has been properly completed and provided
to the parties, and that the parties have been provided documents and an opportunity to review the
appeal record, as provided in this part.
B. The appeals examiner shall act in a fair and impartial manner at all times. At the
beginning of the appeal hearing, the agency must designate one person as a representative who
shall be responsible for presenting the agency's evidence and questioning any witnesses. The
appeals examiner shall make sure that both the agency and the appellant are provided sufficient
time to present testimony and evidence, to confront and cross-examine all adverse witnesses, and
to make any relevant statement at the hearing. All testimony in the hearing will be taken under
oath or affirmation. The appeals examiner shall make reasonable efforts to explain the appeal
hearing process to unrepresented appellants and shall ensure that the hearing is conducted fairly
and efficiently. Upon the reasonable request of the appellant or the agency or at the discretion of
the appeals examiner, the appeals examiner shall direct witnesses to remain outside the hearing
room, except during individual testimony, when the appeals examiner determines that such action
is appropriate to ensure a fair and impartial hearing. The appeals examiner shall not terminate
the hearing before affording the appellant and the agency a complete opportunity to submit all
admissible evidence and reasonable opportunity for oral or written statement. In the event that an
appeal hearing extends beyond the time allotted, the appeal hearing shall be continued from day
to day until completion. Appeal hearings that have been continued shall be timely scheduled to
minimize delay in the disposition of the appeal.
C. The appeal hearing shall be a de novo review and shall address the correctness and legality of the agency's action and shall not be limited simply to a review of the propriety of the agency's action. The appellant may raise and present evidence on all legal claims or defenses arising under state or federal law as a basis for the appeal, excluding any constitutional claims that are beyond the jurisdiction of the appeal hearing. The appeals examiner may take official notice of adjudicative facts.

D. The burden of persuasion is governed by specific state or federal law and regulations that apply to the subject of the hearing. Unless otherwise required by specific state or federal laws that apply to the subject of the appeal, the appellant carries the burden to persuade the appeals examiner that a claim is true and must demonstrate such by a preponderance of the evidence.

E. The appeals examiner shall accept all evidence, except evidence privileged by law, that is commonly accepted by reasonable people in the conduct of their affairs as having probative value on the issues to be addressed at the appeal hearing. The appeals examiner shall ensure for all cases that the appeal record is sufficiently complete to make a fair and accurate decision.

F. The agency must present its evidence prior to or at the appeal hearing. The agency shall not be permitted to submit evidence after the hearing except by agreement at the hearing between the appellant, the agency, and the appeals examiner. If evidence is submitted after the appeal hearing, based on an agreement, the appellant and the agency must be allowed sufficient opportunity to respond to the evidence. When determined necessary by the appeals examiner, the appeal record shall remain open to permit an appellant to submit additional evidence on the issues presented at the appeal hearing.

Subp. 17. Orders of the MNsure board.

A. A timely, written decision must be issued in every appeal. Each decision must contain a clear ruling on the issues presented in the appeal hearing and contain a ruling only on questions directly presented by the appeal and the arguments raised in the appeal.

B. A written decision must be issued within 90 days of the date the appeal is received, as administratively feasible, unless a shorter time is required by law.

C. The decision must contain both findings of fact and conclusions of law, clearly separated and identified. The findings of fact must be based on the entire appeal record. Each finding of fact made by the appeals examiner shall be supported by a preponderance of the evidence unless a different standard is required by law. The legal claims or arguments of a participant do not constitute either a finding of fact or a conclusion of law, except to the extent the appeals examiner explicitly adopts an argument as a finding of fact or conclusion of law.

D. The decision shall contain at least the following:

1. a listing of the date and place of the appeal hearing and the parties and persons appearing at the appeal hearing;
2. a clear and precise statement of the issues, including the dispute that is the subject of the appeal and the specific points that must be resolved in order to decide the case;
3. a listing of each of the materials constituting the appeal record that were placed into evidence at the appeal hearing, and upon which the appeal hearing decision is based;
4. the findings of fact based upon the entire appeal record. The findings of fact must be adequate to inform the parties and the public of the basis of the decision. If the evidence is in conflict on an issue that must be resolved, the findings of fact must state the reasoning used in resolving the conflict;
5. conclusions of law that address the legal authority for the appeal hearing and the ruling, and which give appropriate attention to the claims of the parties;
6. a clear and precise statement of the decision made resolving the dispute that is the subject of the appeal, including the effective date of the decision; and
7. written notice of any existing right to appeal, including taking an appeal to the United States Department of Health and Human Services and identifying the time frame for an appeal and that the decision is final unless appealed.

E. The appeals examiner shall not independently investigate facts or otherwise rely on information not presented at the appeal hearing. The appeals examiner may not contact other agency personnel, except as provided in subpart 16. The appeals examiner's recommended decision must be based exclusively on the testimony and evidence presented at the appeal hearing, legal arguments presented, and the appeals examiner's research and knowledge of the law.

F. The MNsure board shall review the recommended decision and accept or refuse to accept the decision. The MNsure board may accept the recommended order of an appeals
examiner and issue the order to the parties or may refuse to accept the decision. Upon refusal, the MNsure board shall notify the parties of the refusal, state the reasons, and allow each party ten days to submit additional written argument on the matter. After the expiration of the ten-day period, the MNsure board shall issue an order on the matter to the parties. Refusal of the MNsure board to accept a decision must not delay the 90-day time limit to issue a decision.

Subp. 18. Public access to hearings and decisions. Appeal decisions must be maintained in a manner so that the public has ready access to previous decisions on particular topics, subject to appropriate procedures for compliance with applicable state and federal laws regarding the privacy, confidentiality, and disclosure, of personally identifiable information. Appeal hearings conducted under this part are not open to the public due to the not public classification of the information provided for inclusion in the appeal record.

Subp. 19. Administrative review.

A. Administrative review by the United States Department of Health and Human Services may be available for parties aggrieved by an order of the MNsure board.

B. An appeal under this part must be filed with the United States Department of Health and Human Services and MNsure within 30 days of the date of the appeal decision according to the process required under the applicable federal regulations.

Subp. 20. Judicial review. An appellant may seek judicial review to the extent it is available by law.