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State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-THIRD SESSION

H. F. No. 307

01/11/2023 Authored by Richardson; Hollins; Olson, L.; Hussein and Kozlowski  
The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Taxes

1.1 A bill for an act  
1.2 relating to taxation; property; modifying classification of community land trust  
1.3 property; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 273.11, subdivision 12;  
1.4 273.13, subdivision 25.

1.5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.6 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 273.11, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

1.7 Subd. 12. **Community land trusts.** (a) A community land trust, as defined under chapter  
1.8 462A, is (i) a community-based nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A, which  
1.9 qualifies for tax exempt status under 501(c)(3), or (ii) a "city" as defined in section 462C.02,  
1.10 subdivision 6, which has received funding from the Minnesota housing finance agency for  
1.11 purposes of the community land trust program. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency  
1.12 shall set the criteria for community land trusts.

1.13 (b) Before the community land trust can rent or sell a unit to an applicant, the community  
1.14 land trust shall verify to the satisfaction of the administering agency or the city that the  
1.15 family income of each person or family applying for a unit in the community land trust  
1.16 building is within the income criteria provided in section 462A.30, subdivision 9. The  
1.17 administering agency or the city shall verify to the satisfaction of the county assessor that  
1.18 the occupant meets the income criteria under section 462A.30, subdivision 9. The property  
1.19 tax benefits under paragraph (c) shall be granted only to property owned or rented by persons  
1.20 or families within the qualifying income limits. The family income criteria and verification  
1.21 is only necessary at the time of initial occupancy in the property.

1.22 (c) A unit which is owned by the occupant and used as a homestead by the occupant  
1.23 qualifies for homestead treatment as class 1a under section 273.13, subdivision 22, or class

2.1 4d if the requirements of section 273.13, subdivision 25, paragraph (e), clause (2), are met.  
 2.2 A unit which is rented by the occupant and used as a homestead by the occupant shall be  
 2.3 class 4a or 4b property, under section 273.13, subdivision 25, whichever is applicable. Any  
 2.4 remaining portion of the property not used for residential purposes shall be classified by  
 2.5 the assessor in the appropriate class based upon the use of that portion of the property owned  
 2.6 by the community land trust. The land upon which the building is located shall be assessed  
 2.7 at the same classification rate as the units within the building, provided that if the building  
 2.8 contains some units assessed as class 1a or class 4d and some units assessed as class 4a or  
 2.9 4b, the market value of the land will be assessed in the same proportions as the value of the  
 2.10 building.

2.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2024  
 2.12 and thereafter.

2.13 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 273.13, subdivision 25, is amended to read:

2.14 Subd. 25. **Class 4.** (a) Class 4a is residential real estate containing four or more units  
 2.15 and used or held for use by the owner or by the tenants or lessees of the owner as a residence  
 2.16 for rental periods of 30 days or more, excluding property qualifying for class 4d. Class 4a  
 2.17 also includes hospitals licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56, other than hospitals exempt  
 2.18 under section 272.02, and contiguous property used for hospital purposes, without regard  
 2.19 to whether the property has been platted or subdivided. The market value of class 4a property  
 2.20 has a classification rate of 1.25 percent.

2.21 (b) Class 4b includes:

2.22 (1) residential real estate containing less than four units, including property rented as a  
 2.23 short-term rental property for more than 14 days in the preceding year, that does not qualify  
 2.24 as class 4bb, other than seasonal residential recreational property;

2.25 (2) manufactured homes not classified under any other provision;

2.26 (3) a dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead farm  
 2.27 classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b) containing two or three units; and

2.28 (4) unimproved property that is classified residential as determined under subdivision  
 2.29 33.

2.30 For the purposes of this paragraph, "short-term rental property" means nonhomestead  
 2.31 residential real estate rented for periods of less than 30 consecutive days.

2.32 The market value of class 4b property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent.

3.1 (c) Class 4bb includes:

3.2 (1) nonhomestead residential real estate containing one unit, other than seasonal  
3.3 residential recreational property;

3.4 (2) a single family dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a  
3.5 nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b); and

3.6 (3) a condominium-type storage unit having an individual property identification number  
3.7 that is not used for a commercial purpose.

3.8 Class 4bb property has the same classification rates as class 1a property under subdivision  
3.9 22.

3.10 Property that has been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at any time  
3.11 during which it has been owned by the current owner or spouse of the current owner does  
3.12 not qualify for class 4bb.

3.13 (d) Class 4c property includes:

3.14 (1) except as provided in subdivision 22, paragraph (c), real and personal property  
3.15 devoted to commercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes,  
3.16 for not more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment. For purposes of  
3.17 this clause, property is devoted to a commercial purpose on a specific day if any portion of  
3.18 the property is used for residential occupancy, and a fee is charged for residential occupancy.  
3.19 Class 4c property under this clause must contain three or more rental units. A "rental unit"  
3.20 is defined as a cabin, condominium, townhouse, sleeping room, or individual camping site  
3.21 equipped with water and electrical hookups for recreational vehicles. A camping pad offered  
3.22 for rent by a property that otherwise qualifies for class 4c under this clause is also class 4c  
3.23 under this clause regardless of the term of the rental agreement, as long as the use of the  
3.24 camping pad does not exceed 250 days. In order for a property to be classified under this  
3.25 clause, either (i) the business located on the property must provide recreational activities,  
3.26 at least 40 percent of the annual gross lodging receipts related to the property must be from  
3.27 business conducted during 90 consecutive days, and either (A) at least 60 percent of all paid  
3.28 bookings by lodging guests during the year must be for periods of at least two consecutive  
3.29 nights; or (B) at least 20 percent of the annual gross receipts must be from charges for  
3.30 providing recreational activities, or (ii) the business must contain 20 or fewer rental units,  
3.31 and must be located in a township or a city with a population of 2,500 or less located outside  
3.32 the metropolitan area, as defined under section 473.121, subdivision 2, that contains a portion  
3.33 of a state trail administered by the Department of Natural Resources. For purposes of item  
3.34 (i)(A), a paid booking of five or more nights shall be counted as two bookings. Class 4c

4.1 property also includes commercial use real property used exclusively for recreational  
4.2 purposes in conjunction with other class 4c property classified under this clause and devoted  
4.3 to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreational purposes, up to a total of  
4.4 two acres, provided the property is not devoted to commercial recreational use for more  
4.5 than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment and is located within two miles  
4.6 of the class 4c property with which it is used. In order for a property to qualify for  
4.7 classification under this clause, the owner must submit a declaration to the assessor  
4.8 designating the cabins or units occupied for 250 days or less in the year preceding the year  
4.9 of assessment by January 15 of the assessment year. Those cabins or units and a proportionate  
4.10 share of the land on which they are located must be designated class 4c under this clause  
4.11 as otherwise provided. The remainder of the cabins or units and a proportionate share of  
4.12 the land on which they are located will be designated as class 3a. The owner of property  
4.13 desiring designation as class 4c property under this clause must provide guest registers or  
4.14 other records demonstrating that the units for which class 4c designation is sought were not  
4.15 occupied for more than 250 days in the year preceding the assessment if so requested. The  
4.16 portion of a property operated as a (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop, (4) conference center  
4.17 or meeting room, and (5) other nonresidential facility operated on a commercial basis not  
4.18 directly related to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes  
4.19 does not qualify for class 4c. For the purposes of this paragraph, "recreational activities"  
4.20 means renting ice fishing houses, boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill or cross-country  
4.21 ski equipment; providing marina services, launch services, or guide services; or selling bait  
4.22 and fishing tackle;

4.23 (2) qualified property used as a golf course if:

4.24 (i) it is open to the public on a daily fee basis. It may charge membership fees or dues,  
4.25 but a membership fee may not be required in order to use the property for golfing, and its  
4.26 green fees for golfing must be comparable to green fees typically charged by municipal  
4.27 courses; and

4.28 (ii) it meets the requirements of section 273.112, subdivision 3, paragraph (d).

4.29 A structure used as a clubhouse, restaurant, or place of refreshment in conjunction with  
4.30 the golf course is classified as class 3a property;

4.31 (3) real property up to a maximum of three acres of land owned and used by a nonprofit  
4.32 community service oriented organization and not used for residential purposes on either a  
4.33 temporary or permanent basis, provided that:

5.1 (i) the property is not used for a revenue-producing activity for more than six days in  
5.2 the calendar year preceding the year of assessment; or

5.3 (ii) the organization makes annual charitable contributions and donations at least equal  
5.4 to the property's previous year's property taxes and the property is allowed to be used for  
5.5 public and community meetings or events for no charge, as appropriate to the size of the  
5.6 facility.

5.7 For purposes of this clause:

5.8 (A) "charitable contributions and donations" has the same meaning as lawful gambling  
5.9 purposes under section 349.12, subdivision 25, excluding those purposes relating to the  
5.10 payment of taxes, assessments, fees, auditing costs, and utility payments;

5.11 (B) "property taxes" excludes the state general tax;

5.12 (C) a "nonprofit community service oriented organization" means any corporation,  
5.13 society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for  
5.14 charitable, religious, fraternal, civic, or educational purposes, and which is exempt from  
5.15 federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3), (8), (10), or (19) of the Internal  
5.16 Revenue Code; and

5.17 (D) "revenue-producing activities" shall include but not be limited to property or that  
5.18 portion of the property that is used as an on-sale intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt  
5.19 liquor establishment licensed under chapter 340A, a restaurant open to the public, bowling  
5.20 alley, a retail store, gambling conducted by organizations licensed under chapter 349, an  
5.21 insurance business, or office or other space leased or rented to a lessee who conducts a  
5.22 for-profit enterprise on the premises.

5.23 Any portion of the property not qualifying under either item (i) or (ii) is class 3a. The  
5.24 use of the property for social events open exclusively to members and their guests for periods  
5.25 of less than 24 hours, when an admission is not charged nor any revenues are received by  
5.26 the organization shall not be considered a revenue-producing activity.

5.27 The organization shall maintain records of its charitable contributions and donations  
5.28 and of public meetings and events held on the property and make them available upon  
5.29 request any time to the assessor to ensure eligibility. An organization meeting the requirement  
5.30 under item (ii) must file an application by May 1 with the assessor for eligibility for the  
5.31 current year's assessment. The commissioner shall prescribe a uniform application form  
5.32 and instructions;

6.1 (4) postsecondary student housing of not more than one acre of land that is owned by a  
6.2 nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A and is used exclusively by a student  
6.3 cooperative, sorority, or fraternity for on-campus housing or housing located within two  
6.4 miles of the border of a college campus;

6.5 (5)(i) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, excluding  
6.6 manufactured home parks described in items (ii) and (iii), (ii) manufactured home parks as  
6.7 defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, that are described in section 273.124, subdivision  
6.8 3a, and (iii) class I manufactured home parks as defined in section 327C.015, subdivision  
6.9 2;

6.10 (6) real property that is actively and exclusively devoted to indoor fitness, health, social,  
6.11 recreational, and related uses, is owned and operated by a not-for-profit corporation, and is  
6.12 located within the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2;

6.13 (7) a leased or privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under  
6.14 section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:

6.15 (i) the land is on an airport owned or operated by a city, town, county, Metropolitan  
6.16 Airports Commission, or group thereof; and

6.17 (ii) the land lease, or any ordinance or signed agreement restricting the use of the leased  
6.18 premise, prohibits commercial activity performed at the hangar.

6.19 If a hangar classified under this clause is sold after June 30, 2000, a bill of sale must be  
6.20 filed by the new owner with the assessor of the county where the property is located within  
6.21 60 days of the sale;

6.22 (8) a privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under section  
6.23 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:

6.24 (i) the land abuts a public airport; and

6.25 (ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement  
6.26 restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the  
6.27 hangar; and

6.28 (9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead purposes,  
6.29 and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met:

6.30 (i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods of 14  
6.31 or fewer days;

7.1 (ii) meals are provided to persons who rent rooms, the cost of which is incorporated in  
7.2 the basic room rate;

7.3 (iii) meals are not provided to the general public except for special events on fewer than  
7.4 seven days in the calendar year preceding the year of the assessment; and

7.5 (iv) the owner is the operator of the property.

7.6 The market value subject to the 4c classification under this clause is limited to five rental  
7.7 units. Any rental units on the property in excess of five, must be valued and assessed as  
7.8 class 3a. The portion of the property used for purposes of a homestead by the owner must  
7.9 be classified as class 1a property under subdivision 22;

7.10 (10) real property up to a maximum of three acres and operated as a restaurant as defined  
7.11 under section 157.15, subdivision 12, provided it: (i) is located on a lake as defined under  
7.12 section 103G.005, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (3); and (ii) is either devoted to  
7.13 commercial purposes for not more than 250 consecutive days, or receives at least 60 percent  
7.14 of its annual gross receipts from business conducted during four consecutive months. Gross  
7.15 receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages must be included in determining the property's  
7.16 qualification under item (ii). The property's primary business must be as a restaurant and  
7.17 not as a bar. Gross receipts from gift shop sales located on the premises must be excluded.  
7.18 Owners of real property desiring 4c classification under this clause must submit an annual  
7.19 declaration to the assessor by February 1 of the current assessment year, based on the  
7.20 property's relevant information for the preceding assessment year;

7.21 (11) lakeshore and riparian property and adjacent land, not to exceed six acres, used as  
7.22 a marina, as defined in section 86A.20, subdivision 5, which is made accessible to the public  
7.23 and devoted to recreational use for marina services. The marina owner must annually provide  
7.24 evidence to the assessor that it provides services, including lake or river access to the public  
7.25 by means of an access ramp or other facility that is either located on the property of the  
7.26 marina or at a publicly owned site that abuts the property of the marina. No more than 800  
7.27 feet of lakeshore may be included in this classification. Buildings used in conjunction with  
7.28 a marina for marina services, including but not limited to buildings used to provide food  
7.29 and beverage services, fuel, boat repairs, or the sale of bait or fishing tackle, are classified  
7.30 as class 3a property; and

7.31 (12) real and personal property devoted to noncommercial temporary and seasonal  
7.32 residential occupancy for recreation purposes.

7.33 Class 4c property has a classification rate of 1.5 percent of market value, except that (i)  
7.34 each parcel of noncommercial seasonal residential recreational property under clause (12)

8.1 has the same classification rates as class 4bb property, (ii) manufactured home parks assessed  
 8.2 under clause (5), item (i), have the same classification rate as class 4b property, the market  
 8.3 value of manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (ii), have a classification  
 8.4 rate of 0.75 percent if more than 50 percent of the lots in the park are occupied by  
 8.5 shareholders in the cooperative corporation or association and a classification rate of one  
 8.6 percent if 50 percent or less of the lots are so occupied, and class I manufactured home  
 8.7 parks as defined in section 327C.015, subdivision 2, have a classification rate of 1.0 percent,  
 8.8 (iii) commercial-use seasonal residential recreational property and marina recreational land  
 8.9 as described in clause (11), has a classification rate of one percent for the first \$500,000 of  
 8.10 market value, and 1.25 percent for the remaining market value, (iv) the market value of  
 8.11 property described in clause (4) has a classification rate of one percent, (v) the market value  
 8.12 of property described in clauses (2), (6), and (10) has a classification rate of 1.25 percent,  
 8.13 (vi) that portion of the market value of property in clause (9) qualifying for class 4c property  
 8.14 has a classification rate of 1.25 percent, and (vii) property qualifying for classification under  
 8.15 clause (3) that is owned or operated by a congressionally chartered veterans organization  
 8.16 has a classification rate of one percent. The commissioner of veterans affairs must provide  
 8.17 a list of congressionally chartered veterans organizations to the commissioner of revenue  
 8.18 by June 30, 2017, and by January 1, 2018, and each year thereafter.

8.19 (e) Class 4d property ~~is~~ includes:

8.20 (1) qualifying low-income rental housing certified to the assessor by the Housing Finance  
 8.21 Agency under section 273.128, subdivision 3. If only a portion of the units in the building  
 8.22 qualify as low-income rental housing units as certified under section 273.128, subdivision  
 8.23 3, only the proportion of qualifying units to the total number of units in the building qualify  
 8.24 for class 4d(1). The remaining portion of the building shall be classified by the assessor  
 8.25 based upon its use. Class 4d(1) also includes the same proportion of land as the qualifying  
 8.26 low-income rental housing units are to the total units in the building. For all properties  
 8.27 qualifying as class 4d(1), the market value determined by the assessor must be based on the  
 8.28 normal approach to value using normal unrestricted rents; and

8.29 (2) a unit that is owned by the occupant and used as a homestead by the occupant, and  
 8.30 otherwise meets all the requirements for community land trust property under section 273.11,  
 8.31 subdivision 12, provided that by December 15 of each assessment year, the community land  
 8.32 trust certifies to the assessor that (i) the community land trust owns the real property on  
 8.33 which the unit is located, and (ii) the unit owner is a member in good standing of the  
 8.34 community land trust. For all units qualifying as class 4d(2), the market value determined

9.1 by the assessor must be based on the normal approach to value without regard to any  
9.2 restrictions that apply because the unit is a community land trust property.

9.3 (f) The first tier of market value of class 4d(1) property has a classification rate of 0.75  
9.4 percent. The remaining value of class 4d(1) property has a classification rate of 0.25 percent.  
9.5 For the purposes of this paragraph, the "first tier of market value of class 4d(1) property"  
9.6 means the market value of each housing unit up to the first tier limit. For the purposes of  
9.7 this paragraph, all class 4d property value must be assigned to individual housing units. The  
9.8 first tier limit is \$100,000 for assessment years 2022 and 2023. For subsequent assessment  
9.9 years, the limit is adjusted each year by the average statewide change in estimated market  
9.10 value of property classified as class 4a and 4d under this section for the previous assessment  
9.11 year, excluding valuation change due to new construction, rounded to the nearest \$1,000,  
9.12 provided, however, that the limit may never be less than \$100,000. Beginning with  
9.13 assessment year 2015, the commissioner of revenue must certify the limit for each assessment  
9.14 year by November 1 of the previous year. Class 4d(2) property has a classification rate of  
9.15 0.75 percent.

9.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2024  
9.17 and thereafter.