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### State of Minnesota

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

EIGHTY-SEVENTH SESSION

H. F. No. 2501

02/27/2012 Authored by Hackbarth

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Commerce and Regulatory Reform

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3	relating to gambling; authorizing the director of the State Lottery to establish gaming machines at a licensed racetrack; imposing a fee on gaming machine
1.3	revenue; providing powers and duties to the director; establishing a Minnesota
1.5	First fund and dedicating money in the fund for education and to finance
1.6	and construct a stadium for the Minnesota Vikings and a ballpark for the St.
1.7	Paul Saints; modifying certain rates of tax on lawful gambling; providing
1.8	for linked bingo and electronic pull-tabs; making clarifying, conforming,
1.9	and technical changes; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes
1.10	2010, sections 240.03; 240.13, by adding a subdivision; 240.14, by adding
1.11	a subdivision; 240.28, subdivision 2; 297E.02; 299L.07, subdivisions 2, 2a;
1.12	340A.410, subdivision 5; 349.12, subdivisions 5, 12a, 25b, 25c, 25d, 29, 32,
1.13	32a; 349.13; 349.151, subdivisions 4b, 4c; 349.155, subdivisions 3, 4; 349.161,
1.14	subdivision 1; 349.163, subdivisions 1, 6; 349.1635, subdivision 2, by adding a
1.15	subdivision; 349.165, subdivision 2; 349.17, subdivisions 6, 7, 8; 349.1721, by
1.16 1.17	adding subdivisions; 349.18, subdivision 1; 349.211, subdivision 1a; 349A.01, subdivision 10, by adding subdivisions; 349A.10, subdivision 3; 349A.13;
1.17	541.20; 541.21; 609.75, subdivision 3; 609.761, subdivision 2; proposing
1.19	coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 297A; 349; repealing
1.20	Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 240.30, subdivision 8.
1.21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.22	ARTICLE 1
1.23	RACINO
1.24	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 240.03, is amended to read:
1.25	240.03 COMMISSION POWERS AND DUTIES.
1.26	The commission has the following powers and duties:
1.27	(1) to regulate horse racing in Minnesota to ensure that it is conducted in the public
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(2) to issue licenses as provided in this chapter;

(3) to enforce all laws and rules governing horse racing;

(4) to collect and distribute all taxes provided for in this chapter;

(5) to conduct necessary investigations and inquiries and compel the submission of information, documents, and records it deems necessary to carry out its duties;

- (6) to supervise the conduct of pari-mutuel betting on horse racing;
- (7) to employ and supervise personnel under this chapter;

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- (8) to determine the number of racing days to be held in the state and at each licensed racetrack;
  - (9) to take all necessary steps to ensure the integrity of racing in Minnesota; and
- (10) to impose fees on the racing and card playing industries sufficient to recover the operating costs of the commission with the approval of the legislature according to section 16A.1283. Notwithstanding section 16A.1283, when the legislature is not in session, the commissioner of management and budget may grant interim approval for any new fees or adjustments to existing fees that are not statutorily specified, until such time as the legislature reconvenes and acts upon the new fees or adjustments. As part of its biennial budget request, the commission must propose changes to its fees that will be sufficient to recover the operating costs of the commission—; and
- (11) to take all necessary steps to ensure the security of all activities in a class A licensed racetrack. The duties and responsibilities of the commission include but are not limited to licensing employees of a class A licensee and vendors to the class A licensee involved in the conduct of gaming machines authorized by a location contract with the director of the State Lottery under section 349A.17 and overall surveillance and security of all conduct on all facilities of a licensed racetrack. The commission shall require that a class A licensed racetrack reimburse it for the commission's actual costs, including personnel costs, for conducting activities provided in this clause and amounts received must be deposited as provided in section 240.155, subdivision 1. The commission shall review procedures of the class A licensee to ensure compliance with section 240.13, subdivision 5a.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 240.13, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5a. Equine industry improvement fund. (a) To compensate the horse racing industry for the presence of lottery gaming machines at class A racing facilities, the commission shall establish and maintain an equine industry improvement fund. Each licensee holding a location contract with the lottery director shall, as directed by the commission, transmit 12 percent of the location contract compensation received from the lottery director to the commission for deposit into the equine industry improvement

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Article 1 Sec. 2.

fund. The commission shall routinely transfer 80 percent of the fund allocated for purse supplements to a licensee conducting live racing for more than one breed of horse and 20 percent to a licensee conducting live racing for only one breed of horse and direct the licensee to use the funds to supplement purses offered for live races. Purse supplements required under this subdivision are in addition to purse payments otherwise established by law or contract. The location contract holder and the organization representing the majority of horsepersons racing at the location contract holder's racetrack may, by written contract, agree to use a portion of the transferred funds for racing-related purposes other than purse supplementation.

- (b) The commission shall allocate 20 percent of the fund for breeder's fund purposes and shall transmit that amount to the breeder's fund for the benefit of each breed racing at a class A licensed facility hosting lottery gaming machines. Amounts transferred shall be in the same proportions established, under this subdivision, for purse supplements.

  Amounts transferred to a breeder's fund shall be used for the purposes of section 240.18, subdivisions 2, paragraph (d), and 3, paragraph (b), subject to the proportionality requirement in section 240.18, subdivision 1.
- (c) Five percent of the fund shall be placed in an equine industry enhancement fund established by the commission. The commission shall award grants from this account designed to support and improve the nonracing equine industry including, but not limited to, construction of facilities and trails, production of shows, and issues related to retired horses.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 240.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
  - Subd. 5. Lottery contract holder; minimum racing days. Licensees holding location contracts with the director of the lottery, who are authorized to conduct live racing for more than one breed of horse, shall conduct thoroughbred and quarter horse racing. In any year the licensee shall offer the equivalent of at least two quarter horse races for each racing day granted to the licensee by the commission, however, the licensee and the organization representing the majority of quarter horses owners licensed to race in the state may agree to a different number of live races to be offered. Scheduling of quarter horse races shall be as approved by the commission pursuant to section 240.03, clause (8). Willful failure to offer the races required by this subdivision shall subject the licensee to disciplinary action as deemed appropriate by the commission.
    - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 240.28, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

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Subd. 2. **Betting.** No member or employee of the commission may bet or cause a bet to be made on a race at a licensed racetrack while serving on or being employed by the commission. No person appointed or approved by the director as a steward may bet or cause a bet to be made at a licensed racetrack during a racing meeting at which the person is serving as a steward. The commission shall by rule prescribe such restrictions on betting by its licensees as it deems necessary to protect the integrity of racing. For the purposes of this subdivision, a play on a gaming machine authorized by the director of the State Lottery at a licensed racetrack is deemed to be a bet.

#### Sec. 5. [297A.651] LOTTERY GAMING MACHINES; IN-LIEU FEE.

Adjusted gross revenue from the operation of gaming machines authorized under chapter 349A is exempt from the tax imposed under section 297A.62 and chapter 297E and any other tax, license, permit, or assessment for conducting a gambling activity that is not imposed by this section. The State Lottery must, on or before the 20th day of each month, transmit to the commissioner an amount equal to the adjusted gross gaming machine revenue from the operation of gaming machines, as defined in section 349A.01, for the previous month multiplied by: (1) 25 percent of annual adjusted gross gaming machine revenue generated by each person that has a location contract under section 349A.17, subdivision 1, up to \$150,000,000; (2) 30 percent of annual adjusted gross gaming machine revenue generated by each person that has a location contract under section 349A.17, subdivision 1, between \$150,000,000 and \$200,000,000; and (3) 40 percent of annual adjusted gross gaming machine revenue generated by each person that has a location contract under section 349A.17, subdivision 1, in excess of \$200,000,000. The commissioner shall deposit the money transmitted under this section in the state treasury as provided in article 2.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 299L.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. **Exclusions.** Notwithstanding subdivision 1, a gambling device:
- (1) may be sold by a person who is not licensed under this section, if the person (i) is not engaged in the trade or business of selling gambling devices, and (ii) does not sell more than one gambling device in any calendar year;
- (2) may be sold by the governing body of a federally recognized Indian tribe described in subdivision 2a, paragraph (b), clause (1), which is not licensed under this section, if (i) the gambling device was operated by the Indian tribe, (ii) the sale is to a distributor licensed under this section, and (iii) the licensed distributor notifies the

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02/17/12 REVISOR JSK/JC 12-5309 commissioner of the purchase, in the same manner as is required when the licensed distributor ships a gambling device into Minnesota; (3) may be possessed by a person not licensed under this section if the person holds a permit issued under section 299L.08; and (4) may be possessed by a state agency, with the written authorization of the director, for display or evaluation purposes only and not for the conduct of gambling-; and (5) may be possessed by the State Lottery or a person who has entered into a location contract with the State Lottery as authorized under chapter 349A. Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 299L.07, subdivision 2a, is amended to read: Subd. 2a. Restrictions. (a) A manufacturer licensed under this section may sell, 5.10 offer to sell, lease, or rent, in whole or in part, a gambling device only to a distributor 5.11 licensed under this section or to the State Lottery as authorized under chapter 349A. 5.12 (b) A distributor licensed under this section may sell, offer to sell, market, rent, 5.13 lease, or otherwise provide, in whole or in part, a gambling device only to: 5.14 (1) the governing body of a federally recognized Indian tribe that is authorized 5.15 to operate the gambling device under a tribal state compact under the Indian Gaming 5.16 Regulatory Act, Public Law 100-497, and future amendments to it; 5.17 (2) a person for use in the person's dwelling for display or amusement purposes in a 5.18 manner that does not afford players an opportunity to obtain anything of value; 5.19 (3) another distributor licensed under this section; or 5.20 (4) a person in another state who is authorized under the laws of that state to possess 5.21 5.22 the gambling device; or (5) the State Lottery as authorized under chapter 349A. 5.23 5.24 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 340A.410, subdivision 5, is amended to read: Subd. 5. Gambling prohibited. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this 5.25 subdivision, no retail establishment licensed to sell alcoholic beverages may keep, possess, 5.26 or operate, or permit the keeping, possession, or operation on the licensed premises of dice 5.27 or any gambling device as defined in section 349.30, or permit gambling therein. 5.28 (b) Gambling equipment may be kept or operated and raffles conducted on licensed 5.29 premises and adjoining rooms when the use of the gambling equipment is authorized by 5.30 (1) chapter 349, (2) a tribal ordinance in conformity with the Indian Gaming Regulatory 5.31

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Act, Public Law 100-497, or (3) a tribal-state compact authorized under section 3.9221.

authorized by the director of the lottery under chapter 349A.

(c) Lottery tickets may be purchased and sold within the licensed premises as

6.1	(d) Dice may be kept and used on licensed premises and adjoining rooms as
6.2	authorized by section 609.761, subdivision 4.
6.3	(e) This subdivision does not apply to a licensed racetrack holding a location
6.4	contract as authorized by chapter 349A.
6.5	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
6.6	to read:
6.7	Subd. 1a. Adjusted gross gaming machine revenue. "Adjusted gross gaming
6.8	machine revenue" means the sum of all money received by the lottery for gaming machine
6.9	plays, other than promotional plays, less the amount paid out in prizes for gaming machine
6.10	games.
6.11	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349A.01, is amended by adding a
6.12	subdivision to read:
6.13	Subd. 6a. Gaming machine. "Gaming machine" means any electronic device
6.14	which, upon insertion of money, coin, token, voucher, electronic card, or other
6.15	consideration, allows the play of a game, authorized by the director, the outcome of which
6.16	is determined entirely or partly by chance. A gaming machine may award a player a prize
6.17	in the form of money, tokens, prize slips, or other authorized consideration.
6.18	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349A.01, is amended by adding a
6.19	subdivision to read:
6.20	Subd. 6b. Gaming machine game. "Gaming machine game" means a game
6.21	operated by a gaming machine as authorized by the director.
6.22	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349A.01, is amended by adding a
6.23	subdivision to read:
6.24	Subd. 6c. Gaming machine play. "Gaming machine play" means an electronic
6.25	record that proves participation in a gaming machine game.
6.26	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349A.01, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
6.27	Subd. 10. Lottery procurement contract. "Lottery procurement contract" means a
6.28	contract to provide lottery products, gaming machines, maintenance of gaming machines,
6.29	computer hardware and software used to monitor sales of lottery tickets and gaming
6.30	machine plays, and lottery tickets. "Lottery procurement contract" does not include

a contract to provide an annuity or prize payment agreement or materials, supplies, equipment, or services common to the ordinary operation of a state agency.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349A.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. **Lottery operations.** (a) The director shall establish a lottery operations account in the lottery fund. The director shall pay all costs of operating the lottery, including payroll costs or amounts transferred to the state treasury for payroll costs, but not including lottery prizes, from the lottery operating account. The director shall credit to the lottery operations account amounts sufficient to pay the operating costs of the lottery.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (e), the director may not credit in any fiscal year thereafter amounts to the lottery operations account which when totaled exceed nine percent of gross revenue to the lottery fund in that fiscal year. In computing total amounts credited to the lottery operations account under this paragraph the director shall disregard amounts transferred to or retained by lottery retailers as sales commissions or other compensation and amounts transferred or retained by a racetrack under a location contract under section 349A.17.
- (c) The director of the lottery may not expend after July 1, 1991, more than 2-3/4 percent of gross revenues in a fiscal year for contracts for the preparation, publication, and placement of advertising.
- (d) Except as the director determines, the lottery is not subject to chapter 16A relating to budgeting, payroll, and the purchase of goods and services.
- (e) In addition to the amounts credited to the lottery operations account under paragraph (b), the director is authorized, if necessary, to meet the current obligations of the lottery and to credit up to 25 percent of an amount equal to the average annual amount which was authorized to be credited to the lottery operations account for the previous three fiscal years but was not needed to meet the obligations of the lottery.
  - Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349A.13, is amended to read:

#### 349A.13 RESTRICTIONS.

Nothing in this chapter:

- (1) authorizes the director to conduct a lottery game or contest the winner or winners of which are determined by the result of a sporting event other than a horse race conducted under chapter 240;
- (2) authorizes the director to install or operate a lottery device operated by coin or currency which when operated determines the winner of a game, except as authorized under section 349A.17; and

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(3) authorizes the director to sell pull-tabs as defined under section 349.12, subdivision 32.

	Sec.	16.	[349A.17]	GAMING	MACHINES.
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Subdivision 1. Location contract. (a) The director may enter into a contract with a person to provide locations for gaming machines. Contracts entered into under this section are not subject to chapter 16C. The director may only enter a contract under this subdivision with a person who holds a class A license under chapter 240. The gaming machines may only be placed at the racetrack for which the class A license under chapter 240 was issued. Contracts entered into under this section are void if the racetrack: (1) has not hosted at least 75 days of live racing, authorized by the Minnesota Racing Commission, during the previous year, or (2) has not been approved, unless approval is pending, for at least 75 days of live racing during the present year. In the case of licensees authorized to conduct racing for only one breed of horse, the live racing requirement is 50 days.

- (b) The director may cancel, suspend, or refuse to renew the location contract if the person:
- (1) fails to account for proceeds from the gaming machines;
  - (2) fails to remit funds to the director in accordance with the location contract;
- 8.18 (3) violates a law, rule, or order of the director;
- 8.19 (4) fails to comply with a material term of the location contract; or
  - (5) has acted in a manner prejudicial to the public confidence in the integrity of the operation of the gaming machines.

The cancellation, suspension, or refusal to renew the location contract is a contested case under sections 14.57 to 14.69.

- (c) Contracts entered into under this section must provide for compensation to the racetrack and its horsepersons in recognition of goods, services, and facilities provided expenses, risk factors, and losses. Compensation shall be in an amount equal to at least the following percentages of adjusted gross gaming machine revenue generated at the track:
- 8.28 (1) of the first \$150,000,000 of annual adjusted gross gaming machine revenue,
  8.29 60 percent;
- 8.30 (2) of annual adjusted gross gaming machine revenue between \$150,000,000 and \$200,000,000, 55 percent; and
- 8.32 (3) of annual adjusted gross gaming machine revenue in excess of \$200,000,000, 8.33 45 percent.

9.1	(d) A licensee must annually remit one percent of the compensation it receives
9.2	pursuant to this section to the city, and one percent to the county in which the licensee
9.3	conducts racing.
9.4	Subd. 2. Operation. (a) All gaming machines that are placed at a racetrack under
9.5	subdivision 1 must be operated and controlled by the director.
9.6	(b) Gaming machines must be owned or leased by the director, however, the financial
9.7	responsibility for all other activities related to the gaming facility including, but not
9.8	limited to, advertising, marketing, facility expenses, staffing, security, and surveillance,
9.9	shall be borne by the holder of the location contract.
9.10	(c) Gaming machines must be maintained by the lottery, or by a vendor that is under
9.11	the control and direction of the director.
9.12	(d) The director must have a central communications system that monitors activities
9.13	on each gaming machine. The central communications system must be located at a
9.14	lottery office.
9.15	(e) The director must approve and oversee the general security arrangements
9.16	associated with and relating to the operation of the gaming machines and implement
9.17	procedures as deemed appropriate.
9.18	(f) Advertising and promotional material produced by the racetrack relating to
9.19	gaming machines located at the facility must be approved by the director.
9.20	(g) The director may implement such other controls as are deemed necessary for the
9.21	operation of gaming machines under this section.
9.22	Subd. 3. Specifications. Gaming machines must be capable of being linked
9.23	electronically to a central communications system to provide auditing program information
9.24	as required by the director.
9.25	Subd. 4. Games. The director shall specify the games that may be placed on
9.26	a gaming machine as provided in section 349A.04. Gaming machines may conduct
9.27	pari-mutuel wagering and display horse races under specifications provided by the director.
9.28	Subd. 5. Examination of machines. The director shall examine prototypes of
9.29	gaming machines and require that the manufacturer of the machine pay the cost of the
9.30	examination. The director may contract for the examination of gaming machines.
9.31	Subd. 6. Testing of machines. The director may require working models of a
9.32	gaming machine to be transported to the locations the director designates for testing,
9.33	examination, and analysis. The manufacturer shall pay all costs for testing, examination,
9.34	analysis, and transportation of the machine model.
9.35	Subd. 7. Prizes. A person who plays a gaming machine agrees to be bound by the
9.36	rules and game procedures applicable to that particular gaming machine game. The player

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acknowledges that the determination of whether the player has won a prize is subject to the rules and game procedures adopted by the director, claim procedures established by the director for the game, and any confidential or public validation tests established by the director for the game. A person under 18 years of age may not claim a prize from the operation of a gaming machine. A prize claimed from the play of a gaming machine game is not subject to section 349A.08, subdivision 8.

- Subd. 8. **Prohibitions.** (a) A person under the age of 18 years may not play a game on a gaming machine.
- (b) The director or any employee of the lottery, or a member of the immediate family residing in the same household, may not play a game on a gaming machine or receive a prize from the operation of a gaming machine.
- Subd. 9. Compulsive gambling notice. The director shall prominently post, in the area where the gaming machines are located, the toll-free telephone number established by the commissioner of human services in connection with the compulsive gambling program established under section 245.98. The director and the location provider shall establish a responsible gambling plan in consultation with the National Council on Problem Gambling or the Minnesota affiliate. By January 15 of each year, the director shall submit a report to the legislature, of not more than five pages in length, setting forth the status of the responsible gambling plan.
- Subd. 10. Local licenses. Except as provided in subdivision 1, paragraph (d), no political subdivision may require a license to operate a gaming machine, restrict or regulate the placement of gaming machines, or impose a tax or fee on the business of operating gaming machines.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 541.20, is amended to read:

#### 541.20 RECOVERY OF MONEY LOST.

Every person who, by playing at cards, dice, or other game, or by betting on the hands or sides of such as are gambling, shall lose to any person so playing or betting any sum of money or any goods, and pays or delivers the same, or any part thereof, to the winner, may sue for and recover such money by a civil action, before any court of competent jurisdiction. For purposes of this section, gambling shall not include pari-mutuel wagering conducted under a license issued pursuant to chapter 240, purchase or sale of tickets in the state lottery, <u>purchase of gaming machine plays as authorized under</u> chapter 349A, or gambling authorized under chapters 349 and 349A.

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Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 541.21, is amended to read:

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#### 541.21 COMMITMENTS FOR GAMBLING DEBT VOID.

Every note, bill, bond, mortgage, or other security or conveyance in which the whole or any part of the consideration shall be for any money or goods won by gambling or playing at cards, dice, or any other game whatever, or by betting on the sides or hands of any person gambling, or for reimbursing or repaying any money knowingly lent or advanced at the time and place of such gambling or betting, or lent and advanced for any gambling or betting to any persons so gambling or betting, shall be void and of no effect as between the parties to the same, and as to all persons except such as hold or claim under them in good faith, without notice of the illegality of the consideration of such contract or conveyance. The provisions of this section shall not apply to: (1) pari-mutuel wagering conducted under a license issued pursuant to chapter 240; (2) purchase of tickets in the state lottery or other wagering authorized under chapter 349A; (3) gaming activities conducted pursuant to the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act, United States Code, title 25, section 2701 et seq.; or (4) lawful gambling activities permitted under chapter 349.

- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 609.75, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **What are not bets.** The following are not bets:
- 11.18 (1) a contract to insure, indemnify, guarantee or otherwise compensate another for a
  11.19 harm or loss sustained, even though the loss depends upon chance;
  - (2) a contract for the purchase or sale at a future date of securities or other commodities;
  - (3) offers of purses, prizes or premiums to the actual contestants in any bona fide contest for the determination of skill, speed, strength, endurance, or quality or to the bona fide owners of animals or other property entered in such a contest;
    - (4) the game of bingo when conducted in compliance with sections 349.11 to 349.23;
- 11.26 (5) a private social bet not part of or incidental to organized, commercialized, or systematic gambling;
  - (6) the operation of equipment or the conduct of a raffle under sections 349.11 to 349.22, by an organization licensed by the Gambling Control Board or an organization exempt from licensing under section 349.166;
  - (7) pari-mutuel betting on horse racing when the betting is conducted under chapter 240; and
- 11.33 (8) the purchase and sale of state lottery tickets <u>and activities conducted at a</u>
  11.34 <u>licensed racetrack pursuant to a gaming machine location contract as authorized under</u>
  11.35 chapter 349A.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 609.761, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. **State lottery.** Sections 609.755 and 609.76 do not prohibit the operation of the state lottery or the sale, possession, or purchase of tickets for the state lottery under chapter 349A, or the manufacture, possession, sale, or operation of a gaming machine under chapter 349A.

#### Sec. 21. LOTTERY BUDGET.

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The director of the State Lottery shall submit a budget for the operation and control of gaming machines to the commissioner of management and budget. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 349A.10, subdivision 6, the director of the State Lottery may expend amounts necessary to operate and control the gaming machines. Amounts expended by the director of the State Lottery for the operation and control of the gaming machines in fiscal years 2013 and 2014 are not subject to the maximum amount set in law for the operation of the lottery.

#### Sec. 22. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 240.30, subdivision 8, is repealed.

#### 12.16 ARTICLE 2

#### 12.17 MINNESOTA FIRST FUND

#### Section 1. RACINO REVENUE.

Subdivision 1. Allocation. One percent of the revenue transmitted to the commissioner under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.651, must be deposited in a compulsive gambling treatment and education account in the special revenue fund. The remainder of the revenue must be deposited in the Minnesota First fund in subdivision 3.

Subd. 2. Compulsive gambling; appropriations. One-half of the money in the compulsive gambling treatment and education account is annually appropriated to the commissioner of human services for the compulsive gambling treatment program established under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.98. One-half of the money in the compulsive gambling treatment and education account is annually appropriated to the Gambling Control Board for a grant to the state affiliate recognized by the National Council on Problem Gambling to increase public awareness of problem gambling, education and training for individuals and organizations providing effective treatment services to problem gamblers and their families, and research relating to problem gambling.

Subd. 3. Minnesota First fund. (a) The Minnesota First fund is established as a special account in the state treasury. The fund consists of money deposited in the fund

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13.1	under Minnesota Statutes, section 29/A.651, and any interest earned thereon. Money in
13.2	the fund may not be spent unless appropriated by law and is dedicated for the following
13.3	purposes, in priority order:
13.4	(1) financing and construction of a professional football stadium and related public
13.5	infrastructure for the Minnesota Vikings at the site of the former Twin Cities Army
13.6	Ammunitions Plant in Ramsey County;
13.7	(2) financing and construction of a regional ballpark for the St. Paul Saints; and
13.8	(3)(i) to increase the aid payment schedule for school district aids and credits
13.9	payments in section 127A.45, to not more than 90 percent rounded to the nearest tenth of a
13.10	percent without exceeding the amount available and with any remaining funds deposited
13.11	in the budget reserve, and (ii) to restore all or a portion of the net aid reduction under
13.12	section 127A.441, and to reduce the property tax revenue recognition shift under section
13.13	123B.75, subdivision 5, paragraph (a).
13.14	(b) Money in the fund appropriated for the purposes of paragraph (a), clauses (1)
13.15	and (2), is intended to pay all necessary debt service on bonds authorized by an act of the
13.16	legislature, for capital costs relating to a professional football stadium for the Minnesota
13.17	Vikings and a regional ballpark for the St. Paul Saints. The commissioner of management
13.18	and budget shall determine the debt service amount required by such act, as provided
13.19	in Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.643. Appropriations may be made on an annual or
13.20	biennial basis and may be made to the commissioner of management and budget for
13.21	transfer to the bond debt service account in the state bond fund.
13.22	(c) Upon completion of the projects in paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), and the
13.23	purchase or retirement at maturity or redemption of all outstanding bonds issued for
13.24	those projects, and satisfaction of the purposes in paragraph (a), clause (3), money in
13.25	the Minnesota First fund may be spent as appropriated by law for stadiums, ice arenas,
13.26	ballparks, event centers, community centers, and other publicly owned facilities for public
13.27	use with a regional significance.
13.28	ARTICLE 3
13.29	LAWFUL GAMBLING
13.30	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 297E.02, is amended to read:
13.31	297E.02 TAX IMPOSED.
13.32	Subdivision 1. <b>Imposition.</b> (a) A tax is imposed on all lawful gambling other than
13.33	(1) paper pull-tab deals or games; (2) tipboard deals or games; and (3) items listed in
13.34	section 297E.01, subdivision 8, clauses (4) and (5), at the rate of 8.5 percent on the gross

receipts as defined in section 297E.01, subdivision 8, less prizes actually paid. <u>This paragraph expires effective for gross receipts received after June 30, 2012.</u>

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- (b) Effective July 1, 2012, a tax is imposed on all lawful gambling at the rate of nine percent of the gross receipts as defined in section 297E.01, subdivision 8, less prizes actually paid.
- (c) The tax imposed by this subdivision is in lieu of the tax imposed by section 297A.62 and all local taxes and license fees except a fee authorized under section 349.16, subdivision 8, or a tax authorized under subdivision 5.
- (d) The tax imposed under this subdivision is payable by the organization or party conducting, directly or indirectly, the gambling.
- (e) Effective July 1, 2012, for any pull-tab and tipboard game sold to the distributor by a manufacturer, which the distributor cannot account for, the distributor incurs the tax in this subdivision on the ideal gross receipts as defined in section 297E.01, subdivision 8, less the ideal prizes of the pull-tab or tipboard game.
- Subd. 1a. Paper pull-tab. For purposes of this section, the term "paper pull-tab" excludes pull-tabs played using a pull-tab (electronic) dispensing device that displays a facsimile of a paper pull-tab.
- Subd. 2. **Tax-exempt gambling.** An organization's receipts from lawful gambling that are excluded or exempt from licensing under section 349.166, are not subject to the tax imposed by this section or section 297A.62. This exclusion from tax is only valid if at the time of the event giving rise to the tax the organization either has an exclusion under section 349.166, subdivision 1, or has applied for and received a valid exemption from the lawful gambling control board.
- Subd. 2a. **Tax credit for certain raffles.** An organization may claim a credit equal to the tax reported under subdivision 1 resulting from a raffle the net proceeds of which have been used exclusively for the purposes of section 349.12, subdivision 25, paragraph (a), clause (2). The organization claiming the credit must do so on the monthly gambling tax return on which the raffle activity is reported under subdivision 1.
- Subd. 3. **Collection; disposition.** (a) Taxes imposed by this section other than in subdivision 4 are due and payable to the commissioner when the gambling tax return is required to be filed.
- (b) Taxes imposed by subdivision 4 are due and payable to the commissioner on or before the last business day of the month following the month in which the taxable sale was made. This paragraph expires after June 30, 2012.
- (c) Returns covering the taxes imposed under this section must be filed with the commissioner on or before the 20th day of the month following the close of the previous

calendar month. The commissioner may require that the returns be filed via magnetic media or electronic data transfer. The proceeds, along with the revenue received from all license fees and other fees under sections 349.11 to 349.191, 349.211, and 349.213, must be paid to the commissioner of management and budget for deposit in the general fund.

- (d) One-half of one percent of the revenue deposited in the general fund under paragraph (c) is appropriated to the commissioner of human services for the compulsive gambling treatment program established under section 245.98. One-half of one percent of the revenue deposited in the general fund under paragraph (c) is appropriated to the Gambling Control Board for a grant to the state affiliate recognized by the National Council on Problem Gambling to increase public awareness of problem gambling, education and training for individuals and organizations providing effective treatment services to problem gamblers and their families, and research relating to problem gambling. Money appropriated by this paragraph must supplement and must not replace existing state funding for these programs.
- Subd. 4. **Pull-tab and tipboard tax.** (a) A tax is imposed on the sale of each deal of <u>paper pull-tabs</u> and tipboards sold by a distributor. The rate of the tax is 1.7 percent of the ideal gross of the <u>paper pull-tab</u> or tipboard deal. <u>This paragraph expires after June 30, 2012.</u>
- (b) The sales tax imposed by chapter 297A on the sale of the pull-tabs and tipboards by the distributor is imposed on the retail sales price less the tax imposed by this subdivision. The retail sale of pull-tabs or tipboards by the organization is exempt from taxes imposed by chapter 297A and is exempt from all local taxes and license fees except a fee authorized under section 349.16, subdivision 8.
- (b) (c) The liability for the tax imposed by this section subdivision is incurred when the pull-tabs and tipboards are delivered by the distributor to the customer or to a common or contract carrier for delivery to the customer, or when received by the customer's authorized representative at the distributor's place of business, regardless of the distributor's method of accounting or the terms of the sale. This paragraph applies to sales by distributors made before July 1, 2012.
- (d) The tax imposed by this <u>subdivision</u> is imposed on all sales of pull-tabs and tipboards, except the following:
- (1) sales to the governing body of an Indian tribal organization for use on an Indian reservation;
- (2) sales to distributors licensed under the laws of another state or of a province of Canada, as long as all statutory and regulatory requirements are met in the other state or province;

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(3) sales of promotional tickets as defined in section 349.12; and

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(4) pull-tabs and tipboards sold to an organization that sells pull-tabs and tipboards under the exemption from licensing in section 349.166, subdivision 2. A distributor shall require an organization conducting exempt gambling to show proof of its exempt status before making a tax-exempt sale of pull-tabs or tipboards to the organization. A distributor shall identify, on all reports submitted to the commissioner, all sales of pull-tabs and tipboards that are exempt from tax under this subdivision.

(e) (e) A distributor having a liability of \$10,000 or more during a fiscal year ending June 30 must remit all liabilities in the subsequent calendar year by electronic means.

(d) (f) Any customer who purchases deals of pull-tabs or tipboards from a distributor may file an annual claim for a refund or credit of taxes paid pursuant to this subdivision for unsold pull-tab and tipboard tickets. The claim must be filed with the commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner by March 20 of the year following the calendar year for which the refund is claimed. The refund must be filed as part of the customer's February monthly return. The refund or credit is equal to 1.7 percent of the face value of the unsold pull-tab or tipboard tickets, provided that the refund or credit will be 1.75 percent of the face value of the unsold pull-tab or tipboard tickets for claims for a refund or credit of taxes filed on the February 2001 monthly return. The refund claimed will be applied as a credit against tax owing under this chapter on the February monthly return. If the refund claimed exceeds the tax owing on the February monthly return, that amount will be refunded. The amount refunded will bear interest pursuant to section 270C.405 from 90 days after the claim is filed. This paragraph does not apply to games purchased after June 30, 2012.

Subd. 6. Combined receipts tax. In addition to the taxes imposed under subdivisions 1 and 4, a tax is imposed on the combined receipts of the organization. As used in this section, "combined receipts" is the sum of the organization's gross receipts from lawful gambling less gross receipts directly derived from the conduct of bingo, raffles, and paddle wheels, as defined in section 297E.01, subdivision 8, for the fiscal year. The gross receipts of pull-tabs played using a pull-tab (electronic) dispensing device that displays a facsimile of a paper pull-tab are not subject to the combined receipts tax. The combined receipts of an organization are subject to a tax computed according to the following schedule:

16.33 If the combined receipts The tax is:

for the fiscal year are:

16.35 Not over \$500,000 zero

16.36 Over \$500,000,

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17.1 17.2	but not over \$700,000	1.7 percent of the amount over \$500,000, but not over \$700,000
17.3	Over \$700,000,	
17.4 17.5	but not over \$900,000	\$3,400 plus 3.4 percent of the amount over \$700,000, but not over \$900,000
17.6 17.7	Over \$900,000	\$10,200 plus 5.1 percent of the amount over \$900,000

#### This subdivision expires after June 30, 2012.

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- Subd. 7. **Untaxed gambling product.** (a) In addition to penalties or criminal sanctions imposed by this chapter, a person, organization, or business entity possessing or selling a pull-tab or tipboard upon which the tax imposed by subdivision 4 this chapter has not been paid is liable for a tax of six percent of the ideal gross of each pull-tab or tipboard. The tax on a partial deal must be assessed as if it were a full deal.
- (b) In addition to penalties and criminal sanctions imposed by this chapter, a person not licensed by the board who conducts bingo, raffles, or paddle wheel games is liable for a tax of six percent of the gross receipts from that activity.
- (c) The tax must be assessed by the commissioner. An assessment must be considered a jeopardy assessment or jeopardy collection as provided in section 270C.36. The commissioner shall assess the tax based on personal knowledge or information available to the commissioner. The commissioner shall mail to the taxpayer at the taxpayer's last known address, or serve in person, a written notice of the amount of tax, demand its immediate payment, and, if payment is not immediately made, collect the tax by any method described in chapter 270C, except that the commissioner need not await the expiration of the times specified in chapter 270C. The tax assessed by the commissioner is presumed to be valid and correctly determined and assessed. The burden is upon the taxpayer to show its incorrectness or invalidity. The tax imposed under this subdivision does not apply to gambling that is exempt from taxation under subdivision 2.
- Subd. 8. **Personal debt.** The tax imposed by this section, and interest and penalties imposed with respect to it, are a personal debt of the person required to file a return from the time the liability for it arises, irrespective of when the time for payment of the liability occurs. The debt must, in the case of the executor or administrator of the estate of a decedent and in the case of a fiduciary, be that of the person in the person's official or fiduciary capacity only unless the person has voluntarily distributed the assets held in that capacity without reserving sufficient assets to pay the tax, interest, and penalties, in which event the person is personally liable for any deficiency.
- Subd. 9. **Public information.** All records concerning the administration of the taxes under this chapter are classified as public information.

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Subd. 10. **Refunds; appropriation.** A person who has, under this chapter, paid to the commissioner an amount of tax for a period in excess of the amount legally due for that period, may file with the commissioner a claim for a refund of the excess. The amount necessary to pay the refunds under this subdivision and subdivision 4, paragraph (d) section, is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner.

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Subd. 11. **Unplayed or defective pull-tabs or tipboards.** (a) If a deal of pull-tabs or tipboards registered with the board or bar coded in accordance with this chapter and chapter 349 and upon which the tax imposed by subdivision 4 has been paid is returned unplayed to the distributor, the commissioner shall allow a refund of the tax paid. This paragraph expires after June 30, 2012.

- (b) If a defective deal registered with the board or bar coded in accordance with this chapter and chapter 349 and upon which the taxes have been paid is returned to the manufacturer, the distributor shall submit to the commissioner of revenue certification from the manufacturer that the deal was returned and in what respect it was defective. The certification must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and must contain additional information the commissioner requires.
- (c) The commissioner may require that no refund under this subdivision be made unless the returned pull-tabs or tipboards have been set aside for inspection by the commissioner's employee.
- (d) Reductions in previously paid taxes authorized by this subdivision must be made when and in the manner prescribed by the commissioner.
  - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.12, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Bingo occasion.** "Bingo occasion" means a single gathering or session at which a series of one or more successive bingo games is played. There is no limit on the number of games conducted during a bingo occasion but. A bingo occasion must not last longer than eight consecutive hours:, except that linked bingo games played on electronic bingo devices may be played during regular business hours of the permitted premises and all play during this period is considered a bingo occasion for reporting purposes. For premises where the primary business is bingo, regular business hours shall be defined as the hours between 8:00 a.m. and 2:00 a.m.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.12, subdivision 12a, is amended to read:

  Subd. 12a. **Electronic bingo device.** "Electronic bingo device" means an electronic bingo device used by a bingo player to (1) monitor bingo paper sheets or a facsimile of a bingo paper sheet when purchased at the time and place of an organization's bingo

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occasion and which (1) provides a means for bingo players to, (2) activate numbers announced by a bingo caller; (2) compares or displayed and compare the numbers entered 19.2 by the player to the bingo faces previously stored in the memory of the device, and (3) 19.3 identifies identify a winning bingo pattern or game requirement. Electronic bingo device does not mean any device into which coin, currency, or tokens 19.5 are inserted to activate play. An electronic bingo device that plays linked bingo games 19.6 may only be a device that is handheld and portable. Linked bingo games played on an electronic bingo device may only be activated by coded data entry. An electronic bingo 19.8 device may only be used by a bingo player for play against other electronic bingo players 19.9 and may not be used by a bingo player for play against the electronic bingo device itself. 19.10

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.12, subdivision 25b, is amended to read: Subd. 25b. Linked bingo game provider. "Linked bingo game provider" means any person who provides the means to link bingo prizes in a linked bingo game, who provides linked bingo paper sheets to the participating organizations games, who provides linked bingo prize management, and who provides the linked bingo game system.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.12, subdivision 25c, is amended to read: 19.16 19.17 Subd. 25c. Linked bingo game system. "Linked bingo game system" means the equipment used by the linked bingo provider to conduct, transmit, and track a linked 19.18 bingo game. The system must be approved by the board before its use in this state and it 19.19 must have dial-up or other the capability to permit the board to electronically monitor its 19.20 operation remotely. 19.21
  - Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.12, subdivision 25d, is amended to read: Subd. 25d. Linked bingo prize pool. "Linked bingo prize pool" means the total of all prize money that each participating organization has contributed to a linked bingo game prize and includes any portion of the prize pool that is carried over from one occasion game to another in a progressive linked bingo game.
  - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.12, subdivision 29, is amended to read: Subd. 29. Paddle wheel. "Paddle wheel" means a wheel marked off into sections containing one or more numbers, and which, after being turned or spun manually or electronically, uses a pointer or marker to indicate winning chances. An electronic paddle wheel would only be allowed to be used to determine a winning number that would match a paper paddle ticket held by a player.

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Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.12, subdivision 32, is amended to read:

Subd. 32. **Pull-tab.** "Pull-tab" means a single folded or banded <u>paper ticket or,</u> a

multi-ply card with perforated break-open tabs, or a facsimile of a paper pull-tab when

<u>used in conjunction with a pull-tab dispensing device</u>, the face of which is initially covered
to conceal one or more numbers or symbols, where one or more of each set of tickets, or

cards, or facsimiles has been designated in advance as a winner.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.12, subdivision 32a, is amended to read:

Subd. 32a. Pull-tab dispensing device. "Pull-tab dispensing device" means a

mechanical or electronic device that dispenses paper pull-tabs and has no additional

function as an amusement or gambling device or displays facsimiles of paper pull-tabs. A

pull-tab dispensing device may have as a component an auditory or visual enhancement to

promote or provide information about a game being dispensed or displayed, provided the

component does not affect the outcome of a game or display the results of a game or an

individual ticket. A pull-tab dispensing device that displays facsimiles of paper pull-tabs

is not allowed to accept any coin, currency, or tokens, but does allow for activation by

coded data entry. A pull-tab dispensing device that displays facsimiles of paper pull-tabs

may only be a device that is handheld and portable.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.13, is amended to read:

#### 349.13 LAWFUL GAMBLING.

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Lawful gambling is not a lottery or gambling within the meaning of sections 609.75 to 609.76 if it is conducted under this chapter. A pull-tab dispensing device permitted by board rule is not a gambling device within the meaning of sections 609.75 to 609.76 and chapter 299L. Electronic game devices including but not limited to electronic bingo devices, electronic paddlewheels, and electronic pull-tab dispensing devices authorized under this chapter may only be used in the conduct of lawful gambling permitted under this chapter and may not display or simulate any other form of gambling or entertainment.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.151, subdivision 4b, is amended to read: Subd. 4b. **Pull-tab sales from dispensing devices.** (a) The board may by rule authorize but not require the use of pull-tab dispensing devices.

(b) Rules adopted under paragraph (a):

(1) must limit the number of pull-tab dispensing devices on any permitted premises to three; and

21.1	(2) must limit the use of pull-tab dispensing devices to a permitted premises which is
21.2	(i) a licensed premises for on-sales of intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt beverages;
21.3	or (ii) a premises where bingo is conducted and admission is restricted to persons 18
21.4	<del>years or older.</del>
21.5	(c) Notwithstanding rules adopted under paragraph (b), pull-tab dispensing devices
21.6	may be used in establishments licensed for the off-sale of intoxicating liquor, other than
21.7	drugstores and general food stores licensed under section 340A.405, subdivision 1.
21.8	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.151, subdivision 4c, is amended to read:
21.9	Subd. 4c. Electronic bingo. (a) The board may by rule authorize but not require the
21.10	use of electronic bingo devices.
21.11	(b) Rules adopted under paragraph (a):
21.12	(1) must limit the number of bingo faces that can be played using an electronic
21.13	bingo device to 36;
21.14	(2) must require that an electronic bingo device be used with corresponding bingo
21.15	paper sheets or a facsimile, printed at the point of sale, of a bingo paper sheet as approved
21.16	by the board;
21.17	(3) must require that the electronic bingo device site system have dial-up the
21.18	capability to permit the board to remotely monitor the operation of the device and the
21.19	internal accounting systems; and
21.20	(4) must prohibit the price of a face played on an electronic bingo device from
21.21	being less than the price of a face on a bingo paper sheet sold for the same game at the
21.22	same occasion.
21.23	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.155, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
21.24	Subd. 3. <b>Mandatory disqualifications.</b> (a) In the case of licenses for manufacturers,
21.25	distributors, distributor salespersons, linked bingo game providers, and gambling
21.26	managers, the board may not issue or renew a license under this chapter, and shall revoke
21.27	a license under this chapter, if the applicant or licensee, or a director, officer, partner,
21.28	governor, or person in a supervisory or management position of the applicant or licensee:
21.29	(1) has ever been convicted of a felony or a crime involving gambling;
21.30	(2) has ever been convicted of (i) assault, (ii) a criminal violation involving the use
21.31	of a firearm, or (iii) making terroristic threats;

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(3) is or has ever been connected with or engaged in an illegal business;

(4) owes \$500 or more in delinquent taxes as defined in section 270C.72;

(5) had a sales and use tax permit revoked by the commissioner of revenue within the past two years; or

- (6) after demand, has not filed tax returns required by the commissioner of revenue. The board may deny or refuse to renew a license under this chapter, and may revoke a license under this chapter, if any of the conditions in this paragraph are applicable to an affiliate or direct or indirect holder of more than a five percent financial interest in the applicant or licensee.
- (b) In the case of licenses for organizations, the board may not issue a license under this chapter, and shall revoke a license under this chapter, if the organization, or an officer or member of the governing body of the organization:
  - (1) has been convicted of a felony or gross misdemeanor involving theft or fraud; or
  - (2) has ever been convicted of a crime involving gambling; or.
- (3) has had a license issued by the board or director permanently revoked for violation of law or board rule.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.155, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. License revocation, suspension, denial; censure. (a) The board may by order (i) deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a license or premises permit, or (ii) censure a licensee or applicant, if it finds that the order is in the public interest and that the applicant or licensee, or a director, officer, partner, governor, person in a supervisory or management position of the applicant or licensee, an employee eligible to make sales on behalf of the applicant or licensee, or direct or indirect holder of more than a five percent financial interest in the applicant or licensee:
- (1) has violated or failed to comply with any provision of this chapter or chapter 297E or 299L, or any rule adopted or order issued thereunder;
- (2) has filed an application for a license that is incomplete in any material respect, or contains a statement that, in light of the circumstances under which it was made, is false, misleading, fraudulent, or a misrepresentation;
- (3) has made a false statement in a document or report required to be submitted to the board or the commissioner of revenue, or has made a false statement to the board, the compliance review group, or the director;
- (4) has been convicted of a crime in another jurisdiction that would be a felony if committed in Minnesota;
- 22.33 (5) is permanently or temporarily enjoined by any gambling regulatory agency from engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice involving any aspect of gambling;

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(6) has had a gambling-related license revoked or suspended, or has paid or been required to pay a monetary penalty of \$2,500 or more, by a gambling regulator in another state or jurisdiction;

- (7) has been the subject of any of the following actions by the director of alcohol and gambling enforcement or commissioner of public safety: (i) had a license under chapter 299L denied, suspended, or revoked, (ii) been censured, reprimanded, has paid or been required to pay a monetary penalty or fine, or (iii) has been the subject of any other discipline by the director or commissioner;
- (8) has engaged in conduct that is contrary to the public health, welfare, or safety, or to the integrity of gambling; or
- (9) based on past activities or criminal record poses a threat to the public interest or to the effective regulation and control of gambling, or creates or enhances the dangers of unsuitable, unfair, or illegal practices, methods, and activities in the conduct of gambling or the carrying on of the business and financial arrangements incidental to the conduct of gambling.
- (b) The revocation or suspension of an organization license may not exceed a period of ten years, including any revocation or suspension imposed by the board prior to the effective date of this paragraph, except that:
- (1) any prohibition placed by the board on who may be involved in the conduct, oversight, or management of the revoked organization's lawful gambling activity is permanent; and
- (2) a revocation or suspension will remain in effect until the payment of any taxes, fees, and fines that are delinquent have been paid by the organization to the satisfaction of the board.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.161, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

  Subdivision 1. **Prohibited acts; licenses required.** (a) No person may:
  - (1) sell, offer for sale, or furnish gambling equipment for use within the state other than for lawful gambling exempt or excluded from licensing, except to an organization licensed for lawful gambling;
  - (2) sell, offer for sale, or furnish gambling equipment for use within the state without having obtained a distributor license or a distributor salesperson license under this section except that an organization authorized to conduct bingo by the board may loan bingo hard cards and devices for selecting bingo numbers to another organization authorized to conduct bingo;

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(3) sell, offer for sale, or furnish gambling equipment for use within the state that is not purchased or obtained from a manufacturer or distributor licensed under this chapter; or

- (4) sell, offer for sale, or furnish gambling equipment for use within the state that has the same serial number as another item of gambling equipment of the same type sold or offered for sale or furnished for use in the state by that distributor.
- (b) No licensed distributor salesperson may sell, offer for sale, or furnish gambling equipment for use within the state without being employed by a licensed distributor or owning a distributor license.
- (c) No distributor or distributor salesperson may also be licensed as a linked bingo game provider under section 349.1635.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.163, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **License required.** No manufacturer of gambling equipment may sell any gambling equipment to any person for use or resale within the state, unless the manufacturer has a current and valid license issued by the board under this section and has satisfied other criteria prescribed by the board by rule. A manufacturer licensed under this section may also be licensed as a linked bingo game provider under section 349.1635.

A manufacturer licensed under this section may not also be directly or indirectly licensed as a distributor under section 349.161.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.163, subdivision 6, is amended to read: Subd. 6. Samples of gambling equipment. The board shall require each licensed manufacturer to submit to the board one or more samples of each item of gambling equipment the manufacturer manufactures for use or resale in this state. For purposes of this subdivision, a manufacturer is also required to submit the applicable version of any software necessary to operate electronic devices and related systems. The board shall inspect and test all the equipment, including software and software upgrades, it deems necessary to determine the equipment's compliance with law and board rules. Samples required under this subdivision must be approved by the board before the equipment being sampled is shipped into or sold for use or resale in this state. The board shall impose a fee of \$25 for each item of gambling equipment that the manufacturer submits for approval or for which the manufacturer requests approval. The board shall impose a fee of \$100 for each sample of gambling equipment that it tests. The board may require samples of gambling equipment to be tested by an independent testing laboratory prior to submission to the board for approval. All costs of testing by an independent testing laboratory must be borne by the manufacturer. An independent testing laboratory used by a manufacturer to

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test samples of gambling equipment must be approved by the board before the equipment is submitted to the laboratory for testing. The board may request the assistance of the commissioner of public safety and the director of the State Lottery in performing the tests.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.1635, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. **License application.** The board may issue a license to a linked bingo game provider or to a manufacturer licensed under section 349.163 who meets the qualifications of this chapter and the rules promulgated by the board. The application shall be on a form prescribed by the board. The license is valid for two years and the fee for a linked bingo game provider license is \$5,000 per year.
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.1635, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
  - Subd. 5. Linked bingo game services requirements. A linked bingo game provider shall contract with licensed distributors for linked bingo game services including, but not limited to, the solicitation of agreements with licensed organizations, and installation, repair, or maintenance of the linked bingo game system. No linked bingo game provider may contract with any distributor on an exclusive basis. A linked bingo game provider may refuse to contract with a licensed distributor if the linked bingo game provider demonstrates that the licensed distributor is not capable of performing the services under the contract.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.165, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Contents of application.** An application for a premises permit must contain:
  - (1) the name and address of the applying organization;
  - (2) a description of the site for which the permit is sought, including its address and, where applicable, its placement within another premises or establishment;
  - (3) if the site is leased, the name and address of the lessor and information about the lease the board requires, including all rents and other charges for the use of the site. The lease term is concurrent with the term of the premises permit. The lease must contain a 30-day termination clause. No lease is required for the conduct of a raffle; and
  - (4) other information the board deems necessary to carry out its purposes.
- 25.31 An organization holding a premises permit must notify the board in writing within ten days whenever any material change is made in the above information.

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Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.17, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

- Subd. 6. **Conduct of bingo.** A game of bingo begins with the first letter and number called <u>or displayed</u>. Each player must cover, mark, or activate the numbers when bingo numbers are randomly selected; <u>and</u> announced, <u>and or</u> displayed to the players, <u>either manually or with a flashboard and monitor</u>. The game is won when a player, using bingo paper, bingo hard card, or a facsimile of a bingo paper sheet, has completed, as described in the bingo program, a previously designated pattern or previously determined requirements of the game and declared bingo. The game is completed when a winning card, sheet, or facsimile is verified and a prize awarded pursuant to subdivision 3.
  - Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.17, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Bar bingo.** An organization may conduct bar bingo subject to the following restrictions:
- (1) the bingo is conducted at a site the organization owns or leases and which has a license for the sale of intoxicating beverages on the premises under chapter 340A;
- (2) the bingo is conducted using only bingo paper sheets or facsimiles of bingo paper sheets purchased from a licensed distributor or licensed linked bingo game provider; and
- 26.17 (3) no rent may be paid for a bar bingo occasion, except as allowed in section 26.18 349.185.
- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.17, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 8. **Linked bingo games.** (a) A licensed organization may conduct or participate in not more than two linked bingo games per occasion, one of which may be a <u>including progressive game games</u> in which a portion of the prize is carried over from one <u>occasion game</u> to another until won by a player achieving a bingo within a predetermined amount of bingo numbers called.
  - (b) Each participating licensed organization shall contribute to each prize awarded in a linked bingo game in an amount not to exceed \$300 Linked bingo games may only be conducted by licensed organizations who have a valid agreement with the linked bingo game provider.
  - (c) An electronic bingo device as defined in section 349.12, subdivision 12a, may be used for a linked bingo game.
- 26.31 (d) Linked bingo games played on an electronic bingo device may be located only at
  26.32 a permitted premises where the organization conducts another form of lawful gambling
  26.33 and the premises is:

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27.1	(1) a licensed premises for the on-sale or off-sale of intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent
27.2	malt beverages, except for a general food store or drug store permitted to sell alcoholic
27.3	beverages under section 340A.405, subdivision 1; or
27.4	(2) where bingo is conducted as the primary business, the premises has a seating
27.5	capacity of at least 100, and admission is restricted to persons 18 years or older.
27.6	(e) For linked bingo games played on an electronic bingo device:
27.7	(1) no more than six electronic bingo devices may be in play at a permitted premises
27.8	with 200 seats or less;
27.9	(2) no more than 12 electronic bingo devices may be in play at a permitted premises
27.10	with 201 seats or more; and
27.11	(3) no more than 50 electronic bingo devices may be in play for premises where
27.12	bingo is the primary business.
27.13	Seating capacity is determined as specified under the local fire code.
27.14	(f) Prior to a bingo occasion for linked bingo games played on an electronic bingo
27.15	device, the linked bingo game provider, on behalf of the participating organizations, must
27.16	provide to the board a bingo program in a format prescribed by the board.
27.17	(d) (g) The board may adopt rules to:
27.18	(1) specify the manner in which a linked bingo game must be played and how the
27.19	linked bingo prizes must be awarded;
27.20	(2) specify the records to be maintained by a linked bingo game provider;
27.21	(3) require the submission of periodic reports by the linked bingo game provider and
27.22	specify the content of the reports;
27.23	(4) establish the qualifications required to be licensed as a linked bingo game
27.24	provider; and
27.25	(5) any other matter involving the operation of a linked bingo game.
27.26	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.1721, is amended by adding a
27.27	subdivision to read:
27.28	Subd. 3. Pull-tab dispensing devices restrictions and requirements. (a) The
27.29	number of paper pull-tab dispensing devices located on any permitted premises is limited
27.30	to three.
27.31	(b) The number of pull-tab dispensing devices that use facsimiles of paper pull-tabs
27.32	is limited to:
27.33	(1) no more than six devices in play at any permitted premises with 200 seats or less;
27.34	(2) no more than 12 devices in play at any permitted premises with 201 seats
27.35	or more; and

28.1	(3) for premises where the primary business is bingo, the number of devices that
28.2	may be in play will be determined by the board.
28.3	Seating capacity is determined as specified under the local fire code.
28.4	(c) The use of any pull-tab dispensing device must be at a permitted premises
28.5	which is:
28.6	(1) a licensed premises for on-sales of intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt
28.7	beverages; or
28.8	(2) a premises where bingo is conducted as the primary business and admission
28.9	is restricted to persons 18 years or older.
28.10	(d) Pull-tab dispensing devices may be used in establishments licensed for the
28.11	off-sale of intoxicating liquor, other than drugstores and general food stores licensed under
28.12	section 340A.405, subdivision 1.
28.13	(e) An organization may use pull-tab dispensing devices that use facsimiles of paper
28.14	pull-tabs if the organization conducts another form of lawful gambling at the permitted
28.15	premises.
28.16	(f) Pull-tab dispensing devices that use facsimiles of paper pull-tabs must have the
28.17	capability to:
28.18	(1) allow the board to electronically monitor the operation of the electronic pull-tab
28.19	devices and the internal accounting systems;
28.20	(2) maintain a printable, permanent record of all transactions involving the device;
28.21	<u>and</u>
28.22	(3) allow the board to require the deactivation of a device for violation of a law or
28.23	rule and to implement any other controls deemed by the board necessary to ensure and
28.24	maintain the integrity of games operated under this subdivision.
28.25	(g) The board shall examine prototypes of pull-tab dispensing devices that use
28.26	facsimiles of paper pull-tabs. The board may contract for the examination of the devices
28.27	and may require working models of the devices to be transported to locations the board
28.28	designates for testing, examination, and analysis. The manufacturer shall pay all costs of
28.29	any testing, examination, analysis, and transportation of the model.
28.30	(h) Pull-tab dispensing devices that use facsimiles of paper pull-tabs shall be limited
28.31	to operation between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 2:00 a.m.
28.32	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.1721, is amended by adding a
28.33	subdivision to read:
28.34	Subd. 4. Electronic facsimile of paper pull-tabs. (a) Tickets and deals must be in
28.35	conformance with board rules for pull-tabs.

29.1	(b) Deals must contain:
29.2	(1) a finite number of tickets in each electronic deal;
29.3	(2) a predetermined number of winning and losing tickets;
29.4	(3) serialized tracking for each deal;
29.5	(4) no regeneration of a serialized deal; and
29.6	(5) no spinning symbols which mimic a video slot machine.
29.7	(c) All deals in play must not be transferred electronically or otherwise to any other
29.8	location by the licensed organization.
29.9	(d) Deals must not be shared, commingled, or linked with any other deals or
29.10	locations.
29.11	(e) No electronic facsimile of a paper pull-tab may be sold in a denomination of less
29.12	than 25 cents per ticket.
29.13	(f) A player must activate or open each electronic facsimile of a pull-tab ticket and
29.14	each individual line, row, or column of each electronic facsimile of a pull-tab ticket.
29.15	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.1721, is amended by adding a
29.16	subdivision to read:
29.17	Subd. 5. Multiple chance games. The board may permit pull-tab games in which
29.18	the holders of certain predesignated winning tickets, with a prize value not to exceed \$75
29.19	each, have the option of turning in the winning tickets for the chance to win a prize of
29.20	greater value.
29.21	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
29.22	Subdivision 1. Lease or ownership required; rent limitations. (a) An organization
29.23	may conduct lawful gambling only on premises it owns or leases. Leases must be on a
29.24	form prescribed by the board. The term of the lease is concurrent with the premises permit.
29.25	Leases approved by the board must specify that the board may authorize an organization
29.26	to withhold rent from a lessor for a period of up to 90 days if the board determines that
29.27	illegal gambling occurred on the premises or that the lessor or its employees participated
29.28	in the illegal gambling or knew of the gambling and did not take prompt action to stop the
29.29	gambling. The lease must authorize the continued tenancy of the organization without
29.30	the payment of rent during the time period determined by the board under this paragraph.
29.31	Copies of all leases must be made available to employees of the board and the Division of
29.32	Alcohol and Gambling Enforcement on request.
29.33	(b) Rent paid by an organization for leased premises for the conduct of pull-tabs,

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tipboards, and paddle wheels is subject to the following limits:

30.1	(1) for booth operations, including booth operations where a paper pull-tab
30.2	dispensing device is located, booth operations where a bar operation is also conducted,
30.3	and booth operations where both a paper pull-tab dispensing device is located and a bar
30.4	operation is also conducted, the maximum rent is: monthly rent is not more than ten
30.5	percent of gross profits for that month;
30.6	(i) in any month where the organization's gross profit at those premises does not
30.7	exceed \$4,000, up to \$400; and
30.8	(ii) in any month where the organization's gross profit at those premises exceeds
30.9	\$4,000, up to \$400 plus not more than ten percent of the gross profit for that month in
30.10	excess of \$4,000;
30.11	(2) for bar operations, including bar operations where a pull-tab dispensing device is
30.12	located but not including bar operations subject to clause (1), and for locations where only
30.13	a pull-tab dispensing device is located the monthly rent is subject to the following:
30.14	(i) in any month where the organization's gross profit at those premises does not
30.15	exceed \$1,000, up to \$200; and
30.16	(ii) in any month where the organization's gross profit at those premises exceeds
30.17	\$1,000, up to \$200 plus not more than 20 percent of the gross profit for that month
30.18	in excess of \$1,000;
30.19	(i) not more than 20 percent of the monthly gross profits from the sale of paper
30.20	pull-tabs or tipboards; and
30.21	(ii) not more than 17 percent of the monthly gross profits from sales of electronic
30.22	linked bingo games and electronic facsimiles of paper pull-tabs;
30.23	(3) a lease not governed by clauses (1) and (2) must be approved by the board
30.24	before becoming effective;
30.25	(4) total rent paid to a lessor from all organizations from leases governed by clause
30.26	(1) may not exceed \$1,750 per month.
30.27	(c) Rent paid by an organization for leased premises for the conduct of bingo is
30.28	subject to either of the following limits at the option of the parties to the lease:
30.29	(1) not more than ten percent of the monthly gross profit from all lawful gambling
30.30	activities held during bingo occasions excluding bar bingo or at a rate based on a cost per
30.31	square foot not to exceed 110 percent of a comparable cost per square foot for leased space
30.32	as approved by the director; and
30.33	(2) no rent may be paid for bar bingo except as allowed in section 349.185.
30.34	(d) Amounts paid as rent under leases are all-inclusive. No other services or expenses
30.35	provided or contracted by the lessor may be paid by the organization, including, but not

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limited to, trash removal, janitorial and cleaning services, snow removal, lawn services,

electricity, heat, security, security monitoring, storage, other utilities or services, and, in the case of bar operations, cash shortages, unless approved by the director. The lessor shall be responsible for the cost of any communications network or service that is required to conduct electronic gaming. Any other expenditure made by an organization that is related to a leased premises must be approved by the director. An organization may not provide any compensation or thing of value to a lessor or the lessor's employees from any fund source other than its gambling account. Rent payments may not be made to an individual.

- (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), an organization may pay a lessor for food or beverages or meeting room rental if the charge made is comparable to similar charges made to other individuals or groups.
- (f) No entity other than the licensed organization may conduct any activity within a booth operation on a leased premises.
- (g) The rent provisions under this subdivision shall be monitored by the board and shall be reported to the legislature as part of the board's annual report.

# Sec. 28. [349.185] GROSS PROFIT ALLOCATION; LINKED BINGO ON ELECTRONIC BINGO DEVICES.

- (a) The allocation of gross profits from the operation of linked bingo on electronic bingo devices is as provided in this section. The licensed organization shall receive:
- (1) a minimum of 50 percent of gross profits to be used exclusively for lawful purpose expenditures as defined under section 349.12, subdivision 25; and
- (2) no more than 13 percent each fiscal year for allowable expenses as defined under section 349.12, subdivision 3a, and does not include the expenses allocated under paragraph (b) or (c).
- (b) A linked bingo game provider shall receive no more than 20 percent of gross profits.
- (c) Where the primary business is not bingo and the premises is leased and linked bingo is played on electronic bingo devices, the lessor is subject to the limits in section 349.18. The licensed organization shall be responsible for the overall conduct of linked bingo games but the lessor shall provide staffing to operate the linked bingo games at the premises in order to receive the percentage of profit allocation and the lessor is responsible for cash shortages.
- (d) Where the primary business is bingo and the linked bingo is played on electronic bingo devices, the lessor is subject to the rent limitations under section 349.18, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (1), and the licensed organization will receive the value identified under paragraph (c).

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(e) The allocation of gross	profits under this	subdivision shall	be monitored by the
board and shall be reported to the	ne legislature as pa	art of the board's a	nnual report.

- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 349.211, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
  Subd. 1a. **Linked bingo prizes.** Prizes for a linked bingo game shall be limited as follows:
- (1) no organization may contribute more than \$300 per linked bingo game to a linked bingo prize pool for linked bingo games played without electronic bingo devices, an organization may not contribute to a linked bingo game prize pool more than \$300 per linked bingo game per site;
- (2) for linked bingo games played with electronic bingo devices, an organization may not contribute more than 85 percent of the gross receipts per permitted premises to a linked bingo game prize pool;
- (2) (3) no organization may award more than \$200 for a linked bingo game consolation prize. For purposes of this subdivision, a linked bingo game consolation prize is a prize awarded by an organization after a prize from the linked bingo prize pool has been won; and
- (3) (4) for a progressive linked bingo game, if no player declares a valid bingo within the for a progressive prize or prizes based on a predetermined amount of bingo numbers called and posted win determination, a portion of the prize is gross receipts may be carried over to another occasion game until the accumulated progressive prize is won. The portion of the prize that is not carried over must be awarded to the first player or players who declares a valid bingo as additional numbers are called. If a valid bingo is declared within the predetermined amount of bingo numbers called, the entire prize pool for that game is awarded to the winner. The annual limit for progressive bingo game prizes contained in subdivision 2 must be reduced by the amount an organization contributes to progressive linked bingo games during the same calendar year.; and
- (5) for linked bingo games played on electronic bingo devices, linked bingo prizes in excess of \$599 shall be paid by the linked bingo game provider to the player within three business days. Winners of linked bingo prizes in excess of \$599 will be given a receipt or claim voucher as proof of a win.

#### Sec. 30. **APPROPRIATION.**

\$440,000 in fiscal year 2012 and \$880,000 in fiscal year 2013 are appropriated from the lawful gambling regulation account in the special revenue fund to the Gambling

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33.1	Control Board for operating expe	nses related to the regul	atory oversight of la	<u>awful</u>
33.2	gambling.			
33.3		ARTICLE 4		
33.4		MISCELLANEOUS		
33.5	Section 1. <b>SEVERABILITY</b> ;	SAVINGS.		
33.6	If any provision of this act i	s found to be invalid be	cause it is in conflic	et with a
33.7	provision of the Minnesota Consti	tution or the Constitutio	n of the United State	es, or for any
33.8	other reason, all other provisions	of this act shall remain	valid and any rights,	remedies,
33.9	and privileges that have been other	erwise accrued by this ac	et, shall remain in ef	fect and may
33 10	he proceeded with and concluded	under this act		

Sec. 2. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** 

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This act is effective the day following final enactment.

Article 4 Sec. 2.

## APPENDIX Article locations in 12-5309

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ARTICLE 2	MINNESOTA FIRST FUND	Page.Ln 12.16
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ARTICLE 4	MISCELLANEOUS	Page.Ln 33.3