## CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. No. 2123

## A bill for an act

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relating to state government; environment, natural resources, and energy finance; appropriating money for environment and natural resources; authorizing sale of gift cards and certificates; establishing composting competitive grant program; modifying regulation of storm water discharges; modifying waste management reporting requirements and creating a work group; requiring nonresident all-terrain vehicle state trail pass; modifying horse trail and state park pass requirements; requiring disclosure of certain chemicals in children's products by manufacturers; requiring plastic yard waste bags to be compostable and establishing labeling standards; authorizing uses of the Hennepin County solid and hazardous waste fund; modifying greenhouse gas emissions provisions and requiring a registry; establishing and authorizing fees; providing for disposition of certain fees; modifying and establishing assessments for certain regulatory expenses; providing for fish consumption advisories in different languages; limiting use of certain funds; requiring reports; appropriating money to Department of Commerce and Public Utilities Commission to finance activities related to commerce and energy; modifying provisions related to Telecommunications Access Minnesota assessments, insurance audits, insurers and insurance products, certain financial institutions, regulated activities related to certain mortgage transactions and professionals, and debt management and debt settlement services; providing penalties and remedies; appropriating and allocating federal stimulus money for various energy programs; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 45.011, subdivision 1; 45.027, subdivision 1; 46.04, subdivision 1; 46.05; 46.131, subdivision 2; 47.58, subdivision 1; 47.60, subdivisions 1, 3, 6; 48.21; 58.05, subdivision 3; 58.06, subdivision 2; 58.126; 58.13, subdivision 1; 60A.124; 60A.14, subdivision 1; 60B.03, subdivision 15; 60L.02, subdivision 3; 61B.19, subdivision 4; 61B.28, subdivisions 4, 8; 67A.01; 67A.06; 67A.07; 67A.14, subdivisions 1, 7; 67A.18, subdivision 1; 84.0835, subdivision 3; 84.415, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 84.63; 84.631; 84.632; 84.788, subdivision 3; 84.922, subdivision 1a; 85.015, subdivision 1b; 85.053, subdivision 10; 85.46, subdivisions 3, 4, 7; 93.481, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, 7; 97A.075, subdivision 1; 103G.301, subdivisions 2, 3; 115.03, subdivision 5c; 115.073; 115.56, subdivision 4; 115.77, subdivision 1; 115A.1314, subdivision 2; 115A.557, subdivision 3; 115A.931; 116.07, subdivision 4d; 116.41, subdivision 2; 116C.834, subdivision 1; 116D.045; 216B.62, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, by adding a subdivision; 216H.10, subdivision 7; 216H.11; 325E.311, subdivision 6; 332A.02, subdivisions 5, 8, 9, 10, 13, by adding a subdivision; 332A.04, subdivision 6; 332A.08; 332A.10; 332A.11, subdivision 2; 332A.14; Laws 2002, chapter 220, article 8, section 15; Laws 2007, chapter 57, article 1, section 4, subdivision 2; Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 5, section 4, subdivision 7; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 60A; 61A;

2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5	67A; 84; 93; 115A; 11 Minnesota Statutes, ch 60A.129; 61B.19, subo 2008, chapter 363, arti 2675.7100; 2675.7110	apter 33 division tele 5, se	32B; repealing Minn 6; 67A.14, subdivis ection 30; Minnesot	lesota Statutes 2008, ion 5; 67A.17; 67A. a Rules, parts 2675.	, sections .19; Laws
2.6 2.7 2.8	The Honorable Margaret A Speaker of the House of Ro				May 4, 2009
2.9 2.10	The Honorable James P. M President of the Senate	etzen			
2.11 2.12	We, the undersigned of the items in dispute and rec			3 report that we have	e agreed upon
2.13 2.14	That the Senate recedamended as follows:	le from	its amendment and	that H. F. No. 2123	be further
2.15	Delete everything after	er the er	nacting clause and in	nsert:	
2.16			"ARTICLE 1		
2.17	ENVIRONME	ENT AN	ND NATURAL RES	SOURCES FINAN	CE
2.18	Section 1. SUMMARY O	F APPI	ROPRIATIONS.		
2.19	The amounts shown i	n this se	ection summarize di	rect appropriations,	by fund, made
2.20	in this article.				
2.21			<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>Total</u>
2.22	General	<u>\$</u>	112,820,000 \$	111,945,000 \$	224,765,000
2.23	State Government Special				
2.24	Revenue		48,000	48,000	96,000
2.25	Environmental		69,064,000	69,188,000	138,252,000
2.26	Natural Resources		82,010,000	80,910,000	162,920,000
2.27	Game and Fish		94,312,000	93,912,000	188,224,000
2.28	Remediation		11,186,000	11,186,000	22,372,000
2.29	Permanent School		200,000	200,000	400,000
2.30	<u>Total</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>369,640,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>367,389,000</u> §	737,029,000
2.31	Sec. 2. ENVIRONMENT	AND N	NATURAL RESOU	RCES APPROPRI	IATIONS.
2.32	The sums shown in the	ne colun	nns marked "Approp	oriations" are approp	oriated to the
2.33	agencies and for the purpos	ses spec	ified in this article.	The appropriations a	are from the
2.34	general fund or another na	med fin	nd and are available	e for the fiscal years	indicated

3.1	for each purpose. The f	figures "2010" a	nd "2011" used i	n this article mean th	nat the
3.2	appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, or				
3.3	June 30, 2011, respectiv	June 30, 2011, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2010. "The second year" is fiscal			year" is fiscal
3.4	year 2011. "The bienning	um" is fiscal yea	ars 2010 and 2011	1. Appropriations for	the fiscal
3.5	year ending June 30, 20	09, are effective	e the day following	ng final enactment.	
3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9				APPROPRIATION Available for the Ending June 3 2010	Year
3.10	Sec. 3. POLLUTION	CONTROL AC	<u>GENCY</u>		
3.11	Subdivision 1. Total A	ppropriation	<u>\$</u>	90,969,000 \$	90,493,000
3.12	<u>Appropria</u>	ations by Fund			
3.13		<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>		
3.14	General	10,771,000	10,171,000		
3.15	State Government				
3.16	Special Revenue	48,000	48,000		
3.17	Environmental	69,064,000	69,188,000		
3.18	Remediation	11,086,000	11,086,000		
3.19	The amounts that may l	be spent for eac	<u>h</u>		
3.20	purpose are specified in	the following			
3.21	subdivisions.				
3.22	The commissioner shall	I require the chi	<u>ef</u>		
3.23	financial officer or other	r financial staff	to		
3.24	display the agency's bud	dget on the agen	ncy's		
3.25	Web site in a manner th	at will allow cit	izens		
3.26	to understand more easi	ly the value the	y are		
3.27	getting for their money.	The agency m	<u>ust</u>		
3.28	have an air permit and i	regulatory accou	<u>ınt,</u>		
3.29	water permit and regula	ntory account, an	<u>nd</u>		
3.30	solid waste permit and i	solid waste permit and regulatory account to			
3.31	track revenues and expe	enses.			

4.1	By October 1, 2010 and 2011, the		
4.2	commissioner shall submit a report to the		
4.3	chairs of the legislative committees with		
4.4	primary jurisdiction over the environment		
4.5	and natural resources policy and finance		
4.6	that includes the number of environmental		
4.7	assessment worksheets completed in the		
4.8	previous fiscal year, the total number of		
4.9	staff hours spent on those environmental		
4.10	assessment worksheets, and the average and		
4.11	median number of hours spent per completed		
4.12	environmental assessment worksheet.		
1.13	Fee rules adopted by the agency during fiscal		
4.14	year 2010 are effective retroactively on July		
4.15	1, 2009.		
	A		
4.16	A recipient of a grant funded by an		
4.17	appropriation under this section shall display		
4.18	on its Web site detailed information on		
4.19	the expenditure of the grant funds, and		
4.20	measurable outcomes as a result of the		
4.21	expenditure of funds, and submit this		
4.22	information to the agency by June 30 each		
1.23	year. A recipient without an active Web site		
1.24	shall report to the agency by June 30 each		
1.25	year detailed information on the expenditure		
1.26	of the grant funds, and measurable outcomes		
4.27	as a result of the expenditure of funds. The		
4.28	commissioner shall display the information		
4.29	received by recipients under this paragraph		
4.30	on the agency's Web site.		
4.31	Subd. 2. Water	33,867,000	33,267,000
4.32	Appropriations by Fund		
4.33	General 8,148,000 7,548,000		

5.1	State Government		
5.2	Special Revenue	48,000	48,000
5.3	Environmental	25,671,000	25,671,000
5.4	\$2,348,000 the first y	vear and \$2,348,00	<u>00</u>
5.5	the second year are f	for the clean water	<u>.</u>
5.6	partnership program.	Priority shall be	
5.7	given to projects pre-	venting impairmer	<u>nts</u>
5.8	and degradation of la	ikes, rivers, stream	ns,
5.9	and groundwater acc	ording to Minneso	<u>ota</u>
5.10	Statutes, section 1141	D.20, subdivision	2,
5.11	clause (4). Funds fro	m this appropriati	<u>on</u>
5.12	may not be used to pu	ırchase or use pest	<u>icides</u>
5.13	suspected by current	science of being	
5.14	endocrine disruptors.	To the extent pos	sible,
5.15	with money from thi	s appropriation, a	
5.16	person must plant ve	getation or sow se	<u>ed</u>
5.17	only of ecotypes nati	ve to Minnesota, a	<u>and</u>
5.18	preferably of the loca	al ecotype, using a	<u>high</u>
5.19	diversity of species of	originating from as	<u> </u>
5.20	close to the restoration	on site as possible,	and
5.21	protect existing nativ	e prairies from ger	<u>netic</u>
5.22	contamination. Any l	palance remaining	in the
5.23	first year does not can	ncel and is availab	le for
5.24	the second year.		
5.25	\$2,164,000 the first y	rear and \$2,164,00	0 the
5.26	second year must be	distributed as gran	its to
5.27	delegated counties to	administer the co	<u>unty</u>
5.28	feedlot program unde	er new Minnesota	
5.29	Statutes, section 116.	0711, subdivision	<u>s 2</u>
5.30	and 3. Any money re	emaining after the	<u>first</u>
5.31	year is available for t	he second year.	
5.32	\$310,000 the first year	ar and \$310,000 th	<u>ne</u>
5.33	second year are for c	ommunity technic	<u>al</u>
5.34	assistance and educat	tion, including gra	nts

6.1	and technical assistance to communities for
6.2	local and basinwide water quality protection.
6.3	\$100,000 the first year is for grants to
6.4	local units of government to implement
6.5	cost-effective projects to control runoff,
6.6	prevent erosion, and provide ditch
6.7	stabilization, in order to protect water quality
6.8	in lakes, rivers, and streams and to protect
6.9	groundwater from degradation. This is a
6.10	onetime appropriation.
6.11	\$350,000 the first year and \$350,000 the
6.12	second year are for challenge grants to
6.13	counties for subsurface sewage treatment
6.14	system (SSTS) inventories that will
6.15	determine the number of systems that are
6.16	failing or that pose an imminent health threat
6.17	and are located on riparian land or a lake
6.18	or near wetlands or other sensitive waters.
6.19	Counties must provide a nonstate match of
6.20	at least 50 percent that may be in cash or in
6.21	kind. The commissioner shall, by county,
6.22	report: the number of systems evaluated, the
6.23	number of systems determined to be failing
6.24	or that pose an imminent health threat located
6.25	on riparian land or a lake or near wetlands or
6.26	other sensitive waters, the number replaced
6.27	or soon to be replaced, and the gallons of
6.28	sewage that are prevented from threatening
6.29	waters. The commissioner shall develop
6.30	recommendations and a plan for directly
6.31	or indirectly inspecting and providing an
6.32	inventory for all subsurface sewage treatment
6.33	systems and submit a report to the chairs of
6.34	the legislative committees having primary
6.35	jurisdiction over environment and natural
6.36	resources policy and finance no later than

7.1	September 15, 2010. Direct inspection
7.2	methods shall include field verification of
7.3	each SSTS on riparian land or a lake or
7.4	near wetlands or other sensitive waters to
7.5	determine the owner, location, and which
7.6	systems are failing or are an imminent
7.7	health threat. Indirect inspection methods
7.8	may include census-type data collection to
7.9	determine the owner and location of each
7.10	SSTS in the remaining portion of each
7.11	county. An SSTS with a valid certificate of
7.12	compliance may be considered inventoried
7.13	without further work. This is a onetime
7.14	appropriation.
7.15	\$375,000 the first year and \$375,000 the
7.16	second year are for subsurface sewage
7.17	treatment system (SSTS) administration and
7.18	grants. Of this amount, \$80,000 each year
7.19	is for assistance to counties through grants
7.20	for SSTS program administration. Any
7.21	unexpended balance in the first year does not
7.22	cancel but is available in the second year.
7.23	\$740,000 the first year and \$740,000 the
7.24	second year are from the environmental
7.25	fund to address the need for continued
7.26	increased activity in the areas of new
7.27	technology review, technical assistance
7.28	for local governments, and enforcement
7.29	under Minnesota Statutes, sections 115.55
7.30	to 115.58, and to complete the requirements
7.31	of Laws 2003, chapter 128, article 1, section
7.32	165. Of this amount, \$48,000 each year is for
7.33	administration of individual septic tank fees,
7 34	as provided in this article

8.1	\$1,230,000 the first year and \$1,230,000
8.2	the second year are for assessment and
8.3	monitoring of lakes, rivers, and streams.
8.4	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
8.5	second year are for a grant to the Red River
8.6	Watershed Management Board to enhance
8.7	and expand existing river watch activities in
8.8	the Red River of the North and shall enhance
8.9	student understanding of the causes of
8.10	flooding, flood prevention, and the impacts
8.11	of flood waters on land and water resources.
8.12	The Red River Watershed Management
8.13	Board shall provide a report that includes
8.14	formal evaluation results from the river
8.15	watch program to the commissioners of
8.16	education and the Pollution Control Agency
8.17	and to the legislative committees with
8.18	jurisdiction over the environment and natura
8.19	resources policy and finance and K-12 policy
8.20	and finance by February 15, 2011. This is a
8.21	onetime appropriation.
8.22	\$7,540,000 the first year and \$7,540,000
8.23	the second year are from the environmental
8.24	fund for completion of 20 percent of the
8.25	needed statewide assessments of surface
8.26	water quality and trends.
8.27	\$500,000 the first year is to develop minimal
8.28	impact design standards for urban storm
8.29	water runoff. This is a onetime appropriation
8.30	and is available until June 30, 2011. The
8.31	commissioner shall report to the chairs and
8.32	ranking minority members of the legislative
8.33	committees and divisions having primary
8.34	jurisdiction over environment and natural
8.35	resources policy and finance no later than

9.1	January 12, 2011, regarding the expenditure		
9.2	of this appropriation.		
9.3	By October 1, 2009 and 2010, the		
9.4	commissioner shall report to the chairs		
9.5	of the legislative committees having		
9.6	primary jurisdiction over environment and		
9.7	natural resources policy and finance on the		
9.8	effectiveness of enforcement actions in the		
9.9	previous fiscal year in preventing water		
9.10	pollution.		
9.11	The commissioner shall continue the		
9.12	rulemaking process to better align water		
9.13	permit fee revenue for fiscal years 2010,		
9.14	2011, 2012, and 2013 with the cost of issuing		
9.15	permits, including environmental review.		
9.16	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section		
9.17	16A.28, the appropriations encumbered on or		
9.18	before June 30, 2011, as grants or contracts		
9.19	for clean water partnership, SSTS's, surface		
9.20	water and groundwater assessments, total		
9.21	maximum daily loads, stormwater, and local		
9.22	basinwide water quality protection in this		
9.23	subdivision are available until June 30, 2013.		
9.24	Subd. 3. Air	11,871,000	12,131,000
9.25	Appropriations by Fund		
9.26	Environmental <u>11,871,000</u> <u>12,131,000</u>		
9.27	Up to \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000		
9.28	the second year may be transferred from the		
9.29	environmental fund to the small business		
9.30	environmental improvement loan account		
9.31	established in Minnesota Statutes, section		
9.32	<u>116.993.</u>		

10.1	\$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the		
10.2	second year are from the environmental fund		
10.3	for a monitoring program under Minnesota		
10.4	Statutes, section 116.454.		
10.5	\$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the		
10.6	second year are from the environmental fund		
10.7	for monitoring ambient air for hazardous		
10.8	pollutants in the metropolitan area.		
10.9	An agency report on the level of fine		
10.10	particulate matter in Minnesota's air must		
10.11	compare measured levels with a 24-hour		
10.12	PM 2.5 standard of 13 to 14 micrograms		
10.13	per cubic meter and an annual PM 2.5		
10.14	standard of 30 to 35 micrograms per cubic		
10.15	meter, as recommended by the Particulate		
10.16	Matter Review Panel of the Environmental		
10.17	Protection Agency's Clean Air Scientific		
10.18	Advisory Committee in its June 2005 report,		
10.19	EPA's Review of the National Ambient Air		
10.20	Quality Standards for Particulate Matter		
10.21	(Second Draft PM Staff Paper, January		
10.22	<u>2005).</u>		
10.23	\$700,000 the first year and \$700,000 the		
10.24	second year are from the environmental		
10.25	fund for an air emissions database, including		
10.26	monitoring greenhouse gas emissions.		
10.27	The commissioner shall continue the		
10.28	rulemaking process to better align air quality		
10.29	fee revenue for fiscal years 2010, 2011, 2012,		
10.30	and 2013 with the cost of issuing permits,		
10.31	including environmental review.		
10.32	Subd. 4. Land	18,467,000	18,467,000

11.1	<u>Appropri</u>	ations by Fund	
11.2	General	465,000	465,000
11.3	Environmental	6,916,000	6,916,000
11.4	Remediation	11,086,000	11,086,000
11.5	All money for environ	mental response	<u>2</u>
11.6	compensation, and con	npliance in the	
11.7	remediation fund not of	therwise appropr	riated
11.8	is appropriated to the co	ommissioners of	f the
11.9	Pollution Control Agen	ncy and agricultu	<u>ire</u>
11.10	for purposes of Minnes	ota Statutes, sec	<u>tion</u>
11.11	115B.20, subdivision 2	, clauses (1), (2)	<u>),</u>
11.12	(3), (6), and (7). At the	e beginning of ea	ach _
11.13	fiscal year, the two con	nmissioners shal	<u>1</u>
11.14	jointly submit an annua	al spending plan	to
11.15	the commissioner of fir	nance that maxin	nizes
11.16	the utilization of resour	ces and appropr	<u>iately</u>
11.17	allocates the money between the two		
11.18	departments. This appr	opriation is avai	<u>lable</u>
11.19	until June 20, 2011.		
11.20	\$3,616,000 the first year	ar and \$3,616,00	0 the
11.21	second year are from th	e petroleum tank	<u>k fund</u>
11.22	to be transferred to the	remediation fun	d for
11.23	purposes of the leaking	underground sto	orage
11.24	tank program to protect	t the land.	
11.25	\$252,000 the first year	and \$252,000 th	<u>ne</u>
11.26	second year are from the	e remediation fu	and to
11.27	be transferred to the De	partment of Heal	lth for
11.28	private water supply me	onitoring and he	<u>alth</u>
11.29	assessment costs in are	eas contaminated	<u>[</u>
11.30	by unpermitted mixed	municipal solid	
11.31	waste disposal facilities	s and drinking w	<u>rater</u>
11.32	advisories and public information activities		
11.33	for areas contaminated l	by hazardous rel	eases.

12.1	\$500,000 each year is for environmental		
12.2	health tracking and biomonitoring of a		
12.3	representative sample of the population		
12.4	including indigenous people and people of		
12.5	color. Of this amount, \$450,000 each year is		
12.6	for transfer to the Department of Health.		
12.7	Subd. 5. Environmental Assistance and		
12.8	Cross-Media	25,420,000	25,284,000
12.9	Appropriations by Fund		
12.10	<u>General</u> <u>814,000</u> <u>814,000</u>		
12.11	Environmental 24,606,000 24,470,000		
12.12	\$14,250,000 each year is from the		
12.13	environmental fund for SCORE block grants		
12.14	to counties.		
12.15	\$250,000 each year is from the environmental		
12.16	fund to administer the composting		
12.17	grant program established under new		
12.18	Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.559. The		
12.19	appropriation is added to the agency base		
12.20	and available until June 30, 2011.		
12.21	By January 15, 2012, the commissioner shall		
12.22	report to the legislative committees with		
12.23	jurisdiction over environment and natural		
12.24	resources policy on:		
12.25	(1) the mixed municipal solid waste diversion		
12.26	rates accomplished by the grant program		
12.27	under new Minnesota Statutes, section		
12.28	<u>115A.559;</u>		
12.29	(2) participants in the grant program and the		
12.30	programs developed with grant funds; and		
12.31	(3) the potential for new permanent programs		
12.32	based on results of projects funded with		

13.1	grants issued under new Minnesota Statutes,
13.2	section 115A.559.
13.3	\$225,000 the first year and \$89,000 the
13.4	second year are from the environmental
13.5	fund for duties related to harmful chemicals
13.6	in products under new Minnesota Statutes,
13.7	sections 116.9401 to 116.9407. Of this
13.8	amount, \$133,000 the first year and \$57,000
13.9	the second year are for transfer to the
13.10	Department of Health.
13.11	\$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 the
13.12	second year are from the environmental
13.13	fund for environmental assistance grants
13.14	or loans under Minnesota Statutes, section
13.15	115A.0716. Any unencumbered grant and
13.16	loan balances in the first year do not cancel
13.17	but are available for grants and loans in the
13.18	second year.
13.19	All money deposited in the environmental
13.20	fund for the metropolitan solid waste
13.21	landfill fee in accordance with Minnesota
13.22	Statutes, section 473.843, and not otherwise
13.23	appropriated, is appropriated for the purposes
13.24	of Minnesota Statutes, section 473.844.
13.25	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
13.26	16A.28, the appropriations encumbered on
13.27	or before June 30, 2011, as contracts or
13.28	grants for surface water and groundwater
13.29	assessments; environmental assistance
13.30	awarded under Minnesota Statutes, section
13.31	115A.0716; technical and research assistance
13.32	under Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.152;
13.33	technical assistance under Minnesota
13.34	Statutes, section 115A.52; and pollution
13.35	prevention assistance under Minnesota

14.1	Statutes, section 115D.0	4, are available	<u>until</u>		
14.2	June 30, 2013.				
14.3	Before the governor ma	akes budget			
14.4	recommendations to the	legislature in 20	<u>011,</u>		
14.5	the commissioner must	report on revenu	ues		
14.6	received and expenditur	res made under			
14.7	Minnesota Statutes, sec	tion 115A.1314,	<u>2</u>		
14.8	subdivision 2, during fis	scal years 2010			
14.9	and 2011 to determine i	f fees collected			
14.10	are covering the costs o	f the program a	<u>nd</u>		
14.11	request that the governo	r recommend a	<u>direct</u>		
14.12	appropriation for the pur	poses of that see	ction.		
14.13	Subd. 6. Administrativ	ve Support		1,344,000	1,344,000
14.14	The commissioner shall	transfer \$40,000	0,000		
14.15	from the environmental	fund to the			
14.16	remediation fund for the	e purposes of th	<u>e</u>		
14.17	remediation fund under Minnesota Statutes,				
14.18	section 116.155, subdiv	ision 2.			
14.19	Sec. 4. NATURAL RE	SOURCES			
14.20	Subdivision 1. Total Ap	opropriation_	<u>\$</u>	<u>245,313,000</u> <u>\$</u>	243,813,000
14.21	Appropria	ations by Fund			
14.22		2010	2011		
14.23	General	74,411,000	74,411,000		
14.24	Natural Resources	76,290,000	75,190,000		
14.25	Game and Fish	94,312,000	93,912,000		
			<u> </u>		
14.26	Remediation	100,000	100,000		
14.27	Permanent School	200,000	200,000		
14.28	The amounts that may be	pe spent for each	<u>h</u>		
14.29	purpose are specified in	the following			
14.30	subdivisions.				

15.1	To the extent possible, a person conducting		
15.2	restoration with money appropriated in this		
15.3	section must plant vegetation or sow seed		
15.4	only of ecotypes native to Minnesota, and		
15.5	preferably of the local ecotype, using a high		
15.6	diversity of species originating from as		
15.7	close to the restoration site as possible, and		
15.8	protect existing native prairies from genetic		
15.9	contamination.		
15.10	A recipient of a grant funded by an		
15.11	appropriation under this section shall display		
15.12	on its Web site detailed information on		
15.13	the expenditure of the grant funds, and		
15.14	measurable outcomes as a result of the		
15.15	expenditure of funds, and submit this		
15.16	information to the department by June 30		
15.17	each year. A recipient without an active		
15.18	Web site shall report to the department by		
15.19	June 30 each year detailed information on		
15.20	the expenditure of the grant funds, and		
15.21	measurable outcomes as a result of the		
15.22	expenditure of funds. The commissioner		
15.23	shall display the information received by		
15.24	recipients under this paragraph on the		
15.25	department's Web site.		
15.26	The commissioner shall require the chief		
15.27	financial officer or other financial staff		
15.28	to display the department's budget on the		
15.29	department's Web site in a manner that will		
15.30	allow citizens to easily understand the value		
15.31	they are getting for their money.		
15.32	Subd. 2. Land and Mineral Resources		
15.33	Management	10,398,000	10,398,000

16.1	<u>Appropriati</u>	ons by Fund			
16.2	General	3,351,000	3,351,000		
16.3	Natural Resources	<u>5,461,000</u>	5,461,000		
16.4	Game and Fish	1,386,000	1,386,000		
16.5	Permanent School	200,000	200,000		
16.6	\$1,202,000 the first year	and \$1,202,000			
16.7	the second year are from	the mining			
16.8	administration account in	the natural			
16.9	resources fund to cover the	ne costs associate	<u>ed</u>		
16.10	with issuing mining perm	its.			
16.11	\$612,000 each year is fro	m the dedicated			
16.12	receipts account in the nat	tural resources fu	<u>und</u>		
16.13	to cover the costs associa	ted with issuing			
16.14	licenses for land and water crossings and				
16.15	road easements.				
16.16	\$351,000 the first year and \$351,000 the				
16.17	second year are for iron ore cooperative				
16.18	research. Of this amount, \$200,000 each year				
16.19	is from the minerals management account				
16.20	in the natural resources fund. \$175,500 the				
16.21	first year and \$175,500 the second year are				
16.22	available only as matched by \$1 of nonstate				
16.23	money for each \$1 of star	te money. The			
16.24	match may be cash or in-kind.				
16.25	\$86,000 the first year and	1 \$86,000 the			
16.26	second year are for miner	als cooperative			
16.27	environmental research, o	of which \$43,000	<u>)</u>		
16.28	the first year and \$43,000	the second year	are		
16.29	available only as matched	by \$1 of nonsta	<u>ite</u>		
16.30	money for each \$1 of star	te money. The			
16.31	match may be cash or in-	kind.			
16.32	\$2,696,000 the first year	and \$2,696,000			
16.33	the second year are from	the minerals			

17.1	management account in	the natural resour	<u>ces</u>		
17.2	fund for use as provide	ed in Minnesota			
17.3	Statutes, section 93.223	36, paragraph (c),			
17.4	for mineral resource ma	anagement, project	<u>ts</u>		
17.5	to enhance future mine	ral income, and			
17.6	projects to promote nev	v mineral resource	<u> </u>		
17.7	opportunities.				
17.8	\$200,000 the first year	and \$200,000 the			
17.9	second year are from th	e state forest suspe	ense		
17.10	account in the permane	ent school fund to			
17.11	accelerate land exchange	ges, land sales, and	<u>1</u>		
17.12	commercial leasing of	school trust lands a	and		
17.13	to identify, evaluate, an	d lease construction	<u>on</u>		
17.14	aggregate located on sc	hool trust lands. T	<u>'his</u>		
17.15	appropriation is to be u	ised for securing			
17.16	maximum long-term ec	conomic return			
17.17	from the school trust la	nds consistent wit	<u>h</u>		
17.18	fiduciary responsibilities	es and sound natura	<u>al</u>		
17.19	resources conservation	and management			
17.20	principles.				
17.21	Subd. 3. Water Resou	rces Management	<u>t</u>	11,732,000	11,732,000
17.22	<u>Appropri</u>	ations by Fund			
17.23	General	11,452,000	11,452,000		
17.24	Natural Resources	280,000	280,000		
17.25	By January 15, 2010, t	he commissioner			
17.26	shall submit a report e	valuating and			
17.27	recommending options to provide for the				
17.28	long-term protection of	the state's surface	<u> </u>		
17.29	water and groundwater	resources and			
17.30	the funding of program	is to provide this			
17.31	protection.				
17.32	\$275,000 the first year	and \$275,000 the			
17.33	second year are for gra	ents for up to 50			
17.34	percent of the cost of in	mplementation of			

18.1	the Red River mediation agreement. The
18.2	commissioner shall submit a report to the
18.3	chairs of the legislative committees having
18.4	primary jurisdiction over environment and
18.5	natural resources policy and finance on the
18.6	accomplishments achieved with the grants
18.7	by January 15, 2012.
18.8	\$60,000 the first year and \$60,000 the
18.9	second year are for a grant to the Mississippi
18.10	Headwaters Board for up to 50 percent of
18.11	the cost of implementing the comprehensive
18.12	plan for the upper Mississippi within areas
18.13	under the board's jurisdiction.
18.14	\$5,000 the first year and \$5,000 the second
18.15	year are for payment to the Leech Lake Band
18.16	of Chippewa Indians to implement the band's
18.17	portion of the comprehensive plan for the
18.18	upper Mississippi.
18.19	\$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the
18.20	second year are for the construction of ring
18.21	dikes under Minnesota Statutes, section
18.22	103F.161. The ring dikes may be publicly
18.23	or privately owned. If the appropriation in
18.24	either year is insufficient, the appropriation
18.25	in the other year is available for it.
18.26	By October 1, 2009, the commissioner shall
18.27	develop a plan for the development of an
18.28	adequate groundwater level monitoring
18.29	network of wells in the 11-county
18.30	metropolitan area. The commissioner,
18.31	working with the Metropolitan Council,
18.32	the Department of Homeland Security, and
18.33	the commissioner of the Pollution Control
18.34	Agency, shall design the network so that
18.35	the wells can be used to identify threats to

19.1	groundwater quality and	d institute practi	ces to			
19.2	protect the groundwater from degradation.					
19.3	The network must be si	ufficient to ensu	<u>re</u>			
19.4	that water use in the m	etropolitan area				
19.5	does not harm ecosyste	ms, degrade war	<u>ter</u>			
19.6	quality, or compromise	the ability of fu	<u>ture</u>			
19.7	generations to meet the	ir own needs. T	<u>'he</u>			
19.8	plan should include rec	ommendations of	<u>on</u>			
19.9	the necessary payment	rates for users of	f the			
19.10	system expressed in cer	nts per gallon for	<u>r well</u>			
19.11	drilling, operation, and	maintenance.				
19.12	Subd. 4. Forest Mana	gement		39,609,000	38,259,000	
19.13	<u>Appropria</u>	ations by Fund				
19.14	General	25,952,000	25,952,000			
19.15	Natural Resources	12,193,000	11,093,000			
19.16	Game and Fish	1,464,000	1,214,000			
19.17	\$2,000,000 each year is	s to maintain for	rest			
19.18	management operations	s. This is a oneti	ime			
19.19	appropriation.					
19.20	\$1,200,000 the first year	ar and \$950,000				
19.21	the second year are fro	m the heritage				
19.22	enhancement account in	n the game and t	<u>fish</u>			
19.23	fund to maintain and ex	pand the ecolog	gical			
19.24	classification system pro	ogram on state f	<u>Corest</u>			
19.25	lands and prevent the in	troduction and s	pread			
19.26	of invasive species on state lands. This is a					
19.27	onetime appropriation.					
19.28	\$7,217,000 the first year	ar and \$7,217,00	<u>00</u>			
19.29	the second year are for	prevention,				
19.30	presuppression, and sup	pression costs of	<u>of</u>			
19.31	emergency firefighting	and other costs				
19.32	incurred under Minneso	ota Statutes, sect	<u>tion</u>			
19.33	88.12. If the appropria	tion for either				

20.1	year is insufficient to cover all costs of		
20.2	presuppression and suppression, the amount		
20.3	necessary to pay for these costs during the		
20.4	biennium is appropriated from the general		
20.5	<u>fund.</u>		
20.6	By January 15 of each year, the commissioner		
20.7	of natural resources shall submit a report to		
20.8	the chairs and ranking minority members		
20.9	of the house and senate committees		
20.10	and divisions having jurisdiction over		
20.11	environment and natural resources finance,		
20.12	identifying all firefighting costs incurred		
20.13	and reimbursements received in the prior		
20.14	fiscal year. These appropriations may		
20.15	not be transferred. Any reimbursement		
20.16	of firefighting expenditures made to the		
20.17	commissioner from any source other than		
20.18	federal mobilizations shall be deposited into		
20.19	the general fund.		
20.20	\$12,193,000 the first year and \$11,093,000		
20.21	the second year are from the forest		
20.22	management investment account in the		
20.23	natural resources fund for only the purposes		
20.24	specified in Minnesota Statutes, section		
20.25	89.039, subdivision 2.		
20.26	\$780,000 the first year and \$780,000 the		
20.27	second year are for the Forest Resources		
20.28	Council for implementation of the		
20.29	Sustainable Forest Resources Act.		
20.30	Subd. 5. Parks and Trails Management	67,372,000	67,372,000
20.31	Appropriations by Fund		
20.32	General 21,857,000 21,857,000		

21.1	Natural Resources	43,321,000	43,321,000		
21.2	Game and Fish	2,194,000	2,194,000		
21.3	\$1,175,000 the first year	and \$1,175,000	) the		
21.4	second year are from the	e water recreation	<u>on</u>		
21.5	account in the natural re	esources fund for	<u>or</u>		
21.6	enhancing public water	access facilities	<u>.</u>		
21.7	Of this amount, \$100,00	00 is a onetime			
21.8	appropriation to provide	downloadable			
21.9	GPS coordinates and riv	ver gauge data			
21.10	interpretation. The base	appropriation i	<u>S</u>		
21.11	<u>\$1,075,000.</u>				
21.12	The appropriation in La	ws 2003, chapte	e <u>r</u>		
21.13	128, article 1, section 5,	subdivision 6, 1	from		
21.14	the water recreation acco	ount in the natu	<u>ral</u>		
21.15	resources fund for a coo	perative project	with		
21.16	the United States Army Corps of Engineers				
21.17	to develop the Mississippi Whitewater Park				
21.18	is available until June 30, 2011. The project				
21.19	must be designed to pre-	vent the spread	<u>of</u>		
21.20	aquatic invasive species.	<u>-</u>			
21.21	\$4,371,000 the first year	and \$4,371,000	) the		
21.22	second year are from the	e natural resour	ces		
21.23	fund for state park and	recreation area			
21.24	operations. Of this amou	unt, \$375,000 e	ach_		
21.25	year is for coordinated ac	ctivities with Ex	plore		
21.26	Minnesota Tourism. Thi	is appropriation	is		
21.27	from the revenue deposi	ted in the natur	<u>al</u>		
21.28	resources fund under Mi	innesota Statute	es,		
21.29	section 297A.94, paragra	aph (e), clause (	<u>(2).</u>		
21.30	\$8,424,000 the first year	and \$8,424,00	0		
21.31	the second year are from	the snowmobi	<u>le</u>		
21.32	trails and enforcement a	account in the			
21.33	natural resources fund for	or the snowmob	<u>oile</u>		
21.34	grants-in-aid program.	This additional			

22.1	money may be used for new grant-in-aid		
22.2	trails. Any unencumbered balance does not		
22.3	cancel at the end of the first year and is		
22.4	available for the second year.		
22.5	\$400,000 the first year and \$400,000 the		
22.6	second year are from the snowmobile trails		
22.7	and enforcement account in the natural		
22.8	resources fund for operation and maintenance		
22.9	of state trails and increased oversight and		
22.10	training for the grant-in-aid program. This is		
22.11	a onetime appropriation.		
22.12	\$1,360,000 the first year and \$1,360,000		
22.13	the second year are from the natural		
22.14	resources fund for the off-highway vehicle		
22.15	grants-in-aid program. Of this amount,		
22.16	\$1,110,000 each year is from the all-terrain		
22.17	vehicle account; \$150,000 each year is from		
22.18	the off-highway motorcycle account; and		
22.19	\$100,000 each year is from the off-road		
22.20	vehicle account. Any unencumbered balance		
22.21	does not cancel at the end of the first year		
22.22	and is available for the second year.		
22.23	\$760,000 the first year and \$760,000 the		
22.24	second year are from the natural resources		
22.25	fund for state trail operations. This		
22.26	appropriation is from the revenue deposited		
22.27	in the natural resources fund under Minnesota		
22.28	Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (e),		
22.29	clause (2).		
22.30	Subd. 6. Fish and Wildlife Management	67,574,000	67,424,000
22.31	Appropriations by Fund		
22.32	General 1.340.000 1.340.000		

23.1	Natural Resources	1,976,000	1,976,000		
23.2	Game and Fish	64,258,000	64,108,000		
23.3 23.4	\$100,000 the first year second year are from the				
23.5	account in the natural re	esources fund for	r gray		
23.6	wolf research.				
23.7	\$120,000 the first year	and \$120,000 th	<u>ne</u>		
23.8	second year from the ga	me and fish fun	d are		
23.9	for gray wolf managem	ent.			
23.10	\$285,000 the first year	and \$285,000 th	<u>ne</u>		
23.11	second year are from the	ne walleye stamp	<u>p</u>		
23.12	account in the game and	d fish fund for t	<u>he</u>		
23.13	purposes specified unde	er Minnesota Sta	tutes,		
23.14	section 97A.075, subdi-	vision 6. Of this	<u>S</u>		
23.15	amount, \$25,000 must 1	pe spent in the f	irst		
23.16	year to provide signage	to each indepen	<u>ident</u>		
23.17	licensed dealer for display and promotion of				
23.18	the walleye stamp.				
23.19	\$600,000 the first year	and \$600,000 th	<u>ne</u>		
23.20	second year are to acce	lerate wildlife he	<u>ealth</u>		
23.21	programs. This is a onetime appropriation.				
23.22	\$1,860,000 the first year	r and \$1,860,00	0 the		
23.23	second year are from th	e wildlife acquis	sition		
23.24	surcharge account for o	only the purpose	<u>S</u>		
23.25	specified in Minnesota	Statutes, section	<u>1</u>		
23.26	97A.071, subdivision 2	a. This appropri	ation_		
23.27	is available until spent.				
23.28	\$8,167,000 the first year	ar and \$8,167,00	00		
23.29	the second year are fro	m the heritage			
23.30	enhancement account is	n the game and			
23.31	fish fund only for activ	ities specified in	<u>1</u>		
23.32	Minnesota Statutes, sec	etion 297A.94,			
23.33	paragraph (e), clause (1	). Of this amou	nt, at		

24.1	least 20 percent must be used to purchase
24.2	or restore land, of which over half must
24.3	be used for restoration. Notwithstanding
24.4	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94, five
24.5	percent of this appropriation may be used for
24.6	expanding hunter and angler recruitment and
24.7	retention. This appropriation may be used to
24.8	leverage other funds and to provide fish and
24.9	wildlife technical assistance for shallow lake
24.10	management and restoration and stream and
24.11	lake shoreland and habitat improvement and
24.12	maintenance on private lands.
24.13	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
24.14	84.943, \$13,000 the first year and \$13,000
24.15	the second year from the critical habitat
24.16	private sector matching account may be used
24.17	to publicize the critical habitat license plate
24.18	match program.
24.19	\$830,000 the first year and \$830,000 the
24.20	second year are from the trout and salmon
24.21	management account for only the purposes
24.22	specified in Minnesota Statutes, section
24.23	97A.075, subdivision 3.
24.24	\$1,553,000 the first year and \$1,553,000 the
24.25	second year are from the deer management
24.26	account for only the purposes specified
24.27	in Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.075,
24.28	subdivision 1, paragraph (b).
24.29	\$890,000 the first year and \$890,000 the
24.30	second year are from the deer and bear
24.31	management account for only the purposes
24.32	specified in Minnesota Statutes, section
24.33	97A.075, subdivision 1, paragraph (c).
24.34	\$700,000 the first year and \$700,000 the

25.1	improvement account for	only the purpos	ses		
25.2	specified in Minnesota Statutes, section				
25.3	<u>97A.075</u> , subdivision 2.				
25.4	\$925,000 the first year ar	nd \$925,000 the			
25.5	second year are from the	pheasant habita	<u>t</u>		
25.6	improvement account for	only the purpos	ses		
25.7	specified in Minnesota St	tatutes, section			
25.8	<u>97A.075</u> , subdivision 4.				
25.9	\$192,000 the first year ar	nd \$192,000 the			
25.10	second year are from the	wild turkey			
25.11	management account for	only the purpos	es		
25.12	specified in Minnesota St	tatutes, section			
25.13	97A.075, subdivision 5.	Of this amount,			
25.14	\$8,000 the first year and	\$8,000 the secon	<u>nd</u>		
25.15	year are transferred from	the game and fi	<u>sh</u>		
25.16	fund to the wild turkey m	anagement acco	unt.		
25.17	\$535,000 the first year ar	nd \$535,000 the			
25.18	second year are for presen	rving, restoring,	and		
25.19	enhancing grassland/wetl	and complexes	<u>on</u>		
25.20	public or private lands.				
25.21	Notwithstanding Minneso	ota Statutes, sect	<u>cion</u>		
25.22	16A.28, the appropriation	ns encumbered			
25.23	under contract on or before	re June 30, 2011	<u>, for</u>		
25.24	aquatic restoration grants	and wildlife hal	<u>oitat</u>		
25.25	grants are available until	June 30, 2012.			
25.26	Subd. 7. Ecological Serv	<u>vices</u>		14,175,000	14,175,000
25.27	Appropriat	ions by Fund			
25.28	General	6,230,000	6,230,000		
25.29	Natural Resources	3,994,000	3,994,000		
25.30	Game and Fish	3,951,000	3,951,000		
25.31	\$1,223,000 the first year	and \$1,223,000	the		
25.32	second year are from the				
25.33	management account in the		<del></del>		

26.1	fund for the purpose of nongame wildlife
26.2	management. Notwithstanding Minnesota
26.3	Statutes, section 290.431, \$100,000 the first
26.4	year and \$100,000 the second year may
26.5	be used for nongame wildlife information,
26.6	education, and promotion.
26.7	\$1,636,000 the first year and \$1,636,000
26.8	the second year are from the heritage
26.9	enhancement account in the game and
26.10	fish fund for only the purposes specified
26.11	in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
26.12	paragraph (e), clause (1).
26.13	\$2,142,000 the first year and \$2,142,000 the
26.14	second year are from the invasive species
26.15	account, and \$2,090,000 the first year
26.16	and \$2,090,000 the second year are from
26.17	the general fund for management, public
26.18	awareness, assessment and monitoring
26.19	research, law enforcement, and water access
26.20	inspection to prevent the spread of invasive
26.21	species; management of invasive plants in
26.22	public waters; and management of terrestrial
26.23	invasive species on state-administered lands.
26.24	Funds from this appropriation may not be
26.25	used to purchase or use pesticides suspected
26.26	by current science of being endocrine
26.27	disruptors.
26.28	The commissioner shall report on the
26.29	projected outcomes and goals for protecting
26.30	species in all ecological provinces and the
26.31	quantity and quality of groundwater and
26.32	surface water of the state, including but not
26.33	limited to, protecting rare and endangered
26.34	species, native prairies, and wetlands, from
26.35	merging ecological services and waters

27.1	duties to the senate and house natural				
27.2	resources policy and finance committees and				
27.3	divisions. The commiss	sioner shall not r	nerge		
27.4	ecological services and waters duties prior to				
27.5	presenting the report to	the committees	and		
27.6	divisions. Any merger	must include a v	<u>ariant</u>		
27.7	of the word "ecology"	in the title of the	new		
27.8	division.				
27.9	Subd. 8. Enforcement	<u>t</u>		31,490,000	31,490,000
27.10	<u>Appropri</u>	ations by Fund			
27.11	General	2,889,000	<u>2,889,000</u>		
27.12	Natural Resources	8,531,000	8,531,000		
27.13	Game and Fish	19,970,000	19,970,000		
27.14	Remediation	100,000	100,000		
27.15	\$1,082,000 the first year	ar and \$1,082,00	0 the		
27.16	second year are from the	ne water recreati	<u>on</u>		
27.17	account in the natural i	resources fund for	<u>or</u>		
27.18	grants to counties for boat and water safety.				
27.19	\$315,000 the first year	and \$315,000 th	<u>ne</u>		
27.20	second year are from t	he snowmobile			
27.21	trails and enforcement	account in the			
27.22	natural resources fund	for grants to loc	<u>al</u>		
27.23	law enforcement agencies for snowmobile				
27.24	enforcement activities.				
27.25	\$1,164,000 the first year and \$1,164,000				
27.26	the second year are from the heritage				
27.27	enhancement account in the game and				
27.28	fish fund for only the purposes specified				
27.29	in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,				
27.30	paragraph (e), clause (1).				
27.31	\$510,000 the first year	and \$510,000			
27.32	the second year are from	om the natural			
27.33	resources fund for gran	nts to county law	7_		

28.1	enforcement agencies for off-highway
28.2	vehicle enforcement and public education
28.3	activities based on off-highway vehicle use
28.4	in the county. Of this amount, \$498,000 each
28.5	year is from the all-terrain vehicle account;
28.6	\$11,000 each year is from the off-highway
28.7	motorcycle account; and \$1,000 each year
28.8	is from the off-road vehicle account. The
28.9	county enforcement agencies may use
28.10	money received under this appropriation
28.11	to make grants to other local enforcement
28.12	agencies within the county that have a high
28.13	concentration of off-highway vehicle use. Of
28.14	this appropriation, \$25,000 each year is for
28.15	administration of these grants.
28.16	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
28.17	second year are from the all-terrain vehicle
28.18	account for grants to qualifying organizations
28.19	to assist in safety and environmental
28.20	education and monitoring trails on public
28.21	lands under Minnesota Statutes, section
28.22	84.9011. Grants issued under this paragraph:
28.23	(1) must be issued through a formal
28.24	agreement with the organization; and (2)
28.25	must not be used as a substitute for traditional
28.26	spending by the organization. By December
28.27	15 each year, an organization receiving a
28.28	grant under this paragraph shall report to the
28.29	commissioner with details on expenditures
28.30	and outcomes from the grant. By January
28.31	15, 2011, the commissioner shall report
28.32	on the expenditures and outcomes of the
28.33	grants to the chairs and ranking minority
28.34	members of the natural resources policy
28.35	and finance committees and divisions. Of

29.1	this appropriation, \$25,000 each year is for				
29.2	administration of these g	grants.			
29.3	The commissioner must publicize				
29.4	opportunities for conservation officer				
29.5	employment and recruit,	_			
29.6	conservation officer can				
29.7	biological sciences depa	rtments at colleg	ges		
29.8	and universities.				
29.9	Subd. 9. Operations Su	ıpport		2,963,000	2,963,000
29.10	<u>Appropria</u>	tions by Fund			
29.11	General	1,340,000	1,340,000		
29.12	Natural Resources	534,000	534,000		
29.13	Game and Fish	1,089,000	1,089,000		
29.14	The commissioner may				
29.15	fund reduction of \$800,0		_		
29.16	2010 and \$800,000 in fiscal year 2011, to				
29.17	other subdivisions of this section. No grants				
29.18	may be reduced. The commissioner shall				
29.19	report by October 1, 2011, to the chairs of				
29.20	the legislative committee				
29.21 29.22	jurisdiction over environment and natural				
29.22	resources policy and finance regarding any redirection and what department outcomes				
29.24	were affected by the redirection.				
		<del></del>			
29.25	\$320,000 the first year and \$320,000 the				
29.26	second year are from the natural resources				
29.27	fund for grants to be divided equally between				
29.28	the city of St. Paul for the Como Zoo				
29.29	and Conservatory and the city of Duluth				
29.30	for the Duluth Zoo. This appropriation				
29.31	is from the revenue depo	osited to the fun	<u>d</u>		
29.32	under Minnesota Statute		94,		
29.33	paragraph (e), clause (5)	<u>.</u>			

## Sec. 5. BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL RESOURCES \$ 15,618,000 \$ 15,343,000 30.2 30.3 \$3,900,000 the first year and \$3,900,000 the second year are for natural resources block 30.4 grants to local governments. The board may 30.5 reduce the amount of the natural resources 30.6 block grant to a county by an amount equal to 30.7 any reduction in the county's general services 30.8 allocation to a soil and water conservation 30.9 district from the county's previous year 30.10 30.11 allocation when the board determines that the reduction was disproportionate. Grants 30.12 must be matched with a combination of local 30.13 cash or in-kind contributions. The base 30.14 grant portion related to water planning must 30.15 30.16 be matched by an amount as specified by Minnesota Statutes, section 103B.3369. 30.17 \$3,500,000 the first year and \$3,500,000 30.18 30.19 the second year are for grants requested by soil and water conservation districts for 30.20 general purposes, nonpoint engineering, 30.21 and implementation of the reinvest in 30.22 Minnesota conservation reserve program. 30.23 Upon approval of the board, expenditures 30.24 may be made from these appropriations for 30.25 supplies and services benefiting soil and 30.26 water conservation districts. Any district 30.27 requesting a grant under this paragraph shall 30.28 maintain a Web page that publishes, at a 30.29 minimum, its annual plan, annual report, 30.30 annual audit, annual budget, including 30.31 membership dues, and meeting notices and 30.32

minutes.

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31.1	\$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
31.2	second year are for feedlot water quality
31.3	grants for feedlots under 300 animal units
31.4	where there are impaired waters.
31.5	\$2,000,000 the first year and \$2,000,000
31.6	the second year are for grants to soil and
31.7	water conservation districts for cost-sharing
31.8	contracts for erosion control, water quality
31.9	management, of which at least \$900,000
31.10	each year is for establishing and maintaining
31.11	riparian vegetation buffers of restored native
31.12	prairie and restored prairie.
31.13	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000
31.14	the second year are available for county
31.15	cooperative weed management programs and
31.16	to restore native plants in selected invasive
31.17	species management sites by providing local
31.18	native seeds and plants to landowners for
31.19	implementation.
31.20	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
31.21	103C.501, the board may shift cost-share
31.22	funds in this section and may adjust the
31.23	technical and administrative assistance
31.24	portion of the grant funds to leverage
31.25	federal or other nonstate funds or to address
31.26	high-priority needs identified in local water
31.27	management plans.
31.28	\$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
31.29	second year are for implementation and
31.30	enforcement of the Wetland Conservation
31.31	Act. The board must make available
31.32	information about final enforcement actions
31.33	on the board's Web site.
31.34	\$60,000 each year is for staff to monitor and
31.35	enforce wetland replacement, wetland bank

32.1	sites, and the Wetland Conservation Act. The
32.2	board must include in its biennial report to
32.3	the legislature information on all state and
32.4	local units of government, including special
32.5	purpose districts and impacts on wetlands
32.6	in the state. This information must be made
32.7	available on the board's Web site.
32.8	\$100,000 each year is for transfer to the
32.9	commissioner of natural resources for
32.10	enforcement of wetland violations.
32.11	\$100,000 each year is to make grants to local
32.12	units of government within the 11-county
32.13	metropolitan area to improve response to
32.14	major wetland violations.
	<del></del>
32.15	\$100,000 each year is for cost-share grants
32.16	to local governments for public drainage
32.17	records modernization.
32.18	\$212,000 each year is to provide assistance
32.19	to local drainage management officials and
32.20	for the costs of the Drainage Work Group.
32.21	\$90,000 the first year and \$90,000 the second
32.22	year are for a grant to the Red River Basin
32.23	Commission for water quality and floodplain
32.24	management, including administration of
32.24	programs. The commission shall submit
32.26	a report to the chairs of the legislative
32.27	committees having primary jurisdiction
32.28	over environment and natural resources
32.29	policy and finance on the accomplishments
32.30	achieved with this appropriation by January
32.31	15, 2012. If the appropriation in either year
32.32	is insufficient, the appropriation in the other
32.33	year is available for it.

33.1	\$90,000 each year is to the Minnesota River
33.2	Basin Joint Powers Board, also known as
33.3	the Minnesota River Board, for operating
33.4	expenses to measure and report the results of
33.5	projects in the 12 major watersheds within
33.6	the Minnesota River basin.
33.7	\$130,000 each year is for grants to Area
33.8	II, Minnesota River Basin Projects,
33.9	for floodplain management, including
33.10	administration of programs.
33.11	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
33.12	103C.501, a balance in the board's cost-share
33.13	program is available for \$150,000 each year
33.14	for evaluating and reporting on performance,
33.15	financial, and activity information of local
33.16	water management entities as provided for in
33.17	Minnesota Statutes, section 103B.102.
33.18	The appropriations for grants in this
33.19	section are available until expended. If an
33.20	appropriation for grants in either year is
33.21	insufficient, the appropriation in the other
33.22	year is available for it.
33.23	To the extent possible, any person conducting
33.24	a restoration with money appropriated in
33.25	this section must plant vegetation or sow
33.26	seed only of ecotypes native to Minnesota,
33.27	and preferably of the local ecotype, using a
33.28	high diversity of species originating from as
33.29	close to the restoration site as possible, and
33.30	protect existing native prairies from genetic
33.31	contamination.
33.32	A recipient of a grant funded by an
33.33	appropriation under this section shall display
33.34	on its Web site detailed information on
33.35	the expenditure of the grant funds, and

34.1	measurable outcomes as	s a result of the				
34.2	expenditure of funds, an	nd submit this				
34.3	information to the board	d by June 30 eac	e <u>h</u>			
34.4	year. A recipient without an active Web site					
34.5	shall report to the board by June 30 each year					
34.6	detailed information on	detailed information on the expenditure of				
34.7	the grant funds, and me	asurable outcom	nes			
34.8	as a result of the expend	liture of funds.	<u>The</u>			
34.9	board shall display the i	nformation rece	ived			
34.10	by recipients under this	paragraph on th	<u>ne</u>			
34.11	board's Web site.					
34.12	The board shall require	the chief financ	<u>ial</u>			
34.13	officer or other financial	l staff to display	the			
34.14	board's budget on the bo	oard's Web site i	n a			
34.15	manner that will allow o	citizens to under	stand			
34.16	more easily the value th	ney are getting for	or			
34.17	their money.					
34.18	Sec. 6. METROPOLI	<u>ran councii</u>	<u>L</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	
34.18		TAN COUNCII	<u>L</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	
			<u>\$</u> <u>2011</u>	<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	
34.19		ations by Fund		<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	
34.19 34.20	Appropria	ations by Fund  2010	<u>2011</u>	<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22	Appropria  General  Natural Resources	2010 3,810,000 5,070,000	2011 3,810,000 5,070,000	<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	
34.19 34.20 34.21	Appropria  General	2010 3,810,000 5,070,000 r and \$3,810,00	2011 3,810,000 5,070,000	<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23	Appropria  General  Natural Resources  \$3,810,000 the first year	2010 3,810,000 5,070,000 r and \$3,810,00 metropolitan are	2011 3,810,000 5,070,000 0	<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24	Appropria  General  Natural Resources  \$3,810,000 the first yea the second year are for	2010 3,810,000 5,070,000 r and \$3,810,000 metropolitan are	2011 3,810,000 5,070,000 0 ea ce	<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24 34.25	Appropria  General  Natural Resources  \$3,810,000 the first yea the second year are for regional parks operation	2010 3,810,000 5,070,000 r and \$3,810,000 metropolitan are	2011 3,810,000 5,070,000 0 ea ce	<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24 34.25 34.26 34.27	Appropria  General  Natural Resources  \$3,810,000 the first yea the second year are for regional parks operation according to Minnesota 473.351.	2010  3,810,000  5,070,000  r and \$3,810,00  metropolitan are and maintenan  Statutes, section	2011 3,810,000 5,070,000 0 ea ce n	<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24 34.25 34.26 34.27	Appropria  General  Natural Resources  \$3,810,000 the first yea the second year are for regional parks operation according to Minnesota 473.351.  \$5,070,000 the first year	2010  3,810,000  5,070,000  r and \$3,810,000  metropolitan are and maintenan Statutes, section	2011 3,810,000 5,070,000 0 ea ce n	8,880,000 \$	8,880,000	
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24 34.25 34.26 34.27	Appropria  General  Natural Resources  \$3,810,000 the first yea the second year are for regional parks operation according to Minnesota 473.351.  \$5,070,000 the first year second year are from the	2010  3,810,000  5,070,000  r and \$3,810,000  metropolitan are n and maintenan Statutes, section  r and \$5,070,000  e natural resource	2011 3,810,000 5,070,000  0 ea ce n	<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24 34.25 34.26 34.27 34.28 34.29	Appropria  General  Natural Resources  \$3,810,000 the first year the second year are for regional parks operation according to Minnesota 473.351.  \$5,070,000 the first year second year are from the fund for metropolitan are	2010  3,810,000  5,070,000  r and \$3,810,00  metropolitan are and maintenan Statutes, section  r and \$5,070,000  e natural resource rea regional parl	2011 3,810,000 5,070,000  0 ea ce n 0 the ces	<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24 34.25 34.26 34.27 34.28 34.29 34.30	Appropria  General  Natural Resources  \$3,810,000 the first yea the second year are for regional parks operation according to Minnesota 473.351.  \$5,070,000 the first year second year are from the	2010  3,810,000  5,070,000  r and \$3,810,000  metropolitan are and maintenan  Statutes, section  r and \$5,070,000  e natural resource rea regional parl and operations.	2011 3,810,000 5,070,000  0 ea ce n  0 the ces KS This	<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	
34.19 34.20 34.21 34.22 34.23 34.24 34.25 34.26 34.27 34.28 34.29 34.30 34.31	Appropria  General  Natural Resources  \$3,810,000 the first yea the second year are for regional parks operation according to Minnesota 473.351.  \$5,070,000 the first year second year are from the fund for metropolitan are and trails maintenance a	2010  3,810,000  5,070,000  r and \$3,810,000  metropolitan are n and maintenan  Statutes, section  r and \$5,070,000  e natural resource rea regional parl and operations.  e revenue depose	2011 3,810,000 5,070,000  0 ea ce n O the ces ks This	<u>8,880,000</u> <u>\$</u>	8,880,000	

35.1	Statutes, section 297A.	94, paragraph (e),			
35.2	clause (3).				
35.3	Sec. 7. MINNESOTA	CONSERVATIO	ON		
35.4	CORPS	CONSERVATION	<u>\$</u>	945,000 \$	945,000
			<del>_</del>		
35.5	<u>Appropri</u>	ations by Fund			
35.6		<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>		
35.7	General	455,000	455,000		
35.8	Natural Resources	490,000	490,000		
35.9	The Minnesota Conserv	vation Corps may			
35.10	receive money appropr	iated from the			
35.11	natural resources fund	under this section			
35.12	only as provided in an	agreement with th	<u>e</u>		
35.13	commissioner of natura	l resources.			
35.14	Sec. 8. <b>ZOOLOGICA</b>	L BOARD	<u>\$</u>	<u>6,728,000</u> <u>\$</u>	6,728,000
35.15	Appropri	ations by Fund			
35.16		<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>		
35.17	General	6,568,000	6,568,000		
35.18	Natural Resources	160,000	160,000		
35.19	\$160,000 the first year	and \$160,000 the			
35.20	second year are from the	e natural resource	<u>es</u>		
35.21	fund from the revenue	deposited under			
35.22	Minnesota Statutes, sec	etion 297A.94,			
35.23	paragraph (e), clause (5	<u>).</u>			
35.24	Sec. 9. SCIENCE M	IUSEUM OF			
35.25	<b>MINNESOTA</b>		<u>\$</u>	<u>1,187,000</u> <u>\$</u>	1,187,000
35.26	Sec. 10. Minnesota S	Statutes 2008, sec	tion 84.0835, s	subdivision 3, is amen	ded to read:
35.27	Subd. 3. Citation	authority. Empl	loyees designa	ted by the commissio	ner under
35.28	subdivision 1 may issue	e citations, as spec	cifically author	ized under this subdiv	vision, for
35.29	violations of:				

36.1	(1) sections 85.052, subdivision 3 (payment of camping fees in state parks),
36.2	85.45, subdivision 1 (cross-country ski pass), and 85.46 (horse trail pass), and 84.9275
36.3	(nonresident all-terrain vehicle state trail pass);
36.4	(2) rules relating to hours and days of operation, restricted areas, noise, fireworks,
36.5	environmental protection, fires and refuse, pets, picnicking, camping and dispersed
36.6	camping, nonmotorized uses, construction of unauthorized permanent trails, mooring of
36.7	boats, fish cleaning, swimming, storage and abandonment of personal property, structures
36.8	and stands, animal trespass, state park individual and group motor vehicle permits,
36.9	licensed motor vehicles, designated roads, and snowmobile operation off trails;
36.10	(3) rules relating to off-highway vehicle registration, display of registration numbers,
36.11	required equipment, operation restrictions, off-trail use for hunting and trapping, and
36.12	operation in lakes, rivers, and streams;
36.13	(4) rules relating to off-highway vehicle and snowmobile operation causing damage
36.14	or in closed areas within the Richard J. Dorer Memorial Hardwood State Forest;
36.15	(5) rules relating to parking, snow removal, and damage on state forest roads; and
36.16	(6) rules relating to controlled hunting zones on major wildlife management units.
36.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2010.
36.18	Sec. 11. [84.0854] GIFT CARD AND CERTIFICATE SALES; RECEIPTS;
36.19	TRANSFERS; APPROPRIATION.
36.20	Subdivision 1. Sales authorized; gift cards and certificates. The commissioner
36.21	may sell gift cards and certificates that can be used to purchase licenses, permits, products,
36.22	or services sold by the commissioner. Gift cards and certificates are valid until they
36.23	are redeemed. The commissioner may advertise the availability of this program and
36.24	items offered for sale under this section. The commissioner may make the purchase and
36.25	redemption of gift cards available electronically.
36.26	Subd. 2. Receipts; disposition. Proceeds of gift card and certificate sales shall be
36.27	deposited in an account in the special revenue fund. When gift cards or certificates are
36.28	redeemed, funds shall be transferred to the appropriate account or fund based on the
36.29	license, permit, product, or service purchased. Money in the gift card and certificate
36.30	account shall accrue interest, which shall be credited to the account. Interest on funds in
36.31	the account is appropriated to the commissioner to help cover the cost of administering
	the decount is appropriated to the commissioner to help cover the cost of duministering
36.32	the gift card and certificate program. Money from gift cards and certificates sold but

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receiving revenue from purchases of licenses, permits, products, or services purchased

with gift card or certificate redemptions in the last two fiscal years. Unredeemed funds

37.1	shall be distributed based on the dollar value of cards redeemed for the various licenses,
37.2	permits, products, or services on a pro rata basis.
37.3	Subd. 3. Exemption from rulemaking. This section is not subject to the
37.4	rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply.
37.5	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.415, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
37.6	Subd. 5. Fee Fees; disposition. (a) In the event the construction of such lines
37.7	causes damage to timber or other property of the state on or along the same, the license
37.8	or permit shall also provide for payment to the commissioner of finance of the amount
37.9	thereof of the damages as may be determined by the commissioner.
37.10	(b) The application fee specified in Minnesota Rules is credited to the general fund.
37.11	All money received under such licenses or permits (c) The utility crossing fees
37.12	specified in Minnesota Rules shall be credited to the fund to which other income or
37.13	proceeds of sale from such the land would be credited, if provision therefor be made as
37.14	provided by law, otherwise to the general fund.
37.15	(d) Money received from licenses and permits issued under this section for use of
37.16	the beds of navigable waters shall be credited to the permanent school fund.
37.17	(e) Money received under subdivision 6 must be credited to the land management
37.18	account in the natural resources fund and is appropriated to the commissioner of natural
37.19	resources to cover the costs incurred for issuing and monitoring utility licenses.
37.20 37.21	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.415, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
37.22	Subd. 6. Supplemental application fee and monitoring fee. (a) In addition to the
37.23	application fee and utility crossing fees specified in Minnesota Rules, the commissioner of
37.24	natural resources shall assess the applicant for a utility license the following fees:
37.25	(1) a supplemental application fee of \$1,500 for a public water crossing license and
37.26	a supplemental application fee of \$4,500 for a public lands crossing license, to cover
37.27	reasonable costs for reviewing the application and preparing the license; and
37.28	(2) a monitoring fee to cover the projected reasonable costs for monitoring the
37.29	construction of the utility line and preparing special terms and conditions of the license
37.30	to ensure proper construction. The commissioner must give the applicant an estimate of
37.31	the monitoring fee before the applicant submits the fee.
37.32	(b) The applicant shall pay fees under this subdivision to the commissioner of
37.33	natural resources. The commissioner shall not issue the license until the applicant has
37.34	paid all fees in full.

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(c) Upon completion of construction of the improvement for which the license or permit was issued, the commissioner shall refund the unobligated balance from the monitoring fee revenue. The commissioner shall not return the application fees, even if the application is withdrawn or denied.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.63, is amended to read:

# 84.63 CONVEYANCE OF INTERESTS IN LANDS TO STATE AND FEDERAL GOVERNMENTS.

- (a) Notwithstanding any existing law to the contrary, the commissioner of natural resources is hereby authorized on behalf of the state to convey to the United States or to the state of Minnesota or any of its subdivisions, upon state-owned lands under the administration of the commissioner of natural resources, permanent or temporary easements for specified periods or otherwise for trails, highways, roads including limitation of right of access from the lands to adjacent highways and roads, flowage for development of fish and game resources, stream protection, flood control, and necessary appurtenances thereto, such conveyances to be made upon such terms and conditions including provision for reversion in the event of non-user as the commissioner of natural resources may determine.
- (b) In addition to the fee for the market value of the easement, the commissioner of natural resources shall assess the applicant the following fees:
- (1) an application fee of \$2,000 to cover reasonable costs for reviewing the application and preparing the easement; and
- (2) a monitoring fee to cover the projected reasonable costs for monitoring the construction of the improvement for which the easement was conveyed and preparing special terms and conditions for the easement. The commissioner must give the applicant an estimate of the monitoring fee before the applicant submits the fee.
- (c) The applicant shall pay these fees to the commissioner of natural resources.

  The commissioner shall not issue the easement until the applicant has paid in full the application fee, the monitoring fee, and the market value payment for the easement.
- (d) Upon completion of construction of the improvement for which the easement was conveyed, the commissioner shall refund the unobligated balance from the monitoring fee revenue. The commissioner shall not return the application fee, even if the application is withdrawn or denied.
- (e) Money received under paragraph (b) must be deposited in the land management account in the natural resources fund and is appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources to cover the reasonable costs incurred for issuing and monitoring easements.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.631, is amended to read:

#### 84.631 ROAD EASEMENTS ACROSS STATE LANDS.

- (a) Except as provided in section 85.015, subdivision 1b, the commissioner, on behalf of the state, may convey a road easement across state land under the commissioner's jurisdiction other than school trust land, to a private person requesting an easement for access to property owned by the person only if the following requirements are met: (1) there are no reasonable alternatives to obtain access to the property; and (2) the exercise of the easement will not cause significant adverse environmental or natural resource management impacts.
  - (b) The commissioner shall:

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- (1) require the applicant to pay the market value of the easement;
- (2) provide that the easement reverts to the state in the event of nonuse; and
- (3) impose other terms and conditions of use as necessary and appropriate under the circumstances.
- (c) An applicant shall submit a an application fee of up to \$2,000 with each application for a road easement across state land. The commissioner must give the applicant an estimate of the costs of the road easement before the applicant submits the fee. The application fee is nonrefundable, even if the application is withdrawn or denied.
- (d) In addition to the payment for the market value of the easement and the application fee, the commissioner of natural resources shall assess the applicant a monitoring fee to cover the projected reasonable costs for monitoring the construction of the road and preparing special terms and conditions for the easement. The commissioner must give the applicant an estimate of the monitoring fee before the applicant submits the fee. The applicant shall pay the application and monitoring fees to the commissioner of natural resources. The commissioner shall not issue the easement until the applicant has paid in full the application fee, the monitoring fee, and the market value payment for the easement.
- (e) Upon completion of construction of the road, the commissioner shall refund the unobligated balance from the monitoring fee revenue.
- (f) Fees collected under paragraph paragraphs (c) and (d) must be deposited in credited to the land management account in the natural resources fund and are appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources to cover the reasonable costs incurred under this section.
  - Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.632, is amended to read:

#### 84.632 CONVEYANCE OF UNNEEDED STATE EASEMENTS.

40.1	(a) Notwithstanding section 92.45, the commissioner of natural resources may,
40.2	in the name of the state, release all or part of an easement acquired by the state upon
40.3	application of a landowner whose property is burdened with the easement if the easement
40.4	is not needed for state purposes.
40.5	(b) All or part of an easement may be released by payment of consideration of not
40.6	less than \$500, to be determined by the commissioner the market value of the easement.
40.7	The release must be in a form approved by the attorney general.
40.8	(c) Money received for release of the easement under paragraph (b) must be credited
40.9	to the account from which money was expended for purchase of the easement. If there is
40.10	no specific account, the money must be credited to the land acquisition account established
40.11	in section 94.165.
40.12	(d) In addition to payment under paragraph (b), the commissioner of natural
40.13	resources shall assess a landowner who applies for a release under this section an
40.14	application fee of \$2,000 for reviewing the application and preparing the release of
40.15	easement. The applicant shall pay the application fee to the commissioner of natural
40.16	resources. The commissioner shall not issue the release of easement until the applicant
40.17	has paid the application fee in full. The commissioner shall not return the application fee,
40.18	even if the application is withdrawn or denied.
40.19	(e) Money received under paragraph (d) must be credited to the land management
40.20	account in the natural resources fund and is appropriated to the commissioner of natural
40.21	resources to cover the reasonable costs incurred under this section.
40.22	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.922, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
40.23	Subd. 1a. Exemptions. All-terrain vehicles exempt from registration are:
40.24	(1) vehicles owned and used by the United States, the state, another state, or a
40.25	political subdivision;
40.26	(2) vehicles registered in another state or country that have not been in this state for
40.27	more than 30 consecutive days;
40.28	(3) vehicles that:
40.29	(i) are owned by a resident of another state or country that does not require
40.30	registration of all-terrain vehicles;
40.31	(ii) have not been in this state for more than 30 consecutive days; and
40.32	(iii) are operated on state and grant-in-aid trails by a nonresident possessing a
40.33	nonresident all-terrain vehicle state trail pass;

(3) (4) vehicles used exclusively in organized track racing events; and

41.1	(4) (5) vehicles that are 25 years old or older and were originally produced as a
41.2	separate identifiable make by a manufacturer.
41.3	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2010.
41.4	Sec. 18. [84.9275] NONRESIDENT ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE STATE TRAIL
41.5	PASS.
41.6	Subdivision 1. Pass required; fee. (a) A nonresident may not operate an all-terrain
41.7	vehicle on a state or grant-in-aid all-terrain vehicle trail unless the operator carries a valid
41.8	nonresident all-terrain vehicle state trail pass in immediate possession. The pass must
41.9	be available for inspection by a peace officer, a conservation officer, or an employee
41.10	designated under section 84.0835.
41.11	(b) The commissioner of natural resources shall issue a pass upon application and
41.12	payment of a \$20 fee. The pass is valid from January 1 through December 31. Fees
41.13	collected under this section, except for the issuing fee for licensing agents, shall be
41.14	deposited in the state treasury and credited to the all-terrain vehicle account in the natural
41.15	resources fund and, except for the electronic licensing system commission established by
41.16	the commissioner under section 84.027, subdivision 15, must be used for grants-in-aid to
41.17	counties and municipalities for all-terrain vehicle organizations to construct and maintain
41.18	all-terrain vehicle trails and use areas.
41.19	(c) A nonresident all-terrain vehicle state trail pass is not required for:
41.20	(1) an all-terrain vehicle that is owned and used by the United States, another state,
41.21	or a political subdivision thereof that is exempt from registration under section 84.922,
41.22	subdivision 1a; or
41.23	(2) a person operating an all-terrain vehicle only on the portion of a trail that is
41.24	owned by the person or the person's spouse, child, or parent.
41.25	Subd. 2. License agents. The commissioner may appoint agents to issue and sell
41.26	nonresident all-terrain vehicle state trail passes. The commissioner may revoke the
41.27	appointment of an agent at any time. The commissioner may adopt additional rules as
41.28	provided in section 97A.485, subdivision 11. An agent shall observe all rules adopted
41.29	by the commissioner for accounting and handling of passes pursuant to section 97A.485,
41.30	subdivision 11. An agent shall promptly deposit and remit all money received from the
41.31	sale of the passes, exclusive of the issuing fee, to the commissioner.
41 32	Subd. 3. Issuance of passes. The commissioner and agents shall issue and sell

nonresident all-terrain vehicle state trail passes. The commissioner shall also make the

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passes available through the electronic licensing system established under section 84.027, subdivision 15.

- Subd. 4. Agent's fee. In addition to the fee for a pass, an issuing fee of \$1 per pass shall be charged. The issuing fee may be retained by the seller of the pass. Issuing fees for passes issued by the commissioner shall be deposited in the all-terrain vehicle account in the natural resources fund and retained for the operation of the electronic licensing system.
- Subd. 5. **Duplicate passes.** The commissioner and agents shall issue a duplicate pass to persons whose pass is lost or destroyed using the process established under section 97A.405, subdivision 3, and rules adopted thereunder. The fee for a duplicate nonresident all-terrain vehicle state trail pass is \$2, with an issuing fee of 50 cents.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2010.

- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84D.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Receipts.** Money received from surcharges on watercraft licenses under section 86B.415, subdivision 7, and civil penalties under section 84D.13 shall be deposited in the invasive species account. Each year, the commissioner of finance shall transfer from the game and fish fund to the invasive species account, the annual surcharge collected on nonresident fishing licenses under section 97A.475, subdivision 7, paragraph (b). <u>In fiscal years 2010 and 2011</u>, the commissioner of finance shall transfer \$725,000 from the water recreation account under section 86B.706 to the invasive species account.
  - Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.015, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1b. **Easements for ingress and egress.** (a) Notwithstanding section 16A.695, except as provided in paragraph (b), when a trail is established under this section, a private property owner who has a preexisting right of ingress and egress over the trail right-of-way is granted, without charge, a permanent easement for ingress and egress purposes only. The easement is limited to the preexisting crossing and reverts to the state upon abandonment. Nothing in this subdivision is intended to diminish or alter any written or recorded easement that existed before the state acquired the land for the trail.
- (b) The commissioner of natural resources shall assess the applicant an application fee of \$2,000 for reviewing the application and preparing the easement. The applicant shall pay the application fee to the commissioner of natural resources. The commissioner shall not issue the easement until the applicant has paid the application fee in full. The commissioner shall not return the application fee, even if the application is withdrawn or denied.

	(c) Money received under paragraph (b) must be credited to the land management
	account in the natural resources fund and is appropriated to the commissioner of natural
	resources to cover the reasonable costs incurred under this section.
	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.053, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
	Subd. 10. Free entrance; totally and permanently disabled veterans. The
(	commissioner shall issue an annual park permit for no charge for to any veteran with a
1	total and permanent service-connected disability, as determined by the United States
	Department of Veterans Affairs, who presents each year a copy of their determination
	letter to a park attendant or commissioner's designee. For the purposes of this section,
,	"veteran" with a total and permanent service-connected disability" means a resident who
1	has a total and permanent service-connected disability as adjudicated by the United States
	Veterans Administration or by the retirement board of one of the several branches of the
	armed forces has the meaning given in section 197.447.
	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2009, for state park permits
	issued on or after that date.
	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.46, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
	Subd. 3. <b>Issuance.</b> The commissioner of natural resources and agents shall issue
ε	and sell horse trail passes. The pass shall include the applicant's signature and other
i	nformation deemed necessary by the commissioner. To be valid, a daily or annual pass
ľ	must be signed by the person riding, leading, or driving the horse, and a commercial
(	annual pass must be signed by the owner of the commercial trail riding facility.
	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2010.
	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.46, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
	Subd. 4. <b>Pass fees.</b> (a) The fee for an annual horse trail pass is \$20 for an individual
	16 years of age and over. The fee shall be collected at the time the pass is purchased.
	Annual passes are valid for one year beginning January 1 and ending December 31.
	(b) The fee for a daily horse trail pass is \$4 for an individual 16 years of age and
•	over. The fee shall be collected at the time the pass is purchased. The daily pass is valid
	only for the date designated on the pass form.
	(c) The fee for a commercial annual horse trail pass is \$200 and includes issuance
•	of 15 passes. Additional or individual commercial annual horse trail passes may be
	purchased by the commercial trail riding facility owner at a fee of \$20 each. Commercial
	annual horse trail passes are valid for one year beginning January 1 and ending December

passes are not transferable to another commercial trail riding facility. For the purposes of
this section, a "commercial trail riding facility" is an operation where horses are used for
riding instruction or other equestrian activities for hire or use by others.
<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2010.
Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.46, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. <b>Duplicate horse trail passes.</b> The commissioner of natural resources and
agents shall issue a duplicate pass to a person or commercial trail riding facility owner
whose pass is lost or destroyed using the process established under section 97A.405,
subdivision 3, and rules adopted thereunder. The fee for a duplicate horse trail pass is \$2,
with an issuing fee of 50 cents.
<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2010.
Sec. 25. [86A.055] PROHIBITION ON SALES OF OUTDOOR RECREATION
SYSTEM LANDS FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES.
Notwithstanding Laws 2005, chapter 156, article 2, section 45, as amended by Laws
2007, chapter 148, article 2, section 73, or other law to the contrary, a state agency shall
not sell land that, on or after the effective date of this section, is classified as a unit of the
outdoor recreation system under section 86A.05, for the purpose of anticipated savings
to the general fund.
<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 92.685, is amended to read:
92.685 LAND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT.
The land management account is created in the natural resources fund. Money
credited to the account is appropriated annually to the commissioner of natural resources
for the Lands and Minerals Division to administer the utility easement program under
section 84.415, the easement program under section 84.63, the road easement program
under section 84.631, the easement release program under section 84.632, and the trail
easement program under section 85.015, subdivision 1b.
Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 93.481, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Prohibition against mining without permit; application for
permit. Except as provided in this subdivision, after June 30, 1975, no person shall

engage in or carry out a mining operation for metallic minerals within the state unless the person has first obtained a permit to mine from the commissioner. Any person engaging in or carrying out a mining operation as of the effective date of the rules promulgated adopted under section 93.47 shall apply for a permit to mine within 180 days after the effective date of such rules. Any such existing mining operation may continue during the pendency of the application for the permit to mine. The person applying for a permit shall apply on forms prescribed by the commissioner and shall submit such information as the commissioner may require, including but not limited to the following:

- (a) (1) a proposed plan for the reclamation or restoration, or both, of any mining area affected by mining operations to be conducted on and after the date on which permits are required for mining under this section;
- (b) (2) a certificate issued by an insurance company authorized to do business in the United States that the applicant has a public liability insurance policy in force for the mining operation for which the permit is sought, or evidence that the applicant has satisfied other state or federal self-insurance requirements, to provide personal injury and property damage protection in an amount adequate to compensate any persons who might be damaged as a result of the mining operation or any reclamation or restoration operations connected with the mining operation;
- (3) an application fee of:

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- 45.20 (i) \$25,000 for a permit to mine for a taconite mining operation;
- 45.21 (ii) \$50,000 for a permit to mine for a nonferrous metallic minerals operation;
- 45.22 (iii) \$10,000 for a permit to mine for a scram mining operation; or
- 45.23 (iv) \$5,000 for a permit to mine for a peat operation;
- 45.24 (e) (4) a bond which may be required pursuant to section 93.49; and
  - (d) (5) a copy of the applicant's advertisement of the ownership, location, and boundaries of the proposed mining area and reclamation or restoration operations, which advertisement shall be published in a legal newspaper in the locality of the proposed site at least once a week for four successive weeks before the application is filed, except that if the application is for a permit to conduct lean ore stockpile removal the advertisement need be published only once.
    - Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 93.481, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 3. **Term of permit; amendment.** A permit issued by the commissioner pursuant to this section shall be granted for the term determined necessary by the commissioner for the completion of the proposed mining operation, including reclamation or restoration. A permit may be amended upon written application to the commissioner.

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A permit amendment application fee must be submitted with the written application. The
permit amendment application fee is ten percent of the amount provided for in subdivision
1, clause (3), for an application for the applicable permit to mine. If the commissioner
determines that the proposed amendment constitutes a substantial change to the permit,
the person applying for the amendment shall publish notice in the same manner as for a
new permit, and a hearing shall be held if written objections are received in the same
manner as for a new permit. An amendment may be granted by the commissioner if the
commissioner determines that lawful requirements have been met.

- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 93.481, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Assignment.** A permit may not be assigned or otherwise transferred without the written approval of the commissioner. A permit assignment application fee must be submitted with the written application. The permit assignment application fee is ten percent of the amount provided for in subdivision 1, clause (3), for an application for the applicable permit to mine.
  - Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 93.481, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Mining administration account.** The mining administration account is established as an account in the natural resources fund. Ferrous mining administrative Fees charged to owners, operators, or managers of mines <u>under this section and section 93.482</u> shall be credited to the account and may be appropriated to the commissioner to cover the costs of providing and monitoring permits to mine ferrous metals under this section. Earnings accruing from investment of the account remain with the account until appropriated.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

# Sec. 31. [93.482] RECLAMATION FEES.

- Subdivision 1. Annual permit to mine fee. (a) The commissioner shall charge every person holding a permit to mine an annual permit fee. The fee is payable to the commissioner by June 30 of each year, beginning in 2009.
- (b) The annual permit to mine fee for a taconite mining operation is \$60,000 if the operation had production within the calendar year immediately preceding the year in which payment is due and \$30,000 if there was no production within the immediately preceding calendar year.
- (c) The annual permit to mine fee for a nonferrous metallic minerals mining operation is \$75,000 if the operation had production within the calendar year immediately

47.1	preceding the year in which payment is due and \$37,500 if there was no production within
47.2	the immediately preceding calendar year.
47.3	(d) The annual permit to mine fee for a scram mining operation is \$5,000 if the
47.4	operation had production within the calendar year immediately preceding the year in
47.5	which payment is due and \$2,500 if there was no production within the immediately
47.6	preceding calendar year.
47.7	(e) The annual permit to mine fee for a peat mining operation is \$1,000 if the
47.8	operation had production within the calendar year immediately preceding the year in
47.9	which payment is due and \$500 if there was no production within the immediately
47.10	preceding calendar year.
47.11	Subd. 2. Supplemental application fee for taconite and nonferrous metallic
47.12	minerals mining operation. (a) In addition to the application fee specified in section
47.13	93.481, the commissioner shall assess a person submitting an application for a permit to
47.14	mine for a taconite or a nonferrous metallic minerals mining operation the reasonable
47.15	costs for reviewing the application and preparing the permit to mine. For nonferrous
47.16	metallic minerals mining, the commissioner shall assess reasonable costs for monitoring
47.17	construction of the mining facilities.
47.18	(b) The commissioner must give the applicant an estimate of the supplemental
47.19	application fee under this subdivision. The estimate must include a brief description
47.20	of the tasks to be performed and the estimated cost of each task. The application fee
47.21	under section 93.481 must be subtracted from the estimate of costs to determine the
47.22	supplemental application fee.
47.23	(c) The applicant and the commissioner shall enter into a written agreement to cover
47.24	the estimated costs to be incurred by the commissioner.
47.25	(d) The commissioner shall not issue the permit to mine until the applicant has paid
47.26	all fees in full. Upon completion of construction of a nonferrous metallic minerals facility,
47.27	the commissioner shall refund the unobligated balance of the monitoring fee revenue.
47.28	Subd. 3. Reclamation fee on taconite iron ore produced. (a) For the purposes
47.29	of this subdivision:
47.30	(1) "fee owner" means a person having any right, title, or interest in any minerals
47.31	or mineral rights in this state from which taconite iron ore is mined. Fee owner does not
47.32	include the United States, the state, or the University of Minnesota;
47.33	(2) "taconite iron ore" means a ferruginous chert or ferruginous slate in the form of

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compact siliceous rock, in which the iron oxide is so finely disseminated that substantially

all of the iron bearing particles of merchantable grade are smaller than 20 mesh; and

(3) "ton" means a gross ton of 2,240 pounds.

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(b) A fee owner is subject to a reclamation fee of \$.0075 per ton of taconite iron of	ore
mined from the minerals or mineral rights owned by the fee owner.	
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(c) The fee owner shall make payment to the commissioner no later than January 20 of each calendar year for ore removed during the previous calendar year. The fee owner is liable for the payment of the reclamation fee. The fee owner may enter into an agreement with the mining operator to make the payment on their behalf from royalties due and owing or other financial terms.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 94.342, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Additional restrictions on riparian land.** (a) Land bordering on or adjacent to any meandered or other public waters and withdrawn from sale by law is riparian land. Riparian land may not be given in exchange unless:
  - (1) expressly authorized by the legislature or unless;
- (2) through the same exchange the state acquires land on the same or other public waters in the same general vicinity affording at least equal opportunity for access to the waters and other riparian use by the public;

# (3) Class A land is being exchanged for Class A land; or

provided, that any (4) the exchange with is an agency of the United States or any agency thereof may be made free from this limitation upon condition that and the state land given in exchange bordering on public waters shall be subject to reservations by the state for public travel along the shores as provided by section 92.45, unless waived as provided in this subdivision paragraph (b), and that there shall be reserved by the state such additional rights of public use upon suitable portions of such state land as the commissioner of natural resources, with the approval of the Land Exchange Board, may deem necessary or desirable for camping, hunting, fishing, access to the water, and other public uses.

In regard to (b) For Class B or riparian land that is contained within that portion of the Superior National Forest that is designated as the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness, the condition that state land given in exchange bordering on public waters must be subject to the public travel reservations provided in section 92.45, may be waived by the Land Exchange Board upon the recommendation of the commissioner of natural resources and, if the land is Class B land, the additional recommendation of the county board in which the land is located.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 97A.075, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

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- Subdivision 1. **Deer, bear, and lifetime licenses.** (a) For purposes of this subdivision, "deer license" means a license issued under section 97A.475, subdivisions 2, clauses (5), (6), (7), (11), (13), (15), (16), and (17), and 3, clauses (2), (3), (4), (9), (11), (12), and (13), and licenses issued under section 97B.301, subdivision 4.
- (b) \$2 from each annual deer license and \$2 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund, established in section 97A.4742, for each license issued under section 97A.473, subdivision 4, shall be credited to the deer management account and shall be used for deer habitat improvement or deer management programs.
- (c) \$1 from each annual deer license and each bear license and \$1 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund, established in section 97A.4742, for each license issued under section 97A.473, subdivision 4, shall be credited to the deer and bear management account and shall be used for deer and bear management programs, including a computerized licensing system.
- (d) Fifty cents from each deer license is credited to the emergency deer feeding and wild cervidae health management account and is appropriated for emergency deer feeding and wild cervidae health management. Money appropriated for emergency deer feeding and wild cervidae health management is available until expended. When the unencumbered balance in the appropriation for emergency deer feeding and wild cervidae health management at the end of a fiscal year exceeds \$2,500,000 for the first time, \$750,000 is canceled to the unappropriated balance of the game and fish fund. The commissioner must inform the legislative chairs of the natural resources finance committees every two years on how the money for emergency deer feeding and wild cervidae health management has been spent.

Thereafter, When the unencumbered balance in the appropriation for emergency deer feeding and wild cervidae health management exceeds \$2,500,000 at the end of a fiscal year, the unencumbered balance in excess of \$2,500,000 is canceled and available for deer and bear management programs and computerized licensing.

- Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103G.271, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. Water use permit processing fee. (a) Except as described in paragraphs (b) to (f), a water use permit processing fee must be prescribed by the commissioner in accordance with the schedule of fees in this subdivision for each water use permit in force at any time during the year. The schedule is as follows, with the stated fee in each clause applied to the total amount appropriated:
  - (1) \$140 for amounts not exceeding 50,000,000 gallons per year;

50.1	(2) \$3.50 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 50,000,000 gallons but less
50.2	than 100,000,000 gallons per year;
50.3	(3) \$4 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 100,000,000 gallons but less
50.4	than 150,000,000 gallons per year;
50.5	(4) \$4.50 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 150,000,000 gallons but
50.6	less than 200,000,000 gallons per year;
50.7	(5) \$5 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 200,000,000 gallons but less
50.8	than 250,000,000 gallons per year;
50.9	(6) \$5.50 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 250,000,000 gallons but
50.10	less than 300,000,000 gallons per year;
50.11	(7) \$6 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 300,000,000 gallons but less
50.12	than 350,000,000 gallons per year;
50.13	(8) \$6.50 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 350,000,000 gallons but
50.14	less than 400,000,000 gallons per year;
50.15	(9) \$7 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 400,000,000 gallons but less
50.16	than 450,000,000 gallons per year;
50.17	(10) \$7.50 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 450,000,000 gallons but
50.18	less than 500,000,000 gallons per year; and
50.19	(11) \$8 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 500,000,000 gallons per year.
50.20	(b) For once-through cooling systems, a water use processing fee must be prescribed
50.21	by the commissioner in accordance with the following schedule of fees for each water use
50.22	permit in force at any time during the year:
50.23	(1) for nonprofit corporations and school districts, \$200 per 1,000,000 gallons; and
50.24	(2) for all other users, \$420 per 1,000,000 gallons.
50.25	(c) The fee is payable based on the amount of water appropriated during the year
50.26	and, except as provided in paragraph (f), the minimum fee is \$100.
50.27	(d) For water use processing fees other than once-through cooling systems:
50.28	(1) the fee for a city of the first class may not exceed \$250,000 per year;
50.29	(2) the fee for other entities for any permitted use may not exceed:
50.30	(i) \$50,000 \$60,000 per year for an entity holding three or fewer permits;
50.31	(ii) \$75,000 \$90,000 per year for an entity holding four or five permits;
50.32	(iii) \$250,000 \$300,000 per year for an entity holding more than five permits;
50.33	(3) the fee for agricultural irrigation may not exceed \$750 per year;
50.34	(4) the fee for a municipality that furnishes electric service and cogenerates steam
50.35	for home heating may not exceed \$10,000 for its permit for water use related to the
50.36	cogeneration of electricity and steam; and

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- (5) no fee is required for a project involving the appropriation of surface water to prevent flood damage or to remove flood waters during a period of flooding, as determined by the commissioner.
- (e) Failure to pay the fee is sufficient cause for revoking a permit. A penalty of two percent per month calculated from the original due date must be imposed on the unpaid balance of fees remaining 30 days after the sending of a second notice of fees due. A fee may not be imposed on an agency, as defined in section 16B.01, subdivision 2, or federal governmental agency holding a water appropriation permit.
- (f) The minimum water use processing fee for a permit issued for irrigation of agricultural land is \$20 for years in which:
  - (1) there is no appropriation of water under the permit; or
- (2) the permit is suspended for more than seven consecutive days between May 1 and October 1.
- (g) A surcharge of \$20 \$30 per million gallons in addition to the fee prescribed in paragraph (a) shall be applied to the volume of water used in each of the months of June, July, and August that exceeds the volume of water used in January for municipal water use, irrigation of golf courses, and landscape irrigation. The surcharge for municipalities with more than one permit shall be determined based on the total appropriations from all permits that supply a common distribution system.
  - Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103G.301, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Permit application fees.** (a) A permit application fee to defray the costs of receiving, recording, and processing the application must be paid for a permit authorized under this chapter and for each request to amend or transfer an existing permit. <u>Fees established under this subdivision, unless specified in paragraph (c), shall be compliant</u> with section 16A.1285.
- (b) The fee for a project appropriating Proposed projects that require water in excess of 100 million gallons per year must be assessed fees to recover the reasonable costs of preparing and processing the permit, including costs incurred to evaluate the project and the costs incurred for environmental review. Fees collected under this paragraph must be credited to an account in the natural resources fund and are appropriated to the commissioner for fiscal years 2008 and 2009.
- (c) The fee to apply for a permit to appropriate water, other than a permit subject to the in addition to any fee under paragraph (b); a permit to construct or repair a dam that is subject to dam safety inspection; or a state general permit or to apply for the state water bank program is \$150. The application fee for a permit to work in public waters or

52.1	to divert waters for mining must be at least \$150, but not more than \$1,000, according to a
52.2	schedule of fees adopted under section 16A.1285.
52.3	Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103G.301, subdivision 3, is amended to read
52.4	Subd. 3. <b>Field inspection fees.</b> (a) In addition to the application fee, the
52.5	commissioner may charge a field inspection fee for:
52.6	(1) projects requiring a mandatory environmental assessment under chapter 116D;
52.7	(2) projects undertaken without a required permit or application; and
52.8	(3) projects undertaken in excess of limitations established in an issued permit.
52.9	(b) The fee must be at least \$100 but not more than actual inspection costs.
52.10	(c) The fee is to cover actual costs related to a permit applied for under this chapter
52.11	or for a project undertaken without proper authorization.
52.12	(d) The commissioner shall establish a schedule of field inspection fees under section
52.13	16A.1285. The schedule must include actual costs related to field inspection, including
52.14	investigations of the area affected by the proposed activity, analysis of the proposed
52.15	activity, consultant services, and subsequent monitoring, if any, of the activity authorized
52.16	by the permit. Fees collected under this subdivision must be credited to an account in the
52.17	natural resources fund and are appropriated to the commissioner.
52.18	Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 115.03, subdivision 5c, is amended to read:
52.19	Subd. 5c. Regulation of storm water discharges. (a) The agency may issue a
52.20	general permit to any category or subcategory of point source storm water discharges
52.21	that it deems administratively reasonable and efficient without making any findings
52.22	under agency rules. Nothing in this subdivision precludes the agency from requiring an
52.23	individual permit for a point source storm water discharge if the agency finds that it is
52.24	appropriate under applicable legal or regulatory standards.
52.25	(b) Pursuant to this paragraph, the legislature authorizes the agency to adopt and
52.26	enforce rules regulating point source storm water discharges. No further legislative
52.27	approval is required under any other legal or statutory provision whether enacted before or
52.28	after May 29, 2003.
52.29	(c) The agency shall develop performance standards, design standards, or other
52.30	tools to enable and promote the implementation of low-impact development and other
52.31	storm water management techniques. For the purposes of this section, "low-impact
52.32	development" means an approach to storm water management that mimics a site's natural

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hydrology as the landscape is developed. Using the low-impact development approach,

storm water is managed on-site and the rate and volume of predevelopment storm water

53.1	reaching receiving waters is unchanged. The calculation of predevelopment hydrology is
53.2	based on native soil and vegetation.
53.3	Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 115.073, is amended to read:
53.4	115.073 ENFORCEMENT FUNDING.
53.5	Except as provided in section 115C.05, all money recovered by the state under this
53.6	chapter and chapters 115A and 116, including civil penalties and money paid under an
53.7	agreement, stipulation, or settlement, excluding money paid for past due fees or taxes,
53.8	up to the amount appropriated for implementation of Laws 1991, chapter 347, must be
53.9	deposited in the state treasury and credited to the environmental fund.
53.10	Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 115.56, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
53.11	Subd. 4. License fee. (a) Until the agency adopts a final rule establishing fees for
53.12	licenses under subdivision 2, the fee for a license required under subdivision 2 is \$100
53.13	\$200 per year and the annual license fee for a business with multiple licenses shall not
53.14	exceed \$400.
53.15	(b) Revenue from the any fees charged by the agency for licenses under subdivision
53.16	2 must be credited to the environmental fund and is exempt from section 16A.1285.
53.17	Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 115.77, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
53.18	Subdivision 1. Fees established. The following fees are established for the
53.19	purposes indicated: agency shall collect fees in amounts necessary, but no greater than the
53.20	amounts necessary, to cover the reasonable costs of reviewing applications and issuing
53.21	certifications.
53.22	(1) application for examination, \$32;
53.23	(2) issuance of certificate, \$23;
53.24	(3) reexamination resulting from failure to pass an examination, \$32;
53.25	(4) renewal of certificate, \$23;
53.26	(5) replacement certificate, \$10; and
53.27	(6) reinstatement or reciprocity certificate, \$40.
53.28	Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 115A.1314, subdivision 2, is amended to
53.29	read:
53.30	Subd. 2. Creation of account; appropriations. (a) The electronic waste account
53.31	is established in the environmental fund. The commissioner of revenue must deposit
53.32	receipts from the fee established in subdivision 1 in the account. Any interest earned on

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the account must be credited to the account. Money from other sources may be credited to the account. Beginning in the second program year and continuing each program year thereafter, as of the last day of each program year, the commissioner of revenue shall determine the total amount of the variable fees that were collected. By July 15, 2009, and each July 15 thereafter, the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall inform the commissioner of revenue of the amount necessary to operate the program in the new program year. To the extent that the total fees collected by the commissioner of revenue in connection with this section exceed the amount the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency determines necessary to operate the program for the new program year, the commissioner of revenue shall refund on a pro rata basis, to all manufacturers who paid any fees for the previous program year, the amount of fees collected by the commissioner of revenue in excess of the amount necessary to operate the program for the new program year. No individual refund is required of amounts of \$100 or less for a fiscal year. Manufacturers who report collections less than 50 percent of their obligation for the previous program year are not eligible for a refund. Amounts not refunded pursuant to this paragraph shall remain in the account. The commissioner of revenue shall issue refunds by August 10. In lieu of issuing a refund, the commissioner of revenue may grant credit against a manufacturer's variable fee due by September 1.

- (b) Until June 30, <u>2009</u> <u>2011</u>, money in the account is annually appropriated to the Pollution Control Agency:
- (1) for the purpose of implementing sections 115A.1312 to 115A.1330, including transfer to the commissioner of revenue to carry out the department's duties under section 115A.1320, subdivision 2, and transfer to the commissioner of administration for responsibilities under section 115A.1324; and
- (2) to the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency to be distributed on a competitive basis through contracts with counties outside the 11-county metropolitan area, as defined in paragraph (c), and with private entities that collect for recycling covered electronic devices in counties outside the 11-county metropolitan area, where the collection and recycling is consistent with the respective county's solid waste plan, for the purpose of carrying out the activities under sections 115A.1312 to 115A.1330. In awarding competitive grants under this clause, the commissioner must give preference to counties and private entities that are working cooperatively with manufacturers to help them meet their recycling obligations under section 115A.1318, subdivision 1.
- (c) The 11-county metropolitan area consists of the counties of Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright.

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Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 115A.557, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Distribution; formula.** Any funds appropriated to the commissioner for the purpose of distribution to counties under this section must be distributed each fiscal year by the commissioner based on population, except a county may not receive less than \$55,000 in a fiscal year. If the amount available for distribution under this section is less or more than the amount available in fiscal year 2001, the minimum county payment under this section is reduced or increased proportionately. For purposes of this subdivision, "population" has the definition given in section 477A.011, subdivision 3. A county that participates in a multicounty district that manages solid waste and that has responsibility for recycling programs as authorized in section 115A.552, must pass through to the districts funds received by the county in excess of the minimum county payment under this section in proportion to the population of the county served by that district.

# Sec. 43. [115A.559] COMPOSTING COMPETITIVE GRANT PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. Grant program established. The commissioner shall make competitive grants to political subdivisions to increase composting, reduce the amount of organic wastes entering disposal facilities, and reduce the costs associated with hauling waste by locating the composting site as close as possible to the site where the waste is generated. To achieve the purpose of the grant program, the commissioner shall actively recruit potential applicants beyond traditional solid waste professionals and organizations, such as soil and water conservation districts and schools. Each grant must include an educational component on the methods and benefits of composting.

- <u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Application.</u> (a) The commissioner must develop forms and procedures for soliciting and reviewing applications for grants under this section.
- (b) The determination of whether to make a grant under this section is within the discretion of the commissioner, subject to subdivision 4. The commissioner's decisions are not subject to judicial review, except for abuse of discretion.
- Subd. 3. **Priorities; eligible projects.** (a) If applications for grants exceed the available appropriations, grants must be made for projects that, in the commissioner's judgment, provide the highest return in public benefits.
  - (b) To be eligible to receive a grant, a project must:
- 55.31 (1) be locally administered;
- 55.32 (2) have measurable outcomes; and
- 55.33 (3) include at least one of the following elements:
- 55.34 (i) the development of erosion control methods that use compost;

56.1	(11) activities to encourage on-site composting by homeowners; or
56.2	(iii) activities to encourage composting by schools or public institutions.
56.3	Subd. 4. Cancellation of grant. If a grant is awarded under this section and
56.4	funds are not encumbered for the grant within four years after the award date, the grant
56.5	must be canceled.
56.6	Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 115A.931, is amended to read:
56.7	115A.931 YARD WASTE PROHIBITION.
56.8	(a) Except as authorized by the agency, in the metropolitan area after January 1,
56.9	1990, and outside the metropolitan area after January 1, 1992, a person may not place
56.10	yard waste:
56.11	(1) in mixed municipal solid waste;
56.12	(2) in a disposal facility; or
56.13	(3) in a resource recovery facility except for the purposes of reuse, composting, or
56.14	cocomposting.
56.15	(b) [Renumbered 115A.03, subd 38]
56.16	(c) On or after January 1, 2010, a person may not place yard waste or
56.17	source-separated compostable materials generated in a metropolitan county in a plastic bag
56.18	delivered to a transfer station or compost facility unless the bag meets all the specifications
56.19	in ASTM Standard Specification for Compostable Plastics (D6400). For purposes of this
56.20	paragraph, "metropolitan county" has the meaning given in section 473.121, subdivision
56.21	4, and "ASTM" has the meaning given in section 296A.01, subdivision 6.
56.22	(d) A person who immediately empties a plastic bag containing yard waste or
56.23	source-separated compostable materials delivered to a transfer station or compost facility
56.24	and removes the plastic bag from the transfer station or compost facility is exempt from
56.25	paragraph (c).
56.26	(e) Residents of a city of the first class that currently contracts for the collection of
56.27	yard waste are exempt from paragraph (c) until January 1, 2013, if, by that date, the
56.28	city implements a citywide source-separated compostable materials collection program
56.29	using durable carts.
56.30	Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116.0711, is amended to read:
56.31	116.0711 FEEDLOT PERMIT CONDITIONS PERMITS; CONDITIONS;
56.32	COUNTY GRANTS.
56.33	Subdivision 1. Conditions. (a) The agency shall not require feedlot permittees to
56.34	maintain records as to rainfall or snowfall as a condition of a general feedlot permit if the

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owner directs the commissioner or agent of the commissioner to appropriate data on precipitation maintained by a government agency or educational institution.

- (b) A feedlot permittee shall give notice to the agency when the permittee proposes to transfer ownership or control of the feedlot to a new party. The commissioner shall not unreasonably withhold or unreasonably delay approval of any transfer request. This request shall be handled in accordance with sections 116.07 and 15.992.
- (c) The Environmental Quality Board shall review and recommend modifications to environmental review rules related to phased actions and animal agriculture facilities. The Environmental Quality Board shall report recommendations to the chairs of the committees of the senate and house of representatives with jurisdiction over agriculture and the environment by January 15, 2002.
- (d) If the owner of an animal feedlot requests an extension for an application for a national pollutant discharge elimination permit or state disposal system permit by June 1, 2001, then the agency shall grant an extension for the application to September 1, 2001.
- (e) (c) An animal feedlot in shoreland that has been unused may resume operation after obtaining a permit from the agency or county, regardless of the number of years that the feedlot was unused.
- Subd. 2. County feedlot program grants; three-part formula. (a) Money appropriated to the commissioner to make grants to delegated counties to administer the county feedlot program must be distributed according to the three-part formula in paragraphs (b) to (d).
- (b) Number of feedlots in the county: 60 percent of the total appropriation must be distributed according to the number of feedlots that are required to be registered in the county. Grants awarded under this paragraph must be matched with a combination of local cash and in-kind contributions.
- (c) Minimum program requirements: 25 percent of the total appropriation must be distributed based on the county (1) conducting an annual number of inspections at feedlots that is equal to or greater than seven percent of the total number of registered feedlots that are required to be registered in the county; and (2) meeting noninspection minimum program requirements as identified in the county feedlot workplan form. Counties that do not meet the inspection requirement must not receive 50 percent of the eligible funding under this paragraph. Counties must receive funding for noninspection requirements under this paragraph according to a scoring system checklist administered by the commissioner. The commissioner, in consultation with the Minnesota Association of County Feedlot Officers executive team, shall make a final decision regarding any appeal by a county regarding the terms and conditions of this paragraph.

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(d) Performance credits: 15 percent of the total appropriation must be distributed according to work that has been done by the counties during the fiscal year. The amount must be determined by the number of performance credits a county accumulates during the year based on a performance credit matrix jointly agreed upon by the commissioner in consultation with the Minnesota Association of County Feedlot Officers executive team. To receive an award under this paragraph, the county must meet the requirements of paragraph (c), clause (1), and achieve 90 percent of the requirements according to paragraph (c), clause (2), of the formula. The rate of reimbursement per performance credit item must not exceed \$200.

Subd. 3. Minimum grant; prorated grant; transfers. Delegated counties are eligible for a minimum grant of \$7,500. To receive the full \$7,500 amount, a county must meet the requirements under subdivision 2, paragraph (c). Nondelegated counties that apply for delegation shall receive a grant prorated according to the number of full quarters remaining in the program year from the date of commissioner approval of the delegation. Awards to any newly delegated counties must be made out of the appropriation reserved under subdivision 2, paragraph (d). The commissioner, in consultation with the Minnesota Association of County Feedlot Officers executive team, may decide to use money reserved under subdivision 2, paragraph (d), in an amount not to exceed five percent of the total annual appropriation for initiatives to enhance existing delegated county feedlot programs, information and education, or technical assistance efforts to reduce feedlot-related pollution hazards. Any amount remaining after distribution under subdivision 2, paragraph (d).

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Training and certification programs.** The agency shall develop standards of competence for persons operating and inspecting various classes of disposal facilities. The agency shall conduct training programs for persons operating facilities for the disposal of waste and for inspectors of such facilities, and <a href="may\_shall">may\_shall</a> charge such fees as are necessary to cover the actual costs of the training programs. All fees received shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Pollution Control Agency training account and are appropriated to the agency to pay expenses relating to the training of disposal facility personnel.

The agency shall require operators and inspectors of such facilities to obtain from the agency a certificate of competence. The agency shall conduct examinations to test the competence of applicants for certification, and shall require that certificates be renewed at reasonable intervals. The agency may charge such fees as are necessary to cover the actual

59.1	costs of receiving and processing applications, conducting examinations, and issuing			
59.2	and renewing certificates. Certificates shall not be required for a private individual for			
59.3	land-spreading and associated interim and temporary storage of sewage sludge on property			
59.4	owned or farmed by that individual.			
59.5	Sec. 47. [116.9401] DEFINITIONS.			
59.6	(a) For the purposes of sections 116.9401 to 116.9407, the following terms have			
59.7	the meanings given them.			
59.8	(b) "Agency" means the Pollution Control Agency.			
	(c) "Alternative" means a substitute process, product, material, chemical, strategy,			
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59.10	or combination of these that is technically feasible and serves a functionally equivalent			
59.11	purpose to a chemical in a children's product.			
59.12	(d) "Chemical" means a substance with a distinct molecular composition or a group			
59.13	of structurally related substances and includes the breakdown products of the substance or			
59.14	substances that form through decomposition, degradation, or metabolism.			
59.15	(e) "Chemical of high concern" means a chemical identified on the basis of credible			
59.16	scientific evidence by a state, federal, or international agency as being known or suspected			
59.17	with a high degree of probability to:			
59.18	(1) harm the normal development of a fetus or child or cause other developmental			
59.19	toxicity;			
59.20	(2) cause cancer, genetic damage, or reproductive harm;			
59.21	(3) disrupt the endocrine or hormone system;			
59.22	(4) damage the nervous system, immune system, or organs, or cause other systemic			
59.23	toxicity;			
59.24	(5) be persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic; or			
59.25	(6) be very persistent and very bioaccumulative.			
59.26	(f) "Child" means a person under 12 years of age.			
59.27	(g) "Children's product" means a consumer product intended for use by children,			
59.28	such as baby products, toys, car seats, personal care products, and clothing.			
59.29	(h) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency.			
59.30	(i) "Department" means the Department of Health.			
59.31	(j) "Distributor" means a person who sells consumer products to retail establishments			
59.32	on a wholesale basis.			
59.33	(k) "Green chemistry" means an approach to designing and manufacturing products			
59.34	that minimizes the use and generation of toxic substances.			

	(l) "Manufacturer" means any person who manufactures a final consumer product
	sold at retail or whose brand name is affixed to the consumer product. In the case of a
	consumer product imported into the United States, manufacturer includes the importer
	or domestic distributor of the consumer product if the person who manufactured or
	assembled the consumer product or whose brand name is affixed to the consumer product
	does not have a presence in the United States.
	(m) "Priority chemical" means a chemical identified by the Department of Health as
	a chemical of high concern that meets the criteria in section 116.9403.
	(n) "Safer alternative" means an alternative whose potential to harm human health is
	less than that of the use of a priority chemical that it could replace.
	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
	Sec. 48. [116.9402] IDENTIFICATION OF CHEMICALS OF HIGH CONCERN.
	(a) By July 1, 2010, the department shall, after consultation with the agency,
£	generate a list of chemicals of high concern.
	(b) The department must periodically review and revise the list of chemicals of high
(	concern at least every three years. The department may add chemicals to the list if the
(	chemical meets one or more of the criteria in section 116.9401, paragraph (e).
	(c) The department shall consider chemicals listed as a suspected carcinogen,
r	reproductive or developmental toxicant, or as being persistent, bioaccumulative, and
1	toxic, or very persistent and very bioaccumulative by a state, federal, or international
2	agency. These agencies may include, but are not limited to, the California Environmental
I	Protection Agency, the Washington Department of Ecology, the United States Department
(	of Health, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the United Nation's World
I	Health Organization, and European Parliament Annex X1V concerning the Registration,
]	Evaluation, Authorisation, and Restriction of Chemicals.
	(d) The department may consider chemicals listed by another state as harmful to
	human health or the environment for possible inclusion in the list of chemicals of high
	concern.
	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
	Sec. 49. [116.9403] IDENTIFICATION OF PRIORITY CHEMICALS.
	(a) The department, after consultation with the agency, may designate a chemical of
]	high concern as a priority chemical if the department finds that the chemical:
	(1) has been identified as a high-production volume chemical by the United States
	Environmental Protection Agency; and

61.1	(2) meets any of the following criteria:
61.2	(i) the chemical has been found through biomonitoring to be present in human blood,
61.3	including umbilical cord blood, breast milk, urine, or other bodily tissues or fluids;
61.4	(ii) the chemical has been found through sampling and analysis to be present in
61.5	household dust, indoor air, drinking water, or elsewhere in the home environment; or
61.6	(iii) the chemical has been found through monitoring to be present in fish, wildlife,
61.7	or the natural environment.
61.8	(b) By February 1, 2011, the department shall publish a list of priority chemicals in
61.9	the State Register and on the department's Internet Web site and shall update the published
61.10	list whenever a new priority chemical is designated.
61.11	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
61.12	Sec. 50. [116.9405] APPLICABILITY.
61.13	The requirements of sections 116.9401 to 116.9407 do not apply to:
61.14	(1) chemicals in used children's products;
61.15	(2) priority chemicals used in the manufacturing process, but that are not present
61.16	in the final product;
61.17	(3) priority chemicals used in agricultural production;
61.18	(4) motor vehicles as defined in chapter 168 or watercraft as defined in chapter
61.19	86B or their component parts, except that the use of priority chemicals in detachable
61.20	car seats is not exempt;
61.21	(5) priority chemicals generated solely as combustion by-products or that are present
61.22	in combustible fuels;
61.23	(6) retailers;
61.24	(7) pharmaceutical products or biologics;
61.25	(8) a medical device as defined in the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, United
61.26	States Code, title 21, section 321(h);
61.27	(9) food and food or beverage packaging, except a container containing baby food
61.28	or infant formula;
61.29	(10) consumer electronics products and electronic components, including but not
61.30	limited to personal computers; audio and video equipment; calculators; digital displays;
61.31	wireless phones; cameras; game consoles; printers; and handheld electronic and electrical
61.32	devices used to access interactive software or their associated peripherals; or products that
61.33	comply with the provisions of directive 2002/95/EC of the European Union, adopted by
61 34	the European Parliament and Council of the European Union now or hereafter in effect: or

(11) outdoor sport equipment, including snowmobiles as defined in section 84.81,
subdivision 3; all-terrain vehicles as defined in section 84.92, subdivision 8; personal
watercraft as defined in section 86B.005, subdivision 14a; watercraft as defined in section
86B.005, subdivision 18; and off-highway motorcycles, as defined in section 84.787,
subdivision 7, and all attachments and repair parts for all of this equipment.
<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
Sec. 51. [116.9406] DONATIONS TO THE STATE.
The commissioner may accept donations, grants, and other funds to carry out the
purposes of sections 116.9401 to 116.9407. All donations, grants, and other funds must
be accepted without preconditions regarding the outcomes of the regulatory oversight
processes set forth in sections 116.9401 to 116.9407.
<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
Sec. 52. [116.9407] PARTICIPATION IN INTERSTATE CHEMICALS
CLEARINGHOUSE.
The state may cooperate with other states in an interstate chemicals clearinghouse
regarding chemicals in consumer products, including the classification of priority
chemicals in commerce; organizing and managing available data on chemicals, including
information on uses, hazards, risks, and environmental and health concerns; and producing
and evaluating information on safer alternatives to specific uses of priority chemicals.
<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116C.834, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Costs. All costs incurred by the state to carry out its responsibilities
under the compact and under sections 116C.833 to 116C.843 shall be paid by generators
of low-level radioactive waste in this state through fees assessed by the Pollution Control
Agency. Fees may be reasonably assessed on the basis of volume or degree of hazard of
the waste produced by a generator. Costs for which fees may be assessed include, but
are not limited to:
(1) the state contribution required to join the compact;
(2) the expenses of the commission member and state agency costs incurred to
support the work of the Interstate Commission; and
(3) regulatory costs.
The fees are exempt from section 16A.1285.

Sec. 54. [216H.021] GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS REPORTING.

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Subdivision 1. Commissioner to establish reporting system and maintain inventory. In order to measure the progress in meeting the goals of section 216H.02, subdivision 1, and to provide information to develop strategies to achieve those goals, the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall establish a system for reporting and maintaining an inventory of greenhouse gas emissions. The commissioner must consult with the chief information officer of the Office of Enterprise Technology about system design and operation. Greenhouse gas emissions include those emissions described in section 216H.01, subdivision 2.

- Subd. 2. Reporting system design. (a) The commissioner shall, to the extent practicable, design the system to coordinate with other regional or federal greenhouse gas emissions-reporting and inventory systems. The coordination may, without limitation, include the use of similar forms and reports, the sharing of information, and the use of common facilities, systems, and databases.
- (b) The reporting system need not include all sources of emissions nor all amounts of emissions but, at its outset, must include:
- (1) all stationary sources and other facilities required to obtain a permit under Title

  V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et. seq.; and
- (2) facilities whose annual carbon dioxide equivalent emissions, as defined in section 216H.10, subdivision 3, exceed a threshold set by the commissioner at between 10,000 tons and 25,000 tons. The reporting threshold set by the commissioner must be consistent with the goal of accurately tracking progress in attaining greenhouse gas emissions-reduction goals and the need for emissions data to assist in developing greenhouse gas emissions-reduction strategies.
- (c) In designing the greenhouse gas emissions reporting system, the commissioner shall consider requiring the reporting of greenhouse gas emissions from transportation fuels and greenhouse gas emissions from natural gas combustion that are not included in reporting from stationary sources. In determining whether to include reporting of these emissions, the commissioner must consider both the goal of accurately tracking progress in attaining greenhouse gas emissions-reduction goals and the need for emissions data to assist in developing greenhouse gas emissions-reduction strategies recommended by the Minnesota Climate Change Advisory Group. If the commissioner decides that transportation fuels and portions of natural gas combustion should not be included in the initial emissions reporting system, the commissioner must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees with primary jurisdiction over energy and environmental policy the reasons for that decision

64.1	and suggestions for steps that should be taken to allow their inclusion in the emissions
64.2	reporting system in the future.
64.3	(d) A facility reporting greenhouse gas emissions under this section must maintain
64.4	the data used to create the reports for a minimum of five years.
64.5	Subd. 3. Rules. The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency may adopt rules
64.6	for the purposes of this section.
64.7	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
64.8	Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 216H.10, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
64.9	Subd. 7. High-GWP greenhouse gas. "High-GWP greenhouse gas" means
64.10	hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride, nitrous trifluoride, and any
64.11	other gas the agency determines by rule to have a high global warming potential.
64.12	Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 216H.11, is amended to read:
64.13	216H.11 HIGH-GWP GREENHOUSE GAS REPORTING.
64.14	Subdivision 1. <b>Gas manufacturers.</b> Beginning By October 1, 2008, and each year
64.15	thereafter, a manufacturer of a high-GWP greenhouse gas must report to the agency the
64.16	total amount of each high-GWP greenhouse gas sold to a purchaser in this state during
64.17	the previous year.
64.18	Subd. 2. Purchases. Beginning By October 1, 2008, and each year thereafter,
64.19	a person in this state who purchases 500 10,000 metric tons or more carbon dioxide
64.20	equivalent of a high-GWP greenhouse gas for use or retail sale in this state must report
64.21	to the agency, on a form prescribed by the commissioner, the total amount of each
64.22	high-GWP greenhouse gas purchased <u>for use or retail sale in this state</u> during the previous
64.23	year and the purpose for which the gas was used. The commissioner may adopt rules
64.24	under chapter 14 to establish a different reporting threshold or to adopt specific reporting
64.25	requirements for commercial or industrial facilities that purchase high-GWP gases for use
64.26	or retail sale in this state.
64.27	Subd. 3. Acceptance of federal filing. With the approval of the commissioner, this
64.28	section may be satisfied by filing with the commissioner a copy of a greenhouse gas
64.29	emissions report filed with a federal agency or a regional or national greenhouse gas
64.30	registry, provided that the entity with which the report is filed requires the emissions
64.31	data to be verified.

Sec. 57. [325E.046] STANDARDS FOR LABELING PLASTIC BAGS.

55.1	Subdivision 1. "Biodegradable" label. A manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler
55.2	may not offer for sale in this state a plastic bag labeled "biodegradable," "degradable,"
55.3	or any form of those terms, or in any way imply that the bag will chemically decompose
55.4	into innocuous elements in a reasonably short period of time in a landfill, composting, or
55.5	other terrestrial environment unless a scientifically based standard for biodegradability is
55.6	developed and the bags are certified as meeting the standard.
55.7	Subd. 2. "Compostable" label. A manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler may not
55.8	offer for sale in this state a plastic bag labeled "compostable" unless, at the time of sale,
55.9	the bag meets the ASTM Standard Specification for Compostable Plastics (D6400). Each
55.10	bag must be labeled to reflect that it meets the standard. For purposes of this subdivision,
55.11	"ASTM" has the meaning given in section 296A.01, subdivision 6.
55.12	Subd. 3. Enforcement; civil penalty; injunctive relief. (a) A manufacturer,
55.13	distributor, or wholesaler who violates subdivision 1 or 2 is subject to a civil penalty of
55.14	\$100 for each prepackaged saleable unit offered for sale up to a maximum of \$5,000
55.15	and may be enjoined from those violations.
55.16	(b) The attorney general may bring an action in the name of the state in a court of
55.17	competent jurisdiction for recovery of civil penalties or for injunctive relief as provided in
55.18	this subdivision. The attorney general may accept an assurance of discontinuance of acts
55.19	in violation of subdivision 1 or 2 in the manner provided in section 8.31, subdivision 2b.
55.20	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2010.
55.21	Sec. 58. [383B.236] WASTE MANAGEMENT BY HENNEPIN COUNTY.
55.22	The Hennepin County Board of Commissioners may utilize money received from
55.23	the sale of energy and recovered materials and placed in the county solid and hazardous
55.24	waste fund under section 473.811, subdivision 9, for program expenses of the Department
55.25	of Environmental Services, or the department or office succeeding to the functions of the
55.26	Department of Environmental Services. This authority shall be in addition to the authority
55.27	given in section 473.811, subdivision 9.
55.28	Sec. 59. Laws 2005, chapter 156, article 2, section 45, as amended by Laws 2007,
55.29	chapter 148, article 2, section 73, is amended to read:
55.30	Sec. 45. SALE OF STATE LAND.
55.31	Subdivision 1. <b>State land sales.</b> The commissioner of administration shall
55.32	coordinate with the head of each department or agency having control of state-owned land
55.33	to identify and sell at least \$6,440,000 of state-owned land. Sales should be completed
55.34	according to law and as provided in this section as soon as practicable but no later than

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June 30, 2009 2011. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 16B.281 and 16B.282, 94.09 and 94.10, or any other law to the contrary, the commissioner may offer land for public sale by only providing notice of lands or an offer of sale of lands to state departments or agencies, the University of Minnesota, cities, counties, towns, school districts, or other public entities.

Subd. 2. **Anticipated savings.** Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 94.16, subdivision 3, or other law to the contrary, the amount of the proceeds from the sale of land under this section that exceeds the actual expenses of selling the land must be deposited in the general fund, except as otherwise provided by the commissioner of finance. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 94.11 or 16B.283, the commissioner of finance may establish the timing of payments for land purchased under this section. If the total of all money deposited into the general fund from the proceeds of the sale of land under this section is anticipated to be less than \$6,440,000, the governor must allocate the amount of the difference as reductions to general fund operating expenditures for other executive agencies for the biennium ending June 30, 2009 2011.

Subd. 3. **Sale of state lands revolving loan fund.** \$290,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2006 to the commissioner of administration for purposes of paying the actual expenses of selling state-owned lands to achieve the anticipated savings required in this section. From the gross proceeds of land sales under this section, the commissioner of administration must cancel the amount of the appropriation in this subdivision to the general fund by June 30, <del>2009</del> 2011.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 60. Laws 2007, chapter 57, article 1, section 4, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

# Subd. 2. Land and Mineral Resources

66.25 **Management** 11,747,000 11,272,000

66.26	Appropriations by Fund			
66.27	General	6,633,000	6,230,000	
66.28	Natural Resources	3,551,000	3,447,000	
66.29	Game and Fish	1,363,000	1,395,000	
66.30	Permanent School	200,000	200,000	
66.31	\$475,000 the first year	and \$475,000 th	e	

second year are for iron ore cooperative

67.1	research. Of this amount, \$200,000 each year
67.2	is from the minerals management account in
67.3	the natural resources fund and \$275,000 each
67.4	year is from the general fund. \$237,500 the
67.5	first year and \$237,500 the second year are
67.6	available only as matched by \$1 of nonstate
67.7	money for each \$1 of state money. The
67.8	match may be cash or in-kind.
67.9	\$86,000 the first year and \$86,000 the
67.10	second year are for minerals cooperative
67.11	environmental research, of which \$43,000
67.12	the first year and \$43,000 the second year are
67.13	available only as matched by \$1 of nonstate
67.14	money for each \$1 of state money. The
67.15	match may be cash or in-kind.
67.16	\$2,800,000 the first year and \$2,696,000
67.17	the second year are from the minerals
67.18	management account in the natural resources
67.19	fund for use as provided in Minnesota
67.20	Statutes, section 93.2236, paragraph (c).
67.21	\$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the
67.22	second year are from the state forest suspense
67.23	account in the permanent school fund to
67.24	accelerate land exchanges, land sales, and
67.25	commercial leasing of school trust lands and
67.26	to identify, evaluate, and lease construction
67.27	aggregate located on school trust lands. This
67.28	appropriation is to be used for securing
67.29	maximum long-term economic return
67.30	from the school trust lands consistent with
67.31	fiduciary responsibilities and sound natural
67.32	resources conservation and management
67.33	principles.
67.34	\$15,000 the first year is for a report
67.35	by February 1, 2008, to the house and

68.1	senate committees wit	h jurisdiction ove	r				
68.2	environment and natural resources on						
68.3	proposed minimum legal and conservation						
68.4	standards that could be applied to						
68.5	conservation easements acquired with public						
68.6	money.						
68.7	\$1,201,000 the first ye	ear and \$701,000 t	he				
68.8	second year are to sup	port the land reco	rds				
68.9	management system.	Of this amount,					
68.10	\$326,000 the first year	and \$326,000 the	e				
68.11	second year are from t	he game and fish	fund				
68.12	and \$375,000 the first	year and \$375,000	) the				
68.13	second year are from t	the natural resource	ces				
68.14	fund. The unexpended	balances are avai	<u>lable</u>				
68.15	until June 30, 2011. T	The commissioner					
68.16	must report to the legi	islative chairs on					
68.17	environmental finance	on the outcomes	of				
68.18	the land records manage	gement support.					
68.19	\$500,000 the first year	and \$500,000 the	e				
68.20	second year are for lar	nd asset managem	ent.				
68.21	This is a onetime appr	opriation.					
68.22	Sec. 61. Laws 2008	3, chapter 363, arti	cle 5, section 4, s	ubdivision 7, is am	ended to read:		
68.23	Subd. 7. Fish and Wi	ldlife Manageme	nt	123,000	119,000		
68.24	Appropr	riations by Fund					
68.25	General	-0-	(427,000)				
68.26	Game and Fish	123,000	546,000				
		·	·				
68.27	\$329,000 in 2009 is a reduction for fish and						
68.28	wildlife management.						
68.29	\$46,000 in 2009 is a 1	reduction in the					
68.30	appropriation for the M	Minnesota Shootir	ıg				
68.31	Sports Education Cent	er.					
68.32	\$52,000 in 2009 is a re	eduction for licens	ing.				

59.1	\$123,000 in 2008 and \$246,000 in 2009 are
69.2	from the game and fish fund to implement
59.3	fish virus surveillance, prepare infrastructure
69.4	to handle possible outbreaks, and implement
69.5	control procedures for highest risk waters
69.6	and fish production operations. This is a
69.7	onetime appropriation.
59.8	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
59.9	297A.94, paragraph (e), \$300,000 in 2009
59.10	is from the second year appropriation in
59.11	Laws 2007, chapter 57, article 1, section 4,
59.12	subdivision 7, from the heritage enhancement
59.13	account in the game and fish fund to study,
59.14	predesign, and design <u>a</u> shooting sports
59.15	facilities at the Vermillion Highlands Wildlife
59.16	Management Area authorized by Laws 2007,
69.17	chapter 57, article 1, section 168 facility in
59.18	the seven-county metropolitan area. This is
59.19	available onetime only and is available until
59.20	expended.
59.21	\$300,000 in 2009 is appropriated from the
59.22	game and fish fund for only activities that
59.23	improve, enhance, or protect fish and wildlife
59.24	resources. This is a onetime appropriation.
59.25	Sec. 62. SCORE REPORTING.
69.26	Subdivision 1. 2010 requirement. The requirements for the report specified in
59.27	Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.557, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), that is due
59.28	April 1, 2010, shall be abbreviated in scope. The information collected shall be sufficient
59.29	for the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency to determine that counties have
69.30	complied with the requirements of this subdivision.
69.31	Subd. 2. Recommendations; report. The commissioner of the Pollution Control
59.32	Agency, in consultation with the Association of Minnesota Counties, the Solid Waste
59.33	Administrators Association, the Solid Waste Management Coordinating Board, and other
59.34	interested parties shall make recommendations to amend the reporting requirements under

Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.557, subdivision 3, in ways that reduce the resources counties employ to collect the data reported, while ensuring that estimation methods used to report data are consistent across counties and that the data reported are accurate and useful as a guide to solid waste management policy makers. The commissioner shall also make recommendations regarding the feasibility and desirability of multicounty reporting of the data. The commissioner's recommendations must be presented in a report submitted to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees and divisions with primary jurisdiction over solid waste policy and finance no later than January 15, 2010.

# Sec. 63. PRIORITY CHEMICAL REPORTS.

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- (a) By January 15, 2010, the commissioner of health, in consultation with the Pollution Control Agency, shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees with primary jurisdiction over environment and natural resources policy, commerce, and public health regarding the progress on implementing new Minnesota Statutes, sections 116.9401 to 116.9406, and information on the progress of federal, international, and other states in identifying, prioritizing, evaluating, regulating, and reducing the use of chemicals of high concern and priority chemicals in children's products and in determining the availability of safer alternatives for specific applications and promoting the use of those safer alternatives.
- (b) By December 15, 2010, the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees with primary jurisdiction over environment and natural resources policy, commerce, and public health assessing mechanisms used by other states, the federal government, and other countries to reduce and phase out the use of priority chemicals in children's products and promote the use of safer alternatives. The report shall include potential funding mechanisms to implement this process. The report must include recommendations to promote and provide incentives for product design that use principles of green chemistry and life-cycle analysis. In developing the report, the agency may consult with stakeholders, including representatives of state agencies, manufacturers of children's products, chemical manufacturers, public health experts, independent scientists, and public interest groups. The report must include information on any stakeholder process consulted with or used in developing the report.
- (c) By January 15, 2010, the agency shall provide an interim report about the progress in developing the report required under paragraph (b), including information on the status of any stakeholder process.

71.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
71.2	Sec. 64. REORGANIZATION PROHIBITION; ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
71.3	BOARD.
71.4	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.37, unless expressly provided by
71.5	law, the commissioner of administration shall not reorganize the Environmental Quality
71.6	Board within another agency, prior to July 1, 2011.
71.7	Sec. 65. ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW STREAMLINING REPORT.
71.8	By February 15, 2010, the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency, in
71.9	consultation with staff from the Environmental Quality Board, shall submit a report
71.10	to the environment and natural resources policy and finance committees of the house
71.11	and senate on options to streamline the environmental review process under Minnesota
71.12	Statutes, chapter 116D. In preparing the report, the commissioner shall consult with state
71.13	agencies, local government units, and business, agriculture, and environmental advocacy
71.14	organizations with an interest in the environmental review process. The report shall
71.15	include options that will reduce the time required to complete environmental review and
71.16	the cost of the process to responsible governmental units and project proposers while
71.17	maintaining or improving air, land, and water quality standards.
71.18	Sec. 66. <u>COMPENSATION OF GOVERNOR'S STAFF.</u>
71.19	For fiscal years 2010 and 2011, the Department of Natural Resources, the Pollution
71.20	Control Agency, and the Board of Water and Soil Resources may not use funds
71.21	appropriated in this article or funds from any statutory or open appropriation to pay
71.22	directly or indirectly for the compensation costs of staff in the office of the governor.
71.23	Sec. 67. FISH CONSUMPTION ADVISORIES.
71.24	The commissioner of natural resources, in cooperation with the commissioner of
71.25	health, shall ensure that fish consumption advisories are displayed in at least four different
71.26	languages, one of which must be English, to fairly represent the population of the state.
71.27	Sec. 68. CARBON SEQUESTRATION FORESTRY REPORT.
71.28	The Minnesota Forest Resources Council shall review the Minnesota Climate
71.29	Change Advisory Group's recommendation to increase carbon sequestration in forests by
71.30	planting 1,000,000 acres of trees and shall submit a report to the chairs of the house of
71.31	representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over energy and energy finance,

environment and natural resources, and environment and natural resources finance; the

governor; and the commissioner of natural resources by January 15, 2010. The report shall, at a minimum, include recommendations on implementation and analysis of the number and ownership of acres available for tree planting, the types of native species best suited for planting, the availability of planting stock, and potential costs.

# Sec. 69. **REPEALER.**

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Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 5, section 30, is repealed.

# 72.7 ARTICLE 2 72.8 ENERGY FINANCE

# Section 1. **SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

72.10 The amounts shown in this section summarize direct appropriations, by fund, made 72.11 in this article.

72.12			<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<b>Total</b>
72.13	General	<u>\$</u>	27,291,000 \$	27,041,000 \$	54,332,000
72.14	Petroleum Tank Cleanup		1,084,000	1,084,000	2,168,000
72.15	Workers' Compensation		<u>751,000</u>	751,000	1,502,000
72.16	Telecommunications Access				
72.17	Minnesota		600,000	600,000	1,200,000
72.18	Special Revenue		1,350,000	625,000	1,975,000
72.19	Total	<u>\$</u>	31,076,000 \$	30,101,000 \$	61,177,000

# Sec. 2. ENERGY FINANCE APPROPRIATIONS.

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2010" and "2011" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, or June 30, 2011, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2010. "The second year" is fiscal year 2011. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2010 and 2011. Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, are effective the day following final enactment.

72.29	<b>APPROPRIATIONS</b>
72.30	Available for the Year
72.31	<b>Ending June 30</b>
72.32	

# Sec. 3. **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

73.2	Subdivision 1. Total A	ppropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>25,643,000</u> <u>\$</u>	24,668,000
73.3	<u>Appropri</u>	ations by Fund			
73.4		<u>2010</u>	2011		
73.5	General	21,858,000	21,608,000		
73.6	Petroleum Cleanup	1,084,000	1,084,000		
73.7	Workers'				
73.8	Compensation	751,000	<u>751,000</u>		
73.9	Special Revenue	1,350,000	625,000		
73.10	Telecommunications				
73.11	Access Minnesota	600,000	600,000		
73.12	The amounts that may	he spent for eac	·h		
73.12	purpose are specified in		<u> </u>		
73.14	subdivisions.				
73.15	Subd. 2. Financial Ins	stitutions		6,638,000	6,638,000
73.16	\$1,000 each year is for	consumer small	loan		
73.17	regulation modification	s in article 7. T	<u>his</u>		
73.18	appropriation is added	to the departmen	nt's		
73.19	base.				
73.20	Subd. 3. Petroleum T	ank Release Cl	<u>eanup</u>		
73.21	<b>Board</b>			1,084,000	1,084,000
73.22	This appropriation is fi	om the petroleu	m		
73.23	tank release cleanup fu	nd. The base fur	nding		
73.24	for this program ends J	une 30, 2012.			
73.25	Subd. 4. Administrati	ve Services		4,300,000	4,300,000
73.26	Subd. 5. Telecommun	<u>ications</u>		1,010,000	1,010,000
73.27	Subd. 6. Market Assu	rance		7,421,000	<u>7,421,000</u>

74.1	Appropriat	tions by Fund			
74.2	General	6,670,000	6,670,000		
74.3	Workers'				
74.4	Compensation	<u>751,000</u>	<u>751,000</u>		
74.5	Subd. 7. Office of Ener	gy Security		4,590,000	3,615,000
74.6	<u>Appropriat</u>	tions by Fund			
74.7	General	3,240,000	2,990,000		
74.8	Special Revenue	1,350,000	625,000		
74.9	\$250,000 the first year is	s for E-85 grants	<u> </u>		
74.10	under Laws 2007, chapte	er 57, article 2,			
74.11	section 3, subdivision 6.	Grants for on-s	<u>ite</u>		
74.12	blending pumps must in	clude up to 75			
74.13	percent of the total cost of	of the project, up	o to		
74.14	<u>a maximum of \$15,000 p</u>	per pump. This i	is a		
74.15	onetime appropriation.				
74.16	The utility subject to Mi	nnesota Statutes	<u>5,</u>		
74.17	section 116C.779, shall t	ransfer \$1,350,0	000		
74.18	in fiscal year 2010 and \$	625,000 in fisca	<u>ıl</u>		
74.19	year 2011 only to the D	epartment of			
74.20	Commerce on a schedule	e determined by	the		
74.21	commissioner of comme	rce. These fund	l <u>s</u>		
74.22	must be deposited in the	special revenue	<u>fund</u>		
74.23	and are appropriated to t	he commissione	<u>er</u>		
74.24	for grants to promote rea	newable energy			
74.25	projects and community	energy outreach	and		
74.26	assistance. Of the amour	nts identified:			
74.27	(1) \$300,000 the first ye	ar is for a grant			
74.28	to the Board of Regents	of the Universit	<u>y</u>		
74.29	of Minnesota for the Na	tural Resources			
74.30	and Research Institute at	the University	<u>of</u>		
74.31	Minnesota, Duluth, to de	evelop statewide	<u>)</u>		
74.32	heat flow maps in order	to determine			

75.1	the geothermal potential of the state of		
75.2	Minnesota;		
75.3	(2) \$625,000 each year is for continued		
75.4	funding of community energy technical		
75.5	assistance and outreach on renewable		
75.6	energy and energy efficiency, as described		
75.7	in Minnesota Statutes, section 216C.385.		
75.8	Of this amount, \$125,000 each year is for		
75.9	technical assistance in the metropolitan area;		
75.10	(3) \$25,000 the first year is for a grant to		
75.11	a nonprofit organization with experience		
75.12	in creating innovative partnerships through		
75.13	collaborative action with diverse interests,		
75.14	including businesses, government agencies,		
75.15	environmental organizations, and others,		
75.16	to manage a stakeholder process on green		
75.17	jobs that would integrate the work of the		
75.18	state Green Jobs Task Force and the mayors'		
75.19	initiative on green manufacturing; and		
75.20	(4) \$400,000 the first year is to provide		
75.21	financial rebates for new solar electricity		
75.22	projects.		
75.23	Subd. 8. Telecommunications Access		
75.24	<u>Minnesota</u>	600,000	600,000
75.25	\$300,000 the first year and \$300,000		
75.26	the second year are for transfer to the		
75.27	commissioner of human services to		
75.28	supplement the ongoing operational expenses		
75.29	of the Minnesota Commission Serving		
75.30	Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing People. This		
75.31	appropriation is from the telecommunication		
75.32	access Minnesota fund, and is added to		
75.33	the commission's base. This appropriation		
75.34	consolidates, and is not in addition to,		

76.1	appropriation language from Laws 2006,
76.2	chapter 282, article 11, section 4, and
76.3	Laws 2007, chapter 57, article 2, section 3,
76.4	subdivision 7.
76.5	\$300,000 each year is from the
76.6	telecommunications access fund to the
76.7	commissioner of commerce for a grant to
76.8	the Legislative Coordinating Commission
76.9	for a pilot program to provide captioning
76.10	of live streaming of legislative sessions
76.11	on the commission's Web site and a grant
76.12	to the Commission of Deaf, DeafBlind,
76.13	and Hard-of-Hearing Minnesotans to
76.14	provide information on their Web site in
76.15	American Sign Language and to provide
76.16	technical assistance to state agencies. The
76.17	commissioner of commerce may allocate
76.18	a portion of this money to the Office
76.19	of Technology to coordinate technology
76.20	accessibility and usability.
76.21	Subd. 9. Transfers
76.22	By July 31, 2009, the commissioner of
76.23	finance shall transfer \$500,000 from the
76.24	unexpended balance in the auto theft
76.25	prevention account to the general fund.
76.26	Sec. 4. <u>PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION</u> <u>\$</u> <u>5,433,000</u> <u>\$</u> <u>5,433,000</u>
76.27	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 45.027, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
76.28	Subdivision 1. General powers. In connection with the duties and responsibilities
76.29	entrusted to the commissioner, and Laws 1993, chapter 361, section 2, the commissioner
76.30	of commerce may:
76.31	(1) make public or private investigations within or without this state as the
76.32	commissioner considers necessary to determine whether any person has violated or is

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about to violate any law, rule, or order related to the duties and responsibilities entrusted to the commissioner;

- (2) require or permit any person to file a statement in writing, under oath or otherwise as the commissioner determines, as to all the facts and circumstances concerning the matter being investigated;
- (3) hold hearings, upon reasonable notice, in respect to any matter arising out of the duties and responsibilities entrusted to the commissioner;
- (4) conduct investigations and hold hearings for the purpose of compiling information related to the duties and responsibilities entrusted to the commissioner;
- (5) examine the books, accounts, records, and files of every licensee, and of every person who is engaged in any activity regulated; the commissioner or a designated representative shall have free access during normal business hours to the offices and places of business of the person, and to all books, accounts, papers, records, files, safes, and vaults maintained in the place of business;
- (6) publish information which is contained in any order issued by the commissioner; and
- (7) require any person subject to duties and responsibilities entrusted to the commissioner, to report all sales or transactions that are regulated. The reports must be made within ten days after the commissioner has ordered the report. The report is accessible only to the respondent and other governmental agencies unless otherwise ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction<del>;</del>; and
- (8) assess a licensee the necessary expenses of the investigation performed by the department when an investigation is made by order of the commissioner. The cost of the investigation shall be determined by the commissioner and is based on the salary cost of investigators or assistants and at an average rate per day or fraction thereof so as to provide for the total cost of the investigations. All money collected must be deposited into the general fund. A natural person licensed under chapter 60K or 82 shall not be charged costs of an investigation if the investigation results in no finding of a violation.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 60A.14, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Fees other than examination fees.** In addition to the fees and charges provided for examinations, the following fees must be paid to the commissioner for deposit in the general fund:
- 77.33 (a) by township mutual fire insurance companies;
  - (1) for filing certificate of incorporation \$25 and amendments thereto, \$10;
- 77.35 (2) for filing annual statements, \$15;

- (3) for each annual certificate of authority, \$15; 78.1 (4) for filing bylaws \$25 and amendments thereto, \$10; 78.2 (b) by other domestic and foreign companies including fraternals and reciprocal 78.3 78.4 exchanges; (1) for filing an application for an initial certification of authority to be admitted 78.5 to transact business in this state, \$1,500; 78.6 (2) for filing certified copy of certificate of articles of incorporation, \$100; 78.7 (3) for filing annual statement, \$225; 78.8 (4) for filing certified copy of amendment to certificate or articles of incorporation, 78.9 \$100; 78.10 (5) for filing bylaws, \$75 or amendments thereto, \$75; 78.11 (6) for each company's certificate of authority, \$575, annually; 78.12 (c) the following general fees apply: 78.13 (1) for each certificate, including certified copy of certificate of authority, renewal, 78.14 78.15 valuation of life policies, corporate condition or qualification, \$25; (2) for each copy of paper on file in the commissioner's office 50 cents per page, 78.16 and \$2.50 for certifying the same; 78.17 (3) for license to procure insurance in unadmitted foreign companies, \$575; 78.18 (4) for valuing the policies of life insurance companies, one cent per \$1,000 of 78.19 insurance so valued, provided that the fee shall not exceed \$13,000 per year for any 78.20 company. The commissioner may, in lieu of a valuation of the policies of any foreign life 78.21 insurance company admitted, or applying for admission, to do business in this state, accept 78.22 78.23 a certificate of valuation from the company's own actuary or from the commissioner of insurance of the state or territory in which the company is domiciled; 78.24 (5) for receiving and filing certificates of policies by the company's actuary, or by 78.25 78.26 the commissioner of insurance of any other state or territory, \$50; (6) for each appointment of an agent filed with the commissioner, \$10; 78.27 78.28 78.29
- 78.28 (7) for filing forms, rates, and compliance certifications under section 60A.315, \$90
  78.29 \$140 per filing, or \$75 \$125 per filing when submitted via electronic filing system. Filing
  78.30 fees may be paid on a quarterly basis in response to an invoice. Billing and payment may
  78.31 be made electronically;
- 78.32 (8) for annual renewal of surplus lines insurer license, \$300.
- The commissioner shall adopt rules to define filings that are subject to a fee.

### Sec. 7. [116J.438] MINNESOTA GREEN ENTERPRISE ASSISTANCE.

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(a) The commissioner of employment and economic development, in consultation
with the commissioner of commerce, shall lead a multiagency project to advise,
promote, market, and coordinate state agency collaboration on green enterprise and
green economy projects, as defined in section 116J.437. The multiagency project must
include the commissioners of employment and economic development, natural resources,
agriculture, transportation, and commerce, and the Pollution Control Agency. The
project must involve collaboration with the chairs and ranking minority members of
legislative committees overseeing energy policy and energy finance, state agencies,
local governments, representatives from business and agriculture, and other interested
stakeholders. The objective of the project is to utilize existing state resources to expedite
the delivery of grants, licenses, permits, and other state authorizations and approvals for
green economy projects. The commissioner shall appoint a lead person to coordinate
green enterprise assistance activities.

- (b) The commissioner of employment and economic development shall seek out and may select persons from the business community to assist the commissioner in project activities.
- (c) The commissioner may accept gifts, contributions, and in-kind services for the purposes of this section, under the authority provided in section 116J.035, subdivision

  1. Any funds received must be placed in a special revenue account for the purposes of this section.

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 216B.62, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Assessing all public utilities.** The department and commission shall quarterly, at least 30 days before the start of each quarter, estimate the total of their expenditures in the performance of their duties relating to (1) public utilities under section 216A.085, sections 216A.085 and 216B.01 to 216B.67, other than amounts chargeable to public utilities under subdivision 2 or, 6, and (2) alternative energy engineering activity under section 216C.261 or 7. The remainder, except the amount assessed against cooperatives and municipalities for alternative energy engineering activity under subdivision 5, shall be assessed by the commission and department to the several public utilities in proportion to their respective gross operating revenues from retail sales of gas or electric service within the state during the last calendar year. The assessment shall be paid into the state treasury within 30 days after the bill has been transmitted via mail, personal delivery, or electronic service to the several public utilities, which shall constitute notice of the assessment and demand of payment thereof. The total amount which may

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be assessed to the public utilities, under authority of this subdivision, shall not exceed one-sixth of one percent of the total gross operating revenues of the public utilities during the calendar year from retail sales of gas or electric service within the state. The assessment for the third quarter of each fiscal year shall be adjusted to compensate for the amount by which actual expenditures by the commission and department for the preceding fiscal year were more or less than the estimated expenditures previously assessed.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 216B.62, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Objections.** Within 30 days after the date of the transmittal of any bill as provided by subdivisions subdivision 2 and, 3, or 7, the public utility against which the bill has been rendered may file with the commission objections setting out the grounds upon which it is claimed the bill is excessive, erroneous, unlawful or invalid. The commission shall within 60 days hold a hearing and issue an order in accordance with its findings. The order shall be appealable in the same manner as other final orders of the commission.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 216B.62, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Assessing cooperatives and municipals. The commission and department may charge cooperative electric associations, generation and transmission cooperative electric associations, municipal power agencies, and municipal electric utilities their proportionate share of the expenses incurred in the review and disposition of resource plans, adjudication of service area disputes, proceedings under section 216B.1691, 216B.2425, or 216B.243, and the costs incurred in the adjudication of complaints over service standards, practices, and rates. Cooperative electric associations electing to become subject to rate regulation by the commission pursuant to section 216B.026, subdivision 4, are also subject to this section. Neither a cooperative electric association nor a municipal electric utility is liable for costs and expenses in a calendar year in excess of the limitation on costs that may be assessed against public utilities under subdivision 2. A cooperative electric association, generation and transmission cooperative electric association, municipal power agency, or municipal electric utility may object to and appeal bills of the commission and department as provided in subdivision 4.

The department shall assess cooperatives and municipalities for the costs of alternative energy engineering activities under section 216C.261. Each cooperative and municipality shall be assessed in proportion that its gross operating revenues for the sale of gas and electric service within the state for the last calendar year bears to the total of those revenues for all public utilities, cooperatives, and municipalities.

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Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 216B.62, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. Assessing all utilities. The department shall assess public utilities, cooperative electric associations, and municipal utilities for the costs of activities under chapter 216C. The department shall not assess for costs of grants, loans, or other aids or for costs that can be recovered through other assessment authority. Each public utility, cooperative, and municipal utility shall be assessed in the proportion that its gross operating revenue for the sale of gas and electric service within the state for the last calendar year bears to the total of those revenues for all public utilities, cooperatives, and municipalities.

# Sec. 12. <u>BULK INSTALLATION OF SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC PANELS ON</u> SCHOOL BUILDINGS; FEASIBILITY STUDY AND REPORT.

The director of the Office of Energy Security, in consultation with the commissioner of education, schools, school districts, and solar industry experts, must study the economic and technical feasibility of bulk installation of solar photovoltaic panels on school buildings in this state. The study must use a power-purchase agreement model in which a private company would pay for, install, and own the solar photovoltaic panels. No later than January 15, 2010, the director of the Office of Energy Security must report the results of the feasibility study, including whether the proposed model would reduce carbon emissions and result in savings to school districts, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over energy policy and finance.

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

## Sec. 13. APPROPRIATIONS; CANCELLATIONS.

- (a) The remaining balance of the fiscal year 2009 special revenue fund appropriation for the Green Jobs Task Force under Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 6, section 3, subdivision 4, is transferred and appropriated to the commissioner of employment and economic development for the purposes of green enterprise assistance under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.438. This appropriation is available until spent.
- (b) The unencumbered balance of the fiscal year 2008 appropriation to the
  commissioner of commerce for the rural and energy development revolving loan
  fund under Laws 2007, chapter 57, article 2, section 3, subdivision 6, is canceled and
  reappropriated as follows:

82.1	(1) \$1,500,000 is for a grant to the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges
82.2	and Universities for the International Renewable Energy Technology Institute (IRETI) to
82.3	be located at Minnesota State University, Mankato, as a public and private partnership to
82.4	support applied research in renewable energy and energy efficiency to aid in the transfer of
82.5	technology from Sweden to Minnesota and to support technology commercialization from
82.6	companies located in Minnesota and throughout the world; and
82.7	(2) the remaining balance is for a grant to the Board of Regents of the University of
82.8	Minnesota for the initiative for renewable energy and the environment to fund start up
82.9	costs related to a national solar testing and certification laboratory to test, rate, and certify
82.10	the performance of equipment and devices that utilize solar energy for heating and cooling
82.11	air and water and for generating electricity.
82.12	This appropriation is available until expended.
82.13	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
82.14	ARTICLE 3
82.15	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE; OTHER REGULATORY PROVISIONS
82.16	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 47.58, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
82.17	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this
82.18	subdivision have the meanings given them.
82.19	(a) "Reverse mortgage loan" means a loan:
82.20	(1) Made to a borrower wherein the committed principal amount is paid to the
82.21	borrower in equal or unequal installments over a period of months or years, interest is
82.22	assessed, and authorized closing costs are incurred as specified in the loan agreement;
82.23	(2) Which is secured by a mortgage on residential property owned solely by the
82.24	borrower; and
82.25	(3) Which is due when the committed principal amount has been fully paid to the
82.26	borrower, or upon sale of the property securing the loan, or upon the death of the last
82.27	surviving borrower, or upon the borrower terminating use of the property as principal
82.28	residence so as to disqualify the property from the homestead credit given in chapter 290A.
82.29	(b) "Lender" means any bank subject to chapter 48, credit union subject to chapter
82.30	52, savings bank organized and operated pursuant to chapter 50, savings association
82.31	subject to chapter 51A, any residential mortgage originator subject to chapter 58, or any
82.32	insurance company as defined in section 60A.02, subdivision 4. "Lender" also includes
82.33	any federally chartered bank supervised by the comptroller of the currency or federally
82 34	chartered savings association supervised by the Federal Home Loan Bank Board or

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federally chartered credit union supervised by the National Credit Union Administration, to the extent permitted by federal law.

- (c) "Borrower" includes any natural person holding an interest in severalty or as joint tenant or tenant-in-common in the property securing a reverse mortgage loan.
- (d) "Outstanding loan balance" means the current net amount of money owed by the borrower to the lender whether or not that sum is suspended pursuant to the terms of the reverse mortgage loan agreement or is immediately due and payable. The outstanding loan balance is calculated by adding the current totals of the items described in clauses (1) to (5) and subtracting the current totals of the item described in clause (6):
- (1) The sum of all payments made by the lender which are necessary to clear the property securing the loan of any outstanding mortgage encumbrance or mechanics or material supplier's lien.
- (2) The total disbursements made by the lender to date pursuant to the loan agreement as formulated in accordance with subdivision 3.
- (3) All taxes, assessments, insurance premiums and other similar charges paid to date by the lender pursuant to subdivision 6, which charges were not reimbursed by the borrower within 60 days.
- (4) All actual closing costs which the borrower has deferred, if a deferral provision is contained in the loan agreement as authorized by subdivision 7.
  - (5) The total accrued interest to date, as authorized by subdivision 5.
  - (6) All payments made by the borrower pursuant to subdivision 4.
- (e) "Actual closing costs" mean reasonable charges or sums ordinarily paid at the time of closing for the following, whether or not retained by the lender:
- (1) Any insurance premiums on policies covering the mortgaged property including but not limited to premiums for title insurance, fire and extended coverage insurance, flood insurance, and private mortgage insurance.
- (2) Abstracting, title examination and search, and examination of public records related to the mortgaged property.
- (3) The preparation and recording of any or all documents required by law or custom for closing a reverse mortgage loan agreement.
  - (4) Appraisal and survey of real property securing a reverse mortgage loan.
- (5) A single service charge, which service charge shall include any consideration, not otherwise specified in this section as an "actual closing cost," paid by the borrower to the lender for or in relation to the acquisition, making, refinancing or modification of a reverse mortgage loan, and shall also include any consideration received by the lender for making a commitment for a reverse mortgage loan, whether or not an actual loan

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follows the commitment. The service charge shall not exceed one percent of the bona fide committed principal amount of the reverse mortgage loan.

- (6) Charges and fees necessary for or related to the transfer of real property securing a reverse mortgage loan or the closing of a reverse mortgage loan agreement paid by the borrower and received by any party other than the lender.
  - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 47.60, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, the terms defined have the meanings given them:
- (a) "Consumer small loan" is a loan transaction in which cash is advanced to a borrower for the borrower's own personal, family, or household purpose. A consumer small loan is a short-term, unsecured loan to be repaid in a single installment. The cash advance of a consumer small loan is equal to or less than \$350. A consumer small loan includes an indebtedness evidenced by but not limited to a promissory note or agreement to defer the presentation of a personal check for a fee.
- (b) "Consumer small loan lender" is a financial institution as defined in section 47.59 or a person business entity registered with the commissioner and engaged in the business of making consumer small loans.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 47.60, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Filing.** Before a <u>person</u> <u>business entity</u> other than a financial institution as defined by section 47.59 engages in the business of making consumer small loans <u>to</u> <u>Minnesota residents</u>, the <u>person</u> <u>business entity</u> shall file with the commissioner as a consumer small loan lender. The filing must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner together with a fee of \$250 for each place of business and contain the following information in addition to the information required by the commissioner:
- (1) evidence that the filer has available for the operation of the business at the location specified, liquid assets of at least \$50,000; and
- (2) a biographical statement on the principal person responsible for the operation and management of the business to be certified.

Revocation of the filing and the right to engage in the business of a consumer small loan lender is the same as in the case of a regulated lender license in section 56.09.

For purposes of this subdivision, "business entity" includes one that does not have a physical location in Minnesota that makes a consumer small loan electronically via the Internet.

85.1	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 47.60, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
85.2	Subd. 6. <b>Penalties for violation.</b> A person business entity or the person's entity's
85.3	members, officers, directors, agents, and employees who violate or participate in the
85.4	violation of any of the provisions of this section may be liable in the same manner as in
85.5	section 56.19.
85.6	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 48.21, is amended to read:
85.7	48.21 REAL ESTATE; RESTRICTIONS ON HOLDING.
85.8	Subdivision 1. <b>Specific restrictions.</b> (a) A bank may purchase, carry as an asset,
85.9	and convey real estate only:
85.10	(1) as provided for in section 47.10;
85.11	(2) if acquired through foreclosure of a mortgage given to it in good faith as security
85.12	for loans made by or money due to it;
85.13	(3) if conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts previously contracted in good faith in
85.14	the course of its dealings;
85.15	(4) if acquired by sale on execution or judgment of a court in its favor; or
85.16	(5) if reasonably necessary to mitigate or avoid loss on a loan or investment
85.17	theretofore made.
85.18	(b) Real estate acquired under paragraph (a), clauses (2) to (5), shall be carried as an
85.19	asset only in accordance with rules the commissioner prescribes. The maximum period for
85.20	holding other real estate as an asset shall be five years, provided that upon application to
85.21	the commissioner, the commissioner may approve the possession of such real estate by a
85.22	bank for a period longer than five years, but not to exceed an additional five years, if:
85.23	(1) the bank has made a good faith attempt to dispose of the real estate within the
85.24	initial five-year period; or
85.25	(2) disposal within the initial five-year period would be detrimental to the bank.
85.26	Subd. 2. Real estate holdings not bank liabilities. Real estate owned by a bank as
85.27	a result of actions authorized in <del>clauses (2) to (5) of</del> subdivision 1, <u>paragraph (a)</u> , <u>clauses</u>
85.28	(2) to (5), and subsequently sold to any buyer on a contract for deed may not be considered
85.29	creating a liability to a bank for purposes of section 48.24.
85.30	Subd. 3. Real estate holdings not sold; authority to write off. Notwithstanding
85.31	any rules of the commissioner to the contrary, if real estate owned by a bank pursuant to
85.32	clauses (2) to (5) of subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clauses (2) to (5), is not sold or otherwise
85.33	disposed of within the maximum period established by rule by the commissioner, the

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bank may write off any remaining balance at a rate not less than one-fifth of that balance each subsequent calendar year.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 58.05, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Certificate of exemption.** A person must obtain a certificate of exemption from the commissioner to qualify as an exempt person under section 58.04, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), a financial institution under clause (2), or by order of the commissioner under clause (6); or under section 58.04, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), as a financial institution under clause  $\frac{(3)}{(3)}$  (4), or by order of the commissioner under clause  $\frac{(7)}{(8)}$ .

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 58.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. **Application contents.** (a) The application must contain the name and complete business address or addresses of the license applicant. The license applicant must be a partnership, limited liability partnership, association, limited liability company, corporation, or other form of business organization, and the application must contain the names and complete business addresses of each partner, member, director, and principal officer. The application must also include a description of the activities of the license applicant, in the detail and for the periods the commissioner may require.
  - (b) An A residential mortgage originator applicant must submit one of the following:
- (1) evidence which shows, to the commissioner's satisfaction, that either the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or the Federal National Mortgage Association has approved the residential mortgage originator applicant as a mortgagee;
- (2) a surety bond or irrevocable letter of credit in the amount of not less than \$50,000 in a form approved by the commissioner, issued by an insurance company or bank authorized to do so in this state. The bond or irrevocable letter of credit must be available for the recovery of expenses, fines, and fees levied by the commissioner under this chapter and for losses incurred by borrowers. The bond or letter of credit must be submitted with the license application, and evidence of continued coverage must be submitted with each renewal. Any change in the bond or letter of credit must be submitted for approval by the commissioner within ten days of its execution; or
- (3) a copy of the <u>residential mortgage originator</u> applicant's most recent audited financial statement, including balance sheet, statement of income or loss, statements of changes in shareholder equity, and statement of changes in financial position. Financial statements must be as of a date within 12 months of the date of application.
  - (c) The application must also include all of the following:
  - (1) an affirmation under oath that the applicant:

- (i) is in compliance with the requirements of section 58.125; 87.1 (ii) will maintain a perpetual roster of individuals employed as residential mortgage 87.2 originators, including employees and independent contractors, which includes the date 87.3 dates that mandatory testing, initial education was, and continuing education were 87.4 completed. In addition, the roster must be made available to the commissioner on demand, 87.5 within three business days of the commissioner's request; 87.6 (iii) will advise the commissioner of any material changes to the information 87.7 submitted in the most recent application within ten days of the change; 87.8 (iv) will advise the commissioner in writing immediately of any bankruptcy petitions 87.9 filed against or by the applicant or licensee; 87.10 (v) will maintain at all times either a net worth, net of intangibles, of at least 87.11 \$250,000 or a surety bond or irrevocable letter of credit in the amount of at least \$50,000; 87.12 (vi) complies with federal and state tax laws; and 87.13 (vii) complies with sections 345.31 to 345.60, the Minnesota unclaimed property 87.14 87.15 law; (2) information as to the mortgage lending, servicing, or brokering experience of the 87.16 applicant and persons in control of the applicant; 87.17 (3) information as to criminal convictions, excluding traffic violations, of persons in 87.18 control of the license applicant; 87.19 (4) whether a court of competent jurisdiction has found that the applicant or persons 87.20 in control of the applicant have engaged in conduct evidencing gross negligence, fraud, 87.21 misrepresentation, or deceit in performing an act for which a license is required under 87.22 87.23 this chapter; (5) whether the applicant or persons in control of the applicant have been the subject 87.24 of: an order of suspension or revocation, cease and desist order, or injunctive order, or 87.25 87.26 order barring involvement in an industry or profession issued by this or another state or federal regulatory agency or by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development within 87.27
  - the ten-year period immediately preceding submission of the application; and
    - (6) other information required by the commissioner.
    - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 58.126, is amended to read:

#### 58.126 EDUCATION AND TESTING REQUIREMENT.

(a) No individual shall engage in residential mortgage origination or make residential mortgage loans, whether as an employee or independent contractor, before the completion of 15 20 hours of educational training which has been approved by the commissioner, and covering state and federal laws concerning residential mortgage lending.

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88.1	(b) In addition to the initial education requirements in paragraph (a), each individual
88.2	must also complete eight hours of continuing education annually. The education must
88.3	include:
88.4	(1) three hours of federal law and regulations;
88.5	(2) two hours of ethics, which must include fraud, consumer protection, and fair
88.6	lending; and
88.7	(3) two hours of standards governing nontraditional mortgage lending.
88.8	(c) The commissioner may by rule establish testing requirements for individuals
88.9	subject to the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b). An individual must satisfy the
88.10	testing requirements established by the commissioner before engaging in residential
88.11	mortgage loan origination or making residential mortgage loans.
88.12	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective September 1, 2009, and applies to
88.13	license applications and renewals made on or after that date.
88.14	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 58.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
88.15	Subdivision 1. Generally. (a) No person acting as a residential mortgage originator
88.16	or servicer, including a person required to be licensed under this chapter, and no person
88.17	exempt from the licensing requirements of this chapter under section 58.04, except as
88.18	otherwise provided in paragraph (b), shall:
88.19	(1) fail to maintain a trust account to hold trust funds received in connection with a
88.20	residential mortgage loan;
88.21	(2) fail to deposit all trust funds into a trust account within three business days of
88.22	receipt; commingle trust funds with funds belonging to the licensee or exempt person; or
88.23	use trust account funds for any purpose other than that for which they are received;
88.24	(3) unreasonably delay the processing of a residential mortgage loan application,
88.25	or the closing of a residential mortgage loan. For purposes of this clause, evidence of
88.26	unreasonable delay includes but is not limited to those factors identified in section 47.206,
88.27	subdivision 7, clause (d);
88.28	(4) fail to disburse funds according to its contractual or statutory obligations;
88.29	(5) fail to perform in conformance with its written agreements with borrowers,
88.30	investors, other licensees, or exempt persons;
88.31	(6) charge a fee for a product or service where the product or service is not actually
88.32	provided, or misrepresent the amount charged by or paid to a third party for a product
88.33	or service;
88.34	(7) fail to comply with sections 345.31 to 345.60, the Minnesota unclaimed property
88.35	law;

- (8) violate any provision of any other applicable state or federal law regulating residential mortgage loans including, without limitation, sections 47.20 to 47.208, and 47.58;

  (9) make or cause to be made, directly or indirectly, any false, deceptive, or misleading statement or representation in connection with a residential loan transaction including, without limitation, a false, deceptive, or misleading statement or representation regarding the borrower's ability to qualify for any mortgage product;
  - (10) conduct residential mortgage loan business under any name other than that under which the license or certificate of exemption was issued;
  - (11) compensate, whether directly or indirectly, coerce or intimidate an appraiser for the purpose of influencing the independent judgment of the appraiser with respect to the value of real estate that is to be covered by a residential mortgage or is being offered as security according to an application for a residential mortgage loan;
  - (12) issue any document indicating conditional qualification or conditional approval for a residential mortgage loan, unless the document also clearly indicates that final qualification or approval is not guaranteed, and may be subject to additional review;
  - (13) make or assist in making any residential mortgage loan with the intent that the loan will not be repaid and that the residential mortgage originator will obtain title to the property through foreclosure;
  - (14) provide or offer to provide for a borrower, any brokering or lending services under an arrangement with a person other than a licensee or exempt person, provided that a person may rely upon a written representation by the residential mortgage originator that it is in compliance with the licensing requirements of this chapter;
  - (15) claim to represent a licensee or exempt person, unless the person is an employee of the licensee or exempt person or unless the person has entered into a written agency agreement with the licensee or exempt person;
  - (16) fail to comply with the record keeping and notification requirements identified in section 58.14 or fail to abide by the affirmations made on the application for licensure;
  - (17) represent that the licensee or exempt person is acting as the borrower's agent after providing the nonagency disclosure required by section 58.15, unless the disclosure is retracted and the licensee or exempt person complies with all of the requirements of section 58.16;
  - (18) make, provide, or arrange for a residential mortgage loan that is of a lower investment grade if the borrower's credit score or, if the originator does not utilize credit scoring or if a credit score is unavailable, then comparable underwriting data, indicates that the borrower may qualify for a residential mortgage loan, available from or through

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the originator, that is of a higher investment grade, unless the borrower is informed that the borrower may qualify for a higher investment grade loan with a lower interest rate and/or lower discount points, and consents in writing to receipt of the lower investment grade loan;

For purposes of this section, "investment grade" refers to a system of categorizing residential mortgage loans in which the loans are: (i) commonly referred to as "prime" or "subprime"; (ii) commonly designated by an alphabetical character with "A" being the highest investment grade; and (iii) are distinguished by interest rate or discount points or both charged to the borrower, which vary according to the degree of perceived risk of default based on factors such as the borrower's credit, including credit score and credit patterns, income and employment history, debt ratio, loan-to-value ratio, and prior bankruptcy or foreclosure;

- (19) make, publish, disseminate, circulate, place before the public, or cause to be made, directly or indirectly, any advertisement or marketing materials of any type, or any statement or representation relating to the business of residential mortgage loans that is false, deceptive, or misleading;
- (20) advertise loan types or terms that are not available from or through the licensee or exempt person on the date advertised, or on the date specified in the advertisement. For purposes of this clause, advertisement includes, but is not limited to, a list of sample mortgage terms, including interest rates, discount points, and closing costs provided by licensees or exempt persons to a print or electronic medium that presents the information to the public;
- (21) use or employ phrases, pictures, return addresses, geographic designations, or other means that create the impression, directly or indirectly, that a licensee or other person is a governmental agency, or is associated with, sponsored by, or in any manner connected to, related to, or endorsed by a governmental agency, if that is not the case;
  - (22) violate section 82.49, relating to table funding;
- (23) make, provide, or arrange for a residential mortgage loan all or a portion of the proceeds of which are used to fully or partially pay off a "special mortgage" unless the borrower has obtained a written certification from an authorized independent loan counselor that the borrower has received counseling on the advisability of the loan transaction. For purposes of this section, "special mortgage" means a residential mortgage loan originated, subsidized, or guaranteed by or through a state, tribal, or local government, or nonprofit organization, that bears one or more of the following nonstandard payment terms which substantially benefit the borrower: (i) payments vary with income; (ii) payments of principal or interest are not required or can be deferred under

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specified conditions; (iii) principal or interest is forgivable under specified conditions; or (iv) where no interest or an annual interest rate of two percent or less is charged in connection with the loan. For purposes of this section, "authorized independent loan counselor" means a nonprofit, third-party individual or organization providing homebuyer education programs, foreclosure prevention services, mortgage loan counseling, or credit counseling certified by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Minnesota Home Ownership Center, the Minnesota Mortgage Foreclosure Prevention Association, AARP, or NeighborWorks America;

(24) make, provide, or arrange for a residential mortgage loan without verifying the borrower's reasonable ability to pay the scheduled payments of the following, as applicable: principal; interest; real estate taxes; homeowner's insurance, assessments, and mortgage insurance premiums. For loans in which the interest rate may vary, the reasonable ability to pay shall be determined based on a fully indexed rate and a repayment schedule which achieves full amortization over the life of the loan. For all residential mortgage loans, the borrower's income and financial resources must be verified by tax returns, payroll receipts, bank records, or other similarly reliable documents.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit a mortgage originator's or exempt person's ability to rely on criteria other than the borrower's income and financial resources to establish the borrower's reasonable ability to repay the residential mortgage loan, including criteria established by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development for interest rate reduction refinancing loans or streamline loans, or criteria authorized or promulgated by the Federal National Mortgage Association or Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation; however, such other criteria must be verified through reasonably reliable methods and documentation. The mortgage originator's analysis of the borrower's reasonable ability to repay may include, but is not limited to, consideration of the following items, if verified: (1) the borrower's current and expected income; (2) current and expected cash flow; (3) net worth and other financial resources other than the consumer's equity in the dwelling that secures the loan; (4) current financial obligations; (5) property taxes and insurance; (6) assessments on the property; (7) employment status; (8) credit history; (9) debt-to-income ratio; (10) credit scores; (11) tax returns; (12) pension statements; and (13) employment payment records, provided that no mortgage originator shall disregard facts and circumstances that indicate that the financial or other information submitted by the consumer is inaccurate or incomplete. A statement by the borrower to the residential mortgage originator or exempt person of the borrower's income and resources or sole

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reliance on any single item listed above is not sufficient to establish the existence of the income or resources when verifying the reasonable ability to pay.

- (25) engage in "churning." As used in this section, "churning" means knowingly or intentionally making, providing, or arranging for a residential mortgage loan when the new residential mortgage loan does not provide a reasonable, tangible net benefit to the borrower considering all of the circumstances including the terms of both the new and refinanced loans, the cost of the new loan, and the borrower's circumstances;
- (26) the first time a residential mortgage originator orally informs a borrower of the anticipated or actual periodic payment amount for a first-lien residential mortgage loan which does not include an amount for payment of property taxes and hazard insurance, the residential mortgage originator must inform the borrower that an additional amount will be due for taxes and insurance and, if known, disclose to the borrower the amount of the anticipated or actual periodic payments for property taxes and hazard insurance. This same oral disclosure must be made each time the residential mortgage originator orally informs the borrower of a different anticipated or actual periodic payment amount change from the amount previously disclosed. A residential mortgage originator need not make this disclosure concerning a refinancing loan if the residential mortgage originator knows that the borrower's existing loan that is anticipated to be refinanced does not have an escrow account; or
- (27) make, provide, or arrange for a residential mortgage loan, other than a reverse mortgage pursuant to United States Code, title 15, chapter 41, if the borrower's compliance with any repayment option offered pursuant to the terms of the loan will result in negative amortization during any six-month period.
- (b) Paragraph (a), clauses (24) through (27), do not apply to a state or federally chartered bank, savings bank, or credit union, an institution chartered by Congress under the Farm Credit Act, or to a person making, providing, or arranging a residential mortgage loan originated or purchased by a state agency or a tribal or local unit of government. This paragraph supersedes any inconsistent provision of this chapter.
  - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 60A.124, is amended to read:

# 60A.124 INDEPENDENT AUDIT.

The audit report of the independent certified public accountant that performs the audit of an insurer's annual statement as required under section 60A.129 60A.1291, subdivision 3 2, paragraph (a), should contain a statement as to whether anything, in connection with their audit, came to their attention that caused them to believe that the

insurer failed to adopt and consistently apply the valuation procedure as required by sections 60A.122 and 60A.123.

# Sec. 11. [60A.1291] ANNUAL AUDIT.

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- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.
- (a) "Accountant" and "independent public accountant" mean an independent certified public accountant or accounting firm in good standing with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and in all states in which the accountant or firm is licensed or is required to be licensed to practice. For Canadian and British companies, the term means a Canadian-chartered or British-chartered accountant.
- (b) "Audit committee" means a committee or equivalent body established by the board of directors of an entity for the purpose of overseeing the accounting and financial reporting processes of an insurer or group of insurers, and audits of financial statements of the insurer or group of insurers. The audit committee of any entity that controls a group of insurers may be deemed to be the audit committee for one or more of these controlled insurers solely for the purposes of this section at the election of the controlling person under subdivision 15, paragraph (e). If an audit committee is not designated by the insurer, the insurer's entire board of directors constitutes the audit committee.
- (c) "Indemnification" means an agreement of indemnity or a release from liability where the intent or effect is to shift or limit in any manner the potential liability of the person or firm for failure to adhere to applicable auditing or professional standards, whether or not resulting in part from knowing of other misrepresentations made by the insurer or its representatives.
- (d) "Independent board member" has the same meaning as described in subdivision 15, paragraph (c).
- (e) "Internal control over financial reporting" means a process effected by an entity's board of directors, management, and other personnel designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of the financial statements, for example, those items specified in subdivision 4, paragraphs (a), clauses (2) to (6), (b), and (c), and includes those policies and procedures that:
- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of assets;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of the financial statements, for example, those items specified in subdivision 4, paragraphs (a), clauses (2) to (6), (b), and (c), and that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors; and

94.1	(3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of
94.2	unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of assets that could have a material effect on
94.3	the financial statements, for example, those items specified in subdivision 4, paragraphs
94.4	(a), clauses (2) to (6), (b), and (c).
94.5	(f) "SEC" means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
94.6	(g) "Section 404" means Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the
94.7	SEC's rules and regulations promulgated under it.
94.8	(h) "Section 404 report" means management's report on "internal control over
94.9	financial reporting" as defined by the SEC and the related attestation report of the
94.10	independent certified public accountant as described in paragraph (a).
94.11	(i) "SOX compliant entity" means an entity that either is required to be
94.12	compliant with, or voluntarily is compliant with, all of the following provisions of the
94.13	Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002: (i) the preapproval requirements of Section 201 (section
94.14	10A(i) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934); (ii) the audit committee independence
94.15	requirements of Section 301 (section 10A(m)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934);
94.16	and (iii) the internal control over financial reporting requirements of Section 404 (Item
94.17	308 of SEC Regulation S-K).
94.18	Subd. 2. Filing requirements. Every insurance company doing business in this
94.19	state, including fraternal benefit societies, reciprocal exchanges, service plan corporations
94.20	licensed pursuant to chapter 62C, and legal service plans licensed pursuant to chapter
94.20 94.21	licensed pursuant to chapter 62C, and legal service plans licensed pursuant to chapter 62G, unless exempted by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision 9, paragraph (a), or by
94.21	62G, unless exempted by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision 9, paragraph (a), or by
94.21 94.22	62G, unless exempted by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision 9, paragraph (a), or by subdivision 18, shall have an annual audit of the financial activities of the most recently
94.21 94.22 94.23	62G, unless exempted by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision 9, paragraph (a), or by subdivision 18, shall have an annual audit of the financial activities of the most recently completed calendar year performed by an independent certified public accountant, and
94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24	62G, unless exempted by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision 9, paragraph (a), or by subdivision 18, shall have an annual audit of the financial activities of the most recently completed calendar year performed by an independent certified public accountant, and shall file the report of this audit with the commissioner on or before June 1 for the
94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25	62G, unless exempted by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision 9, paragraph (a), or by subdivision 18, shall have an annual audit of the financial activities of the most recently completed calendar year performed by an independent certified public accountant, and shall file the report of this audit with the commissioner on or before June 1 for the immediately preceding year ending December 31. The commissioner may require an
94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25 94.26	62G, unless exempted by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision 9, paragraph (a), or by subdivision 18, shall have an annual audit of the financial activities of the most recently completed calendar year performed by an independent certified public accountant, and shall file the report of this audit with the commissioner on or before June 1 for the immediately preceding year ending December 31. The commissioner may require an insurer to file an audited financial report earlier than June 1 with 90 days' advance notice
94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25 94.26 94.27	62G, unless exempted by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision 9, paragraph (a), or by subdivision 18, shall have an annual audit of the financial activities of the most recently completed calendar year performed by an independent certified public accountant, and shall file the report of this audit with the commissioner on or before June 1 for the immediately preceding year ending December 31. The commissioner may require an insurer to file an audited financial report earlier than June 1 with 90 days' advance notice to the insurer.
94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25 94.26 94.27 94.28	62G, unless exempted by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision 9, paragraph (a), or by subdivision 18, shall have an annual audit of the financial activities of the most recently completed calendar year performed by an independent certified public accountant, and shall file the report of this audit with the commissioner on or before June 1 for the immediately preceding year ending December 31. The commissioner may require an insurer to file an audited financial report earlier than June 1 with 90 days' advance notice to the insurer.  Extensions of the June 1 filing date may be granted by the commissioner for 30-day
94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25 94.26 94.27 94.28 94.29	62G, unless exempted by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision 9, paragraph (a), or by subdivision 18, shall have an annual audit of the financial activities of the most recently completed calendar year performed by an independent certified public accountant, and shall file the report of this audit with the commissioner on or before June 1 for the immediately preceding year ending December 31. The commissioner may require an insurer to file an audited financial report earlier than June 1 with 90 days' advance notice to the insurer.  Extensions of the June 1 filing date may be granted by the commissioner for 30-day periods upon a showing by the insurer and its independent certified public accountant of
94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25 94.26 94.27 94.28 94.29	62G, unless exempted by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision 9, paragraph (a), or by subdivision 18, shall have an annual audit of the financial activities of the most recently completed calendar year performed by an independent certified public accountant, and shall file the report of this audit with the commissioner on or before June 1 for the immediately preceding year ending December 31. The commissioner may require an insurer to file an audited financial report earlier than June 1 with 90 days' advance notice to the insurer.  Extensions of the June 1 filing date may be granted by the commissioner for 30-day periods upon a showing by the insurer and its independent certified public accountant of the reasons for requesting the extension and a determination by the commissioner of good
94.21 94.22 94.23 94.24 94.25 94.26 94.27 94.28 94.29 94.30	62G, unless exempted by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision 9, paragraph (a), or by subdivision 18, shall have an annual audit of the financial activities of the most recently completed calendar year performed by an independent certified public accountant, and shall file the report of this audit with the commissioner on or before June 1 for the immediately preceding year ending December 31. The commissioner may require an insurer to file an audited financial report earlier than June 1 with 90 days' advance notice to the insurer.  Extensions of the June 1 filing date may be granted by the commissioner for 30-day periods upon a showing by the insurer and its independent certified public accountant of the reasons for requesting the extension and a determination by the commissioner of good cause for the extension.

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If an extension is granted in accordance with this subdivision, a similar extension of 30 days is granted to the filing of management's report of internal control over financial reporting.

Every insurer required to file an annual audited financial report pursuant to this subdivision shall designate a group of individuals as constituting its audit committee. The audit committee of an entity that controls an insurer may be deemed to be the insurer's audit committee for purposes of this subdivision at the election of the controlling person.

Subd. 3. **Exemptions.** Foreign and alien insurers filing audited financial reports in another state under the other state's requirements of audited financial reports which have been found by the commissioner to be substantially similar to these requirements are exempt from this section if a copy of the audited financial report, communication of internal control related matters noted in an audit, accountant's letter of qualifications, and report on significant deficiencies in internal controls, which are filed with the other state, are filed with the commissioner in accordance with the filing dates specified in subdivision 2 (Canadian insurers may submit accountants' reports as filed with the Canadian Dominion Department of Insurance); and a copy of any notification of adverse financial condition report filed with the other state is filed with the commissioner within the time specified in subdivision 11. Foreign or alien insurers required to file management's report of internal control over financial reporting in another state are exempt from filing the report in this state provided the other state has substantially similar reporting requirements and the report is filed with the commissioner of the other state within the time specified. This subdivision does not prohibit or in any way limit the commissioner from ordering, conducting, and performing examinations of insurers under the authority of this chapter.

Subd. 4. Contents of annual audit; financial report. (a) The annual audited financial report must report, in conformity with statutory accounting practices required or permitted by the commissioner of insurance of the state of domicile, the financial position of the insurer as of the end of the most recent calendar year and the results of its operations, cash flows, and changes in capital and surplus for the year ended. The annual audited financial report must include:

- (1) a report of an independent certified public accountant;
- 95.31 (2) a balance sheet reporting admitted assets, liabilities, capital, and surplus;
- 95.32 (3) a statement of operations;
- 95.33 (4) a statement of cash flows;
- 95.34 (5) a statement of changes in capital and surplus; and
- 95.35 (6) notes to the financial statements.

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(b) The notes required under paragraph (a) are those required by the appropriate

National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) annual statement instructions
and National Association of Insurance Commissioners Accounting Practices and

Procedures Manual and include reconciliation of differences, if any, between the audited statutory financial statements and the annual statement filed under section 60A.13, subdivision 1, with a written description of the nature of these differences.

(c) The financial statements included in the audited financial report must be prepared in a form and using language and groupings substantially the same as the relevant sections of the annual statement of the insurer filed with the commissioner. The financial statement must be comparative, presenting the amounts as of December 31 of the current year and the amounts as of the immediately preceding December 31. In the first year in which an insurer is required to file an audited financial report, the comparative data may be omitted. The amounts may be rounded to the nearest \$1,000, and all immaterial amounts may be combined.

Subd. 5. Designation of independent certified public accountant. Each insurer required by this section to file an annual audited financial report must notify the commissioner in writing of the name and address of the independent certified public accountant or accounting firm retained to conduct the annual audit within 60 days after becoming subject to the annual audit requirement. The insurer shall obtain from the accountant a letter which states that the accountant is aware of the provisions that relate to accounting and financial matters in the insurance laws and the rules of the insurance regulatory authority of the state of domicile. The letter shall affirm that the accountant will express an opinion on the financial statements in terms of their conformity to the statutory accounting practices prescribed or otherwise permitted by that insurance regulatory authority, specifying the exceptions believed to be appropriate. A copy of the accountant's letter shall be filed with the commissioner.

Subd. 6. Report of disagreements. If an accountant who was the accountant for the immediately preceding filed audited financial report is dismissed or resigns, the insurer shall notify the commissioner of this event within five business days. Within ten business days of this notification, the insurer shall also furnish the commissioner with a separate letter stating whether in the 24 months preceding this event there were any disagreements with the former accountant on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure, which, if not resolved to the satisfaction of the former accountant, would have caused that person to make reference to the subject matter of the disagreement in connection with the opinion on the financial statements. The disagreements required to be reported in response to this

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not resolved to the former accountant's satisfaction. Disagreements contemplated by this subdivision are those disagreements between personnel of the insurer responsible for presentation of its financial statements and personnel of the accounting firm responsible for rendering its report. The insurer shall also in writing request the former accountant to furnish a letter addressed to the insurer stating whether the accountant agrees with the statements contained in the insurer's letter and, if not, stating the reasons for any disagreement. The insurer shall furnish this responsive letter from the former accountant to the commissioner together with its own.

- Subd. 7. Qualifications of independent certified public accountant. (a) The commissioner shall not recognize any person or firm as a qualified independent certified public accountant that is not in good standing with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and in all states in which the accountant is licensed or is required to be licensed to practice, or for a Canadian or British company, that is not a chartered accountant, or that has either directly or indirectly entered into an agreement of indemnity or release from liability (collectively referred to as an indemnification agreement) with respect to the audit of the insurer. Except as otherwise provided, an independent certified public accountant must be recognized as qualified as long as the person conforms to the standards of the person's profession, as contained in the Code of Professional Conduct of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Code of Professional Conduct of the Minnesota Board of Public Accountancy or similar code and the person is properly licensed in good standing with all required state boards of accountancy.
- (b) The lead or coordinating audit partner, having primary responsibility for the audit, may not act in that capacity for more than five consecutive years. The person shall be disqualified from acting in that or a similar capacity for the same company or its insurance subsidiaries or affiliates for a period of five consecutive years. An insurer may make application to the commissioner for relief from this rotation requirement on the basis of unusual circumstances. This application must be made at least 30 days before the end of the calendar year. The commissioner may consider the following factors in determining if the relief should be granted:
- (1) number of partners, expertise of the partners, or the number of insurance clients in the currently registered firm;
  - (2) premium volume of the insurer; or
- 97.34 (3) number of jurisdictions in which the insurer transacts business.

  The insurer shall file, with its annual statement filing, the approval for relief from this

paragraph with the states that it is licensed in or doing business in and with the NAIC. If

98.1	the nondomestic state accepts electronic filing with the NAIC, the insurer shall file the
98.2	approval in an electronic format acceptable to the NAIC.
98.3	(c) The commissioner shall not recognize as a qualified independent certified public
98.4	accountant, nor accept an annual audited financial report, prepared in whole or in part by
98.5	an accountant who provides to an insurer, contemporaneously with the audit, the following
98.6	nonaudit services:
98.7	(1) bookkeeping or other services related to the accounting records or financial
98.8	statements of the insurer;
98.9	(2) financial information systems design and implementation;
98.10	(3) appraisal or valuation services, fairness opinions, or contribution in-kind reports;
98.11	(4) actuarially oriented advisory services involving the determination of amounts
98.12	recorded in the financial statements. The accountant may assist an insurer in understanding
98.13	the methods, assumptions, and inputs used in the determination of amounts recorded in the
98.14	financial statement only if it is reasonable to conclude that the services provided will not
98.15	be subject to audit procedures during an audit of the insurer's financial statements. An
98.16	accountant's actuary may also issue an actuarial opinion or certification on an insurer's
98.17	reserves if the following conditions have been met:
98.18	(i) neither the accountant nor the accountant's actuary has performed any
98.19	management functions or made any management decisions;
98.20	(ii) the insurer has competent personnel, or engages a third-party actuary, to estimate
98.21	the loss reserves for which management takes responsibility; and
98.22	(iii) the accountant's actuary tests the reasonableness of the reserves after the
98.23	insurer's management has determined the amount of the loss reserves;
98.24	(5) internal audit outsourcing services;
98.25	(6) management functions or human resources;
98.26	(7) broker or dealer, investment adviser, or investment banking services;
98.27	(8) legal services or expert services unrelated to the audit; and
98.28	(9) any other services that the commissioner determines, by rule, are impermissible.
98.29	(d) The commissioner shall not recognize as a qualified independent certified public
98.30	accountant, nor accept any audited financial report, prepared in whole or in part by any
98.31	natural person who has been convicted of fraud, bribery, a violation of the Racketeer
98.32	Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act, United States Code, title 18, sections 1961 to
98.33	1968, or any dishonest conduct or practices under federal or state law, has been found to
98.34	have violated the insurance laws of this state with respect to any previous reports submitted
98.35	under this section, or has demonstrated a pattern or practice of failing to detect or disclose
98.36	material information in previous reports filed under the provisions of this section.

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- (e) The commissioner, after notice and hearing under chapter 14, may find that the accountant is not qualified for purposes of expressing an opinion on the financial statements in the annual audited financial report. The commissioner may require the insurer to replace the accountant with another whose relationship with the insurer is qualified within the meaning of this section.
- Subd. 8. Exemptions to qualifications of certified public accountant. (a) Insurers having direct written and assumed premiums of less than \$100,000,000 in any calendar year may request an exemption from subdivision 7, paragraph (c). The insurer shall file with the commissioner a written statement discussing the reasons why the insurer should be exempt from these provisions. If the commissioner finds, upon review of this statement, that compliance with this section would constitute a financial or organizational hardship upon the insurer, an exemption may be granted.
- (b) A qualified independent certified public accountant who performs the audit may engage in other nonaudit services, including tax services, that are not described in subdivision 7, paragraph (c), only if the activity is approved in advance by the audit committee, in accordance with paragraph (c).
- (c) All auditing services and nonaudit services provided to an insurer by the qualified independent certified public accountant of the insurer must be preapproved by the audit committee. The preapproval requirement is waived with respect to nonaudit services if the insurer is a SOX compliant entity or a direct or indirect wholly owned subsidiary of a SOX compliant entity or:
- (1) the aggregate amount of all such nonaudit services provided to the insurer constitutes not more than five percent of the total amount of fees paid by the insurer to its qualified independent certified public accountant during the fiscal year in which the nonaudit services are provided;
- (2) the services were not recognized by the insurer at the time of the engagement to be nonaudit services; and
- (3) the services are promptly brought to the attention of the audit committee and approved before the completion of the audit by the audit committee or by one or more members of the audit committee who are the members of the board of directors to whom authority to grant such approvals has been delegated by the audit committee.
- (d) The audit committee may delegate to one or more designated members of the audit committee the authority to grant the preapprovals required by paragraph (c). The decisions of any member to whom this authority is delegated must be presented to the full audit committee at each of its scheduled meetings.

100.1	(e) The commissioner shall not recognize an independent certified public accountant
100.2	as qualified for a particular insurer if a member of the board, president, chief executive
100.3	officer, controller, chief financial officer, chief accounting officer, or any person serving in
100.4	an equivalent position for that insurer, was employed by the independent certified public
100.5	accountant and participated in the audit of that insurer during the one-year period preceding
100.6	the date that the most current statutory opinion is due. This paragraph applies only to
100.7	partners and senior managers involved in the audit. An insurer may make application to
100.8	the commissioner for relief from this paragraph on the basis of unusual circumstances.
100.9	(f) The insurer shall file, with its annual statement filing, the approval for relief with
100.10	the states that it is licensed in or doing business in and the NAIC. If the nondomestic state
100.11	accepts electronic filing with the NAIC, the insurer shall file the approval in an electronic
100.12	format acceptable to the NAIC.

- Subd. 9. Consolidated or combined audits. (a) The commissioner may allow an insurer to file consolidated or combined audited financial statements required by subdivision 2, in lieu of separate annual audited financial statements, where it can be demonstrated that an insurer is part of a group of insurance companies that has a pooling or 100 percent reinsurance agreement which substantially affects the solvency and integrity of the reserves of the insurer and the insurer cedes all of its direct and assumed business to the pool. An affiliated insurance company not meeting these requirements may be included in the consolidated or combined audited financial statements, if the company's total admitted assets are less than five percent of the consolidated group's total admitted assets. If these circumstances exist, then the company may file a written application to file consolidated or combined audited financial statements. This application must be for a specified period.
- (b) Upon written application by a domestic insurer, the commissioner may authorize the domestic insurer to include additional affiliated insurance companies in the consolidated or combined audited financial statements. A foreign insurer must obtain the prior written authorization of the commissioner of its state of domicile in order to submit an application for authority to file consolidated or combined audited financial statements. This application must be for a specified period.
- (c) A consolidated annual audit filing must include a columnar consolidated or combining worksheet. Amounts shown on the audited consolidated or combined financial statement must be shown on the worksheet. Amounts for each insurer must be stated separately. Noninsurance operations may be shown on the worksheet on a combined or individual basis. Explanations of consolidating or eliminating entries must be shown on the worksheet. A reconciliation of any differences between the amounts shown in the

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individual insurer columns of the worksheet and comparable amounts shown on the annual statement of the insurers must be included on the worksheet.

Subd. 10. Scope of audit and report of independent certified public accountant. Financial statements furnished pursuant to subdivision 4 must be examined by an independent certified public accountant. The audit of the insurer's financial statements must be conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. In accordance with AICPA Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS) No. 109, Understanding the Entity and its Environment and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement, or its replacement, the independent certified public accountant should obtain an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan the audit. To the extent required by SAS No. 109, for those insurers required to file a management's report of internal control over financial reporting pursuant to subdivision 17, the independent certified public accountant should consider (as that term is defined in SAS No. 102, Defining Professional Requirements in Statements on Auditing Standards or its replacement) the most recently available report in planning and performing the audit of the statutory financial statements. Consideration should be given to other procedures illustrated in the Financial Condition Examiners Handbook promulgated by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners as the independent certified public accountant deems necessary.

Subd. 11. **Notification of adverse financial condition.** The insurer required to furnish the annual audited financial report shall require the independent certified public accountant to provide written notice within five business days to the board of directors of the insurer or its audit committee of any determination by that independent certified public accountant that the insurer has materially misstated its financial condition as reported to the commissioner as of the balance sheet date currently under audit or that the insurer does not meet the minimum capital and surplus requirement of sections 60A.07, 66A.32, and 66A.33 as of that date. An insurer required to file an annual audited financial report who received a notification of adverse financial condition from the accountant shall file a copy of the notification with the commissioner within five business days of the receipt of the notification. The insurer shall provide the independent certified public accountant making the notification with evidence of the report being furnished to the commissioner. If the independent certified public accountant fails to receive the evidence within the required five-day period, the independent certified public accountant shall furnish to the commissioner a copy of the notification to the board of directors or its audit committee within the next five business days. No independent certified public accountant is liable in any manner to any person for any statement made in connection with this subdivision if the statement is made in good faith in compliance with this subdivision. If the accountant

becomes aware of facts which might have affected the audited financial report after
the date it was filed, the accountant shall take the action prescribed by AU section

561, Subsequent Discovery of Facts Existing at the Date of the Auditor's Report of the
Professional Standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants,
or its replacement.

Subd. 12. Communication of internal control related matters noted in an audit. In addition to the annual audited financial report, each insurer shall furnish the commissioner with a written communication as to any unremediated material weaknesses in its internal control over financial reporting noted during the audit. The communication must be prepared by the accountant within 60 days after the filing of the annual audited financial report, and must contain a description of any unremediated material weakness, as the term material weakness is defined by SAS No. 115, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, or its replacement, as of December 31 immediately preceding so as to coincide with the audited financial report discussed in subdivision 2 in the insurer's internal control over financial reporting noted by the accountant during the course of their audit of the financial statements. If no unremediated material weaknesses were noted, the communication should so state.

The insurer is required to provide a description of remedial actions taken or proposed to correct unremediated material weaknesses, if the actions are not described in the accountant's communication.

Subd. 13. Accountant's letter of qualification. The accountant shall furnish the insurer in connection with, and for inclusion in, the filing of the annual audited financial report, a letter stating that the accountant is independent with respect to the insurer and conforms to the standards of the accountant's profession as contained in the Code of Professional Conduct of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Code of Professional Conduct of the Minnesota Board of Accountancy or similar code; the background and experience in general, and the experience in audits of insurers of the staff assigned to the engagement and whether each is an independent certified public accountant; that the accountant understands that the annual audited financial report and the opinion on it will be filed in compliance with this statute and that the commissioner will be relying on this information in the monitoring and regulation of the financial position of insurers; that the accountant consents to the requirements of subdivision 14 and that the accountant consents and agrees to make available for review by the commissioner, or the commissioner's designee or appointed agent, the work papers, as defined in subdivision 14; a representation that the accountant is properly licensed in good standing by the appropriate state licensing authorities and is a member in good standing in the American

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Institute of Certified Public Accountants; and a representation that the accountant complies with subdivision 7. Nothing in this section prohibits the accountant from utilizing staff the accountant deems appropriate where use is consistent with the standards prescribed by generally accepted auditing standards.

Subd. 14. Availability and maintenance of independent certified public accountants' work papers. Work papers are the records kept by the independent certified public accountant of the procedures followed, tests performed, information obtained, and conclusions reached pertinent to the independent certified public accountant's audit of the financial statements of an insurer. Work papers may include audit planning documents, work programs, analyses, memoranda, letters of confirmation and representation, management letters, abstracts of company documents, and schedules or commentaries prepared or obtained by the independent certified public accountant in the course of the audit of the financial statements of an insurer and that support the accountant's opinion. Every insurer required to file an audited financial report shall require the accountant, through the insurer, to make available for review by the examiners the work papers prepared in the conduct of the audit and any communications related to the audit between the accountant and the insurer. The work papers must be made available at the offices of the insurer, at the offices of the commissioner, or at any other reasonable place designated by the commissioner. The insurer shall require that the accountant retain the audit work papers and communications until the commissioner has filed a report on examination covering the period of the audit but no longer than seven years after the period reported upon, provided retention of the working papers beyond the seven years is not required by other professional or regulatory requirements. In the conduct of the periodic review by the examiners, it must be agreed that photocopies of pertinent audit work papers may be made and retained by the commissioner. These copies shall be part of the commissioner's work papers and must be given the same confidentiality as other examination work papers generated by the commissioner.

Subd. 15. Requirements for audit committee. (a) The audit committee must be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation, and oversight of the work of any accountant including resolution of disagreements between management and the accountant regarding financial reporting for the purpose of preparing or issuing the audited financial report or related work pursuant to this section. Each accountant shall report directly to the audit committee.

(b) Each member of the audit committee must be a member of the board of directors of the insurer or a member of the board of directors of an entity elected pursuant to paragraph (e) and subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

104.1	(c) In order to be considered independent for purposes of this section, a member of
104.2	the audit committee may not, other than in his or her capacity as a member of the audit
104.3	committee, the board of directors, or any other board committee, accept any consulting,
104.4	advisory, or other compensatory fee from the entity or be an affiliated person of the entity
104.5	or any subsidiary of the entity. However, if law requires board participation by otherwise
104.6	nonindependent members, that law shall prevail and such members may participate in the
104.7	audit committee and be designated as independent for audit committee purposes, unless
104.8	they are an officer or employee of the insurer or one of its affiliates.
104.9	(d) If a member of the audit committee ceases to be independent for reasons outside
104.10	the member's reasonable control, that person, with notice by the responsible entity to the
104.11	state, may remain an audit committee member of the responsible entity until the earlier of
104.12	the next annual meeting of the responsible entity or one year from the occurrence of the
104.13	event that caused the member to be no longer independent.
104.14	(e) To exercise the election of the controlling person to designate the audit committee
104.15	for purposes of this section, the ultimate controlling person shall provide written notice to
104.16	the commissioners of the affected insurers. Notification must be made timely before the
104.17	issuance of the statutory audit report and include a description of the basis for the election.
104.18	The election can be changed through notice to the commissioner by the insurer, which
104.19	shall include a description of the basis for the change. The election remains in effect for
104.20	perpetuity, until rescinded.
104.21	(f) The audit committee shall require the accountant that performs for an insurer any
104.22	audit required by this section to timely report to the audit committee in accordance with
104.23	the requirements of SAS No. 114, The Auditor's Communication with Those Charged
104.24	with Governance, or its replacement, including:
104.25	(1) all significant accounting policies and material permitted practices;
104.26	(2) all material alternative treatments of financial information within statutory
104.27	accounting principles that have been discussed with management officials of the insurer,
104.28	ramifications of the use of the alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment
104.29	preferred by the accountant; and
104.30	(3) other material written communications between the accountant and the
104.31	management of the insurer, such as any management letter or schedule of unadjusted
104.32	differences.
104.33	(g) If an insurer is a member of an insurance holding company system, the reports
104.34	required by paragraph (f) may be provided to the audit committee on an aggregate basis

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for insurers in the holding company system, provided that any substantial differences

among insurers in the system are identified to the audit committee.

105.1	(h) The proportion of independent audit committee members shall meet or exceed
105.2	the following criteria:
105.3	(1) for companies with prior calendar year direct written and assumed premiums \$0
105.4	to \$300,000,000, no minimum requirements;
105.5	(2) for companies with prior calendar year direct written and assumed premiums
105.6	over \$300,000,000 to \$500,000,000, majority of members must be independent; and
105.7	(3) for companies with prior calendar year direct written and assumed premiums
105.8	over \$500,000,000, 75 percent or more must be independent.
105.9	(i) An insurer with direct written and assumed premium, excluding premiums
105.10	reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, less
105.11	than \$500,000,000 may make application to the commissioner for a waiver from the
105.12	requirements of this subdivision based upon hardship. The insurer shall file, with its
105.13	annual statement filing, the approval for relief from this subdivision with the states that
105.14	it is licensed in or doing business in and the NAIC. If the nondomestic state accepts
105.15	electronic filing with the NAIC, the insurer shall file the approval in an electronic format
105.16	acceptable to the NAIC.
105.17	This subdivision does not apply to foreign or alien insurers licensed in this state or
105.18	an insurer that is a SOX compliant entity or a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary
105.19	of a SOX compliant entity.
105.20	Subd. 16. Conduct of insurer in connection with the preparation of required
105.21	reports and documents. (a) No director or officer of an insurer shall, directly or indirectly:
105.22	(1) make or cause to be made a materially false or misleading statement to an
105.23	accountant in connection with any audit, review, or communication required under this
105.24	section; or
105.25	(2) omit to state, or cause another person to omit to state, any material fact necessary
105.26	in order to make statements made, in light of the circumstances under which the statements
105.27	were made, not misleading to an accountant in connection with any audit, review, or
105.28	communication required under this section.
105.29	(b) No officer or director of an insurer, or any other person acting under the direction
105.30	thereof, shall directly or indirectly take any action to coerce, manipulate, mislead, or
105.31	fraudulently influence any accountant engaged in the performance of an audit pursuant to
105.32	this section if that person knew or should have known that the action, if successful, could
105.33	result in rendering the insurer's financial statements materially misleading.
105.34	(c) For purposes of paragraph (b), actions that, "if successful, could result in
105.35	rendering the insurer's financial statements materially misleading" include, but are not

06.1	limited to, actions taken at any time with respect to the professional engagement period to
06.2	coerce, manipulate, mislead, or fraudulently influence an accountant:
06.3	(1) to issue or reissue a report on an insurer's financial statements that is not
06.4	warranted in the circumstances due to material violations of statutory accounting
06.5	principles prescribed by the commissioner, generally accepted auditing standards, or
06.6	other professional or regulatory standards;
06.7	(2) not to perform audit, review, or other procedures required by generally accepted
06.8	auditing standards or other professional standards;
06.9	(3) not to withdraw an issued report; or
06.10	(4) not to communicate matters to an insurer's audit committee.
06.11	Subd. 17. Management's report of internal control over financial reporting.
06.12	(a) Every insurer required to file an audited financial report pursuant to this section that
06.13	has annual direct written and assumed premiums, excluding premiums reinsured with the
06.14	Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, of \$500,000,000 or
06.15	more, shall prepare a report of the insurer's or group of insurers' internal control over
06.16	financial reporting, as these terms are defined in subdivision 1. The report must be filed
06.17	with the commissioner along with the communication of internal control related matters
06.18	noted in an audit described under subdivision 12. Management's report of internal control
06.19	over financial reporting shall be as of December 31 immediately preceding.
06.20	(b) Notwithstanding the premium threshold in paragraph (a), the commissioner may
06.21	require an insurer to file management's report of internal control over financial reporting
06.22	if the insurer is in any RBC level event, or meets any one or more of the standards of
06.23	an insurer deemed to be in hazardous financial condition pursuant to sections 60G.20
06.24	to 60G.22.
06.25	(c) An insurer or a group of insurers that is:
06.26	(1) directly subject to Section 404;
06.27	(2) part of a holding company system whose parent is directly subject to Section 404;
06.28	(3) not directly subject to Section 404 but is a SOX compliant entity; or
06.29	(4) a member of a holding company system whose parent is not directly subject to
06.30	Section 404 but is a SOX compliant entity;
06.31	may file its or its parent's Section 404 report and an addendum in satisfaction of this
06.32	requirement provided that those internal controls of the insurer or group of insurers
06.33	having a material impact on the preparation of the insurer's or group of insurers' audited
06.34	statutory financial statements, consisting of those items included in subdivision 4,
06.35	paragraphs (a), clauses (2) to (6), (b), and (c), were included in the scope of the Section
06.36	404 report. The addendum shall be a positive statement by management that there are

107.1	no material processes with respect to the preparation of the insurer's or group of insurers'
107.2	audited statutory financial statements, consisting of those items included in subdivision 4,
107.3	paragraphs (a), clauses (2) to (6), (b), and (c), excluded from the Section 404 report. If
107.4	there are internal controls of the insurer or group of insurers that have a material impact on
107.5	the preparation of the insurer's or group of insurers' audited statutory financial statements
107.6	and those internal controls were not included in the scope of the Section 404 report, the
107.7	insurer or group of insurers may either file (i) a report under this subdivision, or (ii) the
107.8	Section 404 report and a report under this subdivision for those internal controls that have
107.9	a material impact on the preparation of the insurer's or group of insurers' audited statutory
107.10	financial statements not covered by the Section 404 report.
107.11	(d) Management's report of internal control over financial reporting shall include:
107.12	(1) a statement that management is responsible for establishing and maintaining
107.13	adequate internal control over financial reporting;
107.14	(2) a statement that management has established internal control over financial
107.15	reporting and an assertion, to the best of management's knowledge and belief, after diligent
107.16	inquiry, as to whether its internal control over financial reporting is effective to provide
107.17	reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial statements in accordance with
107.18	statutory accounting principles;
107.19	(3) a statement that briefly describes the approach or processes by which
107.20	management evaluated the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting;
107.21	(4) a statement that briefly describes the scope of work that is included and whether
107.22	any internal controls were excluded;
107.23	(5) disclosure of any unremediated material weaknesses in the internal control over
107.24	financial reporting identified by management as of December 31 immediately preceding.
107.25	Management is not permitted to conclude that the internal control over financial reporting
107.26	is effective to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial statements
107.27	in accordance with statutory accounting principles if there is one or more unremediated
107.28	material weaknesses in its internal control over financial reporting;
107.29	(6) a statement regarding the inherent limitations of internal control systems; and
107.30	(7) signatures of the chief executive officer and the chief financial officer or
107.31	equivalent position or title.
107.32	(e) Management shall document and make available upon financial condition
107.33	examination the basis upon which its assertions, required in paragraph (d), are made.
107.34	Management may base its assertions, in part, upon its review, monitoring, and testing of
107 35	internal controls undertaken in the normal course of its activities

(1) Management has discretion as to the nature of the internal control framework

08.2	used, and the nature and extent of documentation, in order to make its assertion in a
08.3	cost-effective manner and, as such, may include assembly of or reference to existing
08.4	documentation.
08.5	(2) Management's report on internal control over financial reporting, required by
08.6	paragraph (a), and any documentation provided in support of the report during the course
08.7	of a financial condition examination, must be kept confidential by the Department of
08.8	Commerce.
08.9	Subd. 18. Exemptions. (a) Upon written application of any insurer, the
08.10	commissioner may grant an exemption from compliance with the provisions of this
08.11	section. In order to receive an exemption, an insurer must demonstrate to the satisfaction
08.12	of the commissioner that compliance would constitute a financial or organizational
08.13	hardship upon the insurer. An exemption may be granted at any time and from time
08.14	to time for specified periods. Within ten days from the denial of an insurer's written
08.15	request for an exemption, the insurer may request in writing a hearing on its application
08.16	for an exemption. This hearing must be held in accordance with chapter 14. Upon written
08.17	application of any insurer, the commissioner may permit an insurer to file annual audited
08.18	financial reports on some basis other than a calendar year basis for a specified period. An
08.19	exemption may not be granted until the insurer presents an alternative method satisfying
08.20	the purposes of this section. Within ten days from a denial of a written request for an
08.21	exemption, the insurer may request in writing a hearing on its application. The hearing
08.22	must be held in accordance with chapter 14.
08.23	(b) This section applies to all insurers, unless otherwise indicated, required to file
08.24	an annual audit by subdivision 2, except insurers having less than \$1,000,000 of direct
08.25	written premiums in this state in any calendar year and fewer than 1,000 policyholders
08.26	or certificate holders of directly written policies nationwide at the end of the calendar
08.27	year, are exempt from this section for that year, unless the commissioner makes a
08.28	specific finding that compliance is necessary for the commissioner to carry out statutory
08.29	responsibilities, except that insurers having assumed premiums from reinsurance contracts
08.30	or treaties of \$1,000,000 or more are not exempt.
08.31	Subd. 19. Canadian and British companies. (a) In the case of Canadian and
08.32	British insurers, the annual audited financial report means the annual statement of total
08.33	business on the form filed by these companies with their domiciliary supervision authority
08.34	and duly audited by an independent chartered accountant.
08.35	(b) For these insurers the letter required in subdivision 5 shall state that the
08.36	accountant is aware of the requirements relating to the annual audited statement filed

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with the commissioner under subdivision 2, and shall affirm that the opinion expressed is in conformity with those requirements.

- Subd. 20. Commercial mortgage loan valuation procedures. A report of the independent certified public accountant that performs the audit of an insurer's annual statement as required under subdivision 2, shall be filed and contain a statement as to whether anything in connection with the audit came to the accountant's attention that caused the accountant to believe that the insurer failed to adopt and consistently apply the valuation procedures as required by sections 60A.122 and 60A.123.
- Subd. 21. **Examinations.** (a) The commissioner or a designated representative shall determine the nature, scope, and frequency of examinations under this section conducted by examiners under section 60A.031. These examinations may cover all aspects of the insurer's assets, condition, affairs, and operations and may include and be supplemented by audit procedures performed by independent certified public accountants. Scheduling of examinations will take into account all relevant matters with respect to the insurer's condition, including results of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, Insurance Regulatory Information Systems, changes in management, results of market conduct examinations, and audited financial reports. The type of examinations performed by examiners under this section must be compliance examinations, targeted examinations, and comprehensive examinations.
- (b) Compliance examinations will consist of a review of the accountant's workpapers defined under this section and a general review of the insurer's corporate affairs and insurance operations to determine compliance with the Minnesota insurance laws and the rules of the Department of Commerce. The examiners may perform alternative or additional examination procedures to supplement those performed by the accountant when the examiners determine that the procedures are necessary to verify the financial condition of the insurer.
- (c) Targeted examinations may cover limited areas of the insurer's operations as the commissioner may deem appropriate.
- (d) Comprehensive examinations will be performed when the report of the accountant as provided for in subdivision 7, paragraph (b), the notification required by subdivision 7, paragraph (c), the results of compliance or targeted examinations, or other circumstances indicate in the judgment of the commissioner or a designated representative that a complete examination of the condition and affairs of the insurer is necessary.
- (e) Upon completion of each targeted, compliance, or comprehensive examination, the examiner appointed by the commissioner shall make a full and true report on the results of the examination. Each report shall include a general description of the audit

110.1	procedures performed by the examiners and the procedures of the accountant that
110.2	the examiners may have utilized to supplement their examination procedures and the
110.3	procedures that were performed by the registered independent certified public accountant
110.4	if included as a supplement to the examination.
110.5	Subd. 22. Penalties. An annual statement, report, or document related to the
110.6	business of insurance must not be filed with the commissioner or issued to the public if it
110.7	is signed by anyone who is represented in the instrument as an "accountant," unless the
110.8	person is qualified as defined by this section. A violation of this subdivision is a violation
110.9	of section 72A.19 and punishable in accordance with section 72A.25.
110.10	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> (a) Domestic insurers retaining a certified public accountant
110.11	on the effective date of this section who qualify as independent shall comply with this
110.12	section for the year ending December 31, 2010, and each year thereafter unless the
110.13	commissioner permits otherwise.
110.14	(b) Domestic insurers not retaining a certified public accountant on the effective
110.15	date of this section who qualifies as independent shall meet the following schedule for
110.16	compliance unless the commissioner permits otherwise.
110.17	(1) As of December 31, 2010, file with the commissioner an audited financial report.
110.18	(2) For the year ending December 31, 2010, and each year thereafter, such insurers
110.19	shall file with the commissioner all reports and communication required by this section.
110.20	(c) Foreign insurers shall comply with this section for the year ending December 31,
110.21	2010, and each year thereafter, unless the commissioner permits otherwise.
110.22	(d) The requirements of subdivision 7, paragraph (b), are in effect for audits of the
110.23	year beginning January 1, 2010, and thereafter.
110.24	(e) The requirements of subdivision 15 are in effect January 1, 2010. An insurer or
110.25	group of insurers that is not required to have independent audit committee members or
110.26	only a majority of independent audit committee members, as opposed to a supermajority,
110.27	because the total written and assumed premium is below the threshold and subsequently
110.28	becomes subject to one of the independence requirements due to changes in premium has
110.29	one year following the year the threshold is exceeded, but not earlier than January 1,
110.30	2010, to comply with the independence requirements. Likewise, an insurer that becomes
110.31	subject to one of the independence requirements as a result of a business combination
110.32	has one calendar year following the date of acquisition or combination to comply with
110.33	the independence requirements.
110.34	(f) An insurer or group of insurers that is not required to file a report because the total

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written premium is below the threshold and subsequently becomes subject to the reporting

requirements has two years following the year the threshold is exceeded, but not earlier

- than December 31, 2010, to file a report. Likewise, an insurer acquired in a business combination has two calendar years following the date of acquisition or combination to comply with the reporting requirements.
- 111.4 (g) The requirements and provisions contained in this section are effective January
  111.5 1, 2010, and thereafter.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 60B.03, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
- Subd. 15. **Insolvency.** "Insolvency" means:

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- (a) For an insurer organized under sections 67A.01 to 67A.26, the inability to pay any uncontested debt as it becomes due or any other loss within 30 days after the due date specified in the first assessment notice issued pursuant to section 67A.17.
- (b) For any other insurer, that it is unable to pay its debts or meet its obligations as they mature or that its assets do not exceed its liabilities plus the greater of (1) any capital and surplus required by law to be constantly maintained, or (2) its authorized and issued capital stock. For purposes of this subdivision, "assets" includes one-half of the maximum total assessment liability of the policyholders of the insurer, and "liabilities" includes reserves required by law. For policies issued on the basis of unlimited assessment liability, the maximum total liability, for purposes of determining solvency only, shall be deemed to be that amount that could be obtained if there were 100 percent collection of an assessment at the rate of ten mills per dollar of insurance written by it and in force.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 60L.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Additional requirements.** (a) In order to be eligible to be governed by sections 60L.01 to 60L.15, the insurer must meet the requirements specified under this subdivision.
- 111.24 (b) The insurer shall:
  - (1) have been in continuous operation for a minimum of five years; and
  - (2) maintain a minimum claims-paying, financial strength, or equivalent rating from at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization in one of the organization's three highest rating categories for the time period during which sections 60L.01 to 60L.15 apply to the insurer. For purposes of this subdivision, the rating must be based on a review of the insurer by the nationally recognized statistical rating organization with the cooperation of the insurer; must not depend on a guarantee or other credit enhancement from another entity; and must not be modified or otherwise qualified to show dependence of the rating on the performance or a contractual obligation of, or the insurer's affiliation with, another insurer.

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(c) The insurer or an affiliate, as defined in section 60D.15, subdivision 2, of the
insurer shall employ at least one individual as a professional investment manager for
the insurer's investments whom the board of directors or trustees of the insurer finds
is qualified on the basis of experience, education or training, competence, personal
integrity, and who conducts professional investment management activities in accordance
with the Code of Ethics and Standards of Professional Conduct of the Association for
Investment Management and Research. For purposes of complying with this paragraph,
an employee of an affiliate may only be used if they are responsible for managing the
insurer's investments.

- (d) The board of directors of the insurer must annually adopt a resolution finding that the insurer or an affiliate, as defined in section 60D.15, subdivision 2, of the insurer has employed a professional investment manager for the insurer's investments with sufficient expertise and has sufficient other resources to implement and monitor the insurer's investment policies and strategies.
- (e) In the report required under section 60A.129 60A.1291, subdivision 3 12, paragraph (l), the insurer's independent auditor shall not have identified any significant deficiencies in the insurer's internal control structure related to investments during any of the five years immediately preceding the date on which sections 60L.01 to 60L.15 begin to apply to the insurer, and as long as sections 60L.01 to 60L.15 apply to the insurer.

# Sec. 14. [61A.258] PRENEED INSURANCE PRODUCTS; MINIMUM MORTALITY STANDARDS FOR RESERVES AND NONFORFEITURE VALUES.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given them:

have the meanings given them:

(1) "2001 CSO Mortality Table (2001 CSO)" means that mortality table, consisting of separate rates of mortality for male and female lives, developed by the American Academy of Actuaries CSO Task Force from the Valuation Basic Mortality Table developed by the Society of Actuaries Individual Life Insurance Valuation Mortality Task Force, and adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) in December 2002. The 2001 CSO Mortality Table (2001 CSO) is included in the Proceedings of the NAIC (2nd Quarter 2002). Unless the context indicates otherwise, the "2001 CSO Mortality Table (2001 CSO)" includes both the ultimate form of that table and the select and ultimate form of that table and includes both the smoker and nonsmoker mortality tables and the composite mortality tables. It also includes both the

Article3 Sec. 14.

age-nearest-birthday and age-last-birthday bases of the mortality tables;

113.1	(2) "Ultimate 1980 CSO" means the Commissioners' 1980 Standard Ordinary Life
113.2	Valuation Mortality Tables (1980 CSO) without ten-year selection factors, incorporated
113.3	into the 1980 amendments to the NAIC Standard Valuation Law approved in December
113.4	1983; and
113.5	(3) "preneed insurance" is any life insurance policy or certificate that is issued
113.6	in combination with, in support of, with an assignment to, or as a guarantee for a
113.7	prearrangement agreement for goods and services to be provided at the time of and
113.8	immediately following the death of the insured. Goods and services may include, but
113.9	are not limited to embalming, cremation, body preparation, viewing or visitation, coffin
113.10	or urn, memorial stone, and transportation of the deceased. The status of the policy or
113.11	contract as preneed insurance is determined at the time of issue in accordance with the
113.12	policy form filing.
113.13	Subd. 2. Minimum valuation mortality standards. For preneed insurance
113.14	contracts, the minimum mortality standard for determining reserve liabilities and
113.15	nonforfeiture values for both male and female insureds shall be the Ultimate 1980 CSO.
113.16	Subd. 3. Minimum valuation interest rate standards. (a) The interest rates used
113.17	in determining the minimum standard for valuation of preneed insurance shall be the
113.18	calendar year statutory valuation interest rates as defined in section 61A.25.
113.19	(b) The interest rates used in determining the minimum standard for nonforfeiture
113.20	values for preneed insurance shall be the calendar year statutory nonforfeiture interest
113.21	rates as defined in section 61A.24.
113.22	Subd. 4. Minimum valuation method standards. (a) The method used in
113.23	determining the standard for the minimum valuation of reserves of preneed insurance shall
113.24	be the method defined in section 61A.25.
113.25	(b) The method used in determining the standard for the minimum nonforfeiture
113.26	values for preneed insurance shall be the method defined in section 61A.24.
113.27	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE; TRANSITION RULES.</b> (a) This section is effective January
113.28	1, 2009, and applies to preneed insurance policies and certificates issued on or after that
113.29	<u>date.</u>
113.30	(b) For preneed insurance policies issued on or after the effective date of this
113.31	section and before January 1, 2012, the 2001 CSO may be used as the minimum standard
113.32	for reserves and minimum standard for nonforfeiture benefits for both male and female
113.33	<u>insureds.</u>
113.34	(c) If an insurer elects to use the 2001 CSO as a minimum standard for any policy
113.35	issued on or after the effective date of this section and before January 1, 2012, the insurer

shall provide, as a part of the actuarial opinion memorandum submitted in support of

114.2	the company's asset adequacy testing, an annual written notification to the domiciliary
114.3	commissioner. The notification shall include:
114.4	(1) a complete list of all preneed policy forms that use the 2001 CSO as a minimum
114.5	standard;
114.6	(2) a certification signed by the appointed actuary stating that the reserve
114.7	methodology employed by the company in determining reserves for the preneed policies
114.8	issued after the effective date and using the 2001 CSO as a minimum standard, develops
114.9	adequate reserves (For the purposes of this certification, the preneed insurance policies
114.10	using the 2001 CSO as a minimum standard cannot be aggregated with any other
114.11	policies.); and
114.12	(3) supporting information regarding the adequacy of reserves for preneed insurance
114.13	policies issued after the effective date of this section and using the 2001 CSO as a
114.14	minimum standard for reserves.
114.15	(d) Preneed insurance policies issued on or after January 1, 2012, must use the
114.16	<u>Ultimate 1980 CSO in the calculation of minimum nonforfeiture values and minimum</u>
114.17	reserves.
114.18	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 61B.19, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
114.19	Subd. 4. Limitation of benefits. The benefits for which the association may become
114.20	liable shall in no event exceed the lesser of:
114.21	(1) the contractual obligations for which the insurer is liable or would have been
114.22	liable if it were not an impaired or insolvent insurer; or
114.23	(2) subject to the limitation in clause (5), with respect to any one life, regardless of
114.24	the number of policies or contracts:
114.25	(i) $\$300,000 \ \$500,000$ in life insurance death benefits, but not more than $\$100,000$
114.26	\$130,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values for life insurance;
114.27	(ii) \$300,000 \$500,000 in health insurance benefits, including any net cash surrender
114.28	and net cash withdrawal values;
114.29	(iii) \$100,000 \$250,000 in annuity net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values;
114.30	(iv) \$300,000 \$410,000 in present value of annuity benefits for structured settlement
114.31	annuities or for annuities in regard to which periodic annuity benefits, for a period of not
114.32	less than the annuitant's lifetime or for a period certain of not less than ten years, have
114.33	begun to be paid, on or before the date of impairment or insolvency; or
114.34	(3) subject to the limitations in clauses (5) and (6), with respect to each individual
114.35	resident participating in a retirement plan, except a defined benefit plan, established under

115.1	section 401, 403(b), or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through
115.2	December 31, 1992, covered by an unallocated annuity contract, or the beneficiaries
115.3	of each such individual if deceased, in the aggregate, \$\frac{\$100,000}{250,000}\$ in net cash
115.4	surrender and net cash withdrawal values;
115.5	(4) where no coverage limit has been specified for a covered policy or benefit, the
115.6	coverage limit shall be \$300,000 \$500,000 in present value;
115.7	(5) in no event shall the association be liable to expend more than \$300,000
115.8	\$500,000 in the aggregate with respect to any one life under clause (2), items (i), (ii), (iii),
115.9	(iv), and clause (4), and any one individual under clause (3);
115.10	(6) in no event shall the association be liable to expend more than \$7,500,000
115.11	\$10,000,000 with respect to all unallocated annuities of a retirement plan, except a defined
115.12	benefit plan, established under section 401, 403(b), or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code
115.13	of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1992. If total claims from a plan exceed
115.14	\$7,500,000 $$10,000,000$ , the $$7,500,000$ $$10,000,000$ shall be prorated among the
115.15	claimants;
115.16	(7) for purposes of applying clause (2)(ii) and clause (5), with respect only to
115.17	health insurance benefits, the term "any one life" applies to each individual covered by a
115.18	health insurance policy;
115.19	(8) where covered contractual obligations are equal to or less than the limits stated in
115.20	this subdivision, the association will pay the difference between the covered contractual
115.21	obligations and the amount credited by the estate of the insolvent or impaired insurer, if
115.22	that amount has been determined or, if it has not, the covered contractual limit, subject
115.23	to the association's right of subrogation;
115.24	(9) where covered contractual obligations exceed the limits stated in this subdivision,
115.25	the amount payable by the association will be determined as though the covered
115.26	contractual obligations were equal to those limits. In making the determination, the estate
115.27	shall be deemed to have credited the covered person the same amount as the estate would
115.28	credit a covered person with contractual obligations equal to those limits; or
115.29	(10) the following illustrates how the principles stated in clauses (8) and (9) apply.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS OF:

The example illustrated concerns hypothetical claims subject to the limit stated in clause

(2)(iii). The principles stated in clauses (8) and (9), and illustrated in this clause, apply

to claims subject to any limits stated in this subdivision.

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116.1			\$50,000
116.2			Guaranty
116.3		Estate	Association
116.4	0% recovery	\$ 0	\$ 50,000
116.5	from estate		
116.6	25% recovery	\$ 12,500	\$ 37,500
116.7	from estate		
116.8	50% recovery	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000
116.9	from estate		
116.10	75% recovery	\$ 37,500	\$ 12,500
116.11	from estate		
116.12			\$100,000
116.13			Guaranty
116.14		Estate	Association
116.15	0% recovery	\$ 0	\$ 100,000
116.16	from estate		
116.17	25% recovery	\$ 25,000	\$ 75,000
116.18	from estate		
116.19	50% recovery	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000
116.20	from estate		
116.21	75% recovery	\$ 75,000	\$ 25,000
116.22	from estate		
116.23			\$200,000
116.24			Guaranty
116.25		Estate	Association
116.26	0% recovery	\$ 0	\$ 100,000
116.27	from estate		
116.28	25% recovery	\$ 50,000	\$ 75,000
116.29	from estate		

117.1	50% recovery	\$ 100,000	\$ 50,000
117.2	from estate		
117.3	75% recovery	\$ 150,000	\$ 25,000
117.4	from estate		
117.5	For purposes of this su	bdivision, the commissioner shall deterr	nine the discount rate
117.6	to be used in determining the	e present value of annuity benefits.	
117.7		This section is effective the day following	
117.8		ers who are first determined to be impain	_
117.9	after that date. Member insu	rers who are subject to an order of impair	irment in effect on the
117.10	effective date but are not declared insolvent until after the effective date shall continue to		
117.11	be governed by the law in et	ffect prior to the effective date.	
117.12	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statu	tes 2008, section 61B.28, subdivision 4,	is amended to read:
117.13	Subd. 4. Prohibited s	ales practice. No person, including an	insurer, agent, or
117.14	affiliate of an insurer, shall r	make, publish, disseminate, circulate, or	place before the
117.15	public, or cause directly or i	ndirectly, to be made, published, dissem	inated, circulated,
117.16	or placed before the public,	in any newspaper, magazine, or other pu	iblication, or in the
117.17	form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio station or television		
117.18	station, or in any other way, an advertisement, announcement, or statement, written or		
117.19	oral, which uses the existence of the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty		
117.20	Association for the purpose	of sales, solicitation, or inducement to p	urchase any form of
117.21	insurance covered by section	ns 61B.18 to 61B.32. The notice require	ed by subdivision 8
117.22	is not a violation of this sub-	division nor is it a violation of this subd	ivision to explain
117.23	verbally to an applicant or p	otential applicant the coverage provided	by the Minnesota
117.24	Life and Health Insurance G	uaranty Association at any time during the	he application process
117.25	or thereafter. This subdivision	on does not apply to the Minnesota Life	and Health Insurance
117.26	Guaranty Association or an e	entity that does not sell or solicit insurance	ce. A person violating
117.27	this section is guilty of a mi	sdemeanor.	
117.28	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statu	tes 2008, section 61B.28, subdivision 8,	is amended to read:
117.29	Subd. 8. Form. The f	Form of notice referred to in subdivision	7, paragraph (a),
117.30	is as follows:		
117.31		"	
117.32			
117.33			

118.1 (insert name, current address, and telephone number of insurer)

118.3 NOTICE CONCERNING POLICYHOLDER RIGHTS IN AN INSOLVENCY UNDER THE MINNESOTA LIFE AND HEALTH INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION LAW

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If the insurer that issued your life, annuity, or health insurance policy becomes impaired or insolvent, you are entitled to compensation for your policy from the assets of that insurer. The amount you recover will depend on the financial condition of the insurer.

In addition, residents of Minnesota who purchase life insurance, annuities, or health insurance from insurance companies authorized to do business in Minnesota are protected, SUBJECT TO LIMITS AND EXCLUSIONS, in the event the insurer becomes financially impaired or insolvent. This protection is provided by the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association.

Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association (insert current address and telephone number)

The maximum amount the guaranty association will pay for all policies issued on one life by the same insurer is limited to \$300,000 \$500,000. Subject to this \$300,000 \$500,000 limit, the guaranty association will pay up to \$300,000 \$500,000 in life insurance death benefits, \$100,000 \$130,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values for life insurance, \$300,000 \$500,000 in health insurance benefits, including any net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values, \$\frac{\$100,000}{250,000}\$ in annuity net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values, \$300,000 \$410,000 in present value of annuity benefits for annuities which are part of a structured settlement or for annuities in regard to which periodic annuity benefits, for a period of not less than the annuitant's lifetime or for a period certain of not less than ten years, have begun to be paid on or before the date of impairment or insolvency, or if no coverage limit has been specified for a covered policy or benefit, the coverage limit shall be \$300,000 \$500,000 in present value. Unallocated annuity contracts issued to retirement plans, other than defined benefit plans, established under section 401, 403(b), or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1992, are covered up to \$\frac{\$100,000}{}{000} \$250,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values, for Minnesota residents covered by the plan provided, however, that the association shall not be responsible for more than \$7,500,000 \$10,000,000 in claims from all Minnesota residents covered by the plan. If total claims exceed \$7,500,000 \$10,000,000, the \$7,500,000 \$10,000,000 shall be prorated among all claimants. These are the maximum claim amounts. Coverage by the guaranty association is also subject to other substantial limitations and exclusions and requires continued residency in Minnesota. If your claim exceeds the guaranty association's limits,

you may still recover a part or all of that amount from the proceeds of the liquidation of

119.2	the insolvent insurer, if any exist. Funds to pay claims may not be immediately available.		
119.3	The guaranty association assesses insurers licensed to sell life and health insurance in		
119.4	Minnesota after the insolvency occurs. Claims are paid from this assessment.		
119.5	THE COVERAGE PROVIDED BY THE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION IS NOT		
119.6	A SUBSTITUTE FOR USING CARE IN SELECTING INSURANCE COMPANIES		
119.7	THAT ARE WELL MANAGED AND FINANCIALLY STABLE. IN SELECTING AN		
119.8	INSURANCE COMPANY OR POLICY, YOU SHOULD NOT RELY ON COVERAGE		
119.9	BY THE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION.		
119.10	THIS NOTICE IS REQUIRED BY MINNESOTA STATE LAW TO ADVISE		
119.11	POLICYHOLDERS OF LIFE, ANNUITY, OR HEALTH INSURANCE POLICIES		
119.12	OF THEIR RIGHTS IN THE EVENT THEIR INSURANCE CARRIER BECOMES		
119.13	FINANCIALLY INSOLVENT. THIS NOTICE IN NO WAY IMPLIES THAT THE		
119.14	COMPANY CURRENTLY HAS ANY TYPE OF FINANCIAL PROBLEMS. ALL LIFE,		
119.15	ANNUITY, AND HEALTH INSURANCE POLICIES ARE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE		
119.16	THIS NOTICE."		
119.17	Additional language may be added to the notice if approved by the commissioner		
119.18	prior to its use in the form. This section does not apply to fraternal benefit societies		
119.19	regulated under chapter 64B.		
119.20	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 67A.01, is amended to read:		
119.21	67A.01 NUMBER OF MEMBERS REQUIRED, PROPERTY AND		
119.22	TERRITORY.		
119.23	Subdivision 1. Number of members. (a) It shall be lawful for any number of		
119.24	persons, not less than 25, residing in adjoining townships counties in this state, who shall		
119.25	collectively own property worth at least \$50,000, to form themselves into a corporation		
119.26	for mutual insurance against loss or damage by the perils listed in section 67A.13.		
119.27	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the company shall operate in no		
119.28	more than 150 adjoining townships in the aggregate at the same time. The company may,		
119.29	if approval has been granted by the commissioner, operate in more than 150 adjoining		
119.30	townships in the aggregate at the same time, subject to a maximum of 300 townships.		
119.31	If the company confines its operations to one county it may transact business in that		
119.32	county by so providing in its certificate of incorporation. In case of merger of two or		
119.33	more companies having contiguous territories, the surviving company in the merger may		
119.34	transact business in the entire territory of the merged companies, but the territory of the		
119.35	surviving company in the merger must not be larger than 300 townships.		

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Subd. 2. Authorized territory. (a) A township mutual fire insurance company may be authorized to write business in up to nine adjoining counties in the aggregate at the same time. If policyholder surplus is at least \$500,000 as reported in the company's last annual financial statement filed with the commissioner, the company may, if approval has been granted by the commissioner, be authorized to write business in ten or more counties in the aggregate at the same time, subject to a maximum of 20 adjoining counties, in accordance with the following schedule:

120.8	Number of	Surplus
120.9	Counties	Requirement
120.10	<u>10</u>	\$500,000
120.11	<u>11</u>	600,000
120.12	<u>12</u>	700,000
120.13	<u>13</u>	800,000
120.14	<u>14</u>	900,000
120.15	<u>15</u>	1,000,000
120.16	<u>16</u>	<u>1,100,000</u>
120.17	<u>17</u>	1,200,000
120.18	<u>18</u>	1,300,000
120.19	<u>19</u>	1,400,000
120.20	<u>20</u>	<u>1,500,000</u>

- (b) In the case of a merger of two or more companies having contiguous territories, the surviving company in the merger may transact business in the entire territory of the merged companies; however, the territory of the surviving company in the merger may not be larger than 20 counties.
- (c) A township mutual fire insurance company may write new and renewal insurance on property in cities within the company's authorized territory having a population less than 25,000. A township mutual may continue to write new and renewal insurance once the population increases to 25,000 or greater provided that amended and restated articles are filed with the commissioner along with a certification that such city's population has increased to 25,000 or greater.
- (d) A township mutual fire insurance company may write new and renewal insurance on property in cities within the company's authorized territory with a population of 25,000 or greater, but less than 150,000, if approval has been granted by the commissioner.

121.1	No township mutual fire insurance company shall insure any property in cities with a
121.2	population of 150,000 or greater.
121.3	(e) If a township mutual fire insurance company provides evidence to the
121.4	commissioner that the company had insurance in force on December 31, 2007, in a city
121.5	within the company's authorized territory with a population of 25,000 or greater, but less
121.6	than 150,000, the company may write new and renewal insurance on property in that city
121.7	provided that the company files amended and restated articles by July 31, 2010, naming
121.8	that city.
121.9	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 67A.06, is amended to read:
121.10	67A.06 POWERS OF CORPORATION.
121.11	Every corporation formed under the provisions of sections 67A.01 to 67A.26,
121.12	shall have power:
121.13	(1) to have succession by its corporate name for the time stated in its certificate of
121.14	incorporation;
121.15	(2) to sue and be sued in any court;
121.16	(3) to have and use a common seal and alter the same at pleasure;
121.17	(4) to acquire, by purchase or otherwise, and to hold, enjoy, improve, lease,
121.18	encumber, and convey all real and personal property necessary for the purpose of its
121.19	organization, subject to such limitations as may be imposed by law or by its articles of
121.20	incorporation;
121.21	(5) to elect or appoint in such manner as it may determine all necessary or proper
121.22	officers, agents, boards, and committees, fix their compensation, and define their powers
121.23	and duties;
121.24	(6) to make and amend consistently with law bylaws providing for the management
121.25	of its property and the regulation and government of its affairs;
121.26	(7) to wind up and liquidate its business in the manner provided by chapter 60B; and
121.27	(8) to indemnify certain persons against expenses and liabilities as provided in
121.28	section 302A.521. In applying section 302A.521 for this purpose, the term "members"
121.29	shall be substituted for the terms "shareholders" and "stockholders-"; and
121.30	(9) to eliminate or limit a director's personal liability to the company or its members
121.31	for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director. A company shall not
121.32	eliminate or limit the liability of a director:
121.33	(i) for breach of loyalty to the company or its members;
121.34	(ii) for acts or omissions made in bad faith or with intentional misconduct or
121 35	knowing violation of law:

122.1	(iii) for transactions from which the director derived an improper personal benefit; or
122.2	(iv) for acts or omissions occurring before the date that the provisions in the articles
122.3	eliminating or limiting liability become effective.
122.4	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 67A.07, is amended to read:
122.5	67A.07 PRINCIPAL OFFICE.
122.6	The principal office of a township mutual fire insurance company shall be located in
122.7	a township or in a city in a township county in which the company is authorized to do
122.8	business.
122.9	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 67A.14, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
122.10	Subdivision 1. Kinds of property; property outside authorized territory. (a)
122.11	Township mutual fire insurance companies may insure qualified property. Qualified
122.12	property means dwellings, household goods, appurtenant structures, farm buildings, farm
122.13	personal property, churches, church personal property, county fair buildings, community
122.14	and township meeting halls and their usual contents.
122.15	(b) Township mutual fire insurance companies may extend coverage to include
122.16	an insured's secondary property if the township mutual fire insurance company covers
122.17	qualified property belonging to the insured. Secondary property means any real or
122.18	personal property that is not considered qualified property for a township mutual fire
122.19	insurance company to cover under this chapter. The maximum amount of coverage that a
122.20	township mutual fire insurance company may write for secondary property is 25 percent of
122.21	the total limit of liability of the policy issued to an insured covering the qualified property.
122.22	(c) A township mutual fire insurance company may insure any real or personal
122.23	property, including qualified or secondary property, subject to the limitations in
122.24	subdivision 1, paragraph (b), located outside the limits of the territory in which the
122.25	company is authorized by its certificate or articles of incorporation to transact business, if
122.26	the company is already covering qualified property belonging to the insured, inside the
122.27	limits of the company's territory.
122.28	(d) A township mutual fire insurance company may insure property temporarily
122.29	outside of the authorized territory of the township mutual fire insurance company.
122.30	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 67A.14, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
122.31	Subd. 7. <b>Amount of insurable risk.</b> No township mutual fire insurance company
122.32	shall insure or reinsure a single risk or hazard in a larger sum than the greater of \$3,000, or
122.33	one tenth of its net assets plus two tenths of a mill of its insurance in force; provided that

123.1	no portion of any such risk or hazard which shall have been reinsured, as authorized by
123.2	the laws of this state, shall be included in determining the limitation of risk prescribed
123.3	by this subdivision.
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123.4	Sec. 23. [67A.175] SURPLUS REQUIREMENTS.
123.5	Subdivision 1. Minimum. Township mutual fire insurance companies shall maintain
123.6	a minimum policyholders' surplus of \$300,000 at all times.
123.7	Subd. 2. Corrective action plan; filing. A township mutual fire insurance company
123.8	that falls below the \$300,000 minimum surplus requirement must file a corrective action
123.9	plan with the commissioner. The plan shall state how the company will correct its surplus
123.10	deficiency. The plan must be submitted within 45 days of the company falling below the
123.11	minimum surplus level.
123.12	Subd. 3. Corrective action plan; commissioner's notification. Within 30 days
123.13	after the submission by a township mutual fire insurance company of a corrective action
123.14	plan, the commissioner shall notify the insurer whether the plan may be implemented or
123.15	is, in the judgment of the commissioner, unsatisfactory. If the commissioner determines
123.16	the plan is unsatisfactory, the notification to the company must set forth the reasons for the
123.17	determination, and may set forth proposed revisions that will render the plan satisfactory
123.18	in the judgment of the commissioner. Upon notification from the commissioner, the
123.19	insurer shall prepare a revised corrective action plan that may incorporate by reference
123.20	any revisions proposed by the commissioner, and shall submit the revised plan to the
123.21	commissioner within 45 days.
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123.22	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 67A.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
123.23	Subdivision 1. By member. Any member may terminate membership in the
123.24	company by giving written notice or returning the member's policy to the secretary and
123.25	paying the withdrawing member's share of all existing claims.
123.26	Sec. 25. REPEALER.
123.27	Subdivision 1. Annual audits. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 60A.129, is
123.28	repealed.
123.29	Subd. 2. Township mutual insured properties, joint or partial risks, and
123.30	assessments. Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 67A.14, subdivision 5; 67A.17; and
123.31	67A.19, are repealed.

Subd. 3. Banking procedures; real estate tax records. Minnesota Rules, part 2675.2180, is repealed.

<u>Subd. 4.</u> **Debt prorating companies.** Minnesota Rules, parts 2675.7100; 2675.7110; 2675.7120; 2675.7130; and 2675.7140, are repealed.

Subd. 5. Guaranty association; inflation indexing. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 61B.19, subdivision 6, is repealed.

## ARTICLE 4 DEBT MANAGEMENT SERVICES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 45.011, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Scope.** As used in chapters 45 to 83, 155A, 332, 332A, <u>332B</u>, 345, and 359, and sections 325D.30 to 325D.42, 326B.802 to 326B.885, and 386.61 to 386.78, unless the context indicates otherwise, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 46.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. General. The commissioner of commerce, referred to in chapters 46 to 59A, and chapter 332A, and 332B as the commissioner, is vested with all the powers, authority, and privileges which, prior to the enactment of Laws 1909, chapter 201, were conferred by law upon the public examiner, and shall take over all duties in relation to state banks, savings banks, trust companies, savings associations, and other financial institutions within the state which, prior to the enactment of chapter 201, were imposed upon the public examiner. The commissioner of commerce shall exercise a constant supervision, either personally or through the examiners herein provided for, over the books and affairs of all state banks, savings banks, trust companies, savings associations, credit unions, industrial loan and thrift companies, and other financial institutions doing business within this state; and shall, through examiners, examine each financial institution at least once every 24 calendar months. In satisfying this examination requirement, the commissioner may accept reports of examination prepared by a federal agency having comparable supervisory powers and examination procedures. With the exception of industrial loan and thrift companies which do not have deposit liabilities and licensed regulated lenders, it shall be the principal purpose of these examinations to inspect and verify the assets and liabilities of each and so far investigate the character and value of the assets of each institution as to determine with reasonable certainty that the values are correctly carried on its books. Assets and liabilities shall be verified in accordance with methods of procedure which the commissioner may determine to be adequate to carry out

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the intentions of this section. It shall be the further purpose of these examinations to assess the adequacy of capital protection and the capacity of the institution to meet usual and reasonably anticipated deposit withdrawals and other cash commitments without resorting to excessive borrowing or sale of assets at a significant loss, and to investigate each institution's compliance with applicable laws and rules. Based on the examination findings, the commissioner shall make a determination as to whether the institution is being operated in a safe and sound manner. None of the above provisions limits the commissioner in making additional examinations as deemed necessary or advisable. The commissioner shall investigate the methods of operation and conduct of these institutions and their systems of accounting, to ascertain whether these methods and systems are in accordance with law and sound banking principles. The commissioner may make requirements as to records as deemed necessary to facilitate the carrying out of the commissioner's duties and to properly protect the public interest. The commissioner may examine, or cause to be examined by these examiners, on oath, any officer, director, trustee, owner, agent, clerk, customer, or depositor of any financial institution touching the affairs and business thereof, and may issue, or cause to be issued by the examiners, subpoenas, and administer, or cause to be administered by the examiners, oaths. In case of any refusal to obey any subpoena issued under the commissioner's direction, the refusal may at once be reported to the district court of the district in which the bank or other financial institution is located, and this court shall enforce obedience to these subpoenas in the manner provided by law for enforcing obedience to subpoenas of the court. In all matters relating to official duties, the commissioner of commerce has the power possessed by courts of law to issue subpoenas and cause them to be served and enforced, and all officers, directors, trustees, and employees of state banks, savings banks, trust companies, savings associations, and other financial institutions within the state, and all persons having dealings with or knowledge of the affairs or methods of these institutions, shall afford reasonable facilities for these examinations, make returns and reports to the commissioner of commerce as the commissioner may require; attend and answer, under oath, the commissioner's lawful inquiries; produce and exhibit any books, accounts, documents, and property as the commissioner may desire to inspect, and in all things aid the commissioner in the performance of duties.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 46.05, is amended to read:

#### 46.05 SUPERVISION OVER FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.

Every state bank, savings bank, trust company, savings association, debt management services provider, debt settlement services provider, and other financial institutions shall

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be at all times under the supervision and subject to the control of the commissioner of commerce. If, and whenever in the performance of duties, the commissioner finds it necessary to make a special investigation of any financial institution under the commissioner's supervision, and other than a complete examination, the commissioner shall make a charge therefor to include only the necessary costs thereof. Such a fee shall be payable to the commissioner on the commissioner's making a request for payment.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 46.131, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Assessment authority. Each bank, trust company, savings bank, savings association, regulated lender, industrial loan and thrift company, credit union, motor vehicle sales finance company, debt management services provider, debt settlement services provider, and insurance premium finance company organized under the laws of this state or required to be administered by the commissioner of commerce shall pay into the state treasury its proportionate share of the cost of maintaining the Department of Commerce.
  - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 325E.311, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. Telephone solicitation. "Telephone solicitation" means any voice 126.16 communication over a telephone line for the purpose of encouraging the purchase or 126.17 rental of, or investment in, property, goods, or services, whether the communication is 126.18 made by a live operator, through the use of an automatic dialing-announcing device as 126.19 defined in section 325E.26, subdivision 2, or by other means. Telephone solicitation 126.20 does not include communications:
  - (1) to any residential subscriber with that subscriber's prior express invitation or permission; or
- (2) by or on behalf of any person or entity with whom a residential subscriber has a 126.24 prior or current business or personal relationship. 126.25
- Telephone solicitation also does not include communications if the caller is identified by a 126.26 caller identification service and the call is: 126.27
  - (i) by or on behalf of an organization that is identified as a nonprofit organization under state or federal law, unless the organization is a debt management services provider defined in section 332A.02 or a debt settlement services provider defined in section 332B.02;
- (ii) by a person soliciting without the intent to complete, and who does not in 126.32 fact complete, the sales presentation during the call, but who will complete the sales 126.33

127.1	presentation at a later face-to-face meeting between the solicitor who makes the call
127.2	and the prospective purchaser; or
127.3	(iii) by a political party as defined under section 200.02, subdivision 6.
127.4	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 332A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
127.5	to read:
127.6	Subd. 2a. Advertise. "Advertise" means to solicit business through any means or
127.7	medium.
127.8	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 332A.02, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
127.9	Subd. 5. Controlling or affiliated party. "Controlling or affiliated party" means
127.10	any person or entity that controls or is controlled, directly or indirectly controlling,
127.11	controlled by, or is under common control with another person. Controlling or affiliated
127.12	party includes, but is not limited to, employees, officers, independent contractors,
127.13	corporations, partnerships, and limited liability corporations.
127.14	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 332A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
127.15	to read:
127.16	Subd. 5a. Creditor. "Creditor" means any party:
127.17	(1) named by the debtor as a creditor in the debt management services plan or debt
127.18	management services agreement;
127.19	(2) that acquires or holds the debt; or
127.20	(3) to whom interactions with the debt management services is assigned in relation
127.21	to the debt listed in the debt management services plan or debt management services
127.22	agreement.
127.23	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 332A.02, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
127.24	Subd. 8. Debt management services provider. "Debt management services
127.25	provider" means any person offering or providing debt management services to a debtor
127.26	domiciled in this state, regardless of whether or not a fee is charged for the services and
127.27	regardless of whether the person maintains a physical presence in the state. This term
127.28	includes any person to whom debt management services are delegated, and does not
127.29	include services performed by the following when engaged in the regular course of their
127.30	respective businesses and professions:
127.31	(1) attorneys at law, escrow agents, accountants, broker-dealers in securities;

128.1	(2) state or national banks, <u>credit unions</u> , trust companies, savings associations,
128.2	title insurance companies, insurance companies, and all other lending institutions duly
128.3	authorized to transact business in Minnesota, provided no fee is charged for the service;
128.4	(3) persons who, as employees on a regular salary or wage of an employer not
128.5	engaged in the business of debt management, perform credit services for their employer;
128.6	(4) public officers acting in their official capacities and persons acting as a debt
128.7	management services provider pursuant to court order;
128.8	(5) any person while performing services incidental to the dissolution, winding up,
128.9	or liquidation of a partnership, corporation, or other business enterprise;
128.10	(6) the state, its political subdivisions, public agencies, and their employees;
128.11	(7) <del>credit unions and</del> collection agencies, provided <del>no fee is charged for the service</del>
128.12	that the services are provided to a creditor;
128.13	(8) "qualified organizations" designated as representative payees for purposes of the
128.14	Social Security and Supplemental Security Income Representative Payee System and the
128.15	federal Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990, Public Law 101-508;
128.16	(9) accelerated mortgage payment providers. "Accelerated mortgage payment
128.17	providers" are persons who, after satisfying the requirements of sections 332.30 to
128.18	332.303, receive funds to make mortgage payments to a lender or lenders, on behalf
128.19	of mortgagors, in order to exceed regularly scheduled minimum payment obligations
128.20	under the terms of the indebtedness. The term does not include: (i) persons or entities
128.21	described in clauses (1) to (8); (ii) mortgage lenders or servicers, industrial loan and
128.22	thrift companies, or regulated lenders under chapter 56; or (iii) persons authorized to
128.23	make loans under section 47.20, subdivision 1. For purposes of this clause and sections
128.24	332.30 to 332.303, "lender" means the original lender or that lender's assignee, whichever
128.25	is the current mortgage holder;
128.26	(10) trustees, guardians, and conservators; and
128.27	(11) debt settlement <u>services</u> providers.
128.28	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 332A.02, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
128.29	Subd. 9. <b>Debt management services.</b> "Debt management services" means the
128.30	provision of any one or more of the following services in connection with debt incurred
128.31	primarily for personal, family, or household services:
128.32	(1) managing the financial affairs of an individual by distributing income or money
128.33	to the individual's creditors;
128.34	(2) receiving funds for the purpose of distributing the funds among creditors in
128.35	payment or partial payment of obligations of a debtor; or

29.1	(3) adjusting, prorating, pooring, or inquidating the indebtedness of a debtor whereby
29.2	a debt management services provider assists in managing the financial affairs of a debtor
29.3	by distributing periodic payments to the debtor's creditors from funds that the debt
29.4	management services provider receives from the debtor and where the primary purpose of
29.5	the services is to effect full repayment of debt incurred primarily for personal, family, or
29.6	household services.
29.7	Any person so engaged or holding out as so engaged is deemed to be engaged in the
29.8	provision of debt management services regardless of whether or not a fee is charged for
29.9	such services.
29.10	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 332A.02, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
29.11	Subd. 10. <b>Debtor.</b> "Debtor" means the person for whom the debt <del>prorating service</del>
29.12	is management services are performed.
29.13	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 332A.02, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
29.14	Subd. 13. <b>Debt settlement <u>services provider.</u></b> "Debt settlement <u>services provider"</u>
29.15	means any person engaging in or holding out as engaging in the business of negotiating,
29.16	adjusting, or settling debt incurred primarily for personal, family, or household purposes
29.17	without holding or receiving the debtor's funds or personal property and without paying
29.18	the debtor's funds to, or distributing the debtor's property among, creditors has the
29.19	meaning given in section 332B.02, subdivision 11. The term shall not include persons
29.20	listed in subdivision 8, clauses (1) to (10).
29.21	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 332A.04, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
29.22	Subd. 6. Right of action on bond. If the registrant has failed to account to a debtor
29.23	or distribute to the debtor's creditors the amounts required by this chapter and, or has
29.24	failed to perform any of the services promised in the debt management services agreement
29.25	between the debtor and registrant, the registrant is in default. The debtor or the debtor's
29.26	legal representative or receiver, the commissioner, or the attorney general, shall have, in
29.27	addition to all other legal remedies, a right of action in the name of the debtor on the bond
29.28	or the security given under this section, for loss suffered by the debtor, not exceeding the
29.29	face amount of the bond or security, and without the necessity of joining the registrant
29.30	in the suit or action based on the default.
29.31	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 332A.08, is amended to read:

332A.08 DENIAL OF REGISTRATION.

The commissioner, with notice to the applicant by certified mail sent to the address listed on the application, may deny an application for a registration upon finding that the applicant:

- (1) has submitted an application required under section 332A.04 that contains incorrect, misleading, incomplete, or materially untrue information. An application is incomplete if it does not include all the information required in section 332A.04;
- (2) has failed to pay any fee or pay or maintain any bond required by this chapter, or failed to comply with any order, decision, or finding of the commissioner made under and within the authority of this chapter;
- (3) has violated any provision of this chapter or any rule or direction lawfully made by the commissioner under and within the authority of this chapter;
- (4) or any controlling or affiliated party has ever been convicted of a crime or found civilly liable for an offense involving moral turpitude, including forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud, or any other similar offense or violation, or any violation of a federal or state law or regulation in connection with activities relating to the rendition of debt management services or any consumer fraud, false advertising, deceptive trade practices, or similar consumer protection law;
- (5) has had a registration or license previously revoked or suspended in this state or any other state or the applicant or licensee has been permanently or temporarily enjoined by any court of competent jurisdiction from engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice involving any aspect of the debt management services provider business; or any controlling or affiliated party has been an officer, director, manager, or shareholder owning more than a ten percent interest in a debt management services provider whose registration has previously been revoked or suspended in this state or any other state, or who has been permanently or temporarily enjoined by any court of competent jurisdiction from engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice involving any aspect of the debt management services provider business;
  - (6) has made any false statement or representation to the commissioner;
- 130.30 (7) is insolvent;

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- (8) refuses to fully comply with an investigation or examination of the debt management services provider by the commissioner;
- (9) has improperly withheld, misappropriated, or converted any money or properties received in the course of doing business;
- 130.35 (10) has failed to have a trust account with an actual cash balance equal to or greater 130.36 than the sum of the escrow balances of each debtor's account;

131.1	(11) has defaulted in making payments to creditors on behalf of debtors as required
131.2	by agreements between the provider and debtor; or
131.3	(12) has used fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices, or demonstrated
131.4	incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility in this state or elsewhere; or
131.5	(13) has been shown to have engaged in a pattern of failing to perform the services
131.6	promised.
131.7	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 332A.10, is amended to read:
131.8	332A.10 WRITTEN DEBT MANAGEMENT SERVICES AGREEMENT.
131.9	Subdivision 1. Written agreement required. (a) A debt management services
131.10	provider may not perform any debt management services or receive any money related
131.11	to a debt management services plan until the provider has obtained a debt management
131.12	services agreement that contains all terms of the agreement between the debt management
131.13	services provider and the debtor.
131.14	(b) A debt management services agreement must:
131.15	(1) be in writing, dated, and signed by the debt management services provider and
131.16	the debtor;
131.17	(2) conspicuously indicate whether or not the debt management services provider
131.18	is registered with the Minnesota Department of Commerce and include any registration
131.19	number; and
131.20	(3) be written in the debtor's primary language if the debt management services
131.21	provider advertised in that language.
131.22	(c) The registrant must furnish the debtor with a copy of the signed contract upon
131.23	execution.
131.24	Subd. 2. Actions prior to written agreement. No person may provide debt
131.25	management services for a debtor or execute a debt management services agreement
131.26	unless the person first has:
131.27	(1) provided the debtor individualized counseling and educational information
131.28	that, at a minimum, addresses managing household finances, managing credit and debt,
131.29	budgeting, and personal savings strategies;
131.30	(2) prepared in writing and provided to the debtor, in a form that the debtor may
131.31	keep, an individualized financial analysis and a proposed debt management services
131.32	plan listing the debtor's known debts with specific recommendations regarding actions
131.33	the debtor should take to reduce or eliminate the amount of the debts, including written
131.34	disclosure that debt management services are not suitable for all debtors and that there are
131 35	other ways including bankruptcy to deal with indebtedness:

- (3) made a determination supported by an individualized financial analysis that the 132.1 debtor can reasonably meet the requirements of the proposed debt management services 132.2 plan and that there is a net tangible benefit to the debtor of entering into the proposed debt 132.3 management services plan; and 132.4 (4) prepared, in a form the debtor may keep, a written list identifying all known 132.5
  - creditors of the debtor that the provider reasonably expects to participate in the plan and the creditors, including secured creditors, that the provider reasonably expects not to participate; and
- (5) disclosed, in addition to the written disclosure on the agreement required under 132.9 subdivision 1, whether or not the debt management services provider is registered with the 132.10 Minnesota Department of Commerce and any registration number. 132.11
  - Subd. 3. Required terms. (a) Each debt management services agreement must contain the following terms, which must be disclosed prominently and clearly in bold print on the front page of the agreement, segregated by bold lines from all other information on the page:
  - (1) the origination fee amount to be paid by the debtor and whether all or a portion of the initial origination fee amount is refundable or nonrefundable;
    - (2) the monthly fee amount or percentage to be paid by the debtor; and
- (3) the total amount of fees reasonably anticipated to be paid by the debtor over the term of the agreement. 132.20
  - (b) Each debt management services agreement must also contain the following:
- (1) a disclosure that if the amount of debt owed is increased by interest, late fees, 132.22 over the limit fees, and other amounts imposed by the creditors, the length of the debt 132.23 management services agreement will be extended and remain in force and that the total 132.24 dollar charges agreed upon may increase at the rate agreed upon in the original contract 132.25 agreement; 132.26
- (2) a prominent statement describing the terms upon which the debtor may cancel 132.27 the contract as set forth in section 332A.11; 132.28
- (3) a detailed description of all services to be performed by the debt management 132.29 services provider for the debtor; 132.30
  - (4) the debt management services provider's refund policy; and
- (5) the debt management services provider's principal business address and the name 132.32 and address of its agent in this state authorized to receive service of process. 132.33
- Subd. 4. **Prohibited terms.** The following terms shall not be included in the debt 132.34 management services agreement: 132.35
- (1) a hold harmless clause; 132.36

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- (2) a confession of judgment, or a power of attorney to confess judgment against the debtor or appear as the debtor in any judicial proceeding;
- (3) a waiver of the right to a jury trial, if applicable, in any action brought by or against a debtor;
- (4) an assignment of or an order for payment of wages or other compensation for services;
  - (5) a provision in which the debtor agrees not to assert any claim or defense arising out of the debt management services agreement;
- (6) a waiver of any provision of this chapter or a release of any obligation required to be performed on the part of the debt management services provider; or
  - (7) a mandatory arbitration clause or a clause selecting a law other than the laws of Minnesota under which the debt management services agreement or any other dispute involving the provision of debt management services is governed or enforced.
  - Subd. 5. **New debt management services agreements; modification of existing agreements.** (a) Separate and additional debt management services agreements that comply with this chapter may be entered into by the debt management services provider and the debtor provided that no additional <u>initial origination</u> fee may be charged by the debt management services provider.
  - (b) Any modification of an existing debt management services agreement, including any increase in the number or amount of debts included in the debt management service services agreement, must be in writing and signed by both parties, except that the signature of the debtor is not required if:
  - (1) a creditor is added to or deleted from a debt management services agreement at the request of the debtor or a debtor voluntarily increases the amount of a payment, provided the debt management services provider must provide an updated payment schedule to the debtor within seven days; or
  - (2) the payment amount to a creditor in the agreement increases by \$10 or less and the total payment amount to all creditors increases a total of \$20 or less as a result of incorrect or incomplete information provided by the debtor regarding the amount of debt owed a creditor, provided the debt management services provider must notify the debtor of the increase within seven days.
  - No fees, charges, or other consideration may be demanded from the debtor for the modification, other than an increase in the amount of the monthly maintenance fee established in the original debt management services agreement.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 332A.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

134.1	Subd. 2. Notice of debtor's right to cancel. A debt management services
134.2	agreement must contain, on its face, in an easily readable typeface type immediately
134.3	adjacent to the space for signature by the debtor, the following notice: "Right To Cancel:
134.4	You have the right to cancel this contract at any time on ten days' written notice."
134.5	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 332A.14, is amended to read:
134.6	332A.14 PROHIBITIONS.
134.7	A registrant No debt management services provider shall not:
134.8	(1) purchase from a creditor any obligation of a debtor;
134.9	(2) use, threaten to use, seek to have used, or seek to have threatened the use of any
134.10	legal process, including but not limited to garnishment and repossession of personal
134.11	property, against any debtor while the debt management services agreement between the
134.12	registrant and the debtor remains executory;
134.13	(3) advise, counsel, or encourage a debtor to stop paying a creditor until a debt
134.14	management services plan is in place, or imply, infer, encourage, or in any other way
134.15	indicate, that it is advisable to stop paying a creditor;
134.16	(4) sanction or condone the act by a debtor of ceasing payments or imply, infer,
134.17	or in any manner indicate that the act of ceasing payments is advisable or beneficial to
134.18	the debtor;
134.19	(4) (5) require as a condition of performing debt management services the purchase
134.20	of any services, stock, insurance, commodity, or other property or any interest therein
134.21	either by the debtor or the registrant;
134.22	(5) (6) compromise any debts unless the prior written or contractual approval of the
134.23	debtor has been obtained to such compromise and unless such compromise inures solely
134.24	to the benefit of the debtor;
134.25	(6) (7) receive from any debtor as security or in payment of any fee a promissory
134.26	note or other promise to pay or any mortgage or other security, whether as to real or
134.27	personal property;
134.28	(7) (8) lend money or provide credit to any debtor if any interest or fee is charged,
134.29	or directly or indirectly collect any fee for referring, advising, procuring, arranging, or
134.30	assisting a consumer in obtaining any extension of credit or other debtor service from a
134.31	lender or debt management services provider;
134.32	(8) (9) structure a debt management services agreement that would result in negative
134.33	amortization of any debt in the plan;
134.34	(9) (10) engage in any unfair, deceptive, or unconscionable act or practice in
134.35	connection with any service provided to any debtor;

135.1	(10) (11) offer, pay, or give any material cash fee, gift, bonus, premium, reward, or
135.2	other compensation to any person for referring any prospective customer to the registrant
135.3	or for enrolling a debtor in a debt management services plan, or provide any other
135.4	incentives for employees or agents of the debt management services provider to induce
135.5	debtors to enter into a debt management services plan;
135.6	(11) (12) receive any cash, fee, gift, bonus, premium, reward, or other compensation
135.7	from any person other than the debtor or a person on the debtor's behalf in connection
135.8	with activities as a registrant, provided that this paragraph does not apply to a registrant
135.9	which is a bona fide nonprofit corporation duly organized under chapter 317A or under
135.10	the similar laws of another state;
135.11	(12) (13) enter into a contract with a debtor unless a thorough written budget analysis
135.12	indicates that the debtor can reasonably meet the requirements of the financial adjustment
135.13	plan and will be benefited by the plan;
135.14	(13) (14) in any way charge or purport to charge or provide any debtor credit
135.15	insurance in conjunction with any contract or agreement involved in the debt management
135.16	services plan;
135.17	(14) (15) operate or employ a person who is an employee or owner of a collection
135.18	agency or process-serving business; or
135.19	(15) (16) solicit, demand, collect, require, or attempt to require payment of a sum
135.20	that the registrant states, discloses, or advertises to be a voluntary contribution to a debt
135.21	management services provider or designee from the debtor.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 332A.16, is amended to read:

#### 332A.16 ADVERTISEMENT OF DEBT MANAGEMENT SERVICES PLANS.

No debt management services provider may make false, deceptive, or misleading statements or omissions about the rates, terms, or conditions of an actual or proposed debt management services plan or its debt management services, or create the likelihood of consumer confusion or misunderstanding regarding its services, including but not limited to the following:

- (1) represent that the debt management services provider is a nonprofit, not-for-profit, or has similar status or characteristics if some or all of the debt management services will be provided by a for-profit company that is a controlling or affiliated party to the debt management services provider; or
- 135.33 (2) make any communication that gives the impression that the debt management services provider is acting on behalf of a government agency.

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136.1	Sec. 19. [332B.02] DEFINITIONS.
136.2	Subdivision 1. Scope. Unless a different meaning is clearly indicated by the context,
136.3	for the purposes of this chapter, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given
136.4	them.
136.5	Subd. 2. Accreditation. "Accreditation" means certification as an accredited credit
136.6	counseling provider by the Council on Accreditation, the Bureau Veritas Certification
136.7	North America, Inc., or BSI Management Systems America, Inc.
136.8	Subd. 3. Advertise. "Advertise" means to solicit business through any means or
136.9	medium.
136.10	Subd. 4. Aggregate debt. "Aggregate debt" means the total of principal and interest
136.11	that is owed by the debtor to the creditors at the time of execution of the debt settlement
136.12	agreement.
136.13	Subd. 5. Attorney general. "Attorney general" means the attorney general of the
136.14	state of Minnesota.
136.15	Subd. 6. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of commerce.
136.16	Subd. 7. Controlling or affiliated party. "Controlling or affiliated party" means
136.17	any person or entity that controls or is controlled, directly or indirectly, or is under
136.18	common control with another person. Controlling or affiliated party includes, but is not
136.19	limited to, employees, officers, independent contractors, corporations, partnerships, and
136.20	limited liability corporations.
136.21	Subd. 8. Credit counseling. "Credit counseling" means the provision of counseling
136.22	and advice on managing household finances, including but not limited to, managing credit
136.23	and debt, budgeting, and personal savings.
136.24	Subd. 9. Creditor. "Creditor" means any party:
136.25	(1) named by the debtor as a creditor in the debt settlement services plan or debt
136.26	settlement services agreement;
136.27	(2) that acquires or holds the debt; or
136.28	(3) to whom interactions with the debt settlement services is assigned in relation to
136.29	the debt listed in the debt settlement services plan or debt settlement services agreement.
136.30	Subd. 10. Debt settlement services. "Debt settlement services" means any one or
136.31	more of the following activities:
136.32	(1) offering to provide advice, or offering to act or acting as an intermediary between
136.33	a debtor and one or more of the debtor's creditors, where the primary purpose of the
136.34	advice or action is to obtain a settlement for less than the full amount of debt, whether

137.1	in principal, interest, fees, or other charges, incurred primarily for personal, family, or
137.2	household purposes including, but not limited to, offering debt negotiation, debt reduction,
137.3	or debt relief services; or
137.4	(2) advising, encouraging, assisting, or counseling a debtor to accumulate funds in
137.5	an account for future payment of a reduced amount of debt to one or more of the debtor's
137.6	<u>creditors.</u>
137.7	Any person so engaged or holding out as so engaged is deemed to be engaged in
137.8	the provision of debt settlement services, regardless of whether or not a fee is charged for
137.9	such services.
137.10	Subd. 11. Debt settlement services agreement. "Debt settlement services
137.11	agreement" means the written contract between the debt settlement services provider
137.12	and the debtor.
137.13	Subd. 12. Debt settlement services plan. "Debt settlement services plan" means
137.14	the debtor's individualized package of debt settlement services set forth in the debt
137.15	settlement services agreement.
137.16	Subd. 13. Debt settlement services provider. "Debt settlement services provider"
137.17	means any person offering or providing debt settlement services to a debtor domiciled
137.18	in this state, regardless of whether or not a fee is charged for the services and regardless
137.19	of whether the person maintains a physical presence in the state. The term includes
137.20	any person to whom debt settlement duties are delegated. The term shall not include
137.21	persons listed in section 332A.02, subdivision 8, clauses (1) to (10), or a debt management
137.22	services provider.
137.23	Subd. 14. Lead generator. "Lead generator" means a person that, without providing
137.24	debt settlement services: (1) solicits debtors to engage in debt settlement through mail,
137.25	in person, or electronic Web site-based solicitation or any other means, (2) acts as an
137.26	intermediary or referral agent between a debtor and an entity actually providing debt
137.27	settlement services, or (3) obtains a debtor's personally identifiable information and
137.28	transmits that information to a debt settlement services provider.
137.29	Subd. 15. Person. "Person" means an individual, firm, partnership, association,
137.30	or corporation.
137.31	Subd. 16. Registrant. "Registrant" means any person registered by the
137.32	commissioner pursuant to this chapter and, where used in conjunction with an act or
137.33	omission required or prohibited by this chapter, shall mean any person performing debt
137.34	settlement services.

Sec. 20. [332B.03] REQUIREMENT OF REGISTRATION.

On or after August 1, 2009, it is unlawful for any person, whether or not located in this state, to operate as a debt settlement services provider or provide debt settlement services including, but not limited to, offering, advertising, or executing or causing to be executed any debt settlement services or debt settlement services agreement, except as authorized by law, without first becoming registered as provided in this chapter. Debt settlement services providers may continue to provide debt settlement services without complying with this chapter to those debtors who entered into a contract to participate in a debt settlement services plan prior to August 1, 2009, but may not enter into a debt settlement services agreement with a debt on or after August 1, 2009, without complying with this chapter.

### Sec. 21. [332B.04] REGISTRATION.

- Subdivision 1. **Form.** Application for registration to operate as a debt settlement services provider in this state must be made in writing to the commissioner, under oath, in the form prescribed by the commissioner, and must contain:
- 138.16 (1) the full name of each principal of the entity applying;
- 138.17 (2) the address, which must not be a post office box, and the telephone number and, 138.18 if applicable, the e-mail address, of the applicant;
- (3) consent to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state;
- (4) the name and address of the registered agent authorized to accept service of process on behalf of the applicant or appointment of the commissioner as the applicant's agent for purposes of accepting service of process;
- 138.23 (5) disclosure of:

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- (i) whether any controlling or affiliated party has ever been convicted of a crime or found civilly liable for an offense involving moral turpitude, including forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud, or any other similar offense or violation, or any violation of a federal or state law or regulation in connection with activities relating to the rendition of debt settlement services or involving any consumer fraud, false advertising, deceptive trade practices, or similar consumer protection law;
  - (ii) any judgments, private or public litigation, tax liens, written complaints, administrative actions, or investigations by any government agency against the applicant or any officer, director, manager, or shareholder owning more than five percent interest in the applicant, unresolved or otherwise, filed or otherwise commenced within the preceding ten years;

139.1	(iii) whether the applicant or any person employed by the applicant has had a record
139.2	of having defaulted in the payment of money collected for others, including the discharge
139.3	of debts through bankruptcy proceedings; and
139.4	(iv) whether the applicant's license or registration to provide debt settlement services
139.5	in any other state has ever been revoked or suspended;
139.6	(6) a copy of the applicant's standard debt settlement services agreement that the
139.7	applicant intends to execute with debtors;
139.8	(7) proof of accreditation, unless the applicant submits an affidavit attesting that the
139.9	applicant does not provide credit counseling services; and
139.10	(8) any other information and material as the commissioner may require.
139.11	The commissioner may, for good cause shown, temporarily waive any requirement
139.12	of this subdivision.
139.13	Subd. 2. Term and scope of registration. A registration is effective until 11:59
139.14	p.m. on December 31 of the year for which the application for registration is filed or until
139.15	it is surrendered by the registrant or revoked or suspended by the commissioner. The
139.16	registration is limited solely to the business of providing debt settlement services.
139.17	Subd. 3. Fees; bond. An applicant for registration as a debt settlement services
139.18	provider must comply with the requirements of section 332A.04, subdivisions 3, 4, and 5.
139.19	Subd. 4. Right of action on bond. If the registrant has failed to account to a debtor,
139.20	or has failed to perform any of the services promised, the registrant is in default. The
139.21	debtor or the debtor's legal representative or receiver, the commissioner, or the attorney
139.22	general, shall have, in addition to all other legal remedies, a right of action in the name of
139.23	the debtor on the bond or the security given under this section, for loss suffered by the
139.24	debtor, not exceeding the face amount of the bond or security, and without the necessity of
139.25	joining the registrant in the suit or action based on the default.
139.26	Subd. 5. Registrant list. The commissioner must maintain a list of registered debt
139.27	settlement services providers. The list must be made available to the public in written
139.28	form upon request and on the Department of Commerce Web site.
139.29	Subd. 6. Renewal of registration. Each year, each registrant under the provisions
139.30	of this chapter must, not more than 60 nor less than 30 days before its registration is to
139.31	expire, apply to the commissioner for renewal of its registration on a form prescribed by
139.32	the commissioner. The application must be signed by the registrant under penalty of
139.33	perjury, contain current information on all matters required in the original application, and
139.34	be accompanied by a payment of \$250. The registrant must maintain a continuous surety
120.25	hand that satisfies the requirements of section 222 A 04 subdivision 4. The renewal is

140.1	effective for one year. The commissioner may, for good cause shown, temporarily waive
140.2	any requirement of this section.
140.3	Sec. 22. [332B.05] DENIAL, SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR
140.4	NONRENEWAL OF REGISTRATION.
140.5	Subdivision 1. Denial. The commissioner, with notice to the applicant by certified
140.6	mail sent to the address listed on the application, may deny an application for a registration
140.7	for any of the reasons specified under section 332A.08.
140.8	Subd. 2. Suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal. The commissioner may suspend,
140.9	revoke, or refuse to renew any registration issued under this chapter, or may levy a civil
140.10	penalty under section 45.027, or any combination of actions, if the debt settlement services
140.11	provider or any controlling or affiliated person has committed any act or omission for
140.12	which the commissioner could have refused to issue an initial registration.
140.13	Subd. 3. Procedure. Suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal must be upon notice
140.14	and under the conditions prescribed in section 332A.09, subdivision 1. Upon issuance of
140.15	an order suspending, revoking, or refusing to renew a registration, the commissioner:
140.16	(1) shall follow the procedure established in section 332A.09, subdivision 2; and
140.17	(2) may follow the procedure specified in section 332A.09, subdivision 3, concerning
140.18	the appointment of a receiver for funds of sanctioned registrants.
140.19	Sec. 23. [332B.06] WRITTEN DEBT SETTLEMENT SERVICES AGREEMENT;
140.20	DISCLOSURES; TRUST ACCOUNT.
140.21	Subdivision 1. Written agreement required. (a) A debt settlement services
140.22	provider may not perform, or impose any charges or receive any payment for, any debt
140.23	settlement services until the provider and the debtor have executed a debt settlement
140.24	services agreement that contains all terms of the agreement between the debt settlement
140.25	services provider and the debtor and complies with all the applicable requirements of
140.26	this chapter.
140.27	(b) A debt settlement services agreement must:
140.28	(1) be in writing, dated, and signed by the debt settlement services provider and
140.29	the debtor;
140.30	(2) conspicuously indicate whether or not the debt settlement services provider is
140.31	registered with the Minnesota Department of Commerce and include any registration
140.32	number; and
140.33	(3) be written in the debtor's primary language if the debt settlement services
140.34	provider advertises in that language.

141.1	(c) The registrant must furnish the debtor with a copy of the signed contract upon
141.2	execution.
141.3	Subd. 2. Actions prior to executing a written agreement. No person may provide
141.4	debt settlement services for a debtor or execute a debt settlement services agreement
141.5	unless the person first has:
141.6	(1) informed the debtor, in writing, that debt settlement is not appropriate for all
141.7	debtors and that there are other ways to deal with debt, including using credit counseling
141.8	or debt management services, or filing bankruptcy;
141.9	(2) prepared in writing and provided to the debtor, in a form the debtor may keep,
141.10	an individualized financial analysis of the debtor's financial circumstances, including
141.11	income and liabilities, and made a determination supported by the individualized financial
141.12	analysis that:
141.13	(i) the debt settlement plan proposed for addressing the debt is suitable for the
141.14	individual debtor;
141.15	(ii) the debtor can reasonably meet the requirements of the proposed debt settlement
141.16	services plan; and
141.17	(iii) based on the totality of the circumstances, there is a net tangible benefit to the
141.18	debtor of entering into the proposed debt settlement services plan; and
141.19	(3) provided, on a document separate from any other document, the total amount and
141.20	an itemization of fees, including any origination fees, monthly fees, and settlement fees
141.21	reasonably anticipated to be paid by the debtor over the term of the agreement.
141.22	Subd. 3. Determination concerning creditor participation. (a) Before executing a
141.23	debt settlement services agreement or providing any services, a debt settlement services
141.24	provider must make a determination, supported by sufficient bases, which creditors listed
141.25	by the debtor are reasonably likely, and which are not reasonably likely, to participate in
141.26	the debt settlement services plan set forth in the debt settlement services agreement.
141.27	(b) A debt settlement services provider has a defense against a claim that no
141.28	sufficient basis existed to make a determination that a creditor was likely to participate if
141.29	the debt settlement services provider can produce:
141.30	(1) written confirmation from the creditor that, at the time the determination was
141.31	made, the creditor and the debt settlement services provider were engaged in negotiations
141.32	to settle a debt for another debtor; or
141.33	(2) evidence that the provider and the creditor had entered into a settlement of a debt
141.34	within the six months prior to the date of the determination.
141.35	(c) The debt settlement services provider must notify the debtor as soon as
141.36	practicable after the provider has made a determination of the likelihood of participation

42.1	or nonparticipation of all the creditors listed for inclusion in the debt settlement services
42.2	agreement or debt settlement services plan. If not all creditors listed in the debt settlement
42.3	services agreement are reasonably likely to participate in the debt settlement services plan,
42.4	the debt settlement services provider must obtain the written authorization from the debtor
42.5	to proceed with the debt settlement services agreement without the likely participation of
42.6	all listed creditors.
42.7	Subd. 4. Disclosures. (a) A person offering to provide or providing debt settlement
42.8	services must disclose both orally and in writing whether or not the person is registered
42.9	with the Minnesota Department of Commerce and any registration number.
42.10	(b) No person may provide debt settlement services unless the person first has
42.11	provided, both orally and in writing, on a single sheet of paper, separate from any other
42.12	document or writing, the following verbatim notice:
42.13	<u>CAUTION</u>
42.14	We CANNOT GUARANTEE that you will successfully reduce or eliminate your
42.15	<u>debt.</u>
42.16	If you stop paying your creditors, there is a strong likelihood some or all of the
42.17	following may happen:
42.18	• YOUR WAGES OR BANK ACCOUNT MAY STILL BE GARNISHED.
42.19	• YOU MAY STILL BE CONTACTED BY CREDITORS.
42.20	• YOU MAY STILL BE SUED BY CREDITORS for the money you owe.
42.21	• FEES, INTEREST, AND OTHER CHARGES WILL CONTINUE TO MOUNT
42.22	UP DURING THE (INSERT NUMBER) MONTHS THIS PLAN IS IN EFFECT.
42.23	Even if we do settle your debt, YOU MAY STILL HAVE TO PAY TAXES on
42.24	the amount forgiven.
42.25	Your credit rating may be adversely affected.
42.26	(c) The heading, "CAUTION," must be in bold, underlined, 28-point type, and the
42.27	remaining text must be in 14-point type, with a double space between each statement.
42.28	(d) The disclosures and notices required under this subdivision must be provided
42.29	in the debtor's primary language if the debt settlement services provider advertises in
42.30	that language.
42.31	Subd. 5. Required terms. (a) Each debt settlement services agreement must contain
42.32	on the front page of the agreement, segregated by bold lines from all other information
42.33	on the page and disclosed prominently and clearly in bold print, the total amount and an
42.34	itemization of fees, including any origination fees, monthly fees, and settlement fees
42.35	reasonably anticipated to be paid by the debtor over the term of the agreement.
42 36	(b) Each debt settlement services agreement must also contain the following:

143.1	(1) a prominent statement describing the terms upon which the debtor may cancel
143.2	the contract as set forth in section 332B.07;
143.3	(2) a detailed description of all services to be performed by the debt settlement
143.4	services provider for the debtor;
143.5	(3) the debt settlement services provider's refund policy;
143.6	(4) the debt settlement services provider's principal business address, which must
143.7	not be a post office box, and the name and address of its agent in this state authorized to
143.8	receive service of process; and
143.9	(5) the name of each creditor the debtor has listed and the aggregate debt owed to
143.10	each creditor that will be the subject of settlement.
143.11	Subd. 6. Prohibited terms. A debt settlement services agreement may not contain
143.12	any of the terms prohibited under section 332A.10, subdivision 4.
143.13	Subd. 7. New debt settlement services agreements; modifications of existing
143.14	agreements. (a) Separate and additional debt settlement services agreements that comply
143.15	with this chapter may be entered into by the debt settlement services provider and the
143.16	debtor, provided that no additional origination fee may be charged by the debt settlement
143.17	services provider.
143.18	(b) Any modification of an existing debt settlement services agreement, including
143.19	any increase in the number or amount of debts included in the debt settlement services
143.20	agreement, must be in writing and signed by both parties. No fee may be charged to
143.21	modify an existing agreement.
143.22	Subd. 8. Funds held in trust. Debtor funds may be held in trust for the purpose
143.23	of writing exchange checks for no longer than 42 days. If the registrant holds debtor
143.24	funds, the registrant must maintain a separate trust account, except that the registrant may
143.25	commingle debtor funds with the registrant's own funds, in the form of an imprest fund,
143.26	to the extent necessary to ensure maintenance of a minimum balance, if the financial
143.27	institution at which the trust account is held requires a minimum balance to avoid the
143.28	assessment of fees or penalties for failure to maintain a minimum balance.
142.20	Sec. 24. 1222D 071 DICHT TO CANCEL
143.29	Sec. 24. [332B.07] RIGHT TO CANCEL.
143.30	Subdivision 1. Debtor's right to cancel. (a) A debtor has the right to cancel a debt
143.31	settlement services agreement without cause at any time upon ten days' written notice
143.32	to the debt settlement services provider.
143.33	(b) In the event of cancellation, the debt settlement services provider must, within
143.34	ten days of the cancellation, notify the debtor's creditors with whom the debt settlement

44.1	services provider is or has been, under the terms of the debt settlement agreement, in				
44.2	communication, of the cancellation and immediately refund all fees paid by the debtor to				
44.3	the debt settlement services provider that exceed the fees allowed under section 332B.09.				
44.4	(c) Upon cancellation, the debt settlement services provider must cease collection of				
44.5	any monthly fees beginning in the month following cancellation.				
44.6	Subd. 2. Notice of debtor's right to cancel. A debt settlement services agreement				
44.7	must contain, on its face, in an easily readable type immediately adjacent to the space for				
44.8	signature by the debtor, the following notice: "Right to Cancel: You have the right to				
44.9	cancel this contract at any time on ten days' written notice."				
44.10	Subd. 3. Automatic termination. Upon the payment of all listed or settled debts				
44.11	and fees, the debt settlement services agreement must automatically terminate, and all				
44.12	funds held by the debt settlement services provider that exceed the fees allowed under				
44.13	section 332B.09 must be immediately returned to the debtor.				
44.14	Subd. 4. Debt settlement services provider's right to cancel. (a) A debt settlement				
44.15	services provider may cancel a debt settlement services agreement with good cause upon				
44.16	30 days' written notice to the debtor.				
44.17	(b) Within ten days after the cancellation, the debt settlement services provider				
44.18	must notify the debtor's creditors with whom the debt settlement services provider is or				
44.19	has been, under the terms of the debt settlement services agreement, in communication,				
44.20	of the cancellation.				
44.21	(c) Upon cancellation, the debt settlement services provider must cease collection of				
44.22	any monthly fees beginning in the month following cancellation.				
44.23	(d) A debt settlement services provider is entitled to the full amount of the fees				
44.24	provided for in the debt settlement services agreement if the provider can show that:				
44.25	(1) the provider obtained a settlement offer from the creditor or creditors in				
44.26	accordance with the debt settlement services agreement;				
44.27	(2) the debtor rejected the settlement offer; or				
44.28	(3) within the period contemplated in the debt settlement services agreement, the				
44.29	debtor entered into a settlement agreement with the same creditor or creditors for an				
44.30	amount equal to or lower than the settlement offer obtained by the provider.				
44.31	Sec. 25. [332B.08] BOOKS, RECORDS, AND INFORMATION.				
44.32	Subdivision 1. Records retention; annual report. Every registrant must keep, and				
44.33	use in the registrant's business, such books, accounts, and records, including electronic				
44.34	records, as will enable the commissioner to determine whether the registrant is complying				

45.1	with this chapter and the rules, orders, and directives adopted by the commissioner under
45.2	this chapter. Every registrant must preserve such books, accounts, and records for at least
45.3	six years after making the final entry on any transaction recorded therein. Examinations
45.4	of the books, records, and method of operations conducted under the supervision of the
45.5	commissioner shall be done at the cost of the registrant. The cost must be assessed as
45.6	determined under section 46.131.
45.7	Subd. 2. Annual report. On or before March 15 of each calendar year,
45.8	each registrant must file a report with the commissioner containing information the
45.9	commissioner may require about the preceding calendar year. The report must be in a
45.10	form the commissioner prescribes.
45.11	Subd. 3. Statements to debtors. (a) Each registrant must:
45.12	(1) maintain and make available records and accounts that will enable each debtor to
45.13	ascertain the amounts paid to the creditors, if any. A statement showing amounts received
45.14	from the debtor, disbursements, if any, to each creditor, amounts that any creditor has
45.15	agreed to as payment in full for any debt owed the creditor by the debtor, fees deducted by
45.16	the registrant, and other information the commissioner may prescribe, must be furnished
45.17	by the registrant to the debtor at least monthly and, in addition, upon any cancellation or
45.18	termination of the contract;
45.19	(2) include in the statement furnished to debtors a list of all activities conducted
45.20	pursuant to the contract, including the nature of communications and progress of
45.21	negotiations with each creditor during the reporting period; and
45.22	(3) prepare and retain in the file of each debtor a written analysis of the debtor's
45.23	income and expenses to substantiate that the plan of payment is feasible and practicable.
45.24	(b) Each debtor must have reasonable access, without cost, by electronic or other
45.25	means, to information in the registrant's files applicable to the debtor. These statements,
45.26	records, and accounts must otherwise remain confidential, except for duly authorized
45.27	state and government officials, the commissioner, the attorney general, the debtor, and
45.28	the debtor's representative and designees.
45.20	Co. 26 1222D 001 EEEC, WITHIND AWAL OF ODEDITODS, NOTIFICATION
45.29	Sec. 26. [332B.09] FEES; WITHDRAWAL OF CREDITORS; NOTIFICATION TO DEBTOR OF SETTLEMENT OFFER.
45.30	
45.31	Subdivision 1. Choice of fee structure. A debt settlement services provider may
45.32	calculate fees on a percentage of debt basis or on a percentage of savings basis. The fee
45.33	structure shall be clearly disclosed and explained in the debt settlement services agreement

46.1	Subd. 2. Fees as a percentage of debt. (a) The total amount of the fees claimed,
46.2	demanded, charged, collected, or received under this subdivision shall be calculated as
46.3	15 percent of the aggregate debt. A debt settlement services provider that calculates
46.4	fees as a percentage of debt may:
46.5	(1) charge an origination fee, which may be designated by the debt settlement
46.6	services provider as nonrefundable, of:
46.7	(i) \$200 on aggregate debt of less than \$20,000; or
46.8	(ii) \$400 on aggregate debt of \$20,000 or more;
46.9	(2) charge a monthly fee of:
46.10	(i) no greater than \$50 per month on aggregate debt of less than \$40,000; and
46.11	(ii) no greater than \$60 per month on aggregate debt of \$40,000 or more; and
46.12	(3) charge a settlement fee for the remainder of the allowable fees, which may be
46.13	demanded and collected no earlier than upon delivery to the debt settlement services
46.14	provider by a creditor of a bona fide written settlement offer consistent with the terms of
46.15	the debt settlement services agreement. A settlement fee may be assessed for each debt
46.16	settled, but the sum total of the origination fee, the monthly fee, and the settlement fee
46.17	may not exceed 15 percent of the aggregate debt.
46.18	(b) When a settlement offer is obtained by a debt settlement services provider from a
46.19	creditor, the collection of any monthly fees shall cease beginning the month following the
46.20	month in which the settlement offer was obtained by the debt settlement services provider.
46.21	(c) In no event may more than 40 percent of the total amount of fees allowable be
46.22	claimed, demanded, charged, collected, or received by a debt settlement services provider
46.23	any earlier than upon delivery to the debt settlement services provider by a creditor of
46.24	a bona fide written settlement offer consistent with the terms of the debt settlement
46.25	services agreement.
46.26	Subd. 3. Fees as a percentage of savings. (a) The total amount of the fees claimed,
46.27	demanded, charged, collected, or received under this subdivision shall be calculated as 30
46.28	percent of the savings actually negotiated by the debt settlement services provider. The
46.29	savings shall be calculated as the difference between the aggregate debt that is stated
46.30	in the debt settlement services agreement at the time of its execution and total amount
46.31	that the debtor actually pays to settle all the debts stated in the debt settlement services
46.32	agreement, provided that only savings resulting from concessions actually negotiated by
46.33	the debt settlement services provider may be counted. A debt settlement services provider
46.34	that calculates fees as a percentage of debt may:
46.35	(1) charge an origination fee, which may be designated by the debt settlement
46.36	services provider as nonrefundable, of:

147.1	(i) \$300 on aggregate debt of less than \$20,000; or		
147.2	(ii) \$500 on aggregate debt of \$20,000 or more;		
147.3	(2) charge a monthly fee of:		
147.4	(i) no greater than \$65 on aggregate debt of less than \$40,000; and		
147.5	(ii) no greater than \$75 on aggregate debt of \$40,000 or more; and		
147.6	(3) charge a settlement fee for the remainder of the allowable fees, which may be		
147.7	demanded and collected no earlier than upon delivery to the debt settlement services		
147.8	provider by a creditor of a bona fide, final written settlement offer consistent with the		
147.9	terms of the debt settlement services agreement. A settlement fee may be assessed for each		
147.10	debt settled, but the sum total of the origination fee, the monthly fee, and the settlement		
147.11	fee may not exceed 30 percent of the savings, as calculated under paragraph (a).		
147.12	(b) The collection of monthly fees shall cease under this subdivision when the		
147.13	total of monthly fees and the origination fee equals 50 percent of the total fees allowable		
147.14	under this subdivision. For the purposes of this subdivision, 50 percent of the total fees		
147.15	allowable shall assume a settlement of 50 cents on the dollar.		
147.16	(c) In no event may more than 50 percent of the total amount of fees allowable be		
147.17	claimed, demanded, charged, collected, or received by a debt settlement services provider		
147.18	any earlier than upon delivery to the debt settlement services provider by a creditor of a		
147.19	bona fide, final written settlement offer consistent with the terms of the debt settlement		
147.20	services agreement.		
147.21	Subd. 4. Fees exclusive. No fees, charges, assessments, or any other compensation		
147.22	may be claimed, demanded, charged, collected, or received other than the fees allowed		
147.23	under this section. Any fees collected in excess of those allowed under this section must		
147.24	be immediately returned to the debtor.		
147.25	Subd. 5. Withdrawal of creditor. Whenever a creditor withdraws from a debt		
147.26	settlement services plan, the debt settlement services provider must promptly notify the		
147.27	debtor of the withdrawal, identify the creditor, and inform the debtor of the right to modify		
147.28	the debt settlement services agreement, unless at least 50 percent of the listed creditors		
147.29	withdraw, in which case the debt settlement services provider must notify the debtor of the		
147.30	debtor's right to cancel. In no case may this notice be provided more than 15 days after the		
147.31	debt settlement services provider learns of the creditor's decision to withdraw from a plan.		
147.32	Subd. 6. Timely notification of settlement offer. A debt settlement services		
147.33	provider must make all reasonable efforts to notify the debtor within 24 hours of a		
147.34	settlement offer made by a creditor.		

Sec. 27. [332B.10] PROHIBITIONS.

148.1	No debt settlement services provider shall:				
148.2	(1) engage in any activity, act, or omission prohibited under section 332A.14;				
148.3	(2) promise, guarantee, or directly or indirectly imply, infer, or in any manner				
148.4	represent that any debt will be settled prior to the presentation to the debtor of an offer by				
148.5	the creditors participating in the debt settlement plan to settle;				
148.6					
148.7	<del></del>				
148.8	(i) fees, interest, and other charges will not continue to accrue prior to the time				
148.9	debts are settled;				
148.10	(ii) wages or bank accounts are not subject to garnishment;				
148.11	(iii) creditors will not continue to contact the debtor;				
148.12	(iv) the debtor is not subject to legal action; and				
148.13	(v) the debtor will not be subject to tax consequences for the portion of any debts				
148.14	.14 <u>forgiven;</u>				
148.15	(5) execute a power of attorney or any other agreement, oral or written, express				
148.16	or implied, that extinguishes or limits the debtor's right at any time to contract or				
148.17					
148.18	the debtor;				
148.19	(6) exercise or attempt to exercise a power of attorney after an individual has				
148.20	20 <u>terminated an agreement;</u>				
148.21	(7) state, imply, infer, or, in any other manner, indicate that entering into a debt				
148.22	settlement services agreement or settling debts will either have no effect on, or improve,				
148.23	the debtor's credit, credit rating, and credit score;				
148.24	(8) challenge a debt without the written consent of the debtor;				
148.25	(9) make any false or misleading claim regarding a creditor's right to collect a debt;				
148.26	(10) falsely represent that the debt settlement services provider can negotiate better				
148.27	settlement terms with a creditor than the debtor alone can negotiate;				
148.28	(11) provide or offer to provide legal advice or legal services unless the person				
148.29	providing or offering to provide legal advice is licensed to practice law in the state;				
148.30	(12) misrepresent that it is authorized or competent to furnish legal advice or				
148.31	perform legal services; and				
148.32	(13) settle a debt or lead an individual to believe that a payment to a creditor is in				
148.33	settlement of a debt to the creditor unless, at the time of settlement, the individual receives				
148.34	a certification from the creditor that the payment is in full settlement of the debt.				

149.1	Sec. 28. [332B.11] ADVERTISEMENT AND SOLICITATION OF DEBT		
149.2	SETTLEMENT SERVICES.		
149.3	Subdivision 1. Advertisement. No debt settlement services provider or lead		
149.4	generator may:		
149.5	(1) make any false, deceptive, or misleading statements or omissions about the rates,		
149.6	terms, or conditions of an actual or proposed debt settlement services plan, or create the		
149.7	likelihood of consumer confusion or misunderstanding regarding its services;		
149.8	(2) represent that the debt settlement services provider is a nonprofit, not-for-profit,		
149.9	or has similar status or characteristics if some or all of the debt settlement services will		
149.10			
149.11	settlement services provider;		
149.12	(3) make any communication that gives the impression that the debt settlement		
149.13	services provider is acting on behalf of a government agency; or		
149.14	(4) represent, claim, imply, or infer that secured debts may be settled.		
149.15	Subd. 2. Solicitation by lead generators. (a) In all print, electronic, and nonprint		
149.16	solicitations, including Web sites and radio or television advertising, a lead generator must		
149.17	prominently make the following verbatim disclosure: "This company does not actually		
149.18	provide any debt settlement, debt consolidation, or other credit counseling services. We		
149.19	ONLY refer you to companies that want to provide some or all of those services."		
149.20	(b) A lead generator may not, in any advertising or solicitation to debtors:		
149.21	(1) represent that any service is guaranteed; or		
149.22	(2) misrepresent the benefits of its services or debt settlement or consolidation in		
149.23	comparison to credit counseling, debt management, or bankruptcy.		
149.24	Sec. 29. [332B.12] DEBT SETTLEMENT SERVICES AGREEMENT		
149.25	RESCISSION.		
149.26	Any debtor has the right to rescind any debt settlement services agreement with a		
149.27	debt settlement services provider that commits a material violation of this chapter. On		
149.28	rescission, all fees paid to the debt settlement services provider or any other person other		
149.29	than creditors of the debtor must be returned to the debtor entering into the debt settlement		
149.30	services agreement within ten days of rescission of the debt settlement services agreement.		
149.31	Sec. 30. [332B.13] ENFORCEMENT; REMEDIES.		
149.32	Subdivision 1. Violation as deceptive practice. A violation of any of the provisions		
149.33	of this chapter is considered an unfair or deceptive trade practice under section 8.31,		

150.1	subdivision 1. A private right of action under section 8.31 by an aggrieved debtor is in		
150.2	the public interest.		
150.3	Subd. 2. Private right of action. (a) A debt settlement provider who fails to		
150.4	comply with any of the provisions of this chapter, or a lead generator who violates section		
150.5	332B.11, is liable under this section in an individual action for the sum of:		
150.6	(1) actual, incidental, and consequential damages sustained by the debtor as a result		
150.7	of the failure; and		
150.8	(2) statutory damages of up to \$5,000.		
150.9	(b) A debt settlement provider who fails to comply with any of the provisions of		
150.10	this chapter, or a lead generator who violates section 332B.11, is liable to the named		
150.11	plaintiffs under this section in a class action for the amount that each named plaintiff		
150.12	could recover under paragraph (a), clause (1), and to the other class members for such		
150.13	amount as the court may allow.		
150.14	(c) In determining the amount of statutory damages, the court shall consider, among		
150.15	other relevant factors:		
150.16	(1) the frequency, nature, and persistence of noncompliance;		
150.17	(2) the extent to which the noncompliance was intentional; and		
150.18	(3) in the case of a class action, the number of debtors adversely affected.		
150.19	(d) A plaintiff or class successful in a legal or equitable action under this section is		
150.20	entitled to the costs of the action, plus reasonable attorney fees.		
150.21	Subd. 3. Injunctive relief. (a) A debtor may sue a debt settlement services provider		
150.22	for temporary or permanent injunctive or other appropriate equitable relief to prevent		
150.23	violations of any provision of this chapter. A court must grant injunctive relief on a		
150.24	showing that the debt settlement services provider has violated any provision of this		
150.25	chapter, or in the case of a temporary injunction, on a showing that the debtor is likely to		
150.26	prevail on allegations that the debt settlement services provider violated any provision		
150.27	of this chapter.		
150.28	(b) A debtor may sue a lead generator for temporary or permanent injunctive or other		
150.29	appropriate equitable relief to prevent violations of section 332B.11. A court must grant		
150.30	injunctive relief on a showing that the lead generator has violated section 332B.11, or in		
150.31	the case of a temporary injunction, on a showing that the debtor is likely to prevail on		
150.32	allegations that the lead generator violated section 332B.11.		
150.33	Subd. 4. Remedies cumulative. The remedies provided in this section are		
150.34	cumulative and do not restrict any remedy that is otherwise available. The provisions		

of this chapter are not exclusive and are in addition to any other requirements, rights, remedies, and penalties provided by law.

Subd. 5. **Public enforcement.** The attorney general shall enforce this chapter under section 8.31.

#### Sec. 31. [332B.14] INVESTIGATIONS.

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At any reasonable time, the commissioner may examine the books and records of every registrant and of any person engaged in the business of providing debt settlement services. The commissioner, once during any calendar year, may require the submission of an audit prepared by a certified public accountant of the books and records of each registrant. If the registrant has, within one year previous to the commissioner's demand, had an audit prepared for some other purpose, this audit may be submitted to satisfy the requirement of this section. The commissioner may investigate any complaint concerning violations of this chapter and may require the attendance and sworn testimony of witnesses and the production of documents."

#### Delete the title and insert:

151.16 "A bill for an act

relating to state government; appropriating money for environment, natural resources, and energy; authorizing sale of gift cards and certificates; establishing composting competitive grant program; modifying regulation of storm water discharges; modifying waste management reporting requirements; requiring nonresident all-terrain vehicle state trail pass; modifying horse trail and state park pass requirements; extending certain land sale requirements; prohibiting certain sales of outdoor recreation system lands; providing for exchange of riparian land; requiring disclosure of certain chemicals in children's products by manufacturers; requiring plastic yard waste bags to be compostable and establishing labeling standards; modifying feedlot permit and grant provisions; authorizing uses of the Hennepin County solid and hazardous waste fund; modifying greenhouse gas emissions provisions and requiring a registry; establishing, modifying, and authorizing fees and surcharges; providing for disposition of certain fees: modifying and establishing assessments for certain regulatory expenses; modifying prior appropriations; prohibiting certain reorganizations; providing for fish consumption advisories in different languages; limiting use of certain funds; requiring studies and reports; appropriating money to Department of Commerce and Public Utilities Commission to finance activities related to commerce and energy; providing for green enterprise assistance; modifying provisions related to insurance audits, insurers and insurance products, certain financial institutions, regulated activities related to certain mortgage transactions and professionals, and debt management and debt settlement services; providing penalties and remedies; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 45.011, subdivision 1; 45.027, subdivision 1; 46.04, subdivision 1; 46.05; 46.131, subdivision 2; 47.58, subdivision 1; 47.60, subdivisions 1, 3, 6; 48.21; 58.05, subdivision 3; 58.06, subdivision 2; 58.126; 58.13, subdivision 1; 60A.124; 60A.14, subdivision 1; 60B.03, subdivision 15; 60L.02, subdivision 3; 61B.19, subdivision 4; 61B.28, subdivisions 4, 8; 67A.01; 67A.06; 67A.07; 67A.14, subdivisions 1, 7; 67A.18, subdivision 1; 84.0835, subdivision 3; 84.415, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 84.63; 84.631; 84.632; 84.922, subdivision 1a;

84D.15, subdivision 2; 85.015, subdivision 1b; 85.053, subdivision 10; 85.46, 152.1 subdivisions 3, 4, 7; 92.685; 93.481, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, 7; 94.342, subdivision 152.2 3; 97A.075, subdivision 1; 103G.271, subdivision 6; 103G.301, subdivisions 2, 152.3 3; 115.03, subdivision 5c; 115.073; 115.56, subdivision 4; 115.77, subdivision 152.4 1; 115A.1314, subdivision 2; 115A.557, subdivision 1; 115A.931; 116.0711; 152.5 116.41, subdivision 2; 116C.834, subdivision 1; 216B.62, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, by 152.6 adding a subdivision; 216H.10, subdivision 7; 216H.11; 325E.311, subdivision 152.7 6; 332A.02, subdivisions 5, 8, 9, 10, 13, by adding subdivisions; 332A.04, 152.8 subdivision 6; 332A.08; 332A.10; 332A.11, subdivision 2; 332A.14; 332A.16; 152.9 Laws 2005, chapter 156, article 2, section 45, as amended; Laws 2007, chapter 152.10 57, article 1, section 4, subdivision 2; Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 5, section 152.11 4, subdivision 7; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 152.12 60A; 61A; 67A; 84; 86A; 93; 115A; 116; 116J; 216H; 325E; 383B; proposing 152.13 coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 332B; repealing Minnesota 152.14 Statutes 2008, sections 60A.129; 61B.19, subdivision 6; 67A.14, subdivision 5; 152.15 67A.17; 67A.19; Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 5, section 30; Minnesota Rules, 152.16 parts 2675.2180; 2675.7100; 2675.7110; 2675.7120; 2675.7130; 2675.7140." 152.17

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.			
House Conferees:	(Signed)		
Jean Wagenius		Bill Hilty	
Kate Knuth		Rick Hansen	
Jenifer Loon			
Senate Conferees:	(Signed)		
Ellen Anderson		Tom Saxhaug	
Satveer Chaudhary		Dennis Frederickson	
Patricia Torres Ray			