

**SENATE
STATE OF MINNESOTA
NINETY-FOURTH SESSION**

S.F. No. 4760

(SENATE AUTHORS: LATZ)

DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
03/23/2026	6917	Introduction and first reading Referred to Judiciary and Public Safety
04/07/2026	7537a 7904	Comm report: To pass as amended Second reading
04/21/2026	8870a 8922 8930 8935	Special Order: Amended Laid on table Taken from table Amended Third reading Passed as amended

1.1 A bill for an act

1.2 relating to public safety; modifying provisions regarding data protection, domestic

1.3 abuse, victims' rights, license revocation, community-based correctional facilities,

1.4 private detectives and protective agents, law enforcement grants, criminal records,

1.5 orders for protection, harassment restraining orders, judicial officials,

1.6 disqualifications based on criminal history, substance abuse care, mental health

1.7 unit beds, community supervision, medication for incarcerated persons, the crime

1.8 of coercion, reverse-location data, financial crimes and fraud, organized retail

1.9 theft, age deception, background checks, eviction processes, and smoke alarms;

1.10 extending the time available to use an appropriation; making technical corrections;

1.11 providing criminal penalties; requiring a report; amending Minnesota Statutes

1.12 2024, sections 13.69, subdivision 1; 13.6905, by adding subdivisions; 13.871,

1.13 subdivision 5; 116L.362, subdivision 1; 119A.37, subdivision 4; 142G.12,

1.14 subdivision 2; 142G.53; 171.09, subdivision 3; 171.12, subdivision 7c, by adding

1.15 a subdivision; 171.177, subdivision 8; 203B.06, subdivision 3; 203B.11, subdivision

1.16 1; 241.021, subdivisions 1f, 1i, 4a; 241.69, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5, 6; 244.10,

1.17 subdivision 5a; 256D.02, subdivision 12a; 256G.02, subdivision 6; 257.75,

1.18 subdivision 6; 260E.02, subdivision 1; 299A.85, subdivision 4; 299A.90,

1.19 subdivision 3; 299C.05; 299C.065; 299C.46, subdivision 6; 326.32, subdivisions

1.20 8, 10, 10a, 10c, 12; 326.33, subdivision 1; 326.3381, subdivisions 2, 4; 326.3382,

1.21 subdivisions 1, 4; 326.3385, subdivision 2; 326.3386, subdivision 3; 364.03,

1.22 subdivision 3; 364.05; 504B.321, subdivision 2; 518B.01, subdivision 6; 518B.02,

1.23 subdivision 2; 559.21, by adding a subdivision; 609.133, subdivision 4; 609.27,

1.24 subdivision 2; 609.3471; 609.522, subdivisions 1, 2; 609.527, subdivision 1;

1.25 609.605, subdivision 2; 609.748, by adding a subdivision; 609.7495, subdivision

1.26 1; 609A.015, subdivision 5; 611A.03, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision;

1.27 611A.0311, subdivision 1; 611A.036, subdivision 7; 611A.038; 611A.039,

1.28 subdivision 1; 611A.31, subdivision 5; 629.341, subdivisions 1, 4; 629.72,

1.29 subdivisions 1a, 2, 2a, 6; Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, sections 120B.22,

1.30 subdivision 1; 171.12, subdivision 7; 171.178, subdivision 5; 171.306, subdivision

1.31 1; 201.061, subdivision 3; 241.021, subdivisions 1, 4f; 256G.03, subdivision 2;

1.32 299C.061, subdivision 3; 299C.76, subdivision 1; 299C.80, subdivision 6; 480.40,

1.33 subdivision 1; 480.50, subdivision 1; 609.101, subdivision 2; 609.2334, subdivision

1.34 11; 628.26; Laws 2023, chapter 52, article 2, section 3, subdivision 8, as amended;

1.35 proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 241; 518B; 559;

1.36 609; 626; 626A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 169A.54, subdivision

1.37 6; 241.021, subdivisions 1g, 1h, 2a, 2b, 3, 6; 299C.12; 629.72, subdivision 3;

1.38 Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 241.021, subdivision 2.

2.1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

2.2 **ARTICLE 1**

2.3 **DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY**

2.4 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.69, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

2.5 Subdivision 1. **Classifications.** (a) The following government data of the Department
2.6 of Public Safety are private data:

2.7 (1) medical data on driving instructors, licensed drivers, and applicants for parking
2.8 certificates and special license plates issued to physically disabled persons;

2.9 (2) other data on holders of a disability certificate under section 169.345, except that (i)
2.10 data that are not medical data may be released to law enforcement agencies, and (ii) data
2.11 necessary for enforcement of sections 169.345 and 169.346 may be released to parking
2.12 enforcement employees or parking enforcement agents of statutory or home rule charter
2.13 cities and towns;

2.14 (3) Social Security numbers in driver's license and motor vehicle registration records,
2.15 except that Social Security numbers must be provided to the Department of Revenue for
2.16 purposes of tax administration, the Department of Labor and Industry for purposes of
2.17 workers' compensation administration and enforcement, the judicial branch for purposes of
2.18 debt collection, and the Department of Natural Resources for purposes of license application
2.19 administration, and except that the last four digits of the Social Security number must be
2.20 provided to the Department of Human Services for purposes of recovery of Minnesota health
2.21 care program benefits paid;

2.22 (4) data on persons listed as standby or temporary custodians under section 171.07,
2.23 subdivision 11, except that the data must be released to:

2.24 (i) law enforcement agencies for the purpose of verifying that an individual is a designated
2.25 caregiver; or

2.26 (ii) law enforcement agencies who state that the license holder is unable to communicate
2.27 at that time and that the information is necessary for notifying the designated caregiver of
2.28 the need to care for a child of the license holder; ~~and~~

2.29 (5) race and ethnicity data on driver's license holders and identification card holders
2.30 under section 171.06, subdivision 3. The Department of Public Safety Office of Traffic
2.31 Safety is authorized to receive race and ethnicity data from Driver and Vehicle Services for
2.32 only the purposes of research, evaluation, and public reports; and

3.1 (6) the following data on individuals created, collected, received, stored, used, or
 3.2 maintained by the Office of Justice Programs: the name, address, email address, telephone
 3.3 number, date of birth, or employer of a research participant; a unique identification number
 3.4 assigned to a research participant; and any other data that could reasonably identify a research
 3.5 participant.

3.6 The department may release the Social Security number only as provided in clause (3) and
 3.7 must not sell or otherwise provide individual Social Security numbers or lists of Social
 3.8 Security numbers for any other purpose.

3.9 (b) The following government data of the Department of Public Safety are confidential
 3.10 data: data concerning an individual's driving ability when that data is received from a member
 3.11 of the individual's family.

3.12 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.6905, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 3.13 read:

3.14 Subd. 39. **Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous Relatives.** Data related to
 3.15 victim and family support are governed by section 299A.85, subdivision 4, paragraph (c).

3.16 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.6905, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 3.17 read:

3.18 Subd. 40. **Office for Missing and Murdered Black Women and Girls.** Data related
 3.19 to victim and family support are governed by section 299A.90, subdivision 3, paragraph
 3.20 (c).

3.21 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.871, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

3.22 Subd. 5. **Crime victims.** (a) **Crime victim notice of release.** Data on crime victims who
 3.23 request notice of an offender's release are classified under section 611A.06.

3.24 (b) **Sex offender HIV tests.** Results of HIV tests of sex offenders under section 611A.19,
 3.25 subdivision 2, are classified under that section.

3.26 ~~(c) **Battered women.** Data on battered women maintained by grantees for emergency~~
 3.27 ~~shelter and support services for battered women are governed by section 611A.32, subdivision~~
 3.28 ~~5.~~

3.29 ~~(d)~~ (c) **Victims of domestic abuse.** Data on ~~battered women and~~ victims of domestic
 3.30 abuse maintained by grantees ~~and recipients of per diem payments~~ for emergency shelter

4.1 ~~for battered women~~ and support services ~~for battered women and victims of domestic abuse~~
4.2 are governed by sections 611A.32, subdivision 5, and 611A.371, subdivision 3.

4.3 ~~(e)~~ (d) **Personal history; internal auditing.** Certain personal history and internal auditing
4.4 data is classified by section 611A.46.

4.5 ~~(f)~~ (e) **Crime victim claims for reimbursement.** Claims and supporting documents
4.6 filed by crime victims seeking reimbursement are classified under section 611A.57,
4.7 subdivision 6.

4.8 ~~(g)~~ (f) **Crime Victim Oversight Act.** Data maintained by the commissioner of public
4.9 safety under the Crime Victim Oversight Act are classified under section 611A.74,
4.10 subdivision 2.

4.11 ~~(h)~~ (g) **Victim identity data.** Data relating to the identity of the victims of certain criminal
4.12 sexual conduct is governed by section 609.3471.

4.13 ~~(i)~~ (h) **Victim notification.** Data on victims requesting a notice of release of an arrested
4.14 or detained person are classified under sections 629.72 and 629.73.

4.15 ~~(j)~~ (i) **Immigration status certification.** Disclosure of the immigration status of a crime
4.16 victim and the classification of that data is governed by section 611A.95, subdivision 4.

4.17 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 116L.362, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

4.18 Subdivision 1. **Generally.** (a) The commissioner shall make grants to eligible
4.19 organizations for programs to provide education and training services to targeted youth.
4.20 The purpose of these programs is to provide specialized training and work experience for
4.21 targeted youth who have not been served effectively by the current educational system. The
4.22 programs are to include a work experience component with work projects that result in the
4.23 rehabilitation, improvement, or construction of (1) residential units for the homeless; (2)
4.24 improvements to the energy efficiency and environmental health of residential units and
4.25 other green jobs purposes; (3) facilities to support community garden projects; or (4)
4.26 education, social service, or health facilities which are owned by a public agency or a private
4.27 nonprofit organization.

4.28 (b) Eligible facilities must principally provide services to homeless or low income
4.29 individuals and families, and include the following:

4.30 (1) Head Start or day care centers, including playhouses or similar incidental structures;

4.31 (2) homeless, ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse, or other shelters;

4.32 (3) transitional housing and tiny houses;

5.1 (4) youth or senior citizen centers;

5.2 (5) community health centers; and

5.3 (6) community garden facilities.

5.4 Two or more eligible organizations may jointly apply for a grant. The commissioner
5.5 shall administer the grant program.

5.6 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 119A.37, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

5.7 Subd. 4. **Additional services.** Each parenting time center may provide parenting and
5.8 child development classes, and offer support groups to participating custodial parents and
5.9 hold regular classes designed to assist children who have experienced domestic violence
5.10 and abuse. Each parenting time center must have available an individual knowledgeable
5.11 about or experienced in the provision of services to ~~battered women and~~ domestic abuse
5.12 victims on its staff, its board of directors, or otherwise available to it for consultation.

5.13 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 120B.22, subdivision 1, is amended
5.14 to read:

5.15 Subdivision 1. **Violence prevention curriculum.** (a) The commissioner of education,
5.16 in consultation with the commissioners of health and human services, state minority councils,
5.17 ~~battered women's and~~ domestic abuse programs, ~~battered women's and~~ shelters, sexual
5.18 assault centers, and representatives of religious communities, ~~and the assistant commissioner~~
5.19 ~~of the Office of Drug Policy and Violence Prevention,~~ shall assist districts on request in
5.20 developing or implementing a violence prevention program for students in kindergarten to
5.21 grade 12 that can be integrated into existing curriculum. The purpose of the program is to
5.22 help students learn how to resolve conflicts within their families and communities in
5.23 nonviolent, effective ways.

5.24 (b) Each district is encouraged to integrate into its existing curriculum a program for
5.25 violence prevention that includes at least:

5.26 (1) a comprehensive, accurate, and age appropriate curriculum on violence prevention,
5.27 nonviolent conflict resolution, sexual, racial, and cultural harassment, self-protection, and
5.28 student hazing that promotes equality, respect, understanding, effective communication,
5.29 individual responsibility, thoughtful decision making, positive conflict resolution, useful
5.30 coping skills, critical thinking, listening and watching skills, and personal safety;

6.1 (2) planning materials, guidelines, and other accurate information on preventing physical
6.2 and emotional violence, identifying and reducing the incidence of sexual, racial, and cultural
6.3 harassment, and reducing child abuse, including physical abuse, and neglect;

6.4 (3) a special parent education component of early childhood family education programs
6.5 to prevent child abuse and neglect and to promote positive parenting skills, giving priority
6.6 to services and outreach programs for at-risk families;

6.7 (4) involvement of parents and other community members, including the clergy, business
6.8 representatives, civic leaders, local elected officials, law enforcement officials, and the
6.9 county attorney;

6.10 (5) collaboration with local community services, agencies, and organizations that assist
6.11 in violence intervention or prevention, including family-based services, crisis services, life
6.12 management skills services, case coordination services, mental health services, and early
6.13 intervention services;

6.14 (6) collaboration among districts and service cooperatives;

6.15 (7) targeting early adolescents for prevention efforts, especially early adolescents whose
6.16 personal circumstances may lead to violent or harassing behavior;

6.17 (8) opportunities for teachers to receive in-service training or attend other programs on
6.18 strategies or curriculum designed to assist students in intervening in or preventing violence
6.19 in school and at home; and

6.20 (9) administrative policies that reflect, and a staff that models, nonviolent behaviors that
6.21 do not display or condone sexual, racial, or cultural harassment or student hazing.

6.22 (c) The department may provide assistance at a neutral site to a nonpublic school
6.23 participating in a district's program.

6.24 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 142G.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

6.25 Subd. 2. **30-day residency requirement.** An assistance unit is considered to have
6.26 established residency in this state only when a child or caregiver has resided in this state
6.27 for at least 30 consecutive days with the intention of making the person's home here and
6.28 not for any temporary purpose. The birth of a child in Minnesota to a member of the
6.29 assistance unit does not automatically establish the residency in this state under this
6.30 subdivision of the other members of the assistance unit. Time spent in a shelter for ~~battered~~
6.31 ~~women~~ domestic abuse victims shall count toward satisfying the 30-day residency
6.32 requirement.

7.1 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 142G.53, is amended to read:

7.2 **142G.53 FAMILY VIOLENCE WAIVER CRITERIA.**

7.3 (a) In order to qualify for a family violence waiver, an individual must provide
7.4 documentation of past or current family violence which may prevent the individual from
7.5 participating in certain employment activities.

7.6 (b) The following items may be considered acceptable documentation or verification of
7.7 family violence:

7.8 (1) police, government agency, or court records;

7.9 (2) a statement from a ~~battered women's~~ domestic abuse shelter staff with knowledge
7.10 of the circumstances;

7.11 (3) a statement from a sexual assault or domestic violence advocate with knowledge of
7.12 the circumstances; or

7.13 (4) a statement from professionals from whom the applicant or recipient has sought
7.14 assistance for the abuse.

7.15 (c) A claim of family violence may also be documented by a sworn statement from the
7.16 applicant or participant and a sworn statement from any other person with knowledge of
7.17 the circumstances or credible evidence that supports the client's statement.

7.18 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 201.061, subdivision 3, is amended
7.19 to read:

7.20 Subd. 3. **Election day registration.** (a) An individual who is eligible to vote may register
7.21 or update a registration on election day by appearing in person at the polling place for the
7.22 precinct in which the individual maintains residence, by completing a registration application,
7.23 making an oath in the form prescribed by the secretary of state and providing proof of
7.24 residence. An individual may prove residence for purposes of registering or updating a
7.25 registration by:

7.26 (1) presenting a driver's license or Minnesota identification card issued pursuant to
7.27 section 171.07;

7.28 (2) presenting any document approved by the secretary of state as proper identification;

7.29 (3) presenting a current student fee statement that contains the student's valid address
7.30 in the precinct together with a picture identification card; or

8.1 (4) having a voter who is registered to vote in the precinct, or an employee who provides
8.2 proof that they are employed by and working in a residential facility in the precinct and
8.3 vouching for a resident in the facility, sign an oath in the presence of the election judge
8.4 vouching that the voter or employee personally knows that the individual is a resident of
8.5 the precinct. A voter who has been vouched for on election day may not sign a proof of
8.6 residence oath vouching for any other individual on that election day. An election judge
8.7 may not sign a proof of residence oath vouching for any individual who appears in the
8.8 precinct where the election judge is working unless the election judge personally knows the
8.9 individual is a resident of the precinct. A voter who is registered to vote in the precinct may
8.10 sign up to eight proof-of-residence oaths on any election day. This limitation does not apply
8.11 to an employee of a residential facility described in this clause. The secretary of state shall
8.12 provide a form for election judges to use in recording the number of individuals for whom
8.13 a voter signs proof-of-residence oaths on election day. The form must include space for the
8.14 maximum number of individuals for whom a voter may sign proof-of-residence oaths. For
8.15 each proof-of-residence oath, the form must include a statement that the individual: (i) is
8.16 registered to vote in the precinct or is an employee of a residential facility in the precinct,
8.17 (ii) personally knows that the voter is a resident of the precinct, and (iii) is making the
8.18 statement on oath. The form must include a space for the voter's printed name, signature,
8.19 telephone number, and address.

8.20 The oath required by this subdivision and Minnesota Rules, part 8200.9939, must be
8.21 attached to the voter registration application.

8.22 (b) The secretary of state must publish guidance for residential facilities and residential
8.23 facility employees on the vouching process and the requirements of this subdivision.

8.24 (c) "Residential facility" means transitional housing as defined in section 256K.48,
8.25 subdivision 1; a supervised living facility licensed by the commissioner of health under
8.26 section 144.50, subdivision 6; a nursing home as defined in section 144A.01, subdivision
8.27 5; an assisted living facility licensed by the commissioner of health under chapter 144G; a
8.28 veterans home operated by the board of directors of the Minnesota Veterans Homes under
8.29 chapter 198; a residence licensed by the commissioner of human services to provide a
8.30 residential program as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 14; a residential facility for
8.31 persons with a developmental disability licensed by the commissioner of human services
8.32 under section 252.28; setting authorized to provide housing support as defined in section
8.33 256I.03, subdivision 10a; a shelter for battered women emergency shelter services for
8.34 domestic abuse victims as defined in section ~~611A.37, subdivision 4~~ 611A.31, subdivision
8.35 3; a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter or dwelling designed to provide

9.1 temporary living accommodations for the homeless; a facility where a provider operates a
 9.2 residential treatment program as defined in section 245.462, subdivision 23; or a facility
 9.3 where a provider operates an adult foster care program as defined in section 245A.02,
 9.4 subdivision 6c.

9.5 (d) For tribal band members, an individual may prove residence for purposes of
 9.6 registering or updating a registration by:

9.7 (1) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized
 9.8 by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the
 9.9 name, address, signature, and picture of the individual; or

9.10 (2) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized
 9.11 by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the
 9.12 name, signature, and picture of the individual and also presenting one of the documents
 9.13 listed in Minnesota Rules, part 8200.5100, subpart 2, item B.

9.14 (e) A county, school district, or municipality may require that an election judge
 9.15 responsible for election day registration initial each completed registration application.

9.16 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.06, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

9.17 Subd. 3. **Delivery of ballots.** (a) The county auditor, municipal clerk, school district
 9.18 clerk, or full-time clerk of any city or town administering an election pursuant to section
 9.19 203B.05, shall mail absentee ballots to voters on the permanent absentee ballot list pursuant
 9.20 to section 203B.04, subdivision 5, on the following timelines:

9.21 (1) except as otherwise provided by this section, at least 46 days before each regularly
 9.22 scheduled primary and general election and each special primary and special election;

9.23 (2) as soon as practicable for a special election held pursuant to section 204D.19,
 9.24 subdivisions 2 and 3; and

9.25 (3) at least 30 days before a town general election held in March.

9.26 (b) The commissioner of corrections must provide the secretary of state with a list of
 9.27 the names and mailing addresses of state adult correctional facilities. An application for an
 9.28 absentee ballot that provides an address included on the list provided by the commissioner
 9.29 of corrections must not be accepted and an absentee ballot must not be provided to the
 9.30 applicant. The county auditor or municipal clerk must promptly transmit a copy of the
 9.31 application to the county attorney. The Department of Corrections must implement procedures

10.1 to ensure that absentee ballots issued under this chapter are not received or mailed by
 10.2 offenders incarcerated at state adult correctional facilities.

10.3 (c) If an application for absentee ballots is accepted at a time when absentee ballots are
 10.4 not yet available for distribution, the county auditor, or municipal clerk accepting the
 10.5 application shall file it and as soon as absentee ballots are available for distribution shall
 10.6 mail them to the address specified in the application. If an application for absentee ballots
 10.7 is accepted when absentee ballots are available for distribution, the county auditor or
 10.8 municipal clerk accepting the application shall promptly:

10.9 (1) mail the ballots to the voter whose signature appears on the application if the
 10.10 application is submitted by mail and does not request commercial shipping under clause
 10.11 (2);

10.12 (2) ship the ballots to the voter using a commercial shipper requested by the voter at the
 10.13 voter's expense;

10.14 (3) deliver the absentee ballots directly to the voter if the application is submitted in
 10.15 person; or

10.16 (4) deliver the absentee ballots in a sealed transmittal envelope to an agent who has been
 10.17 designated to bring the ballots, as provided in section 203B.11, subdivision 4, to a voter
 10.18 who would have difficulty getting to the polls because of incapacitating health reasons, or
 10.19 who is disabled, or who is a patient in a health care facility, a resident of an assisted living
 10.20 facility licensed under chapter 144G, a participant in a residential program for adults licensed
 10.21 under section 245A.02, subdivision 14, or a resident of a shelter for ~~battered women~~ domestic
 10.22 abuse victims as defined in section ~~611A.37, subdivision 4~~ 611A.31, subdivision 2.

10.23 (d) If an application does not indicate the election for which absentee ballots are sought,
 10.24 the county auditor or municipal clerk shall mail or deliver only the ballots for the next
 10.25 election occurring after receipt of the application. Only one set of ballots may be mailed,
 10.26 shipped, or delivered to an applicant for any election, except as provided in section 203B.121,
 10.27 subdivision 2, or when a replacement ballot has been requested by the voter for a ballot that
 10.28 has been spoiled or lost in transit.

10.29 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

10.30 Subdivision 1. **Generally.** (a) Each full-time municipal clerk or school district clerk
 10.31 who has authority under section 203B.05 to administer absentee voting laws must designate
 10.32 election judges to deliver absentee ballots in accordance with this section. The county auditor
 10.33 must also designate election judges to perform the duties in this section. A ballot may be

11.1 delivered only to an eligible voter who is a temporary or permanent resident or patient in
 11.2 one of the following facilities located in the municipality in which the voter maintains
 11.3 residence: a health care facility, hospital, or veterans home operated by the board of directors
 11.4 of the Minnesota veterans homes under chapter 198. The ballots must be delivered by two
 11.5 election judges, each of whom is affiliated with a different major political party. When the
 11.6 election judges deliver or return ballots as provided in this section, they must travel together
 11.7 in the same vehicle. Both election judges must be present when an applicant completes the
 11.8 certificate of eligibility and marks the absentee ballots, and may assist an applicant as
 11.9 provided in section 204C.15. The election judges must deposit the return envelopes containing
 11.10 the marked absentee ballots in a sealed container and return them to the clerk on the same
 11.11 day that they are delivered and marked.

11.12 (b) At the discretion of a full-time municipal clerk, school district clerk, or county auditor,
 11.13 absentee ballots may be delivered in the same manner as prescribed in paragraph (a) to a
 11.14 shelter for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims as defined in section ~~611A.37, subdivision~~
 11.15 4 611A.31, subdivision 2, or to an assisted living facility licensed under chapter 144G.

11.16 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 256D.02, subdivision 12a, is amended to read:

11.17 Subd. 12a. **Resident.** (a) For purposes of eligibility for general assistance, a person must
 11.18 be a resident of this state.

11.19 (b) A "resident" is a person living in the state for at least 30 days with the intention of
 11.20 making the person's home here and not for any temporary purpose. Time spent in a shelter
 11.21 for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims shall count toward satisfying the 30-day residency
 11.22 requirement. All applicants for these programs are required to demonstrate the requisite
 11.23 intent and can do so in any of the following ways:

11.24 (1) by showing that the applicant maintains a residence at a verified address, other than
 11.25 a place of public accommodation. An applicant may verify a residence address by presenting
 11.26 a valid state driver's license, a state identification card, a voter registration card, a rent
 11.27 receipt, a statement by the landlord, apartment manager, or homeowner verifying that the
 11.28 individual is residing at the address, or other form of verification approved by the
 11.29 commissioner; or

11.30 (2) by verifying residence according to Minnesota Rules, part 9500.1219, subpart 3,
 11.31 item C.

11.32 (c) For general assistance, a county shall waive the 30-day residency requirement where
 11.33 unusual hardship would result from denial of general assistance. For purposes of this

12.1 subdivision, "unusual hardship" means the applicant is without shelter or is without available
12.2 resources for food.

12.3 The county agency must report to the commissioner within 30 days on any waiver granted
12.4 under this section. The county shall not deny an application solely because the applicant
12.5 does not meet at least one of the criteria in this subdivision, but shall continue to process
12.6 the application and leave the application pending until the residency requirement is met or
12.7 until eligibility or ineligibility is established.

12.8 (d) For purposes of paragraph (c), the following definitions apply (1) "metropolitan
12.9 statistical area" is as defined by the United States Census Bureau; (2) "shelter" includes any
12.10 shelter that is located within the metropolitan statistical area containing the county and for
12.11 which the applicant is eligible, provided the applicant does not have to travel more than 20
12.12 miles to reach the shelter and has access to transportation to the shelter. Clause (2) does not
12.13 apply to counties in the Minneapolis-St. Paul metropolitan statistical area.

12.14 (e) Migrant workers as defined in section 142G.02 are exempt from the residency
12.15 requirements of this section, provided the migrant worker provides verification that the
12.16 migrant family worked in this state within the last 12 months and earned at least \$1,000 in
12.17 gross wages during the time the migrant worker worked in this state.

12.18 (f) For purposes of eligibility for emergency general assistance, the 30-day residency
12.19 requirement under this section shall not be waived.

12.20 (g) If any provision of this subdivision is enjoined from implementation or found
12.21 unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions shall
12.22 remain valid and shall be given full effect.

12.23 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 256G.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

12.24 Subd. 6. **Excluded time.** "Excluded time" means:

12.25 (1) any period an applicant spends in a hospital, sanitarium, nursing home, shelter other
12.26 than an emergency shelter, halfway house, foster home, community residential setting
12.27 licensed under chapter 245D, semi-independent living domicile or services program,
12.28 residential facility offering care, board and lodging facility or other institution for the
12.29 hospitalization or care of human beings, as defined in section 144.50, 144A.01, or 245A.02,
12.30 subdivision 14; maternity home, ~~battered women's shelter~~ shelter for domestic abuse victims, or
12.31 correctional facility; or any facility based on an emergency hold under section 253B.05,
12.32 subdivisions 1 and 2;

13.1 (2) any period an applicant spends on a placement basis in a training and habilitation
 13.2 program, including: a rehabilitation facility or work or employment program as defined in
 13.3 section 268A.01; semi-independent living services provided under section 252.275, and
 13.4 chapter 245D; or day training and habilitation programs;

13.5 (3) any period an applicant is receiving assisted living services, integrated community
 13.6 supports, or day support services; and

13.7 (4) any placement for a person with an indeterminate commitment, including independent
 13.8 living.

13.9 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 256G.03, subdivision 2, is amended
 13.10 to read:

13.11 Subd. 2. **No durational test.** Except as otherwise provided in sections 142G.12; 142G.78;
 13.12 256B.056, subdivision 1; and 256D.02, subdivision 12a, for purposes of this chapter, no
 13.13 waiting period is required before securing county or state residence. A person cannot,
 13.14 however, gain residence while physically present in an excluded time facility unless otherwise
 13.15 specified in this chapter or in a federal regulation controlling a federally funded human
 13.16 service; children, youth, and families; or direct care and treatment program. Interstate
 13.17 migrants who enter a shelter for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims directly from
 13.18 another state can gain residency while in the facility provided the person can provide
 13.19 documentation that the person is a victim of domestic abuse and the county determines that
 13.20 the placement is appropriate.

13.21 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 257.75, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

13.22 Subd. 6. **Paternity educational materials.** The commissioner of children, youth, and
 13.23 families shall prepare educational materials for new and prospective parents that describe
 13.24 the benefits and effects of establishing paternity. The materials must include a description
 13.25 and comparison of the procedures for establishment of paternity through a recognition of
 13.26 parentage under this section and an adjudication of paternity under sections 257.51 to 257.74.
 13.27 The commissioner shall consider the use of innovative audio or visual approaches to the
 13.28 presentation of the materials to facilitate understanding and presentation. In preparing the
 13.29 materials, the commissioner shall consult with child advocates and support workers, ~~battered~~
 13.30 ~~women's advocates~~ and advocates for domestic abuse victims, social service providers,
 13.31 educators, attorneys, hospital representatives, and people who work with parents in making
 13.32 decisions related to paternity. The commissioner shall consult with representatives of
 13.33 communities of color. On and after January 1, 1994, the commissioner shall make the

14.1 materials available without cost to hospitals, requesting agencies, and other persons for
14.2 distribution to new parents.

14.3 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 260E.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

14.4 Subdivision 1. **Establishment of team.** A county shall establish a multidisciplinary
14.5 child protection team that may include but is not limited to the director of the local welfare
14.6 agency or designees, the county attorney or designees, the county sheriff or designees,
14.7 representatives of health and education, representatives of mental health, representatives of
14.8 agencies providing specialized services or responding to youth who experience or are at
14.9 risk of experiencing sex or labor trafficking or sexual exploitation, or other appropriate
14.10 human services, children's services, or community-based agencies, and parent groups. As
14.11 used in this section, a "community-based agency" may include, but is not limited to, schools,
14.12 social services agencies, family service and mental health collaboratives, children's advocacy
14.13 centers, early childhood and family education programs, Head Start, or other agencies
14.14 serving children and families. A member of the team must be designated as the lead person
14.15 of the team responsible for the planning process to develop standards for the team's activities
14.16 with ~~battered women's and~~ domestic abuse programs and services.

14.17 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299A.85, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

14.18 Subd. 4. **Duties.** (a) The office has the following duties:

14.19 (1) advocate in the legislature for legislation that will facilitate the accomplishment of
14.20 the mandates identified in the Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women Task Force report;

14.21 (2) advocate for state agencies to take actions to facilitate the accomplishment of the
14.22 mandates identified in the Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women Task Force report;

14.23 (3) develop recommendations for legislative and agency actions to address injustice in
14.24 the criminal justice system's response to the cases of missing and murdered Indigenous
14.25 relatives;

14.26 (4) facilitate research to refine the mandates in the Missing and Murdered Indigenous
14.27 Women Task Force report and to assess the potential efficacy, feasibility, and impact of the
14.28 recommendations;

14.29 (5) develop tools and processes to evaluate the implementation and impact of the efforts
14.30 of the office;

14.31 (6) track and collect Minnesota data on missing and murdered indigenous women,
14.32 children, and relatives, and provide statistics upon public or legislative inquiry;

15.1 (7) facilitate technical assistance for local and Tribal law enforcement agencies during
15.2 active missing and murdered Indigenous relatives cases;

15.3 (8) conduct case reviews and report on the results of case reviews for the following types
15.4 of missing and murdered Indigenous relatives cases: cold cases for missing Indigenous
15.5 people and death investigation review for cases of Indigenous people ruled as suicide or
15.6 overdose under suspicious circumstances;

15.7 (9) conduct case reviews of the prosecution and sentencing for cases where a perpetrator
15.8 committed a violent or exploitative crime against an Indigenous person. These case reviews
15.9 should identify those cases where the perpetrator is a repeat offender;

15.10 (10) prepare draft legislation as necessary to allow the office access to the data required
15.11 for the office to conduct the reviews required in this section and advocate for passage of
15.12 that legislation;

15.13 (11) review sentencing guidelines for missing and murdered Indigenous women-related
15.14 crimes, recommend changes if needed, and advocate for consistent implementation of the
15.15 guidelines across Minnesota courts;

15.16 (12) develop and maintain communication with relevant divisions in the Department of
15.17 Public Safety regarding any cases involving missing and murdered Indigenous relatives and
15.18 on procedures for investigating cases involving missing and murdered Indigenous relatives;
15.19 ~~and~~

15.20 (13) coordinate, as relevant, with the Bureau of Indian Affairs' Cold Case Office through
15.21 Operation Lady Justice and other federal efforts, as well as efforts in neighboring states and
15.22 Canada. This recommendation pertains to state efforts. Tribes are sovereign nations that
15.23 have the right to determine if and how they will coordinate with these other efforts; and

15.24 (14) provide case support to victims and families of missing or murdered Indigenous
15.25 relatives or their designated family representative or the reporting person. Case support
15.26 includes but is not limited to providing support and guidance during the law enforcement
15.27 investigation; facilitating communication with criminal justice agencies and other government
15.28 entities; compiling relevant information about ongoing cases; and providing information,
15.29 referrals, and other types of support.

15.30 (b) As used in this subdivision:

15.31 (1) "reporting person" means the relative or nonrelative person who completed a case
15.32 intake form with the office; and

15.33 (2) "victim" has the meaning given in section 611A.01.

16.1 (c) Data created, collected, received, stored, used, or maintained by the office related to
16.2 paragraph (a), clause (14), are private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02,
16.3 subdivision 12.

16.4 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299A.90, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

16.5 Subd. 3. **Duties.** (a) The office has the following duties:

16.6 (1) advocate in the legislature for legislation that will facilitate the accomplishment of
16.7 mandates identified in the report of the Task Force on Missing and Murdered African
16.8 American Women;

16.9 (2) advocate for state agencies to take actions to facilitate the accomplishment of mandates
16.10 identified in the report of the Task Force on Missing and Murdered African American
16.11 Women;

16.12 (3) develop recommendations for legislative and agency actions to address injustice in
16.13 the criminal justice system's response to cases of missing and murdered Black women and
16.14 girls;

16.15 (4) facilitate research to refine the mandates in the report of the Task Force on Missing
16.16 and Murdered African American Women and to assess the potential efficacy, feasibility,
16.17 and impact of the recommendations;

16.18 (5) collect data on missing person and homicide cases involving Black women and girls,
16.19 including the total number of cases, the rate at which the cases are solved, the length of time
16.20 the cases remain open, and a comparison to similar cases involving different demographic
16.21 groups;

16.22 (6) collect data on Amber Alerts, including the total number of Amber Alerts issued,
16.23 the total number of Amber Alerts that involve Black girls, and the outcome of cases involving
16.24 Amber Alerts disaggregated by the child's race and sex;

16.25 (7) collect data on reports of missing Black girls, including the number classified as
16.26 voluntary runaways, and a comparison to similar cases involving different demographic
16.27 groups;

16.28 (8) analyze and assess the intersection between cases involving missing and murdered
16.29 Black women and girls and labor trafficking and sex trafficking;

16.30 (9) develop recommendations for legislative, agency, and community actions to address
16.31 the intersection between cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls and
16.32 labor trafficking and sex trafficking;

17.1 (10) analyze and assess the intersection between cases involving murdered Black women
17.2 and girls and domestic violence, including prior instances of domestic violence within the
17.3 family or relationship, whether an offender had prior convictions for domestic assault or
17.4 related offenses, and whether the offender used a firearm in the murder or any prior instances
17.5 of domestic assault;

17.6 (11) develop recommendations for legislative, agency, and community actions to address
17.7 the intersection between cases involving murdered Black women and girls and domestic
17.8 violence;

17.9 (12) develop tools and processes to evaluate the implementation and impact of the efforts
17.10 of the office;

17.11 (13) track and collect Minnesota data on missing and murdered Black women and girls,
17.12 and provide statistics upon public or legislative inquiry;

17.13 (14) facilitate technical assistance for local and Tribal law enforcement agencies during
17.14 active cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls;

17.15 (15) conduct case reviews and report on the results of case reviews for the following
17.16 types of cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls: cold cases for
17.17 missing Black women and girls and death investigation review for cases of Black women
17.18 and girls ruled as suicide or overdose under suspicious circumstances;

17.19 (16) conduct case reviews of the prosecution and sentencing for cases where a perpetrator
17.20 committed a violent or exploitative crime against a Black woman or girl. These case reviews
17.21 must identify those cases where the perpetrator is a repeat offender;

17.22 (17) prepare draft legislation as necessary to allow the office access to the data necessary
17.23 for the office to conduct the reviews required in this section and advocate for passage of
17.24 that legislation;

17.25 (18) review sentencing guidelines for crimes related to missing and murdered Black
17.26 women and girls, recommend changes if needed, and advocate for consistent implementation
17.27 of the guidelines across Minnesota courts;

17.28 (19) develop and maintain communication with relevant divisions in the Department of
17.29 Public Safety, including but not limited to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, regarding
17.30 any cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls and on procedures for
17.31 investigating cases involving missing and murdered Black women and girls;

17.32 (20) consult with the Council for Minnesotans of African Heritage established in section
17.33 15.0145; and

18.1 (21) coordinate, as relevant, with federal efforts, and efforts in neighboring states and
18.2 Canada; and

18.3 (22) provide case support to victims and families of missing or murdered Black women
18.4 and girls or their designated family representative or the reporting person. Case support
18.5 includes but is not limited to providing support and guidance during the law enforcement
18.6 investigation; facilitating communication with criminal justice agencies and other government
18.7 entities; compiling relevant information about ongoing cases; and providing information,
18.8 referrals, and other types of support.

18.9 (b) As used in this subdivision:

18.10 (1) "labor trafficking" has the meaning given in section 609.281, subdivision 5; ~~and~~

18.11 (2) "reporting person" means the relative or nonrelative person who completed a case
18.12 intake form with the office;

18.13 ~~(2)~~ (3) "sex trafficking" has the meaning given in section 609.321, subdivision 7a; and

18.14 (4) "victim" has the meaning given in section 611A.01.

18.15 (c) Data created, collected, received, stored, used, or maintained by the office related to
18.16 paragraph (a), clause (22), are private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02,
18.17 subdivision 12.

18.18 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 518B.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

18.19 Subd. 2. **Standards for domestic abuse counseling programs and domestic abuse**
18.20 **educational programs.** (a) Domestic abuse counseling or educational programs that provide
18.21 group or class sessions for court-ordered domestic abuse offenders must provide
18.22 documentation to the probation department or the court on program policies and how the
18.23 program meets the criteria contained in paragraphs (b) to (l).

18.24 (b) Programs shall require offenders and abusing parties to attend a minimum of 24
18.25 sessions or 36 hours of programming, unless a probation agent has recommended fewer
18.26 sessions. The documentation provided to the probation department or the court must specify
18.27 the length of the program that offenders are required to complete.

18.28 (c) Programs must have a written policy requiring that counselors and facilitators report
18.29 to the court and to the offender's probation or corrections officer any threats of violence
18.30 made by the offender or abusing party, acts of violence by the offender or abusing party,
18.31 violation of court orders by the offender or abusing party, and violation of program rules
18.32 that resulted in the offender's or abusing party's termination from the program. Programs

19.1 shall have written policies requiring that counselors and facilitators hold offenders and
19.2 abusing parties solely responsible for their behavior.

19.3 Programs shall have written policies requiring that counselors and facilitators be violence
19.4 free in their own lives.

19.5 (d) Each program shall conduct an intake process with each offender or abusing party.
19.6 This intake process shall look for chemical dependency problems and possible risks the
19.7 offender or abusing party might pose to self or others. The program must have policies
19.8 regarding referral of a chemically dependent offender or abusing party to a chemical
19.9 dependency treatment center. If the offender or abusing party poses a risk to self or others,
19.10 the program shall report this information to the court, the probation or corrections officer,
19.11 and the victim.

19.12 (e) If the offender or abusing party is reported back to the court or is terminated from
19.13 the program, the program shall notify the victim of the circumstances unless the victim
19.14 requests otherwise.

19.15 (f) Programs shall require court-ordered offenders and abusing parties to sign a release
19.16 of information authorizing communication regarding the offender's or abusing party's
19.17 progress in the program to the court, the offender's probation or corrections officer, other
19.18 providers, and the victim. The offender or abusing party may not enter the program if the
19.19 offender does not sign a release.

19.20 (g) If a counselor or facilitator contacts the victim, the counselor or facilitator must not
19.21 elicit any information that the victim does not want to provide. A counselor or facilitator
19.22 who contacts a victim shall (1) notify the victim of the right not to provide any information,
19.23 (2) notify the victim of how any information provided will be used and with whom it will
19.24 be shared, and (3) obtain the victim's permission before eliciting information from the victim
19.25 or sharing information with anyone other than staff of the counseling program.

19.26 Programs shall have written policies requiring that counselors and facilitators inform
19.27 victims of the confidentiality of information as provided by this subdivision. Programs must
19.28 maintain separate files for information pertaining to the offender or abusing party and to
19.29 the victim.

19.30 If a counselor or facilitator contacts a victim, the counselor or facilitator shall provide
19.31 the victim with referral information for support services.

19.32 (h) Programs shall have written policies forbidding program staff from disclosing any
19.33 confidential communication made by the offender or abusing party without the consent of

20.1 the offender or abusing party, except that programs must warn a potential victim of imminent
20.2 danger based upon information provided by an offender or abusing party.

20.3 (i) The counseling program or educational program must provide services in a group
20.4 setting, unless the offender or abusing party would be inappropriate in a group setting.

20.5 Programs must provide separate sessions for male and female offenders and abusing
20.6 parties.

20.7 (j) Programs shall have written policies forbidding program staff from offering or
20.8 referring marriage or couples counseling until the offender or abusing party has completed
20.9 a domestic abuse counseling program or educational program for the minimum number of
20.10 court-ordered sessions and the counselor or facilitator reasonably believes that the violence,
20.11 intimidation, and coercion has ceased and the victim feels safe to participate.

20.12 (k) Programs must have written policies requiring that the counselor or facilitator report
20.13 when the court-ordered offender or abusing party has completed the program to the court
20.14 and the offender's probation or corrections officer.

20.15 (l) Programs must have written policies to coordinate with the court, probation and
20.16 corrections officers, ~~battered women's and~~ domestic abuse programs, child protection
20.17 services, and other providers on promotion of victim safety and offender accountability.

20.18 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 609.101, subdivision 2, is amended
20.19 to read:

20.20 Subd. 2. **Minimum fines.** Notwithstanding any other law, when a court sentences a
20.21 person convicted of violating section 609.221, 609.222, 609.223, 609.2231, 609.224,
20.22 609.2242, 609.267, 609.2671, 609.2672, 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, or 609.345, it must
20.23 impose a fine of not less than 30 percent of the maximum fine authorized by law nor more
20.24 than the maximum fine authorized by law.

20.25 The court shall collect the portion of the fine mandated by this subdivision and forward
20.26 70 percent of it to a local victim assistance program that provides services locally in the
20.27 county in which the crime was committed. The court shall forward the remaining 30 percent
20.28 to the commissioner of management and budget to be credited to the general fund. If more
20.29 than one victim assistance program serves the county in which the crime was committed,
20.30 the court may designate on a case-by-case basis which program will receive the fine proceeds,
20.31 giving consideration to the nature of the crime committed, the types of victims served by
20.32 the program, and the funding needs of the program. If no victim assistance program serves
20.33 that county, the court shall forward 100 percent of the fine proceeds to the commissioner

21.1 of management and budget to be credited to the general fund. Fine proceeds received by a
 21.2 local victim assistance program must be used to provide direct services to crime victims.

21.3 The minimum fine required by this subdivision is in addition to the surcharge or
 21.4 assessment required by section 357.021, subdivision 6, and is in addition to any sentence
 21.5 of imprisonment or restitution imposed or ordered by the court.

21.6 As used in this subdivision, "victim assistance program" means victim witness programs
 21.7 within county attorney offices or any of the following programs: crime victim crisis centers,
 21.8 victim-witness programs, domestic abuse ~~victim~~ shelters and nonshelter programs, sexual
 21.9 assault programs, and children's advocacy centers as defined in section 260E.02, subdivision
 21.10 5.

21.11 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.605, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

21.12 Subd. 2. **Gross misdemeanor.** Whoever trespasses upon the grounds of a facility
 21.13 providing emergency shelter services for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims, as defined
 21.14 under section 611A.31, subdivision 3, or providing comparable services for sex trafficking
 21.15 victims, as defined under section 609.321, subdivision 7b, or of a facility providing
 21.16 transitional housing for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims and their children or sex
 21.17 trafficking victims and their children, without claim of right or consent of one who has right
 21.18 to give consent, and refuses to depart from the grounds of the facility on demand of one
 21.19 who has right to give consent, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

21.20 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.7495, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

21.21 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
 21.22 the meanings given ~~them~~.

21.23 (a) "Facility" means any of the following:

21.24 (1) a hospital or other health institution licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56;

21.25 (2) a medical facility as defined in section 144.561;

21.26 (3) an agency, clinic, or office operated under the direction of or under contract with the
 21.27 commissioner of health or a community health board, as defined in section 145A.02;

21.28 (4) a facility providing counseling regarding options for medical services or recovery
 21.29 from an addiction;

22.1 (5) a facility providing emergency shelter services for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse
 22.2 victims, as defined in section 611A.31, subdivision 3, or a facility providing transitional
 22.3 housing for ~~battered women~~ domestic abuse victims and their children;

22.4 (6) a facility as defined in section 260E.03, subdivision 6;

22.5 (7) a facility as defined in section 626.5572, subdivision 6, where the services described
 22.6 in that paragraph are provided;

22.7 (8) a place to or from which ambulance service, as defined in section 144E.001, is
 22.8 provided or sought to be provided; and

22.9 (9) a hospice provider licensed under section 144A.753.

22.10 (b) "Aggrieved party" means a person whose access to or egress from a facility is
 22.11 obstructed in violation of subdivision 2, or the facility.

22.12 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.31, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

22.13 Subd. 5. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department
 22.14 of ~~Corrections~~ Public Safety or a designee.

22.15 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.72, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

22.16 Subd. 2a. **Electronic monitoring; condition of pretrial release.** (a) Until the
 22.17 commissioner of corrections has adopted standards governing electronic monitoring devices
 22.18 used to protect victims of domestic abuse, the court, as a condition of release, may not order
 22.19 a person arrested for a crime described in section 609.135, subdivision 5a, paragraph (b),
 22.20 to use an electronic monitoring device to protect a victim's safety.

22.21 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the chief judge of a judicial district may appoint and
 22.22 convene an advisory group comprised of representatives from law enforcement, prosecutors,
 22.23 defense attorneys, corrections, court administrators, judges, and ~~battered women's domestic~~
 22.24 abuse organizations to develop standards for the use of electronic monitoring and global
 22.25 positioning system devices to protect victims of domestic abuse and for evaluating the
 22.26 effectiveness of electronic monitoring. After the advisory group does this, the chief judge,
 22.27 in consultation with the advisory group, may conduct a pilot project for implementation of
 22.28 the electronic monitoring standards. A judicial district that conducts a pilot project shall
 22.29 report on the standards and the pilot project to the chairs and ranking minority members of
 22.30 the senate and house of representatives committees having jurisdiction over criminal justice
 22.31 policy and the state court administrator's office.

23.1 Sec. 26. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

23.2 The revisor of statutes must change the term "battered women" to "domestic abuse
23.3 victims" or a similar term wherever the term or similar terms appear in Minnesota Statutes.
23.4 The revisor must make any necessary grammatical changes or changes to sentence structure
23.5 necessary to preserve the meaning of the text as a result of the changes.

23.6 **ARTICLE 2**

23.7 **CRIME VICTIMS**

23.8 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.133, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

23.9 Subd. 4. **Petition; contents; fee.** (a) A prosecutor's petition for sentence adjustment
23.10 shall be filed in the district court where the individual was convicted and include the
23.11 following:

23.12 (1) the full name of the individual on whose behalf the petition is being brought and, to
23.13 the extent possible, all other legal names or aliases by which the individual has been known
23.14 at any time;

23.15 (2) the individual's date of birth;

23.16 (3) the individual's address;

23.17 (4) a brief statement of the reason the prosecutor is seeking a sentence adjustment for
23.18 the individual;

23.19 (5) the details of the offense for which an adjustment is sought, including:

23.20 (i) the date and jurisdiction of the occurrence;

23.21 (ii) ~~either the names of any victims or that there were no~~ the number of identifiable
23.22 victims;

23.23 (iii) whether there is a current order for protection, restraining order, or other no contact
23.24 order prohibiting the individual from contacting the victims or whether there has ever been
23.25 a prior order for protection or restraining order prohibiting the individual from contacting
23.26 the victims;

23.27 (iv) the court file number; and

23.28 (v) the date of conviction;

24.1 (6) what steps the individual has taken since the time of the offense toward personal
 24.2 rehabilitation, including treatment, work, good conduct within correctional facilities, or
 24.3 other personal history that demonstrates rehabilitation;

24.4 (7) the individual's criminal conviction record indicating all convictions for
 24.5 misdemeanors, gross misdemeanors, or felonies in this state, and for all comparable
 24.6 convictions in any other state, federal court, or foreign country, whether the convictions
 24.7 occurred before or after the conviction for which an adjustment is sought;

24.8 (8) the individual's criminal charges record indicating all prior and pending criminal
 24.9 charges against the individual in this state or another jurisdiction, including all criminal
 24.10 charges that have been continued for dismissal, stayed for adjudication, or were the subject
 24.11 of pretrial diversion; and

24.12 (9) to the extent known, all prior requests by the individual, whether for the present
 24.13 offense or for any other offenses in this state or any other state or federal court, for pardon,
 24.14 return of arrest records, or expungement or sealing of a criminal record, whether granted
 24.15 or not, and all stays of adjudication or imposition of sentence involving the petitioner.

24.16 (b) The filing fee for a petition brought under this section shall be waived.

24.17 (c) Notwithstanding chapter 13 or any other statute related to the classification of
 24.18 government data, a supervising agent or the commissioner of corrections may provide private
 24.19 or confidential data to a prosecutor for purposes of a petition for sentence adjustment.

24.20 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.3471, is amended to read:

24.21 **609.3471 RECORDS PERTAINING TO VICTIM IDENTITY CONFIDENTIAL.**

24.22 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no data contained in records or
 24.23 reports relating to petitions, complaints, or indictments issued pursuant to section 609.322,
 24.24 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 609.3453, ~~or~~ 609.3458, or 617.246, which specifically
 24.25 identifies a victim who is a minor shall be accessible to the public, except by order of the
 24.26 court. Nothing in this section authorizes denial of access to any other data contained in the
 24.27 records or reports, including the identity of the defendant.

24.28 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

24.29 Subdivision 1. **Plea agreements; notification of victim.** Prior to the entry of the factual
 24.30 basis for a plea pursuant to a plea agreement recommendation, a prosecuting attorney shall
 24.31 make a reasonable and good faith effort to inform the victim of:

25.1 (1) the contents of the plea agreement recommendation, including the amount of time
 25.2 recommended for the defendant to serve in jail or prison if the court accepts the agreement;

25.3 (2) the right to be present at the sentencing hearing ~~and, to be present~~ at the hearing
 25.4 during which the plea is presented to the court, and to express at the plea hearing orally or
 25.5 in writing, at the victim's option, any objection to the agreement or to the proposed
 25.6 disposition. If the victim is not present when the court considers the recommendation, but
 25.7 has communicated objections to the prosecuting attorney, the prosecuting attorney shall
 25.8 make these objections known to the court; and

25.9 (3) the eligibility ~~of the offense~~ for automatic expungement pursuant to section 609A.015
 25.10 of any offense pleaded to or dismissed as part of the plea agreement.

25.11 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 25.12 read:

25.13 Subd. 4. **Plea hearing.** At the hearing during which the plea is presented to the court,
 25.14 the court shall ask the prosecutor if the victim has been notified of the plea agreement
 25.15 recommendation pursuant to this section; has been notified of the plea hearing; and if the
 25.16 victim wishes to express their objections to the plea agreement orally, in writing, or through
 25.17 the prosecutor.

25.18 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.036, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

25.19 Subd. 7. **Definition.** As used in this section, "violent crime" means a violation or attempt
 25.20 to violate any of the following: section 609.185 (murder in the first degree); 609.19 (murder
 25.21 in the second degree); 609.195 (murder in the third degree); 609.20 (manslaughter in the
 25.22 first degree); 609.205 (manslaughter in the second degree); 609.2112, 609.2113, or 609.2114
 25.23 (criminal vehicular homicide or injury); 609.221 (assault in the first degree); 609.222 (assault
 25.24 in the second degree); 609.223 (assault in the third degree); 609.2231 (assault in the fourth
 25.25 degree); 609.2241 (knowing transfer of communicable disease); 609.2242 (domestic assault);
 25.26 609.2245 (female genital mutilation); 609.2247 (domestic assault by strangulation); 609.228
 25.27 (great bodily harm caused by distribution of drugs); 609.23 (mistreatment of persons
 25.28 confined); 609.231 (mistreatment of residents or patients); 609.2325 (criminal abuse);
 25.29 609.233 (criminal neglect); 609.235 (use of drugs to injure or facilitate crime); 609.24
 25.30 (simple robbery); 609.245 (aggravated robbery); 609.247 (carjacking); 609.25 (kidnapping);
 25.31 609.255 (false imprisonment); 609.265 (abduction); 609.2661 (murder of an unborn child
 25.32 in the first degree); 609.2662 (murder of an unborn child in the second degree); 609.2663
 25.33 (murder of an unborn child in the third degree); 609.2664 (manslaughter of an unborn child

26.1 in the first degree); 609.2665 (manslaughter of an unborn child in the second degree);
 26.2 609.267 (assault of an unborn child in the first degree); 609.2671 (assault of an unborn child
 26.3 in the second degree); 609.2672 (assault of an unborn child in the third degree); 609.268
 26.4 (injury or death of an unborn child in commission of a crime); 609.282 (labor trafficking);
 26.5 609.322 (solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution; sex trafficking); 609.342
 26.6 (criminal sexual conduct in the first degree); 609.343 (criminal sexual conduct in the second
 26.7 degree); 609.344 (criminal sexual conduct in the third degree); 609.345 (criminal sexual
 26.8 conduct in the fourth degree); 609.3451 (criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree);
 26.9 609.3453 (criminal sexual predatory conduct); 609.3458 (sexual extortion); 609.352
 26.10 (solicitation of children to engage in sexual conduct); 609.377 (malicious punishment of a
 26.11 child); 609.378 (neglect or endangerment of a child); 609.561, subdivision 1 (arson in the
 26.12 first degree; dwelling); 609.582, subdivision 1, paragraph (a) or (c) (burglary in the first
 26.13 degree; occupied dwelling or involving an assault); 609.66, subdivision 1e, paragraph (b)
 26.14 (drive-by shooting; firing at or toward a person, or an occupied building or motor vehicle);
 26.15 ~~or~~ 609.749, subdivision 2 (harassment); or 609.749, subdivision 5 (stalking); or Minnesota
 26.16 Statutes 2012, section 609.21.

26.17 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.038, is amended to read:

26.18 **611A.038 RIGHT TO SUBMIT STATEMENT AT SENTENCING.**

26.19 (a) A victim has the right to submit an impact statement to the court at the time of
 26.20 sentencing or disposition hearing. The impact statement may be presented to the court orally
 26.21 or in writing, at the victim's option. If the victim requests, the prosecutor or the prosecutor's
 26.22 designee must orally present the statement to the court. Statements may include the following,
 26.23 subject to reasonable limitations as to time and length:

26.24 (1) a summary of the harm or trauma suffered by the victim as a result of the crime;

26.25 (2) a summary of the economic loss or damage suffered by the victim as a result of the
 26.26 crime; and

26.27 (3) a victim's reaction to the proposed sentence or disposition.

26.28 (b) At the sentencing or disposition hearing, the court shall ask the prosecutor if the
 26.29 victim has been notified of the hearing, if the victim is in court, and if the victim wishes to
 26.30 submit a victim impact statement orally, in writing, or through the prosecutor or the
 26.31 prosecutor's designee.

26.32 ~~(b)~~ (c) A representative of the community affected by the crime may submit an impact
 26.33 statement in the same manner that a victim may as provided in paragraph (a). This impact

27.1 statement shall describe the adverse social or economic effects the offense has had on persons
 27.2 residing and businesses operating in the community where the offense occurred.

27.3 ~~(e)~~ (d) If the court permits the defendant or anyone speaking on the defendant's behalf
 27.4 to present a statement to the court, the court shall limit the response to factual issues which
 27.5 are relevant to sentencing.

27.6 ~~(d)~~ (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to extend the defendant's right to address
 27.7 the court under section 631.20.

27.8 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.039, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

27.9 Subdivision 1. **Notice required.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 2,
 27.10 within 15 working days after a conviction, acquittal, or dismissal in a criminal case in which
 27.11 there is an identifiable crime victim, the prosecutor shall make reasonable good faith efforts
 27.12 to provide to each affected crime victim oral or written notice of the final disposition of the
 27.13 case ~~and~~, of the victim rights under section 611A.06, and of the eligibility of the offense
 27.14 for automatic expungement under section 609A.015 of any offense that was dismissed or
 27.15 for which the defendant was convicted or acquitted. When the court is considering modifying
 27.16 the sentence for a felony or a crime of violence or an attempted crime of violence, the
 27.17 prosecutor shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to notify the victim of the crime.
 27.18 The notice must include:

27.19 (1) the date and approximate time of the review;

27.20 (2) the location where the review will occur;

27.21 (3) the name and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information;

27.22 and

27.23 (4) a statement that the victim may provide input to the court concerning the sentence
 27.24 modification.

27.25 (b) The Office of Justice Programs in the Department of Public Safety shall develop and
 27.26 update a model notice of postconviction rights under this subdivision and section 611A.06.

27.27 (c) As used in this section:

27.28 (1) "crime of violence" has the meaning given in section 624.712, subdivision 5, and
 27.29 also includes violations of section 609.3458, gross misdemeanor violations of section
 27.30 609.224, and nonfelony violations of sections 518B.01, 609.2231, 609.3451, 609.748, and
 27.31 609.749; and

27.32 (2) "victim" has the meaning given in section 611A.01, paragraph (b).

ARTICLE 3

IMPAIRED DRIVING; DRIVERS' LICENSES

28.1
28.2
28.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.6905, is amended by adding a subdivision
28.4 to read:

28.5 Subd. 41. **Credential identifier and designation data.** Data related to identifiers and
28.6 designations on driver's licenses and Minnesota identification cards are governed by section
28.7 171.12, subdivision 7d.

28.8 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 171.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

28.9 Subd. 3. **No-alcohol restriction.** (a) As used in this subdivision, "impaired driving
28.10 incident" has the meaning given in section 169A.03, subdivision 22.

28.11 (b) Upon proper application by a person having a valid driver's license containing the
28.12 restriction that the person must not consume alcohol or controlled substances, who has not
28.13 been documented as having consumed alcohol or having possessed or used a controlled
28.14 substance within the past ~~ten~~ 20 years, and whose driving record contains no impaired
28.15 driving incident within the past ~~ten~~ 20 years, the commissioner must remove the
28.16 no-alcohol/controlled substance restriction on the person's driving record and issue to the
28.17 person a duplicate driver's license that does not show that restriction.

28.18 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 171.12, subdivision 7, is amended
28.19 to read:

28.20 Subd. 7. **Privacy of data.** (a) Data on individuals provided to obtain a driver's license
28.21 or Minnesota identification card ~~shall~~ must be treated as provided by United States Code,
28.22 title 18, section 2721, as in effect on May 23, 2005, ~~and shall~~ must be disclosed as required
28.23 ~~or~~ by that section, and may be disclosed as permitted by that section. The commissioner
28.24 ~~shall~~ may disclose the data in bulk form upon request to an authorized recipient under United
28.25 States Code, title 18, section 2721. For any disclosure of data on individuals related to a
28.26 noncompliant driver's license or identification card, the commissioner must require a
28.27 certification pursuant to subdivision 7b, paragraph (e).

28.28 (b) An applicant for a driver's license or a Minnesota identification card may consent,
28.29 in writing, to the commissioner to disclose the applicant's personal information exempted
28.30 by United States Code, title 18, section 2721, to any person who makes a request for the
28.31 personal information. If the applicant so authorizes disclosures, the commissioner ~~shall~~
28.32 must implement the request and the information may be used.

29.1 (c) If authorized by an applicant for a driver's license or a Minnesota identification card,
 29.2 as indicated in paragraph (b), the applicant's personal information may be used, rented, or
 29.3 sold solely for bulk distribution by organizations for business purposes, including surveys,
 29.4 marketing, or solicitation.

29.5 (d) An applicant for a driver's license, instruction permit, or Minnesota identification
 29.6 card may request that the applicant's residence address be classified as "private data on
 29.7 individuals," as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12. The commissioner ~~shall~~ must grant
 29.8 the classification on receipt of a signed statement by the individual that the classification
 29.9 is required for the safety of the applicant or the applicant's family, if the statement also
 29.10 provides a valid, existing address where the applicant consents to receive service of process.
 29.11 The commissioner ~~shall~~ must use the service for process mailing address in place of the
 29.12 residence address in all documents and notices pertaining to the driver's license, instruction
 29.13 permit, or Minnesota identification card. The residence address and any information provided
 29.14 in the classification request, other than the mailing address, are private data on individuals
 29.15 and may be provided to requesting law enforcement agencies, probation and parole agencies,
 29.16 and public authorities, as defined in section 518A.26, subdivision 18.

29.17 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 171.12, subdivision 7c, is amended to read:

29.18 Subd. 7c. **Other data provisions.** (a) The commissioner must not share any data the
 29.19 department maintains under section 171.07, ~~subdivision~~ subdivisions 6a, 6b, or 13, with
 29.20 any federal agency, federal department, or federal entity for a use that would otherwise be
 29.21 permissible under United States Code, title 18, section 2721, or other law.

29.22 (b) Data collected by government entities under sections 624.712 to 624.719 are classified
 29.23 under section 13.87, subdivision 2.

29.24 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 171.12, is amended by adding a subdivision to
 29.25 read:

29.26 Subd. 7d. **Certain data on indicators and designations.** Data maintained by the
 29.27 commissioner under section 171.07, subdivisions 5 to 7, 11 to 13, 15, and 17 to 20 are
 29.28 private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

29.29 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 171.177, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

29.30 Subd. 8. **Test refusal; driving privilege lost.** (a) On behalf of the commissioner, a peace
 29.31 officer requiring a test or directing the administration of a chemical test pursuant to a search
 29.32 warrant shall serve immediate notice of intention to revoke and of revocation on a person

30.1 who refuses to permit a test or on a person who submits to a test, the results of which indicate
30.2 an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.

30.3 (b) On behalf of the commissioner, a peace officer requiring a test or directing the
30.4 administration of a chemical test of a person driving, operating, or in physical control of a
30.5 commercial motor vehicle pursuant to a search warrant shall serve immediate notice of
30.6 intention to disqualify and of disqualification on a person who refuses to permit a test or
30.7 on a person who submits to a test, the results of which indicate an alcohol concentration of
30.8 0.04 or more.

30.9 (c) The officer shall:

30.10 (1) invalidate the person's driver's license or permit card by clipping the upper corner
30.11 of the card in such a way that no identifying information including the photo is destroyed,
30.12 and immediately return the card to the person;

30.13 (2) issue the person a temporary license effective for only ~~seven~~ 14 days; and

30.14 (3) send the notification of this action to the commissioner along with the certificate
30.15 required by subdivision 4 or 5.

30.16 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 171.178, subdivision 5, is amended
30.17 to read:

30.18 Subd. 5. **Driving while impaired conviction or adjudication; period of license**
30.19 **revocation.** (a) Notwithstanding the periods specified in subdivisions 3 and 4 and except
30.20 as provided in section 169A.54, subdivision 7, a revocation by the commissioner as required
30.21 under section 169A.54, subdivision 1, or 171.17, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (3)
30.22 or (10), for conviction of an offense in another state that would be grounds for revocation
30.23 in this state under section 169A.54, subdivision 1, must be for the following periods:

30.24 (1) if the person has no qualified prior impaired driving incidents within the past 20
30.25 years:

30.26 (i) not less than 30 days if the person is convicted of an offense under section 169A.20,
30.27 subdivision 1 (driving while impaired);

30.28 (ii) not less than 90 days if the person is convicted of an offense under section 169A.20,
30.29 subdivision 2 (refusal to submit to chemical test);

30.30 (iii) not less than 180 days if the person is under 21 years of age and the test results
30.31 indicate an alcohol concentration of less than twice the legal limit; or

31.1 (iv) not less than one year if the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of twice
31.2 the legal limit or more; or

31.3 (2) if the person has one qualified prior impaired driving incident within the past 20
31.4 years, or two or more qualified prior impaired driving incidents, until the commissioner
31.5 determines that the person used an ignition interlock device in compliance with section
31.6 171.306 for the period of time described in subdivision 8.

31.7 (b) Whenever department records show that the violation involved personal injury or
31.8 death to any person, at least 90 additional days must be added to the base periods provided
31.9 in paragraph (a), clause (1), items (i) to (iv).

31.10 (c) A person whose license has been revoked as described in subdivision 3, clause (1),
31.11 or subdivision 4, clause (1), as the result of the same incident for which the person was
31.12 convicted is subject to the revocation periods specified in this subdivision, unless the violation
31.13 under section 169A.20 (driving while impaired) was with an aggravating factor described
31.14 in section 169A.03, subdivision 3, clause (3).

31.15 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 171.306, subdivision 1, is amended
31.16 to read:

31.17 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision
31.18 have the meanings given.

31.19 (b) "Ignition interlock device" or "device" means equipment that is designed to measure
31.20 breath alcohol concentration and to prevent a motor vehicle's ignition from being started
31.21 by a person whose breath alcohol concentration measures 0.02 or higher on the equipment.

31.22 (c) "Location tracking capabilities" means the ability of an electronic or wireless device
31.23 to identify and transmit its geographic location through the operation of the device.

31.24 (d) "Program participant" means a person who has qualified to take part in the ignition
31.25 interlock program under this section, and whose driver's license has been:

31.26 (1) revoked, canceled, or denied under section 169A.52; 169A.54; 171.04, subdivision
31.27 1, clause (10); ~~171.17, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (10), for conviction of an offense~~
31.28 ~~in another state that would be grounds for revocation in this state under section 169A.54,~~
31.29 ~~subdivision 1; or 171.177; or for a violation of the law of another state in conformity with~~
31.30 any of these sections; or

31.31 (2) revoked under section 171.17, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2), or suspended
31.32 under section 171.187, for a violation of section 609.2112, subdivision 1, paragraph (a),

32.1 clause (2), ~~item (i) or (iv)~~, (3), ~~or (4)~~, (5), or (6); 609.2113, subdivision 1, clause (2), ~~item~~
 32.2 ~~(i) or (iv)~~, (3), ~~or (4)~~, (5), or (6); subdivision 2, clause (2), ~~item (i) or (iv)~~, (3), ~~or (4)~~, (5),
 32.3 or (6); or subdivision 3, clause (2), ~~item (i) or (iv)~~, (3), ~~or (4)~~, (5), or (6); or 609.2114,
 32.4 subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2), ~~item (i) or (iv)~~, (3), ~~or (4)~~, (5), or (6); or subdivision
 32.5 2, clause (2), ~~item (i) or (iv)~~, (3), ~~or (4)~~, ~~resulting in bodily harm, substantial bodily harm,~~
 32.6 ~~great bodily harm, or death~~ (5), or (6).

32.7 (e) "Qualified prior impaired driving incident" has the meaning given in section 169A.03,
 32.8 subdivision 22.

32.9 **Sec. 9. REPEALER.**

32.10 Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 169A.54, subdivision 6, is repealed.

32.11 **ARTICLE 4**

32.12 **BUREAU OF CRIMINAL APPREHENSION**

32.13 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.05, is amended to read:

32.14 **299C.05 CRIME DATA COLLECTION.**

32.15 It shall be the duty of this division to collect, and preserve as a record of the bureau,
 32.16 information concerning the number and nature of offenses known to have been committed
 32.17 in the state, of the legal steps taken in connection therewith from the inception of the
 32.18 complaint to the final discharge of the defendant, and such other information as may be
 32.19 useful in the study of crime and the administration of justice. The information shall be
 32.20 provided in a form prescribed by the superintendent. The information so collected and
 32.21 preserved shall include such data as may be requested by the United States Department of
 32.22 Justice, at Washington, under its national system of crime reporting. To the extent possible,
 32.23 the superintendent must utilize a nationally recognized system or standard approved by the
 32.24 Federal Bureau of Investigation to collect and preserve crime data.

32.25 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.065, is amended to read:

32.26 **299C.065 UNDERCOVER BUY FUND; WITNESS AND VICTIM PROTECTION.**

32.27 Subdivision 1. ~~Grants~~ **Reimbursements.** The commissioner of public safety shall make
 32.28 ~~grants~~ reimbursements to local officials for the following purposes:

32.29 (1) the cooperative investigation of cross jurisdictional criminal activity relating to the
 32.30 possession and sale of controlled substances;

32.31 (2) receiving or selling stolen goods;

33.1 (3) participating in gambling activities in violation of section 609.76;

33.2 (4) violations of section 609.322 or any other state or federal law prohibiting the
33.3 recruitment, transportation, or use of juveniles for purposes of prostitution;

33.4 (5) for partial reimbursement of local costs associated with unanticipated, intensive,
33.5 long-term, multijurisdictional criminal investigations that exhaust available local resources,
33.6 except that the commissioner may not reimburse the costs of a local investigation involving
33.7 a child who is reported to be missing and endangered unless the law enforcement agency
33.8 complies with section 299C.53 and the agency's own investigative policy; and

33.9 (6) for partial reimbursement of local costs associated with criminal investigations into
33.10 the activities of violent criminal gangs and gang members.

33.11 Subd. 1a. **Witness and victim protection fund.** (a) A witness and victim protection
33.12 fund is created under the administration of the commissioner of public safety. The
33.13 commissioner may make ~~grants~~ reimbursements to local officials to provide for the relocation
33.14 or other protection of a victim, witness, or potential witness who is involved in a criminal
33.15 prosecution and who the commissioner has reason to believe is or is likely to be the target
33.16 of a violent crime or a violation of section 609.498 or 609.713, in connection with that
33.17 prosecution. The awarding of ~~grants~~ reimbursements under this subdivision is not limited
33.18 to the crimes and investigations described in subdivision 1.

33.19 (b) The commissioner may award ~~grants~~ reimbursements for any of the following actions
33.20 in connection with the protection of a witness or victim under this subdivision:

33.21 (1) to provide suitable documents to enable the person to establish a new identity or
33.22 otherwise protect the person;

33.23 (2) to provide housing for the person;

33.24 (3) to provide for the transportation of household furniture and other personal property
33.25 to the person's new residence;

33.26 (4) to provide the person with a payment to meet basic living expenses for a time period
33.27 the commissioner deems necessary;

33.28 (5) to assist the person in obtaining employment; and

33.29 (6) to provide other services necessary to assist the person in becoming self-sustaining.

33.30 Subd. 2. **Application for ~~grant~~ reimbursement.** A county sheriff or the chief
33.31 administrative officer of a municipal police department may apply to the commissioner of
33.32 public safety for a ~~grant~~ reimbursement for any of the purposes described in subdivision 1

34.1 or 1a, on forms and pursuant to procedures developed by the superintendent. For ~~grants~~
34.2 reimbursements under subdivision 1, the application shall describe the type of intended
34.3 criminal investigation, an estimate of the amount of money required, and any other
34.4 information the superintendent deems necessary.

34.5 Subd. 3. **Investigation report.** A report shall be made to the commissioner at the
34.6 conclusion of an investigation for which a ~~grant~~ reimbursement was made under subdivision
34.7 1 stating (1) the number of persons arrested, (2) the nature of charges filed against them,
34.8 (3) the nature and value of controlled substances or contraband purchased or seized, (4) the
34.9 amount of money paid to informants during the investigation, and (5) a separate accounting
34.10 of the amount of money spent for expenses, other than "buy money," of bureau and local
34.11 law enforcement personnel during the investigation. The commissioner shall prepare and
34.12 submit to the chairs of the committees in the senate and house of representatives with
34.13 jurisdiction over criminal justice policy by January 1 of each even-numbered year a report
34.14 of investigations receiving ~~grants~~ reimbursements under subdivision 1.

34.15 Subd. 3a. **Accounting report.** The head of a law enforcement agency that receives a
34.16 ~~grant~~ reimbursement under subdivision 1a shall file a report with the commissioner at the
34.17 conclusion of the case detailing the specific purposes for which the money was spent. The
34.18 commissioner shall prepare and submit to the chairs of the committees in the senate and
34.19 house of representatives with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy by January 1 of each
34.20 even-numbered year a summary report of witness assistance services provided under this
34.21 section.

34.22 Subd. 4. **Data classification.** An application to the commissioner for money is a
34.23 confidential record. Information within investigative files that identifies or could reasonably
34.24 be used to ascertain the identity of assisted witnesses, sources, or undercover investigators
34.25 is a confidential record. A report at the conclusion of an investigation is a public record,
34.26 except that information in a report pertaining to the identity or location of an assisted witness
34.27 is private data.

34.28 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.46, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

34.29 Subd. 6. **Orders for protection; no contact orders; harassment restraining orders.** (a)
34.30 As used in this subdivision, "no contact orders" include orders issued as pretrial orders
34.31 under section 629.72, subdivision 2, orders under section 629.75, and orders issued as
34.32 probationary or sentencing orders at the time of disposition in a criminal domestic abuse
34.33 case.

35.1 (b) The data communications network must include orders for protection issued under
35.2 section 518B.01 or 609.2334, harassment restraining orders, and no contact orders issued
35.3 against adults and juveniles. A no contact order must be accompanied by a photograph of
35.4 the offender for the purpose of enforcement of the order, if a photograph is available and
35.5 verified by the court to be an image of the defendant.

35.6 (c) Data from orders for protection, harassment restraining orders, or no contact orders
35.7 and data entered by law enforcement to assist in the enforcement of those orders are classified
35.8 as private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12. Data about the
35.9 offender can be shared with the victim for purposes of enforcement of the order.

35.10 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 609.2334, subdivision 11, is amended
35.11 to read:

35.12 Subd. 11. **Copy to law enforcement agency; lead investigative agency.** Within 24
35.13 hours of issuance of an order or continuance of an order under this section, the court
35.14 administrator must forward the order for protection and any continuance of the order for
35.15 protection to the local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the residence of the
35.16 vulnerable adult and the lead investigative agency that received the report pursuant to
35.17 subdivision 6. The court administrator shall make available to law enforcement officers in
35.18 Minnesota, through a system of verification, information as to the existence and status of
35.19 an order for protection issued under this section. Section 518B.01, subdivision 13, ~~applies~~
35.20 paragraphs (b) and (c), apply to orders granted under this section.

35.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

35.22 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609A.015, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

35.23 Subd. 5. **Bureau of Criminal Apprehension to identify eligible persons and grant**
35.24 **expungement relief.** (a) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall identify any records
35.25 that qualify for a grant of expungement relief pursuant to this subdivision or subdivision 1,
35.26 2, or 3. The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall make an initial determination of
35.27 eligibility within 30 days of the end of the applicable waiting period. If a record is not
35.28 eligible for a grant of expungement at the time of the initial determination, the Bureau of
35.29 Criminal Apprehension shall make subsequent eligibility determinations annually until the
35.30 record is eligible for a grant of expungement.

35.31 (b) In making the determination under paragraph (a), the Bureau of Criminal
35.32 Apprehension shall identify individuals who are the subject of relevant records through the
35.33 use of fingerprints and thumbprints where fingerprints and thumbprints are available. Where

36.1 fingerprints and thumbprints are not available, the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall
36.2 identify individuals through the use of the person's name and date of birth. Records containing
36.3 the same name and date of birth shall be presumed to refer to the same individual unless
36.4 other evidence establishes, by a preponderance of the evidence, that they do not refer to the
36.5 same individual. The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension is not required to review any other
36.6 evidence in making a determination.

36.7 (c) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall grant expungement relief to qualifying
36.8 persons and seal its own records without requiring an application, petition, or motion.
36.9 Records shall be sealed 60 days after notice is sent to the judicial branch pursuant to
36.10 paragraph (e) unless an order of the judicial branch prohibits sealing the records or additional
36.11 information establishes that the records are not eligible for expungement.

36.12 (d) Nonpublic criminal records maintained by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension
36.13 and subject to a grant of expungement relief shall display a notation stating "expungement
36.14 relief granted pursuant to section 609A.015."

36.15 (e) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall inform the judicial branch of all cases
36.16 for which expungement relief was granted pursuant to this section. Notification may be
36.17 through electronic means and may be made in real time or in the form of a monthly report.
36.18 Upon receipt of notice, the judicial branch shall seal all records relating to an arrest,
36.19 indictment or information, trial, verdict, or dismissal and discharge for any case in which
36.20 expungement relief was granted and shall issue any order deemed necessary to achieve this
36.21 purpose.

36.22 (f) If the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension subsequently determines that a sealed record
36.23 did not qualify for expungement relief under this section, the Bureau of Criminal
36.24 Apprehension shall unseal the record and notify the judicial branch. Upon notification, the
36.25 judicial branch shall unseal all records relating to an arrest, indictment or information, trial,
36.26 verdict, or dismissal and discharge. The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall make this
36.27 determination based only on a record stored in its criminal history system.

36.28 ~~(f)~~ (g) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall inform each law enforcement agency
36.29 that its records may be affected by a grant of expungement relief. Notification may be
36.30 through electronic means. Each notified law enforcement agency that receives a request to
36.31 produce records shall first determine if the records were subject to a grant of expungement
36.32 under this section. The law enforcement agency must not disclose records relating to an
36.33 arrest, indictment or information, trial, verdict, or dismissal and discharge for any case in
36.34 which expungement relief was granted and must maintain the data consistent with the

37.1 classification in paragraph ~~(g)~~ (h). This paragraph does not apply to requests from a criminal
37.2 justice agency as defined in section 609A.03, subdivision 7a, paragraph (f).

37.3 ~~(g)~~ (h) Data on the person whose offense has been expunged under this subdivision,
37.4 including any notice sent pursuant to paragraph ~~(f)~~ (g), are private data on individuals as
37.5 defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

37.6 ~~(h)~~ (i) The prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim that an offense qualifies for
37.7 automatic expungement under this section in the manner provided in section 611A.03,
37.8 subdivisions 1 and 2.

37.9 ~~(i)~~ (j) In any subsequent prosecution of a person granted expungement relief, the expunged
37.10 criminal record may be pleaded and has the same effect as if the relief had not been granted.

37.11 ~~(j)~~ (k) The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension is directed to develop, modify, or update
37.12 a system to provide criminal justice agencies with uniform statewide access to criminal
37.13 records sealed by expungement.

37.14 Sec. 6. **REPEALER.**

37.15 Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 299C.12, is repealed.

37.16 **ARTICLE 5**

37.17 **DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS LICENSING**

37.18 Section 1. **[241.011] LICENSING AND INSPECTING JUVENILE AND ADULT**
37.19 **COMMUNITY-BASED RESIDENTIAL CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.**

37.20 Subdivision 1. **Scope.** Except as provided under section 241.021, sections 241.011 to
37.21 241.013 apply to juvenile and adult community-based residential correctional facilities
37.22 licensed by the commissioner of corrections. For the purposes of sections 241.011 to 241.013,
37.23 juvenile and adult community-based residential correctional facilities are defined as local
37.24 correctional facilities.

37.25 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of sections 241.011 to 241.021, the following
37.26 terms have the meanings given.

37.27 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of corrections.

37.28 (c) "Critical incident" has the meaning given in Minnesota Rules, part 2960.0020, subpart
37.29 24.

37.30 (d) "Department" means the Department of Corrections.

38.1 (e) "Emergency or unusual occurrence" means an incident that must be reported to the
 38.2 commissioner through the department's detention information system.

38.3 (f) "Facility administrator" means the officer in charge of a local correctional facility.

38.4 (g) "Local correctional facility" includes:

38.5 (1) a facility licensed to house or serve primarily adults under section 241.31; and

38.6 (2) a facility licensed to detain or serve juveniles, including a group home having a
 38.7 residential component or foster care facility placements under chapter 260C, for the primary
 38.8 purpose of:

38.9 (i) residential care and treatment;

38.10 (ii) detention; or

38.11 (iii) foster care services for children in need of out-of-home placement.

38.12 (h) "State correctional facility" means a correctional facility under the commissioner's
 38.13 control.

38.14 Subd. 3. **Local correctional facilities; inspection and licensing.** The commissioner
 38.15 must inspect and license all local correctional facilities throughout the state established and
 38.16 operated:

38.17 (1) for serving or housing individuals in the facilities; or

38.18 (2) consistent with section 241.013, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), for detaining or serving
 38.19 juveniles placed in the facilities by a correctional or noncorrectional agency.

38.20 Subd. 4. **Inspecting facilities for compliance; publishing inspection reports.** (a)
 38.21 Unless the commissioner determines otherwise, the commissioner must inspect all local
 38.22 correctional facilities at least once every two years to determine compliance with the
 38.23 minimum standards established according to sections 241.011 to 241.013 or any other law
 38.24 related to minimum standards and conditions of confinement, not including section 241.021,
 38.25 subdivisions 1 to 1e.

38.26 (b) The commissioner must have access to a facility's buildings, grounds, books, records,
 38.27 and staff and to individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility. The commissioner
 38.28 may require facility administrators to furnish all information and statistics that the
 38.29 commissioner deems necessary at a time and place designated by the commissioner.

38.30 (c) The commissioner must post each facility inspection report publicly on the
 38.31 department's website within 30 days after completing an inspection.

39.1 Subd. 5. **Granting license; expiration.** (a) The commissioner must grant a license for
39.2 up to two years to:

39.3 (1) any facility found to conform to minimum standards; or

39.4 (2) any facility that the commissioner determines is making satisfactory progress toward
39.5 substantial conformity and any minimum standards not being met do not impact the interests
39.6 and well-being of the individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility.

39.7 (b) A limited license may be issued to effectuate a facility closure.

39.8 (c) Unless otherwise provided by law, all licenses issued under sections 241.011 to
39.9 241.013 expire 12:01 a.m. on the day after the expiration date stated on the license.

39.10 Subd. 6. **Providing and accessing facility data.** (a) The commissioner may require that
39.11 any information under sections 241.011 to 241.013 be provided through the department's
39.12 detention information system.

39.13 (b) Notwithstanding chapter 13 or any other state law classifying or restricting access
39.14 to data, a facility administrator must furnish to the commissioner all data available to a
39.15 facility that the commissioner deems necessary for reviewing any critical incident or
39.16 emergency or unusual occurrence at the facility.

39.17 (c) The commissioner may take action against a facility's license according to section
39.18 241.012 if a facility administrator fails to provide or grant access to relevant information
39.19 or statistics requested by the commissioner that are necessary to conduct or complete:

39.20 (1) inspections;

39.21 (2) reviews of emergency or unusual occurrences; or

39.22 (3) reviews of critical incidents.

39.23 Subd. 7. **Reporting; deaths, emergencies or unusual occurrences, and critical**
39.24 **incidents.** (a) A facility administrator must report a death to the commissioner when:

39.25 (1) an individual detained or housed in the facility dies at the facility; or

39.26 (2) an individual dies while receiving medical care stemming from an incident or need
39.27 for medical care at the facility that occurred while the individual was detained or housed in
39.28 the facility.

39.29 (b) Paragraph (a), clause (2), applies regardless of whether the individual was subject
39.30 to the facility's authority while requiring or receiving the medical care.

39.31 (c) A facility administrator must:

40.1 (1) report a death under this subdivision as soon as practicable, but no later than 24 hours
40.2 of receiving knowledge of the death; and

40.3 (2) include any demographic information required by the commissioner.

40.4 (d) Except for deaths under paragraphs (a) to (c), all facility administrators must report
40.5 all critical incidents or emergency or unusual occurrences to the commissioner within ten
40.6 days of the incident or occurrence, including any demographic information required by the
40.7 commissioner.

40.8 Subd. 8. **Death review teams.** (a) If a local correctional facility under subdivision 2,
40.9 paragraph (g), clause (2), receives notice of the death of an individual who died under
40.10 circumstances described in subdivision 7, paragraph (a), within 90 days of the death, the
40.11 following individuals must review the circumstances of the death and assess for preventable
40.12 mortality and morbidity, including but not limited to recommending policy or procedure
40.13 change:

40.14 (1) the facility administrator;

40.15 (2) a medical expert of the facility's choosing who did not provide medical services to
40.16 the individual and who is licensed as a physician or physician assistant by the Board of
40.17 Medical Practice under chapter 147 or 147A; and

40.18 (3) if appropriate, a mental health expert.

40.19 (b) The investigating law enforcement agency may provide documentation for, participate
40.20 in, or provide documentation for and participate in the review if criminal charges are not
40.21 brought. A preliminary autopsy report must be provided as part of the review and any
40.22 subsequent autopsy findings as available.

40.23 (c) The facility administrator must notify the commissioner via the department's detention
40.24 information system that the facility has conducted a review and identify any recommendations
40.25 for changes in policy, procedure, or training that will be implemented.

40.26 (d) Any report or other documentation created for purposes of a facility death review is
40.27 confidential data on individuals under section 13.02, subdivision 3. Nothing in this section
40.28 relieves the facility administrator from complying with the notice of death to the
40.29 commissioner required under subdivision 7.

40.30 Subd. 9. **Rulemaking.** (a) The commissioner must adopt rules establishing minimum
40.31 standards for local correctional facilities for the management, operation, and physical
40.32 condition of the facilities and the security, safety, health, treatment, and discipline of
40.33 individuals detained or housed in or served by the facilities.

41.1 (b) The time limit to adopt rules under section 14.125 does not apply to amendments to
41.2 rule chapters in effect on the effective date of this section.

41.3 **Sec. 2. [241.012] LICENSING ACTIONS AGAINST JUVENILE AND ADULT**
41.4 **COMMUNITY-BASED RESIDENTIAL CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.**

41.5 Subdivision 1. **Correction order; conditional license.** (a) For any local correctional
41.6 facility under section 241.011, subdivision 2, paragraph (g), the commissioner must:

41.7 (1) promptly notify the facility administrator and the facility's governing board of a
41.8 deficiency if the commissioner finds that:

41.9 (i) the facility does not substantially conform to the minimum standards established by
41.10 the commissioner and is not making satisfactory progress toward substantial conformance;
41.11 and

41.12 (ii) the nonconformance does not present an imminent risk of life-threatening harm or
41.13 serious physical injury to the individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility;
41.14 and

41.15 (2) issue a correction order or a conditional license order requiring that the deficiency
41.16 be remedied within a reasonable and specified period.

41.17 (b) A conditional license order may restrict the use of any facility that does not
41.18 substantially conform to minimum standards, including by:

41.19 (1) imposing conditions limiting operation of the facility or parts of the facility;

41.20 (2) reducing facility capacity;

41.21 (3) limiting intake;

41.22 (4) limiting length of detention or placement for individuals; or

41.23 (5) imposing detention or placement limitations based on the needs of the detained or
41.24 housed individuals or individuals served by the facility.

41.25 (c) A correction order or conditional license order must clearly state:

41.26 (1) the specific minimum standards violated, noting the implicated rule or statute;

41.27 (2) the findings that constitute a violation of minimum standards;

41.28 (3) the corrective action needed;

41.29 (4) the time allowed to correct each violation; and

41.30 (5) if a license is made conditional:

42.1 (i) the length and terms of the conditional license;

42.2 (ii) any conditions limiting operation of the facility or parts of the facility; and

42.3 (iii) the reasons for making the license conditional.

42.4 (d) Nothing in this section prohibits the commissioner from ordering a revocation under
42.5 subdivision 3 before issuing a correction order or conditional license order.

42.6 Subd. 2. Requesting review of conditional license order. (a) A facility administrator
42.7 may request that the commissioner review the findings in a conditional license order under
42.8 subdivision 1 on the grounds that satisfactory progress toward substantial compliance with
42.9 minimum standards has been made, supported by evidence of correction. If appropriate, the
42.10 request may include a written schedule for compliance.

42.11 (b) Within ten business days of receiving a request, the commissioner must review the
42.12 evidence of correction and the progress made toward substantial compliance with minimum
42.13 standards.

42.14 (c) When the commissioner has assurance that satisfactory progress toward substantial
42.15 compliance with minimum standards is being made, the commissioner must:

42.16 (1) modify or lift any conditions limiting operation of the facility or parts of the facility;

42.17 or

42.18 (2) remove the conditional license order.

42.19 Subd. 3. License revocation order. (a) After due notice to a facility administrator of
42.20 the commissioner's intent to issue a revocation order, the commissioner may issue an order
42.21 revoking a facility's license if the commissioner finds that:

42.22 (1) the facility does not conform to minimum standards or is not making satisfactory
42.23 progress toward substantial compliance with minimum standards; and

42.24 (2) the nonconformance does not present an imminent risk of life-threatening harm or
42.25 serious physical injury to the individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility.

42.26 (b) The notice of intent to issue a revocation order must include:

42.27 (1) the citation to minimum standards that have been violated;

42.28 (2) the nature and severity of each violation;

42.29 (3) whether the violation is recurring or nonrecurring;

42.30 (4) the effect of the violation on individuals detained or housed in or served by the
42.31 facility;

- 43.1 (5) an evaluation of the risk of harm to individuals detained or housed in or served by
43.2 the facility; and
- 43.3 (6) relevant facts, conditions, and circumstances related to the facility's operation,
43.4 including, at a minimum:
- 43.5 (i) specific facility deficiencies that endanger the health or safety of individuals detained
43.6 or housed in or served by the facility;
- 43.7 (ii) substantiated complaints relating to the facility; or
- 43.8 (iii) any other evidence that the facility is not in compliance with minimum standards.
- 43.9 (c) Within 30 days of receiving a notice under paragraph (b), the facility administrator
43.10 must submit a written response with:
- 43.11 (1) any information related to errors in the notice and the facility's ability to conform to
43.12 minimum standards within a set period, including but not limited to a written schedule for
43.13 compliance and any other information that the facility administrator deems relevant for the
43.14 commissioner's consideration; and
- 43.15 (2) a written plan:
- 43.16 (i) indicating how the facility will ensure the transfer of individuals detained or housed
43.17 in or served by the facility and records if the facility closes; and
- 43.18 (ii) specifying arrangements that the facility will make to transfer individuals detained
43.19 or housed in or served by the facility to another licensed local correctional facility for
43.20 continuation of detention.
- 43.21 (d) When revoking a license, the commissioner must consider:
- 43.22 (1) the nature, chronicity, or severity of the statute or rule violation; and
- 43.23 (2) the effect of the violation on the health, safety, or rights of individuals detained or
43.24 housed in or served by the facility.
- 43.25 (e) The commissioner must issue a revocation order if the facility administrator does
43.26 not respond within 30 days to the notice or if the commissioner does not have assurance
43.27 that satisfactory progress toward substantial compliance with minimum standards will be
43.28 made. The revocation order must be sent to the facility administrator and the facility's
43.29 governing board, clearly stating:
- 43.30 (1) the specific minimum standards violated, noting the implicated rule or statute;

44.1 (2) the findings that constitute a violation of minimum standards and the nature,
44.2 chronicity, or severity of the violations;

44.3 (3) the corrective action needed;

44.4 (4) any prior correction order or conditional license order issued to correct a violation;
44.5 and

44.6 (5) the date on which the license revocation will occur.

44.7 (f) A revocation order may authorize facility use until a certain date, not to exceed the
44.8 duration of the active license:

44.9 (1) unless a limited license is issued by the commissioner to effectuate a facility closure;
44.10 and

44.11 (2) if continued operation does not present an imminent risk of life-threatening harm or
44.12 is not likely to result in serious physical injury to the individuals detained or housed in or
44.13 served by the facility.

44.14 (g) After a facility's license is revoked, the facility must not be used until the license is
44.15 reinstated. When the commissioner is assured that satisfactory progress toward substantial
44.16 compliance with minimum standards is being made, the commissioner may, at the request
44.17 of the facility administrator supported by a written schedule for compliance, reinstate the
44.18 license.

44.19 **Subd. 4. Reconsideration orders.** (a) If a facility administrator believes that a correction
44.20 order, conditional license order, or revocation order is in error, the facility administrator
44.21 may ask the commissioner to reconsider the parts of the order or action that are alleged to
44.22 be in error. The request for reconsideration must:

44.23 (1) be made in writing;

44.24 (2) be postmarked and sent to the commissioner within 30 calendar days after receiving
44.25 the order;

44.26 (3) specify the parts of the order or the action that is alleged to be in error;

44.27 (4) explain why the order or action is in error; and

44.28 (5) include documentation to support the allegation of error.

44.29 (b) The commissioner must issue a disposition within 60 days of receiving the facility
44.30 administrator's response under paragraph (a). A request for reconsideration does not stay
44.31 any provisions or requirements of the order.

45.1 Subd. 5. **Temporary immediate license suspension.** (a) The commissioner must act
45.2 immediately to temporarily suspend a license issued under sections 241.011 to 241.013 if:

45.3 (1) the facility's failure to comply with applicable minimum standards or the conditions
45.4 in the facility pose an imminent risk of life-threatening harm or serious physical injury to
45.5 individuals detained or housed in or served by the facility, staff, law enforcement, visitors,
45.6 or the public and:

45.7 (i) if the imminent risk of life-threatening harm or serious physical injury cannot be
45.8 promptly corrected through a different type of order under this section; and

45.9 (ii) the facility cannot or has not corrected the violation giving rise to the imminent risk
45.10 of life-threatening harm or serious physical injury; or

45.11 (2) while the facility continues to operate pending due notice and opportunity for written
45.12 response to the commissioner's notice of intent to issue a revocation order under subdivision
45.13 3, the commissioner identifies one or more subsequent violations of minimum standards
45.14 that may adversely affect the health or safety of individuals detained or housed in or served
45.15 by the facility, staff, law enforcement, visitors, or the public.

45.16 (b) A notice stating the reasons for the temporary immediate suspension must be delivered
45.17 by personal service to the facility administrator and the facility's governing board.

45.18 (c) A facility administrator and the facility's governing board must discontinue operating
45.19 the facility upon receiving the commissioner's order to immediately suspend the license.

45.20 Subd. 6. **Requesting reconsideration of temporary immediate suspension.** (a) A
45.21 facility administrator may request reconsideration of an order immediately suspending a
45.22 license. The request for reconsideration must be made in writing and sent by certified mail
45.23 or personal service as follows:

45.24 (1) if mailed, the request for reconsideration must be postmarked and sent to the
45.25 commissioner within five business days after the facility administrator receives notice that
45.26 the license has been immediately suspended; and

45.27 (2) if a request is made by personal service, the request must be received by the
45.28 commissioner within five business days after the facility administrator received the order.

45.29 (b) The request for reconsideration must:

45.30 (1) specify the parts of the order that are alleged to be in error;

45.31 (2) explain why they are in error; and

45.32 (3) include documentation to support the allegation of error.

46.1 (c) Within five business days of receiving the facility administrator's timely request for
46.2 reconsideration, the commissioner must review the request. For a review under subdivision
46.3 5, paragraph (a), clause (2), the review must be limited solely to whether the temporary
46.4 immediate suspension order should remain in effect pending the written response to the
46.5 commissioner's notice of intent to issue a revocation order.

46.6 Subd. 7. **Appealing commissioner's reconsideration request.** (a) The commissioner's
46.7 disposition of a request for reconsideration of a correction, conditional license, temporary
46.8 immediate suspension, or revocation order is final and subject to appeal. Before a facility
46.9 administrator may request an appeal under paragraph (b), the facility administrator must
46.10 request reconsideration according to this section of any correction, conditional license,
46.11 temporary immediate suspension, or revocation order.

46.12 (b) Within 60 days after the postmark date of the mailed notice of the commissioner's
46.13 decision on a request for reconsideration, the facility administrator may appeal the decision
46.14 by filing for a writ of certiorari with the court of appeals under section 606.01 and Minnesota
46.15 Rules of Civil Appellate Procedure, Rule 115.

46.16 Subd. 8. **Public notice of restriction, revocation, or suspension.** If a facility's license
46.17 is revoked or suspended under this section, a facility's use is restricted for any reason under
46.18 a conditional license order, or a correction order is issued to a facility, the commissioner
46.19 must publicly post the following information on the department's website:

46.20 (1) the facility name;

46.21 (2) the status of the facility's license;

46.22 (3) the reason for the correction order, restriction, revocation, or suspension; and

46.23 (4) any subsequent findings by the commissioner identifying satisfactory progress toward
46.24 substantial compliance with minimum standards.

46.25 Sec. 3. **[241.013] LICENSING AND INSPECTING LOCAL JUVENILE**
46.26 **CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.**

46.27 Subdivision 1. **Scope.** This section applies to local juvenile correctional facilities under
46.28 section 241.011, subdivision 2, paragraph (g), licensed by the commissioner of corrections
46.29 to detain or serve juveniles, including those providing residential or foster care facility
46.30 placements under chapter 260C.

46.31 Subd. 2. **Facilities for children and youth; inspection and licensing.** (a)
46.32 Notwithstanding any provisions in sections 245A.03; 245A.04; and 256.01, subdivision 2,

47.1 paragraph (a), clause (2); and chapter 245C to the contrary, the commissioner must inspect
47.2 all local juvenile correctional facilities under section 241.011, subdivision 3, except as
47.3 provided under paragraph (c).

47.4 (b) The commissioner must grant a license for up to two years to a county, municipality,
47.5 or facility:

47.6 (1) according to section 241.011, subdivision 5; and

47.7 (2) if the commissioner is satisfied that the interests and well-being of children and youth
47.8 are protected.

47.9 (c) For local juvenile correctional facilities licensed by the commissioner of human
47.10 services, the commissioner of corrections may inspect and certify programs based on
47.11 certification standards under Minnesota Rules. For purposes of this paragraph, "certification"
47.12 has the meaning given in section 245A.02.

47.13 Subd. 3. **Commissioner consultation.** Local juvenile correctional facilities must consult
47.14 with the commissioner as needed to strengthen services to children and youth.

47.15 Subd. 4. **Affected municipality; notice.** (a) The commissioner must not grant a license
47.16 to a local juvenile correctional facility without giving 30 calendar days' written notice to
47.17 any affected municipality or other political subdivision unless the facility:

47.18 (1) has a licensed capacity of six or fewer individuals; and

47.19 (2) is occupied by either the licensee or a group foster home parent.

47.20 (b) The notification must be given before the license is first granted and annually
47.21 thereafter if annual notification is requested in writing by the affected municipality or other
47.22 political subdivision.

47.23 (c) State funds must not be made available to or be spent by an agency or department
47.24 of state, county, or municipal government for payment to a foster care facility licensed under
47.25 this section until the requirements under this subdivision have been met.

47.26 Subd. 5. **Licensing with juveniles from outside state.** The commissioner must not issue
47.27 or renew a license to a facility under this section to operate a local juvenile correctional
47.28 facility if:

47.29 (1) the facility accepts juveniles who reside outside Minnesota; and

47.30 (2) there is no agreement with the entity placing the juvenile at the facility that obligates
47.31 the entity to pay the juvenile's educational expenses.

48.1 Subd. 6. **Licensing actions.** The licensing actions under section 241.012 apply to a
48.2 facility licensed under this section.

48.3 Subd. 7. **Education for juveniles.** Notwithstanding subdivision 1, the education program
48.4 offered in a state or local correctional facility for the placement, confinement, or incarceration
48.5 of juveniles must be approved by the commissioner of education before the commissioner
48.6 of corrections may grant a license to the facility.

48.7 Subd. 8. **Rulemaking.** (a) The commissioner must adopt rules for local juvenile
48.8 correctional facilities according to Laws 1995, chapter 226, article 3, sections 50, 51, and
48.9 60, as amended.

48.10 (b) The time limit to adopt rules under section 14.125 does not apply to amendments to
48.11 Minnesota Rules, chapter 2960, in effect on the effective date of this section.

48.12 **Sec. 4. [241.014] SECURITY AUDITS FOR STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.**

48.13 Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** This section applies to state correctional facilities.

48.14 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
48.15 meanings given.

48.16 (b) "Audit group" means the state correctional facilities security audit group under
48.17 subdivision 5.

48.18 (c) "Corrections and detention confidential data" has the meaning given in section 13.85,
48.19 subdivision 3.

48.20 (d) "Security information" has the meaning given in section 13.37, subdivision 1.

48.21 Subd. 3. **Biennial report and audit of security practices.** The department's inspection
48.22 unit must conduct biennial security audits of each state correctional facility using the
48.23 standards established by the audit group. The inspection unit must:

48.24 (1) prepare a report for each audit; and

48.25 (2) submit the report to the audit group within 30 days of completing the audit.

48.26 Subd. 4. **Data.** (a) Corrections and detention confidential data and security information
48.27 contained in reports and records of the audit group:

48.28 (1) must maintain that classification, regardless of the data's classification in the hands
48.29 of the person who provided the data; and

48.30 (2) are not subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in a civil or criminal action
48.31 against the state arising out of any matter that the audit group is reviewing.

49.1 (b) Information, documents, and records otherwise available from other sources are not
49.2 immune from discovery or use in a civil or criminal action solely because the information,
49.3 documents, and records were acquired during an audit.

49.4 (c) Nothing in this subdivision limits a person who presented information to the audit
49.5 group or who is an audit group member from testifying about matters within the person's
49.6 knowledge. In a civil or criminal proceeding, a person must not be questioned about the
49.7 person's good faith presentation of information to the audit group or opinions formed by
49.8 the person as a result of an audit.

49.9 Subd. 5. **State correctional facilities security audit group.** (a) The commissioner must
49.10 form a state correctional facilities security audit group. The audit group must consist of the
49.11 following members:

49.12 (1) a department employee who is not assigned to the correctional institutions division,
49.13 appointed by the commissioner;

49.14 (2) the ombudsperson for corrections or a designee;

49.15 (3) an elected sheriff or designee nominated by the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association,
49.16 appointed by the commissioner;

49.17 (4) an individual with expertise in security related to infrastructure and operational
49.18 logistics of correctional facilities who is not required to reside in Minnesota, appointed by
49.19 the governor;

49.20 (5) the commissioner of health or a designee;

49.21 (6) the commissioner of administration or a designee;

49.22 (7) two senators, one appointed by the senate majority leader and one appointed by the
49.23 senate minority leader; and

49.24 (8) two representatives, one appointed by the speaker of the house and one appointed
49.25 by the minority leader of the house of representatives.

49.26 (b) The ombudsperson chairs the audit group. The audit group must establish security
49.27 audit standards for state correctional facilities. In developing the standards, the audit group,
49.28 or individual members of the audit group, may gather information from state correctional
49.29 facilities and state correctional staff and inmates. The audit group must:

49.30 (1) periodically review and modify the standards as needed; and

50.1 (2) report the standards to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of
 50.2 representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over public safety policy and finance
 50.3 when the standards are modified.

50.4 (c) The audit group must meet twice annually to review facility audit reports submitted
 50.5 to the audit group by the department's inspection unit. Notwithstanding any law to the
 50.6 contrary, the audit group may review the full audit reports, including but not limited to
 50.7 corrections and detention confidential data and security information.

50.8 (d) Within 60 days of meeting to review an audit report from the department's inspection
 50.9 unit, the audit group must make recommendations to the commissioner. Within 45 days of
 50.10 receiving the audit group's recommendations, the commissioner must respond in writing to
 50.11 the audit group's findings and recommendations. The commissioner's response must explain:

50.12 (1) whether the commissioner will implement the audit group's recommendations;

50.13 (2) the timeline for implementing the recommendations; and

50.14 (3) if the commissioner will not implement the recommendations, why the commissioner
 50.15 will not or cannot implement the recommendations.

50.16 (e) The commissioner must include a written aggregate of the audit group's
 50.17 recommendations based on each security audit and assessment of a state correctional facility
 50.18 and the commissioner's responses to the recommendations in the biennial report under
 50.19 section 241.016, subdivision 1. The commissioner must not include corrections and detention
 50.20 confidential data and security information in the commissioner's report.

50.21 (f) The commissioner must provide staffing and administrative support to the audit
 50.22 group.

50.23 Subd. 6. **Compensation.** Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the terms,
 50.24 compensation, and removal of audit group members are governed by section 15.059. Audit
 50.25 group members serve without compensation but may receive expense reimbursement.

50.26 Subd. 7. **Expiration.** Notwithstanding section 15.059, subdivision 6, the audit group
 50.27 does not expire.

50.28 Subd. 8. **Open meeting law.** The audit group is not subject to chapter 13D.

50.29 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 241.021, subdivision 1, is amended
 50.30 to read:

50.31 Subdivision 1. **Correctional facilities; inspection; licensing.** (a) ~~Except as provided~~
 50.32 ~~in paragraph (b),~~ The commissioner of corrections shall inspect and license all ~~correctional~~

51.1 ~~facilities throughout the state~~ jails and lockups under chapters 641 and 642, whether public
51.2 or private, established and operated for the detention and confinement of persons confined
51.3 or incarcerated therein according to law except to the extent that they are inspected or
51.4 licensed by other state regulating agencies. The commissioner shall promulgate pursuant
51.5 to chapter 14, rules establishing minimum standards for these facilities with respect to their
51.6 management, operation, physical condition, and the security, safety, health, treatment, and
51.7 discipline of persons confined or incarcerated therein. These minimum standards shall
51.8 include but are not limited to specific guidance pertaining to:

51.9 (1) screening, appraisal, assessment, and treatment for persons confined or incarcerated
51.10 in correctional facilities with mental illness or substance use disorders;

51.11 (2) a policy on the involuntary administration of medications, including a process for
51.12 determining on intake whether a Jarvis Order is in place and ensuring it will be followed
51.13 during the confinement or incarceration;

51.14 (3) suicide prevention plans and training;

51.15 (4) verification of medications in a timely manner;

51.16 (5) well-being checks;

51.17 (6) discharge planning, including providing prescribed medications to persons confined
51.18 or incarcerated in correctional facilities upon release;

51.19 (7) a policy on referrals or transfers to medical or mental health care in a noncorrectional
51.20 institution;

51.21 (8) use of segregation and mental health checks;

51.22 (9) critical incident debriefings;

51.23 (10) clinical management of substance use disorders and opioid overdose emergency
51.24 procedures;

51.25 (11) a policy regarding identification of persons with special needs confined or
51.26 incarcerated in correctional facilities;

51.27 (12) a policy regarding the use of telehealth;

51.28 (13) self-auditing of compliance with minimum standards;

51.29 (14) information sharing with medical personnel and when medical assessment must be
51.30 facilitated;

51.31 (15) a code of conduct policy for facility staff and annual training;

52.1 (16) a policy on death review of all circumstances surrounding the death of an individual
52.2 committed to the custody of the facility; and

52.3 (17) dissemination of a rights statement made available to persons confined or
52.4 incarcerated in licensed correctional facilities.

52.5 No individual, corporation, partnership, voluntary association, or other private
52.6 organization legally responsible for the operation of a correctional facility may operate the
52.7 facility unless it possesses a current license from the commissioner of corrections. Private
52.8 adult correctional facilities shall have the authority of section 624.714, subdivision 13, if
52.9 the Department of Corrections licenses the facility with the authority and the facility meets
52.10 requirements of section 243.52.

52.11 The commissioner shall review the correctional facilities described in this subdivision
52.12 at least once every two years, except as otherwise provided, to determine compliance with
52.13 the minimum standards established according to this subdivision or other Minnesota statute
52.14 related to minimum standards and conditions of confinement.

52.15 The commissioner shall grant a license to any facility found to conform to minimum
52.16 standards or to any facility which, in the commissioner's judgment, is making satisfactory
52.17 progress toward substantial conformity and the standards not being met do not impact the
52.18 interests and well-being of the persons confined or incarcerated in the facility. A limited
52.19 license under subdivision 1a may be issued for purposes of effectuating a facility closure.
52.20 The commissioner may grant licensure up to two years. Unless otherwise specified by
52.21 statute, all licenses issued under this chapter expire at 12:01 a.m. on the day after the
52.22 expiration date stated on the license.

52.23 The commissioner shall have access to the buildings, grounds, books, records, staff, and
52.24 to persons confined or incarcerated in these facilities. The commissioner may require the
52.25 officers in charge of these facilities to furnish all information and statistics the commissioner
52.26 deems necessary, at a time and place designated by the commissioner. Notwithstanding
52.27 chapter 13 or any other state law classifying or restricting access to data, the officers in
52.28 charge of these facilities must furnish all data available to the facility that the commissioner
52.29 deems necessary to conduct a review of any emergency or unusual occurrence at the facility.
52.30 Failure to provide or grant access to relevant information or statistics necessary to fulfill
52.31 inspection or emergency or unusual occurrence reviews, as requested by the commissioner,
52.32 may be grounds for the commissioner to take action against a correctional facility's license
52.33 under subdivision 1a, 1b, or 1c.

53.1 All facility administrators of correctional facilities are required to report all deaths of
 53.2 individuals who died while committed to the custody of the facility, regardless of whether
 53.3 the death occurred at the facility or after removal from the facility for medical care stemming
 53.4 from an incident or need for medical care at the correctional facility, as soon as practicable,
 53.5 but no later than 24 hours of receiving knowledge of the death, including any demographic
 53.6 information as required by the commissioner.

53.7 All facility administrators of correctional facilities are required to report all other
 53.8 emergency or unusual occurrences as defined by rule, including uses of force by facility
 53.9 staff that result in substantial bodily harm or suicide attempts, to the commissioner of
 53.10 corrections within ten days from the occurrence, including any demographic information
 53.11 as required by the commissioner. The commissioner of corrections shall consult with the
 53.12 Minnesota Sheriffs' Association and a representative from the Minnesota Association of
 53.13 Community Corrections Act Counties who is responsible for the operations of an adult
 53.14 correctional facility to define "use of force" that results in substantial bodily harm for
 53.15 reporting purposes.

53.16 The commissioner may require that any or all such information be provided through the
 53.17 Department of Corrections detention information system. The commissioner shall post each
 53.18 inspection report publicly and on the department's website within 30 days of completing
 53.19 the inspection. The education program offered in a correctional facility for the confinement
 53.20 or incarceration of juvenile offenders must be approved by the commissioner of education
 53.21 before the commissioner of corrections may grant a license to the facility.

53.22 ~~(b) For juvenile facilities licensed by the commissioner of human services, the~~
 53.23 ~~commissioner may inspect and certify programs based on certification standards set forth~~
 53.24 ~~in Minnesota Rules. For the purpose of this paragraph, "certification" has the meaning given~~
 53.25 ~~it in section 245A.02.~~

53.26 ~~(e)~~ (b) Any state agency which regulates, inspects, or licenses certain aspects of
 53.27 correctional facilities shall, insofar as is possible, ensure that the minimum standards it
 53.28 requires are substantially the same as those required by other state agencies which regulate,
 53.29 inspect, or license the same aspects of similar types of correctional facilities, although at
 53.30 different correctional facilities.

53.31 ~~(d)~~ (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the commissioner of corrections'
 53.32 authority to promulgate rules establishing standards of eligibility for counties to receive
 53.33 funds under chapter 401, or to require counties to comply with operating standards the
 53.34 commissioner establishes as a condition precedent for counties to receive that funding.

54.1 ~~(e)~~ (d) The department's inspection unit must report directly to a division head outside
54.2 of the correctional institutions division.

54.3 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.021, subdivision 1f, is amended to read:

54.4 Subd. 1f. **Report.** By February 15, 2022, and by February 15 each year thereafter, the
54.5 commissioner of corrections shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
54.6 house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over public
54.7 safety and judiciary on the status of the implementation of the provisions in ~~this section~~
54.8 sections 241.011 to 241.021 over the prior year, particularly the health and safety of
54.9 individuals confined or incarcerated in a local adult correctional facilities under this section,
54.10 local correctional facilities under section 241.011, and state correctional ~~facility and a facility~~
54.11 ~~licensed by the commissioner~~ facilities. This report shall include but not be limited to data
54.12 regarding:

54.13 (1) the number of confined or incarcerated persons who died while committed to the
54.14 custody of the facility, regardless of whether the death occurred at the facility or after
54.15 removal from the facility for medical care stemming from an incident or need for medical
54.16 care at the correctional facility, including aggregated demographic information and the
54.17 correctional facilities' most recent inspection reports and any corrective orders or conditional
54.18 licenses ~~issued,~~ revocations, or temporary immediate suspensions;

54.19 (2) the aggregated results of the death reviews by facility as required by subdivision 8
54.20 or section 241.011, subdivision 8, including any implemented policy changes;

54.21 (3) the number of uses of force by facility staff on persons confined or incarcerated in
54.22 the correctional facility, including but not limited to whether those uses of force were
54.23 determined to be justified by the facility, for which the commissioner of corrections shall
54.24 consult with the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association and a representative from the Minnesota
54.25 Association of Community Corrections Act Counties who is responsible for the operations
54.26 of an adult correctional facility to develop criteria for reporting and define reportable uses
54.27 of force;

54.28 (4) the number of suicide attempts, number of people transported to a medical facility,
54.29 and number of people placed in segregation;

54.30 (5) the number of persons committed to the commissioner of corrections' custody that
54.31 the commissioner is housing in facilities licensed under subdivision 1 and section 241.011,
54.32 including but not limited to:

54.33 (i) aggregated demographic data of those individuals;

- 55.1 (ii) length of time spent housed in a licensed correctional facility; and
- 55.2 (iii) any contracts the Department of Corrections has with correctional facilities to provide
- 55.3 housing; and
- 55.4 (6) summary data from state correctional facilities regarding complaints involving alleged
- 55.5 on-duty staff misconduct, including but not limited to the:
- 55.6 (i) total number of misconduct complaints and investigations;
- 55.7 (ii) total number of complaints by each category of misconduct, as defined by the
- 55.8 commissioner of corrections;
- 55.9 (iii) number of allegations dismissed as unfounded;
- 55.10 (iv) number of allegations dismissed on grounds that the allegation was unsubstantiated;
- 55.11 and
- 55.12 (v) number of allegations substantiated, any resulting disciplinary action, and the nature
- 55.13 of the discipline.

55.14 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.021, subdivision 1i, is amended to read:

55.15 Subd. 1i. **Definition.** As used in this section, "correctional facility" means any facility,

55.16 ~~including a group home, having a residential component, the primary purpose of which is~~

55.17 ~~to serve persons placed in facilities by a court, court services department, parole authority,~~

55.18 ~~or other correctional agency having dispositional power over persons charged with, convicted,~~

55.19 ~~or adjudicated guilty or delinquent jail or lockup under chapter 641 or 642.~~

55.20 Sec. 8. **RULEMAKING; DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS; LICENSED**

55.21 **JUVENILE FACILITIES.**

55.22 Subdivision 1. Administrative and medical separation. (a) The notification

55.23 requirements in this subdivision apply to juvenile facilities licensed by the commissioner

55.24 of corrections under Minnesota Statutes, sections 241.011 to 241.013.

55.25 (b) A facility's chief administrator must notify the commissioner according to Minnesota

55.26 Rules, part 2960.0270, subpart 12, if a resident is expected to be, or has been, in

55.27 administrative or medical separation for more than seven days.

55.28 (c) The notification under paragraph (b) must be within ten days of the resident's

55.29 placement, or expected placement, in administrative separation or medical separation for

55.30 more than seven days.

56.1 (d) This subdivision expires when the rules adopted under subdivision 2 are effective.

56.2 Subd. 2. **Rulemaking.** (a) The commissioner of corrections must amend Minnesota
 56.3 Rules, parts 2960.0740, subpart 3, and 2960.0750, subpart 3, to require notification according
 56.4 to subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) and (c).

56.5 (b) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes,
 56.6 section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this subdivision.

56.7 (c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Laws 1995, chapter 226, article 3, sections 50, 51, and
 56.8 60, or any other law to the contrary, the joint rulemaking authority with the commissioners
 56.9 of the Department of Human Services and other state agencies does not apply to rules
 56.10 adopted under this subdivision.

56.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

56.12 Sec. 9. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

56.13 (a) The revisor of statutes must renumber each section of Minnesota Statutes listed in
 56.14 column A with the number listed in column B.

56.15	<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
56.16	<u>241.021, subdivision 4</u>	<u>241.74, subdivision 1</u>
56.17	<u>241.021, subdivision 4a</u>	<u>241.39</u>
56.18	<u>241.021, subdivision 4b</u>	<u>241.74, subdivision 2, paragraph (a)</u>
56.19	<u>241.021, subdivision 4c</u>	<u>241.74, subdivision 2, paragraph (b)</u>
56.20	<u>241.021, subdivision 4d</u>	<u>241.74, subdivision 3</u>
56.21	<u>241.021, subdivision 4e</u>	<u>241.254</u>

56.22 (b) As a result of amendments to Minnesota Statutes, sections 241.011 to 241.021, the
 56.23 revisor of statutes must work with the Department of Corrections to correct cross-references
 56.24 in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules and make other necessary grammatical and
 56.25 technical changes.

56.26 Sec. 10. **REPEALER.**

56.27 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.021, subdivisions 1g, 1h, 2a, 2b, 3, and 6, are
 56.28 repealed.

56.29 (b) Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 241.021, subdivision 2, is repealed.

57.1

ARTICLE 6

57.2

**DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND MENTAL
HEALTH**

57.3

57.4 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.021, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

57.5 Subd. 4a. **Substance use disorder treatment programs.** All ~~residential~~ substance use
57.6 disorder treatment programs operated by the commissioner of corrections to treat ~~adults~~
57.7 individuals committed to the commissioner's custody ~~shall~~ or to treat juveniles in
57.8 state-operated juvenile correctional facilities that have a correctional program services
57.9 certification per Minnesota Rules, chapter 2960, must comply with the standards mandated
57.10 in chapter 245G for treatment programs operated by community-based treatment facilities.
57.11 When the commissioners of corrections and human services agree that these established
57.12 standards for community-based programs cannot reasonably apply to correctional facilities,
57.13 alternative equivalent standards shall be developed by the commissioners and established
57.14 through an interagency agreement.

57.15 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

57.16 Subdivision 1. **Authority; rules.** The commissioner of corrections shall, in accordance
57.17 with applicable rules and standards prescribed by the Department of Human Services,
57.18 establish, staff, equip, maintain, and operate in at least one of the adult correctional
57.19 institutions under the commissioner's control a mental health unit for the care and treatment
57.20 of those inmates of state correctional institutions who become mentally ill.

57.21 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

57.22 Subd. 3. **Transfer.** If the licensed mental health professional finds the person to be a
57.23 person who is mentally ill and in need of short-term care, assessment, evaluation, or
57.24 stabilization, the licensed mental health professional may recommend transfer by the
57.25 commissioner of corrections to ~~the~~ a mental health unit established pursuant to subdivision
57.26 1.

57.27 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

57.28 Subd. 4. **Commitment.** If the licensed mental health professional finds the person to be
57.29 a person who is mentally ill and in need of long-term care in a hospital, ~~or if an inmate~~
57.30 ~~transferred pursuant to subdivision 3 refuses to voluntarily participate in the treatment~~
57.31 ~~program at the mental health unit,~~ the director of psychological services of the institution
57.32 or the mental health professional shall initiate proceedings for judicial commitment as

58.1 provided in section 253B.07. Upon the recommendation of the licensed mental health
58.2 professional and upon completion of the hearing and consideration of the record, the court
58.3 may commit the person to ~~the~~ a mental health unit established in subdivision 1 or to another
58.4 hospital. A person confined in a state correctional institution for adults who has been
58.5 adjudicated to be a person who is mentally ill and in need of treatment may be committed
58.6 to the commissioner of corrections and placed in ~~the~~ a mental health unit established in
58.7 subdivision 1.

58.8 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

58.9 Subd. 5. **Discharge.** The director of psychological services of ~~the~~ a mental health unit
58.10 established under this section may, subject to the provisions of chapter 253B, provisionally
58.11 discharge any inmate patient admitted as a person who is mentally ill without discharging
58.12 the commitment and order the inmate patient's release into the general population of the
58.13 institution from which admitted, subject to return to the facility for further treatment.

58.14 When the director of psychological services of the facility certifies that a patient is no
58.15 longer in need of institutional care for mental illness the director of psychological services
58.16 shall discharge the patient to the institution from which committed, and the discharge shall
58.17 also discharge the mental illness commitment.

58.18 A copy of the certification that the inmate is no longer in need of care for mental illness
58.19 shall be transmitted to the commissioner of corrections. The commissioner of corrections
58.20 shall give serious consideration to the aforementioned certification for purposes of their
58.21 supervision over the inmate upon the inmate's release.

58.22 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 241.69, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

58.23 Subd. 6. **Transfer upon expiration of sentence.** If the sentence of a person who has
58.24 been adjudicated to be mentally ill and committed to ~~the~~ a mental health unit established
58.25 under this section should expire before the person recovers and is discharged therefrom,
58.26 and, in the judgment of the director of psychological services of the unit, the person requires
58.27 further hospitalization for mental illness, the person shall be transferred by the commissioner
58.28 of corrections to a state hospital designated by the Direct Care and Treatment executive
58.29 board, there to be detained as in the case of other mentally ill persons under judicial
58.30 commitment.

59.1

ARTICLE 7

59.2

PRIVATE DETECTIVE AND PROTECTIVE AGENT LICENSING

59.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

59.4 Subd. 8. **Applicant.** "Applicant" means any individual, ~~partnership~~ or corporation who
59.5 has made application for a private detective or protective agent license.

59.6 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

59.7 Subd. 10. **License holder.** "License holder" means any individual, ~~partnership as defined~~
59.8 ~~in section 323A.0101, clause (8),~~ or corporation licensed to perform the duties of a private
59.9 detective or a protective agent.

59.10 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 10a, is amended to read:

59.11 Subd. 10a. **Minnesota manager.** "Minnesota manager" means the member of a
59.12 ~~partnership~~ or corporation, who meets the qualifications for licensing as provided in sections
59.13 326.32 to 326.339. The Minnesota manager must be actively involved in the day to day
59.14 management and supervision of the licensed activity in the Minnesota office.

59.15 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 10c, is amended to read:

59.16 Subd. 10c. **Proprietary employer.** A "proprietary employer" means an individual,
59.17 ~~partnership,~~ or a corporation that is not engaged in the business of providing protective
59.18 agents but employs individuals to serve as security guards solely on the employer's property
59.19 and its curtilage.

59.20 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.32, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

59.21 Subd. 12. **Qualified representative.** "Qualified representative" means the member of
59.22 ~~a partnership~~ or corporation, who meets the qualifications for licensing as provided in
59.23 sections 326.32 to 326.339. The qualified representative must be actively involved in the
59.24 day to day management and supervision of the licensed activity.

59.25 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

59.26 Subdivision 1. **Members.** There is hereby created a Board of Private Detective and
59.27 Protective Agent Services, consisting of the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal
59.28 Apprehension or an assistant superintendent designated by the superintendent, and the
59.29 following members appointed by the commissioner of public safety: a licensed protective

60.1 agent, or qualified representative for a licensed protective agent ~~partnership or corporation~~;
 60.2 a licensed private detective, or qualified representative for a licensed private detective
 60.3 ~~partnership or corporation~~; and two public members. Filling of member vacancies shall be
 60.4 the responsibility of the commissioner of public safety. Membership terms, compensation
 60.5 of members, removal of members, the filling of membership vacancies, and fiscal year and
 60.6 reporting requirements shall be as provided in sections 214.07 to 214.09. The provision of
 60.7 staff, unless otherwise provided in sections 326.32 to 326.339; administrative services and
 60.8 office space; the review and processing of complaints; the setting of board fees, unless
 60.9 otherwise provided in sections 326.32 to 326.339; and other provisions relating to board
 60.10 operations shall be as provided in chapter 214.

60.11 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3381, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

60.12 Subd. 2. **Application procedure.** The board shall issue a license upon application to
 60.13 any person qualified under sections 326.32 to 326.339 and under the rules of the board to
 60.14 engage in the business of private detective or protective agent. The license shall remain
 60.15 effective for two years as long as the license holder complies with sections 326.32 to 326.339,
 60.16 the laws of Minnesota, and the rules of the board. Upon receipt of an application for private
 60.17 detective or protective agent license, the board shall:

60.18 (1) post notice of the application in its office for a period of 20 days, and notify all
 60.19 persons who have requested notification of applications;

60.20 (2) conduct an investigation as it considers necessary to determine the qualifications of
 60.21 the applicant, qualified representative, Minnesota manager, and, if appropriate, a ~~partner or~~
 60.22 corporate officer; and

60.23 (3) notify the applicant of the date on which the board will conduct a review of the
 60.24 license application.

60.25 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3381, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

60.26 Subd. 4. **Business entity applicant.** If the applicant for a license is a corporation ~~or~~
 60.27 ~~partnership, one member,~~ the chief executive officer, the chief financial officer, the qualified
 60.28 representative, and the Minnesota manager, if one exists, of that corporation ~~or partnership~~
 60.29 must meet the licensing requirements in sections 326.32 to 326.339, including the
 60.30 requirements of subdivision 3, paragraph (b).

61.1 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3382, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

61.2 Subdivision 1. **Application form.** (a) Application for a private detective or protective
61.3 agent license shall be made on a form prescribed by the board. Each applicant shall provide
61.4 the following information:

61.5 (1) the full name, date of birth, and sex of each person signing the application, and the
61.6 residences of those persons for the past five years;

61.7 (2) all past and present occupations and employers, length of employment, and the name,
61.8 address, and telephone numbers of supervisors for all persons signing the application;

61.9 (3) the address or a description indicating the location of the place of business of the
61.10 applicant;

61.11 (4) a statement indicating that each person signing the application has attained the age
61.12 of 18;

61.13 (5) if the applicant is a corporation, the name of the corporation, the date and place of
61.14 incorporation, and the location of its principal place of business or registered office in its
61.15 state of incorporation; and

61.16 (6) further facts as may be required by the board to show the good character, competency,
61.17 and integrity of each person signing the application; ~~and.~~

61.18 (b) Each application shall be signed and acknowledged as follows:

61.19 (1) if the applicant is an individual, by the individual; or

61.20 ~~(2) if the applicant is a partnership, by each partner, one of whom must be a qualified~~
61.21 ~~representative; or~~

61.22 ~~(3)~~ (2) if the applicant is a corporation, by the chief executive officer, chief financial
61.23 officer, and the qualified representative of the corporation. If the principal place of the
61.24 applicant's business is outside Minnesota, the application shall also include the signature
61.25 of the Minnesota manager.

61.26 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3382, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

61.27 Subd. 4. **License disqualification.** Unlicensed activity will not be considered as legitimate
61.28 experience for qualification in being licensed. An individual, ~~partnership,~~ a corporation, a
61.29 qualified representative, or a Minnesota manager engaged in the business of a private
61.30 detective or protective agent without a license issued by the board is prohibited from applying
61.31 for licensing for a period of one year from the date of a finding of the violation.

62.1 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3385, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

62.2 Subd. 2. **Notice of successor.** ~~(a)~~ A corporate ~~or partnership~~ license holder shall, within
62.3 seven days of the death, resignation, or removal of a person signing the license application,
62.4 give written notice to the board of the change and the name and address of the successor in
62.5 the vacated position.

62.6 (b) Within seven days of the death, resignation, or removal of a person signing the license
62.7 application for a ~~partnership or~~ corporate license holder, the successor qualified
62.8 representative, ~~partner~~, Minnesota manager, chief executive officer, or chief financial officer
62.9 who shall qualify under the same procedure and criteria, ~~and~~ must submit the documents
62.10 required, as for an original application.

62.11 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326.3386, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

62.12 Subd. 3. **Designation fee.** When a licensed private detective or protective agent who is
62.13 a ~~partnership or~~ corporation, desires to designate a new qualified representative or Minnesota
62.14 manager, a fee equal to one-half of the license fee shall be submitted to the board.

62.15 ARTICLE 8

62.16 REHABILITATION OF OFFENDERS

62.17 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 364.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

62.18 Subd. 3. **Evidence of rehabilitation.** (a) A person who has been convicted of a crime
62.19 or crimes which directly relate to the public employment sought or to the occupation for
62.20 which a license is sought shall not be disqualified from the employment or occupation if
62.21 the person can show both competent evidence of sufficient rehabilitation and present fitness
62.22 to perform the duties of the public employment sought or the occupation for which the
62.23 license is sought.

62.24 (b) In determining whether the person has demonstrated competent evidence of sufficient
62.25 rehabilitation and present fitness, the licensing or hiring authority may be established by
62.26 the production of ~~consider~~ the following when making a determination:

62.27 (1) the person's most recent certified copy of a United States Department of Defense
62.28 form DD-214 showing the person's honorable discharge, or separation under honorable
62.29 conditions, from the United States armed forces for military service rendered following
62.30 conviction for any crime that would otherwise disqualify the person from the public
62.31 employment sought or the occupation for which the license is sought, ~~or;~~

62.32 ~~(1)~~ (2) a copy of the local, state, or federal release order; and

63.1 ~~(2)~~ evidence showing that at least one year has elapsed since release from any local,
 63.2 state, or federal correctional institution without subsequent conviction of a crime; and
 63.3 evidence showing compliance with all terms and conditions of probation or parole; ~~or~~

63.4 (3) a copy of the relevant Department of Corrections discharge order or other documents
 63.5 showing completion of probation or parole supervision;

63.6 ~~(b) In addition to the documentary evidence presented, the licensing or hiring authority~~
 63.7 ~~shall consider any evidence presented by the applicant regarding:~~

63.8 (4) evidence regarding:

63.9 ~~(1)~~ (i) the nature and seriousness of the crime or crimes for which convicted;

63.10 ~~(2)~~ (ii) all circumstances relative to the crime or crimes, including mitigating
 63.11 circumstances or social conditions surrounding the commission of the crime or crimes;

63.12 ~~(3)~~ (iii) the age of the person at the time the crime or crimes were committed; and

63.13 ~~(4)~~ (iv) the length of time elapsed since the crime or crimes were committed; and

63.14 (5) all other competent evidence of rehabilitation and present fitness presented, including,
 63.15 but not limited to, letters of reference by persons who have been in contact with the applicant
 63.16 since the applicant's release from any local, state, or federal correctional institution.

63.17 (c) The certified copy of a person's United States Department of Defense form DD-214
 63.18 showing the person's honorable discharge or separation under honorable conditions from
 63.19 the United States armed forces ceases to qualify as competent evidence of sufficient
 63.20 rehabilitation for purposes of this section upon the person's conviction for any gross
 63.21 misdemeanor or felony committed by the person subsequent to the effective date of that
 63.22 honorable discharge or separation from military service.

63.23 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 364.05, is amended to read:

63.24 **364.05 NOTIFICATION UPON DENIAL OF EMPLOYMENT OR**
 63.25 **DISQUALIFICATION FROM OCCUPATION.**

63.26 If a hiring or licensing authority denies an individual a position of public employment
 63.27 or disqualifies the individual from pursuing, practicing, or engaging in any occupation for
 63.28 which a license is required, solely or in part because of the individual's prior conviction of
 63.29 a crime, the hiring or licensing authority shall notify the individual in writing of the following:

63.30 (1) the grounds and reasons for the denial or disqualification;

63.31 (2) the applicable complaint and grievance procedure as set forth in section 364.06;

64.1 (3) the earliest date the person may reapply for a position of public employment or a
 64.2 license with a hiring or licensing authority; and

64.3 (4) that all competent evidence of rehabilitation presented upon reapplication will be
 64.4 considered ~~upon reapplication~~.

64.5 ARTICLE 9

64.6 PROTECTIONS FOR JUDICIAL OFFICIALS

64.7 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 480.40, subdivision 1, is amended
 64.8 to read:

64.9 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section and section 480.45, the
 64.10 following terms have the meanings given.

64.11 (b) "Judicial official" means:

64.12 (1) every Minnesota district court judge, senior judge, retired judge, and every judge of
 64.13 the Minnesota Court of Appeals and every active, senior, recalled, or retired federal judge
 64.14 who resides in Minnesota;

64.15 (2) a current or retired justice of the Minnesota Supreme Court;

64.16 (3) employees of the Minnesota judicial branch;

64.17 (4) judicial referees and magistrate judges; and

64.18 (5) current and retired judges and current employees of the Office of Administrative
 64.19 Hearings, Department of Employment and Economic Development Unemployment Insurance
 64.20 and Paid Leave Appeals Divisions, Department of Human Services Appeals Division,
 64.21 Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals, and Tax Court.

64.22 (c) "Personal information" does not include publicly available information. Personal
 64.23 information means:

64.24 (1) a residential address of a judicial official;

64.25 (2) a residential address of the spouse, domestic partner, or children of a judicial official;

64.26 (3) a nonjudicial branch issued telephone number or email address of a judicial official;

64.27 (4) the name of any child of a judicial official; and

64.28 (5) the name of any child care facility or school that is attended by a child of a judicial
 64.29 official if combined with an assertion that the named facility or school is attended by the
 64.30 child of a judicial official.

65.1 (d) "Publicly available information" means information that is lawfully made available
65.2 through federal, state, or local government records or information that a business has a
65.3 reasonable basis to believe is lawfully made available to the general public through widely
65.4 distributed media, by a judicial official, or by a person to whom the judicial official has
65.5 disclosed the information, unless the judicial official has restricted the information to a
65.6 specific audience.

65.7 (e) "Law enforcement support organizations" do not include charitable organizations.

65.8 (f) "Real property records" has the meaning given in section 480.50, subdivision 1,
65.9 paragraph (f).

65.10 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 480.50, subdivision 1, is amended
65.11 to read:

65.12 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
65.13 the meanings given.

65.14 (b) "County recorder" has the meaning given in section 13.045, subdivision 1, clause
65.15 (4).

65.16 (c) "Government entity" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 7a.

65.17 (d) "Judicial official" has the meaning given in section 480.40, subdivision 1, paragraph
65.18 (b), except that it does not include: (1) employees of the Minnesota judicial branch, the
65.19 Office of Administrative Hearings, the Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals, or the
65.20 Tax Court; ~~or~~ (2) judges or employees in the Department of Human Services Appeals
65.21 Division; or (3) judges or employees in the Unemployment Insurance and Paid Leave
65.22 Appeals Divisions.

65.23 (e) "Personal information" has the meaning given in section 480.40, subdivision 1,
65.24 paragraph (c).

65.25 (f) "Real property records" means any of the following:

65.26 (1) real property records as defined in section 13.045, subdivision 1, clause (5);

65.27 (2) Uniform Commercial Code filings and tax liens maintained by the Secretary of State;
65.28 and

65.29 (3) any other records maintained by a county recorder or other government entity
65.30 evidencing title to, or any lien, judgment, or other encumbrance on, real or personal property.

65.31 (g) "Responsible authority" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 16.

66.1 **ARTICLE 10**66.2 **COMMUNITY SUPERVISION WORKING GROUP**66.3 Section 1. **COMMUNITY SUPERVISION WORKING GROUP.**

66.4 Subdivision 1. Establishment. A working group is established to study and make
66.5 recommendations on statutory changes needed to provide clarity regarding the roles,
66.6 responsibilities, and obligations of supervision delivery systems when a county transitions
66.7 between state-operated and county-operated community supervision systems.

66.8 Subd. 2. Membership. The working group shall consist of the following members:

66.9 (1) four representatives appointed by the Association of Minnesota Counties, at least
66.10 two of whom must be county administrators from counties that have experienced a transition
66.11 between supervision delivery systems; and

66.12 (2) four representatives appointed by the commissioner of corrections, with expertise
66.13 in human resources, finance, compensation plans, and agency administration.

66.14 Subd. 3. Meetings. The commissioner of corrections shall convene the first meeting of
66.15 the working group no later than August 1, 2026, and shall provide meeting space and
66.16 administrative assistance as necessary for the working group to conduct its work. The
66.17 working group shall meet sufficiently enough to accomplish the tasks identified in this
66.18 section.

66.19 Subd. 4. Duties. The working group shall study and develop recommendations on the
66.20 following:

66.21 (1) the respective roles, responsibilities, and obligations of the sending and receiving
66.22 entities when a transition occurs;

66.23 (2) the treatment of employee compensation, including but not limited to salary placement,
66.24 benefits, and accrued leave;

66.25 (3) the allocation of financial responsibility between entities, including timing and
66.26 method of payment for employee-related costs;

66.27 (4) differences between state and county employment systems, including compensation
66.28 structures, leave systems, and benefit administration, and how those differences affect
66.29 transitions;

66.30 (5) operations and administrative considerations, including timelines, fiscal year start
66.31 dates, staffing transitions, data transfers, training needs, policy development, and continuity
66.32 of supervision services;

67.1 (6) budgetary and fiscal impacts associated with transitions, including impacts on
 67.2 resources and positions shared between counties;

67.3 (7) any statutory ambiguities or gaps that create uncertainty or disputes during transitions;
 67.4 and

67.5 (8) any other issues identified by the working group that are necessary to ensure clear,
 67.6 consistent, and fair transition processes.

67.7 Subd. 5. **Consultation.** In carrying out its duties, the working group must consult with:

67.8 (1) the Minnesota Association of Community Corrections Act Counties;

67.9 (2) the Minnesota Association of Community Probation Officers;

67.10 (3) the Department of Corrections Field Services director and the director's leadership
 67.11 team; and

67.12 (4) labor organizations representing affected employees.

67.13 Subd. 6. **Report.** By December 15, 2026, the working group shall submit a report to the
 67.14 chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over
 67.15 public safety and judiciary policy and finance. The report must include recommended
 67.16 statutory changes to address the issues identified in subdivision 4.

67.17 Subd. 7. **Expiration.** The working group expires upon submission of the report required
 67.18 under subdivision 6.

67.19 **ARTICLE 11**

67.20 **INMATE MEDICATIONS**

67.21 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 241.021, subdivision 4f, is
 67.22 amended to read:

67.23 Subd. 4f. **Provision of medications in correctional facilities.** (a) Correctional facilities
 67.24 licensed by the commissioner shall administer to confined and incarcerated persons the
 67.25 same medications prescribed to those individuals prior to their confinement or incarceration
 67.26 upon such prescriptions being verified as current and valid by the correctional facility based
 67.27 on information reasonably available to the facility's staff at the time of intake and documented
 67.28 in the person's medical records. A facility must make a reasonable attempt to verify a
 67.29 prescription as current and valid and staff must document their efforts to verify the
 67.30 prescription. A reasonable attempt will be considered to have been made if a licensed health
 67.31 care professional or facility staff seeks to confirm the prescription through one or more

68.1 reliable sources, including but not limited to the confined or incarcerated person, prescription
 68.2 records, pharmacies, health care providers, or prescription monitoring programs.

68.3 (b) Unless a confined or incarcerated person is subject to a Jarvis order, which is an
 68.4 order issued under section 253B.092, subdivision 8, that dictates otherwise, paragraph (a)
 68.5 does not apply when:

68.6 (1) a licensed health care professional determines, after ~~consulting~~ making reasonable
 68.7 efforts to consult with the ~~licensed~~ health care professional who prescribed the medication,
 68.8 that the prescribed medication is not medically appropriate for the person based on the
 68.9 person's current medical condition or status;

68.10 (2) a licensed health care professional determines a that the medication should be changed
 68.11 to a different medication available to treat the condition that is at least as effective as the
 68.12 current medication the person is prescribed ~~is available to treat the condition and the licensed~~
 68.13 ~~health care professional who prescribed the current medication approves the change in~~
 68.14 ~~medications~~ and reasonable attempts were made to consult the health care professional who
 68.15 prescribed the medication; or

68.16 (3) the physical or mental condition of the person creates a medical or mental health
 68.17 emergency that requires an immediate medication change based on circumstances that either
 68.18 exist or would be caused by the continuation of current medications when those circumstances
 68.19 are identified and documented by a licensed health care professional; or

68.20 (4) the person provides written notice to informs the licensed health care professional
 68.21 who is responsible for inmate health care at the correctional facility or the licensed health
 68.22 care professional's designee that the person no longer desires to take the medication and the
 68.23 decision is documented in the person's medical records.

68.24 (c) As used in this subdivision, "licensed health care professional" means a physician
 68.25 licensed under chapter 147, physician assistant licensed under chapter 147A, or advanced
 68.26 practice registered nurse as defined in section 148.171, subdivision 3.

68.27 ARTICLE 12

68.28 COERCION CRIME

68.29 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

68.30 Subd. 2. **Sentence.** (a) Whoever violates subdivision 1 may be sentenced as follows:

68.31 (1) to imprisonment for not more than 90 days or to payment of a fine of not more than
 68.32 \$1,000, or both if neither the pecuniary gain received by the violator nor the loss suffered

69.1 by the person threatened or another as a result of the threat exceeds \$300, or the benefits
69.2 received or harm sustained are not susceptible of pecuniary measurement; or

69.3 (2) to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more
69.4 than \$10,000, or both, if such pecuniary gain or loss is more than \$300 but less than \$2,500;
69.5 or

69.6 (3) to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than
69.7 \$20,000, or both, if such pecuniary gain or loss is \$2,500, or more.

69.8 (b) A person who violates subdivision 1, clause (6), may be sentenced to imprisonment
69.9 for not more than ten years, or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both, if
69.10 the violation is a substantial factor in the victim suffering great bodily harm.

69.11 (c) A person who violates subdivision 1, clause (6), may be sentenced to imprisonment
69.12 for not more than 15 years, or to payment of a fine of not more than \$30,000, or both, if the
69.13 violation is a substantial factor in the victim suffering death.

69.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes
69.15 committed on or after that date.

69.16 **ARTICLE 13**

69.17 **DOMESTIC ABUSE**

69.18 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 299C.80, subdivision 6, is amended
69.19 to read:

69.20 Subd. 6. **Reporting.** (a) As provided for in chapter 13, the superintendent must make
69.21 all inactive investigative data for officer-involved death investigations that are public under
69.22 section 13.82, subdivision 7, or other applicable law available on the bureau's website within
69.23 30 days of the case becoming inactive as defined in section 13.82, subdivision 7, except
69.24 any video that does not record, describe, or otherwise document actions and circumstances
69.25 surrounding the officer-involved death.

69.26 (b) By February 1 of each year, the superintendent shall report to the commissioner, the
69.27 governor, and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
69.28 jurisdiction over public safety finance and policy the following information about the unit:
69.29 the number of investigations initiated; the number of incidents that began with a law
69.30 enforcement response to a situation involving suspected or alleged domestic abuse, as
69.31 defined in section 626.5537, subdivision 1; the number of incidents investigated; the
69.32 outcomes or current status of each investigation; the charging decisions made by the

70.1 prosecuting authority of incidents investigated by the unit; the number of plea agreements
 70.2 reached in incidents investigated by the unit; and any other information relevant to the unit's
 70.3 mission.

70.4 (c) Nothing in this subdivision modifies the requirements of chapter 13 or the
 70.5 classification of data.

70.6 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 611A.0311, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

70.7 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) "Domestic abuse" has the meaning given in section
 70.8 518B.01, subdivision 2.

70.9 (b) "Domestic abuse case" means a prosecution for:

70.10 (1) a crime that involves domestic abuse;

70.11 (2) violation of a condition of release following an arrest for a crime that involves
 70.12 domestic abuse; ~~or~~

70.13 (3) violation of a domestic abuse order for protection issued pursuant to section 518B.01;

70.14 (4) violation of a harassment restraining order issued pursuant to section 609.748
 70.15 committed against a family or household member by a family or household member;

70.16 (5) harassment or stalking within the meaning of section 609.749 committed against a
 70.17 family or household member by a family or household member; or

70.18 (6) violation of a domestic abuse no contact order issued pursuant to section 629.75.

70.19 Sec. 3. [626.5537] DOMESTIC ABUSE; REPORTING.

70.20 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
 70.21 the meanings given.

70.22 (b) "Domestic abuse" has the meaning given in section 518B.01, subdivision 2, paragraph
 70.23 (a), and also includes the following, if committed against a family or household member
 70.24 by a family or household member:

70.25 (1) violation of an order for protection within the meaning of section 518B.01, subdivision
 70.26 14;

70.27 (2) violation of a harassment restraining order within the meaning of section 609.748,
 70.28 subdivision 6;

70.29 (3) harassment or stalking within the meaning of section 609.749; and

71.1 (4) violation of a domestic abuse no contact order within the meaning of section 629.75,
 71.2 subdivision 2.

71.3 (c) "Family or household member" has the meaning given in section 518B.01, subdivision
 71.4 2, paragraph (b).

71.5 Subd. 2. **Collection of information; reporting.** The head of a local law enforcement
 71.6 agency or state law enforcement department that employs peace officers, as defined in
 71.7 section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), must report every incident a peace officer
 71.8 reasonably believes, or a victim alleges, constitutes an act of domestic abuse to the
 71.9 commissioner of public safety by January 15 each year. The superintendent of the Bureau
 71.10 of Criminal Apprehension must adopt a reporting form to be used by law enforcement
 71.11 agencies in making the reports required under this section. The reports must include all of
 71.12 the following for each incident:

71.13 (1) the date of the incident;

71.14 (2) the location of the incident;

71.15 (3) the crime suspected to have been committed;

71.16 (4) whether the response began as a call for service alleging an act of domestic abuse;

71.17 (5) the perceived gender of the alleged victim and suspect;

71.18 (6) the perceived race of the alleged victim and suspect;

71.19 (7) whether a suspect was arrested at the time of the incident;

71.20 (8) whether a suspect was arrested at a later date and, if so, the time between the incident
 71.21 and the arrest;

71.22 (9) whether the alleged victim was arrested at the time of the incident and, if so, any
 71.23 alleged crime that formed the basis for the arrest;

71.24 (10) whether the alleged offender possessed, or was reported to possess, a firearm at the
 71.25 time of the incident;

71.26 (11) whether the case was referred for prosecution;

71.27 (12) whether the determination that the incident constituted an act of domestic abuse
 71.28 was based on an officer's reasonable belief, the victim's allegation, or both; and

71.29 (13) any additional information the superintendent deems necessary for the acquisition
 71.30 of accurate and relevant data.

72.1 Subd. 3. **Annual report.** The commissioner of public safety must summarize and analyze
 72.2 the information received under subdivision 2 and provide an annual report to the chairs and
 72.3 ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over public safety.
 72.4 The annual report may be included in the department's annual uniform crime report.

72.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2028.

72.6 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.341, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

72.7 Subdivision 1. **Arrest; referral for prosecution.** (a) Notwithstanding section 629.34
 72.8 or any other law or rule, a peace officer may arrest a person anywhere without a warrant,
 72.9 including at the person's residence, if the peace officer has probable cause to believe that
 72.10 within the preceding ~~72 hours~~ 28 days, exclusive of the day probable cause was established,
 72.11 the person has committed nonfelony domestic abuse, as defined in section 518B.01,
 72.12 subdivision 2. The arrest may be made even though the assault did not take place in the
 72.13 presence of the peace officer.

72.14 (b) If a peace officer has probable cause to believe that a person has committed any act
 72.15 that constitutes harassing or stalking any person in violation of section 609.749; domestic
 72.16 abuse as defined in section 518B.01, subdivision 2; violation of an order for protection as
 72.17 described in section 518B.01, subdivision 14; or violation of a domestic abuse no contact
 72.18 order as described in section 629.75 and the person was not arrested, the peace officer should
 72.19 seek a warrant from a judge for the person's arrest without undue delay. A warrant issued
 72.20 under this paragraph is not subject to the limitations described in section 629.31.

72.21 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.341, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

72.22 Subd. 4. **Report required.** (a) Whenever a peace officer investigates an allegation that
 72.23 ~~an incident described in subdivision 1 has occurred, whether or not an arrest is made, a~~
 72.24 ~~person has committed a qualified domestic violence-related offense and the victim is a~~
 72.25 ~~family or household member,~~ the officer shall make a written police report of the alleged
 72.26 incident regardless of whether an arrest is made. The report must contain at least the following
 72.27 information: the name, address and telephone number of the victim, if provided by the
 72.28 victim, a statement as to whether an arrest occurred, the name of the arrested person, and a
 72.29 brief summary of the incident. Data that identify a victim who has made a request under
 72.30 section 13.82, subdivision 17, paragraph (d), and that are private data under that subdivision,
 72.31 shall be private in the report required by this section. A copy of this report must be provided
 72.32 upon request, at no cost, to the victim of domestic abuse, the victim's attorney, or
 72.33 organizations designated by the Office of Justice Programs in the Department of Public

73.1 Safety that are providing services to victims of domestic abuse. The officer shall submit the
73.2 report to the officer's supervisor or other person to whom the employer's rules or policies
73.3 require reports of similar allegations of criminal activity to be made.

73.4 (b) As used in this subdivision:

73.5 (1) "qualified domestic violence-related offense" has the meaning given in section 609.02,
73.6 subdivision 16; and

73.7 (2) "family or household member" has the meaning given in section 518B.01, subdivision
73.8 2, paragraph (b).

73.9 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.72, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

73.10 Subd. 1a. **Detention in lieu of citation; release.** (a) Notwithstanding any other law or
73.11 rule, an arresting officer may not issue a citation in lieu of arrest and detention to an
73.12 individual charged with harassing or stalking, domestic abuse, violation of an order for
73.13 protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order.

73.14 (b) Notwithstanding any other law or rule, an individual who is arrested on a charge of
73.15 harassing or stalking any person, domestic abuse, violation of an order for protection, or
73.16 violation of a domestic abuse no contact order, must be brought to the police station or
73.17 county jail. An individual who is arrested on a charge of violation of an order for protection
73.18 or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order must be detained until the person's first
73.19 court appearance as required under sections 518B.01, subdivision 14, paragraph (e), and
73.20 629.75, subdivision 3. The officer in charge of the police station or the county sheriff in
73.21 charge of the jail shall issue a citation in lieu of continued detention for a charge of harassing
73.22 or stalking any person or for domestic abuse unless it reasonably appears to the officer or
73.23 sheriff that release of the person (1) poses a threat to the alleged victim or another family
73.24 or household member, (2) poses a threat to public safety, or (3) involves a substantial
73.25 likelihood the arrested person will fail to appear at subsequent proceedings. In determining
73.26 if the person poses a threat to the alleged victim or another family or household member,
73.27 the officer in charge of the police station or the county sheriff in charge of the jail must
73.28 consider the person's history of domestic violence, including but not limited to:

73.29 (1) any previous arrest or conviction for harassing or stalking any person, domestic
73.30 abuse, violation of an order for protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order;

73.31 (2) any order for protection, harassment restraining order, or domestic abuse no contact
73.32 order in which the person was identified as the subject of the order; and

74.1 (3) any pending petitions for an order for protection or a harassment restraining order
74.2 in which the person is a respondent.

74.3 (c) If the arrested person is not issued a citation by the officer in charge of the police
74.4 station or the county sheriff, the arrested person must be brought before the nearest available
74.5 judge of the district court in the county in which the alleged harassing or stalking, domestic
74.6 abuse, violation of an order for protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order
74.7 took place without unnecessary delay as provided by court rule.

74.8 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.72, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

74.9 Subd. 2. **Judicial review; release; bail.** (a) The judge before whom the arrested person
74.10 is brought shall review the facts surrounding the arrest and detention of a person arrested
74.11 for domestic abuse, harassing or stalking, violation of an order for protection, or violation
74.12 of a domestic abuse no contact order. The prosecutor or prosecutor's designee shall present
74.13 relevant information involving the victim's or the victim's family's account of the alleged
74.14 crime to the judge to be considered in determining the arrested person's release. If the person
74.15 was arrested for violation of an order for protection or violation of a domestic abuse no
74.16 contact order, the prosecutor or prosecutor's designee must describe the allegations in the
74.17 underlying petition or criminal case. The prosecutor or prosecutor's designee may present
74.18 information and bail recommendations in person or by filing it with the court through the
74.19 appropriate electronic filing system. In making a decision concerning pretrial release
74.20 conditions of a person arrested for domestic abuse, harassing or stalking, violation of an
74.21 order for protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order, the judge shall review
74.22 the facts of the arrest and detention of the person and the relevant information presented or
74.23 filed by the prosecutor or prosecutor's designee and determine whether: (1) release of the
74.24 person poses a threat to the alleged victim, another family or household member, or public
74.25 safety; or (2) there is a substantial likelihood the person will fail to appear at subsequent
74.26 proceedings. Before releasing a person arrested for or charged with a crime of domestic
74.27 abuse, harassing or stalking, violation of an order for protection, or violation of a domestic
74.28 abuse no contact order, the judge shall make findings on the record, to the extent possible,
74.29 concerning the determination made in accordance with the factors specified in clauses (1)
74.30 and (2). The findings should describe whether the person:

74.31 (1) was previously arrested for, or convicted of, harassing or stalking any person, domestic
74.32 abuse, violation of an order for protection, or violation of a domestic abuse no contact order;

75.1 (2) has ever been the subject of an order for protection, harassment restraining order, or
75.2 domestic abuse no contact order and, if so, the nature of the allegations or charges that gave
75.3 rise to the order; and

75.4 (3) is the respondent in any pending petition for an order for protection or harassment
75.5 restraining order and, if so, the nature of the allegations in any petition.

75.6 (b) The judge may impose conditions of release or bail, or both, on the person to protect
75.7 the alleged victim or other family or household members and to ensure the appearance of
75.8 the person at subsequent proceedings. These conditions may include an order:

75.9 (1) enjoining the person from threatening to commit or committing acts of domestic
75.10 abuse or harassing or stalking against the alleged victim or other family or household
75.11 members or from violating an order for protection or a domestic abuse no contact order;

75.12 (2) prohibiting the person from harassing, annoying, telephoning, contacting, or otherwise
75.13 communicating with the alleged victim, either directly or indirectly;

75.14 (3) directing the person to vacate or stay away from the home of the alleged victim and
75.15 to stay away from any other location where the alleged victim is likely to be;

75.16 (4) prohibiting the person from possessing a firearm or other weapon specified by the
75.17 court;

75.18 (5) prohibiting the person from possessing or consuming alcohol or controlled substances;
75.19 and

75.20 (6) specifying any other matter required to protect the safety of the alleged victim and
75.21 to ensure the appearance of the person at subsequent proceedings.

75.22 (c) If conditions of release are imposed, the judge shall issue a written order for
75.23 conditional release. The court administrator shall immediately distribute a copy of the order
75.24 for conditional release to the agency having custody of the arrested person and shall provide
75.25 the agency having custody of the arrested person with any available information on the
75.26 location of the victim in a manner that protects the victim's safety. Either the court or its
75.27 designee or the agency having custody of the arrested person shall serve upon the defendant
75.28 a copy of the order. Failure to serve the arrested person with a copy of the order for
75.29 conditional release does not invalidate the conditions of release.

75.30 (d) If the judge imposes as a condition of release a requirement that the person have no
75.31 contact with the alleged victim, the judge may also, on its own motion or that of the
75.32 prosecutor or on request of the victim, issue an ex parte temporary restraining order under
75.33 section 609.748, subdivision 4, or an ex parte temporary order for protection under section

76.1 518B.01, subdivision 7. Notwithstanding section 518B.01, subdivision 7, paragraph (b), or
 76.2 609.748, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), the temporary order is effective until the defendant
 76.3 is convicted or acquitted, or the charge is dismissed, provided that upon request the defendant
 76.4 is entitled to a full hearing on the restraining order under section 609.748, subdivision 5, or
 76.5 on the order for protection under section 518B.01. The hearing must be held within seven
 76.6 days of the defendant's request.

76.7 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.72, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

76.8 Subd. 6. **Notice; release of arrested person.** (a) Immediately after ~~issuance of a citation~~
 76.9 ~~in lieu of continued detention under subdivision 1, or~~ the entry of an order for release under
 76.10 subdivision 2, but before the arrested person is released, the agency having custody of the
 76.11 arrested person or its designee must make a reasonable and good faith effort to inform orally
 76.12 the alleged victim, local law enforcement agencies known to be involved in the case, if
 76.13 different from the agency having custody, and, at the victim's request any local battered
 76.14 women's and domestic abuse programs established under section 611A.32 or sexual assault
 76.15 programs of:

76.16 (1) the conditions of release, if any;

76.17 (2) the time of release;

76.18 (3) the time, date, and place of the next scheduled court appearance of the arrested person
 76.19 and the victim's right to be present at the court appearance; and

76.20 (4) if the arrested person is charged with domestic abuse, the location and telephone
 76.21 number of the area program that provides services to victims of domestic abuse as designated
 76.22 by the Office of Justice Programs in the Department of Public Safety.

76.23 (b) As soon as practicable after an order for conditional release is entered, the agency
 76.24 having custody of the arrested person or its designee must personally deliver or mail to the
 76.25 alleged victim a copy of the written order and written notice of the information in paragraph
 76.26 (a), clauses (2) and (3).

76.27 (c) Data on the victim and the notice provided by the custodial authority are private data
 76.28 on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, and are accessible only to the
 76.29 victim.

76.30 Sec. 9. **REPEALER.**

76.31 Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 629.72, subdivision 3, is repealed.

ARTICLE 14

REVERSE-LOCATION AND REVERSE-KEYWORD DATA

Section 1. [626A.45] REVERSE-LOCATION AND REVERSE-KEYWORD DATA.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

(b) "Government entity" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 7a.

(c) "Reverse-keyword court order" means a court order, including a search warrant or subpoena, compelling the disclosure of records or information identifying any unnamed persons, by name or other unique identifier, who electronically searched for a particular word, phrase, or website or who visited a particular website through a link generated by the search, regardless of whether or not the order is limited to a specific geographic area or time frame.

(d) "Reverse-keyword request" means a request, in the absence of a court order, by a government entity for the voluntary provision of records or information identifying any unnamed persons, by name or other unique identifier, who electronically searched for a particular word, phrase, or website or who visited a particular website through a link generated by the search, regardless of whether or not the request is limited to a specific geographic area or time frame.

(e) "Reverse-location court order" means a court order, including a search warrant or subpoena, compelling the disclosure of records or information pertaining to the location of unspecified electronic devices or the devices' unnamed users or owners, whose scope extends to an unknown number of electronic devices present in a given geographic area at a given time, whether the location is measured by global positioning system coordinates, cell tower connectivity, Wi-Fi positioning, or other forms of location detection.

(f) "Reverse-location request" means a request, in the absence of a court order, by a government entity for the voluntary provision of records or information pertaining to the location of unspecified electronic devices or the devices' unnamed users or owners, whose scope extends to an unknown number of electronic devices present in a given geographic area at a given time, whether the location is measured by global positioning system coordinates, cell tower connectivity, Wi-Fi positioning, or other forms of location detection.

(g) "Sudden emergency" means any of the following events for which the governor has declared a peacetime emergency under section 12.31:

(1) an act of nature;

78.1 (2) a technological failure or malfunction;

78.2 (3) a terrorist incident;

78.3 (4) an industrial accident; or

78.4 (5) a hazardous materials accident.

78.5 Subd. 2. **Prohibition on requests.** (a) Except in the event of a sudden emergency, no
 78.6 government entity or individual acting on behalf of the state or a local government agency
 78.7 or office shall:

78.8 (1) seek from a court a reverse-location court order or a reverse-keyword court order;

78.9 (2) seek, secure, obtain, borrow, or purchase information or data obtained through a
 78.10 reverse-location court order or a reverse-keyword court order;

78.11 (3) make a reverse-location request or a reverse-keyword request;

78.12 (4) seek, secure, obtain, borrow, or purchase information or data obtained through a
 78.13 reverse-location request or a reverse-keyword request;

78.14 (5) seek the assistance of an agency of the federal government or an agency of the
 78.15 government of another state or subdivision of that state to obtain information or data from
 78.16 a reverse-location court order, reverse-keyword court order, reverse-location request, or
 78.17 reverse-keyword request if the government entity would be barred from directly seeking
 78.18 the information under this section; or

78.19 (6) enforce, assist with the enforcement of, or otherwise honor a reverse-keyword court
 78.20 order, reverse-location court order, reverse-location request, or reverse-keyword request
 78.21 issued in another state.

78.22 (b) No court shall issue a reverse-keyword court order or reverse-location court order,
 78.23 or enforce, assist with the enforcement of, or otherwise honor a reverse-keyword court order
 78.24 or reverse-location court order issued in another state except in the event of a sudden
 78.25 emergency.

78.26 (c) The failure of a government entity or individual acting on behalf of a government
 78.27 entity to comply with a reverse-keyword court order, reverse-location court order,
 78.28 reverse-location request, or reverse-keyword request issued in or originating from Minnesota
 78.29 or any other state must not be the basis for contempt under section 588.01.

78.30 Subd. 3. **Inadmissibility.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (c), evidence obtained in
 78.31 violation of this section or derived from information obtained in violation of this section is
 78.32 inadmissible in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding.

79.1 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, evidence is derived from information obtained in
 79.2 violation of this section if the government entity would not have originally possessed the
 79.3 information but for the act prohibited under subdivision 2. Evidence derived from information
 79.4 obtained in violation of this section is inadmissible regardless of whether the information
 79.5 is attenuated from the act prohibited under subdivision 2, would inevitably have been
 79.6 discovered, or was subsequently obtained through other means.

79.7 (c) Evidence obtained in violation of this section is admissible for the purpose of proving
 79.8 that a violation occurred under this section.

79.9 Subd. 4. **Notice; civil action.** (a) A government entity that obtains a person's identifying
 79.10 information in violation of this section must notify the person in writing of the violation if
 79.11 the government entity has access to the person's contact information. The notification must
 79.12 include the legal recourse available to that person under paragraph (b).

79.13 (b) A person whose name or other identifying information was obtained by a government
 79.14 entity in violation of this section may bring a civil action against the government entity and
 79.15 the court may award the following relief:

79.16 (1) \$1,000 per violation or actual damages, whichever is greater;

79.17 (2) punitive damages consistent with section 549.191;

79.18 (3) injunctive or declaratory relief;

79.19 (4) reasonable attorney fees and costs to a prevailing plaintiff; and

79.20 (5) any other relief the court deems necessary.

79.21 (c) An action filed pursuant to this section may be commenced (1) in the county in which
 79.22 the individual alleging damage or seeking relief resides, or (2) in the county wherein the
 79.23 political subdivision exists or, in the case of the state, any county.

79.24 **ARTICLE 15**

79.25 **CROSSOVER GRANT TIME EXTENSION**

79.26 Section 1. Laws 2023, chapter 52, article 2, section 3, subdivision 8, as amended by Laws
 79.27 2023, chapter 69, section 12, Laws 2024, chapter 123, article 1, section 11, Laws 2024,
 79.28 chapter 123, article 9, section 3, and Laws 2025, chapter 35, article 2, section 24, is amended
 79.29 to read:

79.30	Subd. 8. Office of Justice Programs	94,758,000	80,434,000
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80.1	Appropriations by Fund		
80.2	General	94,662,000	80,338,000
80.3	State Government		
80.4	Special Revenue	96,000	96,000

80.5 **(a) Domestic and Sexual Violence Housing**

80.6 \$1,500,000 each year is to establish a
 80.7 Domestic Violence Housing First grant
 80.8 program to provide resources for survivors of
 80.9 violence to access safe and stable housing and
 80.10 for staff to provide mobile advocacy and
 80.11 expertise in housing resources in their
 80.12 community and a Minnesota Domestic and
 80.13 Sexual Violence Transitional Housing
 80.14 program to develop and support medium to
 80.15 long term transitional housing for survivors
 80.16 of domestic and sexual violence with
 80.17 supportive services. The base for this
 80.18 appropriation is \$1,000,000 beginning in fiscal
 80.19 year 2026.

80.20 **(b) Federal Victims of Crime Funding Gap**

80.21 \$11,000,000 each year is to fund services for
 80.22 victims of domestic violence, sexual assault,
 80.23 child abuse, and other crimes. This is a
 80.24 onetime appropriation.

80.25 **(c) Office for Missing and Murdered Black
 80.26 Women and Girls**

80.27 \$1,248,000 each year is to establish and
 80.28 maintain the Minnesota Office for Missing
 80.29 and Murdered Black Women and Girls.

80.30 **(d) Increased Staffing**

80.31 \$667,000 the first year and \$1,334,000 the
 80.32 second year are to increase staffing in the
 80.33 Office of Justice Programs for grant
 80.34 monitoring and compliance; provide training

81.1 and technical assistance to grantees and
81.2 potential grantees; conduct community
81.3 outreach and engagement to improve the
81.4 experiences and outcomes of applicants, grant
81.5 recipients, and crime victims throughout
81.6 Minnesota; expand the Minnesota Statistical
81.7 Analysis Center; and increase staffing for the
81.8 crime victim reimbursement program and the
81.9 Crime Victim Justice Unit.

81.10 **(e) Office of Restorative Practices**

81.11 \$500,000 each year is to establish and
81.12 maintain the Office of Restorative Practices.

81.13 **(f) Crossover and Dual-Status Youth Model**
81.14 **Grants**

81.15 \$1,000,000 each year is to provide grants to
81.16 local units of government to initiate or expand
81.17 crossover youth practices model and
81.18 dual-status youth programs that provide
81.19 services for youth who are involved with or
81.20 at risk of becoming involved with both the
81.21 child welfare and juvenile justice systems, in
81.22 accordance with the Robert F. Kennedy
81.23 National Resource Center for Juvenile Justice
81.24 model. This is a onetime appropriation. This
81.25 appropriation is available until December 15,
81.26 2026.

81.27 **(g) Restorative Practices Initiatives Grants**

81.28 \$4,000,000 each year is for grants to establish
81.29 and support restorative practices initiatives
81.30 pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section
81.31 299A.95, subdivision 6, and for a restitution
81.32 grant program under Minnesota Statutes,
81.33 section 299A.955. This appropriation is
81.34 available until June 30, 2026. The base for this

82.1 appropriation is \$2,500,000 beginning in fiscal
82.2 year 2026.

82.3 **(h) Ramsey County Youth Treatment**

82.4 **Homes Acquisition and Betterment**

82.5 \$5,000,000 the first year is for a grant to
82.6 Ramsey County to establish, with input from
82.7 community stakeholders, including impacted
82.8 youth and families, up to seven intensive
82.9 trauma-informed therapeutic treatment homes
82.10 in Ramsey County that are licensed by the
82.11 Department of Human Services, that are
82.12 culturally specific, that are community-based,
82.13 and that can be secured. These residential
82.14 spaces must provide intensive treatment and
82.15 intentional healing for youth as ordered by the
82.16 court as part of the disposition of a case in
82.17 juvenile court. This appropriation is available
82.18 through June 30, 2027.

82.19 **(i) Ramsey County Violence Prevention**

82.20 \$5,000,000 the first year is for a grant to
82.21 Ramsey County to award grants to develop
82.22 new and further enhance existing
82.23 community-based organizational support
82.24 through violence prevention and community
82.25 wellness grants. Grantees must use the money
82.26 to create family support groups and resources
82.27 to support families during the time a young
82.28 person is placed out of home following a
82.29 juvenile delinquency adjudication and support
82.30 the family through the period of postplacement
82.31 reentry; create community-based respite
82.32 options for conflict or crisis de-escalation to
82.33 prevent incarceration or further systems
82.34 involvement for families; or establish
82.35 additional meaningful employment

83.1 opportunities for systems-involved youth. This
83.2 appropriation is available through June 30,
83.3 2027.

83.4 **(j) Office for Missing and Murdered**

83.5 **Indigenous Relatives**

83.6 \$274,000 each year is for increased staff and
83.7 operating costs of the Office for Missing and
83.8 Murdered Indigenous Relatives, the Missing
83.9 and Murdered Indigenous Relatives Advisory
83.10 Board, and the Gaagige-Mikwendaagoziwag
83.11 reward advisory group.

83.12 **(k) Youth Intervention Programs**

83.13 \$3,525,000 the first year and \$3,526,000 the
83.14 second year are for youth intervention
83.15 programs under Minnesota Statutes, section
83.16 299A.73. The base for this appropriation is
83.17 \$3,526,000 in fiscal year 2026 and \$3,525,000
83.18 in fiscal year 2027.

83.19 **(l) Community Crime Intervention and**

83.20 **Prevention Grants**

83.21 \$750,000 each year is for community crime
83.22 intervention and prevention program grants,
83.23 authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section
83.24 299A.296. This is a onetime appropriation.

83.25 **(m) Resources for Victims of Crime**

83.26 \$1,000,000 each year is for general crime
83.27 victim grants to meet the needs of victims of
83.28 crime not covered by domestic violence,
83.29 sexual assault, or child abuse services. This is
83.30 a onetime appropriation.

83.31 **(n) Prosecutor Training**

83.32 \$100,000 each year is for a grant to the
83.33 Minnesota County Attorneys Association to

84.1 be used for prosecutorial and law enforcement
84.2 training, including trial school training and
84.3 train-the-trainer courses. All training funded
84.4 with grant proceeds must contain blocks of
84.5 instruction on racial disparities in the criminal
84.6 justice system, collateral consequences to
84.7 criminal convictions, and trauma-informed
84.8 responses to victims. This is a onetime
84.9 appropriation.

84.10 The Minnesota County Attorneys Association
84.11 must report to the chairs and ranking minority
84.12 members of the legislative committees with
84.13 jurisdiction over public safety policy and
84.14 finance on the training provided with grant
84.15 proceeds, including a description of each
84.16 training and the number of prosecutors and
84.17 law enforcement officers who received
84.18 training. The report is due by February 15,
84.19 2025. The report may include trainings
84.20 scheduled to be completed after the date of
84.21 submission with an estimate of expected
84.22 participants.

84.23 **(o) Minnesota Heals**

84.24 \$500,000 each year is for the Minnesota Heals
84.25 grant program. This is a onetime
84.26 appropriation.

84.27 **(p) Sexual Assault Exam Costs**

84.28 \$3,967,000 the first year and \$3,767,000 the
84.29 second year are to reimburse qualified health
84.30 care providers for the expenses associated with
84.31 medical examinations administered to victims
84.32 of criminal sexual conduct as required under
84.33 Minnesota Statutes, section 609.35, and for
84.34 costs to administer the program. The base for

85.1 this appropriation is \$3,771,000 in fiscal year
85.2 2026 and \$3,776,000 in fiscal year 2027.

85.3 **(q) First Responder Mental Health**

85.4 **Curriculum**

85.5 \$75,000 each year is for a grant to the Adler
85.6 graduate school. The grantee must use the
85.7 grant to develop a curriculum for a 24-week
85.8 certificate to train licensed therapists to
85.9 understand the nuances, culture, and stressors
85.10 of the work environments of first responders
85.11 to allow those therapists to provide effective
85.12 treatment to first responders in distress. The
85.13 grantee must collaborate with first responders
85.14 who are familiar with the psychological,
85.15 cultural, and professional issues of their field
85.16 to develop the curriculum and promote it upon
85.17 completion.

85.18 The grantee may provide the program online.

85.19 The grantee must seek to recruit additional
85.20 participants from outside the 11-county
85.21 metropolitan area.

85.22 The grantee must create a resource directory
85.23 to provide law enforcement agencies with
85.24 names of counselors who complete the
85.25 program and other resources to support law
85.26 enforcement professionals with overall
85.27 wellness. The grantee shall collaborate with
85.28 the Department of Public Safety and law
85.29 enforcement organizations to promote the
85.30 directory. This is a onetime appropriation.

85.31 **(r) Pathways to Policing**

85.32 \$400,000 each year is for reimbursement
85.33 grants to state and local law enforcement
85.34 agencies that operate pathway to policing

86.1 programs. Applicants for reimbursement
86.2 grants may receive up to 50 percent of the cost
86.3 of compensating and training program
86.4 participants. Reimbursement grants shall be
86.5 proportionally allocated based on the number
86.6 of grant applications approved by the
86.7 commissioner. This is a onetime appropriation.

86.8 **(s) Direct Assistance to Crime Victim**

86.9 **Survivors**

86.10 \$5,000,000 each year is to provide grants for
86.11 direct services and advocacy for victims of
86.12 sexual assault, general crime, domestic
86.13 violence, and child abuse. Funding must
86.14 support the direct needs of organizations
86.15 serving victims of crime by providing: direct
86.16 client assistance to crime victims; competitive
86.17 wages for direct service staff; hotel stays and
86.18 other housing-related supports and services;
86.19 culturally responsive programming; prevention
86.20 programming, including domestic abuse
86.21 transformation and restorative justice
86.22 programming; and for other needs of
86.23 organizations and crime victim survivors.
86.24 Services funded must include services for
86.25 victims of crime in underserved communities
86.26 most impacted by violence and reflect the
86.27 ethnic, racial, economic, cultural, and
86.28 geographic diversity of the state. The office
86.29 shall prioritize culturally specific programs,
86.30 or organizations led and staffed by persons of
86.31 color that primarily serve communities of
86.32 color, when allocating funds.

86.33 **(t) Racially Diverse Youth**

86.34 \$250,000 each year is for grants to
86.35 organizations to address racial disparity of

87.1 youth using shelter services in the Rochester
87.2 and St. Cloud regional areas. Of this amount,
87.3 \$125,000 each year is to address this issue in
87.4 the Rochester area and \$125,000 each year is
87.5 to address this issue in the St. Cloud area. A
87.6 grant recipient shall establish and operate a
87.7 pilot program connected to shelter services to
87.8 engage in community intervention outreach,
87.9 mobile case management, family reunification,
87.10 aftercare, and follow up when family members
87.11 are released from shelter services. A pilot
87.12 program must specifically address the high
87.13 number of racially diverse youth that enter
87.14 shelters in the regions. This is a onetime
87.15 appropriation.

87.16 **(u) Violence Prevention Project Research**
87.17 **Center**

87.18 \$500,000 each year is for a grant to the
87.19 Violence Prevention Project Research Center,
87.20 operating as a 501(c)(3) organization, for
87.21 research focused on reducing violence in
87.22 society that uses data and analysis to improve
87.23 criminal justice-related policy and practice in
87.24 Minnesota. Research must place an emphasis
87.25 on issues related to deaths and injuries
87.26 involving firearms. This is a onetime
87.27 appropriation.

87.28 Beginning January 15, 2025, the Violence
87.29 Prevention Project Research Center must
87.30 submit an annual report to the chairs and
87.31 ranking minority members of the legislative
87.32 committees with jurisdiction over public safety
87.33 policy and finance on its work and findings.
87.34 The report must include a description of the
87.35 data reviewed, an analysis of that data, and

88.1 recommendations to improve criminal
88.2 justice-related policy and practice in
88.3 Minnesota with specific recommendations to
88.4 address deaths and injuries involving firearms.

88.5 **(v) Report on Approaches to Address Illicit**
88.6 **Drug Use in Minnesota**

88.7 \$118,000 each year is to enter into an
88.8 agreement with Rise Research LLC for a study
88.9 and set of reports on illicit drug use in
88.10 Minnesota describing current responses to that
88.11 use, reviewing alternative approaches utilized
88.12 in other jurisdictions, and making policy and
88.13 funding recommendations for a holistic and
88.14 effective response to illicit drug use and the
88.15 illicit drug trade. The agreement must establish
88.16 a budget and schedule with clear deliverables.
88.17 This appropriation is onetime.

88.18 The study must include a review of current
88.19 policies, practices, and funding; identification
88.20 of alternative approaches utilized effectively
88.21 in other jurisdictions; and policy and funding
88.22 recommendations for a response to illicit drug
88.23 use and the illicit drug trade that reduces and,
88.24 where possible, prevents harm and expands
88.25 individual and community health, safety, and
88.26 autonomy. Recommendations must consider
88.27 impacts on public safety, racial equity,
88.28 accessibility of health and ancillary supportive
88.29 social services, and the intersections between
88.30 drug policy and mental health, housing and
88.31 homelessness, overdose and infectious disease,
88.32 child welfare, and employment.

88.33 Rise Research may subcontract and coordinate
88.34 with other organizations or individuals to

89.1 conduct research, provide analysis, and
89.2 prepare the reports required by this section.
89.3 Rise Research shall submit reports to the
89.4 chairs and ranking minority members of the
89.5 legislative committees with jurisdiction over
89.6 public safety finance and policy, human
89.7 services finance and policy, health finance and
89.8 policy, and judiciary finance and policy. Rise
89.9 Research shall submit an initial report by
89.10 February 15, 2024, and a final report by March
89.11 1, 2025.

89.12 **(w) Legal Representation for Children**

89.13 \$150,000 each year is for a grant to an
89.14 organization that provides legal representation
89.15 for children in need of protection or services
89.16 and children in out-of-home placement. The
89.17 grant is contingent upon a match in an equal
89.18 amount from nonstate funds. The match may
89.19 be in kind, including the value of volunteer
89.20 attorney time, in cash, or a combination of the
89.21 two. These appropriations are in addition to
89.22 any other appropriations for the legal
89.23 representation of children. This appropriation
89.24 is onetime.

89.25 **(x) Pretrial Release Study and Report**

89.26 \$250,000 each year are for a grant to the
89.27 Minnesota Justice Research Center to study
89.28 and report on pretrial release practices in
89.29 Minnesota and other jurisdictions, including
89.30 but not limited to the use of bail as a condition
89.31 of pretrial release. This appropriation is
89.32 onetime.

89.33 **(y) Intensive Comprehensive Peace Officer**
89.34 **Education and Training Program**

90.1 \$5,000,000 the first year is to implement the
90.2 intensive comprehensive peace officer
90.3 education and training program described in
90.4 Minnesota Statutes, section 626.8516. This
90.5 appropriation is available through June 30,
90.6 2027.

90.7 **(z) Youth Services Office**

90.8 \$250,000 each year is to operate the Youth
90.9 Services Office.

90.10

ARTICLE 16

90.11 **DOMESTIC ABUSE VICTIMS; RELEASE FROM SHARED WIRELESS PLANS**

90.12 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 518B.01, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

90.13 Subd. 6. **Relief by court.** (a) Upon notice and hearing, the court may provide relief as
90.14 follows:

90.15 (1) restrain the abusing party from committing acts of domestic abuse;

90.16 (2) exclude the abusing party from the dwelling which the parties share or from the
90.17 residence of the petitioner;

90.18 (3) exclude the abusing party from a reasonable area surrounding the dwelling or
90.19 residence, which area shall be described specifically in the order;

90.20 (4) award temporary custody or establish temporary parenting time with regard to minor
90.21 children of the parties on a basis which gives primary consideration to the safety of the
90.22 victim and the children. In addition to the primary safety considerations, the court may
90.23 consider particular best interest factors that are found to be relevant to the temporary custody
90.24 and parenting time award. Findings under section 257.025, 518.17, or 518.175 are not
90.25 required with respect to the particular best interest factors not considered by the court. If
90.26 the court finds that the safety of the victim or the children will be jeopardized by unsupervised
90.27 or unrestricted parenting time, the court shall condition or restrict parenting time as to time,
90.28 place, duration, or supervision, or deny parenting time entirely, as needed to guard the safety
90.29 of the victim and the children. The court's decision on custody and parenting time shall in
90.30 no way delay the issuance of an order for protection granting other relief provided for in
90.31 this section. The court must not enter a parenting plan under section 518.1705 as part of an
90.32 action for an order for protection;

91.1 (5) on the same basis as is provided in chapter 518 or 518A, establish temporary support
91.2 for minor children or a spouse, and order the withholding of support from the income of
91.3 the person obligated to pay the support according to chapter 518A;

91.4 (6) provide upon request of the petitioner counseling or other social services for the
91.5 parties, if married, or if there are minor children;

91.6 (7) order the abusing party to participate in treatment or counseling services, including
91.7 requiring the abusing party to successfully complete a domestic abuse counseling program
91.8 or educational program under section 518B.02;

91.9 (8) award temporary use and possession of property and restrain one or both parties from
91.10 transferring, encumbering, concealing, or disposing of property except in the usual course
91.11 of business or for the necessities of life, and to account to the court for all such transfers,
91.12 encumbrances, dispositions, and expenditures made after the order is served or communicated
91.13 to the party restrained in open court;

91.14 (9) exclude the abusing party from the place of employment of the petitioner, or otherwise
91.15 limit access to the petitioner by the abusing party at the petitioner's place of employment;

91.16 (10) order the abusing party to have no contact with the petitioner whether in person,
91.17 by telephone, mail, or electronic mail or messaging, through a third party, or by any other
91.18 means;

91.19 (11) order the abusing party to pay restitution to the petitioner;

91.20 (12) order the continuance of all currently available insurance coverage without change
91.21 in coverage or beneficiary designation;

91.22 (13) order, in its discretion, other relief as it deems necessary for the protection of a
91.23 family or household member, including orders or directives to the sheriff or other law
91.24 enforcement or corrections officer as provided by this section;

91.25 (14) direct the care, possession, or control of a pet or companion animal owned,
91.26 possessed, or kept by the petitioner or respondent or a child of the petitioner or respondent;
91.27 ~~and~~

91.28 (15) direct the respondent to refrain from physically abusing or injuring any pet or
91.29 companion animal, without legal justification, known to be owned, possessed, kept, or held
91.30 by either party or a minor child residing in the residence or household of either party as an
91.31 indirect means of intentionally threatening the safety of such person; and

91.32 (16) if requested by the petitioner, issue a separate order under section 518B.03.

92.1 (b) Any relief granted by the order for protection shall be for a period not to exceed two
92.2 years, except when the court determines a longer period is appropriate. When a referee
92.3 presides at the hearing on the petition, the order granting relief becomes effective upon the
92.4 referee's signature.

92.5 (c) An order granting the relief authorized in paragraph (a), clause (1), may not be vacated
92.6 or modified in a proceeding for dissolution of marriage or legal separation, except that the
92.7 court may hear a motion for modification of an order for protection concurrently with a
92.8 proceeding for dissolution of marriage upon notice of motion and motion. The notice required
92.9 by court rule shall not be waived. If the proceedings are consolidated and the motion to
92.10 modify is granted, a separate order for modification of an order for protection shall be issued.

92.11 (d) An order granting the relief authorized in paragraph (a), clause (2) or (3), is not
92.12 voided by the admittance of the abusing party into the dwelling from which the abusing
92.13 party is excluded.

92.14 (e) If a proceeding for dissolution of marriage or legal separation is pending between
92.15 the parties, the court shall provide a copy of the order for protection to the court with
92.16 jurisdiction over the dissolution or separation proceeding for inclusion in its file.

92.17 (f) An order for restitution issued under this subdivision is enforceable as civil judgment.

92.18 (g) An order granting relief shall prohibit the abusing party from possessing firearms
92.19 for the length the order is in effect if the order (1) restrains the abusing party from harassing,
92.20 stalking, or threatening the petitioner or restrains the abusing party from engaging in other
92.21 conduct that would place the petitioner in reasonable fear of bodily injury, and (2) includes
92.22 a finding that the abusing party represents a credible threat to the physical safety of the
92.23 petitioner or prohibits the abusing party from using, attempting to use, or threatening to use
92.24 physical force against the petitioner. The order shall inform the abusing party of that party's
92.25 prohibited status. Except as provided in paragraph (i), the court shall order the abusing party
92.26 to transfer any firearms that the person possesses, within three business days, to a federally
92.27 licensed firearms dealer, a law enforcement agency, or a third party who may lawfully
92.28 receive them. The transfer may be permanent or temporary. A temporary firearm transfer
92.29 only entitles the receiving party to possess the firearm. A temporary transfer does not transfer
92.30 ownership or title. An abusing party may not transfer firearms to a third party who resides
92.31 with the abusing party. If an abusing party makes a temporary transfer, a federally licensed
92.32 firearms dealer or law enforcement agency may charge the abusing party a reasonable fee
92.33 to store the person's firearms and may establish policies for disposal of abandoned firearms,
92.34 provided such policies require that the person be notified via certified mail prior to disposal

93.1 of abandoned firearms. For temporary firearms transfers under this paragraph, a law
93.2 enforcement agency, federally licensed firearms dealer, or third party shall exercise due
93.3 care to preserve the quality and function of the transferred firearms and shall return the
93.4 transferred firearms to the person upon request after the expiration of the prohibiting time
93.5 period, provided the person is not otherwise prohibited from possessing firearms under state
93.6 or federal law. The return of temporarily transferred firearms to an abusing party shall
93.7 comply with state and federal law. If an abusing party permanently transfers the abusing
93.8 party's firearms to a law enforcement agency, the agency is not required to compensate the
93.9 abusing party and may charge the abusing party a reasonable processing fee. A law
93.10 enforcement agency is not required to accept an abusing party's firearm under this paragraph.

93.11 (h) An abusing party who is ordered to transfer firearms under paragraph (g) must file
93.12 proof of transfer as provided for in this paragraph. If the transfer is made to a third party,
93.13 the third party must sign an affidavit under oath before a notary public either acknowledging
93.14 that the abusing party permanently transferred the abusing party's firearms to the third party
93.15 or agreeing to temporarily store the abusing party's firearms until such time as the abusing
93.16 party is legally permitted to possess firearms. The affidavit shall indicate the serial number,
93.17 make, and model of all firearms transferred by the abusing party to the third party. The third
93.18 party shall acknowledge in the affidavit that the third party may be held criminally and
93.19 civilly responsible under section 624.7144 if the abusing party gains access to a transferred
93.20 firearm while the firearm is in the custody of the third party. If the transfer is to a law
93.21 enforcement agency or federally licensed firearms dealer, the law enforcement agency or
93.22 federally licensed firearms dealer shall provide proof of transfer to the abusing party. The
93.23 proof of transfer must specify whether the firearms were permanently or temporarily
93.24 transferred and include the name of the abusing party, date of transfer, and the serial number,
93.25 make, and model of all transferred firearms. The abusing party shall provide the court with
93.26 a signed and notarized affidavit or proof of transfer as described in this section within two
93.27 business days of the firearms transfer. The court shall seal affidavits and proofs of transfer
93.28 filed pursuant to this paragraph.

93.29 (i) When a court issues an order containing a firearms restriction provided for in paragraph
93.30 (g), the court shall determine by a preponderance of evidence if an abusing party poses an
93.31 imminent risk of causing another person substantial bodily harm. Upon a finding of imminent
93.32 risk, the court shall order that the local law enforcement agency take immediate possession
93.33 of all firearms in the abusing party's possession. The local law enforcement agency shall
93.34 exercise due care to preserve the quality and function of the abusing party's firearms and
93.35 shall return the firearms to the person upon request after the expiration of the prohibiting

94.1 time period, provided the person is not otherwise prohibited from possessing firearms under
 94.2 state or federal law. The local law enforcement agency shall, upon written notice from the
 94.3 abusing party, transfer the firearms to a federally licensed firearms dealer or a third party
 94.4 who may lawfully receive them. Before a local law enforcement agency transfers a firearm
 94.5 under this paragraph, the agency shall require the third party or federally licensed firearms
 94.6 dealer receiving the firearm to submit an affidavit or proof of transfer that complies with
 94.7 the requirements for affidavits or proofs of transfer established in paragraph (h). The agency
 94.8 shall file all affidavits or proofs of transfer received with the court within two business days
 94.9 of the transfer. The court shall seal all affidavits or proofs of transfer filed pursuant to this
 94.10 paragraph. A federally licensed firearms dealer or third party who accepts a firearm transfer
 94.11 pursuant to this paragraph shall comply with paragraphs (g) and (h) as if accepting transfer
 94.12 from the abusing party. If the law enforcement agency does not receive written notice from
 94.13 the abusing party within three business days, the agency may charge a reasonable fee to
 94.14 store the abusing party's firearms. A law enforcement agency may establish policies for
 94.15 disposal of abandoned firearms, provided such policies require that the abusing party be
 94.16 notified via certified mail prior to disposal of abandoned firearms.

94.17 **Sec. 2. [518B.03] TRANSFER OR RELEASE OF DOMESTIC ABUSE VICTIMS**
 94.18 **FROM SHARED WIRELESS PLANS.**

94.19 Subdivision 1. **Application.** The remedy in this section applies if the respondent and
 94.20 petitioner or a protected party subject to an order for protection under section 518B.01 share
 94.21 a wireless plan and the respondent is the account holder.

94.22 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section the following terms have the
 94.23 meanings given.

94.24 (b) "Wireless telecommunications service" has the same meaning as "commercial mobile
 94.25 radio service" as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 47, section 20.3.

94.26 (c) "Wireless telecommunications service provider" means a provider of wireless
 94.27 telecommunications service.

94.28 Subd. 3. **Court order; account transfer or release.** (a) If the petitioner is the protected
 94.29 party named in an order for protection granted under this chapter, a court may issue an order
 94.30 requiring a wireless telecommunications service provider, without charge, penalty, or fee,
 94.31 to:

94.32 (1) transfer the billing authority and all rights to the wireless telephone number or
 94.33 numbers of a shared wireless plan to the petitioner; or

95.1 (2) remove or release the petitioner from a shared wireless plan and assign a substitute
 95.2 telephone number or numbers.

95.3 (b) If the petitioner is not the protected party named in an order for protection granted
 95.4 under this chapter, a court may issue an order requiring a wireless telecommunications
 95.5 service provider, without charge, penalty, or fee, to:

95.6 (1) transfer the billing authority and rights to the wireless telephone number or numbers
 95.7 of a shared wireless plan:

95.8 (i) if the protected party is a minor, to a parent or legal guardian of the minor other than
 95.9 the respondent; or

95.10 (ii) if the protected party is not a minor, to another person who shall serve as the account
 95.11 holder with the protected party's approval; or

95.12 (2) remove or release the protected party from a shared wireless plan and assign a
 95.13 substitute telephone number or numbers and:

95.14 (i) if the protected party is a minor, order the parent or legal guardian of the minor, other
 95.15 than the respondent, to be the account holder for the substitute telephone number or numbers;
 95.16 or

95.17 (ii) if the protected party is not a minor, order another person, with the protected party's
 95.18 approval, to be the account holder for the substitute telephone number or numbers.

95.19 (c) At a protected party's request, the court may order a wireless telecommunications
 95.20 service provider to transfer without charge, penalty, or fee any and all devices associated
 95.21 with the petitioner or protected party's phone number to a substitute telephone number or
 95.22 numbers.

95.23 Subd. 4. **Separate order; content.** (a) The order issued pursuant to subdivision 3 must
 95.24 be a separate order from one issued under section 518B.01 that is directed to the wireless
 95.25 telecommunications service provider, but may be addressed in the same proceeding for an
 95.26 order under section 518B.01 or in a separate proceeding after an order under section 518B.01
 95.27 is issued.

95.28 (b) The order shall list the name and billing telephone number of the account holder,
 95.29 the name of the person to whom the telephone number or numbers are to be transferred,
 95.30 and each telephone number to be transferred.

95.31 Subd. 5. **Filing fee.** The filing fees for an order under this section are waived.

96.1 Subd. 6. **Hearing.** A hearing for an order under this section is not required unless the
96.2 court declines to issue the requested relief or the petitioner requests a hearing. A hearing
96.3 may be held concurrently with a hearing under section 518B.01 upon the petitioner's request
96.4 and if the court deems it appropriate.

96.5 Subd. 7. **Deadline to transfer.** Upon receipt of an order issued under this section, a
96.6 wireless telecommunications service provider must abide by the terms of the order by the
96.7 end of the following billing cycle.

96.8 Subd. 8. **Confidentiality.** A wireless telecommunications service provider must treat
96.9 an order and any supporting information received under this section as confidential and
96.10 must not disclose the order or the information, except to the extent necessary to comply
96.11 with the order.

96.12 Subd. 9. **Unpaid balance.** (a) A person who is the account holder before an order is
96.13 issued under this section remains liable for an unpaid balance incurred before an account
96.14 is transferred pursuant to an order issued under this section.

96.15 (b) A wireless telecommunications service provider must provide the petitioner or
96.16 protected party with a partitioned telephone line and additional time to pay off the outstanding
96.17 balance.

96.18 Subd. 10. **Immunity.** A cause of action shall not lie against a wireless telecommunications
96.19 service provider or its officers, employees, or agents for the actions taken that are related
96.20 to the transfer of the billing authority and rights to the wireless telephone number or numbers
96.21 in accordance with the terms of a court order issued pursuant to this section.

96.22 **ARTICLE 17**

96.23 **HARASSMENT RESTRAINING ORDERS**

96.24 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.748, is amended by adding a subdivision
96.25 to read:

96.26 Subd. 5d. **Notice to petitioner.** Upon a petitioner's request, before a sheriff, law
96.27 enforcement officer, or other peace officer serves a respondent with a temporary restraining
96.28 order or restraining order issued under this section, the sheriff or officer must make
96.29 reasonable efforts to notify the petitioner at least 24 hours before service that the respondent
96.30 will be served with the order. For purposes of this subdivision, reasonable efforts include
96.31 but are not limited to texting, calling, or emailing the petitioner if the petitioner's contact
96.32 information is available to the sheriff, law enforcement officer, or peace officer.

97.1 **ARTICLE 18**

97.2 **IDENTITY THEFT; FINANCIAL CRIMES**

97.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 299C.061, subdivision 3, is
97.4 amended to read:

97.5 Subd. 3. **Duties.** (a) The Financial Crimes and Fraud Section shall:

97.6 (1) review notices and reports of insurance fraud and related crimes submitted by
97.7 authorized insurers, their employees, and agents or producers pursuant to sections 60A.951
97.8 to 60A.956;

97.9 (2) initiate inquiries and conduct investigations when the Section has reason to believe
97.10 that any of the following offenses have been or are being committed:

97.11 (i) fraud involving state-funded or administered programs or services in subdivision 1,
97.12 paragraph (b);

97.13 (ii) insurance fraud and related crimes, as defined in sections 60A.951, subdivision 4,
97.14 and 609.611, and support of those activities;

97.15 (iii) wage theft and related crimes; and

97.16 (iv) any other financial crimes; and

97.17 (3) operate the automobile theft prevention program under section 65B.84.

97.18 (b) For the purpose of investigating financial crimes and fraud, including but not limited
97.19 to fraud involving state funded or administered programs or services as defined in subdivision
97.20 1, paragraph (b), and insurance fraud as defined in section 609.611, the superintendent of
97.21 the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension may subpoena books, papers, correspondence,
97.22 memoranda, agreements, or other documents or records that the superintendent considers
97.23 relevant or material to the investigation. A subpoena issued under this subdivision must
97.24 state that the person to whom the subpoena is directed must not disclose that the subpoena
97.25 was issued or that the requested records have been given to law enforcement personnel
97.26 except:

97.27 (1) insofar as the disclosure is necessary to find and disclose the records; or

97.28 (2) pursuant to a court order.

97.29 (c) The commissioner must report crimes related to insurance fraud disclosed by the
97.30 Department of Commerce's investigations of civil insurance fraud to the Bureau of Criminal
97.31 Apprehension.

98.1 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.527, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

98.2 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the
98.3 meanings given them in this subdivision.

98.4 (b) "Direct victim" means any person or entity described in section 611A.01, paragraph
98.5 (b), whose identity has been transferred, used, or possessed in violation of this section.

98.6 (c) "False pretense" means any false, fictitious, misleading, or fraudulent information
98.7 or pretense or pretext depicting or including or deceptively similar to the name, logo, website
98.8 address, email address, postal address, telephone number, or any other identifying information
98.9 of a for-profit or not-for-profit business or organization or of a government agency, to which
98.10 the user has no legitimate claim of right.

98.11 (d) "Financial institution" has the meaning given in section 13A.01, subdivision 2.

98.12 (e) "Identity" means any name, voice or likeness, number, or data transmission that may
98.13 be used, alone or in conjunction with any other information, to identify a specific individual
98.14 or entity, including any of the following:

98.15 (1) a name, Social Security number, date of birth, official government-issued driver's
98.16 license or identification number, government passport number, or employer or taxpayer
98.17 identification number;

98.18 (2) forged digital likeness, meaning a visual representation of an actual and identifiable
98.19 individual, or an audio recording of an actual identifiable individual's voice that:

98.20 (i) has been digitally created, adapted, altered, or modified in an attempt to be
98.21 indistinguishable from a genuine visual representation or audio recording of the individual;

98.22 (ii) misrepresents the appearance, speech, or conduct of the individual; and

98.23 (iii) is likely to deceive a reasonable person into believing that the visual representation
98.24 or audio recording is genuine.

98.25 ~~(2)~~ (3) unique electronic identification number, address, account number, or routing
98.26 code; or

98.27 ~~(3)~~ (4) telecommunication identification information or access device.

98.28 (f) "Indirect victim" means any person or entity described in section 611A.01, paragraph
98.29 (b), other than a direct victim.

98.30 (g) "Loss" means value obtained, as defined in section 609.52, subdivision 1, clause (3),
98.31 and expenses incurred by a direct or indirect victim as a result of a violation of this section.

99.1 (h) "Unlawful activity" means:

99.2 (1) any felony violation of the laws of this state or any felony violation of a similar law
99.3 of another state or the United States; and

99.4 (2) any nonfelony violation of the laws of this state involving theft, theft by swindle,
99.5 forgery, fraud, or giving false information to a public official, or any nonfelony violation
99.6 of a similar law of another state or the United States.

99.7 (i) "Scanning device" means a scanner, reader, or any other electronic device that is used
99.8 to access, read, scan, obtain, memorize, or store, temporarily or permanently, information
99.9 encoded on a computer chip or magnetic strip or stripe of a payment card, driver's license,
99.10 or state-issued identification card.

99.11 (j) "Reencoder" means an electronic device that places encoded information from the
99.12 computer chip or magnetic strip or stripe of a payment card, driver's license, or state-issued
99.13 identification card, onto the computer chip or magnetic strip or stripe of a different payment
99.14 card, driver's license, or state-issued identification card, or any electronic medium that
99.15 allows an authorized transaction to occur.

99.16 (k) "Payment card" means a credit card, charge card, debit card, or any other card that:

99.17 (1) is issued to an authorized card user; and

99.18 (2) allows the user to obtain, purchase, or receive credit, money, a good, a service, or
99.19 anything of value.

99.20 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 628.26, is amended to read:

99.21 **628.26 LIMITATIONS.**

99.22 (a) Indictments or complaints for any crime resulting in the death of the victim may be
99.23 found or made at any time after the death of the person killed.

99.24 (b) Indictments or complaints for a violation of section 609.25 may be found or made
99.25 at any time after the commission of the offense.

99.26 (c) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.282 may be found or made at
99.27 any time after the commission of the offense if the victim was under the age of 18 at the
99.28 time of the offense.

99.29 (d) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.282 where the victim was 18
99.30 years of age or older at the time of the offense, or 609.42, subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2),

100.1 shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within six years after the commission
100.2 of the offense.

100.3 (e) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.322, 609.342 to 609.345, and
100.4 609.3458 may be found or made at any time after the commission of the offense.

100.5 (f) Indictments or complaints for a violation of section 609.561 shall be found or made
100.6 and filed in the proper court within ten years after the commission of the offense.

100.7 (g) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.466 and 609.52, subdivision
100.8 2, paragraph (a), clause (3), item (iii), shall be found or made and filed in the proper court
100.9 within ~~six~~ ten years after the commission of the offense.

100.10 (h) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph
100.11 (a), clause (3) or (4), where the property consists of public funds belonging to the state or
100.12 to any political subdivision or agency shall be found or made and filed in the proper court
100.13 within ten years after the commission of the offense.

100.14 ~~(h)~~ (i) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.2335, 609.52, subdivision
100.15 2, paragraph (a), clause (3), items (i) and (ii), (4), (15), or (16), 609.631, or 609.821, where
100.16 the property stolen did not consist of public funds and the value of the property or services
100.17 stolen is more than \$35,000, or for violation of section 609.527 where the offense involves
100.18 eight or more direct victims or the total combined loss to the direct and indirect victims is
100.19 more than \$35,000, shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within five years
100.20 after the commission of the offense.

100.21 ~~(i)~~ (j) Except for violations relating to false material statements, representations or
100.22 omissions, indictments or complaints for violations of section 609.671 shall be found or
100.23 made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission of the offense.

100.24 ~~(j)~~ (k) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.562 and 609.563, shall be
100.25 found or made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission of the
100.26 offense.

100.27 ~~(k)~~ (l) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.746 shall be found or made
100.28 and filed in the proper court within the later of three years after the commission of the
100.29 offense or three years after the offense was reported to law enforcement authorities.

100.30 (m) The statute of limitations for criminal offenses defined or referenced in section
100.31 80A.75; 508.80; 609.445; 609.465; 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (4); 609.53;
100.32 or 609.645, shall not begin to run until the victim or a law enforcement agency is aware of

101.1 the fraud, but in no event may the prosecution be commenced later than ten years after the
 101.2 act has occurred.

101.3 ~~(n)~~ (n) In all other cases, indictments or complaints shall be found or made and filed in
 101.4 the proper court within three years after the commission of the offense.

101.5 ~~(o)~~ (o) The limitations periods contained in this section shall exclude any period of time
 101.6 during which the defendant was not an inhabitant of or usually resident within this state.

101.7 ~~(p)~~ (p) The limitations periods contained in this section for an offense shall not include
 101.8 any period during which the alleged offender participated under a written agreement in a
 101.9 pretrial diversion program relating to that offense.

101.10 ~~(q)~~ (q) The limitations periods contained in this section shall not include any period of
 101.11 time during which physical evidence relating to the offense was undergoing DNA analysis,
 101.12 as defined in section 299C.155, unless the defendant demonstrates that the prosecuting or
 101.13 law enforcement agency purposefully delayed the DNA analysis process in order to gain
 101.14 an unfair advantage.

101.15 ARTICLE 19

101.16 AGE DECEPTION

101.17 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 244.10, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

101.18 Subd. 5a. **Aggravating factors.** (a) As used in this section, "aggravating factors" include,
 101.19 but are not limited to, situations where:

101.20 (1) the victim was particularly vulnerable due to age, infirmity, or reduced physical or
 101.21 mental capacity, which was known or should have been known to the offender;

101.22 (2) the victim was treated with particular cruelty for which the offender should be held
 101.23 responsible;

101.24 (3) the current conviction is for a criminal sexual conduct offense or an offense in which
 101.25 the victim was otherwise injured and there is a prior felony conviction for a criminal sexual
 101.26 conduct offense or an offense in which the victim was otherwise injured;

101.27 (4) the offense was a major economic offense, identified as an illegal act or series of
 101.28 illegal acts committed by other than physical means and by concealment or guile to obtain
 101.29 money or property, to avoid payment or loss of money or property, or to obtain business or
 101.30 professional advantage. The presence of two or more of the circumstances listed below are
 101.31 aggravating factors with respect to the offense:

- 102.1 (i) the offense involved multiple victims or multiple incidents per victim;
- 102.2 (ii) the offense involved an attempted or actual monetary loss substantially greater than
102.3 the usual offense or substantially greater than the minimum loss specified in the statutes;
- 102.4 (iii) the offense involved a high degree of sophistication or planning or occurred over a
102.5 lengthy period of time;
- 102.6 (iv) the offender used the offender's position or status to facilitate the commission of
102.7 the offense, including positions of trust, confidence, or fiduciary relationships; or
- 102.8 (v) the offender had been involved in other conduct similar to the current offense as
102.9 evidenced by the findings of civil or administrative law proceedings or the imposition of
102.10 professional sanctions;
- 102.11 (5) the offense was a major controlled substance offense, identified as an offense or
102.12 series of offenses related to trafficking in controlled substances under circumstances more
102.13 onerous than the usual offense. The presence of two or more of the circumstances listed
102.14 below are aggravating factors with respect to the offense:
- 102.15 (i) the offense involved at least three separate transactions in which controlled substances
102.16 were sold, transferred, or possessed with intent to do so;
- 102.17 (ii) the offense involved an attempted or actual sale or transfer of controlled substances
102.18 in quantities substantially larger than for personal use;
- 102.19 (iii) the offense involved the manufacture of controlled substances for use by other
102.20 parties;
- 102.21 (iv) the offender knowingly possessed a firearm during the commission of the offense;
- 102.22 (v) the circumstances of the offense reveal the offender to have occupied a high position
102.23 in the drug distribution hierarchy;
- 102.24 (vi) the offense involved a high degree of sophistication or planning or occurred over a
102.25 lengthy period of time or involved a broad geographic area of disbursement; or
- 102.26 (vii) the offender used the offender's position or status to facilitate the commission of
102.27 the offense, including positions of trust, confidence, or fiduciary relationships;
- 102.28 (6) the offender committed, for hire, a crime against the person;
- 102.29 (7) the offender is sentenced according to section 609.3455, subdivision 3a;
- 102.30 (8) the offender is a dangerous offender who committed a third violent crime, as described
102.31 in section 609.1095, subdivision 2;

103.1 (9) the offender is a career offender as described in section 609.1095, subdivision 4;

103.2 (10) the offender committed the crime as part of a group of three or more persons who
103.3 all actively participated in the crime;

103.4 (11) the offender intentionally selected the victim or the property against which the
103.5 offense was committed, in whole or in part, because of the victim's, the property owner's,
103.6 or another's actual or perceived race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, disability, age,
103.7 or national origin;

103.8 (12) the offender used another's identity without authorization to commit a crime. This
103.9 aggravating factor may not be used when the use of another's identity is an element of the
103.10 offense;

103.11 (13) the offense was committed in the presence of a child; ~~and~~

103.12 (14) an adult offender intentionally deceived a minor victim into believing the offender
103.13 was also a minor in order to facilitate the commission of the offense; and

103.14 ~~(14)~~ (15) the offense was committed in a location in which the victim had an expectation
103.15 of privacy.

103.16 (b) Notwithstanding section 609.04 or 609.035, or other law to the contrary, when a
103.17 court sentences an offender for a felony conviction, the court may order an aggravated
103.18 sentence beyond the range specified in the sentencing guidelines grid based on any
103.19 aggravating factor arising from the same course of conduct.

103.20 (c) Nothing in this section limits a court from ordering an aggravated sentence based on
103.21 an aggravating factor not described in paragraph (a).

103.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes
103.23 committed on or after that date.

103.24 **Sec. 2. [609.099] DECEPTION REGARDING AGE AS SENTENCING FACTOR.**

103.25 When determining an appropriate sentence for a crime, a judge may consider as a relevant
103.26 factor whether an adult offender intentionally deceived a minor victim into believing the
103.27 offender was also a minor in order to facilitate the commission of the crime.

103.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes
103.29 committed on or after that date.

104.1

ARTICLE 20

104.2

BACKGROUND CHECKS

104.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 299C.76, subdivision 1, is amended
104.4 to read:

104.5 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions
104.6 apply.

104.7 (b) "Federal tax information" means federal tax returns and return information or
104.8 information derived or created from federal tax returns, in possession of or control by the
104.9 requesting agency, that is covered by the safeguarding provisions of section 6103(p)(4) of
104.10 the Internal Revenue Code.

104.11 (c) "IRS Publication 1075" means Internal Revenue Service Publication 1075 that
104.12 provides guidance and requirements for the protection and confidentiality of federal tax
104.13 information as required in section 6103(p)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code.

104.14 (d) "National criminal history record information" means the Federal Bureau of
104.15 Investigation identification records as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 28,
104.16 section 20.3(d).

104.17 (e) "Requesting agency" means the Department of Revenue; Department of Employment
104.18 and Economic Development; Department of Human Services; Department of Children,
104.19 Youth, and Families; board of directors of MNsure; Department of Information Technology
104.20 Services; attorney general; Office of the Legislative Auditor; and counties.

104.21

ARTICLE 21

104.22

EXPEDITED EVICTIONS

104.23 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 504B.321, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

104.24 Subd. 2. **Expedited procedure.** (a) In an eviction action brought under section 504B.171
104.25 or on the basis that the residential tenant engages in behavior that seriously endangers the
104.26 safety of other residents, assaults the landlord or the landlord's employee or contractor, or
104.27 intentionally and seriously damages the property of the landlord or a tenant, the person
104.28 filing the complaint shall file an affidavit stating specific facts and instances in support of
104.29 why an expedited hearing is required. For the purposes of this subdivision, "assault" has
104.30 the meaning given in section 609.02, subdivision 10.

105.1 (b) The complaint and affidavit shall be reviewed by a referee or judge and scheduled
105.2 for an expedited hearing only if sufficient supporting facts are stated and they meet the
105.3 requirements of this paragraph.

105.4 (c) The appearance in an expedited hearing shall be not less than five days nor more
105.5 than seven days from the date the summons is issued. The summons, in an expedited hearing,
105.6 shall be served upon the residential tenant within 24 hours of issuance unless the court
105.7 orders otherwise for good cause shown.

105.8 (d) If the court determines that the person seeking an expedited hearing did so without
105.9 sufficient basis under the requirements of this subdivision, the court shall impose a civil
105.10 penalty of up to ~~\$500~~ \$750 for abuse of the expedited hearing process.

105.11 (e) The court may only consider allegations under paragraph (a) during an expedited
105.12 hearing. The court may not consolidate claims heard under the expedited procedure with
105.13 any additional claims, including but not limited to breach of lease, holding over under section
105.14 504B.285, or nonpayment of rent under section 504B.291.

105.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to eviction
105.16 actions filed on or after that date.

105.17 **ARTICLE 22**

105.18 **GIFT CARD FRAUD**

105.19 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.522, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

105.20 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the
105.21 meanings given.

105.22 (b) "Closed-loop gift card" means a card, code, or device that is issued to a consumer
105.23 on a prepaid basis primarily for personal, family, or household purposes in a specified
105.24 amount, regardless of whether that amount may be increased or reloaded in exchange for
105.25 payment, and is redeemable upon presentation by a consumer at a single merchant or group
105.26 of affiliated merchants.

105.27 (c) "Gift card" means a physical or digital closed-loop gift card or open-loop gift card
105.28 that is either activated or not activated.

105.29 (d) "Open-loop gift card" means a card, code, or device that is issued to a consumer on
105.30 a prepaid basis primarily for personal, family, or household purposes in a specified amount,
105.31 regardless of whether that amount may be increased or reloaded in exchange for payment,

106.1 and is redeemable upon presentation at multiple unaffiliated merchants for goods or services
106.2 within the payment card network.

106.3 ~~(b)~~ (c) "Pattern of retail theft" means acts committed or directed by the defendant on at
106.4 least two separate occasions in the preceding six months that would constitute a violation
106.5 of:

106.6 (1) section 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (1), (3), or (4), involving retail
106.7 merchandise;

106.8 (2) section 609.521;

106.9 (3) section 609.53, subdivision 1, involving retail merchandise;

106.10 (4) section 609.582 when the building was a retail establishment; or

106.11 (5) section 609.59.

106.12 ~~(e)~~ (f) "Retail establishment" means the building where a retailer sells retail merchandise.

106.13 ~~(d)~~ (g) "Retail merchandise" means all forms of tangible property, without limitation,
106.14 held out for sale by a retailer. Tangible property includes gift cards.

106.15 ~~(e)~~ (h) "Retail theft enterprise" means a group of two or more individuals with a shared
106.16 goal involving the unauthorized removal of retail merchandise from a retailer. Retail theft
106.17 enterprise does not require the membership of the enterprise to remain the same or that the
106.18 same individuals participate in each offense committed by the enterprise.

106.19 ~~(f)~~ (i) "Retailer" means a person or entity that sells retail merchandise.

106.20 ~~(g)~~ (j) "Value" means:

106.21 (1) in the case of property, the retail market value at the time of the theft or, if the retail
106.22 market value cannot be ascertained, the cost of replacement of the property within a
106.23 reasonable time after the theft; or

106.24 (2) in the case of a gift card, the greatest amount of economic loss the owner of the
106.25 property might reasonably suffer, including but not limited to the full monetary face value
106.26 or potential value for variable-load gift cards.

106.27 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.522, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

106.28 Subd. 2. **Organized retail theft.** A person is guilty of organized retail theft if:

106.29 (1) the person is employed by or associated with a retail theft enterprise;

107.1 (2) the person has previously engaged in a pattern of retail theft and intentionally commits
 107.2 an act or directs another member of the retail theft enterprise to commit an act involving
 107.3 retail merchandise that would constitute a violation of:

107.4 (i) section 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (1), (3), or (4); or

107.5 (ii) section 609.53, subdivision 1; and

107.6 (3) the person or another member of the retail theft enterprise:

107.7 (i) resells or intends to resell the stolen retail merchandise;

107.8 (ii) advertises or displays any item of the stolen retail merchandise for sale; ~~or~~

107.9 (iii) returns any item of the stolen retail merchandise to a retailer for anything of value;²

107.10 or

107.11 (iv) tampers with the stolen retail merchandise for the purpose of obtaining anything of

107.12 value from the retailer or any retail customer.

107.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2026, and applies to crimes

107.14 committed on or after that date.

107.15

ARTICLE 23

107.16

CONTRACT FOR DEED INTEREST TERMINATION

107.17 Section 1. **[559.206] ACTION TO TERMINATE AN INTEREST IN A CONTRACT**

107.18 **FOR DEED BY A VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.**

107.19 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have

107.20 the meanings given.

107.21 (b) "Contract for deed" has the meaning given in section 507.235, subdivision 1a.

107.22 (c) "Criminal sexual assault" means conduct described in sections 609.342 to 609.3451.

107.23 (d) "Domestic abuse" has the meaning given under section 518B.01, subdivision 2.

107.24 (e) "Harassment" means the conduct described under sections 609.748, subdivision 1,

107.25 paragraph (a), clause (1), and 609.749, subdivision 2, paragraph (c).

107.26 (f) "Qualified third party" means a person, acting in an official capacity, who has provided

107.27 professional services to a petitioner or a child who resides with the petitioner and is:

107.28 (1) a licensed health care professional operating within the scope of the license;

108.1 (2) a domestic abuse advocate, as that term is defined in section 595.02, subdivision 1,
108.2 paragraph (l); or

108.3 (3) a sexual assault counselor, as that term is defined in section 595.02, subdivision 1,
108.4 paragraph (k).

108.5 (g) "Qualifying document" means:

108.6 (1) a valid order for protection issued under chapter 518B;

108.7 (2) a no-contact order currently in effect, issued under section 629.75 or chapter 609;

108.8 (3) a writing produced and signed by a court official, acting in an official capacity,
108.9 documenting that the petitioner, or a child who resides with the petitioner, is a victim of
108.10 domestic abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual extortion, or harassment and naming the
108.11 perpetrator, if known;

108.12 (4) a writing produced and signed by a city, county, state, or Tribal law enforcement
108.13 official, acting in an official capacity, documenting that the petitioner, or a child who resides
108.14 with the petitioner, is a victim of domestic abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual extortion,
108.15 or harassment and naming the perpetrator, if known; or

108.16 (5) a sworn written certification.

108.17 (h) "Petitioner" means a person who has a partial interest as a vendee in a contract for
108.18 deed for the purchase of residential real property with the respondent, is seeking to have
108.19 the respondent's interest terminated, and:

108.20 (1) is a victim of domestic abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual extortion, or harassment;
108.21 or

108.22 (2) resides with a child who is the victim of domestic abuse, criminal sexual conduct,
108.23 sexual extortion, or harassment.

108.24 (i) "Respondent" means a person who has a partial interest as a vendee with the petitioner
108.25 in a contract for deed for the purchase of residential real property and whose interest in the
108.26 contract for deed is the subject of a petition under this section.

108.27 (j) "Sexual extortion" means the conduct described under section 609.3458.

108.28 (k) "Sworn written certification" means a statement by a qualified third party, in the
108.29 following form:

108.30 "CERTIFICATION BY QUALIFIED THIRD PARTY

108.31 I, (name of qualified third party), do hereby verify as follows:

109.1 1. I am a licensed health care professional, domestic abuse advocate, as that term is
 109.2 defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 595.02, subdivision 1, paragraph (l), or sexual assault
 109.3 counselor, as that term is defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 595.02, subdivision 1,
 109.4 paragraph (k), who has provided professional services to (name of petitioner)
 109.5 or a child who resides with the petitioner.

109.6 2. I have a reasonable basis to believe (name of petitioner) or a child who
 109.7 resides with the petitioner is a victim of domestic abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual
 109.8 extortion, or harassment by (name of respondent).

109.9 3. I understand that the person listed above may use this document as a basis for seeking
 109.10 a court order terminating the interest in the contract for deed of the respondent in a court
 109.11 action initiated by the petitioner, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 559.206.

109.12 I attest that the foregoing is true and correct.

109.13 (Printed name of qualified third party)

109.14 (Signature of qualified third party)

109.15 (Business address and business telephone number)

109.16 (Date)".

109.17 (l) "Vendee" means a person or entity who has entered into a contract for deed to purchase
 109.18 residential real property under a contract for deed.

109.19 (m) "Vendor" means a person or entity selling residential real property under a contract
 109.20 for deed. Vendor includes the vendor's successor and assignees.

109.21 Subd. 2. **Petition to terminate respondent's interest.** (a) A petitioner who is unmarried
 109.22 may petition the court for an order to terminate the respondent's interest in the contract for
 109.23 deed. The petition must allege that:

109.24 (1) the petitioner or a child who resides with the petitioner has been subjected to domestic
 109.25 abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual extortion, or harassment by the respondent;

109.26 (2) the respondent has ceased to physically occupy the property that is subject to the
 109.27 contract for deed for the six consecutive months preceding the service of the summons; and

109.28 (3) the petitioner has made all payments due on the contract for deed during the six
 109.29 consecutive months preceding the service of the summons.

109.30 (b) The petitioner must serve a summons that includes the petition and the legal
 109.31 description of the property subject to the contract for deed on:

110.1 (1) the respondent;

110.2 (2) the current vendor;

110.3 (3) state and federal tax lienholders; and

110.4 (4) any judgment lienholders.

110.5 (c) The summons must be served in the manner provided to commence a civil lawsuit
110.6 under Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure. The respondent shall have 21 days after service
110.7 of the summons to answer.

110.8 (d) A notice of lis pendens must be recorded in the office of the county recorder or filed
110.9 in the office of the registrar of titles in the county in which the real property that is the
110.10 subject of the contract for deed is located.

110.11 Subd. 3. **Content of summons.** In addition to the requirements set forth under subdivision
110.12 2, the summons must contain the following information:

110.13 (1) the date the contract for deed was executed;

110.14 (2) the address of the property that is the subject of the contract for deed;

110.15 (3) the name of the vendor;

110.16 (4) the names of the vendees;

110.17 (5) the date of recordation of the contract for deed, the document number, and the county
110.18 in which it was recorded;

110.19 (6) the case name;

110.20 (7) the court file number; and

110.21 (8) the judicial district in which the property is located.

110.22 Subd. 4. **Jurisdiction.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the district court has
110.23 jurisdiction over petitions seeking termination of the interest of the respondent.

110.24 (b) Unless otherwise provided by applicable law, nothing in this section infringes upon
110.25 the jurisdiction of a Tribal court in the matter of a petition to terminate the interest of a
110.26 respondent in a contract for deed where at least one of the vendees is a member or descendent
110.27 of a member of the Tribe, the vendor is a member or a descendent of a member of the Tribe,
110.28 or the property that is the subject of the contract for deed is within the boundaries of Tribal
110.29 land.

111.1 Subd. 5. Procedure. (a) If the respondent, the vendor, or any lienholder has not filed an
111.2 answer within 21 days after service has been made, the court must grant the petition.

111.3 (b) If an answer is filed and the petition is contested, the court must hold a hearing. The
111.4 court must grant the petition if the petitioner demonstrates by a preponderance of the evidence
111.5 that:

111.6 (1) the petitioner or a child who resides with the petitioner has been subjected to domestic
111.7 abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual extortion, or harassment by the respondent;

111.8 (2) the respondent has not physically occupied the property that is subject to the contract
111.9 for deed for the six consecutive months preceding the commencement of the action under
111.10 this section; and

111.11 (3) the petitioner has made all amounts required to be paid under the contract for deed
111.12 during the six consecutive months preceding the service of the summons.

111.13 (c) A petitioner demonstrates that the petitioner or a child who resides with the petitioner
111.14 has been subjected to domestic abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual extortion, or harassment
111.15 by the respondent if the petitioner:

111.16 (1) presents a qualifying document; or

111.17 (2) if the respondent has been convicted of or received a stay of adjudication for a
111.18 violation of section 518B.01, 609.27, 609.282, 609.322, 609.342 to 609.3451, 609.3458,
111.19 609.527, or 609.749 where the victim was the petitioner or a child who resides with the
111.20 petitioner.

111.21 Subd. 6. Defense; prejudice to the vendor. A vendor may contest a petition filed under
111.22 this section by demonstrating by a preponderance of the evidence that granting the petition
111.23 to terminate the respondent's interest will prejudice the vendor. A court must not grant the
111.24 petition if the court finds that the vendor will be prejudiced by a termination of the
111.25 respondent's interest.

111.26 Subd. 7. Order. If the court grants the petition, the court shall issue an order terminating
111.27 the interest of the respondent and finding that the petitioner has met the burden of showing:

111.28 (1) the petitioner or a child who resides with the petitioner has been subjected to domestic
111.29 abuse, criminal sexual assault, sexual extortion, or harassment by the respondent;

111.30 (2) the respondent has not physically occupied the property that is subject to the contract
111.31 for deed for the six consecutive months preceding the commencement of the action under
111.32 this section; and

112.1 (3) the petitioner has made all amounts required to be paid under the contract during the
112.2 six consecutive months preceding the service of the summons.

112.3 Subd. 8. **Contract for deed termination judgment.** (a) A court granting the requested
112.4 relief shall direct the petitioner or the petitioner's legal counsel to prepare and submit to the
112.5 court a proposed contract for deed termination judgment, which must provide that the
112.6 respondent's interest is terminated and of no further force or effect. Upon approval by the
112.7 court and filing of the contract for deed termination judgment with the court administrator,
112.8 the court administrator must provide to any party upon request certified copies of the contract
112.9 for deed termination judgment. The contract for deed termination judgment must contain
112.10 the following information:

112.11 (1) the date of execution of the contract for deed;

112.12 (2) the date of recordation of the contract for deed and the county in which it was
112.13 recorded;

112.14 (3) the date of entry of the judgment terminating the respondent's interest in the contract
112.15 for deed;

112.16 (4) the names of the parties' attorneys or if any or all appeared pro se;

112.17 (5) whether and when the summons and petition were served upon the respondent and
112.18 vendor as required under the Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure;

112.19 (6) the name of the judge who signed the order;

112.20 (7) whether the judgment and decree resulted from a stipulation, a default, or a trial and
112.21 the appearances at the default or trial;

112.22 (8) any former name of either party;

112.23 (9) the address and legal description of the property that is the subject of the contract
112.24 for deed;

112.25 (10) if recorded, the document number of the contract for deed;

112.26 (11) if the property is registered land, the certificate of title number of the real property;

112.27 (12) the name or names of the persons awarded an interest in the real property and a
112.28 description of the interest awarded;

112.29 (13) liens, mortgages, encumbrances, or other interests in the real estate described in
112.30 the judgment and decree;

112.31 (14) the signature of the judge and date signed; and

113.1 (15) the signature of the court administrator and the date signed.

113.2 (b) Notwithstanding any provision contained in the contract for deed, a respondent whose
113.3 interest has been terminated has no interest as a vendee in the contract for deed.

113.4 (c) The petitioner must record the contract for deed termination judgment with the county
113.5 recorder or the registrar of titles, as applicable.

113.6 (d) A contract for deed termination judgment is binding on the interest of the vendor
113.7 and all vendees under the contract for deed.

113.8 Subd. 9. **Effect of termination.** (a) The termination of the respondent's interest in the
113.9 contract for deed does not terminate or invalidate any other provisions of the contract for
113.10 deed. The respondent's interest that has been terminated under this section shall be transferred
113.11 to the petitioner by operation of law.

113.12 (b) A respondent whose interest has been terminated under this section has no further
113.13 liability on the contract for deed and a vendor shall have no cause of action against the
113.14 terminated respondent for damages or performance.

113.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2026, and applies to contracts
113.16 for deed entered into on or after that date.

113.17 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 559.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to
113.18 read:

113.19 Subd. 10. **Applicability to vendee whose interest was terminated under section**
113.20 **559.206.** Nothing in this section shall apply to a vendee whose interest was terminated under
113.21 section 559.206.

113.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2026, and applies to contracts
113.23 for deed entered into on or after that date.

113.24 **ARTICLE 24**

113.25 **SEALED BATTERIES**

113.26 Section 1. **AMENDMENT TO STATE FIRE CODE.**

113.27 (a) The state fire marshal, in collaboration with stakeholders and other experts in the
113.28 field, shall consider amending the State Fire Code to require sealed batteries for smoke
113.29 alarms in dwelling units.

113.30 (b) By January 15, 2027, the fire marshal shall come to a decision on whether an
113.31 amendment to the State Fire Code is appropriate and, if so, begin the process to amend the

- 114.1 code so that the change is implemented in the next revision of the code. The fire marshal
- 114.2 shall notify the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
- 114.3 jurisdiction over fire safety on the fire marshal's decision after it is reached.

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169A.54 DWI CONVICTIONS, ADJUDICATIONS; ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES.

Subd. 6. **Applicability of implied consent revocation.** (a) Any person whose license has been revoked pursuant to section 169A.52 (license revocation for test failure or refusal) or 171.177 (revocation; pursuant to a search warrant) as the result of the same incident, and who does not have a qualified prior impaired driving incident, is subject to the mandatory revocation provisions of subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2), in lieu of the mandatory revocation provisions of section 169A.52 or 171.177.

(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to:

(1) a person whose license has been revoked under subdivision 2 (driving while impaired by person under age 21); or

(2) a person whose driver's license has been revoked for, or who is charged with (i) an alcohol concentration of twice the legal limit or more as measured at the time or within two hours of the time of the offense; or (ii) a violation of section 169A.20 (driving while impaired) with an aggravating factor described in section 169A.03, subdivision 3, clause (3).

241.021 LICENSING AND SUPERVISION OF FACILITIES.

Subd. 1g. **Biennial assessment and audit of security practices; state correctional facilities.** (a) Beginning in 2022, the commissioner shall have the department's inspection unit conduct biennial security audits of each state correctional facility using the standards promulgated by the state correctional facilities security audit group. The unit must prepare a report for each assessment and audit and submit the report to the state correctional facilities security audit group within 30 days of completion of the audit.

(b) Corrections and detention confidential data, as defined in section 13.85, subdivision 3, and nonpublic security information, as defined in section 13.37, subdivision 1, that is contained in reports and records of the group maintain that classification, regardless of the data's classification in the hands of the person who provided the data, and are not subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in a civil or criminal action against the state arising out of the matters the group is reviewing. Information, documents, and records otherwise available from other sources are not immune from discovery or use in a civil or criminal action solely because they were acquired during the group's audit. This section does not limit a person who presented information to the group or who is a member of the group from testifying about matters within the person's knowledge. However, in a civil or criminal proceeding, a person may not be questioned about the person's good faith presentation of information to the group or opinions formed by the person as a result of the group's audits.

Subd. 1h. **State correctional facilities security audit group.** (a) Beginning in fiscal year 2022, the commissioner shall form a state correctional facilities security audit group. The group must consist of the following members:

(1) a Department of Corrections employee who is not assigned to the correctional institutions division, appointed by the commissioner;

(2) the ombudsperson for corrections or a designee;

(3) an elected sheriff or designee nominated by the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association and appointed by the commissioner;

(4) an individual with expertise in security related to infrastructure and operational logistics of correctional facilities who is not required to reside in Minnesota, appointed by the governor;

(5) the commissioner of health or a designee;

(6) the commissioner of administration or a designee;

(7) two senators, one appointed by the senate majority leader and one appointed by the minority leader; and

(8) two representatives, one appointed by the speaker of the house and one appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives.

(b) The ombudsperson or a designee shall chair the group. The group shall establish security audit standards for state correctional facilities. In developing the standards, the group, or individual members of the group, may gather information from state correctional facilities and state correctional staff and inmates. The security audit group must periodically review the standards and modify them

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as needed. The group must report the standards to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over public safety policy and finance whenever the standards are updated.

(c) The group shall meet twice a year to review facility audit reports submitted to the group by the agency's inspection unit. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the group is entitled to review the full audit reports including nonpublic security information and corrections and detention confidential data. Within 60 days of meeting to review audit reports from the department's inspection unit, the group must make recommendations to the commissioner. Within 45 days of receiving the group's recommendations, the commissioner must reply in writing to the group's findings and recommendations. The commissioner's response must explain whether the agency will implement the group's recommendations, the timeline for implementation of the changes, and, if not, why the commissioner will not or cannot implement the group's recommendations.

(d) Beginning in 2023, the commissioner must include a written aggregate of the group's recommendations based on each security audit and assessment of a state correctional facility and the commissioner's responses to the recommendations in the biennial report required under section 241.016, subdivision 1. The commissioner shall not include corrections and detention confidential data, as defined in section 13.85, subdivision 3, and nonpublic security information, as defined in section 13.37, subdivision 1, in the commissioner's report to the legislature.

(e) The commissioner shall provide staffing and administrative support to the group.

(f) The state correctional facilities security audit group is not subject to chapter 13D.

(g) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the terms, compensation, and removal of members of the group are governed by section 15.059. Members of the group serve without compensation but shall receive expense reimbursement. Notwithstanding section 15.059, subdivision 6, the group does not expire.

Subd. 2. Facilities for delinquent children and youth; licenses; supervision. Notwithstanding any provisions in sections 142B.05; 142B.10; 245A.03; 245A.04; and 256.01, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (2), and chapter 245C to the contrary, but subject to the municipality notification requirements of subdivision 2a, the commissioner of corrections shall review all county, municipal, or other publicly established and operated facilities for the detention, care and training of delinquent children and youth at least once every biennium, and if such facility conforms to reasonable standards established by the commissioner or in the commissioner's judgment is making satisfactory progress toward substantial conformity therewith, and the commissioner is satisfied that the interests and well-being of children and youth received therein are protected, the commissioner shall grant a license to the county, municipality or agency thereof operating such facility. The commissioner may grant licensure up to two years. Each such facility shall cooperate with the commissioner to make available all facts regarding its operation and services as the commissioner requires to determine its conformance to standards and its competence to give the services needed and which it purports to give. Every such facility as herein described is subject to visitation and supervision by the commissioner and shall receive from the commissioner consultation as needed to strengthen services to the children and youth received therein.

Subd. 2a. Affected municipality; notice. The commissioner must not grant a license without giving 30 calendar days' written notice to any affected municipality or other political subdivision unless the facility has a licensed capacity of six or fewer persons and is occupied by either the licensee or the group foster home parents. The notification must be given before the license is first granted and annually after that time if annual notification is requested in writing by any affected municipality or other political subdivision. State funds must not be made available to or be spent by an agency or department of state, county, or municipal government for payment to a foster care facility licensed under subdivision 2 until the provisions of this subdivision have been complied with in full.

Subd. 2b. Licensing; facilities; juveniles from outside state. The commissioner may not:

(1) grant a license under this section to operate a correctional facility for the detention or confinement of juvenile offenders if the facility accepts juveniles who reside outside of Minnesota without an agreement with the entity placing the juvenile at the facility that obligates the entity to pay the educational expenses of the juvenile; or

(2) renew a license under this section to operate a correctional facility for the detention or confinement of juvenile offenders if the facility accepts juveniles who reside outside of Minnesota

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without an agreement with the entity placing the juvenile at the facility that obligates the entity to pay the educational expenses of the juvenile.

Subd. 3. Revocation of license. When after due notice and hearing the commissioner of corrections determines that any facility described in subdivision 2 does not substantially conform to the reasonable standards therein provided or is not making satisfactory progress toward substantial compliance therewith, the commissioner may, with the consent of the judge of the district court, issue an order revoking the license of that facility. After revocation of its license, that facility shall not be used for the care and training of delinquent children, or for their detention until its license is renewed.

Subd. 6. Background studies. (a) The commissioner of corrections is authorized to do background studies on personnel employed by any facility serving children or youth that is licensed under this section. The commissioner of corrections shall contract with the commissioner of human services to conduct background studies of individuals providing services in secure and nonsecure residential facilities and detention facilities who have direct contact, as defined under section 245C.02, subdivision 11, with persons served in the facilities. A disqualification of an individual in this section shall disqualify the individual as provided in chapter 245C.

(b) A clerk or administrator of any court, the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, a prosecuting attorney, a county sheriff, or a chief of a local police department, shall assist in these studies by providing to the commissioner of human services, or the commissioner's representative, all criminal conviction data available from local, state, and national criminal history record repositories, including the criminal justice data communications network, pertaining to the following individuals: applicants, operators, all persons living in the household, and all staff of any facility subject to background studies under this subdivision.

(c) The Department of Human Services shall conduct the background studies required by paragraph (a) in compliance with the provisions of chapter 245C. For the purpose of this subdivision, the term "secure and nonsecure residential facility and detention facility" shall include programs licensed or certified under subdivision 2. The Department of Human Services shall provide necessary forms and instructions, shall conduct the necessary background studies of individuals, and shall provide notification of the results of the studies to the facilities, individuals, and the commissioner of corrections. Individuals shall be disqualified under the provisions of chapter 245C.

If an individual is disqualified, the Department of Human Services shall notify the facility and the individual and shall inform the individual of the right to request a reconsideration of the disqualification by submitting the request to the Department of Corrections.

(d) The commissioner of corrections shall review and decide reconsideration requests, including the granting of variances, in accordance with the procedures and criteria contained in chapter 245C. The commissioner's decision shall be provided to the individual and to the Department of Human Services. The commissioner's decision to grant or deny a reconsideration of disqualification is the final administrative agency action.

(e) Facilities described in paragraph (a) shall be responsible for cooperating with the departments in implementing the provisions of this subdivision. The responsibilities imposed on applicants and licensees under chapters 245A and 245C shall apply to these facilities.

299C.12 RECORD KEPT BY PEACE OFFICER; REPORT.

Every peace officer shall keep or cause to be kept a permanent written record, in such form as the superintendent may prescribe, of all felonies reported to or discovered by the officer within the officer's jurisdiction and of all warrants of arrest for felonies and search warrants issued to the officer in relation to the commission of felonies, and shall make or cause to be made to the sheriff of the county and the bureau reports of all such crimes, upon such forms as the superintendent may prescribe, including a statement of the facts and a description of the offender, so far as known, the offender's method of operation, the action taken by the officer, and such other information as the superintendent may require.

629.72 BAIL; DOMESTIC ABUSE; HARASSMENT; VIOLATION OF ORDER FOR PROTECTION; OR NO CONTACT ORDER.

Subd. 3. Release. If the arrested person is not issued a citation by the officer in charge of the police station or the county sheriff pursuant to subdivision 1, and is not brought before a judge within the time limits prescribed by court rule, the arrested person shall be released by the arresting authorities, and a citation must be issued in lieu of continued detention.